THE DAILY REVIEW

JANUARY

1919

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START
OF
REEL

WEATHER FORECASTS.
West and northwest winds, becoming colder, with snow flurries. Friday—Fair and colder.

The Daily Review

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49th YEAR No. 1 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

M'KONE ONLY NEW MEMBER ELECTED TO SCHOOL BOARD; ALL OLD MEMBERS GO BACK

Mrs. Morris Polls 947 Votes but not Enough for Election—W. H. Pretty Defeated—Mr. Gordon Heads Poll with Mr. Fowler a Close Second.

As a result of the elections for the Board of Education, held yesterday, only one new member will serve in that body, Mr. J. A. McKone. The other three are Messrs G. N. Gordon, A. A. Fowler and Roland Deane.

Mr. McKone himself an educationalist, having been principal of the Peterborough Business College for many years is eminently qualified for a seat on the Board. His practical experience should prove of value when a great many problems connected with educational development will require consideration. Mr. McKone polled a creditable vote yesterday when the fact of its being the first time his name has appeared before the electorate of the city and his competitors who piled up bigger votes are all members of several year's standing.

Mrs. Morris, the first woman candidate to offer herself in this city was not successful at the polls, although she was only 114 beneath the record of her nearest competitor. Entering the race upon short notice and without having had time to organize properly for the campaign and without the advantages offered by an organization already in existence she made an excellent showing and will come back next year stronger as a result of having placed her name before the electors on this occasion.

An examination of the votes polled by Messrs Gordon, Fowler and Deane show them to be fairly close in their running. It is evident, then, that the male voters of the city must have given each of these three their support and divided their fourth vote amongst the remaining three candidates. The proportion of women who exercise the franchise in Peterborough is small and Mrs. Morris' defeat cannot be considered as a repudiation of the principles for which she stood.

As The Poll Stood

Gordon	1428
Fowler	1410
Deane	1256
McKone	1050
Mrs. Morris	945
Pretty	645

MAY BE MINISTER

Sir Hamar Greenwood, M.P., re-elected in Sunderland, Durham, by a great majority, is spoken of as one of the new members of the Coalition Cabinet. He was born at Whitby, Ontario, and is a graduate of Toronto University.

LENINE'S TROOPS MEET DISASTER IN THE URALS

WERE SURPRISED BY GENERAL GAUDA WHO CAPTURES 31,000 PRISONERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Vladivostok, Jan. 2.—By the Associated Press.)—In capturing Perm in the Ural mountains, Gen. Gaida at the head of the Czecho-Slovak and Siberian forces, virtually destroyed the Bolshevik third army from which he took 31,000 prisoners and much booty. Gen. Gaida's troops captured an armored train on which Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier, was directing operations in the region of Perm. Lenine himself escaped, but several members of his party were taken prisoners. The bulk of Gaida's force was made up of Siberian troops and Czechs. In addition to 31,000 prisoners reported, Gen. Gaida captured 5,000 railway cars, 120 field guns, 1,000 machine guns, 30 automobiles, an entire wagon transport several armored trains and several thousand horses. His manoeuvre was a complete surprise to the Bolshevik as proved by the fact that he captured several prominent Soviet leaders at the headquarters of the third Bolshevik army. Ten Bolshevik regiments are declared to have been annihilated, and the rest of the enemy army was driven across the Kama River.

Troops of Gen. Semehoff, the anti-Bolshevik leader in the Chita district, have occupied Verkhni Udinsk on the Siberian railway east of Lake Baikal.

LABOR MAKES CLEAN SWEEP AND MORRISON HEADS POLL; BOARD OF TRADE A WINNER

NEW LABOR LEADER

J. H. Thomas, M.P., Secretary of the General Railwaymen's Union of Great Britain, who is likely to be the leader of the Opposition in the New British House of Commons.

J. J. Turner and James Hamilton Elected by Big Vote—Edgar, McIntyre and Taylor of Old Council Are Returned—Dobbin, Jones and Saunders Defeated.

Labor not only swept the field yesterday but placed one of the candidates at the head of the polls by the biggest vote recorded during the day. Besides this, three of the labor aldermen, Morrison, Gainey and Murray, will hold office for two years. The other candidate to win this honor, by reason of the votes polled, are Messrs. Hamilton and Turner, the representatives of the Board of Trade.

Of the ten members of the former Council, four declined nomination. Of the six who ran yesterday, Edgar, McIntyre and Taylor were re-elected, while Jones, Saunders and Dobbin went down to defeat. It seems to have been a case in which Labor and every other distinct element in the fight combined to encompass the defeat of the old Council, and there is hardly a corporal's guard of that body left. The Council next year, with the vote polled by each candidate, will be composed of the following, besides Mayor Duncan, who was returned by acclamation:

Morrison	1887
Turner	1296
Hamilton	1272
Gainey	1274
Murray	1216
Carnike	1149
Edgar	1007
Phelan	1015
McIntyre	1013
Taylor	949
The Defeated	
Stratton	843
Jones	837
Johnston	775
Saunders	719
Dobbin	697

EX-KAISER NOW SERIOUSLY ILL

CONFINED TO HIS ROOM WITH SPECIALIST IN ATTENDANCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 2. — William Hohenzollern, former Emperor of Germany, is very ill according to advices from Amerongen. He cannot leave his room, it is said, and is suffering from a bad cold. It is said that he has a high fever. An eminent specialist from Utrecht is in constant attendance. Only the former empress, the specialist and two attendants are permitted to enter his room.

OVER FORTY VETERANS WERE INJURED IN TRAIN WRECK

Patients Have Been Taken to Discharge Depot at Quebec—Uninjured Men Left for Toronto Via C. P. R. This Afternoon.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Quebec, Jan. 2.—With every possible care and attention to alleviate the sufferings, forty odd soldiers for Toronto and vicinity who were injured late Tuesday evening when a Transcontinential troop train jumped the track some distance east of Edmunston were brought to this city, arriving about four a.m. today. The men who escaped injury on the train when it was derailed were also brought here and all are now at the Quebec discharge depot. All those men will leave for Toronto this afternoon and evening. So far not one of the men, either injured or not, has left the Quebec discharge depot. All will be taken to Toronto over the Canadian Pacific railway. The first train will leave at three this afternoon with the uninjured men, while those hurt in wreck will leave at 7 o'clock this evening on a specially fitted hospital train of the C.P.R. Two hospital cars with doctors and nurses will be attached to the train to carry worst cases.

POLISH ARMY HEADS FOR BERLIN

THIRTY THOUSAND MEN SAID TO BE HEADED FOR GERMAN CAPITAL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 2.—The Polish army of 30,000 men is marching on Berlin, according to a despatch received here. Gustave Moska, member of the Ebert cabinet in charge of military affairs, is said to have ordered the fifth German division to meet the Poles.

Have Entered Germany.

Polish troops have entered Frankfort-on-the-Oder, forty miles east of Berlin, says a Berne despatch. The Poles have carried Southen in Prussian Silesia, and Bromberg, in the Province of Posen, sixty-nine miles northeast of Posen city.

SOLDIERS KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK

THREE TORONTO VETERANS PERISH WHILE ON WAY HOME.

Quebec, Jan. 2.—Three soldiers were killed and fifty seven injured when a troop train on the National Transcontinental Railway was wrecked at Clair siding east of Glendyne between Edmundston and Monk. The soldiers aboard were bound for Toronto and district.

The names of the killed are:
Lce.-Corp. George Smith, Toronto
Corporal W. F. Smith, Toronto.
Lce.-Corp. Wm. Johnston, Mimico.

The names of forty who sustained minor injuries are not yet available.

PTE. BUTCEHE HAS REACHED ENGLAND

HAS BEEN PRISONER IN GERMANY FOR NEARLY THREE YEARS.

Mr. John Butcher, 301 Burnham street, has received word that his son, Pte. George Butcher, who has been a prisoner in Germany for the past two years and seven months, is safe in England. Pte. Butcher enlisted in December, 1914, with the 8th Canadian Mounted Rifles, and was taken prisoner on June 2, 1916. He is expected home shortly.

ANXIETY OVER RUSS. PROBLEM

CASE OF FORMER EMPEROR TO BE DISCUSSED AT CONFERENCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 2.—Russian affairs are causing the British Foreign Office considerable anxiety, says the Mail. The necessity of formulating a definite Allied policy as to Russia is extremely urgent, and it has been decided that the Russian question will be the first to be discussed at the peace conference, it is said.

Liebknecht Meets Defeat in Congress

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 2.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht was given a sharp defeat in the Spartacus congress at Berlin on Tuesday, according to advices received here. Dr. Liebknecht advocated participation by the Spartacus element in the election of members of the national assembly on the ground that the party might be able to influence the composition of the assembly. Rosa Luxembourg, one of the Spartacus leaders, replied in a violent speech, declaring amid thunderous applause that "a meeting of the national assembly must be prevented at all costs."

Dr. Liebknecht's proposal was rejected by a vote of 63 to 23.

FREE FIGHT AT THE NOMINATIONS

BUT COUNCIL AT HASTINGS IS RETURNED FINALLY BY ACCLAMATION.

(Special to The Review.)

Hastings, Jan. 2.—They had an exciting time at the municipal elections at Hastings, and at one time there was a free-for-all fight on the platform. Harmony was finally restored and the following were elected by acclamation:

Reeve—Dr. J. H. Hess.

Council—Dr. W. E. Wilson, R. E. Doxsee, C. W. Plant and A. E. Chapman.

Nassau Neby To Hang Tomorrow

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 2.—Chief Justice Falconbridge today refused the application for a stay of the carrying out of the sentence of death by hanging upon Nassau Neby, an Assyrian, who was found guilty of murdering Geo. Plucker in the railway construction sleeping car at Weston on May 29 last. Neby will accordingly be hanged at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. Hangman Ellis is here and has completed all arrangements for the execution.

NORTHLAND CASE WILL BE PROBED

CHAPLAIN AND OTHER OFFICERS ON WAY TO OTTAWA TO TESTIFY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—After an hour's discussion this morning as to the procedure, etc., the Government investigation by Justice Hedgins into the charges of the returned soldiers regarding their treatment on the transport Northland was adjourned this afternoon. The Dominion Government Counsel intimated that the charges summed up were, poor and dirtily served food, insufficient accommodation and lack of washing facilities and also that the stewards sold soldiers food that they should have served as regular meals.

It was intimated that the captain and other officers of Northland were on their way here to testify.

HEALTH RECORD FOR PAST YEAR

A surprising feature of the vital statistics for 1918 as compared with 1917 compiled from the records of the city clerk, is the slight raise in the death rate for the year just closed over that of 1917.

In 1918 one of the most dealy epidemics which ever afflicted the people of this continent, or for that matter, of the world, swept over the country taking a toll of human life greater than that of the recent war. Peterborough, in common with other cities and municipalities, had its visitation from the plague, though in a lighter degree than many other places, thanks to the preventitive measures and capable work of an efficient Board of Health and health officer. How fortunate this city was will be realized from a glance at the figures below, which show that there were only nine more deaths in Peterborough in the year just closed than in 1917:

For 1917.	
Births	456
Deaths	347
Marriages	254
For 1918.	
Births	457
Deaths	356
Marriages	190

In 1917 there were 347 deaths as compared with 356 in the following year.

For Dec., 1917.	
Births	33
Deaths	32
Marriages	26
For Dec., 1918.	
Births	41
Deaths	33
Marriages	20

POPE BENEDICT SENDS MESSAGE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Rome, Jan. 2.—In his New Year's message to America given to the Associated Press, Pope Benedict expressed the hope that the peace conference might result in a new world order with a league of nations, the abolition of conscription and the establishment of tribunals to adjust international disputes.

USE SHELL BOXES FOR FIRE WOOD

THE FUEL COMMISSION HAVE BEEN ADVISED BY MUNITION BOARD.

The board of fuel commissioners were advised that the Imperial Munitions Board are prepared to turn over all their empty shell boxes in Peterborough for distribution among the poor. It was decided to offer these boxes to the Patriotic Fund committee for distribution.

MAYOR CHURCH IS RE-ELECTED

BOARD OF EDUCATION IN TORONTO NOW HAS FOUR WOMEN MEMBERS.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—Mayor Church was re-elected for his third term by a majority of over three thousand. Another lady member of the Board of Education was elected, thus making four altogether as against eight men. There were a good many changes in the council.

TEARING RAID INTO GERMANY

THAT IS OBJECT OF POLISH ARMY MARCHING ON BERLIN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Geneva, Jan. 2.—The Polish army, which is marching toward Berlin, has as its object "a tearing raid into Germany," according to the Polish agency at Lausanne. The infantry is well armed and is supported by artillery and cavalry. The infantry already has occupied important railway centres, including Kreuz-Driesen and Posnau, and has captured a large amount of railway stock with little resistance. The Germans are rearming the demobilized troops and fighting is expected, although many of the demobilized soldiers are refusing to serve. The agency says that as the German railways are disorganized there is a possibility of a well-organized Polish army reaching Berlin.

Huns Must Salute American Officers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Coblenz, Jan. 2.—Beginning tomorrow all German civil employees in uniform and all German soldiers within the American area of occupation must salute American officers. Failure to comply makes the German liable to arrest. An order to this effect reached Coblenz today from American advance general headquarters at Treves.

Barnia and St. Catharines carried bylaws yesterday to abolish the ward system. The latter city also carried a bylaw to establish a board of education.

CELEBRATE THE SIGNAL VICTORY

LABOR HELD MASS MEETING AT HEADQUARTERS WHEN RETURNS WERE IN.

The Labor men of the city held a jubilation gathering at their headquarters in the Labor Hall last night when all the returns were in and it was apparent that their entire ticket had been elected and that one of the candidates, R. Morrison, headed the polls. Speeches were made by the four successful candidates, Sergt. Whatley, representing the Great War Veterans' Association, and by members of the Trades Council and other prominent Labor leaders.

A resolution tendering congratulations to the candidates was passed. Thanks and congratulations also were extended to A. J. Bolwell, chairman of the organization committee and to all those who worked so earnestly in the interests of Labor's cause.

MAY MAKE HUNS PAY PENSIONS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Four hundred and forty million dollars will be required to pay pensions to Canada's soldiers returned or returning from war. This is the estimate made by the Minister of Finance and forwarded to Sir Robert Borden, in England for information of the peace conference. The hope is that Germany will be called upon to provide for this amount.

GAGGED GUNS

This unique surrender picture was taken on the quarter deck of the German battle cruiser Seydlitz, near the Firth of Forth after the surrender to Sir David Beatty. The guns, which were to have had the "day," were closed by tompions and will awake no more echoes. British officers at the right, Germans on the left—London Daily Mail.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1919

THE NEW SCHOOL BOARD.

IT CAN HARDLY BE regarded as a new Board of Education, as the same members with one exception will compose that body for the current year, Mr. J. A. McKone taking the place of Mr. Vincent Eastwood. The latter has been a faithful and efficient servant of the people for years, one of the men whose foresight and tireless energy made the school system of Peterborough what it is today, and his retirement was altogether a matter of his own choice. In Mr. Eastwood, who for the past two years has acted as chairman of the Board, the city has lost a valuable worker, but it has been fortunate in securing another to replace him in the person of Mr. J. A. McKone. No better all-round man for the position could be obtained. He is equipped in every way for the responsible duties for which he has been chosen, as a practical teacher, a citizen of long and creditable standing in the community, and as one who combines business ability with scholastic attainments. Mr. McKone believes in practical education for the young, and the Board in his selection has secured another ardent advocate of the proposed Technical School for this city.

Mrs. W. S. Morris is to be congratulated upon the vote she polled, even if she failed of election. She went into the contest without an organization of any kind, and no attempt was made to get out the vote in her favor. Like some of the aldermanic candidates who went down to defeat, Mrs. Morris can now realize that it requires something more than personal popularity to win an election. The experience, however, has been valuable and will stand the women of the city in good stead in future elections. No woman, especially a woman pioneer in such a contest, can hope to win against men skilled in the arts of politics and with a political organization at their backs.

THE NEW COUNCIL.

THE VOTE YESTERDAY may have been light, but one thing is certain, the Labor men turned out, and as a result all four of their candidates were elected. Not only that, but one of their number heads the poll, and three of the Labor men, by virtue of the vote given them, will hold office for two years. James Garside alone will be called upon at the end of the present year to give an account of his stewardship.

Another feature of the election yesterday was the fact that what may be regarded as the extreme elements, the Laborites and the two candidates of the Board of Trade, were both successful and stood at the head of the list. Both J. H. Turner and James Hamilton, from standing of the list at the time of writing, will hold office for two years. The Board of Trade is to be congratulated not only upon its success, but upon the high character of the men who will represent that body on the Council next year. Labor's success, with that of Messrs. Turner and Hamilton, demonstrates the value of an organization in even a municipal election. Any man, no matter what his fitness for the position, no matter how well he stands in the community, can hope to succeed, except perhaps by a narrow margin, if he leaves everything to the interest of his friends and goes into the contest without enthusiastic workers. Labor men worked for their own candidates, the members of the Board of Trade did their utmost on behalf of Messrs. Turner and Hamilton, and the sequel appears in the election returns.

There has always been missing a connecting link between the Board of Trade and the City Council, but that has been supplied. Avoiding like friction between the two bodies, friction that has militated against the welfare of the city, should now disappear. There are representatives of the Board on the Council, and membership in the former body is open to every alderman in the city. If it requires unity between the two organizations to promote the interests of the city, that purpose has been achieved.

The Labor men who have been elected to the Council have been prolific in their promises, and much will be expected of them by the voters, by those who supported and those who opposed them. Their public acts will be closely scanned by all parties in the community. They have given their pledge that they will as aldermen work not for the welfare of Labor alone but for that of the city as a whole, and it is upon this plank in their platform that their services to the community will be judged.

Labor's surprising success is in a measure due to the assistance rendered by the G. W. V. A., and it is now apparent that here is a force existant in this city that will have to be reckoned with in all future campaigns, whether municipal, provincial or federal.

There is a further significance in yesterday's election which is apparent to every person who understands the situation. However that may be, it must be admitted that the new Council is more truly representative of the entire city, of every class and condition in it, than any that has been elected for years, if, indeed, any such body has ever chosen by the voters of Peterborough. Labor and the Veterans, the Board of Trade are represented, and three members of the old Council have been endorsed by the people. Ald.-Elect Phelan and Ald.-Elect Turner have had aldermanic experience, so that in the Council for 1919 fifty per cent. of the members are old hands in dealing with municipal matters.

The 1919 Council has important duties to perform and grave responsibilities to assume. They can succeed marking as a unit for the advancement of the city, but in the discharge of their duties the co-operation of the citizens is essential.

Let the men who have elected the aldermen for 1919 take an interest in the work that is to be performed by their representatives. One way to do this is to attend the meetings of the Council instead of relying altogether upon newspaper reports, full and complete as these may be, for their ideas as to what is actually going on.

CIVIC APATHY.

THERE IS ALWAYS a considerable percentage of the voting population of the city who fail to turn out to the polls on the day of the municipal election, and yesterday was no exception. Probably the fact that the election is now held on a holiday has something to do with this, as the class referred to are those most likely to be out of the city or entertaining friends at home and who cannot spare themselves from their social duties to meet their obligations as citizens.

It is more likely, however, that the non-voters are the men who are so assured of the success of those whom they favor for office and of whose fitness they are so convinced that they take their election as a matter of course, an easy proposition that does not require their assistance. They are wrong in their conclusions and that was demonstrated again yesterday. Very often equipment for office really proves a handicap for a candidate as his friends fail to turn out to work for his election.

Compulsory voting has been tried out in other places and has proved satisfactory. It at least does away with snap verdicts and assures the decree of the majority.

If it has been deemed advisable to insert a provision in the election law for aldermen to prevent plumping, then the same provision should be made to apply to the election for members of the Board of Education, so that anything like political chicanery can be eliminated from both alike.

THE COUNCIL'S PROGRAM.

THE MAJORITY of the new members of the City Council as well as those who have been re-elected now stand committed to a number of pledges in the fulfilment of which they are likely to be judged. Aside from the duties that are mandatory upon them, such as the construction of the Hunter street bridge and the sewage disposal plant, the newly-elected aldermen—at least the majority of them—have promised the people to provide public bathing facilities and to furnish the Veterans with a memorial hall. The year that lies ahead of us promises to be rich in municipal problems and the new Council has plenty of hard work cut out for it.

At the end of the year five of the members will be called to the bar of public account and forced to face the people again. The remainder will hold over. Experience has proved that in legislative bodies the most satisfactory results are obtainable when all the members are elected at the same time. If there be offenders among them, all can be reached by the dissatisfied people. At present half of these might easily escape and hold on in their course despite the attitude of the people with regard to their official acts.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

ONCE AGAIN the Veterans, reinforced by Labor, went over the top in dashing style.

POLITICS does show its somewhat disfigured head occasionally even in a municipal election.

THE VERY MEN who complain because the Government fixed the price of wheat are the very ones to call upon the same power to set the price of other commodities.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Best or Worst.
(Detroit Free Press.)

An English paper says ex-Crown Prince Freddie is a worse liar than his father, meaning perhaps that he is not nearly so good a one.

The Home-Comers.
(Hamilton Spectator.)

Publication of the munificent action of the Government, in regard to post-discharge pay of soldiers, should bring joy into many a worthy, war-worn veteran's home.

Slow Knitting.
(New York Telegram.)

Some women are a bit disappointed because the war ended before they could finish knitting the mate to that sock they started when we first joined the Allies.

The Troubled Air.
(Vancouver Province.)

"Free as the air" is likely to become an obsolete phrase. Rules and regulations are already being planned for the control of aerial highways, and in time the freedom of the air may become the subject of as much controversy as the freedom of the seas.

Would Like Return to Patronage.
(Hamilton Herald.)

It is a significant fact that neither the Tory nor the Grit extremists make any specific charge of a serious character against the Union Government. We fancy that their chief ground for complaint against it is one about which they carefully maintain silence—the fact that the Union Government has swept away the evil of political patronage. That has cut all the extreme partisans to the quick, and one reason why they yearn for a return to party government is that they hope for the re-establishment of the patronage system, which makes it worth while for a fellow to work for his party.

No Longer a Game.
(Charlottetown Patriot.)

We do not desire that politics should ever again be classed as a game in this country. We shall always have our politics, and we shall always have our parties. But our politics should be what in the exercise of our best judgment we believe to be our country's best interests. Our parties should be the expression of our sincere and conscientious convictions to serve those best interests. It would be just as unhappy in the future to consider politics a game as it would be to believe the Christian religion a form of sport.

Union Government.
(The Sentinel, Toronto.)

It is interesting to observe that none of those who are now trying to bring about the disruption of the Union Government have been friendly to the Union idea at any time. Being sincere in their belief that party government is best, they naturally desire to restore the old conditions. Recent discussions by both Liberals and Conservatives, therefore, have no particular significance.

DRINKING CUSTOMS IN ENGLAND

(By Alice M. Archer.)

Since May, 1915, the sobriety of the Brish nation, owing to the enforcing of the liquor control regulations as a war measure has led to a striking change in the aspects of the streets of London and other great cities, and a still greater change in the habits, and, consequently, in the health of the people. Statistics quoted in this connection refer necessarily in great part to the women of England, Scotland and Wales, owing to the absence of their male relatives serving in the army and navy.

Since the control was assumed there has been a decrease in the number of convictions for drunkenness, deaths from cirhosis of the liver, and other diseases directly attributable to alcoholism. The number of inebriates admitted to reformatories in England and Wales in 1915, for instance, was seventy-eight, and in Scotland the number for the same period was twenty-one. During six months in 1918 ten inebriates were admitted in England and Wales and none in Scotland.

Lord d'Abernon, chairman of the liquor traffic central control board, stated recently at a meeting of the Royal Society of Arts that in England and Wales in the prewar year 1913 there was no fewer than 188,877 convictions for drunkenness—153,112 or men an d35,765 of women—the figures having steadily risen since 1900. The figures for women sank to 12,307 in 1917.

In dilitary circles also the opinion has been expressed that drunkenness as a serious military problem has ceased to exist. The deaths among wome nfro cirhosis of the liver showed in the same period a drop from 1,665 to 808. Certified deaths from alcoholism, which were 719 in 1913, were 222 last year. Cases of overlying of infants were reduced from 1,226 to 704, and cases of delirium tremens fell from 214 to forty-six.

A great decrease also has been noted in the nuncer of crimes hf violence, and there has been a diminution of illness directle resulting from excessive drinking.

Writing early this year on the efficacy of drink control, Sir Edward Henry, late chief commissioner of police for the metropolis of London, stated that the convictions for drunkenness fell from 67,103 in 1914 to 16,567 in 1917. These figures cover 700 square miles of the metropolitan police district, with its population of over 7,500,000.

In view of the good effect of war measures relating to drink restrictions it has been urged in a letter to the press signed by the archbishop of Canterbury, Cardinal Bourne, Principal Selbie and General Booth, that there shall be no relaxation during the period of demobilization.

It is pointed out that the consumption of alcoholic liquors in the united kingdom during 1917 shows a decline of approximately 38 per cent. as compared with the year 1916 and 50 per cent. as compared with 1913. Despite this decline a statement recently made in the British parliament shows the number of men of all ages still employed directly or indirectly in the manufacture and sale of intoxicants is 150,000 in addition to a very large number of women.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS

Sissiety. Mr. Reddy Merfy attended a wedding last Sattiday aftirnoon, seeing it going on in a house on Broad street wile he was delivering meet for Mr. Smit, the butcher and attending it a little while thru the back parlor window, saying it was quite a injoyable site till sumbody pulled down the shade.

Military News. At a meeting last Thersday it was decided to make the age limits of members of Compinny B from 9 to 12 years inclooesive, on account of enybody under 9 being too young and enybody over 12 being too old. Among htem present was Genrel Skinny Martin, Kernel Puds Simkins, Captin Benny Potts and Lootenants Sid Hunt, Sam Cross and Leroy Shooster.

Sports. Last Teosday on Artie Alixanders frunt step Lew Davis wunted to say his stummick musscle was harder than enybodys in the crowd and offered to leeve enybody hit him all their mite in the stammick, for 3 sents, eny nobody thawt it was warth it.

Pome by Skinny Martin
The Traveller

O I want in a grate big candy store,
Havink nuthing eits to do,
O& I had so money to buy enything,
But I had the plezzure of wawking thru.

Intristing Facts About Intristing People. Mary Watkins keeps rite on chewing gum after all the taist is chewed out, showing she is economical and being a good skine in case she ever gets married.

LEE PAPE

WIT AND WISDOM

Small Hero-Worshipper: "Fancy being Colonel Roberts at twenty-six."

Companion — "That's not much, why I was General Nuisance at fifteen."

Eben Treasures.

"There goes a man who carries enormous wealth in his pockets."

"Indeed! Who is he "

"The owner of a number of coal pockets."

Shifting Exigencies.

"What do you understand by socialism?"

"My ideas on the subject are not clear. As near as I can get it a Socialist is a man who is willing to try almost any kind of a government once."

"Bobby is attending to his pianoforte lessons very faithfully of late," said the youth's uncle.

"Yes," replied his mother. "I don't have any trouble with him about that now."

"How did you manage it?"

"Some of the neighbors complained of the noise his exercises made, and I told him about it. Now he thinks it's fun to practise."

Tiresome Airs.

"Alice is so tiresome with her airs."

TODAY'S STORY

The town house of Prince and Princess Joachim Murat, placed at the disposal of President and Mrs Wilson during their stay in Paris at the request of the Government was completely renovated for the reception of the United States Chief Executive and his wife.

An army of workmen and servants were employed cleaning and replacing furniture, paintings, portraits and beautiful marble statuary

On the lower floor of the mansion an addition to salon, ballroom, dining and breakfast rooms there are a private study for the President and offices for his personal staff. The upper floors contain great high ceilinged sleeping chambers and other rooms wondefully decorated with priceless collections of antiques.

In the sleeping chambers are enormous four-poster beds, some of which require little steps to enable the occupant to climb in. Stern old gentlemen, some in uniform of the days that are past, and many beautiful women in the costumes of the times in which they lived, look down from nearly every wall. Golden cherubs peep from above the handsome tapestries in one chamber.

There is a profusion of ivory miniatures and all manner of vases and ornaments gathered from the world's four corners. Every room contains at least three long French windows, delicately curtained.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says it didn't take long after Gen Foch started his offensive to make the kaiser a kaiser emeritus.

"Yes, she's even worse than the phonograph next door."

Diagnosed.

He was a young doctor and he had been asked to break the news to the wife of the man who had been run over by an automobile.

"Is my husband really ill?" asked the lady.

"Ah-er-a little run down," said the young doctor hopefully.

Escaping Danger.

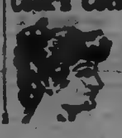
While visiting his nephew in the city Uncle Sam Shimmerpate stopped in front of a motion picture billboard on which were displayed pictures of lions, tigers, elephants and other African wild animals.

"Great guns, Henry," he said to his nephew, "I'm mighty glad I leave town Saturday afternoon."

"Why are you so anxious to get away?" asked the nephew.

Pointing to the billboard, Uncle Sam read aloud the words: "To be released Saturday night."

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1. No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

APSLEY

Apsley, Jan. 2.—A reception in honor of Pte. Frank Tanner was held in the Orange Hall on the evening of December 23. Pte. Tanner was the first boy to enlist from here, and is a son of Mr. Thos. Tanner of Chandos, and has just arrived from England with his bride. He belonged to the Apsley platoon and went overseas with the 93rd Battalion, and has seen much active service. The following was the program:

Chairman's Address—Reeve Lean.
Instrumental—Orchestra.
Address—Rev. Mr. Spence.
Song—Rev. Mr. Beck.
Instrumental—Orchestra.
Address of Welcome, read by Mrs. W. Staples, Apsley.

The address was as follows:

Apsley, Dec. 23, 1918.

To Private Frank Tanner:

Dear Friend: Your many friends of this neighborhood take very much pleasure in gathering together here this evening for the purpose of giving you a hearty welcome home and to show our appreciation of your heroic service in the great war that has at last come to a happy termination.

As we turn our thoughts backward to the autumn of 1915, oh you rests the honor of being the first among our young Canadian patriots who cheerfully accepted the call of duty and went bravely forth from home and friends to take your part in the great struggle for freedom.

Your brave act set other minds thinking, and before many months our village boasted of a platoon. How majestically they marched through our streets, those heroic homeland lads, to whom duty was ever sacred.

Since the day you marched away our thoughts have been continually with you, learning from time to time of our brave Canadian soldiers in the front of the battle bringing glory to their country and inserting its name in the honor roll of civilized nations.

We feel that we cannot repay you in any way for what you have done and suffered in our cause. You have spent about three years of your life in wet and muddy trenches, and on active duty at death grapple with the most murderous enemies that ever menaced our civilization, and you among the lion-hearted sons of Canada saved the situation on many a hard-fought front.

Although we will not have the pleasure of welcoming home some of our heroes who now sleep in Flanders fields and o'er whose graves from year to year the poppies will grow and bloom, the sacrifice has not been in vain. Their brave deeds and heroism of the past will become the soul food of the present generation with inspirations for similar deeds and greater achievements.

We sympathize with you in the wounds that you have received, but you will always have the satisfaction of a clear conscience, having done your duty faithfully and well. We extend to Mrs. Tanner and yourself our most hearty greetings at this Yuletide season, and that your lives may be long, happy and prosperous is the sincere wish of all.

Signed on behalf of your friends,
MRS. W. LEAN,
MRS. BECK,
MRS. JONES,
MRS. M'ILVENA.

Reply—Pte. Frank Tanner.
Instrumental—Orchestra.
Song—Rev. Mr. Spence.
Address—Rev. Mr. Beck.
Instrumental—Orchestra.
National Anthem.

Refreshments were served at the conclusion of the program.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Gabriel will play the last trump in the game of life.

Some men sow seeds of kindness and expect to reap their reward with a mowing machine.

The opposite side of the street is one of the things that never comes to the man who waits.

The dead are never sick—therefore all diseases may be classed as afflictions of the liver.

Nature unadorned is said to be adorned the most, but the bare truth isn't always a thing of beauty.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailments. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

ASSETS : $84,000,000

SAVE YOUR MONEY — economize — avoid wasteful spending. Open a savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.

Your Saved Money will insure your future, and give you a new incentive in life.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | THURSDAY

MONROE SALISBURY and RUTH CLIFFORD in

"HANDS DOWN"

A Drama of Love and Adventure in Five Acts.

The Serial Supreme "THE EAGLE'S EYE," with King Baggot and Marguerite Snow.

Also a Keystone Triangle Comedy.

PRICES: Matinee 11 Cents. Evening 16 Cents.

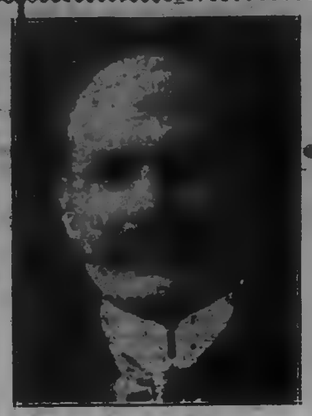
MAYOR AND COUNCIL FOR 1919

H. MORRISON

HARRY GAINEY

JAMES GARSIDE

MAYOR DUNCAN



ALEX. MURRAY

W. H. TAYLOR

J. J. TURNER

DOWNEYVILLE

Downeyville, Dec. 31.—Corp. W. J. O'Neil and Pte. Peter Perdue, who returned from overseas on Monday last, were welcomed by their many friends and relatives.

Pte. Ronald Galvin, of Ennismore, who returned from overseas on Monday last, is visiting his brother and sister here, Rev. Father Galvin and Miss Lottie Galvin.

Pte. Peter Perdue was a Saturday visitor to Mrs. Alice Gosselin, telling of the last days on board ship "City of Cairo" with her son, Pte. Alphonse Gosselin.

Ptes. Ronald Galvin and Ambrose Crough, of Ennismore, chums of the deceased, Pte. Alphonse Gosselin, visited Mrs. Alice Gosselin on Monday sympathizing with her in the loss of her son.

Pte. Peter Perdue spent Saturday with Mrs. Alice Gosselin telling of his last days on board ship "City of Cairo," with her death hero son, Pte. Alphonse Gosselin.

Pte. Perdue tell as follows:

In Montreal, before we boarded the ship, the flu was very bad, but nobody seemed to have it, but at last some began to get sick and especially on th third day sailing, it began to get terrible wicked and the ship began to roll around. It would nearly throw us out of our beds. The result was a large crowd got sea sick, but poor Alphonse happened to be one of the unlucky ones to get it so terrible bad.

The fourth day sailing he was taken to the hospital and finally he got so run down, along with the dampness, he took pneumonia. He struggled between life and death with intense suffering without the slightest murmur of any kind, but bore it all.

A. A. McINTYRE

It very soon had him worn out as I expected because I knew he could not live in that terrible struggling. He soon had to give in to his Heavenly Father's call from above, and at one o'clock at night on the sixth day his sufferings were ended. He died a hard death.

His funeral hour was at four o'clock p.m. The same day, during the mean time, I was gathering up his personal belongings to send to you, which was very lonesome work to do. Many a tear I shed while at it when I thought he is really gone, gone for good, one of my best comrades.

At last the weariest of all came—his funeral hour—which grieved us all to the hearts. I, along with Ambrose and Herb. Crough, Ronald Galvin, James Harrington, Eugene Maloney, all of us as you know, were his comrades, along with four others, were his pallbearers. Phonse was carried with the heart-felt sympathy to the grave yard as you might call it. There were eight others to be buried at the same time we set him down. Ambrose, Crough and I were called on to be prepared to lower him into his watery grave, which was a hard hard task, because we thought as much of it. The band sounded a few burial notes and at last the terrible words came, "Lower them." We all did, but it was the hardest blow that any of us ever got. It made it so dreadful dreary for us because when we would be downhearted he would come along with a happy joke or rhyme and do his best to keep us all cheery. He also had so happy a disposition. The tears we shed for him I'm sure are numberless.

Some of the other boys who were lowering the other dead heroes said at the lowering moments, "O, how I'd like if we were only going with them."

So with parting words, Pte. Perdue said, "Mrs. Gosselin, do not worry for him. It may seem hard to think he died so hard a death, but from the time he was with us and even before when we used to be together around home, he led a pure Christian life, and will have nothing to answer for. So instead of being with you he will be enjoying his first Christian with his Almighty Father in Heaven as He seen fit to call him to Him."

Miss Hardgrove, of Lindsay, is visiting her aunt and uncle here, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Clancy.

Mr. Urban Lucas was a Lindsay visitor on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Winn, of Toronto, are spending a short Christmas vacation with the latter's mother, Mrs. Crowley.

Miss Annie O'Brien, who had been teaching school in St. Catharines, is home for Christmas.

Mrs. Edward Houlihan entertained a few folks at her home on Friday evening and in honor of her nephew, Corp. W. O'Neil, who has returned from overseas.

Miss M. O'Brien, graduate nurse of St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, spent Christmas with her mother, Mrs. Jas. O'Brien.

Mr. Patrick Callihan received a letter from his son, Pte. Victor Callihan, telling that he is on his way from overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. John Perdue entertained a large crowd at their home on Monday, holding a card party and dance in honor of the former's returned hero brother Pte. R. Perdue. Pte. Ronald Galvin, of Ennismore, another returned hero, was there.

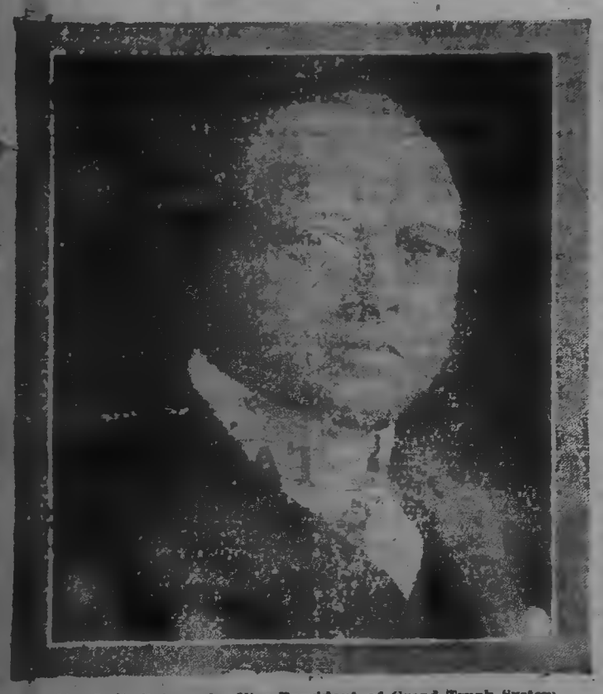
Mr. and Mrs. Percy Lucas were Christmas visitors with the latter's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Perdue, of Peterboro.

A large crowd from here attended to the denomination in Omemee Hall on Monday for the purpose of denominating a reeve and four councillors for the Township of Emily.

Mr. Albert Lucas was a Lindsay visitor on Saturday last with a load of hay.

A few of our old folks spent Sunday afternoon and evening with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carroll.

FROM JUNIOR CLERK TO RAILWAY VICE-PRESIDENT



Mr. J. E. Dalrymple, Vice-President of Grand Trunk System

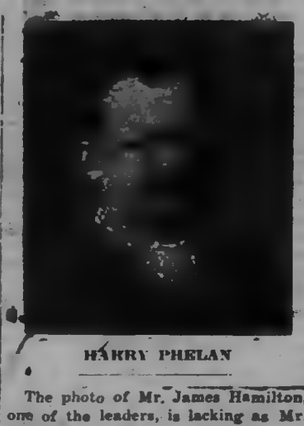
Montreal, January 1st.—Mr. J. E. Dalrymple, Vice-President in Charge of Traffic, Grand Trunk System, today received the congratulations of his railway associates and of the leaders in the business world upon the occasion of his fiftieth birthday. The anniversary was a double one, as it marked als the completion by Mr. Dalrymple of thirty-five and a half years of service with the Grand Trunk.

Mr. Dalrymple's record in the railway service is a splendid one. He has worked his way upward in the one company from a junior clerkship to an office of high executive responsibility, where he directs the traffic on the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways, Grand Trunk Pacific Coast Steamship lines and subsidiaries of the System. These rail and water lines serve eighty-nine per cent. of Canada's urban population grouped in its forty principal cities.

In addition to holding these offices Mr. Dalrymple is a member of the board of directors of other large organizations, such as the Canada Steamship Lines, and is regarded as one of the most able officers in the transportation field on this continent. Born at Montreal, it was in the Treasurer's office of the Grand Trunk in that city that he had his first railroad experience. Later he occupied the positions of Secretary to the Freight Traffic Manager of the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway, and Secretary to the General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway System. After doing notable work as Division Freight Agent of the Company at Hamilton and at Detroit, he was appointed General Freight Agent of the Central Vermont Railway in 1900. He was Assistant to the General Manager of the Grand Trunk System from March, 1901, to April, 1902, when he returned to the Central Vermont Railway to handle the growing freight traffic of that road. His success in that position led to his being chosen in 1905 as General Freight Agent of the Grand Trunk Railway System, with its great international traffic arteries. In May, 1908, he went to Winnipeg as Assistant Freight Traffic Manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and Steamships.

The late Mr. Chas. M. Hays recalled Mr. Dalrymple, at the age of forty-three, to Montreal, as Vice-President of the Grand Trunk, Grand Trunk Pacific and Central Vermont Railways. In this vice-presidential office he has played a notable part in developing the traffic of the System to its present magnitude. How striking has been the increase in the business of the System since Mr. Dalrymple was appointed Vice-President in charge of Traffic is shown by the gross earnings, which have reached $95,000,000 in 1918 as against $53,000,000 in 1911, an increase of eighty per cent. in seven years.

During his career, and particularly in the last half dozen years, Mr. Dalrymple has been in close contact with the directing heads of Canadian industry, and has won a high reputation for the masterly manner in which he has outlined to the Railway Commissioners and to the business men of the Dominion the railroad problems as they affect the important question of railway revenues.



HARRY PHELAN

The photo of Mr. James Hamilton, one of the leaders, is lacking as Mr. Hamilton made his successful run without this form of advertising.

Got Complete Family Record.

Sugar records now being kept in grocery stores are causing some perturbation on the part of grocery men. Since the food administration limited the amount of sugar a family can use per month, the grocers have had to keep track of the amount sold to each customer.

For this purpose they use a sort of book, or ledger, in which the customer's name and address, and other information pertaining thereto, are recorded.

Since most of the purchasers are women, it can be imagined that the grocers' task, sometimes, is not so easy, but the women, realizing that the information must be given, have gracefully accorded it.

Nor is that all.

Grocers do tell that they get more information than they have any need for. Here's how it is:

"They insist on telling me all about little Johnny, and what little Susie is doing today, and—why, say, since we started this here sugar record, we know the complete family history of all our customers."

Now what do you know about that?

ALL HE CAN HANDLE.

Mrs. Henry—Mr. Swift never takes his wife out in his automobile.

Mrs. Henry—I guess he doesn't care to have two unmanageable things on his mind at one time.

JOHN EDGAR

Japanese Taught to Repress Emotion.

Until late years the repression of any appearance of strong emotion was carefully drilled into the mind and life of every Japanese child of the better class. There is much more freedom now than formerly, but the influence of past training is seen everywhere—in art, in literature, on the stage and in the customs of daily life. Artists paint the autumn moon, which every Japanese adores, but he wraps the brilliant disk within a veil of cloud.

Hemp Tree's Many Products.

The hemp tree is one of the most versatile plants in the world. From it comes, besides rope and wrapping paper, the drug hashish, called by its devotees "the joyous," obtained by boiling the leaves and flowers with fresh butter; a valuable vegetable oil, a cake used by the farmers for their stock, and the finer varieties are used for cloth, coarse laces and braids. A great deal of the seed is exported for canary seed.

Advice Soldiers Need Not Take.

Sergeant, the French for which is sergent, the Italian sergente, comes from the medieval Latin word serviens, meaning a servant, a vassal, or a vassal soldier who seems to have acted as an orderly or striker. Tell this to your sergeant some warm day when he criticises your appearance on parade in his coarse, unfeeling manner. It will soften him. It may even melt him.—New York Evening Post.

Not Originally Military Title.

General, the noun, and the adjective general, the antonym of particular, go back to the Latin generalis, meaning belonging to a race or kind, and itself tracing to genus genera, from gigners, to beget. Generalis in Caesar's and Pompey's day had nothing to do with the army; the Roman general was an imperator. The title general primarily means an officer holding a general command.

Protection From Live Wires.

For the sure protection of linemen handling live wires a pair of gloves inside and one outside of the rubber gloves have been recommended. The woven fabric inside glove takes up perspiration and shields the rubber from the finger nails and a leather gauntlet over the rubber glove protects from outside mechanical injury, aids in grasping tools and keeps the hands warm in winter.

Just What He Had Done.

Charlie, trying to amuse himself as best he could, came out of the garage dragging an old cobwebby umbrella, which after much exertion he was able to open over his head. His grandmother, coming to the door, called out, "Charlie, you put that umbrella right up this minute." Charlie piped back, "I has dot it up and I'se doin for a walk."

"Finality."

"Why are some of your colleagues so anxious to print their remarks in the Record?"

"I don't know," answered Senator Sorghum; "unless it's the only way they can feel that they have had the last word in an argument."

FALL AND WINTER WEARING APPAREL

New French and American Fashions Differ Only in the Details.

SHOW TWO TYPES OF CLOTHES

Slim Straight Line and Slim Draped Line Are in the Forefront—One-Piece Frock in Three Materials.

New York.—French and American gowns have both appeared in force since the first of October, notes a leading fashion correspondent. They were in existence since the first of September, but the public usually permits the people in the trade to use September for their own selection and purchasing, while it wears what it has on hand and looks at clothes with interest, but not always with the intention to buy.

The demand for conservation has struck to the heart of the public, and the month of September was their best chance to use their ingenuity in old costumes and see what could be done in the way of alteration and renovation.

It must be truthfully said that not much was done. It is difficult to tell of the process of re-establishing old clothes that goes on in small centers, but in the great cities the people who sell clothes report an extraordinarily good season beginning the first of September.

Behind this fact is a significant reason, and it has to do with the position of women in labor. It is a tremendous situation, and it has not been done full justice by those who reason out the processes of cause and effect.

The majority of women are too active today to feel that they have time to superintend the seamstress. Their advent into the business world has given them somewhat the point of view of a man concerning the alteration of clothes. They feel that time, vitality and money spent, with the result debatable, is not efficiency.

As an offset to this viewpoint there is the necessity for alteration in thousands of households, where the income has not been enlarged and where the clothes must be worn as they are, in and out of fashion, or altered with caution and care.

Need for French Gowns.

Then, if these conditions are true, asks the public, why the expensive French gowns? To serve as inspiration for the dressmakers, is the answer.

Since the day after Labor day those of us who are going through the semi-annual process of absorbing or buying the new fashions for purposes of trade have seen French and American gowns paraded before the eyes in numbers that soon lost their significance. The vision has become weary; the brain has refused to record impressions. The buyers brought home from France whatever they thought was available for inspiration or might serve as a copy outright, and the American dressmakers and designers, even those who have no idea of abandoning Paris for inspiration, turned out thousands of gowns in which there was no French label and no dishonest trick or unworthy lying about the origin. In truth, some of the importers who have the most powerful trade say that their best clientele were delighted to get and wear American gowns.

French and American gowns show two types of clothes—the slim straight line, and the slim draped line. America and France show the instep or toe-length skirt for house and evening, and America lengthens her tailored costumes for the street, while Paris shortens them.

Trim Coats With Fur.

America believes in the reinstating of the coat and skirt for everyday usage, and Paris, while agreeing to this idea, confined to create one-piece frocks of soft thin materials to be worn under heavy coats. America makes her coat suits of heavy materials and trims them with fur.

Both use a quantity of soft velvet more metallic fabrics for new kinds of cuirass bodices to join up with heavy street skirts. America relies more on the separate bodice, to be bought at the shops, made of georgette, fine tarlatan, chiffon or lace.

France uses more black, elaborately trimmed with metal and colors, for evening and afternoon, and America uses more soft, bright blue and flame color for evening gowns. France does not show as much gray as we expected.

It might be said that the only strong, essential point of difference is the draped skirt for evening instead of the straight line—the former American and the latter French; and also the shortness of the tailored suit as the French make it and its lengthened hem as the Americans make it.

Substitute for Tailored Suit.

As a compromise between the coat suit and the slim frock which many women choose for autumn street wear there is a costume which may soon be overridden by popularity. It consists of a narrow skirt and a tunic blouse that falls below the hips and is loosely girdled with a monastic cord. The blouse has no visible fastening. It apparently does not open. In truth some of them do not open. They slip over the head and adjust themselves with the effelegance of a peasant's smock. If they were tightly banded at the waistline with yards of brilliant material they would be definitely Arabian and quite brilliant in effect. They do not permit a girdle to touch them. They have a monk's cord carelessly twisted below the waistline, knotted, and dropped in tasseled ends at front or side.

Position of One-Piece Frock.

It is like discussing the war to touch upon the subject of the chances of the tailored suit as against the one-piece frock. The conservative people say that both types of street costume will be worn by the majority of women. Those, however, who feel that conservation in purchasing as well as in materials is needed, lean toward the one-piece frock if there is to be only one costume for the street in autumn. They feel that it can be worn now with a large neckpiece of fur, and all winter under a top coat of fur or velours.

There is not a good chance for last year's tailored suits to be worn this year, unless a woman was sufficiently fortunate then to buy an advance model. The changes, while they do not appear significant at first, are very much so when one gets into the swing of the season.

The one-piece frock is undoubtedly in fashion, and if you purchase one you can take your choice of these three materials—velours, trieotette, and serge. All the new designs seem to be based on these three foundation stones.

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made would open the casual looker-on with the skillability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attends the making of this great medicine for women's ills.

Over 350,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is thoroughly and as a final precaution in clarifying the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs, together with the skill and care used in the preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually publishing attest to its virtue.

You Buy Satisfaction when you purchase

PURITY FLOUR

(GOVERNMENT STANDARD)

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. Ltd., TORONTO, Ont.

For Better Porridge Use PURITY OATS

Canada Food Board License Nos. Cereal 2-009, Flour 13, 16, 17, 18.

Is Life Insurance Safe?

How often we hear the question, "Would Life Insurance Companies stand the extra strain of a great epidemic?"

This question is now answered by experience. We have passed through the greatest war in history, and on its heels and overlapping it came the most malignant epidemic ever experienced on this Continent, one that claimed more victims in two months from the people of Canada and the United States than the war did in four and one-third years.

The fact that the surplus of every one of the old Established Companies of Canada has not only been maintained but increased, answers the above question most eloquently, and proves that Life Insurance is not only safe, but IMPREGNABLE.

Experience proves that it is as safe as a Victory Bond, and, in the event of death, infinitely better.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA has distributed more to compensate for the terrible wastage of the recent War and Epidemic than any other Company in Canada.

Is it not, then, a wise place in which to carry your Insurance?

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON, Inspectors — PHONE 14

Your Vote and Influence Respectfully Solicited for

JOHN McINTOSH

For Re-Election as Reeve for North Monaghan for 1919

A candidate who stands for conducting municipal affairs in a business-like manner.

Polling Day, January 6

1919

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 6

Vote for Rye

FOR REEVE OF NORTH MONAGHAN

No pre-election promises, but, if elected, more consistent work in the interests of the Township.

To the Electors:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It is impossible for me to see you all personally before election day, so take this means of letting you know that I am again in the field to respectfully solicit your vote and influence, and, if elected, will endeavor to work for the best interests of the whole Township.

Yours respectfully,

H. B. RYE

J. A. McKONE APPRECIATES

the honor conferred upon him at the polls yesterday by his election as member of the Board of Education for 1919-20, and pledges himself to give the interests of education in Peterborough his best attention and energies as occasion offers.

With best wishes to all for the New Year 1919.

Yours sincerely,

J. A. McKONE.

Thanks From Ex.-Ald Saunders

TO THE ELECTORS:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Permit me to take this means of thanking my friends and supporters who voted and worked for me in the late aldermanic elections.

Believe me, although not favored with re-election, I shall always retain an earnest interest in the welfare of our city generally.

Wishing all a happy and prosperous New Year.

Yours truly,

JOSEPHSAUNDERS

Kings' Daughters' Entertainment

A New Year's entertainment and dance was held in the Conservatory last night under the auspices of the King's Daughters. Before the war this was one of the annual social events of the city, but for the last few years' war work, with its dislocation of many other social fetes had it effect upon this one.

There were about seventy-five couples present last night and a very pleasant time was spent, dancing and at cards. The musical part of the program was in charge of Mr. Snel of Toronto, a well-known musician of the Queen City.

Mr. T. H. Hooper was in charge of the catering last night, and the refreshments served were very dainty and everything was carried out in a most satisfactory manner.

The hall was beautifully decorated with bunting, which was very kindly loaned by J. J. Turner & Sons.

A list of the patroness and patrons follows:

Mrs. A. Coulthard, Mr. W. A. Turner, Mrs. R. R. Hall, Mrs. Goodwill, Mrs. J. C. Smith and Mrs. Derrill.

Mrs. Rowand Now Reported Better

Mr. E. B. Fowler, one of the officers of St. Andrew's Church, telegraphed to Minneapolis this morning to Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, inquiring as to the condition of Mrs. Rowand, who is ill of the flu in that city, where she went to attend the wedding of their son.

Mrs. Rowand's friends will be pleased to learn from her husband's wired reply that the danger in her case is regarded as over. She is still very weak, however, and recovery will be slow.

Parting Tokens For Miss Crowley

A very enjoyable evening was spent by the Cavell Class of the Park Street Baptist Sunday School at the home of their teacher, Mrs. O. S. Matchett, 194 Rubidge street, last night. The evening was spent in games, after which refreshments were served.

Miss Myrtle O'Neill then called on Miss Kathleen Crawley, one of their members, to whom she read the following address, and at the proper moment Miss Netta Joliffe presented Miss Crawley with a beautiful comb and brush set. Miss Crawley leaves today for New Westminster to reside.

Dear Kathleen:

We, your fellow class mates, learn with much regret of your intended departure from our midst. We therefore beg of you to accept this small token as a symbol of our esteem towards you. We are sure you have been faithful in your attendence and in your help toward the class. It is the wish of all that you may, God willing, soon be in our midst once agin.

Mrs. O. S. Matchett, teacher; Myrtle O'Neill, Netta Joliffe, Lila Campbell, Lillie Feasey, Winnie Atkinson, Mary Hund, Thelma Purvis, Winnie Cooper, assistant teacher, Norma Johnston.

Miss Crawley, although taken by surprise, replied suitably, thanking them one and all.

BIG INCREASE IN CUSTOM RETURNS

NEARLY $200,000 MORE LAST MONTH THAN IN DECEMBER, 1917.

Customs returns for this district as furnished by the coal collector's department covering the month of December, 1918, and of the nine months period from April 1 to December 31, just ended show a most gratifying increase amounting to $188,036.91 for December, 1918, as compared with the same period in 1917, and a general increase of $561,493.01 for the nine months just ended, as compared with the corresponding nine months in 1917.

These increases are most surprising, and as the Customs returns can be considered a most reliable indication of the business activity of the city—a sort of barometer—the people of Peterborough have every reason to be well satisfied with the results as published below:

Customs returns for December, 1918, $232,695.08; for December, 1917, $44,858.17, making an increase of $188,036.91 for the month just ended.

For the business period beginning April 1, 1918, and continuing until the end of last year, the returns show $1,187,627.58 as compared with $626,134.57 for the corresponding period in 1917, making an increase in the year just ended of $561,493.01.

DON'T MISS IT

Tonight will be the last chance to see Charlie Chaplain in his big 12 reel side-splitting comedy, "A Dog's Life," exclusive for the oyal only. Also first episode of the million dollar serial, "The Iron Test."

NEW YEAR'S DAY AT CURLING RINK

VICE-PRESIDENT'S TEAM WON HONORS BY NARROW MARGIN.

At the curling rink yesterday there were seven rinks in operation and as practically the entire Club played, having been divided into two teams, one under President McDermid and the other led by Vice-President Giroux. It was a busy day and the interest never flagged as the games were close and the players well matched.

The Vice-President's team won out by that close margin of three.

A table showing the scores in yesterday's games with the names of the skips follows:

President.		Vice-President.	
Benor	15	Boucher	7
Bowes	7	Brightman	11
Connal	12	Ferguson	13
Eason	8	Hicks	14
Reid	6	Metheral	15
Fritzgerald	15	Martin	12
Wightman	16	Sturgeon	11
Thompson	6	Waddell	15
Foot	8	Campbell	10
Kay	14	Greer	7
Davidson	3	Archibald	7
McDiarmid	12	Giroux	8

1—Greer vs. Pennyfather.

140	143

Schedule of Games for Thursday and Friday Nights.

—Thursday, Jan. 2nd.—

Ice.

1—Eason vs. Benor.
3—Best vs. Read.
4—Fitzgerald vs. Bowes.
6—Wightman vs. Connal.
5—Campbell vs. Archibald.
2—Waddell vs. Lang.

—Friday, Jan. 3rd.—

Ice.

2—Giroux vs. Oke.
1—Greer vs. Penniefather.
3—Foote vs. Kay.
4—Skinner vs. Davidson.
6—Patterson vs. Morrow.
5—Thompson vs. McDermid.

MRS. WELLINGTON FIFE.

The death occurred at 4 o'clock this morning of Mrs. Wellington Fife, Otonabee, aged 49 years.

The deceased, who is survived by the husband, had been in ill health for the past two years, and the immediate cause of death was an attack of paralysis.

The funeral will be held Saturday at 2 o'clock to Fife's cemetery, the service to be conducted by Rev. Mr. Honey of Bethel Methodist church.

Tony Martino was mysteriously murdered in Hamilton beside a house where a New Year's party was being held.

—Fire in a Galt cold storage plant did damage estimated at $40,000.

ALD. A. A. McINTYNE

THANKS

the electorate for his re-election as alderman for another term, during which, in the future as in the past, he will leave no stone unturned to assure economy in civic affairs and the advancement of the interests generally of a Greater Peterborough.

He asks the acceptance by all of his earnest wishes for a

BRIGHT AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

CARD OF THANKS

HARRY PHELAN

TO THE ELECTORATE:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Please accept my earnest appreciation of that generous support and influence in the election yesterday which assured my return as one of your representatives on the Aldermanic Board for the ensuing term. So far as lies in my power I shall always exert my energies in conserving public expenditures and in promoting the general prosperity of our growing city as opportunity offers.

With best wishes to all for the New Year.

Yours truly,

Harry Phelan

G. N. GORDON

who headed the polls in the election for the Board of Education yesterday. This is a fitting recognition of Mr. Gordon's many years' public service by an appreciative electorate.

OBITUARY

MRS. WM. BRUNDRETT

A highly esteemed and respected lady passed away yesterday in the person of Jane A. Cranston, wife of the late Mr. Wm. Brundrett, Deceased was in her 71st year, and died after an illness of about ten weeks duration at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. T. Barrie, 760 George street. She was born in Withington, England, October 5th, 1848, and with her husband came in the year 1865 to Canada where she had resided ever since.

Deceased lady is survived by four sons and four daughters. The sons are Messrs. W. A. Brundrett, J. H. Brundrett and A. E. Brundrett, all of Toronto, and Mr. W. Brundrett, of Dalemade, Alberta. The daughters are Mrs. R. E. Layfield and Mrs. T. Barrie, of this city; Mrs. E. Elliott, of Port Arthur, and Mrs. W. W. Armstrong, of Regina.

Funeral private from the residence of deceased's daughter, Mrs. T. Barrie, 760 George street, Friday, Jan. 3, at 1.30 p.m., to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

Card of Thanks

I wish to publicly thank all who by their votes and influence helped to pile up the splendid endorsement of my candidature for the Board of Education. I appreciate this evidence of satisfaction with my previous record on the Board, and will endeavor in the coming two years to give the same careful attention to the work as in the past. Wishing all supporters the compliments of the season.

A. A. FOWLER

TO EVERY LAST ONE

Who Voted for or Supported me I offer a Great Big

THANK YOU

Let us bury our little hammers, get behind our new council and

BOOST

Sincerely

HUGHSON JOHNSTONE

Statement From Mrs. Morris

Personally, the result of the election for Board of Education, is very acceptable, as I had faced with reluctance, the possibility of increased work and responsibility.

The vote plainly shows that the majority of the electors used their four votes, giving one to each of the three former members of the Board, the fourth vote being divided among the three new candidates, only one of whom could be elected.

The three former members of the Board were entitled to re-election as their service has been efficient.

Mr. McKone will be a valuable addition to the Board and will extend a welcome to a woman member next year.

CARD OF THANKS

Alderman Edgar

Wishes to thank all those who helped in any way in electing him to the City Council for 1919.

Wishing you all a Happy New Year

Harry Cox, 58, was almost instantly killed in the Canada Flour Mills at Chatham, his clothing catching on a shaft.

To The Ratepayers:

I desire to thank most heartily those who supported my candidature as member of the City Council. While not returned I know that no failure on my part to give my best efforts in the services of the city has been a factor in my being out of the Council this year.

Respectfully,

F. H. DOBBIN

THANKS FROM EX.-ALD. JONES

To the Electors of the City of Peterborough:—

Ladies and Gentlemen—I desire to express my thanks for the support given me by the City generally, at the election held yesterday for Aldermen; and particularly for the very kind expressions of good will from one and all.

Though defeated by a small majority, my aim will continue to be—same as it was last year in the Council—to do whatever I can to advance the best interests of the city generally.

Yours sincerely,

E. M. JONES

TO THE ELECTORS:

I beg leave to thank you for the support you gave me yesterday in electing me member of the Board of Education.

I trust that I shall be able to give service that will warrant your continued confidence.

Yours Truly,

G. N. GORDON

LABOR'S THANKS

TO THE ELECTORS:

We desire to take this opportunity of extending sincerest thanks to all those who supported the Labor Candidates. Our thanks is especially due the ladies, who turned out so well. We will do our utmost to see that your confidence is respected, and work for the best interests of all the citizens.

Yours faithfully,

ROBERT MORRISON — ALEX. MURRAY

HARRY GAINEY — JAMES GARSIDE

Card of Thanks

I take this opportunity of extending my heartiest thanks to all who by their votes and influence secured my re-election as alderman for the City of Peterborough for the year 1919.

With best wishes for a bright and happy New Year, believe me to remain,

Yours very sincerely,

W. H. TAYLOR

Card of Thanks

To all who assisted in my election to the Board of Aldermen I wish to return thanks.

To every citizen, a Healthy, Happy, Prosperous New Year.

Yours sincerely,

J. J. TURNER

Card of Thanks

JAS. HAMILTON

extends his hearty thanks to the electorate of Peterborough for the generous suport at the polls yesterday which returned him a member of the Aldermanic Board for 1919.

With assurance that his best energies shall be directed in the interests of the city as a whole, he wishes all a very

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

Your hands are in your pockets most of the time these days. Wear Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves this winter and if your hands are still there it won't be because of the cold. And they'll enable you to beat out "Rising prices" in regard to gloves.
Ask for Ballantyne's.
R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.
BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scotch Knit

PTE. GOSSELIN BURIED AT SEA

DOWNEYVILLE RETURNED SOLDIER GIVES AN ACCOUNT OF THE CEREMONY.

Downeyville, Jan. 2.—Pte. Peter Perdue was a Saturday visitor to Mrs. Alice Gosselin. Speaking of his last days on board the "City of Cairo" with her son, the late Pte. Alphonse Gosselin, Pte. Perdue had the following to say:

The influenza was very bad before we boarded the ship, but everybody seemed to be all right until the third day sailing, when the water got so stirred up and the ship began to roll and a large crowd got sea-sick, but Alphonse happened to be one of the unlucky ones and avoided it.

The Fourth Day

The fourth day he was taken to the hospital and finally got rundown so much that he took pneumonia. He struggled between life and death, with intense suffering, without a murmur until it had him worn out so much that he succumbed.

The Funeral

His funeral hour was four o'clock p.m., the same day. In the meantime he gathered up his belongings to send to you. At last came the funeral hour. Ambrose and Herb Crough, Ronald Galvin, James Harrington, Eugene Maloney and four others and myself were the pallbearers. Phonse was carried along with eight others who were to be buried at the same hour to the grave yard, as you might call it. Ambrose Crough and I were told to be prepared to lower the body to the watery grave, which was a hard task because we thought so much of him. The band sounded a few solemn notes and at last the word came to lower them. We all did, but it was the hardest blow that all of us ever got. It made it so dreadfully dreary for us, because he was so cheery and had such a happy disposition.

Corp. W. J. O'Neil and Pte. Peter Perdue, who returned from overseas on Monday last, were welcomed by their many friends and relatives.

Ptes. Ambrose Crough and Ronald Galvin of Ennismore, chums of the late Pte. Alphonse Gosselin, visited Mrs. Alice Gosselin on Monday. Pte. Gosselin died on his way overseas.

Pte. Ronald Galvin of Ennismore, who returned from overseas on Monday, is visiting his brother and sister here, Rev. Father Galvin and Miss Lettie Galvin, until New Year's.

Miss Hardgrove of Lindsay, is visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Clancy.

Mr. Orban Lucas was a Lindsay visitor on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Winn, of Toronto, are spending a short Christmas vacation with the latter's mother, Mrs. Crowley.

Miss Annie O'Brien, who had been teaching school in St. Catharines, is home for Christmas.

Mrs. Edward Houlihan entertained a few friends at her home on Friday evening in honor of her nephew, Corp. W. J. O'Neil.

Mr. Patrick Callihan has received a letter from his son, Pte. Victor Callihan, saying that he is on his way home from overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. John Perdue held a card party and dance at their home on Monday night in honor of the former's returned hero brother, Pte. Peter Perdue. A large crowd attended and also another brave hero, Pte. Ronald Galvin, of Ennismore. Everybody enjoyed themselves highly.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Lucas were Christmas visitors to Peterborough, to the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Perdue.

Mr. Albert Lucas was a Lindsay visitor on Saturday with a load of hay.

Mr. and Mrs. James Guiry were Christmas day visitors to the letter's mother and brother in Ennismore, Mrs. McCullough and Mr. Mort McCullough.

Rev. Father Galvin and Miss Lottie Galvin were Ennismore visitors to their relatives the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gosselin spent Sunday afternoon and evening with the former's mother, Mrs Alice Gosselin.

BUGLER ALLEN KINGSCOTT

Peterborough Boy Released From a German Prison.

Mr. Kingscott, of Toronto, has received word through the Red Cross of the safe arrival in England of his son, Bugler Allen Kingscott, who has been a prisoner in Germany for four years. Bugler Kingscott was a Peterborough boy before leaving for Toronto.

NEWS BRIEFS

The King and the Prince of Wales may visit America, and the suggestion is made that the Prince may choose an American bride.

Two hundred and seventy British seamen were drowned when the yacht Iolaire struck the rocks.

Canadian guns are busy fighting Bolshevik forces in bleak Northern Russia.

Thomas L. Church was re-elected by a big majority mayor of Toronto for a fifth term.

CHILD GETS SICK. CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM TENDER STOMACH OR BOWELS.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold, or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

REV. DUNN FEELS IT HIS DUTY TO SPEAK

WANTS OTHERS TO BENEFIT BY HIS EXPERIENCE—GAINS FIFTEEN POUNDS BY TAKING TANLAC.

Rev. J. H. Dunn, pastor of the Church of Christ, at 110 East Second Ave., Spokane, Wash., and residing at 724 West Sharp street, is still another in this high calling whose deep sense of gratitude and desire to help others will not permit him to remain silent regarding the wonderful benefits he has derived from the use of Tanlac.

"Tanlac has not only relieved me of my ten years' suffering," said Rev. Dunn recently, "but it has built me up wonderfully, as I have gained fifteen pounds in a month's time by taking it. My stomach was in such a disordered condition that I could not eat without suffering great pain. My food felt like lead in my stomach and I would expel sour gas with almost every breath. Those who diagnosed my case told me I had cancer of the stomach, and my worry and physical suffering combined were extreme. My head ached constantly and I continually lost in weight, strength and energy. I spent around three hundred dollars for medicine of various kinds, but got no benefit, and my condition was indeed distressing.

"I finally bought Tanlac on the strength of high endorsements and my first bottle made a marked change in my feelings. So I bought another and then another, and now I am just like a new man. Before I took Tanlac I could not eat apples on account of the suffering the acid caused me, but now I can eat any number of them. In fact, I can eat just anything now without the least discomfort afterwards. A medicine that will help anyone out of such a long term of suffering and set them right is certainly worth recommending to the public. It gives me pleasure to do what I can for my fellow man, and as Tanlac has been of such great benefit to me, and not only to me but also a number of my friends, I can unreservedly recommend it to everybody."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Selert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

THE NEW YEAR

(Mrs. A. F. Calder.)

Another year, at God's behest,
Into the past has flown,
And may His hold name be blest
For all the joys we've known.

What humble gratitude we owe
For patient mercy found,
When justly He had laid us low
As cumbers of the ground.

With prospects beaming fair and bright,
Fresh dawns another year,
And on its annals pure and white
May no dark blot appear.

But may devoted service fill
Each hour with glad employ,
Our highest aim to do his will,
His smile our sweetest joy.

Lord, as the fleeting years go by,
Thy spirit on us pour,
To fit us for the life on high
When time shall be no more.

HANDSOME GIFT FOR VETERANS

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY PRESENT THEM WITH A NEW VICTORIA.

On New Year's Eve the Great War Veterans' local branch were presented with a handsome Victrola by the members of the Women's Auxiliary in their hall, George street. The presentation was made by the president of the Auxiliary, Mrs. (Col.) J. Mills, who started the first record upon the new instrument.

Dr. Wood, on behalf of the Veterans, thanked the ladies of the Auxiliary for their thoughtful gift and said some very complimentary things about the great assistance which was received from this source. The Ladies' Auxiliary of the G.W.V.A. is a live-wire organization and the members of the local association are not slow in acknowledging the assistance they receive from their fair comrades.

Mrs. W. R. Morris, the honorary president of the Auxiliary, and Comrade Whatley, secretary of the Peterborough branch of the G. W. V. A. made short addresses. Miss Flowers and Mr. Devey, organists of All Saints' and St. John's Churches, respectively, rendered several musical selections. Refreshments were served at the conclusion of the program.

Capt. E. Craddock of the steamer War Taurus, a Toronto-built vessel, on her maiden trip, was accidentally shot in the back while attempting to quell a disturbance on the boat at Halifax.

What Music Means in the Home

A GREENE PIANO will give your family more real pleasure than almost anything you can think of.

A Piano is admittedly the ideal factor in home-making. It brings a sense of pleasure even before it is played, and its entertaining and educating influence is one of the strongest that can be introduced into the family circle

"No child can be said to be thoroughly educated who has not studied and learned to love music.

Our policy has always been to sell only such lines as we could absolutely guarantee to our customers. In keeping with this policy, we decided to place our name on a piano of proved merit as an assurance to you that it is backed by a firm of the highest standing.

In any of the several finishes

THE GREENE PIANO

has pleasing outlines, but, most important of all, it has a rich, full tone which immediately endears it to the hearts of all lovers of music.

Hear the Greene Piano—its melody will convince you that it is a piano of unusual merit.

Ask for Mr. Leader

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC COMPANY, LIMITED
The Home of Good Music
GREENE MUSIC BUILDING, CHARLOTTE STREET.

LAKEFIELD

Mr. Whetung, of Peterboro, was a guest in the village on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Brumwell and Master Harry, of Plunkett, Sask., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Northcott.

Miss M. Crowe, of the P. S. staff, is spending the holiday at her home in Guelph.

Mr. Charles Pattrik, of Montreal, is spending a few days in the village, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Langley.

Misses Ethel and Eva Sanderson, of Peterboro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Watson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gilliman are spending the holiday in Toronto.

Mrs. A. Northey spent Saturday in Peterboro.

Mr. Elmo Bogue, of Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford, for the holiday.

Gunner Floyd Rogers, of the No. 3 Depot Battalion, Kingston, is a guest at his home in the village.

Miss A. Simpson, of Toronto, is spending the holiday at her home in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Ball and son spent the holiday in Havelock.

Mr. G. A. Fawcett, of Guelph, spent the holiday at the "Grove."

Miss Bromlie is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Lawless.

Mr. and Mrs. George Douglas, who have been spending the past few months in Arizona, U.S.A., returned to Young's Point last week.

Pte. Martin Sullivan arrived from overseas on Friday last.

Miss Isabel Johnson, who has been undergoing treatment in the Toronto General Hospital, returned home last week, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. R. Johnson and sister, Mollie.

Mr. Wm. Kerr and Mrs. O. Kerr, of Peterboro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Braden for Christmas.

On Monday last the Loyal Oange Lodge, No. 1385, held their election of officers in their hall. The following were elected:

Bro. G. Hill—W. M.
Bro. F. R. Alford—D. M.
Bro. W. J. Allan—Chaplain.
Bro. W. H. Sage—Rec. Sec.
Bro. J. J. Bickell—Fin. Sec.
Bro.—E. W. Northcott—Treas.
Bro. W. Kennedy—Director of Ser.
Bro. W. F. Boyce—1st Lecturer.
Bro. R. Carter—1st. Com.
Bro. H. Sage—2nd Com.
Bro. W. J. Brumwell—3rd Com.
Bro. W. H. Hunter—4th Com.
Bros. F. Crawford and R. H. Alford—Auditors.

Miss Verna Burgess, of Peterboro, is spending the holiday at her home in the village.

Master Allan Gray, of Peterboro, is spending the holiday with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Gray.

Miss Rhoda Alford spent the week end in Warsaw, the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. H. Lloyd.

Mrs. McCoy and Miss Grace, of Madoc, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Edwards, of Peterboro, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Wesley Leonard.

Mr. Herman Kidd, of Toronto, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Kidd.

The nomination for reeve and councillors and school streets was held in the Queen street theatre on Monday evening, Dec. 30th, as follows:

FOR REEVE.

T. J. Moore—Nominated by R. Carter, seconded by R. Duff.

J. A. Porter—Nominated by J. C. Smith, seconded by S. Charlton.

FOR COUNCILLORS.

J. A. Porter—Nominated by A. J. Young, seconded by Jas. Watson.

A. J. Young—Nominated by S. J. Charlton, seconded by C. S. Tanner.

Dr. J. C. Smith—Nominated by J. Ridpath, seconded by R. Duff.

J. J. Macdonald—Nominated by S. Spence, seconded by Graham.

Geo. Hendren—Nominated by C. S. Tanner, seconded by W. Leonard.

W. J. Charlton—Nominated by J. A. Porter, seconded by J. Ridpath.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

C. S. Tanner—Nominated by R. Carter, seconded by R. Duff.

J. N. Ridpath—Nominated by W. G. Morrison, seconded by S. J. Charlton.

J. Waldon—Nominated by J. A. Porter, seconded by W. Leonard.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Kidd and family, of Toronto, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Kidd for the holiday.

Mr. Robert McKay, of Toronto, spent a few days in the village, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford.

Mr. Roy Green, of Peterboro, spent the holiday in the village.

Miss L. Grylla spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis McCracken and family of Peterboro, spent Christmas, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Watley.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Campbell, of Toronto, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Finnimore for Christmas.

Mr. H. Barnes, of Winnipeg, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Cooper.

Mr. Jack Mahood, of Peterboro, spent Wednesday in the village.

Miss Kennedy left on Friday for Toronto where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Quigley.

Miss Gertrude Finnimore, of Toronto, is the guest of her father, Dr. Finnimore.

Miss McManus spent Thursday in Peterboro.

Pte. George Lennox, of Kingston, is a guest at his home in the village.

Miss Vida Robinson, was the guest of her brother, Mr. Roy Robinson, for Christmas.

Mrs. McBride and Mr. Charlie McBride, of Peterboro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John McIntosh.

Corp. Sergt.-Major N. E. Crowe, who has just recently returned from England, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford, for a few days this week.

Sergt. Crowe enlisted in Peterboro, going overseas with the 93rd Battalion. After being in England for a short time, he went to France with the 19th Battalion where he was wounded. Since recovering from his wound, he has been stationed at Bexhill, Sussex- England. Just before sailing, he had the misfortune to break a bone in his left foot while joining in the sports.

A very successful "At Home" was given for the returned soldiers by the Anglican Young People's Association in the Town Hall on Thursday evening, Dec. 26th, where a large number of guests assembled. The evening was spent in games and dancing.

The returned soldiers present were Lieut. T. Lebott, Sgt. Stenner, Sgt. Hope, Sgt. H. Payne, Sgt. W. Lemay, Ptes. Roy Robinson, Roy McDonald Jos. Lemay, Gunner Floyd Rogers, Ptes. Fred. Moon, Wm. Hampton, Gordon Fairburn and Roland Darcy, R.A.F. Each were presented with a box of smokes from the Society.

A dainty lunch was served at midnight, after which a number of cakes were sold.

The funeral of the late Mrs. G. A. Welbourne was held from the family residence Monday, Dec. 30th, at two-thirty o'clock. Rev. T. Barrett, of Fenelon Falls, formerly of Lakefield, officiated. Mrs. Welbourne passed away Saturday after a long illness. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband and two sons, Willard, of Peterboro, and Ray, at home.

The annual meeting for election of officers for the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends was held on Friday evening at eight o'clock. The following officers were elected:

D. Darling—P. C.
Wm. Bickell—C. G.
E. Watley—V. G.
Mrs. E. Watley—Prelate.
Mrs. R. H. Alford—Rec. Sec and Treas.
Mrs. D. Darling—Marshall.
Mr. Joe Lemay—Warden.
R. White—Sentry.
R. Alford—Guard.

HASTINGS

Hastings, Jan. 2.—Another aged resident of Hastings has passed away in the person of Mr. Wm. Warner, at the advanced age of 89 years. Deceased had been in his usual health, taking a hearty supper with the family on aSturday evening, but on retiring for the night, complained of a pain in the region of the heart. Medical aid was summoned but the doctor did not consider that their was any immediate cause for alarm, but Mr. Warner passed away on Sunday morning, apparently without a struggle. Deceased was a life-long resident of Asphodel, being a prosperous farmer, until a few years ago he moved into Hastings where he has since resided with his son, William. Mrs. Warner pre-deceased him a few years ago. There remains to mourn his loss, one daughter, Mrs. Corbett, of Clarkston, and three sons, James and Fred., of Asphodel, and William, of Hastings, to whom universal sympathy is extended. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon and was well attended. The place of interment was Trent Valley Cemetery.

EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

You Can Bring Back Color and Lustre With Sage Tea and Sulphur

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is mussy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound and look years younger. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and not a medicine. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Monday, being nomination day, considerable excitement was noticeable among the ratepayers.

"Tom Marks" appeared in the Town Hall on Friday evening in "The Man Who Came Back." He was greeted with a crowded house, all apparently enjoying the evening's entertainment.

Mrs. Geo. Buchanan is spending holiday with Peterboro friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Doyce children of Palmerston, are at the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Doysee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Staples, of Lindsay, spent a few days during the week with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tate.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Rice, of Kingston, spent Christmas with Mrs. Dodd.

Mr. T. Learmouth, of Ottawa, spent the holiday with his mother, Mrs. T. Learmouth, Albert street.

Mr. Howard Runnels, of New Liskeard, has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Runnels.

Miss Maud Lynch, of Toronto, was the guest of her father, Mr. John Lynch, for Christmas.

Mr. Ed. Dodd, of Peterboro, spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. H. Dodd.

Mr. Tom [redacted] of Peterboro, spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hill.

Miss Ella Tate spent Christmas with friends in Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson, of Norwood, spent the holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. (Dr.) Hess.

Mr. Sid Fisher, of Campbellford, was in town on Saturday.

Miss Leslie Berry, of Toronto, is with her aunt, Miss Elizabeth Foulds.

Miss Flo German, of Peterboro, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. German.

Mrs. Corbett, of Clarkston, was in town on Tuesday attending the funeral of her father Mr. W. Warner.

Mrs. Alex. Smith and Miss Laura took a trip to Peterboro on Monday.

Mrs. Albert Armstrong, of Toronto, was in town for the holiday.

OBITUARY

MRS. MARY PHALEN.

Mrs. Mary Phalen, wife of William Phalen, passed away at noon in St. Joseph's Hospital, aged 21, after a short illness of pneumonia.

Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Donnell, Emily Township, Lot 18, Concession 6. She was a popular young woman in the district, where she resided all her life.

In addition to the husband she is survived by the father and mother.

The funeral will be held from the late residence of deceased, Lot. 18, Con. 6, Emily township, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock to St. Martin's church and cemetery, Keenismore.

Premier Clemenceau has gone to La Vendee, where he was born, for a brief rest.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DO YOU WANT TO SEE

If you have any kind of eye troubles there is no doubt about your wanting to have them corrected. Dr. Fowler gives expert advice, and you can consult him without charge. If you require glasses he will tell you, and in any case you will know what is best to do. Do not neglect a thing so precious as eyesight.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Pupil, B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined. Better join the first class by having us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.
Real Estate and Insurance, Automobile Licenses
DISTRICT AGENTS FOR SECURITY LIFE
392 Water Street, South of Munro House

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until written or verbal notice to discontinue is received.

[illegible], DEATH, MEMORIAM NOTICES and CARDS of THANKS 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch in size. All words over 4 inches to be cash.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young man to learn the drug business. W. J. Kent, 402 George street.

WANTED.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 Charlotte street, next Examiner. Phone 958.

LOST.

LOST—Friday morning, solid gold watch, between 115 James street, and Wm. Hamilton Co., name J. C. Chalmers on face of watch. Finder please leave at Review and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two ladies' right hand gloves and one gentlemen's left hand gauntlet. Apply at Police Station.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Household goods, including parlor suite, rugs, couch, kitchen cabinet, etc. Mrs. Crowe, [illegible] Robidoux, off McDonald.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENT. COMMISSION
The Lower Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street
Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy terms. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.
We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making machines good as when they left the factory.
SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call.
Phone No. 497 Nights 396

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Patent, trade-mark and copyright agents.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ANNA C. WAINSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
171 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

An inter-allied commission charged with an investigation of the food situation in German-Austria has left Berne for Vienna.

Sir Arthur Pearson, the blind philanthropist, has arrived at New York on a mission for the welfare of the American blinded soldiers.

President Wilson has sent his regrets to the Swiss republic that, owing to pressure of other business, he will be unable to visit that republic.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bonnet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
181½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Grand Trunk Railway System
TIME TABLE CHANGES
A change of time will be made on JANUARY 5th, 1919
Information now in Agents' hands.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL,
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

Fault-finding, like charity, often begins at home.

WAR'S HOME-COMING PAINS.

One Result of England's Experience in War.

The experience of the war has shown that the dependence of the United Kingdom on imported food has already involved the country in special difficulties, and in the future may become a source of real danger. We have found that it has increased the cost of the war, aggravated the difficult problem of regulating foreign exchange, and absorbed an undue proportion of the tonnage of the mercantile marine at a time when its services have been so sorely needed for other purposes. We are conscious also of the possibility of a development in the construction of submarines which in a future war might make impossible a continuous supply of food to the people of the United Kingdom from overseas. We hope and pray that the greater sanity of nations and their increased obedience to the divine law may save our country from any repetition of the hideous catastrophe which has to-day overwhelmed Europe; but we can feel no positive assurance that this will be the case, and we do not think that we should be faithful to our trust for our descendants if we omitted to take any practicable measures to increase the national safety in a future time of need. Burdened with a huge debt, the nation will be strongly interested in producing as much as possible of its food at home, in order that it may buy as little as possible abroad. Exhausted in man-power, it will find in the expansion of the rural population of these islands the best restorative of its vitality and creative energy." The above excerpt is taken from a report recently issued by the Agricultural Policy Sub-Committee of the Reconstruction Committee, appointed in 1916 to consider the methods of increasing the supplies of home-grown food. In a later portion of the report there occurs another interesting passage which reads thus: "It must be explained to landowners, farmers, and agricultural laborers alike that the experience of this war has shown that the methods and results of land management and of farming are matters involving the safety of the state, and are not of concern only to the interests of individuals." The sub-committee recommend the fixing by the state of minimum wages for agricultural laborers and minimum prices for wheat and oats. "Waste of good land on game or games" is said to be "inconsistent with patriotism," while the occupation of fat land for golf-links is strongly condemned. Rabbits also come in for adverse criticism, being referred to as "a curse to both agriculture and forestry." Perhaps the most revolutionary recommendation in the report is that, where necessary, managers should be appointed by the Board of Agriculture to manage such portions of private estates as can be utilized for the production of food. These managers are to have complete control, although their salaries are to be a charge on the estates concerned. If any profits accrue they will be paid to the owners by the board. Other recommendations concern rural colleges, with ample gardens attached, which are to be provided as soon as possible after the war; technical advice for farmers by a department of a reorganized Board of Agriculture; the education of women; and the reconstruction of social and industrial village life.

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief

Buckingham, Que., May 3rd, 1915.
"For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe *Headaches and Indigestion*. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. *Finally, a friend advised* "Fruit-a-tives". I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has miserable health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take "Fruit-a-tives", and you will get well".
ALBERT VARNER.
50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

VELVET IS REPLACING SATIN

Only Material That Can Be Safely Worn Against Face Without Relief After Twenty.

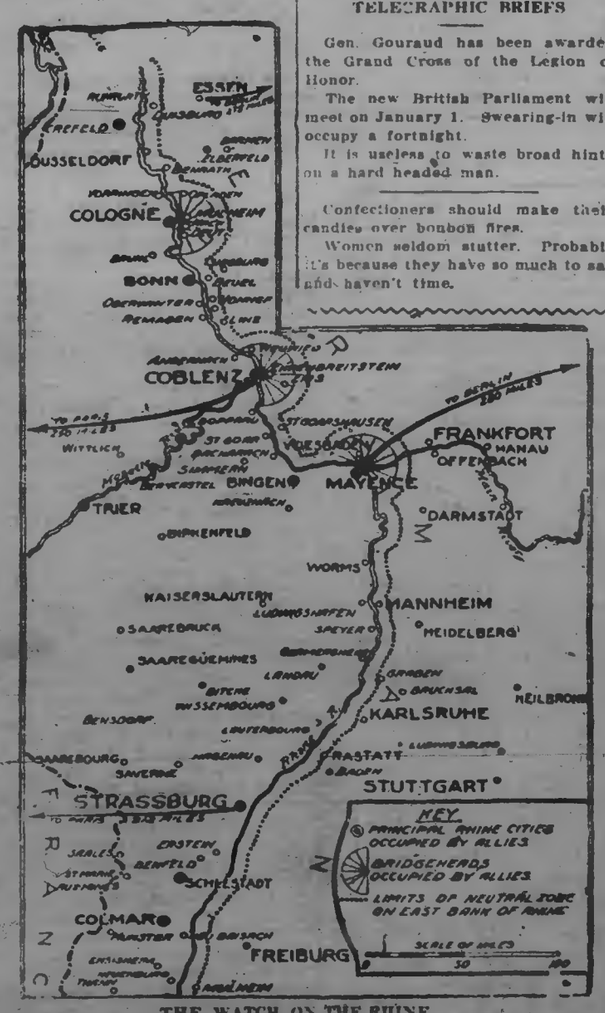
More and more we notice velvet replacing satin. There is no fabric on earth which softens and beautifies like velvet. It is the kindest material in the world when it is placed next a woman's face and it is about the only material that is safely worn against the face without relief after one is over twenty.

One of the loveliest of velvet models is shown in black (good black velvet always looks like a million dollars). The waist has a deep V in front which extends at least nine inches below the waist. This is filled in with a Madonna blue georgette. The top of the georgette at the neck is cut square across. The V is then outlined with fur and the fur, of course, goes around the back of the neck.

The skirt is made with two tunics which open at the front. Both are outlined with this fur edge, the fur going around the bottom and then up to the waist. The sleeves are quite long over the hand, smooth-fitting and without a bit of trimming. There is not a touch of embroidery or braiding of any kind on this frock and it is quite handsome and distinctive.

Biblical Thrift.

The Scriptures give us many lessons in thrift. Ezekiel warned the children of Israel that during the siege of Jerusalem they would have to be thrifty. He said: "Take thou also unto thee wheat, and barley, and beans, and lentiles, and millet, and fitches, and put them in one vessel, and make thee bread thereof."—Ezekiel iv: 9. The Bible shows that Ezekiel ordered the children of Israel to eat their meat by weight, and even thus only "from time to time."—Thrift Magazine.



THE WATCH ON THE RHINE.

The above map shows the various points at which the Allies have entered Germany and taken possession of the cities mentioned in Foch's armistice. The British and Canadians are at Cologne. This being the first time German soil has been occupied, there is little wonder that the "gentle Huns" do not know what to make of it or that they do not relish being compelled to obey orders given by British (which includes Canadians), French and American officers and enforced by their military police.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

Gen. Gouraud has been awarded the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The new British Parliament will meet on January 1. Swearing-in will occupy a fortnight.

It is useless to waste broad hints on a hard headed man.

Confectioners should make their candies over bonbon fires.

Women seldom stutter. Probably it's because they have so much to say and haven't time.

FOOD FOR LAYING BIRDS

Most Economical Ration, in View of Conditions, Discussed.

Contagious Abortion Makes Necessary the Sale of Valuable Animals at a Sacrifice — The Disease, However, Will Yield to the Treatment as Explained.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

A PULLET requires more feed than a hen, if it is intended that the pullet produce eggs. A bird to lay well must have a surplus of feed over and above body maintenance. The excess of feed above body maintenance goes either towards growth, fat, or egg production.

Poultry feeds are divided into two classes: one, whole or cracked grains, commonly called scratch feed, and the other, ground grains, commonly called mash.

Scratch feeds are generally fed night and morning and are scattered in straw in order to induce the birds to scratch or take exercise. A mixture of two or more kinds of grain usually gives better results than one single grain, largely because individual birds' appetites vary from day to day. A good mixture for the winter months might contain as much as fifty per cent. good corn, either whole or cracked; if corn could not be had and the birds were accustomed to eating buckwheat, the buckwheat would answer nearly as well, or one could use twenty-five per cent. buckwheat and twenty-five per cent. corn. To the corn or buckwheat could be added twenty-five per cent. of barley, ten per cent. of wheat screenings, and fifteen per cent. of good oats. If one was obliged to do so, almost any of the grains could be fed alone with the exception of oats. There is too much hull or husk on oats to use entirely as a single feed.

At present for a mash feed we are using the standard hog feed. If the ground grains are to be fed moist or mixed with cooked household refuse then the mixture should be one that will mix to a crumbly state, but if fed dry in an open hopper the above is not so important.

The mash feed is the one where the animal meals are generally given. The amounts vary from ten to twenty per cent. of the mixture. The animal meals used are commonly high grade tankage and beef scrap. Where one has plenty of skim milk or buttermilk the other animal feeds are unnecessary. Some use green cut bone; cooked refuse meat, such as livers, lights, beef heads, etc.

A very good mash can be made of one part each by measure of shorts, barley meal, and ground oats. Corn meal could be used in the place of the barley or with it. If one is short of green feed or roots, it would be well to add one part of bran. Perhaps the simplest mash to feed from an open hopper is rolled or crushed oats. We have used this, when the birds had milk to drink, for a number of years with excellent results.

Laying hens require plenty of green feed. Cabbage is one of the best green feeds. Roots are very good, but clover leaves should be within reach as well as the roots. Sprouted oats are used to a large extent on poultry farms. When the birds get accustomed to a green and succulent food it is generally wise to give them all they will eat. A pen of fifteen pullets will eat a fair-sized head of cabbage almost every day or one hundred hens will eat a peck of sprouted oats day after day.

Grit and shell should always be within easy access.—Prof. W. R. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Abortion Should Not Be Neglected.

Some cases of abortion are the result of injury to the dam due to a nasty fall or bad kick. In such cases the trouble is not likely to spread to other members of the herd. With the majority of abortion cases, however, the trouble is due to an infectious disease which is very readily spread to other members of the herd.

The disease apparently is localized almost entirely to the uterus. Here an inflammation is produced which may result in the expulsion of the foetus, dead or alive, at any period of gestation. In most cases of infectious abortion, however, the foetus is expelled dead. A frequent complication of such a case is the retention of the foetal membranes by the dam. If these are not removed after a few hours, death from blood poisoning is almost sure to occur.

The bacilli which cause the disease are present in large numbers in the fluids, foetal membranes and foetus. Consequently, every care is necessary to prevent these from contaminating anything with which other stock is likely to come in contact, either directly or indirectly. All should be gathered up carefully and burned or else buried deeply in quick lime. Then the hands and clothes of those in attendance should be thoroughly wash with a disinfectant, and a strong disinfectant used freely all around the stall, particularly on the floor.

The dam should be kept in a stall by herself, as there will be a fluid discharge from the vulva which may last for weeks. Disinfectants should be freely used in the stalls, and the external genitals, thighs, tail and back of udder should be washed daily with a satisfactory disinfectant solution. For this purpose a two-per cent. solution of lysol is strongly recommended. Strict attention should be paid by the attendant to the thorough disinfection of his hands or other parts of his person or clothes after handling the patient.

The dam should not be bred again until some weeks after all discharge from the vulva has stopped.—Prof. D. H. Jones, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Gifts of Value

Big business and ome-again buyers testify that our selections for holiday giving are appreciated both in value and price. To see them is to buy. Nothing but dependable goods are here carried. They include:

TIMEPIECES
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES
CHAINS AND FOBS
GOLD & SILVER WRIST WATCHES
MANTLE CLOCKS

DIAMONDS
IN RINGS FROM $25 UP
NECKLETS, BROOCHES
LAVATIERS, PENDENTS
PINS, LOCKETS, ETC.

GOLD
RINGS, PINS
BRACLETS, BROOCHES
SUNBURSTS, CRESENTS
TOILET GOODS
COLLAR AND CUFF SETS

Sterling Silverware
Cut Glass
Parisian Ivory
Articles
Rogers 1847 Plate
Schneider's
367 GEORGE STREET
NEXT TO TURNBULL'S

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—435-437 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.
Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.
Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.
Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.
W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Canada Food Board License No. 8-0360
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	75	80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1.05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00
Hides.		
Beef hides	0.12	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

Never punish children by striking them on the head. There are other places.

No man can make a fool of himself all the time. He has to sleep occasionally.

Don't wear your bathing suit to a New Year's party just to show that you have one.

Going back to work after the Christmas vacation is almost as much fun as having seven teeth extracted.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Both Ideal and Useful For Christmas Giving
Is Community Plate, renowned the world over for quality and beauty of design. It lasts a lifetime. The ladies dream of Community Plate for Christmas Gifts. Let their dreams be realized this Yuletide. Call and inspect our complete stock.
KINGAN HARDWARE COMPANY
339 GEORGE STREET. PETERBOROUGH

HOCKEY SEASON OPENS FOR 1919

LIST OF GAMES SCHEDULED FOR REMAINDER OF THE WEEK.

The championship season of the O.H.A. is open, and from now until March the activities of the big association will be much in evidence throughout the province from Cornwall to Sudbury.

The opening games on New Year night took place in Port Colborne, Niagara Falls and Toronto, the juniors having the honor of playing the first game on Toronto ice, with Aura Lee and Maitlands as the contenders.

There will be a couple of intermediate games on Thursday at Clinton and Stratford, but the big opening will take place on Friday, when games will be staged in thirteen different towns. This will also mark the first appearance of the senior teams, as the Veterans club of Toronto will come to Hamilton that night to play the Tigers. The other games will be played at Oshawa, Dunnville, Welland, London, Preston, Gravenhurst, Lindsay, Cobourg, Ingersoll, Mitchell, Stayner, and a junior game at Toronto, when Parkdale C. C. and Beaches will make their bow in a championship fixture.

Saturday night will be a big night in Toronto, as it will be the first visit to the Arena in a real championship fixture of the Kitchener team, senior O.H.A. champions and Allan cup holders. They will have as their opponents the much strengthened St. Patricks team, with Frank McKerman, "Babe" Dye, Lon Crook and other star players in the lineup. This should furnish one of the best games of the season and will doubtless pack the Arena.

The list of games is as follows:

Wednesday, January 1

Intermediate
Dunnville at Port Colborne.
Welland at Niagara Falls.
Junior
Aura Lee at Maitlands, 8.30 p.m.

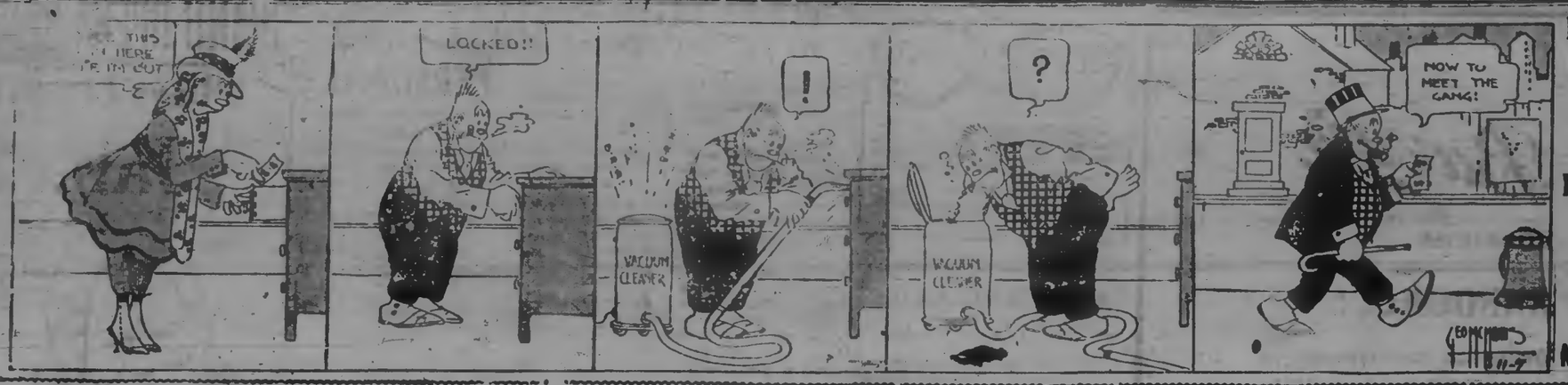
Thursday, January 2

Intermediate
Goderich at Clinton.
Milverton at Stratford.

Friday, January 3

Senior
Veterans at Hamilton.
Intermediate
Lindsay at Oshawa.
Niagara Falls at Dunnville.
Port Colborne at Welland.
St. Thomas at London
Guelph at Preston.
Huntsville at Gravenhurst.
Junior
Port Hope at Lindsay.
Belleville at Cobourg.
Parkdale at Beaches.
Peris at Ingersoll.
Stratford at Mitchell
Collingwood at Stayner.
Senior
Kitchener at St. Patricks.

A new record was made in the debarkation and the entraining of the 2,045 soldiers brought over by the Carmania, all being on their way west within five and a half hours of their arrival at Halifax.



BRINGING UP FATHER By George McManus

As Charlie Says:—

You can't judge everything by the price, or Arabelas would cost at least a dollar-for-three. It's so satisfying for a mild cigar.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League
Now Being Organized
Enter Your Team
5 Alleys on the Ground Floor
JAKE SOLOMON .. Mgr

WELCOME PRODIGALS BACK TO THEIR OLD POSITIONS

Big League Teams Will Be Glad to Re-Enlist Players Who Deserted Last Fall to Take War Jobs.

Few took seriously the threats of major league club owners to bar from baseball the players who deserted them last summer for shipyard jobs before the work or fight edict became effective.

Some misguided souls, perhaps, took the hard-hearted magnates at their word and actually believed the Jacksons, kZimmermans and other stars who left baseball when the nation called would be thrust into exile. But now that the world conflagration has ended and peace again prevails, the spirit of the day is abroad in baseball, and club owners already are welcoming with open arms the men who a few months ago they were criticizing so vehemently.

Fatted Calf for Shoeless Joe.

To Joe Jackson, outfield mainstay of the Chicago White Sox, and one of baseball's [illegible] stars, has fallen the distinction of being the first erratic son of the diamond for whom a club owner has killed the fatted calf. Joe has been notified by Charles Comiskey, owner of the Sox, he has been forgiven, and Joe already is preparing to accompany the club south for spring training. The shoeless wonder is not coming to the Yankees. He's going to play left field for the Sox.

And in addition to a contract for a juicy sum Joe also has been guaranteed police protection at the Windy City park against possible attacks by unthinking fandom.

There will be no discrimination in the part of any of the club owners against players who took positions in shipyards. The Giants already have begun to assemble players for next season, and a considerable number of the men, including Arthur Fletcher, Heinie Zimmerman, Joe Wilhoit, Harry Doyle, George Burns and others, have been employed during the past few months in shipyards near New York.

Yankee players, too, who have been toiling in the holds of vessels in New Jersey are preparing to abandon their wartime occupation and return to the diamond. Herbie Thormahlen, upon whom Miller Huggins is counting for aid in the pennant drive next year, Ping Bodie, Ray Caldwell of the Red Sox and others either have quit or soon will leave their positions in the Tietgen & Lang shipyards over in Weehawken.

Every other club in the major leagues and many others in the minors will give employment to players who did their bit to make the world safe for democracy in shipyards or munitions plant.

Fans Welcome Them?

Whether fandom will be as quick to welcome back the shipyard players as were the club owners is a point of conjecture throughout the diamond world today. The fact that Comiskey, usually a far-seeing magnate, has agreed to provide protection for Joe Jackson rather indicates the Windy City fans are likely to become obstreperous. Some club owners, on the other hand, figure fandom will realize the men who took positions in shipyards and munitions plants instead of shouldering a gun or joining the navy did so because they were compelled to provide support for their families, which is the more plausible view.

Of all the major league club owners who protested against players quitting the game for essential employment while the worn or fight rule hung fire, Comiskey was the most resentful. He threatened the deserters, including, besides Jackson, Happy Felsch, a wellnight indispensable outfielder, and others, with all manner of dire fates, but, in the face of the Old Roman's ultimatum, the players leaped one after another into essential occupations. Commy, therefore, was compelled to finish the campaign with a crazy quilt aggregation that was soundly beaten in the brush down the home stretch by the Red Sox and other clubs.

But time and the urgent need for players have combined to soften Commy's heart, and he has relented, and fandom the country over will see the so-called slackers of the pastime rub elbows with the heroes from the army and navy when the clubs set forth on the pennant adventure next spring.

HOCKEY AT LINDSAY

New Players Regarded for Intermediates and Juniors.

Intermediate—1, F. McPhee; 2, H. J. Metherell; 3, W. L. Richman; 4, [illegible] Griffin; 5, C. Lirsett; 6, Geo. C. [illegible]; 7, Ray S. Dennis; 8, Carles Carew; 9, Harold V. Mercer; 10, N. M. Ryckman.

Junior—1, Norris Green; 2, John N. McClarty; 3, W. G. Garnett; 4, T. Ross Kelly; 5, D. Ross McElroy; 6, Geo. T. E. Bell; 7, John Hutten.

AGAIN ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

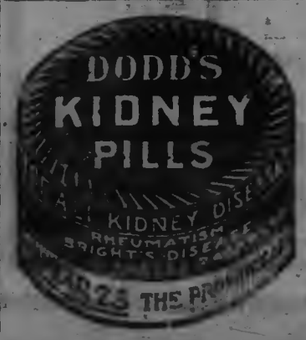
BURLEIGH AND AMATUELLER COUNCIL RETURNED SECOND TIME WITHOUT CONTEST.

The members of the Burleigh and Anstruther Council were elected by acclamation for the second year in succession. The officials are.

Reeve—Norman Lean.

Councillors—George Matthews, W. C. Stone, W. Earnshaw, and Alfred Dane.

It is never too late to learn, but we sometimes learn that too late.



BOWLING ONE OF OLDEST GAMES

PLAYED CENTURIES AGO BY EGYPTIANS WITH SKULLS FOR BOMBS.

Although the origin of the game of bowls is not definitely known, its modern offspring of the alleys is of comparatively recent birth. It was just 79 years ago on New Year's day since the first match game of bowling was played in America. This historic contest was played on the Knickerbocker alleys, in New York, and marked the real beginning of the indoor sport of North America, although the outdoor game of bowls had been played in New York since its first settlement by the Dutch, as the name of Bowling Green, a little park in lower Manhattan, would indicate.

Bowling is perhaps the oldest of all sports, since there is evidence to show that it was played by the ancient Egyptians. Skulls were used for balls, and the bones of animals for pins, in those days. Bowling was popular in England and continental Europe from the earliest times, and was introduced into the American colonies by the English and Dutch settlers. Twice at least it became so popular among the young men that it was outlawed. In the twelfth century, in England, bowls occupied so much of the item of the rising generation that a statute was directed against it. The same condition prevailed later at New Amsterdam, and Peter Stuyvesant, the Dutch governor, prohibited the playing of the game on penalty of being placed in the stocks for not less than twenty-four hours. This official prohibition was directed specifically against the game of "nine-pins," and the devotees of the sport promptly added another pin to the set-up and so originated the modern contest of ten-pins.

Following the first match contest in New York in 1840, the game gradually spread over the United States and Canada. Abraham Lincoln was one of the enthusiasts of the bowling game, and his scores are still preserved at Washington. Sir Thomas Lipton, the British yachtsman, was one of the organizers and long president of the European Bowling Association.

Do not rest your arms on the table. Stack all your weapons in a corner before dinner.

It may take nine tailors to make a man but one Christmas is enough to break him.

Some women swear like men while others will not even darn socks.

It is the struggle to keep up appearances that keeps some persons down.

STRIKES & SPARES

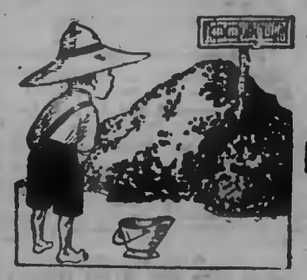
At GEORGE STREET BOWLING ALLEYS

Good, clean healthful sport. Prizes given for high scores.

Over Yeotes Bros. Cigar Store.

W. L. SHARPE, Mgr.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy



Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

182 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-582

Defective Camouflage.

"Teacher" had gone to the movies with a bachelor who chose young associates as a sort of camouflage for his own age. The next morning she received the following greeting from one of her pupils: "Oh, teacher, I saw you at the show last night. Was that your papa with you?"

When Soft Answer Doesn't "Go."

A soft answer turns away wrath except when little Willie's schoolteacher asks Willie what he has in his desk that is causing so much amusement and little Willie's answer is so soft the teacher doesn't understand the first time. There is very little wrath turned away in this case.

Would Return It.

It was a very hot day and the kind-hearted iceman had given a little girl a piece of ice. A newsboy asked her for it, but she refused to give it up. "Aw shucks!" said the boy "I'll give it back to you—I only want the juice out of it."—Boston Transcript.

Brazil Now Coffee Center.

Arabia formerly supplied the world with coffee; later the West Indies, and then Java took the lead, to be supplanted in turn by Brazil, which now produces about three-quarters of the world's supply and controls the market.

Surely Not Bump of Knowledge.

O'Brien met Flanagan and noticed he had a big lump on his forehead. "Hello," said O'Brien, "is that a bump of knowledge?" "Indeed, it's not," said Flanagan. "It's a bump of ignorance of knowing nothing about boxing."

DR. M'GILLIVARY COMING.

Famous Missionary Will Be Heard Here on Sunday.

Rev. Donald MacGillivary of Shanghai, China, will conduct services in Peterborough on Sunday next, occupying the pulpit of St. Andrew's Church in the morning and St. Paul's in the evening. Dr. MacGillivary is one of the outstanding missionaries of the present day, has taken a very prominent part in the work of launching the Forward Movement during the past two or three months, and will bring a message that will be well worth hearing. It is hoped that he will be greeted with large and enthusiastic congregations in keeping with the prominence of the man and the importance of his work.

The evening service at St. Andrew's will be taken by Mr. Pogue.

Investigations by officials of the White Star-Dominion Line and a report by Major Westmore would indicate that there was no foundation for the grievances complained of by men returning by the Northland.

Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. Formerly Windsor

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all your [illegible] WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS

364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

THE HUN'S WHITE FLAG.

A German car containing four German officers, entering the Cease fire lines after the signing of the armistice to point out where mines were laid in the roads. Note the whi[illegible]

Barrie's
Peterborough
FURRIERS

ANNOUNCE:

Owing to bereavement in the family, the store will be closed on FRIDAY, NEXT, JANUARY 3rd.

KEENE

The skating season for Keene opened on Wednesday night. It is hoped it will continue with out interruption throughout the season. Mr. George McIntyre, manager ,had the ice in splendid condition for the opening.

Miss Mollie Boyle, of Ottawa, is a guest at the Victoria House.

Quite a few of the friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Robt. Brown last Friday night and gave her a surprise party. Cards and dancing were indulged in and a most enjoyable night is reported by those present.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Andrews, of Niagara, and Miss Clara Roche, of Rochester, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Roche.

Messrs. W. Fletcher and G. McIntyre spent Christmas with friends at Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bryce and family, of Peterboro; Mr. and Mrs. Burt Henson, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson spent Christmas at the home of Mr. Archibald Bryce.

Mr. Elmer Plunkett, of Peterboro, is a guest this week at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. William Wilson.

Miss Agnes Henderson and brother, Andrew, are spending the week with Lakefield friends.

Miss Lillian Moore spent the past week with friends at Peterboro.

Miss N. Berry, of Cold Syrup, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Lang.

Mrs. Akin, of Bethany, was a guest over the holiday at the home of Mr. James McNeil, sr.

A New Year's ball will be given at the Lowie Hall on Friday evening of this week by several young men of the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Briggs, of Peterboro, were guests over the week end at the home of Mrs. Alex. Stewart.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Taylor are quite ill with the influenza.

Mr. J. J. Moore has been appointed township clerk to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. J. M. Drummond. Mr. Moore has changed the day from Thursday to Monday of each week for being at the Town Hall.

Mrs. L. Burley and daughter, Miss Mary, were in Peterboro Thursday of last week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. John Mathers, concession 10, Otonabee, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Thursday evening, Dec. 26, when their only daughter, Mary Jane, became the bride of Mr. William Stewart, also of Otonabee. Promptly at six o'clock the bride and groom entered the room to the strains of the wedding march, played by the bride's cousin, Miss Lottie Drummond. They proceeded to an arch, made of evergreen, when Rev. Howey preformed the ceremony. The bride was attired in dark blue silk, carrying a large bouquet of white carnations. After hearty congratulations, all were escorted to the dining room where an eloquent six-course dinner was served. The evening was spent socially, after which the bride and groom left for their future home amid showers of rice and confetti, followed by the best wishes of their many friends.

NOTICE TO PUPILS.

Mrs. Greenslade will not resume her classes until Monday, January 6.

DIED

BRUNDRETT—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. T. Barrie, 760 George street, Peterborough, on January 1, 1919, Jane A. Cranston, wife of the late Wm. Brundrett, in her 71st year. Funeral private, Friday, Jan. 3, at 1:30 p.m.; interment at Little Lake Cemetery.

DEROCHER—At her home, 48 McDonnel street, May Burns, beloved wife of James Derocher. Funeral at 9 o'clock Saturday morning from the late residence to St. Peter's cemetery.

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Whatever your form of Eye Trouble we can help you. Eye Trouble does not always indicate poor vision. See us and see better.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

NO PRACTICE TONIGHT.

There will be no practice of Trinity Church choir tonight.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
225 Hunter Street. Phone 2245.

WOOD FOR SALE

Quantity of Wood for sale, $2.00 a load, and deliver yourself. Cartage charges extra. Apply 125 James street, or Ashburnham Wharf.

STRAYED

From the premises of Lot 2, Concession 12, Harvey. Two yearling Heifers marked with leather tag in the right ear. Information regarding same will be gratefully received by E. B. McKENTY,
Hale's Bridge, P.O

NEW YEAR'S DANCE

January 3rd, 1919, W. O. W. Hall, under auspices of A. B. Y. H. Club. Tucker's Orchestra. Refreshments. Tickets, 75c a couple.

PETER ROBINSON CHAPT., I.O.D.E.

The regular monthly meeting of the Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. will be postponed until a later date, but there will be a special meeting Monday evening at 7:30 in the Library to make arrangements for the dance on January 10.

ST. JOHN'S CHOIR.

St. John's choir will not meet for practice tonight. Boys will practise as usual on Saturday at 9 a.m. in the school house.

KNOX CHOIR.

There will be a rehearsal of the choir of Knox Church tonight at 8 o'clock.

ST. LUKE'S CHOIR.

St. Luke's choir will not rehearse this evening.

POPULAR TRAIN WITH TOURISTS

THE G. T. NATIONAL RUN THOUGHT FINEST SCENERY IN CANADA.

Travellers between Western and Eastern Canada appreciate the high standard of railway service afforded by "The National"—the splendid train which operates between Winnipeg and Toronto, east and west bound. This through train uses the rails of the Canadian Government Lines from Winnipeg to Cochrane, the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario (owned by the Ontario Government), from Cochrane to North Bay, and the Grand Trunk from North Bay to Toronto.

"The National's" trip between the Manitoba Capital and the Queen City of the East is one of 1,256 miles. The departure from Winnipeg is at 3.30 in the afternoon and Cochrane is reached the following night. This is a wonderfully interesting trip through the sparsely populated territory of New Ontario, giving the traveller an opportunity of inspecting this fertile region, including the famed clay belt, where tens of thousands of settlers will make their homes in the future. The area of New Ontario is 330,000 square miles, fully four times the size of Old Ontario, and, in addition to great expanses of good farming land, it has wonderful resources in timber, minerals, water power, fish and game.

"The National" next threads the rich districts served by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario, including the Cobalt silver camp and the Timagami Forest Reserve. There is a daylight run over the Grand Trunk through "The Highlands of Ontario," comprising the beautiful "Lake of Bays," Muskoka Lakes and other holiday resorts.

The three railways combine to make the passenger service over this new road the equal of that offered anywhere on the Continent. The smooth, straight, and level roadbed embodies all that has been learned in three-quarters of a century of railroad building. The greatest travel comfort is therefore assured.

OBITUARY

MRS. GEO. K. SIMPSON.

Mrs. George K. Simpson passed away after a few days' illness of heart trouble, this morning at the family home, Lot 6, Con. 10, North Monaghan, aged 71 years.

She is survived by a family of two sons and three daughters, Hugh, of Lynthrope, Sask.; George, at home; Mrs. Thomas Robinson and Mrs. W. J. Pritchard, Millbrook, and Miss Elisabeth, at home.

On Saturday at 1:30 p.m. the funeral will be held from deceased's late residence to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. Benj. Greenfix conducting the services.

MRS. JAMES GLENDENNING.

Mrs. James Glendenning passed away yesterday morning in Nicholls Hospital in her 27th year.

She leaves the husband and three sisters, aslo two brothers residing in this city.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

STINSON—BROWN.

Miss Hazel Alta Brown, daughter of Mr. Thomas Brown, 277 John St., city, was united in marriage to William Harold Stinson of Manvers township on New Year's Day, at Trinity parsonage, by Rev. F. E. Malott.

Mr. and Mrs. Stinson will reside in Manvers township.

Mr. Willard Westlake spent the holiday in the city.

Miss C. Littlefield spent the holiday with friends in Ottawa.

Mr. J. E. Allen of Millbrook is spending the holiday with Dr. King, Gilmour street.

Mrs. John Birnie spent the holiday in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Glen of Percy are spending the week-end with Mrs. E. Ivey, 415 Stewart street.

Miss Vining of Toronto is visiting Mrs. (Dr.) Scott, Hunter street.

Major Keith Loch of Montreal is in the city spending New Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. K. G. Loch, Stewart street.

Lieut. V. Eastwood has returned to Leaside after spending the Christmas holidays at his home here.

Mr. J. M. Greene, who has been confined to his home for the past week, is able to be around again at his business.

Mrs. F. H. Claude Bartlett and baby Ellis arrived from overseas on Monday, December 30.

Miss Margaret Hall, Water street and Miss Ida Lynn, Sophia street, spent the holiday in Orillia. Miss Lynn sang at the Babcock-Vanderburg wedding in the Methodist Church on New Year's Day.

Mr. Kenneth Grieve of Napanee is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Ed. Huff, Gilmour street. Mr. Grieve attended the presentation of "Miss Blue Eyes," at the Grand and was much impressed with the appearance of the opera house.

The funeral will be held from the home of Mrs. James, 570 Sherbrooke street, at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. Canon Davidson conducting the services.

OLIVE JESSIE BASTEDO.

There passed away at Bracebridge of pneumonia on January 1, 1919, Olive Jessie, youngest daughter of D. E. Bastedo.

Deceased was a sister of Mrs. W. E. Bastedo, of Kingston, who was recently married to Miss Bessie Reid of this city.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

3 Days Commencing To-Night

Jan. 2-3-4

The Biggest Sensation in the Moving Picture World
CAPTAIN BRUCE BAIRNSFATHER'S
"The Better 'ole"
From the Famous London Stage Success.
"The Romance of Old Bill"
Also
Three weeks at the Allen Theatre, Toronto and still running at Massey Hall.

4 Performances Daily 4

Matinees, 2.15 and 4 p.m.—Prices, 15c and 25c; Children, 10c
Evening, 7.30 and 9.15—Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c
Same Prices as in Toronto

MONDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1919
MATINEE 2.30 p.m. EVENING 7.30 p.m.
HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES
BIG AMATEUR CONTEST.
We are arranging an attractive program for this day. Send your name in early to the box office if you wish to enter the Amateur Contest. Cash prizes.
MATINEE 10c. EVENING 15c

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1919
Coming here exactly as it was presented before H.R.H., the Duke of Devonshire, and Vice-Regal Suite, last Saturday evening in Ottawa.
NEW YORK'S SUPREME COMEDY SUCCESS
Turn TO THE Right
A play of "THE WANDERING BOY," and his crook pals—Also of a sweet, dear mother.
Only plays one week in Ontario after RETURN engagements in Toronto and Montreal.
"A bomb filled with golden laughter, and a real tonic for a nation weary of war and epidemic."—Montreal Star.
SEAT SALE OPENS AT THEATRE, SATURDAY, 10 a.m.
Prices, $1.00, 75, 50 and 25 Cents

CONCERT JANUARY 8.

The second concert of the Redpath Lyceum series under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music will be given on Wednesday evening next, January 8th, by the Knight-McGregor Company.

For To-Night Only Last Chance

ROYAL THEATRE

For To-Night Only Last Chance

CORINNE GRIFFITH
In Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature
"Miss Ambition"

High-Class Vitagraph Drama by Albert G. Smith entitled:

MISS AMBITION

In 5 Parts with Corinne Griffith in the Principal Parts.

Admission
AFTERNOONS
15c
EVENINGS
Ground Floor
20c
Balcony
15c
No War Tax

Entire Change TO-MORROW

12 Reels — Extra Special with the Exclusive Right to Royal. The One and Only — Charlie Chaplin

In the New Million Dollar Comedy Series A DOG'S LIFE

First Episode—First Three-Reel Feature—"The Greatest Comedy of all times"—Will Rock the World with Laughter

The Royal Starts the New Year with a New Thrilling Serial:

First Episode

THE IRON TEST

The Latest and Greatest Photo-Play by Albert Smith with Antonio Moreno and Carol Holloway in the Principal Parts. First Episode in Two Parts.

THE RING OF FIRE

Extra Special Vitagraph Comedy in 2 Parts

BIG V COMEDY

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Westerly winds, becoming colder; a few show flurries. Saturday—Fair and quite cold.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a lasting advertising medium that pays.

40th YEAR No. 2 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

NEBY FAINTED ON THE SCAFFOLD

AS PREACHER RECITED LORD'S PRAYER TORONTO MURDERER COLLAPSED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 3.—In a state of physical collapse, despite the administration of drugs by the jail officials, Hassan Neby, the Albanian, was hanged today for the murder of George Tucker, a C. P. R. bridge worker, on May 19 of last year. Neby protested his innocence to the last, and fainted when the Lord's Prayer was being recited. Life was not extinct for seventeen minutes.

President Wilson Welcomed To Italy

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Rome, Jan. 3.—President Wilson arrived in Rome at 10:25 o'clock this morning. He was received at the station by King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena, members of the government and representatives of the local authorities. An immense crowd welcomed the President with the greatest enthusiasm. The newspapers unite in their welcome to the President.

Asks Amnesty For 1,500 Objectors

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 3.—A petition signed by a number of prominent Englishmen has been presented to Mr. Lloyd George, asking for the release of 1,500 conscientious objectors.

REACHED HEIGHT OF 30,000 FEET

AMERICAN AVIATOR BREAKS RECORD FOR HIGH FLYING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 3.—Flying a British airplane at Ipswich yesterday, Capt. Lang, an American, established a new altitude record, reaching a height of 30,000 feet. Observer Blowers, who accompanied Capt. Lang, collapsed when his oxygen bottle broke, but recovered. Both men were frost bitten during their flight.

Heinrich Oelrich, a German, held the altitude record that was broken by Capt. Lank. Oelrich reached a height of 26,246 feet.

How Temperature Varies In Canada

DIFFERENCE OF 78 DEGREES DEVELOPED IN 24 HOURS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 3.—Canada's "infinite variety" in the matter of temperatures is emphasized by the Meteorological Observatory's records today, indicating a difference of seventy-eight degrees in extremes developed during twenty-four hours. The coldest point reporting was Winnipeg where the mercury dropped to thirty below zero, while Halifax perspired with furs on at forty-eight degrees above. In Ontario there was a difference of fifty-eight degrees between the extremes, with twenty-six below at White River, at 32 above at Kingston.

NEW YEAR'S HONORS.

Sir Louis Davies, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada (1), and Mr. Justice L. M. Duff, also of the Supreme Court (2), have been appointed members of the Imperial Privy Council and are, therefore, entitled to the prefix "Right Honorable." The Premier of Newfoundland has been knighted and becomes Sir William Lloyd (3).

GERMAN PAPER CALLS UPON CABINET TO RESIST POLES

But Prussian Minister Says It Is Too Late Now to Stop Invasion as Troops Cannot Be Assembled for Purpose.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Dec. 3.—A protest against "abject surrender to the Poles," which is advocated by Herr Ernst of the Prussian Ministry, is printed by the Beitung Am Mittag today. The Minister, who has just returned from the border declares that while invasion by the Poles could have been prevented a fortnight ago, the situation is now hopeless, and that Germany could not regain the territory occupied by the Poles even with the division ordered to the district—a division, he declared, which it was now impossible to assemble.

The Zeitung Am Mittag declares that these statements cannot be true and it asks why the Government has done nothing in the matter. It characterizes the attitude of the Government as "Chinese apathy."

The Zeitung Am Mittag also expresses disuiet over the exacuation of Riga by the Germans and the danger of a Bolshevik invasion of Germany.

The Government members are in session today and are reported to be considering what action to take for the protection of German cities from the Poles.

ONE OF THE FALLEN.

Amongst the many Asquithites who went to defeat in the British elections was Rt. Hon. Reginald McKenna, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, who was defeated in Pontypool, Wales, by a big majority.

American Admiral Would Sink Ships

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 3.—The destruction of all capital ships of the German navy surrendered to the Allies was recommended to the House naval affairs committee today by Rear-Admiral Rodman who commanded the American fleet in the North Sea during the war.

U.S. TRANSPORT HARD AGROUND

FIFTEEN HUNDRED TROOPS RESCUED AND AS MANY LEFT ON BOARD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 3.—Information that approximately one thousand troops, including some of the wounded, had been removed from the transport Northern Pacific, aground at Fare Island, was received by the Navy Department officials here at 10:30 a.m. today. This indicated that fewer than 1,500 soldiers remained on board, and the work of removing these in small boats and with breeches buoy was progressing favorably, it was said.

BOLSHEVIK PAMPHLETS.

Flood of Them Sweeps Over the City of Brantford.

Brantford, Jan. 3. — A flood of pamphlets entitled "The Red Terror of Russia," pro-Bolshevik in opinion, has swept over the city. The police are taking up the matter.

and places of meeting for the five evenings of next week will appear in tomorrow's papers.

COLD WAVE BOUND TOWARD ONTARIO

ZERO WEATHER IN CHICAGO AND STATES OF MIDDLE WEST.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Chicagoans scurried to work today in a temperature of four degrees below zero, with the assurance from the weather forecaster that it would be colder before it became warmer. The city health commissioner and other physicians declared the cold weather had brought a lessening in the number of influenza cases. Rigid weather prevailed throughout the Middle West, practically every state reporting the lowest temperature of the winter. The cold wave is bound east toward Ontario.

Premier Talks Like Statesman

Warsaw, Tuesday.—Andreas Moraczewski, the Polish premier, said today: "I desire to see Poland inhabited only by Poles. I do not favor giving special autonomy and schools to the Jews, but do believe in giving them their civic rights if they perform their civic duties."

Germans Prepare To Resist Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Jan. 3.—Several German army corps have been concentrated on the border between Posen and Prussia, according to the Nachrichten of Frankfort. Germany, it is added, has decided to defend her rights to the Province of Posen.

HUN TROOPS MUST HELP THE ALLIES

GERMAN PAPER FORECASTS A RENEWAL OF HOSTILITIES BY THE ENTENTE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 3.—Reports from German Scandinavian sources of British naval and military activities in the provinces have created a demand by the British press for a clear statement of the government's policy regarding Russia. According to the Deutsche Tages Zeitung of Berlin, the British have presented an ultimatum to the Germa supreme command that the German troops must not only prevent a further advance by the Bolsheviki, but must retake Volk and Venden. If this order is not carried out, the German paper says, the Entente will march into Germany. There is no confirmation of these reports from any official source.

Preparing For The Peace Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 3.—After a preliminary conference between the four great Allied Powers which will open on January 13th, says the Journal, there will be a second conference, at which the other allied states will be consulted on questions interesting them. These two preparatory conferences will be held at the French foreign office. The peace congress proper, the paper adds, will be held at Versailles. The debates will not be made public, but reports will be issued daily.

PARENTS WARNED TO KEEP CHILDREN OFF THE STREETS

Boys Under 16 Must Not Be Out After 9 p.m. Law Says—Employment in Pool Room Illegal.

G. W. Powell, local agent of the Children's Aid Society, calls the attention of the parents of the city to the common practice of many children of frequenting the streets and other places of public resort after 9 o'clock at night, which is strictly against the law.

There are children under the age of 16 years employed in several of the bowling alleys setting up pins until long after the hour mentioned in the Act, and when approached upon the subject the managers of these places were ready and willing to comply with the regulation providing the Y.M.C.A. and T.A.S. did likewise.

Children do not frequent the poolrooms or billiard parlors of the city because they are placed out of bounds by law, but there are other places which are not, and, although the Y.M.C.A. and the T.A.S. are societies carrying on a good work in the community, they apparently come within the meaning of the term "public places,' although the agent is not quite sure upon this point and has applied to the proper authorities for a reliable interpretation of this part of the Act.

At present the children remain in the Y.M.C.A. until 9:30, and it is claimed by the officials of the Association that if they turn them out half an hour earlier it is very questionable whether they will go home. Mr. Powell claims that this could easily be assured, as a few could be made examples of should they loiter on the streets.

Children who remain away from their homes after 9 o'clock have little or no time to spend at their studies, and it is for this reason that the Children's Aid Society are interested in the matter.

Boys who sell the Toronto papers which do not arrive until 9 o'clock at night, are also breaking the law, and this practice must be stopped or action will be taken against the employers or the parents.

A fine of $1 for the first offence and $2 and $5 for the second and third is provided by law.

The following clauses of the Children's Protection Act throw a great deal of light upon the subject:

"A child shall mean a boy or girl actually or apparently under sixteen years of age."—Clause 2 (a).

"A public place shall mean a street, highway, or lane, whether a thoroughfare or not, and a tavern or other place of public resort and generally any place to which the public have or are permitted to have access."—Clause 2 (k).

"No child shall loiter in any public place after 9 o'clock in the evening or be there unless accompanied by his parents or guardian or adult appointed by the parents or guardian to accompany such child." — Clause 17 (1).

ENDORSED BY GLASGOW.

One of the most important victories in the British elections was that of Hon. G. N. Barnes, Minister of Labor, who had 7,000 majority in the Gorbals division of Glasgow against a Bolshevik candidate and thus administered a rebuke to the red flag folk of the big Scotch city.

RETURNED SOLDIERS TELL OF LIFE ON THE NORTHLAND

Government Enquiry Into Their Treatment on Board Transport Begun at Ottawa—Witnesses Complain of Food and Sleeping Accommodations.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 3.—Returned soldiers opened their story of the Northland inquiry this morning and their complaints were largely regarding the bunking and the way food was served to them. The Christmas dinner, served when the Northland was in Halifax harbor, consisted, according to the description of one soldier, of one pork chop with one and a half inches of fat and the Christmas pudding, served by hand instead of dishes, was passably good.

The Northland was then quarantined. The men had been told to take down their mattresses, which were piled around. They had to eat their dinner the best way they could. The mattresses gave out musty odor, and it was most unpleasant, said one witness. It was stated there was not enough food or room.

Twenty-four bunked in the same room and the bunks looked like coffins. Men who had been wounded found it difficult to climb to the top bunks.

Water Was Scarce.

The scarcity of drinking water, as well as water for washing purposes was complained of. Witnesses said that for the last three days on the ship they could not get a drink of water. Most of them purchased soda water from the canteen, to satisfy their thirst. One witness said that in stormy weather the latrines overflowed into the cabins, causing most unhealthy conditions.

WHOLE WORLD AT PRAYER

Next Sunday is a very special day all over the Christian world. It begins the week of prayer, and this year the people have to return thanks for that for which they have prayed for ever four years. If the Christian people believe that the victory is of the Lord there will be no excuses when it comes to this special hour of world-wide thanksgiving.

To insure the presence of every member of every family at the House of God next Sunday morning and evening is a matter which will require planning ahead, and some real sacrifices; but, in our distress, we cried unto God and felt that no sacrifice would be too great if only He would give us victory and peace. These have come, and the old year has gone with its strife and sorrow and the first full week of the new year is to have world-wide celebration in special services.

What will Peterborough do on Sunday? Shall we "Crowd His gates with thankful songs:" Where there is sickness, it is another matter, but nothing less should be allowed to interfere with the presence in the church of every member of each family—young and old.

The list of subjects, speakers

HON. F. B. CARVELL WILL BE IN PETERBORO JANUARY 8

Minister of Public Works Will Address a Mass Meeting in the Opera House.

On January 8th Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works, will visit Peterborough for the first time. At 8 o'clock in the evening of that day there will be a meeting in the Grand Opera House, to which all citizens of the city—ladies and gentlemen—are invited. His Worship Mayor Duncan will preside, and the city's illustrious visitor will give an address. The people of Peterborough are urged to attend.

Mr. Carvell comes to the city as a result of the representations of a delegation composed of Capt. Burnham, M.P., Mayor Duncan, City Clerk Armstrong and ex-Ald. Jones, which waited upon him in Ottawa not long since in connection with the erection of the new post office and customs house building, the dry dock in Ashburnham, and the proposed assumption by the Dominion Government of a part of the cost of the construction of the Hunter street bridge.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works in the Union Government, is the member for the constituency of Carleton, N. B. He is a lawyer, and in 1907 was created a K.C. He represented his county in the Legislature between 1899 and 1900, and in the latter year was the successful candidate for the House of Commons. He was elected member of the Dominion Parliament at the general election in 1904, was re-elected in 1908 and in 1911. As a member of the Liberal opposition he was one of the bitterest critics of the Borden administration and is considered one of the ablest debaters and most forcible public speakers in the country.

It is safe to say that Mr. Carvell was the outstanding figure of the Opposition during the closing period of the Conservative Government, and as such was prominent in the investigations into the Allister charges and other cases of alleged political chicanery which engaged the attention of the country during the parliamentary session of 1917.

HON. F. B. CARVELL
Minister of Public Works in the Union Cabinet.

ALD.-ELECT MURRAY MAY NOT QUALIFY

HAS A SMALL CONTRACT WITH THE CITY INVOLVING 25 CENTS A YEAR.

Ald.-elect Murray, who stood fifth in the aldermanic poll may not qualify, as he is likely to be debarred by a technicality. He says he will make no attempt to take the seat unless his title to it is perfectly clear. He has consulted Mr. G. N. Gordon in the matter and will be governed by his advice.

Some years ago Mr. Murray built a fence around his home at the corner of Park and Sherbrooke streets, and encroached slightly on the city line. It was finally agreed to leave him the expense of moving the fence provided he paid the city the nominal rental of 25 cents a year. That contract is still in force, and it is the breach that separates Mr. Murray from the position to which he was so triumphantly elected.

No one was more surprised than Mr. Murray himself when this point was raised. He declares that he will not make the declaration of office so long as there is a shadow of doubt as to his right.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919

MARRIAGES OF ROYALTY.

THE LIGHT AND AIRY romancer is still on duty. Deprived as he is from weaving more readable fiction about the war, he turns himself to the more pleasing task of speculating in affairs of love. The latest story evolved from the romancer's fertile brain is that King George and the Prince of Wales are to visit the United States next summer and that the future heir to the throne of the Empire will in all probability choose an American bride in order to cement the good feeling that now exists between the two nations. It is not stated whether the Prince will display the business instinct that characterises the titled bachelors of his country by seeking a bride with a fortune or will be influenced in his choice by other less material considerations.

The story is gauzy. If the Prince of Wales does cross the ocean, there is no reason on earth why he should not choose a bride either in the United States or in Canada, if his fancy, lightly or otherwise, leads him in that direction. Even if he broke all precedents and took a wife from among the commoners at home, the Empire would not be rocked to its foundations. no cherished institutions would collapse, in the present democratic temper of the British people.

There was a time when international marriages were supposed to promote amicable relations between the countries interested, but the recent records of history are all against such a theory. Royal houses in Europe have married and intermarried and yet for the past four years have striven to destroy each other. The king who goes outside of his own domain for a bride is often acquiring official and domestic troubles for himself. The ex-king of Greece, the late czar of Russia and other unfortunate benedicts are outstanding examples. It is the wise king or prospective king these days who will select a wife from among his own people instead of making a matrimonial alliance with some daughter of Hetia. Then in the event of war he can be assured at least of domestic felicity instead of a wife striving to upset all the traditions and frustrate all the plans of her adopted country. Anyway, any young man who is thought worthy to be trusted with the sceptre of an empire should be sufficiently endowed mentally with the ability to make his own choice of a life partner.

IF CANADA HAD AN ELECTION.

THE GENERAL ELECTION in Britain was held under somewhat similar conditions that would prevail here if the same event had been ordered. The election was called before peace was declared, and the prospect was that the voting would be carried on while hostilities were still active. The signing of the armistice, however, did not change the issues. The Government that had carried the war to a successful conclusion, regardless of the party name of that Government, was put on trial and came through the ordeal just as triumphantly as the Empire emerged from the war. The voters of Britain arrayed themselves into two great camps, the war party and the pacifists, the war critics being included in the latter designation, and the war party won.

The situation in Canada is not unlike that which prevails at the centre of the Empire. Both countries have their overshadowing problems arising out of the war. There were luke-warm government supporters in Britain; there are such supporters here. One country, like the other, has its rabid oppositionists to the thorough prosecution of the war. If Britain has its Irish problem, the government at Ottawa has been no less embarrassed by the obstacles that one of the provinces has insisted upon placing in the pathway of military activity. The Sinn Feiners and the Nationalists really carry the same brand, though the field of endeavor for each class may be different.

All other issues were submerged in the war when the electors of Britain went to the polls. The Liberal party that had been triumphant for years before the war broke out, and which at one time seemed destined to hold control indefinitely, has been practically swept away. The Conservatives or Unionists are in the majority, or at least hold the balance of power among all the elements. The Nationalists have disappeared to all intents and purposes, but only to be replaced by the more rabid Sinn Feiners, who go a step further than their predecessors and demand outright independence for Ireland. If the home rule bill already on the statute books had been given effect on January 1, 1915, according to the terms of the measure, a measure that had been passed twice by overwhelming majorities in the British Parliament, it is likely that all this trouble would have been avoided, and that with Ulster excluded, as arranged for, Ireland would have been pacific today and there would have been none of the friction that marked its relations with the Mother Country throughout the war. Had the deferred home rule bill been given effect in 1914 as intimated at the time of its postponement, then, too, there might have been something at least approaching harmony where now there is only discord.

It must be admitted that the Irish question is more acute today than at any time in the unhappy history of that island. The Sinn Feiners are certain to make trouble. On his past record as a member of the Asquith Government, Lloyd George stands committed to home rule, but when he attempts to deal with the matter now his way is likely to be blocked by the Unionists who were elected on his supporters.

The British premier has ostensibly a tremendous majority behind him, but his position is more or less precarious from a political standpoint. The domestic problems which he has to face are serious, much serious, really, than was the conduct of the war upon which the country was practically united. Lloyd George was given all but unanimous support in his struggle against Prussianism. The same party that was a unit in that matter is likely to resolve itself into factions when confronted with some of the questions that concern the internal economy of the Empire.

But Lloyd George is given credit for the winning of the war, so far as victory depended upon statesmanship at home. He has received his reward in the shape of a tremendous popular majority. The women's and the soldiers' vote were unknown quantities before the election, but each class used its franchise in the interests of the party that helped the Allied cause to success.

What happened in Britain would be repeated in Canada if an appeal were made to the country today. Premier Borden has placed his country in the front rank of the nations of the world. If he could do this in war, he can be trusted to accomplish the same in peace. There would be no doubt of the result if an appeal were made now to the Canadian public. The verdict would be an emphatic approval of the Government's record during the most trying time of Canadian history. There are discordant elements here just as there were in Britain, but these were buried under the loyal sentiments of the majority. One thing is certain, the people would never consent to commit the destiny of a country to a party that would have deserted the Canadian soldiers just when help was needed to save the cause of freedom and the Empire from annihilation.

AID TO RETURNED MEN.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

THE MEN FROM OVERSEAS are to be discharged from the army on the day they arrive at the dispersal station of their home district. The last official act of the Department of Militia, before the men dispense to their homes, released by their discharged certificates from any further military service, will be to hand each man a substantial cheque. Deferred pay is due to the single men, post discharge pay to all men with one year's service or more, and civilian clothing allowances to every man. The cheques issued to the men by the paymaster at the dispersal station are hardly likely in any instance to be less than one hundred dollars; in many instances they may exceed one thousand dollars.

Every man will naturally want to spend a few days looking around, enjoying the novelty of being in civilian clothes again, with feelings of relief on being restored to civil home life in Canada. The careful men will let very little time elapse, however, before setting out to find employment for himself. He will have been told about the department of civil re-establishment, a federal government department created especially to be of service to him during the time when he is getting back to steady employment in private enterprise or civil industry. A provincial government organization called the Returned Soldiers' Commission will also possibly have a representative in every city and town. It has been decided between the federal and provincial authorities that the returned men should first call for a talk over general plans and to get in touch with the federal employment service and other helpful opportunities, through the Provincial Returned Soldiers' Commission.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

PROBABLY the German Reds are merely flushed with the joys of peace.

• • • • •

LLOYD GEORGE may be a wonder and a Welshman, but Mike no longer in either category.

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THE DAY of miracles is not past. Look what has been accomplished during the year 1918.

• • • • •

THE AVERAGE aldermanic slate is too brittle. What is needed is something of the toughness of parchment.

• • • • •

CANADA is to get orders for timber worth fifty million dollars to rebuild Europe. This will make lucrative work for thousands.

• • • • •

BLESSED INDEED are the peacemakers in Europe for theirs is the duty of restoring harmony to a war-shattered world.

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THE WORLD will remain unsafe for democracy until something more in the way of restrictions are placed upon the automobilist.

• • • • •

THAT POLISH ARMY is still marching on Berlin. It is an old grudge, but it seems that in the settlement of such matters there is no statute of limitations.

• • • • •

WHEN WILL TORONTO wake up to the fact that it would be cheaper in the end to give Mayor Church a life lease on his present job?

• • • • •

AN EXCHANGE says that, technically, the world is not at peace, but even so, present conditions are a vast improvement over those which prevailed less than a year ago.

• • • • •

THE ALDERMEN just elected should be bigger and better men than ever and realize their increased responsibility. Each of them represents the entire city instead of half a ward.

• • • • •

A MAIL FROM HOME has reached the troops of Canada in Siberia. The men will be surprised to learn from some of the newspapers that they are not needed there or are on the new duty against their will.

• • • • •

"THE PITCHER oft goes to the well, but it is broke at last." Old "Pat" Meehan, father of the St. Thomas council, a member of that body for thirty-seven years, and the hero of over a score of elections, was defeated for the first time Wednesday.

• • • • •

WILL THE PROVINCIAL Government reduce the high cost of marriage by cutting the price for the necessary license from $5 to the old $2 ante-war figure? This would certainly be doing something for the returned soldiers.

• • • • •

THE LATEST CABLE on the subject says that Premier Borden will personally represent Canada at the peace conference. What country has a better right to representation or what man a better right to speak for the Canadians?

Salvation Army Greets New Babies

The problem of providing for the comfort of the many English brides —and Scotch and Irish brides, too— of the returned soldier, until they are settled in Canada, is engaging the attention of The Salvation Army. Recently at St. John, N.B., a transport arrived with a large number of women and children, a great many of the latter being infants.

The Chief Secretary, Colonel McMillan, was in St. John, and, learning of the expected arrival of so many women and children, he called together the Salvation Army Officers and made arrangements for the meeting of this boat. Mrs. Ensign Condie took charge of the women workers.

"We decided," writes the Colonel, "that we would procure a good supply of babies' bottles, also some fresh milk and a supply of nipples for bottles, as well as comforters. Then, too, we had scores of little face-cloths, pieces of toilet soap and small tins of talcum powder, and a number of strips of flannel, a quantity of oil of peppermint, vaseline, cough candy, small handkerchiefs for the children, needles and thread, and in addition tapes, safety pins, etc. We also arranged to get a gross of cups and saucers and a dozen big teapots and boilers for making tea.

"The ship came up in the morning about nine o'clock. It was snowing a wet, sloppy snow. The decks were crowded with soldiers, and standing amongst them were many young women with their babies. As soon as the ship pulled in and the gangway was thrown across, another Salvationist and I were amongst the first who climbed on board. We were greeted everywhere with cries of 'Good old Army!' In the name of the Salvation Army in Canada I bade all the boys on deck a hearty welcome back to their own country. I then went back to the dining-room, where most of the women and children were waiting. It would have done one good to have seen the look of pleasure with which this fine body of women greeted the uniform. Our first encounter was with a big Canadian soldier, who came to us and said, 'You are just the people who can help men in my difficulty?' 'What is your difficulty?' 'Well, my wife has twins and I have to fall in with the troops on deck, and would like some one to help her to look after the babies on shore.' 'Of course we will look after them.' Then there was another woman who was not at all well, and she had five children, and unfortunately her husband was not with her, so we took the whole let under our wing.

"When they left the ship, we had relays of women meet the mothers when they stepped off at the bottom of the gangway, take their babies from them, and conduct them to the waiting room. Necessarily there was some delay before they could take the train, and it was during this interval that our women did very splendid work, and where their forethought told. Dozens and dozens of babies' suits had been procured, and words of mine cannot express the gratitude of these young mothers for this thoughtfulness. One little baby appeared to be very ill: Mrs. Condie saw it, applied some liniment she had, wrapped it in a warm flannel, and in a little time it had quite recovered. You can imagine the gratitude of the parents.

"While we were in the sheds all kinds of people came to us. One distressed fellow asked us to help him with regard to his wife, who was coming on a later boat, as she had been unable to procure passage with him —would we see that someone met and looked after her? Another woman had secured passage, but her husband, a French-Canadian, had been detained. How could she get in touch with her husbands people who were living in Quebec? In relays we stood by the whole day, until the last train pulled out about ten o'clock at night.

"To fill in the time of waiting Adjutant Best distributed postcards, which we afterwards collected and posted. Then, too, we arranged, as we were sending wires to all the main centres, if anyone gave us the name and address, we would see that their wire was sent on. Naturally, there was quite a rush."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Me and pop was eating brekfist, pop getting 2 eggs and me ony getting one on account of eggs being so high, and pop sed, Benny, as I have remarked for the past sevrel mornings your hair is an unlovely site. if you don't have it cut by the time I retern home this eevning you and I are going to have trouble, espeshilly you.

And I started to go erroune to the barbers every wunts in a wile, and I kepp on putting it off and putting it off till I forgot about it and put it all the way off, and tonite at suppir pop looked at my hair, saying, young man.

Sir? I sed.

Did I tell you to do sumthing at brekfist this morning? sed pop.

Yes, sir, I sed.

And wat did I tell you to do? sed pop.

Do you meen at brekfist? I sed.

That was the meel, sed pop.

You told me to set up strate wen I ate and not to leen over like the statue of Venus diving into the soft boiled egg, I sed.

So I did, sed pop, and wat elte did I tell you to do?

At brekfist? I sed.

Brekfist, dayjunay in French, sed pop.

You told me to hand you the butter, I sed.

O, indeed, and did you do it? sed pop.

Yes, sir, I sed, and pop sed, But theres sumthing elts you failed to do, issent there?

Yes sir, I sed, and pop sed, and youve a fairly accurate ideer of wat it is, haven't you? and I sed, Yes sir, and pop sed, And if I tell you to remane in the house this eevning youll know wat for, wont you?

Yes sir, I sed.

Well, I tell you to, sed pop.

Wich I did.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says we don't hear so much talk about twilight sleep as we used to and personally she thinks 10 o'clock is early enough for anybody.

Swiss Government has sent protest to the Soviet Government of Russia relative to the latter's action in preventing the departure of the Swiss Legation and staff from Russia.

TODAY'S STORY

The war has made a wonderful difference in many of our customs and in none more than in weddings. The latter ceremonies have been shorn of much of the display that formerly characterised them. Wedding breakfasts and luxurious bride cakes have disappeared through the severity of the rationing restrictions and even the dresses of the bride and her bridesmaids are less ornate than formerly, though not less expensive, says a clergyman writing in a London Daily. I have known some strange weddings in my time.

I recall one village wedding at which all the bridal party went to the church riding on donkeys as though to proclaim what asses they were.

Another wedding attracted attention from the fact that the bride and bridegroom who were both past sixty ought to have sobered down, went to church with their friends in a farm cart which literally "shot out" its load at the gate as though they had been a ton of coal. The people wore their ordinary every-day attire except that the men had on clean smocks and tall silk hats! While in place of bouquets the ladies carried bunches of carrots and turnips. As they came to church so they went away, ascending to the cart by a ladder they had brought with them. But the most remarkable wedding I can remember is that of a young man of 23 to a widow of 70, whose nuptials aroused enormous interest in the little town. They were followed to the church by a big crowd some of the boisterous member of which carried flags, while one man wore a hat a yard high. The scenes outside were nothing to what occurred in the church, where the bride's son, boiling over with indignation, awaited the party. As soon as his mother appeared he seized her, lifted her on his shoulder, and endeavored to carry her out of the building, but she struggled so strenuously that she succeeded in getting away and reached the expectant bridegroom, the ceremony proceeding without further interruption. How the marriage turned out I cannot say.

One idea of a loud mouthed man is one who is able to make himself heard in a room where there are a dozen women.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable woman's medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE Cook MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Windsor, Ont.)

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 6

Vote for Rye

FOR REEVE OF NORTH MONAGHAN

No pre-election promises, but, if elected, more consistent work in the interests of the Township.

To the Electors:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It is impossible for me to see you all personally before election day, so take this means of letting you know that I am again in the field to respectfully solicit your vote and influence, and, if elected, will endeavor to work for the best interests of the whole Township.

Yours respectfully,

H. B. RYE

Your Vote and Influence Respectfully Solicited for

JOHN McINTOSH

For Re-Election as Reeve for North Monaghan for 1919

A candidate who stands for conducting municipal affairs in a business-like manner.

Polling Day, January 6

1919

EDITOR'S MAIL

Editor Review: Regarding the visit of the Hon. F. B. Carvell to Peterborough at the invitation of the Mayor and city may I be permitted to say that besides having him speak at the meeting in the Opera House on the proposed public works here, he should be asked to speak on insuratime relationships.

Mr. Carvell is a man of great ability and frankness. He is not one of those who leave difficulties worse than they find them through that form of incapacity known as discretion. He can think, speak and act and should be heard by everyman who takes an interest in the world-wide complications now awaiting as pestment.

The return from conditions of war to conditions of peace is as important as peremptory, and difficult as was the winning further conditions of peace to those of war, or nearly so. The reconstruction conference called in December in the U. S. was the largest gathering of business men ever held in the U. S. Two things stand out prominently in all the reports of these conferences. One is the necessity of going on with all manner of public works of a necessary character, without delay. The other is the desire for better industrial relations between capital and labour.

It would take too long to go into the whole matter, but it is clear that the question of capital and labour can only be solved on what may be called a partnership basis. In partnership alone is there the full assurance of a settlement of this problem. It will make for content, for justice, for efficiency, for business methods, for industrial peace, for steady employment and for an organised and united nationhood. No longer will their then continue so-called freedom of action and of trade which results so often in the triumph of the few over the unorganised efforts of the many. Both sides and all sides must discover a fair method of doing business for employer, wage-earner and consumer. This the Government in every nation should feel it necessary to see to. Mr. Cavell should speak of it. It is not a greater human matter and may be the best result after all of, the disturbance of industry, due to the great war and the resumption of the condition of peace.

J. H. BURNHAM.

CANADA'S PENSION BILL

Maximum Will be Reached in Two Years Time

Ottawa, Jan. 3.—The Minister of Finance has furnished Sir Robert Borden with an estimate of the total amount of Canada's pension obligations. The pensions commissioners are of the opinion that the maximum of pensions will not be reached for eighteen months or two years. They will probably remain at this maximum for five years and be gradually reduced until their termination.

An actuarial calculation estimates a total cost of $448,000,000, calculated on a three per cent. basis, or $390,000,000 calculated on a four per cent basis, or $345,000,000 on a five per cent basis. These sums represent the amounts of money as of today which, at the rates of interest mentioned should take care of Canada's pension obligations arising out of the war.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

He's an active candidate who runs ahead of his ticket.

Those who dodge work are apt to be dodged by the reward.

"Nothing is certain," as the fisherman said when he found it on his hook.

If you would make a hit you must strike out—unless you are a baseball player.

A girl who is truly modest doesn't feel called upon to blush when there is no occasion for it.

If a good makeup were the only thing necessary to success, nearly every woman would be a great actress.

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Miss Gail Kane in

"LOVE'S LAW"

A play of a brave girl's fight for fame and decency, in 5 Acts

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SHORTY'S ADVENTURES IN THE CITY

A Western Picture in Two Parts

"THE GIRL IN THE BOX" Comedy.

Screen Telegram. World's Greatest News Graphic.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

NP SOAP
Indispensable to Wash day

R. A. DOBBIN
Respectfully invites your vote and influence
For Deputy-Reeve
Of
North Monaghan
For 1919
Polling Date, Monday, January 6
Make a note of it and vote for Dobbin and progress and economy

FINED FOR DISOBEYING ORDERS OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Trustees Kept School Open in Defiance of Instructions to Close it on Account of Flu Epidemic.

In the County Police Court this morning His Worship O. A. Langley, gave judgment in the cases of the King vs. Dorland Doxee, Andrew Post and William Colby. These gentlemen, last named, were charged under the Public Health Act with keeping the school, known as School Section No. 6, near Apsley, in the Township of Chandos, open after it had been ordered closed by the local Board of Health and the Medical Health Officer for the Township.

The charges were originally laid against the above defendants and Milton Post, who, owing to the fact that Milton Post was unable to leave his house through illness, the charges against him were, by consent, dropped.

The trial took place in Apsley on the seventeenth of December before His Worship Police Magistrate O. A. Langley, Mr. F. D. Kerr appearng on behalf of the Crown, and Mr. J. A. O'Brien acting for all the accused. The were argued at length before His show that Spanish influenza was prevalent in the Township of Chandos at the time the Medical Health Officer ordered the schools closed.

On behalf of the defendants, Mr. O'Brien raised various points which were arhued at length before His Worship Mr. Langley in Peterborough on the nineteenth of December and His Worship, owing to the number of questions involved and by consent of the solicitors for both sides, adjourned the matter until this morning for judgment.

It appeared that the notification given by the Medical Health Officer was only given to the defendant, Doxee, that is the notification requiring the schools to be closed. The defendants, Doxee and Colby, were trustees and the defendant, Andrew Post, was a rate-payer. His Worship, in delivering judgment, found that there was no evidence to connect the defendant, Post, with the charges as under the Public School Act. The control of the schools is given to the trustees and the mere fact that Andrew Post signed a petition to the trustees requesting them to re-open the schools was not sufficient to implicate him in the offence. It appears that the first notice given to the defendant, Doxee, was given on a Sunday, but His Worship held that as it was a case of emergency and the danger of contagion was most grave that he would not disregard the notice even though it were given on a Sunday. He accordingly discharged the defendants, Post and Colby, on the first charge, but fined the defendant, Doxee, the minimum fine and expressing the disapproval of the manner in which the notification was given.

On the second charge of keeping the school open on the 25th. His Worship toop the view that Colby had notice of the notification given by the Medical Health Officer and could not contend that the notice never came to his attention.

His Worship accordingly, on the second charge, find both the defendants, Colby and Doxee, the minimum fine, imposing only one fine to be levied from both defendants on this charge and discharging the defendant, Post.

STATE CONTROL COSTS DEARLY

U. S. GOVERNMENT LOST MILLIONS BY VENTURE IN RAILROAD BUSINESS.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The Government's loss in operating the railroads in 1918 is calculated by railroad administration officials at less than $150,000,000. This represents the difference between the aggregate amount the Government will be compelled to pay railroad companies as rental for the use of their properties—the so-called guaranteed return—and the net income which the Government will recove from the roads.

Will Take Six Months.

It will take six months more of receipts from the increased freight rates to permit the Government to recoup its losses, officials believe. If Congress does not approve the proposed five years' extension of federal control, and as a consequence President Wilson carries out his announced intention of returning the roads to private management at an early date the Government's loss will not be made up.

Excludes Large Sums.

This deficit does not include the big sums—between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000—which have been loaned to railroads to help them pay for the extensive programme of improvements and purchase of new cars and locomotives. These loans will be repaid eventually.

A near fatality occurred in Hamilton when Miss Dorothy Blondin was shot in the hip with a bullet wound from a 2-calibre revolver in the hands of Thomas James, who was examining the weapon.

Sir Arthur Pearson, the blind philanthropist, has arrived at New York on a mission for the welfare of American blinded soldiers.

EDITOR'S MAIL

NORTH MONAGHAN ELECTION.

Editor Review: Kindly allow me to make a statement and ask a question through the medium of your valuable journal.

On January 2 my mover at the recent nominations in North Monaghan received a telephone message from some unknown party, saying that if the mover of my nomination did not get me called off it would hurt his business. Have things come to such a pass in municipal elections that a man is to be denied the privilege of using his franchise? Because he is in business and moves a nomination is he to be threatened in this way? Is this liberty, justice or fair play? It seems to be the intention to arrange affairs in this township so that the people of this end are not to have any voice in the council and all they are expected to do is to pay two-thirds of the taxes and smile.

This savors somewhat of the Black Hand. Do the resident, suburban and the non-resident urban ratepayers wish to be muzzled in this way?

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I am,
Yours truly,
H. B. RYE.

REPORT FOR S. S. No. 4
SOUTH MONAGHAN

Jr. IV—Willie Collins, 85 per cent.; Mary Wood, 84; Harold Thorne, 78; Clifford Emerson, 66.

Sr. III—Orville McClelland, 74 per cent.

Jr. III—Elwood McAllister, 82 per cent.; Lemuel Pamment, 73.

Sr. II — Kingsley Nurse, 77 per cent.; Joe Wood, 76; Willan Wood, 73.

M. T. PAXMAN, Teacher.

GETS PAPER FROM HIS HOME TOWN

EMILE BAUMER RECEIVES EVIDENCE THAT NATIVE PLACE REVIVES.

Mr. Emile Baumer, 567 George St., has received from his father in Bischwelles, Alsace, a copy of a paper which suspended publication in 1869, on account of the trouble between France and Germany which led to the loss of Alsace-Loraine by the former nation. The publication of that paper was resumed on November 23 last, the day French troops under General Rompon took possession of the town. It fas a copy of this edition which Mr. Baumer has received. It gives an account in both French and German of the occupation by the French and of the greeting General Rompon extended to the town officials.

During the Franco-German war Mr. Baumer's father was quartermaster in the 7th Regiment of the French Hussars and was taken prisoner at Cologne. He is still living to see the redemption of his native province after nearly fifty years of foreign domination.

Mr. Baumer lived in his native city until six years ago, when, unable to stand German oppression any longer, he came to Canada.

METHODIST MINISTER IS FOUND GUILTY OF HERESY

Rev. Dr. Knowles of Petrolia Confronted With Charge After Long Hearing by Conference Committee.

Petrolea, Jan. 3.—A verdict of "guilty of heresy charges," pronounced by a special court of the London Methodist Conference in the case of Rev. R. W. Knowles, M.A., Ph.D., pastor for some years past of the Petrolea Methodist Church, was read last night by Rev. J. E. Holmes of London, President of the London Conference, to a meeting of the membership of Petrolea congregation, called for the purpose of hearing the result of the trial on orders of the court. The conference had publicly admonished Dr. Knowles. The meeting was held in the school-room, the fact that it was well-filled indicating the interest taken in the case.

The heresy case against Dr. Knowles, however, has attracted much wider than local interest in Petrolea, the Strathroy district, or even the whole of the London Conference. During the two years in which it has been hanging fire it has attracted widespread attention in the Dominion. Finally reaching the Court of Appeals of the General Conference, it was referred back some time ago to the London Conference, with the order that the trial should take place and a decision be made.

In connection with the reading of the verdict, a letter of regret, written by Dr. Knowles to be presented at the trial which took place in the Centennial Methodist Church, London, a few weeks ago, was read, the statements therein contained having been in a large measure responsible for the kindly attitude of brother ministers and others who knew the circumstances.

Speaking on his own behalf, after the reading of the verdict and letter, Dr. Knowles denied that the letter acknowledge in any way the charges of heresy.

The proven charges against Dr. Knowles accused him of having in December, 1915, said: "The deity of Jesus Christ I cannot accept." In April, 1918, he wrote Rev. S. R. McVitty a letter containing statements alleged to be heterodox. At the St. Thomas Summer School he expressed disbelief in the atonement and deity of Jesus Christ, and the Virgin birth as taught by Methodist standards.

In a sermon in Petrolea in February, 1916, he said: "Even Jesus Christ did not lead a perfect life." The charge that he introduced New Thought books to his Sunday School was also made.

NEWS BRIEFS

While fulfilling his duties as a millwright at the Canada Flour Mills at Chatham, Harry Cox, 65, was fatally injured when caught on a revolving shaft.

Loss in the fire at the cold storage plant of Glennie and Moore, Limited, at Galt, is placed at $40,000, and is believed to have been caused by electric wires.

Sarnia and St. Catharines carried bylaws to abolish the ward system. The latter city also carried a bylaw to establish a Board of Education.

Falling off a freight train on the Grand Trunk on which he is said to have been stealing a ride to Chatham, Leslie McIntyre, 17, had both legs cut off at the knee and died in the hospital a short time later.

Forty airplanes, including seven Gothas, said to have been used in the bombing of Paris, were accepted by the allies. Two hundred machines are now in Coblenz or on the way, and all of them soon will be taken to France.

An inter-allied commission charged with the investigation of the food situation in German-Anstria has left Berne for Venna.

President Wilson has sent his regrets to the Swiss Republic that, owing to pressure of other business he will be unable to visit that republic.

Get Him Going.

This life is tough, beyond a doubt,
And full of interferences.
The fellow has his work cut out
Who's keeping up appearances.

The Good Old Way.

"My goodness, woman, do you believe in castigating children by way of discipline"?

"I don't believe in none of these yere new-fangled ways of bringing up children. I believe in a good lickin'."

CARD OF THANKS

TO THE ELECTORATE:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Permit me to take this opportunity of extending my heartiest thanks to all who aided, either by their votes or influence, in securing my re-election to the Board of Education for another term.

(Believe me, in the future, as in the past, my best energies shall be directed in the furtherance of the educational interests of Peterboro.

With best wishes for a happy and prosperous new year to all.

Yours sincerely,
ROLAND DENNE

It pays to shop on Hunter St Out of the high rent district.

INVALID STOUT
Splendid tonic for people in a run-down condition. Half dozen and dozen bottle lots delivered.

If you don't like Stout we have White Label Ale.

SWEET ORANGES
FRESH CANDIES, ETC.
for New Year's

Raisins
We have the good old-fashioned Raisins with the seeds in. Currants, the good black kind. Also Peels and Shelled Walnuts and Almonds.

James R. Bell's
SANITARY GROCERY
Phone 455-W 197 Hunter St
Goods Delivered
CANADA FOOD BOARD
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NEW YEAR SPECIALS
FIRST NAVEL ORANGE
Navel Oranges, 60c, 70c, 90c doz. Guaranteed sweet and juicy.
Navel Oranges, sweet and juicy for Xmas, cheap 40c, 50c, 60c, 70c. doz.
Emperor and Malaga Grapes.
Northern Spy Apples, Talman Sweets and other varieties.
First-class Bananas, Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.
Tangerines and New Cocoa-Nuts.
Strictly Fresh Oysters.
A Nice Box of Apples for your Table as a Pastime
FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH
CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE
QUALITY GROCERIES
D. M. Minicola
Phone 935. 410½ George St.

Brock St. RINK Now Open
SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK
Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band
GOOD ICE

12 Reels ROYAL THEATRE 12 Reels
Great Triangle Feature Society Drama
"LIMOUSINE LIFE"
Five Parts
First Run Keystone Comedy in Two Reels
To-Night and To-Morrow's Program is one of the best in Canada, showing all Stars
¶ We give the best show in Canada for the money. Come and judge for yourself.
DOUBLE SHOW AT ONE PRICE
Entire Change TO-NIGHT
Admission
AFTERNOONS
15c
EVENINGS
Ground Floor
20c
Balcony
15c
No War Tax
Starring Edith Starty, the Bernhardt of the Screen
THE LEGION OF DEATH
Seven Parts
Special Metro Feature Drama
Three Entire Changes Weekly
¶ Mondays and Tuesdays Fox Bills.
¶ Wednesdays and Thursdays, Vitagraph and Pathe Features and Comedies.
¶ Fridays and Saturdays, Metro and Triangle Stars.

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence.)

Millbrook, Jan. 2.—Rev. George Brown and daughter, Miss Lazelle, of Hampton, are visiting friends in town.

Miss Mae Mitchell, of Oshawa, spent the holiday with Millbrook friends.

Mr. H. Richards and the Misses Gertie and Cordie Richards were guests of Mr. E. C. Richards, at Kingston last week.

Mr. H. Stenson, of Peterboro, was a guest at the Waverley Inn over the holiday.

Mrs. W. J. E. Gillett visited friends at Birdsalls last week.

Miss Mildred McCullough, of Coldwater, is a guest of Miss Eva Gillott.

Miss Lizzie Lang, of Peterboro, spent the holiday with the Misses Francey.

Presentation and Address.

The members of the Nizpah Organized Bible Class of the Millbrook Methodist Sunday School presented their teacher, Mrs. J. L. Byam, with a hymn book and the following address: Mrs. J. L. Byam.

Dear Teacher,—We ask you to accept this hymn book as a token of our esteem and respect for you as our teacher and friend. We value your help as a teacher and also your kindly ways and patience with us. The Sunday School lessons have been made more interesting and happier for us because you have been so considerate without relaxing discipline.

We hope you will enjoy the holiday and have a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

Signed on behalf of the class—Mary Widdis, president; Amy Brock, secretary.

Dated December 22nd, 1918.

Mrs. Byam made a suitable reply, thanking the donors for their beautiful gift and good wishes which she heartily reciprocated.

Death of J. M. Morrow.

Died in Toronto, on Dec. 25th, 1918, John Mathewson Morrow, aged 79 years.

Mr. Morrow is well known to the older residents of Millbrook, having been engaged in the leather manufacturing business here for some years previous to his removal to Toronto.

Letter From Pte. Alvin Richards.

Nov. 14, 1918.

Dear Mother,—

I have just found out that we can tell where we are in our letters. Here goes.

I am in Mons, Belgium. Reached here on the 12th. This is some town, or rather city. There are some fine buildings here. I was through the Mons Cathedral yesterday. Many refugees have been staying there. There are some magnificent paintings on the walls. A large car, or chariot of gold was on view; of course it was just gilded over. The original car of gold was destroyed in the French revolution. This one was made shortly afterwards.

I am writing this while on phone duty in orderly room. My shift is from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m. There are three of us on operator duty. I saw Foot about two weeks ago. He was looking fine. Met Alf. Armstrong a few days ago. He is in the artillery. Well, what do you think of the situation these days? I wonder how long it will be until we get back to Canada? The Canadians are doing considerable polishing these days. I paid a French woman 2½ francs to scrub my equipment and then I put blanco on it myself. I met John Armstrong yesterday. He has taken out a commission. He looks real well. Millbrook has had a large casualty list during the last few months. Lore Sutton mentioned that there was a Pte. Trick in his battalion. I have several of your letters to answer. Was glad to hear everything was going fine over there; I am away behind with my correspondence, but I haven't had time to write till the last few days. I just received a "Mirror" this p.m. I'm awfully sorry to hear that Roy McBride has been killed in action. I hope Gussie gets back home safely. I was very sorry to hear of Mrs. Rev. Brown's death. Mr. and Miss Brown will feel pretty badly. Mrs. Brown was a lovely woman. She will be sorely missed.

I will give you an idea as to how I am living in the city of Mons. There are three of us running the battalion signalling station. That means eight hours duty per day. We do three hours off and ten hours off. We have looked up a private billet where we have a lovely room, comfy bed, nice white sheets, easy chairs, a good writing table, dressers and stand, and from the windows, a good view of Mons. Also the monsieur and madam, fine people both of them, have made us welcome to the rest of the house. Nearly every evening I am off duty I go in and chat with Monsieur Jadiu and madam, beside a nice warm fire. They can speak a little English and I a little French and between us we get along O.K. He is organist of Mons Cathedral and is a music professor, doing considerable composing. He occasionally asks in a professor of the college, who speaks very good English. He invited the three of us in to dinner last Sunday, one being on duty, only two of us could go. It was great to have dinner served up to us in about umpteen courses. It took us from 12.30 to 3 p.m. Then we went with M. Jadin to the Cathedral where he played for the usual half hour service. Afterwards he played "O Canada." Say it was fine. I guess it was the first time it was heard in Mons Cathedral. The Jadins have four children. The baby was born the morning the Canadians entered the city. The people were living in the cellar then. I was at the theatre here one evening. The play, "Pinafore," was fine. I am sending you views of Mons. I received a lovely box from George Fair and his mother. George has started to university this year. I am glad to hear Henry Lord and Alvin Gray are getting along all right. My health is fine. Everything is going tip top here. I am on headquarters signallers. They are returning twenty-eight to the company, seven to each. Lewis Sutton and Toot Collins are on headquarters signallers in their battalion. Alf Armstrong is signaller on battery. Hope Cecil Mills came through all right. Have no idea where Harry Richards is now. Have received boxes recently from Mrs. Gavin Law, Gainsboro, Sask.; Mrs. George Newman, Omemee, and Aunt Lina (Mrs. McKim), Peterboro. I sure was pleased to receive them. My friends are all good to me. Give my regards to all friends, and wishing you all a merry Christmas and a happy New Year. Hope to be home before Christmas, 1919. Best love for yourself.

Your affectionate son,

ALVIN.

Miss Hein McKim, Peterboro, was a guest of her cousins, the Misses Gertie and Cordie Richards, on New Year's Day.

Miss Margaret Weart, of Peterboro, was a guest of Miss Theo McBride, on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. Russell, of Carmel, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Ford Gould, of Peterboro, visited friends in town over the holiday.

Mr. Earle Sootheran, of Toronto, spent the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. John Steele.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Thorne and children, Kenneth and Meta, of Reaboro, were guests of her sister, Mrs. Thomas Thorn, over Christmas.

Rev. Dr. Donald McGillivray, of Shanghai, China, will conduct the services in Grace Church, Millbrook, on Sunday, Jan. 12th. He is an eloquent speaker.

Pte. Stan. Westall, of Peterboro, called on Millbrook friends last week. Stan. is one of the heroes of the great war, having been in the thick of it. We are glad to join in welcoming him home.

Mrs. Samuel Eakins was a guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. D. Armstrong, at Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Adams and children spent Christmas with friends at Lindsay.

Mr. and Mrs. George Fowler and children were guests of Peterboro friends last week.

Gunner William Eakins, who arrived home recently from overseas, was in town on Tuesday calling on his mother, Mrs. Samuel Eakins and other friends. He was accompanied by Mrs. Eakins. We are all glad to welcome Bill home after three years of active service overseas.

Grace Church Notes.

Sunday, Jan. 5, 1919.

10.30 a.m.—"Our Infallible Guide."

7.30 p.m.—"The Law of Enmity."

2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

St. Enoch's, Garden Hill.

2.30—"The Revelation of God."

1.30—Sunday School and Bible Class.

Nominations.

Millbrook—G. E. Burnham, reeve; J. H. Bingham, G. W. Sayles, W. T. Wood and J. R. Eakins, councillors, and A. A. Smith, Rev. Spencer and L. G. Russell, trustees, all by acclamation.

Cavan—A. J. Henderson, reeve, and Harold Baptie, deputy reeve, by acclamation; W. E. Ball, G. F. Clark, J. L. McCamus, H. Bland and D. Robinson, for councillors, three to be elected.

The Sunday services in connection with the anniversary of the Millbrook Methodist Sunday School were perhaps the best in the history of the school. Rev. Halpenny was the special preacher, morning, afternoon and evening, and his able discourses were listened to with close attention by large congregations. The choir added greatly to the services by well-rendered anthems. At the afternoon services the prizes for regular attendance and learning scripture verses were awarded. Mr. W. Fred. Fallis, superintendent, with his able staff of officers and teachers, are to be congratulated upon the splendid standing of the school.

A train of thoughts is the real thing in rapid transit.

SHAVING BRUSHES 25c

Shaving Brushes, good quality hair firmly embedded in handle. If you pay 50c you would not be paying too much for these ..... January Sale Price **25c**

Open 8.30 a.m. Close 5.30 p.m.
Saturday 9.30 p.m.

SHAVING BRUSHES 39c

These brushes are betterq uality hair and a little larger, and are extraordinary value at this price **39c**

TURNBULL'S JANUARY PROGRAMME

Now it is January, the bargain month of the winter season. The Big Store's Program for it is very attractive. With it January will be a month of Special Sales, with four outstanding selling events the prominent feature. These events will each run for a week and be announced every Friday in the Review. The first will be :

The Annual Mid-Winter Sale of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments

This opens Saturday, January 4th, with a wonderful array of savings in Coats, Suits, Dresses and Ready-to-wear of all kinds. Here are some of the opening prices. The savings are real, the bargains are genuine.

OUT GO 50 COATS IN THREE LOTS.
PRICED THIS WAY:

Choice of First Lot $15.50
Choice of Second Lot $19.75
Choice of Third Lot $31.50

Seldom have you been offered Coat bargain such as these we have for the opening day of our First Great January Selling Event. Even if you decided to put off buying a Coat until next winter, you should not let this opportunity slip, for there are 50 splendid Winter Coats to be sold the week beginning Saturday, January 4th, at prices that will surely save you money.

COATS $15.50

21 Coats in this lot; each and every garment new and up-to-date; Whitneys, Canadian velours, plain cloths, etc. Every garment cut in one of the season's good styles. Regular values up as high as $29.50. All in one clearing lot for Saturday morning at your choice, for **$15.50**

COATS $19.75

16 Coats in this lot. Some of the best styles that have been shown this season. Black or plain colorings; some fur trimmed. Choice of any of these splendid Coats, commencing Saturday morning, each only **$19.75**

COATS $31.50

There are 14 Coats in this lot. Some oft he high-class Coats of the season are included in it. Ones and twos of the best Coats gathered togteher for quick clearance during this special week. Choice of this lot **$31.50**

Remarkable Savings in Tailored Suits

Suits divided into two groups for this big clearing of ready-to-wear garments. A grand opportunity to get a Tailored Suit at away below its actual worth.

CHOICE OF THE FIRST LOT $22.50

Suits of serge, velvet, and velour, in black, navy, brown or green. Tailored in correct styles; coats silk lined. Sold regularly up to $42.50. In one big clearance for January, commencing Saturday morning, at **$22.50**

SUITS $37.75

Just half a dozen in this lot, the last of high-grade garments. Some of the coats are fur and plush trimmed. Regular up to $65.00. Commencing Saturday morning you can buy them for **$37.75**

Serge Dresses for this big third floor selling event at truly great savings. 36 or 40 Dresses divided into two lots for this big January selling event.

CHOICE OF THE FIRST LOT $10.90

Dresses made from all wool serge, cut in very popular styles. Can be had in navy, brown or taupe. These dresses are regular $16.60 garments. For our big January selling, take your choice at, each **$10.90**

DRESSES $19.75

This is a gathering together of Serge Dresses that sell regularly as high as $25.00. There are half a dozen different styles and they can be had in navy, brown, green, copenhagen and taupe. Dresses that are exceptionally good value at the prices they were made to sell at, and undoubted bargains at this January price of each **$19.75**

January Prices in Underwear

The Underwear counter offers some special bargains for the week of the big selling on the third floor. Here they are:

LADIES' UNDERWEAR 69c

Ladies' natural and white heavy cotton Vests, with high neck and long sleeves or low neck and short sleeves. January Clearing Price, garment ... **69c**

LADIES' UNION VESTS $1.29

Ladies' Union Vests, in cream colors only, with high neck and long sleeves and low neck and short sleeves. January Sale price, per garment.. **$1.29**

UNDERWEAR 98c

Odd Lines of Union Vests and Drawers, in natural or white shades; vests have high neck and long sleeves, or low neck and short sleeves ..... January Sale Price, per garment **98c**

CHILDREN'S SLEEPERS $1.09

Children's fleece lined Sleepers, in natural or white shades. January Sale price **$1.09**

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR 89c

Children's fleece lined Underwear, vests or drawers. January Sale Price, per garment **89c**

LADIES' COMBINATIONS $2.29

Ladies' Combinations, cotton and wool mixed, low neck and elbow sleeves; ankle length ..... January Sale **$2.29**

SOME SPLENDID FLANNEL VALUES

These Flannels are particularly suitable for men's shirts or girls' middy waists for school wear, and the values are exceptionally good. They cannot be bought today to sell at this price.

Navy Blue Flannel—Twilled, extra quality; 28 inches wide. January Sale Price, per yard ... **60c**

Navy Blue Flannel—Plain weave, 28 inches wide. January Sale Price, per yard **90c**

Plain Navy Blue Flannel—27 inches wide, suitable for middy blouses or waists, at ..... Per yard **$1.00**

Red Flannel—Plain weave, 27 inches wide. The old reliable Campbellford quality ..... Sale Price, per yard **$1.25**

Red Flannel—Pure wool, English make, 30 inches wide. Sale Price, per yard **$2.00**

MORE ABOUT THE COMFORTERS

Our big sale of Comforters will continue for one week longer. Here are three of the specials that are bringing lots of business to the bedding section:

AT $2.19

Comforter, covered with good quality silkoline, size 5 x 6 feet. Sale price **22.19**

AT $3.69

A good Comforter, covered on both sides with good quality sateen, in a nice assortment of colorings. Size 6 x 6 feet. Regular $5.00 ..... Sale Price **$3.69**

AT $3.88

An extra good Comforter, covered with the good old-fashioned turkey red chintz, filled with good clean batting. Size 6 x 6 feet. Regular $5.00 ..... January Sale price **$3.88**

3 Special Values From the Silk Counter

These Silks that we offer for the week beginning Saturday, January 4th, will appeal to you, both from the excellence of the quality and the beautiful colorings in which they can be had.

SILK FAILLE $2.00

This is a splendid wearing Silk suitable for dresses, etc. Can be had in most of the season's desirable shades such as old rose, Russian green, grey, taupe, Burgundy and navy blue. It is 36 inches wide and the price per yard **$2.00**

OUR SPECIAL SILK CREPE AT $1.25

This beautiful Crepe de Chine is 36 inches in width and is very durable. Specially suited for waists or combining with heavier materials. Can be had in all the leading shades, including light shades for evening wear. At, per yard **$1.25**

HIGH-GRADE HABUTAI SILK $1.50

This is a 36-inch high quality Silk of Japanese make. It is extra heavy and wide and will stand no end of hard wear. It comes in practically every popular shade, both light and dark, including black, and sells at, per yard **$1.50**

SHAVING BRUSHES 49c

These are part of a big clearing purchase of Shaving Brushes and are at least 75c quality. Real badger, strongly embedded in handle. January Sale, each **49c**

Other Third Floor Specials

Bargains in Flannelette Gowns

SAMPLE WHITE FLANNELETTE GOWNS

Sample Gowns of good quality white flannelette; some have V necks with long sleeves; others in round neck style with three-quarter sleeve. First January Selling Event ..... **$1.39, $1.69, $1.79, $1.88, $2.00 and $2.19**

FLANNELETTE UNDERSKIRTS 98c

Women's Grey Flannelette Underskirts with hemstitched hem. First January Selling Event commencing Saturday **98c**

CHILDREN'S SLEEPERS 79c

Children's White Flannelette Sleepers. These are samples and are in odd sizes. First January Selling Event **79c**

CHILDREN'S SAMPLE GOWNS

Children's Sample White Flannelette Gowns of fine quality. First January Selling Event ..... **59c, 69c and 79c**

CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES $2.88

Crepe de Chine Blouses with four large tucks in front, sailor collar hemstitched, trimmed with large pearl buttons; in pink, maize, peach and white ... At, each **$2.88**

WHITE VOILE BLOUSES 89c

White Voile Blouses, with square or round collar, prettily embroidered and lace trimmed fronts. Regular $1.25 and $1.50. First January Selling Event **89c**

SWEATER COATS $4.38

Smart Sweater Coats, knit in a plain stitch with contrasting stripe collar and belt. In all sizes and colors. Regular $6.00. First January Selling Event commencing Saturday, each **$4.38**

ODD SWEATER COATS

Wool Sweater Coats, in odd sizes, in plain knit or brushed wool at, each ..... **$2.98, $3.88 and $6.98**

HEAVY WOOL SWEATER COATS $6.88

Good Heavy Wool Sweater Coats, in small checked or striped designs, in two colors, with double collar and facings of a contrasting shade. Regular $8.50. First January Selling Event **$6.88**

CLEAN SWEEP OF THE FUR STOCK

Furs are included in the big January Clearance on the third floor. Whether it be a Neck Piece or a Muff, you can buy a thoroughly dependable one at a decided saving.

A GREAT CLEARING LOT AT $10.00

Odd Muffs and odd Neck Pieces, every one correct in style, and furs much in demand this season. They include coon, civet cat, Siberian dog, black furs and many other desirable kinds and styles. The actual values are very much higher than this special January price ..... Choice of the lot **$10.00**

ANOTHER CLEARING LOT
MUFFS AND SCARFS $16.75

Real high-grade furs included in this lot, both Muffs and Neck Pieces. Many are matched sets. Natural coon, wlof, fox, sable coon, brown wolf, and many other popular furs all grouped in one big clearing lot for this January Selling Event, at, your choice **$16.75**

GREY LAMB MUFFS $4.45

Girls' Grey Lamb Muffs, pretty, glossy, even curl Girls' Grey Lamb Muffs; pretty, glossy, even curl. For January Selling, special **$4.45**

BETTER FURS

We have some particularly fine Muffs and Neck Pieces in black fox, Australian opposssum, Alaska sable, Hudson seal, etc. All go in this big January Clearance which which starts Saturday, 4th inst.

TOWELS 2 for 39c

Large size Huckaback Towels, heavy weight; splendid drvers. Saturday Special **39c**

TWO BARGAINS IN BRASSIERES

These can be had at the corset counter and are worth coming for.

Exfra Bargains in Children's Woollen Goods

These goods are all samples and are more or less soiled, but once washed are as good as if you paid twice the money for them, for they are selling at half price or less in every case. Judge the big bargain lot of samples by these few extras.

BOOTEES AND MITTENS 17c

Infants' Bootees and Mittens, white or white combined with some light color; also some plain white Leggings included in the lot. The regular values of these are 35c to 50c. All in one big clearance at ..... Per pair **17c**

PULL-OVER LEGGINGS 59c

These can be had in white or cardinal. It is true some of the white ones may be dust soiled, but they can be easily washed. $1.00 and $1.25 would be the regular price for these. Saturday, choice ..... Per pair **59c**

WOOL CAPS 33c

Wool Caps in half a dozen fast colors, suitable for boys' or girls' wear. Saturday bargain price **33c**

SWEATERS AND OVERALLS $1.75

Sweaters and Overalls, grey or cardinal, heavy weight, and a most excellent wearing quality .... Saturday, per garment **$1.75**

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN ODD SETS

Wool Scarsf or Caps, either singly or in sets; 20 or 25 travellers' samples to sell Saturday at LESS THAN MILL PRICES.

INFANTS' MITTS 10c

A limited number of these Mitts, mostly white. Regular 25c. Saturday Special, per pair ... **10c**

Fresh Shipment of "Mavis" Preparations at the Toilet Counter

Our Toilet Counter is a good place to buy your Talcum Powder, Soaps, Perfumes, etc. A fresh stock just received this week.

Colgate's Talcum Powder, in violet, Cashmere bouquet perfumes. Special, per can 25c
Mavis Talcum, in V. Rose, Violet, Vivandou and After Shaving, at, per can 25c
Arly Mavis Talcum, extra special at, per bottle ... 50c
Mavis Face Powder, in white, brunette and flesh, at per box 50c
Colgate's Dental Cream at, per tube 25c
Colgate's All-round Transparent Soap at, per cake 25c
Colgate's Peroxide Soap ..... 2 Cakes for 25c
Pears' Toilet Soap, at per cake 15c
Soapumice, for removing stains from the hands ..... 2 Cakes for 25c
Colgate's Turkish Bath Soap, regular 20c 2 Cakes for 35c
Fountain Syringes, guaranteed qualities 98c
Hot Water Bottles, guaranteed qualities 98c

Economy Basement Specials

These Specials from the Economy Basement point the way to savings on every day much needed goods for the home.

Pastry Boards, medium size. Saturday Special ... 75c
Nail Brushes, good quality ..... 2 for 15c
Laundry Boilers, made of heavy quality tin with copper bottom; No. 9 size. Special, each $2.89
Tin Tea Kettles, flat bottom, suitable for coal heaters and gas stoves. 3mall size, each 45c
Glass Tumblers, colonial style, plain glass. Each .. 8c
Blue Willow China Salad Bowls, large size, open stock pattern, at, each $1.00
Teapots, plain brown betty style, 6 and 8 cup size. Each ..... 39c and 45c
Radiator Brushes, long handles. Each 59c

BRASSIERES 98c

Brassieres in bandeau style, elastic inset, front fastening, white or pink, at each **98c**

BRASSIERES 69c

Brassieres of plain white, Clung lace trimmed, front fastening. Special, each **69c**

SHAVING BRUSHES 75c

A limited quantity of these extra quality real badger brushes. A gentleman said the other day that he paid $1.50 for no better. For the January Sale, clearing at .. Each **75c**

J. C. TURNBULL Co., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE.

THE STORE OF BETTER VALUES

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

SATURDAY Store Hours: 8.30 a.m. 9.30 p.m.

A Pre-Inventory List of Snaps

You'll Enthuse About These January Clearance Prices on Ready-to-Wears--2nd Floor

CLEARING FANCY BLOUSES At $3.98

Eleven only in the lot, in a good variety of styles and well assorted sizes. Colors include: rose, maize, white, black, brown and navy. Materials are excellent qualities of crepe de chine, lace and georgette crepe. Priced for a sharp clean-up Saturday **$3.98**

SILK SKIRTS $10.95

Smart skirts in plain and fancy silks and satins. Delightfully draped, made with over-skirts or panneled. Chic pockets and touches of trimming and novelty belt arrangements. Values up to $15.00. Saturday Snap Price **$10.95**

SILK DRESSES $17.95

Taffeta and silk poplin dresses in a variety of modish styles, including tunic effects, over-skirts and straight panel syles. Trims of buttons, embroidery and beading. Wonderful values at this Saturday Snap Price **$17.95**

PETTICOATS $1.19

Good looking and good wearing Underskirts of sateen, in black only. Made with nicely fitted tops and deep pleated flouncing. For a special Saturday Snap at **$1.19**

High Grade Coats for Ladies, a Brand New Shipment at Reduced Prices. There's every size, color and wantable style. Now on sale.

"MINER BRAND" DOLLAR VALUE RUBBERS 79c

A splendid opportunity for you to buy Rubbers at this unreserved Rubber Sale, Saturday. Sizes and lasts to fit every shoe. They are fully guaranteed and are the best quality black rubbers. Buy rubbers Saturday and save money. Snap price **79c**

The First 1919 "Get-Your-Hands-in" Week-End Glove Sale

$1.25 BEST QUALITY CHAMOISETTE GLOVES 98c

Every pair guaranteed, our regular $1.25 Gloves. Colors: black, grey, mastic, and white with black points. All sizes. Priced especially for Saturday, pair **98c**

Ladies' $2.50 finest quality Tan Cape Gloves $1.85
Children's Special Dollar Doeskin Gloves 89c
Ladies' $1.50 "Queen Quality" and "Kayser" Silk Gloves, all colors $1.29
Griffin Dollar Value White Chamoisette Gloves 89c
Ladies' $2.00 White Washable Doeskin Gloves $1.59
Clearing odd lines of Ladies' Silk Gloves 79c
Ladies' and Children's Knit Gloves 24c
(Street Floor, First and Second Circles.)

ALL BRUSHED WOOL SETS, REGULAR $3.50, $3.75 and $4.00 VALUES, $2.95 SET

A wonderful assortment of bewitching color combinations, in our best quality wool sets. The caps have turn-over tops with pom-pom sides. The scarfs are 60 inches long with fringed ends. Over fifteen two-color combinations, including mauve with white, cardinal with green, grey with rose, Copenhagen with gold, green with white, etc. Excellent values at the Saturday Snap price, a set **$2.95**

SIX HUNDRED YARDS 35c YARD-WIDE FLANNELETTES, Yard 27c

Our best Canadian made flannelettes, all heavy qualities. Splendid assortment of colors in stripe patterns, also pure white combed finish Saxonys. If bought on to-day's market our lowest selling price would be 35. It's a real bargain at this Saturday Snap price, yard **27c**

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, Jan. 3.— The Christmas concert drew the usual packed house and all went away well satisfied. Proceeds amount to $170.

Miss Olive McQuade, of Toronto, is spending the holiday with her sister, Mrs. Williamson.

Miss Blanche Elliott, of Toronto, accompanied by her mother, spent Christmas with the Misses English.

Mrs. Arthur Pack, of Toronto, is spending a few days with Mr. Ira Shaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Rose, of Lindsay, were Christmas guests at the home of Mrs Pearl Skuce.

"Mothers of France," the picture put on in Coronation Hall on Saturday night by a returned soldier, was well patronized and much enjoyed. The pictures were shown on a large screen and were the clearest ever seen in Omemee.

The private car of Sir John Eaton made a trip to Omemee on Monday and conveyed Mrs. McCrea, Mrs. Mulligan and Miss McCrea, of Toronto, where they will spend a few holidays with Sir John and Lady Eaton.

Sergt. Harold Cunningham was a visitor to Peterboro on Monday.

The six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Free met with a most unfortunate accident a week ago, when with the use of a fork, she was endeavoring to take a knot out of her shoe lace. The fork slipped and penetrated the eye. The little sufferer was taken to a Peterborough hospital where every effort to save the eye is being made. Mr. and Mrs. Free have the sympathy of their many friends in their great anxiety.

Influenza is again quite prevalent. Many village cases have been reported and a great many in the country.

Township nominations were held in Coronation Hall on Monday afternoon, Robert Wilson and Robert Boate being nominated for reeve. Jeffrey Ashmore for councillor. Messrs. Boate and Ashmore resigning. The former reeve and council is elected by acclamation, viz., R. W. Wilson, reeve; S. B. Carew, Wm. Lowes, M. Carroll, W. Herlihey, councillors.

Miss Lillian Bidmead, of Judhaven, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Scott.

Miss Irene Faulkner, of Toronto, is spending the holiday under the parental roof.

Major McCrea was the guest of his sister, Lady Eaton, over the New Year holiday.

MURRAY STREET CHURCH.

Sunday School Entertainment Will Be Held This Evening.

The Murray Street Baptist Church Sunday School holds its annual entertainment tonight. Supper will be served at 5:30 p.m. A splendid program has been prepared and all the friends of the church are invited to hear it.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DO YOU WANT TO SEE

If you have any kind of eye troubles there is no doubt about your wanting to have them corrected. Dr. Fowler gives expert advice, and you can consult him without charge. If you require glasses he will tell you, and in any case you will know what is best to do. Do not neglect a thing so precious as eyesight.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Pbm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

FLU INTERFERED WITH WEDDING

MINNEAOPOLIS PAPER GIVES A REPORT OF THE ROWLAND-MOORE NUPTIALS.

The Minneapolis Journal of recent date says:

"Influenza interfered with the wedding plans of two brides of the holiday season. Invitations had to be recalled for one, while another bride had to forego all pleasures of pre-nuptial entertaining.

"At an altar improvised of foliage, flowers and candles before an imported console, the large panel mirror above which reflected a beautiful holiday setting, the marriage vows were spoken Friday evening by Miss Marian Moore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Moore, of 1701 Logan avenue S, and John Howard Rowand, of Williston, N. D. Rev. Murdoch McLeod read the service at 8 o'clock. Rev. W. L. H. Rowand of Peterboro, Canada, father of the bridegroom, pronounced the blessing. The bride was given in marriage by her father. She wore a gown of white tulle with a train of old point lace, an heirloom of her mother's. Her veil of the same old lace was arranged in a cap effect and held in place by a wreath of orange blossoms. The bridal vouquet was a shower of bride roses nd lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a platinum bar pin set with diamonds, a gift of the bridegroom. Walter M. Ranger was the best man and the only attendant at the wedding.

"An informal reception to relatives and intimate friends followed the services, Receiving with Mr. and Mrs. Rowand were Mr. and Mrs. Moore and the father of the bridegroom, Mrs. Rowand came to Minneapolis but was taken ill and could not attend the ceremony. The rooms were decorated with California pepper berries. In the dining room a color effect of pink and white was carried out with white roses in a tall silver filigree basket and white tapers.

"Mr. Rowand and his bride left on a short wedding trip. They will be at home in Williston, N. D. after Feb. 1st."

Mr. Rowand writes The Review that Mrs. Rowand is now out of danger and will gradually recover. He has arranged pulpit supply for next Sunday in St. Andrew's as cannot come home at present, but expects to be in his place again on Jan. 12th.

Tony Martino was mysteriously murdered in Hamilton beside a house where a New Year's party was being held.

Annual Meeting Of Park Street S. S.

The annual business meeting of the Park Street Baptist Sunday School was held this week. After a general review of the work, the following officers were elected:

Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry.
Asst. Supt.—Mr. W. H. Moore.
Sec.-Treas.—O. S. Matchett.
Asst. Sec.—Harold Throop.
Librarian—W. Bullied.
Asst. Lib.—J. Hunt.
Lantern Operator—Mr. N. Porter.
Supt. Cradle Roll—Mrs. R. Wright.
Organist—Miss N. Goodwin.
Asst. Organist—Miss Rose Theobald.

Teachers—Mrs. Nicholl, Rec. D. Brown, Miss N. Fallis, Miss C. Dicks, Mr. W. H. Moore, Mr. Hayword, Mr. U. Porter, Mr. Bob Moore, Mrs. R. Wright, Miss U. Goodwin, Mr. H. Franter, Mr. Rennie Fallis, Mrs. M. Dunkley, Mrs. D. Brown, Mrs. O. S. Matchett, Mrs. W. Saunders, Miss Dunkley, Mrs. A. Follis, Mrs. F. Kidd, Miss E. Wells, Miss U. Moore, Miss D. Goodwin, Miss J. Nichols, Mrs. Colback.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to meet with us every Sunday afternoon at 3 p.m.

UNIQUE CHRISTMAS CARD

Sent Out by Rev. H. R. Trumpour of Vancouver.

Rev. H. R. Trumpour, formerly of All Saints' Church in this city, but now rector of a church in Vancouver, issued a unique Christmas card for distribution among his friends. It consisted of a neatly printed pamphlet containing a copy of the sermon he delivered on the peace Sunday ordered by the Government in praise for the termination of the war. A number of friends in the city have received copies of this eloquent desimise.

MOVED TO ALLISTON

G. H. Evans Called to Help Out Victim of Flu.

Mr. G. H. Evans, son of ex-Ald. George Evans, and who is a member of the staff of the Bank of Montreal, has been temporarily transferred to the branch at Alliston, as the clerical force there has been reduced by the ravages of the flu epidemic. In a telephone message to his parents yesterday, Mr. Evans stated that the situation is serious and the deaths are frequent. Another of the bank clerks was taken down yesterday. Mr. Evans had the flu before he left the city.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! A SMALL BOTTLE STOPS DANDRUFF

EVERY BIT OF DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT

TRY THIS! YOUR HAIR APPEARS GLOSSY, ABUNDANT, WAVY AND BEAUTIFUL

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight— now — any time— will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

HOT TIME FOR HARRY LAUDER

IS PROMISED IF HE ATTEMPTS TO APPEAR IN MONTREAL

Montreal, Jan. 3.— Harry Lauder, who is booked for Montreal next week, will run into a reception very different from what he has heretofore been accorded here. According to a communication received by the Montreal Star today from J. C. Groves-Contant, he is to be "egged" even as he attempts to step off the train, and that an organization has been formed to make things generally unpleasant for the Scottish singer.

Mr. Lauder, when last here gave an address at a luncheon and made a remark that was taken as highly derogatory to the French-Canadians. Mayor Martin even became interested and wrote a hot letter to Mr. Lauder. The incident caused quite a bit of discussion at the time, and now, apparently, is to be revived.

Here is the letter from Mr. Groves-Contant:

Dear sir:—Your esteemed paper has announced that Harry Lauder will appear here again during the week of January 7, next.

May I be permitted to tell this low class buffoon that if he cares for his bones and his calf-styled voice, he may as well go to his admirers in Toronto, as the French-Canadians who have been insulted in their own city by this clown will not permit his appearance on any stage in Montreal. An organization to this effect is on foot. We will show him that there is a great number of rotten eggs in storage for him. Montreal, being more than three-quarters French- Canadian will not permit him to even step from the train."

Naturally those behind the organization are not divulging their plans, but they say the reception committee will be quite representative and well armed.

CHURCH STANDS ALONE

Only Mayor in Canada Elected for Fifth Term.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—Mayor Church has now the distinction of being the only mayor of a city in Canada who has been elected for a fifth term. M. C. Costello, of Calgary, who attempted the same feat this year, failed to be elected a fifth time in the election of December. Never before in the history of Canada it is estimated, has the mayor of a Canadian city enjoyed the confidence of the electors for such a long period as has been given to Toronto's "War Mayor."

HEATED WAX ON STOVE

And Fire Brigade Had Run as a Result.

While heating wax on a stove at the home of L. Green, 591 Water street, this morning the substance ignited and flowed onto the floor, causing a small fire, which required the attention of the fire brigade. There was no damage done, but Chief Grange calls attention to the danger of such a practice. Some time ago a woman in this city was burned to death in this way.

Some men sow seeds of kindness and expect to reap their reward with

GOOD TIMES FOR MEN AND CAPITAL

AMERICAN FINANCIER HAS NOTHING BUT BRIGHT HOPE FOR THE FUTURE.

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of the United States Steel Corporation, writing in the January number of System, says:

"For the long future, we may have reason to believe that the country will be more progressive and prosperous than it has ever been before.

"The labor of this country is brought into direct competition with labor of other countries. Wages in leading foreign countries have been in the past about half the amount paid here for similar services, and, although foreign wages have increased, that ratio has darried through the war increases.

"Besides, many of the governments will, in inireased volume, furnish aid to their industries. They will produle as much as possible, and their facilities, though impaired, will quickly recover with this aid. They will sell wherever they can find a market, and they will sell at low prices if necessary.

"The principle of protection to industry by means of tariff laws has built up the commerce and the wealth of this country and other producing countries that have had a surplus for export. Its value has been demonstrated. As between nations, it is simply a safe, sound business proposition.

"As long as one country maintains protection to industry, others similarly circumstanced must do likewise to protect the interests of the large majority, including particularly the great aggregate of workmen.

"I believe both capital and labor will be protected and rewarded. Employers will lead in the effort to promote the welfare of their workmen.

"Co-operation will be seen on every hand. Capital and labor will continue to co-operate with government administration, and the latter will reciprocate in every practical and proper manner. We have every reason to be hopeful."

Veterans to Take Up Building Work

"In the event of Ontario municipal authorities failing to avail themselves of the housing loan offered by the Provincial and Federal Governments, it is possible that the Great War Veterans' Association may consider making application for some of the money and commence building themselves," declared Provincial Secretary W. E. Turley at Toronto. "It is impossible to say yet," he added; "no members have suggested such a course, and the municipal powers are too busy electioneering to think of housing problems just at present.

"Personally, I should think the G. W. V. A. might very well branch out in this enterprise, as they certainly know the crying need of better housing conditions in Ontario."

J. V. Conroy, the district secretary, stated that he would be in accord with such a step by the G. W. V. A., although, officially, the association had not even considered doing so.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

Barrils Limited Semi-Annual Clearing Sale of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear starts tomorrow, Saturday, January 4th.

Since the preception of our Ready-to-Wear Department, the policy has been to have only two sales yearly to purchase for cash the very best materials obtainable, and the latest styles, and to offer the public garments at a fixed fair margin of profit.

This policy has throughout proved eminently satisfactory, and a steady increasing business has resulted, proving the Department has [illegible]

U. S. SECOND IN NAVAL STRENGTH

FIGURES SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS ON GREAT FLEETS OF THE WORLD.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 3.—The secretary of the navy submitted to the house naval committee a report showing the present comparative strengths of the large navies of the world.

Here are the figures:

Great Britain.

Battle ships	61
Battle cruisers	9
Battle cruisers building	4
Cruisers	31
Light cruisers	39
Light cruisers building	22
Destroyers	460
Destroyers building	102
Submarines	146
Submarines building	76
Airships	220

Germany.

(Before the naval surrender to the United States and the Allies.)

Battle ships	19
Battle ships building or projected	6
Obsolete battle ships	21
Battle cruisers	5
Obsolete cruisers	3
Mine laying cruisers	2
Light cruisers	29
Obsolete light cruisers	6

Building or projected, work suspended:

Battle cruisers	3
Light cruisers	4
Mine laying cruisers	4
Destroyers completed	222
Torpedo boats	175
Submarines	225
Cruiser submarines building or projected	8
Airships	9

United States.

Battle ships	16
Battle ships, building or authorized	13
Older type battle ships	23
Battle cruisers, building or authorized	6
Armored cruisers	8
Cruisers, first class	4
Cruisers, second class	4
Cruisers, third class	15
Destroyers	92
Destroyers, building or authorized	269
Submarines	78
Submarines, building or authorized	102

France.

Battle ships	20
Battle ships, building or projected	9
Cruisers	29
Light cruisers	8
Destroyers	12
Destroyers, fitted as mine sweepers	12
Destroyers, fitters as mine layers	4
Destroyers, building or projected.	1
Torpedo boats	121
Submarines	62
Submarines, building or projected	8
Airships	20
Airships, building or projected	19

OTTAWA NOT INFORMED

Knows Nothing Definite of Visit of King George.

Ottawa, Jan. 3.—"We have no information," said Sir Thomas White, Acting Prime Minister, when asked about the despatch intimating that the King and Queen will visit Canada after the treaty of peace is signed. While the matter has not been officially taken up with the Cabinet, it is believed that such a trip is possible and that it has been discussed with Sir Robert Borden in London. It is also rumored that Rideau Hall has been in communication with England on the subject, although there is no official confirmation.

The King last visited Canada in 1900 when he was still Prince of Wales. He was given an enthusiastic reception from end to end of the Dominion.

Peterboro Poultry Association's Eleventh Annual Show

Addresses by MISS M. YATES, of Ontario Department of Agriculture. TUESDAY EVENING, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, on "Incubation," "Rearing Chickens," "Killing and Dressing," "Preparing and Cooking," also on "Backyard Gardening and Poultry Raising." All illustrated by lantern slides.

EGG EXHIBIT and CANDLING DEMONSTRATION by Dominion Department of Agriculture.

CHEESING CONTEST on 6 jar of beans in Kingan's Hardware window for trio of Pure-bred White Rocks and trio of Silver Campines.

One ticket with each admission ticket.

At the Armouries on Jan. 7-8-9

ADMISSION, 10 and 20 CENTS.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine lines. All words over nine lines one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young man to learn the drug business. W. J. Kent, 402 George street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Young lady to room and board in private family. Apply Box 228 Review.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 958.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two ladies' right hand gloves and one gentlemen's left hand gauntlet. Apply at Police Station.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One two-seated and one three-seated pleasure sleigh. Apply Fontaine's Livery.

FOR SALE—I have seventy-five cords of dry mixed wood, four feet long, considerable maple in it. Will deliver it in any part of the city at $11.50 per cord. Joseph Stewart. Phone 3465.

FOR SALE—Household goods, including parlor suite, rugs, couch, kitchen cabinet, etc. Mrs. Crowe, 508 Rubidge, off McDonald.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION

The Lowe Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call. Phone No. 497. Night 396

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OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment Office Phone 649. Res. 846.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 95 TERMS CASH

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 1 and 6 to 8

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
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Panic Has Produced Careless Buying

Many of the tradesmen in apparel realize that panic and a form of commercial hysteria have resulted in a large amount of early buying, which is unfair either to the individual or to commerce. Every shopper has shared the

This suit is of striped velours, with short skirt and belted coat. Notice that the French woman has taken to wearing mannish negligee shirts of white silk with four-in-hand ties, adopted from uniforms of American war workers. Sailor hat of white felt, banded with black satin.

same experience this last year of being told that it is wise to buy a piece the articles needed, because they might not be obtainable at a later day.

This has resulted in a certain measure of hoarding, which the government does not allow in food. It has already resulted in severe waste of individual money. Women, feeling the press of this panic, have gotten clothes in advance of the season, and they now find that there are just as many to be had as six months ago, and that the shape and texture have changed.

It would be a far wiser method of spending one's money to buy a little, at the necessary time, representing the best there is at that moment.

There will always be material of some kind. Even if the world is reduced to whole garments of sewn fig-leaves, there is no reason why any one woman should wish herself out of the picture. Let her go along with the momentum of the hour and buy and wear garments of fig leaves.

The public is beginning to see the wisdom of buying a small amount at the moment it is needed. It should be preached in every possible form of propaganda that this is the wise way to live during war time. Rest assured that if the public buys up all the stock of one thing from a store, that store will be replenished the moment its supply is exhausted.

Of course, there are women who always demand quality. They prefer to have a badly cut gown, made in a past fashion, if they are sure that every thread is silk or wool, as the case may be. But the majority of women are not inclined toward accepting that system of dress.

Therefore, let us start out in a new measure of reform, as soon as this month is over, and face September with no idea of rushing into shops and buying everything that is offered because it is labeled "New." Maybe it is, and maybe it isn't. But a feeling of panic among buyers that now is the only chance to get enough clothes to carry one through the winter, results in the very thing that the government desires most to see avoided—reckless spending of money. So buy shrewdly, and not for hoarding.

If there is to be economy in clothes, let it begin this week. It is at this time, between the seasons, that a woman can take thought of her wardrobe and twist and turn it according to prevailing fashion, in a way that will serve her until styles are more settled. Then, when she has to buy much, she will buy wisely and well.

Help in Remodeling Clothes.

Here are some prophecies that may help you to be economical and wise. One of them sounds like the first aid to an injured wardrobe. It comes direct from Paris. It is that checks, stripes and mosaic blocks are widely worn in whole suits and parts of suits.

Can you imagine any piece of news more gratefully received than that which gives a woman a chance to make a new coat to an old skirt, or the other way around?

There are colored stripes on a white background, made of heavy woolen material and built into a skirt to be worn with any slip-on cuirass or short jacket of colored cloth or velvet.

(Copyright, 1918 by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Be jolly, but don't be jollied.

ON THE FUNNY SIDE

Again the H. C. L.

"My income is suffering," moaned the moving picture star.

"Isn't business good?"

"Splendid. But my manager is compelled to spend so much for lunch and lodging I'm afraid he won't be able to make up my annual million-dollar increase of salary."

Foresight.

"I understand dat de gemman you's gineter marry is a cook."

"Yes," replied Miss Miami Brown. "I picked him out. De rule of dat happy home is ginter be, 'Any gemman dat find fault wif de cookin' kin do de cookin' hisself.'"

A Lonely Life.

"Flubdub always seems so lonesome."

"Why, he married a fashionable beauty."

"Yes, he married her, but he has never succeeded in getting into the set she belongs to."

Quite So.

Fat Man (after squeezing through)—Confound it! The turnstile is a relic of the dark ages.

Gateman (smiling)—But you can't deny, old top, that it's one of the things that really count!

The Goose Step.

Mrs. Flatbush—What new step was that you were trying last night?

Mr. Flatbush—That's the goose step. Didn't you know it?

Mrs. Flatbush—I never saw a goose do it before.

VERY LIKELY.

First Congressman—He wants to be considered a giant in debate.

Second Congressman—I reckon that's why he uses such blamed long words.

A Rise.

There seems but little to be praised
In fortune's strange devices,
For every time your pay is raised
There comes a jump in prices.

No Doubt.

"You seem depressed."

"Got to write a story and dunnow what to write about," declared the popular novelist.

"That's a mean situation."

"Yep. A manufacturer could make money with a fountain pen that was a self-starter."

Super Solemnity.

"Wagnerian music always sounded noisy and incoherent to me."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne; "my idea of a Wagnerian orchestra is a big jazz band trying to take itself seriously."

Patriotic Air Roused Her.

A Quincy girl returned from a dance recently at about 3 a. m. and could not be awakened for work. The alarm clock had no effect, nor did repeated calls from members of the family. Her little brother tooted the reveille, but the girl was no soldier. Finally "The Star-Spangled Banner" was played, and to that the patriotic girl immediately responded.—Boston Globe.

Source of Republic's Strength.

Government in a well-constituted republic requires no belief from man beyond what his reason authorizes. He sees the rationale of the whole system, its origin and its operations, and, as it is best supported when best understood, the human faculties act with boldness and acquire, under this form of government, a gigantic manliness.—Thomas Paine.

Destructive Civil War.

Civil war in England lasted from 1642 to 1660—eighteen years—being contemporaneous part of the time with the Thirty Years war, which divided all Germany into two opposing camps. It found the empire with a population of 16,000,000, and left it with less than 5,000,000.

MAKE CONCRETE TILE

Well Cured and Properly Made Cement Tile Equal to Clay.

Strangles, an Infectious Disease of Colts May Be Controlled — The Cause, Symptoms and Treatment of This Serious Disease.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

TO make concrete tile satisfactorily many things must be taken into consideration. In the first place it is very necessary that the manufacturer have experience in the making of concrete tile; besides, it is essential to have good strong machinery, a good quality of sand and gravel, or crushed rock, first-class cement, material and cement thoroughly mixed, and a kiln where the tile may be steam cured.

Only strong, heavy and durable machinery should be used. With respect to material a good aggregate would be one part material, which would pass through a twenty-mesh sieve, and two parts, which would range from the previous size mentioned up to one-quarter inch stone. Only good sharp material should be used — one in which there is clay should be avoided. If this cannot be procured a sand washing machine will have to be added to the equipment of the plant.

Where a great many tile manufacturers make a mistake in the making of concrete tile is in the fact that they use too "lean" a mixture, that is not enough cement to the material. The proper mixture for first-class tile is one part cement to 2½ parts of crushed material, and in no case should the mix be more lean than one to three of a total aggregate, sufficient water being added to the mixture to make a gum consistency. When the tile are completed they should be placed in kilns where they may be steam cured and left there for a period of not less than 48 hours.

The kiln should be about six feet in height and of a width sufficient to allow the required number of trucks on which the tile have been placed to rest during the curing process.

The tile should be placed in the kiln not more than 1½ hours after it has been manufactured and kept there for 48 hours during the steaming process. After it has been cured it might be removed from the kiln and piled in the yard, and should have at least two weeks hardening before being again disturbed. Before the product of any tile plant is offered for sale samples should be tested either at the plant or sent to the Drainage Department at the O. A. C., Guelph, to be tested to see if it is of the proper strength.—W. R. Scott, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

Strangles—Its Cause and Cure.

Strangles, commonly called "Colt Distemper," is an infectious, febrile, erruptive disease peculiar to horses, especially to colts or quite young horses, but those of all ages are liable to suffer. One attack does not render an animal immune from a second, but there are few cases in which an animal suffers the second time.

The disease appears in two forms, known as (a) Regular Strangles, (b) Irregular Strangles, often called "Bastard Strangles." As with all contagious or infectious diseases it is caused by a specific virus which is communicable from animal to animal by contact or surroundings, may be carried from a diseased to a healthy animal on the hands or clothes of the attendant, on pails, forks, harness, clothing, etc., and it is possible it may be carried considerable distances in the air.

Symptoms — When the abscesses form in the space between the arms of the lower jaw (called the maxillary space) the general health is often so little affected that nothing wrong is suspected until the abscesses break, but in most cases there is a dullness, more or less loss of appetite, increase of temperature, nasal discharge, at first watery, but soon becoming purulent, cough, often difficulty in swallowing. A tumor or tumors can be felt, and generally seen in the neighborhood of the head, usually in the space already referred to in the throat or higher up, just posterior to the lower jaw. In severe cases the patient becomes unable to swallow, the cough becomes very painful and breathing more or less labored and difficult; and he usually stands with his nose protruded, facing a supply of fresh air if at liberty.

Treatment.—In mild cases good care and comfortable quarters are all that is needed, other than flushing out the cavities of the abscesses three times daily with a five per cent. solution of one of the coal tar antiseptics or carbolic acid. In more acute cases in addition to the above it is good practice to steam the nostrils occasionally by holding the patient's head in steam escaping from a pot of boiling water, to which has been added a little carbolic acid. Feed and water out of a high manger, as he swallows with greater ease when head is elevated. Give the patient two to four drams of hyposulphite of soda (according to size) three times daily. Keep hot poultices to the throat, lance abscesses as soon as ready and treat as above. Feed on soft, easily swallowed and easily digested food. If he wont eat keep up his strength by giving new milk and raw eggs with an oz. of sweet spirits of nitre several times daily. Do not attempt to drench him. Give the powders out of a spool, placing them well back on the tongue. Give the liquids with a 2-oz. syringe. If there be danger of suffocation, and the amateur cannot relieve it, a veterinarian should be sent for promptly. In cases of irriguar strangles the same treatment, less the local attention to the forming abscesses is all that an amateur, and, after all, that a veterinarian can do.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Gifts of Value

Big business and ome-again buyers testify that our selections for holiday giving are appreciated both in value and price. To see them is to buy. Nothing but dependable goods are here carried. They include:

TIMEPIECES
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES
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IN RINGS FROM $25 UP
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PINS, LOCKETS, ETC.

GOLD
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Parisian Ivory
Articles
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NEXT TO TURNBULL'S

HASH IS HASH.

In one of her famous "Rebecca" stories, Kate Douglas Wiggin had written this sentence:

Rebecca sat by the window, chopping hash.

The proofreader put an interrogation mark after it, and added, in pencil:

"As hash is the finished product, was she not, instead, chopping meat or potatoes?"

When the author rallied from the effect of the comment, she wrote her answer under the question:

"There is in psychological moment when the meat and the potatoes blend into hash. It was this moment I had in mind!"

Shrewd Guess.

"For half an hour Gadspur has been standing at the telephone saying, 'Uh huh! uh huh!' "

"Who do you suppose is at the other end of the wire?"

"It must be his wife. He would feel in duty bound to be more polite to anybody else."

TIME IS MONEY.

Wise—There was to be a meeting of my creditors today.

Howe—Well, wasn't there?

Wise—No. They unanimously agreed that they couldn't afford to spend the time.

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Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

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Good Mixed Wood $10
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Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

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THE MARKETS

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Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	75	80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1.05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00
Hides.		
Beef hides	0.12	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

Good Advice.

The man who doesn't worry when he ought to is as bad as the one who worries when he shouldn't. Worrying is bad for the health, but probably not as bad as letting things drift. In case of rain, run for an umbrella. Instead of saying "Don't Worry" the best advice to give a man in trouble is "Get Busy."—Thrift Magazine.

His Preference.

Alvine had always longed for a dog. One day the nurse announced that if he would pray for it, God might send him a brother or a sister very soon. That night the nurse overheard him saying his prayers. He ended with: "Dear God, I would like a brother or a sister, but if it's just the same to you, I'd lots rather have a dog."

Washing Poor People's Feet.

The custom of washing the feet of the poor on Maundy Thursday at Whitehall was observed by English sovereigns until the end of the seventeenth century. After that the ceremony was performed on their behalf by the Archbishops of York until the middle of the eighteenth century.

Easy to Recognize.

Helen, four years old, went to the movies and was much interested in the war pictures. When the statue of Liberty was projected on the screen, she exclaimed: "I can also tell the Goddess of Liberty, 'cause she has an ice cream cone in her hand."

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Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
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EARLY DAYS OF AMATEUR SPORT

ATHLETIC CLUB ORGANIZED IN NEW YORK THIRTY-ONE YEARS AGO.

Wednesday was the thirty-first birthday of the Amateur Athletic Union, the governing body of amateur sport in America, as it was on January 1, 1888, that the organization was launched. The late James E. Sullivan was the prime over in the formation of the A.A.U., and was its first secretary. Harry McMillan, at that time president of the Schuyikill Navy Athletic Club, was elected the first president, but Sullivan was its leading spirit until his death in September, 1914.

In the early days of amateur sport n America, the New York A.C. was looked upon as the supreme arbiter. It made the laws which the clubs in other cities were bound to follow, and was the supreme court of amateur sport. This naturally aroused jealousy and opposition, and in the early 80's Athletes of America was born. In spite of its name, it was almost purely a New York body, and the amateur sportsmen of other cities did not take kindly to it. In 1888 the A.A.U. entered the field, and while the old association hung on for a little while, and pulled off an American championship meet in New York in opposition to the A.A.U. championships in Detroit, the New Yorkers quickly realised that they would have to climb aboard the A.A.U. band wagon.

The organization started with a membership of fifteen clubs, and a member of each was appointed to the board of governors. At the 1889 meeting only five clubs were represented, and the association seemed doomed. It was then that A. G. Mills suggested the plan of districting the organization, and four associations, representing as many parts of America, were formed. By 1890 the union was on a sound basis, and its supremacy has never since been seriously threatened.

BOWLING GAMES FOR NEXT WEEK

The five pin league contest at the Water street bowling alleys will be resumed next week. These games was postponed during the holiday weeks. The following is the games in both class, A and B, league games for next week:

Monday, Jan. 6—Clerks vs. East Lawn Bowlers.

Tuesday, Jan. 7—Grocers vs. Maple Leafs.

Wednesday, Jan. 8—Shamrocks vs. West Lawn Bowlers.

Thursday, Jan. 9—Eko Club vs. High Rollers.

Friday, Jan. 10—Rex vs. De Laval.

Ten Pin League.

A ten pin league of the business men will be started immediately. The teams are getting into shape, and a meeting to organize will be called next week. Get your team lined up now! This league last year was a great success, and this winter promises to be even better for the rollers.

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all your OLD SCRAP. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS

364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

MISS JIGGS-I'M CRAZY ABOUT YOU AND WOULD LIKE TO MARRY YOU-
YOU WOULD HAVE TO ASK MY FATHER FIRST-
I'LL GO RIGHT TO HIS OFFICE AND ASK HIM AND-LET HER KNOW WHAT HE SAYS-
JOIN THE MARINES
WHAT WOULD YOU SAY MR JIGGS IF YOUR DAUGHTER CONSENTED TO MARRY ME-
YOUNG MAN-HOW DARE YOU INSINUATE THERE IS INSANITY IN MY FAMILY-
DOCTOR WILL YOU PHONE MISS JIGGS AND SAY-THAT WHAT HER FATHER SAID CANNOT BE REPEATED-

BRINGING UP FATHER By George McManus

BENNY KAUFF GETS BACK FROM LIFE IN THE ARMY

The Famous Slugger Tells Some Interesting Stories of His Experience in the Service of His Country.

New York, Jan. 3—Sergt. Benny Kauff, spick and span in his khaki uniform, though not exactly a stern visaged soldier, was a visitor at the Giants' offices yesterday. The Pomeroy slugger will receive his discharge from the army within the next few days and is impatient to start southward to prepare for the 1919 season. He looks fine and says he feels that way, and he talked of baseball and the army in his own inimitable style. He has judged life in the army from the standpoint of a big league idol, accustomed to luxurious surroundings, who suddenly is shifted to a world in which he must sleep in a narrow barrack room bunk, rise at dawn to toil until sundown and subsist on the plainest sort of "chow," yet he has naught but kind words to say for the service and deplores only the lack of opportunity to make "real dough" while a soldier of Uncle Sam.

"They say that every day in the army is like Sunday on the farm, but don't believe it," says Benny. "At the time I left camp I was chief engineer of a narrow gauge gasoline dummy used for hauling supplies and men about the camp. I got up at 5 in the morning and worked all day, making my last trip at 5.15 p.m. When I first reported at the camp I was put in an infantry regiment, and after a while I was transferred to the provost guard, my duties being to guard the stockade in which they have a lot of interned Germans, including some U-boat sailors. Then I was shifted to the quartermaster corps and I'm still there.

"I've worked harder for the past six months than I had since the days when I was in the coal mines at Pomeroy Bend. It didn't come easy at first, but now I am used to it. I roll out of my bunk in the morning before the bugle stops blowing, and I've become so accustomed to doing that that since I've been on leave I wake up promptly at 5 a.m. and start to get up before I realize where I am. I'll give you three guesses as to whether or not I go back to bed. Speaking of beds, the bunk I've got out there isn't a yard wide, but I've got so I like it. Why, the first few nights I was out of camp I couldn't sleep in my hotel bed and got up and slept on the floor.

"Believe me, they keep you stepping some in the army and it doesn't pay to miss any signals either. Every once in a while they give us a fire drill in the middle of the night, and each man is supposed to get up, dress fully and get out on line with a water bucket as quickly as possible. Some of my buddies and I decided to take our time getting up one night and then get out on the line wearing as much of our stuff as we could fling on in a few seconds. I showed up wearing shoes, a khaki shirt and a campaign hat, and the rest of our bunch was dressed about the same way. Just to teach us a lesson the officer made us hike about 500 yards dressed as we were and carrying out buckets. The ice cold water splashed out and trickled down my legs at every step and I was cured before we had traveled one quarter of the distance.

"However, it's a great life, and it sure gives you an appetite. The only fault I've got to find with it is that a fellow doesn't get a chance to make any real dough. Thirty a month isn't much, anyway, but when they get through taking out for Liberty bonds and insurance and things like that there isn't enough left on which to have a wild time at a Y.M.C.A. hut. The other day I went to get paid and they slipped me six dollars. I started away wondering what I was going to do with the six when a clerk called me back.

"'Hey!' he said like that, 'Do you have a laundry bill for [illegible] lars here.'

I'm darned if I had any laundry done up, but I couldn't give him an argument and parted with two more bucks. But it must be pretty nice for the officers. Why, a major gets $5500 a season.

"I see where Ty Cobb and Frank Baker say they're going to retire," Benny continued, switching to baseball. "Those fellows make me laugh. You couldn't drive 'em out of baseball with a machine gun. That reminds me: Some sailors from Norfolk came out to Camp Sherman last week to be discharged through our personal office and they tell me Davy Robertson says he is going to play ball next season. Dave's been pretty sick, by the way. He had pneumonia, but he's all right now.

"So young Jess Winters got a commission as a lieutenant, did he? Fine! Will I have to salute him when I see him next spring? Nix, I'll be a free agent by that time!"

Thirty Thousand For Four Years

SALARY PAID BY CLEVELAND BASEBALL CLUB TO NAPOLEON LAJOIE.

The career of Harry Lajoie makes a rather interesting story. He was born in Woonsocket, R.I., on September 5, 1875. The Frenchman was driving a hack from the station in Woonsocket when he took to baseball. From the stare he proved a phenomenal player and a great hitter. His easy grace at the plate, his powerful shoulders and driving swing made him a terror for pitchers. Soon Lajoie decided that baseball offered far more attractive opportunities for fame and fortune than "meeting all trains" and he forsook the hack and took to the willow.

Lajoie started playing professional ball with Fall River in 1896, and his work was so sensational that he and Phil Geier were bought by the Philadelphia Nationals before the season terminated. He was put on first base by William J. Shettsline, acting manager of the team. The next year Larry divided his time between first and outfield; then found his natural position when George Stallings, who had assumed charge of the club in 1897, put him at second base to start the 1898 campaign.

Lajoie stuck with the Phils until the end of the 1900 race, then flopped to the Athletics in 1901 when the American league began its famous raid on the National league. He played phenomenal ball for the Athletics that year.

The next year an injunction obtained by the Philadelphia Nationals prevented him from playing in Pennsylvania, so he was transferred to Cleveland, where he played until the end of the 1914 season. When he joined Cleveland in 1902 he signed at a salary of $30,000 for four years. He managed the Indians from 1905 to 1909.

At the end of the 1914 season Lajoie was transferred to the Athletics.

"Japanese" Conjugal Etiquette.

When American people judge the degree of affection between a Japanese husband and wife by their conduct to each other they make a great mistake. It would be as bad form for a man to express approval of his wife or children as it would be for him to praise any other part of himself, and every wife takes a pride in conducting herself according to the rigid rules of etiquette, which recognize dignity and humility as the virtues that reflect greatest glory on the home of which she is mistress.

Gift Brought Punishment.

A young woman employed in the office of a Kobe shipping house received from her millionaire employer a sum of money as a present on New Year's day. The girl took her fat wad of notes home. She was promptly thrashed by her mother for stealing them and dragged to the office to apologize for the theft. Explanations were made, but when they got home she was admonished once more for not stating her case more clearly.—Japan Chronicle.

HOLD EMPIRE GAMES.

Value of Athletics Well Appreciated by Authorities.

London, Jan. 3.—Some idea of the widespread recognition of the importance of athletics in the morale as well as the physical development of armies and navies may be gained from Great Britains' latest move in sport.

The army sport control board has started at once on a most comprehensive plan of British army championship competitions to be held in England in April, 1919. Telegrams have been sent to the troops in every theatre of war, and that means to a very large part of Europe, Asia and Africa, inviting entries. In other words, the events will brin gtogether the picked athletes of the British service from the four corners of the earth, and presumably among the entrants will be the auxiliary troops of many nationalities within the protection of the Union Jack.

Competition will be by units, and the events will be football, boxing, soccer and cross country running. Eliminations will be held overseas, that is, where the troops are stationed, and the finals sent to England.

WAY THIS WAR WILL BE WON

Not All of Us Can Fight, but Surely All of Us Can Give Our Money.

It's no use saying, "The government's slow," or "If I were Foch I'd do so-and-so!" You can talk and argue and grouch all day, but the war's not going to be won that way.

It's no use saying, "As I'm unfit I can't be expected to do my bit. I'll do nothing if I can't slay." The war's not going to be won that way.

It's no use saying "I'm over age—I've got to the book-of-life's last page." Your gold's still gold if you are gray, and the war's not going to be won that way.

It's no use saying, "I need not get into khaki for another two years yet." Every penny's of military age today, and the war's not going to be won that way.

It's no use saying, "If I were a man——" If you want to help, though a girl, you can. Don't buy frills and furbelows with your pay; the war's not going to be won that way.

Whether young or old, weak, strong or unfit, you can, nay, must, all do your bit. If you can't fight you can pay, pay, pay. The war is going to be won that way.

Use Cinnamon Oil for Influenza.

Oil of cinnamon has a very favorable effect on the temperature and shortens the convalescence period, says Medical press. Patients who usually suffer from marked weakness for several days after an attack of influenza regain their strength very rapidly when treated with cinnamon oil, and are able to take up their occupations on the second or third day. Twelve drops of the oil are given in half a tumblerful of water, and the dose is repeated in one hour, then ten drops given regularly every two hours until the temperature has dropped to normal. When the fever has gone ten drops should be given three times a day during the following twenty-four or forty-eight hours. When influenza is thus treated from the very outset—that is, within the first three or four hours—the temperature becomes normal within twelve hours; if the treatment is begun later it may require twenty-four or thirty-six hours to obtain this result.

Ambitious Small Girl.

"Mister, please, mister, can I have a job?"

"All the girls on our block are picking fruit; the boys are working in the shipyards, and I want to do something for Uncle Sam," twelve-year-old Alice told Charles Sjorberg, timekeeper at the Manlon Dry Dock and Shipbuilding plant, as she sought a "position."

"Sure, I can do anything," she continued, as she explained that her name was just Alice. "I'd like to be a heater, or a rivet-passer," she added as she said she would grow up and be a riveter and break the record.

Tears welled as she set out in search of an orchard where she could pick fruit after Sjorberg told her she would hardly do as a riveter.—Call.

CALAIS LONG FAMOUS PORT

Three Nations Have Held City Which the Germans Are Now Co Eager to Possess.

Since the beginning of the war Calais has been an objective of the German army. It is a familiar name to those who have crossed the 26 miles of nasty choppy water that lies between Calais and the English port of Dover.

Fifty years ago Calais was regarded as a fortress of the first class, but it would now probably not be able to defend itself many days against modern artillery. In 1346, after the battle of Crecy, Calais was besieged by the English King Edward III, holding out resolutely by the bravery of Jean de Vienne. Its inhabitants were saved from the cruel fate with which Edward menaced them by the devotion of seven of its chief citizens, who in turn were themselves spared at the prayer of Queen Phillipa, this event having been commemorated in a widely known historical painting.

Calais remained in the hands of the English until 1558, when it was taken by the duke of Guise, at the head of 30,000 men, from an ill-provided English garrison only 500 strong, after a siege of seven days. This loss led to the remark of an English queen, who declared that when she died the word "Calais" would be found imprinted on her heart. Calais was held by the Spaniards from 1596 to 1598, but was restored to the French by treaty.

On the chalk cliffs of Dover stands a gun, several centuries old, on which is engraved the doggerel:

"Feed me well and keep me clean,
And I'll send a ball to Calais green."

This was fiction, but modern artillery could easily accomplish the feat.

Fate's Playfulness.

A lean young infantryman, hurried across France with his regiment, was flung into a fight near Chateau Thierry with scanty sleep and short rations, went over a crest with the first wave of assault, emerged from a mix up with a German bayonet none the worse except for a tear in the seat of his breeches, escaped by a miracle every blast in the murderous crossfire of German machine guns and finally came out one of the few unscratched ones in his platoon. He dropped on the ground, doubly thankful for the promise of a few moments' rest, but he bounded up again in the agony of his first wound. His face had landed in a bunch of nettles.

New Invention.

A recent invention which has not been marketed as yet, but is reported to be a great success, is an electric roller for use in making the much-needed five-yard rolls of bandages. The new device is not only a great time and labor saver, but requires little practice to learn to operate. The rollers operated by hand, as they have been heretofore, require skill and training to operate them successfully, and the work is strenuous. By rolling electrically the operator is able to keep both hands on the bandage, while in hand operation one hand guides the roll of bandage and the other revolves the roller.

WOLF REAPPEARS IN FRANCE

Held Because the Attention of the Country Has Been Concentrated on the War.

Now and then, as we walked down the slope among the scattered trees, we heard the low kr-krump of distant guns which had come to my ears before dawn, writes William Beebe in Atlantic Monthly. It was a little more distinct and sometimes double; krumm-krump, but even now a big frog at the bottom of the hill would have been more effective.

But all other thoughts slipped away as a new sound arose in the darkness, a sound which held for me a thrill, as vital as the blat of distant battle, and incomparably more alluring. It rose slowly, a rich, mellow, undulation which stirred every fiber, and then quavered, descended, and broke off. We stood motionless, listening with all our ears, and again it came, unmistakably, from the depths of the misty woods.

My companion smiled at me. We could see in imagination the drooped tail, the hollow-chested muzzle raised skyward—a wolf uttering that cry which of all sounds is most symbolic of the northern wilderness—suburbiment plaintif et lugubre, I could not believe my ears, that here in the heart of France, within sound of the guns at the front, I had heard the voice of a wild wolf. The peasants had reported wolves at several places, the cold and pinch of hunger driving them from distant fastnesses, and their face was making [illegible]. And now they had [illegible] adding little to oppose them in this depleted country.

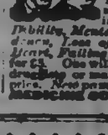
Lacking accurate knowledge, I had always assumed that in Europe, in these modern times, wolves were restricted to the farthest wilds of Russia and Siberia. To think of them in France was in imagination to reperture medieval times again.

Wild Canaries Not Yellow.

Canaries on their native islands are found in great flocks—striped greenish birds, by no means resembling in color our cage canaries. The yellow canary is a result of selective breeding, and the same may be said, of course, of other cage varieties, such as the humpbacked Belgian canary and the "lizard" canary of curious feather-pattern.

District Residents Disfranchised.

Residents of the district of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officials, which would include the president, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in the district was ceded to the United States and became the seat of the general government.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Nova pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Chemical Co., Toronto, Ont. Queen Street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary, "Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Quality and Service

If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices—executed by men who are craftsmen—try the

REVIEW PRINTING Co.

HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

Barrie's
Peterborough

Ladies' Ready to Wear Department announce the opening on

SATURDAY NEXT, JAN'Y 4th,

Of Their Semi-Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts, Blouses and Silk Sweaters.

WATCH THIS PAPER

THE BARRIE BUILDING

PHONE 340

HOSPITAL SHIP COMING.

Halifax, Jan. 3.—The hospital ship Araguaya, which sailed from Liverpool on Monday for this port, is bringing fifty officers, eighty nursing sisters and 709 other ranks. She is expected next Wednesday.

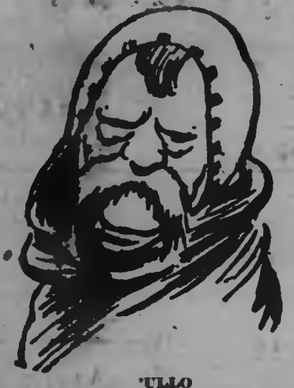
LADIES' CURLING CLUB.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Curling Club held yesterday the following members were appointed skips for the season's games: Mesdames Eastwood, Coulthard, Goodwill, Sanderson, Hill and Miss Miss Davidson.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

Tonight & Tomorrow

Seats May Be Reserved for the Evening Performances



The Biggest Sensation in the Moving Picture World

CAPTAIN BRUCE BAIRNSFATHER'S

"The Better 'ole"

From the Famous London Stage Success.

"The Romance of Old Bill"

'ULLO

Three weeks at the Allen Theatre, Toronto and still running at Massey Hall.

4 Performances Daily 4

Matinees, 2.15 and 4 p.m.—Prices, 15c and 25c; Children, 10c
Evening, 7.30 and 9.15—Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c
Same Prices as in Toronto

MONDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1919

MATINEE 2.30 p.m. EVENING 7.30 p.m.

HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES

BIG AMATEUR CONTEST

We are arranging an attractive program for this day. Send your name in early to the box office if you wish to enter the Amateur Contest. Cash prizes.

MATINEE 10c. EVENING 15c

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1919

Coming here exactly as it was presented before H.R.H., the Duke of Devonshire, and Vice-Regal Suite, last Saturday evening in Ottawa.

NEW YORK'S SUPREME COMEDY SUCCESS

Turn TO THE Right

A play of "THE WANDERING BOY," and his crook pals—Also of a sweet, dear mother.

Only plays one week in Ontario after RETURN engagements in Toronto and Montreal.

"A bomb filled with golden laughter, and a real tonic for a nation weary of war and epidemic."—Montreal Star.

SEAT SALE OPENS AT THEATRE, SATURDAY, 10 a.m.

Prices, $1.00, 75, 50 and 25 Cents

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Whatever your form of Eye Trouble we can help you. Eye Trouble does not always indicate poor vision. See us and see better.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WANTED.
Janitor for office. Apply to
The Quaker Oats Company

NOTICE

Owing to illnes, Mrs. Greenslade will not resume her classes until further notice.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OTONABEE CHAPTER

An important meeting of Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E., will be held in the Green Room of the G.W.C.A., on Saturday, January 4th, at 3 p.m.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.
MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
295 Hunter Street. Phone 284J.

WOOD FOR SALE

Quantity of Wood for sale, $2.00 a load, and deliver yourself. Cartage charges extra. Apply 125 James street, or Ashburnham Wharf.

NEW YEAR'S DANCE

January 3rd, 1919, W.O.W. Hall, under auspices of A. B. Y. H. Club. Tucker's Orchestra. Refreshments Tickets, 75c a couple.

PETER ROBINSON CHAP., I.O.D.E.

The regular monthly meeting of the Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. will be postponed until a later date, but there will be a special meeting Monday evening at 7:30 in the Library to make arrangements for the dance on January 10.

CLASSES AT Y.W.C.A.

The gymnasium classes at the Young Women's Christian Association will be resumed next week after the holiday season. Commencing with the senior school girls' class on Monday afternoon at 4.30, the classes will meet at their regular times. There will be no junior classes tomorrow.

LABOR MINISTER HERE JANUARY 16

WILL ADDRESS THE CANADIAN CLUB AND MEET LABOR MEN.

Capt. Burnham, M.P., has received the following letter from Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor:

Dear Mr. Burnham:

I expect to go to Peterborough on Thursday, the 16th inst., to address members of the Canadian Club, and also to interview as many as possible of the Labor people there, and while in the city I hope to have the pleasure and opportunity of meeting you.

I will leave here on the C.P.R. train which reaches Peterborough at 3:35 p.m. and will be staying at the Empress Hotel, where perhaps you could find it convenient to look me up.

(Sgd.) G. D. ROBERTSON,
Minister of Labor.

Mr. Burnham hopes that organized Labor in Peterborough will take advantage of the Minister's presence here to interview him for the advantage of both. Mr. Burnham says that without interfering with the Canadian Club program he will be glad to arrange any such interview.

LATE ARCHITECT WELL KNOWN HERE

EDMUND BURKE DESIGNER OF THREE HANDSOME EDIFICES IN CITY.

Mr. Edmund Burke, senior partner in the firm of Burke, Horwood & White, architects, died at his home in Toronto yesterday afternoon after an illness of one week. He was 68 years of age. Mr. Burke's illness was not regarded as serious until last Sunday, when pneumonia developed, and he rapidly grew worse.

Mr. Burke was well known in Peterborough, where three of the handsomest church edifices in the city stand as a monument to his memory. It was the late Mr. Burke who designed the George Street Methodist Church, the Murray Street Baptist Church and the Trinity Methodist Church buildings.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. David E. Conroy, of Edmonton, Alta., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Conroy, Hunter St., Ashburnham.

Mr. Stewart Trumbley, of Chicago, visited H. McCauley over the New Year holiday.

Mr. William Carter, 530 Bolivar street, is confined to his house with a broken rib, caused by a fall on the icy sidewalk.

Miss Nellie Reid of Clifton Springs is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reid, 561 King street.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Roy leave on Monday for Rochester and Clifton Springs, N. Y., on a two weeks' visit.

OBITUARY

MRS. McROBERTS

The death of Mrs. D. McRoberts, which took place on Dec. 22nd, at the age of eighty-one years, removes a most highly respected resident of Cavan Township. Deceased is a sister of Mrs. Matthew Gardiner and mother of Mrs. J. O. Ball, of Cavan, at whose home she died.

The funeral took place on Dec. 24 to Gardiner's Cemetery, the services being conducted by Revs. W. H. Clarke and G. I. Craw.

Mrs. McRoberts was a lifelong and consistent member of the Methodist Church, and a whole-hearted Christian lady, will join in extending heart-felt sympathy to her husband and children in the loss they have sustained by the death of their loved one.

"Turn To The Right" At Grand Tuesday

Brisk fun, youthful romance and an atmosphere of green fields and scented orchards, invest "Turn to the Right," with rich appeal to city dwellers, and during its long run on Boardway it lured thousands back to the Gaiety theatre to view it again and again. Like the tried and true friends of one's youth, frequent contact with its lovable characters deepened the attachment and brough fresh enjoyment with each visit.

It is the one play of the generation for the whole family, without a frown or a blush in its entire action. There are no sex problems, no risque dialogue and no situation to cause uneasiness to the man who brought his wife and daughter.

The title "Turn to the Right" is taken from the story of an erring boy's regeneration through the Christian influence of his old-fashioned mother. Joe Bascom is a type common to every small town in America. An honest-hearted exuberant youth, he leaves his home and his boyhood sweetheart to win riches in the city. Seven years later he returns stamped with a prison record. On the day of his home-coming the little homestead is threatened with seizure by the village skinflint, Deacon Tillinger, for non-payment of a grocery bill of $125. With the reunited Bascom family facing this crisis, two of Joe's former prison pals, "Slippery Muggs" and "Dynamite Gilly," happen along. This nimble-witted pair takes quick action in raising the amount necessary to save the farm and they remain to harvest a bumper crop of peaches. Through the influence of Mother Bascome the three youths are thoroughly reformed and they wax prosperous in the manufacture of peach jam from a recipe which has given Mother Bascom local renown.

The raising of the money to save the farm provides one of the great surprises of the play. The stage has known nothing funnier or more ingenious, and it will be better enjoyed if not forestalled in print.

"Turn to the Right" will play here Tuesday next, January 7th, on way to Montreal.

With a majority of over 1,500 over his opponent [illegible] T. M. Wright, Mayor Booker was re-elected mayor of Hamilton [illegible]

Saturday Specials

Coat Sale Extraordinary For Saturday

$20.00 to $35.00 Coats for Women and Misses Marked Down to $15.00

15 only, Winter Coats for Women and Misses—Offering a Good Selection of Materials, Styles and Colors—All Good Wearable Models. Regular $20.00, $25.00, $27.50, $32.50 and $35.00. Don't Miss This Opportunity . . Saturday Bargain Your Choice $15.00

Buy $5.00 White Crochet Bed Spreads for $3.98

Just a few left over from the holiday trade. All nice and new. Very choice designs, in neat crochet patterns. Size 78x90 inches. Regular $5.00. Saturday Special . . . $3.98

60c Ready Made Made Pillow Cases for 52c

These are exceedingly good value, and if you need pillow cases, buy these. Made from a splendid quality white cotton, nicely hemstitched with 3-inch hem. Sizes 40, 42 and 44 inches. Regular 60c . . . . . 52c Saturday Special 52c

Fine Make 30c White Saxony Flannellette, Yard 21c

We just have 500 yards to sell, and the value is so unusually good that the entire lot should not last long. Pure white Saxony Flannelette, fine English make, 28 inches wide; soft combed surface. Regular 30c . . . . . 21c Saturday Special 21c

Semi-Bleached 50c Bedroom Towels 39c

Splendid quality Union Bedroom Towels, semi-bleached, fine, close weave and a real good durable twill; nicely hemmed all ready for use. Size 18 x 32 inches. Regular 50c . . 39c Saturday Special 39c

Unshrinkable Grey Wool Blankets "Seconds" each $3.98

A wonderful all-wool blanket, unshrinkable and in nice grey shade. The quality is thoroughly scoured wool yarns and each blanket has a full, lofty napping; double bed size. These are makers' seconds and they are worth $12.50 a pair . . . . . Saturday Bargain, each $3.98

Women's Fancy Neckwear $1.00 Specially Priced For Saturday

An especially good assortment of women's fancy Neckwear. In a splendid choice of materials, in all the most attractive and fashionable styles. Every piece is regular $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75. Saturday Bargain Your choice $1.00

$2.50 Black Italian Satin Underskirts $1.98

Splendidly tailored underskirts, made from rich black Italian satin, with fitted elastic band, gathered and plaited flounces. Regular $2.50. Saturday Special $1.98

Best Quality Canadian Flannelette Blankets in the Largest Size Made. Grey or White, Pink or Blue Stripe Borders. Saturday's Price . Pair $3.75

75c Colored Dress Goods, Yard 47c

36 to 40 inch Colored Dress Goods, comprising such wanted weaves as poplins, plaids, whipcords, tweeds and black and white check; splendid range of colors; all new, up-to-date materials for children's dresses. Regular up to 75c . . . . . Saturday Special, yard 47c

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

SPECIAL CALL FOR WORKERS

RED CROSS TO TAKE UP WORK OF MAKING GARMENTS FOR REFUGEES.

A special call has gone forth to Red Cross workers to make garments for war refugees. The Red Cross work rooms in the Public Library will be open beginning Monday, January 6th, three evenings a week, Monday, Wednesday and Friday this month, when a determined effort will be put forth to make as many of these garments as possible. As this will in all probability finish Red Cross work in this city it is hoped that every woman who can sew will be present on Monday and each succeeding Red Cross day in order that this final Red Cross drive may be a complete success.

WOOD SUPPLY GETTING LOWER

STILL A FEW CORDS OF HARDWOOD AT $13 CORD.

We have only one car of hardwood left, and it may be some days before we get a new supply in. This wood is cut in stove lengths and is the best value offered this season in the Peterborough wood market. Inspect it in our shed; $13 a cord delivered. We are just starting into the real winter weather with a consequent increasing demand for wood. Now is the time to get a supply and not when prices are higher or the supply is gone. Peterborough Planing Mill. Telephone 86.

VICTORIA SCHOOLS STAY SHUT.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 3.—There are so many children in the city schools who are suffering from influenza that Dr. A. G. Price, medical officer of health, has decided that the schools shall remain closed until such time as conditions warrant opening them again.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW.

"THE BETTER 'OLE" AT THE GRAND

PICTURES THAT SHOW LIGHTER SIDE OF LIFE IN THE TRENCHES.

"The Better 'ole," the famous moving picture feature adapted from the celebrated London stage success, "The Romance of Old Bill," showing at the Grand Opera House Thursday, today and tomorrow, is one of the gems of the moving picture world.

The ideas and characters are obtained from the cartoons of Captain Bruce Bairnsfather, one of the greatest caricature artists of the ages, whose tremendous talents lay dormant until called into being by the many ridiculous scenes presented in every day life in the trenches which evoked the laughter of the few and failed to reach the people of the world and be generally appreciated on account of the absence of one who could take them live with the aid of the artist's pen and printer's ink.

Captain Bairnsfather has a style all his own and his works are now known throughout the civilized world and have done more to make the people "at home" realize that humor of the English Tommy in the trenches which smooths out the most trying conditions and takes the sting out of bitter hardships by means of a jest. If the soldiers in France did not have a well-developed sense of humor there would be more cases of insanity in army hospitals than has been the case.

The picture at the Grand is the first of its kind to be shown in this city and its originality, its difference from other motion picture plays—and it is a play, not merely a collection of disjointed scenes from the firing line—is what recommends it to those who appreciate a clever screen production.

Those who go to see this picture today or tomorrow will look upon none of the scenes of marching troops, batteries in operation, exploding shells or make-believe combats which are beginning to bore the theatre-going public. They will see one of the funniest features being shown today, and will declare that Alf, Bill and Bert are old friends with whom they have been long acquainted in the pages of Bairnsfather. It is a story as fascinating as "The Three Musketeers," to which it may be likened, inasmuch as the three Tommies are fast friends and the story concerns them all, though Bill is the central figure.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

CHOCOLATE SPECIAL for NEW YEARS EVE

20p.c. Discount

on all Fancy Display Packages, ranging in prices from $1.50 up.

FRESH STOCK NEILSON'S SPECIALS

Only a limited supply at above discounts.

WARNE Drug Co. Limited
351 George St
Phone 527w

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and decidedly cold today and on Sunday. Light local snowfalls.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 3Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

LAKEFIELD VETERAN WAS A PASSENGER ON FATAL WRECK

Gunner Vandal Simpson Passed Through City on His Way Home—Was Nearly Two Years in Military Service.

Gunner Vandal Simpson was in Peterborough last night on his way to his home at Lakefield. He arrived on the G.T.R. evening train after seeing close upon two years servce overseas and passing through a terrible experience when homeward bound in his own land, having been a passenger on board the I. C. R. troop train which left the rails while travelling through Quebec.

Gunner Simpson went overseas in April of 1917 with the Cobourg heavy battery. He was gassed and for some time was confined to an English hospital. When the armistice was signed he was in Borden camp at Hants in the County of Essex.

He crossed over on the Carmania, which carried about four thousand returning troops and docked at Halifax early last Monday. About ten o'clock of the same morning, he was on board an Intercolonial train heading towards Montreal and at three o'clock in the afternoon, while rounding a curve near Edmunston in the Province of Quebec, the train struck a spread rail and one of the coaches left the track and plunged down a steep embankment, killing four men and injuring fifty.

Gunner Simpson was not in the unlucky car, but states that the scenes which followed were terrible in the extreme. Assistance had to be obtained from Quebec city and it was not until next day that the veterans were able to resume their journey.

DOMINIONS AT PEACE CONFERENCE

It is finally decided that the overseas Dominions will have their representatives at the Peace Congress at Versailles. Canada will be represented by Sir Robert Borden (1); Australia by Rt. Hon. W. M. Hughes (2); and South Africa by Rt. Hon. Louis Botha (3).

HEALTHIER THAN BEFORE THE WAR

BUT GERMAN PEOPLE ARE NOT SO FAT, REPORTS SAY.

London, Jan. 4.—A long article written by a member of the allied naval commission in German waters on the subject of food conditions in North Germany, is published by the Times. The writer is careful to point out that he deals only with what various members of the commission saw with their own eyes in a very considerable area and that he is more or less heresay evidence regarding other parts of Germany.

"But if food conditions in the rest of Germany," he goes on, "are not very much worse than in Oldenburg Mecklenburg and Schleswig-Holstein, there is certainly no need for haste on the part of the allies in going to their relief. I am confident that none of the score or more members of the various sub-commissions who covered many hundred miles of country and saw tens of thousands of the people at close range, reported having noticed any evidence of palpable under-feeding among any of the inhabitants. Indeed, they are of the unanimous opinion that the whole population, both urban and rural, in these regions have been and are being fed near enough to normal requirements to keep them at full physical vigor. As a member of the intelligence staff, who had spent many years in the country before the war, said:

"You don't see so many people with rolls of fat on them as you did five years ago but you do see a healthier, hardier and generally more fit looking people."

MONTREAL IRISH READY

Plans Completed for Big Meeting in Ireland's Behalf

Montreal, Jan. 4.—Final arrangements for the mass meeting of Irishmen to be held here next week to consider a resolution supporting Ireland's demand for the right to self-determination of the Home Rule question, were brought well under way at a meeting here. It was announced that acceptances had been received from Messrs. C. J. Foy, of Perth, Ont; E. B. Devlin, M.P., for Wright; and D'Arcy Scott, former Mayor of Ottawa and lately member of the Board of Railway Commissioners, who will deliver addresses.

Dr. J. K. Foran, will be Chairman of the meeting. The Presidents of all the National Societies in the city will be invited to be present and speak.

HON. C. C. BALLANTYNE ILL

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—Friends of Hon. C. C. Ballantyne are anxious over his condition. He was operated upon in Montreal on Tuesday for appendicitis and has not made the recovery expected. New Year's night he was so bad that the family were called to the bedside. Yesterday he rallied and the latest reports are more favorable.

ORANGE PRICES TO COME DOWN

OTTAWA RULES THERE IS NO REASON FOR PRESENT RATE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—The cost of living branch recently made an investigation into the orange market and reports that the chief cause for high prices having been removed, prices during the succeeding months should be decidedly lower. While there are instances of large profits per case handled, there are also instances of loss. Average profits were not so great for the abnormal conditions as to warrant any action against the firms showing apparently large profits.

Now, however, that normal market conditions are restored with the main California crop upon the market, competition should not longer be restricted, and the dealers' margins have declined from the former amounts. Nevertheless, we deem it advisable to assure ourselves that profits throughout the winter are reasonable, and for this purpose shall continue our investigations.

Storm Interferes With Rescue Work

MANY AMERICAN SOLDIERS ARE STILL ABOARD STRANDED LINER.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 4.—Weather conditions early today were not regarded as favorable for the immediate removal of the two hundred seriously wounded American soldiers still on board the transport Northern Pacific, hard aground on the treacherous sands off Fair Island. A northeastern storm accompanied by snow, which set in last night, was still in progress at dawn, kicking up a heavy sea.

When darkness caused the suspension of the work of rescue yesterday 2,041 soldiers had been taken from the liner by naval and coast guard craft in the face of great difficulties. On Thursday 259 soldiers and Red Cross nurses wer carried ashore.

IRISH MAKE DEMAND.

Meetings of Sinn Feiners To Ask Comrades' Release.

Dublin, Jan. 4.—Sixty meetings will be held throughout Ireland on Sunday at which demands will be made for the release of six thousand Sinn Feiners said to have been arrested during the war.

"The Nationality," Sin Fein organ, urges the immediate organization of a national assembly which would prepare demands for the accrediting of an Irish delegation to the peace conference. The newspaper lauds the efforts of Irish-Americans to aid in such a move.

JAPENESE WILL LEAVE SIBERIA

INTERMENTION A PARTIAL FAILURE OWING TO JEALOUSY AMONG RIVALS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 4. — The announcement that 24,000 Japanese troops will withdraw from Siberia is reported by a Tokio despatch to the Express, quoting an official statement issued by the Japanese war office on December 27. The statement, according to the despatch, says that Japan intends to maintain henceforth only the smallest possible forces in Siberia.

"Public opinion here," says the despatch, "deplores the withdrawal. Allied observers, Americans as well as British, speak bitterly of the intervention as being relatively a failure, owing to disunity among the Allies and their mutual jealousis."

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

W. G. Manders, the new freight traffic manager for the western division of the Canadian National Railways, was for many years general freight agent of the Canadian Northern at Winnipeg.

WAS UNABLE TO FOLLOW WILSON

PROMINENT SOCIALIST IS NOW ON TRIAL ON CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—"Do you think Germany attacked the country when it sent submarines to our eastern coast and raided our shipping?" asked District Attorney Fleming of Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee Socialist, charged with conspiracy.

"No, I don't," said the witness. "She was not attacked in the same sense as Belgum."

"Do you think Belgium was attacked by Germany?" "Yes," said the witness. "I did not approve Germany's actions."

Asked whether he had supported President Wilson's policy in the war. Berger said;

"He changed his mind so often it was impossible to follow him, first he was too proud to fght. Then he was re-elected President because he kept us out of war. Four months later he plunged into war. Then he gave us dozens of different reasons why we were at war."

No Ultimatum Is Sent To Germany

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 4.—The Foreign Office denies that a British ultimatum has been sent to the German commander in the Baltic region, as has been reported. It also declares it has no reports of the landing of large British forces in the Baltic provinces.

Kill And Plunder As They Advance

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 4.—Bolshevist forces are in the outskirts of Vilna and the towns on the railway between Minsk and Brest-Litovsk. Bolshevists are burning buildings and robbing and murdering peasants as they advance.

Bolshevik Delegate At The Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Jarie, Jan. 4. — The Bolshevist Government of Russia intends to send Adolpe Joffe, former Bolshevik ambassador at Berlin, as its delegate to Paris to claim admission to the peace conference, according to the Echo de Paris today.

VETERANS HAVE NO COMPLAINTS

OF THE TREATMENT THEY RECEIVED ON TRANSPORT CARMANIA.

Toronto, Jan. 4.—The 463 men and 7 officers from the "Carmania" who have arrived were accorded the most enthusiastic welcome that has yet been given at the North Toronto Station since the commencement of demobilization. Not onyl did the large crowd which had assembled itself shout itself hoarse, but the incoming men themselves gave cheer after cheer from the upper platform as they gazed down upon their friends and relatives who had come to meet them.

All the men were in the finest physical condition and speak in the highest terms of the treatment they received on the return journey. In marked contrast to the reports which were received from the troops from the "Northland" the soldiers are unanimous in the statement that food and accommodation were all that could be desired.

Pte. A. E. Bartley On His Way Home

Mrs. A. E. Bartley, Toronto, received a cable from her husband, Pte. A. E. Bartley, on Monday stating he had arrived in England after being a prisoner in Germany for two years and a half. He is well and expects to be home soon.

Fire destroyed the 100,000 bushel cleaning elevator of Parrish & Heimbecker, on the indstrial spur, Fort William, causing loss of $250,000.

HUNS BUILDING 170 SUBMARINES

BUT SIGNING OF THE AMISTICE STOPPED WORK OF CONSTRUCTION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 4.—One hundred and seventy submarines, all under construction, were found when the Inter-Allied naval commission visited Germany. These U-boats will be turned over to the Allies. Germany's newest battleship, the Baden, will be surrendered at a British port within a few days. The Baden is a battleship of the very latest type. It has a displacement of 28,000 tons.

BRITISH ELECTIONS

Rt. Hon. Dr. Addison, minister of munitions, re-elected in Shoreditch by 6,000 majority.

NEWS IN BRIEF

The total Canadian casualties to December 31st are 220,182, with 60,383 dead.

Fifteen thousand British prisoners, once supposed dead, are turning up as prisoners.

British soldiers agitate to return to civil life.

The German campaign for a new national assembly is in full swing.

Britain and Holland have reached an agreement regarding the ex-kaiser.

The Sinn Fein parliament will meet next week and make laws. The British Government will not attempt to disperse it.

BALTIC PORT IS STILL GUARDED

BUT BRITISH HAVE LANDED NO FORCE YET AT SIBERIA.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 4. — The Russian Baltic port of Libau, according to reports received here, is protected by one British cruiser, three destroyers and one gunboat. The British warships, however, have landed no forces. The admiral commanding the squadron visited the Lithuanion committee at Vilna and promised to remain at Libau until the gulf of Riga had begun to freeze.

CANADA MAY SECURE LARGE SHARE OF OVERSEAS TRADE

Supplies of All Kinds Are Required to Build Up Europe and Business Is Likely to Develope Soon.

London, Jan. 4.—Lloyd Harris is visiting the continent to look over the situation in Belgium and France and to confer with the Governments of those countries. Large supplies of all kinds are needed for rebuilding in the ruined areas and for equipping national industries, and there is sound ground for expecting that a considerable proportion of these goods will be bought in Canada, the Government in each case being the purchaser and assuming responsibility for all payments.

There would appear to be openings for Canadian trade in the Balkans and oRumania. As for trade generally between Canada and Great Britain there is every indication that it will develop rapidly on normal business lines once restrictions upon imports are removed. It is understood that it is the policy of the British Government to remove these obstacles, but it is still necessary to secure licenses to import, and there is delay and trouble getting them, owing in a measure to the state of the exchange market. Cargoes of canned vegetables, for which there is a big market, are now lying at seaports awaiting authority to land, and shipments of other goods at Atlantic parts are being held for the same reason. With the removal of the restrictions there is a possible market here, for the time being at least, of many Canadian manufactures.

There is need for the strengthening of the selling agencies along co-operative lines. In the woollen trade Canada has set a good example. In this respect Mr. Carly, representing all Canadian woollen mills, has arrived and opened a selling office, and has good prospects of doing considerable business.

The shipping situation has improved. Large space on Eastbound Atlantc skips is increasing, and some steamers are arriving not filled to capacity. Freight rates continue high, with no early prospects of improvements.

The Trade Mission is opening up a permanent office in British Columbia House, Regent street.

CITY ON FIRE; BRIGADE STRIKE

BIG LOSS IN CLEVELAND WHEN VOLUNTEER MAN ENGINES.

Cleveland, Jan. 4.—With two-thirds of Cleveland's firemen absent from the station in their effort to enforce the eight-hour day, fire broke out in the four-storey Euclid building, in the heart of the downtown section yesterday afternoon. A general alarm brought twelve fire companies to the scene.

At 5 p.m. the flames had gained such headway that hope of saving the Euclid building were abandoned and efforts were directed to check the spread of the blaze to adjoining buildings.

With the arrival of fifty firemen who were off duty, including several engineers, who manned idle engines, the fire was put under control. The Euclid building was entirely destroyed. Fire Chief Wallace estimated the loss at $100,000.

RAISED $4,200 IN LIQUOR FINES

THRIVING "BLIND PIG" BUSINESS IN KITCHENER IS BROKEN UP.

Toronto, Jan. 4.—The activities of the Ontario License Board at the Town of Kitchener culminated in fines to the extent of $4,200 being added to the Provincial Treasury. For the past month agents of the repartment have been very active sub-rosa in the Kitchener district and have been able to place the coils around one of the largest illicit wholesale liquor traffics that has existed in Ontario for some time.

The department has been obtaining liquor from Emil S. Ruf, of Kitchener, Ont., each week for the past month. The first lot of whiskey cost $15 a gallon and was sold in 4-gallon kegs.

The next week they were granted reduction of $1 a gallon on two kegs and later obtained four kegs for $560. The traffic however, was brought to an abrupt conclusion when the last shipment which was delivered all the way from Kitchener to Toronto was seized and the driver George Doerr, was fined $800 by Magistrate Denison here in Toronto. The value of that shipment was $711, the bill now being in the hands of the Board, together with the correspondence carried on between their agents and Ruf. The case against Ruf has not yet come up as it is being enlarged. He now faces three charges, however.

TWO MILLIONS FOR MISSIONS

THAT IS THE OBJECTIVE THIS YEAR FOR CANADA'S METHODISTS.

Toronto, Jan. 4.—Toronto Methodists have set their mark at a quarter of a million dollars for missions this year. An enthusiastic meeting in Sherbourne Street Church last evening, composed of representatives of the missionary committees of the various city churches, adopted this objective by a standing vote. This is one-fourth of what is being asked this year from the whole of Canadian Methodism, and is more than a doubling of last year's aim, which was $114,000.

Some twenty years ago a quarter of a million dollars was considerably more then was given for missions by all the Methodist Churches in the Dominion. The intention is to raise the objective for the Dominion from one million to two millions next year, but Toronto is not waiting till 1920 to double its givings, the reason being the urgent need in China in order to keep up the missionary work there going, because exchange has fallen so low that a dollar is not worth now more than half what it was worth before the war.

G. H. Wood was in the chair, and addresses were given by George A. Warburton, W. G. Watson, Treasurer of the Missionary Society and Russell Dingman, who spoke for the Publicity Committee.

COL. HENDERSON SUED.

As Owner of Limousine Which Ran Into Another Motor Car.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—A writ was issued yesterday by the law firm of Fripp & McGee against Col. Harold Henderson, military secretary to the Governor-General, claiming $1500 damages as the result of a motor collision in May last, when a limousine driven by Lady Violet Henderson ran into the automobile belonging to Mr. J. Angus McKenzie. As Col. Henderson is the registered owner of the limousine the action had to be taken against him, although at the time of the accident he was not in the car.

ASKS FIVE-YEAR EXTENSION

Washington, Jan. 4.—Unless a five-year extension in control of the rail roads is granted, they should be turned back as promptly as possible, Director-General McAdoo told the Senate Inter-State Commerce Committee.

Henry McKay chief engineer of the Picton County Electric Company Ltd., was electrocuted Tuesday morning while attempting to adjust some of the apparatus in the power house at New Glasgow.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919

ALD.-ELECT MURRAY.

MR. ALEX. MURRAY was fairly elected a member of the City Council. He stood fifth on the list and this standing places him among those who will hold office for two years. Before he went into the contest he did everything in his power to comply with the law. He satisfied himself that he had the necessary property qualification and he resigned the office of fuel commissioner, in which capacity he had rendered the city faithful and intelligent service.

There was one trifling circumstance which Mr. Murray overlooked, however, and which has come to light since his election, that might be sufficient to disqualify him, but at the best it is an infinitesmal technicality. The fence that surrounds his home encroaches by a fraction on the street line, and to obviate the necessity of removing it he pays the city a rental of twenty-five cents a year. This small sum is charged to prevent him acquiring a title to the strip of land in dispute. Small as is the amount involved, the transaction constitutes a contract with the city, and the law says that no alderman shall stand in that relation to the municipality.

It is not likely that there is a man in the city who would question Mr. Murray's right to take his place at the Council Board because of the existence of this agreement with the city. Certainly none of the candidates whom he distanced in the race would do anything of the kind, even if they profited by his disqualification. No man would care to accept office on such terms. Mr. Murray is the man whom the people wanted to represent them.

There are men who hold office in this city on more questionable terms than Mr. Murray would, even if he took his seat now. But Mr. Murray is gifted with a superlative sense of integrity, as all who know him are willing to testify. He refuses to sit, even though he was so emphatically elected, so long as there is a shadow of suspicion attached to his right. He would rather forfeit his seat than hold it while there was even a technical question involved.

Some person started the story that ex-Ald. Stratton meant to dispute Mr. Murray's right to the seat. The rumor probably arose from the fact that Mr. Murray's disqualification would mean Mr. Stratton's election, as he was next in the running. Mr. Stratton never had any such intention, and the announcement of the existing contract was as much a surprise to him as to anyone. He recognizes the fact that Mr. Murray won fairly and would not accept election on any such terms.

"THOU SHALT NOT KILL."

FILLED WITH DRUGS by his jailers, who wished to avoid the necessity of carrying an all but helpless man to the scaffold, Herman Noby, an Albanian, was taken from his cell in Toronto yesterday morning and judicially put to death. The whole affair must have been horrible spectacle for those whose official duties compelled them to witness it. The man was in a state of physical collapse, but with his latest breath he protested his innocence. The clergyman in attendance, probably with the object of affording spiritual comfort to the unfortunate man, started the Lord's Prayer, but in the midst of it the man on the scaffold fainted dead away. After the trap was sprung by the creature who officiates for the state on such occasions, life remained for fully seventeen minutes in the limp body of the hanged man. No human mind can picture the agony of the interval between the drop and the final dissolution. Let us all hope that the drugs so deadened the sensibilities of Noby that he passed away without feeling any of the real tortures of death.

These spectacles occur in Canada every time there is an occasion for one. The day is coming when the people will realize to the full the horror of these judicial barbarities perpetrated in the name of outraged justice and that they will come to be regarded in the same light as the burning of an alleged witch or the stoning to death of some human unfortunate who was supposed to be possessed of an evil spirit. Coming, too, is the day when it will be recalled with a shudder that these horrible functions were accompanied by religious rites which included the recital of the one prayer that Christ left with his disciples as a model for all time, and that the voicing of the petition "Thy will be done" was usually the signal for the hangman to spring the trap.

If any sense of understanding was left Noby as he listened to the words of the Lord's Prayer, and taking it for granted that he was innocent, as he protested, is it any wonder that he was overcome? "Forgive as our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us," read the preacher in solemn tones. What a hollow mockery! What a travesty on our ideas of Divine care over humanity! The State utters this sentiment that was first spoken by the Deity itself, and then shows its sincerity by forgiving the trespasser against its own peace and dignity by breaking his neck. If those words of the Nazarene are to be so fulfilled, then what in the name of all that is righteous is to become of humanity in the final review?

It is hard to believe that a man trembling on the verge of eternity would care to go before his Maker with a lie on his lips. There must be something in these protestations of innocence by men who are hanged on purely circumstantial evidence.

And innocent men have been hanged before this in Canada. In North Bay a man was convicted of the murder of his brother. He died declaring that his execution was unwarranted. Six months or so after the hanging the dead man's brother returned from the lumber woods, where he had been all the time and where no word of his brother's death or fate had reached him.

But the State is by this time probably becoming hardened by experience to such miscarriages of justice. They are all too common in the case of capital crimes and in lesser offences. Many a man has served years in the penitentiary only to be vindicated in the end. But the authorities cast him adrift without compensation for his lost time and with the prison brand upon him, undisturbed by the reflection that the wronged man has been forcibly deprived of the best period of his life.

Slavery was for years tolerated in the world and its supporters delved into the records of the Mosaic law to find texts to establish it as a heaven-warranted institution. The same portion of the Scripture is ransacked to find authority for the infliction of capital punishment. Slavery is now one of the relics of a bygone age, and the judicial taking of life will yet be relegated to the archives.

A RIVAL FOR THE BRITISH NAVY.

IT IS ONLY NATURAL for the head of a governmental department, especially in the United States, to favor the extension of his branch of the public service regardless of the outlay involved. Such a course adds to his official prestige and gives him the opportunity of adding to the names which he carries on his patronage list.

Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy in President Wilson's cabinet, is ambitious to build the greatest fleet of warships in the world, one that will, to use his own ingenious expression, be able "to lick anything in creation."

That is Mr. Daniels' idea, but, fortunately, two houses of congress stand between him and the perpetration of any such folly. The newspapers of Canada, especially those of them that are always ready to jump at conclusions, like a salmon at a fly, and who accept the will for the deed, are unduly exercised over this threat to the naval supremacy of our own Empire. There is no reason to become needlessly alarmed. The United States is not given to militarism either on land or on the sea. At almost every session of congress the head of a department or some elected representative who is addicted to seeing red, proposes an increase in the army or navy, but cooler counsel prevails and the proposition is voted down.

England will never surrender her sovereignty of the seas. Her very national existence depends upon it, and the peace of the world as well. The United States, now as ever, is more a commercial than a military nation, and the program is not likely to be changed. If there is any considerable increase in the American fleet it will be in the commercial and not the fighting unit.

Some of the English papers take a more optimistic view of this new naval propaganda of Secretary Daniels. They believe an American fleet such as he plans would work in co-operation with the British navy and that, united, they could control the universe. That may do for an altruistic theory. But no two such fleets could exist on all the waters under the earth without eventually coming into collision, with disastrous results to the entire world.

But there is no immediate danger of a new race in naval construction, with the United States instead of Germany as England's chief competitor. There is nothing in the speeches of President Wilson in Europe to lead to such a conclusion, and, limited as Mr. Wilson's executive power may be, he certainly is qualified to speak with more authority for the American nation than is one of his subordinates.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THERE IS only one antidote for high prices and that is high wages.

BUT PEACE ON EARTH can never be made complete without at least a measure of justice.

THOSE OLD SCALES on which the balance of power was decided never did give right weight anyway.

THE SEA WAS FREE at any time for the German war vessels to venture out—if they had only dared.

"HORATIO at the bridge" brought down to date. Ald. McIntyre guarding the Hunter street overhead structure from predatory contractors.

THE BOLSHEVIST and the profiteer are alike to the extent that both are inclined to be unreasonable, the cause in each case constituting the only difference.

"SATAN find some mischief still for idle hands to do." The war is no sooner over than triflers begin to stir up political and other troubles at home.

LLOYD GEORGE may be at the mercy of his enemies, as the London Mail opines, but as much has been thought of him on former occasions and he has triumphed.

IF BISMARCK were alive today he would surely be convinced that it requires material other than blood and iron to construct an empire so that it will be lasting.

EVANGELIST HONEYWELL said at Belleville that if a man earns $60 a month and spends $75 he is not honest. But will Dr. Honeywell make no allowance for present prices.

NOW THAT President Wilson has dined in Buckingham Palace off a gold service that cost fifteen million dollars, he is likely to be more than ever in favor of that precious metal as the standard of value.

IT IS SAID that the ex-kaiser waited up to watch the passing of the old year. Let it be hoped that he has become sufficiently chastened to regret the scars that he inflicted upon the person of that cycle of time.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Getting Back to Normal.

(Toronto News.)

One sure sign that the war is over is the letter of a correspondent asking what finally became of Harry Thaw.

Where the Job Goes.

(Toronto Telegram.)

The trouble with all Canada's reconstruction talk is that it is mostly noise. And in all the noise there is no job for anybody except the gentleman who does the talking.

LABOR'S CHANCE TO CONFER WITH CABINET MINISTERS

HON. F. D. CARVELL AND HON. G. D. ROBERTSON TO BE IN CITY SOON.

Editor Review: It is so important that we should proceed with all speed to reconstruction-after-the-war and to a return to the works of peace that I suppose no excuse is needed for taking up your space and the attention of the public regarding it. Indeed, in view of the unrest and growing need of development in the relations of labour and industry, it is prudent to delay not an hour. This idea is rapidly becoming manifest everywhere. The U. S. and Great Britain have jumped to the front in a way that would startle the old fogeyism of this young country. We must all get tuned up to the proper key and degree of knowledge of requirements and then we may proceed with confidence and despatch.

What then do I wish to call your attention to? To the creed adopted at the recent conference of practically all the manufacturers of the United States. It was the one thing done at the conference, the details being left to the district councils throughout the nation and to the United States National Chamber of Commerce at Washington. From this creed labor will see what capital and the employer proposes as the basis of the coming solidarity. It is as follows:

"1. I believe that labor and capital are partners, not enemies; that their interests are common interests, not opposed, and that neither can attain the fullest measure of prosperity at the expense of the other, but only in association with the other.

"2. I believe that the community is an essential party to industry and that it should have adequate representation with the other parties.

"3. I believe that the purpose of industry is quite as much to advance social well-being as material well-being and that in the pursuit of that purpose the interests of the community should be carefully considered, the well-being of the employees as respects living and working conditions should be fully guarded, management should be adequately recognized and capital should be justly compensated, and that failure in any of these particulars means loss to all four.

"4. I believe that every man is entitled to an opportunity to earn a living, to fair wages, to reasonable hours of work and proper working conditions, to a decent home, to the opportunity to play, to learn, to worship and to love, as well as to toil, and that the responsibility rests as heavily upon industry as upon government or society, to see that these conditions and opportunities prevail.

"5. I believe that industry, efficiency and initiative, wherever found, should be encouraged and adequately rewarded, and that indolence, indifference and restriction of production should be discountenanced.

"6. I believe that the provision of adequate means of uncovering grievances and promptly adjusting them is of fundamental importance to the successful conduct of industry.

"7. I believe that the most potent measure in bringing about industrial harmony and prosperity is adequate representation of the parties in interest; that existing forms of representation should be carefully studied and availed of in so far as they may be found to have merit and are adaptable to the peculiar conditions in the various industries.

"8. I believe that the most effective structure of representation is that which is built from the bottom up, which includes all employees, and, starting with the election of representatives in each industrial plant, the formation of joint works' committees, of joint district councils, and annual joint conferences of all the parties in interested in a single industrial corporation, can be extended to include all plants in the same industry all industries in a community, in a nation, and in the various nations.

"9. I believe that the application of right principles never fails to effect right relations; that the letter killeth and the spirit maketh alive; that forms are wholly secondary while attitude and spirit are all important, and that only as the parties in industry are animated by the spirit of fair play, justice to all and brotherhood, will any plans which they may mutually work out succeed.

"10. I believe that that man renders the greatest social service who so co-operates in the organization of industry as to afford to the largest number of men the greatest opportunity to self-development and the engagement by every man of those benefits which his own worth adds to the worth of civilization."

Now labor may rely upon it that this creed will be at the back of Mr. Carvell's head in his talk next Wednesday night. If labor knows this and has absorbed it, it can ask Mr. Carvell what the Government proposes to do about it and thus possibly we may do our bit towards getting on into a settled stride for the future.

If I were labor in Peterborough I would interview Mr. Carvell when he comes here and have a chat with him about the best way and means of providing for the future. It would give me great pleasure to facilitate the matter if the city will allow us to cut into the proposed program so far.

Presenting views to two ministers prior to the session ought to produce some effect and at a most important juncture.

J. H. BURNHAM.

WIT AND WISDOM

His Trade.

Warder—You will have to work here, Moriarity, but you may select any trade you wish.

Prisoner—Well, if it's all the same to you, sor, Of'd like to be a sailor.

Little Hazel had attended a church christening and upon her return home her grandmother asked her what they did.

"Nothing much," replied Hazel, "except wash a little kid's hair."

Relationship.

"Is she his first wife?"

"Well, as he married her again after divorcing her, she is what you might call his first wife once removed."

Similarity.

"Bores are like trees,"
Said one in jest,
"It's when they leave
We like them best."

Some men think it is necessary to make fools of themselves every time they have the opportunity.

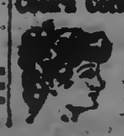
Too True.

"There are lots of recipes for getting fat."

"Well?"

"But the surest way I know is to go to a butcher shop and buy a piece of meat. You'll get nearly all fat."

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



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BRYAN BACKS WILSON

Wise in Going to Peace Conference, He Says.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 4.—"This war has taught the lesson that those who make the best citizens in time of peace make the best soldiers in time of war," said William Jennings Bryan in an address made here in which he made a fervent appeal to the men in uniform to serve their country as will in peace as in war. He also endorsed President Wilson's trip abroad, saying:

"President Wilson was wise in going abroad. He knew the importance of seeing to it that the deals which the American people have fought for, would be preserved at the peace conference. He went to Europe to see that peace is to be built on foundations that will endure. He will help lay the foundations for a peace that will not end."

Bravery and Sentiment.

"When I was in the ranks," John's second lieutenant tells him (John Edward Martin is the recruit hero of "The Single Star," by Capt. F. D. Grierson), "our crowd was inspected by a famous general. When he'd looked at every badge and button he said: 'Lads, remember that the neatest dandy makes the best soldier!' What he meant was that the man who takes a pride in himself and keeps himself smart whether he's on parade or square-pushing 'round the town—that man's going to be the fellow you can rely on when bother happens. Cleaning buttons may seem all d—— nonsense to a man who's come out to fight for his country, but it's not. It's just one of the little things that help to make up the big things—and the big things'll come along fast enough, don't you worry."

The death occurred suddenly from acute kidney trouble of Capt. Charles C. Fulford, a lifelong resident of Brockville, in his 61st year.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Mr. Parkins came to see my sister Gladdis aftir suppir last nite, bringing a box of candy tied with red ribbin to make it look as if it was going to taist better, and him and Gladdis was in the parler, and my cuzzin Artie came erround and we started to play we was soldiers garding Germin prizzners. Gladdis and Mr. Parkins being the Germin prizzners, and us gards wawking up and down the hall outside the prizzin camp with umberellas on our shoulders to keep them from excaping, and aftir a wile I peeked throo the crack in the parler door and saw the box of candy open on the piano stool with chockilits on top, and I wispered to the other gard, Hay, how did that candy get in there with those prizzners?

It must of bin smuggled in, sed Artie, and I sed, Well how do we know it aint loaded with dynamite or sumthing, it is our dooty to go in and confiscate it.

Wich we started to do, marching into the prizzin camp with the umberellas still on our shoulders, Gladdis saying, Now, you , dont start enything.

We have come to inspeck the prizzin camp, I sed. And we started to wawk up and down the parler pertending to look for things, and all of a sudden I stopped in front of the piano stool, yelling, Wat ho the gard, wat ho.

Wat ho, yelled Artie. And he ran over and we stood there pointing our guns at the box of candy, me saying, Wats the meening of this?

Do yon wunt me to call father? sed Gladdis.

We are compelled by our dooty to confiscate this, I sed.

Wat ho, sed Artie.

Father, called Gladdis, and Mr. Parkins sed, O, lets let them confiscate 2 peeces, war is war.

Wich the gards each confiscated a peece and went out in the hall agen, pop calling downstairs. Does eny-body wunt me?

No sir, I sed.

Thats very flattering, I must say, sed pop. And he went back in the setting room agen and the 2 gards went out to see if eny of the fellows was erround.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says it's bad taste to use slang, but there's nothing actually synonymous about it.

Coincident with the passing into the "dry" column of the City of Detroit on May 1 last, Police Court cases in Windsor totalled 1,527 cases as compared with 1,968 in 1917.

Deputy Antonio de Tomaso of Brazil sailed yesterday for Switzerland as a delegate of the Argentine Socialists to the Socialist International Conference at Lauzanne.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Large scandals often grow from small talk.

Failure is the one thing that is spoiled by success.

A load of liquor merely adds to a man's load of trouble.

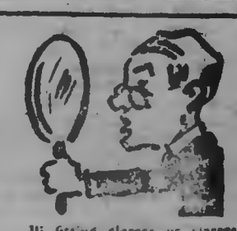
He who thinks marriage is only a lottery is still a bachelor.

Girls beg the question when they try to induce men to propose.

A mouse scares a woman almost as much as a milliner's bill scares a man.

A miser is a man who carries his money in a purse that closes more easily than it opens.

A man's self-esteem often receives a terrific blow from the small boy who wants to know things.



Ill fitting glasses or glasses bent and out of adjustment cause needless strain upon the eyes. Trying to adjust the defects in your glasses yourself only invites greater trouble.

We will be glad to have you bring your glasses to us. Our adjustments are made knowingly and skillfully and assure your eyes the care and protection they need.

Martin J. Roche
Consulting Optometrist.
Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

FOR CHILDREN

ASSETS : $84,000,000

GIVE your son and daughter a lesson in thrift by opening for them a Savings Account in The Bank of Toronto. Help them add to it at regular intervals. The Thrift Habit acquired by the children will be worth more than the dollars it costs you.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Miss Gail Kane in

"LOVE'S LAW"

A play of a brave girl's fight for fame and decency, in 5 Acts

Monty Hamilton in

SHORTY'S ADVENTURES IN THE CITY

A Western Picture in Two Parts

"THE GIRL IN THE BOX" Comedy.

Screen Telegram, World's Greatest News Graphic.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

Buffalo Coats for Men in Siberia

There is one complaint that the American soldiers made regarding the new sheepskin lined coats now being distributed to them—they are too warm. The temperature has been down to the neighborhood of zero Fahrenheit only once so far, and in anything less than severe weather the new coats are a bit heating. At the same time it is understood that the real Siberian winter, now close at hand, ought to demonstrate the full excellence of the coats.

At first the boys were a little wary of the buffalo coats. They are quite heavy, and many of them had never seen buffalo coats before. Nor was their high monetary value realized. After a while the facts began to circulate, and when it was known that the last buffalo coat had been made probably twenty or thirty years before and that every coat is carefully looked after by the government and kept exclusively for army purposes, such of the soldiers as had them began to treasure their great shaggy protectors like the apple of their eyes. These coats were bought originlily for about $22 apiece. They are worth from $250 to $500 now, and as a matter of fact are practically off the market.

The feet of the men are also carefully looked after. At Suchan, in the coal mine regions, where company M of the 31st regiment is, Col. Loring presented me with a pair of enormously thick woolen socks that reach to the knees. They were now called "Liberty." And his adjutant gave me a pair of moccasins to go with them. These would make a perfect foot covering ofr dry snow, but when the feet so protected are thrust inside the very heavy and waterproof arctics furnished by the government, then the severest of cold cannot get through.

Fur caps and fur mittens are here for all American soldiers.

It is the same with food. I have messed with officers and men and found the "chow" wholesome and in most cases very well cooked and palatable. The only exception was a soldier chef in a box car kitchen, who was not really designed by nature to be a cook. I understand that he has been given other duties since.

When the transports bringing supplies to American soldiers arrive at Vladivostok they are tied up to the quay at the base, which is at the far end of the Golden Horn. The Baldwin locomotive people erected vast sheds here some time ago for the construction of engines. These sheds are of wood, but substantialy built, and are now filled with the treasures of the American expeditionary forces.

I think it is fair and accurate to say that the United States has never sent out an expedition better ejuipped than this one now in Siberia, and the returns will undoubtedly be in proportion. It is a recognized fact that every American expedition serves to introduce American goods and American methods, and the success of canned milk in China is a case in point.

Before the Boxer reveition China knew practically nothing about condensed milk, and millions of Chinese never drank milk at all. The Americans showed them the excellence of canned milk, and the Chinese have been using it in increasing quantities ever since. It is the same with other American goods, and people who know say that the Chinese will use anything that is good. Doubtless the Siberians and Russians are similarly open to conviction, and American commerce should prosper accordingly.

Your Vote and Influence Respectfully Solicited for

JOHN McINTOSH

For Re-Election as Reeve for North Monaghan for 1919

A candidate who stands for conducting municipal affairs in a business-like manner.

Polling Day, January 6
1919

R. A. DOBBIN

Respectfully invites your vote and influence

For Deputy-Reeve
Of
North Monaghan
For 1919

Polling Date, Monday, January 6

Make a note of it and vote for Dobbin and progress and economy

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Cancer of the Tongue.

That the commonest cause of cancer of the tongue, at any rate in persons under thirty years of age, is the irritation from sharp edged or carious teeth is proved by statistics collected by Drs. Gorse and Dupuich and quoted in the New York Medical Record. Thirty per cent of the cases they studied were traceable to this cause. Cancer of the tongue in young persons almost always appears as an ulcer on the border of the tongue just where it rubs against the teeth. Sometimes it is at the tip. The cases in which it appears at the back of or underneath the tongue are rare. More than 90 per cent of these cases prove fatal within a few months. Moral.—At the first sign of decay or roughness of a tooth go to a dentist at once.

Tracing Use of Lightships.

The first lightship, the Nore, was established in England in 1732, at the mouth of the Thames. The first in this country was stationed in 1820 in Chesapeake bay, off Willoughby Spit. Sandy Hook, now Ambrose, light vessel was established in 1823. A light vessel was placed off Cape Hatteras in 1824 and was driven ashore in 1827, and a ship was not established again in this dangerous position until 1897, after unsuccessful attempts had been made to build a lighthouse on Diamond Shoal.

All Sailors Superstitious.

All sailors are superstitious, but none is so completely under this influence as the old deep-sea fisherman. He puts the deepest faith in "signs" and omens of all kinds. Nothing would induce a skipper of the old school to sail on a Friday. One intrepid unbeliever who dared to leave the docks at Grimsby, England, on a Good Friday was hooted through the lock gates by the scandalized populace. In spite of thus challenging the fates, however, he returned safely with ship and crew.

SPECIALIST SAID HE MUST OPERATE

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead, And Is Now in Perfect Health.

MME. F. GAREAU

153 Papineau Ave., Montreal.

"For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an operation. This, I refused to permit.

I heard about '*Fruit-a-tives*' and the wonderful results it was giving because *this medicine is made from fruit juices*, so decided to try it.

The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent — I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks".

MME. F. GAREAU.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

MUSEUM FOR THE FUTURE.

Its Contents to Be Still Perfect a Thousand Years Hence.

A thousand year museum, designed to preserve exhibits so nearly perfect that they will not have changed in appearance when shown to Americans in 2014, is a recent addition to the American Museum of Natural History in New York. Dust, light, insects and moisture are the constant enemies of museum exhibits, so special storage vaults have been built, which will keep all four under perfect control and in all probability preserve exhibits for 1,000 years. The buildings are not expected to last for anything like that length of time, but the system will do its work of preservation perfectly well until the time for new vaults comes along. Dust and light can be kept under control by constant attention, so the real problems of ideal preservation are moisture and insects. The vaults have been built of concrete, with perfectly fitting air tight metal doors, so that neither moisture nor insects can get in.

In the event, however, of insects getting in—when the vaults are visited, for instance—provision is made to kill them off by filling the vaults with some deadly gas for a few hours occasionally.

Exhibits that are not very exciting now, but which will be genuine curiosities hundreds of years from now, are being stored—such as Indian baskets, headdresses and weapons. Some of the buckskin articles may not last a thousand years, because the Indian tanners did not do sufficiently perfect work, but it is predicted that most of the relics will last that long in good shape.—Saturday Evening Po.

ONE-PIECE FROCK

Garment Is Fastened in Diagonal Line Across Bodice.

Differs Entirely From the Medieval Silhouette; Skirt Is Long and Is Draped Upward.

The struggle between the long and the short skirt having been settled in favor of the former, which is the American fashion, the new struggle, asserts a correspondent, is between the medieval chemise frock and the tight, draped one.

Every house shows both designs, and if women have sufficient purchase money to get more than the one necessary costume, they can buy both styles and see which is more suitable to their figure.

Despite the preponderance of the medieval frock, the shadow of a coming event falls athwart it. There is something significant in the new gown, which again was designed in America. It differs entirely from the medieval silhouette, and the skirt is long, it is draped upward, it hobbles the ankles, and it has a slim bodice that would be a basque if it showed any disposition to recognize the waistline.

There is a feeling among those who sense things without being able to argue them out in logical sequence that the medieval frock is about to be superseded. There is no sign of this in the Paris exhibitions, but here and there women are asking that their clothes be more fitted to the figure, even when they are cut in one straight line. We grow slimmer, as Mr. Hoover asks us to pull in our belts tighter. We appear to be attenuated, even though we may be well nourished. We do not propose to hide this slimness under a bushel of material, and it may be that history will repeat itself from the days of the directoire, when it was smart and patriotic to appear cut to the bone.

One-piece frock of blue serge, fastened in diagonal line across front of bodice and in a straight line down side of skirt. It opens at the knee to show an underskirt of black satin. The collar is of satin, the belt of patent leather.

At this hour the frock that you will buy is cut in one piece. It may have a draped skirt, a straight skirt, or a tunic skirt. Only the extremists will wear this startling new American pull-back skirt, but it is the herald of things to come.

One thing is quite true: The careless, bunglesome line which was brought about through the fashion for the chemise frock will be eliminated this season. The medievals cut their cloth to the lines of their figures, and there is almost a disposition toward the old princess lines in certain of the frocks made by great houses.

The French gowns show a straighter line than do the American ones, but they are not bunglesome at the waist because they are made of thin material which clings to the figure; or, in such materials as velvet, velours and serge, there is a clever and complex adjustment of panels under the arms that holds in whatever fullness would be awkward.

Most Valuable Garnets.

The oriental garnets are the most valuable and beautiful. They come principally from Pegu; and the town of Sirian having formerly been the chief mart for them, they are hence by corruption known among lapidaries by the appellation of Sirian-garnets. They appear to be the carbuncle of the ancients; their color is crimson, verging into a very red violet; they are transparent, and have a conchoidal fracture.

Origins of Military Titles.

Commodore and commander are forms borrowed and corrupted from the Spanish comendador, a knight, a commander, or the superior of a monastery. The French have the word commandeur, the Italian comandatore. Commandant, however, meaning the officer of a fortified town's garrison etc., comes from the medieval Latin commandator, a commander, and commandare, to command.

Historic Island.

Blennerhassett's island is a small island in the Ohio river about two miles below Parkersburg, W. Va., which figures in history. It gets its name from having been once owned by Hiram Blennerhassett, a wealthy Englishman, who built a fine residence on it. While living there he became financially involved in Aaron Burr's visionary and treasonable schemes, and they proved his ruin.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely.

No more dullness, headache; no hawking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling at for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, membrane, and relief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.

The coldest weather of the winter thus far spread over the western part of the country yesterday, bringing nuusual cold to part of California and the South-west.

The marriage took place of Major Edward Williams of the Imperial army and Beatrice Blewatt of the Canadian Nursing Service, Toronto.

The annual report of Fire Chief Graham of Ottawa shows that the losses in the last yeam from fires in Ottawa amounted to $250,000 for 482 alarms.

Brock St. RINK Now Open

SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK

Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band

GOOD ICE

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 6

Vote for Rye

FOR REEVE OF NORTH MONAGHAN

No pre-election promises, but, if elected, more consistent work in the interests of the Township.

To the Electors :

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It is impossible for me to see you all personally before election day, so take this means of letting you know that I am again in the field to respectfully solicit your vote and influence, and, if elected, will endeavor to work for the best interests of the whole Township.

Yours respectfully,

H. B. RYE

12 Reels **ROYAL THEATRE** 12 Reels

Great Triangle Feature Society Drama

"LIMOUSINE LIFE"

Five Parts

First Run Keystone Comedy in Two Reels

To-Night and To-Morrow's Program is one of the best in Canada, showing all Stars

¶ We give the best show in Canada for the money. Come and judge for yourself.

DOUBLE SHOW AT ONE PRICE

FOX SPECIAL MONDAY
Theda Bara in "THE SOUL of BUDDHA."
Jane and Katherine Lee in "SWAT THE SPY" Big production

Admission
AFTERNOONS
15c
EVENINGS
Ground Floor
20c
Balcony
15c
WE PAY WAR TAX

Starring Edith Starty, the Bernhardt of the Screen

THE LEGION OF DEATH

Seven Parts

Special Metro Feature Drama

Three Entire Changes Weekly

¶ Mondays and Tuesdays Fox Bills.
¶ Wednesdays and Thursdays, Vitagraph and Pathe Features and Comedies.
¶ Fridays and Saturdays, Metro and Triangle Stars.

For Your Convenience

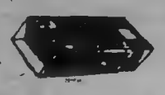
THE saving of the extra steps and extra motions has been shown to be a big thing in the business world. Efficiency engineers at fancy salaries have been hired to study the most convenient ways of getting work done. The biggest industries have proved that convenience pays, and it is the same in the household.

EDDY'S MATCHES & Indurated Fibreware

enable the housewife to save many extra steps and extra motions which may be unnoticed at the time, but which require time and energy just the same.

Eddy's Washtubs and Pails are easier to lift, easier to move, and keep the water hot longer. Eddy's Matches are safe, reliable and non-poisonous. They have been standard in Canada since 1851.

Small things? Perhaps. But your end-of-the-day fatigue is the product of many such small things. And that is a big thing.



The E. B. Eddy Co. Limited
HULL, CANADA
Matches Indurated Fibreware Paper Specialties
B6

Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined. Better join the first class by having us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.
Real Estate and Insurance, Automobile Licenses
DISTRICT AGENTS FOR SECURITY LIFE
392 Water Street, South of Munro House

NORWOOD

(Special Correspondence)

Norwood, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Vance, of Roseneath, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Fry.

Mrs. W. W. Fry, of Orillia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. Hendren.

The High and Public Schools will re-open on Monday, January 6th.

The Misses Gay, of Toronto, have been visiting Miss Theresa Robson.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Sexsmith, of Trenton(are visiting friends in town.

Misses May and Flossie Reynolds, of Toronto, were home last week on a visit.

Mr. Milton Patterson, of Tweed, has been spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. Horace Calder, of Toronto, is visiting her parents. Mr. and Mrs. John Baskin.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Humpherey and children, of Ottawa, are visiting at Mr. Wm. Baskin's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Harrison are spending the New Year holiday in Toronto, visiting friends.

Mr. Hermes Nicol, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, has been visitng his parents here during the holiday.

Misses Margaret and Bessie Breckenridge were the guests of their mother, Mrs. Breckenridge, King street.

Lieut. Bert. Huycke, of Tweed, an ex-pupil of Norwood High School, was in town during the week calling on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. F. Campbell, of Port Hope, were Yuletide visitors at "Ousemore Place," the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Pearce.

Mr. and Mrs. Tighe, of Gore Bay, Manitoulin Island, spent Christmas week with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John MacNaughton.

Miss Grace Sangster, who is well known to many of our citizens, has been engaged by the Board of Education to fill the vacancy on the H. S. staff caused by the resignation of Miss Warren.

Thomas Hayes, who a couple of months ago led the military police a chase through the hills of Prince and Korah townships, when they sought to arrest him on a charge of being a deserter, surrendered himself on New Year's Day to Elgin Township Clerk, R. M. Moore, having lived for some time in hiding and existing on rabbits and birds.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds—how soon they allay the fever.

Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

BAGS PRETTIER THAN EVER

Patriotic Sock Bag in Colors of Red, White and Blue—Beads and Japanese Pattern.

Many an eye will recognize the once popular bag of crocheted silk brightened by cut steel beads in fringe and tassels. Since it is a patriotic sock

bag, the colors are red, white and blue. The beaded bag has a pagoda top that opens and shuts like a real treasure box. The designs and colors are exquisite tributes to Japan, wrought in the tiniest beads you ever saw.

Interest in Plaids.

Perhaps it is through the influence of the Scottish kilties which have appeared at various times in our American cities to remind us that the kinsmen of Bruce and Wallace are among our allies, that we have revived our interest in plaids. Perhaps it is just because bright colors are in vogue as a counteractive against the grimness of war, or perhaps it is just time the plaids returned to vogue—they do periodically, do they not? At any rate one of the most interesting of the new separate skirts are made from Scottish plaid, and some of these skirts are made in plaited designs that carry out the idea of the highlander.

Icebergs and Temperature.

There seems to be some difference of opinion as to the effect of an iceberg on the temperature of the water in its immediate vicinity. The recent observations made by those on board the vessels of the United States ice patrol of the north Atlantic ocean show the temperature of the water in the presence of icebergs is as low as that in the immediate presence of the berg.

Another Discovery.

The United States in shortening a few years ago the official name to America did not go as much for the sake of economizing time and space as for asserting pride of place in the western hemisphere.—Westminster Gazette.

VETERANS ARE WELCOMED HOME

TWO GALLANT BRAVES RETURN TO CHEMONG VILLAGE AFTER SERVICE.

On Christmas evening a grand reception was given to Ptes. Bert McCue and Hiram Taylor, the late returned braves from overseas. The boys are looking fine and glad to get back to Chemong. A supper was provided for them in the hall, by the ladies. After all had partaken of the dainties, short addresses were given by Chief D. E. Whetung, Jack Knott and S. Fawn. Then followed the entertainment and Christmas tree that had been previously arranged by the Sunday School Children under the supervision of the supervision of the superintendent. The program was as follows:

Opening address by Chief D. S Whetung.

Song—Smile a little, by the children.

Play—The flag, by Alice Taylor, Olive McCue and Viola Johnson.

Play—Our colors, by Gertie Taylor, Adley Taylor and Edna McCue.

Song—Eskimo—by the children.

Play—The little farmers, by 4 little boys.

Song—Jingle bells for Charlie—by the children.

Song—Chiming bells—by the children.

Recitation—When pap shaves, by Gertie Taylor.

Play—A dream of mother goose.

Play—Housekeepers—Four girls.

Recitation—The Story of Grumble Tone—Lovina Taylor.

Song—Old Folks at Home—The Children.

Recitation—Night Before Christmas—Bernice Tobico.

Patriotic Song—For the Glory of the Grand Old Flag—The Children

Dialogue—Irish Philosopher—G. Whetung and S. Taylor.

Recitation—Going Errands —Bernice Tobico.

Song and Chorus—Sussex by the Sea—Bernice Tobico and children.

Recitation—My Christmas List—Willena Taylor.

Address—Superintendent A. McCall.

God Save the King.

The above program was interspersed with selections by the Mississauga Band.

The gifts for thec hildren displayed on the Christmas tree were much added to by a gift from Mr. Jas. A. Green, of Cincinnati, O., who kindly contributed $10 towards the Sunday school at Chemong.

Miss Lettie Taylor has gone to Toronto.

Mrs. Eli Monague and Miss Tobbie of Christian Island are visiting in the village.

Misses Sarah and Mary Snake of Georgina Island are visiting friends here.

Miss Rosevere McCue of Toronto spent Christmas with her parents.

Pte. Ben Sawyer of the military hospital, Whitby, spent Christmas with his brother, Sylvester Sawyer, in the village.

New Year's Day was unusually quiet in the village.

Watch-night service was held in the church and was conducted by Mr. S. Fawn.

Mrs. D. Whetung is progressing toward recovery.

The children made their usual calls from early in the morning until noon, calling at every house with New Year's greetings.

A Gloomy Bedroom.

A sight which attracted a great deal of curious attention in London recently was a furniture show window in Oxford street which had been set out as a futurist decorator as a sample of the bedroom of the future. The sheets and pillows on the bed were coal black, and the wall paper was of black and white stripes. There were orange and green cushions on a purple sofa and a vivid green china bird to put the finishing touch to the gloom of the surroundings.

Modern Armor.

The soldiers of old went forth to fight, clad in cumbersome and expensive armor, which, while serving as a protection, nevertheless hindered them from putting forth their best fighting strength. Today Martin Jelalian, an inventor of Rhode Island, has made it possible for a soldier to be protected by armor. He is one of several dozen inventors who have reinvented the coat of mail.

The device is a bulletproof metallic structure, which surrounds the body and extends from the top of the shoulders to below the thighs. This steel coat consists of two like parts held together across the chest by means of straps. Hooks attach the coat to semi-cylindrical pieces of metal which it closely about the upper part of the leg and are fastened behind by straps. The inner surface of the armor is padded. The head is protected by a visored mask composed of the same metal.—Popular Science Monthly.

Start Tomorrow and Keep It Up Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay agreeable. Let us live well eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, not very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of theinternal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on thesubject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

YANKEE SOLDIERS WELL FED

It Cannot Be Said That in Any Way Uncle Sam Stints His Fighting Men.

More than a billion pounds of meat a year and an equal amount of pure wheat flour are required for the American army bill of fare. That imposing total will increase rapidly as the United States enlarges its fighting forces in France and the divisions in training on this side of the Atlantic. Uncle Sam does not stint the quality or quantity of food for his husky fighting men. There is a bountiful supply of every essential foodstuff on a carefully balanced menu that provides more calories than the rations of any other army in the world. Twenty-seven standard articles figure in the list from which mess sergeants select material for the daily meals. They are beef, bacon, flour, baking powder, beans, rice, potatoes, onions, tomatoes, prunes, jams, apples, peaches, coffee, tea, sugar, milk, vinegar, pickles, salt, pepper, cinnamon, lard and lard substitutes, butter and oleomargarine, sirup and flavoring extracts. Even with this elaborate selection, and notwithstanding the mounting cost of food, the government finds it possible to give the boys in khaki all they can eat for the modest sum of 41 and a fraction cents a day. The soldiers get many articles of food, however, that are not included in the "standard" list. Supply sergeants are instructed to vary the diet by purchasing eggs, chickens, green vegetables and fresh fruits. This plan is followed in France as well as in the United States. Under favorable circumstances poultry and fresh vegetables and fruit are served in the front-line trenches. Uncle Sam believes that Napoleon was right when he said that "an army fights on its belly."—Thomas F. Logan in Leslie's.

CAUGHT SPIRIT OF OCCASION

Colored Porter Meant That Eagle Should Shine in Celebration of American Victory.

It happened after the news that the allied forces were chasing the army of the crown prince. There was great rejoicing on the steps of the custom-house building. Everybody was shaking the hand of everybody else. The man who had never before been known to lose his dignity was pulling the hair of the office boy and whooping it up generally.

All of which was at first rather incomprehensible to the colored porter of the building. He didn't know just what it was all about, but it looked good to him, nevertheless. Finally, he seemed to "get" it. With the agility of a cat he climbed one of the pedestals at the front of the building. On the top is a bronze globe, with a spread eagle over it. Hanging precariously on the ledge, the negro pulled a grimy cloth out of one pocket and a can of paste out of another. Then with a vim and vigor that had never before characterized any of his actions he began polishing away at the eagle's head. While he polished he talked:

"Oh, lady, lady, we're goin' a make you shine! Oh, lady, that shine'll take the eyes out dem Germans! Oh, lady, that head o' your'n is goin' a be some bright!"

And the other celebrants stopped to [illegible]

SASH A POPULAR ACCESSORY

Decoration as Now Worn Adds Materially to the Attractiveness and Promises to Remain.

The sash of 1918-19 is a more sophisticated and alluring accessory than its predecessor of a decade or so ago, and it is adjusted to suit the fancy of the wearer or the artistic conception of the designer. Sometimes the bow is directly in the back, big and broad, like the obi of the maid of Old Japan. Again the loops will be placed at the right or the left side, a perky, jaunty arrangement of silk or satin, sometimes with one instead of two long ends and fringe edged. Then there is the broad girdle, usually of the material, deftly maneuvered with ends terminating in tassels.

However it is introduced, the sash is a distinctive feature of the autumn frock. Even the tailored serge, fashioned severely, with high collar and long, tight sleeves, boasts a sash these days, at least one chic model does, the sash being of the material and terminating in a wide bow at the normal waistline in the back. Another use for the material sash is on the velvet frock, one example being an old rose velvet gown worn by a young girl in one of the new plays. It is a delightfully simple gown, one-piece, medium width skirt and wide girdle and broad bow of the velvet. A narrow band of kolinsky outlines the round neck and edges the modified kimono sleeves.

The sash, on the order of the sweater accessory, of medium width and finished with balls and tassels of silk, is still in vogue and it is particularly adapted to the trim little gown of tricolette or the equally supple wool serim.

Sable Philosopher.

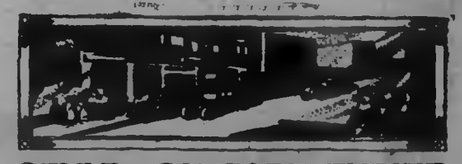
De hyman tells you 'bout hein' "in heaven a thousand years," but dar's some folks what couldn't stand sich long-time prosperity.—Atlanta Constitution.

Wants to Get Even.

"When a lazy man has to work," said Uncle Eben, "de first job he wants a dat of a policeman to keep other 'olks f'um violatin' antiloafin' laws."

Optimistic Thought.

We must calculate not on the weather, nor on fortune, but upon God and ourselves.



STYLE—COMFORT—THRIFT

Thrift? Yes, we must all practice it this winter, but in buying gloves you need not sacrifice comfort or style. You want warm, durable gloves—gloves of good fit and appearance, and you probably expect to find them away up in price, as is everything else you buy.

You can have the greatest glove-comfort you have ever known at the same price you have been accustomed to pay—or less, by getting a pair of

The BALLANTYNE GLOVE Scotch Knit

FOR MEN

Made in Canada by the famous Scotch Knit process, they defy the cold and the wind and are of a fleecy softness that means real cold weather comfort.

Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves are just what you want this winter. They leave nothing to be desired in comfort or style, and their price conforms to the present need for National Thrift.

Ask your dealer for them

Other Ballantyne lines are: Knitted Coats, Pullovers, Caps, Toques, Mufflers, Hosiery, Mitts, Men's and Boys' Jerseys, Children's Suits, etc.

R. M. BALLANTYNE, LIMITED • Stratford, Ont.

HARRY LAUDER IN CANADA

Is Guest of Lieutenant-Governor During Stay in Halifax.

Halifax, Jan. 4.—Harry Lauder arrived here yesterday for a brief engagement. He immediately proceeded to Government House, where he was welcomed by his Honor Lieutenant-Governor MacCallum Grant, whose guest he will be during his stay in the city.

Lauder will address the Commercial and Rotary Clubs at special luncheons arranged in his honor, and will also speak at a mass meeting to be held Sunday afternoon.

If a married man is willing to pose as an "angel," his wife will enact all the other parts in the show.

CHEVROLET
The Boys are coming home
Make your Family joys complete
THAT car you thought of getting before the boy donned the uniform—
Buy it now as a gift to the whole family.
You will want an efficient, graceful and powerful car—economical to buy, economical to run—a car for winter and summer.
The CHEVROLET FOUR-NINETY SEDAN
The CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY of CANADA, Limited
OSHAWA ONTARIO
B. W. MANNING, Local Dealer
Manning Grage--388 Water St.

This advertisement is intended to keep the old familiar name

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

fresh in your mind.

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 15. 80. 17. 15: Cereal 0-020.

Also remember Purity Oats.

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

Peterboro Poultry Association's Eleventh Annual Show

Addresses by MISS M. YATES, of Ontario Department of Agriculture, TUESDAY EVENING, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON an EVENING, on "Incubation," "Rearing Chickens," "Killing and Dressing," "Preparing and Cooking," also on "Backyard Gardening and Poultry Raising." All illustrated by lantern slides.

EGG EXHIBIT and CANDLING DEMONSTRATION by Dominion Department of Agriculture.

GUESSING CONTEST on a jar of beans in Kingan's Hardware window for trio of Pure-bred White Rocks and trio of Silver Campines.

One guess with each admission ticket.

At the Armouries on Jan. 7-8-9

ADMISSION, 10 and 20 CENTS.

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Second Sunday After Christmas
The Epiphany of our Lord
8.30—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
Processional 94—As with gladness men of old.
Kyrie 122.
Gloria Tibi 123.
Hymn 476—Hail to the Lord's Anointed.
Anthem—We have seen his star in the east—Singer.
God Save the King.
Hymn 267—Jesu, Thou joy of loving hearts.
Sursum Corda—Woodward.
Sanctus 126.
Benedictus and Agnus Dei—Woodward.
Gloria in Excelsis. 121.
Nunc Dimittis 116.
3.45 p.m.—Second monthly subscription to Mission Victory Loan.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Festel evensong and sermon.
Recessional 94—As with gladness men of old.
Psalms 63. Magnificat 75.
Nunc Dimittis 100.
Hymn 516—Jesu, these eyes have never seen.
Alms presentation 389.
Anthem—We have seen.
Hymn 630—The King of Love my shepherd is.
Amen 126. Vesper 40.

Miss Flowers, Organist.
Geo. E. Chandler, Choirleader.
All seats are free. The public are cordially invited. Come.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M. A. Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers street
2nd Sunday After Christmas
1st Sunday in the New Year
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Holy communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
4.15 p.m.—Administration of Holy Baptism.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector.
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—The annual vestry meeting.
Thursday 2.30—Ladies' Guild
Thursday 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Friday, 7:30 p.m.—Boy's Brigade.
Organist, Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S BROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
Preacher—Rev. J. Price.
7 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon
Preacher—Mr. A. Kinsdon
Monday, 8 p.m.—The annual vestry m
Wednesday 7 p.m.—Boy Scouts.

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers 7 p.m., with sermon

ALL SAINTS' ANGLICAN
Rev. R. D. Grobb, M.A., Rector
Residence, 945 Reid St.
Second Sunday after Christmas
11 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Preacher—The rector.
Hymn 1—Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty.
Kyrie 122. Gloria Tibi 123.
Hymn 4—Now every morning is the love.
Alms presentation 389
Hymn 257—Jesu, thou joy of loving hearts.
Sanctus 130. Gloria in excelsis 124.
Amen 139
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The rector will begin a series of sermons on John the Baptist.
Hymn 37—For Thy mercy and Thy grace

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DO YOU WANT TO SEE

If you have any kind of eye troubles there is no doubt about your wanting to have them corrected. Dr. Fowler gives expert advice, and you can consult him without charge. If you require glasses he will tell you, and in any case you will know what is best to do. Do not neglect a thing so precious as eyesight.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 639 Rubidge Street.
Rev. Donald MacGillivary of Shanghai, China, will occupy the pulpit in the morning and Rev. R. Pogue in the evening.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
3 p.m. — Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—The death of Asa—Grieg
Anthem—Rise, sing, O daughter of Zion—Dutton.
Offertory—Vorspiel overture from Lohengrin—Wagner.
Solo—The voice in the wilderness.—Miss Helen McLaren.
Postlude—The return march—Lichner.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister.
Christmas Services
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach.
Organ prelude—Andante, in D—Faulkes.
Solo (soprano)—Crossing the bar—Wegenast — Miss Isobel Elcome.
Anthem—O God our help in ages past—Martin.
Organ—Stsnishrdluetaoinshrdluetaoi
Postlude—March in C—Weatbrook.
Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.
Young Ladies Class, teacher Rev. R. Pogue.
Young Men's Class, teacher, Mr. H. B. Cowan.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Dr. Mcgillivray will preach.
Organ prelude Antantino—Pollitt
Solo (baritone) Sowing and reaping—Towner. Mr. T. L. Anderson.
Anthem—The radiant morn—Woodward
Postlude—Nocturne—Chopin
Organist and Choirmaster, Mr. John Allan.
basement.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister.
Anniversary Services
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude—Charity—Spicker.
Anthem—O taste and see—Goss
Postlude—Glorious is Thy name—Handel
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Calm as the night—Bohm
Solo—Come unto me—Doun
Miss Pearson.
Anthem—Sun of my soul—Turner.
Postlude—Hallelujam, Amen—Handel.
8 p. m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo. Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE ST. METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
10 a.m.—Fellowship service.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The new year covenant service, also a five minute talk to the children.
Organ Prelude—Larghetto—Spohr.
Anthem—This I know.—Cutler.
Solo—Come unto me—Coenen— Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Postlude—March in F—Watson
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
The first sermon of a series on personal problems. Subject—What habits should I cultivate. A short service of song.
Organ prelude—Andante—Hiles.
Anthem—There is a blessed home—Calcott. Solo part Mrs. Chas. Graham.
Solo—Hold thou my hand dear Lord—Briggs. Miss Myrtle Bucee.
Postlude—March in A flat—Wesley.
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. P. E. Maloff, Pastor
Parsonage 202 Reid St.
Phone 705
New Year's Services
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme—An open door.
Anthem—What are these—Stainer.
Tenor solo—Selected—Mr. A. Lee.
3 p.m.—The Sunday School will meet today and hereafter each Sunday at 3 p.m.
3 p.m.—Trinity Brotherhood
Rev. P. H. Nevill ewill oenduct the bible study. Open parliament on how to make the best of 1919.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Pastor's theme—A successful outerprise.
Anthem—Open ye the gates—Nichol.
Baritone solo—Now the day is over—Johnson. Mr. N. Staples.
Anthem—The radiant sun—Lightwood
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, Organist and Choir Master.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor.
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service
Anthem—Like as a father—Wilson.
Solo— O happy day—Goltze— Miss E. Kemp.
2.45 p.m.—Sunday School and adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Hymn Anthem—Forward go—Ward
Hymn anthem—Is it I?—Is it you?—Morris.
Preacher—Rev. Mr. Neville
Organist and Directress Miss E Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach both morning and evening.
Subject—Go forward.
Anthem—O love that will not let me go.
Solo—Mrs. Kitney.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes and Brotherhood.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—Seeking service.
Anthem—Saviour Thy children keep
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Wednesday—Special prayer meeting during week of prayer.
Rev. Mr. Webb will speak.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY STREET BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
Sunday Jan. 5, 1919
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Mr. Webb will preach. The communion and reception of new members
Prelude—Elegy in G—Lemare.
Anthem—O clap your hands—Smart
Prelude—Elevation in A flat—Guilmant
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Mr. Webb will preach.
Hymn anthem—Saviour breathe an evening blessing (unaccompanied)—Edmeston
Bass solo—Selected—Mr. Huycke.
Postlude—Andante—Wilson
A. Huycke choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor.
255 Reid Street.
Sunday, Jan. 5, 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
The ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the close of the morning service.

CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

LOOK, MOTHER! IF TONGUE IS COATED GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs' handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

ONTARIO IN "MOVIES"

New Film Exchange Being Established Here

As a result of a conference of representatives of film exchanges with the Hon. T. W. McGarry and the Board of Censors in Toronto, it is announced that special efforts are being made to show more British and Canadian pictures. It is also announced that one of the largest news film services will establish an office in Toronto for the recording of current events in Ontario. The conference followed an ultimatum recently delivered by the Provincial Treasurer demanding that more Canadian and British pictures be shown.

AT THE TEMPLE TOMORROW

Special Address Will Be Given By Visiting Officers.

Capt. Spooner, of Toronto, life saving scout organized for Eastern Canada, will have charge of the services at the Salvation Army Temple tomorrow. At 3 o'clock there will be a meeting, addressed by Lieut. Shill, who has been overseas and was several times wounded. At this meeting 125 commissions will be given out to local officers.

The open air meeting at 10 a.m. will be held at the corner of Rubidge and Wolfe streets.

Lieut. Newman is now permanently in charge of the Browntown branch.

PAIN, PAIN, PAIN, STOP NEURALGIA

Rub Nerve Torture, Pain and All Misery Right Out With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

You are to be pitied—but remember that neuralgia torture and pain is the easiest thing in the world to stop. Please don't continue to suffer; it's so needless. Get from your druggist the small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment;" pour a little in your hand and gently rub the tender nerve or sore spot, and instantly—yes, immediately—all pain, ache and soreness is gone.

"St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain—it is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin. Nothing else gives relief so quickly. It never fails to stop neuralgia pain instantly, whether in the face head or any part of the body. Don't suffer!

When a tank car containing more than 8,000 gallons og gasoline exploded at the Standard Oil Company plant at Constable Hook 20 men and girl employes were badly burned.

2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Superintendent—Mr. F. A. D. Fry.
Men's Bible Class—Teacher, Rev. D. Brown.
Ladies' Bible Class—Teacher, Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Wednesday 8 p.m. — Prayer and praise, in union with the B.Y.P.U.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choir leader—Miss Norma Moore.

GOSPEL HALL
Cor. George and Brock Streets.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.
A Hearty Welcome to all

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street.
Meetings on Lord's Day—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread.
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

TENTMAKERS TABERNACLE
469 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street.
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching.
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting in

LARGE DEPUTATION WAITS ON THE ONTARIO CABINET

Premier Asked to Introduce Legislation to Provide Pensions for Mothers Who Are Widowed—Consideration Is Promised

Toronto, Jan. 4.—Although not promising immediate legislation, Premier Sir Wm. Hearst promised a solution which would, he hoped, appeal to the deputaton of nearly thirty people representing the Ontario Social Service Council, the Local Council of Women, the Trades and Labor Council, and several religious organizations who waited on him and the Provincial Secretary yesterday.

The deputation asked that legislation be enacted providing pensions to widowed mothers in the province who were compelled to become the bread winner of the home. Before such legislation would be introduced, the Premier pointed out, the proposition would have to get every consideration to make sure that it would be a proper course to pursue and one that would have public opinion behind it.

Government's Work.

"We have no hesitation in saying," said Rev. Gilbert Ager, representing the Social Service Council, who was the first speaker called upon by Mr. Bryce, "that this is a question which cannot be dealt with by the local organizations but can only be dealt with adequately by the Government."

Representing the Trades and Labor Council, Mr. James Gunn declared that the idea of mothers' pensions had received the support of labor.

"If children are to be raised as Christians," said he, "it is necessary that the mother has the time in the home to train them. From the standpoint of citizenship it is necessary that the state provide for the children so that the mother can raise them to become not only good citizens, but good workers.."

Mother's Place at Home.

Facts and figures were presented by Mrs. A. M. Huestis, who showed how successfully legislation of this character worked in 27 States of the Union to the south. The cost of maintaining the child in the home was 50 per cent. less a cost to the State than maintaining the child in an institution. We find a great many children have to be taken from school to augment the family income too, which makes it an important matter from the standpoint of education."

Worthy Proposition.

"The report that we have before us just reached my hands as I came in," said Sir William, "but I have not had the opportunity to read the suggestions in it. The subject you have brought to our attention is an important one, and one that requires a great deal of thought. I may say the Government has considered it. Pensions to soldiers, widows and the workmen's Compensation Act will have a bearing on it."

The Premier promised that a commission would likely be appointed to give a report to the Government. Thought must be given as to the best methods of raising the funds for the scheme. It was necessary that such a scheme have public opinion behind it.

Public Opinion.

"The public opinion that is required by the Government," he continued, "is not that which is presented by a deputation, but the kind that will stand behind the legislation."

"There is no doubt of the desirable end to be accomplished by the legislation you have suggested. It has undoubtedly two sides, and it is necessary to consider all points before action is taken.

"The war through which we have passed shows us more then ever how one depends on the other, and I believe this will be one of the lessons of the war to surround the boys and girls with best conditions for their training of citizens."

Concluding, the Premier promised early considering and an ultimate solution, which he hoped would appeal to all of them present.

EDITOR'S MAIL

ALD.-ELECT MURRAY

Editor Review—Some time ago I erected a wire fence on the north and east sides of my property at the corner of Park and Sherbrooke streets. While I was busy with the fence I received a letter from the City Engineer asking me to stop building and to remove the fence at once as I had encroached on the city line by several feet o nPark street. As this statement appeared a little vague to me I went to the engineer to see what he meant by several feet and to find out the exact position of the street line. This he did not know but he knew I was five or six feet over. He promised to come up the following day and mark off the street line for me. This he failed to do. I then reported the matter to Mayor Duncan who advised me to take it up with the Board of Works. On doing so it was agreed that I let the fence remain where I had built it and pay the city twenty five cents per year in order that they may retin their claimh on the ground I had fenced in.

It has been brought to my notice that under the above circumstances I cannot qualify for a seat in the City Council and some of the election day sore heads are getting a bit jubilant over the situation and no doubt see prospects of having a say in the city affairs for 1919. I am also informed that one of my neighbors is playing an important part in the game, not one of the love thy neighbor as thyself, but one of a kind that brought the following words from the pen of R. Burns. "Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

To save any further disapopintment to those who cannot take a defeat let me give them a hint by further quoting from R. Burns' address to the wee mouse.

"But, mousie, thou art no thy lane
In proving foresight may be vain
The best-laid schemes o' mice and men
Gang aft a-gley
And lea's us naught but grief and pain,
For promised joy.

ALEX MURRAY

ONLY WEIGHED 97 POUNDS BUT HE NOW WEIGHS 137

LAWLESS SAYS HE WAS NEARLY DOWN AND OUT WHEN HE BEGAN TAKING TANLAC.

"When I first began taking Tanlac I only weighed ninety-seven pounds and was just about down and out," said O. D. Lawless, the well-known Omaha produce merchant residing at 604 South 28th Street, recently, "but I now weigh one hundred and thirty-seven, and so far as my health is concerned I couldn't ask to feel much better.

"I have not gotten all my lost weight back yet," he continued, "for I had dropped down sixty-one pounds. But I am still taking Tanlac and expect soon to tip the beam at one hundred and fifty-eight, my weight before my troubles began. I began suffering from stomach trouble and getting into a rundown condition five years ago, when my appetite went back on me. I lost all desire to give up my coffee and many other things I like best, as I could not retain them, and the only thing that half way agreed with me was fruits. There were terrible pains in my right side, which would almost cramp me double two or three times a week. I became uneasy, fearing appendicitis, and no one seemed to understand my case or do me any good. I just kept suffering and losing weight until it looked like I would shrink up to nothing.

"My condition had become noticeable to all who knew me, and while talking over my case with a friend one day he asked me why I didn't try Tanlac. Well, this put me to thinking there might be something in Tanlac for me, and there certainly was, for I have already picked up forty pounds and my old-time strength and energy have come back to me. I hadn't finished my first bottle until the pains, which I feared were caused by appendicitis, had disappeared. I can drink my coffee now and eat just anything I want and never have the least trouble with my stomach. So you can see why I'm so strong for Tanlac. It has made life worth living for me, and I feel like I ought to pass the good word along."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Deslke; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

Have You Heard These?

The "Phonola" records are the newest double disc records. They are played with the sapphire point—no needles to change.

"Phonola" REGISTERED

New Double Disc Records

are beautiful, clear, full-toned records, practically indestructible. The most popular artists in America make records for the "Phonola." Band, Orchestral, Instrumental, Vocal and Talking records in a wide variety of classical, popular, sacred, patriotic, Hawaiian, and dance selections are in the "Phonola" list.

A new list of 10-inch double disc records issued every month. All sold at one price—90c. each.

If there is no dealer in your locality handling these newest of records—The "Phonola" Double Discs—write us for list of records.

"Phonola" records are reproduced most faithfully on the "Phonola"—10 styles of cabinets, from $25 to $310.

DEALERS.—The "Phonola" line of phonographs and records make a most attractive agency proposition. There are some localities where we require good, live representation. Write us for particulars.

90c

The Phonola Co. of Canada, Limited
Kitchener, Canada

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl or woman for general house work, three of family. Apply at once, 591 Water street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Young man to learn the drug business. W. J. Kent, 402 George street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Job as cook, with about eight years' experience. Apply to George Vanelier, Coe Hill, Ont.

WANTED—Young lady to room and board in private family. Apply Box 239 Review.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 958.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two ladies' right hand gloves and one gentlemen's left hand gauntlet. Apply at Police Station.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One two-seated and one three-seated pleasure sleigh. Apply Fontaine's Livery.

FOR SALE—I have seventy-five cords of dry mixed wood, four feet long, considerable maple in it. Will deliver it in any part of the city at $11.50 per cord. Joseph Stewart, Phone 1451.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water st, Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION

The New Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange We sell used machines from $5 00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call.
Phone No. 697. Nights 396

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, trade mark and copyright ap-

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ABA G. WALKSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
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J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
B. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office, 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 622.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

COAL
...AND...
Builder's Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Grand Trunk Railway System
TIME TABLE CHANGES
A change of time will be made on JANUARY 5th, 1919
Information now in Agents' hands.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4859
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

SCRAPS of HUMOR

Her Next Number.

"What's the prima donna sore about?"

"First she sang a chanson of her own composition. That didn't get much applause."

"Well?"

"So she went out and give 'em Hail Columbia."

Technical Arguments.

"I heard a knife grinder and a carpenter arguing the other day, and each was scoring according to his trade."

"How so?"

"The first was making sharp rejoinder to the other's plane talk."

Mistakes Needed.

"Do you believe everything you see in the newspapers?"

"No," replied Senator Sorghum. "If some mistakes didn't get in now and then there'd be no use of my doing so much work from time to time to get campaign stuff into their hands."

The Times Have Changed.

"I never was so mortified in my life."

"What's the matter?"

"I was the only woman at the patriotic rally in a new gown. I knew I should have worn an old dress, but really I haven't one fit to put on."

Just Like Real Folks.

Irate Shopper—See here. You are charging $5 more for handkerchiefs than the store across the street.

Suave Profiteer—Well, you must realize, madam, that even we shopkeepers have our little differences.

A GOOD IDEA.

Carrye—When he broke the engagement did he ask you to return the ring?

Grace—No.

Carrye—Then I'd send it back to him. Under those circumstances it can't be genuine.

A Shew Down.

A young grass widow makes it plain
That she has learned her biz;
"No man shall win my hand again
Until he has shown his."

A Suit of Mail, Probably.

"My dear sir," said the suave salesman as he handed the customer his package and no change. "You will find that your suit will wear like iron."

And sure enough, it did. The man hadn't worn it two months till it looked rusty.

A Natural Conclusion.

The Gullible Guy—I see that the doctors have declared that a hot bath will weaken a person.

The Skeptical Fellow—According to that theory, no bath will make one strong.

Time Values.

"Time is money," remarked the ready-made philosopher.

"That's right," replied the gentle punster. "And the more times you subscribe to the Liberty loan the more money you'll have."

Where the Old Clothes Go.

"You think great saving is effected by letting women do men's work?"

"Yes; in ways we didn't anticipate. We can now cut down sister's overalls to fit little brother."

Literal.

"She gave her lawyer friend a paradoxical wish."

"What was it?"

"Said she hoped his brief career would be a long one."

The Kind.

"Pa, do Panama hats really come from a tree?"

"Yes, my son."

"Is it a hat tree?"

Finished the Job.

[illegible] sweeping, charge on her husband.

"What did he do?"

"The only thing—he dusted."

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

"God Save the King"

NOT many weeks ago a prize was offered for the best additional verse to "God Save the King" which should represent the part played by the British dominions overseas in the growth of the Empire. This incident serves as a reminder of the obscurity which envelops the origins both of the words and music of the National Anthem. As regards the words Froude quotes a watchword of the navy as early as 1545 "God Save the King," with the countersign "Long to reign over us." When it comes to the origin of the music there is a strong disposition also to go back to the sixteenth century, and the very interesting observation has lately been made that "God Save the King" is in form a galliard. That this was a dance much in vogue at the end of that century is evident from several references to it in "Twelfth Night, of which the following may serve as an instance: "I did think by the excellent constitution of thy leg, it was formed under the star of a galliard."

These, of course, are only gleams of light indicating that the national anthem did not start like Minerva fully armed from the head of some composer about the time of the second Stewart rising in the Highlands—a time when the nation was naturally emphasizing its full loyalty to the House of Hanover. Some of the most recent investigations into the subject began in a curiously accidental manner. A member of the London County Council asked a question of the chairman as to what was the "original" version of "God Save the King." The chairman referred the question to the Education Committee. This committee, in its turn asked Dr. Boas to investigate the history of the words and at the same time placed the inquiry as to the history of the tune in the hands of Dr. J. E. Borland, musical adviser to the council. In due course their report was published in a pamphlet.

Speaking at one of the meetings of the forty-third session of the Musical Association, Dr. Borland summed up the results for himself and Dr. Boas approximately in the following way:

In the strict sense there is no "original" version of the words of "God Save the King." It has grown like a folk ballad, though no doubt at different times individuals, who cannot be identified, have helped to shape it. In its growth it has incorporated phrases from orders to the elect, and prayers in the theatre, from Anglican and Roman Catholic services. It is so flexible that words probably used when a Stewart King was threatened by William of Orange, and certainly when a Hanoverian King was threatened by Charles Edward, still express with wonderful accuracy the feelings of the nation to the King-Emperor in the present world-war. As regards the music, Dr. Borland agreed with Dr. Cummings and others that the best evidence as to its origin was in favor of Dr. John Bull, the great Elizabethan, who, by the bye, wrote several galliards. But the evidence is not complete, for the presence of the "Ayre" in a volume of tunes reputed to be by Bull is no proof that it was his; moreover, the "Ayre" was not intended for a national anthem, or for a song at all, so that even if it were certainly proved to be the work of Bull, he was only an unconscious composer of the British national tune.

As is well known, the music has been attributed to other composers, among whom are Purcell, Oswald, and Carey; but their claims have been practically disposed of by a remarkable discovery made by Mr. Fuller-Maitland, originally published in the Musical Quarterly, and reiterated in a valuable paper given before the Musical Association—a paper which led to Dr. Borland's remarks. It appears that not long ago Mr. Fuller-Maitland and Mr. Barclay Squire were going through the large number of catches and rounds by Purcell which occur in various collections, both in manuscript and print. In one of those catches is to be found a passage with regard to the return of the Duke of York (afterward James II.) from virtual exile in 1680. There was a strong Tory reaction in that year, which is emphasized in the catch in question, especially in the last two lines:

Make room for the men that never deny'd,
To God save the King and Duke they reply'd.

The curious point is that at the words "God save the King" the notes set to the phrase are the first four notes of the National Anthem. The catch is in triple time, so that the resemblance extends to an absolute identity of rhythm.

When it is added that in the manuscript collection of songs containing the catch, the words "God save the King and Duke" are in italics, there can be no reasonable doubt that the quotations is intentional. Not only does this discovery dispose of the theory that either Oswald or Carey was the composer of the tune, but it disproves the feeble claim put forward for Purcell himself as the composer, for it needs a long time before a phrase is well enough known to warrant even the composer in making a quotation from it which would stand any chance of being understood. The only theory of origin that remains besides the attribution to Bull is that the tune is related to a carol in the "Melismata Collection" published in 1611. But this has not hitherto been supported by as great a weight of authority.

Peculiarity of the Turks.

The peculiarity of the Turks is at once apparent when we observe that their history is almost exclusive a catalogue of names and battles, says Sir Charles Eliot.

AS CHINAMAN SEES KAISER

Not Hard to See That This Student Has Sympathy With the "All-Highest."

Here are some comments on the kaiser from the pen of a Chinese student, an exchange says:

"The German kaiser is not the superior man as deciphered by the Chinese literature; he is surely a mean fellow containing much fraudish cunning in his deceited heart. The superior man is shown in the merits of excellent heart with much loving kindness to all peoples; the mean fellow is displayed in the black heart of the unregenerated devils of hell with much loving kindness only to himself.

"In the history of China was an emperor who burn the books and slewed the scholars to extinct the civilization of the peaceful inhabitants; but he was not success in this crafty tricks, for the civilizations could never be extinct by such dishonorable barbarism means. Now the German kaiser he also awfully wishing to slave the people and extinct the civilizations of the universe; he also destroy the literature books, and the arts, and the ships, and mess the people of allies nations. . . . But he will not success."

Oldest Living West Pointer.

General Horatio Gates Gibson, the oldest living graduate of West Point, veteran of the Mexican civil and Indian wars, has just celebrated his 91st birthday in good health and spirits.

Among the guests of the soldier on his birthday were a few surviving members of the Aztec Club, which was formed by officers of the service in the city of Mexico seventy-one years ago. There is only a squad of the original members of this club living. Gen. Gibson is one of them and is the organization's president.

It is probable that this veteran thought as a young soldier, after campaigning from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico under the leadership of Gen. Winfield Scott, that the Mexican war was a good deal of a war. It is likely, also, after serving as an artillery chieftain through the campaigns from '61 to '65, that he thought the civil war was about the biggest thing in the shape of a war that ever happened or could happen. Today, this man of service, 91 years of age, is under the necessity of readjusting his earlier thoughts on the comparative magnitude of conflicts between nations.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

To Teach Fruit Raising.

Vice Consul Richard P. Momsen reports that the Brazilian government has authorized the establishment of a pomicultural station in Deodoro. The work of the station will comprise the production of domestic fruit trees and those foreign types already selected and acclimated, the introduction of indigenous fruit trees, the study of insect pests and methods of combating them, the study of better methods of packing and transporting plants and fruits, experiments to determine the most successful methods of conserving fruits and the question of distributing fruits to dealers. The school will be open to students who wish to pursue this branch of agriculture and to farmers who wish to observe practical demonstrations of modern pomicultural methods.

Chinese Taking to Cigarettes.

Ten years ago we exported 400,000,000 cigarettes to China, which is an average of about one cigarette a year for each celestial. This year there has already been an average of 10 cigarettes exported to each Chinese, or, in round figures, 4,000,000,000 American cigarettes, says Popular Science Monthly. Last year our exports in cigarettes alone reached the $12,000,000 mark.

Tempting.

If an apple dumpling doesn't want to be eaten, why does it smear itself all over with that delicious sauce and sit there smilin' up at you with a look of paradise upon its cherubic face?—Baltimore Sun.

Homer's Fate Warning to Poets.

The greatest poet that ever lived was a blind beggar, yet when he died seven cities fought for the custody of his poor, old, weary bones.

Forgiveness.

The brave only know how to forgive—it is the most refined and generous pitch of virtue human nature can arrive at.—Sterne.

Daily Thought.

The only cure for grief is action.—George Henry Lewes.

Cruelty to Actors.

"Your only applause," quoth a star of the movies, "is the click of the camera." Obviously, an instance of cruelty to actors. Invention should come to the rescue and equip every movie studio with an applause machine, consisting of a pair of cast-iron hands and an endless string of percussion caps.—Film Fun.

Superstitions of Seamen.

If a man is ill at sea, his most critical time is when land is first sighted. If he survive an hour after the sighting of land he will recover. On some trawlers whistling is forbidden—it scares away the fish. Other skippers believe that to wash your face in the middle of a trip will break a spell of calm weather.

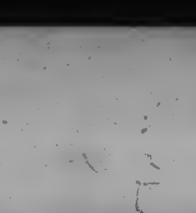
Gifts of Value

Big business and ome-again buyers testify that our selections for holiday giving are appreciated both in value and price. To see them is to buy. Nothing but dependable goods are here carried. They include:

TIMEPIECES
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES
CHAINS AND FOBS
GOLD & SILVER WRIST WATCHES
MANTLE CLOCKS

DIAMONDS
IN RINGS FROM $25 UP
NECKLETS, BROOCHES
LAVATIERS, PENDENTS
PINS, LOCKETS, ETC.

GOLD
RINGS, PINS
BRACLETS, BROOCHES
SUNBURSTS, CRESENTS
TOILET GOODS
COLLAR AND CUFF SETS



Sterling Silverware
Cut Glass
Parisian Ivory
Articles
Rogers 1847 Plate

Schneider's
367 GEORGE STREET
NEXT TO TURNBULL'S

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

In spite of the intensely cold weather today, there was a good market, and while trade was not as brisk as just previous to the holiday season, there was considerable business in progress all morning. A list of the prevailing prices follows:

Chickens	$0 30 to $	
Geese	30	
Eggs	70	
Butter	55	
Pork	28	30
Beef	18	20
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	
Beans	25	
Parsnips	25	
Carrots	25	
Turnips	20	

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	75	80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1 05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00

Hides.

Beef hides	0.12	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

Claude F. Peguenot, of Sandwich and a resident there for 46 years, died at his home on Mill street after a brief illness from heart trouble. He was 72 years old.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Railway Time Table

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
163 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-282

With The Curlers

According to schedule six games were played at the curling rink last night. A list of the players and their scores follows:

T. W. Appleley	M. J. Kim
H. W. Cooke	Dr. Amys
C. J. Seymour	W. J. Henry
G. H. Giroux, s. 10	W.J. Oge, s .. 9
T. H. Hickey	A. J. Kelly
C. E. Smith	W. C. Ackerman
C. C. Parsons	A. H. Webb
Dr. Greer, s 17	A. C. Kay, s ..13
A. G. Roberts	F. J. Overend
J. E. Smith	J. H. Sherwood
L. G. Debbin	J. W. Fraser
J. S. Skinner, s. 6	J. M. Lowes, s. 10
J. C. Carruthers	G. Duncan
C C. Abbott	W. R. Turner
J. A. MacNab	W. R. Widdis
E. G. Paterson, s. 13	W. G. Morrow, s. 12
J. E. Convery	F. C. Webber
C. Moffat	M. J. Duffus
A. M. Laidlaw	L. A. Turner
W J. Thompson, s. 1	J. W. McDermid, s. 17

Tonight there will be no schedule played, though there will be several "pick-up" matches. The ice should be keen tonight as the weather is most favorable.

JENNINGS AND "TY"

Hugh Jennings does not believe that Ty Cobb seriously intends to quit baseball as Ty intimated upon his return from France, nor does the think Ty takes the "free agent" idea seriously. In brief Jennings is sure Ty will be back on the old stamping ground in the spring, good as ever.

PITCHER KLEPFER WOUNDED

Reports filtering in from France are that Ed Klepfer of the Cleveland Indians, formerly of Rochester, and Joe Jenkins of the Chicago White Sox were wounded in the last days of fighting, but they are not confirmed. That concerning Klepfer is that he was so seriously hurt that he never will be able to play ball again.

Grecian Building Materials.

Brick is the most common kind of building material in Saloniki and in all New Greece. Wooden structures are rare, on account of the shortage of timber. Stone is little used, except for underground walls and foundations. Ordinary walls are built with both plain and hollow bricks. The former, being more solid, are generally used for the building of lower stories while hollow bricks are commonly employed in the upper stages. The principal kind of roofing used is made of flat tiling.

Poet Immortalized Hemp.

Longfellow has immortalized the uses of hemp in his famous poem, "The Ropewalk," in which he makes us see the rope made into a swing for two lovely maidens, the tightrope for the tired, spangled girl of the cheap street vaudeville show, the cord that the old bell ringer pulls when he rings the noonday hour; through his eyes we see the schoolboy flying his kite, the farmer's wife drawing a bucket of cool water from the well on the old homestead, and many other beautiful pictures.

DIDN'T I TELL YOU TO GO DOWN STAIRS AND FIRE THE COOK-
ALL RIGHT-
DON'T COME IN HERE AN' TALK TO ME. YOU CAN'T FIRE ME-
TO BOATS FOR EUROPE

BRING-ING UP FATHER By George McManu

As Charlie Says:—

You needn't take ONE man's word for it. There are thousands and thousands who swear by Arabela, the mild ten cent cigar.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON .. Mgr

President Mitchell Of The Cubs Replete With Baseball History

President-Manager Fred Mitchell of the Chicago Cubs is a live short story book when baseball yarns, both humorous and serious, as sought for a little entertainment. One can always count on hearing some of the most interesting tales from him about the national pastime and men closely associated with it. He has been actively connected with the sport for twenty years in which time he has stored in his fertile brain enough interesting narratives to fill a good sized volume. He tells them about players, magnates, fans, umpires and himself.

Mitchell shines in a fanning bee and at the meetings of the National League in New York always holds down one of the end chairs as if in a minstrel. At the last gathering of the league in the east the usual "big punching" took place at the round table at which sat John McGraw, Hugo Bezdek, Pat Moran, Wilbert Robinson, Tom McCarthy and Hans Lobert, round table orators of the first degree. Johnny Evers and Sherwood Magee were missing. It is needless to say what the nature of the conversation was. Finally it drifted on the amount of intelligence possessed by the present day players, and Mitchell told the following:

"I have run into a lot of smart players, but the one that left the deepest impression on my mind was Eddie Foster of Washington. I haven't forgotten my experience with him because it cost me $25 to find out how smart he was. We were with the New York Yankees in 1910 and were in a writing room of one of the hotels in New York discussing the meaning of a certain word when he offered to bet me he could tell me the meaning of any word I picked out on opening the dictionary at any page. That sounded like a soft bet to me. I tried it five times. He won each bet and convinced me he knew something about the dictionary."

That story brought to the mind of the writer his experience in a Pullman several years ago that proved how little the fans know of the average player's intelligence. The writer was travelling to join the Cubs on their spring training trip and on the train met Prof. Williams of the Valparaiso (Ind.) university.

"I am fond of baseball," said Prof. Williams, "but it has always been my impression that most ball players were illiterate, that they came off the back lots and knew nothing else but baseball. What is the extent of their education and what businesses do they pursue after the season?"

The professor clearly revealed he knew nothing about the mentality of the present day athletes and the writer made every effort and finally did convince him that the "roughneck" player was a thing of the past. Facts were shown to him that more than two-thirds of the players in the major leagues had had high school educations and more than one-third had attended college. In addition the names of players who had received their degrees in dentistry, law, surgery and many other lines of professions were given him.

"I am more than pleased to hear that," said Prof. Williams. "It has turned over for me a new page in baseball and from now on I will take a greater interest in the sport."

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can save.

WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

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Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS

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Germany's Earlier Revolt

CARL SCHURZ published his memoirs twenty year ago, but they are interesting reading to-day. Schurz tells how the former Kaiser Wilhelm's great-grandfather, Frederick William IV. lied to his people, and how that monarch's father, Frederick William III., set him an earlier example of the same kind.

"In 1813," writes Schurz, "King William III. of Prussia issued from the town of Kalisch his famous manifesto, in which he called the German people to arms, promising at the same time a new national union and participation of the people in the business of government under constitutional forms.

"The new birth of a united German national empire, the abolition of arbitrary government by the introduction of free political institutions—that was the solemn promise of the Prussian King as the people understood it—that was the hope which inspired the people in the struggle against Napoleonic rule with enthusiastic heroism and a self-sacrifice without limit and ended in a final victory.

"But out of the peace issued nothing for the German nation but the famous Deutsche Bund, the organ of which was to be the bundestag, composed of representatives of the various German kings and princes, without any vestige of representation of the people. There was no mention of any guarantee of civic rights, of a popular vote, of a free press, of the freedom of assembly, of a trial by jury. The mere reminder on the part of the people of his own promises made in 1813 was resented by him as an arrogant self-assertion of subjects. The outcome was a period of cruel persecutions of patriotic men, of barbarous press gagging, of brutal police excesses.

"The pledges made to the German nation by the German princes in 1813 were shamefully violated. It was a time of deepest humiliation. Even the Frenchmen, who had felt the edge of the German sword, derided, not without reason the pitiable degradation of the victor."

"In 1840 the perjured king, Frederick William III. died, and his son, the fourth of that name, came to the Prussian throne. Frederick William IV. seems to have been very like his great-grandson, Wilhelm.

"King Frederick William IV. created an assembly 'which was to have the look of a Parliament and yet not to be one.' He yielded to the popular clamor in so doing, and then he declared that he, the King, 'would never have called this assembly had he ever suspected in the slightest degree that its members would try to play the part of so-called representatives of the people.'

"All through the '40s the political ferment continued in Germany. In 1848, following the establishment of the French Republic, all Germany flamed into popular demands for reform. Frederick William IV. was flooded with petitions which 'he at first received with sullen silence.'

"Revolts broke out in various parts of Germany. Finally the people of Berlin rose against the king. The Prussian army was not able to subdue them, though many were killed on both sides. The terrified Frederick William IV. ordered the troops to withdraw. Then the people, carrying the bodies of their dead and with arms still in hand, invaded the interior court of the Imperial Palace and summoned the king to appear before them.

"When, with the weeping queen beside him, he stepped out upon an upper balcony, a deep voice cried: 'Off with your hat!' The King obeyed, uncovered and stood powerless in the presence of his betrayed people.

"At the same time the prince who was to become Kaiser William I., grandfather of Wilhelm, fled from Germany and took refuge in England. He was charged with having ordered the troops to fire on the people of Berlin, and was called the 'Grapeshot Prince.'

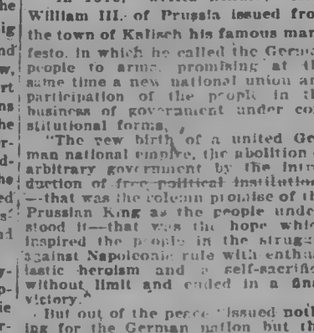
"Two days later Frederick William IV. raised a tri-color flag over the Royal Palace and, wearing the colors of the revolution on his arm, rode out on horseback and promised the people of Berlin all and more than they had asked for.

"It was announced that a 'new and responsible ministry had been appointed, composed of members of the Liberal opposition; that a constituent assembly to be elected by the Prussian people should be convoked to frame a constitution for the kingdom of Prussia and a national Parliament to be elected by the people of all the German states for the purpose of uniting all Germany under a constitutional government.'

"For a little while the king seemed to remain favorable to democratic reform. He even declared that 'all the concessions made by him had been made of his own free will, and according to his own convictions and that nobody should dare to question this.'

"But the army, the court nobility and the junkers gradually got the king's ear. He ordered the National Assembly to adjourn. He sent Prussian soldiers to seize all the machinery of Government. The people were called to arms. There were revolutionary uprisings in many parts of the country, which were put down ruthlessly. There were many executions and Schurz, with hundreds of other patriots, fled from Germany. The second Hohenzollern perjurer completed his conquest of the people.

"The German revolutionists of 1848," wrote Schurz, "fought for German unity and free government and were mainly defeated by Prussian bayonets. They committed many errors, but the greatest of these sprang from the child-like confidence with which they expected the complete fulfillment of all the promises which the kings and princes, especially the King of Prussia, had made under stress of circumstances."



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These pure hop and malt brews are really delightful — the triumph of 60 years' experience. One trial will convince you.

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Allies Have more Wheat.

England and France have made a remarkable wartime record in raising crops this year. The French crop of wheat promises to be 120,000,000 bushels more than last year, and England probably will have 30,000,000 more than in 1917.

With 200,000 fewer male laborers on the land than before the war, England and Wales have planted 33 per cent more land to crops this year than in 1916, and the area of grain is the largest on record. The increase in grain and potatoes is 2,012,000 acres. Scotland and Ireland also expect to show almost as great an increase. Wheat acreage in England and Wales is 2,605,000 acres; oats, [illegible] acres; barley, 1,000,000 acres; rye and minor grains, 652,000 acres; potatoes, 645,000 acres.

The entire wheat area of the United Kingdom this year, as estimated by Broomhall is 2,900,000 acres, on which the crop may exceed 100,000,000 bushels.

Don't Say That Again!

An Illinois man, remarking about the low price of wheat, compared to chicken feed, says: "Sort of indicates that wheat may go to the chicks, doesn't it?" Man, don't say that again! I am afraid it might be overheard in some broken household in France, where some widowed mother tries to still the cries of her hungry children by giving them the greater part of her own scanty rations. Don't talk about feeding wheat to the chickens!—Orange Judd Farmer

Petroleum in New Zealand.

The government of New Zealand is encouraging the development of petroleum deposits in the islands, which constitute its domain. It has paid one company $48,005 for the first 1,000,000 gallons of petroleum produced. One field on the west coast of the South island contains, it is estimated, at least 32,000,000 gallons of crude oil in shale. Other prospects are to be investigated soon with government assistance.

Uncle Sam.

"A man can depend on Uncle Sam to help him when [illegible] is very much different from the man that tries to do business wit counterfeit money."

What Really Counted.

Miss Yellowleaf—"A woman's age doesn't really matter." Miss Caustique—"No; the thing that counts is how long she has been that age."

Labor.

Labor is the grand conqueror, enriching and building up nations more surely than the proudest battles.—Channing.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *Name pamphlet and this paper.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary; "Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Capt. (Rev.) N. A. McEachran, returned chaplain, has been extended a call by the congregation of Westminster Church, Smith's Falls.

Barrie's
Peterborough
Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department
January Semi Annual Clearance Sale
On Mondy, Tuesday and Wednesday next.
We shall offer a grouping of Suits at
$ 5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each
The Barrie Building
Phone 340

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST
Whatever your form of Eye Trouble we can help you. Eye Trouble does not always indicate poor vision. See us and see better.
DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY

Two young men appeared in Police Court this morning charged with vagrancy. The magistrate gave them a week to obtain employment.

WANTED.

Janitress for office. Apply to
The Quaker Oats Company

NOTICE

Owing to illnes, Mrs. Greenslade will not resume her classes until further notice.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.
MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
295 Hunter Street. Phone 2343.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. J. H. Hargey and Mrs. James Davidson and family desire to thank their many friends for kindnesses and sympathy shown and also those who sent floral tributes in their recent bereavement.

LITTLE DEMAND FOR WOOD

Guelph, Jan. 4.—There is apparently not very much demand for the wood which the city is bringing here from Algonquin Park, as there have been only two orders received so far at the city clerk's office. This is acounted for by the fact that coal has been coming in freely of late.

LAUDER NOT WORRYING.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 4.—"I'm really not going to take any notice of it," said Harry Lauder, the famous comedian, when he was asked if he had anything to say regarding the threats which had been made that he would be given a "rotten egg" reception in Montreal when he goes there next week to play.

MAY SETTLE STRIKE.

Erie, Pa., Jan. 4.—Striking employes of the General Electric Company in this city have been called to attend a mass meeting at which the union leaders say the strike will be ended by the passage of a resolution to return to work.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

SCOTT—HUDSON.

A very pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized on January 1 when Clara Ethel Hudson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hudson, Smith's Falls, became the bride of Mr. Stanley Robert Scott, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Scott, Chamberlain street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. McKenzie.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott left on the afternoon train for a short trip before taking up their residence in the city.

J. M. Roszel Principal of Tara Continuation School, is in the city for a few days, Tara Schools remaining closed on account of the outbreak of influenza.

Covenant Service At George Street

PASTOR BEGINS TOMORROW SERIES OF SERMONS ON PRESENT PROBLEMS.

Special importance is being attached to the services in George Street Methodist Church on Sunday next. The New Year Covenant Service will be held at 11 a.m. The attendance of every member, young and older, of the church is desired on this occasion. The pastor will give a five minute talk to the children, and a short sermon, after which the beautiful ad impressive ritual of the Covenant service will be used. No one who can avoid it should miss this gathering.

In the evening there will be the usual service of song and splendid program of music by the choir. The Pastor will begin a series of three sermons on "Personal Problems." The subjects of the series will be.

"What habits should I cultivate?"
"Whom should I marry?"
"What amusements should I choose?"

The first of these will be discussed on Sunday evening.

A hearty welcome awaits everyone at all the services.

Special Call For Red Cross Workers

A special call has gone forth to Red Cross workers to make garments for the war refugees. The Red Cross work room in the Public Library will be open beginning Monday, January 6th, three afternoons a week, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, throughout this month, when a determined effort will be put forth to make as many of these garments as possible. As this will probably finish Red Cross work in this city, it is hoped that every woman who can sew will be present on Monday and each succeeding Red Cross day so that this final Red Cross drive may be a complete success.

LAKEFIELD.

(Special Correspondence)

Lakefield, Jan. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Sine returned to Frankford on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown returned to Toronto on Thursday after spending the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brown.

Miss Marion Dugan of Peterboro was a guest in the village for New Year's.

Mr. Harry Wannamaker of Peterboro was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wannamaker, for the holiday.

Pte. Morley McDonald returned from Kingston on Thursday, where he spent the past two weeks.

Mr. Wm. Ligott spent Thursday in Peterboro.

Mrs. Wesley Sherin spent Thursday in Peterboro.

Mr. Jack Mahood spent the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Mahood.

Master Earl Welbourne was the guest of his grandfather, Mr. Welbourne, a few days this week.

Miss Georgina Everett returned to her school at Indian River on Thursday.

Miss Ethel Sanderson spent the holiday the guest of Miss V. Bravender.

Mr. Wm. Richardson of the Salvation Army headquarters, Ottawa, was in the village on Friday.

STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK.

Pittsfield, Mass., Jan. 4.—The several thousand employes of the General Electric Company of this city who have been on strike for over two weeks, voted to return to work today.

MILITARY MEDAL TO CORP. DAWKINS

SUPERIOR OFFICERS PRAISE GALLANT WORK OF FORMER G. T. FIREMAN.

(Special to The Review.)

Lakefield, Jan. 4.—Mrs. J. Millage has received word that her nephew, Corp. H. Dawkins, 38th Canadian Battalion, Eastern Ontario Regiment, has won the Military Medal and Croix de Guerre (Belgian).

Lieut.-Col. H. A. Genet, A.A.G., M.D., No. 3, Kingston, in forwarding the decoration to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Dawkins, stated:

"The general officer commanding the district desires me to express the greatest appreciation for the services of this gallant soldier, and I am also directed by the Honorable Minister, to express his most sincere personal appreciation for the services of so brave a man.

"On my behalf, please accept my sincerest compliments that you are a relative of so brave a man.

"Details of action for which award was granted, are enclosed herewith."

His Gallant Deed.

Military Medal awarded to 410260 Corp. Dawkins, 38th Battalion, authority London Gazette.

Deed—For conspicious gallantry in action during the battle of Passchendaele Ridge on the 30th October, 1917. While in charge of his Lewis gun his company left the support position to reinforce the 85th Battalion. Corp. Dawkins was not aware of this move, but learning of it afterwards, he improvised a gun crew, his own having become a casualty. He pushed up to the 85th, front line, got his gun into position, where assistance was desired and materially assisted in maintaining the position. This gun, on the night of the 30th and 31st of October, did excellent work against a body of about 35 of the enemy. This N.C.O. displayed gallantry and initiative.

Corp. Harry Dawkins was wounded during the latter part of the year 1917, a shell grazing his chest. For months he was in a precarious state but ultimately he recovered. He was promoted sergeant and returned to France and was acting as machine gun instructor up to date of the signing of the armistice. Prior to enlistment he was a fireman in the service of the G.T.R.

OBITUARY

Margaret A. Rombaugh, wife of Albert Lott, Oshawa, passed away on Monday, December 31st. Interment was made at Ebenezer cemetery in Oshawa on New Year's Day. W. J. Rombaugh and Mrs. A. Machon of Toronto are brother and sister of deceased.

MASTER G. W. HOWELL.

George Wesley Howell, the five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Howell, 341 St. Joseph street, passed away yesterday at the home of the grandmother, Mrs. Chambers, 271 Simcoe street. The father is a member of the fire department.

On Monday afternoon the funeral will be held from the residence, 271 Simcoe street, to Little Lake Cemetery. Service will be held at two o'clock, conducted by Rev. Canon Davidson.

MRS. EMILINE MANN.

Mrs. Emiline Mann passed away last night in Nicholls Hospital aged 70 years. Her husband, the late David Mann, predeceased her three years. Since Mr. Mann's death deceased had been residing with her daughter, Mrs. John Allan, 588 Water street.

She leaves a family of two sons and three daughters, namely, Charles, residing near Hamilton, Harry, of Peterborough, Mrs. Robt. Davidson, Iroquois, Mrs. John Allan, and Mrs Arlington, of this city.

The funeral will be held from the home of Mrs. Allan, 588 Water street, on Monday afternoon to Little Lake Cemetery. Service will be conducted at the house at 1:30 by Rev. R. Pogue.

F. O. K. SPRIGGS.

Mr. F. O. K. Spriggs passed away in Nicholls Hospital this morning after a short illness of pneumonia. He was a resident of Belleville and had been visiting his father-in-law, Mr. A. Haskill, 315 Reid street. He leaves a wife and one little daughter.

The remains will be sent to Kingston this evening and interment will be made there on Monday at two o'clock. The funeral will be under Masonic auspices.

It doesn't pay to be a dog in the manger—unless you are in the canine class.

Donations To The Protestant Home

Following is a list of donations to the Peterborough Protestant Home:

A friend, $2.
Mrs. Walker, $5.
Mrs. T. Barrie, oranges, candy and socks.
Mrs. Hazlett, $10.
Mr. A. W. Crossman, men's clothing and $5.
Mr. Robt. Fair, candy.
Mrs. Walsh, plum pudding.
Mrs. F. L. Robinson, socks and bath towels.
Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Layfield, socks, shoes, candy and tobacco.
Mr. W. H. Hamilton, goose.
Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Waddell, beautiful picture.
Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hunter, candy and apples.
Campbell Flour Mills Co., goose, fruit, nuts, candy, tobacco.
J. E. A. Fitzgerald, case of oranges.
Mrs. Robt. Hall, mince pies.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Rush, $5.
Wm. Stock & Son, bag of flour and Christmas cake.
Mr. E. F. Mason, apples, oranges, candy, nuts,
Dr. Greer, roast of beef.
Mr. D. Kennedy, oranges and candy.

MRS. CASTLE ENGAGED?

Name of Dancer's Widow Linked With Airmen's.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 4.—It is reported that Mrs. Vernon Castle is engaged to be married to Tom Powers, of the Royal Air Force, but now appearing in "Oh Boy" in London.

Mr. Powers was a friend of the late Captain Vernon Castle, and it was under the instruction of the latter that Mr. Powers began to fly. Mrs. Castle has been reported enyaged many times since Capt. Castle came to his death, flying in Texas.

It was news to Mrs. Castle's mother, that her daughter was reported engaged. She said she had heard nothing of it. She would be the first person likely to know it, and regarded the rumor as unworthy of consideration. Yet the rumor persists.

Mr. Powers was stationed at Toronto with the air force for a while but went to Texas with Captain Castle, and was training there when Castle was killed. Later he went to France, and there he was injured in action, and invalided to London.

FAMOUS ARTIST DEAD.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 4.—Frank Duveneck, internationally renowned artist, died here of a complication of diseases after a six months' illness. He was 71 years old, but up to the time of his illness was an active figure in American and European art circles.

Good Advice to Women.

Do not be afraid to rest your feet Sit down at your work whenever you can; a chair in the kitchen is a great foot conserver. On may walk all day long upon two feet without injury, but cannot stand perfectly still, as when paring the dinner vegetables, ironing the small pieces, etc., for a quarter of an hour without a crippling degree of fatigue and a risk of serious injury to the feet.

Fossil Ivory in the Arctic.

What is perhaps the most amazing of all the Arctic bonanzas is that contained in the Liakhov islands and New Siberia. These lie in the midst of almost eternal ice in the north of Siberia itself, and the soil is full of tusks of the now extinct mammoth. During the last century shiploads of this fossil ivory have been brought out and sold at very high prices.

Whale Eaten by Many.

The Indians of the Pacific coast before the white man came hunted the whale in their swift, high-prowed narrow canoes, killing it with light harpoons. For many years whale meat was used largely by them. The Japanese for centuries have eaten whale beef. Among the nations of Europe it has been common food in the past.

Father Vladimir Ledoshowski, general of the Society of Jesus and known as "The Black Pope," has obtained permission to return to Italy and reside in Rome on the ground that he is a Polish citizen, according to the Italia.

The police report that Henry O. Vooten, about 45 years of age, Vancouver B.C., committed suicide in a bathroom in the Hotel Martinique, New York, by shooting himself with a double barreled shotgun.

Charles Harris, an Englishman, jumped into the Welland Canal yesterday. He was pulled out and resuscitated by firemen from the Central Station with the use of a pulmotor. He was taken to the General and Marine Hospital where he has developed pneumonia.

RAISE PENSION FOR CHILDREN

ODER-IN-COUNCIL MAKES RAISE IN THEIR ALLOWANCE.

Word has been received from Ottawa that the Cabinet has passed an order in council making a substantial increase to children of disabled soldiers. The old rate for every child was $96 per annum on a sliding scale according to the percentage of disability. This has now been increased to $144 per annum for the first child, $120 for the second and $96 for the third and every subsequent child, boys up to the age of 16 and girls up to the age of 17. This will make a substantial increase to married disabled soldiers, as a totally disabled pensioner who requires attendance, is married and has three children may now receive $1356 per year or $113 per month.

The rates for the children and dependent brothers and sisters of deceased soldiers is increased similarly to $144 per annum for the first child, $120 for the second and $96 for the thir and every subsequent child.

The rates for orphan children have also been increased from $192 per annum to $288 per annum for the first orphan child, $240 for the second and $192 for the third and every subsequent orphan child. This means that the pension for three orphan children is increased from $576 per annum to $720 per annum.

All these increases are retroactive to Sept. 1 and will entail considerable extra work for the head office of the board of pension commissioners, as every case has to be readjusted, new proceedings drawn, pension cheque plate made and cheques with an explanatory letter sent to every pensioner where children are in receipt of pension. This work cannot be done in one month, as there are now nearly 50,000 pension cheques issued monthly, and it will take two or three months before every adjustment is made and pensioners receive cheque for the increased allowance.

GOT THE PROMISED CHILD

How Chilcat Natives Kept Their Ward With the Missionaries, of Five Years' Standing.

In my intimate companionship with Muir in Alaska I saw many instances of his warm human sympathy, S. Hall Young writes in World Outlook. One occurred when in 1879 we were visiting the tribe of Chilcats. These Chilcats, recognised as the most warlike and arrogant of the Thlinget tribes, were nevertheless so interested in the gospel message I had to bring them that they crowded the house where we lodged, filling it full and prying off planks from its side so that those without could hear.

The first night we spent in the village, after an all-day's palaver, we were about to retire to our blankets when a woman brought a baby to me which was almost a skeleton from lack of nourishment, and whose feeble cry was most pitiful to hear. The woman explained that the baby's mother had died, and that they had no food for the child—none of the other women being in condition to nurse it. At once Muir and I set about preparing condensed milk for the baby. We diluted it with warm water until we thought it of the proper consistency, and fed it to the starving baby. The child was almost too weak to take this nourishment, and it required the utmost patience and care to feed it. Muir worked with that little papoose almost all night, rocking it in his arms and soothing its cries, and when at last it rested in a healthful, refreshing sleep, he carefully showed the woman how to prepare its food, and insisted upon leaving all of our remaining canned milk for the baby. The natives voluntarily told me when we were about to leave that if the baby lived it belonged to me and they would bring it down to Fort Wrangel. I thought but little of this promise, knowing how easily people forget such things; but five years after this occurrence I was surprised to have some Chilcat natives bring a sturdy and healthy little boy, and formally give him to me, saying that this was the baby whose life we had saved, and he therefore belonged to us. The child was taken into our mission at Wrangel, and I baptized him with the name of "John," after my friend.

Then and Now.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "do you remember when you used to stand outdoors and serenade me?"

"Yes. What reminds you of it? The way I now have to stand on the front doorstep and holler for the latchkey?"

A Mistake.

"Poor thing! She labors under the hallucination that she is the queen of Sheba."

"Whoever told you so must be mistaken. Even in her crazy moments she would never dream of imagining herself somebody who went to another person to learn wisdom."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT LAST TIME TO-NIGHT
"The Better 'ole"
Don't Miss It The Best Ever

MONDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1919
MATINEE 2.30 p.m. EVENING 7.30 p.m.
HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES
BIG AMATEUR CONTEST
Baby Marie Osborne in 'DOLLY VACATION'
12 Reels—12 Comedies and Dramas
Special Scenic Film "PICTURESQUE FRANCE"
MATINEE 10c. EVENING 15c

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8TH
Hon. A. B. CARVELL
Will address a Public Meeting in The Opera House

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1919
Coming here exactly as it was presented before H.R.H., the Duke of Devonshire, and Vice-Regal Suite, last Saturday evening in Ottawa.
NEW YORK'S SUPREME COMEDY SUCCESS
Turn TO THE Right
A play of "THE WANDERING BOY," and his crook pals—Also of a sweet, dear mother.
Only plays one week in Ontario after RETURN engagements in Toronto and Montreal.
"A bomb filled with golden laughter, and a real tonic for a nation weary of war and epidemic."—Montreal Star.
SEAT SALE OPENS AT THEATRE, SATURDAY, 10 a.m.
Prices, $1.00, 75, 50 and 25 Cents

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
January, 9, 10, 11
Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Conductor
"THE WONDER SHOW OF ALL TIME"
"SURPASSING EVEN THE BIRTH OF A NATION AND UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER PRODUCTION."
D.W. GRIFFITH'S
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
The Master Producer's Master Production
Eighteen Months in the Making
The Sweetest Love Story Ever Told
The Greatest Spectacle Ever Conceived
Created on the Battlefields of France
PRICES: Matinee Daily 2.15, 25 and 50 Cents
Evening 8.15, 25, 50 and 75 Cents
Seats Sale Opens Tuesday

New Year's Service In Trinity Church

New Year's services will be held in Trinity Church tomorrow. The pastor, the Rev. F. E. Malott, will preach in the morning on the subject, "An open door." His evening theme will be "A Successful Enterprise." The pastor hopes to see these services largely attended by both old and young.

Visitors will be cordially welcomed. There will be good music.

He's an active candidate who runs ahead of his ticket.

COLD WEATHER COMING

Cold comfort was issued from the meteorological office in Toronto last night, when the prophet of the elements declared that weather to-day would be "fair and decidedly cold." How long this condition would last he could not or would not say. He added that there would be a light snowfall to-night which may indicate a rise in temperature.

Lieut.-Col. F. F. Michin, formerly of the Princess Patricias, now of the Royal Air Force, has been placed on retired pay with the honorary rank of major-general.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Colder on Tuesday with snow flurries.

The Daily Review

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ALLIES MUST HELP POLAND PUT CHECK ON BOLSHEVISM

Paderewski, Who Is Suggested as First President of Polish Republic, Says Late Struggle Is War of Hypocrisy Unless New Menace Is Crushed

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Warsaw, Jan. 6.—Commenting upon the alleged slowness of the Allies to help the Poles to stem the tide of Bolshevism, Ignace Jan Paderewski, who is suggested as the first president of the republic of Poland, denounced the Bolshevist movement here early today. "The Bolshevist idea is to kill all users of the tooth-brush," he said. "If this war is to help mankind, Bolshevism must be downed. Otherwise it was a war of hypocrisy. The inevitable result of Bolshevism will be the return to the barbaric era in Russia and Eastern Central Europe. If Poland is not helped to create a barrier against it, then liberty and justice do not exist. There is no doubt that we must have intervention to deal with Bolshevism. Poland's immediate situation is serious on every side."

Paderewski has found that Gen. Joseph Pilsudski, the Polish military dictator, will not give up authority in Poland at the present time. Two Polish leagues had an interview which it is indicated was unsatisfactory.

Paderewski came to Polo as a representative of four million Poles, from whom he has received plenary powers, he says. He claims to have power to make loans to the Polish government, and also to be representative at Paris of the Polish committee. Gen. Pilsudski is said to have flatly refused to form a new cabinet, and Paderewski has announced that he will be unable to work with him.

PREFERRED INTERNAL USE OF ALCOHOL FOR AN AILMENT

Young Man Procured Order for Grain Alcohol for Bathing Shoulder and Then Diluted it for Drinking Purposes—Fined in Police Court.

Two young men who have spent the past week in jail, having been arrested a week ago Monday night about ten o'clock on the market square charged with drunkeness and having been remanded upon appearing in police court the following day were before the magistrate this morning and upon pleading guilty to the charge were fined $10.00 and $4.10 costs, apiece.

Chief Thompson prosecuted the case for the crown and Mr. J. R. Corkery acted for the defendants.

It appears that one of the defendants induced a young woman to obtain an order for brandy from a doctor and then proceeded to drink it himself. He also admitted having several drinks of alcohol in his home. On the evening of Saturday while he was working in a poolroom near the market square his friend entered the place with a six-ounce bottle of alcohol in his pocket and while the two were preparing to go elsewhere to dilute the liquor for drinking purposes the police arrived and put an end to the proposed party.

The story of one defendant did not differ very materially from that of the other. The second went to a doctor in the city and asked for an order for a pint of alcohol for rubbing purposes and obtained the necessary form. Asked as to whether he had been at any time a patient of the doctor mentioned he replied in the negative. The doctor did not een examine him but he did ask him what he wanted the alcohol for.

In explanation the defendant informed the court that since having the influenza he had been troubled with a pain in his shoulder and it was to ease this that he procured the alcohol.

He stated that he had succeeded in drinking a pint of diluted alcohol—equal in strength to about two or three quarts of ordinary whiskey—from Saturday night to Monday morning without any assistance and without becoming intoxicated. This statement met with derision and Chief Thompson ventured the remark that the shoulder received mighty little attention during the time the beverage was being consumed.

FOUND A CHICKEN IN BOILED EGG

MORE TESTIMONY SUBMITTED AS TO FOOD SERVED ON NORTHLAND.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—Investigations into conditions on the transport Northland proceeded before Mr. Justice Hodgins throughout Saturday afternoon. The stories told by returned soldiers were similar to those of the previous day. There were complaints of bad ventilation below, of insufficient food, of the sale of food by stewards.

"Did you," Mr. Orde, Government counsel asked of Sergt. Charles Smith, "hear anything of bad eggs being served to the men?"

"Yes," was the reply, "One man had a chicken in his egg."

"Did you hear that?" counsel asked in astonished tones.

"I saw it," Sgt. Smith quickly responded. "It was brought to the Sergeants' room for us to see," but Sgt. Smith admitted later that to have an egg on a ship was "buying a pig in a poke." He complained, too, that on one occasion two pints of water were put in the man's jam, to make it go round—"until it looked like this"—and here the Sergeant tapped the water jug standing on the table before them. With regard to the quality of the food generally, however, Sgt. Smith did not complain. His complaints were directed against the manner in which it was served.

FOUND MAGGOT IN HIS SOUP RATION

INVESTIGATION INTO TRANSPORT NORTHLAND CONTINUED TODAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottaw, Jan. 6.—Returned soldiers today continued their complaints against the transport Northland before Commissioner Hodgins. Private John Blackmore declared that he had seen a soldier take a maggot out of the soup served to him by the Northland stewards and he himself had been served with a piece of bone instead of meat. Other complaints sworn to today were that the latrines overflowed many gallons of filthy water into the soldiers' sleeping quarters.

Flags of the allies were presented to the Great War Veterans' Association of Sault Ste. Marie for its club room.

PLENTY OF WORK IN PROVINCES

TORONTO AND HAMILTON ONLY PLACES WHERE LABOR IS CONGESTED.

That the only two localities in Canada where there is unemployment on a large scale are Toronto and Montreal is the opinion of Mr. H. W. Harper general organizer of the International Association of Machinists, one of the trades unions which suffered severely through the closing down of munitions plants. Mr. Harper's duties carry him through the province and different parts of the country and accordingly he has more than a local grasp of the labor situation. He says that if skilled mechanics are willing to leave Toronto for some of the larger towns in Ontario ond for some other cities in Canada, they can find employment. If they can be persuaded to do so he thinks that a goodly portion of the skilled labor can be absorbed. He finds, however, that while many have accepted positions offered them in Peterboro, Collingwood, Sault Ste Marie and in the railroad towns, there is still a disposition on the part of others to remain in Toronto awaiting openings.

POLES SAIL FOR EUROPE

New York, Jan. 6.—The French liner France, which sailed Saturday carried a battalion of Poles, numbering 1,554a men recruited in America for the Polish army. Among the cabin passengers on the ship were J. P. Morgan and T. Ashley Sparks, director-general here for the British ministry of shipping.

Over 4,000 men have been discharged in the Winnipeg military district since November 11. During the year 7,611 men have been discharged in the district.

TORONTO WOMAN IS MURDERED BY HER BOARDER

SLAYER OF MRS. THOS. HUNTLEY ATTEMPTS TO TAKE HIS OWN LIFE.

Toronto, Jan. 6—Mrs. Thomas Huntley, 127 Campbell avenue, was slashed so severely by a razor in the hands of Thomas Cook, a discharged soldier, on Saturday afternoon, that she died in her home almost immediately. After committing the deed, Cook, who boarded with the Huntleys attempted to commit suicide by cutting his own throat.

He ran out of the house, at the same time shouting, "I've gone crazy but I am not done yet," but collapsed on the steps before anyone could reach him.

When the neighbors entered the house Mrs. Huntley was found lying on the parlor floor in an expiring condition, and although everything possible was done, she died almost immediately afterward. The principal veine in the throat had been severed by slashes from the razor. The attack had apparently begun in the kitchen, where there were evidences of a struggle, and later Mrs. Huntley had fled to the parlor where, with escape cut off, her assailant had murdered her.

Mr. and Mrs. Huntley had boarded Cook for several years previous to his enlistment. He went overseas and got as far as England, and was shortly aftefward returned to Canada. On his return he again took up his abode with the Huntleys. It was at first thought that Cook was recovering from an attack of delirium tremens and was not in his right mind. From what can be gained now from his actions, it would appear that he was in a jealous rage when he committed the act.

When Mr. Huntley, who was at work, learned of the murder of his wife he was prostrated. He knew no reason for the deed. "I can't tell you. I don't know," was all the statement he could make.

DR. J. H. EASTWOOD'S AUTO CAUGHT AT G. T. CROSSING

Doctor and Two Other Passengers Are Thrown From Car and Escape Injury—Engineer Failed to Blow Whistle.

While returning from Nicholls Hospital in his automobile Saturday at noon, Dr. J. H. Eastwood was caught on the crossing by the outward bound Lakefield train and his car badly smashed and thrown upon its side, while he and two little girls whom he had picked up to save them the long walk into the city were thrown clear of the auto and escaped injury.

The doctor had stopped in front of Jordan's greenhouse to let the two children into his car, which was not half over the tracks, when he heard the train approaching. He states that, while he is unable to say positively that the bell was not ringing, it is his impression that it only began to ring the moment when the engine was almost upon him.

Unable to clear the railway in time to avoid the accident he pulled his auto sideways and faced partly to the north, hoping that the locomotive would strike his machine while running in a semi-parallel direction. This was what happened, and, while the automobile was badly smashed, turned upon its side and given a complete right-about-face, the three occupants were thrown out and uninjured.

Dr. Eastwood claims positively that the engineer did not blow the whistle for the crossing, and is under the impression that the bell did not commence to ring until the train was a very short distance from him.

THE PEACE "DICTATORS."

Here are the men who will decide the terms of peace to be imposed upon Germany and her allies; left to right:—Marshal Foch, Georges Clemenceau, Premier of France; David Lloyd George, Premier of Great Britain; Baron Sonnino and Signor Orlando, Premier of Italy. This photograph was taken at the historic conference in London early in December.

EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DIES AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

Outstanding Figure in American Public Life Passes Suddenly at His Home at Oyster Bay —Sketch of One of the Most Notable Careers in History of United States.

EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt died in his sleep at his home on Sagamore Hill in this village. Death is believed to have been due to rheumatism which affected his heart. The former President sat up the most of Sunday and retired at 11 o'clock last night. Hours later, about 4 a.m., Mrs. Roosevelt, who was the only member of the family at Oyster Bay, went to her husbands' room and found that he had died during the night.

Two of the Colonel's sons, Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Capt. Kermit Roosevelt, are in service abroad. Capt. Archie Roosevelt and his wife left New York last night for Boston.

Details of the funeral have not been arranged, but an announcement is expected late today. Telegrams of sympathy began to come in from all parts of the country today as soon as the news of the Colonel's death became known.

New York, Jan. 6.—The news of the death of the former President was received here by Miss Josephine Striker, the Colonel's secretary, in a telephone message from Mrs. Roosevelt. Miss Striker said that the Colonel had suffered an attack of inflammatory rheumatism on New Year's Day and had since been more or less confined to his room. It is understood that only Mrs. Roosevelt and the nurse were with him at the time of his death. The other members of the family are in other parts of the country or abroad.

Sketch of his Career

Theodore Roosevelt, 26th President of the United States; born in New York city, Oct. 27, 1858; was graduated at Harvard University in 1880 and began the study of law. The next year he was elected to the Assembly from the 21st District of New York, serving in the Legislatures of 1883, 1884, and 1885. While chairman of the Committee on Cities, he introduced reform legislation which has proved immensely beneficial to the people of New York One of his measures was the act taking from the Board of Aldermen power to confirm or reject the appointments of the mayor. He was chairman of the noted Legislative Investigating Committee which bore his name and which revealed many of the abuses existing in the city government in the early eighties.

In 1886 Mr. Roosevelt was the Republican candiadte for mayor against Abram S. Hewitt, United Democracy and Henry George, United Labor. Mr. Hewitt was elected by about 22,000 plurality. Mr. Roosevelt was appointed a Republican member of the United States Civil Service Commission by President Cleveland in his first administration. His ability and rugged honesty in the administration of the affairs of that office greatly helped to strengthen his hold on popular regard. He continued in that office till May 1, 1895, when he resigned to accept the office of police commissioner from Mayor Strong. His record as president of the board was of the highest character. He found the administration of affairs in a demoralised condition, but the same energetic methods that had characterised all his work the same uncompromising honesty that is the most prominent note in his character, when applied to police affairs, soon brought the administration of the department to a high degree of efficiency.

From his New York office he was called by President McKinley, April 6, 1897, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy. There again his energy and quick mastery of detail contributed much to the successful administration of the department and the preparation of the navy for the most brilliant feats in naval warfare in the history of the world.

When war was declared against Spain Mr. Roosevelt refused to remain in the quiet government office.

(Continued on Page 5.)

Spartacus Seize Newspaper Offices

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—A coup d'etat took place in Berlin yesterday, it is believed here, on the basis of advices from Berlin today. The last telegram received here from the Wolff Bureau announced the seizure of its office. Private advices say that the Spartacans occupied the bureau and also the offices of half a dozen big newspapers, including the Socialist Vorwaerts.

Scandinavian Is Due January Eighth

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John, N. B., Jan. 6.—The troopship Scandinavian is due here January 8th with 102 officers and 165 other ranks and 746 civilians. The people from Ontario districts are as follows: London, 12 officers, 7 men and 30 civilians; Toronto: 28 officers, 18 men and 215 civilians; Kingston: Two officers, 10 men and 16 civilians.

ULTIMATUM TO HUN COMMANDER

INVADING POLISH ARMY CALL FOR SURRENDER OF IMPORTANT POINT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Brlin, Jan. 6.—Polish troops have occupied the railway station at Chroscunik, four miles from Bentschen, and have sent an ultimatum to the German commander in the latter place, a demand that he surrender. The capture of Bentschen by the Poles would be most serious for Berlin and all of Northern Germany. Its loss to thePole s would cut communication between Berlin and Siberia and would endanger the provisioning of Frankfort on the Oder and all of Northern Germany.

The Cabinet completed its consideration of the Polish situation today and directed the Ministry of War to take the necessary technical steps to strengthen eastern frontiers. When preparations have been completed, which will probably be next week, the Cabinet will probably appeal to the people to form a volunteer army to protect German borders.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—Reports from various portions of the Dominion show that the sale of war savings and thrift stamps is making progress in a very satisfactory manner. Pembroke has asked for a $1,000 supply of thrift stamps, which meant 4,000 stamps. Now every merchant in the town is selling them. The town's first allotment was less than $400 worth.

GERMANY ASKS TO BE GIVEN CHANCE

DIPLOMAT PREDICTS THAT COUNTRY WILL RECOVER GREATNESS IN TIME.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, Jan. 6.—Germany will slowly recover from the disasters wrought by the war and will in time regain its place among the nations of the world, but in a democratical, not a monarchalic spirit, according to Count Max Von Montgelas, formerly in charge of American affairs in the Foreign Office at Berlin and new German Minister to Switzerland, Vice Baron Von Romberg retired.

"This recover," he said today, "will be endlessly hard and will require every ounce of Germany's discipline, but it can be accomplished in case the Entente nations give Germany a sporting chance, that is to alleviate blockade sufficiently to permit Germany to pursue her fisheries as formerly, and not to impose suffocating industrial and economic conditions such as the occupation of territories west of the Rhine."

Military Cross For Lieut. Eaton

Lieutenant O. B. Eaton, a former resident of Peterborough, who enlisted while in Prince Albert with the fourth machine gun company, has been recently awarded the Military Cross.

His wife, who is residing at 536 Bolivar street, expects Lieutenant Eaton home in the near future.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1919

LABOR'S NEW POWER.

FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS the members of the City Council gave as an inducement for the postponing of public works the probability that when the war was over material and labor would be cheaper. The outfall sewer and the overhead bridge were deferred accordingly, and the policy was an easy one as relieving the public officials from a vast load of responsibility.

Everything is different now. Peace has not only been restored, but four members of the Labor party have been elected to the Council. It is taken for granted that at least one of the former members of the Council who was re-elected will cast in his lot and vote with the Labor men. It has already been arranged that he will associate himself with a Labor union in which he is eligible for membership.

The Labor men in the Council will be at least sufficiently strong to tie up any legislation to which they are opposed. They have announced their platform. All public works must be performed by day labor instead of by the contract system, and eight hours, instead of nine, as at present, is to constitute a day's work for all those in the employ of the city. Nothing like a reduction of the present scale of wages is to be tolerated, at least until there is first a fall in the current cost of living, and there is no immediate prospect of this. Work on the bridge is to be started at once, according to Labor's program.

The city, if this program is followed, will not be likely to have the public works carried on any cheaper than could have been possible any time in the past two years. If the price of labor remains at the present high figure, the present cost of material will certainly continue. There cannot be a cut in the wages of the factory hands who prepare this material if the scale in Peterborough is to be maintained.

The world is faced now with labor conditions that have never before confronted it. Canada, we are told, is to help build up the war-wasted portions of Europe and to send overseas manufactured goods to supplement the crippled industries across the ocean. How can the manufacturers in Canada, or in the United States for that matter, if they pay a rate of wages at least fifty per cent. higher than that paid by their competitors overseas, hope to remain in the contest for the trade of the world?

The difference in the rate of wages paid in England and in America cannot be better demonstrated than by citing the case of the trade in the cotton produced in the Southern States. The English manufacturer can buy the raw material from the American planter, pay freight charges across the ocean, manufacture it in his own mills, and then send back the finished product to America to compete with the manufacturers on this side of the Atlantic. In no case is the necessity for a protective tariff made so apparent. No case, either, can be cited in which it can be more clearly shown that a protective tariff is the workingman's one chance if he is to hope for anything better than the semi-starvation wages that are paid to his fellow toilers in Europe. Without a measure of protection the factory cannot exist, at least not exist and pay a higher rate of wages than those paid by the European competitor. The manufacturers and the wage workers have a common cause in protection. It is to the interest of the one as to the other to combine for its maintenance.

The peace conference has a long and important program mapped out for it. One of the duties with which it is to be charged is to establish a world labor court to standardize working conditions in America and Europe. Slums are to be relegated to the scrap heap with other forms of oppression that existed before the war. Wage-earners in all parts of the universe are to be protected in their rights and given a chance to make for themselves and their families a decent living.

This may be in a measure anticipating the industrial millennium, but it is something to which an enlightened world is surely coming. And when men and women the universe over work under relatively similar conditions, then, and not till then, will tariff walls be no longer necessary and universal free trade can safely prevail.

A LEAF FROM HISTORY.

ONE OF THE OBSTACLES to the granting of home rule to Ireland has not been the opposition to the measure which has always existed in other parts of the Empire so much as to the differences among the people of the unhappy island itself. Ulster always elected by a strenuous majority to remain a part of the Empire and to accept its legislative enactments from the Parliament in London.

Just before the war it was hoped that the home rule question had been satisfactorily settled. In order to reach a solution it had been found necessary to so circumscribe the prerogatives of the House of Lords as to render the peers a practically negligible quantity. At the most, they could delay but not frustrate legislation by the Commons. The home rule bill as passed for the second time excluded Ulster. That part of Ireland was to maintain its relation to the Empire while the rest of the island was to have a parliament of its own, while still represented in the British House. It was to be such a federation as holds the various Canadian provinces in the Federal Union.

The home rule bill was not given effect on account of the war. And now the dissatisfied portion of the Irish race ask more than ever. They would have been satisfied with a federal union four years ago. Disappointed with that after it was pledged them, they now demand an independent republic and the problem becomes more acute than ever.

It is difficult to understand the contention that Ireland must not be disrupted by the exclusion of Ireland. There are abundant precedents to be found for such action, the minority being permitted to remain as they are while the majority's demands are granted.

When the American Civil War broke out, Virginia was the sovereign state in the Southern Confederacy. Part of the state seceded while the remainder elected to remain with the anti-slavery North. There was discord, naturally, between these two elements of the population. The trouble was rationally settled. The loyal section demanded from the Federal authorities separation from the slave-holding portion of the state, and the request was granted. Virginia and West Virginia went their separate ways. Each played its own part in the war, and since the partition the two states have lived as amicably with each other as do any of the other American states or Canadian provinces.

Again, the contention is put up that if Ireland is given home rule, with Ulster excluded, the self-governing portion of the island will be a constant menace to the peace of the Empire as well as to the isolated province. Surely the British are able to take care of themselves and their interests in this regard. But why should a self-governing Ireland be a menace to its neighbor any more than is Belgium or Poland or any of the other long oppressed races who are promised emancipation following the war?

WHY NOT THE JUDGE?

A STAFF WRITER in the Toronto World shares in the horror which all humanely-minded people must feel when regarding the barbarous exhibition of hanging which occurred in the Queen City last Friday morning, when the man hanged fainted while protesting his innocence on the scaffold and lived for seventeen minutes after the trap was sprung.

The writer in the World, it seems, has not reached the point of objecting to the judicial taking of life, but he believes that hanging should be abolished and the electric chair substituted for the rope and the scaffold. Instead of a bungling hangman the World would have the deed of death performed by the twelve jurors who found the condemned man guilty, each to press one of twelve electric buttons to turn on the fatal current so that the responsibility could be equally shared.

Why stop with the jurymen? Why not compel the attendance, as a witness, of the judge who pronounced the death sentence with solemn tones and a stereotyped prayer for mercy upon the soul of the man whom he is sending into the presence of his Creator?

R. Bickerdike, ex-M.P. for one of the divisions of Montreal, session after session during his membership in the House, introduced a bill to abolish capital punishment. This was invariably voted down, each subsequent session, however, with a lessening majority against it. More men of the stamp of Mr. Bickerdike are required in public life, and it will be to the advantage of civilization if he is again sent to Parliament to resume his good work.

If all the men hanged in Canada were executed at a central point, say at Ottawa, and the men who maintain the capital punishment law on the statute books were compelled to attend as witnesses, it is safe to conclude that the first execution under such circumstances would be followed by the repeal of the law. No man is equipped to discuss this matter intelligently unless he has personally witnessed the awful end of a human being by hanging.

Again, in a number of American states the sheriff is personally required to hang such of his prisoners as are condemned to death, instead of securing the services of some degenerate who is not above accepting money for such work. In Canada the sheriff is allowed the privilege of hanging criminals by proxy.

Why should there be included in the duties of any public official in this country a task so far beneath any man that it necessary to find some creature to perform it who by the very fact of his service renders himself an Ishmaelite among his fellow creatures for all time?

The murderer may have the excuse of moral degeneracy or excessive passion for his deed. The State and the offending hangman have no such extenuation but act in cold blood. But the State at least privily prays for the victim of its reprisal.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

FOR GERMANY, if it was millions for preparation it is going to be billions for reparation.

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POLAND, IT SEEMS, will never sheathe the sword so long as one of its old-time oppressors is left to fight.

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THE CANADIAN military heroes may have been developed on beefsteak, but not on beefsteak at forty cents or more a pound.

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WITH THE NEW YEAR comes the more or less sweetly solemn thought that another tax rate will soon be in the construction stage.

• • • • •

THE EX-KAISER refuses to talk, but in his case, as in so many others, the resolution is made only after the full measure of mischief has been wrought.

• • • • •

PRESIDENT WILSON on his tour dined in Genoa and America's social debt to the late Christopher Columbus may be regarded as discharged.

• • • • •

DIRECTOR McADOO says that party politics lowers the morale of the American railroads, proving that after all the transportation lines are not so vastly different from individuals.

• • • • •

IF THE EX-KAISER falls back on the insanity plea when placed on trial, his contention, it must be admitted, will be sustained by his record any time during the past four years.

• • • • •

THE GINGER GROUP in the United States Senate appear to regret nothing so much as the fact that their scholastic president seems unable to keep silence in any European language.

• • • • •

AN EXCHANGE says that the ex-kaiser is a wonderfully versatile man, as he develops a new dangerous disease every day. But why rob the correspondent of a distinction, however questionable?

THE BARBARITY OF HANGING

(Ida L. Webster in Toronto World.)

Can you as a citizen of Toronto in the year of our Lord 1919 imagine the old-fashioned method which is used to exact the death penalty from a murderer? If this stunt of hanging a man had grown with the city there would not have needed to be the harrowing sight of yesterday morning at the jail.

In the very old days the condemned were led to the block, and then after placing as much of their neck as possible upon the roughly hewn chunk of wood they had the pleasure of closing their eyes and waiting for the ax to descend. All that was considered quite the correct thing in those days, but what would the modern folks who pride themselves upon their social uplifting work do if that style still held the floor?

And yet the workers for the help and benefit of Christianity will sit still while the law takes its course, as it did yesterday morning. What is there in this world that would recommend the system which is the vogue here by hanging a man

To say that it is barbarous is putting it mildly. It is not only that, but what is more terrible still, it is being condoned in a city of churches—in the very city where everyone is supposed to be the keeper of his fellow-man. Surely the shepherds have fallen asleep on their jobs, and instead of being up and at it they are lying low, allowing the law to exact its payments, which are to say the least disgusting.

Why any man, and particularly one who is being put to death on circumstantial evidences, should be made the butt of a freak of some mid-Victorian jailer's mind is more than we can understand. Professional hangmen may have been wonderful inventions in the years which have passed, but today they are distinctly out of date, and the people of this country should be human enough to have the system of employing them abolished.

If the law is so very stringent that it will not allow of some other form of death as a penalty for murder, then for heaven's sake let us have the hangings done in a scientific manner [illegible] to the old gag of having a special man and a deputy pull a string which operates the floor, so that it will jerk from under the condemned's feet and thus in the course of time result in the breaking of his neck. It need not be pointed out to us that this operation happens almost immediately, because we have heard all of that, and at the same time we have heard that prisoners do not die for as long as 17 minutes.

Every man, woman and child in this city who read the papers knows that this state of affairs exists, but why do they not get together and do something? Would it not be a lot better to have 12 buttons, one of which would release an electric lever, which would result in the same death, only in a much safer way. Then let the jury who found the prisoner guilty be the 12 apostles to press the buttons. In this way no one would know who really did pull the string, as it were, and therefore, no one would have it on his conscience.

But to read of the jocular remarks of these professional hangmen is almost like reading of the life of Queen Elizabeth. The very idea that men are toted from one end of the country to the other to hang anyone is enough to put the brand of Cain upon the City of Toronto for a start.

"A life for a life" is all right, but surely it is not necessary for the taking of the life to consume 17 minutes. And also it will be quite the happiest day in the world when people stop protesting as to their love for the chance of hanging the kaiser. The professional gentlemen who featured at the three-reel drama at the jail yesterday need not sign for the pleasure, because it will never be given to them. However, they might devote their spare time to good advantage if they sat down and attempted to figure out some new way for hanging prisoners found guilty of murder in the Dominion of Canada.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Leo Pape)

SAILERS.

There is meny diffrentses between the army and the navy, the mane one being that the navy is full of sailers, wile if you saw a sailer in the army you would think he was lost, wich he proberly would be.

The easiest way to tell a sailer frum a soldier is by his pants, being so wide at the bottum you mite think the tailer forgot wich end of a sailer his waist is. Another easy way is by his hat, being a little round hat on the top of his hed, ony you know its reely his rite hat because all the other sailers have got one jest like it.

Insted of a house a sailer has a ship, ony if you woak up in the morning ad found your house was about 300 miles some place elts you would be mutch more surprised than wat the sailer is. Proving if you wunts get used to a thing you ixpect it.

If a sailer wunts to know ixactly ware he is wen there aint anything erround but wattir all looking alike, all he has to do is to ask the captin wat lattertude and longytude it is, and thats ware he is. He can also tell wich way north is by his compass, and if his compass ever got broak, some other sailer would lend him his. Proving that no matter how lonesome a sailer gets, he always has the satisfaction of knowing wich way he is looking.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says some of the new tax laws are so hard to understand that she should think the services of the professional taxidermists would be in great demand.

John C. Thyme, Robt. A. Lampman and John C. Laing, evaders of the Military Service Act, were sentenced at London to two-year terms in Kingston Penitentiary.

Eight officers and 263 other ranks will be the strength of the Fort Garry Horse, now named as a permanent cavalry regiment, to have headquarters in Winnipeg.

Minnedosa was the cold place in Manitoba last week, the thermometer registering 36 below zero. In Winnipeg the same night the mercury only dropped to 24 below.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

WIT AND WISDOM

Just How It Was.

Counsel—Then you think he struck you with malice aforethought?

Witness (indignantly)—You can't mix me up like that. I've told you twice that he hit me with a brick. There was no mallets nor nothin' of the kind about it.

One on the Rabbit.

"You seem to have lost your faith in a rabbit's foot."

"Well," replied Mr. Erastus Pinkley, "I done thought it over. An' de more I thought de more I couldn't figger dat de rabbit wot furnished de foot had been lucky for his own-self."

The Family Autocrat Shows He's a Diplomat.

"William!" she shouted in a voice fit to command a regiment, "take your feet off the table this very instant!"

"Margaret, I want you to know," he said, in a voice that was surcharged with manly determination, "that there is but one person in the world that I will allow to talk to me in that way."

With an irate mien she arose and looked into his eyes.

"And who is that, sir, may I ask?" she thundered.

"Why, you, my dear," he gently answered, as he removed his feet from the table.

The Best of It.

"De mule has too much de best of it," remarked Mr. Erastus Pinkley. "If I lays hands on it dey'll have me up befor' de aimal prevention society. But s'pos'n de mule kicks me?"

"What then?".

"He ain't g'inter git reported. All my friends jes' laugh an' ack like dey thought de mule showed good judgment."

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday—The Epiphany of Our Lord.

7.30—Special meeting of the Girls' Auxiliary in Mrs. Horsfield's parlors, George street.

8—First service of the Week of Prayer, conducted by Rev. A. Canon Davidson, sermon by the Rev. J. A. McKenzie.

Thursday, 8—Choir practice; boys at 7.30.

Friday, 3.30—Monthly business meeting of the Church Women's Association.

Saturday, 9—Choir boy's practice.

The annual vestry meeting will be held on Monday next, Jan. 13th, in the school room.

TODAY'S STORY

Every now and then somebody discovers the meanest man and in a white heat of indignation seeks to pillory him in the newspaper.

The editor of the Hackensack Republican rises to a point—even though it is a pen point—of order that seems to be well taken:

"There are some other skunks in this little world of ours—petty, low-down contemptible curs, mangy mongrels of the nobreed type.

"One of them drove along Franklin pike a few days since in a flivver.

"He stopped to buy a basket of apples from a woman with a little roadside market.

"While she left the spot to get an empty basket this leprous wretch placed a second basket of fruit in his car and drove away without paying.

"He deserves to have seven-year itch, eczema, body boils, neck carbuncles, sciatica, neuralgia of the facial nerves, perpetual toothache, nightmare every night, burning dyspepsia and St. Vitus dane."

To all of which we subscribe with a fervent amen, only wishing that these various forms of punishment might be inflicted by the court-martial that tries the Kaiser.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some love letters look like counterfeit promissory notes.

Unless you have faith in your effort it will be a failure.

No, Elizabeth, all makers of crazy quilts are not lunatics.

The man who does the least talking often has the most to say.

The brand of popularity that one can buy isn't worth the price.

A cane is an old man's strength and a young man's weakness.

Some one has advanced the startling theory that there is nothing so monotonous as monotony.

Some men do some mighty queer stunts for the purpose of keeping their names before the public.

And it sometimes comes to pass that, after a man has made money, the money gets busy and unmakes the man.

After telling an old man your troubles he will tell you a few of his own that will make yours look like thirty cents.

Caught On to Sailors' Trick.

If a man's hat blew overboard while leaving port many British skippers would turn back and delay sailing until the next day. It was an omen that one of the crew would be lost over the side during the trip. This sign, however, became discredited, as wily deckhands, desirous of another day ashore with their wives and families, contracted the habit of going aloft and assisting the wind to foretell disaster.

"Gusher's" Day Never Long.

There is a certain class of people with whom the gushing person will get a hearing, but this is merely because that particular class enjoys flattery, an art in which the gusher is particularly skilful. But, taken on the whole, human nature appreciates frankness and sincerity. And these two qualities give to the eye an expression which is not to be overlooked in the seeker after beauty.

"Commonwealth and Coffee."

The introduction of coffee into England dates from the period of the Cromwellian Protectorate; according to a Restoration pamphleteer. "Coffee and Commonwealth came in together." Jacobs, a Jew, opened a coffee house at Oxford in 1650, and two years later the first one was established in London by Pasqua Rosee, the Armenian servant of a city merchant.

Trench-Digging Crab.

One of the creatures most adept at mimicry is the fiddler crab. This curious creature is an expert in trench digging. He carries with him, as part of his body, an extraordinary weapon which serves as spade, sword and spoon. This is an enlargement of one claw shaped so much like a fiddle that it gives the crab its name.

HOW THIS NERVOUS WOMAN GOT WELL

Told by Herself. Her Sincerity Should Convince Others.

Christopher, Ill.—"For four years I suffered from irregularities, weakness, nervousness, and was in a run down condition. Two of our best doctors failed to do me any good. I heard so much about what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others, I tried it and was cured. I am no longer nervous, am regular, and in excellent health. I believe the Compound will cure any female trouble."—Mrs. ALICE HELLER, Christopher, Ill.

Nervousness is often a symptom of weakness or some functional derangement, which may be overcome by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as thousands of women have found by experience.

If complications exist, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for suggestions in regard to your ailment. The result of its long experience is at your service.

LONDON NOT LIABLE.

Utilities Commission Escapes When Citizen Sues for Loss.

Mr. Justice Rose has decided against J. J. Alexander in his damage action against the city of London and the London Utilities Commission.

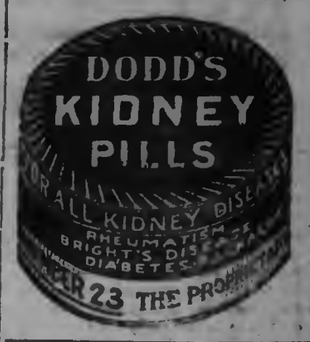
There was a fire at Alexander's premises in that part of London known as Pottersburg, and Alexander blamed low water pressure for his loss.

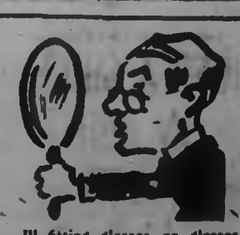
But Mr. Justice Rose holds that Pottersburg has no higher claim than any other section of the city. When Pottersburg was annexed the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board directed that water mains were laid. Presumably this was done.

Sixty-two lynchings occurred in the United States during 1918.

President Poincare may pay a visit to the United States in August next.

San Diego, Cal., reports that Dr. Harry Tanner, preponent of fasting for longevity, died after an illness of nearly a year. He was 91 years old.





Ill fitting glasses or glasses bent and out of adjustment cause needless strain upon the eyes. Trying to adjust the defects in your glasses yourself only invites greater trouble.

We will be glad to have you bring your glasses to us. Our adjustments are made knowingly and skillfully and assure your eyes the care and protection they need.

Martin J. Roche

Consulting Optometrist.

Mfg. Opticians

188 Charlotte St.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday

Fanny Ward in "The Yellow Ticket", A. H. Wood's Dramatic Success in 5 acts

Leah Baird in "Wolves of Kultur" Episode 2, "The Iron Chair, 2 Parts

Pathe News, Only the Best from All Over

Harold Lloyd in "Why Pick on Me." Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

Purity Flour is a high-grade flour because every care is used to make it so.

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 15, 16, 17, 18; Cereal 2-009.

"Purity Oats Make Better Porridge"

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

BISHOP FALLON PRAISES S. A.

SAYS IT DID MUCH GOOD WORK FOR CANADIAN TROOPS.

That there is no race or creed in the appeal of the Salvation Army for one million dollars to carry on its after-the-war work among the returned soldiers and to continue its campaign in France and Germany until the last Canadian soldier is home, is evidenced by the hearty endorsement that comes to the Headquarters of the Army from Rev. N. F. Fallon, Roman Catholic Bishop of London, Ont., Bishop Fallon spent some months with the troops at the front, and is in a position to know what is being done there by the many social organizations. He writes to Lieut.-Colonel Rawling, 394 Clarence Street, London, Ontario, as follows:—

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 27th instant, and I beg leave to tender you my sincere thanks with the good wishes it contains. I heard and saw much of the good work done by the Salvation Army for the social welfare of the Canadian troops fighting in France and Flanders. Every organization which contributes to this cause has my deepest sympathy, and I am glad to know that your society is doing valuable and effective service."

CHURCH UNION ACHIEVED

Presbyterian Pastor to Preach in Anglican Church

At the first session of the week of prayer held at St. John's Church tonight, Rev. J. A. McKenzie, president of the Ministerial Association will be the preacher.

City May Go Back To Ward System

ST. THOMAS COMPLAINS OF ONE-SIDED REPRESENTATION AT PRESENT.

(St. Thomas Times-Journal)

There is a strong possibility that a determined effort may be made this year by a number of ratepayers of the city to have the old ward system of electing a Council revived before the next municipal election. Some dissatisfaction is heard concerning the present general system which was adopted in 1899, electors living in the north-eastern sections of the city being the principal objectors, pointing out that they are practically without representation at the board this year, while the south-eastern portions of the city has nearly all the members. Another ratepayer points out that under the old ward system there was not the chance, that there is under the present system of parties and unions getting three candidates elected over others and thus obtaining a majority in the Council. No special legislation would be required, The Times-Journal, is informed, to revert to the old ward system, although it has been suggested if that plan were to be adopted some new revision of the wards should be made either according to the assessed property or the population.

Toronto, it has been pointed out by the ward system advocates had never adopted any other plan and London, which tried out the general system, had reverted to the ward system again.

Count von Hertling, former Chancellor of Germany, is dead.

STATE MARRIAGE BUREAU

Government of Russia to Find Husbands for Single Women

London, Jan. 6.—The Town Council of Petrograd according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen, has decided that all unmarried women between the ages of 15 and 45 shall be provided with husbands selected by the Council. The children of these unions, it is added, will not be allowed to remain with their parents, but will be educated under the control of the Soviet Government.

A two-hourly motor truck service has been arranged between London and Lambeth, which place was cut off from the city when the L. & L. E. ceased operation some months ago.

A convention of the Alberta Liberal Association will be held at Calgary January 16-17.

OOD SPEAKERS ARE SECURED

O ADDRESS SESSION OF WEST PETERBORO BOARD OF AGICULTURE.

The annual sessions of the West terborough Board of Agriculture l be held this year as follows:
Bridgenorth, January 23.
Ennismore, January 24.
Buckhorn, January 25.

It has been usual in the past to old one of the meetings at Lake-ld, but owing to the destruction the public hall in that village by e the session will be held in Bridge-rth instead.

There will be an afternoon and an ning session at each place, and cial speakers have been secured. e of these is Mr. A. R. G. Smith New Hamburg, who is one of the ding farmers in one of the best ricultural districts of the province. r. Smith has taken part in club rk, improvement of schools, and er activities intended for the bet-ment of the farmer's condition. is the president of the Board of riculture for Waterloo County and been of material assistance to district representative in further-the work of that branch. His jects are:
Field Crops and Rotations.
Beef Cattle and Milking Short-rns.
he Dairy Industry.
eed Control Act and Inspection rk.
he Work of Farmers' Clubs.
rop Needs for 118.

Evening: "The Problems of the ng Agriculturist."

For the special benefit of the wo-n, Miss M. V. Powell of Whitby deliver addresses at all of the tings. Miss Powell is one of the Ontario women elected a mem-of a board of education, having selected for that position in her town some years ago. Her ser-s in this capacity have been so factory that she has since been lected twice by acclamation. Miss well has had several years' experi-e in institute work in Ontario has also spent considerable time New Brunswick. She is recognis-s one of the best lady speakers re the public today. Two years she was one of the speakers at board meetings in this riding and addresses on that occasion will re a hearty reception upon her rn. She deals with the follow-subjects:
r Work and Why.
omen Nation Builders.
hools and Education
tizenship.
nada, Past, Present and Future.
resent Day Needs.
me Canadian Women and Their k.

As usual, the energetic secretary of board, Mr. Allan B. Mann, is ng no effort to make the meet-a success.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT

St. John's Held Christmas Gathering

e Primary Department of St. n's Sunday School spent a pleas-re in the school last Friday at annual Christmas gathering. English, the superintendent of department, assisted by other of the congregation arranged games. Several sets of rous slides were shown. An im-ptu concert proved a great sur-and a dainty repast was not least enjoyable feature of a ughly happy gathering

POULTRY SHOW OPENS TUESDAY

EXHIBITION PROMISES TO BE BIGGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

The annual exhibition of the Peterborough Poultry Association to be held in the Armories Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday next is well worth the patronage of the general public, both on account of the exhibits, which promise to be more interesting and numerous than ever, and the expert speakers who have been secured to deliver addresses on the poultry industry. About twenty silver cups and a long list of other prizes are offered for competition.

Miss M. Yates, of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, will speak on Tuesday evening, and on Wednesday afternoon and evening on subjects of interest to every poultry raiser, every housekeeper and every amateur gardener in the city. She has been brought here at considerable expense under the auspices of the Provincial Government, and the opportunity to hear her should not be missed. All her addresses will be illustrated with lantern slides.

Every holder of an admission ticket will be entitled to one guess on the number of beans in a jar now on exhibition in the window of Kingan's hardware store. A valuable trio of birds will be the prize awarded the successful guesser.

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Nobody Can Tell When You Darken Gray, Faded Hair With Sage Tea

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful. This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

SAME OLD STORY

Householder Tried to Thaw Water Pipes with Torch

Yesterday morning at 10.38 the fire brigade were called to the residence of Wilbert Godfrey, Western Ave., where a fire had broken out inside a partition as a result of attempting to thaw out frozen water pipes with a torch.

Except that it was found necessary to break an opening in the wall to get at the blaze, there was no damage done.

The Levis Board of Trade supports the Three Rivers Board in the request that bilingual inscriptions be placed on the new Canadian coins shortly to be issued.

Soldiers Home — THE SALVATION ARMY — Coming Campaign

War Work and After-War Work

of the

SALVATION ARMY

"FIRST TO SERVE—LAST TO APPEAL."

If one institution in the Empire was prepared for war, it was the Salvation Army. For fifty-three years it has been relieving distress wherever and whenever the need arose.

The Salvation Army has always been organized on a military basis—inured to hardship, sacrifice and service. It is always in action, day and night.

When the War came, intensifying human suffering and the need for bodily and spiritual help in a thousand ways, the Salvation Army was ready.

The twelfth day of the war found the Salvation Army at work behind the lines in Belgium. It has maintained 197 huts, 96 hostels and 40 rest rooms; 1,200 uniformed workers and 45 ambulances have been in service at the front—in addition to taking care of the needs of soldiers' families here at home, assisting the widows and orphans, and relieving distress arising from the absence of the soldier head of the family.

Hostilities have ceased, leaving vast and complex problems, and these problems arise notwithstanding all the Repatriation work the Government has undertaken, in addition to the granting of pensions. Above and beyond what other agencies are accomplishing, there are thousands of cases of urgent human need among soldiers' families that the Salvation Army is trained and equipped to meet—provided the financial help is forthcoming. Hence—

The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

JANUARY 19th to 25th

While it could do so, the Salvation Army has carried on without any general appeal. Now the crisis has arisen, because our three hundred thousand soldier boys are returning. The budget for essential work during the coming year has been prepared. A million dollars must be raised to continue the after-the-war activities, which include:

Hostels for Soldiers

Salvation Army hostels are vitally necessary for the protection and comfort of the soldier at the many stopping places between France and his home here in Canada. These hostels—or military hotels—provide good food, clean beds, wholesome entertainment at a price the soldier can afford to pay. In addition to hostels already in operation, many more are needed near stations and landing places, from Paris, through London, Halifax, St. John, right through Canada to Vancouver. If the boys do not have the hostels, WHERE would they go?

Care of the Wives, Widows, Dependents and Orphans of Soldiers

Scores, and hundreds, of cases could be cited where soldiers overseas have been comforted by the assurance that the Salvation Army had stepped in to relieve their families from dire need. For instance, a mother with six children is discovered—no fuel, weather freezing, food and funds exhausted by sickness and other troubles. They are taken to the Salvation Army Emergency Receiving Home for a few days until their home is made habitable once more. Widow of soldier sends for help; Salvation Army workers cope with immediate necessity—send mother to Maternity Home, three children to Emergency Home. Winter and 300,000 boys returning increase the demands on the Salvation Army, whose personal help alone is of avail.

Keeping the Family Unit Intact—Home Visitation

The women of the Salvation Army on their visiting rounds accomplish the apparently impossible. Is the discharged soldier out of a job? They find him one. Is the wife sick, the home-work piling up—are the children neglected? They nurse the wife, mother the children, wash and scrub. Is there need for food, fuel, clothes or medicine? They are supplied. Influence is brought to bear to guide the older children. Whatever can be done to keep the home intact, is joyfully done in the true spirit of the Master.

When the Soldier Needs a Friend

As long as a Canadian soldier needs the comforts the Salvation Army can offer, he will find them available. The Salvation Army Lassie will be there with the hot coffee, the pies, chocolate, magazines, writing materials, and always the spiritual comfort for which the boys feel the need over there. The Salvation Army Lassies have heard and carried out the last wishes of many a man who has made the supreme sacrifice. Until the last homeward-bound soldier is happily re-established in civil life, will you not help the Salvation Army to combat the discomforts and evils that beset his path?

The service of the Salvation Army, founded on sacrifice, demonstrates the true Christian spirit. It is directed to the extension of the Kingdom of Christ. For two generations the Salvation Army has stood out and out for God.

It approaches practical problems in a practical way and achieves *results*. It co-operates with all—overlaps none. It recognizes neither color, race, nor creed. No organization does greater work at less cost. To carry on its great work among the 300,000 returning soldiers and their families, it must have financial help. On its behalf members of the Dominion Government, business men, and returned soldiers endorse this appeal for funds.

"Let Your Gratitude Find Expression in Service."

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

Headquarters: 20 Albert St., Toronto

WRIGLEY'S

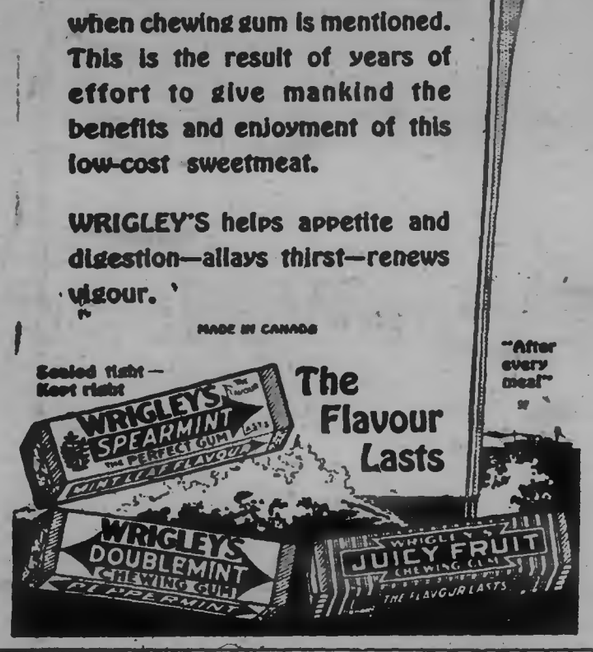
Any Way You Turn

you will find WRIGLEY'S. Everybody thinks of WRIGLEY'S when chewing gum is mentioned. This is the result of years of effort to give mankind the benefits and enjoyment of this low-cost sweetmeat.

WRIGLEY'S helps appetite and digestion—allays thirst—renews vigour.

MADE IN CANADA

Sealed tight— Kept right



The Flavour Lasts

"After every meal"

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

That which all the world admires in the fair sex is composed of equal parts of natural born pulchritude, good taste in dress and adornment and the grace and beauty derived from physical education.

A woman may have a beautiful face and display perfect taste in adorning herself, yet if she has neglected her physical education she never looks well, she is not graceful.

Not that I take particular pleasure in dragging in the corset, but it is necessary to repeat that gracefulness and the corset are at opposite poles and the woman who cultivates the one must renounce the other in the due proportion. Wearing braces or splints is not a sensible way to develop the human form.

Every woman who desires to look her best and feel her best and be her best will devote a few minutes daily to her physical education, which is self-improvement no less essential than brushing the teeth, dressing the hair or daily reading or study. And in every well regulated household this daily physical training will begin at least as early as womanhood itself begins, and nothing less than actual disabling illness will be permitted to interrupt the training for a single day, year in and year out. It doesn't matter so much if you neglect brushing the teeth or forget to bathe now and then, but you can't omit your daily physical training.

No apparatus no costume and no pseudo scientific nonsense in the shape of expensive instructions about exercising is required. The daily physical training is best taken in your own room and in the costume you wore when you were born, and preferably with a window open to admit cold fresh air to the room. It should be a regular morning and evening ceremony and nothing should be permitted to interrupt it on any morning or any evening. From ten to twenty minutes daily, divided into two seances, is the time required, and no one's time is so precious that she cannot afford to expend that much on her own welfare.

Any one not already accustomed to physical training should go slowly and be patient at first. One with neglected muscles quickly tires of becomes breathless, and any exercises taken should be carried short of the point of fatigue always. The first month is the hardest. If you have enough will power to drive yourself through the first month's training without any omissions, after that it will be no effort, but rather a pleasure to do your regular morning and evening stunts. With increasing muscle control and endurance, the natural result of physical training, you find increasing pleasure in taking exercise. It tickles your vanity to discover that you are gradually growing more efficient and at the same time improving in other respects which are obvious to your friends more than to yourself.

DONATIONS FOR CHARITY'S CAUSE

SISTERS OF HOUSE OF PRIMITIVE ACKNOWLEDGE CONTRIBUTIONS WITH THANKS.

The Sisters of St. Joseph, House of Providence wish to thank the many kind friends who have this year, as in the past, generously assisted them in making the Christmas season a happy one for the aged people under their care. The following is a list of donations received

Mrs. McGuire, Canrobert, $30; A Friend, Ottawa, $5; Rev. P. J. McGuire, $12, goose; Rev. J. J. O'Brien bag of flour; Very Rev. Dean McColl, large turkey; Rev. M. McGuire, Douro $15, Rev. Father Phelan, turkey, clothing; A Friend $5; Mr. McCarthy, Reid St., bag of flour; Mrs. McCarthy, goose; Campbell Flour Mills Co., bag of flour, candy, nuts, tobacco; Mr. Grady, baker, $10; Mr. Carroll, Turkey, $2; Mr. Jas. Lynch 5 cans of coffee; Mr. J. C. Sullivan box of coffee, large box of fancy biscuits; Mr. Anthony, crate of oranges, holly; Mrs. H. Kylie, chickens; Mrs. Crowley, chickens, pork; Mr. Hunter, large xmas cake, candy, nuts and apples; Mrs Heffernan, chickens, home-made bread; Mr. Gabriel, beef, clothing; Mr. Potvin, quantity of fancy assorted biscuits and cake; Mr. Fair, candy; A Friend, pair of ducks; The Review, one year's subscription; The Examiner, one year subscription.

SENT TO UNITED STATES.

Coblenz, Jan. 6.—Most of the German artillery, as well as fifty or sixty being turned over to the American of the German airplanes, which are forces here, will be sent to the United States. Plans are being worked out to distribute the cannon to cities about the country as gifts of the government.

HER GLAD EYE.

Clemenceau: "Eh, bien, mon cher President, if you know the old Jezebel as well as we do, you wouldn't be deceived by her approaches, even though she has disguised herself in that hat!"

—London Passing Show.

CATECHISM ON PENSIONS

1. What is Canada's yearly pension bill?

The Minister of Finance says $30,000,000 or more.

2. How many pensions are being paid by the government at the present time?

Over 60,000.

3. What is the Board of Pension Commissioners?

It is a government body composed of three men each appointed for ten years and each devoting his whole time to his duties as commissioner, for the purpose of administering pensions promptly, smoothly and fairly.

4. Is it a civil or military body?

Civil

5. Where is the head office?

At Ottawa.

6. Has it any branch offices?

Yes.

7. Where are they?

At the following eighteen centres in Canada.

Calgary, Alta., 504 Herald Blk.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., 150 Richmond St.

Edmonton, Alta., 312 McLeod Blk.

Halifax, N.S., 405 Dennis Blk.

Hamilton, Ont., Bell Telephone Bldg.

Kingston, Ont., 81 Brock Street.

London, Ont., 53 Bank of Toronto Bldg.

Montreal, P.Q., 306 Drummond Bldg.

Ottawa, Ont., 11 Carlton Chambers.

Quebec, P.Q., 500 Merger Bldg.

Regina, Sask., 713 McCallum-Hill Bldg.

St. John, N.B., 43 Canada Life Bldg.

Saskatoon, Sask., 703 Canada Bldg.

Sydney, N. S., Post Bldg.

Toronto, Ont., 59 Yonge Street.

Vancouver, B.C., 311 Rogers Bldg.

Victoria, B.C., 504 Union Bank Bldg.

Winnipeg, Man., 702 Notre Dame Inv. Bldg.

There are also offices in London, England, and The Pensions and Disabilities Board, St. John, Nfld.

8. Where does a soldier's dependent apply for pension?

At the nearest branch office.

9. What else do the branch offices do?

They send visitors to call on pensioners in their homes, hold medical re-examinations; and handle complaints.

10. If a man is dissatisfied with a pension how should he proceed?

He should apply to the district office where a medical re-examination will be held.

11. What is a pension?

It is compensation paid as a right to any soldier or sailor who was disabled during his service, provided medical treatment fails to restore his full normal capacity.

12. Are all soldiers entitled to pensions?

No. Pension is not awarded for a service only, it is payable only for disability

13. How is the amount of pension fixed?

It is based on the extent of the handicap suffered. The percentages have been carefully worked out so as to be both accurate and fair.

14. Who decides the percentage of the handicap?

A medical board.

15. Is a man allowed to express his opinion about his disability?

Yes. The relationship between the Medical Board and the pension applicant is that of a doctor and patient. Every opportunity is given to have the man's condition judged from his own point of view.

16. On what is the amount of pension based?

The amount is based purely on the extent of the handicap and is intended to enable the disabled soldier or sailor to live despite his handicap on equal terms with those who have suffered no handicap.

17. Is a man's pension reduced if he is able to earn a good living without it?

No, the money he may be able to earn, or the money he earned before the war does not affect the amount of his pension.

18. If a man increases his earning capacity by the Government Vocational Training, is his pension reduced accordingly?

No.

19. Does pension vary according to rank?

Yes, officers receive more than men, and officers of high rank receive more than those of low rank

20. Does pension vary according to a man's trade or profession?

No.

21. What is the minimum pension for a totally disabled soldier or sailor of the lowest rank?

$600 a year with $96 extra for each child.

22. How often are pension cheques distributed?

Monthly.

23. Are widows of soldiers and sailors entitled to pension?

Yes, so long as they do not remarry.

24. Are children of soldiers and sailors who died on service entitled to pension?

Yes, boys up to the age of 16, and girls up to the age of 17.

25. Is pension granted to parents of a soldier or sailor?

Only under the following circumstances: When pension is not payable to his widow and when it can be established that the deceased soldier or sailor was their main support previous to his death.

26. Where can one obtain a complete schedule of the pensions?

By writing to the Board of Pension Commissioners, Union Bank Building, Ottawa.

BORDEN OPENS WAR EXHIBIT

DISPLAY OF MEMORIAL PICTURES OF CANADIAN SOLDIERS IN LONDON.

London, Jan. 6.—All Canada in London on Saturday attended the opening by Premier Borden at the Royal Academy of the exhibition of Canadian war memorial pictures. The Premier said:

"I hope that the year may be crowned by such an alliance or concert of nations as will relieve humanity for all time from the burden of such sacrifices as have been heroically endured and sustained by the nations of Europe and allied nations."

The Premier paid a generous and deserved tribute to Lord Beaverbrook's services to Canada in securing the work of men of genius in the interpretation of the war.

First Canadian Dies In Russia

Vladivostock, Jan. 6.—The first interment has been made in the Canadian plot in the Russian naval cemetery three miles south of the city. It was that of Private Wm. Henderson, of the Mounted Police, who died on December 24 of meningitis. His next of kin resides at Red Cliff, Alta.

Major McCausland, senior chaplain officiated at the funeral, while military honors were furnished by a Mounted Police Guard under Major Worsley.

Every Leaf gives its full quota of Rich Drawing Deliciousness

Therefore truly economical in use.

"SALADA"

Best and Goes Farthest

Once Tried, Never Forsaken

100% Value

DR. MACGILLIVRAY IN PETERBOROUGH

RETURNED MISSIONARY PREACHED TWO INTERESTING SERMONS HERE SUNDAY.

On Sunday, Peterboro, received a visit from a representative of the Canadian Presbyterian Church in China, Dr. Donald MacGillivray, who has been thirty years at work there, first in the Province of Honan, afterwards in literary work in Shanghai.

In the morning he preached in St. Andrew's Church, in the evening in St. Pauls Church, and in the afternoon he addressed successively the Sunday Schools of St. Andrew's and Knox Church. He illustrated his sermons, which were on China, as a Mission Field, by interesting photographs, examples of British war propaganda in China, and the flag of the new Republic. The burden of his address was that the psychological moment for a forward movement had come. China was open and ripe. Other less desirable agencies such as beer, cigarettes, patent medicines, etc., were pressing in, and it was up to the people of Canada to send China the moral and spiritual help which would alone help her to solve the many problems of a freshly awakened people.

Political panaceas could only have surface effects. Real reforms proceed only from love to God and man which no opposition or ridicule can cool. China is a book-loing land and Dr. MacGillivray's special work is publicity for everything true and good. Through the press, secular and missionary, he has exerted a powerful influence on the leaders of China.

Dr. Mac Gillvray proceeds from Peterboro to Ottawa on Tuesday to Ottawa on Tuesday to address a meeting there. This is his first visit to Peterboro since he became a missionary. During his stay he was the guest of the Rev. Robert Pogue of St. Paul's Church.

GERMAN SUBS IN BRITISH PORTS

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO ALREADY SURRENDERED——MORE TO COME.

London, Jan. 6.—The allies destroyed or captured 202 German submarines during the war. In addition to these, 15 German submarines were destroyed by the Germans themselves—ten in the Adriatic and four off Flanders. Seven others were interned in neutral countries.

The surrender of German submarines is not yet complete; the number already brought into British ports is 122. There are at least 58 still to be surrendered. The Germans are still busily engaged in building submarines. The allies are making no objection to this for all these boats will be at the disposal of the allies when completed.

German surface warships actually brought into British ports were led by one battleship than stipulated in the armistice terms. The reason for this is that neither the Saxon nor the Mackensen has been completed in the German yards. The German battleship Baden is to be handed over instead. She will leave German waters for Scapa Flow within a week.

Surgeon Operates On Ex-Kaiser's Ear

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, has undergone a successful operation on one of his ears. The operation was performed by Prof. L. of Amsterdam University.

"RIDPATH LYCEUM COURSE"

The second concert of the "Ridpath Lyceum Series", under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music, will be given Wednesday evening, Jan. by the Knight-McGregor Company in the Conservatory Hall. Subscribers may obtain additional tickets at $1. General admission, 75c.

New laid eggs sell in Winnipeg

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW $1 a dozen.

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12 FIRST RUN REELS — NEW PRICES COMMENCE TODAY — 12 FIRST RUN REELS

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In which two Juvenile Imps steal the Kaiser's crew

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TWO REELS — ONE REEL

¶ This program is one of the best on the Circuit, and Fox Films are exclusive to the Royal in Peterboro, as also are the new Million Dollar Chaplin Features

Afternoons 15c to all. Evenings 15c to any part of House

1 Cent War Tax Extra

COME AND JUDGE OUR SHOWS YOURSELF

TECHNICAL AND INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL CLASSES REOPEN THIS EVENING--READ AD. ON PAGE 8

Peterboro Poultry Association's Eleventh Annual Show

Addresses by MISS M. YATES, of Ontario Department of Agriculture, TUESDAY EVENING, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON an EVENING, on "Incubation," "Rearing Chickens," "Killing and Dressing," "Preparing and Cooking," also on "Backyard Gardening and Poultry Raising." All illustrated by lantern slides.

EGG EXHIBIT and CANDLING DEMONSTRATION by Dominion Department of Agriculture.

GUESSING CONTEST on a jar of beans in Kingan's Hardware window for trio of Pure-bred White Rocks and trio of Silver Campines.

One guess with each admission ticket.

At the Armouries on Jan. 7-8-9

ADMISSION, 10 and 20 CENTS.

SOLDIERS ON NORTHLAND KICKED AT EVERY MEAL

Witnesses Say That Food Was not Sufficient and Was of Poor Quality—Ventilators Bad and Water Supply not Fit to Use

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—"I never heard so much kicking in my life," was the way in which Company Q.M.S. Flood, of Toronto, summed up conditions on the Northland, when the investigation was resumed before Judge Hodgins. During the first few days a number of the men were sick, and unable to take food. As rations were drawn for all, there were then no complaints about insufficiency. But later there were complaints at every meal. Ventilation in the men's section was also bad.

The Northland was due to sail for England at 10 a.m. Saturday. She is being held, however, to enable her officers to give evidence at the inquiry. While the terms on which the Admiralty took over the Northland on a time charter have not been made public, it is stated that the delay will cost in the neighborhood of $8,000 a day.

Company Quartermaster Sgt. Flood, Toronto, said that for the first two or three days, the men appeared to have enough to eat. There were a number sea-sick and as rations for all were drawn, there was enough. Later, however, there were complaints by the men at every meal.

"I never heard so much kicking in my life," Sergt. Flood said.

"Did that go on to the end of the voyage?" Mr. Orde queried.

"I never noticed any improvements. There were constant complaints at every meal."

He said that at dinner the whole ration—soup, meat and pudding would be served at one.

"Did they have anything to drink?"

"Nothing to drink unless a man drank the soup."

"What do you say as to the quality of the food?"

"I would say it was as good as the army supply."

About the fourth or fifth day out the men began to complain about having no fresh water. Lieut. Brown had told witness, he said, that all th drinking water in the first class saloon for a couple of days, from the same reason, I believe," the witness said.

For the first two days the men were not allowed on the promenade deck. Then they were permitted to use one side of this deck. The other side was reserved for officers and passengers—about 100 in all. Guards were put on to see that no one else used the officers' and passengers' side.

In reply to Judge Hodgins, Sergt. Flood said the men complained about one side of the deck being reserved to officers and passengers. He understood complaints had been made to the Conducting Officer.

"With what results?" Judge Hodgins asked.

"There was no change."

Ventilation was bad. There was a lack of fresh air. The men complained, port holes were not opened till they were in Halifax harbor.

Referring to Christmas Day Sergt. Flood said there was bitter disappointment among the men at not being able to go ashore.

Don't overlook the Poultry Show. Show your appreciation of the boys' efforts by going to the Armories and looking over the birds. Admission 10c and 25c.

Mennonites Would Express Gratitude

Members of the Mennonite sect in Ontario for some months past have been raising a fund to be given to the Dominion government to be devoted to a memorial for war sufferers. Between $60,000 and $70,000 has already been contributed by the members of this faith from different parts of the province, and the amount is still growing. A meeting is to be held in Kitchener in a few days of the special committee which has the collection in charge, when a deputation will be named to go to Ottawa and present the money to the government.

The Mennonites, being conscientious objectors to war, and having certain treaty rights, were largely relieved from combative service by the government. While enjoying this exemption they contributed to different patriotic funds. The money which is to be given to the Government was raised at the same time and earmarked for war memorial purposes.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

YOUR CHOICE SHOWS YOUR GREATNESS

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invariable resolution. When you choose "PEBLO" Glasses, ground and fitted by Dr. Fowler, you have made the right choice because "PEBLO" Glasses are the finest product in lens-making to be found anywhere, and Dr. Fowler is an expert in prescribing the proper corrections for your eyes.

CONSULTATION FREE.

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Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co:

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Scene From the New York Success "Turn to the Right," at the Grand, tomorrow (Tuesday) night.

The bachelor, whose penchant is musical comedy, the matinee Miss with a fondness for good looking leading men and the staid married folks who patronize only the outstanding "hits" of each season, will each have their inning during the engagement of "Turn to the Right" at the Grand, tomorrow, (Tuesday) night.

This play of laughs and tears which the United Producing Company Limited, are sending on tour after concurrent runs of thirteen months in New York and nine months in Chicago, appeals to all classes to a degree that has seldom been attained in the history of the theatre. It can be compared only with "The Old Homestead" and "Way Down East" for straight-to-the-heart wholesomeness; with "The Boomerang" and "The Fortune Hunter" for clean, refreshing comedy; or with "Ben-Hur" for an uplifting touch of the religious.

For the tired business man there is the "fly" comedy of the two nimble-witted crooks, Muggs and Gilly, just released from Sing Sing; for the matinee girl there is young and handsome Joe Bascom who returns to his mother's farm after seven years of wandering to claim the sweetheart of his boyhood and for those of more serious bent the Christian influence of a good mother in restoring Joe Bascom and his pals to the path of rectitude and honesty will hold a mellowing appeal.

The stage has never known a cleaner play than "Turn to the Right." In its prologue and three acts there is never a line or situation to bring uneasiness to the man who has brought his wife, sister or young daughter. Throughout its action it breathes an atmosphere of youth and happiness, blended with good old-fashioned honesty.

HYDRO WILL TAKE OVER THE RADIAL

LINE BETWEEN HAMILTON AND OAKVILLE TO RESUME OPERATIONS.

Hamilton, Jan. 6.—There is a possibility that the fight between Dundas and the Hamilton Electric Railway Company, the affairs of which have been placed in the court of the exchequer at Ottawa, will be terminated by Sir Adam Beck taking over the line as part of the proposed system of Hydro railways in his section of the province.

Ontario power minister has expressed himself as being anxious to afford relief to the municipalities suffering from a lack of transportation, and in a conference with Willoughby Ellis, a member of the local hydro board, stated that he might be willing to take over the lines providing it could be done while the company's liquidation proceedings were in the courts.

Immediate Service

"I proposed to Sir Adam that he take over the line and operate it at once, in order to have an immediate service. The question of purchase could be settled later by arbitration, but in the meantime the cars would be running. Sir Adam was very sympathetic, and stated that he would give the matter serious consideration," said Mr. Ellis.

Regarding power, Mr. Ellis declared that sufficient "juice" could be obtained to operate the line, and that more could be expected shortly. The chief difficulty to the scheme, he stated, was whether or not the line could be taken over while the court proceedings were on.

"That is one of the legal questions we have to look up but I am going to take the matter up with Sir Adam in Toronto on Tuesday, and am confident that he will act," he said. Beyond stating that the affairs of the company are now in court, the officials of the company are not giving out any information but there is not the least doubt that they would welcome with open arms any action by Sir Adam. The municipalities are also of the same mind.

PLENTY SPACE FOR SHIPPING

BRITISH MINISTER SAYS THAT RETURN OF PEACE EASED SITUATION.

London, Jan 6.—Sir Joseph McLay, Minister for Shipping, pointed out in an interview that the ending of hostilities had eased the shipping position enormously and had permitted tonnage available for bringing imports to the British Isles to be increased by something equivalent to 10,000,000 tons of goods per annum.

"Shipping losses having ceased and the output of tonnage continuing to increase," said Sir Joseph, "the position grows easier day by day. The time is not far distant when it will be possible to release tonnage from requisition on a substantial scale, and thereby create a free market in tonnage and freight.

"Already the amount of space available for commercial cargoes in the North Atlantic has been doubled, and instead of cargo competing for space, space is now competing for cargo. In spite of our heavy losses we have no reason to think that British shipping will not be fully equal to the demand likely to be made upon it.

"The great need of the moment is coal for export. On coal exports the whole of our shipping and financial positions depend. We hope that with the release of miners from the army it will not be long before ships which now have, perforce, to go in ballast, can take outward cargoes, thereby at once relieving the financial situation and reducing the cost of our imported supplies."

EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DIES

(Continued from Page one)

For years he had spent his summers on a Dakota ranch, and learned to know cowboys as strong, sincere men, on whom the nation could rely. From these the famous cavalry troop known as the "Rough Riders" was largely recruited. Four years' membership in the 8th Regiment of the New York State National Guard, to which he belonged and in which he was for a time a captain furnished at least a basis for his brilliant military career. But more than all else that induced him to go to the front were his devotion to the cause for which the war was fought and his love for an active life. These same reasons drew to him scores of young men of prominent families from all parts of the country, who joined all Western cavalrymen. The regiment thus formed was known as Roosevelt's Rough Riders. Though it was commanded by Colonel Wood of the regular army Roosevelt being second in command, with the rank, till promoted, of lieutenant-colonel.

For bravery in the battle of Las Guasimas Roosevelt was promoted colonel and in the three days of fighting before Santiago, and especially in the magnificent charge up San Juan Hill, he acted with conspicuous gallantry. On the return of the Rough Riders from Cuba, Roosevelt was the popular idol of the country; and despite considerable opposition from professional politicians was nominated for governor of New York on the Republican Ticket Sept. 27, 1898. He was elected by a plurality of 18,000, November 4. In the Republican National Convention held in Philadelphia in the summer of 1900 Roosevelt was enthusiastically nominated for Vice-President on the Republican Ticket headed by William McKinley. He was elected Nov. 4, and was formally installed March 4, 1901. On the death of President McKinley in Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 14, 1901, Roosevelt took the oath of office as his successor, and became the 26th President of the United States. In 1904 he was elected President by a popular plurality of 2,545,515 votes and an electoral majority of 196 over Judge Alton B. Parker, the Democratic candidate. In this term he gave the country a vigorous administration and developed a characteristic line of policies having in view the betterment of the national life. Immediately after the close of his term he withdrew from public life, joined the editorial staff of "The Outlook," and spent fifteen months in travelling and hunting in Africa and in visiting the principal capitals of Europe. While abroad he acted as the special ambassador of the United States at the funeral of King Edward VII.

Early in 1912 he announced he would not be a candidate for the presidential nomination in that year, but later developed much opposition to the Taft administration and sought nomination. When the Republican National Convention met in Chicago in June he declared that he had been defrauded out of many votes by the decisions of the National Committee on contests by various sets of delegates, and instructed his supporters to take no part in the proceedings. Of the total ballots for the nomination on June 22, President Taft received 561 and Roosevelt 107, by delegates who disregarded his request. The Roosevelt following then organized the Progressive Party, and, in convention in Chicago on Aug. 7 following, nominated their leader for president with Gov. Hiram W. Johnson, of California, for Vice-President. After his nomination he made a vigorous campaign throughout the country until Oct. 14, when he was shot in the breast by an insane man in Milwaukee. He was able however, to make a speech in New York, on Oct. 30 followin. In the election he was defeated by Gov. Woodrow Wilson.

Ever since the breaking out of the war ex-President Roosevelt, has been a friend of the cause of the Allies and urged his fellow countrymen to resent the insults and outrages which the Germans were heaping upon the American nation. He offered to recruit a regiment and command it overseas but the war department turned down the request. All of his four sons who were of military age enlisted and one of them fell in battle.

BREAD USED TO HOLD ALCOHOL

NEW SCHEME FOR SMUGGLING HAS BEEN INVENTED IN HAMILTON.

Hamilton, Jan. 6.—Many methods have been taken to conceal liquor while importing it into the city, but it remained for Leo Lyniuk to present an entirely new one on Saturday at Police Court. He appeared there on an O. T. A. charge, and Constable Godard said he found him at the corner of Queen and Barton streets, lugging a large valise. The gurgling sound that emanated from it attracted his attention, and he seized the valise. It contained four large loaves of bread. Like a modern Moses he smote the end of one of the loaves, and forth gushed living streams of alcohol. Each loaf in its turn yielded a can of alcohol containing a gallon of the spirit. Hence Mr. Lyniuk's appearance before the court. He was fined $500 or three months in jail, and for lack of money took the time.

Leo stated that he got the "bread" from Trafin Urkin. Urkin was in court, and when called answered with "How do you do?" As he stepped forward a bottle of liquor fell down his trouser leg in court. He was allowed to go, as he stated that he gave Leo but one drink.

Depression Hard On Former Kaiser

Amerongen, Holland, Jan. 6.—Even the wonderful springlike weather of the new year did not bring the former German Emperor outside of Amerongen Castle, although his condition is improving daily. The principal cause of his indisposition appears to be mental depression, induced by the gradual realization of the full extent of his downfall. Recent reports from Germany are said to have accentuated this feeling.

Lack of open-air exercise and continual brooding have had such telling effect on Herr Hohenzollern's appearance that he scarcely is recognizable to those who saw him when he first came to Amerongen. His wife, who is with him almost constantly, displays much more buoyant spirits, and makes every effort to cheer him.

There is no sign of the immediate removal of the former Emperor, although many reports are current to that effect.

Board of Education

To the Electors:

I tender my hearty thanks to my nominators and supporters in the recent elections, and look forward with pleasure to the next contest, when I hope to be in the field again, with augmented forces.

I take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation of the friendly rivalry that existed between my competitors and myself, and, in bowing to the decision of the Public Vote, plead for better treatment at their hands next time. I play a quiet game but I "play to win" and, in winning, "plan to work," on this matter of the education and development of our children and young people. The coming generation must not look back on us with reproach in this respect.

Having entered the field in the cause of Education, I do not feel that defeat at the polls releases me entirely, and any service I render to the members of the board, individually or collectively, or to any student who may desire to consult me, will be gladly given, within the measure of my leisure and capabilities.

In conclusion I would ask my fellow citizens to regard their Franchise as a valuable heritage, handed down to us by hardy pioneers in the cause of human liberty, and exercise it accordingly, voluntarily, individually and independently, as a human unit carrying out a public duty. The dissected value to the public weal, of a high percentage collective vote cannot be overestimated, and, compared with which, the success or failure of any candidate in the returns, is a passing detail.

Yours very truly,

W. H. PRETTY.

Peterboro, Ont., Jan. 4, 1919.

IS COMING OVER TO SEE YACHT

SIR THOMAS LIPTON WILL PAY VISIT TO SHAMROCK NEXT MONTH.

London, Jan. 6.—Sir Thomas Lipton has accepted the New York Yacht Club's suggestion that his latest challeneg for the America's Cup should call for a series of races being sailed in 1920 and not this year.

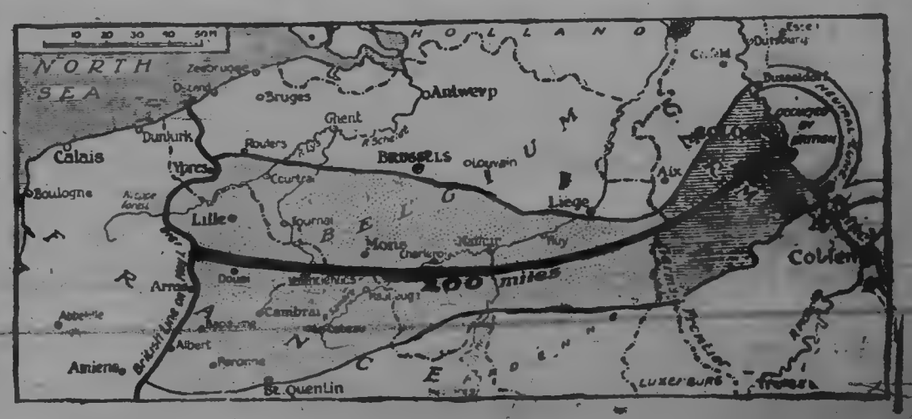
He will visit New York in the near future sailing from England late this month or early in February, to inspect his Shamrock IV. and decide for himself whether she is in condition to serve as a challenger or whether it will be necessary for him to build a new yacht.

The Shamrock IV. has been hauled out at a yard in South Brooklyn ever since she arrived on this side, in August 1914, just after the world war began. The races for the cup were declared off that year on account of the war.

Sir Thomas Lipton issued a new challenge on December 12 for a series of races to be sailed this year, but the New York Yacht Club felt that the time was "inappropriate" with peace not actually declared but in reply said it would be glad to accept a challenge for the famous

41,000 VICTIMS OF FLU.

Cairo, Egypt, Jan. 6.—It is officially computed that 41,000 persons died in Egypt outside of Cairo and Alexandria, as a result of the recent influenza epidemic.



THE BOOM OF VICTOY.

This map, published in the London Dail Mail, shows the wonderful reversal of fortune which crowned the British arms since last May day. All the territory to the west of Mons, was captured by fighting; the rest was surrendered by the Germans under the terms of the armistice.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl or woman for general house work, three of family. Apply at once, 591 Water street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young man to learn the drug business. W. J. Kent, 492 George street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Job as cook, with about eight years' experience. Apply to George Vanclief, Coe Hill, Ont.

WANTED—Young lady to room and board in private family. Apply Box 228 Review.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Loan examines from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company, 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 958.

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FOUND—Two ladies' right hand gloves and one gentlemen's left hand gauntlet. Apply at Police Station.

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FOR SALE—One two-seated and one three-seated pleasure sleigh. Apply Fontaine's Livery.

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ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

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President Wilson has asked Congress to appropriate $100,000,000 for relief of famine sufferers in Europe.

The first member of the Canadian Expedition to Siberia to die was Pte. Wm. Henderson of the Mounted Police. He was buried at Vladivostck

A recount of ballots for aldermanic candidates at Guelph will be held on Tuesday.

E. H. Cleaver has resigned the solicitorship of Burlington, as his son is a candidate for the reeveship.

British Writers Asking Who Got All the Profits During the Past Four Years

WHO is getting richer? is the proposition for a levy to pay the war debt is constantly heard with more frequency this question is steadily becoming more acute. Moreover, regardless of a levy on capital it is of extreme interest in connection with the tax problem. The Statesman of London, has made a study of the question as it concerns Great Britain, where conditions closely parallel those in this country, and the conclusion reached is this:

"Taking all things together, the proportionate distribution of the total net income between the wage-earning class, on the one hand, and all the other sections on the other, remains just about what it was six years ago. It must, of course, be remembered that whilst earnings have perhaps doubled, they go no further in the means of life than did those of 1913. Much the same is true of the distribution between the rewards of personal service and what the Inland Revenue calls unearned income. The proportions do not seem to have appreciably changed. On the other hand, if we ignore these distinctions and consider the distribution as between those families under £1,000 a year and those over that figure, it is our considered opinion, after surveying the whole position, it cannot be put any higher—that the class in excess of £1,000 a year per family has considerably increased in proportion to the whole community; and that the aggregate income of this class, taken as a whole, is now enormously larger than it was before the war—so much larger, in fact, as to leave its net receipts, after paying away possibly nearly half the total in income tax, super-tax and excess profits duty, possibly no less than they were before the war. Taking the families of £1,000 a year and upwards as a whole, the full amount of the unprecedented direct taxation has been met by the increase in gross income. The net incomes do not go so far as they did; and in the sense of disappointed expectation the mere £1,000 a year family suffers more than that of the artisan."

However, before accepting this conclusion as settling the whole matter, there are some important modifying circumstances to be considered. For example:

"We know, not by any means exactly, but within a relatively small margin of error, what was the aggregate capital value at market prices of the privately-owned wealth in the United Kingdom prior to the war. The calculations of various statisticians, based on the available official statistics, as summarized, for instance, in Dr. Stamp's very authoritative 'British Incomes and Property,' and latterly in Mr. Pethick Lawrence's 'Levy on Capital'—approximate in placing this total at somewhere about £12,500,000,000. About 88 per cent. of this was owned by 12 per cent. of the population (each family being 'worth' over £1,000); whilst 12 per cent. of the total was shared among 88 per cent. of the population, their average family fortune (including furniture and personal effects and all savings) being less than £40. We may go further and say that 2 per cent. of the nation owned twice as much wealth as all the remaining 98 per cent."

And the New Statesman remarks: "But when Mr. Bonar Law or another comes to consider how to adjust on suitable shoulders the burden of the state debt, he will not forget the fact that the private fortunes of the 12 per cent. of the community have, in the aggregate, been increased in value during the war by £2,500,000,000 — perhaps this will be the limit of the capital levy—and that the total drawn as unearned income may be found to have increased by some £500,000,000 a year."

"Measured in capital wealth, and subject to many individual exceptions, the rich will have become much richer and the poor hardly less poor in the course of the last five years.

"It looks as if, out of a total net product nearly twice the value of that of 1913-14, the wage-earning class is receiving in earnings possibly two-fifths, which does not differ much from the estimated pre-war proportion. Meanwhile, it looks as if the total drawn in rent and interest had gone up from about £600,000,000 to nearly twice that figure. A cautious private banker has just put the net increase in what he calls 'rents,' excluding all the profits of business men, at £431,000,000. The aggregate increase in the earnings of 'business men'—before deducting income tax, super-tax and excess profits tax—is admittedly enormous, conservatively put at an aggregate threefold increase over the corresponding figure of five years ago."

Automatic Slot Device.

A recently invented attachment for coin in the slot devices automatically divides the money dropped into it between the owner and lessee of a machine and expels defective coins.

A War Worker.

Miss—That's Mrs. Grabbit—she's a great war worker.

Bob—Indeed!

Miss—Yes; she's married four of her daughters to soldiers.

Dried Mulberry.

Dried white mulberry is one of the principal articles of food in Afghanistan. They are ground and made into a flour, which is mixed with ground almonds.

In the city of London a juror must be a householder or occupier of premises, and must possess property to the value of $500.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Work Among Blind Soldiers

BRAVER than a flourish of trumpets are the moving stories that come at intervals from St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blinded Soldiers and Sailors. They tell of the indomitable spirit and cheerfulness of the British soldiers who have lost their eyesight in action, their determination to make the best of things, their refusal to be pitied. They are blind, but they are men and many of them are almost gay and make little of an affliction that would seem to most of us the most terrible that a man should be called upon to endure. It is amazing to think that so far there have been only about 600 British soldiers and sailors blinded in the war. So far more than 200 of them have passed through St. Dunstan's, and 300 are still there. The others are to follow. It is hoped that all of these men will become self-supporting, and by none so earnestly as by the men themselves. They will be liberally pensioned, of course. Some of them have private means, but all are being taught an occupation.

This is being done not for the purpose of relieving the public of the expense of supporting these victims of war. The public does not want to be relieved of the privilege of dealing generously with these men. They are being taught occupations in order that they may themselves feel that they are not to pass the remainder of their lives in soul-destroying idleness, because they are happiest when busiest. They have not time to brood over their afflictions. Indeed, this is one of the points that the managers of St. Dunstan's keep always in mind. As soon as the blinded soldier is able to be moved from his hospital he is taken at once to St. Dunstan's, for the prompt comradeship with other men who have been blinded does not give the last comer time to slip into the slough of despondency which usually engulfs the man who has lost the precious gift of sight. His fighting spirit is roused again as he hears how others in like plight have conquered their affliction. He begins to forget and to think hopefully of the future.

About the first thing the inmate of St. Dunstan's is taught is to operate a typewriter, not necessarily as a means of livelihood, but in order that he may keep in touch with his friends by correspondence, it having been found that the handwriting of the blind rapidly deteriorates. He is also taught to read, and automatically becomes a life-member of the National Library for the Blind. Instruction is given in massage, shorthand, telephone operating, boot repairing, mat making, basket making, joinery, poultry farming and market gardening. It has been found that in all these occupations the blind man can do just as well as the man who has his sight. As far as joinery is concerned, the men are not taught to be cabinet makers, of course, but merely how to make such articles as picture frames, tea trays, corner cupboards and the like, things that are readily saleable. The telephone operators could not work on a switchboard system which uses flash signals, but on those where drop shutters are installed. In a short time the delicate sense of hearing enables the blind man to tell just which of the shutters has fallen.

The blind masseur is said to be better than the operator whose sight is normal, this being due probably to his greater sensitiveness of touch. There are many blind soldiers now plying this trade in military hospitals, and they are said to be the very best in England. Teaching poultry farming to the blind is a new departure, and has been first attempted on a large scale since the beginning of the war. There was one well known blind poultry expert in England, and it may have been his conspicuous success that suggested the business as one in which the blind might find a pleasant and profitable occupation. In a short time a blind man learns to distinguish by touch all varieties of fowl, to manage incubators, to prepare and truss birds for the table, and generally to conduct a poultry farm. The cobblers are speedily trained to repair shoes, and those who learn this trade are also taught mat making.

At St. Dunstan's, the magnificent house and estate which was put at the service of the blind soldiers by Mr. Otto Kahn, the American financier, the men are taught not only how to earn a living, but how to amuse themselves. There are frequent concerts (it is said that every inmate plays some musical instrument, even if it is only a mouth organ), and even dances. Each patient has an individual teacher, and most of these teachers are unpaid volunteers, who are doing their bit by helping the blind. The men row, swim, compete in walking and running races, and have tugs-of-war. The whole expense of training and settling the men of St. Dunstan's has been defrayed by the National Relief Fund, and the upkeep expenses are borne by the National Institute for the Blind. There are also many private subscriptions, and more from this source will be required when the work of devising what is called a scheme for after-care for the men settled at their various occupations is put in operation.

A Likely Story.

At Bembridge, Isle of Wight, twenty-five years ago, Mrs. Susan Wright in throwing out her washing water also accidentally threw away her wedding ring, which was vainly searched for. Her husband has just recovered the pledge of love through which the roots of a potato plant had grown. The story must be true for the recording correspondent notes that both Mr. and Mrs. Wright "teach in the Sunday School."

WHY DO MEN WEAR HATS?

Really, When You Come to Think of It, They Are of Little Use and Not Ornamental.

Men themselves do not know why they wear hats. Hats aren't ornamental. They do not keep off the rain. A man's hat is a legacy of tradition, brutalized in its descent from the age of adornment. Straw hats are the least awful.

The derby, the iron lid of common phrasedology, is a tragedy, and the silk hat is useful only to lend dignity to men who otherwise might be undignified. This dignity is traditional rather than real. Bridegrooms, undertakers and members of congress need all the dignity they can command. So they keep the silk hat handy.

Spring, which brings the straw hat, is welcomed by men, since it removes the hideous necessity of wearing other sorts of hats. The straw hat rouses a dim memory in the blood of the days of garlands. It may be worn with a bright band. On the whole, it makes life a little easier for those who haven't the courage to go without hats at all.

Gives Simplified Premium.

"John, the Oysterman" (everyone who sells bivalves here is known as John), has hit upon a unique scheme to make his customers eat oysters out of season. To each customer who comes into his place he hands them an envelope, pay size, with an enclosure. Printed on the envelope is the following: "Simplified Coat Hanger. The most universally used coat hanger in the world. Made of the finest drawn steel wire by automatic machinery. Easy to attach wherever and whenever needed. Warranted for five years with ordinary usage." And when one opens the envelope they naturally expect to find something new to hang a coat thereon. They are not disappointed, but it is a surprise. Wrapped in a small piece of paper is "the simplified coat hanger." It is nothing more or less than a new one-inch wire nail.

Lard Substitute From Fish Oil.

By treating fish oil with hydrogen a chemist has produced an oil, and also a solid substance very much resembling lard, which is entirely tasteless and when used in pastry or bread produces most satisfactory results, according to a demonstrator employed by the bureau of fisheries. The new product is to be placed on the market and it is the hope of the food administration that it will prove acceptable. Special value attaches to any process which, like the one referred to, makes available a fat obtained from sources heretofore unutilized.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Gray Copper.

The work of a Swiss investigator suggests that absolutely pure copper may have a light-gray color like that of most other metals, since it is found that copper which has been ten times distilled in vacuo has only a pale rose color, while the yellow color of gold becomes much lighter under similar treatment.

Bicycle to Travel on Water.

A unique device produced by a Jersey City inventor is a water bicycle. At first sight the machine looks like a bicycle, with sleigh runners instead of wheels; but it carries, also, two large air tanks to support both machine and rider. It is said to be nonsinkable.

Teaching Canaries to Sing Tune.

Canaries may be taught to sing a tune, such as, "A Life on the Ocean Wave," by repeatedly singing to them in falsetto, or even to speak a few words. Once in a while (though rarely) a female canary turns out a fine singer.

His Training.

"A ship's chaplain ought to make a good aviator."

"Why ought he?"

"Because he's already a sky pilot."

A TAME LOVER.

Jack—She refused me point-blank.

Fred—Did she give any reason?

Jack—Yes; she said I didn't look half as eager and interested when I proposed as I did when rushing the puck down the ice in the hockey game.

Reflections at Forty.

Age teaches many things, by jink,
'Tis just immense
And every now and then I think
I'm getting sense.

Yes, It'll Be There.

Mrs. Fusserly (testily)—I shall not go to that butcher shop again. Why, the impudent thing gave me a pain.

Fusserly—Don't be too sure, my dear; he's probably included it in his bill.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Adrift with Humor

Polishing Too Highly.

"When did you study elocution?"

"Elocution!" echoed Senator Sorghum. "I never studied it."

"Would it not have helped your oratorical style?"

"Maybe. But it would have done away with the little off-hand mistakes that help to convince a crowd that a man is speaking straight from the heart and not trying to beguile the senses with studied eloquence."

Prison Pathos.

If you never heard a prisoner say, "I want to go home," there are infinite depths of pathos to which you are a total stranger. — Leavenworth New Era.

"Let Go," Once in a While.

Half the joy of life is in "letting go" every once in awhile, and, if you let go twice every once in awhile, it seems that you have just that much more fun.

Just So.

To be successful a farmer has to be sharp as a raiser.—Boston Transcript.

Optimistic Thought.

A man may be voted to be a general, but only true bravery can win him one.

Nature of Fatigue.

Fatigue is the presence in the blood of poisonous by-products of combustion. While we are awake the lungs accumulate faster than the system can remove them. When we are asleep, when the life combustion is slowed down, the system removes it faster than they accumulate. It is as though ashes accumulate in a grate at such a rate that the fire has to be put out every so often to make chance to remove them.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Live stock receipts were heavy, sheep and lambs steady. Cattle prices higher, hogs fair to steady.

Choice export cattle	$13.75	$15.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	11.75
Medium butcher cows	7.00	8.00
Feeding steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.50	10.75
Lambs	15.50	16.00
Hogs f. o. b.	17.75	17.75
Calves	17.00	17.25

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	75	80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1.05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00

Hides.

Beef hides	0.12	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street, Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

WAS 35 YEARS OLD LAST SATURDAY

INTENATIONAL LEAGUE IN ITS LIFETIME HAS WEATHERED MANY STORMS.

The Internation League, which successfully weathered the storm that put so many of its smaller brothers on the rocks celebrated its 35th birthday Saturday.

This organization was launched as the Eastern Association at a meeting held in Philadelphia on January 4 1884. It retained that name for three seasons, but in 1887 the name was changed to International Association. In 1891 the old name was restored, but in the following year was once more changed, this time to Eastern League. It retained that title until 1912, when it became the International League.

The circuit has had many vicissitudes in its long history, and last year faced one of the most critical situations in its career, as did so man other minor leagues which later succumbed under the treas of the war. The International was going along swimmingly until the Feds broke in and spilled the beans a few years ago, and since that time the going for the circuit has been rocky. With the rejuvenation of the national pastime about to take place, however, it is likely that the league will regain its full strength.

Trenton won the first flag of the league, in 1884. The New Jersey capital has long since vanished from the league's map, and dozen of other cities have since entered the ranks and have dropped out again. Detroit had an International League club in the early days and captured the bunting in 1889, and Philadelphia had a club in the circuit in 1892.

EARL SMITH GOES TO THE GIANTS

MANAGER McGRAW DENIES THAT HIS TEAM HAS BEEN SOLD.

New York, Jan. 6.—Earl Smith, the Rochester catcher, who was in big demand last season in the major leagues, has been purchased by the Giants. Smith was not only a good catcher, but was a sensational batsman last year with Rochester. He had a batting average of .358.

For the catcher the New York club gave Joe Wilhoit and Bill Kelly, outfielders; Waite Hoyt and Jim Ogden, pitchers; Firstbaseman Joe Rodriguez and a cash consideration. Counting the market value of the players, together with the cash, it is estimated that the new catcher cost the Giants about $12,000.

Will Understudy Veterans.

Manager MGraw has been dickering for Smith for some time. He has has not fully recovered from an injury which kept him out of the game Bill Rariden and Lew McCarty, who much of the time. Smith should make a valuable addition to the backstop department.

The Giants have also released two recruits, Pitt, an outfielder, and O'Neill, a catcher, to the Rochester club on optional agreements ,so they can be recalled at the end of the season.

Manager McGraw said that the Giants had not yet decided on a training camp, and nothing would be done about the plans for the coming season until after the joint meeting of the two major leagues here on January 16.

Giants' Sale Denied.

Manager McGraw, President Hempstead and Secretary John B. Foster were all of one mind today on the numerous rumors concerning the sale of the club. They all said that the club had not been sold and that as far as they know, no sale was contemplated.

I WONDER IF ME DAUGHTER IS WAITIN' ON THE CORNER FOR OSWALD.
I'LL PUT A STOP TO THIS I'LL NOT HAVE HER GOIN' AROUND WITH THAT DUDE.
HOW MANY TIMES HAVE I TOLD YOU I DON'T WANT YOU TO MEET OSWALD AN' HERE I FIND YOU WAITIN' FER HIM.
I'M NOT WAITING FOR HIM.
THEN WHAT ARE YOU DOIN' HERE?
WAITING FOR MOTHER.
WELL-WHY DIDN'T YOU SAY SO!
11-23

BRINGING UP FATHER By George McManu

WALTER JOHNSON IS WORTH ALL MEN ON RED SOX TEAM

Griffith Denied That Famous Pitcher Is to Be Traded for Jack Barry and a Sack of Cash.

The Walter Johnson trade bubble, blown annually to enliven the winter league, has been punctured again, and by no less an authority than Clark Griffith himself.

Griff is all "het up" over the story that the great Kansan was soon to be traded to the Red Sox for Jack Barry and a sack of cash

Griff landed in New York the other day, met H. H. Frazee, owner of the Red Sox, and thereafter was as busy as a doughboy ducking bullets from a machine gun denying the yarn and explaining the real purpose of his trips The fact he did come to talk with Harry H. Frazee, owner of the Red Sox, made explanations difficult.

Walter Johnson had nothing whatever to do with the conference between the Boston and Washington magnates. The greatest pitcher in baseball will remain with the Senators for another season at least. That much is certain, for Griff said he wouldn't part with Johnson for the whole Boston outfit.

Griffith, however, is urgently in need of a couple of infielders with whom to bolster his club, and it was in the hope of acquiring either Harold Janvrin or Mike McNally from the world champions that he conferred with Frazee.

Griff's View.

"The trading of Walter Johnson is an annual pastime," Griff declared. "Johnson is still the greatest pitcher in baseball, his speed is just as great as ever and he is going to remain with the Senators as long as I stay with the club. I wouldn't give him to Frazee if he turned over his entire team to me. And I mean it.

"So far as the Senators are concerned I think we will have a mighty good chance to finish among the first three next season. I'm losing no time in assembling the team. I came here to talk with Frazee about getting one or two of his spare infielders, also to meet Johnny Lavan, who is serving as chief surgeon aboard the U.S.S. Mississippi, now at anchor in the North river.

"Lavan will doubtless return to the Washington team next season. He is in perfect health, for the life on the bounding main appears to agree with him. Johnny said he'd not be able to give me a definite answer about playing next season until January 15, but that's what all the boys are saying. When signing time comes round I think you'll find them all in line."

Like al other major league club owners and managers, Griffith condemns the attitude of Ty Cobb in regard to his player status. Cobb's claim that he is a free agent and therefore in a position to consider offers from any club in organized baseball has developed a storm of disapproval and his case will be one of the most important before the joint conclave of the major league club owners in this city on January 16.

Organized baseball does not intend to yield to Cobb. Should it permit the famous Georgian to have his way, other players who also obtained releases that summer upon the cessation of hostilities in the major leagues would have equal cause to demand with whomsoever they saw fit. And that is just what baseball wants to avoid.

WINNERS' LAST WEEK

Henderson and Thompson, Leaders in Difficult Contests.

The prize winners last week at the George street alleys were W. Henderson and A. C. Thompson in five and ten pins, respectively, each winning a 3-B pipe. Henderson's scores was 227, 235 and 177, with a total of 639; Thompson winning in five pins with a score of 581. In B class, Don Sharpe was first, D. Fulter second, and A. Frick third. Good prizes will be given this week in five and ten pins. The ten pin league will be resumed all this week.

MILLIONAIRE IN BIG AUTO RACE

CLIFFORD DURANT HAS PROMISED TO RETIRE AFTER THE EVENT.

Clifford Durant is the only millionaire race driver who has been a consistent supporter of the sport in recent years. Durant, who is the champion of the Pacific coast, has been praying for a revival of the Indianapolis 500-mile race ever since the armistice was signed. When the race was announced he did not waste time, and is the first to make entry to the Liberty sweepstakes race, which will be run on May 31, 1919.

Durant, as a man of means, ranks with the Late David Bruce-Brown and Caleb Bragg, the millionaires who raced in the first 500-mile at Indianapolis. Bragg may start this year, but at present he is an army aviator, and has not been a competitor since he was relief driver for Da Palma in 1916. It will be Durant's first start in an Indianapolis 500-mile, and he may be the only driver entered able to write a check of six ciphers.

It is not for a slice of the $500,000 purse that Durant races, but because as Pacific coast champion he wants to win the premier of all track races. In everyday life Durant is head of the Oakland factory of the Chevrolet company, and represents his father, W. C. Durant, the automobile magnate, on the coast. He will drive a chevrolet special.

Now Durant comes out and states that he will retire after coming season. It will not be his first retirement. His father does not look with favor on Cliff's speed flights. The first retirement came when the late Bob Burman, who incidentally taught Cliff all about an automobile, was killed in a race on the coast. It was at his father's request that he sold his several racing cars. In paying a last tribute to Burman, W. C. Durant thought only of his son when he wrote: "Shrapnel and shell furnish no greater danger than automobile racing, and there is but one outcome for those who persist in following it." It was said that "Pater" Durant threatened to cut the young driver off without a cent. However, it took only a few months for Cliff to convince his father that he could race in safety, and he was back again in the fall races on the coast. Now he asserts that business cares prevent his giving efficient time to racing, but the fans believe that the elder Durant has given his son a chance to win the "race of races" and then retire for all time.

Some Records In Last Year's Sport

Some of the more notable performances of the year 1918 in sports follows:

Andrew Miller's Roamer established a new world's record of 1.34 4-5 for the classic mile at Saratoga Springs.

Charles Pores set a new world's mark of 24.36 4-5 for the five-mile run in Chicago.

Joie Ray made a new indoor record of 3.05 forthree-quarters of a mile in Madison Square Garden.

Eddie Collins played in 473 straight games over a stretch of three or four years, and so set a new baseball record.

Ralph De Palma broke his own record for ten miles in an automobile and put the mark at 5.07 2-5.

Ty Cobb led the American League in batting for the eleventh time in twelve years.

Twenty-seven new swimming records were established by men and women.

Willie Hoppe set a new world's record of 25 points at three-cushion billiards.

Robert Lindley Murray won the national lawn tennis championship, while Miss Molla Bjurstedt once again was practically in a class by herself among the women.

Toronto Arena Hockey Club won the National Hockey League championship and Stanley Cup, defeating Vancouver in play-off for world's honors.

Ottawa Lacrosse Club won championship of National Lacrosse Union.

Boston Red Sox won American League championship and defeated Chicago Cubs, National League champions, in play-off for world's series.

Ernie Dunn retained title of senior single blade champion of Canadian Canoe Association.

Prize Winners At Water St. Alleys

The prize winners in the Water St. Alleys for 5 pins for the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd during last week were won by:

Peter Geitas	265	237	204	706
R. Ross	222	283	166	672
H. Maynard	196	222	229	617

Prizes for ten pins were won by:

W. D. Thomas	223	178	205	606

The Week's Games

Monday—Clerks vs. East Lawn Bowlers.

Tuesday—Grocers vs. Maple Leafs

Wednesday—Shamrocks—vs. West Lawn Bowlers.

Thursday—Elks Club vs. High Rollers.

Friday—Rex vs. De Laval.

FRIGHT AND SWIMMING.

Cramp Is Not Dangerous if Bathers Only Keep Their Heads.

The widest publicity should be given to Dr. Welzmiller's advice to the West Side Y. M. C. A. that it is fright, not cramp, which drowns many swimmers each summer. Cramp alone is innocent. This is Dr. Welzmiller's sound and useful rule:

"When seized with cramp, swim without using the crampy limb and, while swimming, alternately draw up and stretch out the limb as far as possible, thus helping nature to overcome the condition. If the cramp becomes worse turn over and float and exercise the cramped leg or arm as much as possible until the pain passes."

Scarcely a long distance swimming race is held that some competitors are not attacked by cramp. These experienced swimmers do not even stop, but go on at lessened speed while "kicking out" the local trouble. Yet every year swimmers quite capable of this easy trick become confused by the pain of a cramp, swallow a little water, remember what they have heard that "cramps and sudden death are synonymous"—and go down, literally frightened to death.

If Dr. Welzmiller's directions could become part of the mental habit and instinct of every swimmer they would enable many a promising young man seized with cramp to keep cool, and that is commonly all that is necessary to save his life.—New York World.

Possibly Hadn't Been Introduced.

Arthur owned a bulldog that he had been teaching to hunt rats, and whenever he called out the word to him he would run frantically to various places to scratch. A neighboring woman was so amused at the performance that she wanted to show the dog's tricks to her son, but to her repeated call of "rats" the dog only stood and looked at her. "Oh," said Arthur coming up at this point, "he doesn't know your rats."

What He Didn't Like About Helen.

Kenneth's little playmate, Helen, was to have a party. Only girls were to be invited, but Kenneth was unaware of this fact. He longed for an invitation and expected one up to the day of the party. But alas! the invitation didn't come. Downhearted, he said to his mother: "You know, mother, I like Helen awfully well, but I certainly don't like her ways."

Babies Burdened With Names.

It begins to look as if the same person who used to christen the Pullman sleepers has taken up his residence in this city and is now naming war babies. A glance at the vital statistics records shows that some of the girl babies are going through life burdened with Christian names that will compel the growing generation to give considerable time and study to pronounce them. All of which recalls the words of General Sherman.—New York Sun.

Is Life Insurance Safe?

How often we hear the question, "Would Life Insurance Companies stand the extra strain of a great epidemic?"

This question is now answered by experience. We have passed through the greatest war in history, and on its heels and overlapping it came the most malignant epidemic ever experienced on this Continent, one that claimed more victims in two months from the people of Canada and the United States than the war did in four and one-third years.

The fact that the surplus of every one of the old Established Companies of Canada has not only been maintained but increased, answers the above question most eloquently, and proves that Life Insurance is not only safe, but IMPREGNABLE.

Experience proves that it is as safe as a Victory Bond, and, in the event of death, infinitely better.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA has distributed more to compensate for the terrible wastage of the recent War and Epidemic than any other Company in Canada.

Is it not, then, a wise place in which to carry your Insurance?

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

Ancient Thessalonica.

British soldiers out at Salonika have little love to spare for the place. "They say out there," remarked a Welsh warrior home on leave, "that it dropped out of God's pocket." Yet 19 centuries ago it had a Christian church so important that St. Paul devoted to two of his immortal epistles.

Humane Societies Began in England.

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was founded in London in 1824; soon Germany, France and the United States organized societies for the like purpose, the first United States society having been chartered in 1866.

Color of Copper.

Absolutely pure copper has a light gray color like other metals, since it is found that copper which has been ten times distilled in vacuo has only a pale rose color, while the yellow color of gold becomes much lighter under similar treatment.

Hell-Dog.

Cerberus in ancient Greek story was the sleepless dog which guarded the entrance to Hades; the lower or infernal regions in which dwelt the shades of the dead. He is usually represented with three heads, and with serpents round his neck.

Friendship.

Friendship is the transfiguration of service; the creation of a new motive; redeeming life from its drudgery, and sending the pulse-beat of joy into the most trivial task.—Donald Sage Mackay.

The Day's Worst Pun.

Speaking of things spiritual, an illicit whisky still has been found underneath a church in an Alabama town. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

Brock St. RINK Now Open

SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK

Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band

GOOD ICE

Manitoba owns 6,192 more autos than in 1917. The present total is 23,950.

Winnipeg Motor Trades Association went on record as strongly favoring the re-employment by the automotive firms of all former employes who have served Canada overseas.

Notary Plamondon of Quebec, for many years active in anti-vice campaigns, confessed to the theft of two thousand dollars, which he retained out of ten thousand, saying he was a victim of hard times.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. The Wood Chemical Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS
264 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Quality and Service

If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices —executed by men who are craftsmen—try the

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We will tell you all about our Great January Clearance Sale in To-Morrow Night's Paper. Watch this space for announcement

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

TO-DAY
TO-MORROW
WEDNESDAY

We shall offer a grouping of Suits at

$ 5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Whatever your form of Eye Trouble we can help you. Eye Trouble does not always indicate poor vision. See us and see better.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

NOTICE

Dr. Middleton's office will be closed every Thursday afternoon during the entire year.

WANTED.

Janitress for office. Apply to

The Quaker Oats Company

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING

A regular meeting of the Board of Education will take place at the Secretary's Office, 437 George Street on Tuesday, at 7.45 o'clock p.m.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

See the demonstration and hear lectures to be given by Department of Agriculture experts, in the Armories on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, at the Annual Poultry Show. Admission 10c and 25c.

SPECIAL SERVICE TONIGHT

Special lantern service in the Salvation Army Temple this evening at eight o'clock entitled "Young Canada in the Making." Capt. Spooner will be the speaker.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
226 Hunter Street. Phone 2243.

Help the G. W. V. A. by patronizing their refreshment booth at the Armories Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Admission 10c and 25c.

ONE TEACHER ILL

City Schools Reopen After Christmas Vacation

The Public Schools reopened this morning with a good attendance of pupils and with only one teacher absent on acount of illness

On account of the epidemic in October and November last the promotions in the Junior Grades will not be made until February 1st.

MRS. FYFE'S FUNERAL

On Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock the funeral of the late Mrs. Wellington Fyfe was held from the family residence in Otonabee to Fyfe's cemetery. The Rev. Mr. Honey, of Keene conducted the services.

David, Louis, William, Charles and Alex Fyfe and Walter Garnet, acted as pall bearers.

FELL ON SIDEWALK

Mr. William Saxby had a bad fall on the slippery pavement on George street Saturday night in front of Gainey's shop. He was almost overcome for a short time and was taken into the barber shop where he soon revived sufficiently to go to his home.

AT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

The last meeting of the Red Cross Society will be held on Thursday afternoon of this week. The ladies of the congregation are repuested to turn in all finished work as all goods will be turned over to the Central Red Cross Society.

Ladies' Aid on Friday afternoon at 3.30 in the ladies' parlor. A large attendance is asked for.

Prayer meeting is withdrawn on account of this being the week of prayer.

INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL

Regular classes as usual this week with the exception of the Motor Mechanics Class, which will not be held this week.

REDPATH LYCEUM COURSE

The second concert of the "Redpath Lyceum Series" under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music, will be given Wednesday evening, Jan. 8th, by the Knight-McGregor Company in the Conservatory Hall. Subscribers may obtain additional tickets at 50c. General admission 75c.

HOCKEYISTS' PRACTICE

There will be a Junior O. H. A. practice tonight from 7 to 8 o'clock.

MURDERS FIVE PERSONS.

Insurance Agent, Accused of Killing, Commits Suicide.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 4. — William Barnes, an insurance agent, having only one arm, murdered five persons and committed suicide with a shotgun Friday night, it was discovered when the bodies were found in Wilbur Johnson's farmhouse on Hillman's Island, in the Missouri River, near Little Sioux, Iowa. He was angry because Johnson's daughter refused to elope a second time with him. Johnson, his wife and their young son, as well as their daughter Mrs. Mabel Jones, and her child, wer slain. Barnes, 45 years old, was infatuated with Mrs. Jones, and his attention to her was strongly discouraged by her parents.

ST. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

Next Lord's Day Capt. F. W. Anderson, Presbyterian minister of Orillia, will preach in St. Paul's Church. Capt. Anderson has just returned to Canada after having spent over to years at the front. The object of his mission to Peterboro is to create a better understanding upon the part of the church to the needs of the returned soldier.

The annual meeting of the Faithful Workers' Mission Band will be held on Wednesday afternoon at three fifteen o'clock.

The first regular monthly meeting of the W. M. S. will be held on Friday afternoon at three-thirty o'clock. Special prayer and thanksgiving will be offered at this meeting for the peace which has come to the world. All the ladies of the congregation are asked to be present

The service in connection with the week of prayer will be held in St. Paul's Church on Friday evening.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

WELCH—JONES.

A very happy event took place at St. Paul's Church, Lindsay, on Tuesday, December 24th, at 3 p.m. when Miss Edythe Isabella, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Jones, of Minden village, became the bride of Mr. Harry Welch, also of Minden.

The bride arrived from Toronto by the C.P.R. noon train and was met by the groom.

The marriage was solemnized by Rev. Canon Marsh and witnessed by Miss Marsh of Toronto and Mr. H. Marsh, son of Canon Marsh, of Trinity College, Toronto.

The bride wore a navy broadcloth suit and black velvet hat. The happy couple left for Peterborough on the 3 o'clock train and were received by friends with showers of confetti.

The groom's gift to the bride was a lovely pearl sunburst.

After spending a few days with a brother and sister in Peterborough, the newly wedded pair arrived in Minden and will make their home there.

Mr. Philip T. Kelly of Simcoe is visiting his sister, Mrs. Alex. McGregor, of the Bell Apartments.

Word has been received from Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, visiting in Minneapolis, that owing to Mrs. Rowand's health, he will not be able to leave for Peterborough for the present.

SKIRTS SHORTER; SHOES HIGHER

AND PRICES FOR CLOTH IN 1919 GREATER THAN EVER.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Higher shoes for women for 1919, higher prices, and shorter skirts—these are the views of the National Shoe Travellers' Association as expressed in resolutions passed at the close of its seventh annual convention.

Woman's shoes of eight and one-half inches or higher, in brown, grey, beaver, black and white, were decreed by the shoe travellers, who added that "long skirts are unsightly, insanitary and prevent free action in walking or other pursuits."

BRITISH LABOR ALMOST A UNIT

FOR MEN WHO HELPED WIN THE WAR, SECRETARY SAYS.

London, Jan. 6.—"The people have spoken and the friends of Germany find themselves on the doormat," said W. A. Appleton, secretary of the General Federation of Trades Unions, in the course of a statement on the recent elections.

"Those who have had confidence in the common sense of the British workman have been justified.

"Most of the votes have been given to men who had not only done their best to win the war but had indicated their intention of making Germany pay for the war. The total votes given to the signatories of the soviet manifesto issued at Leeds—all of whom by the way have been defeated—were less than 62,000. Very few votes indeed—perhaps not, all told, more than a quarter of a million—were cast distinctively in favor of revolutionary candidates.

"The most obvious fact of the election is the affectionate regard which the Britisher has for his own country, for his own navy and for his own army, and for the achievements of these two forces.

"A labor party which takes up an attitude hostile to the forces or to the country will never secure any lease standing in Britain."

One Windsor physician is pleased to have issued 150 prescriptions for beer a day for ten days at $1 each.

Prof. W. H. Day has resigned from the staff of the Ontario Agricultural College to take a position with a manufacturing firm in Guelph.

YESTERDAY WITH SALVATION ARMY

SPECIAL ADDRESSES WERE GIVEN BY OFFICERS FROM TORONTO.

A very successful series of services was held at the S. A. Temple over the week-end by Captain Spooner and Lieut. Shill. Captain Spooner is the territorial organizer of the S. A. boy scouts, and before holding this position, was identified with the Baden Powell scouts. At the coronation of King George, he was chosen to take a group of scouts to England, and has had wide experience with this movement. Lieut. Shill, of the B.E.F., has charge of a troop of boy scouts attached to one of the S. A. corps in Toronto. He went to France in the earlier part of the war and was badly wounded at Passchendaele, and has but recently returned.

At the afternoon service about one hundred and seventy-five commissions were presented to members of the local corps who hold office, either with the senior or junior side of affairs.

LIEUT. P. W. SHILL.
returned soldier who spoke at S. A. services yesterday.

Lieut. Shill then gave a vivid account of life at the front, dealing with conditions as he had found them, and the close attention of his audience devoted the interest the lecture held for them.

Altogether the services were voted among the best recently held at the Temple.

Tonight Captain Spooner will give an illustrated lecture entitled "Young Canada in the Making." This is only the second time this lecture has been given in Canada, and the slides which accompany it, are full of interest to Canadians. Come and bring your friends.

CHOCOLATE SPECIAL for NEW YEARS EVE

20p.c. Discount

on all Fancy Display Packages, ranging in prices from $1.50 up.

FRESH STOCK
NEILSON'S SPECIALS
Only a limited supply at above discounts.

WARNE Drug Co. Limited
351 George St
Phone 527w

PRINCESS PAT ANNOYED

At Fulsome priced Heaped Upon Her By Newspapers.

London, Jan. 6.—The Liverpool Post remarks that it has been informed by high authority that Princess Patricia has been very much annoyed at the fulsome sloppiness of the comment on her engagement appearing in some newspapers. She is a charming girl and decidedly pretty, but she is possessed of a cool head, and is quite aware that she is not the marvel portrayed by imaginative pen women who have never spoken to her.

Coming Mon., Tues., Wed., 8.15 Spec. Wed. Mat. 2.30 **Jan. 13-14-15**

POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH.

SEE

NOT A MOTION PICTURE

The Greatest Cast Ever Organized in the History of the American Stage.
The Flock of Real Sheep Come Down the Scenic Runway 50 Feet High.
The Gorgeous and Glittering Ballet of Beautiful Dancing Girls.
The Magnificent Scene of the Revel of the Idolators in the House of Nadina.
The Massive Stage Settings so big that Ordinary Theatres Could Not Hold Them.
The Riot of Color in the Wonderful Pictorial Representation of Jerusalem.

ALL THIS AND MORE IN THE WORLD'S MOST GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

...THE... WANDERER

STAGED BY DAVID BELESCO

Written by MAURICE V. SAMUELS. Music by G. GOETZL. Dances by A. KOSLOFF.

William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present The Gorgeousness of the Orient in the time of King Solomon transplanted in all its glory in this wonderful spectacle

NEVER BEFORE

In the history of theatres throughout the universe has such a colossal and magnificent stage production been placed before mortal eye.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS PLAY.
A COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED LIVING PEOPLE.
An array of artists of the first magnitude.

Prices: Nights 50c to $2.00 Wed. Mat 50c to $1.50

GET YOUR SEATS NOW.

Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. State which location you wish and enclose cheque or money order for exact amount, including war tax, with self-addressed, stamped envelope, and seats will be sent you by return mail. Make all drafts and money orders payable to Manager, Grand Opera House, Peterborough.

BOX OFFICE SALE OPENS MONDAY AT 10 A.M.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT AMATEUR NIGHT

HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES
BIG AMATEUR CONTEST
Baby Marie Osborne in 'DOLLY VACATION'
12—Reels—12 Comedies and Dramas
Special Scenic Film "PICTURESQUE FRANCE"
MATINEE 10c. 2:30 p. m. EVENING 15c 7:30 p. m.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1919

Coming here exactly as it was presented before H.R.H., the Duke of Devonshire, and Vice-Regal Suite, last Saturday evening in Ottawa.

NEW YORK'S SUPREME COMEDY SUCCESS,

Turn TO THE Right

A play of "THE WANDERING BOY," and his crook pals—Also of a sweet, dear mother.

Only plays one week in Ontario after RETURN engagements in Toronto and Montreal.

"A bomb filled with golden laughter, and a real tonic for a nation weary of war and epidemic."—Montreal Star.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

Prices, $1.00, 75, 50 and 25 Cents

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8TH

Hon. F. B. CARVELL

Will address a Public Meeting in The Opera House

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
January, 9, 10, 11
Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Coondutcr

"THE WONDER SHOW OF ALL TIME"
"SURPASSING EVEN THE BIRTH OF A NATION" AND UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER PRODUCTION."

D.W. GRIFFITH'S **HEARTS OF THE WORLD**

The Master Producer's Master Production

The Sweetest Love Story Ever Told
The Greatest Spectacle Ever Conceived
Created on the Battlefields of Europe

PRICES: Evening 8.15, 25 50 and 75 cents
Seats Sale Opens Tuesday

KEPT ILLICIT STILL

R. Goulet's Guilt Revealed by Fire Chief When Blaze Occurred.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—Pleading guilty to keeping an illicit still, R. Goulet of 1846 Clarke street was sentenced to a fine of $500 and costs or three months by Judge Lanctot on Friday afternoon. The still was discovered on Friday by District Fire Chief Hooper of the fire brigade, who responded to a call with his men for a small blaze which started in the cellar of the house. Chief Hooper on entering the cellar found several galvanised iron tanks, seven feet high, each containing about 75 gallons of spirits in process of fermentation. The police were called, and the inland revenue men also made a trip to the premises. Goulet was arrested and the liquor and apparatus were seized. The house is owned by M. Corbeil, 1862 Clarke street, who told Chief Hooper that Goulet had been in the house since May 1. He was not aware that there was an illicit still in the house.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Mild and mostly cloudy with light local snowfalls or flurries today and on Wednesday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

45th YEAR No. 5 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY JANUARY 7, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

CORONER'S JURY RECOMMENDS SALE OF POISON BE RESTRICTED

Find That Omer Bourgon Came to Death by Drinking Columbian Spirits—No One Apparently to Blame but the Victim and his Companions.

We find that Omer Bourgon came to his death on December 30th, from drinking Columbian spirits as a beverage."

A rider was attached to the verdict recommending that there should be some restrictions placed on the sale of wood alcohol, Columbian and Methylated Spirits.

This was the finding of the Jury, at the inquest held by Coroner Greer last night.

Last night in the police court chamber the adjourned inquest into the death of Omer Bourgon, who died in St. Joseph's Hospital on Monday, December 30, 1918, was resumed, Coroner Dr. Greer presiding and Crown Attorney Hatton conducting the examination of witnesses.

Mrs. Laura Bourgon, widow of the late Omer Bourgon, was the first witness called. The story as brought out by the questions of the examining lawyer was to the effect that her late husband had been visited on the Saturday night previous to the day of his death by two men one of whom was John Hetherington and the other was Emmet Faux.

Faux stated upon entering the house that he had brought him his bottle, whereupon Bourgon took the concoction which was in a ginger wine bottle and tried it giving a taste to his wife as well. The deceased complained that it was not strong enough and accused Faux of having spoiled it. Faux then left the house in an automobile and returned 15 minutes later with another bottle which he handed over to Bourgon and which the witness claimed cost the husband $4.00, although Faux in his evidence later denied this, saying that he had only charged $3.00.

Mrs. Bourgon stated that she went upstairs about eight o'clock—shortly after the arrival of Hetherington—to put her children to bed. She then retired herself but thought that her husband's guests left the house about eleven o'clock.

When the deceased had retired he seemed in good health and did not complain of sickness until the next day, Sunday, when he ate nothing and towards evening was bothered with vomiting. In the night and the early hours of Monday morning he became much worse and about four o'clock lapsed into unconsciousness and was removed to the hospital about 10.30 the same morning. He died soon after.

John Hetherington's Story

John Hetherington, Bourgon's companion in the fatal drinking bout of December 28th was next examined. He stated that Faux had told him earlier in the day that he would have a bottle of liquor at his home that night and invited him over.

He accept the invitation and arrived at Bourgon's about eight o'clock where he found only the family. The deceased told him that he had obtained the liquor from Faux after which he produced the bottle and each had four drinks out of it which half emptied it. The bottle which had been identified earlier in the proceedings by Mrs. Bourgon as the one which her husband had received from Faux was again produced and recognized by Hetherington.

Asked to describe the liquor in the bottle Hetherington asserted that it was by no means pleasing to the taste, and in fact had a tendency to nauseate and produce strangulation. He did not like it and Bourgon diluted it with water to a slight degree which seemed to make very litt difference.

Hetherington stated that he did not feel well on Sunday. He was drowsy and sleepy. That evening he went to see Bourgon but the bottle was not produced. Hetherington stated that while he had taken larger drinks than Bourgon and had had them just as often he found his companion of the night before in much worse condition on Sunday night than he was.

Dr. Wood's Testimony

Dr. Wood was next called to the stand and told of how he had been called to the home of deceased at a quarter to eight on Monday morning and had promised to call at nine. About eight fifteen he received another message stating that the case was an emergency one and to come at once. This he did, arriving at the house at eight-thirty where he found the late Omer Bourgon in bed with no sign of life save that afforded by his labored breathing. The patient was unconscious, pulseless, and the heart action could not be detected with the aid of the stethescope.

Dr. Wood stated that he had him removed to the hospital after administering a hypodermic and that he took the bottle which was shown him by the wife and smelt it. He concluded that the contents was methylated spirits.

(Continued on Page 5.)

CIVIL WAR EXISTS IN BERLIN AND PEOPLE ARE FLEEING FROM CITY BY HUNDREDS

Trouble Is Between Ebert's Government and the Spartacus Party Who Are Struggling to Secure Control—Decisive Battle Between Two Factions Is Imminent—Virtual War Between Russia and Germany.

Copenhagen, Jan. 7.—Berlin is in a state of complete anarchy and civil war has begun there according to the Munich correspondent of The Politiken. His information, he says, is based on telephonic messages from the German capital. All banks are barricated and a great number of public buildings are in the hands of the spartacan or extreme radical group. Thousands of armed workmen of the Spartacus faction, the correspondent reports, are crowding the streets, and at several points, firing has begun. The sound of machine gun fire could be heard from all parts of Berlin. The message reported the intention of the Ebert Government to make an effort to storm the building of the police guards later in the day and take possession of machine guns and cannon there.

Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the spartacan leader, has been seen here and there about the city organizing his troops for a final fight which, the correspondent says, is expected to begin very soon. Hundreds of persons are reported fleeing from the city.

RUMORS ARE CONFIRMED.

This morning's cables seem to confirm the rumors of yesterday that the expected blood letting that generally follows a nation's defeat and revolution is well under way in Germany's capital. Reports from Berlin on Monday, received through Amsterdam indicated a disturbed condition of affairs in Berlin on Sunday, due to another attempt of the Spartacus group to obtain control of the city and thereby of the Central German Government.

The Ultra Radical forces, opposed to the Ebert Government, sallied forth from the city's stronghold, near the district which contained the principal newspaper offices, and seized several of the newspaper plants, including those of the Tageblatt, Vossische Zeitung, Lokal Anzeiger, Vorwaerts and the Morgen Post, together with the office of the Wolff Bureau, the semi-official news agency. Apparently the Government still retained control of the German wireless service for contemporaneously with these reports of revolutionary activities on the part of the spartacus faction came an official wireless message declaring that Germany was about to take diplomatic and military measures again Russian Bolshevik Government for her own safety. The spartacus faction had maintained close relations with the Russian Bolshevik interest, and apparently it was the presence in Berlin of M. Radek, Bolshevik Emissary from Russia, who has been propagating the Bolshevik ideas in co-operation with the Liebknecht group that precipitated the Ebert Government's declaration of a virtual state of war between Germany and Russia.

IN THE LIMELIGHT.

Henry Lauder, whom certain French Canadians threaten to rotten egg on his visit to Montreal and whom the Scotchmen and Scotch Canadians declare they will protect.

BOLSHEVIK ARE BUSY IN BERLIN

RUSSIAN MISSION REACHES GERMANY AND IS WORKING WITH SPARTACANS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 7.—Adolph Joffe and M. Radek, the leaders of the Bolshevik mission to Germany, are in Berlin assisting Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg in fomenting in Bolshevik revolution, according to advices received here. They are believed to be at police headquarters which is the stronghold of the Spartacans. The Independent Socialists, whose leaders were recently dismissed from the Government, are reported to have gone over to the Spartacans. The two groups have issued a joint proclamation declaring that the final right to preserve the revolution must now be bought.

HON. G. D. ROBERTSON
Minister of Labor in the Union Cabinet, who will address the Canadian Club at a luncheon, to be held at the Empress, Thursday evening, January 16.

HON. F. B. CARVELL CANCELS VISIT

UNABLE TO COME HERE TOMORROW ON ACCOUNT OF ILLNESS.

Hon. F. B. Carvell will be unable to come to Peterborough tomorrow on account of illness, according to word received in this city today.

Mr. Carvell, the Minister of Public Works in the Union Government, was to have addressed a mass meeting in the Grand Opera House tomorrow evening. All arrangements were being made to give the Minister a reception worthy of Peterborough, and there is no doubt that the attendance at the meeting tomorrow night would have been so large as to tax the accomodation afforded. The word of the postponment of his visit was most unexpected.

DECLINES OFFER OF STATE HONOR

COL. ROOSEVELT'S FAMILY WILL REGARD HIS REQUEST AS TO FUNERAL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 7.—Explaining that it was Col. Roosevelt's wish that his funeral service be conducted entirely by those among whom he had lived so long and happily, Capt. Archibald Roosevelt today declined on behalf of the family an offer by the Secretary of War to furnish an escort of United States troops at the funeral services at Oyster Bay tomorrow.

BOLSHEVIK ACTIVE IN U. S.

BROUGHT HALF MILLION DOLLARS FROM RUSSIA TO CORRUPT AMERICANS.

New York, Jan. 7.—Department of Justice agents in New York, who have been watching German suspects in this city, have been assigned to the work of frustrating the activities of five groups of Bolsheviki which have established headquarters here, it was announced tonight. The spread of Bolshevism was admitted to have become "alarming."

Coincidentally, Alfred I. Becker, Deputy State Attorney-General, declared that his department has unearthed evidence that secret agents of Lenin and Trotsky have reached this city with a fund of nearly $500,000 to be used for propaganda purposes.

These agents, it was said, have been circulating in workshops and factories, holding secret meetings, which culminated today in the opening session of a three-day convention in the Labor Lyceum Building.

The prime purpose of this convention is said to be to absorb into the Bolshevik movement, in this and other cities, members of the Industrial Workers of the World, Anarchists and radical Socialists. Efforts also are being made, it is reported, to gain an affiliation with the Workers' International Industrial Union, the Workers' Defense Union and groups working for the release from prison of Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and other "political prisoners."

Plans of the agitators also are said to include a program for weaning of Labor radical members of 65 away from the American Federation unions throughout the country, who are to be urged to organize "Workingmen's Councils" under the Lenin-Trotsky plan.

Watching Agitators.

At the offices of the Department of Justice it was admitted that a card index of 2,000 "Red" agitators in this city, Chicago, Philadelphia, Detroit, Boston and other places, has been compiled and persons whose names appear in this index are being closely watched.

Postoffice authorities are said to be maintaining a careful scrutiny of three Russian newspapers, The Revolutionary Age of Boston, and The Novy Mir and The Peasant and Worker, published in this city.

Although most of the Bolshevik agitators are aliens and could be deported, Government agents admit that they are puzzled as to what course to pursue, and it is believed deportation would serve merely to strengthen their propaganda. More than 500,000 persons in this city, is was said, are active or passive followers of the Bolshevik movement.

PENSION SCALE FOR CHILDREN

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCES NEW RATE SHOWING SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—A substantial increase in pensions for children of Canada's deceased or disabled soldiers is officially announced today. Up to date, $8 per month per child has been the rate of pension.

In future the children of deceased or disabled soldiers will bepensioned as follows: For the first child or dependent brother and sister, $12 per month. For the second, $10, and for the third or subsequent children, $8. In cases where the mother also is dead, payments will be doubled.

TO DEMOBOLIZE UNDER SYSTEM

PRIORITY RETURNS OF SOLDIERS CAN'T BE CONSIDERED BY OFFICIALS.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—The Militia Department desires it to be known that an excessive number of requests for priority return of soldiers from overseas is being received both at Militia Headquarters, Ottawa, and at the Overseas Ministry, London, England. These requests cannot be acceded to, nor can consideration be given to them unless they are based upon compassionate grounds and are forwarded and recommended through the various military districts in the usual way.

It is pointed out that demobilization must be carried on in a systematic way. If the door is opened to return those for whom application is made by friends in Canada in priority to others, the inevitable result will be widespread dissatisfaction and complaints of favoritism on the part of the less fortunate soldiers with perhaps prior claim and longer service. It is not unnatural that requests should be made for the return of men to resume their civil avocations, and it is recognized that it is in the public interest that men for whom civil employment is waiting should not be held overseas longer than is absolutely necessary. On the other hand men are being returned in accordance with a settled policy at the rate of many thousands per month. Namely, 20,000 per month during December and January and 30,000 per month thereafter.

The regulations governing demobilization were settled only after prolonged and careful consideration and it is neither practicable nor desirable, viewing the situation as a whole, to deviate from the principles laid down, in favor of those who prefer requests for immediate return on account of private or business interests.

BLIND PHILANTHROPIST.

Sir Arthur Pearson, former publisher of the London Express and other newspapers, who, after becoming blind, founded St. Dunstan's Hospital in London, and who, since the war, has been doing wonderful work for blinded soldiers. He is now in Canada on a brief visit.

RIGA IN HANDS OF BOLSHEVIKI

REPORT SAYS THAT THEY HAVE TAKEN THREE THOUSAND PRISONERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 7.—The port of Riga was captured at noon on January 4th by the Bolsheviki, according to a Russian wireless despatch received today. A general advance by the Bolshevik forces marching westward in old Russia is claimed in an official report sent out by wireless by the Russian Soviet government. The capture of numerous villages is reported. Lithuanian troops, reports state, have occupied Podbrodzie, about thirty miles northeast of Vilna. In the region of Stepanovo the Bolshevik claim to have taken three thousand prisoners and considerable booty.

Spanish "flu" has broken out afresh in and around Thamesford to an alarming extent.

On her way home from a grocery shop Mrs. Eliza Cadmaa, 50, dropped dead in Montreal.

PTE. M'CABE WAS KILLED AS HE SLEPT IN DUGOUT

Letter Received From Overseas Gives Particulars of Death of Local Man.

Although word was received some time ago of the death on October 8 in France of Pte. Sidney V. McCabe, son of Mrs. Mary McCabe, 613 Union street, it was only a few days ago that she received from a friend of her late son particulars regarding his end.

It appears that he was to have gone on leave upon the day before he was killed, but something intervened to keep him on duty, whereupon he decided that he would obtain leave the next day. That night, as he and his friends were sleeping in a dugout, a bomb fell close to them and wiped out everyone in that part of the line.

Pte. McCabe previous to enlisting was a member of All Saints' Church and played upon its hockey team. In 1915 he enlisted in the 93rd Battalion and went overseas, transferring to the 5th C. M. R.

In addition to the letter from his comrade, which states that Pte. McCabe received a military funeral, his remains being interred in the British military cemetery at Cambrai, another communication was received from a lieutenant in his company speaking very highly of his fine, unselfish character. The usual letter of condolence was sent by Gen. Mewburn, Minister of Militia.

In addition to the mother, the departed young soldier leaves a brother in the 6th Reserve Battalion Band and formerly of the 59th Band, both having enlisted on the same day. Another brother, Harold, is in the with the mother, are sisters. West, and Mrs. Wheeler, Ashburnham, and Mrs. Spargo, who resides

ENTIRE WORLD MOURNS HIS END

CONDOLENCES RECEIVED BY MRS. ROOSEVELT ON DEATH OF HUSBAND.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Oyster Bay, N.Y., Jan. 7.—Five hundred cables and telegrams and thousands of letters have poured into Oyster Bay for Mrs. Roosevelt in sympathy with the loss of her distinguished husband. All kingsandpresguished husband. All Kings and Presidents of allied and neutral Europe and in Asia and Africa have sent their condolences. President Wilson cabled from Moda Newon, France, on the Italian frontier.

CAPT. LANG ARRESTED.

Aviator Disclosed Altitude of Flight Without Permission.

London, Jan. 7. — Captain Lang, the aviator who on Thursday last established a new airplane altitude record of 30,500 feet, has been placed under arrest by the British army authorities, according to the Evening News. The captain was arrested, it is said, because of his disclosing without authorization the details of his climb.

KEPT HIS LIQUOR IN APARTMENT

HAMILTON MAN FINED $1,000 IN THE POLICE COURT.

Hamilton, Jan. 7.—Rocco P. Susino, 105 Hess street, north, arrested Saturday on a charge of violating the Ontario Temperance Act, was fined $1,000 by Magistrate Jeffs. A large quantity of liquor was found in his apartments over his store, and though he entered the apartments by a separate door his Worship ruled that he had no legal right to have liquor there. It was in an ally near his home that Tony Martino was found in a dying condition on New Year's morning as a result of an unknown murderer's bullet.

Ex-Kaiser's Son At Work In Garage

Paris, Jan. 7.—The fourth son of William Hohenzollern, the former Prince August William, has taken a situation with a widely-known German automobile firm, according to a Berlin despatch by way of Berne, printed in The Matin.

HALF MILLION DOLLAR FIRE

BUSINESS BLOCK IN HALIFAX DESTROYED AND CITY THREATENED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 7.—Fire broke ont this afternoon in the Roy Building, one of the largest business structures in Halifax. It progressed rapidly. The full fire fighting force of Halifax was called out. The flames threatened the important business section, bounded by Barrington, Sackville, Granville and Prince streets.

The fire fighters were successful after a hard fight in extinguishing the spreading fire. The Roy block, however, was destroyed. The first estimates placed the damage done at $500,000.

150 GERMAN DIVISIONS ALREADY DEMOBILIZED

Basel, Jan. 7.—The former German army has ceased to exist, says The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin, as 150 divisions already have been demobilised. The demobilisation of the other units, the paper says is proceeding rapidly.

FINE CATTLE PERISH.

Blaze at Ottawa Caused Death of About Sixty Head.

Ottawa, Jan. 7. — A blaze which did about $15,000 worth of damage started at the farm managed by Geo. L. McLaurin on the Metcalf road. The fire started in the main barn, which contained about sixty head of the finest dairy cattle. The blaze had gained too much headway when noticed and all the cattle perished.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1919

NEW EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

IT IS ANNOUNCED that the Ontario Government proposes to suppress private employment agencies, which will be no longer necessary now that the authorities themselves intend to take up the task of finding work for the unemployed, especially among the returned soldiers. These private agencies in the past have in a good many instances been institutions which preyed upon the unfortunate, who took in the shape of fees the money of the unemployed and then did nothing on their behalf.

There have already been a number of applications from local civilians for the position of manager of the Government Employment Bureau that is to be opened in this city. All such applications represent so much time and effort wasted. It is authoritatively given out that these positions will in all cases go to returned soldiers.

JOBS FOR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

(New York Commercial.)

THOSE WHO ENLISTED or were drafted into the military and naval services of the country should be preferred when applying for work, but they should not seek jobs for which they cannot qualify. In the mechanical trades there will be little trouble; but bankers, merchants and professional men are already swamped with applications for "kid glove" positions which the applicants are not qualified to fill. An insurance company cannot employ as an actuary a discharged soldier who knows nothing of higher mathematics, any more than a printing office can pay journeyman's wages to one who has never "learned the case."

Thousands of young men have received physical training in the army which has hardened their muscles and steadied their nerves. As they step out of the ranks they are capable of doing hard work, and should be impressed with the fact that the best chances to rise to fortune lie in the mechanical trades. Beyond all doubt, the producers will be the leaders in the years that are to come, just as they have been in the last generation.

Look over the list of presidents, managers, superintendents and executive officials of our great industrial and transportation companies. Most of them rose from the ranks, and all of them will testify that they are looking for men who combine technical with executive ability. The man who knows how to do a thing is sure of a job. If he has the technical ability to teach others what he knows and to direct their operations he can aspire to a salary of fifty thousand dollars a year.

When we become wise enough we shall dispense with the services of most of the lawyers and half the doctors; but we shall never have too many producers of real wealth, such as farmers and mechanics. The more who produce and the fewer who live on the producers, the higher will be the standard of living for the future people. Our returning soldiers should try to become producers of eggs or steel ships, or something that the world needs——and eggs are just as important as ships.

THE HISTORY OF THE WAR.

"WHEN THE HISTORY of the war comes to be written" has been decreed the most overworked phrase that is current today. At least one thing is certain—the lack of such a history is apparent. The people at large have a very vague idea of the details of the conflict, in spite of all the newspaper space that has been devoted to a daily record of the events, in spite of the letters written, or the eye-witness accounts brought home by the soldiers who actually took part, and the public addresses of so many enterprising visitors to the battle zone who viewed the conflict from a position safely distant from the actual scene of hostilities. The newspaper accounts were closely censored, any soldier in the line viewed but a fraction of the fighting, and the homilies of the non-combatants are largely the result of inspiration derived from the sound of the cannon and the rising clouds of the smoke of battle.

The history of the war will comprise a large volume, whether for school study or general reading. Many a student will come to grief in his career upon this academic rock. It is probable, too, that the historians in the various countries involved will treat the subject from their individual national standpoint and that nothing in the way of credit for the part each power played will be allowed to escape. This tendency is already in evidence.

No clearer idea of the true history of the war can be imparted to the masses than through the medium of the moving picture. The war films never fail to interest those who have neither the time nor the inclination for a long course of reading or close study. The picture of infantry in solid phalanx, of fighting men "full of lusty life," going into almost certain death with smiles on their faces, of troops of cavalry and moving guns, never fails to enthuse. The crowd will turn out to witness such pictorial representations, especially if they are convinced that they are true to life.

The complaint has been made, with ample justification, that there are too many American battle films shown in Canadian theatres. The fault does not lie with the proprietors of these places of amusement. There is a dearth of Canadian productions. Back in 1916 battle pictures were shown throughout the country under governmental auspices, and the result was that the martial spirit of the people was kept alive. The government that now advises moving picture houses to patronize home work should do something to supply the lead. Official war pictures will tend to instruct as well as amuse the people and develop the patriotic sentiment which is regarded as a nation's chief guarantee of safety.

THE LATE COLONEL ROOSEVELT.

IT IS ONLY NATURAL that the encowments that made for the late ex-President Roosevelt friends and admirers by the thousands would breed enmity for him among the members of his own immediate circle, especially political enmity. No man who, while holding a prominent position in a party, is given to startling departures in procedure, can hope to escape the censure of those especially who are in the front rank.

Early in his career Theodore Roosevelt was regarded as a coming figure, and his unbroken list of successes aroused the jealousy of every ambitious man in the Republican party. It was, however, the grim irony of fate that what was in reality a plot to sidetrack the fearless young politician in New York State turned out to be the very means of thrusting him into the highest place in the gift of the American people, a position which he would beyond a doubt have attained eventually, but which he would, in the natural order, have reached only by the stepping stones of years of strenuous effort.

When Roosevelt was elected governor of the State of New York in 1898, the old time leaders, the bosses of the party in that commonwealth, felt that their power was waning and realized that their light was soon to be eclipsed by that of the new star that has arisen on the political firmament. It was then that the late Senator Platt and other Republican leaders conceived the idea, or hatched the plot, to make Theodore Roosevelt vice-president of the United States as a running mate for President McKinley. According to party traditions, this would have been equivalent to shelving the young governor. After a term as vice-president he would have retired to the semi-obscurity that invariably envelopes those who have lived out a term in that office. With Roosevelt running for the second place on the ticket in 1900, the Republican bosses of New York would be able to run a man for governor who would do their will, and the Colonel would have been put out of the reckoning for all time as a presidential possibility.

When Col. Roosevelt finally consented to run for the vice-presidency, no one realised more clearly than himself the sacrifice he was making. But he was loyal to the cause, and at the conclusion of the struggle with Spain, the United States had another war issue on its hands. The argument used to overcome the last of the Colonel's objections was that he was the only available candidate who was certain of carrying New York in the presidential election, and that state was regarded as essential to the re-election of President McKinley.

Col. Roosevelt took the second place on a ticket when all his friends believed that destiny had marked him for the leadership four years hence. In less than a year, owing to the untimely death of McKinley, he was president himself. Fate frustrated the schemes of the plotters to disappoint him of the ambition of his life.

No other man than Roosevelt could have become president under such conditions, and three years later be re-nominated without a shadow of opposition and elected by a tremendous popular and electoral majority. All precedents were shattered by that period in American history, but shattering precedents was part of the life work of the late ex-president.

The late Col. Roosevelt cherished an ambition to hold the office of president for a third time. Even if he had been spared to the full measure of human life it is doubtful if he would have ever had the hope fulfilled. The prejudice against a third term would be difficult to uproot. Another thing, a large and influential section of the Republican party never forgot or forgave what the Colonel did to wreck that once invincible organization in 1912 when he placed himself at the head of a new faction and so made possible the triumph of the Democrats, a party with which he was at variance by every tradition which he cherished and by every principle which he preached.

Ever since the war broke out with the Central Powers the late Col. Roosevelt was found on the side of the Allies. Had he been president at the time, it is doubtful if he would have recommended United States intervention in the early months of the struggle, but it is certain that he would by his energy have worked up the enthusiasm of the nation to the fighting spirit long before President Wilson succeeded in the same task. Roosevelt as president in the years of the war would have found it necessary, just as Wilson did, to unite the different elements of the American people in a common purpose, in overcoming the popular objection to taking part in European broils, but Roosevelt would have attained his object with the dispatch and promptitude for which he was noted in all his public acts.

In the history of the United States, years or centuries hence, no brighter name will be found, no more honorable record will appear, than that of Theodore Roosevelt. In every sense he measured up to the requirements of a rugged manhood. He was fearless, sometimes to the point of indiscretion, he made the name of his country honored among the nations of the earth, he was honorable in all his public career and above suspicion in his private life. The American republic has produced great men and leaders, but none greater than he. Even his enemies could not fail to respect his integrity while they feared his invincible strength that prevailed against all obstacles.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

PERHAPS the Canadian expedition to Siberia may accidentally stumble upon the North Pole and so remove the location of that imaginary point for all time out of the realm of controversy.

* * * * *

EVERYTHING seems to break just right with some people. The cables say that while in London Mrs. Wilson wore a purple hat out of compliment to the royal color and because that hue suits her complexion.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Hockey on the Rhine.

(Quebec Telegraph.)

Canadian troops are preparing for hockey on the Rhine. If the kaiser could have known in 1914!

"The Next War."

(Philadelphia Record.)

The Germans still talk of "the next war." They say it will be "won in the air." It is one in the air, a castle that we hope will never get beyond the dream stage.

CREMATION VERSUS BURIAL

(By Dr. Frank Crane)

Funeral matters are difficult to write of. In no department of human affairs does taste rule more tyrannically; and the taste is often very bad.

Still the subject is one we all have to consider. It is also a thing upon which the community as well as the individual has something to say.

The common practice in the United States is to bury the dead in the earth. About all that can be said for this is that it is consecrated by custom. It is certainly unsanitary, and it ought not to appeal to the cultured imagination.

A movement is now on foot to substitute the mausoleum for the grave. Instead of placing the dead in the earth, they are to be put into crypts in a permanent building especially erected for that purpose.

The first community mausoleum in this country as near as we can discover, was built at Granges, Ohio, in 1907. Since then others have been constructed in Toronto, Chicago, Philadelphia, Syracuse, Detroit, Atlanta, Cleveland and many other cities. Some of them are very imposing architecturally.

The idea is not new. The Romans buried their dead in structures called columbraria. They practised cremation and the crypts were not large. The inside of the building resembled a dove-lote (Columbarium). Interment of bodies in the ground was prohibited.

The custom of earth burial did not come into general use until the fourth and fifth centuries.

The problem of finding land suitable for burial, especially in the case of large cities, is becoming more and more difficult. The growth of cities has caused many a burying ground to be abandoned.

It would seem, therefore, that the erection of community mausoleums should appeal to people. There the dead can be laid in a beautiful house, endowed in perpetuity, a housing practically indestructible. The mausoleums of the ancients, many of them, still stand.

Strict scientifically sanitary provisions being taken, such houses need never become a health menace.

Those who believe in cremation can have their ashes thus preserved. Those who do not so believe can have their remains return by gradual dissolution to the original elements of which they were composed.

Those who have seen the remarkable Campo Santo at Genoa will not fear that respect for the departed will be lowered by this innovation.

TODAY'S STORY

Scrubby Stones bent his head under the shelter of the parapet as the glass of his periscope fell to the firestep in shattered fragments. Then he looked at his mate, who was sitting at the door of the dug-out opposite.

"That was a near go!" he said. "A hanged near go!"

"No wonder!" said the man opposite. "If you go pokin' your head up like that what can you expect, Scrubby?"

"Wasn't expectin' this, anyway, Bill," said Scrubby. It's so bloomin' quiet 'ere and us well on two 'unner and fifty away from the other trenches."

"Sniper, I bet," said Bill. "One o' our blokes in Company A got a packet this morn', and him in a mob that's a good three hunner away from the Gerrys."

Scrubby felt in his pocket, brought out a shaving mirror and fixed it to the point of his bayonet. This he held up, face to No Man's Land, and looked in it.

"Nothin' to be seen," he said. "Umpteen shell-'oles, half a dozen dead Gerrys, stumps o' trees, barbed wire and mud. I don't envy a bloomin' sniper as lies out there."

"If there is one, he's well camouflaged," said Bill, lighting a cigarette as he spoke. "They can't haff camouflage themselves, the swine."

Found Him.

"Ere, I see something!" shouted Scrubby. "Out in No Man's Land. Come up 'ere, Bill, and 'ave a peep.

The soldier by the dug-out door got to his feet, blew the ash from his cigarette, and mounted the firestep.

"It's 'alf left. Two dead uns lyin' together. In front of 'em as tree stump!" said Scrubby.

"I see it," said Bill excitedly. "At the foot of the tree a head or something that looks like a head. That's what you mean, ain't it?"

"To the left of the tree stump three dead uns, lyin' in a bloomin' 'eap, and behind them someting moved," said Scrubby, taking no heed of Bill's remark. "That's where the bloke, as tried to knock me out and bashed my periscope, is lyin'."

"That black lump at the foot of the tree stump is what I'd put my money on," said Bill. "It's more like a sniper than anything else out there."

"That ain't no sniper, no more than it's your grandmother," said Scrubby with an air of certainty. "It's camouflage. Bet you that it's a cap put there by the Jerry to throw off the scent. They're up to any hanged trick, them blokes. But I saw someting move out behind the dead 'uns. Bet that it's the sniper, out there, lookin' for his prey. Let me 'ave another peep at him."

The periscope changed hands, and Scrubby looked in it. For a while he kept silence, his body rigid, his mouth a little open. As he looked a rifle shot rang out clear and sharp across the levels. Scrubby brought his bayonet and glass down and looked at Bill.

"Got 'im that time," he said. "Saw the bloomin' smoke just where I said 'E's lyin' there behind the dead uns, and I'm going' to see that 'e'll lie there for duration. . . . And 'ere's the officar comin' along. I'll speak ter him and ask him about it."

An officer, a young man wearing the D.S.O. ribbon, came round the traverse into the bay. Opposite Scrubby and Bill he stopped.

"Anything doing out there?" he enquired.

"Plenty sir," said Scrubby. "I've got my eye on one o' them, and 'im camouflaged behind a 'eap o' dead uns. It's that there sniper that's been troublin' us since we've come in 'ere. Just 'ave a look, sir, and see."

Good Shooting.

The officer got upon the firestep, looked into the periscope, and saw the head of dead which Scrubby indicated.

"Out there?" he inquired.

"That's the spot, sir," said Scrubby. "E's lyin' back o' them dead uns. And if you keep a sharp look-out ye'll see the smoke if 'e fires."

The officer saw the spurt of smoke even as Scrubby spoke, and at the same moment the glass in which he was looking was smashed to pieces above his head.

"I saw where he is," he remarked. "Saw the smoke, so we've got to get the man by the heels. I'm glad my head wasn't in line with the mirror."

"And it was a handy one for shavin', sir," said Scrubby. Then, after a moment's silence: "I know what to do, sir. If I can have a free 'and and I'll put the snipin' bloke out o' business for good."

"What do you propose to do?" asked the officer.

"This is my plan, sir," said Scrubby. "There's a wood behind this 'ere trench, so if I get back there I can camouflage and 'ide myself. The wood is 'igher ground than No Man's Land, so I can lie behind a tree and let nip whenever I see this bloke up ter 'is game. 'Alf an hour will do for the job, sir, if you'll give me permission."

The officer recollected Scrubby's deeds of old, his cool confidence in the tightest corner and his skill with the rifle. This skill was vouched for by the cross rifles on the soldier's sleeve. If any man was suitable for the job it was Scrubby Stones. Fifteen minutes later he left the front trench and crawled back through a sap towards the wood at rear of the line.

It was the officer who saw how the deed was done, as he stood, twenty minutes later, on one of the firesteps looking at the field in front. A rifle shot rang out and a bullet swished past his head out to No Man's Land. Scrubby's rifle had spoken, and it spoke with effect. The officer heard a screech in front, and saw a form in field grey rise from behind a pile of dead men, claw the air for a space and sink to the ground again. The sniper had been hit, mortally, perhaps, but for the moment that was unknown. Only when night fell was the effect of Scrubby's shot known. A search party found the German sniper lying on the ground beside his rifle, a hole in his breast, and dead.

Chase's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Chase's Ointment)

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says there doubtless is some good reason for insisting upon the repatriation of all the poor French and Belgian refugees, but it does seem like a shame not to let them go home at once.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS.

Weather. Partly according to the papers.

Publick Lecture. Last Wensday eevening Sid Hunts father gave him a fearce lecture rite out in the street for getting in a game of prizzners base insted of keeping on going on a errand. Amung those present was Benny Potts, Leroy Shooster, Ed Wernick and Artie Alixander.

Sissiety. Mr. Sam Cross Back frum the Hospittle. Last Sattiday aftirnoon Mr. Sam Cross came back from the Hospittle ware he went to see his sick aunt Sattiday morning. Mr. Cross says he dont think he cawt enything, however, on account of not breething mutch wile he was there.

Militerry News. A flag was going to be presented to Compinny B by Miss Mary Watkins last Thersday, until Compinny B found out it was ony a colidge banner with Yale on it.

Intriating Facks About Intristing Peeple. Skinny Martins ferst name is Algerin and his middle name is Clarents, ony nobody woodent ever know it by looking at him.

LEE PAPE.

WIT AND WISDOM

Real Antiques.

"And what is your father's business, my little girl?" questioned the long, lean, lanky miss at the girls' school.

The new arrival shifted uneasily from one foot to the other.

"Must I tell?"

"Yes; you must give the information to the school board."

"May I whisper?"

"Yes."

"My father makes worm holes."

"Does what?" said the teacher in astonishment.

"Makes worm holes. He works in an antique furniture factory and he has to make the worm holes in the furniture."

Black and Green.

It happened at a certain famous American college. An old negro was sweeping the front steps when a gentleman walked up and said:

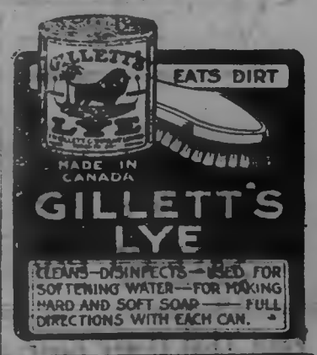
"Well, old uncle, soon will winter be here, and those trees will be as black as you are."

Quickly the old negro replied:

"And spring will soon be here and dem trees will be as green as you are."

Pat was a greenhorn just landed in New York. He went into a drapery establishment, there to purchase a hat, which he got. The price was a dollar, which is put on the counter to the Yankee. A monkey being employed as the cashier there, seized the gold dollar piece and put it in the till. Pat was about to go away when the assistant said: "I want a dollar for that hat, Pat; where's your money?"

"Thunder and turf, man," said Pat, "didn't you see your grandfather taking it?"


GILLETT'S
LYE
EATS DIRT
MADE IN CANADA
CLEANS—DISINFECTS—USED FOR SOFTENING WATER—FOR MAKING HARD AND SOFT SOAP—FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH CAN.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Before selecting the seed be sure of your soil.

Wise is the man who knows what not to say to a woman.

Love and a good dinner are good workers in the field of charity.

The milk of human kindness is never run through a cream separator.

One cent's worth of mirth is better than a dollar's worth of anger.

In the glorious feast of knowledge some people never get any farther than the soup.

Any man who feeds upon his own greatness is not apt to be bothered with the gout.

In case of emergency it is sometimes advisable to reward the man who helped you to emerge.

A pretty girl sometimes fires a young man's heart with admiration and then her father fires the rest of his person with shoe leather.

Chief Censor's Department of the Admiralty will be closed.

IN fitting glasses or glasses bent out of adjustment cause needless strain upon the eyes. Trying to adjust the defects in your glasses yourself only invites greater trouble.

We will be glad to have you bring your glasses to us. Our adjustments are made knowingly and skillfully and assure your eyes the care and protection they need.

Martin J. Roche
Consulting Optometrist.
Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

ASSETS: $84,000,000

MONEY IS NEEDED—for the war—for home emergencies—for the growing cost of living—for a business start—for a holiday—for old age—for all purposes. Increase Your Saving, hold down your spending open a Savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO
Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday

Fanny Ward in "The Yellow Ticket", A. H. Wood's Dramatic Success in 5 acts

Leah Baird in "Wolves of Kultur" Episode 2. "The Iron Chair, 2 Parts

Pathe News, Only the Best from All Over

Harold Lloyd in "Why Pick on Me." Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT 8.15 TO-NIGHT

Coming here exactly as it was presented before H.R.H., the Duke of Devonshire, and Vice-Regal Suite, last Saturday evening in Ottawa.

NEW YORK'S SUPREME COMEDY SUCCESS

Turn TO THE Right

A play of "THE WANDERING BOY," and his crook pal—Also of a sweet, dear mother.

Only plays one week in Ontario after RETURN engagements in Toronto and Montreal.

"A bomb filled with golden laughter, and a real tonic for a nation weary of war and epidemic." Montreal Star.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

Prices, $1.00, 75, 50 and 25 Cents

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
January, 9, 10, 11
Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Conductor

"THE WONDER SHOW OF ALL TIME"
"SURPASSING EVEN THE BIRTH OF A NATION AND UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER PRODUCTION."

D.W. GRIFFITH'S
HEARTS OF THE WORLD

The Master Producer's Master Production — *Eighteen Months in the Making*

The Sweetest Love Story Ever Told
The Greatest Spectacle Ever Conceived
Created on the Battlefields of France
PRICES: Matinee Daily 2.15, 25 and 50 Cents
Evening 8.15, 25, 50 and 75 Cents
Seats Now on Sale

Coming Mon., Tues., Wed., 8.15 Spec. Wed. Mat. 2.30 **Jan. 13-14-15**

POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH.

SEE NOT A MOTION PICTURE

The Greatest Cast Ever Organized in the History of The American Stage.
The Flock of Real Sheep Come Down the Scenic Runway 50 Feet High
The Gorgeous and Glittering Ballet of Beautiful Dancing Girls.
The Magnificent Scene of the Revel of the Idolators in the House of Nadina.
The Massive Stage Settings so big that Ordinary Theatres Could Not Hold Them.
The Riot of Color in the Wonderful Pictorial Representation of Jerusalem.

ALL THIS AND MORE IN THE WORLD'S MOST GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

...THE...

WANDERER

STAGED BY DAVID BELESCO.

Written by MAURICE V. SAMUELS. Music by G. GOETZL. Dances by A. KOSLOFF.
William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present
The Gorgeousness of the Orient in the time of King Solomon transplanted in all its glory in this wonderful spectacle.

NEVER BEFORE

In the history of theatres throughout the universe has such a colossal and magnificent stage production been placed before mortal eye.
YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS PLAY.
A COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED LIVING PEOPLE.
An array of artists of the first magnitude.

Prices: Nights 50c to $2.00
Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50

GET YOUR SEATS NOW.

Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. State which location you wish and enclose cheque or money order for exact amount, including war tax, with self-addressed stamped envelope, and seats will be sent you by return mail. Make all drafts and money orders payable to Manager, Grand Opera House, Peterborough.

BOX OFFICE SALE OPENS FRIDAY, 10 a.m.

SETS FASHIONS FOR AMERICA

In spite of her recent bereavement, Irene Castle, the Pathe star, in the great screen success, "The First Law," remains the arbiter and leader of fashions in America. In a recent interview just before she sailed for France, where she is now entertaining the soldiers near the front, Mrs. Castle said that American women will be the style leaders more by reason of their manner of wearing clothes than the expense of their garments.

"The woman who wants to be well dressed, and this is the natural desire of every woman, must first of all learn to be honest with herself. She must see herself as she is and not as she would like to be. If she is short and broad, she must not imagine herself tall and thin, and vice versa. If she is angular and broad, she must not believe herself plump and rounded. And then, having seen herself honestly, as in a looking-glass, she should dress in a manner suitable to her own peculiar style.

Take the French women, for instance. They do not hesitate to admit their faults in face and figure, and this grand study of themselves leads them to the adoption of those patterns, fabrics and adornments which lend distinction, individuality and style to their appearance.

Go into a Parisian restaurant. You will never see, as in America, women of every height, weight, age and individuality all wearing clothes cut after the same design. American women are what one might call vogue crazy. They see a model, run across some particular style in a magazine worn by somebody or other, and are not happy until they get one like it. How much more sensible it would be to choose a style suitable to one's own self. Surely it is more comfortable and self-satisfying to be distinctive, individual, representative of yourself, than to be merely one in a crowd, like a paper doll in a long row cut from one folded sheet. Regardless of patterns or fabrics, the well-dressed woman is the women whose gowns, suited to the occasion, best express herself.

TO CLEAN NECKTIES

Get a quart fruit jar with rubber and cover; half fill it with naphtha and put the ties in, the white ones by themselves first of all. Having screwed the cover down tightly, shake the jar about for some minutes, when the dirt will almost be entirely removed. If necessary, repeat the process.

Smooth them out carefully and pat any streaked or discolored places with a bit of cloth—an old handkerchief will do nicely. Then hang them in the air to dry and allow the color to evaporate. It is best to leave them out some days. A bit of mosquito netting or cheese cloth will be required to cover them from dust or flies.

The darker ties may be put in the same naphtha. It is well to have two jars, one for first washing, another for the second dipping if necessary. The naphtha should be kept in a close stopped bottle and such work should always be done by day-light in a room without a fire and with open windows, if possible, as the vapor from the naphtha is highly inflammable.

GOOD TO KNOW

The Jars that have retained the smell of onions that were contained in them may be freed from it by filling them with earth and leaving them out of doors for several days. When thoroughly washed after this treatment they will be found quite fresh and free from odor.

A cleansing fluid with which to wash painted walls is made as follows: Dissolve two ounces of borax in two quarts of water. Add a teaspoonful of amonia. Use half of this mixture in a pail of water, without soap. After washing the walls rub them dry gently with clean, soft cloths.

WORTH KNOWING

A convenient way to melt chocolate is to put it into a glass jar and stand it in hot water.

The bones of a roast fowl and bits of left-over flesh are full of possibilities for the next meal.

Immediately upon finishing the cooking take all draughts off the kitchen range and save fuel.

If the candle is too large for the candlestick dip it into warm water until it is melted to the proper size.

Delicious extract of orange or lemon is made by paring the rinds very thin and putting them into a bottle of alcohol.

Apples, dried prunes and raisins are among the cheapest fruits.

If anybody has to go without milk it should never be the children.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

FOOD ALL RIGHT SOME MEN SAY

MORE TESTIMONY TAKEN IN NORTHLAND INVESTIGATION AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Testifying at the Northland inquiry here Sergt. Howard H. Falfe, a former newspaper man, said he went to England with the first contingent, was taken prisoner by the Germans at the second battle of Ypres and spent 35 months in a German prison camp before he was repatriated. He thought the berthing accommodations for the third class passengers were as good as could be expected on an old boat. He had no complaints from his men as to food, although he was orderly sergeant for his district on two occasions. Mr. Merkel, of the Canadian Press, had asked witness about conditions on the ship and he had replied that he knew of no cause for the complaints. This was after the story had already appeared in Toronto.

Sergt.-Major Richardson of Halifax said he had been in the army since 1900. He was not a passenger on the Northland, but was on her in Halifax Harbor. He saw nothing unusual on her, stokers, on the Northland, tried to raid an apple stand in Halifax explaining that they were starving and had no food on the ship. Aside from this he knew nothing.

Pte. Percy Giles, of Halifax, was the next witness called. He came out on the Northland with the other Nova Scotia troops and found food and accommodation satisfactory. He made no complaints had heard none and was satisfied with conditions.

Col. E. E. Clark, Director of Supply and Transport, furnished the Court with a comparison of the rations issued by the Admiralty and by the steamers while carrying troops on a capita basis or under charter. The Admiralty ration was shown to be lighter.

Lieut. Vautelet, of Montreal, was re-called and explained his remark to Pte. Laurant that it might be necessary to "bring up a ship's crew to keep the soldiers off the promenade deck." He had orders to keep the soldiers off the deck and posted sentries to see that this was done. The sentries did not appear to be anxious to obey and witness complained to Major Westmore or the Adjutant, one of whom intimated to him that if the sentries could not do their duty they would have to call out the ship's crew with arms. He told that to some of the sentries to get them to perform their duty. He took the order as serious.

MODISH NOTES

Glove skin is a good substitute for wool and is ideal for street frocks.

A soft faille silk and wool is very much like the old fashioned colienne.

White grounds with hairline stripes are promised in future suitings.

Black velvet girdles are silver lined and tie in a big bow at the side front.

Lingerie made of lemon colored crepe de chine is trimmed with black ribbon.

Narrow belts of black silk braid are seen on many of the serge dresses.

TIPS ON TEETH

Teeth are the things which most parents are prone to neglect. It is estimated that more than 60 per cent. of the children in the public schools have at least one tooth which needs attention from a dentist.

Don't think that nothing needs to be done for a tooth just because it causes the child no pain. Decayed teeth are breeding places for germs and makes a child much more liable to all sorts of infectious diseases. If something is not done for them they may injure his mouth for life or they may cause the glands of his neck to swell up and form abscesses.

KITCHEN KINKS

To prevent batters from sticking to spoon when filling muffin tins dip the spoon in hot water each time before dipping into butter to fill tins.

A slice of fresh bread placed in box of cake will keep cake moist. Renew slice as bread dries.

Never let the white of eggs stand even for a moment during the process of heating, as they will turn to a liquid state which cannot be restored and also make a heavy cake.

In making cake sift all dry ingredients together, mix all lipuids together, and in combining the two be sure to pour the liquid into the solid to prevent lumping.

If you use pastry flour in recipe calling for bread flour, add two tablespoonfuls more for each cupful used.

Never wash poultry. Wipe with damp cloth. Washing renders the fresh sodden and the skin soft.

Pour boiling water on potatoes to be baked, let stand ten minutes, drain. They are fine prepared in this way.

One-fourth taspoonful ginger in doughnut batter will prevent soaking fat in cooking.

INTESTINAL PARALYSIS

"Fruit-a-tives" Quickly Relieved This Chronic Trouble

539 CARTIER STREET, MONTREAL.

"In my opinion, no other medicine is so curative for Constipation and Indigestion as 'Fruit-a-tives'.

I was a sufferer from these complaints for five years, and my sedentary occupation, Music, brought about a kind of *Intestinal Paralysis; with nasty Headaches*, belching gas, drowsiness after eating, and pain in the back.

I was induced to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and now for six months I have been entirely well". A. ROSENBURG.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special Correspondence.)

Downeyville, Jan. 7.—Mrs. Daniel Costello is in Toronto attending the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Fracey, who died on New Year's night.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Costello held a dance at their home on Friday night in compliment to the large crowd of men who attended his wood bee on Thursday. A large crowd attended from Ops as well as from here. A fine supper was served and everybody enjoyed themselves highly.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lucas who have been out in the west for the past year are visiting the former's parents and many relatives here.

A large crowd from here attended the presentation, in Ennismore to the returned hero of Ennismore and here. Reverend Father McCauley entertained the heroes at supper and afterwards they all enjoyed themselves by dancing and other amusements.

Mrs. Tom Crowley and Tom Clancey were in Lindsay on Friday.

Mr. William O'Brien was a Lindsay visitor on Saturday.

The branch of the Farmers' Club held a meeting here on Wednesday night for the transaction of business.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gosselin and son were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. William Herlihey.

The four seperate schools here which were closed for Christmas holidays reopened on Tuesday.

Miss Ward of Picton who had been home for Christmas vacation, has returned to her position as teacher in S. S. No. 4.

Mr. Wilfrid Gosselin was in Omemee on Tuesday last on business.

Mr. James Guiry was in Peterboro last week on business.

THESE ATTRACTIVE HEALTH RESORTS ARE EASILY ACCESSIBLE.

During the winter season many people plan, with advantage to health, a stay at one of the established sanitariums where, amid ideal social conditions at a comfortable home-like high class hotel, the overworked system may be re-invigorated and where treatment of proved efficacy for rheumatism and kindred ailments is available. Three of the most famous resorts of this character are reached by Grand Trunk lines, viz., St. Catharines Well, Ontario; Mount Clemens, Mich., and Battle Creek, Mich. Medicinal waters, baths and expert treatment are features which attract patrons, to the establishments of these points. Write for full information and booklets descriptive of these resorts to any Grand Trunk Agent, or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Lt. A. Rig, Labor M.P.P. in Manitoba, at present overseas, has accepted the superintendency of the Provincial Bureau of Employment of Returned Soldiers.

Just six days after the death of his wife, Rev. W. J. Cadman, of Owen Sound, died. On Christmas Day his wife passed away, death also being due to heart failure.

"THE WANDERER"

THE MASSIVE PRODUCTION, STAGED BY DAVID BELASCO, COMING TO THE GRAND.

It is not often that the realization can be regarded with expectation, but such is the case with the brilliant, beautiful Biblical dram, "The Wanderer," which will be at the Grand Opera House for three days and a matinee, commencing Monday evening, Jan. 13th, with matinee on Wednesday.

The producers of "The Wanderer," Messrs. Elliott, Comstock and Gest, surely have every reason to be proud of their splendid achievement. There is so much to praise that a second and even a third review would be written with equal facility.

The tranquil pastoral scene, which is presented, as the curtain rises on the first act, with its impression of great distances, ripening fields, purple hills, quaint old homestead and that large flock of sheep with the shepherd dogs snapping and barking as they come romping joyously across the stage, keeps recuring to the mind as a picture that time will take long in effacing.

The second act stands out even more startlingly, for there never has been shown on the American stage a more utter disregard for expense in extravagant, gorgeous stage settings and costumes. The dazzling ensemble when the stage is crowded with dancing girls, slaves, courtesans and their rich young admirers, with the Prodigal Son being fleeced of his last penny, brings up another picture that will linger.

ALTER QUALIFICATIONS

Legislation to Change Act May be Sought

City Clerk Littlejohn of Toronto will recommend that the city seek legislation amending the Municipal Act so that the property qualifications for school trustee shall be the same as for aldermen, namely, absolute ownership of not less than $1,000 free of encumberances, and that such property be assessed in the name of the candidate or his wife, of occupancy of leasehold property assessed at $2,000 or over.

At present any citizen whose name is on the assessment roll and who is a bona-fide resident of the city is eligible for election to the Board of Education.

Power to reject candiadtes at the time of nomination unless they then file property qualifications is desired by Mr. Littlejohn for the City Clerk. At present the qualifications can be proven up till 9 o'clock in the evening of the day following nominations.

Oscar S. Ebby, for 24 years editor and proprietor of the Hespeler Herald, drops out of the newspaper game to enter upon his new duties as county registrar at Kitchener.

Flags of the allies were presented to the Great War Veterans' Association of Sault Ste. Marie for its club room.

ROYAL THEATRE

12 FIRST RUN REELS — NEW PRICES COMMENCE TODAY — 12 FIRST RUN REELS

LAST CHANCE TO-DAY
Entire Change To-Morrow
High Class Fox Features & Comedies

Special Standard Feature, Showing
THEDA BARA
—IN—
The Soul of Buddah
Five Parts

Another Fox War Feature, Showing
JANE AND KATHERINE LEE
—IN—
'Swat the Spy'
Five Parts
In which two Juvenile Imps strafe the Kaiser's crew

Fox's Great Sunshine Comedy

Her Husband's Wife, also Mutt & Jeff

TWO REELS — ONE REEL

This program is one of the best on the Circuit, and Fox Films are exclusive to the Royal in Peterboro, as also are the new Million Dollar Chaplin Features.

Afternoons 15c to all. Evenings 15c to any part of House
1 Cent War Tax Extra
COME AND JUDGE OUR SHOWS YOURSELF

No More Piles

A Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment Is One of the Grandest Boons You Ever Experienced.

You are suffering something awful with itching, bleeding, protruding piles or hemorrhoids. Now, go over

You Positively Cannot Afford to Ignore These Remarkable Pyramids.

to any drug store and get a 50-cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment. Relief comes so quick you will jump for joy. If you are in doubt, send for a free trial package by mail. You will then be convinced. Don't delay. Take no substitute.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
65 Pyramid Building,
Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

JEWS TO RAISE TEN MILLIONS

IF HOLY LAND IS PLACED UNDER TRUSTEESHIP OF BRITAIN.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Vast national and commercial enterprises will spring into existence in the Holy Land the moment the Peace Conference announces that it has granted the request for the establishment of a commonwealth in Palestine under the trusteeship of Great Britain, declared Robt. D. Kesselman, comptroller of the Palestinian Restoration Fund, in an interview here.

It is the intention also of the Jewish leaders to float a national loan of $5,000,000 to be used towards the rebuilding of the devastated parts of the Holy Land and for the building of homes in Jerusalem.

There is on foot now a campaign for the raising of another $5,000,00 during the present year to be used for colonizing work in Palestine in the immediate future.

The budget calls for $5,000,000 for local and central Government administration in Palestine; another $500,000 for education, $500,000 for health and hygiene, and $2,500,000 for construction and loans to colonists and municipalities towards the advancement of agricultural pursuits, for the maintenance of law and order and the development of trade.

BLESSED BE THE TIE THAT BINDS

UNION SERVICE HELD LAST NIGHT IN ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The opening service of the Week of Prayer was held in St. John's Church last evening. The Church, still handsomely decorated with flags and greens, was filled with an enthusiastic congregation. A special expousive service was conducted by Canon Davidson, the congregation heartily joining in it, and in the well-known hymnes. Rev. A. J. Thomas read the lesson.

The subject running through the service was "The Great Brotherhood," and Rev. J. A. McKenzie discussed it in an able address, after which Rev. J. R. Webb spoke briefly, referring appreciation of the beauty of the Church, and the warm welcome received. All the ministers of Peterboro were present, with one or two exceptions, and after the service they and their wives were entertained at the rectory.

LOWER PRICES AT THE ROYAL

15c TO ALL AFTERNOONS AND EVENINGS—WAR TAX 1c.

The holidays are over and everybody is settling down to regular business. I have been in the moving picture business for thirteen years, and have always endeavored to give the public of Peterborough the best pictures in Canada for price of admission charged. I am now giving all my attention to the Royal Theatre, and my patrons will be sure of an excellent programme every time they attend my theatre. For first run of pictures, and a double programme, I am only going to charge from today 15c and 1c war tax, 16c in all, both afternoon and evening, to everybody, men, women and children. For the programmes I will give this is a very small charge, and I hope to have the pleasure of seeing all my old patrons again.—M. Pappas, Proprietor Royal Theatre.

EXPLAINS PLAN OF SETTLEMENT

HOW GOVERNMENT PROPOSES TO PLACE RETURNED MEN ON LAND.

Lieut.-Col. R. Innies, Director of Agricultural Instruction for Returned Soldiers of Canada, addressed the provincial executive of the G.W.V.A. in Toronto yesterday on the arrangements which have been completed for the settlement on the land and instruction of soldiers in farming.

For the purposes of land settlement and education the discharged soldiers are grouped under three classes, men who have actually fought, men who have been on active service outside of Canada and soldiers who were never out of Canada. He explained that only the first two classes are being dealt with at present. The third class will not be debarred from the advantages granted to the others, but they are postponed until the first two classes are settled.

"The idea is not to put anyone on the land until their qualifications have been carefully looked into to make sure that agriculture is the proper business for them," he explained.

Col. Innes announced that a course at Guelph will be commenced on January 20, when complete practical instruction will be given. The course will last for twelve weeks, and next summer the men who have taken the course are expected to do practical work on a farm. An alternative scheme is for men to serve with practical farmers as hired men and these farmers will be carefully selected and made honorary instructors in agriculture.

When settled on the land which he is assisted to buy if he desires it, the soldier will be visited from time to time by district representatives who will be men of each district who have made a practical success of farming and who are therefore likely to advise the veterans to farm along profitable lines.

The full instructions for the course and the conditions for the loan of money to buy farms are issued today from the local office of the Soldiers' Settlement Board, which is ready to issue application forms to veterans desiring to settle on the land.

STOMACH ACIDITY, INDIGESTION, GAS

Quick! Eat Just One Tablet of PapeDiapepsin for Instant Relief

When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel lumps of distress in stomach, pain, flatuence, heartburn or headache. Here is instant relief—No waiting!

Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost so little at drug stores.

Lansdowne Lodge Install Officers

Lady Lansdowne Lodge, Daughters of England, at the last meeting, installed the following officers:

Past President—Mrs. J. Anderson.
President—Mrs. J. Booth.
Vice-President—Mrs. A. Evans.
Chaplain—Mrs. Carpenter.
Secretary—Mrs. P. Webb.
Treasurer—Miss Gaskins.
1st Committee—Mrs. Merritt.
2nd Committee—Miss L. Booth.
Inner Guard—Miss E. Booth.
Auditors—Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Carpenter.

TELEGRAMS TO SYRIA.

Communication Possible From Palestine and Mesopotamia.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—The cable censor announces that from now on telegrams, both personal and commercial, will be allowed to and from Palestine, Mesopotamia and the occupied parts of Syria. By the last expression may be understood those parts of Syria north of Palestine, up to the Gulf of Alexandretta, and extending from the coast to a line passing through Damascus, Baalbec, Homs and Aleppo to Bagdche.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

NOW DO BE POLITE.

There's going to be more than enough for everybody.

Unless somebody tries to grab more than his share and spills it all.
—New York Tribune.

HOW TORONTO CITY COUNCIL REPRESENTS THE PEOPLE

Is Composed of Twenty-Five Conservatives Three Liberals, and One Independent—Methodists Are in the Majority.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Now that the smoke of battle has cleared away, and the victors can be separated from those who went down to defeat, an analysis of the new Council is possible. From a political standpoint, the Conservatives have gained materially by the change, there being 25 members of that party in the new Council, as compared with only 20 in the 1918 Council. The Liberals had four members in last year's Council, but only three in this. There is one Independent and one Labor member, Controller Robbins.

As far as the religious beliefs of the members, the Methodists will be far in the lead, with 11 members of that Church sitting, practically the same number as last year. The Anglicans have 8 members; the Presbyterians have 7. Controller Caneron will be the lone Baptist, while the Congregationalists will be represented by F. W. Johnston. Although four Roman Catholic were in the field, including candidates for the Board of Education, not one was elected.

The prospects appear good for the reconstruction period, there being six builders in the new Council. Four of the new members are listed as "retired"; three are lawyers, three manufacturers, three insurance agents; three journalists, two merchants, two business agents, one master barber, one broker, one steamfitters' supplies agent, and one secretary. The names and analysis follow:

Politics.

Conservatives: Church, Robbins, McBride, Hiltz, Honeyford, Ball, Beamish, F. W. Johnston, Cowan, Nesbitt, McMulkin, Graham, Plewman, Blackburn, Birdsall, Sykes, Ryding, Cameron, MacGregor, Williamson, Winnett, Baker, Miskelly, Mogridge and Maher—25.

Liberals: Maguire, Ramsden, F. M. Johnston, 3.

Independent: F. G. I. Whetter.

Religion.

Methodists — McBride, Robbins, Hiltz, F. M. Johnston, Ramsden, Graham, Plewman, Blackburn, Honeyford, Birdsall, Sykes, Winnett—12.

Presbyterian — Maguire, Nesbitt, Beamish, MacGregor, Whetter, Miskelly, Maher—7.

Anglican—Church, Ball, Ryding, McMulkin, Cowan, Williamson, Baker and Mogridge—8.

Congregational—F. W. Johnston.

Baptist—Cameron.

Business or Profession.

Builders—Hiltz, Birdsall, Sykes, MacGregor, Maher, Williamson—6.

Retired—F. W. Johnston, Cowan, Graham, Miskelly—4.

Manufacturers—F. M. Johnston, Cameron, Winnett—3.

Lawyers—Church, Honeyford, Nesbitt—3.

Insurance — Maguire, McMulkin, Blackburn—3.

Journalists—Plewman, Ball, Mogridge—3.

Business agent—Fenwick, Baker.—2.

Merchants—Whetter.

Master Barber—Beamish.

Broker—Ramsden.

Steamfitters' Supplies—Ryding.

Secretary—Robbins.

AMATEUR NIGHT AT THE GRAND

FOUR CONTESTANTS LAST NIGHT FOR THE THREE CASH PRIZES.

At the Grand Opera House last night the second of the amateur contests was held and from the crowd and the enthusiasm displayed it is evident that these contests are likely to prove a popular feature of the There were four entries last night.

Mr. John Smith, the accomplished baritone, sang a solo and responded to an insistant encore. His performance was greeted with a thunder of applause.

Primeau, Leonard and Morphet, the well known local actors appeared in their play "The Coon Rehearsal" which has been favorably received in the city on numerous occasions. Mr. Leonard took the role of the ghost and Mr. Morphet that of the colored man who furnishes all the comedy in the piece.

Clarke and Quinta, the first with his banjo and the latter as a clog dancer were also on the program.

Mr. Jack Perdue, the last amateur to appear, was the victim of nervousness, but did his best in the rendition of a song.

Then the contestants in the order in which they appeared were paraded across the stage, the applause that each received to decide the winners of the three cash prizes. The volumes of noisy praise increased as the procession passed before the footlights. The friends of the various contestants strove to outdo all previous demonstrations and they succeeded admirably. The dancing appeared the most popular feature of the entertainment, the play the second, while Mr. Smith's classical work was given third place.

There was an interesting and varied exhibition of moving pictures presented during the evening and the theatre was well filled by an appreciative audience. Tonight, one of the best plays now before the public, "Turn to the Right," will be presented.

NP SOAP

Many Competitors but No Rivals

Scene from D. W. Griffith's wonderful photoplay, "Hearts of the World," at the Grand for three days, commencing with matinee Thursday at 2.30.

The music scene of "Hearts of the World" is the most fascinating to any you heard with any picture production as was adapted by the same as the manager that arranged "Birth of a Nation." The Royal Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Mr. Julia Brazil and made up of artist musicians, give a magnificent interpretation of this fonderful music. This part of the program alone is worth the price of admission, even though you were not to witness the most marvellous photo drama ever created. Don't miss it.

Lewis Board of Trade supports the Three Rivers Board in the request that bilingual inscriptions be placed on the new Canadian coins shortly to be issued.

Damage estimated by the officials of the company at $100,000 was done by fire at the premises of the Belgo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Company, Shawinigan Falls.

OAK HALL

WEDNESDAY ATTRACTIONS MERIT YOUR ATTENTION

WEDNESDAY'S LIST OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR. YOU WILL BE GRATIFIED WITH THE RESULTS OF YOUR SHOPPING.

JUST HALF PRICE

A range of very attractive models in Children's Suits, from 2 to 6 years; well made, good cloths. These are broken lines and must be cleared, so we have just cut the price in two—**Half Price.**

Two Blue and Black Suit Specials

Men's Blue and Black Vicuna Suits, ordinary sacque style and new English model. Fast colors; good weight linings, and make the very best suits. Worth about half as much again. Clearing at **$18.00**

Two Underwear Specials

A line of Penman's flat knit wool Shirts and Drawers; broken sizes left from our last season. Worth $1.50 ... Clearing at **$1.00**

A line of "Mercury" flat knit pure wool Shirts and Drawers. All sizes; extra good value at $2.00 ... Clearing at **$1.69**

Sweaters and Jerseys for Wednesday Clearance

Two lines of Men's Sweater Coats, in dark and mid grey; shawl collar, pure worsted face.
Coats worth $6.50, clearing at **$4.50**
Coats worth $8.50, clearing at **$6.50**

BOYS' WOOL JERSEYS

Navy and grey English worsted Jerseys, button neck, and guaranteed fast color. All sizes up to 32. Worth $2.00. Clearing at **$1.50**

Don't miss this line.

These are only a few of our many special values during our winter clearance sale. Special prices on every line.

409-11 George St. **OAK HALL** Phone 944

684th Bargain Annex Event

The First 1919 Bargain Annex Registered Sale Event

Wednesday, Jan. 8th, 1919

A WONDERFUL RECORD has been made in the past year, up to which the ANNEX must live. The Annex sales for 1918 showed an exceptional increase, away the largest in the history of this great BARGAIN DEPARTMENT, and for 1919 we promise an even greater turnover of wantable, dependable merchandise at prices that are always less than the regular. Visit in the Annex every Wednesday during 1919--that's a worth-while New Years Resolution.

Ladies' Warm Long Black Tights, $1.19 — Watson's make in long black equestrians. They are closely knit, fine, with jersey snug fitting tops. Five dozen only for this big bargain sale to-morrow. Annex price .. **$1.19**

$3.25 Snowflake Bed Quilts $2.49—A splendid quality of honeycomb bed spreads, mercerised finish, that wash well. Size 72 x 78. They are good value at the regular price, $3.25. Buy them in the Annex on Wednesday ... **$2.49**

2 ONLY USED SEWING MACHINES TO CLEAR AT $4.95—Two machines that have been used in our work rooms but have been repaced by newer models. They have been thoroughly cleaned and oiled and are quite suitable for plain sewing. Come early for one of these machines. To clear at the low Annex price **$4.95**

LEADER.

HALF PRICE SALE OF COTTON BATTS 49c

Unbleached, two-pound, comforter size Cotton Batts. Six cases of them. They were ordered bleached, and in error came unbleached, hence this great value half price Annex Sale on Wednesday. The dependable Sanit make of cotton batting, in large rolls. Don't miss this excellent bargain in the Annex; leader at half price ... **49c**

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S LONG WOOL MITTS, 39c—Our very best qualities, all-wool long mitts. Colors: white, red, navy and black. Made with deep ribbed cuffs. In the regular stock the ladies' sizes are 75c, misses' 60, and children's 50c. ... **39c** All one price in the Annex .....

LEADER.

LADIES' $2.25 EXTRA QUALITY FLANNELETTE GOWNS $1.79

We urge our Annex customers to see these Flannelette Nightgowns; they are exceptionally good qualities. Dainty silk embroidered and tucked yokes with long sleeves and buttoned fronts. Even at the regular selling price, $2.25, they are splendid value. At the first 1919 Annex Sale price **$1.79**

LEADER.

HALF PRICE AND LESS FOR 1,000 YARDS OF EMBROIDERY EDGINGS, Yard 5c

A most sensational Embroidery Sale. Over a thousand yards and everyp iece is regular 10c or 12½c value. Widths are four and five inches, and there is a selection of twenty pretty patterns. Come earlyf or the first choice. As a leader at the first 1919 Annex Sale, yard **5c**

On Sale Sharp 8.30 a.m.

LEADER

A Rush Clear-Awny Sale of Former Season Ladies' Coats at $3.99

Ten in the lot, all ladies' high grade cloth coats. Former season models that were priced from $20.00 to $35.00. Colors are: grey, black, brown, red, fawn. The Annex rush clearing price is only the cost of a yard of the cloth to-day. Come early to-morrow. They go on sale sharp at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. Every one a tremendous bargain. In the Annex at **$3.95**

LEADER.

MEN'S $2.89 and $3.00 COAT SWEATERS $1.69

A splendid lot of Men's Sweater Coats, heavy ribbed knit, high buttoned collars and two pockets. Color combinations include brown with green, green with navy, olive with brown, navy with maroon, all heather and all brown. Remarkable value garments at the Leader price of the first 1919 Annex Sale **$1.69**

$3.50 FLANNELETTE BLANKETS, $2.39—Less than to-day's mill price for these best Canadian made blankets, in 11/4 size. There are eighty pairs of white and only a few pairs of grey. No 'phone orders and not more than two pairs to a buyer. In the Annex, pair **$2.39**

$1.25 P. C. Corsets, 98c — Ten dozen long model P. C. Corsets, in a good range of sizes from 19 to 30. Medium low busts and they have four attached hose supporters. A recognized leader in the trade, $1.25 corsets. Wednesday Annex bargain **98c**

$3.00 Bleached Damask Table Cloths, $2.29 — Full bleached damask cloths, with border pattern running all around; hemmed ends, all ready for use, in sizes 66 x 66 inches; really excellent qualities. Buy them in the Annex at **$2.29**

50c and 59c RIBBED CASHMERE HOSE, Pair 39c—A complete range of sizes from 7½ to 10 in 2/1 ribbed Cashmere Hose. The popular winter weight stockings for boys, girls and ladies. Our main floor prices are 50c and 59c, according to size. At the first 1919 Annex Sale **39c**

LEADER.

LADIES' and MISSES' $3.50 to $4.00 BRUSHED WOOL SETS $2.49

A particularly low price even for the Annex for these fine quality Brushed Wool Sets. All are bright, new goods, fresh in stock this season. The regular values are $3.50, $3.55 and $4.00. A splendid selection of colors and color combinations. As a leader for the first 1919 Annex event at **$2.49**

LEADER.

25c WHITE DIMITY MUSLIN Yard 16c

About three hundred yards of fine qualities, all white dimity muslins, in dainty check patterns. They are especially good value at our regular selling price of 25c, and the Annex Leader price is considerably less than to-day's factory cost. As a Wednesday Annex Leader at, yard **16c**

Interesting Price Savings on These Lines

Ladies' 50c Grey Undervests 39c
12/4 Ibex Flannelette Blankets, grey only.. $3.29
Cressman's "Yellow Wrapper" Laundry Soap ..... 5 Bars 39c
Ladies' Knit Gloves, in black, white, grey, Pr. 19c
Ladies' 35c Seamless Hose, fast black 27c
Men's Heavy Wool Socks, in grey and khaki 49c
Ladies' 25c and 35c Collars, odd lines to clear 10c
50c Special Quality Grey Flannel 39c
22c Full Bleached Steamboom 15c
Infants' Undervests, "mill seconds" ... 2 for 25c

Annex Opens at 8.30 a. m. The CRESSMAN Company Limited Annex Closes at 5.30 p. m.

CORONER'S JURY

(Continued from Page One.)

He then read the report of the post mortem which had been conducted by himself and Dr. Cameron, on December 3st. The finding briefly was that judging from the appearance of the stomach and other organs of deceased, death was the result of taking some local, strong and irritant poison.

As bearing indirectly on the case Dr. Wood stated that on Sunday night he had been called to the Faux home and had attended the elder brother, who was suffering from the effects of drinking the same concoction as proved fatal to Bourgon. The doctor treated him and he recovered. On Monday night he was called to see Emmet Faux who was unconscious and whom he had removed to the hospital where Faux although stone blind for several days had made such a good recovery as to permit of his entering the witness box in connection with the case.

To Safeguard the Public

In answer to a question put by the Crown Attorney as to what preventative measures he would suggest in connection with the abusive handling of alcohol the doctor replied that it should be treated as a deadly poison.

Dr. Cameron who was associated with Dr. Wood in conducting the post morten stated that he had signed the report submitted by the preceding witness and agreed with its finding. In regard to the selling of wood alcohol he stated that it was quantities to use as an anti-freezing liquid for auto radiators.

Dr. Greer—"Don't you think the public should be safeguarded against its indiscriminate use?"

Dr. Cameron replied in the affirmative stating that it was a very dangerous poison.

No Restrictions on Sale

Mr. C. M. Moncur was the next witness. He stated that he did not handle wood alcohol in his drug store, only Columbian and methylated spirits. He explained the composition of each preparation and stated that methylated spirits was nothing more or less than ordinary grain alcohol treated by the government with wood alcohol in order to make it poisonous and undrinkable.

There was no limitations placed on the sale of these commodities by the government. Druggists were not required to register sales of that kind and the only obligation of the druggist was that he place a label on the bottle with the word "poison" thereon in letters of a good size. This alcohol was so refined to under the Ontario Temperance Act. It was a poison [illegible] undrinkable for that reason. Questioned on that point, Mr. Moncur stated that it was put as palatable as turpentine and so were poisonous. He did not see how restrictions could be placed upon the sale of the preparation. It was a commercial commodity used by painters in making varnish, etc., and in anti-freezing solutions for auto radiators in the cold weather. It was not similar in any way to grain alcohol and the only element of trouble was the name, alcohol. Mr. Moncur suggested that the name might be changed to metaylene or some such term and thus eliminate the suggestive term now applied to it which led many uninformed persons to believe that ti was not a poison and that the druggists were only bluffing when they labelled it such.

Mr. Moncur stated that his clerk sold Faux a bottle of alcohol on Saturday, Dec. 8th and later in the day he sold him another bottle himself. Faux stated that he wanted it for a horse and as it is often used for such a purpose, Mr. Moncur did not doubt him. He labelled both bottles poison.

Labelled as Poison

Mr. Joseph Clancey, the clerk who sold Faux his first bottle of alcohol, was the next witness. He stated that he had sold him a bottle which according to the buyer was for a horse. He remarked that it was poison and labelled it such.

Does Not Require Restriction

Mr. McDairmid, president of the local association of druggists was next examined. He described in technical terms the composition of wood alcohol, Columbian and methylated spirits. He did not see why the sale of alcohol should be restricted. It was a poison and so were many other drugs which people werenot required to sign for when buying.

Faux Still Sick

Emmett Faux was the last witness. He looked far from well and Coroner Greer directed that a chair be placed in the witness box for him. He told his story which was none too clear in regard to time and other points of importance.

Witness claimed that he had taken only $3.00 from Bourgon for the alcohol. He corroborated what the widow had said in regard to her husband refusing the first bottle he had offered him. He stated that it was Bourgon who had suggested getting the concoction which he made by mixing Columbian spirits equally with ginger wine. He admitted that the bottle had been labelled poison and upon drawing the attention of Bourgon to that fact the reply was "that's all bluff on the part of the druggists." Bourgon had asked that the stuff be brought to his home in a ginger wine bottle so that his wife would no see the poison label on the druggist's bottle.

A peculiar feature of the case was that when the bottle which was still half full was submitted to Mr. Moncur he stated that it was not Columbian spirits that was in it but methylated alcohol. He stated after rubbing it on the palm of his hand that there was a difference between the two preparations which was easily detected. This would lead to the supposition that if Faux purchased Columbian spirits as Mr. Moncur said he did and as he stated he did it his own evidence he must not have used them in preparing the liquor in that particular bottle.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

YOUR CHOICE SHOWS YOUR GREATNESS

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invariable resolution. When you choose "PEBLO" Glasses, ground and fitted by Dr. Fowler, you have made the right choice because "PEBLO" Glasses are the finest product in lens-making to be found anywhere, and Dr. Fowler is an expert in prescribing the proper corrections for your eyes.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailments. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

GOVERNMENT TAKES ESTATE

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Because there was no living relative to receive it, the estate of Mary Caroline McGarr, who died on May 15th, 1917, in St. Patrick's Asylum, leaving personal property valued at 4,710.29, has gone into the coffers of the Ontario Government.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

Y.W.C.A. WHATS DOING THIS WEEK

The Gymnasium Classes at the Young Women's Christian Association are now re-opened for the New Year term. New members should register as early as possible.

Monday and Thursday evening classes will be open for spectators during the month of January.

The programme for this week is as follows:—

Tuesday, 6 to 9.30—Girls' Club Classes.

Wednesday, 4.30 to 5.30—Junior School Girls.

Wednesday 8 to 9 — Advanced Class.

Thursday, 8 to 9.30—Business Girls Intermediate Class.

Friday, 10.30 a.m.—Ladies' Class.

Friday, 4.30 to 5.30 — Senior School Girls.

Saturday—9.30 to 10:30—Juniors. 10.30 to 11.30, Babies' Class; 2 to 3 Junior Club Class.

On Saturday evening there will a snow shoe tramp to which all members are invited, leaving the Y.W.C.A. at 7.30.

TO REBUILD FRANCE.

Canadian Credits Likely To Be Established at Early Date.

Ottawa, Jan. 7. — With reference to the matter of Canadian credits to be available for the purchase of commodities in Canada required for the rebuilding and reconstruction of France, it is stated officially that immediately after the signing of the armistice, negotiations were opened by the Minister of Finance with representatives of the French government in the United States looking to the establishments of such credits. The matter was duly placed before the French government for consideration, and it is expected that the members of the Dominion Government now overseas and the representatives of the Canadian Trade Mission, who are about to visit Paris, will be able to complete arrangements at an early date. The Government here has cabled all necessary information as to the terms of the proposed credit.

WILL ROUND UP ALL DEFAULTERS

DOMINION POLICE RECEIVE ORDERS TO RENEW THEIR ACTIVITIES.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Within a week the Dominion Police under Capt. Thomas Flanagan will resume their task of apprehending defaulters and deserters under the Military Service Act. When the armistice was signed numbers of men were awaitng calls for service and had received extensions of exemption. Within a week or so these will have been sifted out fromt hose who are liable to arrest. To avoid unpleasant situations it was decided to move slowly until the Registrar had completed his duties.

The demobilization of soldiers from overseas and those who were awaiting orders in this district when hostilities suddenly ceased is being speedily proceeded with. Eight thousand men have returned from overseas to this district within the past two months, and a considerable number has been discharged. In addition 2,900 men who were on duty in the district have been released from further service. It is stated that the accommodation necessary for demobilization when the military authorities will have to vacate the Exhibition buildings which are now being used will be secured by renting buildings adjacent to the railway sidings, and possibly the airplane factory of the Curtis firm on Dufferin street.

CALL TO WOODSTOCK CHURCH

Woodstock, Jan. 7.—The congregation of Oxford Street Baptist Church has extended a unanimous call to Rev. H. C. Ackland, of Toronto, to become their pastor. This charge was renedered vacant by the resignation of Rev. O. E. Routledge, who has accepted a pastorate in Buffalo.

Prof. W. H. Day has resigned from the staff of the Ontario Agricultural College to take a position with a manufacturing firm in Guelph.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Ratepayers of North Monaghan:

Ladies and gentlemen—As the defeated candidate at the recent election, I wish to express my thanks for the support given. I also wish to thank heartily those who worked hard and faithfully in my behalf.

H. B. RYE.

CARD OF THANKS

To North Monaghan Electors:

Ladies and gentlemen—Permit me to take this opportunity of thanking most heartily all who by their vote and support contributed to my re-election as Reeve of North Monaghan. With renewed assurance that my best energies shall be devoted to the township's interests.

Yours truly,

JOHN McINTOSH

Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined. Better join the first class by having us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.

Real Estate and Insurance, Automobile Licenses

DISTRICT AGENTS FOR SECURITY LIFE

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

TECHNICAL AND INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL CLASSES REOPEN THIS WEEK--READ AD. ON PAGE 8

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Forelady to take charge of fur manufacturing department of Old Established Fur House in Ontario; good wages and future for the right person. Write Box 229.

WANTED.

WANTED—Job as cook, with about eight years' experience. Apply to George Vanclief, Coe Hill, Ont.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company, 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 955.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Persian Lamb Coat in splendid condition at a bargain. Apply Review Office.

FOR SALE—Four first-class milking cows, including one new-milch cow and calf, excellent stock. Apply Jas. O'Connell, 587 Concession St.

FOR SALE—Duffus Garage, 100 lengths of stove pipes.

LOST.

LOST—On Friday evening, between Simcoe and London streets, on Reid St., a silver slipper. Finder please leave at the Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN MONEY TO LOAN At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY MONEY TO LOAN.

Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION

The Leow Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call. Phone No. 497 Night 188

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OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WAIN-SLEY Osteopath Physician. Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and PITTSTON COAL IS THE BEST

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY COAL DEALERS

141 Hunter Street, East City Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Children's Aid Society —of— Peterborough City and County FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN G. W. POWELL Asst. Secretary and Inspector office, 388 George St. Phone 1044w Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Ali. McDonald Estate

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING Barristers, Solicitors. 408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON County Crown Attorney. Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 327½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD Barrister, Solicitor, Notary office over Dominion Bank cor. George and Simcoe Streets Telephone No. 22. Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment. E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill. MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment. D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery 134½ Hunter St. Peterborough Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY Silver Medalist, University of Toronto Special attention to diseases of Women and Children. Office: 212 Brock Street. Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 922.

DR. BUCHANAN F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

COAL ...AND... Builders' Supplies Hardwood Flooring Robt. Hicks & Co. LIMITED

Canada Food Board License No. 8-089

D. M. MINICOLA Best Fruit— Cheap Best Vegetables Reasonable Best Groceries At Right Prices 410½ GEORGE STREET Bell Phone 935

BUSINESS PROFITS WAR TAX TO YIELD OVER $65,000,000

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—The total amount of assessments made under the Business Profits War Tax Act to date is over $58,000,000, of which over $54,000,000 have been collected. It is estimated that by the end of the present fiscal year about $65,000,000 will be realized. This is more than double the estimate made in the budget speech, in which the Business Profits War Tax Act was introduced.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

WORK AGENCIES EAST AND WEST

GOV'T REPRESENTATIVES WILL TAKE UP ORGANIZATION AT ONCE.

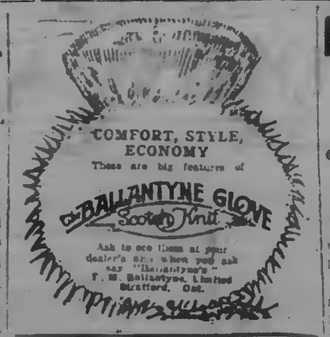
Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Bryce M. Stewart, Director of Labor Research and Employment Service, who has charge of the Federal Government's work in connection with the establishment of employment agencies and clearing houses throughout the country will leave about the middle of the week for Winnipeg. While there he will meet Thomas Molloy, Secretary of the Saskatchewan Bureau of Labor, who is taking charge of organization work in the west for the Federal Government, to discuss the opening of the Government employment clearing house at Winnipeg. Mr. Molloy has already discussed with the Western Provincial Governments the points at which employment offices will be established, and has assisted at the installation of some of them. The better control of private employment agencies has also been the subject of communication between the Western Provincial Governments and Mr. Molloy.

The work of organizing the system of employment agencies in the Maritime Provinces has been placed in charge of E. McG. Quirk of the Canada Registration Board, who leaves Ottawa to-morrow evening, and will have a conference with members of the New Brunswick Government on January 9. The Dominion Government intends opening about a dozen employment agencies throughout the Maritime Provinces, and also one clearing house for labor. The financial burden will be borne by the Federal Government, as the Provincial Governments of the Maritime Provinces are not yet able to support it, but it is hoped to secure the co-operation of the municipalities to the extent of obtaining free premises, light and heat, the Government meeting all salary and other expenses. Mr. Quirk will also visit Halifax and Charlottetown.

UNIQUE SERVICE IN MONTREAL

PROTESTANTS AND NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING CLERGY JOIN IN SACRAMENT.

Montreal, Jan. 7.—A service that was probably unique in the history of Protestant Churches of Montreal was held in the American Presbyterian Church on Sunday. Holy Communion was administered by Rev. Dr. Johnston, who was assisted by representatives of all the Protestant churches of the city as well as by representatives of non-English-speaking congregations. The Welsh Church was represented by Rev. W. Jones, the Italian Church by Rev. Raphael de Piero, the French churches by Rev. Prof. Bieler, and the Chinese church by Rev. Mr. Thomson. The service was thus remarkable for its comprehensive national character as well as for its unity of spirit. The congregation was a large one, including members of many congregations, as well as several visitors to the city. In concluding the service, Rev. Dr. Johnston referred to it as a happy augury of the larger spirit of unity and brotherhood that characterized the new era, a spirit in which the Christian churches must lead.


COMFORT, STYLE, ECONOMY
These are big features of
The BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Ask to see them at your dealer's and when you ask say "Ballantyne's"
D. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.

CHURCH UNION IN SMITH

Baptists and Methodist United For Week of Prayer.

Methodist and Baptist Churches of Smith Township have united for this week for the observance of Week of Prayer. Two services have been held at Bridgenorth Methodist Church and two are to be held at the Gilmour Memorial Church and two at the church in Selwyn.

The pastor of the Methodist Church conducts the meeting in the Baptist Church, and the pastor of the Baptist Church preaches in the Methodist edifice. The attendance so far has been exceedingly good considering the amount of sickness in the community.

Peterboro Asked To Raise $30,000

Brigadier Jennings, representative of the executive of the Salvation Army Million Dollar Campaign is in the city for a few days in the interests of the movement here. He is by no means a stranger in Peterborough having been stationed with the local corps about twelve years ago.

There will be a meeting of Chairman Aylmer and his team captains in Mr. Dobbin's office tonight to complete the organization and to prepare for the drive to be launched on Jan. 19th, with an objective for the city and county of $30,000.

Sometimes Judge Too Hastily.

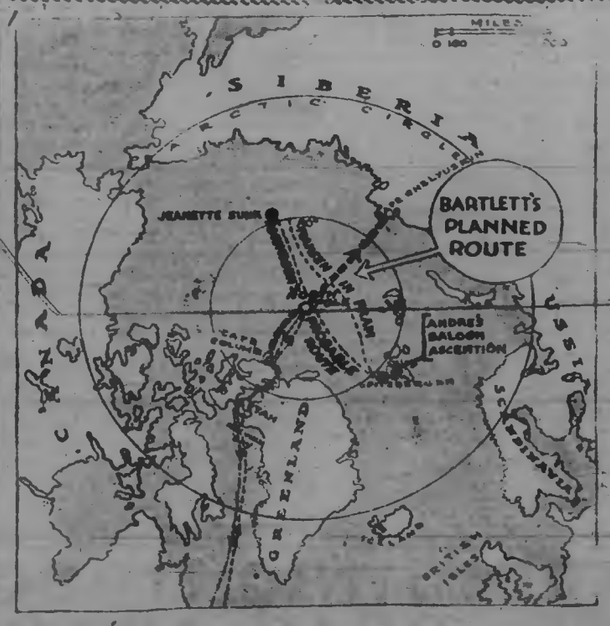
It might be advisable for us to sound our own depths and backgrounds and cultivate a certain perspective and foreground for the people we ruthlessly condemn as hopelessly impossible, and so put so much greater an impediment in the way of their advancement to better things. Criticism is a cruel and too often an entirely unnecessary weapon to wield against those with whom we come in contact. There are very few people who are really "impossible" if only we would make the effort to find their good and worthwhile virtues.—Exchange.

Crimean War.

The Crimean war occurred in 1853-55, between Russia on one side and the allied forces of Turkey, France and Great Britain on the other. It grew out of dominating and aggressive claims by Russia. The war took its name from that it was mainly waged in a Russian peninsula on the border of the Black sea, a strip of country called Krim or Crim by the Russians and Anglicized as Crimea, pronounced Crim-ea, with the I short as in criminal and accent on the second syllable.

Cops Stand the Strain.

A well-known scientist informs us that closing the eyes and relaxing the muscles for a space of five minutes several times a day helps one to stand the strain of war-time conditions. And here we have been blaming the cop when they were doing a wise and excellent thing, especially when they were waited by belated citizens, who were holding a hurried session with



This map shows the route which Captain R. A. Bartlett, of Sydney, N.S., proposes to take in his air flight across the north pole this summer. He will have rivals in English and Danish explorers.

POPE BENEDICT MEETS WILSON

GIVES AUDIENCE TO AMERICAN PRESIDENT IN THE THRONE ROOM.

Rome, Jan. 7.—President Wilson was received at the Vatican by Pope Benedict.

The President's arrival was announced by the Master of the Chamber to the Pope who awaited the President in the throne room where placed. The President was admitted immediately to the presence of the Pope who was gowned in white.

On his way to the throne room the President was accompanied by a procession of Vatican servants. The procession made its way through halls filled with antique pictures and precious tapestries.

As the President entered the antechamber to the Papal apartments he was preceded by the pontifical chamberlain. Gendarmes in immense busbies and the Palatine Guard and the Noble Guard in their red tunics were drawn up to meet him.

In his conversation with President Wilson the Pontiff gave expression to identical sentiments and enlarged upon the themes. In view of the President's recognition of the papal peace offer months ago the reception of the American executive at the Vatican today was looked forward to with great interest in all official circles and the warm greetings exchanged by President and Pontiff were comented upon with much satisfaction here. President while here continued the discussion of Italy's proposed claims before the peace conference, but the measure of the American support of them has not yet been fully developed and seem not likely to be before further conferences.

Old New York Tree.

The oldest tree in New York, or anywhere near the city, is probably the famous tulip tree near the south bank of the Harlem ship canal, a few hundred yards from the Hudson river. The foresters have estimated its age at something near three centuries, but that guess may be somewhat short of its true age, for the trunk is far from symmetrical, and had been subjected to hard usage before the park department repaired its burned and rotted interior and put an iron fence around it to keep vandals at a distance.

Ideal Union.

What greater thing is there for two human souls, than to feel that they are joined for life—to strengthen each other in all labor, to rest in each other in all sorrow, to minister to each other in all pain, to be one with each other in silent, unspeakable memories at the moment of the last parting?—George Eliot.

Sang Praises of Heroes.

According to classic mythology Clio was the goddess who sang of glorious actions, bestowing her praise on heroes. An ancient statue represents her as a beautiful woman with a roll of manuscript and the trumpet of fame in her hand, as if recording and spreading the fame of heroes.

Latin Derivative.

Corporal is derived from the same Latin word as captain, but with an admixture of the meaning and spelling of the English word corps. Caporalis in medieval Latin meant a chief or commander; hence the French caporal.

Teach Children to Be Kind.

It has been truly said that any person who deliberately tortures a dumb animal would commit any crime not requiring courage. Teach children kindness to animals.

When Woman Brags.

Our observation is that when a woman has had the same cook for five years, and the same husband for ten, she brags mostly on the cook.—Galveston News.

Electricity for Tractors.

A Swedish inventor claims to have satisfactorily applied electric power to tractors and other farm machinery.

Daily Thought.

Zeal is blind, or badly regulated, when it encroaches upon the rights of others.—Pasquier Quesnel.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES 23 THE PROPRIETARY

THIS WOMAN ONLY WEIGHED 90 POUNDS

TAKES TANLAC AND SHE NOW WEIGHS 135 POUNDS—CONDITION WAS ALARMING.

"When my wife began taking Tanlac she only weighed ninety pounds and she now weighs on hundred and thirty-five, giving her an actual gain of forty-five pounds," said Clarence E. Malin, the well-knwon contractor, living at 815 West Fifty-first street, Seattle, Wash., recently.

Mr. Martin's statement, while indeed remarkable, is by no means exceptional, as thousands of well-known people all over America have testified that they have used the Master Medicine with the same astonishing and gratifying results.

"Mrs. Milan commenced to fail in strength and go down hill two years, just after the birth of our last baby," continued Mr. Malin. "Her appetite was very poor and she would get so weak and dizzy at times that she would have to catch hold of something to keep from falling. The least little thing would bring on one of these dizzy spells. She always suffered this way just after getting up in the morning and was hardly ever free from headaches. I have known her to go five or six nights in succession without getting any sound sleep and I don't see how on earth she ever managed to law down every little while during the day. As I said before, she only weighed ninety pounds and her condition was getting to be alarming.

"She never seemed to be able to get anything to help her, so I got her to take Tanlac and now she is just like a new person and I have never seen her looking better. Her appetite is just fine, she thoroughly enjoys her food and has not had a sign of dizziness since she began taking Tanlac. She sleeps like a child now, is cheerful and happy all the time and her work is not the least trouble to her.

"Well, I had been suffering a great deal with rheumatism in my arms and shoulders. I could scarcely raise my hands to my head and my right arm especially was so stiff that it took every bit of nerve and will power I had to do any work. So I decided to try Tanlac myself, as it was doing my wife so much good and now I never feel a sign of rheumatism. I can swing my arms and use them without feeling a pain of any kind and I also have picked up five or six pounds since I began taking the medicine. I certainly have every reason for praising Tanlac, for it has been a wonderful thing for both my wife and myself."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Dentke; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Live stock receipts were fair, trade quiet, prices generally steady.

Choice export cattle	$13.75	$15.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	11.75
Choice butcher cows	9.25	10.75
Feeding steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.50	10.75
Lambs	15.75	16.00
Hogs f. o. b.	17.50	17.75
Calves	17.00	17.50

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	.75	.80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1.05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00

Hides.

Beef hides	0.12	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

There was a con test for the Aylmer Council the first in four years. Mayor Wright and Reeve McKinney were re-elected by acclamation.

Piano Tuning Phone 595 The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—495-497 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Good Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Good Hard Wood, $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD Phone 111

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST. PHONES 270-562

IRVIN COBB ON SALVATION ARMY

BEARS TESTIMONY TO GOOD WORK DONE AMONG SOLDIERS AT FRONT.

(Saturday Evening Post)

I have yet to meet any soldier, whether a brigadier or a private soldier, who, if he spoke at all of the Salvation Army, did not speak in terms of fervent gratitude for the aid that the Salvation Army are rendering so unostentatiously and yet so very effectively. Let a sizable body of troops move from one station to another and hard on its heels came a squad of men and women of the Salvation Army. An army truck may bring them, or it may be that they have a battered jitney to move them and their scanty outfits. Usually they do not ask for help from anyone in reaching their destination. They find lodgment in a wrecked shell of a house or in the corner of a barn. By main force and awkwardness they set up their equipment, and very soon the word is spread among the troops that at such-and-such a place the Salvation Army is serving free hot drinks and free doughnuts and free pies. It specializes in doughnuts, the Salvation Army in the field does, the real, old-fashioned, home-made ones that taste of home to a home-sick soldier boy.

I did not see this, but one of my associates did. He saw it last winter in a dismal hole on the Toul sector. A file of our troops were finishing a long hike through rain and snow, over roads knee-deep in half-thawed icy slush. Cold and wet and miserable, they came tramping into a cheerless, half-empty town within sound and range of the German guns. They found a reception committee awaiting them there—in the person of two Salvation Army lasses and one Salvation Army Captain. The women had a fire going in the dilapidated oven of a vanished villager's kitchen.

One of them was rolling out the batter on a plank with an old wine bottle for a rolling pin and using the top of a tin can to cut the dough into circular strips. The other woman was cooking the doughnuts and as fast as they were cooked the man served them out, spitting hot, to hungry, wet boys clamoring about the door, and nobody was asked to pay a cent.

WELL-WE HAD A FINE LONG WALK MAGGIE
COME TELL ME ALL ABOUT IT-
I LIKE TO GO OUT WITH MY UNCLE-
WELL GO OUT TOMORROW FOR A WALK-
WILL YOU STOP IN AN GIT ME SOME PRETZELS TOO?
WHAT!
I SUPPOSE YOU GOT THEM IN A DRUG STORE
11-22

BRINGING UP FATHER By George McManus

CONNIE MACK'S GUESS

Connie Mackq predicts—thus starting the season very early — that "the's nothing to it," between the Athletics and the other teams next year, if only Uncle Sam will release the club's former players from the army and navy before springtime rolls around. Mack's complete rooster for 1919 includes Pitchers Perry, Gregg, Noyes, Naylor, Jing-Johnson, Siebold, Adams, Myers, Watson, Geary, Anderson and O'Keefe; Catchers Haley, Cdy and Murphy; Infielders George Burns, Shannon, Dugan, Gardner, Witt, Bates and Dykes; Outfielders Walker, Kopp, Bailey and Sharman. Mack is of the opinion that in the pitching department the Athletics will compare favorably with the best teams in the American League.

As Charlie Says:—

What YOU need is an Arabela. Remember the name. It's the best cigar ever sold for ten cents.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON ... Mgr

ATHLETES WHO DIED DURING 1918

More than a thought must be given to the men prominent in sports who passed along in the year 1918. The war and natural causes cut deeply—so deeply that it is impossible to publish the full list.

On the honor roll of those who died in the service are the names of more than 150 athletes, mostly college men, who made the supreme sacrifice, while among those who died frof natural causes were John L. Sullivan, Charley Mitchell and Terry McGovern, famous in boxing; who made names on the djamond; H. C. "Cad" Doggett, Jesse Lewisohn, Sol Lichtenstein and Jacob "Sik" O'Loughlin and Pat Tebeau, Pincus, widely known in racing, and Martin Sheridan.

Among those who died in service were Hobey Baber, Johnny Overton, Alex Wilson, Johnny Poe, "Harvard Eddie" Grant, Garret Coohran and Sturgis Pishon.

Following is a list of those best known:

Thoroughbred Racing.

Jacon Pincus, H. C. Hallenbeck, Sol. Lichtenstein, Charley Patterson, Willie Allen, R. C. "Cad" Doggett, Matt Allen, Jesse Lewisohn, George F. Johnson, "Uncle Jim" Whaley, Louis Cella; Col. J. W. Guist, "Farmer Bill" Scully.

Boxing.

John L. Sullivan, Charley Mitchell, Mike Donovan, Billy Madden, Edward W. Kearney, Terry McGovern, Dick Burge, George La Blanche, Eddie Santry, Eddie Lenny, George Munroe, Clarence Forbes, Matty Baldwin, *Al Thomas, Eddie Martin, Fighting [illegible]

Baseball.

Morton F. Plant, "Silk" O'Loughlin, "Silent" Mike Tierman, Jack Crooks, James McCormick, *"Harvard Eddie" Grant, Larry Chappelle, Pat Tebeau, Dave Roth, Harry Glenn, *John C. Cooper, Sam Reid of Princeton.

Track Athletics.

*Johnny Overton, Martin Sheridan, Gayle A. Dull, *Warren Hobbs, James Maybury, Jack Ryan, *Frank R. Walker, *James McKenna, *Paddy Hynes, *Edward J. Hussey.

Football.

*Sturgis Pishon, *Alex. Wilson, *Garret Cochran, *Johnny Poe, *Joe Duff, *Jeff Healey, *Belvidere Brooks, Jr., *J. A. Emory, *T. W. Ashley, *C. A. Pudrith, *William B. Dean, *Harold F. Eadie, *Hamilton Coolidge, *Hobey Baker.

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect.

WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS

364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car. First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

THREE PLAYERS LAY CLAIM TO YEAR'S BATTING HONORS

Southworth, Wheat and Roush Are Close Together at the Top of National League —Each Has His Supporters.

Since the National League batting averages were published a few days ago the question of "Who is the champion batter of the league?" has come up frequently. It has stirred up considerable discussion among the fans, especially those who had a little wager on who would lead the list. The official figures place the name of Outfielder W. H. Southworth at the top with an average of .341, Z. D. Wheat of Brooklyn second with .335 and Ed Roush of Cincinati third with .333. These three players figure prominently in the controversy as to which is entitled to the crown of champion batsmen of the National League.

President John Heydler of the National league was in Chicago yesterday but he refrained from selecting a champion from among the three men when asked who, in his opinion, was entitled to the honor.

Southworth Has Best Mark

"I do not care to name an official champion. It propably would not be fair to the three men at the head of the list," said Heydler. "Southworth must be given a lot of consideration, although he played in only sixty four games, as compared with 105 by Wheat and 113 by Roush. In an ordinary season Southworth would not be recognized the champion, but in view of the short National League schedule one is compelled to refrain from taking any credit away from him."

Eastern experts and fans are handing the wreath to Wheat, because he played in forty-one games more than Southworth. This and the fact that he batted only six points less than the Pirates' outfielder, they think entitles him to championship. In Pittsburgh Southworth and no one else is regarded as the king of the 1918 batters in the National League, and in Cincinnati the fans believe Roush deserves a lot of credit because he played in 113 games, eight more than Wheat, and batted .333, only two points less than the latter.

Think Roush Deserves Honor

That Cincinnati experts think Roush deserving of at least a piece of the hitting championship is shown by the following article taken from the Cincinnati Times-Star:

"A wonderful catch of a difficult fly ball deprived Ed Roush of the batting championship of the National league. And a strange feature in connection with it is the fact that Roush made the catch himself, and didn't have a hit taken away from him. This apparent impossibility, first pointed out in the Times-Star, is confirmed by the official averages, and goes on record as one of the most freakish happenings, perhaps, in baseball history. If Roush had muffed that fly, or let it drop untouched, he would have led the league in batting.

"During a game against St. Louis with a Cardinal runner on third, Roush tore in for a short, fast-dropping fly. He got hold of the ball but stumbled, went to his knees, and let it go out of his hands. By a marvellous, lightning grab, he got the ball before it touched the ground and, rising, threw to third base, whence the Cardinal runner had started for the plate. Roush claimed a double play on the ground that the runner had left before the ball was caught, and Hank O'Day, the umpire sustained the claim.

Game is Thrown Out

"But the rules say that a runner can start from a base after a fly ball has been "momentarily held." Jack Hendricks, manager of the Cardinals promptly protested the game on the ground that Roush had momentarily held the ball before he dropped and recovered it. The St. Louis claim was allowed; the game, and all that was done therein went off the records. And, as it happened, Roush had made two hits out of three times at bat that afternoon. He lost the hits, and with those hits, he lost the championship and the honor of leading the league two years in succession.

"According to the official records, Zack Wheat of Brooklyn finished with 409 times at bat and 137 hits—a record of .335. Roush wound up with 433 times at bat and 145 hits. Put in the ousted game, and Roush would have had 438 bats with 147 hits—a record of .336."

May Not Declare Champions

Although Southworth, Wheat and Roush are the three leading hitters in the National league, and their friends and admirers in the towns in which they played think they are entitled to the championship, not one of the three will be officially crowned with the title. The season will have to go on without champion unless President Heydler takes it upon himself at a later date to make a ruling that will concede the slugging honors to one of the trio. If he does not do this it will be the first year in which the league has not had a recognized champion.

Clerks Win From East Lawn Bowlers

Last night at the Water street alleys in the five-pin league in B class, the Clerks took two games out of three from the East Lawn Bowlers. Head for the Clerks was high man, with 453. Robson had high single score of the evening, with 241. Elliott, for the East Lawn Bowers, was high with 421. The scores:

Clerks.

	1st	2nd	3rd	P.C.
Ridgeon	147	184	101—	432
Head	131	153	169—	453
Rattenbery	163	120	136—	419
Wood	99	135	130—	364
Robson	84	127	241—	452
Totals	624	719	777—	2120

East Lawn Bowlers.

	1st	2nd	3rd	P.C.
McLean	129	137	96—	362
Oratt	126	150	131—	407
Ivey	101	158	115—	374
Oke	97	154	158—	409
Elliott	155	1b2	124—	421
Totals	608	741	624—	1973

Other Sports.

Swimming—*Cecil Healey, Henry J. Miron. Rowing—David Roach. Golf—*William Cottell, George A. Crump. Hockey—*Oliver M. Chadwick. Trotting—Charles Sanders.

*Died in the service.

Toronto Champs May Visit City

Manager Jake Solomon of the Water Street Bowling Alley has received a wire from Toronto stating that the champion team of that city would like to come to Peterborough for a game with the strong five here. It is likely that a meeting will be arranged for some time this week or the beginning of next and in the event of a contest some fine play may be looked for.

Brantford, after thirty years, has paid in full for the waterworks purchase.

Is Life Insurance Safe?

How often we hear the question, "Would Life Insurance Companies stand the extra strain of a great epidemic?"

This question is now answered by experience. We have passed through the greatest war in history, and on its heels and overlapping it came the most malignant epidemic ever experienced on this Continent, one that claimed more victims in two months from the people of Canada and the United States than the war did in four and one-third years.

The fact that the surplus of every one of the old Established Companies of Canada has not only been maintained but increased, answers the above question most eloquently, and proves that Life Insurance is not only safe, but IMPREGNABLE.

Experience proves that it is as safe as a Victory Bond, and, in the event of death, infinitely better.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA has distributed more to compensate for the terrible wastage of the recent War and Epidemic than any other Company in Canada.

Is it not, then, a wise place in which to carry your Insurance?

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. E. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON, Inspectors PHONE 14

HOCKEY SEASON OPENS TOMORROW

WHITBY INTERMEDIATES WILL PLAY LOCALS AT BROCK STREET RINK.

Tomorow night the first hockey game of the intermediate O. H. A. for this season will be played in the Brock street rink when Whitby with a strong team will face the Peterboro lineup which will be chosen from the following:

Goal, Legros; defence, Laidlaw, Shultz and Lowes; forwards, Halpin, Rose, Evans, Kennealley and Jackson.

As yet the referee has not been agreed upon.

The weather promises good ice for tomorrow and as the Whitby team is well chosen and strong the game will be a fast one and should not be missed by those interested in the play. This is the opening game of the intermediate league and the local executive are anxious that the people turn out well and make a good showing.

The next game of the series will be Peterborough vs. Lindsay on Monday night.

A carload of liquor consigned as "chewing gum" and worth $15,000 is to be dumped into the Red River.

Spanish "flu" has broken out afresh in and around Themesford to an alarming extent.

Gored by a bull, Alfred Crevier, 63, died at Montreal. He had been working in a stable when the bull gored him.

Brock St. RINK Now Open

SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK

Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band

GOOD ICE

Formal opening of London's new half-million-dollar Technical school has been fixed for January 14.

One doctor in Essex county is said to have issued a thousand prescriptions for whiskey in one week.

St. Thomas has started the New Year with a great experiment in the almost complete transformation of the City Council.

Fourteen Chinamen were arrested at Hamilton charged with gampling on the Lord's day.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lost of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Quality and Service

If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices —executed by men who are craftsmen—try the

REVIEW PRINTING Co.

HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, WE USHER IN

Our Great Annual January Clearance Sale

Offering thousands of dollars worth of the Newest High-grade Seasonable Merchandise—in many instances a great deal lower in price than the same qualities could be procured from the manufacturers to day. :: :: All values guaranteed as advertised. See Window Display.

Best Canadian Flannelette, one yard wide, Regular 45c, Sale Price per yard, 29c

A big assortment of neat, new stripes, in a splendid range of colors, and the very best quality Canadian made flannelette; soft, warm quality, evenly napped; suitable for the making of pyjamas, womens' and children's underwear. Full 36 inches wide; all fast colors, and regularly priced at 45c .. January Clearance Sale, yard 29c

A Real Bargain $1.75 Silk Cord Delaine 89c per yard

A rich, soft silk cord fabric, very suitable for afternoon or street costumes, in colors of black, mauve, blue, taupe, green and rose. This is a lovely fabric and a big bargain at the sale price. Regular $1.75. January Clearance Sale, yard 89c

Superfine Damask Table Cloths $4.98

Regular values up to $7.50, and not one cloth worth less than $6.50. All made in Ireland by John S. Brown & Son. These are the best quality satin finish damask, and every cloth is guaranteed to give satisfaction. All new patterns to choose from. Two sizes, 2 x 2 yards and 2½ x 2 yards. January Clearance Sale ... Each $4.98

1.75 White Flannelette Nightgowns $1.23

Women's White Saxony Flannelette Nightgowns, soft, fine quality, high neck style, plain tucked and embroidered yokes, neatly finished around neck and sleeves with frill. Regular $1.75. January Clearance Sale .. Each $1.23

$1.50 Stripe Luvisca Silks, yard 92c

40 inch Stripe Luvisca Silk, an extra heavy weight for waists, skirts, or dresses. Just a few splendid stripes left, in pretty colorings. This is a good wearing and washing silk and sells regularly for $1.50. January Clearance Sale, yard ... 92c

Boys' and Girls' Sweater Coats, the $2.50 kind at $1.98

Boys' and Girls' heavy winter Sweater Coats, woven from good, strong, long-wearing yarn, in plain or pineapple stitch, self and combination colors. Regular $2.50. January Sale price $1.98

Your Opportunity to Save is to Buy During This Sale

The information that we have received from the manufacturers of England Canada and America, all assure us that prices will not be lower for at least another year, and they are not hopeful of lower prices even then. Therefore your opportunity to save is to buy during this January Clearance Sale.

Evening Dresses $5.00

Four only Evening Dresses, former seasons' styles; with slight alterations these dresses can be made quite modern. Regular values up to $35.00. The material alone in these dresses is worth more than double the sale price. January Clearance $5.00

Notable Bargains in Ready-to-Wear

Women's Black Plush Coats $25.00

This is a lot of the season's most fashionable Black Plush Coats; all splendid models in distinctive styles, and made from rich black Esquimet plush. Come in and see these big value coats ..... January Clearance Sale $25.00

Separate Skirts Excellent $10 Values at $6.98

This is an exceptional lot of fine all-wool Serge Skirts; all sizes, newest cut and effect, but in black and navy blue only. Every skirt regular $10.00. January Clearance Sale $6.98

Women's & Misses' $18.50 Silk Poplin Dresses $12.98

Every Dress is a dainty chic model; absolutely the last word in style, unique and original in design, and made of a charming quality silk polin. Sizes for misses and women. Regular $18.00. January Cearance Sale $12.98

A Sale of $3.50 White Silk Blouses at $1.50

You'll want one for yourself when you see them, and the style is very new and the fit and finish are all you could wish for. They are made from white Habutai silk, in a quality that will wear and wash splendidly. Regular selling price $3.50. As our stock is limited, shop early ..... January Clearance Sale $1.50

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

$4.00, $4.50 and $5 all wool Coatings on sale yard $3.29

End of the season clearance of all-wool stormproof winter coatings, in such smart wanted weaves as velours, tweeds, beaver and blanket cloths. A good range of colors, such as black, navy blue, nigger brown, green, tan, and Burgundy; 54 inches wide. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00. January Clearance Sale, yard $3.29

Fine Bleached 85c Bed Sheeting 60c a yard

This sale price is below to-day's market value for this quality sheeting; a good heavy Canadian made sheeting, an extra good wearing sheeting, at a very great bargain price. Just the quality for long, hard wear; 72 inches wide and regular 85c. January Clearance Sale, yard 60c

Fine Axminster Rugs

10 only Five o'Clock Axminster Rugs, seamless, mostly in light colors, but a few living-room or dining-room styles; qualities that would cost us to-day double the price we will ask you at our January Clearance Sale. But remember, there are only 10 Rugs in the lot and only in two sizes, 3 x 4 yards and 3 x 3½ yards. January Clearance Sale, each .. $47.50

A Wonderful Value 75c Grey Wool Flannel yard 49c

To-morrow is the day to buy Flannel. We have 1,000 yards of absolutely pure wool flannel in a nice dark grey shade, soft warm make, 28 inches wide. Used for mens' shirts and women's and childrens' wear. Regular 75c. Don't miss this bargain. January Clearance Sale, yard 49c

$6, $7 and $8 Embroidered Bedspreads, while they last $5.00

Exceedingly good value are these lovely imported Bed Spreads. They are made from specially prepared linen finish cotton yarn, and are very handsomely embroidered in shamrock and other patterns. Two sizes, 72 x 90 inches and 90 x 100 inches. Every spread is regular $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00. A limited stock, choose early. January Clearance Sale, each $5.00

Rag Rugs

Room sizes, in heavy quality Rag Rugs, suitable for dainty bedroom use, in colors of grey and rose. Note the sizes and the January Clearance prices:
1 only, 3 x 3 yards. Regular $16.50. January Clearance Price $12.98
1 only 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $20.00. January Clearance Price ... $16.50
4 only, 3 x 4 yards. Regular $22.50. January Clearance price $18.50

A Sale of Women's $1.50 Union Vests for $1.29

Women's heavy winter weight union knit vests, fine, soft and warm; grey shade only; fine elastic knit; high neck, long sleeves and button front. Regular $1.50. January Clearance Sale, each $1.29

Remnants! Remnants! Remnants!

We have gone carefully through our entire Staple and Wash Goods stock and have picked all short ends from the shelves. These range from 1 to 10 yards and every wanted wash goods and staple material is represented. This huge assortment of remnants is specially displayed on four tables in our staple department and marked for cearance. January Remnant Sale Prices.

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW

We shall offer a grouping of Suits at

$ 5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

We Grind the Lens

This work is done accurately under our personal supervision, where there is no chance for a mistake. This is a saving of time. We can duplicate your broken lenses without prescription. See DR. LACEY, 410 George Street.

Hon. Ernest Devlin, Minister of Quebec, died suddenly on Saturday night.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

NOTICE

Dr. Middleton's office will be closed every Thursday afternoon during the entire year.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders. MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP 235 Hunter Street. Phone 234J.

"RIDPATH LYCEUM COURSE"

The second concert of the "Ridpath Lyceum Series", under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music, will be given Wednesday evening, Jan. 8th, by the Knight-McGregor Company in the Conservatory Hall. Subscribers may obtain additional tickets at 50c. General admission, 75c.

WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC LEAGUE

The monthly business meeting of the Women's Patriotic League of Ashburnham will be held in their work room on Wednesday afternoon January 8th, at 3 o'clock.

NURSES TO MEET

An important meeting will be held by the Peterborough Chapter of the Graduate Nurses' Association, in the Public Library at 3.30 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. All nurses are asked to attend.

AUCTION SALE

of Household Furniture and etc., at the home of Mr. C. Kruger, 261 Sherbrooke street, on Thursday, Jan. 9th. Sale commences at 2 p.m.
W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR

Owing to the "Week of Prayer" services being held in Trinity Church Thursday evening, the choir will meet for practice Wednesday evening, January 8th, at the usual time and place. Every member is urgently requested to be present and on time as work of special importance is on hand.

INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL

Regular classes as usual this week with the exception of the Motor Mechanics Class, which will not be held this week. Accommodation for a few more ladies in Household Science on Wednesday.

RIDPATH LYCEUM COURSE

The second concert of the "Ridpath Lyceum Series" under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music, will be given Wednesday evening, Jan. 8th, by the Knight-McGregor Company in the Conservatory Hall. Subscribers may obtain additional tickets at 50c. General admission 75c.

TEMPLE BAND

The Temple band will practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested.

MOTHERS' CLUB NOTICE

The regular monthly meeting of the Mothers' Club will be held in the Y. M. C. A., on Wednesday, January 8th, at 3 o'clock. As this is the annual meeting will as many members as possible make an effort to be present.

TRADES COUNCIL

A Special Meeting of the Trades and Labor Council will be held on Wednesday night. Nomination of officers for 1919 and other important business. All those having accounts against the Trades and Labor Council send them to the secretary, W. Stevens, 306 Brock street.
C. J. HARTLEY, President. W. STEVENS, Secretary.

K. OF C. NOTICE

Regular meeting this evening 7.30 sharp.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

The Rev. Canon Davidson is in Toronto for a few days

Mr. J. F. Davidson left today for Toronto to resume his studies at Trinity College.

Mr. F. D. Kerr returned this morning from Chicago, where he was engaged on professional business.

Mr. J. B. Tinning of Toronto, travelling passenger agent of the C.P.R. was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. J. R. Bell is visiting friends in Detroit.

Mr. James Mulcahy of Detroit, a former resident of this city is in Peterborough for a few days and will visit his parents in Otonabee. He is on his way to Winipeg.

Mrs. Jean Dicky, of Lyn is the guest of Mrs. E. Purvis, Charlotte street.

A. F. & A. M.

The Most Wor. The Grand Master has called a meeting of Grand Lodge at Peterborough, Friday, January 31st, for the purpose of dedicating the new Masonic Temple. A complimentary banquet to the Grand Master and Grand Lodge Officers will be given at the Empress Hotel at 6.30 p.m.

The number of tickets for the banquet is limited.

All brethren desiring to be present should communicate with the Masters of Corinthian, Peterborough and Royal Arthur Lodges, in order to secure reservation. Tickets $3.00.
H. W. MORPHET.
Secretary Past Masters Association

So far 630,369 men and 40,491 officers have been discharged from the U.S. army.

OBITUARY

MRS. LEVI C. RUSSELL

Adelaide Donnelly Russell, wife of Levi C. Russell of Millbrook passed away quite suddenly at St. Joseph's Hospital, last night, after a very short illness, aged 35 years.

Deceased came to the city from Millbrook on Friday to look after her daughter Myrtle who was ill. The mother herself took sick and was removed to the hospital yesterday where she died last night at 11 o'clock.

She was born in the township of Cavan, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Donnelly of 157 Rubidge street. She is survived by the husband, parents, and three children: the daughter Myrtle and two boys, Foster and Garnet.

The remains will be forwarded to Millbrook by G. T. R. this evening for interment.

EDWARD HOURIGAN

Edward Hourigan died at the House of Providence at 1.30 this morning. The funeral will be held on Wednesday morning at 9.30 from the House of Providence to the Immaculate Conception church, thence to St. Peter's cemetery where interment will be made.

MR. WILLIAM TORPEY

Mr. William Torpey died today at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Redmond McAuliffe, Smith street east, aged 74 years.

Deceased was born in the Township of Douro and is survived by four sons, Harry, of Dakota; William and Dennis, of British Columbia, and M. J., of Delmar, Iowa; Mrs. McAuliffe is the only daughter.

The funeral will be held on Thursday morning at eight o'clock from the home of his daughter Smith street east, to St. Joseph's Church and cemetery, Duro.

PURCHASED STOLEN GOODS

Kingston, Jan. 7. As he stepped off a Grand Trunk train Edward McLaughlin, second-hand dealer was placed under arrest on a charge of having purchased stolen property from a band of boy burglars who were rounded up last week.

REEVE McINTOSH IS RE-ELECTED

BEATS OUT H. B. RYE IN NORTH MONAGHAN BY 98 VOTES.

Mr. John McIntosh was re-elected reeve of the Township of North Monaghan at the municipal elections yesterday, obtaining a majority of 98 over his opponent, H. B. Rye. Wm. Bell received a majority of 86 over his opponent, R. A. Dobbin, for deputy-reeve. The former councillors, Messrs. Wilson, Foster and Henry, were re-elected at the nominations by acclamation so that yesterday's election was to appoint the reeve and deputy-reeve only.

The following are the figures showing the vote polled by each candidate:

John McIntosh	296
H. B. Rye	198
Wm. Bell	897
R. A. Dobbin	200

Mr. McIntosh has had an extensive experience at the County Council Boards and his re-election as representative of his township practically assures him of the appointment as the next warden of Peterborough County.

Anniversary At Trinity Church

Next Sunday the forty-seventh anniversary of Trinity Methodist Church will be celebrated. The Rev. E. E. Scott, of Toronto, one of the ablest preachers in Canadian Methodism, will preach at both services. The choir, assisted by Captain and Mrs. Park, will give an especially fine program of music on this occasion.

The Peter Robinson Chapter I.O.D.E. AT HOME On FRIDAY EVENING JANUARY TENTH

Nineteen Hundred and Nineteen, at Nine p.m.

Dancing and Cards. Ticket $1.00.

An answer is requested to Miss Robina Cumming, Secretary.

PATRONESSES:

Mrs. A. Stevenson	Mrs. J. A. Aylmer
Mrs. Robert Harstone	Mrs. A. Elliott
Mrs. A. E. Coulthard	Mrs. W. H. Hill
Mrs. J. H. Eastwood	Mrs. J. Campazzie
Mrs. C. S. Stapleton	Mrs. G. W. Hatton
Mrs. W. H. Dunsford	

Admission by invitation.

Members of Chapter and immediate family please present cards or invitations.

Those reserving tables for cards, kindly bring cards, score pads and pencils, and communicate with Miss Dorothy Hill, 'Phone 17.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
A little lower temperature tonight. Thursday—Westerly winds, fair and mild.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 6 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

WILL TAKE OVER BONDS OF THOSE WHO CANNOT PAY

W. B. Cumming in City Yesterday on Mission Which Will Bring Comfort to Victory Bond Buyers Now Out of Work.

Mr. Wallace B. Cumming of the financial firm of C. Meredith & Co., Ltd., Toronto, who was the efficient county organizer of the victory loan campaign in Peterborough, was in the city yesterday in connection with business of the most vital importance to a great many people.

When the loan campaign was in progress many employes in munition factories subscribed upon the instalment plan, the money to meet their obligation being deducted by their employer upon each pay day from the amount they received.

The amount subscribed to the loan by such employes and in this manner was most important, especially in centres where large munition industries were being carried on as was the case in Peterborough.

Shortly after the start of the Victory Loan Campaign came the signing of the armistice and the resultant closing off of contracts for munitions. As soon as the contracts were completed there being no others to engage the plants, operations ceased and a great army of shell workers were turned out of work many of whom had assumed obligations to contribute so much money out of each week's pay towards discharging the debt they had incurred by their subscription to the loan.

These employes contracted for so many bonds believing that the work in which they were engaged would continue long enough to assure them of an opportunity of making good their promise. Many of them had only made one or two payments before the armistice rang the death knell of the employment which had been paying them wages of such a liberal nature as to justify them in assuming such a financial responsibility.

The question arose what was to be done in the case of this great army of subscribers to the loan who through lack of further employment could not redeem their bonds? It was a problem which caused the government thought and which worried the employers who felt a certain measure of responsibility in connection with the matter. The employes themselves were at a loss to know how to proceed.

Yesterday Mr. Cumming made the statement that the house he represented was ready to take over the bonds of all such subscribers who felt they could not continue their payments and redeem their bonds. These bonds will be assumed and the holders reimbursed for every cent they expended upon them. In other words the Meredith Co. takes over their bonds after paying them back the money they have put into them and frees them from further obligation in connection with them.

This was the business which brought Mr. Cumming to the city, yesterday and which was responsible for his visit to Lindsay today. The scheme seems very reasonable and presents a solution of the difficult situation in which some of those who subscribed to the loan and are unable to carry out their good intentions find themselves.

There is no doubt as to the value of Victory Bonds as an investment. During the campaigns in this city and elsewhere the fact that the loan aside from its patriotic aspect presented an excellent field for investment was continually emphasized. The fact that financial companies and bond houses are ready to buy these securities is conclusive evidence of their value and no one who can continue payments or can afford to leave the money subscribed, in the loan, should part with the bonds but for those who cannot continue their payments upon the stipulated plan the opportunity to unload their holdings and at the same time receive back the money they have put into them should be well received.

GOVERNMENT IS PLEDGED, SAYS R. R. HALL, TO HELP IN BUILDING THE NEW BRIDGE

Asserts in Open Letter to Mayor Duncan That as Much Was Promised Him While He Was Member for West Peterborough

Dear Mr. Mayor,—

I have noticed by the press that the Hon. F. B. Carveli, Minister of Public Works is visiting Peterborough and that you have made certain representations to him in reference to the construction of the new Hunter street bridge and the contribution that the Government should reasonably make.

During the time I had the honor of being member for West Peterborough this matter was informally taken into consideration by the Hon. Sidney Fisher, who was then Actinv Minister of Public Works, and later by the Hon. Wm. Pupsley, who subsequently became Minister of Public Works early in the fall of 1907.

I observe that on the 1st of April, 1907, Mr. J. G. Sing, engineer in charge for the Department of Public Works, wrote me as follows:

"On the 23rd June last I sent to the chief engineer a report, plan and estimate of cost of constructing a channel north of the Hunter street bridge about 100 feet in width with a turning basin at the northerly end, thereof 150 feet x 300 feet. This channel extends about 1,000 feet north of the Hunter street bridge.

"Also on the 27th of December last, I wrote to the chief engineer with reference to constructing the channel north of the Hunter street bridge, stating that a certain portion of this work would have to be blasted and that I had made an examination and was of the opinion that the blasting could be carried on successfully during the winter months. The material would then be ready to be removed by the dredge in the spring.

"In reply to the above I received instructions from Ottawa dated the 6th of February, to proceed immediately with the workof drilling and blasting in the Otonabee river in

(Continued on Page 8)

WORKING FOR A LIVING.

August William Hohenzollern, fourth son of the former Emperor of Germany, has recognized the invitable and become an automobile salesman.

ORGANIZATION IS COMPLETED FOR SALVATIONISTS' DRIVE

Committee and Team Captains Chosen at Meeting Last Night—Public Gathering Sunday, January 19, to Explain the Aims of Movement

Last evening, making use of the Patriotic Fund room as Headquarters, the organization for the drive in aid of the Salvation Army Red Shield Drive, for one million dollars was set on foot. Organizer Brig. A. Jennings, who has charge of the Central District work in this regard reached the city in the afternoon and was at work, and with Adjt. W. Bunton, local director of affairs for the Army gave assistance.

Hon. Chairman—Mayor Geo. Duncan.
Chairman—J. A. Aylmer.
Treasurer—W. H. Dunsford.
Secretary—F. H. Dobbin.
Organizer—Brig. A. Jennings.
Executive Committee—J. A. Aylmer, W. Buller, W. Stocker, F. H. Dobbin; Org. A. Jennings; Adjt. Bunton.

Team Captains—Jos. Wearing, G. A. Gordon, W. Stocker, W. Buller, S. Whatley, A. G. Roberts, J. J. Turner, V. J. McElderry, J. Kilbrick.

To those teams will be allotted certain districts, or blocks, of territory to canvas. Sergt. Whatley and Pte. Kilbrick will have charge of the share of the work undertaken by the G. W. V. A. and which will include the factories and industries. Practically the districts used in the Red Cross Campaign will be made use of. Pledge cards will be used and subscriptions will be invited, either in whole or in instalments.

Organization will proceed during the week, the teams getting together and on Tuesday evening next, 14th, a general meeting of all workers will be held at the Patriotic Fund room.

On Sunday afternoon, 19th, it is proposed to hold a meeting and the place will be announced. At this meeting the objects of the drive will be explained and there will be a short program of addresses and music.

The canvas begins on Monday 20th, and following two days. Arrangements are being made for the distribution of literature bearing on the objects of the campaign. The large placards on the bill-boards state the call that is being made. It is intended to thoroughly bill the city from house to house in order that all shall be aware of the needs of the service.

Pte. Casson Has Reached England

Mrs. Casson of 480 Reid street has received a cablegram from Pte. B. F. Casson stating that he has reached England safely, after being a prisoner in Germany for over two years.

He went overseas with the 8th C.M.R. He enlisted from Peterborough.

Peace Delegates Expected At Paris

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 8.—Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy and Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Minister Balfour of Great Britain are expected here soon to confer with Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon in the peace conference.

WAS PRISONER IN GERMAN CAMP

PTE. J. MONTGOMERY HAS ARRIVED AT HIS HOME IN LAKEFIELD.

(Special to The Review)

Lakefield, Jan. 8. — Pte. John Montgomery formerly a prisoner in Guessen, Germany, arrived at the home of his sister, Mrs. McIlmoyle, Queen Street on Thursday.

Pte. Montgomery enlisted with the 93rd battalion but on arriving in England was transferred to the 5th C.M.R. with which he went to France. He was wounded at Vimy Ridge in April, being sent to England, but returned to France again in October, where he was in the trenches until taken prisoner on September 17, 1918.

Pte. Montgomery speaks of being well used in the German camps. One instance he tells about is after the armistice was signed, when they were leaving the camp on a three day march, with nothing to eat but turnips which they took from the fields as they passed, and ate raw.

Program Arranged For The Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 8.—The peace conference, according to present arrangements, will open with an exchange of views between the ministers of the four great powers concerning organization. These exchanges are expected to take up the time from January 13th to January 18th.

SAYS IRWIN DIED A NATURAL DEATH

CORONER'S JURY RENDER VERDICT AFTER HEARING MASS OF EVIDENCE.

Last night the inquest into the death of Walter Irwin, who it was thought to have died as did Bourgon, as a result of drinking methylated spirits, was resumed in the police court chamber before Coroner Dr. Greer and the original jury empanelled.

Mrs. Gray, the mother, was the first witness called. She said there was no bottle found and that her son had complained of a pain in the back of his eye on Sunday and although he got up on Monday he soon went back to bed. His last words were: "You may think I have been drinking but I haven't."

Wm. Flood testified that he had seen Walter Irwin at the King George Hotel on Saturday night and again on Sunday night but judging from appearances he was sober on both occasions.

Dr. Malcolm McCulloch in his testimony stated that he had been called to Irwin's bedside on Monday morning at 9 o'clock and that he had found his patient unconscious and delirious and just got him to the hospital when he died.

He concluded that the immediate cause of his condition was an overdistended bladder.

Emmet Faux, one of the more fortunate victims of the wood-alcohol drinking bout, inasmuch as he escaped with his life appeared in the witness box looking much better than he did on the previous night when he gave testimony at the Bourgon inquest.

He stated that he met Irwin on the Saturday night before his death on the corner of Simcoe and George streets. Deceased asked him if he knew where he could procure some liquor whereupon Faux told him of the recipe which Bourgon had compiled for making a drinkable beverage.

Irwin was interested in the hope held out to him by Faux of obtaining some drink and accompanied him to a drug store where he remained outside while the witness went in and purchased a bottle of Columbian spirits which he stated he handed over to Irwin upon emerging from the store. This was the last he ever saw of the deceased, who according to the testimony of the mother given at the beginning of the inquest complained of a pain behind the eye next day passed away with great suddenness on Monday morning as described by the doctor.

CANADA LIKELY TO PAY COSTS

OF BRINGING SOLDIERS' FAMILIES BACK TO THIS COUNTRY.

London, Jan. 8.—It is reported that a decision has been reached by which the Canadian Government is to bear the cost of taking the wives and families of Canadian soldiers in England out to Canada, which scheme will probably involve reimbursing those who in the past paid out of their own pocket for the bringing out of their wives and children. This question has been agitating thousands of overseas men.

The exhibition of the new Canadian official war photographs was opened at the Grafton Galleries this afternoon before a large gathering. Brief addresses were delivered by Lord Beaverbrook, Sir Edward Kemp, Sir Robert Borden and General Sir Arthur Currie. The latter received an ovation as he rose to speak.

A tribute to the photographers' work in the fewest words came as General Currie concluded tensely viewing the pictures. "Thoughts come to my mind too deep for words," he said.

HON. F. B. CARVELL HAS INFLUENZA

WILL KEEP ENGAGEMENT HERE AS SOON AS HE RECOVERS.

A message received by Capt. Burnham, M.P., states than Hon. Frank B. Carvell, who was to have arrived in the city today and would have addressed a large mass meeting in the Grand Opera House this evening is very ill with influenza.

It is stated in the telegram that the Minister of Public Works is so ill as to be unable to leave his bed and that his voice has been affected to such an extent that he is unable to speak above a whisper. Capt. Burnham is assured, however, that as soon as he has sufficiently recovered Mr. Carvell will keep his engagement and visit the city.

FIGHTING FOR VILNA

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 8.— Fighting for possession of Vilna has begun between the Poles and the Bolsheviki, having first lapsed into unconsciousness as did Bourgon before his demise and denying that he had drank anything.

After hearing the evidence the jury brought in a verdict ascribing death to natural causes.

SOLDIERS URGE POWERS TO ACT

DEMONSTRATION IN LONDON REQUESTS GOVT. TO SPEED UP DISBANDING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 8.—Soldiers objecting to delay in the demobilization of the British armies engaged in further demonstrations today. The vicinity of the war office was invaded by lorries filled with men and by marching soldiers. They came from Shoreham Camp. Many of them were on leave from Salonica and objected to being sent back. On the sides of the lorries were signs reading "Get a move on, We won the war. Give us our tickets, Get on with it, Lloyd George," and other similar sentiments. Although they refused to disperse until deputation by officials who assured them that Viscount Milner and General Robertson were adjusting their grievances.

General Hemming Dies Suddenly

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Kingston, Jan. 8.—Major-General T. D. R. Hemming, commanding Military District No. 3, died here this morning, after a brief illness. He had recently been promoted from brigadier-general and was to retire shortly, to be succeeded by Major-General V. A. S. Williams.

Military men in the district had planned to tender the late General Hemming a farewell banquet, which was set for this evening. Col. J. Mills of this city left for Kingston today to attend the funeral.

REPORTS DIFFER AS TO SITUATION

ONE NEWSPAPER SAYS THAT SOLDIERS' COUNCIL HAS JOINED GOVERNMENT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Switzerland, Jan. 8.—The German semi-official Wolff bureau, which was removed to Frankfort when its Berlin office was seized by the Spartacans, sent out a message yesterday declaring that the Berlin Soldiers' and Workmen's Council and garrison of the city had placed themselves on the side of the government. The Frankfort Anzeiger, on the other hand, declared that the Spartacans continued to occupy some of the public buildings. They easily gained control of the railways, the newspaper adds, and the employes ceased to run trains.

PREMIER LENINE IS UNDER ARREST

BY ORDER OF TROTZKY WITH WHOM HE HAD DISPUTE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 8.—Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier of Russia, has been arrested at the command of Leon Trotsky, Minister of war and marine, who has made himself dictator according to a Moscow despatch. Trotsky was prompted to make the arrest because of a difference of opinion with Lenine concerning Bolshevik reforms. The despatch states that Lenine desired to effect a coalition with Mensheviki or Moderates, while Trotsky wished to continue the reign of red terror.

IN TROPSY-TURVYDOM.

This is a picture of a rag and bottle man. It is a snap of a Russian gentleman, who was once an officer in the army of the Czar of Russia. Now he is reduced to moving furniture for a living (without a horse, too) and mighty glad to have the chance to do anything.

BLOOD FLOWS IN BERLIN STREETS; TROOPS READY

MARSHAL HINDENBURG IS SAID TO HAVE ARRIVED IN CITY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 8.—Several hundred persons have been killed in fighting in Berlin, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, but up till 2 o'clock this morning no details or conditions in that city had been received. The government seems, at least provisionally, to be master of the situation.

Early on Tuesday morning the Berlin government massed troops outside the city. The troops are ready to enter, it is said, in a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. Field Marshal von Hindenburg is reported to have arrived in Berlin. Street fighting has been particularly sanguinary, it is said, owing to the fact that the Spartacus element has plenty of weapons taken from the munition factories at Spandau. While machine guns were firing and bombs were dropping, moving picture operators were busily recording the scenes enacted in the streets. It was announced recently that the American army had sent moving picture operators to Berlin.

POLES FIGHTING DESPERATELY TO SAVE LEMBERG

TWENTY THOUSAND TROOPS ARE NOW ENGAGED AGAINST BESEIGING FORCE.

(By Associated Press)

Warsaw, Jan. 8.—Stiff fighting still continues around Lemberg, where the Poles are defending themselves tenaciously against the Lutheniens. The water and electric supplies to the city have been cut by the besiegers. Bloody hand to hand fighting has occurred daily in the suburbs. Virtually all available troops of the polish army have been sent to Lemberg in an effort to save that city. The Polish forces there are said to number twenty thousand and are being assisted by many civilians, men, boys and women. The civilians are dressed in Austrian uniforms and helmets left behind when the Austrians retired from Lemberg.

The Railway Commission heard arguments at Ottawa by representatives of express companies which are seeking the permission to increase their rates.

The testimony of returned soldiers about conditions on the Northland is concluded and Mr. Justice Hodgins will hear Major Westmore conducting officer and officers of the ship.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1919

DANCING IN THE COLLEGIATE HALL.

AS A SIMPLE MATTER of justice to a considerable percentage of the ratepayers of the city, Trustee G. N. Gordon's protest against the proposal to allow dancing in the assembly hall of the Collegiate Institute should prevail when the matter comes before the Board of Education as constituted for the current year. There are people in Peterborough who object to dancing on religious and other grounds. It is not a question of whether in this these people are right or wrong. They are entitled to their opinions, and their scruples must be respected when it comes to debating the question of dancing in a public building in the city. The ratepayers who object to dancing would not voluntarily contribute to a fund to erect and maintain a building in which this form of amusement was to be permitted. Is it fair, then, to employ the machinery of the tax law to compel them to do so?

The assembly hall in the Collegiate Institute was designed for the holding of gatherings of an educational nature, gatherings to which no man, however keen his power of discernment, could possibly object. Dancing has not yet been placed on the curriculum of the Ontario schools. Even its educative value has not yet been satisfactorily established by its most ardent votaries.

In nearly every city in Ontario and in towns where such annexes are found in connection with the school buildings, this same question has at some time or other arisen. Almost as invariably it is decided, too, in favor of the conscientious objector to dancing.

A FIFTEENTH PEACE POINT.

SINCE THE SIGNING of the armistice the Cologne Chamber of Commerce began preparing for peace, as it properly should. It adopted a set of resolutions, however, expressing the hope that the destruction of French and Belgian industries would allow a rapid recovery of German power. This makes it seem as if freedom of the seas and some other points might be laid aside for a little and consideration given to a fifteenth term for peace.

In substance, that point should declare that Germany shall not profit through the wrecking of any Allied industry. Except to admit necessary foodstuffs, the blockade should not be lifted until every Allied country from England to Serbia has been industrially rebuilt. One object of the wholesale murder of civilians was to weaken industrially the enmey countries. The greater proportionate loss of man-power in the Allied countries should be met by restrictions on the entry of raw materials into Germany. Every piece of stolen machinery should be returned before her own industries are allowed to resume.

One of the departments of the Government at Washington, according to the Wall Street Journal, has in its files a report of a German commission on industry after the war. Reading this, one can understand the motive for what at one time looked like pure vandalism. Vandalism it was, by descendants of the Vandals, but it was a deliberate destruction of international competitors, killing the workmen—and workwomen—and destroying plants and machinery for the one purpose of removing competition. A physical injury to a child helped to weaken future competition in the world's trade; and it was upon the power gained thereby that Germany hoped to launch another war for world domination.

Of the 240 beet sugar factories in France the day war was declared, only 69 remain, and those are not in the invaded district. Three-fourths of the French sugar industry is laid low in order that German sugar may have a wider market. The same is true in Poland where sugar was largely produced. The coal mines in France and Belgium have been flooded and the surface machinery destroyed so that it may take one or two years to pump out and retimber them. The cotton, wool, flax and silk spindles and looms of France and Belgium were competitors of Germany, therefore towns were razed to the ground, and large numbers of the workers shot, starved to death, maimed or sent into Germany, all for the advancement of German industry and "kultur."

A peace that gives the cold-blooded perpetrators of these crimes an advantage over their victims would not be [illegible]. It may not outlaw, but let it be those who are guilty, but don't give them a start ahead of their victims.

SALVATION ARMY DRIVE.

ALL THE FORCES are being organized for the Salvation Army drive which will be inaugurated in this city and throughout the country on January 19th. The object is to raise in Canada one million dollars to help the Salvation Army in its war work, and of this amount the city and county of Peterborough is asked to contribute $30,000.

A long list of reasons can be urged in support of the claims of the Salvation Army upon the generosity of the public. The organization was the first to take up systematic war work, and it can be taken for granted that the Salvation Army will remain in the same field so long as there is any deed of mercy to perform.

Even though the Army has been working from the first at home, in the training camps and on the battle front, this is the first campaign to raise funds for war work that has ever been inaugurated on its behalf.

In war work, as in its own chosen duty at home, the Salvation Army gives special attention to the corners of the vineyard that are neglected or overlooked by the other denominations.

The Salvation Army's war record, so far as actual fighting is concerned, stands above reproach, as over ninety thousand of its members took their places in the fighting line. When reinforcements were needed for the battalions, every officer of the Salvation Army gave his services in the work of recruiting.

In Peterborough, the Salvation Army has done all that could be expected of any organization. Its members were among the first to enlist, and when the draft law was put into effect here, not one eligible man could be found in the local corps. All such had volunteered for the service. This is a record which cannot be equaled by any denomination or organization in the city, and demonstrates that in the more strenuous branch of war service the Salvation Army members in this city realized their duty and did not hesitate to perform it.

Brigadier Jennings of the Salvation Army is here to help in the work of organization for the coming drive. No better man could have been selected for this duty, as he was formerly in charge of the corps in this city, during which time he won the esteem and confidence not only of his own associates but of the public generally. The captains and workers who helped so efficiently in campaigns in this city conducted on behalf of other organizations will again render their aid, and there should be no doubt as to the result.

The war work which the Salvation Army has assumed as its special mission will be necessary for years to come, so long as there is a soldier to be cared for or a widow or orphan threatened by want as a result of the sacrifice made by husband and father.

THE REPATRIATION COMMITTEE.

THE REPATRIATION COMMITTEE of Canada is directed by Mr. H. J. Daly. It co-ordinates and concentrates the various governmental activities touching the demobilization of soldiers and war workers, the opportunities offered them for employment, and the readjustment of industrial conditions in Canada.

The problems which the Government faces are four:

To bring the soldiers home.

To fit those who have suffered overseas for useful employment.

To have ready for each soldier and war worker an acceptable opportunity for employment.

To insure proper living and working conditions.

Governmental and voluntary activities solve these problems. The Repatriation Committe guides their solution, prevents overlapping and waste motion and promotes harmony and efficiency.

WITH FLYING COLORS.

(Saskatoon Star.)

ONE RELIGIOUS organization at least is going to emerge from the war with flying colors. The work of the Salvation Army at the front is going to be remembered by the soldiers as long as they live. A little story, published some time ago, of a Salvation Army doughnut wagon blown up by a German shell, and the prompt and decisive revenge accomplished by the American soldiers, who, fighting mad, laid down a curtain barrage and smashed the enemy trenches by a well-organized and effective raid, is merely illustrative of the fact that the Salvationists are working in posts of danger, and in doing it appealing to the men to whom they are ministering.

The Salvation Army folk have a somewhat different conception of duty from other organizations. They are not over there for the sole purpose of ministering to the souls of the soldiers or solely to their bodily comfort. They are over there to be useful as opportunity presents itself, and their work has won them high regard. When opportunity offers they hold evangelical service. When the boys want "smkers" and coffee the Army men and lassies supply them if they can beg, buy or steal them. They are working efficiently and gaining the love and admiration of the troops by their work. None of the soldiers, when they come back, will sneer at the other "Army."

NOTES AND COMMENT.

AND NOW IT IS Spiritualism in high academic places.

• • • • •

LIFE IN EUROPE these days seems to be just one war after another.

• • • • •

WHEN YOU COME to think of it, is it not likely that the undetected murderers from Hamilton, too, may be hiding in Holland?

• • • • •

AND NOW the ambition of Toronto mothers is to raise a son who, when he grows up, will be able to beat Tommy Church for the mayoralty.

• • • • •

WHY DOES NOT Mr. N. W. Rowell, before talking about intolerance in other places, cast his weather eye over his own home city?

• • • • •

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE says he would like to return home as a simple citizen. There should be no difficulty as to the simplicity part of the program.

• • • • •

THE YOUNG MEN crowded to the front to save the country. Are they likely to surrender that place of honor and responsibility now that the war is over?

• • • • •

"THERE IS A TIME to dance,' said Solomon, but, unfortunately for the guidance of members of modern school boards, he failed to specify all to suitable places.

• • • • •

The crown prince and his father go right on talking as if the world believes or cares what they say.—Brooklyn Eagle.

AND TALK THEY WILL so long as the press correspondents persist in inventing statements for them.

• • • • •

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Why Not Perpetuate It?

(Toronto Star.

The Allies have been acting together in the closest and most cordial way during the war. Why should this co-operation cease after the war? It may take a long time to frame a constitutional for a league of nations.

Will Be for the Better.

(Brantford Expositor.)

An exchange asks, "Why not alderwomen?" Do not worry, that is sure to come, and when it does come the proceedings of the average municipal council will be conducted with greater decorum than is the case at present.

NO CUT IN COST OF LIVING

The outlook for any reduction in prices that will materially affect the cost of living is remote at the present time, the general opinion in most of the leading lines of industry being that until the cost of labor comes down and the difficulty of obtaining raw materials at cheaper prices is removed, the public cannot expect any reduction in the prices of merchandise. The most favorable indications of a lowering of prices during the coming year come from the grocery and food lines of business.

Some of the leading firms in these lines express an opinion that there may be an easing up of prices on all imported goods, such as tapioca, dried fruits and other things that were received from Europe in large quantities before the war. Sugar will be reduced in price somewhat now that the transportation situation is likely to be better.

All sea-borne cargoes have been extremely high during the war, and much of the imported stuff has been out of reach. This has tended to raise the cost of all such things as were formerly supplied to a considerable extent from abroad. One leading wholesale house stated that not long ago the sea-borne charges on tea, for instance, were nearly as much as the tea itself.

Dry Goods Remain Firm.

The situation in the dry goods lines is much the same. People who were optimistic and expected a quick reduction in prices following the signing of the armistice and the declaration of peace will not realize their hopes in the near future. One leading firm of wholesalers in the dry goods line says that as a matter of fact the manufacturers' prices for 1919 are higher than those for 1918. There is some diversity of opinion as to how long the situation will remain as it is, but the general impression is that prices will remain stationary in woollen, cotton and linen goods for some time yet, though so long as wages are high this will not mean any hardship to the consumer.

Big Demand for Leather.

In the leather industry there is every indication that the demand for leather will tend to keep prices high. There will be a big demand for harness leather of all kinds in the west, owing to the fixing of prices for grains, and the consequent encouragement to the farmers to cultivate more land. This will, of course, affect the supply of leather for all purposes, such as shoe manufacturing, and along with the big demand for shoes in Europe will help to maintain the present high prices for this line of necessities. One wholesale leather firm said recently that Europe has walked itself barefoot now and will have to be supplied with shoes and all sorts of leather to a tremendous extent.

The requirements of Europe during the reconstruction period will materially affect the price of all kinds of hardware also. The cost of raw material in this industry is so high that there is no prospect of any reduction in prices for household articles in the immediate future. Wages will remain high, too, and this, with the high transportation charges, will fix things stationary for some time.

Crockery and Glassware.

The crockery and glassware trade has been affected equally with all other lines of business, but the situation in this line is more dependent on the cost of labor than anything else. In staffordshire, where most of the imported crockery comes from, the manufacturers have made a wage agreement with their employes that will keep the prices up indefinitely. The same thing applies to the manufacture of American glassware, which is mostly pressed glass. Wages have been guaranteed at high rates for a long time, and until labor is cheaper the cost of the manufactured articles will be high.

Formerly a lot of fancy crockery was imported from Germany, but this trade has gone almost entirely to Japan in the last year or two, and there is a far better handling of this Japanese articles than there ever was of the German goods. Japan will hold this trade now as she can supply the demand at lower prices than the Germans will ever be able to manufacture for again.

TODAY'S STORY

A two-seater was amling along one day about 10,000 feet in the sky. The pilot looked about him constantly as he watched for dangers, but the observer made notes and corrected his maps as he noticed what was happening on the ground below. These two men were not expected to fight, they were out for information, and their airplane was hardly adapted for combat.

But just as the flight was over and the observer was folding his notebook and maps he was made to look up by the rocking from side to side of his machine. That was the signal used by the pilot to draw the other man's attention. The observer sighted trouble. German airships were making a formation, and twelve to one was big odds. It was hopeless to think of getting back to the lines; the only thing to do was to use the guns.

Things went badly from the first and the speed of the propellers being lessened the pilot dipped the nose of his machine and the two men seemed to be at the mercy of the enemy. Just then, however, four British machines appeared in the distance, and the Germans turned their attention to the newcomers, leaving two of their number to finish up the damaged two seater.

These two German scouts dived at their unfortunate foe, but one of them underestimated his distance and shot past his opponent. That gave the British airmen their chance, though with a foe above and a foe below, it couldn't be considered an extraordinary one. Both men fired at once. The Huns tried to get out of the way, but they were too late. The pilot's gun caught one machine fairly above the engine and the petrol tank. The airship wavered; her nose dropped, and as she began to spin flames burst from the damaged tank.

Then the pilot turned to see how the other man was faring. He had heard the crackle of his gun, but had been too busy with his own affairs to notice what had happened. He was just in time to see the end. As he turned his head the observer's shot took effect, taking off the enemy's planes completely. Whirling rapidly the German machine plunged to the ground, thousands of feet below.

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WIT AND WISDOM

Fonetic Spelling.

Sergeant—Now, then, line up alphabetically for pay. What's your name, my lad?

Private Phillips, air.

Sergeant—Well, what yer doing up here? Get back amonp the F's at once.

His Meals.

Do your meals ever distress you?"

"Yes, often when I pay the check.

Criticism.

"How do you like the way Blippins plays the ukelele?"

"It isn't loud enough," replied Miss Cayenne.

"Not loud enough?"

"Not loud enough to drown his singing."

He Should Worry.

The price of coal disturbs him not,
Just let it soar away;
He's in a nice steam-heated flat
With contract good till May.

Resemblance.

"My dear," said Mr. X as he looked at his wife's purchases, "you remind me of the Greek slave."

"How so?"

"You were sold at auction."

The Safer Way.

"He called his mother-in-law an old cat."

"That took some courage."

"Oh, he didn't do it in words; he sent her a package of catnip."

Precaution.

Jack—Did you tell her what you said was in strict confidence?

Ethel—No; I didn't want her to think it was important enough to repeat.

Whadyamean "Sympathy."

Raleigh Observer—"Both the bride and groom were better looking than the average and attracted much sympathy."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that even America is in more or less of a fluid state, but she imagines the national prohibition law will get through before long.

Fickleness is the end tail of impulse.

MAGIC
BAKING POWDER
The use of the ordinary kinds of baking powder is not attractive to the woman that regards purity and nutrition as important factors in home baking. Women are coming more and more to realize that Magic Baking Powder is the perfect baking powder and that foods containing it have increased nutritious value.
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MAGIC BAKING POWDER
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CLASSES FOR BRIGHTER CHILDREN

(By H. Addington Bruce.)

In virtually every city special provision is now made for the education of children who are uncommonly dull. In every city special provision ought also to be made for the education of children who are uncommonly bright.

Some cities already have met this need, which is a really vital one. When it is not met serious criticism of the school system is justified.

For, obviously, if dullards should be put into special classes for their own good and in order not to delay the class work of brighter children, those children who are exceptionally bright should not be handicapped by being obliged to keep pace with children of an intelligence inferior to theirs.

Such exceptional children are surely worth more to any community than its mental defectives, and should be given at least as much consideration.

From their ranks will come the leaders of the future, whose leadership will be efficient and enlightened in proportion as their natural talents have been propery developed.

And the best development is impossible unless the school system is adjusted to the exceptionally bright child's individual needs and possibilities. If this adjustment is not made it may truly be said, in the words of one earnest student of school problems:

"The public schools are not giving the bright child a square deal. He is marking time, waiting for the lame duck to catch up."

Or, as another critic puts it:

"The public school attempts the impossible feat of making a course for all children, irrespective of strength, mentality, inheritance or home environment—whether they are to be lawyers or blacksmiths, artisans or mathematicans. Plainly this course cannot suit all children. It has been suggested that the course has been designed for the average pupil. The 'average' pupil does not exist.

"Instead, then, of a school to fit the pupil, the pupil is made to fit the school. The lockstep masquerades under the name of discipline. The regid curriculum tends with each passing year to produce more and more the type of factory employes, obliterating individuality and forcing all into the same mold."

Happily, as said in the beginning, the bright pupil is here and there getting today the square deal he always should have had. May the process of dealing with him more justly and more rationally than in the past be rapidly and universally extended.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Mr. Parkins was at our house for suppir last nite, my sister Gladdis saying to me yestidday aftirnoon, Now Benny, for goodniss sakes watch yourself at suppir to-nite, and be carefil how you eat, Mr. Parkins is very refined and you must try not to shock him. Being a insult, and I sed, Aw, go on, I wouldn't take the trubble to shock him, wy dont he take his plate down the celler and eat all by his ownself if hes so refined.

Tawk sents, sed Gladdis.

And last nite wile we was eating suppir, Mr. Parkins setting next to Gladdis, I sed, How do you think I eat, Mr. Parkins?

Very nicely, very nicely indeed, sed Mr. Parkins.

Benny, be silent, sed Gladdis.

That aint onything, is it I sed, G wizz, I know fellows that eat fearse, you awt to see me alongside of Puds Simkins. Wen Puds Simkins eats soop you dont even haff to be in the same room with him.

Very vivid, very vivid, sed Mr. Parkins.

Benny, sed Gladdis, and I sed, Well, you dont, I can't help it, and you awt to see me alongside of Skinny Martin. Skinny Martin puts so mutch in his mouth at the same time, G, you wouldent think he could get any more in, but he does.

This is terrible, father, sed Gladdis.

You awt to see me alongside of Ed Wernick, I sed, and pop sed, I think we had better leeve the werld steeped in blissfill ignorants as far as the dining room exploits of the rest of your little friends are concerned.

Meening for me to keep quiet. Wich I did, not even finishing telling how Ed Wernick looks eating a bannanna.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Even one taste of defeat may be hard to swallow.

When a man lends his influence he seldom gets it back.

Sometimes a man's silence speaks volumes for his discretion.

The wings of riches are not the kind that angels use on their headgear.

Of course, Hazel, people wear eyeglasses for the looks of the thing.

When some women go downtown and loaf all afternoon, they call it shopping.

Don't meddle with the affairs of other people and you will have that much less to worry about.

EMPIRE THEATRE | WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY

Madge Evans in "Wanted—A Mother," an unusually attractive theme in five acts.

King Baggott and Marguerite Snow in "The Eagle's Eye," Chapter 4.

"von Rintelan, The Destroyer," two parts

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LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

The United States treasury department says, in a pamphlet issued to the public, that

"There should be no peace with prostitution, no truce with the 'red light' district, no armistice with venereal diseases. Unconditional surrender is the government's demand from this enemy at home.

"How do you stand on the program, Mr. Citizen? It is no easy task. It is not a job for sentimentalists or fly by night enthusiasts. It is a task for hard headed business and professional men and capable women. It is a job for citizens who feel responsibility for their community and their nation in time of peace as well as war. With war's final end many war buildings, war jobs and institutions will go to the scrap heap. Don't scrap your patriotism and community spirit in this matter. Make your blows knockouts against vice."

If you wonder why the treasury department is conducting a campaign against venereal disease it may be explained that money in America is an important institution, while health is comparatively unimportant. Therefore the United States treasury department issues this bulletin through one of its subsidiary branches, the public health service. The dollar's the thing.

These pamphlets will not teach you the whole truth, but they will enable you to acquire a reasonable understanding of vital problems. If you fail to avail yourself of the opportunitstive and valuable information tunity here presented to obtain auabout a much misunderstood subject the fault is your own and you may indeed feel ashamed of your dense ignorance. It is now a sin to be ignorant.

Ordinary Doctors Do.

"Do ordinary doctors treat syphilis —I mean are they competent to treat such a disease or should one consult a specialist?" D. E. P."

Specialists are ordinary doctors, are they not? At least I am not aware that a doctor who confines his practice to a given field is extraordinary—more often he is just disinclined to carry on the drudgery of general practice. Every doctor who has as many as a dozen patients must treat more or less syphilis.

Butter Vs. Oleomargarine.

"Please tell me whether oleomargarine, which is said to be made from vegetable oils wholly, is a satisfactory substitute in the diet for butter. MRS. S. C."

If a reasonable quantity of fresh milk is added to the diet the substitution of oleomargarine for butter is unobjectionable from the viewpoint of physiology and nutrition, and certainly an economical advantage. If fresh milk is not included in the diet the oleomargarine made from vegetable fats may (this question has not yet been finally settled) supply insufficient fat soluble vitamin for normal nutrition and growth.

A Peroyide Myth.

"Kindly let me know through the paper whether the continued application of peroxide of hydrogen will eventually kill the roots of superfluous hair on the face? If so, is one year enough? Do you approve the electric needle for the same purpose? A. M. E."

Neither peroxide nor any other known substance applied to the skin will kill the roots of hair. The electric needle in skilled hands is the only effective remedy for superfluous hair on the face; sometimes X-ray treatment is effective for the removal of hair on other parts of the body.

ALARMING SPREAD OF FLU IN OMEMEE AND DISTRICT

Twenty-Five Cases in Village, Eighty in Township and Forty Down With Pneumonia—Only One Doctor in Attendance

(Special to The Review)

Omemee, Jan. 8.—The increase in the number of cases of influenza has reached an alarming stage in and around Omemee with only one doctor here.

In an interview with the busy physician he stated that there are at least twenty five cases of "flu" in the village and over eighty in the country and he is in attendance on forty cases of pneumonia. The New Year's night concert for which great preparations had been made was cancelled as a safeguard.

All stores will close at six p. m., each day except on Saturday when they will remain open until seven. Church service will only be held in the morning and only one Sunday school.

All township schools are closed until further notice and the village school is also closed indefinitely.

19 STATES FAVOR DRY AMENDMENT

TEMPERANCE FORCES IN U. S. CONFIDENT OF GENERAL PROHIBITION.

Washigto, Jan. 8—The claim that congress did not properly adopt the resolution by a two-thirds majority under which the national prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution is now being submitted to the States was disposed of by the U. S. supreme court in an analagous case. Leaders at he national headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League of America are jubilant not only because this decision, delivered for the court by Chief Justice White puts every real legal obstacle out of the way, but because it was supplemented by news that the legislatures of the States of Ohio, Colorado and Oklahoma yesterday ratified the national prohibition amendment. This makes nineteen out of the necessary thirty-six states that have so far ratified the national prohibition amendment. Enough legislatures will meet this month to have the national prohibition amendment submitted to them all. Prohibition leaders here are claiming that forty-two out of forty-eight states are sure to ratify the amendment. They predict that before the end of January more than the necessary three-fourths of the forty-eight states will have ratified the amendment.

REFUSE TO TREAT WITH TRAITORS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 8.—A Spartacan delegation endeavored to confer with the government, but was notified that the government members could not discuss any matters until all public and private buildings now occupied by the counter-revolutionists, had been vacated.

At this hour the Spartacan forces are being massed at several places where weapons and armored motorcars have been concentrated. In Wilhelmstrasse the government forces are awaiting an attack. Government troops have been posted at various places with machine guns.

Troops in the government buildings have been equipped with flamethrowers.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH TO RAISE MILLIONS FOR WORK

Branch in United States Begins Campaign to Help Stricken Christian Branches in the War Zone.

Prominent Chicagoans form a part of the laymen's council of the new era movement of the Presbyterian Church of America which began a national drive Sunday and which is expected to prove one of the epochal campaigns of the church. Every Presbyterian church in Chicago and vicinity will observe "Re-enlistment day," on which members will pledge their allegiance to the advanced church program. Henry P. Crowell is chairman of the national laymen's council, and Cyrus H. McCormick, James H. Forgan, John V. Farwell and Frank J. Loesch are members. Associated with them are prominent men from other sections of the United States.

Following the observance of re-enlistment day when the 36,000 members of the church were expected to be enrolled as active workers in the movement, a conference of Presbyterians from four states has been arranged for Chicago on Feb. 11 and 12 at the Fourth Presbyterian church and the Church of the Covenant. Two thousand delegates are expected to attend. They will represent twenty-five presbyteries in Illinois, Indianna, Michigan and Wisconsin.

National Leaders Here

Attending the convention will be many of the nationally known leaders of the church. Among them are Dr. J. Frank Smith, Dallas, Tex., moderator of the general assembly Dr. William H. Foulkes, general secretary of the new era movement; Dr. John A. Marquis, New York, secretary of the board of home missions, and Dr. John R. Davies of Philadelphia, Pa.

"The new era movement was launched by the Presbyterians of America to re-organize the church to meet the demands of changing times," said Henry P. Crowell, who is chairman of the national laymen's council. "It co-ordinates every board and agency in the church. It aims to create a great spiritual awakening in every home, and to put the finances of the church on a modern business basis."

$1,000,000 for Post War Work

The church already plans to appropriate $500,000 for stricken protestant churches in France, Belgium and Italy, and another $500,000 for aiding young men who went forth to war from Presbyterian homes and who return from the front wounded or crippled. The general benevolence budget of the church next year will be $13,000,000, which includes home and foreign missions, educational work and social service activities, and is an increase of 100 per cent. The church aims to carry on relief work as spiritual activities and will seek to alleviate sickness, poverty and distress in every community. Homes touched by the war will have special consideration."

The new era program has an ultimate five year program which will involve the raising and spending of $75,000,000 for progressive church work. It will be done in co-operation with other denominations, and duplication of effort will be carefully avoided. In the homes, the custom of family prayers will be revived, a league of prayer is to be built up among the young people of the church under the name of Comrades of the New Era, and church attendance and the religios life will be emphasized.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, Jan. 8.—Mrs. Borland and son, Homer, of Peterboro, visited Mrs. Cunningham, sister of the former, last week.

Miss Millard returned on Saturday after a pleasant visit with her parents who reside near Fort Erie.

Mrs. McCrea, Miss McCrea and Mrs. Mulligan returned on Thursday after attending the golden jubilee ceremony of the Eaton store last week.

Miss Grace Laidley returned to her school at Belleville on Saturday.

The new bank manager, Mr. Weaver, is suffering from pneumonia.

The Tom Mack's show which was held in Coronation Hall on Friday, and which usually draws a packed house, was poorly attended, owing to the influenza scare.

The many friends of Mrs. Clarence Laidley will regret to learn that she is still confined to her room after an illness of seven weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Shaw left on Monday for Oshawa where Mr. Shaw has secured a good position.

The many friends of Pte. Jack Murray were pleased to see him in the village again on New Year's Day. Pte. Murray returned from overseas a week ago. He has been in the thick of the fray since leaving Omemee. Pte. Murray was in training in Omemee during the winter of 1916 with company B of the 109th Battalion. On his arrival in England, he was transferred to the 20th Battalion.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. McBride, East Emily, before taking up residence again in Toronto.

Miss Lillian Bedmead returned to her school in Muskoka district on Saturday.

Rev. W. J. H. Smyth, of Toronto, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist Church on Sunday morning in the absence of the Rev. Mr. Lewis, who has been ill.

Miss Lulu Bushnell returned to her duties as teacher at West Hill on Saturday.

Miss Florence Caldwell, who is attending Peterboro Business College, was the guest of Mrs. Matthews last week.

Mr. George English, who has been visiting friends at Midland, returned home on Monday.

Miss MacDonnagh, of Niagara Falls, arrived in Omemee on Monday and will be assistant high school teacher for the month of January.

Sergt. Harold Cunningham left on Monday morning for Kingston accompanied by Corp. W. O'Neil and Pte. P. Perdue where all three will await their discharge.

Miss Marie MacInnis left on Monday morning for her school at Furnace Falls.

Pte. Fred. Stinson, who has been visiting his mother for the past month, returned to Detroit on Wednesday.

Mr. A. E. Byers, of Toronto, was a business visitor to Omemee on Tuesday.

Mrs. James was a visitor to Toronto last week.

Mr. C. V. Mulligan, of Toronto, visited his mother last week.

The stork called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Fee on Monday, leaving a fine baby girl. (Congratulations.)

Some love letters look like counterfeit promissory notes

Unless you have faith in your effort it will be a failure.

No, Elizabeth, all makers of crazy quilts are not lunatics.

The man who does the least talking often has the most to say.

OBITUARY

MR. E. RICHARDSON.

Mr Edward Richardson died at his home, 268 Thomas street, this morning at 3 o'clock from heart disease.

He is survived by three sisters and one brother in Peterborough, namely, Margaret, Eliza and Lucy, and Joseph, and one sister, Mrs. Elliott, in Coldwater.

Service will be held at the house at 11 a.m. Friday. Funeral to G.T.R. station, thence to Millbrook, where the remains will be buried at Gardiner's cemetery on the arrival of the noon train.

MR. J. BLAKE BROOKS.

The death occurred in Stoughton, Sask., yesterday, of Mr. J. Blake Brooks, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Brooks, formerly residing on Princess street, city.

THE LATE WILLIAM TORPEY.

The funeral of the late William Torpey will be held from the residence of Mr. Redmond McAuliffe, Smith street east, tomorrow at eight a.m. to the Church of the Immaculate Conception and St. Peter's Cemetery.

HOUSE SERVANTS ARE ON STRIKE

WARSAW DOMESTICS REFUSE TO WORK UNLESS MISTRESS HELPS.

Warsaw, Jan. 8.—The waiters and janitors of Warsaw, who are among the few having steady work and good pay, have gone on strike, and the house servants are expected to follow their example. The domestics even now are only consenting to work if the mistress does her share of the labors of the household, especially the dish-washing and similar services. The waiters demand 15 per cent. of the profits of the hotels and restaurants, while the cooks are asking 25 per cent.

The janitors demand a ten-hour day, with the front doors closed at 9 o'clock in the evening. As the tenants have no keys to the front doors of the apartment houses they are obliged to stay indoors through fear of being compelled to pass the night in the streets. The janitors, however, express a willingness to concede permission for the tenants to go out after 9 o'clock and come in late if they pay a fine of one mark for each time they thus trouble the janitor. Most of the evening engagements of apartment dwellers are being given up owing to this situation and the streets are virtually deserted at night.

A cane is an old man's strength and a young man's weakness.

Some one has advanced the startling theory that there is nothing so monotonous as monotony.

HOW JOE BASCOM MADE THE TURN

"TURN TO THE RIGHT" IS PRESENTED TO LARGE AUDIENCE AT GRAND.

Joe Bascom, convicted of a theft he never committed, although the appearances were all against him on account of his free and easy methods of life, spent a year in Sing Sing Prison. Upon his release, his heroic struggle to mend his ways and his efforts to effect the salvation of two former boon companions, form the basis for the story in the play, "Turn to the Right," that was presented to a large and well-pleased audience at the Grand Opera House last night.

Bascom's crop of wild oats had been harvested, when, like the Prodigal Son, save in the matter of attire, he returns home after an absence of fours years, to find everything at sixes and sevens. His sweet-faced and patient old mother and his young sister are to be driven from the homestead for debt by a close-fisted church deacon. Like most playwrights, the author of "Turn to the Right," when he depicts a grasping miser, chooses to camouflage him with a garb of piety. Bascom's former companions appear accidentally in the scene, and by a combination of good work and distinctly questionable practices—the latter not countenanced by the hero—the family estate is saved to its rightful owners. Everyone is reformed who stood in need of reformation, and the play ends with the marriage of at least half a dozen of the leading characters.

The cast was a most excellent one. Joseph Striker, as Joe Bascom, had a difficult role, but was equal to it, while his free-and-easy friends, Howard I. Smith and Allen Mather, made comedy for the audience, especially in their suspicious operations which, when the occasion for them was considered—the happiness of a woman who had befriended them—almost appeared meritorious. Mat. Thompson, as Sam Martin, was a genius in his part, and every member of the cast brought strength and interest to the presentation.

"The Hearts of the World," D. W. Grimth's picture masterpiece, will be at the Grand for the last three days of this week with a daily matinee. This picture had run one day of its engagement here some time ago when the theatre was ordered closed on account of the flu epidemic. It is one of the greatest moving pictures ever produced, and its return to Peterborough will be warmly welcomed.

The brand of popularity that one can buy isn't worth the price.

Some men do some mighty queer stunts for the purpose of keeping their names before the public.

And it sometimes comes to pass that, after a man has made money, the money gets busy and unmakes the man.

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINZER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

TAPPED SEWER TO SAVE LIQUOR

PLAN OF HULL FIREMEN FAILS AND THEY LOSE JOBS.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—Canada's thrift campaign appears to have left a permanent impression on certain members of Hull's Fire Department. Under judicial instruction the Hull police undertook to pour several barrels of what was described as "good whiskey" into a civic sewer.

The news of the edict had spread and two thrifty and enterprising Hull firemen decided to do their best to avoid the waste. With care and skill they "tapped" the sewer pipe at the psychological time and place with the result that they secured a considerable quantity of the liquor. Unfortunately for the firemen their scheme was discovered, and before they could make any use of the elixir they were caught by one of their superiors and later discharged.

Premier Clemenceau has returned to Paris after his brief rest at La Vendee.

The Austro-Hungarian battleship Salzburg, requisitioned by France, has arrived at Toulon.

All restrictions in the shipment of egg size anthracite coal has been removed by the U. S. Fuel Administrator.

The Victoria Hockey League of British Columbia has adopted the playing rules of the Ontario Hockey Association.

ROYAL THEATRE

12 FIRST RUN REELS — NEW PRICES — 12 FIRST RUN REELS

A SPARKLING PROGRAM. ENTIRE CHANGE TO-MORROW

High Class Vitagraph Features and Comedies

The Dawn of Understanding

FIVE PARTS

With Bessie Love as the Leading Star in a Play of Sunshine and Sentiment and Surprise

THE IRON TEST TWO PARTS

Second Episode of this Million Dollar Serial, with all Star Actors

A GREAT WEST DRAMA THREE PARTS

Two Big V Comedies, with Favorite Jollickers

HUNS and HYPHENS TWO PARTS

To-day and To-morrow's Program—One of the best of the World's Stars on the Screen Vitagraph Service to the Royal.

Admission only 15c, and 1c Extra for War Tax 16c — All Over the House for this Big Double Show 16c

BEGIN HOT WATER DRINKING IF YOU DON'T FEEL RIGHT

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

If you wake up with a bad taste bad breath and tongue is coated; if your head is dull or aching; if what you eat sours and forms gas and acid in stomach, or you are bilious, constipated, nervous, sallow and can't get feeling just right, begin inside bathing. Drink before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will flush the poisons and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels and cleanse, sweeten and purifying the entire alimentary tract. Do your inside bathing immediately upon arising in the morning to wash out of the system all the previous day's poisonous waste, gases and sour bile before putting more food into the stomach.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became loaded with body impurities, get from your pharmacist a quarter pound of limestone phosphate which is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

Just as soap and water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and freshening, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Men and women who are usually constipated, bilious, headachy or have any stomach disorder should begin this inside bathing before breakfast. They are assured they will become real cranks on the subject shortly.

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, Jan. 8.—A rousing reception service was held in the Town Hall on Thursday evening for Pte. W. Langley and son, Fred, who recently returned from the front. The hall was well filled to do honor to the returned heroes. The chair was taken by the reeve, Dr. Hess, who called upon several prominent townsmen to address the gathering. Mr. Garrard, of Peterboro, favored the audience with two vocal selections, which were well rendered and heartily encored. Some patriotic selections, "The Maple Leaf" and "Red, White and Blue" were sung by the audience with great enthusiasm, after which Dr. Hess read an address and on behalf of the citizens of Hastings presented the guests of the evening with beautifully engraved lockets. The gathering dispersed after singing God Save the King.

Wednesday being New Year's Day, all places of business were closed and a great number spent the day with out-of-town friends.

A sad death occurred on Saturday morning when Charles, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Beamish, succumbed to a severe attack of flu. The deceased young man had been for some time in Western Canada and had come home for the Christmas season when he was taken ill and in spite of all that medical assistance could do, he gradually sank until Saturday morning when death put an end to his suffering. Universal sympathy is expressed for the bereaved parents and family. The funeral was held on Sunday afternoon to the T. V. C. where interment took place.

An accident which might have proved very serious occurred on Monday morning when a horse, driven by Mr. Frank Keenan, took fright at some children sleighriding, and ran away, throwing Mrs. Keenan out and causing a dislocation of the shoulder. Those who witnessed the accident consider Mr. and Mrs. Keenan very fortunate in escaping with so few bruises.

A miscellaneous shower was held on Friday evening for Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Lobb at their home in Asphodel. A large crowd was present and many useful and ornamental gifts presented to the young couple by their friends. A pleasant evening was spent together and many congratulations showered upon the bride and groom.

Mr. Ostrander and family left during the week for Desoronto where he has secured a good positon in one of the schools there.

The council for 1919 will be composed of Dr. Hess, reeve, and Councillors Charlie Plant, Dr. Wilson, A. Chapman and R. C. Doksee.

Rev. Father J. Peyton, of Parry Sound, spent the holiday with friends here and officiated in the R. C. Church on New Year's Day.

Mr. Joe Mulholland, while at work in the kindling factory, operating a saw in some way had his hand drawn under the machine and suffered a severe wound, whereby the flesh was badly lacerated and only for a board interfering, the hand would, in all probability, have been sawn asunder.

Mr. Wesley Huycke, of Peterboro, was the guest of his brother, Mr. T. Huycke, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Winter Runnels, of Peterboro, visited during the week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Runnels.

Mr. W. Boyes, of Ottawa, spent the holiday in town.

Rev. Archie Thomson, of Moncton, spent the holiday with his parents, Rev. D. A. and Mrs. Thomson.

Mr. Ernest Firman, of Campbellford, has been the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Victor German.

Capt. Walter Thomson, of Kingston was home for New Year's Day.

Rev. Mr. Higgs, of Millbrook, called on Hastings' friends on Saturday.

Mrs. T. Learmouth is visiting friends in Peterboro.

The reeveship in Asphodel was warmly contested by Messrs. Brown and Fallon, the result of the election being that Mr. Max Brown was returned to the chair.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. Tedford near Norwood on Sunday and report a very large cortege. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

Miss Laura Smith has gone to Nichol's Hospital, Peterboro, for treatment of throat affection. Her many friends wish for her a speedy recovery.

The schools have re-opened after the holiday with Mr. Prentiss as principal of the public school.

Miss Conley is ill with influenza. She has been visiting in Toronto, and while there contracted the disease.

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence.)

Millbrook, Jan. 8.—Master Duffy Miller, of Peterboro, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Edmunds over the week-end.

Mr. Basil Richards visited friends in Peterboro last week.

Mrs. Jackson, of Toronto, was a guest of her mother, Mrs. Forsythe, last week.

Miss Beatrice Beardmore, of Campbellford, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Husk, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Mulligan, of Cleveland, Ohio, are guests of friends in town.

Mr. W. H. Coombe was a visitor to Toronto last week.

Miss Phyllis Richards is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. G. W. McKim, at Peterboro.

Mrs. E. McConnell, of Lindsay, was a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mattrass, last week.

Mrs. Lacheur, of Toronto, was a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Noble Stewart, last week.

Miss Ida Pue, of Bailieboro, was a guest of the Misses Stella and Lila Pethick, over Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Dewell, of Bethany, was a visitor to town on Thursday.

Mr. Ed. Riley, of Peterboro, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Janes last week.

Mr. Fred. Long, of Peterboro, was a guest of Millbrook friends on Thursday.

New Year's Wedding.

A very pretty, but quiet wedding, took place at the home of Mr. Thomas H. Aiken, on New Year's Daf, when his youngest daughter, Ethel Ruby, was united in marriage to Nathaniel Belch, oldest son of Mrs. T. Belch, all of Cavan, the Rev. Wm. Higgs officiating. Only the immediate friends were present.

The bride, leaning on the arm of her father, passed under an arch of evergreens and Christmas bells, and entered the drawing-room to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, played by Miss Mary Higgs, of Millbrook. The pretty bride wore a nigger brown chiffon-taffetta dress, beautifully embroidered in blue, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations with ferns. The groom's gift to the bride was a pendant of amethysts set in pearls, and to the pianist, a brooch with a clover leaf set in pearls. After a sumptuous repast the happy couple left on the four o'clock train for a short trip to Toronto and other western points, the bride looking charming in a navy blue serge suit and black hat.

Mr. and Mrs. Belch will be at home to their friends after March 1st.

War Relief For December.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand	$369 82
Donation from Mr. and Mrs. Wilkes	2 00
Sale of supplies	6 80
	$378 62

EXPENDITURES.

Fowler & Pendrie, flette, spools, etc	$ 8 53
B. S. MacInnes, for Red Cross life member	25 00
Belgium Fund	25 00
Serbian Fund	25 00
Secours National Fund	25 00
Express on yarn	55
Cleaning of work room	1 00
Cards, tags and tissue paper.	1 00
Postage	63
	$378 62

Balance on hand 266 91

DONATIONS.

From Cavan Methodist Ladies' Aid, 5 quilts, 2 coats; made by Mrs. Nill (Cavan), 7 girl's flette nightgowns, 4 girl's waists, 9 girl's flette petticoats, 6 girl's flette drawers, 4 girl's cloth dresses; from St. John's Auxiliary (Cavan), 6 quilts, cape, sweater and scarf; From Mrs. Reid Lowery, 2 large feather pillows.

Mrs. J. R. Eakins has been made life member of Canadian Red Cross Society.

Letter of Appreciation.

The following is a letter received by Mrs. Eakins and her reply:

Dear Mrs. Eakins,—

We, the officers and workers of the War Relief Society, felt we would like to make some tangible expression of our appreciation of your services as president of this society. It is owing chiefly to your energy and tastefulness, that the Society has been able to accomplish what it has, so we thought it fitting now at the close of the war to make you a life member of the Canadian Red Cross.

We have done this, hoping it will be in accordance with your desires, and assuring you it comes with the very good wishes of all concerned.

Yours on behalf of the War Relief,
R. L. MacNAMARA,
Secretary.

Mrs. Eakins' Reply.

Dear Miss MacNamara,—

Will you please convey to the officers and workers of the War Relief Society my sincere thanks for my life membership to the Canadian Red Cross.

I assure you nothing you could have done could have given me greater pleasure, although I feel you over estimate my efforts on behalf of the War Relief work as so kindly expressed in your note. All the officers and workers who have worked so splendidly with me, are quite as deserving of the happiness of wearing this Red Cross pin, which means more to me than a life membership. It means the kindly thought and good will of my fellow workers, which I am so pleased to have, after working together for four or more years.

Gratefully yours,
MARY EAKINS.

Grace Church Notes.

Sunday, Jan. 12, 1919.

10.30 a.m.—Rev. Dr. McGilliviny, of Shanghai, the great missionary to China

7.30 p.m.—Rev. Dr. McGilliviny, of Shanghai, the great missionary to China.

2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

St. Enoch's Garden Hill.

2.30—Song service.

1.30—Sunday School and Bible Class.

Methodist Church Notes.

Rev. H. A. Fish.

10.30—"The Home and the Nation."

7.00—"Religion, Citizenship and Loyalty."

2.30—Sunday School.

Monday evening Rev. H. A. Fish will lecture in the Methodist Church. Suvject, "The Oatican and Germany."

Program given by the Methodist Sunday School on New Year's Day follows:

Song—Island of Dreams—Miss Stickle.

Motion Song—Here We Go Round the Mulbery Bush—Primary Class.

Recital—The Coward—Miss Stickle.

Recitation—Jean Stinson.

Song—Dolly's Bedtime—Marjorie Sayles.

Recitation—Alfred Higgs.

Solo—Loraine, Loraine, Loree—Miss Stickle.

The Morning After The Big Night

The Wise Precaution of a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet After the Banquet Brings Pleasant Memories With the Morning Coffee

If It Hadn't Been For Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Like as Not I'd Have a Headache This Morning.

If you ever feel distressed after eating be sure to take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. For no matter what you eat there will be no gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning. And should you now be troubled, eat a tablet as soon as possible and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct at once the faults of a weak or overworked stomach, they do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for banqueters and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food most apt to cause stomach derangement. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents, in any drug store. Be good to your stomach.

POULTRY SHOW IN FULL SWING

LARGE CROWD EXPECTED TO VISIT EXHIBITION AT THE ARMORIES.

The annual Poultry Show opened in the Armories yesterday and has been attracting a fair attendance, although most of the day was spent in judging and getting things into shape.

Tonight and tomorrow night will find a large crowd on hand as the exhibits are most attractive and there are many people in the city interested in this annual event.

People are urged to attend as the movement is worthy of their unstinted support, and they will be amply repaid for their financial outlay and sacrifice of time by the fine exhibits of well-bred fowl to be seen.

Recitation—Eleanor Fallis.

Recitation—The Thimble Family—Jean Burnham.

Recital—The Race—Miss Stickle.

Motion Song—Round the Village—Primary Class.

Song—I Can't Do the Sum—Miss Stickle.

Address—Rev. Mr. Brown.

Recital—Wolverine—Miss Stickle.

God Save the King.

Died—At Bensfort, on Tuesday, Jan. 7, 1919, John Pue, aged 85 years. Funeral on Thursday, Jan. 9, at 1 o'clock p.m. Interment at Dawson's Cemetery, South Monaghan.

Died—In Peterboro, on Monday, Jan. 6, 1919, Adaline Donnelly, beloved wife of L. C. Russell. Funeral on Wednesday, Jan. 8. Interment at Presbyterian Cemetery.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence.)

Keene, Jan. 8.—The annual meeting of the Farmers' Institute will be held at the Town Hall, Keene, on Monday afternoon and evening, Jan. 20.

Miss Pearl McCann and little Katherine McCarthy visiting Hastings' friends a few days last week.

Miss Clara Roche has returned to Rochester, N.Y., after a pleasant two weeks' holiday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Roche.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John McFarlane on Thursday, Dec. 24th.

Miss Kerr, of Peterboro, spent New Year's at the home of Mr. Patrick Roche.

The annual meeting of the Ontonabee Agricultural Society will be held in the Council Chamber, on Thursday, Jan. 10th, at one o'clock, for the purpose of election of officers for the ensuing year, and the reserving and dispersing of the report of the board of directors.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seavis have returned to their home at Boston after a pleasant holiday visit at the home of Mr. Seavis' sister.

Mr. Walter Bryce returned to his home at Toronto on Saturday after a few days' pleasant visit at the home of his father, Mr. Archibald Bryce.

Mrs. Thomas Manley, of Midabe, Sask., is visiting at the home of his mother, Mrs. George Brown.

Mrs. W. R. Wedlock and children returned on Friday from Peterboro where they were guests at the home of Mr. William Wedlock over New Year's.

About 40 of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. L. Burley gathered at their home on New Year's Eve and danced out the old year and the new year in.

Miss Lillian Moore returned to Norwood on Monday where she will resume her studies at the Norwood High School.

Messrs. Harry and William Stewart who have been ill the past week with the flu, are recovering.

Mr. Harry Andrews, after a pleasant two weeks' holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Roche, returned to his home at Niagara last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell spent New Year's with friends in Toronto.

Miss Lizzie Nelson, of Toronto, is a guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. William Nelson.

Fletcher Bros. have purchased the property recently occupied by Mr. Duncan MacFarlane on High street.

Mr. Albert has returned to Kincardine after a pleasant two weeks' holiday with his mother, Mrs. William Nelson.

The dance planned by several of the young men of Keene last Friday night was postponed until a later date, owing to the epidemic, which then was quite frequent in Keene and vicinity.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. of the Methodist Church will be held at the parsonage on Thursday afternoon, at 2.30 p.m.

Mrs. W. L. Wood, of Toronto, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell.

Mrs. (Dr.) Ross and little son, Jimmy, spent the holidays with friends at Tottenham.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefeld, Jan. 8.—Mr. Wesley Sherin was very agreeably surprised after the installation of officers of the Canadian Order of Foresters when his brother members presented him with a brier pipe and silk umberella as a token of his friendship and also of the good work he has done as an officer of their Court.

Mr. Sherin thanked the members in a few well-chosen words, also saying how sorry he was to leave them.

Mrs. S. A. Northey, Miss Greta Northey and Miss Stella Galvin are guests at Burnt River.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Montgomery and family, of Uxbridge, were the guests of Mrs. McIllmoyl, Queen street.

A Christmas treat was given the members of St. John's Sunday School on Friday last when the children were taken for a sleigh ride through the country, returning to the Sunday School about four o'clock, when games were played, after which the following prizes were distributed:

Mrs. Mahood (1st class)—Grace Watson, Madaline Junkin and Etta Webdale.

Miss Ogilvie (2d. class)—Helen Everett and Gussie Fairburn.

Miss G. Hampton (3rd class)—Fern Wannamaker and Hazel Crawford.

Mrs. H. Marting (4th class)—May Mahood.

Miss Hillard (5th class)—Helen Watson and Eric Morin.

Mrs. T. Waldon (6th class)—Edith Wannamaker, Spencer Hope, Roy Everett.

Miss Graham (7th class)—Gwendolyn Simpson, Ruth Crawford.

The many friends of Sapper Percy Johnson are pleased to see him home after his absence of two years, which he spent in France.

Mrs. W. J. Ridpath spent Thursday in Peterboro.

On January 2nd the Lakefield Court No. 43, Canadian Order of Foresters, installed their officers for this year as follows:

Bro. J. E. Galvin—P. C. R.
Bro. J. R. Jory—C. R.
Bro. D. Darling—V. C. R.
Bro. J. Campbell—Chaplain.
Bro. J. Richardson—J. B.
Bro. P. Watson—S. B.
Bro. J. Northcott—S. W.
Bro. R. Garbett—J. W.
Bro. G. B. Hilliard—Treasurer.
Bro. Wm. Graham, Rec. Secretary
Bro. C. Thompson—Fin. Secretary.
Bro. J. R. Fraser—Court Physician.

Miss Mable Walker, of Peterboro, spent New Years with Miss McKibbon.

Pte. Edward Tighe, who has spent the past two years in France, returned to his home last week. Pte. Tighe enlisted with the 93rd Battalon.

Miss Isabel Johnson left on Monday for Toronto.

Miss Dora Pinkerthey was a week-end guest in the village.

Miss Lilia Pattrick returned to Norwood on Monday after spending the holiday at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Everett, jr., and Miss Jean, Peterboro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Everett for New Year's.

Ms. A. J. Kidd and Miss Clarice left on Friday for Toronto where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Kidd.

Mrs. McCoy and Miss Grace McCoy returned to Madoc on Monday after spending the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Brown.

The Council, which was re-elected by acclamation, is as follows:

Reeve—Mr. F. J. Moore.

Councillors—Messrs. J. A. Porter, J. J. McDonald, A. J. Young and Dr. J. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Barnes, of Toronto, spent the holiday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Sherin.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Yarrow, of Peterboro, were guests in the village on Tuesday.

Reeve Moore spent Friday in Peterboro on business.

Mrs. Harold Kidd and family returned to her home in Toronto on Friday.

Miss Crough, of Guelph, returned to the village on Friday after spending the holiday at her home in Guelph.

Mrs. M. Osborne has received her captain's warrant from the chief commissioner, Lady Mary Pellet.

Miss Myrtle Northey, of Smith, is the guest of Miss Ethel Preston.

Mr. and Mrs. Stokes, who have been holidaying with Mr. and Mrs. Hendren, returned to Toronto on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Darcey and family, of Peterboro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Darcey for the holiday.

The Clementie Lodge No. 313, A. F. & A. M., installed their officers for the coming year on Friday last. The following officers were elected:

W. Bro. S. R. Legott—I. P. M.
W. Bro. W. J. Charlton—W. M.
Bro. Galvin Graham—S. W.
Bro. D. H. Charlton—J. W.
Bro. D. H. Morrison—S. D.
Bro. Theo. Crawford—J. D.
Bro. Z. Millar—S. S.
Bro. E. Milburn—J. S.
Bro. R. H. Knox, jr.—J. G.
W. Bro. G. B. Hilliard—Chaplain.
W. Bro. W. H. Casement—Treas.
V. W. Bro. A. E. Kennedy—Sec.
V. W. Bro. Dr. J. R. Fraser—D. of C.
W. Bro. W. M. Graham—Tyler.

The G.Y.P.A. will hold an afternoon tea and sale of home-made cooking, candy and etc., in Alford's restaurant, on Thursday afternoon, from 3 to 5 p.m.

A euchre party will be given in the evening. Other amusements will be supplied for those not playing cards. The proceeds will be used to help cover the losses caused by the fire.

Keeping *the* Home Fires Burning

THERE ARE MANY MEN YET LIVING who can tell about going to the neighbor's, miles away perhaps, to "Borrow" a chunk of fire. Until it arrived, no warmth, no light could be kindled. Whole families have shivered for hours until the messenger could return with the precious spark from a neighbor's fireplace.

Today, with a box of

Eddy's Matches

on the shelf, you need not worry least the fire die down in the night, and you can leave your house for weeks without making elaborate plans for getting a fire started when you return.

A match is a little thing, perhaps, but it has made a big difference in the world. And it makes a difference whether you get good matches or poor ones.

The best assurance of match satisfaction you can have is to *see that Eddy's name is on the box.*

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also makers of Indurated Fibreware and Paper Specialties

B-9

MAX BROWN
Who has been re-elected Reeve of Asphodel

Mrs. Mary Jones who was caught between two street cars and had to have the toes on one foot amputated died of the shock.

The flooded waters of the River Seine are still rising and Paris cellars are beginning to fill up.

LABORERS OUT IN LOCAL PLANT

G. WALTER GREEN'S MEN WOULD NOT STAND CUT IN WAGES.

All laborers at the plant of the G. Walter Green Company are on strike as a result of a reduction in their wages announced to the men last night.

The molders employed at the foundry are off work also, not on account of any grievance of their own but because they cannot carry on their work without the assistance of the laborers.

It is stated that the idea was to establish the pre-war scale of wages, but the men, who are members of the International Laborers' Union, declare they will not stand for this, and announce their intention of remaining out until some more favorable decision is arrived at.

Two St. Thomas grocers were fined $25 and costs each for selling adulterated maple sugar, and warned of heavier penalties for second offences.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods
Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
867 George St. Next Turnbull's

The Management and Staff of
HEINTZMAN HALL
PETERBORO
Extend to their many Patrons and Friends
The Best Wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year
and assure the public that their house will always adhere to the policy of upright and fair treatment to every customer.
We have good reason to be grateful for the marked growth of our business, and we thank our many friends for the appreciation they have shown for our goods during 1919.
Our New Year Greeting has been delayed on account of absence from the city through family bereavement.
B. H. BRITTON, Manager.

Bread made from Purity Flour is wholesome, is nourishing, and is good to eat

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-009 Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

PURITY OATS make good wholesome porridge

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
TORONTO, ONTARIO

QUESTION OF TEACHERS' PAY IS REFERRED TO NEW SCHOOL BOARD

Motion Deferring This Matter Until June Meeting Has Been Rescinded—Shall Collegiate Hall Be Used for Dancing?

Last night the Board of Education for the year 1918 held its final meeting. The question of a new schedule of teachers' salaries, making allowance for an increase, will be dealt with by the new Board at its first meeting, by virtue of a resolution passed last night rescinding the original motion which put off the settlement of this question until June. The estimates for the year 1919 cannot therefore be struck or submitted until the February meeting.

Inspector Mowat submitted his report showing the attendance at the public schools for December and stating that fire drill had been practised at regular intervals during the month and that the time recorded was from 45 to 75 seconds.

Inspector Mowat, who was present at the meeting, expressed himself as pleased with the good attendance at the schools since they re-opened after the Christmas vacation. Only one teacher is absent as a result of illness.

Principal Kenner's report regarding the attendance at the Collegiate for the month of December showed the number on the roll to be 364, the average 342, making a percentage showing of 94.

A report forwarded by Col. Gillespie, the inspector of the Collegiate cadet corps for the province, stated that the local Institute's corps had been reviewed by him, and he had found the standard generally good, discipline satisfactory and the body on the whole efficient.

Chief Grange, in his report upon his recent fire inspection, commented favorably upon the fine, orderly manner in which the pupils of the schools had responded to his alarm. He had found the schools free of all debris and a credit to their caretakers. He recommended several minor improvements in connection with the Queen Mary School, such as placing a clear-out hole in the pipe leading from the furnace.

Dancing in the Collegiate.

A communication from Principal Kenner was received drawing the attention of the Board to the fact that by virtue of regulations made some time ago, the pupils of the Collegiate were debarred from holding their annual dance in the assembly hall of the school. This event had been held a few days ago in the Empress Hotel, and as it was strictly a school affair he suggested the advisability of allowing the pupils to use the hall.

This question was referred to the supervision committee with power to act, after some discussion by members of the Board.

Mr. G. N. Gordon maintained that as the participants in this dance attended upon invitation it was hardly fair to the ratepayers that a building which had been erected and was being supported by them should be devoted to the holding of a social event of an exclusive nature. Only those who received invitations could attend the dance, which was being held in a public building.

There was also the question of religious scruples to be considered, to say nothing of the damage which might be done the plastering and furnishings as a result of using the hall for such a purpose.

Chairman Eastwood stated that the decision of the Board some years ago to forbid the use of the hall for an affair of the kind had not been arrived at as the result of any abusive practice and he could see no reason for continuing the ban.

Mr. Gordon asked if the Board would also be so considerate as to provide a smoking apartment for the young men who did not indulge in dancing. He could not see why the hall of the Collegiate should be thrown open to a chosen few who attended the dance by virtue of an invitation when the building was supported by the public.

Dr. Neal was of the opinion that if a dance of this kind war to be held it would be much more satisfactory to have it in the school hall than in a hotel.

Inspector Mowat Re-Appointed.

Inspector Mowat was re-appointed to the Public Library Board for a term of three years, upon motion of Trustees Denne and Fowler.

As a result of a motion of Messrs. Gordon and Patterson, the report of the Fire Chief was referred to the proper committee for consideration.

An account of Mr. G. M. Miller amounting to $50, as payment for his services in connection with drafting plans for a ventilation system for the Collegiate some years ago was ordered paid.

Praise for Chairman Eastwood.

In moving a vote of thanks to Mr. Vincent Eastwood, the retiring chairman of the Board of Education, Mr. G. N. Gordon referred to the efficient manner in which Mr. Eastwood had discharged his duties during his tenure of office. He had for many years devoted himself most assiduously to the task of advancing every movement which had for its object the improvement of educational conditions in this city.

As chairman of the Board he had presided with fairness and had served most faithfully on the committees at the sacrifice of his own time.

Mr. Denne, in seconding the resolution, added a few words of appreciation, and Mr. E. G. Patterson spoke briefly of the loss the Board would suffer as a result of Mr. Eastwood's withdrawal.

In thanking the members for the hearty vote of thanks which had been accorded him, Mr. Eastwood referred to the office he had held for the past two years as a great honor. It had been a pleasure to him to discharge the duties which fell to his lot, and in presiding at the meetings he had endeavored to carry forward the business which came before the Board in as expeditious a manner as was consistent with the importance of the matters considered.

The inaugural meeting of the Board of Education for 1919 will be held on Thursday night, when the question of the revised schedule of teachers' salaries will be considered in pursuance of the motion passed at last night's meeting.

Financial Statemant of the Board of Education For the Year 1918

Financial r hdowfthvzpcniddgys5etaoishrdl.

The General Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Peterborough Board of Education for the year ending 31st December 1918, is as follows:

RECEIPTS

Collegiate Institute Rate	$ 30200.00	
Public School Rate	80900.00	
Government Grants Collegiate Institute	1412.51	
Government Grants, Industrial Classes (2 terms)	1000.80	
Strathcona Trust Grant	38.77	
Government Grants Public Schools	2881.14	
Gov. Grants, Manual Training and Household Science	405.25	
Government Grants, Kindergartens	138.00	
Government Grants, Re Normal School	450.00	
Fees, Collegiate Institute	2542.00	
Fees, Text Books and Supplies	3297.22	
Fees, Departmental Exams.	97.00	
Nicholls Scholarship Interest	100.00	
Rents	50.00	
Old Material sold	10.00	
Interest on Bank balances	106.49	
Forfeited Fees and materials sold re Industrial Classes	128.17	
Sundries	10.00	
Balance	907.84	
		$124675.19

EXPENDITURE

Balance due Bank, December 31st, 1917	6959.40	
Salaries, Teachers, officers and janitor, Collegiate Institute	25823.80	
Salaries, Teachers, officers and janitors Public Schools	68293.92	
Printing and Sationery	975.08	
Text Books and Supplies	3393.78	
Fuel Account	9985.63	
Expense Account	4397.38	
Repairs and Furniture Account	3907.65	
Insurance	819.13	
Nicholls Scholarship Prizes	100.00	
Bank of Montreal, Interest	19.42	
		$124675.19

RECEIPTS

Municipal Assessment	80900.00	
Government Grants	3424.39	
Government Grant re Normal School	450.00	
Fees, Text Books and Supplies	3297.22	
Rents	50.00	
Old Material Sold	10.00	
Interest on Bank Balances	106.49	
Balance	1888.32	
		$ 90126.42

EXPENDITURE

Balance due Bank, December 31st, 1917	$ 4531.71	
Salaries, Teachers, Officers, and Janitors	68293.92	
Printing and Stationery	605.79	
Text Books and Supplies	3393.78	
Fuel Account	7889.84	
Expense Account	1011.33	
Repairs and Furniture Account	3704.50	
Insurance	676.13	
Bank of Montreal, Interest	19.42	
		$ 90126.42

RECEIPTS

Municipal Assessment	$ 30200.00	
Government Grant (General)	1412.51	
Government Grant Industrial Classes (2 terms)	1000.80	
Strathcona Trust Grant	38.77	
Fees from pupils	2542.00	
Fees, Departmental Examinations	97.00	
Interest Nicholls Scholarship Debenture	100.00	
Fees forfeited and materials sold re Industrial Classes	128.17	
Sundries	10.00	
		$ 35529.25

EXPENDITURE

Balance due Bank, December 31, 1917	$ 3427.69	
Salaries, Teachers, Officers and Janitor	25823.80	
Printing and Stationery	369.29	
Fuel Account	2095.79	
Expense Account (Including evening Industrial Classes)	3386.05	
Repairs and Furniture	203.15	
Insurance	143.00	
Nicholls Scholarship Prizes	100.00	
Balance	980.48	
		$ 35529.25

BALANCE SHEET

	Dr.	Cr.
By Collegiate Institute Account		$ 980.48
To Public School Account	$ 1888.32	
By Bank of Montreal		907.84
To General School Property Account	62405.56	
To South Central School Property Account	26764.43	
To West Ward School Property Account	4246.07	
To King Edward School Property Account	46263.26	
To Queen Alexandra School Property Account	34924.81	
To King George School Property Account	51739.85	
To Queen Mary School Property Account	58335.12	
To Collegiate Institute Property Account	85991.89	
By Real Estate		368670.99
	$370559.31	$370559.31

"THE RETURN OF JETHER,"

a scene in the Massive Production, "The Wanderer," at the Grand next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, with special matinee Wednesday. This is not a moving picture but the big show as played the Royal Alexandra Theatre, Toronto, last week. Mail orders now. Box office sale opens Friday morning at 10 p.m.

Accounts Paid By School Board

At the School Board meeting last night it was moved by Mr. G. O. Cameron and seconded by Mr. E. G. Patterson, that the payment of the following accounts be confirmed:

Y. M. C. A., rent, gymnasium for Nov. and Dec.	$240.00
Nicholls Scholarship prizes	100.00
C. Barrett, acct. per order	2.75
R. Saunders, acct. per order	2.00
Empress Hotel, luncheon re visit of Minister of Education	13.45
John Taylor, acct. per order	57.30
R. J. Soden, acct. per order	96.10
Salaries of instructors re evening industrial classes	563.00

INCOME FOR DECEMBER

The following monies were received by the School Board for December:

Rent, Cedar street house	$ 5.00
Fees, text books and supplies	325.45
	$330.45

STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied In Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucus membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, snuffing, blowing; no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head colds and catarrh need. It's a delight.

Finances Of The School Board

At the meeting of the Board of Education last night the following report was submitted by the finance committee:

To the chairman and members of the Board of Education:

Your finance committee beg to report, and recommend the payment of, the following accounts:

Mail and Empire, advertising	$ 7.68
Hydro-Electric Power Commission, gas account	.35
Peterboro Util. Com., water rates	78.75
Adamson & Dobbin	1.50
Peterboro Hdwe. Co., hardware	2.65
Lytle Cartage Co., carting	6.50
Est. A. McDonald, lumber	12.36
Aaron Comstock, furniture	139.95
Higgins Hdwe. Co., hardware	6.45
W. R. Turner, repairs to plumbing and heating	974.09
Roy Studio, enlarged photos	32.00
Peterboro Examiner, printing and stationary	79.04
Nelson Typewriter Co., typing art and music work	4.00
Peterboro Milk Products, Limited	1.65
Review Pig. Co., paper	6.00
Peterboro Examiner acct. industrial classes	6.20
W. Stocker, acct. industrial classes	44.60
Singer Sewing Machine Co., acct. industrial classes	2.25

Your committee also recommend that the treasurer be paid the sum of $15 for petty cash.

Respectfully submitted,
G. N. GORDON,
Chairman.

School Attendance During December

The attendance at the various schools for the months of December was as follows:

School.	On Roll.	Avge.	P.C.
Central	464	399	.88
Queen Alexandra	292	253	.84
King Edward	477	427	.80
Queen Mary	440	35	.84
King George	281	250	.90
South Central	356	322	.90
Totals	2310	2007	.87
Kindergarten	192	171	.86
Grand Totals	2502	2178	.87

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

T. J. Parsons Is Re-Elected Reeve

Omemee, Jan. 8.— The result of the elections for the village of Omemee were as follows:

Reeve T. J. Parsons.

Councillors—R. Boyd, F. McBain, J. Lamb, L. Southworth.

London's Red Cross campaign aiming at $75,000 raised $35,765.50 the first day.

Arthur W. Vardon of Galt dropped dead at his desk in the Goldie & McCulloch Co.'s yard office.

SORENESS, PAIN, ACHING JOINTS

Don't Suffer! Relief Comes The Moment you Rub With Old "St. Jacob's Liniment."

Don't stay sore, stiff and lame! Limber up! Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Liniment" right in your aching muscles, joints and painful nerves. It's the quickest, surest pain relief on earth. It is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

"St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain. It instantly takes away any ache, soreness and stiffness in the head, neck, shoulders, back, legs, arms, fingers or any part of the body—nothing like it. You simply pour a little in your hand and rub "where it hurts," and relief come instantly. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle now from any drug store. It never disappoints—six gold medal awards.

J. J. BULLIED

Elected Reeve of Chandos over Allan Caldwell by a majority of six

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

YOUR CHOICE SHOWS YOUR GREATNESS

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invariable resolution. When you choose "PEBLO" Glasses, ground and fitted by Dr. Fowler, you have made the right choice because "PEBLO" Glasses are the finest product in lens-making to be found anywhere, and Dr. Fowler is an expert in prescribing the proper corrections for your eyes.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined. Let us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.

Real Estate and Insurance, Automobile Licenses
DISTRICT AGENTS FOR SECURITY LIFE
392 Water Street, South of Munro House

TECHNICAL AND INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL CLASSES REOPEN THIS WEEK--READ AD. ON PAGE 8

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Forelady to take charge of fur manufacturing department of Old Established Fur House in Ontario; good wages and future for the right person. Write Box 229.

WANTED.

WANTED—Job as cook, with about eight years' experience. Apply to George Vanclief, Coe Hill, Ont.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 955.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Maple Leaf Range, in good condition. Apply 580 Bethune street.

FOR SALE—Persian Lamb Coat in splendid condition at a bargain. Apply Review Office.

FOR SALE—Four first-class milking cows, including one new-milch cow and calf, excellent stock. Apply Jas. O'Connell, 587 Concession St.

LOST.

LOST—On Friday evening, between Simcoe and London streets, on Reid St., a silver slipper. Finder please leave at the Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterboro

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION

The Loew Sewing Machine Co.,
219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call. Phone No. 697. Nights 396

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GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, trade mark and copyright ap-

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Children's Aid Society
of
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks, Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
405 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 101.
Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL.
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 564.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. F. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

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...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Canada Food Board Licence No. 8-889
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

Irish Rebels Interned

Trying to Make Trouble Among the Australians

THERE can be little doubt that the Federal Government of Australia has been guided wisely in coming to the decision that the detention of the seven members of the Irish Republican Brotherhood, arrested last August on charges of disloyalty, must continue. The story of the Irish intrigue as they have come to light, disclosed at the recent trial, was full of significance and instruction as to the true status of several different agencies which have invariably been found acting together when open disloyalty in Ireland, as against Great Britain, has been the issue involved. At the beginning of last year, the Defence Department of Australia first learned that branches of the Irish Republican Brotherhood had been formed in New South Wales and Victoria. In the june of last year, Mr. W. A. Watt, the acting Prime Minister, announced that the Government had determined to take decisive measures in regard to this society which had come seriously under suspicion, and had simultaneously arrested seven of the ringleaders and interned them. For several weeks after this internment, the authorities were collecting evidence, and then, early in September, the trial began.

The strange story which was unfolded in the course of the prosecution traveled far afield, from Australia to America, from America to Ireland, and from Ireland to Germany; whilst across the stage there passed several familiar figures, and groups of people, some playing a very distinctive part, others barely on the stage before they were off again; but all linked together with that curious indefinable fitness which is at once recognized and is not difficult to explain. There was Maurice Dalton, the Fenian, signing himself in a letter to Dr. Mannix, the Roman Catholic archbishop of Melbourne, as "an old campaigner of '65 and '67"; John Doran, the organizer of the Irish Republican Brotherhood in Australia; Albert Dryer, the German Irishman; Prof. De Valera; the Irish clergy; and so on.

The story showed that, in 1915 or 1916, John Doran had been in Australia interesting himself in the formation of branches of the brotherhood referred to; that he went to America in September, 1916; and that he took with him credentials from Dalton to one John Devoy, a leading spirit in America of the Clan-na-gael Association, allied with the Sinn Fein Association, with the Irish Republican Brotherhood in Ireland, and directly with German agents. Letters were produced, at the trial, from Doran to Dalton, written from Sydney, showing clearly enough the nature of Doran's enterprise, indicating the sale of arms to young Irishmen in Sydney, and reporting the progress of his propaganda. Then there was a letter from Doran to Devoy in New York, sent by means of a messenger in order to elude the censor, and urging the American society to secure means of shipping Doran and a band of 200 strong, anxious to do something "practical," out of Australia. A year later there was another letter from Doran, now in San Francisco, to Dalton, in Australia, referring with evident gratification, to "strikes and riots all over the United States," and telling his correspondent not to worry about America's entrance into the war, as it had thrown the Irish and Germans together in a united mass, and that even amongst the pro-Ally element a "reaction against England" was beginning to set in.

Then there had been found, in the possession of several of the men in court, circulars addressed, apparently, to the Irish clergy, together with collection slips referring to a fund to assist De Valera and his followers to win the next general election in Ireland, or to be used otherwise at his or their discretion. And there was much else of a similar nature. As Mr. Justice Harvey, who conducted the inquiry, stated, the evidence tendered to him was almost entirely documentary. It was disjointed, and in many cases fragmentary, but went overwhelmingly to prove that the aim of the internees, and of the brotherhood to which they belonged was, as the judge expressed it in his summing up, "collecting moneys in Australia for the purpose of assisting armed rebellion in Ireland against the British Government on the first available opportunity, and that this money was expended in the purchase of warlike material from Germany, with which country the leaders of the movement were in communication."

The facts revealed in the course of this trial are of peculiar importance at the present time. They throw, once again, into a strong light the aim and object of the Sinn Fein movement. They also throw into strong relief the recent statement of Cardinal Logue, in Ireland, in the course of which he declared that if there were any pettifogging difficulties raised in opposition to the settlement, as between the Sinn Feiners and Nationalists, for joining their forces, "as proposed by the bishops," he would consider it his duty "to advise the people to go straight and vote for the Sinn Fein candidate in all the constituencies in which a division would endanger the seats."

South Africa Raised 150,000 Men.

Thanksgiving services throughout the Union of South Africa, some held partly in English and partly in Dutch, emphasize the fact that in all war operations in Africa and overseas the Union gave the services of nearly 150,000 men, of whom 313 officers and 6,320 men were killed in action, 11,661 of all ranks were killed in action, 11,661 of all ranks were wounded, and 1,344 taken prisoner and 293 missing.

Held by the Bolsheviki

ONE of the most high-handed outrages by the Bolsheviki in Russia has been the arrest and imprisonment in the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul of the British residents of Petrograd. The Petrograd correspondent of the London Times, who was among those arrested, is back in England, and has written a description of his experiences for his paper.

"We were taken from the embassy to the 'Tchrezvitchaika' on Aug. 31 and thence transferred to the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul on Tuesday evening, Sept. 3, at five o'clock. When we went downstairs between lines of soldiers into the yard, where I had seen a prisoner shot down from behind without condemnation or warning by the soldiers of his escort as they were bringing him out in the same way for some unknown destination, I felt serious misgivings as to our being destined for any other place than the next world.

"The first impression was horrible as we filed along the long, narrow and gloomy passage and saw the eyes of prisoners eagering scanning us through the small holes in the doors of their cells. These cells were already crammed with prisoners of all classes from princes, generals and bourgeois citizens down to proletarian vagabonds, including thieves and murderers.

"I and half a dozen other British subjects found ourselves herded together with a number of Russian anti-Bolshevist officers, who received us with a shout of delight when they discovered we were British.

"We were altogether twenty men in a vaulted limewashed cell about 20 feet long by 11 feet broad and 12 feet in height, with hard cemented flooring. In one corner near the door was a modern latrine, also a small sink with a tap of running water, one bare iron bedstead fixed to the floor, and a small shelf fastened to the wall close to the bedstead and serving as a table. At one end of the cell was the door with a small peep-hole, which was sometimes shut up, and at the opposite end, very high up, an iron barred double window looking out against the high wall of one of the fortress ramparts. Two panes of this window were left open for ventilation, and the space between was used as a larder for keeping our food as fresh as was possible. We had to stand on each other's backs to reach up to it. From 7 o'clock in the evening until midnight the cell was lighted by an electric lamp and reflector in the wall close to the bedstead. There were from seventy-five to eighty of these cells along our corridor, all of the same size and type.

"With so many human beings huddled together in a space intended for only one the atmosphere was awful, and it was difficult to move arms or legs when we lay packed together on the bare, cold floor.

"The monotony of our existence was otherwise relieved by the washing out of our cell once a week, for which purpose we used some of our dirty underclothing; by attempts to cleanse the rest of our linen when we got soap enough, by conversing with one another from cell to cell through the doorholes, by listening to 'It's a long, long way to Tipperary' and other popular songs by the younger members of our prison party.

"One day five Russians were taken out to go to the 'Tchrezvitchaika.' Among them was a very decrepit old man burdened with a heavy bundle, who was unable to keep pace with the other prisoners. A soldier of the convoy prodded him on for some little time, and at last shot him down and threw his body into the river. On reaching the 'Tchrezvichaika' the list of prisoners, of course, did not tally with the number actually produced. 'Where's the fifth prisoner?' asked the commissioner. 'Oh,' said the soldier, 'I could not get him to come along. He was too old and feeble, so I thought it best to shoot him down and get rid of him in that way.' This murderer was locked up in a cell not far from ours, and that was probably the only punishment he would ever get.

"Two elderly Englishmen were sent away and liberated a week or two before our release, but I believe they are still not permitted to leave Petrograd. They were very ill, and the doctor, who was allowed to visit us at the insistence of the Dutch Legation, managed to persuade the commissioners to send them home. On the whole, we did not suffer much in health with the exception of colds and slight fevers, and in such cases the one iron bedstead was given up for the use of the sufferers. The doctor brought us medicines and insect powder, for we were overrun by vermin. A good deal of our time was as first occupied in lice hunting, and we only got free of the pests by continual powdering and cleansing.

"It was difficult to keep food long in the bad air of the cells. Meat and potatoes soon developed 'whiskers' and turned sour and moldy. Food parcels arrived twice a week, and the day was looked forward to as a great treat. Mrs. Oudendyk generally accompanied them in a motorcar, and the consul was often allowed to go outside and speak with her for a few minutes. Two or three of the British prisoners were also sometimes let out to help in carrying and distributing the parcels."

He Knew.

At an examination for entry to an officers' training school, one of the men was given a mental test. The first question was answered correctly, as was the second; then the lieutenant in charge asked the man if he knew where the Suwanee river was. The candidate thought for a minute and then with a self-satisfied smile, answered: "Far, far away."

Allies Held Supremacy

In the Warfare in the Air.

Figures Furnish the Proof

ALTHOUGH the total score of the war in the air has not yet been made up, an intelligent idea of its magnitude is found in the figures compiled for the first four years of the conflict by Laurence La Tourette Driggs and printed in his "Heroes of Aviation." That the collection by laymen of official data about sky battles was difficult became evident early in the war. The French, who would not publish their army casualties, gave out the records of their aces. The British, who regularly issued casualty totals, had little to make public about the exploits of their airmen. Even now, when Mr. Driggs is able to give the records of the British aces, the total number of German aircraft brought down by all Britons can only be guessed at, but the guess must be a big one, for on the work of aces—men who had five or more kills—the British easily lead the Allies, says the New York Sun, and it might be added that Frank Simonds, the Tribune's expert, is of the same opinion. Here are the number of victories won by the aces of each nation and the number of men who did the trick:

	Victories.	Aces.
Britain	1,629	111
France	847	77
Italy	193	14
United States	121	14
Belgium	77	8
Russia	28	3
Totals	2,895	227

The score of the aces who flew for the Central Powers is, of course, based on German claims. It was pointed out frequently during the war that while a French aviator received credit only for victories accomplished within the sight of an official observer, the German airmen made up their own scores. Here, however, is what Mr. Driggs sets down for the Germans and Austrians:

	Victories.	Aces.
Central Powers	2,108	101

Were the German fliers, with an average of twenty victories for each ace, better trained or equipped than the Allies? Berlin was notoriously liberal with credits to its airmen. The British were careful in checking. The French were what might be called stingy; almost every French ace brought down within the German lines and beyod the view of his observer from 40 to 100 per cent. more German aircraft than appeared in the citations. As for the appearance of German superiority over the British in the clouds Mr. Driggs says: "It was not until I visited England in 1918 as the guest of the British Government that I discovered that twenty British airmen have exceeded by more than 100 the number of victories claimed by the best twenty aces of the Huns.

The five leaders in the Royal Air Force at the time the book was written were these, with the number of their victories:

Major Raymond Collishaw	77
Col. William A. Bishop	72
Major E. Mannock	71
Capt. Jas. McCudden (killed)	58
Capt. P. F. Fullard	48

The five leaders of the French airmen were as follows:

Lieut. Rene Fonck	59
Capt. G. Guynemer (killed)	53
Lieut. C. Nungesser	38
Lieut. G. Madon	38
Lieut. M. Boyau	39

Lieut. Barachini, of the Italian flying forces and Lieut. Coppens, of the Belgian army, ranked with the great fliers named; one with 31 victories, the other with 30. America came too late to have a chance to make a very high score in the air, and 12 Yankees landed on the immortal list of aces. The top five men are listed as follows:

Capt. Raoul Lufbery (killed)	18
Lieut. D. A. Putnam (killed)	13
Lieut. F. L. Baylies (killed)	12
Lieut. Frank Baer (captured)	9
Major William Thaw	6

Of the Americans who fought in the air, Lufbery may be longest remembered in the United States, just as Capt. Albert Ball of the British will be best remembered in England. Putnam, however, was the Albert Ball of the American air force, for he brought down five Germans in one day, a feat exceeded by only two men in all the war—Fonck of the French and Trollope of the British. American aces are credited with 121 wins, but the total of German airplanes sent to earth by all American aviators was 167. Of the German fliers, Capt. von Richthoffen heads Mr. Draggs' list with 80 claimed victories. His predecessor in prominence, Capt. Boelke, who was killed in October, 1917, has a score of 40. Immelmann made only 15 kills.

Live Longer In Norway.

The average length of life is greater in Norway than in any other country. This is attributed to the fact that the temperature is cool and uniform throughout the year.

War's Glory.

War, like all other situations of danger and of change, calls forth the exertion of admirable intellectual qualities and great virtues, and it is only by dwelling on these and keeping out of sight the sufferings and sorrows, and all the crimes and evils that follow in its train, that it has its glory in the eyes of men.—Bryant.

Want to Build a Pyramid?

If the great pyramid of Cheops in Egypt were to be built today its total cost would be not less than $150,000,000, according to experts who have studied the vast structure. Cheops is 480 feet high and covers almost thirteen acres. Upward of 90,000,000 cubic feet of stone were used in building this great pyramid.

Practice Kindness.

Kind words cost no more than unkind ones. Kind words produce kind actions, not only on the part of those to whom they are addressed, but on the part of those by whom they are employed, and this habitually in virtue of the principle of association.—Jeremy Bentham.

Three Cows for Every Australian.

It is estimated that Australia has cows enough to give each man, woman and child in the island continent three each, while Argentina can do even better. There are five cattle to each inhabitant in the big South American republic.

Canned Squatter.

In a suburb of Kansas City a squatter has built a home composed entirely of tin cans, unsoldered and rolled out flat. If he had more ingenuity he might have constructed an automobile. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Fifty Dollars for Newfoundland.

Henry VII was so pleased with the discoverer of Newfoundland, the first colony added to the crown, that he presented him with a $50 note. Mr. E. Hall of the Navy league alluded to this circumstance at a meeting of the Society of Engineers at Burlington House. The first effort to colonize for the British empire, he said, was made in 1500.

To Mend Broken China.

Tie the broken parts of china together with stout string, being sure that the edges meet evenly; then completely submerge the dish in a pan of skim milk and place on back of stove to gently simmer all day. Do not remove from the milk until thoroughly cold and even then don't cut the string for 24 hours. Hot water will not cause the cups to come apart again.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 8.—Live stock receipts were fair and trade active.

Choice export cattle	$14.00	$15.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.00
Choice butcher cows	9.25	10.75
Feeding steers	9.50	10.50
Ewes	10.00	11.00
Lambs	15.00	16.50
Hogs fed and watered	18.50	18.50
Calves	17.00	18.00

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Fall wheat	$2.14	$2.14
Spring wheat	2.09	2.09
Buckwheat	1.40	1.40
Oats	75	80
Rye	1.65	1.65
Peas	2.25	2.25
Barley	1.05	1.05
Hay, ton	28.00	30.00

Hides.

Beef hides	0.13	0.14
Straw, per load	6.00	7.00
Tallow, rendered	0.14	0.15
Veal calf skins	0.27	0.30

There was acon test for the Aylmer council, the first in four years. Mayor Wright and Reeve McKinney were re-elected by acclamation.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:23 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES BACKACHE
No. 23 THE PROPRIETARY

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

In a remarkably fast game which was entirely devoid of rough play the Canadiens of Montreal defeated the Arenas of Toronto last night by 7 to 6.

Victory bonds maturing in 1937 made a new high of 102¼ at Montreal and reached 102⅛ in Toronto.

Canada's three principal railways' gross earnings increased by $23,-80,125 in 1918, or 9.5 per cent. the Grand Trunk leading with 21.8 per cent.

R. B. Rice's Queen City rink won the final of the main event at the Galt bonspiel from the Brampton rink, skipped by Tom Thauburn.

Won $16,014 With Race Horses

George M. Hendric's stable, Hamilton, was $16,014 in purses during the season of 1918. His old standby, Rancher, figured as his principal winner, although for a time he was out of form. But in the spring he was good enough to make two new track records at Douglas park and win the Inaugural handicap and the Independence day handicap at the Latonia meeting. His three-year-old, Springside, won only one race for him, but that race was the one dear to the hearts of all Canadian owners and greatly coveted—the King's plate. Its value was reduced from previous figures, but if nothing but King George's fifty guineas had been offered it would probably have been contested anyhow by every one of the thirteen horses which went to the post. Sweet Alyssum and Exhorter proved useful contributors. Had racing been carried on in Canada it is quite probable the stable would have won more importantly. As it was, its record for 1918 was:

Horse	1st.	2d.	3d.	Won.
Rancher	4	2	2	$8,135
Springside	1	1	0	2,923
Sweet Alyssum	1	3	2	1,526
Exhorter	0	6	3	1,069
Aunt Flora	1	1	0	841
Salvo	1	0	1	791
Stormbound	1	0	0	600
Jutland	0	1	1	193
Jutland	0	1	0	136
Ordnance	0	0	0	...
Total (10)	9	15	9	$16,014

BAN JOHNSTON'S BIRTHDAY

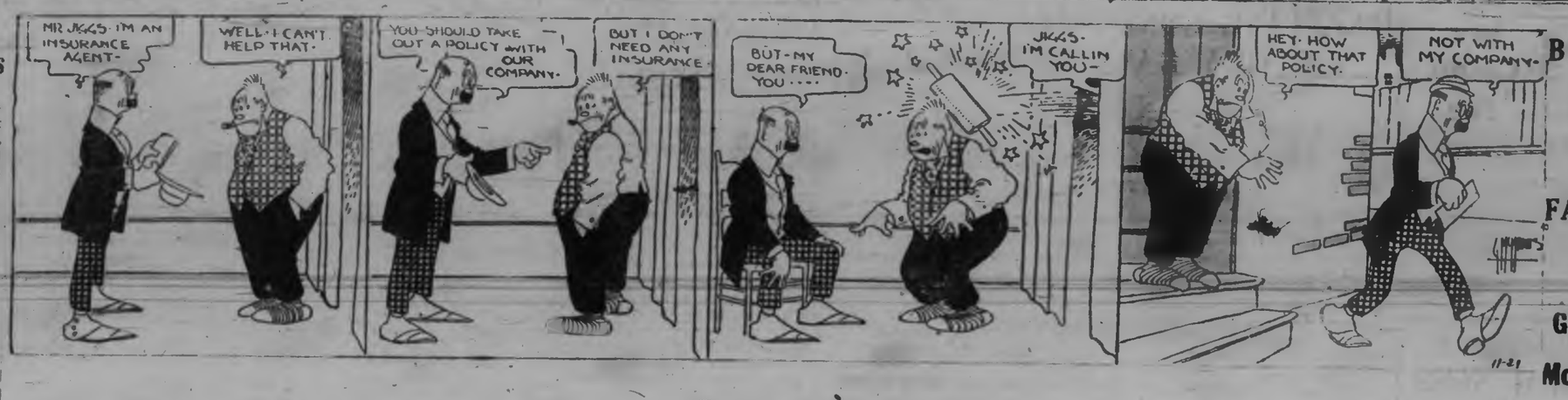
Baseball Magnate is Fifty-Six Years Old.

The 6th of January stands out on the calendar as the natal day of Bryron Bancroft Johnson, czar of the American League. He was born 56 years ago, in the town of Norwalk, Ohio.

The greatest of all the Johnson clan is a big man, physically as well as mentally. There is a tradition that he once followed the calling of a soda squirt, but it was as a baseball reporter for a Cincinnati paper, at a salary of twenty-five dollars a week, that Mister Opportunity knocked at his door and found him waiting with a club.

The old Western League gave Johnson his first experience as a baseball executive. Charlie Comiskey was largely responsible for the elevation of the reporter to that job. The presidency of a circuit comprising a number of large cities of the west was quite a jump for Johnson, but his ambition did not stop there. In 1900 he and his associates changed the name of the circuit to American League, with clubs in Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Minneapolis and Milwaukee. The following year Philadelphia, Boston, Washington and Baltimore were invaded. In 1902 a club was placed in St. Louis, and in 1903 New York was added.

Throughout this period the new circuit, under the guidance of Johnson, waged unceasing war on the National League. And, thanks in no small part to Johnson's ability, the fight was won. In 1910 Byron Bancroft Johnson was rewarded by re-election to the presidency of the American League for a term of twenty years, at a salary of $2,000 per annum. Which is not such a meager emolument even in these days of high prices.


MR JIGGS-I'M AN INSURANCE AGENT-
WELL-I CAN'T HELP THAT-
YOU SHOULD TAKE OUT A POLICY WITH OUR COMPANY-
BUT I DON'T NEED ANY INSURANCE-
BUT-MY DEAR FRIEND-YOU....
JIGGS-I'M CALLIN YOU-
HEY-HOW ABOUT THAT POLICY-
NOT WITH MY COMPANY-
BRING-ING UP FATHER
By George McManu

SAYS DEMPSEY CAN SETTLE WILLARD IN FIFTEEN ROUNDS

Provided Big Champion Can Be Induced to Try Conclusions With Man From Utah

(By Cross Counter.)

If Jack Dempsey continues to topple over each man he meets in the ring in jig time, those who express skeptical views as to the merits of his performances soon will be in a quandary. There are only a few more heavyweights who have sufficient ability to warrant matching them with Dempsey, and after they are disposed of Willard will be all that stands between the Utah thumper and the title.

Notwithstanding all objections, Dempsey continues to clear the road leading to Willard, and by defeating Gunboat Smith, the man who defeated Willard, makes a strong bid for a bout with the champion.

Dempsey Real Fighter.

Dempsey's career has provoked considerable comment in the way of comparison with the champions of past decades, and the bulk of conclusion are unfavorable to the modern thumper.

There were only four heavyweight champions of the past who would have bothered Dempsey as he stands today. They were Fitz, Corbett, Jeffries and Johnson.

Dempsey not only has the speed of Corbett, but has a destructive punch behind the speed which Corbett lacked. Jeff's iron jaw might have withstood the Dempsey punch and the fight would have been a pretty one. Fitz's strategy might have enabled him to get over a knockout punch, but if Dempsey hit Fitz first the Cornishman would have had trouble in recovering.

Sullivan at his best easily would have been vanquished by Dempsey, but Jack Johnson at his best would puzzle the Utah man. If Dempsey succeeds in getting Willard into the ring the title will change hands by a knockout inside of fifteen rounds.

Indication are that when boxing comes back to normal and the stage is all set for real titular battles, some of our champions will be found to have outgrown their classes.

Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion of America, is one of the title holders who shows a disposition to utilize his championship as a purely business asset. The Clevelander recently made formal denial of a report he had retired and announced he would defend his title as soon as he had conditioned himself.

Kilbane won the featherweight championship of America from Abe Attell at 122 pounds ringside, but it is nearly three years since he made the weight for a title contest. As a matter of fact Kilbane had in most of his bout sinsisted on his opponents making 122 ringside, while he entered the ring at catchweights.

Herman Also Poses.

Kilbane at the present time is a 130-pound man, and it would be impossible for him to reduce to 1 pounds. Yet there is every rea to believe that he intends to pose the featherweight champion a box with inferior lightweights, the sake of the gate receipts.

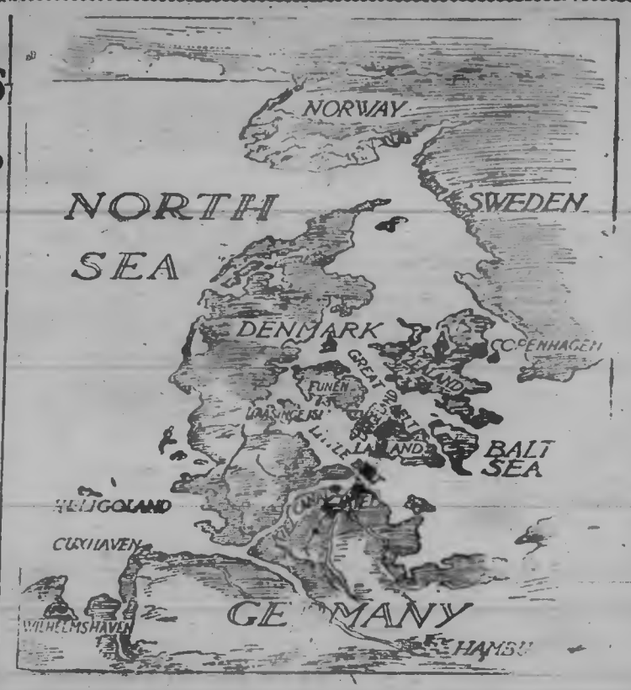
Pete Herman, world's bant champion, is another of the offe ers in the matter of weight. Hern won the title from Kid Williams 118 pounds ringside, but for the l two years has fought at 120 to 1 pounds. He could not make pounds, no matter how hard he tra ed, and his failure to go across water and meet Wilde was not credit. Pal Moore gained all honors. Herman will be compel to meet some good man at 118 confess he cannot do so.

It is high time these were smoked out and the men can make the weights at w titles were won should start a has paign to bring the overw nate champions to terms. ovak

Wilde's Weight.

Pal Moore told the truth were Jimm Wilde's weight when ever, the Briton scaled 114 pounds trunks and shoes. As these probably seven pounds, the ster in fighting trim weigh pounds. The official figures of stone two pounds have just from England.

Therefore, it will be unnecess in future for anyone to insist t Wilde never weighs more than 1 in fighting condition. The fly-weigh champion is ligh enough as it is and the fact of him conceding much weight to bantams and feathers still



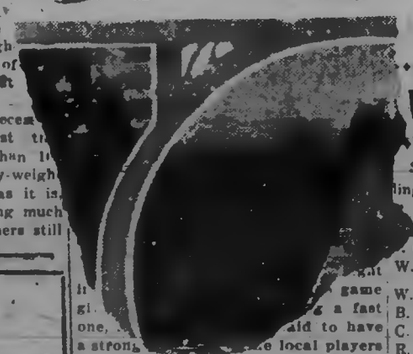
This map shows the strategic importance of the Kiel Canal, which the restoration of Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark would take out of German control. Should the Peace Congress decide upon the restoration of the stolen Danish provinces, no German fleet could in future pass from the Baltic to the North Sea except by the Great Belt which could be easily guarded. It would in fact be putting a padlock on the door of the German naval d all the

honor decided

ail was entitled to damag t having developed during the course of the trial, that Richardson had, unknown to Mr. O'Neill, pastured his cattle on O'Neill's property, by the defendant's own admission, for at least two and one half months. The cattle did a certain amount of damage to the orchard on the premises and His Honor gave judgment for Mr. O'Neill for $25.00 and costs. Mr. O'Neill claimed that the hay crop had been destroyed on a portion of his property by the cattle trespassing there. Mr. O'Neill's home is in the Western part of Canada.

Labor Is Ready To Fight Bolshevik

New York, Jan. 9.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declared that American organized Labor will fight the spread of Bolshevism with every energy at its command. Mr. Gompers the made the statement on the eve of his can



Maple Leafs Are Still In Lead

Last night at the Water Street alleys the Maple Leafs took two games out of three from the Grocers. The games were exciting throughout and some good scoring was done. Ross for the Grocers was high man with 606 and a single of 248, while Miller was high for the Leafs with 596, and single of 240. Four others were also over the 500 mark.

The scores:—

	Maple Leafs			
Miller	125	240	181	—596
Cook	217	180	149	—546
Cumming	149	182	104	—427
Flemming	138	201	190	—529
Henderson	176	196	162	—535
	847	999	786	—2633
	Grocers			
Gove	143	248	208	600
ace w pie	149	115	221	—485
ley	145	212	107	—464
patrick	170	160	138	—468
ber	146	212	135	—493
	753	947	810	—2510

With The Curlers

Schedule games played at the curling rink last night:

T. Jennie	B. D. McLean
O. Donaldson	W. B. Warne
C. Read	C. Westbrook
W. G. Read, s. ..13	G. A. Benor, s. 11
W. M. Cruthers	T. C. Ephgrave
B. M. Manning	A. Davidson
C. Brown	A. MacNabb
R. P. Best, s. ..17	D. E. Eason, s.. 7
M. J. Kirn	A. J. Kelly
Dr. Amys	W. C. Ackerman
W. J. Henry	A. H. Webb
W. J. Oke,	C. H. Pennyfather,
s. 10	s. 11
A. W. Blade	T. W. Appleby
C. E. Smith	H. W. Cooke
C. C. Parsons	C. J. Seymour
Dr. Greer, s. ..13	G. H. Giroux, s. 15
T. W. Appleby	N. Seaton
W. Montgomery	B. McNeely
A. L. F. Hall	M. C. Tooley
W. M. Lang, s. 9	A. Archibald, s. 10
W. A. Richardson	A. Brown
A. L. Killaly	W. H. Howson
G. Hill	R. Dobbin
B. M. Waddell, s. 10	W. D. Campbell, s. 11

SPLENDID COURAGE.

Men Who Are Physically Afraid Are Moral Heroes.

There is a familiar story of an soldier sneering at another because of his evident trembling just before battle. The one thus attacked replied: "Yes—and if you trembled as much as I do you would not go at all." This incident is an illustration of the essential difference between physical and moral bravery, and also of the fact that a man may be physically afraid and yet be a moral hero. The present war has done much to emphasize this distinction, which is one of the greatest value and the most vital importance in many phases of life. It will be abundantly worth while calling attention to the power of moral courage as illustrated by the war.

Bishop Taylor Smith, Chaplain General to the British Forces, preaching the other day in Westminster Abbey, told a striking story of self-sacrifice:

A wounded Australian soldier in a military hospital, who was asked about his home and family in Australia said:

"There were six of us lads and mother. We all enlisted, and left mother alone. It was her wish. She said she hoped no boy of hers would hold back when the Mother Country called. And now five of us are asleep, buried on the battlefields of France, and I am the only one left." There were a few moments of silence, and then he added. "But I have not told you the worst. When I got this wound some one cabled to my mother that I had been killed, and that fetched grain killed her."

Very similar is the testimony of a leading Baptist minister in England, Rev. F. C. Spur, who has had abundant opportunities of gaining experiences of camp life since the early days of the war. After four years he observed the vast change that has come over camps and huts. Instead of the rollicking, gay, careless, and confident attitude of men in those days, Mr. Spur says that determination, hope long deferred, and grave questionings about the future have arrived. Here is one characteristic incident:

The youths of 18 were the most cheerful; the men of 47 the least so. One, a chemist, drew from his pocket a wallet, containing a photograph of his wife, his children, and his grandchild, and he said: "I feel the uprooting more keenly than I can say; I am dazed. I can scarcely realize what has happened; but"—with a sob—"it is for that little fellow, and others like him that I am here, and I hope I'll go through like a man. I am afraid I am not of much use for fighting, but I suppose I shall have a job I can do." And thus it was with more than one man who had passed his 45th mile-stone.

Nothing could be finer than the moral heroism evinced in these stories. They show beyond question what has been so often and abundantly proved, that the present war is unique in the way in which the cause of righteousness and liberty for which the Allies are fighting has brought out some of the noblest and truest elements of human life, which would have been impossible in a war of aggression, greed, and tyranny.

Toronto brokers are planning to stop the sale of stock in Canada by mail from U. S. points where the issue has not been approved by the Minister of Finance.

The Other Point of View.

Little Rob went fishing with his father. After trying for several hours without getting a bite, his father lost patience. "We'd better go home," he grumbled. "It doesn't seem to be a good day for fish."

"Oh, it's all right for the fishes," returned Bobbie. "We're the ones that's doin' the kicking."

A Punster.

Captain of trading ship, during the social session—Talk as you like about missionaries, I'll venture to say you never saw one who flirted with the boys.

Colonial Chap—No? Now, what'll you bet that I have saw one stewed?

Gremlins Up Life.

Think on this doctrine—that reasoning beings were created for one another's sake; that to be patient is a branch of justice, and that men sin without intending it.—Medit

Each to His Liking.

Professor Pickering thinks if he had $10,000,000 he could talk with Mars. Huh! If we had $10,000,000 we could make love to Venus.—Buffalo News.

Can Shape Own Destiny.

Nothing is more certain, humanly speaking, than this, that what a man wills himself to be, that he will be.—Jacob A. Riis.

Old Tin Cans.

[illegible] from rust and [illegible] worth $1.50 a ton. There are [illegible] tons in a can.

Profitable Thought.

[illegible] to conquer one's [illegible]

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Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
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Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lost of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect.

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DO IT NOW

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Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
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"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

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This work is done accurately under our personal supervision, where there is no chance for a mistake. This is a saving of time. We can duplicate your broken lenses without prescription. See DR. LACEY, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

NOTICE

Dr. Middleton's office will be closed every Thursday afternoon during the entire year.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders. MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP 225 Hunter Street. Phone 284J.

INDUSTRIAL NIGHT SCHOOL

Regular classes as usual this week with the exception of the Motor Mechanics Class, which will not be held this week. Accommodation for a few more ladies in Household Science on Wednesday.

TRADES COUNCIL

A Special Meeting of the Trades and Labor Council will be held on Wednesday night. Nomination of officers for 1919 and other important business. All those having accounts against the Trades and Labor Council send them to the secretary, W. Stevens, 306 Brock street.

J. J. HARTLEY, President. W. STEVENS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.

The Most Wor. The Grand Master has called a meeting of Grand Lodge at Peterborough, Friday, January 31st, for the purpose of dedicating the new Masonic Temple. A complimentary banquet to the Grand Master and Grand Lodge Officers will be given at the Empress Hotel at 6.30 p.m.

The number of tickets for the banquet is limited.

All brethren desiring to be present should communicate with the Masters of Corinthian, Peterborough and Royal Arthur Lodges, in order to secure reservation. Tickets $2.00.

H. W. MORPHET, Secretary Past Master's Association

NO MEETING TONIGHT.

The teachers' training class of Trinity Church will not meet tonight.

DAZZLING COSTUMES AT VICTORY BALL IN LONDON

Mrs. Asquith Set a New Pace in Feminine Attire—Lady Carberry Also a Centre of Attraction.

(By a London Dowager)

Official "peace" may not be with us yet, but certain it is that London is swinging on a dizzy round of pleasure and rejoicing, and night and day, publicly and privately, everybody seems to be "going the pace" in order, apparently, to make up for lost time. The first big public function since the fighting ceased was undoubtedly the victory ball held at the Albert Hall. All the "everybodies" as well as the "nobodies," were present, the necessary equipment that make people eligible for entrance to the big building being the possession of $15 the price of the ticket) and a whole-hearted desire to have a good time

The most marvellous people and the most marvelous clothes were to be seen in every part of the vast flag-decked hall, and the polished parquet flooring that was laid for this occasion was continually crowded with the dancing multitude. It is said that no members of our own royal family were present "officially," but if I am not mistaken one of the boxes which harbored the Duchess of Sutherland also served as an observation post for England's prettiest princess, who is as well known on your side of the world as she is over here.

Nearly everybody in the multitude was in fancy dress.

Mrs. Asquith's Dress

Mrs. Asquith, in oriental draperies of black and gold, with an amazing head-dress was in tremendously high spirits. She attracted a lot of attention in her black satin coat with its outstanding skirt worn over black satin breeches gartered with diamonds. Her head-dress was truly a miracle and consisted of a close-fitting turban ornamented with diamonds and having a glittering diamond-set top, from which rose two golden pheasant's tail feathers that waved and curved nearly to her knees. She carried in her black-gloved hand an ebony, diamond-encrusted stick with long tassels of black jet and diamonds, while the heels of her shoes and the turned-up toes thereof were set in arabesques of diamonds—a wonderful and graceful figure, surely!

Another pretty woman who excited much interest was Lady Carbery, who was with a large party of Americans. She had a gown made of heavy aluminum-colored tissue belted with jet and diamonds. On her head was a monstrous erection of yellow paradise plumes sprouting from a many-pronged diamond comb.

The odd part of it is that although all of us are actually happy in the thought of peace the soldiers and sailors with whom one talks on the subject are not as rejoiceful as they might be. "If we had only kept on another month," an officer said to me recently. "Just one more month and we would have had the joy of giving Fritz just what he ought to have had, and in the right spirit"—that is the cry of all the fighting men, British, French and American, to whom I have spoken on the subject.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING

The mangural meeting of the Board of Education for 1919 will b eheld tomorrow, (Thursday evening), at 8 o'clock.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. J. Derocher, Mr. John Burns and family desire to most sincerely thank their many friends and neighbors for their kind expressions of sympathy and many practical kindnesses, also the officials and employees of the Bonner-Worth and Woolworth Companys, and all others for their beautiful spiritual and floral tributes during the long illness and sad bereavement occasioned by the death of the late Mrs. Jas. Derocher.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Parents' Circle of the Queen Mary School will be held in the school on Monday evening, Jan. 13th at 4 o'clock. A large attendance is requested as the election of officers for the coming year will take place.

"RIDPATH LYCEUM COURSE"

The second concert of the "Ridpath Lyceum Series," under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music, will be given Wednesday evening, Jan. 8th, by the Knight-McGregor Company in the Conservatory Hall. Subscribers may obtain additional tickets at 50c. General admission, 75c. Subscribers please be on hand at 8 o'clock sharp.

TELEPHONE CO. HAS A HEARING

OPENS ITS CASE FOR RAISE IN RATES BEFORE COMMISSION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—Basing its claim chiefly on matters of fifty per cent increases in wages the Bell Telephone Company this morning opened its case for twenty per cent. increases in exchange fees before the Dominion Railway Commission. Chairman Drayton said the commission would sit at Toronto, on January 13 and Montreal on the 16th to hear arguments against the proposed increase.

SIMPLE SERVICE MARKS FUNERAL

OF THE LATE EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HELD TODAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Oyster Bay, Jan. 8.—Less than five hundred persons, nearly all of whom were relatives or fellow villagers of the great American, attended the funeral here today of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt.

In accordance with the desire o

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Charles Liebers and Master Charles are visiting friends in Pittsburg and Cleveland.

The friends of Gunner Douglas Coons will be glad to learn that he is progressing satisfactorily in hospital and is able to be up and about the ward. His address is No. 89626, Gr. Douglas Coons, No. 2 Western General Hospital, Langworthy Rd., Seedly, Manchester, England.

Miss Evelyn Jay returned to Toronto to resume her studies at the Church of England Deaconess Home after spending the vacation with her parents on Cameron street.

Miss Gladys Jay, Cameron St., has gone to take up a position in Toronto.

The Knight-McGregor Company of the Redpath Lyceum Course have arrived in the city and are registered at the Empress.

W.M.S. Will Hold Day Of Prayer

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will hold its annual "Day of Prayer" Thursday, Jan. 9th, in Trinity Church.

The program promises to be both interesting and helpful and is as follows:

2.30-3.30 p.m.—George Street to M. S. will be in charge with the subjects, "The Home Base" and "Our Missionaries."

3.30-4.00 p.m.—St. James' W.M.S. Subject, "Japan."

5.00-5.00—Trinity W.M.S. Subjects, "Our Young Women" and "China."

5.00-5.30—"The Quiet Half Hour," to be in charge of Rev. Mr. Manning.

Supper will be served in the basement by the Olive Mission Band of Trinity Church, after which Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D., will give an address on "Canada and the Empire."

A full representation from the Methodist societies is expected and also sister societies of the other churches are cordially invite

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January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY

We shall offer a group of Coats at

$ 5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each

We have 2 Black Plush Coats left. We offer these at $25 each

The Barrie Building Phone 340

GOVERNMENT IS PLEDGED

(Continued from Page One.)

accordance with my report of the 27th December last, and as you will see, in that report I referred specifically to the work north of the Hunter street bridge, and it was for this locality that my report and estimate in the first instance, was sent to the Department accompanied by a plan showing the channel from Hunter street bridge north."

You will observe that Dominion Government authorized dredging to be done north of the Hunter street bridge and proceeded with this work and I believe substantially completed the turning basin in question.

I might say that at the time I discussed this work with the Hon. Sidney Fisher and subsequently with the Hon. Mr. Pugsley, Minister of Public works, that their attention was ing basin north of Hunter street ing basin north o Hunter street re could not be used unless a were placed in the bridge at the nce of the Dominion Government inless a man was kept in constant ge by the Government and at its nse to operate the swing bridge that this swing in the bridge d have to be maintained at the se of the Government. Both the sters conceded to that.

dvised them, however, that the of Peterborough contemplated ing a high level bridge across Otonabee river at this point and there was no immediate necessfor the placing of a swing in ridge. It was distinctly underthat when the time came to con a high level bridge and if the ment were relieved of the ex putting in a swing and operd maintaining it, the Gov-

ernment would make a substantial contribution to the cost of the construction of the bridge in lieu thereof. I remember distinctly that this proposition was acquiesed in and approved of by both the Hon. Sidney Fisher and the Hon. Mr. Pugsley. I do not appear to have any letters from either of the Ministers particularly referring to the Hunter street bridge, but I do remember distinctly reporting the result of one of my interviews of the late Mayor Best and to Mr. Robert Stuart as to the Government's willingness to make a substantial contribution to the construction of the new high level bridge at this point in lieu of having to build a swing in the present bridge and maintain and operate it for all time to come.

Yours faithfully,
R. R. HALL.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

Owing to the illness of

HON. F. B. CARVELL

the meeting advertised for the Grand To-Night

HAS BEEN CANCELLED

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
January, 9, 10, 11
Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Conductor

"THE WONDER SHOW OF ALL TIME"
SURPASSING EVEN THE BIRTH OF A NATION AND UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER PRODUCTION

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HEARTS OF THE WORLD

The Master Producer's Master Production

Elaborate Musical Score in the Making

The Sweetest Love Story Ever Told
The Greatest Spectacle Ever Conceived
Created on the Battlefields of France

PRICES: Matinee Daily 2.15, 25 and 50 Cents
Evening 8.15, 25, 50 and 75 Cents

Seats Now on Sale

Coming Mon., Tues., Wed., 8.15 Spec. Wed. Mat. 2.30 **Jan. 13-14-15**

POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH.

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The Greatest Cast Ever Organized in the History of the American Stage.
The Flock of Real Sheep Come Down the Scenic Runway 50 Feet High.
The Gorgeous and Glittering Ballet of Beautiful Dancing Girls.
The Magnificent Scene of the Revel of the Idolaters in the House of Nadina.
The Massive Stage Settings so big that Ordinary Theatres Could Not Hold Them.
The Riot of Color in the Wonderful Pictorial Representation of Jerusalem.

ALL THIS AND MORE IN THE WORLD'S MOST GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

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STAGED BY DAVID BELESCO

Written by MAURICE V. SAMUELS. Music by G. GOETZL. Dances by A. KOSLOFF.

William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present The Gorgeousness of the Orient in the time of King Solomon transplanted in all its glory in this wonderful spectacle.

NEVER BEFORE

In the history of theatres throughout the universe has such a colossal and magnificent stage production been placed before mortal eye.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS PLAY.
A COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED LIVING PEOPLE.
An array of artists of the first magnitude.

Prices: Nights 50c to $2.00 Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50

GET YOUR SEATS NOW.

Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. State which location you wish and enclose cheque or money order for exact amount, including war tax, with self-addressed, stamped envelope, and seats will be sent you by return mail. Make all drafts and money orders payable to Manager, Grand Opera House, Peterborough.

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The Peter Robinson Chapter
I.O.D.E.
AT HOME
On FRIDAY EVENING
JANUARY TENTH

Nineteen Hundred and Nineteen, at Nine p.m.

Dancing and Cards. Ticket $1.00.

An answer is requested to Miss Robina Cumming, Secretary.

PATRONESSES:

Mrs. A. Stevenson — Mrs. J. A. Aylmer
Mrs. Robert Harstone — Mrs. A. Elliott
Mrs. A. E. Coulthard — Mrs. W. H. Hill
Mrs. J. H. Eastwood — Mrs. J. Gemmell
Mrs. C. S. Stapleton — Mrs. G. W. Hatton
Mrs. W. H. Dunsford

Admission by invitation.

Members of Chapter and immediate family please present cards or invitations.

Those reserving tables for cards, kindly bring cards, score pads and pencils, and communicate with Miss Dorothy Hill, 'Phone 17.

Thanks From Siste

The sisters of St. Vincent's Orphanage wish to thank their benefactors for their generous donations for the benefit of the little ones, who number forty-three, during the Xmas season. The following donations were received:

Mrs. Michael Geary, cake; Mrs J. Fitzgerald, chickens; Mrs. J. Lynch, goose; Mrs. J. F. McCarthy bag of flour, goose; Mrs. Dr. Wightman, apples; Mr. G. A. Pringle oranges; Rev. Father Phalen, $5; turkey; Rev. Dean McColl, $10; Rev J. J. O'Brien, bag of flour; Mrs. Carroll, turkey; Mr. Hooper, candy; Mr. Fair candy; Mr. R. H. Hunter, apples; Rev. Father Bretherton, candy; Rev. Father M. O'Brien, nuts, candy; Mr. T. Leclante, bag of flour; Miss [illegible]; Mrs. Sharpe, oranges, nuts; Mr. L. LeClair, oranges; Rev. Father P. McGuire $5; Rev. Father Guiry $5; Mr. T. P. O'Connor $5; Mrs. Dr. Coughlin $5; Mrs. R. A. O'Connor, $5; Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford barrel of apples, bread; St. Peters' Sodality $10; Mr Potvin, cake, buns, candy; Miss Daly, fruit, cake; Mrs. F. Drain, fruit, cake; Mrs. C. A. McDonald ice cream, cake; Campbell flour mills, goose, oranges, candy; Mr. T. McCabe, oranges, nuts; Mr. T. P. Young, turkey; Mr. Sweeney, [illegible] O. or His, oranges; Mr. [illegible] Maloney, cake; [illegible] Young's Point, $5; Mrs Lelante, Cobourg, shoes, mittens; Mrs. Lavole, twelve pairs stockings, Mr. Jas. Lynch, five cans of coffee; A Friend, $5; Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Sheehy, $10; Mrs. A. McDonald, $5; Mrs. E. A. Peck, $5; Mr. J. O'Connor, six bags potatoes; Mrs. H. Sullivan, vegetables, [illegible] M. Geary, potatoes; Miss M. Young, dessert; Mrs. A. S. Malouey, chickens, fruit; Mrs. J. Grady, fruit, cake Mrs. L. Cronin, mittens; Mr. T. Boig, load of wood; Mrs. Lero, oranges, Miss McCabe, candy; Mrs. Frank [illegible]ren, oranges, nuts; Mrs. J. Trenwith oranges; Mrs. Walsh, Hastings, quilt; The Review, one year's subscription; The Examiner, one year's subscription.

CHOCOLATE SPECIAL for NEW YEARS EVE

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on all Fancy Display Packages, ranging in prices from $1.50 up.

FRESH STOCK
NEILSON'S SPECIALS
Only a limited supply at above discounts.

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NOTICE.

The Primary Department of All Saints' Sunday School will hold their annual tea and entertainment in the parish hall tomorrow (Thursday) from 4:30 to 8 p.m.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
North west winds and colder. Friday: Westerly winds, cold at first then moderating again.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 7 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

EBERT'S PARTY IS OUSTED AND SPARTACUS ARE NOW IN CONTROL AT BERLIN

New Revolutionary Government Has Been Proclaimed After Desperate Fighting in Streets of Capital and Heavy Loss of Life—Re-action Is Looked For.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 9.—The Ebert-Scheidmann government in Germany has been overturned, extremists having gained the upper hand in Berlin after sanguinary fighting, according to the latest German advices received here. A new revolutionary government has been proclaimed, composed of independent Socialists. A part of the government troops are reported to have gone over to the rebels, and the Spartacans now hold the principal points in Berlin.

DESPERATE FIGHTING IN BERLIN.

Negotiations between the government and the revolutionary element in Berlin were in progress all day long Tuesday, according to Copenhagen and Amsterdam despatches received here last night. The despatches state that it was apparent that none of the leaders who appeared had any control over the masses in the streets of Berlin during the entire afternoon, and spasmodic fighting took place in various parts of the city. The rumor that Field Marshal von Hindenburg had come or was coming to Berlin was followed by the report that General Ludendorff was on his way back to Germany from Sweden, where he took refuge not long ago.

Th Spartacan group, the despatches show, has proclaimed a general strike for January 19. The Spartacans declared they will prevent the elecetino of a national assembly by all possible means. It is asserted that the seizure of the central railway offices in Berlin, after the government troops in charge had surrendered, has placed the entire railway system of Germany in their hands.

CIVIL WAR IS SPREADING.

Civil war is spreading to the other parts of Germany, the despatches indicate. Parts of the Rhenish provinces and Bavaria are now reported to be involved. Gustav Noske, commander-in-chief of the German government troops, will send new forces against the capital in an attempt to regain control of it. It is reported that a desperate reaction by the more conservative elements is expected.

The casualties in the Berlin fighting are reported to be heavy. The Independent Socialists, said to be at the head of the new government, are Georg Ledebour, Herr Liebmann and Herr Tiek. Dr. Karl Liebknecht, leader of the Spartacans, is continuing his activities, presumably in an effort to instal a government of his own choosing.

MR. A. J. BOLWELL IS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF TRADES COUNCIL

Chosen by Acclamation as Compliment to the Good Work He Did as Chairman of Labor's Campaign Committee in Recent Election—Last Night's Meeting.

OFFICERS FOR 1919.

President—A. J. Bolwell.
Vice-President—E. Marchand.
Corresponding Sec'y—W. Stevens.
Financial Sec'y—T. Quinn.
Sergeant-at-arms—Donald Wiree.
Auditors—Robt. Reid, J. Begley, M. L. Campbell.
Trustees—Harry Gainey, Peter McArthur, Thos. Stenton, A. J. Bolwell, T. Ogilvie.

The above officers were elected at a postponed meeting of the Trades Council last night, every one being chosen by acclamation. They will be installed at the next regular meeting on Wednesday night of next week. When nominations were called for last night for a president to succeed Mr. J. J. Hartley, Delegate Doris moved that A. J. Bolwell be elected by acclamation as a recognition of the good work which he did in the recent election as chairman of Labor's campaign committee. The motion was unanimously carried and the remainder of the list was made up in the same way. Mr. Bolwell is also President of the Peterborough Typographical Union and is a valued member of the mechanical staff of The Review.

Three Aldermen-Elect.

There were three aldermen-elect present at last night's meeting as delegates, Alex. Murray, Robt. Morrison, who headed the aldermanic poll, and Harry Gainey. An air of jubilation over the sweeping success pervaded the meeting, which was one of the largest ever held, there being about seventy-five in attendance. C. H. Hammacott, a former president of the Trades Council, but now of Ottawa, wrote congratulating his former associates upon their success in the election.

May Have Public Meeting.

It was decided to ask Minister of Labor Robertson, who will be in the city next Thursday to speak at the Canadian Club luncheon in the Empress, to address a meeting of Labor men after the luncheon. It is likely that such a program will be arranged. Mr. Robertson will reach the city about 3:30 and will probably be interviewed at the Empress later by a delegation of Labor. Among the requests proffered by the local men is that the Minister work for an eight-hour day and a minimum scale of wages.

Has a Balance.

The financial report of the board of trustees as presented by Chairman Gainey shows a balance on hand of $453.04. The report was referred to the board of auditors.

Hugh Robertson, a member of the Molders' Union and recently return-

(Continued on Page Four.)

PEACE DELEGATES IN SESSION TODAY

INFORMAL GATHERING IN PARIS WILL ARRANGE PRELIMINER FOR CONFERENCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 9.—President Wilson's conferences with the Premiers of Great Britain, France and Italy, which were to open today have been delayed and will probably not begin before early next week. Mr. Lloyd George is detained in London by the work of the reconstruction of his cabinet. Premier Orlando of Italy will return to Rome where his presence for forty eight hours is necessary because of matters under consideration by the Italian Parliament. There will, however be a meeting today at the office of Stephen Pichon, Foreign Minister. It will be attended by Mr. Wilson, Premier Orlando and the Japanese representatives but it will be informal because of the absence of Mr. Lloyd George. Although British representatives will probably be present it was considered best to hold a meeting and clear up some preliminary points and it is believed that important details of procedure will be settled. If this is done the delegates will be in a position when Lloyd George arrives, to complete the preliminary work rapidly and be ready for the opening conferences on Monday and Tuesday.

PEACE LEAGUE AN ESSENTIAL

TO THE PRESERVATION OF HARMONY LORD ROBERT CECIL SAYS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Dec. 13.—Lord Robert Cecil, who has arrived here with the first section of the British peace delegation, expressed the opinion to the Associated Press today that a definite organization or the League of Nations is indispensable as the first step toward the conclusion of that enduring peace and satisfactory settlement of international problems which have arisen out of the war. Lord Robert made it clear that his statements were his personal views and not an attempt to give the views of the British government.

EARL OF READING QUITS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 9.—The Earl of Reading will not return to Washington as British High Commissioner. Lord Cecil Robert will probably succeed him.

SHOTS WENT WIDE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Jan. 9.—An attempt has been made at Prague to assassinate Dr. Karl Kramarz, Czecho-Slovak Premier. Eight revolver shots were fired at him, none of which, however, took effect.

WANT CONTROL OF THEIR STREETS

LARGE DELEGATION FROM MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION WAIT ON ONT. GOVT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Careful consideration was promised by Hon. W. D. McPherson, Provincial Secretary on behalf of the Ontario Government in regard to resolutions of the Ontario Municipal Association for various amendments giving municipalities greater control of their own streets against company owned utilities. A large and representative deputation from all parts of Ontario presented these demands to the Government this morning. The resolutions were passed at the last convention of the Association.

JUDGE ROGERS SAT IN JUDGEMENT

FORMER RESIDENT OF PETERBOROUGH HEARS A CASE IN CAMPBELLFORD

A case originating in the Township of Percy, in the County of Northumberland was tried at Campbellford before His Honor Judge Rogers, formerly of Peterborough, yesterday.

The plaintiff was Charles O'Neill, the owner of lot 12, in the 11th concession of the Township of Percy and the defendant was Fred. Richardson, had, without O'Neill's consent, pastured his cattle on O'Neill's property. The action was to have been tried at Peterborough but was transferred to Campbellford. Mr. J. A. O'Brien, of Gordon, Widdifield and O'Brien, appeared for the plaintif, O'Neill, and Mr. G. A. Payne, for the defendant, Richardsen.

After hearing all the evidence offered His Honor decided that Mr. O'Neill was entitled to damages, it having developed during the course of the trial, that Richardson had, unknown to Mr. O'Neill, pastured his cattle on O'Neill's property, by the defendant's own admission, for at least two and one half months. The cattle did a certain amount of damage to the orchard on the premises and His Honor gave judgment for Mr. O'Neill for $25.00 and costs. Mr. O'Neill claimed that the hay crop had been destroyed on a portion of his property by the cattle trespassing there. Mr. O'Neill's home is in the Western part of Canada.

Labor Is Ready To Fight Bolshevik

New York, Jan. 9.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declared that American organized Labor will fight the spread of Bolshevism with every energy at its command. Mr. Gompers made the statement on the eve of his departure for Paris to attend the International Labor Conference to be held during the sessions of the peace envoys.

"Bolshevism," said Mr. Gompers, "is as great an attempt to disrupt the trade unions as it is to overturn the Governmene of the United States." He added that victory over the menace was assured, however, because of the sane Americanism of the American Federation of Labor.

15,000 AFFECTED BY NEW YORK STRIKE

MARINE WORKERS ARE OUT—70,000 LONGSHOREMEN MAY QUIT WORK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 9.—With approximately fifteen thousand affected a strike of the Marine Workers Affiliation went into effect here at six o'clock this morning. At that hour ferry boats, steamers, lighters, tow boats, coal barges, grain boats and other harbor craft were at a standstill, according to the strike leaders. Union officials announced that all the city's fire and police boats would be tied up by the calling out of the crews. They threatened to call out the longstoremen, numbering seventy thousand.

OVER A MILLION FELL IN BATTLE

OFFICIAL STATEMENT PUBLISH OF FRENCH LOSSES IN WAR.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Casualties in the French army, excluding colonial troops, up to Nov. 1, were 4,762,800, according to official figures made public by the French high commission to correct conflicting reports hitherto published.

Men killed in action or dead of wounds numbered 1,028,000, and to this total must be added 299,000 listed as missing and given up for lost, making a total of 1,327,000. The number of wounded was 3,000,000, with 435,000 listed as prisoners. Three-fourths of the wounded have recovered either entirely or at least to such an extent as to be fit for work again.

Slightly less than 700,000 are absolutely unable to work and have been pensioned. To this figure must be added those who will come back from prison camps in Germany unfit for work. The French government estimates that the total number of troops coming from French colonies or protectorates were 42,500 killed or died of wounds, with 15,000 missing and very probably dead. The number pensioned after wounds or illness was 44,000, to which must be added those of the 3,500 held as prisoners of war who will have to be pensioned.

PREMIER EBERT HOPEFUL THAT HE WILL YET BE ABLE TO CRUSH THE SPARTACUS

Reports From Berlin Are Conflicting as Some Dispatches State That Ebert Has the Situation in Hand—Others Say That the Spartacus Are in Control.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 9.—Street fighting in Berlin attained the greatest intensity between 11 o'clock Tuesday night and 5 o'clock Wednesday morning, according to a Berlin telegram to the Frankfort Nachrichten. Heavy artillery firing continued uninterruptedly. The despatch says the government is still master of the situation. Large bodies of troops, particularl artillery, it is added, continue to be sent to Berlin. Premier Ebert is reported to have told a friend that he had no doubt about the issue of the fighting. The government has decided to take energetic measures and has assembled a large number of troops. Premier Ebert has issued a manifesto to the workers, bourgeoise and soldiers denouncing the Spartacans as being responsible for many persons being killed and wounded.

Reports Are Conflicting.

London, Jan. 9.—Reports are conflicting in regard to conditions in Berlin. Paris says the Ebert government was turned out and that the independent Socialists are in control. Despatches from Switzerland declare that the Ebert government soldiers have fought the rebels out of the main buildings and streets of the capital. One thing sure is that bloody fighting has been in progress there for days.

WHERE SLEEP THE GALLANT DEAD

OVERSEAS COUNTRIES WILL HELP IN MAINTAINING SOLDIERS' CEMETERIES.

London, Jan. 9.—At a meeting of the Imperial Graves Commission, over which Rt. Hon. Walter Long, Colonial Secretary, presided, and at which all British overseas representatives were present, the Chairman states that all overseas Governments had unreservedly agreed to bear their share of whatever expense was involved in worthily honoring the memory of their dead. The Commission, therefore, was free to discharge its task in no ungrudging or niggardly spirit. The Commission adopted the recommendation that the most suitable method of honoring those whose graves could not be found or identified would be to place a tablet appropriately inscribed in a cemetery near the spot where it is believed

(Continued on Page 8.)

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR EX-OFFICER

FORMER TORONTO POLICEMAN HAD BANNED LITERATURE IN HIS POSSESSION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 9.—Three years imprisonment in Kingston penitentiary and a fine of $500 or a further six months imprisonment was the sentence imposed by Magistrate Kingsford today on Charles Watson, a former city policeman, who was convicted yesterday of having objectionable literature in his possession. The literature included a pamphlet entitled "The Red Terror" with which Toronto and other Ontario cities were recently flooded. This circular was issued by a Provisional soldiers' and Workmen's Committee of Canada, and incited the returning soldiers and workers to take charge of all affairs of the Government and industry.

CAPT. BURNHAM CALLS ON MR. R. R. HALL TO EXPLAIN

Why Dredging of River Was Stopped by Laurier Government—Crux of Present Difficulty—Letter to Mayor Duncan and Council.

Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P., has addressed the following letter to the members of the city council.

To the Mayor and Council of Peterborough:

Gentlemen:—With reference to Mr. R. R. Hall's letter to Mayor Duncan regarding the Hunter Street Bridge, permit me to say that the Laurier Government stopped dredging the channel leading up under the Hunter Street Bridge to Quaker Oats after the appearance on the Question Paper in Parliament of inquiries about it. This stoppage by the late Government is the crux of the whole present difficulty.

When the request for a contribution was laid before the Honorable Robt. Rogers later he found that after dredging the race-way of Quaker Oats an alleged turning basin above the bridge and part of a channel below the bridge the Laurier Government stopped the whole project and thus rendered it useless.

If Mr. Hall will appear before the minister when he comes in a week or two and will explain away this change of policy by the Laurier Government he will do much to free Mr. Carvell from the awkward box regarding a contribution to the bridge by the present Government, by reason of that fact. It would look very bad for us to further consider something which the late Government found it necessary to discontinue.

Incidentally, I may say one answer by the late Government to a question on the Question Paper of Parliament in 1909 regarding this work reads as follows:

"Work done by day's labor with dredge hired from Conroy Bros." It was understood that the people who hired the dredge from Conroy Bros. and did the work by days labor were Messrs Clarry & Co. This fact may have had something to do with the sudden stopping of the work when it was exposed.

However, Mr. Hall, had nothing to do with that matter as he was not then member, but he can now have much to do with enabling us to take the Hunter Street Bridge matter up legitimately as he will explain the dredging of Quaker Oats tail-race by the Laurier Government and other things connected with that job and the stoppage of the work. I hope the Council will invite Mr. Hall to be present. We will need all our resources to convince the present Government that Mr. Rogers refused to do something by way of expenditure that the present Government ought to do.

J. H. BURNHAM

BILL'S HOLE.

This is not the "better 'ole" of Bairnsfather's Old Bill, but it is the hole in which Wilhelm II. of Germany used to take refuge when there was an air raid during his occupancy of the Chateau at Spa, now the headquarters of the Allied generals. The steel doors on the right were pulled down when the "All Highest" had descended; now they are placed in position at nights to prevent accidents to passers-by in the grounds.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1919

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE BRIDGE.

WHEN MR. R. R. HALL was a candidate for election to Parliament a little over a year ago one of the charges that appeared in the list of alue of omission and commission that he laid at the door of Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P., was that the latter had done nothing to secure Federal financial aid in the building of the overhead bridge at Hunter street. Why was exertion on the part of Capt. Burnham necessary if, as Mr. Hall claims in a communication to The Review yesterday, he himself had cinched that matter as much as eleven years ago? At the time of the election campaign referred to the prospect of building the Hunter street bridge was remote, even though the ratepayers of the city had almost unanimously voted the estimated cost of the structure. It was understood on all sides that nothing would be done until the war had been disposed of. There was no occasion for Capt. Burnham or any other public man to importune the Government for assistance in a work that might not be taken up for years. It has always appeared to us that Mr. Hall made a tactical blunder in this part of his campaign and that he would have scored to more purpose with the electors if he had disclosed his information at that time and claimed credit for accomplishing what he charged his opponent with neglecting.

A vast amount of water has passed under the Hunter street bridge since Mr. Hall, as Federal member from West Peterborough, had his conference with the engineer of the Department of Public Works, and with Hon. Sidney Fisher and Hon. Wm. Pugsley, the first acting and the latter the real minister of the department having such matters in charge. These ministers are both out of the Government, and there has been a general shift in the situation. The present Cabinet, it is just possible, may not regard itself bound by a promise made to a private member by an ex-minister, a promise that had never, it appears, been affirmed by Parliament.

However, the time has come to secure a Federal grant for the construction of the Hunter street bridge. If Mr. Hall is able to have that promise, made eleven years ago, implemented, well and good, then let his be the praise and glory. But the very fact that Hon. F. B. Carvell, the present Minister of Public Works, deemed it necessary to come to Peterborough to look over the situation is significant. His visit has been arranged by Capt. Burnham, Mayor Duncan and other prominent citizens. Notwithstanding Mr. Hall's ample statement in The Review yesterday—which no one will question in any detail—there is still work to be done to secure the Federal aid that is required.

THE NEW BROTHERHOOD.

THE HEAD of the greatest Empire on earth and the President of the leading republic under the sun met on the soil of the former a few days ago for the first time in history, and the civilized world hailed the event as one of the most portentous ever recorded in the annals of time. It was and is regarded as an epoch-making influence in the affairs of the world, something that denoted the birth of a new fraternity between two powerful nations.

After all, the wonder is not so much that the English and Americans should thus be brought together into a brotherhood after a separation of more than a century in duration. Rather is it a marvel that the necessity for such a renewal of friendly relations should ever have existed. The separation was due to stupid diplomacy on the one side and hot-headedness on the other. One can almost imagine the statesmen of the days so long past whose blundering led to the loss of the American colonies, turning in their tombs as the British King and the President of the United States walked arm in arm together among the relics of departed greatness.

It was the machinations of political intriguers that separated the two peoples. It was the same evil influence that has kept the flame of rivalry and hate alive between them ever since. The present good feeling will be perpetuated only by the politicians referred to consenting to efface themselves or at least change their tactics. For years, in the United States, the most has been made of the foreign elements in its population by the public men who were intent only in securing the votes of those of alien birth or descent. One of these elements was pitted against the other at every election and the friend of the British race was ground between the two as by millstones.

The evils of such an insane policy were manifest when the United States, in common with the entire civilized world found itself menaced by an unscrupulous foe. The American people lacked anything like cohesion in the face of a common danger. It required three years of effort to unite the various factions so that the nation was able to assert its standing and dignity as a world power.

The British and the Americans have much to mutually forgive and forget, but neither will be safe, neither secured of peaceful relations, until the foreign mischief-maker is prevented from sowing his pernicious tares in the national wheatfield.

AND LLOYD GEORGE KNOWS.

LLOYD GEORGE has issued a warning to the Allies to the effect that it will be necessary for a period still indefinite to maintain a large force of fighting men along the Rhine. The most of us will be willing to concede that Lloyd George knows rather more of the situation over there than do ill-advised newspapers in Canada who are stirring up popular prejudice by seeking to make it appear that the Union Government is falling down in the matter of getting this country's contingent back home. There can be only one reason for such an agitation, and as for justification there is none.

Affairs in Europe are just as serious today as they have been at any time during the past four years. Every nation, no matter what side was taken in the recent struggle, is in a state of internal turmoil. No institution is safe. Modern democracy is menaced, just as autocracy was all through the war. Lawlessness is rampant in Russia and in the Central Powers. Germans have stopped fighting the Allies only to make bloody and disastrous warfare among themselves. The masses of Russia have gone insane, and pillage and murder is the daily program in that unhappy nation.

It would, as Lloyd George intimates, be nothing short of madness on the part of the Entente nations to take it for granted that the trouble ceased with the signing of the armistice. The world cannot tell where it is at until the final peace terms are arranged. It required military force to make the peace conference possible. To enforce the terms agreed upon by the delegates to that conference at least a measure of the same force will be necessary.

No doubt the homesick members of the Canadian contingent are anxious to return to Canada, but few men will care to leave until their work is completed. They are being brought back by the thousands, as they can be spared. But if a British army is necessary to maintain peace and to enforce the terms of the armistice and the finding of the conference, then Canada should have a part in that task and Canadian soldiers will not murmur at the new duty.

Evidently there has been a hitch in the arrangements somewhere. The world is not yet safe for democracy. That idealistic national condition is threatened as it never was in history. Liberty in the emancipated nations of Europe has been translated license. The pernicious doctrine of the Bolshevik is likely to spread if not checked and confined to the countries where it was born. The place to stem the rising tide is at its source.

COL. ROOSEVELT'S FUNERAL.

IN KEEPING with his democratic life was the simple funeral of the late Col. Roosevelt, which was carried out in every detail in accordance with the wishes expressed to Mrs. Roosevelt some time before his death. The United States Government would have accorded him the honor of a state funeral, with armed troops, official delegations, and every form of imposing pomp, but these offers were all declined by the family. Only the immediate relatives of the deceased were in attendance besides the villagers who all these years had respected while they admired the kindly neighbor who had passed away. There was no ceremony, no vulgar display of wealth. Everything was simple and unaffected. Even the beautiful funeral service of the Anglican Church was curtailed, and the officiating minister, instead of heaping fulsome panegyrics upon the dead, spoke briefly upon the uprightness of his active life.

The cost of living is a serious problem these days, but not more so than is the prospect of funeral expenses to many a poor family. There has come to be an unseemly rivalry in the matter of disposing of the dead, just as there is too much social competition among the living. Many an ambitious family have all but bankrupted themselves by going to unwarranted expense in the obsequies of a relative. Genuine grief always shuns a parade. The mourner's tribulation should be sacred from intrusion. Private funerals are coming more and more into vogue and are likely to increase in popularity even though they deprive a certain class of what has become a morbid pleasure in attending the burial of a fellow mortal.

Let there be more considerate treatment of the living and fewer encomiums upon the dead, whose dull ears are closed forever to all such tributes and whose pulses for all time fail to quicken at a kindly word. The good works of the righteous live after them in the memory of those who mourn their taking. Heralding their virtues to a community will not enhance the value of the shining light they leave behind them as an example.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE WORLD will live many a day before it sees another Roosevelt.

* * * * *

THE SAME PAPERS that would deport the alien now protested a year ago when these same aliens were denied the vote.

* * * * *

AN OBSOLETE PHRASE so far the original meaning is concerned, "He is a prince of good fellows." The war wrought the change.

* * * * *

EUROPE has purchased Canada's wheat crop for 1919 and every morsel of white bread that can be saved here will add to the wealth of the nation.

* * * * *

STRAWS SHOW the direction of the wind. Nothing pays like advertising. Rev. Dr. Knowles, the Petrolia Methodist pastor, recently convicted of heresy, has already been called to a bigger church.

* * * * *

The manufacturer who now hopes for the chance of pounding wages down with a labor surplus is guilty of conspiracy to throw this country into a state of chaos.—London Advertiser.

ESPECIALLY if he at the same time strives to hold up the present high cost of the necessaries of life.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Gloom and Gladness.

(Rochester Post-Express.)

A pessimist is a man who believes that it will take centuries for the world to recover from the blow to civilization; and an optimist is a man who retorts that there will be plenty of centuries.

Congregational Singing.

(London Free Press.)

Too much of our church music is vicarious. If we are to bring the joy of religion back to the hearts of the people there must be a revival of old-time congregational singing. No choir should be allowed to do all the singing for the congregation. Let the people give voice to their feelings in song, for its value remains undisputed.

AFTER THE WAR PROGRAM OF THE SALVATION ARMY

Soldiers Returning From Overseas Will Need Helping Hand of This Organization—First General Appeal for Public Money.

Though the Salvation Army has been since the commencement of the war, one of the most active agencies dealing with the comforts and welfare of the men who have been fighting the nation's battles, it has not made a general appeal to the Canadian public. The war work of the Army has been supported largely by occasional tag days and from self-denial funds; but the problems of reconstruction are so great, and the Army's program to help the men get back to civil life is so extensive, that it is compelled to appeal to the generosity of the Canadian people for financial assistance.

The Salvation Army supplies for every kind of social need; it is doing a wonderful work in providng homes for fallen women, in rescuing the drunkard, and in caring for the fatherless and neglected children, and it now proposes to very extensively increase the scope of its operations in Canada to make it easy for the returned soldier to begin the new life.

Canadian soldiers are returning from overseas as fast as steamship accommodation can be found. Many of these soldiers will not have their old situations to go back to; many of them will not have friends to appeal to. While efforts are being made to provide work for these men, it is not unlikely that there will be some unemployment and some cases of hardship. It is here that the Salvation Army is able to do some extensive relief work. It meets the soldier on his return; it welcomes him to its comfortable hostels, situated in our large centres of population; it gives him good meals at a nominal figure; befriends him in a hundred and one different ways, and finally makes some effort at least to help him find satisfactory employment and proper home living condition.

The Salvation Army spent two million dollars on war activities and three hundred thousand soldiers were accommodated daily in the Salvation Army huts in the war area. One hundred thousand parcels of food and clothing were distributed among soldiers and sailors. War widows and orphans are being taken care of, and in many other ways, the Salvation Army has done a great deal of soften the lives of both the boys at the front and their dependents at home.

An elaborate program for the reconstruction campaign is contemplated by the Salvation Army. While there are hostels in large centres of population, these are not numerous enough to satisfy all the needs in that direction, so it is intended to take over large buildings convienent for the purpose and establish more hostels in large distributing centres from coast to coast. That is the first object of the campaign to raise one million dollars.

The second object is to provide emergency receiving aand maternity homes for soldiers' wives, widows, and dependent children in need. Still another object is to continue during demobilization, both in England and France, the accommodations and the equipment that have made the Salvation Army huts the popular institutions that they are among the soldier boys.

It is felt that the Salvation Army is in a position, with its war experience and its peace-time work, to render valuable aid to the official Government bodies that are tackling the new peace problems. For this reason the prominent political chiefs of the country have endorsed the campaign, and have consented to act on the general committee. Sir Edmund Walker is the Honorary Treasurer, and among the prominent members of the general committee are: Hon. I. B. Lucas, Hon. H. J. Cody, Hon. R. F. Preston, Hon. G. H. Ferguson, Hon. T. W. McGarry, Hon. W. D McPherson, Bishop O'Leary, and many others. Colonel W. S. Dinnick is Chairman of the campaign executive committee, Arthur Hewitt, first vice-president, and H. M. Cowan, chairman of the publicity committee.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

My cussin Artie was erround for suppir last nite, being one piece of chocklit cake for everybody, and wen me and Artie got reddy for dissert our 2 pieces was the ony 2 peeces left, one of them being a grate big peece and the one jest being a regular size peece, the plate being ware me and Artie cood both reech it without enybody handing it to us, me thinking, Ill leeve Artie take his peece ferst and he will haff to leeve the big peece out of politeness.

And I looked at Artie and heer wat was Artie doing but looking at me, and ma sed, Well, aren't you boys reddy for your cake?

Yes mam, sed me and Artie.

Well help yourselves, wy this unuaual formality? sed ma—meening wat was we waiting for, and I sed Ill leeve Artie take his ferst, compinny awt to always be ferst.

I aint compinny, your own cussin aint compinny, you can take yours ferst if you wuant, sed Artie.

No, you take yours ferst, you're more compinny than wat I am enyhow, I sed, and pop sed, Pardon the interferents of a meer outsider, but has the relative size of the 2 peeces enything to do with this excreeciating politeness.

No sir, Ill shut my eyes and take a peece jest to prove it, I sed. And I quick shut my eyes and took a piece of cake, not feeling as big an wat I thawt it would, and wen I opened my eyes wat was it but the regular little peece and I sed, O. G. pop, no fare, you terned the plate erround.

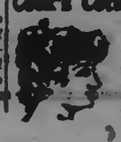
How do you know, sed pop.

Because you did, I sed. Not telling him how I knew. And I ate the regular size peece and Artie ate the big peece, but I made mine last as long as his enyway, out of revenge.

Some men seem to think their ability to dodge the consequences is even better policy than honesty.

Occasionally we hear of a man who manages to make good by following his wife's advice.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. The Cook Medicine Co. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TODAY'S STORY

George knew nothing about an echo. One day he called out in the meadow, 'Hullo!' and a voice replied, 'Hullo!' Surprised and annoyed, he shouted, 'Who are ou?' The voice replied, 'Who are you?' Then he cried, 'You are a silly boy,' and listening, he caught the words 'silly boy' coming from the wood.

He now became really angry, and called out a lot of naughty words to the boy in the wood, but each one came back again. Then he made up his mind to find him where he was hidden, but he searched in vain. When he got home he told his mother about the rude boy, and how he had called him such naughty names.

"Ah," said the mother, when he had finished, now I have caught you! All you heard was the echo of your own voice. Had you called out a pleasant word, the very same word would have come back to you. Thus it is in this every-day world of ours. The behaviour of others to us is often enough the echo of ours to them. If we receive people in a friendly way, we meet with a smile. If we are unfriendly, cross, and peevish, we can expect nothing better from them."

FEMININE LOGIC

We asked the young lady across the way if she had a thesaurus around the house and she said since the goldfish died she had no pets at all.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

All men are good—good for something or good for nothing.

Of bad things your own bad temper should head the list.

Common sense extracts more solid comfort from life than genius does.

One burlesque show will keep some men awake longer than a dozen sermons.

It is said that liquor improves with age, but some men don't care to wait.

Many a man can trace his ruin to his enemies and many others could doubtless trace the origin of his downfall to a pretended friend.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

CONDITIONS ON ONTARIO FARMS

The following is a summary of reports made by Agricultural Representatives to the Ontario Department of Agriculture:—

The weather was comparatively open during the last half of December, and in Kent some cattle were on pasture until a few days before Christmas. Winter conditions have since prevailed.

Fall wheat has a fair covering of snow, and so far is in good condition. There has been a few complaints in Kent of Hessian fly.

Live stock generally entered the stable in good condition, but Lanark reports some poor animals being marketed, chiefly young stock.

Three carloads of live stock were shipped from Emo, Rainy River, last week, the average price paid being 6c a lb for cattle and 18c for hogs live weight.

Veal calves have been going on the market in Brant at 14 and 15 cents a lb, and dairy cows have changed hands in that county at prices ranging from $140 to $170.

There has been a considerable falling off in the flow of milk, but fresh cows are now coming in, and the supply is beginning to show a decided increase.

Hogs are being marketed in more finished condition compared with last year's offerings. There are said to be a fair number on hand. Little pigs are selling at from $12 to $14 a pair.

All fodders are sufficient except hay, of which some farmers are rather short. This article has a remarkable range in price, from $18 to $33 a ton being quoted. There are some complaints of the general quality of corn ensilage.

The bean market is dull, buyers being unusually slow in bidding. Oats, however, are in considerable demand, with a large supply on hand.

The labor supply is regarded as sufficient generally, the recent scarcity being more or less relieved by men returning from military service.

WIT AND WISDOM

Easy Job

Dubb—The girl made a complete fool of me.

Miss Bright—She didn't have to do much remodelling, either.

Blamed Husband

Mrs. Much—What dreadful language your parrot uses!

Mrs. Nothing—Yes, my husband bought the bird one day and brought it home in his car and I have always suspected that he had engine trouble on that trip.

Seemed Good Evidence

"Come corporal," said the colonel, "say definitely what you mean. Was the prisoner drunk, or wasn't he?"

"'E wasn't himself, sir; he was under the influence of drink. When I saw him he'd been washing his face in a puddle an' was trying to wipe it on a wire doormat, cursin' the holes in the 'towel'! "

Had a Reason

"What makes you so sleepy around the office?"

"It's my sense of duty, boss."

"Huh?"

"I lie awake too much at night thinking about my work."

He Was Sure

"Have you got all my things in porter?"

"Yes'm."

"Are you sure I've left nothing behind?"

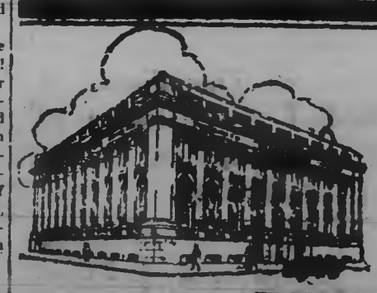
"Not a nickel, mum."

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN

Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods

Schneider's

Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's



ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

ASSETS: $84,000,000

THE THRIFT HABIT is at the root of business success. Get a start by saving your money. A Bank of Toronto Savings Account will help you. Add economy and persistence and your success is assured.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY

Madge Evans in "Wanted—A Mother," an unusually attractive theme in five acts.

King Baggott and Marguerite Snow in "The Eagle's Eye," Chapter 4.

"von Rintelen, The Destroyer," two parts

Also a Keystone Comedy, "The Bachelor"

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

Article No. 1 Cut out for Reference.

THIS Announcement is made by the Dominion Government made now because it feels that every Canadian wants to know, and is entitled to know, just what plans it has made to meet the problems that face the country. Only now has it been possible to finish the many plans and policies necessitated.

From day to day the Government will use this space to explain what it is doing to bring back our soldiers, to ensure the comfort of their dependents, to keep the whole nation busy and prosperous.

The problem is to take back our soldiers and war-workers into our social and business life under proper working and living conditions. It has four phases:—

1. To bring the soldiers home.
2. To fit those who have suffered overseas for useful employment.
3. To have ready for every soldier and war worker an opportunity for employment.
4. To assure for them proper living and working conditions.

The plans of the Government are such as will help solve these problems. What those plans are will be reported to you in this series of announcements.

(Signed)
J. A. CALDER,
Chairman.

The Repatriation Committee
OTTAWA

WHAT FASHIONABLE WOMEN ARE WEARING IN WASHINGTON

Admirable Taste as well as an Open Purse Is Shown in the Costumes Worn in the First Season After the War.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—There is a delightful individuality in the dress of this after the war season which speaks well for the taste of the American woman who is buying new clothes with an open mind as well as an open purse.

The several small and smart balls of the holiday season, notably that at the British embassy, where dancng was resumed after a four years of work and service in the famous ballrooms, show that for evening wear the severe elegance of Worth is quite holding its own with the novel conceits of cut and color introduced by Callot, Premet, Cherult and, followed a long way in the rear, by their American imitators.

The few American designers recognized by well dressed women are forging ahead at the capital, where several of the season debutantes have been outfitted entirely by an American modiste who knows how to adopt imported or domestic fabrics to the American bud, be the latter of the rose or violet type.

As a matter of fact, there are no exclusive Paris designs unless made to order for each particular patron, as after the design of even the most famous artist is executed and the gown put on the market that particular design becomes the property of every ambitious imitator, good, bad or indifferent, in any part of the world.

The vogue for ostrich trimming, for instance, reached its zenith at Christmas time, when, despite its elegance and its great cost, one young belle confided to this writer it was "so common" she regretted ever having had it on any of her coming out gowns.

Velvet gowns for street or evening wear cannot become "common," at least for this season, as there is almost no cheap velvet on the market, and the early importations are said to be in the hands of such exclusive modistes that only the latter will be able to produce gowns of this coveted and always becoming material.

A wonderful creation of rose pink paune velvet worn by Mrs. Raymond Baker, the former Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt, is an example of the Paris gown of the moment, as well as the most becoming frock this richest bride of the year has yet worn in Washington. This is presumably a Worth creation, with what old fashioned people call its trimming all on the top.

The skirt is fully seven inches from the ground, shorter in the back than the front, with a perceptible fullness at the waist line, only there is no waist line, as the curveless bodice of pearls and crystals comes below the normal waist. From under this exquisite bodice, the crystal of which takes on some of the pink tone of the gown, falls a long narrow train that is little more than a broad sash.

The sleeves are short little fluffs of pink tulle. Slippers and hosiery match the gown in color.

Mrs. Baker wore with this at a dinner in her honor by the former ambassador to Russia and Mrs. Marye a long string of perfectly matched pearls.

A black velvet evening gown of ultra smart lines is worn by Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes, jr., still to be reckoned among the brides of the last season, who as Miss Margaret Fahnestock was one of the best gowned girls of Newport, as well as of Washington. This is a closely draped model with curveless one piece effect with which young Mrs. Stokes wears vivid red satin slippers with hosiery to match. She also wears pendant pearl earrings, giving a quaint and becoming touch.

Mrs. Theodore Stark Williamson II. (Catherine Harlow), just back from a short honeymoon, attended her first large dances a matron in the most fascinating gown of blue and gold brocade, on the long lines she loves, with square cut neck and flowing sleeves, the latter of gold lace.

FASHION'S FADS

Brushed wool is used for the majority of practical sweaters.

Beaver and myrtle green are favorite colors for winter wear.

Shoes for women are mostly in tans and grays, besides black.

Bright plaid skirts are apt to have blue for a predominant color.

A fringed silk collar gives a plain black satin gown a smart touch.

Suit skirts fasten on the side from hip to hem with large closely arranged buttons.

A charming tea gown is composed of a skirt in ecru lace, a paneled blouse of black velvet and a general felling of brilliant green chiffon.

Japanese cotton crepe makes excellent winter frock for small children.

Chuddah, poplin and shark cloth are used for black skirts for winter.

One charming girdle is composed of small balls of angora on strands of jet.

Black crepe de chine is sometimes worn with a vest of rose satin, embroidered in white angora and gold thread.

Miss Margaret Perin, Mrs. George Howard's handsome young daughter, is wearing one of the smartest of velvet dinner gowns in a rose color, with drapery of velvet brocaded chiffon.

Mrs. Joseph Leiter, who has a stock of superb oriental brocades to draw on when importers fail, is obviously using this reserve, as shown in a wonderful mid-night and gold brocade velvet. American modistes made up this gown with great skill, giving an exquisite touch of color in the courage flowers taking on a violet or orchid tone.

Mrs. Thomas Blagden, Jr. (Ethel Noyes) and Mrs. Howard Hume (Doris Haywood) are two of the most attractive young matrons of the genuine born in Washington set who are looking very smart in up to the minute colored evening gowns. Mrs. Blagden's in pale blue, and Mrs. Hume's in pink.

Any bit of fine linen, provided it is eight or nine inches square, can be utilized for charming hand-rolled handkerchiefs.

A yard of plain black moire ribbon can be made into a pretty little neck accessory by adding colored tassels and embroidery on the ends.

All the world's a stage and the majority of us sit in the gallery and thrown things at the performers.

BERLIN DANCING MAD.

Germans Who Survived War Trying to Forget.

The correspondent in Berlin of the Daily Express, dealing with the return of the German army says the scenes of enthusiasm marking the homecoming of the troops are ending.

"Men have been coming home at the rate of 10,000 a day," says the correspondent. "Every day Herr Ebert, the Chancellor, takes his place on a rostrum opposite the French Embassy. He addresses the homecoming men and the bands play martial music, while the crowds cheer and wave their handkerchiefs.

"Deutschland uber Alles" brought me into the street this morning. To my amazement — and the apparent amazement of the French officers grouped in the window of the Embassy—a regiment was passing the Brandenburg Gate to the old tune. Later, I heard it played continuously as cavalry, infantry and artillery swept by. Regimental flags were crowned with laurel wreaths. The men wore evergreens around their steel helmets and their tunics and guns were covered with flowers.

"What particularly struck me was the attitude of the homecoming officers. Those I have seen in the Berlin garrison were quiet men, many of whom had removed their marks of rank. They seldom were saluted by their men. On the other hand the troops just returned from the front are well disciplined and salute as of old. The officers themselves are unchanged. They exhibit themselves monocled and tight waisted, to the population, who cheer them loudly.

"Berlin is dancing mad. There are about 50 cabarets in the city and dancing goes on all the afternoon and until 9 o'clock at night. In a week's time the edict closing dancing halls at 9 o'clock will be removed and dancing then will continue all night. Berliners are looking forward to this.

"It is a remarkable sight to see cabarets packed to suffocation with women in expensive toilettes and both soldiers and civilians dancing and drinking wine costing $10 a bottle. Seats at the theatres can only be booked two days ahead. 'We are trying to forget,' said a Berliner to me to-day."

THE FORT GARRY, WINNIPEG, FAMOUS CANADIAN HOTEL

On Western Canada business trips, or when en route to the California or other Pacific Coast resorts, the traveller is well advised who arranges an itenerary that provides for a stop-over at the Fort Garry, Winnipeg. That famous hotel offers service and surroundings that are unexcelled on this continent, while the rates are most moderate. It has a total of three hundred rooms, and is managed by men of wide experience who understand the art of making the guest's stay a pleasure. The Fort Garry is situated within one minute's walk of the Union Station, is within easy access of all the principal points in the city, and is owned and operated by the Grand Trunk System. Write for full information and booklets descriptive of these hotels to any Grand Trunk Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Congressman-elect Berger of The Milwaukee Leader and four other Socialists were found guilty of treason by a jury at Chicago.

ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-tives" Has Achieved

One reason why "Fruit-a-tives" is so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with *Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema* and other Skin Affections, is, because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

It is composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, oranges, figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics of proven repute.

50c. a box; 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

MARK OF $10,000 TOO LOW.

Higher Aim Set for Guelph in Red Shield Drive.

Guelph, Jan. 9. — Commissioner Richards of the Salvation Army addressed a committee of prominent business men here and outlined the purposes of the Red Shield Drive campaign. Mr. Sam Carter, M.P., also addressed the committee and promised that the whole-hearted support of the committee would be given during the campaign.

The team captains were appointed and preparations made for a sharp campaign. The objective of $10,000 for the city was regarded as too low, and the committee have set their faces toward a much higher mark.

APPROVES PROHIBITION.

Labor Declares Against Modification in Alberta.

Medicine Hat, Jan. 9.—The Alberta Federation of Labor has declared emphatically against any modification of the prohibition legislation in this province. A resolution introduced by the Brewery Workers' Union of Calgary asking for endorsation of the resolution passed at the Quebec convention for two and one-half per cent. beer was rejected by a vote of 45 to 37 at the Tuesday morning session.

The resolution of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council resenting intervention in Siberia was carried with oned issenting vote.

At the Northland inquiry in Ottawa Major Westmore, O.C., the conducting party, said he and his staff would be well satisfied to continue attached to that ship so long as she continued transporting troops to Canada.

Fighting continues between the Poles and Ruthenians for the possession of Lemberg.

COL. ROOSEVELT'S WILL

Ex-President Believed to Have Left Large Fortune

Oyster Bay, Jan. 9. The will of Colonel Roosevelt will be filed at Mineola in the near future, it was said by a friend of the family. The will is said to be very brief.

Colonel Roosevelt's fortune has been estimated at between $500,000 and $1,000,000, but little is definitely known on the subject. The Sagamore Hill estate is said to be worth about $150,000, according to present values of similar properties. Since he left the presidency Colonel Roosevelt's earnings with his pen have been very large.

MR. STEWART RESIGNS.

Gives up Office in G. W. V. A. for Another Position.

Ottawa, Jan. 9.—R. M. Stewart, Dominion secretary of the Great War Veterans' Association, has resigned from that body and accepted a position with the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Commission.

Mr. Stewart will be succeeded by C. J. McNeill of Regina, formerly of the 16th Battalion, C.E.F. Mr. McNeill is the provincial secretary of the Great War Veterans' Association of Saskatchewan, a resident of Regina, and is expected to assume his new duties in Ottawa about January 15th.

The Union bank will pay 10 per cent dividend and set the balance of the authorized capital to shareholders at $160 per share.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK CROSS, FEVERISH

WHEN CONSTIPATED OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated wasted, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

ROYAL THEATRE

12 FIRST RUN REELS — NEW PRICES — 12 FIRST RUN REELS

A SPARKLING PROGRAM. ENTIRE CHANGE TO-MORROW

High Class Vitagraph Features and Comedies

The Dawn of Understanding
FIVE PARTS
With Bessie Love as the Leading Star in a Play of Sunshine and Sentiment and Surprise

THE IRON TEST TWO PARTS
Second Episode of this Million Dollar Serial, with all Star Actors

A GREAT WEST DRAMA THREE PARTS

Two Big V Comedies, with Favorite Jollickers

HUNS and HYPHENS TWO PARTS

Last chance to-night to see this fine Program—One of the best of the World's Stars on the Screen Vitagraph Service to the Royal.

Admission only 15c, and 1c Extra for War Tax **16c** All Over the House for this Big Double Show **16c**

FAIRWEATHERS LIMITED
84-86 YONGE ST. TORONTO

GREAT BUILDING SALE

Involving Over a Half Million Dollars Worth of High Grade Wearables

REMEMBER

That no matter where you live within a reasonable distance of Toronto it will pay you to take advantage of this extraordinary sale.

Consisting of Women's and Misses' High Grade Suits, Coats, Furs, Fur Coats, Dresses, Blouses, Skirts, Petticoats, Silk and Muslin Negligees, Scarfs, Gloves, also Men's Overcoats, Fur Coats, Knox, Christy, Stetson and Borsalino Hats, Gloves. The entire stock will go on sale at the **lowest prices of our career.**

NOTICE

A sale such as you have read about but rarely seen demonstrated, and one that will remain forever fresh in the minds of its patrons as the greatest of bargain events.

THIS GREAT SALE IS NOW GOING ON

And the entire stock, without reserve or limit, on sale at the lowest prices ever known in Toronto. A genuine cut in prices based on legitimate reasons.

Two Great Glove Specials

Men's Gloves

25 dozen Men's $2 Kid Gloves, in tan, grey, black, etc. While they last **50c**

WOMEN'S GLOVES

22 dozen Women's Kid Gloves, in white, black, tan, and grey, up to $2. Will go at **50c**

For the past 25 years Fairweathers has conducted the largest and finest establishment of its kind in the city of Toronto, never deviating from the policy of carrying only the highest class of dependable merchandise procurable from the largest markets and foremost master makers of the world. The business has grown wonderfully; in fact, has outgrown itself, and now the time has come when expansion is necessary, compulsory, if you please, with the result that contractors are now busy constructing a new and more spacious building one door north of our present store, to take care of this greatly expanded business.

To cope with these conditions and prepare for these changes, it is necessary for us to clear our shelves and wardrobes of every dollar's worth of merchandise immediately, so that we will be in a position to offer the buying public an entire new and complete stock of high quality merchandise when we open our new establishment. To dispose of this stock quickly requires drastice price-cutting, and notwithstanding the inevitable loss of profits we have named prices so very low as to make this sale irresistible to you. Merchandise of this character and quality seldom, if ever, find an outlet in this manner. Just think what Fairweathers Coats, Suits, Dresses, Furs, etc., mean to you at the prices herein quoted, and remember, every article carries the Fairweathers label. If you know the value of merchandise you'll be here.

WE QUOTE BELOW A PARTIAL LIST OF THE MANY EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS ON SALE

Men's Overcoats

Included are Chesterfields, Slip-ons, Ulsters, Single and Double-breasted English and American make. The following prices tell the story:

Fairweathers	$35 Overcoats	$21.50
Fairweathers	$40 Overcoats	$28.75
Fairweathers	$45 Overcoats	$31.50
Fairweathers	$50 Overcoats	$36.75
Fairweathers	$55 Overcoats	$39.75
Fairweathers	$65 Overcoats	$47.50
Fairweathers	$75 Overcoats	$59.75
Fairweathers	$95 Overcoats	$77.50

$150.00 Coon Coats will go at $97.50

$150.00, Seal collar and facing rat lined coats $108.50

Beautiful Hudson Seal Coats

Hudson Seal Coats of fine selected skins, deep collar and cuffs, sold by Fairweathers at $275.00. A most extraordinary special at **$194.75**

Ladies's Hose

50 dozen fine quality Silk Hose. Formerly sold at $1.25. All new shades. While they last **89c**

Men's Overcoats

50 BEAUTIFUL OVERCOATS of all-wool materials, newest styles that sold at $50. Will go at **$29.75**

Men's Fur Lined Overcoats

One lot of Men's $150 Rat-lined Coats, exceptionally fine Black cloth shell, Hudson Seal collar and facing. Sale price **$97.50**

NOTICE

No goods sent on aproval.

WATCH

our advertisements for further Specials

Mink Marmot Coats

Mink Marmot Coats of selected full-furred skins, deep cape collars and cuffs of Hudson seal, 45 ins. long. These Coats sold at $150. Now

$108.75

MEN'S GLOVES

Every wanted leather in Perrin's Gloves.

Men's $2.00 Gloves go at $1.15

Men's $2.25 Gloves go at $1.69

Men's $2.50 Gloves go at $1.95

Men's $3.00 Gloves go at $2.48

Men's $3.50 Gloves go at $2.95

Every ladies' glove has been cut in price for this great sale.

Three Great MILLINERY SPECIALS

Your unrestricted choice of any $12.00 trimmed hat in the house

$3.75

Choice of any $15.00 trimmed hat, while they last

$5.45

Your choice of any $20 trimmed hat in the store

$6.45

LADIES' SUITS

At the most drastic price cuts ever made by this store. These Suits are a striking example of our value-giving. There are hundreds of styles to select from and all the new fabrics, styles and shades are represented. Come early.

All $40.00 Suits will go at	$19.75
All $50.00 Suits will go at	$28.75
All $55.00 Suits will go at	$28.75
All $62.50 Suits will go at	$44.75
All $72.50 Suits will go at	$49.75
All $77.50 Suits will go at	$54.75
All $85.00 Suits will go at	$55.75
All $95.00 Suits will go at	$59.75
All $105.00 Suits will go at	$69.75
All $120.00 Suits will go at	$75.75
All $135.00 Suits will go at	$83.75
All $155.00 Suits will go at	$97.75

French Model Suits

$85.00 French Model Suits go at	$42.50
$90.00 French Model Suits go at	$45.00
$95.00 French Model Suits go at	$47.50
$110.00 French Model Suits go at	$55.00
$125.00 French Model Suits go at	$62.50
$150.00 French Model Suits go at	$75.00

DRESSES

Newest styles in Velvet, Tricotine, Jersey, Crepe, Serge, Satin, Georgette, embroidered and bead trimmed, in tunic and panel effects, priced at wonderful savings.

$35.00 Silk Street Dresses	$17.50
$40.00 Silk Street Dresses	$20.00
$45.00 Silk Street Dresses	$22.50
$50.00 Silk Street Dresses	$25.00
$55.00 Silk Street Dresses	$27.50

EVENING DRESSES

At unheard of low prices.

$40.00 Evening Dresses will go at	$22.00
$45.00 Evening Dresses will go at	$24.50
$47.50 Evening Dresses will go at	$25.50
$70.00 Evening Dresses will go at	$32.50
$117.50 Evening Dresses will go at	$68.50

FRENCH MODEL DRESSES

$75.00 French Model Dresses	$37.50
$85.00 French Model Dresses	$47.50
$125.00 French Model Dresses	$62.50
$135.00 French Model Dresses	$67.50

Street and Afternoon Dresses

$32.50 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$21.75
$40.00 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$26.75
$47.50 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$36.75
$55.00 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$37.75
$65.00 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$42.75
$70.00 Street & Afternoon Dresses	$45.75

FUR COATS

Hudson Seal Model Coats, 42 to 48 inches long, full skirt, beautiful styles, made from selected skins, trimmed with Alaska Sable, Natural Lynx, Ermine and Hudson Bay Sable, priced as follows for quick selling:

$450.00 Hudson Seal and Natural Lynx Coat	$298.00
$500.00 Hudson Seal and Alaska Sable Coat	$347.50
$550.00 Hudson Seal and Alaska Sable Coat	$379.50
$550.00 Hudson Seal and Natural Lynx Coat	$377.50
$600.00 Hudson Seal and Nutria Coats	$397.50

Hudson Seal Coats

$350.00 Hudson Seal Coats, made from selected skins, deep Alaska sable collar and cuffs. Positively a wonderful value at **$274.75**

Hudson Seal Coats

Fairweathers $275.00 Hudson Seal Coats, made of choice selected skins, deep cape collar and cuffs, go at **$194.75**

Hudson Seal Coats

Fairweathers $475.00 Hudson Seal Coats, made from choice pelts, deep skunk collar and cuffs, handsomely lined, 46 inches. While they last **$379.50**

Hudson Seal Coats

Fairweathers $275.00 Hudson Seal Coats, of selected skins, deep collar and cuffs, full sweep, 45 inches long .. Will go at **$297.50**

MUFFS, STOLES and FUR SETS

At prices that should clear our stock in a very short time.

$50.00 Alaska Sable Muffs go at ..	$33.50
$75.00 Natural Mink Cape Stoles ..	$36.50
$125.00 Natural Mink Stoles go at	$74.50
$35.00 Natural Mink Muffs go at ..	$19.75
$65.00 Natural Mink Muffs go at ..	$37.50
$55.00 Black Fox Stoles go at ...	$34.95
$65.00 Black Fox Muffs go at ...	$43.75
$50.00 Natural Wolf Sets go at ..	$37.25
$80.00 Natural Canadian Red Fox Stoles, exceptional value	$39.00
$55.00 Natural Red Fox Muffs ...	$37.75
$65.00 Taupe Fox Sets go at ...	$47.75
$100.00 Natural Fox Sets go at ..	$73.75
$70.00 Fisher Stoles go at	$49.50
$65.00 Black Australian Fox Sets	$43.75

Women's Skirts, Sweaters, Collars, Raincoats, Umbrellas have been reduced in price for this Great Sale.

BLOUSES

Read, Realize, Act Quickly and Profit—Hundreds of beautiful Waists of linen, silk and Georgette crepe, beaded and plain trimmed, round, square and V-shape neck, priced for a quick close out regardless of profit.

Fairweathers	$6.50 Blouses go at $4.75
Fairweathers	$11.50 Blouses go at $8.75
Fairweathers	$13.50 Bouses go at $8.75
Fairweathers	$17.50 Blouses go at $11.75
Fairweathers	$20.00 Blouses go at $12.75
Fairweathers	$25.00 Blouses go at $15.75
Fairweathers	$30.00 Blouses go at $18.75
Fairweathers	$35.00 Blouses go at $21.75

CLOTH COATS

of Cheviots, Tweeds, Velour, Crystal Cloth, Bolivia. Newest styles, on sale as follows:

Fairweathers	$35 Cloth Coats now $22.75
Fairweathers	$52 Cloth Coats now $36.75
Fairweathers	$70 Cloth Coats now $42.75
Fairweathers	$80 Cloth Coats now $49.75
Fairweathers	$90 Cloth Coats now $59.75
Fairweathers	$115 Cloth Coats now $75.75
Fairweathers	$175 Cloth Coats.. $117.50

SALT'S PLUSH COATS

In the newest style and beautifully trimmed. Priced as follows:

$60.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$40.00
$75.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$50.00
$85.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$56.00
$90.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$60.00
$125.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$83.00
$135.00 Salts' Plush Coats go at ..	$90.00

SILK UNDERWEAR

Included are Chemises, Knickers, Nightgowns and Negligees of crepe de chene and wash satin.

All $2.00 Silk Camisoles will go at	$1.49
All $2.50 Silk Camisoles will go at	$1.98
All $3.50 Silk Camisoles will go at	$2.79
All $3.50 Silk Chemises will go at	$2.79
All $5.75 Silk Chemises will go at	$4.39
All $3.50 Silk Knickers will go at	$2.79
All $4.50 Silk Knickers will go at	$3.39
All $5.75 Nightgowns will go at	$4.49

NATURAL MUSKRAT COATS

One lot of Natural Muskrat Coats, full skirt, deep collar and cuffs, welt pockets, that sold up to $175.00, now **$127.50**

MEN'S HATS

10 dozen Soft & Stiff Hats, English and American makes that sold up to $5.50. Will go at

$1.98

LADIES' SUITS

One lot of Ladies' Suits; one of a kind, beautifully tailored; new shades, that formerly sold at $40.00. Extra Special:

$19.75

LADIES' DRESSES

One lot of Ladies' $32.50 Satin, Serge & Satin Combination, and All-Serge Dresses. A sensational value at

$21.75

MEN'S CAPS

20 dozen Men's $3.00 Caps, English make, will go while they last

89c

MEN'S HATS

10 dozen Mallory Christy and Woodrow Hats, up to $7. Go at

$3.98

MR. A. J. BOLWELL

(Continued from Page One.)

ed from overseas, was recommended for the position of manager of the Government employment bureau to be established in this city. Private Robertson is a member of the G. W. V. A. He was wounded while in the service and is in receipt of a pension of $7.50 a month.

Protest the Censorship.

C. Stephens, secretary of the Trades Council in Vancouver, wrote asking that the Council join in a protest to the Postmaster General against the censorship on mail matter dealing with labor questions, and this request was concurred in. The Stationary Engineers were also backed up in their protest to the Minister of Public Works for Ontario, F. G. Macdiarmid, against the granting of licenses to women giving them authority to act as engineers in factories.

To Increase Membership.

The Trades Council is composed of five delegates from every union regardless of the numerical strength of the organization that elects them. About a year ago an attempt was made to revise the constitution so as to provide for representation according to the number of members in the different unions. The avowed object of the change is to increase the revenue. This agitation was revived last night, and a committee consisting of Delegates Flannery, Campbell, Stenton, Noonan and Crowe was appointed to devise ways and means.

T. Ogilvie of the Electrical Workers' Union was endorsed for appointment by the City Council as a member of the Public Library Commission, the object being to secure more labor literature on the shelves and tables of that institution.

An Ald.-Elect's Fence.

Ald.-Elect Murray stated that he had been assured that the City Council would give him until spring to remove his fence. If this permission is withheld he will tear down the fence and so be in a position to take the seat to which he was elected.

TAKING CARE OF THE SOLDIERS

GERMAN'S TREATMENT BY GOVERNMENT IN THE MATTER OF GRATUITIES.

Thousands of soldiers will soon be returning to Canada. Their demobilization has been so arranged that the labor market will not be glutted, resulting in returned soldiers being out of work. It is realized that the soldier, as soon as he is charged from the army, will look for employment. In order that he may have an opportunity of living decently until he find employment, the Dominion government has decided to give every man a "War Service Gratuity." The whole plan is described in an advertisement "War to Peace," which appears in this paper today. The gratuity is graded, according to length of service, from six months to one month's pay and allowance.

After Feb. 1st, men who already have been discharged will be given their gratuity to which they are entitled. Men who still are in the service will receive their first month's gratuity immediately upon their discharge. Men who are in the case of the Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment Department will receive their gratuity as soon as they cease to receive pay and allowance. The gratuity also will be granted to a dead soldier's relatives.

The decision to grant this gratuity places Canada in a position of treating her returned soldiers more generously than any other nation.

WANTED—Route boy for south end of city. Apply at once, Review.

ONLY ONE DEFEAT.

For Jack Dempsey During the Year Just Closed.

New York, Jan. 9. — While Jack Dempsey did not do as much work as a few other boxers in the ring during 1918, his performances in the squared circle were more spectacular. The leading contender for Jess Willard's crown appeared in twenty-two battles during the year and won seventeen via the knockout route. He lost one referee's decision in a bout with Willie Meehan, and engaged in three no-decision affairs.

Benny Valger, the French flash, was the busiest boxer, taking part in thirty-nine battles. He won seven times and lost once. On four occasions he put his opponet to sleep. Frankie Britt was in twenty-eight contests and won eighteen and lost two. Five times he fought draws. Jack Sharkey fought twenty-five times, but was not awarded a single decision, while he lost but one battle. Twenty-two of his ring engagements were nodecision contests.

SOLDIERS HOME THE SALVATION ARMY COMING CAMPAIGN

Help Her to Help Them

Over There Over Here

THE BOYS WON'T ALL BE HOME FOR MONTHS YET!—The boys went away with your promise ringing in their ears: "We'll keep the Home fires burning till the boys come home." That meant until the last boy was home and settled in civilian life.

While fighting was going on you helped—and helped liberally—Red Cross, Comforts, Huts, Hostels, everything! But what of the months that must elapse before they are all back home and comfortably settled?

It is for YOU to say the word. Shall their comforts cease? Shall their splendid manhood suffer under relaxed discipline? Shall they have WHOLESOME recreation overseas, and over here? Shall they rest content in the knowledge that their families are being taken care of?

There is only one answer—A MILLION FOR THE BOYS WHO PUT IT OVER!

The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

January 19th to 25th

"FIRST TO SERVE—LAST TO APPEAL"

You will not deny the soldier his Salvation Army comforts—the Hostel is his HOME, his store, his entertainment, his church, his club! Shut him out and where will he go?

MOTHERS! You cannot go "over there" to mother your boys, to bake pies, mend their clothes and give them the hundred and one little comforts of home. But the Salvation Army Lassie is there. She is doing these things for you. Help Her to Help Them!

Ask the Boys Who Have Come Back

Ask any returned soldier about the Salvation Army. As one man said: "If you're hungry, they meet you with eggs and bacon; if you're mopish, they cheer you up with a song; if you're not doing the straight thing, they give you a rough time in their meetings; and if you are put out of action by a shell, they give you a ride in a motor 'bus."

We thank God the casualties have ceased. But there is much work to be done. The Salvation Army will see that even the boys that are sent to do garrison duty in occupied territory will not be out of touch with the comforts of life—if you say so.

Keep the boys smiling in France and Britain. Keep the chain of Hostels intact from Halifax to Vancouver until the last boy is home. Let the Salvation Army offer hospitality everywhere it is needed, during the repatriation of the soldiers. Do not let one man feel he is stranded without a friend after he has done his bit. Remember your pledge—*"Till the boys come home" All the boys.*

"Give and it shall be given unto you—good measure"

SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

16

NORWOOD

(Special Correspondence)

Norwood, Jan. 9.—Miss Marjorie Miller has been visiting friends in Campbellford for the past week.

Maxwell C. Beavis, of the R.A.F., Toronto, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lang, Peterboro street, last week.

Miss Florence Nichol, of Toronto, is visiting her parents on King street.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Hess of Hastings, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson, on Saturday last.

Mrs. Nelson Beavis, of Hastings, visited friends in town one day last week.

Miss Annie Dryden, of Peterboro, was the guest of Miss Elsie Lang, over New Year's.

Miss Hattie McLachlan has returned to Toronto after spending the holiday with her sister, Miss Minnie McLachlan.

Another of Norwood's heroes, Lce.-Corp. Rorabeck, has returned from overseas. Lance-Corporal Rorabeck went overseas with the 93rd Battalion and has seen much active service in France.

The funeral of the late Dick Tedford was held on Sunday afternoon from the family residence to the Norwood cemetery. A large concourse of sympathizing friends followed the remains to their last resting place.

A disastrous fire occurred in Norwood on Tuesday morning of this week when the double house on Belmous street, owned by Mr. Jos. Dickens and occupied by himself and Mr. John Rogers, was burned to the ground. The fire originated in a partition and when discovered, was beyond control.

The fire started in the end occupied by Mr. Rogers, who was a heavy loser as the flames prevented the removal of much of his goods. Mr. Rogers' loss is heavy as he carried no insurance. Mr. Dickens was more fortunate as he was able to save more of his household effects. Mr. Dickens had insurance to the extent of $900, partly in the house and partly on his furniture.

School Board, Norwood.

The Board of Education met on Monday evening, January 6th, 1919. Members present were Messrs. E. P. Coffe, Thomas Bukell, J. F. Elliott, J. A. Finlay, T. Watson, C. E. Squire, D. MacNaughton, F. Webster.

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

The chairman reported that Miss Sangster had been engaged as High School assistant at a salary of $900.

Moved by Elliott and Burkell that the supply committee be authorized to purchase a treasurer's book.—Carried.

Communication was received from the public school teachers asking that the Board pay salaries monthly.

Moved by Mr. Squire and Elliott that commencing the first of the year the teachers be paid monthly in 10 equal installments.

The supply committee gave quotations on hard wood at $9.50.—R. Leeper, 15 cords; Thos. Thompson, 15 cords for $150.00; Chas. McConnel, 15 cords at $9.55 a cord.

Moved by Mr. Burkell and Webster that the supply committee wait the balance of this week and if there are no lower prices offered that they purchase the cheapest wood, providing they think the wood is satisfactory.—Carried.

Supply committee reported that 57½ tons of soft coal had been purchased at $8.98.

—Bills—

E. J. Lang, H. S.	$ 2 66
E. J. Lang, P. S.	4 06
Truant Officer's salary	5 00
J. W. Rork, account, H. S.	1 85
John Cummings, account, P. S.	26 83

Moved by Messrs. Finlay and MacNoughton that the accounts of the secretary and truant officer be paid and that the others be referred.—Carried.

Resignation of Mr. J. O. Kuff as P. S. trustee was received.

Moved by Messrs. Finlay and Watson that we accept with regret the resignation of Mr. O'Keefe.—Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Finlay and Elliott that on account of the short period this year for preparation of the H. S. pupils for annual mid-summer examinations and the extra duties this involves in an earnest effort to maintain the previous good record of the school and in appreciation of the satisfactory services of the principal, though handicapped by frequent changes on the staff, and of Miss Gillies, that their salaries from commencement of January, 1919, term shall be at the yearly rate of eighteen hundred and nine hundred respectively.—Carried unanimously.

Moved by Messrs. Squire and Finlay that Mr. J. G. Keefer be apointed school trustee to fill the vacancy on the Board, caused by the resignation of J. D. O'Keefe.—Carried.

The High School Inspector's report was read.

Moved by Finlay and Burkell that the inspector's report be received and fyled and that an estimate of the cost of the improvement asked for be prepared and submitted at the next meeting and that the supply committee secure thermometers and dictionaries for each room immediately.—Carried.

REMANDED UNTIL MONDAY

Emmett Faux appeared in Police Court this morning charged with a breach of the Ontario Temperance Act. His case was remanded until Monday.

President W. G. Gooderham of the Bank of Toronto spoke of the encouraging export possibilities at the annual meeting of that institution yesterday.

PTE. MONTGOMERY WELCOMED HOME

TENDERED A RECEPTION BY HIS FRIENDS IN NORTH SMITH.

A very pleasing event took place Friday evening, Jan. 3, when the friends and neighbors of Pte. John Montgomery gathered at the North Smith Wesley Methodist Church, of which Pte. Montgomery was a valued member. The gathering took the form of a reception to welcome Pte. Montgomery home from France, he having arrived home on New Year's Day.

The evening was spent in musical selections, patriotic songs and addresses, followed by a fowl supper, after which was rendered, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," for Pte. Montgomery. The gathering dispersed after singing God Save the King.

Pte. Montgomery enlisted and went overseas with the 93rd Battalion from Peterboro. While in England he was transferred and went to France with the Canadian Mounted Rifles. He has seen considerable active service, and was wounded at Vimy Ridge, and was returned to England to a hospital. On recovering he went to France a second time. About the middle of last September he was taken prisoner, and remained in the hands of the Germans until the signing of the armistice. Pte. Montgomery can relate many thrilling events of his experience in the firing line and his return from the prison camp.

BE PRETTY! TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

TRY GRANDMOTHER'S OLD FAVORITE RECIPE OF SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the additions of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can posibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

HAVELOCK

(Special Correspondence.)

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ormiston spent the holidays with friends in Toronto.

Mr. Cecil Colquhoun, of Kingston, is the guest of his uncle, Mr. David Hogg.

Mrs. Edw. Fennell and children visited relatives in Campbellford last week.

Mr. Jos. Knox, of Peterboro, was the guest of his son, Mr. C. Knox, over New Year's.

Mrs. Walmsley and son, Mr. Karl, of Peterboro, were the guests of Mrs. Crowe last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Squire and Master Jimmy spent New Year's with Dr. and Mrs. Cress, of Toronto.

Mrs. (Dr.) Merrick, of New Jersey, was the guest of her brother, Mr. Bruce Puffer, on New Year's Day.

Pte. Carman Coon, of the Cobourg Military Hospital, spent the recent holidays at his home here.

Mr. Patrick McFaul, of Blairton, who is working in Toronto, has been ill recently, but is around again.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Brennan, of Algrada Park, Gravenhurst, spent New Year's with their son, Mr. Reg. Brennan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Reynolds, of Lasswade, spent the holidays the guests of the latter's father, Mr. Jas. Ketchen.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Ball and son of Lakefield, were the holiday guests of Mrs Ball's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wood.

Mrs. I. Puffer and daughter, Miss Edith, of Norwood, were the New Year guests of their son and brother, Mr. B. Puffer.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Elmhirst, of Seymour, visited friends here last week and Mrs. Elmhirst's parents in Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seabroock.

Mr. Thomas McLaughlin, of Alberta, spent the holidays with his mother at Blairton, as did also Mr. William McLauchlin, of Sarnia, and Mr. McLoud and two daughters of Saskatchewan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Phillips, of Toronto, spent New Year's, the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Vandervoort. Their many friends were glad to see them again.

Rev. C. Adams received a telegram on Saturday night informing him of the death of his brother, the Rev. W. Adams, of Delanco, N.J. Mr. Adams left on the early express on Sunday morning to attend the funeral.

The many friends of Mrs. John H. Scott, of the Trent River road, will regret deeply to learn of her serious illness. Little hope is held out for her recovery but if sincere wishes and prayers are of any avail, she will be restored to health.

WANTED—Boy for E. City route South end. Apply at once. Review.

Famous Composer Is In The City

JULES BRAZIL WILL BE HEARD IN "HEARTS OF THE WORLD."

Mr. Jules Brazil the famous composer and music arranger is here to conduct the famous symphony orchestra with "Hearts of the World." Mr. Brazil is very well known throughout Canada as an expert writer of musical scores and enjoys a big reputation as an orchestral conductor. He last visited Peterborough as conductor of "Intolerance" and previously directing the "Birth of a Nation." Many of the "Birth of a Nation" soloists are here with him including Anthony Brighio the famous harpist, whose harp by the way fell off the baggage car this morning but was luckily undamaged Peterborough will have a musical treat for the next three days.

The Imperial Life Assurance Company's annual report shows that 51 per cent. of $365,393, of the total 1918 death claims were due to the influenza epidemic.

Where we Sold "Hundreds" Four Years go, We Are Selling "Thousands" of Bottles To-day.

Moncur's Double Strength Lung Syrup

Is an Extraordinary and Remarkable Remedy for Obstinate and Racking Coughs, Congested Lungs, Colds and Bronchitis. "People who use this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better."—Price 25c and 50c, at

Moncur Drug Store **407 George Street**

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

YOUR CHOICE SHOWS YOUR GREATNESS

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invariable resolution. When you choose "PEBLO" Glasses, ground and fitted by Dr. Fowler, you have made the right choice because "PEBLO" Glasses are the finest product in lens-making to be found anywhere, and Dr. Fowler is an expert in prescribing the proper corrections for your eyes.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B Toronto University.

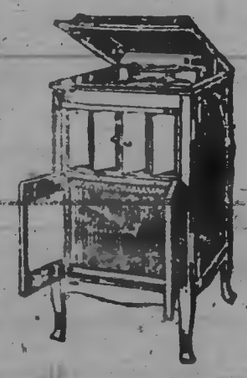
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

The Tie That Binds

THE influence of music in the home cannot be overestimated. Think! Wouldn't every member of the family insist on being home if Alice Neilson was going to sing in your parlor next Wednesday? The most important event you can think of wouldn't keep them away.



Alice Neilson will visit your home—not once, but every evening on your Columbia. She, or some other famous singer, will sing your favorite songs, but that isn't all. Charlie may be fond of Creator's Band, Mary may have a friend in France and long for military Music, little Billie would just love "Little Red Riding Hood." You can please them all.

The long winter evenings have no dread for the family which owns

A COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

In the past possibly the lack of entertainment at home has been a source of worry to you. The Columbia has solved many a father's problem, as it will for you.

Tomorrow you will be passing our store—drop in and ask for **Miss Le Barr** who will show you the different styles and give a thorough demonstration of the Columbia Grafonola. Come in any time.

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC CO., LIMITED

The Home of Good Music

CHARLOTTE STREET. PETERBORO

Branches at Kingston, Belleville, Lindsay, etc.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Forelady to take charge of fur manufacturing department of Old Established Fur House in Ontario; good wages and future for the right person. Write Box 229.

WANTED.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 358.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mahogany Gramophone, floor cabinet, almost new, a bargain. Apply 599 Gilmour St.

FOR SALE—Duffus Garage, 100 lengths of stove pipes.

FOR SALE—Maple Leaf Range, in good condition. Apply 530 Bethune street.

FOR SALE—Persian Lamb Coat in splendid condition at a bargain. Apply Review Office.

FOR SALE—Four first-class milking cows, including one new-milch cow and calf, excellent stock. Apply Jas. O'Connell, 587 Concession St.

LOST.

LOST —Monday night, blue brooch in shape of dragon fly, thought to be between St. John's Church and 515 Water St. on Water St. Reward on leaving at 515 Water St.

LOST On Friday evening, between Simcoe and London streets, on Reid St., a silver slipper. Finder please leave at the Review Office

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN MONEY TO LOAN At Lowest rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY MONEY TO LOAN.

Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION

The Loew Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free Send postal or call. Phone No. 647. Night 386

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GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, trade mark and copyright ap-

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKSLEY Osteopath Physician.

Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL IS THE BEST

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

111 Hunter Street East City

Phone 66 TERMS CASH

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Ali. McDonald Estate

Rev. Edward Cockburn, librarian of Knox College is dead.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING Barristers, Solicitors. 408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON County Crown Attorney. Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets Telephone No. 22. Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 415 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment. E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill. MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest. E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment. D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery 184½ Hunter St. Peterborough Telephone 864.

R. R. HALL Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. F. E. HARVEY Silver Medalist, University of Toronto Special attention to diseases of Women and Children. Office: 212 Brock Street. Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m Phone 228.

DR. BUCHANAN F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

COAL ...AND... Builders' Supplies Hardwood Flooring Robt. Hicks & Co. LIMITED

Canada Food Board Licence No. 8-4282 D. M. MINICOLA Best Fruit— Cheap Best Vegetables Reasonable Best Groceries At Right Prices 410½ GEORGE STREET Bell Phone 935

Children's Aid Society —of— Peterborough City and County FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN C. W. BOSWELL, Asst. Secretary and Inspector Office, 568 George St. Phone 1044w Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

The Bell Telephone Co's application for leave to increase rates was heard by the Dominion Railway Board at Ottawa

HAD SUFFERED FOR FOURTEEN YEARS

COULDN'T LIFT AN ARM OR LEG FROM BED—TANLAC RESTORES HEALTH

"I wish I could have found Tanlac fourteen years ago," said William D. Lawrence, who lives at 417 East 30th Street, Tacoma, Wash, a few days ago.

"I have suffered all the pangs of inflammatory rheumatism just that many years," he continued, "and many times I have been in such misery I would almost wish I could die and end it all. My whole body was racked with pain nearly all the time and I would get terribly swollen and sore, sometimes my feet would swell so bad I couldn't get my shoes on. The swelling and pain would come so suddenly in my feet at times that I would have to cut the strings of my shoes so I could get them off real quick. I was so bad off at one time that I was flat on my back for two or three months at a stretch, and couldn't raise an arm or leg during all that time, and every part of my body just ached with pain all the time. I went night after night without a minutes sleep, just had to lie there and suffer.

"I tried everything I could get my hands on, thinking I would get something after a while that would do me some good, but nothing seemed to help me very much. I thought a change might do some good, so I came to Tacoma a short time ago, and when I got here I heard a great many people talking about the good Tanlac had done them and I thought I would try it out myself. Well, sir, it began to overcome my trouble right away. I am practically free from those terrible rheumatic pains now, and all that swelling is a thing of the past, and in fact, all that fourteen years of misery seem to be over. I sleep like a log and am gaining both in weight and strength every day. I never lose a minute from my work now, put in full time every day and just feel good all the time. It sure is great to be in such fine shape after fourteen years agony. I don't believe there is another medicine in the world equal to Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Golert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

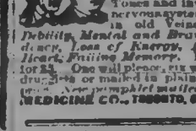
TRAINMED ASK FOR EIGHT HOURS

INSIST ON SAME CONDITIONS AS PREVAIL IN UNITED STATES.

Having attained the McAdoo wage schedule, the combined membership of the Brotherhood of Railway Employees, extending from coast to coast, have made a demand upon the Dominion Railway War Board for an eight-hour workday under the terms of the McAdoo award to railway employees in the United States. That their demand will be granted seems almost certain. The brotherhood is pressing for eight hours a day, stipulating the hours from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Complying with a request of the Dominion Railway War Board, the Ontario division of that body, of which Mr. G. C. Bowker, General Superintendent of the G.T.R., is Chairman, yesterday held a conference with representatives of the Transportation Committee of the Toronto Board of Trade. The demands of the brotherhood were explained by Chairman Bowker, and following a lengthy discussion, a resolution was passed suggesting that the request of the men be modified by making the hours 8 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

The decision was not unanimous, as several of those present contended that the new schedule of hours would materially interfere with the business of many firms. In addition to the railway officials representing all the railways, including the Canadian National Railways, representatives of the different cartage transportation companies were present, but did not take any part in the discussion owing to the fact that the meeting called by the Railway Board at the Board of Trade was the first intimation they had received that any such move was under consideration.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Insomnia, Lack of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

WHEN THE WORLD IS MADE OVER

THERE WILL BE A NEW SYSTEM FOR HEATING HOUSES.

"At no distant day an entirely new system of fuel utilization will be adopted in this country," says Dr. Joseph E. Pogue of the Smithsonian Institution. "The entire coal supply of each city or town will be delivered to a central municipal plant, which will attend to the business of its distribution.

"But nobody will get any 'raw.' All of it will be put through a process by which the fuelstuff that it contains will be separated out, for subsequent delivery to householders and other consumers, while certain valuable by-products are saved.

"Anthracite will soon be regarded as a luxury up in price. Ordinary folks will have to content themselves with soft coal. The latter is an excellent fuel, but dirty. It gives off a dense black smoke that dirties the home, pollutes the atmosphere and menaces health.

"This is the one great disadvantage of bituminous coal. But it will be wholly done away with under the system that must before very long arrive. Either the fuelstuff that is in it will be converted into a smokeless artifical anthracite or an equivalent result will be attained by extracting all of th efuelstuff in the form of gas, for delivery to consumers through pipes.

"We object to the black smoke of bituminous coal, and no wonder. But what in reality is this smoke. Of what is it composed? The answer is that it contains most of the valuable ingredients of the coal. They pass off into the air and are lost forever."

THUG IS KILLED BY THE POLICE

NEW YORK OFFICER RESCUES YOUNG WOMEN FROM ASSAULT

New York, Jan. 9.—Attacked by four men from whom he had attempted to rescue Mrs. Anna Dowder, the 18-year-old wife of a sailor, Patrolman Michael Gleason shot and killed a man identified as Peter Prinzy, a longshoreman, and seriously wounded another man.

The fight took place in West Fifty-seventh street after Gleason had heard Mrs. Dowder scream for help. In an allway he saw the young mother struggling with four men.

Gleason is more than six feet tall and unusually strong so he "pitched in" but almost met his match.

Three men who were in the dark hallway jumped on him, while the fourth held on to the struggling Mrs. Dowder. One man got Gleason's night-stick away from him in the first rush and beat him with it, while the others kicked and pounded him to the floor.

Gleason, blinded and bleeding, managed to shake off his assailants and get out his revolver. His first bullet hit the man who was wielding the night-stick in the heart.

The other assailants ran, but a bullet caught one of them, who almost fell, but was dragged away by his companions.

SANCTUARY.

Ex-Kaiser: "T-t-tell the gentlemen that they can't take me in these Dutch trousers." —London Passing Show.

Put your hands into a pair and find out what real cold weather comfort is.

Ask your dealer for Ballantyne's.

R. M. Ballantyne, Limited Stratford, Ont.

Honored Edith Cavell.

The grave of Edith Cavell, the English nurse executed by the Germans, in the Tir National Cemetery at Brussels, is believed to have been definitely located from a German plan of the cemetery in the hands of the Belgian authorities, and the British community held a commemoration service at the grave. The service was attended by the British Minister, who laid on the mound of earth a wreath from King George and Queen Mary, inscribed, "In memory of a brave and splendid English woman."

Sir F. S. Villiers deposited a wreath bound with the British colors in the name of the British Legation and colony, and Brand Whitlock, the American Minister, added a tribute of his own. The Spanish Minister, the Belgian Foreign Minister and the members of the legations' staffs were present at the ceremony.

One of the first acts of King Albert after his re-entry into Brussels was to visit the cemetery in company with Queen Elizabeth, who laid a wreath on Miss Cavell's grave.

Newfoundland Regiment's Record.

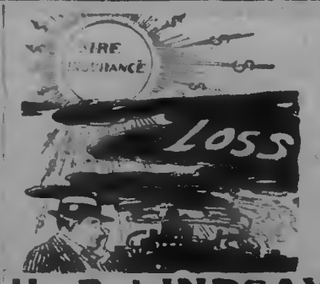
Out of 6,372 men accepted for service in the Royal Newfoundland Regiment, there was a total of 3,757 casualties, including 1,180 killed, up to the signing of the armistice, according to figures compiled by the Militia Department and made public to-day. Two hundred and ten men were awarded military decorations for bravery. The regiment, the first units of which left here in October, 1914, saw fighting in the Gallipoli campaign and in Egypt, and was transferred to France in March, 1916. Since then the Newfoundlanders have participated in some of the bitterest campaigning of the war, Ypres, in the Arras sector, and in the last months of the struggle in Flanders.

Australian Gold.

Australia produced 750,550 fine ounces of gold in the first seven months of 1918, as compared with 853,074 in the similar period in 1917.

Stitching Shoes.

It takes fourteen or fifteen yards of thread to stitch the uppers of a pair of shoes. In stitching the seam of a shoe, the length of the thread required is three times the length of the seam.



Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined. Better join the first class by having us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.

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292 Water Street, South of Munro House

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 9—Receipts fairly light, trade steady, prices:

Choice export cattle	14.00	15.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.00
Feeding steers	9.50	10.50
Ewes	10.00	11.00
Lambs	16.00	16.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	18.00	18.00
Calves	17.00	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat	2 10
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 30
Oats	75
Rye, per bush.	1 54
Peas, per bush.	2 00
Barley	1 10
Hay, per ton	$20 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	4 00
Horse hair, farmers' stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids		
In barrels, No. 1,	14	16
Cakes, No. 1	18	19
Chickens	$ 30	$ 30
Geese	30	30
Eggs	70	70
Butter	55	55
Pork	28	30
Beef	18	20
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
Ditto green	16	17
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	3 25

Horses At Toronto

The horse business is still very quiet. Practically no horses are being shipped to Toronto at present. In fact the local dealers do not look for heavy shipments for some time.

Private sales are really more active than the public auctions. Last week there were really no transactions at the Union Yards.

At present there is no indication just when another military sale will take place. Toronto, however, will most likely be the point chosen to dispose of practically the army holdings.

Formal opening of London's new half-million-dollar Technical school has been fixed for January 14.

One doctor in Essex county is said to have issued a thousand prescriptions for whiskey in one week.

St. Thomas has started the New Year with a great experiment in the almost complete transformation of the City Council.

Fourteen Chinamen were arrested at Hamilton charged with gamoling on the Lord's day.

Good Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Good Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD Phone 111

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

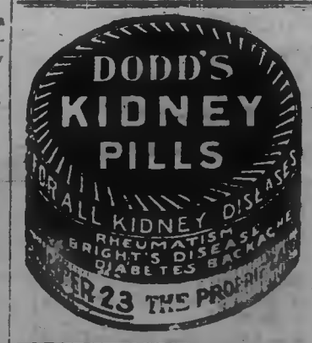
12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.



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Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-362

Shamrocks Win From West Lawns

Last night at the Water Street Alleys the Shamrocks took two games out of three from the West Lawn Bowlers. The game was exciting throughout. Sullivan for the Shamrocks was high man with a 533 score. Kirn had high single of 223, while Watton was high for the West Lawn Bowlers with 465. The scores:

Shamrocks				
Platt	121	102	148	371
Kirn	99	98	223	420
I. Gordon	197	125	117	439
Gorham	172	147	93	412
Sullivan	143	185	205	533
	732	657	786	2175
West Lawn Bowlers				
Seymour	95	127	145	367
Read	120	156	148	424
Walton	111	211	143	465
W. Gordon	122	92	131	345
Maynard	159	148	96	403
	607	738	663	2004

JUNIORS WILL MUSTER TONIGHT

HOCKEYISTS FOR WHITBY GAME TO BE SELECTED AFTER PRACTICE.

The following Junior O. H. A. players are asked to be at the Rink tonight for practice between 7 and 8 On ice at 7 sharp.

Cherritt, Hagerman, Parke, Frost, Gillespie, Foley, Collins, Campbell, Girard, Williams, Patterson, Anderson, Ranger, Flowers, Catchpole, McDonald and any others for goal

Team for Friday's game with Lindsay will be picked from above.

SPORT NOTES

Kitchener defeated Newman Hall of Toronto in an O.H.A. senior game at Kitchener, 9 to 4.

Harry Mummery of Brandon has joined the Arenas of Toronto in the N.H.A. and will play at Ottawa tonight.

The Veterans were easily beaten by Dentals last night in Toronto in a local O. H. A. senior fixture by 15 to 3. The game was rough and play ragged.

Milverton and London were the winners of the second and third events, respectively, at the Galt invitation bonspiel, which closed yesterday.

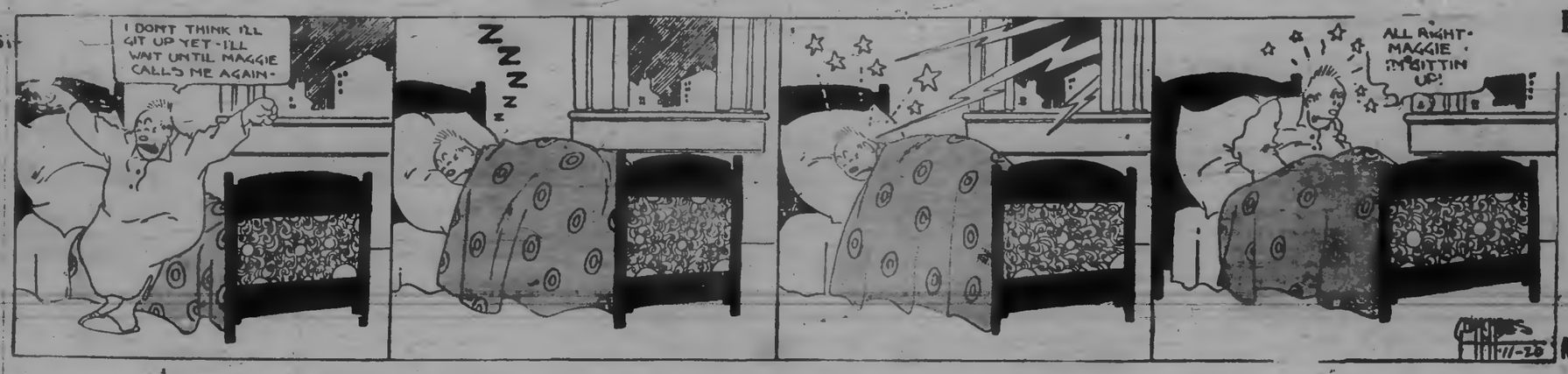
PLAYERS REGISTER

The following local players are the latest O. H. A. registrations:

Junior—Harold R. Frost, Bernard E. Parks, Eddie Foley, Roy Cherrett, A J. Williams, Stephen C. Hagerman.

Intermediate—Herbert Legros, L. A. Laidlaw, G. L. Halpin, Geo. F. Evans, H. Schultz, O. Kennaley, W. A. Jackson, Clifford Lowes, Ray Rose.

Earlscourt citizens will oppose the move to restrict express free delivery zones.



BRING-ING UP FATHER By George McManus

As Charlie Says:—

Take plenty of Arabelas with you. What's a week-end without good cigars. Arabela is the mild ten-center

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON .. Mgr

President Of The International Is Well Versed In Baseball

David Fultz Has Long and Creditable Career on the Diamond—Johnny Evers Was a Rival for the Position.

New life was injected into the International league when David L. Fultz, now a lieutenant in the American aviation corps, was elected president, secretary and treasurer of the organization.

"I guess I've got to learn the ropes," Lieut. Fultz admitted when asked for his plans. "I realize, though, that taking hold of a minor league at this time is no easy proposition, but I think we may be able to do something with the International league."

"I think Lieut. Fultz' election to this job is a sure sign of the reconstruction that is sure to come to baseball," Major Branch Rickey, president of the St. Louis Nationals, declared shortly after the election. "We frequently fought on opposite sides in baseball," he added, "but I always have had an admiration for Fultz."

President Knows The Game.

Lieut. Fultz, who is still in military service and stationed at Hazelhurst field, Long Island, succeeds John H. Farrell, who resigned the leadership of the International league at the annual meeting of the organization month. The new executive expects to be discharged from the "bigger game" in about a week's time.

Fultz, who has had an active career in the sporting world, is a graduate of Brown university. While there he engaged in football and baseball and emerged a star. In 1899 he played with the Baltimore club of the National league and a year later was with the Milwaukee aggregation. In 1901 he went to the Athletics and two years later was sold to the Yankees. Fultz retired from professional baseball in 1905 after a disastrous collision on the diamond with Kid Elberfeld, shortstop of the New York team, but he remained active in sporting matters, practicalarly as a football expert.

Six years ago Fultz was elected president of the Ballplayers' Fraternity, an organization which he assisted in organizing, but which was terminated after a fruitless strike two years ago.

Lieut. Fultz will hold the position as president of the International league for the period of one year. The term was thus limited at his own request. He will have the executive offices of the league brought back to New York, using the same offices in which he practices law.

Evers Mentioned For Place.

For a time today it seemed like a toss-up between Lieut. Fultz and Johnny Evers, former star second baseman, for the International presidency. Johnny is now a Knights of Columbus secretary. He was asked prior to the meeting by F. S. Benedict, presenting the Binghamton club, if he would consider the post and Evers replied that he would have to think the matter over. He enquired as to the salary, and while not enamored with the amount indicated he would consider the matter if the presidency were offered him.

The Rochester club was not represented at the meeting, Charles Chapin, the up-state owner, who made known his intention of leaving the league at the last meeting if Fultz was elected, was absent, but as the Rochester club has a big deal with the Giants not very much significance was attached to absence.

Joseph Lannin, triumvirate manager last season, also was absent, but C. H. Knapp, of Baltimore, was his proxy. Thomas McCarthy and Patrick Donovan cared for the interests of the Newark and Hamilton clubs respectively.

Against The Draft.

The election of Fultz to the leadership was made unanimous as the result of the strength mustered by Lannin.

A resolution urging the abandonment of the draft from the International league was drawn up at the meeting of the International league today. It is to be carried before the joint meeting of the two big leagues here on January 16.

PETERBORO INTERMEDIATES WIN FIRST CONTEST OF THE SERIES

Beat Team of Veterans From Whitby Military Hospital by Score of 7-6—Made Surprising Rally in Second Period.

In the opening junior game of the season, played in Lindsay last night the Midgets defeated Port Hope by 7 to . Garnet and Kelly were best for the locals. Both teams played fast hockey. Lndsay scored five goals in the first period, but were outplayed thereafter. The teams:

Lindsay—Goal, Williamson; defence, Green and Garnett; centre, Kelly; wings, Stoddard and Killen. Substitutes, Bell and McElroy.

Port Hope—Goal, Copeland; defence, Irvine and Deylen; centre, Hill; wings, Southwell and Weir. Substitute, Crigin.

Referee, Brown.

Lindsay begins the series in a most auspicious manner. On Friday night they will play the Peterborough juniors who look forward to the rivals with lively anticipation of giving their rivals a set back. The game should be a good one.

PETERBORO—— J

Peterborough won the first game of the intermediate O. H. A. series that night when they defeated the Whitby Military Hospital team to the tune of 7-6.

In the first period the visitors had things pretty much their own way and kept the disk hovering about the nets of the home team most of the time, scoring thrice.

In the second spasm things did not improve any for Peterborough as the visitors added two scores to their count to the one gained by the locals.

The last twenty minutes, however, reversed the positions in a most surprising manner. Up to 9.45 Peterborough showed every evidence of being beaten and outplayed. They had had only two practices this season and it was felt that they would stand little chance of making good in the last period against a team composed largely of soldiers, who had plenty of time to devote to getting into shape.

Won In a Canter.

The large crowd of spectators did not need the excuses they were preparing, to explain away an apparent defeat, as the home boys seemed to have saved all their punch for the last and came at the visitors in a way that was irresistible. A few minutes after the period was called the locals scored, and after that everything kept moving so fast that the men from Whitby seemed to have their breath taken away, judging from the surprised expressions on many of their faces. Three scores were added to the tally of the home team and the count was tied in less than five minutes. Then they landed another in the nets of their rivals and were one to the good, but a few minutes later, the visitors gained the only success of the last period, and succeeded in tying the score once more, but it did not get them anywhere as the rubber was rushed up the ice immediately after the succeeding scratch off and placed in their nets by the home players, making the tally 6-7 where it was held until the bell rang a few minutes later.

With the first period a complete runaway for the visitors and the second very little better, the performance of the local sextet was most surprising and gratifying.

The play improved as the game progressed—that is from the standpoint of Peterborough—and the last twenty minutes kept the spectators on their feet continually as the excitement was intense. It was a succession of brilliant dashes and passes and was played almost entirely about the nets of the visitors, much to their dismay. Meyers, the Whitby goalminder, seemed to lose a great deal of the self confidence, for which he was chiefly remarkable, in the first two periods, towards the last when the little disc seemed to be coming at him from several different directions at once.

Both teams lacked condition and the ice was not in good shape which must be considered in connection with the first two periods which were anything but fast.

The line-ups:

Whitby—Goal, Meyers; defense, Curtis and McKay; centre, Macdonald; right wing, Rice; left wing, Bunting; substitutes, Parker, Cook.

Peterboro—Goal, Legros; defense, Halpin and Schultz; centre, Evans; right wing Jackson; left wing, Rose; substitutes, Kenneally and Laidlaw.

Referee—Marsh.

It's what a woman doesn't know about a man that causes her to have a good opinion of him.

Is Life Insurance Safe?

How often we hear the question, "Would Life Insurance Companies stand the extra strain of a great epidamic?"

This question is now answered by experience. We have passed through the greatest war in history, and on its heels and overlapping it came the most malignant epidemic ever experienced on this Continent, one that claimed more victims in two months from the people of Canada and the United States than the war did in four and one-third years.

The fact that the surplus of every one of the old Established Companies of Canada has not only been maintained but increased, answers the above question most eloquently, and proves that Life Insurance is not only safe, but IMPREGNABLE.

Experience proves that it is as safe as a Victory Bond, and, in the event of death, infinitely better.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA has distributed more to compensate for the terrible wastage of the recent War and Epidemic than any other Company in Canada.

Is it not, then, a wise place in which to carry your Insurance?

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. E. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect.

WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Florence Auer, as the mother in "The Wanderer," one of the biggest organizations ever brought to "The Grand." The play dates are Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday next week with special Matinee on Wednesday. The box office sale opens to-morrow (Friday) morning

Brock St. RINK Now Open

SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK

Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band

GOOD ICE

Quality and Service

If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices ---executed by men who are craftsmen---try the

REVIEW PRINTING Co.

HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

We Grind the Lens

This work is done accurately under our personal supervision, where there is no chance for a mistake. This is a saving of time! We can duplicate your broken lenses without prescription. See DR. LACEY, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

Temple Songsters are requested to meet at 7.30 this evening.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 376 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WANTED—Boy for west end route. Apply at once, Review.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

The monthly meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held on Thursday, the 16th inst. at 3.30 p. m., in the Y.W.C.A. Nomination papers must be returned at this meeting and final arrangements made for the annual meeting in February.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders. MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP 235 Hunter Street. Phone 284J.

A. F. & A. M.

The Most Wor. The Grand Master has called a meeting of Grand Lodge at Peterborough, Friday, January 31st, for the purpose of dedicating the new Masonic Temple. A complimentary banquet to the Grand Master and Grand Lodge Officers will be given at the Empress Hotel at 6.30 p.m.

The number of tickets for the banquet is limited.

All brethren desiring to be present should communicate with the Masters of Corinthian, Peterborough and Royal Arthur Lodges, in order to secure reservation. Tickets $2.00.

H. W. MORPHET.
Secretary Past Master's Association

ON THE FAIR LIST.

The Strand Theatre management has agreed to employ none but union operators and the ban placed upon that institution by organized labor has been lifted.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR

A full attendance is requested tonight at 8 o'clock to practice and make arrangements for the Old Time Concert.

COLLEGIATE CHRISTMAS EXAMS

Form 5.

—Faculty Entrance II—

Isabel Baird, 73 per cent.; Wilhelmine Perrin, 69; Maida Conner, 65; Rita Robb, 62; Margaret Connal, absent.

—Honor Matriculation—

(Pupils taking 6 or more papers.)

Marion Hayes, 74 per cent. (8 papers); Helen Sloggett, 67 (8); Aloha Horn, 66 (7); Donald Fitzgerald, 65 (6); Ralph Cowan, 62 (11); John Carlisle, 59 (10); Earl Barrie, 48 (11); Charles Elliott, 47 (10); Russell Pogue, absent.

Form 1a.

—Household Science.—

Thelma Darling, 95 per cent.; Edna Barrie, 90; Irene Canfield, 88; Cora Clarke, 87; Helen Clemente, 81; Pearl Finnie, 80; Eleanor Eastwood, 75; Alice Cox, 74; Dorothy Ferguson, 73; Margery Dixon, 69; Edith Brown, 68; Greta Wall, 65; Alice Campbell, 60; Kathleen Cuffe, 55; Marion Duncan, 47; Dora Brown, 45.

Form 1B.

Florence Hutchison, 87 per cent.; Helen Lamb, 86; Helen Morphet, 85; Helen Weatherhead, 83; Helen Roberts, 78; Constance Lewis, 77; Gwen Kelley, 75; Stella Houston, 75; Bessie Hutchison, 74; Lottie Leggett, 60; Grace Morgan, 58; Jean Melburn, 57; Jean Mervin, 56; Della McClure, 55; Hazel Plunkett, 54; Jean Robertson, 53; Margery Reed, 52; Ruth Sharpe, 50; Edna Hewson, 49; Jean Kidd, 40.

Form 1C.

Mildred Young, 90 per cent.; Helen Staples, 85; Rosanna Tully, 84; Hazel Whittield, 83; Olive Snowdon, 80; Margaret Wolstenholme, 78; Pauline Sturgeon, 77; Gertie Hunter, 76; Helen Telford, 75; Daisy Welsh, 75; Grace Wilson, 75; Myrtle Breckenridge, 68; Marjory Lawrence, 68; Muriel Bishop, 65; Constance Wager, 60; Elizabeth Wright, 58.

Form Commercial 1.

Dorothy Collins, 80 per cent; Gladys Sanders, 79; Isabel Deyell, 78; Gladys Heith, 76; Annie Houston, 75; Annetta Wright, 75; Lona Reid, 75; Irene Jarvis, 74; Marie Martin, 73; Hazel McWilliams, 72; Mildred Archambault, 70; Marietta Grisdale, 69; Loretta Phelan, 60; Olive Avery, 58; Gladys Wilson, 57; Autumn Dubuy, 53; Irene Howarth, 50; Elsie Stevens, 49; Gladys Sanderson, 41.

Knight-McGregor At Conservatory

Last night before an audience which taxed the capacity of the Conservatory hall the second entertainment of the Redpath Lyceum series under the auspices of the Conservatory of Music was given by the Knight-McGregor Company, a noted Scottish baritone and assisting artists, Mr. Boris Hambourg, cellits, a member of the celebrated musical family of Toronto and Miss Edna Wallace, solo pianist and accompanist.

Mr. Knight-McGregor won a place for himself in the hearts of the large audience last night by his splendid singing and genial manner. He gave a program which was almost as remarkable for the taste displayed in the choice as for the excellent rendition of the numbers:

Mr. Boris Hambourg appeared twice upon the program and played with authority, refinement of tone and a brilliant technique. He was recalled several times after each appearance.

One hundred pupils of the Conservatory were present by invitation, last night to profit by listening to the performance of the great artists. Some of the younger of these were given places on the platform.

The next concert of the Redpath series will be given by Lou. J. Beauchamp, humorous philosopher and lecturer.

Mr. McGregor's Selections

Youth.
Love's Rainbow.
Give a Man a Horse.
Mazurka—Goddard—Miss Wallace
Flow thou regal purple stream—(old English).
Negro Spiritual—I want to be ready.
Dear Old pal of Mine—Written in the trenches.
The star.
Invictus.
Oh Lovely Night.
The Americans Come.
La Donna Mobile—Rigoletto.
Recompense.
War.
Annie Laurie.

"THE GROCETERIA

The modern method in business is to pay only for what you get. A noteworthy example of this is "The Groceteria" where you get goods of quality with credit and delivery expense eliminated. This means a saving of 10c to 20c on each dollar.

WHERE SLEEP

(Continued from Page One)

the men were killed. It is estimated that there will be at least a thousand cemeteries. The Commission decided to ask the Indian Government to formulate proposals for the establishment of an agency in India for the care of British graves there. The Commission also warmly thanked the Union of South Africa Government for its most generous offer to meet the entire cost of cemeteries and for the provision of memorials to officers and men of the Imperial forces dying within the Union.

SOCIALIST DELEGATE.

J. C. Watters, former President of the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress, who has accompanied Samuel Gompers as one of the Canadian delegates to the International Labor and Socialist Conference to be held in Paris.

SLIGHTLY USED MACHINES FOR SALE

Machines used by different societies sewing for the Red Cross, etc. No reasonable offer refused. In new machines we sell Standard, Singer, New Williams. If you have a machine of any make not giving good service, write, phone or call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Liberal allowance for old machines. J. W. STUART 390 Water St. Peterboro, Munro House Block. Store Phone 713f. House 247w.

FUNERAL OF W. TORPEY

The funeral of the late William Torpey who passed away on Tuesday last was held this morning at 8 o'clock from the home of Mrs. Mrs. Redmond McAuliffe, Smith street, east, to St. Joseph's church and cemetery, Douro.

Deceased was a well known resident of the township of Douro, where he was born and lived all his life. He is survived by four sons, Harry, Dakota; William and Dennis, of British Columbia, and M. J., of Delmar, Iowa. Mrs. McAuliffe is the only daughter.

The Peter Robinson Chapter I.O.D.E.

AT HOME

On FRIDAY EVENING JANUARY TENTH

Nineteen Hundred and Nineteen, at Nine p.m.

Dancing and Cards. Ticket $1.00.

An answer is requested to Miss Robina Cumming, Secretary.

PATRONESSES:

Mrs. A. Stevenson — Mrs. J. A. Aylmer
Mrs. Walter Scott — Mrs. A. Elliott
Mrs. A. E. Coulthard — Mrs. W. H. Hill
Mrs. J. H. Eastwood — Mrs. J. Campanale
Mrs. C. S. Stapleton — Mrs. G. W. Hatton
Mrs. W. H. Dunsford

Admission by invitation.

Members of Chapter and immediate family please present cards or invitations.

Those reserving tables for cards, kindly bring cards, score pads and pencils, and communicate with Miss Dorothy Hill, 'Phone 17.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Arthur E. Rogers is ill in Nicholls Hospital.

G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A., and Dairy Inspector R. W. Ward left for Belleville this morning to attend the meeting of the Dairymen's Association.

Mr. Philip T. Kelly, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Alex McGregor, for the past week returned to his home in Simcoe today.

Miss Vera Baptie of Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Campbell, 126 Park Street.

OBITUARY

BABY GUTHRIE

The death occurred this morning of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Forest C. Guthrie, 285 Wolfe street. The funeral will take place tomorrow to the Omemee Cemetery.

Card of Thanks

The ladies of the Nurses' Supervision Committee at the Peterboro Health Association desire to express their sincere thanks to all who helped to make the recent social evening a success, especially to Mr. W. H. Hamilton for coffee and sugar, Mr. Britton of Heintzman Hall for the loan of a piano, the Cressman Company for supplying rugs, and Mr. G. N. Graham who on this as on other occasions in the past most generously placed the Empress Hotel at the disposal of the Committee.

GEORGE ST. CHOIR

Practise tonight at 8 o'clock sharp A full attendance is requested.

Barrie's
Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

TO-DAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY

We shall offer a grouping of Coats at

$ 5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each

We have 2 Black Plush Coats left. We offer these at $25 each

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

Program For Prayer Service

The fourth meeting for the week of Prayer will be held tonight in the Trinity Methodist church. The service will be conducted by Rev. D. Brown, while the preacher will be Rev. Robt. Pogue the subject being "The Responsibility for the Returned Soldier."

The meeting for Friday night will be held in St. Paul's Church. The service will be conducted by by Rev. D. A. Thompson of Hastings while Rev. J. A. Thomas will preach on "What wilt thou have me do?"

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night, Friday and Saturday
January, 9, 10, 11
Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Conductor

"THE WONDER SHOW OF ALL TIME"
"SURPASSING EVEN THE BIRTH OF A NATION AND UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER PRODUCTION."

D.W. GRIFFITH'S HEARTS OF THE WORLD

The Master Producer's Master Production

Eighteen Months in the Making

The Sweetest Love Story Ever Told
The Greatest Spectacle Ever Conceived
Created on the Battlefields of France

PRICES: Matinee Daily 2.15, 25 and 50 Cents
Evening 8.15, 25, 50 and 75 Cents
Seats Now on Sale

ONLY THREE LABORERS WERE AFFECTED BY CUT IN WAGES

G. Walter Green Gives His Version of Labor Dispute in His Factory—No Attempt to Restore Pre-War Scale.

Editor Review: In your edition of yesterday, there appeared an item under the following heading, "Laborers Out In Local Plant."

Now in fairness to the general public and more particularly ourselves, we would like to correct the statements contained in same, as they are entirely erroneous.

One paragraph of article reads as follows: "It is stated that the idea was to establish a pre-war scale of wages, but the men who are members of the International Laborers' Union declare they will not stand for this, and announce their intention of remaining out until some more favorable decision is arrived at."

Now to begin with on looking up our records, we find that before, and even for a considerable time after war was declared, we were paying, to be exact, 19 4-9c per hour for the very same jobs for which we are now paying, (even after the cut in question has taken effect), 35c per hour, and moreover, we have some men who are getting 36 2-3c per hour, which, we think, is a striking contrast to pre-war wages ,notwithstanding the fact that many men are looking for jobs who have expressed their willingness to work for 33 1-3c per hour, and moreover we hired all our laborers individually; never were approached by them as a Union; never had a hint that they belonged to a Union, nor did we know that they did, and as far as we have as yet been able to find out, they have no set scale of wages.

You will, therefore, see Mr. Editor, that if the facts as we have stated are true, that you have misrepresented same to the public and we feel that in fairness to either employees or employer that the least you could have done before publishing a statement such as you did was to ascertain whether or not there was any semblance of truth in it.

Trusting you will give this the prominence you did the item in question.

Yours respectfully,
THE G. WALTER GREEN CO. Ltd.
Per—G. Walter Green, Pres.

Mr. Green stated further to The Review that only three laborers out of the nine or ten employed were affected by the reduction.

Coming Mon., Tues., Wed., 8.15 Spec. Wed. Mat. 2.30 **Jan. 13-14-15**

POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH.

SEE

NOT A MOTION PICTURE

The Greatest Cast Ever Organized in the History of the American Stage.
The Flock of Real Sheep Come Down the Scenic Runway 50 Feet High.
The Gorgeous and Glittering Ballet of Beautiful Dancing Girls.
The Magnificent Scene of the Revel of the Idolators in the House of Nadina.
The Massive Stage Settings so big that Ordinary Theatres Could Not Hold Them.
The Riot of Color in the Wonderful Pictorial Representation of Jerusalem.

ALL THIS AND MORE IN THE WORLD'S MOST GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

...THE...

WANDERER

STAGED BY DAVID BELASCO

Written by MAURICE V. SAMUELS. Music by G. GOETZL. Dances by A. KOSLOFF.

William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present The Gorgeousness of the Orient in the time of King Solomon transplanted in all its glory in this wonderful spectacle.

NEVER BEFORE

In the history of theatres throughout the universe has such a colossal and magnificent stage production been placed before mortal eye.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS PLAY.
A COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED LIVING PEOPLE.
An array of artists of the first magnitude.

Prices: Nights 50c to $2.00 Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50

GET YOUR SEATS NOW.

Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. State which location you wish and enclose cheque or money order for exact amount, including war tax, with self-addressed, stamped envelope, and seats will be sent you by return mail. Make all drafts and money orders payable to Manager, Grand Opera House, Peterborough.

BOX OFFICE SALE OPENS FRIDAY, 10 a.m.

PRIZE WINNERS AT POULTRY SHOW

LOCAL OWNER OF FANCY FOWL ARE HOLDING THEIR OWN.

This year's Poultry Show now in progress at the Armouries consists of the most extensive and finest exhibits of fowl seen at any show of the kind in the Province, [illegible] testimony of the out-side exhibitors.

Tonight Mayor Duncan will formally present the different cups, and everyone is urged to attend and look the birds over. The place is quite warm and the attractions should be more than sufficient to draw a large crowd.

Mr. J. R. Fee of the Livestock Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, will lecture upon and demonstrate the advisability of buying eggs by the grade instead of upon a flat basis such as is the case at present.

There are one thousand entries at the show this year.

Some Prize Winners.

The following are a few of the prizes awarded:

Elliott Bros., first prize in White Leghorn cockerel in a class of 20 birds.

S. P. Cox of Colborne wins the J. C. Warne cup for Golden Wyandottes.

Abbott and Tudhope, of Peterborough, win the Farm and Dairy cup for Partridge Rocks.

H. Fox of Port Hope has won outright the Clarke cup for [illegible] horcas.

John Heffernan of this city carries off the cup for Brown Leghorns.

Daniels of Lindsay gets the cup for Columbia Wyandottes.

J. Capstick's White Leghorn cockerel wins Mayor Duncan's cup.

The Examiner cup for Blue Andalusians was won by Frank Brown of Port Hope.

The H. T. Lush cup for Black Hamburgs was won by B. Curtis of Port Hope.

A. O. Kidd of this city won the Snider Bros. cup for Barred Rocks. Schneider Bros. cup for Red Rocks.

Mr. Bert Letts of Lindsay will carry off the E. V. Warne silverware for White Rocks.

H. Baker of Gilchrist street, a 14-year-old exhibitor, carried off all the special prizes in Silver Campines.

Schneider Bros. cup for the four [illegible] R. Curtis of Port Hope.

The Hydro is pressing for a refund of $2,000,000 paid in duty on imports for Chippewa power development.

Rev. A. J. Vining, College Street Baptist Church, Toronto, and who [illegible] as chaplain at the front for some time has resigned his charge on account of ill health.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin, Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailments. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and [illegible]

The newsprint case was argued before the Paper Tribunal at Ottawa by counsel for the publishers and for the manufacturers.

The three-year-old daughter of Mrs. Henry Oliver, in Sandwich West died of influenza, the fifth victim in the family within two weeks.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
North west winds and colder. Friday: Westerly winds, cold at first, then moderating again.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 8 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

SOCIALISTS MET WITH REVERSES

DID NOT ELECT A SINGLE REPRESENTATIVE IN BADEN ELECTIONS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 10.—The results of the election of the national assembly in Baden have been disappointing to the Socialists, according to an admission made by Freiheit of Berlin. Out of the total of nearly one million votes, the Independent Socialists polled less than fifteen thousand and failed to elect a single representative. The Bourgeoisie parties elected 72 representatives against 39 for the majority Socialists who polled less than one-third of the whole vote cast.

MAY BE AMBASSADOR

London gossip has it that Lord Robert Cecil former Minister of Blockade will go to Washington as British Ambassador in the place of Lord Reading, who would resume his duties as Lord Chief Justice.

Succeeds Man Who Condemned Him

REV. DR. KNOWLES HAS BEEN CALLED TO SARNIA CHURCH.

London, Jan. 10.—Already churches outside Petrolia are bidding for the services of Rev. R. W. Knowles, recently found guilty of heresy.

Rev. G. N. Hasen, one of the leading clerics of the Metrodist Church in the London District, and who while pastor of one of London's leading churches sat on a committee that tried Rev. Knowles' case at one of its various stages, is leaving the Devine Street Methodist Church, Sarnia, for Listowel. The Sarnia congregation at a meeting unanimously decided to call Rev. Mr. Knowles to their church.

"If Devine Street Church is fortunate enough in securing him for their pastor they are to be highly congratulated," declared one of the congregation.

Rev. Mr. Knowles has been pastor of the Petrolia Church for four years. His name was the only one considered by the Sarnia congregation.

PUNISHMENT FOR THE EX-EMPEROR

IS ADVISED BY COMMITTEE CHARGED WITH LOOKING INTO MATTER.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 9. — Proceedings against the former German Emperor are advised in a special report by a sub-committee of the commission charged with inquiring into violations of war, appointed two months ago. One of the most difficult parts of the work has been the inquiry into the ill-treatment of prisoners, their employment behind the lines, illegal methods of war fare, mis-use of Red Cross flag, bombardment of hospitals and the execution of Miss Edith Cavell and Capt. Fryatt.

PLAN REPUBLIC FOR IRELAND

SINN FEINERS HAVE DRAWN UP CONSTITUTION FOR NEW GOVERNMENT.

London, Jan. 10.—If the Sinn Feiners win Irish separation from the United Kingdom, they will establish a republican form of government with equal suffrage, according to what purports to be the Sinn Fein constition. This document provides:

Establishment of an Irish republic with representatives all over the world; re-establishment of the Irish mercantile marines to facilitate trading with America, continental Europe, etc.; establishment of a national stock exchange; educational reforms; protection for the development of home industries; abolition of the poor law; establishment of a State employment service.

The Government will consist of a president, two vice-presidents, two secretaries of State, two State treasurers, with equal suffrage for those accepting the constitution, excepting thoe in the employ of Great Britain or receiving pensions from that country.

WANT HOME RULE FOR THE IRISH

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 10.—Demands for Irish national life found full and passionate expression last night at the Monument National in the enthusiastically unanimous adoption of a resolution insisting that it was expedient on the general readjustment of European affairs at the Peace Conference that the cause of Ireland and her future status be taken into account, with a view to the immediate securing for her of the same rights, guarantees and liberties as are proposed to be accorded to the smaller nations of Europe; that such rights, guarantees and liberties take the form of self-government; and that copies of the resolution be forwarded to Premier Borden, Hon. C. J. Doherty and Lord Shaughnessy (all three at present in London), and to President Wilson and General Botha, with a request that it be presented with a request that it be presented to the Peace Conference.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE WIN THEIR POINT WITH REGARD TO FREEDOM OF THE SEAS

Very Little Discussion Likely on This Problem When Peace Conference Meets—President Wilson Urges Prompt Action in Order to Restore Pre-War Activities.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

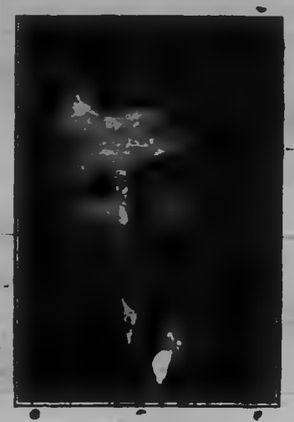
London, Jan. 10. (via Reuter's)—Messages from Paris indicate that Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George have scored a great success on the question of the freedom of the seas and that very little is likely to be said thereon when the actual peace conference assembles. The Sanish Morocco question has also been settled to the satisfaction of England and France.

All is Ready for the Conference

After nearly a month of waiting and preparation consultations, which will lay the foundation of the actual Peace Congress is about to start. bmerican delegates feel that a great deal of progress might have been made before now if a full representation of nations allied against Germany had arrived promptly. Suggestions have been made that the French and American delegations go ahead while awaiting the arrival of the British plenipotentiaries who are now expected on Saturday. President Wilson, however, vetoed that plan, holding that inasmuch as there has already been so long a delay it would be best to wait a little longer to secure the participation of the British.

President Wilson Disappointed

Some trained diplomats among the Americans here are agreed that the most Mr. Wilson can hope to report on will probably be a general undertaking of the widest sort paon a set of principles which must be left to be applied by the Peace Congress. President Wilson's feeling on coming to Europe as early as he did, was that all the Entente Governments made the co-operations to get down to talking peace. It is not an overestimation of the case to say that Mr. Wilson and hiscommissiongates are said to feel very strongly that unless plans are made to permit activities of peace to be resumed in the warrink countries the demobolization of their armies may bring unwelcome problems. The opinion most generally described is that if the conferences during the next six weeks establish a unanimity of purpose as to freedom of the seas, reduction of armaments and the actual terms of peace to be imposed upon the Central Powers, a great deal will have been accomplished.



ROLAND DENNE.

who has been elected chairman of the Board of Education for 1919. Mr. Denne's father was a valued member of the Board for 22 years.

British Steamer Is Sunk By Mine

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 10.—The British steamer Northumbria, four thousand tons, struck a mine off Middlesbrough Thursday and it is beliefed that most of the crew was lost. A boat wtih two survivors and eight dead has been washed ashore at Newton, Abbot. Four boats, which left the ship with the survivors, are missing."

BRITISH MAY CANCEL ALL CONTRACTS FOR BACON

If This Is Done Prices Will Fall in Canada —Present Stock in England Sufficient For All Needs.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—One of the largest Ontario packing plants has received a cable that the British Government was likely to cancel all bacon and lard contracts for future delivery, giving as a reason that the stocks now available in the United Kingdom are large enough to ensure ample supplies for at least four months in advance. It is learned from an absolutely reliable source that negotiations are going on relative to the matter, but that no definite decision has been arrived at.

Just what effect this will have on the bacon and lard trade locally is hard to say, but that it will have a tendency to lower prices seems reasonably assured. An official announcement will possibly be made tonight by one of the big plants out at the Union Stock Yards relative to the effect on the next week's hog trade. If a threatened cut in live hogs is made, it will practically confirm the cable report. A temporary dislocation of trade and lower prices might follow, but Central Europe is in need of enormous supplies and other avenues of trade will open up.

One of the largest Canadian operators said last night that he thougnt it was just a little bearish news, and that it was just as well, anyway, to let supply and demand regulate themselves.

Representatives of two or three of the big city packing plants said that if the rumor were true it would undoubtedly be a serious matter. The plants are said to be well supplied with fresh meats of all kinds, bought at high prices.

Yesterday's live stock market gave no indication of weakness in any quarter, cattle selling at the best recent high levels, hogs at 18¾ cents fed and watered, and 19 cents weighed off, and calves at the highest level in years, 18 cents to 19 cents live weight.

ROOSEVELT LEFT HALF MILLION

BULK OF THE ESTATE IS LEFT IN TRUST TO HIS WIDOW.

Oyster Bay, Jan. 10.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's will, made in 1912, was read to members of the family at Sagamore Hill yesterday, and probably will be filed with the Surrogate of Nassau County today.

Although the value of the former President's estate was not made known, it was understood to amount to not more than $500,000. According to Attorney George C. Cobb of New York, who read the will, the document provides that the entire estate, with the exception of the family silver and plate, shall be held in trust for the widow during her life, and gives her power to dispose of it by will as she sees fit. In the event she leaves no will, the estate is to be divided in equal parts among the children.

The silver and family plate, Mr. Cobb said, are to be divided among the children, as is a $60,000 trust fund left to Col. Roosevelt by his father.

LOYALISTS RALLY TO PREMIER'S AID

EBERT SAID TO HAVE SECURED UPPER HAND OF SPARTACANS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 10.—The last news received from Germany, although fragmentary and sometimes contradictory, indicates that the Ebert Government has won a victory over the Spartacans, owing to the sudden impetus given the Government, caused by the support of the loyal elements, whose numbers increased with the prospects of the Government's success in sanguinary fighting of the last five days. The Spartacans are reported to have suffered very heavy losses.

President Asked To Settle Strike

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 10.—President Wilson was called on today by Government officials to aid in the settlement of the strife of New York harbor workers. Two reports on the situation were sent to the President in Paris by cable. One was from the White House and the other from Secretary of Labor Wilson, who explained the situation after a conference with W. J. Lauck, secretary of the War Labor Board. The opinion was expressed that the President would take some action during today.

Canada's revenue for nine months of the present fiscal year is about thirty-two million dollars greater than in the same period last year.

Stocks of nitrate of soda manufactured in France for war purposes are being placed at the disposal of agriculturists by the Ministry of Armament.

PREMIER BORDEN AT CONFERENCE

WILL HAVE A SEAT WHEN CANADIAN INTERESTS ARE DISMISSED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 9.—Premier Lloyd George, Andrew Bonar-Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, A. J. Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and George Nicholl Barnes, Privy Councillor, have been appointed plenipotentiaries to the peace congress by the British Cabinet, according to the Express and Mail. Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, William Morris Hughes, Premier of Australia, and General Louis Botha, Premier of the Union of South Africa, will be colonial representatives, who will have seats when the congress takes up buisness of interest to the Dominion they represent. The delegates will go to Paris on Saturday.

SOCIALIST DELEGATE

Gustave Francq, of Montreal, who is one of the two Canadian delegates to the International Labor and Socialist Congress to soon meet in Paris.

TWO MORE TRANSPORTS HAVE REACHED CANADA

Several Hundred Soldiers from Ontario Points Landed at St. John---Scandinavian Had Uneventful Voyage.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 10.—The hospital ship Araguay with seven hundred wounded Canadians arrived and docked this morning after a rough but uneventful voyage from Liverpool. The patients include 102 mental cases, fifteen cot cases and 65 amputated.. Trains for Ontario are expected to leave about 3 p.m.. Major R. Q. M. Shillington was in charge of the patients.

Scandinavian Docks

St. John, Jan. 10.—The transport Scandinavian docked this morning with returning soldiers, including several hundred from Ontario points. Trains are in waiting and they will leave for their destinations immediately.

Four Deaths on Board

The Scandinavian had one of the most eventful voyages of the last few years. She brought 123 offic

(Continued on Page 8.)

GOVERNMENT FORCES NOW IN COMPLETE CONTROL IN BERLIN

All Processions on City Streets Have Been Forbidden—Spartacus Appear to Be Losing Hope—Have Held no Meetings Lately

(By Associated Press)

Berlin, Jan. 10.—The Government forces are in complete control of that section of the inner city between the Brandenburg Gate and Friederich-Strasse. It has issued an order prohibiting all processions. The Government has scored a decided victory in the capture of police headquarters which has been one of the Spartacan strongholds. The building was taken by the Fusilier Guards after a short fight. The Government forces took the building with few casualties. Eichhorn, the Spartacan police chief, escaped but many of his supporters were made prisoners.

In issuing its orders against processions, the Government gave a warning that its troops have orders to fire without waiting for the Spartacans to dig in and to shoot to kill. The Spartacans apparently are losing hope. They failed to summon a mass meeting of their supporters today and the streets are almost deserted.

NO FOOD WAS SOLD ON NORTHLAND

PURSER, CHIEF STEWARD AND OTHER OFFICERS DENY SOLDIERS' CHARGES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 10.—At the Northland enquiry today, the purser, chief steward and other officers of the ship denied that conditions aboard the ship were below the standard, as [illegible] who have given evidence. If the stewards were selling food, they said they must have stolen it from the galleys and the officers knew nothing about it. The chief engineer explained that water was scarce on a few days of the trip because for fear of freezing he had to turn it off at the tanks. When the ship was loaded Fresh water was taken in for every man on board.

TWO HUNDRED ARE SLAIN IN BERLIN

AND HOSPITALS HAVE TAKEN CARE OF THREE HUNDRED WOUNDED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 10.—It is estimated that more than two hundred persons have been killed in the fightnig in Berlin in Berlin since Monday. The Charite and other outlying hospitals cared for [illegible] wounded.

The fighting in Berlin, which the Berlin correspondent of the Berlinske Tibende describes as a victory for the Government, began Wednesday afternoon, when the Spartacans were defeated in the attack against the foreign office. At midniyht the battle was rabinb in South-western and Central Berlin. The Government troops attacked the Spartacans at the Silesian railway station with bombs and sixty-five persons were killed.

The Government forces were aided by aviators. Later the Government troops attacked the Lehrter railway station on the north bank of the Spree, opposite the Tiergarten.

Spartacus Hold Police Building

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 10.—Advices from Berlin today said police headquarters were now again in the hands of the Spartacus faction.

Associations founded in various allied countries to study the problem of a league of nations will hold a joint meeting in Paris on January 26

Four hundred thousand people are out of work throughout Germany as a result of shortage of coal and raw materials. It is stated the German Socialists will attend the international social conference at Lauxanne, Switzerland.

DONALD FRASER HAS STRUCK A RICH BONANZA IN WINDSOR

In Charge of Liquor Dispensary in that City —Receipts for Last Month Over $34,000

Donald Fraser, who formerly kept the old Showden House in this city, has struck a job that is infinitely more profitable in Windsor where he is in charge of the liquor dispensary, the only shop of the kind in the border city.

It recently came on tin the hearing of a case just recently what a rich [illegible] and how wealth rolls in upon him. A doctor was on trial charged with issuing liquor prescriptions. In the course of the examination of witnesses, it was brought out that the accused had issued 1,244 prescriptions for liquor in the month of December. The usual charge is $1 for each order issued. In one day the physician had handed out as many as 222 prescriptions for liquor.

As an indication of the business being done daily in Windsor's single liquor shop, which is operated by Mr. Fraser and where liquor is sold only on a doctor's order, it was shown that 1,095 liquor prescriptions were honored at this store in September, 3,259 in October, 6,287 in November and 8,512 in December, 1918.

Every prescription was for one quart and the price charged by Mr. Fraser for each was $4.00 so that in the month of December alone his total receipts were $34,000.

After a hearing lasting nearly all day Dr. G. N. Gardiner, the defendant, was found guilty and fined $200 [illegible] costs of $40.50. In passing sentence Magistrate Meirs sharply criticized the indiscriminate way in which Dr. Gardiner had "abused his privileges" and declared it his opinion that the doctor had opened an office here for the sole purpose practically of issuing prescriptions for liquor." No reputable physician would conduct business as you have done," said the court.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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A. E. BURTON, President and Managing Director; E. BROCK, ex-M.L.A.; T. P. MATTHEWS and JAMES LYNCH.

TELEPHONES:

Business Dept ... 139. Editorial ... 486.
Mr. Burton's Residence ... 221.

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1919

THE NEW MINISTER OF LABOR.

THE LABOR PROBLEM is one of the most acute that is before the public today. The question is, with employers and employes alike, how to maintain a parity between the rate of wages and the cost of living, both of which have been inflated by the war. If the first is reduced before the latter, there is certain to be serious trouble between the two classes.

Any man who has a solution to the unemployment problem is entitled to a hearing. Minister of Labor Robertson will be in the city next Thursday, the primary object of his visit being to address the Canadian Club at a luncheon in the Empress Hotel. The responsibility of the unemployment problem rests largely upon the Dominion Government, and Mr. Robertson is head of the department which is most directly concerned with it. Every manufacturer, every other employer of labor in the city, should hear what Mr. Robertson has to say.

The new Minister of Labor is anxious to meet the workingmen of the city, and it is likely that a public meeting will be arranged after the luncheon, a meeting at which all will have a chance to hear him free of charge. Organized Labor in Canada has finally achieved its ambition to have one of its own members at the head of the department which has to do with its interests. Mr. Robertson, who is a member of the Dominion Senate, has risen from the ranks of the toilers, and Labor men have confidence in their fellow unionist He understands their conditions and is likely to give their grievances a sympathetic hearing. He has himself asked for a meeting with Labor, and there is no reason on earth why this should not be brought about.

NO BOLSHEVISM FOR CANADA.

THERE SEEMS TO EXIST in some quarters a fear that the Bolshevism that is rampant in some of the countries of Europe will spread to Canada eventually. This anticipation of further trouble does not seem to be justified. The conditions that have tended to breed anarchy in Russia and Germany never existed here. The soldiers of the Allied countries, with the exception of Russia, and those who fought on the side of the Central Powers, lived in diametrically opposite situations. The one fought because they were led like sheep to the slaughter. Russian, German and Austrian soldiers were so many dumb driven cattle. They have been subject to restraint all their lives and were responsive to no influence save the force of the autocrats who held sway over them.

When that restraint was suddenly removed the reaction was inevitable. The masses of the new pest-ridden nations were like so many prisoners doomed to serve life sentences in a penitentiary the doors of which were suddenly thrown open, the shackles of the inmates removed, and those who had known nothing but bondage given their liberty without any agency to direct them in their new sphere. It was not to be wondered at that such people gave free rein to their passion and set out to secure all those real or imaginary advantages of which they had been deprived.

The soldiers of the Allies, on the other hand, fought for a principle, to guarantee to the menaced nations the blessings of civilization and democracy to which they were themselves accustomed. Their mission in life the past four years has been to restore peace in the world. They have achieved their object so far as actual hostilities are concerned. It is unthinkable that they would now be a party to anything that would tend to destroy the work that has cost them so dearly.

During the past four years a number of acts formerly regarded as harmless have been branded as criminal offences by the Government operating through the agency of order-in-Council. The people at large, recognising war-time exigencies, submitted to these measures without a murmur. But with the return of peace the time has come for revoking what is nothing more or less than arbitrary enactments, in giving effect to which the prerogatives of Parliament have been ignored. Persecution will never make either a continent or a people safe. The conditions in Central Europe stand out as a startling lesson to the entire civilized world.

TEMPER AND PERSECUTION.

SIR WILLIAM HEARST recently announced to a large and representative delegation that there would be no lessening of the restrictions in the Ontario Temperance Act. There are, however, features about it which he does not like, and he promised that these would be eliminated at the approaching session of the Legislature.

Having put his hand to the temperance plow, Premier Hearst does well to keep his eyes on the end of the furrow. The world loves a man who has the fortitude to stand to his guns notwithstanding the assaults of adverse critics. But Sir William's political fate is wound up in the measure which he passed three years ago. If the Act is defeated when submitted to a plebiscite vote next summer or at any other date in the future, that result would be interpreted as a rebuke to the Provincial Government, especially when it is recalled that prohibition was enforced in Ontario without taking a vote on the question, although that measure of self-protection was left open to the Administration by the petition, which was accepted as sufficient warrant by the Premier.

There is not the shadow of a doubt that the majority of the people of Ontario are in favor of prohibition. That fact has been amply demonstrated on former occasions when plebiscites were taken on the question. If prohibition was safe say five years ago, it is threefold so now that the women have got the franchise. If the Ontario Temperance Act is defeated when the voters get a chance to pass upon it, the decision cannot be truthfully interpreted as a blow at the principle of sumptuary legislation. Flaws in the measure now on the statute books and irregularities or indiscretions in its enforcement will be the real reasons for the unpopularity of the measure. No law was ever designed to be made a means for persecution.

It must be said that in the enforcement of the Ontario Act there has been displayed unusual official and judicial zeal. The license inspectors, the police of the various cities and the magistrates of the province have worked with marvellous unanimity in all cases involving violation. But the records of different magistrates' courts will show some amazing decisions that were reversed when carried to a higher tribunal. Unfortunately, however, many defendants who may be disposed to do so lack the means to appeal their cases.

The sale of liquor in Ontario has been a monopoly for years, involved as the question always was in politics. The least suspicion of anything of the kind should now be dispelled. There are three or four Government dispensaries in Ontario at present. If liquor is still required for medicinal purposes, there should be more facilities allowed for procuring it, facilities that have to do with location only and not with conditions of purchase. If the law allows a man in Peterborough to buy a quart of spirits or a certain quantity of ale on a doctor's prescription, why should it be necessary for that man to go to Toronto or Ottawa, or to pay express charges on a package before he can have that prescription filled? Some of the leading temperance workers in the city favored a dispensary here, but their request was turned down by the Government.

One year ago the Government reduced the number of members of the License Commission from five, as in the days of the open bar, to three. There seems no reason why the work at present could not be done by one executive head just as there is in any other department, instead of keeping three highly paid officials on the provincial pay roll. There are plenty of friends of the cause who hold, too, that the number of license inspectors should be still further reduced. The heavy end of the task of enforcing the law falls upon the police forces in the cities and towns, so that under prohibition the work of the inspectors has been considerably lessened.

The men who keep the dispensaries should be subject to further supervision, and not allowed to make a bonanza out of prohibition by charging exorbitant prices for their goods, for the sale of which they enjoy a practical monopoly.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

ONE NEED OF THE HOUR is non-skid shoes.

* * * * *

AND WITH THE TEACHERS, too, half a loaf is better than no bread.

* * * * *

ANCHOR ICE tied up industry at St. Catharines where it is evident he city's officials are not up to date as they are here.

* * * * *

IF THE BACHELORS of Montreal do not like that municipal tax levied upon them, they know or should know, a way to avoid it.

* * * * *

AND NOW that the school estimates are in, will the new City Council realize that the figures are beyond their control and that the aldermanic pruning-knife cannot be applied?

* * * * *

THE EX-KAISER is reported well enough to walk about in the garden of the castle in which he has found refuge. But think of the thousands, for whose death he is responsible, who will never walk again.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Inconsistent.

(Philadelphia Record.)

After all the talk about the conservation of raw and finished material the proposition to sink the German navy, simply to avoid squabbles over its distribution among the victors, does not seem consistent. Certainly in the equipment there must be much valuable stuff that can be salvaged, and the metal of the hulls alone deserves a better fate than to be sent to the bottom of the sea.

With Reservations.

(London Advertiser.)

"Self-determination" sounds splendid, but, it looks as if a large section of central and southeastern Europe will have to be told what is best for it, even if it is not what it wants, for some time to come.

The Editor.

(Guelph Mercury.)

What with the eight-hour day and the two-platoon system, the hard-worked editors will soon be the only class left who work the 24-hour round of the clock. But, look what they get! Never any fault-finding and about a million dollars a year in salary.

Their First Lesson.

(Buffalo News.)

The whole system of education in Germany must be revised. The Germans have lost the spiritual sense that was in them. That is the very basis of education. Nothing can be right with them until they find it only in humility. That is the first lesson they must be taught. It is the high duty of the leaders of the Allies sitting in Versailles to teach it to them.

Undiscovered.

(Ottawa Journal-Press.)

Germans are very keen to buy soap from American soldiers, but no soap yet discovered will wash away the German stains.

The Cave Woman's Wooing.

(Kansas City Star.)

American soldiers shouldn't lose their temper if the German women drop beer bottles out of upstairs windows on their heads. The Germans are a subtle race, and maybe that's the kultured way of flirting.

Wooden.

(Toronto Telegram.)

Canada's output of lumber is not more wooden than John W. Dafoe's cables on the subject of Sir Robert Borden's share in the preliminaries of the peace conference.

GIVE PRESIDENT A CHANCE

(New York Commercial)

President Wilson may be attempting the impossible but the American people hope he will be able to induce all nations to adopt some plan to maintain peace throughout the world. He has courage to try, and nothing was ever accomplished without effort. Those members of both Houses of Congress who belittle his peace crusade do not represent the desires of the country. Some of them have displayed meanness of spirit that disgraces Congress.

If the President succeeds, he will remain one of the greatest figures in the history of the world. If he fails, he may be called quixotic, but none can impeach his motives. America will be none the worse for his attempt to establish a League of Nations to enforce peace. We shall have no part in an offensive and defensive alliance to protect part of Europe against the aggression of the rest.

Secret treaties stand in the President's way. Italy entered the war for a consideration and rejected a lower bid made by Austria-Hungary and Germany. France received the promise of a sphere of influence in Syria and other parts of Southwestern Asia. It is supposed that Constantinople was to have been Russia's chief spoil of war, but she forfeited that claim and the disposal of the city will be a difficult problem at the peace conference. America took no part in the war until forced to defend herself against Germany's ruthless submarine warfare, and has nothing to do with these and other secret bargains. England holds possession of so much Germand and Turkish territory outside of Europe that she will ask for nothing that her armies do not now occupy in distant fields, and will probably be content with much less than she might demand by right of present conquest.

In forming such a League of Nations as President Wilson advocates all nations will have to surrender something for the common good, just as a citizen of any civilised country consents to the curtailment of his liberty of action for the benefit of the community. America makes no territorial claims that call for abatement, but the other Great Powers must modify their claims or part with some of their possesions to secure the consent of other nations to the formation of a League of Nations that will guarantee in perpetuity the territorial integrity of the countries whose boundaries will be delimited when the map of the world is redrawn at the peace conference. The difficulties are enormous and the nature of some of them is only beginning to come to light.

If the horrors of this war have not roused all peoples to a determination to prevent their recurrence the future of mankind is dark indeed. At some time or other every continental European power has met crushing defeat. Russia's turn came in this war. The new German Empire has run its course in less than than half a century. England is the only European power that has never been defeated in a great war since the days of the Middle Ages. America's growth of the past century and her display of strength in this war put her in the forefront of the mighty. Japan is the latest addition to the list of Great Powers, and her future depends largely on the influence she exerts over China.

Wars have not ended war. Secret alliances have proved broken reeds. The balance of power, often tried, never kept its poise. The Roman peace that lasted for nearly three centuries depended on concentration of power in one hand. Everything else that can be suggested except a League of Nations has been tried and found wanting.

The idea is not new, for Popes of Rome tried to form such a League of Nations, with the Papal Court as the court of arbitration for all international disputes. They failed because the nations of Europe would not co-operate to enforce their decrees but that does not disprove the theory. It is feasible, but it calls for the co-operation of all nations. If all are willing, the system by which disputes between Canada and the United States for a hundred years have been arbitrated can be applied to the rest of the world. President Wilson's critics cannot escape that fact. The League of Nations may be impracticable today, but it is not an idle dream.

TODAY'S STORY

Sixty-five years ago, during a period of unemployment and distress in Leeds an eight-year-old body stood many hours twice weekly in a queue in York street, with tickets and a pail, waiting to be supplied with bread and soup to feed himself and three brothers. A few weeks ago in the Council Chamber of Leeds Town Hall, that boy, by the unanimous vote of the City Council, and with the cordial good will of a half-a-million fellow-citizens, became the Lord Mayor of his native city. This journey from the charity queue to the Lord Mayor's chair is the romance of a self-made man, of force of character, indomitable perserverance and native shrewdness triumphing over every difficulty and obstacle. The parents of Joseph Henry were Irish people of the working class belonging to County Dublin. They came to Leeds on tramp, and for a time lived on York street. There the future Lord Mayor was born.

FEMININE LOGIC

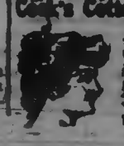
The young lady across the way says she overheard her father say that the telegraph and telephone facilities were being taxed to the utmost and she supposes every business has to pay its share of the war expenses.

TO INVADE CANADA

German Preparations in U. S. Told at Investigation.

Washington, Jan. 10.—German plans for the invasion of Canada, by men in this country who had served in the Imperial German navy, were told to the Senate committee probing German propaganda by A. Bruce Bielaski, head of the bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

WIT AND WISDOM

.. .. An Instance.

"Big things do not always get the most attention."

"No, I notice a little cinder can beat anything for getting in the public eye."

As The Boys Come Home.

Madge—Your lips are all blistered.

Marjorie—There are so many soldier boys to kiss. I've been giving until it hurts.

"Coming Events," Etc.

"And when does the wedding take place, Miss Blank?" asked the genial proprietor of the little stationery shop.

"The wedding!" exclaimed the young woman, blushing. "Why, you don't think—"

"Ah, Miss Blank," rejoined the old bookseller, "when a young lady buys a hundred sheets of paper and only twenty-five envelopes I know there's something in the wind!"

Militant Orbs.

From a story—Her unyielding glance went fiercely over the top and grappled in mortal combat with his domineering sneer."

No One Else Can.

"There's one thing I will say," remarked Mr. Millions, "and that is that my daughter, Arabella, has a fine disposition."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, sir. The way she can listen for hours to her own playing on the violin shows wonderful self-control."

From Two Sides.

Domesticity (masculine). The trait of wanting to stay at home when the wife wants him to go out with her.

Domesticity (feminine). That trait of being willing to stay at home when the husband wants to go out without her.

Something Just as Good.

"I should like a room with an iron bedstead," said the tourist in Ireland.

"Sorry, sorry," said the landlord, "but Oi haven't an iron bedstead in the house. They're all soft wood—but you'll find the mattress noice and hard, soor."

George Geeler, a G.T.R. trackman was instantly killed by a snow plow during a terrific storm on his beat near Harriston.

A Tea of Any Kind that does not live up to its Advertised Merits deserves to fail and usually does.

True economy is not so much a matter of what you pay for an article, as what value you get in return—

"SALADA"

has served the public with unchallenged value for 25 years and never wavered a particle from the standard of Quality which has made it famous.

No Doubts
No Fears
"Always Good Alike"

B 948

EDITOR'S MAIL

REPLY TO MR. BURNHAM

Editor Review: Please permit me to correct the misstatements contained in the letter written by Mr. J. H. Burnham, M.P., which appeared in last evening's issue of your paper, respecting the dredging that was done by the Government above and below Hunter street bridge.

I would not take this trouble only for the fact that the interests of this city may seriously suffer, if I do not do so.

All the facts may be found in the files of the Department of Public Works at Ottawa.

There will be found Mr. J. G. Sing's report, showing why the river above and below the bridge should be dredged. It will show that the Quaker Oats Company propose to put on the Trent Canal a large fleet of boats and barges to carry grain from Midland to Peterborough. Those who know this company know that they carry out their arrangements to the letter and that they look with scorn on a breach of good faith. This dredging that was done was simply a part of Trent Canal work.

Mr. Sing's report will further show that he made an estimate of the cost of the work. His report was approved of by the Government. The work was done under Mr. Sing's own direction by day labor and completed within his estimate.

Mr. Burham will also find from the files in the department that the work Mr. Sing planned to do was fully completed and was never at any time stopped or interferred with by any one.

The Quaker Oats Company never at any time suggested that the Government dredge their tail race, nor did it do so. The Laurier Government never stopped the work but completed it. The work will be used when the canal is completed and a swing in the present bridge will be a necessity.

I shall not answer the insinuations contained in Mr. Burnham's letter, because they are as unfounded as his knowledge of the real facts connected with this dredging work is wanting.

I trust that this explanation will secure for the mayor and City Council Mr. Burnham's hearty co-operation and support to have the Government carry out the arrangement that it entered into in good faith to pay its fair share toward the cost of the construction of Hunter street bridge.

Yours, etc.,
R. R. HALL.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Silent partners allow their money to talk for them.

Ridicule no man for his snub nose; you cannot tell what may turn up.

There is often a blac keye in a name—if it is applied to the wrong man.

Woman's idea of worldly wisdom is to know the failings of her neighbors.

When all men are what they pretend to be the millennium problem will be easy.

Occasionally success is due to talent, but more often it is due to hang-dog persistency.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

The other nite I had sutch a fearse tooth ake in one tooth it felt as it all the other teeth was catching it, waking up with it and not being able to go to sleep agen from it, and I went down stairs in my pidjammers and who was wawking up and down the 2nd story hall in his pidjammers but pop, holding his face with one hand and going, Owtch, O good nite, owtch.

G, pop, have you got one too? I sed.

One too? sed pop, I've got one 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, owtch, ootch, holey smokes, this is fearse.

I bet it aint eny fearser than mine, pop, I sed. And I started to wawk up and down the hall with him, both holding our face in our pidjammers.

Do you think this will make it eny better, pop I sed, and he sed, It cant make mine eny werse, thats a sintch.

It cant make mine eny, either, I sed. Wich it couldent, and we kepp on wawking, me saying, wats yours feel like, pop, does it feel like a hammer hammering? and pop saying, No, it feels more like a pile driver shooting up a townn and me saying, mine feels more like a hammer hammering. And we kepp on wawking up and down the hall in our pidjammers making noises, pop saying, Ill take you over to the dentist the ferst thing in the morning and we'll have them out together and if the blame things hert after that they cant hert enybody but themselves. And after a wile we both went back to bed and in the morning my face felt like it generelly feels, and pop was in the bathroom shaving his face, me saying, How is it now pop?

Never better, nefer as good, how yours? sed pop, and I sed, Fine, what time we going to the dentists?

Perhaps we better wate a little wile for feer of worrying your mother, sed pop, Ill let you know wen Im reddy.

Wich he hasent yet.

Men who accomplish most never seem in a hurry, no matter how much they have to do.

The candidate who gets the vote of the fair sex ought to receive quite a handsome majority.

We often hear of the sweet simplicity of childhood, yet every mother considers her baby cunning.

The patience of the average man doesn't get a chance to rest until after he has acquired a monument.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS
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Jewelry Watches
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An absorbing and delightful play in 5 acts.
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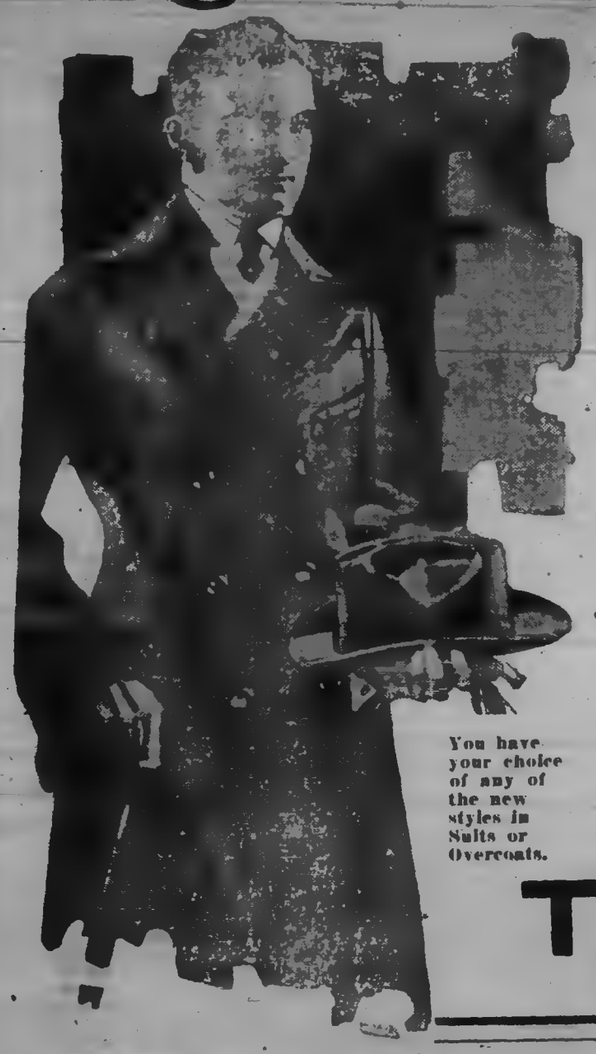

You have your choice of any of the new styles in Suits or Overcoats.

WOULD YOU SOONER HAVE YOUR SUIT OR OVERCOAT MADE BY EXPERT TAILORS, AND GUARANTEED, OR BUY IT FROM ANY TOM, DICK OR HARRY WHO DOESN'T KNOW EVEN HIMSELF WHO MADE IT, AND IN CASE OF ANYTHING BEING WRONG YOU HAVE NO ONE TO FALL BACK ON?

WOULD YOU SOONER BUY DIRECT FROM THE MAKERS AND SAVE ALL MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS, GETTING A FULL 100 PER CENT. FOR YOUR MONEY, OR STEP INTO THE FIRST STORE ON YOUR WAY AND PAY PERHAPS THREE OR FOUR PROFITS TO PEOPLE WHOM YOU NEVER SEE?

WOULD YOU SOONER HAVE MEN MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

Who are Interested Financially in the Firm They Work For

AND ARE AIMING TO THOROUGHLY SATISFY EVERY CUSTOMER IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE IN ORDER TO BUILD UP A GOOD SOUND BUSINESS, OR GET THEM FROM THOSE WHO DRAW LARGE SALARIES AND ARE LOOKING ONLY FOR THE WEEK TO PASS AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE IN ORDER THAT THEY MAY DRAW THEIR PAY AND FORGET THEIR WORK?

Its Up to You to Choose

IF YOU PREFER THE FIRST, YOU MUST COME TO THE REGENT TAILORS TO ORDER YOUR CLOTHES. THEY ARE THE ONLY FIRM IN CANADA WHICH IS MADE UP OF EXPERTS, WORKING TOGETHER HAND IN HAND TO ECONOMIZE ON EVERY ITEM POSSIBLE, TO USE EVERYTHING USEABLE IN ORDER TO SAVE AND GIVE YOU 100 PER CENT. FOR YOUR MONEY.

IF YOU PREFER THE SECOND, STEP INTO THE FIRST CLOTHING STORE YOU PASS AND PAY FROM $25 TO $35 FOR SIMILAR SUIT OR OVERCOAT TO OURS, WITHOUT ANY GUARANTEE.

IF YOU CHOOSE INTELLIGENTLY YOU WILL COME TO THE REGENT TAILORS, THE ONLY TAILORING FIRM IN CANADA WHICH TURNS OUT REALLY GOOD GARMENTS AT SUCH A LOW PRICE.

A COMPLETE RANGE OF SUITINGS AND OVERCOATINGS TO SELECT FROM IN ALL THE NEWEST COLORINGS AND DESIGNS.

And your money back if not perfectly satisfied.

Suit or Overcoat

$19.00 TO MEASURE

and absolutely guaranteed

THE REGENT TAILORS

186½ CHARLOTTE STREET

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

There is no use in decrying high French heels, because it is not to be denied that we wicked men do love to see them worn. I suppose if women adopted nose rings and wore bells on their hats we men would admire them just the same.

The stature of the perfect woman—that is, the average of American women (who are the most nearly perfect in the world)—is sixty-four inches. A woman less than five feet and four inches tall may have a legitimate excuse for wearing unusually high heels, therefore, for it is certainly every woman's duty to look as nearly perfect as she can. But when a woman over sixty-four inches tall puts on high heels she looks like the deuce, no matter how much taste she may have in other respects.

A woman with an ideal form has a foot nine and one-quarter inches long. If the foot is longer than that she may camouflage the fact by wearing French heels, but the very fact that she wears French heels calls attention to her consciousness of her big feet.

Excessively high heels, especially if they are also too narrow, throw the whole body out of poise and make anything like real gracefulness quite impossible. The foot itself suffers from the eversion or toeing out which very high heels make necessary, and from a tendency toward pronation (the early stage of flatfoot or falling arch); the heel cord (tendo Archillis) becomes permanently shortened, so that natural flexion of the foot in time becomes impossible and the woman gradually develops a kind of springhalt.

The posture of the body as a whole is materially unbalanced by high heels, and, since normal posture is the most restful for the muscles of the hips, spine and back, these muscles suffer more or less from fatigue in the faulty posture entailed by high heels and backache is a common result.

The perfect woman has a heel two inches broad. Aboot heel appreciably narrower than that, of course, does not offer reasonably stable support to the foot and the body. A boot heel over one and one-half inches high is sure to strain the supporting muscles of the body. A man's boot heel should not be more than three-quarters of an inch high; a woman's should not be over one and one-half inches high; either would be more comfortable and healthier in the long run without any heels at all.

How Lead Poisons.

"I make toy soldiers, melting five pounds of lead at a time in a melting pot on a gas stove and pouring into small molds. Is there likelihood of any injury to my health in such work? The stove has a hood connected by a pipe with the chimney flue, but there is a down draft about as often as an up draft. P. S. S."

When lead poisoning occurs, in any occupation, it is through inhalation of fumes or dust, and not by absorption through the skin. It may occur by being carried on the skin of the unwashed hands to the mouth in eating, smoking, etc. If the ventilation were corrected there would be practically no risk connected with the work. When lead is heated above a certain point, in the melted state, it gives off poisonous fumes. Open the windows while the lead is melting.

Limit Bathing to the Outside.

"Will you please give a recipe for an eye wash to be used night and morning with an eyecup? H. K. D."

I do not advise such practice. It is sufficient, I think, to bathe the outside of the body occasionally, and leave the internal housecleaning to nature.

Coal Gas.

"Just enough coal gas escapes into the living rooms of a flat two or three times a day to cause an irritation of the throat and heaviness of the chest. Would it have any injurious effects on the health

MRS. R. O. J."

Yes. Anaemia and general debility are likely to result if the gasing continues.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS

Houses should be kept clear of rubbish to keep disease germs down.

Squash will cook in half an hour, but pumpkin requires long, slow cooking.

There is no more nourishment in sirloin steak than there is in a cheaper cut.

Fresh fruits and vegetables should be a part of the diet all through the year.

KITCHEN KINKS

Creamed potatoes with cheese make a pleasant change.

Egg stains may be removed from spoons by common salt.

Cold slaw may be improved by a cupful of chopped celery.

If curtains do not draw easily rub the pole with paraffin.

Onions stuffed with minced ham are a good luncheon dish.

Eggs in potato nests are a good substitute for eggs on toast.

Dried corn is much more excellent than canned corn.

Electric Heating.

One of the most significant industrial growths of recent years has been the progress in the development and use of electricity for producing high-grade steels, and for special operations, such as heat treating, annealing, japanning, baking and enameling. This growth has been due primarily to the development of the means of generating heat by electricity and to the ability to control and apply this heat properly and satisfactorily. In the early days of the electric heating industry in this country applications were practically confined to the production of high-grade steel castings. But as more experience was gained and further experiments were conducted by interested manufacturers, new fields opened for development, until now, in many localities, electric heat is largely used for important manufacturing purposes. — From Industrial Management.

Amsterdam despatch says the War Office denies the report that thirty thousand Poles are marching on Berlin. Another despatch says the German Government has instructed its armistice commission at Spa to request the Allies to release all interned Germans.

A despatch says President Wilson and the Italian Government have reached a complete agreement on the essential points of the peace settlement.

A despatch reports three British warships escorted the transport carrying the Finnish volunteers to reval.

The London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company is arranging to take over seven companies in addition to those already absorbed.

Corn declined three points when confirmation was received that the restrictions on imports of corn and rice into the United States had been removed by the War Trade Board.

DRAINING DISHES

A wire drainer or basket can be utilized to hold the dishes after they have been rinsed in hot water—this to save wiping them.

SWEET POTATOES

Sweet potatoes fill a very real want in sugarless dinners—they can be used in pies and puddings, as well as vegetables.

A man may take in sufficient liquid refreshment to drown his conscience temporarily, but it will be on hand ready to resume business the next morning.

ROYAL THEATRE

12 FIRST RUN REELS. NEW PRICES 12 FIRST RUN REELS

Entire Change Today. High class features and Comedies. Special Metro Feature Drama

Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson in

Passing of the Third Floor Back Six Parts

Great Western Feature Drama in Five Parts

THIS IS A METRO SPECIAL

ALSO FIRST EPISODE OF PEARL WHITE WITH WARNER OLAND IN

"The Lightning Raid" EPISODE ONE OF **"The Ebony Black"**

A PATHE SERIAL in THREE PARTS

Two first run Reels Keystone Comedy Feature—Two Reels

To-night and To-morrow's Programme will be one of the best shown in Peterborough for some time. Come and judge for yourself. If not satisfied money refunded. Royal Theatre with 13 years experience has the reputation of showing the best pictures in the country. Everything up to date. No delay

Admission only 15c, and 1c Extra for War Tax **16c** All Over the House for this Big Double Show **16c**

FOUR BIG SELLING EVENTS on OUR JANUARY PROGRAM

Open 8.30 a.m. Close 5.30 p.m. Saturday 9.30 p.m.

TURNBULL'S ECONOMY BAREMENT CHINA and CUT GLASS

UNDERSKIRTS FOR THE BLACK SALE

Black Underskirts of good quality Swiss Taff, in extra large sizes, with with deep shirred flounce, finished at waist with draw string. For Black Sale. Each $1.38

Ladies' Black Underskirts, in an extra fine taffetine, with deep flounce and two frills. For Black Sale ... Each $2.50

Heavy Black Moire Underskirts, of splendid wearing qualities. With tucked flounce and three-inch frill. Each $3.50

Fine Black Taffeta Silk Underskirts, of Queen quality, nicely shaped, with drawstring at waist; deep flounce with double frill at hem. Black Sale Special $6.50 & $7.50

The second big selling event on our January program is

A Sale of Black

It opens the morning of January 11th and will continue for one week

Extra efforts have been made to collect a showing of Black Merchandise that will make this Second Week of our January Program a memorable one. Here is a partial list of the many bargains of this unique event.

DRESS SKIRTS FOR THE BLACK SALE

Misses' Black Serge Skirts, shirred at the waist and neatly belted at back; two tabbed pockets trimmed with rows of bone buttons. Black Sale Special $6.75

Smart Black Skirt, in all-wool serge with novelty slit pockets, button trimmed and finished with belt at waist .. Black Sale $9.00

Tailored Skirts of fine quality black Botany Serge; one pocket, braid trimmed and row of fancy buttons on one side; deep all round belt also braid trimmed; shirred at back. Black Sale Special $13.00

BLOUSES FOR THE BLACK SALE

These Blouses point the way to unmistakable savings if you can use a black blouse of any kind. The qualities are beyong question in every case.

A good quality Habutai Silk Blouse with high convertible collar, double breasted effect, trimmed with smoked pearl buttons, turn-over cuffs .... Black Sale Special $4.88

Fine quality Crepe de Chine Blouse with convertible collar and button trimmed; stylish pointed cuff, hemstitched and trimmed with row of buttons. Regular $7.50. Black Sale Special $5.65

Black Georgette Crepe Flounce of fine quality, with satin piped collar and front, also groups of pin tucks on same; deep cuff satin piped to match. Regular $7.50. Black Sale $5.65

New Black Crepe de Chine Blouse of extra quality; has four half-inch tucks on either side of front, and fancy buttons, double collar and turned-back cuff hemstitched. All sizes, at $5.95

Black Cotton Poplin Blouses, in plain tailored style with convertible collar and buttoned cuff ..... Black Sale $2.00

Black Sateen Blouse of good quality sateen; groups of pin tucks on front, and finished with pearl buttons. Each $2.25

A REMARKABLE COLLECTION OF DRESSES FOR THE BLACK SALE

Very particular were we to secure some values out of the ordinary for this, our second January Selling Event. These dresses will show that we have succeeded.

A chic Black Dress of silk crepe de chine; bodice has prettily beaded and embroidered front; skirt has group of pin tucks below waist, and deep belt finished with large bow at the back ..... Black Sale Special $24.00

Smart Afternuoon Dress of black silk taffeta, has shaped panel front with two rows of silk buttons, fastened at side, tailored sleeve, and finished with row of black buttons at the back ..... Black Sale $21.50

Black Silk Poplin Dress, in all sizes; prettily embroidered beaded front with panel effect, shirred skirt with two fancy pockets and white satin collar. Black Sale Special $20.00

Misses' Dresses in black silk poplin; bodice has new one side effect with three satin buttons; white silk collar, deep belt, also button trimmed and double panels from belt on shirred skirt Black Sale Special .. $15.75 & $16.00

TAILORED SUITS FOR THE BLACK SALE THESE SUITS ARE WONDERFULLY GOOD VALUE.

There is money to be saved taking advantage of these special offerings.

Ladies' Black Serge Suits, of good quality all-wool serge. Large convertible collar, panel back with novelty crossed belt; trimmed with fancy buttons; skirt belted and cut on newest lines ..... Black Sale Special $40.00

Attractive Tailored Suits, in all-wool diagonal serge; semi-fitting, with inverted pleated back; large collar and button trimmed; belted skirt of medium width. Black Sale $30.00

A smart model in all-wool tailored suit, with tucked back and pleated all round below waist; large collar edged with black silk plush, and belt trimmed with buckle of same; skirt cut on newest lines. Black Sale Special $37.75

TWO SPLENDID VALUES IN HOUSE DRESSES FOR THE BLACK SALE

House Dresses in good quality heavy mercerized twills in all black, with convertible collar, buttoned cuff; trimmed with black buttons ..... Black Sale Special $3.39

Maids' Dresses, in good quality black Cashmere with ing sleeves and neat white hemstitched muslin collar and cuffs. Inn all sizes, at $3.29

THE SILK AND DRESS GOODS COUNTER PRESENTS SOME SPLENDID BARGAINS FOR THE BLACK SALE

These prices will not be duplicated for a long time to come, and are less than the goods can be bought for today. Big stocks, early buying, and a determination to make this Black Sale a success, are our reasons for these prices.

BLACK PAILETTE SILK $1.49

200 yards Rich Black Pailette Silk, 36 inches wide. Rich, lustrous finish, splendid for blouses or full dresses. $2.00 value. Black Sale Special, per yard $1.49

DUCHESS SILK $2.50

This beautiful Dress Silk is of superior quality and full 40 inches in width. It is heavy, firm weave, and rich, lustrous finish. A most desirable silk for any purpose for which you can use black silk ..... Per yard $2.50

AN EXTRA HIGH-GRADE SILK $3.00

This is a silk of superior quality and finish; one that will give satisfaction in the wear. Full 40 inches wide. Suitable for any purpose black silk can be used for ..... Black Sale, per yard $3.00

$1.25 RAJAH SILK 98c

Heavy quality Black Rajah Silk, full 36 inches wide. A serviceable silk for waists, etc. ..... Black Sale, per yard 98c

FIRM BLACK HABUTAI SILK 75c

This Black Habutai Silk is firm, even weave that will stand no end of hard wear; 36 inches wide .. Black Sale, per yard 75c

A BEAUTIFUL SILK, JAPANESE WEAVE $1.75

A beautiful dress or blouse Silk in an extra quality Japanese weave that lends itself to easy draping. Makes beautiful gowns. Full 36 inches wide. For Black Sal, per yard $1.75

GABARDINES and SERGES 85c

Gabardines and Serges, 36 inches wide. Splendid dress materials ..... Black Sale, per yard 85c

ALL-WOOL WHIPCORD $1.50

All-wool Black Whipcord, 50 inches wide. Actually cheap at $2.00 ..... Black Sale, per yard $1.50

SERGES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AT $2.50

This is a fine all-wool imported serge, 54 inches wide. The quality is one that cannot be duplicated today at anywhere near the price. Black Sale, per yard $2.50

FINER SERGES, $3.00 and $3.50

These fine imported Serges are part of an old contract. We place them on sale for this special week selling at prices less than they can be bought for next season. Full 54 inches wide. Pure wool, excellent quality, at, per yard ..... $3.00 & $3.50

BLACK CHEVIOT SERGE $3.00

Exceptional quality Black Cheviot Serge, particularly good for suits or separate skirts; 52 ins. wide Black Sale, per yard $3.00

TWO SPECIALS IN BROADCLOTH AT $4.50 and $5.00

Two particularly good qualities in Black Broadcloth for this week of Mlack Goods selling; 50 to 54 inches in width; beautiful finish, deep rich black. Unequalled for suits or separate coats ... Black Sale, per yard ..... $4.50 & $5.00

COSTUME VELVET $3.50

Beautiful Costume Velvet, 45 inches wide, fine close pile ..... For Black Sale, per yard $3.50

Showing Some Beautiful Black Millinery for the Black Sale

Our Millinery Department has prepared some specially attractive Black Hats for this extra Black event. A visit to the department will prove of interest. These will give you some slight idea of the styles and values.

A large Sailor shape in dull mourning silk, with slightly soping crown, covered plainly, and corded brim. Soft collar effect at top of crown; scarf of silk with black silk fringe on ends, draped around crown, and finished at the left side ..... Black Sale Price $8.50

A pretty shape has slightly drooped brim turned at back, covered with crepe de chine; a wide butterfly bow bound with crepe is across the back, and finished with a fold of crepe around the plain crown ... $7.50 Black Sale .....

A close fitting shape in dull silk bound with white corded silk; stiff band with point bound with ribbon coming from left side towards the back, and black buckle of silk braid holding it in place; finished at the right side with two buttons and strap of braid ..... $8.50 Black Sale Price .....

A very chic model, close fitting with soft crown and folded rim, trimmed with buttons and dull beads across the front; net veil with wide hem of silk is draped gracefully over crown and hanging at back. $8.50 Black Sale .....

A medium size shape, drooping brim with folded crown. Band of corded ribbon with rosette at left side. Black Sale price $6.00

Black Sale at the Hosiery Counter

Splendid values in Hosiery for the Black Sale.

BLACK WOOL GLOVES 69c

Ladies' Knitted Gloves, plain black. A splendid winter glove. For Black Sale, per pair 69c

FINE KNITTED GLOVES $1.00

Fine quality Knitted Gloves; fast black ... For Black Sale, per pair $1.00

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES $1.08

Chamoisette Gloves. Our best quality, standard $1.25. Black only. For Black Sale ..... Per pair $1.08

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES 69c

Chamoisette Gloves, in black. A splendid medium priced glove for winter wear. For Black Sale. Per pair 59c

SMALL SIZE WOOL STOCKINGS 39c

Small size Woollen Hose, suitable for over-stockings as well. Sizes 5½ and 6 only. Regular 75c ... For Black Sale, per pair 39c

BOYS' HEAVY RIBBED HOSE 95c

These Hose are worth $1.25 a pair and will be $1.50 for next season. Heavy quality worsted yarn, made in the best mill in Canada. Spliced where the hard wear comes. Sizes 8½ to 10. For Black Sale, a limited quantity to sell at, per pair 95c

SCOTCH FINGERING, 47c Per Skein

Good quality Black Scotch Fingering. A splendid wool for boys' stockings. Black Sale ..... ½ pound skein 47c

HANDSOME SILK SCARFS $1.50

Black Silk Scarfs for Black Sale ..... Each $1.50

SPECIAL HAND BAGS $1.69

Extra quality leather Hand Bags, black silk lining, small change purse and mirror. $2.00 quality. Black Sale, each $1.69

A RIBBON SPECIAL

TAFFETA RIBBON 29c

Black Taffeta Ribbon, 4¾ to 5 inches wide. Pure shilk taffeta. Splendid for hair bows. Regular 45c quality. Saturday Morning ..... Per yard 29c

TWO SPECIALS IN GREY

Ladies' Fleece-lined Underskirts, grey only. Splendid quality for winter wear $1.98
Special for Black Sale .....
Ladies' Knitted Underskirts. Nice shade of grey, well made, good wearing garments .. $1.19
Black Sale .....

BLACK ALL-OVER LACE 69c

Black Allover Lace, suitable for waists or trimming. Some of these are a yard wide. A collection of qualities that sold up to $1.50 per yard. For Black Sale, special per yard 69c

BEAUTIFUL COLLARS $1.00 and $1.25

Black Georgette Sailor Collars or pretty Stock Collars in new designs, made from black net. Black Sale, each $1.00 & $1.25

Special Selling of Black Equestrians

The Underwear Counter has special bargains for the Black Sale.

LADIES' EQUESTRIANS $1.39

These re god quality well shaped and perfect fitting. Ankle length, elastic top. Some have sateen band. Special for Black Sale, garment .. $1.39

KNITTED BLOOMERS $1.39

These Bloomers are made from good quality yarns; perfectly shaped with elastic bands and elastic at knee. Special for Black Sale, per garment $1.39

CHILDREN'S FLEECE-LINED DRAWERS $1.00

Children's Black Fleece-lined Drawers, ankle length, with either elastic or sateen band at top. Splendid for children for the cold weather ..... At, per garment $1.00
Larger size $1.25

Infants' wool bootees and mittens Saturday per pair.... 10c

J. C. TURNBULL Co., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE.

Infants white wool overalls, dust soiled Saturday per pair... 39c

SCHOOL BOARD NEEDS $124,500 TO CARRY ON BUSINESS FOR 1919

Estimates as Passed at Meeting Last Night Show an Increase of $13,000 Over Those of Last Year—$95,000 for Public Schools and $29,500 for Collegiate.

The estimates as computed by Secretary-Treasurer Thompson, inclusive of the salary bonus were presented at the School Board meeting last night. They were accepted as submitted upon motion of E. G. Patterson and J. W. Worth. The amount that will be required of the City Council this year for educational purposes is $124,500.00. That makes an increase over last year of $13,000.00, $9,000 of which is accounted for by the salary bonus.

The motion as drafted showing the schedule of payment that will be required of the City Council follows:

Moved by E. G. Patterson, seconded by J. W. Worth;

That pursuant to the Public Schools Act, Section 47, and the High Schools Act, Section 37, the Municipal Council of the City of Peterborough, be and they are hereby requested to pay to the treasurer of the Board of Education in monthly instalments the money to be used for the current expenses of the Public Schools and the Collegiate Institute for the year 1919 as follows:

January 15th	$ 9000 00
February 1st	11000 00
March 1st	11000 00
April 1st	11000 00
May 1st	11000 00
June 1st	11000 00
July 1st	11000 00
August 1st	2500 00
September 1st	11000 00
October 1st	14000 00
November 1st	11000 00
December 1st	11000 00
	$124500 00

and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the City Council.

The following table shows the estimated cost of maintaining the Public School and the Collegiate Institute for one year:

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Expenditure—		
Balance due Bank 31st Dec., 1918	$ 1888 31	
Salaries of teachers	69900 00	
Salaries of officers	3150 00	
Salaries of Janitors	6500 00	
Fuel account	7200 00	
Printing and stationery	700 00	
Repairs and furniture	5500 00	
Insurance	1080 00	
Rent of room in St. James Church basement	300 00	
Expense account	1331 68	
		$ 97500 00
Revenue—		
Government Grants	$ 2500 00	
Amount required from City Treasurer	95000 00	
		$ 97500 00

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Expenditure—		
Salaries, teachers, officers and janitor	$ 27855 00	
Fuel account	1300 00	
General expenses, including chemicals, printing and stationery, etc.	1200 00	
Repairs and furniture	1000 00	
Rent to Y.M.C.A. for use of gymnasium and instructor	600 00	
Evening Industrial Classes	2000 00	
Incidental expenses	145 00	
		$ 34100 00
Revenue—		
Balance brought forward	$ 900 00	
Fees from pupils	2400 00	
Government Grants	1300 00	
Amount required from City Treasurer	29500 00	
		$ 34100 00
Recapitulation—		
For Public Schools	$ 95000 00	
For Collegiate Institute	29500 00	
		$124500 00

TEN PER CENT INCREASE IS VOTED ALL TEACHERS

Board of Education Rescinds Its Former Action and Raises the Salaries—Increase to Be Paid in Two Installments.

At the meeting of the Board of Education last night Mr. G. N. Gordon introduced the question of a raise of salaries for the teachers. He suggested the advisability of having the increase assume the form of a ten per cent bonus so as not to interfere with the salary schedule as at present constituted.

Mr. E. G. Patterson questioned the fairness of this method upon the grounds that it alolwed the high salaried man the advantage over the girl who was receiving $750 or $800 a year. He suggested a graduated scale of increases which would deal more beneficially with the teachers who were not highly paid and consequently felt the effects of the inflated war prices more keenly.

Mr. McKone stated that the proposed increase was not proportionate with the higher cost of living which has existed for the past two or three years. This could be estimated at 50 per cent and all the proposed plan covered was ten per cent.

Dr. Neal reminded Mr. McKone that few professional or salaried men had their incomes augmented to an extent proportionate with the increased cost of living. It was not to be expected.

Mr. G. O. Cameron felt that the ten per cent bonus would operate fairly. The girl who was getting $750 or $800 a year was as fortunate as the man who was paid $2000 per annum and had a family to support.

Mr. Fowler favored the proposed increase as did Mr. Greene who felt that the teachers were not being paid in acordance with the responsibility and importance of their positions.

Mr. Worth with Mr. Greene introduced a motion which was carried providing that all employes of the School Board with the exception of the janitors who received a separate raise in pay some time ago be granted a ten per cent bonus on their present salaries the same to be paid in two instalments. This was carried.

WANT BIBLE IN SCHOOLS

Anglican Bishops Talk of a Systematic Course of Study.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the Provincial Council of the Synod of Ontario in St. James' Parish House and attended by the Bishop of Huron, the Bishop of Toronto, Bishop of Ottawa, Chancellor Worrell, Chancellor Martin of Hamilton, and Archdeacon Mackay, of Ottawa, the main question discussed was the necessity of carrying out the present regulations of the Ontario Government with regard to religious exercises in the schools and the advisability of asking all religious bodies to agree upon some systematic course of Bible instruction.

WANTED—Route boy for south end of city. Apply at once, Review.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

Saturday Hours 8.30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.

Use our Rest Room and Free Phone--2d Floor

Featuring January Clearance Prices

DRESS GOODS

Silk Poplins, Wool Coatings and Raw Silks You Can Purchase Saturday at Considerable Reductions.

$2.00 DRESS SILK POPLINS $1.59

All shades in our best quality $2.00 Silk Poplin. Fifteen different colors for your selection. Full yard wide; splendid quality wearing silk. Saturday Snap, yard **$1.59**

$1.50 HEAVY SHANTUNG RAW SILK $1.29

One hundred yards 34-inch natural color raw silk. Our best stocks quality and it sells regularly at $1.50. Buy it on Saturday at the Snap price, yard **$1.29**

$6.00 ALL-WOOL HEAVY COATINGS $4.55

Two pieces of heather mixture, brown and dark grey coatings. Extra weight, pure wool and 58 inches wide. Our every day $6.00 value. For a Saturday Snap **$4.55**

NEEDLEWORK CIRCLE

13c "AMERICAN MAID" CROCHET COTTON, Ball 9c

A remarkable price reduction on this splendid quality mercerized crochet cotton, the famous "American Maid." All sizes in white and ecru. Every day price is 13c a ball. Decidedly worth buying by the box on Saturday at, a box of 12 balls 108c, for ..... **9c** Per ball .....

HOSE, UNDERWEAR, CORSETS

At Sensational Snap Prices

Ladies' 50c White Underwear 39c
Ladies' Special Dollar Underwear 89c
Ladies' Knit Corset Covers, white 45c
Ladies' 35c Seamless Black Macco Hose, 2 Pairs 55c
Ladies' Fleece-lined Cotton Hose, size 9 only, to clear 25c
French Coutil Long Model $1.75 Corsets $1.39
P. C. Special $1.25 Corsets 98c

LAUNDRY SOAPS and TOILET PAPER

Snapily Priced

TOILET PAPER

10 Rolls 49c

Fifteen cases of fine crepe Toilet Paper. Regular 7c size rolls; sold only in lots of 10 and 20 rolls, on Saturday at ..... **49c** ..... 10 Rolls

LAUNDRY SOAP

7 Bars 49c

Lenox, Sunlight, and Comfort Laundry Soaps, three of the most popular high-grade soaps in to-day's market. You can buy 7 or 14 bars. 'Phone orders not filed for soap or toilet paper. Saturday Snap price .. **49c** ..... 7 Bars

Ready-to-Wears—Second Floor

SERGE DRESSS $15.00

A graceful, pretty gown, priced especially low for Saturday selling. Made with overskirt and touches of braid and button trim. Colors: brown, green and black. Saturday Snap Price **$15.00**

TAILORED SKIRTS $6.75

Practical and good looking are these Tailored Skirts of stylish tweed mixtures, in patterns of broken stripes and checks. Novelty belts and pockets. Saturday Snap Price **$6.75**

SPECIAL SALE OF LADIES' COATS

BLOUSE $2.19

Fashioned of good quality vesting in a variety of pretty patterns. Convertible collars, smart cuffs, all cut on well-tailored lines ..... **$2.19** Snap Price .....

SPENCER $1.69

A most useful garment for wearing under a coat or around the house. In colors white, black, and a soft shade of grey. Made of fine Shetland floss wool. Snap price **$1.69**

SHOES and RUBBERS—2nd Floor

LADIES' NOVELTY BOOTS $5.95

High-grade novelty boots, made by the best Canadian and American makers. Button and lace styles, with 8, 9 and 10 inch tops. Colors: Havana brown, medium grey and black. Leather or Neolin soles. Regular prices are $7.00, $8.00, $9.00. Saturday Snap **$5.95**

DOLLAR VALUE RUBBERS 79c

A worth-while opportunity for you to buy Rubbers on Saturday. Sizes and lasts to fit every shoe. An unreserved rubber sale. They are the best quality black rubbers and fully guaranteed. Saturday Snap .. **79c**

No Phone, Mail or C.O.D. Orders on Sale Shoes.

The GRESSMAN Company Limited

TRUSTEE ROLAND DENNE IS CHAIRMAN OF SCHOOL BOARD

Unanimously Elected at Last Night's Meeting --Committees Appointed for 1919--Trustee Cameron Chairman of Appointments.

At the inaugural meeting of the Board of Education for the year 1919, held last night, Mr. J. A. McKone, the only new member took his seat and Mr. Roland Denne was elected chairman for the term just commencing.

In a short address he thanked his fellow trustees for the honor which they had conferred upon him and referred to the fact that his late father had been a member of the Board of Education for 22 years.

Committees for 1919

Messrs. Gordon, Fowler, Greene, Patterson and Cameron were appointed a committee to strike the standing committees. Their report when submitted was adopted as prepared and recommended that the committees be composed of the following gentlemen, the first named in each to be chairman except in the case of the two advisory committees which elect their presiding officers when they meet.

Finance—Patterson, McGrath, Gordon, Worth.

Property—Fowler, McKone, Greene, Cameron.

Supervision—Dr. Neal, Fowler, Patterson, Greene.

Appointments—Cameron, chairman. All the members of the Board comprising this committee.

Advisory Industrial Committee.—(composed of six members of the Board and six outsiders)—(members of the Board)—Denne, McGrath, Fowler, Dr. Neal, Patterson, Worth. (Outsiders)—V. Eastwood, G. R. Munro, William Sangster, T. H. G. Denne, John Corkery, W. R. Breyfogle.

Advisory Commercial Committee—McKone, Cameron, Greene, McGrath, with the following citizens: W. R. Morris, W. H. Pretty, A. W. Cressman and E. F. Mason.

Hugo's Prophecy.

When in 1871 France lay bleeding on the ground, and her provinces Alsace and Lorraine, were torn from her side, the great poet, Victor Hugo, arose in the National Assembly on March 1, 1871, and said:

"Oh, the hour will strike—we feel it come—this marvelous act of restitution. You will see France arise again, you will see her take back Lorraine, take back Alsace. And then, will that be all? No, she will take back Treves, Mayence, Cologne, Coblentz and the whole left bank of the Rhine. And you will hear France shout, 'Now is my turn.' Here I am, Germany! Am I your enemy? No, I am your sister. I have taken back from you all, and I am giving back to you all, under one condition: that is, that we henceforth form but one people, but one family, but one republic. I am going to demolish my fortresses, you are going to demolish your fortresses. The Rhine for all! Let us be the same republic, let us be the United States of Europe, let us be the Constitutional Federation, let us be European liberty, let us be universal peace! And now let us shake hands, for we have rendered a service to each other—you have delivered me from my Emperor and I have delivered you from yours!'"

Discovered.

He is the interpreter attached to a roaming brigade of Field Artillery, a little French soldier named Boucheye.

Their regard for him, however, grew mightily the night of the brigade's entry into the fight up Montfoucon way. They had noticed that he had a genius for knowing which kitchen in the outfit would serve the best dinner on any given night and for dropping in there casually at mess time.

They suspected him of an instinct for nourishment; but how great his talents were in that respect they never discovered until this particular night, when eight of the officers appealed to him to use his French to get them a decent meal. At the word, he collected seven francs from each man, vanished into the countryside, came back with a basket full of supplies, and with his own hands prepared such a luscious and wonderful six-course dinner as they had never encountered in all their days.

Fish, with a celestial sauce, eggs transformed past recognition, a salad for the gods—it was a feast unbelievable. There were inquiries, and, when cornered, M. Bouchette admitted that, prior to the war, he had been head chef for the late Alfred Vanderbilt. Now he is trying desperately hard to retain his rank and status as an interpreter.

Turkey Not Reformable.

"In Constantinople," says Henry Morgenthau in the World's Work, "I became acquainted with an American doctor who had traveled extensively in the East and who had the most intimate knowledge of conditions in the Ottoman Empire. He told me that Herr von Gwinner, the manager of the Deutsche Bank, whom he had visited in Berlin, had asked him to spend an entire evening discussing Turkish affairs. When my friend went to keep his appointment, he began this way:

"'You have set aside this whole evening to discuss the Ottoman Empire. We do not need all that time. I can tell you the whole story in just four words: Turkey is not reformable!'

"'You have summed up the whole situation perfectly,' replied Von Gwinner.

"That is the fundamental fact which we must constantly keep in mind while discussing this problem."

A Long Walk.

A Rotherham, England, postman has walked 152,000 miles during his 45 years of service, and recently celebrated his golden wedding.

GIRLS! ACT NOW! HAIR COMING OUT MEANS DANDRUFF

"DANDERINE" WILL SAVE YOUR HAIR AND DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY AT ONCE.

TRY THIS! YOUR HAIR GETS SOFT, WAVY, ABUNDANT AND GLOSSY AT ONCE.

Save your hair! Beautify it! It is only a matter of using a little Danderine occasionally to have a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, wavy and free from dandruff. It is easy and inexpensive to have pretty, charming hair and lots of it. Just spend a few cents for a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will, you can not find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

SIR HUGH JOHN PRAISES ARMY

WINNIPEG MAGISTRATE SAYS SALVATIONISTS ARE A HELPFUL AGENCY.

Sir Hugh John Macdonald, Police Magistrate of Winnipeg, who is a warm friend of the Salvation Army relates how a young woman was reinstated in decent society by that helpful agency.

"The face of a young woman rises before me," he said to an interviewer. "I can see her standing before me, charged with immorality and frequenting houses of ill-fame. To see her on the street or making purchases at a store it would be impossible to believe that one so innocent and fresh and young looking lived the life she did. Upon enquiry, I learned that her parents were one, in fact, depraved. Brought up in such company and in such an environment there seemed no alternative but for the child to go down, down to the lowest depth. I decided to give the young woman a good fatherly talk and to release her on suspended sentence, and when doing so, suggested that she see the Matron of the Salvation Army Industrial Home for Women, who would be pleased to counsel and help her in every way possible.

"Eventually, without any pressure from the Matron or myself, the young woman decided to spend a term in the Home. In one of the religious meetings which are regularly held with the inmates by the staff, she was converted, and I will never forget her calling to see me at my office and telling me of her new experience. This young woman is now happily married. Both the Matron and myself have kept in touch with her.

"I was struck on another occasion by the absolute hopeless look of a man in the dock charged with vagrancy. I found he was not what one would call a bad man, but one who had lost his self-respect, thrown up the sponge, so to speak, and let go his grip on life. I became convinced if this man could only be persuaded to take a different view of life and its problems, he could be saved; yes, saved from himself. I asked the Salvation Army Officer whether he would see if anything could be done with the man.

"The Officer gladly consented to see what could be done, took him home, arranged for him to have a good bath, fitted him out with clothes, secured him work, watched over him, sympathized with, sometimes wisely rebuked him, and ultimately was rewarded in seeing his charge take fresh courage and today he is making good.

"These are just two instances I have known of, so greater agency than the Salvation Army. This is my candid opinion, and I speak as one who comes in personal touch with its work every day."

WANTED—Boy for E. City route South end. Apply at once. Review.

Put your shoulder to Fortune's wheel and turn it to suit yourself.

Many a man has been robbed by

Bachelors Unite To Resist The Tax

MONTREAL UNMARRIED VERY INDIGNANT OVER CIVIC IMPOSITION.

Montreal, Jan. 10.—More than three hundred bachelors, who are determined to resist payment of the ten dollars tax levied by Montreal, and are pledged to support one of their number against whom action has been entered by the city in the courts as a test case, assembled at the Edinburgh Cafe to effect an organization to be known as the Bachelors Defence Committee.

Many elderly men were among the bachelors present. In nearly all cases, it was apparent, they were householders and tax-payers, with the obligation of supporting their relatives, and this, one man stated, was the principal reason why most normally constituted men remained bachelors after twenty-five years of age.

Some criticism was heard of the fact that bachelor clergy were exempted from paying the tax, but the Chairman ruled that the meeting was called to protest against the tax in its entirety as a matter of principle and that objections to it in part only, for its administration, were out of order.

Further meetings will be held shortly.

SALUTE FOR EX-PRESIDENT

Americans in Germany Pay Tribute to His Memory.

American Headquarters in Germany, Jan. 10.—A salute of twenty-one guns was fired by the artillery units of eighteen American divisions, comprising the army of occupations, as a tribute to Colonel Roosevelt. All flags were lowered at 3 p.m. A special military ceremony was held at corps headquarters.

Great thoughts seldom come in bunches.

A man's disgrace can always be traced back to himself.

As a rule, the more a man chips in the more he has to shell out.

TINY SHOPS IN PARIS.

Quaint Stores Do Business on the Quays.

The Paris quays extend for miles and for many of those miles on both sides of the river the ingenious coater has set up his shop. A desk-like box, higher behind than in front and with a lid which can at night be shut down and locked, is fastened by iron clamps to the top of the stone parapet and filled with second-hand books, prints, music, medals, even with "objects d'art" such as small dainetips or glass vases, sometimes even with bits of old brasswork, bells and other miscellaneous produce. But books predominate, second-hand books, sometimes quite swagger, well-bound editions running into the francs, but more usually paper-covered mixed heaps of books thrown together in their boxes, according to price. All here twopence, or threepence, or sixpence, as the case may be, are torn, dirty, covetous popular novels will lie side by side with well-bound, perfectly clean, even uncut scientific or literary works that, because they are foreign, or for some other reason, have had no sale.

To wander along the quays was an absorbing occupation, not only for the sake of the joy of the find when it came, but to me for the queer little bits of reading that I got by the way. Scenes from forgotten novels, three verses of a poem, quaint little bits from books that only figure in histories of literature, odd facts from all the sciences, excerpts from school-class books, and amid the debris of text-books, the sudden color of a page from the "Feliebres," the modern writers of the modern "Rague d'or," redolent with the sunshine and the scents of the "midi," which I would have to spell out slowly as a strange new tongue.

And all the while the curve of the river, between the long gray quays, the dark dome of the Institute, the towers of Notre Dame in their human strength, the sharpened point of the Cite beyond its green trees where the breakwater runs like a boom out into the river, the round extinguisher tower of the Conciergerie, or perhaps the wonderful curving end of the island, with, as the French say, the "ship" of the church thrust out a very prow upon the water, the needle steeple of the Sainte Chapelle, the great decorated mass of the Louvre, the "grand oeuvre" in stone, the trees of the Tuileries; all the sights of Paris making pictures as I read.

Always there were people round the boxes, for they seemed to draw like a magnet certain elements from the passing crowd. No matter whether the crowd was the comparatively well-dressed one of the Quai Malaquais, or the commercial joutle of the Megisserie, or the shabby half-furtive passerby of the quays above the island, the open boxes on the parapets with their tumbled heaps of discolored books drew them always to itself. And it drew us.

How many hours we have spent wandering happily down the quays intent on two or over and over the discarded books of others' libraries, in search of that we wanted and could at all afford for our own, and all the time unconsciously the silhouettes of riverside Paris were sinking deep, the qualities of its wide boulevard quays, the sound of its traffic on the bridges. The quays drew us from the most unlikely quarters, so drew us that we learned to avoid them of set purpose going out for fear we should never get away from them. So drew us that coming back, however tired or hungry or late, we would agree to stop "just a minute" and awake presently to find it was an hour.—From "Paris Through an Attic," by A. Herbage Edwards.

His Six Uninjured Sons.

Germany has been through four years and more of decimating war—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

Germany has surrendered unconditionally to the allied armies—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

German military experts are at an embarrassing stage, floundering to explain why certain things on the western front happened—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

The German Imperial Government has involved the German people in a debt of $30,000,000,000 to keep the Hohenzollerns on the throne—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

A member of the German Reichstag said a few months ago that Germany had lost 3,000,000 men in killed, wounded and prisoners up to that time—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

The German Government has drained the German people of their gold, even their jewels and heirlooms—but the Kaiser has six uninjured sons.

Every German city will be marked for decades with pitiable cripples, sacrificed to maintain imperial dynasty—but the Kaiser may still have six uninjured sons.

Color Blind.

Bees have no sight for red; in other words, to bees red is as black. A noted botanist determined exactly all the various shades of color bees can see by making experiments. In a few hours he would learn that the most desired sweets in blue or yellow dishes, but in gray dishes; and by varying the details it was easily possible to discover the color senses of the bees. They were found to confuse red and black so uniformly that it was evident that red seemed black to the bees.

THE NEW PALESTINE.

The above map shows the boundaries of Palestine that will be urged at the Peace Congress. The Zionists will ask not for the greater Palestine of Solomon, but simply for the tract of country between the ancient boundaries, and to Beersheba, or, in modern times, from the river Litteni to El-Arish. Westward they say the boundary should be the sea. Eastward, it may be that the new Arabian kingdom will preclude extension beyond the river Jordon, which may thus be the eastern boundary. Otherwise they feel that the region around Hauran and the desert tract southeastward in the direction of the Gulf of Akaba should be included. At present it is barren and practically uninhabited, but it could be

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FOR SALE—Mahogany Gramophone, floor cabinet, almost new, a bargain. Apply 490 Gilmour St.

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LOST —Monday night, brooch in shape of dragon fly, thought to be between St. John's Church and 515 Water St. on Water St. Reward on leaving at 515 Water St.

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The Olympic is expected to reach Halifax about Wednesday next with about five thousand passengers, mostly Canadian soldiers.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me about it. From the first day I took it I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

To Save Horse Feed.

A shield has been designed for horses' feed bags which prevents all spilling of grain while an animal is eating a loss which sometimes amounts to 25 per cent. The device consists of a funnel-shaped apron of cloth, with a sufficiently large opening at the bottom, which fits inside the bag, being attached to the upper edge and extending about half way down into the container. The lower end is gathered by means of a coiled spring and fits snugly about the horse's nose so that no matter how much the animal tosses its head, no grain is lost.—Popular Mechanics.

10,000 Feet Above Sea Level.

In the Alps there is one letter box at an elevation of nearly 10,000 feet above the sea level from which there are collections four times a day. There are several letter receptacles at an elevation of between 6,000 and 7,000 feet.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. Can be sent to you if you desire. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

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FIRST NAVEL ORANGE
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Guaranteed sweet and juicy.
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Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.
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FEEDING LONDON.

How World's Greatest City Was Rationed In Wartime.

Lord Rhondda's system of rationing was a triumph of organizing ability. The city of London was divided into districts, each with a food office. At the Westminster Branch, for example, 550,000 forms were on 200,000 people. In one of the poorer districts 300,000 people were cared for at another food office. Each individual was registered and received a "meat card" and a "butter and margarine card." The meat card contained 40 small squares, 4 a week for 10 weeks, and each square or coupon entitled the person to purchase at the butcher's shop where he went to register an amount of meat not exceeding five ounces. Meat was defined as "butchers' meat (including pork), offal and suet, bacon and ham, sausages, poultry and game, hares, rabbits, venison and horseflesh, and cooked, canned, preserved and miscellaneous meats of all kinds, meat in all cases to include bones."

The butcher could obtain meat from the Smithfield market in such quantities as to supply the clientele from which he collected meat coupons. The butcher was directed to divide what supplies he had as fairly as possible among his registered customers, and he was not bound to furnish the full ration to first comers unless he knew that he had enough to give full rations to all.

The enforcement of this scheme produced contentment throughout Great Britain, where it came generally into force on March 25, four weeks later than its introduction into London and the Home Counties. There was little or no fraudulent evasion of the law. In the first place, the Englishman is a law-abiding person, and, having once decided upon a law, it immediately becomes a British institution, to be defended at all costs. In the second place, each meat card bore the statement: "Penalties for misuse, 100 pounds or six months' imprisonment, or both." This was the customary penalty for any violation of the Defence of the Realm Act.—Scribner.

A Practical Forestry Policy.

Mr. Thomas Tod, of Russell, Man., in an article in the Canadian Forestry Journal, suggests a novel forestry scheme for the prairies. Mr. Tod's suggestion is that the requirements to obtain the patent for a homestead be changed from the 15 acres cultivation or other present improvements required, to the thorough cultivation and sowing with tree seeds a strip 100 feet wide on two sides of the settler's holding. The amount of land required for this strip would, Mr. Tod says, be a fraction over 12 acres on two sides of a section. Any quick-growing variety of the seed would do. Poplar, maples, willows, some of the conifers and hardwoods might be tried, according to locality.

"What are likely to be the effects of such a scheme if carried out on a large scale?" the writer goes on. "It would certainly, in the long run, improve the climate and increase the rainfall and have a tendency to conserve the moisture. It would afford shelter to the individual settler and his stock. It would in time modify, if not abolish blizzards. It would ultimately help the settler as to timber, fencing material and firewood. It would make traveling along the sheltered roads a pleasure, instead of the terrible ordeal it at present must be on these bleak, treeless plains, and I believe might ultimately eradicate summer frosts. My nearly thirty years' experience in this country forces the conclusion upon me that the places where grain is least affected by frost are either on a southern slope or have timber on the north or east of them."

The Question.

At a dinner in Edinburgh, Baron Kickuchi, principal in Tokio University, was a guest. An Englishman present told the story of a Scotsman who went to his dentist with an aching tooth and was asked if he would have gas. He replied that he would, but he should like to count his money first. Everybody laughed but the baron. A Scotsman attempted to explain the joke as the alleged foible of his race; the baron remained impassive. Others tried, but the baron said: "I do not understand." Finally he stopped the explanations. "Gentlemen," he said, "you do not understand what I do not understand." His listeners gave rapt attention. "What I do not understand," he went on, "is not why the Scotsman said what he did, but how any Scotsman should not know, at any time, without having to count it, how much money he had in his pockets."

The Coldstream Guards.

The Coldstream Guards is a regiment of footguards in the British army, forming part of the royal household brigade. It is one of the oldest regiments of the British service, dating from 1659. In that year Gen. Monk, who, after the death of Cromwell, took sides with the Parliament and the army, organised the regiment at Coldstream, a border town of Berwickshire, Scotland, whence the name of the regiment, and marched with it into England. It has seen service in every British campaign of any magnitude, and has emblazoned on its regimental colors the names of many of the most brilliant victories of British arms.

His Retort.

Richard Baxter, after the Monmouth Rebellion, appeared in the witness box before Judge Jeffreys of evil memory, and was greeted as "Butcher Judge" with—"Richard, I see a rogue in thy face!" The Puritan replied, "I was not aware, my lord, that I wore a mirror there."

Spasmodic Sermons.

A man's character is determined by what he does—his reputation by what he gets caught at.

New Food for Horses.

A new substitute for oats made with coarse treacle is given to horses in Paris.

JAPAN'S PROBLEM.

Domestic Difficulties Face Our Oriental Ally.

Prices of the various grades of rice continue extortionately high, according to the latest advices from Japan. The best grade has risen to 58.80 yen ($29.40) per koku of 4.96 English bushels. The price of third-class rice has been as high as $20.25, other grades in proportion. An estimate of the rice crop of this year is officially announced by the Japanese Government at 288,610,000 English bushels. This is an increase of 21,609,000 bushels over the previous year—an indication that the farmers have made an effort to increase the yield. "This is only an estimate," says the Osaka Mainichi, and the public should be warned against over-hasty optimism, as many things may happen to diminish the actual harvest before all the crop is gathered." The editor also urges the Government not to relax its efforts to find a correct and permanent solution of the rice problem, as the farmers, who have tasted the flavor of inordinate prices, may hold back their stock to embarrass and fleece the consuming public.

The vernacular press of Japan is filled with suggestions to the Government on rice regulation. The Osaka Mainichi favors government control of the staple and insists that such a course is entirely possible under the present Ministry, but would not be under a bureaucratic administration. The editor sees in this fact opportunity to prove the superiority of a party cabinet. The Osaka Asahi criticises the ministry's negative policy regarding the rice problem and blames the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, Mr. Yamamoto. It feels sure his estimates of the new crop are exaggerated, and sees no prospect of a decline in prices.

Nearly all the Japanese journals of Tokio, Yokohama and Osaka call for abolition of the import duty on foreign rice and for repeal of an ordinance naming certain individuals and companies as exclusive importers of the foreign product. The Tokio Nichinichi insists that all measures yet tried by the Government to regulate and reduce the price of the national staple have failed, but is more hopeful than other journals regarding the adequacy of the new crop. The Tokio Jiji claims that public opinion is unanimously in favor of the removal of the duty on problem is imperative. Its editor lays much of the blame upon an inflated currency. He believes in a more elastic interpretation of the Shipping Control Ordnance. He likewise advocates welcoming immigrants.

While on this subject it may be mentioned that the Tokio Nichi-nichi, one of the most influential daily newspapers in Japan, despairs of a return to anti-bellum usages or prices. While present cost of living may be modified, the people of the country have become inclined to live better than ever before, and they will find a return to former modes of life difficult, if not impossible. In short, the editor of the Nichi-nichi believes that more than half of what is described as "distress among the middle class" is due to living beyond means and spending money for maintaining appearances. The editor earnestly appeals to members of this class, constituting the bulk of the Japanese nation, to cultivate the virtues of thrift and modest living.

To Pool War Debts.

The French Government is considering a bill proposed by Deputy Jacques Steen, establishing among the Allies an international financial union. The purpose of this union would be to distribute the expense of the war between the nations on the basis of population and power to be.

The proposition is supported by 100 delegates. It is understood that a similar plan is under consideration by the British Government, but no definite steps have as yet been taken in London.

It is estimated that the expenses of the Allies totaled 424,000,000,000 francs, which the Central Powers' expenses aggregated 370,000,000,000 francs.

Annual budgets at 5 per cent., with one-half of 1 per cent. premium for amortization, would total more than 42,000,000,000 francs. To avoid international bankruptcy it is declared that such an association is necessary to float an international loan estimated at 518,000,000,000 francs, to be distributed on a basis of population and production. Each state would guarantee its proportion from customs and other revenues.

All exchange questions, freight rates and prices of raw material would be handled through the centralized agency of the association. Provision is made for the admission of neutral states.

Even the Central Powers, upon terms prescribed by the Allies, may join, thus re-establishing international credit, which is held to be an essential condition to the economic development of the world.

M. Steen, the author of the bill, hopes that the peace conference will adopt the plan, at least in principle, leaving a special commission to arrange the details.

Food In Switzerland.

The food rations in Zurich per person per month for the month of August have just been published as follows: Sugar, 1.10 lbs.; alimentary pastes, 0.40 lb.; rice, 0.88 lb.; fats and oils, 0.77 lb.; butter, 0.33 lb.; cheese, 0.55 lb.; flour, 0.77 lb. The bread ration is fixed at half a pound per day, with 0.22 pound additional for laborers.

As to milk, children under 15 and adults over sixty are allowed 1.05 quarts per day; all others, one-half that. While the milk ration remains the same condensed and evaporated milk is also now rationed.

Gray-haired Young Women Increase.

London, England, hairdressers say there has been a great increase in gray-haired young women, due to the war.

An ordinary human being uses up 267 cubic feet of air each twenty-four hours.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Approved Endorsed Used by All Canadians
NP SOAP

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS
Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat	2 10
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 30
Oats	75
Rye, per bush.	1 54
Peas, per bush.	2 00
Barley	1 10
Hay, per ton.	$20 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	4 00
Horse hair, farmers' stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids		14
in barrels, No. 1,		16
Cakes, No. 1		18 19
Chickens	$ 30	$ 30
Geese	30	30
Eggs	70	70
Butter	55	55
Pork	28	30
Beef	18	20
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
Ditto green	16	17
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25

Close "Straight" Arm.

A Canadian officer, wounded early in the war, came to St. Katharine's Lodge, one of the American Red Cross orthopedic hospitals in London, to have his left arm made over. The elbow had been shattered. The officer was given a choice of having a weak, movable elbow, or a strong stiff one. Without hesitation, the Canadian chose the stiff elbow, and astonished the surgeons by asking that the arm be made perfectly straight so he could use a hunting rifle and a billiard cue.

Another Canadian officer insisted on having his smashed leg so rebuilt that he could continue to ride a horse. It required months of orthopedic treatment, but when the patient finally left the hospital to return to his ranch in Western Canada he was ready for the saddle.

These cases illustrate not only the special work of an orthopedic hospital, but how closely the surgeons consult the wishes of their patients.

Salt In New Zealand.

Sea water will be pumped by electricity and evaporated by the sun at a new plant that is expected to supply New Zealand with almost its entire requirement of salt.

American soft coal production in 1917 was 551,790,563 net tons, 10 per cent. more than in 1916.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Ought to Save Money.

A Lowell man works at the Lawrence street plant of the United States Cartridge company and his wife works on Market street. He works nights and she works days. When he gets home in the morning she's gone and when she comes home at night he's gone. But they see each other on Saturday long enough to go to the bank together and tuck a nice little roll away after the bills are paid.—Boston Globe.

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
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Canadian Horses At Mt. Clemens

Mount Clemens, Jan. 9. With the daily arrival of horses at Clinton Vitw park here for the winter race meeting, opening on January 13, many fast miles and quarters are being reeled off by entrants in preparation for the coming contests.

Nat Ray has worked his new green pacer, Freddie Grattan a mile in 2.15 1-4, with the last half in 1.06 and the last quarter in .32 1 4, and it ill take some pacer to beat the speedy Canadian. But there are many in his class to dispute his right to first money and a great race is looked forward to when he strikes Vic Fleming, with Lule Grattan, who paced a fourth heat here at the fall meeting in 2.10 1-2.

In the same event B. Shiveley has Linde C., who has been a mile in 2.15 1-2, and there has been considerable discussion as to the relative merit of these pacers.

Vic Fleming arrived yesterday with Lule Grattan and the veteran ice pacer, Mussell Shell, 2.06 1-4, who meets the fast Roy Grattan, 2.07 to renew their battle of last winter. Billy Sunday, the property of Ben. Porter, of Burlington, Ont., is also a member of the Fleming stable, and is expected to do his share towards the spring training bills.

Robert Trench's stable from Tecswater, Ont., arrived on Saturday, in charge on Johnny Mullen, headed by Roy Grattan, 2.07, a consistent winner on eastern tracks this season. Chipstew Belle, 2.15, Phyllis Admiral, a pacer now converted to the trot, and the Canadian ice champion Paddy, R., 2.11 1-4 make up the balance of a strong stable.

Many reservations have been made from Montreal, Ottawa and Kingston, as well as Syracuse and Buffalo, for stabling accommodation.

AT EAST CITY RINK

There will be good skating at the East City rink and there is an excellent opportunity for those who enjoy that healthful exercise in the open air. Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evening there is a band in attendance.

The Eastern Ontario Dairymen's convention at Belleville is marked by the best exhibition of cheese ever yet seen in Canada.

BRINGING UP FAHTER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

IF ANY OF MR. JIGGS FRIENDS CALL ON HIM AT THIS HOUSE I WANT YOU TO THROW THEM OUT.
I'LL CARRY OUT YOUR ORDERS MUM!
OH! I SUPPOSE YOU DON'T WANT TO SEE ME.
NO INDEED - JUST TELL MRS JIGGS AND YOUR DAUGHTER THAT OSWALD IS HERE.
THERE'S A FRIEND OF MINE DOWN STAIRS TELL'EM TO COME UP.
A FRIEND OF YOURS!
JAMES - WHAT DOES THIS MEAN.
YOUR HUSBAND SAID HE WAS HIS FRIEND.

LATE COL. ROOSEVELT WAS A FIRM FRIEND OF ATHLETICS

Himself an Accomplished Athlete He Had Friends in all Lines of Sport—His Relaxation From Cares of Office.

Much can and undoubtedly will be written of Theodore Roosevelt as a lover of clean sport, a participant in most of the more strenuous forms of competition and exercise, and as a patron of all vigorous, exacting, fruitful sports. His name has always been associated with athletics, and he often fell into the vernacular of strenuous sports when applying his forceful speech to great public questions of the moment. His "hit the line hard" as a motto in life, is as good advice as could be given a young man starting out on a career.

One of those who knew him best was George B Underwood, for years a writer on amateur and college sports on the New York Sun. Underwood has frequently been in Roosevelt's party at big athletic events, knew Teddy's predilection and fondness for all kinds of endeavor and strenuous competition that brought out the gameness and stamina of men, and is best able to write of him. Therefore the following from the pen of a man who knew him, is of interest to all who admired Roosevelt.

Knew the Champions

No president, no man high in public life, ever had as great love for manly sports as Theodore Roosevelt Few man ever had so many acquaintances in sport, amateur and professional, as the late former president. He knew intimately and openly expressed his friendship for John L. McGovern and Prof. Mike Donovan, among the boxers; Billy Mlideon, Ernest Roeber and Bill Brown among the wrestlers.

The American Athletes who, upon Roosevelt's invitation, visited him at Oyster Bay in 1908 were surprised at his knowledge of athletics and his familiarity with their doings.

The veteran trainer, Mike Murphy, was the first in line when the introductions were being made. "No need of introducing Murphy," broke in Mr. Roosevelt on the late James E. Sullivan, who was introducing the athletes. "Mike and I are old friends."

"Ah, Mr. Shepherd, glad to meet you," ex-President Roosevelt exclaimed to the Olympic champion "That was a bully race you ran in the 800-meter event.

"Well, if here isn't Martin Sheridan, the greatest athlete of them all. Martin, you and I must have a little talk as soon as I meet the rest of the boys and we get a chance to get together.

Proud of Johnny Hayes

"And Little Johnny Hayes—the little man with the big, stout heart! Johnny, you showed the British something about Yankee grit and gameness, I reckon. Now tell me, marathon harder on you than the last mile? Yes, I thought so. Once we get past the middle part of any difficult undertaking the worst is over. And how much weight did you lose? Sixteen pounds! My word, I guess I'll have to go out and do a marthon if it will take weight off that way."

Through athletics Theodore Roosevelt developed from a puny, sickly child into a strong, robust man. Realising the benefits accruing from indulgence in athletics he continued to exercise regularly as long as he was able to. Just before his last sickness Col. Roosevelt spent a fortnight at a physical culture farm at Stamford.

When he became president Col. Roosevelt gave a mild shock to the advocates of Jeffersonian simplicity and the worshippers of historic association by converting the cabinet room of the White House into what he playfully declared the "Administration's Department of Physical Culture."

The well known cabinet table, bookcases, maps, globes, clocks, chairs, rugs, bronze and marble busts gave way to wrestling mats, shields, boxing gloves, foils, single sticks wire masks and punching bags.

There Col. Roosevelt used to box with the late Prof. Mike Donovan wrestle with Prof. J. J. O'Brien of Boston and joust with single sticks with Col. Leonard Wood. It was there, too, that President Roosevelt took jui-jitsu lessons from Hitachyyamit, the famous master of the ancient art of the Samurai. On the tennis court outside the president daily would engage in matches with Ambassador Jusserand of France generally as his partner. Across the Potomac was an open hilly section in which Col. Roosevelt and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts occasionally took cross-country runs.

President Roosevelt always was a familiar figure at Harvard-Yale football games and at the boat races in New London. He especially was fond of football and watched the sport closely. Just how closely can be seen by the following incident:

On December 4, 1905, the committee to notify President Roosevelt that the house was organized and ready for business, Representative McCleary of Minnesota, Littauer of New York and Williams of Mississippi, called Secretary Loeb to ask him when the president could see them. It was then approaching 3 o'clock.

Follower of Football

"The president cannot see you between 3 and 6 o'clock," Loeb telephoned after a consultation with Col. Roosevelt.

"Why not?" asked the committee.

"He is busy," said Loeb, and hung up the telephone.

The president was busy talking football with Walter Camp and Jass Owsley of Yale, Bill Reid and Dr. T. Hillebrand and John B. Fine of Princeton. The previous season had resulted in many more accidents than usual and the president was of the opinion that for the good of the game that rules should be revised. It was for that purpose he had called Mr. Camp and associates to Washington.

SPORT NOTES

Vernon Forbes has signed to play for the Goodyear team in the Beaches League senior series. Stinson of St. Patricks is also with the Goodyear sextette, and they should make a good showing in the race for the title.

Edmonton Bulletin:—Manitoba and Saskatchewan Amateur Hockey Associations are out to promote junior hockey. But Alberta has apparently forgotten that a player must first be in the junior class before he can be a senior.

Springfield Republican:—Jacques, former Springfield high school boy, is rover on the hockey team representing the United States ship Nantucket The players are all former school boy athletes and all of them are under twenty years of age.

According to Harry Mummery, the big defence man of the Arenas, the Western teams are not as strong as in former years. Mummery was a spectator at the game in which Brandon defeated Winnipeg Argonauts 5 to 4, and he expressed the opinion that neither sextettt possessed the strength of the majority of the O.H.A. senior teams.

Tom Powell, well known as a pitcher with the Brantford O.B.A.A. team, is dead as a result of an attack of influenza.

The touring Waterloo county curlers were defeated at St. Thomas and London. They will play in Detroit tonight and in Windsor tomorrow.

Manager Gleason of the Chicago Americans will recall players who jumped to the shipyards and steel leagues. President Comiskey of the club stated that these men would never play for the White Sox again

Arenas of Toronto were defeated by 2 at Ottawa last night in the N.H.L., the Ottawa team thereby getting on even terms with the Canadiens. Mummery reported to the Toronto team and played brilliantly.

In announcing that the Royal Bank will open branches in France South America Mr. Edson L. Pease pointed out that foreign branches of Canadian banks are essential for commercial self-preservation.

EKOS WIN FROM HIGH ROLLERS

ALF. FIELDER MAKES RECORD OF 300 FOR ONE GAME.

Last night in the 5-pin league at the Water street alleys, the Eko Club took 2 games from the High Rollers. Alf. Fielder put up a league record for a single game, with the score of 00. Eko Club rolled in the 3rd game the grand total of 1018. Heaslip for the High Rollers had the count with 601. The scores were:

Eko Club.	1st	2nr	3rd	Total
Fielder	141	131	300—	572
Browelth	143	153	213—	509
Jackson	185	138	214—	537
Stansfield	157	168	148—	473
Solomon	171	107	143—	521
Totals	797	797	1018—2612	

High Rollers.	1st	2nr	3rd	Total
Thomas	137	182	117—	436
Barrett	90	170	196—	456
Thompson	147	127	147—	421
Gettas	193	160	213—	566
Heaslip	172	193	236—	601
Totals	739	832	909—2480	

SENATORS WIN FROM ARENAS

OTTAWA TEAM TAKES LAST NIGHTS GAME BY 4-2 SCORE.

Ottawa, Jan. 10.—Securing a lead of one goal in the first period in which Toronto Arenas, if anything, had a shade over the home team, and playing them to a finish in the second and third period, Ottawa defeated the Stanley Cup holders by 4 to 2 last night, thus closing up on Canadiens in the championship race. Though the weather had turned bitterly cold and a tie-up in the street-car service prevented many from attending, a big crowd turned out.

The hockey was fast and very interesting at all stages, particularly in the third session, in which Ottawa put up their prettiest play. Arenas furnished some brilliant hockey nevertheless, and, though they met defeat, they again demonstrated that they will take a lot of beating before the championship has been decided.

Coach Smith usd only two substitutes, George Bpuches and Eddie Lowrey, keeping his Big Six in the play for the greater part of the time. The line up:

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; points, Clogborn and Gerard; centre, Nighbor; wings, Darragh and Dennenay.

Toronto—Goal, Lindsay; points, Mummery and Cameron; centre, Noble; wings Crawford and Skinner.

(Boucher) sub. Dennaney; Ronan sub. Adams; Lowrey sub. Meeking.

Referee—Harvey Pulford.

Judge of play—Charlie McKinley.

Umpires—Joe Wallace and Alf. Living.

NEILL TROPHY IS ON EXHIBITION

HANDSOME SILVER CUP TO BE COMPETED FOR BY CURLERS.

The Neill trophy is on exhibition at the Curling Rink today. It is to be competed for each year by the [illegible], Keene, Lakefield, Millbrook, Norwood and Peterborough. The secretaries of these clubs have been informed of the date when the match will be played, Tuesday, January 14th, the draw to be made at nine o'clock in the morning, and it is expected that each of the places mentioned will enter several rinks for the event.

Rules governing the match have been posted on the bulletin board and the skips of the club are asked to enter their names if at all possible. The following have so far responded to the appeal: Messrs. McDermid, Hicks, Kay, Archibald and Wadsell.

The Neill tropny is a remarkably handsome cup of large dimensions including the mahogany pedestal it is over two and a half feet in height and will measure at least two feet in width, inclusive of the handles. It is valued at $100.00 and was donated to the club by Mr. Robert Neill of this city. It is a splendid looking souvenir and will be competed for with ardor by the neighboring clubs mentioned above.

Yesterday's Games

Yesterday the following games were played in accordance with the schedule:

C. J. Overend		G. Hall	
J. H. Sherwood		B. McNeely	
J. M. Lowes		W. Montgomery	
O. Davidson	16	A. C. Kay	18
A. G. Roberts		W. H. Meredith	
G. E. Smith		J. H. Beels	
G. L. Dobbin		F. Brownscombe	
J. Kenner	4	H. F. Foote	15
F. Bartlett		F. L. Jenne	
A. L. Killaly		R. Gollops	
A. Moore		R. Sturgeon	
R. Hicks	13	G. G. Stevenson	9
B. D. McLean		G. S. Matthews	
E. Taylor		F. J. Linton	
W. J. Henry		J. Brightman	
J. H. Metheral	8	T. Brightman	14

Baron Allardt von Dem G. Muenich, nephew of Count von Bernstorff, was sentenced at San Francisco yesterday to three months in jail for having a forged passport.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night and Saturday
Daily Matinee 2.15 Evening 8.15
Prices—25c and 50c Evening 25c, 50c and 75c
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
"HEARTS OF THE WORLD"
With Royal Symphony Orchestra
Jules Brazil, Conductor

Coming Mon., Tues., Wed., 8.15 Spec. Wed. Mat. 2.30 **Jan. 13-14-15**
POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH.

SEE
NOT A MOTION PICTURE

- The Greatest Cast Ever Organized in the History of the American Stage.
- The Flock of Real Sheep Come Down the Scenic Runway 50 Feet High.
- The Gorgeous and Glittering Ballet of Beautiful Dancing Girls.
- The Magnificent Scene of the Revel of the Idolators in the House of Nadina.
- The Massive Stage Settings so big that Ordinary Theatres Could Not Hold Them.
- The Riot of Color in the Wonderful Pictorial Representation of Jerusalem.

ALL THIS AND MORE IN THE WORLD'S MOST GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

...THE...
WANDERER
STAGED BY DAVID BELASCO
Written by MAURICE V. SAMUELS. Music by G. GOETZL. Dances by A. KOSLOFF.
William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present
The Gorgeousness of the Orient in the time of King Solomon transplanted in all its glory in this wonderful spectacle.

NEVER BEFORE
In the history of theatres throughout the universe has such a colossal and magnificent stage production been placed before mortal eye.
YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS PLAY.
A COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED LIVING PEOPLE.
An array of artists of the first magnitude.

Prices: Nights 50c to $2.00 Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50
GET YOUR SEATS NOW.
Mail orders will be filled in order of receipt. State which location you wish and enclose cheque or money order for exact amount, including war tax, with self-addressed, stamped envelope, and seats will be sent you by return mail. Make all drafts and money orders payable to Manager, Grand Opera House, Peterborough.
SEATS NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE

Brock St. RINK Now Open
SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK
Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band
GOOD ICE

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can send.
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

It pays to shop on Hunter St Out of the high rent district.

INVALID STOUT
Splendid tonic for people in a run-down condition. Half dozen and dozen bottle lots delivered.
If you don't like Stout we have White Label Ale.
SWEET ORANGES FRESH CANDIES, ETC. for Busy People
Raisins
We have the good old-fashioned Raisins with the seeds in. Currants, the food black kind. Also Table and Shelled Walnuts and Almonds.
James R. Bell's SANITARY GROCERY
Phone 455-W 197 Hunter St
Goods Delivered
CANADA FOOD BOARD
License No. 8-2409

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

TO-DAY and SATURDAY

We shall offer a grouping of Coats at

$5.00 each
$15.00 each
$20.00 each
$30.00 each

We have 2 Black Plush Coats left. We offer these at $25 each

The Barrie Building
Phone 349

We Grind the Lens

This work is done accurately under our personal supervision, where there is no chance for a mistake. This is a saving of time. We can duplicate your broken lenses without prescription. See DR. LACEY, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WANTED—Boy for west end route. Apply at once, Review.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

The monthly meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held on Thursday, the 16th inst. at 3.30 p. m., in the Y.W.C.A. Nomination papers must be returned at this meeting and final arrangements made for the annual meeting in February.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
236 Hunter Street. Phone 2845.

WAR'S LESSON

The lessons of economy and thrift have been hard to master, but in the mastering has come a knowledge of needs but dimly realized before. The needs of a cheaper distribution of groceries caused the suggestion to be made by some Peterboro woman which resulted in the opening of The Grocateria in the Old Market Arcade.

ENGINEER'S CLUB HEAR OFFICERS

CAPTAIN ROGERS AND MAJOR BRADBURN DESCRIBE WORK AT FRONT.

Last night at Hooper's the Engineers' Club of the city held a social evening. There was a large number of members present and Capt. Claude Rogers and Major Frank Bradburn described their technical experiences while at the front. Both were civil engineers and were able to speak in an interesting manner upon the great feats accomplished at the during the war.

A musical program was provided by Messrs. Herb Rush and John Allan and a very pleasant time was spent.

At the next meeting of the Club Mr. E. V. Moore will speak upon the manufacture of peat.

ANCHOR SEE TROUBLE

Stop Industry in St. Catharines and Other Places.

St. Catharines, Jan. 10.—Anchor ice in the feed channel leading to the power-house of the Dominion Power and Transmission Company at Decew Falls completely tied up the system and all concerns in this city, Hamilton and other places depending on this source of light, heat and power. The company hopes to have the proble msolved some time today.

SLIGHTLY USED MACHINES FOR SALE

Machines used by different societies sewing for the Red Cross, etc. No reasonable offer refused. In new machines we sell Standard, Singer, New Williams. If you have a machine of any make not giving good service, write, phone or call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Liberal allowance for old machines. J. W. STUART 390 Water St. Peterboro. Munro House Block. Store Phone 713f House 713w.

TWO MORE

(Continued from Page One)

ers, 165 of other ranks and 546 civilians, the latter chiefly women and children. During the voyage exceptionally rough weather was experienced and many were sick. Spanish influenza broke out and four passengers fell victims and were buried at sea. A child was also buried at sea.

NOTICE

The 57th band will practice tonight.

ROYAL THEATRE

Tonight, tomorrow afternoon and evening special Metro and Triangle features, drama and western drama. Special—first episode of the million dollar Pathe serial, "Pearl White," in three parts, which is the first episode showing tonight, tomorrow afternoon and evening.

The Royal's program for tonight and tomorrow will be one of the best ever shown. Come and judge for yourself. Admission only 16c, including War Tax.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Pte. Henry Ernest Crofts, who went overseas with the 8th Mounted Rifles and has been a prisoner of war for two years and eight months, is officially reported returned to England on Jan. 4.

WHY USE SUBSTITUES ?
NOTE OUR LARD SPECIALS

Rose Brand Lard 35c per lb.

M-B Brand pure Lard 33c lb.

Secure the benefit of "quantity" prices by ordering lard in the larger packages

MATTHEWS-BLACKWELL, LTD.

COLLEGIATE CHRISTMAS EXAMS

Middle School Form 4b

Dorothy Mills 78 per cent.; Katie Anderson 69, Marjorie Stenton 64, Allin McIntosh 61, Fred Doupe 62, Amess Conway 61, Homer Borland 61, Morgan Cottingham 58, Jean Middleton 58, Archie Hood 57, Jack MacDonald 55, Marjorie Best 55, Margaret Malott 55, James Pogue 54, Ella Smith 54, Gordon Yeaman 51, Madeline Pulkinghorn 51.

Form 2a

Madeline Stinson 80 per cent, Jean Elliot 87, Gertie Hood 71, Harry Jackson 69, Vera Stock 68, Fred Marshall 68, Gurth Pretty 67, Helen Middleton 66, William Mowat 66, Jack Porteous 65, Edna Allin 64, Bernard Park 64, Archie Zacks 63, Muriel Bridge 62, Roberta Rightmeyer 62, Charles Armstrong 62, Lloyd Gillespie 62, Helen Carter 61, Reginald Dixon 60, George Ross 56, Herbert Young 56, Fred Rutherford 55, Reginald Hug 51, Crauston Layfield 51.

ORCHESTRA OF RARE TALENT WITH 'HEARTS OF THE WORLD'

Magnificent Music Accompanies Every Picture Shown on the Screen--Mr. Jules Brazil Is Director.

Hearts of the World is rightly called a supreme triumph from beginning to end there is not a moment when the spectators whole attention is not riveted upon the screen.

A short prologue introducing the British House of Parliament and the French Chamber of Deputies in August, 1914 is followed by one of the most charming love scenes.

Like a thunderbolt the order to mobilize is posted in the French village and soon after, the French, after repeatedly repulsing the enemy are finally driven from their last defense of the village by the German hordes.

The German occupation of a once happy village the terrible experiences through which the unfortunate civilians pass, seem almost beyond belief, and yet there is every reason to know that D. W. Griffith's portrayal is true.

Finally the German terror is driven from the village, now in ruins.

Superb Orchestra.

The "Hearts of the World" is alone worth price of admisson and the splendid symphoney orchestra accompanyng the picture is also worth the money. The score is the most fascinating one yet heard to any film and is set by the same musican as compiled the "Birth of a Nation." And strange to say we find the conductor of the "Hearts of the World" Mr. Jules Brazil was here before as orchestral director of the "Birth of a Nation" and "Intolerance" and he has with him some of the same soloists, including Mr. Anthony Braglio the harpist, Joseph Williams, violinist, Frank Lapetina, the young 'cellist and Carl Wagner, contra bass. In the Brass and wood wind section there is Chas. De Rose, the flantist, Albert Denning and Raphaele Patrizi, the famous trumpet player. The percussion instruments are handled by Albert Strube and his excellent tympany playing must be commented upon. "The Birth of a Nation" was indeed a great score but the "Hearts of the World" is just as clever and perhaps more perfect in the detail of setting. One hears excerpts from Sir Arthur Sullivan, Chopin, Beethoven, Wagner, Edward Elgar, and sprinklings of the famous symphonies and yet the ordinary mind is satisfied and charmed with some of the lighter themes such as "Peek aboo" for the little boy and "Honey Go Play in Your Own Backyard" for the gosling, all beautifully rendered and skillfully conducted by Mr. Brazil, who is a past master in directing symphony orchestras with large productions. To listen to the "Hearts of the World" orchestra revives one of the pleasant recollections of the "Birth of a Nation" orchestra, for there is no comparison whatever in their wonderful work.

Oddfellow Lodges Install Officers

The officers of Otonabee Lodge No. 13 and of Peterboro Lodge No. 111, I.O.O.F., were installed last evening by P. G. Londerville, D.D., G.M.:

Otonabee Lodge No. 13.

P.G. M. L. Campbell—N. G.
Bro. O. C. Callendar—V. G.
Bro. E. Bartlett—R. S.
P.G. Thos. Sills—Fin. Sec.
P.G. J. L. Karus—Treas.
Bro. Geo. Thompson—Warden.
Bro. John Walsh—Con.
Bro. E. Hodson—Chaplain.
P.G. J. E. Emmerson—R. S. N. G.
P.G. Henry Turner—L. S. N. G.
Bro. G. Moore—R. S. V. G.
Bro R. Herron—L. S. V. G.
Bro. H. Webb—R. S. S.
Bro Leslett—L. S. S.
Bro. J. Goodwin—I. G.

Peterboro Lodge No. 111.

P.G. W. Hooper—I. P. G.
Bro. H. Carter—N. G.
Bro. C. Chapman—V. G.
P.G. J. M. White—R. S.
P.G. R. Reid—Warden.
Bro. G. Hall—Con.
P.G. R. MaJones—Chaplin.
P.G. F. Reid—R. S. N. G.
P.G. H. Huffman—L. S. N. G.
Bro. E. P. Clarke—R. S. V. G.
Bro. Perry—L. S. V. G.
Bro. Wm. Petrie—R. S. S.
Bro. P. Perie—L. S. S.
Bro. B. Miller—I. G.
Bro. I. Richardson—O. G.

Presented With Jewell.

After the installation of officers was concluded P.G. Hillier called on P.G. Elliott and P.G. Londerville, D. D. G. M., to preform a pleasant duty. P.G. Elliott asked P.G. Vallery to come to the platform and in a few well-chosen words thanked him for the great assistance he has always given in the work. He then called upon P.G. Londerville, D.D.G.M., to in the Jewell on Bro. Vallery, who acknowledged the gift in a few appropriate remarks.

Men are good—good for something or good for nothing.

Of bad things your own bad temper should head the list.

Common sense extracts more solid comfort from life than genius does.

One burlesque show will keep some men awake longer than a dozen sermons.

Translated Into English.

All books of the Old Testamen apocrypha, 14 in number, have been translated into English, and are included as apochryphal books in some editions of the Bible. They were formerly printed under a distinctive heading between the Old and the New Testaments, and in that form can still be found in many old family Bibles. They are always included in the so called Septuagint, a version of the Bible used by the Greek church.

Tests Straw.

Experiments have recently been carried out in two Scottish mills for the purpose of determining the yield and of testing the utility of straw pulp. Both wheat and oat straw were tested, and fairly satisfactory results were obtained. A yield of pulp was obtained from oat straw equal to 35 per cent of the weight of bone-dry straw. There is said to be a surplus production of 620,000 tons of straw in Scotland alone.

Bronze Casting an Ancient Art.

The art of bronze casting was introduced into Siam by the Chinese about the eleventh century and many statues of the Indian divinities were cast from it for religious purposes.

Musical Criticism.

Patience—"Do you know the name of that piece?" Patrice—"Do you mean the one the woman was singing or the one her accompanist was playing?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Worse'n Job.

Said the facetious feller: "When it comes to genuine misfortune that muchly advertised giraffe with sore throat is slow traffic compared with a centipede for corns."

Fuller's Earth in Big Demand.

Fuller's earth is worth more per ton in the United States than the ore from many large gold mines now paying handsome dividends. Florida is the leading producer.

Burglarious Soliloquy.

Frank, seeing a bumblebee for the first time, said to his brother: "Hear that bug whispering to itself."

Long Distance Covered.

Including all the movements of the earth, a person travels 85,255 miles in taking a three-mile walk.

Optimistic Thought.

Revenge is sure though sometimes slowly served.

Splendid Qualities-Unlimited Choice

Magnificent Values

Make for Success in our January Clearance Sales and the the Announcements Below Are Splendid Examples of our Impressive January Values.

MILLINERY SALE SPECIALS

A Clean-Up of All Untrimmed Shapes $1.00
Formerly Priced Up to $6.00

Your choice of our entire stock of Untrimmed Shapes, including Silk Beavers, Velvets, Felts and Velours, in black and a variety of colors. All grouped together and marked to clear at a fraction of their former prices. Regular value up to $6.00. January Clearance Sale Each **$1.00**

Children's Hats, Regular Value Up to $3.50
Clearing Saturday at 50c

End of the season clearance of Children's Hats, in felts, corduroys and velvets; good range of styles and colors. Regular values up to $3.50. January Clearance Sale, each .. **50c**

Special Sale of Fine Hand-Painted and Nippon China, Regular Values from 19c to $15.00. Saturday Exactly Half Price 9½c to $7.50

The assortemnt includes Match-holders, Cream Pitchers, Toothpick Holders, Jewel Cases, Tea Plates, Marmalade Holders, Cups and Saucers, Bon-bon Dishes, Pin Trays, Olive Trays, Cocoa Sets, Cream and Sugar Sets, Syrup Jugs, Salad Bowls, Berry Sets and Tea Sets. All regularly priced from 19c to $15.00. Saturday your choice, exactly Half Price ..... **9½c to $7.50**

High Grade Separate Serge Skirts
Regular $10.00 Values for $6.98

In all the newest styles, in black and navy blue only. To be cleared during the January Sale at **$6.98**

Women's Hosiery 47c Regular Value 75c pair

Fifty dozen pair of women's heavy winter weight Cashmere finest black stockings, "manufacturer's seconds," which means slightly imperfect. Every pair is very carefully mended, and only an expert could notice the imperfections. The quality is extra good, and if perfect the regular value would be 75c. We have been selling them at 59c a pair, but for Saturday a further reduction is made. All sizes. January Clearance Sale, pair **47c**

Extra Special Value Silk Cord Delaine Regular $1.75 on Sale 89c yard

We have a few shades left in this most wonderful value Silk Cord Delaine. It's a beautiful soft, silky material that will interest you if you are planning a new dress for any occasion. Five nice colors from which to choose: rose, taupe, green, navy and black. Forty inches wide and regular $1.75 ... January Clearance Sale yard **89c**

If You Want Real Good Flannelette Buy This 45c Quality for 29c yard

This special quality sale Flannelette is the very best Canadian make, and it is full 36 inches wide. Excellent heavy quality in a tremendous range of woven stripe patterns and absolutely fast colors. Patterns suitable for ladies' and children's wear, men's pyjamas, boys' shirts, etc. A genuine big value. Regular 45c. January Clearance Sale ..... Per yard **29c**

Hand Sleighs
AT SPECIAL PRICE REDUCTIONS
$2.25 & $2.50 Sleighs $1.89
90c Sleighs 75c
75c Sleighs 59c
REGULAR $10.00 VALUES

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

SEND THANKS FOR TIMELY GIFTS

TO MEMBERS OF SOLDIERS' WIVES' AND MOTHERS' CLUB.

Mrs. Wiskin, 280 Thomas street, has received the following letter from overseas:

France, December 9, 1918.

To all the kind members of the Soldiers' Wives and Mothers' Club of Peterborough.

Dear King Members:

It is with great pleasure I write these few lines to acknowledge the gift of one pair of socks and package of gum given me today by Mr. Lancaster, the recipient of the parcel of socks and gum from your club. Now dear ladies, please accept many thanks, combined with gratitude also fondest wishes for a very merry Christmas and happy New Year to all the members of your club.

Tpr. Merriman, A.D. 88734.
1st Can. Vet. Hospital.
LeHarve, France.

A Saskatchewan boy, one who will not forget your kindness.

Introduced Himself.

Grandma was out walking with her small grandson when a large dog came running along the walk. The little boy started to pet the dog when grandma warned him not to, saying that he was strange to the dog and might get hurt. At that the little fellow walked over to the dog, made a bow, and said: "I'm Ford Bradley. Now you know me, don't you?"

Intelligent Maine Dog.

A Gardiner (Me.) dog was caught on the trestle over the new Maine Central viaduct and could not reach the end ahead of the fast-coming train. Being afraid to jump off because of the distance to the ground, the dog dropped his body over one of the sleepers, letting his head and legs hang between the sleepers. The engine and six cars passed along and then doggie perked up one ear, found the coast was clear and calmly finished his journey home.

Tremendous Drop In Prices

Commencing Saturday and all next week we are going to create new records in prices and values. For the purpose of reducing our stock for stock-taking we intend clearing a large part of our stock at pre war prices. If you want to lay in a supply submit your order to us and let us give you a quotation. We will certainly astonish you. Below are a few sample prices:

Pkge Peas, 2 for	25c
Libby's Mince Meat, 2 for	35c
Evaporated Peaches, per lb.	23c
Gusto Corn Flakes, 2 for	23c
Large, pure maple syrup	70c
Shoe Polishes, 3 for	24c
Stove polishes, 3 for	25c
Steve enamel	10c
P Soap, 3 for	25c
Tea black or green, value 70c lb	
3 lb lots	53c
in 5 lbs lots	51c
in 10 lb lots	49c
Sugar Cured breakfast bacon, small sides by the piece per lb	33c

A. W. PASKINS
Cut Rate Cash Grocers
Cor. Hunter and Aylmer Sts.
Phone 317
All orders of $1.00 and over delivered at these prices

Many a man can trace his ruin to his enemies and many others could doubtless trace the origin of his downfall to a pretended friend.

CHOCOLATE SPECIAL for NEW YEARS EVE

20p.c. Discount

on all Fancy Display Packages, ranging in prices from $1.50 up.

FRESH STOCK
NEILSON'S SPECIALS
Only a limited supply at above discounts.

WARNE Drug Co. Limited
351 George St
Phone 527w

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and mild. Light local snow tonight. Fair and a little colder.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 10 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

EBERT'S FORCES ARE NOW IN FULL CONTROL IN BERLIN

Government Army Capture the Police Headquarters--People Are Urged to Support the Dynasty.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 13.—Government forces have captured police headquarters after a short bombardment. The Ebert Government is now in complete control.

British Oust Spartacans.

Copenhagen, Jan. 13.—British troops have occupied Duesseldorf, which has been in the hands of Spartacans. Duesseldorf is a town in Rhinish Prussia. It is situated on the right bank of the Rhine, 21 miles northwest of Cologne.

Royal House Askes Aid.

London, Jan. 13.—Luxembourg Government has issued a proclamation appealing to the people against the movement for the establishment of a republic and urging support of the Dynasty. The proclamation announces that Grand Duchess Marie has declared her readiness to abdicate if her retention of the throne would ve an obstacle to the decision taken by the Government to seek an economic alliance with the Entente powers, especially France and Belgium.

Rosa Luxemburg in the Toils.

Rosa Luxemburg, associated with Dr. Karl Liebknecht in the leadership of the rebellous Spartacn forces in Berlin; has been arrested by the Government soldiers, according to a report of the Taeglische Rundschau. The arrest is said to have been made when the troops were clearing out the Central office of the Spartacans last night. Dr. Liebknecht's son also is reported to have been taken. The capture of the Spartacan office was effected by the free use of hand grenades. Soldiers burned in the streets an immense quantity of Bolshevik literature found there.

A NEW KNIGHT.

J. W. Woods, a prominent Toronto merchant, has been created a Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire, in recognition of his services as a member of the British War Mission in New York, and thus becomes Sir James Woods.

EMMET FAUX CHARGED WITH ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR

Interesting Case in Police Court Arises Out of Recent Deaths Caused by Drinking Stuff That Contained Wood Alcohol.

Emmet Faux appeared this morning in Police Court charged with selling liquor, contrary to the provisions of the Ontario Temperance Act. He is quite a familiar figure in Police Court, now having figured there several times lately in connection with the inquests into the deaths of Omer Bourgon and Jesse Irwin and was implicated in the wood alcohol drinking bout, which was responsible for the former's death.

Detective Meagher was the first witness for the Crown. His evidence went to show that he had been sent to the office of Dr. Wood and had procured from him the bottle in which was the fluid which had resulted in the death of Omer Bourgon. He brought it to the chief of police.

Dr. Wood repeated his tory as told at the inquest into the death of Bourgon. He repeated his opinion that wood alcohol was very poisonous and stated that he did not know just what columnian spirits was but opined that methylated spirits and wood alcohol were one and the same thing.

Stuff Was Analysed.

Chief Thompson was the next witness for the Crown. He told of having received the bottle from Detective Meagher and of sealing it and sending it to the analyst of the License Board in order to find the percentage of alcohol contained in it, if any. He explained, in answer to a question from J. E. Corkery, lawyer for the defence, that the analyst of the License Board does not examine fluids except with a view to ascertaining the percentage of alcohol contained in them. He is having a sample of the liquor further analysed by another firm in order to determine the other ingredients.

Ernest Payne, a druggist of the city, was next called into the box. He stated that he had filled an order on Christmas day for one Emmet Faux and that the requisition had been signed by a doctor and called for 16 ozs. of grain alcohol. Later in the day Faux had returned with another order, signed by another doctor and witness stated he refused to fill this one on account of having done so in the other case such a short time before. Mr. Payne gave some testimony of a technical nature in regard to the difference between wood alcohol, columnian spirits and methylated spirits, but he did not seem clear enough upon them to be willing to have it appear as testimony. It remained for Mr. Moscur, the witness for the defence, to give evidence which clearly defined the difference between the three compositions.

The Difference.

C. M. Moncur, the first witness for the defence, was asked to define the different alcoholic compositions. He did so in a manner which seemed quite satisfactory. He stated that columnian spirits is a refined form of methylated or wood alcohol. Methylated spirits is a composition in which wood alcohol is mixed with grain or ethyl alcohol in equal quantities to form a concoction, which cannot be drank, but which is used extensively in manufacturing and in the arts. Grain or methyl alcohol is drinkable wood alcohol, columnian spirits or methylated spirits are all poisonous. They are not beverages and there is no restrictions placed upon the sale of any of them except the grain or ethyl alcohol. Ethyl alcohol is the only one of these mentioned under the Tmperance Act. Witness sold a

(Continued on Page 8.)

LABOR ALDERMAN IS HEAD OF FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT

Ald.-Elect Morrison Who Topped the Poll at Civic Election Captures Second Best Place in the Gift of Council—Ald. Phelan Chairman of Board of Works.

The City Council met in inaugural session this morning at eleven o'clock.

The following members made their declaration of office as aldermen for the year 1919:

Aldermen Gainey, Morrison, Murray, Garside, J. J. Turner, Hamilton, Edgar, A. A. McIntyre, Taylor and Phelan.

Ald. Murray's Position.

On motion of Ald. A. A. McIntyre and Taylor, the agreement between the city and Alex. Murray, by which the latter paid a nominal rental of 25c a year for the privilege of his fence encroaching on city property, was cancelled, after which Mr. Murray was entitled under the statute to make his declaration of office as alderman.

Mayor's Address.

On motion of Ald. Taylor and Phelan, the subjects referred to by his worship in his insugural address, were referred to their respective committees.

Standing Committees.

On motion of Ald. McIntye and Edgar, the whole Council were appointed a committee to name the Standing Committees for the year 1919.

The following are chairmen of the several committees:

Board of Works—Ald. Phelan.
Fire, Water and Light—Ald. Morrison.
Manufacturers—Ald. A. A. McIntyre.
Finance—Ald. Taylor.
Property—Ald. Hamilton.
Legal, Reception and Legislation—Ald. Turner.
Railways—Ald. Edgar.

Matters pertaining to the new high level bridge are left temporarily in the hands of the Board of Works until a special committee is named later on.

Favors Labor Men.

Ald. Turner at first refused the chairmanship of the Legal and Reception Committee on the ground that the Trades and Labor representatives, who also represent the popular vote at the elections, should assume this position, the reception duties of which are essentially of a public nature. Again, he thought at least two committees should be under the chairmanship of the Labor men.

Mayor Duncan asked that in the city's business the Trades and Labor or any other public body's interests be not referred to in precedence of other calls. Aldermen are elected to represent the city generally, and not any one particular organization.

Further discussion resulted in Ald. Turner accepting chairmanship of the Legal and Reception Committee.

Russian Bolshevik Jailed In Berlin

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 13.—Karl Radek, one of the Russian Bolshevik emissaries in Berlin, has been arrested, according to Berlin advices.

Fortunato Tedesca, a respectable Italian workman in Guelph, was murdered almost at his own door about midnight Saturday.

CAPT. WIDDIFIELD EXPLAINS "WAR SERVICE GRATUITY"

Act Which so Many Find It Difficult to Understand Is Clearly Interpreted.

Capt. C. R. Widdifield, has by request sent to Secretary Whatley of the G.W.V. A. the following local interpretation of the "War Service Gratuity Order-in-Council which so many of the men interested found difficulty in understanding.

The reason for the Order-in-Council was to award to Officers, warrant officers and men of the Canadian forces a "War Service Gratuity," in place of Post Discharge Pay, and as the gratuity amounts to a larger sum than the discharge pay, those who have already received the discharged pay (if they are entitled as hereinafter appears) may make the necessary declaration and receive a subsequent payment.. "On active Service" means on the strength of a unit in the C. E. F., in Canada, England, France, etc. Any officer, warrant officer or man who was on active service with a C. E. F. unit on or after the 11th day of November, 1918, is entitled to receive a war service gratuity equal in amount to the pay and allowance (and if he has a dependent, such as a wife or dependent mother who received an allowance then separation allowance also) he was drawing at the time of his discharge, under the following scale:

1.—If on the strength of a unit that was in England, France or Belgium.

Length of service	Pay and allowances
2 years or over	6 months
2 years or over	5 months
1 year or over	4 months
Under one year	3 months

2.—If he never left Canada:

Length of service	Pay and allowances
2 years or over	3 months
2 years or over	2 months
1 year or over	1 month

If any officer or man has been receiving separation allowance for his depedent mother, etc., up to the time of discharge then his rate of pay for a month period will not be less than $100.00. In the case of an officer or man who has no dependent such as above then he will not receive less than $70.00 for a one month period. For example a married man who is entitled to a six month's gratuity will receive $100 each month for six month or $600 in all.

In the case of an officer or man who has a wife or dependent mother, etc., and thus would have been entitled to separation allowance but for the fact that he was receiving lodg-

(Continued on Page Four.)

CAPT. C. R. WIDDIFIELD

Who went overseas with the 93rd Battalion, reverted in rank to get to France, was wounded in the service and who has resumed his legal practice with the law firm of Gordon, Widdifield and O'Brien.

WILL SPEAK AT LABOR MEETING

MINISTER OF LABOR WILL DELIVER TWO ADDRESSES HERE THURSDAY.

Secretary William Stevens of the Trades and Labor Council has received a letter from Minister of Labor Robertson, who states that he will be pleased to address a meeting of the workingmen of Peterborough next Thursday evening after he speaks at the Canadian Club luncheon to be held at the Empress at 6 o'clock. Mr. Robertson will arrive in the city at 3.30 p.m. and will be obliged to leave for Ottawa again on the midnight train the same evening so that with two engagements he is likely to have a busy time estimate in the city.

A mass meeting of workingmen will be held at labor headquarters after the luncheon and every wage-earner in the city should post himself to hear the message of the Labor Minister who has attained a place in the Dominion Cabniet.

Tickets for the luncheon may be obtained now from Mr. V. J. McElderry, secretary of the Canadian Club, or may be secured at the Empress on the night of the function. A good crowd is expected. Minister Robertson has a message of interest for all classes in the community and the topic with which he will deal, "The Labor Problem," is the most vital issue before the world today.

The allied commissions in Berlin are being protected by Government troops.

POLISH AFFAIRS STILL MUDDLED

BOLSHEVIKI IS STILL A MENACE IN WARSAW, CABLE SAYS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 13.—With the Bolshevikist forces only one hundred miles away, the political muddle continues here. Gen. Pilsudski, Polish military dictator, is apparently hesitating to accept the proposals of Ignace Paderewski. Gen. Pilsudski is said to fear that the pro-Bolshevists will resume street fighting if they are not overawed. He is also reported to be adhering to his original contention that the present goverament of Poland must remain in power until after the elections. The outlook seems to be serious in view of the arrival of British and American missions which have announced that they are unofficial in character.

It has been made plain that these missions will do nothing to aid Poland unless a stable government is formed. This fact, however, has failed to influence the Socialists, whose attitude is deprecated by their opponents, who point out that the Bolsheviki are advancing and that the Poles must soon be called upon to protect their frontier from the Baltic to Roumania.

Bolshevist troops are moving toward Warsaw from Vilna along the railway. They have already occupied Lida and have Bialystok as their objective.

WAS ESCORT AT SUB SURRENDER

FLIGHT-LIEUT. SHIELDS HAD DISTINGUISHED HONOR IN SERVICE.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Shields, Benson avenue, have received word from their son, Flight-Lieut. T. H. Shields, to the effect that he had the honor to be one of the convoy party that brought the surrendered German submarines to the British port.

The surrender was made on November 24th and there were 87 undersea craft, among which was the celebrated Deutchland.

Flight-Lieut. Shields is a Peterborough boy and he flew over this city last spring while training in Toronto. He went overseas in May and has been flying large bombing machines ever since. He has been engaged over the North Sea most of the time. He was prominent in the athletic games at the camps in England.

Dry States Are Dry For Fair

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 13. — The Supreme Court held today that the Reed "bone dry" prohibition amendment prohibits interstate transportation into dry states of intoxicating liquor for beverage purposes, even when intended for personal use.

LOOKS LIKE DECIDED WIN FOR CITY IN BRIDGE CASE

PTE. JOHN MONTGOMERY.

whose friends and neighbors recently welcomed him back to his home in North Smith. Pte. Montgomery went overseas with the 93rd Battalion and was transferred for duty in France to the Canadian Mounted Rifles. He was wounded at Vimy Ridge and captured by the Germans last September, being held a prisoner until the signing of the armistice. He can tell some thrilling stories of his experiences.

Hearing of Grand Trunk Matter Before Railway Board in Toronto

The Grand Trunk Railway Company applied before the Dominion Railway Board today at the Assize Chamber, at the City Hall, Toronto, for an order permitting the mto rebuild their bridge on Bethune street, near Murray. This bridge was built about sixty years ago and is used for railway and vehicular traffic. The Company now intend to cut off the vehicular traffic and to build the bridge only the width of the railway track.

The city opposed this and Sir Henry Drayton declined to make an order and instructed the Peterborough city engineer, Mr. Parsons, who was present, to make an appointment with the engineer of the Railway Board to ascertain the class of piers and abuttments which would be needed to avoid flooding if a reconstruction of the bridge is permitted.

Sir Henry Drayton stated upon the application of City Solicitor G. N. Gordon that if the order was made the Railway Company would be required to leave the bridge in as substantial condition as it now is for vehicular traffic, and the city would not be called upon to reconstruct this part of the bridge. In addition to that the city solicitor asked that if there were any costs of rebuilding crossings, or sidewalks, caused by reason of raising the level of the bridge, the oBrad would order the Railway Company to pay all the cost of such alterations. Sir Henry Drayton said this would be a term of the order if it were made. In the meantime Sir Henry Drayton, the Chairman of the Board, announced no order would be made until he obtained the report from the Board's engineer, and when that came in the matter would be taken up again.

This looks like a decided win for the city.

BOAT CAPSIZED; TWO MEN DROWNED

WORK OF RESCUING CREW OF "CASTALIA" BEGUN THIS MORNING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 13.—The rescue of forty-four men on the steamship Castalia, which has been in distress off the coast of Nova Scotia since early Saturday morning, was begun shortly after nine o'clock today. Steamers effecting the rescue are the Bergenafjord and the Fijian, which have been standing by since yesterday morning. The first boat to leave the Castalia capsized and at least two men were drowned.

CANADIAN LABOR'S CHIEF.

Tom Moore, president of the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress, who is the spokesman for Organized Labor in Canada at Ottawa.

PEACE CONGRESS OPENS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 13.—The first actual session of the Peace Congress is to be held today to arrange preliminaries.

TRYING TO FIX BLAME FOR WRECK IN NEW YORK ROAD

Officials Investigating Accident by Which Twenty-One Persons Lost Their Lives on Sunday.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Batavia, N. Y., Jan. 13.—Officials of the New York Central road today were continuing their investigations to place the blame for the wreck at South Byron yesterday, in which 21 persons were killed in a rear-end collision. Attempts were renewed to identify 13 nameless bodies still in Batavia undertaking establishments.

John Friedly of Buffalo, engineer of the Southwestern train, maintains that no block signal was set against his train and that he saw no warning light until he was within a few car lengths of the Wolverine Pullman train which had stopped to take on extra engines for a steep grade.

In this statement he is supported by the fireman, J. R. Dinan, superintendent of the western division, said he could not explain the accident.

It was recalled today that Engineer Friedly was in a similar wreck twenty years ago. His train on that occasion plowed into another at Bergen, the next station on the Central east of Byron, and several people were killed.

One of the remarkable features of the wreck was the fact that none of the passengers in the second coach from the end of the Wolverine was injured. The rear end of the car was lifted high in the air by the force of the collision, and then it dropped through the roof of the ill-fated last car, but all of the passengers escaped except for bruises and shock.

HOW GERMANY HAS KEPT THE FAITH

MARSHAL FOCH REPORTS ON HOW ARMISTICE TERMS ARE OBSERVED.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Paris, Jan. 13.—Yesterday's session of the Supreme Council of the Peace Congress was a lengthy one, lasting from 2.45 to 6.45 o'clock. The degree to which the Germans had fulfilled the conditions of the armistice was one of the important matters before the Council. It heard Marshal Foch's report on this subject.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1919

MAYOR DUNCAN'S ADDRESS.

MAYOR DUNCAN'S address to the new Council is characterized by the spirit of economy that has marked all his public career either as an alderman or in his present position. One thing is evident, the Mayor is disposed to fulfil all the promises that have been made to the electors, not by himself, for his return by acclamation relieved him of any such responsibility, but by his colleagues in the Council.

Mayor Duncan recommends no new expenditures of any account except in the matter of providing the returned soldiers with suitable accommodation and erecting a memorial to those who lost their lives in the war. This is a pledge that has been given by every present member of the Council, and for that if for no other reason, it must be redeemed. Another matter which must be regarded as involving new outlay is the granting of the request of the firemen for the double platoon system. A poll of the Board of Aldermen would show beyond a doubt that a majority are in favor of the innovation, so that this matter, too, is likely to meet with no opposition.

Mayor Duncan, however, realises that there are two heavy expenditures that cannot longer be delayed—the building of the Hunter street bridge and the sewage disposal plant. If he has any theories of his own with regard to either project he has the wisdom to refrain from attempting to bring his colleagues to his way of thinking. One certain way to arouse opposition to any measure is to dictate as to how it is to be accomplished. The Mayor finds himself facing a practically new Council and he approaches his colleagues, with whose views he is not familiar, in the proper spirit, by counselling harmony and making allowance for the fact that all men cannot be expected to see any public question in the same light.

There is likely in the new Council to be a difference of opinion as to the purchase by the city of the street railway system and the gas plant, a matter which the Mayor suggests may be well put off for the present. Sooner or later that purchase must be made, and the cost become another charge on the city. Does it really matter whether that change is effective this year or three years hence?

The Labor members of the Council—and there are really five of these—are committed to the ownership by the city of all public utilities. There has during the two years in which the street railway system has been in the hands of the Hydro Commission, not been a single improvement in the service, although the necessity of this has always been apparent. There has been no extension of the line, either, except in one inconsiderable instance. The De Laval plant, one of Peterborough's most thriving industries, is still half a mile in any given direction from the car line. Labor aldermen are not likely to forget that since the Hydro Commission has taken over the road the union of conductors and motormen has been broken up. Altogether, it is difficult to see how any benefit has accrued to the city through the purchase by the Hydro Commission of the utilities in question. In both cases, there has been an increase in rates. If the necessity for municipal ownership existed two years ago, it exists still.

Mayor Duncan suggests that one of the local roads, preferably the one to Port Hope, be made a county provincial highway in order to link up the city and county with the provincial road which the Government purposes to build from Toronto to Montreal. For such a road the Government would pay forty per cent. of the cost of construction and the same percentage of maintenance charges.

This would certainly be an advantage to Peterborough if in no other regard than bringing to the district auto tourists who would flock to the lake resorts in the summer. Peterborough is now practically off the auto map. It is to be regretted, however, if the city is not to be placed on record as favoring the good roads policy that has been adopted by every other county in the province. Why should any county official be permitted to use the Court House as a pedestal and, standing thereon, pose as another statue of liberty enlightening the province? Bright as the local illumination may be, its rays fail to extend beyond the boundaries of the county.

"IN FACT IT IS RUMORED."

"IN FACT, it is rumored," says our local contemporary, in an alleged news article in which it attempts to explain the defeat of two candidates for the County Council. The rumor as relayed by the Examiner is to the effect that the candidates in question were left at home because they are suspected of favoring the good roads policy that has been adopted by every county in the province with the single exception of Peterborough.

"In fact, it is rumored," but investigation would no doubt reveal the additional fact that the rumor was confined chiefly to those who are opposed to the good roads movement not so much from conviction as from political expediency, everything else in the shape of a platform plank being lacking.

This citing of mere rumors as a justification for giving circulation to a story is responsible for half the social mischief in the world. "I hear that Mr. So-and-so," and so the story starts and gathers force from every person who takes a hand in passing it on. The gossiper who makes mischief without real malicious intent or the character-slayer who carries on his nefarious work deliberately, is not absolved from legal responsibility for his slanders or libels simply because he seeks to shift the onus of the charge upon the shoulders of another. In fact, the man who invents a slander is really to be preferred to the one who merely passed it around in the community. He at least has the merit of originality and the courage to stand for what he says.

There is no end to the charges and petty slanders that a newspaper can make or circulate if it has recourse to the measure of safety of which the Examiner availed itself. It might, for instance, go on to say that, "In fact, it is rumored" that several of the aldermen defeated in the last election came to grief because they are addicted to smoking plug tobacco, something that would worry the aesthetic soul of our contemporary, and a habit for which the silk-hosed and plug-hatted voters of the city would not stand for.

Of course, there are well-founded rumors. "In fact, it is rumored" that a letter appearing in the columns of the Examiner the other day, abusing the Federal member for West Peterborough and signed "Conservative" was really written by a member of what is still by courtesy called the Liberal party.

But a newspaper that opens its columns to scurrilous anonymous letters is not above originating rumors, concerned for its own safety rather than for truth or the reputation of others.

STRIKES AND WAGES.

THE WAR has raised wages to an abnormal figure, but aside from the steady work which has been the rule for the past three years, wage-earners outside of munition workers and a few such isolated cases, were no better off than they were when the cost of living was less than half what it is today. Those who work on salary, the members of the different learned professions, have been really worse off than they were prior to 1914.

The war has been ended for two months, and yet there has been no lowering in the cost of any of the necessaries of life. There has, however, been a tendency in some manufactories to cut wages in the present prospect of a large number of men being reduced to the necessity of looking for employment. Naturally enough the claim is made by those interested directly that such a course is not justified now is it good business policy. If such a course is persevered in by the employers, serious labor difficulties are certain to arise.

The man who sets out to purchase a stock of winter clothing finds prices as high as ever, even if the country is at peace, and he is assured by the dealer that there is no immediate prospect of cheaper boots and garments of any description. The butcher, the baker, the druggist, the grocer, in fact everyone with whom he does business, tell him the same story. If, under the war scale of wages, the workingman had trouble in making ends meet, then how in the name of humanity is he to fare if his earning power is crippled?

All the signs in the industrial world are against the theory of a panic or even a serious depression in business. The condition which brings about either is due to over-production. There is certainly nothing of the kind in evidence today, but rather is the reverse the case. The greater part of the industrial energy for the past four years has been occupied in war work and other lines have been neglected. There is a scarcity of clothing, even of foodstuffs. The surplus of production in all lines will be required in the war-wasted countries of Europe for years to come. If these countries have been impoverished by the war, arrangements are already under way by the Canadian Government to extend them the credit which they so urgently need. This policy will insure industrial activity in Canada for many years.

Eventually, of course, the inflation due to the war, in wages and prices, will be corrected. It would, however, be the illogical policy to reduce wages until the cost of living shows some tendency to decline. To adopt such a policy can have only one result—serious industrial troubles. The temper of the enlightened people is not to be played with now that they have just come through the Gethsemane of war.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE RADICAL ELEMENT in Europe appear to be intent on self-extermination rather than the other variety.

• • • • •

THE WAR IN RUSSIA is not yet over. Hence the presence in that country of Allied troops and Canada is still an ally.

• • • • •

BARBERS are naturally opposed to bolshevism, the trade mark of the order being a menace to the tonsorial industry.

• • • • •

IF THE PRINCE OF WALES comes to Canada the people of this country will do their utmost to treat him like one of their own number, democratic and untitled.

• • • • •

LIFE SEEMS TO BE just one innovation after another. A church in Hamilton, in order to encourage attendance, has decided to serve a free lunch after the evening service.

• • • • •

THE CITY COUNCIL, of course, knows just what ought to be done with the street railway. The only trouble is that about every alderman is likely to have a different viewpoint.

• • • • •

THOSE FERTILE correspondents who are keeping tab on the ex-kaiser have represented him as doing about everything under the sun except trying to take out a policy of life insurance.

• • • • •

NOW THAT THE WAR is over the world can again take up the task of sending expeditions to the Arctic to ascertain whether Cook or Peary came the nearest to locating the mystic Pole.

• • • • •

IT IS JUST AS WELL that casting eggs at a comedian or other public offender is becoming unpopular. In the excitement some good eggs might be thrown, a sheer waste of foodstuffs at present prices.

• • • • •

THE EASIEST industrial task is to raise wages; the most difficult to lower the scale. But what is wanted first of all to prevent trouble is to restore the purchasing power of the dollar.

• • • • •

"THE REIGN of the Common People" is to be the subject of discourse by Rev. J. R. Webb in Murray Street Baptist Church tomorrow evening. In Central Europe, from present appearances, it is a "rein" that is needed.

GERMAN PEOPLE WERE DUPED BY LEADERS TO THE VERY END

Believed Everything They Read in Newspapers and Were Certain of Victory---Mr. Emile Baumer Has Letter from Brother in Alsace-Lorraine.

Emile Baumer, 567 George street, has redeived the following interesting letter from his brother in Alsace-Lorraine, describing the conditions that have existed there since the beginning of the war and the change for the better that has taken place since the expulsion of the German soldiers and the occupation of the uniting by the French. Mr. Baumer (of this city) is a native of Alsace-Lorraine, but six years ago he could tolerate German oppression no longer and came to America, selecting Peterborough as his future home. His father was an officer in the French army in the Franco-Prussian war. The letter, which was written in French, has been translated by Mr. Baumer for the benefit of Review readers. It is as follows:

Biselmiller, Nov. 30, 1918.

Dear Brother,—"

By this time you will have received the card which I hope sent you from Strasbourg, on the day our liberators, the French troops, entered the city. There is so much news now and so many surprises, so that I don't know what to write first. At the present time French soldiers are billeted in our town. The first ones in 48 years. They have a better appearance than the Huns, whom we had here stationary for four and a half years. They also have plenty to eat and good red wine, which makes our mouth's water. A half year more under Hunish rule, and we all would be no more amongst the living. Very many people died of starvation, and we all are like skeletons. Across the Rhine in Germany it was far worse, that is, why they had to give in. The foolish German people believed everything they saw in the papers. We would read all the time that the British and her allies have nothing more to eat, on account of the German U-boats, which sunk everything in sight, but we Alsatians knew different, we didn't believe it, for we knew it was only German bluff. We used to get meat, butter and bread by the ounce.

If you only could have seen the Huns, which were garrisoned here, amongst them were humpbacks, cripples, some with one eye, lunatics and syphilitics. You can imagine what kind of ruses Eugene and myself had to invent for to make them believe that we were sick and not fit for the front or else we also would have been sent to the slaughtering bench of the master butchers—Hindenburg and his gang. Every year we were examined three and four times and very strictly, and yet we fooled their experts through help of a French druggist, who gave us some drugs for to make us feverish sick, and at the same time we didn't shave for three or four weeks, so we had the appearance of syphilitics, but it helped alright, but it was no cinch.

In the first time of the war there were days of joy and jubiles amongst the German population, all the houses and public buildings gayly decorated with flags for victories after victories. You can imagine how we Alsatians felt. We couldn't say anything, but it is different now. The brutes are over there in their own country and French soldiers are billeted in their houses. If you could have seen the retreat of the Huns through our town, some on foot, some on horse, and some on wagons, with their heads hanging down. They sold everything of their equipment, new blankets, rifles, and machinery. We could get horses by the dozens for nothing, but they were of no use to us, as there is no fodder in the country for them. All the soldiers wore red cockades on their helmets and uniforms. Their officers were not saluted any longer.

Two weeks before the French soldiers entered the town, all of us were wearing the tricolor cockade of France. On Nov. 23rd, the first French soldiers arrived in Autos, but what a reception. I can't describe it; it is like a dream, like a fairytale, but yet it is true. Nobody works, everyone celebrates and so on for the last two weeks. You can see thousands of French flags and flags of the Allies in our town.

I also met some English and American soldiers in Autos. I cried out to them: "Hullo, Englishmen, Vive les Anglais. They stopped and gave us a good handshake. The older inhabitants of the town wept like children for joy. The troops were in command of General Rampon, who was given a great ovation, and who gave some rejoicing speeches.

Amongst the old French veterans was one who fought in the Crimea and who wears the medal with the bars Sebastopol, Inkerman, Alma, given to him by Queen Victoria, to him General Rampon gave special attention and kissed him on both cheeks.

I will also tell you what we had to eat during the last four and a half years. We received every day a half pound of bread per person, but it was a different kind of bread than you have. It was a mixture from acorns, horse-chestnuts, bark of pine trees, dried mushrooms, fishbones, rye, oats and barley, all ground together. Of butter, we received three ounces in three weeks per person. After a while, we received a substitute called war fat. It was made out of tallow from horses and dogs, but from sick horses. The tea was made out of strawberry leaves. The vegetables were red beets, plantain, sorrel, okra and all kinds of weeds. The tobacco was a mixture of leaves from hops, cherries, beeches and rhubarb. We had to wash ourselves with potter's clay instead of soap. Hemp was made of hoptendrils and nettles, and out of this the cloth was made. Some clothes were also made out of black dyed linen sheets. The towels, handkerchiefs, shirts and even clothes were made out of paper, which was made from pulpwood stolen in Russia by the Huns. The potatoes were $7 a bag, butter, $8 a pound; eggs, $3 a dozen; beans, $1 a pound; apple cider, $1 a quart; honey, $2 a pound; one pair of boots, from $16 to $25. The soles on the boots and shoes were made out of wood. The Russian prisoners, who were working around town for the people, used to search the garbage pails for potatoe peelings and they boiled a soup out of them. The Huns tyrannized over us for forty-eight years, but never mind, they are gone forever. They are the most wretched, debauched, murderers, incendiaries, poisoners, rogues, thieves, thugs and bandits on the face of the earth.

All the business houses have the following signs on their shop windows: "To the public of Alsace-Lorraine, to the French Soldiers: Don't buy anything in a store run by a Hun. Remember the forty-seven years of oppression and tyranny. Remember the period from 1914-18."

Well, I must come to a close now. Next time you will hear some more news.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Leo Page.)

Last nite rite aftir suppir I asked pop for a nickel for ice creem. pop saying, Dident I ejst hear you remark that you were so full that it was almost painful?

G wiz, pop, that was pritty neer 10 minnits ago, I sed.

I serrender, sed pop. And he gave me the nickel and I went erround and got the ice creem, forst ordering chockilt and then quick changing it to vanilier and then quick changing it back to chockilt agen, and I ate it wondering if I would of enjoyed it more if it was vanilier and then I went back and sat on my frunt steps waiting for some of the fellows to come erround, wich pritty soon Leroy Shooster and Skinny Martin and Ed Wernick and Sam Cross did, Leroy Shooster saying, Got a nickel to go to the movies, Benny? Us fours going.

G, I jest had a nickel, its too soon to ask for another one rite away, I sed. Pop being in the parlor playing the tawking machine for himself, and Skinny Martin sed, I know lets wait, lets give 3 cheers for Bennys father and then maybe he will.

And he yelled all his mite, 3 cheers for Mr. Potts. And everybody yelled Herray herrey herray, inclooding me. Wich nothing happened and the tawking machine kepp on going, so Skinny yelled it agen and we gave 3 more cheers, and we kepp on giving 3 cheerses for pop till he came and opened the parlor window, saying, Gentlimen, I am deeply moved, not to say immensely flattered, by this unixpected deminstration of popular approval, but my modesty compells me to beseetch you for the lover Mike to desist. I thank you.

Can Benny have a nikel to go to the movies with us, Mr. Potts? sed Skinny Martin.

Sumthing told me I should have closed the window immejitly after finishing my speetch, sed pop, however, every man has his price, and rather than tern the plawdits of the populace into an empty mockery, I will bow to the publick will. And we went to the movies.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

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EDITOR'S MAIL

THE BIG IDEA.

Editor Review: The British Empire and her Allies have taught the kaiser and the world a great moral lesson—that right is might.

BENJ. WHITE.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The cipher is an example of something for nothing.

Do what you can when you are unable to do what you should.

There are two sides to every story and a lot of them should be turned.

Some persons are like one-legged milk stools—no good unless sat upon.

Many a man who attempts to wear the mantle of greatness is disappointed in the fit.

When a man's heart is broken by a woman he employs some other woman to mend it.

A man's good deeds are limited; but there is no limit to the mischief he can accomplish.

If a man does not have the price of a meal about him he can always manage somehow to acquire a chew of tobacco.

One might as well attempt to dip Lake Ontario dry with a pint cup as to get a girl to give up the man she really loves.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she guesses, now that the war is practically over, that the war department has more time for functioning and other social diversions.

WIT AND WISDOM

Then—Oh, Boy!

Marcus Nathan, managing director of Terrance Garden dance parlor, dropped into a little barber shop after leaving the Garden, to get a shave. The barber was both rough and talkative.

"Well," he said, as he gave Mr. Nathan's nose a jerk, "the war has stopped. Do you think there'll be any more fighting?"

"Not unless you yank my nose again," snorted Mr. Nathan.

Ample.

Heck—Does your wife understand any language except English?

Peck—No; she can do all the talking that's necessary in that.

Lost Many a Fee.

Sign in front of a country church: "Do not hitch here." Nothing for couples desiring to get married to do but go elsewhere.

Up-to-date Parrot.

Caller (to suffragist's parrot) — Polly want a cracker?

Parrot—Na-a-a-a-aw! Polly wants a vote.

"Didn't your husband promise you not to bet on horses?"

"Yes," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "I mentioned it to him and Charlie solemnly assures me he has been betting on nothing but dogs."

He Knew.

The Fat Customer—I want half a dozen collars, please.

The Clerk—What size?

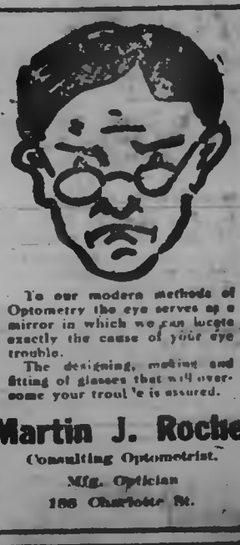
The F. C.—Thirteen and a half.

The Clerk—Surely you must take a larger size than that. What size shirt do you wear?

The F. C.—Sixteen.

The Clerk—Then why do you wish such a small collar?

The F. C.—Why, confound you; I'm buying them for my boy!



To our modern methods of Optometry the eye serves as a mirror in which we can locate exactly the cause of your eye trouble.

The designing, making and fitting of glasses that will overcome your trouble is assured.

Martin J. Roche
Consulting Optometrist.
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GLORIA JOY in ..... "Wanted--A Brother" In Five Acts
An appealing story of a young child's search for a brother
LEAH BAIRD in "Wolves of Kultur," Chapter 3, TRAPPING TRAITORS, 2 parts.
"Art and Paint" Comedy
MILDRED MANNING in "A SERVICE OF LOVE"
A Broadway Star Feature
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This is a QUALITY picture presenting the famous Star
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Final Chapter of "THE RED ACE" SERIAL and CHRISTIE COMEDY
MATINEES 10c. AR TAX 1c. EVENINGS 12c

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A safe, reliable prescription medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

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FOX Night **To-Night's Program** 12 First Run Reels

High-Class Feature Drama—A Romance of a 20th Century Girl—Featuring

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Three Entire Changes Weekly, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Admission Afternoons and Evenings 16c to all

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THE RATE OF DEMOBILIZATION

(Chicago News)

Americans in considerable number have been clamoring for the immediate return of American troops from abroad. That is natural. They assume that, because an armistice has been signed and the international peace conference is about to begin the army's job has been completed.

It has not, as a matter of fact. Britain's prime minister has very clearly and forcefully shown why. In response to a similar clamor for the return of British troops to England he declared that there was an imperative need for maintaining a strong army on the Rhine and supplementary forces in France as well as at home. He pointed out that the German armies had not yet been demobilized and that they were still very powerful; also that there were many elements of uncertainty concerning Germany's immediate future.

"Impatience now," Lloyd George truly declared, "might lose in a few weeks all it has taken of heroism and sacrifice to gain. During the next few months we must be strong and united in order that a firm settlement may be made with the enemy and that out country may exert its proper influence among other nations at the peace conference."

This statement applies equally to Americans. The war department has planned for the return of a large proportion of the troops and demobilization is in process with all the speed the department deems consistent with safety and reason. The plans may be open to criticism and maye have to be changed, but a due regard to the present unsettled conditions in Europe and the future peace of the world seems to demand less impatience with the plan to maintain abroad a strong American force along with that of the allies.

"A War-Savings Stamp Please!"

Buy W-S. S.

WHERE?

War-Savings Stamps may be purchased for $4.00 each during January at any Money-Order Post Office, Bank, or other place displaying the W.S. S. sign.

When you see the W.S. S. sign determine when you will buy your next stamp.

WHO?

W.S. S. are purchased by men and women of comfortable means; by housewives and working men; and by children. EVERYONE has an opportunity to share in the high interest the Dominion of Canada pays on an investment in War-Saving Stamps.

Keep a Thrift Card to look after the quarters. Remember Thrift Stamps are not interest-bearing. They are simply a means to secure a War-Savings Stamp.

HOW?

The way to "build a bond" with W.S. S. is to buy regularly—one a day, or one a week, or one a month—whatever your means will permit.

Those who cannot invest $4.00 at a time acquire War-Savings Stamps in exchange for Thrift Cards to which are affixed 16 Thrift Stamps costing 25 cents each.

Be as particular as the storekeeper who asks you to take your change partly in Thrift Stamps.

WHY?

EVERYONE should buy War-Savings Stamps. In addition to receiving $5.00 for $4.00 invested, you know the money will be used to finance expenditures incurred in the great work, the absolutely essential work, of Reconstruction.

$5.00 for $4.00 and every dollar worth more.

14

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 13.—Live stock receipts heavy, cattle trade slow, hogs much easier, also sheep and lambs.

Prices:

Choice export cattle...	$13.50	$14.50
Choice butcher cattle...	11.50	12.25
Medium butcher cows..	7.50	8.50
Feeding steers	9.50	10.50
Ewes	10.00	11.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.25	16.25
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.00	17.00
Calves	17.00	18.00

Who Invented Them.

The lightning rod was invented by Benjamin Franklin; cotton gin, by Eli Whitney; friction matches, by John Walker; the revolver, by John Colt; electric telegraph, by Samuel F. B. Morse; double cylinder printing press, by Richard Hoe; sewing machine, by Elias Howe; Gatling gun, by Richard Gatling; submarine cable, by Cyrus W. Field; telephone, by Alexander Graham Bell; talking machine, by Thomas A. Edison; automatic airbrake, by George Westinghouse; reaping machine, by Cyrus McCormick.

How the Herring Built the Navy.

We derive the idea of our defensive British navy from King Alfred, the real founder of our fleet, who believed in having bigger, faster, better and more ships than your enemy, which is always a sane policy to follow. But Oliver Cromwell really gave us our herring navy when he saw the necessity of taking their sea-trade dominancy from the Dutch, which trade was mostly concerned with the herring fishery.—Tit-Bits.

Powerful Searchlights.

Searchlights on some of the British battleships are so powerful that a newspaper may be read by their light by a person 18 miles away.

Deepest Valley.

The deepest valley is in Palestine; it is 1,300 feet below the level of the sea.

The Secret of Beauty.

The true secret of physical beauty is to be born pretty.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Daily Thought.

Wisdom and position are rare born.—Cowper.

What Is Your Pleasure?

When people can do as they please, what a revelation they sometimes give of their ideas of pleasure!

Daily Thought.

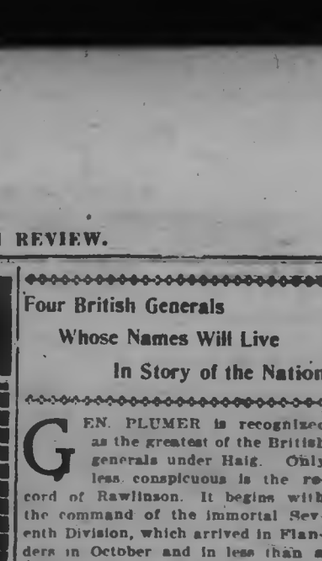
Strong reasons make strong actions. —Shakespeare.

Four British Generals Whose Names Will Live In Story of the Nation

GEN. PLUMER is recognized as the greatest of the British generals under Haig. Only less conspicuous is the record of Rawlinson. It begins with the command of the immortal Seventh Division, which arrived in Flanders in October and in less than a month was reduced from 12,000 to 2,000. Its share of Ypres is forever memorable. At Loos Rawlinson was less happy, but he reappears in command of the Fourth Army at the First Somme and holds this post of great importance throughout the battle. After that he disappears for a time, to reappear, after Gough's defeat in March, commanding the Fourth Army again. He deals the great stroke on Aug. 8 which was the beginning of the long series of blows leading to the final scene at Mons, and the coming of victory.

He was Haig's personal friend and choice; he shares with Haig criticism in certain phases, but he shares equally with his chief the credit for the ultimate success in which his victory of August 8 and his share in the breaking of the Hindenburg line on Oct. 8 are brilliant details.

Another general whose fortunes have been steadier is Horne, who commanded the First Army from 1916 onward. An artillery officer, his contribution to the First Somme was very great. He was a rising soldier



GEN. RAWLINSON.

from that moment and his army was always held highly. Against him fell the second German blow in April of this year and his front was temporarily pierced, owing to the unexpected and complete collapse of the Portuguese. But he held on, managed to hold Givenchy and the high ground west of La Bassee until the great danger was past.

Even more conspicuous was his success in late August, when he attacked north of the Scarpe and broke the Drocourt-Queant line, insuring the ultimate fall both of Douai and of Cambrai. The extent of this success was totally unexpected. It was the first sure promise that the Hindenburg line would not stand and it was a success which held out the first hopes of a decision in 1918.

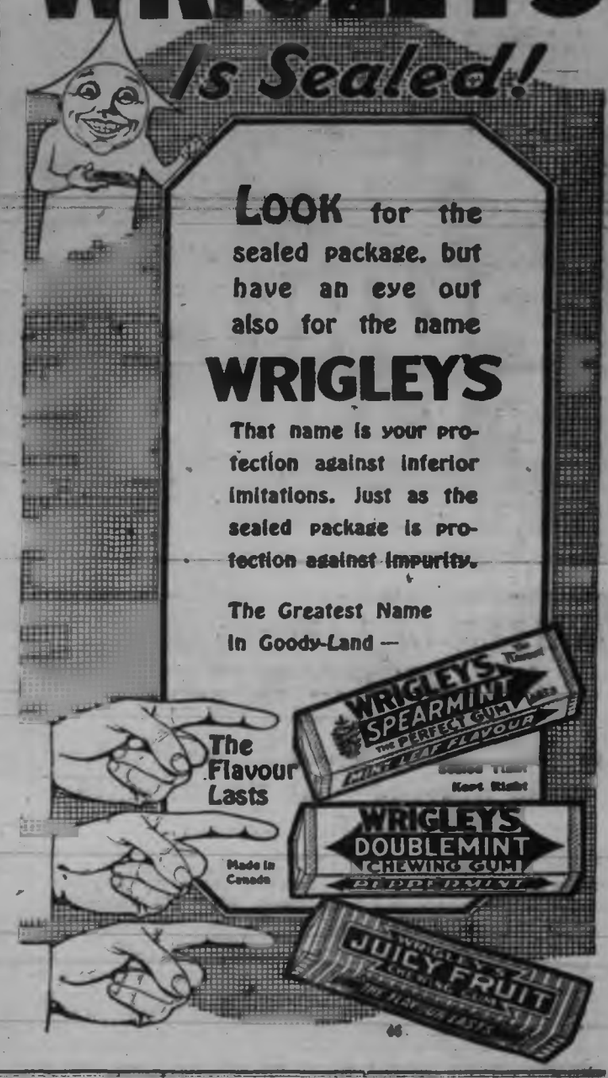
Rather more brilliant is the record of Byng. He was a distinguished officer before he won Cambrai in 1917, but this victory gave him a place which he has held ever since. In a sense, this victory marks a turning point in the war. It was not properly followed up, which means that Byng did not receive the support which he needed to make his first success permanent. This was because the success outran all expectations and the British army had not the necessary reserves. But Cambrai proved that by restoring the element of surprise it was possible to break through and that by use of tanks surprise could be had, since they would take the place of long sustained bombardment in clearing the way for the infantry.

It was by the use of the lessons of First Cambrai that the Allies won the campaign of 1918 and the war. Mangin's great counter-offensive at the Second Marne was founded upon the use of tanks. Each successive British and French thrust thereafter employed the same method. The German used a variation of the surprise tactics in his earlier successes, but without the tank, relying upon secret concentration and great numbers. But it was Byng who abolished the long-standing belief that trench lines could not be broken, and his discovery was one of the very greatest of the conflict.

In the spring, at a critical moment, when Gough's army had fallen, Byng broke the German effort to extend the dislocation of the British front. He held Arras and Vimy Ridge in the face of a tremendous attack, which the Germans abandoned after forty-eight hours. Still later, in August, he made a successful drive from the old Somme line eastward to Bapaume, which terminated German hopes of holding the Allies west of the Hindenburg line for the balance of the year.

Plumer, Horne, Rawlinson and Byng, these are the outstanding figures under Haig. They bear the same relation to their commander that Gourand, Mangin, Debeney and Berthelot bear to Petain; for Castelnau and Fayolles, who commanded groups of armies brilliantly, the French army supplies no counterpart, since authority was not thus delegated.

WRIGLEY'S Is Sealed!



LOOK for the sealed package, but have an eye out also for the name

WRIGLEY'S

That name is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land —

GOOD LABOR LAWS.

How Australia Handles Very Difficult Problem.

That the various experiments of Australian States and the Australian Commonwealth in labor legislation looking to a reduction of industrial disputes have on the whole been productive of benefit is the conclusion reached in a report on arbitration and wage-fixing in Australia, issued by the National Industrial Conference Board of the United States.

Labor controversies have by no means been eliminated. Instead there has been an increase so far as mere numbers are concerned. The Australian policies have, however, clearly tended to reduce the seriousness of such disputes, and their preventive influence, the report holds, has been important. Major disputes have been comparatively few.

Such legislation in Australia has taken two principal forms; one a policy of conciliation for the purpose of bringing the interested parties or their representatives face to face in open discussion, in the hope of securing a mutual agreement without the dictum of an outside arbitrator; the other a system of compulsory arbitration by which the disputants are forced to submit their differences to a board or court and to accept the award of that board under heavy penalty for refusal.

Neither system has been enforced in clear-cut, consistent fashion. In Victoria conciliation, which has been the primary of the state, has inevitably merged in a measure into a policy of arbitration. On the other hand, in New South Wales the rigid conception of compulsory arbitration which originally characterized the policy of that state has assumed more and more features of conciliation.

The findings of the report are epitomized as follows:—

State regulation of wages and of industrial disputes is firmly established as a public policy in Australia. The methods and machinery differ, but the fundamental purpose is the same: viz., to reduce industrial friction.

The "living wage" as a minimum is definitely endorsed by the state as the principle behind all forms of conciliation and arbitration.

Beyond that minimum a wage for skill is fixed in each occupation in accordance with the custom of the industry, but not so rigidly as to prohibit bargaining between employer and employe for a higher wage, or, under definite conditions, for one somewhat lower.

The minimum wage has become the maximum. The average wage for males is above the basic wage and a considerable percentage of workers receive an added wage for skill. The system tends, however, to limit the reward for extra skill.

Nominal wages have risen, but to what extent arbitration has been responsible cannot be determined; the general prosperity of the country has contributed to the increase.

Trade unionism and collective bargaining are not only recognized but fostered as a national policy. This is reflected in previsions whereby associations either of employers or of employes may initiate proceedings before arbitration courts and in the rapid growth in numbers of trade unions.

The system has not prevented industrial disputes, which have, in fact, increased. But the number of major disputes is small and has not increased. Decisions are accepted by both sides without serious objection. Strikes result mainly from conditions not provided for in awards.

The mining industry contributes altogether disproportionately to industrial disputes. This is largely due to the irresponsible character and temperament of the miners, who often disregard the advice of their leaders.

In the practical administration of arbitration systems there has been a tendency to place increasing stress on conciliation without abandoning compulsory features.

The right to strike is recognized, but is sharply limited and illegal strikes are penalized.

Public opinion in Australia considers the system effective. It is credited with having given the workers a higher standard of living by guaranteeing them at least a living wage. In general, there is no tendency in Australia to give up any of these methods of arbitration. Even in a period when effective wages are falling, the Labor Party has shown no general desire to substitute the all Australian systems is that they strike for arbitration.

Underlying conditions in the Australian Commonwealth are, therefore, the report points out, sharply differentiated from those in the United States, where organized labor constitutes a small minority of workers, and where state regulation of wages and other industrial conditions is in no way comparable in extent to that reached in Australia. The Australian states, indeed, have been essentially laboratories of political experiment in industrial matters, a problem for which their comparative isolation from world affairs has made them peculiarly adapted.

These considerations are fundamental, the report holds, in judging the real significance of the Australian experience and doubly so in any attempt to apply that experience to conditions in the United States.

Pearls.

A striking illustration of the advance in the value of pearls was afforded at a recent auction sale in London. A necklace of fifty-two pearls which was bought in 1861 at a London jeweler's for $550, was sold for $7,500.

Sponge Growth in Mediterranean.

The best sponges come from the Levant, in the eastern Mediterranean, and are obtained by diving. The Levantine sponge divers often cut pieces from large sponges, replant the pieces, and tie them to stakes to keep them from being swept away by the current. They soon grow at an enormous rate.

It Always Was.

We are so strong for the young mothers that even if one shows us a red little bunch of freckles weighing four pounds, we will take a solemn oath before a notary public that it is the prettiest and cutest youngster we ever saw and fight anybody who denies it.—Exchange.

How He Did It.

"The Man Who Conquered Fatigue." We know him; when his last cigarette broke he found an old butt under a stump and dipped it in some petrol and it worked all right.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

All the skill and care used in making the original high quality PURITY FLOUR is maintained in milling

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-099 Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

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HEAD OFFICE
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PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)
REMEMBER THE NAME
Purity Oats are given the same exacting care

MINISTER OF LABOR TAKES INTEREST IN WATSON CASE

Orders-in-Council Issued During War Likely to Be Repealed—Ban May Be Lifted on Socialistic Literature.

Toronto, Jan. 13.—News from Ottawa indicates that the Dominion Government is likely to at least make drastic changes in the orders-in-Council, if it does not repeal them.

This comes as a result of the three-years penitentary term given Charles Watson by Magistrate Kingsford on a charge of having in his possession certain banned literature. Incidentally, the Minister of Justice has wired Magistrate Kingsford for facts in the Watson and Cheesman cases.

Senator Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor, is taking a keen interest in the case. Frank Watkinson, business agent of the Carpenters' Union, which is taking up the cause of Watson and Cheesman, has had a long-distance telephone conversation with Senator Robertson. He said:

Charges Likely.

"The Minister of Labor agreed with me that something must be done in regard to the orders-in-Council, and he stated that members of the Cabinet had in contemplation certain changes in those orders to make them more suitable to the present conditions.

"I told him of the circumstances of the case, and that there was a tendency in Toronto to hold mass meetings in protest against the severe sentence on Watson, and to ask for the repeal of the orders-in-Council. We do not condone in any way the circulation of the revolutionary literature, but we feel that there should be a more reasonable view taken by the authorities of the cases of men who have in their possession standard works on Socialism.

'Senator Robertson told me that he was very glad I had given him the information, and he asked that I get in touch with him if there are any new developments."

Paid For Call.

As an indication of the attitude of the Minister of Labor it might be mentioned that he had the long-distance message have been sent to Cabinet Ministers urging that something be done to adjust the blanket ban on all such literature, and that some discretion be used in dealing wtih such cases. Even if the orders-in-Council are not repealed, it is thought probable that they will be so amended as to relieve citizens from the danger of a three-year term for having on their persons or premises standard works on Socialistic subjects. Such a punishment might be meeted out, for instance, on the head of the Public Library and of the University Library if those gentlemen were to be hauled into court and convicted, as Watson was, on the direct charge of having banned literature in their possession.

HARRY LAUDER ON DECK.

Will Aid in Salvation Army Drive in Toronto.

Montreal, Jan. 13.—On the invitation of Sir Edmund Walker, Harry Lauder has consented to go to Toronto for the inaugural meeting of the Salvation Army drive, which is to be held in Massey Hall Sunday, Jan. 19. Rev. George Adam will accompany Mr. Lauder. Speaking on "Reconstructive Philosophy of a Plain Men," Lauder will tell something of what he has seen of the Salvation Army work in the war zone.

BILLIONS OF "FAGS."

United States Made Thirty-nine Billion Last Year.

Washington, Jan. 13. — Thirty-nine billion cigarettes were produced in the United States last year, and, so far as the Department of Agriculture has been able to ascertain, will be used in this country.

This represents, the department reported, four times as many cigarettes as were produced seven years ago.

Several municipalities are asking the Hydro Commission to take over the Dominion power line between Oakville and Hamilton.

During 1918 there were 17,348 accidents handled under the Workmen's Compensation Act and $3,514,648 was paid in compensation claims.

The Wholesale Lumber Dealers' Association held its annual banquet, and the forty members heard encouraging reports re trade conditions.

BULGARIA'S LOSSES.

One Hundred Thousand Killed and Missing in War.

Sofia, Jan. 13.—Bulgaria's losses in the war were: Killed and missing, 101,224; wounded, 1,152,399, and prisoners, 10,825.

These figures do not include the losses during the retreat from Macedonia, when many died of influenza, pneumonia and famine, and 90,000 were taken prisoners. There is a serious development of spotted typhus fever in Bulgaria, more than 400 cases having been found in Sofia. The outbreak, the authorities say, is due largely to the country's almost complete lack of soap, disinfecting materials and under-clothing.

Pte. Brotherson Dies Of Pneumonia

Word has been received by Mrs. Agnes Brotherston, 660 Concession street, to the effect that her son, Driver Gordon Brotherston, who enlisted with the 69th Battery in Toronto, has succumbed to an attack of pneudonia at the general hospital at Hardelot, France.

Driver Brotherston enlisted in May, 1917, and went overseas with the 69th Battery. He was a brother overseas now who enlisted with the 2nd Canadian Cowourg Heavy Battery in Oct., 1914.

He leaves his parents, one sister, Dolly Brotherston, and three brothers, Robert, overseas; Andrew and William, at home.

MAYOR DUNCAN'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS TO COUNCIL

At the first meeting of the new City Council held at noon today Mayor Duncan delivered the following inaugural address:

Gentlemen:—

I am pleased to welcome you to the Council of the City of Peterborough at our first meeting for this year. It is gratifying to me to welcome back three of the members of last year's council, and I wish also to give a hearty greeting to the Aldermen who occupy seats here for the first time or who have returned to the Council after several years' absence. It is not often that we have so many changes in the personnel of the Council, and I miss members who gave a great deal of time and did valuable work last year for the city, but I feel certain that we are all animated by the one desire, to give the best service possible to the municipality, and we can look forward to a year of earnest effort and I hope, and have no doubt, a year of successful effort in administering the affairs of the City and in advancing its interests.

THE COUNTRY IS AT PEACE

We meet today under circumstances much more gratifying than those of a year ago. Then our Dominion was engaged, together with the other parts of the British Empire and the Allies of the Empire, in a bitter struggle with Germany and the other nations which had plunged the world into war and were striving to impose their yoke upon all other peoples. Thank God, that war is over. Our enemies have been defeated, and have had to accept the conditions laid down for them in the terms of the armistice drawn up by the Allies and will have to accept in the same way the final terms for peace which will be prepared. We can now hopefully expect that a League of Nations will be established which will make war highly improbable if not impossible and that will to a very large extent relieve the people of the world of the great burden of maintaining military establishments.

CANADA'S VALIANT PART

We know the most valiant part which the Canadian soldiers, including thousands from Peterborough, took in defeating the savage enemy. Many of our men have laid down their lives and rest in the fields of France and Flanders, and many have returned or will return to us maimed and crippled, while others who have bravely fought will happily return in good health. For those who have died in the war a suitable monument should be erected in the City. Those who have returned and who will return should be provided with accommodation where they may gather and where their Association may conduct its business. The Association now has rooms, but they are not suitable for the numbers who will use them. I know that the people of Peterborough will want to erect a suitable monument for the fallen heroes, and I am certain that they will provide accommodation for the returned heroes. It is our duty, as I see it that we as members of the Council should not only co-operate with the citizens generally in these two important matters, but should take a leading part in them. This I know you will be pleased to do.

We have had difficulty, especially lately, in meeting the soldiers as they return, as we always like to do, because we are often not given notice of the time at which they will arrive. I will be pleased to take this matter up with the Chairman of the Reception Committee and see whether something cannot be done by which we will be informed of the time at which the soldiers will reach the city.

With respect to the civil re-establishment of the soldiers, there is in Peterborough a branch of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, which assists the soldiers in procuring employment, and the Council I know will be pleased to assist in this matter in any way that they can.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT

One of the several very important matters to be dealt with this year and that will require immediate attention is the construction of sewage disposal works. This work should have been carried out several years ago, but difficulties in securing a location and the great war have delayed it. It will not have to be taken up promptly and completed.

THE HUNTER STREET BRIDGE

The construction of the Hunter Street Bridge is another important and pressing matter. As you know, a sum of money was voted by the ratepayers to construct this bridge and one at London street. Tenders were received for the building of the Hunter Street Bridge, but they were so high that none were accepted. It is necessary for us to consider and decide the best way to proceed with this work.

THE HOUSING PROBLEM ACUTE

The subject of housing has been brought to the attention of the council. At the time provision had not been made in the law to enable the Council to deal with it, and in fact such provision has not yet been made. But towards the end of last year a circular was received setting out the plan by which the Government of Ontario will lend money to the cities for this purpose, and it will be the duty of this Council to consider what action should be taken in the matter.

THE QUESTION OF GOOD ROADS

In various part of the Province the Ontario Government has adopted roads as Provincial Highways and as Provincial County Roads and is considering the adoption of others. So far no road which is in or approaches this County or City has been so adopted nor, so far as I am aware, has been under consideration by the Government with such action in view. The road from Toronto east, passing through Port Hope, has been adopted as a Provincial Highway, and it would be well for the Board of Works to consider the advisability of taking action with other municipalities to have leading roads in this neighborhood, for example the road from here to Port Hope taken over as Provincial Highways.

MORE INDUSTRIES FOR PETERBOROUGH

It has for many years been the policy of this Council to facilitate the establishment of manufacturing industries in the city and this subject would appear to assume especial importance at this time. The period of reconstruction may result in the establishment of new factories, and in the location of branches of United States and British concerns in Canada, and we should be on the alert to secure new industries for the city. This is a matter in which many citizens can assist and we will be pleased to receive their co-operation. I would suggest that the Manufacturers' Committee hold a meeting at an early date and consider their policy and plans for the year.

PURCHASE OF THE STREET RAILWAY

Extensions of the street railway and improvements in the service of the railway are, of course, under the control of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, but the Commission operates the service for the people and, without any purpose of making a profit. The Commission I feel sure will give sympathetic consideration to any suggestions made by the City and it might be a good plan to have the subject of extensions considered by a committee of the Council with representatives of the Board of Trade or other persons especially interested. This subject will no doubt be taken up promptly by the Railway Committee.

The question of the purchase by the City of the street railway and gas plant was broached last year by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, but a request made by the Council for information has not yet been complied with. It is perhaps just as well that this matter should stand over for a time.

PLATOON SYSTEM FOR FIREMEN

Last year the members of the Fire Department were given to understand that their request for the adoption of the two platoon system would be considered early this year. There is no doubt that the firemen have a strong argument behind their request, and the promise for prompt consideration should be carried out. At the same time the Fire, Water and Light Committee will be called upon to act carefully, with three objects in view, to comply as far as possible with the reasonable request of the firemen, to at least maintain the present interchange this boon and to cause switches as little as possible with justice to the men and the service.

BETTER TRANSPORTATION REQUIRED

I would like to see early attention paid to the railway passenger service given to this city by the Canadian Pacific Railway and strong representations made to the authorities of that railway on the subject. The service to and from Montreal is entirely inadequate and very unjust to the city, and other improvements in the service can be made without giving the city more than it is entitled to. The Railway Committee might obtain the co-operation in this matter of the Board of Trade, the manufacturers, and others who are especially interested in a proper railway service.

ECONOMY URGED IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

It is necessary for the careful management of the finances of the city that the appropriations be made as soon as possible. If expenses are incurred before the budget is prepared the Council may be hampered when the work of preparing the estimates and striking the rate is taken up. I hope that the Committees will give attention at once to their financial requirements for the year and prepare their estimates, and that in the meantime only necessary expenditures be made or incurred.

Taxation was increased last year owing to the grants made for patriotic purposes. I understand that we will not be called upon this year for a grant to the Patriotic Fund and I hope that the Provincial Government will relieve the municipalities of the Provincial War Tax. Even without these demands it will be necessary for us to use caution and good judgment, in the expenditures in order to conserve the financial resources of the city. There are large demands ahead, such as the building of the Hunter Street bridge and the construction of the Sewage Disposal Works, with perhaps more school accommodation, and we must be very careful in taking any action that will increase the permanent charges upon the City Treasury. I hope that the other bodies which are entrusted with the expending of public funds, and for whom we have to raise the money they require, will also recognize the circumstances that call for economy and will make their demands as light as possible.

HARMONY IS RECOMMENDED

In appointing the Chairmen of Committees and the members of Committees we should have in view only one object, and that is the civic service, and personal preferences and other considerations should entirely give way to that. I would ask the Chairmen when appointed and the members of committees to take their work seriously and not to consider that their appointments to these positions are to any degree nominal. We have important work to do, and it will be only through each member of the Council doing his part thoroughly and earnestly that the work will be properly and efficiently done.

In order to do good work we must, like a team, pull together. Differences of opinion as to the best course to pursue will no doubt arise at times, but when we are all aiming at the same object we can respect opinions that do not agree with ours and by friendly discussion endeavor to arrive at a decision that will be the best in the interest of the city. In this way, and bearing in mind that we have been chosen by the people to transact their business for this year, let us keep our duty in view and while we will have responsible duties to perform and hard work to do, we will at the end of the year be able to look back upon our association together and our work accomplished with pleasure and with gratification.

CAPT. WIDDIFIELD

(Continued from Page One.)

ing allowance, then in this case the lodging allowance will be cancelled and the gratuity will include separation allowance as well as pay, etc.,

Having been cashiered, dismissed by sentence of court-martial, sentenced to penal servitude for two years or more, or discharged for misconduct disentitled any person to the gratuity. Any person who at his own request or at the request of his parents has been discharged because he was under age is also not entitled, however, in this case the Paymaster General or the Minister of Militia and defence may determine otherwise. Any over payment in pay, etc., may be deducted from the gratuity.

If any officer or man rejoins again (such as the Siberian Force) then his gratuity will be increased and he can also add together the time of service in both cases.

No officer or man who is receiving or entitled to receive a gratuity from the Imperial Forces shall obtain the Canadian gratuity but if the Imperial gratuity is less than the Canadian gratuity, and he is entitled to the latter gratuity also then he can claim the difference. Any officer or man receiving pay and allowances from the Department of Soldiers Re-Establishment, is bound to submit to the treatment that the Department directs and will not receive the gratuity till such pay has ceased.

If any officer or man dies before he and his wife or dependent mother, etc., have received any or the whole of the gratuity, and such wife, dependent mother, etc., survive him, then the whole of the gratuity or such part thereof that remains unpaid will be paid to the person in receipt of such separation allowance. If the man has no dependents who were receiving or entitled to receive separation allowance, or if they die before him, then if he dies before the whole gratuity is paid the same lapses and does not become payable.

The gratuity is payable as follows:—

One month's pay and allowance on the day of the man's discharge, and the remainder (if any) in subsequent monthly payments.

Where any officer or man omitted to make proper provision for his wife and children, or where the circumstances require it, the Paymaster General, or the Minister of Militia and Defence may direct the gratuity to be applied for the provision of such wife and children.

This Order-in-Council applies to Nursing Sisters as well as officers and men.

The Order-in-Council appears inconsistent in two respects.

First, the order recites that "a gratuity similar to that which is paid to the officers, warrant officers and men of the naval and land forces of Canada in place of post discharge pay."

However the regulations clearly show that war service, gratuity only applies to those who were on the strength of the naval or land forces of Canada on active service on or after the 11th of November, 1918, and to make the regulations consistent with the recital they should apply to every officer and man who has received, or is entitled to receive, post discharge pay.

Secondly, the recital divides the whole Canadian Forces into two Divisions only namely: Naval Forces and Land Forces, while the schedule to the Order-in-council not only refers to the naval forces, but divides the land forces into the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and land forces proper, and distinguishes between them. From the above it is clearly shown that the gratuity is only payable to those officers and men who were discharged on and after the 11th day of November, 1918, with one and only one exception, viz.

Any officer or man who was discharged before this date who has served "at the Front in any actual theatre of war" (which does not include service in Canada, United States, British Isles, Saint Lucia, Hermuda, or on the high seas) then this officer or man will be paid gratuity, less the amount he already has received for post discharge pay, [illegible] tion.

Maojr-Gen. G. M. Cory, distinguished Toronto soldier, at a civic luncheon given in his honor, stated that an army of occupation in the East would be necessary for some time.

FINDING FARMS FOR SOLDIERS

ONTARIO TO GIVE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT POWER TO EXPROPRIATE.

Ontario is not giving up uncultivated land to the Federal Government absolutely, but the Ontario Government is co-operating with the Federal Government in the placing of the soldiers on the land.

The Federal Government has more money at its disposal to help out soldiers who wish to settle on the land when they return, and the Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, who has been studying the matter for some time, thinks this will prevent overlapping and competition.

Legislation will be passed at the coming session of the House which will give the Federal Government power to expropriate the land, but it is not the intention of the Government to give the soldiers' Settlement Board title to the Crown lands. They will be permitted to take a lien given to the soldiers as security for the loan advanced.

For some time now the Government has been carrying on a soldiers' settlement scheme at Kapuskasing, which has worked out satisfactorily, but the amount of money that Ontario would loan is much smaller than the Federal Government is willing to loan to the men. Hence this new arrangement, but should the soldier give up the land, it comes back again to the Ontario Government.

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine. Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will well pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

ALIENS LEAVING FOR HOMELANDS

EMIGRATION OF OVER FIVE THOUSAND RELIEVES LABOR SITUATION.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—The labor situation is being much relieved by the emigration of foreigners from Canada. According to reports made to Ottawa, in the Toronto and Hamilton district alone, since Nov. 11, over 5,000 laborers have left for continental Europe, mostly via New York. The majority of these were Italians, Serbians, Bulgarians, Rumanians and Austrians. Most of these men have been working in munition factories during the past three years and have saved sums which will make them independent in their native lands.

This emigration has helped greatly to relieve the unskilled labor market. Reports received by the Department of Labor show that outside of several of the larger cities the situation is not serious and munition workers as well as soldiers are being absorbed faster than was anticipated.

It was expected there would be a certain amount of unemployment but Canada is passing from a war to a peace basis with less disturbance than was anticipated. The labor situation is probably the worst in Montreal. In Toronto there are reported to be in the neighborhood of eight thousand unemployed, most of them machinists and men formerly engaged in muntion factories. The Labor Department is rapidly organizing its Dominion-wide system of employment agencies and there will soon be a chain of bureaus from Halifax to Victoria. Mr. Bryce Stewart, of the Labor Department has been appointed director of the work. He is leaving in a few days for Winnipeg to open a clearing house in that city, and to consult with the Western Provinces in regard to the organization. Mr. Thomas Molloy, of the Labor Department of the Saskatchewan Government, has been loaned to the Dominion and is organizing the four Western Provinces.

Is Still Holding Meetings At Tweed

Evangelist H. D. Kennedy of this city opened a month's campaign at Tweed, Ont., two weeks ago. From the first much interest was shown and the attendance increased nightly. Last Friday night the crowd was unusually large and over twenty five persons profession conversion in that meeting.

On Tuesday night of the second week the break came and on Wednesday an all day prayer meeting was held and the result of the meetings till the end of the second week was that over seventy persons sought the Lord and confessed Christ publicly.

Mr. Kennedy will continue in Tweed two weeks yet.

Dominion and Ontario plans for soldiers' land settlement are to be merged, and the Dominion Government will have power to take uncultivated lands for soldiers.

Hon. "Bob" Rogers stated in an interview that Canadian manufacturers should be able, if they get raw materia on the same terms, to compete with Americans in making agricultural implements.

Positive Definite Knowledge—

of its Matchless Quality and Value has been the forceful power that has created a sale of 25 million packets Annually.—

"SALADA"

TRY IT — a Tea-Pot Test is better than a Volume of Arguments. 8549

Is Life Insurance Safe?

How often we hear the question, "Would Life Insurance Companies stand the extra strain of a great epidemic?"

This question is now answered by experience. We have passed through the greatest war in history, and on its heels and overlapping it came the most malignant epidemic ever experienced on this Continent, one that claimed more victims in two months from the people of Canada and the United States than the war did in four and one-third years.

The fact that the surplus of every one of the old Established Companies of Canada has not only been maintained but increased, answers the above question most eloquently, and proves that Life Insurance is not only safe, but IMPREGNABLE.

Experience proves that it is as safe as a Victory Bond, and, in the event of death, infinitely better.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA has distributed more to compensate for the terrible wastage of the recent War and Epidemic than any other Company in Canada.

Is it not, then, a wise place in which to carry your Insufance?

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

ALL CANADIAN TROOPS TO BE HOME BY AUGUST 1ST

When Navigation Opens Men Will Be Returned at Rate of 45,000 a Month.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—It is stated in militia circles here that the end of August next will see the return to Canada of the last units of the military forces of Canada now serving overseas in Europe.

For the present there will be no speeding up in the return of troops beyond the numbers already arranged for, 20,000 in January, increasing to 30,000 in February, but in the spring and summer months the number returning to Canada will rise to 45,000 monthly.

Several factors enter into the considerations governing the return of these troops to Canada, such as transportation afloat and ashore, the undesirability of returning too many men during the winter months, and the difficulties of securing the smoth and expeditious return to civil occupations of these men without over-taxing the limits of the organizations arranged for that latter purpose.

Problems of Transport

During the winter it is possible to land troops only at two Canadian ports, Halifax and St. John, and at the latter port it is impossible to berth ships of the largest tonnage. From each port the railroad lines have a limited capacity and must provide for the regular services, passenger and freight, in addition to the additional tax on the services by the extra troop trains.

Safety a Big Factor

Furthermore, there is the question of facilities and motive power facilities which will be increased at the end of the current month, and the most important one of the factor of safety. These lines cannot be crowded beyond a certain point and it is not intended to take unnecessary risks. In the matter of equipment, it must be remembered that the great majority of the returning soldiers must be provided with pro-

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

COURAGE, CAPACITY and DETERMINATION

It takes courage, stick-at-itiveness, and capability to carve out a man's fortune. All three features are needed. Poor vision lowers the capacity. See to it that your eyesight is kept at its best. Consult Dr. Fowler.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

HOSPITAL SHIP WAS ALL RIGHT

NOTHING BUT PRAISE IS HEARD OF TRANSPORT ARAGUAYA.

Halifax, Jan. 10. That the hospital ship Araguaya was a good ship, was endorsed by all who your correspondent enquired from regarding the conditions while the steamer was coming across the Atlantic. They all praised the food and the sleeping quarters and spoke highly of the conduct of the ship officers toward them as there was not one complaint. There appeared to be plenty of good food, which greatly pleased the men.

On account of encountering heavy weather during the first days at sea the ship took eleven days to reach port, but even this did not cause the men to complain, as they knew the delay could not be helped. It required four trains to convey the men to their homes. The first one left at noon for 102 mental cases for Cobourg, Ont.; the second at 4.30 o'clock for Toronto; the third shortly after seven, with all the western men, and the fourth shortly before midnight with the men for Ottawa, Kingston, London, Montreal and Quebec.

The work of disembarkation was carried out without a hitch. As all documents are made out here when a hospital ship arrives, the work cannot be done as quickly as when a transport docks. There are scores of men on crutches or only an arm, and they have to be handled slowly and easily. Colonel Crain, of the clearing depot, and the embarkation staff did good work in getting the men away so soon.

R. MORRISON
Appointed Chairman of Fire, Water and Light Committee

ROBBED BABY'S BANK.

Burglars Overlook Nothing in Home at Beaverton.

During the absence of Mr. Joseph McPhee, of Beaverton, in Victoria Road, thieves entered his house and stole a suit of clothes, a pair of lined gauntlets and his overcoat and $2 from the baby's bank, as well as ransacking the house and turning things upside down and eating all the eatables they could find, such as butter, fruit and fruit cake. Entrance was gained from the woodshed, where two panes were broken and the back door forced.

Crippled Soldier Praises S. A. Huts

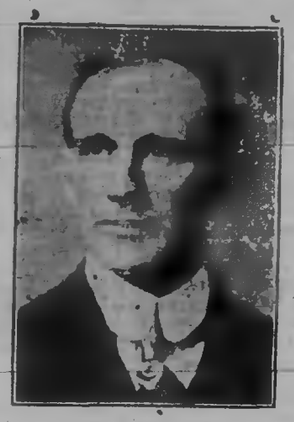
RECEIVED NOTHING BUT KINDNESS FROM OFFICERS IN FRANCE.

A strong letter of endorsation of the Salvation Army's work at the front was written by a patient in the Davisville (Toronto) Military Hospital to the Red Shield Drive Committee. The man lost one of his limbs but was fortunate enough to get back to his own country. His letter is in part as follows:

"I would like to express my thanks for the good I have received at the hands of the Salvation Army Captain and Staff attached to some of the huts overseas. I have always found them generous and more than willing to help the soldiers, and in this way make the boys feel at home and comfortable.

"When on duty and serving my time with the 3rd Canadian Training Depot in England, I had the pleasure of visiting the Salvation Army Huts at West Sandling, and would spend many hours there. I have had many meals there and found them as good as any that I could get at home in Canada. The price charged was only 25c, or one shilling. The meal usually consisted of good ham and eggs, potatoes, bread and butter, and an excellent cup of coffee. Right here I will state that it was impossible to get the same kind of meal anywhere else for less than 40c. This was in 1916. I was also given a hearty send-off by the members of the staff attached to this hut, when leaving for France. Also received a few little things, such as a memo book and pencils, from them, which came in very useful later on when I was in France.

"Another thing I will mention is that I was never turned away from the huts hungry if I did not have the money to pay for the food, but they always allowed me to pay up later on when I did have the money. This fact made the boys feel at home, even though they were thousands of miles away from their Canadian homes. I feel that I owe this to the Salvation Army in letting them know the good they are doing for the boys overseas, but will ask you not to publish my name and number."



W. B. TAYLOR
Who will serve the city as Finance Minister for another year

Embargo Placed On All Exports

TRADE TIED UP ON ACCOUNT OF BLOCKADE IN EUROPE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Jan. 13.—Arresting of almost the entire overseas export shipments of Canada has been practically effected by an order from the Canadian Railway War Board recently issued. At least eighty per cent. of this huge trade, amounting to something like a half millions tons per month, will thus be backed up in Canadian warehouses, elevators and mills.

"The embargo has been placed because the British and French ports have at present more traffic than they can handle. The British Ministry of Shipping has advised us that the shipments cannot be accepted," says the Board.

The length of time the embargo will remain in force depends on how soon the European ports are cleared up.

COLLEGIATE CHRISTMAS EXAMS

Commercial Department.
(Eight Subjects.)

C.H.—Vera Porteous, 83 per cent.; Marian Sh[illegible] Shelton, 79; Betty Mowat, 78; Annie Cunningham, 78; Helen Madden, 72; Kathleen Garden, 71; Lorine Archambault, 68; May O'Brien, 64; Marian Nelson, 62; Marguerite Connors, 41.

Not graded—Leona McGinty, Ola Parker, Lillian Shevlin.

(Fourteen Subjects.)

Cecil Izbar, 80 per cent.; Jack Curtis, 79; Dorothy Butler, 75; Hazel Anderson, 73; Muriel Lockhart, 64; Florence Saunders, 60; Audrey Wainwright, 58; Clayton Turner, 57; Edna Pammett, 55; Fern Wiley, 55; Majorie Evans, 55; Elda Webber, 54; Leah Rowe, 54; Georgia Clementi, 49; Sibyl McFadden, 45; Alberta MacDonald, 43; Fraser Watson, 41.

Not graded—Ruth Cunningham, Ruth MacLeish, Mona McDonnell, Eileen Murray, Ralph Holymen.

REPUBLICANS FOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE

FAVOR CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT GIVING ALL AMERICAN WOMEN VOTE.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Declaring for universal female suffrage by constitutional amendment and applauding speeches condemning Socialism, Bolshevism and government ownership the Republican national congress today conferred on Chairman Will H. Hays, who opened the meeting, what was to be taken to be full power to conduct affairs of the party in its efforts to defeat the Democrats at the next national election.

Resolutions laudatory of Theodore Roosevelt were adopted, as introduced by John D. King, of Connecticut, and plans were made at the suggestion of Chairman Hays to erect a permanent monument to the lecedent by popular subscription.

The Democratic national administration was denounced by committeemen for what was termed its tendency to Socialism and for placing control of the government departments in the hands of the minority of the south, while the majority of the north paid ninety per cent of the taxes, as worded by Governor Beeckman of Rhode Island.

It was declared by Chairman Hays and others that it was too early to consider a candidate for president, but many names were mentioned in the informal talk of committeemen, while a separate meeting of Illinois Republicans made arrangements to persuade Governor Frank O. Lowden to announce himself as a candidate.

Two women took part in the deliberations as holders of proxies and their assistance was sought in all the doings of the meetings.

FREE OLEOMARGARINE.

Ban Will Not Be Replaced Now the War Is Over.

Belleville, Jan. 13.—Hon. T. A. Crerar: "There seems to be some misunderstanding as to whether the war measures admitting oleo to Canada will be continuous, but there is a suggestion on the part of the Government that it shall become a permanent feature."

HARRY PHELAN
Chairman of Board of Public Works for 1919, the chief spending department of the city

Soldiers' Dread Life Without Work

DID NOT FEAR GERMANS BUT TREMBLE AT THAT PROSPECT.

In order that future generations of Canadians may dwell with unrestricted pride on the part taken by the Dominion in the war, the people who have stayed at home in comfort and security must deal squarely and generously with the fighting men who have endured hardships and faced death at the front. If impressionable Canadian youth of the future have not before them the record of this fair dealing, as well as the inspiration of the soldiers' heroism and their victories, the great moral and patriotic force of Canada's achievements in the war will be weakened.

With this simple truth looking us in the face, it is reassuring to find that many employers are publicly stating their willingness to take back returned men who left their employ to fight for the cause of human freedom. A Toronto paper some days ago proposed to publish the names of employers of labor in Ontario who would make such a declaration. The honor roll of names of commercial and industrial firms who have thus declared themselves already takes up nearly two columns of space in that newspaper, and many concerns are daily adding their names to the shining roll. In the field covered by that paper the public eye is focussed on the list, and the business house that fails to enroll itself seems likely to become less popular if it has not taken other means of making the same honorable announcment.

Other newspapers in other cities and provinces might well follow that example. When the public nerves are strung up as they are now, the tranquillizing effect of such a movement is just what is needed. Such a spirit is infectious. In the present state of public emotion it seems more than likely that the movement may spread throughout the Dominion until every Canadian business institution and employer is committed to this fair and just course. The names of leading firms on such a roll of business honor have a compelling appeal to others and a magical influence on the whole community. The initiative of the Toronto paper may be the means of rousing the conscience of the whole nation.

The returning soldier feels more dread of a jobless civil life than he ever knew fear of the enemy. To many thousands of soldiers such a list as printed will bring relief of mind and release from worry. If every employer of labor in the Dominion would sign such an obligation most of the soldiers would find jobs waiting for them when they return. Then the memories of the magnificent achievements of the Canadians in France could be cherished without the impairing thought that while our gallant fighting men were gaining victories in Europe they were losing their jobs in Canada.

At the annual meeting of the flour and grain section of the Toronto Board of Trade the following officers were elected: Chairman, J. T. Melady; vice-chairman, A. E. McQuaig; secretary-treasurer, F. D. Tolchard; acting secretary-treasurer, L. R. Crawshaw.

SAGE TEA DANDY TO DARKEN HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Brink Back Color and Lustre To Hair

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this famous old Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound to-night and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days.

WELL PLEASED WITH JUDGING

LINDSAY EXHIBITION SATISFIED WITH AWARDS AT POULTRY SHOW.

(Lindsay Warder.)

Lindsay exhibitors at Peterborough Poultry Show returned home this morning bringing with them several cups. The five local exhibitors carried off most of the prizes in the respective classes in which they showed. Mr. Leo. Morrow showed fifteen birds and won fourteen prizes in the Buff and Black Wyandotte classes; Harry Norton, with three White Wyandottes, won two firsts and a second and annexed two silver cups. Jim Mackey's three Leghorns won two firsts and a second. Bert Letts made a clean sweep with seventeen White Rocks. Harry Daniels, with Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds, won about everything in sight, including the cup. He made several sales. Mr. Capstick, of Bobcaygeon, was also a big winner.

The boys are all justly proud of their success, particularly in view of the fact that they were shown in a very strong field. They speak highly of the treatment they received from the management of the Peterborough Show, and certainly they have no complaints to make about the judging.

Order-In-Council Has Been Amended

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—The order passed on September 25th, 1918, respecting unlawful associations and publications, has been amended by requiring the assent to or the approval of any prosecution under the regulations by the Attorney-General of the Province in which the offense is alleged to have been committed, and by giving the accused the right to elect whether he shall be tried by a Magistrate or a jury. The consent of the Attorney-General and the right of trial by jury should provide against any unwarranted prosecutions for technical violation of the order, where there does not appear to be substantial grounds for prosecution. The Criminal Code contains provisions against sedition, under which prosecutions may also be instituted. The question is now before the Department of Justice as to what amendments, if any, should be made to the code to render unnecessary the continuance of the existing order in council. In the meantime it is considered to be in the public interests that the order as amended, should be continued.

James Devine, a carter, was crushed to death at Kingston Junction, apparently while trying to board a moving train.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

There's a big stir going on at Sukloff's that will be extremely interesting to everybody in Peterborough and District. Watch for full particulars in To-Morrow's Paper.

Store will be Closed all Day Tuesday for Drastic Preparations

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to discontinue is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding 6 inch space. All words over 6 inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Ladies for soliciting work, house to house campaign, experience not necessary. Good wages, short hours. Apply Miss Taylor, at the Peterboro Milk Products Limited.

WANTED—Forelady to take charge of fur manufacturing department of Old Established Fur House in Ontario; good wages and future for the right person. Write Box 229.

WANTED—An office girl with knowledge of bookkeeping to go to Regina, Sask. Apply at office of B. F. Avery Co., City.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOU to come to the Men's Social Bible Class tomorrow at 3 p.m., George St. Church. Cheerily welcome. Come.

WANTED—Farm help in the vicinity of the city. Apply Box 230, Review.

WANTED.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 958.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mahogany Gramophone, floor cabinet, almost new, a bargain. Apply 598 Gilmour St.

FOR SALE—Persian Lamb Coat in splendid condition at a bargain. Apply Review Office.

FOR SALE—Four first-class milking cows, including one new-milch cow and calf, excellent stock. Apply Jas O'Connell, 587 Concession St.

LOST.

LOST—Crotcheted hand bag in the Opera House Saturday afternoon. Finder please leave at Review office.

LOST—On Friday evening in the vicinity of the C. P. R. station, a purse containing sum of money. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at Review office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION
The Leader Sewing Machine Co.,
210 Hunter Street
Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.
We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.
SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call.
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Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
117 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408½ Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
F. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 264.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 218 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m
Phone 283.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

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Hardwood Flooring
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Best Fruit—
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Reasonable
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At Right Prices
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Bell Phone 935

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

Vincent Kempffer, aged seven, of Toronto, had his leg broken when he fell off a chair in his home.

Whetstone in Tree Trunk.

While sawing down a large poplar tree on the Weimar farm two sons of Joseph Weimar found their saw would not penetrate. They began a little higher, and after the tree was down they discovered a whetstone in the heart of the trunk. It is supposed that many years ago, when the tree was a sapling, lumbermen working in the fields laid the stone there and forgot to take it away, and the tree grew around it.—Marietta (Pa.) Correspondence, Philadelphia Record.

Cursed Your Conduct.

The worst kind of unhappiness, as well as the greatest amount of it, comes from our conduct to each other. If our conduct, therefore, were under the control of kindness, it would be nearly the opposite of what it is, and so the state of the world would be almost reversed. We are for the most part unhappy because the world is an unkind world. But the world is only unkind for the lack of kindness in the individuals who compose it.—Frederick William Faber.

New Vegetable Butter.

Shea butter, the reddish oil of the West African shea tree (Butyrospermum Parkii), is one of several vegetable butters that are now of unusual interest to makers of margarine, chocolate, candles and soap. The sweet and wholesome pulp of the nut is much prized by the natives, and is said to be nearly two-thirds butter. Great Britain controls the source of supply.

Have Varying Terms.

Judges of the state supreme courts are chosen for a fixed term of years, varying from two in Vermont to 21 in Pennsylvania. Eighteen states have a term of six years, seven states of eight years, five states of 12 years, one of fourteen years and one of fifteen. Indiana has six years. In all the states they are eligible for re-election.

Decimating.

Originally, decimation was a military punishment of the Romans, who dealt with large bodies of rebels, prisoners or mutinous soldiers by executing one man in ten. In popular use today, decimation means the destruction of a large proportion of anything; as, "the epidemic has decimated the population," or "the Prussian guards were decimated at Verdun."

A Bit Twisted.

A squad of recruits was practicing communications down a line of men in open order formation. One message was: "Hard pressed on left; send re-enforcements at once." To the amazement of the officer in charge this is how it reached him: "Hard up on left; send three dollars and four cents at once."—Buffalo Commercial.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or five for $5. Sold by druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Free pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS
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Jewelry Watches
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Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

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Head Office—485-487 George Street
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Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT
Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Peru and Chile Have Quarrel

PATRONS of a boxing meet expect the last bout on the card to be the most important of the evening; they would not sit to see a curtain-raiser at the time set for the fall of the curtain. This Anglo-Saxon custom must have been overlooked by Peru and Chile when, a few weeks ago, they decided to go to war. They have since resolved to arbitrate their differences, when they found that the world at large was prepared to take just as much interest in their arbitration as in their war. A few years ago the prospect of a war between these powers would have sent newspaper correspondents scurrying from all quarters of the earth. To-day the war correspondents who have not gone to Paris to attend the Peace Conference are looking up railroad timetables in preparation for lecturing tours. Newspapers would have let the office boys report the conflict in South America. It would have been an ironical comment upon civilization if, just at the end of the "war to end war," when the powers were about to gather together to form a League of Nations to keep the peace two lesser countries should have appealed to the sword.

There have been various explanations of the issue between the two countries, and it is generally supposed to be a boundary dispute, but in reality it is a quarrel over an immensely rich tract of country, which for many years has been one of the chief sources of revenue to Chile. They fought over it once before and Chile won. That Chile would not have won again had the matter been left to arms it is difficult to believe. Between the two countries there stretches the immense waterless waste of Atacama and Tarapaca, which was for a long time supposed to be absolutely worthless since no rain falls there and nothing grows. But in the latter half of the nineteenth century it was discovered that in this waste were practically unlimited supplies of nitrate of soda, and since this fertilizer was in great demand in Europe, this desert suddenly became immensely valuable.

The Province of Tarapaca belonged to Peru at this time, Atacama to Chile, while adjoining were Arica and Tacna owned by Bolivia. All were in the heart of the nitrate deposits, the importance of which Chile was the first to discover. Chile then made a bargain with Bolivia whereby for a consideration of $10,000 she secured the right to the nitrate in the Bolivian territory, thus establishing a practical monopoly of an industry that was to attain gigantic proportions, with the exception of the nitrate that Peru could glean from her own province of Tarapaca. Peru industriously set to work, but Chile had the lead, and was never overtaken. It appears that one of the strange peculiarities of Peruvian nature is a jealousy of more thriving and prosperous neighbors, and she began to hope that Chile would choke. Bolivia also witnessed Chile's prosperity with ill-concealed feelings of envy, and finally the two entered into a defensive alliance. It is supposed that it was at the suggestion of Peru that Bolivia imposed a tax on all the nitrate that was exported from Tacna and Arica. This brought a fierce protest from Chile.

Bolivia disregarded the protest and attempted to collect the tax, whereupon Chile seized the port of Antofogasta—so now you see what the word means. This inevitably led to a declaration of war by Bolivia in 1879. Peru offered to act as mediator, but Chile suspecting that she would favor her partner in true Peruvian fashion refused her offices. It was then Peru's turn to grow suspicious, for she feared that victorious Chile might attempt to seize her own nitrate province of Tarapaca. So Peru declared war, and arrived just in time to take Bolivia's place, for the latter, with no navy and a small army, was speedily put out of action by her more powerful antagonist. Chile was, indeed, well prepared to fight. Her navy was made up of ironclads, then modern, and her troops were Krupp-armed and well trained.

Peru had three ships of war, which fought gallantly against great odds. Her army was more numerous and succeeded in continuing the war for five years, at the end of which time Peru had to acknowledge herself beaten. Chile dictated the terms of peace, and annexed forever the Province of Tarapaca. The Bolivian provinces of Arica and Tacna were to be held by her for ten years, at the end of which time there was to be a plebiscite, the inhabitants of the provinces to determine what nation they wished to belong to. The lucky nation was to recompense the loser to the extent of $10,000,000. At the end of the ten years Chile offered to hold the plebiscite, but Peru refused, and has continued to refuse with each repetition of the offer, alleging that the conditions of the proposed referendum were unfair. The point is that Chile wants to confine the voters to the upper, educated or white classes, whatever they may be called, who are almost all Chileans. They are a minority, however, the masses of the population being made up of illiterate Indians, who are Peruvians. If everybody votes the province will probably go to Peru, for Bolivia has been lost in the shuffle. If it is a hand-picked electorate the province will remain with Chile. This is the problem that remains to be solved, but fortunately not by war.

Manila Hemp.

The production of manila hemp in the Philippine Islands made substantial progress during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, according to statements compiled by the Bureau of Insular Affairs, War Department. The quantity [illegible] greater than in the preceding [illegible] and was the largest [illegible] 1911.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Hon. Walter H. Long Is a Typical English Squire In the Coalition Cabinet

IT has been said that Walter Long is sure of a seat in any Coalition Cabinet or any Unionist Cabinet for ten years to come. It is not that Walter Long is brilliant. It is rather because he is not. Exactly because he is so much the average educated Englishman with no pretension to intellectual distinction that he is an embodiment of all that is traditionally English that he is so popular in the House. Even those who bitterly oppose the political faith he subscribes to like him personally.

Walter Hume Long is the English Tory squire par example. He owns some 15,000 acres of land, is a famous rider to the hunt and a noted cricketer, possesses the robust health and bluff honesty of one who lives much in the open air, and is idolized by his tenants and listened to with respect in the Commons be his speeches ever so dull.

He comes of an ancient and aristocratic family, and he married a wife who comes of an ancient and aristocratic family. He was educated at Harrow and Oxford, and his family being wealthy as well as ancient and aristocratic, he did not have to bother about earning his living. He simply went in for the glorious open air life of the country gentleman, stuck religiously to the morning tub habit of his ancestors, developed a ruddy countenance and an honest,

HON. WALTER LONG.

straightforward mind, and believed in the King and the Constitution, the ability of the ruling classes to govern, and the authenticity of the thirty-nine articles with all his might.

He is now 63, and he has been 38 years in Parliament. He took to politics as one of the duties of a leisured Englishman, and he has taken his own native common sense into affairs of state without making any pretensions of being a statesman. Nevertheless, for the past fourteen years, roughly speaking, he has held Cabinet office of one kind or another. In 1886 he was Parliamentary Secretary to Local Government Board. From 1895 to 1900 he was President of the Board of Agriculture. From 1900 to 1905 he was President of the Local Government Board. Then came a period as Chief Secretary for Ireland.

When the Coalition Cabinet was formed in 1915 we find him back in his old office of President of the Local Government Board. As such he was given credit for acting as right hand man to Mr. Bonar Law in piloting the conscription bill through Parliament.

In 1916 he became Secretary of State for the Colonies, which position he still holds.

Despite the personal popularity, Walter Long has not always had an easy time getting elected. He has been member for no less than six different constituencies from Wiltshire divisions to the Strand division of London. But he has always got elected. He knows how to make himself solid with the ordinary man, and to do it without affectation. The secret is simply to be himself. For his mind does not dwell on the heights, like Mr. Balfour's, nor does it declare itself in the legal lucidity of Mr. Asquith's, nor has he anything of the natural aloofness of Mr. McKenna. He appeals to the common man because his interests are much the same as the common man's, and his mind moves with the same directness and lack of subtlety.

There is a story told which reveals very well the affection with which his tenants regard him. It concerns the expression of regret by an old man on his estate of Rood Ashton that "Master Walter 'ad given up huntin' and gone in for politics." He still does a deal of hunting, but he has given the serious attention to politics that befits a descendant of the great English families.

Some years ago Walter Long visited Canada and delivered a number of addresses before Canadian clubs. On his return to England he roused some hostility in certain quarters in Canada by giving out an interview in which he declared that Canada looked up to Chamberlain as the man who had made the British Empire a reality for Canadians, and vouched for certain other views of Canadians on Home Rule, Imperial defence and votes for women that were not altogether an accurate reflection of Canadian sentiment as a whole. But other travellers have since [illegible] Canada has forgiven any slight misrepresentation, which, if it existed, time has long since set right.

Silent partners allow their money to talk for them.

Work Savers.

Use plenty of newspapers about the kitchen, spreading them on the floor when anything is likely to spatter. It is easier to gather them up than to clean up. If there is a kitchen range not in use in the summer time it is well to burn these papers every few days to prevent dampness and rust. If the kitchen has but a gas range, then a good-sized waste basket should be kept and the papers disposed of in whatever way is best.

Women Dive for Shells in Japan.

The Japanese industry of making buttons, scarfpins, shirt studs and links and the like from sea shells brought from the Indian ocean, the Philippines and the South Sea islands has made mighty strides these last few years. Millions of the shells are gathered from the ocean bottom by women divers, who work without the aid of any diving apparatus whatever.—From Gas Logic.

Ancestral Brains.

Some folks live on the glory of their ancestors. They tell of the great things they did and the greater things they think they did. Then when they get the ear of some one especially sympathetic and credulous, there is an eruption of boast of greatness that might have been. These poor creatures live in the past. It's no wonder they do so little in the present.

Secrets of the Salmon.

A single scale from a salmon will tell you its owner's age, and whether his pickings have been slim or the opposite. When viewed through a microscope, the scale will reveal tiny lines, which have developed at the rate of 16 a year. Lines crowded close prove that the salmon has been living high. Lines widely spread indicate a scant diet.

Facts About the Bloodhound.

Bloodhounds were first known as sleuthhounds owing to their ability to track the deer, wild boar or the wolf. When the wounded game broke away and was lost, these good-nosed dogs were used in trailing the quarry by the blood trail, and hence they were finally called bloodhounds.

Foresight.

An irascible and not very judicial person had been listening to a lengthy argument on whether Ireland should or should not have home rule. Finally he could contain himself no longer and burst out: "I wish they'd give 'em home rule and then give me the motion picture rights."—Outlook.

Prevents Windows Sticking.

To make a sliding screen or a window sash move easily, rub a paraffin candle along the edge which is likely to bind. This is an effective lubricant that lasts a long time and is easily replenished. Dry soap may be used in this way.

More Worthy of Respect.

"I'm got mo' respeck foh a man dat goes fishin' on Sunday," said Uncle Eben, "dan I has foh de one dat hangs around de house wif a grouch an' expects de whole family to wait on him."

Thrived Without Wheat.

American Indians thrived and grew tall and muscular without wheat; but we can't tell whether that is what made them red.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Cheerful Observer.

When the man above endeavors to discredit you, be of good cheer, for it is probable that you are getting near enough to crowd him.—Dayton News.

Scratch Obliterated.

A scratch on polished furniture may be almost obliterated by rubbing vigorously with linseed oil.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

No Experience.

A kindergarten teacher was telling the children in her department about sparrows; concerning their ways and habits. Among other things she said: "The sparrows eat up the worms. Now children, which would you rather have, worms or sparrows?" "Kye never had sparrows," piped up a tiny boy near the front.

Quarter of Billion for Hats.

It has been estimated by the millinery chamber of commerce that the expenditure for women's headgear in the United States is more than $250,000,000 a year. This would average something over $5 per capita for women and girls of all ages.

Rules for Success.

That which has been done once is easier done the second time. Repetition is the only basis of perfection. Patient continuance in well-doing conducts by a straight path to glory, honor and immortality.—Frances E. Willard.

Complete Supply.

A woman had her little daughter at a shoe store to be fitted. The clerk put one shoe on and asked her to walk around and see how it felt. She did so, then said to the clerk: "It feels, allwight, I'll take two of 'em!"

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Fort Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

Separators Took 3 From Creameries

At the Water Street Bowling Alleys on Saturday afternoon in the De Laval ten pin League, the Separators took three games from the Creamery team. For the Creamery, Downing was high with a score of 503. While Armstrong for the Separators was high man with 486. Rutter pulled off a hard spare of 3-5-7. The scores:

Creamery				
Rutter	131	147	150	428
Byers	114	166	192	502
Duggan	147	152	140	435
Doconing	153	187	163	503
Carter	151	158	162	471
	722	810	807	2339
Separator				
Garrow	151	181	123	455
Armstrong	134	166	186	486
French	162	130	122	414
Webstar	98		112	210
Finley		110		110
Barrette	167	160	147	474
	712	747	690	2149

Toronto bowlers Sport

An all-star five pin bowling team from Toronto will meet the Peterboro Five Pin Bowlers at the Water Street Alleys on Tuesday evening. For the past couple of years Peterboro has taken the silverware from Toronto and home and home games will be played.

Winners At The George St. Alleys

The prize winners at the George St. Alleys last week were W. Henderson in ten pins with a score of 203-, 207, 240—656.

Reg Fails carried off the five pin prize with a score of 202, 150, 154—507.

In the S Class prizes, D. Kelley came first, J. Wardle second and Don Sharpe third.

A league game between the Hellanics and George St. teams will be played tonight at 7.30 sharp.

The Ontario Government has appointed George W. Goodwin to be crown attorney for the Algoma district.

Brock St. RINK Now Open

SKATING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK

Evenings, 25c. - - With Band
Afternoons 10c. Without Band

GOOD ICE

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

RARE TO SEE MORE THAN ONE HOME RUN IN INNING

But There Have Been as many as Three Made in One Canto in Big League Games

Something that hasn't been done on the major league circuits for quite a while is for three batsmen to propel home runs in one and the same innnig. The last time an incident like this cropped up in fast company was on August 3, 1911, in a game between the Superbas and the Cubs and then one of the homers was of the accidental kind, made so by a lumber pile.

Nowadays it is quite a trick for two batsmen to make successive homers in the same canto. Last season the feat was turned three times—twice in the American (by the same players) and once in the National.

Clarence Walker and George Burns of the Machmen, batting in order in the first inning on May 10 against Urhan Charles Faber of the White Sox, smote four-baggers and these same eminent wielders of the big stick repeated the performances 19 days later in the fourth frame against Joseph Ignatius Finnerans of the Yankees in the first game the former Philadelpha and Tiger started for his third major league boss, and the White Elephants would have been blanked each time if it had not been for the home run output of Tillie and George.

Martin Kavanagh and Miguel Gonzales of the Cardinals were able because of the ruffled feelings of the Superbas, to stage a Walker-Burns stunt in the thirteenth inning of the game of July 4, when Jack Coombs was pitching. When this chapter started each club possessed one run. The Cards filled the bases on Coombs and Kavanagh emptied them with a blow that Umpire Rigler said was fair and that the Brooklyn players declared was foul. Rigler, for his verdict, got a punch in the back of the head from an excited bug and the bug was pinched by a special officer. It was after this that Gonzales contributed his hoder, the Superbas still being peved and making slight effort to prevent the hit from being good for all four hassocks.

Home Run Biffers Number 107.

One hundred and seven big leagues manufactured homers in 1918, the Cardinals having 11 uen in this class; Cubs and Yankees, nine; Reds and Braves, eight; Giants, Pirates and Athletics, six; Indians, Tigers and Red Sox, five; Browns and Nationals, four.

As related, one has to hark back to August 3, 1911, to find an instance of rhere one inning contained three home runs. Eddie Zimmerman and Ross Erwin then touched Lurid Lew Richie of the Cubs for four-baggers and Zach Wheat pried one out of Fred Toney: Zim's blow was a freak, being an ordinary double back of first base. The ball hit a lumber pile, composed of temporary seats stacked up against the grandstand and hid itself, neither Victor Saler nor Frank Schulte being able to find it. "Lost ball" is of frequent occurrence ni the tall grass circuits, but it s more or less a novelty in a major league orchard.

Zimmerman, Erwin and Wheat were not batting in sequence when they obtained their three home runs and neither were Howard Camnitz, Vin Campbell and Hans Wagner of the Pirates when they executed a feat of this kind in a game with the Phillies on August 22, 1910.

Neither were Ed. Delahantry, Bill Coughlin and George Carey of the Senators on June 2, 1902, when they made Clarke Griffith, then with the White Sox, hit the high spots in the third inning. After Wyatt Arnold Lee, instead of homering doubled, the Old Fox took himself out of the box.

However, 28 days later, three members of the Cleveland team—Napoleon Lajoie, Charley Hickman and Bill Bradley—came up, one after the other, in a game in St. Louis, and pushed the product of the Reach factories out of the playing field and into the bleachers for hits good for four bases.

Jack Harper the Victim.

The inning was the sixth, the Naps won the game by a score of 17 to 8, and the pitcher who was beaten up was Jack Harper. All the home runs wound up their careers in the left field bleachers, the hits of Hickman and Bradley being made on the first ball pitched.

The first National league contest historians know of in which three players blew themselves to home hons in one inning took place at Recreation par, Detroit, on June 12, 1886, the home team winning over Henry V. Lucas' costly and ill-fated St. Louis Maroons, 14 to 7. Charles Sweeney, strikeout king, started to pitch this game for the Missourians and desiste dafter Rowe had made his second home run, Al Bauer succeeding him.

Sam Crane, prominent baseball writer now, got a circuit clout off Sweeney in the second inning and in the third Dan Brouthers, Sam Thompson and Jack Rowe followed sut. Nod Hanlon battling after the long time Detroit and Philadelphia favorite and expiring weakly to the infield. Rowe homered again in the fifth and in the seventh Thompson got his second four-bagger. Al Buer beng in charge of the St. Louis pitching department at the time.

On May 10, 1894, three St. Louis National league players are said to have made successive home runs in the sixth inning against Cincinnati and the next year, on June 14, three more St. Louis players, not batting in order, are reputed to have hit for the circuit in the seventh inning against Brooklyn.

It is a postive certainty, though, that the last time on inning of a major game contained three home runs was on August 3, 1911.

STILL SHOWING SPEED

John A. Gentry, Noted Pacer is Thirty Year Old

John A. Gentry, 2.00 1-2, sole survivor of the greatest galaxy of pacers the turf has ever seen, celebrated his thirtieth birthday recently by going a mile in harness over the old battle ground at Cumberland Park, Nashville, Tenn., driven by his veteran admirer, Reginald Weston, of New York. Gentry is owned by the estate of E. H. Harriman, and he is still II stock among the assets. Few horses ever attained his age with so little appearance of having passed the prime of life. More than twenty two years have passed since the memorable race at old Fleetwood Park, in which the handsome gelding defeated Robert J., 2.01 3-4; Frank Agan, 2.03 3-4 and Star Jolinted, 1.59 1-4, in the fastest three heats then on record, yet his back is as straight, his eye as brilliant and his muscles as unshrunken as in '96.

SPORTING

Canadiens of Montreal beat the Arenas of Toronto in an N. H. L. game at Montreal by 13 to 3.

There was no material change in the old country soccer league tables as a result of Saturday's games.

Eubene Brosseau of Montreal, Canadian and American amateur welterweight champion boxer, will become a professional.

The junior O. H. A. will practise tonight from 7 to 8 o'clock.

Prize Winners At Water Street

The prize winners of last week at the Water street alleys were:

In five pins, T. Barrette, 3 games 748; R. Ross, 3 games 732.

In ten pins, V. Dawson, 589.

League game tonight—East Lawn Bowlers vs. Shamrocks.

Paderewski Is Reported Wounded

London, Jan. 13.—Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish leader, has been slightly wounded by an assassin, who entered the room of his hotel at Warsaw and fired one shot at him, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen reporting advices from Vienna. Several Bolsheviki implicated in the plot to kill the leader have been arrested.

Legislature May Open Feb. 18th

Toronto, Jan. 13. There is much speculation at Queen's Park these days as to when the Legislature will open. Thus far it is understood that the Government has not formally discussed the matter. It seem altogether probable, however, that the opening will be fixed for Tuesday, February 18.

The opening was earlier than that last year, the Legislature opening on February 5. Easter is later this year, however, and as the Government tries to gauge the legislative program so as to wind up the ousiness before the holiday, it is only natural that the opening date should be late. It is customary to open on a Tuesday, and this practice will not be departed from this year.

Penniless Old Man Dumped Into Canada

Windsor, Jan. 13.—Penniless and friendless Wellington Weller, eighty years of age, resident in the United States for more than fifty years, was "dumped" into Windsor by American immigration officials because, as alleged, it recently was discovered that Weller is not a citizen of the United States.

According to the man's story, as he told to the Windsor police, he was born at Belleville, Ont., going to Duluth, where he was employed in the lumber woods. He voted in seven Presedential elections, he said, so enjoying other citizenship privileges.

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

Children of the Toronto Baptist Sunday schools in Massey Hall built a miniature model church in Token of their success in raising $7000 to erect a church in Sudbury.

The steamship Castalia, with 44 men aboard is drifting helpless and in a sinking condition off the Nova Scotia coast, several steamers trying in vain to take off the crew.

RAULKING THE BOLSHEVIK.
—New York World.

Think of the Vast Loss

by fire in this country every year. Million upon million of dollars worth of property goes up in smoke. Those who had the foresight to protect themselves with fire insurance lost nothing. Those who were without policies in many cases were ruined—etter join the first class by having us insure you at once.

H. P. LINDSAY AGENCY CO.

Real Estate and Insurance, Automobile Licensee
DISTRICT AGENTS FOR SECURITY LIFE
292 Water Street, South of Munro House

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can. ALSO WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW
IT PAYS

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

This week we shall offer a grouping of

LADIES' DRESSES

The styles and values are incomparable and it is a unique opportunity in every sense. Do not miss these.

We have still a few Suits and Coats left.

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

We Grind the Lens

This work is done accurately under our personal supervision, where there is no chance for a mistake. This is a saving of time. We can duplicate your broken lenses without prescription. See DR. LACEY, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WILL RESUME CLASSES

Mrs. W. A. Greenslade will resume her classes in piano, vocal and theory on and after January 6th. Pupils will please report at once. Phone 857. Studio, 196 Dalhousie street.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKinty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld auto cylinders, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
286 Hunter Street. Phone 284J.

NOTICE.

The Peter Robinson Chapter, I. O. D. E., will meet in the Green Room of the Y.W.C.A. on Monday evening at 7:30. This meeting is very important, as Mr. Macdonald, producer of the musical comedy "In Sunny France," will address the meeting. All members are requested to be present.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bunney Worth Co.

ANNIVERSARY OF TRINITY CHURCH

ELOQUENT SERMONS PREACHED BY REV. E. E. SCOTT OF TORONTO.

Rev. E. E. Scott, of Toronto, one of the leading preachers in the Methodist Church in Canada, was the speaker at the anniversary services in Trinity Church and delivered two eloquent and inspiring services. There were large congregations out, both morning and evening, the seating capacity of the church being taxed to capacity last night, many members of other congregations in the city being present.

The musical program, under the direction of Mr. George H. King, was as usual of a high order. Mr. King gave an organ recital from 6.30 until the opening of the evening service. The large choir were assisted by Capt. and Mrs. Maurice Park, always favorites in local musical circles who will be welcomed back to the city by a host of friends.

For the past forty-seven years Trinity congregation, by whatever name known, has had a successful career, but the outlook never appeared quite so hopeful as at present.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 7.30—Girls Auxiliary.
8 p.m.—Vestry meeting.
Tuesday, 3 p.m.—W. A. Monthly meeting.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice. Boys at 7.30.
Friday, 2.30—Special meeting of the C.W.A. in the Guild room.
Saturday 9 a.m.—Boys Choir Practice.

RUN FOR FIREMEN.

At 8:57 last night the fire department was called to Aylmer street south, wher the C. P. R. gatehouse had caught fire as the result of an overheated stove.

A quantity of wood was piled about the stove for the purpose of drying it out, and this blazed up with disastrous results. The damage will not amount to very much, having been estimated at about $5 or $8.

DANCING LESSONS.

A class in social dancing for beginners will be held tomorrow (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Conservatory. Private lessons by appointment. Telephone 355.

AT THE S. A. TEMPLE.

A special meeting will be held at the Salvation Army Temple tonight at 8 o'clock conducted by the Corps Cadet Guardian and Corps Cadets. The public is cordially invited. The Temple Band will be at the G.T.R. station to welcome home six returned soldiers.

ST. ANDREW'S NOTICES.

The Young Ladies' Mission Band will hold their annual meeting on Tuesday night. All the young ladies of the congregation are cordially invited and a social hour will be spent.

The prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday night.

The regular annual meeting will be held on Thursday evening, January 23rd.

Rev. Dr. Wilson will preach at both services next Sunday.

THE WEATHER

Some fairly sharp weather has been experienced during the last few days. On Saturday evening the temperature was down to 12 degrees below zero, while on Sunday morning about 7 o'clock we had it 19 degrees below zero. This is the lowest figure up to the present time. However, this is a long way from the figures that obtained last winter. Last night's lowest was 2 degrees above zero.—W. P.

Why Use Substitutes?

Note Our Lard Specials

Rose Brand Lard . . 35c per lb.

M.B. Brand Lard . . 33c per lb.

Secure the Benefit of "Quantity" prices by ordering Lard in the larger packages-

Matthews-Blackwell Ltd.

Presents Organ To Protestant Home

Through the kind interest displayed toward the Protestant Home for many years by Mr. W. H. Cunningham, Mr. B. H. Britton, manager of the Heintzman Company, this city, visited the Home during the fall. He also showed much interest in the Home and the inmates, their presents and pleasures. That this interest was not an evanescent one was proved on New Year's Eve, when a fine piano-chased six octive Berlin organ was sent to the Home with Mr. Britton's compliments and good wishes. The thanks of the management are due and are hearty tendered for this fine gift.

OBITUARY

FRANK WALKER.

The death took place yesterday of Mr. Frank Walker, 571 Elm street, aged 21 years.

He leaves to mourn his loss his mother, Mrs. Robert Walker, and six brothers, namely, Robert, William, Michael, Patrick, Charles and Lionel, and one sister, Mrs. Hughes.

The funeral will be held tomorrow from the family residence at 9 a.m. to St. Peter's Church and thence to St. Peter's cemetery.

ALICE JANE BERRY

The death occurred Sunday about noon at Nicholls Hospital of Miss Alice Jane Berry, aged 70 years.

Miss Berry was born in Cavan, but had lived here for many years. She was a teacher of music at one time.

The funeral will be held from the residence of Mr. F. M. Somerville, 386 Stewart Street, on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. A. J. Thomas officiating. The remains will be taken to the G.T.R. Station and put on the noon train to Millbrook for interment.

ADA LILLIAN HUNTER

The death occurred on Saturday evening at the family residence, 299 Boswell Ave., of Ada Lillian Hunter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Hunter, in her eighteenth year, after a short illness.

She leaves to mourn her loss her mother and father and two sisters, Mrs. P. J. Gilbert, Fermount, Sask., and Mrs. Bert Moloney, and a brother, Bert of Peterboro.

The funeral was held this afternoon from the family residence, the Rev. Robt. Pogue officiating.

MR. JOHN ROBERTSON.

Mr. John Robertson passed away at his home, 388 Bonnscord street, this morning. The funeral will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. R. Pogue conducting the service at he house at 2 o'clock.

AT TRINITY CHURCH

Skating Rink Will be Opened for Season, Tonight

Tonight the young people of Trinity Church open their rink which is beside the Sunday School on Reid street. They have extended an invitation to the members of the congregation to attend upon this occasion and use the ice.

On Friday evening the returned soldiers of the congregation and their friends will be entertained in the Reid Street Hall. There will be a social hour, program and refreshments.

Canadian Order Of Chosen Friends

The installation of officers for the year 1919 took place at the Council rooms at 421 George street on Thursday, January 9, at 8 o'clock. The officers installed were:

Chief Councillor, Friend W. Bartle.
V. Councillor, Friend Bennett.
Recorder and Treasurer, Friend C. J. Alcock, 209 Rubidge street.
Guard, Friend H. Anderton.
Prelate, Friend Mrs. Sabin.
Marshal, Friend Mrs. Alcock.
Warder, Friend Mrs. Bennett.
Sentry, Friend G. Clark.
Medical Examiners, Friend Dr. Harvey and Friend Dr. King.
Auditors, Friends Clarke and Anderton.
Trustees, Friends Hubel, E. Clarke and Mrs. Sabin.
Chairman of Relief Committee—Friend E. G. Clarke.
Delegates to Grand Lodge—Friend Mrs. Sabin and Friend C. J. Alcock.

BORN.

HUNTER—On Thursday, January 9, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hunter, Elmdale Farm, a son.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Tomorrow at Chemong at the home of Mr. Daniel Wetung the marriage will be solemnised of his granddaughter, Miss Ravina Wetung to Mr. John Henry Dennler of Pittsburg.

Misses Jessie Matthews and Audrey Huycke have returned to Bishop Strachan School, Toronto.

Miss Margaret Turner and Miss Pita Brewster of Banff who were visiting them have gone back to Bishop Strachan School, Toronto.

Mr. Meredith Huycke spent the week-end with Judge and Mrs. Huycke.

Miss Phyllis Kirkpatrick of Vernon, B.C., has been visiting Mrs. C. A. Abbott.

PLENTY OF STAGE ROOM AT GRAND

TO PRODUCE "THE WANDERER", WHICH IS THE ATTRACTION TO-NIGHT.

Some people were skeptical as to the ability of the management of the Grand Opera House to stage the mammoth production, "The Wanderer," which will be here for the first three nights of this week with a Wednesday matinee. It was thought that a city the size of Peterborough could not take care of an attraction that has taxed the seating accommodation of the biggest theatres in America.

There is no room for doubt. Mr. Phil Kellerworth, the chief stage director, who has been here since Saturday is meeting with no difficulty in making arrangements for the presentation. He says the accommodation for the gigantic spectacle are ample and that the Grand Opera House stage is as large as that of any in Canada with the single exception of a theatre in Toronto. "The Wanderer" will lose nothing in the way of effectiveness when it is presented to a Peterborough audience.

The equipment for the play reached the city this morning and a large force of stage hands has been busy all day in the work of preparation. One part of the equipment is 120 head of sheep that have been quartered in the old Oriental Hotel barn under the special care of Mr. Archie Barbeau, who transfers the property of all theatrical companies between the Opera House and the depots.

FIRST FRICTION IN WAR COUNCIL

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Jan. 13.—The first business before the supreme war council when it reassembled this afternoon was the settlement of the question of representation in the first session of the inter-allied conference. It is still unsettled what nations will be represented or the number of delegates which will be allotted to each. It has developed, however, that China will not be represented by Japan but will have her own delegation. Efforts of the French press to bring to the fore the question of the status of the Entente and American troops in Russia and the advisability of sending such troops into Poland to check the Bolshevik advance, it is understood, have been without success so far. The United States it is said will not consent to accept in principle or as a military policy the task of using American forces in Poland at all of in Russia in larger numbers than already are there.

DIED

BERRY—At Nicholls Hospital, on Sunday, January 12th, Alice Jane Berry, daughter of the late William and Margaret Berry, of Cavan Township, and sister of George Berry, Esq., Cavan, and Mrs. Johnston Stewart, city.

Funeral from the residence of her nephew, Mr. F. M. Somerville, 386 Stewart street, on Tuesday, Jan. 14th, at 10.45 a.m., to Grand Trunk station, for Millbrook, Ont. Interment at St. Paul's Cemetery, Cavan.

JENNE—At Sutton, Quebec, on Saturday, Jan. 11, 1919, Olive B. Jenne, aged 18 years 3 months, daughter of the late Mr. L. F. Jenne and Mrs. Jenne, and brother of Frank L. Jenne, city. Funeral on Monday, Jan. 13th, at Sutton, Que.

ROBERTSON—On Monday, January 13, 1919, at the family residence, 388 Bonacord street, John Robertson, in his 70th year. Funeral will take place from the family residence on Wednesday, January 15. Service at the house at 2 p.m. Funeral at 2:30. Rev. R. Pogue officiating.

BID FAREWELL TO MR. AND MRS. BALL

NEIGHBORS PRESENT THEM WITH ADDRESS AND READING TABLE.

Over a hundred friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E Ball's on Wednesday evening last and surprised them by presenting them with an address and a handsome reading table. Mr. Ball has sold his farm and is retiring. He has purchased a home in Millbrook and has the agency for the Massey-Harris implements and machinery for that district.

Mr. F. E. Wilson presided as chairman. Mr. Bert Sanderson read the address and Mr. S. L. Connell and Mr. D. W. Tulley made the presentation.

Mr Ball made a very suitable reply and on behalf of himself and wife and daughted, thanked their many friends for their unexpected kindness and recalled some of the pleasant memories during the past eleven years residing in their midst.

Rev. I. Craw gave a very instructive address, and on behalf of the community, expressed the regret in loosing such a valued neighbor and resident. A short program of songs, recitations and speeches was given followed by an oyster supper, which made the occasion a very pleasant one.

The Address.

The address read as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Ball and Miss Thelma:

We, your friends and neighbors, have learned with regret that you are about to leave our community in which you have spent so many years, and to retire from farming. You have been very efficient and progressive in your occupation and have shown to us many examples along the lines of agricultural interests.

The long and faithful service that you have given has been recognized by the public. As citizens, you have given freely in time and thought, not only in the affairs of the township, but also, you have given valued assistance to the work of the church. You have been valued members of Springville Presbyterian Church, which has been a credit to yourselves and a benefit to the community.

Your many personal friendships, gained during the past eleven years with us, we hope will ever remain to you a pleasant memory, as it will to us.

May the friendly relationship ever ex at in the future, as it has in the past, is our fondest wish.

As you leave our midst, your many friends desire that you wil laccept from them these words, and they wish you also to accept this reading table as a small token of our esteem, and with it goes, hearty wishes of long life and happiness in your new duties which lie before you.

Signed by the committee,
S. L. CONNELL,
A. E. SANDERSON,
D. W. TULLY.

EMMET FAUX

(Continued from Page 1.)

man who he could not positively identify as Faux, column an spirits upon the 28th of Dec., 1918, about 7 o'clock in the evening.

Mr. Moncur stated that methylated spirits was prepared by the Government for commercial use and that it was sold through the Department of Inland Revenue. It was not a beverage and was a poison.

The case the Crown sought to establish was that as the License Board analyst stated in his report that the sample of the concoct on which Faux was alleged to have sold Bourgon showed 73.29 per cent. of proof spirits it must be regarded as liquor, and Faux, in selling it, was guilty of a breach of the Ontario Temperance Act.

Mr. Moncur, when asked to explain the report of the analyst, replied that he could do so in the way. If it was admitted that the liquor in the bottle was partly composed of methylated spirits and it smelt to him and the doctors who had testified as if it was then there was none of the columnian spirits he had sold Faux in the mixture. If it was methylated spirits, it was not drinkable; it was a poison and yet the report of the analyst would show a percentage of grain or drinkable alcohol in the sample, Mr. Moncur explained. The report of the analyst stated that the liquid contained 73 29-100 per cent. of proof spirits. Proof is a standard whereby the strength of whiskey is measured—a unit of measurement adopted by distillers and the revenue officers. Proof means proof that pure alcohol has been diluted to half its strength. In other words, and figuring approximately, 60 per cent. proof is thirty per cent. pure ethyl alcohol. Therefore, when the analyses that the police had obtained of the concotion in question stated that there was about 74 per cent. proof spirits present, the inference was that there was only 37½ per cent. pure alcohol in the mixture. There would be about 25 per cent. of water added, which would seem to show that the prisoner had really used methylated spirits for making the liquor.

Magistrate Dumble did not catch this statement of Mr. Moncur's and when Crown Attorney Hatton asked him to repeat it later on in his testimony. His Worship would not listen to it, declaring that it had nothing to do with the case, and that he would go by the report of the analyst who stated that there was 73 29-100 per cent. of proof spirits in the liquid and as the law stated that any beverage over 2½ per cent. alcohol was liquor, he would go by the law.

Mr. J. R. Corkery for the defence, reminded the magistrate that the statutes stated that it was any beverage over 2½ per cent. and not medicines and poisons. Mr. Moncur asserted that drug stores were selling medicines and poisons right along which, according to His Worship's definition, should really be considered whiskey. Magistrate Dumble maintained that any liquor that ever was taken inwardly which showed more than 2½ per cent. alcohol must be considered as liquor and would not listen to Crown Attorney Hatton's request that Mr. Moncur be allowed to explain the figures of the analyst. Mr Hatton became angry and stated that if His Worship would not hear evidence of importance he would not continue with the case.

Mr. Moncur stated that upon the same day that Mr. Fayne had filled a prescription for Faux, he had filled one also for Mrs. Henry Faux, in which the alcohol was to be used for bathing the body to ease rheumatism.

This concluded the evidence of Mr. Moncur and the case was adjourned until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock when Joseph Clancey, drug clerk in the store of Mr. Moncur, will be called for the defence and argument on both sides of the case heard.

The evidence taken today was very voluminous and of a most ambiguous and contradictory nature. The questions which occurred to an auditor are: Is the fluid in the bottle which was responsible for the death of Bourgon, columnian spirits or methlated alcohol or is it grain alcohol? Mr. Moncur sold Faux columnian spirits and both he and the doctors now say that the bottle does not contain columnian spirits, but wood alcohol or methylated spirits. In that case the spirits bought of Mr. Moncur was not used in preparing the mixture which proved so deadly. The outcome of the case will be looked forward to with interest.

LIVING WAGES, EIGHT HOUR DAY

FINDING OF WAR BOARD IN STRIKE IN NEW YORK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 13.—The National War Labor Board convened by the enabled request of President Wilson, decided today over the objections of private harbor owners, to make a finding in the dispute between the employers and crews, which resulted last week in a strike of 16,000 marine workers and in the tie-up of the port. Former President Taft, presiding, announced that the finding would be in the form of a recommendation that the owners comply with the Board's ruling on the men's demands for "living wages" and a basis eight-hour day.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night, Tues. and Wed., Matinee Wednesday 2.30

Elliott, Comstock & Gest present the Mighty Dramatic Spectacle

'THE WANDERER'

Positively the Grentest Attraction Ever Brought to Peterboro

Not a Picture, But The Play

Prices, Evenings—75c. $1,00 $1,50, few at $2.00
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Thursday, Friday & Saturday
January 16-17-18

Daily Matinee 2:30. Evenings 7:30

HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES & POLITE VAUDEVILLE

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"$5,000 AN HOUR

2 Reel Comedy—British Gazette—Judge Brown Story
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE ACT.
Follow the Crowds to "The Grand"

Matinee 10c Evening 15c

The Little Lake Cemetery

The annual meeting of the Lot Holders of the Company will be held at the City Council Chambers, Peterborough, on MONDAY THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, at 3 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President — E. A. PECK, Secretary

CHOCOLATE SPECIAL for NEW YEARS EVE

20p.c. Discount

on all Fancy Display Packages, ranging in prices from $1.50 up.

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Only a limited supply at above discounts.

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Second Attraction OF THE

Chautauqua Lyceum Course

will be held in the

Grand Opera House

Jan. 23rd

By Hon. William Taft

Seat Sale for Subscribers Next Monday and Tuesday

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair today and on Wednesday. A little lower temperature.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 11 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

EX-EMPEROR NOW GROWING A BEARD

NEW FACIAL ADONMENT MAKES ROYAL FUGITIVE LOOK MUCH OLDER.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Jan. 14.—Wm. Hohenzollern, former German Emperor is growing a beard to protect his ear which was recently operated upon. The former Emperor's facial appearance, therefore, is undergoing a radical change. Herr Hohenzollern's affected ear is badly influenced by the climate here. The former Emperor's beard is iron gray in color, and while it is still quite short, it makes Herr Hohenzolern look considerably older. The distinguished fugitive shows improvement in health and is able to continue his walks in the garden of the Chateau where he is living. While strolling, he wears a fur great coat.

Short Shrift Made Of The Spartacans

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 14.—Members of the Spartacus faction in Germany have been court-martialled and executed, according to wireless despatch from Berlin picked up here.

PACKERS ARE IN DOUBT.

Reported Cancellation of Bacon Contracts Affects Market.

Toronto, Jan. 14. — That the reported cancellation of Canadian bacon and lard contracts is having its effect upon the Toronto market was evidenced by yesterday's lack of trading except in the case of last week's contract hogs and a few loads which were brought in locally.

From up country points there were in round numbers about 2,500 hogs bought last week, sold at last week's quotations, 20½ fed and watered and 17 f.o.b., but outside of this a few farmers' hogs sold at 16½ off wagons. Drovers and shippers at country points are being advised to hold their hogs until the situation clears. A cable one way or the other would settle the price.

GOVERNMENT PUTS DOWN RADICALS

SPARTACAN FORCES ARE BEING DISARMED IN ALL GERMAN CITIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Order has been completely restored in the cities outside of Berlin where the Spartacans had established themselves, according to reports received here today. Spandau, which has been placed under martial law, is quiet. Fifty-five Bolshevists have been arrested, one of their leaders killed and several wounded. All have been disarmed.

The Spartacans leaders at Hamburg have been arrested by military police who had difficulty in protecting them from the enraged citizens. Situation there, however, is still tense. Spartacan leaders at Dresden, when arrested, admitted that they had intended to forcibly prevent the elections of the National Assembly.

THREE THOUSAND ARE ON WAY HOME

EMPRESS OF BRITAIN HAS LEFT LIVERPOOL FOR HALIFAX.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—The steamer Empress of Britain with 3,217 returning soldiers on board left Liverpool for Halifax January 12th and is expected at Halifax about one week from today. The Ontario soldiers aboard are as follows: —London—one officer and 222 men; Toronto—sixteen officers, nine cadets and 799 of other ranks; Kingston—fourteen officers, two cadets and 20 other ranks.

Parliament Will Meet Feb. 20th

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—Parliament has been called for Thursday, February 20. The necessary order in Council was passed yesterday after consultation by cable with Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues overseas.

A full-grown timber wolf was shot near Thedford on Sunday.

MAY USE FORCE TO SUPPRESS SINN FEINERS IN IRELAND

Dublin Dispatch Says That Nothing Less Is Expected in That City—Success of Unionists in Recent Election Means Coercion for Ireland

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 14.—An intention to forcibly suppress Sin Fein organization is attributed to the British government in certain quarters in Ireland, according to a Dublin despatch.

The Moderates in Ireland the correspondent says, are speculating anxiously as to what developments may be expected from the meeting of the council, which the Governor-General called Monday night at Dublin castle. The correspondent adds:

Sober-minded, responsible men take a very gloomy view of the situation. It is feared that the government is about to embark on a new campaign of repression which may include forcible suppression of the Sinn Fein, with such results as are to be expected when the government takes up armed conflict with 75 per cent of the population.

The writer traces this fear to the Tory successes in the recent elections in England which, he says, are regarded as having given the "coercionists," a predominating influence in the state and have created the belief that Ulster will be supreme in determining the British treatment of Irish affairs.

Viscount French, the Governor-General, is also credited with an intention of exercising his authority in accordance with military rather than political considerations.

Armistice With Germans Extended

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 14.—Economic terms approved by yesterday's session of the Supreme War Council to be imposed for the extension of the armistice with Germany, provide that Germany shall hand over to the Allies all her cargo steamers in German and other ports, to enable the Allies to revictual Germany and such adjacent countries as may be decided upon.

The terms also require the restitution of all manufacturing machinery, etc., taken from invaded regions.

The financial clauses concern the gold reserve of th Richsbank and the issue of money by Germany. Guarantees will b erquired regarding any removal of the Reichsbank gold from Berlin in view of the Bolsheviki activities.

The naval conditions demand a strict compliance with the requirements of the original armistice concerning the handing over of submarines, which have not yet been complied with.

No question was raised regarding the occupation of German ports by the Allies, as had been reported. The examination into the question of the Allied intervention in Poland against the Bolsheviki was postponed.

The armistice question thus being settled, Marshal Foch left for Treves, where the German delegates will be received.

BRITISH VESSEL REPORTED SAFE

PROTESILAUS HAD 2,000 CANADIAN SOLDIERS ON BOARD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—The British troopship Protesilaus, which was reported in difficulties owing to a broken propeller, is safe and proceeding to Vladivostok under her own steam. Word to this effect has been received by both the Militia and Naval Departments here. The vessel has over two thousand Canadian soldiers on board from all parts of the Dominion. General Bickford, commanding the Canadian Infantry Division in Siberia, is believed to be a passenger.

WESTERN DOCTOR IS SENT TO JAIL

DID NOT USE NECESSARY PRECAUTION WHILE TREATING PATIENT.

Yorkton, Sask., Jan. 14.—Dr. Cyril Mueller was yesterday sentenced to six months' hard labor in Regina jail on a charge of manslaughter by Judge Elwood in the Court of King's Bench. The accused was found guilty of causing the death of Kathleen E. Thorne at Norquay, Sask., last January, evidence submitted by the Crown showing that he failed to take all necessary precautions for sterilization at the time of confinement of deceased, resulting in her death from peritonitis.

LESS HOURS, MORE WORK

Works commissioner Harris of Toronto stated yesterday that the inauguration of an eight-hour day for civic employes, instead of a nine-hour day, would not prevent the city competing for municipal contracts with contractors even though the latter may work their men nine or ten hours a day. "I am satisfied that the men will do as much work in eight hours as nine," he said.

FARM LABORER TAKES OWN LIFE

BODY OF CHARLES CREES WAS FOUND HANGING IN BARN.

The body of Charles Crees, a man of 31 years of age, employed by a farmer named McKay, on the River road running south from Palling's Corners through Keene, was found this morning suspended by a rope from one of the rafters of the barn.

Crees was a peculiar character and it is thought that he took his own life in a fit of despondency. Dr. Greer, the coroner, has gone to the scene of the fatality, and will investigate the circumstances. The remains were removed to Comstock's undertaking rooms.

24 STATES PASS TO DRY COLUMN

TWELVE MORE WILL MAKE PROHIBITION GENERAL IN UNITED STATES.

Washington, Jan. 14. — Passage of resolution ratifying the Federal prohibition amendment by the Senate and House of Representatives of the States of Washington and California, brings the total States which have acted favorably on the proposal up to 34. Twelve more States must ratify the amendment before it becomes effective.

The following have so far lined up with the drys:

Kentucky, Virginia, Mississippi, South Carolina, North Dakota, Maryland, Montana, Arizona, Delaware, Texas, South Dakota, Massachusetts, Georgia, Louisiana, Florida, Michigan, Ohio, Oklahoma, Maine, Tennessee, West Virginia, Washington and California.

Favorable action by the Indiana House of Representatives today will add that State to the list, as the Senate ratified the amendment today by a vote of 41 to 2. Several other States are expected to act on the matter tomorrow, when their Legislatures convene. Colorado's Senate has passed favorably on the measure and the House of Representatives is expected to reach a decision when the bill is brought up for the third reading soon.

Driver Johnston Dies Of Pneumonia

A telegram received on Saturday night from the Records Office, Ottawa, announces the death from bronchial pneumonia in Letreport, France, of Driver Percy Harold Johnston, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Johnston, 9 Park street north. Had he lived until the 26th instant, he would have been 30 years old. He left Peterboro nine years ago for Vancouver where he remained until going overseas. He enlisted with the 68th Battery in Vancouver in 1916 and went overseas with a draft of 100 in Jan., 1917. On reaching France he was transferred to the 38th, with which unit he remained until the time of his death.

While in this city, Percy was an employee of the Peterboro Canoe Co., having learned his trade under Mr. B. O'Dette, who always retained a warm interest in his welfare. He was an active member of Park Street Baptist Church and Sunday School, also of the Park Street Hockey Club. The father and mother and two sisters, Mrs. Norman, Barrie and Miss Reina, have the sympathy of a large number of friends.

Says Ex-Emperor Deserve Death

UNITED STATES SENATORS BELIEVE EXTREME MEASURES ARE WARRANTED.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Speeches advocating postponement of consideration of the League of Nations proposal until after the Peace Conference were made in the Senate by Senators Sterling of South Dakota, Republican, and Myers of Montana, Democrat. Both insisted that problems of the Peace Conference should not be complicated by this plan.

Senator Sterling contended that existing relations between America, Great Britain, France and Italy made a League to enforce peace unnecessary. Senator Myers advocated establishing a restricted League later, without impairing the sovereignty of its members and with the Central Powers barred at least for this generation.

Death for Kaiser.

Death for the former Kaiser, life imprisonment for von Bernstorff and others, Senator Myers said, should be provisions of the final peace treaty. He also argued for repudiation of Germany's war debt and payment of the entire cost of the war by the Germans; for confiscation of the Kaiser's personal fortune and retention by the victors of both the war and merchant marine fleets of Germany.

LOCAL MAN PAYS FINE OF $200

CONVICTED OF KEEPING LIQUOR IN PLACE OTHER THAN RESIDENCE.

This afternoon in police court a well known local business man pleaded guilty to the charge of having liquor in a place other than his home. He was fined $200 and $9.10 costs.

The police have apprehended the man who sold the liquor and he is another well known resident of the city. He is prepared to plead guilty to the charge and will appear at a later hour in the afternoon when in all probability he will be fined as heavily if not more severely than the first offender.

STOP SENDING SUPPLIES.

Lieut. Joan Arnoldi has received the following cable from Miss Plummer, captain, Canadian Field Comforts Commission, Shorncliffe, England: "Publish throughout Canada, Stop sending supplies. Money urgently needed for requirements."

CANADIAN UNITS REACH SIBERIA

NINE HUNDRED MEN HAVE LANDED IN THE FIGHTING ZONE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Vladivostock, Jan. 14.—The big British troop ship Protesilaus has sent out wireless appeals for assistance. The British cruiser Kent has hurried to her assistance and the Brooklyn navy is ready to leave if further aid is necessary. The Protesilaus broke her propeller but later reports said that all on board were safe. First reports said the Protesilaus was limping back to this port. It later was reported the steamer might effect temporary repairs and continue to Japan for permanent repairs.

With a total contingent of 900 officers and men the steamer Teesta has arrived here. She had aboard two companies of Canadian infantry and a machine gun unit under the Command of Colonel Swift.

The Prince of Wales, who has been visiting the American area of occupation in Germany, returned yesterday to the British sector.

CANADA WILL HAVE TWO DELEGATES

BASIS OF REPRESENTATION IN CONFERENCE IS AT LAST DECIDED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 14.—France, Great Britain, the United States, Italy and Japan will each have five representatives in the Peace congress. This was decided upon yesterday by the Supreme Council engaged in the preliminary work of organizing the peace procedure.

The British dominions it was decided, will be represented apart from Great Britain. Canada, Australia, South Africa and India will have two representatives each and New Zealand will have one delegate. Consideration of the question of Russian representation was postponed.

The size of the representation of each nation was decided upon, not, as proposed by the French plan, in accordance with the part played by the nation in the war, but following the American and British plan, in proportion to the extent of the interest of each nation in the peace settlement.

FAUX CASE IS CONCLUDED AND JUDGMENT RESERVED

Crown Attorney Hatton and J. M. Corkery For Defence Submit Their Arguments—Magistrate Dumble Will Give Decision on Saturday.

Today in Police Court the case of Emmett Faux, charged with selling liquor contrary to the Ontario Temperance Act, was continued. The two remaining witnesses for the defence were called, Joseph Clancey and Faux himself.

Mr. Clancey's story was the same as that of his employer, C. M. Moncur. Faux gave evidence which did not differ materially from that given at the inquest.

Argument was then heard in the case.

Mr. Hatton's Contentions.

Mr. Hatton's contention is that the accused, Emmett Faux, contravened the above section of the Act in that he by himself sold liquor without a license so to do. Liquor shall include any drink and drinkable liquids which are intoxicating and any liquor which contains more than 2½ per cent. of proof spirits shall be conclusively deemed to be intoxicating.

As the Government analysis shows that the liquor sold by accused contained over seventy-three per cent. of proof spirits, it was conclusively intoxicating. No evidence can be given to controvert that.

The only question left, therefore, for the Court to consider is: Was the liquor sold drinkable; The evidence is that the contents of the bottle having been tasted by Omer Bourgon, the deceased, was accepted by Bourgon and paid for as being drinkable. He, Bourgon, and his friend, Heatherington, the latter having been previously invited to spend the evening with Bourgon for the express purpose of drinking liquor. This is Heathering's evidence, not contradicted, and that he, Heathering, and the deceased, Bourgon, did spend the evening up to eleven p.m. drinking this liquor in question, is proved by Irwin and corroborated by Mrs. Bourgon. Each of them, Bourgon and Heathering, had at least three drinks each, and as Heathering says may have had four. This, then, is proof that the liquor was drinkable.

That Faux purchased columnian spirits from the druggist is beside the question in dispute. Columnian spirits does not contain any proof spirits. That he, Faux, did purchase two bottles of pure alcohol on Christmas day, three days only before he sold the liquor to Bourgon, has a bearing on the question as showing how he obtained a mixture that he sold to Bourgon, one that was conclusively intoxicating and from the evidence, drinkable.

These two points having been proved, the accused has contravened the provisions of the Act and is liable to the penalty provided for the same.

Mr. Corkery's Argument.

J. M. Corkery, for the prisoner, stated that there was two possible defences for the prisoner. The first was that the contents of the bottle which had been purchased for Bourgon by Faux was not liquor within the meaning of the Ontario Temperance Act. And, secondly, if it was, there was no sale connected with the transaction and his client was being accused of selling liquor, contrary to law.

Section 123 (A) of the O. T. A. defines alcohol as being ethylic or absolute alcohol. Mr. Corkery contended that according to the evidence, it was columnian spirits that the prisoner had purchased and that this preparation being a highly refined form of wood alcohol contained no proof spirits and the report of the analyst showed that the connection, which had been forwarded to him as the mixture responsible for Bourgon's death, contained over 73 per cent. of proof spirits which would go to show that some pure alcohol had been added to the mixture after Faux had given it over to Bourgon. The latter had it in his possession from early Saturday evening until he was removed to the hospital on Monday morning and it was quite possible to tamper with it and add some other ingredient.

His client had been only 15 minutes getting the columnian spirits; therefore, the mixture was in his possession only one-quarter of an hour and yet someone must have mixed some pure alcohol with the liquid.

Mr. Corkery maintained in regard to his second point that Faux was only acting as an agent in connection with the buying of the columnian spirits for Bourgon. Bourgon gave him money with which to buy the spirits, but there was no evidence to show that his client had ever had any intention of claiming a profit on the transaction. He simply acted as Bourgon's agent.

He admitted having received $6.00 from Bourgon and of having spent $2.60 of it and handed over $3 to the Chief of Police. This last $3 was given to him by Bourgon to purchase more columnian spirits, but he was unable to carry out the instructions of deceased on account of the drug stores being closed and the sickness of which he fell a victim himself on Monday.

Magistrate Dumble reserved judgment until Saturday.

CHOIR SERVICE AT ST. JOHN'S REAL INSPIRATION TO WORK

Unanimous Vote of Thanks Passed at Annual Vestry Meeting to Mr. R. J. Devey, Organist, and His Staff.

The annual vestry meeting of St. John's congregation was held in the Guild room last night. The Rev. Canon Davidson presided, supported by Dr. Cameron and Mr. J. A. Aylmer, Wardens, and Mr. W. H. Walkey, clerk.

The financial statement proved a fruitful topic of discussion, and was finally passed on the motion of the Wardens after an hour's debate. Hearty thanks of the vestry were given to the retiring Wardens for their efforts during the past year, and Canon Davidson at once announced that he had asked Dr. Cameron to again accept office as his Warden. On the motion of Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Fair, Mr. J. A. Aylmer was unanimously re-elected People's Warden. An interesting report of the Sunday School was read by the superintendent, Mr. R. J. Devey, who appealed for the very best teaching help that was to be found in the parish. A financial report, prepared by the treasurer, Mr. Amos Conway, was also read, and it was suggested that it be audited and printed with the general statement for the future. On motion of Dr. Cameron, it was unanimously resolved that the hearty thanks of the vestry be sent to the superintendent, Mr. Devey, and Miss English for the splendid work of themselves and their staff of officers and teachers. The support of the congregation was asked for the Sunday School project of raising $200 for the Indian work of the M. S. C. C.

A report of the work of the choir was presented by the choirmaster, and Mr. Harry Long in moving a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Devey and the choir, stated that their faithful attendance in such large numbers, no matter what the weather might be, and their beautiful rendering of the church services, was an inspiration to him and to all who attended St. John's. Mr. George Lenton seconded and the motion was carried.

The new synod regulation that a special committee be in charge of all matters pertaining to missions, was brought before the meeting by the rector and a committee formed to appoint a chairman for this important work.

Dr. Cameron introduced the subject of a war memorial for those members of the congregation who had fallen in the war, and after considerable discussion, it was arranged that a special vestry meeting should be called to deal with such an important matter.

Hearty thanks were accorded to Mr. A. W. Turner for the unique display of flags at the Christmas decorations. The Sunday School executive acknowledge with hearty thanks gifts of cash or books for the prizes from the rector, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Ryerson Ritchie, Miss Doris Clegg, Mr. George Lenton, Mr. A. W. Turner, Mr. C. E. Jamieson and Mr. Harry Long.

Miss Archer was appointed to represent the congregation on the Board of the Protestant Home, and Mr. Fair re-appointed to Nicholls' Hospital Committee of Management.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1919

JUDICIAL ARROGANCE.

ONE OF THE LEADING druggists in the city was on the stand in the Police Court yesterday as an expert witness to explain the intoxicating ingredients in a beverage, that question being the main issue in a case before the magistrate. The magistrate refused somewhat petulantly to hear his testimony, even though the Crown Attorney insisted upon it, and hinted that he would drop the case if the testimony was not admitted. The Crown Attorney was looking for enlightenment, and, like a just official, was disposed to give the defendant a fair chance in the case against him.

To go to court as a witness these days has about as much terror for the average citizen as to be dragged there as a defendant. It is the arrogance of some of the presiding officials and the brow-beating tactics so popular with a certain class of lawyers that accounts for this. Of course, the dignity of the courts must be maintained, but if the judges and lawyers, privileged by the occasion and protected by legal ethics, brow-beat those whom they regard as hostile witnesses, frighten the timid into a state of mental collapse, and do not stop short of insulting respectable witnesses who from the very nature of their profession know more about the real points of the case at issue than judge, magistrate and all the lawyers engaged in an attempt to solve the problem.

FARMS FOR SOLDIERS.

AS THE REVIEW pointed out a few days ago in an editorial that was extensively quoted by our exchanges, it is nothing short of foolish to talk of settling such of the returned soldiers who may have a taste for farming upon the wild lands that are still the property of Province or Dominion. Why ask the men who have done so much to save the country to make still further sacrifices by lending a hand in converting the wilderness into a garden?

Just as we said on a former occasion, the Province of Ontario is sparsely settled in the rural districts. The soil is rich enough, the territory is wide enough, to support a population at least five times greater than the present. The scarcity of labor finds half the farms in Ontario inadequately manned. There is room enough for the returned soldiers from this province who wish to farm without leaving the confines of civilization.

Farm lands are not selling at anything like their real value these days. The scarcity of labor is the explanation. No man cares to tie up his money in land unless assured of a fair return on his investment, and this is impossible if he is unable to work his property through lack of help. Many a farmer whose present holding is too large for him to handle profitably, would be glad to sell part of his possessions at anything like a fair figure.

The man who is willing to farm in a small way finds no property proportionate with his means. He has not the capital necessary to acquire one of the larger farms. Smaller holdings is the explanation, and from a recent announcement it appears that the Government has come to this way of thinking. Farms for the soldiers are to be found not in the wilds of New Ontario but in the uncultivated lands of the older sections. The province is to give the Federal Government the right to expropriate such lands without surrendering title to them.

Land can be expropriated to secure a right-of-way for a railway or for other purposes that are supposed to benefit the people. No greater public benefit could be imagined than a policy that would bring the production of Ontario up to something like its capacity and would provide happy and prosperous homes for hundreds of citizens who would otherwise be a drag on the community.

THE GOVERNMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY.

THE GOVERNMENT provides colleges for the training of members of the medical profession and carefully protects them from the illegal competition of quacks and other incompetents when they have graduated and embarked upon their professional career. Yet people continue to die, Epidemics sweep over the country just as the "flu" did and collect a toll of thousands of lives. No one is unreasonable enough to hold the Government responsible because the medical profession fails to cure every form of disease or to score a success in every operation. There comes a point where the Government's responsibility ceases and the onus for failure rests upon those who are entrusted with the operation of the machinery which the Government has created.

There have been hardships in connection with the military service, hardships that might have been avoided with a little official vigilance. But in the most of these cases it is the agents of the Government rather than the Government itself that are to blame. The Military Service Act achieved the purpose for which it was designed. That Act was grossly violated in hundreds of cases, and not all the offenders have been yet brought to book. But because a law is broken or because a percentage of those who break it are able to cover their tracks is no reason to argue that the aim of the enactment was wrong or that such a law should not have been given effect.

All human laws are broken. Only the other day a man was hanged for murder. Men whose hands are red with the blood of their fellows have managed to escape punishment. Following the line of argument pursued by certain newspapers, it would appear that laws against murder are a reproach to a commonwealth where they exist simply because they are frequently broken and not all the offenders are brought to justice.

THE DAY OF THE SPOTTER.

THE LAND is filled with spies, not the German species, but spies many of whom claim Canada as their birthplace. They are liable to crop up at any time or anywhere. The retail dealer has come to suspect every stranger who drops into his store, believing that he may be a spotter in disguise while he poses as a customer. This suspicion is justified, so many of the dealers have been haled into police court and fined on what were really the merest technicalities.

Recently it was decided in the local police court that the law did not require that a war stamp be placed on a bottle of talcum powder when it was sold. Druggists and grocers accepted this decision as final and governed themselves accordingly. Then another court reversed this magisterial decision. A spotter dropped into the city, and a grocer some distance out from the business centre, a man whose reputation, professional or private, and whose record, are above reproach, who had been selling talcum powder without a stamp, in perfectly good faith, following the legal decision handed down here, was summoned to police court and fined $50. Half of this fine goes to the spotter as compensation for his public service.

It is not the expense and trouble involved in affixing the war stamps to which the majority of the dealers object. What they do regard as an affliction is that having their business affairs pried into by petty officials in the employ of the Government. Another difficulty is to understand the law so as to know what to stamp and what to leave unstamped.

Frequently a grocer is fined for selling as maple sugar a substitute that is really an imitation. The manufacturer and the wholesaler, so far as the records show, are never mulcted for putting spurious articles on sale, but it is always the retailer who is made the goat. It seems that there is a provision in the law that if the retailer gets a guarantee as to the purity of the goods which he purchases, he is relieved from all responsibility if they are not as represented. Frequently the dealer forgets to safeguard himself, but more often he is satisfied to take the word of the man who supplies him with his stock.

How can the average grocer or druggist be expected to know what articles are to be stamped when the very officials charged with the enforcement of the law are often unable themselves to supply the desired information, while even the courts themselves are not able to agree?

It is cheering to learn that some of the orders-in-council now in existence are to be modified. This will tend to bring to the people a feeling of security to which they have been strangers for months. No man should be branded as a law-breaker or regarded as a criminal because he has violated without guilty intent some enactment that for the time being makes an indictable offence of what under other circumstances was a perfectly harmless not to say legitimate act.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE TERM "a kings' ransom" has lost its effect. None of the countries deprived of their rulers would give thirty cents to have them back again.

* * * * *

EVEN IF THE COUNCIL did hold its first meeting on the 13th, it was a lucky day for some of the aldermen in the matter of securing desirable chairmanships.

* * * * *

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE may be looking for a job but like so many others in the same category it is likely to be a long time before he will find anything that suits him.

* * * * *

THE FACT THAT a contemporary calls at last for a better street car service justifies the inference that the free list has been suspended in its case.

* * * * *

WHY CLAMOR for the return of British soldiers before the German army has been demobilized and while Lloyd George recognizes the necessity of maintaining still a large force at the Rhine?

* * * * *

"FOOD, NOT FORCE" is what is required to stamp out Bolshevism, President Wilson says. And President Wilson, despite his exalted position, lives close enough to the masses to know what he is talking about.

* * * * *

Germany set out in 1914 to make itself the most hated and feared of nations.—It's still the most hated.—Anaconda Standard.

AND WITH NONE SO POOR as to yield her one iota of homage.

* * * * *

What would loyal Canadians think if Mr. Bourassa were appointed to welcome returning soldiers?—Toronto Globe.

WELL, FOR ONE THING, they would think that those who made the appointment were not safe outside a lunatic asylum.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

In 1919!

(Brampton Conservator.)

Soft wood may be bought in Dundalk at $2.50 per cord, hard wood at $4 per cord.

Two Kinds of Drilling.

(Quebec Telegraph.)

They are drilling in the Peace River district. But not for war this time; only for gas.

A Scalp Hard To Get.

(Ottawa Journal.)

There are doubtless people in Toronto who some day hope to unearth a citizen who can lick Tommy Church for the mayoralty.

A Hell Lot of Work.

(Boston Transcript.)

They are now talking of making Miss Jane Adams mayor of Chicago. Having made such a pronounced success of running Hull House, they feel she could run the whole town.

The Morning After.

(Orillia News-Letter.)

A Barrie man has a theory that if the prohibition elections were held at night the country might go dry. He says it is voting in the morning that puts territory into the prohibition column.

Go West, Young Man.

(Quebec Telegraph.)

The editor of the London Advertiser says that although mistletoe is scarce this year, there are numerous other ways of getting a kiss. London seems to be a specially favored city.

UNION BANK OF CANADA STILL CONTINUES CAREER OF GROWTH

Nearly Ten Million Dollars Added to Assets, Deposits Are Increased and a Substantial Amount Is Added to Rest Account.

The statement of the Union Bank of Canada for the year ending November 30th, 1918, shows an increase in the total volume of assets amounting to about nine and three quarter million dollars since the same date in 1917. Current loans in Canada are the item showing the most striking growth over fifteen million dollars and the profits for year as in 1917. Current losses in Canada might be expected in the circumstances, are correspondingly enhanced. As those profits were not subject to deduction for depreciation or contingencies it was possible, besides paying the usual 9 per cent divident, to transfer $200,000 to Rest Account (the first addition made to this account since the war began) and to write off $75,000 from premises account.

On the liabilities side note circulation at $12,134,649 shows a slight reduction and savings (interest-bearing) deposits a considerable reduction, from $75,508,158 to $60,437,490. The explanation of the latter drop is that the big payment on the last Victory Loan flotation was made just before the balance sheet was struck, and the public withdrew large sums of money from the savings accounts for that purpose, the reduction, judging from past experience with similar transactions, will be only temporary. Non-interest-bearing deposits rose about 14¼ million, to $58,805,200. Small items of balance due to Canadian and other banks bring up the total of public liabilities to $141,553,127 an increase of about $9,400,000. Acceptances are $2,706,467, capital $5,000,000. Rest Account $3,600,000 and profit balance $126,229 which with dividends due and other small liabilities makes the balance sheet total $153,181,451.

Of the liquid assets which total $72,368,327, a reduction of over 4¼ millions from 1917, the most important items are Dominion notes $15,113,307; Deposits in Central Gold Reserve $7,800,000; Securities of the Dominion and Provincial Governments, $12,527,938 (increase of over three millions) Canadian municipal and British and foreign public securities $15,720,339 (reduction of half a million) call loans in Canada $6,508,729; and call loans elsewhere $3,889,150. Current loans in Canada are $74,021,028, and current loans elsewhere are $1,944,112.

Profits for the year were $624,175 which compares with $763,464 in 1917 and ..651,184 in 1916. After deducting the war tax pension fund appropriation and sundry donations for patriotic and charitable objects, there remained $744,675 for distribution or for putting back into the business, this being at the very satisfactory rate of over 8 per cent on the combined capital and Rest Account.

While the expension in current loans is a highly gratifying evidence of the improvement in business conditions and the willingness of the bank's management to assist in the promotion of genuine commercial activity it is to be noted that it is not carried to the length of rendering the liquid reserve less strong that the dictates of caution would suggest. Even after the reduction caused by the withdrawals of savings deposits, the liquid reserve is still equivalent to more than 51 per cent of the liabilities to the public, an extremely conservative ratio and one which places the bank in a position to look forward to any future developments with complacency. The have marked the bank's policy for aggressiveness and originality which several years past are having results which should be most satisfactory both to shareholders and clients.

COLLEGIATE CHRISTMAS EXAMS

Christmas Results 1918.

COMMERCIAL I.

Elsie Stevens, 77 per cent.; Gladys Wilson, 72; Irene Howarth, 67; Ernest Johnston, 66; Viola Martin, 65; Gladys Sanderson, 64; Lora Reid, 63; Ella Hutton, 62; Harold Rehill, 62; Gladys Heath, 62; Dorothy Collins, 62; Walter Stewart, 62; Alberta White, 62; Norman Grose, 59; Cecil Everson, 58; Elva Braund, 58; Irene Jarvis, 57; Annie Houston, 56; Gerald Greene, 56; Elsworth Deyell, 55; George Nicholls, 54; Marietta Grisdale, 53; Audrey Kimberely, 52; Lovinia Walsh, 52; Annetta Wright, 52; Cora Sanders, 52; Laura Payne, 52; Arthur Mills, 50; Lillian Naish, 50; Mildred Archambault, 50; Autumn Dubay, 50; Loutta Phelan, 49; Vertie McWilliams, 48; Marion McIntosh, 46; Emily Adamson, 43; Daisy Adham, 40; not graded—Olive Avery, Alice Brown, Lila Campbell, Isabel Deyell, Marie Martin.

Middle School.

Form III—Bertha Sargent, 77 per cent.; Allen Lewis, 73; May Read, 73; Daisy Webber, 71; Donald Carmichael, 68; Herman Hunter, 67; Fred. Brooks, 66; Muriel Harvey, 66; Frances Suston, 65; Mabel Hutchison, 65; Jack Hardill, 64; Arthur McClure, 64; Isobel Donnelly, 64; Helen Thompson, 63; Verda Huston, 63; Jessie Pollard, 63; Sophrona Craig, 62; Jean Shearer, 62; Clement Liggett, 61; Annie Matchett, 59; Alberta Hunter, 59; Gertrude Middleton, 59; Edna Conner, 57; Freemont Doan, 56; Harold Pollock, 56; Stanley Curtis, 54; Donald Sanderson, 54; Marjorie Ingall, 54; Harold Lang, 47; Donald Munro, 46; Norman Foote, 46.

GRAND TRUNK TIME-TABLE CHANGES

Effective Sunday, January 19th. Train No. 47 now leaving Toronto for North Bay at 11.30 p.m., daily except Saturday, will run on Tuesdays and Thursdays only, connections will be made at North Bay with T. & N.O. train No. 1, leaving North Bay at 10.45 a.m., for Cochrane and intermediate stations.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only, train No. 9, leaving Toronto at 8.35 p.m. will be a through train to Winnipeg same as at present but will run daily Toronto to Cochrane carrying through sleeping car and coaches, also on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday sleeping car Toronto to North Bay.

On Tuesday and Thursday North Bay sleeper will be operated on train No. 47, at 11.30 p.m. For full particulars apply to any Grand Trunk agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Union Station, Toronto.

Special Edition.

The correspondence editor came wearily into the room of the boss.

"You told me to answer all correspondents at any cost?" he asked.

"I did," said the boss.

"Then, I'll require the whole paper tomorrow."

"Eh?"

"A lady sends me a line from 'Paradise Lost' and asks me to kindly print the rest of the poem," said the correspondence editor.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Puds Simkins made up a good one to play on Pudses sissy cuzzin Persey this afternoon, me saying, Hay, Persey, did you know I can hipmotise people?

I dont bleeve it, sed Persey, and Puds sed, I dident neether until he hipmotized me, hipmotize me agen, Benny.

Wich I pertended to do, wiggeling my fingers in frunt of his face and saying, Bow legged files, hipmotise, bucketty hop, hipmotop, 1 2 3. And Puds shut his eyes slow and wobbled his hed erround, and I sed, You are hipmotized, you are in my power hand and sole, I command you to tern into a top.

Wich Puds started to do, terning erround and erround quick as enything waving his arms up and down and going, Buzz, buzz, buzz.

Aw, hes jest doing that, sed Persey, and I sed, The heck he is, hes hipmotized, and Prsey sed, Well who ever saw a top with things waving up and down like that?

How do you knew it aint some kind of a top that we dont know enything about, wen a persons hipmotized they know evrything, I sed, if you wont bleeve hes hipmotized call him enything you wunt to and he wont pay eny attention to you. Wich jest then Puds stopped being a top on account of proberly being dizzy, and I sed, Go on Persey, call him sumthing, and Persey sed, Hullo, you pug nose tarpeedo. Wich Puds stopped wobbeling his hed and Persey get reddy to run, me saying, Wats the matter, that aint enything his eyes is still shut, aint they?

And Persey sed, Wats you think youre doing, you funny looking hipopotamist?

Go on, Persey, you may never get another chance, I he cant heer you, I sed, and Persey sed, Go stick your hed in the mud ware it belongs, you fat freek of misery. Wich jest then Puds opened his eyes mad as enything and jumped at Persey, and Persey ran down the street like the mischiff and erround the corner with Puds after him, and I went in the house, thinking he might come back still mad if he dident catch him.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1. No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. WINDSOR, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Prosperity helps some men to forget their friends.

Charity covers a multitude of sins when it is at home.

A man may be slow and sure, but it's different with a clock.

When some men fail to make a hit they blame it on the hammer.

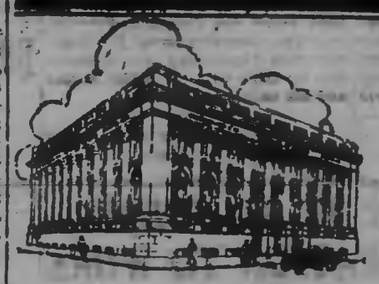
The strenuous man often wins a victory that isn't worth the effort.

You may whitewash a man's character, but you can't wash it white.

To our modern methods of Optometry the eye serves as a mirror in which we can locate exactly the cause of your eye trouble.

The designing, making and fitting of glasses that will overcome your trouble is entered.

Martin J. Roche
Consulting Optometrist.
Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St.



ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift
FOR CHILDREN

GIVE your son and daughter a lesson in thrift by opening for them a Savings Account in The Bank of Toronto. Help them add to it at regular intervals. The Thrift Habit acquired by the children will be worth more than the dollars it costs you.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

ASSETS: $84,000,000

THE BANK OF TORONTO
Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday

GLORIA JOY in ..... "Wanted--A Brother" In Five Acts
An appealing story of a young child's search for a brother.
LEAH BAIRD in "Wolves of Kultur," Chapter 8, TRAPPING TRAITORS, 2 parts.
"Art and Paint" Comedy
MILDRED MANNING in "A SERVICE OF LOVE"
A Broadway Star Feature
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord

Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

THE STRAND,

Clara Kimball Young in "The Marionettes"
One of the Finest Pictures Produced This Season
—ALSO—
Extra Comedy—KAISER BILL AND THE U. TUBE
Bill makes a strike for Birmingham but hits the North Pole instead.
Final Chapter of "THE RED ACE"
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 20c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

Since Pasteur introduced the conception of bacteria as a cause of disease a prodigous hysteria of germ killing has pervaded the whole civilized world. It is no exaggeration though it may seem paradoxical, to say that nearly all intelligent human beings resort more or less to antiseptic or germicidal chemicals in the prevention and treatment of disease—nearly all except educated physicians.

The more a physician knows about the nature of germ diseases and the action of antiseptics and germicides the less use he has for these agents in his work. A surgeon well trained in the rudiments of his art and experienced in operating probably employs antiseptics less frequently than the average lawman does. It is the doctor who lacks training and skill who makes the greatest use of such chemicals. Sometimes he uses them obviously for the purpose of assuring the patient and the patient's friends that all "antiseptic precautions" are being taken—whatever "antiseptic precautions" may be. But more often he applies antiseptics with about as vague a notion of their effect as the layman has when he dabs peroxide on a cut or sore.

Antiseptics do inhibit or delay the multiplication of germs but they do not necessarily kill the germs. Germicides kill germs—direct sunlight or boiling for example. Peroxide applied in full strength will noticeably diminish the multiplication rate of many germs, but germs will grow in peroxide, nevertheless. Germs will grow in antiseptics, even in the noisome iodoform which old time surgeons delighted to sprinkle around.

The childlike faith a lawman places in his favorite antiseptic is amusing to one with fundamental knowledge of the nature of infection. But when a doctor adopts such naive tactics as spraying the nose with some antiseptic solution with the view to preventing germ invasions or destroying or inhibiting germs that have already invaded the lining of the nose, the spectacle becomes pitiable.

It is apparently futile to search for any antiseptic or germicidal remedy on the germs in tissues to the surface of which the remedy is applied. The bacterial cell is so similar to the tissue cell—all the body tissues and membranes are composed of cells—that any chemical which delays the growth of or destroys the one will have the same effect on the other. This explains why a trifling cut or sore is so long in healing when you persist in applying such destructive things as peroxide, carbolized salve and the like.

Little Girl Going to Blow Away

"My daughter, aged three and a half years seems to dislike fruit. As a baby she took prune or orange juice every day, but now it is impossible to make her eat fruit of any kind except under duress. She eats everything else and seems very well, but I feel that it would be better for her to eat fruit. How can I make her eat it?

Mrs. S. M. M."

How can you make the little girl eat anything she does not want? And why should you? I remember when I was a little girl—I was a great dollboy at that age—grandma constantly threatened that I would dry up and blow away if I didn't eat canned quinces and such stuff—ugh! I've dried up considerable but I am still here, and I'd like to see anybody force me to eat canned quinces. Give the little girl a ten year rest on dietetic maxims, and she'll pull through.

FOOD, NOT FORCE

Is Needed to Prevent Spread of Bolshevism.

Washington, Jan. 14.—In a message solemnly urging Congress to appropriate the $100,000,000 requested for European food relief, President Wilson said Bolshevism, steadily advancing westward, could not be stopped by force, but could be stopped by food. Food relief, he said, was the key to the whole European situation and to the solutions of peace.

COULD NOT STOP THE HEADACHES

Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives" —Made From Fruit Juices

112 Cowans St., St. John, N.B.

"I feel I must tell you of the great benefit I have received from your wonderful medicine, 'Fruit-a-tives'.

I have been a sufferer for many years from *Violent Headaches*, and could get no permanent relief.

A friend advised me to take 'Fruit-a-tives' and I did so with great success; and now I am entirely free of Headaches, thanks to your splendid medicine".

MRS. ALEXANDER SHAW.

50c. a Box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, postpaid, by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SAFEGUARDS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

CARE TAKEN IN SCHOOLS TO PREVENT SPREAD OF "FLU."

Since the reopening of school on Jan. 6th, the attendance of pupils at the various public schools of the city has been good.

Precautions to prevent the recurrence of influenza are being continued and pupils having colds are being sent home until they recover.

The members of the teaching staff are all on duty.

Pupils returning to school after recovering from an infectious or contagious disease or coming from a home where such a disease existed must furnish a doctor's certificate in order to be admitted to school.

The cipher is an example of something for nothing.

Feminine Fashions Up-To-Date

Plain, old-fashioned burlap made its appearance a few weeks ago as a dress suit trimming. The style designers favoring the material have used it with generous hand on garments made of the richest of silks and satins. The fact that some of these designers chose to dress the material up with fancy names did not deceive the public as to what the fabric really was—just plain, rough-and-ready burlap, used normally as an outer covering for carpets, rugs and other commodities when packed and rolled and ready for shipment by freight or express.

Perceiving that burlap made an effective trimming for very good looking and expensive items of outer apparel for womankind, other fashion artists concluded that using it in economical quantity was unnecessary, and that if it appeared to good advantage on a dress trimming there was no reason at all why the material should not be used in the construction of entire garments.

A recent sketch indicates the result attained by one style designer who used burlap in the development of a separate skirt. A foundation of Georgette was first made, and the burlap skirt, ravelled at the edge so as to form a self-fringe about ten inches deep, was draped over it. A trimming of colored silk braid was employed on the belt, the braid also being used to swing the little fringe-trimmed pocket.

The burlap used in this skirt, as originally designed was tobacco brown in color, the Georgette underskirt was navy, and the braid combined the two colors.

It is very likely that burlap will have quite a vogue in the development of sport skirts for spring and summer wear, although it must be regarded as merely one of the novelties of the season and not as one of the materials that actually form the backbone of correct apparelling.

The real value in calling attention to the season's extreme novelties is merely to point out that when correctly handled no material need be a loss, and that attractive garments may be developed out of the most unusual and unheard of fabrics.

WHAT READERS ASK

Laura M.—Peroxide of hydrogen is the simplest of all bleaches. Use equal parts of it and water. The following bleach for discolored neck may prove more effectual: Borax 1 dram; lemon juice 2 drams; bay rum, 2 ounces; rose water, 2 ounces. Daub on frequently with absorbent cotton.

Mrs. James H. — An effective means of enlarging the bust is by massaging with cocoa-butter. Use the palms of the hands in a rotary motion, passing upward from the body to the nipple. This exercise, if persisted in for one half an hour daily, is said to show good results in a few months. Deep breathing and arm exercises are also excellent assistants to this. Vaucaire tonic, formula for which I will gladly send you, is helpful when you desire to build up the entire body also, as this tonic has a tendency to produce flesh.

A St. Thomas soldier returned from France and Flanders to find that his wife had eloped with a "safe-player," taking the three children and having sold most of the furniture.

Where the Army goes

NP SOAP

N.P. follows

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

ROYAL THEATRE

FOX Night — Last Chance To-night, Entire Change To-morrow — 12 First Run Reels

High-Class Feature Drama—A Romance of a 20th Century Girl—Featuring

June Caprice in a **"Camouflage Kiss"** Five Parts

Special Fox Feature—a Great Patriotic Drama

"On the Jump" in which **George Walsh**

A Great Fox Star, takes the Leading Role—6 parts

Laughable Comedy **"Mutt and Jeff"** One Part

To-night's Program is a Real Fox Selection, both Specials being A No. 1 Exclusive at the Royal

Three Entire Changes Weekly, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Admission Afternoons and Evenings 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Performanee for School Children 9.30 to 11.30 a. m., only. Admission 9c, and 1c War Tax. 10c to all

UNION BANK OF CANADA

54th Annual Statement—30th November, 1918

The Fifty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Union Bank of Canada was held at the Head Office of the Bank, in the City of Winnipeg, at twelve noon, on Wednesday, the 8th instant.

The President, MR. JOHN GALT, in the chair.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report showing the result of the business of the Bank for the year ending November 30th, 1918.

During the year, owing to the depletion of the staff caused by enlistment for military service, the following offices were closed:—Coatsworth, Eastons Corners and Toledo in the Province of Ontario; Adanac, Guernsey, Jansen, Major, Netherhill and Salvador in the Province of Saskatchewan, of which all except Adanac have since been reopened.

The number of Branches and Agencies in operation on November 30th, 1918, was 299.

The usual inspection of all Branches and Agencies has been made.

Mr. S. E. Elkin, M.P., of St. John, N.B., has been elected to fill a vacancy on the Board of Directors.

JOHN GALT, President.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance at credit of account, 30th November, 1917		$105,624.34
Net profits, for the year, after deducting expenses of management, interest due depositors, reserving for interest and exchange, and making provision for bad and doubtful debts and for rebate on bills under discount, have amounted to		824,174.56
		$930,798.90

Which has been applied as follows:—

Dividend No. 124, 2¼ per cent., paid 1st March, 1918	$112,500.00
Dividend No. 125, 2¼ per cent., paid 1st June, 1918	112,500.00
Dividend No. 126, 2¼ per cent., paid 3rd September, 1918	112,500.00
Dividend No. 127, 2¼ per cent., payable 2nd December, 1918	112,500.00
Transferred to Rest Account	200,000.00
Written off Bank Premises Account	75,000.00
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	10,000.00
Contribution to Halifax Relief Fund	5,000.00
Contribution to Canadian Red Cross, Manitoba Branch	5,000.00
Contribution to Young Men's Christian Association Overseas	3,000.00
Contribution to Salvation Army Overseas	2,000.00
Contribution to Belgian Relief Fund	1,000.00
Contribution to Knights of Columbus, Army Hut Appeal	1,000.00
Contribution to Navy League of Canada, Sailors' Week	2,500.00
War Tax on Bank Note Circulation to 30th November, 1918	50,000.00
Balance of Profits carried forward	126,298.90
	$930,798.90

General Statement of Liabilities and Assets

AS ON 30th NOVEMBER, 1918

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$ 5,000,000.00
Rest Account	$ 3,600,000.00	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	126,298.90	
	$ 3,726,298.90	
Unclaimed Dividends	10,261.43	
Dividend No. 127, payable 2nd December, 1918	112,500.00	
		3,849,060.33
		8,849,060.33
Notes of the Bank in circulation	12,134,649.00	
Deposits not bearing interest	58,806,207.86	
Deposits bearing interest	68,437,660.47	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	424,601.94	
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	1,751,177.75	
		141,553,127.02
Acceptances under Letters of Credit		2,706,467.06
Liabilities not included in the foregoing		72,797.11
		$153,181,451.52

ASSETS

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 940,446.58	
Dominion Government Notes	15,113,307.00	
		$ 16,053,753.58
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the Circulation Fund		260,000.00
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves		7,800,000.00
Notes of other Banks		763,793.00
Cheques on other Banks		3,817,282.16
Balances due by other Banks in Canada		92,051.47
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada		2,983,256.72
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities not exceeding market value		12,427,987.23
Canadian Municipal Securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian		15,720,338.76
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks not exceeding market value		2,501,294.71
Call and Short (not exceeding 30 days) Loans in Canada, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks		6,508,728.64
Call and Short (not exceeding 30 days) Loans elsewhere than in Canada		3,389,180.00
		72,308,227.06
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)		74,021,028.40
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)		1,944,119.28
Real Estate other than Bank Premises		268,182.80
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank		141,686.39
Overdue Debts, estimated loss provided for		327,941.55
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off		1,237,606.76
Liabilities of customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra		2,706,467.06
Other Assets not included in the foregoing		166,150.23
		$153,181,451.52

JOHN GALT, President. H. B. SHAW, General Manager.

Report of the Auditors to the Shareholders of the Union Bank of Canada.

In accordance with the provisions of subsections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act, we report to the Shareholders as follows:—

We have audited the above Balance Sheet with the books and vouchers at Head Office and with the certified returns from the branches.

We have obtained all the information and explanations that we have required, and are of the opinion that the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank.

In addition to our verification at the 30th November, we have, during the year, checked the cash and verified the securities representing the investments of the Bank at its chief office and principal branches and found them to be in agreement with the entries in the books of the Bank relating thereto.

In our opinion the Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the affairs of the Bank, according to the best of our information, and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Bank.

T. HARRY WEBB, E. S. READ, C. R. HEGAN, Auditors, of the firm of WEBB, READ, HEGAN & CO., Chartered Accountants.

Winnipeg, 20th December, 1918

ALDERMEN WILL ATTEND CHURCH

ACCEPT INVITATION OF PARK STREET BAPTISTS FOR JANUARY 26th.

The Mayor and Aldermen of the city will attend the evening service at Park street Baptist Church on Sunday, January 26th, as the result of a motion of Aldermen Edgar and Garside which was carried and provides for the acceptance of an invitation extended by letter and read at last night's meeting of the council.

There was some discussion in regard to the most convenient time to carry out the laudable project the communication which was written by the clerk of the church, Mr. Harry Goodwin making it optional with the Council whether they attend the morning or evening service. The Mayor favored the latter and the Aldermen seemed to concur with his opinion and it was arranged accordingly.

Men and women who are opposed to labor unions should steer clear of love in a cottage.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lack of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Free pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont. (Formerly Kingsville)

Julius E. Waterous, one of the founders of the Waterous Engine Works, Brantford, is dead, aged 75 years.

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

163 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-220

Cost and profit annihilated. Goods sacrificed as Ridiculous Prices.

Wake up to this most unexpected sensation

SUKLOFF'S URGENT

In the four years of war time no such upheaval as this has been believed possible.

CASH REALIZATION SALE

Pressing necessity has arisen for the immediate turning of a large part of our big staple stock into cash on very short notice. We have no time to stop and consider the cost to us or the effect on our business. We simply have to let go our splendid goods at such prices as have never been equalled in the last four years, in order to meet the situation. This means the throwing of our

ENTIRE $20,000 STOCK

On the market at the mercy of the buying public. There has been no hesitation in making the most reckless price slashing that has ever been done in our store. The necessity will be faced at no matter what the cost to us

Ladies' Clothing, Men's Clothing, Ladies and Men's Furnishings, Boys' and Children's Wear, Millinery, Furs, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., at astonishing bargains.

Dry Goods, Staple Yard Goods, Linens, Oilcloth, Flannelette Blankets, Special Offer of Factory Cotton, Ribbons, Lace Curtains, towels, etc., all at remarkable reductions.

Store closed all day Tuesday for Price Making, Open Wednesday Morning for the Big Rush.

15 Days of Price Annihilation, Jan. 15 to Feb. 1

DRY GOODS

GREY SERGE—In medium weight, 38 inches wide, suitable for women's or children's dresses. Extra special only, yard ... 39c

VELVET—In all shades and of a good $1.00 quality. Will be cleared at only 69c
Yard .....

EXTRA! EXTRA!
MILL ENDS OF FACTORY COTTON
16⅔c YARD
This is a most desirable chance to get Factory Cotton at very much less than regular prices. We get it direct from the mill in large quantities. Ends are all lengths from 1 to 10 yards. Our price for the sale is only, yard 16½c

BROWN CORDUROY VELVET—One piece only and regular $1.25 a yard .....
Special at, yard 69c

ROLLER TOWELLING—Good absorbent linen, eighteen inches wide. Special at 25c
Yard .....

FURS FURS

10 SETS ONLY.

Handsome animal style stole and muff of black wolf; as serviceable as it is stylish. To clear at the very low price of $10.00

CASHMERETTE HOSE — Good heavy wight. Special during this sale, pair .. 35c

25c BLEACHED COTTON, YARD 17½c
Every housewife will appreciate this unusual value—a very fine quality of bleached cotton, full 36 inches wide and well worth our regular price of 25c. Will clear at only, yard 17½c

CASHMERE GLOVES—Heavy weight, extra good value. Sale Price 49c
Per pair .....

SATEEN UNDERSKIRTS—All shades. Well worth $1.50, for only 98c

SKIRTS—A beautiful lot of heavy tweed skirts with pockets. Regular value $5.00. Sale price $3.49

LADIES' SWEATER COATS—Pure wool, shawl collar that will close up high; belt and pockets. Colors blue and saxe, edged with white. Sale price $4.98

BRUSH WOOL SETS—For children and misses. In all shades. Bargain prices
$1.25 to $1.98

COATS' THREAD, 5c SPOOL
We made a large purchase of this well-known thread, in all sizes, white and black—and while it lasts will sell it for, Spool 5c
(5 spools only to a customer.)

CHILDREN'S FOUR-PIECE SUITS—All wool pullover sweater; overalls have feet and draw cord at waist, mitts and snug toque to match. A splendid little winter suit specially priced at only, suit $1.98

CHILDREN'S CORDUROY COATS—In heavy white and navy flannelette, lined and quilted, large collars, belts and pockets. Ages 2 to 7. Priced low for this sale
$2.98 & $3.98

LADIES' WINTER COATS—A clearing lot of heavy tweed and chinchilla coats. Pick them out at ..... $5.98 & $9.98

MILLINERY

LADIES' FELT HATS—An assorted lot at the ridiculously low price of ... 25c
Only .....

CHILDREN'S HATS—A number of styles in velvet and felt. To clear at ... 25c

LADIES' VELVET SHAPES—In sailors and turbans. Regular value $2.50. To clear at 49c

LADIES' and MISSES' TRIMMED HATS—A surprising assortment of this season's styles and good materials. Worth up to $5.00. Will be cleared at only $1.98

Very Special Reductions on all our Ladies' and Children's hand-made and trimmed Hats during this sale. We have a large assortment of all the latest in Mounts, Flowers, Plumes etc. All greatly reduced for this sale.

LADIES' COATS—A splendid winter weight coat made of new chinchillas, velours, and plushes. Right up-to-the-minute styles, and our prices are surprisingly low, ranging from
$12.50 to $15.00

CHILDREN'S PULLOVER SWEATERS — In pure wool, navy blue; sizes 2 to 5 .... 59c
Sale price .....

CHILDREN'S JERSEYS—Knit from a fine quality wool yarn, in pullover style, buttoning on left shoulder. Colors plain grey or red. Sale price 98c

CHILDREN'S FLANNELETTE UNDERSKIRTS and Drawers. Very specially priced at 39c

MEN'S HEAVY SOCKS—Regular 35c, For 25c

MEN'S GREY WOOL SOCKS—Heavy weight. Regular 50c. Sale price 39c

MEN'S LEATHER MITTS—While they last, clearing price 39c

MEN'S FLEECE-LINED GLOVES— At only 35c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—York knit. Coward. Regular value $1.25. Sale price 89c
Garment .....

GIRLS' COATS—Made of nigger head cloth, lined with grey flannel, trimmed with buttons and pockets. Regular value $10.00. Clearing Sale price $3.98

ENGLISH FLANNELETTES 22½c
This is a lot of English Striped Flannelette of a good stout weave; will wash and wear beautifully. A good assortment of shades. Very special value at 22½c
Yard .....

GIRLS' CORDUROY COATS—In navy and brown; heavy quilted lining, for ages 8 to 14. Our sale price is only $6.79

MEN'S BRACES—Good quality elastic. Will be cleared at only, pair 39c

MEN'S UNION FLANNEL SHIRTS—Grey only. Heavy weight. Sale price 98c
Each .....

MEN'S TROUSERS—Very serviceable, made from union panting fabric; dark shades, with neat stripe patterns. Sale price.. $1.79
Pair .....

MEN'S SOCKS—Black Cashmerette, full fashioned, seamless, triple heels and toes .. 35c
Regular 50c. Sale price, pair .....
3 Pairs for $1.00.

MEN'S SWEATER COATS—Good heavy all-wool garments, colors grey, khaki and maroon. Very special value $2.98
Sale price .....

25 MEN'S SUITS—These are the biggest value that will ever be offered in our store. We will clear the lot at only
$7.98 & $9.98

CHILDREN'S WOOL TOQUES 39c
Knowing the high price of wool, our customers will be quick to secure this bargain. Children's pure wool Toques in all colors and a splendid weight. To be cleared at the low price of 39c
Only .....

Boys' Wear

BOYS' PULLOVER SWEATERS — 59c
Grey only. Sale price .....

BOYS' OVERCOATS—Nicely made, good weight of tweed and chinchilla, double-breasted, with belt, warmly lined. We will clear these at
$3.98 & $4.98

BOYS' SUITS—Made of navy blue tweed, in Norfolk style, bloomer pants, well lined and well made throughout. Ages 8 to 14. Extra good bargain at our sale price
$3.98 & $5.98

TWO GREAT SPECIALS FOR CHILDREN
CHILDREN'S SWEATER COATS—In nice weight and all shades, for ages 2 to 5 years. Your choice for 49c
Only .....
CHILDREN'S RIBBED UNDERWEAR — Very nice, comfortable garments for children, aged 1 to 4, at the very low price of 15c

N. SUKLOFF

One door south Grand Hotel 293 George Street

QUAKER OATS COMPANY GIVE NOTICE OF APPEAL

Peck, Kerr and McElderry, Their Attorneys, Will Carry Assessment Matter, re Payment of the School Taxes, Up to Higher Tribunal—Routine Business of the Council.

Peck, Kerr and McElderry notified the Council by letter last night that they intend appealing on behalf of their clients, the Quaker Oats Co., from the Judgment of Judge Hu[illegible] in the recent assessment case, and will carry the matter to the Ontario Railway Municipal Board. Alderman Edgar moved that city solicitor's given authority to defend the case and engage legal assistance if he deemed it necessary. His motion was seconded by Alderman Murray. An amendment referring the matter to the Legal Committee was introduced by Aldermen Taylor and Gainey and was carried.

The usual grant of $75 to the Poultry Association was ordered paid upon motion of Aldermen Taylor and Turner.

Street Railway Affairs.

The Ontario Hydro Power Commission wrote Council in regard to matters pertaining to the street railway. They felt that the city authorities and themselves were working along opposite lines, which was not conducive to the prosperity of the system. They wished this state of affairs could be remedied and suggested that a joint committee, composed of aldermen and members of the Board of Trade be appointed to envolve satisfactory plans for the future development and prosperity of the system.

Mr. Angassey, of Rubidge street, informed the Council by letter that he was about to take action to compel the corporation to pay him damages amounting to $[illegible]35 for injury to his horse sustained when it stepped into an excavation near the manhole at the corner of Donegal and London streets.

Mayor Duncan stated that he had been informed of the matter and had sent the city engineer to look into it. He thought the amount of damages claimed was perfectly ridiculous. This matter was referred to the Legal Committee.

London Street Bridge.

Several letters were received from companies in connection with the building of the London street bridge. One of them from Mr. O'Toole, [illegible] correcting a misapprehension as to the amount of his tender another made an offer in regard to constructing the work on a percentage basis.

A letter from Tax Collector Greene in regard to a small sum of money the responsibilty for payment of which was disputed between himself, A. Lowe, and the city was referred to the Legal Committee.

City Appointments.

A bylaw, appointing Alderman Taylor a member of the Foley Estate Committee for a term of two years in the stead of A. H. Stratton, whose term had expired received its several readings and was carried. Bylaws re-appointing Frank T. Sollitt for another term as member of the Public Library Board, and James Murty, W. H. Buller and W. H. Morgan, as members of the Board of Health for 1919, were carried. Thomas Quinn, who had been endorsed by the Trades and Labor Council, for the position, was appointed to the Board of Fuel Commissioners to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alderman Murray.

Before the adjournment Alderman Turner introduced the question of the probability of a visit to the city in the near future of a C. P. R. official, who would go into the matter with any representatives appointed by the city of an improved passenger service to Montreal.

Alderman Turner also suggested the advisability of engaging men to trim the trees of the city which were badly in need of such treatment and which would provide work for a number of men. He thought that the amount of wood obtained as a result of such a move would go a long way towards financing the operations.

After adjournment the members of the Council spent some time in an informal discussion of questions relating to the construction of the Hunter street bridge with Engineer Barber and in looking over the plans.

City Assessor W. J. Henry wrote the Council last night asking for permission to appoint a new clerk in place of Miss Knapman, who has been employed in his office, and who has resigned.

A letter from Mr. F. E. Kerr, asking that the city employees who have flooded the South Central school rink in the past be allowed to do so again, was received and a motion passed providing for compliance with the request.

The Maple Leaf Forever.

His Lordship Bishop O'Brien drew the attention of the Council by letter to the fact that basswood trees on Reid and Brock street had grown to such an extent as to threaten the life of maple trees planted near St. Peter's School and suggested that some act on be taken to have the obnoxious trees removed so that the maples would not be injured. This matter was referred to the city engineer with power to act.

Munition Boxes.

Ex-Alderman Dobbin, president of the Patriotic Fund, communicated with Council in regard to the advisability of selling some of the larger boxes which had been given to the Council by the Imperial Munitions Board to distribute to the poor of the city, free of charge, for firewood, and which had previously been used for munitions. At the Renfrew works, alone, there were 8,600 of these, and while the Munition Board had stipulated that if the city charged for these the money obtained thereby would have to be paid over to the Crown, he suggested the advisability of selling some of the larger one as garbage receptacles for a nominal amount and handing over the proceeds to the Government as stated in the agreement.

Mayor Duncan asserted that up to the present he had seen none of these boxes which would be large enough to put to such use as described by ex-Alderman Dobbin. The Council decided they would take no action in regard to the matter at present.

School Board Estimates.

The estimates of the Board of Education for the year were received. They amounted to $124,500, and as Mayor Duncan remarked, are $13,000 in excess of those of last year. Upon motion of Aldermen Taylor and Phelan, the first installment of $800 was ordered paid.

The Playgrounds Association.

In connection with this matter, Alderman Turner stated that in his opinion the Playgrounds Association should carry on their work under the supervision of the Board of Education, and that they should also look after the financial side of the movement. He felt that the School Board should be ready to assume such a responsibility as it realy came in their field. Mayor Duncan thought the suggestion was a good one and felt that the sum of money they had impressed for, this year, should be ample to assume and carry out such an obligation.

$7,100 For The Library.

This year the estimates for maintenance of the Public Library are placed at $7,100, of which the city's share is $6 000.

A lengthy letter from the Reconstruction Commission, pointing out the advisability of organizing in each community to look after the problems arising out of the past war [illegible] was received.

The usual application for a grant towards the Sick Childrens' Hospital was received and referred to the Finance Committee.

A new high record was created for 1937 Victory bonds at Montreal when sales were effcted at 102¾.

The Province of Quebec is selling a parcel of $1,625,000 bonds bearing 4½ per cent. at $5.97, thus yielding 5.50 per cent.

685th Bargain Annex Event

Bargain Annex
Registered

Wednesday, Jan. 15th, 1919

An "After Stock-Taking" Sale to Clear Odd Lines

Many odd lines have been priced remarkably low for a RUSH CLEARANCE SALE on Wednesday. With stock-taking all over we have had all the odd and broken lines from our several departments sent to the Annex for a quick clear-away. In some cases the quantities are too small to advertise so we strongly urge an early visit to the Annex to-morrow morning.

LEADER.
LESS THAN MILL PRICE, 75c BLEACHED SHEETING 49c Yard

A very special Annex Sheeting Sale. Our regular 75c quality full bleached 8/4 sheeting. At 49c it is 6 cents a yard less than we can buy it to-day. Five hundred yards of it for this great value Annex Sale to-morrow. Also two hundred yards full bleached 7/4 sheeting that usually sells at 65c. Both lines for a Wednesday Annex Leader Yard **49c**

LEADER.
HALF PRICE SALE, LINEN FINISH ENVELOPES
5 Packages 25c

A four-years-old price for these French fabric linen finish Envelopes, and only half of to-day's value. They are Princess style, with long pointed flap. There are twenty-five envelopes in each package. For a Wednesday Annex Leader ..... 5 Packages **25c**
(A limit of 10 packages to one buyer. No 'phone orders.)

MEN'S $1.50 To $2.00 SCOTCH KNIT WOOL UNDERVESTS, 98c — "After Stock-Taking" Clearing Sale of men's heavy ribbed Scotch knit wool Undervests. Sizes mostly 40, 42, 44, a few 34 and 36. Odd lines of our regular $1.50 to $2.00 values and some are slightly soiled. In the Annex at **98c**

TEN CASES "VICTORIA" TOILET PAPER, 10 Rolls 49c — This is fine quality crêpe tissue toilet paper. Regular 7c size rolls. Sold in lots of 10 or 20 rolls in the Annex at a real bargain price on Wednesday ..... 10 Rolls **49c**

The Greatest Value Annex Sale in History

A Complete Clearance of Our Entire Stock of High Grade Novelty Dress Trimmings, Formerly Selling from 50c to $2.50 a yard at 25c a yard.

Nearly two thousand yards of novelty dress braids, appliques, guimpes, etc., and easily half the lot have been regularly selling from $1.00 to $2.50 per yard. A great variety of styles and colors for your selection. Buy your next years' requirements at this sale; you only pay a very small fraction of the regular values. All one price for a great Clearing Leader Wednesday **25c**
Yard .....

SECOND ANNEX HALF-PRICE SALE OF COTTON BATTS, 49c Each — Unbleached, two-pound, comforter size cotton batts. Owing to a mistake in the order they came unbleached instead of bleached, so this remarkably low Annex price. A real Annex bargain, each **49c**

20c BLEACHED STEAM-LOOM, 14½c Yard—Excellent quality Bleached Steam-loom at an Annex price that is away below mill cost. Don't miss such a bargain opportunity as this. In the Annex on Wednesday at, yard **14½c**

LEADER.
35c To 40c YARD-WIDE FLANNELETTES
27c Yard

Heavy qualities, our best Canadian made Flannelettes. A splendid assortment of colors in stripe patterns; also pure white combed finish Saxonys. If bought on to-day's market our lowest selling prices would be 35c and 40c. An excellent value leader for the "After Stock-Taking" Annex sale, yard **27c**

ON SALE SHARP AT 8:30 A.M.
FOUR ONLY LADIES' CLOTH COATS $2.95

A final Annex clear-away of former season Coats. Four only in the lot, sizes 34 and 36. Two long tweed coats, one long black coat and one three-quarter length red coat. An 8:30 a.m. Annex price that will clear this small lot with a rush Annex to-morrow **$2.95**

LEADER.
$2.50 CREAM SCRIM CURTAINS $1.38 Yard

Seventy-five pairs of fine quality Scrim Curtains. Neat hemstitched edges and pretty lace edges. Deep cream shade. Length 2½ yards. Splendid value at the regular stock price, $2.50. And well worth buying in six pair lots. They will wear exceptionally well. For a Wednesday Annex Leader, pair **$1.38**

Note These Economy Buying Opportunities

Men's Heavy Wool Socks, grey and khaki	49c	One only Used Sewing Machine	$10.00
Men's $3.00 Sweater Coats	$1.69	10c and 12½c Embroidery Edgings, yard	6½c
Ladies' and Children's 50c to 75c Long Wool Mitts	39c	$2.25 Feather Filled Bed Pillows, pair	$1.69
50c and 59c Ribbed Cashmere Hose, sizes 7½ to 10	39c	75c Shantung Raw Silks, yard	49c
One only Used Sewing Machine	$4.95	Proctor's & Gamble's "Lenox" Laundry Soap 7 Bars	49c

LEADER.
85c CREPE DE CHINES At 59c Yard

A beautiful quality silk finish Crepe de Chine, in a range of ten selected and attractive shades. Colors: sand, mauve, maize, Victory blue, white, navy blue, black, reseda green, grey, and Russian green. A dainty, serviceable fabric for afternoon and evening dresses. Full 36 inches wide and our regular 85c value. Wednesday Annex Leader, Yard **59c**

50c BLACK SPUN GLASS LINING, 39c Yard—An "After Stock-Taking" Sale of Black Lining. We are somewhat overstocked in our best quality 50c Spun Glass Lining, 36 ins. wide; black only. Three hundred yards to sell on Wednesday at, yard.. **39c**

MEN'S $1.25 RUBBERS, 89c —In sizes only 5½ to 7, in this "After Stock-Taking" Sale of Men's Shefford Brand Rubbers. First quality that sell regularly at $1.25. If your size is here the value is exceptional. To clar in the Annex Pair **89c**

February Delineator Now on Sale, 20c a Copy
One Year's Subscription, 95c

25c WHITE DIMITY MUSLINS 17c Yard—Fine qualities, all white Dimity Muslins, in dainty check patterns. This low Annex price is less than to-day's factory cost. About two hundred yards to sell in the Annex at, yard **17c**

50c GREY FLANNEL, Yard 39c —Dark steel color, 27-28 ins. wide. All last season's stock and it was 50c value then. The Annex price is considerably less than to-day's actual mill cost. Buy it in the Annex Wednesday, yard **39c**

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

STORY OF PRODIGAL SON TOLD WITH NEW SETTING

"The Wanderer," Presented at the Grand by a Company of Artists, Draws Large Audience—Stage Realism Reaches Highest Pinnacle of Art.

The plot in the magnificent spectacular play "The Wanderer," which was presented for the first time at the Grand Opera House last night is based upon the beautiful and familiar story of the Prodigal Son. The scene is laid near Hebron and the time is about one thousand years before Christ. The home of Jether, the Prodigal is an imposing old mansion set among Judean hills which are covered with the flocks that belong to his father and which are tended by the elder brother and his assistants. Jether is the petted son of his parents. Idle and given to dreams of the lure beyond his native hills. Finally he persuades his father to give him the "portion of goods that falleth to one."

Jether sets out for Jerusalem, where he falls in with evil companions who cuddle him while his gold lasts and cast him out with contumely when his wealth has vanished. Deadheads and adventurers borrow his money, thieves rob him female harpies lead him into evil ways. The maiden upon whom his fancy dwells advises him to renounce the God of Israel and to worship idols and finally to attempt to regain something of his lost wealth by gambling with loaded dice.

Ragged and diseased the prodigal drags himself to the home of his childhood where he is finally forgiven by father and elder brother and received by the mother with that maternal affection that is always showered upon the erring one of the family.

This play is magnificently staged The costumes are historically correct as worn either by the shepherds on the hills or by the gay triflers in Jerusalem, and the language of the dialogues is that of the Bible translation of the speech of that age.

There is an element of realism running through the entire production. A flock of sheep follow their shepherd meekly through the valleys from the fields to the fold, a helpless lamb being tenderly carried in the shepherd's arms. All the religious rites of the simple country people of that day are scrupulously observed. The houses as shown on the stage are the substantial structures of Palestine with the flat roofs fitted out as living places and watch towers from which a commanding view may be had of the country for miles around.

When the scene is shifted to Jerusalem the picture presented of life in that city explains why judgment overtook the people of that community. The entire time of the inhabitants seemed to be given over to frivolity in every form of voluptuous pleasure, wine drinking and dancing. Two of the startling climaxes of the play are when the ascetic prophet appears in the halls of pleasure and pronounces doom upon the sinners. Another is the supernatural storm that Jether recognizes as Divine disapproval of his offences.

There is some excellent acting in the performance. Frederick Lewis, as Jether, plays the part of the idle and petted youth of the innocent dupe, and of the discredited and penitent prodigal with equal success. Henry Duggan takes the part of Jesse, the father, and Richard Thornton that of Gaal, the elder brother. Florence Anner, as Hulda the mother of Jether, gives a splendid representation of what the average mother would do under such circumstances. She sends the wanderer away with a blessing, prays for him while he is absent, watching for his return, and when he comes back kisses his scarred and emaciated face as passionately as when it was rosy with the health of babyhood. Olga Newton, as Naomi, was the damsel whose devotion never wavered.

There is a bevy of Oriental dancing girls, house servants, and representations of every eastern country. The play sheds a new light upon the Bible times and upon the familiar story that was first told the twelve Disciples even though the playright has taken liberty with the details and the setting.

The Wanderer will be presented again tonight and tomorrow night, with the usual Wednesday matinee.

Piles Gone

The Wonderful Pyramid Pile Treatment Will Give You a New Lease of Comfort.

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL

Mailed free in plain wrapper. It WILL give relief. Get a 60-cent box

You Have No Idea How Wonderful Pyramid Is Until You Try It.

of Pyramid Pile Treatment at once. Relief, comfort, blessing, protruding piles, hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles. A single box has often cured in just one night. Send coupon for free trial. Take no substitute.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
370 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.
Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State ...

EX-CROWN PRINCE TALKS SUICIDE

DECLARES FRENCH OR BRITISH WILL NEVER TAKE HIM ALIVE.

New York, Jan. 14.—The World prints the following from Cyril Brown, its staff correspondent in Holland:

The German ex-Crown Prince has made up his mind to commit suicide rather than face criminal trial by a jury composed wholly or in major part of French and British. "They will never get me," he repeated several times in an informal interview today.

I made the wearisome journey to Wieringen from Amsterdam on the chance of catching his ex-Royal Highness at home, and in an unburdening mood. As I drove up to the modest red brick two-storey house I caught a glimpse of him at his bedroom window changing his pantaloons.

I was shown into the only sitting room, the billiard room, containing a shabby, moth-eaten second-hand billiard table and two wornout leather armchairs. A few minutes later the ex-Prince entered wearing a salt-and-pepper sporting suit and decidedly self-conscious of his changed position. After we had chatted a few minutes his manner became natural and unaffected; he talked freely and answered questions readily.

Perched on the edge of the sorry billiard table, the former Prince lit a cigarette (of a unique brand, the tip being a thin straw) and faced my informal cross-examination. I had seen his arrival on the dull Devil's Island of Wieringen and I observed that since then he had pulled himself together, had recovered his nerve and, in relative solitude, had done some tall thinking about his situation and future.

"They'll Never Get Me Alive."

I asked what he thought about the much discussed possibility of being "extradited" with the Kaiser and placed on criminal trial.

"I don't give a hang about it," he said, in the American phrase with a decided English accent. In his next sentence he explained this real or pretended indifference as to what the allies might decide to do about his person.

"They'll never get me," he said, with a quiet smile. "They'll never get me—alive," he repeated.

I asked if, in view of his reported statement that he was innocent of complicity in the outbreak of the world war, he would not welcome a court trial as offering an opportunity of clearing himself, if he could. But the ex-Crown Prince expressed and stubbornly clung to the opinion that he would not get a square deal at a criminal trial, "certainly not if the French and the English had their way."

"They want my head," he said. "And I know it. But they won't get me. Clemenceau and Lloyd George are looking for some one to put the whole blame for the war on. They're looking for a scapegoat. And they're picked my father and myself to be the goats. Clemenceau is a bloodthirsty old man."

His present plan obviously is to sit tight on Wieringen as long as the Dutch will let him. I asked if, as an interned German officer, he was not free to go back to Germany.

"Free enough," he answered, "but it would not do me any good, Germany would give me up quick enough to the French. The present Government was in such a kowtowing, bootlicking frame of mind that they would readily fulfil any demand made on them by the entente, including the demand for my head or my person."

Aid. Nesbitt will move for an enquiry into the social conditions in Toronto's Jail Farm, Police Court, Juvenile Court, Belmont Home for the Aged, House of Industry, etc., holding that some of them are more suitable to a small town than a big city.

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

WE EAT TOO MUCH MEAT WHICH CLOGS KIDNEYS, THEN THE BACK HURTS

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

Ask For Revision Of All Pensions

BRANTFORD BRANCH G.W.V.A. SENDS OPEN LETTER TO OTTAWA.

Brantford, Jan. 14.—An open letter addressed to Sir Thomas White, acting Premier has been forwarded by Capt. (Rev.) C. E. Jeakins, president of the Ontario G. W. V. A. The letter calls for a revision of the pensions awarded to disabled soldiers, which, at best, are in some cases inadequate, in view of what the soldiers had given.

"But when an attempt is made to reduce these pensions, to cut them off entirely," continues the memorial, "and without any warning, it is time that an emphatic protest were made agiast such gross injustice. It has come to our knowledge of late that there has been such reduction and cutting off of pensions, not only of returned men, but of the dependents of those who have paid the supreme sacrifice."

Some specific cases are then cited. One whose lung had been penetrated and who had received $74 a month, had been cut without warning to $19 a month. A second had two inches of bone removed from his leg since returning. His pension of $36.45 for himself, wife and three children had been reduced to $19 a month.

It does seem most unwise at a critical time like this through which we are passing, to add to this unrest by the reduction in part or altogether of the pension awarded to the returned soldier by your government."

The memorial then continues: That waste of money for monumental arches and such like memorials would be ill-advised and unjust when the legitimate claims of those for whom the memorials were intended were needing large sums of money. The finest monument Canada can provide for her soldiers is an adequate and judicious pension scheme.

LABOR LOSES IN FIRST ROUND

ALDERMEN FAIL TO APPOINT THEIR MAN ON LIBRARY BOARD.

Labor Aldermen lost out at the meeting of the Council last night in their first trial of strength when they failed to appoint their candidate, Thomas Ogilvie, a member of the Public Library Board. Frank T. Sullitt, the present member was appointed on a vote of six to five. Just as was expected Ald. McIntyre voted with the four labor aldermen. This made a tie which was broken by Ald. Taylor who was in the chair, voting for Mr. Sullitt, the Council being in committee of the whole at the time.

Mr. Ogilvie was endorsed for the position at the last meeting of the Trades and Labor Council to which he is a delegate. He is a member of the electrical workers union and is employed in the C.G.E. plant. Mr. Sullitt too, is a workingman but is said to be at odds with the union.

The reason that organized labor was anxious to appoint a member of the Library Board was their contention that there is a scarcity of Labor literature in that institution.

The steamer G. A. Flagg is in distress some 20 or 30 miles from Halifax.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

COURAGE, CAPACITY and DETERMINATION

— It takes courage, stick-at-itiveness, and capability to carve out a man's fortune. All three features are needed. Poor vision lowers the capacity. See to it that your eyesight is kept at its best. Consult Dr. Fowler.

CONSULTATION FREE

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

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Note Our Lard Specials

Rose Brand Lard . . 35c per lb.

M.B. Brand Lard . . 33c per lb.

Secure the benefit of "Quantity" prices by ordering Lard in the larger packages.

Matthews-Blackwell Ltd.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 25c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding ten lines; 5c for each additional line. All words over ten lines, 1c per word each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Ladies for soliciting work, house to house campaign, experience not necessary. Good wages, short hours. Apply Miss Taylor, at the Peterboro Milk Products Limited.

WANTED.

VICTORY BONDS—Highest cash price paid; part o rfully paid. Consult us before buying or selling. Open evenings from 6 to 8. Peterborough Security Company 421 George street, next Examiner. Phone 558.

LOST.

LOST—22K wedding ring somewhere in city, on Monday. Finder please leave at Review and receive reward.

LOST—Tuesday morning, Jan. 14, black buffalo robe, on Otonabee road, coming to Montgomery House. Finder please leave at 257 Bethune street.

LOST—Crocheted hand bag in the Opera House Saturday afternoon. Finder please leave at Review office.

LOST—On Friday evening in the vicinity of the C. P. R. station, a purse containing sum of money. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at Review office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water st., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS' COMMISSION
The [illegible] Sewing Machine Co., 119 Hunter Street
Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.
We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.
SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call.
Phone No. 697. Nights 396

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Patent, trade mark and copyright ap-

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKLEY
Osteopathic Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts., Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it, I will buy all you can and will
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
264 HARVEY STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
403 Water St., two doors north of the San Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191.
Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices: corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & O'CONNOR
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Cooney
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m
Phone [illegible]

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Committees For Current Year

At last night's meeting of the City Council the report of the striking committee was read by the Chairman, Alderman Taylor and adopted as drafted. The following is accordingly a list of the standing committees for the year and the personnel of each:

Board of Works (and Joint with County)—Ald. Phelan, chairman; Ald Morrison, Turner, Hamilton, Gainey, Murray, Garside, McIntyre, Edgar and Taylor.

Fire, Water and Light—Ald. Morrison, Chairman; Ald Gainey, Hamilton, Turner, Taylor and Garside.

Manufactures (and franchises)—Ald. McIntyre, chairman; Ald. Gainey, Taylor, Phelan, Turner and Murray.

Finance (printing and licenses)—Ald. Taylor, chairman; Ald. Phelan, Morrison, McIntyre, Hamilton, Turner and Edgar.

Property (market, building and Health)—Ald. Hamilton, chairman; Ald. Murray, Edgar, Garside, Phelan and McIntyre.

Legal (reception, legislation and Soldiers' Aid)—Ald. Turner, chairman; Ald. Hamilton, Garside, Gainey, and Phelan.

Railways (parks and boulevards) Ald. Edgar, chairman; Ald. Turner, McIntyre, Taylor, Morrison and Murray.

That the Mayor be authorized to send deputations to other places on city business when he deems it advisable and that the expenses of such deputations be paid on the certificate of the Mayor.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 14.—Receipts light, trade steady, except in hogs, which still unsettled. Prices:

Choice export cattle...	$13.50	$14.50
Medium butcher cows..	7.50	9.50
Choice butcher cows ..	9.50	10.50
Ewes	10.00	10.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.75	15.75
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.50	16.50
Lambs	16.00	16.50
Calves	17.00	18.00

Canada Food Board License No. 8-8869
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS
IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods
Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

Sir John Hendrie presented to the mother of Capt. Alex. W. Baird the Military Cross and bar which were won by her son, and to the father of Lieut. John Leonard the Military Cross won by that officer.

Article No. 3
Cut out for Reference

War to Peace

Demobilizing Canada's Army

THE actual work of bringing back our soldiers to Canada and getting them out of khaki is in the hands of the Department of Militia and Defence. Complete plans have been made and machinery organized to handle the work. Every detail has been considered. The plan is harmonious and will work smoothly. It is described here. Notice how every contingency has been considered. How the soldier is cared for at every step. How everything is done for his comfort and to inform his waiting relatives and friends.

From France to England.

Peace is not yet signed. The victorious Canadian Corps is still a fighting unit. But as fast as the situation permits the Canadian Corps in France will be returned to Canada *by units* allotted, as far as possible, to the areas from which they came. These units will be reconstructed so as to include only men desirous of returning to the area to which the unit has been allotted.

The remainder of the Canadian forces overseas will be returned in drafts of 500 men for each area. Married men first, according to length of service. Then single men, according to length of service.

Preparing to Leave England.

Canada has been divided into 22 dispersal areas for demobilization, with a dispersal station for each.

1. The province of Prince Edward Island—Charlottetown.
2. The province of Nova Scotia—Halifax.
3. One half of New Brunswick—Moncton.
4. One half of New Brunswick—St. John.
5. The north country of Quebec down to Three Rivers—Quebec.
6. The remainder of Quebec—Montreal.
7. The Ottawa Valley and Ontario down to the Thousand Islands—Ottawa.
8. The Kingston district west to Oshawa and north to the Madawaska River—Kingston.
9. The Toronto district north to the French River and the north mining country—Toronto.
10. The Niagara Peninsula—Hamilton.
11. Southern Ontario—London.
12. From White River to the Lake of the Woods—Port Arthur.
13. All of Manitoba except the Brandon territory—Winnipeg.
14. The Brandon territory—Brandon.
15. Southern Saskatchewan—Regina.
16. Northern Saskatchewan—Saskatoon.
17. Southern Alberta—Medicine Hat.
18. From Calgary north to Nordeg—Calgary.
19. Northern Alberta—Edmonton.
20. All of British Columbia except 21 and 22—Vancouver.
21. Vancouver Island and the immediate mainland—Victoria.
22. Cariboo, Kootenay and Gale—Revelstoke.

Each soldier overseas chooses the dispersal area in Canada to which he wishes to go.

A report of the number of men for each dispersal area is cabled to Militia Headquarters.

As fast as they can be absorbed by the dispersal areas—a cable is sent to England for drafts.

Prior to sailing, a cable is sent from England stating how many men are coming and giving their occupations.

In this way arrangements are made to handle the men, to care for them, and to find employment for them.

Before a man leaves England he is medically examined, his discharge papers and other documents are made out. All delay in Canada over these details is avoided.

On the Ship.

The transport staff check the medical and pay documents. The Y.M.C.A. provides recreation and entertainment. Twenty-four hours before arrival in Canada a wireless is sent to the port giving details of any men who are sick and in need of hospital care, and general information that will ensure speedy transport from boat to train.

Wounded Men.

Wounded men are brought back on hospital ships in the care of Army Medical Corps. They are taken on hospital trains to the various military hospitals and are in charge of the military authorities until medical treatment is complete.

In Port.

Halifax and St. John, are the ports of disembarkation in winter. Quebec and Montreal will also be used in summer. Immediately upon arrival of troops, the officer commanding wires a list to the Soldiers' Aid Commission in each province who notify the men's relatives. He also wires the Dispersal Station to prepare to handle a certain number of men. A third wire is sent to the general officer commanding each military district, through whom the dispersal station is again notified. This gives the dispersal station a double check.

Various voluntary organizations and the citizens of Halifax, St. John, Quebec and Montreal all give soldiers every assistance. Canteens and club rooms are open. Coffee and cigarettes are provided. Telegrams are sent for the men.

A permanent transportation committee of railroad experts, representing the C.P.R., the G.T.R., and the Canadian National Railways, arrange for special trains to meet every transport.

On the Train.

Troop trains consist of colonist, tourist, commissariat, standard sleeping and dining cars. A Y.M.C.A. representative is on every train.

Should a stop-over or delay become unavoidable, the men are provided for. Barracks and an ample food supply are available at the following divisional points: Halifax, Amherst, St. John, Mount Joli, Levis, Megantic, Quebec, Montreal, Cochrane, North Bay, Port Arthur, Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Revelstoke, Vancouver.

At the Dispersal Station.

The principal city in each area is the dispersal station. When the troop train pulls in, the relatives and friends of the men have been notified and are on hand. Voluntary organizations have motor cars at the station. Municipal reception committees are also on hand.

In each city the military have provided every accommodation for men staying overnight—barracks, rations. Out-of-town men who are given overnight leave and do not wish to remain in barracks can find the best of accommodation at hostels provided by voluntary organizations.

The Discharge.

Men taken sick *en route* are immediately received by the District Depot for medical treatment and receive pay as part of that unit.

All other men are paraded at the dispersal station. The offices here are so arranged that each man can pass quickly from one to the other and get away in the shortest time.

First comes the ordnance office. Here the men turn in their equipment, except steel helmets and clothing, which they are allowed to keep.

Next is the office of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment. Here each man is given advice and information on the many questions relating to his return to civil life—employment, housing, vocational training, medical treatment.

Men who are unfit for their former employment are taken on the strength of the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment for vocational training. They are paid during this period and their dependents receive separation allowance.

Third is the paymaster's office. Here the men receive their back pay, clothing allowance of $35.00 and first month's War Service Gratuity.

Finally the officer commanding issues each man his discharge certificate, and in the same office is a railway ticket agent who gives each man a ticket to his home town. The man is now a civilian.

Here also is an information and complaint office. All complaints are dealt with and information given by an officer specially chosen for that purpose.

The dispersal station will supply quarters and meals for men until train time.

The Government's care for the soldier does not end when he passes through the dispersal station. The important work of other departments will be covered in reports immediately following this.

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

Director of Repatriation

As Charlie Says:—

So many things are uncertain in this world that it is a treat to know you can *always* enjoy an Arabela for ten cents.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

BASEBALL TERMS PUZZLE ALL THE BRITISH FANS

Extraordinary Language Used by Players Mystifies London Patrons of the Game.

London, Jan. 14.—As long as present weather conditions hold in some part of England winter baseball will be the foundation of the athletic program set up by the Y. M. C. A. to keep American troops contended and stifle their impatience as the months go by and they remain as far from home as ever.

Plentiful supplies of equipment have been obtained by "Y," officials and are to be had by the troops for the asking. But the requests are not all for balls and bats and gloves. An American lieutenant following an exciting experience at a game in a series which schedules a contest almost every day, has asked that the games in which he takes prt be held within closed gates.

It happened this way. The lieutenant had brought a team from an air base for a game arranged by the Y. M. C. A. for the benefit of the English Red Cross. His team was one run behind, the tying run was on second base and a heavily hitter strode up to the plate swinging three bats in his best Ty Cobb style.

"Hit her on the nose, Dixie! A hit means the runs that ties it up. Come, boy, bring home the bacon!"

"What extraordinary language! 'Hit her on the nose and bring home the bacon!' Very extraordinary indeed-"

Dixie ingloriously fanned, and as the lieutenant walked disconsolately back to the bench a venturesome young woman asked him why the players abused each other so.

"They're just kidding," replied the American, now imbued with a determination to stand his ground and justify his lapse from military dignity. "It's all joshing, jollying, you know, trying to talk each other out of a play. It all goes."

"Well, I should think they would give each other a sporting chance at least."

And as she resumed her seat another young woman queried.

"The pitcher? Who's he? What's he got too much of and on what?"

The lieutenant explained as best he could, ignoring a suggestion that the pitcher ought to be a sport and give the batter a chance to hit the ball, and was fumbling with a reply to a request for information as to how the batter knew a ball or a strike was coming when some one threw him a rope.

"Now, young ladies, let this officer attend to his game while an old girl who played rounders fifty years ago tells you all about it."

The lieutenant seconded the motion and spent the rest of the afternoon in deep centerfield.

Brock Street Rink

BETTER PATRONIZED THIS SEASON THAN EVER

Program for This Week

GREAT WAR VETERANS BAND

TUESDAY—Skating.

WEDNESDAY—Skating.

THURSDAY City Hockey League.
No Skating.

FRIDAY—Skating.
Junior Hockey Team Plays at Port Hope

SATURDAY SPECIAL—Band Concert and Skating.

Admission Only . . . 25 Cents

East Lawns Win From Shamrocks

Last night at the Water Street Alleys in 5 pin league in the B class the East Lawn Bowlers took two out of three games from the Shamrocks. Sullivan was high man with 538 for the losers. Everett was high with 506 for the East Lawn Bowlers The scores:

Shamrocks				
Kirn	208	102	124	—434
Gorham	130	113	216	—479
Platt	127	98	164	—389
Gordon	156	161	118	—435
Sullivan	186	178	177	—538
	821	619	799	—2275
East Lawn Bowlers				
Moncrie	150	194	137	—481
McLean	185	154	125	—464
Elliott	182	143	146	—471
Everett	169	188	149	—506
Pratt	158	122	144	—424
	844	801	701	—2346

Hellenics Take Two Out Of Three

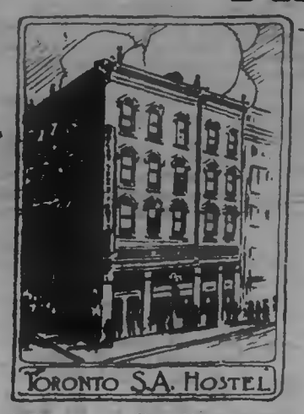
In the league game at the George Street Alleys last night the Hellenics team took two out of three games from the George Street team with 205 pins to the good. [illegible] Yeates of the Hellenics is getting his team in good shape and it was a surprise to the George Street team when he stole a march on them. Peter Laskas was high man for the Hellenics with a score of 596 while A. Stuart was high for George Street with a score of 465. The following are the scores of the teams:

Hellenics				
L. Yeates	150	135	141	—426
G. Amyas	149	140	153	—442
P. Laskas	135	209	152	—596
S. Mitsas	127	190	184	—501
N. Charos	126	152	140	—418
George St				
C. Hayes	141	150	166	—457
D. Sharpe	105	121	115	—341
A. Stuart	157	159	149	—465
A. Sharpe	156	157	145	—458
W. Sharpe	137	145	166	—448

This week two more games will be played, between the Empires and the G.W.V.A. on Wednesday night and one between the Centrals and the Hellenics Friday night.

Soldiers Home The Salvation Army Coming Campaign

The Boys Have Done Their Part



The boys have won a great Victory. Their banners are crowned with glory. But they won't all be home for many weary months yet—perhaps 1920 will see some of them still waiting and longing——

We must see this thing through to a finish—just as they are doing. "Till the boys (all the boys) come home"—that was your pledge, and while there is a Canadian garrison on duty in Germany or elsewhere; a Canadian company in Paris, Boulogne, London, Liverpool, or anywhere else, waiting for transport, Canadian troops landing in Halifax, St. John, or Montreal; or returned soldiers waiting to start civilian life again—THERE THE SALVATION ARMY LASSIE MUST BE.

The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

January 19th to 25th

"FIRST TO SERVE—LAST TO APPEAL"

Think what might happen to your boys with military discipline relaxed and no Salvation Army to furnish the fun and a song, to bake pies, fry the eternal eggs, mend clothes, provide a place to write to you, steer the boys out of graver dangers than German shells, and mother them in the hundred and one ways every man needs and never misses until he is away from his women folks.

Repatriation

Then think how vitally necessary it is that the Salvation Army should keep open the doors of its Hostels—yes, and open MORE Hostels—right here in Canada, for the returned soldier, from the moment he lands until he has settled down to civilian life again. Assure our boys Hostel comfort in Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Kingston, Toronto, London, Chatham, Winnipeg and Vancouver.

The Hostels are soldiers' hotels where the men can find a hearty, wholesome welcome, find good entertainment, home cooking, clean beds, and a bath;—all at prices they can afford to pay.

If they haven't the Hostels, where will they go? THAT is the problem. It is for you to answer by your whole-hearted help!

Remember how the boys went away with your promise ringing in their ears: "We'll keep the home fires burning till the boys come home." And we WILL too,—till the last boy is home and settled down.

"By love serve one another"

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

18 Headquarters: 20 Albert St., Toronto

PETERBORO 11; LINDSAY 5

The Peterboro Intermediates went to Lindsay last night and won the second game of the series by defeating them at that town by a score of 11-5.

ELECTRICS WIN EASILY.

An interesting game of hockey was played last evening between the Queen Mary Electrics and Queen Alexandra School teams. The Queen Mary team proved to be the faster players and won by a score of 8 to 0. The Queen Mary lineup was: Centre, Davis; wings, Wilson and Edgar; rover, Pallin; defence, Menzies; goal, Beauclerc.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League
Now Being Organized
Enter Your Team
5 Alleys on the Ground Floor
JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

TORONTO BOWLERS HERE.

The Toronto bowlers will be here this afternoon and evening to play a game with the Peterborough bowlers. The line-up for Toronto will be Stoddard, Bell, Bloomfield, Courgin, Church and Hammond.

The Peterborough line-up will be Fitzpatrick, Weber, Getts, Ross, Henderson and Solomon.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 326 George St. Phone 1644w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

April 9, '85

The Salvation Army Fired the First Gun in Peterborough

The Army has held the Field Since That Day

Peterborough is Asked to Line up on the

Salvation Army Million Dollar Drive

Canvassing Days—Jan. 20, 21, 22

NOTE THIS—All the eligible male members in the city volunteered for war military service, and when conscription came in force there was not one man eligible for military service to be taken.

There's Real Service for You. Now Back It Up.

Barrie's
Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

This week we shall offer a grouping of

LADIES' DRESSES

The styles and values are incomparable and it is a unique opportunity in every sense. Do not miss these.

We have still a few Suits and Coats left.

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Registered Optometrist
420 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McNulty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING AND CUTTING.

We weld axle housings, crank cases, housings, etc. Broken parts of all metals made as good as new. Consult us before buying new parts. Carbon removed from auto cylinders.

MELADY'S BICYCLE SHOP
280 Hunter street. Phone 2443.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bonner Woven Co.

TO RED CROSS SUBSCRIBERS

For the present the policy of the local Red Cross Society will be to discontinue collecting from subscribers, pending the receipt of more definite information from headquarters as to the disbursement of the funds.

MRS. ROWAND IN HOSPITAL.

Word has been received in the city that Mrs. (Rev.) W. L. H. Rowand, who has been ill with the "flu" in Minneapolis, has had a serious relapse and has been taken to the hospital. Owing to the prevalence of the epidemic it has been a difficult matter to secure proper nursing attendance. Mr. Rowand will not be able to return to the city for some time.

Karl Eisner the Bavarian premier, is independent candidate in thirty-two districts in German elections.

The motorist, the professional man, and the business man will appreciate the luxurious comfort and smart style of

McINTYNE GLOVE

At Your Dealer's

OREGON FARMER GAINS 28 POUNDS

"I SIMPLY FEEL LIKE A NEW MAN," SAYS BEAVERTON, AFTER TAKING TANLAC

"To look at me now you'd hardly think that just a little while ago my life was despaired of and I was told to make my plans accordingly; but Tanlac has fixed me up so I am out in the fields every day forking hay, and that's a strong man's job I can tell you."

This remarkable statement was made the other day by William Welch, a well-known farmer who has lived all his life about a mile northeast of Beaverton, Oregon, on Route 4, Box 31, in telling of his wonderful recovery through the use of Tanlac.

"I had always enjoyed pretty good health up to the first of last March," he continued, "when something seemed to go wrong and I got into such a run down condition that I fell off from a hundred and fifty-five to a hundred and thirty-two pounds, a loss of twenty-three pounds. I was terribly weak and my heart would beat and thump so fast that I could hardly rest at night. I had to be very careful about what I would eat and for three months I lived on the very lightest kind of diet. My skin had a yellowish sallow look like I didn't have any blood in my veins and I wasn't able to do a lick of work on my farm. I got mighty discouraged, for none of the medicines I took did me any good and I really thought my time had come.

"I was in this awful fix when I read about the wonderful way Tanlac was helping others, so I got me a bottle. Well, I began to feel better soon after starting on it and kept on improving right along as I kept on taking it. I have just finished my second bottle, and I have not only gotten back all my weight but am actually five pounds heavier than I was before I was sick at all, that is I have gained twenty-eight pounds since I began taking Tanlac. I don't have a bit of trouble now and simply feel like a new man."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. E. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Deatke; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Cetert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

Young People Of St. Paul's Organize

SOCIETY FORMED AT MEETING LAST NIGHT AND OFFICERS ELECTED.

A meeting was held in the Guild Room of St. Paul's Church last evening for the purpose of organizing a Young People's Society. There was a good attendance and a lively interest was taken in every part of the meeting. The new society is to be known as "The Young People's Guild of St. Paul's Church." After the election of officers Miss Parker of the Y. W. C. A. gave a very helpful and inspiring address on "What we owe to ourselves, what we owe to others, and what we owe to God." The officers elected were:

President—Miss Margaret Hall.
Vice-President—Mr. Herbert Mason.
Corresponding Secretary — Miss Aileen Wade.
Recording Secretary—Miss Jean Elliott.
Treasurer—Bert Mahood.
Look-out Committee—Miss Alcitha Davidson.
Devotional Committee—Frank Ellis.
Missionary Committee—Miss Ida Lynn.
Social and Educational—Gordon Yeoman.
Music Committee—Lilly Simpson.
Press Committee—Mr. H. B. Cowin.

PTE. EBBS' MEDAL.

Mrs. J. W. Ebbs, c. 223 Mark St., this morning received the Military Medal which was awarded to her husband some time ago for distinguished gallantry in action when at the risk of his life he saved that of his officer.

BUSINESS GIRLS' CLUB.

The regular monthly meeting of the Business Girls Club will be held in the Green Room of the Y. W. C. A. on Friday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. As this is the first meeting for this year a full attendance of the members is expected.

ARE BRITISH BRIDES

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—Although full particulars are as yet unavailable, it is established that by far the greater majority of the 50,000 soldiers' dependents still to come to Canada are the wives of Canadian fighters married in Great Britain since the outbreak of the war, many of whom will see the shores of the Dominion for the first time when they come with their soldier-husbands between now and the end of August, when it is hoped by the Government that overseas demobilisation will have been completed.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Routley are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Routley, 250 Poplar Plains Rd, Toronto.

Smith's Falls is less than one-third the size of Peterboro, yet at the third performance of "In Sunny France" in that town hundreds were turned away. Mr. McKim, the editor of the Rideau Record, said: "The best show that ever was presented in Smith's Falls." This musical comedy will be presented by 150 people at the Grand on Jan. 27th and 28th.

Mrs. James Dutton and her sister, Mrs. Cuthbertson, 92 London street, accompanied by Master Gordon Cuthbertson, left for England where Mrs. Cuthbertson will join her husband who has been in charge of the Coolies overseas. Mrs. Cuthbertson will go with Mr. Cuthbertson to Japan, via Canada, where he will again take up his missionary work.

OBITUARY

MRS. THOMAS M. RICHARDSON

Mrs. Eliza Jane Cottingham, wife of Thomas M. Richardson, 313 Fredrick Ave, passed away this morning at 7:30 o'clock after a year's illness, in her 64th year.

Deceased was a Presbyterian in religion and was a prominent member of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Church. She leaves in addition to the sorrowing husband, two sons, William A. manager of the Peterborough Canoe Co. city and Frederick of New Haven and two daughters, Mrs. Miller of Toronto, and Miss Ada at home also a brother and sister, namely, Samuel Cottingham of Donegal st., and Mrs. Joseph Crowe of Brock st., city.

The funeral will be held from the family residence, 313 Frederick Ave., to Little Lake Cemetery on Thursday afternoon, the Rev. Robt. Pogue officiating. Service will be held at the house at 2 o'clock and the funeral will leave half an hour later.

Y.W.C.A. WHATS DOING THIS WEEK

This week's program at the Young Women's Christian Association is as follows:

Monday
4:30 to 5:30—Senior School Girls' Class.
8 to 9:30—Business Girls' Beginners' Class.

Tuesday
4:30 to 5:30—Junior School Girls' Class.
6 to 9:30—Club Girls' Classes.

Wednesday
4:30 to 5:30—Junior School Girls' Class.
8 to 9:30—Advanced Class.

Thursday
10:30 to 11:30 — Special Ladies' Class.
8 to 9:30—Business Girls' Intermediate Class.

Friday
4:30 to 5:30—School Girls' Basket Ball.
8 to 9:30—Ladies' Class.

Saturday
9:30 to 10:30—Juniors.
2 to 3—Junior Club Classes.
8 to 9:30—Basket Ball.

A snow shoe tramp will be held Saturday evening, leaving the Building at 7:45. The gymnasium will be open for basketball for those who do not snow shoe.

A special ladies' class is being organized Thursday morning. All intending members of this class please register as soon as possible.

All gymnasium classes are open for visitors during the remainder of the month of January.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

Arrange for Progressive Euchre Drive January 21st

A very successful business meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Great War Veterans was held last evening. Three new members were added. After the regular routine was completed a large progressive euchre drive was arranged for, to take place in the same rooms next Tuesday evening, January 21st, play to commence at 8 o'clock sharp. Refreshments will be provided.

WILL RESUME CLASSES

Mrs. W. A. Greenslade will resume her classes in piano, vocal and theory on and after January 4th. Pupils will please report at once. Phone 857. Studio, 196 Dalhousie street.

RECEPTION FOR THE EX-PRESIDENT

MR. TAFT WILL RECEIVE A WARM WELCOME TO PETERBOROUGH.

On January 23rd Peterborough will have a distinguished visitor in the person of ex-President Taft, who will be here as one of the speakers in Lyceum Course, arranged by the local Council of Women.

In connection with the preparations to accord him a welcome, Mr. R. R. Hall and Col. Arthur Stevenson, constituted a deputation to the Council at its meeting last night.

They stated that upon his arrival in the city Mr. Taft will be met by American friends who will show him about the city during the afternoon, and in the evening at five o'clock, he will be given an address by the Bar Association, after which there will be an informal dinner at the Empress Hotel, at which it was hoped that Mayor and Council would be present.

It was decided that each person who attended this dinner would pay his own way, but Mr. Hall and Col. Stevenson intimated that if the Council wished, the dinner to assume the form of a public function, tendered by the city and would like to assume full control of the arrangements they were at liberty to do so.

It was decided that the Council would attend the dinner and the details of the arrangements were left with the Reception Committee. Mayor Duncan felt that the Council and committee already had enough responsibility to engage their attentions and seemed to favor the idea of attendnig the dinner as guests and not making the city assume the role of host.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailments. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

WHERE HARMONY REIGNS SUPREME

REV. R. J. WEBB COMPLIMENTED BY MURRAY STREET BAPTIST CONGREGATION.

On Sunday morning a matter of more than ordinary interest occurred at Murray Street Baptist Church. Just before the sermon by the pastor Rev. J. R. Webb Dr. W. D. Scott stepped up to the platform saying that he had been requested to represent the members of the church in expressing congratulations to the pastor, and thanksgiving that he had today begun his twelfth year as pastor of the congregation. The doctor after speaking of the progress made during the period said that the people are hoping that Mr. Webb will be spared for years not only to the Christian ministry but to minister to Murray Street Church.

The pastor was taken completely by surprise not having any idea of the plan of his people, but in well chosen words he expressed his gratitude and the pleasure he had always experienced in working with the membership of the church.

NOTICE

That whereas many citizens of Peterborough have been imposed upon by men who are returned soldiers, and where the said citizens have given money and made loans to the said returned men, and whereas many complaints have made respecting these men

Therefore be it resolved that the citizens of Peterborough be warned through the local papers not to give any moneies, or make loans to any of the said returned soldiers, until the said returned men have had their credentials investigated by the Executive Branch of the Great War Veterans' Association.

S. WHATLEY, Secretary.

GREAT WAR FILM AT THE ROYAL

The Royal was crowded to the doors last night when the greatest of all war pictures produced by Fox was presented at a delighted audience. Tonight will be the last chance to see this stupendous production. Don't fail to be there.

TEMPLE BAND NOTES

The Temple band will practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested.

January Clearance Sale

The following lines are from our regular stock and are reduced in prices to make some extraordinary values we always give our customers during the January Sale.

DON'T MISS THESE WEDNESDAY BARGAINS:

75c Unbleached Plain Sheeting Yard 63c

This big January Sale Bargain Sheeting will appeal to all thrifty folk, particularly those who prefer doing their own bleaching. You will find this an excellent sheeting, bleaching easily and giving splendid wear; 72 inches wide. January Clearance Sale, yard.. **63c**

30c White Saxony Flannelette Yard 23c

This is an exceptionally nice cloth, possessing a soft, high nap and beautiful finish, the flannelette so much in demand for underwear and children's winter garments. We are certain that the quality will please you, as well as the value. Twenty-eight inches wide. Regular 30c. January Clearance Sale, yard **23c**

JANUARY SALE OF GRANITE WARE
Special Price Reductions---Worth While Savings

Here's the price list, showing the regular and January Clearance Sale prices. All graniteware will be on sale in the Staple Department—Main Floor Rear.

20c Strainers	16c	15c Soup Spoons	11c
25c Wash Basins	20c	15c Gravy Spoons	11c
15c Wash Basins	11c	10c Gravy Spoons	8c
15c Skimmers	11c	15c Granite Cups	11c
		29c Tin Pails	19c
		$1.25 Granite Pails	98c
		$1.00 Granite Pails	87c
		75c Preserving Kettles	69c
		75c Preserving Kettles	21c
		75c Tea Pots	69c
		70c Potato Pots	63c
		45c Saucepans	37c
		75c Coffee Pots	69c
		15c Cake Dishes	11c
		10c Cake Plates	8c
		15c Pie Plates	11c
		10c Pie Plates	8c
		25c Pudding Dishes	20c

Don't be without a good piece of Graniteware when you can buy at such reduced prices.

A Chance You'll be Glad Of
$1.00 Wool Delaines, yard 68c

For waists, kimonas and house dresses, these splendid qualities in Wool Delaines are just the right materials. English and French makes, all pure wool qualities, in floral, stripe and spot patterns; will wash nicely. Odd lines. Regular 75c to $1.00 yard. Without doubt a great value at the January Sale price **68c**
Yard .....

Silk Poplins, Yard $1.69

Very seldom indeed do you get an opportunity to buy Silk Dress Poplins of this quality, except at a much higher price. It makes lovely dresses and skirts, and the fact that it was bought months ago accounts for our being able to offer it at such a low figure. A big range of colors to choose from. To-day's price $2.25 yard. January Clearance, yard.. **$1.69**

A Worth While Saving
on These Long Padded Silk Robes Regular $8.00
To-Morrow $6.49

Here is a chance to save money such as seldom comes your way—an opportunity to buy cumffy, well-cut, padded Silk Lounging Robes, with neat collar, cuffs and pockets, fastening around waist with silk cord. Colors: rose, navy, cardinal, Copenhagen and grey. Regular $8.00. A worth while bargain at the reduced price. January Clearance Sale **$6.49**
Each .....

Here's a Big Value
Women's Out Size Black Winter Coats
Regular $30, To-Morrow $22.50

Womens' out size Black Coats, made from fine all-wool kersey cloth; a winter weight material that gives excellent service. Several smart stylish modes from which to choose; velvet, plush and braid trimmed collars; body and sleeves well lined. Regular $30.00. Save money—buy to-morrow— January Clearance Sale **$22.50**

$7-50 Irish Made Table Cloths for $4.98

Here is a great January Sale special value. Handsome Damask Table Cloths, made from specially prepared cotton yarns, nicely spun and woven; size 2 yards by 2½ yards. Good selection of new designs. Don't overlook this Table Cloth bargain if you are a judge of good values. Regular $7.50. January Clearance Sale, yard **$4.98**

50c Linen Crash Toweling, 29c

Strong Irish made linen Crash Towelling; an extra sale value for this price. The scarcity of this class of towelling is becoming more and more apparent. This offering being a good value is most timely. Take advantage of it. Eighteen inches wide. Regular 50c .. January Clearance Sale, yard **29c**

$15 Table Linens $11.93

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

$1.25 Curtain Nets 98c

PROGRESSIVE CLUB MEETING.

All members are urgently requested to attend the meeting of the Progressive Club tomorrow at 3:30 p.m. in the Barrie Building, as business of importance is to be discussed.

For Sale by Tender

Tenders will be received on MONDAY, JANUARY 27th, for the old Murray Street Baptist Church property. This consists of a half-acre of land with frontage of about 116 feet on Murray Street and 192 feet deep. On the land is situated building formerly occupied as a church containing three furnaces and sanitary equipment. There is also on the land a small dwelling house. Those desiring to tender may obtain keys for inspection from Dr W. D. Scott, Hunter Street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. F. MATTHEWS
For Trustees

The Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Lot Holders of the Little Lake Cemetery Company will be held at the City Council Chamber, City Hall, Peterborough, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd DAY OF JANUARY, at 3 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President — E. A. PECK, Secretary

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW
Elliott, Comstock Gest
present the Mighty Dramatic Spectacle
'THE WANDERER'
Positively the Greatest Attraction Ever Brought to Peterboro
Not a Picture, But The Play
Prices, Evenings—75c, $1.00 $1.50, few at $2.00
Gallery 50c. Wednesday Matinee. 50c, 75, $1.00

Thursday, Friday & Saturday
January 16-17-18
Daily Matinee 2:30. Evenings 7:30
HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES & POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Big "Metro" Feature HALE HAMILTON in
"$5,000 AN HOUR
2 Reel Comedy—British Gazette—Judge Brown Story
PERO AND WILSON—Vaudeville
Juggling and Barrel Spinning
Matinee 10c — Evening 15c

December circulation of books from the public library at Toronto showed a drop, due to the "flu" epidemic, declared Dr. Locke.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Much lower temperature today and on Thursday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

49th YEAR No. 12 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1919 Price Two Cents Per Copy

POPE ADDRESSES LETTER TO CHURCH

URGES CATHOLICS TO CARRY OUT DECISION OF PEACE CONFERENCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Quebec, Jan. 15.—Pope Benedict is to use all influences with the Catholics the world over to have them accept and loyally carry out all the decisions that may be arrived at by the peace conference. In a letter addressed to the Hierarchy of the world, a copy of which has been received by Cardinal Begin, His Holiness deals with the coming peace and enjoins all Catholics to pray that the delegates to the conference may be enlightened from on high.

CIVIL SERVANTS TO GET INCREASE

MARRIED MEN GET BONUS OF $200, SINGLE MEN $100.

Ontario civil servants are to get a war bonus. This morning a deputation headed by Albert Grigg, Deputy Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, and president of the Civil Service Assocaton; Deputy Minister of Mines Gibson, Dr. Merchant and S. Squires, of the Ontario Fisheries, interviewed the Premier and got the promise of a war bonus.

Some time ago it was stated that civil servants had decided to ask the Government for a war bonus, and yesterday they went to the Premier, and he promised them what they desided.

"It will be $200 for married men and $100 for single," said the Premier, "but this will not be for those in outside institutions who have free who have perquisites; that is those houses, etc., will not get the war bonus.

"It is understood that this is strictly a war bonus for this year. The civil service commissioner has not yet made his recommendations as to increases in salaries, but there will be some adjustments made as soon as his report is in."

Hindenburg To Take Command Of Troops

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 15. —Field Marshal Von Hindenburg will soon take command of the German troops opposing the Polish forces in eastern Germany, according to advices received.

REIGN OF TERROR HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO END

Bolshevism Appears to Have Been Crushed Out in Berlin—Only Occasional Outbreaks by Small Bands of Night Prowlers.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 15. —Berlin's long week of Bolshevism is finally ended. Here and there scattered desperadoes, mostly youths, still fire occassionally from some house top and during the nights attempt are made by small bands of followers of Dr. Karl Leibknecht to revive the reign of terror. They are insignificant, however, compared with what has passed. Dr. Leibknecht's sister was arrested yesterday and several hundred rebels are locked up awaiting trial, which, in-as-much as martial law was not proclaimed, must be left to the regular courts. Losses inflicted on each side during the past week are as yet estimated only roughly, but it is believed that they will greatly exceed 200 dead and a thousand wounded. The overwhelming majority of these are Bolshevists.

Colonel House Not Dead As Reported

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 15.—Colonel E. M. House, who was reported in America yesterday to be dead, is recovering from a slight attack of indigestion and will be out in a few days.

Keep Position In The Same Family

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Luxemberg, Jan. 15.—Princess Charlotte, sister of the Grand Duchess Marie, was chosen as the latter's successor by the Chamber of Deputies, which met immediately after the abdication of the Grand Duchess was announced. She will assume office today.

Greece Presents Its War Claim

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 15.—Through Premier Venizelos, the Greek Goernment has presented to the Peace Congress its claims representing the Hellenic nation of eight million people. Greece claims North Epirus and all of Thrace with the exception of Constantinople itself, which it is willing to forego for the sake of permitting it to be taken over by an international league of nations. Turkey and Bulgaria must be strongly curbed by the Peace Congress, to give permanent peace in the Balkans.

City Of Petrograd Is Without Bread

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Petrograd, Jan. 15.—The population of this city is living on unground oats. There has been no bread for many days. There are serious revolts against the Bolshevik Government.

Government Gets Down To Business

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 15.—With Spartacan elements suppressed the German government is meeting regularly to arrange for national assembly and peace the conference at which, it is still hoped, German delegates will be heard.

SOLDIER KILLED ON WAY OVERSEAS

RIFLEMAN KAY OF INGERSOLL FELL INTO HOLD OF TRANSPORT

(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent)

Vladivostick, Jan. 15.—C. F. Just of the Canadian economic commission to Siberia, is here awaiting the arrival of his fellow commissioners. Competent authorities here say the vast trade possibilities for Canada in Siberia are at present unavailable owing to the lack of transportation to the interior. The railway situation is the dominating factor.

Rifleman Joseph Kay, son of Mrs. Desmond, of Ingersoll, Ont., fell into the hold of the ship Teesta on the voyage here from Vancouver and was killed.

BAN ON IMMIGRATION?

Congressman Would Prohibit it for Four Years

Washington, Jan. 15.—Hearings were begun by the House Immigration Committee on the bill introduced by Rep. Burnett, of Alabama, which would prohibit all immigration for the period of four years after the signing of the peace treaty.

SOCIALISTS DEFEATED

Civil Parties Win Out in Wurttemburg Elections

Berne, Jan. 15.—In the Wurttemburg elections the Socialists have been defeated by the civil parties, the latter electing 94 members of the National Assembly, while the Socialists elected 56. Of the latter four are independent Socialists.

TO ENFORCE DECREES OF NEW PEACE LEAGUE

That Is the only Dispute Now in Connection With Question—Will Allied Force Be Necessary or Will Persuasion Suffice?

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 15.—With the resumption today of the meeting's preliminary to the Peace Conference, it is apparent that the movement to create a league of nations is being carried on by two forces, having the same object, but differing as to the means for making effective the decisions of the proposed world society.

One of these represents the contention that the decisions of the League must be backed by its combined physical forces, while the other represents the view that its findings can be enforced without the aid of a common world police force Diplomatists, watching the movement of the two ideas as they come into bearing before the Conference, seem impressed with the view that both are moving toward a common ground which, for example, might provide that nations could reserve for each individual case their decision whether they would utilize armed force or avail themselves of other means.

PROHIBITION IS IN SIGHT IN U. S.

THIRTY-TWO STATES HAVE ALREADY RATIFIED THE FEDERAL AMENDMENT

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Jan. 15.—In all thirty-two State Legislatures have ratified the Federal amendment providing for prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor. Iowa and Colorado were today added to the states approving it. While sixteen states are yet to made decisions on the question, only four are lacking to make up the three-fourths majority required to ratify an amendment.

Peace Delegates In Session To-day

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 15.—The inter-allied peace conference is again in session today. Vital questions were discussed and settled. The conference is acting with remarkable unanimity.

Those Present.

When the Supreme Council of the Peace Congress resumed its sessions at 10.30 o'clock today those in attendance were Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pinchon for France; President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing for the United States; Premier Lloyd George and Secretary Balfour for Great Great Britain; Foreign Minister Sonnino for Italy, and Viscount Chita and Baron Matsui for Japan.

Students Oppose Military Drill

The students of the University of Toronto are very much dissatisfied at being forced to take military drill now that the war is over. At a largely-attended meeting yesterday the students of University College strongly condemned the practise, and asked the Students' Administrative Council to take action in the matter. A special meeting of the Students' Council has been called for Friday to consider the question. Compulsory drill was commenced, one of the members told The Globe, in 1916, and since then the students have had to drill twice a week. Returned and discharged men, and students not physicaly fit, are exempt from drill leaving, he declared, a minority that have to drill.

PRESIDENT FRENCH CHAMBER

Paris, Jan. 15.—Paul Deschanel was today re-elected President of the Chamber of Deputies when Parliament convened for the new session.

KILLED IN WRECK

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 15.—Five passengers are dead and half a dozen other passengers are more or less seriously injured as the result of an Ohio Electric Inter-urban car bolting in the tack at London, Ohio, last night.

Gen. Deakine has inflicted a severe defeat on Bolshevik forces.

REV. T. H. MITCHELL RESIGNS HIS PASTORATE IN TORONTO

Former Minister in Charge of St. Andrew's Church Here Is Forced to Retires on Account of Ill Health.

Rev. T. H. Mitchell, pastor of Old St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Toronto, formerly of this city, has resigned his charge. Formal resignation was received by the Secretary of the Presbytery, who informed the congregation on Sunday through Rev. Dr. Robert Law, the associate pastor.

Mr. Mitchell states that he is resigning partly on account of ill-health, and that he intends to take up a special line of study which he had long contemplated before accepting the pastorate of St. Andrew's Church.

The resignation will be considered at the annual meeting of the congregation, which will be held this evening.

Rev. J. H. Mitchell came to this city from a church in London to take charge of St. Andrew's Church, during the absence overseas of Rev. James Rollins, the regular pastor who went to Europe as quartermaster of the 93rd battalion. Mr. Mitchell soon was regarded as one of the ablest preachers in the city and he was popular with the masses with out regard to denomination. His health, however, was always a handicap. While well enough physically he was the victim of nervous trouble which was caused by overwork. Several times while here it was feared he would be obliged to give up his duties just as he had been compelled to resign in London after a successful pastorate of nine years.

When the unexpected call came to him from old St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, he hesitated about accepting it and only decided to do so when it became known that he was to have an associate in the work and would be required to preach only one sermon every Sunday. He went to Toronto with the understanding that if he found himself unequal to his new duties he would retire.

Mr. Mitchell owns a farm near Toronto and it has always been his ambition to retire sometime to this retreat and spend his last days close to nature, while at the same time carrying on the literary work that he has been engaged in for years and preaching at intervals,as the occasion arose. He probbaly has the same haven of rest in mind now.

While he was in Peterborough Mr. Mitchell was active in every branch of the work of the church and took an especial interest in the various men's societies. His removal from Peterborough occasioned universal regret among his own congregation and those of all other denominations in the city. He liked Peterborough, the people here, the congregation and the work and under other conditions there is not a doubt that he would have staid indefinitely at St. Andrew's.

EX-MAYOR BULLER ELECTED CHAIRMAN OF HEALTH BOARD

Filled Same Position Last Year--Miss Reid, the Matron of Isolation Hospital Resigns.

EX-MAYOR BULLER
Re-elected president of the Board of Health.

Last night the first meeting of the Board of Health for this year was held, the following members in attendance. Wm. Buller, James Murty, H. Morgan and Dr. C. H. Amys, M.O.H.

Mr. Buller was re-appointed chairman upon motion of Dr. Amys and Mr. Murty.

Miss H. Reid wrote the Board resigning her position as acting matron of the Isolation hospital, to take effect on February 14th. It was accepted and Chairman Buller and Dr. Amys were appointed a committee to choose a successor.

Miss Kincaid, a member of the nursing staff of the Isolation Hospital was given an increase in salary of $100 and the caretaker R. Hunt, was allowed $50 increase per year.

Reports were received upon the goods transferred from the Emergency hospital to the Isolation hospital and covering the month of December 1918.

The annual report of the Isolation hospital for the year 1918, as submitted by the acting matron Miss Reid, shows that the number of patients admitted during the year was 35; 28 of whom suffered from scarlet fever, 5 from diphtheria, 1 from measles, and 1 from mumps. There were six patients in the hospital at the begining of the year, making a total for 1918 of 41. Of these 39 were from the city and two from outlying points.

There were 36 patients discharged during the year and only one death as a result of pnaumonia following influenza.

Up to the present in January of this year there are four patients in the institution, all of them suffering from scarlet fever.

Accounts rendered $1033.10
Received on account 555.55
Total expenditure $4764.47

Miss Reid stated that new floors had been laid in the nurses' apartments and recommended that the building be painted and the cement work around the windows which was cracked to a degree which allowed the wind and rain to beat in should be repaired. Some windows needed glazing which might be responsible for the seeming impossibility of keeping the nurses' quarters warm. It might also be attributed to the coal and of course last winter was extremely cold.

Messrs Morgan and Murty introduced a motion which was carried recommending the City Council that the percentage of butter fat in the milk sold in the city be increased from 3 to 3.25 per cent and that there be a standardization set for domestic cream.

Upon motion of Messrs Murty and Morgan a resolution was carried recommending to the City Council that obstructions inside the entrance to the market hall—caused by vendors be prohibited and that fish vendors be forbidden to carry on business in the market hall either upstairs or down in order that the place may be kept in a more sanitary state.

A recommendation will also be forwarded to the City Council suggesting that a roadway be opened up from a point north of the Protestant Home, through to the west of the Isolation Hospital and that the M.O. H. appear before the city council in connection with this matter at its next meeting.

City Engineer Parsons will be requested to furnish information regarding the possibility of providing sewed connections to houses facing on Park and Gilmour streets, north of Murray, to the creek.

A motion was passed recommending that in the interests of sanitation in the City the Council should invite the M. O. H. to meet with them and discuss the building by-laws.

GEN. WILLIAMS TO VISIT CITY

NEW OFFICER COMMANDING THIS DISTRICT MAY ADDRESS PUBLIC MEETING.

General Williams, the new general officer commanding military district No. 3, will visit Peterborough some time this month to meet the officers of the garrison, returned officers, veterans and citizens, generally.

Arrangements have not yet been completed but possibly a great mass meeting will be held in the Armouries at which the General, who was a prisoner of war in Germany for some time will speak. General Williams is a distinguished officer and well worth hearing. Arrangements in connection with his visit will be announced later.

INDUCTION AT TRENTON

Trenton, Jan. 15.—Rev. R. A. Cranston, M.A., formerly of Palmerston, has been formally inducted into the pastorate of St. Andrew's Church here.

The 1937 Victory bond reached a new high price of 103 at Montreal.

Minister of Labor Here Tomorrow

Hon. G. D. Hobertson, Minister of Labor will arrive at Peterborough at 3.30 tomorrow. At 6.30 p.m. he will address the Canadian Club at a luncheon in the Empress Hotel and later in the evening will speak at a meeting of the labor men of the city in their hall on George street.

Hon. G. D. Robertson was appointed to the Senate last year and was made Minister without portfolio in the Union Government. Upon the retirement of Hon. T. W. Crothers as Minister of Labor he succeeded to his position. He was the logical and unanimous choice of Labor as he is a member of the Telegraphers' Union and a genuine brother of the workers fraternity of Canada. He is a resident of St. Catharines.

Tickets for the Canadian Club banquet can be obtained from the secretary, Mr. V. J. McElderry or at the Empress before the banquet tomorrow evening.

Senator Robertson's address promises to be of unusual interest to employers and workingmen alike. The labor situation is one of the most acute before the public today. The Senator understands the situation from all angles and it is believed that he will give an outline of the probable course to be pursued and the labor legislation to be brought down at the next session of Parliament.

At the public meeting in the Labor Hall, after the luncheon at the hotel Senator Robertson will hear the views of the workingmen and listen to all suggestions as to their desires in the way of amendments to the present laws directly affecting them. The case of political prisoners will also be brought up.

When Senator Robertson reaches the city he will go direct to the Empress where he will be pleased to receive callers during the afternoon.

Salvation Army Drive, January 20

On the twentieth of this month the great Million Dollar Drive to raise funds to carry on the work connected with demobilization, activities of the Salvation Army will be launched in Peterborough where the objective is set at $30,000. The teams are organized and everything is ready for what will in all probability be the last appeal to the public in connection with war work. The drive will last three days, Jan. 20, 21, and 22nd.

The money to be raised is required for the following purposes:

Hostels for returned soldiers.
Emergency receiving and maternity homes for women and children.
Home visitation and home helpers work.
Industrial homes for jobless men to work out their own salvation.
District nursing of the poor.
Shelters and food depots.
Tracing last and missing friends.
Rescue home sfor fallen women and their children.
Prison visitation and welfare work and Homes for Ex-Prisoners.
Day nurseries for children of working women.
Night patrols to protect young girls.
To serve humanity in every hour of need.

The Salvation Army was the first to serve and is the last to appeal.

MEETING THURSDAY EVENING

Thursday evening a meeting will be held in the interests of the Red Shield Drive of the Salvation Army to raise, locally a share of the million dollar fund for welcome and reconstruction work. The Mayor will preside at the meeting. Speakers will address the gathering and explain the objects and bespeak all assistance.

Thursday evening, 16th, is the date. Commences at eight o'clock.

The Army has not made any general appeal to the country as to the Canadian public for assistance in its work for the war. It has depended on voluntary offerings and small collections, and has lent its full strength to assist the appeals of other organizations. Today, seeing the need to be as great as ever, although different, the Salvation Army appeal to the generosity of the people of Canada, to put them in funds to provide for such of the men returning and their families as are in need.

Come to the meeting and hear the appeal.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1919

THE PLAYGROUNDS ASSOCIATION.

THE WORK of the Playgrounds Association has been carried on for several seasons in this city, thanks to the energy of a number of public-spirited ladies, assisted by a comparatively small number of men who were of the same way of thinking. The Board of Education, when appealed to, have at times extended slight assistance, not altogether with good grace either. However, a change seems to have come over the civic spirit.

Mr. J. W. Worth, a member of the Board of Education for the past year, has always been an advocate of the Playgrounds Association and a working member. He has the written opinion of the Minister of Education that the School Board can just as legally maintain properly supervised playgrounds for the benefit of the children during the summer vacation as for the ten months of the school year. During that period the grounds are open to the children, and their games, if not supervised by a paid official, are always conducted under the eyes of the teachers.

The opinion of Hon. Dr. Cody may or may not be good law, but it will appeal to the most of us as good common sense, and nothing more should be required.

Ald. Turner, whose active interest in the welfare of the rising generation is well known, brought this matter up at the first meeting of the new Council. He believes that the Board of Education should assume the responsibility, financial and otherwise, for this work, and Mayor Duncan took the same view, adding that the increase in the Board's estimates for 1919 should be ample to provide for this additional burden.

There is practically a new Board of Education now in control of the educational system of the city. Trustee Cameron, as well as Trustee Worth, has been a Playgrounds Association advocate and worker. There are others. Trustee McKone, the new member, is a well-known advocate of physical as well as mental culture, and great things are expected of him in his public capacity. There seems no reason why the ladies of the city who have maintained this admirable work for years should be reduced to the necessity of almost begging for funds for the carrying on of their altruistic service.

PETERBOROUGH'S DISTINGUISHED GUEST.

PETERBOROUGH will next week have the honor of entertaining one of the most distinguished American citizens in the person of ex-President William Howard Taft, who comes to the city to lecture in the Chautauqua course and for whose visit the enterprise of the Local Council of Women is entitled to all the credit. Peterborough proposes to extend to Mr. Taft a hearty welcome. There are American citizens in this city who will be the first to greet their fellow-countryman. Then the local Bar Association will give him an official welcome, and will not only present him with an address but will entertain him at an informal dinner.

No honor which the legal fraternity can confer upon ex-President Taft will be misplaced, because no brighter ornament to the legal profession has ever existed. It was first as a lawyer that he made his mark in his own country, and his promotion was steady from the start. He began the practice of his profession in Cincinnati after graduating from Yale and the Law School, and was successively prosecuting attorney for his district, Judge of the Superior Court of the State of Ohio, and afterwards Judge of the United States Circuit Court. Both positions first mentioned were reached by popular election instead of by the easier process of appointment by a political party.

In all of these positions Mr. Taft was distinguished for his integrity and ability, and it was not long before he was enjoying a nation-wide reputation. Early in the present century there was a demand for his public services in a still wider field, and in 1901 he was appointed governor of the Philippines, a position that required the tact and judgment for which he was noted. After this he filled public offices in which diplomacy of a high standard was essential. In 1904 he was appointed Secretary of War in the Roosevelt Cabinet. Two years later he was sent to Cuba to deal with the insurrection there, and just as he had previously done in the Philippines, he succeeded in restoring order. One year later, when the work of building the Panama Canal was in danger of collapse owing to climatic and other difficulties, he was sent to Panama on a tour of inspection, and devised the sanitary and other plans that made the completion of the waterway possible. After his election to the presidency he again visited the scene of his former triumph.

No man at that time had a higher regard for Mr. Taft than had the late ex-President Roosevelt, who during his administration leaned upon him and was guided by his sane counsel in every difficult public question that arose. Mr. Taft was Col. Roosevelt's choice as his successor in office, and the presidential mantle passed from one to the other almost as a legacy.

It is well known that a political career never really appealed to Mr. Taft. All his tastes were judicial, and the ambition of his early life was to reach the bench of the United States Supreme Court, a position which he could have had for the asking from either President McKinley or Roosevelt. But he was persuaded, against his will no doubt, to devote his talents to other lines of duty.

Mr. Taft became president, lacking real political training. He was unable to understand the chicanery and the schemings by which he was surrounded, and congressmen and senators of easy political virtue were often able, in the parlance of the day, to "put it all over him." But during his term of office he developed a wonderful independence which turned against him the clique who had hoped that he would be as putty in their hands. His presidential career shows not one single stain on his honor. He had high ideals, being a statesman if he was not a politician, but his plans for the betterment of humanity were frustrated by the enemies that he made by his independence.

With a united party in 1912 Mr. Taft would have been re-elected president. The world is only seven years older since his defeat, but that time has been sufficient to demonstrate that in the main points of his policy he was right. If he made enemies in Canada by his Reciprocity pact, it must be admitted that if the measure was emphatically rejected here, it has since to all intents and purposes been given effect in the United States.

Ex-President Taft was always opposed to war, but since the outbreak of hostilities four years ago he has been a devoted friend to the Allied cause and has from the first urged participation in the struggle by his own country. Anyone who knows the ex-president believes that he was actuated by principle rather than by political expediency, something to which he is really a stranger. He could distinguish between a war of aggression and one waged for the defence of honor, liberty and civilization.

During his term of office Mr. Taft devised an alliance that was really in embryo the present proposed league of nations. He perfected a treaty with leading European powers by which all international disputes were to be settled by a court of arbitration, but the United States Senate refused to ratify the agreement. The late Col. Roosevelt, at that time an editorial writer, attacked the treaty with characteristic energy, taking the ground that it was a surrender of the inalienable right of Congress to declare war or make peace.

A posthumous article by the late Col. Roosevelt, just published, favors a league of nations. If the late Colonel is right, if the leading statesmen of Europe are right in 1919, then it follows that Mr. Taft had, ten the right idea ten years ago, even if he was in advance of the times. The men who favor a league of nations now are learning by experience to lock the stable door after the horse has been stolen. Mr. Taft would have guarded against the theft by timely precaution. Had his plan been perfected out of it, there is something more than a possibility that a powerful alliance between the United States and European powers would have grown strong enough to have prevented the late war.

Some Canadian newspapers bewail the fact that the United States, especially that considerable section of the people comprised in the Republican party, lack a leader now that Col. Roosevelt has passed. There is no warrant for anything like commiseration while Mr. Taft is spared. He is in all respects the equal of his former colleague in everything save in aggression and personal magnetism. He is safe and sane and may yet be recalled to the highest place in his nation's gift. That which the nation's builders rejected in 1912 may yet become the cornerstone of the structure.

A QUESTION OF REPRISAL.

EVER SINCE the recent barbarous hanging of a condemned criminal in the Toronto jail nearly two weeks ago, there have been a number of letters dealing with the matter published in the Toronto papers. Some correspondents take the ground that execution should be by electricity instead of hanging. Others would abolish capital punishment altogether, while still others defend it. The chief contention of the latter is that the man who takes human life cannot expect other than to forfeit his own. This is the old principle of reprisal in a new setting.

When the Germans violated every rule of civilized warfare, when they used poisonous gas in their operations against their opponents, when they shelled unfortified cities, and dropped bombs from airplanes upon other defenceless towns, the British hesitated a long time before making reprisals. The inhuman tactics of the Huns had it was for a long time contended, no justification for the adoption of the same methods by any nation that had regard for the laws of God or man. Still, as a matter of self-defence, retaliation was finally resorted to and carried on to an extent that made the efforts of the Huns appear inconsequential by comparison.

Reprisal, however, was a last resort, a policy adopted when all appeals to humanity, all protests against such outrageous disregard for solemn international treaties, had failed. If, however, the Allies had been able to capture the men responsible for the barbarities, and so to prevent their ocurrence, the necessity for reprisal would have been obviated.

The man who in civil life commits murder, even in a single instance, has little consideration shown him as compared to that extended to the one in high place who murders by wholesale and by cruel methods that the offenders of lesser degree would even in the heat of passion hesitate to adopt. But the murderer can be sequestered and so prevented for all time from repeating his crime. In his case reprisal is not necessary.

The nation that hesitates, in its dealings with another power, to take life in kind, should be slow to wreak its vengeance upon some individual for whose execution there is not the same reason as there is for reprisals against an adversary who can be reached in no other way.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

PROBABLY the Spartacans believe that one good revolution entitles the country to another.

* * * * *

THE ALLIES should put the "verboten" sign on those disturbances in Berlin and other German cities.

* * * * *

IT IS NOW reported that he ex-kaiser is threatened with lunacy. At the most it can only be a relapse.

* * * * *

GERMANY still hopes to retain her colonies, and there are probably Toronto optimists who dream that some day they will be able to beat Tommy Church for mayor.

* * * * *

"AN OFFICE BOY IN LOVE," says a headline. Looking the time to read further, it is a safe venture that the object of the young fellow's affections is not his chosen vocation.

* * * * *

THE GIRLS who did so much for the soldiers while the latter were overseas certainly deserve some reward. What is the matter with a nicely framed marriage certificate?

DRUG HABIT IN LONDON SOCIETY

(By Dowager.)

The drug habit that has recently been responsible for a sure-going London society, has provided a subject for discussion and grave consideration that cannot have its importance over-estimated. I saw it stated the other day in a well-known and widely read London paper hat the drug taking habit had had a very decided impetus given to it since the war. Whether this is true or not I cannot say, but without a doubt the most awful dramas are constantly being hushed up, and one feels that sooner or later there is going to be a denouement thta will bring forth revelations involving people whose names are well known and whose addiction to drugs are matters of half-public knowledge throughout a certain set.

The death of the very pretty, twenty-two year old actress called "Billie" Carleton, which has been engaging the attention of the authorities ever since her tragic end after the Victory Ball at the Albert Hall a few weeks ago, has given considerable impetus to official investigations. I am interested in noticing the name of a certain man who has been the most severely questioned witness in this case, for it has brought back to my memory another drug-taking case with which he was connected.

My memory goes back to the time when poor Anna Robinson (who married the Earl of Rosslyn, from whom she obtained a divorce about eight years ago), was a friend of this same man who is now being questioned in connection with drugs and the sale of drugs in London.

It was well known about five years ago that Lady Rosslyn was addicted to drugs, that her special "dope" was veronal, which at that time could be obtained at druggists' shops for an indefinite period if a doctor's prescription could be produced. This poor pretty woman, who died so tragically in New York about 18 months ago, would absorb veronal in large quantities and then she evidently required some stronger stimulant, and with the man who is now being so closely examined as a witness in the present drug case, used to take heroin and other poisonous compounds. When Lady Rosslyn went back to New York about three years ago the man who was her partner in this drug-taking duet remained in London, where he is now one of the best known designers of dresses for stage and society. I saw him in the street with his lawyer a couple of days after the first hearing of the case relative to the death of poor little Billie Carleton and I must say I have never seen a more terribly nerve-shattered looking creature. His appearance gave one to suppose that no amount of "dope" could silence the fears that beset him, and his face was positively ashen-hued and his eyes, with their large distended pupils, looked as if he were haunted. And yet he is going about London in the same old way, and I saw him recently being spoken to by quite reputable people at a first performance at a fashionable theatre.

I suppose every great city has its quota of these people who fatten upon the weaknesses of others, but it seems strange that they should be allowed to move about spreading their poisonous practices in every direction.

TODAY'S STORY

Meekly made up his mind that he wasn't going to be bossed any longer by his wife, so when he went home at noon he called out imperiously: "Laura."

Mrs. Meekly came out of the kitchen with perspiration on her face, her hands covered with war flour, and a rolling pin in her hand.

"What do you want with Laura?" she asked.

Meekly staggered, but braced himself up. "I want you to understand madam"—and he tapped his breast dramatically—"that I am the engineer of this establishment; that I am—"

"Oh, you are, are you? Well, Joseph, I want you to understand that I"—and she looked dangerous—"I am the boiler that might blow up and sling the engineer over into the next street. I hope you hear the steam escaping, Joseph?"

Joseph heard and prayed that he might be passed grade one when he went before the medical board.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that the entire output of the American Chicle company had been commandeered by the government and she supposes almost anything on wheels will be useful in France for a long time to come.

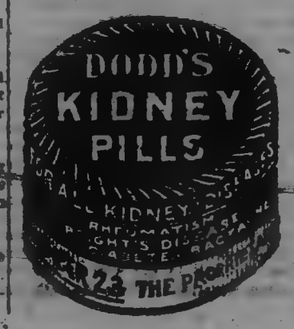
LABORITE DECLINES POST

Stephen Walsh Does Not Want Cabinet Position

London, Jan. 15.—Stephen Walsh Laborite, has refused to accept his appointment as Parliamentary Secretary to the President of the Board of Trade, which was announced on Friday. His retirement leaves only four Labor representatives in the Government, compared to eight in the previous administration.

William Roniker, wanted for embezzlement of $30,000 Bank of Cambridge, Mass., has been arrested in Montreal.

Guelph police are still working on the Fedesco murder case, but have made no arrests as yet.



WIT AND WISDOM

"I suppose your son broke himself down at college football?"

"No; the doctor said what gave him nervous prostration was trying to get his lessons between the games."

"Are you in favor of protection or free trade?"

"It's a delicate question," replied Senator Sorghum. "There is a difference of opinion among my constituents as to which I really favor. And I don't propose just now to break in and try to decide any dispute."

Looks Suspicious.

Mrs. A.—My husband wanted to select a hat for me.

Mrs. B.—Perhaps he wanted to get even with you for selecting his ties.

The Limit.

"You look unhappy, old man."

"I am. I am almost as unhappy as a woman with a secret that nobody wants to know."

Airy About It.

"Where are you going, John?"

"To raise the win."

"What for?"

"To meet a draft."

Beating the Band to It.

"So you don't consider your political rival a leader."

"Well," said Senator Sorghum, "he's the sort of a leader our village band used to have. He had to beat time mighty carefully so as not to get out of rhythm with the men who really know the tune."

Located.

"Dear Clara," wrote the young man, "pardon me, but I'm getting so forgetful! I proposed to you last night, but really forget whether you said 'yes' or 'no.'"

"Dear Will," she replied by note, "so glad to hear from you! I knew that I said 'no' to someone last night but I had forgotten who it was."

Jones—Can you manage to meet your expenses?

Jorkins—Meet them! Jerusalem, man, I can't run away from them!

How They Got Rich.

Mrs. Blank—I could have married Mr. Brown or Mr. Jones if I'd wanted to, and both of these men I refused got rich, while you are still as poor as a church mouse.

Blank—Of course. I've been supporting you all these years—they haven't.

The Ensign—There seems to be a good many barks in this night.

The Coxswain—Yes, sir. An ocean greyhound chased a catboat up our crosstrees.

Placing It.

Miss Gush—I just adore caviar, don't you?

Miss Green—I nevr heard him except on the phonograph.

Weigh your friends in the scale of prosperity and they will be found wanting—to borrow your money.

Make Some One Man Responsible

(Toronto World.)

If the Ontario Temperance Act is to be properly enforced some one official must be made primarily responsible for its enforcement. To import into or to sell liquor in this province or to consume liquor in certain places may be a crime in the eyes of the law, but it is not a crime like murder, arson, or theft, which all good citizens desire to punish. Even persons in entire sympathy with prohibitory legislation shrink from laying an information. The pecuniary reward to the informer repels rather than attracts the ordinary citizen. A man who would hasten to notify the police of a burglar would think twice before he informed on a neighbor who had violated the Ontario Temperance Act. The very word "informer" unmistakably carries with it in the minds of many a certain stigma.

This being the case the Ontario Government must prepare itself to enforce its prohibitory legislation, and as the first step in this direction it must place the responsibility for such enforcement squarely upon the back and shoulders of some member of the government. The attorney-general would seem to be the proper official and he cannot hide himself behind Sir John Gibson's famous declaration, "I am not a policeman." He must be made to be a policeman for enforcing the Ontario Temperance Act.

Our present long-winded statute could well be rewritten. Instead of containing 30,000 words the law should be couched in 300. It should be so simple that everyone could know what the law was, and many details that now load down the statue book should be committed to the regulatory power of the lieutenant-governor-in-council. But above everything else the law should provide for it's own enforcement.

Our neighbors in the United States long ago discovered that certain laws will not enforce themselves, and will be silly enforced if they have to rely for their enforcement upon private citizens and village constables. Hence when the United States Congress passes a statute like the anti-trust law or the railway act they place squarely upon some official the duty of enforcing that law and provide him with the men and money needed for such enforcement. They recognize that certain statutory offences will go unpunished unless some official makes it his business to see that they are punished. They have something like a standardized clause in certain acts of congress which reads as follows:

It shall be the duty of the attorney-general of the United States to enforce the provisions of this act and to institute and prosecute all proceedings, civil and criminal, that may be necessary for that purpose and to employ such agents, attorneys, experts and other assistants as may be required, and the sum of $..... is hereby appropriated for the enforcement of said act.

Liberal appropriations are made from year to year for the enforcement of certain statutes, in addition to the general appropriations for the administration of criminal justice. Our Dominion Government has special officials and special appropriations to enforce the laws against smuggling, to enforce inland revenue taxation, etc. Our provincial temperance legislation should be enforced by the province in the same business like way in which the laws against smuggling are enforced by the Dominion. There should be no passing the buck, but the responsibility for enforcing the law should be placed upon some official and upon his record that official must stand or fall.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

I wunted a nickel to go to the movies, and I looked for pop and he was taking a nap on the setting room sofer, me thinking, G, if I wake him up jest to ask him that, he proberly wouldn't do it enyhow because I woak him up.

Wich he proberly wouldent of, and I stood there a wile thinking he mite wake up by himself, wich he proberly would if Id of stood there long enuff, ony then it would of bin too late, and I thawt maybe if he woak up by axsident it would be all rite.

And I started to try to think of a good axsident, and all I could think of was leeving sumthing fall down stairs to make a noise, thinking, A chair would be a good thing, ony its too delicate. So I took the shoe blackening box out of the bathroom and undumped all the things out of it and carried it up to the top of the 3rd story stairs and pushed it down, banging agenst the bannisters and making sutch a fearse noise wen it landed you wouldent of thawt jest one blackening box could of did it, the lid coming off the hinges and hitting the bathroom door another fearse crack and pop coming running out of the setting room as awake as enything, saying, Wat the doose, who the devil, Benny, are you hert?

No sir, I sed up at the top of the steps. Wich just then pop saw the blackening box in 2 pieces and the big mark on the bathroom door, and I quick sed, I was up heer balancing it on the edge, pop, and it went down by axsident. Not telling him about me pushing it to make the axsident, and pop sed, Come down heer, I need you to take an important part in another axsident, and youre not going to be the innocent bystander, either.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Self-distrust is responsible for most of life's ills.

Even the slowest man is occasionally fast asleep.

Some men are known by the company they are unable to get into.

The farmer can give you spades even if he has no cards to hand out.

It matters not what your ancestors were—it's what you are that counts.

Many a would-be jolly fellow might be really so if he would stop telling jokes.

When a woman is unable to go shopping she calls on a neighbor and they talk shop.

Blessed is the man who can repeat the ten commandments after coming in contact with an icy sidewalk.

Every man has a threefold nature; that which he exhibits, that which he has and that which he thinks he has.

Fighters are not permitted to go out of their class, yet heavyweight women seem to delight in making matches with lightweight men.

Yes sir, I sed, And I went down slow, this being a good place to stop.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable, monthly medicine. Send 10 cents in stamps for sealed particulars. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont., Canada.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

ALICE BRADY in "The Spurs of Sybil" In Five Acts
The exciting story of a Society Butterfly

King Baggot and Marguerite Snow in
"THE EAGLE'S EYE"
Chapter 2. "The Strike Breeders"—2 parts

"A BUSY DAY"—Triangle Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Clara Kimball Young in "The Marionettes"
One of the Finest Pictures Produced This Season

ALSO

Extra Comedy—KAISER BILL AND THE U. TUBE
Bill makes a strike for Birmingham but hits the North Pole instead.

Final Chapter of "THE RED ACE"

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROYAL THEATRE

Vitagraph Night — **Entire Change To-night** — **12 First Run Reels**

Vitagraph Special High Class Drama

"The Man Who Wouldn't Tell"

Five Parts. Featuring **EARLE WILLIAMS** and an All-Star Support

Second Episode of the Million Dollar Serial

"THE IRON TEST" TWO PARTS

Great Western Story Two Reels | BIG "V" Special Comedy **"Roofs and Riots"** Two Parts

To-night's Program is a Real Vitagraph Selection, both Specials being A No. 1 Exclusive at the Royal

Three Entire Changes Weekly, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Admission Afternoons and Evenings 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Performance for School Children

9.30 to 11.30 a. m., only
Admission 9c, and 1c War Tax. 10c to all

WASHINGTON WOMEN WHO SET FASHIONS FOR OTHERS

(By Margaret Wade)

Washington, D.C., Jan. 11.—Now that the price of a woman's hats has been made the subject of debate in open senate with the conclusion that a hat under $15 is a necessity, but one over that price is a luxury, Washington may well ask itself how the average gown is to be classed—and indirectly taxed—by this once august body of lawmakers, most of whom are married men who ought to know better.

Even the most untrained masculine eye could hardly declare the new gowns one meets every day, and almost every hour, anything but luxurious if the $15 hat is to be accepted as standard of value. While furs! ! !

Well, even the average woman is willing to admit sable, chinchilla, ermine and a few other choice pelts to the acknowledged class, while the price put upon the humble gray squirrel and the once despised muskrat is putting these skins as made up by fashionable specifications quite beyond the means of the average woman, however anxious she may be to keep warm.

Mrs. Marshall Field is wearing a sable cape well below the waist line in full circular style in which the skins show very choice markings. With this she usually wears a modish one piece gown of black velvet, a rather large round hat, also black velvet, with ostrich plumes all about the crown. Not ostrich ornaments or made to order aigrettes, but real long rich curled plumes of the kind we used to see on picture hats, which are always elegant, as are the large pearl earrings which Mrs. Field wears on every occasion.

Mrs. Arthur Glasgow, formerly of London, but a native of Richmond, now reckoned among Washington's resident hostesses, is wearing one of the handsomest circular capes of the season in chinchilla. She tops this with a wonderful blue hat, a real bright blue velour or velvet, in a mushroom shape with gay flowers placed in a detached wreath about the crown. To keep the color note high Mrs. Glasgow also wears long blue earrings of turcoise presumably but cut in the colonial design of our great grandmother's gold ones.

Mrs. Aakel Wichfield wore, one recent cold afternoon, an otter cape just a trifle below the waist line with a round hat of unusual shape, being something larger than a turban, of otter, with double bills of the fur and a small round crown of the color velvet. This is evidently a part of the costume, as the skirt is otter colored cloth.

The small close rather high turban is meeting with great favor as the season advances. Mrs. H. Morgan Hill looks smart with a hat of this kind in beaver, topping an all black suit.

The colored gowns of cloth and velvet that have largely displaced the black and dark blue of last season in New York and several other American cities have not been as promptly accepted at the capital which makes the smart burgundy worn by Mrs. Medill McCormick a cheerful note in the headquarters of the republican woman's national committee, of which this clever and popular young matron is the chairman and worthy of that title.

Mrs. McCormick's warm hued gown is one of the soft cloths made in rather severe one piece model with square cut neck finished in the long plain white collar that is both smart and becoming. She tops this usually with a velvet hat of round shape with ostrich of the new henno tone encircling the crown.

One of the most pronounced of the new "Victory" colors which had its initiation in Washington at the Price-Collier-Fellows-Gordon wedding is the magenta of more than a generation ago which promises a great popularity.

The hats worn by Mrs. George Baker St. George as sister of the bride and the three bridesmaids, Miss Louise Delano and the Misses Frances and Louisa Hoar of this city and Springfield, Mass., were of meteora velvet encircled in ostrich of the same shade, while the gowns were a distinct contrast. Mrs. S. George wore a vivid blue gown—a new shade that takes its tone from the cobalt blue rather than the more popular French or Chinese blues.

The bridesmaids' gowns were also of a new tone in pink that bordered on the orchid. All were in smart, straight models, the matrons differing slightly in detail, as her gown had a panel effect back and front, thus losing the advantage of a smart girdle which on the bridesmaid's frocks reproduced the several tones of the costumes with an added line of gold.

The Misses Hoar are attractive young women, daughters of Mrs. Frederick Gillett by a former marriage, and granddaughters of the late Senator Hoar of Massachusetts who are, however, rarely identified with congressional society, as they have from their school days cultivated the diplomatic and residen tcircles wherein Miss Frances Hoar has been especially popular.

Miss Sara Price-Collier, the bride of this latest international marriage, was also very popular in the younger diplomatic circle and in spite of being of the heiresses of the capital, served as secretary to the French high commission during several months of the late war.

Ingersoll ratepayers at a mass-meeting pledged themselves to support an industrial bylaw to admit two new factories.

REMEMBER THIS

An ordinary tapioca pudding can be made rich with the addition of dates and raisins.

Apples, cut in rings, fried in a little fat and sprinkled with brown sugar, are delicious.

Men's common shirts, when past their regular service, make good common aprons for the kitchen

While rising, bread dough should always be carefully covered, otherwise the surface will be hard.

Save the fat from chicken, render it, and you have a good substitute for butter when making cake.

Sprinkle a little water over the ashes when removing from the stove to prevent their blowing about.

A drop of vanilla improves the flavor of a cup of coffee.

Bread that stands too long as dough will surely be sour.

Puddings are much improved by the addition of lemon peel.

Pumpkin chips can be made just as orange peel is candied.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.

Germ-Proof Money.

To a bank in Spokane, Wash., belongs the distinction of circulating the first antiseptic germ-proof national bank notes. The United States treasury is still experimenting with devices to launder dirty bank notes to bright, crisp ones, but the Spokane bank has the first sanitary money on record. Fifty thousand dollars in bills, put out by the bank, were signed with an ink said to consist largely of carbolic acid. The result is the bills are saturated with an agency which means death to the most vigorous germs which live there.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

We must have enough unwritten law now to provide a precedent for most any kind of a case.

Daily Thought.

Patience and gentleness are power. —Leigh Hunt.

DRUGGISTS NOT AFFECTED.

By Medical Bill To Be Passed Next Session.

Toronto, Jan. 14.— The coming medical legislation in Ontario will not interfere in any way with the druggists. Yesterday a deputation representing the druggists of the province called upon Hon. I. B. Lucas and Hon. Dr. Cody to voice misgivings about the effect upon their business of the proposed definition of "practice of medicine." The Ministers assured them that the medical commissioner, Mr. Justice Hodgins, had had no thought of touching the druggists, and that the legislation brought down would make it clear that druggists did not come within the definition.

TROOPS COMING HOME.

Over Two Thousand Soldiers Are At Present on the Way.

Two thousand and eighty-five Canadians are now on their way home. The Scotian, carrying fourteen officers and 311 other ranks, was expected to dock at St. John last evening, the Metagami with forty officers, three cadets and 411 other ranks will probably arrive at St. John today, and the Olympic, which was substituted for the Aquitania on this trip, will arrive at Halifax on the 15th with 39 officers, forty-seven cadets and 1,220 other ranks. A majority of these men will be for the Toronto district.

Why the "Von."

"Von" before a name in German denotes a privilege title, either inherited or bestowed by a monarch upon his subject for meritorious services. While formally this prefix was found in military or feudal families only, many commoners, captains of industry, scientists, financiers and artists were so honored by their monarchs. The title is either hereditary or ceases with the death of the distinguished person.

Disgusted at Politics.

Recently a retired politician of note was giving a young man about to break into the political arena a bit of advice. "I've had everything it is possible to get except the presidency. When I started in politics things looked very bright—I got positions of trust, big appointments, and everything I wanted. Now all I have after years of activity is a lot of warm enemies and cold friends."

Fremont's Career.

The term "Pathfinder" was a complimentary nickname given John C. Fremont in the presidential campaign of 1856, in honor of his pathfinding explorations in the region of the Rocky Mountains. But he did not find the path to the presidency, receiving only 114 votes to 174 for James Buchanan.

Doubt of It.

"Did you hear anything of a lobster famine?"

"No; the gold brick schemes seem to be prospering as usual."

LIBERALS FAVOR CUT IN TARIFF

RESOLUTION IS DRAWN UP AT A MEETING OF PARTY LEADERS IN OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—As a preliminary to the general convention of Eastern Ontario Liberals, which will be held at St. Patrick's Hall here today a committee composed to two delegates from each of the twenty-three constituencies of the district passed a series of resolutions embodying the changes which the party would make in the tariff.

The resolution states: "the tariff increases of 7½ per cent and 5 per cent, should be immediately repealed but that there should also be an immediate downward revision of the tariff in accordance with the omnibus resolution moved by the Liberal opposition in the house of commons on May 22, 1917, in these terms:

"(1) That wheat, wheat flour, and al lother products of wheat be placed upon the free list.

"(2) That farm implements and machinery, farm tractors, mining, flour and sawmill machinery, and repairs for same, rough and partly dressed limber, illuminating lubricating and fuel oils, cement, and fertilizers, be added to the free list.

"(3) That staple food and food products (other than wheat flour), domestic animals and food, therefore, be admitted into Canada free of duty when coming from and being the product of any country admitting like Canadian articles into such country free of duty.

"(4) That substantial reductions be made in the general tariff on all articles imported into Canada, excepting luxuries.

"(6) That the British preference be increased to 50 per cent, of the general tariff.

KEEP URIC ACID OUT OF JOINTS

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO EAT LESS MEAT AND TAKE SALTS.

Rheumatism is easier to avoid than to cure, states a well-known authority. We are advised to dress warmly; keep the feet dry; avoid exposure; eat less meat, but drink plenty of good water.

Rheumatism is a direct result of eating too much meat and other rich foods that produce uric acid which is absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate the uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which helps overcome uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

Ears Continue Growing.

It is said that throughout one's lifetime one's ears continue to grow bigger. The ears of a girl, admired perhaps for their small size, are fairly large by the time she has reached middle age. In old age they may be larger. In any company of people one may notice that it is the elders who have the big ears. In the very old they are overgrown.—Boston Globe.

That Strict Confidence.

We were listening (and who wouldn't?) to two women talking at each other on a Fifth avenue bus in the more or less busy city of Gotham, and in so doing we heard one of the master paradoxes. One woman said to the other: "Why, she told me in strictest confidence only the other day—"—New York Sun.

A Chronic Disease.

It is like getting a letter from home to pick up an old-town newspaper and find the men who were chasing political office ten years ago still engaged in the sport.—Toledo Blade.

Chase Procrastination.

A distasteful duty is doubled by procrastination. We suffer not only the unpleasantness of the actual doing, but the scarcely less discomfort of prolonged dreading.

A Happy Combination—

Fineness of Fragrance
Purity & Delicacy of Flavor
Strength & Fullness of Infusion
Refreshing & Stimulating Qualities

"SALADA"

Best and Goes Farthest | Therefore Most Economical.

C.P.R. OFFICIAL HONORED

Sir George McL. Brown.

THE appointment of Lt.-Col. G. McLaren Brown as Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire is the result of the very fine services rendered by the European Manager of the C. P. R. to the British Government for whom he acted as Assistant Director of Transport during the last three years of the war. "G. McL." as he is popularly known, both in Canada and the Old Country, is the son of Adam Brown of Hamilton, Ontario, and was born in 1865. In 1887 he was appointed agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Vancouver, promoted five years later to be Asst. General Passenger Agent, Western Division, and subsequently became in turn Executive Agent, Superintendent of Hotels and Dining and Sleeping Car Dept., and General Passenger Agent C. P. R. Atlantic Steamship Lines. In 1908 he was appointed General European Traffic Agent, and in 1910 General European Manager, with head offices at 62-5 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

Col. George McLaren Brown, says a friend writing in the *"Montreal Gazette,"* is one of those rare men whose friendships are equal to the number of their acquaintances. To all in that wide circle the announcement of the new honor which has been conferred upon him comes as pleasant and very welcome news. It is a recognition of qualities and services which they all know him to possess and to have rendered. The reputation which he enjoyed in Canada, not alone in the railway world, has been enhanced in proportion to his larger opportunities as European Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway in London, and the value of his service in the organization and direction of troop transportation during the war can hardly be overstated. It was as successful as it was onerous, and although given with no other thought than that of duty, was none the less deserving of recognition now accorded. It was but one, if the chief of his war activities, which were in fact as varied as were the demands upon his help and counsel. In all this McLaren Brown has been true in both impulse and action to the stock of which he comes. Similar impulses, finding similar expression having regard to place and circumstances, have characterized the long and honorable career of Adam Brown, his father, now and for many years postmaster at Hamilton. Active and successful in commercial life, a pioneer in railway development, and one of the fathers of the National Policy, Adam Brown at ninety-six, is still young in spirit, giving largely of his time and substance in philanthropy, and to the support of war relief organizations. As is the father, so is the son, strong in his undertakings and, withal a thoughtful, kindly gentleman.

Motto for Dead Authors.

We are told that once, when Patience Worth was spelling out the endless pages of the "Sorry Tale," she came to a sudden stop, then wrote, "This be nuff," and knocked off for the night. A blessed phrase, and, of a certainty, her finest inspiration. Would that all dead authors would adopt it as their motto; and with ouija boards, and table legs, and automatic pencils, write as their farewell message to the world those three short, comely words, "This be nuff."—Agnes Repplier, in Atlantic.

Seeking Beauty.

Girls are natural beauty lovers. The thought girls give to their dress and the pride they take in whatever is pretty and becoming, proves that. But the girl who loves beauty must be careful not to put a higher estimate on the beauty of bright eyes than on that of a sweet soul. Do not value the sheen of silk above the charm of kindly speech. In seeking beauty, do not lose sight of the beauty which is the highest of all.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Fastest Flowing River.

The fastest flowing river in the world is the Sutlej, in India, which arises 15,200 feet above the sea, and falls 12,000 feet in 150 miles.

World's Egg Record.

In an egg-laying competition in Australia a black Orpington hen laid 325 eggs in 12 months, which is claimed to be a world's record for any breed.

Palm Is Prolific.

As many as 4,000 dates have been gathered from a single palm of one bearing.

Daily Thought.

And what is reason? Be she thus defined: Reason is upright stature in the soul.—Young.

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
186 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-262

NO MORE LEAKS

Leaky tubs and pails are an exasperation and a nuisance. Abolish them! Free your household from this annoyance.

EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE
WASHTUBS AND PAILS

cannot leak, because they are made in one piece, without joint or seam. They are tough and impervious to liquids, yet so light and resilient that they never become battered or dented. They keep the water hot a long time, because they do not conduct heat as metal does, yet they are easy to lift and easy to carry. They cost less than metal, too, and last longer for they are less liable to accidents, and rust will not attack them.

Ask your dealer for Eddy's Indurated Fibreware

The E. B. EDDY CO. LIMITED
HULL, CANADA

Also manufacturers of Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Metal Mop Pails, Wash Boilers, Clothes Dryers, Woodenware, Matches, Paper Products, Etc.

B10

Airplanes Will Cross Atlantic

London, Jan. 14 Gen. Brancker, who is giving up his post as Master-General of Personnel in the Air Ministry to devote his time to commercial aviation, in an interview, with The Daily Express asserted that a flight across the Atlantic probably would be accomplished in May. He added that the trip was feasible at the present moment, as there were three or four types of airplanes available which were capable of making the flight.

Gen. Brancker said the time was not far distant when airplanes would be owned and driven as automobiles are to-day. He said it probably would be necessary to establish an aerial police force, the duty of which would be to watch over air routes and frontiers.

The Evening News says that it has been officially informed that the British Admiralty is embarking on a big program of airship construction Airships are being built with a gas capacity of 2,500,000 cubic feet. The aircraft will have a large lifting capacity and will be able to make between 60 and 70 miles an hour. They will carry crews of 25 men.

Still larger airships are projected and flights with passengers are predicted for the near future. Several airships which will be equal in size and capacity to the largest Zeppelins and which are of a similar rigid type are being built. Primarily they are being constructed for sea work and general observation duty for the navy. These airships, it is said will be capable of remaining in the air for a week.

The newspaper says a regular airship mail service between Britain and the United States during the summer of 1920 is regarded as certain by airship builders.

KEENE CURLERS WIN NEILL CUP

FINALS WERE PLAYED OFF THIS MORNING WITH W. G. MORROW'S RINK

At 12 o'clock today the series of games for the Neill trophy ended and J. J. Moore's rink of Keene won out by a score of seven. The contest started yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, and there were twenty-five rinks entered for the event: Two from Millbrook, two from Norwood two from Lakefield, two from Keene, one from Hastings and sixteen from the local club.

The finals were played off this morning by W. G. Morrow for Peterborough and J. J. Moore for Keene The personnel of their rinks was:

Peterborough
First—George Duncan.
Second—G. A. McDonald.
Vice—J. W. Fraser.
Skip—W. G. Morrow.

Keene
First—Harold Roach.
Second—George McIntyre.
Vice—McKenzie.
Skip—J. J. Moore.

Preliminaries.

The following skips entered rinks: Waddell, Oke, Finlay, McDermid Connal, Kelly (Hastings), Morrow Allan (Millbrook), Archibald, Kay Campbell, Wightman, Read, Sayle (Millbrook), Foote, N. Moore (Lakefield), J. J. Moore (Keene), Bradburn, Brightman, Sturgeon, Redpath (Lakefield), Howson (Keene), McKelvie (Norwood), Skinner, Hicks.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, Jan 14—The death of Archie Pogue, one of our most prosperous young farmers, which occurred on Saturday the result of pneumonia following an attack of influenza, has cast a deep gloom over the entire community. "Archie," as he was popularly called, was the youngest son of the late Ephriam Pogue. To the sorrowing young widow as well as to the bereaved mother, brothers and sisters is extended the heartfelt sympathy of the whole countryside. The funeral was held very quietly on Saturday afternoon, the remains being laid to rest in the Emily cemetery.

Mrs. Walter Byers, who has been in a critical condition for several days from influenza, succumbed on Tuesday morning to the dread disease. The death of Mrs. Byers is deeply regretted on all sides, and to the sorrowing husband, who at time of writing is lying in a critical condition, and to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Saunders, of Franklin, parents of deceased, we extend sincere sympathy in their great sorrow. The funeral of Mrs. Byers was held Tuesday afternoon, interment taking place at Cavan cemetery.

While visiting at the home of her daughter in Cobourg, Mrs. David Pogue passed away Sunday morning. Mrs. Pogue was one of the older residents of Ops, where she resided for over forty years. Her husband predeceased her twenty-five years, and since that time she had lived on the homestead with her son, Burton. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Herrington on Tuesday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bert Sanderson, the remains being laid to rest in the family plot in the Emily cemetery. Left to mourn the loss of a loving mother are four daughters: Mrs. Sanderson, Omemee, Mrs. Fleming, Keaboro, Mrs. Lang Omemee, Mrs. Henderson, Cobourg, and four sons, Arthur, Vincent and Burton, of Omemee, and Percy, of Lindsay, to whom is extended the deepest sympathy of the entire community.

Mr. Robt. Wilson of Toronto paid a short visit to Omemee last week.

The High school opened on Monday, five students being in attendance.

Influenza is still on the rampage in Omemee, new cases being heard of daily, although every precaution is seemingly put into play to prevent the spread of the malady.

ONE YEAR IN JAIL

Quebec, Jan. 14. — Charged with wilfully rendering himself unfit for military service, Joseph Rouleau, of Angele, county of Rimouski, was tried here before a court-martial and sentenced to one year in jail.

It appears that Rouleau, through a man named Balcourt, at Pinonne, said there was an easy way of inoculating a man with some germ that would rank him as unfit to mingle with the army, and Rouleau, in court, openly admitted that he submitted to the inoculation, becoming shortly after covered with "sheer" pimples that caused him to be declared unfit for service.

Semi-Finals.

Morrow	20	Kay	6
J. J. Moore	17	McKelvie	2

Finals.

J. J. Moore (Keene)	17
W. G. Morrow	10
Keene	7

INTERMEDIATE CLASSES HAVE SUPPER AT THE "Y"

Interesting Program Has Been Arranged for the Boys of the City—Officers Elected.

"Serenely full, the epicure would say:
Fate cannot harm me—I have dined today!"

That all-softening, over-powering knell
That tocsin of the soul, the dinner bell!

Two intermediate classes are to meet every Tuesday night at the regular supper hour at the "Y" for a simple meal, served usually by a few of the mothers, through the kindness of the Mothers' Club, at a charge of 15 cents. After this a Bible study period will be conducted, under the most favorable auspices.

This plan commenced last night when 41 intermediates met for supper. After supper the employed boys, 24 in number, adjourned to one club room where they continued their program under the leadership of Mr. Wm. Hamilton, while the School Boys adjourned to another club room, where they continued their program under the leadership of Mr. Wallace Mulligan. Those who attended the supper will be glad to learn that, although a good spread was provided, the 15 cent fee paid all expenses and left a surplus of 17 cents. If this surplus continues the club will soon have a special treat.

Election of Officers

The election of officers proved to be an interesting feature of the program in both clubs. The chosen few were as follows:

Life problem Club:
Grand Mogul—Curly Reid.
Vice Grand Mogul—Bert Jefferies.
Chief Correspondent—Norman Hoar.
Chief Cashier—Dyal Waterman.

School Boys' Club:
Grand Mogul—Bob Moore.
Vice Grand Mogul—Douglas Young.
Chief Correspondent—Jack Bardill.
Chief Cashier—Sidney Nottall.

The executive of each club will meet later in the week to complete plans for next week's program.

Mr. Wm. Hamilton continued by taking the study period with the employed group. He is following the course of studies on "Life Problems of Boys Who Work," by Jeremiah W. Jenks. The first study was on "The Relation of Training to Life." Mr. Hamilton is a returned soldier and his experience, coupled with some fine material he had collected, enabled him to render a most interesting and helpful talk.

Meanwhile Mr. Mulligan was conducting a similar study with the school group on the "Relation of School to Life" taken from another of Jeremiah W. Jenks' books on "Life Questions of School Boys."

Mr. Mulligan conducted the study in an interesting manner and the fellows are looking forward with interest to the next study on "Custom and Habit."

After the Bible study period the club group was dismissed. The program for this school boy group is arranged so that they have their gymnasium class and swim before supper, thus leaving them free to go home to their studies immediately after little study.

The Employed Class however, go on the gym floor after supper, not before.

Both group are looking forward to competition in basket ball, hockey indoor baseball and other sports, all of which will be announced later.

Next week Mr. Wm. Hamilton is planning to give a lecture on some of his experiences while in France, continuing the following week with the regular studies. If the club room proves too small to accommodate those attending, meeting will be held in the gymnasium. Any boy, whether a member of the group or not, be welcome at this special meeting.

Intermediates, do not forget next Thursday, 6.15.

LAWN BOWLERS PLAN NEW DEAL

TALK OF HIRING HALL FOR PASTIME DURING WINTER MONTHS

The members of the Lawn Bowlers' Club are talking of securing suitable quarters for the carrying on of their favorite pastime during the winter months. If a sufficiently large hall can be found the floor will be covered with a carpet designed for the purpose and the bowls as are used on the green will answer the same purpose for indoor sport. The top floor of the Royal Bank building is under consideration. Members of the Club will meet at 5 p.m. today in the office of Principal McKone of the Peterborough Business College, to make further arrangements.

Carpet bowling has been adopted by Clubs in other cities. One advantage of having a hall is that it can be used not only in the winter, but during wet weather in the summer season.

Work Is Resumed On Welland Canal

Toronto, Jan. 14 With the employment of a gang of carpenters from St. Catharines and Niagara Falls, some machinists and other labor, the work on the new Welland ship canal was commenced yesterday morning where it had been terminated with the outbreak of war, according to Mr. James Marsh, a general organizer of the Carpenters' Union, who was in the city yesterday.

THE SKIPPER WHO SKIPPED.

Wilhelm, the Skipper: "I have piled my ship on the rocks, but I seem to have saved my skin—for the present." —London Opinion.

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change — heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISELLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

SIR WILFRED EXPLAINS STAND ON CONSCRIPTION

His Only Object in Opposing the Draft Act Was to Win the War—Ready to Retire as Leader of Liberal Party.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—In the peroration was found the most striking portion of the address which Sir Wilfrid Laurier delivered to the delegates to the Eastern Ontario Liberal convention here tonight. That part of his speech was his apology for his opposition to the policy of compulsory military service and his appeal to former followers to let by-gones be by-gones and return to their old political allegiance. Only once did he mention conscription. He approached the subject after the subsidence of a burst of applause which greeted a reference to his many years of service as leader of the Liberal party.

Admit Mistakes.

"I am conscious," said Sir Wilfrid, "that I have made a great many mistakes and," he added, "I have had to disappoint some of my friends. But, anyone in my place knowing this country as I know it from one end to the other, would realize that, acting as I did, my aim was to win the war and that that was the best method, so far as I was concerned to win the war.

"If we have differed in the recent past," proceeded Sir Wilfrid, "upon a merely transient question which is not to arise again, because Mr. Lloyd George pledged himself a little while ago to put an end to conscription, let the past be forgotten and let us all be Liberals again, situated only by conscience. If a man will come to me and say, 'I was a Unionist at the last election,' I shall tell him, 'I will not rebuke you, you have sufficiently rebuked yourself. We do not look to the past, we look to the future, that is the only horizon for us.'"

Tariff Policy.

A considerable portion of the Opposition leader's speech was devoted to the discussion of tariff policy. Sir Wilfrid announced that he and his followers during the coming session of Parliament would call for the recission of the War Tariff Act, which added a duty of 7½ per cent. ad valorem to all items in the general tariff, and 5 per cent. to British preferential rates.

Is Ready To Retire.

After a brief discussion of the "Democratization of labor" resolution adopted by the convention and a laudatory reference to Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Sir Wilfrid spoke of his own long tenure of the office of leader of the Opposition. "I would gladly have resigned the position to younger hands, and I would do so readily today," he said. "Nothing would be a greater satisfaction to me, now that I begin to feel the weight of years than to pass the reins into the hands of a younger general and fight in the ranks." Some persons in the gathering were inclined to attach significance to the fact that Sir Wilfrid so closely followed his commendation of Mr. King as "the only real Minister of Labor Canada had ever had," by his allusion to his own views on the subject of the leadership of the party.

OTTAWA LOSES TORONTO GAME

ARENAS BREAK THEIR STREAK OF HARD LUCK AND WIN

Toronto, Jan. 15.—In a slow and uninteresting game Arenas last night defeated Ottawa by the score of 6 to 2. The locals, despite the enforced absence of Cameron and Noble, showed an all-round superiority that the visitors failed to cope with. Harry Mummery, the big defense man, proved of great assistance to the Blue Shirts and repeatedly broke up the attacks of the Senators.

The contest was not overly exciting and the play inferior to that exhibited in the Canadien-Arenas game here last week. The visitors were responsible for this state of affairs and played in a careless manner throughout. Arenas showed vast improvement [illegible] especially brilliant in back check work. Skinner, Dennenay, Crawford, Adams and Meeking easily overhauled the opposing forwards and broke up nearly all of the attacks.

Randall and Mummery presented a stonewall defense, which was difficult to outguess, and the latter stopped more shots than the goalkeeper. His return has strengthened the locals where they most needed it, and they are expected to make matters interesting for any and all comers in future games. Randall played a most useful game while he was on and scored one goal after a rush from end to end.

Crawford Plays Well.

Crawford shared the honors of the match with Mummery, and his sensational rushing enlivened proceedings. He scored three of the five goals and was going great guns from beginning to end. Skinner did an immense amount of back-checking and did not allow his check any undue liberties. Dennenay was also much in evidence, both offensively and defensively, but experienced ill luck in his shooting.

Ottawa did not impress the critics as being of championship calibre. They played in disappointing fashion and were very weak around the local's net. Nighbor was probably the best of the lot, but, even he was not in his usual good form. He scored all of the Ottawa counters.

Gerard, Nighbor and Boucher hurdled at every opportunity and never appeared [illegible] any results thereby. As a matter of fact, this style of play caused them many nasty spills, for which the Arenas were in nowise to blame. Randall and Cyril Dennenay were banished from the game in the second period.

Arenas—Goal, Lindsay; defense, Mummery and Randall; right wing, Skinner; left wing, Crawford; centre, Dennenay.—Substitutes—Adams and Meeking.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; defense, Cleghorn and Gerard; right wing, Lowery; left wing, Dennenay; centre, Nighbor. Substitutes—Ronan and Boucher.

Officials—L. Mamh and S. Vair.

LEGISLATION AT COMING SESSION

MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE TO BE TAKEN UP BY PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—When the second session of the thirteenth Parliament of Canada opens, the Government will have all ready a record of accomplishment in connection with the all-important matters of demobilization and reconstruction to be presented to the notice of Parliament in the speech from the Throne.

There will be at that time nearly 90,000 soldiers and their dependents back in Canada from overseas, and there will be in operation a co-ordinated system of Federal Labor Bureaus such as advocates of it before the war did not expect for many decades.

In order that the volume of work available through the country may be increased, a Trade Mission under Lloyd Harris has been sent to London, with the result that forty million dollars' worth of lumber has been ordered and other orders are expected daily. To work with it there is a Canadian Trade Commission in Canada under Sir Charles Gordon, and in order to co-ordinate the activities of every Government department, every Provincial, and municipal agency, every association and corporation and company, and every Canadian to help in repatriation work, the Government's Committee on Repatriation and Employment has already developed a nation-wide organization under the direction of Mr. H. J. Daly.

Resolutions passed at meetings of earlier Liberals indicate that details of work already done by the Government will come in for attack and criticism by the Opposition.

The necessities of the case are such that in the Speech from the Throne there will have to be reference to legislation necessary to validate arrangements made for national housing and soldiers' land settlement schemes to further changes in the matter of pensions as well as to give Parliamentary sanction to the war gratuities allowed on their discharge to tide them over the first few months of possible unemployment.

Whether foreshadowed in the address or not, legislation will be necessary in order to render beyond all doubt the legality of the order in Council enacting prohibition for the term of one year after the declaration of peace. An opinion has been obtained by the Government to the effect that the order in Council, though based on the War Measures Act, would be effective for the term of one year after the declaration of peace, but enough doubt is expressed to make it advisable to have the legislation. The probable course of such legislation is to continue prohibition until one year after the Canadian army has been demobilized and then to hold a Federal plebiscite on the question.

Restaurant Humor.

"This fish is very rich."

"Yes, it is well supplied with bones."

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special Correspondence.)

Downeyville, Jan. 14.—Mr. Martin Harrington, one of the earliest pioneers of this district, died at his home on Saturday last after a short illness. He had lived to a ripe old age. On Monday last the remains were taken to St. Luke's Church where mass was chanted by Father Galvin, and after the ceremonies, his body was laid to rest in St. Luke's vault. The deceased leaves to mourn his loss three sons and five daughters, Michael, Thomas and Joseph, and Mrs. Joseph Honlihan, of Peterboro; Mrs. Cavanaugh, of Rochester; Mrs. James Carroll and Annie and Hannah, at home.

Funeral,

The sudden death of Mrs. Hannah Flyn, aged ninety-seven, was a surprise to everybody. She passed away quietly on Tuesday afternoon after a short illness. She was one of the early settlers here. On Thursday she was taken to St. Luke's Church where mass was sung by Rev. Father Galvin and the remains were placed in St. Luke's vault. The deceased is sorely missed by her many friends and relatives and leaves to mourn her loss three sons and four daughters, Thomas, at home; Bornelius and Timothy, of Enniskmore; Mrs. Michael Carroll and Mrs. Morris Guiry, of Rochester; Mrs. Jas. Murtha and Mrs. Agnes McGirdle, at home.

Mrs. Thomas Murray, of Peterboro, who attended the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Hanna Flynn, is spending a few days with her brothers, Patrick Edmund and William Flynn.

Messrs. William Murry, Urban and Stanee Lucas were visitors to Lindsay on Monday last.

Mrs. Michael Dorgan was in Lindsay on Tuesday on business.

Mr. Jas. Clancey was a visitor to Lindsay on Tuesday.

Messrs. Garnet Perdue and stance Lucas, who were home for Christmas, returned to Toronto to resume their studies.

Master Emit Guirv was in Omemee on Wednesday on business.

Miss Pearl Herlibey spent the forepast of last week with her cousin, Miss Reta Carroll.

Mr. James Carvell, of Rochester, is renewing old acquaintances here.

Owing to blocked roads the rural mail carrier is unable to make his round trip.

Make Your Stomach Your Best Friend

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Digest the Food, Prevent Sourness and Make You Feel Fine All Over.

If you feel any distress after eating take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. You will then have a good, steady friend in your stomach. For no matter what you eat there will be no gas ,no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning. And should you now be troubled, eat a tablet as soon as possible and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct at once the faults of a weak or overworked stomach, they do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for banqueters and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food most apt to cause stomach derangement. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents, in any drug store. Be good to your stomach.

Alberta's $1,000,000 offering of 5½ per cent. bonds were sold to Toronto dealers at 99.14.

Brantford Social Service League is to endeavor to teach cleanliness in the homes through the Sunday schools.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence.)

Keene, Jan. 15.—Mr. John Moore has been appointed town's life clerk upon the resignation of the former clerk, Mr. James Drummond. Mr. Moore will be at the Town Hall on Monday of each week instead of Thursday as before.

Miss Katie Skinner has resumed her studies at Queen's University, Kingston, after a pleasant holiday at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Dickson were in Peterboro on Thursday.

Mrs. James Secord, who has been spending the past month with Peterboro friends, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. James McCann was shopping at Peterboro on Saturday.

Miss Elizabeth Stewart is visiting friends at Peterboro.

The Farmers' Institute will hold their annual meeting at the Town Hall on Tuesday afternoon and evening of January 21st.

Mr. Harry Stewart is able to be out again after a recent attack of the "flu."

Miss Mollie O'Boyhe has returned to her home at Ottawa after a pleasant visit with Keene friends.

Misses Mary Armstrong, Isabell McCarthey and Joseph Tobey are attending Business College at Peterboro.

Mr. Alfred Fletcher was in Toronto over the week-end.

Miss Josephine Kenneally visited Hastings friends a few days last week.

Mrs. John Wilson returned home on Friday from Chemong where she had been visiting friends.

Master Joseph Daly, of Peterboro, spent the week-end with Keene friends.

Mr. J. C. Morris, of Toronto, was a guest at the Victoria House over the week-end.

Mr. J. C. Bell addressed the congregations on Keene circuit on Sunday last in the interest of the Dominion Alliance.

Mr. Benjamin Kindred and Thomas Howson were in Peterboro Tuesday on business.

Two rinks of Keene Curling Club played in Peterboro this week for the Neil trophy.

Mrs. John Moore visited Peterboro friends a few days last week.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. of the Presbyterian Church was held at the home of Mrs. A. D. Anderson on Tuesday afternoon of this week.

The family of Mr. John Kempts, who have been quite ill during the past week with the flu, are recovering.

Mr. Harold Roche spent the week-end with friends in Peterboro.

Mrs. Thomas O'Neil, of Hastings, visited Keene friends a few days last week.

Mr. Andrew Lundsen, and sister, Miss Agnes, returned on Saturday from Lakefield, where they had been visiting friends.

Mrs. (Dr.) Ross returned the past week from Lottenham where she had been called on the account of the illness of her sister, Miss Semphe.

Mr. James Stewart was in Peterboro Tuesday on business.

APPROVE GOVERNMENT

The proposal of the Government to establish public employment bureaus and put out of business the private agencies was warmly endorsed by representatives of the Soldier's Aid Commission, the Great War Veterans, the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment and the Ontario Government Public Employment Bureau.

Seven states of the U. S. Union yesterday voted in favor of the prohibition constitutional amendment.

OUCH! RUB OUT RHEUMATIC PAIN

Rub Pain, Soreness, Stiffness, Sciatica Right Out With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Count fifty! Pain gone.

Rheumatism is "pain only." Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub the misery right away! Apply soothing penetrating, "St. Jacob's Liniment" directly upon the "tender spot," and relief come instantly. "St. Jacob's Liniment is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and can not burn or discolor the skin.

Limber up! Stop complaining! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacob's Liniment" has relieved millions of rheumatism sufferers in the last half century, and is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains and swellings.

THREE THOUSAND MEN WANT WORK

THAT NUMBER REGISTERED IN EMPLOYMENT BUREAU AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—Unemployment in Ottawa is on the increase. The Ontario government bureau, administered by the provincial government, reports that these are more than 3,000 men on its books now, the highest number since the war began.

Many men are being placed in positions, but the majority of the work fed workers are unable to secure work at present. Contrary to the view that war abolished unemployment, the fact is that the Ottawa labor exchange carried an average of 600 men on its unemployed lists during a great part of the time hostilities were going on. Since the armistice was signed, the number has been steadily increasing until the present high figure of 3,000 and over has been reached. It is not expected any substantial reduction will be noted until the spring. One labor union of the city reported this week that 60 of its members were out of a job.

Large concerns are calling for help as required. The C.P.R. has asked the Ottawa bureau for a list of returned soldiers with a view to placing them in jobs. Returned men are getting the preference in openings offered. The soldiers' civil re-establishment branch is opening quarters in the employment bureau on Queen street. Mayor Caldwell will be in charge and he will deal particularly with questions affecting returned soldiers in their reinstatement in civil life.

MEN FOR POLICE DUTY

Complaint That Appointments All Go to Ottawa.

Kingston, Jan. 14.—A letter from the Minister of Justice has been received by the Kingston branch of the G.W.V.A. regarding the appointing of Ottawa men to the Dominion Police Force in Kingston. The Minister states that he will be glad to consider the applications of any returned men in Kingston, but that no men were being employed in police duty in the vicinity of their homes or where they were well known.

LONDON RECTOR DIES.

Pneumonia, Following Flu, Takes Off Rev. G. W. Lattimer.

London, Ont., Jan. 14.—Rev. G. W. Lattimer, rector of St. Matthew's Anglican Church, died in Victoria Hospital from pneumonia, following influenza. He came to this city two years ago from St. Catharines, where he taught in Ridley College, to the charge of Rev. E. Appleyard, now of the new St. Pauls' Church, Woodstock, who was then a chaplain, but now overseas. He is survived by his wife and one son, and by his parents, who reside near Brockville.

FACES TWO CHARGES

Being Member of Unlawful Society and Seditious Conspiracy

Brantford, Jan. 15.—Charges of being a member of an unlawful society and of seditious conspiracy were preferred against Andro Tretjak, a Russian, in Police Court this [illegible] and much literature seized at 142 Pearl street a few days ago. Counsel for the Crown pressed for a heavy fine on the first charge, and refused to consent to the granting of bail on the second. Both charges were laid over until Wednesday.

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, Jan. 15.—The death occurred on Saturday morning, Jan 11, of a much respected resident of the village, in the person of Mrs. John Dodd, wife of the late John Dodd, at the age of 65 years. She leaves to mourn her loss four sons and two daughters. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon from her late residence, to the Trent Valley Cemetery, for interment.

Mr. Jas. Coughlin, of Carolina, U. S., has been visiting friends.

Mrs. A. Smith spent Monday in Petebroro.

Mr Ed. Dodd, of Peterboro, spent a few days at his home here.

The many friends of Miss Laura Smith will be pleased to learn that she is improving after her recent operation at Nicholls' Hospital, Peterboro.

Mrs. Wm. Rice, of Kingston, was in the village last week attending the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Dodd.

Mrs. A. V. German spent Monday in Peterboro.

The week of prayer was observed last week, services being held in the Methodist Church Tuesday and Wednesday evenings addressed by the Rev. D. A. Thomson, and Thursday and Friday evenings in the Presbyterian, addressed by the Rev. I. Snell.

Mr. J. A. Cameron, of Peterboro, was in town on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson, of Norwood were guests on Sunday at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Hess.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. of the Methodist Church was held at the parsonage on Thursday afternoon.

Master Sammy Londerville's many friends will be glad to know that he is improving after his recent illness.

Mr. H. Turney, of Trenton, was in the village on Monday.

Mr. Geo. Stevenson was in Peterboro a few days of last week.

Mr. Buller, of Peterboro, was in town on Saturday.

Miss Mae Huycke, of Peterboro, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Huycke.

Hot Water for Sick Headaches

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before breakfast.

Headache of any kind, is caused by auto intoxication—which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood through the lymph ducts, excites the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of those irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drank before breakfast for a while, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal.

Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds indigestion, biliousness, constipation, or sour acid stomach, begin the phosphated hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons.

Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.

HONOR FRED ADAMS.

Former Local Resident is Popular in Toronto.

Yesterday afternoon about fifteen hundred munition workers assembled in the shell plant of the Russell Motor Car Company in Toronto with the object of marking in a tangible way their appreciation of the worth and work of Mr. Fred Adams, who has been factory manager for the company during the four years of munition work now coming to a close. An address expressing the admiration of Mr. Adams' fellow-employees was read by Mr. Geo. Ellis, superintendent of the fuse plant.

Mr. Adams was a former resident of this city and has many friends and relatives residing here.

Miss Madelaine F. Jaffray of Galt, who won the Croix de Guerre for her services as a nurse in France and was wounded there, has since her return addressed hundreds of meetings for Red Cross and other patriotic purposes.

MUCH WORK STILL FOR WOMEN TO DO

WAR ACTIVITIES DID NOT CEASE WITH SIGNING OF ARMISTICE.

Since the signing of the armistice the impression seems to have become more or less general that women's war activities are at an end. Because the Red Cross no longer needs supplies for the army does not mean that there is nothing to do. There is a very great deal to be done, work which needs doing immediately, and is actually suffering for want of workers. Women's organizations have been requested to direct their efforts to relief work, and it is strange how this appeal, which is so urgent can be made in vain. To any woman who thinks for a moment it must be perfectly evident that it will be months, even years, before the poor refugees of Serbia Belgium and France can be self-supporting. They have no possible means of obtaining clothes, and even if they possessed money, materials are not available in those countries desolated by war.

Many societies are working for these poor people but it is no use pretending that there is anything like the enthusiasm and energy shown for this work that there was for the Red Cross supplies. There have been but few workers in attendance at the meetings of the local Red Cross Society since relief work was begun.

The winter is slipping away and in the meantime these suffering people are cold and ill-clad. The first and most obvious duty for us all is "to feed the hungry and clothe the naked." Let us once more realize that this work is a definite duty for the women of Canada to do, and get together without further loss of time to do our part for those whose sufferings already have been so tremendous, that they may at least have clothes.

If we shirk this duty we shall prove unworthy of the Victory which has been won for us.

Relief work in connection with the Local Red Cross Society is being carried on in the Public Library every Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoon. Every woman in the city who can give even one hour a week to this work is urged to come on any one of these afternoons.

CHARGES INFRACTION

Kingston Doctor Issued 120 Prescriptions One Day.

Kingston, Jan. 15.—In Police Court Dr. A. W. Richardson was charged with an offence under the Ontario Temperance Act in issuing prescriptions for liquor, the charge being lodged by inspectors for the Ontario License Board. He pleaded not guilty and in the box on his own behalf stated that he had examined every applicant and satisfied himself that he was justified in giving an order for liquor. Two provincial officers swore that they got liquor from Dr. Richardson and were not examined. The returns to the government from the local license vendor showed that in October Dr. Richardson issued 1,399; in November, 1,233, and December 739. The highest number issued on any one day was 120. There are eight more charges pending against the accused.

Y.M.C.A. Workers Are Under Arrest

Paris, Jan. 15.—It became known that three Young Men's Christian Association workers are under arrest in Paris, charged with defalcation of funds of the association.

The men are George Schoeffel, former Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Rochester, N.Y.; the Rev. R. Atkins of Eagle Pass, Texas, and — Mansfield, said to have been a former Secretary of the Sailors' Union of New York city.

The total amount alleged to have been misappropriated approximates $38,940, most of which has been recovered.

The Y.M.C.A. has asked the army to prosecute these cases to the limit and to impose the full penalty. The military court-martial will begin during the present week.

HOCKEY RECORD

O. H. A. Intermediate.			
Burlington	4	McMaster Univ.	3
Gravenhurst	7	Huntsville	4
O. H. A. Junior.			
Bowmanville	9	Cobourg	5
Paris	5	London	3
Stratford	8	Seaforth	1
Bradford	8	Collingwood	3
Midland	12	Penetang	2

FOR YOUR
Bread, Cakes and Pies
you will find

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)
thoroughly dependable

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

Canada Food Board License Nos. Cereal 2-003—Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

"Purity Oats makes Better Porridge"

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT IS DOING

Q—What is the Dominion Government doing to help returned men and others get jobs?

A—It is co-operating with the Provincial Governments to distribute employment quickly and fairly.

Q—What is a man going to do when he wants to get a job?

A—A complete chain of employment offices is being opened by the Government, from Halifax to Victoria, in every centre of 10,000 population and over

Q—What has that got to do with getting a man a job?

A—Through these Government employment agencies all persons in need of employment, both male and female, will secure such positions as are available.

Q—Where does that benefit the returned man?

A—The returned man is given preference in every instance.

Q—Suppose a man goes to an employment office and is told that no jobs are available?

A—If a job is not available in the particular office to which the man or woman applies, details of the applicant's requirements will be telegraphed to one of the other employment offices.

Q—If a man is willing to take a job in another city or town then what?

A—A complete survey of Canada has been made and every job available in every line of work is listed at Ottawa. A telegram to headquarters will bring a reply in a few hours, telling where a job can be obtained.

Q—What's the use of going to Government employment offices if the employers do not look to them for their labor when men or women are needed

A—The service of these employment offices is given to both to employers and those seeking employment, free. Employers are being interviewed and educated with the idea of having them employ men and women only through the Government employment offices.

Q—Will the right men or women be placed in the right jobs? Will a man or women be sent to the first job that offers, or will his particular case be dealt with individually?

A—The employment offices will supply only such help as the employer can confidently rely on. Every man or woman placed by the employment offices will be the right person in the right place.

Q—How will these offices benefit the small employer of labor?

A—They will take the place of the employment manager. To the larger employer of labor they will be of great assistance.

Q—How many men will there be in each employment office?

A—There will be a superintendent, with a staff of interviewers, and an outside staff of canvassers to call on employers and learn of their requirements.

Q—Will these men be returned soldiers?

A—In every case.

Q—Will the system be the same in every employment offices?

A—The system is standardized, and directed from Ottawa.

Q—This simply means that everyone will be able to get a job?

A—Yes. As Mr. Daly, the director of repatriation aptly, says: "Every willing worker will have work to do."

The Ontario Government is to open up new waters for fishing purposes in the north country.

Parliament is to open on February 20th.

J. E. Carter was elected mayor by the aldermen of Guelph under the new plan of city government.

NOVEL ELECTION SIGN.

This unusual political vote getter was displayed outside the committee rooms of Lieut. Steel, a National Party candidate, in Hackney road, London, during the recent election campaign. It did not have the result of electing its man, however.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

COURAGE, CAPACITY and DETERMINATION

It takes courage, stick-at-itiveness, and capability to carve out a man's fortune. All three features are needed. Poor vision lowers the capacity. See to it that your eyesight is kept at its best. Consult Dr. Fowler.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Penn. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding eight lines space. All words over eight, one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Ladies for soliciting work, house to house campaign, experience not necessary. Good wages, short hours. Apply Miss Taylor, at the Peterboro Milk Products Limited.

LOST.

LOST—From cutter, nickel plated hot water bag, enclosed in blue flannel bag. Finder please return to Empress Hotel. Reward.

LOST—22K wedding ring somewhere in city, on Monday. Finder please leave at Review and receive reward.

LOST—Tuesday morning, Jan. 14, black buffalo robe, on Otonabee road, coming to Montgomery House. Finder please leave at 257 Bethune street.

LOST—Crotcheted hand bag in the Opera House Saturday afternoon. Finder please leave at Review office.

TO RENT.

TO LET—Five-roomed apartment, heated and all conveniences. Rent $25 per month. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Private Sale of household furniture, practically new. Best quality. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGE...MISSION
The Loop Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street
Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.
We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.
SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call.
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Make Life Worth Living.

The question is life worth living implies a species of blasphemy. The right question to ask is: Am I worthy of living? If I am not, I make myself so. This is always the answer.—Felix Adler.

Selfish Men.

"Some men," said Uncle Eben, "is so selfish dat deir idee of heaven is a place whur dey'll be licensed to trade only set of loaded dice to dence."

Old Enough.

The bagpipe was known in Scotland and Ireland as early as the 10th century, and is believed to have been in existence before the Christian era.

Fifty-Fifty.

Nat Goodwin is blamed for the following: John's wife never knows where he is after nine p.m. that's all but neither does he.

Moving Pictures in Books.

In a book a Minneapolis man has invented for children pictures of animals jump out in a lifelike manner as the pages are turned.

Will It Return to Its Owner?

Flexible tips feature new umbrella ribs, which their inventor claims will prevent an umbrella from being blown inside out.

Have a Care.

Don't tell your troubles to a policeman unless you are looking for more trouble.

Time for Kindness.

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

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VETERANS GIVE AID

Messrs. W. D. Tait (1), David Loughman (2), and R. B. Maxwell (3) have been named by the Great War Veterans' Association at the request of the Dominion Government, to act as an advisory council to the Repatriation Committee, of which Hon. J. A. Calder is chairman and Mr. H. J. Daly chief executive officer. These three, all of whom saw service early in the war, and have been home in Canada long enough to have a grasp of the new conditions the war has brought about, are devoting their whole time to conferring with the committee upon its many problems. Mr. Tait, who is a graduate of Dalhousie and Harvard Universities, and prior to going overseas was assistant professor of psychology at McGill University, served as major with the 7th Canadian Seige Battery. Mr. Maxwell, who belongs to Winnipeg, enlisted early enough in 1914 to receive the regimental number "725", served with the 8th battalion, the "Little Black Devils," and was wounded at the second battle of Ypres. He was twice president of the Winnipeg G. W. V. A. Mr. Loughman served overseas with the 16th Battalion, and was wounded at Ypres. Since his return to Canada he has been honored with many offices in Veterans' Organizations and is now editor of "The Veteran."

Got Proof of It.

A little Polish girl called to play with Lena, whose mother asked the little girl some questions in English and the child made no reply or sign that she understood what was being asked her. Lena said to the child, "Mabel, don't you want some candy?" The child replied in English, "Yes" which caused Lena to say, "I knowed she knowed how to talk English."

Clay Long in Congress.

Henry Clay was elected speaker of the house of representatives six times, as follows: In November, 1811, Twelfth congress; in May, 1813, Thirteenth congress; in December, 1815, Fourteenth congress; in December, 1817, Fifteenth congress; in December, 1819, Sixteenth congress, and in December, 1823, Eighteenth congress.

Pulse in Animals.

The normal pulse beats per minute in the domestic animals are as follows: Horses, 33 to 42; cattle, 38 to 50; sheep, goats and hogs, 70 to 80; and dogs, 80 to 100. The pulse beats faster in young than in old animals. Excitement and a nervous temperament may cause a more rapid pulse. When exercising and immediately after, the rate is higher than when the animal is at rest.

Atrocious Pun.

Councillor Lumb, an old man when Lord Erskine was in the height of his reputation, was of a timid and nervous disposition, usually prefacing his pleadings with an apology to that effect; and on one occasion, when opposed in some cause to Erskine, he happened to remark that he felt himself growing more and more timid as he grew older. "No wonder," replied the relentless barrister, "every one knows the older a lamb grows the more sheepish he becomes."

Treeless Australian Cities.

Australia, with its boundless scrub and bush has many towns without a tree to protect it from the glaring sun. This has been forcibly brought home to the Australian forces who have gazed in admiration at the endless avenues of England and France that are planted with trees, mainly oaks, elms and poplars. No village, however humble, seemed to be without these avenues, which appealed so much to the "Aussies."

Spasmodic Sermon.

Because a fellow gets a reputation, as a rounder is no indication that he is moving in high social circles.—Indianapolis Star.

Daily Thought.

Virtue is like a rich stone, best set plain.—Bacon.

Became Masons During War.

The following are but a few of the Masons who became distinguished during the Civil war: McClellan, Hancock, Logan, Pickett, Garfield, McKinley, Albert Pike, Mines and Gen. John Corson Smith of Illinois. The latter was noted as a Masonic writer and author, and served in the Civil war in every grade from private to brigadier general. Later he became lieutenant governor of Illinois and general grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois and grand master of Grand Encampment Knights Templars of America. Proceedings Grand Lodge of Quebec 1916.

Object Lesson.

Staid and serious Mary felt keenly responsible for the deportment of her younger sister, Margaret, who was entirely lacking in a sense of decorum. At a children's party one afternoon Mary was horrified to see her sister chewing gum with all the vigor and abandon of her nature. Hastily sweeping the offender into a corner, Mary pointed out a third little guest who was managing her stick of gum with commendable moderation and restraint. "Margaret," she said severely, "I want you to notice how a lady chews gum."

Substitute for Pepsin.

Health experts in the Philippines are trying to develop an industry in the dried juice of the papaya for medicinal purposes as a substitute for pepsin.

A LITTLE DISPLAY OF TEMPER

A Group of Rocky Mountain Sheep.

One hears of the affection of wild creatures and their devotion to one another, even unto death. This is undoubtedly true in many instances, but to my mind more wild animals die through displaying bad temper than through gentler senses. I have seen a grand ten-point antlered deer brought down while fighting a game little spike buck. I have seen a surly pike ram his head into a net while attempting to annihilate a big bull trout. More than once I saw a grizzly that died because he had lost his temper when the man approached as the bear was dying, and I was once an active participator in the death of a lynx that would have escaped unscathed had it not stopped to claw up a dog that it could have outrun on three legs. On the other hand, there are many cases of affection. Once I was an interested observer of a she-bear putting a last-climbing Dane up a tree and keeping him there while her twin cubs attacked neighboring saplings and were, in her opinion, learning how. I have been told of devoted bears that committed deliberate suicide because their mates had taken poison. I know of enormous bull moose off the coast of British Columbia who personally see to it that the smallest pup is driven into the safety of the black waters when danger threatens. Then there are the cases of the male salmon guarding the spawning beds from buccaneering males while the female salmon deposit their eggs, and sailing men have told me of whales [illegible] their great flukes while their mothers were reaching deep for [illegible] mother's vitals. All these are worth telling and may be told, but at present the subject is temper leading up to the demise of the mountain sheep whose eighteen-inch horns had been the ambition of hunters for three long seasons.

He ranged the peaks a score of miles below Banff, where, from the highest pinnacles of his range he could look down the fair sweep of the valley and see C. P. R. trains rolling up or roaring down the grades. He did not know what they were nor did they bother his mind much. To him they may have been crawling flies. His simple life did not include them, his chief annoyances were the self-imposed duties of whipping young and ambitious bucks, keeping his band of ewes in proper subjection, and avoiding the two-legged creatures who crawled so clumsily about the rocks and frightened one with sharp noises followed by high-pitched whines. Once, when he had heard the sharp sound and did not hear the whine, his side had hurt for a long time and the blood had flowed as it does when an eagle or a mountain lion rips the hide, and he did not want to repeat that experience. So he was very watchful.

One day he stood on a wind-swept slope and gazed high-headed over the broad valley. Nearby his band browsed placidly. A youthful and injudicious male edged over to a charming young female and butted her playfully. She too displayed frivolity, she shouldered him away invitingly. The king of the band saw [illegible] and stamped a stern warning. The young buck and the silly ewe sprang apart with a

Keen appreciation of what followed outbursts of temper by the lord and master. A small stone, loosened by the hasty feet of the young buck rolled and clattered down the rocky grade.

Around behind a distant shoulder of rocks a man who had been fruitlessly hunting all afternoon had turned toward his valley camp, warned by the lengthening shadows of late afternoon. He heard a distant clatter of a rolling stone on loose shale and paused a moment before dropping to his knees and creeping noiselessly toward the point from whence the clatter came. The big buck, high-headed and watchful, but raging and foaming with anger, was just stepping down toward the impudent young male with every intention of inflicting merited chastisement when the rifle cracked. The animal turned and fled, blindly and fast, half stunned by the blow that smote his shoulder and burned his interior. He ran instinctively upward while his band also scattered to the heights by other routes and the white man, breathless and panting, followed the blood drops that marked the path of his prize. He followed to the snow line and beyond, his hunter's soul gladdened by the crimson dashes on the white mantle. And at last, a half mile from where he had raised the band, and a thousand feet above the spot, he came upon the bighorn chief's body, half buried in the pure white of a heaven-climbing slide. One little display of jealous temper had ruined the life of the most astute Rocky Mountain sheep in the whole hunting country south of the C. P. R. main line.—L. V. K.

TORONTO MARKET.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Live stock receipts fair, prices generally higher with active trade.

Choice export cattle	$13.50	$14.50
Choice butchers	10.50	11.75
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.50
Feeding steers	9.50	10.50
Ewes	9.75	10.50
Lambs	15.75	16.00
Hogs f.a.w.	17.00	17.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.25	16.25
Calves	17.00	18.00

Unkindness Often Sad Habit.

Unkindness is more a loose, indifferent habit than intentional neglect, disrespect, or downright meanness. Words and deeds are generated by thoughts; and it is so easy to fall into slothful, indifferent thinking that, oftentimes unthinkingly, we neglect, speak carelessly to, or treat unconcernedly those toward whom we ought to act with most consideration and deference. G. E. W., in Great Thoughts.

Chinese Don't Like Cheese.

Statisticians have figured out that England eats the larger part of Europe's output of cheese. Europe's output amounts to 340,000,000 kilograms. England alone consumes 120,000,000 kilograms of this amount. Next comes Holland, which takes 56,000,000; Switzerland takes 43,000,000; France, 31,000,000, and Germany 20,000,000 kilograms. The only people on earth who eat no cheese are the Chinese.

Color Blind.

One man in England in every sixty is partially or wholly color blind, so at least the tests for the English mercantile marine seem to show. A noted professor maintains that the proportion is even larger. Candidates, after passing all the usual tests relied upon by the navy and the railway companies, have been found to be defective by his lantern.

Contrary Mineral.

Coal is a contrary critter. Instead of expanding generously, like water, in freezing weather, it contracts rapidly. The sensitive coal pile shrinks at the first touch of winter and, with the mercury at zero, when every respectable commodity is frozen stiff, the costly coal pile melts away like Simple Simon's snowball before the fire.

Painful Insinuation.

Little six-year-old to young aunt showing him a family portrait: "What a funny way that grandpa is dressed, auntie!" Auntie—"That is the way gentlemen dressed more than a hundred years ago." Six-Year-Old—"And when gentlemen dressed like that, what did you wear, auntie?"

Choose Your Work Carefully.

If possible, choose your work because you believe you are fitted for it, not simply because it gives you the wherewithal to live. Be glad because you can do it well, not because it pays better than something else, or brings you into association with people you admire.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

*8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

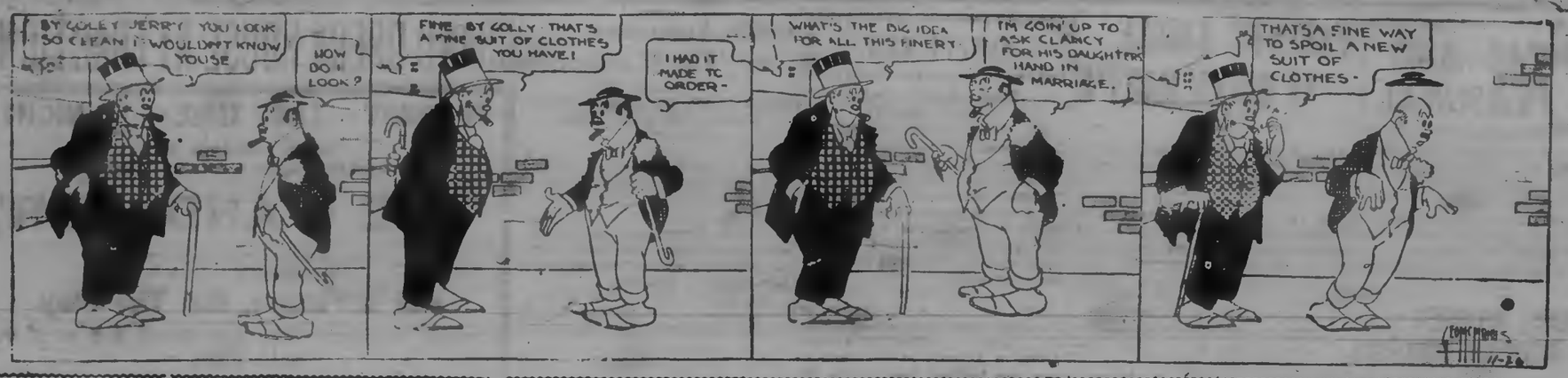
12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

7:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS


BY GOLEY JERRY YOU LOOK SO CLEAN I WOULDN'T KNOW YOUSE
HOW DO I LOOK?
FINE BY GOLLY THAT'S A FINE SUIT OF CLOTHES YOU HAVE!
I HAD IT MADE TO ORDER-
WHAT'S THE BIG IDEA FOR ALL THIS FINERY
I'M GOIN' UP TO ASK CLANCY FOR HIS DAUGHTER'S HAND IN MARRIAGE.
THAT'SA FINE WAY TO SPOIL A NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES-

FREAK PITCHING WILL ALWAYS BE A FEATURE OF BASEBALL

Vigorous Campaign to Stamp Out Spit Balls and Other Mysterious Deliveries Have Always Failed—Pitchers Too Sharp for the Officials

(By Billy Evans)

The freak pitching delivery has about come to stay in baseball. That may seem a rather strange statement but it is true nevertheless.

The spitball, which might be classed as the first of the new-fangled methods of pitching, is still with us. There has been constant agitation for the abolition of the "spitter," but it usually proves to be mere winter chatter.

With the spitball doing business, it is rather hard to attempt to eliminate the other freak methods of deceiving batsmen.

Last season the American Association sought to solve the freak pitching situation that had played havoc with the batting, by abolishing the spitball. No pitcher was allowed to come up to the mouth with the ball, as is customary with spitball pitchers, in preparing the ball for delivery.

Just how successful the scheme worked out, I don't know. I have talked with several American Association umpires and they tell me the rule was rigidly enforced. I do know several association pitchers who joined the American League, after the close of their season, relied largely on the spitball for success in the Johnsonian organization.

There is Ray Keating for instance who joined the New York Americans. Perhaps Keating got by in the association with the fast one and the curve, but the moment he came back to the American League his best asset was the "spitter."

I have always regretted the introduction of the spitball and other freak deliveries. I think baseball would be more interesting if pitchers confined their stock in trade to speed, curves and a change in pace. It would give the batsmen a better chance, and, since a certain amount of batting is essential to the interest of the game, that would be one advantage gained. In the second place it would tend to develop smarter pitching if the twirlers had no freak delivery to resort to in a pinch. In the third place, the introduction of the freak deliveries slowed up the game, because a pitcher in using a freak delivery must have the ball properly manicured before delivering it, and must be careful as to how he holds the ball as he starts it to the batter.

Another puzzling feature that has crept into the pastime as a result of the use of freak deliveries is the constant desire of batsmen to make a careful investigation of the ball any time he strikes out or fails to come through in a pinch, in a great many cases the thought of an alibi is uppermost in the athlete's mind, as he demands that the ball be given the "once over". Yet in many cases I have not attached a whit of blame to the player because he got such a deceptive break on the ball it was practically certain the pitcher reported to some unusual method.

Russell Ford made the emery ball famous. Many other pitchers prolonged their careers through its use. The American League, realizing the emery ball must go, placed such a drastic penalty on its use that the emery ball proper is no longer included in the repertoire of American league pitchers.

To offer an example of the theory I am attempting to prove I submit the conversation I had with an American League pitched a few days before the close of last season. I will not give his name because that would be unfair, but I will say he is one of the best pitchers in the American League, one who could easily hold his own if speed, curves and a change of pace were really all you could possibly get away with.

I had noticed that whenever in a pinch his pitcher would get a lot of stuff on the all important ball he could make it "sail." As a rule he wouldn't resort to such a delivery more than a dozen times in a game, but when he did the batsman was practically helpless. Undoubtedly had pitcher believed baseball would be on tap in 1919 he would never have mentioned the secret.

The nail on the thumb of the right hand was made to resemble a perfect little saw. I could see at a glance that the passing of that thumb nail over the smooth surface of a new ball would produce a roughened surface of any size desired.

"Why I have been as particular about that thumb nail," continued the pitcher, "as I have been about my salary arm or my general condition. I have called it into use only on rare occasions, as I did no desire to arouse curiosity. I knew my ordinary stuff would serve me out of the time, but in a pinch I wanted some thing in reserve, and as such times I resorted to my thumb-nail ball.

Just to satisfy myself, I took a new ball out of my pocket, handed it to him and asked him to exhibit his deftness. In side of ten seconds he had turned the trick, and it was the roughest little rough spot you ever saw. So while the crazy ball has passed, there are so many substitutes equally effective that its passing has meant nothing to the batters.

Guelph Board of Health lifted the ban on public meetings, as the influenza epidemic is under control.

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THURSDAY—City Hockey League.

No Skating.

FRIDAY—Skating.

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DIAMOND GOSSIP

Stories of Silk O'Loughlin's career as an umpire are many, following his death, and they reveal two outstanding features in his makeup—quick wit and never-failng courage. One of the best told is of a little spat Silk had with Ty Cobb, in which Ty was made to see the point and admitted he saw it.

Cobb was batting, O'Loughlin was umpiring and things were popping. It was Ty's first time up. Silk called a strike, which Ty thought was too high.

"Clean out your lamps—look 'em over," said the irate Cobb.

"Never missed a strike in my life, Tyrus," replied Silk.

"You missed that one—it was a mile too high," insisted Cobb.

"Trouble with you, Ty, is that you took too long a stride," replied the umpire.

"What do you mean? Are you trying to tell me how to bat?" asked the Peach.

"You were just telling me how to umpire," came the reply from O'Loughlin. "You stick to your batting, let me umpire, and we'll get along bully."

Kid Gleason once stopped O'Loughlin, but it wasn't in a ball game. The contest hadn't started, at Comiskey Park. On that particular day Silk ventured over to the White Sox bench. The Sox had lost two games of the series and nobody on the team was in a cheerful mood.

"Well, waddye want?" snapped the Kid as Silk approached.

"I'd like to borrow a pencil," said O'Loughlin.

"All right; let him have one, but tie a string to it. A fellow's taking an awful chance when he lends an umpire anything," said Gleason. Silk, remembering no game was in progress, let the Kid get away with it. Besides, the Sox were losing, and Silk probably decided to consider the source.

They tell one on Kid Elberfeld and O'Loughlin that happened in the Kid's tempestuous career. In this instance the Kid actually thanked O'Loughlin for firing him out of a game.

Elberfeld had been chased from the park for infringing on the code of baseball etiquet. The club-house was in centerfield. The Kid dressed, left the club-house and strolled straight for the home plate. He came from centerfield, stepped on second base, strolled through the slab and strode up to the old home pan. Under each arm he carried a large pane of glass.

"What do you mean by stopping this ball game?" snapped O'Loughlin, as he walked up to the Kid.

"Mr. O'Loughlin, I forgot to thank you," explained Elderfeld. "I had to put these panes of glass in the kitchen window. You have done me a great favor, and I wish to thank you from the bottom of my heart. I didn't know an umpire could be so kind. I actually believe your're half human after all."

"Get out-" roared O'Loughlin, pointing his thumb toward the gate. "You're carrying two panes and you give me one." And with that Elberfeld, the scrappy shrimp, strolled out of the park. The game proceeded without further incident. But it had lost half of its interest with the departure of the Kid.

"Silk O'Loughlin had nerve—that was his middle name," declared Jack Riley, former minor league umpire and a close friend of the late big-league umpire, when he recalled some instances when Silk showed that he ruled baseball games with an iron hand.

"It was in 1908," continued Riley, "that Silk had trouble in Cleveland with the New York Americans, then under the leadership of Clark Griffith. Silk had chased player after player on the New York team, including Griffith, until there were not enough men on the field to make up a team. Then he forfeited the game to Cleveland.

"The New York newspapers had big write-ups on the incident. They declared O'Loughlin could never be permitted to umpire another game of ball on the American League's grounds in New York.

"Well, I was in the big town a few weeks later, and going up on the 'L' to the ball park I dropped into a seat by the side of Silk. He was scheduled to umpire the game that day. I walked into the grand-stand and got a front seat. The boys were warming up near me, and one said, 'Who's going to umpire today?'

"Just at that moment the bell rang, and Silk walked onto the field from the dug-out. His reception was not what an umpire would really relish, but Silk walked to the plate, got the batteries and balls, and the game started. The crowd started to ride him immediately. Griffith was on the third-base coaching line. Well, it was in the first inning, and Griffith made one of his lunges out of the coaching box onto the base line.

"'That's enough of that,' commented Silk, but Griffith started toward the plate, apparently to give him an argument. 'Go,' ruled O'Loughlin, as he pulled his watch, 'and run while you're going.' Griffith went, and Silk made him trot to the club-house.

"Well, New York lost that game, and the crowd rushed onto the field, but that nervy Silk just walked through them without a bit of rough that nerve. Well, I'll say it is."

THE FLYING DUTCHMEN—London Opinion.

LOCAL BOWLERS WIN 5-MAN EVENT FROM TORONTOS

But Visitors Win All Singles and Doubles in the Evening.

At the Water street alleys yesterday afternoon, Toronto bowlers fell down before the Peterboro heavyweights in the five-man league event.

The Petes were in good shape and rolled a total of 2965 for the three games, while the visitors had 2635, giving the Petes a margin of 325 pins on the game for Toronto on Monday next. For the Petes, Solmon had a total of 748, and high single of 320, while P. Gettas rolled 659 and Bloomfield for the visitors was high with 547.

In the evening the singles and doubles were played and Toronto carried off all the honors in these events, the Petes not having got into shape after the afternoon success.

After the games were over, cheers were given for the players. All then adjourned to the Boston Cafe where they sat down to a sumptuous repast. After the minor man had been satisfied songs and speeches were in order.

The visitors left on the early train for Toronto this morning. The score was:

Five-Men Team.

—Toronto—	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Church	136	170	167—	473
Keyes	132	153	214—	499
Corzin	172	182	156—	510
Bell	172	225	159—	556
Bloomfield	159	227	211—	597
Totals	771	957	907—2635	

—Peterboro—	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Fitzpatrick	212	94	162—	468
Webber	119	269	157—	545
Gettas	207	213	239—	659
Ross	198	214	103—	545
Solomon	172	320	256—	748
Totals	908	1140	917—2965	

Singles.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Bell	226	141	186—	552
Fitpatrick	128	147	202—	477
Church	209	200	189—	598
Webber	178	203	90—	466
Hammond	177	198	229—	601
Gettas	186	211	138—	535
Hardman	198	178	301—	677
Ross	129	155	139—	423
Bloomfield	229	232	202—	663
Solomon	161	148	173—	582

Doubles.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Hartman	182	198	177—	557
Hammond	208	165	152—	525
Fitzpatrick	157	142	170—	419
Ross	128	179	165—	412

Lindsay Warder Explains Defeat

Speaking of the hockey game at Lindsay Monday night between the Intermediates of Lindsay and the team from this city, the Warder says:

The visitors were accompanied by number of supporters and by Jerry Coughlin, their trainer. They brought their best team, one that showed every sign of giving an even better account of themselves when they get out on larger ice.

They did not exactly put it over Lindsay like a tent, but they demonstrated a speedier forward line, a more tactful defence and better headwork. Added to this they were in better condition.

All of which is not to be wondered at. Peterboro started seven and eight months ago locating players, and succeeded in signing up a crew of old timers at the game, including Halpin the speedy defence man who was wanted by the Hamilton Tigers and by Kingston. Also Jackson and Rose, and the old reliable Legrow in goal. Then they have a hulking giant called Saults on defence and a speedy man named Evans in centre, while Lowes and Kennedy subbed. They have been at work in the "gym" for months past—and on the ice as well.

ALL GRADUATED FROM ORIOLES

BASEBALL MANAGER WHO FIRST WON FAME WITH BALTIMORE TEAM.

Far back in the history of the national game was a ball team called the Orioles, famous and fearless.

It was a fighting team, scrappers who never knew when they were beaten.

And it has remained for five of its members to demonstrate that class will always tell.

For five of them have been called to the managership of big league teams, a record in itself.

Of the five, "Muggsy" McGraw has had the most unqualified success. His handling of the Giants is wherever baseball is played.

Hughie Jennings too, has had his measure of prosperity, profits and pennants.

Wilbert Robinson led Brooklyn to a pennant.

Joe Kelley was the only Oriole manager failure. He led the Boston Braves and the Cincinnati Reds in losing battles. His best effort was landing the Reds in third.

And most recent of the old Orioles to become a big league manager "Kid" Gleason has just been appointed to head the Chicago White Sox.

Gleason has acted for several years as assistant manager and there have been many who claimed that it was he and not Rowland who put the win in the White Sox of 1917.

Kid now has a chance to show who did it.

He will make the White Hose a different type of manager than it has ever had.

For like McGraw and Jennings, Gleason is a fighter and who is out to win and who never knows his team is beaten until the ump sings the swan song on the last inter.

By the way the Kid is far from being one; but at that, he's only 53 years young.

Mrs. Frank, wife of Fred. W. Frank, secretary of Brantford Water Commissioner, died suddenly.

Bell	160	209	171—	542
Corzin	161	119	181—	451
Henderson	182	172	126—	635
Gettas	152	127	179—	498
Church	191	186	158—	535
Bloomfield	250	172	249—	671
Webber	160	207	156—	523
Solomon	215	161	153—	533

NEW WING

Of the Salvation Army Woman's Hospital at London, Ont., which has accommodation for 100 beds.

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

This week we shall offer a grouping of

LADIES' DRESSES

The styles and values are incomparable and it is a unique opportunity in every sense. Do not miss these.

We have still a few Suits and Coats left.

The Barrie Building.
Phone 340

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

CHARITY BOARD MET

Last night there was a meeting of the Charity Board. Nothing but routine business was transacted.

NOTICE

The monthly meetng of the local Council of Women will be held on Thursday, 16th inst., at 3.30 p.m., in the Y.W.C.A. Kindly return nomination papers at this meeting.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McNeely, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WAR GRATUITY BLANKS

Colonel Joseph Mills has received a supply of war gratuity forms and anyone wishing to obtain any of these can do so by applying to the caretaker of the Armouries.

BICYCLES REPAIRED.

Have your wheel cleaned and repaired now. If you wait until the sun shines on both sides of the fence and everybody speaks at once it will not be ready when you want to use it. Phone 234J and we will send for your work.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
295 Hunter St.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Tuesday evening, January 30, at 8 o'clock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

An open meeting of the Trades and Labor will be held Thursday evening, Jan. 16, at 8.30 p.m., to which all the labor men of the city are invited to hear the Minister of Labor, the Hon. Senator Robertson.

A. J. BOLWELL, Pres. W. STEVENS. Cor. Sec.

NOTICE TO RED CROSS SUBSCRIBERS

For the present the policy of the Red Cross Society will be to discontinue collecting from subscribers, pending the receipt of more definite information from headquarters as to the disbursement of the funds.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. T. J. Blois, 265 Rubidge St., is visiting Mrs. Alf George at Port Hope.

Dr. Young leaves this afternoon to attend a meeting of the Ontario Medical Association in Toronto. Dr. Young is the district representative.

FAVORS WOMEN ON SCHOOL BOARDS

HON. DR. CODY WOULD HAVE ONE ON EVERY BOARD.

London, Ont., Jan. 15.—Speaking at the formal opening of London's technical and art school building, Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education, said that he hoped the Dominion Government would see its way clear to include aid for technical education in its reconstruction program. "If they do this we can go ahead in the work by leaps and bounds," he said. Canada, he added, is launched definitely in the stream of world life. These technical schools are designed to meet the demand that Canadian workmen shall be the best trained workmen in the world.

Speaking of the election of three ladies to the London School Board, Dr. Cody said "There are few spheres of public advice for which ladies are better adapted than education. I hope the time will soon come when every board in the province will have at least one woman as a member. There are none who have a keener interest in the children."

"SUNNY FRANCE."

Twenty minutes after the plan was opened for "In Sunny France" in Brockville every good seat was taken. This beautiful musical comedy will be presented in Peterborough on January 27 and 28. Nearly 150 amateurs will take part.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Benner Werth Co.

NOTICE.

The meeting of the executive of the G. W. V. A., which was to have been held this evening, will be cancelled until further notice.

S. WHATLEY,
Secretary.

"THE GROCETERIA."

Approved by Food Board.

The Groceteria has the modern method of distributing foods of quality where the expensive delivery and credit systems are done away with, where you get quick service, as all goods are parcelled and priced, and you save.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR.

St. Paul's choir and their friends will meet at Mr. Allan's house tomorrow (Thursday) night at eight o'clock.

CLERK WANTED

Male or female, for insurance office; experience not necessary, but must be good writer and speller. Apply, stating wages, etc., to Box 231, Review.

DIES AT NINETY-SIX.

Kingston, Jan. 14.—Caroline Montgomery Fernside, widow of David Cunningham, and one of Kingston's very oldest residents, is dead, aged 96 years. She was born in Scotland and lived in Kingston for more than seventy-five years.

Annual Meeting Of Knox Church

The annual meeting of Knox Presbyterian Church will be held tonight, beginning at 7:45 o'clock.

Edward McGiven, master mechanic of the Hydro Power Canal construction at Niagara Falls, has resigned to go to Welland.

The slate of committees submitted by the striking committee at the inaugural meeting of Brantford Council yesterday, was defeated.

Peter Major, 21, was drowned while skating on Lake St. Clair near the village of [illegible], Ont. The body was recovered an hour later.

An embargo has been placed on the shipment of Canadian goods overseas, owing to congestion of traffic at British and French ports.

PARENTS' CIRCLE AT QUEEN MARY'S

ALL OFFICERS WERE RE-ELECTED AT ANNUAL MEETING OF SOCIETY.

The parents Circle of Queen Mary School held their annual meeting on Monday afternoon in the school. Officers of the previous year were elected by acclamation and are as follows:

President—Mrs. S. T. Medd.
Vice-President—Mrs. Connelly.
Secretary—Mrs. E. W. Borbridge.
Treasurer—Mrs. Blade.
Treasurer of Flower Fund—Mrs. M McCullough.
Convener of Visiting Committee—Mrs. W. Waugh.
Convener of Reception Committee—Mrs. Edmiston.
Convener of Program Committee—Mrs. C. Adair.
Convener of Sewing Class—Mrs. C. Clemence.

Representatives to Loyal Council of Women.—Mrs. Waugh, Mrs. E. Borbridge and Miss McKay.

A standing vote of thanks to the President and executive for their services during the past year was moved by Mrs. M. A. Morrison and heartily responded to by those present.

It was decided to hold the regular monthly meetings on the first Friday in every month. The sewing classes to be held every Friday afternoon at four o'clock in the school.

Miss Caldwell delighted those present with a piano selection after which the annual report was read, as follows:

Although the Circle has been greatly handicapped in their several undertakings during the past term owing to the recent epidemic, still much has been accomplished.

Last spring it was decided to raise funds to provide for a first aid kit and flower fund for the school. Through the generosity of Mrs. M. A. Morrison, who kindly offered her home for the occasion. An afternoon tea and musical was given, at which, a silver collection was taken and a sum sufficient to meet the required demands was realized.

We have to thank the Engineer's Club of the city, assisted by the executive and members of the Circle for the very instructive moving picture production of the Waterways of Canada, produced at the Empire theatre in April last, to which all pupils of the third and fourth classes of the public and separate schools were invited.

In May an open night was given at the school which took the form of an impromptu concert to which the general public was invited. The splendid program was entirely in the hands of the pupils, who without special preparation or practice carried it through with wonderful success. The numbers consisted of chorus, violin, piano and orchestra selections. A silver collection was taken, the proceeds of which were given to the Red Cross.

In June the annual picnic was held in Jackson Park and as usual proved to be a very enjoyable affair, an unusually large number attending.

The Sewing classes organized by Mrs. Clemence, assisted by members of the Circle, and which met with such success during the early part of last winter had to be discontinued owing to the fuel situation. It is sincerely hoped that with the better condition this winter these classes will be continued.

At the last regular monthly meeting it was moved by Mrs. McCullough, seconded by Mrs. Connolly that:—The Parent's Circle of Queen Mary School place themselves on record as approving the motion of the Renfrew branch of the Woman's Council, to place the subjects, sewing, cooking, home-nursing, etc. on the curriculum for senior classes in public schools, but, further suggest that these subjects be extended to the curriculum in lower classes.

FAVORS ALLIANCE OF ENTENTE

Prof. J. Gibson Hume of the University of Toronto, addressing the Men's Society at St. John's Anglican Church on Portland street last night, declared himself in favor of an alliance of the Entente nations instead of the much talked of League of Nations. It was impossible, he said, to include Germany or the other Central powers in any arrangements that would be made. Though Germany was defeated, she was not, he said, truly penitent. Prof. Hume declared himself in favor of maintaining the Canadian and other allied troops for a time in Russia. It was the allies' duty, he said, to bring about peace there.

OBITUARY

MRS. GEORGE MILLS
(Calgary Herald.)

Mrs. George Mills, an energetic Red Cross worker of the Three Hills district, succumbed to the influenza on Saturday last and was buried on Tuesday. Deceased was president of the Twining branch of the Red Cross and it was due largely to her efforts that such splendid results were accomplished by that branch during the period of the war.

The late Mrs. Mills was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chatten, of Twining, formerly of Lakeside, Ont. She leaves her husband, now seriously ill; a daughter of five years of age, two brothers, George, with the 127th battalion in France; Clifford, at home, and two sisters, Hazel and Myrtle. She was a niece of Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Richardson, of 114 Nineteenth avenue northeast, Calgary.

Mrs. Mills was well known in Calgary, where she went to the Normbal school about eight years ago. She resided here for some time after her marriage, while Mr. Mills was engaged in the plumbing business in the city. Mrs. Mills was only 27 years of age when she died.

MRS. MARY LEONARD

Mrs. Mary Leonard passed away yesterday morning at 9.30 a.m. at her home, Ennismore, con. 7 lot 9, after an illness of four months' duration.

Deceased leaves a son and daughter, Patrick John and Mary Elizabeth, both at home, and three brothers, Patrick C. Sullivan and Michael C., of Ennismore, and John C. of Ashburnham. Mrs. John K. Gallery of Ennismore, and Miss Kate Sullivan, of this city, are sisters.

On Thursday morning at 9 o'clock the funeral will be held to St. Martin's Church and cemetery, Ennismore.

"$5,000 AN HOUR" WILL HAVE LOCAL SHOWING

Hale Hamilton, of "Get-Rich-Quick Willingford" fame in $5,000 An Hour" will be seen at the Grand theatre Thursday, Friday and Saturday this week. It is a screen adaptation of the famous story of the same name by George Randolph Chester, noted dramatist and writer. The story is of unusual vigor and strength and presents Mr. Hamilton in the dynamic leading role which is one eminently suited to his virile and compelling style of comedy, and as Johnny Gamble, he is seen at his best.

The story deals with the problems of a young man who has set himself the seemingly impossible task of making a million dollars in six weeks—five thousand an hour. The reason for this is a girl—if he does not have the money in the appointed time he cannot, in honor, ask her to marry him, so, obviously, the money must be found. His methods are so convincing and full of ingenious subtlety that he carries all his business associates with him through a series of breathless adventures which will appeal to those who admire vigor and determination in a man and love and loyalty in the girl who loves him.

With Mr. Hamilton is Lucille Lee Stewart, who plays the part of the girl, Constance Joy. Others of note in the exceptionally strong cast are, Florence Short, William Fredericks, Robert Middlemass, Gilbert Douglas, Robert Whittier, Warren Cook, Charles Edwards, Jack Bulgar, Hardee Kirkland and Isabel O'Madigan. The play was directed by Ralph W. Ince under the personal supervision of Maxwell Karger.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

Peter Major, aged 21, of Price, was drowned when skating on Lake S. Clair Sunday afternoon.

Canadian export shipments are arrested on account, it is stated, of congestion in British and French ports.

The new scheme of war gratuities to replace post-discharge pay, and the free transport home of soldiers' dependents, are both made retroactive.

The new technical school at London was formally opened by Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education.

John C. Breithaupt was elected chairman of the Kitchener water commission for his twentieth term.

Montenegro has declared that Italian troops must evacuate Montenegrin territory.

Rev. G. W. Lattimer, for the past two years rector of St. Matthew's Anglican Church, London, died of pneumonia, following flu.

Antoine and Michel Wendling, Alsatians, of Brockville, learned yesterday of the death of their brother near Strassbourg, exactly three years ago.

A Spartacan attempt to capture Dr. Dernburg and hold him as hostage has failed.

Arrangements are being made in Great Britain to demobilize 27,000 overseas troops daily.

Large Audiences See "The Wanderer"

BIBLE PLAY AT GRAND PRESENTED FOR LAST TIME TONIGHT.

Last night the imposing Biblical play "The Wanderer" was presented for the second time at the Grand Opera House and drew a much larger attendance than that which greeted it upon Monday night. This afternoon and this evening the concluding performances will be held.

The play is the work of Maurice V Samuels and is the story of the Prodigal son, written in proper form for the stage and faultlessly interpreted. The success of the presentation is assured by the adoption of every electrical applianre which lan render it more spehtadular. The slenery is of the most elaborate kind and the hostumes of those taking part are a faithful representation of the habit worn in the days when the youthful son of Jesse demanded his portion of the father's estate and went forth into the world to seek fortune and enjoyment in strange cities and countries and above all in the pleasure haunts of the great metropolis of Judea.

In the presentation of "The Wanderer" superior qualities are demanded of the actors who assume the leading rolls. They impersonate men and women who lived in the dim ages of the past of whose liobets of life little is known except what can be gleaned from the pager of the Good Book itself which is not given to detailed descriptions of a kind which would facilitate a playwright in preparng a masterpiece such as "The Wanderer," undoubtedly is. The leading players are of a superior order and carry out their parts by making use of all the arts peluliar to the talented actor and the employment of best emphasis in speaking.

Those who fail to see this great play either this afternoon or tonight will miss an opportunity which may never be offered them again of seeing that intensely interesting story of the Bible presented by a company such as seldom visits this city. The story of the Prodigal Son is two thousand years old, but is of an absorbing interest in the year of Grace, 1919, as ever before, because the moral it holds never grows old or less its contemporary application. There are just as many prodigals today as in the days of Jether and Jesse and they are being fleeced with as much ease and profit by the sharks of our cities as was the Jewish spendthrift in the luxurious roof gardens of Nadina in Jerusalem in the long ago.

Must Still Carry Military Papers

REGULATION IN THIS REGARD HAS NOT YET BEEN ABOLISHED

Ottawa, Jan. 15. — Important regulations under the Military Service Act, it is officially stated, are still in force. These include the regulation which requires each person of apparent military age and description to carry documents proving his status under the Act. They include also the regulations pertaining to the duty of employers to notify registrars of all Class One men taken on or off their employ, and of securing themselves that no men in their employ, or taken on their employ, are in any way in default under the Military Service Act.

A number of other regulations passed under the Act have been suspended. Men becoming 19 years of age, Americans, British subjects coming to Canada to reside, and men becoming widowers, are no longer required to register. It is also unnecessary for any Class One men to make any further application whatever in connection with exemptions, as all exemptions current on November 11, 1918, are continued effective indefinitely.

Requirement of notification of change of address to the Military Service Act Registrars is suspended, as also is the provision requiring registrants to obtain permits to leave Canada.

To render the detection of defaulters as simple as possible registrars are issuing a uniform protection certificate to all men under their jurisdiction and in good standing on their records on November 11, 1918. This certificate will replace all exemption and protection certificates previously issued by registrars.

With the exception of a nucleus staff, consisting of the registrar and five assistants, registration offices are to be closed on Feb. 15.

The Arenas of Toronto and Ottawa by 5-2 in Toronto last night. Some O.H.A. stars who were expected to appear in the Arena lineup did not play.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — LAST TIME — TO-NIGHT

Elliott, Comstock Gest
present the Mighty Dramatic Spectacle

'THE WANDERER'

Positively the Grentest Attraction Ever Brought to Peterboro

Not a Picture, But The Play

Prices, Evenings—75c, $1,00 $1,50, few at $2.00
Gallery 50c.

Thursday, Friday & Saturday
January 16-17-18

Daily Matinee 2:30. Evenings 7:30

HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES & POLITE VAUDEVILLE

Big "Metro" Feature HALE HAMILTON in

"$5,000 AN HOUR

2 Reel Comedy—British Gazette—Judge Brown Story

PERO AND WILSON—Vaudeville
Juggling and Barrel Spinning

Matinee 10c Evening 15c

The Annual Meeting

of the
PETERBORO INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION
will be held in the Council Chamber, Peterborough, on
FRIDAY, JANUARY 17th, 1919,
at 1 o'clock sharp.

All members, and others interested in the success of the Fair, are asked to be present. Presentation of Reports, Election of Officers.

ROLAND DENNE, Pres. F. J. A. HALL, Sec'y.

The Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Lot holders of the Company will be held at the City Council Chambers, Peterborough, on MONDAY THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, at 3 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President E. A. PECK, Secretary

NOTED EDITOR TO SPEAK HERE

C. G. TRUMBULL, OF SUNDAY SCHOOL TIMES, AT S. PAUL'S JANUARY 24th.

Word has been received in the city that Mr. Chas. G. Trumbell, Editor of the Sunday School Times, Philadelphia, who is to address a series of meetings in Toronto, on Wednesday and Thursday of next week, will come to Peterboro on Friday, January 24th, and address two meetings in St. Paul's Church in the afternoon and evening. For forty years or more Mr. Trumbell and his father before him have been the editors of the Sunday School Times which now has a circulation of 115,000, its subscribers being located in all parts of the continent. Some of the schools in Peterboro subscribe for the Sunday School Times for all their teachers. Mr. Trumbell will speak on "The Victorious Life." He has been in great demand as a speaker at large conferences held throughout the United States during the past few years. Efforts have been made for a long time to bring him to Peterboro but this is the first occasion on which he has found it possible to accept. The meetings will be open to the public.

Major C. B. Price, D.C.M., has been awarded the D.S.O. for his work during the crossing of the Canal du Nord. His parents live in Brockville.

Kitchener resents the rumor that one of its schools is advertising for a German teacher. It is in the village of St. Agatha that the teacher is wanted.

To protect her thirteen-year-old daughter "from an insane father," Mrs. Jacques Lebaudy killed her husband, the millionaire "Emperor of Sahara."

Want to Buy

any part

$50,000

Of the Following Bonds

UNITED KINGDOM 3-year .. 101¼
5½% (1st Nov. 1919 & Int.

UNITED KINGDOM 5-year 99½
5½% (1st Nov. 1921) & Int.

ANGLO-FRENCH 98½
5% (15th Oct 1920) & Int.

CANADA 2-year 100½
5% (1st Aug. 1919) & Int.

Peterborough Security Co.
Hughson Johnstone .. Manager
PETERBOROUGH
PHONE 958. 421 GEORGE ST.

VICTORY BONDS
Bought and Sold.
Fire, Life, Accident Assurance.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

BOOST MAYOR'S SALARY

Niagara Falls, Ont., Jan. 15. — The City Council inaugural meeting was held yesterday, because most of the Council were away on Monday. Increases in salary were given to all the city officials, that of Mayor Stephens being raised from $800 to $1,100. City teamsters were raised from $900 to $1,200 a year.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh to strong south westerly winds, fair and mild today and continuing mild on Friday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 13 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

NEBRASKA VOTES DRY ON FEDERAL LIQUOR BILL

LAST OF STATES REQUIRED TO GIVE MEASURE EFFECT.

GREATEST REFORM ON RECORD

LAW WILL BECOME OPERATIVE ONE YEAR AFTER THE RATIFICATION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 16.—The United States has voted itself completely dry. Nebraska has ratified the Federal constitutional amendment, being the thirty-sixth state to make this decision. U. S. Congress will now vote general prohibition for the entire nation.

The News in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The United States today completed the Legislative process of voting itself dry. When the word was flashed over the wires that the 36th state, Nebraska, had ratified prohibition, amendment prohibition leaders declared that the accomplishment was the greatest piece of moral Legislation in the history of the world. The amendment to Federal constitution prohibitiong the manufacturing and sale of intoxicating beverages becomes effective one year after the date of its final ratification. Mean while, the nation goes dry July 1 next, by presidential proclamation as a war measure unless the President rescinds it before that date.

How the States Voted.

Congress passed the resolution submitting the amendment to the various state Legislatures in the midst of the seething preparations for war in 1917. The Senate adopted the resolution August 1 by a vote of 65 to 20 and the Lower House on Dec. 17 by 282 to 128.

The Legislature of Mississippi was the first to ratify taking this action on Jan. 8, 1918. Michigan, having by a state law made itself dry in 1918, was first state to ratify in 1919, the Legislature voting on the second day of the New Year.

From that date until today the Legislatures have acted rapidly. In California court action has already been taken to restrain the Governor from certifying the action of the Legislature to Washington. Every resource of the distilleries with one billion dollars available will be employed in a supreme effort to save their businesses, it is said.

New York To Enforce It.

Albany, N.Y., Jan. 16.—Immediately upon receipt of the word that the ratification of the Federal prohibition

(Continued on Page 7.)

ORDER IS RESTORED IN BERLIN

TRADES COUNCIL ACCEPTS ISSUE WITH BOARD OF TRADE

Believes Latter Body Is Jealous of Labor's Success in Election—Plans to Freeze Out Delegates by Raising Membership Fee of Their Organization.

At the regular meeting of the Trades Council last night one of the delegates reported that he had attended a meeting of the Board of Trade and that he had noticed a disposition on the part of the members of that body to freeze out the representatives of Labor by raising the membership fee to $25 a year. The reason for this spirit of enmity as stated last night was that the Board of Trade members were jealous of the success of the Labor candidates at the recent civic elections. The Board of Trade, it was reported also proposed to appoint a paid secretary who will be on duty all the time.

The delegates at last night's meeting accepted the issue and declared that one year hence they will put up a stiffer fight than ever and will set out to capture the majority on the Board of Aldermen.

A delegation consisting of President Bolwell, Secretary Stevens, Alderman Morrison and Gainey and Delegate Sharpe will meet Minister of Labor Robertson at the Empress at 5.30 this evening to arrange for the public meeting to be held in the Labor Hall tonight after the Canadian Club luncheon.

What is a Bolshevist?

The term "Bolshevist," when applied to the labor men of Canada was resented as a libel. Then some discussion followed as to the real meaning of the term. One delegate stated that the difference between a Socialist and a Bolshevist was that while the first was satisfied to ask for something the latter went out and got it. The concensus of opinion seemed to be that a Bolshevist is an oppressed member of humanity who is making trouble because he lacks both work and bread.

The action of Mr. E.G. Patterson who as a member of the school board favored the granting of the bonus recently allowed teachers, so that those in receipt of small salary would receive more than those highly paid, was commended. One of the delegates went so far as to allege that this action which meant a square deal, was in line with the creed of the Bolshevists.

"Then Trustee Patterson must be a Bolshevist," remarked one delegate.

"You may call him that if you like," was the reply.

It is worthy of note that the delegates who approved Mr. Patterson's action are men who are employed in the plant over which Mr. Patterson is manager.

Delegates Lane, Begley, Dugan, and Marchand were appointed a committee to attend the meetings of the City Council to officially watch the proceedings of that body with special reference to the course pursued by the Labor Aldermen.

It was decided to organise a local branch of the Independent Labor party and Delegates McArthur, Lane, McMurray and Sharpe were appointed a committee to devise ways and means.

The next regular meeting of the Council will be held Wednesday evening, February 5th.

Colonel Low Dies After Operation

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Colonel Robert Low, who attained fame as constructor of Camp Borden and the reconstruction of Halifax died this morning following an operation for blood poisoning.

TO CONFER WITH THE REPORTERS

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL DECIDE TO GIVE NEWSPAPERS A HEARING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 16. — The Supreme War Council today, after considering the matter of the relations between the conference and the press, decided to call a meeting, to be attended by members of the press and representatives of the various nations, to exchange views on publicity methods.

It Was Merely A Private Affair

RESIGNATION OF REV. T. H. MITCHELL AS PASTOR TORONTO CHURCH.

A meeting held in old St. Andrew's Church in Toronto last night, called for the purpose of considering the resignation of Rev. T. H. Mitchell, the pastor formerly of Peterborough, was held behind closed doors. After the meeting Mr. Mitchell stated that the affair of his resignation was a purely personal matter, there being nothing between the congregation and himself. He simply wished to be free and the congregation had acceded to his wishes.

A Man of Honor.

Today's Globe says: Old St. Andrews' Church unanimously accepted the resignation of its pastor, Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, at the annual meeting last evening. A resolution moved by Hon. W. A. Charlton, and seconded by Mr. John G. Kent, was carried without dissent. It was in the following terms: "That the congregation of Old St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, while it feels and desires to express undiminished confidence in Mr. Mitchell as a man of honor and as one who has always shown himself sincerely desirous of conforming to the highest standards of Christian conduct, and while it appreciates and is grateful for Mr. Mitchell's services as a preacher and pastor, nevertheless recognizing that the strain of carrying on the work of this congregation in his present situation is greater than it is possible [illegible] and in the interests of the work, this congregation is constrained, though with deep regret, to acquiesce in his resignation of the pastorate."

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 16.—Order has been restored in Berlin, it is announced by an official wireless appeal to the German nation sent out by the German government and picked up here. The appeal, which was signed by Premier Ebert, Philipp Scheidemann, Herr Landsberg, Gustave Noske, and Herr Wissell, members of the Cabinet, says that the government is determined to prevent by every means at its disposal a repetition of "similar abominations."

The appeal refers to the coming elections, under the "freest suffrage in the world, to determine the constitution of the German state," and adds that the present government is preparing a draft of a constitution which protects the free right of the self-determination of the nation "against all counter-revolutions or efforts at terrorism." Efforts are being made, it is said, to "arrive at a peace safeguarding the freedom of the German nation and which will render possible the foundation of a union of nations which will give protection against the danger of a fresh war."

After declaring there is a necessity for defending the nation against Polish annexationists, the appeal concludes: "No less is it our task to protect our frontier against fresh Russian military despotism which wants to force upon us, by means of warlike power, its anarchistic conditions and unchain a new world war of which our country would be the theatre. Bolshevism means the death of peace, of freedom and socialism."

Antis In Manitoba For Beer And Wine

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Winnipeg, Jan. 16—Anti-prohibitionist forces in Manitoba, will invoke the aid of the Direct Legislation Act to obtain a repeal of the McDonald Act and allow the free sale of beer and wines.

Object To Plan Of Representation

FRENCH PAPER SAYS BRITISH AND AMERICANS WILL CONTROL CONFERENCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 16.—The decisions of the Supreme Council as regards both publicity and representation announced last night, are freely criticized in the French newspaper this morning. Le Journal, commenting on the question of representation, after pointing out that the British and Americans together have fifteen votes out of the total, asks why, if the British dominions are represented separately, are the French colonies and protectorates not similarly represented.

Brantford police believe that in the conviction of Andrew Tretjak they have secured one of the leaders of Bolshevism in Canada.

The Hamilton Radial Railway Co. and Burlington have practically arrived at an agreement for resumption of service to Oakville.

VIEWS OF ALL DELEGATES MAY BE GIVEN PUBLICITY

Supreme Council of Five Great Entente Powers Resumes Session Today—May Explain Measure of Restriction that Is to be Placed on Reports.

Paris, Jan. 16.—The Supreme Council of the five greater powers resumed its session at 10.30 o'clock today with a full attendance of members. There were present for France Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon; for the United States, President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing; for Great Britain, Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour; for Italy, Foreign Minister Sonnino, and for Japan, Viscount Chind and Baron Matsuo. Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, is still detained in Rome.

The impression prevailed today that following protests that have arisen against the decision of the Council, and restricting all news of its sessions to formal communiques, some explanation or statement on the subject might appear in tonight's communique to the effect that the restriction will apply only to the actual proceedings of the current day and not to any comment by the delegates on the general question before the Council. This impression cannot be officially confirmed, but it finds place among the reports in circulation today.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TO BE ELECTED BY THE RUSSIANS

Admiral Kolchok Says That Is the Only Means of Settling the Destiny of Former Empire Whether as Republic or Monarchy.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Omsk, Central Siberia, Jan. 16—The destiny of Russia can be decided only by a National Constituent Assembly. Whether the future of Russia is monarchy of the most radical republic does not concern the present government," was striking utterance of Admiral Kolchak, supreme governer of the Omsk government to the Associated Press. Admiral Kolchak, confirming his statement that people will be given opportunity to register their desires, signed in the presence of the correspondent a historic document proclaimng an all-Russian national election at the earliest practicable moment. Later he informed the representatives of the Entente powers that the Russian Government desired the trans-Siberian railway to be turned over to an international technical commission. Admiral Kolchak then proceeded to justify the coup by which he gained control at Omsk.

SIX MONTHS AT PRISON FARM

CHEESEMAN IS SENTENCED FOR HAVING BANNED LITERATURE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Harry Cheeseman, carpenter, was this morning sentence to six months in Burwash Prison Farm for having banned Socialistic literature in his possession. a week ago when Watson, the ex-policeman, was also convicted and given three years' imprisonment.

Miss Mabel Mills was fatally injured when buried with others off a sleigh which swerved and struck the parapet of a bridge in Galt

Consolidated Smelters, at annual meeting, announced a new $2,000,000 bond issue, bonds to bear seven per cent.

Polish Troops To Act As Defenders

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 16. — The Polish Government has provisionally taken over the administration of Lithuania to protect the country from the Bolsheviki. The action was taken at the request of the president of the Lithuanian republic.

Liebnecht Is Not Dead But Captive

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 16.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, Spartacan (Bolshevist) leader, has been captured and handed over to the government police mounted troops, which have just arrived here. Liebknecht was captured in a fashionable hotel in this city.

Some men are known by the company they are unable to get into.

IRELAND READY TO DECLARE ITS INDEPENDENCE

DRAFTS HAVE BEEN PREPARED AND ARE NOW BEING REVISED.

DELEGATES TO THE CONFERENCE

PROPOSAL TO ISSUE ADDRESSES TO NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Dublin, Jan. 16.—Sinn Fein organization at a meeting Wednesday announced that a conference of the Irish Republican members of the British Parliament on Tuesday drafts of a declaration of independence of a message to the nations of the world were considered. Both matters were referred with amendments to committees for final revision.

It was decided to summon an all-Irish conference under the parentship of the national assembly at an early date. This meeting decided to recommend to the all-Irish conference the sending of Professor de Valera, Arthur Griffiths and Count Plunkett as Ireland's delegates to Peace Conference.

Brazil's President Died This Morning

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 16.—Dr. Rodrigues Alves, President-elect of Brazil, died today. He had been critically ill for some time,

Montreal Opposes Express Increase

Montreal, Jan. 16.—A continuation of the hearing of the Express Traffic Association for increased express rates which opened here on Monday before the Dominion Railway Board, takes place today at Montreal. Shippers and receivers here are also strenuously opposing the new schedule of rates.

Canadian Troops Land In Siberia

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—The Militia Department reports the safe arrival in Vladivostok of the troopship Protesilaus, with the Canadian Siberian troops aboard. She was recently reported in distress.

CANADIAN POET, AUTHOR, ARTIST WILL DIRECT MUSICAL COMEDY

Wilson MacDonald Will Supervise the Presentation of His own Play "Sunny France" at Grand Opera House January 27 and 28

The Peter Robinson Chapter, I.O.D. has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wilson MacDonald to supervise and direct the presentation of his musical comedy, "Sunny France," to be given under the auspices of the Peter Robinson Chapter at the Grand, January 27th and 28th. "Sunny France"—every word, note and action in it was written—composed and planned by Mr. MacDonald and the play is copy-righted throughout the English-speaking world. "Sunny France" has been presented in twelve cities in Canada from Vancouver to Montreal, and has received the highest praise, both for the genius and merit of the play itself and the manner in which it has been presented. The cast contains 165 people. The group dancing by children will be a revelation to Peterborough people, as to what can be accomplished in two weeks' rehearsals by Peterborough children under the direction of an artist of Mr. McDonald's ability and experience in this particular line.

Sir Thomas Lipton described Mr. MacDonald as "one of the most wonderful men I have ever met." Mr. MacDonald's most recent book of Canadian poems entitled "The Songs of the Prairie Land," and other poems, has just been published in Toronto. This little volume is made up of poems which are regarded in literary circles as ranking with the most wonderful of Canada's and England's poetry. Albert Smythe, literary critic of the Toronto World, said in an interview: "Wilson MacDonald has struck the highest note yet attained in Canadian literature."

The following press and other comment on Mr. MacDonald and his work will speak for itself:

Brand Whitlock, Mayor of Toledo, and famous American novelist wrote Mr. MacDonald: "I am writing to tell you how fine I thought your poem (The Shame of Society in the Toronto Star) and what a noble work it is you are doing."

Albert Smythe, literary critic of the Toronto World, said in an interview: "Wilson MacDonald has struck the highest note yet attained in Canadian

(Continued on Page 8.)

RANKS OF VETERANS OF '66 GROW THINNER EACH YEAR

Twenty-Two Years Ago There Were 70 and Now Only a Few Are Left—Held Reunion Last Evening.

Wednesday evening was the occasion of a very happy reunion of the volunteers who are left, who fifty-two years ago were called to arms to repel the Fenian raid in June of 1866.

Twenty-two years ago the veterans of '66 formed an Association in Peterborough with a membership of over seventy, today there are only a few left.

The following members were present:—

Pres. Col. J. W. Miller, J. D. Collins, H. Rush, G. Stanton, P. Thompson, R. Tivey, Alex. Fitzgerald, J. McComb, W. C. Boaro, H. Nesbitt and R. J. Sanderson.

The following gentlemen were [illegible] Mr. Firth, Mr. F. Pratt, Col. Mills and Peterborough's popular merchant, Mr. [illegible] and in song, speech and recitation these gentlemen contributed to the evening's entertainment and their kindness was appreciated.

The president in a neat speech referred to Comrade Tivey having attained his eightieth year and on behalf of the Association extended congratulations. Mr. Tivey expressed himself as pleased with the courtesy of his comrades and in good form gave an excellent recitation.

Refreshments were served and it was a happy bunch who sat around the board to do justice to the good things provided by Coleman Bros.

Mr. Coleman contributed a good Scotch song.

While the company were enjoying their smokes Mr. Rush moved a vote of thanks to the guests. Mr. Pratt in replying for the guests said he was pleased to be present and would be glad to spend another evening with the veterans. The singing of the National Anthem and Auld Lang Syne brought the entertainment to a close.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 331.

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919

A HISTORY OF THE 93RD.

THE OFFICERS AND MEN of Peterborough's justly famous military unit, the 93rd Battalion, have requested Capt. C. R. Widdifield, one of its most distinguished members, to write a history of the regiment, from the time the order was issued for its organization down to the present. The object is a worthy one, and no volume could possibly be written that would attract more general interest. A history of the 93rd would be in large measure an account of Peterborough's part in the war.

The preparation of such a work could not be entrusted to more capable hands than those of Capt. Widdifield. He has all the requisite equipment, the essential literary ability, to begin with. He was one of the officers of that company, and his individual record from the day of his enlistment is above reproach. He went overseas as a captain, and on reaching England reverted in rank with others of the regiment in order to get to France. He won back his original rank by gallant service in the trenches.

Such a history as is contemplated will contain mention of the record of the individual members of the battalion, such as their full names, regimental numbers, date of enlistment or discharge, the service each rendered in England, and with what unit they fought in France, the length of time they were in the trenches, whether they were wounded, and why discharged.

Some of the most prominent young men in Peterborough, those who left promising professional or business career to enter the service of their country, gave their lives for the cause. To describe the part played by each of these will be one of the duties of the historian. In this department the co-operation of the parents of these young men will be required, and all such are asked to communicate with Capt. Widdifield and supply him with the desired information. The same request is made of the parents of all those members of the battalion who are still out of the city.

This is not a scheme to make money, and those who have undertaken the work have no funds to expend in advertising or in securing clerical help. It is, however, a matter of such general interest to the city, a tribute to the heroes who have made the name of Peterborough famous, that all residents who are in any way able to do so, should be glad of the opportunity to help.

Peterborough will always be proud of the battalion that went overseas from here just at the time when the services of such a unit were so urgently needed. The fact that it was broken up on reaching England, instead of being sent intact to the front, has always been regretted, but this step was due entirely to the exigencies of war. The battalion was complete in every department, splendidly officered and composed of as fine a fighting force as ever answered the call for volunteers.

Let the chronicles of such a battalion be written now and part of the history of Peterborough itself as well as one chapter in the story of the war. Let all aid Capt. Widdifield in the new duty for which he has volunteered.

SIR WILFRID AT OTTAWA.

IN HIS ADDRESS to the Liberals of Eastern Ontario at Ottawa, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that during his regime the Liberal party had one fiscal goal in view—a tariff for revenue only, and that they worked steadily toward that end. This being the case, it must be said that the party believed in making haste slowly. They were fifteen years in power, and at the rate of progress toward their destined end that they made in that time it may be said on a rough estimate that they would not have attained their object inside of one hundred years. In that time, however, the world may have been made over, fiscally and otherwise, labor conditions may be the same in every country under the sun, and the necessity for such things as tariffs may no longer exist.

Sir Wilfrid is charitably disposed to welcome back to the fold all those Liberals who went over to the Union Government a year ago, provided they express repentance for what they have done. There is an excellent opportunity here for the mutual exercise of the virtue of forgiveness, and it is possible that the leader himself had more to be forgiven for the wreck he made of the party than have those who deserted a stranded and condemned barque.

Sir Wilfrid attempts to explain—or to apologize for—his attitude on conscription by saying that his sole object was to preserve harmony among the various elements of the population and so win the war. He claims to understand the temper of the Canadian people better than does any other living man.

If harmony was his object, then Sir Wilfrid failed dismally to achieve his purpose. On the contrary, his attitude on the conscription question fomented anything in the way of racial differences that previously existed and set one section of the Dominion against the other in a fued more bitter than was ever known before. Sir Wilfrid may be willing to welcome the Liberal Unionists back home; he certainly needs recruits for his party. [illegible] will ever condone his war attitude. If there was one man living who could have reconciled his own province to the war policy of the Government, that man was Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but he never so much as raised a finger in an attempt to do so.

Sir Wilfrid has no message of comfort to bring to his followers. He has no platform to suggest, and he seems to realize that the stars in their courses are set against the Liberals.

THE RIVAL EXPRESS.

THE DAY IS COMING when such a thing as a street car track will be unknown on city streets, when motor 'busses will take the place of the present means of urban transportation. The experiment has been made with success in European cities and to some extent in the United States.

The motor 'bus requires no exclusive right-of-way. It mingles with the ordinary traffic of the street on the same terms. Another advantage is the personal safety which it affords. It can take on or discharge passengers close to the curb and so do away with the risk involved in boarding or leaving a street car in the middle of the thoroughfare.

Trunk lines of radial railways are always likely to remain a public necessity, but it is probable that the feeders for these lines will not be branch radials but motor 'busses run on improved modern county highways, that retain their smooth surface all summer regardless of whether the weather is wet or dry. The motor 'busses that in different parts of the Province are now gathering up the farmer's produce and taking it to market are already recognized as rivals of existing radial roads. The provincial highway from Toronto to Hamilton, where it parallels a radial road, especially from Oakville to the latter city, has already had its effect upon the earning capacity of the cars that are operated by electricity on an expensive track. As good country roads are built the motor 'bus and the automobile will come into more general use, and the rural transportation problem, either as to freight or passengers, will to a great extent be solved. As regards expense, the gasolene-propelled vehicle has all the best of it. It is claimed, too, that during the winter months, even with the snowfall heavy, the country road can be kept open for auto traffic just as cheaply as the same task can be accomplished on the radial line.

FORCE VERSUS FOOD.

THE FIRST FRENCH revolution was really a hunger strike. A people famished are never safe, especially when there is a well-fed and well-compared class in authority over them. The lack of nutriment will drive men and women insane, filling them with the fury of wild beasts.

The autocrat set out to change the map of Europe by establishing his dominion in foreign lands and over alien races. He has succeeded only in bringing ruin and famine everywhere. In Russia the oppressed people are rioting for bread. No hungry man can work, and there is no inducement to labor if toil is to earn not even a scant subsistence. The civilized world, the people who have enough and to spare, who have never felt the iron heel of autocracy grinding them into the dust, should be charitable in their judgment of the rioting masses in Europe. The history of the French revolution read today wins the sympathy of humanity for the people who stormed the French strongholds of power. History is simply repeating itself, and in the years to come the lawlessness rampant in Russia and Germany today will be regarded in a vastly different light. It was never designed by Providence that some of His creatures should starve to death while others roll in luxury.

President Wilson is the head of a great nation, but he knows the people from whom he has come and who have made him what he is today. He feels for the leaderless mobs in Europe as none of the crowned rulers or statesmen over there possibly can. He asks the American Congress to appropriate one hundred million dollars to feed the hungry across the ocean. In one of those phrases that are likely to live in history he says that it is 'food, not force,' that is required to restore internal harmony in the countries cursed by what are really struggles for bread. Bolshevism will spread westward unless stamped out at its source. To employ force against it will tend to fan it into a still higher flame. Food will soothe the starving populace into contentment. President Wilson's remedy is the logical solution of the problem.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THERE IS GOVERNMENT by autocrats, government by the people, and government by machine guns.

* * * * *

AT LEAST the prohibition law in the United States cannot be regarded as a temporary measure for the duration of the war.

* * * * *

RUSSIA'S home brand of warfare is as barren of results as the variety she put up when her armies were in the big scrap.

* * * * *

THE ARMISTICE may have brought peace for the Allies, but in Germany the fighting spirit that has been universal for ages still survives.

* * * * *

EVEN AT THIS early date it begins to look as if Ald. Turner will be one member of the Council who will do things of real benefit to the city.

* * * * *

ALAS for the dreams of mortals! In the countries where the ex-kaiser hoped to plant German kultur nothing is visible to the naked eye but ruin, desolation and famine.

* * * * *

KITCHENER denies the charge that the school board is advertising for a German teacher, probably resenting the imputation that one would be sufficient for a city of its requirements.

* * * * *

DUBLIN offered President Wilson the freedom of the city, but the courtesy has not been accepted. Perhaps Mr. Wilson believes there is not enough to go round or does not fancy the brand.

* * * * *

THERE IS something eminently satisfactory about a constitutional prohibition law as proposed in the United States, instead of one that can be juggled from time to time by political parties.

* * * * *

LET THE HOCKEY games go on. Canadian manhood, energy, initiative, in fact every admirable quality demonstrated by our soldiers in the late war, had their start on the athletic fields at home.

* * * * *

AT LAST the Government of Ontario has decided to take over the dispensing of liquor for medicinal and other lawful purposes, instead of leaving the work to favored vendors who were cleaning up fortunes.

THE HUNGER MAP OF EUROPE

At the Potsdam conference in July, 1914, the German Emperor, saying that he was planning a world empire, exhibited a map drawn in accordance with his dream. Paris, London and Washington were German cities and nearly all the world was tributary to him. Beside him Cyrus, Alexander and Julius Caesar were good figures. With sword and torch he began his work; after four years it is completed, and the result is shown in a map published in the United States Food Administration, entitled the "Hunger Map of Europe."

The war's cost in human life cannot yet be estimated with reasonable certainty. Some statisticians say 15,000,000, and other 20,000,000. The map shows twenty times as many people in Europe battling with famine, and half of them even now in its grip with little hope of outside help. In the next six months more people in Europe may die from hunger than have perished in the four years of war.

No attempt is made to classify the food conditions of Germany, Austria, and Hungary, but all the remaining countries of Europe and the Near East are considered. Beginning at a point in Russia on the Siberian border, about half way between the northern extremity and the Caspian Sea, a line should be drawn southwest to Albania on the Adriatic. All north of this is now in the grip of famine. This includes the northwestern half of Russia, excepting a little fringe around Archangel, Finland, Poland, Bohemia, and the south Slavic peoples. Armenia also is in this class.

The other half of Russia, and Rumania and Greece are classified as "approaching the famine point." Italy, Bulgaria, and Turkey have a serious food shortage. Serbia and Belgium are destitute, but are now receiving American aid. France, the United Kingdom, Ukraine, Spain, Portugal, Norway, Sweden, Holland and Denmark are classified on the map thus: "Present food supply sufficient, but future serious."

A rough estimate would put the north Russians, Finns, Bohemians, and Armenians, and other small allies now suffering famine, at 135,000,000. The three great allies whose condition is not so serious would make up 125,000,000 more; and these are, perhaps, 40,000,000 in the neutrals. Excepting Ukraine and Denmark, none of these can live until next harvest without help.

The map presents a tremendous fact beyond the power of words to picture. It will stand as Wilhelm's monument till Time shall be no more. But looking at it, we must realise our immediate duty. Those stricken peoples are calling to us for food. The end of the war does not release us from responsibility to feed them.

WIT AND WISDOM

When Words Fail.

William Howard Taft said in an address "Before the hideousness of the Hun language fails us.

"Yes, the man who would try to paint the Hun finds himself in much the same position as the clergyman who was playing golf.

"This clergyman was just making a difficult put when the caddie joggled his arm.

"The cergyman, red with rage, looked at his caddie a long time and finally stammered: 'You—you—naughty caddie!'"

So Parisian.

The heroism of France has made the French language popular, says Argenout. On this head there is a story illustrating the tact of M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador. A Senator at a luncheon said to M. Jusserand:

"Take—cer—cake woo voo-ly—I mean—er—passy-moi aill voo play—er—"

M. Jusserand laid his hand on the Senator's shoulder and in his excellent English said:

"My dear, sir, my very dear sir, do, please, stop speaking French. Your accent is so Parisian that, positively, it makes me homesick."

Worth More.

"Four dollars? But you only wanted $2 for this anecdote last week."

"Then it was about Julius Caesar. Now, as you notice, it is about Gen. Foch."

Det—I had nine proposals at Manley last summer.

Gladys—How disagreeably persistent a holiday acquaintance can be!

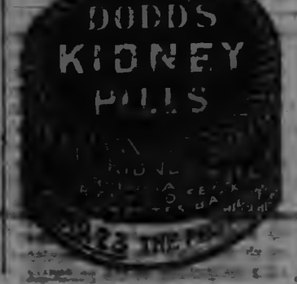
Wife—"John, there's a burglar at the silver and another in the pantry eating my pies. Get up and call for help."

Mub (at window)—"Police! Doctor!"

How queer the newspapers look without war maps! We should familiarize ourselves with those old maps now, before the peace conference begins to roll boundaries around.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that the increase in the railroad men's wages is not to be retroactive and it was hardly reasonable to suppose it would continue forever.



TODAY'S STORY

A genteman given to habits of extravagance found himself in the bankruptcy court and was severely questioned by the presiding official.

"At what precise date did you first find yourself in trouble?" asked the judge.

With an air of the utmost perplexity the gentleman gazed around the court until his wandering eyes fell upon the anxious countenances of his creditors; then with a genial wave of his hand in their direction he said, pleasantly:

"Oh, you must mean these gentlemen's troubles. I can't say I've had any myself."

And, on thinking the matter over, the judge agreed with the bankrupt's opinion.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS

Weather. Outside.

Skool notes. Miss Kitty had a berthday last Munday, among the presents she received from the class being 4 orindges, 3 of them hard, 5 different sized appels, one with a small bite out, and one peece of soap took out of the bath room with some lather still on it tied erround with a skinnie pink ribbon.

Helth Department. How to go out in the rain and keep your hed frum getting wet. Answr. Wawk on your hands.

Pome by Skinny Martin.

DISCURRIDGED

I shined my shoes one rainy day
And the rain wet all the shine away,
O there bia meny sunny days sints then
But I havent shone them once agan.

Intristing Facts About Intristing People. Puds Simkins says he injoys drying himself off all his mits with a Turkish towel more than he does the bath in the farst place.

Sparta. Last Sattiday wen he thawt he was going to be too late to go to the park with the fellows Leroy Shooster got dressed in 2 and a half minnits, bein the record, only on skool mornings it genrelly takes him about half a hour on account of him taking naps before his 2nd shoe and his 2nd stocking and sumtimes his shert.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Indifference is the pump for drawing secrets from women.

When love feeds on beauty alone it soon turns up its toes.

Strange to say, the coming man is the one who has already arrived.

To-morrow never comes, but to-day often arrives on scheduled time.

A fool may know when to stop talking, but a wise man knows when to begin.

A good runner is not one who is always running into debt and running away from his creditors.

When one starts out to do the greatest good to the greatest number No. 1 is usually "it."

HAVELOCK.

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, Jan. 16.—Miss Bernice Tulmage has returned to her home in Picton after spending the past two weeks, the guest of Miss Hazel Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Howey, of Brockville, are spending a few days with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Firman Haig.

Mrs. B. McNichol, of Toronto, is visiting her son, Mr. H. F. McNichol.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Anderson visited friends in Peterboro on Monday.

Mrs. S. Hegley has returned from Toronto where she has spent the past two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Cress and children, of Trenton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. Ballon last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson and Master Percy, of Peterboro, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Caity.

Mr. Robert Quinlan, of Tweed, formerly of town, has sold his barber shop and pool room to Mr. Felix King. Mr. Quinlan intends moving to Toronto in the near future.

Mr. Geo. Cochrane, of Young, Sask., is in town renewing old acquaintances. He is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Crowe.

Rev. S. Dixon, of Stirling, will preach missionary sermons on Sunday January 9th, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., in the Methodist Church, also at Trent River, at 2.30 p.m.

Rev. C. Adams will preach anniversary sermons at Mount Pleasant on Sunday next and lecture on the Monday following. Subject, "The Wit, Humor and Talkes of Travel in Ten Thousand Miles by Land and Sea."

Puffer—In Havelock on Thursday, Jan. 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Puffer, a daughter.

A number of young people journeyed to Trent River Monday night and spent a pleasant night skating.

Miss Kathleen Pally, of Toronto, is visiting at her home here.

Lieut. T. W. Quinn, recently returned from overseas, is spending a few days in Kingston.

Mr. W. J. McBurney spent Tuesday in Peterboro.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1, No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Use parcels [illegible]
THE CROOK REMEDY CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Now that the new government standard flour is in general use, the quality of the yeast you use is more important than ever. Use Royal Yeast Cakes. Their quality is absolutely reliable. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.

Send name and address for copy Royal Yeast Bake Book.

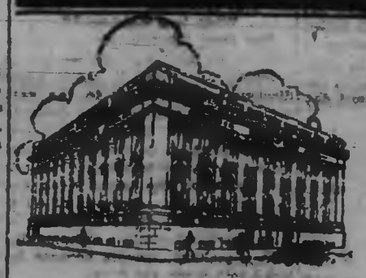
E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

SOME OTHER THINGS

(By Walt Mason)

Oh, pardners, let us not forever discuss the war and what it cost; it is not wise or sane or clever—we're all convinced war was a frost. We'll have to turn our faces forward, and think of things that should be done and not be always gazing warward or making faces at the Hun. While we are resting in the gloaming, we may thrash out the facts once more, and give the Teuton another combing, and tell old tales of bones and gore. But in the daytime we're expected to put up nineteen kinds of grass; in war days were much neglected and now reforms should come to pass. The story of the past is written, it cannot be erased by men; words can't restore the countries smitten, or make the dead towns live again. All fellows should be up and doing while daylight hours with us abide; the evening is the time for chewing such muslin as great wars provide. There's now a great demand for labor, in wareroom, workshop, mill and grange, but when the men of sword and saber come back there may be quite a change. Then he who did persistent talking all day, around the village pump, will lose his number and go walking and keep on till he hits the dump.

Occasionally we see a man who looks as if he had tried to preserve his dignity in alcohol.



ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

ASSETS: $84,000,000

MONEY IS NEEDED—for the war—for home emergencies—for the growing cost of living—for a business start—for a holiday—for old age—for all purposes.
Increase Your Saving, hold down your spending, open a Savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.
Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.
121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO
Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday
ALICE BRADY in "The Spars of Sybil" In Five Acts
The exciting story of a Society Butterfly.
King Baggot and Marguerite Snow in
"THE EAGLE'S EYE"
Chapter 2. "The Strike Breeders"—2 parts
"A BUSY DAY"—Triangle Comedy
PRICES: MATINEE 15 CENTS. EVENING 25 CENTS

THE STRAND.
The Serial Supreme
The Brass Bullet.
FEATURING
JUANITA HANSEN and JACK MULHALL
MATINEE 10c. WAR TAX 1c. EVENINGS 20c

ROYAL THEATRE

Vitagraph Night — Last Chance To-night — An Entire Change To-morrow — 12 First Run Reels

Vitagraph Special High Class Drama

"The Man Who Wouldn't Tell"

Five Parts. Featuring EARLE WILLIAMS and an All-Star Support

Third Episode of the Million Dollar Serial

"THE IRON TEST" TWO PARTS

Great Western Story Two Reels | BIG "V" Special Comedy "Roofs and Riots" Two Parts

To-night's Program is a Real Vitagraph Selection, both Specials being A No. 1 Exclusive at the Royal

Three Entire Changes Weekly, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Admission Afternoons and Evenings 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Performance for School Children

9.30 to 11.30 a. m., only
Admission 9c, and 1c War Tax. 10c to all

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

A regular, ethical, orthodox, that is to say thoughtful and observing reader of this column writes:

"In your column recently appeared the astonishing statement that children of the poor are about as well nourished as children of the middle classes and the more cultured upper class. • • • The miasus taught school a few brief years ago, and kid sister teaches now, near Mulberry street, New York City. Those kids drink prodigiously of a rank red red wine, even for breakfast. They subsist regularly on a diet of soda crackers and pickles at noon, for their mothers work out, as a rule. Young tots, many of them. If malnutrition isn't the descriptive word, then what is?

"Prices of good things to eat are astounding, or our children we use three quarts of grade A milk a day, at 23 cents a quart—69 cents a day. Butter—ye gods, butter has started more bolshevik talk in our household at 75 cents a pound than Trotsky could wisk for!. And only yesterday the farmer lady informed us that eggs may be purchased at the nice, round, comfortable price of 80 cents a dozen.

"There are hundreds of thousands of heads of families drawing $18 to $20 a week. Fresh eggs, fresh milk and real butter have a fat chance of gracing the table in a home on that basis!"

Oleomargarine at half the price of butter is a perfectly satisfactory substitute for butter at war prices. Children who receive as much as a pint of fresh, clean raw milk (raw milk, I say, and not pasteurized or heated milk) lose nothing from such substitution.

Eggs never will be worth more than 40 cents a dozen compared with the market prices of fresh fish and meats. Eggs are meat.

Children old enough to take a reasonably varied diet of solid foods—that is, children who have cut any teeth—can do very well without milk at war prices, provided they have bread and oleo, fresh vegetables or fruits, and some kind of fresh meat or fish daily.

Malnutrition is the word for the Mulberry street child that subsists on wine, pickles and crackers. Fortunately, the poor in most cases do not follow that regimen.

Softening of the Brain.

"What are the symptoms of softening of the brain? Is it prevalent among young people? . . . S. A. W."

Sorry, but I am just out of symptoms. It's against the rules of this department to state symptoms. Softening of the brain is a popular name for general paralysis of the insane (paresis)—in which disease there is no softening, but rather hardening of the brain and spinal chord. Paresis sometimes occurs in young persons, but is more generally observed in persons 40 or more years of age, being a sequel of syphilis, acquired or inherited.

I Give Up.

"Please tell me what is ailing me. I have no energy and cannot take any interest in anything.—D.M."

Unfortunately, I broke my second sight glasses this morning and so I am unable to determine what is ailing you. You might try the outja board or something if you can't reach a doctor.

CONCERNING WOMEN

Fourteen out of the forty-eight American states have granted full suffrage to women.

Women now have a voice in the full 213 electoral votes of the twenty-two states in which they may vote.

A Portland, Ore., hotel has two Chinese girls in native costume answering calls and paging guests.

New York state has more than 3,000,000 women over 21 years of age and eligible to vote.

Two states, by act of their legislatures, Arkansas and Texas, have granted women the right to vote in the primaries.

Chinese girls wearing kimonos are being employed to take charge of the tea rooms in many of the larger New York hotels.

At the close of the war more than 5,000,000 British women were doing 1,701 different kinds of work previously followed by men.

Linna Bresette and Alice McFarland, factory inspectors in Kansas, plan to carry on a rigid campaign against industrial concerns in that state who persist in hiring child labor.

How To Save Coal

Have weather stripping on all your window casings. Put storm windows on the north side of the house. The warm, comfortable cold winter homes in the northwest are a great lesson in that respect.

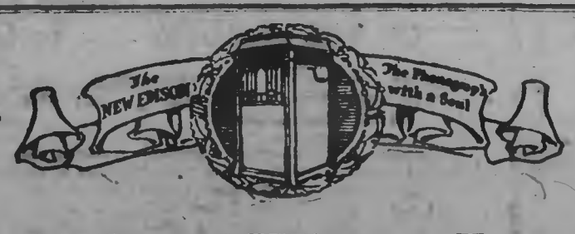
Shut off any rooms that do not need heating. You will be just as well off without them; better, in fact, as they will then call for less work.

Sift your ashes from the stove and sift those from the furnace, too. From each sifting you will get enough coal to run the furnace overnight.

Don't burn coal in open fireplace. 90 per cent. of such heat escapes through the chimney. You may love your cheery open fire. It is a sacrifice to give it up perhaps. But, compared with the sacrifices of life and love that the brave families overseas are making, it is really nothing to renounce this pleasure. Burn wood in your open fireplace when you need the cheer.

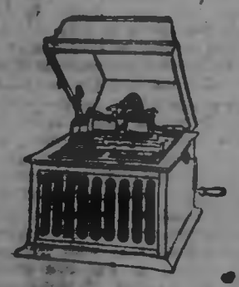
A controlling interest in the New York National League baseball club was sold yesterday by the estate of the late John T. Brush to a syndicate of New York sportsmen for one million dollars.

The British troopship Empress of Asia passed through the Panama Canal yesterday en route to Vancouver with 1,400 discharged soldiers.



For the Long Winter Evenings

YOU ARE undecided what to buy for your family. Nothing would bring them more pleasure than an Edison Amberola. It will make the evenings more enjoyable and will insure for you a pleasure which will extend over many years to come.



Picture to yourself, without stirring from your own fireside, the pleasure of hearing the most famous artists sing or play, the old heart songs which you loved in bye gone days. You will be able to enjoy on

The Edison Amberola

the songs and music which has kept our boys at the front fit and thus enabled them to win such glorious victories.

The Edison has a genuine diamond point. No needles to change and records will last a lifetime.

Miss Le Barr knows the Edison and what it will do as few do and will be pleased to show you this wonderful instrument

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC CO., LIMITED

CHARLOTTE ST. "The Home of Good Music" PETERBOROUGH

Branches at Kingston, Belleville, Lindsay, etc.

FARMERS ARE IN ANGRY MOOD

SAY THAT NAMES OF ORGANIZATION, UNITED FARMERS, IS IMPROPERLY USED.

Toronto, Jan. 16 Next week the United Farmers are going to get out "The United Farmer of Ontario," and in the meantime Charles C. Nixon is going to continue publication of his "United Farmer." From statements of both sides the probabilities are that both parties will then seek legal aid to restrain the other from using the term "United Farmer."

If possession is nine part of the law Editor Nixon has a good running start on the farmers' organization, for he has the name registered. On the other hand, Secretary J. J. Morrison, of the United Farmers, decribes Nixon's action as "moral misappropriation," and hopes that the law will take cognizance of the fact that his the idea of the new farmers' weekly.

"We have not yet decided what action we will take," declared Mr. Morrison. "but we are going to go right ahead with our farmers' paper. Mr. Nixon's paper cannot stay in the field, because it is catering to the very people he has angered by appropriating our name."

"Will you seek an injunction to restrain the use of the name 'United Farmer?' " "I don't known what we will do yet."

Editor Nixon sticks by his original statement that his "United Farmer" is in the field to stay. By advertisement in the daily press he replies to an ad. of the United Farmers and says that the "Canada Farmers' Publishing Syndicate will continue to give Ontario farmers the truth."

TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

Look Young! Bring Back Its Natural Color, Gloss and Attractiveness

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, streaked or gray. Mixing the Sage Tea at home though is troublesome. An easier way is to get a 50-cent bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound at any drug store all ready for use. This is the old time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients.

While wispy, gray faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark glossy, soft and luxuriant.

DRUGGISTS TALK ON LIQUOR LAWS

IN SESSION AT OTTAWA TAKE UP RECENT LEGISLATION.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The vexatious question of liquor legislation as it affects the druggists of the Dominion is among several under discussion by members of the executive of the Canadian Pharmaceutical Association, who are meeting in session at the Chateau Laurier.

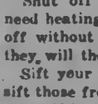
The conference which is being attended by representative members of the profession from the Atlantic to the Pacific is the first of the kind held since the outbreak of the war.

Up to the present the druggists as a whole have taken the stand that they will not become liquor vendors, although they are permitted by law to fill doctors prescriptions.

Another subject under consideration is that of securing more uniformity of regulations now in effect in the different Provinces. These at present are such as to cause much inconvenience to druggists who wish to remove from one Province to another and it is desired that measures be taken to place all on a standard basis.

The slogan of the minor leagues, after informal conferences in New York yesterday, is "no compromise" in their fight with hte majors for the abolition of the draft.

Sixteen rinks are competing in the Barrie bonspiel which commenced yesterday on soft ice. The Western Ontario Colts' 'spiel will open at St. Mary's on Feb. 6.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-tives" The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

58 Maisonneuve St., Hull, Que.

"In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-tives' for Indigestion and Constipation.

For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable.

One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. To my surprise I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again".

DONAT LALONDE

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

JUDGE RUDDY CHAIRMAN

Of Conciliation Board That Sat at Gananoque

Gananoque, Ont., Jan. 16— The Board of Conciliation and Investigation composed of Judge R. Ruddy of Whitby, chairman; Dr. E. L. Atkinson of Gananoque representing the Steel Company of Canada at Gananoque, and Fred Bancroft of Toronto for the employes, concluded its session here, and a report has been sent on the the Department of Labor.

An agreement was reached which provides increases in hourly rates, piece work rates, double time for Sunday work, and time and one-half after regular hours. The organization involved was the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers of America.

The Western Ontario Dairymen's convention is meeting at London.

GETTING THE SOLDIERS BACK INTO CIVIL LIFE

Mr. H. J. Daly, Director of Repatriation, Is One of the Busiest Men in Ottawa

The Repatriation Committee is the busiest Committee in Ottawa. Mr. H. J. Daly, Director of Repatriation, is an outstanding figure in the business and industrial life of Canada, and is bringing to the discharge of his duties, efficient methods and a comprehensive grasp of the fact that the demobilization of our soldiers, and the re-adjustment of industrial conditions of our most vital task that can engage the activities of the Government, and the energies of individual citizens.

The first work is to get the soldiers home. There are two methods of demobilizaton. The fighting corps will be brought back as units under their own officers. Some re-organization will occur to ensure that each unit shall, as far as possible, be composed of men from the same locality. The remainder of the Canadian army will e demobilized in standard drafts of 500 men.

There is no post discharge pay now. What was known as post discharge pay is now called "War Services Gratuity."

The Department of Labor, in its scheme of a single employment agency from one end of Canada to the other, is setting up employment offices in the urban centres with a population of 10,000 or more, and in the smaller places where the need for one exists. The plan calls for 64 offices throughout Canada, of which 20 are already in existence.

This scheme provides for opportunities for employment, mobility of employment and for expansion of employment on behalf of the returned men.

Each local employment office will be in charge of a superintendent, with a staff of interviewers, record clerks, stenographers and others.

In addition, there will be attached to each office a number of salesmen. This is a resmarkable innovation in handling the business men of the district, striving to sell them the services of the office, and encouraging them to use the employment office exclusively for their labor needs.

Another interesting feature, following British experience, is the Advisory Council of Employers and Employees, in connection with each local office.

Such a representative body, giving aid to the superintendent, will prove indispensable, especially when a strike or lock-out is declared, or is impending.

At the winter ports of disembarkation, Governmental and Voluntary Organizations do everything possible to care for the returned men. Women and children dependents of the soldiers are specially cared for. At St. John there is a Women's Reception Committee, composed of representatives of 15 local organizations, which work in conjunction with two secretaries of the National Y.W.C.A. Halifax has a Creche Committee, consisting of 11 women who have been active in local war work. Every assistance is given returning men at both ports. Children are cared for; baggage is located; sandwiches, hot tea and coffee are provided.

There is a Red Cross nurse on each committee to give assistance to either women or children who require her assistance. First aid supplies and extra clothing for babies are always on hand.

There is an Empergency Hospital with accommodation for 30 women at each port, as well as a room where babies can be cared for during the wait between boat and train. Any woman requiring monetary assistance receives a gift of the amount necessary from the Canadian Patriotic Fund. In cases of sickness, provision has been made with the local hospitals.

Each train carrying unaccompanied women and children has on board a graduate nurse, whose salary and travelling expenses are paid by the Canadian Red Cross Society. This nurse has been selected and enrolled by the Canadian Graduate Nurses' Association.

Adequate arrangements are being made to receive women and children at their home stations, to extend to them such temporary hospitality as may be necessary, and to do everything possible to see that they are established in comfortable homes. Several organizations may desire to do parts of this work, but it was found advisable to name one Dominion-wide organization to become responsible for the efficient performance of these functions.

Arrangements have been made for the Canadian Patriotic Fund to accept this responsibility, and to supervise the arrangements for the welfare of the returning dependents of the soldiers. In order to carry out this impotant duty in the best possible way, it is necessary that all other organizations should co-operate.

Victory bonds continue to sell at strong figures on the Toronto market.

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-569

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefield, Jan. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. Martin and daughter, who have been spending the past few months in Apsley, returned to the village on Wednesday.

Mr. S. Montgomery returned to Montreal on Thursday.

Miss Isabell McKee is spending a few days with friends in Peterboro.

Rev. (Major) Frost, who has accepted the call from the Methodist Church here, was in the village on Friday.

The A.Y.P.A. have lifted their obligations to Mr. Wm. Graham. The Society has paid him $55.90 for the gramophone, which he loaned the A. Y. P. A. for the "At Home" which was destroyed in the Town Hall.

Mrs. E. R. Tate, Miss W. McKenzie and Messrs. K. McKenzie, H. Atwood and K. Tate attended the dance at the Empress Hotel on Friday evening.

Mrs. W. G. Dunford, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. I. Watson, returned to Peterboro on Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred. Brown left on Tuesday to visit friends in Welland.

Mrs. Dubaz spent a few days in Peterboro this week.

Lance-Corp. H. E. Rorabeck, of Norwood, spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. J. Murphy. Corp. Rorabeck has just returned from overseas, he was attached to the 93rd Battalion.

Miss Marjorie Lang left on Thursday to visit friends in Montreal.

Young People's Association.

The Anglican Young People's Association held a very successful afternoon tea at Alford's restaurant on Thursday afternoon. The tea was in charge of Mrs. H. Stuart, Miss Hilliard and Mrs. T. Weldon, assisted by Miss May Hampton, Mrs. Wannamker and Miss Amy Watson.

The candy committee was in charge of Miss Amy Watson and Miss Rhoda Alford, assisted by Miss B. Graham. The punch board, which caused much amusement, was well patronized.

The home-made cooking table looked very tempting. It was in charge of Mrs. Martin.

The fish pond proved very successful. It was in charge of Miss L. Smith and Miss Etta Ogilvie.

In the evening a progressive euchre party was held, after which lunch was served. The evening amusements were in charge of Mrs. J. E. Bogue and Mr. Wm. Hampton. The prizes for the euchre party were won by Mrs. T. Braden and Mr. Robert Duff.

During the afternoon and evening a beau guessing contest was on progress, conducted by Mr. Fred. Moon. The guesses ranging from 225 to 890 beans, the correct number being 512, the closest guesser was Miss Blanche Moore, who won a large box of home-made candy.

The three prizes going to Kentucky. (Cheers.)

The afternoon tea and liberal donation will be used to help pay the expenditures caused by the recent fire.

Mr. Leo. Garvey has returned to Kingston.

Mr. Harry Wannamaker, who has spent the past year in the West, returned home last week.

Owing to the Town Hall being burnt the meeting of the Farmers' Institute of West Peterboro will be held in the Town Hall, Bridgenorth, on Thursday, Jan. 23rd, instead of at Lakefield, afternoon and evening sessions will be held.

Miss Lila Burgess spent a few days in Peterboro last week.

Pte. Frank Fanner, of Apsley was in the village on Friday.

Mr. George Charlton left this week for Belleville where he has secured a position with the cement company.

Mr. Keith Tate and Miss Miriam entertained a few friends at their home on Friday Friday evening. The evening was spent in games and dancing.

Mrs. M. Osborne spent Friday in Peterboro on business.

Messrs. Bushnell and H. Holbrook, of Peterboro, spent Tuesday in the village.

Mr. Kinnon Hamilton left on Thursday for Toronto.

Mrs. G. W. Lawless returned on Friday from Toronto.

Mr. W. Simpson left on Thursday for New Ontario.

Miss F. Fairburn returned to the village on Tuesday. She has been visiting friends in Bowanville.

Rev. and Mrs. A. W. McKenzie entertained a few friends at the "Grove" on Tuesday evening. The evening was spent in games and dancing.

Sgt.-Major Allan, who has been the guest of his uncle, Capt. (Dr.) Fin[illegible] to Kingston on Monday.

Miss E. Hunter spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mr. Fred. Brown spent a few days in Montreal last week.

Mrs. Lawrence Graham, of New York, is spending a few days with Mrs. M. Osborne before going to Lindsay to visit her son, Lieut. G. Graham.

Mr. James Allan spent Friday in Peterboro.

Soldiers Home — THE SALVATION ARMY — Coming Campaign

"First to Serve— Last to Appeal"

The Record of
The Salvation Army
In Peace and War

Fifty-three years ago a man so loved the world and his fellow-man that he consecrated his life to the relief of distress and the service of the Master.

The world scoffed at his Salvation Army toiling to raise outcasts from the gutter, but General Booth lived to see scorn turn to reverence, and when he died, kings sent their representatives to his funeral.

His greatest memorial is the Salvation Army laboring in 63 countries, speaking 40 languages, serving behind the trenches since the twelfth day of the war, with Huts, Hostels, Rest Rooms, in addition to the work among soldiers' families here at home.

And now comes the crisis. With the homecoming of 300,000 soldiers, and all the many problems that involves, the additional strain on the Salvation Army will be enormous. But the Salvation Army faces the mighty task ahead, confident that the necessary funds will be forthcoming.

The work the Salvation Army will be called upon to do is a vital factor in Reconstruction. Notwithstanding all the work the Government has undertaken, including the granting of pensions, there is still need for the organized effort and the uplifting influence of the Salvation Army, and, with confidence, business men's committees ask your earnest support of the

Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund
January 19th to 25th

Human Evidences of the Work

Here a returning soldier sees his baby for the first time. In the Salvation Army Maternity Home the mother received the best of care and medical attention. The Salvation Army Lassies found her struggling along without help. Two lives in all probability saved.

Picture a discharged soldier, out of a job. He is unable to provide maternity attendance for his wife. Imagine his relief when he finds the door of the Salvation Army Maternity Home is open to her.

Multiply these cases by hundreds and thousands and you will not be wide of the mark. Then consider the case of other mothers—

Who would deny the right of even the "love child" to enter the world surrounded by the loving care of the Salvation Army workers, nurses and doctors in the Maternity Home?

Among the Soldiers' Families

A soldier at the front received a letter from the Salvation Army to say that his wife was getting along nicely after a severe illness in which she had been found alone in the house. The letter did not tell how the Salvation Army Lassie had scrubbed floors, set the house in order, and nursed the woman back to health.

The wife of another soldier was unable to keep her home together and look after the children. The Salvation Army workers found her, too proud to ask for help, but too proud to accept guidance and assistance with the kind words lovingly offered.

Many soldiers will find it hard to settle into civilian life. Distress among soldiers' families is inevitable, but while the home can be kept intact there is a solid foundation for the Salvation Army to build upon. The soldier will be helped to find a job. The children will be clothed so that they can go to school. Food will be forthcoming. And there will be that Cleanliness which is next to Godliness, the spirit which actuates the work.

The Salvation Army is one of the organizations whose objectives extend beyond material comfort. Everything it does is ultimately directed to the extension of the Kingdom of Christ.

It approaches very practical problems in a very practical way, and achieves RESULTS. If you approve of its aims—spiritual as well as material—you will gladly give your help to raise the fund, without which much suffering must remain unrelieved—suffering among those particularly who offered their lives a living sacrifice to our comfort and protection.

"Give and it shall be given unto you—good measure"

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

5

Eat without Fear of Indigestion!
Instant Relief for Bad Stomachs

When your meals l[illegible]

When what you eat turns sour, forming acids, gases and indigestion.

Magic relief. No waiting!

The moment Pape's Diapepsin reaches the stomach all the sourness, acidity, heartburn, dyspepsia and indigestion ends.

Upset stomachs feel fine.

Costs so little—Any drug store.

UPSET? **Pape's Diapepsin** WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

PASTOR SAYS HAVELOCK IS ENTITLED TO HIGH SCHOOL

Rev. James Skene Sets Forth His Arguments in a Letter to the Standard.

Rev. James Skene, pastor of Knox Presbyterian Church, Havelock, believes that village should have a high school and states his case in the following letter to the Standard:

As the "Win the War" cry has now lost its charm, is it not time that as citizens we devote our energies in other directions?

The New Post Office and Hydro Electric are both worthy objects, but of still greater importance is our educational privileges, which up to the present, as citizens, we have been somewhat lax and have failed to reach that goal that some of us desire to attain, namely, the transformation of our Continuation School to that of a High School.

Continuation schools have not to any great extent brought about the results or fulfilled the expectations for which they were created. Instead these schools are simply High Schools doing the same or similar work, fitting youths for the teaching profession and for the entrance to the Universities and professional colleges. That being the case why should we not have a High School?

I will humbly submit a few reasons why we are entitled to have a High School:

1—Doing the same work as High Schools having two or three masters.

2—The qualifications for such schools as Havelock and Lakefield are the same as those for High Schools.

3—The population of Havelock is 1500 or more, equal if not larger than Norwood and Omemee combined, each of which have a High School.

4—An increasing number of outside pupils, which would be greatly increased with the prestige of a High School.

5—A High School would draw its fair share of maintenance funds from the County which even now would amount to $500 or more in addition to what was received and would not for the present increase or incur any extra expense.

6—There is no valid reason why a High School and Public School should not be conducted in the same building. Before the Model schools were started in 1885 it was deemed best to separate the Public and High Schools, but these have now been abolished.

7—On the basis of the attendance Havelock could claim the right of having the Continuation School made a High School. The following have a smaller attendance than Havelock and are drawing much larger grants: Rockland, Vienia, Pork Dover, Omemee, Port Rowan, Newcastle and others. The attendance for Havelock school for the current year will reach 50 at the least and none of the above schools have so many.

8—If a High School we would then have representation on the Entrance Board.

If our expense in the way of heating, caretaking, and other details total $3400 and one third of our pupils were from outside points, we would be entitled to $1200 of a grant or about $700 more than we are now receiving.

I have advanced a few reasons they are in perfect harmony with law and order, trusting that as citizens we may show readiness to examine without impatience all sides of the questions and a willingness to follow where truth leads and courage to follow up a true ideal.

MORE OFFENCES ON THE STATUTES

SOCIAL SERVICE WORKERS PLAN ADDITIONAL WORK FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

Toronto, Jan. 16.—Social service workers are in session here. The committee on legislation made it an offense: 1, Registration of male and female at hotels as man and wife. 2, Passed a bylaw protecting all female employes under 21 from seduction by employers. 3, The corruption of children. 4, Bylaw raised the age of consent for girls from 16 years to 18 years. The committee is striving to pass a bylaw which will censor the lip reading of the moving pictures.

Henry Challis of Kent Bridge has been missing since December 30th, when he purchased a ticket to Chatham. He had quite a sum of money on him.

Premier Lenine has begun to lose faith in the future of Bolshevism.

German gold reserves are to be transferred from Berlin to Frankfort.

Korea will make protest to the Peace Conference against annexation to Japan.

Toronto Teachers To Get Increase

LIKELY THAT MINIMUM SALARY WILL BE PENED AT $800.

Toronto, Jan. 16 — Salaries of teachers in Toronto's High and Public Schools are to rise again this year if the teachers have their way.

Requests have already been made to the trustees for favorable consideration of a revision of the salary schedule. Trustee C. A. B. Brown has a motion before the Board of Education at the next meeting to commit the board to a minimum of $800 a year for the female teachers in the Public Schools and he is confident that it will carry.

Last year several of the trustees made an attempt to fix an $800 minimum, and they almost succeeded. This year there is little doubt that it will be fixed at that figure.

The present minimum is $700 and the maximum is $1400, but the climb is weary and slow for the annual increment is only $50. If the annual raise were $100 it would induce some teachers to stay on the staff.

High school principals and assistant masters have also asked for salary revision but instead of making any specific demand they have asked for a conference with the trustees in regard to the cost of living and the expense of maintaining a home under present conditions.

LANDED AT ST. JOHN

Word has been received by Mrs. Thomas Jackson, Bolivar street that her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Arnold Jackson, has landed in St. John, N. B. Pte. Arnold Jackson, is at present in a hospital in England.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW.

KNOX CHURCH CONGREGATION HAD MOST SUCCESSFUL YEAR

Progress Made in Every Branch of the Work and Financial Statement Shows a Balance on the Right Side of the Ledger.

The annual meeting of Knox Church was held last night. The various reports of the years' work were very encouraging. The Session report, which was read by Mr. M. N. Clark, recorded 22 baptisms, 15 marriages and 37 funerals. Suitable reference was made to the distress caused by the epidemic of influenza. There was also an expression of thankfulness that the year 1918 had ushered in the dawn of peace.

Missionary Reports.

The activities of the various missionary societies of the congregation were well presented by Mrs. J. Allen for the Women's Missionary Society, Miss Clara Ross for the Goforth Mission Club, an Miss Cora Clarke for the Junior Mission Band. Mr. Wm. Mott reported the missionary givings Sunday collections to be $866. The total missionary givings of the congregation through the weekly collections, the Sunday school and the missionary societies is over $1200.

Sunday School Flourishing.

The reports of the Sunday school indicate a healthy condition. This very important branch of the work of the church is under the care of Mr. M. N. Clark, and his efficiency is manifest in the results obtained. The work is seriously handicapped for the lack of a place of meeting for the intermediate school, which would give the teachers good facilities for presenting the lessons to their classes. At present this part of the school meets in the gallery of the church, and, while good work is being done, the teachers and officers are anxious for improvement in the near future

The Primary Department, which is under the efficient direction of Miss A. Macdonald, is a bright feature of Knox Sunday school work. There is an enrollment in this department of not less than 144. These are cared for by a staff of six young women. The adult department owes a great deal to its quartette of teachers, namely, Mrs. W. Roger, Mrs. A. Kensie, Mr. Turnbull and Mr. A. Kenzie.

The reports of the Young People's Guild, of the choir and of the Ladies' Aid were all of a meritorious order.

Red Cross Work.

Amongst other activities, the claims of the Red Cross Society and the Prisoners of War Fund were not forgotten by several of the organizations. The Ladies' Aid, the Volunteer Bible Class, the Y. P. Guild, the Bereah Bible Class, the Brotherhood and Intermediate School all reported a share of work done for these interests. The Ladies' Aid remembered the soldiers with Christmas boxes. The Brotherhood and the Intermediate School have each of them a Victory bond to their credit. The Volunteer and Berean Bible Classes contributed to the Red Cross and the Prisoners of War Fund. The latter class has the fine record of raising throughout the year the sum of $150 for military relief work, while their grand total reaches the proud figure of $292.

Has Balance on Hand.

The report of the church treasurer, Mr. T. Carpenter, was very encouraging. For the first time in years Knox Church has a balance to its credit in its current expense account. This satisfactory condition is directly due to the liberality of the congregation The income for current revenue amounted to $5136.

Mr. Carpenter in reporting the Building and Interest Fund stated that the income for the year just closed was $2733.00. This amount is a high tribute to the liberality of the congregation and a few of their friends. Mr. Carpenter reported that the indebtedness on the church mortgage now stands at $10,300.

The Anniversary Services which were held on Dec. 15th, proved very successful. Able discourses were given by Rev. Principal Gandier. The thank-offering contributed amounted to $1635. The grand total for the year exceeds $10,000.

Memorial for the Fallen

A committee was appointed to deal with the matter of securing a suitable memorial for the men of the congregation who enlisted for active service. The members of the committee were Messrs D. Hamilton. Dr. McCulloch. H. J. Cameron, A. McKenzie and Mesdames Macdonald, Roger and Smith.

Messrs Trussler, Hamilton, C. Huffman, Carpenter, Roy and Coulkshanks were appointed as managers for a three year term.

Dr. McCulloch was appointed as the church representative on the Board of Nicholls Hospital.

A music committee was appointed being composed of the following: Mrs McCammon, Mrs. Carpenter, Miss Caldwell, Mr. J. F. Morrison, Mr. Croft and Mr. McCammon.

It was decided to introduce a new hymn book for general use on the first Sunday in June.

The meeting closed with prayer and the benediction.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

CLEANSES THE LITTLE LIVER AND BOWELS AND THEY GET WELL QUICK.

When your child suffers from a cold, don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish, or has a sore throat, give a good dose of 'California Syrup of Figs" to evacuate the bowels, no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

BORDEN, SIFTON AT CONFERENCE

WILL PROBABLY REPRESENT CANADA SITTING FROM TIME TO TIME.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—There is much satisfaction in the capital over the news from Paris that Canada is to be directly represented at the peace conference. Sir Robert Borden from the first, with the backing and approval of the Canadian Government, has strongly urged that the Dominion should be given equal status in the conference with the small allied nations and in addition should have their representatives upon a panel from which the British delegation would be drawn. On both these proposals Sir Robert, it is known here, received the support of Lloyd George. Sir Robert felt strongly that Canada, having made such sacrifices and having played such an important part in the war, should be directly represented on this, the most important conference in the world's history.

There will be five British delegates, who will be alternated and at times Canada will be represented on the delegation of Great Britain.

While there is no official announcement it is believed the two Canadian delegates will be Sir Robert Borden and Hon. Arthur Sifton. This may delay their return until the spring. Sir George Foster and Hon. C. J. Doherty, however, are expected home shortly after the opening of Parliament.

FARM TRACTORS DUTY

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Remission of duty on farm tractors under $1,400 in value ceases on February 7, unless the order in Council granting the remission is further extended. The question of extension has been given some consideration, and, it is expected, will be officially before the Cabinet within a few days.

THE ONLY DANGER AT VERSAILLES—Brooklyn Eagle

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHY WE CAN DO IT

The main reason why Dr. Fowler can be so accurate in his work of fitting the proper "PEBLO" Lenses to suit the exact needs of his patrons' eyes is the complete, modern equipment of his establishment, coupled with his own expert knowledge. His equipment is modern in every way.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

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Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co:

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

BALLANTYNE GLOVE

"Scotch Knit" means warmth and comfort in gloves for men.

Dressy gloves that give real service.

Real economy in price and wear.

Ask for Ballantyne's.

D. H. Ballantyne, Limited, Stratford, Ont.

Article No. 6 Cut out for Reference

Pensions

CANADA'S yearly pension bill is estimated by the Minister of Finance at $30,000,000. This is a minimum figure. How is this vast fund to be administered? To whom will pensions be paid? Everyone is asking these questions. Here is the official answer.

The Organization

A huge organization has been built up to handle pensions promptly, smoothly, fairly.

At its head is the Board of Pensions Commissioners. This Board is to be developed as a civil rather than as a military body. It consists of three men, each appointed for ten years, each devoting his whole time to his duties as a Commissioner.

The Head Office of the Pensions Board is at Ottawa, and there are seventeen branch offices in the principal centres throughout Canada. An important branch is in operation in London, England.

These local branches receive applications from soldiers' dependents for pensions; send "Visitors" to call on pensioners in their homes; hold medical re-examinations; handle complaints.

The Board keeps a representative travelling from coast to coast interviewing pensioners and addressing organizations interested in their welfare. He has already conferred with more than 30,000 pensioners.

At present 60,000 pensions are being administered by the Board.

A Pension—What it is

A pension is not a gift, gratuity or reward for service done. It is compensation—money paid as a right by Canadians, through their Government, to offset in a measure the handicaps suffered in war by their fellow-citizens a debt that the country owes to our returned men, and to the dependents of those who have fallen.

It is in this spirit that Orders-in-Council governing pensions are framed. It is in this spirit that the Board of Pensions Commissioners administers these Orders-in-Council.

To Whom Payable

Pensions are not awarded for service.

Broadly speaking, any soldier or sailor who was disabled during his service is entitled to a pension provided medical treatment fails to restore his full normal capacity.

The amount of the pension is based on the extent of the physical handicap he has suffered.

The physical condition of the disabled man is described on his discharge from the service by a Medical Board. Pension is awarded according to the amount of disablement from which he is then found to be suffering.

The percentage of handicap has been carefully and thoroughly worked out for every disability. It is both accurate and fair.

The relationship between the Medical Board and the pension applicant is that of doctor and patient. Every opportunity is given to have the man's condition judged from his point of view.

Amount of Pension

The pension is awarded to a soldier or sailor so that he can live in decent comfort, despite his handicap.

The money he may be able to earn, or the money he earned before the war, does not affect the amount of his pension. The extent of his handicap alone in the general labor market is considered.

Every man who has increased his income by Vocational Training will not have his pension decreased or discontinued.

The amount of the pension varies also according to the soldier's rank; but his trade or profession is not considered. The minimum pension for a totally disabled unmarried soldier or sailor of the lowest rank is $600 a year.

Pensions to Dependents

Widows of soldiers or sailors who have died during or as a result of service, are entitled to pension so long as they do not remarry.

Children of soldiers or sailors are entitled to pensions up to the age of sixteen, if boys, or seventeen, if girls.

Pension is awarded to the parents of a soldier or sailor according, (a) to the degree of their dependency on the deceased soldier and, (b) according to their needs.

A complete schedule of the pensions granted to disabled soldiers and sailors, and to their dependents, will be sent to anyone interested. Apply to Board of Pensions Commissioners, Ottawa.

Director of Repatriation

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

CANCELLING BACON CONTRACTS WILL REDUCE PRICES IN CANADA

Sir Thomas White Cables England for Definite Information on This Department of Canadian Trade.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Sir Thomas White has cabled England for official information on the statement that the British Government had placed an embargo on Canadian shipments, and that contracts for pork and pork products have been cancelled. The Canadian Government has no official information on the subject.

Sir Thomas stated that any difficulty which existed was not one of credits.

While there is no direct information, it is believed here that the difficulty is that the British Government has on hand a surplus of meat supplies. Expecting a continuance of the war, the British Food Board piled up big reserves of bacon, hams, lard and other meat supplies. These supplies, it is believed, are in danger of being spoiled and accounts for the action along with the natural transportation congestion of British ports.

Mr. Catto of the British Ministry of Food, located in New York is expected here this week and will have a conference on the subject, when there will follow an official statement.

One effect in Canada, it is believed, will be a reduction in prices. According to the cost of living commissioner the stocks of pork on hand in cold storage warehouses amounts to 28,291,29 pounds, including 15,008,897 pounds still in process of cure. 12,762,447 pounds sweet pickled, 3,343,355 pounds dry salted, 2,479,570 pounds fresh unfrozen and 4,697,060 pounds frozen pork. Comparative data indicate this to be 3.8 per cent. more than a year ago.

President W. E. Matthews, of Matthews Blackwell Limited, stated today that he had no reason to believe that the contracts had been cancelled.

"On the contrary," he said. "I have every reason to believe that they intend to execute contracts now in effect. The situation is that the old country has on hand large reserves and finds it inadvisable to defer receipt of packing house products for which it has contracted. In order to do this the authorities have asked us to defer shipments until they use up a part of the large stocks they have on hand. They're doing a little house cleaning, as it were, getting straightened up."

The Olympic is expected to reach Halifax about 7 o'clock tomorrow morning with 5,000 Canadian soldiers.

IS APPOINTED JUDGE.

Thomas N. Harvey, brother of J. F. Harvey, formerly teacher in the Collegiate here and now editor and proprietor of the Express-Herald, Newmarket has just been elected judge of the supreme court of California, U.S. The new judge was born in Barrie and previous to entering upon the study of law was engaged in newspaper work on the Wyoming Enterprise and the Kingston Whig.

DR. NORVAL'S A COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

[illegible] DEATH, MEETING NOTICES and CARDS of Thanks 50c per insertion in Memoriam, 50c per insertion. All [illegible] cash with order. [illegible] CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

LOST.

LOST—On the 30th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

LOST—22K wedding ring somewhere in city, on Monday. Finder please leave at Review and receive reward.

LOST—On Tuesday, somewhere in city, sable muff. Reward if left at Review.

LOST—One black driving glove between Opera House and East City. Finder kindly leave at Review Office.

TO RENT.

TO LET—Five-roomed apartment, heated and all conveniences. Rent $25 per month. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Private sale of household furniture, practically new. Best quality. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates,

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
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Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St. Peterborough.

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The New Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street
Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinists.
We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.
SMALL REPAIRS at your residence $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call. Phone No. 497. Nights 296

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PITTSTON COAL
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HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
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Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Every man has a threefold nature; that which he exhibits, that which he has and that which he thinks he has. Fighters are not permitted to go out of their class, yet heavyweight women seem to delight in making matches with lightweight men.

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Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

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408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
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Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Doors and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
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...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
[illegible] a pound of it. I will buy all you can [illegible]
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
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Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
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per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

CANADA ENTERING UPON A PERIOD OF EXPANSION

Work of Construction Can Be Carried on Without Confusion so far as Manufactures Are Concerned.

Investigations carried on through Canada by agents of the Dominion Government disclose the fact that the task of replacing Canada on a peace footing so far as manufactures are concerned, can be accomplished with little confusion, and that a period of exceptional prosperity and activity lies before both Canada and the United States.

Canada, according to the Department of Labor, is entering upon a period of expansion greater than at any time in her history. There is no anxiety concerning the attitude of the manufacturers of the country, who realize that they must take full advantage of their opportunities and minimize the difficulties of transition from war to peace conditions. Immeasurable opportunities, embracing every department of industry, confront the Canadian manufacturers, and with the passing of the need for conservation, the demand for goods of all kinds will increase.

Deferred construction programmes involving the expenditure of scores of millions of dollars, will be proceeded with in the spring, and industrial plants in all part of Canada are awaiting only for labor to inaugurate large schemes for expansion. Stocks are low and the call for manufactured goods will come from every quarter. The demand from abroad will be enormous. Europe must be reconstituted and rebuilt, and with the release of shipping for commercial purposes, trade with other parts of the globe will be stimulated.

Price levels, it has been ascertained, will be generally maintained. Any possibility of a precipitate fall is precluded by the world-wide demand. No sudden readjustment of wages is anticipated. General stability, with slow and steady realignments to meet new conditions is the evident tendency throughout the country.

In order that all manufacturers may be better able to take advantage of these opportunities, the Dominion Government is giving them every assistance. It has re-endorsed the principle of using goods made in Canada, and has undertaken to stimulate public interest in the movement.

By establishing Industrial Research Bureaux it affords valuable aid to existing industries and will foster the creation of new ones. By its programme for the construction of useful public works it will absorb the products of many factories. It has stimulated the building industry by instituting a credit of twenty-five million to be drawn on for housing development, and it has inaugurated an important ship-building programme. It is providing employment for thousands of men on the Government Railways. It is establishing employment offices through the country to aid both the employer and the employe.

The opportunities abroad have not been forgotten. The Government proposes to establish credits for work undertaken by manufacturers and producers in connection with the rehabilitation of the devastated regions of Europe, which will enable manufacturers to finance contracts on a cash payment basis, and which should lead to a large share of the business coming to Canada.

A system has been begun for the compilation of accurate details of imports with the object of indicating the directions in which trade may be developed. A trade mission to London, and a Canadian trade Commission with headquarters in Canada have been established for the fostering of commerce and industry. Important machinery is being built up by which the Government will co-operate with the manufacturer in every possible direction.

NO MORE PRIVATE SNAPS IN LIQUOR

SALE OF INTOXICATION TO BE TAKEN OVER BY GOVERNMENT.

Toronto, Jan. 16.—Private licensed vendors of liquor in Ontario are to be abolished at the coming session of the Legislature. Instead of the seven agencies in operation throughout the province for the sale of liquor, the Government has decided to take over the business itself. It hopes that by so doing the abuses which made the existing system unsatisfactory will be done away with. Under the new plan customers will be ensured of a supply of pure liquor and private gain will be eliminated.

Announcement of this radical change in the administration of the Ontario Temperance Act was made yesterday by Sir William Hearst. At the same time he made it clear that it is not the intention of the Government to take a vote on the Ontario Temperance Act in June of this year as provided in the act. Instead, the vote will be taken as soon as practicable after the return of the soldiers.

Postpone Vote on O. T. A.

"On investigation it was found," said Premier Hearst, "that it would not be possible to secure satisfactorily the votes of the men overseas," the Prime Minister explained in reference to the securing of the opinion of the electorate, "and it would be unfair to have a vote on so important a question without the soldiers having a full opportunity of expressing their views upon it. For these reasons the act was brought into force without a vote and provision was made in it whereby a vote would be taken when the soldiers return. It was expected at the time the act was passed that the war would be over and the soldiers back in time to permit of a vote being taken in June, 1919. It is clear now that the soldiers will undoubtedly not all be back by that time and that the taking of the vote will have to be postponed. The Government proposes that as soon as practicable after the soldiers return a vote shall be taken, and the whole electorate of the Province be given ample opportunity to say by their ballots whether or not they desire the Ontario Temperance Act to be continued in force. The necessary amendments to the act will be made at the coming session."

Vendors Affected

There are seven vendors situated in different parts of the Province, who will be put out of business under the new system. They are: T. Ambrose Woods, Ltd., and J. G. S. Cornnell, Toronto; W. Cleland, Hamilton; J. W. Rigney, Kingston; L. N. Bate, Ottawa; E. B. Smith, [illegible] and Donald Fraser, Windsor.

It is apparent from the foregoing statement that rumors current in recent weeks that instead of asking the people to say whether they were [illegible] or not, as the act provides, the Government would submit a plebiscite to find if the electors favored the system of beer and wine license, is incorrect. The Prime Minister stated explicitly that the electors will "be given ample opportunity to say by their ballots whether or not they desire the Ontario Temperance Act to be continued in force."

MILK TESTS FOR PRESENE MONTH

At the last meeting of the Board of Health figures showing the result of the milk tests for January, 1919 were submitted as follows:

C. Sharpe	4.00
S. Huston	3.80
P. Kennedy	3.80
J. O'Connell	4.00
Mrs Brady	6.20
W. Sedgwick	3.60
E. Curtis	3.20
Peterboro Pure Milk Co	3.20
A. R. White	3.80
T. Twoomy	3.70
C. Waller	3.60
H. O'Neill	3.50
J. E. Lillico	3.00
(Wright's Milk)	
B. Bell	3.40
F. Riley	4.00
F. C. Young	3.20
(Peterboro Pure Milk Co.)	
F. Rooke	3.60
(H. O'Neill's Milk)	
I. Gosselin	3.70
J. Juby	4.10
(Moncrief Milk)	
J. Wright	3.20
A. H. Beatty	3.30
W. J. Robsin	4.00
W. Bromwell	3.70
T. E. Rose	4.20
E. McDonnell	3.50
(Peterboro Pure Milk Co.)	
W. Routley	3.60
(Peterboro Pure Milk Co.)	
S. E. Moncrief	4.10
H. Fiske	3.50
H. Manley	3.20
J. Hodgson	3.40
H. Giguere	3.60
(Peterboro Pure Milk Co.)	
J. Moreau	3.70
(Goselin's Milk)	
E. Butler	3.10
(Extra Test)	
E. Butler	3.20
(Extra Test)	

OBITUARY

JOHN PUE

In the death of the late John Pue which occurred in his 86th year, South Monaghan loses one of its oldest residents. During the past two years he had not been in the best of health and on the morning of January 7th passed peacefully away.

Deceased was the last of a family of seven children, who with their parents immigrated from County Monaghan, Ireland, in the year 1835.

The late Mr. Pue is survived by a widow three daughters and five sons. Among those who attended the funeral were Mr. W. J Pue and daughter, Frankie, of Barrie.

War Workers Must Still Carry On

LETTER TO PROGRESSIVE CLUB SHOWS NECESSITY FOR CONTINUING WORK.

The following letter has been received by the president of the Peterborough Progressive Club, which shows there is still need for the Club to continue their work:

Can. Serbian Relief Com.
95 King St. W., Toronto,
January 14th, 1919.

Dear Miss Peck,—

We would be very grateful for underclothing, socks and other warm clothing. Some organizations in Toronto, which, like yours, have been doing hospital work, are now, under the auspices of our committee, doing work for the Serbians. We ask for warm clothing, blankets and soap. Children's stockings would be splendid.

The parcels would be addressed: "For Serbia," Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, 83 King street west, Toronto.

During the years of the war the Serbians used up bedding, carpets and curtains to patch their clothes and now they have nothing left to mend their rags. I am sure you could not work for people more desperately in need.

Yours very truly,
EDITH MOWAT,
Cor. Sec. C. S. R. C.

A meeting held by the Progressive Club yesterday, Wednesday, the 15th, it was decided to send $25.00 to the Women's Auxiliary of the G. W. V. A.; $25.00 to the last appeal which the Canadian Field Comforts' Commission are sending out; $100.00 to the appeal of the Salvation Army and $100.00 to the Serbian Relief and about $25.00 worth of made socks. The Club has wool on hand for children's socks and material they intend making up for the Siberian children.

We hope next Wednesday afternoon, the 22nd, of January, our members will make a point of coming to the rooms and helping in this urgent cause.

"Help Her to Help Them."

A window card carried an actual photo of Salvation Army girls at work in the front line trenches, where, at the entrance to a dug-out, two comely lasses wearing tin hats and box respirators, are rolling dough for pies. Again is used the slogan "Help her to help them over there—over here."

In addition to these main features of the Publicity Campaign, the committee is sending out thousands of folders describing the war work of the Army and outlining its plans to bring the boys home again and re-establish them in civil life as well as to care for those dependant women and children who have been the main sufferers from the war.

BUILD HUTS ON STREETS LIKE THOSE USED IN ARMY

Salvationists Plan Novel Feature for Their Million Dollar Drive Which Opens Next Week—Harry Lauder to Speak in Toronto

The way in which the Salvation Army served soldiers at the front will be shown in Toronto during the "drive" next week. Seven army huts will be erected in various parts of the city. Salvation Army lassies will serve doughnuts, tea and coffe to returned soldiers free of cost, and to the genera public for whatever the public pleases to drop into the till. The huts will be exact replicas of those overseas.

Two of these huts will be placed on the law in front of the City Hall, one at Temperance and Yonge streets, one in Parkdale, one on St. Clair avenue, one in North Toronto and one at Danforth and Broadview.

Salvation Army meetings will be held in the huts at noon and at night there will be sing-songs just as provided for the fighting boys. Returned soldiers in Toronto still in uniform will make these huts temporary recreation places and perhaps the atmosphere of the war zone will be created.

During the campaign Salvation Army bands will provide music whenever the occasion demands it. All the bands of the Army in Toronto will be available for processions.

Lauder at Massey Hall.

The Drive will be inaugurated by two great meetings in Massey Hall on Sunday next. The Campaign Executive Committee, of which Lieut.-Col. W. S. Dinnick is Chairman, has been successful in securing the support of Harry Lauder in giving zip to the money-getting campaign, which will last throughout the work.

Mr. Lauder will address the meeting in Massey Hall on Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, his subject being "The Reconstructive Philosophy of a Plain Man." It is expected that Sir Edmund Walker, Honorary Treasurer of the Fund, will preside. Mr. Laude will be accompanied by his life-long friend, Dr. George Adams, pastor of Emmanuel Church, Montreal. Dr. Adams is a host in himself and will also give an address on that occasion. He returned from overseas in July. He went with Harry Lauder to visit the grave of Mr. Lauder's only son, who was killed in action.

In the evening a consecration meeting will be held in Massey Hall at seven o'clock. It will be a distinctly Salvation Army meeting with Commissioner Richards in charge.

The publicity committee has issued for general distribution throughout the country, some attractive literature. One of the most appealing of the colored posters depicts the Salvation Army lassie, steel-helmeted and khaki-clad, standing in the forefront of some picturesque ruins with a plate of appetizing and edible dough-nuts in her hand. Below her, the figure of soldiers with a "Life-preserver" into which he has bitten, in his hand, and a smile of complete satisfaction on his face. He is pointing to the young lady dispenser of the delectable commodity and the inscription, which denotes the observation that has escaped him is, "Oh, Boy! that's the Girl!" and we are admonished to "keep her on the job."

Another striking appeal somewhat sadder in tone illustrates the scene at the bedside of a wounded soldier. The Salvation Army lass, bib-frocked and wearing the regulation poke bonnet and a Red Shield band on her arm, is sitting at the bedside ministering to the bodily comfort of the stricken man, and also offering spiritual consolation. There is subdued background, showing the figure of the Saviour. The wording below the picture is "Help her to help them over there—over here."

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKET.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Live Stock Receipts light, trade steady to firm:

Choice export cattle	$14.00 $15.0
Choice butchers	10.50 11.5
Ewes	9.50 10.5
Lambs	16.25 16.7
Hogs f.a.w.	17.00 17.0

PETERBOROUGH MARKET
Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1
Oats	67	
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2
Barley	95	1
Hay, per ton.	30 00	30
Straw (bailed)	30 00	30

Prevailing Prices Last Market Day Peterborough.

Turkeys	$ 40	$
Chickens	30	
Geese	28	
Ducks	35	
Eggs	70	
Butter	58	
Pork	28	
Beef	30	
Lamb	23	
Potatoes	1 75	1
Beans	25	
Parsnips	25	
Carrots	25	
Turnips	20	
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7
Wood (beech)	12 00	12
Hay	30 00	30
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$6 00	$7
do., No. 2	5 00	6
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	4

Railway Time Table

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**9:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:38 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:13 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, Ingersoll, Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield [illegible]

[illegible] say, Port Hope, making connection with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield [illegible]

2:04 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Napanee and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Quebec.

BRINGING UP FATHER

BY GEORGE McMANUS

BUT MAGGIE DARLIN' I'M NOT SICK
YOULL NOT GET UP OR OUT OF THIS HOUSE UNTIL THE DOCTOR GETS HERE!
I'M GONNA GIT OUT NOW WHILE I'VE GOT A CHANCE.
OH! LOOK WHO'S WITH THE DOCTOR
!
HOW ARE YOU FEELING?
OH! I'M VERY SICK
I GUESS HE NEEDS A NURSE

As Charlie Says:—

You can't judge everything by the price, or Arabelas would cost at least a dollar-for-three. It's so satisfying for a mild cigar.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

CANADIAN HORSE WINNER OF RACES IN MICHIGAN

Phyllis Admiral Won the 2.24 Trot in Straight Heat on Mt. Clemens Ice Track

Mt. Clemens, Mich., Jan. 16.—The opening day of the big winter race meeting at Clinton View Park was marked by ideal weather, so much so that it played havoc with the ice track, but did not interfere with a splendid program of racing.

The start was considerably delayed owing to accidents to the various contestants. A large crowd turned out and the attendance was marked by the appearance of many of the Grand Circuit followers and many from Canada and New York.

The first race was called the 2:24 trot, in which the Canadian mare Phyliss Admiral sold at first choice and justified the confidence of her backers, although she had keen competition throughout. In the first heat Heartless led to the three-quarters where she was overhauled by Phyllis Admiral, and in a strenuous stretch drive managed to finish in front. Phyliss led in the second heat and Heartless went to a break and Travel Onward and E.K.S. took up the battle, but could not quite reach. The third heat was Phyliss' all the way.

In the 2:30 pace Louis Gratten, Freddie Gratten and Linda C. sold nearly even. In the first heat Louis Gratten stepped in her boot and made a break at the three-quarter pole, where Linda C. headed her and led until the stretch, where Freddie Gratten, driven by Nat Ray, made a whirlwind finish and won the heat. Louis Gratten again led until the back stretch, when her sulky wheel collapsed and she finished far outside the flag, but under the rule permitting the judges to place a horse owing to accidents of that nature, when racing over ice she was placed last, and in the third heat she led to the quarter, with Linda C. accompanying her, with Freddie Gratten closing on both leaders fast, but could not quite catch the flying Louis in the fastest heat of the race, 2.17¼, which was a remarkable mile considering the sloppy condition of the track at the time.

Brock Street Rink

BETTER PATRONIZED THIS SEASON THAN EVER

Program for This Week

GREAT WAR VETERANS BAND

THURSDAY—City Hockey League.

No Skating.

FRIDAY—Skating.

Junior Hockey Team Plays at Port Hope

SATURDAY SPECIAL—Band Concert and Skating.

Admission Only . . . 25 Cents

LAWN BOWLERS HOLD SESSION

WILL START CAMPAIGN SOON TO SECURE NEW MEMBERS.

There was a meeting of the members of the Lawn Bowlers Club in the office of J. A. McKone, principal of the Peterborough Business College, last night to consider the question of obtaining suitable quarters in which to bowl during the winter months and during rainy weather in the summer season.

While nothing definite was done in connection with organizing for this purpose at last night's meeting, it was decided that those present would institute a campaign for the purpose of adding members to the roll of the club, and it is expected that before long a suitable place will be chosen and this popular pastime indulged in with as much enjoyment as on the greens.

ALL SAINTS' CHOIR AT PROTEST. HOME

Last evening the choir of All Saints Church, accompanied by the Warden, Mr. T. H. Hooper, and his wife, attended the Protestant Home. The evening was spent in praise. The choir sang anthems, choruses and several of the members contributed songs to the great delight of the inmates. At the close tea and light refreshments, fruit, etc., was served by the choir, and all were unanimous in the hope that the day would not be long before another one would be paid. The inmates all seemed happy and pleased with the home and were loud in their praises of the way they were treated. One man said the superintendent was just like a mother to them all.

Blessed is the man who can repeat the ten commandments after coming in contact with an icy sidewalk.

Some Pages For History Of Sport

From the dawn of history man has evolved games in which balls of various kinds figure, and this instinct seems to be universal. When the first pale-faces invaded the New World they found the Indians amusing themselves with a ball game which the French afterward lacrosse. Baseball, which is a development of the older games or "rounders" and "town ball" for ball, which was first played by the English with the head of a captured Dane as the ball; cricket, billiards, tennis, golf, hockey, polo, bowling, basketball, and various other games, are played with balls.

Youngest of the popular ball games is basketball, which passes its twenty-eighth birthday this year, having been invented in 1891 by Dr. James Naismith, then director of physical trafning at the Springfield, Mass., Training School, but later with the University of Kansas. It was twenty-seven years ago yesterday, on January 15th, 1892, that the first match basketball game was played at Springfield between two class teams. In the previous month, at a meeting of the faculty of the Springfield school, the need of some new form of exercise was discussed. It was agreed that there was a demand for a sport that would provide plenty of action without brutality, and which would serve the purpose of scientific physical development. Dr. Naismith gave much thought to the problem, and soon evolved the game of basketball. The first contest demonstrated that the new sport had a powerful appeal. Goals were then made of iron hoops from which nets were suspended. The latter were at first woven as to hold the ball, but later it was found desirable to change the nets so that the ball could drop through to the playing floor. Basketball is essentially a winter sport, and has been introduced in Europe and South America with great success.

McAuliffe-Gilmore Battle

Jack McAuliffe defeated Harry Gilmore in 28 rounds at Lawrence, Mass., on January 14, 1887. The bout was for the lightweight championship, then held by McAuliffe, and was one of the most desperate ever witnessed in a Massachusetts ring. The men fought with skin-tight gloves for $500 a side and the championship belt. Both men had to assimilate a lot of punishment and several times it looked as if the title was due to change hands. Gilmore devoted much of his attention to Jack's optics, and McAuliffe was scarcely able to see when he landed a punch which flattened out and broke Gilmore's nose. Harry's backers then tossed in the sponge, but the victor was in little better condition than the vanquished. A little later in the same year McAuliffe fought his famous 74 round draw with Jem Carney, the English champion, when Jack was saved from defeat only by the interference of the press cr...

GRAND TRUNK TIME-TABLE CHANGES

Effective Sunday, January 19th, Train No. 47 now leaving Toronto for North Bay at 11.30 p.m., daily except Saturday, will run on Tuesdays and Thursdays only, connections will be made at North Bay with T. & N.O. train No. 1, leaving North Bay at 10.45 a.m., for Cochrane and intermediate stations.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only, train No. 9, leaving Toronto at 8.35 p.m. will be a through train to Winnipeg same as at present but will run daily Toronto to Cochrane carrying through sleeping car and coaches, also on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday sleeping car Toronto to North Bay.

Bay sleeper will be operated on train No. 46, at 11.30 p.m. For full particulars apply to any Grand Trunk agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Union Station, Toronto.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr.

FARMERS WANT GOOD ROADS

REALIZE HOW MUCH GOOD HIGHWAYS MEAN TO THEM IN THEIR BUSINESS.

Farmers now recognize the value of good roads as they never did before. They are voting for bond issues to pull the country districts out of the mud. Many were both startled and pleased by the news from Illinois, when the $60,000,000 bond issue for good roads went through by a vote of three to one in the cities, while throughout the country districts the vote was six to one. That is evidence that the antagonism of the farmers of America has given way and that they want good roads now, and the right sort of roads for heavy-duty truck work. Years ago it was different, for the farmers then felt that in aiding the construction of good roads they were only preparing roads for "those city fellers" to fly over with their racing cars. Now the farmer uses the automobile and the motor truck, and both are as necessary to him as the telephone, rural free delivery, and other features which have entered into his life and made life more worth while. The farmer wants good roads and he wants them even more than does the city man, as is indicated by the vote in Illinois. Old-time tourists will recall their work of early days in trying to convert the farmer to good roads. The opposition was oftentimes picturesque, for the farmer did not then use automobiles, and roads of dirt and clay, even though muddy, were "plenty good enough" for his horses. With the coming of the automobile he did his work upon the roads with more zest as he took up the motor car himself, and, when motor trucks came into use and so found their value, the farmer started hauling his produce to market by truck to save time and expense. Then the necessity of hard roads became pressing with him, and today there is no better good roads worker than the self-same farmer. He it is who is going to benefit in more ways than one, for the rural free delivery is coming in, and to have good roads means that he will secure immediate results from his service through the passing of the rural routes by his very door. And the rural free delivery man is using automobiles, and good roads means prompter delivery of mail. His own use of a motor car means comfort in going to the city with his family. Thus the farmer gains the benefit of going and coming, and while it has taken some time to show him by actual practice the necessity of roads, he is now a believer, and, being such, becomes a worker far more forceful than any other class.

Rex Win Two From West Lawn Team

Last night at the Water Street Alleys in the 5 pin league in the B Class, The Rex took two out of the three games from the West Lawn Bowlers. Eakins for the Rex rolled the record score in B League of 640, beating J. Gordon out of 634. Scheffel for The Rex put up a nice game with 570. W. Gordon rolled high with 525 for the losers.

The scores:

The Rex				
Scheffel	223	182	165	—570
Craig	143	179	117	—439
Perry	185	132	99	—416
Dummy	110	110	110	—330
Eakins	354	226	160	—640
	915	829	651	—2395

West Lawn Bowlers				
Lacheur	135	116	152	—403
Reid	126	112	139	—377
Walton	164	170	133	—467
Gordon	156	184	185	—525
Maynard	193	162	142	—497
	764	744	761	—2269

Tonight—Grocers vs. High Rollers

Y. ANNUAL WILL BE HELD MONDAY

MEETING OF COMMITTEE TO NOMINATE OFFICERS NEXT FRIDAY EVENING.

On Monday, January 20th the annual meeting of the Y.M.C.A. will be held. Refreshments will be served prior to the meeting. Members who plan to attend are requested to notify the secretary by noon of Monday.

A meeting of the nominating committee will be held on Friday, January 17th, at 7.30.

Any member may place the name of active member of the Association with the nominating committee as a candidate for election to the Board of Directors. There are three directors to be appointed.

SPORT NOTES

St. Andrew's College defeated St. Michael's College 9 to 7, and Maitlands won from Beaches 7 to 1.

The Western Ontario Tankard bonspiel, usually held at St. Mary's, has been transferred to Stratford, with the consent of the St. Mary's club.

Toronto Dentals, beaten in Toronto on Saturday by Hamilton in the O. H. A. senior series, won from the Tigers in Hamilton last night by 4-3.

REDUCE SALARY LIST TO $11,000

NATIONAL LEAGUE MAGNATES TAKE ACTION AT NEW YORK MEETING.

New York, Jan. 16.—National League baseball players will receive an unpleasant surprise with their 1919 contracts as a result of the magnates' action in adopting a club salary limit of not more than $11,000 per month. This is the most radical financial retrenchment attempted by a major league in many years, and will prove a startling upset to those diamond stars who may have expected a continuation of the high salaries and long-time contracts of pre-war days.

Under the new regulation, which was adopted by a vote of six to two, the maximum monthly salary limit during the playing season must not exceed $11,000, plus the manager's salary. This will make the seasonal payroll foot up approximately $66,000 for a playing period of about five and a half months. With a club roster of 22 players the average will be $500 per player per month. The new rule also carries a penalty, in the form of a fine of $5,000 for every infraction of the rule.

Salary limitation was the outstanding feature of all-day sessions of the National League and the National Association of Professional Baseball Clubs. The minor organizations finally agreed upon the form of their request for the lifting of the draft regulations, and the senior major leaguers went on record regarding a number of proposed changes which they desire the American League to jointly adopt at the special meeting of the two leagues to-morrow, as well as several additional alterations of their own by-laws.

NEBRASKA VOTES

(Continued from Page 1.)

amendment had become an assured fact by action of the Nebraska legislature, steps were taken by the temperance forces in New York, with a view to bringing about enforcement in the Empire state at proper time.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Legislatures of 35 states, one less than the required three-fourth, have ratified the prohibitional legislation amendment. Several states assemblies now in session are expected to take action today, with a probable race between Nebraska, Missouri, and Minnesota as to which will be the thirty-sixth on the list.

Ratification was completed by the legislatures of five states, Iowa, Colorado, Oregon, New Hampshire and Utah, making a total of twelve in two days. Of the 45 states that have taken action, only fourteen have certified their action to the federal state department. They are Virginia, Kentucky, North Dakota, South Carolina, Maryland, South Dakota, Texas, Montana, Delaware, Massachusetts, Arizona, Georgia, Louisianna and Michigan.

The amendment under its provisions, becomes effective one year from the date of its final ratification. Additional legislation by congress is necessary to make it operative, and ground work for this already has been laid. The legislation will prescribe penalties for violations of the amendment and determine how and by what agencies the law shall be enforced. If ratification is completed this month, many of the states of the country will become permanently "dry" next July 1, the date on which the special war-time prohibition recently enacted by congress goes into effect. This law prevents the manufacture and sale of intoxicants for beverage purposes, and remains in force until the demobilization of the nation's war armies is completed.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary;
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Steamer.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 40 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 30 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2400 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 25 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. M. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors

PHONE 16

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

The Temple Songsters are requested to meet at 7.45 for special practice this evening.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McBeaty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthetic. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

BICYCLES REPAIRED.

Have your wheel cleaned and repaired now. If you wait until the sun shines on both sides of the fence and everybody speaks at once it will not be ready when you want to use it. Phone 234J and we will send for your work.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
235 Hunter St.

CLERK WANTED

Male or female, for insurance office; experience not necessary, but must be good writer and speller. Apply, stating wages, etc., to Box 231, Review.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Beaner Worth Co.

AT THE CONSERVATORY.

The Conservatory Orchestra will practise tonight. A full attendance is requested.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

JONES—LOWMAN

Word has been received by Mrs. Arthur Jones of 561 Patterson street that her son, Pte. W. Jones, was united in the bonds of matrimony yesterday in London, (Eng.) to Miss Lily Lowman of Kilburn, (Eng.) Pte. Jones enlisted here in 1915, with the 59th Bn., later, and on reaching France was transferred to the 21st Bn., with which he is now serving.

It will be interesting to know that the bride had done two years service in France with the W. A. A. C.'s Before enlisting Pte. Jones was a member of the Peterboro Temple band.

Miss Ethel Ames of Toronto is visiting Miss Morrow Weller St.

Mr. H. D. Robertson leaves today for Preston to visit Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Robertson.

GEORGE STREET CHOIR.

Practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. Every member is requested to be in attendance.

ST. LUKE'S ENTERTAINMENT

The winter entertainment and prize giving at St. Luke's Church will be held on Friday, Jan. 17th. Tea will be served for the children of the Sunday School at 5.30, followed by a general program at 7.30 to which adults are cordially invited.

"IN SUNNY FRANCE"

Frank DeHart, ex-Mayor of Ketona, B.C., said: "In Sunny France" is the best show, amateur or professional that ever visited the Okanago Valley. Remember the Peterboro dates, January 27th and 28th Cast of 150.

KNOX CHURCH CHOIR

Knox Church choir will hold a rehearsal tonight at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

ST. JOHN'S CHOIR

St. John's Choir meets for practice in the Schoolroom tonight at 8 p.m. Boys at 7.30.

A meeting of the choir will be held after the practice. Every chorister is asked to be present promptly on time.

Even the slowest man is occasionally fast asleep.

CONTRACTOR SAYS IT BEATS ANYTHING

Karnes Says Tanlac Relieved Him of Terrible Rheumatism—Gained Ten Pounds in Weight.

"One bottle of Tanlac has got me over one of the worst cases of rheumatism a man ever had and I have gained ten pounds besides," said John A. Karnes, a well-known contracting plasterer, living at 303 Oriel street, Nashville, Tenn.

"I've had rheumatism off and on for several years, especially in damp weather, and I would ache in every joint in my body almost like a sore tooth. My suffering was so great at times that I could hardly bear it and it seemed like the more I suffered, the worse I got until I finally had to lay off from work for a whole month on account of it.

"It just beats anything I ever saw how Tanlac begun to relieve my troubles right from the start. Almost every sympton of rheumatism has gone, my appetite is fine, I sleep like a log at night and have gained ten pounds in weight. My own experience proves to me that Tanlac is one of the greatest medicines ever made, and I recommend it to others."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Deuke; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corbers, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

LANSDOWNE JUVENILE LODGE, S. O. E.

The installation of officers will be held on Friday, Jan. 17th. All members are requested to attend.

AUCTION SALE

Friday, 2 p.m., at Hancock's Auction Room, Furniture, Stoves, Rugs, Fruit, also a quantity of Groceries, etc. Parties wishing to put articles in sale may do so.

C. O. F.

Large meeting at Court Peterborough No. 29 tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present. Don't forget the place—Foresters' Hall, Simcoe street.

NOTICE

A meeting of the directors of the Peterborough Poultry Association will be held on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Archie Brault's barber shop, Simcoe street. All directors are urged to be present.

DIED.

RICHARDSON—At the family residence, 312 Frederic Avenue, Peterborough, on Thursday, January 14th, 1919, Eliza Jane Cottingham, wife of Mr. Thomas M. Richardson, in her 64th year.

The funeral took place this afternoon to the Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. R. Pogue officiating.

CANADAIN POET

(Continued from Page One)

Frederick Wright, late of the London, England, Daily Telegraph, whom the late W. T. Stead described as one of the keenest journalists in the British Empire, says in an article on Mr. MacDonald's poetry: "A young giant has arisen .... In Wilson MacDonald Canada has produced a poet of the first water."

"Among the selections given was the 'Song of the Snowshoe Tramp,' a spirited yet gentle and musical lyric which was received with great enthusiasm when read last year at a gathering of the Geological Society. Mr. MacDonald is an effective reader. The haunting melody in his lines and all their meaning and suggestion are emphasized and interpreted by a singularly musical voice and harmonious rendering."—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

"His ideas are almost limitless; his logic at all times keen; his knowledge of human nature thorough, and best of all, his religion, which seems to permeate the whole of his poetry, is sane and well-balanced."—From The Kingston (Ont.) Standard.

"'The Song of the Prairie Land' treated of the most familiar subject to a Western audience, yet to all who heard this wonderful poem the prairie ought to have a new beauty after listening to the poet's subline description of the great expanse the utter loneliness, and the wind night sounds familiar to all who have dwelt on the plain."—Regina, Sask., Province.

The late Daniel Welton, M.A., D.D., L.L.D., of McMaster University, Toronto, said: "If Wilson MacDonald never writes another poem than his poem 'At the Modder River,' his name will go down in Canadian literature."

"He was more than wonderful: he was superb."—Winnipeg Telegram.

"He has talent enough in his ten fingers to enable him in time to buy out half a dozen decent real estate firms in this city. But far and beyond the mercenary, Wilson MacDonald is a great, a true, a sublime Canadian."—Regina, Sask., Mirror.

Rev. A. C. Watson, M.A., Ph.D., of Chicago, says: "I haven't a single doubt but that he has surpassed the whole present generation of poets. His poem 'To the Whip-poor-will' very favorably bears comparison with Shelley's 'To a Skylark.'"

"One of the most wonderful artists in his particular line we ever had knowledge of."—Lethbridge, Alta., Herald.

"Talent fairly exudes from him."—Macleod, Alta., Spectator.

"In his productions there are nobility of expression, purity of diction, and flights of fancy which give him a foremost place in the ranks of Canadian poets."—Everton A. Miller, M. A., Classical Master, Winnipeg Collegiate.

Sir Thomas Lipton said after meeting Mr. MacDonald in Winnipeg, Can.: "One of the most wonderful men I have ever met."

"A Canadian poet, inspired by Canadian themes of whic hhe writes inspiringly, Mr. Wilson MacDonald strikes a distinctly different note and reaches a plane not often attempted and less often attained."—Vancouver World.

Where We Sold "Hundreds" Four Years go, We Are Selling "Thousands" of Bottles To-day.

Moncur's Double Strength Lung Syrup

Is an Extraordinary and Remarkable Remedy for Obstinate and Racking Coughs, Congested Lungs, Colds and Bronchitis. "People who use this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better."—Price 25c and 50c, at

Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

Results of Normal Entrance Exams

NORMAL ENTRANCE—PART 1.
FORM 2A.

	P.C.
Jean Kelly	75
Douglas Shortly	74
Harry Baptie	70
Mildred Archer	68
Helen Green	66
Velma Sanderson	65
Audrey Milburn	64
Helen Mulligan	64
Helen Sanderson	64
Amy Beal	64
Marie McBain	63
Mildred Mahood	62
Trevor Miller	62
Janet Houston	61
Robert Breckenridge	60
Carl Knox	59
Phyllis Daubney	57
Laura Soden	57
Katharine Hartley	54
Marion Huff	53
Mary Greer	52
Esther Thornton	50
Vaughan Walker	47
William Gilchrist	46
Ruby Kerr	44
Frances Park	43
Rose Foster	42

Madeline Porter, not ranked.

JUNIOR MATRICULATION.

	P.C.
Noel Rishor	63
Harold Huff	48
Frank Mattice	43
Courtland Miller	37

FORM 2B.

	P.C.
Laura Gardner	88
Daisy Davidson	78
Alex. Sollitt	74
Rebecca Arthurs	72
Violet McKeown	72
John Ritchie	71
John McCullough	70
Edmund Rye	68
Mercedes Rae	67
Harold Wilgar	67
Tom Pogue	67
Allan Stevenson	66
George Dunsford	64
Alex. Grant	62
Elwood McBrien	62
Robert Breyfogle	61
Earl Manlece	60
George Whitfield	60
Arnold Hardwick	58
William Prest	59
George Tranter	58
Harold Bletcher	56
Claude Nelson	56
Douglas Hay	56
Florence Adams	55
Alex. Sollitt	55
Herbert Mason	54
Elmer Harron	54
Gordon Manlece	53
Fred Green	52
Martha Kirn	52
Robert Moore	52
Harry Beube	51
Frank Stevens	49
Allan Doughty	46
Grace Allin	46
Margaret Cameron	42
Cyril Flowers	34

John Fanning, not ranked.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night, Friday & Saturday
January 16-17-18
Daily Matinee 2:30. Evenings 7:30
HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES & POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Big "Metro" Feature HALE HAMILTON in
"$5,000 AN HOUR
2 Reel Comedy—British Gazette—Judge Brown Story
PERO AND WILSON—Vaudeville
Juggling and Barrel Spinning
Matinee 10c Evening 15c

ATTEND MEETING TONIGHT IN COUNCIL CHAMBER

Don't fail to attend meeting in the City Council Chamber, this Thursday evening, in aid of the Salvation Army Drive. All Captains and team members asked to attend. Brief addresses by Commissioner Richards, Commander-in-Chief of the Army, Eastern District; Col. Morehen the Divisional Commander, Eastern Division, and Brigadier Miller, Property Secretary, Canada East. Chair taken by the Mayor at eight o'clock. The public cordially invited. J. A. Aylmer Chairman of Organization.

SEE THE GREAT WAR PICTURE!

The Royal last night was crowded to the doors, the main attraction being the greatest of all great war pictures, "The Man Who Wouldn't Tell." This film story is unexcelled by any similar production yet offered. Don't miss it! Tonight is the last chance.

VICTORY TEA MEETING

A victory tea meeting and preacher's concert will be held February 18 in George St. Methodist Church. Keep the date open.

The Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Lot Holders of the Company will be held at the City Council Chambers, Peterborough, on MONDAY THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, at 3 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President E. A. PECK, Secretary

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

8½ acres of Market Garden, with some fruit trees, 7 acres in good garden, 1½ acres in pasture. Large house, suitable for a good double house with sheds and stabling for 11 head of cattle. The property is in the north end of the city and on three streets on which is a number of good building lots which could be sold and still have a good market garden. This property MUST be sold and some one will get a good bargain.

We have a full supply of touring car MARKERS for 1919. (Cheaper to buy markers than to pay a fine.)

288 Water Street, South of Munro House

LONG FALLEN

Long Fallen passed away yesterday at the House of Providence. His remains were forwarded to Lindsay this morning for burial. Mr. Peter Connors of that place is a nephew of deceased.

There was a surprise party last night, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. Stabler, Aylmer street. There were about forty friends present and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

STOP! LOOK! READ!

The death of our late Manager, Mr. Robert Routly, having disarranged the business, it is necessary, in

Order to Wind Up the Estate

To clear out our big $25,000.00 STOCK of first class Boots, Shoes and Rubbers within THIRTY DAYS!

Every Pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers Greatly Reduced in Price.

THIS is not a cheap stock, bought to sell at slaughter prices, but is the regular line of goods from our shelves, bought by our manager, and only circumstances compel us to turn this splendid stock into cash. Mr. Routly was one of the best boot and shoe buyers in Ontario. His motto was "Quality."

Anything on our shelves is good value at regular prices but at Cut Prices you cannot afford to miss this chance.

Red Seal Price Tickets Denote the Big Bargains

CITY FOOTWEAR CO. 174 CHARLOTTE STREET Opposite the White House

NOTE—All accounts due to the above firm must be paid by Feb. 10, after that date they will be placed in other hands for collection

April 9, '85

The Salvation Army Fired the First Gun in Peterborough

Since that day—"The Day."—the Army HAS DONE Helpful Work

You are Asked to be Prepared to Subscribe to the

Salvation Army Million Dollar Drive

Canvassing Days — Jan. 20, 21, 22

Open up your hearts and pockets. The need is great, the opportunity right now. The funds to be used wholly for repatriation work.

Mass Meeting in Opera House Sunday Afternoon, Jan. 19th, 3:30 o'clock. Come

WEATHER FORECASTS.
South-west winds, fair; continued mild today and on Saturday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 14 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

"WE HAVE NO FEAR FOR FUTURE" SAID MINISTER OF LABOR TO CANADIAN CLUB

Address of Senator Robertson on Industrial Outlook for this Country Bright with Optimism—Labor Is Not Likely to Suffer nor Business to Languish

Col. Duncan Walker, President of the local branch of the Canadian Club introducted the speaker of the evening and stated that his address would be of great interest at a time such as this when labor conditions were engaging so much attention from public men, the press and the people in general.

In commencing his address Senator Robertson stated that the problems which faced the country today were of an importance to Canada second only to the great task of helping to win the recent war which this dominion had so nobly fulfilled. The most pressing of these related to the demobilization of the fighting forces, the repatriation of the soldiers and the responsibility which rested with the people and the government of carrying out these tremendous contracts with the least possible dislocation of labor, industry and trade.

He quoted figures to show the magnitude of the work involved in successfully demobilizing and returning to their native land the men of Canada's army. There are 280,000 soldiers, 50,000 dependents and 20,000 members of the Royal Air Force to be brought home to their native country and re-established in industrial and social life. It addition to these there was at the time the armistice was signed 200,000 munition workers serving in connection with war industries many of whom were and will be compelled to look to other sources for employment. In other words one out of every fifteen of the entire popnlation of the Dominion were dependent in some capacity upon employment or service arising out of the war and the task of averting a sharp dislocation of labor conditions was a heavy one.

Two and a half months before the signing of the armistice the Workmen's Civil Re-establishment Committee got down to the task of anticipating the inevitable conditions described above. Investigation and information furnished by the larger munition plants revealed the fact that all employes with the exception of 67,000 of the 200,000 engaged in civil war work would be retained in their positions when the manufacturers turned their attention to ordinary work. The prospect while it might have been much worse was by no means bright and yet so well was the task engineered and carried out that on January 1st there were only 15,000 men in the country seeking employment, 6200 of whom were to be found in the cities of Montreal and Toronto. Elsewhere in the Dominion labor absorbed men faster than they were laid off.

As far as women were concerned there was little noticeable difference, owing to the fact that Canada had not found it necessary to employ them in unusual capacities to such an extent as had England and other European countries.

No Room for Chinese

In connection with the exodus of aliens from this country, the speaker felt that it was for the best. They showed a disposition to return temporarily to their own lands and it was quite satisfactory as it made it easier for ex-soldiers to get employment.

Some time ago on account of the scarcity of labor in France it was found necessary to bring 60,000 Chinamen through this country and transport them to Europe. When the war was over the proposal was made to the Canadian Government that as Canada was supposed to be

(Continued on Page 7.)

PROSPEROUS DAYS FOR CANADA AHEAD

"We need have no fear for the future."

That was the keynote of the address delivered by Senator Robertson, Minister of Labor in the Union Cabinet, at the Canadian Club Luncheon at the Empress Hotel last night, an address that sparkled with optimism from start to finish, not the optimism of the dreamer but of the men who knows the past and present and who is in a position to speak with authority on the future. Neither employer nor employed has reason to worry. Any labor or industrial depression that may follow the return of peace will be only temporary and the best days for Canada are yet to come. The employers are doing their part to save the situation by keeping as many of their staff as possible at work.

Senator Robertson explained in detail the demobilization plan of the government and the information which he disclosed was a revelation to his audience, a complete rebuttal of all criticism that has been heard from a certain section of the press. What the Government is doing to take care of the helpless victim who by reason of his service has contracted tuberculosis or whose mind has been affected by the shocks incident to his service was another gratifying item of information furnished by the speaker. Canada, the claim was made has done, and is now doing more for the fighting force than any other Allied country and even at that the debt the nation owes its heroes can never be fully discharged.

There are prosperous days ahead. By next spring there will be work for all. There is an exodus of aliens from Canada and this helps the employment problem. There is not likely to be any immigration for some time but in the course of two years or less there will be so much work in Canada that this foreign labor will be required and the men who are returning to Europe today will be the best possible advertisement of Canada as a desirable place of residence.

In a word "We need have no fear for the future."

HEARTY WELCOME GIVEN SOLDIERS

"OLYMPIC" DOCKS AT HALIFAX WITH SEVEN THOUSAND MEN ABOARD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 17—The transport Olympic with seven thousand returning soldiers aboard, including two thousand for Ontario points, arrived off the harbor at daybreak and docked about ten thirty amid enthusiastic welcomes from the ships and the crowds on the waterfront. Ontario men disembarked about noon and proceeded to the trains, all scheduled to leave before six this evening.

The scenes at the reception to the Olympic here today rivalled the rousing sendoff given these men according to the cables at Southampton, England, when they left. Scores of immigration, military and naval officials swarmed up the gangways as soon as the vessel tied up and the work of disembarkation of the big "ship's company" proceeded quickly. Half an hour later the men for the Maritime Provinces which are the first to disembark, started down the gangway to the shore and were quickly seized by their admiring friends.

New Armistice Treaty Is Signed

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 17.—The armistice between the Allies and Germany has been extended, the agreement to that effect being signed at Treves late Wednesday, according to a Berlin despatch.

NO BOLSHEVISM AMONG TROOPS

OFFICER SAYS DISCIPLINE IS GOOD NO WAS IN WAR TIME.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 17.—"There is no Bolshevism among the Canadian troops," declared an officer who has had considerable opportunity for studying the Dominion overseas soldiers. Discipline today is as good as it was before the armistice was signed. There was no drunkeness and no looting and while Canada's army on the Rhine wants to get home as soon as possible, there is no discontent or chafing.

"DIVINE JUSTICE" SAYS NEWSPAPER

BERLIN PRESS SO REGARD TRAGIC FATE OF SPARTACAN LEADERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 17.—Virtually the entire Berlin press regards the fate of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemberg the Spartacan leaders as having "something of divine justice in it," as Tages Zeitung phrases it. Of Dr. Leibknecht the Lokal Anzeiger says: "He brought his fate upon himself."

Continuing its comment the newspaper says: "The murder of Rosa Luxemberg shows how tremendous must have been the indignation which has seized the people of Berlin as a result of the criminal activities of the Spartacus. Such summary judgments have ordinarily been foreign to the German manner of thinking."

The press in general deplores the lynching of Rosa Luxemberg, but declares she fell a victim to the basest passions which she herself had awakened. Die Freiheit alone tries to lay the responsibility upon the government.

Free Transport For Dependents

London, Jan. 17.—The Canadian Association Press learns that dependents of Canadian soldiers will now be returned to Canada at public expense. Some two months back the business of repatriating these dependents was undertaken by the Canadian military authorities. This work has now been again placed in the hands of C. Smith, the Immigration Commissioner, who conducted it during the time of the submarine.

Two Mail Clerks Killed In Wreck

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 17.—Two mail clerks were killed and several other railway men severely injured this morning at 2.45 when a mail car ran into an open switch, on the Canadian National Railway.

The Metagama arrived at St. John with more than 1200 passengers, nearly 700 being Canadian soldiers.

YEOTES BROS. ARE LOSERS BY BLAZE IN POOL PARLOR

FIRE LAST EVENING DID DAMAGE TO EXTENT OF $5,000.

GOOD WORK BY THE BRIGADE

NEW CHEMICAL APPARATUS WORKS SATISFACTORY IN ITS FIRST TEST.

A fire which might easily have resulted as disastrously as did the Neill conflagration of a year ago broke out in the stock room of Yeotes Bros. store and pool parlor at 337 George street at 8:15 last night. It was extinguished before it assumed dangerous proportions, but the proprietors of the business claim that the damage to their stock will reach the neighborhood of $4000 or $5000.

Louis Yeotes noticed smoke coming from the ceiling of the shoe shine apartment, and at once dispatched one of his employes to fire box 25 from which the alarm was rung into the department, and the brigade was on the scene of the trouble in record time.

Mr. Yeotes with considerable difficulty, on account of the dense smoke rolling up from the stock room which was situated under a staircase, made his way to the third floor where his family reside and assured himself of their safety.

Upon arrival the fire brigade made use of their chemical engine, and after breaking through the floor of the bowling alley were able to extinguish the fire without the use of water.

Used New Apparatus.

Chief Grange states that this is the first occasion upon which the brigade have had an opportunity of using the motor driven chemical apparatus. It did good work last night without entailing the tremendous damage which always follows the use of water and more than justified the action of the city in purchasing it. Had water been turned into the building the damage would have amounted to more than the price of the big car.

Mr. Louis Yeotes heartily commended the work of the fire brigade last night. He stated that they seemed to arrive on the scene the minute the alarm was rung in, and their work was exceptionally effectual. The only loss entailed results from the effects of the fire and smoke, and he stated that the use of the chemical engine saved him a great deal of money.

Had the fire occurred in the night it is probable that the entire block in which the store is situated would have burned and would have resulted in loss of life.

Mr. Yeotes states that he reduced his insurance on the place some time ago on account of the raise in rates, but declared that he will lose no time in replacing it. The insurance carried on the stock amounted to $5000. The origin of the fire is unknown, although in the store room, in addition to tobacco and other supplies, there was kept a stock of matches, which may have become ignited and caused the blaze.

A Free-for-all Smoke.

A considerable crowd collected in front of the store last night, and when the cans of tobacco, cigars, pipes and boxes of cigarettes found their way on to the streets several men who were never known to smoke anything more pretentious than a clay pipe were seen sauntering about sporting choice cigars.

FRENCH STEAMER STRIKES MINE

FIVE HUNDRED LIVES ARE LOST AND OVER HUNDRED SAVED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Rome, Jan. 17. — The French steamer Champrol struck a floating mine in the straits of Messina sinking in a few minutes. Five hundred passengers, mostly Greeks, Serbians and Russians have been drowned. Another steamer saved 150.

SPARTACAN LEADER KILLED WHILE TRYING TO EFFECT HIS ESCAPE FROM CAPTORS

Dr. Liebnecht's Lieutenant, Rosa Luxembourg, Set Upon by Angry Mob and Shot to Death Passing of Leaders May Break Up the Radical Party.

HON. G. D. ROBERTSON
Minister of Labor who spoke in Peterboro last night

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 17.—Dr. Karl Liebnecht, Spartacan leader, has been shot and killed while trying to escape while he was being taken to prison. Rosa Luxembourg, Dr. Leibknecht's chief lieutenant, was also shot dead after being beaten into unconsciousness by a crowd at Berlin.

When it became known yesterday that Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxembourg were at the Hotel Eden in the Western part of the city a crowd rapidly congregated and stormed the hotel lobby. Both were spirited to the side entrance, out the mob forestalled the attempt of the troops to have Fraulein Luxembourg. She was beaten into insensibility and then thrown into an automobile by the crowd which intended to take her to prison.

A few blocks down the street the machine was halted by a second mob and when the presence of Fraulein Luxembourg became known, a man jumped on the running board of the car and shot her through the head. The body was dragged from the automobile and thrown into the canal.

In the meantime Dr. Liebknecht was hurried into another automobile by officers and troops and the car was headed for the Moabit prison. While going through Tiergarten the machine was halted by a punctured tire. While waiting, Dr. Liebknecht made an attempt to escape and was shot dead by the soldiers.

When Dr. Liebknecht was arrested at the home of a relative on Mannheimer Strasse yesterday morning he steutly denied his identity. After being escorted to the Eden Hotel he was searched and his monogram, K. L., was discovered on his shirt.

The Dead Leaders.

Karl Paul August Friedrich Liebknecht was born at Leipsic, in 1871, graduated from the University there and was a Socialist all his life, and a radical opponent of Germany's militist policies. Several years before the war he charged that the Kruppe and many military officers conspired to bring on a war with France. The name of the Kaiser and Crown Prince were mentioned and several officers were convicted of receiving bribes.

When the great war opened he refused to serve in the army and spent many months in prison. Finally he served with a German engineer battalion in Russia, and was injured there. He continued his attacks against German militarism, however, and in May, 1916, was arrested and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. He was released in October 24, 1918, and took a prominent part in the destruction of the German monarchy, but would not enter or recognise the Ebert Government.

Under his leadership the Spartacans, or radicals, developed a reign of terror in Berlin for about three weeks, but were defeated by the loyal troops, which finally effected his arrest.

Rosa Luxembourg was formerly principal editor of the Socialist Verwaerts, and also opposed the war from the start. She was reputed to be more Anarchistic than Liebknecht, and even opposed the calling of the Constituent Assembly which her fellow leader favored.

Soldiers Arrested.

The officers commanding the troops escorting Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxembourg when these two radical leaders were killed, have been provisionally arrested, according to a Berlin despatch received here which adds that all persons implicated in the incident will be severely punished.

Pte. Butler Loses Life In Siberia

LOCAL MAN WAS KILLED DURING STORM ON SHIP-BOARD.

Vladivostock, Jan. 17—The troopship Protesilaus with Lieut.-Col. Bickford, 96 officers and 1,669 other ranks of the Canadian Siberian Expeditionary Forces, arrived here today.

Rifleman Butler of Peterboro, Ontario, was killed aboard the steamer by falling debris during a sovere storm encountered on January 1.

The death of Butler makes a total of five to date in the force, Sergt. Winn, Engineers, who succumbed to exposure at River Camp yesterday being the fifth. The latter's death is the second to occur at that camp.

Pte. Butler was a son of the late James Butler, of Dufferin street, Ashburnham, who died last July. He enlisted with the Siberian Expedition in September and has one brother overseas, one in Peterborough and another, Peter, studying at a seminary in Toronto. He leaves, in addition to these, his mother.

German Banker To Meet Gen. Foch

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 17.—Rudolph Havenstein, President of the Imperial Bank of Germany, has been summoned to Spa, by Marshal Foch, to discuss the Allies' financial demands on Germany.

Martial Law Is Declared In Spain

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 17.—The Spanish Government has practicaly declared martial law in Barcelona, owing to the disturbances there, and which threatens to spread to other centres.

SOME CITIES PAY MORE THAN SHARE

PROTESTS PUT IN AGAINST PROPOSED INCREASE IN TELEPHONE RATES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Jan. 17.—Before the Dominion Railway Commissioners today W. T. Henderson, representing the smaller Ontario cities, against the increase in the Bell Telephone rates, declared that these cities were contributing their full share of dividends earned, whereas such cities as Montreal and Toronto were not doing so.

The Ebert Government has chosen the name "The United States of Germany" for the new republic.

The Peace Conference are working for a united policy for Russia.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN SHUN THE HUN FOR ALL TIME

Local Branch at Meeting Yesterday Receive Copy of and Endorse Strong Resolution Adopted at Session of National Executive in Kingston

The January meeting of the local Council of Women was held yesterday afternoon in the Y.M.C.A. The main features of the meeting were the president's report of the National Executive, held last week in Kingston, and an interesting address on "Immigration", given by Miss Lancaster.

Mrs. Harstone reported an extremely kind reception by the Kingston ladies, who had also made thoughtful arrangement for every part of the two-day session. Very little time was found for social gatherings as the Agenda was long and contained important business.

Perhaps the main feature on the Agenda was the discussion of the attitude of the International Council of Women toward the enemy countries. It was shown beyond any doubt that the International Council of Women had been absolutely inobeyance since war broke out, their attitude being the same exactly as that of any of the other great international associations.

The resolution adopted at the end of the discussion was simply a reaffirmation of the resolution passed at the annual meeting of the National Council of Women in Brantford last May, excepting that the signing of the armistice was made impossible to be explicit in their statement.

The resolution passed was as follows:

"Whereas, the object of the National Council of Women is to further the application of the Golden Rule to society, custom and law, and whereas the German nation has often broken the Golden Rule and expressed no repentance for this action; therefore, it is not possible to contemplate that Germany and her allies, while they are unrepentant, should continue to participate in the work of a society whose object is to secure the enforcement of a law which they have broken, and therefore this Executive Committee requests the president of the International Council, after peace is signed, to call a meeting of allied and neutral Councils only, since the National Council of Women of Canada is unwilling to be associated with the women of the councils of Germany and her Allies."

Lord and Lady Aberdeen.

Another matter which took some time to dispose of was a resolution from the Toronto local Council asking that the sub-executive of the National Council be asked to secure from the state attorney of New York City a statement of the findings in regard to money collected by Lord and Lady Aberdeen for Child Welfare Work in Ireland, and that this financial statement be published in the Canadian press. Also, if these charges are proved to be of such a character as to discredit the work of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, that the National Council should take action on the findings of this report.

The evidence brought forward in answer to this resolution was sufficient to dispel any suspicion regarding the work of Lord and Lady Ab-

(Continued on Page Four.)

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1919

SENATOR ROBERTSON'S MESSAGE.

SPEAKING with the conviction of a man who is sure of his ground and not as a politician attempting to make out a case for his party, Senator Robertson, the Minister of Labor in the Union Cabinet, spoke at the Canadian Club luncheon last night. No such cheering message has been brought to this city since the cable flashed the news of the signing of the armistice. Senator Robertson's optimistic address should dispel anything like timidity on the part of capital, and the unrest that has for some time prevailed in the ranks of local labor. Col. D. Walker, the president, and Mr. J. V. McElderry, the secretary of the Canadian Club, who brought the Minister of Labor to this city, are entitled to the thanks of the community. The Canadian Club has justified its existence. There should be a new feeling of security, a brighter outlook for all classes in the city, now that the Minister of Labor has been heard. His address later in the evening in Labor Hall was just as cheering as his message to the Canadian Club.

Labor has no reason to feel uneasy. The workingmen of this country are better off today than they have ever been. The deposits in the savings banks and the records of the sales of Victory bonds prove this. Even if there be an industrial slackness for a short time, this does not necessarily mean that the average wage-earner is to suffer.

But in only two provinces of the Dominion, Ontario and Quebec, where hundreds of men were engaged in the making of munitions, is there likely to be any congestion of labor, and at the most this can be only temporary. In the Prairie Provinces nothing of the kind is probable, the people being engaged largely in agricultural pursuits. Shipbuilding is the main industry in British Columbia and this work will be carried on with greater vigor than ever. In the Maritime Provinces there has been in the coal mines such a dearth of labor that the men returning to this section of the Dominion from overseas will be absorbed as fast as they arrive.

The Government is doing its part to take care of the returned soldiers. There is at present a demand for fully ten thousand workers in the lumber and mining industries, and special agents are out securing these workers. The Department of Public Works will resume operations, in fact has already done so, to a degree. The aid which the Federal Government has and will extend to the provinces to carry on the work of house building and road construction will help to solve the unemployment problem.

The employers of the Dominion, too, are doing their part. At the meeting in the Labor Hall Senator Robertson cited as an instance the case of the C. G. E., which plant he visited yesterday afternoon. There he found the company engaged in the manufacture of goods for which there is no immediate prospect of sale, their purpose being to keep at work as many of their hands as possible.

Senator Robertson predicts for Canada in the near future such an era of prosperity as this country has never known. Some way or other his remarks carried conviction to his auditors. The mild pessimist and the outright calamity howler have been counted out by the Minister of Labor.

NOT A POLITICIAN, PERHAPS.

SENATOR ROBERTSON, the new Minister of Labor, may not be a politician, as he asserts, but it must be said on his behalf that he has all the symptoms of a high brand of statesmanship.

A NEWSPAPER'S RESPONSIBILITY.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEMBER of the Board of Trade, one of the most public-spirited of the younger men in the city, accuses The Review of attempting to breed discord between his organization and the members of the Trades and Labor Council. He bases his charge upon the report which appeared in these columns yesterday of a meeting of the latter body. At that meeting it was alleged by a delegate who had attended a session of the executive committee of the Board of Trade that the latter were attempting to freeze out the Labor men by boosting the membership fee.

Fortunate it is for the newspapers that they are neither legally nor morally responsible for the events which in the usual course of duty they record. The report objected to was a faithful representation of what actually occurred at the meeting in question. If any wrong inferences were made they were not made by this paper, but by the delegates who listened to the report of one of their own number who is a member of the Board of Trade in good standing and who holds an important position in the Trades Council.

The Review expressed no opinion on the issue involved, and declines to be held responsible for what it simply recorded. It would be just as unfair to accuse a newspaper of condoning the crime of murder if it reported such an occurrence as to hold it as accepting any opinion to which it gives currency.

LIGHT FROM THE PROPER SOURCE.

THE PUBLIC by this time have reason to suspect that the Examiner has been opposed to the war policy of the Government ever since the days when it resisted to the extent of its capacity the plan of drafting reinforcements for the men who were in such sore straits overseas. Since the signing of the armistice our contemporary has deemed it the part of wisdom to carry on its campaign of fault-finding with the Government because of imaginary tardiness in getting the soldiers back home. Transport conditions, too, have been made texts by our neighbor for the weaving of what are simply covert political discourses. These conditions are regrettable, but it is only fair to place the blame where it belongs. The Government of Canada is in no sense responsible. The British Admiralty is the party to censure if there is justification for anything of the kind. In misplacing the blame, let us charitable believe that the Examiner goes wrong owing to a lack of information and not really with malicious intent.

Criticism is useless, unless, in a measure at least, constructive. The Examiner never submits a suggestion of this kind. If it has a policy on the demobilization of the nation's fighting force any better than the Government plan as disclosed by the Minister of Labor in his address before the Canadian Club, then it owes it to the county to give that plan to the public.

We trust that our contemporary received new light on the work of the Government after hearing Senator Robertson. But it is doubtful. It has placed itself on record as willing to take its ideas only from the leader of the Opposition, with whom in that position the party would not dare to face the country again in a general election.

THE BOLSHEVISTS.

IN HIS ADDRESS, both before the Canadian Club and at the mass meeting later, Minister of Labor Robertson said that there was little danger from the Bolshevism movement in Canada, although something might be heard of it in large centres such as Toronto.

While the Senator was speaking, the Trades and Labor Council in Toronto was holding its annual election of officers. There were two tickets in the field, the moderates and the radicals. In view of Senator Robertson's expressed opinion it is peculiarly interesting to note that the orthodox Laborites won out.

ETERNAL FITNESS AT LAST.

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION of the Department of Labor a matter of sixteen years ago there have been two Ministers in charge besides the present incumbent. For some reason or other, that has never been made quite clear, both governments appeared convinced that the only competent man for the position must of necessity be a lawyer. Hon. Mackenzie King, the first man to hold the office, had nothing but an academic knowledge of labor conditions, and perhaps even that much cannot be said of Hon. T. W. Crothers, who recently resigned from the Cabinet.

The incongruity of such appointments was slow in forcing itself upon the administration. There was always friction between Labor and the Department while such conditions existed. The workingmen of the country were skeptical about entrusting their welfare to a professional man who could not be expected to have anything like a personal interest in their affairs. How, for instance, would the farmers of the country take it if a doctor or a lawyer were in charge of the Department of Agriculture and essayed to address them on the subject of raising wheat or livestock, when the only knowledge he had of such matters was gleaned from books? How would the legal fraternity feel with a manufacturer in the Department of Justice? What would some business men think of putting a blacksmith in charge of a piano factory or a printer at the head of a plant engaged in the making of shoes?

At last there is a Labor man in charge of the Labor Department, and between Labor and the Government more friendly relations have been established. Senator Robertson was Labor's choice for the position. He has risen from the ranks of the workers themselves, he is at present a member of a Labor union, and his fellow unionists have confidence in his leadership. That was evidenced at the public meeting last night when the Minister was given a respective and attentive hearing. There was at ime not so long ago when such gatherings too often assumed the proportion of a riot. But there was nothing of this spirit of opposition manifest last night. The Labor men of the city are all the better for what they heard at the meeting. Hope has been revived and uneasiness dispelled. Senator Robertson returns to Ottawa with the best wishes of all classes in the city.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

One for Germany.
(Brantford Expositor.)

Waiters in Berlin are demanding the abolition of the tipping system. One German idea that might well be copied elsewhere.

Good Tools Count, Too.
(Brockville Recorder and Times.)

London, Ontario, has voted for municipal government by commission. All depends on the men either in council or on commission.

The Menace of the Long Mane.
(Brockville Recorder and Times.)

Paderewski has long hair; so had Samson. Dad should keep on guard lest some fair maiden playing the Delilah game on him swipes his locks.

A Hint for U. G.
(Vancouver Sun.)

There is a manly straightforwardness about Lloyd George. He has stated plainly that if the Government does not fulfill its pledges he will not remain in office.

It's a Poor Rule, Etc.
(Quebec Telegraph.)

The Ottawa Government declares that it cannot settle differences with its employes by arbitration. Surely this is an unfortunate precedent for the Government to set up if it desires other employers to utilize the system.

Getting Acquainted.
(Montreal Herald.)

Harry Lauder dropped a bit of profound wisdom last night when he said: "The more we know of each other, the better we get to like one another." This would serve as a good motto for the two dominant races in Canada.

Why the Editor Left Town.
(Youth's Companion.)

It was because the following items appeared in his paper:

"Mrs. Thomas W. Johnson read an article for the women's club, entitled, 'Personal Devils.' Seventeen were present."

Russia Disturbs The Conference

(New York Commercial)

In England opposition to interference in Russia has grown strong and this policy find favor in America. Italy is indifferent and probably prefers to see the great Slav Empire weakened by internal strife while she deals with the claims of her Jugo-Slav neighbors. Japan hopes for a free hand in northern Manchuria and eastern Siberia. France is deeply interested in putting Russia on her feet because Russia has been her ally and owes her hundreds of millions of dollars. She therefore opposes giving the Bolsheviki representation at the peace conference, while England and America seem ready to let them participate in the proceedings.

For all except France the easiest way is to let the Russians fight out their own disputes. If the Bolsheviki win, Russia will not figure as a great power for mony a long year. The danger for Europe lies in German influence in Russian affairs and the possibility of German intervention and eventual conquest. If Russia is to be let alone it would be wise to make Poland strong enough to act as a buffer between her and Germany. The Russian problem will be a troublesome issue at the peace conference. France is logical in saying that the Allies cannot make a contract with crime.

In Germany the Bolshevist, or extreme Socialist, uprising seems to be only a flash in the pan. The German people can read and most of them desire a chance to rehabilitate their fortunes. They may repudiate their internal war debts and divide the land of the great landowners and the crown, but they know that they must pay war damages either in money or territory, and the longer anarchy prevails the worse their position will be. They realize that they have lost the war, but they put the blame on the imperial government, the Junkers and their weak allies. They believe that their army was victorious in the field because the war in the west was fought on foreign soil. They remain conscious of military power and feel sure that a new Germany or a Teutonic confederation will regain strength and prestige within a quarter of a century.

Germany will not look to the west or over the seas for territorial gains and trade domination in our time. Her star of hope is in the east, where Russia lies prostrate and will be at her mercy if the Entente Allies and America keep their hands off and Poland does not form a serious obstacle. By conquests and the promise of still greater acquisition Bismarck welded the discordant German states into a great military power. Greed will again unite them if they see in Russia an easier victim than France proved to be. France dreads to face a greater Germany on the Rhine and therefore opposes the idea of abandoning Russia to her fate and Germany.

TO KEEP THE RECORD STRAIGHT

(Wall Street Journal.)

There is a whining persistency about German appeals to the United States to grant them a clemency they never showed in the hour of victory, and one which would have been further from their thoughts had they finally won success in their monstrous enterprise. That there may be no misunderstanding, that sentimentalism shall not be allowed to prevail over common sense, it is timely to state what Germany's international relations were, less during the war than in many years preceding.

As one of all nations Germany directed her diplomacy to keeping her neighbors in hot water. She was fomenting quarrels all over the world. The record, indeed, is one of continuous and consistent perfidy, based on the erroneous assumption that she could profit more by the ruin than the prosperity of her international customers.

To this end she did everything possible to embroil France with Spain; to maintain a dangerous state of unrest in the Balkans; to cause bad feeling between Italy and Greece; to stimulate Turkish misgovernment; to keep open the difference between Russia and Japan; to drag Japan into a conflict with ourselves; to keep the discontent in French Canada and to keep our hands full with needless disputes in Central and South America.

It may never be known how much the acrimony of the situation in Ireland was fostered by German intrigue solely to embarrass the British Government, to whose true freedom of the seas Germany owed her maritime commerce, as the late Albert Ballin wonderingly admitted, with a characteristic German reflection upon English folly. German missionairies in India did all they could to stimulate unrest there, helped by a small but articulate element in Bengal suffering from too much western education. In a time of world peace, in Egypt, one of the best governed dependencies in the world, gratuitous trouble was made for the British rulers through German agents.

It is needless to speak of Kiauchow, and similar mischievous efforts in China. Even Australia and New Zealand were not forgotten in the mischief-making German Pacific possessions, and it was by propaganda from German West Africa that an attempt to raise the Boer question afresh was almost successful. There is poetic justice about the way in which the Boers and the British colonies extinguished German possessions on the African continent.

And Germany has not changed. The more it is changed, the more it remains the same thing. The clumsy campaign to create bad feeling at this time between ourselves and the British is sufficiently obvious. Germany is unrepentant, dead to any sense of honor or of shame, and prepared to resume the role of the world's trouble maker on any opportunity. What would a league of nations do with such an incurable mischief maker as one of its principal members

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

My cuzzin Artie was erround yesterday before suppir, and I had a fine ideer for sumthing to do, saying, Lets go up on my roof and law down in the sun and see if we can get sunbernt and look as if we jest came from some place.

All rite, wat do you say we do, sed Artie. Wich we snuck up to the attick and climbed up on the roof and did, both laying flat on our backs and pointing our faces up at the sun, Artie saying, Wen people ask us ware we got sunbernt lets say we jest got back frum California ware the sun shines pretty neer all nite.

Well how can you tell its nite, then? I sed, and Artie sed, you cant allways. And we kepp on laying there pointed at the sun and after about 5 minutes Artie sed, Are you sunbernt yet? and I sed, I dont think so, theres too meny clouds, are you?

I dont think so, sed Artie. And pritty soon there was so meny clouds there wasent any sky, and me and Artie got up off our backs off of the roof, Artie saying, G, wizz, holey G, you awt to see your back.

Well holey moley you look to see yourse. I sed. Both of our coats being all smeered with tar off the roof, me saying, Do you think it will come off, and Artie saying, I, came off the roof.' And we climbed back again and started to sneak down to the kitchen to see if it would come off, and pop and ma was in the settin room wen we started to go past, me saying, ware are you boys going so quietly?

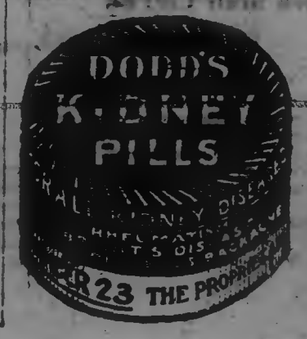
Mam, will tar come off? I sed, and Mam sed, Wat? Come in here, both of you. Wich we did, and ma saw our backs, saying For goodnes sakes, wat have you bin going? and pop saying, Is that the coat I recently paid for?

We bin up on the roof making a experiment, I sed, and pop sed, A scientifick experiment? and I sed, yes sir.

Well, of course, science must go on, explane yourself, sed pop. Meening how, and I sed. We was trying to see if we could get sunbernt.

Thats vanity, thats not science, suppose you stay in tonite and watch your mother fail to get the spots out, sed pop. Wich I did, and watched her, and she failed, all rite, and today I took the coat erround to the cleeners, and was and I meet taking his erround but Artie, me saying, Did you get a licking? and him saying, Neerly.

Our aches and pains would not be so bad if they did not get busy at the wrong time and the wrong place.



EDITOR'S MAIL

PROPOSES A MEMORIAL

Editor Review: The generosity of the best of our city papers is always very marked in giving valuable space to the opinions of correspondents, and of late some subjects treated have caused much diversion of opinion. May I claim your indulgence to make a suggestion which I am quite satisfied will be welcomed by those interested, will not cause any division of opinion either by the leaders or the rank and file, and will be gladly taken up by the various larger centres all over the Province, as it is very desirable that the idea should be a purely Provincial undertaking.

The suggestion is to erect a suitable monument to the memory of the very great number of its members who made the supreme sacrifice for freedom, justice, liberty and homes. And I would suggest that bearing in mind that nearly 70,000 Orangemen participated in this momentous struggle, that it would be particularly appropriate that all Past and present Grand Masters of the Grand Lodge of British America, the Past and present Grand Masters of the Grand Orange Lodges of Ontario East and West the Past and present Grand Masters of the Royal Black Knights of Ireland be a committee to take such action as is determined to be best, and that H. C. Hocken, M.P., be the acting chairman, and that he promptly call a meeting in Toronto (as lonb central and the capital of the Province) for formulating plans and organization.

Let us strike the iron while it is hot, remembering that it was a long time after the occurence before a monument was built to the memory of the fallen and the commemoration of the honor due to the veterans of 1866 for their gallant deeds at Ridgeway and elsewhere. I am quite confident that every Lodge will do its duty and every man of us do his bit.

Hopefully yours,
LT.-COL. A. E. BELCHER,
Ex-President the Veterans of 1866.
Toronto, Jan. 14.

LARCHMONT HOME AT BELLEVILLE

Editor Review: It may interest your readers to know that our boys have volunteered in such large numbers that scarcely any, of suitable age and physique, remained to be drafted. When conscription was introduced into Canada, over 600 were with the Canadian contingents and many have given their lives for "England's honor and England's truth."

One served as chaplain with a Canadian brigade; another, taking a college course when war broke out, obtained a commission and went overseas as a lieutenant. After some time in England, he reverted in rank so that he might get to the front.

In order to complete our Roll of Honor, former employers of our lads are invited to communicate to the Larchmont Home, Belleville, the names of those known to them who have enlisted in the army or navy. If possible, the regimental number, battalion, or battery, should be given. Any information will be greatly appreciated by the management of the Home.

Our large premises in Liverpool, England, containing 120 beds, have been at the free disposal of the Government for wounded soldiers since 1915.

A. Drummond, Superintendent.

THIS WEAK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my husband wanted me to try it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it up for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness."—Mrs. J. WORTHLING, 2842 North Taylor St., Philadelphia Pa.

The majority of mothers throughout overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headaches, backache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthling.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she hears more or less talk about the subsidized press, but she guesses The Associated Press is the most reliable of all.

HOW THE SALVATION ARMY FOLLOWS THE TROOPS TO BATTLE.

The illustration shows the McIntyre Sisters, daughters of Col. McIntyre, Provincial Office for New York state, under command of Commander Eva Booth. The young ladies are shown making "mother's pie," for the men in the trenches. The men said, "That's the girls, keep them on the job."

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PADEREWSKI AND SOME OF HIS IDEALS FOR POLAND

The New President of the Liberated Country Has Big Plans for the Welfare of His People so Long Oppressed.

As soon as Paderewski learn that the armistice had been signed, he took the first steamer, S.S. Megantic, for Europe, in order to be nearer the scene of action.

The great pianist had been travelling in the United States an unofficial Ambassador for Poland.

When asked what sort of a settlement of the Polish question he expected, Paderewski was most willing to talk and gave the following interview to Silas Tobenkin, a U. S. journalist also travelling to Europe on the S.S. Megantic.

"There can be but one settlement of the Polish question—a just settlement," Paderewski said. "If the Polish question is *not* settled now and forever, the war, with its appalling sacrifices, has been in vain—a failure. A just settlement of the Polish question means a strong Poland, not a small Polish state of the polish territory which was held by Russia prior to this war, but a Polish state embracing all Polish territory in Central Europe, a union of Russian, German and Austrian Poland. Such a state must include within its boundaries the Kingdom of Poland (in Russia), Galicia, West Prussia, (Dansig), part of East Prussia (Allenstein), the province of Posen, upper Silesia, Austrian Silesia (Teschen), the Polish districts of the present government of Grodno (Bielsk, Bielostok) and Lithuania, the latter an autonomous nation within the Polish state. Such a Polish state will have a population of 40,000,000."

No Other Way.

"There is no other way out. There can be no half-way solution of the Polish problem. It is either a strong Poland and stability in Europe or a weak Poland and the eternal featuring of the old wound. For look at the map: In a strong Poland, the kind I have outlined, the kind we are asking, Poland gets a gateway to the sea. Danzig will be our seaport. The River Vistula, a Polish river, until now tributary to Germany, takes on new life. It connects directly with the Baltic. It links Poland with the world. It is the greatest stimulus to Polish commerce and industry.

"On the other hand, see what happens if, instead of a strong Poland, with an outlet to the sea, we get a weak Poland, with no direct avenue to the ocean. Poland is then once more dependent upon its two principal neighbors, Russia and Germany. Russia is torn by inner strife and civil war, and for a generation or two will itself be helpless. Poland, therefore, must turn to Germany for help. For geographical advantage is on Germany's side. She is nearer to Poland than England, nearer than America.

"If, when peace comes, Poland emerges out of this world cataclysm a small, weak state, with no seaport, then Germany has won the war. A weak Poland means that Germany's old diplomacy and cunning have triumphed. German diplomacy before the war with regard to Central Europe in a nutshell was this: It wanted Central Europe, from the Baltic to the Black Sea on the east and to the Adriatic Sea on the west, to be divided into small, weak states, having their own petty kings, but taking their civilization, their commerce and industry and Kultur from Germany. A weak Poland, a Poland dependent upon Germany for ta approach to the sea, is a Poland controlled by Germany. A strong Poland, with Danzig as its door to the world—and Germany loses its option on Central Europe."

No Personal Ambition.

"What sort of a Poland are you looking forward to—republican or monarchical?" Paderewski was asked.

The Pianist opened his eyes wide and looked quizzical.

"I have no ambition to be King. All this talk is absurd—it is too silly to be dignified with a serious denial. True to any country's traditions, I am a republican—always was one!" he replied.

"There is, however, just one word of advice on the matter of government that I can give my compatriots. It is my advice that Poland shall have a government similar to tha of its neighboring countries. If Russia and Germany are republican, let Poland be republican. If Russia and Germany go back to monarchy, then Poland had better have a monarchy. Our trouble in the past has been that Poland was in advance of the governments of the neighboring states. For four hundred years Poland has been self-governing. A king never meant much to us; the Diet ruled, and her very progressiveness was the cause of our country's downfall. While Russia was stepped in Byzantism, Poland was following the civilization of the West. She was ahead of her neighbors in humanistic ideals. This liberalistic tendency set Russia, Germany and Austria dead against her; and ultimately broke the Polish kingdom into fragments. We want for Poland a steady, normal existence. And such an existence can be best attained by not adopting a mode of government that will be the antipodes of that of its neighbors. She must not strive to be an exception, but go with the crowd and at an equal pace."

To this question: "what will be the answer of the New Poland to the Polish peasant's clamor for land?"

"He'll get his land," Paderewski responded quickly. "I said a little while ago that it is advisable for Poland to have a government similar to that of its neighboring states. That includes not only the institution of administration of law and justice, the method of instituting social and economic reforms."

The Jewish Question.

"There is practically no Jewish question in Poland," the Pianist asserted.

"For eight centuries the Jews have formed practically the merchant class of Poland, thus forming a part of the Polish middle class. The Polish nobles were too absorbed in political struggles and in war, on the one hand, and were deterred by custom, perhaps, on the other, from engaging in commerce. The peasants were too primitive to develop a commercial or middle class of their own. The Jews filled in the gap. They are the commercial element par excellence.

"There never has been a program in Poland. And if in isolated and rare instances some string resembling a feud had arisen between Jews and Poles, such a feud was without exception incited either by Russian or German agents for some definite and sinister purpose."

When reminded of the frequent dispatches from Poland during the war, telling of bitter persecutions and horrible atrocities practised by the Poles upon Jews, Paderewski replied:

"Yes, I read those dispatches. There certainly was a lot of suffering and [illegible] war zone on civilians of all classes. But that these cruelties were perpetrated by Poles upon Jews as Jews does not seem credible to me."

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

THE SALVATION ARMY HOSTEL, LONDON, ONT.

In connection with the work of re-patriation with the Salvation Army is establishing at points throughout the provinces hostels. These are comfortable lodging houses, where good accommodation is afforded at most trifling prices. In fact the applicant who is without money is taken in and cared for just the same. The enter prise puts in service accommodation, nothing like as expensive as the regular hotel, and yet infinitely comfortable. Peterborough, as a result of the Big Drive now on, may have one of these hostels established here.

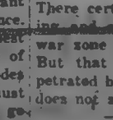
HIGHER SALARY FOR CLERGYMEN

BAPTISTS TALK OF RAISING $15,000 TO INCREASE STIPENDS.

Toronto, Jan. 17.—A determination to take immediate action in raising the salaries of home missionaries was displayed at the afternoon session of the Baptist annual convention yesterday. Addresses were delivered by both ministerial and lay delegates calling for definite steps to be taken toward putting the resolution into practical effect. Ex-Mayor Urquhart and Mr. James Ryrie presented a motion proposing that the increases in minister's salaries to the minimum of $1000 should be the first charge upon the funds of the church and should have precedence over any other advance movement. This motion was laid on the table until the convention had heard Rev. Dr. Farmer on the forward movement program. The convention adopted the resolution of the Finance Committee, suggesting immediate action in the raising of the salaries of pastors to $1,000 with house and means of transportation.

Need $15,000 More Income

One delegate wanted to know how the convention intended to carry out its resolution to raise the 90 pastors salaries to $1000. To do this they would require $15000 increase in the income of the Home Missions Board. It would mean a large increase in the budget.



Thedford Mandrake Pills

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures At once Debility, Lassitude and Brain Worry. Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Pimply Humours. Price 1l per box, or 4 times quantity for 11 sent carr. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. THE WOOL MEDICINE CO., LONDON, ENG. (Formerly Wallace)

Pastors' Salaries Are Far Too Low

Toronto, Jan. 16.—Baptists of Ontario and Quebec met for their thirtieth annual convention in Jarvis Street Baptist Church yesterday. The convention opened with a ministerial session in the afternoon, when the chief subject under consideration was "Rural Problems."

Rev. Dr. Cousins, Secretary of the Home Mission Board, presented a resolution from the Finance Committee, recommending that the board take immediate action to increase the minimum salary of ministers to $1,000 with house and transportation.

Dr. Couming said that there were 117 pastors who were receiving less than $900 per year, and some were getting as low as $600. These conditions, he said, were compelling men to seek service in other churches: many had gone to the United States and some were driven from the ministry by the privation of the country pastorate. He said that a substantial increase in salary was an essential to a strong pastoral leadership.

TO HALT RATIFICATION

Other States Besides California to Seek to Have Plebiscite

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 16—Following the obtaining here of an order temporarily restraining Governor William D. Stephens from signing ratification of the Federal prohibition constitutional amendment, it was indicated today that similar action may be taken in certain other States. It was said at the office of the California Grape Growers' Association that such action is possible in twelve other states.

The States, acording to the association, are: Arkansas, Colorado, Maine, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Ohio, Utah, Washington, Missouri and Nebraska. In these States, it was said, all legislative actions can be under the law referred to the people, and that in many of them the people have sixty day in which to take a referendum.

EAT LESS MEAT IF BACK HURTS

Take a glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys if bladder bothers you.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acid in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

ALL SAVED BUT FOUR

Rest of Castalia's Crew Safe on the Bergensfjord

Halifax, Jan. 16—Fred Siene, seaman, of Andover, N.H.; John Tomakvitch, seaman, of Oliphant, Pa., and Benjamin Silverman, water tender, from Roxbury, Mass., died from exhaustion and Andrew Cobl of Ware Shoal, S. C., was drowned during the rescue of the crew of the United States Shipping Board's steamer Castalia, off Sable Island Monday morning. The remaining members of the old lake boat's crew are safe aboard the Bergensfjord en route to Gergen, Norway.

No Wonder

The chauffeur had been haled into court for speeding and running down a pedestrian. "Your honor," said the chauffeur, "it was all my fault. The pedestrian was not to blame." And the poor judge dropped dead.

A Bolshevik plot to kill Clemen-

No Bar So Big **NP SOAP** No Bar So Good

Self-Abnegation

(By Mrs. F. A. Calder.)

"If thy right hand offend thee, cut it off."—St. Matthew xviii:8.

My soul, if aught there be
Of earth that clings to thee
With down-draught weight,
Be it right hand or eye,
Sever the sinful tie
Ere yet too late.

Daily not, or delay,
Cast it this hour away,
Nor count the cost;
For it were untold gain
Heaven's glory to attain,
With all else lost.

Even though, perchance, it prove
What most you prize and love
On earth below,
Yet should one shade of guile
Taint thy heart's love the while,
That love forego.

'Tis better life to win,
Though maimed thou enter in
To bliss on high,
Than for some transient toy
To forfeit endless joy
Beyond the sky.

Let not thy courage fail,
Thy Maker knows thee frail,
And strength will lend
To aid thee in the fight
If on His love and might
Thou but depend.

Lonely and sad and drear
May be thy pathway here,
Life's sun gone down,
Patience, 'twill soon be o'er,
And thine on yon bright shore
The victor's crown.

FAIL TO USE STAMPS

Lindsay Merchants Fined for Failure to Obey Law.

Four important cases, of interests to merchants in general, were heard in Lindsay Police Court Wednesday morning, one before Magistrate Bradford and three before County Magistrate Moore. Messrs. Daman Ball, of Lindsay, Bradley of Dunsford, Northey, of Eenelon Falls, and T. C. Devitt, of Bobcaygeon, were charged with selling Health Salts without affixing the inland revenue war tax stamp, all four being fined the lowest possible fine of $50 and costs.

Charges were laid by J. W. Bickle, of Cobourg, Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue, who was deputed to make an inspection of the stores in the town and county.

Messrs. Ball and Devitt pleaded not guilty and in these cases evidence was taken and convictions obtained.

AIRPLANES FOR CANADA.

London, Jan. 17.—The Air Ministry next week will hand over to the Canadian Government, through Sir George Perley, the three Imperial airplanes subscribed for by citizens of Glasgow, Leicester and Huddersfield and presented to the Canadian Government.

Hamilton City Council decided to ask the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission to take over and operate the radial lines.

Fate, the Operator

"Do you believe that marriage is the result of soul calling to soul?" asked the sentimental person.

"No," replied the cynic. "If that were the case there wouldn't be so many people in the divorce courts claiming they got the wrong number."

The Sinn Fein Parliament will meet on Tuesday.

It pays to shop on Hunter St Out of the high rent district.

INVALID STOUT

Splendid tonic for people in a run-down condition. Half dozen and dozen bottle lots delivered.

If you don't like Stout we have White Label Ale.

SWEET ORANGES
FRESH CANDIES, ETC.
for New Year

Raisins

We have the good old-fashioned Raisins with the seeds in. Currants, the good black kind. Also Peels and Shelled Walnuts and Almonds.

James R. Bell's
SANITARY GROCERY
Phone 455-W 197 Hunter St
Goods Delivered
CANADA FOOD BOARD
License No. 8-5425

Canada Food Board License No. 8-6666.

NEW YEAR SPECIALS

FIRST NAVEL ORANGE

Navel Oranges, 60c, 70c, 80c doz. Guaranteed sweet and juicy.
Navel Oranges, sweet and juicy for Xmas, cheap 40c, 50c, 60c, 70c. doz.

Emperor and Malaga Grapes.

Northern Spy Apples, Talman Sweets and other varieties.

First-class Bananas, Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.

Tangerines and New Cocoa-Nuts.

Strictly Fresh Oysters.

A Nice Box of Apples for your Table as a Pastime

FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH

CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE

QUALITY GROCERIES

D. M. Minicola
Phone 935. 510½ George St.

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Or Data Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
100 CHARLOTTE
PHONES 270-271

3 CAKES TOILET SOAP FOR THE PRICE OF 2.
ASK AT THE TOILET COUNTER.

STORE OPENS 8:30 A.M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAY 9:30 P.M.

A CAKE OF LAVENDER BATH SOAP, A NEW PALMOLIVE PRODUCTION, WITH EVERY TWO CAKES OF PALMOLIVE.

At Corset Counter for White Week

BRASSIERES 85c

Brassieres with wide Cluny lace top, V neck, front fastening; very neat and dainty. Large sizes only, at each 85c

Brassieres of firm, heavy material, back fastening, ties in front; neatly trimmed with embroidery ... 75c
Large size only 75c

Bandeau style Brassieres, front fastening, plain, heavy material. Medium and large sizes 50c
White Week, each 50c

"A WHITE WEEK"

IS THE THIRD OF FOUR BIG EVENTS OF OUR JANUARY SELLING PROGRAM

It starts Saturday, January 18th, with this splendid collection of White Specials, gathered from all over the store. Take advantage of these extra offerings. They are seasonable, of undoubted quality, and prices are much, very much, under to-day's values. Early buying and planning ahead for this Special White Week made them possible.

The Economy Basement Specials

Coal Hods, good quality, medium size. Special, each 50c
Granite Water Pails, 10-qt. size; good quality grey granite. White Week 75c
Tin Dish Pans, 10-qt. size. Each 39c
Bread Boards, round shape, well finished 29c
Gas Toasters, extra quality steel. Each 25c
Lunch Boxes, heavy black Japanned tin. Each ... 50c
Glass Wash oBards. An extra special at, each ... 59c
Stove Pokers, medium size, each 15c

At the Staple Counter These White Week Values will Save You Money

PILLOW CASES 48c

300 White Cotton Pillow Cases, hemstitched ends; made from an extra good wearing cotton. All torn before being made up. Sizes 40 to 46 inches. Special for this one White Week, each 48c

SHEETS $1.75

Hemstitched Sheets, ready for use. Heavy white plain sheeting, free from dressing, 2 x 2½ yards. For White Week ... Each $1.75

A BEAUTIFUL NAINSOOK AT 35c

Beautiful quality White Nainsook; soft, sheer finish. Exceptionally good for fine underwear; 34 inches wide ..... White Week, per yard 35c

NAINSOOK AT 45c

An extra fine sheer finish nainsook, full 36 inches wide; soft and free from dressing. We consider this cloth exceptional value. For White Week, per yard 45c

MADAPOLAN

Two splendid values in this popular fine cotton for underwear. Fine, soft cambric finish, free from dressing; 36 inches wide. For White Week, two specials at ..... 45c & 50c

Silks and Dress Goods Offer the Following Specials

HABUTAI SILK 63c

White Habutai Silk, a splendid quality, genuine Japanese make, 36 inches wide. Will wash like a piece of cotton. White Week, per yard 63c

A HEAVY QUALITY 98c

Extra heavy quality Habutai Silk, 36 inches wide. No end of wear to this quality. Special for White Week ... Per yard 98c

WOOL BEDFORD CORD $1.00

White Wool Bedford Cord, 36 inches wide. A splendid quality for skirts, children's wear, etc. ..... White Week, per yard $1.00

SILK AND WOOL CREPE DE CHINE $1.25

A beautiful quality silk and wool Crepe de China, 42 inches wide; pale ivory shade. A splendid material for light dresses. Reg. $1.75. White Week, yard $1.25

WHITE CORDED VELVET $1.00

A beautiful quality White Corded Velvet, full 27 inches wide. A splendid quality to wash. White Week ..... Per yard $1.00

$2.00 CORD VELVET $1.69

Exceptionally good quality Corded Velvet, heavy, close pile. Regular $2.00. White Week, yard $1.69

You will Find These Interesting Savings at the Linen Counter

BEDSPREADS $2.39

Splendid White Crochet Bedspreads, large double bed size. For White Week, each $2.39

HUCKABACK TOWELLING 69c

24-inch Pure Linen Old Bleach Huckaback Towelling. Regular $1.00 per yard. For White Week this famous pure linen Towelling at, per yard 69c

GUEST TOWELLING 39c

Pure Linen Guese Towelling, the famous Old Bleach make; fine huckaback, in good patterns. Regular 60c per yard ... White Week, per yard 39c

HUCK TOWELS 49c

New Huckaback Towels, splendid drying qualities, heavy weight. Regular 75c. White Week, per pair 49c

PURE LINEN TABLING $1.39

Pure Linen Satin Damask Tabling, 72 inches wide. These are seconds, but the imperfections are very slight and will not interfere with the wear. Worth actually double this price ..... White Week, per yard $1.39

WHITE SHEETING 80c

This splendid Bleached Sheeting can be had either twilled or plain, and under present conditions is much under its actual value; 2½ yards wide only. For White Week, per yard.. 89c

WHITE SHEETING 65c

Heavy Bleached Sheeting, can be had either twilled or plain, superior quality, two yards wide. Form weave. For White Week ..... Per yard 65c

UNBLEACHED SHEETING

An extra heavy make, in twill or plain. Will bleach perfectly, and this particular quality will outwear an ordinary sheeting twice over. Special for White Week, at per yard ... 69c

BEST ENGLISH WHITE FLANNELETTE 49c

36-inch Horrockses Enylish White Flannelette. This is slightly imperfect, but not in any way that will affect the wear of the goods. We sell same over the counter at 75c a yard. White Week, this imperfect lot to sell at, yard 49c

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS $3.75

Large size, best uality Flannelette Blankets. White Week, per pair $3.75

White Union Blankets, size 60 x 80 inches, pink or blue borders. White Week ..... Per pair $6.45

Extra uality White Union Blankets, size 64 x 82 inches. A limited quantity for White Week at, per pair $10.00

CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTON 57c

This is a heavy weight, fine quality Pillow Cotton of splendid wearing quality. Can be had in all widths up to 48 inches. White Week .. Per yard 57c

BRIDAL COTTON 48c

This is a very fine, even thread cotton, soft cambric finish; full 36 inches wide. Suitable for the finest of underwear. For White Week ..... Special, per yard 48c

A WONDERFUL COTTON SPECIAL

600 yards White Longcloth; fine soft finish, medium to heavy weight, 36 inches wide. This cotton cannot be bought to-day for a good deal more than this at the mill. Special for White Week, this 600 yard lot at, per yard ... 25c

14-INCH TERRY TOWELLING 9½c

White Terry Towelling, 14 inches wide. Regular 20c. A wonderful special for White Week. Per yard 9½c

18-INCH TERRY TOWELLING 22c

Heavy Terry Towelling, 18 inches wide. A qualify worth at least 25c. For White Week .. Per yard 22c

A BETTER ONE STILL 29c

This is extra quality, firm, thick and heavy; 19 inches wide. At, per yard .. 29c

TWILLED NIGHTGOWN CLOTH 35c

Twilled Nightgown Cloth, free from dressing. Made specially for this purpose; 36 inches wide. For White Week, per yard 35c

White Week at the Embroidery Counter

These Specials at the Embroidery Counter will make it particularly attractive for White Week. Any or all of them are priced specially for quick selling.

Corset Cover Embroidery, 20 inches wide; neat, dainty patterns, at, per yard ..... 48c, 35c & 29c

Embroidery Edgings and Insertions, attractive patterns, 1½ inches wide. White Week, per yard 5c

Embroidery Edgings and Insertions, 3 to 4 inches wide, suitable for trimming underwear. White Week, per yard ... 15c

Embroidery Galoon, 3 inches wide. Suitable for shoulder straps for camisoles, etc. At, per yard ..... 25c & 29c

Allover Embroidery, small designs on fine materials. White Week, per yard ..... $1.10 to $2.00

Valenciennes Edgings, fine, dainty patterns, at ..... Per yard 7c

Valenciennes Insertions. Regular up to 12½c, at ..... Per yard 5c

Cotton Torchon Lace, 2 to 3 inches wide, at ..... Per yard ..... 10c & 12½c

White Brussels Net, firm, strong weave, 36 inches wide, at Per yard ..... 35c & 50c

White Silk Veiling, at per yard ..... 35c & 50c

White Organdie Collars, newest shapes and fine material. White Sale, each ..... 50c & 75c

White Dimity Handkerchiefs, with neat hem ..... At, each 15c

White Silk Knitted Scarfs. Regular $1.25 ..... White Week each 79c

White Ribbon, pure silk, 5 inches wide; suitable for hair bows. Regular 45c per yard. White Sale, per yard ... 29c

CORSETS $1.75

A particularly good line of Corsets, in medium weight, long skirt, low bust. A very durable, perfect fitting corset. Specially priced for White Week .. Per pair $1.75

At the Toilet Counter for White Week

We celebrate White Week at the Toilet Counter with one of the most attractive Soap offerings we have made. To introduce their now

"LAVENDER" BATH SOAP
the manufacturers of the famous
PALMOLIVE SOAP

have sent us 1,000 cakes with instructions to give one ABSOLUTELY FREE with every two cakes of Palmolive Soap we sell. Lavender Bath Soap is as good for the bath as Palmolive is for toilet purposes. The cakes to be given away are full size, the same standard size as Palmolive. The manufacturers taket his means to introduce their new Bath Soap to the public. It costs you absolutely nothing to try it, for the Palmolive Soap sells at its standard price for this special introductory sale. With every two cakes you buy you get a cake of this

"Splendid New Bath Soap" ABSOLUTELY FREE.

OTHER SPECIALS FROM THE TOILET COUNTER

Pure Castile Soap, large bars, at, each	35c
Infant's Delight Soap, per cake	10c
Pears Soap, per cake	15c
Cashmere Bouquet Soap, two sizes, at per cake	15c & 25c
All-round Toilet Soap, 3 cakes for	45c
All-round Transparent Toilet Soap, per cake	25c
Turkish Bath Soap, 20c per cake	3 for 50c
White Dressing Combs, medium size, at each	15c
White Hair Brushes, good quality bristles, at	69c

The Housefurnishing Dept. Presents this List of White Bargains Beginning Saturday Morning

PRESENTS THIS LIST OF WHITE BARGAINS, BEGINNING SATURDAY MORNING.

WHITE LACE CURTAINS

We have assembled all our regular stock of Nottingham Lace Curtains, comprising various designs, in floral, conventional and panel effects. They are all pre-war weaves of best grade cotton. A real bargain these times; 2½ and 3 yards long and 36 to 48 inches wide. For White Week, three lots:

Regular $1.75, for, per pair $1.39
Regular $3.00, for, per pair $2.39
Regular $4.00, for, per pair $3.29

WHITE WINDOW SHADES

150 only best White Watered Window Shades, one of the most durable wearing qualities. Will not crack or rot with the sun's rays. Mounted on reliable roller with ring pull and brackets. Size 37 x 72 inches.

With insertion. Regular $1.05. White Week 89c
Without insertion. Regular 85c. White Week 67c

WHITE CURTAIN SCRIMS

Several pieces of White Scrims with striped border with neat insertion effect and ribbon hemstitched edges. Several designs. Splendid for bedrooms; 36 inches wide. Regular 35c ..... For White Week, per yard 26c

WHITE CURTAIN NETS

A large variety of weaves in English and Scotch Curtain Nets to choose from; round and square meshes, with all-over designs; strong and durable. Suitable for any room in the house; 40 to 45 inches wide. Regular 40c. White Week, per yard 29c

PLAIN WHITE MARQUISETTE

100 yards only Plain White Marquisette, in an even mesh weave, mercerized finish. Your last chance to secure Marquisettes at this price. Regular 45c. White Week, per yard 34c

At the Knitted Underwear Counter

VERY FINE VESTS, $2.98

Penman's White Wool Vests, slightly soiled, as they are traveller's samples. These are made of fine white wool, better quality than we usually carry in stock, and are worth regularly $4.50 each. For White Week, each sample $2.98

VESTS, $1.09

Ladies' White Union Vests, with high neck and long sleeves, or low neck and elbow sleeves. Drawers to match in ankle length ... White Week, per garment $1.09

Children's Fleece-lined Underwear—In heavy cotton. All sizes, at, per garment 89c

Children's White Fleece-lined Sleepers—Buttoned front, at, per garment 98c

SAMPLE SUMMER VESTS FOR WHITE WEEK

A manufacturer's clearing lot of sample Summer Vests. For this White Sale we offer this lot of Ladies' White Summer Vests at Special Bargain Prices. It will pay you to buy your Summer Underwear from this lot.

We have picked these Specials from our big stock of Muslin Underwear for White Week. They are good, exceptionally good, and equal qualities will cost a lot more money once these are sold out.

DRAWERS 75c

Drawers made from good quality white cotton. Trimmed with pretty pattern of Swiss embroidery and rows of tucking. At, per pair 75c
Another line is finished with wide frill, hemstitching and tucking. Made from superior quality cotton, and sells at, per pair 75c

THIS LINE AT 50c

Is made from a strong cotton of even thread, trimmed with wide frill and clusters of tucks, edged with a neat pattern of Swiss embroidery. The price per pair is only 50c

GOWNS $1.39

Gowns made from good quality fine cotton, surplice style, embroidered yoke, trimmed with lace and insertion. Sleeves lace trimmed. At, each $1.39

GOWNS $1.50

These Gowns are made from a good quality white cotton; rpetty embroidery yoke trimmed with insertion, ribbon and lace, and our price for White Week is $1.50

ANOTHER PRETTY STYLE AT $1.50

is made from the same quality cotton, has yoke of wide white Cluny insertion edged with lace, square neck; sleeves are also trimmed with lace. White Week, each $1.50
Another nice gown is made from a good quality cotton, round surplice neck with embroidery and baby ribbon. For White Week $1.50

AT $1.98

At this price we show some very attractive gowns. One has tucked front with narrow embroidery yoke and baby ribbon. Sleeves embroidery trimmed.
Another has deep embroidery yoke, high neck, trimmed with pretty Swiss embroidery; sleeves are also embroidery trimmed.
Both are made from fine quality white cotton, and for White Week they sell at, Each $1.98
These are sample values from a splendid stock of White Muslin Underwear that is ready for you on the Third Floor.

WHITE WOOL SETS $2.98

Good quality Brushed Wool Sets, white only, cap and scarf. Special for White Week .. Per set $2.98

WOOL SHAWL $1.69

Babies' White Woollen Shawls. Special White Sale, each $1.69

WHITE FINGERING 19c

4-Ply Scotch Fingering Yarn, white only. A splendid yarn for darning purposes ..... White Week, per skein 19c

3-PLY BEEHIVE 22c

Beehive Yarn, 3-ply only. For White Week, special per skein 22c

STAMPED GOODS

Luncheon Sets—Many styles and sizes, ready to work. Dozens of pretty, attractive patterns. For White Week ..... $1.79 to $3.98
Stamped Handkerchief Centres—Many patterns to choose from. White Week, each 20c

D. M. C. COTTON, 20 Per Ball

Six strand D.M.C. Embroidery Cotton. This very popular and scarce cotton for White Sale at, per ball 20c
Canadian made Crochet Cotton, white only. All sizes, at, per ball 10c

WITH EVERY TWO CAKES OF PALMOLIVE SOAP WE SELL DURING WHITE WEEK WE WILL GIVE A CAKE OF LAVENDER BATH SOAP ABSOLUTELY FREE.

THE J. C. TURNBULL COMPANY, Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE.

NATIONAL COUNCIL

(Continued from Page One.)

ordeen; their collecting of money was stopped because it was found necessary to stop all charitable collections not strictly for war purpose. No court proceedings whatever were taken, and Lord and Lady Aberdeen left the country entirely of their own volition.

At the close of the discussion, the president of the Council bringing in the above resolution, expressed herself as completely satisfied that the evidence produced, entirely cleared the the matter up, and she accordingly withdrew the resolution.

Two Letters.

Space will not allow the printing of the evidence, but the following letters are two of several which could be produced:

Dear Mrs. Cummings:

I have interviewed Hon. Edwin P. Kilroe, Assistant District Attorney of New York City, who is in charge of the investigation of certain charitable organizations collecting money in and about the city of New York, during the past year, and was informed by him, that his office had no evidence whatever, in any way, impugning the honor and integrity of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, or either of them, and that the stopping of their collections did not reflect in any way, upon their personal integrity, and that all activities of a similar nature were stopped at the same time.

I am authorized to make this statement by Mr. Kilroe and you may have the same verified, by telegraph, if desired, addressing him at the office of Hon. Ed. Swan, Criminal Court building, New York City.

Yours, J. J. CURTIN.

To Mrs. Sanford.

Another letter to Mrs. W. E. Sanford, of Hamilton, is as follows:

British Military Attache,
New York Office.

Mrs. W. E. Sanford,
Hamilton, Ont.

Madam,—In answer to your question, I beg to state that the Marquis and Marchioness of Aberdeen and Temair left Canada of their own volition, on the conclusion of their highly successful mission to this country, which was the collection of funds for the Women's National Health Association of Ireland.

From figures and statements submitted to this office it would appear that Lord and Lady Aberdeen were instrumental in sending to Ireland nearly $100,000, and that this money was raised at an extremely low outlaw, Lord Aberdeen himself standing most of the expenses of his trip to this country.

The British Assistant Provost Marshal in New York paid Lord and Lady Aberdeen the respect of aiding them in every way possible, as he would any other distinguished Britishers visiting this country, who, like themselves, have done good work for the Allied cause.

I am, Madam,
Sincerely yours,
(Sgd.) N. G. THWAITES, Lt.-Col.
British Assistant Provost Marshal,
New York City.

BOARD APPOINTS A COMMITTEE

TO LOOK INTO MATTER OF MORE SCHOOL ACCOMMODATION.

There was a special meeting of the Board of Education held last night to consider the urgent question of greater public school accommodation. After some discussion it was decided to appoint a committee composed of Chairman Deane, Dr. Neal and Messrs. E. G. Patterson, A. A. Fowler and J. M. Greene to investigate the circumstances and report back to the Board as to the exigencies of the situation and the best methods of dealing with it.

This is a question which has been up for discussion quite frequently of late and the convening of a special meeting to again discuss the situation and the appointment of the committee would indicate that the members of the Board intend losing no time in taking some definite action

School Trustees Ask For Salaries

Payment of trustees was favored by the Toronto Board of Education last evening by a vote of 9 to 7. The Minister of Education will be asked to provide the necessary legislation.

Trustee Dr. Hunter, the mover of the motion, said the members of the board gave a great deal of time to the work of the board, which occupied a large portion of their time, and it was due to them that they should be paid.

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

Saturday is the Day of Days in This Most Enthusing Sales Programme at Cressman's, Including

FOR MEN--THE SEMI-ANNUAL "LONELY SALE,"- FOR WOMEN--THE JANUARY "SALE OF WHITE," FOR HOME LOVERS--THE "FREE SERVICE SALE" ON ALL HOUSEFURNISHINGS

ALSO WE MENTION HERE SPECIAL SATURDAY SNAPS FROM OTHER DEPARTMENTS. THIS STORE IS THE PLACE TO SHOP SATURDAY

SNAPS IN THE READY-TO-WEAR DEPT. Second Floor

HOUSE DRESSES $1.98

In various attractive stripe and fancy check patterns. Long or short sleeves, high or low collars. Skirt cut nicely with fullness at back. Smart belts and pockets. Regular $2.50 value. Saturday Snap Price **$1.98**

POPLIN DRESS $16.50

A lovely, soft, silk quality poplin, in shades of wisteria, grey, green, navy and black. A variety of modish styles; some have braid trims and others are apron and pavel effects. Regularly sod at $20.00. Special Saturday Snap **$16.50**

SILK SKIRTS $11.95

Of beautiful quality taffeta and duchess satin. There are draped designs with paniers, panel styes, and some are plain with broad crushed belts, fastened with buckles and handsome buttons. Colors include: navy blue, sand and black. Excellent values that regularly sell at $15.00 ..... Saturday Snap **$11.95**

KIMONAS $2.79

Made of good wearing crepe. In smart and dainty styles. Empire, and belted at waist line. Trims of satin and embroidery in floral and butterfly designs. Colors: rose, pink, Copenhagen and crimson. Regular price $3.35. Saturday Snap ... **$2.79**

PETTICOATS $1.59

For cold weather these are ideal underskirts. Good warm petticoats lined with flannelette. Well cut and trimmed with nine-inch flounce of tucks and small frills. Regular $1.98 value. Very specially priced for a real Snap on Saturday **$1.59**

$3.00 40-INCH BLACK DUCHESS MESSALINE DRESSS SILK $1.95

A remarkable price reduction on this beautiful uality Black Dress Silk. Guaranteed Swiss manufacture. It is full 40 inches wide. The regular stock value is $2.00 a yard. Buy it on Saturday at this exceptional Snap price, yard **$1.95**

SHOES (Second Floor)

OUR SPECIAL WEEK-END SALE OF GLOVES "GET YOUR HANDS IN"

BEST DOLLAR QUALITY WHITE CHAMOIS-CLOTH GLOVES, 89c

Our famous 'Get your hands in" Griffin make goves. White washable chamois-coth, made with dome wrists and self embroidered back. All sizes 6 to 7½. Every pair guaranteed. A leader for the week-end Glove Sale, at **89c**

HALF PRICE SALE, SMALL SIZES PERRIN'S BLACK KID GLOVES $1.00

We are somewhat overstocked in small sizes of Perrin's $2.00 Black Kid Gloves. Sizes 5½, 5¾ and 6, inb lack only. At this price these gloves cannot be exchanged dr returned. Selling at exactly half price on Saturday .. Pair **$1.00**

HALF PRICE SALE, LADIES' LONG KID GLOVES $1.49

Eighty pairs Long Kid Gloves, in colors black, tan, greys and brown. Sizes from 5¾ to 6¾, but not all sizes in each color. Excellent qualities French kid, selling regularly at $3.00. These gloves cannot be exchanged or returned. Snap price **$1.49**

At the Stationery Counter

One Day Saturday Sale

1000 Imperial LinenWriting Tablets

Cressman's Imperial Linen Writing Pads, largest letter size. Snap Sale **17c**

Cressman's Imperial Linen Pads, in Empress fold-over correspondence style. ..... Saturday Sale ..... 2 for **29c**

Cressman's Imperial Linen Pads, small letter size. On sale Saturday at .... 2 for **17c**

Also French fabric linen envelopes to match. Regular 10c values. On sale Saturday ... . 2 Packages **15c**

(Street Floor—Fifth Circle.)

THREE DECIDED PRICE REDUCTIONS for SATURDAY

LADIES' $8.00 and $9.00 NEOLIN SOLE STREET BOOTS $5.89

Splendid value in these high-grade "Corona" shoes. In Havana brown and black. Both lines have Neolin soles and rubber heels. Warm, dry footwear for winter. Both one price for a Saturday Snap **$5.89**

LADIES' "J. & K." $6.00 BUTTON BOOTS $3.95

Smart American footwear. These button boots of patent leather with cloth tops. Either high or low heels. "J. & K." shoes "fit-the-arch." Exceptionally good value shoes if you buy them Saturday at this Snap price **$3.95**

LADIES' 75c HEELLESS RUBBERS 39c

Practically down to half price for these ladies' "Fairy" Rubbers. An excellent light waterproof sole rubber without heels. Miner brand and first quality. All sizes for early buyers on Saturday. Snap **39c**

SALVATION ARMY LEADERS EXPLAIN OBJECT OF DRIVE

Commissioner Richards Tells What Will Be Done With the Money the People Are Asked to Contribute in the Campaign Which Opens Next Week.

In addition to the Minister of Labor, Peterboro, last night, had another distinguished visitor in the person of Commissioner Richards, commander, in Canada, of the Salvation Army. He came in connection with the million dollar drive which is being instituted by the organization of which he is the head in this country, and the local objective of which set at $30,000.

It was unfortunate that Commissioner Richards arrived upon an evening when there were so many meetings being held in the city. There was the Canadian Club luncheon, the assembly in the Labor Hall, addressed by Senator Robertson, and the meeting of the Board of Education. Many of those who attended these functions would have been glad of the opportunity of hearing the executive head of the Salvation Army, but in spite of such d stractions, there was a good attendance at the Council Chamber to hear the message of the Commissioner.

The Commissioner's Address.

Mr. J. A. Aylmer presided during the first part of the evening as Mayor Duncan did not arrive from the luncheon until about 8.30.

Commissioner Richards was the first speaker. He outlined the social work which the Army have been doing in the past in connection with war activities and stated that in the program which it was proposed to carry out with the aid of the funds, derived from the million dollar drive, there were four planks. The first was "across the seas," the second, "returned soldiers and their dependents," the third, "hostels for the returned men," and the last, "social service."

Under the first head he included work in the demobilization camps of England. Under the second, the care of soldiers, their wives and dependents and the task of re-establishing them in civil life. The formation of maternity hospitals and care of the widows and orphans.

He told of the splendid record of the Army in connection with relief work in the past and recounted several cases where the mother in many instances a soldier's widow with a family of little children while in receipt of an ample pension or separation allowance as the case might be, was making the very worst use of the money and was leaving the children to shift for themselves. The Salvation Army invariably made it a point to right these abuses.

Maternity hospitals had been established in a great many of the cities of the country, in which mothers were cared for while their families were being looked after by a district nurse. Every child must be considered an asset to the country and in New Bealand a mother was given a grant of $5 as a recognition of the birth of every child whether born in wedlock or otherwise. If this were true then it surely was to the advantage of the country that the mother who was in many cases the victim of the most abject poverty should be given every attention and the best of medical and hospital treatment.

Rescuing the Fallen.

In connection with the social service part of the program the speaker established a strong case. The Salvation Army is recognized as the greatest organization in existence as far as reaching out the helping hand in that direction is concerned. Added to this it has had fifty years' experience in carrying out social and moral reform work and is especially adapted to handle the peculiar and distressing situat on which has arisen on account of the absence of men from their families during the war. In collaboration with the government, the Salvation Army has established a great number of orphanages and homes for children who, while in numberless cases, not orphans, are practically dependent upon the state for their rearing.

Commissioner Richards was a pleasing and unassuming speaker and his words were endowed with that ring of sincerity which so quickly commends itself to the auditor. He was accompanied on the tour, which he is making of the cities of the province, by two of his staff—Col. Marchen, Divisional Commander for Eastern Ontario, and Brigadier Morris, Field Secretary for Canada east.

Peterboro Will Respond.

Mayor Duncan, who presided during the latter part of the evening, assured the speaker of the evening that the city would make a liberal response to the Army's appeal for funds in the Red Shield Drive. He suggested that Peterborough as an important centre would be an excellent place in which to establish one of the homes he had been describing. The Commissioner had his secretary make a note of His Worship's remark.

Ex-Alderman Dobbin, Alderman Turner, Mrs. W. R. Morris, Ex-Mayor Buller and Messrs. H. Rose, W. Stocker, Hugnson Johnstone, Weller Stocker and others voiced their appreciation of the good work accomplished by the Army and their good wishes for the campaign.

The following communication from General Booth and a telegram regarding a meeting held yesterday in Toronto in the interests of the Red Shield Drive, were read as follows:

Cabe From the General.

Wish you God-speed and every success in your efforts to enable the Salvation Army play its part in meeting Canada's soldier needs. For the sake of the soldiers we look to the Dominion to maintain the splendid reputation it has made of generosity during the war.

BRAMWELL BOOTH.

Word From Toronto.

A large gathering in the Egyptian Room of the King Edward Hotel was address by Tom Moore, the Labor leader, who was frank enough to say that while no plan was perfect in the minds of Labor which would deal with such problems as now confronted Labor, yet Labor was thoroughly behind the Salvation Army in its present effort, and that under the conditions which at the present time existed, no organization could do the work as well as the Salvation Army, and his organization, therefore, had the full sympathy and help of Labor.

Sir Edmund Walker gave a charming talk, as also did Mr. Warburton, Colonel Dinnick and Mayor Church and the gathering altogether was enthusiastic and un que.

HAS BEST RECORD IN WAR SERVICE

MANCHESTER ORANGE LODGE WINS PLACE OF HONOR IN ENLISTMENTS.

Bro. F. M. Clarke of Belleville, Grand Secretary for the Orange Order in Eastern Ontario, has written to all the lodges in the district asking for a list of the members who have been in the military service of their country. Winchester Lodge of this city has been notified that it has made the best record in this regard in Eastern Ontario. 72 having enlisted out of a total membership of 138. Of this number fifteen were killed in action, one died of sickness contracted in the service, 19 were wounded and one taken prisoner. The honor roll is as follows.

Killed

Norman Barrie, H. Carpenter, Jas. English, Jas. C. Gibson, H. L. Stewart, Norman Darling, Fred Wicker, Harold Lorey, E. D. Williams, V. B. Nelson, Fred Holden, Gordon Carter, Grant Latimer, Milton Griffin, Claude Manley

Died on Duty

Albert E. Chrowe.

Prisoner of War

E. W. Hopkins.

Wounded

Harve Carpenter, Jack Jones, Howard Copp, B. Harrison, V. Sedgwick, C. W. Bird, Chas. Relisle, F. C. Edmonds, A. Hardman, F. E. Dumford, John Foster, V. A. Hagerman, Sam Montgomery, Clayton Martin, J. Sanderson, A. Monrrop, Harry Amos, Bruce Clark, Leo. Copp.

Not Wounded

H. Dodds, Clarence Henry, Jas. Turnbull, H. Nelson, W. K. McKee, C. Hallowell, E. E. King, A. Rickaby, H. McLean, G. H. Mann, H. H. Reid, R. Telford, N. Killenbeck, A. Ray Givern, C. McDougall, C. Edwards, Robt. Edwards, H. Kincaid, H. Spargo, W. J. Richardson, A. Helson, Ormond Givern, A. Rae, S. Rothwell, J. W. Edwards, P. Bullied, D. Loomis, J. Fletcher, Ed Reid, W. Bertrand, H. Fruman, Roy Spears, W. MacKay, Thos. Record, W. Suddards.

LEAVE FOR HOME THIS EVENING

FOUR MORE PETERBOROUGH SOLDIERS HAVE ARRIVED AT HALIFAX.

The Soldier's Aid Commission advises that the following Peterborough men arrived at St. John's per steamer "Metagama," on Thursday, 16th, and would leave at 7.30 p.m., for Peterborough:

H. G. Fletcher.
P. W. S. Pearson.
F. C. Peters.
J. Sadler.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHY WE CAN DO IT

The main reason why Dr. Fowler can be so accurate in his work of fitting the proper "PEBLO" Lenses to suit the exact needs of his patrons' eyes is the complete, modern equipment of his establishment, coupled with his own expert knowledge. His equipment is modern in every way.

CONSULTATION FREE.

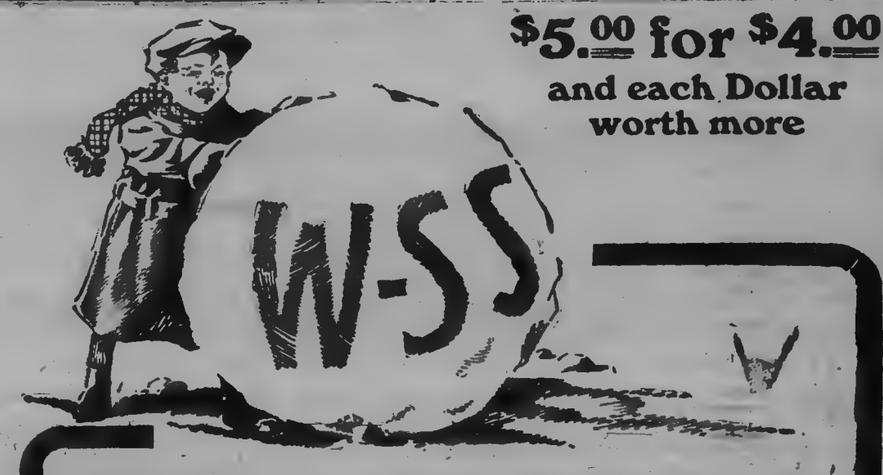
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT



$5.00 for $4.00

and each Dollar worth more

GROWING! GROWING! GROWING!

What is $4.00 today? It is a question of purchasing power. What will $4.00 buy at present prices? Just over one third of a barrel of flour. Before the war flour was selling at $5.00 a barrel.

No one can say just how much more the purchasing power of the dollar will be in 1924, but you can see that the four dollars you put into War-Savings Stamps *now*, will grow, not only in number, but in value.

Your investment in War-Savings Stamps is like the snowball rolling down a slope. You give it a start and it grows by itself!

Your four dollars becomes five, and every dollar will be worth more.

Whether you buy one W-S.S. each day, or each week, or each month, or only two or three in a year, your money is growing, *growing*, GROWING all the time.

Those who cannot invest $4.00 at a time, can buy *Thrift Stamps* at 25 cents each. Sixteen of these on a Thrift Card will be accepted as $4.00 in exchange for a W-S.S.

W-S-S

W-S.S. are sold wherever you see this sign.

Thrift Stamps are sold at above places, and by patriotic storekeepers.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop same is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAM, RETURNS and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special terms on application at the business office.

LOST.

LOST—On the 30th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

LOST—On Tuesday, somewhere in city, sable muff. Reward if left at Review.

LOST—One black driving glove between Opera House and East City. Finder kindly leave at Review Office.

TO RENT.

TO LET—Five-roomed apartment. Heated and all conveniences. Rent $25 per month. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2 Milch Cows for sale. Apply 587 Concession street.

FOR SALE—Private Sale of household furniture, practically new. Best quality. Apply No. 4, Meldrum Apartments.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 615 Water St., Peterborough.

SAVE AGENTS CO...MISSION

The Eaton Sewing Machine Co., 219 Hunter Street

Singer and other makes of sewing machines for cash or on easy payments. Old machines taken in exchange. We sell used machines from $5.00 up.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS done by expert machinist.

We rebuild all kinds of sewing machines, removing worn out parts, replacing them with new, making them as good as when they left the factory.

SMALL REPAIRS at your residence, $1.00. Machines examined free. Send postal or call. Phone No. 627. Night 896

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DR. ASA G. WALKLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
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111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 98 TERMS CASH

Every man has a threefold nature; that which he exhibits, that which he has and that which he thinks he has.

Fighters are not permitted to go out of their class, yet heavyweight will allow them to delight in making match with lightweight men.

LEGAL CARDS.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

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Barristers, Solicitors.
403 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank cor. George and Simcoe Streets
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Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Medill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
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Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Rill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect.
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

MINISTER OF LABOR ADDRESSES BIG MEETING OF WORKINGMEN

Ssys That Capt. Burnham in Parliament Has Always Proved a Staunch Friend of the Wage Earner—Utmost Harmony Between Speaker and Audience.

"I have found Capt. J. H. Burnham a staunch friend of the working men," remarked Minister of Labor Robertson at the mass meeting in the Labor Hall last night, a gathering that taxed the large hall to its capacity.

This remark was made in reply to a question asked by Mr. James R. Runnett, following the advice of the speaker to send to Parliament men who were friendly to the cause. Mr. Runnett wanted to know whether in the opinion of the Senator it was advisable to select a man who had risen from the ranks himself or some member of a profession.

Senator Robertson declared that it made no difference what a man's position was or what his political bearings so long as he was a friend of the workingmen as shown by his private and public record. Ten men in Parliament, elected by labor could achieve wonders. It was not necessary for Labor to have a majority in order to carry their point or achieve their object in any particular case.

Senator Robertson gave an account of what he has himself been able to accomplish even though he was the lone labor man in the Senate, that branch of the Government which is popularly supposed to be moribund. He secured a semi-monthly pay day for the railroad workers of Canada after that measure before his public career commenced, had been twice passed by the House and as often killed in the Upper Chamber. One of the first converts to his way of thinking was the late Senator Mackenzie Bowell.

Senator Robertson had also been able to secure the operation of the McAdoo award in the railway business of Canada. This means an eight hour day and a minimum wage. The most of the members of Parliament are disposed to be fair to the workingmen if Labor's case is put squarely before them.

Recounting further what he had been able to accomplish on behalf of labor, Senator Robertson told how, when the lumbermen and miners of the country asked the government to supply them with ten thousand men, one of the terms insisted upon before any effort was made to grant the request was that the existing rate of wages and working conditions should prevail. A considerable portion of the Senator's address at the Labor Hall was the same as that delivered at the Canadian Club luncheon earlier in the evening, a full report of which appears in another column. He repeated his assurance that the labor situation is not as serious as some imagine. The government purposes to install a chain of employment bureaus, one of which will be opened in this city. The building trade will be revived by the assistance given by the Federal Government to the provinces for the erection of houses and the railways of the country are anticipating their repair work by putting in early orders for ties and other material.

The Senator advised labor to follow the example of the workers in the United States and not ally itself with any particular political party.

At the close of his address the Senator answered a number of questions which brought out a vast amount of interesting information. A returned soldier in the audience asked how it was that some veterans were receiving a pension of only $8 a month and this elicited an explanation of the present pension laws.

T. Tooms, who favored a minimum wage and an eight hour day Senator Robertson replied that the Federal Government could only adopt these in industries which they chartered such as the railways. Private industries, in Peterboro or elsewhere were under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Legislature.

President A. J. Bolwell of the Trades Council, who presided at the meeting asked the Senator why the Government refused to grant conciliation boards to settle disputes with its own employes while instituting such methods in the case of private corporations. He was informed that the Civil Service Commission was really a standing board of arbitration and had precedence in such matters.

"What is to be done with the alien enemies now in Canada?" asked Hugh Robertson, a returned soldier.

The Senator replied that this problem is to be settled by a conference of all the Allies and the Canadian Government will be guided by the decision arrived at. If the Conference decides that every alien be returned to their native countries then back they shall go. In that event the Department of Labor can in fifteen minutes supply the name and address of every alien in the country, this information having been secured by the general registration of the population last summer. That was one benefit arising from this work. Still greater benefits would have followed if the war had lasted longer.

Addresses were made by President Bolwell, who introduced the speaker, and by Secretary Stevens. Mr. Jos. Begley and Aldermen Morrison and Gainey. Senator Robertson complimented the workingmen upon their success at the recent municipal election.

A vote of thanks to the Senator, moved by Messrs Begley and Stevens was carried by a rising vote.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 3 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 14th, 1919.

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GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE
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Phone 111

WE HAVE NO FEAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

suffering from a scarcity of labor we absorb 40,000 of these Celestials, for a year, at the end of which time the allied governments would find it convenient to continue them on their return journey to Asia.

"You haven't seen any sign of them and are not likely to," said the Minister of Labor.

Praises the Employers

Senator Robertson referred to the splendid manner in which the employers of the country had seconded the efforts of the government in meeting the acute post-war labor situation. They had in many cases continued men upon their pay-rolls whose services could have been dispensed with and showed every disposition to do their utmost towards averting the crisis.

The Shrinking Dollar

Four years ago, the speaker reminded his auditors, the compensation of the working man was by no means excessive. Today he is receiving more and yet in proportion to the increased cost of living his wages are lower today. In no country of the world during the last four years has there been less labor trouble and agitation than in our Dominion. In concluding this phase of his address Senator Robertson appealed to the employer to aid the workman who had felt the pinch of war time more acutely than any other class.

How Men are Brought Home

Next the speaker dealt with the plans which had been made for demobilising the Canadian army. Canada had been divided into 22 dispersal areas and the soldiers were sent home in units comprising 500 for each of these districts. Trains composed of 10 coaches and a requisite number of baggage cars stood waiting at the point of debarkation and upon these the men for each area made their homeward journey thus eliminating the confusion which would be inevitable if the work were not carried out in a methodical manner.

The men were met by representatives of the different associations carrying on social war work and in speaking of this program which was arranged by the repatriation committee Senator Robertson stated that there were 50,000 women dependents of soldiers who had never seen Canada before who had to be met and sent to the homes of their husbands and in connection with this work there were Rotary Clubs in 21 cities which had offered the use of their members' automobiles in transporting them from the depots to their destinations.

As there were five departments of the Government which were directly interested in the carrying out of the work of returning the soldiers and their dependents to their native land and of re-establishing the former in civilian life it had been decided in order to prevent confusion and overlapping to form a Repatriation Committee with H. J. Daly of Toronto as its director and place it in charge of the work. The results of this arrangement had been highly satisfactory and were in no small measure due to the organization and executive ability of Mr. Daly.

In dealing with the return to civil occupations of our soldiers the speaker pointed out that it was an impossible to do this by giving him a change of clothes as it was to make a trained fighting man by handing him a uniform. He then outlined the measures which had been adopted in regard to the discharge of the soldiers; the last medical examination to determine the degree of his disability or to assure that he would not in the future make application for a pension without justification and the varying amounts of post discharge pay according to the length and scene of service. He stated that Canada was giving a more liberal pension than any other country and in connection with caring for maimed and otherwise incapacitated men was according her veterans better treatment than other nationalities. Hospitals and homes in which certain cases would be segregated and treated in the best manner possible had been established and everything was being done to show in a slight degree the gratitude of the Canadian people to their defenders.

An Optimistic Note

Dealing with the immediate future of Canada the Minister of Labor struck a cheeringly optimistic note. He had no fears for the people from the viewpoint of labor, industry and commerce. The workingman of this country had demonstrated his ability to save and serve when he subscribed to the last war loan in a measure which established an $87 per capita record as compared with the $55 standard reached by our American neighbors. When the spring came there would be an abundance of work for everyone and to back up this statement the speaker reasoned that we are bound to develop an extensive foreign trade with the nations of Europe which formerly exported nearly all the manufactured products required in this country. These nations with the exception of England are now incapable of supplying sufficient goods manufactured and natural, for their own use and the United States and Canada were in a fortunate position which would permit them to step into the breach.

Public Works Planned

In order to further guard against a shortage of employment the Government is commencing to carry out extensive public works which will require the services of a veritable army and the railroads of the country have placed contracts for the manufacture of rolling stock and other material which would ensure the employment of 40,00 workmen for nine months. There is the Land Settlement scheme by which returned soldiers can secure desirable land in the west and the east, upon the most reasonable terms and this will account for the absorption of still more available labor. The question of the construction of better highways in the country was discussed by the speaker. Road building while very necessary was not a pressing necessity and for that reason it had not been proceeded with during the war as extensively as previous to its outbreak. This work will now be resumed upon a considerable scale and will require a great deal of help. Seven counties east of Peterborough included in the Eastern Ontario Good Roads Association, will with the arrival of spring, commence the building of 526 miles of new highways.

Senator Robertson felt that there will be no great tide of immigration for a few years and that in the meantime Canada will have ample time to readjust herself to the new conditions.

No Danger from Bolsheviki

He felt that the people need entertain no fears as to Bolshevism becoming a menace in Canada. He condemned it in the strongest terms and expressed the opinion that no one who has any stake or interest in this country can hold Bolshevik ideas. The soldiers who fought to overthrow tyranny in Europe will not countenance such a system at home and in support of this view, pointed out the action of the G.W.V.A. in Vancouver in refusing their support to the radical laborites of that city when they endeavored to enlist the sympathy of the returned soldiers in a recent campaign to carry an arbitrary and unjust point.

While feeling that there was no danger from this European menace Senator Robertson asserted that it was the duty of the press of the country to denounce it at all times and point out the terrible results which would follow its spread to our Dominion.

Col. Duncan Walker expressed on behalf of the members of the Canadian Club their appreciation of the splendid address of Senator Robertson. He assured him that he had imparted a vast amount of interesting information and had cleared up many points in connection with the post war conditions.

STOP DANDRUFF! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

GIRLS! DRAW A CLOTH THROUGH YOUR HAIR AND DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY.

SPEND A FEW CENTS! DANDRUFF VANISHES AND HAIR STOPS FALLING OUT.

To be possessed of a head of heavy beautiful hair, soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff, is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed, and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will, you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

The moderate laborites defeated the radicals for the control of the Toronto Trades and Labor Council.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Pte. G. F. Wicker, killed in action, January 17th, 1917.

I heard one call, he said;
Mother, weep not for my death;
Twas to guard our home from hell,
Twas to make thy joy I fell.
Praising God and all is well.
What if now thy heart should quail
And in peace our victory fail,
If low greed in guise of right
Rout and rive they gathered might
And in thy power mankind to save,
Fail and perish on our grave."
On my grave whose legend be
Fought with the brave and joyfully
Died in faith of victory.
Follow on the way we won
Thou hast found not lost thy son.
By father and mother.

AWAY!

By James Whitcombe Riley)

Cannot say, and I will not say
That he is dead. He is just away!

With a cheery smile and a wave of hand,
He has wandered into an unknown land,

And left us dreaming how very fair
It needs must be, since he lingers there.

And you—oh you, who the wildest yearn
For the old-time step and the glad return—

Think of him faring on as dear
In the love of There as the love of Here.

And loyal still, as he gave the blows
Of his warrior strength to his country's foes—

Mild and gentle, as he was brave,
When the sweetest love of his life he gave

To simple wings; where the violets grew
Pure as the eyes they were likened to

The touches of his hands have strayed
As reverently as his lips have prayed

When the little brown thrush that harshly cheered
Was dear to him as the mocking bird:

And he pitied as much as a man in pain
A writhing honey-bee wet with rain.

Think of him still as the same, I say:
He is not dead—he is just away!
By sisters.

What a politician says is one thing and what he does is another.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:31 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

HOW MANY TIMES MUST I TELL YOU NO PIPE SMOKING IN THIS HOUSE
WE ARE TO HAVE COMPANY TONIGHT SO DONT YOU DARE LIGHT IT AGAIN- I EXPECT SOME VERY TALENTED MEN HERE
ALL RIGHT- ALL RIGHT!!
OH! HOW DO YOU DO SIR-
YOU LOOK LIKE A GOOD FELLOW- BUT YOURE IN WRONG
?
IF YOU HAD MET MY WIFE WITH THAT PIPE IN YOUR HAND SHE WOULD HAVE BEAT- EN YOU UP-
GEO MCMANUS
11-30

WHY NOT AIR THE CHARGES MADE AGAINST HAL CHASE?

He Is Entitled to a Hearing and Fans Have Been Kept Too Long in Doubt.

Early in August last, while the Cincinnati Reds were playing on the Polo Grounds, Christy Mathewson, manager of the Cincinnati club, suspended Hal Chase, his captain and first baseman, for the season, and made grave charges against him. Mathewson at the time said Chase never would play league ball again.

It now is more than five months since charges were made against Chase of [illegible] against the Cincinnati team, of which he was a member, and it seems high time these charges be proved or that Chase be declared innocent.

Chase already has started a suit against the Cincinnati club for salary he lost through his suspension. He also claims that salary owed to him before the period of his suspension never was paid him.

Hal Chase's long career has not been strewn with roses. He never had the disposition or perhaps the temperament to bring the full fruits of his remarkable ability to teams with which he has been associated. Chase has been wrong a great many times, and his attitude frequently has incensed men who were his admirers and friends. But Chase has some rights.

Long in Service.

Hal has been no ordinary player. Though still retaining his boyish face and manners, he is today the veteran player of baseball. Among active players, only Leon Ames, the Cardinal pitcher, was in baseball when Chase broke in with the Yankees on the old Hilltop grounds in 1905. Few dispute that he is the greatest first baseman that baseball ever developed, and of modern players he was excelled only by Cobb, Ed. Collins, Speaker, Wagner and Lajoie.

He has been manager of a team in the largest city of the country, and has been batting champion of the National League. All this being so, it is no more than simple justice that the charges against Chase be either proved or dismissed.

This is no brief for Chase, and if the Cincinnati club has conclusive evidence that he bet against his own team he summarily should be dismissed from baseball. In the early days of the sport a handful of players were caught tossing games were ejected without ceremony. The punishment meted out to Craver, Hall, Devlin and Nicholls in 1877 was so severe that no players have tried to tamper with any games since then.

For that reason it is hard to believe that Chase attempted to throw any games last season. Chase has many faults, but no one ever called him stupid. Even when he harbored one of his grouches Chase never lost his head.

Veil of Secrecy.

The Cincinnati club and the National League, too, always have seen fit to throw an air of secrecy over the Chase matter. The accusations against Chase never have been made public, and only bit by bit the evidence against Chase came to light.

Much of it is said to come from Giant players. One of the accusations against Chase is that he told Larry Doyle during a game, "Come on, get these fellows out (Cincinnati batsmen) so we can get out of here."

A remark of that sort does not smack of good team morale, but one needed only to be a casual visitor at the Polo Grounds last August to know that the great majority of the games were played with such a sentiment prevailing. Players realized that the game only was being permitted by the tolerance of the war department, and the motive of most players was to get nine innings over as speedily as possible.

If the Giants did consider Chase a crook it is significant that he played first base with the informal team of Giants which the New York players kept up after Labor Day. They played week-end games at Dyckman Oval and other nearby places.

The most damaging thing against Chase, however, is that a man of the integrity of Christy Mathewson made the charges against him. Mathewson is not the type of man to make charges against a fellow player, furthermore, a player who starred in New York at the same time that Marty was at his great, unless he gave the matter much thought and was sure of his ground. Mathewson considers the charges against Chase so grave that he said last season he did not see how Chase could return to league baseball.

John Heydler, president of the National League, said the Chase matter would be one of the first he would take up upon his elevation to the league presidency. However, the schedule meetings, the National Commission controversy and other things have taken up Heydler's time, and the Chase case still remains undecided. It is hoped that immediately after the joint meetings of the two leagues this week Heydler will render a decision on a case which has dragged entirely too long.

Brock Street Rink

BETTER PATRONIZED THIS SEASON THAN EVER

Program for This Week

GREAT WAR VETERANS BAND.

FRIDAY--Skating.

Junior Hockey Team Plays at Port Hope

SATURDAY SPECIAL—Band Concert and Skating.

Admission Only . . . 25 Cents

SHE KNOWS HORSES

Elizabeth Daingerfield, director of the Haylands thoroughbred breeding establishment near Lexington, Ky., is the most successful woman breeder of thoroughbreds in the United States. Price McKinney, who has owned some of the great horses of the American turf, recently declared that Miss Daingerfield knew more about horses than any man he ever knew.

When Maj. Daingerfield, who had been at the head of the castleton stud owned by the late James B. Keene, died a few years ago, Miss Daingerfield, his daughter, succeeded him, and that the thoroughbreds from the keen establishment following Maj. Daingerfield's death maintained the same high average as during his life showed that Miss Daingerfield had a genius far beyond other members of her sex.

Miss Dangerfield has devoted the best part of her life to the study of the thoroughbred. She knows the eccentricities, the weaknesses and the strength of the race horse.

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUES APART

EACH TO GO OWN WAY NOW AND MAKE OWN ARRANGEMENTS.

New York, Jan. 17.—The major and minor baseball leagues, parties to the national agreement, the foundation of the professional end of the national sport, broke relations after a stormy meeting here.

The Magna Charta of organized baseball was, figuratively speaking, torn to pieces, and the two great combinations will in the future be bound together by an elastic agreement which will permit them to operate with comparative independence.

No prediction was made as to what effect proceedings will have on the professional game and the players, but leaders of both factions professed to be highly satisfied with the sensational turn affairs had taken when temporary arrangements were completed shortly before midnight.

Under the tentative agreement which was entered into the major and minor leagues are to respect the contractual, territorial and reservation rights of each other, with the provison that no minor league club shall claim the right to more players at any time than the maximum roster allowed to clubs in the major leagues. During the playing season this would equal 21 players.

The draft, optional and reservation agreements of the National Agreement, entered into in 1903, are things of the past, and the only way in which the major league clubs can obtain players from the minors will be by direct purchase.

Garry Herrmann, Chairman of the National Commission, in announcing the abrogation of the existing pact, said:

"The National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues requested changes which we could not and would not and would not grant, and when they stated that they would be the happiest men in the world if they were permitted to go their way and attend to their own business arrangements in the future we thought best to permit them to do as they desired."

Next Week Games At Water St. Alleys

Monday—West Lawn vs. De Laval.

Tuesday—Grocers vs. High Rollers.

Wednesday—Clerks vs. Shamrocks.

Thursday—Maple Leafs vs. Ekos.

Friday—Rex. vs. East Lawn.

With The Curlers

Although the ice was very sticky at the curling rink last night, on account of the mild weather there were three games played off according to the schedule:

A. G. Roberts		G. Metcalfe	
W. R. Turner		C. Moffat	
H. M. Martin		A. M. Laidlaw	
L.G. Dobbin	14	W. J Thompson	11
R. V. Dawson		L. Bartlett	
W. Montgomery		A. L. Killaly	
W. T. Hall		A. Moore	
W Bradburn	10	R. Hicks	14
J. A. Dodds		G. S. Matthews	
J. H. Seals		J. F. Linton	
J. W. Fraser		G. Hill	
G. Boucher	12	J. Brightman	11

HOCKEY GAME POSTPONED

Tonight the Peterborough Juniors were to have played the Port Hope team, but the game had to be postponed on account of the soft condition of the ice.

CANADIENS WIN FROM THE OTTAWA TEAM BY 10 TO 6

Senators Were Completely Outplayed Last Night at Every Point of Game.

Ottawa, Jan. 17. — Canadiens sprang the biggest surprise of the hockey season last night when they invaded the Capital and defeated Ottawa by 10 to 6, thus lengthening their lead in the championship race of the National Hockey League.

Canadiens scored a lead on a fluky goal thirty seconds after the commencement of the play and though Ottawa came back strong and nearly tied it up in the second period, they fell short of the mark and then exploded. Canadiens making a runaway of the contest until they were ahead at one stage by a score of 10 to 2. Jack Darragh then started Ottawa on a whirlwind finish and they scored four in succession, but the Canadien lead proved far too big and the red-shirted habitan's skated off the ice with a safe margin to their credit.

The Senators started with all their regulars on the ice and everyone apparently feeling fit. Canadiens, on the other hand, were without the services of Joe Malone, and Bert Corbeau was battered up to suchian extent that he only played in a portion of the match. In addition the ice, which was fast for a few minutes, but which, owing to the presence of the big crowd, soon grew sticky, ought to have favored Ottawa.

Big Crowd Disappointed

The locals had a great crowd of supporters on hand in the hopeful expectation of seeing them draw up on Canadiens in the championship race, but they fell down lamentably and with the exception of the last few minutes, played ragged hockey throughout. Canadiens outskated, outshot and outgeneralled Ottawa all through the piece or at least until they had made the outcome certain. "Newsy" Lalonde and his team mates giving a wonderful all-round exhibition.

Ottawa got away from the wire to a disastrous start, and this, no doubt, had a great deal to do with their collapse in the most important fixture of the season. Thirty seconds after the first sound of Referee Pulford's whistle, "Newsy" Lalonde shot and a low, slow shot caught Clint Benedict asleep at the switch, and, much to the amazement of the crowd lodged in the back of the net.

Canadiens have always been superb front runners and this goal, clever or lucky as the case may have been, inspired the visitors with confidence and enabled them to lay the extra man back on the defense forcing Ottawa to carry the offensive so desperately until the Senators cracked under the strain. The breaks were certainly against Ottawa and had it not been for Benedict's temporary lapse, the verdict might have gone to the red, white and black. On the night's play, however, Canadiens were far the better team.

Another big factor in the clean-cut victory of the French-Canadian was the phenomenol goalkeeping of George Vezina, who gave one of the greatest exhibitions ever seen here. During the first period, when Ottawa coming back determinedly after Lalonde's heart-breaking goal, had chances galore, Vezina must have stopped twenty shots; he picked them off [illegible] Denneny, Darragh and Cleghorn, baffling all the attempts of the home team to score through. Long shots seemed "pie" for the Chicoutimi boy, and when the Ottawas did get in close he skated out and easily blocked them.

Ottawa Applauds Vezina

Vezina continued this remarkable work in the second and third periods until even the most rabid Ottawa supporters were giving him a hand. He is undoubtedly a marvel.

Despite the fact that the ice was sticky and that Canadiens established in the second period a lead that assured them the victory, the hockey was at all time interesting. Canadiens, particularly Pitre, Vezina and Lalonde, giving spectacular exhibitions. It was also fast when one took into consideration the condition of the playing surface, though the only redeeming feature from an Ottawa standpoint was the stirring finish which Eddie Gerard and his team mates administered.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; point, Cleghorn; cover point, Gerard, centre Nighborn right wing, Darragh; left wing, Dennena.

Canadiens — Goal, Vezina; point, Corbeau; cover point, Hall; centre, Lalonde; right wing Pitre; left wing, Couture.

Ottawa substitutes—Ronan, Boucher and Lowrey. Canadien substitutes:—Cleghorn, McDonald, Berlinquette.

Referee, Harvey Pulford. Judge of play, Charlie McKinley. Umpires, Joe Wallace and Alf. Livings. Time—J. M. Walker. Scorer, J. Larkin.

GRAVELY ILL

Sir William Peterson, the revered principal of McGill University, Montreal, is critically ill.

Pleasant Prospect

Husband— Hurrah! I've got a week's vacation.

Wife— How nice. Now you can dig the garden, clean out the cellar and whitewash the kitchen.

Hint for Father-in-Law

"No man wants to be too hard on his children's follies."

"Then if I marry your daughter, can I expect you to make proper allowance for her?"

Otonabee Council Holds Meeting

The newly elected Council for Otonabee met, pursuant to Legislative enactment composed of the following members. Reeve, W. A. Anderson; Deputy Reeve F. A. Eason; Councillors, Messrs John O' Leary, David Lawrie and Thos. E. Sargent who severally made declaration of qualification.

Moved byb Mr. Lawrie seconded by Mr. O'Leary that John C. Hope and John McFarlane be appointed auditors for 1919 at a salary of $10 each. Carried.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary, seconded by Mr. Lawrie, that Duncan McFarlane be appointed assessor at a salary of $120. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. Lawrie, that Michael Kennealey be appointed collector at a salary of $125. Carried.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary, seconded by Mr. Sargent, that the following men be appointed sheep valuators at $2.00 per day for each day necessarily employed; Geo. Hanbridge, R. W. Eason, John Dixon and Ed. Fitzgerald.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary, seconded by Mr. Sargent, that D. H. Moore be appointed sanitary inspector for that part of Otonabee east of the ninth line and John Fitzgerald be sanitary inspector for that part of Otonabee west of the ninth line, at $2.00 per day for each day necessarily employed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary seconded by Mr. Sargent that R. J. H. Short be appointed a member of the Legal Board of Health. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Laurie seconded by Mr. O'Leary that six subscriptions of the Municipal World be taken out. Carried.

Mr. Samuel Armstrong and Mr. Robt Eason interviewed the council with regard to opening up a road through lots 21 and 22, belonging to Mr. Jas. Elmherst and Mr. Joseph Morrison originally known as "Paddy's Road."

Moved by Mr. Lawrie, seconded by Mr. Eason, that Mr. Anderson, Mr. Eason, and Mr. O'Leary be a committee to enquire and report later.

Council adjourned to meet Feb. 17th.

J. J. Moore, Clerk

SPORTING

Stroud Curling Club won the chief event at the Barrie bonspiel, which concluded yesterday.

Brantford, Simcoe, Paris and Galt are organising a soccer league of six teams to replace the Brantford-Paris League, which lost most of its players by enlistment early in the war.

The National Agreement governing major and minor league baseball was abrogated at a meting in New York It was decided, however, to respect contractual and territorial rights.

Trathewey silver stock doubled its value yesterday on the report of a rich find on the Castle property.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable monthly medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. No. 1 by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. Address: The Cook Medicine Co., [illegible], Ont. Formerly Windsor.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL,

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 380 George St. Phone 1044w

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now.

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 20 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 30 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, PHONE 14
A. E. [illegible] Inspectors

To Prove Our Claims

A Tea-Pot Test is better than a page of Advertisement.

"SALADA"

Is the Purest & Finest Flavored Tea your money can purchase.

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and separately-fitting dentures.

BICYCLES REPAIRED.

Have your wheel cleaned and repaired now. If you wait until the sun shines on both sides of the fence and everybody speaks at once it will not be ready when you want to use it. Phone 234J and we will send for your work.
MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
235 Hunter St.

"IN SUNNY FRANCE"

"In Sunny France" is the first all-Canadian production that ever appeared in Canada. Wilson MacDonald, of Vancouver, is the author of the play, composer of the music, and originator of the dances. 150 amateurs will appear in this opera at the Grand on January 27th and 28th.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bonner, Worth Co.

NOTICE

International Federation of Laborers will hold their regular meeting on Monday, January 20th. Brother Flett will be here to addres the meeting if he can get here. All Laborers are invited to attend the Laborers' meeting for special business at the Labor Hall, George street.
A. MASON,
Corresponding Secretary.

REMANDED FOR SENTENCE

Mabel Brown, a woman who claimed to have come to Peterborough from Toronto, appeared before the police magistrate charged with immoral conduct. She pleaded guilty and was remanded for a week.

TEST CASE WON BY LABOR MEN

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT GRANTS STAY OF PROCEEDING IN WINNIPEG CASE.

Winnipeg, Jan. 17—On instructions from the Department of Justice at Ottawa proceedings were stayed in the case of Michael Charitoniff, charged with having banned literature in his possession.

Charitonoff was formerly editor of the banned Bolshevist weekly, Robotchyjharod, in Winnipeg. He was sentenced October 14 last in the Winnipeg Police Court to three months in jail and a fine of $1000. A new trial was refused and the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council obtained for Charitonoff a writ of habeas corpus, and obtained from the Court of Appeal an order for a new hearing of the case before Magistrate MacDonald. The case has been adjourned several times awaiting instructions from Ottawa. Today on receipt of these instructions, the Crown Prosecutor entered a stay of proceedings.

The Trades and Labor Council here state that this is a test case. Their success in the appeal means, thinks Secretary Ernest Robinson, that Labor will be able to demand the release of all political prisoners in Canada.

Conference May Be Open To Reporters

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 17.—At the request of President Wilson, the Supreme War Council today held in abeyance the rule making the proceedngs of the Peace Conference secret.

ADJT. McELHINEY TO SPEAK SUNDAY

AT MEETING IN OPERA HOUSE STARTING RED SHIELD DRIVE.

A meeting will be held in the Grand Opera House on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the interests of the Salvation Army Red Shield Drive. Judge Huycke, Adjt. McElhiney, Jos. Wearing, and Capt. C. R. Widdifield will speak in the interests of the campaign and in addition to this a program of musical numbers will be rendered.

The people of the city are urged to attend the meeting and hear the address which will explain the work accomplished in the past by the Salvation Army representatives overseas and at home in the interests of the soldiers and their dependents.

Reports say Rosa Luxembourg, Spartacan leader, has peen assassinated in Berlin.

Held "At Home" In T. A. S. Rooms

Last night the West-end Knitting Club held an "At Home" in the T. A. S. rooms, which was largely attended. Dancing and cards were indulged in until a late hour. Music was furnished by Messrs. Mober and Lynch.

Mrs. Wm. O'Brien was the winner of the lady's prize, a handsome pair of brass candle sticks donated by Mr. McCarthey, at cards, while Mr. Tom Cronon was successful in obtaining the gentleman's prize, a box of cigars donated by Arthur Murty.

OBITUARY

ALEXINA DESAUTEL

Yesterday in St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, death claimed a former resident of Peterboro in the person of Alexina Desautel, eldest daughter of the late L. Desautel. Until two years ago deceased resided at 30 George St., afterwards moving to Toronto, where she had since made her home.

She leaves to mourn her loss four sisters, Mrs. D. Dubriel of Duluth, Minn., Mrs. P. S rois and Miss Amelia of Toronto and Miss Eva of New York and three brothers, Lawrence of Montreal, Romeo of the Canadian Engineers, C.E.F., and Hildo of the Am. F. C., both serving overseas.

The remains will arrive in the city this evening the funeral taking place from the residence of her uncle Mr. F. Laundry, 184 Romaine St., on Saturday morning at nine o'clock to Sacred Heart church, thence to St. Peter's Cemetery.

PREMIER GOUIN MAY LEAD PARTY

RUMOR NAMES HIM AS SUCCESSOR TO SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Quebec, Jan. 17.—The political pot is boiling in the Quebec Provincial field, and rumors are floating around as thick as a Piccadilly fog. Of course it is hard to tell yet what sort of a stew is to be scooped out of the pot when the time comes, but politicians who are well posted have very interesting and at the same time plausible tales.

One of these says that Sir Lomer Gouin, the present Prime Minister of Quebec, is to have the Provincial arena to enter the Federal field. Lomer Gouin would become the leader of the Liberal Opposition at Ottawa, replacing Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but this is not considered as serious in well-informed circles.

Sir Lomer Gouin would become a member of the Liberal Opposition at Ottawa for the present.

Now, as to the leadership of the Quebec Provincial Liberals, rumor has it that the Hon. Dr. Beland would take it, resigning his seat in the Federal House to this end.

But this will not meet the ideas of all the Liberal leaders in Quebec, as there is a strong indication that Hon. L. A. Taschereau, at present Minister of Public Works and Labor in this Province, has an eye on the Premiership of Quebec, and he has strong support among a certain element, both in the House and also in the ring of political workers.

At any rate, what changes are to be made in the political world of Quebec will, according to every indication, occur within a very short time, probably soon after the session of the Provincial Legislature, which meets on Tuesday next, January 21st.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyrine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

The Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Lot Holders of the Company will be held at the City Council Chambers, Peterborough, on MONDAY THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, at 8 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President — E. A. PECK, Secretary

Salvation Army Is Free From Scandal

The Salvation Army is one of the most efficient agencies working for the social up-lift that we have in Canada. It is a widespread organization reaching every remote corner of the Dominion, and spending in its charitable branches a great deal of money.

No one has ever heard of any scandal connected with the spending operations of the Canadian Salvation Army. Its financial concerns are directed by an officer, who for 20 years was a chartered accountant, and who is an expert in business matters. This officer holds to "strict accountability" every service of the Army which has to do with the handling of funds. This business efficiency is a guarantee that the $1,000,000 which it is hoped to raise to further the Army schemes of demoblization and reconstruction, will be paid out in a manner intended by the public.

REPORT SOLDIER'S DEATH.

Kingston, Jan. 17—Edward Boyce, aged 32, brother of Dr. H. A. Boyce, who enlisted at Toronto with the Engineers, died of influenza-pneumonia in Kimmel Park Hospital, in Rhyl, Wales, according to a cable received here.

January Clearance Sale

Saturday—A Day of Fine Good in great Variety and won e ful sale values in Every Department

Priced Less Than Present Cost $3.75 Black Duchess Satin per yard $2.98

The lovely, lustrous finish of this duchess satin makes it both attractive and popular for dressy gowns, blouses and skirts. It is 40 inches wide and a splendid value and will appeal to all who desire a satin possessing a rich appearance. Also it is worth noting that this satin is priced at a figure less than the present cost. Regular $3.75. January Sale tomorrow $2.89

1919 Wash Ginghams—Splendid Range of Check Patterns at 35c

We have just received an advance shipment of beautiful new 1919 Wash Ginghams; come in various broken check patterns, in the prettiest of color combinations; 36 inches wide. Marked at the January Sale price, yard 35c
Also a splendid line of plain English Chambrays; 27 inches wide, at, yard 25c

A Sale Special—$8.50 Table Napkins $6.49 per Dozen

15 dozen Napkins only, while they last at a price much under their real value. Made in Ireland by John S. Brown & Sons from specially prepared damask yarns, of fine linen-like appearance; will wear and wash splendidly. Note the large size, 24 x 24 inches. Regular $8.50. January Clearance Sale, dozen $6.49

60c Pillow Cases all Ready for Use, each 52c

A very special sale value. Pillow Cases, made from an excellent quality of pure cotton; nicely hemstitched, all ready for use. Three sizes, 40, 42 and 44 inches. Regular 60c ..... January Clearance Sale, each 52c

Another Splendid Bargain $6, $7 and $8 Embroidered Bed Spreads, $5.00

Frankly speaking, we have only a limited stock of these lovely Bed Spreads left, so you will have to hurry if you want one. Single and double bed sizes; all made of high-grade linen finish cotton yarns and handsomely embroidered in three different patterns. Regular $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00. Your choice while they last $5.00

Children's Warm Winter Coats, 3 sizes only, 7, 7 and 9 Regular $12, Tomorrow $6.98

All new and up to date, the season's very latest styles; splendidly made from fine all wool cheviots; lined throughout. Colors include taupe, navy and green; novelty pockets and belt, convertible collars. Regular $12.00. Three sizes only, 6, 7, 9. A big sale bargain for Saturday, each $6.98

Special To-morrow—30c Stripe Flannelette 27 inches wide—a real snap. Per yard . . . 23c

A Noteable Waist Bargain—White Voile Waists—Large Sizes only, 42 and 44 To-morrow 98c

If you wear a large size waist, this is a splendid opportunity to save money on a stylish, smart-looking, well-made voile waist. Several smart models to choose from. All new styles; large sizes only, 42 and 44. Each waist a special bargain at the sale price to-morrow .. Each 98c

One only—$75.00 Exclusive Model Cape Coat, $43.50

Made from Salt's best quality Esquimette plush, with large roll collar of beaver plush. Cape and coat handsomely lined with rich brocaded satin. A very exclusive Fifth Avenue model. Regular $75.00. To-morrow $43.50

Fancy China Half Price — RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED — All Granite-ware Reduced.

For Sale by Tender

Tenders will be received on MONDAY, JANUARY 27th, for the old Murray Street Baptist Church property. This consists of a half-acre of land with frontage of about 116 feet on Murray Street and 192 feet deep. On the land is situated building formerly occupied as a church containing three furnaces and sanitary equipment. There is also on the land a small dwelling house. Those desiring to tender may obtain keys for inspection from Dr. W. D. Scott, Hunter Street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. F. MATTHEWS
For Trustees

GUARANTEE OF PRICE OPPOSED IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 17.—Strong opposition was expressed by the council of the board of trade to the suggested guaranteeing by the Dominion Government of the price of the 1919 wheat crop. This matter was discussed at considerable length, with the result that the council declared itself unanimously opposed to such a procedure, and adopted a resolution to that effect to be forwarded to the acting premier.

STEAMER WITH FOOD SAILS FOR SYRIA AND ARMENIA.

New York, Jan. 17.—The steamship Mercurius sailed for Asia Minor with food, clothing and medical supplies for the Armenians and Syrians. The cargo, valued at $1,250,000, is being sent by the American commission for relief in the Near East, having been purchased with a part of the $4,000,000 fund raised recently for this purpose.

The farmer can give you spades, even if he has no cards to hand out.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night and To-Morrow
January 17-18
Daily Matinee 2:30. Evenings 7:30
HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURES & POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Big "Metro" Feature HALE HAMILTON in
"$5,000 AN HOUR
2 Reel Comedy—British Gazette—Judge Brown Story
PERO AND WILSON—Vaudeville
Juggling and Barrel Spinning
Matinee 10c — Evening 15c

Chautauqua Lyceum Course
SECOND ATTRACTION
Hon. William Howard Taft
Next Thursday Evening, January 23d
Plan open to ticket holders Monday and Tuesday

STOP! LOOK! READ!

The death of our late Manager, Mr. Robert Routly, having disarranged the business, it is necessary, in

Order to Wind Up the Estate

To clear out our big $25,000.00 STOCK of first class Boots, Shoes and Rubbers within THIRTY DAYS!

Every Pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers Greatly Reduced in Price.

THIS is not a cheap stock, bought to sell at slaughter prices, but is the regular line of goods from our shelves, bought by our manager, and only circumstances compel us to turn this splendid stock into cash. Mr. Routly was one of the best boot and shoe buyers in Ontario. His motto was "Quality."

Anything on our shelves is good value at regular prices but at Cut Prices you cannot afford to miss this chance.

Red Seal Price Tickets Denote the Big Bargains

CITY FOOTWEAR CO. 174 CHARLOTTE STREET Opposite the White House

NOTE. All accounts due to the above firm must be paid by Feb. 10, after that date they will be placed in other hands for collection

If

First Agriculturist—"Hello, Cy. Gotcha going to raise this year?"
Second Farmer—"Prices, if the Government will let me."

A Hot Time

The row next door
Caused quite a stir.
She burned the steak
He roasted her.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Becoming somewhat colder with snow flurries.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 15 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

RUSSIAN BOLSHEVIK READY TO MAKE PEACE WITH ALLIES

Ask That Their Regime Be Respected and That Their Confiscation Policy Be Regarded as Lawful Measure.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 18.—Foreign Minister Litvinoff of the Russian Bolshevik Government, has made several proposals on behalf of the Soviet regime, through the medium of a friendly emissary, for the opening of peace negotiations with the Entente, according to the Evening Standard today. None of these propositions, however, have been substantial enough to receive serious consideration either in Paris or London. The main conditions of the Bolshevik are that their regime be maintained intact and that their confiscation of property and money be recognized as lawfully-enacted measures.

THE RIOTS IN BERLIN.
A recent mail from London brings photographs from Berlin showing incidents in the rioting in the German capital. This is the picture of a machine gun posted on the Degas Brunnen, whilst the Reds were attacking the Imperial stables.

ENTENTES WILL PRESENT AN UNBROKEN FRONT TO ENEMY

All Disputes to be Settled Before German Delegates Are Admitted to Peace Congress—Prospects Are Brighter.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 18.—On the assembling of the first full session of the Peace Congress today the prospects of the notable assemblage of statesmen making rapid progress with its work seem enhanced by the apparent defeat of Bolshevism in Germany, thus opening the way to stabilizing of the government and the prospect of its being able to send responsible representatives to the Peace Conference. The Congress is expected to devote itself single-mindedly to the creation of a league of nations, and the first steps towards the formation of that league, it is understood, will be taken today. All questions at issue, of whatever kind, will be settled before the enemy delegates arrive, the Allied minister recognizing the vital importance of presenting an unbroken front to the enemy.

PEACE CONGRESS CONVENES TODAY

SPLENDID RECEPTION ROOM HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR DELEGATES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 18.—All preparations had been completed early today for the holding of the first formal session of the Peace Congress, at 3 o'clock, this afternoon. Halle D'Horloge, now Rechristened the Halle De La Paix, and one of the most splendid reception rooms in Europe, had been placed in readiness for the delegation of the various nations as they entered to inaugurate the sittings of the full Congress, entire chambers having been rearranged for the special purpose to which it is now being put.

COST HIM $14.10

William Johnston Fined in Police Court.

William Johnston appeared in Police Court this morning charged with being drunk in a public place. He pleaded not guilty to the charge but Constable Wigg stepped into the box and told of how he had taken the accused into custody last night at 10.45 Simcoe street smelling strongly of when he was staggering west on liquor and showing every sign of being intoxicated.

Johnston stated that he had no questions to task the witness and had nothing further to say in the matter so the magistrate adjudged him guilty of the accusation and imposed a fine of $14.10 or the usual term in jail. The prisoner decided to part with the cash rather than become a guest of the county.

KEEP UP BLOCKADE.

London, Jan. 18.—The Admiralty has no immediate intention of relaxing its strict blockade against Germany, the Central News says it has learned.

FRENCH SENATOR IS EXONERATED

CHARLES HUMBERT IS PURGED OF CHANGE OF HIGH TREASON.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 18.—Investigations have established the falsity of the accusations made against Charles Humbert, who was charged with communicating to Germany the contents of two documents relative to national defense. Charles Humbert, member of the French Senate, and former editor of the Paris newspaper, Le Journal, became involved during the trial of Bolo Pasha, who was executed for treason, and the directors of the Germanophile newspaper, Bonnet Rouge. Revealtions during inquiry into Bolo Pasha case ed to the arrest of M. Humbert, in whose newspaper Bolo Pasha has bought an interest with money that came from the German foreign office through banking houses in New York.

CABLE FLASHES

Marshal Foch declares the Rhine should be the new boundary between France and Germany.

The Russian Bolshevik Government may negotiate with the Allies for peace and help in Russia.

The general Peace Conference will be open to the press, but the preliminary sessions will be secret.

Germany will hand over 58,000 farm machines of various kinds to Belgium and France.

A new British gun invented will destroy at ninety miles.

Lord French will tighten the law against the Sinn Feiners in Ireland.

Exports of domestic manufactured articles show a decrease of $84,008,824, the figures for 1917 being $522,963,430, and for 1918 $438,954,606.

Hamilton city council decided to ask the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission to take over and operate the radial lines.

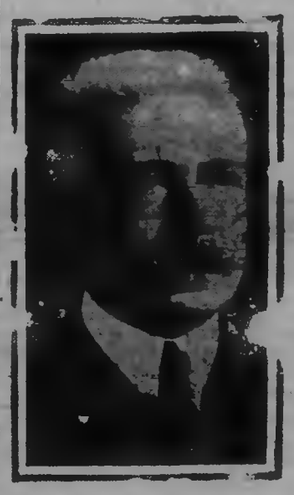
EX-KAISER NOW LOOKS LIKE A MAN SEVENTY YEARS OLD

Ill and Aging Fast—Guards Around Castle More Vigilant Than Ever Since Rumors That Attempt Would Be Made to Kidnap the Exile

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Holland, Jan. 18.—William Hohenzollern's illness which manifests itself principally in the form of chills, is being aggravated by his constant worriment, the effects of which are plainly visible in his features and his general physical condition. Former German Emperor ooksl to be perhaps fifteen years older than when he crossed the frontier of Holland. Although he is only about to complete his sixtieth year, his appearance suggests a man of seventy.

Guards around the castle are maintaining the strictest vigilance in consequence of revival of rumors that an attempt might be made to kidnapp the ex-Emperor. The ex-Emperor, who had always been acustomed to smoke a considerable number of cigarettes daily, has now become a greater consumer of tobacco than ever. His meals with his wife are of the simplest possible sort. The former Empress recently sent her Chamberlain to Amsterdam over the week-end to order a birthday present for her husband.



ITALY'S PREMIER.
Vittoria Orlando, Premier of Italy, whose Cabinet has resigned and who is prevented from attending the Peace Congress by the political crisis.

Anniversary Of George Street S. S.

Tomorrow, January 19, the George Street Church will hold their Sunday School anniversary. Rev. B. L. W. Harton of Waterloo, Ont., will be the speaker of the day. At 11 a.m. the school will attend in a body, and an object talk will be given by Mr. Harton.

In the afternoon an open session of the school will be held in the auditorium of the church, when an especially interesting talk will be given by Mr. Harton, and several special numbers will be rendered by the members of the school.

An orchestra under the leadership of Mr. W. H. Cunningham will assist in all the services of the day.

In the morning and evening the choir will be in their usual place. Members of the school are asked to assemble at 10:45 a.m. and 2:45 p.m. An interesting and helpful day is looked for, and an invitation is extended to all the friends of the school as well as to any strangers who may be in the city.

Trotzky's Brothers Flee From France

Geneva, Jan. 18.—The Swiss newspapers announce that two brothers of Leon Trotzky, the Russian Bolshevik Minister of War and Marine, who were interned in France, escaped into Switzerland near Delmont after shooting and wounding French soldier. The younger of the brothers has been arrested and is being interrogated.

Owing to a case of rabies, all dogs in Brantford are to be tied up.

The Alberta Liberal convention urges the immediate repeal of the War Time Elections Act.

The Olympic docked at Halifax, bringing 5,000 passengers, military and civilian.

Extend Armistice From Time To Time

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 18.—The agreement for the renewal of the German armistice signed by Marshal Foch, Admiral Browning and the German armistice commissioners on Thursday provided for the renewal of the armistice from time to time after the month for which the extension runs, until the conclusion of peace, subject to the approval of the Allied governments.

Roland Denne Is Again President

At the annual meeting of the Peterborough Industrial Exhibition, Roland Denne was re-elected president, W. J. Cox, first vice-president, and Mr. Albert Roberts second vice-president. Revs. Benj. Greslrix and Father C. J. Phelan were elected honorary directors and Mr W. R. Breyfagle was appointed a director.

FAUX IS FINED $500 AND COSTS

MAGISTRATE DUMBLE FINDS HIM GUILTY OF SELLING LIQUOR.

Judgment was given by Magistrate Dumble in the Faux case this morning when the prisoner was held to be guilty on the charge of selling liquor and was given the option of paying a fine of $500 and $14.10 costs or going to jail for 6 months.

Not having the necessary money Faux was forced to accept the latter alternative.

Mrs. Docker, of Dunn township, near Dunnville, raised two turkeys which together weighed 59 lbs. The gobbler weighed 40 lbs. while the hen weighed 19 lbs.

Liebnecht Shot In Cold Blood

FRIENDS ASSERT THAT HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 18.—The Independent Socialist at Berlin, asserts that Dr. Karl Liebknecht, who was shot and killedon Thursday, did not attempt to escape from the escort of troops, but was shot through the forehead at a few paces distance by the soldiers guarding him, according to Copenhagen dispatches. The Freiheit of Berlin is calling upon workers there to begin a general strike, it is reported.

HALF MILLION HUNS UNDER ARMS

TROUBLE LIKELY IF PREMIER EBERT LOSES CONTROL OF SITUATION.

London, Jan. 18.—There may be 500,000 German soldiers still under arms, according to estimates of military experts of the British army. The situation in Germany is very uncertain, however, and it may be that the men still with the German colors

Should Premier Ebert maintain the upper hand in Germany the men still held in the army would be freed, it is believed. On the other hand, it is pointed out, a Bolshevik triumph in Germany would result in a serious situation.

LIST OF TEAMS FOR RED SHIELD DRIVE NEXT WEEK

Two Bands of Workers Composed of Ladies —Opening Meeting in Grand Opera House Tomorrow.

The following are the teams that will carry on the campaign in the Salvation Army Drive which opens Monday:

Jos. Wearing, captain; Ross Bobbin, Jas. Hamilton, J. R. Corkery, F. D. Kerr, Reid Munroe, D. W. Lewis, (Mch Life); / E. Walton, (Lon. Life); Ward Patterson, Jas. Lewis.

V. J. McElderry, captain, J. E. Sullivan, Joseph Picard, H. J. McCannon. — Rutherford, H. Rush, F. Whitehouse, G. O. Cameron.

W. Stocker, Captain; W. Warne, B. D. Hall, W. Merrill, W. H. Collier.

Great War Veterans — Albert Steele, . Dalliday, J. Coppock, A. Naish, M. Johnson, M. Gibbs.

J. J. Turner, captain; Dr. Middleton, J. E. A. Fitzgerald, T. Haggis C. G. Graham, T. M. Minnicola, M Lyle. M. Comstock, G. O. Cameron W. W. Doan, H. W. Stock.

Mrs. J. H. Renwick, captain; Mesdames A. J. Thomas, Geo. Halson, C. H. Cheverell, F. W. Runnels, H. L. Reeve, E Bartlett, T. Wamsley, S. A. McKee, Thos R. Froome.

Mrs. W. R. Morris, Captain, Mesdames Jos. Sharpe, McNeely, S. T. Medd, Borridale.

G. N. Gordon, captain; J. F. Birnie (with R. R. Hall); B. D. Hall, M. J. Roche, George Ruth, Walter J. Oke, A. A. Fowwler, R. M. Glover, R. R. Parsons, John I. Allen, Wm. Davern, F. C. Cubbitt.

In addition there will be from two to four other teams the membership of which is being made up. These will be on duty for the drive on Monday.

NOTES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Headquarters for the Salvation Army drive will be at the Royal Bank during the three days of the canvas—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

Don't forget the meeting in the Opera House Sunday at 3 p.m. There will be a good program, most interesting and profitable. The band of the Army will make music. The band of songsters will sing. Short addresses will be given by Judge Hayeke, Capt. Widdifield, Adjt. McEthiney and Mr. Jos. Wearing. Altogether a very agreeable and helpful hour will be spent.

Special meeting of team captains, members and all intimately concerned in the work of the campaign will be held at the Patriotic Fund rooms tonight (Saturday) at eight o'clock. There are a number of loose ends to be tied up, matters to arrange, allotment of districts, and general completing of organization. It will not take long but is important.

A leaflet containing much interesting comment on the objects of the drive was distributed throughout the city, the committee being indebted to the kindness of the city newspapers which folded into the evening issue copies, and thus had the matter reach directly the homes of the city. In addition the papers have been most helpful and have placed at the disposal of the drive the franchise of the papers without money and without price. This access to publicity is characteristic of the Peterborough papers, and in this instance only adds to what they have done repeatedly during the war years.

ALD. TURNER FAVORS TAKING OVER THE STREET RAILWAY

So Expresses Himself in Letter to Colleagues in Council—Railway Committee Asks the Hydro Commission for Further Extensions

There was a meeting of the Railway Committee last night, at which Alderman Edgar, the chairman, Mayor Duncan and Aldermen Morrison, Taylor and Murray were present.

A letter was read from Ald. J. J. Turner explaining his inability to attend, suggesting that the Committee co-operate with a committee of the Board of Trade and expressing himself as favorable to the laborers of the street railway.

Upon motion of Aldermen Taylor and Morrison, the city clerk was instructed to write Mr. McTier, vice-president of the C.P.R., and inform him that the committee was desirous of meeting him regarding the train service to Montreal.

Street Railway Extension.

In connection with the question of development of the street railway system, the following resolution was submitted by Aldermen Taylor and Murray and carried:

That this committee recommend to the Council that the Hydro Electric Power Commission of Ontario be asked that the street railway be extended on Park from Albert to Landsdowne street, and on Lansdowne to Park street.

And to extend the line on the Monaghan Road, from Patterson street to Chamberlain street.

And also extend the railway on McDonnel street from Park street to Downie, on Downie to Smith and by way of Smith and Read streets and Aberdeen avenue to Benson avenue.

That the commission be urged to complete the work as the extensions in the southern part of the city as early in date in the spring as possible.

REMOVE BAN ON FLOUR MAKING

DEPUTATION OF MILLERS HAVE INTERVIEW WITH CABINET AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 18—The removal of all restrictions on the manufacture of flour in Canada will be urged on the Government by a deputation which will wait on the Cabinet. The United States has raised restrictions of the manufacture of flour in the republic, and it is claimed that if Canada is to hold its export trade similar action will immediately have to be taken by the Dominion.

In both countries there were standard flours set and arrangements were made for export. The understanding was that Canadian millers should largely supply Newfoundland and the West Indies, and the American manufacturers the Scandinavian countries. This was over and above the demands of the allies. With pre-war standard again adopted, it is feared that the American mills might oust Canada from its premier position as an exporter to Newfoundland and the West Indies.

The raising of the restrictions would likely also compel a removal of the present fixed profit of 25 cents per barrel.

NEWS IN BRIEF

The six-year-old son of Jas. Lovegrove of Windsor was run over by an automobile and died soon after of his injuries.

For the nine months of the fiscal year the total of Canadian trade was $1,676,066,825, while in 1917 it amounted to $2,055,412,011.

Col. Robert S. Low, builder of Camps Borden and Valcartier and rebuilder of Halifax, is dead from blood-poisoning following an operation.

Decrease in domestic merchandise exported for the nine months, when compared with a similar period last year, total over $10,000,000.

Stratford board of health decided to prohibit public dances from Monday next on account of the flu.

The war savings and thrift stamps are hereafter to be printed in French as well as in English.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-168 Hunter Street.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1883, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

A. H. STRATTON, President and General Manager. E. A. PECK, ex-M.L.A.; T. F. MATTHEWS and JAMES LYDON.

TELEPHONES:

Business Dept ... 139. Editorial ... 435.
Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 221.

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

THE BOARD OF TRADE, as some appear to imagine, is not a merely local body of men banded together for a certain purpose of for self-protection either in business or in politics, but is on organization that holds a charter from the Dominion Government. The powers that are conferred upon the Board will probably be a surprise to all who have never read the articles of incorporation.

Any number of persons not less than thirty who are merchants, traders, brokers, mechanics, manufacturers, managers of banks, or insurance agents, and who are residents of any district which has a population of not less than two thousand five hundred, may associate themselves together as a Board of Trade and appoint a secretary.

Lawyers, doctors, editors and other professional men are not enumerated among those who are entitled to membership, but all such can be elected members by a majority vote.

Any Board of Trade is entitled to select twelve of its members to form a board of arbitration, and these shall have power to arbitrate upon and make their award in any commercial case or difference which is voluntarily referred to them by the parties interested, the decision of the arbitrators in all such matters to be binding.

Disputes between capital and labor can be disposed of in the same way. Since these articles of incorporation were issued, the Industrial Disputes Act providing for the settlement of labor disputes has been placed in the statute books, but the powers conferred upon the Board of Trade have never been abrogated, and so could be exercised today if the necessity arose. Many a local dispute, either as to business or labor, could be settled by these means, without expense to either party and without the exasperating delay which so often results when more official methods for a settlement are adopted.

Every member of such boards of arbitration, before he acts in this capacity, is required to take a solemn oath to perform his duty faithfully and to render a verdict in accordance with the evidence submitted.

Any three of the arbitrators selected by a Board of Trade shall constitute a quorum and shall have full power to examine upon oath, which any one of the arbitrators shall have power to administer, any party or witness who, appearing before them, is so examined, and shall give their award in writing. The decision of the three arbitrators, or any two of them, shall be binding upon the parties, according to the terms of submission and the provisions of the Act.

The council of a Board of Trade, composed of the president, vice-president, secretary and not less than eight other members, may appoint five persons to constitute a board of examiners, to examine applicants for the office of inspector of flour and meal or of any other article subject to inspection. In this case, too, special officers for making such inspections have been appointed by the Government, but as in the case of labor disputes, the powers of the Board of Trade in this instance have not been abolished.

The Board of Trade and the Trades Council in any community should for their several interests work in harmony. Members of one body are eligible for membership in the other, and such a condition exists in this city today. At the last election the Trades Council put up four and the Board of Trade two of their members for aldermen, and all six were elected. There can be no occasion for anything like jealousy, as has been intimated, arising out of such a result.

The Board of Trade, holding such powers as it does under its articles of incorporation, can be made a powerful organization in any community. It is difficult, however, to maintain an organization without adequate funds, and the membership fee of $2 a year is scarcely sufficient for the purpose intended. There has been some talk of increasing the fee, and the rate charged in other cities is being ascertained, but no definite amount has been agreed upon. If the membership fee is $40 or even $25 in other places, that is no reason to conclude that there is any intention of increasing the charge to anything like either amount in Peterborough.

No Board of Trade can be made a genuine success without a permanent secretary on duty all the time and who will be in communication with all industries who are seeking a change of location or with companies that purpose to take up a new line. Such work will not conflict with that of the manufacturers' committee of the City Council, but the committee and the Board of Trade should co-operate. Two members of the latter are appointed on the committee every year.

It is a matter of general regret that this city is never fairly represented in the newspapers outside Peterborough. That some commercial travellers have stated, seldom figures in the large dailies in Toronto, and local activities are not properly advertised. To affect a desirable change in this particular will be one of the matters taken up by the Board of Trade. Nothing pays like advertising. The name of Peterborough, if the city is to prosper, must be kept before the public.

WHERE PROHIBITION WILL PROHIBIT.

THE FEDERAL legislation that is necessary to make the United States bone dry following the ratification of the amendment to the Constitution, will be enacted at the present session of Congress. A number of states are yet to vote on the amendment, but this cannot affect the result, as the necessary three-quarters, or thirty-six states, have already passed favorably upon it. The lawmakers of the United States believe that no such radical measure as a prohibition law should be passed with a heavy majority behind it. It required a two-third vote to put the amendment before the people, and the endorsation of three-fourths of the states was necessary to ratify it. The late Sir James Whitney recognized the same principle in his local option legislation.

Now that the principle of prohibition is incorporated in the Federal Constitution of the United States, that law is permanent. The temperance question is taken out of politics for all time, and it can no longer be made the sport of any party. And the law will be enforced. There may in some instances be laxity in the administration of laws in the various states, due to political jugglery, but the Federal authorities are always jealous of their prerogatives, and they will enforce all their enactments to the letter. The officials charged with enforcing the United States congressional enactments never sleep, but are on the work in relays night and day.

From present indications there are not likely to be incongruities in the Federal temperance law. It will affect all classes alike, and the rich will under its operation enjoy no privileges which are denied to the poor simply on account of their lack of means. No man will be legally entitled to turn his cellar into a liquor storehouse. If it is illegal to manufacture whisky except for certain purposes, if it is a punishable offence either to buy or sell it, then it will be against the law for any citizen to have it in his possession, whether he keep it in his private residence, in his garage or his woodshed. Whisky will be outlawed, just as it has been for years in some of the states of the Union. None can have property rights in it. The same law that protects a man's right to hold property can be suspended in any case, and the article so affected cannot be retained in lawful possession under any circumstances. With whisky outlawed, if one resident has a supply on hand contrary to the statutes, and a neighbor appropriates his stock, then the former will have no legal redress. Such a thing as the theft of intoxicating liquor will no longer figure in the law courts.

Once prohibition is made a Federal enactment, it becomes a fixture. The temperance question cannot either openly or covertly be made an issue in the elections of the future, either civic, state or federal, and the citizens of the United States will for all future time be spared this annoyance. To repeal such a law once it is enacted would require the operation of constitutional machinery that no party would care to set in motion.

It must be admitted that in the United States, democratic as are the people of that country, the temperance element have been more active and more successful than the same class of reformers in any civilized country in the world. Drunkenness, too, has been less of a national vice among the Americans than in the countries of Europe. For the past thirty years or more the temperance movement has been gathering headway in the United States. No newspaper of repute, no politician of note, and no political party has ever openly espoused the cause of liquor. The Republicans, however, have always been recognized as the temperance party.

The liquor interest dies hard. Backed up by almost unlimited financial resources, the distillers and brewers of the United States are fighting the new prohibitory amendment at every stage, seizing on every technical point upon which they can bring a case, but so far without avail. The state and federal courts are deciding against them in every instance.

The liquor traffic is doomed, and Canadians will not be slow to read a lesson from recent events across the border. The same spirit of reform that has swept over one country will prevail in the other.

PROCEEDINGS IN CAMERA.

IT SEEMS that one of the first serious questions to be decided by the delegates to the Peace Conference is whether the press representatives are to be allowed to attend. So far, the majority appears to be in favor of open sessions.

If it is true, as charged, that war plots have been hatched by diplomats whose proceedings have been shrouded in secrecy, and if secret diplomacy is to be abolished for all time, would it not be well to begin by introducing this innovation at a conference of the powers that, it is hoped, is to end war for all time to come?

The entire world is interested in the business of the Peace Conference. If the press representatives are barred, these enterprising purveyors of news will get their information second hand, and the result will be a vast store of misleading reports to the public. It is not sufficient that the bare results of the deliberations be published. The people are especially interested in the manner in which the smaller nations are to be treated by their larger confreres. The debates of the delegates will make excellent newspaper material, and the public is entitled to all the facts. If the papers are allowed representatives in the congress, the world will be given the truth, and it is the truth that is wanted, not rumors or fabrications. Secrecy has so far resulted in reports published today only to be contradicted tomorrow, until the readers of newspapers are at a loss to form any adequate idea of actual conditions.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

TALKING OF desirable immigration, there are the Canadian troops reaching this country by the transport load.

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SIR WILFRID LAURIER invites the Liberal prodigals to return, but there is no fatted calf in the old home stable.

• • • • •

THE WINTER may yet be severe, but there is occasion for thankfulness in the fact that it cannot be a long one.

• • • • •

BOLSHEVISM, it seems, like many another social disease, will eventually exhaust itself through its very virulence.

• • • • •

THE MAN OR WOMAN who had the foresight to invest in Victory bonds can now sit quietly and watch them climb in value.

• • • • •

IF THE HAMILTON police have really landed a murderer at last, he will probably be kept in a museum instead of in an ordinary jail.

• • • • •

IS PETERBOROUGH at last to get a chance to get in on the good roads movement, not according to local but rather to the plan already generally adopted?

EVANGELIST KENNEDY IS WAKING SINNERS IN TWEED

Revival Services Still in Progress—Some of the Epigrams That Mr. Kennedy Uses in His Discourses.

Evangelist H. D. Kennedy, was well known in this city has been for the past two weeks conducting revival services in Tweed and the News of that place reproduces the following epigrams which he has used in his discourses.

On Sunday morning he will preach on "The Heart of the Gospel." This is said by many to be his best sermon and in several places he has given it a second time during a campaign, at the request of the people. On Sunday at 3.15 after a short session of the Sunday School will be held the most attractive meeting of the series Don't miss it, it is called the "Beckoning Hands Service." Sunday night the theme is the "Handwriting on the wall."

Meetings will continue each night next week. Everybody is welcome.

Sparks From Kennedy's Anvil.

It takes twice as much brains to keep your mouth shut as to talk.

People eloquent in gossip, are always dumb in prayer and testimony meeting.

It is the empty wagon that makes the most wheel that groans the most

It is a poor compliment to any man to have slander poured into his ears, supposing that he would enjoy it.

Where there is no listener the fire goes out.

The tongue is the last thing a man gives to Christ.

Ask the talebearer if the accused one has already been spoken to. Put yourself in his place and act as you want him to act under similar circumstances.

When angry with another write a letter to him, put it away over night then read it—and you won't send it.

When discussing the tongue you have people differ as to the right mode of baptism. What we need is a baptized tongue.

The first thing the doctor wants to see is your tongue, evidently it has something to do with your health as well as your conduct.

A man is pretty low down when he will swear.

If your wife swore you would be whining for a divorce.

The tongue was God's blessing to man but man has made it a curse. God broke man's ambition at Babel by touching the tongue and when he is making man at Pentecost.

God gave man a tongue that he might express the adoration of his innermost soul in worship and the needs of his heart in prayer.

Lying is hearing false witness, whether it is acting a lie or exaggerating the truth.

There are no taxes in heaven, hence no liars there.

Death is not always a cure for lying, sometimes it breaks out on the tombstone.

If the tomestones were reliable the devil would be out of a job.

Some funeral sermons are enough to make the devil laugh and the dust sit up.

It is said "a lie is an abomination in the sight of God, but a very present help in trouble." The trouble with that is, it takes six lies to back up the one told.

A lie is like a cat, it will come back and bring a litter with it.

The boy was right who said: "I will not lie for fifty dollars, for after the money is gone the lie will stick.

Misrepresenting is lying and keeping still when you ought to speak is lying.

When a mother says "Willie if I catch you—will whip you—will skin you alive, she is lying and he knows it.

Some people would get along a heap better if they would keep their mouth shut.

A critical church sister once asked her pastor why his nose was so long. "I just keep it out of other people's business and let it grow," was the reply.

A lot of people criticise revival meetings the first week and vow they will stay at home, but when the thing begins to go they get on the band wagon and say "We killed the bear."

I once knew a man who was a great success just because he minded his own business. Would brother fault-finder and sister go-tell-it-all take the hint?

If you wake up in the middle of the night and find your mouth open, you ought to get right up and shut it.

If a man thinketh himself to be religious and is not happy, he deceiveth himself.

If a man thinketh himself to be something when he is nothing he deceiveth himself. He does not deceive anyone else any more than the woman who painteth her face. There is in each case only one person fooled.

Some parents never have family prayer because their children know them too well.

A man must abandon his sin or lose in his prayer.

When the prodigal came home he left all the pigs in the far country. Some folks now always bring one little pig with them, a little darling sin, and when the evangelist hits it the dear little thing squeals and the owner gets vexed.

There is no promise in the Bible for the man who continues to sin.

Some people are worse than Judas—they sell their Master for less than thirty pieces of silver—for the sake of indulging in some habit, appetite, or lust.

The only way to move some things when housecleaning is to get them edgewise, and the only way to get some converted is to get them angry.

You never put courtplaster on until after you get wounded.

When some worldly church members go to heaven, they should take their summer clothes with them—they may need them where they have to go.

Every one not born again is going to join the rich man in hell.

There is a Christ for every sinner out of hell and a hell for every sinner out of Christ.

God says your righteousnesses are filthy rags. If that is true, what about unrighteousness?

The biggest little devil in Ontario is the cigarette. Shun it, boys, as you would a serpent.

Not a Bite of Breakfast Until You Drink Water

Says a glass of hot water and phosphate prevents illness and keeps us fit.

Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incombustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated from the system each day, becomes food for the millions bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste, toxins and ptomain-like poisons are formed and sucked into the blood.

Menand women who can't get feeling right must begin to take inside baths. Before eating breakfast each morning drink a glass of real hot water with a tablespoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash out of the thirty feet of bowels the previous day's accumulation of poisons and toxins and to keep the entire alimentary canal clean, pure and fresh.

Those who are subject to sick headache, colds, biliousness, constipation, others who wake up with bad taste, foul breath, backache, rheumatic stiffness, or have a sour, gassy stomach after meals, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store and begin practicing internal sanitation This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on the subject.

Remember that inside bathing is more important than outside bathing because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing poor health, while the bowel pores do. Just as soap and hot water cleanses sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says money honestly earned is the only kind really worth having and she doesn't see how anybody can not bear to have a gross income.

The six-year-old son of James Lovegrove Windsor, was run over by an automobile and died soon after his injuries.

A movement is on foot in Jamaica to make Kingston a free port.

Siam is to have two representatives at the Peace Congress. This is due to her active participation in the war.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and my cuzzin Artie made it up to wawk out to the park last Satidday morning, and I asked ma if she would rapp us up some lunteh, and she sed. These socks haff to be darned, its a hole days work, how you do it is a mistery to me. Tell Nora wat you wunt, she'll fix it up for you.

And me and Artie started to rite down a list of wat we wunted, me saying, How about hard boiled eggs, do you think 6 apeece will be enuff?

G, I could eat 6 hard boiled eggs with one hand, sed Artie, and I sed, All rite, Ill put down 12-apeece. Wich I did, writing, Hard boiled eggs, 24.

How meny sandwiches do you think? sed Artie, and I sed, O, I guess I could eat 7.

I could eat 10, sed Artie, and I sed, Maybe I could, too. And I rote down, Sanwitches, 21. The exter one being for good luck in case of emergentcy. And then we each sed how much froot we thawt we could eat, the result being I rote down. Froot, appels, 12, orindges 6, bannannas, 14. And I took the list down in the kitchin and gave it to Nora, saying, Ma sed to rapp these up for luntch to take to the park.

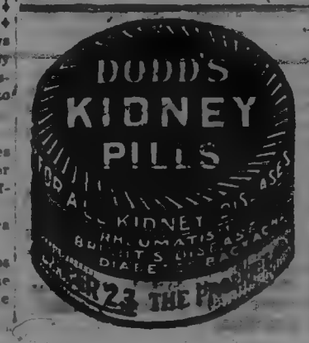
Wich Nora looked at it, saying, I put me foot down, I wont do it, I do 3 gerls werk erround heer already without asking me to put up luntch for a army. How meny kids is this for?

Me and Artie the only 1, I sed.

Well Ill be beet with sticks, how meny meels are you going to make out of it sed Nora.

One, I sed.

You googly eyed pigs, sed Nora. And she rapped up 3 sanwitches and 4 appels and 4 hard boiled eggs, and me and Artie had so much to eat that we each left a half of a sandwitch for the berds, ony they mite not of liked it mutch on account of mustard.



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I was a terrible sufferer from *Dyspepsia*—had suffered for years; and nothing I took did me any good.

I read about 'Fruit-a-tives'; and tried them. *After taking a few boxes, I am now entirely well.* You have my permission to publish this letter, as I hope it will persuade other sufferers from Dyspepsia to take 'Fruit-a-tives' and get well".

MADAME ROSINA FOISIZ.

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To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild laxative that will keep the little ones stomach and bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy and good-natured. The tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Address of the General Manager at the Annual Meeting of the Bank.

The address of Sir John Aird, General Manager of The Canadian Bank of Commerce, at the annual meeting of the shareholders of that Bank held on 4th instant, will be interesting to our readers. Not only does it deal at length with the business of the Bank during the past year, which has been a most successful one for the institution, but it indicates the view taken of Canada's prospects by one of her leading bankers. Sir John said:—

For the first time since January, 1914, we meet without the sinister shadow of the great war upon us. Difficult as is the outlook before many of the warring nations and perplexing as are the problems for which a solution has to be found before a satisfactory peace can be concluded, hostilities have ceased and cannot be renewed on the same colossal scale. We rejoice that the sacrifice of life has come to an end and that those members of our staff at the front who have survived the conflict, and others who are near and dear to many of us, can now look forward with assurance to the welcome that awaits them at their home-coming. The past year has been pleasurably marked by the jubilee of both our President and Vice-President in their respective callings. We have, therefore, many reasons for a feeling of jubilation on this occasion, and this is added to by the excellence of the statement which we have pleasure in presenting to you.

An Excellent Statement.

The earnings of the Bank have been good, and the profits have again reached a new high level, amounting to $2,850,000, or $212,000 more than a year ago. We confess to a feeling of pride that we have been able to maintain the premier place among Canadian banks in this, to you, important item. Notwithstanding the apparent size of the figures, however, it must not be forgotten that the rate of earnings of this Bank, as of Canadian banks in general, is steadily decreasing, when measured by the services rendered and the extent of the effort put forth by our staff. On the average of our total assets during the year we have earned only 7-10ths of one per cent., as compared with 1.27 per cent. in 1913, the last year prior to the war, and 1.37 per cent. ten years ago.

Increased Service.

The main causes of this, as I have pointed out in previous years, are on the one hand, the enormous increase in the volume of those banking services which are performed for the public without remuneration, and the fact that banking is one of the few businesses in which charges are sometimes lowered, but seldom increased, in spite of the general increase in the cost of everything else; and on the other, the [illegible] to enable our men to meet the great increase in the cost of living. It must not be forgotten that salaries and wages constitute the most formidable item of expense in the budget of a bank, and it will readily be understood that the responsibilities and the difficulties of dealing fairly with the members of our staff, in view of the high level of the cost of living, are not small.

Depreciation Unnecessary.

As unusual item in our Profit and Loss account this year, which affords us much gratification, is the recovery of the appropriation of $1,000,000 set aside in the year 1915 to provide for the depreciation of securities. We then expressed the hope of saving this, or at least a part of it, at the end of the war, and it is a source of satisfaction to find our prediction fulfilled.

On the other side of the account, our disbursements in the way of dividends are bonuses to shareholders, and the amounts required to pay the special war tax on bank note circulation and for the Officers' Pension Fund, are the same as a year ago. Subscriptions to various funds of a patriotic nature, almost all of them the direct outcome of the war, have called for $102,550.

A War Memorial.

We have set aside $100,000 to defray the cost of a memorial we propose to raise in honour of the officers of the Bank who served in the great war, and for the cost of the history of the Bank to which I referred a year ago. The form of the memorial is not yet decided, but it will probably take shape when we come to erect a new buiding on our site here, an undertaking which cannot long be delayed if the natural development of the business of the Bank is not to be hindered by cramped and unsuitable quarters. After doing all this, we have been able to transfer $1,500,000 to Rest account, which thus becomes equal to the paid-up capital, a goal which we have aimed to reach for many a day, but which has called for long years of tireless striving, before we could consider it as fairly won. We might perhaps have made a better showing on the surface and have seemed to reach our goal in a shorter period of time, but our wish has been to build surely and carefully upon a firm foundation, and in the meantime to provide beyond peradventure for every weak spot in our loans and securities. We carry forward into the new financial year an undivided balance of profits amounting to $1,446,842, or $112,000 more than a year ago.

Note Circulation.

Turning now to the General Statement, the first item of our liabilities is notes in circulation. These amount to the very large sum of $1,583,000, or $7,588,000 more than a year ago. This increase is not far from double the large increase reported last year, but we think that the reasons advanced for it then still hold good, although it is possible that in addition there may be a certain amount of hoarding by a class of munition workers who adhere to old habits, and hide their savings rather than entrust them to the care of a bank. If so, this cause should soon cease to operate, and we shall watch with much interest the course of the note circulation during the next few months, in which the greatest amount of contraction always takes [illegible] year.

Increased Deposits.

The increase in our total deposits is $76,733,000, or 27.7 per cent., and the greater part of this is under the headline of deposits not bearing interest, which account for $64,552,000. Deposits bearing interest show an increase of $12,181,000, an amount which would have been much greater had it not been for the Victory Loan of 1918. If we turn to the monthly statements to the Government we shal find that deposits payable after notice dropped $18,853,000 during November, which is solely due to the Victory Loan. On the other hand, it must be remembered that under the arrangements made by the Government for the deposit of the proceeds of the Victory Loan with the banks from which the money was withdrawn, a large part of this money is still at the credit of the Dominion Government, subject to its requirements.

How to Save.

Once again the Minister of Finance and the organization which controlled the Victory Loan campaigns have won an outstanding success. The Victory Loan of 1918 was over-subscribed many times, and without the use of any compulsion save the mere breath of public opinion, the Government has been provided with more than the sum which it required. Let, as I pointed out last year, the lesson in how to save, so strongly impressed upon the community by these campaigns, in their great result from the national point of view. Who may venture to predict what the knowledge thus required of how to invest savings wisely may mean to Canada in the years to come? Except for the increase in the productive capacity of the country, this is perhaps the greatest material benefit derived from the war. Alongside it the loss of a few millions of deposits to individual banks is a very small matter, which, if the lesson, is thoroughly learnt, will require only a short period of time to remedy itself.

Bank Helped Loan.

Our efforts to assist the Minister of Finance in obtaining subscriptions to the Loan have resulted in our securing through this bank the large sum of $105,543,000, represented by 150,773 individual subscriptions. This amount included $100,000,000 of new money and represents 15 per cent. of the total. It is gratifying to know that we have far exceeded the proportion which might be reasonably expected from us. This result has not been obtained without very strenuous effort on the part of our staff, and also the money by the Bank. Unfortunately the heavy task came upon our staff just at the moment when their ranks were depleted by the ravages of influenza. In connection with this, as well as previous loans, we shall also be required to perform for the Government special services, such as the payment of coupons and interest during the term of the loans, the last of which does not mature until the year 1937. The Canadian banks were also called upon during the year to assist in the Dominion Government financing to a large amount, and we assumed our full share of these advances. In addition, we participated in a loan of $100,000,000 to the Imperial Government against Treasury Bills and renewed the advances made against similar security to the Imperial Munitions Board.

Finance Food Supplies.

Acceptances under Letters of Credit offset in our balance sheet by the corresponding liability of our customers which apnears among the assets, show a large increase, represented by advances in Canada and the United States, secured in nearly every case by food supplies purchased for account of the Allies. Cash on hand, consisting of gold and silver coin and Dominion notes amounts to $61,971,000, as compared wth $54,652,000 a year ago, an increase of $7,319,000, while we had $17,500,000 in the Central Gold Reserves, to provide cover for our excess note circulation. Our total holdings of gold and silver coin—principally gold, but including the necessary silver for the till of the branches—are slightly lower than a year ago. We hold, however, a much larger amount in Canada, in the carrying out of the views I expressed last year in referring to this subject.

Maintain Gold Standard.

This was not accomplished without difficulty, owing to the embargo placed on exports of gold by the United States Government and to the demands of that Government; and the effort to increase our holdings has been further hampered by the decline in the output of the Canadian mines caused by the present high cost of production. It is gratifying to find a substantial agreement with our views on this subject in the report of the Imperial "Committee on Currency and Foreign Exchanges after the war," of which Lord Cunliffe, Governor of the Bank of England, was Chairmn. In its first interim report this committee has emphasized the imperative need that the god standard should be effectively maintained in Great Britain, and that the necessary measures to this end should be taken without delay. Similar measures are being urged in the United States by a not uninfluential section of the press, and it is disquieting to hear a discordant note sounded in certain influential financial circles in this country. We think that the Government could well afford to pay a small royalty to encourage an increase in the production of the gold mines of Canada. The conditions of the last two years have very adversely affected the mining of gold, especially as compared with silver, and in the interests of the country we believe that the Government should seriously consider some plan for placing this industry on a profitable footing.

Large Volume of Transaction.

The next item of the assets, consisting of notes and cheques and balances due by other banks, shows an increase of $3,830,000, almost all of which is made up of larger holdings of cheques on other banks, which constitute the daily exchanges. This increase is due solely to an increased volume of current banking transactions. Securities of various kinds have increased $16,183,000, represented principally by larger holdings of British and Canadian Government securities. On the other hand, railway nd miscellaneous securities have decreased slightly. Call and short loans show an increase of $8,324,000, of which the greater part is in loans outside Canada, and immediately available assets are $35,682,000 greater, standing at about 50 per cent. of our libilities to the public. Commercial oans show an increase of $52,621,000, nearly all of which is lent in Canada. While there is no doubt a good deal of activity in such manufacturing as can be carried on under the circumstances of the past few months, a large part of this increase is due to high prices and to delay in realizing on our wheat and other produce, which has been reserved by the Government. The delay in this connection, while no doubt largely inevitable under existing conditions, has a prejudicial effect on those immediately concerned. With the passing of the era of high prices, especially those of farm produce, and a return of wages to a more normal level than that of munition-making, we must expect to see decreases in the volume of both our loans and deposits. Indeed, it will not be surprising if the figures of the present balance sheet are not exceeded for several years to come.

Total assets have increased $95,935,000, and now amount to the very large sum of $440,310,000. This increase is 27.8 per cent. over the figures of last year, a remarkable showing when it is [illegible] time in the opening of new branches; and that we have not taken over the business of any other bank.

Reinstate Returned Men.

With regard to the staff, it is our desire to reinstate all officers who wish to come back to our service from military duty, and at the same time to avoid any hardship which might be created by dispensing with the services of the members of the temporary staff, who have filled the branch so acceptably during the past four years.

With sorrow we record the death in action of eighty-five additional members of our staff during the past year, making a total of 226 who have been killed in action, or have died of wounds, since the outbreak of the war. The number of wounded men reported to us has now reached 294; 7 are still recorded as missing and 23 as in the prison camps. Under the terms of the armistice we trust that these prisoners have now been successful in reaching allied or neutral countries.

Increase Export Trade.

A year ago I urged the importance to Canada of stimulating the production and export of food, the need of organization for the purpose, and the attractiveness of the outlook for this branch of commerce. The ending of the war has in no wise dimmed the prospect. The last number of the Agricultural Gazette, the official publication of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, contains an appeal from the Dominion Government along similar lines, and particularly emphasizes the bright prospects of the meat export trade. Speaking of the outlook before this country now that the war has ended, the Minister of Finance, Sir Thomas White, writes: "There would seem no reason to apprehend any failure of markets for all the food that Canada can produce. Our grain, ive stock, and their products, with those of our fisheries, shoud all be in keen demand at high prices.... Increase in our agricultural production will not only help to furnish food for a hungry Europe, but will be a chief factor in maintaining our favourable international trade balance as well." All countries are seeking to increase their export trade; all are hoping to be sellers and to limit their purchases. Under such conditions, the successful ones will be those which have special advantages for a certain line of production and which can find a market in any country better fitted than Canada for the production of food, or any branch of commerce in which an ample market is more assured

Some Spending.

Any number of plans are afloat for the carrying on of large public works after the war. These are advocated on all sides in the hope that the era of free spending may tide over that of falling prices. Few of the promoters, however, appear to have considered where the money is to come from. By all means let a wise and statesmanlike view of the matter prevail, and all public works be undertaken which are in the best interests of the community, having regard to all aspects of the question. But let it not be forgotten hat such works have to be paid for sooner or later out of the taxes, and the hope of every citizen at the present moment, I may safely say, is to see his tax bills reduced rather than largely increased. Even public borrowing cannot indefinitely postpone the evil day of payment.

Reconstruct With Savings.

Some of our municipalities are already hampered by the load of debt incurred in former eras of prosperity and no one would advocate any considerable increase at t his time in the national debt of the Dominion. The safe course is wisely set out in the Cunliffe report, to which I have already referred. After speaking of the pressure that is sure to be brought to bear upon the state for capital expenditure in many forms for reconstruction purposes, it points out that all money expended on reconstruction work should come out of savings and not be obtained by the creation of new credit. The burden of prevailing high interest rates in the case of such works has also to be considered, and although the outlook as to the value of money after the war is uncertain, it seems probable that current rates in England are held below the natural level at present by war-time regulations, and that when these restrictions are removed, rates may tend upward rather than downward. It is clear that the importance of saving and economy in personal expenditures as a public duty will not be lessened by the ending of the war, but, if possible, increased.

It is interesting to note that the London Statist is of the opinion that after the war Canada will prove more attractive to emigrants than the United tSates and that thus the drain upon the manpower of this country made by the war will be more than remedied.

The Future.

As to the future we feel that we can look forward with quiet confidence. The multifarious restrictions which have necessarily been placed on business during the war will doubtless disappear before long, and they should be removed by the Government as speedily as possible. This will aid in lessening unemployment at home, and enable our experters to resume their operations in other countries before the field is occupied. Attention should also be given to the prompt settlement of all outstanding contracts and obligations of the Government, and to the claims arising out of the cancellations of contracts. These are sometimes allowed to drag, causing great injustice to individuals and corporations, and preventing them from resuming their accustomed place in the peace activities of the nation. By prompt attention of such matters the Government can assist materially in the restoration of a normal state of affairs in the business world. We have been fortunate in this country in that our participation in the war has not involved material damage at home. Our efforts have entailed no exhaustion on our part, and while the problems before us are many and difficult, we believe that a satisfactory solution will be found for all of them.

BRINGING WOMEN FROM OVERSEAS

DEPENDENTS OF SOLDIERS TO GET FREE TRIP TO CANADA.

Realizing that the first step in getting the soldier back into civilian life is the re-establishing of his home in Canada. The Dominion Government is completing plans by which nearly 55,000 women and children, dependents of Canadian soldiers living in England and France, will be brought back, at the Government's expense.

As already announced, the Canadian Patriotic Fund is co-operating with the Repatriation Committee at Ottawa, and will give great assistance in the work.

The Young Women's Christian Association will have a representative on every boat that carries 200 women. Every boat is met at Halifax or St. John by a Committee representing all the women's organizations, which locates women's baggage, takes care of the babies and takes the women and children to a comfortable rest room. Cots and baths are provided there for the children, hot lunches can be secured, and if necessary, overnight accommodation can be arranged. Women who are too sick to continue their journey are taken to the local hospitals and only those without money receive assistance from the Patriotic Fund. These organizations also secure railroad tickets for the women, get their money changed and accompany every woman to her train.

On every train upon which women and children travel is a Red Cross nurse, who carries first aid supplies and an emergency supply of money. These nurses have been enrolled by the Canadian Nurses Association. The nurse sends information to the Patriotic Fund at each dispersal station, giving the number of women who will alight from the train and the number in need of assistance.

At each dispersal station the women and children are met by a Reception Committee, organized in most cases by the Patriotic Fund. Relatives are being urged to meet the trains. At Toronto and Montreal special canteens and rest rooms have been opened. There are hotels also at Toronto and Winnipeg.

The Provincial Women's Organization through their local societies make every endeavor to keep in touch with the returned dependents of Canadian soldiers. In fact, every voluntary organization in Canada has agreed to co-operate and nothing will be left undone that will make for the comfort and convenience of the women and children soon to come to Canada—many of them for the first time.

WILHEIM WRITES

(By Walt Mason.)

All day the exile sits and writes, and pauses not for food or drink; his pen goes on through weary night; a boy is kept busy packing ink. What occupies your gray goose quill? What sort of themes do you select? What are you writing, Exile Bill—what gems of thought may we expect? I hope you won't attempt free verse; that sort of stuff is stale and dead, and it would bring an added curse to rest upon your jaded head. What write you when the night wind wails, and when the tempest booms and groans? Perhaps some little bedtime tales concerning blood and dead men's bones. How fine 'twill be if Bill devotes his genius to this sort of work! Kids need some spicy anecdotes of murders done by Teut and Turk. They're tired of rabbit, fox and owl, of animals that talk and weep; they want to hear of murders fould before they close their eyes in sleep. What kind of stuff do you produce, oh, Wilhelm, writing all the time? A version new of Mother Goose, with morals tacked to every rhyme? Perhaps you're writing household hints for busy wives who wish to know just how to get the proper tints, when dyeing rags of years ago. Write on, until your hand is lame, the sparkling ink will be supplied, and writing is a harmless game—the only one you ever tried.

In a Bad Way.

Germany," said Representative Ireland, of Illionois, "is in a bad way. Let her turn where she will, she can find no consolation.

"Germany reminds me of Smith."

"'Don't mope, Smith, old man,'" said an optimist. 'Cheer up. Look on the bright side of things.'"

"Which is the bright side," said Smith, "of a bad headache?"

If women had their way, no man would have his.

The History of Gin as a Curative Agent

Before Gin Pills were available, gin seemed to be the popular remedy for backache, pains in the groins, swelling of the joints and ankles, lumbago, sciatica and other troubles arising from deranged kidney action; but when Gin Pills were placed on the market containing the curative agent of gin—without the alcohol, people realized that the benefits of the old remedy were purely temporary and that permanent relief would be found only by using the new.

The success of Gin Pills is the best testimonial to the value of this medicine, but for those who prefer more direct testimony we have hundreds of letters on file from people who owe their return to health entirely to taking Gin Pills.

The function of the kidneys is to remove the impurities and poisons gathered by the blood. When the kidneys fail to act, these poisons remain in the blood stream, and are circulated through the system until they settle in muscles and joints and there set up infection. You can readily understand, then, the danger of allowing the kidneys to become deranged, and how important it is to keep them in good shape always.

Do not let your kidneys go from bad to worse. At the first sign of trouble, go to your nearest dealer and buy Gin Pills—50c a box.

Or if you prefer, a free sample of Gin Pills will be mailed upon request to the National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. U. S. residents should write Na Dru-Co., Inc., 202 Main St., Buffalo.

Grand Trunk Railway System

TIME TABLE CHANGES

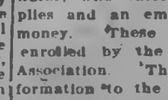
A change of time will be made on JANUARY, 12, 1919

Information now in Agents' hands.

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy

Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Lackawana Coal Means Economy.

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Or ders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

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PHONES 270-362

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 588 George St., Phone 1044w

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT IS DOING

Q—Who is in charge of the demobilization of the Canadian army?

A—The actual demobilization is in charge of the Militia Department.

Q—Why say "The actual demobilization?"

A—Because a new department of the Government has been formed to give the after-care that Canada owes to her invalided and disabled soldiers.

Q—What is this new department?

A—It is the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment with headquarters at Ottawa. Sir James Lougheed is the minister in charge.

Q—What does this department do?

A—It's hard to say in a paragraph all that this department does. It first comes into contact with the soldier in England. There it finds out the soldier's previous experience, the employment he now prefers to take up, the locality in which he intends to settle.

Q—How is this information obtained?

A—Through questionairies, which will be signed by every Canadian soldier now overseas.

Q—Why is this not done on the transports?

A—Because the information must be secured and sent to Ottawa before the men sail on the transports. But there is a representative of the department on every transport, to inform the men exactly what the country is prepared to do for them, to advise them and to give them any advice necessary for any information they desire. In addition to this, a staff representing the department will be at every dispersal station.

Q—Then what happens?

A—Returned men then are placed in touch with the local employment office, where another representative of the soldiers' civil re-establishment department will introduce him to the officials of the employment office, who will see that the returned man gets the preferential treatment to which he is entitled.

Q—Does the department do anything else?

A—Lots of things the most important is this: Special representatives have been appointed whose duty it will be to travel about the country interviewing returned men, hearing complaints, making suggestions and reporting generally as to how the government machinery is working.

Q—That's all for men in good physical condition. What about disabled and invalided men?

A—Special provision has been made for disabled and invalided men. If their cases require continuous treatment, they are taken on the strength of the department and receive the same pay and separation allowance as they received in the army. In addition they are granted an allowance for their families in place of patriotic fund allowance.

Q—What about men who need temporary treatment, or artificial limbs, or vocational training?

A—These are all taken care of. They will be subjects for another series of questions and answers.

COUNT FIFTY! NO NEURALGIA PAIN

Don't Suffer! Instant Relief Follows a Rubbing With Old "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Conquers pain—never fails.

Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Liniment" right on the ache or pain, and out comes the neuralgia misery.

Here's a joyful experiment! Try it! Get a small trial bottle from your druggist; pour a little in your hand and rub it gently on the sore, aching nerves, and before you realize it—in just a moment—all pain and neuralgia disappear. It's almost magical, but the joy is, that the misery doesn't come back. No! The nerves are soothed and congestion is relieved and your neuralgia is overcome.

Stop suffering! It's needless—neuralgia and pain of all kinds, either in the face, head, limbs or any part of the body is instantly banished. "St. Jacob's Liniment" is perfectly harmless and odesn't burn or discolor the skin. In use for half a century.

TUPPER A MEMBER.

Belongs to Provincial Committee of People's Moderation Party.

Vancouver, Jan. 18. — Sir Charles Hibbard Tupper is a member of the provincial committee of the People's Moderation Party which has been organized for the purpose of endeavoring to secure modifications in the prohibition legislation of the province.

WON'T RAISE SCHOOL AGE.

No Important Amendments to Education Act This Session.

Toronto, Jan. 18.—Changes only of minor importance will be made in the Education Act this session, Hon. Dr. Cody announced.

There will likely be some changes made in the Truancy Act, and probably it will be altered so that women truant officers will be appointed. It is also stated that the Act will be changed somewhat to encourage the attendance at school rather than to punish the non-attendance.

As regards the raising of the school age, nothing will likely be done this session. The trouble appears to be that there are not enough technical schools. Until this lack of schools is remedied the age will remain the same.

National Steel Car preferred made a five point gain on the local Stock Exchange yesterday.

Dome will not resume operations at once, ccording to the annual statement just issued.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds—how soon they allay the fever.

Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

CAPT. C. R. WIDDIFIELD

Who will give a short, snappy and stirring address at the Salvation Army Drive meeting in the Opera House, Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Music, by band and songsters and bright address by other prominent speakers. Come one. Come all. War veterans cordially invited.

ORTHODOX LABOR STILL CONTROLS

CAPTURES ALL OF THE OFFICERS IN TORONTO TRADES COUNCIL.

Toronto, Jan. 18.—Trades unionists will control the work of the Trades and Labor Congress for another year. The Socialists and Radicals of the organization were put to rout at the annual election of officers before a packed house at the Labor Temple.

The whole slate returned comprises international trades unionists.

Arthur O'Leary is president, being elected by a majority of 67 votes over R. C. Brown.

Circular From Moderates

With a few exceptions the proceedings were very quiet and decorus. At the beginning of the meeting dodgers reading as follows were passed through the audience:

"Dear Sir and Brother: You are a delegate from your union to the Toronto District Labor Council.

"There is a struggle at present going on as to whether the international trade union movement or the Socialist supporters of Trotsky and the Russian Bolsheviki shall control the District Trades Council.

"This communication is from a committee of delegates who believe that it is in the interests of the labor movement of the city of Toronto that the international trade unionists should control the offices of the Toronto District Labor Council.

The Labor Temple was crowded to its capacity. Visitors thronged the galleries and the floor was filled by the delegates. Owing to the suspicion that each party felt for the other, a very strict inspection of credentials was held before the delegates were allowed into the hall.

Many a temperate sexton fills a drunkard's grave.

WORTH A HUNDRED DOLLARS A BOTTLE

MISSOURI PACIFIC FIREMAN PRAISES TANLAC FOR WIFE'S IMPROVEMENT.

"My wife has taken three bottles of Tanlac, and says it ha been worth a hundred dollars a bottle to her," said J. G. Nichols, a well-known railroad man now employed on the Missouri Pacific railroad and living at 4711 Summit street, Kansas City Mo.

"For three years," he continued, "my wife had suffered a great deal on account of the condition of her stomach. Her appetite was poor and the little she forced down disagreed with her and caused gas to form on her stomach, and she would be miserable for hours afterwards. She was very nervous and hardly ever got a good night's sleep and would feel so tired and worn out in the morning she could hardly get out of bed. I couldn't find any medicine that would help her at all, so she just continued to lose in weight and sntregth until she was hardly able to keep on her feet.

"I fully agree with her when she says Tanlac has been worth a hundred dollars a bottle to her. I don't think I ever saw anybody improve like she did after she got started taking it. Her appetite came back in a very short time and she can now eat anything she pleases, and as much as she wants, and it never gives her any trouble at all. Her stomach seems to be in a healthy condition, and she sleeps soundly, and the nervousness has left her entirely. She goes about her housework now with her old-time strength and energy and says she is in better health generally than she has been in a long time. We are very glad to have this opportunity to recommend Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

Wm. Robertson, who is charged with having assaulted Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin of the Cobourg jail, and then escaped from custody, was arrested in Montreal.

$25.00 FOR A LETTER

CAN YOU WRITE ONE?

Thirteen Prizes to be Awarded in a Letter Writing Competition.

Some years ago the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont., offered a series of prizes to residents of Ontario for the best letters describing cures wrought by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Hundreds of letters were submitted in this competition, and yet there must have been thousands of other users of the pills who did not avail themselves of the opportunity to win a prize. To all of these another letter writing competition is offered. Thousands of cures through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have never been reported. These will furnish the material for the letter to be written in this contest. There is no demand upon the imagination every letter must deal with facts and facts only.

THE PRIZES:

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont., will award a prize of $25.00 for the best letter received on or before the 20th day of February, 1919, from residents of Ontario, on the subject: "Why I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." A prize of $10.00 will be awarded for the second best letter received; a prize of $5.00 for the third best letter, and ten prizes of $2.00 each for the next best ten letters.

THE CONDITIONS

The cure or benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills described in the letter may be in the writer's own case or one that has come under his or her personal observation.

More than one cure may be described in the letter, but every statement must be literally and absolutely true.

Every letter must be signed by the full name and correct address of the person sending it. If it describes the cure of some person other than the writer of the letter, it must also be signed by the person whose cure is described as a guarantee of the truth of the statement made.

The writer of each letter must state the name and date of the paper in which he or she saw this announcement.

Fine writing will not win the prize unless you have a good case to describe. The strength of the recommendation and not the style of the letter will be the basis of the award.

It is understood that The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. shall have the right to publish any letter entered in this contest, if they desire to do so whether it wins a prize or not.

The contest will close on February 20th, 1919, and the prizes will be awarded as soon as possible thereafter. Do not delay. If you know of a cure write your letter NOW. Observe the above conditions carefully or your letter may be thrown out.

Address all letters as follows:

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.,
Brockville, Ont.
Letter Contest Department

POST DISCHARGE PAY

Soldiers' Heirs or Relatives May Make Claim

That the post-discharge pay of a discharged soldier, who dies before receiving the money to which he may be entitled may be claimed by his heirs or relatives is pointed out by Sergt-Major George Creighton, military secretary to Mayor Church, who has received a number of inquiries on the matter. If the soldier is married, then his wife, whether she has been receiving separation allowance or not, is entitled to the discharge pay of the deceased soldier. If the soldier is unmarried then his mother or other relative, who is entitled to share in the estate of the deceased, may lay claim for the amount.

CHURCH ENRICHED BY OIL

Wells Sunk in Churchyard Yield Fine Income

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 18.—The Merriman Baptist Church of Hangor, which has acquired an income of $200,000 a year through oil wells sunk in its churchyard has refused one millions dollars for the right to develop wells in the graveyard which adjoins the church, it became known here today.

The graveyard now is surrounded by oil wells and numerous companies have made the congregation, which has only 29 members, fabulous offers for the ground.

One hundred thousand dollars already distributed among the Baptist Church in this state.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappear. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffing, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head molds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

CHINESE I. W. W. RAIDED

New York Police Make Four Arrests of "Students"

New York, Jan. 18.—What the police claim was the headquarters of the Chinese representatives of the I. W. W., in New York, located in the heart of Chinatown, was raided today and four men, who said they were students, were arrested on a technical charge. Loaded revolvers were found on the men, the police say, and a great quantity of I. W. W. literature was seized.

The unexcelled facilities of our big mills are devoted to making

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

"THE BEST FLOUR POSSIBLE TODAY"
"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO

PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE

Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 15, 16, 17, 18, and 2-020

Article No. 5 Cut out for Reference.

War Service Gratuity

As soon as a soldier is discharged from the army his first concern is to find a job. He may not find a job at once. During his period of unemployment he will however be in receipt of his War Service Gratuity.

Before the Armistice was signed "post discharge pay" was granted to discharged soldiers. Upon the signing of the Armistice it was felt necessary to make certain changes.

A larger grant will now be made to all who have served at the front whether discharged before or after the Armistice. Those who were on active service on the date of the Armistice, but had not served at the front, will also receive a gratuity on a higher scale.

The War Service Gratuity is given over and above any "back pay," pension or clothing allowance to which a man may be entitled.

It is given in addition to all the care, attention and service which the Government will devote in order to restore our fighting men to civil life.

To Whom Awarded.

All soldiers discharged on or after November 11th, 1918, who have served with good conduct will receive War Service Gratuity according to their class.

Soldiers discharged before November 11th, 1918, will receive War Service Gratuity only if they served at the front in any actual theatre of war.

If a soldier discharged before November 11th, 1918, did not serve in an actual theatre of war he will be entitled only to post discharge pay—according to his class on the old scale.

The Amount of the Gratuity.

The gratuity consists of a continuation of a soldier's pay, field allowance and separation allowance for a period beyond his discharge.

This period is graded according to the length and character of service.

If his service has been in part overseas his gratuity is figured on a higher scale than that of the man who has served only in Canada.

The maximum gratuity for the man who has served overseas is six months. This is given to the man whose total service amounts to three years or more.

Three months gratuity is the maximum for the man who has served in Canada only, and it is given for three years' service.

If the monthly pay and allowances for a man whose dependents have been receiving separation allowance should be less than $100 he is given $100 per month as gratuity. A part of the gratuity equal to separation allowance will be paid direct to the dependent entitled to it.

If the monthly pay and allowances for a man without such dependents should amount to less than $70.00 he is to receive $70.00 per month.

Further, every gratuity granted will amount to at least one month's pay, field allowance and separation allowance.

When Payable.

Men who have already been discharged will be given the gratuity to which they are entitled (less any "post discharge pay" they have received) after February 1st, 1919.

Application for an adjustment must be made to the paymaster of the district from which the soldier was discharged. The necessary forms to be filled out in support of each claim for adjustment may be obtained from the military headquarters of each district, from district and unit paymasters and from officers commanding militia units.

Men who are still in the service will receive their first month's gratuity immediately upon their discharge—unless they are "boarded" to receive treatment and full pay and allowances from the Department of Soldiers Civil Re-Establishment.

Men who are in the care of the Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment will get their gratuity as soon as they cease to receive full pay and allowances.

* * * * *

By this token Canada will record her appreciation of her soldiers and sailors—to a degree more generous than that shown by any other nation.

Director of Repatriation

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Second Sunday After Epiphany
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Processional 428—Christ is our corner stone.
Venite 7.
Te Deum—Dr. Hopkins.
Benedictus 99.
Office hymn 562—Thou, whose Almighty word.
Before sermon 290—Go labor on
Anthem—Rejoice ye—E. V. Hall.
Recessional 314—Soldiers of Christ arise.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Bible lesson, senior—The Apostles arrested, Act 5 17-32. Junior—Building the Ark. Genesis 6 : 5.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Processional 554—Lo God is here
Psalms 43, 45, 60.
Magnificat 175.
Nunc Dimittis 55.
Office Hymn 423—Conquering kings.
Before sermon 531—Lead Kindly Light.
Anthem—Soldiers of Christ arise—Bonheim.
God save the king.
Recessional 651—Through the love of God.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' ANGLICAN
Rev. R. B. Grobb, M.A., Rector
Residence, 265 Reid Street
Second Sunday After Epiphany
11 a.m.—Morning prayer.
Preacher—The rector.
Subject—Reverence
Hymn 96—O thou who by a star didst guide.
Venite 22. Psalms of Te Deum 29.
Jubilate 51.
Kyrie 123.
Hymn 604—Spirit divine attend our prayers.
Alma presentation 389.
Hymn 522—Jesu where'er Thy people meet.
Amen 139.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening prayer.
Evening prayer and holy communion.
Preacher—The Rector.
Third sermon in series on John the Baptist.
Hymn 99—Songs of thankfulness and praise.
Psalms 104. Magnificat 76.
Nunc Dimittis 98.
Anthem—The radiant morn—Woodward.
Hymn 507—Jesu lover of my soul
Alma presentation 389.
Hymn 556—Through the night of doubt and sorrow.
Amen 138. Vesper 40.
Miss Flowers, Organist. Geo E. Chandler, Choir leader.
All seats are free. The public are cordially invited. Come.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Second Sunday After Epiphany
11 a.m.—Morning service and Sermon.
Subject—Opening of the week of prayer on behalf of Christian union
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Tuesday 7.30 p.m.—Sunday School annual distribution of prizes.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.
Preacher—Mr. Stewart.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. J. P. Wilson will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Narcisus—Nevin.
Anthem—Hearken Unto This—Dutton.
Offertory—Allegretto Pastorale—Gaul.
Solo—My Redeemer and my Lord.—Dudley Buck.
Miss Helen McLaren
Postlude—The Halelujah Chorus—Handel.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach
Prelude—Romance in D flat—Lemare.
Solo (soprano)—Nearer by God to Thee—Carey Miss Eleanor Hirchliffe.
Anthem—Rest of the Weary—Gamblyn
Solo part by Mr. O. M. Steer.
Postlude—Marche Des Templiers—Benedict.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach
Prelude—A Japanese sunset—Dappen
Solo (baritone)—Mr. Douglas Carlisle.
Anthem—Sun of my soul—Turner
Solo part by Miss Hazel Davidson
Postlude—Fanfare—Lott.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Rev. Robt. Pogue will preach
Prelude—Reverie—Bantock
Quartette—No ill can harm.
Messrs Humpage, Smith, White and Kingdon.
Anthem—Gentle Holy Saviour—Gounod.
Postlude—March in B flat—Winton.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Allegretto—Heaton.
Solo—I heard the voice of Jesus say—Parsons. Mr. Humpage.
Anthem—Still, still with thee—Berridge.
Postlude—Mozart.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Sunday School Anniversary
The Rev. S. L. W. Harton of Waterloo will preach at the three services—11 a.m., 3 p.m., and 7 p.m.
10 a.m.—Fellowship service.
10.45 a.m.—Scholars will assemble in the Sunday School hall.
11 a.m.—Morning service—Music by the Sunday School orchestra under the direction of Mr. W. H. Cuningham. Duetts by Miss Maysie V. Armstrong and Miss Eva Fusee, Misses Babel and Mary Gardiner, a solo by Miss Isobel Board. Choruses by the school
3 p.m.—Open session of the Sunday School in the auditorium.
Prelude—Intermezzo—Mascagni.
Anthem—In heavenly realms—Woodcock.
Solo—Father of Light—Adams.
Miss Maysie V. Armstrong.
Postlude—March in G.—Wallis.

ONCE THIS BEAUTY HAD PIMPLES

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Proved That Beauty Comes from the Blood and from Nowhere Else

Prove This With Free Trial Package

Plaster your skin all over and you'll stop breathing in an hour. There is only one way to remove pimples, blackheads, eruptions and eczema with its rash and itch, and

As already announced the Canadia that is by the blood. In Stuart's Calcium Wafers, the wonderful calcium sulphide at meals serves to supply the blood with one of the most remarkable actions known to science. This is its activity in keeping firm the tiny fibres that compose even such minute muscles as those which control the slightest change of expression, such as the eyelids, lips, and so on. It is this substance which pervades the entire skin, keeps it healthy and drives away impurities. Get a 50 cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store and learn the great secret of facial beauty.

A free trial package will be mailed if you will send the coupon.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. Stuart Co., 778 Stuart Bldg. BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme—Six things that God will do for a certain man.
Anthem—Te Deum—Jackson
Contralto Solo—But the Lord is mindful of His own—Mendelssohn.
Miss L. Corbett.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Pastor's theme—The Wanderer
Anthem—By Babylon's Wave—Gounod.
Baritone solo—King David's Lament—Mr. F. Hartshorn.
Soprano solo—Lead me all the way—Briggs. Mrs. Geo. H. King
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—Christ and Herod—a character study.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—Youth and pleasure.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Subject—The Minister.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6.45 p.m.—Song service.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Subject—Hymns that live and are loved.
Special song service by the choir.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

VICTORIA ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Le Mantin—Bartlett.
Anthem—The Homeland—Perry.
Postlude—Prelude—West.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach
Organ prelude—Flower song—Lange.
Anthem—Pilgrims of the night—Shelley. Soprano solos and obligato part by Miss Florence Scott.
Baritone solo—Like as the Hart Desireth—Liddle. Mr. Tom Ward.
Postlude—Adagio—Stainer.
A. Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Mr. James Dutton will preach.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Mr. Bell of the Dominion Alliance will preach.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—Annual general meeting of church members and election of officers. All members are requested to be present.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w.
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—London st. west of George.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Open air—Reid and Charlotte.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

PUT STOMACH IN FINE CONDITION

SAYS INDIGESTION RESULTS FROM AN EXCESS OF HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Undigested food delayed in the stomach decays, or rather, ferments the same as food left in the open air, says a noted authority. He also tells us that Indigestion is caused by Hyper-acidity, meaning there is an excess of hydro-chloric acid in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach like garbage sours in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. Then we feel a heavy, lumpy misery in the chest, we belch up gas, we eructate sour food or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and drink while it is effervescing, and furthermore, to continue this for a week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

OLIVE MISSION BAND

Pleasing Program Given by Seniors and Juniors.

The Olive Mission Band of Trinity Methodist Church held a very enjoyable meeting Friday afternoon with fifty present. After a brief business meeting, a pleasing program was given by the senior girls and then the little tots were charming in their recitations and singing. The Women's Missionary Society served refreshments.

WOMEN KNOW MARKET PRICES

All well informed housekeepers know the prices charged by the grocer for foods, and those prices are most reasonable when you consider that the grocer has many times to deliver unreasonably small orders and also keep up the expensive charge system. You may not get this service but in nearly every case you pay for it. The exception is where you deal at The Groceteria for your groceries.

"IN SUNNY FRANCE"

The San Francisco Star said in a recent issue: "If you do not want Wilson MacDonald in Canada send him over to us. We do want him in our country."

The author-composer of "In Sunny France" will appear with a cast of 150 amateurs at the Grand on Jan. 27th and 28th.

PROPOSES ACT FOR CONGRESS

TENTATIVE PROHIBITING LAW DRAWS UP BY THE TEMPERANCE PARTY.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The twenty-five prohibition and anti-saloon league organizations have agreed on a "bone dry" Federal act to be presented to Congress, according to a bulletin issued from National Anti-Saloon League headquarters.

Tentatively it includes the following provisions:

"Appointment of Federal commissioners to enforce the Act, with power to prescribe rules and regulations for the manufacture and distribution of wine for sacramental purposes and alcohol for non-prohibitive purposes.

Fixing of adequate penalties for violation of the Act.

The importation, exportation and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes to be prohibited.

All intoxicating liquors illegally possessed and all implements used in their illegal manufacture to be contraband.

An adequate search and seizure provision.

The sale of alcoholic patent or proprietary medicines capable of being used as beverage to be surrounded by the same safeguards as the sale of alcohol.

Such other provisions as well "destroy every vestige of the beverage liquor traffic throughout the United States and its possessions."

DATE OF THE TAFT LECTURE

Subscribers and all interested in the Taft lecture please note the date is Thursday evening next, January 23rd, NOT THE 22nd. See full notice under Opera House Attractions.

All a Matter of Length.

From a musical society's prospectus: "Fees from one dollar up, according to length of lesson, instrument and professor." Well, say a two-hour lesson on the trombone with a six-foot teacher, how much

Careless of Her Coco.

"Did she throw herself at him?"

"No; she only tossed her head at him."

"Mercy; And she knew he wasn't a 'good catch.'"

Preferably the Latter.

"Better not ask papa yet, dear. He has the gout in one foot."

"All right. I'll wait till he gets well or gets the gout in both feet."

The more money a man has the harder it is for him to convince the world that he is a fool.

"Scotch Knit"

MEANS WARMTH and COMFORT

"Scotch Knit" Gloves owe their celebrated warmth, comfort and durability to the special process by which they are knitted and finished.

It is essentially the same as that followed for centuries by the industrious Scotch housewife in making gloves and mittens for her men folk.

This process has been brought to Canada and is seen at its best in

The BALLANTYNE GLOVE Scotch Knit

FOR MEN

The gloves are first knitted of the softest and strongest wool yarn. They are then "fulled"—a process that transforms the loosely knitted fabric into one of firm texture but of silky softness. It retains the elasticity of the knitted fabric, but cold or wind cannot penetrate it. It also gives the gloves an appearance unequalled by any other fabric glove.

Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves cost less than leather gloves and are superior to them in the three glove essentials—warmth, comfort, and durability.

R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
STRATFORD, ONT.

Ask Your Dealer for Them

ENTERTAINMENT AT ST. LUKE'S S. S.

SPLENDID CONCERT PUT ON LAST NIGHT BY THE SCHOLARS.

The annual entertainment was held in St. Luke's Sunday School last evening when the pupils of the Sunday School met at 5.30 to enjoy a light supper. Later in the evening the parents and adults gathered to hear the program which was provided by the pupils. The program was:

Chairman's address—Rev. W. H. White.
Selection by S. S.—Holy Night.
Dialogue—Misses Curtis' Classes.
Recitation—Clemina Long.
Song—Ernest Legon.
Recitation—Donald Moffat.
Song—Mrs. A. E. Dawson.
Duet—Christmas Carol—Arthur Knot and Keating Middleton.
Recitation—May Agerierson.
Recitation—Isabel Girven.
Minstrels—Mr. F. Patterson's Class.
Old English Dance—Girls' Bible Class.
Piano Solo—Florence Adams.
Recitation—Gleden Nickles.
Recitation—Elizabeth Lawrence.
Presentation of prizes.
God Save the King.

Many thanks are due for all who helped in any way to make this concert and tea such a success.

A LAST CHANCE.

We learn that the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal are shortly to withdraw their offer of the War Album which has been given to all who this season subscribed to that great paper. The Album is certainly a useful little book to have, containing a vast amount of useful information. The colorings of the flags of all the Allies is beautiful. The new Edition now issued has a complete record of the war. It is said an edition of 25,000 copies were snapped up by the citizens of Montreal in one day. $1.25 pays for a year's subscription to the Family Herald with the Album thrown in free. It is a bargain.

Manitoba plans to aid returned soldiers by furnishing at cost standardized houses and barns.

Chas. Cooper was sentenced at Haileybury to be hanged on April 18 for the murder of Theodore Taylor.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHY WE CAN DO IT

The main reason why Dr. Fowler can be so accurate in his work of fitting the proper "PEBLO" Lenses to suit the exact needs of his patrons' eyes is the complete, modern equipment of his establishment, coupled with his own expert knowledge. His equipment is modern in every way.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Model Duke $108

Tested for More Than 11 Years

The "Phonola" is far beyond the experimental stage. It has been on the Canadian market for more than eleven years—each year growing more popular. In fact, this company is the pioneer in the cabinet phonograph industry in Canada. Two completely equipped factories are now required to make enough "Phonolas" to supply the insistent demand.

"Phonola" REGISTERED

The beauty of the "Phonola" cabinets is remarked by everyone who sees them. The mahogany and oak is of the finest quality and the workmanship and finish are a credit to the cabinet-maker's art.

The "Phonola" motors are smooth-running and quiet-winding. The turn-table is carefully made so that it is absolutely level.

The Goose Neck Tone Arm is [illegible] and, with our "Phonola" sound box, gives a true, clear, full-toned reproduction of the human voice, the band and all kinds of records.

Making the "Phonola" in Canada, we save you duty and other expenses, and make it possible for you to get a "Phonola" for less money—$10 to $25 less than other high-grade phonographs.

"Phonola" models from $25 to $310. All makes of disc records can be played.

If your dealer cannot show you the "Phonola" line, write us.

DEALERS.—There are some localities in Canada where we require good, live representation. The "Phonola" agency is getting more valuable every day. Write for our proposition.

You'll Like the "Phonola" Discs

They are played with the sapphire point, with which the "Phonola" is always equipped. No needles to change. Leading singers, instrumentalists and bands make "Phonola" records. A new list of selections every month. Buy one "Phonola" record. You'll like the tone so well you'll get a dozen right away. Double-Disc—90c.

The Phonola Co. of Canada, Limited
Kitchener, Canada

The only authorized Dealers in Peterborough for the "Phonola" and Phonola Records is

The House of Quality **The Royal Music Co.** 439 George St.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAM NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine lines nonpa. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo

FOUND.

FOUND—At the Men's Social Bible Class, George Street Methodist Church, a good place to spend Sunday afternoon. Come tomorrow at 3 p.m.

LOST.

LOST—On the 30th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

LOST—On Tuesday, somewhere in city, sable muff. Reward if left at Review.

LOST—One black driving glove between Opera House and East City. Finder kindly leave at Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Patent, trade mark and copyright ap-

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 846.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 39½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
H. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191.
Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest
H. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 930.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-9 p.m. Phone 619. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

...ING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can get at WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., NOW

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

A CHILD DOESN'T LAUGH AND PLAY IF CONSTIPATED

IF PEEVISH, FEVERISH AND SICK GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies and children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

RAISES SALARY LIMIT.

New York, Jan. 18.—The $11,000 monthly salary limit decided on two days ago by the National League, was rescinded at a special executive meeting of the league membership yesterday. The new limit decided upon was not disclosed, but it was learned that the $11,000 monthly limit was considered insufficient and unworkable.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 16th, 1919

Coal and Wood Board License No. 8-089
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS
IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods
Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
347 George St. Next Turnbull's

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND FURNACE
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

CAVAN

(Special Correspondence.)

Cavan, Jan. 18.—Mr. Clark Swain left for Toronto last week.

Mrs. Jno Staples was a visitor to Peterboro last week.

Mr. Howard Keegan returned from Toronto on Monday.

Mr. EHase White spent the week end in Port Perry.

Mrs. White and daughter Miss Clara visited Mrs. James Roddy, Fraserville, this week.

Danay Nill, son of Mr. and Mrs. W Nill, who has been sick for a few days is recovering.

Mr. H. Howden was a visitor to Peterboro on Tuesday.

Mrs. Elsie Staples of Toronto is visiting her brother here.

Mr. Wm Spry of Hampton spent the week end at Mrs. J. Reynolds.

Miss Addie Howden of Peterboro is visiting her mother.

Examinations At The Collegiate

FORM 1A.

	P.C.
Harrison Christopher	80
Leonard Grime	80
Lenden Richardson	78
Robert Fowler	76
Irene Canfield	73
Charles Doupe	73
Eleanor Eastwood	72
Cora Clark	71
Thelma Darling	71
George Benton	70
Huson Coon	70
Herbert Cowan	70
Clifford Chapman	70
Stewart Fleming	69
Edna Barry	69
Harry Morrison	69
Kathleen Cuffe	68
Jack Gollop	68
Marjory Dixon	68
Alice Cocks	67
Frank Beube	67
Willie Copp	67
Dora Brown	66
Marion Duncan	62
Dorothy Ferguson	61
Helen Clementi	60
Graham Eastwood	60
Roland Doughty	60
Alice Campbell	58
Edith Brown	57
Irefa Wall	57
James Auston	56
Howard Bullock	55
Pearl Finnis	51
Baden Greene	51
Duncan Bothwell	43

FORM 1B.

	P.C.
Stella Huston	83
Oren Robertson	76
Helen Roberts	76
Jean Mervin	74
Gwen Kelly	74
Austen Nixon	73
Ruth Sharpe	72
Helen Morphet	72
Alfred Johnston	70
Helen Lamb	69
Matthew McIndoo	69
James McClellan	68
Thomas McCullough	67
Edna Hewson	65
Ian Munro	65
Lottie Leggett	65
Jean Robertson	64
Bessie Hutchison	64
Fred Martin	64
Arthur McFarlane	63
Jack Pulkinghorn	63
Jock Renwick	62
Florence Hutchinson	59
Constance Lewis	59
Della McClure	58
Jean Milburn	56
Beresford Hay	52
Frank Kearney	52
Marjorie Read	51
Fred Morrison	49
Hazel Plunkett	48
Lance Greenwood	48
Cecil Lapp	47
Gordon Main	46
Grace Morgan	42
Helen Weatherhead	39
George Lipsett	39
Paul Koster	38
Donald Galvin	26

FORM 1C.

	P.C.
Margaret Wolstenholme	83
Stanley Stacey	78
Hosanna Tully	77
Daisy Welch	76
Lionel Brown	76
Carl Wilson	76
Helen Staples	75
Douglas Deyell	74
Myrtle Breckenridge	73
Olive Snowden	69
Margery Lawrence	68
Mildred Young	68
Grace Wilson	68
Gertrude Hunter	67
Floyd Curtis	67
Constance Wagar	63
Norman Seymour	62
Mary Elizabeth Wright	59
Harold Lancashire	58
William Watt	57
Garnet Stephens	56
Muriel Bishop	53
Pauline Sturgeon	47
Hazel Whitfield	46
Helen Tedford	46
Tim Webber	45
Jack Filkin	45
Earl Harrison	43
Percy Hetherington	28

W. F. Parkin of Lindsay, in three years, in spare hours, and especially in the evenings, made by hand 1,000 500 shell box handles, double spliced each way, out of half-inch tarred manilla.

Import figures show a decline of $55,576,947 during the nine months, as compared with 1917.

GRAND TRUNK TIME-TABLE CHANGES

Effective Sunday, January 19th, Train No. 47 now leaving Toronto for North Bay at 11.30 p.m., daily except Saturday, will run on Tuesdays and Thursdays only, connections will be made at North Bay with T. & N.O. train No. 1, leaving North Bay at 10.45 a.m., for Cochrane and intermediate stations.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only, train No. 9, leaving Toronto at 8.35 p.m. will be a through train to Winnipeg same as at present but will run daily Toronto to Cochrane carrying through sleeping car and coaches, also on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday sleeping car Toronto to North Bay.

On Tuesday and Thursday, North Bay sleeper will be operated on train No. 47, at 11.30 p.m. For full particulars apply to any Grand Trunk agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Union Station, Toronto.

PORK DROPS TWO CENTS IN PRICE

BUTTER AND EGGS ALSO SHOW SLIGHT DECREASE SINCE LAST WEEK.

There was a large attendance at the market this morning. Prices of beef, pork, eggs and butter were down slightly. There were no ducks or turkeys offered for sale, but chickens were being sold plentifully and a fair offering of geese. Pork, in accordance with the general drop in prices, was being sold for 2c less per pound than on last market day and eggs were down 5 cents. There was a large offering of hard wood which was going of hard wood which was going for $12.

List of Prevailing Prices.

Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Geese	33	33
Eggs	65	65
Butter	55	55
Pork	26	28
Beef	18	20
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 50	7 50
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Robbers netted about $1000 worth of jewelry from the store of J. A. Daoust, at Montreal, breaking the window with a piece of coal and escaping in an automobile.

All ships which were requisitioned by the U. S. shipping board during the war have been released to their owners, with the exception of those actually engaged in army service.

Farm products shipped from Canada in the year totalled in value $999,220.

Keep Them Smiling

Soldiers Home Coming Campaign

The "Welcome" sign still hangs high on the doors of the Salvation Army Hostels. Help them to keep it there! While our soldiers have need of the comforts—spiritual as well as bodily—DON'T shut the doors in the boys' faces—Keep them smiling!

The Salvation Army appeals for a Million Dollars for the boys who won the Victory. This is the first time the Salvation Army has made a general appeal for its work. We urge you now, for the sake of the soldiers, and as a VITAL factor in the solution of Canada's Reconstruction problems, with the Homecoming of her boys, to give and to give liberally!

Our men in Khaki may not all be home for another year. While there is a company of Canadians in uniform over there or over HERE, there is work for the Salvation Army Lassie.

The weary waiting and the relaxed discipline spell dangers that MUST be guarded against. A happy smile and a comfortable body help to keep trouble at a distance. Do not let the Hostels shut for lack of funds!

The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

January 19th to 25th

"FIRST TO SERVE—LAST TO APPEAL"

A WORD ABOUT THE HOSTELS! Have you ever been inside a Salvation Army Hostel? If not, ask a returned man about the Hostels in Paris, London, Toronto, Hamilton, or any others that he has stayed in over HERE.

Let HIM tell you about the REAL beds, the home cooking, the fried eggs, and hot coffee—and hot baths. If he knows you very well, he may give you a hint about the spiritual comfort the Salvation Army Lassies give these men far from home and all it means!

Keep them smiling! We will not turn the men adrift after they have won so glorious a Victory! We will redeem our PLEDGE—"We will keep the home fires burning, till the boys come home"!

Next week the Campaign will be on! Help twice! First, by your liberal contribution—"To whom much is given, of him much is required." Second, urge upon your friends and neighbors the pressing needs of the soldiers, right up to the time they are safely settled once more into civilian life.

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

6

BRINGING UP FATHER

BY GEORGE McMANUS

BY COLLY-MAGGIE IS RIGHT-I OUGHT TO STAY HOME AN' READ MORE-I'M GOIN' TO DO IT-
PAPA DEAR-WILL YOU LET ME HAVE THE FASHION PAGE?
WELL; I WUZ READIN' ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF IT-BUT YOU KIN HAVE IT-
PARDON ME BUT I'D LIKE TO HAVE THE NEWS PART
ALL RIGHT-ALL RIGHT-
EXCUSE ME SAH BUT DA COOK NEEDS SOME WRAPPIN' PAPER
NO!

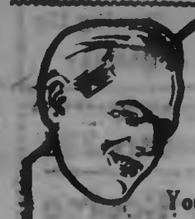
H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Insurance
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

50 acres of Market Garden, with some fruit trees. 7 acres in good garden, 15 acres in pasture. Large house, suitable for a good double house with sheds and stabling for 11 head of cattle. The property is in the north end of the city and on three streets on which is a number of good building lots which could be sold and still have a good market garden. This property MUST be sold and some one will get a good bargain.

We have a full supply of touring car MARKERS for 1919. (Cheaper to buy markers than to pay a fine.)

393 Water Street, South of Munro House



As Charlie Says:—

You needn't take ONE man's word for it. There are thousands and thousands who swear by Arabela, the mild ten cent cigar.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League
Now Being Organized
Enter Your Team
5 Alleys on the Ground Floor
JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

HAMILTON MAY HAVE PLACE IN INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

New York, Jan. 18.—The question of placing an International league club in The Bronx will be settled here this week, but probably not until after the conference between the major and minor leagues tomorrow, Billy Gibson, who came forward a year ago with a proposition to put The Bronx on the baseball map, renewed his offer today. Gibson says he is willing to take over one of the International franchises now on the market, build a modern stadium and engage a crack team.

"I have all the backing I need," said Gibson today. "We are willing to spend half a million dollars if necessary to put this thing over.

"But before we can organize a club the league must clear the way for us. Last winter I was told to go ahead myself, but I ran against a snag when President Hempstead of the Giants refused to give us permission to operate in a zone within five miles of the Polo grounds. I do not know how this matter can be adjusted under new conditions that have arisen, but I feel that it is a thing the International league should straighten out—not me, because I have no standing in baseball as yet."

The league is anxious to put a club in The Bronx, but has not been assured that the New York major clubs will yield territorial concessions. As long as the present form of baseball law holds good, no minor league club can operate within five miles of a major league city.

Sunday ball will keep the International league alive, and that is why the club owners look with favor on The Bronx. It is believed that the Hamilton franchise, removed from Syracuse last season, can be picked up at a bargain price.

So sure is Gibson of The Bronx as a baseball field that he offered tonight to wager $1000 with Dave Driscoll that a Bronx first division team would draw three times as many persons in a season as Jersey City, and the same amount that he could in Toronto's attendance figures, Toronto being the best city in the International league.

Just then Dick Rudolph came along. "And here's a Bronx boy we'd like to have as manager," said Gibson. "With a native son pitching, and our own Heinie Zimmerman playing on third base I guess we wouldn't pack 'em in."

Brock Street Rink
BETTER PATRONIZED THIS SEASON THAN EVER

Program for This Week

GREAT WAR VETERANS BAND

SATURDAY SPECIAL—Band Concert and Skating.

Admission Only . . . 25 Cents

FRANK RICE DEAD.

Whitby Hockey Player Dies From Pneumonia.

Frank Rice of Whitby, one of the standbys in intermediate hockey in that town and a member of this year's Whitby Military Hospital team in the O.H.A., died Thursday morning after a week's illness from pneumonia. He was 25 years of age and leaves a wife and little daughter. He was a brother of Clarence Rice, also of the Military Hospital team, and a son of George Rice, hardware merchant in Whitby. He was very popular boy in Whitby.

A Condition.

Bertha—What did father say when you asked him if you could marry me?

Percy—He didn't really refuse, but he made a very severe condition.

Bertha—What was it?

Percy—He said he'd see me hanged first.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1 $1, No. 2 $3, No. 3 $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont.

Nearly All Boxers Are Religous

Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth, in 1883, of Johnny Summers, the English welterweight boxer, who has been called the "Praying Pugilist." When he fought Syd Burns for the English welterweight title and the Lonsdale belt, six years ago, Johnny created a great deal of comment by kneeling in his corner, just before the battle, to pray for victory. At the beginning of each round he crossed himself and bowed his head reverently. That was something of an innovation, and not many boxers are likely to follow Summers' example and pray for victory, nor to thank heaven for it publicly at the conclusion of the bout. Practically all professional boxers, however, have been church adherents, or, at least, believers in Christianity or Judaism. The great majority, perhaps, have been Catholics, but this is partly due to the fact that so many Irishmen have been knights of the padded mitt. Statistics on the religious beliefs of pugilists are not usually included in the dope books, but it is safe to say that there have been hardly any freethinking boxers. Old Jem Mace used to scoff at his "sky pilot" son, but he never ridiculed religion.

There has been one man connected with the boxing game, however, who was a sworn enemy of all religion. That man was the late Marquis of Queensbury, whose name was given to the code of rules for the reformation of the fistic game. The old marquis was outspoken in his disbelief in Christianity, and in his will asked that "no religious mummery" be performed at his funeral. The present marquis, while he has inherited the pugilistic passion of his father, is orthodox in his religious views.

The late Colonel Roosevelt advocated boxing as a proper accomplishment of a "young Christian," and A. J. Drexel Biddle of Philadelphia, was the founder of the "muscular Christianity" movement in which boxing plays a prominent part.

Since history began, men of all religious beliefs have prayed for success before going into battle, and have gone to war in the blessed belief that the Lord was on their side. In petitioning heaven for victory, Johnny Summers was only following precedent that is as old as humanity.

Centrals Take 3 From Hellenics

At the George Street Alleys last night in a league contest the Centrals won three games from the Hellenics. Henderson was high man for the Centrals with a score of 625 while S. Mitchers was high man for the Hellenics with a score of 462. The Hellenics were handicapped by their Capt. Lewie Yeptes, not being able to play but will give the Central a better run for their money next time. The following are the scores of the players.

Centrals				
A. Fielder	184	163	161	—508
W. Thomas	126	184	166	—436
W. Coros	142	158	131	—431
J. Gillespie	161	137	119	—417
W. Henderson	194	227	204	—625
Hellenics				
D. Lachour	135	170	127	—429
S. Mitches	162	155	145	—462
G. Arras	130	137	153	—420
P. Laskas	153	130	153	—436
N. Charos	126	108	132	—366

Aroused Willie's Curiosity.

Little Willie—Father, have you had another wife?

Father—Good heavens! What ever makes you ask that?

Little Willie—Well, on the first page of this Bible it says you married Anne Domini, 1880.

A man cannot exist long without food. That is why so many poets die young.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Brewed Exclusively from Choice Malt and Hops

Health
Imperial Stout is excellent for convalescents. The healthful principles of hops and malt are embodied in this O'Keefe brew, making a delicious beverage for the table or the sick room.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-18-102

O'Keefe's
IMPERIAL STOUT

For Sale at all Hotels and Restaurants. Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.
The O'KEEFE BREWERY CO. Limited
TORONTO
710

J. M. BROOKS, DISTRIBUTOR, 195½ CHARLOTTE STREET, PETERBORO

CHEVROLET

Closed Car Advantages

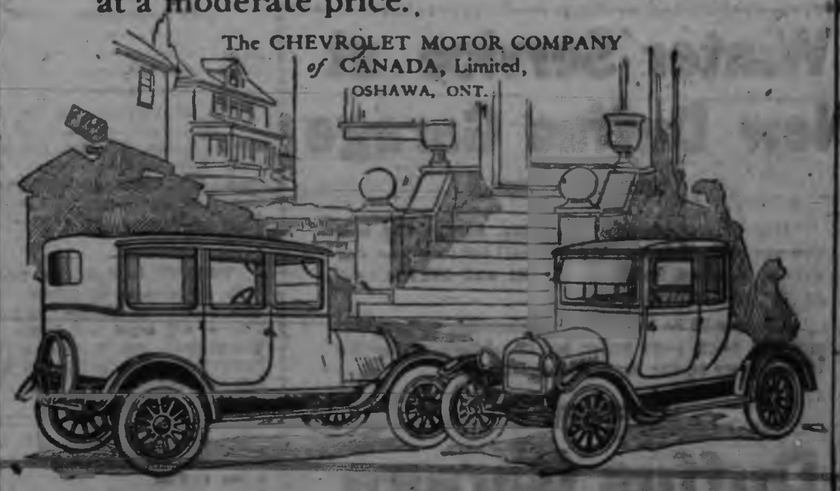
FOR Winter motoring the Sedan or Coupe is the logical car.

But even for Summer the well designed closed car is most comfortable, as there is a freedom from dust and wind. By adjusting the three-piece ventilating windshield and lowering the side windows a refreshing breeze keeps the occupants comfortable in the hottest weather.

Motorists who *know* select the closed car for year round service.

The Chevrolet Sedan and the Chevrolet Coupe give you the maximum of comfort at a moderate price.

The CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY of CANADA, Limited,
OSHAWA, ONT.



B. W. MANNING, Local Dealer
Manning Garage—333 Water St.

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

BICYCLES REPAIRED.

Have your wheel cleaned and repaired now. If you wait until the sun shines on both sides of the fence and everybody speaks at once it will not be ready when you want to use it. Phone 2343 and we will send for your work.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
285 Hunter St.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bonner Worth Co.

NOTICE

International Federation of Laborers will hold their regular meeting on Monday, January 20th. Brother Flett will be here to address the meeting if he can get here. All Laborers are invited to attend the Laborers' meeting for special business at the Labor Hall, George street.

A. MASON,
Corresponding Secretary.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Tuesday evening, January 20, at 8 o'clock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

PETERBOROUGH PROTESTANT HOME.

The postponed jam and linen shower will be held at the Peterborough Protestant Home on Friday, January 24th, from 2:30 to 6 p.m. The public are cordially invited.

SECURED AGENCY

A. Brown & Co., local representatives of McLaughlin cars, have secured the agency for the Republic Truck Co. Mr. Brown is fortunate in securing this agency, as this Company is so well and favorably known, and are by far the largest manufacturers of trucks in the world, and are now arranging to build a large plant in Canada. Any one intending to purchase a truck for the coming season will do well to see Mr. Brown at the McLaughlin Garage, 383 Water street. Phone 126.

Any man who hasn't a good opinion of himself is inwardly deformed.

REV. J. R. WEBB MOVES TO FIX MINIMUM PAY FOR PASTORS

Missionaries to Receive Not Less Than $1,000 a Year According to Amendment but Matter Is Referred to Committee.

At the meeting of the Baptist Convention in Toronto the following amendment was moved by Rev. J. R. Webb, of the Murray Street Baptist Church and seconded by Dr. T. T. Shields: "That we adopt the report of the Budget Committee with the understanding that after the percentage suggested therein, the first charge an increased giving shall be the placing at the disposal of the Home Mission Board an amount equal to 40 per cent of the givings of last year for the purpose of establishing a minimum salary of $1000 per year for each of its missionaries and that we urge each self-supporting church to adopt a similar minimum as a last charge on any forward movement."

After considerable discussion the report of the Budget Committee and the amendment was referred back to the committee of arrangements.

A $300,000 Budget

In presenting the report of the budget committee at the Baptist convention of Ontario and Quebec Mr. W. C. Senior stated that in order to meet the "forward movement," it was decided to ask for $300,000 for the ensuing year which compares with $225,000 for last year, $210,000 of which was raised. The estimates of the various boards were as follows: $100,000 for foreign missions; $30,000 for Western missions; $23,000 for Grande Ligne; $23,000 for Christian education; $7,000 for the Sunday School Board; $7,000 superannuation fund; $3,000 for church edifice fund, and $1000 for social service, making a total of $294,000. The amount which the Toronto Baptist Association is asked to contribute to the budget is $63,000.

Dr. T. T. Shields, speaking on the budget, said: "Something must be done to make it possible for our pastors to live. There is no use in training our young men for the ministry and afterwards starve them so that they have to seek secular positions."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

DEMMLER—WHETUNG

A very unique and happy wedding took place in Chemong on Tuesday, January 14th at 4 p.m. when Miss Lovina Whetung granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Whetung became the bride of Mr. John Henry Demmlers, bank manager of Pittsburgh, Pa., U.S.A. The groom arrived on the Reserve on Monday night.

The marriage was solemnized by the Rev. P. L. Jull of Lakefield. The young couple were attended by Miss Lucy Paudash and Mr. William Anderson, both of Hiawatha.

A substantial repast was provided the bride and about fifty people sat down to it, after which all repaired to the hall where dancing was indulged in and about 11 o'clock refreshments were served by Mr. and Mrs. Demmler and the dancing was resumed and kept up till about 2 a.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Demmler left Chemong Wednesday morning for Toronto where they will spend 4 or 5 days with friends after which they will go on to Buffalo where they will spend two or three days then on to Pittsburgh, Pa. 28 Oakland Square, where they will reside.

Mrs. E. Purser, of Vanesti, Alberta, who is visiting friends in this vicinity, is at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. Adams, Ashburnham.

NOTICE.

Lansdowne Lodge, S. O. E., installation of officers will be held Monday, January 20. Supreme President Brother Carter of Toronto will be present. All members, especially past officers, are urged to attend. Refreshments will be served at the close of the meeting.

You can't always tell what is in a man by trying to pump him.

ANNUAL MEETING ST. ANDREW'S S. S.

USUAL REPORTS WERE MADE BY VARIOUS OFFICERS OF SCHOOL.

The annual meeting of St. Andrews Sunday School was held last evening at the home of the Superintendent(Mr. J. A. McKone. There was a good attendance of the teachers and officers.

The Secretary's report showed a total enrolment of 330, including the Cradle Roll of 67. An average attendance of 167, a decrease of 7 from the 1917 report, caused chiefly by the influenza epidemic during the last three months.

The treasurer's report showed an increase of $69.82 an income over 1917. An expenditure of $371.62 leaving a balance of $16.20.

The following officers were elected for the present year:

Supt.—J. A. McKone.
Asst. Supt.—J. A. McNab.
Secretaries—Miss Edith Richardson and E. Walton.
Treasurer—J. E. Latimer.
Librarian—Miss Grace Evans; Assistant, Miss Marjorie Evans.
Electricians—Mr. G. Henry and G. Hill.
Supt. Cradle Roll—Miss M. Eaton.
Supt. Primary Dept.—Mrs. Geo. Laing, Asst. Miss Myra Evans.
Supt. Beginners Dept.—Miss M. Rae.
Asst. Supt.—Miss H. Eaton.
Pianist—Mr. H. C. Treneer. Asst. Miss Mae Shearer.

Supts. McKone and McNab expressed their appreciation of the valuable work that the teachers and officers had done through the past year, and hoped that the spirit of harmony that existed in St. Andrews Sunday School would ever continue.

A social hour was spent after the business meetin gduring which refreshments were served. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. McKone for the most delightful evening.

THE PETERBORO CLUB

The entertainment of the Peterborough Club will be held on Friday, Feb. 7th, in the Club rooms.

COURT PETERBORO No. 29

C. O. F. will hold a Smoker and Euchre contest Thursday, Jan. 23, at their Hall on Simcoe street. Good time. Good prizes. Good smokes. Come and have a good time with the boys. Admission to everyone 25 cents.

TRINITY CAFATERIA TEA

On the evening of February 14th the ladies of Trinity Methodist Church will serve a Cafeteria Tea. The program will consist of an illustrated travel talk on "In and About Old London."

NOTICE

Dr. Cameron will address the V. A. D. Class at the Y.W.C.A. Tuesday evening at 8.30.

SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR DRIVE

Don't forget to attend the special mass meeting in the Grand Opera House tomorrow at 3.30. Speakers for the occasion. His Hon. Judge Hayden, Mr. Jos. Wearing, Capt. Widdifield and Adj. McElhinney. Music by band and songsters from 3 to 3.30. You are invited.

BANKER TALKS ON TRADE QUESTION

SIR EDMUND WALKER, PRESIDENT BANK OF COMMERCE, WOULD REDUCE IMPORTS.

Particular interest attaches at this important juncture in Canada's trade and commerce to the proceedings at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Bank of Commerce held yesterday. The president, Sir Edmund Walker remarked at the outset that "One turn o fthe kaleidescope has changed the aspect of almost everything in our daily lives and in our mental horizon Only yesterday we were lending every faculty as a nation and as individuals to the thousand different kinds of efforts necessary to win the war."

Everyone engaged in industry and trade will be glad to have for their careful consideration, if not for their guidance the conclusions which the facts and figures assembled and presented at this meeting would appear to point out. One of the outstanding results achieved since August, 1914, and due to the war is the expansion in Canada's foreign trade. Our exports have been phenomenal and imports far above normal. To the latter, Sir Edmund devotes particular attention, regarding as of first importance some way of affecting a material reduction in them. Further it would appear that in his opinion the industrial plants developed to produce munitions of war is relatively as important in the peace era just upon us as it was in war time. We need not repeat here the very interesting summary of foreign trade which he gives, but would draw attention to the list of substantial imports, the place of which might be taken by home products. It is hoped "eventually to produce the whole of our requirements, in all of them. If we could do so now, we could face the future with complete assurance as to our financial position as a nation, and with the best possible market for our farm products—that at home."

While accentuating the importance of home market Sir Edmund sees openings for the products of Canada in foreign golds that will be available to those who can compete for it but it will not be obtained without a struggle which leaves no room for lack of skill in manufacturing, of the knowledge of costs, of the power of finance and of the facilities for transportation.

His discussion of this aspect of the future of trade and commerce is informative as well as assuring, as dfurnishes abundant evidence of unbounded confidence in Canada, her resources and industrial capacity. In no less a degree, pride is shown in the wonderful achievements of Great Britain, whose part during the war is vary graphically and appreciatively reviewed.

Sir John Aird

The part taken by the Canadian Bank of Commerce itself, of which it has every reason to be proud, was alluded to by the General Manager, Sir John Aird, who confessed to a feeling of pride in the ability shown to maintain the premier place among Canadian Banks in the matter of earnings. Although the actual amount shown was large, it must not be forgotten he pointed out, that the rate of earnings of the Bank, as of all Canadian Banks, is steadily decreasing when measured by the services rendered and the extent of the effort put forth. It will be recalled by those present at the annual meeting in 1915 that reference was made to a possible loss by depreciation in security values, and the hope then expressed that this loss would be saved. At that time, $1,000,000 was set aside. As was hoped would be the case when the appropriation was made, the Bank was able to add the entire amount to its profits.

Another matter which is of considerable interest to the shareholders, and has an interest of a national character, is the extent to which the bank and its customers contributed to the success of the Victory Loan. Sir John says that 150,773 individual subscriptions, aggregating $104,543,000 of which $100,000,000 was new money, or 15 per cent of the total, represent the efforts of the Bank and its customers. This will be particularly pleasing to the Bank's shareholders when it is considered that the number of subscriptions to the war loan in March, 1917, was 41,000 that is, for the whole of Canada. The Bank's contribution exceeded the proportion which might have reasonably been expected from it, as Sir John pointed out, and he added that it was not accomplished without strenuous efforts on the part of the Bank's staff and the expenditure of a large amount of money by the Bank. At the same time the Bank assumed its full share of the requirements of the Dominion Government and the Imperials Munitions Board.

Sir John discussed at some length the conditions incidental to financing the requirements of Great Britain and also issued a timely warning relative to the future financing of the undertakings proposed as part of the reconstruction plans of the Government. He expressed the opinion that good preparatory work has been done and that we may look forward to the future with quiet confidence, but urged that it would be well for us to bear in mind that the money will have to be provided to carry out the plans for reconstruction which have been discussed. "Let a wise and statesmanlike view of the matter prevail," he added, "and all proposed works be undertaken which are in the best interests of the community having regard to all aspects of the question." No doubt in making this statement he had in mind the view of the President, Sir Edmund Walker, to the effect that such expenditure would not be of assistance of presumably in the best interests of the country unless it added to productive capacity. Sir John mentions that a number of our municipalities are already hampered by heavy debts incurred in former periods of prosperity and no one will favor any considerable increase at this time in the national debt of the Dominion. The findings of the Cunliffe report that all money expended on reconstruction work should come out of savings and not be obtained by the creation of new credit are endorsed by him. The burden of high interest rate sand of taxes, the extend of which it may be added, is not yet determined, is such as to make clear, as Sir John points out, the importance of saving and economy in personal expenditure as a public duty. This in junction as to economy was much urged during the war, and is as necessary if not more so now to provide for the carrying out of the plans designed to avoid dislocation of business in the transition from war to peace times.

Want to Buy

any part

$50,000

Of the Following Bonds

UNITED KINGDOM 3-year .. 101¼
5½% (1st Nov. 1919 & Int.

UNITED KINGDOM 5-year 99½
5½% (1st Nov. 1921) & Int.

ANGLO-FRENCH 98½
5% (15th Oct. 1920) & Int.

CANADA 2-year 100½
5% (1st Aug. 1919) & Int

Peterborough Security Co.

Hughson Johnstone .. Manager
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"$5,000 AN HOUR

2 Reel Comedy--British Gazette--Judge Brown Story

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Juggling and Barrel Spinning

Matinee 10c Evening 15c

COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAM MONDAY

Next Thursday Evening, January 23d

Chautauqua Lyceum Course

SECOND ATTRACTION

Hon. William Howard Taft

Assisted by Locia Talent

ALL SEATS—$1.00 COMMENCES AT 8:15

Subscribers may reserve their seats at the Box Office Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 20 and 21

Balance of Plan open to General Public, Wednesday and Thursday, January 22 and 23

THE WANDERER

Will be Rev. F. E. Malott's Theme in Trinity Church Sunday Night

On Sunday evening in Trinity church the Rev. F. E. Malott will give the story of the Wanderer as told by himself in one of the books of the Old Testament, and will compare it with the other versions of the story as given in parable and in play. Trinity's splendid choir will furnish a fine program of music. Visitors are always welcome.

But for the little men in the world great men would never be noticed.

The Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Lot Holders of the Company will be held at the City Council Chambers, Peterborough, on MONDAY THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, at 3 p.m., when the customary reports and financial statements for the past year will be presented and Directors for the present year elected.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1919.

E. H. D. HALL, President — E. A. PECK, Secretary

Saturday Night Sale of Groceries at

Porter S. White Co'y

For 3 Hours during Saturday Night, between 7 and 10 o'clock, we will offer Extra Special Inducements to shoppers, among which are the following:

JAMS AND MARMALADES

Pure Raspberry, Strawberry and Black Currant Jam—
4 pound pail $1.10
1 pound jars 30c
Waddell's Marmalade, 4lb. pail 90c
Green Gage, Peach, Black Raspberry, jars 25c
Crab Apple Jelly, tumblers ... 15c
Libby's Marmalade, lb. jar ... 20c

CANNED FRUIT

Green Gage, Lombars and Damson, tin 20c
Peaches, large tin for 25c
Pears, Bartlett, in heavy syrup, tin 20c
Pears, large tin 25c
Pears, Commander, large tin .. 20c
Blue Berries, tin 15c
Pineapple, grated 15c

CANNED GOODS

Tomatoes, tin 20c
Corn, tin 22c
Standard Peas, tin 14c
Quaker Peas, 2 tins for 35c
Clark's Pork and Beans, regular 25c, tin 21c
Clark's Pork and Beans, regular 15c tin, 2 for 25c
Spinach, tin 20c
Pumpkin, tin 13c
or 2 for 25c

FRUITS AND SPICES

Sunkist Seedless Oranges, doz. .. 40c
Florida Grape Fruit, 3 for 25c
Florida Grape Fruit, 4 for 35c
Florida Grape Fruit, extra large, 4 for 45c

CEREALS.

Shredded Wheat, 2 pkgs. 27c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs. 27c
Quaker Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs. .. 25c
Puffed Rice, 2 pkgs. 27c
Monarch's Wheatlets 20c
"Monark", Wheatlets 20c

Palm Olive, small size, 6 cakes 25c
Dingman's Naptha, 8 cakes ... 50c
Surprise Soap, 8 cakes 57c
Fairy Soap, 8 cakes 57c

ROLLED OAT SPECIAL
10 lbs. Rolled Oats 65c

SUNDRIES

Excelsior Dates, pkg. 25c
Dutch Cleanser, 3 for 27c
Best Corn Starch, 2 pkgs. ... 25c
Japan Rice, 2 lbs. 25c
Benson Corn Starch, 2 lbs. 27c
Lipton's Jelly, 2 pkgs. 25c
Imperial Jelly Powder 2 pkgs. 25c
Pure Gold Chocolate, 2 pkgs. for 25c

BACON AND BUTTER

No. 1 Bacon, very fine flavour and richness. Lb. 50c
Shortening, 1 lb. 20c
Shortening, 3 lb. pail 60c
Shortening, 5 lb. pail $1.47
Shortening, 10 lb. pail $2.90
Brookfield and other good Creamery Butter, lb. 57c

TRY OUR BLEND OF TEA AND COFFEE

CHRISTIE'S ASSORTED BISCUITS 25 CENTS PER POUND

Goods purchased Saturday evening delivered on Monday.

Porter S. White Co.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-0214.

PHONE 206. 394 GEORGE STREET

Winter Service at New Duffus Garage

If your car needs overhauling, now is the best time to have it done. We will call for your car and deliver it when finished. Do not wait till the rush of Spring business is on.

There will be a shortage of cars this season, but we will book your order for immediate or Spring delivery up to the supply in sight.

Duffus Garage

Dealers in Ford, Gray Dort and Dodge Bros. Cars.

Office Phone 1760. Cor. Charlotte and Water Sts.

Repair Dept. and Stock Room, Phone 1761.

BRANCHES: NORWOOD and MILLBROOK.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Southerly winds, fair and mild today and on Tuesday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 16 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

RETURNED SOLDIERS LAUD WORK OF SALVATION ARMY

Capt. C. R. Widdifield and Sergt. Stanley Testify to Good Work Done by That Organization at the Front—Judge Huycke, Joseph Waring and Other Speakers at Mass Meeting Yesterday

There was a crowd which filled the Grand Opera House, at the meeting held yesterday afternoon in the interests of the Salvation Army Red Shield drive for one million dollars, the local objective of which is $30,000 and which begun this morning and continues tomorrow and the next day.

In addition to the Salvation Army Band and the Temple Songsters the following gentlemen had places on the platform: Mayor Duncan, Judge Huycke, W. Stocker, J. A. Aylmer, Capt. C. R. Widdifield, Ex-Alderman Dobbin, Joseph Wearing, Sergt. Stanley and Aldermen Turner, Murray and McIntyre.

Mayor Duncan Presides

Mayor Duncan presided and in a short address heartily endorsed the campaign for funds being made by the Army in this city and throughout the country. He spoke of what this worthy organization had accomplished in the military camps, but especially dwelt upon their activities in this city which have come under his own observation for many years.

The Plan Explained

Mr. J. A. Aylmer, Chairman of the Canvassing Committee was the next speaker. He dealt with the organization for the campaign and the manner in which it was to be carried out. In this connection he made the statement that there might be some overlapping but reminded his auditors that if any of them were requested to give for a second time they should bear in mind the justice of the cause in the interests of which the money was being collected. He touched upon the splendid work which had been accomplished by the army in the past in the way of bringing relief to the man at the front and to their dependents at home and concluded by expressing hopes for and an assurance of the success of the $30,000 three day campaign as far as Peterborough was concerned.

Capt. Widdifield's Testimony

Captain C. R. Widdifield in a most convincing address dealt with the work of the army carried on in England and France about which he was exceptionally qualified to speak, being an officer who has seen much overseas service and whose testimony is first hand and therefore most dependable.

He commenced by reminding the citizens of the city that an organization, or for that matter a private individual, aspiring for public confidence is judged upon the past record and in this connection the Salvation Amry was in the happy position of being second to no body which carried on work at the front. Its history as a relief organisation overseas was beyond reproach. He told in a most interesting manner of the activities of the Army at the scene of war. Their huts were always a welcome resting place for the weary men upon arriving in billets fresh from the dreadful trenches. Here they were given light refreshments and a cup of coffee and that cheer and comfort which was so desirable under such trying conditions.

He brought out a strong point and one which is readily understood when he stated that the men felt more at liberty to ask a favor of a Salvation Army chaplin over there than of the representative of any other church or society. They felt less diffidence about approaching him and seemed freer in his company.

Hostels and other places where the Army carried on relief work in England were very important especially when the difficulty of obtaining hotel accommodation and the abnormal expense connected with it was considered. Capt. Widdifield stated that in his opinion the Salvation Army were making one of the most worthy appeals that had ever been made in connection with war work.

Praise From Sergt Stanley

Sergt. Stanley a returned soldier bore witness to the fine work of the Salvation Army overseas and com-

(Continued on Page 5.)

Allies to Control The Siberian Road

(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent.)

Vladivostok, Jan. 20.—Information here is to the effect that an inter-allied agreement for the control of the Siberian railway has been signed. The British are to control the line from Irkutsk westward, the French the Amur branch, and the Americans the Chinese Eastern railway. Major Stevens of the American railway corps is to be chief executive of the system.

Serbian Premier Resigns Office

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Saloniki, Jan. 20.—Nikola P. Pachitch, the Serbian Premier has resigned and Prince Regent Alexander has asked Stoyan Protitch, the Finance Minister to form a new Government.

Quiet Election Held in Berlin

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 20.—Elections for the National Assembly passed off fairly quietly in this city, but there were serious disturbances at Provincial points. The result of the balloting will not be known for some days.

Joshua Fuller and Lyman Morrison, who pleaded guilty to robbery with violence, were sentenced at Haileybury to fourteen and ten years respectively.

Bolshevist Army Halts at Frontier

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 20.—Bolshevist troops met by the German and Polish armies, have slackened their advance at the Polish frontier, after committing terrible excesses among people of the territory through which they have advanced during the last few days.

Tariff Changes Not Anticipated

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—The Council of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association met in monthly session here. At the conclusion of the meeting G. M. Murray, secretary was asked if the question of the reduction of the tariff was discussed.

"I don't recollect that we said much on the subject," he remarked.

It is however, stated here that the manufacturers as a result of their visit don't anticipate any changes in the tariff in the budget of the coming session. It is stated, however, that the order-in-Council of February 7 1918, rebating the duty on tractors valued at $1400 and under for the period of one year will be renewed for another year.

Major Garnet Greer Arrives Tomorrow

According to information received in the city Major Garnet Greer, son of Dr. T. N. Greer will arrive in Peterborough tomorrow afternoon on the G. T. R. 5.35 train.

CANADIAN MAKES PEACE IN POLAND

W. J. ROSE, OF WINNIPEG, SENT BY ALLIES TO THAT COUNTRY.

(Special cable from C. W. Dafoe, Canadian Press Correspondent)

Paris, Jan. 20.—One of the many difficult problems before the peace conference is that of Poland, but this situation has been greatly improved by the coming together of the two factions. In the negotiations which brought this about, a Canadian, W. J. Rose of Winnipeg played a considerable part. He spent many months recently in Poland and has been sent again on behalf of the Peace Congress with other delegates to report on the situation in that destroyed land of Paderewski and Pilsudki.

JUDGMENT GIVEN IN FAUX CASE

MAGISTRATE DUMBLE GIVES REASON FOR ADJUDGING THE DEFENDANT GUILTY.

A summary of the judgment in the Faux case as handed down by Magistrate Dumble in police court on Saturday morning is reproduced below.

The evidence of Laura Bourgon shows that on the evening of Saturday, December 18, 1918, Emmett Faux came to her house about 7 p.m. and that he brought a bottle with him. Her husband tasted it, said it was not strong enough and that he was not going to pay for it. Faux said that he had a stronger bottle at home. Faux went away and took the bottle with him, and came back in about fifteen minutes, bringing another bottle. Bourgon tasted it, and handed his wife the tumbler, and she also tasted it. She said it tasted something like high wines. Her husband bought this bottle.

Mr. John Heatherington, a neighbor, came to the house, and spent the evening and drank from the bottle. Faux took away the first bottle and produced a second or stronger bottle. After her husband tasted the second bottle he paid Faux the money and Faux went away.

As Faux was going out of the door he turned and said to Mrs. Bourgon, "Someone has rung the bell; hide the bottle; a policeman is coming in." It was only an insurance agent.

Bourgon told Heatherington that he had struck a little luck that after-

(Continued on Page 7.)

ABOLISH THE LAW AGAINST LOAFING

MINISTER OF LABOR SECURES ABROGATION OF ORDER-IN-COUNCIL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—On the recommendation of Hon. G. D. Robertson, the Dominion Government has abolished the "anti-loafing law," put into effect by order-in-council during the latter part of the war to ensure the maximum effort of the nation to work for the early and successful issue of the war. With changed conditions, owing to the returning soldiers and lack of employment, it is recognized that it would be unjust to continue the operation of this regulation.

ADMIT PUBLIC ON INVITATION

SINN FEIN PARLIAMENT TOMORROW WILL BE OPEN TO PRESS.

Dublin, Jan. 20.—Sinn Fein officials have announced that the meeting of the Irish Republican Parliament next Tuesday will be open to the press and public on presentation of tickets obtainable at Sinn Fein headquarters. Representation will be confined to elected members of the Parliament, but the unsuccessful candidates and men occupying Government positions will participate.

A conference was held in Dublin Castle Sunday, at which the Lord-Lieutenant, the Lord Chancellor, the Commander of the forces, the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General considered the situation. Differences of opinion are believed to exist as to whether it would be wiser to ignore Tuesday's assembly and proceed only against acts of intimidation or violence, or whether the assembly should be suppressed as illegal. A majority of the people expect that the former view will prevail.

Spartacans Make Trouble in Berlin

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 20.—Rioting occurred in Berlin during last night after the Spartacans had attempted to destroy the ballot boxes used in Sunday's election, according to a despatch from Copenhagen. The Spartacans were repulsed everywhere. Fighting took place in Wilhelm Strasse and Hedemann Strasse, and at Hallsche Tor, it is reported.

The erection of a memorial hall in Windsor to commemorate the soldiers of Essex county who fell in battle, is being planned by the Sportsmen's Patriotic Society.

WOMEN IN RUSSIA COMMIT SUICIDE TO ESCAPE THE MOB

Ability to Read and Write and the Wearing of Epaulets Is Considered Sufficient Cause for Death—How One Diplomat Was Murdered by the Bolshevists.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Jan. 20. — Bolshevist troops have slackened their advance at the Polish frontier. The Germans are delaying their evacuation of Grodno for several days although General Falkenhayn has retired to Suwalki and General Hoffmann has gone to Koenigsberg. Men have been arrested at Vilna and other places and have been released later it is said on the payment of sums ranging from fifty to fifty thousand roubles. The size of the ransom is in proportion to the terror of the victim and his power to pay. The Bolsheviki are especially bitter against the Poles.

Murdered a Diplomat

Miss Shebko, sister of the member of the Imperial Council, succeeded in escaping from the Mobliev and has reached Warsaw. She says that she, with aged aunts were driven from their home which was turned over to the peasant forces. They themselves were fortunate as many of their neighbors were massacred, she declared. The official of the Polish legion who went to visit Serbow Sberdowski is alleged to have been murdered because he wore paulets which are forbidden by the Bolsheviats. Miss Shebko says that this murder aroused the indignation of certain Jewish members of the Local Soviet. She says the sentence was finally approved when it was learned that the officer knew how to read and write. One of the speakers at the hearing was reported to have declared "There will be perfect equity in the world only when nobody knows how to read or write."

Miss Shebko says that many well bred women in Russia have committed suicide through fear of outrage.

KING'S YOUNGEST SON PASSES AWAY

PRINCE JOHN ILL ALL HIS LIFE DIES OF EPELEPSY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 20.—Prince John, fourth son of King George, died Saturday of epilepsy.

The last moments of Prince John came so quietly and unexpectedly that there was no time for the nurses who were with him to summon their Majesties to his bedside before he had passed away. The newspapers point out sympathetically how their Majesties have labored unceasingly during war time to bury the tragedy of their youngest son's delicate health in the silence of their hearts.

In recent years the delicate health of Prince John necessitated that he always have an attendant. Consequently he was never seen on public occasions with other members of the Royal family but lived in comparative privacy at Sandringham. Public sympathy was expressed for their majesties in all churches yesterday.

Peace Plans Take Definite Form

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 20.—It is understood that the supreme council of the inter-allied peace conference today plans for the League of Nations took on a definite shape, along the lines of W. J. Bryan's plan with many changes.

Spartacans Are Buried by Votes

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 20.—Only scattered returns from the election yesterday are yet available. In Replesen precincts of Berlin the majority Socialists defeated the Independent and Spartacus candidates two hundred to one.

BOLSHEVIK FORCES HAVE OCCUPIED MITAU.

London, Jan. 20.—Mitau, capital of Courland, has been occupied by the Bolsheviki, according to a German wireless despatch received here. The Germans were obliged to leave behind numerous guns and supplies of ammunition. After the Germans had evacuated Mitau fire broke out, destroying a great number of houses in the centre of the town.

Local Effects of the Bank Merger

In the event of the ratification by the stockholders and the Minister of Finance of the proposed merger of the Bank of Nova Scotia and the Bank of Ottawa, as announced in a despatch from Ottawa today, there will be one less office in Peterborough.

Mr. J. W. Fraser, manager of the branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia here, stated this afternoon that he had compared the lists of offices of the two banks, and found that there were only eleven places in the country where they would conflict. These are: Arnprior, Edmonton, Fort William, Montreal, Ottawa, Peterborough, Prince Albert, Regina, Toronto, Vancouver and Winnipeg.

Unless another bank should decide to establish a branch here, which is not at all likely, as Peterborough already has eight banks, or one for every three thousand of the population, men, women and children, the city will lose one office as a result of the amalgamation.

Both banks are healthy financial institutions and are especially well adapted for a union of such a character as has been announced. A merger such as this cuts down unnecessary expenses in the way of maintaining two head offices, which are a heavy burden. The union of both institutions will eliminate one of these, and, while the work can be directed just as efficiently by one of them, the cost of maintenance will be almost cut in half.

In this connection it is interesting to note that during the war the cost of banking accommodation has not increased, although the banks, in common with private individuals and other business institutions have been subject to the same conditions which have combined to inflate the expenses of operation, such as increased cost of fuel, stationery and salaries.

The reason for this is that it was found that by working overtime the staffs were able to make up for the lack of help which resulted from enlistments among the male clerks, and the increase in operating expenses was atoned for to some extent by the larger volume of business transacted.

(Continued on page 6)

HOME AGAIN.

The months in the trenches and the seasickness on the voyage home are all forgotten when the boys again get into a Canadian town. —British and Colonial Press Photograph.

LOST PROPERTY WORTH $40,000

LADY KEMP ROBBED OF JEWELS AND FURS IN U. S.

Toronto, Jan. 20.—Jewelry, furs and valuables totalling $40,000 have been stolen from the winter residence of Lady Kemp, wife of Sir Edward Kemp, overseas minister of militia, at Aiken, South Carolina. The robbery occurred while a dinner party was in progress, and Mrs. Joseph Hoffman, an American guest of Lady Kemp's, was also a victim of the thief or thieves.

Among Lady Kemp's furs was a magnificent ermine cape valued at not less than $2000, and sables worth $5000, while her diamonds and other jewels formed one of the most valuable collections in Canada.

So far as has been ascertained the Toronto police have not been notified of the occurrence. It was stated on Sunday that there was little hope as yet of the recovery of the stolen gems, but that a well-known Toronto lawyer was engaged in collaboration with the American police in an effort to ferret out the thieves.

TO CONTINUE IN ARMY UNTIL JOBS TURN UP.

Capetown, Jan. 20.—The South African government's demobilization scheme contains important provisions regarding unemployment. Discharged soldiers who cannot find employment may enlist in the South African defence force, remaining there until employment is found for them. They will be paid at South African rates of pay with maintenance allowances. The same procedure will be adopted as far as possible with South Africans who joined imperial regiments.

Steamer Aquitania Expected Thursday

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 20—The steamer Aquitania, which is expected to reach Halifax on Thursday, has about 5450 returning soldiers and 59 civilians on board. Those in three districts are as follows, London 350; Toronto 1348; Kingston 371.

Ebert's Faction In the Majority

(By Associated Press)

Berlin, Jan. 20.—Richard Fischer Secretary of the majority Socialists party in Berlin, shortly after midnight this morning estimated that in the election to the national assembly the majority Socialists would have between forty and fifty per cent of the votes; the independent Socialists five; the Centrists thirty and the German Democrats from 15 to 20 per cent.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 166-168 Hunter Street.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1852, is published every Thursday morning at 16 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1919

THE RED SHIELD DRIVE.

THE SALVATION ARMY drive, the object of which is to raise one million dollars in Canada fort he carrying on of the work of the organization, opened today and will be continued until Wednesday evening. Peterborough is asked to give $30,000, and considering the liberality of the people in the past in their donations to all war work, there should be no difficulty in raising this amount.

Everyone knows something of the work which the Salvation Army does in the time of peace. In very truth its mission is to seek out and save those who are lost. It does not conflict with the efforts of any of the churches as so many of the latter overlap in the field among themselves, but supplements the work of the regular denominations by going into the highways and byways searching for those who otherwise would be permitted to perish alone. The world over, for its branches are everywhere that the gospel has been taught, in the Dominion and in the city of Peterborough, the record of the Salvation Army is a history of successful work among the fallen. Its temples for public worship, its Sunday schools, its homes for the erring, are everywhere, the best possible testimonies to the nature of its public services.

Just as in the time of peace, so in the field of war work the Salvation has done and will continue to do a task that is peculiarly its own. It was the first organization to take up work among the soldiers; it will be the last to continue in that work, just as it is the last to appeal for funds to carry on its chosen mission. The indigent soldier and his dependents will be assured of interest in his welfare on the part of the Salavtion Army that he could hope for from no other source.

With this truth before them the people of Peterborough are asked for help. Every dollar contributed will go to aid the war-broken soldier, his wife and children, and other sufferers from the evils of four years of war. The meeting in the Opera House yesterday was a striking evidence of the esteem in which the Salvation Army is held and the confidence that is placed in its integrity by the public. Mayor Duncan presided at the gathering and testified to the value of the Army's services right under his own observation. Judge Huycke, Joseph Wearing and other prominent citizens spoke in its behalf.

Best of all, however, were the addresses of Captain C. R. Widdifield and Sergeant Stanley, men who have been overseas and who were able to give first hand information as to the splendid work the Army has carried on for the past four years in the theatre of war.

THE SECOND ACT IN "THE WANDERER."

THERE SEEMS TO BE a difference of opinion among the local clergy and the church people of the city as to the moral lessons that are conveyed in the modern drama that assumes to instruct the public in the difference between right and wrong. This discussion has been revived by the presentation of "The Wanderer," a biblical play, at the Grand Opera House last week. Some ministers regard all such dramas as an attempt to usurp the functions of the church, to make the lesson in Christian duty easier by teaching it in the form of light entertainment.

There were a number of ministers in Peterborough who witnessed the presentation of "The Wanderer." As to the lessons of the drama as a whole, there may be a difference of opinion, but there is none as to the second act in the play, which all the clergymen who witnessed it believe was realistic beyond all justification.

The act referred to depicts the life of the unsophisticated country boy when he left the home of his parents and went to Jerusalem to see life. He was lured by temptations that beckoned him on every hand. The costumes were scant, but they were true to date, the dances and other forms of revelry were such as are described both in sacred and profane history.

The modern student of human life demands realism in the drama, and the act in the play referred to was realistic beyond all question. It was not, however, any more so than are some of the descriptions that appear in the Old Testament of social conditions as they existed in the early history of the world. But if in the Bible vice is occasionally paraded, the object is to emphasize virtue by contrast. The sinner whose career is described in sacred story never escapes punishment, even in this world. The nation that gives way to licentiousness always comes to grief.

The lesson taught in the second act of "The Wanderer" is forcibly put. The sin of the hero of the play found him out. The realism of the presentation is no more objectionable than it would be to take a young man to a police court in a large city to show him the evils of intemperance in the spectacle of the human derelicts gathered there, or to a hospital to give him an object lesson in the results of ignoring the laws of health.

If the dance in the second act was objectionable, some of those who criticize it would beyond a doubt form the same opinion of some of the latest specimens of the terpsichorean art that may often be witnessed in a modern ball-room. Only a few years ago the Church condemned dances that have since been eliminated from the programme at all respectable entertainments.

Ministers and laity alike were charmed by the beauty of the first and third acts of the drama in question, with the pastoral scene in the opening and the elevating exhibition of maternal devotion and of Christian charity just before the close. And the moral lesson is obvious. One of the outstanding features of the play is the presentation of the fact that "The Wanderer's" early Christian training saved him from utter destruction and brought him back to the pathway of redemption at last.

The story of "The Wanderer" belongs to an ancient period of the history of the world, and is presented with fidelity of detail according to the custom of the times. If the scene was taken from a later age the presentation would have been in keeping with the social customs of the day just as in the case of two other modern dramas, "Everywomen" and "Experience." In the New Testament truth is impressed in a different form than is used in telling the story of the downfall of the doomed Cities of the Plains. The Nazarene, when He told the story of "The Prodigal Son" to His disciples did not go into details as to the life in a far country of the subject of His parable. The Apostle Paul, while admitting that he was the "chief of sinners," never wounded the sensibilities by enumerating his offences, an example many a moral reformer describing his own redemption would do well to follow.

ENFORCING PROHIBITION.

THE HAMILTON HERALD has always been opposed to the principle of total prohibition, and the main argument which it uses is that it is impossible to enforce such a measure. In the city in which the Herald is published such crimes as murder are not infrequent, indeed Hamilton is somewhat notorious not only in the murders committed, but as to the large percentage of assassins who have been able to elude the police. To be perfectly logical, the Herald should contend that the law against murder be removed from the statute books as a dead letter.

Of course, it was only to be expected that the Herald should be skeptical as to the greatest piece of moral legislation in the history of the world—the adoption of Federal prohibiton in the United States. Here again it has recourse to its old assertion that such a law cannot be enforced, and the argument it uses is based on a lack of information of the affairs of the United States that characterizes so many Canadian newspapers which give the people of this country so often the idea that all forms of lawlessness prevail among their neighbors across the border.

The Herald says that the fifteenth amendment to the American Constitution was passed in 1869, its purpose being to secure for the emancipated negroes the right of the franchise. "But," continues the Herald, "it is a notorious fact that it has failed to accomplish its purpose. In several of the Southern States to this day the voting rights of the colored man are rigorously restricted. They are denied equal rights with white citizens.

Any state in the American Union has a right to make its own franchise laws. If the negro has been deprived of the vote, that has been brought about by legislative enactment after a plebiscite had been taken on the question. The law that disfranchises the negro also deprives a number of whites of the vote. The Federal Supreme Court has ruled that any law lacking this provision would be unconstitutional. Nothing like discriminatory legislation is tolerated by the highest American court in its interpretation of the Constitution.

Any state has the right to practically disfranchise the foreigners by setting the time required for residence before the alien is entitled to vote, at ten, fifteen or twenty-five years, as the legislature may enact.

Things are not really as bad across the border as the Herald appears to imagine. The nation-wide prohibition enactment will be as effectively enforced at least as the law against murder in the field to which the Herald ministers.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

IN THE UNITED STATES the latest utility to pass into public ownership is the water wagon.

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GROWING A BEARD to protect the ears is a new one, but then the ex-kaiser has always been springing something outlandish.

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IN BARRIE a man named Wisdom has been elected a member of the school board. Here in Peterborough that term applies generally to the chosen ten.

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THE LONDON FREE PRESS does not like the exclusive singing of church choirs, but then the Free Press never had a chance to hear a Peterborough choir.

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AT LEAST, with those European countries as examples, it is safe to conclude that one bad government is more to be desired than two or more of the same brand.

• • • • •

THE BEST LAID PLANS of the old-time politicians, fast in the muck of tradition and precedent, will go agley when the returned soldiers get a chance to pass upon such cases.

• • • • •

WHEN ONE MORE State votes itself into the prohibition column, the United States will be bone dry from end to end. With one hundred million people on the water wagon, the world looks as if the days of John Barleycorn are as good as ended.

• • • • •

John Dillon calls bolshevism the "psychic plague." Specifically, we suppose, it is the soul itch. — Chicago News.

NOTHING of the kind. It is simply the longing of the stomach for bread and meat.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

That Roumanian Loan.
(Montreal Gazette.)

A report from Ottawa says there is no truth behind a rumor that the Government of Canada was to create a credit of $25,000,000 in favor of Roumania for the purpose of supplying the country with foodstuffs, agricultural implements and other materials. It is presumed that there will not at any future time be truth behind any such statement. Canada has assumed heavy liabilities, and is paying heavy taxes on account of the war. These should not be added to in efforts to finance the selfish second-rate powers of Europe.

Remember This.
(Detroit Free Press.)

A newspaper very seldom prints anything that isn't so deliberately. Whenever an untruth is printed you can make up your mind that the newspaper has been unfortunate enough to get its information from a liar.

What The Government Is Doing

Q—What is a war service gratuity?

A—It is a grant of money made by the Dominion Government to every soldier discharged from the Canadian army.

Q—What is the idea of giving the men a gratuity?

A—After the signing of the armistice it was thought advisable to change the method of giving soldiers post discharge pay.

Q—Has the war gratuity got anything to do with post discharge pay?

A—Nothing whatever. It takes the place of what was called post discharge pay prior to the signing of the armistice.

Q—What is the reason for giving the soldiers a grant

A—So that every man will have enough money to "tide him over" the time between his discharge from the army and the time he gets a job.

Q—Is the war gratuity the same amount of money as post discharge pay?

A—No. It is larger.

Q—Does it include back pay or pension or clothing allowance to which a man may be entitled?

A—No. It is given over and above any allowances mentioned.

Q—Does the gratuity go to every man who served at the front?

A—It will be given to every man who serve d at the front whether he was discharged before or after the armistice. Those who were on active service at the date of the signing of the armistice, Nov. 11th,' 1918, will also receive the new gratuity.

Q—If a man was discharged prior to the signing of the armistice and did not serve at the front, does he get the gratuity?

A—No. He will be entitled only to post discharge pay. But all soldiers discharged after Nov. 11, 1918, will receive the gratuitf.

Q—How much monef does each man get as a gratuity?

A—The amount is graded. If a man has served overseas for three years or more is given a gratuity equal to six months' pay and allowances. The man who has served in Canada only is given three months' pay and allowances.

It is graded down to one month's pay and allowances, according to length of service and where the soldier served.

Q—What about a man whose dependents have been receiving separation allowance?

A—If the monthly pay and allowance is less than $100, he is given $100 a month as gratuity. Part of the gratuity, equal to separation allowance, will be paid directly to the dependents entitled to it. If the monthly pay and allowances for a man without dependents amounts to less than $70 a month, he will be given $10 a month.

Q—What is the smallest gratuity given?

A—Every gratuity granted will amount to at least one month's pay and allowances.

Q—hen is this money to be paid?

A—Men who already have been discharged will be given the gratuity to which they are entitled, less any post discharge pay they have recevied after Feb. 1, 1919.

Q—That means that any post discharge pay already received will be deducted from the amoun tof the gratuity?

A—Certainly.

Q—If there is any "kick" about the amount paid to a soldier, who does he do to have it adjusted?

A—Application for an adjustment must be made to the paymaster of the district from which the soldier was discharged.

Q—Must the application be made in writing?

A—Yes. The forms necessary may be obtained at the military headquarters of each district, from district and unit paymasters, and from officers commanding militia units.

Q—What about men who are still in the service?

A—They will receive their first month's gratuity immediately upon their discharge.

Q—What about men who are in the care of the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment?

A—They will get their gratuity as soon asthe y cease to receive full pay and allowances.

Q—Is the amount of the gratuity equal to that paid by other nations whose soldiers served at the front.

A—The amount to be paid to every Canadian soldiers is larger than that paid to any soldier of any other nation which had men on the firing line.

TODAY'S STORY

She was a widow; he was her only son.

Every Tuesday evening for seventeen months she had posted his letter, addressed to the Prisoners of War Camp, Coblenz—simple worded, a bit illiterate, perhaps, the handwriting stiffly careful but—a mother's letter. Seventeen months of patient, wearing longing for her; seventeen months of suffering for the boy. "It was mother's letter helped me to stick it," he said afterwards.

Now he was coming home — released!

What a stir in that little cottage, what a scrubbing and a cleaning, and polishing. Her hair was silver, those months of waiting had scored her face with lines, but today her eyes were bright, her face aglow, and she was actually singing, in a thin, weak voice, true; but what did the tone matter? The music was there.

"There's all his postcards and letters." She opened the wooden tea caddy and showed me them. "Right from the day he joined up." His photographs were on the mantelshelf—two school groups and one as a lad of about fourteen. There was the one he had taken at the barracks down where he was stationed — a laughing, keen-eyed youngster.

I looked round the little kitchen. His pipe rack was there ready,, pipes and all, and the tobacco jar filled. His bed had been aired every day, his boots carefully cleaned, his clothes all ready for him, pressed and sponged. All spoke of a tender, loving care.

She had dressed herself with extra care that morning. Round her neck was a bit of lace he had sent from Boulogne fastened with a brooch, a replica of his regimental badge. In the parlor were the souvenir handkerchiefs, tea cloths, cushion covers, gaudy in coloring, blatant in elaborate design. But he had sent them and they were beautiful in her sight.

"No, I am not going to the station," she said, smiling, as the hour of his arrival drew near. "I am just to wait here. His tea will be ready and he'll just walk in as he used to. And"——s—he paused and hesitated a moment—"I don't want to make a fool of myself before people."

The train was in! She could hear it draw into the station, and her hands fumbled nervously amongst the tea things, which had been arranged and rearranged a dozen times in the last hour.

WIT AND WISDOM

This is a Friend

"I think it's a good time to tell that big brute what I think of him. Don't you?"

"Well, I don't know. The hospitals are pretty crowded just now."

Immediate Result

She—Suppose I broke off our engagement, what would you do?

"I'd die in a week of mortification."

She—Heaven! Does it act as quickly as that?

Profound Observation.

"A young rooster always makes a better sound when frying than when trying to crow."

Little Amy, to her mamma—"What is a dead letter, please?"

Mamma—"One that has been given to your father to post."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says nothing is ever granted by resorting to violence and all labor trouble ought to be referred to a court of incompetent jurisdiction

PORK PACKERS AT OTTAWA

Government Will Hold Conference With Them on Monday

For the purpose of clearing up the uncertainty which exists regarding the cessation of the English pork orders, the pork packers and producers have been requested by the Dominion Government to attend a committee meeting at Ottawa today. The Government's attitude will then be expressed. No further word has been received from overseas.

The police court is a continuous bench show.

There was a step outside, slow a bit and halting, but her face flushed and she moved shakily towards the door.

"My lad—my bairn!"

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

SHOES

Shoes is used to decorate our feet and protect them frum splinters and other painfill materials. Well then ay dont we wear them on our hands? Anser, because we dont hardly ever wawk on our hands.

Shoes is sipposed to make the feet bewtifill, most peeples feet not being considered bewtifill alone. This is proberly because peeple dont show their feet enuff for other peeple to get use to them. You can get use to enything, and even most babies start to stop being funny looking if you look at them long enuff.

Shoes awt to be kepp shined with a shoe brush and shoe blackening, but jest because a persins shoes is allways shined perfeck dont say they are the most intelligent, but they are proberly the most ambitious. Meny of the most intelligent fellows never shine their shoes unless sumbody in awthority notices how mutch they need it too awffen and ays there will be trubble if they *haff to mention* the subjeck agen.

One of the most popular ways of shining shoes is to put your foot up on the rim of the bath tub ware you can reetch it easy to smeer on the blackening, having a mutch prettier effect on the shoes than wat it has on the rim of the bath tub.

You never notice how awffen peeple tred on your shoes. Meny peeple who keep on accusing you of tredding on their feet wen half the time you aint enyware neer them would be tawking about other subjecks if their shoes wasent shined.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Don't expect to get rid of your troubles by advertising them.

Success never comes to the man who is afraid to face failure.

His satanic majesty will trust any man who is good at making excuses.

Many a man would act otherwise but for fear of legal consequences.

Hypocrites pray cream and live skimmed milk.

As a woman's beauty fades her brains come to the front.

What the average man needs is a censor for his conversation.

In the world of strife a man must be either an anvil or a hammer.

Knowledge and timber should be well seasoned before being put to use.

A faultless person never goes around pointing out the faults of others.

Work your eyes and ears overtime, but give your tongue an occasional holiday.

When a man looks into a mirror he imagines that he sees the reflection of a hero.

No matter how positive a woman may be of anything, she is seldom willing to bet money on it.

It sometimes costs a man six month of rheumatism to catch one little six inch fish.

Charity consists of gifts. Probably that is why a girl thinks it charitable to give her rival's age away.

A man's head is like his pocketbook. It's not the outside appearance, but what it contains that counts.

"I SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS"

Was Eventually Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I suffered for seven long years with a lame back, irregularities and pain. I had one physician after another but they did me no good. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and gave it a trial and in a short time I felt benefited and am now feeling fine, and without weakness or pain. Many of my friends have also taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and been helped by it."—Mrs. MARGARET NESS, 1846 E. Hazzard St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Women who suffer from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, sideache, headaches or "the blues" should not rest until they have given this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. If complications exist, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special suggestions. The result of its long experience is at your service.

HOGS PLENTY, PORK HIGH

Food Administration to Keep Promise to Grower, Maintains Price

Hogs are the most plentiful food commodity in the world today says a Chicago despatch. The market is flooded with hogs, and yet the price remains the same—$17.50 being the minimum price set by the food administration for January. Still, the price of pork, retail at least, continues to advance, although the packers say that they wholesale price is considerably lower than it has been for some time past.

Until the food administration, through its meat division, removes its regulation on hog prices, the packers say, the price of pork will remain high. The food administration, the packers say, will not permit the market to get back to the competitive system because it has promised the hog raiser a top price for hogs in order to stimulate production, just as it did when it had congress fix the price of wheat and in order to protect the hog raiser the price of pork will remain at the top notch.

Every city woman thinks that she could make a fortune in three years if she had a place to raise chickens.

If the lines of the hand indicate how long a person will live, the insurance people are indeed slow in getting next.

Sawdust pills would undoubtedly cure many of the ills to which flesh is heir if each individual would manufacture his own sawdust.

EMPIRE THEATRE Monday and Tuesday

BABY MARIE OSBORNE in **'My Lady o' the Beanstalk'**
A nice romance in 5 acts

LEAH BAIRD in **"Wolves of Kultur,"** Chapter Four **"THE RIDE TO DEATH,"**—Two Parts

"MERRY MERMAIDS," An ocean of laughter seasoned with beautiful girls—A feature comedy in two parts

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

"Over There" Featuring Charles Richman
This drama is one of the fine pictures of the season

MARIE WALCAMP in the Opening Chapter of
"The Lion's Claws," Serial

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROYAL THEATRE

12 First Run Reels **FOX NIGHT** 12 First Run Reels

High Class Feature War Drama

"Bonnie Annie Laurie"--5 parts

A Scottish Tale of Love and Patriotism in Scotland and Bloody France, featuring Peggy Hyland

SPECIAL SOCIAL FEATURE FILM

"The Blunders of Divorce"-5 parts

"Marriage is little better than a system of free love," declares Cardinal Gibbons, spokesman for the Roman Catholic Church in America.
See the evils of which he complains in the presentation of this great picture.

Sunshine Comedy **"A Self Made Lady"** Two Parts

This Program should get together all the Scotchmen and Scotchwomen in the city to see the above great picture, "Bonnie Annie Laurie."

"The Blunders of Divorce," shown make a wonderful educational film, inasmuch as it features one of the greatest evils of the present day.

Fox High Class Program for Monday. Don't Miss Matinee

Special Saturday Morning Matinee for School Children and others only 10c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

The passing of a great American—Theodore Roosevelt—has caused many of our readers to inquire, "What is embolism?"

Embolism is the lodgment in a blood vessel of a foreign mass or particle, either a particle of blood clot or a particle of tissue broken from a diseased heart valve or a particle of fat from the marrow of a broken bone or sometimes a bubble of air gainnig entrance to the circulation through a large wound. The foreign particle, called the embolus, is carried from its place of origin through the veins to the right side of the heart and thence to the lungs. If it lodges in a vessel in the lungs, the result is pulmonary embolism, which constitutes about half of all cases of embolism. If the embolus happens to plug the main trunk of the pulmonary artery death is sudden and painless; this is ocasionaly observed in cases of long standing valvular disease, in convalescence from pneumonia, and in young mothers a few days after childbirth. If a smaller arterial branch is plugged by the embous, there is sudden extreme difficulty of breathing, accompanied by a feeling of great anxiety, and the struggling for breath is soon followed by loss of consciousnessfi the breathing stops and soon afterwards the heart ceases beating. If a still smaller artery is plugged, the difficulty of breathing lasts hours, with gradually increasing blueness, cold perspiration, perhaps convulsions; but sometimes recovery occurs. Embolus of small arteries in the lungs may cause no market symptoms at all and never be detected.

Should the embolus pass through the long back to the left side of the heart it is more likely to lodge in the brain. That is called ecerebral embolism. The result is sudden paralysis of that portion of the body over which the nervo centers of the part involved preside. Embolism is the more common cause of a "stroke of paralysis" in young persons which occurs without the loss of consciousness usually observed in a "stroke" in persons over middle age. Of course if a very large brain artery is plugged death follows immediately and painlessly. As a matter of fact, a great many cases of sudden death in persons apparently in good health, ascribed by "heart disease" or "heart failure," are really caused by cerebral embolism; and, although the embolus has its origin in chronically diseased heart valves in more that half of the cases, the death is not caused by heart failure.

Embolism from a clotted varicose vein is a sufficiently grave possibility to varrant prolonged rest in bed when there is any niflammation in and about a varicose vein in the leg, even though the patient may feel able to be up and on his feet.

Embolism is the tragedy which has terminated many a case of criminal abortion.

Chapping.

"Please print a good recipe to relieve chapping of the arms and face. M. G."

Boric acid, 3 drams; glycerin, ½ ounce; tragacanth, ½ dram; water, 12 ounces.

Boil all together, stirring frequently, till all is dissolved. Apply two or three times daily after bathing and before the skin is quite dry.

So Called Asthma.

"Are there such diseases as cardinal asthma and bell palsy. MISS M. A. M."

The shortness of breath or breathlessness often noted in persons with serious heart disease is sometimes called cardiac (referring to the heart) asthma, fut of course it is not true asthma. Bell's palsy is a name sometimes applied to one sided paralysis or weakness of the face due to neuritis or injury of the facial nerve (Bell having described the condition originally-.

PLOWING MATCH PLANNED FOR THIS FALL AS USUAL

Annual Meeting of Ploughmen's Association Held on Saturday and Officers Elected —Veteran President Retires.

The County Plowmen's Association held its fifth annual meeting in the City Council Chamber on Saturday, with a good attendance of members. While no County match was held during 1918, good work was done and considerable interest around by the field competitions for men and boys on their own farms. This work will be continued and a competition arranged for two furrow plows instead of carrying on the boys' class in the field contest.

During the coming season, it is probable that labor will be more plentiful on the farms and the Association hopes to conduct the annual County match in the autumn of 1919 as formerly.

Mr. Joshua Smithson, who has been president for the past three years and is returning this year, was endered a hearty vote of thanks by the members for his good work during his term of office.

W. J. Cleghorn will represent the Association at the annual convention of the Ontario Plowmen's Association on Jan. 23rd at Toronto. The following officers were appointed for 1919:

President—John Gillespie.
1st Vice-president—W. J. Cleghorn.
2nd Vice-president—C. E. Moore.
Secretary-Treasurer—Hugh McFee, Keene.
Directors—N. Monaghan, H. G. Webber, Walter McKee; Smith, W. J. Grant, W. A. Roseborough; Ennismore; Dan Crough, F. F. Cavanagh; Douro, W. Garbutt, C. S. Brown; Otonabee, J. Smithson, W. G. Henderson; Asphodel, Wm. Knox; W. Breckenridge; Peterboro, H. B. Cowan; Dummer, C. J. Darling.

NEW SYSTEM ON OLYMPIC

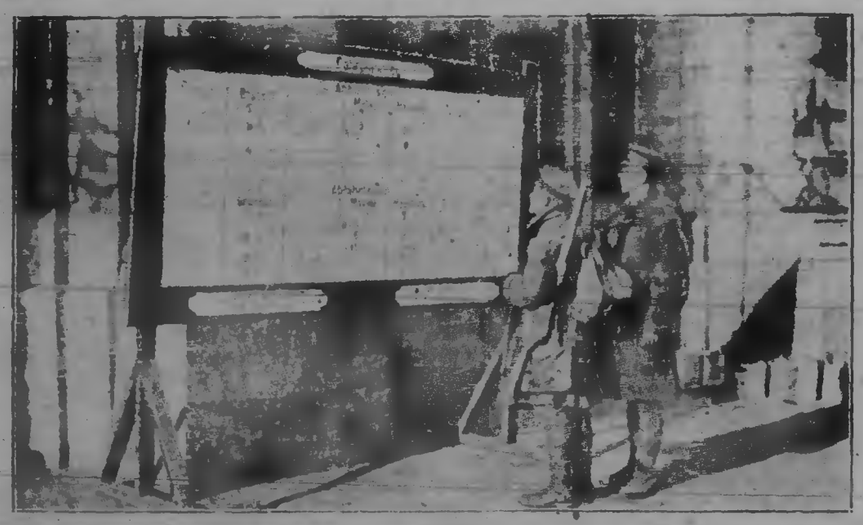
Three Divisions With Major for Each.—O.C. Tells of Trip

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 20.—That all the Canadians now overseas can be brought home as comfortably as were those on the Olympic, is the opinion of Lieut.-Col. Yates, officer commanding the troops on board the great ocean ferry throughout her recent voyage. Col. Yates said he felt that this trip had been the most successful yet made by a transport bringing home Canadians. The colonel said that he was convinced that with proper treatment all the troops now overseas might arrive on this side as well pleased with their trip as the boys on the Olympic were.

A new system was used in handling the men during this voyage. The ship was divided into three parts, with a major in command of each, and an adjutant as his aide. Thus the wants of the men might be more readily noticed than in the case of a ship under the command of a general staff.

Students in the school of experience are handed their diplomas by the undertaker.

If a man doesn't know when to be silent he doesn't know when to speak.



"WHAT'S 'FAHRPLANTAFEL' MEAN, HARRY?"
Canadian soldiers studying a German railway bulletin board at Mons. The bulletin was kept up to date by the marking out of towns as they were captured by the Allies. —Canadian official photograph.

WHY HIGH PRICES STILL PREVAIL

MANUFACTURERS HAVE USED UP RESERVE AND BUY AT INCREASED RATES.

Many people have been wondering why restaurants have raised the prices of food. In November, when the armistice was signed, everyone hoped the cost of living would go down, and that things would become more normal again.

One biscuit manufacturer in Toronto said that the reason biscuits had advanced in price was because they had used up all the reserve stock and had had to buy at prevailing market prices, which were considerably higher than those formerly quoted. This, coupled with the increased wages, he said, had accounted to some extent for the advance. It was also explained that difficulty in obtaining certain materials had prohibited the manufacture of certain lines altogether. Garibaldi biscuits, for instance, were not made at all now, owing to the price of currants. For nearly a year this firm had not made this particular kind of biscuit.

Others questioned about the advanced in prices and proferred the same suggestion that having gone through their reserve stock they were compelled to buy at the higher prices.

A very noticeable increase was in the price of coffee, which is now being sold from thirty-five cents to sixty cents per pound. There was a rise in the price recently of seven and eight cents on the pound. A 24-pound bag of flour now costs $1.60 and $1.70, the latter price being the hard wheat flour used for pastry. Granulated sugar has remained the same for some time and is still selling at 11½ cents per pound.

Wholesale grocers are amusing in their remarks about the substitutes which they had carefully stocked in large quantities to meet the demand which they had thought would remain for many months. Speaking of the rye, barley and cornmeal flour which he had in stock, one Toronto grocer said: "We can't even give it away today." This proves that immediately people were not obliged to use substitutes they went back to the original article in double quick time. From the statements of wholesale grocers, practically no one is using substitutes todsy.

Another puzzle to those who used to enoy their breakfast porjridge is why they get so many husks for breakfast and why the porridge is mealy, and not nearly so good as it used to be. Most of the oatmeal being sold in the Province today is Ontario oatmeal. What was formerly used was Western oats, which were a superior kind to those grown in Ontario. Ontario oats were not ground for household use to any great extent, but were used for horse feed. They are a cheaper kind of oats, and that is why oatmeal has come down in price.

According to butchers, it is still some time before a reduction in the price of meat may be hoped for. This is because of the time it takes to raise the cattle and hogs. The recent drop in the price noticed in the markets, it is stated, will not be felt until after the middle of February.

Many Varieties of Timber.

Burma grows over a hundred varieties of every sort of timber. Yet up to last year she exported her rubber in packing cases made of wood imported from Japan. It has now been found that they can be made locally at about half the cost.

Appropriately Directed.

"I met a sailor on the road," writes C. G. B., "and asked him if he could direct me to the Woodlawn cemetery. Turning, he pointed back and said with nautical brevity, 'Dead ahead.'"—Boston Transcript.

Evolution.

Said the almost-philosopher: "The fellow whose pap used to drive 25 miles to see a ballon ascension will heartlessly call his kids out of the street while they're watching an airplane."

No Slacker.

Father—"Why don't you stick to work more? It ought to be a real enjoyment to you." Son—"It is, sir, but I don't like to give myself up wholly to pleasure."

Sincerity Must Be Perfect.

Sincerity is impossible unless it pervade the whole being, and the pretense of it saps the very foundation of character.—Lowell.

Daily Thought.

How deep while sluggards sleep.—Benjamin Franklin.

Be Sure to Get

WRIGLEY'S

THE wax-wrapped sealed package with WRIGLEY'S upon it is a guarantee of quality.

The largest chewing-gum factories in the world—the largest selling gum in the world: that is what WRIGLEY'S means.

SEALED TIGHT
KEPT RIGHT!

Made in Canada

47

The Flavour Lasts!

Minor Scales.

There are two [illegible] scale, viz., the melodic and harmonic. The former is sometimes called the vocal minor scale, because it is easier to sing than the harmonic. The latter has an augmented second between the sixth and seventh degree, and this is difficult to sing until one has acquired a certain degree of proficiency. The harmonic minor scale is more used in instrumental than in vocal music.

Caterpillars' Intelligence.

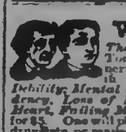
If caterpillars cannot actually think, it appears that they have a degree of sense not generally recognized. In a London institution lecture some time ago Frederick Enoch, who has been studying the insects for half a century, showed that they really seem to be conscious of their marking and coloration and are able to use the knowledge in protecting themselves from birds, their natural enemies.

Call for Pity.

There are people who go about the world looking out for slights; and they are necessarily miserable, for they find them at every turn, especially the imaginary ones. One has the same pity for such men as for the very poor. They are the morally illiterate. They have had no real education, for they have never learned how to live.

Ancient Egyptians Played Ball.

Egypt is the birthplace of the ball game. How it was played history does not record. Recent excavations made near Cairo have brought to light a number of small balls, some of leather and others of wood, dating back to at least 2,000 B. C. These are the oldest balls of this sort known.



Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 20.—Live stock receipts were heavy, trade slow, lambs weaker and of poor quality. Sheep and hogs were practically unchanged.

Choice export	$13.50	$14.50
Choice butchers	10.00	11.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.50
Feeding steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.75	10.50
Lambs	14.50	15.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.25	16.25
Calves	16.50	17.00

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord

Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Grand Trunk Railway System
TIME TABLE CHANGES
A change of time will be made on JANUARY 19, 1919
Information now in Agents' hands.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
163 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-263

You Hold the Key

Will You Keep The Door Open?

WHERE will our men in uniform—Over There and Over Here—go in their spare time, if the doors of the Salvation Army Hostels are closed for lack of funds? WHERE?

This week decides. Consider carefully, for if THOSE doors slam in the faces of our soldiers, the echo will go ringing through the years to come. Canada will regret. You hold the KEY!

Let us state the case quite plainly. The next twelve months are critical ones in the careers of our citizen soldiers. They will have a great deal of time on their hands and it is for you to make it helpful and enjoyable. They have come to know the Salvation Army over there, and realize what it means. Give him a chance, and the soldier will turn to the Hostel, and all will be well!

"FIRST TO SERVE" Soldiers Home — THE SALVATION ARMY — *"LAST TO APPEAL"* Coming Campaign

for the

Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

THIS WEEK

The Salvation Army has rendered service to millions of fighters for the Allies. It started work in the war twelve days after Germany invaded Belgium. It has 197 Huts at Soldiers' Camps; thousands of Beds in Hostels close to the stations and landings used by the soldiers; it has distributed tens of thousands of parcels of food and clothing among the forces and it has carried tens of thousands of wounded in its ambulances. The need is still great for Hostels over there, and for Hostels and other forms of help OVER HERE, to take care of our soldiers during demobilization.

The Salvation Army serves hot coffee, cocoa and sandwiches to soldiers; cooks, mends, furnishes music and entertainment, safeguards the home ties, and labors for the Master.

Its services are endorsed by public and military authorities, and, best of all, by the men themselves! Ask any returned man what he thinks of the Salvation Army.

Shall the doors be kept open, and the good work continue as long as there is need? The KEY is in your pocket!

"God Loveth a Cheerful Giver"

Help Her to Help Them

19 THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

ENTRAINING AT HALIFAX.
Troops from the Olympic entraining for their western homes after having debarked from the Olympic.
—British & Colonial photograph.

The Alien Is Entitled to a Fair Show in Court

IN VIEW OF THE INTEREST which is taken today in the alien question, the following decision of a high tribunal as given in a Toronto paper is certainly worthy of careful perusal. The article is as follows:

Mr. Justice Riddell, who some little time ago quashed the conviction of Sam Hackam of Bracebridge, arrested as an alien enemy, and made no order for the protection of the magistrate, who along with the prosecutor was saddled with costs yesterday, refused an application for a new trial, which was asked for in order to permit of new evidence being submitted. His Lordship found the magistrate and the prosecutor liable for the costs of the re-hearing, and told Hackam he could ask a jury to determine the right exercised by the magistrate and the constable.

Remarking upon the evidence in his judgment, Mr. Justice Riddell pointed to the fact that Hackam after his arrest was refused the use of a telephone, nor was he allowed to communicate with anyone. Hackam also alleged that at his trial his request for a lawyer was refused by the magistrate, and that Constable Stewart said he would like to whip him and men like him so long as he would stand, or words to that effect. Stewart's statement in defence was that after the conviction reference was made to alleged offences committed by Hackam and one Nassau against women, and he then said that if he did to prisoner what he would like to do he would tie him up and horsewhip him within an inch of his life. This showed, His Lordship stated, the consideration this unfortunate foreigner received at the hands of officials of the Crown representing the majesty of Canada.

Dealing with four affidavits presented, Mr. Justice Riddell declared that that by the magistrate was not evidence at all, as he did not swear that he would not believe Hackam on oath, but that from the general reputation of Hackam and his cousin Nassau these men were considered to be persons of bad reputation and undesirable citizens. His Lordship refused to pass on the affidavits of Hackam on the one hand and those of the respondents on the other, other than suggest they might be passed to a jury.

The prosecution His Lordship regarded as wholly inexcusable, unfounded and unlawful, and said it might have been expected that respondents, when they found they had done wrong, would have gladly consented to right that wrong as far as possible, but instead of a word of apology they had put on the files of the court affidavits filled with entirely irrelevant charges against the character of the defendant, evidently with a view to prejudicing the court against him. In these circumstances His Lordship did not feel justified in relieving the respondents from the payment of costs.

In refusing a request for an order for protection, Mr. Justice Riddell pointed out that Hackam was arrested and convicted on a charge of which he was admittedly not guilty. There was no evidence against him, and Constable Stewart had none to offer except the statement that he believed Hackam was an enemy alien. Concluding, His Lordship stated that if Hackam desired the opinion of a jury of Canadians as to whether the magistrate acted maliciously or without reasonable or probable cause he should have the right to such opinion, and "at all events I shall not close His Majesty's court against the strangers in the land."

LABOR UNREST IN BRITISH ISLES

POSTAL EMPLOYES AND OTHER UNIONS AND DEMANDING SHORTER HOURS.

London, Jan. 20.—The industrial unrest prevalent throughout the country is causing serious anxiety, not only to large employers of labor, but even to Conservative labor leaders. The labor leaders taking this attitude include J. H. Thomas, general secretary of the Trainmen's Union, who warned a meeting of postal workers who were demanding a forty-two hour week, more holidays and curtailment of night work, that "the industrial and economic position of this country gives cause for alarm."

The postal workers are only one of many trade unions which are demanding shorter hours with the present or better pay. Up to this time the demands of the miners have been embodied in the resolutions of the Southport Miners' Federation who on Wednesday demanded that the Government demobilize all miners in the army and that wages other than war wages be advanced thirty per cent.

The attitude of the miners has caused the most comment, as coal and its price more directly affects the public. It is estimated that to grant a thirty per cent increase in wages would send the price of coal up at least a dollar a ton.

In addition to the miners the shipbuilders on the Clyde and in other centres are agitating for a forty-hour week, with daily wages of one pound. The men engaged in the same in dustry in Belfast threaten to throw down their tools at the end of the month unless the forty-four hour week. The carpenters throughout the United Kingdom are asking for a forty-seven hour week, and the iron moulders who recently were granted forty-seven hours are threatening to strike unless this is imposed in forty-four hours.

CONDITIONS ARE GOOD OUT WEST

GRAND TRUNK OFFICIAL TELLS OF DEVELOPMENT IN THAT REGION.

Montreal, Jan. 18.—"Conditions in the West continue to be very satisfactory in spite of the readjustments which must be faced following upon the close of the war," said Mr. W. P. Hinton, Vice-President and General Manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, on his arrival here from Winnipeg.

"We are looking forward with every confidence," continued Mr. Hinton, "to receiving during the present year a large number of settlers from the United States to take up the splendid lands which are still available at moderate prices. The war affected most seriously the class of men—that the young farmer class—from which we have in the past drawn most of our immigrants. With the return of the troops there can be but little doubt that we will again have an opportunity of welcoming a considerable number of these desirable men from the United States. The territory served by the Grand Trunk Pacific will also receive, of course, its share—and a very large one we anticipate—of these of our own returned men desirous of taking up agricultural opportunities with the addition of many new-comers from the United Kingdom.

"There is steady development proceeding along the whole line of the Grand Trunk Pacific and with the return to normal conditions that development will be accelerated, particularly in regard to the exploitation of the great natural resources in British Columbia, which include lumber and minerals requiring capital for their proper development. At Pt Prince Rupert there is general prosperity. Plans are just being completed by the Prince Rupert Dry Dock and Engineering Company for the building of ways for the inauguration of the shipbuilding program. This will include the construction of wooden and steel ships sufficient to keep this plant busy for about five years. This port is well situated for shipbuilding purposes, making it possible for it to receive materials without any additional cost as compared with other points of the Pacific coast. It has also at its doors a wonderful supply of Northern spruce and there is no better material for building wooden ships than this class of lumber.

"The volume of traffic moving on the Grand Trunk Pacific is satisfactory, being particularly heavy from northern points, such as the Prince Albert branch, down to points in Southern Saskatchewan and Alberta where there is a heavy demand for cattle feeds, etc. There has been a large increase in the number of cattle in Western Canada an indication of the growth of mixed farming. The Western farmer follows in that respect, the only plan which is open to him. He engages in grain growing until such time as he command sufficient capital to acquire stock. He realizes just as shewdly as any one else that it is to mixed farming that he can look for the best results in the long run."

J. C. Watters, ex-president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, may go to Europe to represent Canadian labor on the great peace convention of workers to be held in

Public Ownership In North Dakota

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 20.—Without debate the North Dakota Senate has ratified the seven amendments to the state constitution which were voted upon at the last general election. By their final ratification, the amendments will permit the carrying into effect of the whole programme of state-owned elevators, flour mills, coal mines, packing houses, etc. At this session only state-owned elevators, flour mills, and banks are proposed for enactment. The House already has passed the seven amendments.

CITY TO WELCOME SOLDIERS HOME

KINGSTON WILL SEND WORD WHEN MEN WILL REACH HERE.

At the mass meeting in the interests of the Red Shield Drive, which was held yesterday afternoon in the Grand Opera House, Mayor Duncan announced that Pte. Preston and Nursing Sister Douglas, of Peterborough, had left Halifax Saturday night, according to word received in the city. They were bound for Toronto and would in all probability arrive in Peterborough today.

His Worship stated that the city officials had been advised that in future all returning Peterborough men would be sent through Kingston and that we would be notified of their coming by those in authority at that place.

Pole-fitness occasionally beats the strongest animal under the wire.

EX-KAISER, JURIST SAYS, IS ACCOMPLICE IN WAR CRIMES

Cannot Be Held as Chief Offender—New Tribunal Necessary in Order to Hear the Charges Against Wilhelm and His Clique

Paris, Jan. 20. Some points in the report to which Premier Clemenceau referred yesterday, when he said he had consulted two eminent jurists on the penal responsibility of the former German emperor, were made today. The report was drawn up by Ferdinand Larnaude, dean of the Paris Law Faculty, and Dr. A. G. de Lapradelle, professor of rights of nations, in the same faculty.

The object of the inquiry was to investigate from a purely juridical point of view if the crimes committed by the German Government and army involved the penal responsibility of the former German emperor, what tribunal should judge him, and whether his extradition could be demanded.

The authors of the report give a long argument against the bringing of the ex-emperor before a tribunal of common law, because his will commanded, but his hand did not execute. They say that he was not the principal offender, and that therefore he could only be punished as an accomplice. An international tribunal consequently must be found. They consider The Hague arbitration court founded at the 1899 conference incompetent to try the emperor, as the court was meant for cases where no penalty is to be applied. They argue that an entirely new jurdiction must be created, which should be the first instrument of a league of nations, and in which should appear exclusively the states which fought Germany.

The two French jurists prove that the extradition of the former German ruler cannot be refused, as he is not a political refugee. The report says: "It is anti-jurdical to assimilate war with conspiracy. Crimes of war are crimes of public law and international law, not political crimes."

The author of the report commence by establishing that no penalty is possible against a nation any more than against a company, but that the manager or director of a company can be punished.

Cannot Escape Responsibility.

"The emperor in the first place," says the report, "as King of Prussia is president of the confederation by virtue of a special law in which human will does not enter. The German sovereign depends only on God and the sword. With such a conception of power it would be injudicious in the highest degree to allow the emperor to escape responsibility for the war for which, under the constitution, the decision belonged to him alone; his responsibility for violation of Belgian neutrality, which was willed by him; responsibility for acts of terrorism by his troops, which he willed and ordered."

The report quotes a letter from the former emperor to the late emperor of Austria in the early days of the war in which the German emperor wrote: "My soul is torn asunder, but everything must be put to fire and blood. The throats of men and women, children and the aged, must be cut and not a tree nor a house left standing.

"With such methods of terror, which alone can strike so degenerate a people as the French, the war will finish before two months, while if I use human tarian methods it may be prolonged for years.

"Despite all my repugnance; I have had to choose the first system." The words 'my' and 'I' are italicized.

"Modern law," the report continues, "does not recognize irresponsible authorities even at the summit of hierarchy. It brings a state down from the rule of the judge.

"There can, therefore, be no question of saving from the judge a man who is at the summit of hierarchy, either by the application of internal or international law."

APPEAL CASE FEB. 11.

The appeal of the Quaker Oats Co. against the recent judgment raising their assessment will be heard before the Ontario Municipal Railway Board in their offices, Toronto, on February 11th.

G. N. Gordon, city solicitor, will appear for Peterborough, and Peck, Kerr & McElderry will handle the case for the Quaker Oats.

Milling skill, special machinery plus all the old time care gives PURITY FLOUR
(Government Standard)
the same superiority enjoyed in the old days.
"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry."
PURITY OATS makes better porridge.
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300 Cups of delicious Tea can be infused from a one pound packet——
and Always of one Uniform Standard of Quality.

"SALADA"

"The Tea that Never Disappoints" B561

The foregoing is not simply an advertisement *but plain statements of "Fact"*

RETURNEED SOLDIERS LAUD

(Continued from Page 1.)

mended the cause to the people of the city.

Mr. Joseph Wearing

Mr. Joseph Wearing made an eloquent appeal for the support of the citizens in connection with the Red Shield drive. He touched in a complimentary manner upon the characteristics of three of the Christian churches nat stated that the Salvation Army reached forth and raised up men and women who seemed beyond the power of any of the denominations he had mentioned.

Canada was faced with a period in which he believed there would be great development and this would be true in just that regree in which the people of the country were prepared for it. It therefore behooved the citizens of the Dominion generally to see that everything was done during the reconstruction period upon which we have entered to ensure that the nation is ready for the era of progress which is not far ahead and as the money obtained by the Red Shield Drive will be devoted to carrying on work connected with aiding returned soldiers and their dependents during the next few years the cause was deserving of the support of everyone.

Adjt. Bunton

Adjutant Bunton in a brief but forcible address outlined some of the activities of the Salvation Army in connection with the war. He stated that he had had the honor of being instrumental in the sending over of the first S. A. Band to leave this country when he was stationed at Guelph. The organization in which he held his commission had done its full share in the war and its ranks had been sorely depleted, as a result of enlistments in the Canadian forces.

In appealing for the support of the people in the campaign for $30 000 in Peterborough he asserted that the Salvation Army were carrying on a work which was the equal of any other organization that has interested itself in war relief activities and that it was the first in the field and the last to appeal for financial assistance.

His Honor Judge Huycke

His Honor Judge Huycke spoke highly of the worthiness of the work of the Army and advocated hearty supported of the Red Shield drive They had carried on relief activities on a most extensive scale during the war and many had wondered at their ability to finance them.

He emphasized a strong argument in favor of the campaign locally, and one which had not been introduced by any of the previous speakers when he dwelt upon the undesirability of having Toronto or any other city contribute funds to carry on work which would, without the slightest doubt directly benefit many men of Peterborough. For that reason as well as many others people of this city should contribute most generously when called upon by the canvassers within the next three days.

His Honor spoke highly of Capt. Widdifield and of the fine testimony he had borne of the good work carried on at the front by the Salvation Army and concluded by commending most earnestly the appeal for funds to the citizens of the city.

During the meeting several fine selections were given by the band which is fast becoming as efficient as it was before its ranks were thinned by the call to the colors when it was considered one of the best in the province. The Temple songsters who were on the platform gave two vocal contributions which were very acceptable and added variety to the program.

Adjutant McElhiney was to have been one of the speakers at the mass meeting yesterday afternoon but was unable to be present on account of the serious illness of his wife

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens So Naturally Nobody Can Tell

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good-even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 5 cents a bottle It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive.

WILSON TO SEE THE RUINS

Will Inspect the Devastated Regions of France During the Peace Conference

Paris, Jan. 20.—President Wilson will inspect the devastated regions of France during the Peace Conference. He will take advantage of the first opportunity to go between conference sittings to the battlefields.

Six children were taken from Cobourg to Toronto for Pasteur treatment, and dogs in that town are ordered restrained.

TRINITY CHURCH PASTOR SPEAKS ON "WANDERER"

Rev. F. E. Malott Gives Lucid and Interesting Intepretation of the Story in the Book of Ecclesiastes--Splendid Musical Program by the Choir,

Another version of the Wanderer was that given by the Rev. F. E. Malott in Trinity Church on Sunday night. He took his text from the book of Ecclesiastes, 12 : 13-14. The conclusion reached in this passage was that of a man who had gone the whole round of possible pleasures, had drained every goblet of offered joy, had sought solace in literature and philosophy but in none of these had found satisfaction. The speaker advanced the opinion that the book is the veiled auto-biography of the prodigal son, who writes, late in life, to warn young men against the pitfalls into which he fell. He compared it with the Pensee's of Pascal, The Sonnets of Shakespeare and other modern writings in which the authors tell their own life story. This writer calls himself Koheleth which means the Debater and not the Preacher. From a careful study of his book a sketch of his own career was constructed by the speaker.

Koheleth was the only son of wealthy Jewish parents. His home was near Jerusalem. He received his education in the Synagogue school and learned to labor, like all Jewish boys, upon his father's estate. The conventional religion of the day seems to have disgusted him with its hollowness. Home ties seem never to have been strong. As he grew to manhood the Wanderlust seized him and like the younger son in the parable he asked for his portion and went out into the world to get experience. Alexandria was at the time the Mecca of tourists. It was a cosmopolitan city. Art, learning and wealth were found there. There the votaries of pleasure found gardens of delight. Hither Koheleth came. His wealth and social standing gained him admittance to the best circles. Here he set up a splendid establishment. Wine sparkled at his banquets. Singing men and women were hired to sing of revelry and love. The women of the demi-monde surrounded him with their fascinations. His life became one of reckless sensuality, until he became disgusted with it all and, sated with pleasure gave himself up to cynical pessimism. This period of pleasure had been marked by two strong affections. He conceived a violent passion for a woman of Alexandria who proved false. Of her he said afterwards, "She was more fitter than leath. Her heart was as snares and nets; her hands were as bands."

Happily for him he found a friend, a man of his own nation, who had kept himself pure, even in Alexandria. This friend proved a savior. Unlike the prodigal son Koheleth did not spend his all in pleasure. Retaining still a part of his wealth he turned his attention to books and in the great library at Alexandria he found diversion for a time. Philosophy seems to have engaged his attention. He studied and followed, now the Stoic, now the Epicurean teaching. He seems to have become a member of the "Museum" where he took park in the debates. (He afterward called himself Koheleth, the Debater.)

But the dissipations of youth told upon him. The strain of study was too much for him and premature old age was ushered in by a creeping paralysis. The folly of the course he had pursued became more and more evident. He pictured to himself the happy home he might have had with wife and children at his side, only to be mocked by the picture.

And now there awoke in him a voice, long silent, the voice of faith. The teaching he had received in the Synagogue School came back to him. God again became real to him. In this mood he decided to write for the good of others. His book took the form, not of a systematic treatise but of a debate. The voice of pessimism, the voice of wisdom (the Epicurean philosiphy, and the voice of faith.

The seeming confusion of the book becomes intelligent when the experiences of the writer are recalled. To conceal his identity he assumes the character of King Solomon, a common literary device of that day. The seeming confusion is all cleared up at the close when the author says: "Hear the conclusion of the whole matter. Fear God, and keep His commandment for this is the whole duty of man."

Unlike the lurid and too realistic picture of gilded vice given in the middle act of "The Wanderer," both in the parable of the Prodigal son and in this autobiography of a prodigal, the veil is drawn over those scenes that tell of his worst folly.

Trinity church was crowded to the doors. The choir gave a fine rendering of the difficult anthem: "By Babylon's Wave." Mr. Hartshorn sang well "King David's Lament," and Mrs. King sang very sweetly, "Lead me all the way." The whole service was very impressive.

Warsaw Officer Reaches Canada

Among the officers who returned on the Metagama was Captain John A. Dewart, M.C., cousin of H. Hartley Dewart, K.C., M.P.P., and Edward Dewart, 47 Alexandra boulevard, at whose home he is staying. Captain Dewart is the son of John Dewart, of Warsaw, Ont., and at the outbreak of the war was principal of the High school at Stamford, Ont. He joined the 44th Welland Regiment as lieutenant in the fall of 1914 and served for a time on the Welland Canal guard.

Captain Dewart later became attached to the 86th Battalion, with which he went overseas. Vimy Ridge and Passchendaele are among the most important engagements he fought in. At the latter battle he was wounded and won the Military Cross. He was promoted to the rank of captain on the field. He was again wounded at Cambrai during last year's fighting.

WEARS THE MONS STAR

As Field Secretary Whatley Appears to Outsiders.

Speaking of the field secretaries appointed by the G. W. V. A. at the request of the Repatriation Committee, The Globe says of Sergt. Whatley:

The field Secretary for Ontario is Sgt. Sydney Whatley of Peterboro, who enlisted in September, 1914, and proceeded overseas as a reservist to his unit, the 1st Battalion Wiltshire Regiment. He wears the Mons Star. He was also Secretary of the Peterboro branch of the G. W. V. A., of which he is a charter member.

A fool's modesty is never allowed to overshadow his inability.

LAST MAN HOME BY AUGUST 1ST

SOLDIERS BROUGHT FROM FRANCE AT RATE OF 1,000 A DAY.

London, Jan. [illegible]. "We are eager to get on with demobilization to save the restlessness which the men are showing," declared General Turner to the Canadian Press.

The latest reliable estimate here is that all Canadians will be repatriated by the end of July. Men are being returned from France to England at the rate of a thousand daily. They are sent to Kinmel Camp Wales, and thence go for transport to Liverpool. Forestry and railway troops are chiefly being returned from France at the present time. At Ripon, in Yorkshire, there is now another large camp for Canadians occupied mostly by drafts sent from Canada during the last stages of the war.

Want to Get Home

Bramshott Camp will be occupied by a Canadian fighting division whenever it leaves France. A good many members of the Canadian forces will desire demobilization in England, and although the general policy is for troops to be discharged in Canada only, the authorities will grant discharge here for men born here and having no dependents in Canada. We understand that the Imperial authorities have invited the Canadian and Australian army to provide two divisions each for continuing the army of occupation. But this invitation has not been accepted. Our information from the corps across the Channel is "every afternoon is a holiday. Mornings are devoted to physical drill. It is not a bad life, but everybody is dead tired of it and anxious to get home. Even England has little charm for them; they want Canada.

NO DUDS IN SILENT FIVES

A SWIFT, sure light *when* you want it, and *where* you want it—on the end of the match-stick. When it goes out it leaves no trace of odor and no glowing end to cause accidents. There are no "duds" in

Eddy's Silent 5 Matches

For safety and economy you should insist upon this brand. Every match in the box will strike. You will not be troubled by flying heads which may cause damage and painful injury. When you blow them out they are *out*, not partially alight. They are non-poisonous and will not explode when stepped on.

The war-tax on matches practically doubles the cost of the best grades, and *more* than doubles the cost of the cheaper kinds. You cannot afford to pay taxes on cheap matches which are a constant irritation, and which may cause accidents. Tell your dealer that you want Silent 5's, and see that Eddy's name is on the box.

Made by the manufacturers of Eddy's Famous Indurated Fibreware Washtubs

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HULL, Canada

A1

CAPT. BURNHAM TAKES UP QUESTION OF NEW BRIDGE

Interviews Minister at Ottawa Last Week With Satisfactory Results—Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong at Conference

Mr. Burnham gave The Review the following interview this morning:

"On Saturday, being, in Ottawa, I saw the chief engineer of the Public Works Department, and he substantiated the subment of the Minister of Public Works and Deputy Minister that it would be impossible to contribute to the Hunter street bridge since it was simply their duty to see that the said bridge did not violate the Navagible Waters Act.

"It would be just the same as the city's action in protecting the streets from the merchants building an awning or otherwise obstructing the highway which would mean that the city would have to contribute to the awning.

"The Deputy Minister, moreover, said that neither, under the old Government or in this, nothing was said about the Hunter street bridge at all until 1917 and that no agreement of any kind whatever had been made by the department respecting it.

"The chief engineer, however, said that if the waters at the bridge were effected by the handling of the waters of the canal itself, the jurisdiction would be that of the Railways and Canals Department and in the Public Works. I got the chief engineer to put this in writing and then took it up with the Minister of Railways and Canals, who, though somewhat surprised, agreed to consider the above on the following morning with the Mayor and myself.

"One must be suspicious in discovering new points because they envolve a serious responsibility. I wired the Mayor to come down to Ottawa. He and Mr. Armstrong came down. We interviewed the Minister, we presented our new case of jurisdiction. The minister had with him his chief engineer. They finally decided that if the C.P.R. bridge had a swing in it so that the waters could be used it would be up to them to contribute to the cost of Hunter street bridge to the amount of the cost of a swing. The Mayor assured then that the C. P. R. had already four-fifths of a swing and required but very little to put it into operation. The Minister replied that he mould like some assurance from the C.P.R. that there would be no difficulty about this and to give them to understand that if he obtained this assurance he would recommend all contributions as in accordance with the organized policy of Government in such circumstances.

"The Mayor is taking the matter up in Montreal with the C.P.R. immediately and it is hoped that we have at least some way got some assistance in this great undertaking. The Railway and Canals Department had never been approached on the matter before. It had been supposed hitherto by everybody that it was the Department of Public Works that had jurisdiction, but we see how easy it is to make mistakes sometimes."

MEN IN FRANCE TO BE SENT HOME

DEMOBILIZATION OF THIRD DIVISION TO BEGIN NEXT MONTH.

London, Jan. 20.—Demobilisation in England is making steady progress. To date thirty-five thousand Canadian soldiers have returned home and by the end of the month the total will be forty-five thousand. All the Canadian corps units will come to England for demobilization, the camp at Ripon being taken over for that purpose. Though it had been hoped to commence demobilization of the corps by the firs tof February. It is now stated that units of the Third Division, the first to demobilize, will not reach England till the middle of February and begin the exit to Canada early in March.

Casualties With Units

Other divisions will return in the following order; first, second and fourth. It is explained that the Third Division is being demobilised first, because of geographical convienience.

Wives and dependenats of the men who are in France, under the new ruling, will be able to accompany their husbands on the boats, same as those whose husbands are in England. The men who are among the casualties will also sail with units ar far as possible, instead of in separate drafts.

The Navy League has arranged to get a training ship in Thunder Bay next summer.

BUSY CANADIANS

Canadian engineers repairing a bridge east of Mons to allow the troops to advance to the German Frontier—Canadian Official Photograph.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHAT DOES "PEBLO" MEAN?

"PEBLO" is the registered name of the highest quality eyeglass lens that is made in the world's best factories. "PEBLO" Glasses carry a guarantee with them that is backed by Dr. Fowler's fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough. Satisfaction is assured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

LOST.

LOST—On the 30th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—January 20th, into the premises of James Walsh, Lot 6, Con. 10, Douro, an airdale terrier. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad.

MONEY TO LOAN.

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Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

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Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649 Res. 845.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

No. 7 Canadian Stationary Hospital, the Dalhousie University unit, has been released from the special duties it has been performing during the past three months, and is being held in readiness for an early return to Canada.

Waterpower representatives of the Provincial Government were in conference with the Dominion Power Board. Plans were outlined for the co-ordination of water resources investigation, the standardization of field and office methods, and the collaboration of data.

Prince Edward Island Central Farmers' Institute endorsed the demand of the United Farmers of Ontario for low tariff on farm implements, etc.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
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Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
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Met the Midnight Train Last Night

SALVATION ARMY BAND WELCOMED LIEUT. STOCK HOME AGAIN.

Last night word was received that a number of Peterborough boys who had crossed on the Olympic would arrive on the C. P. R. mid-night train. Accordingly the Salvation Army band, with Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton and friends and neighbors of the returning heroes, went to the station to meet the train.

About a quarter to twelve the first train pulled into the station, but it was found that there were no returned soldiers on it for this place, so the watchers set about whiling away the time until the arrival of the next train. They spent a jolly hour and a half with music and song until 1.15 this morning when the Ottawa train arrived. Only one military man, Lieut. Percy Stock, son of Mr. Harry Stock, of this city, stepped onto the platform, but he was given a rousing welcome to his home city.

More returned men were expected to arrive on the morning G. T. R. train and in spite of the fact that they had been up until such a time, the bandsmen declared they would be on hand this morning to welcome them.

One well-known citizen of Peterborough said this morning in connection with the enthusiastic receptions being given the returning men by the Salvation Army: "Hats off to such spirits as form this band. They turned out giving the boys a send-off when they went away, and now when they are returning are always on the job to welcome them back."

CONFERENCE HAS AGREED ON RULES

REGULATIONS AS TO PROCEDURE HAVE BEEN OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Paris, Jan. 20.—Following are some of the chief peace conference regulations, which were made public officially Sunday:

The conference assembled to fix the conditions of peace, first in the preliminaries of peace, and then in the definite treaty of peace, shall include the representatives of the belligerent allied and associated powers.

The belligerent powers with general interests, the United States, of America, the British Empire, France, Italy and Japan, shall take part in all meetings and commissions.

The belligerent powers with particular interests, Belgium, Brazil, the British Dominions and India, China, Cuba, Greece, Guatamala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Siam and the Czecho-Slovak Republic, shall take part in the sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed.

The powers in a state of diplomatic rupture with the enemy powers, Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru and Uruguay, shall take part in the sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed.

The neutral powers and states in process of formation may be heard either orally or in writing, when summoned by the powers with general interests at sittings devoted especially to the examination of questions directly concerning them but only so far as these questions are concerned.

Representation of Powers.

The powers shall be represented by plenipotentiary delegates to the number of five: Five for the United States of America; the British Empire, France, Italy and Japan; three for Belgium, Brazil and Serbia; two for China, Greece, the King of Hedjas, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Siam and the Czecho-Slovak Republic; one for Cuba, Gutemala, Haiti, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, and Panama; one for Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru and Uruguay.

The British dominions and India shall be represented as follows: Two delegates each for Australia, Canada, South Africa and India, including the native states; one delegate for New Zealand.

Although the number of delegates may not exceed the figures above mentioned, each delegate has the right to avail itself of the panel system. The representation of the dominions including Newfoundland and of India, may be included in the representation of the British Empire by the panel system.

Montenegro shall be represented by one delegate, but the rules concerning the designation of this delegate shall not be fixed until the moment when the political situation of this country shall have been cleared up.

BANKS OF NOVA SCOTIA AND OTTAWA TO AMALGAMATE

Announcement from Ottawa a Surprise in Financial Circles—Merged Bank to Retain the Name of Nova Scotia.

(Continued on Page 1.)

Announcement is made in an Ottawa despatch of the amalgamation, subject to ratification by the shareholders, of two of the oldest banks in Canada, the Bank of Nova Scotia, established 37 years ago, with its head office in Halifax, and the Bank of Ottawa, which was founded in Ottawa 45 years ago. The merger will reduce the number of chartered banks in Canada to eighteen. Following, as it does, the absorption last year of the Northern Crown Bank by the Royal Bank and of the Bank of British North America by the Bank of Montreal.

The Bank of Ottawa will lose its identity except insofar as that a number of the directors of that bank will join the board of the Bank of Nova Scotia, which will rank fourth among the banking institutions of Canada, being exceeded in total assets, capital stock issued and reserve funds by the Bank of Montreal, the Bank of Commerce and the Royal Bank. The following figures taken from the recently issued annual reports, afford an interesting comparison:

Bank of Montreal: Capital stock, $16,000,000; reserve, $16,000,000; total assets, $558,413,546.

Bank of Commerce: Capital stock $15,000,000; reserve, $15,000,000; total assets, $440,310,000.

Royal: Capital stock, $12,911,700 (new issue of $2,000,000 soon to be made); reserve, $14,000,000; total assets $427,512,982.

Bank of Nova Scotia: Capital stock $10,500,000; reserve, $17,000,000; total assets, $234,000,000.

The inactivity of Bank of Nova Scotia and Bank of Ottawa shares in the markets during the past week indicates that there was no "leak" with respect to the negotiations. On Friday last a small block of Nova Scotia shares sold at 257½ on the Toronto Exchange, and on Wednesday last Bank of Ottawa shares came out at 205. While there has been an appreciation in the market value of the shares of both banks during the past few weeks, it has been less striking than in the case of several other bank shares.

The Bank of Nova Scotia dividend is at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum, and that of the Bank of Ottawa at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum.

GO TO TORONTO.

Tomorrow a delegation of Liberals of the city and district, including Capt. Widdifield, the newly appointed secretary of the Association of West Peterborough, will go to Toronto to attend the meeting to organize a Liberal Association for the district north of Toronto and east as far as Peterborough.

Last week at a meeting held in Ottawa the Liberals of Eastern Ontario met and organized throughout that district.

Basis of Merger.

An agreement subject to ratification by the shareholders, has been entered into by the Bank of Nova Scotia and the Bank of Ottawa whereby an amalgamation has been arranged of these two important institutions.

The basis of the amalgamation is that the Bank of Nova Scotia shall exchange four shares of its stock for every five shares held in the Bank of Ottawa.

The Bank of Nova Scotia was incorporated in 1832 and is one of the strongest and most successful banks in this country. It has about 200 branches established in Canada, Newfoundland, the West Indies and the United States. The president is Charles Archibald, Halifax; the general manager is H. A. Richardson of Toronto.

The Bank of Ottawa was established in 1874 and has made steady progress until its assets have reached the large total of about $73,000,000. It has 93 branches, which for the most part are located in Eastern Ontario, chiefly in the Ottawa Valley where the bank has for many years been the leading institution. The president is Hon. George Bryson, the general manager, D. M. Finnie.

Nearly Three Hundred Branches.

A striking feature about this union is that although the combined banks have nearly three hundred branches, they meet at only eleven places, and these are all large centres.

The amalgamated banks will have a paid-up capital of about $10,000,000; reserve and undivided profits $17,000,000; deposits, $178,000,000; total assets, $234,000,000.

Notices are being prepared and will be mailed to the shareholders within a day or two. The Minister of Finance has consented to the amalgamation.

After Four Years of War

The Railway Situation as Viewed by President E. W. Beatty of the C.P.R.

"FOUR years of active participation in the war and intimate association with the problems which the emergency produced must, I think, have had such a pronounced effect on the thought and spirit of the Canadian people, as will enable them to grasp and overcome the after-the-war problems with confidence and ease.

"No record of Canada's share in the war—military, commercial, fiscal or economic, but adds to our pride in Canadians and Canadian institutions and stimulates confidence in our future. The problems ahead of us are indeed serious, but so was the war. Sane optimism as to our future is justified.

"From a transportation standpoint the Canadian people have, I think, every reason to be satisfied. The efforts of the companies, both on land and sea during the period of the war, have been eminently successful, especially from the public point of view. In spite of weather conditions unprecedentedly severe, at no time was there an approach to a physical breakdown. At no time was any disposition shown by any company to refuse assistance to any other company temporarily and locally embarrassed as to equipment or facilities. At first by the companies themselves and later under the aegis of the Canadian Railway War Board a continuous effort was maintained. The efforts of the railways were co-ordinated in such a way as to accomplish the maximum result and still not destroy or even injure the legitimate business of any one company. The results were highly satisfactory and reflect great credit, not only on the directors of the companies and the War Board, but also on the officers and men of the companies, whose loyalty, self-sacrifice and efficiency made Canada's great transportation record possible.

"While periodic attempts are made to compel an immediate decision as to the permanent solution of the so-called railway problem—though so far as efficiency and rates are concerned, there is no problem that I can see—it must be admitted, that next to the war itself no question so important in its effect upon the earning power and prosperity of Canadians, as this question of further Government ownership of railways, has ever faced us. It is too important to be decided merely upon the view of extremists on either side. It can only be properly determined by careful consideration on the part of the people after having obtained some knowledge of the principles underlying efficient railroad service, the facts as to the present efficiency of the roads, and the probable—not fanciful effect which any serious change of policy must have upon that service and facts.

"Many mistakes have been made in the past, due to the ambitions of men or the ill-considered action of Governments. No good purpose, so far as I can see, is served by dwelling on these mistakes now. They were sanctioned at the time by a majority of the people of Canada. They can now serve only as a warning against other popular mistakes of even greater magnitude. An error in the shaping of our railroad policy now—a policy which would be difficult to reverse—would carry with it consequences much more disastrous to the country than those of our previous railway misunderstandings, for the reason that the systems involved are so much larger. It should be remembered too that mistakes in railway policies have been made in other countries besides Canada, and that the opportunity to observe the efforts, for example, of the United States, in attempting to correct their errors, is invaluable to us, the more so since this particular example of the United States comes nearer to paralleling Canadian conditions—though the parallel is far from perfect—than any other that could possibly be chosen.

"The desire of everyone is that Canada should have to-day a railway system or systems so administered that the best service to the public will be obtained at the lowest rates consistent with fair wages, both for labor and capital. I say fair wages, because without them efficiency, loyalty and enterprise cannot be obtained, and without these things the quality of work which ensures efficient operation and low rates, cannot be secured. The question therefore is: Will Government ownership bring about this result? The question sounds simple but is in reality complex. Theoretically much may be said in favor of Government ownership. Will these theories stand the test of practice? If these theories prove a failure initially, but correct themselves, as their exponents may urge, in course of time—how long a time can Canadian people afford to pay the losses on demoralized railroad service? Do they wish to launch out on the experiment now? Or wait until their near neighbors, the United States, have worked out their experiment a little more satisfactorily? The cost of our experiment could not fail to be great, a cost certain to be collected directly or indirectly from the pockets of the Canadian people. Railway men have an admirable slogan which I feel inclined to commend to the attention of the people of Canada at this moment, namely, "Stop, look and listen."

"I have my own view on public ownership of railways, but they are not unalterable. I am undoubtedly prejudiced by an association with one company. The company has slowly developed to a point of efficiency and successful operation. Looking back over that history one is amazed at the importance of the part played by men whose enterprise, resourcefulness and tenacity of purpose could not, I think, have been stimulated and given rein in any civil service. It has taken more than thirty odd years to make the C. P. R. as efficient as it is to-day. It was not easy. Even when accomplished this degree of efficiency can be quickly lost. The confidence that is so easily shattered is largely responsible for the constant and intense ambition on the part of officers and men to maintain and even improve on the traditions.

"This much may, it seems to me, be said with confidence now, namely, that we do not know enough that is encouraging about Government operation of large railway systems to justify any further excursions into that field at this time. To argue from the experience of old countries where civil service obtains a much better share of the ambitious young men than in Canada, or to argue from the alleged success of comparatively local affairs, or Governmental organizations dominated by exceptional personalities, is unfair—not to the railways but to the country which has so much at stake in this issue. We can well afford to wait, to study, dispassionately our own situation and the experiment of the United States before committing our country to serious changes in policy. The solution finally adopted in the United States will be of incalculable value to Canada. Meantime, too, the experience which Canada will now have of the present newly organized Government system will demonstrate many things. It will indicate very largely the general nature of the results we may hope to secure from an extension of the system.

"When we know more about Government operation in Canada and in the United States we may modify or entirely alter the present arrangements. We shall be justified then in reconsidering our permanent policies. But to do so without the advantage of this information—information available in due time—in fact, without the knowledge essential to the determination of the problem would be to my mind, the height of folly.

"Even though a Government co-ordination of Canadian railways rather than the present voluntary co-ordination through the Canadian Railway War Board should show an immediate saving to the people of Canada and the experience of Government co-ordination of United States railways holds out little hope for any such saving the sum involved would be a drop in the bucket compared to the larger ultimate losses which in the event of the failure of such policy must inevitably result, and which could not be corrected. If I may be permitted to parody the old proverb, I should say 'Nationalize in haste, repent at leisure.'"

—From the Montreal "Gazette."

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

••8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

•11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

••7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

••9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

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FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
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their wisdom—many because of their wealth.

BRINGING UP FATHER — **BY GEORGE McMANUS**

WELL · GOOD NIGHT · JIGGS WE HAD A GRAND NIGHT ·
WE DID THESE ARE HAPPY MOMENTS ·
IT WAS A TOUGH WAR JIGGS ·
YOU SAID IT BUT NOW WE CAN ENJOY PEACE AND QUIET ·
BY GOLLY · WE OUGHT TO ALL BE HAPPY NOW THAT WE HAVE PEACE
YEP · THANK GOODNESS NO MORE FIGHTIN
ARE YOU EVER COMING IN THE HOUSE ·
YES MAGGIE ·
11-28

NO MORE FANCY SALARIES FOR MEN IN THE NATIONAL

Question Now Arises as to How Club Owners Are to Deal with Some of the Stars on Their Pay Roll.

Five, eight and ten thousand dollar a year salaries are now a thing of the past in the National league. They were voted out of existence yesterday at a special meeting of the league in New York in which it was decided that one club is not to pay more than $11,000 a month in salaries to its players. That is a tremendous cut from what it was in the past and means that players who have been paid $5,000 and $10,000 a year are to have their contracts whittled to $3,000 at the most.

With the salary limit a law in the Natonal league the question immediately bobs up: "What is the Chicago club to do with such players as Grover Alexander, Bill Killefer, Jim Vaughan, Les Mann, Claude Hendrix, Fred Merkle and many others, all of whom have been getting more than $5,000 a year?" The establishment of a salary limit is a severe jolt to them and likewise to the club, for it gives President Mitchell and Vice-President Veeck a lot to think about before sending out the contracts for the 1919 season. It is a big task to place before these two men, both of whom are new at the game.

Veeck, who represented President Mitchell and the Chihago Cubs in the league, did not let the other magnates put over the player limit without a fiyht. He was [illegible] by the New York team; that also bitterly opposed the rule, both knowing that with the players they carried it would be almost impossible to adhere to an $11,000 a month payroll. But they were alone in their opposition and the salary limit became a law.

The National league club owners, t is believed, have done this to make the players in the league realize they must do something to make it possible for the national pastime to continue on a paying basis. Heretofore, the magnates contend, the players have been greatly overpaid and that it has been utterly impossible to make any money. They say the players have been getting most of it, traveling expenses have increased and everything else has taken a leap as well as the players salaries. The only possible chance the club owners have of retrenching or making their game a successful one, they say, is by cutting the stipends of the men. That is what they have done despite the fact that the American league has taken no such action and do not see fit to interfere with the salary limits of the individual teams.

Wait for the protest from the players! They have done much shouting before, but they will be heard from one end of the country to the other when they learn they are to have their contracts sliced. The players who have been getting exorbitant salaries for the last few years will be the ones who will balk. Many of them have talked about an increase this season, but they realize how slim their chances are of getting it with the National league carrying a limit. Jim Vaughn, the star Cub pitcher, and leading hurler of the organization, has been counting on more money, but he will be fortunate if he is offered what he received last year. That goes for the rest of the high salaried players.

Fans have read of holdouts for [illegible] seasons. Within the last few years there have not been many, because the club owners conceded the demands of the men owing to the scarcity of material. Conditions have altered immensely in the last twelve months and are now it is virtually up to the men to take what they can get or leave it. That seems to be the way the club owners in John Heydler's league feel about it.

With a tremendous reduction in the contracts trouble will probably start before long. The leagues almost had a strike a few seasons ago when the Baseball Players' Fraternity was alive. It was averted through clever manipulation by some of the magnates. Do not be surprised if another fraternity is organized before spring and a strike takes place among the players in the National league before the clubs start for the south.

SHE'S SORRY NOW SHE PATTED IT. —London Evening News.

De Laval Bowlers Win From Clerks

Friday night in a "B" fine pin league fixture the De Lavals annexed all three games from the Clerks. French for the De Laval had high three games with 540; while Woods of the Clerks had 472 for a total. The scores:

De Laval				
Garrow	141	153	122	—416
Lafave	154	122	194	—470
Highs	156	148	140	—444
French	196	204	146	460
	760	795	712	2270
The Clerks				
Head	155	148	130	433
Grey	99	74	126	299
Woods	166	178	128	472
Moore	161	120	162	443
Robson	169	125	127	421
	150	645	673	2068

It is foolish for a man to kick himself when he is down.

Factory Team Win From Office Force

In the second match of the De Laval ten pin league rolled at the Water Street Alleys, the factory [illegible] out of three games from the office force. The chief [illegible] for the factory were Carter 5 [illegible] and Byers 500. For the office [illegible] was high [illegible]. The [illegible] scores:

	Office			
A. Fitzgerald	112	124	173	—409
Williams	[illegible]	128	154	—406
Robinson	133	126	112	—379
Hill	143	153	158	—454
W. Fitzgerald	147	148	145	—440
	667	679	742	[illegible]
	Factory			
Dugan	116	154	110	—380
Byers	165	153	182	—500
Downing	142	129	114	—385
McDonald	137	160	126	—423
Carter	186	159	159	—504
	746	755	691	2192

Bowling At The George St. Alleys

The following are the prize winners at the George street alleys:

W. Henderson, first, with a score of 559 in ten pins.

Chas. Green, second, with a score of 193 in five pins.

"B" Class.

D. Kelly, first; C. Rishea, second; Jack Pethick, third.

Carl Hayes wins prize with nine spares.

"B" class starts their league game Tuesday night Barries Ltd. vs Matthews-Blackwell.

OPEN STORES FOR SOLDIERS

CO-OPERATIVE PLAN TO BE TRIED OUT IN TORONTO BY G. A. C.

The Grand Army of Canada will open co-operative stores in Toronto within the next few weeks, and if the venture meets with the success [illegible] anticipates there [illegible] co-operative stores [illegible] is an experiment through which the returned soldier could receive some benefit when the association was formed last fall. The membership of the association has increased at a rate during the past few [illegible] which has encouraged the officers of the association to proceed with the co-operative stores to ask Mr. A. W. Roebuck, as counsel for the association to obtain the necessary charter.

The profits of the stores will be distributed in three ways. Forty per cent. is to be placed in a sick and [illegible] benefit, 50 per cent. given to customers and 10 per cent to contingency fund. The object in getting aside a large sum for sick and funeral benefits. The acting Secretary, Mr. Hugh McNeil, pointed out was because many of the returned men were not able to secure insurance.

REQUIRED OVER YEAR TO PASS PROHIBITION LAW

Amendment Was First Submitted by United States Congress Thirteen Months Ago—When It Takes Effect.

Washington, Jan. 18.—National prohibition by constitutional amendment has been accepted by the United States just thirteen months, lacking one day, after the joint resolution by Congress was submitted to the states for ratification.

Fourteen of the thirty-six states which have approved the resolution gave confirmed their action. A question as to the efefct ve date of the amendment was raised when news came that Nebraska, the thirty-sixth state, had voted ratification, by a statement of Senator Sheppard of Texas, author of the resolution, that the country would go dry one year from January 16. Other students of the question held that ratification woud not be completed until one year from formal certification by the thirty-sixth state.

Possibility of a difference of effective date was foreseen. Mississippi, the first state to ratify the amendment, has not yet certifed its action to the State Department, although the affirmative vote on the amendment was taken more than a year ago, January 8, 1918.

Prohibition leaders regard the effective date as a matter of small moment, however, inasmuch as country-wide prohibition is ordered July 1 by the war measure passed by Congress to conserve grains. That measure remains in force until after demobilization of the military forces is completed, which many think will not be before the constitutional amendment is operative.

The United States is the first great nation to enact a permanent prohibition measure. With the outbreak of the war, Russia stopped the sale o fintoxicants by imperial order. France adopted a stringent regulatory policy and other countries did likewise, but none of them took legislative action to stop the sale of liquor forever. The war gave the prohibition movement overwhelming impetus and its leaders found little difficulty in getting through Congress the resolution submittingfi the constitutional amendment as well as various temperary amendments.

INSURANCE MEN HOLD SESSION

ANNUAL MEETING OF CENTRAL ONTARIO BRANCH HELD ON SATURDAY.

The annual meeting of the Central Ontario branch of the Life Underwriters Association was held in the Empress Hotel on Saturday, 18th at 12.30 noon, and was fairly well attended. After a very enjoyable dinner the members assembled in the parlor of the hotel to conduct the business of the association.

New officers were elected as follows:

President—Mr. A. G. McClellan of the Imperial Life.

Vice-President—W. R. Widdess, Canada Life.

Secretary—G. C. Roy, Prudential Life.

Treasurer—A. G. Roberts, Metropolitan Life.

Executive Committee—Mr. W. D. Lewis, London Life; Hughson Johnston, Monarch Life; D. H. Moore, Sun Life; Thos. Mark Manufacturers Life.

A very appropriate address was given by the retiring president, Mr. R. F. Sedgwick.

The newly appointed president, Mr. A. G. McClellan, also gave a very encouraging talk which was well received by those present.

The meeting was then open for general discussion which was entered into by every member and some very good points were brought up and discussed.

The meeting was closed at 3.45 and all present had a very enjoyable time.

Sinn Fein hand bills were distributed in Windsor inviting to a Sunday mass meeting in Detroit "friends of frish freedom."

Alberta Liberals in convention at Calgary passed a resolution before adjournment on Friday calling for complete Federal prohibition.

Peace and justice are Britain's aim in Europe.

DRUG HABIT ON THE INCREASE

NUMBERS OF ADDICTS IS GROWING STEADILY UNDER PROHIBITION LAW.

The number of drug addicts in Ontario has reached an alarming size and is rapidly increasing. The evil is far worse now than under the regime of the licensed liquor trade according to a man who is probably in a better position to know than anybody else in the province. Not only in the large cities but in the smaller towns, he says, the drug evil has reached such proportions as to be a public menace, and the worst feature about it he adds, is that [illegible] drug addiction [illegible] an addict wants the drug he can get it with comparatively little trouble. Indifference in the enforcement of the law is given as the reason for the spreading of the evil.

The present law seems a good one some authorities think, but the trouble is outside the Ontario College of Pharmacy, with its limited authority. The government is indifferent in cases of violation of the law the college prosecutes at its own expense and the government receives half the fine. But this only a [illegible] cases that [illegible] Could be taken; there are no funds for a proper system of [illegible] enforcement.

To show how the law is being broken it was pointed out that wholesale drug houses are required to report monthly to the College of Pharmacy all sales of narcotics, but so far there has never been a report made of a sale of opium to Chinamen, yet thousands of dollars worth of the drug are annually seized in raids. Where do they get it from? A lot is smuggled into the country and unscrupulous druggists who may keep any amount on hand are also responsible for the traffic.

To combat the evil it is suggested that it should be stipulated that a druggist should be allowed to carry a small amount of the drug on hand and an inspector should be authorized to examine the books of all wholesale houses and check up where the stuff goes. In this way it could be found out how much each individual druggist bought and his sales in turn could also be checked. The college cannot undertake this work; it is the government's duty, declares the man already quoted.

A MODERN JOAN OF ARC.

Commander Evangeline Booth, of the Salvation Army, is very fond of horseback riding, having found it impossible to do much of her work in Western Canada save with a horse.

JUDGMENT GIVEN

(Continued from Page One.)

noon; he had something to drink. Heatherington stayed until 11 o'clock and drank with Bourgon.

Heatherington in the witness box stated that that night he did not feel well, had a pain in his stomach and a headache. He took a big dose of salts in the morning, but slept all day and could not keep awake. On Monday he tried to saw wood, but was too weak, and did not go to work until Thursday. "It was drinkable," were Heatherington's own words when asked if the contents of the bottle tasted good. Bourgon told him that it was high wines.

The evidence shows that Faux purchased from a local druggist a quantity of columnian spirits. He told the druggist that the spirits was for a sick horse.

Faux in his evidence said that before he brought the drinks to Bourgon the latter told him on the Monaghan road how to make it. He also mentioned his previous experience in police court. The recipe was simple. Columnian spirits with water or wine, half in half. Faux was to bring Bourgon the concoction and he was to be paid $3 for it on Saturday.

Faux had one and a half inches left in the bottle. He took it home and drank it. It made him sick, blind and very ill. Dr. Wood ordered him to be sent to the hospital, where he was for nine days in a very low condition.

The prisoner candidly admitted he bought several bottles of grain alcohol just before Christmas day and that he got $6 from Bourgon.

In conclusion the magistrate stated, "These men all drank from that one bottle marked ginger wine. Its contents were over 73 per cent. proof spirits, or liquor within the meaning of the Ontario Temperance Act. I cannot come to any other conclusion than that the defendant, Faux, sold the liquor to Bourgon, and is guilty under Section 40 of the Act, and I adjudge that he do pay a fine of $500 and $14.10 costs forthwith, and in default of payment that he be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of six months at hard labor.

Many an individual talks like a wise man and acts like a fool.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE } Inspectors
T. D. CAMERON }

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The regular meeting of the Women's Missionary Society of Trinity Church will be held at the home of Mrs. P. H. Neville (Mrs. H. F. Holly's residence), corner of Park street and Charlotte street, Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 3.30. All friends of the association are cordially invited.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

BICYCLES REPAIRED.

Have your wheel cleaned and repaired now. If you wait until the sun shines on both sides of the fence and everybody speaks at once it will not be ready when you want to use it. Phone 234J and we will send for your work.

MILLARD'S BICYCLE SHOP
235 Hunter St.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bonner Worth Co.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Tuesday evening, January 20, at 8 o'cock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

STARTED JANUARY 1, 1919

Area added to garbage collection area.

Barnardo avenue, both sides from Grand Trunk Railway to Wolsley street, on Wolsley street from Barnardo avenue to Benson avenue, and on Benson avenue, both sides, from Wolsley street to Grand Trunk Railway, for Tuesday and Friday collection. On Hunter street, both sides, fom Roger street to Concession street, on Wednesday and Saturday, including all the lands within the above described bounds and area.

NOTICE

The regular meeting of Knights of Columbus will be held tomorrow (Tuesday) evening, Jan. 21st. Important business. Musical programme.

Paderewski believes Poland is with new government.

OBITUARY

F. W. G. JOHNSON.

Mr. F. W. G. Johnson, who died in Montreal from pneumonia, was widely known in bank, insurance and fraternal circles. He was a son-in-law of Mr. R. J. Winch of this city. He was born in Montreal in 1860, educated here and in England, and then took up insurance. Later he transferred his activities to the Grand Trunk and still later to the Great Northern, which took him to St. Paul, Minn. Mr. Johnson eventually returned to Montreal and joined the staff of the Molsons Bank, serving at Sorel, London and in Montreal. In the latter city he opened the St. Catharine street branch of the Molsons Bank and managed it for about nineteen years. Mr. Johnson was a life member and a director of the M. A. A. A., and was also a member of the Royal Victoria Lodge. He was a son of the late Sir Francis Godshall Johnson, late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Province of Quebec. He is survived by a widow, two sons just home from the front, Chas. G. and H. Vance G., three daughters and a brother, Mr. C. R. G. Johnson, Montreal.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTES

Monday, 8 p.m.—Epworth League. Mr. A. D. Hone, B.A., will give a short address on "The Place of Sport in the National Life." Special music. Skating at 9 p.m.

Tuesday, 3.30 p.m.—W.M.S. meeting at the home of Mrs. (Rev.) P. H. Neville, 351 Charlotte street.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Mid-week service and Teacher Training Class.

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir rehearsal.

ENTERTAINED THE CHOIR

A very enjoyable social event took place last Thursday evening when the choir appropriated two busses furnished through the kindness of the Board of Session and drove to the home of Mr. Thomas Petrie who royally entertained the choir. Games, music and refreshments were the order of the day. The choir desire to take this opportunity of publicly thanking Mr. Petrie and the Members of the Session for the arranging and carrying out of this very pleasant social gathering.

COURT PETERBORO No. 29

C. O. F. will hold a Smoker and Euchre contest Thursday, Jan. 23, at their Hall on Simcoe street. Good time. Good prizes. Good smokes. Come and have a good time with the boys. Admission to everyone. 25 cents.

AT THE ROYAL THEATRE TONIGHT

William Fox presents Peggy Hyland in "Bonnie Annie Laurie." This is an enthralling tale of romance and patriotism in loyal Scotland and bloody France. Also another feature by William Fox, entitled "The Blindness of Divorce." Each of these two features are in five parts, supported by all the Fox stars. In addition to the above there will be two reels of Fox Sunshine comedies. Do not miss this programme.

CEMETERY BOARD MEETS

The annual meeting of the Little Lake Cemetery Board was held this afternoon in the council chamber. Routine business was transacted and reports received.

"Freedom of the seas" is not a subject for the Peace Conference.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

WHITE—McFADDEN

On Wednesday afternoon, January 15th at 4.30 o'clock, at the Presbyterian Manse, Lakefield, the marriage was solemnized of Mr. Joseph White of Ribstone, Alberta, to Miss Alice McFadden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus McFadden of Burleigh. They were attended by Miss Matilda McFadden, sister of the bride and Mr. Joseph Tucker of Apsley.

Mr. and Mrs. White will reside at Ribstone, Alberta.

Mrs. W. R. Morris, who has been visiting friends in Toronto returned to the city last evening.

Miss Helen Stapleton spent the week end in Toronto.

Mr. Herbert Rush spent the week end with friends in Toronto.

Mr. W. R. Joyce, formerly of Havelock and now employed in the Neil shoe store here, returned to the city last evening after spending a pleasant day with friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Roy have returned from Clifton Springs and Rochester.

The Orillia Times says:

"For the past two weeks Wilson MacDonald has been busy training local talent, but no one realized or fully appreciated his wonderful versatility until the first evening of the performance. Mr. MacDonald is a poet, painter, dramatist and musician, and possesses many other attainments, all of which combine to make him an entertainer par-excellence."

Ladies and gentlemen taking part in the Euchre drive at the War Veterans' Rooms will start playing at 8 o'clock sharp.

Y. W. C. A. NOTES

This week's activities at the Young Women's Christian Association are as follows:

Monday.
4:30—Senior School Girls' Gymnasium.
8:00—Business Girls' Beginners' Class.

Tuesday.
4:30—Junior School Girls' Class.
6:00—Club Supper.
7:00—"Athena" Gymnasium Class.
8:00—Bible Study Class.
8:30—V. A. D. Class—Dr. Cameron.

Wednesday.
4:30—Junior School Girls.
4:30—Pollyanna Club.
7:30—"Y." Club.
8:00—Married Ladies' Class.

Thursday.
10:30—Special Ladies' Class.
7:15—Bible Study.
8:00—Intermediate and Advanced Gymnasium Classes.

Friday.
4:30—Senior School Girls' Class and Basketball.
8:00—Party for Normal Students and House Girls.

Saturday.
9:30—Junior Gymnasium Class.
10:30—Babies' Class.
2:00—Junior Club Classes.
8:00—Sports

Those who are interested in forming a First Aid Class are asked to leave their names at the Y.W.C.A. office, as a class will commence as soon as a sufficient number enroll.

Attention is called to the class which is forming for the study of French. Mrs. S. J. Morris will conduct classes in French conversation and reading.

Special Ladies' Class commences this week on Thursday morning at 10:30. Those intending to join are asked to enroll at once.

Canada Food Board L. No. 8-4214

Make Your Grape Fruit Marmalade Now

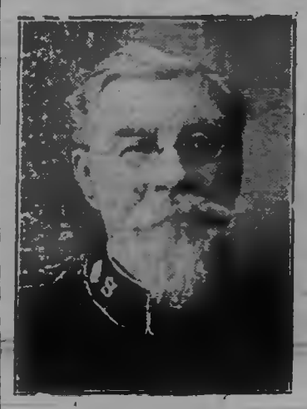
when the fruit is at its very best for this purpose.

Recipes Given

with each purchase for marmalade making if desired.

Slicer Loaned

Porter S. White Co.
343 George Street
Phone 208



SALVATION ARMY STAFF CHANGES.

Commissioner T. Henry Howard (1), who has retired as chief of staff of the Salvation Army, and Ed. J. Higgins (2), who succeeds him in that office.

Salvation Army Campaign Opens

Monday morning saw the teams off to a good start. The City Council chamber was used for a general rendezvous in organizing for the start. The supplies necessary, cards, badges, lists, etc., were distributed Saturday night to those of the captains present. The utmost confidence was expressed in the results to be attained.

As was to be expected, there were several changes in the personnel of the teams. In the team of Mrs. J. H. Renwick Mrs. H. Bartley could not join in the canvass, and Mrs. C. H. Shield came forward and was enrolled on the team. Other changes were necessitated by coming in of engagements and unforeseen responsibilities.

At the meeting on Sunday afternoon a man in the audience wished to take the platform and give testimony, but his modesty prevented his doing so. He related that thirty years ago he was a boy and working for a farmer, and at the time picking potatoes. He had saved $30 from his earfnings. Just at that time came an appeal from the Salvation Army for funds to send missionaries to China. He thought the matter over, and finally walked ten miles to offer his money in aid of the cause. He said that now he knew that his action had been the turning point in his life and that he had been blessed since by gaining success in his business and earning money beyond what he might have gained had he rejected the impulse to aid in the Salvation Army work.

Eighteen Heroes Arrive in City

RETURNED SOLDIERS WHO MADE A QUICK TRIP FROM KINGSTON.

Advice from Toronto, received early this morning, told of the prospective arrival of men at Peterborough, who had reached Halifax per steamer Olympic. Many were dispatched west on a special to Military Division No. 3, Kingston.

They reached that city on Sunday and eighteen took advantage of a lift on another train to get as far as Belleville, and came in on the trains from Belleville and Port Hope this morning.

Members of the Reception Committee in this city went to the C.P.R. station at 1.30 this morning in hopes that some of the men would get through on that train, but none were on it. Several of the men, in their eagerness to get off jumped off the train at the diamond direct. Following are the names of those due to arrive. Eighteen of these reached Peterborough, from Port Hope and several by Belleville:

P. P. Armstrong.
S. R. Anderson.
T. Casey.
W. S. Griffin.
J. LeGros.
J. P. Pritchard.
J. Richards.
F. R. Theobald.
G. R. Thornton.
R. W. Austin.
C. R. Ashley.
F. Davey.
M. J. Quigley.
Percy Stock.
V. B. Carton.
N. F. Gray.
N. L. Laing.
B. Meeks (or P. Meeks).
O. G. Richardson.
Sergt. Mantell.
F. Barrett.
H. M. Kennealy.
J. E. Parker.
W. S. Rutherford.
A. Kendall.
W. S. Lightheart.
R. Rollo.
H. B. McMillan.
E. J. Graham.

Little new light was thrown on the murder of Ferdinand Kohl, the Austrian, at the inquest at Thorold, which was enlarged for two weeks. Medical testimony showed evidence of five blows delivered on the head.

Black Hand letters have been received by two Welland citizens, one a prominent Serbian merchant.

Your Victrola In Constant Use

No sense in putting away in a corner your Victrola as having served its day. Every day is Victrola Day if you will just keep freshening up your records from time to time with something new. The selections for January, any of which can be had one phone, call or mail at the Victrola Parlors of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets, include, among others, "Duet of the Flowers," from Madade Butterfly, numbers by Elenan Strang Buortet, Alma Gluch, Jno. McCormick, etc.

THE LATEST IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

Studied by F. L. Roy at Eastman's Plant.

Mr. Fred L. Roy, of the Roy Studio, has returned from Rochester, N. Y., where he was studying at first hand the newest things in photography at he Eastman Kodak Company's plant. Photography under war conditons has made wonderful progress and has played an important part in securing final victory. A number of these new processes will be introduced at once by the Roy Studio.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 7.30—Mission Band and Girls' Auxiliary.

Tuesday, 2.30—W. A. sewing meeting.

Thursday, 6.45—Adult choristers entertained by Mrs. George Dredge, 339 London street.

Friday, 2.30—W. A. sewing meeting.

Saturday, 9—Boys' choir practice.

ST. PAUL'S NOTICES

The Young People's Guild will meet this evening at eight o'clock. Rev. J. A. McKenzie of Knox Church will give an address.

The Red Cross has still some work to finish. The ladies are asked to meet on Tuesday as usual.

A meeting of the women of the congregation under the auspices of the W. M. S. will meet in the Guild room on Tuesday evening, when Mrs. Hall, of Sterling, will give an address on the "New Forward Movement."

The mid-week service will be held on Wednesday evening.

Two meetings of great importance will be held in St. Paul's Church on Friday, one in the afternoon at three o'clock, and the others in the evening at eight o'clock, to be addressed by Mr. C. G. Trumbull, editor of the Sunday School Times, Phi'adelphia. Mr. Trumbull will speak on "The Victorious Life" at both services. His work as editor of his great paper is interdenominational. Teachers in all the churches find it invaluable in their work of Sunday School teaching. People of all denominations are invited to these meetings.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH NOTICES

The Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

There will be a Women's Missionary meeting in St. Paul's Church on Monday evening, at eight o'clock. An outside speaker will address the meeting, and all the ladies of St. Andrew's Church are invited.

The Women's Missionary Society will hold their regular January meeting on Tuesday afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Patriotic Society at the close of the Missionary meeting, about 4.30.

The regular annual meeting will be held on January 30th, and all the societies are asked to have their reports handed in.

Winter Service at New Duffus Garage

If your car needs overhauling, now is the best time to have it done. We will call for your car and deliver it when finished. Do not wait till the rush of Spring business is on.

There will be a shortage of cars this season, but we will book your order for either immediate or Spring delivery up to the supply in sight.

Duffus Garage

Dealers in Ford, Gray Dort and Dodge Bros. Cars.

Office Phone 1769. Cor. Charlotte and Water Sts.

Repair Dept. and Stock Room, Phone 1761.

BRANCHES: NORWOOD and MILLBROOK.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-day, Tuesday & Wednesday

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
...IN...
"His Dare Devil Queen"
EDITH STOREY in "The Demon"
Pathe News VAUDEVILLE Judge Brown Story
Vivian & Chance—Novelty Singing and Dancing
Daily Matinee 2:30—10c Evening 7:30—15c

Next Thursday Evening, January 23d

Chautauqua Lyceum Course
SECOND ATTRACTION
Hon. William Howard Taft
Assisted by Locle Talent
ALL SEATS—$1.00 COMMENCES AT 8:15
Subscribers may reserve their seats at the Box Office Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 20 and 21
Balance of Plan open to General Public, Wednesday and Thursday, January 22 and 23

Mon., Tues., Jan. 27-28
The Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. present
The Mammoth Spectacular Opera
"In Sunny France"
A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C.
160 Amateurs in Cast
The sweetest music that you have heard since the days of Gilbert and Sullivan.
One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Plan open to ticket holders Thursday, January 23, at 10 a.m.

To check a cold at once, take
Laxacold
A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.
Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.
Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.
A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by
Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

Barrie's
Peterborough
Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department
January Semi Annual Clearance Sale
Blouses
Georgette, regular up to $16.00 for $6.00
Crepe de Chene, regular $9.00 for $4.50
Various, regular $7.00 for $3.00
Skirts
Serges, reg. $9.75 for $5
Serges, reg. $16.50 for $6
Various, reg. $9.25 for $5
The Barrie Building
Phone 340

Toronto Alumni

The general Alumni Memorial Committee of the University of Toronto request Alumni and friends of the University to send to the Secretary at Toronto, before February 1st, suggestions on the character of the Memorial to be established in honour of the University men who fell in the war. Any such suggestions will constitute a guide to the Committee in its deliberations.

W. N. MacQueen, Secretary

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Easterly to southerly winds, mostly fair, with much the same temperature today and on Wednesday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 17 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

MAJORITY SOCIALISTS IN ASCENDANCY IN THE NEW GERMAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Full Results of Election, However, Will not Be Known Until Friday —Bourgeoise Party to Control.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 21.—While the majority Socialists will have the asrendancy over any other single party, the results of the election indicates Bourgeon's party together will have majority in the National Assembly. Full results are not expected to be known before Friday.

It is probable that Chief of Police Eichorn and Hugo Haase, the former Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the Ebert Cabinet, have been elected to the National Assembly. Berlin newspapers announce that a warrant for the arrest of Eichorn has been issued. It is said that various charges, proof of which would lay Eichorn liable to punishment for fifteen years, have been made.

The combined Bourgeoise parties in the kingdom of Wuertemburg and the Province of Hohenzollern, Prussia, elected ten delegates to the National Assembly. Majority Socialists seated seven and the Independent Socialists none. The combined popular vote of Socialists was 50,000, and the Bourgeois parties 920,000. Partial results in Berlin continue to show an unexpectedly large Independent Socialist vote.

NAVAL DRIVE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

PLAN TO INTEREST PUPILS IN ACHIEVEMENTS OF ENGLAND.

Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education, has given his endorsation to a joint campaign which is to be launched by the Navy League of Canada and the Daughters of the Empire in the schools of the Province, to interest the children in the achievements of the navy and the mercantile marine.

"Anything which informs the public and arouses the interest of the young concerning the history, traditions, spirit and achievements of the British navy and the mercantile marine cannot but be of national and Imperial benefit," said Dr. Cody. "The times demand a wider knowledge and a more vivid portrayal of the glorious record of the navy and the merchant service. By them the very life of our Empire has been preserved and the real freedom of the seas maintained for all the world."

YOUNG SOLDIER TAKES OWN LIFE

BROCKVILLE MAN DISCOURAGED BY PROSPECT OF ILLNESS.

Brockville, Jan. 21. — Evidently morose at the prospect of extended treatment in military hospitals for a leg saffered by enemy shell fire in France, Pte. Charles McKenzie Campbell, aged 23, of the Military Hospitals Command, Kingston, and a former member of the 156th and the 38th Battalions, shot himself through the heart at Briar Hill, near Lyndhurst, and finally succumbed after five hours of agony at 9 o'clock Sunday night. That the shooting was premeditated is evident from the fact that Campbell had made his will shortly before shooting himself, and this was found in the pocket of his tunic. It is understood that the will divided his estate, of approximately $1,100 in cash, equally between his sister, Daisy Campbell, and the child of Garfield Beerman, for whom Campbell had shown a marked liking. Campbell returned from overseas a few weeks ago.

John L. Hangi, of Victoria, was found dead in bed at his rooms in St. James' Hotel, the cause being attributed to an attack of indigestion.

HON. F. B. CARVELL WILL BE IN PETERBOROUGH FRIDAY

Minister of Public Works to Address Meeting in This City.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works in the Union Cabinet, who a few weeks ago was billed to address a public meeting in Peterborough, fell a victim to influenza and was obliged to cancel his engagement. Mr. Carvell has recovered his health and will be in Peterborough Friday evening when he will deliver an address on the subject, "Canada's Return to Conditions of Peace and Prospects for the Future." The place where the meeting is to be held has not been decided, but this will be announced later.

There is no more practical or incisive speaker in Canada today than Mr. Carvell. He has been the leading critic of the Opposition for years past.

HON. F. B. CARVELL
Minister of Public Works in the Union Government Cabinet

PEACE IN SIGHT FOR GERMANS

RESULT OF ELECTION BRIGHTENS PROSPECT FOR STABLE GOVERNMENT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 21.—Early returns from the German election are interupted here to signify a promising prospect for the establishment of a stable German administration at an early date. The Majority Socialists and German Democrats, who are successors of the old radical party, apparently will go into the constitutent assembly with a big lead over the Independent Socialists.

Friedrich Von Payer, former Vice Chancellor and leader of the Democrats and Socialist Leaders Ebert and Scheidmann demonstrated their ability to work together in the old Reichstag. They can also count on the Centrist leader as an ally in their efforts to institute a government with a basis of popular support.

Girls Quit Work By the Thousands

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 21.—Thousands of girls parade on Fifth Avenue today after they had walked out from several hundred of the largest garment-making establishments in an effort to enforce the demands of their union, representing thirty-five thousand workers, for fifteen per cent. wage increase and forty-four hour a week.

More Soldiers To Arrive Tomorrow

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—The liner Empress of Britain, with over three thousand returning soldiers aboard, which was to dock at Halifax last Sunday, will not arrive til tomorrow morning and the Alquitania with five thousand men will dock two days later. All prepartions are being made to facilitate documentation and emtraining of these men for their home points.

WINS HIS CASE

Mr. Guise-Bagley Secures Change of Executors

In the weekly court at Osgoode Hall before Mr. Justice Lennox, yesterday the order moved by J. G. Guise-Bagley changing executors in the Thompson estate was granted. A. W. Muir was retained by the executors. The Misses Thompson, 116 Dublin street, city, are now executrix, bond being given for $2,500 and the costs assumed by the estate.

FREE HAND FOR THE DOMINIONS

MAY ACT IN PEACE CONGRESS INDEPENDENT OF THE MOTHER COUNTRY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 21.—It is stated here that Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa will claim the right to enter the League of Nations, independent of Great Britain and on the same basis as Belgium and other smaller powers. In some quarters this is taken to mean that should the occasion arise the Dominions might oppose the Mother Country in the discussion of problems before the League. In other words these Dominions demand formal recognition by Britain and the rest of the world of their sovereignty in internal affairs.

R.R.HALL SPEAKS AT MASS MEETING

OF LIBERALS WHICH WILL BE HELD TONIGHT IN TORONTO.

Capt. R. R. Widdifield, Mr. R. R. Hall and other representative Liberals of Peterborough and district are in Toronto this afternoon attending the meeting to organize a Liberal Association for Central Ontario. Mr. Hill will be one of the speakers this evening at a public meeting.

Eastern Ontario is already organized with headquarters in Ottawa, and Western Ontario with headquarters at London. The City of Toronto and York County are to form a third district. The Central Ontario district to be organized today will be a separate affair.

Meet Tonight.

The delegates will perfect their organization, elect officers, pass resolutions and adopt a constitution this afternoon. At night there will be an open meeting at which the principal orator will be Hon. Geo. P. Graham, Hon. W. L. McKenzie King, R. R. Hall, ex-M.P. for Peterboro, and others will also speak. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had promised to be present but sent a telegram regretting his inability to attend.

ILL WITH PNEUMONIA

Gordon Long Down With Serious Case in Cobalt.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. James Long will regret to hear that their son, Gordon, is ill in the Cobalt Hospital with pneumonia. Mr. Long received a telegram last night saying the case was serious and every attention was being given him. Mr. and Mrs. Long left this afternoon for Cobalt.

CASE IS DECIDED FOR PLAINTIFF

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN SECURE HEAVY VERDICT FOR CLIENT.

Judgment was delivered today at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Latchford in an action brought by Charles Dawson, of Campbellford against Quilan & Robertson, Limited, for $26,953.61.

In 1916 Mr. Charles Dawson, of Campbellford, was the superintendent of the Dickson Bridge Works Company, Limited, which had a large munition contract with the Imperial Munition Board, and were operating in the town of Campbellford. Mr. Dawson was entitled to some $25,000.-00 profits at that time.

However, unfortunately, in the winter of 1916 and 1917 the Dickson Bridge Company's plant was burned down and many shells and much of the plant was destroyed by fire, so Mr. Dawson required to arrange for the sale of the plant and business to Quinlan & Robertson, of Montreal, and who were engaged in shipbuilding, Government contracts and were known as a wealthy, aggressive engineering concern.

Quinlan & Robertson took over the Dickson Bridge Works plant in Campbellford, put in a large amount of new machinery and brought experts from various parts of the country, but were unable to obtain the production Mr. Dawson had represented the Dickson Bridge Works had obtained when they were operating the plant. Mr. Dawson gave as the reason for this that the labor was scarce, large number of men having enlisted, and material for shell making was not uniform. Quinlan & Robertson refused to pay Mr. Dawson the amount that he claimed was due him, so action was brought in the Supreme Court against Quinlan & Robertson for $25,009.00

The action was tried at Cobourg last November and judgment was reserved by the Hon. Mr. Justice Latchford, and the result of the judgment is now that the amount claimed by Mr. Dawson has been allowed to him, with interest, and costs of action.

Pringle, Thompson, Burgess & Cote, of Ottawa, were the solicitors for Quinlan & Robertson, and Gordon, Widdifield & O'Brien were Mr. Dawson's solicitors.

Swedes to Fight The Bolshevists

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Stockholm, Jan. 21.—Swedish military missions, which have returned here from Lithuaniax and Esthonia, have reported favorably regarding the sending of volunteer military expeditions to Lithuania. The first Swedish detachment probably will start for Libau this week.

AND NOW INDIA WANTS HOME RULE

RETURNED MISSIONARY SO ASSERTS IN SPEECH IN TORONTO.

Tornto, Jan. 21.—"Partially as a result of the war there is a very great agitation sprung up in India for home rule," declared Rev. G. J. Brown, Dominion secretary of foreign missions, in discussing the seventh annual report of the Foreign Mission Board before the Ontario and Quebec Baptist Convention sitting in Jarvis Street Church yesterday afternoon. "India," he said, "is coming rapidly into the life of the world. Some of the sentiment is exermely radical, some would like to throw British rule into the sea, and establish the independence of India. But the great bulk of the natives are loyal."

The home rule agitation, he went on, had been a serious matter for the British Government to deal with. "I just wish you knew how glad the Government of England is that they have missions out there," he said. "If you knew how the government is leaning on the missionaries you would realize that they are the greatest steadying force in the whole of India."

IRISH PARLIAMENT THAT MEETS TODAY IN DUBLIN WILL USE THE GAELIC LANGUAGE

More Returns From German Election

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 21.—The Majority Socialists appear to have made big gains in East Prussia. In Hanover and Bremen the Socialists had a large majority over the Independents. In Leipzig, however, the Independent Socialists polled 195 thousand votes against 95 thousand for the Majority Socialists.

TROTZKY'S ARMY PUT TO FLIGHT

BOLSHEVIK FORCES SEVERELY HANDLED BY ESTHONIAN FORCES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 21—A no-table success has been won against the Bolshevik by the Esthonian troops operating to the northeast of Lake Peipus, according to Esthonian official despatches received by wireless at Stockholm today and transmitted here. They have taken the town of Narva, on the Reval-Petrograd Railway line, together with a large number of prisoners. Finnish troops co-operated with the Esthonians, the statements says, a quanity of booty fell into the hands of the victorious forces, including guns, provisions and armored trains. The prisoners included division and regimental staffs. Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik war minister, it is said, was present in Narva during the fighting and fled after the Bolshevik defeat.

FIRST TO SERVE LAST TO APPEAL

REASONS WHY SALVATION ARMY IS NOT ASKING TOO MUCH.

The Canadian public answered the appeal for funds for the war work of many deserving institutions. The Salvation Army was in the forefront of all these drives, doing its bit to help sister organizations in their good work.

Strangely enough the Salvation Army is the last of these social organizations to come to the public with a general appeal. It held off as long as it had a dollar in its treasury; was content to go on spreading comfort and cheer among the boys in the firing line and at the various bases and camps. The Salvation Army has depended largely on its street-corner collections and an occasional tag day, but its work among the distressed and among the soldiers, both at home and at the front, has become so extensive that a considerable fund is absolutely necessary to enable it to go on.

It would be a crime to allow the Salvation Army to slack off. It is the one institution that can always be depended upon to jump in where real help is needed. One million dollars is not too much to entrust to this efficient religious and social organization for its purposes.

Ex-Kaiser Reported In Better Health

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Holland, Jan. 21.—Former Emperor William and the former Empress have sufficiently recovered from their recent illness that they are able to resume their former mode of living. They are taking their customary morning walks in the grounds around the Castle. Herr Hohenzolhern is reported in much better spirits. His birthday, Jan. 26, will be celebrated by a concert in the Castle.

DECORATED WITH V.C.

London, Jan. 21.—King George has decorated 3,102 Private Thomas Ricketts, First Newfoundland Regiment, with the Victoria Cross.

Ireland to be Declared a Republic and Address Is to be Issued to the Free Nations of the World--Delegates Elected to Peace Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Dublin, Jan. 21.—Probably no country except Ireland could present an episode as remarkable as the assembly of the Dail Eireann, which is the Irish Gaelic for the "Irish Parliament," which will be called to order in Dublin's ancient mansion House this afternoon to proclaim Ireland an independent republic.

About half the Sinn Feiners elected to membership in the British Parliament will participate, the other half being in various English prisons charged with sedition or merely held on suspicion under the Spacious and Elastic provisions of defense of the Realm Act. The Sinn Feiners will meet under the shadow of Dublin Castle with the presence of Field Marshal Viscount French, the first Viceroy in many years to give Ireland a purely military government. They will meet with his full knowledge and tacit consent to make measures which are purely seditious and indirect violation of explicit law.

WILL USE IRISH LANGUAGE.

Today's program will be carried out in the Irish language, which is virtually a dead tongue, so dead that the Sinn Feiners have been obliged to rehearse their parts and will be compelled to lapse occasionally into boycotted English terms because they cannot find Irish words to fit modern Parliamentary procedure.

Three items are expected to constitute the body of the program. The declaration of indepence, a message to the free nations of the world and the appointment of delegates to the Peace Congress. Ireland is a country of the unexpected but no one predicts any trouble or disorder. The revolutionary flags floats quite freely over the homes of Sinn Feinners in Dublin. Members of the party expect protection from the authorities of the nation from whom thy are separating. They do not talk of and apparently do not contemplate violence.

PORTUGAL TIRES OF DEMOCRACY

MOVEMENT HAS STARTED TO RESTORE MONARCHY IN THAT COUNTRY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Madrid, Jan. 21.—The monarchist movement in Portugal, headed by Paiva Conceiro, has been successful in Northern Portugal, and a government has been formed at Oporto, according to reports received by the Spanish government.

The report adds that Lisbon is believed to have joined in the movement. Wireless despatches received in London from Lisbon yesterday reported the breaking out of a revolution in Portugal. The ex-king, Manuel, however, was declared to have sent a telegram to the Portuguese government asserting that he did not countenance the movement in his behalf.

TO BUILD MANY MILES OF ROAD

ONTARIO GOVERNMENT PLANS A MOVE TO SOLVE UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Addressing the annual meeting of the Ontario Motor League last night at the King Edward Hotel, Hon. Finlay G. Macdiarmid, Ontario Minister of Public Works and Highways, stated that the Government proposed immediately to ask for tenders for the construction of one hundred miles of the new Provincial highway, and that on the remainder of that highway important and extensive preliminary work will be proceeded with during the summer. According to present plans the Government do not intend to contruct new highways of a uniform width or of standard cost. Hon. Mr. Macdiarmid stated that he will recommend to the Government at the approaching session of the Legislature that the roadways comprising the arteries that will connect with the trunk road be constructed of material suitable to the traffic of these particular roads.

The Provincial Minister declared that it is the intention of the Government to encourage the counties to carry on an aggressive program in connection with the construction of market roads under their control, and he read a resolution passed at the recent convention of the United Farmers' Association calling upon the Ontario Government to exercise wise judgment and protesting against the reckless expenditure of the people's money in the construction of expensive highways for the benefit of idle speculators. So far as he knew this was the only organization that had entered a protest against the policy that the Government will pursue in its proposed scheme of new roads throughout the Province.

ISSUES WRIT FOR $8,000 DAMAGES

FOR DEATH OF C. N. R. FIREMAN WHO WAS KILLED AT BONAR LAW.

A writ has issued against the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. for $8,000 damages by Miss Jessie Long, Havelock, at Peterborough today by her solicitors, Gordon, Widdifield and O'Brien. The case will be tried at the Spring Assizes.

Suit is entered in behalf of Jessie Long, the widow [illegible]ay and Marjorie Long, daughter of the late William Long, a fireman on the Canadian Northern Railway, who was killed at Bonar Law on October 12 as the result of a collision which it is alleged was due to the defective condition of the brakes upon a C. P. R. freight train which crashed into Long's engine while it was standing upon the diamond.

At the inquest the C. P. R. engineer, who stated that he was running down grade and was unable to make the crew on the C.N.R. locomotive understand by whistling that his train was out of control, admitted that the signals were against him, but attributed his inability to stop the train to the fact that the brakes were not working properly.

MUST INTERVENE TO SAVE RUSSIA

THIS MATTER AGAIN TAKEN UP BY THE SUPREME COUNCIL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 21.—The Russian question was again taken up by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference when it met for today's session. There was a full attendance of members of the council for this meeting, Vittorso Orlando, the Italian premier, being present for the first time since his recent trip to Rome. Harold Scavenius, the Danish minister to Russia, even more emphatically than did Ambassador Noulins yesterday, declared that intervention in Russia was necessary to check the regime of terrorism there.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1919

FIRE DEPARTMENT ESTIMATES.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT, under the leadership of Chief Grange, has been brought to a high state of efficiency. The full number of men allowed have always been kept, and the relations between the Chief and his staff are, and always have been harmonious. The work of the brigade has received deserved commendation from the citizens, and a general feeling of security prevails among the property owners.

Efficiency costs money, and it was only to be anticipated that the estimates for 1919 should exceed those of the past year. Better an up-to-date department and a reasonable insurance rate than these conditions reversed. The manufacturers of the city and all the other large property owners have always been in favor of improved service in fire protection. The opportunity for this is now before the new Council.

The double platoon system, if adopted, will add another $7,000 to the upkeep. That is a matter that the majority of the present Council are pledged to consider favorably, even to the extent of submitting the question to a vote of the people.

PRACTICAL RELIGION.

THE SALVATION ARMY deals only in that brand of religion which is eminently practical and which, therefore, shows results. It is noted for treating all classes alike in its operations. It makes no distinction between officer and private, rich and poor, in its ministrations among the troops.

The Army has never posed as a philanthropic institution in the generally accepted meaning of that term. The comforts with which it supplied the soldiers had to be purchased by the Army, and these comforts were sold at a narrow margin of profit, just sufficient to make possible the carrying on of the work.

The Army's best champions are the men in the service whom it helped. No soldier, even if he was without money, was ever denied a cup of coffee, a doughnut or a sandwich when he applied at the Salvation Army hut. There may have been complaints occasionally against other ministering agencies in the war zone, but none have been heard against the Salvation Army. The Army was first in the field and it will be the last to carry on.

The record of the Salvation Army is above reproach, and it is this record which, more than anything else, justifies its appeal to the people of Peterborough for funds.

WORK FOR THOUSANDS.

THE ONTARIO GOVERNMENT, it is announced, will soon call for tenders for the construction of hundreds of miles of provincial highways. There is no public enterprise that could be taken up that would so benefit the people of the Province as a whole. No enterprise, either, would furnish so many men with work at a time when the employment problem is so acute. The Government's announced program is in keeping with the general demand for administrative action to avert the calamity sure to result if hundreds of men are denied the opportunity to earn a living.

HOUSING IN ENGLAND.

ONE OF THE MOST urgent necessities for the reconstruction of national life is the provision all over the country of a vast number of cottages in England, according to the newspapers over there. There was already a great shortage in 1914, and during the war many young couples have married, intending to set up house when it was over. It is calculated that at least a million cottages are needed to meet all requirements. In view of this fact, considerable interest attaches to the survey in the Morning Post of the great rise in the cost of every kind of building material. Apparently the price of cement and lime has trebled, and that of tiles doubled. Fittings of all kinds have gone up anything from 100 to 500 per cent. As a result, the minimum cost of putting up the simplest and smallest cottage has doubled. Before the war it might have been done for £150; now the same building will cost £300. And the cottages have got to be built, even though in existing conditions there seems little chance of obtaining an adequate return, in money, on the expenditure.

A BRAVE FANATIC AND IDEALIST.

(Chicago News.)

THE TRAGIC and violent death of Karl Liebknecht, leader of the Spartacus faction of the German social democracy, removes from the world's political arena a man of exceptional intellectual and moral gifts. It is a pity that his idealism was so uncompromising and visionary. He had many attractive qualities that commanded admiration in free countries during his long and unequal fight against kaiserism.

Liebknecht was fearless and self-sacrificing. He dared speak the truth in the Reichstag about the kaiser's war and the kaiser's infamous hypocrisy. He refused to vote for the supply bills necessary to carry on the war. In the press he went as far in opposition to the autocracy and the military caste as the double censorship would allow him. Finally he was sent to prison on a trumped-up charge, and only the collapse of Germany and the revolution which followed restored him to liberty.

Then, unhappily, his fanaticism took a wrong turn. A dogmatic, consistent Marxian socialist, he demanded the immediate establishment of a socialist republic. He repudiated as wicked every suggestion of compromise with the moderate socialist and liberal parties. He favored a dictatorship of the "advanced" proletariat. Lenin was his exemplar, not Wilson or Lloyd George. Essentially he was, therefore, anti-democratic. He did not trust the people and was afraid of free and fair discussion.

The defeat of his attempted "second revolution" was inevitable in a country so industrial and literate as Germany. That defeat was a victory for real progress and democracy. Evolution, not revolution, should be the watchword of intelligent lovers of justice and liberty. Those who take up the sword in the name of reform and bring about civil war, fratricidal strife, perish by the sword. If history teaches any lesson at all, it teaches the lesson of toleration, accommodation, mutual concessions and final acceptance of the will of the majority duly and honestly ascertained.

THE GERMAN REPUBLIC.

THE CABLE has given details of the democratic constitution proposed for Germany. It provides for a president elected by direct methods, and with a seven-year term of office. There are to be two chambers, a lower house elcted by universal suffrage, and an upper house consisting of delegates from the Federal Parliament, which, however, Prussia is not to be allowed to dominate. The Ministry is to be responsible to the Chamber. Apparently this is the constitution proposed by the present Moderate Socialist Administration.

Meanwhile, the Spartacus group are still in full revolt against the existing regime, and are importing Bolshevik speakers from Russia to give expert advice as to how a revolution should really be managed. The constitution described above, if worked in a democratic spirit, would give ample scope for any reforming zeal, and it is to be hoped that the orderly habit of the German people will prevail, and that they will settle down to put it into practice. To ensure this it is desirable that some moral support should be given them by the Allies in their efforts to reach a stable and democratic form of government. It is just as vital for Europe as for Germany that this should be accomplished, and accomplished with the least possible delay.

THE GALLANT AIRMEN.

MAJOR-GEN. TRENCHARD has written an article describing the work of the Independent Air Force from its formation in June, 1918, up to the signing of the armistice. The airmen in France had a twofold task. First, they were the eyes of the army, scouting and spotting for the artillery. Secondly, they were a definite fighting arm, carrying on raids over the country behind the German lines. This was the task of the Independent Force, which General Trenchard commanded. His despatch gives a long story of hard, dangerous and useful work carried on with unremitting energy and courage. Five hundred and fifty tons of bombs were dropped, and nearly fifty German towns were raided. One very interesting fact is disclosed; machines capable of carrying out a long distance raid on Berlin were completed three days before the conclusion of the armistice. A well-deserved tribute is paid in the despatch to the magnificent courage displayed by the pilots and observers. In spite of a percentage of casualties which made death in the long run seem almost certain, these men fought on, day in and day out, often in weather in which no sane pilot before the war would have left the ground. It is an epic story of which the country may well be proud.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

HELP PAY the nation's war debt by investing in thrift stamps.

* * * * *

WHAT GENIUS will arise to reduce the cost of living while still keeping up wages?

* * * * *

EVERY DOLLAR given to the Salvation Army is a contribution to the cause of humanity.

* * * * *

EVERYBODY LOVES a winner. Hence even the Germans cheer the Allied army of occupation.

* * * * *

IF TIPPING has really be abolished in Berlin, then the German people have not suffered in vain.

* * * * *

AN EXCHANGE says that the ex-crown prince cannot get a cook to suit him. Nor much of anything else.

* * * * *

THE EUROPEAN ARMIES that fought and ran away should be debarred for all time from repeating the performance.

* * * * *

THERE IS ALWAYS room at the top, and the cost of living has evidently found that the high altitude space is comfortable.

* * * * *

WHILE INDULGING in congratulations over the mild weather, do not forget to figure on the probable cost of ice next summer.

* * * * *

THERE SHOULD BE no trouble among the delegates to the Peace Congress if the unified relations that existed before the armistice are still maintained.

* * * * *

IF LENINE has really left Russia, imagine his regret that he was unable to take the country away with him, as he did everything of value that was portable.

* * * * *

PEOPLE WILL CEASE to wonder at some of the letters that appear in certain newspapers if it transpires that those communications are paid for at the usual advertising rates.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

A Good "Don't."

(Galt Reporter.)

Don't let the officer's decoration blind you to the private's contribution to the winning of the war.

Outclassed.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

Out West a would-be highwayman "held up" a profiteer. The highwayman lost his overcoat, boots and six dollars.

Unanimous.

(Guelph Mercury.)

Moved, seconded and carried that long speeches that wander all over creation and forget he question under discussion be put under the ban.

ONTARIO GAINS PROFIT FROM KEEPING OF BEES

Industry Affords Muoh Room for Expansion, Vastly Benefits Crops, and Offers Splendid Opportunity for Returned Soldiers.

(Rob Roy in Toronto Sunday World.)

Many and various are the suggestions for providing employment for returned soldiers. Some who propose that they should be given homesteads in the west apparently forget that homesteads are and have been free for over a third of a century, 160 acres of choice and being given to a settler for paying the registration fee —$10. With good health a young man of vigor and nitiative may become rich in a few years, but the life is a terribly strenuous one, and one of unutterable loneliness, quite unsuited to men who are broken and maimed. Life in the wilds of New Ontario is one for those possessed of boundless health and vitality, but not for men whose nervous systems are shattered.

In trying to direct the soldiers in any particular line of work two things should be kept in view, viz: the work must be productive and profitable. Voting public money for works simply to provide employment will only aggravate our national ills, if these undertakings do not add to our wealth in products of some kind to provide for our own people, or export abroad to pay our debts there. Any enterprise must also furnish good returns, be profitable to the soldiers.

The business of bee keeping is one that should appeal to men not able to do heavy, slogging work. The work is extremely interesting, is a healthy outdoor one, and to a skilful man the returns are very profitable.

In 1880 a number of beekeepers held a meeting in the City of Toronto. Mr. McKnight, of Owen Sound, presided. A provincial association was formed with D. A. Jones president, and Mr. McKnight secretary. Dr. J. C. Thom, of Streetsville, was present, and was president several years later. William Couse, of Streetsville, was also present and was afterwards secretary for a quarter of a century. There were at that time 250 members, now there are over a thousand.

Last year five milion pounds of honey was produced, valued at one million and a quarter dollars.

If this business worked to its limit, is it overdone, or is there any opening for soldiers to produce more honey?

Mr. Couse, one of the best authorities in the province, claims that Ontario should be producing not five but 25 million pounds of honey a year.

Take the case of Peel County, with an annual production of two hundred and fifty thousand pounds. This output in from about a dozen apiaries. There could be at least 30 apiaries scattered over Peel County producing at least one quarter of the present output from the whole province.

Honey is at present looked on as a luxury. This should not be, as there are carloads of nectar, in the fruit, clover and vegetable blossoms that go to waste every year. When we learn to use the gifts of nature honey will be looked upon as a necessity, and this valuable food will be found on every table.

But there is another side to the question. A man who starts a beeyard in a district may make several thousand dollars a year for himself, but will certainly make many more for the surrounding farmers. Take the case of alsike clover.

Blossoms of plants are the organs for the perpetuation of their existence. Barley, wheat, oats and others without bloom have a light pollen that is distributed from the male to female blossoms by the wind. Clover and fruits with an attractive bloom have a heavier pollen that must be distributed by bees going from blossom to blossom in search of nectar, and carrying the pollen about on their rough, hairy bodies. At the very time that the bloom is most attractive, the nectar is at the right stage to gather, and this is the very time that the plant can be fertilized by a visit from the bees. Many fruit men keep bees for the benefit of the trees. Clover near the bee yards always produces well. Farmers in Halton County have, last year, made $175 per acre on alsike seed, those high yields being attributed to the nearness of bee yards. Increasing over annual crops of honey from one and a quarter to five million dollars a year, as Mr. Couse suggests, would add many millions more to our crops of fruit, vegetables and alsike clover.

Many hope to see the day when consolidated schools shall take the place of the present cross-road institutes. At these gardening and scientific farming could be taught, and at every one several hives of bees should be kept, and the boys and girls taught how simple the business is. But that is in the future. At present the government should try to give practical instruction to returned men, showing them that with a knowledge of the business, and a very moderate investment, a splendid living may be made. Then, verily, Ontario will be a land flowing with milk and honey.

TEACHERS NEXT TO FORM UNION

ONLY WAY IN WHICH THEY HOPE FOR HIGHER SALARIES.

(By Marie L. Meehan)

For a considerable number of months I have at intervals scanned the papers hoping that something, if not the department of education, would invite the various school boards to offer a scale of salaries that would encourage those in the teaching profession and bring back a number of those who have left it or literally who have been driven out of it by the continued lack of appreciation of the public.

Far be it from me to blame the public. As an intelligent, hard-working, deserving body of leaders the teachers of Canada have a right to insist on justice. The average workingman has his union. Recently in our own city the policemen demonstrated this fact. They are organized. Yet hundreds of our rural teachers are sacrificing everything devoting their time and energy to the most helpful work we know, yet their profession means nothing to them outside of their section. I believe the teachers of each province and of Canada should comprise a large and active union with representatives to insist on their rights. These could run in conjunction with the school conventions, but it should be explicitly decreed that part of that time be put aside for discussion of teachers as well as schools and methods.

I have been in business and compared the education, mentality and general efficiency of the average business girl with the successful teacher (and we know a teacher must be successful now), and I repeat it is a shame that the latter are so poorly recompensed.

Naturally we look for a cause, and with all due respect to my sex, I attribute the conditions to the female propensity to timidity. We know that a very great percentage of our teachers are girls, yet we are subservient to a department of education composed almost entirely of men. I have never known a case of a woman being a trustee on a school board—yet who should appreciate and understand the needs of children so well?

There is always a tendency to eliminate the commercialization of anything heroic. All teachers should understand business methods. The sentiment is kept largely before them in their training.

The dentist has his active union so has the physician, even the laborer, so should the teachers of Canada.

There is nothing a farmer gets so cheaply as the education of his children, yet how many know that if a teacher makes a success in their school the first year she is worth a hundred dollars more the following year. Long practice has led them to believe that they are paying her the highest kind of a compliment when they invite her to stay on at her original salary.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the clergymen have done their full share in this war and now she sees that a large clerical force has accompanied our delegates to the peace conference.

Toronto Riverside boxers lost six bouts and won two in the annual inter-city turnament at Pittsburg on Saturday night.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

The Park Ave. News.

Sissiety. Miss Mary Watkins ambition is to be a nerse, ony she dont like the site of blud and cant stand sick people.

Pritty Bum Jouk.

Puds Simkins. My mother can make doughnutts swell.

Leroy Shooster. Well if they didnt swell they would be hecky looking doughnutts.

Artie Alixander had a berthday last week, getting lots of presents including a box of hankerchiffs with his initals on so they wouldent be eny use to enybody elts, a pair of shoes and a dozzin pairs of stockings, but nuthing usefull.

Pome by Skinny Martin.
FRUM INPERIENTS.

You can find a sent if it falls down
a hole,
Or even down a crack,
But never drop one over the side of
a bote,
Because youll never get it back.

Leeve youre baby outside of your house in the baby carridge and one of our men will watch it and keep strangers frum kissing germs on it for 10 cents a week. The Ed Wernick and Lew Davis Baby Insurants Co. (Avvertizement.)

Joseph C. Brill, under sentence at Victoria, attempted to take his own life by hanging himself in his cell.

WANT TO FORM UNION

St. John Police Force in Line With Toronto Constables.

Ottawa, Jan. 21. — The Minister of Labor has established a Board of Conciliation to investigate the dispute between the Corporation of the city of St. John, N.B., and policemen who are members of the Police Association. The board is established as the outcome of a dispute which has existed for some months, but in which the Labor Department could not act because both parties did not make application for a board. An application from both the city and the policemen has now been received.

Mr. Albert E. Reynolds was killed at the Foundation Shipyard, when crushed about the head by a heavy timber.

Canadian millers will be permitted to manufacture flour into patents for export to Newfoundland and the West Indies.

Seeing two ways at once is easy with our curved lenses. We fit them to conform with the shape of your eyeball thus giving a wider range of vision and preventing unnecessary eye-strain.

If you think you need glasses you need our service to tell rightly the kind you need.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

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Clocks Glassware
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Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
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Thrift

ASSETS : $84,000,000

SAVE YOUR MONEY — economize — avoid wasteful spending. Open a savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.

Your Saved Money will insure your future, and give you a new incentive in life.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

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THE BANK OF TORONTO
Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday

BABY MARIE OSBORNE in **'My Lady o' the Beanstalk'**
A nice romance in 5 acts

LEAH BAIRD in **"Wolves of Kultur,"** Chapter Four **"THE RIDE TO DEATH,"**—Two Parts

"MERRY MERMAIDS," An ocean of laughter seasoned with beautiful girls—A feature comedy in two parts

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

This is A PICTURE — The Screen Success of the Season—The Patriotic Drama

"Over There" Featuring Charles Richman

See Richman go "Over the Top" in one of the most thrilling scenes ever filmed.

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROYAL THEATRE

12 First Run Reels **Last Chance To-Night** **12 First Run Reels**

High Class Feature War Drama

"Bonnie Annie Laurie"--5 parts

A Scottish Tale of Love and Patriotism in Scotland and Bloody France, featuring Peggy Hyland

SPECIAL SOCIAL FEATURE FILM

"The Blunders of Divorce"-5 parts

"Marriage is little better than a system of free love." declares Cardinal Gibbons, spokesman for the Roman Catholic Church in America.
See the evils of which he complains in the presentation of this great picture.

Sunshine Comedy **"A Self Made Lady"** **Two Parts**

This Program should get together all the Scotchmen and Scoichwomen in the city to see the above great picture, "Bonnie Annie Laurie."

"The Blunders of Divorce," shown make a wonderful educational film, inasmuch as it features one ef the greatest evils of the present day.

Admission Afternoons and Evenings . . . 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Matinee for School Children and others only 10c

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-day & To-morrow
Charlie Chaplin in
CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "HIS DARE DEVIL QUEEN" Edith Storey in "The Demon." Pathe News. Vaudeville. Judge Brown Story. Vivian & Chance, Novelty Dancing and Club Swinging. Daily Matinee 2.30, 10c. Ev'g 7.30, 15c.

Next Thursday Evening, January 23d

Chautauqua Lyceum Course
SECOND ATTRACTION
Hon. William Howard Taft

ALL SEATS—$1.00 COMMENCES AT 8:15
Subscribers may reserve their seats at the Box Office Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 20 and 21
Balance of Plan open to General Public, Wednesday and Thursday, January 22 and 23

Mon., Tues., Jan. 27-28
The Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. present
The Mammoth Spectacular Opera
"In Sunny France"
A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B. C.
160 AMATEURS IN CAST
The sweetest music that you have heard since the days of Gilbert and Sullivan.
One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Plan open to ticket holders Thursday, January 23, at 10 a.m.

1,270 PATIENTS ADMITTED TO NICHOLLS' HOSPITAL IN 1918

Greatest Number in History of Institution and 57 More Than Were Treated in Previous Year—Annual Meeting Yesterday

The annual meeting of the trustees of the Nicholls Hospital was held on Monday, January 20, at 4 o'clock in the Dominion Bank chambers. There were present Mr. Richard Hall, in the chair, and Messrs. W. H. Hill, B. F. Ackerman, Dr. Malcolm McCulloch, W. Madill, E. A. Peck, R. Fair, E. B. Fowler, James Edgar and W. Aldridge.

The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and confirmed, after which the secretary, Mr. Crane, presented the statement of receipts and expenditures for the statutory year ending Sept. 30 last. After discussion, the statement was referred to the city auditor for audit. The statement showed total receipts of $40,834.35, with a balance on hand of $1485.38.

Chairman's Report.

The report of the chairman was as follows:

The Nicholls Hospital has passed through a year of active work. The number of patients treated last year was the largest in the history of the hospital; 1,270 patients were admitted, being an increase over the previous year of 57, but the increase is in reality larger, for during 1917 we had the benefit, in numbers, of the military force which was mobilizing here at that time. The growth of the hospital may be seen when I say that in the year 1908, ten years ago, we treated 590 patients; this last year we treated 1,270, an increase of over 100 per cent.

During the past year we had to deal with the epidemic of "flu," and, in addition to our regular work, some 120 serious cases were cared for. This work was accomplished with very satisfactory results, thanks to the fidelity of our superintendent and her assistants under circumstances at once trying and critical.

The cost of maintenance and operation of the hospital has been a matter of much concern during the past three years, the steadily increasing cost of food, fuel and practically of every item entering into our work has made it difficult, with efficiency in view, to keep the cost of maintenance within bounds. We have ended the year with a deficit of $2500, and we shall likely have to take advantage of the provision in our Act of Incorporation giving us the right to call upon the Council to make up the deficiency. Should the cost of food, etc., come down, as we hope, during the year, the difference would be appreciable.

During the year the Board very wisely made a start looking to the provision of more adequate accommodation for the nursing staff. The purchase of the house on the corner of Argyle and Sunnyside streets has done much for the comfort of our nurses, and a letter, read in your hearing today, voices their appreciation in this respect.

To all appearances the war is over and we are proud of the many graduates of our training school who have done good service in their country's cause. Our superintendent, Miss Beamish, is still overseas, but we have good cause to believe that she has proved worthy of the trust reposed in her. We hope she will return to her work in due course. Her work has been carried on with the utmost fidelity by Miss Sanderson, whose untiring zeal for the welfare of the hospital deserves our fullest commendation.

I beg to thank the members of the Board and all associated in the work for their efficient services during the past year.

Officers Elected.

The election of officers was then proceeded with and resulted as follows:

Chairman—Richard Hall.
Hon. Secretary—W. H. Hill.
Sec.-Treas.—John Crane.

Committees for 1919.

The following are the committees for the year:

Supervision — B. F. Ackerman, chairman, Messrs. R. Fair and W. Madill.

Finance—E. B. Fowler, chairman, Messrs. James Edgar and E. A. Peck.

Property—W. Aldridge, chairman, Messrs. G. Walter Green and Dr. Malcolm McCulloch.

Visiting Committee:

January and July—Messrs. Peck and Fair.

February and August—Messrs. M. McIntyre and Mayor Duncan.

March and September—Messrs. R. Neill and W. Aldridge.

April and October—Messrs. James Edgar and Thos. Brown.

May and November—Messrs. W. Madill and E. B. Fowler.

June and December—Dr. McCulloch and Mr. B. F. Ackerman.

Resolution of Condolence.

The following resolution was passed by the Board:

Whereas, during the past year death has removed Mr. Chas. McGill, a trustee of this hospital, appointed in the deed of gift to the city, and

(Continued on Page 7.)

LABOR SEEKING NEW SAFEGUARDS

LEEDS CONFERENCE TO BE BASED ON ACTION OF CONGRESS.

Paris, Jan. 21.—The possibility that the demand for labor in debt—crushed European countries may cause a slackening of the laws for the protection of workers, will be the starting point of the consideration of the subject of international labor which was placed Saturday on the conference programme after responsibility for the war and punishment of the crimes committed during hostilities. The conference recognizing the inter-dependence of all nations, will, it is expected, base its decision on the work of the Leeds Labor conference in July, 1916, which approved the resolution introduced by Leon Joupaux, then secretary of the French Federation of Labor, declaring that the peace treaty should "insure to the labor classes of every country free from international capitalistic competition a minimum of moral and material guarantee relative to the following points:

Right of employment, right of labor organization, change of residence, social insurance, proper hygienic conditions, securtiy of labor, freedom to work in any country where employment is available under equal conditions with its citizens ,introduction in all countries of sickness, accident, unemployment and old age insurance, prohibition of labor by children under fourteen years, prohibition of night work for women and for adolescents under eighteen, broadening of legislation to insure the health and safety of workers and the creation of both national and international bodies to study, codify and interpret laws affecting labor conditions."

This programme, communicated through the Scandinavan Trades Union at Berne in October, Austria, Hungary, Bohemia, Bulgaria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland and Switzerland, was approved by all of them.

It is recalled that the A. F. of L. voted for portions of this programme at Buffalo, and that the statement of the war aims of the British Labor party contemplated an international labor council with similar objects.

In some points the programme to be submitted to the Peace Congress approaches that of the International Socialist Conference which is to meet next week at Berne, but unlike that of the Socialists, it is confined to remedial measures applied to specific problems.

IF KIDNEYS ACT BAD TAKE SALTS

Says Backache is Sign you have Been Eating Too Much Meat

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and loggy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.

WEEPING ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

A Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

Waseo, Ont.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives and 'Soothe Salva The first treatment gave me relief.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Soothe Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-tives', and am entirely well"

G. W. HALL.

Both these sterling remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"Fruit-a-tives" is also put up in a trial size which sells for 25c.

CEMETERY CO. HAS $1,176 BALANCE

REPORTS SUBMITTED AT ANNUAL MEETING WHICH WAS HELD YESTERDAY.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of the Little Lake Cemetery Company was held in the City Council Chamber on Monday afternoon the 20th inst.

There were present the directors and Messrs. F. Adams, W. H. Foord (a former superintendent) and W. James (the present superintendent.)

The usual reports, namely, Auditors', Directors' and Superintendents', were read and received, and a by-law adopted for the appointment of a vice-president to take the place of the President in his absence from the city.

Messrs T. Q. Quartermaine and F. J. A. Hall were re-appointed auditors.

The election of directors resulted in all the former members being re-elected, namely, Messrs. E. H. D. Hall, W. H. Moore, K.C., T. H. G. Denne, Henry Rush, Benjamin Shortly, Arthur Stevenson, B. F. Ackerman, W. G. Morrow and E. A. Peck.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board Mr. T. H. G. Denne was elected President and Mr. Benjamin Shortly vice-president of the company.

Directors Report

The permanent improvements made during the year are set out in the Superintendent's report submitted herewith and have in the opinion of the Directors been necessary and have been done in a satisfactory manner by the Superintendent and his assistants.

The receipts for sale of lots during 1918 were $4073.00 and $140.00 was expended in the repurchase of lots. Part of the Greenhouse having become delapidated, your Directors considered it advisable instead of making repairs to purchase a substantial steel structure to replace it. This was erected by the Superintendents. The total cost was $788.97. In order to make the Receiving vault more secure a concrete wall with iron doors has been constructed across the vault.

The total receipts for 1918 (other than from sales of lots were $6953.11 and the total payments have been $8130.60, leaving the sum of $1176.95 which was paid out of money received from sale of lots. The amount paid for wages during 1918 exceeded the wages paid in 1917 by $1262.25, whereas the additional amount received from care of lots, digging graves, greenhouse vault fees in 1918 exceeded the amount received in 1917 by only $343.75. The amount received for interest was $472.07 more in 1918 than in 1917 but a portion of this was interest due in 1917. The increase in the wages was occasioned by reason of the necessity of raising the rates of wages of all the employes in the Cemetery in order to retain them and owing to the ordinary day's work being charged to nine hours a day.

There was collected during the year from old accounts the sum of $667.43 leaving a balance of $565.45 uncollected and probably uncollectable.

In addition to the ordinary receipts there has been received during the year on Trust account the sum of $1300.00 for the perpetual care of lots belonging to the following estates: Dr. George Burnham $500; Rev. V. Clementi, $300; Mrs. Ann Graham $200; Lewis Spry $100;

(Continued on Page 8)

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous *Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Lassitude, Loss of Energy, Depletion of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

MAKE STATES OF THE KINGDOM

NEW CONSTITUTION THAT HAS BEEN DRAWN UP FOR GERMANY.

London, Jan. 21.—Details of the proposed new constitution for Germany drawn up recently at a conference of widely known authorities on constitutionality law including Hugo Preuss, state secretary of the interior in the Ebert Government, are given in an official wireless despatch sent out from Berlin and picked up here.

It states that the Empire is to consist of its former uncomponent states; besides any territories which by virtue of the right of self-determination desire to be received into the Empire.

The despatch declares that the people have the right, regardless of former frontier, to erect new German free states within the Empire, providing any such free state has a population of two million. If the people of a border country wish to join the German Empire, the assent of the German people shall be acquired.

The Imperial President, who is to be selected by the people, must be 35 years of age and must have been a citizen of Germany for 10 years before the election. He will be elected by an absolute majority of all the votes of the Empire. The president will represent the Empire, but declarations of war or conclusions of peace rest with the Reichstag. Treaties with foreign states require the assent of the Reichstag. As soon as a league of nations, the object of which is the abolishment of secret treaties, has been formed, all treaties with the league shall require the assent of the Reichstag.

The Imperial President's tenure of office will be for seven years and his re-election will be permissible. The Imperial Government will be composed of a Chancelor and Minlsters, who will be chosen by the President of the Reichstag.

The Government must be in the confidence of the House of Deputies and shall be responsible to the Reichstag.

Don't Suffer From Piles

Send For Free Trial Treatment

No matter how long or how bad—go to your druggist today and get a 60 cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment. It

will give relief, and a single box often cures. A trial package mailed free in plain wrapper if you send us coupon below.

The Pyramid Smile From a Single Trial.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
503 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.
Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

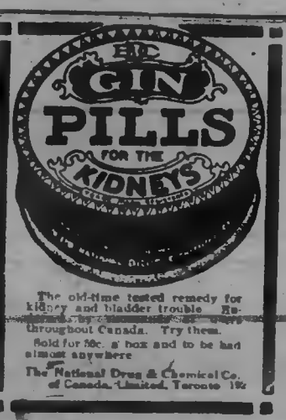
Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE ADDRESSES CONGREGATION.

Ottawa, Jan. 21. — His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire spoke to the congregation of St. Bartholomew Anglican Church Sunday morning in an appeal for assistance for the superannuated clergy fund.

His Excellency pointed out that in the Church of England only those who were properly trained for the ministry should attempt to take part in it. Canada, he said, had made splendid response to the calls of the war. In every sphere where assistance was needed it was cheerfully forthcoming, and he felt sure the present need of making certain an improved condition for the superannuated clergy of the Church of England would receive the most generous consideration of the laity of that church.

While Harry Hays, a returned soldier at Prince Rupert, lay sleeping in his room, a thirty-pound stone crashed through the roof from some blasting operations. He was not injured.



The old-time tested remedy for kidney and bladder trouble. Sold throughout Canada. Try them. Sold for 50c. a box and to be had almost anywhere
The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto 19

Y. M. C. A. HAD SUCCESSFUL YEAR IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Annual Meeting Held Last Night and Cheering Reports Are Submitted as to Finance Membership and Work—Directors Chosen for 1919.

At the annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last night Secretary Roper submitted his report as follows:

This is the 37th annual meeting of the Association since its formation in this city and the 22nd since the building was occupied. In looking over the record of the years of the past one cannot but feel that the Association has had a great influence for good in the city during that time. There is one recurring word that seems to appear more often than it should and that is the word finances. When this word occurs it usually is in connection with a shortage of funds and we ought to rejoice that through the generosity and loyalty of our friends and the devotion of our Directors that we have succeeded in reaching a position where we may look forward to the coming year of big opportunities without the handicap of a deficit or any shortage of necessary funds to carry on an efficient work. We should return thanks to God who has blessed the Association during the year.

The religious work of the Association has consisted of Bible Study classes for the regular gymnasium any boys or young men not attending gymnasium for any reason being invited to join the class into which they would naturally fall. The older high school boys held their meetings on Friday evening at the supper hour and in March the social feature was introduced. "Life Problems was the course followed by this group as well as by the senior employed boys.

A new feature was introduced in the social work of the Association when the men of the C. G. E were invited to the building and enjoyed the various privileges. This proved to be a popular innovation and this line of work will be further developed A night for returned men is being planned to be held as soon as possible. A bowling league for business men was organized in February and was a fine success. A new league was organized in the fall with 6 teams. Two boys teams also played during the spring

The Membership

The membership is in a flourishing condition considering that over 250 of our senior members are still overseas. A membership campaign in November added over 150 to the membership including renewals.

The dormitories have been filled during the larger part of the year and in this department the revenue exceeded the estimate by over $200. It was found necessary to ask two or three undesirables to vacate their rooms. At the present time six returned men are living in the dormitory. Two rooms are being kept open for the accommodation of returning men who have no home in the city. This morning we were privileged to serve one of our men in this way.

There is no doubt that many more rooms could be filled if we had them.

The physical department has maintained a high standard in attendance and interest and the services of Angus McLeod had a great deal to do with the efficiency of this department. A more detailed report will be presented for the physical work.

The boys department under the able direction of Harold Copp has had a splendid year. The membership and interest in all phases of the work comparing favorably with any previous year. The splendid foundation laid by Mr. Galley has made this possible in a great degree. A detailed report of this department is to be presented.

In conclusion the Secretary wished to take this opportunity to thank the Directors for their faith in placing the direction of the general work in his hands and for their hearty co-operation and support, to thank the rest of the staff for loyal and untiring support and sacrifice through a strenuous year, and for the help of the members and their interest in the work of the Association. We should look fotward to this most important year ready to render bigger service and to be ready to do our part in welcoming home our returning heroes and to assist them in every possible way during the time in which they will be fitting themselves into civil life once more.

Finance Committee

The Association has been able to finish the year in the best financial condition for some years. Ever since 1914 at least the Association has found itself facing a deficit. This year the Auditor's statement showed that all bills had been paid and the note which had been $3500.00 in January was reduced to $350. Enough unpaid subscriptions were outstanding to cover this amount. During the last few days out President, Mr. Illsley, has made a special effort with the result that tonight we are entirely free fro mdebt and the last note is retired.

The Association has come through the trying period of war in fine condition. The loss of revenue from memberships in the Senior department has been a serious handicap but we are proud of the record of our members who have responded to the call of service overseas, in the neighborhood of 300 having enlisted. During the period of training since the war began the Association has extended the privileges of the building free to all enlisted men. Only Y M C A 2 the generosity of the friends of the Association has made this service possible and has enabled the Board to present such a financial statement as we are enabled to do tonight The board of directors gratefully acknowledge their indebtedness to the citizens who have helped during this critical time.

In January 1916 it was found necessary to arrange for financial help in the form of a note to the amount of $6,000.00 This amount has been steadily reduced and at the beginning of the year it stood at $3500.00, since then the entire balance has been wiped out.

Having placed the Association on a sound and satisfactory footing it is now possible to face the returning of our men from overseas and to meet the problems of the reconstruction period from handicaps and to offer the best possible service that can be rendered by the Association to men and boys with especial thought and consideration for the returning soldiers.

The auditors' report of the finances of the Association is as follows:

REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1918

Receipts			
Memberships	$1,536 05		
Memberships Subscriptions	1,000 00	$2536 05	
Subscriptions		5042 29	
Dormitories		2612 93	
Lockers		117 00	
Bowling and billiards		417 43	
Board of Education		600 00	
Entertainment		224 74	
Miscellaneous		115 12	
			$11665 47
Balance on hand 31st Dec, 1917.			122 57
			11788 04
Disbursements			
Paid balance due on 1917 accounts		$ 128 06	
Paid 1917 accts. rendered after the close of books for 1917		482 71	$ 610 77
Paid on acct. note to Union Bank			3000 00
Paid accounts payable current			7987 06
Balance on hand—petty cash		35 00	
" cash		160 50	
		195 50	
Less bank overdraft		5 29	190 21
			$11788 04

MEMO:—Since the close of the year $150 from balance on hand has been paid on note, leaving present liability $350.00.

Audited and found correct.

W. D. MORRIS.
F.C.A. Auditor

10th January 1919

Report of Boys' Department

Boys' membership total 351.

Outdoor Work

During the early part of the year hikes were conducted up the canal and out to Lily Lake. Summer time brought bicycle hikes and swimming. Through the kindness of the owners of St. Paul's War Canoe we had some splendid outings down the river. Later during October when the building was closed a program of hikes afforded the fellows a very healthful pleasure.

Boys' Work Conference

In January 28 older boys attended the conference at Belleville. During the conference they gave demonstrations of both Sunday and mid-week C. S. E. T. groups.

Automobile Membership Campaign

During February the boys were busy in the big Automobile Membership campaign which was very successful.

S. O. S.

The S. O. S. week came during April and a number of our fellows went out to work on farms or in cheese factories.

Earn and Give

During May our members took a very active part in the Earn and Give Campaign and about 62 pledges were signed

Garden Club

The Garden Club this year had an enrolment of about 100 boys and they did at home what the older fellows were doing on a larger scale on farms.

Game Room

The game room was used extensively throughout the year. The addition of a billiard table in the boys' room; also new rubber quoits a splendid ring baseball game has featured in giving the members an enjoyable time. Many boys have taken advantage also of the splendid supply of magazines we have.

Other Groups

Besides our regular Association groups, Scout groups and classes from the different Sunday Schools made use of our club rooms weekly.

During August your Boys' Secretary spent two weeks at the Summer Training School at Lake Couchiching. During the year he has served outside the association in the following.

Visited Campbellford to enroll boys for S. O. S.

Visited Norwood and Havelock in the interests of the "Earn and Give"

Conducted the sports at the annual Sunday School Field Day of George Street Methodist Sunday School

Conducted the Annual Field Day of Sports at Indian Rover.

Taught a club at George Street Sunday School.

The Mothers' Club

The Mothers' Club have held monthly meetings and have rendered good service to the Boys' Department.

Your Boys' Secretary wishes to thank all those who have so kindly assisted him in carrying on the work of the Boys' Department, to the staff for their kind co-operation and help, to Mr. Hughson Johnston for his leadership in the "Earn and Give" Campaign, to Mr. J. E. Smith, chairman of the Boys' Work Committee for his devotion and help to the org and to the leaders who have done excellent work in their department. All of which has done so much to make his work with boys so pleasant and we trust profitable.

Report of the Physical Department

The gymnasium class attendance has been good during the past year with the exception of the Senior Class. This group having naturally suffered through enlistment. In the past three months effort has been put forth to get this class together again and at present there is an enrolment of 21. The Business Men's Class this year was a splendid success. The enrollment was the largest during the past six years and the interest shown was keen.

In addition to the regular classes the attendance for basketball, athletics, handball, etc, was 710.

The Collegiate callathenic classes for the year had a total attendance of 4969.

The circus this year was a great success in every way. It was held in the Opera House which incurred a large expense, however the sale of tickets brought in a net proceed of $224.00.

A swimming campaign was held in May in which 45 non-members took part. Of this number about 25 per cent were taught to swim.

Tennis. The courts were in good condition and a large numberof the older members made use of this privilege.

Basketball. Two teams were entered in the O. A. B. A. Cobourg

WILL LOOK INTO PLATOON SYSTEM

CITY CLERK TO LAY MATTER BEFORE UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

Last night the discussion at the meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committee concerned, almost solely, matters pertaining to the Fire Brigade. The platoon system was discussed in a general way and the question of alarm boxes and power sufficient to operate a more extensive and Toronto were contested against and several games between the local teams were played

Directors Elected

Messrs. H. B. Cowan, James Hamilton and W. R. Breyfogle were elected to succeed themselves as directors for three years.

Messrs Edgar, Worth and J. M. Greene are the newly elected directors for three years.

system than is installed at present and the inability of the Bell Telephone Co., to produce the necessary electrical energy to carry out such an increase in the system should it be decided to make it, were considered.

A communication received from a local organization known as the Firemen's Benevolent Association suggested that a committee appointed from amongst its members should be given an opportunity to discuss matters with the Council for the mutual advantage of both and in order that points upon which they were slightly at variance would be the better understood.

A motion was passed last night instructing the City Clerk to write the Canadian Underwriters' Association stating that Peterborough is considering the adoption of the two platoon system and at the same time inform them that the men would have gongs placed in their houses and would attend fires whether on the off shift or not and that the Fire Chief recommends the measure as one that will strengthen the department and ensure greater efficiency and enquire what effect if any this would have upon the insurance rates.

It was decided that there would be a meeting of the committee next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock when they will proceed to the fire hall and go into the matters thoroughly with the chief and check over the stock sheet which was furnished.

NP SOAP
The Leader of them all

War to Peace

Article No. 6
Cut out for Reference

One Employment Agency for All Canada

THE Dominion and Provincial Governments are co-operating to distribute employment quickly and fairly. Employment Offices are being set up throughout Canada—a single, complete chain from East to West.

In all, some 60 Employment Offices are being established. They will be located in all centres of 10,000 people and over and wherever the need for them exists. One-third are already in operation.

Through these Government Employment Offices, all persons in need of employment, both male and female, will secure such positions as are available.

Through this same source an employer's particular needs will be promptly filled.

Indeed, the service rendered by these Government Employmen Offices will be such as to warrant the heartiest co-operation and support on the part of employers of labor.

They will endeavor to supply only such help as an employer can confidently take on the right man for the right position.

Thus, to the small employer of labor, they will take the place of the Employment manager. To the large employer of labor they will be of appreciable assistance.

The service of the Employment Offices will be given both to employers and to those who seek employment entirely *without charge.*

How They Work.

A superintendent is in charge of each local Employment Office.

Inside the office he has *interviewers,* to confer with those seeking employment and to direct them to positions. In the larger cities he also has canvassers or salesmen to call on the employers and show them the value of the services rendered by the Employment Office.

In this way the work-seeker and the work-giver are quickly brought together.

Every effort is made to secure up-to-date, business-like offices, conveniently located.

For the Soldier.

The same Employment Offices are used to provide positions for returned soldiers as well as for every other person in need of employment.

In each employment office there is a representative of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment—a man who has served overseas. He introduces the returned soldier to the regular officials and gives him every assistance, both as to employment and other matters.

The Organization.

The local offices in each province are linked together by a provincial *clearing house* in the capital city.

They are directly supervised by a general superintendent who receives daily wired reports from each office. These reports state how many have sought work, how many have been placed in positions, how many and what classes need work, how many positions vacant. The general superintendent has each day a complete picture of the employment situation in the province under his care.

With the same idea in view, the Dominion Government has three national *clearing-houses*—established at Halifax, Ottawa, and Winnipeg. Those who plan to move from one locality to another can thus go "with their eyes open," because these clearing-houses show from their daily reports just what the employment prospects are—everywhere.

National Advantages.

With the completion of this single chain of Employment Offices the Government will be exactly informed on employment conditions.

Expert field agents will call on the lumbering, mining, shipbuilding and other industries to secure information as to anticipated requirements for labor.

Weekly reports sent in by trade unions provide additional information.

Finally, every concern with 25 or more employees will mail each week a post-card showing (a) the pay-roll of the previous week; (b) changes in staff and the nature of the occupations.

Advisory Councils.

Each local superintendent in the larger cities will be assisted by an advisory body composed of employers and employees.

Each province will have a similar advisory body.

There will also be a Dominion body—the Employment Service Council of Canada—to co-operate with the Department of Labor. This council will be composed of representatives from all those classes interested.

In addition to the above, the Government is co-operating with those who provide employment—so that as far as possible every willing worker will have work to do.

Director of Repatriation

FROM WAR TO PEACE

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

686th Bargain Annex Event

Bargain Annex
Registered

Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, 1919

FOR MEN.—Cressman's semi-annual "Lonely Sale" of Mens Wearing Apparel is now in progress.

35c and 40c YARD-WIDE FLANNELETTES, 27c Yard—The best Canadian made Flannelettes, heavy qualities. Assorted colors in stripe patterns, also pure white, combed finish Saxonys .. Wednesday Annex Bargain, yard 27c

$1.00 HEMSTITCHED PILLOW CASES, Pair 69c—Excellent quality hemstitched Pillow Cases, sizes 40, 42 and 44 inches. Twenty dozen pair only in the Annex on Wednesday ..... Special bargain at, pair 69c

50c OILCLOTH MATS, 39c—Mats made of woven strips of oilcloth, size 18 x 33 inches. Attractive designs and variegated colors. Useful for halls, bedrooms and kitchens ..... Wednesday Annex Bargain 39c

20c BLEACHED STEAMLOOM, 14½c Yard—Splendid quality Bleached Steamloom, selling in the Annex Wednesday at away less than to-day's actual factory cost. Bargain Annex price, Yard 14½c

35c KINGSCOT DRESS GINGHAMS, 23c Yard—New stripe and plaid patterns in Kingscot dress ginghams. Three patterns for your selection; 26-28 inches wide. Less than mill price at .... Yard 23c

LEADER.
30c and 35c CURTAIN SCRIMS, YARD 19c

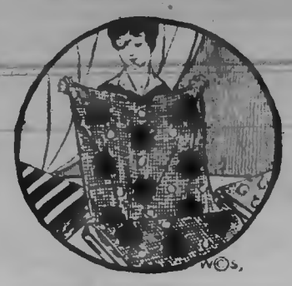
Six pieces only yard-wide Curtain Scrims. White and deep cream in color, with fancy self borders or hemstitched edges. The usual third-floor selling prices are 30c and 35c. Buy your curtain needs in the Annex Wednesday and save. Leader price, yard 19c

The First 1919 Annex Dress Goods Sale

Two Lots and Two Great Values at 59c and 39c

Lot 1, 89c, 85c, 75c Values at 59c a yard

In this lot—plain cashmeres, fancy checks, stripe lustres, tartan plaids, etc. Every piece is taken from our main floor stock and the every day selling prices are 89c, 85c and 75c. For Wednesday Annex, as a special leader, at, yard 59c



Lot 2, 50c and 59c Values at 39c a yard

In Lot 2—plain colored serges, green, brown and burgundy, also black and white shepherd's check plaids. Lines we sell in our dress goods section regularly at 50c and 59c. An exceptional value bargain at the special leader price, yard 39c

LEADER.
300 YARDS $1.00 and 85c CORDUROY VELVETS 59c YARD

Splendid quality Corduroy Velvets, 27 inches wide. Colors: navy blue, Russian green, light grey, medium grey, Copenhagen and fawn. Good wearing qualities. Every piece is from our main floor stock, selling daily at $1.00 and 85c a yard. Wednesday Annex Leader price, yard 59c

In the Homefurnishing Department. Take advantage of the "Free Service" Sale, lasting until February 14.

LADIES' 35c BLACK CASHMERETTE HOSE, 2 Pairs 49c — Fall weight, fast color, black stockings, seamless, triple heel and toe. In sizes 8½, 9 and 9½. This season's regular 35c value. In the Annex on Wednesday ..... 2 Pairs 49c

BOYS' $1.50 SWEATER COATS, 98c—Heavy ribbed, V shaped Coat Sweaters, ideal for wearing under a boy's coat. Colors: all grey or grey with navy, green, brown or Oxford trimmings. Sizes 26 to 32. Annex Bargain Wednesday at 98c

ARMAND ANNEX SALE! 75c 6/4 BLEACHED SHEETING, 49c Yard
At this price it is 6 cents a yard less than we can buy it to-day. Our regular 75c quality, full bleached 8/4 Sheeting ..... Annex Bargain at, yard 49c

LADIES' $2.19 and $2.25 WHITE FLANNELETTE NIGHTGOWNS $1.69—They have dainty silk embroidered and tucked yokes, long sleeves and buttoned down the front. Exceptionally good quality at a real bargain price in the Annex $1.69

ECONOMICAL BUYING IN THESE LINES

Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, largest size	17c
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, Empress style	2 for 29c
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, small size	2 for 17c
Linen Finish Envelopes, 1lc packages	3 for 15c
Victoria Toilet Paper, 7c rolls	6 Rolls 39c
Ladies' and Misses' 50c to 75c Pull-over Mitts	39c
Men's 65c and 75c Heavy Wool Socks	49c
$1.25 Long Model P. C. Corsets	98c
17c Rolls Cotton Batting	2 for 25c
Ladies' Grey Undervests, winter weight	47c

LEADER.
"LENOX," "IVORY" AND "LIFEBUOY" SOAPS, 6 BARS 39c

A very low Annex price for these standard soaps. "Ivory," the famous white floating soap, valuable for washing fine fabrics and laces; "Lifebuoy," the medicated health soap, and "Lenox," the laundry soap that lessens labor. Sold in 6-bar lots of one kind. One lot of each to a buyer and no 'phone orders ..... Leader Price ..... 6 Bars 39c

SALESLADIES WANTED
For Bargain Annex Wednesday only
Apply at office—Second Floor
The CRESSMAN Co. Limited

LEADER.
DOLLAR VALUE OVER-ALL APRONS 69c

Neat looking, large, roomy work aprons, made of splendid heavy quality print; attractive stripe patterns in light and medium colors. Housekeepers should not miss this remarkable saving opportunity. Buy your future apron needs in the Annex on Wednesday. Leader Price 69c

CHIEF GRANGE WANTS $29,076.50 TO OPERATE FIRE DEPARTMENT

If Double Platoon System Is Allowed $7,000 Additional, or Over $36,000 in all Will Be Required—Estimates Submitted at Committee Meeting Last Night.

At the meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committee last night Chief Grange submitted his estimates for the year as follows:

Gentlemen:—

I am herewith submitting estimates for Fire Department for 1919. Only those things which are most essential are included.

The salary estimate includes the bonus given last June. This should be continued and the present salary made permanent. Since taking charge of the Department I have always had a complete staff and at present the men are, with only one exception, well experienced and capable men. Undoubtedly it is to the interest of the Department and the city generally to retain the present staff. The fires of last winter were of more educational value than ten year's experience would be under normal conditions.

The Bell Telephone Co. is seriously considering the refusal to supply us with power with which to operate our alarm system, owing to the fact that it is needed in their own business. The power supplied the Department by the Bell Company is, at present, inadequate, and if more alarm boxes or bells were used would not be near enough. We should have bells in the homes of the men and although I am not asking for more alarm boxes, there should be more, but this is impossible with our present supply of power. I would strongly advise that a motor-generator set, consisting of an alternating current motor attached to a direct current generator with storage batteries and four circuit switchboards complete be installed. This would give us sufficient power for time to come and would also eliminate the annual expenditure of $150.00 for power received from the Bell Company. The cost of this machine is included in the estimate re Fire Alarm System.

We have in stock the summer uniforms purchased late in the fall of 1918. These will not be issued until 1919 in the spring. The Department has issued only (16) one uniform per man during the past three years. Ten were issued in 1916, six in 1917 and none in 1918. Thus the stock is badly depleted and winter uniforms will have to be issued next fall.

We have in stock 6,500 feet of first-class fire hose, 2,000 of which was bought last winter. I would ask you to consider the purchase of an additional thousand feet in order to keep the present stock up to the standard.

Last year's estimate included two smoke helmets. These are used by all the Departments and very essential where dense smoke has accumulated in a building. I had the pleasure of seeing them demonstrated in Toronto at the convention of fire chiefs and was firmly convinced that they are absolutely necessary for the combatting of smoky fires and where acid fumes prevail.

A Baker cellar pipe and Alfco nozzles are also very necessary equipment. The former permits the directing of a stream on to a fire in a cellar from the outside. In many cases it is impossible for the men to enter a cellar and by means of this contrivance, the stream can be directed from the outside to better advantage than is possible with a straight nozzle. The ladder nozzle allows easier manipulation of a branch from a ladder, with more safety and fewer men than the ordinary nozzle.

Our ladder equipment is very much depleted. The forty-five foot extension which was badly worn, was broken beyond repair at a fire on October 9 on the premises of the Renfrew Manufacturing Company, Ltd. In extending the ladder, the fly top left the slots and caught in the structure against which it was placed, and in our efforts to have it dislodged it fell with the result stated above. Our 30 foot straight ladder has been in an unsafe condition for years, having been repaired many times and at present portions of it are bound up with wire. It is unsafe to allow men to use this ladder. A very handy ladder, 24 feet, was lost at the Quaker Oats fire in 1916 and has never been replaced.

All the horses at the fire station are unfit for the fire service. I strongly advise the purchase of a new team to replace the mill and brook horses. The other two could be retained and do service for the Board of Works as at present. I am of the opinion that it would be best to still keep four horses in order to guard against any accident that might happen to the motor-driven apparatus in the winter.

Although the cost of living has nearly doubled during the past two years, the salary of the chief of the Department remains the same as it was in 1917. I requested an increase of two hundred dollars and I think gentlemen, that I am justified in making the request. I also request an increase of one hundred for the engineer. I might say that I consider this request worthy of your favourable consideration.

Relative to the platoon system for firemen, information regarding the subject will be found attached to the estimate respecting the service.

Respectfully submitting the above, I have the honour to be, Sirs,

Your obedient servant,
GEO GRANGE,
Chief of Fire Department.

THE ESTIMATES FOR 1919.

Linen	$ 35 00
Electric lamps	30 00
Newspapers	25 00
Office supplies	25 00
General supplies	70 00
Light and gas	115 00
Telephones	70 00
Veterinary	30 00
Lumber and repairs	50 00
Hardware supplies	25 00
Uniform shirts	55 00
Uniform caps	60 00
Incidentals	50 00
Insurance premiums	6 00
Power for Alarm System	150 00
Fire Extinguisher supplies	60 00
Uniforms	800 00
Horse feed	843 00
Fuel, 60 tons	720 00
Fire hose, 1000 feet, at $1.50	1500 00
Laundry	80 00
General repairs, harness, etc.	90 00
Smoke helmets	250 00
Salaries	19151 25
Proposed increases in salaries—Chief, $200.00; Engineer, $100.00	300 00
Cellar pipe	100 00
Alfco nozzles (ladder nozzles)	70 00
Pyrene extinguishers (2)	17 00
Ladders (3)	400 00
Expenses to convention	200 00
Horses	400 00
Engine repairs and equipment	50 00
Pulmotor	54 00
Upkeep of motor apparatus	1034 25
Draw bars	30 00
Fire Alarms System	2121 00
	$ 29076 50

SALARY ESTIMATES FOR FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Grange	$ 1600 00
H. Johnston, assistant chief	1322 50
A. McDonald, captain	1236 25
James Warde, lieutenant	1207 50
Percy Pammett, engineer	1150 00
Gordon Johnston, fireman	1150 00
Robert Wilson, fireman	1150 00
Frank Degen, fireman	1150 00
George Crouter, fireman	1150 00
Harold Howell, fireman	1150 00
Victor LeBarr, fireman	1150 00
James Weyer, fireman	1150 00
Bruce Menzies, fireman	1150 00
Thomas Hatley, fireman	1150 00
George Degan, fireman	1150 00
John Drummond, fireman	1150 00
William Copperthwaite, fireman	1035 00
Extra for lineman	100 00
	$ 19151 25

The Platoon System.

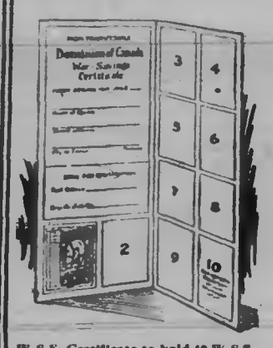
The platoon system would mean dividing the strength of the brigade into two shifts; one shift on duty at the fire station constantly and the other always subject to call in case of fire either by means of the small bell in their homes or the large tower bell. The "off shift" is still on duty, having to devote their full time to the service and having to remain in the duty and in such places as they can receive the alarm. Thus, I would have always a force of ten men at the beginning of a fire and ten more within a very few minutes. All inspection duty would be done by the [illegible] require some time off for the transaction of business, or work at home, further weakening the staff. Then at meal hours we are left with seven men at most for six hours each day. Under platoon system there would be no meal shift and no special time off duty.

I have asked for four more men and I would not like to undertake it with less. This system would tend, not only to maintain the efficiency of the brigade, but will greatly strengthen it. Health and morale would be improved and the men would be enabled like other men to spend a portion of their time at home with their families.

Read What It Says on the Front of the War-Savings Certificate

W-S-S

". . . . the Dominion of Canada will pay on January 1, 1924, to the owner named on the back hereof the sum of $5.00 in respect of each Canada War-Savings Stamp of the First Series (1919) then attached thereto. Each such stamp is also redeemable at the option of the owner at an earlier date for the lesser amount indicated in the table of surrender values printed hereon."



W-S-S. Certificate to hold 16 W-S-S.

WHEN you invest $4.00 in a War-Savings Stamp, the Dominion of Canada not only pledges itself to pay you $5.00 for each such stamp in 1924, but the Government provides for earlier redemption should circumstances compel you to obtain cash on your W-S-S.

You see the security is absolute.

Sixteen THRIFT Stamps (25 cents each) on a Thrift Card are exchangeable this month for a War-Savings Stamp. For each month hereafter there is an additional one cent charge for interest earned.

$5.00 for $4.00

WILL MAKE TOUR OF PROVINCE

W. C. C. INNES TO SPEAK ON REPATRIATION WORK OF GOVERNMENT.

Provision has been made by the Repatriation Committee for the needs of Ontario through the appointment of W. C. C. Innes as representative of the Committee in the Province of Ontario.

Mr. Innes, who is well known throughout the Provnice, has his headquarters in the Temple Building, room 710, Toronto, Ontario.

Provincial Repatriation work will include all conditions relating to unemployment, care of returned men, and will have an interest in the welfare of all dependents of soldiers.

The task of co-operating with the various activities that work towards these ends will be undertaken by Mr. Innes, who will address various societies and clubs interested in Repatriation, during his tour of the Province.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHAT DOES "PEBLO" MEAN?

"PEBLO" is the registered name of the highest quality eyeglass lens that is made in the world's best factories. "PEBLO" Glasses carry a guarantee with them that is backed by Dr. Fowler's fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough. Satisfaction is assured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Excellent Bill At the Grand

There was an excellent bill in movies and vaudeville at the Grand Opera House last night, and the opening performances yesterday drew good houses. The program consists of Charlie Chaplin in "His Dare Devil Queen," Edith Storey in "The Demon," and a pictorial interpretation of O. Henry's story that relates the experience of a young Irish couple separated in New York and the almost uncanny process by which they were reunited. Vivian and Chance gave an excellent exhibition of step-dancing and other feats, and the Pathe news feature is [illegible] usually interesting.

Ex-President Taft will be at the Opera House Thursday night in the second attraction in the Chautauqua Lyceum Course.

EAT A TABLET! DYSPEPSIA GONE

Pape's Diapepsin Instantly Relieves Sour, Gassy or Acid Stomachs

When meals hit sack and your stomach is sour, acid, gassy, or you feel full and bloated; When you have heavy lumps of pain or headache from indigestion. Here is instant relief!

Just as soon as you eat a tablet (35 of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost very little at drug stores.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch 50c cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

LOST.

LOST—On the 30th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—High-class Piano, practically new. Owner leaving city. Apply 4 Meldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE—Nice Black Fox Muff with white hair through it. Apply Review for address.

WANTED.

WANTED—Experienced solicitors. Returned soldiers preferred. Salary. Apply Miss Taylor, Peterboro Milk Products, Ltd.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—January 9th, into the premises of James Walsh, Lot 6, Con. 10, Douro, an airdale terrier. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Patent Trademark and Copyright applications receive special attention.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ARMSTRONG
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 134 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors,
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 23.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 864.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m
Phone 822.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

No news has been received of Aldege Masse, 19-year-old son of Joseph Masse, of Hull, who is presumed to have wandered into the woods and lost his way at Kippewa on November 21 last.

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can send. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

Russian Affairs Before Council

Paris, Jan. 20.—The Peace Congress resumed its sessions early this morning, and it is stated had made good progress today towards agreement on the most important points.

The situation in Russia was taken up by the supreme council of the Peace Conference at its session today. Joseph Noulenc, the French ambassador to Russia, was present at the meeting, and addressed it on the Russian question. This announcement was made in the official statement given out regarding the proceedings of the plenipotentiaries. The next meeting will be held tomorrow.

If all flesh is grass, cannibals must be vegetarians.

NOT SUFFICIENT POWER FOR HEAT

PROFESSOR IN TORONTO DISCUSSES ELECTRIC PROBLEM FOR ONTARIO.

Toronto, Jan. 20.—Ontario is rich in water powers, but there is not such an abundance that will permit of the hope being entertained that the day will ever dawn when the homes of the Province will be heated by electricity. This is the opinion held by Prof R. W. Angus of the Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering of the University of Toronto, who addressed the Royal Canadian Institute in the Physics building Saturday evening. He spoke on some of the problems connected with hydro-electric development, and gave a comprehensive and informative talk on the work along this line during the past fifteen years. Only about one-seventh of the five million possible horse power is as yet developed, he said.

United States' Naval Program

DOES UNCLE SAM PLANS A FLEET TO RIVAL BRITAIN'S?

(By H. C. Ferraby)

It is announced that the United States Government will adhere to its war-time program of naval construction and spend some $1,000,000,000 in 1920.

The peace time estimates of the British Navy were $250,000,000, a quarter of that sum.

The personnel of the United States navy will be maintained for some time to come at 500,000.

The peace time strength of the personnel of the British navy was 151,000.

Can you wonder that the British people are saying "to themselves "What does it all mean? Is it a challenge"?

I would urge the United States authorities and publicists to clear up the position by straight and definite statement and policy.

It should not be difficult to do. All students of naval warfare see quite clearly the difficulty which confronts the United States. Britain's strategical position is such that she can always concentrate her sea forces in a danger area in time to deal with any potential enemy. The United States is not in that happy strategical position. If the United States proposes to be a great power, the American navy must be strong enough to hold two seas at once if necessary—the Atlantic and the Pacific.

This is a position that is elementary in strategy—but it is not so elementary in diplomacy. Building to what I may perhaps call the two ocean standard, the United States runs the risk of arousing suspicion, dislike—and competitive building. It runs the risk of wrecking at the outset the whole scheme of the league of nations. I will be bold enough to speak very frankly on this matter, and say that I know that the British people will never allow any other nation whatsoever to overbuild it in naval power.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Receipts were fair and trade slow

Choice export	$13.50	$14.50
Medium butcher cattle	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.50	10.00
Lambs	14.00	14.50
Hogs fed and watered	15.75	16.00
Calves	16.50	17.50

Soldiers' Home Coming Campaign

THE SALVATION ARMY

The Emergency Call

Many organizations are willing to assist a *deserving* case. The Salvation Army is *ready* to assist in *any* emergency. That is why the Salvation Army's need for funds at this time must meet with whole-hearted response.

With the repatriation of 300,000 soldiers, notwithstanding all that the Government is planning to do to meet the needs of the men, countless problems will arise, problems of human need, problems that must be met and coped with AT ONCE. They are not things that can wait.

That is why the Salvation Army Emergency Homes are centres of such steady activity. When an emergency arises in the home of a soldier who has done his bit, there must be prompt response, however difficult the individual problem. Here are a few typical cases:

Husband, a discharged soldier, goes to another town to work. Fails to send money home. Salvation Army finds family helpless with hunger and cold. No coal in house. Family all removed to Emergency Home, where in tiny, two-room suite, sufficiently furnished and warm, they can exist in something approaching comfort until the breadwinner can help them.

In an adjoining suite may be a mother and children on the way to rejoin father in another city. A missed train connection or any one of a hundred mishaps leaves them stranded for the night.

A room in a Salvation Army Emergency Home is seldom vacant for more than a few hours at a time, and with the crisis arising from the difficulty of re-establishing so many soldiers into civilian life, there must be no cessation in the work for lack of funds.

Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund
THIS WEEK

And the Emergency Home work is just one small part of the work for which the fund is needed. The Salvation Army must provide comforts for the boys over there awaiting transportation home. The Salvation Army Hostels from France to Vancouver must be ready at all times to receive and entertain returned men. The soldier must be helped back to civil life; he needs a job; perhaps he returns to find his wife sick, and a friendly hand needed in the home now and then. The Salvation Army visitors find ample opportunities for service, and they are instrumental in holding many a home together.

The soldier's child has the right to be well born, and there will be many an ex-soldier heartily glad that his wife can benefit by the attention of doctors and trained nurses at the Salvation Army Maternity Home.

Many of the boys will return to happy homes, homes well provided for. Difficult as it may be for even these men to accustom themselves to the old ways of living, their problem is simplicity itself compared with that of the soldiers and their families that the Salvation Army will be called upon to help.

And this help MUST be forthcoming. Our returned men must not be left to drift. It is the personal problem of the nation to-day, and every thinking man and woman is thoroughly grateful that there is an organization equipped to meet the crisis—an organization trained for this very work—an organization whose work is founded on sacrificial service—whose every ministration is prompted by such a love as that of the Good Samaritan.

Let your offering on behalf of the Homecoming Soldier be a measure of your sense of obligation to those who died for you on the battlefield.

"It is more blessed to give than to receive."

8 SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

BRINGING UP FATHER **BY GEORGE McMANUS**

HOLD THESE - I MUST GO BACK IN THE STORE AGAIN
DON'T BE LONG!
HERE - I JUST SAW ANOTHER BARGAIN - I'LL BE RIGHT BACK -
WELL AT LAST I'M THROUGH YOU'RE A DEAR FOR BEING SO PATIENT!
THE VILLIAN - HE'S GONE!!!!

As Charlie Says:—

What YOU need is an Arabela. Remember the name. It's the best cigar ever sold for ten cents.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

INSURANCE MEN HEARD FROM ON DOUBLE PLATOON SYSTEM

Fire, Water and Light Committee Informed That Such a Change Is not Likely to Reduce Rate—Chief Grange's Estimates for 1919.

Last night the Fire Water and Light Committe held its first meeting for this year. Chairman Morrison presiding and all the members in attendance except Alderman Turner, who stated by letter that he was unable to be present on account of the annual meeting of his firm being held on that evening. He regretted his inability to attend very much and brought to the attention of the meeting three matters which he would have raised for discussion had he been on hand.

The first of these was the building by-law as framed by last year's council. This was referred to the Property Committee. The second was the desirability of removing the electrical wiring on the east side of George between Hunter and Brock streets and running it through the lane at the rear as it at present constituted a menace, forming a barrier to the placing of ladders against the buildings in case of fire. This matter was turned over to the Board of Works. The third question which Alderman Turner suggested was the platoon system for the firemen.

In answer to a letter sent some time ago asking for information upon the matter, the Underwriters' Association wrote the Committeee stating that the adoption of the two platoon system would not result in any reduction in rates and unless accompanied by an increase in the number of firemen employed might result in a considerable increase.

Kingston Chief Heard From

A letter was read from Chief Armstrong of the Kingston Fire Department giving particulars as to the adoption of the two platoon system in that city. He recommended very highly and as far as the Canadian Underwriters' Association was concerned reminded Chief Grange to whom the communication was directed that they were never satisfied under any conditions.

Several letters were received from the La France Fire Co., in regard to the return of the tires on the chemical car which were claimed to be defective. They were forwarded to the firm at Dayton, Ohio, where they were manufactured and the La France people were unable to say what adjustment they would make. According to the letters the new tires will be along any day now.

Fuel in City Yard

City Treasurer Adams submitted a report showing the amount of coal and wood on hand in the city fuel yards at the end of the year. There are 1,701 tons and 242 pounds made up of approximately 129 tons No. 1 wheat, 512 pea, 635 nut, 23½ egg and 402 mine run. There are 1 and 7 16 cords of hard wood and 22 cords of mixed.

Fire Chief's Figures

The annual report of Fire Chief Grange was submitted. His estimates this year amount to $29,076.50 and if the platoon system is adopted it would make an increase in this figure of $7000. Last year the estimates as submitted were $26,394 and when passed had been cut down to $25,000.

The Utilities Commission were notified as a result of a motion passed last night's meeting to place new lights in several parts of the city where they were broken.

A Friend in Need

City Clerk Armstrong was also asked to write Mr. E. G. Patterson General manager of the Canadian General Electric Company and thank him for his action in despatching the truck of the plant and a team of horses to pull the big fire truck out of the ditch on East Chamberlain street where it was stuck while attending the Weaver Fire on October 18th.

The estimates and report of the Fire Chief as well as the request made by himself and the engineer for a raise of $200 and $100 respectively in their salaries, were discussed in a general way at last night's meeting. There was no attempt made to go into detail and the question which will require considerable time to dispose of will be considered at the next meeting of the Committee.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

TO ERECT HEADSTONES OVER SOLDIERS' GRAVES

Large Central Monument Will Mark Each Cemetry on Old Battlegrounds of Flanders and Picardy.

(By W. B. Thompson)

A human document—never losing the thread of its practical purpose, but written with taste and feeling that reflect the fullness of public reverence for the heroic dead—is the report by Lieut.-Col. Sir Frederic Kenyon, director of the British Museum, containing his recommendations to the imperial war graves commission for paying homage to the graves and designing the cemeteries of our soldiers who have fallen on active service. The recommendations have been adopted.

In the circumstances of the cemeteries there is an impressive variety. Sir Frederic says: "Some are in towns or villages. Others are in the open country, sometimes near roads and sometimes far away. Some are in woods, some in orchards, some in open fields, some along the edges of the roads.

"And besides these there are the thousands of isolated burials—men buried hastily where they fell, men buried by the shell or mine explosion which killed them, men whose bodies could not be reached at the time for burial, and who have been subsequently sought out and buried by the devoted labor of the officers and men of the directorate. Of many who have fallen there can be no identified grave. Many bodies are found, but cannot be identified; many are never found at all; many are buried in graves which have subsequently been destroyed in the course of the fighting.

Individual Monuments

"This is especially the case in areas such as that of Ypres, where the same ground has been contested for three consecutive years and the whole countryside has been blasted and torn with shell fire. Therefore, whatever may be done in the way of placing individual monuments over the dead, in very many cases no such monument is possible. Yet these must not be neglected, and some memorial there must be to the lost, the unknown, but not forgotten, dead."

The commission had directed that there should be equality of treatment for all ranks.

Sir Frederic recommended that each grave should have its own headstone, 2 ft. 6 in. high and 1 ft. 6 in. wide. The rows of headstones in their ordered ranks carry on the military idea, giving the appearance as of a battalion on parade, and suggesting the spirit of discipline and order which is the soul of the army. They will perpetuate the effect, which all who have seen them feel to be impressive, of the present rows of wooden crosses.

Central Stone

The question of a central monument in each cemetery was considered. One suggestion was made at an early stage by Sir E. Lutyens, which has been received with considerable approval. It was that the main memorial in every British cemetery should be "one great fair stone of fine proportions, 12 feet in length, lying raised upon three steps, of which the first and third shall be twice the width of the second; and that each stone shall bear, in indelible lettering some fine thought or words of sacred dedication."

The horticultural design is at present engaging the attention of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Kew. "There is no reason why cemeteries should be places of gloom, but the restfulness of grass and the brightness of flowers, in fitting combination, would appear to strike the proper note of brightness and life."

A simple pattern of headstone with curved top has been approved, and progress has been made with the scheme of setting up the regimental badges. Some of the architects have been at work for a considerable time.

Sir Frederic considers that there should be also in each cemetery a cross.

Plain Talk.

Employer—What! You want a raise? Why, when I was an office boy, I had to work five years before I got one.

Office Boy—Yessir; but perhaps you was one of those fat head kinds that ain't worth a raise.

One thorn of advice is worth a dozen buds of advice.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League
Now Being Organized
Enter Your Team
5 Alleys on the Ground Floor
JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

ENGLAND MUST RETAIN SUPREMACY OF THE SEAS

Ex-President Taft, Who Will Be in Peterborough Thursday, Addresses Toronto Audience.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—"England's supremacy of the seas—if you like that expression—in time of peace has always meant equality for all nations and, in times of war, Britain must maintain her fleet to resist unjust aggression. If she didn't she would starve in a week."

So declared Hon. William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, in a vigorous and studied speech before the Empire Club in the King Edward Hotel yesterday afternoon.

"The question of disarmament," concluded Mr. Taft in ringing tones, "must depend upon the success of the League of Nations and its demonstration that it can furnish that assurance which nations can now secure by navies and armies for their self-protection."

The former President once again demonstrated to a Toronto audience that he is a distinctly original orator. Mr. Taft still retains that rare and happy faculty of "preparing" his hearers for every idea he wishes to "drive home" and in the address he simply played with the emotions of the vast assemblage that filled the big Victorian banquet room to capacity. The oratorical style of Taft is not less vigorous and graceful than it was on the occasion of his last appearance here about two years ago.

Taft Well Known Here

President R. A. Stapells called for toasts for the King and President Wilson, and the great assembly sang the National Anthem and "The Star-Spangled Banner" with a vim.

"When our distinguished guest visited us last he told us that his countrymen played poker," said Mr. Stapells. To-day we know they play a finer and a sterner game with equal ability and superb courage. The commingling of American and British blood shed on the battlefields of Europe for an ideal common to these two great English speaking peoples has cemented a feeling of respect for each other."

Mr. Taft, said the chairman, required no introduction to the Empire Club. Mr. Taft, he added, stood on the side of Great Britain the day she entered the war. (Applause.)

Mr. Taft, on rising to speak was greeted by a salvo of cheers, the members of the club rising to their feet and applauding vigorously.

Mr. Taft in his opening remarks said: "I am glad to be in Toronto again, although under very different circumstances from my last visit, when I was here before I was under an injunction of neutrality, and you weren't." (Laughter.)

"We tried to keep out of the war and respect the traditions of Jefferson. We thought we could pursue a policy of 'reasonable profit' (Laughter.)

"But we found that we were a great world power which God hadn't given us to keep useless when the fate of the world was at stake." (Loud cheers.)

FIRST ANNUAL SALE

The first annual auction sale under the auspices of the Peterboro County Shorthorn Association is to be held in the Montgomery House, Peterboro, on Thursday, January 30th, commencing at 1 o'clock. Thirty nine males and eleven females are to go under the hammer wielded by the well known auctioneer, Geo. Jackson, Port Perry.

This is one of the best lots of Scotch and Scotch-topped Shorthorns offered to the public in Eastern Ontario. The best breeders of the district have contributed their quota and the executive have endeavored to place nothing in the sale that will not leave its impression on the live stock of the Country. Among the offerings are a number of young bulls which are good enough to use in the best herds; both as regards quality and breeding. Any person anticipating the purchase of high class stock of this breed should not fail to attend this sale as his requirements can be filled here better than away from home.

Remember the date, and if interested apply for catalogue to.

F. C. McRAE, Secretary.
Norwood Ont

A New Jersey woman thinks she is entitled to two pensions because she is the widow of one soldier and the grass widow of another.

Bequeathed Elsewhere.

"My ancestors were all people with brains."

"Too bad you were disinherited."

Second Hand.

"Has any other girl ever worn this ring?"

"I suspect so, my dearest."

"Wretch! You said I was the only girl you ever loved."

"And so you are, but I bought this ring in a pawnshop."

There are many trusts in this country but the poor man is expected to come up with cold cash just the same.

1,270 PATIENTS

(Continued from Page 3.)

later a life member of the Board, and whereas the late Mr. McGill was during his residence here a friend of the Nicholls Hospital, promoting its welfare by every means in his power, therefore, be it resolved, that the Board of Trustees of the Nicholls Hospital assembled at its annual meeting hereby places on record its appreciation of the valuable services rendered by the late Mr. McGill during the hospitals' early days. And that a copy of this resolution be sent to Mr. McGill's family.

Thanks to the Staff.

It was also resolved that the thanks of this Board be tendered to Miss Sanderson, acting superintendent, the assistant superintendents, nurses, orderlies, and all other employes of the hospital for their faithful discharge of their respective duties during the year.

A grant of $100 was voted for the purposes of the nurses' residence and in providing comforts for the same.

Oshawa Wins From Bowmanville Team

Oshawa, Jan. 21.—Oshawa juniors proved themselves good soft-ice workers by upsetting Bowmanville's chances of cinching group honors by winning here tonight. The local lads scored two goals in the first period and blanked the visitors. They repeated again the second while in the third Bowmanville bulged the nets twice while Oshawa notched two, making the score 6 to 2 in favor of Oshawa.

The Desjardines brothers, on the fence for Oshawa, were the best on the ice, Bowmanville never getting in close for a shot in the first two periods. The line-up:

Oshawa—Goal, Barridge; left defence, B. Desjardines; right defence, G. Desjardines; centre, O'Regan; left wing, Osborne; right wing, Johnston; substitutes, Cooper and Hutchinson.

Bowmanville—Goal, Reden; left defence, Denson; right defence, Grant; centre, Piper; left wing, Purdy; right wing, Williams; substitutes, Avery and Kelly.

Referee, R. Hewitson, Toronto.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Remember that the gas oven bakes just as well when every corner is filled.

Spices will preserve canned pumpkins for a week if it is taken from the can.

All sauces should be stirred continually while on the fire and seasoned carefully.

When preparing pudding, do not fill the molds over two-thirds full, to prevent sogginess.

Ox tail can be used for braised ox joints, and it is deliciously savory.

Your hands are in your pockets most of the time these days. Wear Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves this winter and if your hands are still there it won't be because of the cold. And they'll enable you to beat out "Rising prices" in regard to gloves.
Ask for Ballantyne's.
R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.

THE BALLANTYNE GLOVE Scotch Knit

Canada Food Board License No. 8-088
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit— Cheap
Best Vegetables Reasonable
Best Groceries At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

300 Cups of delicious Tea can be infused from a one pound packet——
and Always of one Uniform Standard of Quality.

"SALADA"

"The Tea that Never Disappoints"

The foregoing is not simply an advertisement *but plain statements, of "Fact"*

True Relief for Tired Eyes

Eye strain, nerve strain and head aches are quickly relieved by properly fitted glasses. We fill prescriptions, repair frames, replace broken lenses.

DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

S. A. TEMPLE BAND.

The Temple Band will practise tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

ROOMS TO BE CLOSED

Those who kindly loaned tables, chairs and other articles to the Women's Patriotic League of Ashburnham are asked to call at the work rooms *tomorrow afternoon* and claim their property as the rooms are being closed.

WANTED

At once a few girls over 18 years of age for the drawing department; experienced or inexperienced. Apply Bonner Worth Co.

NOTICE

The regular meeting of Knights of Columbus will be held tomorrow (Tuesday) evening, Jan. 21st. Important business. Musical programme.

NOTICE

Technical Night School Students of the Ladies' Motor Mechanics Class please be on hand this evening as usual.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. E. Jones, 287 Park St., on Friday, January 24th, everything practically new and will be sold without reserve. Sale at 1.30 p.m. W. J. Hancock, Auct.

MUSICAL PROGRAM FOR TAFT LECTURE

A select musical program has been arranged in connection wth the Taft lecture on Thursday evenng. Capt and Mrs. Maurice Park and Mrs. Geo. H. King will sing.

PLAY BEGINS AT 8 P.M.

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the Great War Veterans' Association ask all who are taking part in the euchre drive in the G. W. V. A. rooms tonight to arrange to be present so that play may commence at 8 p.m. sharp.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. F. J. Cooney of Toronto spent the week-end with her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. John Lque, Patterson street.

Mrs. T. J. Mowat and son, Lieut. Herbert A. Mowat, of Galt, formerly of Peterboro, are spending a few days with the Misses Mowat, Homewood avenue.

A cablegram has been received by Mrs. Keaney Cook, stating that her husband, Lieut. E. Keaney-Cook, arrived in England from Holland on the 15th.

WILL ASK AUTONOMY FOR STATE OF HEDJAS.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Prince Feisal, a son of the King of the Hedjas, has compiled a memorandum for presentation to the Peace Conference asking complete independence and autonomy for the Arabian state of the Hedjas, to consist of Syria, upper Mesopotamia, lower Mesopotamia, Yemen and Nejd. The territory o Nejd is a tribal state. The princ invites the Peace Confernece to send a commission to these districts to ascertain the real desires of the people.

HAS RIGHT ARM SEVERED BUT GOES TO DRUG STORE.

Montreal, Jan. 21.—After her right arm had been completely severed at the elbow beneath a street car at the corner of Craig and Bleury streets, and with her face horribly injured in the accident, sixteen-year-old Allilini Gagnon, a visitor to Montreal from St. Pie, got to her feet and with perfect self control walked unaided into a drug store for first aid treatment. The severed limb was not found until some hours later, when a policeman picked it up out of the snow just below St. Catharine street, where it had been carried on the fender of the street car. The girl is in the Notre Dame Hospital recovering from her injuries, and it is feared she will lose the sight of her right eye in addition to losing her arm.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs for the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR

Trinity Church choir will meet for practice this week on Wednesday night, not Thursday, at the usual hour and place.

AND PRACTICE

The 57th Regiment Band will practice tonight. A full attendance is requested.

CEMETERY CO.

Continued from Page 3

Mrs. Annie McClelland $200.

Your directors, during the year, purchased $3300.00 of War Loan Bonds at a cost of $3183.24 and now hold Debentures of the City of Peterborough for the sum of $19,417.31 and War Loan Bonds for the sum of $8800.00 making together the sum of $26,217.31 which were purchased at a cost of $25,714.24. The total annual income on these securities amounts to $1209.69.

There was in the bank on the 31st December last the sum of $2242.37.

Your Directors in order to ascertain as nearly as possible the value of the assets of the Company have had an estimate made of the value of the remaining unsold lots and also the land in the Cemetery not yet divided into lots and placing a value on these lots and the land at prices, similar lots are now being disposed of, the value of the unsold portion of the Cemetery is the sum of $190,000. This value is of course only an estimate and is not a presently available asset but will be such as the lots are sold, if it should become possible to carry on the Cemetery out of the ordinary revenue without using any portion of the money received for the sale of lots, which at present appears to be impossible unless the charges for burials, care of lots, etc., are increased, this your Directors do not deem advisable to do at the present time, but even assuming that one half the money received for the sale of lots is used for the upkeep of the Cemetery and the sum of $190,000 is in any way near the value of the unsold lots there should be an ample fund for the maintenance of the Cemetery after all the lots are disposed of.

Dated at Peterborough this 20th day of January, 1919.

(Sgd.) E. H. D. HALL,
President.
(Sgd.) E. A. PECK,
Secretary.

Superintendent's Report

To the President, Directors and Shareholders of the Little Lake Cemetery.

Gentlemen: Another year of work in your Cemetery has passed and although not much new work has been taken up, considerable renovating of the ground and premises has been done.

Painting—At a meeting of your Directors in May last it was decided to paint the gates and fence around the Cemetery which has been done in dark green at a cost of sixty-five dollars, including labor and material. This has made a great improvement in appearance and preserving the same. Vases and stands numbering about 700 were given a coat of aluminum also the garden seats in the Cemetery were painted. Office walls and ceiling were painted and wood work varnished also weather strip put on windows.

Concrete Drinking Fountain

As instructed by you I have built a concrete platform around the drinking fountain and put in a concrete ice box which has made a great improvement on the wooden platform which had become very much delapidated.

Vault—As per your instructions I have built a ten inch reinforced concrete wall dividing the vault with iron gates at left and iron door for entrance which has made it secure from entrance without using extraordinary means to enter. This was done at a cost of about seventy-five dollars.

Greenhouse—The old section of greenhouse running east and west has been taken down and replaced by a Lord and Burnham Semmie Iron Frame structure with iron columns and 10 inch concrete wall. This has made a great improvement both as to light for growing and also saving of fuel. The heating system has been overhauled and a concrete walk around benches and iron post set in concrete.

Grading—During the year I have graded and seeded section O, ground enough for three eranges in width making room for about ninety-five grave lots and on single grave section room enough for about 160 graves. Water mains have been laid on new ranges opened up. Part of the lawn at rear of Superintendent's house has been raised and the remainder is to be done in the spring as we used the soil for winter graves.

Trees

Twenty-seven maple and elm trees have been planted on lower sections of the Cemetery and all appear to be growing.

Interments

There has been during the year 315 interments, 8 removals, 28 foundations for monuments. All of which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM JAMES,
Superintendent,
Little Lake Cemetery

WILLING TO WALK TWENTY MILES TO TELL ABOUT TANLAC

MISS MCKENZIE GAINS TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS ON TANLAC AND HEALTH IS RESTORED

"I'm so grateful for the wonderful relief I have gotten from taking Tanlac, that I would be willing to walk twenty miles to tell anyone who suffers like I did, what this medicine has done for me," said Miss Adeline McKenzie, 424 Sixth Ave., South, Nashville, Tenn.

"I suffered for about eighteen months from nervous prostration and kept getting worse in spite of all I could do. I had no appetite at all and after eating my stomach would burn like I had swallowed a fire-coal. I would turn cold one minute and hot the next at times, and I was so nervous I couldn't keep still. I could hardly sleep at all and I fell off at least sixty pounds.

"After I tried several different medicines without getting any relief, my brother got me a bottle of Tanlac and I started taking it. By the time I had finished my second bottle my appetite begun to improve and the troubles were greatly relieved. The burning sensation in my stomach has disappeared, the nervousness is all gone, I sleep like a child at night and besides gaining twenty-five pounds in weight, I am in splendid health again.

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. J. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

CARDINAL GIBBON OPPOSES PROHIBITION

Baltimore, Jan. 21.—Cardinal Gibbons in a statement issued here says: "I have always been in favor of strict regulation of the manufacture and sale of liquor instead of absolute prohibition, because by a strict regulation, the liberty of individuals is preserved, whereas by prohibition we face legislation which in the long run cannot be carried out and an early result of prohibition will be the secret and illicit manufacture and sale of bad liquor, whereby the government will be deprived of a large revenue besides being put to enormous expense in the employment of agents to enforce the law. Moreover, in carrying out the law, I see also an invasion of the home which up to now all men have agreed is a sacred and holy place. These agents enter our homes with the violence of burglars and the immunity of officers of the law."

NEWS IN BRIEF

The appointment of a paid secretary-treasurer has been decided upon by the comrades of the Great War at Victoria.

Mr. H. Charlesworth, of Victoria, has been appointed the new president of the British Columbia Teachers' Federation.

David Hall, the infant who was severely scalded on a C. P. R. train, succumbed at the Vancouver General Hospital.

Mr. W. W. White, a partner in the firm of Champion and White, Vancouver, has succumbed to a severe attack of bronchitis.

A company known as the Canadian Siberian Exploration and Development Co., Ltd., has received its charter at Vancouver.

Miss Grace Hopkins, of Hopkins' Landing, Howe Sound, died of influenza and meningitis at Vancouver General Hospital.

Lieut. Harold Owen, son of Major the Rev. C. C. Owen, of Victoria, is credited with having first organized trench raids.

The medical health officer in the Fort Grey district has requested that schools be kept closed owing to the epidemic of influenza.

Three young bandits, possessed of masks and revolvers, and believed to have been responsible for the recent epidemic of hold-ups, were arrested by the city detectives at Vancouver.

The order of the British Empire has been conferred, in the New Year's honor list, on Capt. W. H. Lettice, of Victoria. He went overseas with the 17th Battalion from Vancouver three years ago.

Worked Both Ways.

"Well," said the doctor, "I hope you profited by my advice."

"Yes, doctor," replied the patient, "but not so much as you did."

The Canadian League will be reorganized early next month. London, Hamilton, Brantford, St. Thomas, Chatham, Kitchener, Guelph and St. Catharines have been mentioned as probable members.

January Clearance Sale

In all departments we show many noteworthy values in reliable standard qunlity merchandise. Below are a few examples of the many very special values offered for our January Sale.

A Great Sale Special--45c Best Quality Canadian Flannelette, yard 29c

At the price quoted it's a value to grasp at once. This line of Flannelette is specially reduced for our January Sale, and is the very best quality made by the Canadian mills; 36 inches wide. Big range of stripes and colors. It will wear splendidly and wash well. Regular 45c. The sale price is away below to-day's mill price. January Clearance Sale .. Yard **29c**

Special To-morrow--Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings reg. 75c, to-morrow yard 65c

Good firmly made Sheetings, bleached and unbleached qualities; 72 inches wide. A special sale sheeting at a big bargain price. Do not miss this opportunity to buy a supply tomorrow, as indications are that this class of cotton sheeting will be away higher in price. Our regular 75c lines. January Clearance Sale, yard **65c**

35c WHITE CAMBRIC, YARD 29c

Don't overlook such a good value in a firmly made, pure bleached cambric that is free from dressing. The width is 36 inches. This is a good, clean wearing cambric and is useful in many ways. Regular 35c a yard. Buy now and save ..... January Clearance Sale, yard **29c**

Children's Hats Reduced to 50c regular values up to $3.50

Tomorrow you can choose a Hat for the little one from our entire stock of Children's Hats, including such hats as felts, velours, corduroys and velvets. All good styles in a big range of colors. Regular $1.00 to $3.50 ..... January Clearance Sale, each **50c**

35c Linen Crath Toweling yard 28c

All-linen Crash Towelling, made in Ireland; natural shade, red stripe border; most absorbent quality; suitable for hand, roller and dish towels; 15 inches wide. Regular 35c ... January Clearance Sale, yard **28c**

60c Pure White Madapalam Yard 48c

This pure white Madapolam is always in demand for women's undergarments and night apparel. Fine, soft make and full 42 inches wide. Your opportunity to secure the very best quality Madapolam at a reduced price. Reg. 60c. January Clearance Sale, yard .. **48c**

$1.50 Women's Knit Vests each $1.18

An extra special bargain for to-morrow—Women's fine Union Knit Vests, natural shade, winter weight, high neck and long sleeves, button front. Regular $1.50. A very rare value. January Clearance Sale ... **$1.18**

50c White Nainsook, yard 43c

A bargain in an extra fine quality cloth; suitable for any purpose where a closely woven white nainsook is wanted; 36 inches wide. We advise all to take advantage of the special sale price quoted. Regular 50c. January Clearance Sale price, yard **43c**

Large Size Rugs, $32.50

Our best quality English Tapestry Rugs, woven without a seam; extra deep, heavy wire; good designs and colorings. Sizes 3½ x 4 and 3½ x 4½ yards. January Clearance Sale, each **$32.50**

Table Lamps, $3.98

2 only Electric Table Lamps, all ready for use, with mahogany base and fancy shades, one in green and one in gold. January Clearance Sale, each **$3.98**

$2.50 Velour Kimonas, $1.98

Figured Velour Kimonas, made in Empire style with plain band around neck and sleeves. Good range of colors. Regular $2.50 ... January Sale, each **$1.98**

ONE DAY SPECIAL BARGAIN—$2.00 SILK DRESS POPLINS, YARD $1.59

The outstanding feature of this beautiful Silk Dress Poplin is the excellent satisfaction it gives in wearing. It is particularly appropriate for suits, dresses or skirts. Colors include navy, brown, taupe, pearl, stone grey, green, amethyst and wine. Regular $2.00. One day special for to-morrow at a price considerably below present market value ..... January Sale, yard **$1.59**

Special Values in Hosiery — RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED — Special Values in Gloves

ALEX. R. WALKER'S DEATH.

For 10 Years Librarian of Belleville Public Library.

Belleville, Jan. 21.—Alex R. Walker, public librarian of this city, died very suddenly at his home here of heart failure. He was 51 years of age, a son of the late Hugh Walker, license inspector for West Hastings. He had a legal training, was graduated as a barrister and solicitor from Osgoode Hall, and for a brief period practised law in Saginaw, Mich.; in Marmora, Ont., and in Belleville. Finding books more congenial than legal documents, he became librarian for the Belleville Mechanics' Institute, which was later merged in the Belleville Public Library. For sixteen years he had filled that position with conspicuous success. He was an ardent Conservative. He was at the time of his death secretary of the Greater West Hastings Conservative Association. His work in connection with the administration of the Patriotic Fund had been self-sacrificing for more than four years. He leaves his wife, one brother and one sister.

For Sale by Tender

Tenders will be received on MONDAY, JANUARY 27th, for the old Murray Street Baptist Church property. This consists of a half-acre of land with frontage of about 116 feet on Murray Street and 192 feet deep. On the land is situated building formerly occupied as a church containing three furnaces and sanitary equipment. There is also on the land a small dwelling house. Those desiring to tender may obtain keys for inspection from Dr. W. D. Scott, Hunter Street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. F. MATTHEWS
For Trustees

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

8½ acres of Market Garden, with some fruit trees, 7 acres in good garden, 1½ acres in pasture. Large house, suitable for a good double house with sheds and stabling for 11 head of cattle. The property is in the north end of the city and on three streets on which is a number of good building lots which could be sold and still have a good market garden. This property MUST be sold and some one will get a good bargain.

We have a full supply of touring car MARKERS for 1919. (Cheaper to buy markers than to pay a fine.)

102 Water Street, South of Munro House

Barrie's

Peterborough Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

Blouses

Georgette, regular up to $16.00 for $6.00
Crepe de Chene, regular $9.00 for $4.50
Various, regular $7.00 for $3.00

Skirts

Serges, reg. $9.75 for $5
Serges, reg. $16.50 for $6
Various., reg. $9.25 for $5

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

Winding-Up Estate Sale

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers every pair at reduced prices---must be sold in 30 days

City Footwear Co. Charlotte Street Opposite White House

The demise of the oldest inhabitant can usually be attributed to the fact that he was born too many years ago.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Light winds, cloudy and mild today and on Thursday.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 18 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1919 Price Two Cents Per Copy

LOCAL SOLDIERS ARE COMING HOME

"EMPRESS OF BRITAIN" DOCKS AT HALIFAX AND MEN ENTRAINED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 22. — The troopship Empress of Britain, with 2,500 returned soldiers aboard, including 1,500 from Ontario, docked early this morning, and at 9:45 the first trainload left for the West. The voyage was uneventful.

The men aboard the first train are consigned to Vancouver and Calgary districts. Their train will be followed at half hour intervals by six trains in the following order: Second, Regina and Quebec Province; third, Winnipeg; fourth, Toronto; first section, fifth, Toronto; second section, sixth, London and Kingston; seventh, Montreal.

The first five trains will proceed to Quebec for the documentation of the troops aboard. All other troops arriving on the "Britain" are being documented here. The C. P. O. S. liner arrived off the harbor early this morning, but waited for daylight before proceeding to her berth. She left Liverpool yesterday week. Rough weather was experienced during the first half of the voyage, but the latter half was not unpleasant. The men say they have no complaints to make of the treatment they received.

MR. HALL REVIVES RAILWAY ISSUE

MOVES RESOLUTION AT LIBERAL CONVENTION RE PURCHASE OF C. N. R.

At the Liberal Convention in Toronto yesterday among the local men on the platform were R. R. Hall, ex-M.P., G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A. and Capt. C. R. Widdifield the new secretary of the Peterborough Liberal Association. A resolution regarding the purchase of the Canadian Northern moved by Mr. Hall was seconded by W. H. Johnston, Havelock. It ran thus:

"Resolved by the Liberals of Central Ontario, that a full investigation be held to probe the affairs of the Canadian Northern Railway, to find out and make public all the facts relating to the negotiations for the sale and purchase of the road; the names of those who benefitted directly or indirectly by the sale and purchase of this road; the names of those who dealt in its London securities before the unexpected purchase of the road was announced, and all surrounding facts and circumstances in any way relating thereto."

In supporting his resolution Mr. Hall said that C.P.R. stocks, which sold at 220 before the war, dropped of 157 on the declaration of war, although it paid 10 per cent. all through the war. Still Canadian tax payers are being called on to pay face value for $147,000,000 in unsecured C.N.R. bonds, a property that was falling behind at a rate of about $10,000,000 a year. "These bonds, I am told, were being sold at 37 cents in London before the line was taken over," said Mr. Hall. Who profited by the difference between 37 cents and $1.

Newspaper Hearing Ends at Ottawa

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—After an argument lasting eleven days, the newsprint enquiry appeal came to an end this morning, and it now remains for the paper control tribunal to decide whether the price of newsprint in rolls shall remain at $69 per ton as fixed by Commissioner Pringle, increased to $80 as the manufacturers' demand, or brought down to $50, as the publishers request.

Leslie West, son of Thomas West, whose barn on the Cormack farm, near Woodstock, was burned, was arrested, and, it is alleged, confessed to setting fire to it, but could give no reason.

SIR WILFRED LAURIER ASKS ALL WANDERERS TO RETURN

Olive Branch Waved Before the Party Convention in Toronto by Sir Wilfred's Ontario Deputy Hon. George P. Graham—New Plank in Platform.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—"I voted for conscription, but I declined to enter the Union Government, although I was invited to do so. I did not support the Union Government, because if I had intended to support it I would have become one of its members. I have no apologies to make, and I am not asking anyone to make apologies to me. I believe that party government is essential for a free country in times of peace. I believe we will soon revert to party government, and the time is now ripe for all Liberals to sink past differences and get together. This is my view, and I am authorized to say that it is the view of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who wants the support of every man, woman and child in Canada who believes in the principles of the Liberal party."

The was the message brought by Hon. Geo. P. Graham to the delegates who attended the organization of the Liberal Association from Central Ontario at St. George's Hall, Elm street, last night. The delegates put in a busy afternoon, adopting a constitution, passing resolutions and electing officers. This was an executive meeting, but a meeting had been advertised for the evening to be addressed by Hon. Mr. Graham and other lights of the Liberal party. The attendance was disappointing; some 250 were present, the majority of them being delegates from out-of-town, for the newly formed association does not include the County of York or the City of Toronto. Mr. Graham's speech was somewhat conciliatory in part, but developed toward the close into an arraignment of the Union Government. He was enthusiastically cheered, and his eulogistic references to Sir Wilfrid Laurier were greeted with prolonged applause.

Resolutions.

The convention placed itself on record as having full confidence in the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier as the foremost exponent in Canada of Liberal and democratic principles and the chief opponent of autocratic rule.

It was resolved that a full investigation be held to probe the affairs of the C. N. R. and to make public all the facts relating to the negotiations for the sale and purchase of this road and the names of those who

(Continued on page three)

MENTAL WEAKNESS DROVE CHARLES CREES TO DEATH

Verdict of Coroner Greer's Jury in Case of Man Who Suicided by Hanging—Testimony of Neighbors of Crees' Employer.

An inquest into the death of Charles Crees, whose body was found hanging in Herbert McKay's barn in Otonabee on the evening of January 13th, was held in the police court chamber last night before Coroner Dr. Greer, Crown Attorney Hatton representing the Crown and Mr. G. N. Gorden appearing in the interests of his client, Mr. McKay.

Mr. William Comstock one of the partners in the local undertaking firm gave evidence in regard to the way in which he found the body of Crees, when he had been called to the scene of the tragedy. He stated that the man was found hanging from one of the braces of the barn by a rope which was not about his neck but passed under his jaws and over his head in a vertical direction, the reason for this being that there was no slip knot in the end of the rope b ut an ordinary non-slipping loop.

Doctor's Testimony

Dr. C. H. Amys, the next witness as the physician who with Dr. Morgan conducted the post mortem examination gave evidence as to the cause of death and the indications present. He stated that there was a rope burn about the neck of the dead man and that one of the ligaments of the neck had parted which would show that the deceased had dropped as the weight of the body put upon the rope gradually would not in his opinion be sufficient to produce the result. All the internal conditions pointed to death by strangulation.

Dr. Morgan stated that he had signed the report presented by Dr. Amys and agreed with what he had said.

Crees' Employer Testifies

Herbert McKay, Crees' employer, and a farmer of the township of Otonabee was the next on the stand. In his evidence he asserted that Crees was a willing worker, that he seemed quite sensible at all times and never caused any trouble.

Deceased came to this country from England and worked for some time in Toronto and Prince Edward Island then he came east and he went to work for Mr. McKay's aunt near Havelock. After being there for some time he worked for Mr. McKay's father with whom he stayed for five or six years. He was employed for a month with the Quaker Oats Co., and was in the employ of the witness for two years.

In answed to a question of the Crown Attorney as to whether he ever abused the deceased or kicked him Mr. McKay stated most emphatically that he had not. "Did you ever hear that anyone credited you with abusing the man?" continued the Crown Attorney. "Not until Mr. Moore the County Constable informed me of it," was the reply.

Questioned as to the wages he had been paying Orees the witness stated that for the first year his man was to get $180 with board and washing. The next year $200 was the amount decided upon but during the

(Continued on Page 6)

Council to Send Mission to Poland

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 22.—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference this morning decided to send a mission to Poland to report on the situation and possible action by the Allies in that country. This afternoon the Council is considering definite action as proposed by President Wilson regarding Russia.

Big Majority For The Ebert Party

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 22.—Of the 319 delegates already reported elected to the National Assembly, Majority Socialists, German Democrats and Centerists which support the Ebert government control 247 seats. The balance are scattered and irregular opposition.

Counter-revolutionary demonstrations are reported from Budapest.

MARTIAL LAW FOR PARTS OF IRELAND

TWO POLICEMEN KILLED IN TIPPERARY — NEW PARLIAMENT CONTINUES SESSION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Dublin, Jan. 22.—Following the murder of two policemen in Tipperary, the Government has declared martial law in this and other districts of Ireland. The Irish Parliament continues its meeting today, but no action has been taken against it.

According to the provincial provisional constitution of the Irish republic now before the Dail Eireann, legislative powers are to be vested in deputies elected from existing parliamentary constituencies. The ministry will consist of a president and four executive officers, secretaries of finace, home affairs, foreign affairs and national defence. All revenues will be raised on a vote of Dail Eireann. The constitution may be altered upon seven days' notice.

Law Association To Meet Mr. Taft

The Peterborough Law Association will hold a reception to ex-President Taft at 5 p.m. on Thursday at the new court room, at which His Honor Judge Huycke will preside. The court room will be open to the general public.

Sergt. Carpenter Has Arrived Home

Sergt. Bryer C. Carpenter, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Carpenter, 533 Concession street, arrived home on the midnight train last night after a long term of overseas service.

He enlisted in 1915 in the 93rd battalion and has been in many engagements, having been wounded upon one occasion in the arm. He brings with him a handsome silver medal which was awarded him as a recognition of bravery when he picked up a live hand grenade which had accidentally been knocked out of the throwers hand and hurled it over the parapet thus saving the lives of his companions in the trench.

GOES TO TORONTO

Mr. Roy Irwin Secures Position With T. Eaton Company

Mr. Roy Irwin of 352 Water street late window dresser for the J. C. Turnbull Co., entertained a number of his friends to a small dance last evening at his home prior to leaving for Toronto this morning to accept a similar position with the T. Eaton Co.

OTTAWA PROTESTS THE BANK MERGER

SAYS AMALGAMATION WOULD BE NOTHING SHORT OF NATIONAL CALAMITY.

Ottawa, Jan. 22—A representative gathering of the prominent merchants of the city assembled at the rooms of the Retail Merchants' Association under the presidency of Mr. Henry Watters, for the purpose of registering a protest against the proposed absorption of the Bank of Ottawa by the Bank of Nova Scotia, and to devise ways and means for combating the merger.

The sense of the meeting, as brought out by the discussion, was to the effect that the disappearance of the Bank of Ottawa would be in the nature of a catastrophe, not only of a local or provincial, but a national character, and that banks aren ot private but public institutions, the servants of the public, and as they are such, if valid reasons exist in the minds of the financiers why the merger should take place they should be made public.

Ottawa merchants registered a protest against the proposed absorption of the Bank of Ottawa by the Bank of Nova Scotia.

INDUSTRIAL UNREST IS ON INCREASE IN BRITISH ISLES

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Men to Quit Work Tomorrow and General Strike Threatened in Scotland---Lawless Acts of Daily Occurrence in Paris.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 22.—Industrial unrest throughout the United Kingdom is seriously on the increase. A general strike for better hours and wages in Yorkshire and Scotland is called for this week, more particularly in the coal mining districts. This means three hundred thousand people out.

150,000 on Strike.

In addition to the threat of a railway strike, the whole Yorkshire coal fields probably will be idle tomorrow throwing one hundred and fifty thousand men out of employment, while preparations are being made in Scotland for a general strike for a forty-hour week. The cause of the trouble in Yorkshire is somewhat similar to that which is occurring in other parts of the country. The operators there have locked out some forty thousand men who insisted on taking twenty minutes of the employers' time for meals. In reply to the lockout the Yorkshire Miners' Association has declared a strike for tomorrow. The dispute in London between the engineers and operators has improved somewhat. The operators have granted the demands of the engineering trade, but the electrical workers are now threatening to strike.

Lawlessness in Paris.

Paris, Jan. 22.—The acts of violence and armed attacks are increasing daily in Paris, according to the Matin, which declares that the demobilization of the Allied troops is bound to have the effect of further increasing acts of lawlessness. Many former prisoners, now freed from the army, are burning to make up for lost time. This band of lawbreakers is now increased by men from the armies of the Allies. During the past week one hundred and thirty night assaults in Paris district were reported as having been committed by burglars from the American army. Deputy Police Commissioner Evans, one of the best New York police experts, will assist in connection with the Paris police to round up these criminals.

Ex-President Taft Here Tomorrow

When ex-President Taft arrives in the city on the noon train tomorrow he will be met at the depot by Mr. R. Harstone, representing the Local Council of Women, whose guest Mr. Taft really is, as he lectures under the auspices of that organization in the evening. Mr. R. R. Hall will also welcome the distinguished American on his arrival. Mr. Taft will go to the Empress, where he will lunch informally with a few friends.

During the afternoon the visitor will be entertained by American residents in the city, who will show him all the local points of interest, including the industries that are maintained by American enterprise and capital.

At 5 p.m. Mr. Taft will be taken to the Court House, where he will be received and presented with an address by the members of the local Bar Association as a compliment to the high place he has attained in the legal profession.

Mayor Duncan will preside at a dinner to be tendered Mr. Taft in the evening and at which covers will be laid for fifty invited guests who will represent the City Council, the Board of Education and other public bodies and societies.

After the dinner Mr. Taft will go to the Grand Opera House, where he will lecture in the second entertainment in the Chautauqua Lyceum course. Holders of tickets should retain their seats at once as the Opera House is sure to be crowded to capacity. No one should lose this opportunity to hear one of the most distinguished Americans of the day, the man who attained the highest position in his native land and whose patriotism is no more remarkable than is his friendship for the British Empire and the cause of the Allies.

Ex-King Manuel Denounces Move

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Madrid, Jan. 22. — Despite the fact that the ex-king has denounced the movement, the monarchial revolution in Portugal is spreading seriously.

A Writer of Note Coming to City

Mr. C. C. Trumbull, editor of the Sunday School Times, a paper with a weekly circulation of 115,000, and the writer of a number of books, will pay a flying visit to our city on Friday of this week. He will speak in the afternoon at three o'clock and in the evening at eight o'clock in St. Paul's Church, taking as his subject at both meetings, "The Victorious Life." Mr. Trumbull is a Presbyterian, but as people of all denominations take his paper, he may be said to belong to all the churches. The public generally are not only invited to these meetings, but are reminded that a rare privilege is their's in the opportunity which is given them of hearing this great Christian leader.

Burlington's new nominations for the council will be held Monday.

There is now an ample supply of sugar available in Canada and a considerable quantity for export.

Lloyd George Is Censured by Labor

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 22.—A meeting representing two hundred thousand railway workers last night severely criticized Lloyd George's government for its apathy towards their demand for larger pay and shorter hours.

PECULIAR WORK AT ELECTION

BRANTFORD'S MAYOR AND OTHER OFFICIALS MAY BE UNSEATED.

Brantford, Jan. 21.—Steps have been taken for the invalidation of the municipal election held here on January 6. The action is directed solely against Mayor McBride, and is launched by F. P. Walsh, who charged the Mayor before the City Council shortly before the election with graft, the charge being in connection with the city's handling of coal, F. P. Walsh being a coal dealer here. The Council instructed the City Solicitor to proceed against Walsh, but he ruled that as the council had not been attacked, the city could not enter suit. It is feared that if the Mayor's election be upset on the technicality that the polling booths were kept open later than the law provides for, in that the bylaw was not passed in time, the whole election would be upset, including two public works bylaws which were passed.

IN AGREEMENT ON RUSSIA'S STATUS

ORDER MUST BE RESTORED THERE BEFORE PEACE LEAGUE IS FORMED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 22.—With the hope of definitely deciding on some policy for the settlement of the Russian question, the Supreme Council of the Allies met early this morning and got right down to business. Some announcement is expected this afternoon.

President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George are in complete agreement as regards the Russian situation, according to the Paris edition of the London Daily Mail. They regard the settlement of the Russian situation as an absolute necessity preliminary to the formation of a league of nations, the newspaper declares, and they are anxious to secure evidence of accredited Bolshevik representatives as to the status of Russian affairs.

The French opinion is not at present in favor of even this admission of the Bolshevik regime.

NEW AMBASSADOR.

Vance C. McCormick of Chicago, who has been named United States ambassador to France. He has been chairman of the Democratic National Committee since 1916.

MANY REFORMS ARE OUTLINED

BAPTISTS ASK THAT ALL RACE-TRACK GAMBLING BE PROHIBITED.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—In a resolution presented by Rev. John MacNeill and Mr. S. J. Moore, the foundations on which Forward Movement of the Ontario and Quebec Baptist convention will be built was given definite announcement. The resolution calls for regular home worship, personal evangelization, making the most of the Sunday School, looking for 30 recruits for the ministry and 200 new students for the Baptist College this year, and the active effort and sympathy of the churches.

The matter came up for discussion at yesterday's sessions.

The resolution presented asked for the permanent forbidding of racetrack gambling, or permanent prohibition, for regulation of immigration and for mothers' allowances.

Rev. John Pollock said that many of the country churches were slowly dying of stagnation, and that they needed the serious attention of the Baptist Church.

WERE WELL RECEIVED.

Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong at Ottawa.

Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong were in Ottawa yesterday and had interviews with Hon. Dr. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals, and Chief Engineer Bodin, in regard to the probability of the Government assuming a portion of the expense connected with the construction of the new Hunter street bridge. They were well received and the outlook is encouraging.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1919

ANOTHER BANK MERGER.

THE BANKS of Ottawa and Nova Scotia, two of the oldest and most flourishing institutions of the kind in Canada, are to be amalgamated, if present plans are consummated. All that is required is the consent of the shareholders and the sanction of the Finance Minister, both of which will not be lacking if judgment is to be formed by past events.

It is the fashion among those on the outside to object to such fusions of interests. The only reason that can be given is the fear that eventually there will be so few banks that the formation of a money trust will be possible.

What justification is there for such fear? If two banks in a city are in competition, why, in the interest of economy, should not the two be merged into one and the operating expenses reduced to that extent? There will always be left a sufficient number of such institutions to guarantee the life in business that rivalry is supposed to engender?

The entire tendency of the age is in the direction of centralization. The blacksmith shop has disappeared from the country crossroads, the shoemaker is becoming the memory of a day that is gone, and in all lines the smaller manufacturer and dealer is being swallowed up by larger concerns engaged in the same business.

There was a time when the transportation business was in the hands of a large number of railway corporations. These merged and absorbed each other until only three were left, and even then the claim was made that there were too many for the amount of business in sight. One corporation was forced into bankruptcy and another pressed up close to the verge of ruin. The State took over the former, and from present appearances it is likely that the same course must in the public interest be adopted with regard to the other. One corporation, under proper control, would be better than three that are forced to apply periodically for permission to raise their rates to save themselves from financial disaster.

The banks, by merging, are simply following out the procedure that is becoming so common in the world. On the ground of economy alone such a course is justified, just as it is in the amalgamation of two parallel lines of railroad. If the Government can prevent a score of banks from forming a combine in restraint of trade, the same can be accomplished if there are only half a dozen with which to deal.

THE VOICE IN THE WILDERNESS.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER calls upon all his followers who identified themselves with the Union Government to return to him and all will be forgiven. In this it would appear that Sir Wilfrid fails to understand the true condition of affairs. To a disinterested and unprejudiced observer who views the prospect from a tree, it looks as if it is Sir Wilfrid who has strayed away into the wilderness and not those who formerly followed his lead. It is Sir Wilfrid who is the lost sheep of the house of Liberalism, not the Unionists who formerly wore his trade mark. But Sir Wilfrid contumaciously insists that it is the party of the second part that is off the trail.

HUNTING FOR HERESY.

TRIALS OF MINISTERS on heresy charges are not so frequent as they were a quarter of a century ago, but they still occasionally occur. Here and there there are to be encountered men who have been read out of one denomination for failure to subscribe to all the articles of faith, only to be received with open arms by another. Usually the man convicted on such a charge profits materially by the experience through the advertising he receives. Only a week or two ago a Petrolia pastor was found guilty of heresy by a court, the members of which were his own peers. A few days after the verdict was published that pastor received a call to a larger church in a city not far from the scene where, in the judgment of his fellow clergymen, he had fallen from grace.

The foundation of the Christian faith as laid by a blameless life and illustrious sacrifice two thousand years ago still remains immutable and immovable. The Central Figure that from the Cross on Calvary prayed for those who put Him to a cruel death, is still recognized as the head of the Church by all Christian denominations. He brought a new faith to the world, abolishing old creeds and retaining doctrines that had been cherished for centuries, and His reward was death.

The various denominations may agree on the fundamentals, but in the interpretation of the Scriptures they differ. Schools and colleges are maintained by each to teach their several beliefs and impress upon the students what each sect regards as the proper meaning of the Bible. Is there to be no advancement made in the study of the Christian faith? Let every man recall the difference in the preaching of the day with that of thirty or forty years ago with regard to future punishment, for example. Men who renounced that doctrine were convicted of heresy and cast out of the Church, and yet the subject is seldom alluded to by a modern preacher. In fact, the doctrine has time and again been openly renounced in church courts and by pastors in some of the leading churches of the various denominations.

If the process of the sun widens the mind of man in material things, why should the same mental growth be regarded as an offence in the spiritual world? "The-increasing purpose" to which Tennyson alludes will not be restrained by anything the reactionaries may devise.

WHY THIS DISCORD?

AND NOW IT SEEMS that the next class to combine in a Federation of Labor—or which for the lack of a better term may be so described—is the teachers of Ontario, as stated in an article which appeared in The Review yesterday. And why not a protective union of teachers, if ministers, lawyers and doctors have combines to maintain their own interests?

This subject has been broached time after time at the sessions of the Ontario Educational Association, but this year definite action is likely to be taken. Teachers already have their local association, but what is required to attain the end in view is co-operation among these various organizations. If the teachers in Toronto go on strike, there is nothing at present in the ethics of the profession to prevent teachers from other places taking the positions of those who have quit.

Why, anywhere, should there be this misunderstanding between Capital and Labor? It exists just as surely as does the ill-feeling between the two races in Canada, for which—to be perfectly fair—it would be a difficult matter to fix the responsibility. There is certainly a misunderstanding somewhere, and it is just as certain that there is fault on both sides. There will be, too, while the political agitator is allowed at large.

Labor rails at the manufacturers' self-protection organization, and the manufacturer returns this sentiment with interest with regard to the workingman's labor union. The principle of give and take, of live and let live, is all that is required to bring the two classes together in something like harmony. The interests of both are closely interwoven, and this makes the present ill-feeling all the more difficult to either understand or justify.

There is not a doubt that the associations among the capitalists of the country tend to improve business conditions in the country, and this result could not be attained without promoting the manufacturer's personal interest. It is clear, too, by years of demonstration, that the labor unions have developed a better class of workmen and have elevated the dignity of Labor. The member of a Labor union cannot better his own condition without benefiting humanity in general, any more than the capitalist can accumulate gain without a general distribution of wealth among the masses.

The Labor unionist does not work for himself alone if he is true to the principles of unionism. The benefits which he works and pays for are open to those who make no sacrifice to secure them. The men who bind themselves together in a Labor organization are not so many enemies of the State as some suppose, any more than is the manufacturer who secures working conditions for his industry that permit him to employ Labor more fully and constantly than he would be able to do lacking organized action.

Four Labor men have been elected to the City Council. They have asserted time and again that they will work for the general welfare and not for that of the particular class that elected them. There seems to be a sentiment to the contrary prevailing among the people. All of which is due to misunderstanding. There are few men in the city—and let it be devoutly hoped that at least there are none in the Council—so narrow as to believe that the intersts of any one class are paramount. The new aldermen are at least entitled to a suspension of the popular judgment until they have demonstrated that they will live up to their election pledges, as all their supporters are convinced they will.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

SELF-DETERMINATION it seems for every race on earth but the Irish.

• • • • •

IN CENTRAL EUROPE the hand that manipulates the machine gun controls the government.

• • • • •

EVERY PROVINCE in the Dominion is now dry except Quebec, and that Province is hanging on the line.

• • • • •

IT IS HARD to make the starving man believe that the government of his country is a beneficent institution.

• • • • •

BY OBTAINING free entry to the Peace Conference the Press again demonstrates that the pen often prevails where the sword fails.

• • • • •

"CONJECTURAL" journalism, the child of secret diplomacy and conferences, will pass away with its apparently doomed parents.

• • • • •

NOTED AS HE IS for making the best of a bad job, Mr. R. R. Hall has been selected as one of the speakers at the Liberal pow-wow in Toronto.

• • • • •

WHAT HAS BECOME of the old fogey who was wont to complain that if women had the vote they would support only members of their own sex?

• • • • •

SIR WILFRID LAURIER is the juror who thinks the other eleven are wrong, the private who imagines the entire regiment is out of step with him.

• • • • •

THE HOUSEHOLDER may have been shorn by the profiteers, but the mild winter recalls the proverb concerning the lamb in the same straits.

• • • • •

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE has taken to wearing the wooden shoes in Holland, which is only another phase of the fashion of harmonising head and feet.

• • • • •

KNOWING when he is safe and otherwise well off, ex-King Manuel of Portugal refuses to be made the puppet of revolutionists again by accepting the crown of Portugal.

• • • • •

A FLAMBOYANT contemporary that virtually asserts that the Liberal party is not for sale would probably meet with difficulty in attempting even to give the remnant away.

• • • • •

ONE OF THESE DAYS some citizen will make the allegation that the "Big Five" in the City Council have formed an alliance in restraint of trade or something to that general effect.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Successful Treatment.

(Detroit News.)

A Windsor doctor is on trial for prescribing whisky for 1,244 patients in ten days. The patients are reported to be doing as well as could be expected.

Henry Ford Gives Weekly To People

One of the most interesting sidelights of the character of Henry Ford—and there is no captain of industry in America who has piqued the public curiosity more—is afforded by the reasons and motives that induced him to venture into the field of the cinema. As a matter of fact, he is now one of the largest producers of film in the world. The Ford Educational Weekly, which will in future be released thru the Goldwyn Corporation, uses between 400,000 and 500,000 feet of film every week. It is turned out at a cost of $750,000 every year. Furthermore, not a cent of that every comes back either into Henry Ford's pocket or the exchequer of the Ford Motor Company.

The Ford Educational Weekly is in every respect unique, and reflects the unique personality of this extraordinary man. For not only does he make no money out of the venture, but he gets no advertising from it—which some people originally suspected to be his real purpose. The only place his name appears on the weekly is in the announcement, "Produced by the Ford Motor Company, Detroit," and that amount of advertising is obviously not worth $750,000 a year. Incidentally the development of this feature has necessitated the building and equipment at Detroit of a laboratory and plant more elaborate and larger than most of those belonging to the big producing companies.

Mr. Ford—whose worst enemies, even, admit that he is an idealist—explained his motives in the presentatives of the Glodwyn Company when the contract was signed in Detroit last week.

Several years ago he realized the tremendous advantages of the screen for publicity and for public education in the most interesting and vivid way. So he determined to build his weekly, a weekly that would have a genuine unselfish purpose, that would enable the man in the smallest town in Washington to know as much of what is going on in Arizona city and in daily man in the largest city and in daily contact wth natonal affairs. He determined to show the public and actual picture of important historical occurrences.

The Ford Educational Weekly is a scenic, travelogue, a historical record, a portrayer of industry in all its most interesting and human phases. It is Mr. Ford's especial desire to make it stimulate patriotism and good citizenship. It is not to be used for propaganda. One of its chief purposes is to record and encourage the after-war reconstruction of Europe and also of industrial conditions in America.

Lest any idea prevail that propaganda is any part of the function of the weekly, it is interesting to note that by the contract between the Goldwyn people and Mr. Ford's representatives the subjects to be filmed are to be selected by collaboration between the two firms.

TODAY'S STORY

Polester Goots, with his legs crossed at a gentle angle, sat smoking a mild cigar and reading the Easeful News. Suddenly a terrific explosion shook, rocked and waved the house to and fro, shattering window panes, bruskly breaking brittle bric-a-brac, and sending the ivory flying from the piano keys.

"I knew that boiler would explode some day if it wasn't careful," said Polestar Goots placidly.

And he good naturedly dusted a little plaster off his bald spot and went on reading Smiley B. Gentle's daily article, which that evening was entitled "The Ruffled Mind Is Its Own Accuser."

Shortly after that, taking out his $300 Swedish movement watch to see if it was much later, he dropped it and the delicate mechanism broke into a hundred worthless bits.

"Made rather a nice tinkle," thought Goots, with a whimsical smile. And he went on reading, and shortly after that the room caught fire.

"It was getting uncomfortably close in here, anyway," thought Goots amiably, and moved into the next room to go on reading. His wife was in there.

"It's stopped raining hasn't it?" he remarked.

"No, I don't believe it has," she replied.

"You don't! Oh, you don't!" he cried in a towering rage. "Your life seems to be made up of one continual argument!" And he stormed up and down the room for half an hour, his voice quivid with passion, and it was the longest while before he again became sufficiently collected to go on reading.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says that to her a caged bird is always a pathetic sight, even when the aquarium is a very large one.

ASKING FOR INCREASES

New Proposals Being Considered by Veterans.

Resolutions passed by the Ottawa G.W.V.A., requesting the Government to increase the attendance allowance for paralyzed soldiers from $300 to $450; increase the total disability pensions for married men to $1,500 a year; and increase the widow's pension to a minimum of $1,400, not inclusive of extra allowances, all these are now being considered by the Pensions Committee of the Central G.W.V.A.

The Government has also been petitioned to place those who enlisted under and over the military ages on equal bases with those who were assumedly of military age, in so far as pensions, marriage and other allowances are concerned. The view is taken that boys who enlisted virtually sacrificed their best years in the service, whereas in the case of those over the military age it is pointed out that they had sacrificed long established business and home ties.

WIT AND WISDOM

A Fortunate Girl.

"My sister Maggie is awfully lucky."

"Why?"

"She went to a party last night where they played a game in which you either had to kiss a girl or pay a forfeit of a thrift stamp."

"Well, how was Maggie lucky?"

"She came home with two books of thrift stamps."

Always Dictates It.

Booth Tarkington tells of an old negro who appeared as a witness before one of our committees. In the course of his examination these questions were put to the man:

"What is your name?"

"Calhoun Clay, sah."

"Can you sign your name?"

"Sah?"

"I ask if you can write your name."

"Well, no sah. Ah nebber writes ma name. Ah dictates it."

The One and Only.

Before the abdication of the ex-kaiser, two German socialists were standing talking on the street and one, becoming excited, exclaimed:

"I tell you, that idiot of an emperor——"

A touch on his arm interrupted him and turning he found a German policeman who declared him under arrest.

"I was about to say," said the socialist, "that idiot of an emperor of Japan——"

"It won't do," said the policeman, firmly. "There's only one idiot emperor, and everybody knows it."

The Real Sufferers.

Dobson—It was an awful trial for me to make that speech last night.

Clubleigh—Don't mention it; just think what the rest of us suffered

A Helpful Spouse.

Hub — What did you do with all those unpaid bills, Alice?

Wife—I saw they were beginning to worry you, dear, so I destroyed them.

Friend of Shopkeeper—That's a nice girl you have in your shop. I've seen her in the window several days as I passed.

Shopkeeper (wearily)—She isn't an employe. She's a woman trying to decide on a new hat.

The Sting.

The Editor—Why don't you want to umpire that game? Afraid of getting killed?

The Reporter—No. I'm not afraid of death. But I don't want my obituary printed on the sporting page.

A Woman Hater.

The Maid (discussing new farm help)—"Has he ever smelt powder, do you know?"

The Soldier—"Im? 'Im smell powder? Not much! 'E's a blinkin woman 'ater!"

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and my cuzzin Artie was standing on a corner this afternoon wundering wat to do, me saying, Wat shall we do, Artie?

I tell you lets wat, sed Artie, lets pertend we are deef and dum and haff to tawk deef and dum langwidge with our hands, sed Artie.

Wich we started to do, standing there looking at each other and making deef and dum sines with our fingers fast as everything, and shaking our heds no and yes hard as enything. Wich pritty soon 2 ladies stopped wawking past and stood there looking at us tawking deef and dum, one lady being a little wide one with so meny rings on her fingers you couldnt hardly see eny fingers, and the other lady being a big narrow one that could of looked rite over the little wide ones hed in case she wunted to see a perrade or enything frum in back of her, the little wide one saying, Well, for mersey sakes, dont that beet all.

You cant tell wich ones tawking and wich ones answring, sed the big narrow one. Wich jest then me and Artie pertended to get mad at each other, making fearse faces and moving our fingers so fast its a good thing fingers dont get dizzy.

Grayshis, wat a display of temper, sed the little wide one.

Aint it dredful, sed the little narrow one.

Wich jest then Artie made a fearse mad face and stuck his longest finger rite in my face, herting like enythngi and I gave his face a fearse push, yelling, Hey, you did that on perpiss.

I did not, cut that out, yelled Artie. And jest then the little wide one gave me a fearse crack behind one ear with the back of her hand, the rings herting like enything, and the big narrow one reetched for Artie and we both ran like the mischiff laffing like enything, but Artie laffing longer than me on account of me being one with a pane behind the ear.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Many mixed ideas are due to mixed drinks.

Remember the kind acts of others and forget your own.

Heaven won't be exclusive enough to suit some people.

You can't be happy unless you try to make others happy.

A lawyer draws up a will in such a way that he can see a second fee when it is contested.

Yes, Herbert, there is more than one brand of smokeless powder that is dangerous to mankind.

A shoemaker is not necessarily greedy because he is always on the make.

When a farmer puts his hand to the plow he soon turns back—the soil.

If a man can't make good at anything else, he is apt to make good excuses.

Fortunately a woman's disposition doesn't depend upon the fit of her shoes.

Some people who give skimmed milk to the poor expect the Lord to credit it as cream.

A man loses lots of money experimenting with sickness to make money without work.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS

IN

Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods

Schneider's

Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Calls for Work Now Rushing In

Calls for employment are beginning to rush in to the Ontario employment bureau in Toronto. During last week out of 47 stenographers who registered for positions only eight received work, and 16 office clerks out of 32 who applied were placed. During the week employers' orders were 45, re-registrations 178, applications for work 101, help wanted 109, referred to positions 89, and positions secured 54.

Domestics in one or two cases who have been placed from this office have received from $35 to $40 a month. The report for the week showed 362 help wanted and 294 positions secured.

The case of the shell-shocked soldier is proving the most difficult with which the department has to deal. Now that their pensions are cut off they are out looking for work, but employers do not want men thus afflicted. On the other hand, the men want employment to keep their minds from themselves and to support their families.

SENATE VOTES ARMY BONUS

Sends Bill Providing for Discharged Men to Conference.

Washington, Jan. 22.—With amendments authorizing the payment of 30 days' pay and 5 cents a mile traveling expenses home to discharged officers and enlisted men, the senate passed and sent to conference the house bill to permit soldiers to retain their uniforms. A provision for bonuses of thirty days' pay is attached to the war revenue bill now in conference.

FOOD TO END WAR, SAYS LEWIS

Tells Senate Failure to Provide Fund Will Renew European War.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Failure to pass the measure providing $100,000,000 for the purchase of food for European nations would result in the "lighting of the flames of a new European war that will keep our boys on the battle fronts for another year," Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois warned the senate in a speech advocating the passage of the legislation. Refusal to feed the small nations of Europe would lead to a condition of anarchy and the first assault would be on our soldiers and a renewal of the war in the Austrian and Russian border countries, he said.

The Retort Courteous.

Hectoring Sergeant—Say, what did you do before the war?

Private—I was in a bank, sir.

H. S.—Swept the floor, I suppose.

Private—No, sir; we had a retired sergeant to do that.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

JUNE ELVIDGE and MONTAGU LOVE
"Broken Ties" A DRAMA IN FIVE ACTS

King Baggot & Marguerite Snow in **"The Eagle's Eyo,"** Chap. 2, **"The Plot Against Organized Labor,"** 2 parts

"HER CAVE MAN"—A Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

This is A PICTURE — The Screen Success of the Season—The Patriotic Drama

"Over There" Featuring Charles Richman

See Richman go "Over the Top" in one of the most thrilling scenes ever filmed.

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROYAL THEATRE

14 First Run Reels **Entire Change To-Day** **14 First Run Reels**

High-Class Motion Pictures Shown

GREAT VITAGRAPH FEATURE DRAMA

"The Beloved Imposter" Five Parts

Featuring GLADYS LESLIE and an All-Star Cast

Fourth Episode of the Million Dollar Serial **"The Iron Test"** Two Parts

Pathe Special Picture of Five Parts

"Infatuation" with Gaby Deslys

BIG "V" COMEDY--Clean and Laughable

We have had some great Pictures lately and we really believe that to-day's program will be one of the best we have ever presented. *Come and Judge for Yourself.*

Admission Afternoons and Evenings . . . 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Matinee for School Children and others only 10c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

Influenza intelligently treated is not a serious disease. It terminates in recovery after about three days of fever, as a rule.

The complications of the disease are serious, particularly pneumonia.

What do I mean by intelligent treatment?

I mean, first, rest in bed. Right here is where the patient or victim of the disease often makes his first mistake. He remains up and about trying to "fight it off." And maybe Mrs. Gamp encourages him by telling yarns about similar cases with sad endings in bed. Women, as a rule, display more sense than men about going to bed with such an illness, although women can and do generally endure much more suffering than men do without complaint. At rest in bed the patient is conserving energy to fight the infection; he is not exhausting organs which have overtime work to do destroying and eliminating the poisons of the disease.

Second, fresh air throughout the illness. That means, of course, cool or cold air if it is available, and never warmed up air. Some antiquated health official jumped into print early in the recent epidemic with a warning against fresh air for influenza patients, which pleased Mrs. Gamp mightily. Influenza patients treated in tents do better than these treated in enclosed sun parlors or in rooms with open windows.

Perhaps the most foolish and risky procedure for one coming down with such an illness is experimentation with alleged "grip" or "cold" cures. The pain killer in such medicines—acetanilide or similar coal tar derivative—destroys red blood corpuscles in vast numbers, interferes with the oxygen carrying function of the blood, seriously weakens the heart and impairs the germicidal or germ fighting activity of the white blood cells. That is a pretty stiff price to pay for momentary relief of aches and pains. There is no doubt that a good deal of the pneumonia developing as a complication of influenza is merely one of the untoward effects of indiscriminate self-drugging in the earlier stage of the disease.

One who imagines any known drug can "break up" or cut short such an infection as influenza, or, indeed, any respiratory infection, has much more faith in drugs than I have, and I have considerable faith in drugs when one near and dear to me is ill. More efficient and far safer for alleviating the early symptoms of so-called "grip" or "cold" is a hot mustard foot bath administered to the patient in bed.

FASHIONS IN WASHINGTON

WOMEN MAY BE EXTRAVAGANT IN DRESS, BUT ARE STILL ECONOMICAL IN USE OF FOOD.

(By Margaret Wade)

Washington, D.C., Jan. 22.—The national capital on a peace basis shows itself gay to the point of extravagance as regards food.

Dinner parties are again numerous with companies distinguished as of yore, and each new candidate for social honors has had her time honored tea as a debut. Dinners and teas have, however, been marked by a less elaborate display of flowers, food and favors than was the rule "before the war."

Few present day Washingtonians are natives of the District of Columbia even in the debunante ranks, hence the great charm of Washington for all who approach it in a kindly spirit, with society in its best sense constantly recruited from the thirty-two points of the compass to merge this first victory winter into the gayest season of a dozen years.

Even with a closed white house and little activity in the cabinet circle there is a strong official note in the succession of dinners, dances and days at home which were promptly restored to the social calendar with the signing of the armistice.

The vice-president and Mrs. Marshall are being continuously entertained while the first afternoon reception by Mrs. Marshall last Wednesday brought to that popular hostess one of the largest and smartest companies of the winter, with a display of modish gowns and millinery worthy of a white house party of the Taft administration, when the art of dress reached its highest degree so far as Washington is concerned.

At the most fashionable of the several charity balls of the season that in aid of the Children's hospital, when the vice-president and wife occupied the president's box—Mrs. Marshall wore a splendid new gown of sulphur colored satin brocaded in silver, with draped skirt, long waisted, rather straight lined bodice draped in silver lace and the new flowing sleeve, also of silver lace.

Mrs. Marshall's most modish visiting toilet—and, unlike many of her predecessors, the vice-president's wife visits almost like any other official hostess—is a dark blue satin and beige colored crepe, embroidered in blue, made in the long, slim silhouette of the hour.

With this she wears a becoming round hat, with drooping brim and the crown encircled in blue and gray ostrich.

In addition to calls acknowledging dinner obligations Mrs. Marshall has complimented several of the season's bus by attending their debut tea. She was also one of the earliest arrivals at the brilliant reception given last week by Mrs. Philander C. Knox and Mrs. Hiram W. Johnson at the home ten or fifteen miles out in Maryland, where the California senator has purchased and splendidly restored the old Calvert mansion, was the reason for the joint reception, as even with a motor fifteen miles is a long way to go for an afternoon call. No cards were issued for this day, but had engraved invitations been sent out by the best of the social secretaries the company could not have been more representative of official Washington in its happiest sense.

Mrs. Marshall came with Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh of Colorado and Mrs. Charles McChord of Kentucky, each in a smart visiting toilet on becoming lines, Mrs. Walsh's being a dull green silk with self-colored embroidered tunic, Mrs. McChord's a satin and voile combination in dark blue.

Mrs. Edward Douglas White, wife of the chief justice of the United States, was there with her husband Mrs. White wearing a cloth suit of London smoke with round hat covered in ostrich of the same tone.

Mme. Riano, the young American wife of the Spanish ambassador, wore a black velvet one piece gown with macha colored hat of quaint shape, a variation of the continental with clipped ostrich of the same tone, describing new and becoming angles in a most fascinating way.

Mrs. John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, Mrs. Atlee Pomemene of Ohio, and Mrs Miles Poindexter of far away Washington and Mrs. Ashurst of Arizona were other senatorial matrons present in smart attire Mrs John Hays Hammond, who was accompanied by Mr. Hammond, wore a smart grey gown of satin with moleskin trimming and gray hat with blue feathers.

The two hostesses, who welcomed their guests in the famous library, which is the largest room in the Knox house, were a pleasing contrast in dark and light demitoilets.

Mrs. Knox, always one of the best gowned women in Washington, wore a black velvet with smartly draped skirt and a decided waistline, under a soft girdle of velvet and delicate gold embroidery. The top of the gown was almost entirely of black tulle, well draped, with half sleeves of the tulle, also in some graceful drapery.

Mrs. Johnson who is one of the youngest of the senatorial matrons, wore a chemise gown of pale blue velvet in plain and brocaded pattern, with the neck cut in modish round shape in front, with long, close sleeves.

Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins who did the honors of the tea table in the dining room, wore one of the smartest of visiting gowns in a blue satin that is neither dark nor light, with its high bodice and the greater part of the undraped tunic covered in steel embroidery exactly matching the satin in color. With this Mrs. Elkins wore a round hat, rather high in the crown, covered in small but very rich ostrich plumes, also of the steel blue.

NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils To Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, mucous discharge, headache, dryness—no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone.

Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been seeking. It's just splendid.

Says Toronto Gets More Than Share

Brantford, Jan. 22.—A protest was registered here tonight at the annual meeting of the Brantford Merchants' Club over the demobilization plans of the Government. It was claimed that Toronto was getting the benefit of thousands of men being outfitted there after their discharge, and other cities were discriminated against.

HERE'S A BOUT

Jack Britton and Leonard to Box on February 22nd.

New York, Jan. 22.—It was reported here that Jack Britton, former welterweight champion, and Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, have been matched for a twenty-round bout in Denver on Washington's Birthday.

The bout, it is said, will be held in the Stock Yards Auditorium. It will be Leonard's first appearance over the Marathon route.

Success never comes to the man who is afraid to face failure.

OVER THE RHINE.

British soldiers entering Germany by the great Hohenzollern bridge at Cologne. The statue on the left is that of Wilhelm II., and it is noteworthy that, as the troops passed, Gen. Plumer, the British brigade commander, took the salute from the base of that statue.

ATTEMPT TO INDUCE THE VETERANS TO GO ON LAND

Plan in Scotland Gives Each Man Ten Acres That Can Be Used for the Production of Fruit.

An effort to attract soldiers to the land has been set in operation in East Lothian near the Village of Longniddry. That location was chosen because it has a railway with connection with a nearby town, and also for a summer resort and the county seat. It is on the main line from Edinburgh to London. The surrounding country is among the best agricultural districts in Scotland. It is also half a mile from the southern side of the Firth of Forth. Midway between the old village and the railway station the experimental settlement has been started. The main street branches off from the main road, forms a crescent and again returns to the road. This is the recreation ground. On the opposite side of the road is the bowling green.

The houses face on the crescent and each has a southern exposure, thus ensuring sunshine for the front rooms. There are three kinds of houses all built in the same general style and differing in size. The smallest has kitchen, scullery, bathroom and living-room all embodying the latest ideas as to convenience and sanitation. Hot and cold water are laid for. This style of house is intended for a childless couple. The next style has an additional living-room upstairs and the third style has three living rooms, two of which are upstairs, and all the rooms are considerably larger than in the other two styles.

Gardens Attached

Attached to each house is a front and back garden. In each garden there have been planted one apple tree, six gooseberry bushes, six red and six black currant bushes, and several rose bushes. The original scheme provides for sixty houses. So far twenty have been erected, and are on what has been called Kitchener crescent. The Scottish Veterans' Garden City Association before launching this experiment visited a number of garden cities and how well they have planned this one is shown by the report of the Edinburgh Trades Council, which after an official visit pronounced the settlement far in advance of others of years' standing. The cost of erecting each house was £600, and the rent is one shilling, six pence, two shillings, two shillings, six pence per week, according to the size of the house.

Plainly this movement is philanthropic. Many of the houses are memorials and even parts of houses are of that character. Gayfield Cottage bears a tablet on the staircase to the effect that the cottage was erected by the staff and pupils of London Street Public School in Edinburgh "as a tribute to Scottish heroes who fell in the Great War." "Craigbinning Cottage" has a plaque on the wall with the following inscription: "In memory of Eric James Thomason, Lieutenant 7th Royal Scots, killed in action on Gallipoli on June 28, 1915." One cottage is erected to the memory of the "Yarrior," (and so named,) "commanded by Capt. V. B. Molteno, R. N., in the battle of Jutland, May 31, 1916." "Mohawk Valley Cottage," is erected by the members of the Mohawk Valley Garden City Association, Schenectady and Amsterdam, New York. It is a memorial to Kitchener, and its memorial stone was laid by his sister, Mrs. Parker. Two other cottages, "Shoreby" and "Colorado Springs Cottage" have both been built by contributions from the United States.

At about fifteen minutes' walk from the settlement is an allotment of ten acres to become, in time, chiefly a fruit farm. Already the jam factory is being remodelled. Piggeries, hen runs, bee hives are being prepared. Each man in the settlement will have his allotment here, and his training. The chances for happiness to both children and adults are immense, and the experiment will be watched with interest.

COUNCIL MEETING

(Continued from Page Eight.)

out but the receiver failed to come and sign the council order. The auditors will not recognize any voucher not endorsed.

The matter of taking a special interest in the roads for 1919 got due consideration.

Moved by Messrs Harrington and Sullivan: That this council adjourn until the call of the Reeve.

J. Maloney Clerk.

COLORS RESTORED.

When Canadian troops went to England in 1914 and later, some of them deposited their colors in Westminster Abbey. Now that the war has ended, the colors are being restored to the regiments in order that they may be brought to Canada. This is a photograph of a Canadian unit recovering its colors a few weeks ago.

SIR WILFRED

(Continued from Page One.)

benefited directly or indirectly by it.

The War Times Election Act was the first step in the suspension of popular government in Canada and a resolution was passed demanding the immediate repeal of this Act.

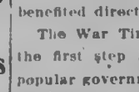
A resolution denouncing the course now pursued by the Dominion Government was passed and a call was sounded to all Liberals everywhere to join in bringing to an end the present oppressive conditions and restoring the right of free speech and institutions.

Public Debt.

Owing to the fact that according to an announcement by the Government, Canada's public debt will be $2,000,000,000 at the end of the war, the Liberals of Central Ontario went on record as believing that to meet this enormous indebtedness and outlay and pay for our necessary imports, we must increase our exports to the fullest extent. Income and capital must hereafter bear a larger share.

It was resolved by the organization that where all the nations of the world are called into conference, Canada must be represented. That in the making of treaties Canada should have the right to negotiate with any other country directly. Our courts should have power to finally dispose of all matters brought before them for adjudication, and no courts other than our own should have jurisdiction here. The association also declared itself in favor of adequate pensions for disabled soldiers, their wives and dependents, and that the system of granting honorary military titles to civilians should be at once abolished and all such titles already granted cancelled and annulled.

Resolutions recommending the holding of conferences between employers and employed in order that there may be an exchange of views and a statement of difficulties were also passed.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous *Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Are pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

Good Mixed Wood $10
per cord

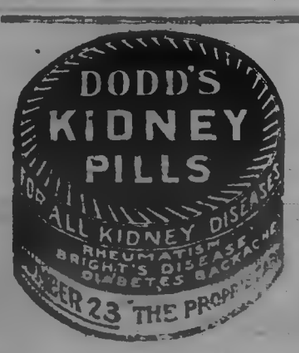
Good Hard Wood $13
per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL
GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.



Yes, Madam, your favorite sugar,. as much as you want.

One of the most satisfactory *material* pleasures of Peace is that we may again have plenty of

Under war conditions we were unable to supply anywhere near the demand for Canada's favorite sugar. Few ships were available for bringing raw sugar from the tropics and a large part of the product of our refinery was needed for our soldiers overseas.

Happily, Peace has changed the whole sugar situation. Unless unforseen circumstances should arise the Lantic Red Ball will again brighten the shelves of stores throughout the country and housewives may have as much as they need of the famous Lantic "FINE" granulated, the perfect sugar for baking and the table; also there will be plenty of the Lantic delicious Old-fashioned Brown Sugars for the many dishes in which flavor is indispensable to success.

Lantic Sugar "The Seal of Purity"

YOU may again buy Lantic Sugar in the larger original packages, the 10, 20 and 100-lb. sacks, as well as in the 2 and 5-lb. cartons. The accurate weight and perfect protection of the contents of Lantic packages make them the most economical way of buying sugar.

Ask your grocer for Lantic Sugar, the sugar with the Red Ball on every Carton or Bag.

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES, LIMITED

McGILL BUILDING, - - - - - MONTREAL.

LABOR SHORTAGE AND HIGH WAGES FOR YEAR 1919

RAILROAD MEN IN UNITED STATES WARNED NOT TO CUT COMPENSATION.

A continued labor shortage, with resultant high wages, for at least the period of 1919, was forecast at a conference between some seventy-five men representing the various railroads centering in Chicago and government and state employment bureau officials in that city.

Charles J. Boyd, general superintendent of the Illinois free employment office, warned the railroad men that they were going to find it difficult to get workers in competition with other industrial demands, and advsed them that it would be very unwise to advocate a reduction of wages.

He pointed out that in 1918 the immigration of laborers amounted to only 110,000, as against an influx of 2,041,000 in 1910; that the United States had lost 250,000 men in the war, and that 75,000 more were in need of rehabilitation before they can return to work. Adding to this the 2,000,000 actually in the federal service with little prospects of complete demobilization for a year, he declared that the reasons for a continued shortage were obvious.

Expected Relief Not Seen.

Sanford H. E. Freund, director of the clearance division of the United States employment service at Washington, also declared that the relief expected to follow the armistice had not materialized. He told of how 35,000 men released from the powder works at Nashville, Tenn., and another 18,000 released from the works at Nitre, W. Va., had already been absorbed in shipbuilding work.

"We had before the armistice," he said, "the hard problem of finding men for jobs. For a short time afterward the situation was reversed and we had a hard time finding jobs for the men. But the demand for men in the industries that have renewed their activities since the armistice has about absorbed the surplus from the closed munitions factories.

"Until the last two weeks there has been a great shortage of common labor. Since then the deman dhas eased up somewhat, but this can be only temporary. With the seven months of the yeaf for open work ahead, the demand is bound to be more acute."

Pleads for Co.-Operation.

Freund urged upon the railroad men the necessity of co-operation with the 70 branches of the government agency. He told them that competition between the federal bureau and the railroads would be harmful to both and would increase the labor turnover, by which he meant the number of time men are changed in jobs.

W. G. Beird, federal manager of the Chicago & Alton railroad, admitted that the labor situation is a grave one. The roads are uncertain as to what they are going to be able to do in the coming year, he said. He also declared that, while skilled labor is fairly plentiful, unskiled is comparatively scarce.

"The worst part of it is," he continued, "that the available labor is more inefficient than it was formerly. One of our gravest problems is how to restore it to its former efficiency. With most roads facing a general cut in their budgets and with the continued drift toward a strict 8 hour day, it is something for which I must confess that I have not, as yet, been able to think out a solution."

An Inside Bath Makes You Look and Feel Fresh

Says a glass of hot water with a phosphate before breakfast keeps illness away.

This excellent, common-sense health measure being adopted by millions.

Physicians the world over recommend the inside bath, claiming this is of vastly more importance than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing ill health, while the pores in the ten yards of bowels do.

Men and women are urged to drink each morning, before breakfast a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, as a harmless means of helping to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible material, poisons, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Just as soap and hot water cleanse and freshen the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the eliminative organs.

Those who wake up with bad breath, coated tongue, nasty taste or have a dull, aching head, sallow complexion, acid stomach; others who are subject to bilious attacks or constipation, should obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store. This will cost very little but is sufficient to demonstrate the value of inside bathing. Those who continue it each morning are assured of pronounced results both in regard to health and appearance.

WHEN SOLDIERS ARE DISCHARGED

THOSE WHO ARE ILL WILL RECEIVE TREATMENT FREE OF CHARGE.

Following up the discharged soldier is the duty, and the privilege of the Government.

Every man does not receive a certificate of perfect health with his discharge papers. Many are liable at any time to have a recurrence of the illness or wounds which put him out of action. The Government has foreseen these possibilities and has provided against any danger of these men, who have served their country well, being taken with illness, thus disabled to keep up with their brothers in the race for livelihood.

All that is required when an ex-soldier or sailor is ill from the effects of his war experiences is to inform the medical officer of the department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, and he will receive treatment free of charge. If his financial position is such that he cannot provide for his family during his illness, the Government will grant such allowances as will enable his family to live.

If there is no officer in the immediate vicinity, and the case is urgent, any physician may be called, and as soon as possible afterwards the department must be notified. Then the case will be looked into, and bills paid. Of course, the department should be notified early as it would be impossible to pay all bills contracted without its knowledge.

Special cars of patients has been provided for in all large hospitals. Sanatoria for the care of the tubercular soldier have also been established. This is humane and good business.

QUEBEC HOUSE OPENS.

Free Farms for Soldiers One Question on Program.

Quebec, Jan. 22.—The Legislature of the Province of Quebec met yesterday for the regular session. The ceremony of opening was presided over by Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Lieutenant-Governor. Among the most important measures proposed by the government is that which looks to the granting of free farms to returned soldiers who have a mind to becoming producers in the agricultural field.

WANT FULL INDEMXITY.

British Producers Lay Views Before Lloyd George.

London, Jan. 22.—The British Empire producers' organisationb as written to Premier Lloyd George stating that the affiliated associations of the Empire representing well over $5,000,000,000 of British capital have cabled endorsing in the strongest terms the organization's demand that the Central Powers shall pay Great Britain an indemnity commensurate with the cost of the war.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease

SINCE 1870

SHILOH

30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS

HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

WIRZ WAS HANGED; WHY NOT KAISER?

PRECEDENT FOUND IN AMERICA FOR CHARGE AGAINST EX-EMPEROR.

Paris, France, Jan. 22.—Leon Bourgeois, former premier and French authority on the league of nations, in a statement to the Matin, cites a precedent for the punishment of Germans of all degrees convicted of violation of the laws of war—the case of Henry Wirz, who was tried by court-martial and executed by northern prisoners in the camp he commanded at Andersonville, Ga.

Wirz Was Hanged for Murder.

The charge brought against Major Wirz by the court-martial, which listened to stories of cruelty and deprivation recounted by thousands of union men, was that of "maliciously, willfully and taitorously conspiring to injure the heath and destroy the lives of union soldiers at Andersonville" and of "murder, in violation of the laws of war." He was hanged on Nov. 10, 1865. Maj. Wirz, a Swiss by birth, was subordinate to Gen. W. S. Windner, whom some prisoners thinks was chiefly responsible for the many atrocities recorded.

Andersonville prison, established in November, 1863, at the town of that name in Georgia and continued until the end of the war, was noted for the severity of the treatment accorded union prisoners. Of 49,485 men confined there 12,800 or 26 per cent. died of starvation, cruel treatment and insanitary surroundings.

ELECTORAL COLLEGE TO STAY

Senate to Make No Change in Presidential Election Method.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Without discussion or a record vote the senate indefinitely postponed consideration of a resolution introduced more than a year ago by Senator Shafroth of Colorado, proposing popular election of Colorado, proposing popular election of the president and vice-president.

BAD SPRAINS OR MUSCLE STRAIN

RUB PAIN, ACHE, SORENESS AND SWELLING RIGHT OUT WITH "ST. JACOBS LINIMENT."

Rub it on a sprained ankle, wrist, shoulder, back or a sprain or strain anywhere, that's when you realize the magic in old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" because the moment it is applied out comes the pain, ache, soreness and swelling. It penetrates right into the injured muscles, nerves, ligaments, tendons and bones, and relief comes instantly. It not merely kills pain, but soothes and heals the injury so a quick recovery is effected.

Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Liniment" right now at any drug store and stop suffering. Nothing else sets things straight so quickly—so thoroughly. It is the only application to rub on a bad sprain, strain, bruise or swelling.

FIRST TO CROSS RHINE

Capt. E. D. Otter Holds Honor for Canada.

Among the officers who arrived in Toronto yesterday, having returned to Canada on board the S.S. "Oympic," was Captain J. M. Booth, of the Y.M.C.A., who tells an interesting story regarding the first Canadian to cross the Rhine, Capt. E. D. Otter, of the Y. M. C. A., he claims, enjoyed this unique distinction. When his transport arrangements broke down, the captain commandeered a motor lorry, loaded it with canteen supplies, and, hurrying on ahead of the advancing column, reached the bridge one hour and a half ahead of the troops. Here he paused long enough to satisfy an enterprising photographer, then pushed on across the Rhine, and into the town where the troops were to halt. An animated interview with the German Burgomaster followed, with the result that when the soldiers arrived Capt. Otter had his canteen established in a hotel ready for "business as usual."

FOOD PRICES GOING HIGHER

Quartermaster Corps' Officers Asks More Money to Feed Soldiers.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Higher food prices next year anticipated by army officials, who in asking congress for appropriations for food purchases disclosed today that they had allowed for a 10 per cent. increase in the year beginning next July.

An army ration—food for one man for one day—now costs the government 58 cents. Col. Adams said appropriations had been asked on a basis of 53 cents.

PACKERS SAY THEY WILL NOT CLOSE THEIR PLANTS

But Large Number of Men Are Likely to be Laid Off—Business Conditions Sure to Improve in the Near Future.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—Toronto packers says plants will not shut down.

Many of the 5,000 people employed in Toronto packing houses may be laid off temporarily, however.

Packers hope for Britain to sell surplus stock to Europe and then begin bufing from Canada again.

Farmers are re-assured that ultimate market for their stock is safe.

Retailers blame packers for holding Britain up for high prices.

South America became a real competitor in meat trade with Canada.

"Toronto packing houses will not close Saturday night, nor next week, nor the week after that—in fact they are not figuring on shutting down their plants at all," was the definite statement that a prominent Toronto packer made in reference to the story from Ottawa that such a move was probable.

"We have our domestic trade to carry on and we will keep our plants going," he said. "Of course the situation is acute and serious, but we have hopes that in a week or two it will be adjusted, and we will then go back to our normal condition."

In the meantime the British export trade is cut off and this may mean that a considerable number of the people who work in the five Big Toronto packing houses may be laid off for the time being.

5,000 Employed Now.

"I should say that there are 5,000 people now employed in the packing-packing industry in Toronto," estimated the manager of one of the five firms.

"It is inevitable that in a period of readjustment such as must follow a war there must be some dislocation of business, but it is only a matter of a few months at most. The farmers should feel assured to an ultimate market for their live stock, and all the packers desire is that they hold their stock over until the present difficulty is adjusted."

The adjustment that is hoped for, said one packer, is that the British Government, which controls the meat buying in Britain, may be persuaded by the Canadian overnment to resume the buying of Canadian bacon and to try to dispose of the surplus stock now in Britain to the markets of the continent.

FOR SOLDIERS' TRAINS.

Conference Being Held to Improve Accommodation.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—The Militia and Immigration Department of the Repatriation Committee will meet today in Montreal with the members of the Railway Board to confer and complete arrangements under the new system with regard to the accommodation service and charges for meals on board the trains for the soldiers and their dependents returning to Canada. It is anticipated that the conference will result in more comfort and an assurance of better accommodation for all concerned.

WHAT ABOUT HELIGOLAND.

This map, reproduced from the London Daily Mail, shows the need for the restoration of Heligoland to Britain. It is pointed out that, with the Islands of Sylt and Borgum on either flank, it would serve as an admirable air-raid base for attack on British towns. Were Sylt, Heligoland and Borgum occupied for a term of years by the Allies (failing the restoration of Heligoland to Britain) the Germans could only attempt a surprise raid by violating the neutrality of Belgium and Holland, and any movement of a large German air force could be observed by the aerial corps in occupation of Heligoland and promptly signalled to London.

DUKE GOING HOME?

Earl of Athlone To Be Governor, Says Rumor.

London, Jan. 22.—A Sunday paper suggests that the Duke of Devonshire is shortly returning to England and will be succeeded by the Earl of Athlone. No confirmation of this claim is obtainable, though it probably springs from the fact that the Duchess of Devonshire is in England.

A RECORD IN CROPPING

Wheat Sown in January for First Time.

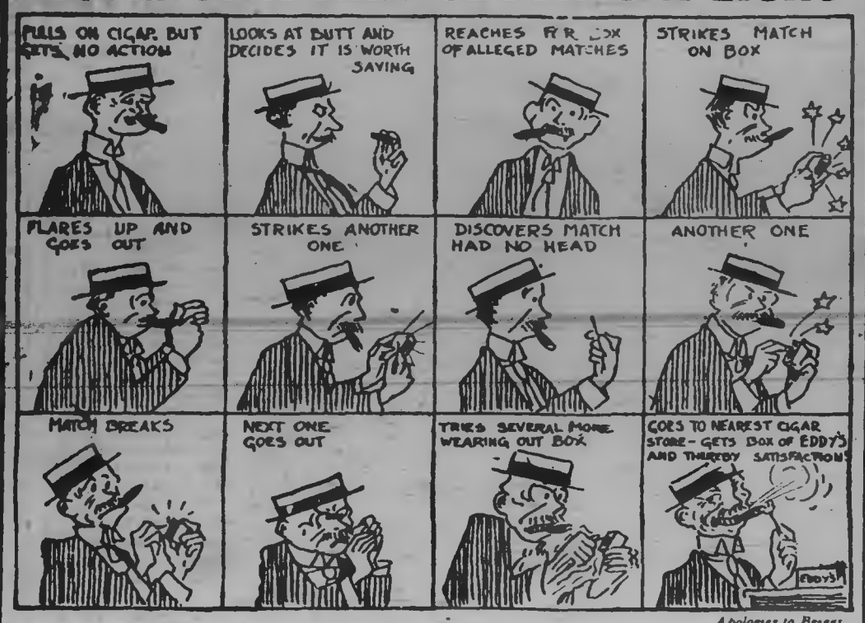
A record for Ontario's spring cropping was reported to the Department of Agriculture, in telegrams from its Chatham representative, stating that thiry acres of spring wheat were sown there on January 14. The sowing of wheat in January has not previously been recorded in the history of Ontario.

PATENT MEDICINE REPORT

Has Been Prepared But Not Yet Made Public.

At the end of last June some seven months ago, the Provincial Health Board discussed whether certain patent medicines, alleged to contain a large percentage of alcohol, and which it was claimed, were not sufficiently medicated to prevent them being used as a beverage, should be allowed on sale in Ontario. The board heard evidence and argument. Later, they held another meeting to make their report to the provincial secretary. The Ontario Licence Board await the report so as to be able to decide what action they should take.

MOVIE OF A MAN GETTING A LIGHT


FILLS ON CIGAR BUT GETS NO ACTION
LOOKS AT BUTT AND DECIDES IT IS WORTH SAVING
REACHES FOR BOX OF ALLEGED MATCHES
STRIKES MATCH ON BOX
FLARES UP AND GOES OUT
STRIKES ANOTHER ONE
DISCOVERS MATCH HAD NO HEAD
ANOTHER ONE
MATCH BREAKS
NEXT ONE GOES OUT
TRIES SEVERAL MORE WEARING OUT BOX
GOES TO NEAREST CIGAR STORE - GETS BOX OF EDDY'S AND THEREBY SATISFACTION
EDDY'S

Apologies to Briggs

MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY

WHEN you want a quick, sure light, remember this: Eddy's Matches have been standard in Canada since 1851; and since the assessment of the heavy tax on all matches (good and bad alike) it is more to your interest than ever to see that Eddy's name is on the box.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited, HULL, CANADA

Also makers of Indurated Fibreware and Paper Specialties A3

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence.)

Millbrook, Jan. 22. — Mr. W. P. Hetherington of Peterborough was a guest of Millbrook friends last week.

Mr. R. W. Clarke of Weyburn, Sask., was a guest of Mrs. A. Ferguson and Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Eakins over Sunday.

Rev. D. R. Clare of Warsaw was in town last week.

Miss Nellie Hamilton of Port Hope was a visitor to Millbrook last week.

Mrs. T. Bradley is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Thos. Beatty of Peterborough was in town on Tuesday last.

Alderman G. E. Janes of New Toronto is visiting his father, Mr. N. Janes, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Campbell have left for California and will also visit the Yukon district.

Mr. H. Atwooll has purchased the Millbrook grist mill from Mr. C. Needler and will move his family to town about the first of February. Mr. Needler has taken a position in Toronto.

Mr. Sam Pillar of Peterborough was in town on Friday.

Mrs. T. B. Collins and daughter, Miss Mamie, left on Tuesday to visit Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Lamprey and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Collins at Kitchener.

Rev. W. H. Clarke of Cavan was in town Tuesday.

Messrs. T. Armstrong and C. B Bradley of Omemee were visitors to Millbrook on Sunday.

The Misses Theo McBride and Bessie Rogers and Mr. Herbert Rogers attended the dance at Campbellford Friday evening.

Miss Ruby Husk is a guest of Miss Ella Elgar of South Monaghan.

Lieut. Arthur Campbell has returned from overseas. His many friends in Millbrook and Cavan will be glad to welcome him home. He is recovering from his wounds and hopes soon to be as fit as ever.

Col. T. H. Race, field secretary of the National Sanitarium Association, will give a lecture in the town hall here on Sunday, January 26, at 8.20 p.m., after the church services, on the subject "Tuberculosis, Its Nature, Treatment, and Prevention," illustrated with instructive lantern views. Col. Race is an old journalist, a traveller of worldwide experience, and a speaker of unusual ability. It is worth while hearing him on this subject.

The Board and Department of Agriculture will hold a short course and winter horse show in Millbrook on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, February 10, 11 and 12. Horses to be exhibited on the front street on Wednesday.

DYSPEPSIA SPOILS BEAUTY

Makes the Dark Rings Around Eyes, Caves in the Cheeks and Ruins the Complexion. How to Get Rid of Dyspepsia.

"Take my advice and use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets if you want a pretty skin"

Digestive troubles ruin the complexion. The sour, fermented, gassy contents poison the blood, drawn the corners of the mouth, rob you of sleep, give the fact that hungry, haggard, mournful expression in the morning and you are tired all day. It is not what you eat but the fault of digestion that hurts. Eat anything you like and ie Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest your food, tone your stomach, supply your blood with nourishment, then good looks, a healthy appearance and bright eyes will soon return. Get a 50 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store. They are real health makers.

POISONOUS WEED CAUSES ILLNESS

MYSTERIOUS CASES IN WHITBY ARE CLEARED UP BY EXPERT.

Mysterious poisonings of Ontario children in smaller urban and rural districts—notably in the locality of Whitby—have during several weeks past been the cause of local sensation and alarm, the symptoms presented in each case being akin to those of belladonna poisoning, children being in all instances the victims, and the sufferers in all cases happily responding to the measures taken by medical practitioners promptly called in.

The cause of trouble and of danger remainded a mystery until the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gaston, of Centre street, Whitby, was taken ill and Dr. McGaillivray, a local practitioner, diagnosed the case as one of belladonna poisoning. Investigation by this medical man led to the discovery that his youthful patient had been eating the seeds of a plant growing profusely in the family backyard, which seeds, somewhat resembling those of the "Thorn Apple," were handed by the doctor to Principal G. S. Johnson, of the Whitby High School, who, being himself unable to identify them, transmitted them to Mr. W. Hunt, of the O.A.C., by whom in turn they were referred to Professor J. E. Howitt, of the Borarical Faculty of the College.

"Jimson Weed" Blamed.

"The plant is the Jamestown or Jimson weed, sometimes called the 'Thorn Apple,'" writes Professor Howitt to a member of The Daily News staff. "This is an annual plant with a smooth stem and stout branches which are sparingly hairy. The leaves are thin and ovate, toothed or angled. The flowers are white, somewhat trumpet-shaped, about three inches long. The fruit pod is somewhat oval, covered with prickles and filled with black seeds when ripe."

"In Ontario this plant is often found growing in waste places, around railway banks and on rubbish heaps. The fruit is unattractive in appearance and is not likely to be eaten by older children, but they should be **warned against** it and younger children should certainly be kept away from places where this plant is grown if some means cannot be found to destroy it. It is an annual and if cut so as to prevent seeding will soon disappear.

Professor Howitt's authoritative determination of the cause of poisonings in the Whitby neighborhood which had excited very considerable alarm and induced considerable speculation and groundless talk as to the "murderous activity of enemy propagandists or monomaniacs" will set many minds at ease and relieve innocent residents who are so unfortunate as to be of alien origin of very undesirable suspicion and attention.

Little Lake Cemetery Co. Finances

The following is the cash statement of the Little Lake Cemetery Company for the year ending December 31st, 1918, as submitted at the annual meeting:

RECEIPTS.

By bank balance December 31st, 1917		$ 1456.76
Cash balance December 31st, 1917		5.24
Sales of lots		4073.00
Greenhouse sales	$1661.30	
Care of lots	1153.50	
Digging graves	1378.90	
Vault	64.50	
Markers	405.50	
House in Cemetery	92.50	
Building foundations	433.59	
Office	1.77	
Surplus account	17.50	
		$ 5709.06
Paid on old account		667.43
Trust account		1300.00
Interest account		1263.33
		$14474.81

PAYMENTS.

To Greenhouse, supplies		$ 773.30
Greenhouse, wages		553.20
Greenhouse, sales		18.50
Grounds		2463.08
Digging graves		1026.34
Office		940.08
Stable account		200.44
Superintendent's house		123.22
Dominion War Loan		3183.24
Vault		14.75
Interest and discount		.10
Insurance		49.60
Petty cash		15.24
Lumber account		57.68
Care of lots		317.23
Sundry property		168.02
Sale of lots		140.00
Cutting grass		773.11
Markers		334.60
New grounds		133.07
House in Cemetery		5.45
Greenhouse alterations		788.97
Building foundations		124.69
		12198.01
Balance in bank on December 31st, 1918		2242.37
Cash on hand December 31st, 1918		34.43
		$14474.81

SECURITIES HELD BY COMPANY.

City of Peterborough debentures	$ 7.31
Dominion bonds	00.00
	17.31

NORWOOD

(Special Correspondence.)

Norwood, Jan. 22.—Miss Lillian Turner has returned to her home in Campbellford after spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Duffield.

Mr. Richard Lees, M.A.I.P.S. was here last week inspecting the village schools.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McNicholl left on Tuesday of last week to spend a few weeks with friends in Toronto and Muskoka.

Rev. A. Manswell Irwin B.A., B. D., of the Methodist church of this village has had a call to Oshawa which he has accepted, subject to the approval of the Stationing Committee.

Mr. J. A. Rahal who has been home on a few week's visit returned to Buffalo.

Mr. W. R. Hounsom was in Toronto for a few days.

Evangelist G. N. Sharpe is holding evangelistic services in the Methodist church in Campbellford.

Word was received last week of the death at Stoughton, Sask., of Mr. Blake Brooks, formerly of Norwood but later of Moose Jaw Sask. Death was due to pneumonia following an attack of influenza.

A lecture will be given in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening of next week by one of the most able platform speakers, in the person of Rev. W. Linder of the Hamilton Conference. His subject is a "Woman's Tongue." Admission 25c.

Council Meets

The village council met in adjourned meeting on Wednesday evening of last week. All the members were present, viz: B. W. Squire, reeve; and W. H. Montgomery, T. H. Elliott, J. R. McKelvie and C. J. Puffer, councillors.

Bylaws were passed appointing officers for the year as follows:

Messrs—A. Breault and W. H. Harper, auditors.

Thos. Watson—Member of the Board of Health.

Messrs—W. R. Howson, Geo. Buck and John A. Patterson, Fence viewers.

Wm. Puffer—Assessor.

Wm. Taylor—Caretaker of hall and sanitary inspector.

Thos. Rorabeck—Truant officer.

Mr. W. H. Harrison asked a 10 per cent increase on street lighting which would amount to about $80 a year. The council granted $60 increase.

Store Changes Hands

Mr. Chas. I. Puffer has purchased the brick store formerly occupied by Mr. Thos. Watson on Peterboro St., from Miss Williams and is moving his stock of furniture into his new premises this week. Mr. Puffer is to be congratulated in securing this very desirable property which will make a splendid show room, being large and well lighted and centrally located.

MUST NOT JOIN UNION.

New Constables Are Asked to Take an Oath.

All constables now being taken on the police force in Toronto have to take an oath that they will not join the union until such time as the Royal Commission has adjudicated upon the question of the charter. The officers of the Union were at first alarmed at the new clause in the oath, believing that it prevented for all time the newly appointed constables from becoming members of the union, but this is not the case. The new oath, which is being drawn up by Judge Winchester, has not yet been approved by the Commissioners.

The Lion Brewing Co. of Kitchener was fined $200 and costs at Guelph for selling beer over two and a half per cent. alcohol.

Louis and Saulte Agnolezzi of Appleby were fined in all some $800 for distilling liquor and their outfit was confiscated.

DOWNEYVILLE

Downeyville, Jan. 22.—Particularly sad was the death of Mrs. William Richardson of Lindsay, which took place on Monday last. She leaves to mourn her loss six children, the oldest one twelve years of age. The sorrowing relatives have the sympathy of the entire community.

The many relatives and friends of Mrs. Joseph R. Lucas, who is seriously ill hope that she may be restored to her former health soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Paddy Milley of Lindsay were Sunday visitors to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Houlihan.

Miss Ward of Picton has returned here to re-open school S. S. No. 4.

Every person is busy getting out next year's wood supply. They are afraid of the swamps breaking up, on account of the mild weather.

Lieut. Lucas on Way Home

Mrs. Charles Lucas has received a letter from her son, Lieut. Francis Lucas stating that he is on his way home from overseas. Their neighbors are very glad to hear the good news. He went over the first year of the war and has come through everything without a scratch.

HOG TADE IN PERIL?

Ottawa Despatch Causes No Panic on Market.

Live stock and commission men have not become greatly excited over the rumor, given in an Ottawa despatch, to the effect that the bacon and lard trade of Canada is in dire peril. There is nothing in the shape of a panic on the market, and one of the largest dealers said:

"That Ottawa story must be taken with a grain of salt, and you want to know who wrote it. Reports like that do an immense amount of harm, all the same."

The story put the onus on the Government to do something drastic before Saturday night.

VETERANS HAVE NEW PLAN.

Ask Employers of ex-Soldiers to Show Flags.

Employers in Toronto are being urged by the Great War Veterans' Association to display flags in their establishments showing the number of returned men employed by them. This request follows a meeting of the Employmen. Reconstruction and Repatriation Committee of the Central Branch, G.W.V.A., and is heartily endorsed by the Branch. In order to spread this idea through the Dominion, the Provincial and Dominion organizations will be similarly approached by the local association to agitate for the innovation.

Kitchener is to adopt the two-platoon system in its fire department on March 1st. St. Thomas firemen are asking for it.

The Dominion Government has declined to grant Sir Chas. Ross' claim for $18,897,724 compensation for the expropriation of his rifle factory at Quebec.

The German National Assembly is to meet at Weimar.

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM NOW

SAYS INDIGESTION RESULTS FROM AN EXCESS OF HYDROCHLORIS ACID.

Undigested food delayed in the stomach decays, or rather, ferments the same as food left in the open air, says a noted authority. He also tells us that Indigestion is caused by Hyper-acidity, meaning, there is an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach much like garbage sours in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. Then we feel a heavy, lumpy misery in the chest, we belch up gas, we eructate sour food or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and drink while it is effervescing and furthermore, to continue this for a week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousand of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

TO INTERN ALIENS

Brantford Council Endorses Police Commission's Views.

Brantford, Jan. 22.—The City Council has endorsed the attitude of the Police Commission which recently passed a resolution calling on the Government to intern all alien enemies, including those recently released from the internment camps, these men to be held in internment camps until arrangments are made for their repatriation. The council's action followed a short debate in which it was emphasized that 600 of these men are today working in local factories in good positions, while returned men were walking the streets looking for work and more men were returning every day.

Want Temperance Taught in Schools

LARGE DEPUTATION WAITS UPON MINISTER OF EDUCATION CODY.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—President W. J. Bowman, with Messrs. Thomas, of Ottawa, and Harris, of Toronto, represented the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in a deputation appearing before Premier Hearst and Attorney-General Lucas to present the views of the association with respect to suggested amendments to the Workmen's Compensation Act, the Manufacturers contending in particular that right of appeal should be recognized and provided for from decisions under the Compensation Act. Consideration was promised the representations made.

"That the subject of scientific temperance receive adequate treatment in the schools of the Province, and that suitable text books be provided," was a request presented to the Minister of Education, and elaborated in a conference lasting several hours, by a deputation of twenty members of the Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance, and churches and other organizations affiliated therewith.

The Swedish military mission sent to Esthonia advises that troops be sent there against the Bolshevik.

The War Badger was launched at Welland by the British American Shipbuilding Co.

STRIKE AGAINST TOBACCO TRUST

USERS OF WEED OBJECT TO PRESENT HIGH PRICES.

There is a movement on foot, headed by some of the college fraternal organizations to organize a world-wide strike against the exorbitant prices now charged by the tobacco trusts in Europe and in America for their goods, whether it be cigars, chewing tobacco or cigarettes. While the war tax on tobacco has gone up in all countries, tobacco has been increased in price to the consumer two to three times the amount of the war tax without any justifiable reason therefor. Raw tobacco is cheaper, but labor is higher. An appeal to support the strike, so The Toronto World is informed, is also to be made to all soldiers and sailors who have served in the great war, and also to all secret society organizations; and that while it may be some time yet before the thing will be effective, it will be very sweeping in its results. It will bring the tobacco trusts to their knees in one day.

The International Nickel dividend will probably be reduced owing to the decrease in the company's output.

Hogs are now being bought by the Toronto abattoirs at $15.50, fed and watered, which is $3.50 per cwt. below the figures of ten days ago.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHAT DOES "PEBLO" MEAN?

"PEBLO" is the registered name of the highest quality eyeglass lens that is made in the world's best factories. "PEBLO" Glasses carry a guarantee with them that is backed by Dr. Fowler's fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough. Satisfaction is assured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

The same care and skill is used in milling PURITY OATS as in our more famous product

PURITY OATS MAKES **Better Porridge**

PURITY FLOUR

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited

HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

LOST.

LOST—On the 20th Dec. on C.P.R. train coming from Norwood to Peterboro left a satchel containing a sum of money, gold watch chain, shawl straps. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Review office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—High-class Piano, practically new. Owner leaving city. Apply 4 Meldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE—Nice Black Fox Muff with white hair through it. Apply Review for address.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—January 9th, into the premises of James Walsh, Lot 6, Con. 10, Dourd, an airdale terrier. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 445 Water St., Peterborough.

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, Trademark and Copyright applications receive special attention.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

A joker's idea of a good joke is one on the other fellow.

Talent is of no use to the man who hasn't the courage to use it.

Many a man wants the earth, but in the end the earth gets the man.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.
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G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191.
Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
124½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 864.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours; 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can furnish. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

MENTAL WEAKNESS DROVE CHARLES CREES TO DEATH

(Continued from Page 1.)

winter the deceased had fallen sick having been severely frost bitten and was in comparatively little use for the rest of the term that their agreement covered. He had been in bed for ten weeks during which time Mrs. McKay waited upon him. It was decided with the consent of the man himself that as he was practically incapable of work for some time to come the McKays would assume payment of his medical bill, board and care for him in return for whatever work he could do. At the begining of the present year Crees was in better condition so they reverted to the $200 contract once more.

Mr. McKay stated that the only peculiar thing he could recollect about the deceased on the day of his death was that he had asked about a simple task he had to perform four times. Mr. McKay then went to meet the afternoon train due about 2.30 and upon his return after searching for some time for the man found him hanging in the barn. They had notified Dr. Harrison at Keene and he had advised them to acquaint the Coroner, Dr. Greer, with the details of the case which he did. They did not cut the man down until after the arrival of the undertakers.

The testimony of Daisy Wright, Mr. McKay's sister-in-law, and of his wife did not vary from that given by himself.

Neighbors Give Evidence

John H. Fyfe a neighbor of Mr. McKay's, whose land adjoins his on the north was next heard. He admitted being on bad terms with Mr. McKay for several years past and Mr. Gorden asked that his son Wilbert Fyfe, who was to be examined next, should be excluded from the room during the time his father was in the box. His request was complied with after which Mr. Fyfe, sr., proceeded to tell the jury what he knew respecting the case.

He admitted that he did not know Crees except to see him in the fields working. One day in June of last year the witness and his son, according to the former's testimony were going along a lane between his own and McKay's property. He noticed Crees and two women in a field nearby, the former driving a waggon and the latter evidently intending to plant potatoes or turnips. Of a sudden Mr. McKay appeared upon the scene cursing the man. He rushed up to him and when Mr. Fyfe who was in company with his son Wilbert came to a point where they could obtain a good view of what was taking place they saw Crees on the ground and his employer kicking him. Mr. Fyfe asserted that he had called out to protect and that McKay had run over to the fence and informed him that it was none of his affair and that kicking him was the only way in which he could get any work done.

Mr. Gordon stated that he would show animus on the part of the witness and requested the privilege of cross examining him, upon the grounds that he had made statements about a most respectable farmer of Otonabee which would go broadcast over the county unless they were contradicted. He promised the court that he would show that there was litigation pending between Fyfe and McKay at the present time and this condition he described as one of the most prolific sources of animus imaginable.

Upon being questioned by Mr. Gordon the witness admitted that as a result of some trouble on Hallowe'en night Mr. McKay had entered action against him for $500 damages which suit was still pending as far as he knew.

A Puzzled Witness

Wilbert Fyfe was next on the stand. His story corresponded with that of his father in the main points but when it came to details Mr. Fyfe jr. seemed to be at sea. He said something about McKay picking up a stone but when asked if it appeared as if the missile was going to be thrown at him or his father he replied in the negative. He described the kicking scene which figured in his parent's story but with so many variations as to draw upon himself the criticism of the Crown Attorney and when examined by Mr. Gordon he seemed to have forgotten everything connected with the story except that his father and McKay were on bad terms and that he saw the latter kick Crees.

Unwilling to Testify

James Rennie of Keene was what Coroner Greer described as an unwilling witness. He had known McKay for ten or twelve years and had worked with him for two months in the spring and a similar period in the fall of last year during part of which time Crees had been confined to bed. At first he stated that he knew absolutely nothing and replied to all the the questions put to him in the negative. Asked if he knew why he had been summoned as a witness he replied without hesitation that he did not.

"Did you say anything to County Constable Moore which would lead him to believe that you saw Crees kicked?" asked Mr. Hatton.

"I may have," was the reply.

"Were you telling the truth?"

"I expect so," said the witness.

He was then reminded that he was upon oath and admitted that he knew of Crees being kicked upon one occasion by his employer.

"Did Crees complain?" asked Dr. Greer.

When the witness stated that he had not the Coroner observed that he must have taken it kindly.

Mr. McKay's daughter was called to the stand at the request of Mr. Gordon and stated that during the time Crees had been with them they had had no trouble with him and he had never been abused in any way.

Cause of the Trouble

Mr. McKay's wife and his sister-in-law when recalled denied the truth of the kicking described by Mr. Fyfe of which they were witnesses according to his testimony.

Mr. McKay also denied Mr. Fyfe's story stating that upon the day when it was stated he had maltreated his man he and his wife and sister-in-law had gone to the field to plant potatoes as described. Crees was driving a load of manure but instead of putting it upon the part of the field designated by his employer he had started to drive the wagon through a crop of barley. Mr. McKay had run to the horses and taken the lines from his man's hands and drove them out of the grain. Crees apologised for his mistakes and Mr. McKay stated that he did not kick him or abuse him in any way. If he had kicked him Mr. Fyfe would not be able to have seen it from the position which he occupied, according to his own story.

The jury brought in a verdict of suicide by hanging while laboring under a mental weakness.

Canadians Lead At Trap Shooting

Pinehurst, N. C., Jan. 22.—The first 150 of the 450 targets at 16 yards wer thrown in yesterday's first official session of the mid-winter trapshooting tournament here. F. S. Wright of Buffalo broke all of the first 75 and 74 of the second lot and leads the field of 170 guns at 148. A. H. Aber, of Dravosburg, Pa., and three other guns are tied at 147.

Joe Jennings of Toronto leads the Ontario contingent at 146, and is but two targets behind the leader. Jennings broke 72 in the morning and 74 in the afternoon.

S. G. Vance of Tillsonburg stands six targets from the top at 142. F. E. Healy and C. M. Candee are tied at 141. W. H. Gooderham of Toronto is at 137. The Ontario bunch have unanimously broken more than 90 per cent. of the targets thrown, an unequalled record for any district represented in the tournament.

Safe, but a Nuisance.

To prevent poison being used in mistake for medicine, an inventor has patented a bottle with the neck at one side and so formed that its contents cannot be poured out without careful manipulation.

Twins.

Two hobos met on a blind siding. One had been a salesman, whose hours were 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. The other one didn't have any money either.—The Vagabond.

Handing It to Him.

"Ad," said Eve, coyly, as she winked at the snake unbeknownst to Adam, "you are the one man in the world for me." Then she handed him the apple.

Optimistic Thought.

Every person has two educations—one which he receives from others, and one, more important, which he gives to himself.

Lines to Be Remembered.

Fear to do base, unworthy things is valor; if they be done to us, to suffer them is valor, too.—Ben Johnson.

Acetylene for Street Lighting.

The streets of more than 200 towns in France and Algeria are lighted exclusively with acetylene.

The Salvation Army Lassie.

She's a Mother to the Boys in Khaki!

YOU may never know all the Salvation Army Lassie has done at the front. Aside from your letters and parcels she bestowed the true MOTHER touch to the boys. They will never forget her!

They will never forget her mending their clothes within sound of the guns; handing out hot coffee, pies and sandwiches to the men on the march; getting up concerts and "free-for-all" songs around the piano; comforting the heavy-hearted; and restraining him with a mother's influence when nothing else on earth could give him the necessary spiritual strength.

One thing only will stop the Salvation Army Lassie continuing her wonderful work among the soldiers—Lack of Funds! Supply the money that is absolutely necessary and no Canadian soldier who has done his bit will be without a friend or a home to turn to!

Soldiers Home Coming Campaign
THIS WEEK

So far the Salvation Army has been able to finance its war work without a general appeal for funds. NOW comes the crisis. They are proud of the slogan "First to Serve—Last to Appeal." They appeal NOW only because they cannot continue without your help, and the appeal is made to you, not only in the name of the men who offered their lives for you and who are deserving of every comfort we can provide, but for the welfare of Canada.

The Salvation Army is giving vital help over here to the solution of Canada's problems of Repatriation and Reconstruction.

Does a soldier need a home for a few days? The Hostels are open to him. Does he need a job? The Salvation Army finds him one. Is his family in distress? The Salvation Army Lassie is ready to nurse, comfort, scrub, attend to the children—all with loving care for the sake of the Master! Help and help liberally, so that our homecoming men will feel that you stood behind them to the finish. Be able to meet these men eye to eye, conscious that you have done your duty to the full! "Keep the home fires burning till the boys come home."

"How much owest thou unto thy Lord?"

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

20

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 22.—Receipts were fair, trade slow. The tendency in hog prices was again weaker.

Choice export	$13.50	$14.50
Choice butchers	10.00	11.00
Medium butcher cows	9.25	10.25
Ewes	8.50	9.25
Hogs fed and watered	15.50	16.25
Hogs, f. o. b.	15.00	15.50
Calves	15.00	15.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS
Grain, Hay and Straw

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	95	1 00
Hay, per ton.	30 00	30 00
Straw (balled)	30 00	30 00

List of Prevailing Prices.

Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Geese	33	33
Eggs	65	65
Butter	55	55
Pork	26	28
Beef	18	20
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 50	7 50
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

No man in real life ever made love like a lover on the stage.

Phonographs, like some people, are shy of originality.

When it comes to lying about suits, some tailors can discount some lawyers.

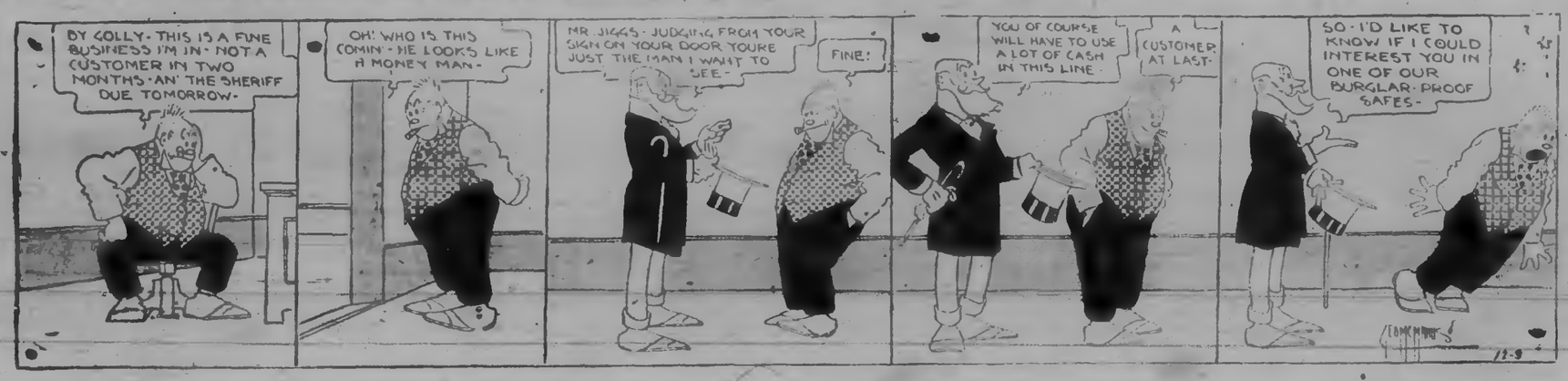
Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.
Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS


BY GOLLY- THIS IS A FINE BUSINESS I'M IN- NOT A CUSTOMER IN TWO MONTHS-AN' THE SHERIFF DUE TOMORROW-
OH! WHO IS THIS COMIN'- HE LOOKS LIKE A MONEY MAN-
MR. JIGGS- JUDGING FROM YOUR SIGN ON YOUR DOOR YOURE JUST THE MAN I WANT TO SEE-
FINE!
YOU OF COURSE WILL HAVE TO USE A LOT OF CASH IN THIS LINE-
A CUSTOMER AT LAST-
SO- I'D LIKE TO KNOW IF I COULD INTEREST YOU IN ONE OF OUR BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES-

NAPOLEON LAJOIE'S GREAT CAREER ON THE DIAMOND

One Time Battling King Has Made His Last Hit in the National Game.

New York, Jan. 21. Napoleon Lajoie, one-time batting king of the major leagues, has made his last hit in professional baseball. Lajoie announced his retirement from the game at his home in Cleveland recently and declared that he had resolved to give all his time to his automobile business.

Lajoie has not yet been released as manager of the Indianapolis club of the American Association, but that action is expected any day. Jack Hendricks, now leader of the St. Louis Nationals, may return to lead the Hoosiers. It will be remembered that Hendricks managed the Indianapolis team in 1917, when Lajoie led the Toronto Internationals by a pennant, the only pennant, by the way, Lajoie ever helped to win in his 23 years' experience in professional baseball.

When Hendricks was signed by th Cardinals and old International disbanded, Lajoie was sought by many league clubs. He was sold to Brooklyn but refused to accept that sale, and in the end the Superbas had to cancel the deal. Lajoie was handed his unconditional release, free to sign with Indianapolis. His managerial regime with the Hoosiers was far from successful.

Some weeks ago he notified the Indianapolis club that he would continue as manager only if he were relieved of the necessity of playing and were permitted to be a bench manager. The club feels that it cannot afford such a luxury which indicates that it is not at all certain that it will accept Hendricks even should the Cardinals hand him back to the Hoosiers.

Lajoie's last year in the majors was 1916, in which he played for the Athletics. The big Frenchman began his major league career with the Phillies in 1896, and in his 21 years of play in the major leagues he compiled a record that stands without parallel. Only five years in the 21 did he fail to hit .300, and once he fell short by only one point. Three of those years came at the end of his career, when his legs had gone back on him. His best average was .405 compiled in 1901, when for one short year he was a member of the old Athletics.

Four times Lajoie led the American league batters and four times he managed to make more than 200 hits. During his 21 years in the majors, Lajoie collected 3,243 base hits for a grand average of .338, and scored for more than 1590 runs. He accepted more than 14000 fielding chances, making only 502 errors, his grand average at first, second and third base, shortstop and the outfield being .966.

Lajoie was a member of the Phillies for five years, but he never led the National League. Just as soon as he joined the American league in 1901, he topped that organizations batting figures. In 1902 Ed. Delehanty ousted him from the top position, but in 1903 Lajoie was back at the top with an average of .355, in 1905 he led the league again with .381, only to be displaced the next season by Stone, that rather remarkable member of the St. Louis club. After that the reign of Cobb started.

The career of Lajoie makes a rather interesting story. He was born in Woonsocket, R.I., on Sept. 5, 1875. The Frenchman was driving a hack from the station to Woonsocket when he took to baseball. From the start he proved a phenomenal player and a great hitter. His easy grace at the plate, his powerful shoulders and driving swing, made him a terror to pitchers. Soon Lajoie decided baseball offered more opportunities for fame and fortune than "meeting all trains," and he forsook the hack and took to the willow.

Lajoie started playing professional ball with Fall River in 1896, and his work was so sensational that he and Phil Geier were bought by the Philadelphia Nationals before the season terminated. He was put on first base by William J. Shettsline, acting manager of the team. The next year Larry divided his time between first and outfield; then found his natural position when George Stalling, who had assumed charge of the club in 1897, put him at second base to start the 1898 campaign.

Lajoie stuck with the Phils, until the end of the 1900 race, then flopped to the Athletics in 1901, when the American league began its famous raid on the National league. He played phenomenal ball for the Athletics that year.

The next year an injunction obtained by the Philadelphia Nationals prevented him from playing in Pennsylvania, so he was transferred to Cleveland, where he played until the end of the 1914 season. When he joined Cleveland in 1902 he signed at a salary of $30,000 for four years. He managed the Indians from 1905 to 1909.

At the end of the 1914 season Lajoie was transferred to the Athletics.

"Why are chickens so liberal?"

"I'm blawsted if I know."

"They give a peck every time they take a grain."

REFUSE TO SIGN AN AGREEMENT

JOHNSON AND HEYDLER AGAIN SNUB THE MINOR LEAGUES.

New York, Jan. 21. Ban Johnson and John A. Heydler, Presidents of the American and National Baseball Leagues, decided at a conference not to sign at present a tentative agreement with the minor leagues.

Following Johnson's refusal to sign the paper, John H. Farrell, Secretary of the National Association of Professional Baseball Clubs, took the document to President Heydler, who also declined to consider it.

They'll Take Their Time.

Heydler said that he and Johnson would not sign the agreement until they had time to go into the subject more fully. They may take up the situation as Presidents of their respective leagues at the next meeting of the National Commission, he stated.

"I see no use in signing a temporary agreement," said Heydler. "If there is any discussion let it be over a real agreement between the two parties. The minors wanted to break the National Agreement, and we gave them permission to do so. By a unanimous vote of the sixteen major league clubs at the joint meeting last Thursday we agreed to respect the contracts, reservations up to twenty-one players and present territorial rights of the minor leagues. This is all on record. What more can they want?"

Farrell, who had remained here to get the signatures of Heydler and Johnson, was greatly disappointed. He said he did not think there would be any trouble in getting the signatures after the agreement had been approved by August Herrmann, Chairman of the Commission, last Saturday. He added that while the big leagues had made several promises the National Association deemed it important that these promises should be in writing pending the drawing up of a lasting agreement.

Who Will Succeed Herrmann?

Before leaving here for Washington President Johnson appointed Col. Jacob Ruppert, President of the New York Club and [illegible], President of the Detroit Club, as the American League Committee which will act with the National Commission on the question of finding an available candidate for the position of Chairman of the National Commission. They will act with the National League Committee, William H. Baker of Philadelphia, and William Veeck of Chicago.

Johnson, while in Washington, will endeavor to make arrangements for the discharge of certain major league players in service in Europe. The American League clubs, as well as several National League clubs, have furnished Johnson with a list of players overseas, whom the clubs regard as essential.

Heydler said he would go as far as Johnson to ask for the discharge of player soldiers in Europe. He said under one order of the War Department officers and enlisted men overseas have the privilege of asking for their discharge if their ocean transportation is paid, and their services are needed at home."

Good Bowling At George St. Alleys

BARRIES WIN FROM MATTHEWS BLACKWELL

In a league game at the George St. Alleys last night Barries', Ltd., took two out of three from the Matthews-Blackwell twirlers. The game was well contested throughout but Barries' had the edge on their opponents. Lowes was high man for Barries with a total score of 433, while C. Rishea was high man for Matthews-Blackwell with a total score of 465. The following are the scores of the different players:

Barries'

D. Sharpe, total of	358
G. Kelley	420
O. Nichols	408
G. Stephens	374
R. Lowes	433
	1993

Matthews-Blackwell

W. Downer	439
D. Forsyth	360
A. Bridgenaw	298
J. Downer	324
C. Rishea	465
	1886

George street vs. G. W. V. A. tonight.

Frenchmen Lost By Score of 11--3

ARENAS DEFEAT LEADERS OF NATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE AT TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 22. The leading Canadien team met with a bad reverse here last night when Arenas defeated them by the score of 11 to 3. The locals were all over the visitors from the beginning to the end and showed an all round superiority that was amazing. "Newsy" Lalonde did not accompany the Montreal men, and his absence had a demoralizing effect on the team. He injured his arm in the Canadien-Ottawa game last Saturday and may be out of the game for a week.

Arenas surprised the large crowd by their good display. They outskated the flying Frenchmen and carried the play to them at all stages. "Ken" Randall played the best game he has ever shown on local ice and his rushes were of the sensational variety. Crawford was also a tower to work; and his puck-carrying and back-checking wrought havoc with the visitors. He appeared to be tireless and exchanged several hard bumps with "Bad Man" Joe Hall.

The game was not nearly as spectacular as was the case when these teams met here in their two previous contests this season. Canadiens were entirely to blame for this state of affairs. Hall and Corbeau proved anything but airtight in their defence work and allowed the Blue Shirts to get the close quarters without any apparent effort to stop them.

The line up:

Arenas—Goal, Lindsay; defense Mummery and Randall; right wing, Skinner; left wing, Crawford; centre, Noble; substitutes, Dennenay, Ritchie, Adams and Meeking.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defense Hall and Corbeou; left wing, Contu; right wing, Pitre; centre, Cleghorn; substitutes, McDonald and Berlanquette.

Referee—L. Marsh.

Judge of play—S. Vair

FAMOUS JOCKEY DEFENDS THE RACE HORSES OF THE PAST

"Snapper" Garrison Says That Old Time Thoroughbreds Could Beat Best Records Made by the Racing Stars of Today.

(By "Sapper" Garrison.)

Race horses are not any faster or better than they were a quarter of a century ago. They run faster—that is, they make better time—but they are not greater than in the days of Luke Blackburn and Hindoo and Hanover and Salvator.

The race courses, however, are as far superior to those of the old days as velvet is to a rag carpet. I believe that a Hanover, a Luke Blackburn, a Tammany or a Salvator over the present-day course could come nearer running a mile in .30 than 1.34 4-5, which is the official mile record established by Roamer at Saratoga last August.

I don't want to detract from the merits of some of our racers of this day. Roamer has been a wonderful horse. Indeed, should pick him as about the best of the last decade, but somehow the thoroughbreds do not appear to have the courage and the stamina of the horses of twenty-five years ago.

Nor are the jockeys better. In fact, I do not think we have riders today the equal of those of the other days. The present style of riding—the leaning over—is not a modern creation.

Tod Sloan did not introduce it, as he is generally credited with having done. Long before Tod Sloan adopted that style of riding it had been employed by other jockeys. The object, of course, was to keep the weight off the horse's back and put it over his withers, where it would not be so much of a burden.

I do not believe there have been better riders than McLaughlin and John Spellman. McLaughlin was a remarkable jockey. His success was due in large measure to his ability to get away from the post.

There never was a rider more alert at the start, and he won eight of ten races by beating the other fellows away from the post.

Spellman has never been given credit for being a great rider except by those who know him and watched his efforts.

Undoubtedly riders have a great deal to do with winning races. A good jockey sometimes can win on a bad horse and beat a good horse with a poor rider, but the horse is nine-tenths of the battle.

The best race I ever rode was when I won the Suburban Handicap with Montana for Marcus Daly. I should not have been in the money, but I had something on the other riders; was fortunate at the break and throughout the run.

Both Major Domo, who was second, and Lamplighter, who finished third, should have beaten me, but I got home a head in front of Major Domo, with Lamplighter right on top of us.

Mr. Daly gave me $10,000 for winning that race. There were 22 starters, and after going half a mile I didn't think I had a chance, but I was lucky to escape interference. I kept my horse going and nursed him until I had an opportunity in the last quarter of a mile and then I wore down the two horses, in front of me, getting up just in time to win by a head, whereas I should have been third or out of the money.

Pittsburg Phil used to tell me and my friends that the greatest race I ever rode was on his horse, King Cadmus, at Morris Park, when I won by a nose, with three others finishing in a dead heat for the place.

Mr. Daly had Sheilbark in the race, and, while I was under contract to ride for him at that time, he gave me permission to take the mount on King Cadmus, because he didn't think his own horse had a chance.

I have no doubt that I could have won with Sheilbark. Pittsburg Phil, who was the best judge of a horse I ever knew, and unquestionably the most successful man of his age on the turf, always declared there was no other rider who could have won with King Cadmus on that day.

It was a cheap-selling race, but Pittsburg Phil won more than $100,000 on the race. He gave me $10,600 for winning, and that was the biggest fee I ever received.

The most trying experience I ever had was in the world's fair Derby, which I won with Boundless. It was a big field, and Starter Pettingill kept us 1 hour and 52 minutes at the post.

I am not vain when I say that it was my better judgment more than bad riding of the other jockeys—more mature experience, if you will—that enabled me to win that race. I had it on the other boys. I knew how to save my horse during that strenuous delay, while old "Pet" was trying to get the horses to line up.

That race was the richest stake I ever won, worth $50,000, but I didn't get much of a fee for winning.

It's a mighty hard thing to decide as to the best horse one ever saw race. I rode nearly all of the great ones during the time I was riding. The Dwyer brothers owned a great many. Hanover, Tremont, Hindoo, Luke Blackburn were all exceptional horses. Tremont was never beaten.

If I were to make a decision as to the best horse I ever rode, I should give it to Tammany. A lot of persons will not agree with me, I know. He was a better horse than Salvator or Tenny or Hanover, in my opinion, and I rode all of these to victory.

Matt Byrnes, who trained both Tammany and Salvator, always agreed with me that Tammany was better than the son of Prince Charlie and Salina.

I really never knew how fast Tammany could run, for I never let him down in al the times I rode him, except on one occasion, and that was the ony race in which he was beaten when I was on his back. Then Daily America defeated him by a nose in the great eastern handicap, but Tammany was giving away chunks of weight and had all the bad luck in the race.

I could place Tammany with a hair of his tail, or I could let him run his own race, as he pleased. He could go to the front or run from behind and that's what makes horses great.

Hindoo was a wonderful horse. Jimmy Rowe told me one time that he was a better horse that in Luke Blackburn. Sysonby and Colin came after that time, and I have been told that Rowe has said that both Sysonby and Colin were the equal of either Hindoo or Luke Blackburn.

"Father Bill" Daly was responsible for the making of more good riders than any man on the American turf. He developed most of the great jockeys of the two decades between 1880 and 1900.

Home Run Baker To Play With Uplands

Medina, Pa., Jan. 22. — Manager Miller of the Upland team of the Delaware County League is authority for the statement that Frank Baker, the home run king, had signed a contract to play with Upland next season.

Baker played with Upland in 1915 after quitting the Athletics. At that time it was reported that he received $100 a game. The Upland proposition is said to have appealed to Baker because it will give him an opportunity to play baseball a few days in the week and on the other days attend to his farm.

Pacific Coast In Big League Dream

New York, Jan. 22.—Out of the Northwest comes the following:

"Walter Meredie, who managed Salt Lake in the Pacific Coast League last season, is quoted here (Portland) as saying he had two offers to manage major league clubs next season, but turned them down because he wants to help the Pacific Coast League develop into a major on its own account, with the addition of Portland and Seattle to its circuit.

"McCredie thinks that in a few years the coast league as now proposed will be able to assert itself to full majordom and that with a longer season than the American and the National it will be the class of the whole baseball world."

URSULINE CONVENT AT ROBERVAL IS BURNT

Chicoutimi, Jan. 22.—Another serious conflagration has stricken the county of Chicoutimi, Lake Saint Jean. The large convent of the Ursuline Sisters at Roberval was burnt to the ground about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The fire started in the laundry and rapidly spread to the entire building, where were some two hundred young women who were attending the boarding-school. The house is directed by a staff of some fifty nuns and all escaped without injury.

The material loss will reach $100,000 and is only partly covered by insurance.

A few days ago the catherdal at Chicoutimi was destroyed completely by fire with a loss of more than $300,000.

BROSSEAUS JUMPS TONIGHT TO PROFESSIONAL RANKS

Montreal, Jan. 22.—Eugene Brosseau, national amateur boxing champion, who will join the professional ranks on Wednesday in a bout with McKay of Brooklyn, is training under the direction of Frankie Flemin and Irish Patsy Cline at Rawdon.

Brosseau is boxing each day with Cline, and is likely to create the same favorable impression in professional ranks as he did in amateur competitions. He is under the management of Fleming for this bout.

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
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DR. LACEY
Exclusive Optometrist
410 George Street
Open Wednesday Evenings

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

CONSERVATORY ORCHESTRA

The Conservatory Orchestra will practice tonight. A full attendance is requested.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR

Practice this week will be held tomorrow (Wednesday), at 9 p.m., instead of Thursday on account of the Taft meeting.

NOTICE

Technical Night School Students of the Ladies' Motor Mechanics Class please be on hand this evening as usual.

S. A. DRIVE IN QUEBEC.

Quebec, Jan. 22.—The first day of the Red Shield Drive for the Salvation Army resulted in the collection of $9,777. Quebec expects to raise $25,000 by the end of the week.

PETERBOROUGH PROTESTANT HOME.

The postponed jam and linen shower will be held at the Peterborough Protestant Home on Friday, January 24th, from 3:30 to 6 p.m. The public are cordially invited. Tea will be served.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Thursday evening, Jan. 30th, at 8 o'cock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

GEORGE STREET CHOIR.

Owing to the Taft lecture, practice will be held tonight at 9 o'clock, after prayer meeting. Every member is requested to be present.

57th Chapter to Meet.

The regular monthly meeting of the 57th Chapter, I. O. D. E., will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 in the Green Room at the Y.W.C.A. As this is nomination of officers every member is expected to be present.

HOCKEY PLAY POSTPONED

To the boys of St. John's Bible Class: Hockey play at the Mark St. Rink will be postponed until Friday night at 6.30 because of the unfitness of the ice.

REPEAT BY REQUEST

Two dramas: The challenge of the cross and the sale of the world's children will be repeated by special request in Trinity Reid street hall on Friday evening, January 31. Further announcements later.

SMOKER AND EUCHRE CONTEST

A Smoker and Euchre contest will be held by the C.O.F., No. 20, on January 28rd, at their hall on Simcoe street, Good time, Good prizes, Good smokes. Come and have an enjoyable time with the boys. Admission to everyone 25 cents.

NOTHING IN REPORT

Duke of Devonshire Not Likely to Leave Canada

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—"There is absolutely nothing in it," was the statement of a high official at Rideau Hall this morning with regard to the Duke of Devonshire leaving Canada. There is no indication of the Governor-General's term being abbreviated. This story, like the previous one, apparently arose from the fact that the Duchess is in England where she accompanied her widowed daughter, Lady Maud Mackintosh.

Sons of England Install Officers

The installation of the officers of Lansdowne Lodge Sons of England, was held on Monday, Jan. 20, in the S. O. E. hall, Hunter Street.

District Deputy Supreme Lodge Officer Bro. H. Beale installed the following officers for the year 1919.

W. Past Pres.—Bro. A. Fallis.
W. Pres.—B. Lemmon.
W. Vice-Pres.—R. Starr
W. Chaplain—J. Theobald
W. Fin.-Sec.—W. G. Shiner.
W. Rec.-Sec.—F. A. Rathbone
Committee:—H. Land, J. Wyatt, R. Stephens, J. Runnett, F. Smith, C. Hope
Inside Guard—D. Curtis
Outside Guard—J. Townsend.

After the installation, Bro. Proctor of Toronto, Worthy Supreme President addressed the members, pointing out the unrivalled record the S.O.E. had in the Dominion of Canada in the fact that out of a membership of 30,000, 6,900 had enlisted and gone overseas. Of this number 756 had laid down their lives in defence of the ideals upon which the S. O. E. is based. More than $93,000 had been paid out in war claims in the Beneficiary and Funeral Dept of the Society. $7,000 still held is awaiting proof of death. During the 43 years the Society has been in existence more than $1,500,000 has been paid to the members in sick or funeral benefits and more than $1,000,000 in beneficiary claims.

Lansdowne's Record

Lansdowne Lodge, Peterboro have had their share in the splendid record; 51 of the members having enlisted, 4 of whom have been killed, 16 have returned and 31 are still overseas.

During the evening the officers of the juvenile lodge were received and given a hearty welcome. Two new members were initiated and together with the large attendance of members the outlook is bright for a successful year in 1919.

The financial statement for the lodge shows that during the year more than $1000 was paid out to the members in sick and funeral benefits, but notwithstanding the heavy disbursements during the recent epidemic of influenza the finances of the lodge were in a better position than at the beginning and the auditors report stated that the books of the lodge were never in better condition.

After the closing of the lodge the members enjoyed a social hour together around the festive board, Bro. E. A. Peck presiding. Toasts to the King by Bro. Peck and to the Supreme lodge as represented by Bro. Proctor, the Supreme President, proposed by Bro. H. Beale were honored in the usual manner and a very pleasant, successful evening was brought to a close by singing Auld Lang Syne.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Leut. Kearney-Cooke arrived in England from Holland on Jan. 15th.

PROTEST AGAINST RAISE

In Telephone Rates Forwarded by Guelph Council

Guelph, Jan. 22.—This city's protest against a raise in Bell telephone rates has been sent forward. The telegram to Sir Henry Drayton recites that "We do not believe the circumstances justify any increase. Their request is based on the costs of 1918, when everything was at its maximum, and even now a decline in prices has begun. We also believe that considerable of the revenue has been expended in capital expenditure."

Euchre Party In G.W.V.A. Rooms

Under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Great War Veterans' Association, a very enjoyable time was spent last evening in the G. W. V. A. rooms when a company of 120 assembled for progressive euchre and five hundred. The prizes were won by Mrs. Yarrow and Miss Horsfield.

Refreshments were served at 11 p. m. President Morrison, on behalf of the Ladies' Auxiliary, announced that a dance, under the same auspices, would be held in the Woodman of the World Hall on the evening of Valentines Day, February 14th.

LET THE FLAGS

In Honor of City's Two Distinguished Guests

Tomorrow we will have a distinguished visitor in the person of Ex-president Taft and it is suggested that the merchants and others display flags in honor of the city's friend. On Friday, the Minister of Public Works, Hon. F. B. Carvell will speak here and flags should be left up until after his visit.

GENERAL BOOTH SENDS MESSAGE

CABLES ENCOURAGEMENT TO THE BRANCH IN THIS COUNTRY.

General Bramwell Booth, commander of the Salvation Army, has sent from London the following cable to the branch in Cnada:

"I wish you Godspeed and every success in your effort to enable the Salvation Arm yto play its part in meeting Canada's demobilization and reconstruction needs for the sake of her splendid soldier sons. We look to the Dominion to maintain her splendid traditions of generosity, built up during the war, and we regard every worker in the campaign as a comrade in a good and glorious cause. My prayers are with you."

PLAN BANQUET FOR VETERANS

TORONTO COUNCIL MAY BE ASKED FOR GRANT OF $15,000.

The prospects are that the city of Toronto will make a strong start, in co-operation with the military authorities, in providing "Welcome Home" banquets for her fifty thousand returning soldiers.

A conference between Brig.-Gen. Gunn, Mayor Church and the Controllers at a private meeting of the Board of Control resulted in a decision to recommend that the city council at its meeting next Monday vote $15,000 towards the series of receptions which the District Command has planned. Other organizations are expected to co-operate in providing money, material, labor and ideas. Women will be given a prominent place.

The veterans will be banqueted in groups of one thousand, it is understood, and the occasion will be made as pleasurable as possible. Women's organizations may provide the waiters, many of them already having promised every assistance. There will be music and decorations galore and a souvenir for every man. This is the first war grant for the city this year.

Council Meeting At Ennismore

The inaugural meeting of the municipal council of Ennismore was held January 18, 1919. All the members were present. Reeve Daniel Holland and Councillors Thomas Cavanagh, Clayton Telford, Edward Sullivan, William Harrington.

After handing in their qualifications of office and declarations the officials took their seats and after a forceful address of the Reeve business began.

Moved by Mr. Cavanagh, seconded by Mr. Telford, that by-law No. 384 for the purpose of appointing township officers, a Board of Health a Medical Officer of Health and a Sanitary Inspector for the Township of Ennismore for the year 1919 be read a first time.

Mover by Messrs Harrington and Sullivan, that bylaw No. 384 be read a second time.

Moved by Messrs. Telford and Harrington that bylaw 384 be read a third time.

By resolution under said bylaw all the old township officers were reinstalled, viz: William F. Cavanagh, assessor; John Moloney, Clerk; William B. Crough, Treasurer; Patrick G Sullivan and Michael Geary, auditors.

The matter of fixing a price for drawing gravel was left over for future consideration.

On motion of William Harrington and Clayton Telford, Daniel Holland, reeve and William B. Crough, treasurer were empowered to borrow money if needed to meet certain current expenses of the township for the year 1919.

Moved by Messrs Cavanagh and Telford that the Review Printing Co. be paid the sum of $58 for printing for the year 1919.

Moved by Messrs Harrington and Cavanagh that Patrick G. Sullivan and Michael Geary be paid the sum of $6.00 each for auditing for 1918.

That the following accounts be drawn on Treasurer, Sullivan:

P. Good, aid to Mrs. D. Shanahan $6.00
C. O'Reilly, rebate on taxes, on account of statute labor charged in the same 5.00
Frank Scollard, payment for gravel pit 125.00
John Buick, drawing gravel on road 10.00

All parties holding accounts against his council will please come to the meetings where the treasurer will meet them. During the year 1918 there were some cheques sent

(Continued on Page Three.)

PRINCESS PATRICIA'S BETROTHAL.

H. R. H. Princess Patricia of Connaught, and her fiance, Commander the Hon. Alexander Ramsay, R.N., from photographs just received from London. Commander Ramsay is the second brother (not the heir, as stated in some Canadian papers) of the Earl of Dalhousie. He won the D.S.O. by his services as flag commander to Admiral de Robeck in the Dardanelles.

THE SALVATION ARMY IS THERE

(Guy F. Lee, in Chicago Tribune.)

We used to look on with a tolerant air
As they marched up the street with their band;
The tambourine, drum, and the shaky cornet
Brought smiles more than pennies to hand;
But they fed the poor bum and the child from the slum,
And took light to the darkest vice lair,
And wherever discouraged ones needed a lift,
The Salvation Army was there.

Over there where hell's playing its dirge they have built
Huts close to the trenches and dire.
And they're passing out cheer for a dime or a grin,
To men clothed in mis'ry and mire.
Handing coffee and pie, and renewed hope and vim
To Liberty's sons, as they dare
Their lives for our cause—most unselfishly brave
The Salvation Army is there.

These soldiers whose weapons are java and cakes,
And whose foes are discomfort and blight,
Have won the undying affection of all
Their khaki-clad brothers in *Right*.
They never consider themselves, and they live
The spirit of care, share and spare.
So I'm proud to remark that in peace or in war
The Salvation Army is there!

TEAM WORKERS IN BIG DRIVE MEET WITH CHEERING SUCCESS

Nearly All Factories Are Thrown Open to Canvassers in the Red Shield Campaign and Contributions Are Liberal.

Third day of the Big Drive is here. The last two days have been full of activity, and while results cannot as yet be announced the prospects are hopeful that the goal will be reached. Gradually a list of names is being made up of men who are from the city, and these will be seen as soon as possible, on return.

Yesterday the Quaker Oats Co gave permission that the employees might be approached while at work. So a corps of twenty men and four ladies was organized to go to the factory at 9.30 this morning and make a thorough canvas of the men and women in the building. It is expected that the results will justify the work. The thanks of the committee in charge of the Drive are with the company for the valued permission.

At the Bonner-Worth factory the employees were grouped in the top flat room of the building at 12.45 p.m. yesterday. A short appeal was made for the objects of the canvas. Something like 285 cards were taken to be filled in and returned to the office. It is expected that the factory will keep up its noted liberal record in this as in other appeals of the past. A generous cheque was handed in by the company.

Yesterday afternoon at 4.45 the workers had access to meet the employees at the Matthews-Blackwell factory, and a cheerful time was had. The appeal to the men for assistance was met in a very satisfactory way.

While that was considered a sufficient number of cards to be used in taking subscriptions were printed it has been necessary to print additional numbers, so freely have they been asked for and supplied. This looks hopeful and indicates that a willingness to support the Drive is fairly general.

A committee visited the C.G.E. Co. works, both yesterday and today, and were armed with cards, ballot boxes, the latter to hold the money sums donated. It was not practicable to go through the works so the plan was adopted to meet the men as they left work, and gathered to go to work at the usual hours.

Announcement will be made of the general results, though it is certain that a number of loose ends will be closed up during the next few days.

Annual Meeting Of All Saints' S. S.

The annual meeting of All Saints' Sunday school was held last evening when encouraging reports were presented. The report of the secretary, Mr. James Price, showed the average attendance for the year to be 243. The high water mark in attendance was reached last Sunday, which was 368.

The treasurer's report, which was read by Miss Cairns, showed a balance of $194.75. The school's contributions to missions and other outside objects amounted to $116.33.

The officers appointed for the ensuing year were as follows:

Secretary—Mr. James Price.
Treasurer—Miss C. Cairns.
Supt. Cradle Roll—Miss G. Hooper.

Don't expect to get rid of your troubles by advertising them.

Want to Buy

any part of

$50,000

Of the Following Bonds

UNITED KINGDOM 3-year 5½% (1st Nov. 1919)	101¼ & Int.
UNITED KINGDOM 5-year 5½% (1st Nov. 1921)	99½ & Int.
ANGLO-FRENCH 5% (15th Oct. 1920)	98½ & Int.
CANADA 2-year 5% (1st Aug. 1919)	100½ & Int.

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To check a cold at once, take

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A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

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GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night—Last Time
Charlie Chaplin in
"HIS DARE DEVIL QUEEN"
Edith Storey in "The Demon." Pathe News. Vaudeville. Judge Brown Story. Vivian & Chance, Novelty Dancing and Club Swinging. Daily Matinee 2.30, 10c. Ev'g 7.30, 15c.

Next Thursday Evening, January 23d
Chautauqua Lyceum Course
SECOND ATTRACTION
Hon. William Howard Taft
ALL SEATS—$1.00 COMMENCES AT 8:15
Reserved Seat Plan now open to the General Public

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 28 and 28
The Peter Robinson Chapter the of I.O.D.E., Present the Mammoth Spectacular Opera
"In Sunny France"
A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B. C
160 AMATEURS IN CAST
The sweetest music you have heard since the days of Gilbert & Sullivan
One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Plan open to ticket holders Thursday, January 23, at 10 a.m.

C.G.E. Pay Day

BUSHELS OF BIG BARGAINS
SAVE MONEY—SAVE ON BUYING

2 Tins of Raisins, 20c lb.; 5 lbs.	68c
Box, 25 lbs., of Either at, lb.	12c
Bag of potatoes (with order)	$1.45
9 lbs. best Granulated Sugar (with order)	$1.00
10 lbs. Granulated Sugar (with $5.00 order)	$1.00
10 bars Good Lenox Sun Soap	69c
10 lb. Rolled Oats or Meal	69c
Fresh Finnan Haddie, lb.	12c
Fresh Cod Fish, Fresh Salmon	
$1.00 pails Pure Marmalade	69c
$1.00 pails Jam	69c
50c cans Jam	37c
10c Tumblers	8c
Grape, 3 for	25c
25c Sealers	17c
Jelly	17c
All 5c Toilet Soaps 5 for	25c
50c Electric Lamp Tungston	34c
25c Mince Meat 1 or, lb.	17c
Tomatoes and Corn, can	19c
Can Peas, 2 for	25c
70c Tea, 52c; 5 lbs.	54c
50c Tea, 42c; 5 lbs.	34c
Kringle Corn Flakes, 3 for	31c
Shreaded Wheat Biscuit, 3 for	41c
Pure Lard, 4 lb. pail	99c
8 lb pail Shortening	89c
6 lb. pail Shortening	$1.48
1000 yards Embroidery and insertion, 10c for	4c
Big B Men's Overalls, $2.50, at	$1.85
Men's Black, and Striped, Overalls	99c
Men's 50c Wool Socks	33c
5 doz. Clothes Pins, for	9c
400 Remnants Stock Taking	
Scotch Finger Yarn $3.00, lb.	$1.99
Malt Vinegar, 35c; Bottles	19c
Malt Vinegar, 20c; Bottles	9c
Worchester Sauce, 20c; 3 for	39c
Worchester Sauce, 15c; 3 for	25c
H. P. Sauce, 30c; 3 for	60c

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WEATHER FORECASTS.
Cloudy and mild, with occasional rain today and on Friday.

The Daily Review

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49th YEAR No. 19 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

PEOPLE'S CHIMES SOUND WELCOME TO HON. MR. TAFT

EX-PRESIDENT OF UNITED STATES REACHES CITY ON NOON TRAIN.

Ex-President Taft arrived in the city today on the 12.25 train, from Toronto. He was met in the parlor car by Mr. Joseph Wearing, Secretary of the local Bar Association, who introduced him to Capt. Burnham, M.P., and Messrs. R. R. Hall, Robt. Harstone, and G. A. McDonald who were on hand to welcome him to Peterboro.

In Mr. MacDonald's automobile the party proceeded up George St., to Charlotte and then turned onto Water street and circled the block on which the city buildings are situated in order that the celebrated visitor might have an opportunity of hearing the People's Chimes playing American airs in his honor.

Upon arriving at the Empress Hotel the members of the Women's Council, and Messrs. Hall and Harstone had lunch with him after which he was entertained by his fellow countrymen in the city, being shown different points of interest.

Most Touching Of All Memorials

New York, Jan. 23.—The Tribune says editorially:

"Of all the varied soldiers' memorials, none is more touching than that planned for the Canadians who died overseas. Poppy seeds are to be sent from Flanders to the Horticultural Society of St. Thomas, Ont., which will plant them in memory of those who died fighting abroad, including Lieut.-Col. John McCrae, author of the famous lines:

"In Flanders fields the poppies grow
Among the crosses row on row."

Out of Jail Only To Be Re-Arrested

Joseph Francis Murphy, who has recently rejoined the ranks of his fellow men after spending thirty days in the County jail for robbing Hickey's boot and shoe store on Hunter street, was again taken into custody yesterday by Detective Meagher and acting Detective Cookman, upon instructions of Detective-Sergt. Newhall, charged with stealing several suits of clothes and two pieces of cloth from the Regent Tailor shop on Charlotte street.

He appeared before the police magistrate this morning but his case was remanded for a week upon representations of both the Crown and his Counsel, Mr. J. A. O'Brien.

It is stated that there are others implicated in the theft besides the accused man, Murphy. Further arrests are expected in the course of a few days.

MOOSE DYING OF FLU EPIDEMIC

TRAVELLERS IN WOODS REPORT THE FINDING OF MANY CARCASSES

Fort William, Ont., Jan. 23.—That moose are dying in the woods from Spanish influenza is the assertion of men who have been engaged in bush work and travel lately. One man ran across the bodies of two moose, lying not far from one another, neither of which showed any sign of wound or external injuries, while another bushman came up to a bull moose which was hardly able to travel from exhaustion, gave every sign of being almost in a state of collapse from some disease, and which was bleeding at the nose. So sick was this animal that it was unable to run away from the man. Whether the disease is influenza as we find it among men or not, these bushmen are convinced that there is some plague attacking the moose of the district, and express fear that it may seriously lessen the game resources of Thunder Bay district.

Prophets are often without honor, but seldom without competition.

Bar Association Presents Address to Ex-Judge Taft

There were a large gathering of citizens and members of the legal profession and of citizens at the reception give to ex-President Taft in the County Court room this afternoon by the members of the Peterborough Bar Association. Judge Huycke presided and the lawyers in attendance wore their court costumes.

The following complimentry address was read by Mr. F. D. Kerr, president of the Association:

To the Honourable William H. Taft:

Sir,—We, the members of the County of Peterborough Law Association, on your first visit to the city of Peterborough, desire to heartily welcome you to this community and to tender to you our warmest fraternal greetings.

As lawyers, we recall with pride that when at the bar, on the bench, when serving as administrator of a great foreign dependency, or when you occupied that place of power and confidence, the presidency of the United States of America, you never forgot what the study of the law had indelibly impressed on your mind, namely, that justice and law must ever walk hand in hand and that real liberty must be upheld by ordered law and constitutional safeguards.

We are not unaware of your work as a judge in your own country, and your services subsequently as administrator of the Phillipine Islands, where your prudence, judgment and wise exercise of the powers entrusted to you created among an Eastern people a lasting respect for law and order and for all those things which are the inseparable concomitant of civilized government. More recently as President of the United States, in addtion to displaying the highest gifts of statesmanship as head of that great republic, with a deep comprehension of the real meaning of liberty and freedom, you silenced the voice of clamor and upheld the independence of the judiciary as fundamental to all true liberty of the citizen.

You, Sir, were early among those of our cousins to the South of us who saw that the war in Europe was more than a strife between rival nations, and was, in fact, a world cataclysm involving all those precious things for which men, throughout the ages, had gladly suffered and surrendered their lives.

The lawyers of Canada will never forget the assistance given by you, and by so many members of the legal profession in your country, to the support of those efforts which so successfully placed your nation with its wealth of brave men, talent and resources side by side with heroic France and alongside the no less heroic British Empire, of which our Dominion of Canada so proudly forms a part.

The future, we believe, will demonstrate what it will have meant for civilization that cultured France and the great English-speaking peoples of the world spared not the sacrifice of their bravest and best in the maintenance of the common right of all nations to the enjoyment of law, justice, freedom and liberty.

It has been said the the late Emperor of Germany frequently sneered at the lawyer statesmen of the Allies as men who placed weight on "a scrap of paper;" but we feel proud that it was the lawyer statesmen who asserted, in the face of armed autocracy, the sacredness of contract, the inviolability of the given word and, at the cost of priceless lives, successfully demonstrated for all time that the sword of justice is the mightiest weapon ever yet forged, and that henceforth "right not "might" must prevail, not only among men, but among nations?

We are glad to recognize that your own association with the picturesque village of Murray Bay, situated so beautifully on the majestic St. Lawrence, down whose broad waters the trade of half a continent sweeps to the sea, has not only brought you in to intimate touch with Canada and its people, but it has afforded you at the same time a unique opportunity of understanding the national viewpoint of Canadians, and has permitted you to foresee the great destiny which awaits this country as one of the allied nations within the British Empire.

We venture to express the hope that you may, while in Canada, feel that you are among admirers, neighbors and friends. We trust you may be spared for many years to assist the councils of your own country, and that your experienced judgment may long be available for the guidance of all statesmen, who, throughout the world, are leading their peoples along the paths of freedom.

Signed on behalf of the County of Peterborough Law Association, this twenty-third day of January, 1919.

F. D. KERR, President.
JOS. WEARING, Secretary.

THOUSANDS OF COAL MINERS ARE ON STRIKE IN ENGLAND

Quit Work Because Employers Refuse to Allow Them Twenty Minutes Dead Time for Meals.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 23—Serious strikes and threats of more serious ones in England over disputes which ordinarily would be considere dunimportant, have led some students of British labor conditions to believe that demands are made, not in an effort to better labor conditions but in an attempt to revolutionize the whole condition of labor employment. Today 147,000 Yorkshire coal miners are idle because their employers decline to allow twenty minutes dead time for meals for surface workers. The stoppage of the work in the great shipbuilding industry on the Clyde is threatened over a meal hour dispute.

The discontentment is said to be caused by women who do not like to arise in time to prepare an early breakfast. In shipbuilding the anion is an active minority which demand a thirty hour week. A number of responsible labor leaders have declared they are not in sympathy with the continued trivial demands and they are represented as being supported by the more conservative members.

SURRENDER CITY WITHOUT FIGHT

GOVERNOR OF PETROGRAD RECEIVES ORDERS FROM MINISTER OF WAR.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 23—It is officially admitted that Leon Trotsky, the Russian minister of war has ordered Zinovieff, the Bolshevik governor of Petrograd, to surrender that city without a fight if it is attacked by Northern Russian forces.

The foregoing corrects despatches received from London last night which apparently were garbled in transmission between London and Copenhagen. The despatches last night made it appear that the Bolshevik had been ordered to surrender a town named Sinoveff which does not appear in the available maps, the name having been confused with Zinovieff, the commander of Petrograd.

In Northern Russia, the despatch adds, the Bolshevik forces have been defeated and the peasants are revolting against the Bolsheviki in all quarters.

Dies As Result Of Military Service

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 23. — Following a protracted illness the death occurred this morning of Lieut. Ogden Dunlap Cochrane, youngest son of Hon. Frank and Mrs. Cochrane. The illness was the result of an accident sustained while on active service in England. The deceased was aged 28. He was born in Ottawa and went overseas with the 123rd battalion.

Louis and Saulte Agnolexi of Appleby were fined $300 for distilling liquor and their outfit was confiscated.

LEGISLATURE TO OPEN FEB. 25

THIS DATE WAS FIXED AFTER CONSULTATION WITH DOMINION AUTHORITIES.

The provincial legislature will open for the coming session on Tuesday, February 25, according to an official announcement made yesterday by Sir William Hearst. The Premier and his cabinet have deliberated on this matter for the past few days and, it is understood, favored February 18 as the opening day, but recent advice has been received from Ottawa asking the provincial government to delay the opening until such time as the local legislature could work concurrently with the Dominion house in the matter of legislation affecting returned soldiers, which both governments contemplate putting through. It has been the policy of the provincial government to complete all sessional business just prior to the Easter holiday and it is understood that this plan will be followed this year. The session usually extends over a period of six or seven weeks and with Easter coming on April 20 this year all work should be completed by that time.

With the return of peace it is understood that the pre-war activities, which made the meeting of the legislature a distinctive even in society, will be revived this year.

Princess Patricia To Change Titles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 23.—King George has consented to Princess Patricia renouncing both the title of princess and the address of Her Royal Highness on her marriage. After her marriage she will be known as Lady Patricia Ramsay.

Kitchener is to adopt the two-platoon system in its fire department on March 1. St. Thomas firemen are asking for it.

WOOLEN MILLS TO BE MOVED HERE

ALEX. STEWART DECIDES TO LOCATE TORONTO PLANT IN PETERBORO.

Mr. Alexander Stewart of Peterborough is removing his woolen stock mill from Toronto where he has been operating it for some time to this city having chosen what is known as the Lubricator Building on Hunter street, east in which to instal his plant.

For some time Mr. Stewart's son-in-law has been managing the business in the neighboring city but as Mr. Stewart is a commercial traveller and spends his spare time in Peterborough he felt that he must either remove the mill to the place in which he lives or else remove to the city in which the concern was situated.

He decided upon the former course on account of having lived here for many years in which time he has become attached to the place. The machinery is nearly all here and in about two weeks he hopes to have it installed and the plant once more in operation.

To commence with he does not expect to employ more than four or five men. The manufactory will be operated day and night as there is a great demand at present for the material turned out.

When Mr. Stewart enquired about the installation of his electric motors he found that the ones he brought with him from Toronto would be useless to him here on account of the different current. This necessitated changing the machines and added to the expense connected with the move but in spite of this he is well satisfied as there are advantages offered in Peterborough which go a long way towards compensating for the financial outlay entailed.

G. T. Operator Dies Suddenly on Duty

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Chief Operator John Houghton, aged 66 years, of the Grand Trunk Railway, was suddenly stricken with heart failure this morning and died in his chair at the Union Station.

Preliminary Peace To Be Signed in June

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 23.—Preliminary peace will be signed early in June at the latest, according to the most trustworthy information, says Marcel Hutin in the Echo de Paris today.

Peace Conference To Recognize Poland

Paris, Jan. 23.—The recognition of the new government of Poland is expected here. Action to this end, it is believed will be taken shortly.

CAPT. ROLLINS MAY BE BACK IN PETERBORO BY JUNE FIRST

Minister of St. Andrew's Is Now in Germany With the 27th Battalion of Winnipeg.

A private letter from Capt. (Rev.) James Rollins, which was written in Germany "beyond the Rhine," arrived in the city yesterday. Capt. Rollins was then with the 27th (Winnipeg) Battalion, and had served with them as chaplain through practically the whole of the great offensive, having gone with the battalion into the front lines two days before the battle of Amiens.

The letter relates that on November 11, when the armistice was concluded, the 27th were on the march going up to the front with the expectation of going into action that night. Capt. Rollins relates that the soldiers received the news very quietly, without cheering or other demonstration, never even breaking step as the word passed quietly along the ranks. That night they camped in the outskirts of Mons. On December 13 they entered Bonne, being the first there, marched through the town and crossed the Rhine. It was a kind of state entry, battle order, fixed bayonets, etc., every man at his best, but trying to hide his pride and satisfaction.

Capt. Rollins makes reference to the probable time of his return home but says that the people in Peterborough in all probability know more about it than he does. However, he says that they have been told that all will be home by June, and he hopes that in his case it may be much sooner.

HON. F. B. CARVELL SPEAKS IN GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Minister of Public Works to be in City Tomorrow —Visit Is an Important One to the Future of Peterborough.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works, will arrive in Peterborough on the 3.35 train tomorrow afternoon and will be met by the chairman of the Reception Committee, Alderman J. J. Turner, Mayor Duncan and Capt. Burnham, M.P.

He will be shown as many of the interesting features of the city as time will permit especially the public buildings, the site of the proposed ones, including that which it is hoped, the dry dock, will occupy in Ashburnham, and will be given an opportunity to see the Hunter street bridge as it is at present, and will be acquainted with the plans for the erection of the new one with which it is hoped the Government will assist. Such assistance would come through his department to some extent, and it is imperative that the Minister be impressed with the importance of this work.

In the evening it is anticipated that the Great War Veterans and their band will parade and the former will play in front of the Empress where Mr. Carvell, the members of the City Council and several other officials will have dinner. They will then proceed to the Opera House where the Minister will give an address.

The people of Peterborough are urged not to miss this opportunity of hearing this most prominent member of the Union Government. He is considered one of the keenest debaters and most forcible and eloquent speakers in the Canadian House of Commons and before the formation of the Coalition Administration was the foremost critic of the Conservative Government.

When Mr. Carvell rises to speak in the House of Commons the galleries fill as if by magic and remain so until he has resumed his seat. He is one of the big men of the Liberal party as was demonstrated when he relegated party politics to the background and got behind the Union Win the War party in the ranks of which were many of his bitterest opponents.

Mr. Carvell, in conjunction with Mr. Kyte, was instrumental in preferring the famous profiteering charges, which figured so conspiciously in the closing days of the Conservative regime. It is up to the people of the city to pack the Grand Opera House tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock and give one of the most prominent of Canadian public men a reception and a hearing worthy of Peterborough which is asking the Government to assist them in constructing what is, perhaps, the most extensive work in the history of the city.

Are Waiting For Russia's Answer

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Jan. 23.—With replies from various Russian factions to the proposal for conference being awaited. The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference met at 10.30 o'clock today. All members of the Council were present when the meeting began.

Lieut. Arthur Deacon of Stratford, formerly of the 34th Battalion, has been invested by the King with the Military Cross.

MAJORITY PARTY HAS CONTROL OF THE ASSEMBLY

LATEST ELECTION RETURNS GIVE THEM OVER 160 SEATS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 23.—It is impossible as yet to clearly forecast the results of the German election, according to an official wireless despatch sent out from Berlin and picked up here. The impression prevails, however, the despatch says, that the Majority Socialists, with 160 seats, have by far the strongest party, while the Democrats, with 80 seats, will doubtless stand at the head of the non-Socialist parties. It is presumed, it is said, that the Majority Socialists and Democrats, supported by an overwhelming majority, of the people, will be in a position to dominate the National Assembly. Among those whose seats are assured are Count Posadowsky, Dr. Jernhard Dernburg, former Chief of Police Eichhorn and Hugo Haase.

Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, failed to win a seat in German National Assembly in any of the 80 constituencies where he was a candidate. Since German troops were summoned to put down the Spartacan uprising in Berlin, the army has been assuming a position of greater importance, according to advices received here.

The supreme command of the German peace army has been transferred from the People's Commissioners to the Minister of War, who will be responsible to the Government. The Soldiers' and Workmen's Council will still be responsible for all social and economic regulations concerning the army.

Later Reports.

Basle, Jan. 23.—Reports from all the twenty-seven electoral districts in Germany indicate a return of the full number of 421 members of the National Assembly, and show that the Majority Socialists have a plurality in the assembly with 164 delegates. The next highest number of members was returned by the former Centrists, who will have eighty-eight members. Premier Ebert and Philip Scheidemann have gone to Weimar to superintend the making over of the court theatre there in which the National Assembly is to meet.

ADVISES RAISE IN PHONE RATES

AMERICAN EXPERT SAYS THAT PRESENT SCALE IS TOO LOW.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. — That the Bell Telephone Co. is entitled to a temporary increase in rates that would yield an additional revenue of one million dollars per annum, is an important recommendation made by W. J. Hagenah, the American telephone rates expert, in a report submitted to the Railway Board at the resumed hearing of the rates case here. The report was submitted by W. H. Butler, city solicitor of Montreal. Mr. Butler applied for an adjournment of the hearing because of the illness of Mr. Hagenah. He expressed the wish that the expert should be given an opportunity to appear before the board.

American Airs On People's Chimes

The People's Chimes were rung at 12:30 today by Mr. R. J. Devey in honor of the visit of ex-President Taft. Among the selections played were "The Star Spangled Banner," "Yankee Doodle," "Kentucky Home," "Rule, Britannia," "O Canada," "God Save the King."

One Worker Turned In $600 For S. A.

One worker collecting for the Red Shield Drive turned in $600 this morning as the result of his work in a part of the city which cannot be said to be one of the most promising districts.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1919

ONE OF MR. HALL'S ANGELS.

AT THE LIBERAL Convention in Toronto Mr. R. R. Hall called up the matter of the purchase of the C.N.R., or, more properly speaking, the taking over of that road by the Government, because the transaction has all the earmarks of an ordinary foreclosure on property the original owner of which is unable to meet his obligations. By the way, this was one of the pet hobbies that Mr. Hall was so fond of riding during the campaign of a year ago.

Mr. Hall in his resolution asks that the C.N.R. case be fully investigated. To the outsider it would appear that that embarrassed enterprise has already had rather more than its share of probing.

When the C.N.R. company defaulted in the matter of their financial obligations to the Government and foreclosure proceedings, under the terms of the agreement providing for such a contingency, were talked of, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in his place in the House, moved that the sum of thirty million dollars be paid the stockholders for their interests.

A royal commission was appointed to look into this feature of the case, and the members decided that the stock was worth nothing, an opinion that Sir Thomas White concurred in and had previously expressed.

Then Hon. George P. Graham, at that time a member of the House, thrust his head into the grab bag. He moved that all the money due the contractors who built the road be settled by the government. This apparently businesslike and fair proposition wears a different aspect when it is explained that the contractors were really no others than Mackenzie and Mann, and that the millions Mr. Graham would have had voted away would have actually gone to help swell the privat fortun s of these two magnates who had already received from the Government sufficient funds to build the road.

Parliament set aside the sum of $10,000,000 as the highest figure that could be paid for the stock if it was finally decided that it had any real value. Another commission found that it was worth something in excess of that amount, and there the matter rests until it is taken up again in Parliament. When it is discussed again the whole question will be set forth in such detail that even Mr. Hall, if at all reasonable, is likely to be satisfied.

The Borden Government found in the C.N.R. a half-completed enterprise on the verge of bankruptcy. Advances were made from time to time by the company because in no other way could the road have been completed. Altogether the sum of forty million dollars was advanced on a security valued at one hundred million. When the road was taken over the country became owner of a transcontinental line, an express business and a telegraph service. It was a long step in the direction of public ownership. The interests of the people have been safeguarded by the Government. If there was any attempt made to unduly favor the company, it was made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. George P. Graham, not by those who were in a position to carry such a deal through but who prevented it.

THE GLOBE'S BREAKFAST BACON.

ON ITS RECORD the Globe can hardly pose as an authority on the trade question, the doctrines that it has preached throughout all the dark days of Opposition for the past forty years having been steadfastly repudiated by the people, and ignored, too, by its own party. Still it persists.

The Globe marvels that because, following the refusal of the British to purchase any more bacon from Canada, the coil here did not immediately take a tumble, especially when the price of live hogs fell away a matter of a cent or two a pound.

Would the Globe spread financial ruin among the dealers in Canada? They purchased bacon from the wholesaler at a high rate when the price of hogs was at the summit. What would be the result if they disposed of what they have on hand now at a sacrifice? What is true of the retail grocer or meat dealer is also true of the man who sells shoes, clothing or any article in common use. The selling price is regulated by the cost. The tailor who has stocked up under war prices cannot hope to remain in business if he drops the selling price of his goods to what it was when he got them from the wholesaler at fifty per cent. less. It requires some time for business conditions to readjust themselves after such a change as the one the Globe has in mind.

But the Globe goes further in its partisan diatribes on the trade question and it is a matter of regret that it has succeeded at least in deceiving, its gullible understudy on George Street. It blames the Canadian Government because there is a temporary suspension of exports to Europe. It demands that the way be cleared for the sale of Canadian foodstuffs in Europe and that shipping facilities be offarded the Canadian exporters to get their stocks overseas.

How can the Canadian Government, or any other government on earth, create a market for food in Europe or elsewhere if the supply on hand is already excessive? Why put ships into the carrying trade when there is no demand for their cargo? Has the Globe lost all the sense of reason that it ever possessed?

Let it possesses itself in patience. The suspension of the import trade will be only temporary. Conditions will be normal again just as soon as the present supply in England can be distributed. There is a dearth of food in Europe, and there is likely to be for several years to come. But Canada will secure its share of this market in open competition with the rest of the world. The live stock business in this country, including the raising of hogs, will be maintained in order to reinforce the depleted stock in the war-wasted countries of Europe.

A DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

SOONER OR LATER a politician's mas will find him out. If he attempts to play the role of a Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, if he makes flesh of one and fish of another, in short, if he seeks to ride two horses at once, eventually exposure is inevitable. And the pity of it is that such a man brings into disrepute any cause which he assumes to espouse, whether the object of his avowed preference is Home Rule for Ireland or Union Government.

Mr. C. J. Foy of Perth is a lawyer in his home town and a man who aspires to political leadership. When it is stated that Perth has a heavy Unionist majority, then it is only natural to infer that Mr. Foy is, to all outward appearance at least, of the same way of thinking. His speeches teem with patriotism and with devotion to the welfare of the Empire. That is when he is at home.

Recently there was a meeting of Irish sympathizers held in Montreal and Mr. Foy was one of the invited guests. Before going he worked the transformation that changed the handsome and suave Dr. Jekyll into the Mr. Hyde, who had a penchant for giving free rein to his passions and his fancies. The meeting at Montreal was supposed to be held in camera, but by some means the reporters got inside, and Mr. Foy's speech, word for word as he declaimed it, was given to the world.

And what a speech! What he said about the British Empire was of a vastly different tone from that which marks his grandiloquent periods when at home. Of course, the report of the speech got back to Perth, and what the papers and people of that town are saying about Mr. Foy these days must keep his left ear at a perpetual white heat.

This is supposed to be a free country, especially so since the censor has been pleased to relax his regulations somewhat. Every man is entitled to hold his own opinions and to give public expression to them if he deems it wise to do so. Mr. Foy can be a Home Ruler, a Unionist, or even a Liberal, if he can reconcile the latter creed with his conscience. But the public prizes constancy and consistency among the higher virtues. The cause of Unionism has suffered from the lip service so often rendered it by the politicians intent on preferment. The cause of the Home Rule party has been victimized, too, by the artful wirepuller.

HON. GEORGE P. GRAHAM'S POSITION.

THERE IS SOMETHING anomalous in the position of Hon. George P. Graham, who, as the duly deputized representative of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, takes the role of peacemaker and invites the Liberal Unionists to return to the camp which they left as a measure of political safety as well as a patriotic duty over a year ago. Mr. Graham is hardly the man for that job. He is in his own person a terrible example of what happened to the public men outside of Quebec who remained faithful to the veteran chieftain when the great split came in the ranks. He was unable to find a constituency the electors in which were willing to assume him or his cause as a responsibility, and as a result the once outstanding figure in the party finds himself without a seat in Parliament.

Mr. Graham voted for conscription, it is true, but otherwise he remained true to what was left of the Liberal colors. He opposed the idea of a Union Government and has not yet changed his mind. He asserts that Union Government was formed only when the Borden Administration found itself facing defeat.

As imaginative as ever is Mr. Graham. It was not coalition that saved Premier Borden. Any fair-minded man knows that if Union had never been formed the country would have been divided into the war and anti-war parties, just as it was with Unionism perfected, and that the war administration would have triumphed. That was what happened in every allied country where a war-time election was held. Unionism, however, gave all the patriotic Liberals a chance to declare themselves on the great issue. Otherwise a large number of them would have refused to vote at the election of 1917, finding it impossible either to break party ties completely or to support Sir Wilfrid Laurier's candidates on his war record.

Mr. Graham, carrying out the instructions of his chief, invites the so-called prodigals home again. But the conditions of the parable have been reversed. Mr. Graham, with the olive branch in his hand, is really the Prodigal asking the rest of the family to share with him the husks and the other discomforts of the swine-herd, who is paying the penalties for his offences.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

IT IS A LONG, LONG WAY from the hog pasture to the foreign country to the seats of the mighty in Ottawa.

• • • • •

BY CALLING for the repeal of the War Time Election Act the Liberals betray their one hope for popular support.

• • • • •

THE FIERCE LIGHT that beats about the thrones in Central Europe has certainly achieved its mission by blackening every blot.

• • • • •

BEYOND ALL QUESTION the best possible assurance of the safety of democracy is a British fleet maintained at the pinnacle of supremacy.

• • • • •

TO TELL A MAN these days to go to Germany will get by the censor and at the same time fulfil all former conditions in the matter of getting hence.

• • • • •

ANY DESIRABLE PLANKS that the Liberals have placed in their new platform have the sign of second-hand goods stolen from the lumber yard of their opponents.

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EVERY MAN and every organization in Peterborough has or should have an ax to grind, but the sharpened tools should hew in unison to build a bigger and a better city.

HEALTH OF THE WAGE EARNER

Never has the laboring man been so catered to as at the present time. His daily wage has been constantly soaring since the outbreak of war, his home and shop environment has been vastly improved, and his physical well-being has been made the object of the utmost solicitude; for it was the laboring man who made possible the successful carrying on of the war.

One of the latest advocates of the conservation of the workman's health is the American Hospital association. Its legislative committee, reports The Modern Hospital, proposes to have something to say in regard to compulsory sickness or health insurance. Believing that those sick or injured should be properly cared for at the expense of the employer and given completent medical and surgical care until completely restored to health, the committee plans to work with health insurance commissions of various states to that end.

Hitherto the health commissions have been the ones to say first how long a man should receive hospital care. Sometimes the time they specified has been too long, more frequently it has been too short, and a man was discharged from the hospital before he was cured, thus defeating the purpose of health insurance. Hospitals, being absolutely essential to the successful conduct of a health insurance plan, are considered to be entitled to have some voice in the matter of the time necessary for the proper rehabilitation of the sick and wounded. In any event the American Hospital association is evidently alive to its responsibilities in this respect.

Moreover, Samuel Gompers, chairman of the committee of labor, has recommended to Secretary William B Wilson of the department of labor that medical examination of applicants be made on of the functions of the government labor recruiting agencies. This recommendation was the outcome of a conference recently held in New York under the auspices of the national subcommittee on welfare work of the committee of labor.

The context of the resolutions adopted at this time was that the physical examination of workers is essential as a health conservation measure, that the purpose of the examination was not to debar the worker from industrial service, but rather to see that he rendered the maximum of service by being placed at work for which he was physically best fitted. Medical examination cards will be issued by the government recruiting agencies indicating the health of the worker and classifying him according to physical fitness.

By this method it is believed that communicable diseases will be early discovered and eradicated, their spread prevented, subnormal employes placed in occupations suited to their peculiar conditions, and the employment of those physically below par made possible.

WIT AND WISDOM

Cause for Thanksgiving.

An Irish farmer, waking up in the night, saw an apparition at the foot of the bed. He reached out for a gun and perforated the ghost with a bullet. In the morning he discovered that he had made a target of his own shirts.

"What did you do then?" inquired the friend to whom he told the story.

"I knelt down and thanked God that I hadn't been inside it," said the farmer piously.

Counting Money.

Talking about billions of dollars is different from dealing with concrete facts in reference to those immense sums. A daily paper says that an expert cashier can count four thousand dollar bills in an hour, or thirty-two thousand in a day. But to count a billion dollars would require his constant work, at that rate, day after day, for one hundred and two years!

In the Fashion.

"Mrs. Bings' new baby is just in the fashion."

"How do you mean?"

"It is such a red cross affair."

Would Be Represented.

A couple of old codgers got into a quarrel and landed before the local magistrate. The loser, turning to his opponent in a combative frame of mind, cried: "I'll law you to the Circuit Court."

"I'm willin'," said the other.

"An' I'll law you to the Supreme Court."

"I'll be thar."

"An' I'll law to 'ell!"

"My attorney'll be thar," was the calm reply.

Needed a Bishop.

A story is told about Mr. E. A. Perris, the new editor of the London Daily Chronicle.

It appears that some little time back he was chatting with another well-known editor, whose paper is not always to be relied upon for the accuracy of its statements.

"My dear fellow,' said Perris, "I think that what you want is a bishop on your staff."

"A bishop! Why?" asked the other in amazement.

"Because," answered Perris, with a smile, "some of the statements in your paper are in sore need of confirmation."

Minnie Duzzyt says: "A ring on the finger is worth fifty on the door bell."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says a jar of the best cold cream costs almost twice as much as it used to, but she guesses all dairy products have gone up.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, $3 per box; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

TODAY'S STORY

Twelve German spies in all were put to death in the Tower of London, during the war.

Germans, according to their own estimation are the most crafty people on earth, but the British secret service officers beat their formidable spy system which they set up to seek information about Britain's naval and military operations.

Long before the war Germany made preparations by establishing a spy organization with branches all over the world, and with agents ranging in position from domestic servants to imperial ambassadors. It wasa secret service that cost millions of money.

But Britain's secret service turned out to be infinitely cleverer than Germany's.

Indeed, by the time hostilities began, the Intelligence Department of the British War Office was able to report that Germany's spy organization was absolutely broken up, and that, generally speaking, there was nothing to fear except from newcomers.

The newcomers, however, proved to be fairly numerous and well supplied with money. They came from all parts of the world. Some were Germans; others were neutrals in Germany's pay. They all worked with wonderful persistence, and the way they tried to worm out the secrets of arsenals and dockyards was truly astonishing.

Lody, the prince of spies, and the first of twelve shot in the Tower, was a Government naval officer who travelled all over the country from Portsmouth to Scapa Flow, and nothing of importance escaped his vigilance.

Kupferle, who hanged himself in Brixton Prison on the morning he would have been found guilty at the Old Bailey, was an officer on the German Imperial Military Staff. He had arrived in London from the United States and passed himself off as a citizen of the U.S.A. He was one of the heads of the German spy organization in the United States, and it was his intention after staying in England for a few months to proceed to Switzerland to consult his agents there.

Both Lody and Kuepferle got valuable information, but with one exception they failed to transmit it to Germany. The British secret service officers kept them under close observation the whole time, knew precisely what they were doing and checkmated their efforts to communicate with Germany.

It was just the same with all the other spies. In their innocence they imagined that the decks were clear that the British authorities could be easily fooled, and that their letters, containing information written in invisible ink, were passed without question by stupid people in the Censor's Office, and transmitted to Rotterdam, the headquarters of Germany's spy organization.

The Canadian Club of Hamilton aims to call a conference of all Canadian Clubs in Canada to discuss the league of nations question.

In two days Hamilton people have given $36,781 toward the Salvation Army fund.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Me and Puds Simkins was wawking on Broad street last Sunday and who did we see wawking in frunt of Mary Watkins and some kid with bloomers instead of pants and a belt on the back of his coat jest for looks. Puds saying, G wizz, look at that.

Holey smoaks, look at that, I sed. G. whinikers. I wouldn't think Mary Watkins would wawk with enythink looking like that, sed Puds, I'd rather stay in the house than look at that

So would I holey G, I sed, if I was a gerl and enything looking like that tried to wawk with me I'd say, Hay, wat do you think this is, a perrade?

And Mary Watkins keep on wawking with him and tawking and laffing as if she thawt he was sumbody grate, and I sed, Wat do you say we wawk rite past her as if we dident even know she was there?

All rite, lets, sed Puds. And we quick wawked past her and she didont see us so we terned erround and tipped our hats to her. And after suppir pop was smoaking and thinking in the setting room, and I sed, pop, do you know those soots with bloomers and a belt on the back of the coat?

I know them well, sed pop.

Well do you think it would be all rite for me to get one? I sed and pop sed, I think it would be better for you to get a blooming good hiding with a belt on the side of the ear. Wat are you trying to do, turn into a mollie coddle.

No, sor, I sed, I dident say I wanted one. Io don't bleeve I'd ware one if I had one, theyre too sissey.

And I went out to see if there was enything doing.

Frederick Housen of Windsor dropped dead at his home there.

Mrs. Andrew McCormack, wife of Capt. A. McCormack of London, Ont., formerly a Halifax girl, died at the Victoria Hospital.

Seeing two ways at once is easy with our curved lenses. We fit them to conform with the shape of your eyeball thus giving a wider range of vision and preventing unnecessary eye-strain.

If you think you need glasses you need our service to tell rightly the kind you need.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

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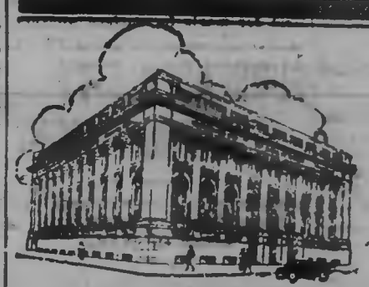

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Thrift
FOR CHILDREN

GIVE your son and daughter a lesson in thrift by opening for them a Savings Account in The Bank of Toronto. Help them add to it at regular intervals. The Thrift Habit acquired by the children will be worth more than the dollars it costs you.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

ASSETS: $84,000,000

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"Broken Ties" A DRAMA IN FIVE ACTS

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PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

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MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c. EVENINGS 15c

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GREAT VITAGRAPH FEATURE DRAMA

"The Beloved Imposter" Five Parts

Featuring GLADYS LESLIE and an All-Star Cast

Fourth Episode of the Million Dollar Serial **"The Iron Test"**

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BIG "V" COMEDY--Clean and Laughable

We have had some great Pictures lately and we really believe that to-day's program will be one of the best we have ever presented. **Come and Judge for Yourself-**

Admission Afternoons and Evenings . . . 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Matinee for School Children and others only 10c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

In reminding readers that one in every nine women die of cancer, I do not mean to frighten any one. One stands a still greater chance of succumbing to pneumonia or to cardiovascular disease. The purpose of mentioning these facts is to remind readers if there has been no known case of cancer in the family for a generation or two back, that is all the more reason to anticipate its possible recurrence in the family now, for no family can remain long exempt from cancer.

It is painful to contemplate how great a proportion of cancer victims are doomed through their own individual neglect. It is painful to think how many victims, knowing they have cancer, willfully refuse to submit to the only treatment which offers a reasonable chance of cure.

We know that a considerable share, probably one-half of all cancer deaths are preventable. They are preventable by early recognition of the nature of the trouble and immediate operation.

Ignorance is the cause of fully half the fatalities from cancer. For example, it is ignorance and nothing else in the world that prompts a woman to postpone seeking medical advice on the ground that it is indelicate or immodest to do so. No intelligent woman can possibly harbor such ideas. It is ignorance that prompts a man to experiment upon his stomach trouble instead of consulting a physician about it.

Cancer of the stomach is the most frequent situation in men and the symptoms are those of alleged "dyspepsia," developing after the age of 40. Cancer of the womb is the most frequent situation in women and the symptoms are those which fishwives assure the victim are caused by the "change of life"—a physiological event, by the way, which never causes symptoms.

Cancer usually develops in the site of some pre-existent lesion, either of the surface or of an internal part. A wart, a mole, a sore, the scar of an old laceration, an unhealed ulcer of the stomach, some such point of chronic or prolonged irritation offers a focus for the formation of cancer. The effect of prolonged irritation seems to be abnormal or irregular growth of the cells of the part, and that constitutes cancer.

Treatment by the X-ray and by radium, together with prompt and radical surgery, offers the best chance of a permanent cure of cancer. Treatment by X-ray following surgical treatment is especially helpful for the purpose of preventing recurrence in cases of cancer getatched from the surface.

Salted Peanuts Wholesome

"Please tell me whether it is healthy to eat salted peanuts and whether they are very hard to digest?

C.W."

Peanuts are very nutritious and as easily digested as any other food of equal nutritive value. For some people the addition of salt adds to their savoriness and hence helps digestion.

Baby's Eyes

"Our little girl 3 years old has had since birth a running of tears over her cheeks, especially trouble some when she is out of doors and the weather is the least bit cold. We were told that it was probably caused by the the nurse, who used a saturated boric acid solution (made from the boric crystals) for bathing the baby's eyes when she was born it there any way to overcome such a thing now?

Mrs. C. E. S."

A saturated solution of boric acid is quite the customary thing to use for bathing a newborn baby's eyes. Your description suggests chronic inflammation of the tearsack with or without ostruction of the tear ducts (which should drain tears into the nose.) Take the baby to an oculist for examination and treatment.

TO BE BURIED AT BONN

Bodies of Canadians Who Died Prisoners Will Be Exhumed.

London, Jan. 23.—There have been only eleven deaths among the Canadian troops which entered Germany. Their remains have been buried in the civilian cemetery at Bonn in a special plot. The bodies of Canadians who died prisoners in territory on both sides of the Rhine which has been occupied by Canadian or other British forces will be exhumed and again interred in this new burying ground. The spot will eventually be enclosed in maple trees.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Age before beauty—the century plant.

True love doesn't thrive well in a public garden.

Each experience a man has makes him either better or worse

JERUSALEM THE GOLDEN AS CITY APPEARS TO-DAY

Ancient Place, Hoary With Age, Feels a New Life Coursing Through Its Veins Since Its Conquest by the Allies.

My impressions of Jerusalem are of a "live town" full of newly awakened interests and special problems which will be watched absorbingly by the whole world, says a writer in a London newspaper.

Jerusalem is giddy with prosperity

The ancient city, hoary with age, sitting in its jewels and its rags amidst the baked and barren hills of Judaea, feels new life in its veins.

The British "Tommy" is here, and a Pactolian stream of piastres floods the shops, the bazaars, the very gutters.

None so meek, so dull, so unenterprising but can divert some of this torrent; and Turk, Jew and Gentile, shopmen, curio-sellers, restaurateurs, cabmen, guides, photographers, artisans, hucksters, barbers, shoe-blacks, and beggars are enjoying an affluence they have never known or dreamt of since King Solomon's day.

Jerusalem in war time has become very much like one of the numerous febrile, army-infested towns of Northern France, and in her streets a thousand allurements, from cheap jewellery to pink ice-cream, appeal irresistibly to the passing thousands of dust-colored soldiers.

"Poor Tommy"

Poor "Tommy"! you can't help having a little extra compassion for him in Jerusalem. He looks so bewildered. This isn't at all the Jerusalem of his boyhood's fancy. It isn't within a thousand miles of it.

As I write a band is discoursing lively waltz music in the principal garden off the Jaffa Road, which has now been converted into a sort of open canteen. Occasionally the music is drowned by the rumbling of heavy lorries or prolonged shriek of motor-horns, or punctuated by the shouts of vendors of cakes and lemonade who stand at the doors of their shops and accost the soldiers in execrable new-found English. One fellow, whose eye now and then is lifted to mine, has the impudence to bawl: "Hullo, hullo English! Good Stuff. Come in!"

Within, Jerusalem is a seething cauldron of speculation.

What is going to happen?

What is to be its political, social, economic, industrial, and architectural future?

The inhabitants are dimly awake that Conferences are going on, in which the Commander-in-Chief, General Allenby, the Military Governor, the Chief Administrator of Occupied Enemy Territory, the Mayor of Jerusalem, the Mufti, the Chief Rabbi, the American Commissioner, the English Bishop, and perhaps others, are taking part.

Amongst the more ignorant strange rumors are afloat. It is difficult to say who are the most excited—the Jews, who number more than half the population, the Moslems, or the Syrian and Armenian Christians. But there is little doubt that the Jews, ever since Mr. Balfour's pronouncement concerning Palestine, have the most confidence in their destiny. It is astonishing the effect which the Balfourian declaration has produced. You hear the name of the Jewry as if he were one of the ancient prophets and the deliverer of the race.

The Wailing Place is deserted. No one comes there now. For the first time in centuries the spectacle of the crouching Hebrew lifting up his voice in lamentations at the lost glories of Israel has wholly ceased. There is nothing to lament about. The sun shines on Zion.

Of course there is another side of the picture.

It is not an exaggeration to say that the Moslems and Syrians and Armenian Christians are nervous. For them the future of El Khuds and of Palestine under Jewish domination is not at all roesate. Many of them will tell you frankly that they will be obliged to emigrate. Already the manner in which the special trading privileges accorded to the Jews have been exercised indicates what their policy will be when they are given the full power they expect. "The Jew is clannish—exclusive! he has been kept down so long. Reaction will make him intolerant. We see clearly what is in store for us."

Meanwhile the Moslem is lying low; as low as Brer Rabbit or the Dead Sea.

The Mufti views the infidel's invasion, philosophically, and he, like the Sheikh of the Mosque of Omar, finds comfort in the present tide of prosperity. Also do they find comfort in the assurance given them by the British authorities that in the town-planning scheme now afoot the ancient wity within the walls is tb be untouched.

One measure of Turkish official taste is the breach in the wall made closs to the Jaffa Gate on the occasion of the Kaiser's famous visit in 1898 and the erection of that eyesore, the Kaiser's Clock Tower. This latter, at all events, one is rejoiced to hear, is to come down; the breach is to be filled up and the Jaffa Gate restored. The plans for the new city have been drawn by Mr. McLean, the Chief Engineer of Alexandria, who was responsible for the Khartum improvements.

The Holy City is hereafter to preserve her architectural soul secure from outside violation, and with this security may become one of the most beautiful, as it is the holiest, the most ancient, and the most interesting, city in the world.

FIRST OVER THE BORDER.

British cavalry entering Malmedy, the first town over the German border. Before the war it used to be a great tourist resort as is indicated by the signs on the hotel in both languages.

—British official photograph.

WOULD COMPEL EDUCATION

Quebec in Petition to Archbishop, Asked to Introduce Legislation.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—Archbishop Bruchesi has been presented with a petition signed by many prominent Roman Catholics, English and French speaking, asking for the passage by the Provincial Legislature of a law introducing compulsory education. The petition sets forth that too large a proportion of Montreal children leave school before having acquiring sufficient instruction, that about 50 per cent. of the Public school pupils leave after the fourth year, and that the children of farmers fall back into illiteracy in great numbers.

Babies' clothes in Bohemia are being made of paper, and the people of Prague say they are short of food, while Vienna gets plenty.

NO MORE KIDNEY TROUBLE

Since He Commenced to Take "Fruit-a-tives"

78 Lisgar Avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

"Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from *Liver and Kidney Trouble*. Having read of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising.

I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives', and I know now what I have not known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain".

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent prepaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

$60 A MONTH FOR LAKEFIELD MAN

WHO FILLS NEARLY EVERY CIVIC OFFICE IN GIFT OF COUNCIL.

Lakefield, Jan. 23.—The first regular meeting of the village council was held in the clerk's office Monday evening. Present were Reeve Moore in the chair, and Councillors McDonald, Porter, Smith and Young, all of whom signed the required declaration of office.

The minutes of the last regular and special meetings were approved.

The following committees were appointed:

Finance—Councillors Porter and McDonald.

Property—The whole council; Councillor McDonald, chairman.

Communications were read from the American Le France Co., the Patterson Mfg. Co., the R. S. Bickell Co., Dunlop Tire & Rubber Co., and the Canadian Reconstruction Co., which were, on motion, received.

On motion, the subscriptions to the Municipal World were ordered to be renewed.

Mr. G. B. Hilliard was appointed a member of the public library board for the years 1919-20-21.

The finance committee presented the following report and recommended the payment of several accounts:

Examiner Ptg. Co., advg.	$ .50
J. Charlton, repairs to fire engine	121.87
Hendren & Hunter, livery	1.00
R. Graham & Son, cotton	.65
W. J. Charlton, oats	42.50
J. Riddle, repairs	5.00
W. Sherin, repairs to hose	3.90
Lakefield News, printing	26.65
Ira Lennox, wages	8.00
W. Hill, wages	2.00
T. Sabatino, wages	2.00
Electric Light Co.	61.60
Municipal World	6.00
Total	$302.94

The report was, on motion, received and adopted.

Messrs. W. M. Graham and W. G. Morrison were appointed municipal auditors.

Mr. F. J. Burgess was appointed a member of the board of health.

Bylaw No. 559, entitled a bylaw to authorize the borrowing of money for the village of Lakefield for current expenditure received its several readings and was passed and sealed and signed by the reeve and clerk.

Mr. Jos. Watson was appointed to the combined offices of assessor, collector of taxes, road master, sanitary inspector, constable, and caretaker of the town hall and engine-room at the salary of $60 per month.

Moved and seconded by Councillors Porter and Young, that the clerk communicate with iron work companies and ascertain prices for piping suitable for main waterworks line.—Carried.

Moved and seconded by Councillors Smith and Porter, that the clerk be instructed to write to J. A. Sexsmith, M.P., inviting him to come to Lakefield at the earliest date possible to meet the council and discuss the matter of a new dam at Lakefield. That he be reminded that Lakefield was promised this dam when the war was over, and that the village looks to the Government for the fulfilment of the promise.—Carried.

Council then adjourned.

Ottawa merchants registered a protest against the proposed absorption of the Bank of Ottawa by the Bank of Nova Scotia.

Twenty-year-old Leslie West of Woodstock was taken to the county jail on a charge of setting fire to his father's barn.

The Salvation Army have raised 4,000 in the campaign at Galt, the total object being $5,000.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence)

Keene, Jan. 22.—The Keene curling team returned home last Wednesday from Peterboro, bringing with them the Neill trophy. The Keene Club feel very proud of Mr. Morris' rink winning the cup. Those playing were Messrs. J. J. Moore, vier; M. Kenneally, vier; George McIntyre, and Harold Roche. Each one received and individual prize of a handsome cassrole.

Mr. N. J. Morris spent the week-end with friends at the Victoria House.

Mr. Frank Masters, of New York, is visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Masters.

Mr. William Stewart is able to be out again after his two weeks' attack of the flu.

Mr James Dickson is spending a few days with friends in Smith Township.

Mr. R. E. Dickerson spent the past week with friends at Noville.

Mr. Stanley Braden, who has been quite ill the past week with the flu, is recovering nicely.

Dr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison, spent a few days the past week with Toronto friends.

Miss Lillian Wedlock, of Peterboro, spent the week-end with Keene friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O'Neil and daughter, Miss Jean, of Hastings, were Sunday guests of friends at the Victoria House.

Mr. Michael Bowie, of New York, is visiting friends in Keene and vicinity.

Mr. Wilson has purchased Keene mills from Mr. A. Kempt and took possession on Monday.

Master Thomas Keneally, of Peterboro, spent the week-end with Master James McCarthey.

Misses Isabell McCartey and Mary Armstrong, of Peterboro, spent the week-end at home.

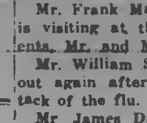
Mrs. John Wilson is visiting friends at Toronto.

Mr. Alfred Fletcher, who has been on the sick list the past week, we are pleased to report able to be out again.

Mr. Thomas Manley, of Wilmot, Sask, spent the past week at the home of Mr. William Brown.

Mr. J. A. Esson was in Toronto the past week on business.

Miss Lizzie Wilson has returned to Toronto after a pleasant month's visit at the home of her mother, Mrs. William Nelson.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures all forms of Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. Wood Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

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Asst. Secretary and Inspector

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Good Mixed Wood $10 per cord

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Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL

GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

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Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

TRAFFIC MANAGER IS OUT WITH FACTS

BEDFORD HAD BEEN GOING DOWN HILL FOR SEVERAL YEARS—IN FINE SHAPE AFTER TAKING TANLAC.

"For five years now I have been looking for something that would relieve my troubles and have found it at last in Tanlac," said George L. Bedford, of 5721 Central Ave., Kansas City, Mo., the other day. Mr. Bedford is well-known in business circles and holds the responsible position of traffic manager with the Gustin Bacon Manufacturing Company.

"For the past few years," he continued, "I have suffered constantly from stomach and liver trouble, and although I tried different kinds of treatments and diets I kept on getting worse all the time. My liver was so sluggish that it wouldn't act at all without my taking some kind of strong purgative. I had a sallow, unhealthy look and would get up in the morning feeling so dull and languid that I didn't have a bit of life about me. My food almost always gave me indigestion, and I would have a miserable feeling in the pit of my stomach and though what I had eaten as had formed a heavy lump there. I was badly constipated, and if I ate my lunch at noon, I would always have a mean headache right afterwards, and felt so drowsy and out of sorts that I could hardly do my work. I had always taken good care of myself and couldn't understand what was the cause of my trouble.

"Some three weeks ago I read a notice in the papers about Tanlac and decided I would investigate it. Well, I have only taken three bottles so far and I am actually feeling better today than I have for the past five years. My appetite is so much better that I enjoy all I eat and I can eat anything I want without having the least touch of indigestion afterwards. All that mean sluggish feeling is gone. I get up in the morning feeling fine and can work now without suffering from those awful headaches. My skin has cleared up, my liver is working right and that constipation has been removed. I have never taken a medicine that did me so much good as Tanlac and am glad to recommend it to everybody."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. B. Warne Drug Co. Ltd.; in Havelock, by A. C. Benke; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co. Ltd.; in Fowlers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Vielert, by A. E. Scott; in Westwood, by G. Pringle & Son.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, Jan. 23.—Lieut. Ivan Moore, who went overseas with the 109th Battalion and who has been twice wounded, arrived home Monday morning and received a hearty welcome in Lindsay before being conveyed to his home near Mount Horeb. Lieut. Moore visited friends in the village on Tuesday and received the glad hand on all sides.

Mr. Stephens of Peterborough was a business visitor to Omemee Tuesday.

Mr. Rabey of Buffalo, N. Y., visited his sister, Mrs. Cunningham, last week.

Mrs. S. Sluggitt and Mrs. L. A. Mahood were visitors to Peterborough Tuesday.

Mrs. Borland was a visitor to the village on Monday.

The death of Mrs. Wm. McCallum of Bobcaygeon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Brooks, which occurred last week, cast a deep gloom over the village. Mrs. McCallum having passed away in the bloom of young womanhood while on a visit to her parents. Left to mourn the loss of a fond and indulgent mother are four small children and a sorrowing husband, as well as the grief stricken parents, brothers and sisters of the deceased.

Mrs. H. R. Murray is visiting in Peterborough.

Sergt. Harold Cunningham returned from Kingston on Saturday, having received a temporary discharge for six months.

Miss Wakeland, of the staff of the Ross Hospital, Lindsay, is nurse in attendance on Mr. Walter Byers.

Tpr. Lowery Brooks, who has been taking treatment at Whitby Military Hospital, spent the week-end under the parental roof.

A number of the ladies of the Women's Institute called on Mrs. Cottingham at the home of her son, Mr. Herbert Cottingham, on Monday evening and surprised her by the presentation of a pie casserole prior to her departure for her new home in Oshawa.

Remember the kind acts of others and forget your own.

Heaven won't be exclusive enough to suit some people.

You can't be happy unless you try to make others happy.

A lawyer draws up a will in such a way that he can see a second fee when it is contested.

Yes, Herbert, there is more than one brand of smokeless powder that is dangerous to mankind.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Mrs. Page and children who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. Crawford for the past month returned to St. Catharines on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Nixon was a guest in Peterborough for a few days this week.

Miss Ada Nichols spent Friday in Peterboro.

Miss Gertie Shewan returned to St. Catharines on Thursday after spending her vacation with her sister Mrs. Crawford.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. White of Apsley were guests in the village this week.

Nurse Marjorie Allan who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Allan, Douro, returned to Kingston on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Spencer and Master Walter spent a couple of days in Peterboro this week.

Mrs. Sutton spent a few days in Peterborp this week.

Cadet W. E. Jones of the Royal Air Force and Mrs. Jones of Beamsville were guests in the village this week.

A number of Buckhorn friends came to the village on Friday evening to skate but were disappointed as the ice was too soft. They spent the evening at the Queen St. theatre and afterwards lunched at Alford's restaurant.

Dr. and Mrs Ginnemore spent Wednesday in Peterboro.

Mr. Roland Johnson is spending a few days in Toronto on business.

Messrs H. Richmond and Ed Bull of Warsaw were guests in the village on Tuesday.

Mrs. T. J. Webster spent a few days in Peterboro last week.

It is hoped that the people of Lakefield will respond liberally to the call the Salvation Army will make in the village, this week. This is the first call the Salvation Army has made to the people and it is hoped that they will give willingly remembering that "God loveth a cheerful giver." They have decided to raise a million dollars to be used to give comforts to the boys coming home, and to help the soldier's families. Keep this in mind and save your spare change for this.

Born—In Dummer on Thursday, Jan. 17, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Lloyd, a son.

Mr. Roland Payne spent Thursday in Campbellford on business.

Died—In Peterboro on Saturday Ada Lillian Hunter, age 18 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hunter. She leaves to mourn her loss her sorrowing parents, one sister Mrs. P. W. Gilbert and two brothers, Bert and Roland. The remains were interred in the Lakefield cemetery on Monday.

Miss E. Griffin has handed in the following report for the Soldiers' Comforts Club for December.

Receipts

Cash on hand	$ 5 26
Fees	5 60
Needles	90
Telephone party	61
Sale of Cakes	3 10
Interest	05
Donations, curlers and veterans	100 00
Mr. E. Milburn	5 00
Miss K. Train	1 00
Mrs. E. Watley	1 00
Mr. W. Sherin	5 00
A Friend	40 00
	$167 52

Expenditures

J. A. Porter, sugar and coffee	$2 85
Needles	50
Dishwashing	1 00
P. Johnson, on acct	120 00
Balance on hand	43 17
	$167 52

E. Griffin, Treas

Mr. and Mrs. H. Dunsford of Douro are visiting friends in Willberforce.

Mr. Judson Hill is taking a course in the Peterboro Business College.

In Smith on Tuesday evening, Mrs. Sarah Chittick was united in marriage to Mr. Robert Duff. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. L. Juil.

The long expected chemical fire engine arrived in the village on Tuesday. The engine was purchased from the R. S. Hickell Co., Toronto. Four hundred feet of hose was also purchased and will be connected to F. J. Moore's mill pump. Another six hundred feet have been filed and it is expected it will arrive any time.

A very quiet ceremony was conducted by Rev. P. L. Juil on Wednesday when Miss Alice McFadden of Burleigh was united in marriage to Mr. Joseph White of Ribstone Alta.

Following are the vital statistics for the village of Lakefield for the year 1918. Births 15, marriages 14, deaths 12.

Rev. B. Davies is spending a few days in Toronto on business.

Mrs. Vanatter and daughter who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Morrison left on Tuesday for Cuba.

Born—Hendren, in Lakefield, on Sunday, Jan. 12., to Mr. and Mrs. G. Hendren, a daughter.

The Anglican Young People's Association had a surprise birthday party for three of their members on Monday evening. The members came attired in "poverty clothes" which caused much amusement. The evening was spent in games, after which a taffy pull was much enjoyed. The three members were presented with their birthday presents which consisted of all day sticks and a box of home made candy, after which refreshments were served.

ASSESSOR HENRY GETS ASSISTANT

FINANCE COMMITTEE WILL SO RECOMMEND TO THE CITY COUNCIL.

City Assessor Henry came before the meeting last night to explain the needs of his office in regard to help. His clerk was leaving him on account of the removal of her family to Toronto. He felt that a young man should be appointed in case he should at any time become ill and so be rendered unfit to carry on the work. In such an event he might be able to go out and do some work which it would be impossible for a girl to do.

He had no one in mind for the position, but agreed with the members of the committee that a returned soldier, provided he was capable of filling the position, should get the first opportunity. He thought the committee should give him some idea of what they would pay a man should he procure one.

This matter was discussed by the members of the committee. They agreed upon the desirability of having a man for the position, but when it came to setting a salary experienced a considerable amount of difficulty. Alderman Turner felt that the matter should be left entirely with Mr. Henry to settle and he could send in a recomendation to the Council in regard to the salary to be paid. If it was not satisfactory it would be voted down.

Mayor Duncan persisted in his opinion that Mr. Henry should be given some idea of what the Council might be expected to pay. The matter was disposed of by Alderman Turner introducing a resolution which was seconded by Alderman Edgar, giving Mr. Henry authority to make arrangements with a man for his assistant, preferably a returned soldier, and that he make recommendation to the Council. The salary was fixed at $750 to commence with, increasing at the rate of $50 per annum until $1000 is reached.

A motion was passed recommending that the Council pay to the Board of Education the sum of money required for the month of February.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs for the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

VISITED BATTLEFIELDS.

Megan Lloyd George accompanied the British Prime Minister on a tour of the battlefields of the Marne and Aisne.

The average man wastes a lot of time telling other people things they don't care to hear.

War to Peace

Article No. 7 Cut out for Reference.

Bringing Our Soldiers' Dependents to Canada

IN England, there is a colony of Canadian women who went overseas in order to be near their husbands. There are also in England and France many women who married Canadian soldiers and have never seen Canada.

It is one of the duties that Canada has incurred through the war to bring back these dependents of our soldiers with all speed, and to help establish their home life.

Up till the time the Armistice was signed, some 22,000 women and children were returned. There still remain about 50,000 to be brought back.

These 50,000 soldiers' dependents will be returned to Canada at the public expense. Those who have already arrived in Canada since November 11th, 1918, will have their ocean and railway fare refunded by the Government.

The facilities for transporting soldiers and their dependents are limited to about 30,000 monthly. Therefore, women and children will be returned to Canada at the rate of about 5,000 to 7,000 each month. Many of the women will be accompanied by their husbands. On every boat carrying 200 or more unaccompanied women there is a Y.W.C.A. secretary.

At the Ports.

To these 50,000 returning women and children every care is being given. Until they reach the shores of Canada they are in charge of the Overseas Militia Department.

At HALIFAX they are welcomed by the Women's Reception Committee, composed of women who have been engaged in war activities. This committee has been organized for nearly two years and has been doing splendid work.

At ST. JOHN there is also a committee representing all the organizations interested. This committee, although more recently formed, is giving excellent service. The National Y.W.C.A. has assigned two secretaries for work at this port.

On each of these Committees there is a trained nurse to give necessary attendance.

At the ports the organizations meet every boat. Locate the women's luggage. Take charge of the babies. Bring the women to a cosy rest room. Here cots and baths are provided for the children. Hot lunch can be secured. Overnight accommodation is arranged.

Women who are too sick to proceed on their journey are taken to the local hospitals. Women who are without money receive assistance from the Patriotic Fund; are provided with lunch baskets and money to buy meals on the train.

These organizations also secure the railroad tickets for the women, get their money changed, give them such information as they need. The workers accompany the women to the train.

The Repatriation Committee have a nurse, trained in social work, lent by the Victorian Order of Nurses to act as the committee's representative at each port.

On the Train.

On each train carrying unaccompanied women and children there is a Red Cross nurse, experienced in social service who has been enrolled by the Canadian Association of Graduate Nurses. This nurse carries with her first aid supplies and an emergency fund of money furnished by the Red Cross Society.

Telegrams are sent ahead to the local branch of the Patriotic Fund and to the local Reception Committees giving the number who will arrive.

On Arrival.

The Rotary Clubs of Canada have undertaken to provide motor cars to take the women and children from the station to their homes.

The Patriotic Fund have undertaken to provide temporary accommodation and other necessary assistance at cities and towns en route and at points of destination.

The main function of this nation-wide organization is to care for soldiers' dependents. It is therefore fitting that they should be responsible for arrangements for all the returning women and children.

Many other well-known organizations have been doing admirable work—meeting trains, providing rest-rooms, canteens and hostels and generally caring for the women and children. It is important that these organizations continue this work and co-operate as closely as possible with the Patriotic Fund.

Director of Repatriation

FROM WAR TO PEACE

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

HAVELOCK

Havelock, Jan. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. H. F. McNichol were in Peterborough on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Quinn and baby spent Saturday in Peterborough.

Miss Mae Foley was in Toronto for a few days last week.

Mr. Louden Butters of Toronto is spending a few days in town the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Benj. Haig.

Mr. Charles McNicholl of town is visiting at his home in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Quinn are visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Ghent spent the week-end at the latter's home in Madoc.

Mr. Wm. Dineen of Peterborough was in town last week renewing old acquaintances.

Mrs. Benson McNichol of Toronto who has been the guest of her son, H. F. McNichol, for the past four weeks, returned to her home on Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Wilde of town has been accepted as a probationer in the training school for nurses at the Kingston General Hospital.

Mr. Harold Patterson, Melville, Sask., is visiting in town.

Mr. Wm. Webb of Toronto was in town last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Dixon of Stirling spent Sunday in town the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kelsey.

The I. O. D. E. social held last week at the home of Mrs. Robt. Hay was a decided success, the proceeds amounting to about $50.

Among the returned heroes on the Olympic were three local soldiers, namely: Pte. Gilbert Herrington, who went overseas in May, 1915, and spent thirteen months in the trenches before being wounded. He has since that time been in England. Corporal Geo. Pollock, who enlisted December 1, 1916; he was gassed at the Arras front, and has been in England since July of last year. Pte. Wm. Parcels, who was wounded last summer. Pte. Parcels had a brother killed in action about the same time he was wounded. All three boys speak well of the accommodation on the Olympic and all are more than glad to be back in Canada again.

T. W. Ricketts, of Hamilton, found a pearl valued at $40 while eating oysters.

A shoemaker is not necessarily greedy because he is always on the make.

When a farmer puts his hand to the plow he soon turns back—the soil.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

When the office seeks the man, he has a strangle hold on it.

The deserving poor are often those who don't deserve to be poor.

Some men are troubled with taxes and others are taxed with troubles.

It is better to keep in the old rut than to climb out only to fall into the ditch by the wayside.

When you visit a three ball merchant it is two to one that the rest you'll get in the worst of it.

When a young man takes a pretty girl for a boat ride he is seldom content with hugging the shore.

A man loses lots of money experimenting with sickness to make money without work.

What Music Means in the Home

A GREENE PIANO will give your family more real pleasure than almost anything you can think of.

A Piano is admittedly the ideal factor in home-making. It brings a sense of pleasure even before it is played, and its entertaining and educating influence is one of the strongest that can be introduced into the family circle

No child can be said to be thoroughly educated who has not studied and learned to love music.

Our policy has always been to sell only such lines as we could absolutely guarantee to our customers. In keeping with this policy, we decided to place our name on a piano of proved merit as an assurance to you that it is backed by a firm of the highest standing.

In any of the several finishes

THE GREENE PIANO

has pleasing outlines, but, most important of all, it has a rich, full tone which immediately endears it to the hearts of all lovers of music.

Hear the Greene Piano—its melody will convince you that it is a piano of unusual merit.

Ask for Mr. Leader

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC COMPANY, LIMITED

The Home of Good Music

GREENE MUSIC BUILDING, CHARLOTTE STREET.

Hugh Robertson, Veteran, Will Be In Charge Of Employment Bureau

Quarters Have Been Secured in Old Snowden House Block and Place Will Be Open for Business in a Few Days.

There will be a Government Employment Office in operation in this city within the next few days. Mr. Hugh Robertson, a returned soldier and labor man, will be in charge and the agency will be located in quarters that have been secured in the basement of the Snowden hotel block recently converted into an apartment house.

Capt. Burnham recently wrote the Minister of Labor on this subject and this morning received the following reply:

Dear Mr. Burnham,

As I promised I took up with Dr. Riddell, Superintendent of Employment Service for Ontario, the question of opening an employment office in Peterboro.

This morning I am in receipt of a letter advising that an office will be opened there in the very near future, and that office accommodation was secured there on Friday last.

This, I trust, will meet the need of Peterboro citizens.

Yours very truly,

G. D. ROBERTSON.

Mr. H. C. Hudson the provincial inspector of the labor bureaus that are being established was in the city the other day and had a conference with Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M. L.A., who assisted him in securing office rooms. The new quarters will be fitted up at once and the bureau will be in full operation by next week at the latest.

Mr. Hugh Robertson, who will be in charge of the office, was recommended for the position by the Trades Council, a recommendation that was backed up by Mr. Gillespie, when Inspector Hudson was in the city the other day. Mr. Robertson has been called to Toronto where he will receive instructions in his new duties.

Mr. Robertson is a native of this city, a member of the Molders' Union and of the pioneer labor unionists in Peterboro. He spent nearly four years in the service and is now suffering from the effects of his military service for which he draws an annual pension. Three of his brothers also enlisted. He was rejected at his first application but he went from one recruiting office to another until finally the doctors passed him.

Everyone feels that thechoice is an admirable one and labor and veterans alike will be given a fair show for Mr. Robertson's administration.

FIRING SQUAD WENT ON STRIKE

GERMAN SOLDIERS WHO REFUSED TO SHOOT NURSE EDITH CAVELL.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—Captain Bob Pearson, a Methodist minister who joined the Canadian Expeditionary Force as a combatant officer early in the war and who was elected to the Alberta Legislature as one of the soldier representatives, passed through Ottawa from Bonn, Germany.

Capt. Pearson tells a new story of the last moments of Edith Cavell, as told him by nurses who had worked with her. One hour before her execution she wrote a letter to another nurse, who had become a victim of the drug habit as an anodyne to the horrors of war, but who had promised to give it up. In her last letter Nurse Cavell told this girl to keep her promise, and that the feeling that she would do so would help her to die happy.

Capt. Pearson added that he was informed by these nurses that the first firing squad told to shoot Miss Cavell mutinied and would not do it. Another squad was soon obtained, however.

Lloyd George and his daughter have been on a motor trip to Chateau Thierry and other scenes of battle.

REVIEW WANT ADS PAY.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHAT DOES "PEBLO" MEAN?

"PEBLO" is the registered name of the highest quality eyeglass lens that is made in the world's best factories. "PEBLO" Glasses carry a guarantee with them that is backed by Dr. Fowler's fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough. Satisfaction is assured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm B Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Raise Salary Of Lakefield Pastor

REV. J. F. JULL'S SERVICES IN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH APPRECIATED.

(Special to The Review.)

Lakefield, Jan. 23.—The annual meeting of Lakefield Presbyterian congregation was held in the church on Tuesday evening last. The meeting was one of the best in the history of the congregation. The various reports showed a considerable measure of progress throughout the year. The membership roll showed a net increase of 16. The debt was reduced by $300, with a good prospect of being entirely wiped out within the new few weeks.

Envelope and plate collections increased from $1886 to $1507 and missions from $168 to $389.01. The young people and their friends purchased and paid for a new piano for the school room. The W.M.S. and S. S. also reported a successful year.

The congregation requested the National Service Committee to recommend some suitable form of memorial for the soldiers of the congregation, decided to adopt the policy of an annual every-person canvas for ordinary revenue and missions and increased the stipend of the pastor, Rev. P. L. Juel, by $100.

After the business had been transacted the congregation spent a very pleasant social hour together in the school room.

Toronto Burglar Goes to Gallows

FRANK MCCULLOUGH IS FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER OF CONSTABLE WILLIAMS.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Showing hardly any signs of emotion other than a biting of his lower lip, Frank McCullough, who for the last two days has been on trial for the murder of acting Detective Frank Williams on November 19, received his sentence at the hands of Justice Rose at 8.50 last night, whereby he will be hanged in Toronto jail on Friday, May 2, 1919. The trial throughout had been marked by the prisoner's apparent indifference, and up to last night he remained true to his pre-established boast made on the night of his arrest, when he declared that "no tears would go to the gallows with him."

His counsel, T. C. Robinette, K.C., before the sentence, asked that he be given as much time as possible to appeal for commutation. If the evidence warranted it, an application for a re-hearing would be made.

McCullough appeared quite cool and collected when the jury went out for the first time, and chatted unconcernedly with his guards and members of the detective force. The only time he showed any evidence of his feelings was when the jury came back to have W. D. Cross' evidence re-read to them.

Pays For Petting Fancy Canine

London, Ont., Jan. 23.—While stopping to stroke a pet dog, Mrs. C. Fidler of Mount Pleasant avenue had the lobe of her ear snapped off by the animal. Several stitches were required to bind the remaining portion of the ear together, but the wound is healing, and there is little danger of complications.

SURGEONS WERE BOUND TO TABLE

IN THIS POSITION THEY REMOVED SOLDIER'S APPENDIX ON TRANSPORT.

New York, Jan. 23.—Two army surgeons, lashed to an improvised operating table, removed the appendix of Corporal E. O. Williams, of the 56th Artillery, while the cruiser South Dakota was being rocked by forty-foot waves at sea, it was learned upon the arrival of the ship here.

The South Dakota nosed into port after a stormy voyage just ahead of the cruiser Montana, after a race across the Atlantic, which started at Brest, France, on January 4. The South Dakota brought 1,541 troops and teh Montana 1,311.

Two days out from Brest Corporal Williams was stricken with a severe attack of appendicitis. Despite the fact that the ship was storm tossed, the surgeons decided that an operation was necessary.

Tie Doctors to Table.

Capt. J. M. Lubby stopped the cruiser. While forty-foot waves rocked her, Williams was placed on an improvised operating table. To either side of the table Major Cresman and Lieut. C. A. Wood, U. S. army surgeons, lashed themselves. Between lurch s ace op ration was performed, and the patient was removed to the sick bay.

When the South Dakota reached the army piers at Hoboken, Williams was removed to St. Mary's Hospital, where it is said he is doing nicely and will recover.

During the storm the pilot house of the South Dakota was wrecked while Capt. Lubby, Commander R. F. Caldwell, Lieut. Montgomery and three quartermasters were in it. The three first named officers were badly cut and bruised and the quartermasters were so badly hurt, they have been in the sick bay since the accident.

Fired Last Shot of War.

Among the officers on the South Dakota was Capt. H. C. Carpenter of Battery C, 66th Coast Artillery, who, according to members of his organization, fired the last shot of the war. At any rate Capt. Carpenter sent over one shot near Sedan between 10:58 and 11 a.m. on November 11, the day the armistice was signed.

"But I took pity on the poor devils and fired into the air," Capt. Carpenter said, regarding the incident.

Assassin Caught In Toils At Last

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 23.—General Kramil Malond Pasha, who is said to have been responsible for the massacre of the Greeks and Armenians, has been arrested according to a report received here from Constantinople.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 16 FIXED FOR NATIONAL INTERCESSION

Ottawa, Jan. 23. — Sunday, Feb. 16, has been fixed by the Government as a National Day of Intercession that the deliberation of the Peace Conference may result "in the establishment of a world-wide peace on a just and permanent foundation."

There is now an ample supply of sugar available in Canada, and a considerable quantity for export.

LADIES! DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Use Grandma's Sage Tea and Sulphur Recipe and Nobody will Know

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates gack to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appear, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is mussy and out-of-date- Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get this famous old preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, which can be depended upon restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it, and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark and glossy.

DEMANDS $50 FOR AN INJURED EAR

CITY OFFERS TO SETTLE WITH MR. PERRY FOR $35.

At the meeting of the Legal Committee last night Alderman Garside reported upon a rather peculiar accident of which Mr. W. J. Perry was the victim and as a result of which he demands damages.

While riding a bicycle along Chamberlain street a short time ago he turned out to pass a vegetable wagon and the branch of a tree pierced his ear drum in such a manner as to necessitate the services of a physician to extract it.

Mr. Perry was confined to his home for a week as a result of his mishap and at once consulted a lawyer as to his chances of making the city come across with enough money to reimburse him for the loss of time which he valued at $35 and the doctor's fee, which amounted to $5. The lawyer informed him that his chances in this connection were the brightest imaginable and tacked another $10 fee onto the $40 which he already demanded. This made Mr. Perry's bill as presented to the Council $50.

Alderman Garside stated that he had no doubt as to the extent of Mr. Perry's injury as he had himself examined the lacerated eardrum but he did express the utmost surprize at the $10 fee demanded by the lawyer.

In accordance with the advice of the police who reported upon the accident and the suggestion of Mr. Garside the offending tree has been trimmed.

A motion was passed authorizing Alderman Garside to offer Mr. Perry $35 to reimburse him for his loss of time which was to be paid by the city treasurer upon the former signing a release of his claim.

Switzerland Asks Access to Seas

Paris, Jan. 23.—The views and desires of the Swiss Federal Council, whose President, Gustave Ador, is now in Paris to present to President Wilson, Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George and other allied statesmen, include particularly a request for international compacts giving Switzerland access to the sea by way of the Rhine, the Rhone and the Po. Switzerland also desires to obtain the right of traffic over important railroads to the sea, and to the eastern countries of Europe.

Air Route to All The Dominions

London, Jan. 23.—At a banquet given by the Imperial Air Fleet Committee to celebrate Great Britain's victory in the air over Germany, Gen. Seely said air routes to all the great Dominions of Great Britain must be secured, and that he saw no reason why, in the lifetime of nearly all those present, there should not be great air roujes to every part of the British Empire, including Canada, Newfoundland, India and even the most distant parts of the Pacific Ocean. He added that in the effort to increase traffic throughout the world at large Great Britain meant to secure first place in generous rivalry.

CITY COUNCIL TO WELCOME MR. TAFT

WILL PAY EXPENSES OF DINNER TONIGHT AT THE EMPRESS.

It was after ten o'clock last night the Legal Committee got down to business with Alderman Turner in the chair. Ex-President Taft's visit today occasioned some discussion in regard to the reception to be tendered him.

Chairman Turner outlined the program which had been set for the day and which was published in Wednesday's papers. The council will attend the dinner at the Empress this evening and as many of them as desire will then proceed to the Grand Opera House where they have been invited to occupy seats upon the platform during Mr. Taft's address. As the Council are welcoming the American visitor on behalf of the city it was felt as a matter of principle that the expenses connected with the dinner should be paid by the municipality. At the meeting in the Opera House, however, the members of the council will pay their own way.

Mr. Carvell's Visit

In connection with Mr. Carvell's visit on Friday it was decided to engage the Grand Opera House as the most suitable place in which to have him speak. When he arrives he will be met by Chairman Turner, Mayor Duncan and Capt. Burnham, M.P., and will be shown about the city until evening when the council will entertain him to dinner in the Empress Hotel. Arrangements have been made with the Veterans' Band to play at 7.30 in front of the Empress and later in front of the Opera House.

STUDENTS TO BE PHYSICALLY FIT

CANDIDATES FOR UNIVERSITY COURSE MUST SUBMIT TO MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

The University of Toronto will require all male students in the future to undergo a physical examination at the hands of the university medical officer for the purpose of locating any physical disabilities and prescribing a suitable course of physical training in order to overcome the defect.

Sir Robert Falconer stated that the university would not adopt the system about to be introduced in several of the large American universities of requiring all male students before enrolling to undergo a thorough medical examination for the purpose of learning if they were suffering from any physical ailment which would render it impossible for them to carry on the work of the university as well as on to mental alertness and if necessary refuse them admission. Sir Robert stated that such a course was both impracticable and impossible in connection with the local university. He intimate dthat the compulsory physical examination inaugurated two years ago in connection with military drill would be continued despite the fact that drill has been cancelled, temporarily at least.

COMFORT, STYLE, ECONOMY
There are big features of
THE BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scout Brand
Ask to see them at your dealer's and when you ask ask for "Ballantyne's"
S. H. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR CROSS, SICK FEVERISH CHILD

IF LITTLE STOMACH IS SOUR, LIVER TORPID, OR BOWELS CLOGGED.

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels and you have a well, playful child again. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, and they become tightly packed, liver gets sluggish and stomach disordered.

When, cross, feverish, restless, see if tongue is coated, then give this delicious "fruit laxative." Children love it, and it can not cause injury. No difference what ails your little one—if full of cold, or a sore throat, diarrhoea, stomach-ache, bad breath, remember, a gentle "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no smaller size. Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

NEGRO SOLDIERS ARE FINE GUARDS

HUNS UNABLE TO ESCAPE WHILE COLORED MEN WATCH THEM.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 23. — In the field artillery training camp at Coequidan, France, where the units of the Dixie division now stationed at Camp Gordon, received their finishing touches, there was a large number of German and Austrian prisoners at work or in the stockades. The Southern men were proud of the manner in which the negro soldiers of the South guarded the Hun prisoners.

Feared by Prisoners.

"There wasn't a single chance in the world for a prisoner to get away as long as a Georgia negro equipped with a bayonet was in the job," said one of the Savannah men in the 117th. "The negro guards made no bones about their desire to be given the opportunity of seeing what 'eho nuff' bayonet fighting felt like, and the German prisoners feared them worse than they did anything on earth. When a Georgia negro guard ordered Fritzie, at the point of a bayonet, to 'lift dat garbage can to dat wagon and show some speed,' Frits gave an exhibition of perfect obedience never witnessed by officers of the kaiser.

"Three or four hundred Hun prisoners were often assigned to a single guard and never one attempted to get away. In the first place, they were well fed and housed and were much better off than they were in the German army, and in the second place they had a mortald read of cold steel and a tremendous respect for the negro soldier's ability to use it.

Liked Negro's Singing.

"While fearing the American negro soldiers worse than they did the kaiser, the Fritzies were deeply interested in the singing of the negro troops. While a file of singing colored soldiers marched by where the Hun prisoners were working industry was suspended while the prisoners listened in amazement.

"One of them expressed to me his intense surprise that such fighters could sing so beautifully."

KNOX CHURCH CHOIR.

Knox Church choir will meet at 206 Sherbrooke street tonight at 8 o'clock.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself.

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 30 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 30 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 25 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

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Advertisements marked "till forbid" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 20c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding twelve lines. All words over the limit 2c per each.

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mill Wood. We have on hand a small quantity of mill wood sawn, 16 inches long, to clear out this lot we offer it delivered to any part of the city at the following low prices:—Pine at $4.00 per team load; Hemlock at $5.00 per team load. Cash with order. Estate of A. McDonald.

FOR SALE—Bungalow. New modern seven-roomed brick bungalow. Residental district; seven minutes walk from Post Office. Apply 61, Hunter street, or phone 1037j.

FOR SALE—High-class Piano, practically new. Owner leaving city. Apply 6 Moldrum Apartments.

FOR SALE—Nice Black Fox Muff with white hair through it. Apply Review for address.

LOST.

LOST—Ayredale terrier, answering to name "Paddy." Finder please notify C. Curtis, Phone 509w.

LOST—In Royal Theatre, Wednesday night, 22nd instant, lady's black leather satchel, containing quantity of money, doctor's receipt, some silver and other articles. Reward. Apply at Review Office.

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GORDON, WEDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
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DR. ADA G. WALKERLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Dixon Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 134 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 949 Res. 949.

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taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
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Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
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141 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can bring.
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
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Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
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DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 342 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 238.

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F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m.; 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 215. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Mouldings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

PROPOSED GERMAN FEDERATION.

The map presents the Federation of Germany, as it will be if the constitution planned by the Ebert Government is approved. Prussia will be divided into ten states as follows: 1, Silesia, with German Posen and German East Bohemia; 2, East and West Prussia; , Brandenburg, Pommern and Mecklenburg; 4, Greater Berlin and suburbs; 5, Hanover and Schleswig-Holstein; 6, North Central Republic; 7, Westphalia and Lippe; 8, Rhineland; 9, Hesse; 10, Thuringian States. The other states will be: 11, Saxony; 12, Baden; 13, Wurtemburg; 14, Bavaria; 15, Austria; 16, Vienna and suburbs.

Cave Dwellers in France.

In prehistoric times, when man had to fight with wild beasts not only for food but for life, he found a welcome refuge in grottoes and caverns. But as soon as humanity had achieved some degree of progress in civilization our ancestors forsook these primitive natural shelters for more comfortable dwellings. Our readers, therefore, remarks the Scientific American, doubtless imagine that the troglodyte ceased to exist many centuries ago, at any rate in Europe. Yet even today there may be found Frenchmen who live underground only a few hundred kilometers from Paris.

Charm of a Rabbit Foot.

An explanation of the marvelous and mysterious properties of the rabbit foot as a good luck piece is to be found in the fact that witchcraft regarded the rabbit as a particularly mystical animal. The favorite disguise of the witches of old was to take the form of a rabbit—a close second was the cat—and records again and again show convictions and executions of women for the fearful crime of changing themselves into rabbits. A rabbit foot was a potent charm against the evil spells of the witch-rabbit.

Needed Qualifications.

Earnest Youth—"Father, what qualifications do you need to be a member of the Supreme court?" Father—"You have to be thoroughly respectable, honorable beyond reproach, and be able to write English in such a way that no other lawyer will be quite sure what you mean."—Life.

Insane Pretend Insanity.

A rather paradoxical message comes from the Paris Medical. In general, it seems, the doctor is not lightly to dismiss insanity which is obviously simulated. A pathological basis should be sought. There are cases where the patient is insane to pretend to be insane.

Speed Machine Most Needed.

To save labor and space in large post offices, a New Jersey man has invented a letter-sorting cabinet in which the letters are dropped into narrow slots and fall down chutes into larger compartments.

Why Breakfast Was Bum.

"What are you so grouchy about?" "Had a bum breakfast this morning." "I know. These pesky cooks—" "It was worse than that. Had to get it myself."—Kansas City Journal.

Maintaining One's Rights.

If it be a duty to respect other men's claims, so also is it a duty to maintain our own. That which is sacred in their persons is sacred in ours also.—Herbert Spencer.

Sponges.

The wet, flat lands of Ecuador produce a vine yielding fruit which, when dried, forms a sponge considered by some persons superior to animal sponges.

Still They Will Happen.

Mistakes will happen, but the difference between a good man and a poor one is that the good man is always on guard.—Detroit Free Press.

Spasmodic Sermon.

No matter how anxious a girl may be to get married quietly she'll find that it can't be done without ceremony.—Indianapolis Star.

The Only Way.

The only way to regenerate the world is to do the duty that lies nearest us.—Kingsley.

Hours of Relaxation.

"The neighbors object to your running the lawnmower at 6 o'clock in the morning," said Mrs. Crosslots.

"Which neighbors?" asked her husband.

"The ones who play the phonograph till 2 o'clock in the morning."

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Live stock receipts light, trade steady.

Choice export	$13.50	$14.50
Choice butchers	10.00	11.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.50
Feeding steers	9.50	10.00
Ewes	8.00	9.00
Lambs	13.50	14.00
Hogs, f. a. w.	16.50	17.00
Hogs, f. o. b.	15.00	15.50
Calves	15.00	16.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Geese	32	32
Eggs	65	65
Butter	55	55
Pork	26	28
Beef	18	20
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

There were no ducks or turkeys offered at last Saturday's market.

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers' stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25

Happiness Above All.

He is a fool and worse than a fool who trades his happiness for any other thing that the world has to offer. If with a crust you are happy, do not trade the crust for a feast. If you buy a fortune with a penny and lose happiness, you have made the worst of bargains.—Aristotle.

Shedding Light.

There are persons whose very presence spells cheer and inspiration. There may be times when we can do nothing to help our friends, but we can always be something to help them if our own lamp of faith and love burns clear.

Eucalyptus' Superiority.

A cedar tree requires more than a century to grow large enough to yield a 30-foot telephone pole. The eucalyptus will attain a larger growth in 30 years and its wood is quite as durable.

Do It.

Aristotle said that the way to learn to do a thing is by doing it. If the saying be applied to the things of the mind as well as to the things done by the hand, great good will come of it.

Optimistic Thought.

A brave man dies but once; while he that lives in constant fear of death every moment feels its tortures.

Occasionally.

Occasionally a truthful man goes fishing.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Soldiers Home — THE SALVATION ARMY — Coming Campaign

Endorsed by the Highest Civil and Military Authorities

The Campaign that is being made on behalf of the Salvation Army to finance its Home and Overseas Work among Homecoming Soldiers and their families, receives the support and endorsement of all who foresee the tremendous problems arising out of the Repatriation.

The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

THIS WEEK

H.M. King George V.

KING GEORGE:

"Have for many years watched with deep interest your work for the people, especially the less fortunate citizens of the Empire. Think the work is carried on with great ability and unselfish zeal. Trust it will go forward in all parts of the world, and that the blessing of God will continue to rest upon you."

The Duke of Devonshire

DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE:

"Best wishes for the success of your Red Shield Drive for $1,000,000 for Canadian Home and Overseas Work of the Salvation Army. I hope this "drive" will be generously supported by the people of Canada."

Sir Robert Borden

SIR ROBERT BORDEN:

"Very glad to send my best wishes for every success in the endeavor of the Salvation Army to raise a million dollars for its Canadian home and overseas work.

"The efforts of the Salvation Army in aid of the National purpose is worthy of the highest appreciation, and I confidently hope that such support will be given as is necessary to sustain your effort to the end."

FIELD MARSHAL SIR DOUGLAS HAIG:

"Glad of opportunity of congratulating the Salvation Army on service its representatives have rendered during past year to British Armies in France."

Gen Sir Douglas Haig

HON. N. W. ROWELL:

"I wish you every success in your Demobilization and Reconstruction Million Dollar Campaign. The War Work of the Salvation Army is deserving of support of all good citizens. I heard nothing but appreciation of it when overseas."

President Wilson

PRESIDENT WILSON:

"Very much interested to hear of the campaign the Salvation Army has undertaken to support its war activities, and want to take the opportunity to express my admiration for the work that it had done and my sincere hope that it may be fully sustained."

Theodore Roosevelt

THEODORE ROOSEVELT:

"There are few thinkers nowadays who do not recognize in the Salvation Army an invaluable social asset, a force for good, who work effectively in those dark regions where, save for these forces, only evil is powerful."

And, Best of All, Endorsed by the Soldiers Themselves

Read what Sergt. Turley, of the G.W.V.A., says: "Our comrades over there have earned all the happiness we can give them, in peace and war, and we who have been fortunate enough to return from the battlefield will help the Salvation Army attain its objective."

SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

Can't Read Their Own Fortunes.

"San Francisco Police Raid Fortune Tellers."—Headline. One of the things we have never been able to understand is why fortune tellers, seers, prophets and necromancers are never able to forecast activity on the part of the police.—Rochester Post Express.

Eggs in Newspaper.

To keep eggs fresh for seven or eight weeks or so wrap them carefully in pieces of clean newspaper. Wrap them tightly, pack them in a stoneware jar, and keep the jar in a cold place. The eggs must be perfectly fresh when put away.

Far From Angry.

She—"I'm afraid papa was very angry when you asked him for me, Jack, dear." He—"Not at all; he asked me if I couldn't introduce a couple of young men who might take your two sisters off his hands."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Care of the Telephone.

The telephone is a fine receptacle for germs of every kind, and little attention is paid to sterilizing this much-used machine. It should be washed out with alcohol as often as required, and to keep the dust out of it make a small round cover of soft leather or heavy cloth and stitch a broad ribbon around the edge, through which can be run a drawing string or elastic. Put this over the transmitter.

Well Described.

A short time ago we were discussing a friend, who, while her hair had grown white with the years, had retained a youthful figure. A few days afterward Ruth, referring to her, said, "You know who I mean, Aunty—that lady who looks so young behind and so old in front."—Chicago Tribune.

Cosmetic Calamity.

Belinda had a face they say
Prepared by art's direction.
A heavy rain came up one day
And ruined her complexion.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company for the election of Directors, reception of Annual Report, and other purposes, will take place at the Company's offices, George Street, Peterborough, ON FRIDAY, the 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 1919, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing-Director.

Peterborough, January 10th, 1919.

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

HAVEN'T BEEN IN A STORE IN YEARS I THINK I'LL GO IN AN LOOK AROUND
WELL SIR CAN I SHOW YOU SOME SOCKS - PAJAMAS - TIES - COLLARS - SHIRTS
NO!
SOMETHING IN BELTS HATS - SHOES VESTS UMBRELLAS -
HAVE YOU ANY CANES?
JUST A MOMENT - I THINK I HAVE JUST WHAT YOU WANT -
HERE IS A CANE THAT WILL LAST A LIFE TIME AND -
LET'S SEE IT -
I'LL TAKE THIS - I MIGHT MEET ANOTHER GUY LIKE YOU -

As Charlie Says:—

Take plenty of Arabelas with you. What's a week-end without good cigars. Arabela is the mild ten-center

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

JESS WILLARD IS STILL CHAMPION OF THE WORLD

Bout at New Orleans Between Dempsey and Miske Cannot Affect Big Fellow's Title

New York, Jan. 21.—The followers of pugilism do not take seriously the reports coming from New Orleans saying that Jack Dempsey and Billy Miske will meet there in a twenty round contest to decide the heavyweight championship of the world, and that Jess Willard, the present holder of the title by virtue of his ring activities in Havana, April 1915, is not to be taken into consideration when this title bout is presented. A twenty round bout between Jack Dempsey, the leading contender for the heavyweight honors, and Billy Miske, the rugged St. Paul battler, would be welcomed by the rustic fans throughout the country, but when ot is decided to have those two men meet to decide the championship they are going a bit too far. Jess Willard is the champion and nobody can wrest the title from him by employing any tactics other than defeating him in the ring, declares Iconoclast.

Dempsey has hurled challenge after challenge at the champion, but the conqueror of Jack Johnson has turned a deaf ear to them. As champion that is his privilege. It is true that a majority of fight fans throughout the country are sick and disgusted with the actions of the champion, since he refused to defend his title, and it may be that some of those will die of their affliction before he enters the ring again. Until he is defeated in the ring or announces his retirement he must be regarded as the titleholder and to promote a "championship" contest with his crown at stake and without him having something to say about it is a joke.

Miske has agreed to meet Dempsey in a twenty round bout and if the contest is advertised as a "championship" affair, it is not at all unlikely that it will not be looked upon seriously, as it would mean nothing, but if it was run off as a bout to decide the supremacy of the two foremost contenders for the crown it would attract widespread interest throughout the country. No date has been set for the battle, but it will probably be held before the present racing season in the Crescent City comes to an end.

Miske is one of the two men whom Dempsey has not knocked for a goal, the other heavy who was not put to sleep by Jack being Willie Meehan, the Frisco lad. Miske and Dempsey have met twice. Their last battle was fought in Philadelphia, Thanksgiving Day, and Miske was on his feet at the end of the sixth and last round, but he was outpointed. In the first round, which went to Miske, the St. Paul battler landed two solid blows to Jack's jaw, and although Miske put all his strength behind the blows they were not hard enough to topple over Jask. During the bout Miske proved the better boxer, while Dempsey showed that more ring experience would do him no harm.

How Miske would fare in a long bout is the cause of much speculation Dempsey has a death-dealing blow in either hand, and if Miske succeeds in dodging them during the first ten rounds, many believe that he has a good change of staying on his feet the rest of the route. In the early going the St. Paul heavyweight may wear down Dempsey, and this may pave the road for a Miske victory later on. As to height and weight both appear about evenly matched. Dempsey is a fraction of an inch short of six feet, while Miske towers six feet. Jack, when he fought Gunboat Smith in Buffalo, weighed 190 pounds, while Miske weighed about 185.

HOW SILENT MIKE TIERMAN MADE FAN OF MR. STONEMAN

Famous Slugger of Old Days in Baseball History Aroused the Enthusiasm of a Broker in the Game.

(By W. A. Collins.)

New York, Jan. 23.—If it were not for "Silent" Mike Tierman, the old Giant outfielder who died several months ago, the deal by which the New York Baseball Club of the National League because the property of John J. McGraw, Charles A. Stoneman nd Francis X. McQuade the other day, might never have materialized. At least Mr. Stoneman would not have been one of the purchasers and the new president of the club.

John J. McGraw would no doubt have secured other backers. The little Napoleon has been determined to own the Giant club that his genius built up, and he is a hard man to keep from gaining any end upon which he has set his mind. But the deal as it was consummated the other day was indirectly due to Mike Tierman, now lying cold in death.

Charles A. Stoneman, the new president of the Giants, is a curb broker of 41 Broad street. He is also reputed to be many times a millionaire.

His interest in baseball, until he bought the Giants, was that of a fan. And Charles A. Stoneman was, and will always be, a Giant fan because of Mike Tierman.

"Poor old Mike is responsible for my entry into baseball as part owner of the Giants," says Mr. Stoneman. "I am sorry that he could not have lived to see me in control of the New York club.

"Of course I have been a close friend of John J. McGraw's for twelve years or more. It is only because of my confidence and belief in him that I agreed to finance the buying of the Giants and assume the presidency of the club. But I would probably never have known McGraw but for Mike Tierman.

"When I was a boy in Jersey City, back in the '80's, Mike Tierman was my idol. He was with the Jersey City Club then. Those were the days of great batters, but to my boyish eyes there was no hitter quite like Silent Mike.'

"Then came the time when Mike went away from Jersey City. He was taken by the Giants. I can remember well now how wrathful I felt at the New York club for grabbing him.

"After a while I decided that whatever team Mike Tierman played on was my team. So I began attending the Giants' games at the old Polo Grounds.

"I have been a Giant fan ever since. I have followed the club through its ups and downs under Freedman, Brush and Hempstead. I saw the club in the erut when John J. McGraw came to New York in 1902. I watched with interest his success in lifting it up to where the name of Giants stood for everything worth while in the game.

"Some twelve years ago I met McGraw personally. We have many interests in common, including a love of baseball and a love for thoroughbred racing.

"I have made some money downtown. When McGraw broached the question of buying the Giants to me I thought well of it.

"I only asked McGraw one question before I decided to become his partner in purchasing the club: 'Will you agree to retain the managership?' I said. When he replied that he would, I was eager to put the deal through.

"I believe that the success of the Giants from a financial standpoint, as well as that of playing, has been due to the genius of McGraw. To me he is the big man of baseball.

"I am happy to be associated with him. I think that together, and with the help of Judge McQuade, we will see that the popularity of the team does not grow less.

"We shall be guided by McGraw's experience in baseball. All of us have ideas that we think might better the sport. But McGraw has given his lifetime to the game. Where we think and surmise he knows by experience.

"But don't forget that poor old Mike Tierman was the man who made me a Giant fan. If it had not been for Mike I would probably never have known McGraw or thought of becoming a club owner in the National League. Worse still I might have remained in Jersey City."

Rosebuds Are Now League Champions

The final game in the Y.M.C.A. league was played on Monday night between the Rosebuds and Invincibles.

The Rosebuds won two out of three games and won the championship of the league. Everett of the Rosebuds was high man for the night with 242 for single and 565 for three games. Stanfield with 436 was high for the Invincibles.

Following are the scores:

Invincibles.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Seaton	164	124	131	419
Smith	85	118	125	328
Bowness	91	134	106	331
Dobbin	101	147	130	378
Stanfield	140	117	179	436
Total	581	640	671	1892

Rosebuds.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Stanton	159	180	148	487
McLean	135	95	139	369
Matthews	109	113	145	367
Pratt	130	108	98	336
Everett	174	242	139	555
Total	707	738	669	2214

There will be a meeting of all team captains on Friday evening at 7 p.m. sharp. Make sure you are there.

HAMILTON DOESN'T WANT AN ALL-CANADIAN LEAGUE.

Hamilton, Jan. 23.—Knotty Lee's idea of reorganizing the Canadian League with eight Ontario cities does not meet with the approval of local baseball fans, nor does Tom Nelson, the Brantford magnate, see things in the same light as "Knotty." Cities like Guelph, Kitchener, St. Thomas and St. Catharines cannot support a professional team, and there is little satisfaction in having a league in which the smaller cities and where all the holiday and Saturday dates are given to the larger places. Nelson is in favor of a league with three Michigan and three Ontario cities, and that idea appears to be the popular one in London also. "Knotty" will have his troubles interesting Hamilton people in a league such as he proposes, but if he can form the Michigan-Ontario circuit he will get all kinds of support.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

THE IDEL RECEPTION COMMITTEE.
—Chicago Daily News.

Jess Willard Is Afraid to Fight

REFUSES AN OFFER OF $101,000 TO MEET JACK DEMPSEY.

New York, Jan. 23.—"Cyclone Bill" Lyons blew in from Denver Monday night in time to see the Leonard-Dundee fight, and, incidentally, to disclose some inside facts anent the proposed Willard-Dempsey championship bout. According to Lyon, the heavyweight title-holder was offered finish bout at Colorado Springs, but Jess turned it down flat.

"The published of The Denver Post wired Willard, at Lawrence, the following telegram," said Lyons: "Offer you $101,000 to meet Dempsey, finish bout, Colorado Springs."

"In a short space of time Jess sent his answer. It gave me and the publisher a big laugh. Can you imagine what he said? These are the very words: 'Cannot accept because meeting Dempsey might physically incapacitate me.' I don't know who wrote the answer for Jess, but isn't it a pippin?"

Lyons stated that boxing is one for a big boom beyond the Rockies. The Denver A.C. on February 22 will stage a match between Benny Leonard and Jack Britton for ten rounds. The proposed match is the same as the one on which Freddy Welsh defended his lightweight crown against Charley White two years ago.

"It is almost impossible to drag Jess into the ring with a formidable man," continued Lyons. "He doesn't want to box any more. He had accumulated a fortune, and he is going to rest on his laurels. Dempsey is a big hit in and around Denver. They figure him a tremendous card in a bout with Willard.

"I have been commissioned to arrange several bouts for the Denver A.C. while I'm in town. We've got Benny for the 22nd. They are trying to match Billy Miske with Dempsey for the near future.

"In my rounds around the country, I can see where boxing is going to come back better than ever before."

Some pretty women are unconscious of their beauty, but the majority are not even momentarily forgetful.

CAVAN

Cavan, Jan. 23.—Private Sandy Sisson arrived home from the front on Friday evening. All his friends were pleased to see him safely back again.

Cavanville and South Monaghan Sunday School convention took place at Cavanville on Wednesday. The attendance was very large.

Mrs. Wm. Howden and Miss Daisy visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wright last week.

Mr. Willis Howden, of Millbrook, visited friends here on Sunday.

Mrs. James Roddy has been quite ill for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Armstrong, of Manvers, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John White.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Preston, of Smith, spent the week-end with Mr and Mrs. John Morrison.

London Favors A Canadian League

London, Ont., Jan. 23—"Joe Jo" Keenan, the London man behind the revival of organized baseball in this section of the Province, was surprised at the contention of Thos. J. Nelson, the former President of the Brantford club in the Canadian League of 1915, that he would support only a circuit that included three or more Michigan cities. Such an organization would be only an experiment according to Mr. Keenan since he has had considerable to do with the game in Michigan cities in his long career. The only thing in favor of Nelson's plan is the fact that Sunday ball is possible, and this could be taken advantage of by a weekly expedition by the various Canadian team, as there are many strong teams at Bay City, Saginaw, Flint, and other towns, where exhibition games could be played.

To undertake a revival of baseball in cities like London, Hamilton, Brantford, Kitchener, St. Thomas, Cuelph, St. Catharines and Chatham, is not so much of an experiment as the Michigan bloomer, since the reorganization plans can be taken up right where the league left off in 1915. These cities retain the same interests with new blood in various quarters and with more enthusiasm than was shown in the old organization.

If the new league provides the fans with as fast baseball as was played in the Canadian League during 1911 they will ask nothing more from the club owners this year. The baseball fan does not care nor does he want to know whether Class D, C or B ball is played. Classification to the fan means nothin, but he knows baseball that he intends to support.

Class in organized baseball is governed by population and salary limits, and one only needs to refer to the Kitchener team of 1911, which lived up to a salary limit of $,200 monthly and won easily in competitation with clubs that did not know what salary limit means. Some undoubtedly reached $1,800.

One trouble with the man who is fond of his own jokes is that he expects everybody else to be fond of them.

It sometimes happens that after eating his cake the small boy makes the painful discovery that he still has it.

Mr. George Wallace, of Millbrook, spent Sunday with Cavan friends.

Miss Clara White spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. John McKnight.

Miss Thelma Spencer, of Millbrook, was the guest of Miss Audrey Cathcart on Sunday.

The old Hutchinson homestead, one mile south of Cavanville, was completely destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. The tenant, Mr. John McKnight, has been a heavy loser, as the fire took place in the night and very little was saved.

3 Days Fire Sale of Cigars

By the box, half price or in 25c worth lots. Don't miss it.

Yeotes Brothers

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Or Cars Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

103 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-582

Hear Hon. Mr. Carvell Minister of Public Works in Opera House Tomorrow Night

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi Annual Clearance Sale

Blouses

Georgette, regular up to $16.00 for $6.00
Crepe de Chene, regular $9.00 for $4.50
Various, regular $7.00 for $3.00

Skirts

Serges, reg. $9.75 for $5
Serges, reg. $16.50 for $6
Various,, reg. $9.25 for $5

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

A PROGRAM OF CLASSICS

The choicest musical classes are within reach of every owner of a Victrola. Why let your instrument remain unused? At the Victrola Parlors of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets, you can procure on call or have mailed to you the following choice gems: "Traviata" (Galli-Curie), "The Lost Chord" (Gluck and Zumbollat), "Boheme" (Puccinne).

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. E. Jones, 287 Park St., on Friday, January 24th, everything practically new and will be sold without reserve. Sale at 1.30 p.m. W. J. Hancock, Auct.

AUCTION SALE

of Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. J. H. Wilson, 337 Aylmer street, on Monday, Jan. 27th, of entire contents. No reserve. Sale 1.30 p.m.
W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

"AT HOME"

An "At Home" will be held in the St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening, Jan. 27th at 8.30 p.m. Cards and dancing. A special first prize of a turkey will be given for euchre.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

JONES—RAPER.

A very quiet but pretty wedding was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Knox Church, Rev. J. A. McKenzie officiating, when Elva Lillian, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Raper, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Albert Jones of this city.

The bride was prettily attired in a travelling suit of navy blue, taupe satin hat and wore mink furs, the gift of the groom.

Miss Marie Easson was bridesmaid while Mr. Robt. Grandy of Omemee ably supported the groom. The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a gold brooch set with pearls and to the groomsman a set of gold cuff links.

The gifts were numerous and costly, including a handsome reading-lamp from the Examiner office, testifying the esteem in which the young couple were held.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Jones left on the 3.47 p.m. train amid showers of best wishes and confetti, for Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo. On their return they will reside at 546 Stewart street and will be at home after March 1.

BELL—BAILEY.

Tuesday at high noon a very quiet but pretty wedding was solemnized by Rev. Canon Davidson at St. John's Church, Peterborough, when Agnes May Bailey was united in marriage to William Bell of this city. The bride was very prettily dressed in a pale blue crepe de chine dress, with a Brussels net veil, with a wreath of orange blossoms. They were attended by close friends, Miss Emily Griffiths acting as bridesmaid and Mr. Clement Leggett supporting the groom.

Miss Bailey was attached to the Royal Air Corps in England and lately came out to Mr. Bell, who had seen considerable service in France with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Both parties received many congratulations from their friends, and were much pleased with the many gifts both from England and in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Bell will probably make their home in Peterborough.

Inspector and Mrs. H. F. Ward, 73 Morrow street, entertained their friends last night to a dance and social evening in honor of their friend, Miss Hettie Gould, who is leaving in the near future for Toronto.

Judge MacDonald, of Kingston, after he had witnessed a performance of "In Sunny France" in Brockville, called up Wilson MacDonald and said: "Mr. MacDonald I would like to congratulate you on the prettiest show I have seen in many years."

MANUFACTURERS' COMMITTEE

There was a meeting of the Manufacturers' Committee last night at which several matters of importance came up for discussion. Chairman McIntyre presided and the meeting was not a long one, which cannot be said of that of the Finance Committee which preceded it.

NOTICE TO ALL CONTRACTORS

On and after May 1st the rate of wages for Bricklayers and Masons will be 75c per hour.
D. WIRES. W. STEVENS,
President. Cor. Secretary.

ST. JAMES' CHOIR

Will the male voice choir please meet at eight o'clock sharp tonight for practice?

ST. LUKE'S CHOIR.

There will be no practice of St. Luke's Church choir tonight.

Anniversary At All Saints' Sunday

REV. DR. O'MEARA, OF TORONTO, WILL PREACH MORNING AND EVENING.

Anniversary services will be held next Sunday at All Saints' Church when the Rev. Dr. O'Meara, the principal preacher, both morning and evening. Dr. O'Meara is known throughout the Dominion and his coming to Peterboro will be of interest to many who have heard him on former occasions.

OBITUARY

ELIZABETH DWYER.

Miss Elizabeth Dwyer passed away last evening at the age of 30 years, leaving five sisters, namely, Mesdames George Gowan, William West, P. Adamson, and Misses Aggie and Katie, all of this city.

The funeral will be held from the residence of Mrs. George Gowan, Ford avenue, Brownton, on Saturday morning at 8:30 to the Church of the Sacred Heart and St. Peter's cemetery.

EDITOR'S MAIL

COLLECTION FOR THE PRINCESS

Editor Review—After the announcement of the engagement of Her Royal Highness Princess Patricia of Connaught, the wives of the Lieutenant Governors of the various provinces of the Dominion were asked to hold a silver shower of five cents and upwards in order that the people of Canada might have the opportunity, should they desire to contribute, of sending a national gift to show their appreciation and regard for one who became endeared to so many during Her Royal Highnesses stay in Canada, and in remembrance of the war work accomplished by the Duke of Connaught and the great interest which he evinced in our soldiers from coast to coast, as well as the famous Princess Patricia Light Infantry, so dear to the hearts of the Canadians.

The collection will be purely voluntary and the nature of the gift will be decided upon as soon as it is known what amount has been collected. I am therefore asking the people throughout the Province of Ontario, through the press to co-operate with me in this voluntary collection towards the wedding gift for the Princess, either individually or through any organized Society or Association to which they may belong, and this letter will be the only intimation either to individuals or societies.

Sir Edmund Walker has kindly consented to be the Hon. Treasurer of the fund, and all monies should be sent to him on or before February 20th, 1919, to the Canadian Bank of Commerce, 23 King Street, West, Toronto.

LENA W. HENDRIE.
Government House, Toronto.

MURRAY STREET CHOIR.

The choir of Murray Street Baptist Church will practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp.

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

The Temple Songsters will practice this evening at 7.45 sharp.

350 Soldiers To Land January 30th

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 23.—The steamer Megantic is expected here January 30th with 650 civilians and 350 soldiers, including 150 of the latter for Ontario points.

Winding - Up Estate Sale

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, every pair at reduced prices---must be sold in 30 days

City Footwear Co. Charlotte Street Opposite White House

Frank L. Jenne's Peace Benefit Sale

Will Cut Prices for Ten Days Below the Costs of 1914

Frank L. Jenne has decided to anticipate lower prices in the face of high wholesale costs, and on Thursday morning he will inaugurate in his Semi-Ready Store a huge Peace Benefit Sale. Every article in his store, from hats to hosiery and from suits to cravats, will be cut down—in some cases to nearly half their present value. Nothing will be reserved.

"Every Semi-Ready suit and every overcoat; every shirt and all cravats all hats, hosiery—nothing will be hidden away. It will be a no disappointment sale," said Mr. Jenne.

"There is no reason or cause for this unreserved sale beyond the fact that I am going to do my bit to try and make prices come down a notch," he said. "And many of the articles which I will advertise in detail in tomorrow's paper will be far below the wholesale price at which I can replace them.

"The Semi-Ready Company, the only clothiers in Canada with permanent warehouses and weaving facilities in England, have been a factor in keeping the cost of clothes down in Canada. Prices were so much lower here than in the United States that in the border cities of Canada half the trade in the Semi-Ready Stores was with Americans. Even the officers of the U.S. Army bought thousands of tunics from the Semi-Ready Stores. And so close were the costs in Canada as compared with those in England that returning soldiers say that clothes are as cheap today in our cities as in London.

"I am going to clear out some lines entirely," continued Mr. Jenne.

"My men's furnishing department will be fully as interesting as anything I have in Semi-Ready tailoring.

"I just want to emphasize in conclusion that no other store in this city can show a single Semi-Ready tailored garment."

SATURDAY'S FINE BILL AT GRAND

STORY OF "RUGGLES OF RED GAP," IN PICTURE FORM.

Owing to the two meetings booked for the Grand, ex-President Taft tonight, and the Hon. F. B. Carvell tomorrow (Friday) night, there will be only one more day of pictures at the Grand Opera House this week, and that is on Saturday next, Jan. 25. For this day a very attractive program has been arranged by the management. Taylor Holmes in Ruggles of Red Gap," in six reels, will be the feature picture. Charlie Chaplin will be on the bill in "A Hotel Mix-up," and in addition to this comedy there will be two other good comedy reels shown.

The popular Pathe news, giving all the current events of the day, and a Judge Brown story in two reels will complete a splendid 12-reel program. In order to permit of a full dress rehearsal for "In Sunny France" the matinee on Saturday will commence at 2 p.m. and the evening performance at 8 p.m. Patrons will please bear these hours in mind. Make it a point to attend the Grand Saturday and you will see a great show. Same prices, matinee 10c, evening 15c.

"Ruggles of Red Gap" is one of the many charming stories of frontier life from the pen of Harry Leon Wilson. It is a vivid and amusing recital of the attempts made by the socially ambitious in a western town to imitate the modes of the English aristocracy and tells of the adventures of members of the overseas nobility in the same surroundings, winding up with the marriage of an English lord to a former ballet-dancer whose face and figure were her fortune.

Are Looking For Larger Quarters

For some time the Lavois Knitters have been thinking of seeking another building for the sale for their plant on account of the steady growth of their business.

Several locations have been considered but no definite decision has been arrived at as yet. The market building in Ashburnham was thought of in this connection but it is not known whether or not the firm considers it suitable.

Nothing pleases some girls so much as the chance to resist an attempt to kiss them.

The steamer War Badger was launched at Welland by the British American Shipbuilding Co.

C.G.E. Pay Day

BUSHELS OF BIG BARGAINS

SAVE MONEY—SAVE ON EATING

Prunes or Raisins, 20c lb.; 5 lbs. . 68c
Box, 25 lbs., of Esther at, lb. 12c
Bag of potatoes (with order' ..$1.49
5 lbs. best Granulated Sugar (with order) $1.00
10 lbs. Granulated Sugar (with $5.00 order) $1.00
10 bars Good Lenox Sun Soap .. 39c
10 lb. Rolled Oats or Meal .....
Fresh Finnan Haddie, lb. 12c
Fresh Cod Fish, Fresh Salmon .....
$1.00 pails pure marmalade 89c
$1.00 pails Jam .....
90c cans Jam 37c
10c Tumblers 8c
Grape, 3 for 25c
25c Sealers .....
Jelly .....
All 5c Toilet Soaps 3 for 25c
50c Electric Lamp Tungsten .. 44c
25c Mince Meat for, lb. 17c
Tomatoes and Corn, can 19c
Can Peas, 2 for 25c
50c Tea, 42c; 5 lbs. 34c
50c Tea, 42c; 5 lbs. 34c
Kringle Corn Flakes, 3 for 31c
Shreaded Wheat Biscuit, 3 for .. 41c
Pure Lard, 3 lb. pail 99c
3 lb pail Shortening 89c
6 lb. pail Shortening $1.60
1000 yards Embroidery and insertion, 10c for 4c
Big B Men's Overalls, $2.00, at .$1.59
Mens Black, also Striped, Overalls 99c
Mens 50c Wool Socks 39c
5 doz. Clothes Pins, for 9c
400 Remnants Stock taking .....
Scotch Finger Yarn $3.00, lb. ...$1.99
Malt Vinegar, 35c; Bottles 19c
Malt Vinegar, 20c; Bottles 9c
Worchester Sauce, 20c; 3 for 35c
Worchester Sauce, 15c; 4 for 25c
H P. Sauce, 30c; 3 for 60c

BUSHELS OF BARGAINS

R. C. BRAUND

Street Cars Pass Our Door
Phone 348
F. B. L.—8-2207

Michael Neary Is Elected President

The following officers were elected and installed at the last regular meeting of the A. O. H.:

President—Michael Neary.
Vice-president—T. Perdue.
Recording secretary—Jas. Neary.
Financial Secretary—Jas Drain.
Treasurer—Jos. Kelly.
Sgt. at Arms—James Garvey.
Sentinel—P. J. Devel n.

Cheesemakers To Meet January 29th

PATRONS OF EACH FACTORY INVITED TO SEND TWO REPRESENTATIVES.

The patrons of the different cheese factories of the district are being invited to appoint two representatives to attend a meeting to be held in the Y. M. C. A., Peterborough, on Wednesday, January 29th, at 2 p.m. to consider matters relating to the co-operative dairy company which it has been proposed should be organized in Ontario to take over and operate co-operatively a considerable number of the cheese factories of the Province.

At this meeting full information regarding the proposed company will be laid before those who attend. Should the proposal be approved a local committee may be appointed to Director of the U. F. O., and F. C. McRae, B.S.A., Norwood, Ont., District Representative.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night To-Night

Chautauqua Lyceum Course
SECOND ATTRACTION
Hon. William Howard Taft

ALL SEATS—$1.00 COMMENCES AT 8:15
Good Seats Still Available

To-morrow Friday Night 8:15
Hon. F. B. Carvell
will Address a Public Meeting in the Opera House

Saturday, January 25th
Matinee 2 p. m Evening 8 p. m.
Special Big Picture Program
Taylor Holmes
—IN—
"Ruggles of Red Gap"
SIX REELS
Charlie Chaplin
—IN—
"A Hotel Mixup"
Two Other Good Comedies
PATHE NEWS JUDGE BROWN STORY
12 GREAT REELS

Note new hours for Saturday next only
Matinee—2 p. m. Evening—8 p. m.

Matinee—10c Evenings—15c

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 28 and 28
The Peter Robinson Chapter the of I.O.D.E., Present the Mammoth Spectacular Opera
"In Sunny France"
A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C
160 AMATEURS IN CAST
The sweetest music you have heard since the days of Gilbert & Sullivan
One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Plan open to ticket holders Thursday, January 23, at 10 a.m.

Housemaids Have Formed a Union

Sydney, N.S., Jan. 23—Woman-hood suffrage attained, Community proposes to take her place in economic as well as political activity. A ... movement started here when ... housemaids met and formed a ... with the immediate objective ... having their wages increased from $12 to a minimum of $20 a month.

Eight formed the nucleus of the union.

Food Board Raises War Restrictions

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—An order of the Canada Food Board permits henceforward the serving of beef and veal in public eating houses at any time and withdraws the restrictions on the amount of butter which may be served in public eating places. Restrictions on the use and holding of sugar, flour, lard and other fats are also removed. The supplies of these classes of food now available permit the withdrawal of previous regulations.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.
Real estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

8½ acres of Market Garden, with some fruit trees, 7 acres in good garden, 1½ acres in pasture. Large house, suitable for a good double house with sheds and stabling for 11 head of cattle. The property is in the north end of the city and on three streets on which is a number of good building lots which could be sold and still have a good market garden. This property MUST be sold and some one will get a good bargain.

We have a full supply of touring car MARKERS for 1919. (Cheaper to buy markers than to pay a fine.)

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

BIRTH

HICKEY—At Avonmore Apartments, Fleming Place, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hickey, a daughter.

The Lion Brewing Co. of Kitchener was fined $200 and costs at Guelph for selling beer over 2½ per cent. alcohol.

Reeve D. N. Bamberger, of Hespeler, was appointed warden of Waterloo County at Kitchener.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and colder tomorrow.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

46th YEAR No. 20 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

TRAINED NURSES JUMP INTO OCEAN

SISTERS, EXHAUSTED BY WORK AT THE FRONT, COMMIT SUICIDE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Bordeaux, Jan. 24.—Misses Gladys and Dorothy Cromwell, sisters of a prominent New York family, leaped from the rail of the French steamer Lorraine bound for New York, today. Both were drowned. The bodies have not yet been recovered. A letter found in their state room addressed to the commanding officer of the Red Cross unit informed him of their intention to end it all. They had spent much time at the front, and their friends said they had complained of being tired physically and mentally.

Bolsheviki Are Again Defeated

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 24.—Lithuanian forces have inflicted defeat upon the Bolsheviki near Kossedary, about midway between Kovno and Vilna, according to reports from Kovno received today. The casualties of the Bolsheviki were heavy and they are reported to have lost 6,500 in prisoners. Lithuanians are said to be advancing toward Vilna.

WILSON GIVES UP POINT TO ALLIES

AGREES THAT HUN MUST MAKE REPARATION AND PAY INDEMNITIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 24.—During the consideration of the question of reparation at the meeting of the Supreme War Council yesterday in Paris, the editor of the London Daily Mail says, President Wilson agreed to the principle that Germany must be made to pay indemnities in addition to the full cost of reparation at the instance of the British representatives. The paper adds that the discussion was also begun on the questions of th abolition of conscription and general disarmament.

Search Parties Busy In Germany

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 24—The German authorities have assured the Netherlands minister at Berlin that no secret prison camps now exist or have ever existed. The Netherlands minister states that there is no evidence of their existence. Search parties are still in Germany seeking prisoners whose whereabouts are unknown.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT OUTLINES HIS PLANS FOR FORMATION OF A LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Capacity House Greets the Distinguished American Last Night—A Scheme, Practically Perfect in Details, to Ensure Perpetual Peace.

The Grand Opera House was taxed to capacity last night by the throng of people who turned out to hear the address of Ex-President William Howard Taft, who came to this city as one of the speakers of the Chautauqua Lyceum course secured and arranged for by the Local Council of Women.

Upon the platform with the lecturer were the Mayor and Aldermen of the city, local members of the Bar and other representative citizens.

The first number upon the program was an appropriate one by Mrs. G. H. King, who sang "The Star Spangled Banner," and "A Khaki Lad." Mrs. Morris Park gave the French rendering of the Marseillaise and in conjunction with her husband Capt. Park, sang a duet entitled "The Garden of My Heart." All three singers are well known to Peterborough audiences and their contributions last night were exceptional and received the commendation they deserved.

Mr. R. R. Hall presided and in his introductory address complimented the Local Council of Women upon the enterprise they had shown in arranging a series of entertainments of a standard which would prove a decided stimulus to education and moral elevation.

He referred to the friendly relations which have existed between the Canadian people and their American cousins for over a century and which were never upon such a firm foundation as at the present time when we have but recently emerged from a war in which both peoples have striven side by side and come forth victoriously after having secured for the countries of Central Europe that freedom which makes possible government of the people, for the people by the people, which the United States obtained long years ago and which worked out so satisfactorily there that it influenced England in extending democratic privileges to Canada and her other colonies.

As a result of the war the two great branches of the Anglo Saxon race will stand together throughout all time and will be found upon terms of the closest friendship wherever the English language is spoken.

The Ex-President's Address

Ex-President Taft at the outset of his address referred in terms of the highest praise to the good accomplished by the National Council of Women as an association devoted to the enlightment and moral improvement of the people. His visit to Canada afforded him the greatest

(Continued on Page Four.)

The Ideals of a True Statesman

It was a welcome as manifold as it was hearty that the people of Peterborough extended yesterday to the city's distinguished guest, ex-President Taft. The members of the Bar hailed him as one of the brightest ornaments of the profession. Patriotic Canadians welcomed him as a warm and disinterested friend of the British and Canadian peoples and a champion of the cause of the Allies since the first days of th war. He has been acclaimed as the man who, now that peace has been restored to the world, would make that peace perpetual, not a mere breathing spell in which the warring nations might gather new strength for another conflict, more sanguinary than the last. Added to all these outstanding virtues is the fact that Mr. Taft has held the highest office in the American Republic, a country with which Canada has lived in unbroken and unthreatened amity for the past hundred years and between whom the bonds of friendship were never so strong as they are today. The visit of ex-President Taft to this city was an event of international importance, and his tour of the Province cannot fail to influence the future relations of the two nations of the northern part of the western continent.

In his address at the Grand Opera House last night Mr. Taft gave an outline of his own ideas as to the constitution of the proposed league of nations, although it is likely that he is in this matter in accord with the views of President Wilson and the majority of the American people among whom the movement took definite form three years ago. It may be that the plan is in advance of the present spirit of the age, that the ideals are high, but no man or nation ever attained anything lacking a lofty aim.

Ex-President Taft brings to bear upon his subject the trained mentality of the able jurist. His plan as outlined last night is judicially perfect in every detail. Every contingency that is likely to arise in the operation of the scheme, if it is finally adopted, has been anticipated and provided against so far as it is humanly possible to do so. The league of nations he hopes to see born of the peace negotiations now in progress would be a power in which every geographical section of civilization that showed its fitness would be eligible for membership, a power that would transcend that of any single sovereignty on earth, and which, sitting as a court of justice, with malice or enmity toward none, would shape the destiny of the world.

What warrant has Mr. Taft, or the country of which he is an outstanding citizen, for practically assuming a dictatorship in such a matter as this? His personal record and that of the United States is sufficient justification for what some ill-natured individuals may regard as an interference in affairs beyond the American jurisdiction. For the past century the United States has sat as the mediator in all international and internal disputes among th countries in the South American continent. There has not always been harmony in these nations, but their record will at least compare favorably with that of the half civilized nations of Europe, not to mention the frequently strained relations between the British Empire and some of her dependencies.

The United States has before this taken part in the missionary work of pacification across the ocean. That nation helped to quell the Boxer rebellion in China. The United States assumed the sovereignty of the Philippine Islands twenty years ago, and is fast training the natives in the science of self-government and in the peaceful pursuits of civilization. No Asiatic power can exploit these islands so long as the protection of the United States is vouchsafed them.

The United States set Cuba free, made Porto Rico and the Hawaii Islands parts of itself, acquired Texas and converted it into a peaceful and self-respecting commonwealth. With this record to its credit, the voice of that nation can raise itself with confidence in the deliberations which everybody hopes are to make the world a safe and better place in which to live.

If Mr. Taft did not refer specifically in his address last night to the freedom of the seas, his views on that point are well known. He believes that the British fleet is the one great factor that is to make for the safety of the world. One point of the fourteen raised by President Wilson he did make clear, and that relates to the question of what is to be done with the colonies held by Germany before the war. "We could not," he said, "look these colonies in the face if we gave them back to Germany after the way she has used them."

And, here the record of the United States stands her in good stead. Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands were not restored to Spain at the close of the Spanish-American war and Spain's colonial history is at least no blacker than that which has marked the policy of Germany in dealing with her dependencies.

NEW IRISH PARTY JUST ORGANIZED

CENTERISTS FAVOR HOME RULE BUT WOULD RETAIN BRITISH CONNECTION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Dublin, Jan. 24.—A new political association called the Irish Centre Party was formally constituted yesterday. Stephen Gaynn, former member of Parliament, was appointed chairman of the new party, which embraces Nationalists and Southern Unionists. Its platform includes Home Rule for Ireland within the British Empire on similar lines to those followed by the British dominions.

CUT DOWN HEAVY COURT SENTENCE

WATSON AND CHEESEMAN, RECENTLY CONVICTED RECEIVE EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 24.—Word was received this morning from the Secretary of State that the severe sentences imposed on Charles W. Watson and Harry Cheeseman for having banned literature in their possession have been materially revised. The sentence was three years and a fine of $500 against Watson, which is being brought down to thirty days, and that of Cheeseman, which was six months, made fifteen days.

Lisbon Declares For A Monarchy

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Madrid, Jan. 24.—The monarchy has been proclaimed in Lisbon, the Portuguese capital. The widely circulated rumor that former King Manuel of Portugal was about to land on Portuguese territory is at least premature. Ex-King Manuel was still in London today.

President Wilson May Be Chairman

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 24.—President Wilson is likely to be offered the presidency of the Permanent Commission of the League of Nations. By the Commission of the League of Nations is probably meant the Permanent Executive body for the conduct of the proposed league affairs.

MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS IS WELCOMED TO THE CITY

Hon. F. B. Carvell Arrives From Ottawa This Afternoon and Is Met at Depot by Committee —The Meeting To-night.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works, arrived on the 3.35 C. P. R. train this afternoon from Ottawa. He was met at the depot by Mayor Duncan, Capt. Burnham, and J. J. Turner, Chairman of the Reception Committee and was shown the principal features of interest in the city.

This evening at the Empress Hotel the Mayor and aldermen and several of the officials and public men will have lunch with the Minister. The Great War Veterans and their band will parade and the latter will give several selections in front of the hotel at 7.30 and will then proceed to the Grand where they will again play.

At 8 o'clock in the Grand Opera House a mass meeting will be held which will be addressed by Mr. Carvell, Capt. Burnham, M.P., G. A. Gillespie, M. L. A., and Mr. R. R. Hall. There will be several musical selections and the program will be one of the best arranged in some time.

Last night the people of the city turned out to hear a great man from another country and tonight they are asked to again attend in numbers which will pack the house to listen to the address of a leading public man of our own Dominion, conversant with affairs pertaining to this country and city and who is well qualified to speak upon the outlook for the industrial future of Canada which is causing so much speculation at the present time.

Last night many people had an opportunity of seeing for the first time an American whose name became famous in this country during the days of the Reciprocity Campaign of the Laurier Government. Tonight they will see the member from Carleton, N.B., whose smashing attacks in connection with the profiteering charges led to their investigation and the removal of conditions making possible such abuses.

WILSON MACDONALD PRAISES WORK OF THE YOUNG PEOPLE

Who Will Take Part in "Sunny France" to be Presented at the Grand Opera House Next Monday and Tuesday Evenings.

Mr. Wilson MacDonald, in discussing the coming presentation of "Sunny France" today, said: "Few people have any conception of the really great and vital work that the I. O. D. E. are engaged in. This empire-wide organization is proceeding with undertakings that are wonderful in their scope both in patriotic and in charitable fields. To carry to conclusion this work, hundreds of thousands of dollars will be needed.

"The organization is bending every effort to obtain these funds.

"For instance; here in Peterborough, one of the local chapters, namely, the Peter Robinson Chapter, have been very active in many ways in order to raise the needed money to enable them to contribute their share of the burden of their order. The Peter Robinson Chapter have given dances, teas, have made and sold flags, are engaged in ushering at the local opera house, and now they are presenting "Sunny France," and it is for the purpose of supervising the production of this play that I am in Peterborough.

"The success these young ladies have met with would not have been in any way possible were it not for the extraordinary co-operation of every member of the Chapter; every one does her share; and the loyal support of the Peterborough people who give such very substantial recognition to the work and endeavors of this Chapter.

"It is indeed gratifying to find each ready response as is being received from the Peterborough people in their patronage of 'Sunny France.' The sale of seats is most encouraging.

"One thing that strikes me in particular is the cleverness and adaptability of the young people in their ready grasping of the work and their execution of the dances. The dances that are found in 'Sunny France' are classic, and I am sure that their presentation will delight the audiences here as they have in other cities of Canada where this play has been presented.

"As a matter of fact, in Victoria, B. C., we were obliged to give twenty-two performances, and this, bear in mind, by amateurs. This is an extraordinary record for an amateur play, I think you will agree.

"I was happily surprised by being informed by the officers of the Chapter that they had arranged with Mrs. Parsons to give a reading between the acts from my recently published book of Canadian poems, "The Song of the Prairie and Other Poems." This book of poems has met with most complimentary criticisms from the literary people of Canada and the United States. The poem selected is entitled 'The Girl Behind the Man Behind the Guns,' a poem characterized by Joyce Kilmer, the editor of The Literary Digest, of New York, who lost his life on the fields of France, as one of the gems of English literature."

LONDON JOURNALS FAINT IN PRAISE

OF THE PLAN TO HOLD CONFERENCE WITH RUSSIAN FACTIONS.

London, Jan. 24.—Newspapers here comment luke warmly on the plan for a conference between an allied commission and representatives of the various governments in Russia. The Post sarcastically condemns the proposal, saying, among other things, that it displays more than Christian meekness.

The Telegraph, admitting the plan to be inspired by the best motives, condemns it as being politically hazardous and ethetically wrong.

The Times, while not enthusiastically in favor of the proposal, hopes it will work, and says that even if it does not the hands of the Allies will have been strengthened by the failure.

J. Dillon, the foreign political expert of the Telegraph, writing from Paris, says the plan caused consternation in various circles in Paris and adds that he is authorized to declare that governments of Omsk Archangel, Crimea and Yekaterinodar will absolutely refuse to send representatives to the conference.

TROTZKY IS SAID TO BE PRISONER

REPORTED CAPTURED WHEN HIS TROOPS WERE DEFEATED BY ESTHONIANS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Jan. 24.—Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist minister of war and marine, did not escape from Narva after the defat of the Bolshevists by the Esthonians, but was taken prisoner, according to despatches received here from Libau. Advices from the same source state that owing to the intervention of the Finnish troops in Northern Esthonia and Livonia, the country has been completely cleared of Bolshevist frces.

Street Car Men On Strike In Paris

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 24.—A General transportation strike was declared in Paris his morning. The subway lines, surface cars and automobile busses are affected. The strike is apparently well organized and not a wheel had turned up to half-past eight o'clock.

Ex-Kaiser Still Using Wood Saw

Amerongen, Jan. 24. — Sawing wood continues to be the chief occupation of the former German emperor, who spends several hours each morning and afternoon within the castle grounds working hard while several menservants respectfully hand him logs and pile the short sticks in heaps for use later on in the furnaces of the castle.

The shortage of coal in Holland compels the burning of wood, plentiful supplies of which are obtainable from the surrounding estate. William Hohenzollern works so well that he is able to furnish the entire consumption of the castle fires. The former emperor scarcely ever speaks to his attendants while he is at work.

The two moats which encircle the castle are now covered with ice sufficiently thick to bear skaters. Villagers, however, have been given to understand that the accustomed permission to skat on the moats cannot be accorded while the former emperor is in the castle.

Made Machine Gun That Shoots Nails

Kingston, Jan. 24.—A machine gun was recently manufactured in the Provincial penitentiary at Portsmouth. The genius was an Austrian Pole named Simondski, serving practically a life term. He was assisted by another Austrian. Before the gun was actually completed the prison authorities discovered the handiwork of the pair. When tested the gun fired nails.

Simondski was sentenced at Toronto for burglary, and in August, 1914, he escaped from the Prison Farm by felling two guards and riding off on the sentry's horse. An additional sentence of twenty years was imposed upon him after he was caught at North Bay.

Relief Afforded To Flour Millers

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—If the mills of Canada are compelled by temporary interruption to their export shipments to reduce the output of flour, the output of bran and shorts will also, of course, be affected. A proportion of bran and shorts is being released for export to the West Indies, Central and Southern America and Newfoundland. Bran and shorts from four sold in Canada will, of course, continue to be available at the fixed prices already established. The effect of the new regulation will be to afford relief to the flour millers, without detriment of Canadian farmers, as the bran and shorts allowed to be exported would not be manufactured unless an export market was found for the flour.

Thirty-four women have been elected to the National Assembly of Germany.

LOCAL SOLDIERS HOMEWARD BOUND

TWELVE HAVE LEFT HALIFAX IN SPECIAL TRAIN FOR PETERBORO.

The following Peterborough men arrived at Halifax per steamer Empress of Britain on the 22nd. and left for their homes on the evening of the same day by special train.

D. J. Eldrid.
N. Saxby.
J. P. McGrath.
C. Patterson.
H. Clark.
J. H. Jenkinson
W. T. Jarvis.
M. McMahon.
S. Martin
C. Martin
S. McCabe.
J. French.

The following arrived at the same time and by the same steamer but have been directed to the Quebec

Nurse Is Cousin Of Edith Cavell

Stratford, Jan. 24.—At the annual nurses' graduation exercises of the General Hospital, a new feature was the presentation of 133 badges bearing the city's coat-of-arms to the nurses and helpers during the "flu" epidemic. The presentation was made by Acting Mayor John Stevenson.

Two medals for proficiency and efficiency are given each year, and it is interesting to note that the winner of one medal if Miss Florance Cavell, of Owen Sound, cousin of the martyred Edith Cavell. The other medal was won by Miss Hazel Hodder of Dutton.

Clearing Station for disposal:
G. Allen.
A. R. Carpenter.
R. G. McLeish.
J. H. Gilgour.
H. S. Houden.
Knowles, H. W.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1919

THE PLAN THAT FAILED.

TO EX PRESIDENT TAFT really belongs the credit of evolving a practical plan for the prevention of war by the formation of a Court of Arbitration, which was really the nucleus of the plan now before the world. As was stated in these columns a few days ago and as Mr. Taft said in his address last night, during his presidential term he formed such an alliance with France and England [illegible]

The occasion of the signing of that treaty marked an epoch in the history of the United States. When the representatives of the three nations that were parties to it affixed their signatures, each used a number of gold pens that were distributed as mementos of what was regarded as a new triumph of diplomacy. But the obtuse United States Treaty refused to ratify the treaty and nothing came of Mr. Taft's efforts.

Had that treaty been approved by the Senate, it is not only possible but highly probable that the late war would never have occurred. England, France and the United States would have formed a combination that no other power under the sun would have been insane enough to provoke to combat. It is believed that the ex-Kaiser would never have hurled his empire into war had he been able to foresee the forces that were eventually to confront him. He relied on the neutrality of Britain, which included all the armies furnished by the dominions, and was firmly of the belief that the United States would not fight. Taking one power after the other, the way to ultimate world conquest would have been comparatively easy. England, France and the United States in what would really have been a league to preserve the peace, not only among themselves but with all other powers, would have used their united force to prevent war, just as such an aim is planned today by the proposed league of nations. If the ex-kaiser was responsible for the recent cataclysm, then it is not too much to say that ex-President Taft was the one statesman of sufficient broad vision and foresight whose wisdom would have averted the greatest tragedy that has ever convulsed the world. Mr. Taft is regarded as one of the world's foremost statesmen today. History will give him a still higher place when the ideals for which he has labored all these years have been finally achieved.

FORCE IN COMMERCE.

RETURNING with renewed vigor to a discussion of the trade question as it affects Canada and Europe, the Globe continues to call on the Government at Ottawa to do something to open the markets of the latter to Canadian bacon and flour. The Globe's argument encourages its readers in the inference that its idea is that markets are opened with a crowbar or some such burglarious appliance.

Here is a problem over which the Globe would do well to ponder. How is Canada to fare in the markets of Europe, if the price of wheat in this country is to be arbitrarily set at $2.24 a bushel while overseas wheat-growing countries are supplying the grain and its products at something less than half the figure that prevails here?

JUSTICIABLE PROBLEMS.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT last night made clear the difference ebetween justiciable and non-justiciable problems likely to arise in human affairs. The one can be settled in a court of justice, the others are beyond the jurisdiction of either law or equity. There may be a multiplicity of laws on the statute books, but not enough yet to cover all cases that crop up from time to time.

It would be a justiciable offence, for example, for a Canadian citizen, while laboring under an excess of patriotic devotion, to go to Washington and demonstrate his disapprobation of all things American by hurling a brick through the window of the Capitol or wrecking a similar vengeance upon the presidential residence. In the same category would be classed similar actions on the part of a devoted American who so disported himself at Ottawa.

But there are other objectionable nation characteristics that cannot be dealt with by any kind of legal machinery even though the exercising of them may interfere with the international harmony that is so desirable of attainment. Newspapers and jingoes in either country can hurl metaphorical and rhetorical brickbats at each other with impunity. Fortunately such belligerents are becoming more and more rare with the passing of time, and let all pray for the utter extinction of papers and orators of this type. National relations should be similar to those which prevail among neighbors in a community. The man who hurls insinuations and epithets directed against the resident on the other side of the line fence may keep within the law, but he is a public nuisance just the same and a breeder of discord among his fellows.

GLORY ENOUGH FOR ALL.

"THERE IS GLORY enough for all," said ex-President Taft in his address last night, referring to the defeat of Germany and the part each allied nation took in bringing about that victory. "There should be no jealousy, no enmity, between any of the various powers."

Mr. Taft said enough to indicate that he has noticed a disposition on the part of some Canadian newspapers to attempt to minimise the part taken by the United States in the war. It should be remembered that from the first, even if the American nation was nominally neutral, its sympathy and its resources were with the Allies. Conditions in Canada and in the United States in August, 1914, were vastly different.

Canadians had always regarded themselves as part of the British Empire, ready to take part in every conflict that threatened the Imperial integrity. When Britain declared war on Germany, the Canadian Parliament was called together in special session and unanimously voted to enter the fray after the leaders on both sides of the House had made addresses that roused the patriotic ardor of the people from one end of the Dominion to the other. There was no opposition manifested then to the course that was decided upon, to the policy that has been carried out with so much national honor.

The United States was fettered with the tradition, over one hundred years old, that taught them to shun anything like participation in the disputes of European powers. At least one-quarter of the vast population of the Republic was either open friends of the Central Powers by birth or descent or were hostile in a measure at least, to Britain. President Wilson had no power of himself either to declare war or to force the hand of Congress, members of which were unalterably opposed to active participation in the fray. There was not the unanimity among the American legislators that marked the members of the Canadian Parliament in 1914.

To break down the tradition of a century, to unite the different races in the United States, to blend the patriotic sentiments of the various elements, to overcome congressional scruples and prejudices, became the task of President Wilson. He persevered to the end, and when his object was achieved the work of preparation began. The latter part of his task, that of raising an army of almost five million men, equipping and sending overseas a force of two millions, was a compartively easy matter and required less time than did the work of preparing the American people, or rather the hostile factions and the pacifists in the United States, for the great change in the country's foreign policy.

As ex-President Taft says, there is no cause for jealousy. There is glory and honor enough for all.

A PRACTICAL PACIFIST.

TWO OF THE MOST distinguished advocates of international peace among the many in the United States today are ex-President Taft, who received so hearty a welcome in this city yesterday, and William Jennings Bryan, three times an unsuccessful candidate for the presidency. Both in this matter may be idealists, but there is in all important details a vast difference between them. Mr. Bryan in this, as in all other important questions, is a dreamer. Mr. Taft brings to the support of his ideas the trained mind of a practical man of affairs. Mr. Bryan confines himself to academic arguments as to the folly of war and the benefits of peace. Mr. Taft, while lacking nothing as to these features of the problem, would deal with it as all human errors are handled.

As a lawyer who has held high judicial positions, Mr. Taft recognizes that the mandate of any earthly court cannot be enforced without police agency. Applying this same principle to international affairs, he does not fail to see that with a league of nations in existence, formed on the almost perfect plan which he outlines in his public addresses, a certain measure of force is still essential to carry out the findings of such a tribunal.

While Mr. Taft preaches peace on earth and good will to men, he is not satisied to let it go at that and to depend on moral suasion alone to effect the salvation of mankind. He does not spin beautiful theories on the question of disarmament and advocate the scrapping of every war vessel and the disarming of even soldiers. A certain military force will be required by every power if for no other duty than the preservation of internal harmony. With say a score of civilized nations in a League of Peace, the naval and land forces of nineteen of these could be combined to reduce to reason the twentieth in the event of the latter forgetting its obligations and stepping out of bounds. That is a proposition which cannot fail to commend itself to every man who is not laboring under the delusion that the millennium is already here and that this war has miraculously converted the world to a creed in which the Golden Rule is paramount.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

"VOX POPULI VOX DEI." But not infrequently the first voice is afflicted with lapsus linguae.

* * * * *

"THE LAND of the free and the home of the brave" beyond all question, but not more so than our own.

* * * * *

PERHAPS IT IS the warm relations between Canada and her big neighbor that has affected the winter climate.

* * * * *

WITH THAT perennial smile and inexhaustible store of good nature, it is little wonder that Mr. Taft preserves his youthful spirit.

* * * * *

LIKE A CITY COUNCIL managing a municipal railway, was Mr. Taft's idea of mismanagement and inefficency reduced to the lowest possible limit.

* * * * *

A LEAGUE OF PEACE with no other parties to it than Britain, Britain's fleet, Canada and the United States, would make war impossible for all time.

* * * * *

ALL IN FAVOR of extending a vote of thanks to the Local Council of Women for the entertainment of last night will please signify it in the usual manner. The ayes have it unanimously.

* * * * *

ONE THING IS CERTAIN—Mr. Taft can carry away with him from Peterborough the conviction that Mrs. George H. King and Mrs. Maurice Park are entitled to rank with the best soloists in America.

* * * * *

"THE GREATEST address I ever heard," was City Clerk Armstrong's opinion of Mr. Taft's speech last night. And Mr. Armstrong is not only a competent judge but has listened to some of the best orators of the day.

* * * * *

THE AMERICAN SENATE will have an opportunity to sit in judgment upon the the league of nations as agreed on by the Peace Conference, but the former august body has probably acquired wisdom since it defeated Mr. Taft's original plan.

WILSON'S ENTRY INTO LONDON

(By Ella Ankers.)

President Wilson was welcomed to London by the man and woman in the street as the greatest man in the world! Why? Because he had become the incarnation of the idea of a world peace. I never witnessed a more glorious day of enthusiasm.

It was natural that flags of all the allied nations should wave over London in honor of the president. It was like a rainbow of bright hopes from all mankind rising over him, while people still wait in the mist for the sun of peace. The first condition, of course, is the friendship of United they alone can give the world lasting peace; divided they will forever prevent it.

As I pushed forward through the immense crowd today I passed an old fashioned statue of a king in peruke and court stockings. Curiously enough the first president of the American republic to visit London passed on his triumphant way this statue of King George III.

An elderly, distinguished lady was explaining things to some boys around her as they all waited for Wilson on a stony doorstep.

"This is King George III.," she said, "the obstinate fool who treated the Americans so badly that we lost those colonies. But he was not a true Englishmen at all. He was really a German, and he could not get Englishmen enough to fight for him, so he had to hire Germans to do the job. So we lost the war, and justly so. Don't you think that we should have the statue of George Washington here? He was a great Englishman."

"Hear, hear!" some listeners joined in. "Why not President Wilson himself? He is also a great Englishman. His grandfather was a minister in England."

"No, he is a great Scotchman," another interrupted. "His mother was born in Carlisle."

I left the crowd before the competition became too lively. I supposed that an American might soon turn up to claim that Mr. Wilson was an American.

St. James' palace, the fine but gloomy Tudor pile, was gloriously adorned with English and American flags. Two hours before the time for the president's arrival people were packed together watching the minutes of the tower clock. Sometimes a band played a cheerful march. At last guns began booming and the rowd shivered with excitement. At hat moment the president arrived at the station and soon would pass here.

"What do you think President Wilson will do with the kaiser?"

"Just leave him to his own people. I suppose. They will punish him all right. The worst of it was that he ran away and left the old lady behind!"

That is the people's voice—I never thought of that—"left the old lady behind."

A distant roar of cheers mingled with the whirring of aeroplanes, and flocks of shining silver birds flew mereily over our heads—the first heralds of the triumphal car.

From Marlborough house a graceful old lady, dressed in black, steps out of the door and stands waiting in the street, waving an American flag. She is followed by a fair young boy of 16.—It is the Dowager Queen Alexandra with her grandson, Prince Olaf of Norway.

After that I heard no more, my senses were drowned in deafening cheers. Walls, roofs and streets were one wave of flags and music. The president was driving past at the side of George V. I gazed a second at the great American. A glimpse of his strong, gray, judging eyes and his all conquering smile—and the frantic cheers fell on the next carriage, on two stately women, Mrs. Wilson and Queen Mary.

It was the greeting from one people to another: We will hold together in confidence and in hope.

ELLA ANKER.

London, England, Dec. 26.

TODAY'S STORY

The red cheeked girl burst into the room like a gust of frosty air.

"Hello, Marian!" she said. "Come on out skating. The ice is fine."

The girl on the divan before the fire smiled languidly and pushed a box of chocolates toward her friend.

"Really, Sue, I couldn't. I'm not feeling well."

"Fresh air'd do you good."

"Oh, no, it's too cold. You see, I have a touch of—"

"Have you seen Molly Marshall's new fur coat?" interrupted the guest as she attacked the chocolates.

"No; what kind is it?"

"Squirrel, perfectly gorgeous. She's out on the pond with it now. Bobby Owens is out there, too."

The girl up on the couch stirred with surprising vigor.

"Really? I didn't know he skated."

"Does, like a breeze. That negligee's awfully unbecoming to you, Marian."

Marian sat up and straightened her folds of fellow silk.

"Do you think so. Why?"

"Not your style. You look so messy in floppy things, you know. That green sport suit of yours is the best looking thing you ever had."

"Really?"

"Um-hm. Molly Marshall's an awfully good skater, Marian. She's doing all kinds of stunts with Bobby Owens."

"She can't skate as well as I can!" declared the invalid. "I guess I could teach Bob Owens a few stunts, too."

"Of course, you could, if you felt well," Sue agreed. "Bob simply loves athletic girls, you know. He told my brother Peter that one reason he liked you so well was because you were such a good sport. Too bad you can't come out today. You don't look very well, but I think it's just the yellow of that kimono. You look better now than when I came in, though. You have more color."

"Do I? I feel a little better, too, since I sat up. It wouldn't do me good."

"Yes, but I wouldn't advise it today, Marian."

"I don't believe it would hurt me."

"I wasn't thinking of that. Of course, if you are sure you can skate as well when you aren't quite strong—You wouldn't want Molly Marshall to get ahead of you."

The girl who had been sick moved over to the dresser and began to arrange her hair very rapidly.

"I guess if I couldn't beat Molly Marshall I'd never put on a pair of skates again as long as I live. I'll wear my green suit. It isn't very cold, is it?"

"Not very. Are you sure you ought to go, Marian? Of course, if you're sick—"

"I'm not sick," declared Marian, busy with the laces of her heavy boots. "I wasn't really sick to begin with, and I feel lots better now. And I'm sure a turn on the ice will make me all well."

"Yes," Sue agreed. "I think it will."

WIT AND WISDOM

Shop Talk.

Copy Boy—To decide a bet, Bill, what form of government has Russia just now?

Linotyper—Pied form!

Johnny—"What kind of hen lays golden eggs?"

Father—"Any kind that lays at all."

Mistress—"Are you married?"

Maid—"No, ma'am. I bumped into a door."

"You are two-faced. You let another fellow kiss you."

"Well, if I have two faces what's your kick?"

Great Pun, This.

"There were two actresses in an early play of mine," said an uthor, "both very beautiful, but the leading actress was thin. She quarreled one day at rehearsal with the other lady and she ended the quarrel by saying, haughtily: 'Remember, please, that I am the star.'

"'Yes, I know you're the star,' the other retorted, eyeing with an amused smile the leading actress's long, slim figure, 'but you'd look better, my dear, if you were a little meteor!'"

Day Dreams.

"Building a castle in the air, old man?"

"Not that precisely, but something of the sort. I was just wishing I had a contract to pave Easy street."

Enterprise.

A small boy entered the office of a doctor the other day and, on catching sight of the doctor, he whispered quietly into his ear:

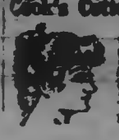
"Please, sir, mother wants to know is measles catching?"

"Tell your mother of course they are," replied the doctor.

The boy, not being satisfied with this, exclaimed:

"Please, sir, mother wants to know what you will give her to spread 'em around the town? My sister's got 'em awful."

Cook's Cotton Root Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

NP SOAP
The Soap with a Record

WOMEN'S GUILD MEETS

Officials Elected by Branch at All Saints' Church.

The Women's Guild of All Saints' Church held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Wolstenholm. Reports of the year were read, and last year's officers re-elected, as follows:

President—Mrs. Blois.

Vice-president and Secretary—Mrs. Crowe.

Treasurer—Mrs. Haskill.

Receipt for the year amounted to $812.80. Rev. R. B. Grobb addressed the meeting and thanked the ladies for their work. Light refreshments were served.

The Guild intends holding a Valentine tea in the Guild room February 14th.

THE FIRST TIME
You Realize Something is Wrong with Your Eyes.

That is the proper time to have your eyes examined and save those headaches and nervous strains that neglected eyes will cause.

Make your appointment to have us examine your eyes.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

FEMININE LOGIC

The young ladys across the way says liberty bonds are certain to go above par after the peace agreement is actually signed and nobody ought to be alarmed because they're at a light premium now.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods
Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Winter Service at New Duffus Garage

If your car needs overhauling, now is the best time to have it done. We will call for your car and deliver it when finished. Do not wait till the rush of Spring business is on.

There will be a shortage of cars this season, but we will book your order for either immediate or Spring delivery up to the supply in sight.

Duffus Garage

Dealers in Ford, Gray Dort and Dodge Bros. Cars.
Office Phone 1760. Cor. Charlotte and Water Sts.
Repair Dept. and Stock Room, Phone 1761.
BRANCHES: NORWOOD and MILLBROOK.

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

WILLIAM RUSSELL in "Up Romance Road" The Story of how a Love Affair got mixed up in a German Spy Plot—Five Acts

EDDIE POLO in "The Lure of the Circus" Chapter Two "Beaten Back" in Two Parts

Screen Telegram The Best News Graphic
STROUD COMEDY Featuring Elinore Fields
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 15 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Bluebird Photoplay HERBERT RAWLINSON in "Brace Up"

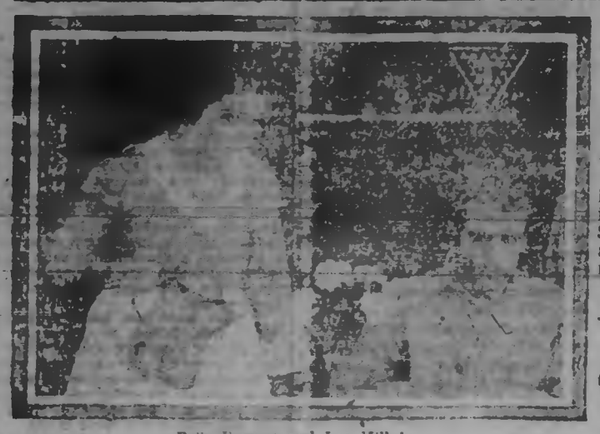
JUANITA HANSEN and JACK MULHALL in the "Room of Flames" From the Brass Bullet

"Maimed in a Hospital" A Comedy Feature

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROYAL THEATRE

14 First Run Reels — **Entire Change To-Day** — **Always a Good Show and at Popular Prices** — **14 First Run Reels**



Belle Bennett and Lee Hill in Triangle Play "The Lonely Woman"

THE GREAT STARRING PRODUCTION

"Pals First"

With HAROLD LOCKWOOD as Leading Actor—5 Parts

BELLE BENNETT in a flaming Story of Faith and Struggle in which kindness brings a great reward. FIVE PARTS **"The Lonely Woman"**

THE FASCINATING PATHE SERIAL

"The Lightning Raider"

With Pearl White as the Bewitching Artist—Two Parts

A KEYSTONE COMEDY **"A Sea Serpent's Desire"** Featuring Four Great Movie Stars

Admission Afternoons and Evenings . . . 16c to all

Special Saturday Morning Matinee for School Children and others only 10c

Bring Your Dimes—No More, No Less

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night 8 p.m. To-night

Hon. F. B. Carvell

will Address a Public Meeting in the Opera House

Saturday, January 25th

Matinee 2 p. m Evening 8 p. m.

Special Big Picture Program

Taylor Holmes

—IN—

"Ruggles of Red Gap"

SIX REELS

Charlie Chaplin

—IN—

"A Hotel Mixup"

Two Other Good Comedies

PATHE NEWS JUDGE BROWN STORY

12 GREAT REELS

NO VAUDEVILLE

Note new hours for Saturday next only
Matinee—2 p. m. Evening—8 p. m.

Matinee—10c Evenings—15c

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 27 and 28

The Peter Robinson Chapter the of I.O.D.E., Present the Mammoth Spectacular Opera

"In Sunny France"

A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C

160 AMATEURS IN CAST

The sweetest music you have heard since the days of Gilbert & Sullivan

One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."

PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

WHAT ITALY DEMANDS AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE

Bases All Her Claims for Consideration Upon the Record Made by Italian Troops in the War.

Now that the war is over Italy makes demands for compensation for her sacrifices. The following is a resume of the case which the Italian delegates will present to the peace congress:

Italy was not assaulted. Italy took up arms on her own accord, for the triumph of justice, which only incidentally applied to herself as well as to the allies.

When the treaty of London of April 1915 was set up, the honorable signatures of England, France and Italy were accepted as a sufficient guaranty that a portion of Dalmatia besides Trento and Trieste, being Italian, was to be assigned to Italy.

Now it is to the Treaty of London that Italy is keeping faith, and Italy wants both England and France to do the same, believing that the time is past when a regularly signed treaty can be considered a mere scrap of paper.

A Frank Word

As the discussion stands just now, and after almost two months of bitter controversy originated by the Croats, and not by us, in regard to Dalmatia, we believe we must—against our own desire—speak a friendly but straight word to the English as well as to the French people and say to them.

Do you recognize your signature you put under the Treaty of London, which was unmistakably portion of Dalmatia (not all Dalmatia, Croats please take notice) to Italy? We presume yes. Then you should feel both the moral and legal obligation to support Italy's rights just as Italy is earnestly supporting yours. Otherwise Italy may reserve her liberty of action on all other points of the same treaty.

Do you prefer to consider Dalmatia as a Croation and not as an Italian Province, and want to apply to her President Wilson's principles? Well, let it be done so. But the same principle must then be enforced in its fullest extent, not only for Dalmatia, but also for other provinces, and so—

Return Alsace-Lorraine by Germany to France, as already agreed;

Return Corsica, Nizza and Savoia by France to Italy.

Return Malta, Cozzo, Comino and Cominetto by England to Italy.

Return Canton del Crigioni by Switzerland to Italy.

Return Dedecanese by Italy to either Turkey or Greece.

N.B. to speak of all the Russian provinces, and including all colonies, which would bring the returning by Italy, France, England, Germany, etc., of many of them to their former owners or give them independence, as the case may be.

Jugo-Slavs Not Pro Allies

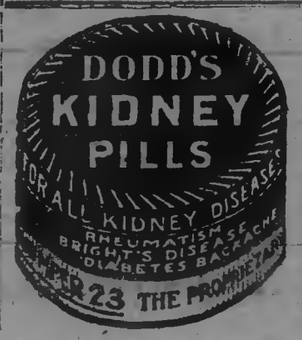
We want our friends, our Allies, to understand our position and our rights, and want them not to become too enthusiastic of the so called Jugo Slavs, so forgetting what Italy has done in this war.

Let the Croats get their independence, but be auspicious about their posing as an "oppressed" nation, and note they feel very much encouraged in their boldness when seeing your disposition to listen too much to them, who after all have been and practically still are our common enemies. Remember that only when the defeat of the Central Empires became apparent they attempted to lay a foundation of a Jugo-Slav rtate (so different from the Czecho-Slovacs who fought against Austria), and even this under the rule of the House of Hapsburg. Do not forget the farcical surrender of the Austro-Hungarian navy to the Jugo-Slavs, and be convinced that the Croats (the real leaders of the Jugo-Slavs) are neither your sincere friends nor ours. The very fact that Italy wants to keep faith to every point of the Treaty, she signed at London on April 1915, is a proof of her sincerity.

This is why Italy wants no change in the Treaty of London neither for her benefit nor for her injury. And this is why Italy asks the people and press to support her.

A spinster says that an old bachelor is a man who has lost an opportunity to make some woman miserable for life.

is declared, as wer definitely established as being due to the causes names. The officials intend to publish the complete material on which the investigations were based, "to demonstrate that this is not propaganda, but strictly for the purpose of establishing the facts."



Half A Million Died Of Hunger

Berlin, Jan. 24.—It is announced officially by the German Government that further investigation of mortality due to the blockade from the autumn of 1916 until the end of 1918 shows that the figures were much higher than were at first supposed. More than 500,000 deaths, it is said, were caused by malnutrition or under nutrition. Only civilians are included in the list which gives the announcement. If it errs at all, it is by giving too low figures. Only such cases were included, it

RESULT OF DRIVE NOT YET KNOWN

FORMAL CANVASS OVER AND RECEIPTS TURNED OVER TO TREASURER.

Though the three days' foremal canvassing have closed all of the work is not as yet done. Men dropped off the teams and did not find substitutes to take their places on the teams. This necessitates picking up the loose ends and cleaning up parts of several districts. It all means money. All day long we run up against people who were out of the city or who had not been reached. So many a substantial sum is added to the total.

Repeated enquiries have been made as to the sum realized. So far no attempt has been made to open the packages and make a list of receipts. This morning a clothes basketful of big envelopes containing cards, cash and returns was handed to Mr. W. H Dunford, of the Bank of Commerce, who has undertaken, as treasurer, to get the avails into orderly shape. Many workers handed in their statements and case personally instead of giving it to the team captain to be credited on the work of the team. This will be done and presently we shall know how the big drive has worked out.

Then again the cards of subscriptions from the factories have not all been collected. In the aggregate these will amount to a very considerable sum and will strengthen the total very well. In general, has been disclosed a cheerful willingness to help the Army, and even if the amount offered be not large, there are a whole lot of such contributions.

Presently, say at the beginning of the week, those who have been in the work will be called together in conference to see who have been missed, and what can be done to cover these cases. Many, no doubt, willing to contribute, is asked. An appreciated help was the generous gift of the Woman's Patriotic League of East City, $100.00, per the president, Mrs. R. H. Parsons. The scrutiny of the returns will, no doubt, disclose other and similar contributions from local societies, and all such shall have due mention.

As severa cases have come in where people hav esignified willingness to subscribe and did not know where to take the gift, it has been arranged that such may be handed to the treasurer, Mr. W. H. Dunsford, at the Bank of Commerce, who will give receipts and credit for the same.

One satisfaction in the campaign is that the expenses of the drive have been only trifling. The newspapers have been more than generous, and their help has been a factor in the general result. It is true that a larger organization, calling for mightly meetings, lunches, etc., as was done at the Patriotic Fund campaigns would have been nice and rousing and worth the money from the point of the get-together spirit aroused. But it was felt that any extraneous expense could be set aside and that personal work and diligence might be reckoned on the make up anything that the other course might have ensured.

Dr. J. J. Bedard of North Bay was fined $200 and $80 costs for breach of the Ontario Temperance Act; he issued 390 liquor prescriptions in 21 days, in some cases ordering 16 ounces instead of 6.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts at First Sign of Bladder Irritation of Backache

The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing at any time.

You cannot begin to measure its goodness alongside of others, the quality being INCOMPARABLE.

"SALADA" TEA

Black, Green or Mixed . . . Sealed Packets Only.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 568 George St. Phone 1044w

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

It pays to shop on Hunter St Out of the high rent district.

INVALID STOUT

Splendid tonic for people in a run-down condition. Half dozen and dozen bottle lots delivered.

If you don't like Stout we have White Label Ale.

SWEET ORANGES
FRESH CANDIES, ETC.

WHITE CLOVER HONEY

90c, $1.75, and $3.50 in Pails.

FRESH EGGS

And Choice Butter Always on hand.

James R. Bell's

SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 455-W 197 Hunter St

Goods Delivered

CANADA FOOD BOARD

License No. 8-5482

Good Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Good Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Also HARD COAL

GRATE, EGG AND PEA SIZE

J. E. A. FITZGERALD

Phone 111

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-362

JANUARY CLEARANCE

After finishing stock-taking, we find a lot of odd lines that must be got rid of, and we have made such bargain prices that they will go quick.

LOT 1 A Table containing a big assortment of Ladies' Fine Boots, many styles, Patents with cloth or kid uppers, Gun Metals, Vici Kid, laced or buttoned, high Cuban and low heels; such big value that it will pay well to buy them even for house wear. Values run up to $5.00. Our clean up price is only **$1.98**

LOT 2 A splendid selection of Misses' Boots, Chocolate with Neolin soles, Black Vici Kid and Gun Metal, with high tops, Patents with cloth or kid tops; also some medium high Buttoned Boots. These are the same grade and price as the Ladies' Boots, and are such a big bargain that it is worth while securing them even for future use. To clear them up our special price is only, your choice **$1.98**

DURING THE STOCK-TAKING WE ALSO FOUND MANY ODD LINES OF MEN'S BOOTS THAT WE WILL CLEAR AT BIG BARGAINS. THE MEN WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED IF THEY COME. THERE'S SOMETHING HERE TO SUIT THEM AT A VERY LOW PRICE.

ALSO ALL KINDS OF LADIES' WINTER FOOTWEAR, FELT BOOTS, ETC., ON WHICH OUR CUSTOMERS WILL SAVE ABOUT 20 PER CENT. OFF REGULAR PRICES BY BUYING THEM NOW.

FOR THE BOYS THERE ARE ALSO SPECIAL BARGAINS—THE BEST WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO GIVE THEM FOR MANY A DAY. BRING THE BOYS FOR THEIR SHARE OF THE BARGAINS.

Peterborough Shoe Store

291 George Street L. ERSTER. Opposite Opera House

The EUREKA Vacuum Cleaner is a Boon to the Home Keeper

STORE OPENS 8:30 A.M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAY 9:30 P.M.

TOYLAND NOW LOCATED IN BASEMENT—Complete Stock of Toys Will be Carried all the Year Round in the Basement.

The Fourth and Last Big Special Selling Events on Our January Program are—

The Basement Sale The Housefurnishing Sale

These start Saturday, January 25th, and like the other Specials will run for one week. Both Departments have made extra efforts to make these record breaking occasions and you will be well repaid to take advantage of the many unusual offerings.

These are the Basement Special Offerings for the Last of Our January Extra Selling Events

PLATES AT 6c
Plain white semi-porcelain Soup Plates, two sizes; also Breakfast Plates in same qualit. Regular $1.35 dozen ..... Basement Sale, 200 to sell at, each **6c**

SAUCE DISHES, 4c
Plain white semi-porcelain Sauce Dishes ..... Basement Sale, each **4c**

CLOVER LEAF CUPS AND SAUCERS
These are splendid quality porcelain, with neat design in gold; 120 Cups and Saucers to sell for the Basemene Sale at, Per dozen **$2,19**

CHINA CREAM JUGS 25c
Nippon China Cream Jugs, three designs; splendid quality china with pretty patterns. At each **25c**

BROWN BETTY TEA POTS
The ever popular Teapot. These are plain color, and for Basement Sale the prices are:
Six cup size 39c
Eight cup size 45c

VEGETABLE BOWLS UNDER PRICE
Plain white semi-porcelain open Vegetable Bowls, three sizes. Basement Sale ..... **19c 25c & 29c**

SATIN TIP MATCHES
We are continuing our offering of these splendid Satin Tip Matches. The manufacturer states that there is not a bad match in the box, and we believe he is right. Basement Sale ..... 2 Boxes for **25c**

CORN BROOM $1.19
Splendid quality Corn Brooms, four strings; made from clean, thoroughly seasoned, long wearing broom corn. Regular $1.50. Basement Sale, each **$1.19**

MOP HANDLES
A splendid Mop Handle, complete with copper wire .... Basement Sale, each **25c**

ASH SHIFTERS
Good strong woven bottom Wooden sides ..... Basement Sale, each **25c**

COAL HODS 49c
Good quality black Japanned Coal Hods, medium size. These are a more expensive quality, but were slightly bruised during shipment, which will in no way interfere with the wear. Basement Sale, each **49c**

CEREAL COOKERS
Large size; outside tin holds 7 qts.; inside size, 3 quts. wine measure. Extra special for Basement Sale **$1.39**

PONY WASHBOARDS FOR CHILDREN
Special for the Basement Sale ..... Each **15c**

GLASS TUMBLERS 5c
300 Glass Tumblers, in the popular Colonial pattern ..... Basement Sale, each **5c**

GLASS WASHBOARDS
Heavy quality glass, for the Basement Sale ..... Each **59c**

PASTRY BOARDS
Medium size, clean and well made ..... Basement Sale, each **69c**

TIN TEA KETTLES
Small size, suitable for gas or small heaters ..... Special for Basement Sale, each **45c**

ELECTRIC LIGHT BULBS
25 watt only. Extra Special for Basement Sale ..... 3 for **89c**

NAIL BRUSHES
Good quality. Basement Sale ..... 3 for **10c**

AURORA TOILET PAPER, 6 for 29c
Aurora Toilet Paper, large rolls. Basement Sale ..... shrdluetaoinshrdloateuihsrluetd shrdlu ..... 6 Rolls **29c**

LAUNDRY SOAP 29c
Turnbull's famous Laundry Soap. Lay in your supply when you can get it at this price, or one week commencing January 25th we will sell you six bars of this splendid Laundry Soap for **29c**

GARBAGE PAILS
Heavy quality galvanized iron; complete with lid; handle strongly riveted on. Three sizes ..... $1.98, $1.75 & **$1.45**

VICTOR FLOUR SIFTERS 25c
Victor four Sifters, the most efficient flour sifter on the market. Basement Sale, each **25c**

The Housefurnishing Department Offers These Extras for Its January Sale

FINE WILTON RUGS
A wonderful choice is offered in fine Wilton Rugs in Persian and conventional designs that will harmonize with any decorative scheme.
Size 2¼ x 3 yards. Regular $12.50. Special $8.00
Size 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $65.00. Special $40.50
Size 3 x 4 yards. Regular $75.00. Special $48.50

BEAUTIFUL AXMINSTER RUGS
Handsome colorings, deep thick pile; all copies of Oriental Rugs in design and color. The most popular shades in rich brown, fawn and old blue effects.
Size 2¼ x 3 yards. Regular $35.00. Special $29.50
Size 3 x 3 yards. Regular $45.00. Special $39.00
Size 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $50.00. Special $44.00
Size 3 x 4 yards. Regular $55.00. Special $48.50

SUPER BRUSSELS RUGS
A splendid range of colors and designs to choose from. Dainty chintz effects, small Persian and conventional designs. Made on the famous Jacquard looms with extra quality worsted yarns.
Size 2¼ x 3 yards. Regular $25.00. Special $21.00
Size 3 x 3 yards. Regular $31.50. Special $27.50
Size 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $35.00. Special $31.00
Size 3 x 4 yards. Regular $40.00. Special $34.50

SCOTCH TAPESTRY RUGS
About twelve Rugs in this lot, purchased at pre-war prices. Thick weave, with one seam only; beautiful Oriental and floral patterns.
Size 2½ x 3 yards. Regular $16.50. Special $14.50
Size 3 x 3 yards. Regular $20.50. Special $17.00
Size 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $22.50. Special $19.00
Size 3 x 4 yards. Regular $24.50. Special $20.00
Size 3½ x 4 yards. Regular $32.00. Special $27.50

REVERSIBLE HEMP RUGS
These rugs are made with reliable hemp and will outwear any other kind of ingrain rugs. The colors are two-tone greens or browns with stencilled borders and medallion centre. A splendid rug for a bedroom.
Size 2½ x 3 yards. Regular $8.00. Special $6.50
Size 3 x 3 yards. Regular $10.00. Special $8.50
Size 3 x 3½ yards. Regular $11.00. Special $9.50
Size 3 x 4 yards. Regular $12.50. Special $10.50

SMALL AXMINSTER MATS
We are giving you the best range of designs in Oriental Mats ever offered. All kinds of designs and colorings. Two special prices. Size 27 x 54 inches.
Regular $4.50. Special $3.89
Regular $5.50. Special $4.89

SCOTCH INLAID LINOLEUMS
Heavy quality Inlaid Linoleums; pattern goes through to the back. The design will not wear off and will last for years to come. In block, tile, floral and parquet design. Two yards wide. Regular $2.25. Special sale price .... Per square yard **$1.85**

FLOOR OILCLOTH
Not more than eight rolls left in stock at this price. Various floral, tile, block and matting designs. Comes in different widths. Worth 85c. Special sale price, per square yard **65c**

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CHINTZES
A comprehensive range of Chintzes in all the latest designs, in light and dark colorings, for side drapes, bedroom boxes, bags, etc; 30 to 36 inches wide. Regular 65c. Special sale price.. Per yard **47c**

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS
Old time quality and price in Lace Curtains; floral, conventional and panel designs. Good strong weaves, finished with strong edges. 2½ and 3 yards long. Regular up to $3.00. Special sale price, per pair **$1.98**

MARQUISETTE CURTAINS
Novelty Marquisetto Curtains in insertion and panel effect borders; also a few Swiss embroidered. Made on fine quality mesh weave; highly mercerized; 2½ yards long. Regular up to $4.50. Special sale price, pair ... **$2,98**

ENGLISH CURTAIN NETS
A wonderful collection of all our stock of Curtain Nets are assembled for this occasion, comprising various designs, in ecru, cream and white; 40 to 45 inches wide. Real bargains, in two special lots.
Regular 50c per yard. Special ... 36c
Regular 40c per yard. Special ... 27c

PLAIN, STRIPED AND BORDERED SCRIMS
This lot of Scrims are remarkable value, especially when you consider what they will bring in the spring. About twelve pieces for this sale; 36 inches wide; ecru, white, and cream.
Regular 30c per yard. Special ... 19c
Regular 40c per yard. Special ... 26c

ENGLISH BORDERED CASEMENT CLOTH
Several pieces of fancy bordered Casement Cloth with plain cream centre; washable and fast colors. Suitable for side drapes or curtains; 36 inches wide. Regular 35c per yard ..... Special **26c**

WINDOW SHADES
In plain green, cream or white, mounted on reliable roller, complete with bracket and pull; 37 inches wide by 2 yards long. Regular 85c. Special sale price, each **67c**

DUPLEX WINDOW SHADES
Heavy grade Oiled Opaque Duplex Shades, in combination colors of green and white, or green and cream; strong guaranteed Hartshorn rollers, complete with fittings. Size 37 x 72 inches. Regular $1.45. Special **$1.09**

ALL-WHITE ENAMEL BEDS
White Enamel Beds, with one-inch posts, fancy scroll designs at head and foot. Size 3 to 4½ feet wide. Regular $6.50 ..... Special sale **$5.19**

WIRE SPRING MATTRESSES
Made of best quality twisted steel wire, mounted on seasoned maple wood frames, with cable and plate support to prevents sagging. Sizes 3 to 4½ feet wide. Regular $5.00 ..... Special Sale price **$4.19**

ALL-WOOL MATTRESSES
A well made and guaranteed mattress, filled with best grade wool, well combed, covered with good quality fancy art ticking, well tufted to insure comfort. Regular size 4½ ft. wide. Regular $13.50. Special Sale price **$11.98**

FEATHER PILLOWS
Pillows filled with chemically purified chicken and duck feathers, free from any odor. Covering of heavy grade fancy striped art ticking. Sizes 18 x 26 ins. to 20 x 27 ins.
Regular $3.75. Special Sale price, per pair **$2.98**
Regular $2.75. Special Sale price, per pair **$1.98**

COCOA DOOR MATS
A range of different sizes in Cocoa Mats, specially made office quality cocoa fibre for winter use. In sizes 14 x 27 ins. to 22 x 36 ins. Regular $1.35 to $4.00. Special Sale price ..... **$1.09 to $3.39**

HERE IS AN EXTRA
120 CEREAL COOKERS AT, EACH 69c
This is undoubtedly The Bargain of the Basement Sale—120 heavy Grey Granite Cereal Cookers; outside holds 3 quarts, inside dish one quart. Better by far than a double boiler. You know what the regular price is. For Basement Sale this 120 to sell at, each **69c**

Housefurnishing Dept. Fourth Floor.

J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited
PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT OUTLINES

(Continued from Page One.)

pleasure, and having been previously acquainted with the characteristics of the people he was sure that he saw a change brought about as a result of the influence of the great test to which they have recently been subjected and which indicated a national character victoriously and triumphantly born.

"By your sacrifices of the past few years you have shown what kind of people you are and demonstrated that you are ready and willing to give up everything that righteousness might prevail. There can be no rivalry between Canadians and my countrymen who stood shoulder to shoulder with you in the later conflicts of the great war for there is glory enough for all," asserted the distinguished speaker.

Passing on from this phase of the subject he stated that the most important question to be considered now was that of deciding what we are to do to complete the purpose of the war and justify the sacrifices of life and pleasure which have been made; to ensure the permanent peace of the world and remove for all time the danger of a repitition of such a world wide catastrophe.

A league of nations was in the opinion of the lecturer the only solution of the problem, and he proceeded to outline what he conceived to be the most feasible plan for such an arrangement. He began by telling what had been done during his term of office as President of the United States when arbitration treaties had been made with France and England. The measure was rejected, however, and led eventually to his defeat.

He described the manner in which the alliance was to have been carried out and stated that it would have to consist of an international court of arbitration, a council of conciliation, a force to see that the judgments of the court were complied with and a congress of powers to take action in the event of any of the nations proving refractory and refusing to be bound by the decisions of the court in which case force as derived from the United powers would be used to crush out the insurrection.

What a League of Nations Means

The speaker explained the project in a manner which ensured against misunderstanding. He commenced wit hthe first organization which formed by a league of nations would be instrumental in ensuring the continued peace of the world, the international court of abitration.

To this would be referred all justiciable questions. It would be composed not of representatives of the different countries but of the most eminent and able jurists obtainable in any of them. By justiciable questions the speaker meant those possible of a satisfactory settlement by an application of international law when correctly interpreted by the court.

Non justiciable questions would be referred to the Council of Conciliation, which being a diplomatic body should be representative of the nations especially those chiefly interested in any case which might for the time being engage its attention. Members, in an eventuality of that kind could be appointed to it, temporarily.

The Sealing Dispute

A non justiciable point was defined by Ex-President Taft as one impossible of a satisfactory settlement by the application of international law on account of the question of mere right taking precedence over a judgment as rendered according to the letter of the law. As an illustration of this he recounted the case which was precipitated some years ago when Canadian seal hunters, while not approaching within the three mile limit, killed seal whose rookeries were situated on islands belonging to the United States in Behring Sea. The sealers catching their prey in the water made no effort to discriminate between the male and female of the herd which was, in consequence, in great danger of being entirely destroyed. American revenue cutters took the Canadian sealing schooners into custody, a complaint was made to England which caused a protest to be made to the States.

It was decided to arbitrate the matter upon the understanding that should the decision go against the United States the case could be reconsidered by a committee of conciliation such as the speaker was describing in connection with the proposed league of nations. The arbitrators decided against the interests of the United States ruling that as the Canadian sealers were killing their prey in open water which was the property of no particular country they were justified in doing so and could not be interfered with. The decision was according to law and yet it was morally wrong that a condition of affairs should be upheld which would result in the wholesale destruction of the seal herds in that part of the ocean. The point was a non justiciable one and when referred to the committee of conciliation an agreement was reached whereby the States was given the privilege of protecting the seal in return for certain monetary concessions.

Preventing Wars

Dealing with the third point in the programme outlined the lecturer discussed what would be required of a union of force to suppress premature wars. He reminded his auditors that when it was known that a force existed which was powerful enough to see that the law was obeyed it prevented infractions of it in many cases.

A police force while not always arresting men is at the same time preserving order in a community the knowledge of its existence and efficiency being sufficient to deter would be offenders from carrying out their designs. A united force, representative of the nations of the league would act in much the same way and would superintend the carrying out of the decisions of the court of arbitration.

In dealing with the possible mode of application of this program to conditions arising out of the recent conflict the speaker stated that in the first place the league of nations would have to consist of "the big five" to begin with, which would enjoy the status of charter members. Nations which had not learned the art of self government would have no claim to membership in such an alliance.

In this connection he contrasted the difference between the methods of government in the democratic countries of North America with that of some of the republics of South America. In the States and in Canada if the government is turned out of office it takes its defeat in good part knowing that it is the will of the majority of the electorate and this infallible. In some of the South American republics the government when once elected to power assumes that it is there by Divine right and that those who vote against are traitors and they are treated such until they reach proportions which give them the balance of power whereupon they sweep down upon the government with their guns and chase them into the seclusion from which they have themselves lately emerged and where they will in turn be again forced to flee when their short term of tyranny has run its course.

This condition in the opinion of the speaker was one which would in all probability be met with in some of the new European republics which would be launched as a result of the war. He named from six to ten of these and stated that with the old land from which they had sprung contiguous to them and viewing them as a constant reminder of defeat and with the people of the new nation smarting under years of tyrannical rule upon the part of their parental neighbor conditions were anything but propitious for the preservation of peaceful relations.

Having started these republics, of which Poland would be one, upon their career of independent government it was incumbent upon the league of nations to exercise a guardianship over them until such time as they had learned the art of democratic rule and proved their ability to live peaceably with their neighbors, after which they might be permitted to take their place with the other nations comprising the international league.

A Lesson From Cuba

This was what the United States had done with Cuba which after being freed from the supervision of the big Republic immediately got itself into civil war which ex-President Taft was commissioned by President Roosevelt to endeavor to settle. His efforts in this direction were fruitless and the States was forced to intervene once more and treat Cuba as a protectorate for another two years when she was again left to her own devices with satisfactory results. In the same way a league of nations would be called upon to guard the young nationalities which will spring into life as a result of the war and the terms of the peace treaty, if anything more than chaos is to be obtained.

Even Germany whose war policy received the most scathing denunciation from the Speaker might qualify for a place in the League of Nations when she had complied with the demands of the Allies in the way of an indemnity and showed herself to be truly repentent for her frightful atrocities of the war.

Germany, the speaker described as a nation which had been obsessed with the idea that her destiny entitled her to control the world in order that she might force her kultur upon its people. She had sprung into power through the sword and her people were reared in an atmosphere of warlike preparation. Having allowed the idea that they had a mission to perform in conquering the world to become firmly implanted in their minds the German people sought the old palliative for a guilty conscience and believed that they were helping God and plunged into a campaign of ruthlessness which brought the States into the struggle.

With republics hemming her in on all sides and under the supervision of such a system as described the speaker expressed the utmost confi-

(Continued on Page 6)

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Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

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15c Cakes INFANT'S DELIGHT SOAP 3 for 25c
The Toilet Soap that is liked equally well by young and old. It is one of the best and purest soaps made. The usual price to-day anywhere is 15c. Buy it on Saturday at ..... 3 Cakes **25c**

"VICTORIA" TOILET PAPER 10 Rolls 49c
Fine crepe tissue paper. Regular 7c rolls, of extra good size. Sold only in 10 and 20 roll lots on Saturday at this remarkable Snap price. Lay in a supply, at ... 10 Rolls **49c**

Featuring Sale Prices on Ladies Winter Coats and Other Interesting Items from Our Ready-to-Wear Dept. Second Floor

Exclusive model Coats, all this season's, and in most cases only one of a style.
1 only $67.00 Coat for ... $49.00 1 only $67.00 Coat for ... $49.00
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COATS AT $21.75
Smart models, with individual trims. Colors: grey, brown, black and rose. materials: velour, chinchilla, cheviot and Whitney. Good size assortment. Wonderfully good value at this Saturday clearing price ... Each **$21.75**

SERGE DRESSES $14.95
Six only in the lot. Colors: brown, navy, green and black. Smart appearing and exceedingly practical one-piece dresses. Fashionably cut and finished with chic trimmings. Splendid value at this Snap price **$14.95**

COTTON GOWN 98c
All ready made for the price of the material alone. Deep yoke of gipsy lace run with ribbon. Nicely finished. Saturday Snap **98c**

BLOUSES $1.69
Of good quality voile, made with square neck and pretty rolling collar at back. Front daintily embroidered in attractive designs. All sizes. They are sold regularly at $2.25. Priced very low for a Saturday Snap ..... Each **$1.69**

VISIT THE SHEET MUSIC DEPT. (Main Floor.)
We have the latest hits from "Sinbad," "Going Up," "Blue Eyes," etc. Also the popular 15c edition of the latest and most fascinating songs. Come in and ask to have them played for you.

$2.00 WHITE DOESKIN GLOVES $1.39
These Gloves are made of washable doeskin; they will wash perfectly. Fine quality and ideal weight for present wear. We sell them regularly at the glove counter at $2.00. As a special Snap on Saturday at **$1.39**

ON THE THIRD FLOOR
Take advantage of the "Free Service" Sale which lasts until February 14th. Curtains, measured, made and put up free of charge. Rugs laid free, etc.

$2.75 Black Pailette Silk at $1.69 a yard
Fortunately we have a large stock of Black Dress Silk, which allows us to offer this exceptionally enticing value Saturday. Elegant quality black Pailette Dress Silk, full 36 inches wide and guaranteed of Swiss manufacture. It sells regularly at $2.75 a yard. Saturday Snap price Yard **$1.69**

LADIES' RUBBERS 79c
Best quality black Rubbers. Sizes and lasts to fit every shoe. Every pair guaranteed. Snap Price, pair ..... (Shoe Dept., Second Floor.) **79c**

$3.50 and $3.75 WOOL SETS $2.95
Main Floor, Second Circle, you will find these good looking wool sets. A variety of style and color combinations. Ideal for chilly days and out-of-door sports. Saturday Snap price **$2.95**

20c Skeins BERLIN WOOL 2 for 25c
A January clearance sale Wool. Mostly all colors, of odd shades of Berlin but only a few skeins in each shade. Priced very low for a rush clean-up Saturday. At the Fancy Work Section, 5th Circle ..... 2 Skeins **25c**

CASHMERETTE HOSE 2 Pairs 55c
Splendid quality, to-day's mill price is practically equal to our regular selling price, 35c a pair. Seamless stockings, in which good black dye has been used. Buy them on Saturday at this bargain Snap price ..... 2 Pairs **55c**

HEAVY CASHMERETTE HOSE, Pair 59c
The famous "Knitwell" brand, in colors nigger brown and cream. Extra good quality heavy cashmerette stockings that will give excellent wearing satisfaction. A good range of sizes for early buyers. Snap price, pair **59c**

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Salesladies for the Bargain Annex WEdnesday only.
Apply at Office Second Floor

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MR. TAFT'S ADDRESS TO HIS FELLOW MEMBERS OF BAR

Spoke at Court House Yesterday as One Lawyer to Others

(By Joseph Wearing)

"Once a lawyer, always a lawyer." This was the impression given to one after seeing and hearing Hon. H. W. Taft, twenty-seventh President of the United States at the Court House yesterday afternoon. It was a happy thought on the part of some members of the local Bar that the reception of the County of Peterborough Law Association to the distinguished jurist should take place in the new Court Room which with its new fittings and artistic decoration is a credit to the City and County. A former judge himself, Mr. Taft was escorted into the Court Room by His Honor Judge Huycke and given a seat on the bench occupied by the presiding judge at trial. Awaiting his arrival were the court officials, the members of the law association and representatives of the Medical Society, the Ministerial Association, the Trades and Labor Council, the Board of Trade, the Women's Council, and other local organizations, and all rose to their feet at the entrance of Judge Huycke and the ex-President. When Mr. Taft seated himself in the judge's chair he did so with the utmost familiarity and it was quite

WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

apparent that it was no new place for him. It was also apparent that he filled the chair.

Judge Huycke Extends Welcome

After the reading of the address of welcome by Mr. F. D. Kerr, the President of the Law Association, His Honor Judge Huycke spoke for a few minutes with the eloquence and grace which are his alone, of the common bond of law and language which cements the British Empire and the American Republic and of the part Mr. Taft has played in making this bond stronger still. "Our people and your people," said His Honor, "spring from the same stock. Both speak the language that Milton sang and Shakespeare wrote."

The judge also referred to the fact that both in Canada and the United States the Common Law of England is for the most part the system of jurisprudence which is administered by the Courts and he coupled the names of great English judges, like Mansfield, Jessel, Cairns, and Halsburry with great American judges like Marshall, Storey and White, and great Ontario judges like Blake, and Moss and Boyd, as having built together in their respective countries a worthy superstructure upon the common foundation of the Common Law of England. His Honor closed his brief address by an eloquent tribute to the work done by the American nation in helping to bring the war to a triumphant conclusion and also to the aid given by Mr. Taft himself. "Never again," he said "will it be proper to refer to Americans and Canadians as cousins. They are now brothers in language, in law and in sacrifice."

Spoke to Fellow Lawyers

Big, hale, hearty, and radiating good nature! This was the instant impression as Mr. Taft rose to reply. He speaks in measured, considered language with a fine bass Middle West voice, and in moment of beat rises to majestic eloquence. He would win any audience with the chuckle which breaks out every few minutes and which directly precedes an outburst of rich, compelling humor. None enjoys the joke better than he does, especially if he is telling one on himself. That chuckle alone would ensure him immediate success on any Chautauqua platform and should have a high financial value.

The Ex-President thanked the Law Association in the most hearty way for the reception and address of welcome and referred to the beautiful Court Room and the favorable impression it gave him to see members of the legal profession in Court attire. "I think in our country we made a mistake by discarding the gown," he said. "The dress of your lawyers adds to the dignity and decorum of the Court and tends to a higher appreciation of the sacred trust imposed upon those engaged in the administration of justice."

He then spoke of his own familiarity with law and courts of justice. As a boy he had learned the names of English Law Reporters by heart in his father's library and had read the lives of the great English Justices and Chancellors. "It would not be too much for me to say," he said, "that I was raised on the English Common Law," and he acknowledged the great debt which America owed to Great Britain for this system of law. "I love the Common Law with all its angularities and inconsistencies like I love a friend with the same defects. The glory of this system and the superiority which has made it greater than any other system is its practicability and the fact that it can be adapted to every occasion and requirement." This was the high tribute paid by the speaker to the law of England.

Mr. Taft also mentioned his deep respect for the great English judges. "I like them," he said, "because they speak right to the point without any quibbling of words," and he mentioned the remark of Baron Bramwell, who referring to a judgment of Lord Herschell, exclaimed bluntly, "This beats me."

After personal references to the profession of law, Mr. Taft spoke of the common principles of justice for which Canada and the United States were working together to establish in the world. Americans present must have been proud of their former President when the passion of a big man and the fervid eloquence of a natural orator he reviewed the world situation and spoke of the contest which has vanquished militarism perhaps for all time.

(Continued on Page 6.)

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Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
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30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

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RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Soldiers Home THE SALVATION ARMY Coming Campaign

As the Boys Come Home

YOU will meet your soldier boy and what a glorious time you and he will have. You will kill the proverbial "fatted calf" and make merry. You will see that he is comfortable until he settles down again into civilian life.

But what of the men who arrive at the same time with NO friend to greet them, no home to welcome them, no job to turn to? There's a problem you must face—or let the Salvation Army face it for you.

SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND THIS WEEK

The Salvation Army fills the breach here at home, just as it did, and still does, over there! It holds out open arms to the soldiers, welcomes them, feeds them, furnishes clean beds and hot baths, comforts for body and soul, and stands by a man and his family until he is on his feet.

Canada must solve the problem of repatriating her soldier sons who have done their part so valiantly. Apart from all obvious considerations of gratitude, it will pay us in dollars and cents to let the soldiers see we are standing firmly by them. To desert our men now the excitement of war has passed, would be to earn their just reproaches. Look at this appeal from all sides; ask any returned man about the work of the Salvation Army. Then help to make this campaign the success it deserves to be.

"They loved not their lives to the death"

Who provides beds and meals for soldiers close to Railway Stations?
Who mended the soldiers' clothes over there?
Who entertained hundreds of thousands of soldiers and sailors daily at the Huts?
Who helped to keep the soldiers' homes here intact?
Who keeps in touch with the Homecoming soldier?
Who provides the Emergency Homes and the Maternity Homes?
Who has cared for thousands of war widows?
THE SALVATION ARMY
Shall their work stop for lack of funds?

21 SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

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Advertisements marked "till forbidden" will be charged on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

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LOST—Afredale terrier, answering to name "Paddy." Finder please notify C. Curtis, Phone 500w.

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taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

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Stove and Apartment to rent.

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Rev. Father Joseph Kennedy, rector of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church in London, died from pneumonia, of which the curate of the same church, Rev. Father Richards, was a victim a few weeks ago.

The public burning of opium stocks in Shanghai has begun and on the first day $2,000,000 worth was destroyed.

When the office seeks the man, he has a fair single hold on it.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL

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Barristers, Solicitors.
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

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COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can haul. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

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Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

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WOMAN SO ILL COULD NOT WALK

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her to Health.

Perth Amboy, N.J. — "For three years I suffered with a severe female trouble, was nervous, had backache and a pain in my side most of the time. I had dizzy spells and was often so faint I could not walk across the floor. The doctor said I would have to have an operation. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my newspaper, and tried it. Now I am better, feel strong, have no pains, backache or dizzy spells. Every one tells me how well I look, and I tell them to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound — that is what makes me feel well and look well. I recommended it to my sister and she is using it now. You can use this letter if you wish, for it is certainly a grand remedy for a woman's ills." — Mrs. MARTHA STANISLAWSKI, 524 Penn St., Perth Amboy, N.J.

For forty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT OUTLINES

(Continued from page 4)

dence in Germany's peaceful attitude in the future.

Legal Complications Probable

Having described the difficulties which would in all probability be met with in establishing Europe upon a peaceful basis the lecturer dealt with the tremendous task which will be presented by the interpretation of a legal instrument of the long and complicated character of the peace treaty which will eventually be signed.

Even such a comparatively simple, and plainly drafted constitution as that of the United States required the services of a staff of celebrated jurists constantly to interpret its constructions, and in a treaty such as that which would be required to restore the peace of the world where it was impossible in drafting it to allow for future contingencies it would be absolutely necessary to have an international court to take charge of such disputes as would inevitably arise and which in many cases after decision had been rendered would have to be passed on to the committee of conciliation if a satisfactory agreement was to be consumated.

Ex-President Taft dealt with the objection that such an arrangement as this might infringe upon the sovereign powers of the nations by comparing the liberty of separate countries under such conditions to that of the individual who is protected by the law just so long as he obeys it. "There is no such thing as freedom of action in the world," asserted the speaker, "the liberty of the individual stops at the point where he commits an act which is oppressive to his neighbor and so with the sovereign powers of the world." Their freedom would be secure just so long as they did not attempt to curtail that of some other power. We would attempt to enforce the rules of international Law and so promote the bonds of neighborly feeling and goodwill. "This cannot be done except through a league of nations," concluded the speaker.

Home on Holiday - Dies of Influenza

Port Hope, Jan. 23.—The death occurred here of Miss Inez Honey after a few days' illness from Spanish influenza. She was employed in the office of the Consumers' Gas Company, Toronto, and came home on Saturday to spend the week-end with her parents and her brother, Cadet Roy Honey, who that afternoon arrived from overseas. Sunday she was taken ill, and her condition gradually worse and she passed away at noon yesterday. Miss Honey was a member of the Baptist Church, and while a resident here was an active worker in the church and Sunday school.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Exhaustion, Lack of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood's MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

This afternoon me and my cuzzin Artie was standing on the corner wishing we had some money, wich we dident, and Artie sed, I tell you lets wat, lets pertend we lost a dime and we're looking for it, and maybe sumbody will come along and give us one.

Wich we started to do, looking in the gutter and everyware with our heds bent away down low, me saying, It must be sumwares erround, a dime has to stop some time.

It was a pritty round dime, maybe its still rolling some place, sed Artie.

Wich jest then a long thin man with a little fat packidge stopped and started to watch us, and me and Artie kepp on pertending to hunt, me saying, G wiaz, a dimes pritty small, but it awtent to be as small as all that.

Ive lost dimes before, but never this long, sed Artie.

Im a grate finder, maybe I can find it for you, sed the man. And started to hunt for reel and me and Artie kepp on pertending to hunt, me saying, It conldent of rolled down a crack, because there aint eny cracks, and Artie saying, If Id of saw ware it stopped Id know ware to look, and the man saying, If enybody can find it, I can, Im always finding things. And all of a suddin wat did he do but stoop down and pick sumthing up, and wat was it but a nickel, saying, Well, well, wat a coincidents, you boys last a dime and I fonnd a nickel, well I never find more than one thing at a time so I mite as well be going.

And he wiped the nickel off on his packidge and put it in his pockit and went away, and me and Artie looked at each other diskusted, me saying, G, wats the use? and him saying, No use.

And we went and looked for the other fellows and got up a game of lame duck.

MR. TAFT'S ADDRESS TO

Continued from Page 5

"What we have been fighting for together," he said at the end of his reply," is expressed in the Massachusetts Charter of Liberties drawn up many years ago: "that this (the German Government) may be a government of law and not of men."

At the close of the proceedings one realized something of the power and personality required to push through the ruck of a hundred million people to the highest office in the nation. Mr. Taft has both. Judge of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, and later of the United States Circuit Court in that district, Governor of the Phillipines, Minister of War, President of the United States, and now Professor of Jurisprudence in Yale University! This is the record of the man who has honored the Court House at Peterborough by his presence and eloquence.

How Players Stand In Ten Pin League

The following the the individual averages of the city ten pin league, up to Jan. 17th:—

	Games	Average
Thomas	9	176
Dawson	9	174
Heaslip	9	174
Patterson	6	172
French	6	171
Solomon	6	168
Scheffel	9	168
Cocks	3	167
Smith	3	166
Green	6	166
Henderson	7	164
Thompson	9	163
Carter	9	163
Jackson	6	162
Fielder	9	162
Barrette	9	161
Cairns	9	160
Cranfield	3	160
Weller	9	158
Sharpe	9	155
Fitzpatrick	6	154
Ross	6	154
Moore	3	153
Morrison	3	152
Kirn	6	151
Aikens	6	150
Brown	3	150
Thompson	5	150
Jory	9	148
Gordon	6	147
McNay	6	146
Roberts	6	145
Smithson	9	142
Baker	9	136
Allen	9	136
Kay	6	134
Henry	2	129
Puglsley	4	128

Miss Ines Honey of Port Hope, employed in Toronto, while home on a week-end visit to her parents and her brother just arrived from overseas, was taken ill with flu on Sunday and died yesterday.

$5.00 for $4.00 **$5.00 for $4.00**

W-S-S

What is a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP?

It is a stamp for which the Dominion of Canada will pay you $5.00 on January 1st, 1924.

It enables you to lend small savings to the Government at a rate of interest which accumulates 20 cents a year on each $4.00 invested.

A War-Savings Stamp costs you $4.00 if purchased in December, 1918, or January, 1919, and the price increases one cent each month after January.

Canada's Pledge for FIVE DOLLARS

Every man, woman and child in Canada should invest in War-Savings Stamps all the money that he or she can save by STRICT ECONOMY.

With W.-S. S. you can "build a bond" at your own convenience, taking advantage of the unexcelled security and the high interest. You are not tied down to making payments at stated times, though it is desirable to purchase as regularly and as often as you can.

Should you at any time need money, you can cash your W.-S. S. at the Post Office for the indicated surrender value—the amount you paid with fair interest.

By placing your W.-S. S. on the Certificate provided, and registering same, you are protected against loss by fire, theft or other cause. Your registered Certificate is of no value to anyone but yourself.

As an aid to the purchase of W.-S. S., you can buy THRIFT Stamps of the value of 25 cents, 16 of which may be exchanged for one W.-S. S.

W.-S. S. are on sale at Money-Order Post Offices, Banks, and other places displaying the W.-S. S. sign shown at the top of this announcement.

LOOK FOR THE SIGN.

2

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

SPORTING

Kitchener is ready to enter a team in the proposed new Canadian League with other Ontario cities.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-9869.

The National Hockey League schedule has been revised to enable the winners to go to the coast for Stanley Cup games.

Twenty-five local sporting organizations, representing various branches of athletics, have organized to press for better play-grounds fadilities.

Bolshevik forces are evacuating Petrograd.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-9868

D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit — Cheap
Best Vegetables — Reasonable
Best Groceries — At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 93o

The Place to Get VALUE

FIRST NAVEL ORANGE
Navel Oranges, 30c, 60c, 70c, 80c.
Guaranteed sweet and juicy.
Malaga Grapes.
BANANAS CHEAPER IN PRICE
Northern Spy Apples, and other varieties.
First-class Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.
New Cocoa-Nuts.
Strictly Fresh Oysters.

A Nice Box of Apples for your Table as a Pastime
FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH
CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE
QUALITY GROCERIES

D. M. Minicola
Phone 933. 410½ George St.

3 Days Fire Sale of Cigars

By the box, half price or in 25c worth lots. Don't miss it.

Yeotes Brothers

SEMI-READY
PEACE BENEFIT SALE

NOW GOING ON. DON'T MISS IT.

WHEN WILL WOOL DROP IN PRICE? NOT YET. OUR ENGLISH BUYERS CANNOT GET A YARD OF CLOTH FOR NEXT FALL DELIVERY AS YET.
WE WILL SPEED THE HAPPY DAY WHEN A GOODLY TAILORED GARMENT CAN AGAIN BE BOUGHT AT A REASONABLE PRICE, BY A HUGE PEACE BENEFIT SALE, WHEN EVERY SINGLE SUIT AND OVERCOAT IN OUR STORE WILL BE SOLD AT SUBSTANTIAL PRICE SAVINGS.

Semi-Ready Editorials

From the Semi-Ready Special

The Cost of Wool

The Government fixed the price of war wheat at about three times its average price in peace times.

The price of wool had been left to the "open market" in the matter of price—and it has fluctuated between two and three times the peace-time price. When the British Government cornered the wool market, the price jumped to four times the normal price.

The cost of a good suit of clothes is just about twice what it was before the Kaiser went war mad.

The old $10 ready-made suit value has been replaced by suits at from $17 to $22.

Even the $15 Semi-ready Suits, with their fixed label-in-the-pocket standard of value, have advanced in cost to $22.50, and promise to be $25. if costs mount higher.

We have two buyers in England today watching the market, watchfully waiting. Not in four years have we failed to keep in close personal touch with the market.

The genuine British weaver has kept up his quality standard—

For Semi-Ready Tailoring — we have improved the standard of making—and were it not for the huge stock of wools held by the various governments for future needs the price of a good suit or overcoat, would not be so high as it today.

All is Not Wool That Curls

A pure wool yarn, free from old wool and from cotton, is hard to get. They cannot make such a yarn into cloth for home consumption in England.

But for their export trade to Canada, to customers like the Semi-Ready Company, who had established a standard and who must maintain it, the War Board issued a special permit to the English weavers.

This is why we are to-day getting fine wool cloth, worth from 10 to 15 guineas when tailored — cloth which was formerly used almost entirely in London, Paris and New York, where the millionaires would feel slighted if they did not pay $100 to $150 for a suit model.

All is not wool that curls— but we have maintained our pure wool standard in the making of all suits of quality—but not in the cheap lines at $15 and $18. This we have avoided as a war plague.

What About the Future

The men's suit trade suffered in war times. With over 20,000,000 extra men wearing uniforms, the civilian trade suffered.

What trade suffers most in war should prosper more in peace.

That these twenty millions will again require civilian clothes, both suits and overcoats, will tend to keep up the price of cloth whilst other wares return to a formal price-level.

Men in the woollen trade say they do not see any prospect of a fall in the price of good cloth until a year after the signing of peace and the demobilisation of the vast armies in Europe and America.

To help you to await that day this Peace Benefit Sale is designed, and it will not be for long.

Men's Winter Overcoats

EVERY OVERCOAT I have is of genuine Semi-ready Tailoring and is therefore measured by a higher standard of value, with the fixed label-in-the-pocket indication of worth. All sizes, with form-fitting and loose-fitting models; all of substantial English weaves, and many worth at wholesale more than these sale prices—

$22.50 Labels for $17.75
$25.00 Labels for $19.50
$28.00 Labels for $21.75
$30.00 Labels for $23.50
$32.00 Labels for $25.50
$35.00 Labels for $28.00
$40.00 Labels for $32.00

The Canada Ulsters

ABOUT 20 ULSTERS in the style originated by Semi-ready 20 years ago, and known everywhere as the Canada Ulster. All sizes.

$25.00 Labels for $19.50
$28.00 Labels for $21.75
$30.00 Labels for $23.50
$35.00 Labels for $28.00

The English Ulsters

19 ONLY ENGLISH ULSTERS, genuine Semi-ready Tailoring from imported Scotch and English overcoatings; the kind of coat advertised by the city specialist shops at $60 and $70, or as ten-guinea coats in London. Values up to $45. Your choice $29.50

Semi-Ready Ulsters Extra Specials

Here is a special lot of 18 SEMI-READY ULSTERS, which are to-day worth $28 and $30; none less than $25; genuine Semi-ready tailored. Will be fitted and finished to special custom measure at $17.50

Boys' Ulsters

5 ONLY YOUTHS' ULSTERS, sizes 30, 31, 32 and 33-inch breast only. Here is a real snap for the boy who is growing into manhood, but is still not too chesty; not a coat in the lot worth less than $20, but have been marked down to $15 and $16.50. Out they go at nearly half their worth. Your choice $12.75

Suspenders

LOT OF STRONG SUSPENDERS, generally known in the trade as Firemen or Police Suspenders on account of their great tensile strength. Regular 40c values 23c

Winter Overcoats and Canadian Ulsters

Even the stale Meltons and the scarcest lines of Ulsterings are to be included in this Peace Benefit Sale; plain blacks, navy blues, and Oxford greys; all the meat-and-drink and bread-and-butter styles which are usually laid away in a big Bargain Sale—are to be sold here at real Bargain Prices.

Chesterfields, King Edwards, Canada Ulsters, and the English Ulsters sold at specialty shops under fancy names at fancy prices—there's not a hidden garment held in reserve in either Suit or Overcoat Shop—and there's not one coat but is of perfect workmanship and clear-through materials; we guarantee against all defects.

300 Semi-Ready Suits

THERE ARE SUITS here that I cannot replace at prices 25 per cent above their cost to me, but this will not deter us from a whole-hearted and unreserved sale, a complete and definite price reduction. All sizes and types, 34 to 46 breast. Everything: Serges, Worsteds, Tweeds, Homespuns, Cheviots—nothing held out.

$22.50 Semi-ready Suits $17.75
$25.00 Semi-ready Suits $19.50
$28.00 Semi-ready Suits $23.00
$30.00 Semi-ready Suits $25.00
$35.00 Semi-ready Suits $28.00

Boys' Knicker Suits, $7.50

All of our Boys' Knicker Suits—real High School Clothes—will be included in this big Peace Benefit Sale. Indeed, not a single garment in the store but will be freely offered at a generous discount.

Starting at $7.50 net

Boys' $10.50 Suits for $8.50
Boys' $12.00 Suits for $9.75
Boys' $12.50 Suits for $10.00
Boys' $15.00 Suits for $12.00

Felt Hats

48 FELT HATS, left from a busy fall and winter, in all sizes; greys, slate greys and light greys. Good quality felt. Worth $4.00 each. Clear at $1.95

15 SILK-LINED FELT FEDORAS, in green and brown; broken sizes of the best selling line we had this winter at $5. Your choice $3.45

We must clear these out. Cable advices state that our new English Hats will be here in two weeks.

Cloth Caps

In our buying of CLOTH CAPS we have avoided the cheap and tawdry cotton-cloth mixtures. These are genuine wool—Scotch and British tweed caps, made up in the generous sized English crowns. Regular $2 and $2.50 value. Choice $1.40

ONE LOT OF 4 CAPS which have been selling at $2.00 will be cleared at 95c. This lot will be on a separate place from the regular stock.

Wool Scarfs

FINE BRUSHED WOOL SCARFS, in neat and attractive colors. A good $2.50 value, but sold at $3 in most stores. Your choice of any in the lot for $1.95

Silk Mufflers

We had a glorious trade in SILK MUFFLERS during the gift season, but have about 150 too many to carry over. With four months of Muffler weather yet to go we will clear

$2.00 Silk Mufflers for $1.35
$2.50 Silk Mufflers for $1.65
$3.00 Silk Mufflers for $2.00
$3.50 Silk Mufflers for $2.25

Boys' Coat Sweaters

10 ONLY COAT SWEATERS FOR BOYS One of the Penangle weave for Tooke's. Regular $2.50 value. Your choice $1.65

Underwear

120 of TOOKE'S BEST WINTER UNDERWEAR, in Natural Balbriggan, heavy Egyptian combed fabric, full ribbed, full fashioned two-piece Underwear; good value at the regular price, $1.50, but we are closing out this line away below cost at one price, per garment 99c

ALL-WOOL STANFIELD'S HEAVIEST WINTER UNDERWEAR—Worth $2.50 a garment. While this lot lasts, only $1.85

Leather Belts

LOT OF LEATHER BELTS that are not quite up to the mark for a high-class business, but are just the kind of belt to do in a pinch for a spring or fall outing. Good value at 75c. Our clearance price 40c

FINE ENGLISH WOOLLEN BUSINESS SUITS, $32

Here are values up to $40.00 in fine West of England Worsteds—for men who complain about their tailors asking too high prices; for men who have been paying $50.00 to $60.00 for custom-made suits.

Botany Wool Serges and specially selected Worsted yarns, all pure and unadulterated new wools woven for us by the best mills in England by weavers who have stood by their Canadian customers in the face of autocratic government orders.

Tooke Shirts

ENGLISH PERCALE SHIRT, the best wearing of the magog weaves, in all sizes and the daintiest and prettiest stripes, soft cuffs, negligee type. Regular $2.00 values, for .. $1.55
$2.25 English Percale Shirts $1.75
$2.50 English Percale Shirts $1.95
$3.00 English Crepe Percale Shirts ... $2.35
$3.50 Scotch Zephyr Shirts $2.75

Extra special line of Tooke Shirts, Percales and Zephyr weaves, with starched cuffs. All sizes. Worth $2 and $2.25. Very special $1.35

Silk Cravat

This is all new Neckwear—not an old pattern in the lot.

All 75c Cravats 60c
All $1.00 Cravats 75c
All $1.50 Cravats $1.15

Linen Collars

We are clearing out all odd lines of other makers to make way for "ARROW" COLLARS, upon which we specialize and upon which no discount has ever been allowed.

One lot of 25c Linen Collars, for each .. 19c
One lot of Soft Collars, worth 30c, for .. 19c

Hosiery

MEN'S FINE BLACK ENGLISH CASHMERE HOSE, worth 50c, for, pair 35c, or 3 Pair $1.00

ENGLISH LISLE HOSE, all sizes and shades. Regular 60c, for 45c, or ..... 3 Pair 1.25

Winter Gloves

MEN'S WOOL GLOVES — Ballantyne's best knit. Worth $1.75, for $1.15

MEN'S FINEST AND SMOOTHEST BOTANY WOOL GLOVES—Worth $3 and $3.50. All sizes in stock, for $2.35

WOOL-LINED CAPE TAN GLOVES—Durable knit camelshair lining. Gloves that would to-day cost me wholesale $30 a dozen. Clearing one lot of light tan, at, pair $2.35

WOOL-LINED CAPE TAN GLOVES — Light and dark tan. Worth $2.50. Retail for $1.65

GREY AND BROWN MOCHA GLOVES — Wool lined. Worth $2.50, for $1.65

Umbrellas and Canes

ONE-FIFTH OFF any of the beautiful GIFT UMBRELLAS and WALKING CANES, bought for the Christmas gift season.

Overalls

BOB LONG'S UNION-MADE OVERALLS, which retail for $3.00 a pair; 60 pairs only, just in all sizes $2.05

Think: the wholesale price for spring is $3.75 a pair.

The Semi-Ready Store

Frank L. Jenne . . . 337 George Street

FAVOR CHANGES IN GOLF RULES

ROYAL CANADIAN GOLF ASSOCIATION DEAL WITH HANDICAPPING PROBLEM.

New York, Jan. 24.—Not long since the secretary's office of the United States Golf association received a communication from the Royal Canadian Golf association asking for data concerning the system of par handicapping. The letter requested information as to the various par distances, and it may be said that at no very remoted date golfers across the border will b chandicapping along lines much as it is done here.

The Calkins system is quite well known among golfers now, especially in this section. With the increased resiliency of the ball it has been found necessary to change the par distances until now the table reads as follows:

Holes up to 250 yards inclusive, par 3; holes 251 to 445 yards inclusive, par 4; holes 446 to 600 yards inclusive, par 6, and holes 601 yards and upward, par 6.

These figures are of course not arbitrary, as due allowance should be made for configuration of the ground, difficult and easy conditions, and so on. After the U.S.G.A. made its latest revision John G. Sweeney, of Detroit, a former executive committeeman, made a number of exhaustive tests of the flight and run of the ball, and these tests showed that the greater par distances as comparer with earlier periods just about represented the difference in length between the latest makes of rubber core and the solid gutty.

Women's National Body.

Every once in a while there is some agitation started for a women's national golf association, the idea being for the feminine players to arrange their own tournament, instead of leaving it in the hands of the United States Golf Association, as it is now. Under present conditions some official of the parent body is on hand to start and finish the event, the medals are given out, the presentation speeches delivered, and the huge Cox trophy formally given over to the champion's club.

Now the question is asked, How could any women officials who had entered a tournament ever hope to play in it if they had to devote their time and thought to the management of the affair? Women who play golf want to have the fun that goes with it, and do not care to be bothered worrying about the responsibilities of a big affair like the national championship.

Those who do not play the game usually get out of touch with things, and although they might be spasmodically interested, they would surely not want to devote several days at a time to something that is merely a thing of the past to them, and no longer an obsession, as it is with the artive golfer.

Not Much Fun.

If any woman desires an opinion on running a tournament and trying to play in it, let her talk to M'ss H. Ethel Maule, for years secretary-treasurer of the Women's Golf association of Philadelphia. Miss Maule, who is a good player, would enter a championship, but by the time she had sent everybody off on their eighteen hole journey, filling in absentees' places, adjusting handicaps and trying to keep everybody happy, she was quite ready for a tonic and a siesta and too worn out to do herself justice in a round. The latest report is that Miss Maule is to resign her office in order to get more competitive golf.

NEW SCALE OF RACE WEIGHTS

Jockey Club Revises List for Events at Track Under Its Rule.

New York, Jan. 24.—An amendment to the rules of horse racing calling for a new scale of weights, with a general revision upward, has been proposed to the Jockey club for use on the tracks under its jurisdiction. A meeting will be held soon to act on the proposed change.

The proposed increases will bring the scale up to and in some races over that in operation in England. Except for 4 year olds in the six furlong and mile races, the increase in all other classes will be all the way from one of five pounds. A scale for mile and a half races has been added. Heretofore the weights for this distance have been the same as those for the mile and a quarter.

Eddie Fitzpatrick, formerly of the Toronto International Leagues, and latterly of the Boston Nationals, wants a place on the Leafs this season.

In a rough, fast game at Ottawa last night the Arenas of Toronto were defeated 3 to 2, the Senators tieing the score in the third period and winning toward the close.

Dawson Brothers, Grocers

Main—559 George St. Telephone 1620 — 2 Stores — Brancy—650 Roger St. Telephone 1041 W

Saturday Specials

RAISIN SPECIALS

Seedless Raisins (bulk), 5 lb. lots 17c
Seedless Raisins (bulk), 25 lb. boxes 15c
Seeded Raisins (bulk), lb. 15c
Seeded. Raisins (bulk), 25 lb. boxes 13½c
Muscated Raisins, No. 1 quality, 5 lb. lots 80c

JAM SPECIAL

Pure Raspberry and straberry, 4 lb. tins $1.10
1½ lb. jars, reg. 40c, for 35c
Sheriff's Marmlade, 1 lb. jars ... 25c
Apple and Raspberry tumblers, 2 for 25c
Lombard Plums, Gages, Cherries, reg. can 25c, for 20c
Canada Corn Starch, 2 for 25c
Peanut Butter (bulk), lb. 30c
Choice Creamery Butter, lb. ... 58c
Shortening (bulk), lb. 30c
H. A. Margarine, lb. 38c

CANNED GOODS

Heinz Baked Beans (chilli sance or plain), reg. 25c, special 5 tins $1.05
Gunn's or Sniders's Pork and Beans, special, 5 tins $1.05
No. 1 quality Tomatoes, tin 20c
No. 1 quality Corn, tin 20c
Pumpkin, 2 tins 25c
Pink Salmon, ½ size, No. 1 quality, reg. 20c, 2 tins 33c
Pink Salmon, reg. 30c, 2 tins 45c
Pure Clover Honey, 10 lb. pail .. $3 40
Pure Clover Honey, 5 lb. pail .. $1.75
Magic Baking Powder, 1 lb. tin. 35c
Eggo Baking Powder, 1 lb. tin. 30c
Lux, 2 for 25c
Gold Dust Washing Powder, reg. 7c, 6 boxes 35c
Fairy Soap, 3 for 25c
Tip Top Soap Chips, 4 for 25c
Matches, 2 boxes 25c
McCormick's Soda Biscuits (long tins) 50c
Custo Breakfast Food, 2 pks. .. 25c
Gr. Sugar (with order), 9 lbs... $1.00
Coal Oil, 5 gal. lots $1.15
Red or Yellow Onions, peck 40c
C. F. B. L.—Nos. 8-963 and 8-4494.

These Prices are Good All Next Week

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

EDITOR TO PREACH

The services at St. Andrew's Church next Sunday will be conducted by Rev. Robert Haddow, D.D., editor of the Presbyterian and Westminster.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

"AT HOME"

An "At Home" will be held in the St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening, Jan. 27th at 8.30 p.m. Cards and dancing. A special first prize of a turkey will be given for euchre.

MILL WOOD FOR SALE

We have on hand a small quantity of Mill Wood sawn, 16 inches long, to clear out this lot we offer it delivered to any part of the city at the following low prices:—Pine at $4.00 per team load; Hemlock at $5.00 per team load. Cash with order.
ESTATE OF A. McDONALD.

SALE OF HOME-MADE COOKING AND CANDY

Mission Circle of Murray Street Baptist Church will hold a sale of home-made cooking and candy in the market building, tomorrow, Saturday morning.

MR. GORDON THE SPEAKER

Mr. G. N. Gordon will address the meeting of the High School Club in the Y.M.C.A. this evening.

C. O. F.

Members of Court Peterboro 29 will please take notice that the Court physician, J. H. Eastwood, will be out of the city for 3 months. Dr. Morgan will act as Court physician pro tem.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

BOORMAN—PURVEY

The marriage took place yesterday of Mr. H. B. Boorman, second son of Mr. and Mrs. John Boorman, Peterboro and Miss Edith Purvey, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Purvey, Hayward's Heath, England, at the Bond street Methodist Parsonage, Toronto, by Rev. T. Davis.

Mr. Boorman served with the C.E.F. in France for some time until wounded and was invalided home last summer. The bride-to-be was unable to secure passage, on account of the regulations then in force and arrived in Toronto on Saturday last.

The young couple will visit their friends in Peterboro before leaving for their home in Fort William, Ont.

The Vancouver Province said: "It would hardly be possible to look for anything finer in all the coming carnival than the show at the Empress last evening. "In Sunny France" is a first rate production and none the less acceptable because it was "made in Canada." Its writer and composer has put into it a remarkable degree of talent and mucfcal experience

Friends of Mr. Gordon Long will be pleased to learn that his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Long, 561 Reid street, have received word that his condition is somewhat improved. He has been for some time seriously ill in Cobalt hospital with pneumonia.

Bn. Sergt. Major Walter R. L. Blackwell is home from Camp Hancock, Georgia, where he has been in charge of the experimental section of the Machine Gun Training Centre Headquarters.

SOCIAL EVENING FOR THE CHOIR

CHOIRSTERS OF ST. JOHN'S ENTERTAINED BY MRS. GEORGE DREDGE.

St. John's choir were royally entertained by Mrs. George Dredge at her home at 339 London Street, last night, to supper at 6.45 and an evening's entertainment which was thoroughly appreciated by the choristers and hearty thanks for both the kindly thought and splendid entertainment were voiced by the Rev. Canon Davidson, Mr. H. W. Morphet and Mr. R. J. Devey. Mr. Harry Long replying for Mrs. Dredge said that no one in the parish more thoroughly appreciated the loyal services of the choristers than he did, and their hostess was amply repaid by the evident enjoyment of the company present.

The resolution carried at the Vestry meeting expressing hearty appreciation of the choir was read and a delightful evening's entertainment closed at 11.30 with Auld Lang Syne and the National Anthem.

MAYOR'S ADDRESS TO CITY'S GUEST

COMPLIMENTS EX-PRESIDENT TAFT ON HIS OUTSTANDING RECORD.

At the civic dinner at the Empress last night, tendered to ex-President Taft, at which there were almost 50 guests, including city officials and members of the Board of Trade, Mayor Duncan read the following address to the guest of the evening:

Hon. William H. Taft:

Dear Sir,—The Council of the city of Peterborough, for itself and on behalf of the citizens, wishes to give you a most cordial welcome on this your first visit to this city.

Although we are not fellow citizens, as near neighbours, and good neighbours, we take a keen interest in the public affairs and the public men of the United States, and we are exceedingly pleased to have a visit from one who has occupied the exalted position in the republic that you have occupied, and who has filled such positions with such ability and evident desire to serve the people that you have shown.

We are glad to bid you welcome as an eminent citizen of the United States. Our countries are drawn together by the ties of proximity, language and race, and recent great events have demonstrated anew that we have the same ideals as nations and that we do not hesitate to make great sacrifices for those ideals. We count it a happy occurrence that, when those ideals of liberty and justice were at stake, the armies of the United States have fought with those of Britain and her Allies to save them from destruction by the powers that menaced them. We believe that one result will be that, whatever may take place in regard to a League of Nations, our country and yours will no longer be cousins, but will be brothers.

We also greet you heartily because of the great qualities of mind and heart that you have shown as a statesman, as a jurist and as an educationist. While you have devoted your abilities to the great country of which you are a citizen, we know that you take a deep interest in the welfare of the people of the world and in the progress of our age, and we recognize and appreciate that interest and the part you have taken in world affairs.

We believe that in no place in America will you receive a more hearty welcome than in Peterborough, and we hope that your impressions while here and our recollections of your visit will be most pleasant.

GEO. H. DUNCAN, Mayor.

Mr. Taft made a brief but graceful response to the address.

FREE STREET CAR TICKETS

Read my ad. Wednesday and Thursday night in this paper. Cut them out, bring them with you, take a street car to our door, give your order and ask for car tickets free
R. C. BRAUND,
Phone 348. F.B.L.—8-2207

OPPOSES COMPULSION

Quebec, Jan. 24.—In a letter addressed to the Provincial Superintendent of Public Instruction, his Eminence Cardinal Begin squarely opposes compulsory education.

HOCKEY PRACTICE

The St. John's boys' bible class will meet tonight at 6.30 sharp, at Mark Street rink for hockey practice.

While on a brief visit to London to secure his discharge, Pte. Morris McAteer of Detroit contracted the flu and died.

The Niagara river bridge project as been revived.

ANNUAL SESSION EPWORTH LEAGUE

WILL BE HELD MONDAY NEXT AT GEORGE STREET CHURCH.

The Peterborough District Epworth League Annual Convention will be held in the George Street Methodist Church on Monday, January 27th. The afternoon session commences at 2 o'clock. A very interesting program has been prepared in which delegates representing the various Epworth Leagues will take part.

Two very interesting addresses will be given, one at 3 o'clock by Major Rev. H. A. Frost, B.A., B.D., on the subject, "Comparisons of Mohammedanism with Christianity as observed in Egypt and Gallipoli," and the other at 4.30 by the Rev. F. E. Malott who will speak on "The Epworth League as a training ground for citizenship."

At 6 o'clock supper will be served in the S. S. Hall at a moderate charge.

The evening session, commencing at 8 o'clock, will be in the form of a rally of Epworth Leagues. Young People's Bible Classes and other Young People's Organizations. A very interesting program has also been arranged for the evening. An address will be given by the Rev. E. Val Tilton, B.D., of Lindsay. A very cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend the evening session.

Has Large Stock Of Liquor On Hand

So many large seizures of liquor have been made in recent months by officials of the Ontario License Board that that body has a new difficulty to overcome. At present it has about four carloads of intoxicants stored away in local warehouses.

In the past considerable quantities of liquor have been sold to the various hospitals to be used for medicinal purposes. Occasionally, too, when it was known that the liquor was absolutely pure and one of the recognized brands, it has been sold to the vendors. But it is the adulterated beverages that the board is now seeking to dispose of.

The board is in communication at present with one of the large distillers seeking to find out if the liquors can be realized on. It is believed that those liquors which have only been weakened by water can be standardized again. With the liquors which have been doped, however, it is thought probable that the alcohol can be extracted.

R. C. G. TRUMBULL OF PHILADELPHIA IN THE CITY

Mr. Charles Trumbull, editor of the Sunday School Times, will address two meetings today in St Paul's Church, in the afternoon at three o'clock and in the evening at eight o'clock. The pastor of the Church, Rev. R. Pogue, knew him personally when he was in Philadelphia, and it was through his efforts and that of others who were anxious to hear him, that the Christian people of Peterboro will have the opportunity of hearing his messages. His subject for both meetings will be "The Victorious Life." He arrived this morning by the 12.25 train and met the ministers of the city at a luncheon given them in Hooper's parlours by a couple of laymen.

WORK FOR THE FIREMEN

At noon today two alarms were rung into the Fire Department in quick succession. The first was caused by a chimney fire at the residence of Mr. W. Barrul, 267 Lake street, and was received at 12.04. The second was a blaze of the same kind at the home of Mrs. P. Poomey, 497 Parnell street at 12.15. There was no damage in either case.

LEAVES FOR OTTAWA

Ex-President Taft left on the 1.15 train last night for Ottawa. He was somewhat fatigued after the lecture and expressed a desire to rest until the time of his departure.

NEWS IN BRIEF

The New York Legislative Assembly has ratified the Federal prohibition amendment. The measure awaits action by the Senate.

The annual statement of the Dominion Bank shows considerable expansion in both assets and deposits.

The final report of the Victory Loan Committee places total subscriptions at 695 millions.

International Petroleum annual statement shows earnings 14.91 per cent. on stock.

Great January Clearance

Sale for Women and Misses Coats

Our complete stock of Women's and Misses' Winter Coats are now being cleared at big reductions. Every woman or miss who wants a good warm winter coat at a big bargain price should be here Saturday. Come early in the morning. Better selection—easier shopping.

Women's High Grade Coats Regular $67 and $75 To-morrow $37.50

The season's newest styles in fine English velours, with self and fur collars; good range of colors. Exclusive models. Regular $67.00 and $75.00. January Clearance Sale $37.50
Your choice .....

Women's and Misses Coats Regular $15 to $32.50 To-morrow $10

Big assortment of styles, colors and materials; all good models; each coat a big bargain at the sale price. Regular $15 to $32.50. January Clearance Sale, your choice $10.00

Women's and Misses' Black Coats, reg. $22.50 to $35 To-morrow, $19.50

Out size, regular and misses' sizes, in Black Winter Cloth Coats; all up-to-date styles; well tailored and finished. Don't miss this opportunity. Regular $22.50 to $35.00. January Clearance Sale, your choice $19.50

$75.00 Black Plush Cape Coat, $37.50

One only, Black Plush Cape Coat, Salts best quality Esquimette plush; a fashionable Fifth Avenue model. Regular $75. January Clearance Sale ... $37.50
Your choice .....

Best Grade Canadian Flannelette

Regular Value $4.50 10 YARDS FOR $2.90
Regular Value 2.25 5 YARDS FOR 1.45

All perfect goods and freshly cut from full pieces for easy sale. These are the very best Flannelettes made by the Canadian mills. We have a tremendous stock in a wonderful range of colors and woven stripe patterns; all full 36 inches wide, and every yard a regular 45c value. A big sale special for our January Sale:
5 Yards for $1.45
10 Yards for $2.90

Big Table Damask Sale, Five Jots at Five Bargain Prices

January Sale prices on imported English and Irish made Table Damask. All pure bleached qualities, the kind that wash easily and give everlasting satisfaction. At the present manufacturers' prices these Table Damasks are wonderful bargains:
$2.50 Table Damask, yard $1.98
$1.75 Table Damask, yard $1.68
$1.50 Table Damask, yard $1.39
$1.25 Table Damask, yard 98c
75c Table Damask, yard 68c

Regular $1.25 Velvet Corduroy, yd. 87c

Here is a decidedly attractive Velvet Corduroy that we can strongly recommend for women's skirts and children's wear. The width is 27 inches, and colors include black, navy, green, burgundy, Copenhagen and taupe. Nice heavy cord. You'll be delighted with the quality. The fact that it was bought months ago accounts for our being able to offer it at such a low figure. Regular $1.25. January Clearance Sale, yard 87c

$9.00 White Union Blankets, pair $6.98

White Union Blankets are good blankets for winter wear, as they are soft, warm and heavily napped. This White Union Blanket, being double bed size, is a great value at the reduced price. Regular $9.00. Buy a pair to-morrow. January Clearance Sale, pair $6,98

Our Best $1.75 Black Cashmere Hose, per pair $1.50

Women's plain black Cashmere Hose; knitted from the very finest of all pure wool yarns; seamless and full fashioned. A warm, cosy stocking for winter wear. All sizes. Our best grade $1.75 Hose. January Clearance Sale ... $1.50
Pair .....

Embroidery Remnants at Sale Price

Remnants of Embroidery Edgings and Insertions, in narrow and wide widths. Assorted lengths. All priced at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FOR SATURDAY.

35c White Longcloth, yard 29c

Full Bleached Longcloth, priced actually lower than the cost at the mill to-day. This quality longcloth is made from strong cotton yarns in a soft finish and is nicely adapted for women's and children's wear; 36 inches wide. Consider your needs and lay in a stock at this saving price. Our regular 35c line. January Clearance Sale, yard 29c

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

A POPULAR TRAIN

"The National" Runs Through Famous Clay Belt of New Ontario, the Cobalt Mining District and the Highlands of Ontario"

Travellers between Western and Eastern Canada appreciate the high standard of railway service afforded by "The National"—the splendid train which operates between Winnipeg and Toronto, east and west bound. This through train uses the rails of the Canadian Government Lines from Winnipeg to Cochrane, the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario (owned by the Ontario Government,) from Cochrane to North Bay, and the Grand Trunk from North Bay to Toronto.

"The National's" trip between the Manitoba capital and the Queen City of the East is one of 1,256 miles. The departure from Winnipeg is at 3.30 in the afternoon and Cochrane is reached the following night. This is a wonderfully interesting trip through the sparsely populated territory of New Ontario, giving the traveller an opportunity of inspecting this fertile region, including the famed clay belt, where tens of thousands of settlers will make their homes in the future. The area of New Ontario is 330,000 square miles, fully four times the size of Old Ontario, and, in addition to great expanses of good farming land, it has wonderful resources in timber, minerals, water power, fish and game.

"The National" next threads the rich districts served by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario, including the Cobalt Silver camp and the Timagami Forest Reserve. There is a daylight run over the Grand Trunk through the "Highlands of Ontario," comprising the beautiful "Lake of Bays," Muskoka Lakes and other holiday resorts.

The three railways combine to make the passenger service over this new road the equal of that offered anywhere on the Continent. The smooth, straight, and level roadbed embodies all that has been learned in three-quarters of a century of railroad building. The greatest travel comfort is therefore assured.

THREE BRITISH DIVISIONS DISBANDING IN ITALY

London, Jan. 24.—The British have three divisions in Italy which are being reduced by demobilization. Probably only a fraction of this force will be retained after general demobilization to form part of the allied army of occupation to Austria, in accordance with the wish of Field Marshal Foch.

Portuguese warships are reported to be bombarding Oporto, which is in the hands of the Monarchists.

For Sale by Tender

Tenders will be received on MONDAY, JANUARY 27th, for the old Murray Street Baptist Church property. This consists of a half-acre of land with frontage of about 116 feet on Murray Street and 192 feet deep. On the land is situated building formerly occupied as a church containing three furnaces and sanitary equipment. There is also on the land a small dwelling house. Those desiring to tender may obtain keys for inspection from Dr. W. D. Scott, Hunter Street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. F. MATTHEWS
For Trustees

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

Winding-Up Estate Sale

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, every pair at reduced prices---must be sold in 30 days

City Footwear Co. Charlotte Street Opposite White House

WEATHER FORECASTS.
East and south winds, fair, becoming milder. Sunday—Main.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

49th YEAR No. 21 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

HON. F. B. CARVELL MADE NO PROMISES WITH REGARD TO PUBLIC WORK IN THIS CITY

But Cabinet Minister at the Mass Meeting Last Night Stated That He Had Looked Over the Ground and Would Report Situation to Colleagues—Had no Authority to go Further.

Hon. Frank Carvell, Minister of Public Works in the Union Government addressed a large mass meeting in the Grand Opera House last night having come to Peterborough upon the invitation of the Mayor and in accordance with a tour of the cities which he is making for the purpose of collecting information which will prove useful in connection with meeting the industrial problems which are facing the country at the present time and effect his department to a considerable extent.

Upon the platform with the speaker, last night were the Mayor and members of the City Council, Capt. Burnham, M.P., J. E. Sexsmith, M. P., Mr. R. R. Hall and several other gentlemen. Mrs. J. H. Renwick, Miss Bentley and Mr. Ed Hanrahan each contributed a vocal solo which were much appreciated by the audience after which Mayor Duncan read a civic address of welcome to the visitor.

Mr. R. R. Hall in a brief address touched upon several points of great interest at the present time.

He referred to the immediate future as a transition period through which our country will have to pass before a return to normal times can be expected. For the past four years all the industrial powers of the Dominion have been concentrated upon the construction of engines of war and there is bound to be a great displacement in labor conditions and a certain amount of reaction which will require tactful handling.

It will take time to get living conditions back to their former peace channels and Mr. Hall emphasized the need of patience. The soldier and how best to assist him in returning to civil life is the foremost problem and he felt that the experiences at the front were such as to engender in his character the quality of patience which will prove invaluable in the days before him which, for some time to come, in a great many cases will not be without trials

He advocated strongly that public works should be proceeded with as expeditiously as possible in order to furnish employment for those without work. He was sure the public would not complain if this resulted in inflated tax bills which would have been to some extent avoided had the carrying out of such projects been delayed until some time in the future when construction expenses would not be so high.

In this connection he mentioned the development of hydro power upon waterways such as are in the vicinity of Peterborough and are under Federal Control. These might be handed over to the Hydro Commission free of rent upon condition that they proceed at once to develop the energy obtainable from them, and while providing cheaper power this program if carried out would give employment to a large number of men.

Mr. Burham's Address.

In accepting the invitation of the city to join in the civic welcome to you, sir, may I be permitted to congratulate you upon the subject you have chosen for your remarks this evening, namely, "The Return of Canada to Peace Conditions and the Prospects of the Future."

It is plain that strife in western, modern industrialism is due to lack of national organization. That part of it which is not actuated by proper motives need not at present be considered. When we have reached an agreement or understanding amongst the well intentioned it will be time to attend to the rest. The ray of rampant individualism is past. People and callings having loose business relations with each other must sooner or later come to grief just as we have done. Surely, a peace conference of labour, capital, agriculture and the consumer can be called after all these centuries of conflict. Mr. Gompers has shown that compulsory arbitration is out of the question. The view opposed to this contention of labour is that we must consider conditions not abstract ideas of freedom. Which shall it be then? Freedom, free competition, free imports of labour and of the products of labour, or national organization, regulation and control? If we decide to make of a nation a well-constructed, well-balanced and properly interacting and compensating machine we must handle it as such. It will not then be so easy for it to get out of gear. If not such a well-balanced, state-controlled machine but a catch-as-catch-can open free-for-all competition we may perhaps be able to establish a unit of labour—cost and nothing more—but it is doubtful and it is doubtful if industrial peace should then be ensured. But we must get to work and find a soluton or we may find trouble. This is presumably the kernel of re-construction. Our representatives must study the problem more deeply and devote themselves wholly and not partly to the greatest of all tasks. A constituency's business demands a member's undivided and disinterested attention. (How can a member have interests of his own in a nation's resources or business and handle those resources with a single eye to the nation's advantage? If the world can be made lovely for the rich it should be made lovely for those who are not rich. The day of the Great Scramble should be brought to an end.

Mr. Carvell on the Situation

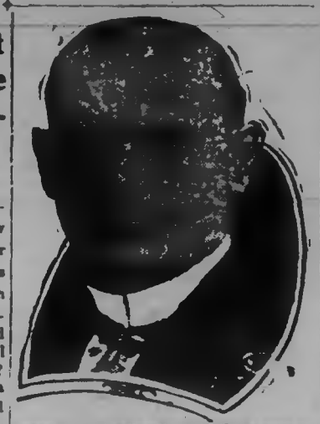
While expressing the utmost confidence in the ability of the Canadian people, who had shown themselves capable of such tremendous sacrifices in connection with the recent war, to solve satisfactorily the problems which confront the country in the reconstruction period upon which we are entering, Hon. F. B. Carvell has a reputation of speaking from the shoulder did not in his address last night seek to minimize the gravity of the situation which faces our Dominion at the present time and the extent of our financial obligations which should be considered even though the Government has no intention of holding them forth as an excuse for inaction. The government did not contemplate following a policy of inaction; it was going to do everything humanly possible to avert as far as possible any dislocation of labor conditions and to repatriate and re-establish in civilian life the returned soldier.

In the early stages of his address Mr. Carvell made it plain that he did not intend to commit himself or the Government he represented to any promise in connection with local conditions or construction work. He had been shown about the city and had obtained a great deal of valuable information in regard to matters of interest to the Government and concerning his department and upon his return to Ottawa would impart it to his colleagues for future reference.

The burden of the Cabinet Minister's speech was the repatriation of the army and the re-establishment in civil life of the veterans. He explained thoroughly the plans which had been formulated towards this end and did not scruple to outline some of the difficulties which lay in the way of carrying them out as speedily and efficiently as certain people desired.

He stated that the Government had decided upon such a program of public construction as was refered to by Mr. Hall and Capt. Burnham In arranging it the particular requests of one city or another were not being considered to any extent; it was to be carried out with a view to the needs of the entire country. Road construction was one of the plans which had been decided upon.

(Continued on Page 3.)



HON. F. B. CARVELL

Toronto Goes Over Top in Campaign

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Jan. 25.—Toronto raised nearly three hundred thousand dollars for the quarter million Salvation Army reconstruction fund, the quota the city was asked to contribute.

STEAMER MELITA ARRIVES

Brings Naval Ratings and Some Canadian Officers.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 25.—The S. S Melita arrived here today with one hundred naval ratings for various parts of St. John's, Newfoundland, and the remaning number civilians, a few Australian officers and some Canadian officers. The steamer brought from Brest to Boston 1,295 troops and 325 officers, after which she came on to this port to land the other passengers and load cargo for Liverpool.

MAY BE GREATEST VICTORY OF WAR

BRITAIN'S ACTION IN OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZING PROPOSED LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 25.—Great Britain's decision to leave such questions as the future of Mesopotamia, Palestine and the German colonies to the League of Nations is profoundly important, says the Daily News. The adoption of such a policy by the British delegation has established the league in its true place in relation to the Peace Congress and invests the entire proceedings of the Congress with an atmosphere of confidence and good will, created by the refusal of the great nation to take advantage of the accident of military possession of valuable territory.

If Great Britain is ready to give such an effective pledge of her faith in the League of Nations, no other power is left with an excuse for holding back. The decision may well prive to be the greatest victory of the war.

CABLE FLASHES

The disposition of the German colonies and other lands taken by the British will be left to the League of Nations.

The Canadian Government will spend four hundred million dollars this year apart from the up keep of troops.

Premier Borden was the first to suggest that all Russian parties be invited to a parley and he may be the British delegate to that conference.

Many thousands of returning Canadian soldiers are held in England for lack of boats.

Premier Ebert has control in the new German Government but must merge the majority Socialists with the Democrats.

ADVANCE PARTY OF C.E.F. IN SIBERIA COMPLETED BY THE ARRIVAL OF A TRANSPORT

Men in Land of Snow and Ice Complain of Postal Regulations—A Land of Distances Greater Than Canada—Far From Home and Thousands of Miles From Fighting Front.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

(By W. Playfair, Official Correspondent with the Canadian Forces in Siberia.)

Vladivostok, by Mail (delayed).—With the arival today of a transport bringing Canadian troops to Siberia, the advance party of the C.E.F. is completed. The base and force headquarters staffs are now here in full number, with the hospital, army service corps and part of the cavalry and infantry units. The draft which left Vancouver on the afternoon of Sunday, November 15, by the C.P.R. steamship Monteagle, arriving today, had a remarkably smooth passage for the season. Of the three hundred horses brought on the vessel, only four wer lost.

Incidentally this transport brought the first mail that has been received by the advance party which arrived here in October. Mail destined for the troops here is carried from Vancouver exclusively on Canadian transports, which are extremely infrequent. On the other hand, outgoing mail for Canada leaves here as often as twice a week. There is a great deal of dissatisfaction among both officers and men, over the postal arrangements. It is now expected that another transport will arrive before Christmas with Canadian mail. A second is expected shortly after the new year.

Although Canada is a land of great distances, the Canadian forces now here are learning new lessons in geography on a large scale. They are many thousands of miles from home, three thousand miles or more from their fighting front and in a territory of immense distances and exceedingly poor transportation facilities. The city of Vladivostok is separated dismally from the rest of Siberia owing to the virtual breakdown of rail communication with the interior. Canadians arriving here find themselves four thousand five hundred miles from Vancouver. They came expecting to get to early action with the Bolsheviki, but they find them three thousand miles away.

PRICES OF FOOD LIKELY TO DROP

PACKERS EXPECTED TO LOWER FIGURES ON PORK

Retal prices of several commodities should now be slightly cheaper than at the first of the year. Fresh eggs should be sold over the retail counter, according to the wholesalers, at prices not exceeding 70 cents per dozen. The farmers are now receiving about 56 and 58 cents for freshly gathered eggs. By the time the eggs reach the retail store there is about 7 or 8 cents per dozen added to their cost for handling, packing and transportation. At 70 cents per dozen the retailer is allowed a margin of approximately 5 cents per dozen. Butter has not declined at all and is not likely to be any lower for several weeks. Butter prices in the United States are several cents per pound lower than they were two and three weeks ago, but the Canadian prices are stationary because of the small margin of profit allowed by the Food Board. In this way Canadians were buying butter in December at from 10 to 20 cents per pound lower than it was being retailed in the United States. So that while the American prices have tumbled there is still no change in the Canadian markets. Prices in Buffalo, Chciago and New York are still higher than Toronto prices.

Pork has not declined in price at all, excepting cooked hams. It was said that cooked hams would be the last pork product to be affected by the lower prices now being paid for hogs, but some of the abattoirs had more cooked ham on hand than any other kind of pork and consequently they lowered the price on Thursday by 1 cent per pound. Lard has dropped about 2 cents per pound and will be cheaper this coming week. It will be another two weeks before bacon starts to come down. Pork chops and pork roasts may retail a little cheaper after today. The packers have not yet lowered their prices of straight pork, but will probably do so early this coming week. The first drop will not be more than 2 or 3 cents per pound, but further declines will follow shortly.

EVERY VESSEL IN BOLSHEVIST FLEET IS SUNK BY THE BRITISH

Attempts of Russian Rebels to Bombard Revel Ends in Disaster—Riga Also Saved From Attack.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 25.—The Bolshevists' attempt to bombard Reval, the capital of Esthonia, from the sea, have resulted in complete failure, according to reports received here. Every vessel in the fleet is said to have been sunk.

Riga was saved from an attack by the Bolshevists and from disorders within the city by the British fleet, which was sent into the Baltic late in December for the purpose of assisting British refugees to leave Russia.

Ufa has fallen to the Bolshevists, the reverse to the Russian and the Czecho-Slovak forces there being said to be due chiefly to the failure of the arms to arrive from Vladivostok. Troops which defended the city have fallen back to Zlatoust, 140 miles to the northwest, where they are making a courageous stand in the gorges of the Ural country. Thousands of rifles have arrived at the front and have been rushed to Cheliabinsk, which is not believed to be in danger for the present at least.

CAPT. C. VIVIAN FESSENDEN ARRIVED AT HALIFAX TODAY

Transport Docked With Large Number of Ontario Soldiers—Mumps and Flu Among the Troops.

Capt. Charles Vivian Fessenden, of this city, arrived on the Aquatania at Halifax today.

Capt. Fessenden is a son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Fessenden, 602 Rubidge street, and went overseas with the first contingent of the 48th Highlanders from Toronto. He was gassed and taken prisoner at the battle of St. Julian, and was in a German camp up to a short time ago.

Capt. Fessenden was a graduate of the Royal Military College, and previous to enlisting held a position on the staff of the Canadian Light and Power Company at St. Timoee

Influenza on Board.

A Canadian Press despatch says the steamer Aquitania, with five thousand returning soldiers aboard, including two thousand from Ontario points, docked at Halifax this morning. The steamer berthed with the yellow jack flynig as several cases of mumps and influenza developed on board. Among those arriving on Aquitania were Sir George MacLaren Brown, European General Manager for the C.P.R., and Capt. Bogert, American Naval Representative of Admiral Browning, during his inspection of German warships immediately after the signing of the armistice.

CAN TREAT WITH GERMAN PEOPLE

RESULT OF ELECTIONS GIVES GOVT. STANDING WITH PEACE CONGRESS.

London, Jan. 25.—Basing its comment on the final unofficial figures on the results of the German elections for the National Assembly, as received yesterday from Basle, The Times points out that no party has an absolute majority in the Assembly, but expresses the opinion that there is every probability of a strong combination between the Majority Socialists and the Democrats (the former Radicals, reinforced by some National Liberals), together with whatever recruits they may attract from the other groups.

Such an arrangement of parties, says The Times editorial, would produce the one result which concerns the Allies and the United States. It would give Germany a strong government with the indisputable moral right to bind the German state and people. The Allies and America should hasten to recognise the state of things which the election has created.

"Hitherto we had no direct representatives of the German people to deal with. These elections furnish such representatives. Let us recognize their title and lose no time about it."

It may be pointed out that the original plan for the national assembly called for 433 members of that body, but owing to the fact that Alsace-Lorraine did not vote the total is reduced by 12 and hence will be 421.

Congress Should Fix Time Limit

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 25.—It is hoped, says the Paris edition of the London Daily Mail, that when the Peace Conference appoints committees to investigate subjects today it will fix a time limit. The paper quotes a diplomat of experience in such matters as estimating that, having regard for the large amount of material already collected, each committee ought to be able to prepare its report in a week. He anticipates, however, that the committees will ask two weeks and that the matter will be compromised on ten days.

NAVY IS LARGE

Paris, Jan. 25.—The Portuguese navy has remained loyal to the Government, according to all accounts received in Madrid. The Madrid newspapers, however, have advices reporting that the army is on the side of therevolutionists.

BISHOP OF RIMOUSKI DEAD

Quebec, Jan. 25.—Mgr. Rev. A. A. Blais, Bishop of Rimouski, died at that place. His funeral will be held there on Tuesday morning next.

BELGIAN STEAMER MISSING

London, Jan. 25.—The Belgian Steamer Keltier from Milford, Wales, September 29, for New York, has been posted at Lloyds as missing.

Communists Plan To Save The World

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Zurich, Jan. 25.—The International Communist Congress at Moscow has convoked the first congress of the new revolutionary Internationale and set forth a program to revolutionise the whole world.

All Delegates At Peace Congress

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 25.—The Peace Conference, with a full list of delegates from Allied and neutral powers present, met at 3 o'clock this afternoon. It is expected that substantial progress will be made.

College Is Seized By The Military

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Dublin, Jan. 25.—The military authorities have seized St. Endas College, in Dublin county, founded by Patrick Pearse, who was executed in connection with the Easter rebellion in 1916.

New schemes for Irish Home Rule may avoid trouble.

FOUGHT GERMANS WITH HIS FISTS

PTE. SAXBY IS BRINGING MILITARY CROSS HOME WITH HIM

Pte. Norman Saxby, one of the soldiers now on their way home to Peterborough, brings back with him a Military Cross and a splendid record for gallantry in action.

Pte. Saxby took part in the battle of Passchendaele when his rifle became useless. Nothing daunted by the accident he threw the damaged weapon away and fought the Germans with his fists, disabling four or five of them.

Pte. Saxby enlisted in the 92rd and was twice wounded.

SAYS EX-EMPEROR PLANS TO RETURN

SPECIAL EDITION OF BERLIN NEWSPAPER CAUSES A SENSATION THERE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 25.—A Berlin despatch to the Daily Mail under Friday's date says: A sensational special edition, selling rapidly on the streets here, maintains that the ex-kaiser and his family intend to return to Germany as soon as the National Assembly has given the country a legal constitution.

Mistaking ex-U.S. President Taft and party for a bridal party, people at Chatham showered them with rice and confetti.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Business Dept ... 139. Editorial ... 486.
Mr. Stratton's Residence 131

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919

MR. CARVELL'S VISIT.

THE MATTER of governmental aid in the construction of the Hunter street bridge is one that belongs to the Department of Railways and Canals, so that Hon. F. B. Carvell, who spoke in this city last night, has practically nothing to do with it. Mr. Carvell's department, however, has jurisdiction in the erection of a public building in Peterborough and in the construction of the dry dock that is proposed for Ashburnham.

No one need be disappointed or discouraged if the Minister of Public Works in his address last night made no specific pledge that work on these two enterprises would be begun at a certain time. He made it clear that he had no authority to do so. As a member of the government, all he can do is to look over the ground, as he did yesterday, and report back to his colleagues as to the necessity for the improvements.

There is no reason why the citizens of Peterborough should entertain any doubts as to the early commencement of the construction of the Federal building and of the dry dock arranged for in 1914, and deferred, like so many other enterprises involving heavy expenditure on account of the war. The government of which Mr. Carvell is a member has announced a program for the resumption of such works in order to take care of the employment problem. Peterborough is not likely to be overlooked in this regard.

Mr. Carvell is evidently a businesslike member of a businesslike Administration. His address last night was optimistic, even though he did not attempt to minimize the serious financial obligations that the war has forced upon the country. His message should be especially encouraging to the veterans who heard it, as outlining in detail just what the Union Government has planned for the care of the returned soldiers.

THE ANONYMOUS LETTER AGAIN.

IT IS ONLY RIGHT that the newspaper that chooses to publish an anonymous letter reflecting upon another should be held morally, if not legally, responsible for anything that appears in such a communication.

A local contemporary last night granted the questionable courtesy of its columns to an anonymous letter which deplored the fact that ex-President Taft, only the previous day the honored guest of the city, was, according to his own statement, incidentally made, a member of a certain faith, a m atter which all right-minded persons are given to regard as one that lies entirely between a man and his Maker. Not satisfied with this, the paper is indirectly responsible for a slur cast upon the enterprising members of the society who brought the distinguished American here.

Whatever may be Mr. Taft's creed, in none of his speeches did he attempt to make a proselyte of any man or woman in the city. It is certain that in his own country his faith was never challenged even in the excitement of two election campaigns for the presidency. Does his membership in a certain church make him any the less an authority on the important question that he discussed so ably?

The writer of the letter in question hides his identity behind the pen name "Bethlehem," but has evidently failed to catch the spirit of Christian charity that is supposed to emanate from that historic place. The only saving feature about this horrible lack of journalistic taste is that Mr. Taft had left the city before the letter was published and is not even likely to hear of it. His good impressions formed of Peterborough and its citizens during his visit will not be marred by an epistle suggestive of life in the backwoods.

HOW THE PLATOON SYSTEM WOULD WORK

WHEN THE FIRE Department was called last evening to the Bell Apartments to handle a blaze which, but for prompt action, would have proved serious, half the members of the brigade were away on supper leave. Another was sick, so that when the alarm was turned in only six men besides Chief Grange were on duty. The men who were home at the time rose from their evening meal and responded promptly to the call for duty. All of them were at their posts with commendable promptitude, but even at that time was lost which might have had serious consequences.

With the double platoon system in existence, such as is recommended here and has been adopted in other cities, large and small, in Ontario, there would be ten men on duty all the time. The men on leave would respond to every alarm, and the dispatch with which this can be done was demonstrated last night. There would be twenty firement to answer every call, instead of fourteen as at present. The property owners of the city should remember that there are at certain hours of the day only at the most seven men on duty, and this number is even less in the not improbable event of sickness, for firemen, even if they are on the city pay roll, are not immune from the "flu" and other physical afflictions.

Chief Grange has brought the department up to a high standard of efficiency. The roster is complete, and every member of the brigade is thoroughly capable. The relations between the chief and his assistants are perfectly harmonious. This satisfactory condition, however, cannot possibly be maintained unless the men are placed on the same plane as other civic employes and given an opportunity to lead such an existence as is denied to no other citizens outside of jails and penitentiaries. There is no reason on earth why a man who takes his life in his hands every time he goes on active duty should be kept on call twenty-four hours a day and compelled to lead an existence which practically estranges him from his family.

A FORTUNATE OMISSION.

FORTUNATELY Hon. F. B. Carvell did not incidentally indicate his religious faith in his address last night, as Mr. Taft did the previous evening. This will prevent any pharisaical anonymous writer from using the columns of the Examiner for challenging Mr. Carvell's right to appear on a public platform in Peterborough.

HIGH COST OF PUBLIC LIVING.

IF ORGANIZED LABOR achieves its present ambition and succeeds in sending representatives from its own class to Parliament, one of the next probable steps will be a move for the increase of the present sessional indemnity of $2500. The cost of living has gone up everywhere in Canada, but not quite to such an extent as at Ottawa, where the men who cater to the wants of the members of Parliament are already revising their lists so as to reap as rich a harvest as possible during the coming session.

It is not a fact that every member of the Federal House is a man of easy circumstances, but the business people of Ottawa regulate their program on the assumption that he is. There are men in Parliament who have no other source of regular income, and with all such public service is in no sense a financial bonanza. After a member pays his legitimate and unavoidable expenses at Ottawa through a session, every one of which appears to grow longer than the preceding one, he is lucky indeed if he comes out even. This calculation takes no note of the expenditure he was forced to make during his campaign for election.

In Ottawa, private houses no longer take in boarders. The cost of living at a pension is higher than the regular hotel, and rates increase year after year. Some of the hotels at the Capital are already sending out circulars advertising their rates and bidding for the patronage of members during the approaching session. The schedule of one of these places of public entertainment will suffice to give an idea of what the financial penalty is for spending a few months at Ottawa as a representative of the people.

The hotel in question charges 75 cents for breakfast, $1.00 for lunch and $1.25 for dinner, or $3.00 a day for meals alone. A room costs $2.50 a day, so that every member of Parliament cannot even subsist while on active duty for less than $5.50 a day. Besides this unavoidable expense, there is outlay in other directions that are equally inevitable, such as entertaining any of his constituents as may call upon him at Ottawa.

Under present conditions, with the number of voters largely increased by equal suffrage, it will take almost the entire sessional allowance for two years to carry a candidate through his election campaign, every cent expended legitimately at that. It is apparent, then, that membership in the House is not at the present rate of living an attractive job from a financial point at least for a poor man. A member of Parliament should devote practically his entire time between sessions to looking after the welfare of his constituency, and while so engaged he will incur additional expenses. The trouble with the present system is that this branch of the public service is filled by so many men of means who regard the sessions as so many holidays which furnish them with opportunities for social revelry. During the time between sessions their entire time is devoted almost exclusively to their private business interests.

What is wanted is a greater number of members who can work the year round for the ridings which they represent. Parliament should not be made a rich man's club. The road to membership should be open to the man of limited means, and all such should be allowed a compensation sufficient to carry them through a session without, at least, actual loss.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

HAVE YOU PLANNED your armstice garden for next summer?

• • • • •

TALKING OF liberty, that of the feline to look at a king is being more and more circumscribed.

• • • • •

IT WAS the disturbances in Berlin that decided the final result, apparently, the different factions evidently voting as they riot.

• • • • •

THERE ARE optimists in the Union Cabinet, Hon. F. B. Carvell being taken as a specimen, even if there are calamity howlers on the outside.

• • • • •

EVEN IF IT IS not justiciable, it is an offence against good manners, not to put too fine a point upon it, to try to belittle what our American neighbors did in winning the war.

• • • • •

FROM THE SPEECH of Hon. George P. Graham to the Liberals in Toronto it is difficult to gather whether he deals chiefly in threats or promises in his message to the Liberal Unionists.

• • • • •

THE STOCKHOLDERS in any private enterprise are at liberty to consent to the sale of the business. Then why not shareholders in a bank when they are convinced that a transfer will be to their interests?

• • • • •

WHILE HE IS IN the investigation business, why does not Mr. R. R. Hall call for an enquiry as to how a matter of forty million dollars was wasted in riotous graft by the Laurier Administration in the construction of the Transcontinental Railway?

• • • • •

Canada wants an all-Canadian Government that will make every man proud to be a Canadian, and determined to work for Canada.—London Advertiser.

BUT SUCH A GOVERNMENT can never be secured if the alien vote selects the members.

• • • • •

IT IS HARDLY to be expected that all the States of the American Republic willd eclare for Federal prohibition. There is always the twelfth juror to reckon with. Peterborough County, for example, stands out against the rest of the Province on the good roads question.

BRITISH DO NOT HATE GERMANS

(By Harry Hansen.)

The first thing that strikes you as odd about London is the unemotional way the English talk about the Germans.

"What's the kaiser doing?" I asked an English journalist. "I've been nearly two weeks on the ocean and his activities have escaped me."

"The kaiser? Indeed, I don't know," was the reply. "He doesn't count anymore, anyhow."

There was an amiable officer in my compartment and he had something to say about the Germans, too.

"I suppose your American troops will be real hard on the Germans, eh?" he asked pleasantly.

"Probably," I replied, "but your Tommies will treat them the worst, won't they? They've got some unpleasant memories, we understand."

"Oh, I think the Tommies are rather easy on them," he replied. "As a matter of fact we are having a hard time to keep them from fraternizing. There have been several official orders against it, but what can you do when people are so civil to you

Another close observer had the view that the Germans were extremely adaptable. They realize that they have been beaten and that the thing to do is to resume the old friendly relations as soon as possible. So they are using every effort to make friends.

"Let's be good friends again, just like before the war," is their view, according to this observer's idea. And he amplified it like this:

"The Germans are going into this business of making friendships with a lot of concentrated effort, just as they made war. Their idea is that the sooner they get back into the good graces of the allies the sooner they will recuperate from their losses.

"The Tommies have really treated the Germans more considerately than the French, but you can't say that the French have been hard with them. In the occupied territory, for instance, the statutes of the kaiser still stand. The Germans didn't throw them down and neither did the French. The French merely draped them in black cloth."

London bears its scars well. Somehow we in America get the idea that its streets are full of men on crutches, men mutilated in the wars, women leading the blind. But one sees very few of them.

The streets are active with men on furlough. There are thousands upon thousands of uniforms. Unique uniforms, too—such as those of men dressed in what appears to be a civilian suit of bright horizon blue, with a bright red necktie. It is the uniform of wounded men who have not yet been released from hospitals.

But the influence of the war strikes one as soon as he lands. There are about three or four men to hustle a shipload of luggage.

You remember the war again when you see the poverty stricken women with their little ones wrapped in shawls—an old, frayed, black shawl—standing in front of windows containing toys and edibles and peering longingly at them.

And then the darkness of London confronts one. At 10 o'clock all the theaters and restaurants close. Lights are turned out. The gorgeously attired crowd at the Savoy filters slowly out—strange, shadowy figures. A few lamps reflect the brilliance of davalieres and gems. There are gorgeous collars of pearls. One hardly notices them.

"My, how bright things are tonight," says an observing Englishman, and you wonder where he finds the brightness.

"Yes, we lighted that other chandelier tonight," says the attendant, pointing to an alabaster bowl in which two incandescent globes are dimly shining. "First time in a year, sir."

You seek information. "What, haven't you had more light than this?" you ask.

"We had none at all, sir, a year ago," is the reply.

England is conserving its coal supply. Today most of London is without heat. But it has been a wonderful fall, just as in Chicago, and now it is as balmy as in spring.

WIT AND WISDOM

Pa's Reply

"Pa, if you ever had it to do over again would you still marry ma?"

"Can't you children let me have a little peace without starting trouble with your foolish questions?"

The Status of Fido

Mrs. A.—And is the dog a pet of your husband's too?

Mrs. B.—Yes; it is his pet aversion.

A Wise Son

Nurse—Robbie, stop doing that; your mother would be very cross.

Robbie—Oh, not so very. Ma isn't what you'd call a really bad-tempered woman.

Mrs. Exe—"Why do you say that Mrs. Brown is very thoughtless?"

Mrs. Wye—"She had the parson to dinner the other evening and she served deviled eggs

Not in the Chimney

She—Did you hear the chimney swallow?

Embarrassed Youth—That wasn't the chimney, Ethel; that was I.

Advice

Get up and try again, young man,
Don't sit around and sigh;
I'd rather be a failure than
The chap who didn't try.

Happy Thought

Leading Man (of the stranded troupe)—Nothing to do but walk back to dear old Broadway, methinks.

Leading Woman—But think of the disgrace.

Ingenue—And the rustic gibery!

Comedian—Peace be with you all! Why, we'll send the advance man ahead to scatter the interesting tidings that you ladies are hiking suffragettes and we men the accompanying newspaper correspondents.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says her mother is remarkably young looking in the face but it must be admitted she's growing rather stout in the personnel.

When it comes to saving pennies a woman will save a dollar before a man has saved 10 cents.

Absence may increase true love, but it is rough on the counterfeit.

TODAY'S STORY

The most important man in the United States at the present time is Vice-President Thomas Riley Marshall. If, for any reason, an inability should arise on the part of President Wilson to perform the duties of his office, those duties automatically devolve upon the Vice-President. The constitution provides for this.

Under ordinary circumstances a Vice-President's chief obligation appears to be self-effacement. There probably is no other public functionary in the United States whose badge of office is so closely and completely linked with a modest oblivion. And now, all of a sudden, the spotlight is turned upon him. Although the concensus of opinion is that President Wilson's absence from the country is in full accord with his three-fold capacity of treaty-maker, as head of the government and commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and that, therefore, the "inability" contemplated by the constitution does not apply, nevertheless the fact remains that he question has been mooted, and Vice-President Marshall himself has declared that, if ordered by a competent tribunal, he would, as a law-abiding citizen, acquiesce, and take a seat in the presidential chair.

Mr. Marshall was born at North Manchester, Ind., on March 14, 1854, and is a lawyer by profession. He was governor of his native state from 1909 to 1913, and was elected Vice-President of the United States for the term of 1913 to 1917, being re-elected for the term of 1917 to 1921. Should he be called upon to perform the duties of President, his executive experience as governor of Indiana would be of much service to him.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The perfect man is usually a perfect imperfection.

An essay on man—a woman's attempt to marry him.

Occasionally a barber combs a man's hair the way he combs it himself but a tonsorial artist never does.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (This paper)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

MEELS

There is 3 principle meels, brekfist dinnir and suppir, making the day pass much quicker than if there was only one or 2. Some people call you for meels, and some ring a dinner bell and then haff to call you enyhow. The reeson people ring a dinner bell even for suppir and brekfist and suppir is because there aint eny brekfist and suppir bell. This proves that as long as people find out theres a meel reddy, thats the same thing.

Most people dont tawk much at brekfist for 2 reasons, ferst, because they jest got up and havent got enything to tawk about yet, and 2nd because they dont feel like tawking. The principal rule at brekfist is not to use all the rest of the cream.

Lunch is dinner wen there aint mutch of it. Some people call suppir dinner, thinking it sounds more important, but the result is the same. A good way to tell how hungery a person is by how awften they say, Aint dinner reddy yet.

Brekfist starts with dizzert, sutch as a orrindge, and dinner and suppir ends with it, such as pie if youre lucky. Some children eat a slice of bred and butter affir their dizzert jest to prove they aint full yet, even if nobody sed they was.

LEE PAPE

THE FIRST TIME
You Realize Something is Wrong with Your Eyes.

That is the proper time to have your eyes examined and save those headaches and nervous strains that neglected eyes will cause.

Make your appointment to have us examine your eyes.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

AT THE Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Wood Will Speak to Young Men Tomorrow

Tomorrow afternoon at 4.15 Dr. E. H. Wood will speak to the Senior Life Problem Club of the Y.M.C.A. All young men over 16 are invited to attend and a big meeting is expected. The meeting will be bright, interesting and helpful and will close at 5.15. One of the best meetings held for some time was that of last Sunday when Rev. A. J. Thomas spoke to 37 young men. Every young man will find a warm welcome tomorrow at the Y.M.C.A..

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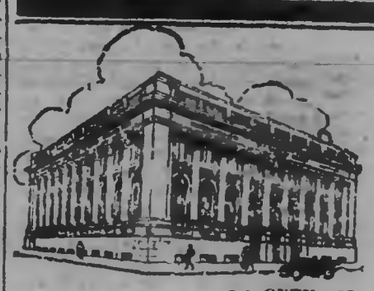

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Increase Your Saving, hold down your spending, open a Savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO
Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

WILLIAM RUSSELL in "Up Romance Road" The Story of how a Love Affair got mixed up in a German Spy Plot—Five Acts

EDDIE POLO in "The Lure of the Circus" Chapter Two
"Beaten Back" in Two Parts

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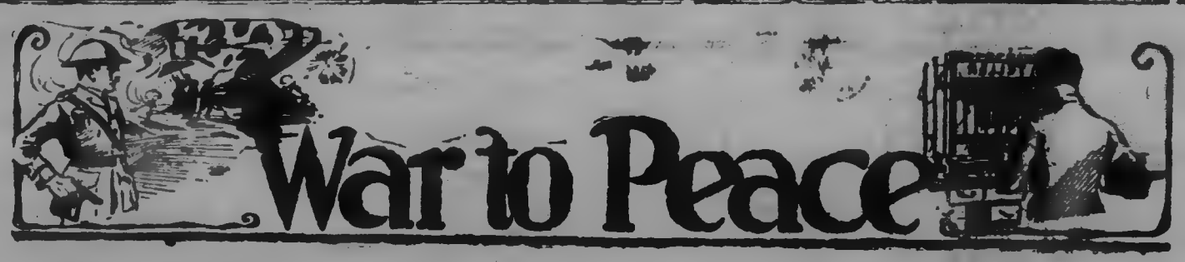

Article No. 8 Cut out for Reference

Making the Soldier A Civilian

EARLY in the war, the Government realised that the returned soldier would need one of three things.

(1) If he was ill, he would want to be made well.

(2) If he was so disabled by service that he could not follow his old occupation he would want an opportunity to recover his power to "make good" as a civilian.

(3) If he was fit, he would want to be put into touch with employment opportunities.

To help in this three-fold service the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment was organized.

The Medical Branch.

The Medical Branch of this Department gives the special after-care that soldiers who have suffered through war service need.

On his return to Canada the invalided or wounded soldier is treated in military hospitals. If the Medical Board decides that his case requires extended treatment in certain diseases, he is discharged from the army and comes under the care of this Department.

The Medical Branch then provides free medical and surgical treatment;

—free artificial limbs and special boots for deformed feet;

—free surgical appliances, eyeglasses, etc.;

—free dental treatment.

At present this service is available not only on the soldier's discharge from the army, but whenever he becomes ill again on account of disease or wounds due to war service.

The Vocational "Re-Training" Branch.

Some soldiers have so suffered on war service that they are prevented from working at the trade or occupation they followed before enlisting. This branch of the Department arranges for such men free re-training in some trade or occupation.

* * * * *

While undergoing medical or surgical treatment in the hospitals of the Department, or "Re-Training," the soldier receives pay, and his family and dependents are granted adequate allowances.

Information and Service Branch.

This branch of the Department has been organized recently to give special service to the demobilized soldier.

This branch first comes into contact with the soldier in France and England. Here it finds out the soldier's previous experience, the employment he now prefers to take up, and the locality in which he intends to settle.

Representatives of the Department keep in constant touch with returning soldiers before they reach Canada to let the men know just what the country is prepared to do for them, to advise them, and to give them information.

This service will be extended throughout Canada and by means of it the returned soldier will be placed in touch with Government Employment Offices, where details of existing opportunities for employment are available.

The representatives of the Department will themselves be returned men—those who can appreciate the soldier's problem.

The work these branches do will be described more fully in later announcements.

To any one interested in the work of this Department information will be gladly given on application to—

The Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment—OTTAWA, 22 Victoria St.—HALIFAX, N.S., Lush House, Hollis St.—FREDERICTON, N.B., Royal Bank Building—MONTREAL, P.Q., Room 901, Drummond Building, Cor. St. Catherine and Peel Streets—QUEBEC, P.Q., Langlois & Paradis Building—TORONTO, Ont., 135 Spadina Ave.—KINGSTON, Ont., Golden Lion Block—LONDON, Ont., London Technical School—HAMILTON, Ont., Clyde Block—WINNIPEG, Man., Notre Dame Investment Bldg.—CALGARY, Alta., Beveridge Bldg.—EDMONTON, Alta., Whyte Block—REGINA, Sask., McCallum-Hill Bldg.—SASKATOON, Sask., Y.M.C.A. Building—VANCOUVER, B.C., Board of Trade Building—VICTORIA, B.C., Crowsl Building.

Director of Repatriation

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

Past Peace Conferences Differed in Character, But Were Always Secret

FROM the story of the peace conferences which have terminated recent wars, no general line of procedure for the settlement of the differences arising out of the World War can be foreshadowed. Even a military armistice does not always follow peace parleys. When Mr. Roosevelt intervened to put an end to the Russo-Japanese war, hostilities dragged on for a long time while delegates were journeying to Portsmouth, U.S.A., and it was there arranged that fighting should only cease when the actual peace treaty was signed.

The most important peace conference was that which settled the Balkan War. The delegates of Turkey, Bulgaria, Serbia, and Greece met at St. James' Palace, London, and, after discussing terms for some weeks, failed to agree upon them. The conference was opened by Sir Edward Grey, who welcomed the delegates in a speech that was given to the public, but afterwards negotiations were conducted in private. This is the nearest approach to publicity that has yet been reached.

Although there is the classic instance of Bismark's brutality in conducting negotiations with prostrate France in 1871, the meeting of delegates, as a rule, tends to relax personal hostility. While war is on it is a crime to hold communication with enemy subjects. During the Balkan War peace negotiations in London we saw the Turkish delegate sitting with the Bulgarian, Serbian, and Greek plenipotentiaries at the Mansion House table, making guarded friendly references to each other, and quite throwing aside their standoffishness under the exhilarating influence of the Lord Mayor's champagne. A little later, the peace negotiations having failed, the delegates were back in their camps again. The day of the friendly nod had gone, and they studiously avoided taking the same trains back to their respective capitals to report their lack of success. The Balkan peace was eventually signed at Bucharest.

The peace that closed the Boer War was arrived at without the British and Boer delegates coming to a formal round table. Mr. Schalk Burger and a few prominent Boers came into Pretoria under the white flag on March 23rd, 1902. They said they wanted peace, and Lord Milner, representing the civil government, and Lord Kitchener, representing the military authorities, gave them a safe-conduct to Kroomstad, in the Orange River Colony, to consult other Boer leaders. Fighting went on. In May Botha, De Wet, Delarey, Smuts and Hertzog, who had been allowed to hold their peace conferences at Vereeniging, left that little Vaal river hamlet, and took into Pretoria their considered appeal for peace. The home government was consulted on it, and their answer was taken back to Vereeniging, where they decided to surrender unconditionally, and returned to Pretoria to sign the peace document before Lord Milner and Kitchener on May 31st. This peace, though based on these terrible military conditions of "preconditional surrender" was a very generous one, and the British Government gave £3,000,000 for the repatriation needs of the people against whom we had been warring. This treatment and the establishment of a Union of South Africa, which speedily followed, settled an unhappy war in a way that made South Africa a source of strength to us in the Great War in Europe.

There have been cases where a peace treaty concluded by belligerents has been revised by the Great Powers. The peace of San Stefano, signed by Russia and Turkey was taken to the Aepeal Court of the Congress of Berlin in 1878. It is the most notable instance of this having happened. There were doubts whether the Treaty of Bucharest, settling the Balkan wars of 1912-13 would not be revised by the Powers, but the Venizelos' fears on this ground were not realized. The maintenance of the balance of power in Europe has been the excuse for modifying treaties made by individual belligerents. It sounds to the present day reader like a new theory, evolving from the concert of Europe, which used to periodically exert pressure on Turkey and Greece in the latter years of the nineteenth century, or resulting from the Triple Alliance, which provoked the creation of the Triple Entente. But it is interesting on looking over the old peace treaties, that are now household words without much meaning or value, to discover that the principle of the balance of power in Europe was first recognised by the Treaty of Westphalia, in 1648, and also that it was under that international act that Alsace was handed to France, to be wrenched from her—after many vicissitudes—by Germany in the imposed peace laid down by Bismark at Versailles, and eventually signed at Frankfort.

In looking back on the war the names of many localities associated with peace treaties will be recalled. Amiens, that fell temporarily into German hands early in the war, was the town where the treaty bearing its name, after being negotiated in London, was signed between Great Britain, France and Holland, and Spain, in 1802.

Another interesting township with a peace history that was overrun by the Austrians when they made their break through at Caporette in the autumn of 1917 is Campo Formio, not far from Undine. The treaty was between Napoleon and Austria, and was signed in 1797. It was noteworthy as one of the most barefaced acts of diplomatic duplicity on record, a secret clause in the document having the effect of robbing Italy of her Venetian provinces, and handing them over to Austria.

TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Brought Quick and Permanent Relief

MR. P. H. McHUGH
108 Church Street, Montreal.

December 10th, 1917.

"I was a great sufferer from *Rheumatism for over 16 years*, I consulted specialists, took medicines, used lotions; but nothing did me good.

Then, I began to use "Fruit-a-tives"; and in 15 days, the pain was easier and the Rheumatism was better. Gradually, "*Fruit-a-tives*" *overcame my Rheumatism*; and now, for five years, I have had no return of the trouble. Also, I had some *Eczema and Constipation*, and "Fruit-a-tives" relieved me of these complaints; and gave me a good appetite; and in every way restored me to health". P. H. McHUGH.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent post paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

Teach Children Correct Speech.

After all, the best place to carry on a campaign for better speech is right in the home with the little circle that three times a day gathers about the dining room table, or perhaps it is only the kitchen table. It makes no difference, and the same little circle will in the evening gather about the hearth. For it is the speech which we hear about us at home that clings to us through life.—Exchange.

Doing Right.

Everything on earth has its price, and sooner or later we pay for all that we have. When we complain that doing right takes so much toll of effort, sacrifice, and the loss of what we call "success," we have only to look about us to see that evil-doing is more costly still. Its demands may come in on the instalment plan, but they will be all the more exorbitant because

WINTER WEATHER HARD ON LITTLE ONES

Our Canadian winters are extremely hard on the health of little ones. The mother cannot take the little one out for an airing. The consequence is that baby is confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms; takes colds and becomes cross and peevish. Baby's Own Tablets should be given to keep the little one healthy. They regulate the stomach and bowels and prevent or cure colds. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PURPLE VELVET AND BEAVER

A decidedly smart chapeau that is certain to have many admirers. The line of the brim is very attractive and becoming. The feathers add an effective finishing touch.

Felt His Importance.

Herbert was asked to hand the tools to his father, who was under the car trying to repair it. For this his father praised him, telling him he had been of great assistance. When they reached home and explained to his mother why they were late Herbert promptly added: "Yes, and if there hadn't been two of us men along we might not be here yet."

Much Good in Kind Words.

Kind words do not cost much. They never blister the tongue or lips. Though they do not cost much, yet they accomplish much. They make other people good natured. They also produce their own image on men's souls and a beautiful image it is.—Blaise Pascal.

Pine Leaf Paper.

It has been estimated that if the immense waste were eliminated, the daily output of the long-leaf pine industry would be 4,000 tons of paper, 1,000 tons of rosin, 300,000 gallons of turpentine, and 600,000 gallons of ethyl.

The BALLANTYNE GLOVE "Scotch Knit" for Men

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8½ acres of Market Garden, with some fruit trees, 5 acres in good garden, 1½ acres in pasture. Large house, suitable for a good double house with sheds and stabling for 11 head of cattle. The property is in the north end of the city and on three streets on which is a number of good building lots which could be sold and still have a good market garden. This property MUST be sold and some one will get a good bargain.

We have a full supply of touring car MARKERS for 1919. (Cheaper to buy markers than to pay a fine.)

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

CUT IN SALARIES ALL THAT WILL PROTECT BASEBALL

Man Who Made a Million Out of National Game Is in Favor of Retrenchment.

(By Ascer C. Reichow.)

"Baseball is getting back to where it belongs. The reduction in players' salaries was inevitable. The clubs in the major leagues were topheavy with the high salaries they paid. Players and Club owners must be fair to each other if the game is to continue on a paying basis."

This is the opinion of Charles W. Murphy, former owner of the Chicago Cubs, and the man who is credited with having made a million dollars out of baseball. He was in the game when it was good and got out in time to save himself a lot of money, but has not lost interest in the sport. He has watched the movements of baseball closely and for the last few years has declared the magnates ought to do what the National league voted for in New York wednesday. In his opinion that is the only way the men who have invested in enormous and expensive plants can collect any dividends.

On Minor League Basis.

If the National league remains alone in the decision to have a salary limit of $11,000 a month it probably will not gain much in the way of prestige, as it is putting itself on a minor league basis, the opinion being that a major league in the remuneration players are to receive. But the magnates have shown a lot of common sense in doing what they have done, as ball players have been overpaid and have been reaping the harvest of baseball. If the American league does not follow suit in reducing the players' salaries it is doubtful if its clubs will have as successful a season financialy as the clubs in the National league. The only hardship the parent major organization confronts in difficulty in inducing players to given contracts. Should the American league also adopt a salary limit of $11,000 everything will be rosy for the club owners and the game.

"I do not hesitate to say," continued Murphy, "that had I been at the meeting of the National leagle in New York, I would have poted for the salary limit. It is the only thing that will save baseball. The clubs could not continue to pay enormous salaries and exist. Baseball is a business the same as anything else, and money must be made to keep it alike. The club owners hust be given a chance to break at least even on their investment. They have not been doing that in recent years, therefore, the messure taken by the National league was inevitable.

Enormous Salaries Must Go.

"I do not say this with any intention in mind of being against the ball player. I have always been for him. It is a known fact that when I was president of the Cub team I had the highest paid club in the league and I had players who were worth it. But they were not getting the salaries paid inferior men in the last three or four years. My players were satisfied and played the game to win every day. One does not blame the player for attempting to get all he can, but because of the increase in general expenses he must realize it is impossible for the club owner to continue to pay enormous salaries. If he does not the game runs the risk of going to smash.

"The Chicago and New York clubs went on record as opposing the reduction. They must take the other clubs into consideration. If the other teams failed to make money and close up there will be no baseball and the Chicago and New York teams will be compelled to suspend business. If that happened where would their investment be?

"One of the biggest mistakes baseball ever made happened in the American league when Johnson's pay of $25,000 a year was made public. I know from experience. I had players come to me and demand an increase. I asked why they thought they were entitled to it. Their answer was: 'If Johnson is worth $25,000 to the American league as president, I certainly am worth a few hundred more to your ball club.' Then the National league followed with its error by paying John K. Tener the same salary."

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HIS FATE

By GLADYS ETHEL SALTER

"Who is she?" inquired Albion Ward, with interest and admiration.

"She is Nell Rodley. Always trim and neat as you see her now, smiling, happy and not much of a home life to brag of."

Ward was a stranger in Rushville and sojourning there briefly. His companion was an old timer with whom he had a casual acquaintance. He had been attracted by the young girl, who had driven up in front of the main store with a fiery horse attached to a buggy. Grace and agility marked her every movement. She paused to stroke the head of the horse and the animal seemed to understand that he was to behave himself until she returned. She came out of the store finally and was hailed at the curb by two young girls.

"You'll be sure to come, Nell?" one of them asked.

"Oh, I couldn't miss it! Grandfather is away and I'm so happy to think I had enough out of the milk money I earned to buy—these," and the speaker lovingly caressed a box she carried. "You will surely call for me?"

"Yes, brother is going to drive us over and we'll pick you up on the way."

"I'd like to know this young miss," confessed Ward, as he strolled on alone. He started down a country road. He covered several miles and threw himself upon the green sward to recuperate before he essayed the return journey.

The drowsy flower-perfumed air lulled his senses to somnolence. A break upon the silence aroused him. Coming down the road at full speed, her hair flowing, her eyes a-sparkle, her lips parted in excited delight was Nell. Both she and the spirited animal seemed to enjoy a burst of unrestrained liberty. She flashed by the spot, the vehicle struck a rut and bounced high in the air. A mock shriek rang out, then a silvery laugh echoed thrillingly and the rig vanished. It had seemed to Ward that as the buggy bounced out of the rut some object lifted in the air and circled to the road. He went forward to explore this supposition.

"Why!" he exclaimed, "it's the box the young lady had in the town. Wonder what's in it?"

Removing the paper covering, Ward beheld lying in a nest of tissue paper a pair of dainty blue slippers. He stood gazing at them, weaving all kinds of sentimentality about them and their owner.

"She will be greatly disappointed when she misses them," ruminated Ward. "Possibly she may come back searching for them."

He lingered about the spot for over an hour. Then Ward struck out for town, a quaint conceit in his mind. He repaired to a public garage. He inquired as to the Bodley farm. It was dusk when he started from the village, driving an automobile, the lost package at his side.

The moon was just coming up as Ward reached his destination. The somber farmhouse showed only one light, at its rear. Ward left the machine and made his way towards it. Through an open window he viewed Nell Bodley. She sat with forlorn face, gazing into space. Across a chair hung a filmy dress and some trifles of ribbons and laces.

"Do not be startled," spoke Ward boldly. "I am a stranger, but I know some of your friends in the town."

Nell had started to her feet. She looked half frightened.

"I have come as a sort of fairy godfather," went on Ward. "You are going to some social function tonight, I understand."

"I was," said Nell, "but someone stole a purchase I had made out of the buggy—"

"No," corrected Ward. "You mean a pair of Cinderella slippers? They jolted out down the road. Here they are."

"You found them? Oh, how kind, how good you are!" cried Nell. "But it is too late. I could not go without them, and my friends have gone on without me."

"Miss Bodley," spoke Ward, "I have an auto outside. I will feel it an honor and a pleasure to drive you wherever you wish to go. I will attend to some necessary adjusting of the machine, and will be ready in five minutes."

She came out just as the full moon sailed beyond the horizon in its full splendor. Albion Ward fancied he had never seen so beautiful a creature. Then a dash down the road and an arrival at a farm where a merry party were having an old-fashioned barn dance.

The hostess of the evening, coming out to welcome Nell, and advised of the situation, insisted on Ward remaining as a guest.

It was a novel and charming experience for the city-bred young man. Nell remained all night with her hostess, but by that time she and Ward were so well acquainted that it was understood he would call and see her the next day.

"Cinderella," he said, one afternoon, a week later, "I am called back to the city. Will you miss your fairy godfather?"

Her face fell. She turned aside to conceal the regretful tears.

"Nell," he went on softly, "look into my eyes and see if you cannot guess what I wish to say to you of truth and love."

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

SUIT WITH JACKET EFFECT

This chic suit is of navy velours de laine, with collar and facings of tan. A broad girdle, loosely tied at the back, adds a new touch to the Hawaiian jacket with flare and peplum.

LATE FABRIC FOR LINGERIE

Voile Has Gained Place of Favor and Has an Advantage Over Satin and Silk.

Voile is a fairly new fabric for lingerie, but it has already, in the few months that it has been used for undergarments, gained prestige.

To be sure, voile lingerie ten or twelve years ago would have seemed absurdly unpractical. Voile was too thin, we would have said, too fragile for the hard wear that lingerie must have.

But those statements would have been made in the days before lingerie had had a chance to show its good points. And they would have been made, too, in the days before we used fur and chiffon, tulle and satin for lingerie. Nowadays, of course, satin is considered one of the most durable of fabrics—one is tempted to say *undermuslins*—in the good old-fashioned way, but undermuslins are now only a part of the matter, for most of them are made of silk and satin and crepe.

Voile has one advantage over satin and silk in the minds of some women, at least for underwear. They cling to a liking for a regular tubbing fabric for underwear. It matters not to them that satin can be washed in soap and water and ironed; satin does not seem so fresh and clean as cotton of some sort. So to them voile is a welcome addition to the fabrics from which underwear is made.

QUAINT AND PRETTY SWEATER

Short, Sleeveless Garment With Narrow Belt Assists in Solving Problem for Some Makers.

They are undeniably quaint and pretty, those short, sleeveless sweaters, until they start to lose their shape. That happens when the purling begins to give, or where there is no purling at at all.

Narrow belts of kid and wee ribbon girdles constitute two answers to this problem of "giving." Still, neither one is especially distinctive or in keeping with the type of garment on which it is used. So a fastidious girl with a bright idea all her own hit upon the plan of the narrow self-girdle. She took quite long strands of the mercerized cotton matching her sweater—six strands, to be exact. These she twisted round and round into some simulation of a monastic cord. Then she weighted the ends snugly once about the sweater, then with self-pompons, tied the girdle again with graceful looseness. The effect was smart to a degree.

And this suggests other things for a clever girl to do along this line. For instance, double strands of the cotton might be loosely plaited, then weighted with big self-tassels. That is certainly an easy thing to do, and such a practical, good-looking thing when done.

Poor Kidney Action Brings Fatal Results

It is well for everyone to realize that from the moment the kidneys fail to remove the poisons from the blood stream, these poisons accumulate and set up the infections that cause disease.

What are the indications which give warning of this approaching suffering?

Here are a few of the symptoms. That pain in the back, dizziness, swollen joints or ankles, painful urination or brick dust deposits. At the first attack of any of these troubles turn to the old tried and tested kidney remedy—Gin Pills. Take them as directed and you will soon feel fine.

Do not misunderstand the reason for Gin Pills. How they came to be called Gin Pills is this:

Gin has long been considered a remarkable curative agent for kidney or bladder trouble. This virtue comes from one ingredient alone in Gin and NOT from the alcohol. That is why the beneficial ingredients in gin can be taken in pill form, without alcohol, and that is what you get when you use Gin Pills.

When you decide to try Gin Pills you are protected. Buy a box from any dealer for 50 cents. If you do not get genuine relief after taking them, all you have to do is ask for your money back and it will be returned.

This is certainly a generous offer; but we make it feeling that once you have tried Gin Pills and know the beneficial results they bring, you will continue to use and recommend them.

A free sample will be sent if you address your request to the National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont. 185

Fighting Doors.

All the doors should swing high enough from the floor to clear any rugs placed near them. And they should be placed so that they will not jam against one another. I know of two doors in a house that persist in locking knobs just as two angry bulls lock horns in mortal combat—or is it deer that do this? And when these doors are in that position, you can't get out but have to back out, go around another way, and separate them. We don't intend having any doors like that in this house.—Harry L. Shumway, in the House Beautiful.

Not the Doctor's Fault.

"She has been a steady customer of the beauty parlors," remarked Felicia, descriptively, "for a number of years. The reason the results are not all that might be desired is that the beauty doctors had so little to start on. She was, you might say, wholly without preliminary training for the course."

Gift to the Garbage Children.

Bessie on her birthday received a new doll. Her old one she proposed discarding, so she said: "I think, mamma, I'll give it to the garbage man. He can take it to the garbage woman and she can fix it up for the little garbage children to play with."—San Francisco Chronicle.

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LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

The nature of cancer, and hence its cause, is unknown. All sorts of theories have been proposed to explain the great and apparently increasing prevalence of this disease. Most of the theories fail to apply when considered in connection with any considerable number of cancer cases.

Cancer consists of an abnormal, irregular or unrestrained growth of the ordinary tissue cells of the structure or organ involved. It is an anarchy of growth, and anarchy in any body must be destroyed or it will eventually destroy the body.

Constant irritation and unfair treatment, ill usage, damage done by injury, congenital defects, and the application of poisons of various kinds seem to be the predisposing factors of anarchy in the body.

Eighty-five per cent. of all cancers of the lips, tongue and throat occur in tobacco smokers.

Good dentistry, as opposed to the bargain kind, is recognized as one of the preventives of cancer in the mouth.

One-third of all cancers in civilized men occur in the stomach, and a man has to be pretty thoroughly civilized in order to know how to abuse his stomach as a regular habit. The eating of very hot food, too highly seasoned with condiments, and the drinking of stimulating or irritating beverages, such as whiskey, ginger ale, carbonated water, including plain soda water, must be included among the predisposing causes of cancer of the stomach. Overeating and hasty swallowing or incompletely masticated food are also predisposing causes of cancer of the stomach.

The irritation of excessive scar tissue about the seat of lacerations unrepaired or incompletely repaired after childbirth has always been considered an important predisposing cause of the most frequent and most tragic of all cancers, cancer of the womb in mothers of large families.

The irritation of frequent shaving over a trifling wart or pimple on the cheek, or of frequent pinching or picking at such a lesion, appears to be a common predisposing cause of the skin cancer which is prone to develop on such a site after middle age.

Cancer may occur in children, in youths, or at any age, though it is most common at or after middle age.

Cancer is not inherited, and there is no evidence that it is a communicable disease.

A Long Lived Delusion.

"* * * * but I have no pains in the back to indicate kidney trouble, so I * * * * *"

Neither has a patient who actually has kidney disease, as a general rule.

And Another That Dies Hard.

"* * * * He seemed to think my liver was hardened. I have taken all sorts of calomel, scarcely a week has passed without a thorough calomel purge. Could the liver undergo hardening under such conditions?"

Calomel has no known effect on the liver. It is merely a cathartic, and a very crude one at that. Calomel is prescribed more out of sympathy and reverence for the traditions of medicine than for any real benefits the drug can produce. Calomel has far less excuse than castor oil in a doctor's armamentarium, and castor oil has almost no excuse at all. These antiquated medicines ought to be put away in the medical museum along with angleworm juice and toads' eyes.

And Another Just As Foolish.

"Will you please tell me just how to take the yeast cakes you recommend for clearing the blood of impurities? Do you mean the common yeast cakes such as bakers sell for baking? Mrs. S. A. B."

I have never suggested or recommended yeast to clear the blood of impurities. Sometimes an ordinary yeast cake may be taken after each meal or after two meals daily for several weeks as a remedy for obstinate pimples or boils. The yeast cake should be mixed with cool water or fruit juice or beef broth to fluid consistency to drink. Yes, any yeast cake sold for baking is right. Pimples or boils or other eruptions have nothing to do with the purity or impurity of the blood or of the individual affected.

The Life of John Buckley.

It was ancient history to some that the "Life Story of John Buckley," edited by the well-known J. C. Buckmaster of the South Kensington museum, London, was really the story of the editor's life. It was one of the books of its season in 1907, one of the best bits of biography we have in fact, and I am not surprised to find that the question of its authorship has bobbed up once again in the old country.

Primitive Methods of Farming.

In Central America many primitive agricultural implements are still retained. The native farmer still uses a plow with a crooked tree-branch tipped with iron. The objection to the modern two-handled plow is that a hand is needed for guiding the animal, hence the introduction into Honduras of a trial modern-style plow with one handle.

HOLLAND'S WHITE ELEPHANT—Passing Snow.

Masonry in the Revolution.

During the American Revolution craft lodges were found in many of the English regiments in America, and a number of them existed in the Continental army. There is a record of ten regularly constituted, acting *under warrants and attached to the* Continental regiments. It is claimed that General Lafayette was made a Mason at Valley Forge during the American Revolution, but R. F. Gould states in his history of Masonry that Lafayette was raised by the American Union lodge at Norristown, N. J. It was in the American Union lodge that the first resolutions were passed urging the election of a general grand master for the United States.

Telephoning in Japan.

The editor of the Japan Times says the telephone service in Japan is utterly bad. He wonders "what Job would have done had he lived in Tokyo and wanted to telephone to the specialist on boils." He concludes with the following incident: "A lady in Karuizawa called up her house in Tokyo, left by the next train, got the call and talked to herself in Karuizawa six hours after she arrived in Tokyo. That's not a joke. It's the solemn truth."—From The East and West News.

Friendship's Opportunity.

Many fine and splendid people at times try the good nature and good will of their very best friends. It may be that they are wrestling with some wearisome problem or endeavoring to bear up under some heavy burden and for the time being appear to be anything but their own natural selves. But instead of accusing them of unkindness or of taking offense at their attitude they true friends overlook their unnaturalness, realizing that they will not remain so for long.

Popular Symbol in China.

One of the most frequent groups of symbols seen in Chinese designs is the Buddhist group. The Buddhist knot is the sign of longevity, and also stands for the eight Buddhist commandments. Two fish denote domestic felicity. These fish, or perch, go in pairs and are always faithful to each other. The umbrella of 10,000 people is presented to a mandarin on his leaving a district as a token of the purity of his administration. The canopy, like the umbrella, is a sign relating to official life, which is the ambition of every Chinese.

Goat's Milk Popular.

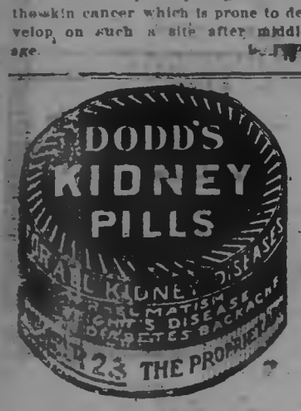
Canned goats' milk is finding an increasing market all over the world, and is said to be a profitable industry. In the course of the year the goat will produce twelve times its weight in milk, while a cow will yield only three times its weight, but the goat is not so reliable as an all-year-round source of supply. Goats' milk is very rich, and is in demand as a food for invalids and many children, and the goat is said further to be free from tuberculosis.

Ash Hopper.

A man the other day brought back memories of olden times when, in reply to a remark that spring was coming on fast, he said: "Yes, it's about time I was building the old woman an ash hopper." How many of you kids know to what he referred?—Eldorado Springs (Mo.) News.

Put Strangers Above Relations.

It was a vizier, Ibn Al-Amid, who lived in the eleventh century, who wrote this strangely modern advice: "Choose your friends among strangers, and take not your near relations into favor. Relations are like scorpions, or even more noxious."



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LOST—Ayredale terrier, answering to name "Paddy." Finder please notify C. Curtis, Phone 500w.

LOST—In Royal Theatre, Wednesday night, 22nd instant, lady's black leather satchel, containing quantity of money, doctor's receipt, some silver and other articles. Reward. Apply at Review Office.

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BUY WISELY AND WITH MUCH CARE

Avoid The Very Cheap Garments for Winter, Is Advice of an Authority.

SOME STYLES THAT REMAIN

Tendency Is Noticed to Eliminate Excess of Trimming Which Was More Popular at the Beginning of the Season.

New York.—Wherever merchants are foregathered, writes a fashion correspondent, there is talk, interesting talk, concerning the prices that women pay for clothes this season.

One expected the level of prices to be higher, because food, fuel, light and rent have increased beyond the knowledge of man; and there have been flagrant cases of injustice to the public in the amount of money demanded by some dressmakers for building clothes, but there are cases that must be settled with the individual, not the mass; the outstanding fact that interests the sellers of clothes is that women debate vastly more often for a high-priced gown than ever before and buy the plainest with seeming willingness. Why? The answer is explained by the word "extravagance" in a well-headed conservation.

The feature of this black velvet frock is the panels back and front, which are of black and gold gauze and fall below the skirt. The bodice is plain and finished at the neck with fur.

It does not take a woman with extraordinary shrewdness to know that cheap materials are not lasting. Nobody ever bought them with the belief that they would carry one with satisfaction throughout the season. They were bought by women who preferred to spread a small income over many cheap costumes; women—and America is filled with them—who like to vary their costume every day or every two months rather than be compelled to wear the same [illegible] the weeks of a settled season. It is a form of getting stimulation.

Wisdom in Buying Gowns.

It is, no doubt, an actual hardship for a large mass of American women to deny themselves the pleasure of a constant procession of clothes at small prices, but they must economize in this, as in food. A cooking expert has said that there are no such garbage pails in the world as here; that the kings of Europe did not have such garbage as the factory woman in the tenement districts of this country discards. This, it is true, has stopped; and even when garbage is plentiful, showing a spirit that is not unpatriotic but ignorant of thrift, then the government steps in and gets all sorts of things useful to the war out of the pail that once was nosed by the dogs and dumped into outer darkness.

Why Women Buy With Care.

So even though the American woman may not wish to wear one good costume throughout the season, her patriotism commands her to do it. This is the kernel of the entire situation. She buys in order that her clothes may last. She does not wish to take the time to constantly mend cheap clothes and renew them at odd moments. She has gone back to the ways of her great-grandmother, who chose material carefully and in many lights, paid a good price for it, and expected it to live up to its reputation.

A woman who goes into a shop this season to buy an every-day gown, pays $30 where she once paid $18 for it. This is as near the average figure as the shops can get. She asks if the [illegible] will wear. [illegible]

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will benefit, six will cure. Sold by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. Pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

dye, if the seams and stitchery are good, and when she finds that they are just what they once were, but that they are not up to her modern standard of purchasing, she adds $10 or $15 to the price and buys another gown that suits her judgment.

No one is happier over the state of affairs than the shopkeepers. They prefer to sell fewer gowns at good prices, for, while it is not necessary to renew them in a few months they give greater satisfaction to both parties.

Styles That Remain With Us.

The continuance of the chemise frock and the sandwich silhouette has given comfort to many women, because it allows them to wear, for a time, the frocks they possess. Whether or not this silhouette will die out as the season strengthens, no prophet can tell us; but there is uneasiness among those who watch fashions closely.

Everywhere one finds a tendency to widen the hips. We are trying to get a peg-top silhouette as opposed to a planked shad silhouette. If this change comes about, the straight chemise frocks or tunics will not have as much value as they have today.

It is not only the Americans, but also the French, who have proposed this silhouette. It is not universal; one sees a continuance of the straight line on the great majority of French and American clothes, but with more tendency toward the peg-top outline in the home-made things than in the foreign ones, except from houses like Callot.

The reason for this innovation is due to the military and it is strange that it did not occur before the fourth year of war. We have admired the silhouette of mannish wide hips and narrow ankles for many months without thought of introducing it in women's clothes. Now it is here and it is carried out in almost the identical manner that the military tailors use with men's trousers.

Simplicity vs. Ornamentation.

Another subtle change that has come across the sky of fashions since the first French styles were shown is a tendency to eliminate much of the trimming with which the season began. There was an over-elaboration of rich and massive embroidery, of tassels, of colored facings, of strips of metallic ribbons, and of other strange and capricious gewgaws that the mind can invent when large ideas are lacking. The universality of all this ornamentation, such, for instance as miles of fringe, was its own undoing. It bordered, dangerously, on the ugliest period of mid-Victorianism. It gave one an unpleasant memory, even if a far-off one, of beribboned milk stools and frying pans in the parlor. It was well done; no fault could be found with its quality, but why do it? This was the question asked by those who are apostles and disciples of simplicity.

After awhile, as the majority came to the conclusion that everyone was in danger of being over-ornamented, the dressmakers had calls for quieter frocks.

No matter how severe a suit or cloth frock is, the merest good nature lifts it out of the commonplace class. We do not need several yards of fringe, splashes of colored embroidery, a half dozen tassels, and a few fur pompons to prove to our neighbor that we know what's what.

Getting Down to Essentials.

Possibly there has not been enough cold weather to justify the usage of the several weaves of the hairy and animal-like fabrics now in the season, but there is a noticeable absence of them in the clothes worn by women who have chosen well among the seasonal offerings. These [illegible] beaver, seal, mole a-plenty, but only a few inches of their substitutes which gave the Paris weavers so many anxious and elated moments. They may arrive, and, again, their full development may

Sapphire blue velvet coat with stole and deep cuffs of beaver.

not come until next winter. New things have a way of holding back and consolidating for a swift offensive the second year.

This condition, therefore, leaves women with smaller choice of materials for their winter wardrobe and more puzzlement as to silhouette. The [illegible] is done. Our last spring clothes have served their second term. A season faces us in which we must be true to one set of costumes for six months, don't buy cheaply, nor carelessly. Spend your money as if it belonged to the government.

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OCEAN TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
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Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Digi

It is seldom that men discover rich mines without digging. Nature commonly lodges her treasures and jewels in rocky ground. If the matter be knotty and the sense lie deep, they must stop and buckle to it, and stick upon it with labor and thought and close contemplation, and not leave it until they have mastered the difficulty and got possession of the truth.—Locke.

Practical Use for Them.

"What's the use of having two or three homes, as these millionaires have?" asked the idle wayfarer who wanted to start a little conversation. "There's a whole lot of use," replied the man who was beating carpets. "If I owned two homes I'd live in one while my wife was cleaning the other."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The Cabman Knew Him.

During a lecture tour through the United States Sir Conan Doyle arrived one day in Boston and was considerably astonished when a cabman accosted him and addressed him by name. "How did you know who I was?" said Sir Conan Doyle, much interested, and not a little flattered by the recognition.

"If you'll excuse me saying so," said the cabman, "the lapels of your coat look as if they had been grabbed by New York reporters, your hair looks as if it had been cut in Philadelphia, your hat looks as if you had had to stand your ground in Chicago, and your right shoe has evident Buffalo mud under the instep, and—and—"

"And what?" queried Sir Arthur.

"Well," replied the cabman, "I saw 'Conan Doyle' in big white letters on your trunk."

Want Home Iron Plants.

New Zealand imports from [illegible] steel products at present at the rate of about £[illegible],000 a year, and demand is increasing. It is proposed now to attempt the development of a home iron industry. Iron deposits at Parapara, in the Nelson district, are estimated to contain from 50,000,000 to 60,000,000 tons and there are coal deposits near at hand.

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Best Fruit—
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Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices

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Reputation and Character.

Reputation is what men think you are, character is what you are. Both are important, but character is indispensable to success. Without character you are not likely to have a good reputation—very long.

Meanness Hard to Overcome.

Some men's meanness consists of their stinginess with their means. When they give up their meanness they will be willing to give up more of their means. Such men, however, are pretty hard to convert.

NEW C.P.O.S. LINERS

THE part played by the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services in the great European war will make a big chapter in Canadian history. Undoubtedly the sea supremacy of Great Britain was one of the most potent factors in the winning of the victory which was obtained, and the ships of the C. P. O. S. took a big part in making Great Britain supreme at sea. There are few branches of sea service in which they did not take a part. Mounted with guns some of them were where there was fighting to be done.

Over 4,000,000 tons of cargo and munitions of war have been carried in addition to many thousand horses and mules.

The C. P. O. S. have carried from the outbreak of hostilities to October 31st, 1918, 1,041,000 troops and passengers all over the world, embracing ports in China and Japan, Singapore, Bombay, Mesopotamia, Suez, Gallipoli ports in the Mediterranean, Colombo, Dares-Salaam, Delagoa Bay, Durban, and Mauritius, in addition to the west coast of North and South America, and the United States and Canadian ports. The total loss of troops carried caused by enemy action and irrespective of disease has been eight in number. On one consecutive continuous voyage one of the company's vessels steamed 23,441 miles.

Over 300 officers and engineers were found out of the company's service for the Royal Navy. Lieut. R. N. Stuart, one of these, has won the D.S.O. and the V.C., while many others have received decorations and been mentioned in despatches.

The Missanabie, a C. P. O. S. steamer, was the first big vessel to sail on her maiden voyage from Great Britain to Canada after the outbreak of the war in 1914, a sister ship, the Metarama, sailed on her maiden voyage from Liverpool, March 24th, 1915. These two splendid ships have been followed by two larger ships, the Melita, which sailed from Liverpool Jan. 20th, 1918, and her sister ship, the Minnedosa, on her maiden trip from Liverpool Dec. 5th, 1918 to St. John—the first steamer to sail since hostilities ended. The Minnedosa is a splendid acquisition to the already large fleet of C. P. O. S. vessels. She has a gross tonnage of 14,000, length 546 feet, width 67 feet, depth 45 feet and a total cargo capacity of 488,000 cubic feet.

There is accommodation for approximately 500 cabin and 1,000 third class passengers. The Gymnasium on "A" Deck (or Boat Deck) is fitted with the latest mechanical devices for exercise and amusement. On "B" Deck (or Upper Promenade Deck) are located the Cabin Dining Room, Cabin Drawing Room and Cabin Lounge.

The Entrance Hall [illegible] extensive Promenade Deck [illegible] panelling, mirrors and stairways to an attractive approach to the Dining Saloon.

The Spacious Lounge with its charming old English fireplace and [illegible] windows is [illegible] with apple green panelling. It is most comfortably furnished and hung with beautiful old English prints of the 18th century and some rare old red lacquer mirrors.

The Drawing Room, panelled with most beautiful Australian Black Bean Wood in the Queen Anne style, has an air of coziness not often found on board ship. The beautiful colored prints which adorn this room are from the famous panels painted in 1780 by Fragonard for Madame du Barry and purchased by the late Pierpont Morgan. A writing recess is also to be found in this room.

The Smoking Room is panelled in old oak of the Jacobean style. Its fine old chimney piece and sporting prints being noteworthy features.

A small number of two-berth staterooms are provided on this deck.

On Deck "C" (or Lower Promenade Deck) is to be found the Purser's and Ticket Office. A special feature is the spacious square and gallery round the well over the Dining Saloon. A good number of well appointed, airy and commodious staterooms are provided amidships for cabin passengers containing three and four berths. At the forward end an entrance for third class passengers is provided.

On "D" Deck is situated the Dining Room, which extends the whole breadth of the ship and has seating accommodation for 300 persons, placed at small and large tables. It is tastefully decorated in the Georgian style, a special feature being the open staircase. There is accommodation for 60 cabin passengers on this deck in four berth staterooms.

At the extreme after end of "D" Deck, the Third Class Smoking and also Third Class Ladies' Room is to be found, whilst at the forward end there is a Third Class Dining Saloon, with seating capacity for 140 persons, another Smoking Room and also a General Room. The Main Third Class Dining Saloon, seating over 400, is also on this deck.

On the starboard side of Deck "E" are a number of Cabin Staterooms containing two and four berths, whilst another Third Class Dining Saloon, with a seating capacity for 128 persons, is situated in the after end of the ship.

The Missanabie was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in 1918.

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UNDERDRAINAGE PAYS

Proven Methods of Draining Low Land, Swamps and Springs.

Mutual Respect and Confidence Are the Keynotes of Successful Co-operation — How These May Be Developed In Any Community.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

IN general the conditions making drains necessary are those where the gravitational or free water is either on the surface of the land or so close to the surface as to interfere with the proper growth of plant roots. The instances where the water is lying on the land, such as in pond holes, sloughs, pockets, swamps, etc., are very common in Ontario, and it is usually an easy matter for these conditions to be remedied. They may be remedied either by means of open ditches or a system of tile drains.

Where there is a large area of low-lying land which is uniformly wet, such as we have in the southwestern counties, namely, Kent, Essex and Lambton, tile drains augmented by open ditches are used, and sometimes when the wet land is the same or possibly lower than the lake level dikes are constructed and pumps installed to remove the water. Other instances where low-lying and flat lands require drainage are those which are occasionally flooded either during the spring freshets or during heavy rains. If no means has been provided for this water to be removed quickly the crops growing on this land will be killed out, and thus cause financial loss to the land owners.

In the case of underground springs we have a condition where the impervious layer of the subsoil has caused the underground water to be blocked and held to such an extent that it eventually comes to the surface. These can be prevented by having a tile drain put in a short distance above the springs so that the water may be cut off and conveyed to a proper outlet.

Another instance is that where irrigation is being carried on. In some of the irrigation districts the water is fairly saturated with alkali salts. When this water is used for irrigation it is spread over the land and eventually is evaporated from the surface of the soil or from the leaves of plants and trees by the sun, the alkali being left on the surface. This alkali accumulates until it becomes so strong as to prevent the growth of plants or trees.

To remove this alkali it is necessary to install a system of underdrains, then thoroughly flood the soil which is saturated with alkali, thus dissolving the alkali and allowing the water to pass off through the drains, thereby removing the alkali. After this has been removed it will be necessary to use a greater amount of water for irrigation of this soil, and after each irrigation as soon as the water has been evaporated to such an extent that the remaining water is almost saturated with alkali the free water remaining in the soil and containing this saturated solution of alkali must be allowed to run off through the drains.

Across many Ontario farms we see small creeks flowing at least part of the season. In most instances where this occurs the drain can be placed parallel to this creek, and except during the spring freshets or after very heavy rains the water will flow through this drain, thereby obviating the use of the creek. When this drain is installed the creek banks could be levelled, and instead of being a creek with ragged banks and weeds and small trees growing alongside, could be converted into a scoop ditch. This ditch could be of such a nature as to allow farm machinery to cross back and forth, and would take care of the occasional heavy flows of water.

In all conditions where the ground water comes within two and a half feet of the surface of the soil, it is necessary for this also be removed in some manner so that plants may have proper root growth.—W. R. Scott, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

Philosophy of Having a Good Time.

Take the "t" out of toil and you have oil. You can't take the hard work out of farming as easily as that, but a little run robs it of much of its drudgery. Good times are the oil in the cogs of agriculture. That is what a great many sincere persons overlook who study economics more than human nature.

When we attempt to organize a farmers' association, what is done? ... a vast amount of talking is committed anent education and improvement. Both are good, of course, and the farmer, in common with all humanity, wants to improve — there's a difference between improving and being improved—but he's not always too sure that the association will effect the improvement.

To begin with, he is often not too well acquainted with his real neighbors—the men in the inside of the men he knows now show themselves only to kindred spirits. Then after a hard day's work he is prone to stay quietly at home in preference to driving several miles to discuss, under a smoky lamp, the old problems in much the same old way.

But there's one thing everyone wants—a good time. Everyone takes his recreation in some form — only there's nothing collective about it, each goes his own way at his own time. Really persuade the neighbors once that they can have a better time at the club meeting than they can at home, and they'll go without coaxing.

So that seems the logical starting point. A leader never finds it hard to get people to organize for pleasure—to have a good time.

And it leads to great things, too. As people become better acquainted, mutual respect and confidence develop. That is the fundamental and first step to business co-operation.—Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Wire's Long Stretch.

While S. E. Wharton of Boston was traveling in Switzerland his attention was called to the longest unsupported telegraph wire he had ever seen. It crosses in one span the Lake of Wallenstadt, being fastened to two iron towers which are almost 8,000 feet apart. The line is made of steel and that section of it closest to the lake is more than 100 feet above the surface of the water.

Above, Not Against.

We may not be able to dissipate the forces which war against us, but we can strengthen the forces which range themselves for us. We may not be able to change the conditions in which we must live, but we can train ourselves to be more brave and patient in their endurance; to keep our spirits above them, instead of in constant irritation against them.

Kauri Gum.

The kauri gum district of New Zealand covers an area of approximately 314,000 acres. From kauri gum (named after the kauri pine) is made the high-grade varnishes used for furniture and for automobiles. Since the discovery of the gum by an American sea captain in 1873, New Zealand has produced kauri to the value of $92,000,000.

Controlling the Winds.

Controlling the winds is not yet an aviation triumph. If an aircraft starts from one point to another due east, and there is a wind blowing of 15 miles an hour northeast, that will clearly have to be taken into consideration, and the compass course altered (before ascending), according to the total distance of the journey.

Losses by Poisonous Weeds.

The loss of cattle and sheep due to poisonous weeds is very great. On the United States' national forest ranges alone the loss in 1916 amounted to 6,648 cattle and 16,273 sheep, besides a number of horses, goats and other animals.

Trouble Ahead.

Mrs. Smythe—"Yes, Norn, I hate to have my husband kiss me after he comes from the barber's. I detest the odor of that brilliantine on his mustache." Maid—"Do you? I rather like it, ma'am."

The Difference.

Said the occasional observer: "There may be a lot of differences between the old-time writhe feller and a crook, but one of 'em uses a pseudonym and the other just a plain alias."

Rich Man's Guide to Health.

The only rule for a rich man to be healthy is by exercise and abstinence to live as if he were poor.—Sir William Temple.

THE SITUATION IN IRELAND

(Rep. Father Minehan in Toronto Globe.)

These are sad days for many lovers of Ireland. The spectacle of a kindergarten "Republican" Parliament solemnly meeting in the Mansion House, Dublin, and permitted to play its part by the contemptuous and amused toleration of a Government to which it is indebted for the very letters and messages it receives, would be a most delightful piece of comedy in a nursery, but is a most tragic bit of insanity under present conditions. The world situation today is too serious, too weighted down and recent suffering and its burdens too absorbed with a tremendous passion for reconstruction, to tolerate political opera bouffe. What would be a cause of mirth five years ago will stir up fierce resentment now. The present Congress at Versailles will hardly be in a mood to put on a level with King Albert of Belgium a marionette President born in New York of a Spanish father, a combination of the Bowery, Barcelona and Ballydoyle, who did his best "to stab the allies in the back" in the most crucial hour of their struggle for world liberty, and is now used by Germany to stab the Congress in the back by endeavoring to set America and Great Britain at loggerheads.

I do not hint for a moment that the De Valera coterie have the least conscious intention of playing pawn for the Huns. They are not deep enough or guileful enough for that role. But that, nevertheless, is the role for which they have been and are used.

The conduct of the British Government in regard to Irish affairs during the last four years has been worthy of the deepest execration. That Government has played into the hands of the extremists on both sides, and done its malignant best to kill patriotism and statesmanship. The appeals of the Redmonds, the Devlins, the Kettles, the men who were ready to give their lives for their country's liberty and the liberty of the world—the men who saw that Ireland's industrial, political, social greatness lay in having the full management of her own affairs and at the same time a voice in world affairs as an integral part of the British Empire—were systematically unheeded, and themselves driven into sullen hopelessness. England has much to answer for in her treatment of Ireland, but perhaps nothing more flagrant (considering the age and the situation) than her Government's treatment of John Redmond.

But I do not for a moment hold the bulk of the British people responsible for this treatment, for the policy which puts unpatriotic bigotry in a War Cabinet while a man like Major Redmond, more advanced in years and of conspicuous bility, fills a grave in Flanders. I am persuaded that millions in Great Britain regard such a policy with shame and indignation, and that history will brand it as one of the crimes of the great war. And because of this growing sentiment Ireland must ere long come to her own despite Sinn Fein antics. The cry of the Irish blood poured out on the Western and Eastern fronts for the allied cause will, I hope, be heard and heeded by the greatest Congress in the world's history, despite the efforts of the De Valera tom-toms to drown it.

If these hare-brained fanatics think that America, after pouring out blood and treasure for years for national unity, will advocate the cause of dismemberment of the British Empire, they are mightily mistaken. The grievances of men who have been able to increase their drink bill by two million pounds a year during a war in which patriotic Americans were making heroic efforts to reduce their drink bill to the vanishing points, particularly when that prosperity so badly used was due in a measure to peasant proprietorship financed by British money, will not appeal strongly to Uncle Sam.

Nor will the race or nationality cry receive a very sympathetic hearing in the same quarters, seeing that the descendants of Spain in New Mexico, the German element in some of the Western States, as well as some others, could advance it as effectually for absolute independence as can the Sinn Feiners.

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread." And fools impotent for good are often potent for harm The antics of a Marcovitch and a De Valera have done immense harm already. They have played the game of the reactionary, the thug and the bigot.

Would it not be in order for those who would give their heart's blood for Ireland's freedom to unite in protest against the present minstrel show (a poor one at that) which is being now staged in Dublin before a world still sore from its wounds and exhausted by its terrific struggle for liberty and life?

WILL BE GET BACK

Manuel of Portugal is in the vicinity of Lisbon ready to resume his throne if the revolution in his favor is completely successful. During his exile in London he has behaved himself and has been doing good work for the Red Cross and a Military Hospital.

Importance of the Past.

To think of ourselves as masters of our habits is to fall a trap for our own moral death. What we are at this moment, what we can do at this moment, depends not only upon making up our minds at the time being but also upon how we have made up our minds countless other times in thousands of minutes already gone by and now out of our control. The one thing we cannot control is the past; it may however control us for good or evil.—Youth's Companion.

Peace.

Peace is not an ideal at all; it is a state attendant upon the achievement of an ideal. The ideal itself is human liberty, justice, and the honourable conduct of an orderly and humane society. Given this, a durable peace follows naturally as a matter of course. Without this, there is no peace, but only a rule of force until liberty and justice revolt against it in search of peace.—N. M. Butler.

To Outwit the Pickpocket.

The haunting fear of being held up and left penniless out in a strange world is done away with by a little device so small that it may be carried on the key-ring, where no self-respecting holdup man would think of looking. It has a capacity of one reserve bill. The bill, whether a one or a hundred, when closely rolled, fits into the barrel of the holder. A man who has lost his keys might become excited if the holder contained a thousand-dollar bill, but the average citizen can use the device safely enough.—Popular Science Monthly.

Chrysanthemum Is China's.

There is a common belief that the chrysanthemum originated in Japan, but like many other good things, it was really borrowed from the Chinese. It is, however, the royal flower of Japan, appears on the seal of the emperor, and on the postage stamps of the country, while it has been the principal feature of an annual fete for 900 years. Adopted though it was, the Japanese have done so much with the chrysanthemum that they feel they have a right to call it their own.

Widows and Insurance.

Even when a widow is nothing to us personally it almost always makes us feel very bad to hear what kind of securities some one has persuaded her to buy with the insurance money.—Ohio State Journal.

Lines to Be Remembered.

Be a pattern to others and then all will go well; for as a whole city is affected by the licentious passions and vices of great men, so it is likewise reformed by their moderation.—Cicero.

Uncle Eben.

"A man betrays himself by braggin'," said Uncle Eben. "When I hears a man talkin' 'bout how easy he kin drive a mule, I knows right off he ain't no reglar mule driver."

Breezy.

Controlled by a wind vane so that it will be pointed in the right direction, an electric light outfit has been invented to illuminate flags flown at night.

Stung.

Said the almost philosopher: "Many a politician has got the presidential bee in his bonnet merely because some friend tried to put a bug in his ear."

INFLUENZA LEAVES THE BLOOD THIN, THE NERVES WEAK

The Danger From Such Disease is Seldom Over When the Acute Stage is Passed—Tonic Treatment Strongly Recommended.

Doctors have agreed that Spanish influenza is really a severe form of the grippe which became known in this country a number of years ago under the French name of "la grippe" and which has been epidemic several times since.

The danger from grippe is seldom over when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, the catarrh, the headache and the depression of spirits pass away. The grippe leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin blood, impaired digestion and oversensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration and even consumption. Too much stress cannot be laid on the importance of strengthening the blood and nerves during convalescence. Until the blood is built up there can be no complete recovery of strength and health.

COULD HARDLY CRAWL ABOUT

Among the many victims of la grippe who proclaim the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mr. Amos Caulback, of Petite Riviere, N.S., who says:—I was taken down with a severe attack of la grippe or influenza. After a time the early symptoms of the trouble left me, but I did not regain my usual strength, and I had always been a strong man. There were times when I felt I could hardly crawl about and was so rundown I could scarcely go about my business. I continued taking medicine but it did me no good. Then I found the trouble was affecting my digestion and the disagreeable feeling from this added to my general misery. I was finally advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to try them. I had only been on the pills a few weeks when I found my strength returning, my appetite improved, and still continuing the use of the pills a few weeks more found me restored to my old-time vigor. I can most strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who have passed through an attack of influenza, as a safe medicine for renewing their trength."

REGAINED FLESH AND STRENGTH

To rebuild the blood, to strengthen the weakened nerves and to get back the lost flesh and strength is the problem of the victim an attack of influenza. How Mr. Charles Darling, of No. 14 Week Street, Bath, Me., accomplished this is best told in his own words.

"My doctor treated me successfully for the grippe," he says, "but he did not seem to help the after-effects of the disease. I had headaches nearly all the time, my strength was nearly spent and I often had to lie down and rest. I was pale and lost in weight and had a dull, languid feeling most of the time. My blood was very thin and poor and my stomach troubled me.

"One day I got a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at the drug store and after taking them for about a week I noticed my health was better. My headache was relieved and I was getting stronger. I continued their use and have a better appetite and can eat anything I want. I no longer have that tired feeling, my color is normal and I am gaining in flesh."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain just the elements needed to build up the blood and restore the lost color and vitality. New energy circulates through the system with the enriched blood, the heart stops its alarming palpitating color returns to the cheeks and lips nothing more is needed except sunlight, good air, proper food and rest.

WEAK AND RUN DOWN

Miss Irene Bootes, Portsmouth, Ont., says:—"I take much pleasure in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because I have proved their worth in my own case. Last winter I had a severe attack of la grippe and it left me weak and all run down. I had severe pains in the chest and under the arms, palpitation of the heart and attacks of neuralgia which left me with the feeling that life was scarcely worth living. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began their use only on the principle that I would try anything that might better my condition. I had only been using the pills a couple of weeks when the pains began to leave me. Gradually my strength returned, my appetite improved, and in a little more than a month I felt my old time vigor had returned. I am sincerely glad I was persuaded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I shall always have a good word to say for them."

HELPED HIM WONDERFULLY

Following an attack of grippe, Mr. William Fielder, of No. 132 First street, Albany, N.Y., suffered from stomach trouble. He says:

"I was very much run down after having the grippe and lost both in weight and strength. My stomach was often sour and was very weak. A dull aching pain in the back of my head caused me much distress. An article in the paper brought my attention to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I gave them a trial. Before the first box was finished I felt stronger and kept on with the remedy. I am feeling good, and my stomach is as strong as it ever was. I have gained in weight and strength and no longer suffer from headaches. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills certainly helped me wonderfully and I am glad to recommend them."

GRIP VICTIMS NEED A TONIC

The debility that invariably follows the grippe is not a disease of any one organ. It is a general condition of unfitness. It must be met by a remedy generalized throughout the entire system. In fact, it must be corrected by building up the blood, which, when rich and red, carries renewed health and strength to every part of the body.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic, not a stimulant. They build up the blood and not only cure the diseases after effects of grippe, but are also a specific for all troubles due to poor blood, such as anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, women's ailments, and the generally worn out feeling that affects so many people. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BANGING THE BIG DRUM.

Isn't it going to make it hard for the director?

—New York Tribune.

Natal Day of Some Diamond Stars

The twenty-second of January marked the natal day of several veterans of the diamond sport. William O'Neil, long prominent in baseball society, was born in Montreal in 1880 at St. John, N.B. There have been many O'Neills and O'Neils in baseball. One of the greatest was O'Neill, the original "Tip" of Montreal just a little more than three years ago. "Tip" was the chief who, while playing with the St. Louis Browns of the old American Association, set up a batting record of .492.

Another old-timer, Ira Thomas was born thirty-eight years ago at Ballston Spa, N.Y. Ira was with Hartford, Newark, Providence, the New York Yankees and Detroit before he became the star backstop of Connie Mack's Athletics. Thomas later acted as a scout for the Philadelphia Americans.

January 22nd, also the thirtieth birthday of Amos Strunk, the famous outfielder of the Athletics, and one of the survivors of the once proud Mackmen. The big left-hander started playing ball in the outlaw Atlantic League in 1908, and was picked up by Connie Mack, but was farmed out to Milwaukee in 1909. He was recalled to the Athletics the following year, and was, in 1911, made the regular center gardener of the Mack team. Strunk was born in Philadelphia, and is one of the few players to make good in their home town.

As a rule women are not inclined to lay up anything for a rainy day—probably because they dislike shopping in the rain.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

1:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connection with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

What He Thought

Bobby—Are you the trained nurse mother said was coming?

Nurse—Yes, dear. I'm the trained nurse.

Bobby—Let's see you do some of your tricks.

The deserving poor are often those who don't deserve to be poor.

BRINGING UPFATHER **BY GEORGE McMANUS**

JIGGS IM A VERY UNHAPPY MAN
I KNOW YOURE MARRIED BUT YOULL GIT USED TO THAT!
NO-MY WIFE AND I HAVE AGREED TO A DIVORCE
THEN WHAT ARE YOU UNHAPPY ABOUT?
JUST THINK MY WIFE HASNT SPOKEN TO ME FOR SIX MONTHS
BETTER BE CAREFUL
YOULL NEVER GIT ANOTHER WIFE LIKE THAT!

As Charlie Says:—

Men who are hard to please stick close to Arabela. It's a wonderful cigar for ten cents.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

TER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

LEAGUE OWNERS ARE ONSIDERING NEW DEALS

That Involve Five National Clubs Are Said to be Under Way.

(...mar C. Reichow.)

...in the American league ...apparently have aroused ...ers in the National lea... ...et that they ought to do ... the way of balancing ...tion and they seem now ... way to making a little ...ging from the number of ...e contemplated. Reports ...as many as five trades ...re which, if closed, will ...ard distributing playing ...nearly every team in the ...teams expected to be in... prospective transactions Brooklyn, Cincinnati, St. ... and New York.

...l New York do not need ...improvement if all of ...come back from the ser... go south to train, but ...hell and Vice-President ... are seeking to get ...engthen spots on their ...ear a trifle weak. Mitchell has pitching and outfielding material to use in trades which makes his chances bright of completing a deal or two. McGraw has outfielders and possibly an infielder or two to exchange for what he needs.

Cards and Phils Start Trades.

It took the St. Louis and Philadelphia teams to start the trading in the National league. Their deal was closed Tuesday and involved players Stock, Davis, Dilhoefer, Baird, Packard and Stewart. The Cardinals are thought to have obtained the better of the exchange in that they received in Stock one of the leading third basemen of the league. His trade by the Phillies was rather a surprise unless Branch Rickey hopes to use him in another deal. Baird and Packard should be of good service to Manager Jack Coombs in building up the Phillies.

New York and Cincinnati are expected to make a trade for Hal Chase, whose case comes up before the National league Jan. 30. If President Heydler rules that the evidence filed against him for alleged betting is insufficient he will be acquired by the Giants. Chase has already announced to his friends that he will be with the New York club. What the Reds will get in exchange for him is not known, but it is likely McGraw will turn over First Baseman Walter Holke and an outfielder. That deal will help both teams. It will give the Giants one of the strongest infields it has had in many years, and a hitting club of unusual power.

Dodgers to Trade Daubert.

President Ebbets has announced he would not have Jack Daubert on the Brooklyn team. This means a trade for that player will be made. Ebbets is negotiating with several clubs in an effort to dispose of the crack first baseman. If the league does not let the New York club take Hal Chase from the Reds Ebbets may make a deal with Garry Herrmann, the report being that the latter has offered Brooklyn Shortstop Bill Kopf and another player for Daubert.

Pittsburg and Boston are keeping the wires hot trying to close a deal. Casey Stengel, an outfielder, wants to play in the east and the Braves are attempting to land him. George Stallings needs outfielders as badly as anything and the acquisition of Stengel would add hitting and fielding strength of his garden. What the Pirates expect to get in exchange for Stengel is hard to guess as it is rather difficult to imagine what Stallings can give that is worth while unless it is Nehf, and it is a certainty he is not going to let go of his best pitcher.

There promises to be much trading before the National League clubs go south for the training spasm. When it is all over with the teams are expected to be as closely matched as they have been in years, providing, of course, they succeed in getting their men out of the service.

Matinee Caps.

Lovely little matinee caps appear out of hardly more than a few inches of lace, ribbon and swansdown; camisoles can be evolved in no time from all kinds of odds and ends which the casual onlooker would never deem fit for the purpose. And this is no time for hesitation. Now, above all others, is the chance to buy while yet we can, so that anything of obviously good value should certainly be snapped up at sight. Quite certainly it can be put to excellent purpose and equally surely it will not soon again be available at anything resembling a reasonable price.

Darker Hair.

Massaging the scalp with a very small quantity of olive oil has a tendency to make the hair darker.

THE RETURNING SOLDIERS

Soldiers landed at Halifax on way to Quebec for attestation and clearing. This is a photo taken in the room where records are made and where soldiers receive their furlough papers at large Department at Quebec.—British and Colonial Press Photograph.

HON. F. B. CARVELL

(Continued from page one)

Post Discharge Pay

In dealing with what had already been accomplished and what was to be done in the future towards repatriating and re-establishing the returned soldier the Minister mentioned the six months' post discharge pay which it was hoped would ensure the discharged men against immediate hardships from lack of employment and unfitness to go to work, immediately, in mid-winter. The hospital accommodation for the sick and wounded which had been provided was also referred to in this connection.

In speaking of the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Department the speaker outlined some of the work which was being undertaken by this organization in the form of technical school education etc. The pension policy of the government was explained by Mr. Carvell who referred to it as an effort to place the returned men in the same position in respect to his ability to live comfortably as he enjoyed before entering the service of his country. Liberal loans at easy rates were contemplated as a means of enabling the veteran to obtain land if he desired to follow agricultural pursuits and the passage to Canada of the 50,000 dependents of soldiers at present overseas was being paid.

Welcome the Coming

Referring to this matter, Mr. Carvell appealed to the people generally and women's organizations in particular to receive these wives of the home coming men, many of whom were old country women who had never set eyes upon Canada before in a cordial manner which would go a long way towards aiding the husband to bear any trials to which he might be subjected upon his return.

He reminded his auditors that the duty of aiding the soldier to reestablish himself was one which should not be borne solely by the Government. The responsibility was one which must be partly assumed by the people. It was their duty to do their part and if they failed there was many things in connection with this most important matter which would go undone.

Dealing with the other side of the question Mr. Carvell stated that while the Government did not for a moment entertain the idea of shirking its duty towards the homecoming veteran it was but right that the people who demanded that money should be freely spent in order to carry out projects such as had been described above be acquainted with the financial conditions of our country in order that they might realize the responsibilities which the members of the administration were assuming.

Facts and Figures

Previous to the war Canada's national debt amounted to $330,000,000 considered at that time as oppressive. In a fortnight, however, since the war, $670,000,000 had been raised throught he Victory Loan which sum had been subscribed by the Canadian people. When accounts are squared up in connection with the repatriation of the soldiers and the payment of their post discharge allowance $75,00,000 will be required to discharge our obligation in this direction. The pensions will require from $10,000,000 to $50,000,000 annually to carry on the Department of Soldiers' Re-establishment will demand an expenditure of from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 for the next five years. Our total national debt will making use of figures conservatively, amount to $2,000,000. Previous to the war $12,000,000 took care of the interest of the debt but it will now require $110,000,000 to discharge our annual liability in this connection.

Income and Outgo

In speaking of the revenue as set forth in the Auditor-General's report Mr. Carvell reminded the people that receipts from the post office department while represented as a revenue were entirely consumd in defraying the operating expenses of the system which was true also of the Intercolonial Railway. The loss from the falling off of excise returns amounted to about $18,000,00 per year which would have to be made up and which the speaker did not regret as he had always been in favor of the temperance movement and meant to stick to his record.

While these figures appeared oppressive Mr. Carvell looked upon the future optimistically and quoted them with the sole purpose of demonstrating that the Governmentt while ready and anxious to spend money in connection with the alleviation of hardships and unfavorable industrial conditions arising out of the reconstruction period found it necessary to proceed with a certain amount of caution.

In conclusion the Minister of Labor referred to the Labor situation. He thought that something should be done towards forming an international agreement between capital and labor. The labor men had been well paid during the last few years but living expenses were correspondingly high and it was doubtful whether many of the workingmen had bee nable to save money. On the other hand there was no doubt but that manufacturers of articles demanded by the war had done well in the past four years and the speaker stated that these men if patriotic should keep their factories open if at all possible in order to keep the men in employment even if the business was scarcely paying.

Mr. Carvell expressed himself as being heartily in favor of the income tax. He was the first member of Parliament to suggest its application and last night asserted that he favored the adoption of a graduated system of income levy so that a man would be required to pay accordingly to his means. This was one source of revenue to which he looked forward with confidence to aid in meeting the heavy monetary obligations which Canada had assumed as a result of the war.

With The Curlers

All curlers are reminded of the vice-skips' bonspiel, which is fixed for Tuesday of next week. There will be two games each night, the first commencing at 7 p.m. sharp and the other at 9 p.m. Every ring in the schedule is being put into the draw for the bonspiel, and it is hoped that the skips for these games will see that all the members of their rinks are on hand at the time named, as otherwise the game will be lost by default. The draw is now posted at the rink, and the skips can readily see whether they will play at 7 or 9 p.m. on Tuesday. Remember, the vice-skips in the scheduled games are the skips int his bonspiel and are responsible for having their players on hand.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—435-437 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

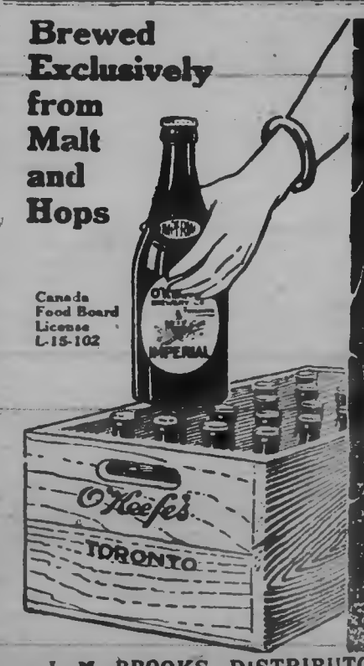
INVENTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Brewed Exclusively from Malt and Hops



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YOU get the true taste of the hops in Imperial—that mellow tang that has made O'Keefe's famous for over 60 years.

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Ale Lager Stout

A brew for every taste—and every one O.K.

For sale at all Hotels and Restaurants. Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.

The O'Keefe Brewery Co. Limited, Toronto 711

J. M. BROOKS, DISTRIBUTOR. 195½ CHARLOTTE STREET, PETERBORO

Brock Street Rink

Skating To-Night

and Big Band Concert

New Duffus Garage Fire Proof

Dealers in Ford, Gray Dort and Dodge Brothers cars. Trucks all sizes. Truck attachments to economically convert any make of car into a one or two ton truck. Also La Porta Power attachments, fits any make of car, for sawing, grinding, etc.

Place your order with us now for Spring delivery, and you will not be disappointed. We will gladly show you our different lines and answer all questions. If you cannot call on us, send postal card or telephone, and a salesman will call on you.

Repair parts and Accessories, wholesale and retail.

Remember, GOOD SERVICE is one of our strong points.

This is the proper time to let us give your car mechanical attention before the rush of Spring business.

Duffus Garage

Office Phone 1760. Cor. Charlotte and Water Sts.

Repair Dept. and Stock Room, Phone 1761.

BRANCHES: NORWOOD and MILLBROOK.

WORTH MORE THAN ALL MONEY ON EARTH

MRS. RASPBERRY ABLE TO DO HOUSEWORK FIRST TIME IN FOUR YEARS — GAINS 35 POUNDS.

"I had rather see my wife well and happy like she is since taking Tanlac than to have all the money in the world," declared Henry Raspberry, of 1812 Campbell St., Kansas City, Mo. Mr. Raspberry, who has recently been employed as a foreman by the Armour Packing Company, was formerly in the service of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad.

"Before my wife took Tanlac," continued Mr Raspberry, "she had rheumatism in her limbs so bad she couldn't even dress herself. I would have to help her out of bed in the mornings and put her clothes on for her. Her stomach was in such a bad condition that she could hardly digest anything. The gas on her stomach would cause intense pains in her side, and such awful spells of palpitation of the heart that she could hardly stand it. She was extremely nervous, her breath was short and very offensive, and she had fallen off in weight until she was hardly more than a frame.

"At the time she began taking Tanlac she only weighed eighty-seven pounds and had not been able to do any of her housework in four years. But she now weighs one hundred and twenty-two pounds—has actually gained thirty-five pounds—and is as healthy and active as she was thirty years ago. The rheumatic pains have all left her and she can do all her work and look after the family without the least trouble. She can eat meats, pickle, all kinds of vegetables and anything else she wants and never have a spell of indigestion. She is not the least nervous any more, sleeps the whole night and is as well as she ever was. I can't find words to express my thankfulness for what Tanlac has done for her. It is nothing short of wonderful."

Tanlac is sold in Peterborough by W. H. Wayne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowers' Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert, by A. [illegible] Scott; in Westwood by O. Prinzle & Son.

Over Two Hundred Make Profession

EVANGELIST KENNEDY CONCLUDES SUCCESSFUL REVIVAL SERVICES AT TWEED.

Evangelist H. D. Kennedy was in the city yesterday. He has just closed a very successful campaign at Tweed. Large crowds attended his meetings there and after the first week a real genuine old-fashioned revival broke out. People were driving in for ten miles to the services, and over 200 professed conversion and publicly confessed having found Christ in the meetings. The local press had many a nice things to say of the thoroughness of the Evangelists work and methods.

On the closing day though pouring rain two largely attended meetings were held and resulted in the conversion of a number of souls.

Mr. Kennedy left this morning for western Ontario. He opens his next campaign at Thedford, Ont., in the London conference and expects to spend the season working in Ontario.

HARD STUDY IS AN ESSENTIAL

MR. G. N. GORDON SPEAKS TO COLLEGIATE CLUB ON LEGAL PROFESSION.

Mr. G. N. Gordon gave an address to the Collegiate Institute Club at the Y. M. C. A. last night. Mr. Chas. Armstrong, the president, presided.

Mr. Gordon's address was upon the Legal Profession. He traced the history of the development of the English Common Law and also explained how the profession first was created and developed.

He went on to explain how students might enter the legal profession in Ontario, the time required for the course, and the rewards there were for those who by perseverance, industry, and faithful attention to clients' interests, carried out the responsibilities placed upon them.

Mr. Gordon advocated the most thorough attention by students to their studies in the Collegiate Institute as laying the most important foundation for the professional training later on. He said that defective Collegiate education would be a hand cap for a man entering the profession of either law or medicine, while thoroughness, industry and patience developed by a student now, assured his future success in any profession. The speaker described the pleasure and satisfaction there was to the student in having a friendly and intimate acquaintance with the books in his library, and said that it was the most profitable and pleasant diversion for a man of studious habits to spend his evenings in company with his books.

Mr. Gordon paid a tribute to the Collegiate staff of teachers for the thoroughness of the training that they were giving the students, and told the members of the club that they were in a far more fortunate position than their fathers had been who required in most cases to surmount great difficulties in order to obtain the benefits and advantages of an education. He urged the students to make the very best of their time in order that they might reap full advantage of the opportunities that ever now given them.

At the conclusion of the meeting Mr Gordon was accorded a hearty vote of thanks.

Do as Mr. Gard

Mr. Anson A. Gard, the well known Littérateur of Ottawa, called the Wandering Yankee, says in an unsolicited testimonial for ZUTOO Tablets:

"Zutoo Tablets stop my headaches so completely that I do not mind having them any more."

Now for any one to suffer from headache if they do as Mr. Gard does

and take Zutoo

DRIVER PARSONS WRITES HOME

HELPED TO CELEBRATE OFFICIAL NEWS OF SIGNING OF ARMISTICE.

Mrs. C. Parsons has received the following letter from her son, Driver Jack Parsons, who enlisted with the 74th Field Battery and who has been in France for the past seven months.

"Dear Mother:—

Just a line to your more than welcome letter which I received dated Nov. 17—which I was glad to receive. It seemed such a long time since I had received a letter from home. Well we are having pretty good weather here at present because we are moving again. We always get wet weather when we are moving any place.

I am pleased to hear that you celebrated when the armistice was signed don't blame you. It is a blessing that it is all over. I sure did celebrate when I knew it was official. Oh anyway it will not be long now before all the boys are back home now and we will not be sorry either. All the boys out here are fine and enjoying themselves. Just fancy two more weeks and it will be Christmas. My how the time does fly. I don't expect I shall have such a good time this year as I had last. I was in Ottawa.

Say mother, don't send any more parcels after Christmas as I shall not need them and they will only go astray but keep on writing. Well, mother, it is getting near bed time now and I am going to sleep on the soft side of a brick floor in a private house (sitting room). Well I guess I will draw to a close, wishing you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. I remain,

Your loving son,
JACK

ST. LUKE'S ANNUAL MEETING

The annual vestry meeting of St. Luke's Church will be held on Monday evening at 7.30 p.m. With it will be combined the usual congregational gathering when the reports of the various church activities will be presented. The evening will conclude with a social period and refreshments.

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

IF CROSS, FEVERISH OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad, or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love the pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

HOME COMING OF THE HEROES

"THE GENTLEMAN WHO WAS UNAFRAID BUT FELL MAY GOD REST HIS SOUL."

(By Estelle Cuffe.)

They are really coming back, and the day of their welcoming has come—the day which figured like a brighter trend in five longs years of nightmare. Ever since that well remembered time when we bade them farewell, cheering them on their way with smiles that were prompted by our pride in them, but feeling humanity sick at heart withal, we have looked forward to that most wonderful of times, "when the boys come home."

To those whose boys have braved the dangers of warfare under the protecting wing of Fortune, that day of days is here. To those people whose dear ones have fallen in the fight, comes the comfort of knowing that there is a greater homecoming awaiting them, when they will meet their loved ones never to part again. Of one of our fallen heroes were written beautiful and expressive words—and they can be applied to all our honorable dead—"A gentle man unafraid. May God rest his brave soul."

Welcome Home.

As citizens of our vast Dominion of Canada, at whose service the lad placed their lives—lives so sweet and precious both to themselves and to others—we welcome home the remnant of that glorious army of ours. The wonderful happiness depicted on their countenances would lead one to believe that if only to experience such joy the hardships of war were worth bearing. Men are seen in every state of disability, and some are incapacitated to such an appalling degree! Our hearts go out to them, and doubly so when we see those genial smiles resulting from a cheerfulness that we wonder can outlive pessimism and despair. The same soul within them that made them defend their God, their loved ones, and their country, that same soul, depth of character, or what you may, leads them to accept with a smile the burden which is theirs. Worthy companions of their brethren "in Flanders Fields!" Shall we stay-at-homes prove ourselves worthy of that whole brave band who in the greatness of their love and sense of duty marched forth to fight our battles?

A Square Deal.

Great promises were made to our boys when they went away. Their return was pictured in word pictures of glowing colors, and it was understood that all would be more than well at their homecoming. Most soldiers, however, loath any fuss, and wish for nothing but a square deal. To some's shame, we know of cases where they do not get it. But they must and, in time, let us hope that they will. We told them to go, if not by our words, by our actions. The words of a much-used recruiting song were:

We don't want to lose you,
But we think you ought to go,
For your King and your Country
Both need you so.
We will cheer you, bless you, kiss you
When you come home again.

Yes, we promised that all would be well, and it is for our government and every municipality to deal fairly with the returned men. Those voices in Flanders' Fields send us their appeal, "Take up our quarrel with the foe." Their quarrel was one for justice, honor and right, and it is ours to take up that quarrel and to uphold the high ideals for which they offered their life's blood. "If we break faith they shall not rest in Flanders' Fields."

The problem of the returned men is a huge proposition, we must admit, but no bigger than the one tackled and successfully dealt with by our soldiers. The broken threads of thousands of careers are to be firmly tied up, and each man placed in the sphere of life which he desires and in which he feels best able to move. And then there are the maimed and blinded who must be granted a comfortable, happy living. No act of charity is this. The comfort and well-being of our returned men is a matter of duty to be skilfully taken in hand by our government and such legislation meted out as is the due of the heroes. Let us hope that our government will prove loyal, remembering the "voice of the people" and give the men a square deal absolutely.

Individually, we can help to show the men that we realize what they have done, and that we are willing to acknowledge our debt to them. First of all, we must uphold them, and if there is a preference to be given, give it where we know it belongs.

Give Them a Chance.

A common remark is, "They'll never be any good again, after four years of trench life. Look at ——. Why, he doesn't settle down to anything." Give him a chance. All men are not equally able to stand the strain of four years of warfare. In some cases men go into civilian life with little or no difficulty in the change. For others, it takes longer to adjust themselves to a daily routine after war having racked their souls and bodies for a number of years. Suffice it to say that in the majority of cases, the man who had the manhood to give his life into the hands of his country, to be at her service as long as she needed it, will have all the attributes of a good, self-supporting citizen on his return. It is our part to have confidence in him, and uphold him if occasion demands.

In matters of business, we know from our consciences to whom we owe the preference. And if we follow the dictates of that conscience we must give the returned man the preference to the letter. We promised!

God grant that individually and nationally the returned man will get fair and honorable treatment at the hands of his civilian countrymen, and that we may prove ourselves worthy of that brave and gallant band who went "over there."

ACID IN STOMACH SOURS THE FOOD

Says Excess of Hydrochloric Acid Is Cause of Indigestion

A well-known authority states that stomach trouble and indigestion are nearly always due to acidity—acid stomach—and not, as most folks believe, from a lack of digestive juices. He states that an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach retards digestion and starts food fermentation, then our meals sour like garbage in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. We then get that heavy, lumpy feeling in the chest, we eructate sour food, belch gas, or have heartburn, flatulence, water brash, or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast while it is effervescing and furthermore, to continue this for one week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, eliminate the poisons and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

Soldiers' Chance To Take Up Land

WHAT THE LAND SETTLEMENT COMMITTEE IS DOING FOR VETERANS.

With regard to the placing of soldiers upon the land, W. G. Black of the Soldiers' Land Settlement has issued the following statement. "The Soldiers' Land Settlement is completing its organization with the utmost rapidity.

Legislation providing for the requirements of land near railways will be presented to Parliament at the next opening. All soldiers in Alberta and any other province, who are qualified by farm experience to go on the land next Spring, will have equal opportunity of doing so.

There is Crown Land available upon which they might settle, but the Settlement Board is discouraging all soldier settlements from locating at points remote from market facilities and on land not of the finest quality. It is the policy of the Board to see to it that no soldier is permitted to settle under conditions whereby he will not be able to secure the highest results for his labors. Civilian settlement in the past has not been so regulated.

It is the wish of some people and may seem apparent it should be borne in mind that such has ever actuated entirely, though the policy of the Soldiers' Settlement Board to follow a course which in the end may render assurance of success on the part of the settlers undoubted.

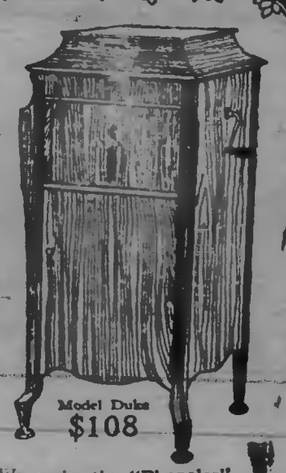
A wise old tiller of the soil, speaking of the relative value of grain says grains of common sense are the most valuable.

Test It Alongside Any Other

That is the fairest way to prove the quality of the "Phonola."

We welcome such a test with any other make of phonograph, because the "Phonola" tone arm and sound box have proved the most perfect on the market to-day. The "Phonola" plays without any "blasting" or foreign sounds. The motor is noiseless. The cabinet is perfect in design and finish. The "Phonola" plays all makes of disc records to your liking. The more critical your musical judgment, the more thoroughly you'll appreciate the

"Phonola" Recitertes



Model Duke $108

The price of the "Phonola" is from $10 to $25 less than other high-class phonographs. We make the "Phonolas" complete right here in Canada in our two factories at Kitchener and Elmira.

The model illustrated is one of our best sellers. It is a large cabinet, standing 42⅜ inches high, 18¼ inches wide, 20¼ inches deep. Mahogany, Oak or Walnut. All metal parts heavily nickel-plated. Double spring motor.

Other "Phonola" Models from $25 to $310.

"Phonola" Double Disc Records 90c

"Phonola" Records Very Popular

Every month the demand is increasing. They play with the sapphire point—no needles to change. A new list of beautiful, clear, full-toned double disc records issued each month. Bands, vocal, instrumental. Look for the "Phonola" trademark on each disc.

DEALERS—There are some localities in Canada where we require good, live representatives. The "Phonola" agency is getting more valuable every day. Write for our proposition.

The Phonola Co. of Canada, Limited
Kitchener, Canada

The only authorized Dealers in Peterborough for the "Phonola" and Phonola Records is—

The House of Quality

The Royal Music Co. 4[illegible] Geor[illegible]

Useful Insects.

In addition to the insects which help man by their warfare against his enemies and those that are useful to him in medicine, there are many others that serve useful purposes in a commercial way. Most familiar of these are the honey and wax obtained from the bee. There is a Chinese bug which secretes a kind of grease on trees. This hardens into wax and is collected, melted and purified, when it becomes white and glossy in appearance, and when mixed with oil it can be made into candles.—Chicago Herald and Examiner.

How Beavers Fell Trees.

A naturalist, who has given particular study to the ways of beavers, asserts that those creatures have an ingenious method of cutting the trunk of a tree that they wish to fell. Instead of attempting to gnaw it straight through they make two cuts, one above the other, and they pry out pieces between the cuts. The result of their operations is a V-shaped notch, resembling that made by a woodsman with an ax.

Spanish Avaram.

The Madras government plans to encourage the systematic cultivation of avaram, the bark of which is said to be the best tanning agent for the production of soft and good leather by unskilled labor. Avaram grows only in southern India, and it is because the tanners of this region have available supplies of this excellent tanning material that South India hides have gained their present high position.

Does Hair Suddenly.

In the western parts of New South Wales men are often denuded of all their hair. A man will go to bed apparently nothing wrong with him and wake up in the morning to find that every hair on his body has fallen out during the night. This disease has never been known to attack a woman. Once the hair falls out in this fashion, nothing yet invented will make a new crop grow.

Slick Confidence Men.

"Some of them Kay See confidence men are pretty slick, ain't they, Lester?" asked old Riley Rezzidew. "Yes, siree!" replied Lester Lazzenberry, who was just back from the Big Burg. "They're so durn slick they'd pick the pockets of a billiard table if you didn't watch 'em every minute."—Kansas City Star.

Faulty Judgment.

"Miss Jones," sternly inquired the superintendent, "what has happened here? Five of your boys have black eyes and bruised faces." "The worst battered and most cheerful one is the new boy," answered the sixth-grade teacher. "The others thought he was for peace at any price. But he wasn't."

Queer Physiology.

Mr. Chatterton—"My idea of a beautiful woman is one with a divine figure, a graceful carriage, a clear complexion, a laughing mouth, good teeth, a straight nose and, above all, dark, expressive eyes." Miss Giggles—"Eyes above all! Tee-hee! She'd look funny with eyes on the [illegible]

WHEN WOMEN AND CHILDRE[N] REACH CANADA FROM EUR[OPE]

Every Care Taken of Th[em] Upon Their rival at St. John—V. A. D., Y. M. and Knights of Columbus Workers in Welcome.

Women and children arriving at the port of St. John, N.B., are being given every care and attention under arrangements made by the Women's Department of the Repatriation Committee.

A staff of fifteen trained nurses, provided by the Canadian National and Provincial Nursing Associations, minister to the health and comfort of the families. Extra clothing, milk, blankets and malted milk are among the supplies constantly on hand in addition to medicinal needs.

Rest rooms and dressing rooms at the port are thoroughly cleansed and disinfected between the times of departure of every party, utmost care being taken to prevent any contagion or infection by the spraying of beds and rooms with disinfectant at frequent periods.

A canteen is run by V. A. D. workers which provides lunches at reasonable cost; a sample menu being two substantial sandwiches and a cup of hot tea or coffee for ten cents.

Others workers at this port are the Knights of Columbus and Y.W.C.A., the latter of whom provide all comforts free of charge. At the Immigration Department stores, food can be purchased for the train.

"The women here, represe[nting] various societies, are well [organized] and work together most harm[oniously] each doing her bit to send t[hem] safely on her way comfortably. [A] news sent back by a woma[n] to Mrs. Chas. Robson, of the [Information] Committee.

In addition to the splen[did] done by the V.A.D.'s and nu[mer]ous of the Patriotic Fund [in] to mail letters and cards, [and] and send telegrams, provide [with] stamps. They also assist in [getting] up baggage, helping the tra[in] pass through the customs, lo[oking] ter the children, while the [train] ticket is passed and examin[ed] er all questions regarding [the] routes, etc., and finally see [to] family safely on the train.

On board the train sever[al] take charge of the familie[s] assistance where needed an[d] ing with them from the po[rt] end of their journey. Me[dical] plies and many small com[forts] carried by these nurses for [use] cy use. Particular provisio[n] for the care of young ma[ny] babes.

GREEN GRASS AND PANSIES!

Mild Weather has Brought Forth Butterflies.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 25.—Pansies are blooming, the grass is showing a green tint and even butterflies are appearing here as the result of the mildest winter in the history of southern New England. There has been less than two weeks of freezing weather in Massachusetts.

TRIED TO BLOW UP BRIDGE

Twelve Sticks of Dynamite Found in Montreal.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to blow up the Montreal street bridge of the C. P. R. Two men were seen hanging around the bridge and ran away on the approach of an officer. Twelve sticks of dynamite were found under the bridge.

She who composes a cross baby is far greater than she who composes a ragtime melody.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CAT[ARRH]

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-C[old]

You feel fine in a few [minutes]. Your cold in head or catarrh [is] gone. Your clogged nostrils [open]. The air passages of your [head] clear and you can breathe [freely].

No more dullness, headache, [sneezing], hawking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every part of the head; soothe and heal the inflamed membrane, and relief comes instantly.

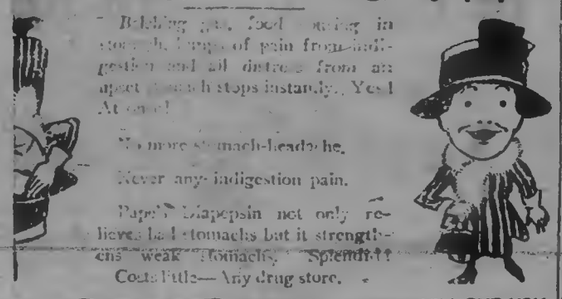
It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't remain fed-up and miserable.

When you see a pretty home it's a sure sign that the man of the house is not henpecked.

The greater the bore is, the smaller the hole he bores behind him.

ndigestion! Stomach Feels Fine!

No Acidity, Gas, Souring, Dyspepsia



Belching gas, food coming in stomach, pangs of pain from indigestion and all distress from an upset stomach stops instantly. Yes! At once!

No more stomach-headache.

Never any indigestion pain.

Pape's Diapepsin not only relieves bad stomachs but it strengthens weak stomachs. Splendid!!

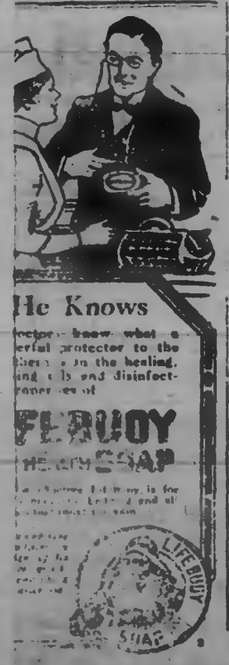
Costs Little—Any drug store.

T? **Pape's Diapepsin** WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

ERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

JOHN'S ANGLICAN
he Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
iday After the Epiphany
Holy Communion
Matins and Sermon.
onal 583 O Lord how joysee.
7.—
n— Dr. Hopkins.
tus 95.
lyman 197— We sing the onquest.
sermon 470 —Gracious Ghost
— Conquering Kings—
nal 381—Jesus Thou hast
Sunday School and Bible
rson—Senior. Ordination
n, Acts 6 : 1-7.
The flood and the rainis 8, 15; 9. 17
-Evensong and sermon.
onal 482—Pleasant are above.
s—Tallis.
ants—133, 137.
s—Winchester.
mittis—Winchester.
lyman 197—We sing the nquest.
ermon 445— Dear Lord of mankind.
Praise the Lord—Royle.
the king.
nal 636—The son of God to war.
J. Devey, Organist and r.

SAINTS' ANGLICAN
B. Grobb, M.A., Rector



He Knows

recipe— knew what a erful protector to the hers is in the healing, ing oils and disinfectpower es of

FEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

LIFE BUOY SOAP

Residence, 265 Reid Street
3rd Sunday After the Epiphany
11 a.m.—Morning prayer.
Preacher—Rev. Dr. O'Meara, principle of Wycliffe College.
Hymn 448—O Worship the King.
Venite 10, Psalms 27. Te Deum—Jackson.
Jubilate 49.
Baritone solo—Mr. T. Ward.
Hymn 443—Crown Him with many crowns.
Alms presentation 389
Hymn 621, The Church's one foundation.
Anthem—To thee our God we fly. Maunder.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m. Evening prayer.
4 p.m.—Holy Baptism.
Evening prayer and holy communion.
Preacher—Rev. Dr. O'Meara, principle of Wycliffe College.
Hymn 387—All people that on earth do dwell.
Psalms to chant 117-2.
Magnificat—Simper.
Nunc Dimittis 100.
Hymn 452, Pleasant are thy courts above.
Solo—How lovely are thy dwellings—Liddle. Miss Hinchcliffe—Soprano.
Alms presentation 389
Anthem — Gloria from Mozarts 12th Mass.
Hymn 382—On our way rejoicing
Amen 138. Vesper 40.
Miss Flowers, Organist. Geo. E. Chandler, Choir leader.
All seats are free. The public are cordially invited. Come.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street,
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
3rd Sunday After the Epiphany
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning service and Sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Monday, 7.30—Annual Vestry Meeting.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Preacher—A. Kingdon.
Tuesday 7.30 p.m.—Sunday School annual distribution of prizes.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownlow
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.
Preacher—Rev. Canon Davidson
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

WEER'S PEBLO GLASSES

WHAT DOES "PEBLO" MEAN?

"PEBLO" is the registered name of the highest quality eyeglass lens that is made in the world's best factories. "PEBLO" Glasses carry a guarantee with them that is backed by Dr. Fowler's fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough. Satisfaction is assured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Best Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors With Nugent Drug Co

STORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. R. Haddow of Toronto will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Prelude—Air from Sonata in E flat—Mozart.
Anthem—Like as a father pitieth—Havens.
Offertory—Intermezzo from Cavalleria—Rusticana—Mascagni.
Solo—Sun of my soul—Carey—Miss Helen McLaren.
Postlude—National air of Japan.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach
Prelude— Romance (Samson and Delila)—Saint Saens.
Solo (contralto)—Beyond the Dawn—Sanderson. Mrs. P. A. Ferguson.
Anthem—Angels that around us hover—Wallace.
Postlude—Allegro a min—Gade.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach
Prelude—Prayer (Moses in Egypt) Rossini.
Solo (contralto)—I shall be satisfied—Huycke. Miss Ida Lynn.
Anthem—The Good Shepherd—Harris. Solo part by Mr. F. Mather.
Postlude—Offertoire—Lemmens.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude—Hollins.
Solo—Teach me to pray—Jewedd. Miss A. Crocker.
Anthem—Come let us join our cheerful songs—Churchill.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Lemare.
Male Quartet—Humpage, Roy, Smith and Kenyon.
Anthem.—The Lord gave the word—Turner.
8 p.m. Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
10 a.m.—Fellowship service.
11 a.m.—Morning service—Music
Subject—A song of praise.
Also short talk on the peace conference.
Prelude—Andante Cantabile — Bemis.
Anthem—Consider and hear me—Pflenger. Solo part Mr. C. C. Parsons.
Solo—God is love—Ward-Stephens Miss Myrtle Succee.
Postlude—March in F.—Watson.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The last of the series on personal problems.
Subject—What should I do about my amusements.
Prelude—Largo—Handel.
Anthem—Saviour Thy children keep —Sullivan.
Duet—I have heard of a land Alexander. Miss Doris Rathbone and Mr. Harold Jones.
Postlude — Triumphal March — Costa.
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Subject—Transformed faces.
Anthem—Make His praise glorious—C. Simper. Soloist, Miss G. LeBarr.
Soprano solo—Come unto me—Elsa Doun. Mrs. Geo. H. King.
Quartet—Softly and Tenderly Thompson. Mrs. King, Mrs. Rehill, Mr. Lee, Mr. Skitch.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Mr. G. N. Gordon will lead in the discussion of the subject "The church, the war, and patriotism"
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—The witch of Eudor.
Anthem—Glorie, from 12th mass—Mozart. Assisted by Miss Logan and Mr. F. Whitehouse violinists.
Anthem—Lord of our life—Nevin Mrs. King and male heorus.
Quarete—Rock of ages—D. Buck Mrs. King, Mrs. Rehill, Mr. Lee, Mr. Skitch.
Soprano solo—The day is ended—Bartlett. Mrs. King. Violin obligato, Miss Logan.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Wheatley, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—Church and the men of Iron
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—Danger signals.
7 to 7.15 —a short service of song with the new hymn book.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, January 26, 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Subject—Ideal Church Officers.
Male quartette—
Solo—Beyond the Gates—Mr. F. Pratt.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6.45 p.m.—Song Service.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Subject—A message to young men.
Male quartette.
Solo—The Beautiful City—Mr. H. Anderton.
Chorus by male choir—Seeking the Lost.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—I know that my redeemer liveth—Handel.
Baritone and tenor duet—In God's Garden—Arbuckle. Mr. J. G. Graham and Mr. Asa Huycke.
Postlude—Chorale—Adam.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Hymn variation—Jack.
Anthem—Now the day is over—Prest.
Soprano solo—Selected—Miss Emma Worth.
—Postlude—March—Smart.
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, January 26, 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
Subject—The food we eat.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—His Coming—When?
His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen will attend the evening service for Divine worship.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—Annual general meeting of church members and election of officers. All members are requested to be present.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—Gilmour and Simcoe Streets.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
2 p.m.—Open air—London and Division Streets.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.

SALVATION ARMY, ROWNTON
Chamberlain Street
Lieut. Wm. Newman, O.C.
Special services will be conducted by Corps Cadet Guardian Mrs. Lang, assisted by the cadet brigade.
Mrs. Lang is one of years' experience and these services promise to be bright and interesting.
Public are cordially invited.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Little Changes In Prices on Market

There was little change in the prices at the market on Saturday as compared to those of a week ago. Prevailing prices this morning were:

Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Eggs	65	65
Butter	55	55
Pork	26	28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25

HAVE ROSY CHEEKS AND FEEL FRESH AS A DAISY—TRY THIS!

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the whole alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity an dgives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.

$5,500 RAISED IN S. A. CAMPAIGN

TOTAL UP TO FRIDAY NIGHT BUT RETURNS NOT ALL IN.

The following are some of the larger subscriptions that were received in the recent Salvation Army Red Shield Drive:

Bonner-Worth Co. Ltd.	$250
Peterboro Milk Products, Ltd.	100
G. A. Gillespie, M.P.P.	50
J. A. Aylmer	50
R. Neil, Ltd	50
S. Burnham Patriotic League	100
R. G. Kingan	40
Auburn Woollen Co., Ltd.	100
Cressman Co., Ltd.	0
R. Hall & Son, Ltd.	50
Mrs. Jas. Wood	50
De Laval Co. Ltd	100
Peterboro Machine and Lubricator Co. Ltd.	100
Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd.	50
Peter Hamilton Co., Ltd.	75
J. J. Turner & Sons	100
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. McDonald	50
Bradburns Ltd	50
Judge and Mrs. Huycke	50
J. T. Braund	50
R. B. Copping	50

The total subscriptions up to Friday night are approximately $5,500, with further teams to be heard from. Parties wishing to contribute who have not been canvassed may leave their contributions with W. H. Dunsford, Treasurer, at the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

OUCH! LUMBAGO! RUB IT ON BACK

Rub Away all Pain, Soreness, Stiffness, Backache, With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Ah! Pain is gone!

Quickly—Yes! Almost instant relief from soreness, stiffness, lameness and pain follows a gentle rubbing with "St. Jacob's Liniment."

Apply this soothing, penetrating oil directly upon the ache, and like magic, relief comes. "St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain. It is a harmless backache, lumbago, and sciatica relief, which never disappoints, cannot injure and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Straighten up! Stop those torturous "stitches." In a moment you will forget that you ever had a back, because it won't hurt or be stiff or lame. Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Liniment" from your druggist now and get this lasting relief.

PROPOSE CHANGE IN GAME LAWS

LEGISLATURE AT NEXT SESSION MAY PROHIBIT SLAUGHTER OF FAWN.

Toronto, Jan. 25.—Only minor changes in the Ontario Game Law are to be proposed to the Legislature by the Government during the approaching session and these chiefly for the improvement of the working efficiency of the act rather than variation of principles embodied therein.

"It is not, however, intended to continue the allowance of two deer to each hunter," explains Hon. Finlay Macdiarmid, the Ministerial head of th Department. "That allowance will b erepealed. It was only granted under exceptional circumstances created by the war and was by no means to be accepted as a precedent or an principle.

"It has also been suggested," Hon. Mr. Macdiarmid continued, "that a clause be inserted in the act prohibiting the killing of fawn, of which it has been said there was much wanton slaughter last season. Such a prohibition would have much to commend it and I intend submitting it for the consideration of the Fish and Game Committee.

No Sport, Anway.

"There is no sport in shooting a fawn," the Minister added. "In fact fawn-killing is foreign to the instinct of sportsmanship. There is no quantity of meat in a fawn carcas. And if the fawn be protected until it attains its growth it will afford good sport and at the same time be worth while in the way of meat supply. Nor could anyone plead in justification of the killing of a fawn that he had mistaken it for a full grown animal. A prohibition such as sugested would not be on a par with stopping the killing of deer, which also has been suggested, for there is a possibility of a hunter mistaking a doe for a buck."

As for the fish protection clauses the Act there would appear to be no suggestions that they are not working admirably requiring no amendment.

Bee?	18	20
Geese	33	33
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

ANNUAL MEETING TORONTO SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY

Reports Show Net Earnings for 1918 of $147,902 68—Reserve Fund Now Stands at $1,100,000—All Officers Re-Elected

The Annual General meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company was held at the Head Offcie of the Company, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Friday, the 24th day of January, 1919, at 2 o'clock p.m.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors submit herewith their Thirty-fourth Annual Report showing the results of the business for the past year accompanied by the balance sheet to the 31st December, 1918.

After payment of Interest on Deposits and Debentures, and all expenses of Management, there remain net earnings amounting to $147,902.68. This amount, together with the balance brought forward in Profit and Loss Account from the year 1917 of $36,701.44, makes a total of $184,604.12, which amount has been disposed of in the following manner:

(1) By payment of Four Quarterly Dividends at the rate of 10 per cent. for the year, amounting to	$100,000.00
(2) By transfer to Reserve Fund	50,000.00
(3) By balance left in Profit and Loss Account	34,604.12
Total	$184,604.12

The Reserve Fund now stand at $1,100,000.00.

All payments maturing during the year on the Company's investments have been satisfactorily met, and the rentals from the property owned by the Company have also been promptly paid. The books, account and securities of the Company have been carefully examined by the Auditors, and their Report is attached to the Financial Statement.

GENERAL STATEMENT

31st December, 1918

ASSETS

Net Value of Investments		$3,995,873.70
Cash on Hand		3,433.29
Cash in Banks		71,897.32
Sundry Accounts due to Company		2,978.91
		$4,074,183.32

LIABILITIES

Currency Debentures and Deposits with Accrued Interest	$1,087,435.42	
Sterling Debentures with Accrued Interest	825,238.24	
		$1,912,673.66
Sundry Accounts due by Company		1,910.54
Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00	
Reserve Fund, 31st Dec., 1917	$1,050,000.00	
Transferred from Profit and Loss	50,000.00	
	1,100,000.00	
Profit and Loss Account	34,604.12	
		2,134,604.12
Dividend Payable 2nd January, 1919		25,000.00
		$4,074,183.32

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

We hereby certify that we have carefully audited the Book and Accounts of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company for the year ending 31st December, 1918. All disbursements have been properly vouched for, and the postings and balances of the Company's Ledgers have been checked and found correct. The above statement of Assets and Liabilities shows the position of the Company on the 31st December, 1918, and the Profit and Loss Account is a correct showing of the operations of the Company for the year ending on that date. We have also examined the Securities and find everything in order,

JAMES A. HALL,
F. J. A. HALL, Auditors.

Peterboro, Jan. 6, 1919.

PROFIT and LOSS ACCOUNT

For the Year Ending 31st December, 1918

Balance at the credit of Profit and Loss Account, 31st Dec., 1917	$ 36,701.44
Net Profit for the year, after deducting charges of Management, Interest on Debentures and Deposits, etc	147,902.68
	$184,604.12

APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS:

Quarterly Dividends, No. 96, 97, 98 and 99, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum	$100,000.00
Transferred to Reserve Fund	50,000.00
Balance carried forward	34,604.12
	$184,604.12

The Board of Directors was re-elected for the ensuing year as follows:

President—HERBERT C. COX, ESQ.
Vice-Presidents—W. G. MORROW, ESQ., and RICHARD HALL, ESQ.
Directors—D. W. DUMBLE, ESQ., E. T. MALONE, K.C., and E. R. WOOD, ESQ.

VICTORY BONDS

bought for

—CASH—

Part or fully paid.

—We Sell—

Fire, Life, Accident Insurance, Government, Corporation Victory Bonds.

Hughson Johnstone

Peterboro Security Co.

PHONE 988. 421 GEORGE ST.

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

Ladies' Auxiliary.

There will be a special meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the G. W. V. A. on Monday night at 8 o'clock sharp.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

"AT HOME"

An "At Home" will be held in the St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening, Jan. 27th at 8.30 p.m. Cards and dancing. A special first prize of a turkey will be given for euchre.

MILL WOOD FOR SALE

We have on hand a small quantity of Mill Wood sawn, 16 inches long, to clear out this lot we offer it delivered to any part of the city at the following low prices:—Pine at $4.00 per team load; Hemlock at $5.00 per team load. Cash with order.

ESTATE OF A. McDONALD.

C. O. F.

Members of Court Peterboro 29 will please take notice that the Court physician, J. H. Eastwood, will be out of the city for 3 months. Dr Morgan will act as Court physician pro tem.

AUCTION SALE

of Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. J. H. Wilson, 337 Aylmer street, on Monday, Jan. 27th, of entire contents. No reserve. Sale 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Thursday evening, Jan. 30th, at 8 o'clock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

AUCTION SALE

of Household Furniture and etc., at the home of Mrs. J. A. Perry, 31 Maitland avenue, on Tuesday, Jan. 28th. Furniture, Rugs, Gas Stove, Electric Fan, Electric Heater and Etc. and Etc. No reserve. Be on hand 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4214

Be Sure You're Right, Then Go Ahead

—TO—

Porter S. White Co.

FOR YOUR SATURDAY

Groceries and Provisions

Bacon, extra choice, lb 50c
tins 30c
Crystal Diamond Syrup, 2 lb.
Betty's Home-made Grape Fruit Marmalade—a little better than usually made at home—in jars, at .....15c and 30c
Peanut Butter, lb. 30c
Calfornia Pilchard's dainty, tasty small Fish, reg. 30c, for 25c
Osprey Herring, in tomato sauce 19c
Florida Grape Fruit, 3 for 25c, and 4 for 35c

CHRISTIE'S ASSORTED BISCUITS—ALWAYS FRESH.

Try the flavour of our blends of Tea and Coffee. All our Coffee is fresh from the coffee mill, in any quantity desired, ground to order.

POULTRY FOOD

International and Woodhouse Poultry Food. Also Oyster Shell and Grits.

Porter S. White Co.

334 George Street. Phone 208
Phone 208

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss T. Easson, of the Peterboro Business College, is spending the week-end at her home in Lang.

The Vancouver Province said: "The comedy is packed to the brim with entertaining situations and clean, healthy and invigorating humor. There is a veritable galaxy of the prettiest costumes, tuneful music and catchy songs."

See "In Sunny France" Jan. 27th and 28th.

Popular Soloists At Carvell Meeting

Peterborough continues to hold its own as one of the leading musical centres in Canada, as was demonstrated by the soloists at the Taft meeting and again at the gathering addressed by Hon. F. B. Carvell at the Grand Opera House last night. Miss Emeline Bentley will soon be recognized as one of the best soloists in the city. The reputation of Mr. Ed. Hanrahan is already established and that populuar artist, Mrs. J. H. Renwick, surpassed herself in her admirable rendition of "Annie Laurie."

K. of C. Will Open Huts Everywhere

Kingston, Jan. 25.—The Knights of Columbus, who recently conducted an army huts campaign in Canada, are planning to open a clubhouse in Kingston. F. J. Schenck, Commissioner for Ontario, was in the city yesterday making the necessary arrangements. It is possible that a hut for the convenience of the soldiers at Barriefield will be opened. Clubrooms, which will be open to all returned soldiers, irrespective of denomination, will be established at every dispersal centre in Canada. In Ontario clubrooms will be opened at Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London and Port Arthur.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. R. J. Devey gratefully acknowledges the following donations to the Women's Auxiliary to the G. W. V. A.:

Peterborough Club	$25.00
Mrs. Dolby	1.00
Mrs. Hamlin	1.00
Mr. Cranfield	1.00

AT THE WITCH OF EUCHRE

The following program of music will be given at the evening service: "The Gloria," from the 12th Mass, by Mozart, will be sung by the choir, assisted by Miss Logan and Mr. Whitesides, violinists.

Mrs. Kingwill will sing "The Day is Ended," with violin obligato, by Miss Logan.

There will be a male chorus.

Linen Shower At Protestant Home

At the jam and linen shower of the Protestant Home held yesterday afternoon the attendance was large and a good quantity of jam was received, some linen and a spindle of yarn.

A number of ladies who were unable to attend have signified their intention of contributing later.

Tea was served in the sitting room which presented a very comfortable appearance and which has been recently refurnished by Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Waddell. The tea was served by Mrs. Duncan Walker, Miss Agnes Neill and Miss Sarah Robinson. The Home was open for inspection and all present expressed their satisfaction at the comforts of the accommodation.

TWO RUNS FOR FIREMEN.

At 6:10 last evening a fire broke out in Mr. J. R. Bell's store on Hunter street as the result of a coaloil stove exploding. The blaze was extinguished by the use of the chemical engine, which again demonstrated its invaluable qualities as a fire fighting apparatus, efficient and undestructive.

This morning the fire brigade were called to the residence of Mrs. M. Smith, 110 Sophia street, where a chimney fire had occurred. No damage resulted.

FIRE SALE

Don't forget the Big Fire Sale of Cigars at half price. Also tobaccos and pipes. Cigars by the box or in 25c lots. Yeates Bros. George street.

HISTORY OF ALL SAINTS' DATES BACK TO YEAR 1902

Anniversary Services Will Be Held Tomorrow With Rev. Dr. O'Meara of Toronto as Preacher.

Tomorrow will be a day of special interest at All Saints' Church when anniversary services will be held, the preacher being Rev. Dr. O'Meara of Toronto. It will be of interst to many at this time to know that the work of All Saints' dates back over a period of about forty-four years, from 1875, when a mission Sunday school was established in a small way under the leadership of Rev. J. W. Beck, M.A.

In 1880 the first church building was erected and subsequently converted into a parish hall in 1910, which witnessed the building of the nave of the present church.

The history of All Saints' as a separate parish dates from 1902, while January, 1915, witnessed the completion of the present building by the addition of the chancel and vestries, thus making the anniversary of double significance.

The growth of All Saints' has been remarkable. At present the congregation numbers 350 families, while the Sunday school has outgrown the capacity of the present building, necessitating the use of the church for Bible class purposes. The Sunday school attendance last Sunday was 368, including 30 teachers and officers.

During the past six years, besides meeting its current needs, the congregation has raised over $11,000 for building purposes, about $5000 of which was contributed voluntarily recently in the course of a year.

Dr. O'Meara, the principal of Wycliffe College, Toronto, who will preach at both services tomorrow, is widely known throughout the Dominion as a preacher and organizer.

The special collections will be for the half-yearly interest fund for which $350 is required.

The annual vestry meeting will be held on Monday evening.

FOR TUBERCULAR MEN.

Soldiers' Welfare League Is Formed in Hamilton.

With the object that suitable pensions may be awarded to all soldiers suffering from tuberculosis, an association known as The Invalided Tuberculous Soldiers' Welfare League has been formed at the Mountain Sanitarium, Hamilton, where soldiers suffering from this disease receive treatment. It is maintained that the recommendations of the sanitarium officials should receive greater consideration by the pension boards and that a tuberculosis specialist should be an advisory member of this board. Failing this, a specialist in this line ought to examine the patient and the board should accept his recommendation. As a general rule the pension awarded by the board twelve months after the soldier's discharge should be of a permanent character, and no reduction permitted at any future period, it is urged.

ITALY'S LEAGUE PLANS.

Lawyers Suggest Three Committees of Central Council.

Rome, Jan. 25. — An important feature of the project for a league of nations formulated by authorities on international law, councillors of state and judges of the Supreme Court, announced here, is that from the central council of the league there will be dependent three committees which will devote their attention to economics, labor and military affairs. These committees will conduct inquiries and each will seek to adjust controversies subject to its special jurisdiction. The plan will be supported by Senator Scipioni who has gone to Paris as a supplementary Italian delegate.

Lieut. James Sclater, D. S. O., is the new prohibition commissioner for British Columbia. His salary will probably be $4,000 a year.

Freight rates on regular steamships plying between Canada and the British Isles have dropped to $1.50 per cubic foot.

The Canada, first of the wooden 1,500-ton steamers being built in British Columbia for the French Government, was launched yesterday. Twenty of the ships are being built in Vancouver and twenty at Victoria.

REV. R. B. GROBB, M.A.
Rector of All Saints' Church

MAYOR'S ADDRESS AT MASS MEETING

WELCOMED HON. F. B. CARVELL ON FIRST VISIT TO CITY.

At the meeting at the Grand Opera House last night Mayor Duncan, who presided, made the following address:

It gives us great pleasure to welcome the Hon. Mr. Carvell to Peterborough. We are pleased to do so for several reasons. This is Mr. Carvell's first visit to Peterborough, and we are glad to have our public men become acquainted with our city. We are sorry that he has not been able to give us more time, but it is gratifying to have him come here, become to some extent familiar with the city and speak to us. Perhaps he may find time to come again and remain longer, when he can see more of the industries, the public institutions, the parks and other points of interest and learn more of our inland system of navigation.

We welcome Mr. Carvell as a Minister of the Crown. During the four and a half years that the world, including our Empire and Dominion, passed through the great trials of the war, no community was more earnest in supporting the great efforts made to defeat the vile purposes of the German Empire. In enlistment in the valiant Canadian Army, in contributions to the patriotic funds and in Red Cross and other work our people were to the forefront and demonstrated their loyalty and patriotism and their devotion to the cause of civilization and justice.

We welcome the Honorable Minister, also, as a visitor from another Province of the Dominion. It is a good thing for the people of the different Provinces to become as far as possible acquainted and especially for the public men to know all parts of Canada, and we are greatly pleased to have Mr. Carvell, whose home is in New Brunswick, come here and meet us and give us the opportunity of greeting him. And we wish to give Mr. Carvell a hearty welcome personally. He is one of our ablest public men. He has been in public life for many years, and his ability, his frankness, his earnestness and other qualities have been recognized by all who have associated with him and had the pleasure of meeting him, and are known throughout the Dominion. Mr. Carvell's visit is not without business interest to the department over which he presides.

In 1914 the Government was ready to erect a new building here to provide accommodation for the post office, the customs office and the local business of other departments, and were also preparing to construct a dry dock. Like other public works throughout the country these were not proceeded with on account of the war. It is characteristic of Mr. Carvell that he has given personal attention to these matters and has looked into them upon the ground while he has been here. The Government has recognized the need for proceeding at this time with delayed public works and the local works will, I have not the least doubt, be taken up again and gone on with as soon as arrangements can be made to do so. While Mr. Carvell has incidentally, and yet carefully, given attention to these matters of business, we hope he has enjoyed and will enjoy his visit here, and that he will come to see us again.

Before calling on Mr. Carvell to address you, I know that others will be pleased to have an opportunity to join in welcoming him, and as his visit is not a political one, I will ask Mr. Burnham, M.P., and Mr. R. R. Hall, ex-M.P., to say a few words.

Two new railroads will shortly be built into Ungava territory.

"TELL ME HOW TO BE BEAUTIFUL"

Get Rid of All Pimples, Blackheads, and Skin Eruptions. Purify the Blood With Stuart's Calcium Wafers

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Surely Do Give a Lovely Complexion

The reason why Stuart's Calcium Wafers beautify the skin is their natural tendency to seek the surface.

The wonderful calcium sulphide is one of the natural constituents of the human body. You must have it to be healthy. It enriches the blood, invigorates skin health, dries up the pimples and boils, eczema and blotches, enables new skin of fine texture to form and become clear, pinkish, smooth as velvet and refined to the point of loveliness and beauty. This is "how to be beautiful," stop using creams, lotions, powders and bleaches which merely hide for the moment. Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store today.

And if you wish to give them a trial send the coupon below.

Free Trial Coupon

F. A. STUART CO., 717 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once by return mail a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

Annual Dance Of The Belmont Club

The Belmont Club held their 9th annual "At Home" in the Empress Hotel last night. It was the most successful in their history, there being over 155 couples in attendance.

Excellent music was furnished by Linton's four piece orchestra from Toronto and one of the most pleasant evenings of the season was spent by the young people.

"THE WITCH OF ENDOR."

Rev. F. E. Malott's Evening Theme in Trinity Church.

In Trinity Methodist Church on Sunday night Rev F. E. Malott will speak on "The Witch of Endor." In view of the recent revival of interest in spiritualism this is a timely topic. Visitors will be welcome. Trinity's splendid choir will render special music.

Ask That Players Be Hurried Home

Washington, Jan. 25.—Ban Johnson, president of the American League, called at the War Department in connection with his efforts to get baseball men out of the war in time for spring training and preparations for the coming season.

He took with him a list of players and war department officials undertook to locate the men for him in order that the clubs may arrange to have them file applications for discharge.

Mr. Johnson conferred with Gen. March, chief of staff. So far as known, there will be no change in the policy of the department not to issue any special order in favor of baseball players, but to treat them as all other soldiers are treated and leave to their customary commanders to pass upon their applications for discharge. Since the league players have their places awaiting them, however, they will, with the class of soldiers commanding officers have been authorized to discharge without delay, where military efficiency would not be injured by that action.

Alberta's growth is remarkable in the increase in the population during the last two years. The increase since the census of 1916 is estimated at one hundred thousand.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-DAY——TO-DAY

Matinee 2 p. m Evening 8 p. m.

Special Big Picture Program

Taylor Holmes

—IN—

"Ruggles of Red Gap"

SIX REELS

Charlie Chaplin

—IN—

"A Hotel Mixup"

Two Other Good Comedies

PATHE NEWS JUDGE BROWN STORY
12 GREAT REELS

NO VAUDEVILLE

Note new hours for Saturday next only
Matinee—2 p. m. Evening—8 p. m.

Matinee—10c Evenings—15c

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 27 and 28

The Peter Robinson Chapter the of I.O.D.E., Present the Mammoth Spectacular Opera

"In Sunny France"

A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C

160 AMATEURS IN CAST

The sweetest music you have heard since the days of Gilbert & Sullivan

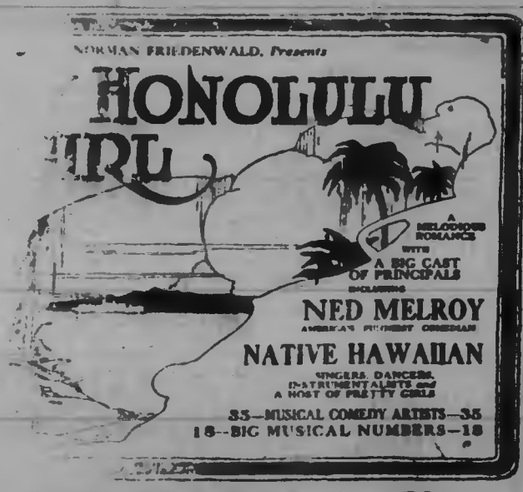
One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."

PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

Saturday, Feb. 1 Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:15

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD, Presents



Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c

Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c

Seat Sale Opens Thursday

AT GEORGE STREET CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Thomas Preaches on Amusement Problems.

At the George Street Methodist Church on Sunday evening the pastor will speak on the subject, "What Should I do About My Amusements?" This is the last of the series of sermons on personal problems.

IN MEMORIAM

BROOKS—In loving memory of J. Millard Brooks, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brooks, Peterborough, late of the 3rd Battery, C.F.A., who passed away at the Clearing Station Hospital, France, twelve months ago today; January 25th, 1918.

Stratford presentd 132 badges to nurses and helpers for service during the flu epidemic.

THIS COLD WEATHER

Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain

PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and mild tomorrow.

The Daily Review

The growing circulation of the Review makes it a better advertising medium than ever.

40th YEAR No. 22 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

ALLIED TROOPS DRIVEN OUT OF RUSSIAN TOWN

EVACUATED SHENKURSH IN ORDER TO AVOID UNNECESSARY CASUALTIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 27.—Allied forces on the front south of Archangel, mainly American and Russian troops, have evacuated the town of Shenkursk, under Bolshevik pressure and withdrawn to a shorter line north of the town, according to an official statement from the British war office today on operations in northern Russia.

Direct From Front.

Archangel, Jan. 27.—The town of Shenkursk, 190 miles south of Archangel, was evacuated Saturday afternoon by the American and Allied forces in order to avoid unnecessary casualties. The Allied forces moved northward to a line along the Vaga River. The withdrawal from Shenkursk was carried out successfully. A number of wounded in the American hospital were removed in sleds. There was little or no interference from the Bolsheviki.

Local Soldiers Land at Halifax

Advices received this morning state the following men arrived at Halifax on the morning of Saturday, 25th, per Steamer Aquitania and were forwarded by special train the same afternoon, to military division No. 3, Kingston, Ont.

Cpl. Victor.
Cpl. Williams.
Sgt. Jones.
Pte. Hayton.
Gnr. Munroe.
Capt. C. V. Fessenden.
Drv. Dawner.
Pte. Anderson.
Cadet Cunningham.
Gnr. Williams.
Gnr. Peters.

The following reached Vancouver per steamer Empress of Asia, on the 26th.

J. H. Kezar.
Cadet J. F. Reed, 213 Stewart.

GRAND FLEET TO BE DISPERSED

FLAG WILL WAVE AGAIN IN ALL PARTS OF WORLD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 27.—(By Reuter's.)—Sir David Beatty, receiving the freedom of the city of Edinburgh on Saturday, announced that the Grand Fleet was being dispersed. Archibald Hurd, discussing the effects of the dispersal of the Grand Fleet, says that the flag must again be shown in Canada, the Pacific, China, the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf. Whatever the Admiralty plans, they must fit in with the dominions, which certainly desire to bear a larger share in the naval defence of the Empire.

FIFTEEN LOCAL SOLDIERS ARRIVE IN CITY SUNDAY TRAVELLING BY FREIGHT

Reached Port Hope by Short Cut and Were Stranded There Until Freight Picked Them Up—Cadet Allen Gives Interesting Account of the Trip.

Fifteen Peterborough soldiers arrived home yesterday afternoon on board a caboose of a G. T. R. freight train which conveyed them from Port Hope where they were stranded on account of the lack of a Sunday train service.

Among those to reach the city yesterday were Cadet, formerly Sgt.-Major G. W. Allen, M.C., who enlisted in Peterborough with the first contingent in 1914 and went overseas with the Cobourg Field Artillery. He was wounded and returned to Canada in December of 1915, but did not remain long on this side of the water. He re-enlisted in the 49th Bn., of St. Catharines with the rank of Sergt-Major and returned to the front. His home is at 555 Chamberlain street.

At the battle of Vimy Ridge Cadet Allen was again wounded, this time slightly. He was decorated for bravery receiving the military cross and was recommended for a commission. He had commenced his course in order to qualify when the armistice was signed and he returned to Canada.

On Wednesday near Levis, Quebec a troop train upon which he was travelling became snow bound and could not be freed from the drifts for twenty-five hours in spite of the fact that three engines were hitched to the coaches and the soldiers worked like trojans clearing away the snow.

On Thursday the storm-bound train was released and proceeded upon its way. Cadet Allan was to have made connections at Tichborne for Kingston where he would be granted leave but failed to wake up in time to make the change and was carried to Port Hope where he arrived about six o'clock yesterday morning. There he met Ptes. McKay, Millard, Martin, Carter, Richards and Sergt. Douglas Eldrid, who had just alighted from the G. T. R. train and, with eight other Peterborough boys were planning the best and quickest means of reaching their native city.

At first it was decided to have cars go for them but when the G.T.R. decided to run a train and gave them the privilege of coming home in the caboose, this idea was abandoned.

Tday Cadet Allen leaves for Kingston to report and obtain leave.

Munition Workers Arrive at St. John

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John, N. B., Jan. 27. — The steamer Minnedosa with 1,125 adults and 364 children on board, mostly munition workers and their families returning from England, arrived this morning. There were a few returning officers on board, but no soldiers or other ranks.

1,351 More Have Started For Home

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—The liner Grampian, with 1,351 soldiers aboard, including six hundred officers, cadets and soldiers from Ontario points, sailed on January 24th from Liverpool for St. John, N.B.

CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY

One man appeared before the police magistrate this morning charged with vagrancy. He was given eight days in which to procure employment.

A proposal made is, that all those who failed to report or register as required by the Military Service Act, shall lose civil rights for ten years.

R. S. Tivy, after being postmaster at Coehill for 21 years, has resigned. George R. Clarke, a returned soldier, is the new postmaster.

203 GERMAN SUBS SUNK DURING WAR

OVER HALF OF THESE WENT DOWN WITH CREWS.

London, Jan. 27.—Of the 203 German submarines lost during the war, it is estimated here semi-officially, 120 were sunk with all on board, and that in the others an average of half the crew perished.

The complement of the German submarines varied. Some small boats had only 30 on board, while a boat of the cruiser type averaged between 50 and 60.

The British navy during the war lost 59 submarines, 39 of which were destroyed by the enemy. Of the remainder four were interned by neutrals, seven were blown up in the Baltic Sea, four were sunk by accident on trial cruises and five were wrecked in collisions.

Thirty States of the American Union have certified to the State Department ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment.

EX-KAISER BEING DESERTED BY HIS FORMER FRIENDS

HAS GROWN SURLY AND RARELY SPEAKS TO THOSE AROUND HIM.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 27.—William Hohenzollern, former German emperor, has grown very surly and rarely speaks a word to his men servants and guards, according to the Mail's correspondent at Amerongen. His last recorded remark was made a few days ago, when he said that his "time at Amerongen was nearly up," it is said. His wife, on the other hand, maintains a cheerful disposition and shows an interest in the welfare of the people living near the castle, wher she is staying. The correspondent says: "The former emperor is being gradually deserted by everyone. He receives practically no visitors, and his former voluminous correspondence has become very small."

Cause of Monarchy Said to Triumph

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Portuguese Royalists are completely in control of the Provinces of Minho and Tras os Montes, according to wireless despatches from Madrid to the Journal des Debats. Advices to the same newspaper say that it is reported that Republican troops which were defeated by Monarchists at Colmbra are about to go over to the cause of the monarchy.

King of Serbia Is Seriously Ill

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Jan. 27.—King Peter of Serbia, who has been ill, has suffered a new attack and is said to be in a serious condition, according to advices from Laibach.

All Members Are At Supreme Council

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference met at 10:30 o'clock this morning. There was a full attendance of members.

It is proposed to spend sixty millions on Canadian Goverment railways, and over twenty millions on public works.

When the war broke out Canada's net debt totalled $336,000,000, and her gross debt $'44,000,000. Net debt of the Dominion now stands at $1,330,000,000, and gross debt at $2,491,000,000.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE ONE AS TO ULTIMATE FATE OF GERMANY'S LOST COLONIES

Under No Consideration Shall These Be Restored—Attitude of United States on This Question Has not Been Revealed—What Belgium Is Asking For.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 27.—One of the questions which it was expected the Supreme Council would take up today was the ultimate fate of the German colonies. France and Great Britain, it is declared, are agreed upon at least one feature of a solution of the problem, which is that under no consideration shall the colonies revert to Germany. The reasons advanced for such decisions are various, but prominent among them is the fact that it would render it impossible for Gremany to establish submarine bases in her colonial possessions.

The American attitude is as yet unrevealed. A prominent official declared to the Associated Press today that should the Franco-British viewpoint prevail, German Kameran would be taken over by the French, in accordance with an agreement arrived at by Great Britain and France. Belgium lays claim to that part of the Congo which she conquered by force of arms, Belgian troops having captured Tabora and the territory lying beyond the western slopes of Lake Victoria Nyanza. The Belgians also desire a strip of territory along the left bank of the Congo, the delimitation, of course, to be settled amicably with Portugal, territorial compensation being given the latter.

Famine Relief Bill Is Before Congress

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 27. — An agreement on the Administration bill appropriating $100,000,000 for European famine relief was reached today by the Senate and House conferees after a brief session.

CLOSING BY-LAW IS ULTRA VIRES

COUNCIL HAS NO RIGHT TO REGULATE LAWS BEFORE 7 P.M.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Jan. 27.—Niagara Falls early closing bylaw passed last May to help out in view of the electricl shortage is ultra vires, ccording to a decision made by Magistrate Fraser. Frank Mango was charged with having his store open for business after 6 o'clock one night contrary to the provision of the early closing bylaw. W. F. Griffiths, his counsel, pointed out that the statutes only allowed municipalities to pass bylaws to close shops between 7 o'clock in the evening and 5 o'clock in the morning.

The magistrate admitted this was correct and dismissed the case. Now there is no longer an early closing bylaw in Niagara Falls, and stores may keep open all night if they wish, any night but Sunday.

Canada will spend $89,000,000 in soldiers' gratuities, and $40,000,000 or pensions this year.

Bolshevists At Breaking Point

London, Jan. 27.—A serious division exists between the Russian Bolshevists, says a Stockholm despatch to the Times. Lenine, fearing an economic boycott of the country, favors a policy of compromise both at home and abroad, in order to save what he can of his system.

The party headed by Trotsky, on the other hand, is for heroic measures. They insist that such a course would provoke intervention and thereby force the Allies to postpone demobilization while the Bolsheviste carry on a violent propaganda among the Allied troops.

The quarrel is exceedingly bitter, as both parties realize the desperate position of their cause, which is partly owing to the failure of the Bolshevists in Germany and partly to the economic ruin of Russia. It is agreed that affairs cannot go on as they are.

North Bay town council has voted $500.00 to the board of trade for advertising purposes.

Mayor Anderson advocates the re-viewing of the East Elmcoe Agricultural Society.

Sault Ste. Marie has appointed an indigent doctor at a salary of $600 a year.

SOCIALISTS OF FRANCE URGED TO MAKE CHOICE

WHETHER TO FOLLOW PRESIDENT WILSON OR LENINE IS THE QUESTION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Socialists of France must make a choice between following President Wilson or Premier Lenine of Russia. This declaration was made at an agitated Socialist meeting in Paris on Sunday by M. Loriot. After the Socialist leaders, Albert Thomas, Pierre Renaudel and M. Longuet were shouted down when they tried to speak, M. Loriot declared: "President Wilson is an able man who is seeking to save the Bourgeoise, but he must not be followed. The moment has come to choose between him and Lenine."

Third Attraction In Lyceum Course

THE BERTHA FARNER CO. AT THE GRAND THURDAY, FEB. 6th.

The third attraction in the Chautauqua Lyceum Course—the Bertha Farner Company—will appear, Thursday evening, Feb. 6, just two weeks exactly after the Taft lecture.

Bertha Farner's return to Peterboro is being looked forward to by all those who heard her sing at the Chautauqua last summer, and by others who have heard of her wonderful voice and her charming personality.

Assisting her will be Miss Martha Alexander, violinist, Miss Ethel Murray, 'cellist, and Mr. Earl Browne, pianist.

See notices later under Opera House attractions.

PENSION FOR MRS. ROOSEVELT.

Congress Votes Her a Grant of Five Thousand a Year.

Washington, Jan. 27.—A bill granting a pension of $5000 a year to the widow of Theodore Roosevelt was sent to the White House for the President's approval after being passed by the House without a dissenting vote. The bill had been unanimously passed by the Senate. Before acting on this bill the House had passed a similar measure of its own granting the pension by a vote of 250 to 9.

T. James Moore, city clerk, Guelph, had his salary increased to $3,000 per year.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS RUN RIOT IN PARIS STREETS

Thirty-Four Murders, Many Assaults and Robberies Committed During December—Police Force Strengthened.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 27.—Thirty-four murders, 230 day and night assaults and nearly 500 serious fights, due to American soldiers, occurred in the Department of the Seine during the month of December, says the Matin today, in reverting to the subject of the reorganization of the American police in Paris. The reinforcement of the police contingent had been demanded by Brig.-Gen. W. W. Harts, the newspaper asserts, and with a new organization effected police operations have been carried out on a wholesale scale, especially in the Martre section, resulting in the arrest of many American deserters.

Another of the Paris newspapers, the Intransigeant, welcomes the reinforcement of the American police service in these days when, it says, attacks by armed men were becoming over-common and jewelry stores wer being robbed in full daylight in the main streets.

AN HISTORIC PICTURE.

King George, President Wilson, Queen Mary and Mrs. Wilson, photographed just before the President's departure from London after his enthusiastic reception by the people of England.

MR. GORDON ADDRESSES TRINITY BROTHERHOOD

Discusses Capital and Labor and Urges Fair Deal for Workingmen—Society Plans Winter Program.

The Mens' Brotherhood of the Trinity Methodist Church was addressed yesterday afternoon by Mr. G. N. Gordon, upon the different items of memorial presented to the Federal and Provincial Governments at the last General Conference of the Methodist Church, urging social, political and economical reform.

Mr. Gordon dealt throughout with all the planks in this platform and gave his interpretation to the brotherhood who will discuss the matter in detail next Sunday afternoon.

Some of the subjects of the address were as follows:

The repatriation and distribution of land to the soldiers.

Mothers' and Wives' Pensions.

Preservation of the national resources of the people and development by the Government.

Nationalization of railways and other lines of communication, and the relationship of capital and labor.

Mr. Gordon claimed in his address that there should be fair dealing between capital and labor and that every toiler was entitled to live comfortably, happily and have healthful surroundings, by care and frugal living, and that if the wages of the present standard were materially reduced it meant the reduction of the standard of living and the bringing of many families near the line of poverty.

By maintaining the present standard of living it means the merchants receive more money for their goods purchased by the workingmen and in turn the merchants pay more money for goods they buy from the manufacturers who employ the workingmen, so that in fact while it means a greater expenditure by the employer, yet the money is cast into circulation again and again and others benefit and even the employer must benefit indirectly.

The Brotherhood has invited speakers who give address upon different themes each Sunday, and had developed a very large attendance, and expect during the rest of the winter, to have many interesting addresses given by representative men of the city.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 166-168 Hunter Street.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1919

A FINANCIAL BAROMETER.

AS SHOWN by the report of the annual meeting in Saturday's issue, the Toronto Savings & Loan Company had a prosperous year in 1918, and in every department marked improvement is noted. The success attained by any corporation, one of the branches of whose business is the renting of property or the sale of it on the instalment plan, is an excellent barometer of the financial condition both among the business men and the wage-earners. It is satisfactory to note that in the annual report of the Toronto Savings & Loan Company it is stated that all payments maturing on the investments during the year have been satisfactorily met and that the rentals from the property owned by the company have been promptly paid. This is the best possible evidence that prosperity has been general during the year 1918. Notwithstanding the high cost of living, the people have been able to meet their financial obligations.

The war has interfered with the operations of this company just as it has with all private enterprises except those directly engaged in lines for the products of which the conflict created a demand. It is hoped that with the return of peace, every branch of the work for which this company has been organized will be resumed. This will mean a revival in the building trade, from which will result a solution, in a good measure, of the housing problem. It will also mean work for hundreds of men, both in construction work itself and in the production of the necessary material.

Officered as it is by some of the best business men in Peterborough, the success of the Toronto Savings & Loan Association is not to be wondered at. It is as little occasion for surprise that all of these have been re-elected to their former positions. They include Mr. G. W. Morrow, manager and vice-president; Richard Hall, also a vice-president, and D. W. Dumble, a member of the board of directors.

STARVATION SELF-INFLICTED.

THERE IS ALWAYS sympathy for the people who are reduced to starvation through the dispensation of Providence, Who, for some reason hidden from finite vision, sweeps a country with famine or a disease that causes a stagnation of production activities. It is the same in the case of individuals. Men or women reduced to penury through no fault of their own are genrally assured of the practical sympathy which volunteers them aid, while the willful wastrel may be permitted to suffer alone.

In extenuation of her offences against humanity, Germany now pleads that the people of that empire were reduced to a condition of semi-starvation by the blockade which the Allies maintained so strictly, and that at least half a million non-combatants died for the lack of proper nourishment.

Whether this assertion be true in detail, or grossly exaggerated, as is probably the case, the fact remains that the German people, duped as they may have been by the militarist party, have no one but their leaders to blame. The blockade would have been lifted, the regular channels of trade opened, and the work of production restored to its former standard, at any time, if the war-mad nation had only consented to lay down its arms.

Ther were hundreds, probably thousands, of old men, women and children outside of Germany starved to death on account of the war. The world will save its commiseration for these, not for the people who wantonly caused the suffering. The sins of the Germans were upon their own heads.

MORE FEMININE LOGIC.

THE OLD LADY across the way says that this matter of publishing anonymous letters often gets a paper into a tight corner between the Prince of Evil and the deep sea. Refusing to publish them may make enemies, but the same result *follows* their appearance in print.

Still, in all matters of doubt ther is nothing like exercising the commercial instinct by charging regular advertising rates.

SNAPPING AT PUBLIC MEN.

A FEW MORE local incidents such as occurred recently, and it will be a difficult matter to induce a public man of note to come to Peterborough for the purpose of delivering an address. Ex-President Taft was here last week, and everyone felt that guest and host had alike scored creditably during the visit of one of the most distinguished of American public men. Then a local newspaper threw a wet blanket over the city's felicitations by attacking the religious faith of our illustrious guest. "Woe unto ye, scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites," scribes especially who attack from cover.

Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works in the Union Government, accepted a civic invitation to come here to look over the situation with regard to the necessity for construction work that will call for the expenditure of thousands of dollars in Peterborough at a time when the employment problem is serious, an expenditure which will afford well paid work for hundreds of men. Mr. Carvell also addressed a public meeting and was given a cordial reception.

The same yapping newspaper that attacks the faith of the American visitor assails Mr. Carvell. At the very outset it betrays its own sad lack of information by asserting that Mr. Carvell did not say anything about the construction of the Hunter street bridge, a matter that is outside the jurisdiction of his department, just as much so as is the tariff question. The newspaper in question further betrays its animus—easily accounted for—by alleging that the Minister of Public Works did not really tell his audience anything. This is an allegation which all those who heard Mr. Carvell or who read the excellent report of his address which appeared in The Review are in a position to challenge.

Mr. Carvell gave an able and lucid exposition of what the Government has already done, to the extent of its power, to solve the employment problem and to not only get the Canadian soldiers back from Europe but to care for them on their arrival.

The Minister of Public Works made it clear that he had no authority, even as a member of the Cabinet, to make definite promises as to when work will be begun on the Federal building and the dry dock in this city. That is a matter which must come before Parliament. Orders-in-Council will pass away with the necessity for this usurption of the prerogatives of the people.

No Government on earth can either create employment when there is none except by embarking on a program of public works which the present Administration has clearly announced its intention of doing. Work on the Welland Canal has already been resumed. The Trent Canal is to be completed, the requisite funds for both of these projects having already been voted, and, not held for further parliamentary action as in the case of public buildings for this city. If the manufacturers choose to lay off men, lacking a market for their goods, the Government has no authority to compel them to do otherwise. If there is no market for these goods anywhere on earth, the Government cannot create one.

With regard to the returned soldiers and in dealing with the other problems of the day, Mr. Carvell was equally clear.

Upon their arrival in Canada the soldiers are to be granted a post-discharge pay of $100 a month for six months, in order to give them an opportunity to recover from the fatigues of the service and to re-adapt themselves to civil life.

Soldiers who are sick or crippled are to be given hospital accommodation for so long as they choose to remain.

Whatever may be the objections to the present scale of pensions, the system is to be amended until every man disabled in the service is made at least as well off, in a material sense, as he was before he enlisted.

The wives and dependents of the Canadian fighting force are to be brought back from Europe at public expense.

The United States has had two wars within the memory of the living before its participation in the recent conflict, and for that reason has gained experience in dealing with the problem of repatriation. It is gratifying to note in this connection that the leading papers of the neighboring Republic are commending the policy of the Canadian Government and urging the adoption of its main features upon the American Congress.

Perhaps the Minister of Public Works did not in his address state anything that our contemporary did not already know. It is too much to expect a mere member of the Dominion Cabinet, exalted as his public reputation may be, to enlighten the omniscient—or the opaque. Still, Mr. Carvell did certainly give, in a connected narrative, information that is furnished by the Government from time to time in official propaganda and in advertisements in the papers.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

HON. GEO. P. GRAHAM is an advocate of party politics, that is, so long as the division is along the lines which he suggests.

* * * * *

"LAND for the soldiers overseas." They all want it, their immediate objective being the land adjacent to the dock at Halifax.

* * * * *

WARS AND RUMORS of wars in the South American republics is another evidence that a good place to start missionary work is not far from home.

* * * * *

THE NEW LIBERAL Association is interested in good roads, but its interest centres entirely in the highway that leads to power at Ottawa.

* * * * *

FOLLOWING the announcement that the ex-kaiser was supposed to be going insane, comes the news that he is talking of returning to Berlin. Going, going, gone.

* * * * *

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE declares that the British and French will never get him alive. Still, his capture in the alternative condition would be quite satisfactory.

* * * * *

THE BODY of Rosa Luxemburg, who was killed by government forces in Berlin, has been found, horribly mutilated. Same old kultur, but fortunately tried out at home.

* * * * *

SPAIN WANTS Gibraltar restored to her, and in this connection it is impossible to refrain from recalling the fact that Ireland has been after Home Rule for lo, these many years.

* * * * *

JUST AS IF the Peace Congress had not already a sufficient number of perplexing problems to deal with, Portugal must needs furnish another by starting a revolution of its own.

* * * * *

FOR THE INFORMATION of our contemporay that specializes in such matters, it may be stated that Hon. Frank B. Carvell is a member of the Methodist Church. If it has any objections, let it state them now or forever hold its peace.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Oleomargarine.

(Kingston Standard.)

The sale of oleomargarine in Canada will not be interfered with except by Parliament when it meets. That is right. The public wants a free discussion upon the matter before being deprived of a wholesome food by the action of the dairymen.

Plenty of Blame.

(Guelph Herald.)

The commissioner hearing the Northland enquiry averred that the newspapers have a great deal to answer for. It would appear as if more than the newspapers have something to answer for, if the returning soldiers' complaints are justified.

SOLDIERS AND ROAD BUILDING

(From Sinclair Magazine)

The fact that Canada regards road work as a practical aid during the reconstruction period is evident.

Just as soon as her soldiers are released from military duty they will be given an opportunity to help construct 5,000 miles of highway already planned and provided for. It is believed that the returning soldiers who would regard such work with favor and so enter upon it from choice would give a service far above the usual standard. The spirit of discipline instilled by army life, the cheerfulness while at work as well as the road-making experiences of many of the American troops while in France would qualify the returning soldiers to build roads in but a fraction of the time which would be required under other conditions.

During the past year American road engineers, after an intensive training in our comps and cantonments, built military highways in France so extensive that their length was represented by the distance from New York to St. Louis. Camp life has proved so attractive to many men who have enjoyed the associations of barracks, mess halls and recreation huts, that living in quarters is no longer regarded as distasteful to them. This fact in itself may aid in carrying out highway construction programs.

The time was when most road work was done by unskilled labor. Since 1900 the industry has undergone such development that skilled laborers, mechanics, technically trained men and men of scientific education are demanded to carry on the work. The returned soldier or sailor is therefore afforded a chance for specialization and originality in working out such road features as system, design, alignmen, drainage, road material, as well as construction methods and the building of bridges and culverts.

In road work, as in other vocations there is always a demand for the man who is more capable than others who choose the same calling. When therefore, the men of the demobilized army select highway work even for temporary employment, or until the economic conditions of the country again become normal, they may enter upon their new vocation with ambition and determination to use their new experiences for advancement.

But the problem is not merely to find employment for the able-bodied. Men returning home with empty coat sleeves and trouser legs pinned up, or suffering other physical destruction from their part in warfare, are to be reconstructed and made as perfect as modern science and medical attention can accomplish. Uncle Sam has declared that he owes more than a pension to such men. He is determined to give each one a course in vocational education which will enable him to go back into the industrial life despite his handicap. Whether armless or legless, shell-shocked or victims of poison gas, they all want the chance to take their places again in the great bustling world. They do not ask for hero worship nor for pity, but for a fair chance. Rehabilitation has proved that the loss of an arm or leg does not unfit a man for gaining a livelihood. It has also taught that the artificial limb should supply the lost function and not merely the image of the lost member. It is confidently predicted that many of these men will find profitable employment on America's new highways. Simple appliances added to road-building machinery might aid the reconstructed man in taking up such work. The constantly growing policy of road patrol or the road service, that keeps vigilant watch over highways in order that needed repairs shall be reported as soon as occasion arrises, offers a field to the rehabilitated man. Clerical work in the offices of highway officials might attract others who walk by means of mechanical appliances may give valuable service in road laboratory work, which is proving of greater economic value year by year.

Probably the largest field of highway opportunity open to the physically reconstructed men is in the actual building of the roads. Men whose lungs have been seared with deadly gas, victims of liquid fire and those whose nervous systems have been impaired through the rigors of modern warfare or actual shell-shock might find benefit in this fresh-air employment, providing they have recovered sufficiently from their disabilities.

Finally, the demand for highway engineers might be supplied from the ranks of the rehabilitated. The man with a sound head, despite artificial arm or leg, may always find room at the top. Fortunately several universities have lately enlarged their engineering courses to give certain special preparation useful to those engaged in highway work. To the highly efficient engineer equipped with scientific training as well as knowledge, theory, practice and good judgment, one more or less arm is of slight importance. A man apparently handicapped by the ravages of war might, by determination and effort, succeed in equipping himself for a more important place in the world than that which he left when he took up arms for his country. In a new field he may do his share in making the American highways the best in the world, a monument of peace after world strife and a memorial to the soldiers who returned from France after their part in preparing the world for that peace which is called by the other name so dear to all Americans, "Liberty."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Puds Simkins and Leroy Shooster was wawking home frum the park on account of having spent our car fare for pie without hardly any insides, me saying, G, if I'd known it was this long of a wawk I wouldn't of bowt that pie if Id of known it wasent going to have eny insides.

O well, the more you wawk the bigger of a appetite youll have for suppir, sed Puds Simkins.

You must think youre a oktimist dont you? I sed and Puds sed. Whats that? and I sed, its a persin thats allways cheerful weather they awt to be or not.

And we kepp on wawking and Leroy Shooster kicked a loose brick fearse crack with his toe on account of getting too tired to lift his feet high enuff, saying owtch, G, owtch, heck, and Puds sed, Thats nuthing, think of how mutch it would hert if a locomotive and a hole train ran over it.

G, youre what you call it, all rite, sed Leroy Shooster. Meening a oktimist and we kepp on wawking and all of a suddin a man in a little automobile with one seet called out, I've got room for 2 boys if enybody a lift. And me and Leroy Shooster ran out wile Puds was still wondering weather the man meant us, and the little awtomobeel stopped and me and me and Leroy Shooster got in and it started agen, Puds still standing on the pavemint with a sad expression looking as if he thawt he didnt know wat to think, me yelling back at him, Cheer up Puds, think wat a fearse appetite you'll have for suppir, and Leroy Shooster yelling back, Thats all rite Puds, you awt to be glad a steem boat aint running over you be one of those things, Puds.

Meening a oktimist.

TODAY'S STORY

"Once during the battle of the Somme I had the privilege of discussing with a very great French soldier the characteristics of the different breeds of fighting men," writes Col. John Buchan, the distinguished author with whose history of the war many are familiar. Colonel Buchan's romance, "John Freemantle,"

"He put, as I remember, the Scots and the Dominion troops first among the British. I demurred, and argued the claim to equal rank of the old-fashioned English county regiments who rarely go into the papers but who seemed to me to do the most of the work in most battles.

Scots and Colonials

"Yes,' said he, 'but we French incline to admire the qualities which we do not possess. Your Scots and Colonials have an elan, a fury which we reverence because it is rare among us.'

"That seemed to me a remarkable saying, and largely true. We have been accustomed to think and speak of the furia francese and the Gallic fire, but I believe that the greatest quality of the French soldier is his inhuman patience and quiet stoicism. In the early days of the war the French wounded were things to marvel at. Foreign opinion of ourselves is always to be respected, and if the French admire our clan and dash, why, it must be there to admire, for there are no better critics. Perhaps the authority I have quoted was not wholly free from bias, for the Highlander is a figure of French nursery tales, and the national memeory does not forget the 'Old Alliance' and the days when the French King and a Scott'sh bodyguard and a Scot was Constable of France.

"Sir Douglas Haig is a typical Scottish soldier, and in the crisis of last April he called on his men to endure to the last. 'There is no other course open to us,' he said. 'but to fight it out. With our backs to the wall, and believing in the justice of our cause each of us must fight on to the end.' It was tremendously impressive, but the impressiveness lay not in the eloquence, but in the absence of it.

"And yet, as the exception which proves the rule, I recall another appeal made at the some time by another General of Scottish blood which excels in the opposite way and might rank with any battle-order of the French. I transcribe a sentence or wo of Sir Arthur Currie's appeal to the Canadians for the sake of those who love great words.

" " 'I place my trust in the Canadian Corps, knowing that where Canadians are engaged there can be no giving way. Under the orders of your devoted officers in the coming battle you will advance or fall where you stand facing the enemy. To those who fall I say, "You will not die but step into immortality. Your mothers will not lament your fate, but will have been proud to have borne such sons. Your names will be revered for ever and ever by your grateful country, and God will take you unto Himself." 'Cromwell or Lincoln could not have bettered that.

Kindly and Merciful

"The consequences of the complete sanity of our fighting men is that they are most kindly and merciful. Cruelty is generally the result of jangled nerves and a fluttering heart. The Germans in Belgium were brutal because their unquiet minds saw the rifle of a franc-tireur behind every bush. In this let me quote the letter of a Scottish officer during the Somme. 'The more I see of this show the more I realise the fundamental decency of our own fellows. They may not be as well trained as the French, and I know to my sorrow that they have not the Boches' taste in music. But for genuine goodness of heart, for kindness to all unfortunate things like wounded and prisoners and dogs and ugly women they fairly beat the band.'

"Sanity, humor, mercifulness — these are great qualities and they are happily the qualities of the whole British Army."

WIT AND WISDOM

Bunched Them

Harold's mother was giving a party. She told the little fellow that whenever he passed in front of anyone he must say "Excuse me." Harold made many trips back and forth and got tired of repeating the same phrase over and over; so he finally said: "Ladies and gentlemen please excuse me for the whole evening."

Heard at the Club

Doctor—What was the most confusing case you ever tried?

Judge—A case of champagne I hadn't got half-way through it before I was all muddled up.

An Old Adage Revised

"He always calls names when he finds he is losing a game of pitch."

"Then with him it is a case of 'you can't touch pitch without being reviled.'

Satisfied

Counsel—I'm sorry I couldn't do more for you.

Convicted Client— Don't mention it guvnor, ain't five years enough?

A Relief

"You must enjoy hearing your prima donna sing."

"I do, replied the impresario. "You don't know what a relief it is to have her get out and throw those high notes around the audience instead of yelling at me about

Some men are afraid of nothing but danger.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says her uncle's a democrat, but she's glad to say there's nothing especially partisan about him, and he often says that Mr. Wilson may be the greatest president we ever had but we musn't forget Grover Cleveland in this connection.

NEW ZEALAND AGGRIEVED.

Thinks She Should Have Two Peace Delegates.

London, Jan. 25.—Premier Massey of New Zealand, interviewed, says that Premier Lloyd George quite frankly told him that the allocation of only one delegate to New Zealand was not the British Government's doing but was the work of the Peace Congress as a whole. Mr. Massey said that he fully realized that the British Government sympathised with his grievance. He intends to bring the matter before the Imperial War Cabinet at the first opportunity. Referring to the contention of the Allied nations that Great Britain was already over-represented, Mr. Massey said that if the other dominions demanded separate representation on the League of Nations, he would lodge a claim for New Zealand.

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You Realize Something is Wrong with Your Eyes.

That is the proper time to have your eyes examined and save those headaches and nervous strains that neglected eyes will cause.

Make your appointment to have us examine your eyes.

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Great Love Story, presenting GEORGE WALSH in.....

"Brave aNd Bold"

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Saturday morning Special Performance at 9:30 for the School Children or Others.....10c to all

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

Most members of the human family bear more or less striking resemblance to other birds. Everybody has known Walrus Jake and Mrs. Cat and Fred Fox. Members of the evil or crooked sex go in for animal imitations mostly, and members of the gentle or credulous sex adopt as models different species of birds. If my zoology is clear some woman make up to resemble Plymouth Rocks. The Plymouth Rock is not so very ornamental, but an indispensable bird. Others are orioles. Occasionally you meet a pheasant along Main street and far too many chickens that ought to have gone to roost hours before.

It is a woman's duty to look her best, whether she has a husband or only a hope of a husband or even a mere memory of a husband. When nature, queen of the beauty specialists, fails her then she must fall back on her own makeup case.

The test of a makeup is its unobtrusiveness. As long as the stuff is not obvious no one but a veritable hen can take any exception to it. Most of the birds are not concerned about the cackling of hens.

Provided a lady eschews cosmetics, some of which are in themselves poisonous or injurious (for example, rice powder often causes inflamed eyes), it is nobody's business except her own what myteries she employs in her toilet. I said lady. Some women and far too many girls evidently think the test of a good makeup is the way men stare.

An anxious mother whose letter manifests sound sense wonders whether it is entirely right to forbid her daughter, a girl still in high school, to use powder and rouge. It seems that "all the girls use it" nowadays. If the mother permits her daughter to wear high heels and corsets, why should she object to other artificialities of ornamentation? It doesn't seem quite fair to allow the child to wear only half of the makeup.

The energy, time, thought and money a member of the credulous sex spends on beauty dope would accomplish marvels for her appearance if intelligently appropriated for better hygiene and better health—but, after all, what a hard cruel world this would be for us men if the birds were less credulous!

Something Good For Complexion.

"Please tell me something that would be good and safe to use for my daughter's complexion. She is determined to use something for it.

MRS. F. M."

Six somersaults night and morning, and four hours out of doors every day.

CARING FOR INVALID

Some Ways of Making the Sick Comfortable in Bed.

Be sure to fix things so an invalid may sit up in bed comfortably. The ordinary bed rest is as good as any and a pile of pillows even better, if there are enough of them of varying bulk and if care is taken to support the small of the back and the end of the spine.

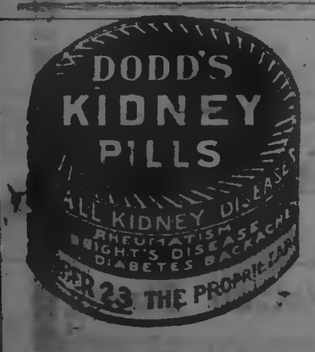
Sitting up in bed is a trial even under the best circumstances, the inevitable slipping down causing a great strain on the weakened muscles. This can be obviated by inserting a stiff pillow under the covers, against which the feet can press.

A soft pillow folded under the knees is also a help. However, in case the invalid is ill and there is no room for a bulky pillow, here is a good substitute. Slip a folded sheet under the bed covers and across the whole bed at exactly the spot touched by the feet of the sick person. Fasten each end securely to the framework of the bed at both sides. The sheet is folded so as to make a sort of hammock against which the patient may brace his feet. If the sheet is not long enough it can be folded diagonally.

A DANDRUFF REMEDY

For dandruff here is a good lotion: One ounce of tincture of cantharides, one dram of liquid ammonia, half an ounce of glycerin, half a dram of water. Rub the scalp thoroughly with this until no further evidence of dandruff is noted.

W. C. Barrie, of Galt, is the new president of the Ontario Plowmen's Association.



Zeppelin Limitations.

Basing his statements on accurate measurements of a Zeppelin that was brought down in England last October, on known facts regarding the lifting power of hydrogen gas, on the state of the barometer during the flight, on the temperature of the air recorded in the airship's log, Jhadoo Jahox writes in Aeronautics as follows:

"It would appear from the foregoing that the latest type of Zeppelin is designed to attain a height of 17,000 to 18,000 feet when over its objective and after dropping its bombs, but is capable of going even higher under stress of circumstances and at the risk of suffering some slight damage on returning to its base.

"These conclusions accord well with Mr. Warner Allen's statements that these airships are built with a view to flying between 16,000 and 18,000 feet. Of course, on a short flight they could go higher, in view of the reduced quantity of petrol to be carried."

Western Soldiers Rugged.

The "early to bed and early to rise" slogan is noticeable on the faces of the boys in khaki who are arriving here from the West and other parts of the country. These youths are certainly typical of the real American. Health, brawn and muscle are their principal characteristics and with all this there is a certain amount of chivalry that is not seen in New York. The average New Yorker is a pale individual. Indoor work, of course, is responsible for this and he always is in such a hurry that he thinks of no one but himself. Some of the New York youths marvel at the appearance of these visitors from the West. They cannot understand why they should be so ruddy. The explanation is easy. It is because they spend more time in the open. Nevertheless the appearance of the boys from other parts of the country is causing 17 kinds of jealousy.—New York Times.

Non-Inflammable Celluloid.

The usefulness of celluloid as a substitute for various materials is lessened by its extreme inflammability. Considerable interest has, therefore, been aroused by the invention by a professor in a Japanese university of a non-combustible, or at any rate slow-burning celluloid. While not exactly fireproof this substance requires a great deal of heat to kindle it, and burns very slowly.

The new material is made from the soy bean, which the Japanese have found so widely useful, and it is said, includes the use of formalin to produce a durable, hornlike substance. It is claimed that the Japanese product will be cheaper as well as much preferable to the combustible celluloid

PLAITS AND PANELS MODEL

Accordion plaits and panels are very popular this season. This skirt is of lustrous black satin and the panels are edged with broad silk fringe.

CARE OF SILVER GRAY HAIR

Tonic Containing Glycerin Should Not Be Used—Ornaments Detract More Than They Add.

Gray hair, more than hair of any other color, should be beautifully arranged. The hairdress is three-fourths of the trick of an admirable coiffure. The length, thickness, color and texture of the hair, notes a correspondent, do not matter so much, if it is beautifully undulated and becomingly coiffed. What the hairdressers nowadays can do with a skimpy little thatch of thought dome roofing is something marvelous. And they will teach you tricks of which you may well be proud.

To gray hair only certain tonics should be applied. Any tonic containing glycerin will discolor the silver sheen.

As a rule, hair ornaments detract more than they add. Brilliant ornaments or any elaborate coiffure fresco effects are suitable only for the grand hope-to-die social occasions. Shell pins are out of style. This is the day of the simple effect, of good lines and a deletion of everything that has neither meaning nor place. Hence, beautiful hair is considered sufficient unto itself, without any of the claptrap, fuss stuff for which in times agone we used to exchange our good cash, coin, spending change.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Very lovely is a frock of taffeta and velvet combination, trimmed with silk fringe, the sleeves of which are elbow length and cut kimono fashion in one with the bodice.

Chenille embroidery, combined with beads, is the charmingly effective trimming seen on some lovely frocks of satin.

In millinery the color combination of French blue and black is exceedingly popular, and to a less degree is noted seal brown and henna—the color formerly known as terra cotta.

Frocks of panne velvet trimmed with silk braid are very smart; in fact, velvet frocks, both plain and trimmed in many ways, are a delightfully attractive mode of the moment.

Formless Blouses and Coats.

Cheruit makes extremely wide and formless blouses and coats, and she, like Lanvin, uses these long loops, which are really slings. Undoubtedly they were suggested by the sight of the wounded in Paris, and the fact that the dressmaking houses in France turned out so much of the essentials for the hospitals.

HATS MUST BE PRACTICAL

Becomingness, Serviceability, Individuality, Always Figure Prominently in All Headgear.

War has not robbed woman of her natural desire to please, but it has taught her that discrimination is a far better part than display.

At present no hat stands a ghost of a chance of success unless it is practical as well as smart.

The woman with a taste and a talent for dress realizes that a hat, no matter how beautiful or how expensive it may be, is worth to her only its measure of becomingness.

So the autumn hat is a combination "hunnit" of chic, serviceability and individuality—just such a combination as will delight the feminine heart.

It is worth noting that velvet is the vogue for all the hours of the day and night, but it is developed in so many ways and allied to such a variety of things that it never fails.

It does not now matter half so much what hat one wears as how one wears it, and the head must fit way up into the crown and the hat must droop down well over the eyes if one would not be hopelessly out of the prevailing style.

SAPPHIRE TO SUPPLANT RUBY

Precious Stone Has Increased in Price on Account of War and Imitations Are Almost Impossible.

According to advices from London jewelers, the sapphire is to supersede the ruby as a fashionable jewel. For a long time the ruby has held first place, having succeeded the sapphire in favor, which was deposed by the fashionable world, despite its magnificence of color, as it had become cheaper in price. It appears now that the ruby, while bringing high prices, is nevertheless the simplest of all stones and can readily be imitated. In fact, it is difficult to detect imitations.

Consequently the sapphire will now be preferred, it having greatly increased in price during the war and it being almost impossible to manufacture imitations.

Diamonds and pearls will, of course, continue to be worn as usual and are always in fashion. Diamonds are now at the highest price in history, and may continue to increase in price.

Then and Now.

"Thirty years ago," said the man who had traveled to the end of the earth and most of the way back, "I started out, alone, unaided, without friends to help me along, with the intention of making the world pay me the living that it owes me. My only allies were a dollar bill and a determination to make a million more. Today (and he threw out his chest proudly) I still have the determination and fifty cents in change."

Crab's Keen Watch for Enemies.

The fiddler crabs of the Philippines have remarkably sharp eyes, and may be seen standing for perhaps fifteen minutes at a time quite still, scanning the landscape for signs of their chief enemies—snakes, skunks, frogs, toads and fishes. Noise will not disturb them, but they beat a hasty retreat home if anything moves near, or boldly stand and frantically wave the big claw, being particularly angry if a lady crab comes near.

"Colonel" Is a Column Leader.

The Spanish for colonel is coronel, the Italian colonello. The Spaniards originated the word 400 years ago and seem to have made it by combining the sense of the Latin columna, a column, with that of corona, a crown. We follow the French spelling, but in pronouncing we retain the Spanish "r," hence "kernel," as we say it. Literally it means the leader of a column or of the company at the head of the regiment in column.

Cold-Water Cure.

If our eyes are in good order we may keep them so by opening them under cold water every morning when we wash, but cold water is for strong eyes; weak ones should use it tepid, with a little boracic powder dissolved therein. Keep your boracic solution ready mixed in a bottle, then you won't have to make it up every day.

SLIP-OVER BLOUSE

Device Worn With Choice of Silk or Satin Skirt.

Collarless Garment, Regardless of Becomingness, Promises to Continue Popular During Season.

The blouse shown in the sketch is one of the very smart little panel effects being developed in great numbers for the season. This blouse is a slipover. The neck is sufficiently wide to make it possible to slip the blouse very easily over the head, and it is held in at the waist by a narrow elastic band, which is in turn concealed by the ribbon belt run through openings in the panel, back and front. This is very smart as a suit blouse, or it may be worn with one of the lovely silk or satin skirts, the two forming a very satisfactory afternoon dress for informal occasions.

If women come to realize that the blouse which comes well below the waistline is unquestionably the smartest and most becoming, except for distinctly sport wear, the separate blouse will come into wider use.

The model sketched, as originally designed, was made of navy georgette, with beading in navy and red, the large beads used to outline the panel, neck and wrist being in a vivid red. The ribbon belt may be of navy faille or black velvet. A red belt would be striking, but not advisable, as sharply dividing the figure at the waistline is not becoming to the average figure.

The collarless blouse will almost unquestionably continue to be the most

Panel Blouse of Georgette.

popular selection during the season, although a large number of blouses are being shown with moderately high collars. Regardless of becomingness, the collarless blouse is certainly more comfortable, and in these busy days that is a very important consideration.

EASY TO MAKE A LAMPSHADE

Throw a Square Material in Studied Carelessness Over Lined Wire Frame and Start is Made.

One of the simplest and at the same time most effective lampshades is made by throwing a square material in studied carelessness over a lined wire frame. For the floor lamp this is especially artistic. The frame should be lined with silk, either plain or shirred on, exactly as if it were to be covered with shirred silk or plain panels in the approved lampshade manner of the moment. After that a square of handsome silk, brocade, Japanese embroidery or anything sufficiently valuable to suggest that it remain uncut is thrown over the shade so that the points fall evenly. Heavy fringe may weight the edge, or tassels at the corners will perform the same office. A small hole in the center may have to be worked through the material so that the tip of the electric fixture which holds the shade may work through. The silk could be tacked very lightly here and there to the lined frame to keep it from slipping out of place.

FRINGE ON VEILS

Season's Vogue Provides for the Popular Trimming.

Arrangement of Border Sometimes Covers Mouth and Chin of Wearer —Some Popular Colors.

The present season's vogue for fringe has extended even to veils. Some of these veils are slip-over affairs. That is, the veiling is sewed together and an elastic band arranged at one edge, so that it may be held to the hat. Others are finished at the lower edge and two ends with the fringe, and an elastic band may be used to secure the veil to the hat, or it may be merely draped and pinned.

Fall and winter millinery fashions would, at a mere glance, seem to discourage the wearing of veils. Hats are frequently so oddly shaped and trimmed that draping a veil over one of them would seem to be rather a difficult task. Veils, however, are of generous proportions, and they are so uniformly becoming that women simply will not abandon them, regardless of hat shape or size.

The harem veil is one of the novelties of the season, one-half of it being filmy net or chiffon, while the other half is comparatively heavy, and when draped over the face the lower half of the face is barely visible.

Shetland veilings, always serviceable, are shown this season heavily embroidered in wool. Sometimes the wool embroidery is arranged as a border, covering mouth and chin of the wearer, and again one or two striking flowers are embroidered in wool on the open Shetland mesh.

Navy, taupe, brown and purple are popular veil shades for fall and winter wear.

The new hats for fall feature feathers, either fancy feathers of one kind or another, or ostrich as first favorites in the line-up of trimmings, with bows or self-fabric arranged windmill or airplane fashion; second, and from present indications one of the most popular millinery colors of the fall and winter season is to be a brownish red, or reddish brown, christened "henna." The windows of the smart shops are filled with hats featuring this shade, and it also appears frequently as a trimming touch on smart frocks.

Finding Broken Wire

It is a difficult matter to locate a broken wire in an ignition cable, unless one knows how. Here is how: Draw each individual wire out somewhere along the cable. Hold a compass within a half-inch of the wire. If the current is flowing through the wire, the compass will be deflected from its normal position in one way or the other. A broken wire will have no effect on the instrument, which thereby acts as a detective.

Chinese Wedding Presents.

In social circles of the celestial empire the family of the bridegroom makes presents to the family of the bride of various articles a few days before the day fixed for the marriage. The presents generally consist of food, the leg and foot of a pig, the leg of a goat, eight small cakes of bread, eight torches, three pairs of large red candles, a quantity of vermicelli, and several bunches of firecrackers.

Labor-Saving Penholder.

To conserve his time a man whose monthly duty it is to sign 100,000 salary checks for a railway company employs a multiple penholder that permits his signature to be written five times in one operation. The apparatus, says Popular Mechanics Magazine, differs from some others in that the fountain pens are clamped to a pivoted rack that is mounted in a portable box resembling a suitcase. The cover, when opened flat on the desk top, holds a frame in which the vouchers are placed for signing.

"Parsec" Is a Long, Long Way.

A "parsec" is a distance that the most zealous pedestrian would hardly care to walk before breakfast. In fact, it doesn't enter into the sphere of human operations at all, but it is a handy unit in astronomy. It is equal to 20,000,000,000,000 miles and is the distance traveled by light in 3.3 years. A few of the nearest stars are from one to five parsecs distant from us, but most of the stars that dot the sky are scores or hundreds of parsecs away.

MRS. MAY COULD NOT WORK

Made Well and Strong by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Columbia, Pa.—"I was very weak and run down and had dragging-down pains and pains in my back. I could not get around to do my work and had to sit down and rest often during the day. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the papers and read the testimonials, so I thought I would try it. Now I am healthier than I ever was in my life, and can recommend it to any woman who suffers as I did." —Mrs. ELIZABETH MAY, R.F.D. No. 1, Columbia, Pa.

The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so successful in overcoming woman's ills is because it contains the tonic, strengthening properties of good old fashioned roots and herbs, which act on the female organism. Women from all parts of the country are continually testifying to its strengthening, curative influence, and the letters which we are constantly publishing from women in every section of this country prove beyond question the merit of this famous root and herb medicine.

Long Wars of the Past.

A review of history shows that all the most momentous clashes of arms have resulted in long wars. In the middle ages England waged an intermittent conflict with France known as the Hundred Years war; while the corresponding conflict between England and Scotland may be said to have been a five-century one.

No Crime to Stifle Yawn.

The office boy says he has no record of any law having been enacted making it a crime to stifle a yawn. You may have in mind the case of Macbeth, who, as you will recall, created a sensation in the newspapers of his time by murdering sleep.—Indianapolis Star.

Liberty Before All Things.

Blandishments will not famish us, nor will threats of a halter intimidate us; for, under God, we are determined that, whatsoever, whensoever or howsoever we shall be called to make our exit, we will die free men.—Josiah Quincy.

Another Paradox.

"I have noticed in my little journeys from bedtime to bedtime," said the almost philosopher, "that the fellow who prides himself on being blunt in his speech can ask some very pointed questions."

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—of—

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"PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE"

WOMEN BUY FURS AT $10,000 A SET

ONE AND A HALF MILLION DOLLARS SPENT RECENTLY IN CHICAGO.

Despite the war, fur buyers throughout Chicago, representing some of the larger department stores and most exclusive shops, said today that during the present season the most expensive wraps in years, and more of them, have been sold to wealthy women here. A dozen society leaders are wearing wraps that cost $10,000 or more. The number that have purchased wraps at $1,000 to $5,000 reaches into a probable 300, it was said. Dealers estimated furs valued at $1,500,000 had been sold in Chicago this year.

"Women are spending their money on expensive coats as they have spent money on jewels in the past," said W. F. Smith of Marshall Field & Co. "This is the best fur year so far as wraps are concerned that we have seen in years."

Women Defend Purchases.

At the store of John T. Shayne & Co., three wraps that were valued at more than $10,000 were sold, according to the president of the company, Thomas J. Considine.

At Mande Brothers fifty or sixty wraps valued at $1,000 to $3,000 were sold, was the statement of the fur buyer.

Officials of the Women's Association of Commerce, when questioned about these expenditures, declared they were not a sign of extravagance.

"It stimulates commerce," Miss Sophia E. Delson, president of the association, said. "Speaking for the commercial interests of Chicago, I feel that the money has not been wasted. Many men have a share in it. Thousands of workers and business men have participated in the assembling of these expensive garments, and it has helped them, I think, from the commercial point of view."

"Shows Lack of Imagination."

Miss Amelia Sears, civic director of the Woman's City club, said of the purchasers of the most expensive wraps noted:

"After all it isn't as if they consumed food valued at $10,000. You couldn't feed the fur to any one in Europe. But I think spending that much money on one article shows a lack of imagination—yes, and a gross materialism."

An estimate of the value of mineral production of British Columbia in 1918, is four million dollars, or eleven per cent. greater than previous years.

The steamer Melita brought a number of military and civilian passengers to St. John.

ENGAGED TO MARRY.

Miss Isabel Adami, daughter of Dr. (Colonel) J. G. Adami, professor of McGill University, Montreal, who has been nursing in France for four years, is engaged to Major Gordon McLennan, of Ottawa, of the Eastern Ontario Regiment.

Seven More Local Men Reach Halifax

Advices received early this afternoon by F. H. Dobbin, secretary of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, that the following men arrived at Halifax on Sunday morning on board the steamer Easiquibo and were forwarded to M. D. No. 3, Kingston on the afternoon of yesterday:

Lance-Corp. R. Mitchell.
T. E. Chapman.
L. Burtch.
Spr. L. W. Copp.
Gnr. L. L. Franks.
N. B. Peters.
R. J. Reynolds.

Committee Call At Headquarters

In pursuance of the resolution passed at the last meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committee the members visited the fire hall this afternoon and discussed some of the matters pertaining to the estimates in an informal manner with the chief.

They were shown through the building and several points referred to in the annual report of Chief Grange submitted last week were demonstrated by an inspection of the stock and equipment of the department.

When next the committee meets they will go further into the matter and in all probability will get down to business on the consideration of the estimates as furnished by the chief.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER. Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario
Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.
D. N. MOORE, J. B. CAMERON, Inspectors
PHONE 14

ALDERMEN ATTEND SERVICE IN THE PARK STREET CHURCH

Listen to a Discourse on the Second Coming of the Nazarene.

Following a long established custom, the members of the City Council last night attended church in a body, accepting this year the invitation of the pastor and officers of the Park Street Baptist church to take part in the services last evening. They met at the city hall early in the evening and marched to the church in a body. The front pews in the centre of the church were reserved for them. Those who attended were Mayor Duncan, City Clerk Armstrong, and Aldermen Turner, Morrison, Garside, Murray, Edgar, Hamilton, McIntyre and Taylor. Attending Divine service is no novel experience for the aldermen, as every member of the Council is connected with some place of worship, nearly all denominations in the city being represented, the Salvation Army claiming Ald. Murray.

Rev. D. Brown, the pastor of the church, before beginning his discourse, welcomed the visitors in a few well-chosen words. He stated his opinion that no council ever elected in Peterborough was called upon to face graver responsibilities than will devolve upon the present board, and expressed the hope that they would prove worthy of the trust that had been committed to their keeping. The people could assist the aldermen in their work, and this aid, he was sanguine, would not be lacking.

Mr. Brown said he did not propose to offer the aldermen advice on the discharge of their duties, which they knew more about than he did, but intended to preach on a Bible topic as usual. The subject of his sermon was "His Coming: When?" and the text was the fourth verses of the third chapter of the second epistle of Peter: "And saying, where is the promise of His coming? For since the fathers fell asleep all things continue as they were from the beginning of the creation."

The speaker on this theme delivered one of the thoughtful, scholarly and earnest discourses for which he is noted. He did not attempt even to approximate the date of the Second Coming. It may be tomorrow or at the end of the present century. But one thing is certain, the world is ripe for it now, the conditions that are foretold in the Scripture already prevail. Just as in the days of Noah when the people paid no heed to the warning but were buying and selling and sinning, so are they engaged today.

An excellent musical program was furnished by the choir under the leadership of Miss Norma Moore, who also fills the position of organist.

The annual meeting of the church which continues to show steady progress, will be held Wednesday evening, and a full attendance is requested.

A select program for the entertainment of the younger members of the congregation during the winter months has been arranged.

OBITUARY

MRS. WILLIAM SMITH.

This afternoon the funeral of the late Mrs. Wm. Smith of South Monaghan was held from the family residence to Little Lake Cemtery, Rev Canon Davidson officiating.

Mrs. Smith, who passed away on Friday afternoon, was an esteemed resident of the township where she had lived for a great many years. She had been ill for a considerable time as a result of a paralytic stroke and her death was not unexpected.

She leaves her husband and one daughter, Mrs. Bettes, Ashburnham.

Vancouver, B. C., reports that last year's salmon pack was the largest in the history of the industry. It is placed at 1,616,157 cases of all varieties.

Rev. Father John Brockway Hutton died of influenza at Regina. He was ordained in September, 1915, and afterwards went to the Archdiocese of Toronto.

In a letter addressed to the Quebec Superintendent of Public Instruction, his Eminence Cardinal Begin sonarely opposed compulsory education.

Inland revenue for November amounted to $4,080,696, as compared with $2,642,920, the total for December, 1917.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

FOUND—Two umbrellas last night of storm on George street. Apply Review Office.

APPROVES STEP PROPOSED HERE

OWEN SOUND PAPER FAVORS MEMORIAL HISTORY OF SOLDIERS THERE.

(Owen Sound Sun-Times.)

We note with special satisfaction in the Peterborough Review of Jan. 16th the announcement that "The Officers and Men" of Peterborough's military unit, the 93rd Battalion, have requested Capt. C. R. Widdifield, one of its most distinguished members to write a history of the regiment.

Capt. Widdfeld is a son of His Honor Judge Widdifield, of our own town and is certified as having all the requisite equipment, including, literary ability, for the task. The history proposed will include a full record of the individual members of the battalion and their services whether in England or France. The co-operation of parents of the men and others is bespoken to supply desired details of information. This is not a scheme to make money by exploiting the widespread public interest in the men who helped to win the war, and an appeal is made to all who are able to help in any way to do so.

This is a good lead and one which we hope may be widely followed. Why should not "the Officers and Men of Town" who sacrificed and served with such distinction be similarly honored and the memory of their loyalty and valor be perpetuated. This is not thought of or suggested in any sense as a substitute for a memorial, or memorials that should be erected in Owen Sound, or in the chief local centres of the country, but as a souvenir of the war a copy of which might be in every home in the county, and would be prized and treasured as an heir-loom in the homes from which our brave defenders cade at the call of the Empire and human ty.

We would suggest that our War Veterans Association should consider this matter an ddecide as soon as possible on omething of the kind proposed in Peterborough. It would not be hard to find a competent editor who ,out of the mass of material available could make such a literary memorial as would be for all time not only a most interesting chapter in the history of the great war, but an important chapter in the history of the county and of the province.

The expansion of industrial facilities at Calgary is noted in the building permits issued, which one day recently amounted to $42,000.

Fortunately a woman's disposition doesn't depend upon the fit of her shoes.

RISES IN DEFENSE OF DOG

Toronto Newspaper Man Vigorously Condemns Silly Proposal That They Be Killed Off in Wartime.

A wrathful correspondent of the Mail and Empire suggests that dogs ought to be killed off in wartime or else such a stiff tax imposed upon their owners as greatly to reduce the dog population. Similar views have been expressed since the war in England. Only the other day Lord Claud Hamilton said that pet dogs are a nuisance and that if he had his way he would "slaughter all the Pekingese dogs in the country and have them made into meat pies." Not long ago Punch presented a picture of a tough-looking citizen grooming an equally ugly fighting bull terrier while a curate addressed him as follows: "Don't you think, my good man, that in wartime you would be better employed in keeping a useful animal, a pig, for instance?" "Yus," growled the dog fancier, "and a nice fool I'd look goin' ratlin' with a pig." Proposals to destroy dogs are founded rather on personal prejudice or ignorance than on a consideration of the advantage to be gained by their extermination. The assertion that they consume much food that might better be converted to human use is not justified. As a rule dogs live on table scraps and odds and ends of food which would otherwise be wasted. As for the Hamilton suggestion about making Pekes into meat pies, it is probable that all the Pekes in the British isles would not provide a single enjoyable meal for one battalion.

It is true that dogs frequently kill sheep, but they also kill cats and rats and thus help to square the account. In thousands of farmhouses they constitute an invaluable guard for the women folk. They even do such chores as driving up the cows, churning the milk, fetching and carrying and performing other services that make amends for the undeniable fact that they get their hair on the furniture and come into the kitchen with muddy paws. At the front they are doing war work of undeniable value. In Belgium they are beasts of burden. They carry messages from the trenches to headquarters in the rear. They guard against enemy raids; they locate the wounded lying in No Man's Land, and are a real god to many thousands of homesick soldiers. A proposal to abolish dogs is about as sensible as a proposal to abolish nephews, and has about as much chance of succeeding.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Lines to Be Remembered.

Good nature will always supply the absence of beauty, but beauty cannot supply the absence of good nature.—Joseph Addison.

Famous Suicides.

According to a Yale scientist, statistics that a too stimulating [illegible] effect in increasing the suicide rate.

[illegible] with Virtue. [illegible] to [illegible] and choke [illegible] [illegible]

CONGRESS MAY PUT EMBARGO ON IMMIGRATION FOR 4 YEARS

That Is Measure Discussed Today at Washington—Present Native Citizens Entitled to the First Chance.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The Immigration Committee will today report to the House a drastic bill prohibiting immigration into the United States for a period of four years. The Rules Committee of the House will be asked for a special rule to expedite passage of the bill and an attempt will be made to force it through the House and Senate at this session.

The committe decided on this action by a vote of 9 to 4, after hearings that occupied several weeks. Labor union officials and others had advised that immediate stoppage of immigration would be necessary in order to prevent serious conditions of unemployment in this country.

The bill provides that no persons shall be admitted to the United States except officials of foreign governments, tourists, families of naturalized citizens and such persons as ministers, teachers, lawyers, physicians, students, authors, artist and member of the learned professions. The bill also would permit the entrance into the United States of persons who can prove that they are seeking to avoid religious persecution.

Any kind of immigration would be permitted from Canada, Mexico and Newfoundland, under rules prescribed by the Commissioner-General of Immigration. Men not citizens who left the United States to enter the military service of the allies also would be permitted to re-enter the country.

It has been pointed out that there have been 4,000,000 persons in the United States employed, directly or indirectly in war industries, and that all of these persons will be more or less affected during the transition period. Furthermore, it is said, there are nearly 4,000,000 men in the military service who must be taken care of and given employment.

The industrial facilities of the nation are not sufficient it has been argued to absorb this great quantity of skilled and unskilled labor in a short period of time.

Much opposition to the bill has been manifested by the manufacturing and employing interests, which maintains that despite the condition of the labor market there is now and will continue to be a great shortage of cheap unskilled labor.

It is asserted by agents of the Commissioner-General of Immigration that when the bars for immigration are let down there will be a tremendous rush of immigrants to this country the like of which New York has never seen before.

Encouragement.

Dey so many folks 'mongst dey's all in wen all dey needs is a li'l 'courragement. Mah folks turnt a ole mule loose in de wood lot t' die en she got'n a bawnet's nes 'en to' down fo' pranels o' fence!—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Seems Queer.

"Seek and ye shall find" is a great truth (says the Philosopher of Folly) but it can be overdone. For instance the man who is always hunting for a job is the man who never seems to find one.

Nothing in a Name.

"Namin' a boy 'George Washington,'" said Uncle Eben, "is as much a sign dat he's gineter be truthful as namin' a mule 'Job' is a sign dat he's gineter be patient."

Very Good Reason.

One reason a man has more pockets than a woman is because his collar is too tight to permit him to throw things down his shirt front.—Galveston News.

Children and Music.

The value of good music in the home cannot be overestimated. Fortunate the child whose ear is accustomed from the cradle to beautiful sounds and melody. And yet even more fortunate the child who is accustomed to hearing the singing voices of those about him. Children love to hear songs, children's songs, big people's songs and folk songs. They love to hear the songs of long ago when mother was a child, and the lullaby grandmother used to sing. The child loves especially at bedtime song, sung at the crib before the final good-night."

Conscription Under Moses.

Moses made the first conscription law. He wanted an army and he made this rule: "From twenty years old and upward, all that are able to go forth to war in Israel" were to serve. His registration boards were also allowed to grant exemption which included men who had new houses not yet "dedicated," and those who had vineyards of which they had not yet eaten and finally those who were afraid to fight.

Good Edison Phonographs
and Other Makes
Almost Given Away on Dollar Day

As stock-taking time approaches, we must clean up all extra stock. These machines were taken as part payment on larger instruments. They have been thoroughly overhauled and put in best of repair to give good satisfaction. Two $1.00's down, balance $1.00 a week takes choice.

SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR OTHER STYLES AND THESE SNAPS.

A few splendid Organs, either 5-octave or piano cased will be among our bargain offers for Dollar Day. See the two in our window. 10% less than these prices if full price is paid in cash.

4 "Conqueror" Needle Machines, with floral design, metal body; slightly used; with 20 selections. Each $18.50

1 Manophone, table style, in golden quartered oak, beautiful finish. Original price of machine only $65.00. This instrument is new and will sell at, including 12 new selections, for $55.00

2 Vanaphones, metal body; good reproduction; with 20 selections; used for demonstrating, for, each $9.50

1 Edison "Home" Phonograph, with diamond reproducing point, large cygnet horn. This is as good as new. Six B. A. Records Only .... Each $25.00

1 Manophone, in polished mahogany, slightly used (good as new) with 12 selections. Only $12.50

Original price of this machine was $65.00.

1 Edison "Standard" Phonograph, with sapphire point; a splendid instrument, including six Blue Amberol Records (one 4-, only $15.00

1 Edison "Fireside" Phonograph, sapphire point, fitted with the large cygnet horn and with six new Blue Amberol Records .. .. Only $17.50

1 Manophone, in polished mahogany, slightly used (good as new), with 12 selections. Only $42.00

(Original price of machine new), with 12 selections was $65.00.) $42.00

The J. M. Greene Music Company, Ltd.
"The Home of Good Music"
Greene Music Building Charlottee Street

Robert Fair & Company, Ltd.

DOLLAR DAY

Announcement of Our Great January Dollar Day Sale

Wednesday, the 29th inst.

We will publish in to-morrow's Daily Examiner and Review the most comprehensive and attractive list of DOLLAR DAY BARGAINS we have ever undertaken. We have been preparing for this JAN. DOLLAR DAY EVENT for many months. Our buyers had particular instructions to procure something much out of the ordinary in Values for this occasion and that they surpassed themselves will be evident to you when you come to our store on Wednesday and see the hundreds of lines of beautiful and seasonable Merchandise displayed on Counters, Tables, Racks and in Show Cases.

As on past occasions there will be generous cash prizes to those who correctly estimate the number of coupons to be deposited in the box at the Examiner office on Dollar Day. Those who bought here on past Dollar Days were among the largest Prize Winners. Here are the numbers that won the prizes: February, 1918—11113 August, 1918—10556.

Do not fail to read every item in our Advertisement of Dollar Day Bargains in to-morrow Evening's Paper. The greatest day of Value-Giving at this Store, during the Year.

Note—Customers who have open accounts with us will receive $ Day estimating blanks just the same as if they paid cash. No goods will be allowed out on approbation that day or exchanged afterwards.

Prize Winners At Poultry Show

List of prize winners for the January 1919 Poultry Show.

Light Brahmas

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel 1-2 pullet.

H. A. McColl, Norwood—3 cock, 3 hen, 3 cockerel.

Dark Brahmas

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Buff Cochin

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 hen.

K. A. Nesbitt city—1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Langshans

R. E. Cassan, Campbellford—1 cock, 3 hen.

J. A. Ash, city—2 cock, 1 hen, 1-2 pullet.

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—1 hen

Barred Rocks

J. A. Kelly, city—1-2 cock, 2 hen

A. O. Kidd, city—1 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet.

W. J. Colwell, Port Hope—3 cock, 3 hen.

G. A. Bendelow, Ida—3 cockerel.

White Rocks

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—1 cock, 3 cockerel, 1 pullet.

W. Nesbitt, city—2 cockerel.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—3 cock, 3 hen.

Bert Letts, Lindsay—1 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 2-3 pullet.

Lorne Williams, Belleville, 2 hen.

Buff Rocks

L. A. Marrow, Lindsay—1-2 cockerel.

Partridge Rocks

Abbott & Tudhope, city—2-3 cock 1-3 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet.

Bliss & Kelll, Elginburg—1 cock, 2 hen.

J. A. Holden, R.R. 6, city—3 cockerel.

Golden Laced Wyandotte

S. J. Cox, Colborne—1-2-3 cock, 2-3 hen, 3 cockerel, 4 pullet.

A. Cripps, city—1 hen, 5 pullet.

J. R. Hope, Indian River—1-2 cockerel, 2-3 pullet.

W. Roberts & Son, Downer's Corners—1 pullet.

Silver Laced Wyandotte

M. McDowell, Cavan—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-3 cockerel, 1-3 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 cock, 3 hen, 2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

White Wyandottes

Robt Fox, Port Hope—1 cock 1 hen.

Arthur Everson, city—2 cock, 3 hen, 3 cockerel.

Wilfred Brown, city—3 cock, 2 hen.

H. E. Norton, Lindsay—1 cockerel, 1-3 pullet.

Arthur Kingdon, city—2 cockerels, 2-4 pullet.

J. H. Hope, Indian River—5 pullet

Black Wyandottes

L. A. Morrow, Lindsay—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

M. McDowell, Cavan—3 pullet.

Partridge Wyandottes

D. Wark, Picton, 1 cock, 1 hen, 3 hen.

Abbott & Tudhope, city—2 hen.

Buff Wyandottes

L. A. Morrow, Lindsay—1 cock, 1 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—2 cock

D. Wark, Picton—3 cock.

Columbian Wyandottes

Elliott Bros., city—1 cock, 3 hen 3 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Henry Daniels, Lindsay—2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet

W. H. Nicholls, Bowmanville—3 cock.

Buckeyes

Wm. Ferguson—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Buff Orpingtons

Edgar W. Hayden—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet.

Elliott Bros., city—2 cock, 3 hen.

Black Orpington

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—1 cockerel, 3 pullets.

F. H. Brown & Son, Pt. Hope—1-2 pullet.

White Orpingtons

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Blue Orpingtons

F. H. Brown & Son—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds

Thos. McKend, Cobourg—1 cock, 1 pullet

Abbott & Tudhope, city—2 cock

Geo. Buller, city—3 cock, 2 cockerel.

Henry Daniels, Lindsay—1 hen, 1 cockerel.

Wilfrid Brown, city—2 hen.

Single Comb Rhode Island Reds

Geo. Buller, city—1 cock, 1 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1 pullet.

J. Heffernan, city—2 cock, 3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Thos. Darrah, city—3 pullet.

Dorkings A. C.

R. Eggerman, city—1 cock, 3 hen

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—2 cock, 1 hen

D. Wark, Picton—3 cock, 2 hen, 1 cockerel.

Ancona

Bliss & Keill, Elginburg—1 hen 2 cockerel.

W. J. Dickinson, city—2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-3 pullet.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—3 cockerel 3 pullet.

Campines A. C

W. H. Nichols, Bowmanville—1 cock, 1 hen.

Harold Baker, city—2 cock, 3 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

H. Lucas, city—3 cock, 3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Bliss & Keill, Elginburg—2 hen.

Black Leghorns

Kent Throop, city—1 cock, 2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Mrs. H. J. Walsh, Kingston—2 cock, 3 cock, 1-3 hen, 3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Bert Letts, Lindsay—2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Rose Comb White Leghorns

Mrs. H. J. Walsh, Kingston—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-3 pullet.

T. Bottrell & Son, Bowmanville—3 cockerel, 2 pullet

Bruce Curtis, Norham—2 cock, 3 hen.

Single Comb White Leghorns

James Capstick, Bobcaygeon—1 4 cock, 1 hen, 3 cockerels, 1-3 pullet.

J. A. Kelly, city—2 cock.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—3 cock, 2 hen.

H. S. Routley, City—5 cock, 5 Cockerel.

W. B. Lee, city—3 hen.

Elliott Bros., city—1 cockerel

E. W. Sisson, Cobourg—3 cockerel 2 pullet.

Bliss & Keill, Elginburg—1 cockerel, 4 pullet.

Rose Comb Brown Leghorns

J. Heffernan, city—1 cock, 1-2 hens 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Single Comb Brown Leghorns

J. Heffernan, city—1-2 cock, 1-2-3 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet.

Walter Sindon, city—3 cock, 2-3 hen.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 hen.

Single Comb Buff Leghorns

W. H. Nichols, Bowmanville, 1 cock.

Bliss & Keill, Elginburg—2 cock, 3 hen.

Lorne Williams, Belleville—3 cock 1 hen.

Percy Hartley, city—2 hen, 1-3 pullet.

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—1 cockerel 2 pullet.

Price Bros, city—2 cockerel.

Rose Comb Buff Leghorns

J. A. Holden, R.R. 6 city—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 2 cockerel, 2-3 pullet.

Single Comb Black Minorcas

R. D. Robson, city—1 cock, 3 hen.

Robt. Fox, Port Hope—2-3 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Edgar W. Hayden, Cobourg—2 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Blue Andalusians

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—1 cock, 1-2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

T. H. Brown & Son, Port Hope—2-3 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 3-4 cockerel 3-4-5 pullet.

H. A. McColl, Norwood—5 cockerel 1 pullet.

Cornish Games

D. Wark, Picton—1-3 cock, 2 hen 2 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Percy Hartley, city—2 cock, 2-3 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Modern Games

Geo. Buller, city—1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Pit Games

C. Martin, city—1 cock.

H. E. Cassan, Campbellford—2 cock, 1-3 hen, 3 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Bliss & Keill, Elginburg—3 cock, 2 hen, 1 cockerel, 2 pullet.

T. Bottrell & Son, Bowmanville, 2 cockerel

W. C. B. Polands

D. Wark, Picton—1 cock, 1-2 hen

A. O. V. Polands

D. Wark, Picton—1-2 hen.

Black Hamburgs

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Percy Hartley, city—2-3 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Golden Spangled Hamburgs.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 pullet

Silver Spangled Hamburgs.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 cock, 1 hen, 1-2 cockerels, 1-2 pullet.

Pencilled Hamburgs.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 cock, 1 hen.

Silkies.

D. Wark, Picton—1 cockerel.

Guinea Fowl.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—2 hen, 2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

A. O. V. Fowl (Standard).

Henry Daniels, Lindsay—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 2 pullet.

W. J. Munroe, Grafton—2 cock, 2 hen, 2 cockerel, 1 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 pullet.

Black Red Game Bantams.

W. J. Colwill, Port Hope—1 hen, 1 cock.

G. Buller, city—2 cock, 2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Bliss & Kiell, Elgenburg—1 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Brown, Red, Birchen Game Bantams.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet, 2 hen.

Geo. Buller, city—2 cock, 1 hen, 3 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Duckwing or Pyle Game Bantams.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—1-2 cock, 2 hen, 1 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—2 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel 2 pullet.

Seabright Bantams.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—1 cock, 1 hen.

T. Battrellos, Bowmanville — 2 cock, 2 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Bliss & Kiell, Elgenburg—3 cock, 3 hen, 2 cockerel, 3 pullet.

Rose Comb Bantams.

W. J. Colwill, Port Hope—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-3 cockerel, 3 pullet.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—3 cock.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 hen.

Bert Letts, Lindsay—2 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Bliss & Kiell, Elgenburg—2 pullet.

Buff Cochin Bantams.

T. Bottrellos, Bowmanville—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Hamecoll, Norwood—3 pullet.

Black Cochin Bantams.

T. Bottrellos, Bowmanville—1-3 cock, 1-3 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Bert Letts, Lindsay—2 cock, 2 hen.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—2 cockerel, 3 pullet.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

A. O. V. Cochin Bantams.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 3 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—2 cock, 2 hen.

Wilfred Brown, city—3 cock, 3 pullet.

Hamecoll, Norwood—1 hen, 2 cockerel.

Bert Letts, Lindsay—3 cockerel, 2 pullet.

A. O. V. Bantams

T. Bottrell & Son, Bowmanville—1 cock, 1 cockerel.

D. T. Northey, South Oshawa—2-3 cock, 1-2 hen.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 hen, 2 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Henry Daniels, Lindsay—2 pullet.

Fantail Pigeons.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—1 pair.

Homing Pigeons.

Geo. Roseman, city—1-3 pairs.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—2 pair.

Carrier Pigeons.

T. Bottrell & Son, Bowmanville—1 pair.

A. O. V. Pigeons.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—1 pair.

Belgian Hares Rabbits.

Geo. Paxman—1 pair.

B. W. Trotter—2 pair.

K. A. Neabitt—3 pair.

Bronze Turkeys.

S. J. Cox, Colborne—1 cock.

Wilfred Brown, city—2 cockerel, 1 pullet.

A. O. V. Turkeys.

Wilfred Brown—1 cock.

Toulouse Geese.

S. J. Cox, Colborne—1-2 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 1-2-3 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet.

Emaen Geese.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

A. O. V. Geese.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel.

Aylesbury Ducks.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Pekin Ducks.

W. J. Colwill, Port Hope—1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—2 hen, 2 cockerel, 2 pullet.

Rouen Ducks.

Bruce Curtis, Norham—1 hen, 1 cockerel.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—2 hen, 1 pullet.

Wilfred Brown, city—2 cockerel.

Cayuga Ducks.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 1 hen, 1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Indian Runner Ducks.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 cockerel, 1-2 pullet.

Dressed Cickens.

C. F. Browne, city—1 pair.

Geo. Buller, city—2 pair.

Canies (Guinea Pigs.)

Thos. Darrah, city—1 pair.

Eggs (White).

Kent Throop, city—1st.

H. Lucas, city—2nd.

K. A. Nesbitt, city—3rd.

Eggs (Brown).

Abbott & Tudhope, city—1st.

G. A. Bendelow, Ida—2nd and 3rd.

Breeding Pens (Light).

Percy Hartley, city—1st.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburgh—2nd.

H. A. McColl, Norwood—3rd.

Breeding Pens (Heavy).

H. A. McColl, Norwood—1st.

W. H. Nichola, Bowmanville—2nd.

Selling Class (Heavy).

Wilfred Brown, city—1 cock.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—2 cock, 2 pullet.

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—3 hen.

Geo. Buller, city—1 cockerel, 1 pullet.

Joe. Kelly, city—2 cockerel.

Selling Class (Light).

W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft—1 cock, 1-3 cockerel.

Bliss & Kiell, Elginburg—2 cock, 1 hen, 1 pullet.

Lorne Williams, Belleville—3 cock, 2 hen.

E. W. Sisson, Cobourg—2 cockerel.

WRIGLEY'S

All three brands sealed in air-tight packages. Easy to find—it is on sale everywhere.

Look for, ask for, be sure to get WRIGLEY'S

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE PERFECT GUM MINT LEAF FLAVOUR

SEALED TIGHT

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT

KEPT RIGHT

WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOUR LASTS

MADE IN CANADA

The Flavour Lasts

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre To Hair

That beautiful even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Don't bother to prepare the mixture; you can get this famous old recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients for 50 cents a large bottle, all ready for use. It is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous.

S. A. TEMPLE TONIGHT

A special service will be conducted by the Corps Cadet Guardian and corps cadets. Public invited, time 8 p.m.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 4.15—Mission Band.

7.30—Girls Auxiliary.

8 —Vestry meeting in Guild Room

Tuesday, 2.30 — W. A. Sewing Meeting.

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice. Boys at 7.30.

Friday, 2 p.m.—C. W. A. Sewing meeting.

Saturday 9—Boys choir practice.

EMPLOYERS SHOULD TAKE BACK FORMER WORKMEN

This Is a Duty Owed to the Men Who Have Been Overseas—An Experiment Tried Out in the West.

Let the question of the returned men be considered in a sane manner. This does not imply the meeting of every hero with a flannel bag and a row of sentimental gushings upon the state of his heroic soul, nor the assumption that such a man is of no use for civilian life. The work of repatriation, if taken aright, cannot fail to prove the biggest event in the history of the country, but the fact must not be overlooked that three-fourths of the opportunity to carry on the movement to complete success rests with the employers of Canada.

Every employer of labor, whether on a large or small scale, owes a duty to the returned men. The very life of the commerce by which he lives and has been enabled to maintain his business stability has been preserved and guarded by the life blood and self-denial of our fighting men.

There are thousands of whom the duty can never be repaid in person; but towards those other comrades who have been spared to return this credit due must never be allowed to assume the form of a bad debt.

Is it to be considered an act of grace, charity or extreme heroism upon the part of employers to take back these men even after repeated pledges given to this effect? Rather let it be widely understood that the employer who would stop merely at this point and consider that his whole duty has been performed when he undertakes to replace one or two men is falling far short of what Canada expects from every man who stayed at home.

Co-operation Essential.

Co-operation now and continued co-operation for many months hereafter must be the motto of all who have to do with the placing of the returned men. The Government is doing its part by the provision of pensions, medical care, advice and oversight, the rebuilding up of the home life of the men with the return of their dependents, establishing of employment bureaus, and in the thousand one after care departments, employing the best of advice in energy and enthusiasm to cope with the problems which may arise, but to the employer is committed the task, the duty, of seeing that the man who returns to civilian life after months spent amid nerve-wrecking scenes will be given a fair trial and has a helping hand wherever necessary.

A Western Experiment.

The following account of an experiment undertaken by several large grain firms in Winnipeg may suggest a program of action for employers in other parts of the country.

These firms have taken back their men at salaries varying from $60.00 to $75.00 per month; such salaries are, of course, much lower than those paid to the same men before the war but the men have been taken back on this basis—that while they are engaged in the task of refitting themselves to meet the demands and duties of civilian life a full day's work will not be expected of them. They are required to report at the proper hour in the morning and are requested not to loaf around the offices, but at the same time they are left absolutely free at any time to go out and stay out for the balance of the day, if they feel that the work is getting too much for them. The only thing required of them in this respect is that they report to the office of the manager as they go out. As these men settle down to the routine and are able to do a larger share of the work their wages steadily increase. In one office alone, which employed seven men under this system, paying them at the rate of $60.00 a month about a year ago, at the present time the lowest paid man is receiving $100.00. In this instance the situation was simplified a great deal by the fact that nearly all of the men taken into the scheme were unmarried and therefore while undergoing readjustment the $60.00 per month provided a living wage.

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See his window at Nugent Drug Co. for an assortment of everything in the Optical line.

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FOR SALE—Bungalow, new modern seven-roomed brick bungalow. Residential district; seven minutes walk from Post Office. Apply 61, Robinson, street, or phone 10[illegible]

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1 second-hand Grinder, 1 Gasoline Engine, 2½ h.p., 1 Straw Cutter (engine drive), 1 Melotte Separator (300 lbs), good as new; also 2 new Percival Plows, No. 12, to clear at cost; 1 Binder, 6 foot cut, good condition.

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PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
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Hardwood Flooring!

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BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can supply. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.

FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and

DO IT NOW

Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Casings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

SIMPLY COULDN'T FIND SIZES

Poor Lady Wasted One Whole Afternoon, and Finally Gave Up Task in Despair.

"Gosh! I wish I was—not a Belgian—but a pole; not a native of Poland, but a tall, slim willowy pole, that could drape herself in the ready-made dresses which the stores are, selling now, or, rather, offering for sale, for if every one has my luck, not many sales are made," said the matronly one to her street car companion.

"I am fair (gray), fat and forty (bust measure), and the other day I went downtown to buy a—wash dress, we used to call them, now you ask for a tub frock. Well, I asked for them and that was about all. One saleswoman showed me what she called a simple little gingham (it looked like the ones the nurses wear) for $19.75, and another which she said was of better quality for $25. I was prepared to pay the price, but I didn't like the gowns. It was the same way at the other stores. Every thing that was attractive was 'only in the smaller sizes.'

"There was one simply made georgette crepe that I thought might be becoming to my matronly style, but when I inquired about it, it was a sixteen-year size. 'Do you have it in a sixty-year?' I asked, but the clerk ignored my query.

"I met numerous other women about my build and age during the afternoon at different stores—some of them so often that we grew quite chummy, but I don't suppose they fared any better than I did. I finally met one I knew and I said to her: 'You might as well go home. They don't make 'em for us.'

"I also looked for a small georgette hat (they had been advertised), and the clerk said: 'Yes, we have them, but you wouldn't want one with fringe on it.' She was right, I wouldn't.

"I shopped from 12 o'clock to 5:30 and came home bearing with me the two articles I had been able to find in my size—a hair net and a belt. Really a comfortable costume for hot weather, but hardly suitable for a fat lady sixty years old."

Japan's Income Tax Increases.

Japan having decided upon an increase in her navy that involves the expenditure of $150,000,000, spread over six years, a general increase of taxation has been proposed, and it will probably be carried out.

The income tax is to be raised in a way to bring an aggregate addition of 20 per cent, the increase being graduated so as to be only 10 per cent upon the smallest incomes and 50 per cent upon the largest. The minimum income tax will be $250.

A war profits tax is to be initiated on both business profits and on incomes, but no personal income of less than $1,500 a year will be taxed on account of its having risen during the war, and in this way the wages of working people and moderate salaries do not have to pay for the wage increases of war time. Higher than $1,500, personal incomes must pay 15 per cent of increase and companies that have increased profits must pay 20 per cent tax upon the increase.

Pershing of French Descent.

Some interesting associations may easily be woven into a news item telling about a celebration which recently took place at Laclede, Mo. The town, one of the oldest in the old Southwest of the United States, was named after Pierre Ligueste Laclede, a native of Lion, France, founder of St. Louis, Mo. Years ago a man named Pershing, a descendant of an emigrant who left Alsace when it was a French province, settled in Laclede. His son, the present Gen. Joseph Pershing, commander of the American expeditionary forces in France, was born there. The celebration referred to was, of course, in honor of General Pershing, and it was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in what used to be an almost exclusively French section of the country.

A Seven-Time Winner.

The unique record of having been torpedoed seven times is held by William Jessop, a seafarer of Hull, England, who is seventy-two years of age. He is still on the active list. "Young men," he said, "have sometimes refused to sail with me, as they think I shall be unlucky." Jessop is the oldest member of the Ships' Cook and Stewards' union in Hull, and generally sails as a cook or steward. During the first year of the war he was torpedoed three times, and the last four ships on which he sailed were all lost. His courage, however, remains undiminished. "I will sign on to go anywhere," he declared.

Soldier Dressmakers.

War-broken soldiers are making ladies' dresses in London, while former dressmakers are turning out shells and other munitions in factories. The London costumier has never been so busy in her life. Many are five or six weeks deep in work, their clients being grateful to get a promise of dresses at almost any date. Munitions pay the dressmaker better than the needle, and they are all eager to go to Woolwich or the big factories to help make shells. A suburban dressmaker, who has three wounded men helping, says it is astonishing how well they do the work. The finest bead work on the market is turned out by wounded soldiers.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

TRIBUTE TO HERO

F. H. Simonds Eulogizes Col. Raynal C. Bolling.

Services of Aviation Expert, Before His Untimely Death, Were of the Greatest Value to the Country He Loved.

The men whom we could least spare, and there are none we would willingly spare, are the men who are giving their lives to stem the fury of the German onslaught, writes F. H. Simonds in American Review of Reviews.

It is this thought which must be in the mind of all who knew Col. Raynal C. Bolling, dead to the enemy in the early days of the great German offensive in March. Among all the Americans who felt and foresaw the coming of this war to our own country, none with clearer vision or, more instant response set himself to the task, alike of preparing himself and of striving to persuade his fellow-countrymen to prepare themselves. He chose for his work the aviation branch and for the three years, while the war was still remote and meaningless to millions of people on this side of the Atlantic, he devoted his life to study and to practical training in flying.

When at last the war came, no American of his age counted greater material success or was richer in the things men sacrifice for an ideal, than Colonel Bolling. General solicitor for the United States Steel corporation, respected and honored in the legal profession for his attainments and his promise, recognized as the one whose influence and power for usefulness in the future was to be great, happy in a home which gave him all that a man can hope to receive on this side of his life, Colonel Bolling laid aside all of these things to respond to the call of his country, not only willingly but ready trained for practical service.

For those who knew him and loved him the tragedy of his death, a death which all who knew his daring spirit, the unfailing response it made to every challenge of danger and difficulty foresaw, does not lie in the fact that he met the death he expected and they expected for him. Rather it is found in the realization that a man who might have done so much more in aiding his country and his countrymen to prepare for the real struggle, whose services were so essential, whose loss was so irreparable on the practical side has been lost to us at this grave hour.

Colonel Bolling did not die before he had done much which will count in the future and will be a portion of the history of American organization for the conflict.

Penny Postage Gone in England.

Penny postage, which disappeared at midnight Sunday, June 2, was one of the great triumphs of peace, and succumbed only to the demands of war. Although the price has gone, the principle remains, and nothing has been a truer index to the march of progress than the penny stamp. Its first use in 1840 for inland postage amounted almost to a revolution. That date fixes the "great divide" between the old postal systems and the new. The penny stamp, probably more than any other influence, exercised a power in holding together the scattered bonds of kinship and acquaintance throughout the far-flung British empire, and as a factor in imperial trade it provided the facilities upon which modern trading depends.

Many years ago King Edward, then prince of Wales, said he looked forward with hope to the day when every English-speaking man, in whatever part of the world he might be, should be regarded as being as much an Englishman, so far as the penny post was concerned, as if he lived in Kent or Sussex.

Origin of "Crater."

The word "crater," from the hole made by a mine and afterward fought for, has thoroughly established itself in the language of the trenches. It is highly obvious and inevitable borrowing from the volcano.

But the volcano itself took the word from the original "crater"—the mixing bowl (from the verb meaning to mix), in which the Greeks from the earliest known times, mingled water with the wine that they seldom cared or dared to drink neat.

These craters, which stood in conspicuous positions in the hall, were often of huge size, and the resemblance to them of the volcano's orifice struck all ancient observers, who used the word "crater" in the modern volcanic sense.

Airplane Flare Perfected.

Perfection of an airplane flare for use in night bombing expeditions was announced by the ordnance department. The flare is released from the plane in a parachute and is set off by air friction. At a height of 2,000 feet it will cause a light of more than 400,000 candle power over an area of one and one-half miles in diameter. The glare prevents detection of the plane from the ground it was explained.

Pigeon Messengers.

British naval pigeon service has 4,000 pigeons for messenger duty in France and elsewhere. Of these 3,000 birds are loaned by 300 British pigeon fanciers. Pigeons often make 250-mile continuous flights carrying war messages.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

ALFALFA AND PROSPERITY

If there is one crop more than another on which the prosperity of a country may be firmly established it is alfalfa—the king of fodder crops. This wonderful crop has been the foundation of successful irrigation agriculture in the United States, and history is now repeating itself in Canada. In Southern Alberta already an important alfalfa growing district—government reports show that there were 30,500 acres in this crop this year—farmers are using more and more of their irrigated lands every year for the growing of this valuable fodder, and it is only a question of time when the irrigable lands of Southern Alberta will rank among the largest alfalfa producing areas on the North American continent. The country is still young. Thousands of acres of irrigable land have not been touched by the plow. Thousands more have been broken during the last two seasons and are not yet ready for this crop, as it does not do well until the sod has been thoroughly integrated — a process which is best accomplished by the growing of one or two other crops beforehand. Then, too, during the last two years the most urgent call has been for wheat.

For the growth of alfalfa Southern Alberta is extremely well favored. Alfalfa requires abundant sunshine and a warm summer temperature. Southern Alberta has both. During the summer months the days are much longer than they are farther south, and the sun shines almost continuously. Alfalfa does best on rich, deep, well-drained soil. These are special characteristics of the soil in Southern Alberta. Alfalfa thrives best under irrigation, in arid and semi-arid climates. The climate of Southern Alberta may be said to be semi-arid, and under irrigation alfalfa grows there to its highest perfection.

In the Lethbridge irrigation district, which is the oldest of the irrigated areas of Southern Alberta, alfalfa is beginning to be looked upon as the mainstay of the farmer. Yielding from three to four tons to the acre, and in some cases even more, in two cuttings, and selling at from $25 to $30 a ton, alfalfa has brought farmers returns of $100 an acre and upwards in one season. It is no wonder that a visitor driving through this country recently and seeing the beautiful green alfalfa fields on every hand should pronounce it one of the most prosperous districts in the whole of Western Canada.

But besides these very satisfactory returns from the sale of the hay, alfalfa is of inestimable value on account of the improved condition in which it leaves the soil in which it has been grown. Enormous yields of other crops have been obtained on land previously growing alfalfa. In 1913, which was by no means an extraordinary crop year, 757 bushels of potatoes to the acre were raised at Lethbridge on land which had been in alfalfa the previous year. Wheat on similar land yielded on successive years 58 and 59 bushels to the acre. Coming nearer to the present, two acres of land near Lethbridge that were planted to tomatoes this year after being in alfalfa for a few years, produced 35,000 pounds of ripe fruit in less than two months after being set out.

And this is not all that can be done with these irrigated lands. To obtain the fullest revenue would require that no roughage be sent from the farms as such, but only in the form of butter, cheese, beef, mutton and pork. The plant food contained in alfalfa hay is often worth more than the money actually received for the hay itself, high though this is. If only unmanufactured products were sent away this valuable plant food would be left on the farm, giving it every year increasing fertility. It is held that for every acre of irrigable land at least one head of cattle or a proportionate number of hogs or sheep, can be supported all the year round. This fact is beginning to be appreciated, and it means that many times the number of livestock at present kept can be maintained on these irrigable lands. And as the number of live stock increases, the prosperity of the country will grow correspondingly. There are already signs that the time is not far distant when the irrigable areas of Southern Alberta will become the home of the most closely settled and most prosperous mixed farming and stock raising communities in the Canadian West, and, indeed, one of the most prosperous communities on the whole of the continent.

VICTOR NOW LOVED

War Has Brought Popularity to Italy's King.

His Democratic Ways, and Courage in the Face of Danger, Have Greatly Endeared Him to Both Soldiers and Citizens.

The war has cast some kings down from their thrones and held up others to the scorn of the world. But it has also made some honored and beloved, not by their own people only but by millions of the citizens of other countries. King Albert of Belgium is one; King Victor of Italy is another. Victor has not the imposing presence and heroic bearing of Albert, but his soul has risen nobly to the occasion.

The extreme democracy of Italy, says Mr. Herbert Vivian in "Italy at War," has always expressed itself in the freest criticism of the monarchy. During the agitation of May, 1915, when many persons feared that Italy might shrink from war, the name of King Victor Emmanuel III was frequently taken in vain. The press published impudent caricatures and openly accused him of being swayed by Austrian sympathizers.

Poor little man! So small, and rather alone! He has a splendid wife, worthy daughter of the old lion of Montenegro, and he finds much homely happiness in his sturdy family. But he has been the subject of many slights and much indifference; indeed, only in Italy is it known how near he was exiled in May, 1915.

But the time for pity has gone by, and the king is now by far the most popular man in the kingdom. He is almost a dwarf, with a colorless face slightly bronzed by the elements, a crisp, manly voice, and a way of laughing with his eyes. He stands erect, with his short legs wide apart. His hair is beginning to grow gray, and there are furrows on his forehead and beside his mouth, yet he bears himself like a young man, walking fast and never tiring. He speaks little and simply, always to the point, looking men straight in the eyes and awakening strong feeling wherever he goes.

He buzzes about the battle front in a little gray motor, without escorts, and with no precautions for his safety. He sleeps little and cares not where; he is quite happy in an Alpine hut or on straw. His fare is of the simplest—a little cold meat, bread, cheese and chocolate—and he is always ready to share it with the nearest soldier. He says "Tu" to everyone in a fatherly way, and welcomes familiarity from the soldiers. They treat him as one of themselves, but none have ever taken advantage of his good nature. He laughed heartily when an old soldier called out to him: "Nay, majesty, what be doing here? This is no place for thee. Get thee gone at once!"

He interests himself in all the men he meets. "Dear me," he says, "what [illegible] post cards! Are they all sweethearts? Give them to me and I will send them with my own letters. Such things should not be delayed." "Why do you look so glum? No news from your family? Cheer up. I'll send a wire for you to inquire." The soldiers see him praying with glistening eyes over a dying comrade. "For your majesty," grasped a dying soldier as he stretched out his arms. "Not so, my son," was the grave reply, "for Italy."

Another incident that happened on the battle front gives a picture of the king's courage. In the midst of shell fire a lieutenant who had fallen, mortally wounded, called a soldier, gave him a few keepsakes to convey to his family and then ordered him to fly. But the soldier tried to carry the lieutenant to a place of safety. Some gunners called to him through the infernal fire: "Save yourself! Save yourself!" But still he remained. In the distance a motor horn could be heard, and the whisper went round that the king had left the field. The soldier still struggled with the officer's body, but the lieutenant died in his arms. Flinging himself on the corpse, the young fellow exclaimed with tears:

"Even the king has gone away!"

Then a hand touched his shoulder. He shook himself, rose and stood at attention. "My dear boy," said the king, "the car has gone, but the king is still with you."

And there he remained till the end of the day.

Life's Treasure Stores.

Success and contentment begin with the realization that life represents a valuable treasure. We may liken life to a field. At first the owner values it for wild berries; then, ceasing to be a wanderer, he becomes an agriculturist, and values it for its rich harvest; grown wiser still, he discovers coal; amazed at the treasure, he digs and finds silver and gold; astounded, he goes deeper, and lo! the seam is full of diamonds. And every life holds all the strata of underlying and unsuspected stores of treasures.—Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis.

Ladies—Measure His Head!

A phrenologist writes: "Heads wearing hats 6¾ and smaller, or being less than 21 inches in circumference, can never be powerful. Between 19 inches and twenty inches heads are invariably very weak, and no lady should think of marrying a man with a head less than 20 inches in circumference. People with heads under 19 inches are mentally deficient, and with heads under 18 inches invariably idiotic."

Good Reasons for Talking.

John talked continually, so one day his mother losing patience said: "I do wish you would keep still. What makes you talk so much all the time?" He answered quickly: "To get to talk as I won't forget what I think."

Justice Leads to Love.

Do justice to your brother (you can do that, whether you love him or not), and you will come to love him.—Ruskin.

It is possible to row from shore to shore at Brockville.

Canada's estimates of expenditure for 1919, may aggregate $400,000,000.

Moose Jaw and Prince Albert will be the two live stock centres to be financially assisted by the Provincial Government.

In Quebec city a committee wants a local censor to revise the films already passed by the Provincial Board, and also urges that children under fifteen years of age be prohibited from attending moving picture theatres, even if accompanied by their parents.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

••3:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

•11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:38 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

••7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

••9:25 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:40 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Bellaville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

WELL IT'S FOUR A.M I MIGHT AS WELL GO HOME
WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOU WHY DON'T YOU ANSWER THE BELL QUICKER?
I MUST HAVE BEEN NAPPING SIR!
JAMES- COME HERE!
YES SIR!
SEE THAT I AM NOT DISTURBED UNTIL NOON-
OH! I FORGOT TO TELL YOUSE MAGGIE IS OUT OF TOWN!
GEO MCMANUS
12-6

FOOTBALL PLAYER SAYS WAR IS LIKE WORK ON GRIDIRON

Famous Half-Back Who Won Honor in the Trenches Says the Hotter the Battle Became the Better He Liked It.

(By George S. Robbins.)

Trophies, emblems and citations for bravery in battles in Alsace, the Marne front and the Argonne forests are mementos brought back by Corp. August H. DeFord, a south side football and baseball players who probably has appeared in his last game. The big game was on the French front, and DeFord has the papers as well as the scars to prove he did his bit to win it. This battle scarred soldier was in France seventeen months and was cited for bravery nine times.

"The war looked like a big football game," said DeFord, who expects to be home in Chicago from the big reconstruction hospital at Fort Sheridan in a few days. "Like a football game, the hotter the war got the better I liked it."

Corporal DeFord's most thrilling experience and one of the brilliant individual exploits of the Americans on the Marne front occurred on May 28.

It was "zero hour" for company M, 28th infantry, of the 1st division, at 5.45 on that day and, along with others of his company, DeFord was ready for the dash "over the top."

"It was the corporal's duty to advance fifty yards ahead of the line with machine guns and dig in or get in shell holes," said DeFord in describing his adventure of that day. The object was to hold the foe at bay while the boys dug in.

"In this instance I looked around and I seemed to be the only corporal out there. This made me too much of a target, I thought, and I quickly decided to throw away my machine gun and dash ahead with my two automobiles. The elevation of the enemy machine guns was too low to get me in a vital spot, I figured, and I decided to take a chance and make a dash for the Germans.

Kills Six of the Enemy.

"I rushed pell mell down into the machine guns of the enemy and was lucky in getting right upon them. There were nine Germans in there with one machine gun. One gunner was busy and there was a feeder and observer besides six ammunition men sittting on the fire pit when I jumped in. I pumped both automatics at them and killed six of them. The others threw up their hands and I ordered them to jump out and beat it for our lines.

"In the excitement I had emptied all my ammunition and didn't dare attempt to reload my guns. They would have known my plight and might have pounced on me. I spoke German to them constantly and ordered them along. I bluffed my way along and the boys in our company probably saw us on our journey back.

Save by His Prisoners.

"I ordered the first German to carry the tripod, the next one to tote the machine gun and the other to take the breach block out and take it along. This is the most important part of the machine gun, and I knew with it out I was safe. We were off to the rear. When we had proceeded some distance I received a machine gun wound in my left thigh from a stray bullet. Exhaustion from loss of blood caused me to fall. We were well down toward our line and to my surprise the Germans picked me up and carried me into a shell pit. They bandaged me, gave me some artificial coffee made of acorns. It tasted mighty good to me.

"Those three Germans who could have plugged me picked me up and carried me to our lines, where I received first aid.

Carried Back on Stretchers.

"Our officers ordered these three captives to bear me on a stretcher and they toted me back seven kilometers. When they left me one of the Germans said: 'God bless you' and that was the last I ever saw of them."

Commanders of companies K, L and I saw Corporal DeFord put this thrilling exploit and all three cited him for bravery. His wounds healed some time later and he returned to the firing line. He later took part in several raids and sniping expeditions.

Winners At The George St. Alleys

The prize winners at the George street alleys last week were:

W. Henderson, first in ten pins, with a score of 606.

Donald Sharp, second, with a score of 579.

L. Peters, first in five pins, with a score of 514.

B Class—L. Walker, first; G. Kelley, second.

W. Henderson wins the prize with 9 spares.

League games this week—George Street vs. Centrals Monday night. Thursday night, George Street vs. G. W. V. A.

M League—Matthews-Blackwell vs. Barries, Ltd., Tuesday night.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some cooks manage to get fat while wasting away.

The amateur photographer is justified in expressing his views. They might be broken if sent by mail.

The coat of a horse is the gift of nature. The coat of a donkey is often the work of a tailor.

A woman always loves those who admire her, but she doesn't always love those she admires.

THE IRISH SITUATION.

"No, mum, there hasn't been a soul here, mum."—Dallas, Texas News. This cartoon is significant of the changed opinion in the United States as regards Ireland.

JESS WILLARD AGREES TO BOX

WILL GET $100,000 FOR MATCH, WIN, LOSE OR DRAW.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—A purse of $100,000 drew Jess Willard, heavyweight boxing champion, out of retirement. Tex Rickard, promoter of the Joe Grans-Battling Nelson heavyweight championship contest between Jeffries and Johnson, after two days' of conference, obtained Willard's signature to a set of articles to box any opponent selected for him. He agreed to box any number of rounds up to forty. The match will be decided next July, probably on the Fourth. Willard will receive $100,000 win, lose or draw.

Rickard said that either Georges Carpentier, the French heavyweight, or Jack Dempsey, who has been clamoring for a match with the champion, would be Willard's opponent. Rickard reserved the right to wait until March 25th before making the selection. The place for holding the battle will be named sixty days before the contest.

The contest will be the first that Willard has fought since he met Frank Moran, of Pittsburg, in New York, in March, 1916. Rickard was the promoter of that match.

There were 88,312 alien enemies either interned or under parole on November 11. Of thes 71,184 wre Austro-Hungarians and 6,358 Germans.

A girl's mission in life is to change her dresses, her mind and her name

No man in the earthly stage can make a continuous show of good nature who lives in a flat that is heated by a furnace.

Games This Week At Water St. Alleys

This week's games at Water street alleys are as follows:

Tuesday—Grocers vs. Eko Club.

Wednesday—DeLaval vs. East Lawn Bowlers.

Thursday—Maple Leafs vs. Egoes.

Friday—West Lawn vs. East Lawn.

Next Weeg.

Feb. 3—Clerks vs. Rex.

Feb. 4—Grocers vs. High Rollers.

Feb. 5—West Lawn vs. Clerks.

Standing of B League.

	Won	Lost
Shamrocks	20	10
DeLaval	17	10
Rex	14	13
East Lawn	12	12
Clerks	8	16
West Lawn	7	17

POLO TO HAVE MILD REVIVAL

No International Matches Will Be Played This Year.

New York, Jan. 27.—Polo will not be revived to the extent of international and national championship games this year because of the number of polo players still in the service, it was announced at the annual meeting of the Polo association here. Intercircuit contests will probably not be held immediately and tournaments between visiting teams are expected to be superseded by home play or play between near by clubs. The 1918 schedule will be arranged during the course of the season.

Only thousand and five of the 1,550 members of the association went into the service, it was stated. Of that number six are major-generals and six brigadier-generals.

H. L. Herbert, chairman; W. A Hazard, secretary and treasurer, and the committee members are unanimously re-elected.

COOMBS TRADES WITH CARDS

Hives Stock, Davis and Dilhoefer for Three Others.

Philadelphia, Ja., Jan. 27—Jack Coombs, manager of the Philadelphia National league club, last night announced that Third Baseman Stock, Pitcher Dixie Davis and Catcher Dilhoefer had been traded to the St. Louis Nationals for Infielder Doug. Baird, Pitcher Gene Packard and Infielder J. S. Stewart. There was no money consideration.

Manager Coombs starts south to select a training camp for the Phillies, who will leave here March 22. On their return east the Phillies will meet the Philadelphia American team in a series of five games beginning April 16.

Lipton Has Now Resumed His Effort to Lift Cup Held by U.S. Yachtsmen

PEACE may have been won, but Sir Thomas Lipton is still on the warpath, and for him there will be no cessation of hostilities until he lifts the famous America's Cup, held these many years by the yatchsmen of the United States. His challenge for another race was received in New York a few days ago, and the America yachtsman have offered to have the international race in 1920. As to the prospects of the Shamrock IV winning the race, this is a matter for sporting experts to discuss, or it may be that the demobilized war prophets will have a shy at it. In the past the prospects have always seemed good, but inevitably they have been disappointed. At least the latest challenger can do no worse than her predecessors. To win the America's Cup a challenger has to face more formidable obstacles than in any other modern sport. In fact, with the present rules it may be said to be almost impossible that the challenger should succeed. It is this that makes Sir Thomas Lipton, Bart., without a peer as a sporting man,

SIR THOMAS LIPTON.

and that has made real sport lovers of the United States ready to cheer his victory more heartily than they would cheer the success of their own defenders.

The first race for the cup that has come in the past fifty years to be the most coveted prize in the world of sport took place on Aug. 22 1851, when the British Royal Yacht Squadron offered a cup for the sailing boat that was first round the Isle of Wight. The winner turned up in the schooner-yacht America, designed for a New York syndicate. It was in honor of this yacht that the mug has been called ever since the America's Cup. With the cup in American hands rules were drawn up for its defence, and since the America had crossed the Atlantic under her own sail, it was provided that challengers thereafter should also cross the Atlantic under their own canvas. It is this condition which has helped save the cup for the United States these many years past, and which constitutes the obstacle that makes its winning almost an impossibility.

In the days when the America won the cup, a racing yacht was simply a fast sailing boat, differing from other boats as one star differs from another in magnitude, or as one greyhound differs from another in speed. In these later days a racing yacht has come to differ from a sailing boat as a bulldog differs from a greyhound. That is to say, a yacht capable of crossing the Atlantic under her own sail has to have some bulldog qualities of staunchness and seaworthiness, whereas when she entered the race she would be confronted with the pure greyhound breed, and the contest was a race not a catch-as-can affair. This condition, which leading American sportsmen have denounced as unfair, in that it imposed tasks upon the challenger from which the defender was exempt, prevented the earlier challenges from having a ghost of a chance. Indeed, the first return match the British challenger had to compete against all the New York Yacht Club boats that wanted to sail, because the America had to compete against the whole English squadron. This term was later abandoned.

There is another condition, however, which makes the task of the challenger more difficult, and which will make its final victory, should it come, all the more glorious. That is the fact that the New York Yacht Club, the custodian of the cup, is permitted to build as many defending yachts as it pleases or as its members desire. The yachts then hold elimination contests, and the very fastest of them is chosen to defend the cup. Presumably the British yachtsmen have the same privilege.

Lord Dunraven made several attempts and then gave up, having come to the conclusion that he had about as much chance of lifting the cup as he would have of lifting a red-hot stove, and entertaining opinions of American sportsmanship which were only equalled by American popular opinion of Dunraven. Then Sir Thomas entered the field. He sent over three Shamrocks. All of them were defeated. Shortly before the war began the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, in Sir Lipton's name, issued another challenge, which was accepted. The Shamrock IV crossed the ocean, fulfilling the initial conditions, and preparations for the race were going forward when war broke out. The challenger was then laid up in South Brooklyn, and there she has remained ever since.

Bluff That Failed.

General Plumer, who has recently been recalled to France from Italy, can be very ironical when he chooses, as the following story proves:

Shortly before the war, when he held the Irish command, a regiment was being manoeuvred before him on a field day, and the colonel in charge succeeded in getting his men mixed up pretty thoroughly.

However, he went grimly on, and at last, calling a halt, rode up to Plumer with an air of importance.

"I flatter myself that was extremely well done, sir," he said, evidently with the idea of trying to bluff that nothing had gone wrong.

"Oh, excellent," was General Plumer's suave reply. "But may I ask what on earth you were trying to do?"

Insects That Have Food Value.

Among insects which have been and are considered of gastronomic value are caterpillars, moths, a favorite in some parts of Africa; the pupae of the silkworm in China; ants, alive and roasted, are appreciated in Burmah, as well as by the Indians of North and South America, while it is said the lumbermen of Maine enjoy an occasional meal of large wood ants. The beetle is eaten in the Nile valley, in Turkey, Lombardy, Java, Peru, and is said to be nutritious and fattening. In Central America the eggs of three aquatic bugs are made into little cakes and eaten. Mexicans make a strong drink by infusing a tiger beetle in alcohol.

Possibilities of North Africa.

North Africa—Tunis, Algeria and Morocco—contains around a half million square miles. Some of it is desert, but much of it is highly productive, and it has special advantages for producing some forms of live stock. The climate and pasture make it almost as ideal a country as Australia for sheep raising, and it has peculiar advantages for what might be called extensive pig raising; its acorns and other tree crops taking the place of corn. Yet down to the beginning of the war very little had been done to make this potential wealth actual and available.

Worsted.

"I noticed that you engaged in earnest conversation with that conductorette."

"We were just having a little argument about the proper pronunciation of the street I live on," said Professor Digga. "She insisted that it should be called 'Wellington,' but having some knowledge of the man who defeated Napoleon at Waterloo, I contended it should be 'Wellington.'"

"Well which is it to be henceforth—'Wellington' or 'Wellington?'"

"Ahem! 'Wellington.'"

Gets the Money.

"I'd like to write a story I'd get paid for."

"Oh, I write home once a month."—

Tried Hard to Save Shipmate.

Sailors are always true to their shipmates. There is never an incident where danger threatens one man of a ship that some other man of the crew is not ready to stand by. John J. Swigart, a seaman, United States navy, was doing duty on an army transport. A shipmate fell or was washed overboard and the alarm was given. Although the vessel was going at a high speed, Swigart jumped overboard and, landing in its wake, swam to a point where the man was last seen. He searched for the body until completely exhausted. For his heroism he has been officially commended. Swigart enlisted from Cincinnati, March 19, 1917.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital . $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund . . . $1,250,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this Institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

FAITHFUL TO HIS TRUST

Native African Kept Eyes on Watch for Hour, Lest It Should Go "Jumbi, Jumbi."

France has many black fighting men from Senegal in the field, nor are they the only troops recruited from savage or semi-savage races that are engaged in the great conflict. A young British officer found himself one night, by a mischance to his command, stranded by the wayside, and with only a little group of negro stragglers anywhere in sight. He was very tired, having had no sleep for many hours. One of the Africans talked the pidgin English of a coast town, and this man informed him that some motor-lorries would be coming along soon, upon which it would be possible to get a lift.

"Soon," in the mouth of an African, is an elastic term, but the captain thought he could afford to wait an hour before setting forward on foot in search of some other means of transportation. Meanwhile, he wished a nap—wanted it desperately—but he could not trust himself to wake at the end of an hour. The African could not tell time, but the captain determined to depend upon him, nevertheless. Showing him the dial of his wrist watch, he explained that he wished to be waked when the long hand reached there and the short hand there. Then he lay down, with arm extended, and the negro crouched beside him, with his eyes on the dial.

Exactly at the right moment the sleeper was called; and as he opened his eyes they fell upon the African, in precisely the same position, with something strained in his aspect that suggested inquiries. It appeared that he had not dared look away during the entire hour.

"For sure him clock trabbel slow, massa," he explained. "But s'pose him stop go walkee, walkee? S'pose him go jump, jump?"

Upon a river steamer in Africa Miss Mary Kingsley, the English explorer, once heard other passengers giving directions to the native steward in the adjoining main saloon:

"You savvy six o'clock? When them long arm catch them place, and them short arm catch them place, you call me in the morning time."

An interval of silence, and then another voice:

"You savvy five o'clock? When them long arm——" And so it went on, until each passenger had pointed out on the clock face the proper relation of the two hands to each other at the moment he desired to be called. The ignorant native steward, who could not tell time and could not learn to, was yet sufficiently observant to place and remember the calls correctly; he never got them mixed.

Snakes Bred for Venom.

Most of the snakes used by pharmacal firms are produced from a large "snake farm" at San Antonio, Tex., where all kinds of reptiles are bred. This farm consists of eight acres of land fenced about, besides the land required for raising rabbits, chickens, frogs and other "snake feed."

"Telephone Probe."

The inventor of the Bell telephone, Alexander Graham Bell, has another invention to his credit that very few know of. Yet it is in constant use in France. It is called the "telephone probe," and absolutely locates the exact position of a bullet in the human body.

Seek Fuel Oil Substitute.

Experts in the employ of Uruguay are experimenting with bituminous schist, which exists in great quantities in that country, in the belief that it may produce fuel oil in government electric plants.

What's in a Name?

He was six years old and had begun to spell. Asked by his mother the name of his teacher, he replied:

"Miss Linden."

"Why, but haven't a man for a name, have you, who——"

"No, mother, you don't; you've got the spelling."

And it was days before the puzzled mother got the name straight. Miss Olive Terrington.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser" Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

It's values like these that will make the Hall Store the bargain centre $ Day

Here are a few of the many good things | Women's Coats $1.00 Evening Dresses $2.00 Raincoats $3.00 Handpainted China 25c
Neck Wear 10c Veilings, yard 5c Axminster Rugs $45.00 Children's Underwear 25c

A complete list of Dollar Day Prices will appear in to-morrow night's paper. RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

Barrie's

Peterborough
Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

SUITS
COATS
DRESSES
BLOUSES
SKIRTS and
SILK SWEATERS

Last week of Sale, reduction in prices will not hold good afterwards

SPECIALS ON DOLLAR DAY

The Barrie Building
Phone 340

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

MILL WOOD FOR SALE

We have on hand a small quantity of Mill Wood sawn, 16 inches long, to clear out this lot we offer it delivered to any part of the city at the following low prices:—Pine at $4.00 per team load; Hemlock at $5.00 per team load. Cash with order.

ESTATE OF A. McDONALD.

AUCTION SALE

of Household Furniture and etc., at the home of Mrs. J. A. Perry, 31 Maitland avenue, on Tuesday, Jan. 28th. Furniture, Rugs, Gas Stove, Electric Fan, Electric Heater and Etc. and Etc. No reserve. Be on hand 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

A LIVELY SOCIAL SEASON

With deep shadows of the war overhanging Canada for the last four years it was right that the social dance and other festivities should be kept in the back ground. Now, however, peace reigns, and already indications are plenty of an active social season. The Victrola with its wonderful selection of dance records fill a distinctive place today in the dance entertainment. Anything and everything in dance records can be had at the Victrola Parlors of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets. Hear the following:—"A Little Birch Canoe and You," Bluebird" (waltz), "Goodbye Alexander."

Some women dress to please men and some to worry other women.

'MY HONOLULU GIRL'

A BRIGHT MUSICAL COMEDY WITH MANY NOVELTIES

"My Honolulu Girl" the brightest and newest of all musical shows, will be the attraction at the Grand, Peterboro, matinee and night, Saturday, Feb. 1st. Elaborate scenery bewitching costumes, beautifully aged numbers and harmonious enables are only a few of the many features of this charming show.

In the company are thirty-five people and each and every one has been selected for his or her fitness consequently Norman Friedenwald, the producers is presenting a galaxy of stars. The artists are sufficient guarantee that the show will break the house record for attendance in Peterboro.

Hawaiian atmosphere which runs through the production like a babbling meadow brook, is accentuated by the presentation of real live Hawaiian musicians, singers and dancers. All this helps to add to the novelty of the bill. These natives offer two sensational dancing numbers called "Tomi-Tomi" and the "Beach Waikiki" together with the original Hula dance, which danced Hawaiian style is not objectionable it a thing of grace, poetry of motion and novel in the extreme.

NOTICE

Lumbers and Steam Fitters will meet at 8 o'clock sharp in the Labor all. Special business.

REV. DUGALD BROWN,
Pastor of Park Street Baptist Church, who preached last night to members of the City Council.

St. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Young People's Guild will hold their first social evening in the Sunday School Hall tonight at eight o'clock and have invited the Normal Students to be their guests for the evening. All the young people are invited to be present.

The Red Cross Auxiliary will meet as usual on Tuesday afternoon.

The annual meeting of the congregation for the transaction of business will be held on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock when reports from the different organizations will be presented.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet on Friday at three thirty in the Guild Room. As arrangements are to be made at this meeting for the reception of our returned missionary and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald a large attendance is urged.

In connection with the introduction of the new hymnal the pastor intends beginning next Sabbath evening a series of sermons on some of the great hymns of the Church. He will give his first address on "Jesus, lover of my soul."

Mr. Allan intends having a half hour song service next Sunday evening after the usual service to learn some of the new hymns.

New buildings to the value of $535,-15 were erected in Fort William during the year 1918.

Clover seed is quoted at $28 to $30 per bushel.

A second creamery may be located in Barrie.

Sault Ste. Marie seems to be the only place where there is not an overplus of men at present.

Sudbury sets aside $900,000 for the purchase of a new chlorinating plant in connection with the waterworks system.

MONEY FOR RED SHIELD FUND STILL COMING IN

All Donations Received to be Used for War Work, not for Benefit of Local Branches —County and City Councils to be Asked for Grants.

The officials of the Army wish it made plain that the entire funds realized from the canvas are for purely war purposes of the local Branches throughout th eDominion. Such are sustained by local contributions entirely distinct from the objects of the drive.

Substantial amounts are coming throughout the days. This morning several good subscriptions have been received. Additional amounts are being received from team captains and workers. When all is in and the subscriptions from the County and City realized on the total amount will be enlarged to a fairly creditable sum.

The men at the C. G. E. Co are asked to prepare the subscription cards and deposit them in the box at be gate, from which they will be collected.

On Wednesday a deputation will wait on the County Council in the interests of the campaign and it is expected that the members of the Council will realize the deserving character of the appeal for a substantial subscription.

One lady, who said she was enable to make a cash contribution to the Army Drive, contributed a pair of canaries, to be sold and the proceeds to go to the Drive. Mr. Fred Taggey 578 Harvey street has the birds. Any one interested may communicate.

TO SOLDIERS WHO PROPOSE TO FARM

LOCAL BRANCH OF AID COMMISSION ANXIOUS TO OBTAIN NAMES.

The Soldiers' Aid Commission is making enquiry at all points where it has established branches as to men, returned soldiers, who wish or propose to go on the land. Also those who wish to acquire something more or less thorough in agricultural training.

The local branch, at the Patriotic fund office has a supply of forms and any who wish to communicate with the commission can do so by calling at the office. Particulars will be taken and forwarded.

Also a supply of forms for applications for the War Service Gratuity are on hand and can be at the service of men who wish to apply. Full information supplied as to the merits and circumstances of cases based on the service given and the possible amount to be paid on claims.

Musicians' Union Elects Officers

At a meeting of the Local Musicians Union, No. 191, A.F. of M. the following officers were elected for the current year.

Honorary president — Prof. R. Gliddon.

President—H. A. Simmons.

1st vice pres.—W. Townsend.

2nd vice pres. —R. M. Beach.

Sec'y—J. A. Harper.

Sec'y Treas—Geo. H. Benson.

Marshal—Alfred Simmons.

Sergt at Arms—George Ross.

Executive Committee— Messrs F. C. Miller, R. Main, C. Westbrook, Geo. Clark, and Taylor McBrian.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH NOTICES

The prayer meeting is withdrawn this week on account of the annual meeting on Thursday.

The Annual Meeting of the Congregation will be held on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The Ladies Aid will serve supper at 6 o'clock.

The Willing Worker's Mission Band will meet on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock and Miss Esplin will give an address.

Rev. R. Haddow, editor of the Presbyterian and Westminster, preached very acceptably at both services yesterday.

Y. M. C. A. MOTHER'S CLUB

A meeting of the executive of the Mother's Club will be held tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A.

IN MEMORIAM

BROOKS—In proud and loving memory of Driver J. Millard Brooks, 11th Battery Canadian Field Artillery, who died of pneumonia January 26th, 1918, while on active service in France; second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brooks, 199 Dalhousie street, Peterboro.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

HETHERTON—GODFREY

This morning in St. Peter's Cathedral the marriage was solemnized by the Rev. Father Phelan of Miss Leona Godfrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Godfrey of Bethune street and Mr. Thomas Hetherton, Swift Current, Sask.

Miss Florence Leahy acted as bridesmaid and Mr. John Rody was groomsman. During the Mass Miss Anuie Simons rendered several appropriate solos. The wedding march was played by the organist Miss Doherty.

Mr. and Mrs. Hetherton left this afternoon for their home in the Canadian West.

Miss MacQuean of Owen Sound is the guest of Miss Laura J. Bellegham, Hunter street.

Y.W.C.A. WHATS DOING THIS WEEK

On Friday evening the Young Women's Christian Association was the scene of a very jolly party, when the Normal students and the Y. W. C. A. house girls were entertained. The girls all came in children's dresses and youthful spirits, and it was a pretty sight to see them all romping in the gymnasium with all their bright colors and happy faces. The fun in the gymnasium consisted of children's dances and nursery rhyme, games and refreshments were served in the green room. Vocal numbers by Mrs. Widdess and Miss Ruth Murray, and reading by Miss Parker were interspersed through the evening. The hostesses of the evening were the members of the social and house committee, and over one hundred girls were present at the party.

Program for This Week.

Monday, 4.30—Senior school girls gymnasium class.

Monday, 8.00—Business Girls' Beginners.

Tuesday, 2.45—Meeting of members of Board.

Tuesday, 4.30—Junior school girls gym. class.

Tuesday, 5.00—Meeting of Girls' Auxiliary.

Tuesday, 6.00—"Athena" Club.

Tuesday, 8.00—Club girls' party.

Wednesday, 4.30 — Junior school girls gym.

Thursday, 10.30—Ladies' gym class.

Thursday, 8.00—Business girls' intermediate and advanced classes.

Thursday, 7.15—Bible study class.

Friday, 4.30—School girls' and juniors' classes.

Friday, 8.00—Ladies' class.

Saturday, 9.30—Junior gym.

Saturday, 10.30—Babies' class.

Saturday, 2.00—Junior club classes.

Saturday, 7.00—Sports' night.

WHERE CHARITY HAS A CHANCE

HOME OF A BLIND VETERAN IS DESTROYED BY FIRE.

At about 3 a.m. Saturday morning the home of D. J. McIntosh was completely destroyed by fire.

Mr. McIntosh was living on a small farm on the Nasau Road. The fire started in the driving shed and as no stove or fires has been near the sheds, the cause of the fire is still a mystery.

Mr. McIntosh returned home from the front about eighteen months ago, blind, besides suffering from the effects of wounds, he will feel the loss badly as nothing was insured.

Mr. G. Chatton, another returned soldier, residing on the adjoining farm, was the means of saving the nine-month-old son of Pte. McIntosh from being suffocated in the smoke, and also rendering valuable assistance.

Mr. McIntosh was a member of the G.W.V.A. and as he is left almost destitute, he will be glad of any assistance in making another home for his wife and three children. He will be thankful to anyone who will be good enough to find him a nice little home in a good locality. Mr. McIntosh is now staying at 513 Romaine street.

NEW SACRED SONG BY ASA HUYCKE

'I SHALL BE SATISFIED," SANG YESTERDAY BY MISS IDA LYNN.

Mr. Asa Huycke, choir-master of the Murray Street Baptist Church, has added another gem to the musical lore of the day, his latest contribution being a sacred song called "I Shall be Satisfied," which he composed while in Chicago last summer, and which he later set to music. The song was first presented to the Peterborough church-goers yesterday when it was sung at the morning service in Mark Street Methodist Church by Miss Ida F. Lynn, who also rendered it as a solo at St. Paul's Church last night. Competent musical critics have declared it to be the best yet produced by Mr. Huycke, both as to words and music.

The words of the song are as follows:

When my great day comes to cross the line,
And I lay me down to die,
Will I dare look back o'er the hills of time
Where the white dead ashes lie?
Will the trail I've trod be free from strain
And straight and white that day?
Will the seed I've sown bear gokier grain
Or horns, along the way?

Oh, Christ, of all when Thour callest me
On that last day here of mine,
Help me, dear Lord, to ready be
To fearlessly cross the line.
Not one of Thy hibhest servants, Lord,
But anywhere by Thy side.
Oh, make me of some little use to Thee
And I shall be satisfied.

The army in Portugal is on the side of the Monarchists, while the navy is loyal to the government.

British and Canadian authors will attend the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of James Russell Lowell.

Fire of mysterious origin destroyed about $30,000 worth of property at the plant of A. Blair & Co., Woodstock.

Neil McDonald, a respected young farmer of Priceville, near Flesherton, was found dead, his throat cut with a razor, the only reason that can be assigned being despondency during influenza.

Ladies interested in the Thursday morning gymnasium class are invited to attend the class this week.

Watch for our membership campaign announcements. Next week is campaign week.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night and To-Morrow

The Peter Robinson Chapter the of I.O.D.E., Present the Mammoth Spectacular Opera

"In Sunny France"

A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C

160 AMATEURS IN CAST

The sweetest music you have heard since the days of Gilbert & Sullivan

One English critic calls this opera "The First Great Triumph of Canada."

PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Gallery Doors Open 7.30 Admission 25c

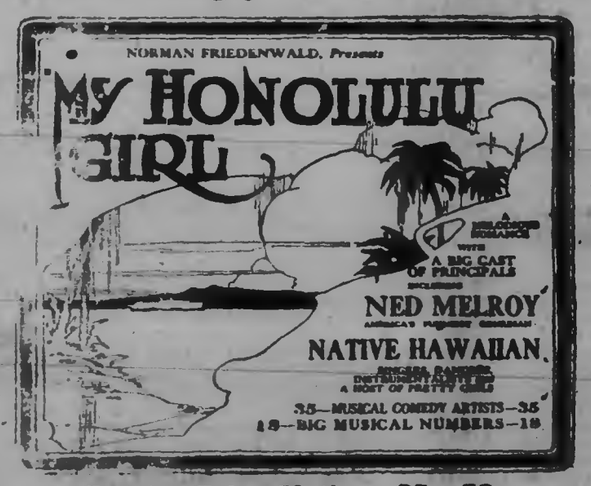
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 30, 31.
DAILY MATINEE 2:30 EVENING 7:30
HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Big "Metro" Special Feature with All-Star Cast

"The House of Mirth"

6 Reels.

FATTY ARBUCKLE COMEDY; PATHE NEWS; O. HENRY STORY
Vaudeville—Harry and Hattie Holden in singing, Dancing, Comedy Pianolog. Matinees 10c. Evenings 15c.

Saturday, Feb. 1 Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:15



Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c
Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c
Seat Sale Opens Thursday

Father Time—"Tis a fine lot of little young nations we do be havin' now."

Mother Earth—"Well, I do hope we'll be able to raise 'em all."

The Worse the Better

Grocer—I can't guarantee those sixty-cent eggs, madam.

Customer—No matter; I want 'em for when the neighbors come borowing.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4214

Make Your Grape Fruit Marmalade Now

when the fruit is at its very best for this purpose.

Recipes Given

with each purchase for marmalade making if desired.

Slicer Loaned

Porter S. White Co.

334 George Street. Phone 268
Phone 268

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 22rd, 1919.

Seems We've Heard the Name

A Philadelphia periodical prints a line. "With apologies to the author of "Gray's Elegy." Let's see! Who the dickens was the author of Gray's Elegy?

The years of a dwarf may be many, yet he never lives long.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Optum.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w,

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Mostly fair and mild today. Wednesday a little colder. Local snow flurries.

The Daily Review

PAGE THREE
12 PAGES TODAY
OVER

40th YEAR No. 23 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

MATTHEW LYTLE PLEADS GUILTY TO MAKING MOONSHINE WHISKEY

Fined $200 and Costs and Must Besides Spend One Month in Jail—License Inspector Stewart Makes Clever Capture—Another Case Is Pending.

Matthew Lytle of the township of Dummer was sentenced to serve one month in jail and pay a fine of $200 and $16.90 costs or in default of the latter alternative to serve an additional six months' term of imprisonment when he pleaded guilty in the County Police Court this morning before Magistrate Langley, to a charge of having upon his property an illicit whiskey still.

Lytle is a farmer residing in Dummer about thirty miles from Peterboro. He has a wife and family and is about 55 years of age, although prematurely stooped as a result of rheumatism. His farm while a large one according to the evidence at his trial is composed of poor land and it is thought this may have tempted him to enter into a more profitable business on the side.

Mr. Joseph Stewart the District License Inspector had heard many complaints regarding the number of automobiles and buggies which found it necessary to stop in front of Lytle's home in Dummer. He was suspicious of him for a considerable time and set about collecting evidence in a systematic manner so that when the time came the culprit would not escape.

Armed with a search warrant on January 20th Inspector Stewart accompanied by High Constable Moore and Constable William Dickson of Asbodel raided the farm of the prisoner and found a miniature distillery in the kitchen of his home with two 20 gallon milk cans serving as mush tubs filled with liquor in the first stage of fermentation.

The illicit apparatus was seized and taken in charge by the Department of Inland Revenue and this morning Lytle appeared charged with having an outfit on his premises contrary to law.

Mr. G. N. Gordon appeared for the prisoner and Mr. J. E. L. Goodwill acted for the Crown. Lytle pleaded guilty to the charge of having an illicit whisky manufacturing plant upon his premises and immediately the Crown produced a second charge of allowing the apparatus to be upon his premises.

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Lytle was sentenced to serve one month in jail and pay $200 and $16.90 costs or in default of payment an additional six months' term of imprisonment upon the first charge and the case was remanded for a week at the end of which time he will appeal upon the second accusation if the Crown persists in its intention of pressing it.

His Stock in Trade

An inventory showing the articles seived by Inspector Stewart follows:

Two milk cans, (mash tins) capacity 20 gallons each.
One box of raisins.
One tub and coil of lead pipe, (crude still.)
One empty can. (for condensing.)
Four tins of syrup.
Package of Yeast Cake.
Total value $4.50.

It cannot be said that the apparatus showed much ingenuity in construction. It was on exhibition in the court room and consisted of what appeared to have been a five gallon kerosene can from the spout of which extended a coil of lead pipe about half an inch by seven or eight feet in length. This was passed through a wooden pail which was to be filled with water and serve as a condenser. The lead pipe then lead out of the pail and the drip from this would no doubt be the "real thing."

Two milk cans of mash in an advanced state of fermentation are stored for safe keeping in the office of the jail. Upon entering the little room the odor of whiskey in the making is quite pronounced. The smell is the most appetising thing in connection with it, however, as the liquor in the two receptacles, is muddy in appearance. It is thought that it is composed of wheat, raisins, potatoes, black-strap, yeast and water and when put into the gasoline can and heated upon the stove and the vapor condensed in the warm would no doubt produce a grade of moonshine whiskey which would excite the envy of a Kentucky mountaineer.

HUNDRED THOUSAND ON STRIKE IN BRITAIN

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 28.—It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland because of strikes in the various trades, creating one of the most serious situations industrially that the country has had to face in many years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, where the strike movement is continuing to spread. The city of Belfast by night is now in virtually total darkness, hospitals being the only places where lights can be shown without danger of attack by strikers. Everywhere else the display of lights has caused either stoning or storming of premises. In cases where such drastic action was not taken people were forced by threats to screen their lights.

Even in private houses it is not considered safe to use more than one candle, and the supply of candles is rapidly diminishing. There is no change in the situation at the Clyde, where 20,000 shipyards workers are out, nor in other places. Except in London, where the question at stake is one of wages, all these strikes are due to a demand for shorter hours with the same privileges and wages as prevailed when longer hours were worked.

100,000 Out in Belfast.

There are 100,000 people involved in the strike at Belfast and twenty-five trades are affected. Rioting and destruction are rampant.

"The strike is the most serious ever experienced in this city of strikes," a correspondent writes. "Belfast is like a dead city. Its entire social life is paralyzed, theatres and saloons are closed, tram cars are not running, bakeries and laundries are closing, and there were no afternoon papers on Monday. Only two small editions of the morning newspapers appeared yesterday."

TURKS AND TARTARS IN COMBINE TO MAKE WAR ON THE ARMENIANS

Report Says That Over Twenty Thousand People Were Slaughtered by United Armies in Baku Allies Are Unable to Relieve the Beleagured Towns.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 28.—Intense anxiety is felt by the Armenians here over reports that large bodies of Turkish troops have joined Tarter bands and are attacking Armenian villages. It is feared that still another chapter of atrocities will be added to the Turkish record before the Allies are able to relieve the beleaguered Armenian towns. Details still are lacking of the massacre at Baku after the Turks, reinforced by Tartar and German troops, had captured the city. Unofficial reports to the Armenian bureau here indicate that about 20,000 people, including a considerable number of Armenian soldiers, were slaughtered in Baku and in the surrounding region.

LOCAL HOCKEY PLAYER HELD AT PORT HOPE AFTER GAME

Harold Frost, Defense Man, in Collision With Right Wing in Lake Town---Attorney O'Brien Leaves to Conduct His Defense.

Harold Frost of Peterborough Juniors was arrested last night at Port Hope at the close of the first game of the season to be played in that town. He was charged with assaulting Ware, one of the neighboring town's men in spite of the fact that the referee did not even penalize Frost at the time and declared the accident to be the result of a clean body check.

A despatch from Port Hope has the following to say about the game and the regrettable incident in particular.

The only excitement furnished in the opening game of the season here tonight when the locals lost to Peterboro juniors by 6 to 2, was the arrest of Frost, the Peterboro defence man, for an assault upon Ware, the speedy right wing of the locals. Ware was making a rush on goal, when, it is alleged that Frost raised his knee, striking Ware in the stomach, putting him down and out. A doctor was called, and Ware's condition was so serious that he was at once removed to the hospital. When the bell announced full time two policemen placed Frost under arrest on a charge of assault. The ice was very soft and the game slow, combination work being out of the question.

The account cannot be said to be remarkable for its fidelity to details. It probably represents the view points of an aggregation of sports who would howl for the arrest of a man who had made himself conspicuous upon the team of their opponents through his ability as a player.

Last night Port Hope lost to Peterborough juniors. That is what the Globe says but the description is not vivid enough and the terms in which it is couched are so mild as to give one the idea that the game was fairly well balanced with Peterborough's team slightly in the ascendancy.

As a matter of fact Port Hope was beaten to a standstill last night. They were beaten at all stages of the game and were outclassed in every conceivable direction. During the progress of the entire match they only made 15 direct shots at the Peterborough nets and in the second period they never got the rubber, past centre ice. The entire game was played about the goals of the Port Hope team, and furthermore the score was 8 to 2 in favor of Peterborough and not 6 to 2 as is stated in the despatch to the Toronto morning papers.

A Clean Player

Harold Frost has long been recognized as a clean and efficient hockey player. Port Hope has not had a hockey team for several years and from the outset of the game last night the rooters realized that they were out of luck as far as a result favorable to them was concerned. Consequently they looked about them for some person or thing upon which to vent their wrath and then as the result of a sheer accident which was regarded as such by a veteran referee, Frost threw Ware with unfortunate consequences they poured forth upon him their bitterness in the form of vituperation and threats.

It is only fair to say that the sporting element of the town did not blame the visiting player for what was plainly an accident but the "roughnecks" immediately armed themselves with hockey sticks which their representatives upon the ice seem unable to use in the proper manner and licked their lips to get a whack at Frost or the referee.

Instead of listening to advice from thereal sports of the town, the Mayor of Port Hope fell in with the wishes of the disgruntled fans and Frost was taken into custody charged with assault and $500 bail for his temporary release was refused.

Mr. G. N. Gordon was communicated with and Rev. Father Gorman, President of the Association advised of the trouble. This morning Mr. J. A. O'Brien and Father Gorman left for Port Hope and it is expected that a speedy adjustment will be made.

The line up last night:

Peterboro—Goal, Flowers; defence Campbell and Frost; centre, Cherret; right wing, Park; left wing, Hagerman; substitutes, Girard and Williams.

Port Hope—Goal, Copeland; defence, Irwin and Sherry; centre, Hills; right wing, R. Ware; left wing, Southwell; substitutes, Hogan and K. Ware.

Megantic Arrives At Halifax Today

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 28.—The White Star liner Megantic arrived in port today from overseas with thirty-six officers, twenty-five cadets, 302 of other ranks and 652 soldiers' dependits. She entered the harbor at 10 o'clock.

Ex-Kaiser's Natal Day Passed Quietly

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Jan. 28. — Religious services were held in the castle chapel here in honor of the birthday of William Hohenzollern, former German emperor. With this exception, the former emperor and empress passed the day as usual.

HUNS UNDER A DELUSION

Paris, Jan. 28.—A French general who has just arrived from Berlin says:

"The German people, believing the war is over, think that their bad times are at an end. They do not believe that the German army was beaten, and that, therefore, no war indemnity will be exacted. They labor under illusions regarding the aims of the American people. I have seen procession passing the Adlon Hotel cheering the general in command of the American mission in Berlin."

Warden McIntosh made a short address in which he thanked his colleagues for the honer they had conferred upon him and made an appeal for a continuance of the support which his predecessor in office had received.

The council then went into committee of the whole to strike the standing committees for the year.

Bolsheviki Fail In Attack on Allies

Archangel, Jan. 28.—The Bolshevik forces failed in an attempt last midnight to drive the American and British troops from their positions at Tulgaso n the Dvina River, southeast of Archangel. Earlier the enemy had bombarded the positions with artillery.

SPENT TWO YEARS IN THE SERVICE

CAPTAIN AND MRS. WOODLEY HERE ON WAY TO OTTAWA.

Captain and Mrs. Woodley, of the Salvation Army, are in the city and will remain here until Thursday. They are on their way to Ottawa to take charge of No. 2 Corps in that city. Wednesday night Capt. Woodley will speak at a special meeting of soldiers to be held at the Temple.

Mrs. Woodley is a daughter of Brigadier Hamments who has charge of the insurance branch of the Salvation Army branch in England.

Capt. Woodley enlisted as bandsman in the 83rd Battalion, Toronto, in April, 1915, and was discharged after two years' service. He is a member of the G.W.V.A. Before enlisting he was with the Dover Court Corps of the Salvation Army in Toronto, which was then in charge of Adjt. Bunton, a scorps that made the enviable record of sending 100 per cent. of its eligible men to the service.

A special meeting of the Home League will be held tomorrow evening at 3.00 o'clock in the Temple. All members are requested to attend as Capt. and Mrs. Woodley will give addresses.

FLIGHT TO ALGIERS

Paris, Jan. 28.—Lieut. Atoget, pilot, and Captain Cole succeeded in flying across the Mediterranean yesterday from Marseilles to Algiers The trip, which was made in a 300-horse power airplane was made in five hours.

Spartacans Rout The Ebert's Forces

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 28.—Spartacan forces have overturned the Government in Wilhelmshaven, Germany, and occupied the banks and public buildings. They have ordered a court martial of thei ropponents. Railway traffic to and from Wilhelmshaven as been stopped.

TOOK OWN LIFE WITH REVOLVER

RELATIVE OF LOCAL [illegible] MITS SUICIDE AT BROCKVILLE.

The body of Miss Marjorie Hamton, a niece of Mrs. Crawford, Peterborough, 35 years of age, a stenographer in the Bank of Montreal, was found yesterday afternoon in a boathouse on the river front, the property of Mrs. Crawford, half a mile west of Brockville. She was found lying face downwards, her right hand clutching a .32-calibre revolver, and with a bullet hole through the right temple.

The young woman while at work Saturday appeared nervous and abstracted and disappeared during the afternoon. As she did not return, search was instituted. She had spent the summer months with Mrs. Crawford. She was a daughter of the late William Hamilton of Belleville, where her mother and two married sisters, Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Thomson, reside. One brother is overseas.

An inquest was opened at Brockville by Coroner Harding and adjourned until Thursday night. No motive is given for her rash act.

Germans Prepare to Resist the Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 28.—Two full corps of German troops have been assembled by the general staff to march against the Poles, and eight troops trains are passing through Frankfort-on-the-Oder daily.

Mrs. Henri Bourassa Dies in Montreal

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Bourassa, wife of Henri Bourassa, of Le Devoir, died on Sunday, aged 41. She was Josephoine Papineau, and was married in 1905. Eight children survive.

No Immigration For Four Years

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The House of Representatives Legislation Committee today tentatively agreed to the bill restricting general immigration into the United States for four years after the signing of peace.

KING PETER DYING

Basle, Jan. 28.—King Peter of Serbia who has been ill, has suffered a new attack and is said to be in a serious condition, according to advices from Laibach. Prince Regent Alexander is on his way to his father's bedside.

REEVE M'INTOSH ELECTED WARDEN ON NINTH BALLOT

Reeve Squires of Norwood Was Runner Up and Final Vote Was Nine to Seven---County Council for 1919 Is Now in Session

Mr. John McIntosh the veteran reeve of the Township of ..orth Monaghan was elected Warden of Peterboro County at the inaugural session of the Count Council of 1918 held this afternoon.

There was a spirited contest for the position and it was not until the ninth ballot that the issue was decided. Reeves Squires of Norwood was the outstanding opponent and in the second ballot the issue was a tie standing 8 votes to 8.

Reeve Bullied of Chandos forgot his qualification certificate and was unable to take his seat at the Board in consequence of which there were only 17 members voteing and in the last ballot Reeve Easson declined to vote. This gave Reeve McIntosh a total of 9 as compared to Reeve Squire's 7 and the former was declared elected.

There were nine names placed in nomination for the wardenship as follows:

Reeve Squire, proposed by Messrs Matheson and Clarke; Reeve McIntosh by Messrs Brown and Bell; Reeve Griffith by Messrs Shaw and Easson; Reeve Bullied by Messrs Coughlin and Holland; Reeve Nicholls by Messrs Easson and Anderson; Reeve Shaw by Messrs Anderson and Nicholls; and Reeve Holland by Messrs Shaw and Easson.

The voting varied and at times there were only three in the running and once as many as five. When the final decision was made there were only Reeves McIntosh and Squires to choose between.

The roll was called and ran as follows:

Messrs. W. E. Griffith, McLean, Bell, Clarke, Holland, Squire, Matheson, Coughlin, Anderson, Easson, Darling, Nicholls, Middleton, Brown, Moore, Shaw and McIntosh.

Reeve Bullied will procure his certificate tomorrow and take his seat at the council table.

OUR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

This is the second of a series of photos showing what takes place when a contingent of returning soldiers arrive at Quebec from Halifax for demobilization. This shows the soldiers in their dormitory at the discharge depot at Quebec cleaning up and getting ready to board the train for home.

—British & Colonial Press photograph.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Mostly fair and mild today. Wednesday a little colder. Local snow flurries.

The Daily Review

12 PAGES

46th YEAR No. 23 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

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Mr. G. N. Gordon appeared for the prisoner and Mr. J. E. L. Goodwill acted for the Crown. Lytle pleaded guilty to the charge of having an illicit whisky manufacturing plant upon his premises and immediately the Crown produced a second charge of allowing the apparatus to be upon his premises.

This was sprung upon Mr. Gordon without notice and he protested vigorously. He stated that it was ridiculous to bring two charges of a nature identical against a man who had already pleaded guilty to one. Having and allowing to be upon his premises should according to his argument constitute one accusation. The second charge Mr. Gordon maintained was inserted in the statutes to cover a case where it could not be established that the owner of the property upon whish the still was found was personally implicated in the manufacture of the liquor. His client admitted his guilt upon the first accusation and it was consequently unjust to charge him a second time.

Lytle was sentenced to serve one month in jail and pay $200 and $16.90 costs or in default of payment an additional six months' term of imprisonment upon the first charge and the case was remanded for a week at the end of which time he will appeal upon the second accusation if the Crown persists in its intention of pressing it.

His Stock in Trade

An inventory showing the articles seived by Inspector Stewart follows:

Two milk cans, (mash tins) capacity 30 gallons each.
One box of raisins.
One tub and coil of lead pipe, (crude still.)
One empty can, (for condensing.)
Four tins of syrup.
Package of Yeast Cake.
Total value $4.50.

It cannot be said that the apparatus showed much ingenuity in construction. It was on exhibition in the court room and consisted of what appeared to have been a five gallon kerosene can from the spout of which extended a coil of lead pipe about half an inch by seven or eight feet in length. This was passed through a wooden pail which was to be filled with water and serve as a condenser. The lead pipe then lead out of the pail and the drip from this would no doubt be the "real thing."

Two milk cans of mash in an advanced state of fermentation are stored for safe keeping in the office of the jail. Upon entering the little room the odor of whiskey in the making is quite pronounced. The smell is the most appetising thing in connection with it, however, as the liquor in the two receptacles is muddy in appearance. It is thought that it is composed of wheat, raisins, potatoes, black-strap, yeast and water and when put into the gasoline can and heated upon the stove and the vapor condensed in the warm would no doubt produce a grade of moonshine whiskey which would excite the envy of a Kentucky mountaineer.

REEVE M'INTOSH ELECTED WARDEN ON NINTH BALLOT

Reeve Squires of Norwood Was Runner Up and Final Vote Was Nine to Seven---County Council for 1919 Is Now in Session

Mr. John McIntosh the veteran reeve of the Township of ..orth Monaghan was elected Warden of Peterboro County at the inaugural session of the County Council of 1919 held this afternoon.

There was a spirited contest for the position and it was not until the ninth ballot that the issue was decided. Reeves Squires of Norwood was the outstanding opponent and in the second ballot the issue was a tie standing 8 votes to 8.

Reeve Bullied of Chandos forgot his qualification certificate and was unable to take his seat at the Board in consequence of which there were only 17 members voting and in the last ballot Reeve Easson declined to vote. This gave Reeve McIntosh a total of 9 as compared to Reeve Squire's 7 and the former was declared elected.

There were nine names placed in nomination for the wardenship as follows:

Reeve Squire, proposed by Messrs Matheson and Clarke; Reeve McIntosh by Messrs Brown and Bell; Reeve Griffith by Messrs Shaw and Easson; Reeve Bullied by Messrs Coughlin and Holland; Reeve Nicholls by Messrs Easson and Anderson; Reeve Shaw by Messrs Anderson and Nicholls; and Reeve Holland by Messrs Shaw and Easson.

The voting varied and at times there were only three in the running and once as many as five. When the final decision was made there were only Reeves McIntosh and Squires to choose between.

The roll was called and ran as follows:

Messrs. W. E. Griffith. McLean, Bell, Clarke, Holland, Squire, Matheson, Coughlin. Anderson. Easson, Darling, Nicholls, Middleton, Brown, Moore, Shaw and McIntosh.

Reeve Bullied will procure his certificate tomorrow and take his seat at the council table.

HUNDRED THOUSAND ON STRIKE IN BRITAIN

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 28.—It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland because of strikes in the various trades, creating one of the most serious situations industrially that the country has had to face in many years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, where the strike movement is continuing to spread. The city of Belfast by night is now in virtually total darkness, hospitals being the only places where lights can be shown without danger of attack by strikers. Everywhere else the display of lights has caused either stoning or storming of premises. In cases where such drastic action was not taken people were forced by threats to screen their lights.

Even in private houses it is not considered safe to use more than one candle, and the supply of candles is rapidly diminishing. There is no change in the situation at the Clyde, where 20,000 shipyards workers are out, nor in other places. Except in London, where the question at stake is one of wages, all these strikes are due to a demand for shorter hours with the same privileges and wages as prevailed when longer hours were worked.

100,000 Out in Belfast.

There are 100,000 people involved in the strike at Belfast and twenty-five trades are affected. Rioting and destruction are rampant.

"The strike is the most serious ever experienced in this city of strikes," a correspondent writes. "Belfast is like a dead city. Its entire social life is paralyzed, theatres and saloons are closed, tram cars are not running, bakeries and laundries are closing, and there were no afternoon papers on Monday. Only two small editions of the morning newspapers appeared yesterday."

Megantic Arrives At Halifax Today

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Jan. 28.—The White Star liner Megantic arrived in port today from overseas with thirty-six officers, twenty-five cadets, 302 of other ranks and 652 soldiers' dependts. She entered the harbor at 10 o'clock.

Ex-Kaiser's Natal Day Passed Quietly

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Jan. 28. — Religious services were held in the castle chapel here in honor of the birthday of William Hohenzollern, former German emperor. With this exception, the former emperor and empress passed the day as usual.

HUNS UNDER A DELUSION

Paris, Jan. 28.—A French general who has just arrived from Berlin says:

"The German people, believing the war is over, think that their bad times are at an end. They do not believe that the German army was beaten, and that, therefore, no war indemnity will be exacted. They labor under illusions regarding the aims of the American people I have seen procession passing the Adlon Hotel cheering the general in command of the American mission in Berlin."

Warden McIntosh made a short address in which he thanked his colleagues for the honer they had conferred upon him and made an appeal for a continuance of the support which his predecessor in office had received.

The council then went into committee of the whole to strike the standing committees for the year.

Bolsheviki Fail In Attack on Allies

Archangel, Jan. 28.—The Bolshevik forces failed in an attempt last midnight to drive the American and British troops from their positions at Tulgasa n the Dvina River, southeast of Archangel. Earlier the enemy had bombarded the positions with artillery.

SPENT TWO YEARS IN THE SERVICE

CAPTAIN AND MRS. WOODLEY HERE ON WAY TO OTTAWA.

Captain and Mrs. Woodley, of the Salvation Army, are in the city and will remain here until Thursday. They are on their way to Ottawa to take charge of No. 2 Corps in that city. Wednesday night Capt. Woodley will speak at a special meeting of soldiers to be held at the Temple.

Mrs. Woodley is a daughter of Brigadier Hamments who has charge of the insurance branch of the Salvation Army branch in England.

Capt. Woodley enlisted as bandsman in the 83rd Battalion, Toronto, in April, 1915, and was discharged after two years' service. He is a member of the G.W.V.A. Before enlisting he was with the Dover Court Corps of the Salvation Army in Toronto, which was then in charge of Adjt. Bunton, a scorps that made the enviable record of sending 100 per cent. of its eligible men to the service.

A special meeting of the Home League will be held tomorrow evening at 3.00 o'clock in the Temple. All members are requested to attend as Capt. and Mrs. Woodley will give addresses.

FLIGHT TO ALGIERS

Paris, Jan. 28.—Lieut. Atoget, pilot, and Captain Cole succeeded in flying across the Mediterranean yesterday from Marseilles to Algiers The trip, which was made in a 300-horse power airplane was made in five hours.

Spartacans Rout The Ebert's Forces

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 28.—Spartacan forces have overturned the Government in Wilhelmshaven, Germany, and occupied the banks and public buildings. They have ordered a court martial of thei ropponents. Railway traffic to and from Wilhelmshaven as been stopped.

TOOK OWN LIFE WITH REVOLVER

RELATIVE OF LOCAL [illegible] MITS SUICIDE AT BROCKVILLE.

The body of Miss Marjorie Hamton, a niece of Mrs. Crawford, Peterborough, 35 years of age, a stenographer in the Bank of Montreal, was found yesterday afternoon in a boathouse on the river front, the property of Mrs. Crawford, half a mile west of Brockville. She was found lying face downwards, her right hand clutching a .32-calibre revolver, and with a bullet hole through the right temple.

The young woman while at work Saturday appeared nervous and abstracted and disappeared during the afternoon. As she did not return, search was instituted. She had spent the summer months with Mrs. Crawford. She was a daughter of the late William Hamilton of Belleville, where her mother and two married sisters, Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Thomson, reside. One brother is overseas.

An inquest was opened at Brockville by Coroner Harding and adjourned until Thursday night. No motive is given for her rash act.

OUR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

This is the second of a series of photos showing what takes place when a contingent of returning soldiers arrive at Quebec from Halifax for demobilization. This shows the soldiers in their dormitory at the discharge depot at Quebec cleaning up and getting ready to board the train for home.

—British & Colonial Press photograph.

TURKS AND TARTARS IN COMBINE TO MAKE WAR ON THE ARMENIANS

Report Says That Over Twenty Thousand People Were Slaughtered by United Armies in Baku Allies Are Unable to Relieve the Beleagured Towns.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 28.—Intense anxiety is felt by the Armenians here over reports that large bodies of Turkish troops have joined Tarter bands and are attacking Armenian villages It is feared that still another chapter of atrocities will be added to the Turkish record before the Allies are able to relieve the beleaguered Armenian towns. Details still are lacking of the massacre at Baku after the Turks, reinforced by Tartar and German troops, had captured the city. Unofficial reports to the Armenian bureau here indicate that about 20,000 people, including a considerable number of Armenian soldiers, were slaughtered in Baku and in the surrounding region.

LOCAL HOCKEY PLAYER HELD AT PORT HOPE AFTER GAME

Harold Frost, Defense Man, in Collision With Right Wing in Lake Town---Attorney O'Brien Leaves to Conduct His Defense.

Harold Frost of Peterborough Juniors was arrested last night at Port Hope at the close of the first game of the season to be played in that town. He was charged with assaulting Ware, one of the neighboring town's men in spite of the fact that the referee did not even penalize Frost at the time and declared the accident to be the result of a lean body check.

A despatch from Port Hope has he following to say about the game and the regrettable incident in particular.

The only excitement furnished in the opening game of the season here tonight when the locals lost to Peterboro juniors by 6 to 2, was the arrest of Frost, the Peterboro defence man, for an assault upon Ware, the speedy right wing of the locals. Ware was making a rush on goal, when, it is alleged that Frost raised his knee, striking Ware in the stomach, putting him down and out. A doctor was called, and Ware's condition was so serious that he was at once removed to the hospital. When the bell announced full time two policemen placed Frost under arrest on a charge of assault. The ice was very soft and the game slow, combination work being out of the question.

The account cannot be said to be remarkable for its fidelity to details. It probably represents the view points of an aggregation of sports who would howl for the arrest of a man who had made himself conspicuous upon the team of their opponents through his ability as a player.

Last night Port Hope lost to Peterborough juniors. That is what the Globe says but the description is not vivid enough and the terms in which it is couched are so mild as to give one the idea that the game was fairly well balanced with Peterborough's team slightly in the ascendancy.

As a matter of fact Port Hope was beaten to a standstill last night. They were beaten at all stages of the game and were outclassed in every conceivable direction. During the progress of the entire match they only made 15 direct shots at the Peterborough nets and in the second period they never got the rubber, past centre ice. The entire game was played about the goals of the Port Hope team, and furthermore the score was 8 to 2 in favor of Peterborough and not 6 to 2 as is stated in the despatch to the Toronto morning papers.

A Clean Player

Harold Frost has long been recognized as a clean and efficient hockey player. Port Hope has not had a hockey team for several years and from the outset of the game last night the rooters realized that they were out of luck as far as a result favorable to them was concerned. Consequently they looked about them for some person or thing upon which to vent their wrath and then as the result of a sheer accident which was regarded as such by a veteran referee. Frost threw Ware with unfortunate consequence they poured forth upon him their bitterness in the form of vituperation and threats.

It is only fair to say that the sporting element of the town did not blame the visiting player for what was plainly an accident but the "roughnecks" immediately armed themselves with hockey sticks which their representatives upon the ice seem unable to use in the proper manner and licked their lips to get a whack at Frost or the referee.

Instead of listening to advice from thereal sports of the town, the Mayor of Port Hope fell in with the wishes of the disgruntled fans and Frost was taken into custody charged with assault and $500 bail for his temporary release was refused.

Mr. G. N. Gordon was communicated with and Rev. Father Gorman, President of the Association advised of the trouble. This morning Mr. J. A. O'Brien and Father Gorman left for Port Hope and it is expected that a speedy adjustment will be made.

The line up last night:

Peterboro—Goal, Flowers; defence Campbell and Frost; centre, Charrest; right wing, Park; left wing, Hagerman; substitutes, Girard and Williams.

Port Hope—Goal, Copeland; defence, Irwin and Sherry; centre, Hills; right wing, R. Ware; left wing, Southwell; substitutes, Hogan and K. Ware.

Germans Prepare to Resist the Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 28.—Two full corps of German troops have been assembled by the general staff to march against the Poles, and eight troops trains are passing through Frankfort-on-the-Oder daily.

Mrs. Henri Bourassa Dies in Montreal

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Bourassa, wife of Henri Bourassa, of Le Devoir, died on Sunday, aged 41. She was Josephine Pagineau, and was married in 1905. Eight children survive.

No Immigration For Four Years

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The House of Representatives Legislation Committee today tentatively agreed to the bill restricting general immigration into the United States for four years after the signing of peace.

KING PETER DYING

Basle, Jan. 28.—King Peter of Serbia who has been ill, has suffered a new attack and is said to be in a serious condition, according to advices from Laibach. Prince Regent Alexander is on his way to his father's bedside.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1919

SOMETHING WRONG SOMEWHERE.

THERE IS SOMETHING the matter with the old Liberal party, and its desperate efforts to rise again from the dead are not receiving encouragement from the quarter whence such aid was expected to come. The Liberals of Central Ontario met in Toronto last week and formed an association for the district. The attendance was small and the proceedings were marked by a lack of enthusiasm that was discouraging. But that was not the worst of it. The unkindest cut of all was dealt not by the Unionist press, but by the very papers from which the new organization looked for support.

The Globe withheld its editorial benediction on the revivified members of the party and had not one official word of commendation for their efforts to rise again. Naturally the members are disappointed in the fact that their only blessing came from the sanctum of a new weekly publication in Toronto.

Another noticeable feature of the proceedings in Toronto was the fact that while a resolution commending the past achievements of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was passed, the members who drafted the resolution confined himself to history alone. There was nothing to indicate that the party has any hope for the future under the old leadership. If it was praise, it was the praise of the dead, whose virtues only are referred to and whose faults are charitably forgotten.

STOPPING IMMIGRATION.

ALARMISTS ARE FOND of drawing a picture of a rush of immigrants to this country to escape the consequences of the war in Europe and of the destitution that is sure to prevail among them during the period of reconstruction, when so many Canadians themselves are liable to be out of work. On this score there should be no uneasiness. Canada's first duty is to take care of her own people, especially her soldiers, just as it is the first duty of an individual to provide for those who are dependent upon him before extending charity to others.

The law of Canada permits the shutting out of foreign goods that are manufactured by cheap labor. This benefits the home manufacturer, but the same law can be invoked to save the Canadian workingman from unfair competition. The rule in this case, as in all others, should be made to work both ways. When Minister of Labor Robertson was in the city he stated that there would be little or no immigration into Canada for some years, and this may indicate a policy that the Government has in mind.

The United States Congress has before it a resolution which, if adopted, will stop European immigration to that country for the next four years.

There are after-the-war problems that cannot be solved by human agency, and there are others that can be easily disposed of. Immigration is one of these.

ONE REASON.

THE NEW YORK Commercial says that if reputable hotelkeepers intend to fight for their rights and the repeal of national prohibition, they must find some way of disassociating the licensed liquor trade from the groggeries which have provided ammunition for the Anti-Saloon League.

The American people did not strike at first-class hotels but at the low saloons and resorts where thieves and prostitutes conserted to rob drunken men, where those who entered were coerced into buying more than they wanted and where wood alcohol was often sold as whisky. They voted against these "joints" and against the whole liquor trade because they could not distinguish between the hotel on Fifth Avenue and the East Side licensed groggery in which customers were killed by drinking wood alcohol. The liquor trade did not separate its goats from its sheep in time to save itself.

LETTING THE IRISH FIGHT IT OUT.

(New York Commercial.)

DURING THE WAR the British Government dealt with Ireland on the theory that it could not afford to take chances with Sinn Feiners who had declared that their hopes of independence were founded on a German victory, so Sir Roger Casement and others were executed and the Easter rebellion was suppressed. The Government now feels safe in so far as the military aspect of the Irish situation is concerned, and is disposed to let the Irish fight out their own quarrels in their Dublin Parliament. Field Marshal Lord French, an Irishman who favors Home Rule, sits in Dublin Castle as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and some of the Orange members of Parliament are attending the sessions of the Irish Parliament in the Mansion House, within earshot of his office. The Irish have it all to themselves and the Dublin Government is waiting to see what they will make of it. Some local discord may occur, but no real fighting in a military sense. The order against processions and public assemblies has been withdrawn, which indicates the confidence of the imperial authorities.

All but five or six of the Irish members in session are very young men. The farmers and older men show no inclination to boycott English buyers of Irish products, knowing that it would ruin the southern and western counties, which are almost wholly agricultural. The British Government's present policy seems to be the wisest attempt to force the Irish to settle their own affairs that it has ever made.

Sinn Fein hopes of securing the support of the peace conference at Paris are fading, and America has become lukewarm. After they have talked long enough the Irish members of Parliament assembled at Dublin may arrive at some solution, but it will be short of complete independence. Ireland is the military key to the British Isles and Northern Europe, and the day it separates from the United Kingdom will see the disruption of the British Empire. While that Empire holds together, discussion of an independent Irish Republic is not practical politics.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE NATION whom the gods would destroy they first make hungry.

* * * * * *

HOW WOULD IT do over there to try comestibles instead of bayonets on the rioting races?

* * * * * *

MR. HOOVER, with his food program, is the logical representative to deal with the discontented rabble of Central Europe.

* * * * * *

IT IS A DIFFICULT matter to fix the price of any commodity when that is really set by the markets of Europe.

* * * * * *

AFTER WITNESSING the performance of "In Sunny France," regret deepens that so happy a people should have their ideals shattered by four years of war.

* * * * * *

THE EX-KAISER, with his passion for destruction still unsated, has begun an attack on the shade trees of Holland with his little hatchet.

* * * * * *

GERMANS ARE PREPARING to flock to the United States, but that country has learned that there is anything but national safety in Teutonic numbers.

* * * * * *

THESE DAYS it is hard to differentiate between a brickbat and a bouquet except in the case of amateur theatrical performances, when the comments are all floral and flattering.

* * * * * *

EVIDENTLY Ex-President Taft made the circuit of Ontario without an unpleasant incident in connection with his visit, except in this city.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Still Despised.

(London Advertiser.)

The Government has rescinded its regulations against the loafer, but the opinion of the public still holds good.

Of Course.

(Brantford Expositor.)

The coal man will soon be succeeded by the ice man and the fuel scarcity by the cry "There is little ice, hence the price will be much higher." There is no escape, apparently.

No Cause for Pessimism.

(Galt Reporter.)

Look at the situation from any angle whatsoever and you will find poor material for pessimism for the present and future years in Canada. Prosperity is in the saddle and the road ahead insures easy going.

The Soaring Chop.

(Guelph Mercury.)

The price of pork chops is still aeroplaning, even though the price of the hog has taken a serious drop. It used to be said that the reason food prices raised at once when stocks were scarce was that they would have to drop immediately when they became plentiful. But not so with the hog line.

A Growing Sentiment.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

Well, it is said that a good many Canadian manufacturers have discovered during the war that they can hold their own very well in a world of competition, and that for the present they are more in need of markets and they are coming to see that there is more to be gained by encouraging compromise than by fighting it out to the bitter end. The sentiment in favor of lower tariff is growing in strength. Unrelenting antagonism on the part of the Protectionists would probably hasten the growth.

Easy for Him.

(Montreal Star.)

In five minutes the average soap-box orator will polish off more deep problems than the average man of learning will feel justified in touching upon in five hours of quiet conversation.

Quantity Production.

(Grand Rapids Press.)

We can hardly await the appearance of Uncle Henry Ford's newspaper, which, we understand, is to be assembled like a Ford, with the sporting editor at one end of the railway and the society editor at the other.

All These Things Added Unto Him.

(London War Cry.)

When he became converted his clothing was old and torn, and tied about him with a string. He had found a good Christian woman to take an interest in him, was happily married, in a comfortable situation, and the possessor of a £45 piano.

Back in the Fold.

(Ottawa Journal.)

The only Liberal thus far repatriated by Sir Wilfrid is Hon. W. S. Fielding, and Mr. Fielding never strayed very far from the fold. Of course, there is that mobile statesman, Hon. George P. Graham, but Mr. Graham's reputation as a political chameleon has grown so great that his latest position, although probably merely momentary, is not a matter of importance.

One Trouble.

(Calgary Herald.)

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says he is willing to quit the leadership of the Liberal party if the party wants a younger man. But the trouble with the party is that while it wants a new leader it is unable to decide on the victim.

Fatal Loquacity.

(Buffalo Express.)

It looks as if the present British policy towards the Sinn Feiners is to keep cool and see if they will not talk themselves to death. And the prospect is fair that this is exactly what will happen.

The Money Magnates.

(London Free Press.)

The country must ponder what is to become of it when the money power becomes so concentrated in Canada that a few men meeting in the directors' offices of a bank or two can dictate the policy of the nation.

LIFE IN VLADIVOSTOK WITH CANADIAN TROOPS

W. E. Playfair Gives an Interesting Picture of What is Going on in Siberia These Days.

(By W. E. Playfair, Official Correspondent with the Canadian Forces in Siberia.)

Vladivostock, is the boom town of the Orient. There is probably more money in Vladivostock today than even before in the port's history and as a result prices of commodities have soared. Thousands of Russian refugees trooped in here when the various revolutions were on, and they brought money with them. Then there have been large sums spent by the Allied nations maintaining forces here.

In the matter of shops, as in all else, Vladivostock, by the way, is nothing if not more cosmopolitan. There is one large department store owned by Germans, and all manner of Oriental bazaars, chiefly Chinese and Japanese. With the price in his pocket one may buy almost anything in the town.

There is no fixed price for anything. The vendor sizes up the purchaser and sets his figure, always too high. One with patience and plenty of time on his hands can often secure a reduction of 100 per cent. For instance, several officers who were on the committee of a bazaar and priced some interesting Mongolian pheasants. The Chinese dealer quoted 10 roubles each bird. Another dealer ogered his pheasants at 5 roubles a brace. Finally the officers went back to quarters and sent a Russian interpreter to make the purchase. He secured birds at eight roubles per brace.

Baths are Expensive

Baths are the most expensive luxury in the place. Officers are paying the equivalent of $1.50 for a shower bath. There is this point about a Russian bath in Vladivostock, that one may pay as much as he pleases, depending upon the services secured. Some of these services run as high as 40 roubles and would not be obtainable in a Canadian institution of the sort.

A few months ago one of the picturesque pirates who drive the droshky, which is the Russian equivalent of a cab, would take a passenger almost anywhere in the city for a rouble. To-day the foreigner at least, pay twice as much as he would pay for a taxi in one of the Canadian cities. There is an electric car line in the town, and, as one Canadian phrases it, the fare runs anywhere from a few kopecks to the [illegible] in securing change. If the conductor cannot make change he sometimes retains the bill that has been offered in payment of fare.

Questions of Currency

Many members of the Canadian forces before coming here brought Japanese money, believing that it would be the Vladivostock standard of currency. Others invested in Russian roubles before leaving Canada, paying high prices. Their better plan would have been to keep their Canadian money and have it exchanged here for rouble, either at the Bank of Shanghaie and Hong Kong, or through the army pasmaster. The yen is not in circulation here and it must also be exchanged for roubles. The yen which is worth some 50 cents in Canadian money, brings 4½ roubles here.

The Canadian dollar is worth about 7 roubles 80 kopecks, although the rate of exchange varies from day to day. The American dollar enjoys an average exchange rate of 8 roubles. There are 100 kopecks in the rouble. The Canadian forces are paid in roubles, generally in bills of 30 and 40 denomination.

All the money is paper, and the bills are of all shapes and sizes. The rouble notes are most highly prized, although for the most part extremely disreputable in appearance, are those issued under the Imperial regime. The commonest are those of the Kerensky era, generally smaller. The kopeck note is for the most part the size of a Canadian postage stamp. It can be carried in the small compartments in a pocket book in which one usually carries street car tickets.

The Kerensky roubles are easily counterfeited. Experts profess to be able to tell the real from the false, not so much by the watermark, as by certain lines in the engraved design. The stranger in the land is inclined to doubt the real value of any of the stuy. The yearning for nickel, dime or two-bit piece soon becomes a veritable hunger.

CANADA'S ARMY HAS COST OVER BILLION DOLLARS

Sir Herbert Ames, Chairman of the National Saving Committee, Addresses Toronto Audience.

"The disbursements made in raising, equipping, and maintaining our troops will approximately amount to $1,400,000,000," said Sir Herbert Ames, M.P., chairman of the National Savings Committee in his address to the Canadian Club in Toronto yesterday.

"Then we have assumed — and rightly—the burden of supporting the widows and assisting the disabled men. This obligation, capitalized, would represent a present indebtedness of not less than $600,000,000 more. While it is probably yet too early to accurately determine what financial burden of the war will be placed upon Canada, I think we may assume that it represents a capitalized amount of at least $2,000,000,000. That is to say, a debt of $250 for every individual in the Dominion."

Wealth Blown to Bits.

He hoped that as the burden would be evenly distributed the debt would be made good without great individual sacrifice. Of the immense sums there would be little salvage. The exploded shell represented wealth which had absolutely disappeared.

"We believe that Canada will be one of the first nations of the world to emerge from the incubus of the war," said Sir Herbert. The war has taught Canadians some lessons of great value; aside altogether from the revival of patriotism, we have learned to know the meaning of "produce, save, invest."

"One sometimes wonders how we came through the past five years so easily. A partial explanation is given when we note how our trade balance passed from the adverse to the favorable. Canada's financing during the war period has been one of the most wonderful chapters of the war, and 85 per cent. of Canada's debt is to-day, in the hands of Canadians themselves.

More Money Needed.

"Should the Government require—as it will—to make further borrowings, it cannot expect in future, as in the past, to draw upon the industrial surplus nor upon reinvestment capital to similar extent as heretofore. If then we are to sustain industry during the re-establishment period, and the Government is called upon to provide money to this end, it must look elsewhere to borrow. In fact it must appeal to the small investor.'

"We intend to issue this year, $50,000,000 of these war savings stamps securities; we hope they will be all taken up. We expect that several million Canadians will buy them. It is our aim to have a nation of small capitalists.

"We have divided the Dominion into 14 districts. Of these all but one are organized with committees at work. I am sorry to have to confess that central Ontario in this one activity is behind, but we hope shortly with your help to organize here."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she believes in the freedom of the seas, provided you bring your own bathing suit.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Builds up degree of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TODAY'S STORY

Dr. Samuel Schwab claims that the oldest good story is the one about the boy who left the farm and got a job in the city. He wrote a letter to his brother, who had elected to stick by the farm, telling of the joys of city life, in which he said:

"Thursday we autoed out to the country club where we golfed until dark. Then we trolleyed back to town and danced until dawn. Then we motored to the beach and Friday ed there." The brother on the farm wrote back.

"Yesterday we buggied to town and [illegible] all about it. Then we went to Ned's and pokered till morning. Today we muled out to the cornfield and gee-hawed till sundown. Then we supped and then we piped for a while. After that we stairsaed up to our room and bedsteaded until the clock fived.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS

Weather. Cold in spots, ony you dont have to stay in those spots.

Sickiety. Miss Mary Watkins had a tooth out in frunt which it makes her look just a bewtiful as ever and she says the empty space aint painfull.

Sparts. Artie Allxander slepp with his cuzzin Benny Potts last Sattiday nite, having a contest to see which one cood get undressed the ferst, which Benny Potts won with the nine number of buttons as when he started, the ony differnts being that 2 was under the bed and one under the bewro.

Intristing Facks About Intristing People. Puds Simkins puts so much buttir on his buck wheat cakes in the morning that it would be easier if he jest put the buck wheat cakes on the buttir.

Military News. Cumpiany Be took a 5 mile hike last Saturday, nobody getting very tired on account of the intire compinny hooking on behind a hay waggin half the way out and a ice waggin all the way back.

LEE PAPE.

Ex-Crown Princess Cecilia voted at Potsdam in the German elections.

President Wilson made his first trip to the battle front and devastated regions, visiting Chateau Thierry and Rheims.

INDIAN RIVER

Indian River, Jan. 28.—Mr. P. G. Walker had the misfortune to cut a bad gash in his leg just below the knee as the result of his axe having caught a limb while cutting wood in Dewart's camp.

Mr. David Kidd, of Kidd Bros., who has been dangerously ill from blood poisining in his hand, is now pronounced out of danger.

Mr. and Mrs. Gavin Shearer, jr., are rejoicing in the birth of a son on Friday, the 26th.

Capt. John Dewart has arrived ome from Europe, having seen much active service at the front.

Skating Party Was Postponed

A very enjoyable time was spent last evening when the Young People's Guild in the ladies' parlors of Knox Church held a social evening. Because of the unfavorable conditions of the ice the skating party to be held was postponed and a social evening was spent instead. The hockey match, which was to be held, will be played on Thursday at 6.30.

The evening was spent with the following program.

Chairman's address—Rev. J. A. McKenzie.

Solo—Miss Pearson.

Solo—Mr. John Smith.

Several games were played, after which refreshments were served when brief addresses were given by Mr. R. Segar, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. McKenzie and Mr. R. McLeish.

A woman always loves those who admire her, but she doesn't always love those she admires.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

THE THRIFT HABIT is at the root of business success. Get a start by saving your money. A Bank of Toronto Savings Account will help you. Add economy and persistence and your success is assured.

ASSETS: $84,000,000

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday

CRANE WILBER in "Unto the End" A drama of Undying Love in Five Acts

LEAH BAIRD in "Wolves of Kultur", Chapter 5 "THROUGH THE FLAMES," 2 Parts

"The Belles of Liberty" A Jingling Comedy in Two Parts
Featuring the Famous L. K. O. Beauties

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Everybody Delighted with the Special Feature Now On
Grand Special Feature—GERALDINE FARRAR in

"Joan, the Woman"

in 10 Magnificent Parts. Benutiful Settings
Gorgeous Scenery. A Most Lavish Production.
Come Early to Secure Seats. No Raise in Price
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

ROBT. FAIR & Co., Ltd.

DOLLAR DAY BARGAINS DOLLAR DAY BARGAINS

DOLLAR DAY BARGAINS Store Hours 8.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

DOLLARS SAVED ARE DOLLARS MADE, YOU CAN DO THAT IN THE HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT

SCOTCH LINOLEUM—2 yards wide, in block design. Regular $1.35. Dollar Day, square yard ... $1.00

FLOOR OILCLOTH—2 yards wide. Sells regularly at 75c. Dollar Day ... 2 Square Yards for $1.30

WINDOW SHADES—Plain white or cream in regulation size. Reg. 85c. Dollar Day ... 2 Shades for $1.25

LACE CURTAINS—2½ yards long. Regular $1.50 pair. Dollar Day Per pair ... $1.00

VOILE CURTAINS—2½ yards long, in cream or ecru, with insertion or lace. Regular $3.00 pair. Dollar Day Per pair ... $2.00

COLORED CURTAIN SCRIMS—36 inches wide. Regular 25c. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

WHITE CURTAIN SCRIM — Open work edged. 36 inches wide. Regular 35c yard. Dollar Day ... 4 Yards for $1.00

CRETONNE—36 inches wide; many designs. Regular 50c. Dollar Day ... 3 Yards for $1.00

FANCY CHINTZ—36 inches wide. Regular 75c. Dollar Day ... 2 Yards for $1.00

CURTAIN RODS—Will extend up to 56 inches. Regular 45c. Dollar Day ... 3 Rods for $1.00

CURTAIN VOILE—36 inches wide; deep open work border, cream or Arab. Regular 40c. Dollar Day ... 3½ Yards for $1.00

WOVEN RAG MATS — Reversible, washable; size 27 x 54 inches. Regular $2.00. Dollar Day ... 2 Rugs for $3.00

HEARTH RUGS—27 x 54 inches, medallion centres, with fringed ends. Regular $2.25. Dollar Day ... 2 Rugs for $3.00

STAIR CARPET—27 inches wide; green or fawn colorings. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day, yard ... $1.00

REVERSIBLE STAIR CARPET—22½ ins. wide. Brown. Regular 35c. Dollar Day ... 4 Yards for $1.00

COCOA DOOR MATS—Heavy brush quality, size 16 x 26 ins. Regular $1.35. Dollar Day price ... $1.00

AXMINSTER RUGS—3 x 3 yards, Oriental design; heavy, deep, rich pile. Regular $38.00. Dollar Day price ... $29.00

VELVET RUGS—3 x 4 yards, in green colorings. Regular $45.00. Dollar Day price ... $33.00

TAPESTRY RUGS—2½x3 yards, browns, greens, or rose colorings. Regular $18. Dollar Day price ... $14.00

THE DOLLARS YOU SAVE ON READY-TO-WEAR WILL BUY OTHER GOODS FOR YOU

LADY'S SUIT of all-wool cadet basket cloth. Size 16. Regular $18.00 ... Dollar Day price ... $7.50

LADY'S SUIT of all-wool blue grey cheviot; size 16. Regular $25. Dollar Day price ... $12.50

LADY'S SUIT of dark green serge, size 36. Regular $36.00. Dollar Day price ... $20.00

LADY'S SUIT of black cheviot; size 38. Regular $20.00 ... Dollar Day price ... $10.50

LADY'S SUIT of navy velour, caracul trimmed; size 38. Regular $65. Dollar Day price ... $35.00

GREY VELOUR SUIT—Trimmed with black seal plush; size 36. Regular $59. Dollar Day price ... $25.00

HEAVY WINTER COATS—3 only that sell at $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00. Dollar Day price, each ... $5.00 & $5.50

3 ONLY COATS—Blue grey; three-quarter length. Regular $7.50 ... Dollar Day, each ... $2.50

1 COVERT CLOTH COAT—Fawn shade; regular $15.00. Dollar Day price ... $5.00

1 ONLY PLAIN SPORT COAT—Regular $21.00. DollarDay price ... $7.50

HEAVY PLAID COAT—Winter weight; size 36. Regular $25.00 ... Dollar Day price ... $12.50

GREEN VELOUR COAT—Size 18. Regular price $60.00. Dollar Day price ... $25.00

MID BROWN VELOUR COAT—Size 36. Regular price $55.00 ... Dollar Day price ... $25.00

1 VELVET COAT—Black. Regular price $25.00. Dollar Day price ... $15.00

MIDDY WAISTS—A wide range at $1.00 and $1.25. Dollar Day ... Each ... 75c

COAT MIDDIES that sell at $1.25 to $1.50. Dollar Day ... Each ... $1.00

WHITE SILK CREPE DE CHINE WAISTS that sell at $5.00.. Dollar Day, each ... $3.25

MUSLIN, VOILE, PIQUE BLOUSES—Regular $1.00 to $1.50 ... Dollar Day, each ... 75c

1 LOT OF COLORED BLOUSES—Including black and white. Regular $1.75 and $2.00. Dollar Day ... Each ... $1.00

HIGH-CLASS BLOUSES—Of voiles, Flaxon and Pique. Regular $2.25 to $3.00. Dollar Day, each.. $1.50

SWEATER COATS — Brushed wool and plain knit. Regular up to $12. Dollar Day price ... $7.00

SWEATER COATS—Solid and fancy colors, that sold up to $7.50 .. Dollar Day price ... $3.75

1 ALL-WOOL PLAID SKIRT that sells at $9.00. Dollar Day price ... $5.00

BLACK TAFFETA DRESS SKIRTS that sell at $13.50. Dollar Day price ... $8.50

FANCY TWEED SKIRTS that retail regularly at $7.00 ... Dollar Day price ... $3.75

GINGHAM AND CHAMBRAY HOUSE DRESSES that sell regularly at $1.50. Dollar Day price ... $1.00

PERCALE AND PRINT HOUSE DRESSES that sell at $1.00, $1.10 and $1.25. Dollar Day price ... 75c

BLACK SERGE SAILOR DRESSES—All-wool material. Regular $15. Dollar Day price, each ... $7.50

BLACK SERGE DRESSES—All wool, that sell regularly at $17.00 ... Dollar Day price, each ... $8.50

SUMMER DRESS OF COTTON CREPE—Size 36. Regular $5.00 .... Dollar Day price ... $1.00

WHITE COTTON CREPE DRESS—Size 40. Satin girdle. Regular $13.50. Dollar Day price .. $3.00

WHITE EMBROIDERED VOILE DRESS—Size 16. Regular price $12. Dollar Day price ... $4.50

MILLINERY

TRIMMED HATS—One table of Hats that sell at $6.00 to $8.00. Dollar Day, your choice for ... $3.00

FELT AND VELVET HAT SHAPES — In blues, browns and navys. Regular up to $3.00. Dollar Day price ... Each ... $1.00

CHILDREN'S CORDUROY VELVET HATS —Navy, brown, white. Regular $2.00 and $2.50. Dollar Day ... 2 Hats for $1.00

CHILDREN'S VELVET TAMS—In navy, brown and black. Regular $2.50 and $3. Dollar Day ... Your choice for ... $1.00

WINGS, MOUNTS AND FLOWERS that sold up to $2 each or bunch. Dollar Day ... 4 for $1.00

OSTRICH MOUNTS that sold from $2.00 to $3.00. Dollar Day ... 2 for $1.00

SILK AND DRESS GOODS

NATURAL RAW SILK—33 inches wide. Regular 75c a yard. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $2.00

ALL-WOOL GREY COATING—54 inches wide. Regular $3.75 a yard. Dollar Day, per yard ... $2.50

BLACK SEALETTE—48 inches wide. Very special Regular $12.00. Dollar Day Yard ... $8.50

Regular $15.00. Dollar Day, Yard ... $11.50

ALL-WOOL NAVY AND BLACK SERGE —54 inches wide. Regular $4.00. Dollar Day, yard ... $2.75

SILK CREPE DE CHINE—In tan shades; 36 inches wide. Regular $2.50. Dollar Day, yard ... $1.50

MERCERIZED CHARMEUSE—In shades of lavender, coral, white; 36 inches wide. Regular $2.00. Dollar Day Per yard ... $1.00

SILK CREPE POPLIN—Shades of green and purple. 36 inches wide. Regular $2.25. Dollar Day ... Per yard ... $1.75

BLACK PAILETTE SILK—Special quality, 36 inches wide. Regular $2.25 Dollar Day, per yard ... $1.75

BLACK JAP SILK—Special blouse material; 37 inches wide. Reg. $1.25. Dollar Day, yard .. $1.00

COLORED PAILETTE SILK—In shades of navy, browns, sky, reseda, tan, cardinal, purple, grey and black. 35 inches wide. Regular $1.75. Dollar Day.. Per yard ... $1.00

SHREWD BUYERS SHOULD READ THIS LIST FROM THE MAIN FLOOR

WHITE FLANNELETTE—36 ins. wide. Sells regularly at 40c. Dollar Day ... 3 Yards for $1.00

PLAIN CREAM FLANNELETTE—30 ins wide; very heavy. 35c value Dollar Day .. 4 Yards for $1.00

GREY COTTON—34 inches wide. Regular 25c yard. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

ART TICKING—Fancy stripe; 30 inches wide. Sells at 40c. Dollar Day ... 3 Yards for $1.00

LONSDALE CAMBRIC—36 inches wide. Sells at 25c yard. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

LONGCLOTH COTTON—34 inches wide. Sells at 25c. Dollar Day .. ... 5 Yards for $1.00

ALL-LINEN ROLLER TOWELLING — 18 ins wide; plain, very heavy. Sells at 40c. Dollar Day Special ... 4 Yards for $1.00

CRASH TOWELLING—For hand or dish towels. 16 inches wide. Sells at 10c. Dollar Day 4 Yards for 50c

WHITE BATH TOWELLING—22 inches wide. Sells at 50c. Dollar Day 35c, or ... 3 Yards for $1.00

CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTON—44 inches wide. 50c value. Dollar Day ... 2 Yards for $1.00

FANCY SILKOLINES—36 inches wide, for covering quilts or draping. Regular 40c. Dollar Day ... 4 Yards for $1.00

BLEACHED SHEETING—2 yards wide; a high grade quality; 90c value .. Dollar Day price, per yard ... 65c

ROLLER TOWELLING — Heavy quality; wide stripe. Regular 25c. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

STRIPE FLANNELETTE — Pinks and blues; 34 and 36 inches wide. Regular 40c. Dollar Day, yard .. 30c

WHITE DAMASK TABLING—54 inches wide. Regular 65c. Dollar Day ... 2 Yards for $1.00

PURE WHITE HUCK TOWELS—Hemmed ends, size 20 x 40 ins. Regular 75c a pair. Dollar Day ... 2 Pairs for $1.00

LIGHT GREY FLANNEL—Extra good quality. Sells at 65c. Dollar Day ... 2 Yards for $1.00

MEN'S HEAVY SOCKS—Dark and light grey, ribbed and plain. 50c value, for ... 3 Pair for $1.00

WHITE BATH TOWELLING—For making up wash towels and wash cloths; 16 inches wide. Regular 25c ... Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS—All dark designs. Regular $1.00 value. Dollar Day ... 2 Shirts for $1.50

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS—12/4 or largest size, white or grey. $4.50 value. Dollar Day ... Per pair ... $3.75

GINGHAMS—Range of checks and stripes that sell at 25c. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards for $1.00

PLAID DRESS GINGHAMS—Fancy colored plaids; worth 50c. Dollar Day ... 3 Yards for $1.00

YARD-WIDE PRINT—In navy, black and white grounds. Now worth 45c a yard. Dollar Day ... 3½ Yards for $1.00

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS—11/4 or regular bed size. Best quality. Worth $3.50. Dollar Day ... Per pair ... $2.75

BLACK CASHMERE HOSE—All sizes, in winterw eight. Regular 50c. Dollar Day ... 3 Pairs for $1.00

BOYS' BLACK WORSTED STOCKINGS—All sizes, all wool, heavy rib. Regular $1.00 value. Dollar Day .. 2 Pairs for $1.50

BROWN CASHMERE HOSE—All sizes. 75c value. Dollar Day ... 2 Pairs for $1.00

CORSET SPECIAL—White, medium top, long hip, 4 hose supporters; sizes19, 20, 23 to 30. Regular $1.50 .... Dollar Day, pair ... $1.00

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES—Green, grey, champagne, fancy backs. Regular $1.50. Dollar Day, pair ... $1.00

LARGE FANCY JARDINERES that sell at $1.50. Dollar Day Price, Each ... $1.00

ELECTRIC TABLE LAMPS with wicker shades lined with silk. Reg. $4.00. Dollar Day, each .. $2.50

CAP AND SCARF SETS—In plain and fancy colors. Regular $2.25 and $2.50. Dollar Day price ... Per set ... $1.50

BOYS' AND GIRLS' TOQUES — A large collection of regular 35c and 50c lines. Dollar Day, each ... 25c

BOXED WRITING PAPER—Contains 18 sheets and 18 envelopes. Regular 25c. Dollar Day ... 3 Boxes for 50c

TAYLOR'S INFANT'S DELIGHT SOAP—15c per cake. Dollar Day ... 4 Cakes for 35c

CREAM GLYCERINE COMPLEXION SOAP—A reliable standard soap. Regular 12½c cake. Dollar Day ... 3 Cakes for 25c

1 TABLE OF SPRING WASH GOODS

All new full pieces of Muslins, Holly Batiste, etc.,; 36 ins. wide. Checks, plaids, floral and stripe. Regular price 50c ... Dollar Day, per yard 35c

3 Yards for $1.00.

FOOD PROBLEM DIFFICULT ACCORDING TO MR. HOOVER

American Farmers Are in a More Serious Position Than Are the Packers---Why Markets Overseas Have Failed.

Paris, Jan. 28.—Herbert Hoover, director general of the Allied food administration, gave out the following statement today:

The dominating food problem in the United States at this moment is a very much bigger problem than the Chicago packers. It is a problem of the American farmer.

If the packer's profit of two or three per cent. on his turnover is too high, it is the duty of Congress to tax it out of him. If the farmers' prices threaten to fall below the level of a fair return, it behooves the country to do some quick, clear thinking.

The perplexities arising out of inability to demobilize totally the food situation of the world in the period between the armistice and peace make the farmers' position in the matter of much more immediate concern than the future of the Chicago packers.

Taking it broadly, before the European war began we exported about five million tons of food a year. This year we are prepared to export at the rate of from fifteen to twenty millions of tons. The increase represents the patriotic service of the American farmer, plus the voluntary sacrifice of the average American from the Allied Governments that without enormous increase of our food supplies lives would be menaced.

Allies Needed Food.

The submarine had so shortened the world's shipping that the Allies were unable to reach the distant markets of the southern hemisphere, and we were bound to create in America sufficient food to carry Europe. If the war had gone on, every pound of it and more would have been required by the Allies before the next harvest.

The armistice came suddenly, freeing shipping from military use and reopening to the Allies the cheaper southern hemisphere and the colonial market, where, in addition, they could have more liberal conditions and markets for their products.

We are thus faced with a serious problem with respect to our own great supplies, patriotically accumulated. If an early peace is signed and the markets of Europe are opened freely to trade, there will be a greater demand for food from the new mouths than even this surplus could supply. But in the period between the armistice and the peace we have a very difficult situation.

Happy Reunion Of Boorman Family

A pleasant time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Boorman, 243 McDonnel street last evening, when a reception was held for Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Boorman, who were married in Toronto last week, and also for Sergt. Douglas Eldrid, who arrived on Sunday from overseas.

The evening was spent in games and music. Misses Murial and Faith, little granddaughters of Mr. and Mrs. John Boorman sang a song of greeting to the bride which was composed specially for the occasion by their aunt, Miss A. Leader, of Toronto. The four Boorman brothers rendered some fine quartets, and carried the part without any rehearsing whatever. Several fine piano duets were rendered by Mrs. H. B. Boorman and Mr. Victor Boorman.

An interesting part of the evening was the cutting of the wedding cake which was the gift of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Boorman, to the bride and groom. All present extended their best wishes to the couple as the cake was passed around. Other refreshments were served and the gathering broke up at a late hour well pleased with their evening's entertainment.

This is the first time for a number of years that all the brothers have been able to meet together. Bernard having been in the west for some time before enlisting and going overseas.

ISN'T PROUD OF IT

Larry Cheney, of the Brooklyn Club, uncorked the most wild pitches in a single game last season, with five, in the game with the Cardinals, played July 9. Pete Scheider, of the Reds, handed out thirteen passes on balls to the Phillies on Juy 6.

he coat of a horse is the gift of nature. The coat of a donkey is often the work of a tailor.

GLASS OF SALTS CLEANS KIDNEY

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers you, Drink lots of Water

When your kidneys and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

IT'S A TOUGH JOB

There are reports out that Tris Speaker will succeed Lee Fohl as manager of Tris Speaker next eason.

CHANCE FOR THRILLS

That meeting at Versailles could easily be turned into a war conference by inviting Ban Johnson and Harry Franzee there.

A JOB FOR EVERY SOLDIER EVERY SOLDIER IN A JOB

More About The Work The Repatriation Committie is Doing For the Returned Men—Pension Bord and Medical Department

The men who come back will want to "come back" industrially and it is the duty of every Canadian to see that they do have every opportunity to come back into civilian life, without handicaps, and without friction.

The Government some time ago organized a department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment to handle these problems, and to that end it is devoting its energies.

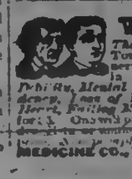
This committee sees to it that the sick are made well, the wounded healed. The men who have lost limbs or sight, or suffer other physical handicaps are provided with limbs, and other equipment to overcome so far as can be done the difficulties of their conditions. The discharged soldier is followed up by the pension board, and the medical department to see that his condition and his circumstances are satisfactory.

When he is well, and equipped with his new limbs, he is given a course in vocational training, if he so desires. Many do. The vare taught how to make themselves self-supporting, in fact, many unskilled laborers have been given trades and their efficiency and earning powers have been greatly enhanced.

The repatriation committee is now engaged in looking after the uninjured soldiers who will come back to Canada by the hundreds of thousands in the next year. The men want jobs, not sympathy. They want work, not speeches.

In this work every man, every citizen of Canada will give his assistance. If you know of a good job, which a returned soldier can fill, notify the soldier. That's all that is needed just now.

A job for every soldier and every soldier in a job—that's the idea.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Anaemia, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $2. One will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

BRONZE STARS FOR VETERANS

ISSUED TO ALL THOSE ON ACTIVE SERVICE SINCE 1914 AND 1915.

Colonel Mills has received word from Kingston that a bronze star will be issued to the men who were on active service in 1914 and 1915 in the theatre of war.

This decoration is similar to that issued to the "Old Contemptibles," which is known as the Mons Star. The ribbon is very handsome—red, white and blue watered silk. Further instructions as to applying for these stars will be issued later.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 28.—Live stock receipts light, greater activity in cattle trade. Hogs continue an easier tendency. Prices:

choice export cattle	$13.50	$15.00
Medium butcher	8.00	8.75
Choice butcher cows	9.00	9.50
Feeding steers	9.00	9.50
Ewes	8.00	8.50
Lambs	14.00	14.65
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.00	16.25
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.00	15.25
Calves	15.00	16.00

The amateur photographer is justified in expressing his views. They might be broken if sent by mail.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

252 Simcoe St. 365 Bethune St.

Phone 697

Nights and Holidays 396

Scene from "MY HONOLULU GIRL," with its Hawaiian musicians, singers and dancers, at The Grand for two performances, Saturday next, February 1st. There will be a popular price matinee Saturday at 2.30. Best seats 50c. Second section balcony 25c.

6 Bars Laundry Soap for 29c

STORE OPENS 8:30 A.M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAY 9:30 P.M.

6 Large Rolls Toilet Paper 29c

Dollar Day at Turnbulls

Here is the big store's list of DOLLAR DAY Bargains. The Bargains ars big enough, and there are enough of them to crowd the store from opening to closing time on Dollar Day. Your Dollars will do double duty and more at Turnbull's on Wednesday, January 29th.

QUARTER DOLLAR BARGAINS

Ladies' Underwear, summer weight, travellers' samples. Vests and drawers, at, per garment **25c**

2000 Pairs Ladies' and Children's Woollen and Cashmerette Gloves, in black and practically all colors. A great big clean-up of 50c, 60c and 75c lines. All at one price Dollar Day **25c**
Per pair

AT THREE-QUARTER DOLLARS

Ladies' Sample Underwear, summer weight; vests, drawers and combinations. Dollar Day, per garment **75c**

Brassieres, assorted styles and sizes; some have front fastening, others are fastened in the back, also bandeau styles. Both plain and fancy trimmed. Dollar Day, each **75c**

HALF DOLLAR SPECIALS

Children's Pale Blue Cashmere Hose, large size. Regular 75c and $1.00. Dollar Day, per pair **50c**

Ladies' and Misses' Mitts, red, white and navy. Regular up to 90c. Dollar Day, per pair **50c**

Doilies, 15 inches square, scalloped and hemstitched edges. Special, Dollar Day ..... 3 for **50c**

Ladies' Heavy Cotton Underwear, in either white or natural shades. Vests high neck and long sleeves or low neck and elbow sleeves. Dollar Day, per garment **50c**

Odd Lines of Children's Underwear—Small sizes only; cotton and wool mixed. Dollar Day, per garment **50c**

Ladies' Sample Underwear, summer weight; vests, drawers or combinations. Dollar Day, per garment **50c**

Ladies' Cashmerette Gloves, in black, white and grey ... **50c**
Dollar Day, per pair

Infants' Heads of Plaster, with markings for the study of the brain. Dollar Day, each **50c**

TWO SPECIALS IN ELECTRIC LAMPS

One only Electric Lamp, brass stand, with three lights with separate shades for each in a pretty shade of pale pink. Regular $25.00. Dollar Day Special Only **$10.00**

One only Electric Lamp with carved silver plated stand, pale pink shade ecorated with small rosebuds. Can be used with two lights. Regular $29.00. Dollar Day Special **$15.00**

DINNER SETS

Johnson Bros. well-known Dinnerware, guaranteed not to erase. Open stock pattern in white and gold; others in pretty band patterns. Full 97 piece set. New shape. Dollar Day special per set **$30.00**

Cut Glass Bowls—8 inch size. Cut in the pinwheel pattern. Dollar Day, each **$3.00**

Electric Irons—Guaranteed for five years. Canadian beauty make. Complete with stand, Dollar Day **$4.00**

THE READY-TO-WEAR FLOORS, BIG DOLLAR DAY OFFERINGS

Most remarkable values on the Ready-to-wear Floor for Dollar Day. No thought of cost; no thought of profit, in making these prices for this great Mid-Winter Dollar Day. Just the thought of emptying the racks and tables before stocktaking.

EVENING DRESSES $5.00

Five only Evening Dresses, silk ninon, in maize, pink and sky. Easily altered to the prevailing style. Dollar Day, Each **$5.00**

SUITS, $15.00

This season's Tailored Suits. A rack full that must be cleared before we enter stock. Splendid garments every one of them. They sold up as high as $38.50. All at one price Dollar Day, and that price **$15.00**

THE COAT STOCK DIVIDED INTO TWO LOTS FOR DOLLAR DAY

Choice of first lot $15.00
Choice of second lot $25.00

THE $15.00 LOT

Coats in this lot that sold as high as $35.00. The season's best colors; the season's best styles; the season's best materials. We must have an absolutely empty department, and to make sure have grouped these high-class garments for Dollar Day at, your choice **$15.00**

THE LOT AT $25.00

In this lot there are included better Coats. Plush Coats that sold at $35 and $37.50, and Velour Coats as high as $45.00. Not an old garment in the lot. To make the Dollar Day clearance a certainty we have gathered these together for Dollar Day, and give you your choice for **$25.00**

DRESSES AT $10.00

Poplin Dresses, Serge Dresses, Silk and Ninon Dresses. Attractive and desirable garments every one of them. Regular up to $20.00. All in one clearing lot for Dollar Day, at, Your choice **$10.00**

DRESSES AT $1.500

Dresses of Messaline and Taffeta Silk, in navy, grey and fawn shades. Garments in this lot that sold as high as $30.00. In one clearing lot for Dollar Day **$15.00**

A HIGH-GRADE PLUSH COAT, $50.00

This is the best high-grade Plush Coat we have. It is beautiful quality Salts plush, lined throughout with heavy satin, and has collar, cuffs and skirt trimming of beautiful fur. A coat worth nearly double our Dollar Day price and an undoubted bargain for someone at .. **$50.00**

GREY LAMB MUFFS $4.00

Girls' Grey Lamb Muls, glossy, fine curl. Dollar Day **$4.00**
Each

MUFFS AT $10.00

Muffs and Neck-pieces. A collection of thoroughly reliable Furs, and good style, too. Backed by our unqualified guarantee. Worth up to $20.00 each. In one grand clearance Dollar Day at.. Your choice **$10.00**

FURS, $15.00

High-grade Furs in this lot. Muffs and Neck-pieces. Many of the most popular Furs represented. Regular up to $25.00. Dollar Day **$15.00**
Your choice

WHITE COLLARS $2.00

White Fur Neck-pieces. Regular $4.00. Dollar Day, each **$2.00**

3 SUITS AT $29.50

Three only high-class Suits. Regular $55, $57.50 and $65. The last of this season's good ones. Clearing Dollar Day at, your choice **$29.50**

WAISTS, $3.00

These Waists are Georgette crepe, crepe de chine and silk. All gathered together in one lot. Many desirable styles that sold up as high as $6.50 ..... **$3.00**
Dollar Day, your choice

WAISTS $2.00

Waist of crep de chine, in white, maize and pink. Extra special for Dollar Day, at each **$2.00**

WAISTS AT ONE AND ONE-HALF DOLLARS ($1.50)

Waists of Habutai Silk, of sterling good quality; also some beautiful voiles and organdies. In one clearing lot at your choice, Dollar Day **$1.50**

SWEATERS, $5.00

Sweater Coats, splendid quality wool and all desirable colorings. Coats that sold up as high as $9.00. All grouped in this one clearing lot for Dollar Day at your choice **$5.00**

HOUSE DRESSES, $1.25

Made from splendid quality prints, cut large and full. A wonderful bargain for Dollar Day at **$1.25**
Your choice

ONE DOLLAR SPECIALS

Black Habutai Silk—36 inches wide. Suitable for waists, etc. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day Special, per yard **$1.00**

White Habutai Silk—36 inches wide. Good quality. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day, per yard **$1.00**

Colored Paillette Silk — In shades of green, old rose, pink, maize, Alice blue and pale blue. Good quality, wide width **$1.00**
Special, per yard

Dress Goods—In plaids, checks, stripes, or plain material. Suitable for children's wear, etc. Special..... 2 Yards for **$1.00**

Two Pieces Fancy Costume Velvet—Good quality, thick, close pile. Regular $2.00. Dollar Day, very special, per yard .. **$1.00**

Pure Linen Damask Table Linen—64 inches wide **$1.00**
Special, per yard

Terry Toweling—14 inches wide. Dollar Day Special **$1.00**
10 Yards for

Cotton Suitings—In plain stripes and twill effects. Dollar Day Special ..... 4 Yards for **$1.00**

Pure Linen Damask—For dresser scarfs, etc.; 17 inches wide. Very special value at ..... 2 Yards for **$1.00**

Pure Linen "Old Bleach" Guest Toweling—15 inches wide. Dollar Day ..... 3 Yards for **$1.00**

Guest Towel Lengths—Pure Linen. Special ..... 3 for **$1.00**

Pure Linen Natural Color Centrepieces—Scalloped edge, also hemstitched; embroidered in pale blue and green; 24 inch and 30 inch size. Dollar Day ..... 2 for **$1.00**

Square Doilies—Scalloped edge and hemstitched. Regular 19c each. Dollar Day ..... 9 for **$1.00**

Heavy Kimona Cloths—Pretty patterns and colorings ... **$1.00**
Dollar Day ..... 2 Yards for

Light Weight Kimona Cloths and Cotton Crepes—A great variety of patterns and colorings. Special ..... 4 Yards for **$1.00**

Ginghams and Chambrays—Plain colorings, also pretty patterns, in checks, stripes, etc. Dollar Day ... 4 Yards for **$1.00**

Prints—In light colors; many colorings and patterns. Special Dollar Day ..... 5 Yards for **$1.00**

Ladies' Underwear—Winter weight, white only; vests with low neck and elbow or long sleeves; drawers in either ankle or knee length Special at, per garment **$1.00**

Children's Fleece-lined Sleepers—In either white or natural shade. Sizes 1 to 6 years. Per garment **$1.00**

Striped Flannelette—In good assortment of colorings; 27 inches wide. Dollar Day, put up in ends of 6½ Yards for **$1.00**

Good Quality White Flannelette—Put up in ends of 5 yards. At per end of 5 yards for **$1.00**

Cotton Batts—Soft, white and fluffy. Open out full comforter size. Special, each **$1.00**

Ladies' Silk Gloves—White with black points. All sizes, at, per pair **$1.00**

Ladies' Chamoisette Gloves—White only. At **$1.00**
Per pair

Ladies' Cashmere Hose—Penman's make; extra quality. Size 8½ only, at, per pair **$1.00**

Boys' Heavy Weight Worsted Hose—Size 8, 8½, 9 and 9½. A Dollar Day Special, at, per pair **$1.00**

Factory Wool—In grey, black or white. Dollar Day, at.. **$1.00**
Per pound

Beehive Wool—Four ply, white only. Special **$1.00**
3 Skeins for

THE HOMEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Offers this big list of extra specials for Dollar Day. Every item tells of money to be saved on things for the home.

LADY'S FUMED OAK WRITING DESK

One only dark fumed oak Lady's Writing Desk, mission design, with twisted spindles, one drawer attachment and top-piece for stationery. Regular $17.50. Dollar Day ... **$15.00**

AXMINSTER HEARTH RUGS

27 x 54 inch Axminster Hearth Rugs, in various Oriental designs, suitable for any room; heavy, good wearing quality. Regular $5.00. Dollar Day Each **$4.00**

LINOLEUM REMNANTS

Several ends of Linoleums to be cleared. Some pieces contain as much as 12 square yards. Different designs. Dollar Day, per square yard ... **$1.00**

WHITE ENAMEL BEDSPREADS

Six only of these to sell. One-inch posts, fancy scroll head and foot. All sizes 3 to 4½ ft. wide. Regular $6.50. Dollar Day, each **$5.00**

WIRE SPRING MATTRESS

Made of double twisted steel wire, four cable supports to prevent sagging. The most economical spring on the market. Regular $5.00. Dollar Day, Each **$4.00**

HEAVY SINGER SEWING MACHINE

One only Heavy Singer Sewing Machine, suitable for a tailor or dressmaker. Has been thoroughly overhauled and put in first-class working order. Manufacturer's price $60.00. Dollar Day, Only **$25.00**

WHITE ROTARY SEWING MACHINE

Almost new, fitted with three drawers on each side and top drawer, complete with extension table. Finished in quarter-cut oak. Manufacturer's price $50.00. A real snap Dollar Day for Only **$24.00**

SINGER SEWING MACHINE

A real bargain for the woman who has a lot of od sewing to do. Finished in oak with one drawer compartment. Manufacturer's price $30.00 ..... **$16.00**
Dollar Day

LADY'S DRESSER

One only Lady's Circassian Walnut Dressing Table, beautifully finished; bevel plated glass, square leg finish, one drawer and tray. Regular $25.00 ... **$18.00**
Dollar Day

WOOL MATTRESSES

Splendidly filled Mattresses of all wool, covered with aneq uality art ticking; well tufted; finished with rope edges. Easy to roll up. Size 4 x 6 feet. Regular $14.50. Dollar Day **$12.00**

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS

The remainder of our old stock which cannot be bought to-day. Good quality cotton, in all disigns; 2½ and 3 yards long. White only. Regular $3.75. **$2.00**
Dollar Day, per pair .....

COLORED BORDER SCRIMS

Specially selected for Dollar Day. Borders of pink, blue, yellow and red, with pale cream centre. Regular 25c. **$1.00**
Dollar Day ... 6 Yards for

FANCY BORDERED SCRIMS

A large assortment of new and pleasing designs; some with fancy striped borders and hemstitched edges. White, cream and ecru; 36 inches wide. Regular 30c. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards **$1.00**

FINE SCRIMS

Another lot of neatly bordered Scrims, with beautiful insertion finish, heavy hemstitched edges. Even mesh weaves. 36 inches wide. Regular 40c .. **$1.00**
Dollar Day ..... 4 Yards for

WINDOW SHADES

A splendid opportunity for new shades; plain green, white or cream. Size 37 ins. x 2 yards. Complete with brackets and pull. Regular 85c. Dollar **$2.00**
Day ..... 3 Shades for

CHINTZES

Pretty and exclusive designs, suitable for almost any purpose — bags, drapes, box coverings, etc. Regular up to 70c. Dollar Day .. 2 Yards **$1.00**

SCOTCH CURTAIN NET

100 Yards only of Scotch Curtain Net, in striped and allover designs. Choice of ecru, cream or white; 40 to 45 inches wide. Regular 40c. Dollar **$1.00**
Day ..... 4 Yards for

ART RAG MATS

A few Rag Mats of different alternating color striped effects; in various sizes and colors. Regular up to $3.50. **$2.00**
Dollar Day, each .....

ENGLISH TAPESTRY RUGS

Special Tapestry Rugs, for Dollar Day only. One size, 3 x 3½ yards. Oriental and floral designs. Regular **$18.00**
$22.50. Dollar Day, each .....

REVERSIBLE HEMP MATS

Strongly made of genuine Calcutta hemp, reversible and in two-tone shades of brown and green. Size 27 x 54 inches. Ideal for bedroom use. Regular $2.00. **$1.50**
Dollar Day, each .....

SUNFAST CARPET

120 Yards of 36-inch Sunfast Carpet; every yard absolutely guaranteed not to fade. The only make that is offered on the market unfadeable. Two-tone shades of green and brown. Dollar **$1.00**
Day, per yard .....

5 Yards Embroidery Edging and 5 Yards Embroidery Insertion—Dollar Day ... **$1.00**
.....To The 10 Yards for

Embroidery Edging—Fine quality, pretty patterns. Dollar Day **$1.00**
..... 7 Yards for

Embroidery Insertion— **$1.00**
..... 7 Yards for

Corset Cover Embroidery—Dainty patterns. Dollar Day.. 3 Yards for **$1.00**
7 Yards Lace Edging and 7 Yards Lace Insertion —Fine quality, many patterns. Dollar Day ..... This 14 Yards for **$1.00**

Cotton Torchon Lace—2 ins. wide. Dollar Day ..... 10 Yards for **$1.00**

Allover Shadow Lace—Ivory shade; 36 inches wide. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day Per yard **$1.00**

Linen Torchon Lace—In natural color ..... 5 Yards for **$1.00**

White Brussels Net—Good quality. ..... 3 Yards for **$1.00**

Head Bags—Complete with coin. Dollar Day **$1.00**

Purses—With straps across back. Dollar Day, each **$1.00**

Black Paillette Silk—36 inches wide; suitable for waists, dresses, etc. Regular $2 per yard. Dollar Day special, yard **$1.50**

White Union Sheeting—72 inches wide. Good quality, cotton and wool mixed. Dollar Day, yard **$1.50**

Bleached Sheeting—Good quality, either plain or twill, 9/4 width. Dollar Day.. ..... 2½ Yards for **$2.25**

White Longcloth—36 inches wide, soft finish; suitable for underwear, etc. Dollar Day ..... 5 Yards for **$1.25**

A clearance of odd lines of **Flannelette Blankets**, grey only. Dollar Day, very special Per pair **$2.25**

Children's Wool Toques—In all colors and sizes **$1.00**
Dollar Day Special ..... 2 for

Fancy Nippon China Cups and Saucers—Several patterns to select from. Dollar Day Special ..... 3 for **$1.00**

Granite Tea and Coffee Pots—Made of heavy quality grey granite. Extra large size, each **$1.00**

Granite Water Pails—10 and 12 quart size; heavy grey granite. Dollar Day, each **$1.00**

SCRUBBING SET

One Galvanized Pail, large size, one Mop Handle and one Mop Cloth. The set Dollar Day for **$1.00**

Pipe Racks—Some solid brass, others in a special Indian finish. Regular up to $2.00. Special, each **$1.00**

English Art Stone Vases—Many pretty shapes and delicate patterns. These are all samples. Regular up to $5.00 ..... **$1.00**
Very special, each ...

Tray Cloths—Two with drawn work and one hemstitched. Dollar Day, the three for **$1.00**

Brassieres—Made of heavy net with dress shields attached. Light and sanitary. Dollar Day, each **$1.00**

White Flannelette Blankets—A clearance of three odd lines, both Canadian and English makes. Dollar Day **$2.50**
Per pair

Two Coat Lengths of Plush, in shades of green and castor. Regular $20.00. Dollar Day, Two coat lengths to sell at **$10.00**
Each

Ladies' Kid Gloves—Perrin's make. All sizes, in black and white only, at **$2.00**
Per pair

Children's Brushed Wool Sets—Cap and scarf. A good variety of colorings **$2.00**
Dollar Day, per set

Children's Knitted Sweaters—Good quality yarns. Come in Copenhagen and cardinal. Dollar Day, each **$2.00**

Children's Pullovers and Sweaters—A variety of styles and colorings, at **$2.00**
Per garment

Cut Glass Whipped Cream or Mayonaise Sets, including one bowl, and plate and one spoon. Pretty floral pattern. At **$2.00**
Per set

Black Duchess Silk—36 inches wide; rich, lustrous finish. Regular $2.50 ..... **$2.00**
Dollar Day, per yard

Saxony Wool—Four ply, 1 nblack, white and colors **$1.00**
Dollar Day ..... 3 Skeins for

Novelty Braid—Suitable for crocheted yokes, etc **$1.00**
Dollar Day ..... 6 Yards for

Corsets—Several different styles; some high, others are low but. Dollar Day, per pair **$1.00**

Collars—In many styles and materials. Regular $1.50 and $1.75. Dollar Day, each **$1.00**

White Organdie Collars—Many pretty styles **$1.00**
..... 3 for

Handkerchiefs—Fine quality. Dollar Day **$1.00**
..... 10 for

Windsor Ties—Nearly all colors. Dollar Day **$1.00**
..... 2 for

Ribbons—Good quality, many colors; suitable for hair bows, etc. Dollar Day ..... 4 Yards for **$1.00**

Better Quality Ribbons— **$1.00**
..... 2 Yards for

AT THE TOILET COUNTER DOLLAR DAY

Colgate's Rapid Shave Powder ...	35c
Shaving Brush	50c
Colgate's Dental Powder	39c
One Cake Palmolive soap	15c
	$1.39
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
Colgate's Cold Cream	50c
Colgate's Dental Cream	25c
One Box Colgate's Soap, 3 cakes ..	60c
	$1.35

Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
One Box Talcum Powder	25c
One Box Face Powder	50c
One Bottle Perfume	25c
One Cake Palmolive Soap	15c
	$1.15
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
One Hair Brush	69c
One Tooth Brush	25c
One Comb	15c
2 Cakes Palmolive Soap	30c
	$1.39
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
3 Cakes Turkish Bath Soap	60c
3 Cakes Allround Soap	45c
1 Bottle Liquid Soap	25c
1 Cake Palmolive Soap	15c
	$1.40
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
1 Bottle Perfume	$1.00
1 Cake Lavender Bath Soap	10c
1 Cake Palmolive Soap	15c
	$1.25
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
1 Ivory Talcum Box	$1.00
1 Can Talcum Powder	25c
1 Cake Lavender Bath Soap	10c
	$1.35
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
1 Fountain Syringe	98c
1 Cake Lavender Bath Soap	10c
1 Cake Palmolive Soap	15c
	$1.24
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**
1 Hot Water Bottle	$1.00
1 Cake Lavender Bath Soap	10c
1 Cake Palmolive Soap	15c
	$1.24
Dollar Day, this lot for	**$1.00**

MAKE USE OF THE STORE'S CONVENIENCES ON DOLLAR DAY

Wash Room, 5th Floor.
Rest Room, Balcony.
Checking Desk, Main Floor.

J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

DOLLAR $ DAY

MONEY-SAVING BARGAINS THAT SPARKLE WITH VAL

Wednesday, Jan. 29, at Cressman's

Here Madam! Is the sale for which you have been waiting—AND IT'S GOING TO SURPASS ANY OF OUR FORMER ATTEMPTS AT VALUE-GIVING. The prices we have quoted on merchandise in this advertisement are exceptionally low, but, you will find the offerings exactly as we represent them to be. The policy of the Cressman Stores never allows us to overestimate values, and that is why Cressman's Dollar Day Events are justly famous

Notion Circle

Toilet Goods and Stationery

—Main Floor—

Lenox Laundry Soap, one lot only to a buyer ... 8 Bars for ½ Dollar
Sunlight Laundry Soap, one lot only to a buyer ... 7 Bars for ½ Dollar
Infants' Delight Toilet Soap, regular 12½c ..... 3 Cakes for ¼ Dollar
Victoria Toilet Paper, large 7c rolls ..... 10 Rolls for ½ Dollar
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, large size ..... 2 for ½ Dollar
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, small size ..... 3 for ½ Dollar
Linen Finish Envelopes to match the above paper .. 5 Pkgs. for ½ Dollar
Mennen's Tooth Paste, regular 25c value ..... 3 for ½ Dollar
Glycerine Toilet Soap, large size cake ..... 3 for ½ Dollar
25c Ebony Finish Hair Brushes, Special at ..... 2 for ½ Dollar

Art Needlework

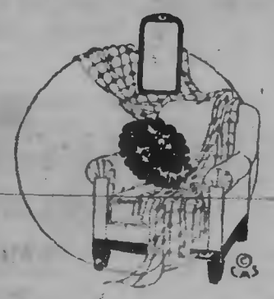
Splendid Dollar Day Offerings

—Main Floor—

79c Stamped Brown Linen Centres, for ..... ½ Dollar
"American Maid" Mercerized Crochet Cotton ..... 3 Balls for ½ Dollar
49c Stamped Cushion Tops, both top and back ..... ½ Dollar
18-inch Size Stamped White Centre Pieces ..... 2 for ½ Dollar
39c Stamped Corset Covers, good value at ..... 2 for ½ Dollar
Stamped White Cotton Gowns for ladies, at ..... 1 Dollar
"Three Bee" Shetland Floss, all colors ..... 2 for ½ Dollar
Royal Society Slipper Cotton, all colors ..... 3 for 1 Dollar
"Angorina" Knitting Cotton, all colors ..... 3 for ½ Dollar
"Coats" Crochet Cotton, in white and ecru ... 5 Balls for ½ Dollar

ON THE THIRD FLOOR

Home Furnishings



ODD CHAIRS—Rockers and arm chairs, 6 in the lot, fumed oak, upholstered in imitation leather. Regularly $12.00. Dollar Day ... 9 DOLLARS

TRAYS—Only 25, in fumed oak, mahogany and black walnut. Regularly $3.75 and $4.00. Dollar Day ... 3 DOLLARS

HIGH CHAIR — Golden elm finish high chairs with tray. Regularly $2. Dollar Day ... 1 DOLLAR

BUFFET—1 only, solid quartered oak, golden finish, hand carved, slightly used. Regular $75.00 value. For Dollar Day .. 25 DOLLARS

CHINA CABINETS—3 in quartered oak, fumed finish, William and Mary design. Regular value $38.00. Dollar Day ... 25 DOLLARS

TWO CHAIRS—Rocker and arm-chair, in mahogany, claw feet, loose cushion covered with green crushed plush. Regularly $14.50, each ... 10 DOLLARS

ROCKER—1 only, quartered oak, upholstered in genuine Spanish leather, seat and back. Regularly valued at $33.50. Dollar Day ... 24 DOLLARS

PICTURES—6 only Large size, with 6-inch gilt frame; fruit and landscape subjects. Reg. $3.98. Dollar Day 2 DOLLARS

PICTURES—Square and panel shapes, assorted subjects. Regularly sold at 55c. Dollar Day ... 3 For 1 DOLLAR

COUCH—1 only, covered with imitation leather. Priced usually at $12.00. For Dollar Day ... 7 DOLLARS

Drapes and Rugs

SCRIM and Nottingham Nets in white and ecru, 36 ins. wide. Sold regularly at 35c to 40c. Dollar Day ... 5 Yards 1 DOLLAR

SCRIM CURTAINS—Good quality, hemstitched, with neat designs. Width 1 yard and 2½ yards long. Regular $2.50 curtains. Dollar Day, pair .... 1 DOLLAR

CRETONNES and SILKOLINES—Large variety of designs and colors; 27 to 36 inches wide. Usually 35c to 45c. On Dollar Day ... 4 Yards 1 DOLLAR

KONGOLEN RUGS — Ten only, plain centres with fancy borders. Size 4 ft. 6 ins. x 7 ft. 6 ins. Our regular $6 value. Dollar Day ... 4 DOLLARS

WINDOW SHADES—Hand made, oil finish, green only; mounted on easy running rollers. Regularly $1. Dollar Day .. 2 for 1 DOLLAR

Linens and Staples

Main Floor, Arcade Entrance

75c SHEET BLEACHED SHEETING 2½ Yds. $1
Heavy weight, full 70 inches wide. Almost half price, not more than ten yards to one buyer. As a leader for Dollar Day at ... 2½ Yards 1 DOLLAR

25c WHITE COTTON 5 Yards $1
Forest City English Cotton, 35 inches wide. Our best 25c value., at ... 5 Yards 1 DOLLAR

$4.95 DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS $3
Full Bleached Satin Damask Cloths, 2 x 2½ yards. Bordered all around. Almost $2 less than regular value on Dollar Day ... 3 DOLLARS

$2 EMBROIDERED PILLOW CASES $1.50
Hemstitched embroidered Pillow Cases, four patterns. On sale ... 1½ DOLLARS
30c Kingscot Dress Ginghams ... 5 Yards 1 DOLLAR
Unbleached Comforter Cotton Batting 2 for 1 DOLLAR
50c Fancy Colored and White Voiles 3 Yds 1 DOLLAR
$1.25 Full Bleached Table Damask, yard 1 DOLLAR
$3.50 $3.75 large size Bed Comforters, 2½ DOLLARS
Hemstitched Tray Cloths, size 18 x 27 inches ... 3 for 1 DOLLAR
35c Roller Towellings ... 4 Yards 1 DOLLAR
35c Fine Needle Finish Nainsook, 4 Yards 1 DOLLAR
HEMMED HUCKABACK TOWELS, 2 for ... ½ DOLLAR
Ladies' $4.95 and $5.50 Black Parasols, 4 DOLLARS
$9.90 White Wool Blankets ... 6 DOLLARS

Ladies Shoes

Second Floor

$7.50 BLACK BUTTON BOOTS $4.00
Fine kid, high cut black boots for ladies; good range of sizes. Almost half price for Dollar Day, 4 DOLLARS

$3 To $4 BUTTON and LACE BOOTS $1.50
Mostly small sizes, good quality of patent leather and kid, but tops are a little short. Rush sale ... 1½ DOLLARS

$4 To $5 BLACK STREET BOOTS $2.50
Only two or three pairs of a kind, but a good range of sizes in the lot; smart styles. For Dollar Day ... 2½ DOLLARS

Dress Goods and Silks

Main Floor, Rear

$2.50 BLACK DUCHESS SILK $1.50
One dollar a yard less than the usual price. Lovely quality black Duchess Messaline Dress Silk, 36 inches wide. Dollar Day Leader at, yard .. 1½ DOLLARS

$2.00 ALL-WOOL NAVY SERGE $1.50
Guaranteed all-wool Suiting Serge, 42 inches wide; navy only. A department leader at the regular price. Dollar Day, yard ... 1½ DOLLARS

$2.00 SILK POPLINS $1.50
Our best quality, in a selection of 15 shades; 36 ins. wide. Especially low priced for Dollar Day, yard ... 1½ DOLLARS

69c SHANTUNG RAW SILK, 2½ Yards $1
Fifty pieces, new shipment of natural silk. Good value at 69c. 33 inches wide. Dollar Day ... 2½ Yards 1 DOLLAR

Sheet Music

Second Floor

ALL 15c POPULAR MUSIC 4 For $½
Your selection of our entire stock of popular 15c music. The latest songs and dance music, at ... 4 for ½ DOLLAR

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED OR SOILED SHEET MUSIC, 6 for $¼
About 200 copies vocal and instrumental, that are slightly soiled or torn from handling. To clear at ... 6 for ¼ DOLLAR

Millinery

Second Floor

LADIES' HATS $1
Regular $2.50 to $3.50 values. Black and navy velvet shapes; also a few Trimmed Hats. Your choice ... 1 DOLLAR

MISSES' HATS $1
Regular $3 to $4.50 values. Felt and velvet shapes. Black, purple, Copenhagen and green. On sale ... 1 DOLLAR

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, 3 Bunches 25c
A comprehensive and beautiful array of flowers that sold regularly from 50c to $2.00. Dollar Day ... 3 Bunches ¼ DOLLAR

In the Redfern Store

Dollar Day in this store will be a "red-letter" day from the buyer's standpoint. It's the one day in the year that original costs are banished. These lines are all worthy of an 8:30 visit. Extra saleslades will try to serve you quickly.

WHITE VOILE BLOUSES, $1
The last of the dollar blouse until the present high prices recede. Bought months ago. New, crisp styles and fine materials. All sizes. A limit of three to a customer. Shop early for them ... 1 DOLLAR

WHITE COTTON GOWNS $1
About 3 dozen, made of good cotton, in roomy sizes. Lace and insertion trim. Excellent value at ... 1 DOLLAR

$3 INSTEAD OF $6.95
Muslin Dresses, 10 only, in blue and pink colorings, with white collars and vests. You save $3.95 on each dress. On Dollar Day ... 3 DOLLARS

SILK AND SERGE DRESSES $8
Instead of the regular $15.00 value. Many modish styles and shades represented. Remarkable bargains at .. 8 DOLLARS

$2 ALL-OVER APRONS, $1
Fifteen dozen for Dollar Day. New Aprons, in large, roomy styles, at ... 2 For 1 DOLLAR
(Limit of 4 to a buyer.)

WHITE PETTICOATS $1
Only 27 in the lot. Lace and insertion trimmed. Our regular $1.49 value. Sale Price ... 1 DOLLAR

$2 KIMONAS $1
Japanese Short Kimonas, new colorings; very serviceable. Dollar Day ... 2 For 1 DOLLAR

$1.69 Black Sateen Petticoats . .

HOUSE DRESSES $1
A new, natty House Dress of chambray, trimmed with striped galatea. The last of the Dollar Day dresses, only 1 DOLLAR

2 FOR $1
White Corset Covers and White Drawers. Good qualities and styles. Selling Dollar Day at ... 2 For 1 DOLLAR

CLOTH SUITS $12
Spring Suits, 5 only. Regular $18 and $19 lines. In navy and checks. Selling to-morrow at ... 12 DOLLARS

Underwear, Corsets & Hose

Main Floor South Entrance

1 PAIR CORSETS and 1 PAIR HOSE, $1
Our special long model dollar value Corsets. The Hose are black Macco, seamless, fast dye, 30c stockings. All sizes in both. For a Dollar Day Leader, 1 pair of both for ... 1 DOLLAR

35c CASHMERETTE AND COTTON HOSE 2 Pairs 50c
Ladies' Seamless Black Cashmerette Hose and warm fleece-lined Cotton Hose. Both regular 35c values. On sale 2 Pairs ½ DOLLAR

$1.19 SILK HOSE $1
Special value at the regular price. Colors, black, white, castor and grey. Per pair ... 1 DOLLAR

PENMAN'S O.S. & REGULAR SIZE CASHMERE HOSE $1
Regular $1.25 and $1.15 values. Every size. Both lines at Pair ... 1 DOLLAR

50c and 59c CASHMERE HOSE, 3 Pairs $1
Ladies', Girls' and Boys' 2/1 Ribbed Cashmere Hose. All sizes, 7½ to 10. A limit of three pairs to a buyer. Dollar Day ... 3 Pairs 1 DOLLAR

LADIES' 75c BALBRIGGAN UNDERVESTS 2 for $1
White Balbriggan Undervests, every garment Zimmerknit; long or short sleeves. Sizes 34 to 38. Remarkable value on Dollar Day ... 2 for 1 DOLLAR

Gloves, Neckwear and Embroideries

Main Floor—First and Second Circles

LADIES' $2.50 TAN CAPE GLOVES $1.50
One dollar a pair less than to-day's value for these best quality Tan Cape Gloves. Every pair guaranteed. Dollar Day Leader Pair ... 1½ DOLLARS

$1.35 "KAYSER" SILK GLOVES $1
Guaranteed Silk Gloves, heavy quality with double tipped fingers. Colors: black, white, black with white and white with black. Sizes 6 to 9. Sale ... 1 DOLLAR

$1.75 WHITE DOESKIN GLOVES $1
Perrin made, extraordinary glove value, white doeskin gloves. Sizes 6, 6½ and 6½. Buy them Dollar Day at, pair ... 1 DOLLAR

CHILDREN'S $1 TAN CAPE GLOVES 75c
Boys' and Girls' smart, good wearing Tan Capt Gloves. Good range of sizes. Special value at ... ¾ DOLLAR

LADIES' 65c, 75c, 85c COLLARS 50c
Your selection of over a hundred of our regular stock Collars; a variety of styles and colors. Dollar Day, for ... ½ DOLLAR

10c, 12½c EMBROIDERY EDGINGS and INSERTIONS, 4 Yards 25c
Less than to-day's import cost, trimmings of Swiss manufacture. Dollar Day at ... 4 Yards ¼ DOLLAR

Enthusing Ready-to-Wear Bargains

CREPE KIMONAS $2
Japanese crepe, in real Japanese style. Floral and bird patterns, silk facings. Finished with self scarf. All sizes. Regularly sold at $2.98. Dollar Day ... 2 DOLLARS

WHITE PETTICOATS $2
Fine quality English Cotton, shaped at top, trimmed with eighteen-inch flounce of eyelet embroidery. Regular $2.75 value. A genuine bargain Dollar Day ... 2 DOLLARS

POPLIN SKIRTS $5
Black poplin silk finish Skirts. Shirred at top with elastic bands. Made to suit at $7.50. Dollar Day ... 5 DOLLARS

RAINCOATS $3
Paramatta cloth, in fawn and sage. Convertible collars, full, straight lines. Regular $4.75 value. 12 only in the lot. Dollar Day ... 3 DOLLARS

HOUSE DRESSES $2
Neat dresses, well cut and well made of percales and prints. Assorted styles and trims. Our stock $2.98 values. Dollar Day ... 2 DOLLARS

GIRLS' DRESSES $1
"Goose Girl" style and made of fine quality voile. Sizes 3 to 6 years. Deep hem in skirts; prettily trimmed with tucks, lace and insertion. Regular price $1.69. Dollar Day ... 1 DOLLAR

WHITE VOILE BLOUSES $1
Smart styles, low and convertible collars, trims of Val and Venice lace. All sizes 36 to 44 in these good quality blouses. They sell usually at $2.75. Very special for Dollar Day 1 DOLLAR

MIDDIES $1
Plain white and white with colored trims. Plain and belted styles. All long sleeves. Regular $2.25 values. Dollar Day ... 1 DOLLAR

COTTON GOWN $1
English cotton, dainty embroidered yoke finished with lace beading, ribbon run. Sold in stock usually at $1.49. Dollar Day ... 1 DOLLAR

GIRLS' DRESSES, 2 for $1
They are slightly soiled, otherwise they are excellent qualities of voile. Sizes 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. Regular $3.50 and $3.75 values. Dollar Day ... 2 for 1 DOLLAR

CHILD'S CLOTH DRESSS $1
In black and white shepherd's check, trimmed with touches of blue or cardinal. Sizes 4, 5, 6, 7, and regular price $1.59. A Snap for Dollar Day ... 1 DOLLAR

Bargain Annex

Dollar Day Values That Assure Rush Buying

ONLY A FEW OF THE ANNEX "DOLLAR DAY" LINES MENTIONED HERE. YOU WILL FIND THIS GREAT DEPARTMENT CROWDED WITH SPECIALS THAT ARE EVEN BETTER VALUES THAN THE USUAL ANNEX BARGAINS.

$3.50 WHITE FLANNELETTE BLANKETS, Pair $2.25
Away under to-day's actual mill cost; best quality Canadian blankets. Double bed, 11/4 size. Not more than two pairs to a buyer. No 'phone orders. Annex Dollar Day pair ... 2¼ DOLLARS

LADIES' $1.98 HOUSE DRESSES $1
Another Annex bargain less than manufacturer's cost. Splendid quality print dresses, in blue and grey stripes and figured patterns. Sizes 36 to 42. Dollar Day Annex 1 DOLLAR

LEADER.
35c, 38c YARD-WIDE FLANNELETTES 4 Yards $1
Best Canadian made Flannelettes, colored stripe patterns and pure white Saxonys. You can buy 4, 8 or 12 yards and no 'phone orders taken at this low Dollar Day price ... 4 Yards 1 DOLLAR

LEADER.
22c WHITE COTTON 7 Yards $1
Good quality Canadian Cotton, costs to-day over 5c a yard more than the Annex price. You can buy 7, 14 or 21 yards. No 'phone odrers. Dollar Day Annex Leader ... 7 Yards 1 DOLLAR

$4.50 Largest Size 12/4 Grey Flannelette Blankets—2¼ DOLLARS
Yellow Wrapper Laundry Soap, no 'phone orders 9 Bars ½ DOLLAR
25c White Dimity Dress Muslins ... 3 Yards ½ DOLLAR
17c Swan Cotton Batting ... 4 Rolls ½ DOLLAR
$1.25 P. C. Corsets, splendid value .... ¾ DOLLAR
50c White and Colored Bath Towels ... 3 Pairs 1 DOLLAR
$2.25 Feather Filled Bed Pillows, pair .. 1½ DOLLARS
50c Grey Flannel ... 2 Yards ¾ DOLLAR
Men's $4.00 and $4.50 Coat Sweaters .. 2½ DOLLARS
Penman's 35c Cashmere Hose, "seconds", pair ... ½ DOLLAR

Estimating Blanks Given in Annex

Dollar Day

Three for One Dollar

3 Fine Cotton, Lace Trimmed CorsetC overs for ... $1
3 Pairs Good Quality Cotton Drawers for ... $1

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

On Wednesday the CRESSMAN STORES will remain open until 6 o'clock.

Dollar Day

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published till a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL notices and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED.

TWO YOUNG LADIES CAN BE accomodated with room and board. Can have use of phone and piano. Apply 308 Burnham.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Six slightly used Drop Head Swing Machines. All makes. $1.00 up. Singer store, 345 George street.

FOR SALE—Bungalow, new modern seven-roomed brick bungalow. Residential district; seven minutes walk from Post Office. Apply 61, Robinson, street, or phone 103 .

Farm Machinery.

1 second-hand Grinder, 1 Gasoline Engine, 2¼ h.p., 1 Straw Cutter (engine drive), 1 Melotte Separator (300 lbs), good as new; also 2 new Percival Plows. No. 12½ to clear at cost; 1 Binder, 6 foot cut, good condition.

R. C. HEARD,
383 Water st.
Peterborough,

TO RENT.

HOUSE TO LET—Modern; immediate possession; 176 Antrim street. Appy Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Barry Bldg.

FOUND.

FOUND—Red and white calf in city. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Apply Metropolitan Life Insurance

LOST.

FOUND—Two umbrellas last night of storm on George street. Apply Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN

MONEY TO LOAN
At lowest rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water st., Peterborough.

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, Trademark and Copyright applications receive special attention.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ANA G. WALSHLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 549 Res. 845.

The militia authorities are trying to arrange wit hthe overseas authorities to place soldiers on the transports grouped according to military districts, so as to expedite their travel by train t mCanada, and not waste rolling stock.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
(N.E.) George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
H. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191.
Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
124½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m.
Phone 622.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of
HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP

Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all your cast metal
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
264 HARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

"ROCK ISLAND YARD MASTER TESTIFIES"

WIFE GAINS TWENTY POUNDS TAKING TANLAC—"WOULDN'T BE WITHOUT IT," HE SAYS

Still another widely known and popular railroad man comes forward with his unqualified endorsement for Tanlac. This time it is O. D. Blatherwick, yard master for the C. R. I. & P. in Kansas City, Kansas who resides at 341 South 11th street, that city.

"My wife has actually gained twenty pounds in weight since she began taking Tanlac," said Mr. Blatherwick, in an interview recently, "and has been benefitted so much in every way that I am glad to make this statement, which I hope will be the cause of others who may be suffering as she did getting relief.

"She has been in such a nervous, run-down condition for the past two years that she was confined to her bed a great deal of the time. She was subject to frequent attacks of sick headaches and often had spells of dizziness. She also suffered intense pain from the gas on her stomach, pains in her back and what seemed to be a complete nervous breakdown. She also had a severe attack of influenza, which left her so weak she could hardly stand up.

"She has been wonderfully benefitted by Tanlac. In fact, I consider it remarkable the way she has been built up, for she is almost like a different person. She has been relieved entirely of stomach trouble, headache and backache. I am delighted more than I can tell with what Tanlac has done for her and we would not be without it now for anything. It is by far the best medicine she has ever taken."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Rosa Luxemburg Reported Living

(Canadian Press Despatch)

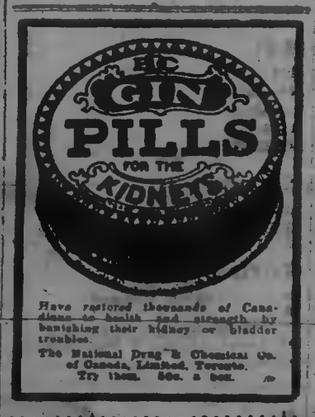
Copenhagen, Jan. 28.—A Munich despatch to the Politiken reports it has been learned from "quite reliable sources" that Rosa Luxembourg, who was reported to have been shot and killed on January 15 in Berlin, is alive and is at the house of a friend.

THREE THOUSAND DAILY

Rate at Which British Army is Being Demobolized.

London, Jan. 28.—Thirty thousand men are now being demobilized daily, compared with eight thousand two weeks ago, while the rate of demobilization will shortly be forty thousand daily, it is announced. If this process is continued for two months Britain would be left without organized bodies of disciplined troops in any part of the world where it has been involved during the war. To build up the old volunteer army, experts argue, would take at least the greater part of 1919, and before any great volume of volunteering can be expected it is necessary that the rates of pay should be made attractive so that large numbers of soldiers who have been released from the army should be able to exercise a free choice regarding re-enlisting.

The Swiss Confederation does not regard favorably the application for inclusion among the cantons of the former Austrian districts of Voralberg and Tyrol.



Have restored thousands of Canadians to health and strength by banishing their kidney or bladder troubles.
The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.
Try them. 50c. a box.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4857
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 876

ANNUAL VESTRY MEETING OF ALL SAINT'S CHURCH

Total Income for the Past Nine and a Half Months $4951.97, a Gain Over Last Year---Officers Elected.

The annual vestry meeting at All Saints' Church was held last evening in the Parish Hall with the rector, Rev. R. B. Grobb in the chair. The financial statement, which was read by the treasurer, Mr. Gray Copping was very encouraging, showing a revenue of $4051.97 for current expenses. This amount covered a period of only nine and a half months and was slightly better than last year. The average collection per Sunday was $89.12.

The building fund revealed a most flourishing condition, $2096.20 was contributed voluntarily which together with amounts from other sources reduced the building debt by $3313.28 with a balance in the bank of $918.45 for further reduction of the debt at the next interest date.

The Mission Fund showed that $436 had been sent to various outside objects while $313.50 had been contributed for the nine and a half months.

The Sunday School

Mr. Jas. Price read the secretarial report of the Sunday School showing a total enrolment of 469 including the font roll, with an average attendance of 243, for summer and winter. The treasurer's report, read by Miss Cairns showed a balance of $194.93. The children contributed $122.37 for outside objects, including missions and the Sick Children's Hospital.

The Women's Guild

The Women's Guild report, read by Mrs. Cottrell showed that $525 had been raised by the women for the reduction of the church debt, and the Guild was given warm praise for its faithful work and excellent showing for the period covering only about three quarters of a year.

Mrs. Harris and Mrs. Beatty read the reports of the Women's Auxiliary which ended the year with a balance. The receipts were $119.82 and the expenditure $111.84. There are at present 45 members on the roll. Miss Melton, in presenting the report of the Girls' Auxiliary, which has been doing Red Cross work during the war period, showed an average attendance of 25. The girls made up 860 pieces of various kinds for the local Red Cross branch, besides sending Christmas boxes to All Saints' men overseas. From now on they will engage in missionary work and have undertaken the equipment of a young boy for entrance to a mission school. The society has a balance in the bank of $41.43.

The Chancel Guild report read by Mrs. Beatty showed a balance of $2.63.

The Rector's Report

The Rector, in his report referred to the hiring of the war time and which has been a drain on the church's energy for four and half years. He pointed out that when hostilities ceased there were 150 on the church honor roll, of whom 27 had made the supreme sacrifice. This means more than one in six. He also thanked the various officers of the church for their work, making special mention of Mr. Edgar Worth, the retiring Warden. In presenting his Poor Fund Report he showed a balance on hand of $18.24.

Officers Elected

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Rector's Warden, (apponited by the Rector)—Mr. Thos. Hooper.

People's Warden—Mr. L. G. Dobbin.

Secretary—Mr. John Davidson.

Treasurer—Mr. Gray Copping.

Manager of Envelope System—Mr. A. Webber.

Envelope Secretaries—Miss Rush and Miss Clementi.

Manager of Ushering — Mr. Downes.

Vestry Clerk—Mr. H. Roberts.

Advisory Board—Messrs. T. H. Hooper, L. G. Dobbin, John Davidson, Gray Copping, A. Webber, E. Downes, H. Roberts, C. E. Sisson, Wm. Buller, Edgar Worth, A. Rogers.

Auditors—Mr. Jas. Edgar and J. W. Worth.

Lay Delegates to the Synod—Messrs. Jas. Edgar, C. E. Sisson and Herbert Rush.

Representative on Charity Board—Mr. J. W. Worth.

Representative on Protestant Home Board—Mrs. Beatty.

Representative on Nichols Hospital Board—Mr. J. Edgar.

Under the head of new business the main subject of discussion was the Primary Class of the Sunday School for which more accommodation is urgently needed. As a result of the discussion, a committee was appointed to cooperate with the Advisory Committee to raise funds for the purpose.

A vote of thanks was passed to the estate of the late Dr. Burnham for a bequest of $500 which was applied to the building fund.

The meeting was closed with prayer and general thanksgiving, at a late hour.

$50 GRANT FOR RED SHIELD FUND

VOTED AT REGULAR MEETING OF 57th CHAPTER I.O.D.E.

The regular monthly meeting of the 57th Regt. Chapter of the I.O.D.E. was held in the Y.W.C.A. on Thursday afternoon, January 23rd in the absence of the Regent, Mrs. E. B. Stagg, 1st Vice-Regent presided.

The maintenance of a cot at the Provencher Hut on Shaidrake Boulevard, North Toronto for the coming year has been undertaken by the Chapter.

A grant of $50 was made for the Salvation Army Red Shield, and it was decided to send $25 to Capt. Mary Plummer in response to an appeal, to be used for games and sports for Canadian soldiers now in Germany.

The Convener of the Knitting Committee reported that since the November meeting 156 pairs of socks were sent overseas. Eighty one pairs of socks were received and 3 pairs donated by Mrs. Duncan Walker. Three spindles of wool were given out to the knitters.

HOLD BISLEY MEET.

Army Council So Decides and Canada Will Compete.

London, Jan. 28.—The army council has given its approval to a meeting of the National Rifle Association being held this year. Arrangements will accordingly be made for a meeting in July. The Bisley ranges have been in the hands of the army authorities since the war opened. The announcement received recently from Canada that the Dominion was anxious to send a team has given much satisfaction here.

NP SOAP Sold in Canada since 1879

Special Dollar Day Bargains

Neill's New Shoe Store will have very attractive bargains for Dollar Day. Do not fail to see our window display. All New Goods.

R. Neill Limited
350-354 George St

Big Advances In Clothing Prices

Advances in wearing apparel since July, 1914, range from 64 per cent. on women's blouses to 185.7 per cent. on men's overalls, according to information secured from 112 retailers in 46 cities, by the official bureau of the United States Government that has charge of preparation of data on trade movements. Woollen goods advanced from 96.4 per cent. on poplin, to 131.5 per cent. on serge, and for cottons the increase in prices ranged from 87.9 per cent. for voile, to 264.4 per cent. for percale. Men's and women's coats that sold at $10 in July, 1914, went to $19 and $20 by November, 1918. Suits that were retailed at $15 advanced 75 per cent. during the period under review. One line of men's shoes that formerly sold at $3 advanced 68 per cent., and women's shoes of the same price went up 90.5 per cent. For the average clothing budget, composed of representative lines of goods, the average increase is found to be 93 per cent. during the 52 months of the war.

CO-OPERATE WITH Y.M.C.A.

London, Jan. 28. — The Archbishop of York has made an interesting reference to the future relations between the Anglican Church and the Y.M.C.A., which means, as far as funds will permit, to cover the whole country with a great organization of huts enrolled by local committees. The Church could not compete wit hthis scheme, says the Archbishop, and if they tried they stood every chance of being beaten.

They must, therefore, co-operate with it. The Y.M.C.A. had undertaken, not to supplant, but to supply new means.

MACK WANTED SMITH

Connie Mack is scouring the minor leagues for a catcher and, according to Arthur Irwin, manager of the Rochester club of the International league, the Athletics' manager offered $5,000 cash and four of his players for Earl Smith, the catcher recently traded to the Giants.

While Mack has two of the best catchers in the game in McAvoy and Perkins, the fox is on the lookout

Dollar Day Means Bargain Day

A BARGAIN IS AN ARTICLE PURCHASED AT A LOW PRICE THAT YOU CAN BE MADE USE OF.

THIS DOLLAR DAY WE ARE CUTTING LOOSE AND GIVING YOU GOODS AT PRICES FOR CASH THAT MEAN A BIG REDUCTION TO YOU AND IN MOST CASES A LOSS TO US. BUT IT IS DOLLAR DAY.

Wednesday, January 29th

SUGAR—
Standard Granulated 9 lbs. $1.00

ROLLED OATS—
Fresh from mill 4½ lbs. for 25c

PRUNES—
Large size, 60 or 80 count to the pound. Reg. 18c, for 12½c

TEA—
Black Ceylon, 60c, for, lb. 50c

POTATO FLOUR —
Regular 20c, for, lb. 17c

DOLLY TINTS—
Useful in every household for tinting curtains, muslins, laces, silks, ribbon or blouses. Regular 7c, for 5c

MIXED PICKLES—
In bottles. Regular 15c, for 10c

MACARONI or SPAGHETTI—
Regular 15c, for 10c

SOAPS—
Any kind laundry 7½c

TOILET SOAP—
Albion Rose, 10c, for 7c
Jersey Cream, 7c, for 5c

PREPARED CHOCOLATE—
No sugar or milk required. 25c, for 20c

BOSTON BROWN BREAD—
Genuine Boston made. Regular 25c, for 20c

CLARK'S SOUPS—
All kinds 11c

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS—
All kinds 15c

HONEY—
Pure clover, 5 lb. pails .. $1.50

Beside those bargains enumerated above, there are many others. And every dollar left in our store, either cash purchase or on account entitles you to an estimating blank to the many cash prizes.

Telephone 900 **E. F. MASON** 429 George Street

W-S S

$5.00 for $4.00

And every dollar worth more!

Government Security in Small Denominations

If War-Savings Stamps were offered in denominations of $40 and $80 only, redeemable in 1924 at $50 and $100 respectively, only a limited number of people could profit by the high interest return.

But nearly everyone in Canada can and should invest $4.00 periodically in these Government securities earning over 4½ per cent. compound interest. W-S.S. are sold at Money-Order Post Offices, Banks, and wherever the sign is displayed.

This Month $4.00 each

Next Month $4.01 each

THRIFT STAMPS

Patriotic storekeepers will sell you Thrift Stamps, at 25 cents each. Affix sixteen of them to a Thrift Card and you can exchange for a W.S.S. this month.

23

WHERE THE PEACE CONGRESS MEETS.

This is the Quai d'Orsay in Paris (the French Foreign Office) where the Peace Congress holds its public sittings.

WIT AND WISDOM

Advice to Aspirants

Would you make a hit on the platform? Study the telephone book. It is full of ringing addresses.

He Was

"So you've got a colored chauffeur."

"Yes, Green."

Shocking!

The seated Soldier—"Yer, mum; a red chevron means, man's married, and each blue one means a child.

The Old Lady (suddenly realizing that the soldier standing up wears three blue chevrons, but no red): Oh you wicked man, you ought to be ashamed of yourself.

Qualified

Mrs. Van Joans—How did your son happen to join the cavalry?

Mrs. De Smythe. Oh, he thought he knew so much about horses. You see, he found a buggy whip once when he was a boy.

It's an Ill Wind, Etc

"I'm rather surprised that Mrs. Parvenu could get those swell society folks to attend her dinners."

"Well, the high cost of living helped to overcome their scruples, I suppose."

Exceptionally Rare

Dealer in antiques—Here, sir, is a rare old revolver that was carried by Christopher Columbus.

Customer—What! Why revolvers were not invented in Columbus' time!

Dealer—I know. That's what makes this one so rare.

Another

She—I was a fool to marry you.

He—No doubt; but I'm not willing to let you bear all the blame. I asked you to.

Unfortunate Illustration

Wigg—Do you believe in metempsychosis?

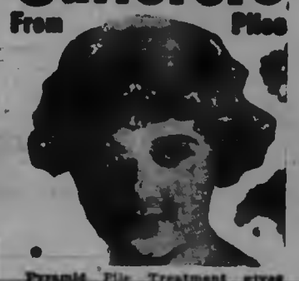
Wagg—Come again, please.

Wigg—It's like this. According to that doctrine my soul after it leaves this shell may inhabit the body of a jackass.

Wagg—Well, I don't know any place where it would feel more at home.

St. Thomas Great War Veterans consider the vocational training courses for returned soldiers too short to be adequate.

Sufferers From Piles



Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief to those itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles, in the privacy of your own home. Use a box at all druggists. A single box often cures. Take no substitute. Free sample first tried with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send us coupon below.

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DEMPSEY WAS GENEROUS

Jack Dempsey is a considerate sort of a person. After he knocked out Gunbout Smith he happened to meet him in the railroad station on his way home to New York. Smith said to him: "I'm in an upper berth and I feel so bad that I don't think I can climb up." Dempsey said: 'Well, take my stateroom; I'm used to sleeping in uppers and like them."

GIANTS AFTER MEADOWS

John J. McGraw is said to have made an offer to the St. Louis Cardinals for Lee Meadows, pitcher, but it was not accepted. Several other deals are hanging fire, one at least of some importance involving St. Louis, Brooklyn and Pittsburgh.

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"Wear", means more.
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Stratford, Ont.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The average man's ambition is to lower his record.

If men were like clocks, they could all go on tick.

Far-sightedness is largely a matter of careful planning.

You have probably observed that when some persons speak their minds they don't say much.

A cat may look the personified innocence, but it is just as well to keep the canary's cage closed.

When a man compliments a woman, she always admires his frankness.

Sometimes people stop at a hotel in order to escape home comforts.

A man must have conscience in order to detect the wrongs of his neighbors.

LARGE AUDIENCE WITNESS THE PRESITATION OF "SUNNY FRANCE"

Wilson Macdonald's Famous Comic Opera Cleverly Interpreted by Local Audience At the Grand Opera House

"In Sunny France," the celebrated musical comedy by Mr. Wilson MacDonald was presented under the auspices of the Peter Robinson Chapter I.O.D.E., at the Grand Opera House last night before an audience which taxed the big threatre to its limit.

Aside from the interest aroused in the audience by the local members who formed the cast the play itself has merits which would ensure its success under less favorable conditions than those obtaining last night and goes a long way towards explaining the popularity of the entertainment in other places where it has been presented and the praise accorded it in the press throughout the country.

Mr. Wilson MacDonald, the author, composer and director of the play is a favorably known Canadian writer and poet of Vancouver a city which is also known as the home of Stuart Whyte the creator of Cinderella and Allsdin's Lamp.

"In Sunny France" is a bright musical comedy, the scenes of which are laid in the gay capital of France and depict life in the Latin quarter of the city; that unconventional Bohemian existence which writers never tire of describing and which, apparently fails to lose its charm for the reader or theatre goer.

A simple plot serves as a nucleus about which to weave a very charming succession of scenes and incidents, which scintilate with catchy songs, dances and witty dialogues.

The performance is staged in two acts and a short intermission is the only break during the evening consequently the audience is not subjected to the long and tiresome waits which occur in a play which requires several changes of ponderous scenery during the night.

In addition to being a talented poet and composer Mr. McDonald can also lay claim to the possession of artistic taste as is evidenced in the choice of the beautiful costumes which are worn by the players and which were designed by himself.

His work in connection with training the performers is remarkably efficient especially when the short time at his disposal is taken into consideration. The manner in which the players carried out their parts last night demands the utmost commendation for themselves and reflects great credit upon their leader.

The Cast

The Queen of the Fairies—Miss Meta Richardson.

Babette, very fashionable and Frenchy—Miss Helen MacLaren.

Maxine, from the city—Miss Ruth Robertson.

Marie, from the country—Miss Dorothy Hill.

Antoinette, from New York—Marguerite Birnie.

Helena Marquis—Miss Kathaleen Dunsford.

The Talking Doll—Miss Muriel Harvey.

Imple—Miss Dorothy Graham.

The Model—Miss Marguerite Fanning.

The Two Messengers— Miss Celia Kenneally.

The Guards—

Armand Grondin, an artist—Lennox McLaren.

Bog, a musician turned hypnotist—Edward Hanrahan.

Pierre, a country bumpkin—Herbert Rush

The Dissipated Clubman—Herbert Webb.

Jack Brown from London—Wilson MacDonald

And a cast of 140.

All played their parts well but as is the case in every performance certain ones were called upon by the role assumed to participate more actively and were given a better opportunity to attract favorable attention.

Miss Richardson as the Fairy Queen took a leading part and did it well. She has a sweet voice as was demonstrated in her rendering of the solo parts which fell to her lot.

Miss Helen MacLaren, playing the role of Babette, described in the program, as "very fashionable and Frenchy," was especially good. She was, indeed, a veritable French butterfly of the gay Parisian smartset. Her accent was perfect and her mastery of the characteristic gesticulation was admirable. Added to this she has a splendid voice and her solo work brought forth an insistent encore from the audience.

Miss Ruth Robertson as Maxine from the city; Miss Dorothy Hill, as Marie from the country and Miss Marguerite Birnie as Antoinette from New York impersonated the characters they represented with a fusion of expression and action which showed appreciation of the peculiarities pertaining to each.

Miss Muriel Harvey as the talking doll was so much ideal in her movements as to seem almost uncanny. Hers was a difficult role and one demanding perfect control of facial expression. Miss Marguerite Fanning as the mode played her part well and adopted the sophisticated character demanded of her.

Lennox McLaren as Armand Grondin the French artist was typical of the particular branch of the profession which sought inspiration for works of art in the pleasure haunts of the Bohemian colony of the city. His costume was perfect in detail as regarded the period represented and the addition of a plume to the velvet cap would have produced a fair representation of the great Rembrandt but of course the play deals with modern times.

Edward Hanrahan played the part of a musician disappointed in love who had become cynical and practised the dark art of hypnotism. His splendid voice was heard to advantage several times during the evening.

As Pierre, a country bumpkin, and lover of Marie, Mr. Herbert Rush was everything that could be desired. In connection with his role he was required to take several song parts which he did admirably. Herbert Webb played the part of the dissipated clubman in a realistic manner. He assumed the mannerisms of the inebriate and as such was made the object of the witticisms of the gay company.

Mr. MacDonald himself appeared as Jack Brown from "bally old London." With his monocle and clever interpretation of the part, he reminded the audience of the cartoons of Cedric, that "son-in-law of pa's."

Miss Esmee Aylmer and Miss Madge Graham gave several exhibitions of fancy dancing and were heartily applauded. The dance of the seasons at the rise of the curtain in the second act was a most spectacular presentation. The following participated in it:

Miss Esmee Aylmer— in black, represented the storm.

Miss Gladys Mulholland—in Green the Spring.

Miss Marguerite Fanning —in old Rose, the summer.

Miss Marguerite Birnie—in yellow the autumn.

Miss Madge Graham—In white, the winter.

A chorus of girls attired in riding habit sang and danced so well as to win the good will of the audience completely. They were recalled repeatedly. Later in the evening another number somewhat similar was thought by many to be the best upon the program. The girls were divided into groups according to their size the last being composed of little tots, and danced across the stage to a catchy song.

When little Emma Stabler appeared and danced with Mr. MacDonald the enthusiasm reached a climax and the youthful performer was presented with a handsome bouquet of flowers by an admirer in the audience.

Mr. Asa Huycke responded in a most capable manner when impromptuously called upon to sing one of the most difficult solo parts on the program.

In the interim Mr. Joseph Wearing made a few remarks concerning the books of poems which has recently been published by Mr. MacDonald. He stated that Canadian literature should be read more extensively than was the case and recommended the work referred to. Mrs. C. C. Parsons read an extract from it entitled "The Girl Behind the Gun," which had received most flattering commendation from a critic of the Literary Digest.

Tonight "In Sunny France" will be presented for a second time and there is no doubt will be well patronized as the good reports of the performance last night will serve as the most effective kind of advertising.

Story of the Play

Miss Madge Graham and Miss Esmee Aylmer in handsome red costumes danced in the spirit and favor of Paris at the rise of the curtain. The Cabaret guests were then startled by the capture of the Queen of the Fairies, Miss Meta Richardson.. Babette, Miss Helen MacLaren) invited the royal guest from Fairyland to sip the mysteries of the Latin Quarter for a night. The Queen accepted with good grace and was so well pleased with her entertainment that she invited the entire assembly to visit Fairyland on next Hallowe'en.

After the Queen bids her pixies dance and sing in walks a dissipated Clubman (Mr. Herb Webb) singing the never completed fragment of a song. "Darling I am growing old." Then Bog, a musician turned hypnotist, enters and in a rich voice introduces himself in song. Jack Brown (Wilson MacDonald) wins a wager and sings "My Word."

Twelve High School Girls dance beautifully to the music of this catchy song.

The other musical numbers of the acts were Bohemia extremely well rendered by Miss MacLaren; Taxi, by Wilson MacDonald; Tennis, by Herbert Rush and the Fading Hour, by Miss Meta Richardson.

... Act Two ...

The second act opened with the Dance of the seasons with Wilson MacDonald at the piano. The dance was beautifully portrayed by Miss Madge Graham, Miss Esmee Aylmer, Miss Gladys Mulholland, Miss Marguerite Fanning and Mrs. Birnie. Lagerdeman. The Cup of My Soul was rendered with fine dramatic power by Mr. Huycke at a moment's notice.

Y. O. U. with a dancing chorus of 100 warmed the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm.

"Girls, Sweet Girls," was sung by Wilson MacDonald and danced by ten ladies in striking black and white costumes.

The Beautiful Fairyland was the closing chorus and was sweetly sung by Miss Richardson. During the song Mr. Wilson MacDonald and Miss Esmee Aylmer danced two very difficult waltz steps.

If the direction of the play were left entirely to Mr. Wilson MacDonald and the would-be directors in the wings would keep their comments to themselves the players would put more heart into the opera.

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Your meals hit back! Your stomach is sour, acid, gassy, you feel bloated after eating or you have heavy lumps of indigestion pain or headache, but never mind. Here is instant relief.

Don't stay upset! Eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and immediately the indigestion, gases, acidity and all stomach distress ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets are the surest, quickest stomach relievers in the world. They cost very little at drug stores.

One French-Canadian was fatally and another seriously stabbed in an affray with Italians at Niagara Falls ridge.

Total yield of wheat for Canada in 918 is returned as 189,201,350 bushels from 17,353,902 sown acres, an verage yield per acre of 11 bushels. n 1917 the corresponding figures were 393,742,650 bushels from 14,755,850 acres, a yield per acre of 25 3-4 bushels.

Three gunmen in New York were sentenced to the electric chair.

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A Musical Comedy by Wilson McDonald, of Vancouver, B.C

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Hair Goods For Ladies and Gentlemen

There is No Charge for Consultation or Demonstration

DO NOT MISS THIS DISPLAY

DORENWEND'S

105 Yonge St. Limited TORONTO

POLICE CHIEF CONVICTED

Bridgeburg Officer Guilty of Receiving Stolen Goods.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Jan. 28.—Police Chief Joel Smith, of Bridgeburg, was found guilty of receiving and concealing stolen goods, and was remanded for sentence. Smith's conviction automatically bars him from his office as head of the town police department. He was charged with receiving and concealing a battery valued at $40. The battery was part of the equipment taken from an automobile stolen last month.

Base.

A Welsh inventor has been granted a British patent for a process for removing rubber, tin and chemicals from scrap and galvanized metals and utilizing the base metals.

The One to Be Feared.

"Don't bother 'bout de man dat brags about his fightin' qualities," said Uncle Eben; "but keep yoh eye on de quiet jes' hones his razor."

Woman's Intuition.

Intuition is the faculty by virtue of which a woman can understand her husband without listening to what he says.

METALLIC CLOTH IS PASSE

There Is No Widespread Use of the Material, Writes a Leading Fashion Correspondent.

One cannot get away from the metallic effect that grows in clothes as the season develops. It is frequently used where it is most garish and should be avoided, but that depends upon the person.

There is no widespread use of metallic cloth. Gowns of it are conspicuously out instead of in, says a fashion writer. Here and there a celebrated French designer uses a bit of dull, tarnished cloth as a foundation for some sombre, transparent fabric, but this is not often repeated.

Where we get our glint of metal throughout all the women's clothes, is in the embroidery, and now and again, in buttons. This is one of the military touches that seems to be permissible. When velours is trimmed with gold or silver braid, the effect is good, because the metal sinks into the pile of the fabric and does not proclaim itself so boldly as on a flat, smooth surface.

There is a good-looking black velours gown now shown which looks uncommonly like an American costume worn by a man, with its tight, narrow skirt and its long, swinging tunic slim at the shoulders and girdled at the waist. It is trimmed with gold braid and buttons, and there is a narrow band of this braid to form the hem of the skirt. To soften the metallic glitter, there is an exceedingly deep band of black curacul on the tunic. The richness of the frock gives it a distinguished air and puts it out of the common.

It seems as though that deep color of red known as terra cotta and which is very much in fashion, takes gold embroidery in an agreeable fashion. One of the colorful gowns of the season is built up from a long terra cotta tunic cut in petal-shaped panels below the dups and embroidered in blue and gold. Beneath the tunic is a tight skirt of dark blue satin pulled in about the ankles.

Make Your Own Shades.

It is not always economy to make things that take a lot of time and save very little money in the end, but it will be an economy to make your own shades that can be washed and ironed like the other curtains. Select a heavy bleached cotton cloth, cut the length and width of the windows and make a hem one inch wide at the bottom. Tack onto the rollers with small tacks and insert the old curtain sticks in the lower hem. These can be taken off the rollers washed, ironed and starched stiffly as often as they show soil. Decorators are using cretonne and other drapery material for shades. They are made in the same way. A good printed linen or cretonne can be washed as well as the plain cotton, and if the room calls for cretonne in the furnishing scheme it might prove more attractive than the plain white.

School Girl's Coat.

Brown seems to be the leading color in children's coats, in fact all the lighter shades of tan and those that blend into beaver and nutria are quite the fashion. Nutria is the best fur for children's garments and raccoon and natural lynx are the furs that belong to the young girl from twelve years up.

ACCORDION PLAITED SKIRT

This is an unusually good-looking skirt of navy accordion plaited satin. The two panels are of navy georgette, stenciled in conventional rose design and edged with broad bands of satin and chenille fringe.

WHY RIBBON HOLDS FAVOR

Bright Material Always Adaptable to New Tricks and Affords a Charming Diversity.

One of the reasons why ribbon is maintaining its favor so long is very probably because there are ever new things to do with it, and a charming diversity of ways to do them. Here is an idea for glorifying that plain, felt, velours, or velvet hat of yours, the one that is too, too plain for chic.

Your working materials will consist of grosgrain ribbon about an inch or an inch and a quarter wide, then a little bit of vari-colored chenille. Mark off the crown of the hat into four equal parts. Then draw quite a large spiral in the center of each spacing. Now with fine stitches sew the ribbon, keeping close to its edge, to follow the line of the spiral, which leaves you a free edge on the ribbon. This is turned over, then under and slip stitched as close as possible to the first stitching. Thus your ribbon will be folded exactly in two and left to outline the design in relief.

The chenille comes in in the form of long and short stitch rays around the design. Gray for the ribbon and rose and old blue, more gray and a sprinkling of black, make a stunning combination on navy.

LACE SCARCE, BUT IS USED

Decoration for Gowns Costs More and Is Harder to Obtain Than in Former Years.

The French models, some of them, show lace. This is an interesting announcement just now. For one thing, we haven't used lace for a good many years, excepting a bit of fillet or valenciennes in our lingerie blouses. There were a few black lace evening frocks a few seasons ago, but on the whole lace has not been in high fashion for a long time.

Another interesting phase of this lace question is this: Lace is scarce. At least, with the lace workers of Belgium out of the market and with the lace workers of the European fighting countries presumably winding bandages or making munitions, it is difficult to see how much new lace can be produced. For lace making takes time. Probably there is a certain piquancy in using lace just now, when it is difficult to obtain. Just as we are deluged with wool embroidery this year, when we are thinking of cotton padded frocks and fur coats to save wool, so we find it fascinating to use lace now that it costs more than usual and is harder to obtain. Of course it is in afternoon and evening frocks that lace is to be used, and much of it is to be black—black lace used in frocks of black.

Wanted to Know Photographer.

Arthur, aged five, was a Sunday school pupil and listened attentively to his teacher telling the class about Christ. Next day he went visiting with his mother and on the mantel was a picture of Christ, to which his mother called his attention, explaining that Christ was the subject of his lesson the previous day. After surveying the picture thoughtfully for a moment he suddenly exclaimed: "But who took it?"—Chicago Examiner.

Seek Healthy View Point.

If you desire to posses a broad healthy point of view, observe the horde of restless, unhappy men and women who have failed to find happiness through a worship of false gods, and who find it only after having found a purpose that would effectively serve humanity. They will teach you a lesson on the futility of striving after the things that serve no useful end. Get a healthy viewpoint upon life!

DUVETYN AND SQUIRREL SUIT

Extremely stylish and charming is this afternoon suit of old blue duvetyn and squirrel. Like most of this year's suits, the lines are simple, the rich effect obtained by the luxurious materials employed. Bands of yarn embroidery trim the coat.

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Grandmother made delicious things to eat

FRESH, snappy, brown cookies, Poor Man's Pudding—*but it was good enough for a millionaire*—rich coffee cake with fruit and spices put in with a generous hand, pumpkin pie with the genuine old-time flavor, and many more. All these good things Grandmother *made with brown sugar*. Her granddaughters can make them just as successfully to-day if they use

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—three kinds—*Light, Brilliant and Dark Yellow*—sold by grocers throughout the Dominion. Of these, the *Brilliant Yellow* is recommended as widely useful for general cooking.

Pure brown sugars give to baking and desserts the characteristic *molasses taste* which is a great improvement to many dishes. Brown sugar, as well as white, should be kept in the pantry of *every household which appreciates old-time goodies*. Brown sugar is economical. It costs a little less per pound than other pure sugars and it flavors as well as sweetens.

For fear Grandmother's recipes might be forgotten, we have *reprinted* a number of the *best* of them in the booklet illustrated at the top. We will send it to you *without charge*, if you will fill out the coupon below. We know you will enjoy making these old-time dishes and that *your family will enjoy eating them*.

Lantic Old-fashioned Brown Sugars are made by the same firm that makes the famous Lantic "fine" granulated.

Lantic Old-fashioned Brown is packed in 100-Pound Bags, from which your grocer will sell you *as much or as little as you need*. The book tells you how to keep it moist and fresh as well as how to use it.

Cut out this Coupon and Mail it to-day

Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Limited, Montreal.
I enclose 2c. stamp to cover cost of mailing me "Grandmother's Recipes," your book of delicious old-time dishes made with Lantic Old-fashioned Brown Sugars.

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Indicate the correct line by crossing out the other {*I have bought* / *I expect to buy*} *some Lantic Old-fashioned Brown Sugar from my Grocer*

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GEORGE WASHINGTON FRIST SPEED FIEND IN AMERICA

Father of His Country was Fond of Fast Horses and often made five miles in fifty Minutes

"The placid countenance of Washington, looking out from a Stewart or Trumbull canvas, seems to rebuke us for our joy in hurry," says the New York Medical Journal, dealing with "The Speed Limit." It adds:

"One would little suspect that the father of our country was ever infected with the speed microbe, and yet it is recorded by Lawrence Washington that the great man often rode from Rockingham to Princeton, which is five miles, in forty minutes.' A mile in eight minutes for five miles on an eighteenth century road and just for the pleasure of it was not exactly modern riding. We have no record of the number of chickens and hogs trampled under foot in the general's swift passage, and we do not know whether he slowed down as he passed the more thickly settled (if there were such) neighborhoods.

"The joy of fox hunting lies chiefly in the speed of the pursuit, and Washington, when at home with nothing more exciting to occupy his time, was up before daylight thrice a week for this splendid sport. Washington once remarked that the only quality that he cared for in a horse was that it 'would go along.' The question arises, if he were alive today, would he be content with any but the most powerful automobile, and would he escape arrest for exceeding the speed limit.

"That portrait Washington was by no means typical of his time in respect to his [illegible] in rapid motion. Surely ours is the age of strenuosity, and men in general, until within a few years, have gone their way with dignity and deliberation. Alas, we fear that if our ancestors were less strenuous it was due simply to a little matter of lack of opportunity and means. The editor of one of the popular monthlies of 1859 wrote: 'One of our most pernicious evils is the excessive facility with which we exhaust life. There is no end to our ingenuity in devising plans to wear it out. We treat life as a thing to be tortured. . . . We eat up life; we drink it; we roast it and fry it; we blow it away in vociferous talking; we rattle it to pieces over rough streets and turn it into steam to rush along highways. Our muscles have as much put upon them as buffalo hides, and our nerves are charged with electricity enough to report the news of a continent through the cable of an Atlantic telegraph. Nature made the heart a quiet force-pump and we use it as a furious fire engine.'

"It is the way of evolution, so far, at any rate, that man should always be speeding up, for the healthy, vigorous part of society is always in a race, whether at work or at pleasure, and only the strongest will win in the contest. We may preach the moderate pace, but we must prepare to succor the victims of exhaustion who fall by the way. The good old times were not so slumberous, and though there was no horrible honk-honking nor menacing roar of aerial motors it was simply because these were not yet invented and not because there was no craving for hurry."

THE LARGE PROFITS MADE FROM ONE ONTARIO FRAM

Over Ten Thousand Dollars Cleared From One Hundred and Sixty Acres in Halton County Last Year.

(Rob Roy in Toronto Sunday World.)

The first Canadian census in 1871 gave us the fact that 80 per cent. of the people were on farms and only 20 per cent. living in towns and cities. Since that time there has been a tremendous immigration from the country to urban centres, until today less than half of the people of Canada are on farms. Many and various are the reasons given for this change, the one most generally given being that the older provinces are so meagre that young people are led to the city streets by the jingle of the dollars.

Is this so? We give you the actual returns of a 160 acre farm in Halton County for 1918, Owened by Mr. W. H. Cook, four miles from Streetsville. This is an ordinary farm, devoted to mixed farming, under ordinary conditions. No specialty had been developed that was not open to every farmer. Pure bred stock sold at fancy prices were not kept, as all were grades, not a pred'greed beast on the place. No scheme of co-operation is in force in the locality to get retail prices of products. The output of the farm was put on the market and sold wholesale in the ordinary way. Neither has Mr. Cook any strapping boys to help him. His children are little tots and all work not performed by himself to be paid for.

The following are the sales for 1918:

Thirty fat cattle, $3840; 40 veal alves fattened by ten cows, ten of her own 30 bought $1400. 40 fat ogs, $2250; 24 lambs, $480; 200 lbs. wool, $15z; 42 geese, $145; 1100 doz. eggs, $550; 110 lbs. of Alsike seed, $1850; 30 bushels Alfalfa seed, $750; 48 tons of hay, fi1200; 450 bushels of wheat, $900; 300 bushels of barley, $600; 65 barrels of apples and small ruit, $200; 700 bags of potatoes, $125; otal, $14,640.

The expenses were as follows: Wages, $500; taxes, $120; threshing and silo filling, $170; mill feed, bran and shorts, $1000; 30 feeders at $60 each, $1800; 30 calves, at $5 each, $150; blacksmith bills and machinery repairs, $200; total, $3940.

Thus the net profits last year from this farm amounted to $10,700.

Two hundred dollars only is allowed for blacksmith bills and machinery repairs nothing for new machinery. A complete outfit of machinery is in stock, that, with suitable repairs, can be made until prices become normal again.

While the cash returns are gratifying and worthy of any man's best efforts, Mr. Cook has many advantages not shown by these figures. The fine old family residence and extensive lawns are such as would fill with joy the heart of either poet or artist. There the multitude of good things enjoyed by the family—milk, cream, strawberries, raspberries, currants, apples, all manner of fowl, the real hams and spare ribs of their own production, mail delivered at the gate each morning, and telephone with long-distance connection.

A house and grounds equal to these could not be secured in any town for less than $1200 a year, and this really should be included in the income. Then for years a motor has been kept and the family has no grouch against the Toronto-Hamilton highway, as many a good spin they have along it.

While for a few weeks in haying and harvest the strenuous life is led, yet many a trip is taken in "the summer time" to spots of beauty, and picnics are held along babbling streams.

WILL NOT DISCUSS KAISER

Berlin, Jan. 27.—The Ebert Government has made no official announcement as yet as to what its attitude will be toward the possible demand by the entente for the surrender of the former German emperor.

WILHELM LOSES PROPERTY

Paris, Jan. 28.—The commissary of the Metz Court has placed the property of the former German Emperor in Alsace-Lorraine under sequestration.

NOVEL NOTES

Box coats have deep hems.
Fringe still appears on skirts.
Round necks continue in dresses.
Many capes have huge cuffs of fur.
Silks are favorites for separate skirts.
Taffeta is effective trimmed with tucks.
Quilting is applied on taffeta dress-

Some cooks manage to get [illegible] while wasting away.

LOOK OF WARMTH

Velours and Velveteen Are the Prime Favorites.

Embroidery Goes on Both Materials—Split Panels Call for Immense Amount of Ornamentation.

There is such an accumulation in the dressmaking places of velveteen gowns being made to order that one feels that every woman has decided to have at least one in her wardrobe.

Velours is another favorite. One has more confidence in the former than in the latter, says a fashion writer, but there is a look of warmth and purring comfort about velours that makes one choose it even against the debate that goes on in one's mind about its durability. It is [illegible] with satin while velveteen is left to itself. Embroidery goes on both velveteen and velours, and when satin is used for an evening gown, as it is more than for any other kind of frock, it is elaborately embroidered or festooned with beads, or bugles, or ostrich flues.

The Americans do very good embroidery and they do not seem to hesitate over attempting a most elaborate design, so the French models have been easily, if expensively, copied in this country with all their original scheme of decoration and coloration.

The idea of using split panels, not one or two, but five or six, like the petals of a rose, has brought about an immense amount of applied ornamentation. Cuirass, as well as long tunics, are split upon this fashion, with the panels rounded at the hem and sometimes holding a bit of barbaric metal, or silk, or dull-beaded work. Other panels are held down with pompons of fur or straight strips of pelt ry.

One of the original and entirely new American frocks which is one of a series put out by a well-known designer is of red cloth with immense collar and cuffs of black and white

American street gown of red cloth showing the new long skirt pulled in at the ankles and bordered with fur. The bodice of deep tucks has a collar of striped fur matched in the cuffs.

striped fur; and the skirt, which is exceedingly narrow, is of inutep length, is draped upward in order to give room at the knees, and is finished with fur at the hem; its panels are weighted with deep bands of it. The effect is very striking, probably more so than a conservative woman would care for on her own person; but the gown is also copied in more sombre tones.

Voile for Curtains.

Sash curtains should be measured from the top of the inside of the window casement to the sill, allowing two inches at the top and the same at the bottom. The top is turned and stitched through the center, which allows for a small heading and the casing for the small brass rod. A hem is turned in at the bottom, so that the curtain just escapes the sill and swings free. The curtain may be perfectly plain or else finished with either a ruffle of the same or a small lace edge. A narrow gimp braid is sometimes used for a finish for sash curtains. The French stripe nets or Brussels net are always nice. Scrim and a good quality of voile made for curtain purposes are always good, especially where a less transparent material than net is desired. A double set of sash curtains may be used, one at the very top and one just halfway down. Both sets are then tied back with a band of the same material.

Variety in Hats.

The new hats apparently show a marvelous variety in shape and trimming. But one notices, too, that the old popular mushrooms are to be with us still. There are certain women who can wear no shape as well as the mushroom.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Bodies of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and 31 other Spartacans were buried at Berlin.

Dollar Day

Wednesday, Jan. 29

at

Heintzman Hall

Splendid Chances to Buy

New Pianos
Victor Victrolas
Victor Records

Also Used Pianos and Organs at Sacrificing Prices on Dollar Day

Estimating cards given with every dollar's worth purchased on Dollar Day—B. H. Britton, Mgr.

Royal Bank Building Hunter Street

BRUSH FOR BUSY KNITTERS

New Contrivance for the Bag is Used to Remove Scraps of Worsted From the Skirt.

For the knitting bag there is a diminutive clothes brush for removing scraps of worsted from milady's skirt. It is not always convenient to wear an apron when knitting, and tiny shreds of worsted are apt to cling to a tailored suit; the little brush, whisked over one's lap, will remove them instantly. The brush has a short black handle, decorated with bright colored flowers.

Very useful for the knitter are the small tape measures which wind back on a spool the moment the end is released. Ordinary tape measures are [illegible] for the knitting bag and are likely to become snarled with the wool; wooden measuring rules are even more bulky for a small knitting bag, but the tiny, self-winding tape lines take up no more room than a 50-cent piece, and the moment a four-inch purling or a six-inch space of plain knitting on a sock foot is measured off back flies the tiny tape into its nickel cover.

SPORT HAT OF BROWN BEAVER

For sport wear this attractive hat of brown Beaver will appeal to many. A large, soft bow of brown grosgrain is placed effectively at the front.

HINTS OF THE FASHIONS

Blouses of georgette and silk jersey are trimmed with embroidery, and many of these models have choker collars and elbow-length sleeves.

An exquisite hat recently seen had a crown of seal fur and a brim of metal brocade ribbon.

As winter advances the vogue of stocks and jabots increases, and many very smart tailored stocks and daintily frilly jabots are ready in the shops for the assured demand.

Accordion-plaited chiffon velvet combined with plain velvet is used for smart round turbans that are absolutely devoid of trimming.

The ever popular, never out of fashion blue serge dress is with us again this season. One particularly pleasing model is trimmed with embroidery done in green, tan and a blue a trifle lighter than the navy of the dress, combined with black buttons and black soutache banding.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Vaseline stains should be sponged with ether.

Cinnamon and cloves are both antiseptic.

Dates stuffed with marshmallows are delicious.

Meat should never be placed directly on ice.

Meat should be salted after, not before cooking.

Before marriage men and women argue—after they dispute.

When a fool opens his mouth you can see right through him.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:31 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port Hope and intermediate points.

2:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

2:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Good Edison Phonographs

and Other Makes

Almost Given Away on Dollar Day

As stock-taking time approaches, we must clean up all extra stock. These machines were taken as part payment on larger instruments. They have been thoroughly overhauled and put in best of repair to give good satisfaction. Two $1.00's down, balance $1.00 a week takes choice.

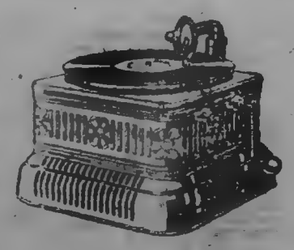
SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR OTHER STYLES AND THESE SNAPS.

A few splendid Organs, either 5-octave or piano cased will be among our bargain offers for Dollar Day. See the two in our window. 10% less than these prices if full price is paid in cash.

4 "Conqueror" Needle Machines, with floral design, metal body; slightly used; with 20 selections. Each $18.50

2 Vanaphones, metal body; good reproduction; with 20 selections; used for demonstrating, for, each ... $9.50

1 Manophone, table style, in golden quartered oak, beautiful finish. Original price of machine only $65.00. This instrument is new and will sell at, including 12 new selections, for ... $55.00



1 Edison "Home" Phonograph, with diamond reproducing point, large cygnet horn. This is as good as new. Six B. A. Records Only ... Each ... $25.00

1 Manophone, in polished mahogany, slightly used (good as new) with 12 selections. Only ... $42.00

Original price of this machine was $65.00.

1 Edison "Fireside" Phonograph, sapphire point, fitted with the large cygnet horn and with six new Blue Amberol Records ... Only ... $17.50

2 Edison "Fireside" Style Phonograph—Fitted with sapphire point with straight horn, with 6 four-minute Blue Amberol Records (new). Only ... Each ... $12.50

1 Edison "Standard" Phonograph, with sapphire point; a splendid instrument, including six Blue Amberol Records (new), only $15.00

1 Edison "Fireside" Cylinder Phonograph—With large, straight horn and crane, sapphire points, and with 6 four-minute Blue Amberol Records (new). Only ... $14.00

The J. M. Greene Music Company, Ltd.

"The Home of Good Music"

Greene Music Building Charlottee Street

Article No. 9
Cut out for Reference

Free Medical Treatment for Ex-Soldiers and Sailors

THOSE discharged soldiers or sailors who become ill or disabled again as a result of some disease or injury suffered during war service receive free medical and surgical treatment.

Medical Representatives
DEPARTMENT OF SOLDIERS' CIVIL RE-ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTE.—At places marked (*) there are Medical Administrative Offices of the Department with Medical Officers in charge. Otherwise reference is given to Medical Representatives. Additions are being made to this list constantly.

CITY OR TOWN.	NAME OF UNIT MEDICAL DIRECTOR, ASST. UNIT MEDICAL DIRECTOR OR MEDICAL REPRESENTATIVE.
Nova Scotia:	
*Halifax	Dr. Dugald Stewart, Leith House, Hollis St.
*Sydney	Dr. Jas. Bruce.
P. E. I.	
*Charlottetown	Dr. Alex. Ross.
Quebec:	
*Montreal	Dr. A. E. Lundon, 301 Drummond Bldg.
*Quebec	Dr. A. R. F. Hubbard, 17 St. James St.
Ontario:	
*Kingston	Dr. E. E. Latta, Golden Lion Block.
*Ottawa	Dr. H. T. Douglas, 132 Queen St.
Port Hope	Dr. A. G. Aldrich.
Gananoque	Dr. J. J. Davis, Pine Street.
Picton	Dr. C. A. Pubkow.
Lindsay	Dr. J. A. White.
Brockville	Dr. E. J. F. Williams.
*Toronto	Dr. E. Ryan, 185 Spadina Ave.
*Hamilton	Dr. W. Bethune, 300 Clyde Blk.
North Bay	Dr. W. J. Bell.
Chatham	Dr. R. V. Bray.
Sudbury	Dr. W. G. Cook.
Windsor	Dr. Cruikshank, 14 Labelle Bldg.
Paris	Dr. W. J. H. Gould.
Brantford	Dr. C. C. Fissette.
Windsor	Dr. C. Fuller, 1 Wyandotte St. W.
Orillia	Dr. W. C. Gilchrist.
Haileybury	Dr. G. F. Jackson.
Mattawa	Dr. M. James.
Midland	Dr. T. J. Johnston.
Barrie	Dr. W. A. Lewis, P.O. Box 13.
Owen Sound	Dr. H. H. Middleboro.
Timmins	Dr. H. H. Moore.
Welland	Dr. W. R. McCulloch.
Collingwood	Dr. D. McKay.
Woodstock	Dr. S. McM. McLay.
Stratford	Dr. L. F. Robertson, 55 Albert St.
St. Catharines	Dr. J. Sheahan.
Sault Ste. Marie	Dr. A. A. Shepard, 746 Queen St. E.
*London	Dr. N. B. Alexander, Room 56, Blk. of Toronto Bldg.
Fort William	Dr. A. J. Manion.
Manitoba:	
*Winnipeg	Dr. K. McIvor, Notre Dame Investment Bldg.
Sask.:	
*Regina	Dr. W. C. Arnold, McCallum-Hill Bldg.
*Saskatoon	Dr. D. S. Creighton.
North Battleford	Dr. J. H. H. Jackson.
Prince Albert	Dr. R. L. King.
Alberta:	
*Calgary	Dr. G. R. Johnson, Beveridge Bldg.
*Edmonton	Dr. G. G. Stewart, 410 McLeod Block.
Lethbridge	Dr. G. W. Leech, 109 Sherlock Blk.
Medicine Hat	Dr. O. Boyd.
B.C.:	
*Vancouver	Dr. A. P. Proctor, Board of Trade Bldg.
*Victoria	Dr. C. D. Holmes, Central Bldg.
N.B.:	
*Fredericton	Dr. C. MacKay, Royal Bank Bldg.
*St. John	Dr. G. P. Peat, Bank of Montreal Bldg.

This service is provided by the Medical Branch of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment.

An ex-soldier or ex-sailor who has a recurrence of a war disability should, if he is not too ill, go at once to the local medical officer of this Department.

If he is too ill he should have that medical officer notified at once.

Should he be taken ill in a place where there is no representative of the Department, he should call in a local physician to give him the necessary immediate treatment and ask him to communicate immediately all details of the case to the nearest medical officer of the Department.

The name of the authorized medical representative of this Department for each locality is given alongside.

Treatment at the expense of this Department can only be secured through these representatives. The Department cannot pay any bills for treatment which have not been authorized by the Department.

If the medical officers recommend it, pay is given to patients, and allowances are granted to their dependents by the Department, during the period of treatment.

The established scale of pay and allowances that may be granted depends upon the extent to which the treatment recommended by the medical officer of the Department prevents the patient from doing his regular work.

Arrangements for special care of patients of the Department have been made with hospitals in all the larger towns and cities from coast to coast.

Sanatoria for treating tuberculosis under most favorable conditions are operated in every Province under the direct supervision of the Department.

Director of Repatriation

The Repatriation Committee
OTTAWA

SOLDIER IS CHOSEN

Montreal, Jan. 28.—According to a circular just issued by W. B. Lanigan, freight traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Major W. M. Kirkpatrick, M. C., is appointed assistant freight traffic manager in charge of western lines, with office at Winnipeg. Major Kirkpatrick is a son of the late Hon. Sir George A. Kirkpatrick, Speaker of the Canadian House of Commons and afterwards Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.

Milk retail price drops from 14c

Senior judge of Waterloo county, is dead.

T. & N. O. "National" was derailed near Matheson owing, it is thought, to a broken rail. Twelve cars left the track, but no one was injured.

Begger Made Good Money.

A lucrative profession was the description applied to begging in Edinburgh, Scotland, by a magistrate the other day. A man who was brought before him on the charge of begging was found to have collected in one morning nearly two dollars in half-pennies, about two dollars and a quarter in pennies, and just a little less than three dollars in silver. He was sent to prison for 20 days.

They Fly Faster, Too.

Our coinage is symbolic of the change in America's attitude. On the new quarters the eagle is seen in full flight eastward, with beak and talons ready for action. On the old quarters the eagle simply stood still on its tail and flapped its wings. One claw held a few antiquated weapons, the other waved an olive branch, while its beak was entangled with a scroll.—Independent.

Obstacles in Every Path.

Most of us who work for a living have to contend with a full measure of the day's cares and setbacks. We have this obligation to meet, that difficulty to master, and so on. Yet in fairness to ourselves and in justice to the persons with whom we touch elbows during business hours, we should, the minute we come into their midst, put all "our own business" into the background.

Missouri Musical Note.

Some one has discovered that the notes of the quail are the same as the first two notes of the song, "I Dreamt That I Lived in Marble Halls." We always were of the opinion that Bob White would be a beautiful singer if he had confidence enough in himself to get to it, but he doesn't seem to be making much progress in his musical studies.—Brookfield Gazette.

One of Humanity's Failings.

"Somehow," said Uncle Eben, "de man dat can't do much of anything at-taches de most importance to his opinion of how things ought to be done."

Speaking of Trees.

Said the rural philosopher: "A feller must have a heart of oak if he doesn't pine after he finds he ain't pop'lar with that peach he met."

Opposite Effect.

"Plenty of music will keep the husband at home," says a writer. Not if it's chin music.—Boston Evening Transcript.

New Tanning Preparation.

Synthetic tannin, distilled from tar products, has been invented in England for tanning light-colored leathers.

WINTER DAIRY HINTS

Cleanliness and Succulent and Concentrated Feed Essential.

Grass Is the Natural Feed of Cattle —Make Winter Feed as Much Like It as Possible—A Ration for Laying Hens Which Has Brought Results at the O. A. College.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE whole question of winter care of dairy cattle may be summed up in one word—comfort. In order to obtain this, the cattle require a comfortable, clean, well-ventilated, well-lighted stable. The stalls, where animals are tied, should be of proper width and length to accommodate them without discomfort; and also be so constructed as to keep them clean without too much labor on the part of the person in charge. Plenty of bedding is needed, and an absorbent such as cut straw, shavings or sawdust, to take up the liquids which cause so much dirt and discomfort to both animals and attendants. A cement gutter behind the animals having the required amount of absorbing material placed in it daily, after cleaning the stable, is the best plan of keeping stable and cattle clean. If there be some shavings, sawdust or fine straw scattered along the passage behind the cows it assists in cleanliness and lessens labor.

Feeding.

The natural feed of cows is grass. The feeder of cows never goes far astray if the winter ration is made, so far as possible, similar to that of grass. This is got by using silage and roots, mixed with the dry, bulky fodders, like straw and clover hay. The mixing may be done by the feeder, if he has time to do so; or, it may be done by the cow before and after eating. The cow carries a wonderful mixing apparatus in her stomach, and so far as this part of feeding is concerned, she can do the necessary work of mixing feeds. Mixing before feed is given to the cow, often adds to its palatability and hence usually pays.

In addition to the succulent and dry bulky feeds mentioned, a cow giving milk requires a certain amount of concentrated feed in the form of meals, such a ground oats, oats and barley, wheat bran, oil-cake, or cottonseed meal. Standard Dairy Feed fills the bill excellently in this regard.

Watering Cows.

Next in importance to feed, comes water for milking cows. When cows are producing large quantities of milk they must have large quantities of water. This may be supplied in the stable, or in a trough outside. In fine weather, animals are better for being a short time outside in the fresh air daily, and they can be conveniently watered at that time. In very cold or stormy weather, they should be watered inside.

Comfort, cleanliness, succulent feed, along with a reasonable amount of concentrates, and plenty of water and fresh, pure air, are the main things required by animals giving milk in winter.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

Feeding Laying Hens in Winter.

In order to lay well a hen requires a surplus of food above body maintenance. That is a hen must be in good flesh, not thin. A good laying hen is seldom very fat. The yolk of an egg contains considerable fat. The white is mostly muscle forming food and the shell largely lime. There must be a supply of these over and above what is required to daily maintain the body.

In summer a hen eats tender grass or green shoots, some whole grain, generally some ground grains, usually worms or insects, picks up some gravel or old plaster, and in doing so takes exercise. If she has to hunt all day for these, at times she does not lay very well because she is working hard getting something to eat.

We are feeding now, at the O. A. College a grain mixture of about the following: Seven parts of cracked corn, two parts of barley, two parts of good oats, one part buckwheat, and three parts of feed wheat. This is fed in deep litter night and morning, the hens going to bed with a full crop.

During cold weather it is advisable to feed a mixture of nearly half corn or buckwheat. A hen will do a little better on such feed. A mixture of two or three kinds of grain gives variety.

At noon, cooked waste house scraps, such as potatoes, cabbage or other vegetable trimming, together with the table scraps, make a good foundation for a wet mash. These scraps are best fed in a crumbly state. Dry them off with whatever chop you may have. A mixture of shorts, barley meal, and oat chop in equal parts, is very good. We use a dry mash which is fed in hoppers. This is in front of the birds at all times. We are using Government Standard Hog feed. We have used in previous years, very successfully, rolled or crushed oats.

These ground grains should contain fifteen to twenty per cent. of high grade tankage or beef scrap. Where milk is given as drink no meat scrap would be necessary.

Be sure to supply green and succulent feeds, such as waste cabbage, roots, clover leaves, or sprouted oats.

There is an art to feeding. When feeding the whole grain night and morning watch the birds scratch. If they are very active feed liberally; if somewhat indifferent ease off in the amount for a feed or so. Keep the litter clean and sweet.—Prof. W. R. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-tives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA, ONT.

"I suffered for a number of years with *Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back*, caused by strains and heavy lifting.

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended 'Fruit-a-tives' to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your wonderful fruit medicine".

W. M. LAMPSON.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c.—or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

JUST A DOMESTIC DRAMA

Tooth, Bread Board, Mother and Son, All Mixed Up in This Little Everyday Story.

A tooth, a limousine, a bread board some Wyckoff noodles, a mother and her son enter into this drama.

Mother is loyally doing her own work, and on returning from market she drove her limousine to the kitchen door. Lacking room to place her marketing, she temporarily put the bread board, covered with noodles, on the back of the convenient limousine. Just then her son had a fall in such a manner that a front tooth was cleanly removed from its socket. In great excitement she picked up the boy and the tooth and hastened in the limousine to the dentist. On one of the principal streets, during the trip downtown, she heard a sound as though the limousine had run over a loose board, but gave it no thought. The dentist replaced the tooth and mother and son returned home. Her husband, who is very fond of noodles, said: "Marguerette, what did you do with the bread board and the noodles?" Then she knew. Did she go back after the bread board and noodles? She did not.

Is the boy's tooth still in? It is.

Will you find the bread board and noodles advertised in the last column? No.

PARADISE OF THE PACIFIC

Palm-Clothed Islands That Have All of the Riches Man Has Any Need to Covet.

The little-known Trobriand group of islands is a cluster of palm-clothed gems that stud the emerald Pacific a hundred-odd miles northeast of Samarai (Papua). They are the real thing in coral romance. The natives are of the Melanesian type, happy people with a fondness (especially on the part of the star-eyed maidens) for Europeans, who have exploited the rich pearl fishery. They are advanced in arts and crafts, and produce a tremendous quantity of carved weapons and ornaments, which are eagerly bought by tourists from curio-dealers in Sydney and Melbourne.

Before competition set in the islanders did not get much for their pearls. Gems worth $50 and $75 were freely bought for as many pence. The group is flat, but is richly clothed in jungle, and produces vast quantities of excellent yams, which are traded. Good climate, gorgeous scenery, blue seas like billowing silk, diamond-dusted beaches and splendid fishing and shooting!

AUTUMN MODES

Millinery colorings are dull and one tone effects are favored.

Organdie and brushed wool form one of the oddest combinations.

Embroidery is much used, especially in geometrical designs.

Very little jewelry should be worn, but pearls are still permissible.

It is always better to buy one cloak or hat with really beautiful lines and wear it for two or three seasons than to purchase a cheap, ordinary one and wear it for just one.

Dress Accessory.

Swords studded with rhinestones and arrows on the same style, as well as many little rhinestone pins for veils, are worn directly at the center of the hat. The large quantity of veils that are sold with the hats are nearly all in the delicate handrun patterns on the fine mesh grounds.

Scarf and Turban.

Black satin duvetyn was used for an effective scarf and turban smartly rimmed with an embroidery of white angora and jet beads.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin, Quinine, Calcara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs for the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

BLOUSE AND SKIRT

Combination Forcing Unchallenged Frock Out of Place.

Oddest Colors Now Being Used Together—Jet, in Tiny Sparkling Beadlets, Is Popular.

This is a season of practical clothes and quite naturally the blouse and separate skirt, always popularly considered the most practical of costumes when economy in dress is under consideration—for either patriotic or personal reasons—are in the limelight of fashion's favor just now. A good many of the new skirt and blouse combinations, however, seem to accept the virtue of practicability accorded to them by reason of their classification and let it go at that.

Instead of possessing one separate skirt for wear with various blouses, the woman who keeps up with fashion must now have several skirts and blouses. The whole frock has maintained an unchallenged place in woman's favor for several seasons now, but the blouse-and-skirt combination is pressing it hard. No separate waist, however elaborate and expensive, is suitable for a formal occasion and the best dressed women do not wear waists and skirts for restaurant dining or at even afternoon performances at the theater, says the Brooklyn Eagle. A waist-and-skirt combination is supposed to express informality.

It matters not how different a blouse is from accepted standards, provided it is different enough. Designers vie with one another to produce original and intricate designs. The oddest color combinations are displayed and when colors themselves do not harmonize, outline embroideries of beads emphasize the effect of contrast and give a weird yet fascinating oriental effect. What would you think of olive green and cerise as a color scheme? Yet one of the stunning blouses for fall combines those two shades, with artfully placed outlines and embroideries of jet beads, and the result is truly sumptuous. The French houses use a deal of jet—jet in tiny, sparkling beadlets sewed close together, rather than a large paillette or cabuchon. A Cherult blouse of rust-colored crepe de chine has bands of bead embroidery passing across a flat vest of flesh-colored chiffon. The bands disappear under the blouse fronts and emerge through slashes about an inch beyond the edge, the series of tabs thus formed flanking the cross-bands on the vest. This Cherult blouse falls to the hip and the flesh-tinted vest extends several inches below the waistline, giving a very graceful long line. A loose belt fastened with jet cabuchons passes across the vest and around the waist. A narrow band of black fox outlines the neck opening. Another French blouse of cream-colored velvet is slashed to show under-facings of brown satin, small bronze beads outlining every satin motif.

DRESS FOR AFTERNOON WEAR

Black satin and rose-colored tricolette form this attractive gown. The rose overdress is embroidered in black and edged with bread black silk fringe.

A Standard Blouse.

The little sailor blouses are in high favor with few changes in line from the original, made to slip on with slit at front and regulation sailor collar and small side pocket with big crush tie of black silk. This style is shown in both white and navy, satin and georgette, with silk braid in contrasting color for trimming.

All family trees are more or less shady.

BRINGING UPFATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

I'LL HAVE SOME MORE CAKES
NEW MAID
YES SIR
THAT WUZ A BUM COOKED BREAKFAST - BUT SHE'S ALL RIGHT
WELL HOW WAS YOUR BREAKFAST THIS MORNING
GREAT - SHE CERTAINLY CAN COOK -
I'LL TELL HER WHAT YOU SAID
THANKS FO DA COMPLIMENT - I'SE GONNA WAIT ON THE TABLE TOO -

As Charlie Says :—

So many things are uncertain in this world that it is a treat to know you can ALWAYS enjoy an Arabela for ten cents.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Now Being Organized

Enter Your Team

5 Alleys on the Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

SPORT HISTORY

Bare Knuckly Men Were Real Fighters

SCRAPPERS OF BYGONE DAYS NOTED FOR ABILITY TO STAND PUNISHMENT.

England is today resuming the revival in interest in boxing that was flourishing when the war broke out in 1914, when the "manly art" began to take hold as never before in the land of its origin. King George's approval probably had much to do with this enthusiasm, but the man who was chiefly instrumental in bringing the game back into its own was the fifth Earl of Lonsdale, the donor of the belts for the various championships of Great Britain. Lord Lonsdale, the Queensberry of this generation, was born 62 years ago Saturday.

Since his Eton days he has been a thorough sportsman, and, while he has devoted much attention to yachting and racing, his chief interest has been the perpetuation of the sport originated in England by James Figg nearly two centuries ago. Lord Lonsdale was one of the founders of the National Sporting club, the organization which stages a majority of the best bouts in Great Britain, and where the great boxing tournament was recently held. It was about a quarter of a century ago that Lord Lonsdale practically saved the land. The government made the bout between Frank Slavin, the Australian, and Joe McAuliffe a test case. The Earl of Lonsdale employed some of the best lawyers in the country to defend the men and the game, aond the result was a victory in the courts which established a legal precedent.

CORBETT-MITCHELL BATTLE

It was just a quarter of a century ago Saturday that Jim Corbett knocked out Charlie Mitchell in the third round at Jacksonville, Fla. It was a speedy finish to a battle which had been discussed for so long, and a disappointment to the fans who had gathered from all over America, for, while they had expected Corbett to win, few though the Englishman would prove so easy a victim. Mitchell was then 32, and dissipation had robbed him of much of his former stamina and speed, besides which, at the time of the bout against Corbett he had not fought in a real bout for nearly six years, or since he fought his memorable 39-round draw with John L. Sullivan at Chantilly, France. Corbett was then 27, and in prime condition, having taken the American title from John L. only about sixteen months before. In science and generalship Corbett was Mitchell's equal, and in height, weight, reach, youth, condition and stamina he was vastly superior.

Joe Grimm, George Siddons, Jack Burke, Andy Bowen, Danny Needham, and other modern ring warriors, have proved themselves to belong to the "iron man" class by taking part in long and desperate battles, but for real durability under punishment we hope to go back to the old bare knuckle days of the ring.

One of the most celebrated of the old-time "iron men" was Mike Madden. Although he never became champion, and his very name is almost forgotten, Mike deserves to be remembered as the hero of two of the longest battle ever fought in the ring. It is seventy years ago since Mike figured in one of the most historic, but not the longest, of those bloody conflicts of the raw 'uns. On December 12, 1848, at Woking, England, he defeated Jack Grant in a battle of 140 rounds, lasting five hours and three-quarters. Although both men were terribly punished, and barely able to stand, they fought on until darkness forced them to stop. Madden had the best of the argument, and Grant was in a sorry plight when he was led away at the conclusion of hostilities. Grant has a long rest, and when he returned to the ring he was whipped by Tom aSyers, the "Little Wonder," who afterwards fought John C. Hoeman for the world's title.

About seven months after the Grant battle, Mike Madden fought prominent fighters of that period, at Edenbridge, England. This contest went 185 rounds and lasted six hours and three minutes. It was the longest bare knuckle battle ever fought, with the exception of a bare knuckle contest staged at Melbourne in 1855, when Jim Kelly and Jonathan Smith fought six hours and fifteen minutes.

Only one man in ring history ever fought two battles of longer duration. Andy Bowen, the New Orleans mulatto boxer, exceeded Mike Madden's record in 1893, when he fought seven hours and nineteen minutes with Jack Burke, and then, a few weeks later, defeated Jack Everhardt in five hours and thirty-eight minutes. These were glove contests, however, and the participants did not take nearly as much punishment as did the old "iron men" who fought with the raw 'uns.

PROPOSED MEMORIAL FOR ST. LUKE'S FALLEN HEROES

At Annual Vestry Meeting Last Night—Reports of Various Branches Show Satisfactory Progress.

The forty-fourth annual vestry meeting of St. Luke's Church was held last night in the school room, which was well filled with an interested gathering of the adult members of the congregation, women as well as men taking part in the proceedings. Several soldier member, lately returned from overseas, were present and received a hearty welcome on the part of their fellow-parishioners.

The reports of the varous church organizations were presented in a crisp interesting way by the officers concerned and told of a busy and prosperous year. The Woman's Guild was especially applauded for its work in substantially reducing the debt for the recent improvements to the Parish Hall. The Chancel Guild had managed to efficiently conduct its undertakings without aid from general funds. A pathetic circumstance was noted in the news had that day come from New York of the unexpected death of Mrs. H. A. Perry, whose gift had been the altar-flowers on the previous Sunday.

A feature of the Sunday School report was the fine progress made in payment for the Victory Memorial Bond.

The wardens, in presenting their annual statement, held the attention of their audience by throwing the figures and comments on the sheet by means by lantern slides. The expenditure for the year showed a considerable increase, but all claims both local and extra parochial had been fully met, with a balance remaining on the right side.

Among the special topic of discussion was the part to be taken by the congregation in the work of social service and reconstruction through a special committee appointed for the purpose. The question of a permanent memorial to the eight St. Luke's soldiers who had fallen and also who had taken part in the war, was referred to the incoming advisory board for suggestions.

At the close of the meeting the Woman's Guild, with their usual genial hospitality, entertained those present during an enjoyable social period.

Officers Elected.

The election and appointment of officers resulted as follows:

Vestry Clerk—Mr. R. McKee.

Rector's Warden—Mr. R. B. Rogers.

People's Warden (elected by acclamation)—Mr. J. J. Turner.

Assistant Wardens—Messrs. W. H. Carter, R. Starr, A. Green, J. Marshall, H. McWha, R. G. Northcott.

Delegates to Synod—Messrs. E. A. Peck, Geo. Green, R. B. Rogers.

The new wardens were authorized to act with the rector in selecting the personnel of an advisory board for the current year, the names to be announced in the Parish Magazine.

Office Wins From Factory Team

The De Laval Separator Factory and the office teams met in a league match on Saturday 25. The office took two our of three games. The scores being as follows.

Office				
Hill	129	180	169	478
Dummy	125	125	125	375
A. Fitzgerald	175	187	136	498
A. Fitzgerald	175	187	144	431
W. Fitzgerald	209	141	125	475
	802	756	699	2257

Separator Factory				
Garrow	130	16	149	395
Dummy	125	125	125	375
Armstrong	136	162	130	428
French	116	152	146	414
Barrette	145	166	157	468
	652	721	707	2080

Mr. Carter of the Creamery Factory Team still holds the highest 3 game score being 503, while W. Fitzgerald holds the highest single score 209.

A hard spare was pulled off by Garrow. The standing of the league and also the averages will be published this week.

COBB WITH DETROIT AGAIN

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 28.—Ty Cobb, while passing through this city, denied the report that he would leave the Detroit team.

He said that all the players who entered the war were given their release, however, and that he probably will play with Detroit this year.

Centrals Win From The George Streets

At the George street alleys last night in the league game the Centrals took three straight games from the Geore Streets. Henderson was hih man for the Centrals with a score of 588, while Hayes was high for the George Streets. The followng are the scores of the different players:

Centrals.	1st	2nd	Total
Fielder	158	152	201
Thomas	210	153	159
Coros	142	128	141
Gillespie	133	144	160
Henderson	197	205	186

George Street.	1st	2nd	Total
Hayes	153	180	161
Bailey	165	179	149
Stewart	169	124	160
Sharpe	145	136	155
Sharpe	159	143	164

Games to be played this week:

Tuesday—Mathews-Blackwell vs. Barries Co.

Thursday—George Streets vs. G.W. V. A.

ICE FAMININE AT SOO

Not a Single Pound Stored This Season.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Jan. 28.—For the first time in its history Sault Ste. Marie faces the possibility of being unable to harvest natural ice for next summer. Not a cred between the two Soos. 10,000 tons of ice had been harvested. The ferryboat is plying unhampered between the two Soos.

Arrange Schedule Friday Evening

A meeting of the Business Men's ten pin league has been called for o'clock Friday night at the Water street alleys to arrange the schedule. The captains of each team must be present. The teams already entered are the De Laval, the C. G. E., the Bakwell, Printers, Grocers and High Rollers.

British forces in the Caspian area have advanced from Baku and occupied the Trans-Caucasian Railway.

Unreserved Auction Sale

OF 75 HEAD OF

GRADE CATTLE

A few good Herefords included, the property of the BURLEIGH RANCHING CO., LIMITED.

Sale will be conducted at

Gordon Nichol's Farm, Selwyn

ON

Saturday, February 1st, 1919

At One P.M. Sharp.

REASON FOR SALE

As the company owns over 350 head of cattle, there is not sufficient shelter for all their stock, so the above 75 head must be disposed of at once.

TERMS: Ten months' credit on approved joint notes. Five per cent. discount for cash.

R. H. ALFORD, Auctioneer.

OAK HALL

"COME DOWN EARLY"

Dollar Day

This year Dollar Day comes almost on the eve of our annual stocktaking—for we commence our new year's business on Saturday morning following.

Come Prepared to Receive a Bargain

Men's Hats, worth $3.00 to $3.50	$1.95
Men's Caps, worth up to $1.75	$1.00
Penman's Shirts and Drawers, worth up to $1.50	$1.00
Stripe and Black Overalls, worth up to $1.50	$1.00
4 Pairs Black Cashmere Socks for	$1.00
Soft Cuff Shirts, worth up to $2.75, for	$2.00
Children's Serge Tams, worth 75c, for	69c
Children's Serge Tams, worth $1.25, for	$1.00
Children's Velvet Hats, worth up to $2.75, for	$2.00
Boys' Sweaters, worth up to $2.50, for	$2.00
Boys' Jerseys, worth up to $2.50, for	$2.00
Boys' Jerseys, worth up to $1.75, for	$1.25
Boys' Blouses, worth up to $1.00, for	75c
Children's Wool Suits, tan, cardinal and sky shades; ages 4 and 4 years only. Special	$1.50

20 per cent. off all Men's, Young Men's, Youth's and Boys' Suits

Suits and Overcoats

It would be difficult to pick out any garments we are anxious to get rid of, so we have decided to throw our whole stock of high-class Suits and Overcoats at the pleasure of the buying public. Such goods—and with prices still firmer for the coming season, with 20% off Sanford's best clothing—certainly spells a BARGAIN.

BOY'S SUIT SPECIALS

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS $6.95

Extra good School Suit; Norfolk styles; full size bloomers; sizes 28 to 35, for $6.95

BOYS' SUIT SPECIAL, $7.95

About 20 Boys' Suits, mostly medium and light color tweeds; made double breasted style; full size bloomers. To be frank, these ar odd suits left over for many seasons. The cloths were made in pre-war days and are wonderful values. Some suits are worth double the price to-day.

We do not allow any discount on these two specials.

HALF PRICE FOR CHILDREN'S SUITS

Ages 2 to 8 Years.

A part of a rack of Children's Suits; serges, tweeds, fancy worsteds; many styles to choose from. Our stock is too heavy in the above sizes, hence this drastic cut in price.

Dollar Day Has Always Been a Money Saver Here. Be Sure To Come.

OAK HALL

409-11 George Street M. J. Maher, Manager

We Have Ready for Your Choosing To-morrow the Biggest Dollar Day Bargains We Have Ever Offered

Come and see. The earlier you come the better your choice

Great Bargains in Staples of Standard Quality

Best Grade Bed Sheetings

Dollar Day sale prices are much below present day makers' prices; plain and twill weaves, in best grade Canadian and English made Bed Sheetings; 72 inches wide.

5 Yards of $1.25 plain or twill sheeting for ... $4.98
5 Yards of 85c plain sheeting for ... $2.98

White Saxony Flannelettes

The biggest and best values in the city. All clean, fresh, perfect goods. These prices good for Dollar Day only.

4 Yards of 20c Flannelette for ... $1.00
10 Yards of 30c Flannelette for ... $2.50
10 Yards of 40c Flannelette for ... $3.25

English Cottons

Two special bargain lines for Dollar Day; excellent English makes, pure whiteb leached, free from filling and all impurities.

5 Yards of 35c White Cotton for ... $1.45
5 Yards of Horrockses 50c White Cotton for ... $2.00
10 Yards of 35c White Cotton for ... $2.90
10 Yards Horrockses 50c White Cotton for ... $4.00

Striped Flannelette

Here are four big bargains in Canadian made tripe Flannelettes; all good qualities; the kind that wash easily:

5 Yards of 25c Flannelette for ... $1.00
10 Yards of 30c Flannelette for ... $2.50
10 Yards of 35c Flannelette for ... $2.75
10 Yards of 45c Flannelette for ... $2.90

Hand, Bedroom and Tea Towels

Unequalled values—15 Towels for Dollar Day. Come and see these wonderful sale values.

4 Hand Towels, regular 35c each, for ... $1.00
3 All-Linen Bedroom Towels, reg. 50c, for ... $1.00
5 Glass Tea Towels, regular 25c, for ... $1.00

Bed Spreads

Crochet and Embroidered Bed Spreads; double bed size. Two big Dollar Day Bargains:

$6.00 and $7.00 Embroidered Bed Spreads for ... $5.00
$4.00 Crochet Bed Spreads for ... $2.79
$5.00 Crochet Bed Spreads for ... $3.98

Pillow Cases, Ready for Use

Hemmed and hemstitched styles, in extra good grade cotton, three sizes, 40, 42 and 44; all exceptional bargains at these prices:

Plain Hemmed Pillom Cases ... 4 for $1.00
Hemstitched Pillow Cases ... 2 for $1.00

Towelings, Towelings

Union and Linen Crash Towelings, in white and natural shades—plain and stripe borders, heavy, absorbent qualities; can be used for dish, tea or roller towels.

5 Yards of 25c Towelling for ... $1.00
5 Yards of 35c Towelling for ... $1.25
5 Yards of 50c Towelling for ... $1.50
2¼ Yards 90c Huckaback Towelling for ... $1.50

Women's 50c Black Cashmerette Hose—Makers' seconds. Dollar Day Bargain ... 3 Pair for $1.00

Odd Pieces in Fancy Hand-Painted Nippon China. Regular up to 95c. Dollar Day Bargain ... 25c

Bargains in Women's Wear

$65.00 to $100.00 Women's Fashionable Suits To-morrow $37.50

You can have your choice from our entire stock of high-grade New York Model Suits, in this season's newest and most captivating styles. Regular $65.00, $75.00 and $100.00. Dollar Day Bargain ... $37.50

4 Only--Evening Dresses $2.00

FORMER SEASONS' STYLES

Regular selling prices $20.00 to $35.00. Dollar Day Bargain ... $2.00

Women's Raincoats--Regular $16.00 To-morrow $3.00

Six only odd Cravenette Raincoats for women; all good waterproof garments. Regular up to $16.50. Dollar Day Bargain ... Each ... $3.00

$2.50, $3.00 and $4.00 HAND BAGS for $1.00

$6 to $10 CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES $4.00

8 Only--Women's Coats $1.00

The materials in these coats could be used to good advantage for the making of children's coats. Regular values up to $15.00. Dollar Day Bargain ... $1.00

Women's Serge and Tweed Coats, regular up to $18.50 To-morrow $3.00

All useful garments for motoring and general outdoor wear. Odd lines and styles. Regular up to $18.50. Dollar Day Bargain ... $3.00

29c Tin Pails—Two-quart size. Dollar Day Bargain ... 15c

Odd Garments in Children's Underwear. Regular up to $1.50. Dollar Day bargain ... 25c

Boys' $2.50 Sweater Coats. Dollar Day Bargain ... $1.50

FANCY VEILINGS

Special Bargain Lot. On sale in Millinery Department, Yard ... 5c

Women's Neckwear and Knitted Scarfs—Soiled and odd lines. Clearing ... Each ... 10c

3 only $15.00 Electric Table Lamps—To-morrow ... $10.00

Shop Early — RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED — Shop Early

What 25c and 50c will Buy in the Millinery Dept.

For Dollar Day we have arranged two big Bargain Tables in the Millinery Department.

25c WILL BUY: Bayb Bonnets, Feather Mounts, Silk Motor Caps and Fancy Bags.

50c WILL BUY: Children's Hats, Boudoir Caps, and Plush Motor Caps.

These lines are limited. Just a clean-up of stock lines. Be here early for first choice.

Save a Dollar—Buy $3.00 Black Silk To-morrow for $2.00

36 inch Black Pallette and Dpchess Satin; all pure silk and an all pure dye, and one of the best Swiss makes. Only a limited amount of this Dollar Day sale silk. Regular $3.00 yard. To-morrow, yard ... $2.00

29c Curtain Scrim, 5 yards for 75c

Curtain Scrim, in light cream only with colored border on either side, in shades of rose, blue and gold. Rigular 29c a yard. Dollar Day Bargain ... 5 Yards for 75c

85c Children's Rompers, 50c

Sizes to fit ages 1, 2 and 3 years; made from Saxony cloth and gingham; mostly dark colors. Regular 85c. Dollar Day Bargain ... 50c

$1.25 Envelope Chemise $1.00

Women's Envelope Chemise, made from soft fine nainsook, nicely trimmed with Val. lace and ribbon. Exera good value. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day Bargain ... $1.00

65c and 85c Misses & Children Pettic'ts 50c

Made from plain grey and striped flannelette good and warm for winter wear. Regular 65c and 85c. Dollar Day Bargain ... 50c

Boys Knitted Pull-Over Suits $2.00

Boys' Pull-over Suits, in cardinal and khaki; firmly knitted from heavy, good wearing yarns; sizes to fit 2 to 4 years. Regular $2.50. Dollar Day Bargain ... $2.00

$6, $7, $8 Comforters $5.00

Cotton filled Comforters, size 60 x 72 ins. and 66 x 72 ins.; covered in fine quality silkoline in dainty color combinations. Regular $6, $7 and $8 each. Dollar Day Bargain ... Each ... $5.00

Seamless Scotch Axminster Rugs—Qualities worth two or three times Our Dollar Day Price

There are just two sizes in the lot, 3 x 4 yards and 3 x 3½ yards. Designs and colorings suitable for living-room, dining-room, parlor, bedroom or office. Your choice ... Dollar Day Bargain, each ... $45.00

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society will be held in the City Council chamber Thursday evening, Jan. 30th, at 8 o'cock for the receiving of reports of the past season, the election of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. STOCKER, Pres.

W. C. T. U. MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Green room of the Y.W.C.A. tomorrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Rev. A. J. Thomas will address the meeting. All ladies welcome.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

MOLE—HETHERINGTON

The wedding was solemnized on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 23rd, at the Trinity Methodist parsonage, of Mr. Wm. F. Mole, of Toronto, to Miss Ethel B. Hetherington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hetherington, city. Rev. F. E. Mallot officiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Mole are spending a short honeymoon in Toronto and will reside in Sault Ste. Marie.

Mr. Mole was a photographer in this city before going to Toronto.

Mrs. Maurice Park, 366 Simcoe street (corner of Park and Simcoe) will be at home from 3.30 to 6 on the next three Wednesday's commencing tomorrow, the 29th January.

Pte. Albert Corrin, of Port Perry, who recntly arrived in Canada from overseas, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Corrin, McDonnel street. Pte. Corrin spent twelve months in service in France, and after being wounded was invalided to England. He crossed on the Olympic, and says the treatment meted out to the men on the passage across was all that could be desired.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

We are now in the market for the purchase of Oats only. Highest market price paid. Entrance at west side of plant from Hunter street.

The Quaker Oats Company

AUCTION SALE

Friday at Hancock's Auction Room, 2 p.m., Furniture and Household effects of all kinds. Parties having anything to sell may put same in sale.

30,000 British troops are now being demobilised daily.

TEMPLE BAND PRACTICE

The Temple Band will practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested.

NOTICE

Open meeting in the Labor Hall, Friday, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp. Several excellent speakers will address the meeting, including W. H. Harper, machinists; J. Noble, electrical workers; John Bruce, steam-fitters; J. Kennedy, sheet-metal workers, and J. Marsh, carpenters.

Remember the date, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp.

"I SHALL BE SATISFIED"

The following are the words of the song written and set to music by Mr. Asa Huycke and which was sung in Mark Street church and St. Paul's Church Sunday by Miss Ida F. Lynn:

When my great day comes to cross the line,
And I lay me down to die
Will I dare look back o'er the hills of time
Where the white dead ashes lie?
Will the trail I've trod be free from stain,
And straight and white that day?
Will the seed I've sown bear golden grain
Or thorns, along the way?

Oh, Christ, of all when Thou callest me
On that last day of mine,
Train me, dear Lord, to ready be
To fearlessly cross the line.
Not one of Thy highest 'servants, Lord,
But anywhere by Thy side.
Oh, make me of some little use to Thee
And I shall be satisfied.

The Swiss authorities have issued stringent regulations regarding the entrance into the epublic of Socialist delegates to the Berne Conference.

DOLLAR BARGAINS ALL THIS WEEK

10 lbs. 15c Rice, $1.30, for ... $1.00
3 lbs. 40c Margarine, $1.20, for ... $1.00
15 lbs. 9c Rolled Oats, $1.35, for ... $1.00
14 bars 9c Soap, $1.25, for ... $1.00
10 lbs. G. Sugar with $2 order ... $1.00
3 bottles 50c Table Syrup for ... $1.00
10 lbs. Bee Hive (in your dish) ... $1.00
4 lbs. 20c Prunes and 4 lbs. Raisins ... $1.00
4 packs 25c Potatoes for ... $1.00
56c Black Tea, good, 2 lbs. ... $1.00
6 cans 25c Tomatoes or Corn ... $1.00
3 50c 40 c.p. Tungsten Lamps ... $1.00
5 cans 25c Pink Salmon ... $1.00
4 lbs. 45c Mixed Tea for ... $1.00
5 H.P. Sauce, worth $1.50 ... $1.00
10 15c Worcester Sauce for ... $1.00
$1.00 pail and 25c Jar Jam ... $1.00
6 lb. Salmon Fish, fresh ... $1.00
11 pkgs. Jello, worth $1.35, for ... $1.00
6 bottles 20c Pickles for ... $1.00
11 boxes Shoe or Stove Polish ... $1.00
6 yds. 30c Flowered Crepe for ... $1.00
4 yds. 35c White Cotton for ... $1.00
5 yds. 30c White Cotton for ... $1.00
$1.75 Men's Overalls and Smocks ... $1.00
$1.50 Boy's Knickers, good, at ... $1.00
3 yds. 40c Ecru Curtain Scrim ... $1.00
2 pair $1.00 Rib Cashmere Hose ... $1.00
$2.00 Boy's Sweaters for ... $1.00
$1.00 yd. Blue Melton, 2 yds. ... $1.00
10 Krinkle Corn Flakes for ... $1.00
75c Skeins Yarn 2 for ... $1.00
Dozens of other Bargains. Cash and Quantity.

R. C. BRAUND

Food Board License No. 8-2907
Make Your Phone Earn a $

Plan a Campaign For New Members

The Young Women's Christian Association will conduct a membership campaign next week, commencing with Tuesday, February 4th, when representatives from the Dominion Council, Y.W.C.A. will address the campaign workers at a banquet. A captain and a team of five members are being chosen from each class of the "Y" but the slogan of the campaign will be "every member a worker to bring in new members" Watch for further announcements.

Annual Banquet At Empress Hotel

The Annual banquet that has been given by the Cressman Company, Limited to their employes will be held Thursday evening at the Empress Hotel. This function is always looked forward to by the staff and is an evidence of the pleasant relations that exist between the firm and their employes.

Barrie's

Peterborough

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

January Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

SUITS
COATS
DRESSES
BLOUSES
SKIRTS and
SILK SWEATERS

Last week of Sale, reduction in prices will not hold good afterwards

SPECIALS ON DOLLAR DAY

The Barrie Building
Phone 240

Don't Miss Kultur Tonight at Royal

Do not fail to take advantage of the opportunity to see "Kultur" as presented by William Fox, starring Gladys Brockwell. This great photoplay is being shown at the Royal theatre tonight only will be the last chance to see it. "Kultur" is different from any picture you have ever seen. It is not a "war play" and yet it is based on the stirring events that led up to the world conflict. It goes deep into the inside workings of the courts of Berlin and Vienna. It is a fascinating picture and one of the best that has been shown in Peterboro for some time. Do not fail to see it this evening at the Royal theatre.

Mrs. Victor Carey, wife of a soldier still in France, who had nursed back dead, in his sixty-fourth year.

MURRAY STREET ANNUAL

Will Be Held Tomorrow Evening at 8 o'clock.

The annual business meeting of Murray Street Baptist Church will be held tomorrow (Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Tea will be served at 7.15 in the school room. The dining room will not be used on this occasion. After tea the reports will be given at the tables and the officers for 1919 elected.

The reports have been made brief and concise and the officers have planned that the meeting shall not be late in the hope that all the congregation will be present.

To health many flu patients in Hamilton, died of that disease in St. Mary's.

Captain Samuel Filgate, who was born in Toronto on Christmas Eve, is

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WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair, with a few snow flurries. Thursday—Fair with much the same temperature.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 24 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1919 Price Two Cents Per Copy

PRICE OF HOGS IS FIXED AT $17.50 BY AMERICANS

SIMILAR ACTION NOW LIKELY TO BE TAKEN AT OTTAWA

A minimum price of $17.50 per cwt. for live hogs for the month of February was the decision arrived at by the United States hog committee, entrusted with the fixing of the prices at the food administration building in Washington yesterday. The matter has been under advisement by the government for some time, and the price named is along the lines indicated some time ago; in fact, it is a continuation of existing conditions.

The action of the Washington authorities will, it is anticipated, have a steadying effect upon the Canadian hog market, which yesterday closed weak and lower, the range of prices running from 16 to 16¼ cents and an odd lot at 16⅝ cents. With the unsettled condition of the market and the packers instituting a rigorous system of grading, the inference is that the rans for the time being will not be heavy.

A special despatch from Ottawa says: The cabinet have not yet reached a decision as to making a fixed price for wheat or for hogs. But the news from Chicago that the United States government have fixed the price of hogs at $17.50 for February makes action on both wheat and hogs in Canada more likely.

Foodstuffs Have Taken Long Drop

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Jan. 29.—The victims of the high cost of living found further satisfaction today in the trend of produce prices. Butter at wholesale dropped three to four cents since yesterday and potatoes declined five to ten cents a bushel. Cheese and eggs showed no material change.

War Cost Britain Forty Billion Dollars

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.—The cost of the war to Great Britain was approximately forty billion dollars, declared Sir E. H. Holden today. Five billion was loaned to the Allies. Germany's war cost, he said, was thirty-eight billions, of which two billions was loaned to her allies.

Noted Divine Is Dead in Hamilton

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Hamilton, Jan. 29.—Rev. Dr. Samuel Lyle, 77, former pastor Central Presbyterian church here, and former moderator of the Presbyterian general assembly died suddenly at his home this morning. He retired last night in apparently good health. He was born in the country of Antrim, Ireland. He resigned active pastoral work in 1910.

Two young boys of Nairn, near London have already made maple syrup.

Says Labor Leaders Are Weak

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.—Weakness and subordination of convictions to personal interests is charged against many of the Trades Union leaders by Food Controller George H. Roberts, in an interview printed in The Mail today. He says that this is one of the chief causes of the "Present Anarchy" in industrial circles of Great Britain. Mr. Roberts, who is a veteran labor leader and who was recently Minister of Labor said "It is time that union leaders make a definite and determined stand. If the subordinate refuse to honor their leaders' agreements, the leaders must resign."

HAROLD FROST COMES THROUGH HEARING WITH FLYING COLORS

Completely Exonerated in Port Hope Court on Charge of Assault

As a sequel to Monday night's Junior Hockey game in Port Hope, Harold Frost of the Peterborough team was yesterday charged in the Police Court at Port Hope with assault occasioning bodily harm.

The President of the Club, Reverend Father O'Gorman, was present and Mr. J. A. O'Brien of Gordon, Widdifield & O'Brien was retained to defend Mr. Frost. The case lasted from about two thirty until four thirty. The main evidence adduced was that of Ware, the player who was injured and who spent Monday night in the hospital and Lou Marsh, the referee, and of the accused, Harold Frost. Mr. Marsh was called to the stand by Mr. O'Brien at the outset to enable him to get away to Toronto, as he had to referee a professional game at the Arena that night. His evidence was like his decisions, impartial, and he completely exonerated Frost from any foul play, or endeavor to charge, trip or otherwise foul Ware. He considered, in his opinion, that as Ware was going to check Frost and as Frost had the puck at the time, that Frost was justified in jumping to one side in an endeavor to avoid Ware. It was in the act of jumping to one side that Ware's hip was hurt. Ware was coming from the left end Frost, in his endeavor to avoid him jumped to the right, but they were so close together that Frost struck Ware unintentionally with some part of his body, either his hip or his side.

Mr. Marsh stated that he considered that Frost was in no way to blame. If he had been he would have him put off the ice. Mr. Marsh stated that the incident was purely an accident and he was within ten feet of the scene at the time and had a better opportunity than any one else present and observed what took place as he was following the game particularly closely.

The general public in Port Hope seem to be under the impression that Ware was a pretty sick man and the Court was much surprised when Ware walked into the Court to give evidence on behalf of Harold Frost.

All must admire Mr. Ware for the sportsmanlike way in which he took the whole occurrence and he stated, it was entirely without his consent and against his wishes that any action was taken against Frost. Mr. Frost gave his evidence in his own defence in a straight forward gentlemanly way and won the good graces of the Court which at the outset seemed to be dead against him.

The only contradictory evidence adduced was that of the witness McMillen who was some thirty feet away from the scene of the accident and who completely contradicted the evidence of the referee, and the players Frost and Ware. He considered the play was dirty and his opinion was absolutely at variance with the opinion of the referee, the boy who was injured and Frost, as was also his account of what took place. Mr. Frost, the trainer and Mr. O'Brien came back to the city this morning.

PRINCE MAX SLATED FOR PRESIDENCY

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 29—Prince Maximilian of Baden, former German Imperial Chancellor, will be nominated by the German Socialist Democrats and the German Democrats as their candidate for the presidency of the German Republic.

ONE MILLION MEN WILL REMAIN ON MILITARY DUTY

PAY OF BRITISH SOLDIERS TO BE 21 SHILLINGS A WEEK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.—The pay of the one million soldiers of the British army who will be retained until a peace footing again is reached probably will be twenty-one shillings a week and food and lodgings, according to a statement made today.

At least 200,000 Americans now in the army will remain in France according to a statement made by a prominent member of the American colony in Paris and quoted by The Intransigeant today. The Majority, it is said, will remain, because they wish to marry French women and rest, because they are charmed with the French life and see great opportunities here.

THIRD DIVISION TO SAIL IN MARCH

CANADA'S FIRST UNITS TO GO OVERSEAS BOOKED FOR HOME

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—Confirmation of the statement that the third Canadian division, the first of the fighting division from Canada to be returned home, will probably sail from England about the first of March is contained in a cable from Sir Edward Kemp, overseas minister of militia, received at militia headquarters, today. The cable which bears Tuesday's date, also gives exact location of all the Canadian fighting divisions, and proves conclusively that they are now in Belgium and not in Germany.

The first division, it states, is now at Huy, midway between Liege and Namur, where it arrived from the Rhine about ten days ago. The second division is located at Namur, having reached that place from the Rhine just about the time the cable was despatched. The third division is at Tournai, also in Belgium, and is expected to begin the movement from there to England the second week of February, and from England to Canada about March 1. The fourth division is stationed at Nivelle 25 miles south of Brussels. Certain corps troops, such as garrison artillery, cavalry and hospital units, will, the cable states, be moving to England between the movement of the divisions.

To Satisfy President Wilson

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.—Stating that President Wilson made an important speech at Tuesday's meeting of the Supreme Council of the Peace Congress during a discussion of the future of Germany's colonies, the Paris correspondent of the Mail adds, "President Wilson persists in his desire to secure some form of international control, and the Allies are seeking a plan which, while giving the practical power desired by nations who want the German Colonies for their own, will still provide some shadowy form of internationalisation for the purpose of satisfying Mr. Wilson's ideals."

NINE RURAL SCHOOLS TAUGHT BY UNQUALIFIED TEACHERS

County Inspector Lee's Annual Report Shows Serious Conditions

Mr. Richard Lees, County School Inspector for Peterborough, presented his report at the meeting of the County Council this morning. He emphasised the fact that unqualified teachers were employed in his inspectorate and in reply to a statement by one of the members at the Board to the effect that the trustees were unable to obtain teachers with the proper certificates asserted that they would have no trouble in this connection if they would pay the salary:

The report follows and is of considerable interest:

To the Warden and Members of the Council of the County of Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—I beg respectfully to submit the following report on the schools of the inspectorate of Peterborough East for the year 1918:

During the year there were in operation in the inspectorate 76 rural schools with 78 teachers, three urban village schools with 16 teachers, and one suburban school with five teachers, making a total of 74 schools and 93 teachers. In the performance of my duties, I made 221 half day visits, 44 of them being in the villages and 177 in the other schools.

Of the 72 purely rural schools, the teachers in two of them held first-class, 34 second-class, 18 third-class, and one district certificates. The other 17 held temporary certificates or none at all. As compared with the previous year, this shows a decrease of one first-class and five second-class certificates, with an increase of seven temporary certificates. This is for last term. Conditions now are not so favorable. At present there are nine schools in charge of teachers with no certificates and eleven schools closed. Of these, seven are usually closed during the winter months, but the others are closed on account of inability to secure teachers. In addition to these twenty, there are seven other schools that have two teachers possessing qualifications below that required for the positions they hold.

A Serious Situation.

This looks like a very serious situation and one demanding earnest thought on the part of those in authority. One naturally asks for an explanation, and the first that suggests itself is that the supply of teachers has decreased and so made it difficult to fill positions. Some investigation, however, and inquiry into conditions elsewhere have led to the conclusion that this is not the real reason. There continues to be an increase in the rate of salary that qualified teachers can command, and boards that are able and willing to keep up with or in advance of that increase find little difficulty in getting teachers. There have been, during the past year, a number of cases in which teachers who had held their positions for some time and had received substantial advances, were able to secure higher salaries elsewhere and left. The trustees then found themselves unable to replace them with qualified teachers, even without experience, at the old rate of salary. Too much stress cannot possibly be laid on the fact that, if we are going to maintain the standard of our schools, if we are even going to keep pace with our neigh-

(Continued on Page 8)

STRIKE IN CLYDE IS GROWING MORE SERIOUS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.—The strike on the Clyde was reported today to be growing more serious. Almost all the big shipyards and the engineering works are on the verge of closing down or are carrying on their work with small forces.

GERMANS BECOME INDIGNANT WITH THE PRESIDENT

PAPERS SAY HE HAS FACED ABOUT ON QUESTION OF COLONIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Jan. 29.—The reported decision of the Supreme Council at Tuesday's session that the German colonies must not be given back to Germany, has disquieted some German circles. The Boursen Zeitung, for instance says: "If President Wilson is correctly reported, he confesses openly that he, too, like Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George, does not desire Germany in a future community of nations as an equal among but as a nation watched by overseers."

The Socialist newspaper Voewarts says: "A League of Nations is making a lovely beginning. The decision of the western powers to take the German colonies for themselves is born of a spirit diametrically opposed to that proclaimed by President Wilson. We Germans would prefer an honest policy of stand and deliver to a policy of mperal aggrandizement adorned with ethical and oratorical phrases."

Council Takes Up Polish Question

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 29.—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference had before it for consideration on assembling this morning the Polish question and the instructions to be given Allied Mission to Poland recently authorized and about to leave on its eastward journey.

LOCAL MAN WINS ANOTHER MEDAL

SERGT. E. ABRAHAM, M.M., RECEIVES THE D. C. M.

Word was received yesterday that Sergt. E. Abraham, M.M., who went over with the 93rd battalion as Sergeant and who reverted to the ranks in order to make France and who again reached the rank of sergeant, later being awarded the Military Medal for bravery, on the field and later a bar to this medal has now been awarded another decoration for gallantry in the fighting previous to the armistice. He distinguished himself by his brave conduct when in action and has been awarded the distinguished conduct medal and promoted to Sergeant-Major, thus winning two medals and a bar for bravery in the face of the enemy.

Sergeant-Major Abraham's many friends will be glad to know of his success. His wife and mother reside at 179 Rubidge street.

Canadian Pacific net earnings in 1918, while showing a decline, were more than sufficient to meet the dividend disbursement of 7 per cent.

Three Laborers Drown at Quebec

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Quebec, Jan. 29.—Three men were drowned about 4 o'clock this morning when a C. P. R. shunting engine dumped off the wharf in the harbor while in the act of taking freight cars off a car ferry. The dead are Jacques Dery, who leaves a wife and children, and Alphonse Lamontagne and Willie Beaudry.

The Megantic arrived at Halifax with Canadian soldiers and soldiers' dependents, civilian passengers, and the famous Harvard Surgical Unit.

Strike Committee Arrogates Powers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 29.— The Belfast strike committee, which wields immense power, has taken upon itself, with the involuntary acquiescence of the civic authorities some of the attributes of an "Industrial Soviet" the Belfast correspondent of the Manchester Guardian reports.

ASK $1000 A YEAR.

G. W. V. A. Want the Pension Law Amended.

A delegation is being sent from the Great War Veterans' Association in Toronto to Ottawa to ask the Government to consider the necessity of an amendment to the present pension law. The decision to approach the Government follows upon a recent conference with the two members of the Pensions Board.

A full disability pension of $1000 per annum will be asked from the Government for soldiers, their wives or families. If the request of the delegation were met it would mean that widows would receive an increase from $480 to $800.

The delegation will also suggest the establishment of an appeal board.

The license to manufacture beer held by the Lion Brewery Company of Kitchener was ordered cancelled by Magistrate Walt at Guelph because of selling liquor containing over 2½ per cent alcohol.

Labor Proposes To Form Party

TWO MASS MEETINGS ANNOUNCED TO BE HELD THIS WEEK

A mass meeting of working men of the city has been called at the Labor Hall tomorrow night at 8 o'clock to consider the report of a committee having in charge the arrangements for the organization of an Independent Labor party for this vicinity.

A public meeting of the Machinists' Union has been announced to be held in the T. A. S. Hall on Friday evening. Addresses will be made by H. W. Harper, John Noble, and other well-known Toronto speakers.

$300,000 FOR S. A.

That the Salvation Army Red Shield Appeal campaign in Toronto will reach $300,000 and probably go beyond that figure now seems a certainty. Lieut.-Col. W. S. Dinnick, chairman of the executive, last night stated that the fund since the close of the campaign has assumed much larger proportions than anticipated, and the school children's contribution is still to come.

BEAVERBROOK STILL ILL.

London, Jan. 29.—Lord Beaverbrook returned from Paris on Monday and will shortly undergo a surgical operation.

WILL BE BONE DRY JANUARY 16, 1920

FEDERAL PROHIBITION DATE IN U. S. IS SET BY PROCLAMATION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Jan. 29.—The ratification of the prohibition amendment to the Federal constitution effective January 16, 1920, was proclaimed today in a proclamation signed at the State Department by Acting Secretary Pouk.

GRANT TO RED SHIELD.

Windsor Citizens Object to Any Civic Contribution.

Windsor, Jan. 29.—Court proceedings to restrain the city from making a grant to the Salvation Army to aid that organization's war and other work have been threatened, members of the Windsor civic finance committee admitted yesterday.

The Salvation Army is asking for $15,000 from the city and $25,000 from the county. Exception is being taken to the grants on the ground that a large proportion of the money will be used to build a maternity hospital and make repairs to the Windsor Citadel.

OTTAWA PASSES ITS AIM.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—Ottawa city has subscribed $42,147 to the Red Shield drive, Forty thousand was the objective.

IS YOUNGEST SOLDIER.

After Nineteen Months' Service He is Only Sixteen.

Chatham, Jan. 29.—Private Roy Ward, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Ward, is perhaps the youngest soldier from the Maple City who has seen active service. The Chatham veteran, who recently returned with a party on the Olympic, served in the trenches for nineteen months. He yesterday celebrated his sixteenth birthday.

SIR HERBERT AMES SENDS PROTEST TO COURT HOUSE

County Council Asked to Rescind Action and Pay $5,000 Balance of Grant to the Patriotic Fund as Agreed.

At the session of the County Council this afternoon a communication was read from Sir Herbert Ames in behalf of the Patriotic Fund protesting against the action of the Council at its last session in diverting the last payment amounting to $5000 of its $30,000 grant to the navy league.

The executive of the Patriotic Fund claims that this action was unjust and the Council should have redeemed its pledge and paid the last instalment of $5000 instead of giving it to the Navy League.

The communication claimed that only one other municipality failed in this respect and reminded the council that Peterborough city had made good its promise and hoped that the Council would rectify the matter by making a grant of the $5000 in question.

Reeve Called Home

Reeve Clark of Galway received word at noon today, of the sudden illness of his wife who is suffering from influenza.

He left on the 5.35 G. T. R. train this evening, for his home and it will depend upon the seriousness of Mrs. Clark's sickness whether or not he will be able to resume his seat at the Council during the present session.

COMMITTEE OF COUNTY COUNCIL.

This morning the committee appointed to strike the standing committees for 1919 submitted its report, which was adopted.

County Property—All the members; Reeve Eason chairman.

Appointments—Messrs. Bell, Shaw, Nichols, Matheson, Coughlin, Lean, Griffith, Clark, Brown, Bullied, Darling. The last named to be chairman.

Roads and Bridges—All members, Reeve Nichols chairman.

Schools—All the members, Reeve Matheson chairman.

Petitions—Messrs. Matheson, Holland, Clark, Lean, Eason, Coughlin, Moore, Darling, Griffith, Middleton; Mr. Moore chairman.

Printing—Messrs. Darling, Clark, Coughlin, Squires, Nichols, Anderson, Darling, Brown, Middleton, Bullied; Mr. Clark, chairman.

Finance—All the members; chairman, Mr. Squire.

Equalization and Assessment — All members; Mr. Coughlin, chairman.

Joint Committee—Messrs. Holland, Anderson, Eason, Shaw, Moore, Squire, Middleton, Griffith, Matheson, Bullied, Clark; chairman, Mr. Bullied.

Legislative and Railway — Messrs. Shaw, Middleton, Darling, Squire, Bell, Bullied, Griffith, Lean, Anderson; Mr. Lean, chairman.

House of Refuge—Messrs. Brown, Shaw and the Warden; Mr. Brown, chairman.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1919

WHY MR. GORDON RESIGNS.

THE EXPECTED is about to happen. Mr. G. N. Gordon announces in his official and personal organ that he intends to resign his position as City Solicitor, a post which he has held in conjunction with the office of member of the Board of Education, serving the city in the dual capacity in defiance of the expressed opinion of the ex-Minister of Education, Mr. Mook, a distinguished municipal lawyer of Toronto, and the Attorney-General himself.

It is not to be supposed for a moment that Mr. Gordon has relented in his defiance of these expert legal opinions. The fact is that he has bigger game in sight and that he feels that he has, in holding two offices, the one elective and the other as the appointee of the Council, perhaps taxed the forbearance of the public to the limit. He is satisfied to drop one of his offices in order to be in a position to offer himself as a candidate for member of the Provincial Legislature.

There is harmony at least among the two outstanding figures in the local Liberal party. Mr. R. R. Hall and Mr. Gordon, supposed some time ago to be at cross-purposes, both having set their hearts on the same political prize, have amicably divided the cake. It has been arranged that Mr. Hall is to be given a clear field, so far as Mr. Gordon is concerned, to secure the next Liberal nomination for the Dominion Parliament. His chief claim to that position will be the fact that a year ago he prevented the party from actual extinction and kept the organization alive by making a martyr of himself when the position went a-begging. If he led the forlorn hope in 1917, why not give him a chance to redeem himself by making at least a better showing than he did on that disastrous occasion?

Mr. Gordon, it seems, is to have a new party—Independent Labor—made to order for the exploitation of his political fortunes. That is something for which he has been planning ever since the question of forming such an organization in this community was taken up. He has been Labor's guide, philosopher and friend, or at least so served a certain section of the organized workingmen in Peterborough. Mr. Gordon hopes to unite the workingmen and the farmers of the riding and to make peace with another section of the electorate by advocating a moderation of the present temperance enactment.

This was not the program as originally planned. As The Review stated some time ago, it was the intention of Mr. Gordon's clique to sidetrack Mr. Gillespie, but it seems the orthodox members of the party, those who are not given to wandering away after idols, are averse to this, and that they will insist upon putting a straight party candidate in the field. Mr. Gillespie is to be the candidate of the straight Liberals and the uncompromising prohibitionists. And while he and Mr. Gordon try conclusions, it should be no difficult matter for the Conservative candidate to walk off with the prize.

In the meantime, Mr. Gordon proposes to abandon the substance, a municipal position with $1100 a year, for the shadowy prospect of a seat in the Provincial Legislature with an annual indemnity of $1400, and that impossible of attainment without the expenditure of a considerable amount in election expenses.

ADVERTISING A CITY.

NO CITY CAN PROSPER any more than can a business institution, without a certain amount of outside advertising. It requires publicity to bring before manufacturers and workingmen alike the desirability of Peterborough, for example, as a place of residence. This is a work that has in the past devolved largely upon the City Council, that being the only organization that had funds available for the purpose. Whatever may have been the ambition of the Board of Trade in this direction, lack of capital was always a handicap.

Aldermen of North Bay have just made a grant of $500 to the Board of Trade to be used in advertising that place as a desirable location, either for residence or manufacturing purposes. There should be co-operation between the two bodies in this as in other matters. The Board of Trade can reach a section of the public that the Council can hardly hope to influence.

It seems that the members of the Board of Trade have at last realized that Peterborough has been and still is suffering from a lack of advertising. Members of the City Council are disposed to transact business in the quiet, to go on civic affairs to other cities, Ottawa especially, and say nothing about it. Peterborough figures very little in the outside papers of Ontario, while other places, no greater in population and of infinitely less importance as manufacturing centres and all kinds of public movements, are exploited in the Toronto press almost daily. And the kind of advertising a city requires is a chronicle of its progressive policies rather than the publication of an occasional chapter from the records of the police court.

THE RED SHIELD FUND.

THERE SEEMS TO BE a popular misapprehension of the purpose for which the money raised in the recent Red Shield campaign is to be devoted. Citizens seem to be under the impression that it is to be used in carrying on the work of the local corps, for which aid is solicited almost every day and especially at stated intervals. Such an idea is, however, entirely wrong.

The money for which the Salvation Army asked the people of Peterborough, as well as that raised the country over in the same campaign, will be used only in the special work which the Army has so long carried on among the soldiers and their dependents. It was the Army's first appeal for aid for the work, even though it was the first organization to take up the task at the beginning of the war. Whether at home or overseas, the record of the Army is above reproach. Not one word of complaint from the returned men is heard concerning the Army's ministrations.

It is not yet too late to subscribe to the Red Shield fund. Subscriptions may be left at he Bank of Commerce. A partial list of the donations published recently shows that some of the leading firms and some of the best citizens in Peterborough subscribed liberally to the fund. No better evidence is required of the confidence reposed in the Salvation Army by those who are familiar with the work it has caried on here for so many years.

"AND THE YOUNG MEN PLAYED."

MANY SPORTS, hockey included, will gain nothing in popular regard if such unfortunate incidents as that which occurred at Port Hope the other night are to feature in the pastime. A Peterborough player in the course of the game collided with one of the opposing team and the latter was seriously injured.

All of which is part of the game. But the Port Hope fans did not so regard it and showed that they are poor losers by demanding the arrest of the Peterborough man.

Accidents will occur in the most cleanly-played hockey contests. Every player who takes part runs the risk of personal injury, and if Port Hope is over-zealous for the physical safety of its young men, then it should keep them out of such engagements and let them seek their recreation in such safe pursuits as pool playing and the like.

Port Hope has been a trouble-making member of the league ever since the start. But it is a comparatively new contestant for hockey honors and has a lot to learn. The lakeside town really gives the hockey world the impression that the Peterborough club have blood-thirsty young ruffians among their members. That class of hockey players is not produced in this city.

The referee of the game at Port Hope was Mr. Lou E. Marsh, a member of the staff of the Toronto Star, who furnished his paper with a report of the game as well as of the unfortunate incident that grew out of it. Surely Mr. Marsh, hockey veteran as he is, knows of what he speaks and is a disinterested witness. Mr. Marsh says that there was absolutely nothing deliberate about the injury to the Port Hope player and that the Peterborough player was arrested contrary to the wishes of the father of the young man who was hurt, and the father witnessed the occurrence. At all events, the Peterborough player has come through the entire affair, including the subsequent police court hearing, with flying colors and has been completely exonerated.

Port Hope has introduced a new feature into hockey by impressing the police into the service of helping the home team win games from visitors by arresting any opponent who shows anything like strenuosity in his work. The Port Hopers, if they are of this mild type, should be shown that parlor pastimes are more in the line of young men who are afraid of even unavoidable injury while at play.

WHEN CHILDREN LACK NOURISHMENT.

(Chicago News.)

"A SURPRISINGLY large percentage of undernourished children were found in the schools."

That sentence is taken from a report based on a survey of Chicago schools by a joint committee of the Woman's City Club and the woman's committee of the Council of National Defence. It reveals a vital defect in Chicago's social fabric. While it stirs human sympathy, the situation has an economic aspect that should be squarely faced.

Children who are not properly nourished cannot devote proper attention to their studies. Therefore they do not advance in their work as rapidly as they should and they go forth into the world poorly equipped to meet its requirements. They leave school to go to work at the earliest opportunity. Not infrequently they complete considerably less than the eight grades usually finished at the age of 14, when the law releases children from compulsory school attendance.

Palpably, taxpayers who maintain the schools carry a double burden in these backward pupils, who get much less from school work than they should and who, therefore, ordinarily become unproductive units in the community after leaving school.

Deep study of means corrective of this situation should be made by the commission that has been appointed by the Chicago board of education to deal with this and kindred topics.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

LET THE WEST confine itself to its work of raising wheat and less time to raising Cain in the political field.

• • • • •

LET PORT HOPE challenge some outside team to a game of marbles, a contest not likely to require police interference.

• • • • •

CARLYLE'S OPINION that the man is happy who has found his work may have additional weight since so many factories are reducing their staffs.

• • • • •

WHY SHOULD the Canadian hog be mustered out so unceremoniously? asks the Globe. Representing Toronto as it does, a fellow feeling in this instance has made the Globe wondrous kind.

• • • • •

THERE IS WAR in Russia, war between Germany and Poland, and war between Sweden and the Bolsheviki. There may be an armistice, but at this distance it looks as if peace is still a distant prospect.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

WASTEFUL Rivalry.

(Hamilton Herald.)

Either the Canadian national railways should build a line between Toronto and the Niagara frontier, electrify it and give the hydro-radial running rights over it, or the Ontario Hydro Commission should build the line and give the C.N.R. running rights over it. For both the Dominion railway authorities and the Ontario commission to build railways which would parallel each other and compete for freight and passenger traffic, would be idiotic. Not for many years would either line pay operating expenses.

Social Obligations of the Sick

One of our great national shortcomings, as every thoughtful person recognizes, is imperfect appreciation of the duties and responsibilities of the individual as regards the health of the community in which he lives.

There are exceptional people keenly alive to what is incumbent on them in this respect. Such people scrupulously avoid doing things that might cause illness in others.

But, unhappily, people of this fine sense of social responsibility are as yet conspicuous by their rarity. Most people think nothing of doing things that seriously menace the public health.

Attacked, for example, by a cold that is not serious enough to incapacitate them, they continue to go about their business as usual.

They travel back and forth in crowded street cars; they go shopping; they enjoy theatrical entertainments; they attend church—and all the while they sneeze and wheeze disease-germs into the faces of those in contact with them.

It never occurs to them that these germs, which have caused them only discomfort and inconvenience, may be deadly virulence to people less robust than they.

Equally common, and even more dangerous, is the practice of using public vehicles for the removal of victims of communicable diseases from their homes to a hospital.

Instead of an ambulance being sent for, a cab or taxi is called. Infection thus is lodged in it, to menace those who travel in it afterward.

So, too, housekeepers, careless of the public health, shake from open windows cloths and mops in which they have gathered from floor and furniture dust that is perhaps germ-infected. Floating in at a neighbor's window, this dust may be productive of more than one untimely death.

The handling and cooking of food by persons affected with some communicable disease is another common source of widespread trouble. Akin to it is recklessness in the preservation of food, whereby it is allowed to become unfit for human consumption.

These are only a few of the numerous ways in which the thoughtlessness of the individual endangers the health of whole communities. Corrective action is truly a national need.

And the one means to make sure of eventually stamping out criminal thoughtlessness like this is by the systematic teaching of public health in the schools of the nation.

In the schools, ideals of social responsibility can be lodged in the minds of the growing generation, to give rise to a new and better order of things than we behold today. Until thes ideals are thus established by intensive training of the young we need not look for much improvement along this line.

WIT AND WISDOM

Blobbs—If you are going in for music, which instrument would you choose?

Slobbs—Well, I've always thought I would like to be a soloist on a cash register.

Drawing the Line.

"So you are a burglar?" said the prison visitor.

"Yes'm, I like other people's property, but I haven't the heart to be an Anarchist and get it by rough work."

Surprise Natural.

"You ought to have seen the surprised look on the cop's face when his prisoner suddenly scooted."

"That was natural. A bolt from the blue is always surprising, you know."

Playing Safe.

"You should not say 'he and I' every time, my dear. There are times when 'him and me' is perfectly correct."

"I know it, mother, but there are so many people who think 'he and I' always proper that I never dare risk 'him and me'."

Gentleman (to house agent)—The great disadvantage is that the house is so damp.

House Agent—Disadvantage, sir? Advantage, I call it. In case of fire it wouldn't be so likely to burn.

As a Boy.

Louise — Cholile has broken off three engagements to be married.

Julia—As a boy he'd ring a bell and then run away.

Evidence of Prosperity.

"Why has your landlord again started to dun you for that back rent?"

"He caught me buying a new pair of shoes today."

Hint for Father-in-law.

"No man wants to be too hard on his children's follies."

"Then, if I marry your daughter, can I expect you to make proper allowance for her?"

100 Per Cent. Right.

"Charlie, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I have been informing myself on current affairs."

"Have you, indeed?"

"Yes; I know the difference between a stand-patter and a progressive."

"I should like to have your idea of it."

"A stand-patter is a person who comes to a stop and can't be started and a progressive is one who gets started and can't be stopped."

Joseph J. Walsh, one of the oldest merchants in Stratford, died very suddenly.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable monthly medicine. Ladies, ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound, No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

TODAY'S STORY

The late Senator Tillman of South Carolina was a staunch opponent of autocracy and bitterly opposed to the kaiser and his creeds, and used to delight in recounting a meeting between Wilhelm and an American pork packer on the latter's yacht. During the conversation the packer, not in the least impressed by the kaiser, said to him:

"Autocracy to me is like potatoes. The best part is under the ground."

"And would you believe it," added Tillman, "the kaiser never got the point."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the soldiers get used to anything, but personally she knows she'd never close her eyes all night if she had to sleep on a post.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Pop was setting in his morriss chair looking diskusted as if he didnt care wat happened, saying, Life is but an empty dreem.

Wats the matter, pop? I sed, and pop sed, Nuthing in parrtickler and evrything in genrel. Im sitting heer with a segar in my vest pockit and I havent even got enuff ambition to reetch for it.

Do you want me to play the tawking machine for you, pop? Maybe that will make you feel better, I sed.

Well, it cant make me feel eny werse, pop sed. And I started to put a record on, pop saying, Wat are you going to play?

Silver threds amung the gold, I sed.

Put it back ware you found it, do you think it will boost my morals to have some darn fool remind me through his nose that I am growing older?

Yes, sir, I sed. And I put on another one insted, and started to play it, being some man singing Ole Black Joe.

Stop it, tern it off, sed pop, that darn thing wood give me the bloos even if I dident have them alreddy, jest put on some strate music without enybody trying to spoil it by singing.

Wich I did, putting on one called Selections from Grand Opra, starting off by sounding as if sumbody had jest died. And pop quick jumped up and terned off the machine, saying, Is this a plot agenst my life? Wass the ideer of putting on that mirribil funrel martch? Thats enuff to make a dead man tern over and die all over agen. Leeve my site.

Meaning for me to get out of the room.

Wich I did, pop going back to the morriss chair and taking a segar out of his vest pockit and lighting it. Proving maybe I did him sum good.

The westbound "National" express on the T. & N. O. Ry. was wrecked near Matheson, but no one was seriously hurt, so far as has been learned.

APSLEY

Apsley, Jan. 29.—A wedding of much interest took place at Lakefield on Wednesday, Jan. 15, when Miss Alice McFadden, daughter of Mr. Cyrus McFadden, of Burleigh, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Joseph E. A. White, of Ribstone, Alberta. The ceremony was performed at the manse, by Rev. T. S. Jull, pastor of the Presbyterian Church. The bride was handsomely dressed in taupe silk poplin trimmed with apricot lace and chine stones and was assisted by her sister, Miss Matilda McFadden, who also looked charming in green silk poplin. The groom was supported by Mr. Joseph Tucker, of Anstruther. The groom's present to the bride was a cheque for a sum of money, to the bridesmaid, a beautiful manicure set, and to the groomsman, a military brush and comb.

After the ceremony, the bridal party drove to the home of the bride's parents at Burleigh, where a reception was given in her honor. About forty guests sat down to a sumptuous wedding dinner. The bride received a number of handsome presents. Mr. and Mrs. White will take up residence in Alberta and our best wishes for many happy and prosperous years go with them.

On Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, the members of the Soldiers' Comfort Club, of which the bride was a member, called upon her and presented her with a linen shower and the following address:

To Mrs. Joseph White:

Dear Alice,—It is with mingled feelings that we come this evening before your departure from our community to bid you good-bye.

We are glad to know that you are about to enter a sphere where your many enviable traits of character will have a wider field for their activities, and we bespeak for you many happy years in your new home, and yet we cannot conceal our regret at losing from our midst one who in many ways laid claim to our respect and appreciation, and it is with a measure of reluctance that we part with one who can so ill be spared.

In our good work you have always took an active part and as we sent boxes with gifts to our boys, we know they were appreciated by the letters we received from them, and as we worked and prayed for them, we are assured that our labour was not in vain. But we give our heartiest thanks to God who gave them the most blessed gift in the gaining of victory, and although we are sad when we remember that some of our choicest boys have fallen, we will never honor and remember them for their noble deeds and may their souls rest in heaven.

In presenting our gift as a slight token of love and appreciation, we wish to convey with them our heart-felt wishes for your future welfare and that kindly Providence will still bless you and make you a blessing among your new associates is the sincere wish of your many friends in Opsley.

Signed on behalf of the members of the A.S.C.C.—Mrs. E. Tucker, president; G. Jones, vice-president; E. Lean, secretary; G. Carr, treasurer.

Mrs. White made a very suitable reply and the evening was spent in various amusements. Instrumental music was furnished by Mr. D. Brown. Two selections were sung in good voice by the following gentlemen:—Messrs. E. Tucker, C. McFadden, J. Kilborn and D. Brown. Before dispersing all joined in singing "Blest Be the Tie That Binds", and lastly the National Anthem.

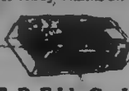
A successful man is entitled to less praise than the man who makes another effort after each failure.

SAFE!
BEFORE & AFTER

Quiet 'till you want them—a quick, clear, odorless flame—then out to *stay out*. No accidents.

EDDY'S SILENT 5 MATCHES

represent the last word in a general-purpose match for household use. They will light anywhere, and a chemical solution extinguishes them instantly when blown out. No odors, no afterglow. See the name SILENT 5 and look for Eddy's name on the box.



The E. B. Eddy Co. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also Makers of Industrial Fibreware and Paper Specialties

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

It spoils a favor if you are asked to return it.

Nothing boosts the value of a blessing like its removal.

The orator who deals largely in quotations speaks volumes.

Sometimes a man avoids a lot of trouble by having a bad memory.

Only those who have plenty of gold ever get anything out of a silver wedding.

Make the truth your motto and your guide and you will be the gainer in the end.

Love may be blind, but the girl's father and the dog seldom require the services of an occulist.

COAL DROPS TO $11.60.

Kitchener, Jan. 29.—The price of coal in this city, which has been $12.50 per ton during the winter, dropped to $11.60 yesterday.

Mixed Wood $10
per cord

Hard Wood $13
per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.40 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

CARLYLE BLACKWELL in "His Royal Highness"
A FACINATING ROMANTIC PRODUCTION IN 5 PARTS
KING BAGGOT & MARGUERITE SNOW in
"THE EAGLE'S EYE", Chapter 7
"THE CROWN PORTFOLIO," 3 Parts
"The Telephone Belle" A FINE COMEDY
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,
LAST CHANCE TO SEE THE 10 PART
Super Feature GERALDINE FARRAR in
"Joan, the Woman"
Come Early to secure Seat
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c
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HARRY MOREY
in Vitagraph's 5 Part Million Feature
"Hoarded Assets"

14 Reels | ROYAL | 14 Reels

Entire Change To-Night

HARRY MOREY in "Hoarded Assets" A powerful drama of the Magic of Love and Lure of Gold—5 Parts

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Fifth Episode of the MILLION DOLLAR SERIAL ..... "The Iron Test" Two Parts

Big "V" Comedy—"Chumps and Cops"—Five Parts

To-Night's Program Shows Best Star Artists in the Motion Picture World | Afternoons and Evenings, 16 cents

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

With steam or hot water heating, through radiators placed in the living rooms, the most efficient and economical results are obtained by preventing ventilation of the living rooms. The air is heated by radiation and re-heated over and over again. The occupant of the steam heated apartments breathes warmed over air in order to keep warm, in much the same way as the fellow who covers his head with the blankets in bed.

The hot air furnace gives the most efficient and economical results when ample provisions is made, not only for admitting fresh air from the outside, but also for carrying away the used or vitiated air from the upper part of the house.

In many households where there is a constant wrangle with the furnace the whole trouble is that no provision is made for an outlet for the used air near the door.

The one important objection to heating with hot air furnace is the excessive dryness of the air in apartments so heated. But this dryness, which may equal or exceed the dryness of desert air in a room heated above 68 degrees Fahrenheit in cold weather, is not peculiar to hot air furnace heating. It is quite as objectionable in apartments heated by steam or hot water radiators.

All sorts of water evaporators are used with hot air furnaces and with steam or hot water radiators for the purpose of increasing the amount of moisture in the air, but they are of little practical value because they evaperate but a few gallons of water in a day, whereas it is necessary to evaporate thirty to sixty gallons in the average house in order to maintain a reasonable degree of humidity when the air is heated up to 70 or more degrees. This problem of humidity will regulate itself if the heating is not overdone. There is no sufficient reason for heating dwellings above 65 degrees, except bad habit. Comfort, health and efficiency are all best attained by moderate or temperate heating, not over 65 degrees Fahrenheit. At the lower temperature the air retains a larger amount of moisture, and a moist air at 60 to 65 degrees generally proves more comfortable than a drier atmosphere at 68 or 70.

The difference between physical well-being, especially freedom from so called catarrhal or respiratory troubles, and illness through the winter months is frequently a mere difference of five degrees in the temperature of the living rooms.

LADY EATON

Wife of Sir John Eaton, Toronto, and who was formerly Miss Florence McCrae of Owensmo... Lady Eaton is noted for her war work activities and other charitable deed.

DICTATES OF FASHION.

The richer the fabric the less it should be trimmed.

Draped collars appear on the spring wrap coats.

Gray astrakhan is much liked on suits instead of other fur.

Leopard skin makes a most striking trimming for beige velvet.

Coats of velour de laine are embroidered in checker board patterns.

The soft rolling cowl collar on the bathing suit will be welcomed by the women who find the usual bathing suit neck unbecoming.

Sports silks in the heavy materials are seen on the slopes. The most popular sports costume of late is a skirt of white silk jersey worn with a bright colored waist.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Lost Power, Mental and Brain Fatigue, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, Failing Memory, Premature Decay, Wasting Diseases, Kidney Troubles, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Depression, Sleeplessness, Pimples, Blotches, Eczema, Loss of Hair, Sallow Complexion, Dizziness, Specks before the eyes, Twitching of the muscles, Nervous Headache, Backache, Pains in the Limbs, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Fits, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity, Consumption, Decline and Death. One will please, six will cure, $1.00 per box, six for $5.00, one will please, six will cure, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists or mailed in plain wrapper. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. Formerly Windsor

His Last Hope Gone.

In an Oklahoma court an attorney had been many times overruled by the court during the morning session. The attorney arrived in the court room at 1:35 p. m., whereas court had adjourned to 1:30. The court and the attorney disagreed as to what was, in fact, the correct time, and the discussion ended with the despairing statement by the attorney: "Very well, your honor. Let's have it that way. I had hoped, however, that the time of day was one subject on which we might agree."—Law Notes.

Each Season Has Its Charms.

Each season has its own outdoor charm, even winter, when heavy snows cover the earth. Read Thoreau and John Burroughs and learn how the tracks of small animals on the snow's surface show the life of the woods and how the grace and shadow of twigs, the beauty and variety of the seed pods of weeds and the activity of birds cause the stroller to forget the cold, while the tinkling of small streams through a double margin of icicles is music to his ears.

Broaden Your Mind.

Brush the cobwebs out of your mind. Rid yourself of the rubbish of prejudice and prepossession. No longer be content with surface thinking, which is not thinking at all. Form the habit of looking at everything from more than one point of view. Balance, weigh, test, observe, analyze, meditate. Thus alone can you gain opinions that are really your own and really well based. Thus alone can you grow in success-winning power of mind.—Exchange.

The Great Test.

Self-control is an easy matter when we are alone, says New Success Magazine. But the moment our lives are thrown in with others, then comes the struggle. To maintain our equanimity, to restrain the sharp retort, the impatient exclamation, to get along smoothly with disagreeable people, without friction or jarring—this is the great life test. This is what builds character, what tests manhood or womanhood, what makes the ideal employee.

Two Discoveries.

A long time ago, a keen observer of human nature put on record his discovery that a small borrower never leaves the doorway of a bank without looking one way and walking the other. A rival of this observer has just turned up. His conclusion, after years of patient observation, is that one never sees a small boy and a brass band moving in opposite directions.—Christian Science Monitor.

U-Boat Assassins Dead, But History Remembers Their Infamous Records

AMONG those names which must survive the war and remain forever as a part of its history and character four may be selected from that list of 150 German submarine commanders killed or captured by our naval forces which was recently made public. To them, says the London Daily Telegraph, is insured such an immortality as perhaps a German naval officer may desire. First in that category comes the man who placed upon submarine warfare its crown of supreme achievement, who fixed forever its character and repute by the torpedoing of the Lusitania. He was Kaptain-Lieutenant Schwieger, commanding U-20, and later U-88. He had entered the navy in 1903, and reached, therefore, the summit of his career, the greatest murder the world has known, before he was 35; it was only in November last year that a mine in the North Sea put an end to his memories and to his purposes.

It now appears that his supreme deed was not of his own initiating; he was selected by his superiors as a suitable officer to carry out a plan devised and prepared as a part of the deliberate policy of the German Admiralty—that is to say, of the German Government. According to the evidence which is available, his success appalled him rather than otherwise; the world's outcry of horror was audible even in Berlin, and upon his return there he showed himself little—possibly by order of his superiors. Even his reward was stealthily conferred; it took the form of the Order of the House of Hohenzollern, the Kaiser's personal decoration.

KAPTAIN-LIEUT. SCHWIEGER.

U-20 finished obscurely; she stranded in a fog on the Danish coast in November, 1916, and was blown up by her own crew. A year later Schwieger, now in command of U-88, was groping submerged through a minefield in company with another U-boat. The crew of the second submarine suddenly heard an explosion and felt the jar of it in their own vessel. They tried with their special signaling devices to get into communication with U-88, but failed, and she never returned to her base.

The officer who sank the Belgian Prince on July 31, 1917, collected her crew on the deck of his submarine and then submerged was Kaptain-Lieutenant Paul Wagenfuhr, commanding U-43. He was a little older than Schweiger, having entered the service in 1900; the quality of his work and his successes had been recognized by the Order of the Red Eagle (Roter Adler) and the Hohenzollern Order with Swords; but a swift retribution was at hand. While returning from the very cruise during which he sank the Belgian Prince he encountered a ship which could fight back. A British destroyer saw him on the surface, headed for him at top speed, and meanwhile opened fire with every gun that would bear. The submarine was obviously hit at once, for she failed to submerge in time, and the destroyer succeeded in ramming.

It is claimed in Germany for Kaptain-Lieutenant Rudolf Schneider, of U-87, that he sank his Majesty's ship Formidable and destroyed altogether 130,000 tons of merchant shipping; the claims do not specify the number of defenceless lives that were destroyed with the tonnage. One of the vessels sunk was the steamship Arabic. Although at this time, Germany had not arrogated to herself the right to sink all vessels at sight, the Arabic was torpedoed and sunk without any warning. There were some 400 souls on board at the time, but, thanks to the admirable discipline which prevailed, only about one-tenth of this number was lost. In October of 1917 Schneider was washed overboard from the decks of his craft and drowned, and upon her next cruise the submarine met a British patrol boat in the Irish Sea and was destroyed. It was Christmas Day; she saw her enemy in time and submerged to escape. The patrol boat, one of those anti-submarine ships, went to work according to the rules of this new warfare. The great depth charges were let go over and around the spot where U-87 had vanished; their terrific explosions, transmitting themselves undiminished through the incompressible medium of the water, tore her delicate electric mechanism to pieces and forced her to the surface. The guns above were waiting, but there was little need for them, for the patrol boat bore down on her, at racing speed, rammed her amidships with a stem like an axe-head and cut her in half. She sank gushing oil and air; no survivors came to the surface.

The officer who torpedoed the Sussex in March of 1916 was Oberleutnant-zur See Herbert Pustkuchen, commanding UB-20. He was younger than the others mentioned above, having entered the navy only in 1908, but he had had time, in his brief service, to earn for himself the Iron Cross of the First Class and the Order of the House of Hohenzollern of the Third Class. He afterward was given command of the UB-66 and was lost to his country in June, 1917, when a trawler sighted the jumping wires of a partially submerged submarine, which was proceeding at four or five knots. The trawler immediately headed for the submarine, which disappeared below the surface of the water. A depth bomb was dropped and found its mark, for a series of heavy explosions followed, one in particular causing an upheaval three times the height of the others. In the meanwhile other trawlers had joined in the fray and had dropped depth bomb charges. Then there was a great silence; not a sound was heard by the eager listeners on the trawlers, but a mass of oil on the surface bore witness to the fact that the submarine had met the doom that she richly deserved.

These are but four in that long and growing list of names that shall endure unforgotten as long as the war is remembered. To them there has yet to be added that other list, the names of the submarine commanders—such as he who sank the hospital ship Llandovery Castle and murdered the Canadian nurses, and the men in the boat—who are yet living. For all of them the fame they sought is secure.

MORALE.

Explanation Given of the Much-used Word.

Toward the close of the war a new word began to come to the front in all discussions of the struggle. The word was "morale." The term is discussed by William Ernest Hocking in the Atlantic Monthly. Pointing out that "it is seldom physical force that decides a long war," he says:

"Perhaps the simplest way of explaining the meaning of morale is to say that what 'condition' is to the athlete's body, morale is to the mind. Morale is condition; good morale is good condition of the inner man: it is the state of will in which you can get most from the machinery, deliver blows with the greatest effect, take blows with the least depression, and hold out for the longest time. It is both fighting power and staying power, and strength to resist the mental infections which fear, discouragement and fatigue bring with them—such as eagerness for any kind of peace if only it gives momentary relief, or the irritability that sees large the defects in one's own side until they seem more important than the need of defeating the enemy. And it is the perpetual ability to come back.

"From this it follows that good morale is not the same as good spirits or enthusiasm. It is anything but the cheerful optimism of early morning, or the tendency to be jubilant at every victory. It has nothing in common with the emotionalism dwelt on by psychologists of the 'crowd.' It is hardly to be discovered in the early stages of war. Its most searching test is found in the question, How does war-weariness affect you?

"No one going from America to Europe in the last year could fail to notice the wide difference between the minds of nations long at war and that of a nation just entering. Over there, 'crowd-psychology' had spent itself. There was little flag waving; the common purveyors of music were not everywhere playing (or allowed to play) the national airs. If, in some Parisian cinema, the 'Marseillaise' was given, nobody stood or sang. The reports of atrocities roused little visible anger or even talk—they were taken for granted. In short, the simpler emotions had been worn out, or rather, had resolved themselves into clear connections between knowledge and action. The people had found the mental gait that can be held indefinitely. Even a great advance finds them on their guard against too much joy. As the news from the second victory of the Marne begins to come in, we find this despatch:

"'Paris refrains from exultation.'

"And in the trenches the same is true in even greater degree. All the bravado and illusion of war are gone, also all the nervous revulsion; and in their places a grimly reliable resource of energy held in instant, almost mechanical readiness to do what is necessary. The hazards which it is useless to speculate about, the miseries, delays, tediums, casualties, have lost their exclamatory value and have fallen into the sullen routine of the day's work. Here it is that morale begins to show in its more vital dimensions. Here the substantial differences between man and man, and between side and side, begin to appear as they can never appear in training camp."

A House That Sings.

Among the many strange buildings in India one of the most curious is a house which actually sings. Except for its extraordinary exterior decorations, it is, to all appearances, no different from other buildings in the neighborhood, but as the wind sweeps round its niches and eaves a very curious singing noise is emitted, which can be heard for some distance down the street.

For a long time the music remained a mystery, but at last an engineer solved the puzzle. He discovered that the sound was caused by the material with which the house was built—a porous cork stone, and the wind, blowing through the little holes, was the cause of the music. The building is known as the Palace of the Winds, and is situated at Geypore.—Tit-Bits.

Macaroni a Flesh-builder.

According to a British scientist, weight for weight, macaroni is as valuable a flesh-building food as beef or mutton.

All Biblical Towns.

It was at Lydda, which was "nigh unto Joppa," that Peter restored Aeneas, "who had kept his bed eight years and was sick of the palsy," and it was, of course, in Joppa itself that Peter restored Tabitha to life. Here also he lodged for a time "with one Simon a tanner, whose house is by the seaside," and it was here that he saw the wonderful vision which taught him the universality of Christianity.

Flightless Parrot.

When Macquarrie island, situated 600 miles to the south of New Zealand, was discovered in 1810, it was inhabited by a peculiar flightless parrot described by a contemporary who saw numbers of the birds which were brought to Sydney by sealers as "the gibbest of the loquacious tribe." Recent investigation of the island makes it almost certain that this strange, isolated specimen of the parrot family is completely extinct, probably as a result of the introduction of cats, which have become wild and overrun the island.

First Use of Toilet Vinegar.

Perhaps the ladies who use toilet vinegar would like to know its origin. The story runs like this: During the great plague that visited Marseilles four highwaymen who had formed a gang, invented an aromatic vinegar by means of which they could rob the dead and dying without any fear of infection. This vinegar was for a long time known in France under the name of "Vinaigre de quatre Voleur," and eventually became toilet vinegar.

Perhaps.

Lucky is the man who marries a widow whose first husband was mean to her.—Chicago Evening Post.

Optimistic Thought.

Merit does not always receive its reward.

"PLAYING DEAD."

Strategy of Animals Is Hard to Explain.

Old Possum is playing dead. Why does he do it? Of course, it is a piece of deep strategy peculiar to the sagacious intellect of the beast. The scientist, however, is a very sceptical person, and he questions even the subtle brains of the possum, although it is perfectly certain that the worthy animal does lie mute and motionless until a convenient time arrives for a getaway.

Dr. Etienne Rabaud, Maitre des Conferences of the Sernenne, writing in the Scientific American, denies any "playing dead" or "lie still" theories on the part of animals.

When one suddenly seizes a cockroach it immediately folds its legs against its body, draws down its head and its antennae and remains motionless. Other arthropoids (crustaceans, spiders, myriapods, insects) behave in a very similar fashion.

This has suggested comparison with death, and it is a common saying that the animals are "Playing Dead." A phenomenon which is superficially similar has been observed among vertebrates. Some observers agree with Darwin that the immobility leads the enemy astray, that they appear not to attack dead creatures. Moreover, the attitude and the coloration, together with entire immobility, often render the animal completely invisible, hence it can more readily escape.

In birds and mammals immobilization can be occasioned at will. In the seventh century Kircher immobilized fowls merely by turning them upon their backs. The experiment can be successfully made with any kind of bird. I have performed it with sparrows, with a wryneck and with the finch, immediately after their capture, thus excluding all idea of training. The same result can be obtained with various mammals, especially with mice.

What is the nature of this immobility? Some naturalists—there are few nowadays to be sure—still think that this action is both voluntary and conscious. The majority, however, following Darwin and Romanes, recognise that it is scarcely reasonable to attribute it to any idea of death, which would be the simulation of a state which is unknown to the animal simulating it.

Soul That Is Truly Great.

Emerson, that greatest of modern philosophers, has told us that it is easy when in a crowd to allow ourselves to be swayed by the opinions about us and comparatively easy to keep our individuality and sweetness when alone, but that the great soul is he who in the midst of a mass of other individuals can still keep the poise and sweetness of solitude.

Beets Help Soil.

Beet crops have the effect of stimulating the soil. Observations made abroad show that after beets have been grown on the land there has been an increase in the yield of wheat of 5.59 bushels per acre; rye, 1.59; barley, 6.51, and oats, 5.77. Cattle have increased and the nut income has been raised as high as 70 per cent.

Phonograph Educational Factor.

The phonograph as an educational factor has tremendous value. Through this means the children can become familiar with all that is best in music, either vocal or instrumental; they can learn not only the music but about the composers, and the great men and women who sing and play various instruments.

Put Hard Things First.

The person who puts the disagreeable duty first in order is the one who is pretty sure to succeed. The impulse which leads us to postpone anything hard and unpleasant as long as we can is something which will prove our undoing, unless we are on our guard.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN

Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods

Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
267 George St. Next Turnbull's

WOMEN FROM NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST

Recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a Reliable Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Spokane, Wash.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for women's ailments as it helped me so much during middle age."—Mrs. MARTHA CONNOR, 1027 Marshfield Avenue.

Abilene, Texas.—"For almost a year I was unfit to do my work as I suffered so from female ills. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after physicians had failed."—Mrs. E. E. OWENS.

Rockville, Conn.—"I suffered so long from female ills I was blue and melancholy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed."—MARY WIRZ, 3 Chamberlain St.

Oakland, Cal.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gave me such relief during Change of Life, I wish every woman could know about it. I surely praise this great remedy for women's ills."—Mrs. MARY S. ASHLEY, 5709 Dover Street.

The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so successful is because it contains the curative, strengthening properties of good old fashioned roots and herbs, which act directly on the female organism.

Just What She Wanted.

There was a shriek and a splash, followed by another splash immediately afterward, as the would-be rescuer swam to where the lady had disappeared under the water. He caught her as she struggled to the surface and sought to calm her. "Don't struggle, madam," he spluttered. "We are quite safe; the lake is quite calm and as clear as a mirror and—" "Well, let go my arms, then," said the now comforted lady, "and let me look into it. I think my hair is coming down."

Undertaker Invented Phone

Inventors who have new ideas are foreign to their vocations of business may derive encouragement from the fact that the inventor of the first practical system of automatic telephony was Almon B. Strowger of Kansas City, who took out a patent in 1890. The inventor of the Strowger system was an undertaker who was in no way connected with electrical engineering or with any telephone enterprise.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
183 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 870-960

DRESS WARM AND KEEP FEET DRY

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO TAKE SALT AND GET RID OF URIC ACID.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions it is one of the most painful. Those subject to rheumatism should eat less meat, dress a warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure and, above all, drink a lot of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settin in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to elliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which, overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

RECENT CHANGES IN PENSION LAWS

ORDER-IN-COUNCIL PROVIDES FOR THE PROSPECTIVE DEPENDENT.

Order-in-Council P.C. 3070, which was recently passed by the Government to eliminate certain defects in the existing Pension Regulations does not, ascertain accounts might lead one to suppose, introduce an entirely new set of Pension Regulations.

There are important clauses in the new Order-in-Council which add considerably to the powers of the Pension Commissioners. Chief amongst these is that which applies to cases of prospective dependency.

The claims of prospective dependents have now been officially recognized and the amendment contained in P.C. 3070 will enable the Board of Pension Commissioners to award Pension to a large number of Soldiers' dependents who, under the old regulations, were ineligible.

Another important clause which will have a far-reaching effect is that which empowers the Commissioners to award pension to parents or persons in the place of a parent of a deceased soldier in accordance

with the degree of their dependency on the deceased soldier, and,

in accordance with their needs.

Formerly it was necessary that these persons should have been wholly or mainly dependent on the deceased soldier to be entitled to pension. Now, however, cases where a state of only partial dependency existed, may be considered for pension. The phrase "In accordance with their needs" is self explanatory. If, for example, the dependents just referred to are in receipt of an income sufficient to provide for their support, pension may be refused.

Wide publicity has been given through the press to the clauses relating to cases of "Special Hardship," but no general ruling can be laid down regarding cases which may come within this category. It will be the task of the Board of Pension Commissioners carefully to investigate all doubtful cases, and if it is considered that they come within this category to submit them to the Governor in Council for a final decision as to whether or not pension shall be awarded.

Memorial Tablet For Y.M.C.A. Heroes

The Y.M.C.A. intend erecting a memorial tablet in their building in this city, upon which will be inscribed the names of the members who have fallen in the war. in order to raise funds sufficient to accomplish this it has been decided to hold a minstrel entertainment, which will be held upon a date to be fixed later, but which will be in the early part of the month of May.

Mr. Asa Huycke is supervising the training of those taking part and at the last practice there were 38 minstrels in attendance. Tonight a second practice is being held and everyone interested is urged to be present.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS HOLD ANNUAL SESSION

Cavan and South Monaghan Represented at Gathering in Cavanville---Reports From Various Departments.

The Sunday School Association of Cavan and South Monaghan was held in the Cavanville Methodist Church on Wednesday, Jan. 22, afternoon and evening. The president Mr. R. B. Elliott, occupied the chair at the afternoon session, and after a devotional period of singing and scripture reading, conducted by Rev. W. H. Clarke, and prayer by Rev. Joseph Wilkes, reports were called for from the seventeen schools of the association and rom department superintendents. Very encouraging reports were received in spite of the fact that the influenza epidemic had closed many of the schools for several Sundays.

Rev. M. W. Leigh, B.A., of Fraserville, placed a measuring line on the schools and S. S. workers in an address on the theme, "Increasing in Value." Progress is the watchword alike for material and spiritual affairs. Three things are needed in all worthy endeavor—a high aim, a dauntless will and a faith in God Taking the ten-point standard as a test of school efficiency, he urged each school to aim to reach that standard. Individual S. S. workers must make use of personal Bible study, teacher training opportunities, and more careful preparaton for their particular duties in the school.

Rev. W. P. Fletcher, secondary division superintendent of the Provincial Sunday School Association, dwelt on the problems of the rural school, and said that lack of confidence, in what it could accomplish, is the great hindrance to the success of the country school. He believes that the higher standard being set for convenience and methods in country life would lead to a higher idea of the kind of building and equipment necessary and possible for the religious training of the boys and girls of the open country. A church must have for its object not only the glory of God, but the glory of the child. He gave an outline by which the Sunday School and church services might be conducted as one, giving a worship atmosphere to the Sunday School and bringing all the family to both Sunday School and church. The S. S. should know and reach the whole community, and difficulties are but challenges er also conducted an open conference, to more earnest work. Mr. Fletchin which many important questions came up for discussion.

The treasurer's report was presented, showing the need of more hearty support, and Rev. William Higgs called for the coming year and the full amount required was subscribed.

Tea was served in the Sunday School room of the church and about 100 delegates sat down to the enjoyment of the abundance provided by the ladies of the convention church.

The evening session opened at 7.30, by a song service and worship conducted by Rev. Dr. Lee, of Millbrook. The officers chosen by the nominating committee for 1919 were then elected, and installed by Rev. Mr. Fletcher. Those chosen are:

President—Mr. Bruce Sharpe.
Vice-President—Mr. William Tell.
Secretary-treasurer—Mr. James Douglas.
Supt. Boy's Work—Mr. J. L. Byam.
Supt. Girls' Work—Miss A. Careth.
Supt. A.B.C. Dept. — Mr. George McBain.
Supt. Temperance Dept.—Mr. M. H. Staples.
Supt. Missionary Dept.—Miss Emberson.
Supt. Junior Dept.—Mrs. James Douglas.
Supt. Home Dept.—Mrs. Robert Hooton.

Rev. A. H. McConnachie, of Centreville, gave a very earnest message on "The Sunday School's Greatest Need." "This," he said, "would seem to be the golden age of the Sunday School, the day of a great drive for its success. But organization is but the body. Is there a soul within of genuine spiritual interest in the true welfare of the boys and girls? Organization in the church may be the substitute of real spiritual life rather than its expression. We are in danger of taking for granted that there is a genuine interest on the part of teachers and scholars in the study of the Bible. Method is of great value, but there is no rule for teaching what you have not learned yourself. The greatest need of the school is the consecrated teach, and the influence that will travel farthest in the life of the pupil will be the devoted personality of the teacher. 'Feed my lambs', 'feed my sheep,' is a divine command and can be accomplished only by divine furnishing."

Mr. Joseph Wearing, M.A., of Peterboro, in an eloquent address on the "Vision Beautiful", said that nothing marks the character of a people more clearly than the ambition which they have for their children. The permanence and greatness of a nation is only ensured when its children are taught to live righteous hate iniquity." The "Vision Beautiful" for the children will become a reality, only when parents and teachers recognize fully their responsibility to nurture, by teaching and example, the finest possibilities in each unfolding child life.

In the closing address by Mr. Fletcher, he traced the development of the S. S. movement from primitive beginnings to the present efficiency, and showed that its present and future success would depend on earnest endeavor in the three great departments, the Cradle Roll, the Sunday School gathering and the Home Department.

A very pleasing feature of the program was the singing by Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Johnston, of Millbrook, who sang in the evening session the hymn, "The King of Love My Shepherd Is."

The convention was favored with beautiful weather and was well attended and much enjoyed by all. The invitation of Millbrook was accepted as the place of holding the convention of next year.

GONE TO ENGLAND

R.C. Kelly, president of the Grand Trunk Railway system, has left for England to confer with the English Board of that Company.

Got Ring Last Week, Years Ago.

A boy was playing along the rocky coast of North Wales a short time ago, and trying to lift many of the loose rocks, saw a sparkling object lying underneath one of them. On being hoisted up this proved to be a valuable gold ring. When inquiries were made, it was found that it belonged to an old resident of the district, who had lost it in the sea over thirty years ago, when bathing.

Great Wrong Done Willie

There ought to be a severe penalty, for an alarm clock striking a blue note. One of these things got Willie out of bed an hour too early under the suggestion that he was an hour late, and landed him at the office like a runaway horse, before the janitors had finished their morning's work.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Really Fine Eulogy.

Here is a eulogy of a dead emir which Ibn Khallikan declares the Commander of the Faithful, as the Caliph of Bagdad was known, pronounces incomparable: "Now let misfortune do its worst, and time inflict its evils. There is no excuse for eyes which have not shed their tears."

Libel on Quartermasters.

An army padre tells this story: There was once a quartermaster who went to heaven. And he got a big job at once—because there were no other quartermasters there.

Coquettish.

The fraction leaned over and touched the whole number on its digit. "Say," she whispered, "is my numerator on straight?"

Acquiring a Reputation.

Lots of folks get a reputation for being brilliant conversationists by letting the other fellow do the talking.

Daily Thought.

Shut not thy purse strings always against painted distress.—Charles Lamb.

Optimistic Thought.

He that is valiant does not commit self-murder.

COST OF BOARD IN HOUSE OF REFUGE $2.43 A WEEK

Annual Report Sent in by Committee—Higher Pay is Suggested for Superintendent and Matron.

At this morning's sitting of the County Council Mr. Bernard Morrow, the registrar, asked Council to consider the advisability of closing his office at 1 o'clock on Saturdays. This was done in other county towns in proof of which statement he submitted a copy of a bylaw passed by the Council of Victoria County closing the registrary office in Lindsay on Saturday afternoons.

A deputation waited upon the Council in the interests of the Salvation Army Red Shield Drive. Mr. J. A. Aylmer, chairman of the campaign committee; Mr. G. N. Gordon, Mr. J. M. Linden, an American clergyman, who is assisting in the organization work, and Mr. Joseph Wearing spoke in the interests of a grant for this cause.

The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

Grant to Children's Aid.

This year the Children's Aid Society are asking the County Council for an increase of $200 in the usual $400 grant to the Society. Mr. Joe. Wearing, the secretary, spoke in favor of such a move and was followed by Alderman Edgar, who explained the reasons for asking the County Council to increase the amount of money subscribed.

He stated that the city made a rash grant to the Society every year of $600 and in addtion furnished them with a fine building, tax free and a garden adjoining, which would amount to another $1000. The County only paid $400, and yet it was the work in the rural districts that entailed the most expense as it required the officials to travel. For these reasons it was felt that the County would be but doing its share if it increased its grant to $600.

Mr. G. W. Powell, agent of the Children's Aid Society, outlined some of the work which was being carried on in the interests of children who, if it were not for th eorganization he represented, would b chrought up in homes where the associations and surroundings would not be productive of character development. As it was many such children were sent out to farms every year and worked well and in the end would become good citizens.

The warden of the County was reminded that he was a member of the executive of the local branch of the Children's Aid Society and was cordiall yinvited to attend ts meeting in the Montreal Bank Chambers on the ecnod Tuesday of the month.

House of Refuge.

Chairman Nichols presented the report of the House of Refuge Committee, which spoke highly of the efficient manner in which Superintendent Campbell of the Home carried on his work. Everything was found in a satisfactory condition and the portion of the report dealing with the finances of this branch of the County's business follows:

Total receipts	$ 1706 56
Payments general	5563 56
Debenture liquidation	2354 70
Maintenance.	
Liabilities of 1917 paid in 1918	$ 791 41
Debenture liquidation, 1918	2354 70
Permanent improvements	285 78
Produce used	475 00
Insurance	31 75
Cash current other	5245 62
Liabilities, Dec. 31, 1918	1050 00
Cash on hand	450 00
Young stock not chargeable to maintenance	1400 00
Coal, etc., on hand Dec. 31, 1918	2850 00
Liabilities of 1917 paid in 1918	791 41
Debentures met in 1918	2354 70
Permanent improvements, 1918	285 78
Insurance for 1919-1920	21 16
Cash receipts, 1918	1706 56
Chargeable to maintainance, 1918	5074 65
	$12587 26

No. days in House, 191 inmates, 13493; staff, 1095—14588, or 2084 weeks.

Chargeable to maintenance, $5,074.65, divided by 2084, $2.43⅝c per week.

Jan. 1, 1918, in House	41	..
Died	..	5
Released	..	6
Admitted	3	..
No in House Dec 31, 1918	..	33
Average, 37	44	44

Commenting upon the report of the House of Refuge Committee, Reeve Amerson expressed the opinion that when the efficiency of the work of the superintendent was considered it was doubtful whether the remuneration was sufficient. He felt that as time went on there should be some increase in salary.

Inspectors Hendren and Lees said their reports dealing with conditions in their respective districts and intimated that they were not in favor of an increase in their travelling allowance, which had remained the same during the past decade in spite of the upward tendency of prices charged.

Painful Dental Work.

In the time of Nero there were professional dentists who could replace lost teeth with artificial ones made of sycamore wood, which were fastened to their natural neighbors with gold wire. A gold plate with several teeth attached has been found in an Etruscan tomb. But those dentists knew nothing of the art of excavating and filling cavities. When a tooth became too painful they removed it, not by pulling it out by prying it out in a manner that must have been most distressing to the sufferer.

Evolution of the Lady Barber.

Some of you men seem to think that woman is not qualified to take her place at the barber chair. She's been trimming men ever since the first Hector was a pup; she took to singeing man's excrement the moment she spotted Adam trying to determine why he was a rib shy; and she began to shave when the first efficient male idiot decided that a weekly allowance for household expenses was the proper thing.—Letter in New York Sun.

Trebles Hardness of Leather.

A Norwegian engineer claims that he has discovered a process by which leather can be made two or three times as hard as it is normally, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. This is of very special interest in these days of high prices for footwear and other leather goods. While the leather can be made as hard as wood, it does not lose its elasticity, it is said, and also acquires greater resistance to both heat and moisture.

Roman Soldiers' "Smokes."

Records recently discovered show that the Roman soldiers in Caesar's time had their pipes. Of course they knew nothing about real tobacco, as that had not at that period been discovered. However, they did have pipes and they smoked lavender and hemp, and from all accounts they liked it and it served almost the same purpose. In fact, it is said to have been a great [illegible] to the soldiers.

Wasted Energy.

Eleanor, aged five, was autoing with her parents in the rural districts one cool summer evening. On approaching a farm that boasted of a windmill, she said: "Oh, mamma, the farmer's got his fan going on a cold night."—Chicago Examiner.

Stop and Reflect.

When we begin to make excuses to ourselves, we may be tolerably sure that the act which requires such treatment had something wrong about it somewhere. That which is sound needs no ointment.

You Buy Satisfaction when you purchase

PURITY FLOUR

(GOVERNMENT STANDARD)

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. Ltd., TORONTO, Ont.

For Better Porridge Use PURITY OATS

Canada Food Board License Nos. Cereal 2-009, Flour 15, 16, 17, 18.

RED CROSS NURSES ON ALL TRAINS WITH SOLDIERS

Repatriation Committee, Red Cross Society and Patriotic Fund Work in Unison to Care for the Families of Returned Men

All expenses in connection with the placing of nurses upon the trains carrying soldiers' families who are arriving in Canada from overseas are being borne by the Canadian Red Cross Society. Reception and care of the families after arrival at their destination is provided by the funds of the Patriotic Society, which organization is continuing to carry on the good work of ministering to the needs of soldiers' families which was commenced in war time.

Red Cross and Patriotic Fund are now cooperating with the Repatriation Committee in furnishing all funds to carry on the after-care work in respect to the families of returned men.

Every train carries one or more nurses, generally several travel with each party. The Canadian Patriotic Fund issues identification cards which are distributed by the Red Cross nurses upon the trains. White cards identify those families who are going to a definite address, women who require accommodation over night carry a blue card, and those passing through the main dispersal points to further destinations are identified by a red card. These cards assist the patriotic workers who meet the trains to pick out the families requiring special attention with the minimum of trouble. When the journey is a specially tedious one, relief detachments of nurses are provided at suitable junctions. Each nurse is handed a card with the following instructions:

"The service for which you are engaged is to take care in the trains of the wives children and other dependents of soldiers returning to Canada from overseas. It is the desire of the people of Canada that they should reach their destination as comfortably as possible. With this object in view the Canadia Red Cross has undertaken at the request of the Government Committee on Repatriation, to furnish nursing care on trains carrying women and children.

"The Red Cross is responsible for paying your salary, transportation, for providing you with petty cash you require for telegrams, etc., also for extra nursing assistance, medical supplies and invalid foods for use in emergencies. The Patriotic Fund and Reception Committee will take charge of the reception and entertaining of women and children when they leave the train."

Each nurse is provided with sufficient petty cash to allow for provision and special necessities or loans being made to parties who are short Provision is also made to guard against special contingencies in case of sudden or serious illness among passengers.

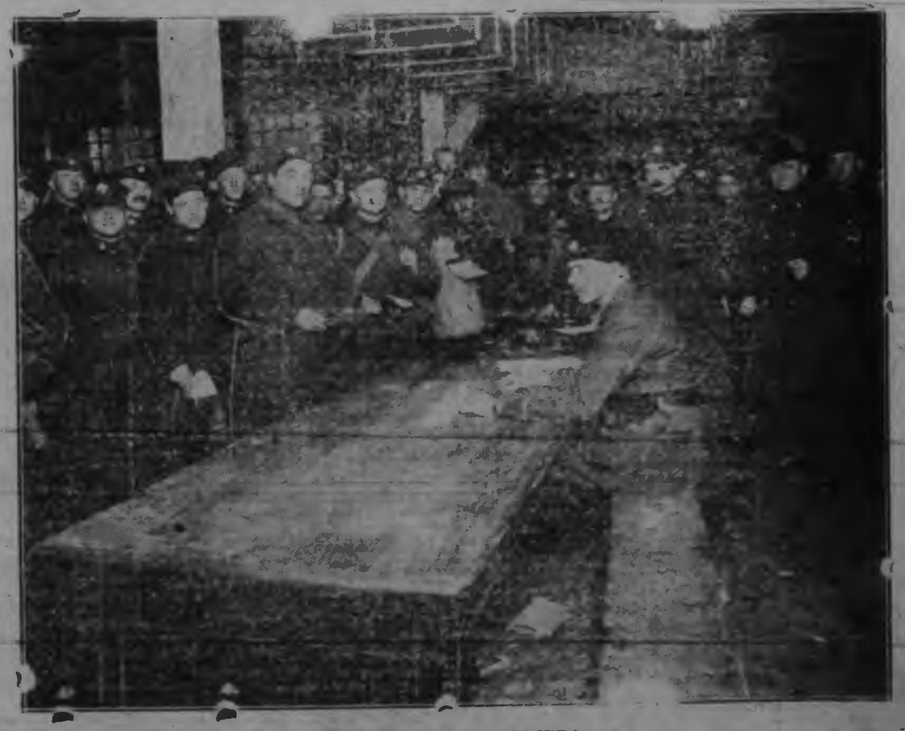
The Red Cross Society hopes that you will be a friend as well as a nurse to the passengers under your charge remembering that in helping them you are helping the soldiers who have fought for us," is the parting message given to every nurse as she is sent forth to duty.

The average man's ambition is to lower his record.

If men were like clocks, they could all go on tick.

Far-sightedness is largely a matter of careful planning.

You have probably observed that when some persons speak their minds they don't say much.



OUR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

This photograph shows soldiers, who landed at Halifax, being given their cash allowance and tickets for home at the Discharge Depot, Quebec. —British and Colonial Press Photograph.

Jump from Bed in Morning and Drink Hot Water

Tells why everyone should drink hot water each morning before breakfast.

Why is man and woman, half the time, feeling nervous, despondent, worried; some days headachy, dull, and unstrung; some days really incapacitated by illness.

If we all would practise inside-bathing, what a gratifying change would take place. Instead of thousands of half-sick, anaemic-looking souls with pasty, muddy complexions, we should see crowds of happy, healthy, rosy-cheeked people everywhere. The reason is that the human system does not rid itself each day of all the waste which it accumulates under our present mode of living. For every ounce of food and drink taken into the system, nearly an ounce of waste material must be carried out, else it ferments and forms ptomaine-like poisons which are absorbed into the blood.

Just as necessary as it is to clean the ashes from the furnace each day, before the fire will burn bright and hot, so we must each morning clear the inside organs of the previous day's accumulation of indigestible waste and body toxins. Men and women, whether sick or well, are advised to drink each morning before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, as a harmless means of washing out of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the indigestible material, waste, sour bile and toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Millions of people who had their turn at constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, nervous days and sleepless nights have become real cranks about the morning inside-bath. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will not cost much at the drug store, but is sufficient to demonstrate to anyone its cleansing, sweetening and refreshing effect upon the system.

Kindly Message From California

Mr. Wilson MacDonald, whose opera "In Sunny France," was presented at the Grand Opera House under the auspices of the Peter Robinson Chapter, I. O. D. E. sent a copy of his book of poems as a Christmas gift to Ira Coolbrith, of San Francisco, who is the most famous poet in California and who was elected poet-laureate of the State at the world's fair. She is 70 years old.

This morning Mr. MacDonald received the following letter of thanks.

1067 Broadway,
San Francisco, Cal.
Jan. 27, 1919

Dear brother of my soul,

Wilson MacDonald.

I have been a crippled house prisoner for over two years. I do not live, I only exist. I have waited for my right hand to unbind so that I could acknowledge your Christmas book and letter.

Please write me how you are, and if I shall ever have an opportunity of making up for that *lost* in 1915.

The "Cup" you sent me is of pure gold and filled with the very nectar of the gods.

I loved your verse from the first I read. I love it more and more.

Thank God for you.

Ina Coolbrith.

Mrs. Bessie Traver Douglas, wife of the Bell Telephone Company's Welland manager, dropped dead while combing her hair, having apparently been in good health.

A cat may look the personified innocence, but it is just as well to keep the canary's cage closed.

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, Jan. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jones have moved their effects into the house on front street which has been recently remodelled and comfortably fitted up.

There passed away on Friday last at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Londerville, Samuel, aged 5 years and 11 months. The little fellow was supposed to be recovering from an attack of pneumonia and great hopes were entertained for him when suddenly the heart failed and he passed away. The parents are stricken with grief at the loss of their bright and only child. The funeral was held on Sunday afternoon to the Trent Valley Cemetery and was well attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Atkinson, of Peterboro, are visiting Mrs. Atkinson's mother, Mrs. Sarah Carter. Mr. Atkinson rendered a vocal solo in the Methodist Church on Sunday morning which was well rendered and well received.

The Methodist Church choir was entertained on Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Stevenson when a very enjoyable time was in music, games, etc. During the course of the evening, refreshments were served, which added not a little to the success of the evening.

Mr. E. Prentice spent the week-end at his home in Foxboro.

Sapper Percy Johnson, of Lakefield, who has recently returned from active service, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Hess, Front street.

Dr. and Mrs. De La Matter took a trip to Toronto on Tuesday.

Reeve Hess is in Cobourg attending the County Council.

Miss Mable Moore has gone to Toronto for special treatment. Her many friends follow her with best wishes for a speedy restoration to health.

Miss Laura Buck, of Norwood, spent the week-end with friends near town.

Miss Mable Scott, of Peterboro, has been renewing acquaintance here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Warner.

Mrs. D. Secliver is in Toronto visiting friends.

The many friends of Miss Laura Smith will be pleased to learn that she has sufficiently recovered from her recent critical operation in Nichol's Hospital, Peterboro, to be removed to her home and arrived here on Saturday, much benefitted and is hopeful of a complete cure.

Miss Honey, of Percy, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Warner.

Mr. Wilfred Knight, of Lindsay, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Knight.

Mr. Breethaupt, of Kitchener, was in town during the week in the interest of the Tanning Comanpy.

House Blessing.

The beauty of the house is order; the blessing of the house is contentment; the glory of the house is hospitality; the crown of the house is godliness.

All Should Know the Bible.

No man can be wholly uneducated who really knows the Bible, nor can anyone be considered a truly educated man who is ignorant of it.—Exchange.

Jackson's Masonic Record Lost.

General Jackson was a noted Mason of the War of 1812, and it is claimed that he received his Masonry in an army lodge. As a matter of fact, no absolute record has ever been found of when and where Andrew Jackson was made a Mason. He afterward became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee. It is believed that the records of a lodge in Tennessee which were burned years ago would show it.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

FOWLERS
DOLLAR DAY
SPECIALS

See his window at **Nugent Drug Co.** for an assortment of everything in the Optical line.

Estimating Blanks given on all sales or on money paid on account on **Dollar Day.**

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors — With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

LAKEFIELD

Lakefield, Jan. 29.—Don't forget to Church on Sunday night. Rev. Mr Taylor will bring to our notice the dreadful conditions existing amongst our fallen Christians in Armenia The statements will all be absolute he Armenian Relief Campaign Service which will be held in St. John's ly true. He will make special references to the cause of Christ in Armenia at both matins and evensong. In the evening he hopes to have such a service as before Christmas. This appeal should have been completed last Sunday. The Armenian Christmas day but notices and papers came too late.

Died, in Lakefield, on Monday, January 27, Mary Campbell, wife of James Campbell. Funeral left the family residence on Wednesday, January 29, at 2.30 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford spent a few days in Warsaw the guest of their daughter, Mrs. P. H. Lloyd.

Sergt. Hope of Toronto is a guest at his home in the village.

Mr. L. Douglas and Mr. V. Young of Young's Point spent Saturday evening in the village.

Miss O. Northcott of Peterboro spent the week end at her home in the village.

Mr. W. Sherin spent Friday in Peterboro.

Miss Zetta Robinson of Peterboro spent the week end the guest of her brother Mr. Roy Robinson.

Mrs. M. Osborne spent Friday in Peterboro.

A carol service will be held in St John's Church on Sunday evening The sermon will be mainly based on the Armenian Campaign.

Rev. Dr. Wilson of Peterboro occupied the pulpit in the Methodist Church on Sunday.

The statements for the months of March 1918 to December 1918, of the Anglican Church have been printed and mailed to the parishioners, following is a brief account.

Churchwardens' Statement

Receipts	$1249.46
Expenditure	1171.01
Balance forward	78.45

Auditor—J. C. Strickland

Weekly Envelopes

Parish Fund	$ 466.74
Synod Fund	561.94
Subscriptions and donations	213.55

Organizations

A. Y. P. A.

Receipts	$ 168.60
Expenditures	154.87
Balance on hand	13.73

Miss Mary Hampton, Treas.

Sunday School

Receipts	$ 61.73
Expenditures	55.07
Balance forward	6.66

Miss D. Hilliard, Treas.

Born—In Lakefield on January 1st, to Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Hendren a daughter.

Rev. P. L. Jull, Messrs J. A. Porter, T. C. Smith, Joe Chant, were guests in Peterboro on Friday.

The Farmers' Co-operative Society held a meeting in the Queen Street Theatre on Thursday evening.

Mr. Fred Brown spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mr. Robert McKay of Toronto is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford

Miss Alice Johnson entertained a number of friends to a progressive crokinole party on Tuesday evening. Lunch was served about twelve after which other games were played.

The Soldiers' Comfort Club have still two spindles of wool on hand and as they are anxious to have all knitted into socks by the end of February they would ask the ladies to put forth a special effort to accomplish this work. This will likely be the last call made upon us to knit for our soldiers and he just as eager to finish as we were at the start.

The wool may be obtained from Miss Griffin and the socks returned to her as soon as completed.

Isabella Johnson

Miss Stella Lennox is visiting friends in Smith Falls.

Born—In Lakefield on Friday, January 24, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Norman A. Moore a son.

Mrs. A. Nicholls returned to her home in Burke's Falls this week. Mrs. Nicholls spent the past three weeks with her mother, Mrs. P. Morrison Smith.

Mr. Martin Sullivan returned to his home in Douro this week. Pte. Sullivan was attached to the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

Dr. J. C. Smith returned from Toronto on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Northey are spending a few days visiting friends in Burnt River.

All persons having books belonging to the Lakefield Public Library are requested to return the same to Miss E. Griffin.

On Sunday next there will be Holy Communion at the mid day service in St. John's Church.

On Friday afternoon the clergyman at present in charge of St. John's Church gave a very interesting address to the first, second and third forms of the Lakefield High School and the entrance class, on the arlous features of Australia. The speaker had spent over thirty years in the commonwealth, travelling, therefore could point out many interesting facts.

Rev. Taylor has promised to visit them again and will speak on the Aborigines of the country, promising a prize for the best essay on the subjects of which he treats.

RUB RHEUMATIC PAIN RIGHT OUT

ON'T SUFFER! RELIEF COMES THE MOMENT YOU RUB WITH "ST. JACOBS LINIMENT."

What's rheumatism? Pain only! Stop drugging! Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub the misery right away! Apply soothing, penetrating "St. Josephs Liniment" directly upon the "tender spot" and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacobs Liniment" is a harmless rheumatism and sciatica relief which never disappoints and can not burn or discolor the skin.

Limber up! Get a small trial bottle from your druggist, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic and sciatica pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Don't suffer! "St. Jacobs Liniment" has relieved millions of rheumatism sufferers in the last half century, and is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains and swellings.

KEENE

Keene, Jan. 29.—Lance-Corp. H. Clark returned on Monday from France where he has been on active service for nearly three years. Pte. Clark has the distinction of having now the Military Cross for bravery.

Mrs. Thomas Mollisson spent a few days the past week at Peterboro.

Mrs. Geo. McCartney, of Bethany was called home the past week on the account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Peter McNeil.

Mr. John Mollisson of Peterboro, was home over the week-end.

Born—A daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Brown, on Wednesday, January 26th.

Mr. Michael Herr, of Westwood, spent a few days the past week with Mr. Harold Roche.

Mrs. Akin, of Bethany, is at the home of her uncle, Mr. James McNeil.

Mrs. Archie Knight and little son, William, visited Peterboro friends the past week.

Miss Pearl McCann was shopping at Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. Albert Bishop has returned from Toronto where he spent the past two weeks with friends.

Miss Lola Kempt and brother, David, were in Peterboro last Thursday.

Master James McCartney was home over the week-end.

Mr. Robert Londerville is visiting friends at Hastings.

Messrs. G. McIntyre and W. Fletcher spent Sunday in Peterboro.

The Farmers' Club will hold a meetin gat the Town Hall on Friday evening, February 1st, at 8 p.m.

We are pleased to report Mrs. Peter McNeil, who has been quite ill the past week, some better.

FILLS STOMACH WITH NEW ENERGY

Weak, Worn Out, Gassy, Sour Stomach Revived and Made to Enjoy Food With Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Most of us eat three times a day and often forget that each meal hould be disposed of in the stomch to make room for the next. The failure of the stomach to do this is called indigestion or dyspepsia, with its sour risings, gas, rumblings, pain, depression and the feeling of stuffiness when breathing is difficult.

The most effective remedy and the most reliable one, because you can get it at any drug store in the United States or Canada, is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, at 50 cents a box. Instead of depriving yourself of food or going on a starvation diet simply keep on as you have and let these tablets straighten out your stomach, digest the food and keep you in the fight.

Pte. Ray Word of Chatham, who returned a few days ago after nineteen months' service in France, celebrated his sixteenth birthday yesterday.

Some people who give skimmed milk to the poor expect the Lord to credit it as cream.

Two British Generals Won Fame and Victory In War Against the Turks

OUTSIDE of the European field there are two British generals who claim attention, Maude, of Bagdad, and Allenby, of Jerusalem and Samaria. Of the former it is to be said that taking the Mesopotamian command after the surrender at Kut-el-Amara and following a shocking and scandalous failure he rivalled the best achievements of Kitchener in the Khartoum campaign and conducted a colonial campaign in a fashion which must remain a model for all the future. Unhappily, he died just after he had taken Bagdad and before he could enjoy the full fruits of his great labors. But he remains one of the great figures of that long and splendid succession of British colonial leaders. He gave Britain Mesopotamia and he ended all apprehension as to India. His warfare was the kind in which Britain has always led the world, and, apart from Kitchener, he can have no rival, such is the verdict of Frank Simmond, the well-known American war critics.

GEN. MAUDE.

Of Allenby there is a record in the west as well as in the east. He commanded a cavalry brigade in the Mons campaign. He held the Messines Ridge with a thin facade of horsemen in the critical days of Ypres, before the French aid came. After that he commanded the Third British Army, afterward to go to Byng in the Battle of Arras, in which he took Vimy Ridge, cleared Arras and pushed down into the Flanders Plain. The success of the spring of 1917 was the greatest achievement of the British in the war up to that time.

Later, when the British commander in Egypt failed at Gaza and the Palestine campaign was in danger, Allenby went east. He restored the situation and presently the world heard of him in Jerusalem. This was a ray of light in a dark period. But Allenby's great triumph was to come, when last September he crushed two Turkish armies in Samaria, captured the bulk of their forces and made the surrender of the Turk inevitable. This was one of the most complete victories in history. It resulted in the clearing of Palestine and Syria, the fall of Damascus, Aleppo and Beirut and the elimination of Turkey from the war. It will stand side by side with D'Esperey's success in Macedonia, won at the same moment and resulting in the surrender of Bulgaria.

German Ghosts.

Bearing curiously on the article on "Morale" is a fiction story, "The Tenth Man," by Centurian," in the Century Magazine. British army officers in hospital are listening to a story by Meredith, one of their number, of the demoralization of a Welsh regiment which followed the appearance of the ghost of an Australian at intervals in their trenches. After each appearance of the ghost the tenth man of the ration party was always found dead with no mark on him. A bullet stopped the "ghost" one night, and it was found to be a German officer dressed in the uniform of a dead Australian. The officer was armed with a needle-like piece of steel with which he stabbed the ration carrier through the heart from behind. Meredith concludes:

"Why should a Boche officer take all those risks merely to stab one poor devil of a ration carrier in the back? I'll tell you why, my friend. You've been fighting the Turk in Gallipoli, and the Turk's a gentleman more or less. He's a clean fighter. But the Hun doesn't confine himself to carnal weapons, and he's not exactly a perfect, gentle knight. Do you remember that passage in their War Book where their general staff says that to down the other fellow you must smash him 'spiritually' as well as physically? 'Terrorismus' I think they call it in their ugly lingo. I've often thought of it. Well, that Boche was trying to put the windup among our fellows. He knew we had only just taken over, he knew the Welsh temperament, and he knew we were full of new drafts. How did he know? You've not served in France, or you wouldn't ask that. But I admit it used to puzzle us ourselves in the early days till we discovered their telephonic tricks of eavesdropping — amplifiers, buried cables and all the rest of it. The whole forward area's a perfect whispering gallery. Our signaling companies have countered all that now. But just think of it all — every psychological detail worked out like a plan of operations! Yes, the Hun's a devil, isn't it hot? Pass the soda water, please."

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

CANADIAN ELITE.

General J. H. Elmsley, D.S.O., of Toronto, the commander of the Canadian contingent in Siberia, has been appointed to administer the British forces at Omsk, which has been selected as the headquarters of the Trans-Siberian railway.

NORWOOD

(Special Correspondence)

Norwood, Jan. 29.—Several soldiers have returned to Norwood and vicinity lately from overseas. The last to arrive have been Pte. J. Parker, who is visiting with Mr. J. W. Rorabeck. Pte. Wm. Parcels, who formerly was in the employ of Messrs. C. E. Pakenham and Son. Both of these veterans carry the marks of the conflict, having received wounds on the fields of Flanders.

Pte. Rogers, son of Mr. John Rogers, of Stoney Lake, arrived on Monday morning. Pte. Rogers spent several months in France in the Forestry branch of the service.

Mr. George Ford, of Asphodel, has purchased the Douglas property on Spring street, at present occupied by Mr. Hugh McDonald, the purchase price being somewhere in the neighborhood of $2,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stillman intend moving to Havelock in thenear future.

Mr. Douglas Baker has purchased Mr. Robert Tedford's property in the Hastings road.

Mr. Joseph Dickens has purchased from Mr. D. Sedywick the property in Norwood known as the Wigmore property. Mr. Dickens has already moved into his new home.

Hugh Tinnose, son of Mr. W. D. Tinnose, of Norwood, passed away at his home after an illness of several weeks, following an attack of influenza. Deceased, who was in his nineteenth year, was very popular among his associates and will be sorely missed by his family and friends.

The bereaved family have the deepest sympathy of the whole community in their sad bereavement.

The funeral took place Tuesday to the Norwood Cemetery.

Mr. H. G. Buck left last week for Los Angles, California, where he will spend the balance of the winter.

Mrs. R. J. Stewart, of Toronto, has been visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. Ira Cummings.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller are visiting with friends in Longford and Orillia.

Mr. Coleman Elliott, of Belmont, has sold his farm to Mr. Jos. Gardner, of Dummer, and Mr. Gardner has sold his place to Mr. Charles Calder.

The regular meeting of the I. O. D. E. will be held in the Armouries on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 2.30. Every member is urgentlay requested to be present as this is the nomination of officers.

Mrs. Fred. Doherty, of Montreal, is visiting at the home of her father-in-law, Mr. John Doherty, Hastings road.

Miss Gillies and Miss Langster, of the High School staff, were in Peterboro on Saturday last.

Among Norwood folks wintering in the snowless zone in Los Angeles, California, are Mr. W. G. Buck, the Misse Ruby L. Buck, Lulla M. Buck and Miss Inna Duffield.

The lecture by Rev. A. I. Snyder, of Brantford, entitled "A Woman's Tongue," has been given 411 times and will bear repeating.

Mr. Geo. Humphries, of Dummer, intends having an auction sale of farm stock the first week in February.

Mr. Mike Lalome, who has been in the hospital in Peterboro, is able to be home again.

A public meeting for the discussion and consideration of the good roads question was held in the Town of last week.

Mr. L. L. Squire, of the Highways, Toronto, addressed the meeting, placing before the meeting the plans of the Government and the assistance they are prepared to give in construct and maintain Provincial and County Provincial Highways.

Mr. Ed. M. Elliott, of Peterboro, was also present and spoke on the subject of good roads.

The attendance was large and interesting and profitable. Discussion of the good roads question took place. The name of Reeve B. W. Sayles of this village is prominently mentioned in connection with the wardenship of the County for 1919.

STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once.

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, snuffing, blowing; no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head

MILLBROOK

Millbrook, Jan. 29.—Mrs. James Howden was a visitor to Peterboro on Wednesday last.

Miss Ida Sprague, of Toronto, is lalting friends in town.

Mrs. V. Martin and Master George Sayles spent Sunday with Norwood friends.

Miss Evelyn McKim, of Peterbero, was a guest of her cousin, Miss Phyllis Richards, over Sunday.

Miss Theo McBride was a visitor to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mrs. William Larmer was a guest of her daughter, Miss Ethel Larmer, at Toronto last week.

Mr. Harry Stenson, of Peterboro, was a guest at the Waverley Inn this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stanton and abe, of Peterboro, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Stanton this week.

Mr. G. H. Raymes, of Port Perry, visited friends in town on Sunday.

Mr. Arthur Vance, of Winnipeg, is a guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Vance.

Judge Ward, of Port Hope, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Walter Burns was a guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Burns, last week.

Mrs. Jackson, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Forsythe.

Miss C. J. Richards was a guest of her cousin, Mrs. C. L. Willcock, at Toronto last week.

Inspector Colling, of Bancroft, is a uest of Mr. and Mrs. William Vance.

The Misses Mary and Ilein Higgs, Rev. W. H. Higgs and Messrs. Irwin Hatherley and Frank Alcorn attended the convention at Peterboro on Monday.

Mr. Ed. James returned to his home in New Toronto after a pleasant visit with his father, Mr. Nelson Janes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spence, of Emily, was in town on Friday.

Mrs. Stanley Staples returned to her home in Blindoss, Alta. She was accompanied by Miss Mabel Hutchinson.

Mr Stanley Westall, of Peterboro, is visiting friends in town.

Pte. Charles Richardson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Richardson, was a guest of his uncle, Mr. Hal. Argue, last week.

Among the Millbrook boys who ave recently returned from overseas, are Ptes. Bruce Fitzgerald, Harry ord and Ross Larmer.

Mrs. Nelson Janes was a guest of her daughter at Buffalo for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John McGregor, of Oshawa, Ont., announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, May Evelyn, to Lieut. George Arthur Campbell, formerly of Millbrook.

A Grand Passion.

"She seems interested in that visitor."

"That is hardly the word for it."

"No?"

"She says she loves the very air he flies through."

How It Is Done.

When a woman is content to grow old gracefully, she usually does it gracefully.

Optimistic Thought.

When one science is learned others become easy.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS

Coughing Spreads Disease

SHILOH
30 DROPS—STOPS COUGH
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine inch space. All words over this inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED.

TWO YOUNG LADIES CAN BE accomodated with room and board. Can have use of phone and piano. Apply 308 Burnham.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Bungalow, new modern seven-roomed brick bungalow. Residential district; seven minutes walk from Post Office. Apply 61, Robinson, street, or phone 1037.

TO RENT.

HOUSE TO LET—Modern; immediate possession; 176 Antrim street. Appy Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Barry Bldg.

FOUND.

FOUND—Red and white calf in city. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Apply Metropolitan Life Insurance

LOST.

FOUND—Two umbrellas last night of storm on George street. Apply Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
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Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 864.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

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DR. E. E. HARVEY
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Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 11-12 a.m., 2-5 and 7-8 p.m
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring!
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it. I will buy all you can collect
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
GEO. STEVENS
304 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1389w

German Revolutionists Take Spartacus the Roman To Be Their Inspiration

ACCORDING to reports coming over from Berlin, Germany, like the true sentimentalist she has always been, has decided to take her defeat in a style worthy of the ancient Romans. Not the least theatrical in the play of events there is the rise of a Bolshevist party under the leadership of Karl Liebknecht. Not satisfied with the ultra-modern name of Bolshevikl, this leader has gone back into the archives of Rome and has emerged with a treasure of a name for his followers, the Spartacus group, or the Spartacides, as they are now commonly called.

In a recent despatch it was stated that Liebknecht, exponent of anti-militarism, addressed the populace of Berlin, calling them to rally to his aide, from a truck protected by good, militaristic machine guns. So, perhaps, he imagines the Roman slave stood, surrounded by the weapons of warfare of his own time and fashion, for the famous address, beloved of all schoolboys, which has been put into his mouth.

"Ye call me chief; and ye do well to call him chief who, for twelve long year, has met upon the arena every shape of man or beast the Lroad Empire of Rome could furnish, and who never yet lowered his arm. If there be one among you who can say that ever, in public fight or private brawl, my actions did belie my tongue let him stand forth and say it. If there be three in all your company, can face me on the bloody sands, let them come on. And yet, I was not always thus—a hired butcher, a savage chief of still more savage men!"

With equal truth and equal justice might the leader of the Spartacus group in Germany say that he was not always thus. The ancient Spartacus goes on to tell how he had been a peaceful shepherd in the valleys of Thrace when the Romans came to Greece and captured him, making him one of the slave gladiators of the dissolute metropolis. As it is known in history, he called the 50 other gladiators of the School of Capua to his side and started one of the most fearsome revolutions in Rome, which lasted from 73 B.C. to 71 B.C.

At that time Rome was in a state of moral disintegration, which allowed of luxurious living and wild dissipation on the one hand and keen suffering from famine and autocratic oppression on the other. The corn laws providing for the gratuitous feeding of the starving proletariat in Rome had to be continually changed to meet the demands of the people. The armies of the state were absent on foreign service. All these things made the moment ripe for the uprising of Spartacus. Before very long he had gathered a vast army recruited from the ranks of suffering Thracians, Gauls and Germans. The armies of Rome met with defeat after defeat at their hands and for a time it looked as though the tables of Rome were being turned in a manner vastly distasteful to the ruling classes. But, as is true in most rapidly rising militant movements, there was dissension in the ranks of the victorious slaves and the army divided in two, some going to the side of one Crixus, a rival leader, the rest standing firm by Spartacus. All the members of the ranks were, however, agreed on one point, that to the victorious army belonged the spoils of their conquests. As a result, much against the wishes of Spartacus, the soldiers, drunk with power, pillaged, raped and plundered the country in a manner vastly superior to that of their aforetime oppressers. In the end, of course, the superior forces of the organized Roman armies defeated them and made a terrible example of them by crucifying 5,000 rebel soldiers on the Appian Way. Spartacus died like a true soldier, with his sword in his hand.

The story marks one of the bloodiest pages in Roman history, and in Berlin they are finding other Roman parallels.

No Need to Worry.

Mrs. Livewell—"Please don't be offended at the question, Tillie, but are you addicted to drink?" New Maid—"I don't know the taste of it, ma'am. You can keep a bottle in every room in the house if you like and you'll always find it as you left it."—Buffalo Express.

Extraordinary Optimist.

An inmate of a Canadian charity home laughed himself to death over a joke. A man who can laugh himself to death in the poorhouse is a peculiar sort of an optimist that this world hasn't enough of.

Home Made Plaster.

Holes in plaster walls may be stopped with a mixture of sand and plaster of paris mixed into a paste with water. When dry cover with a piece of paper to match the wall.

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Best Vegetables Reasonable
Best Groceries At Right Prices
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It Gives Safe and Efficient Service at Reasonable Cost.

To Ensure Strong and Healthy Foals, Pregnant Mares Must Be Given Exercise, Be Properly Fed and Have Careful Stable Attendance.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

ACETYLENE lighting is not by any means a new thing in this country as there are homes here and there in village and countryside in which this system of lightning has been in use for many years. Many improvements have been made in the mechanism of the plant, so that now this system is considered to be absolutely safe and reliable if it receives reasonable care and attention. The cost, of course, is rather more since the war, but even at the present price it is an investment that will return high dividends, probably not always directly in dollars and cents, but in better health, more comfort, less labor and genuine satisfaction for those living in the home, because acetylene gas in burning produces less heat, consumes less oxygen and forms less carbon dioxide than kerosene, for example, and makes a far more brilliant light than even electricity, and it is easier on the eyes. It may also be used for cooking in the house and it is also well adapted for street lighting of villages and small towns.

The acetylene lighting plant consists of a gas generator, gas service piping, and gas jets or chandeliers. The generators vary in size according to amount of gas required, one for the home being, of course, much smaller than that required for a large institution or village. The chief parts of the generator are: Water chamber, carbide holder, gas holder, gas filter, gas washer, gas intake pipe, feed pipe, safety vent, sludge agitator and automatic carbide feeder device. The generator for a home requires only a few square feet of space, as it is very compactly constructed. It is usually placed in the basement, and it is very important that it be kept safe from frost.

The operation of the plant is as follows: The chemical substance used for making the gas is calcium carbide, the same material that is used in bicycle lamps, for instance. Automatically this chemical is fed into the water chamber as fast as the gas is used in lights. In contact with the water it forms a gas known as acetylene gas, which collects in the gas holder from which is passes through small iron pipes to the lights. In the most modern plants no gas can possibly be generated except as it is required, hence there is no chance, as was true of earlier types of plants, for the gas to accumulate under pressure in the plant and leak out, and become ignited by a raw flame, resulting in an explosion. The automatic feed should be examined occasionally and every care taken to keep it in first-class working order. The directions that come with the plant should be followed accurately and religiously. The writer knows of several plants owned by farmers for many years, and in all cases under proper care the results have been very satisfactory. What does it cost? This question can be answered very generally as costs vary with size of plant, etc. In general I would say the initial cost would be about $200, including generator, pipes, chandeliers and the work of installation for the average-sized farm home. The carbide for a year will cost in the neighborhood of $12 to $15. Detailed information regarding installation, etc., will be answered upon request by the writer.—R. R. Graham, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

Winter Care of Pregnant Mares.

Those who have had experience in horse breeding have noticed that a considerable percentage of the spring colts, especially those born before the mares are on pasture, are weakly, often not able to stand, and sometimes without sufficient ambition to nurse when held up and the teat introduced into the mouth. It will also be observed that foals of this description are usually those of dams that have been pampered during the winter months—those that have been well fed, and kept in the stable most of the time without exercise.

The pregnant mare should be well fed and given regular exercise or light work. The idea that she should not be well fed is not uncommon. The foetus is daily increasing in size. This growth does not take place without nutriment. The nutriment must be supplied by the blood of the dam, and, as nutriment is not a normal product of the blood, but is supplied by the food the animal eats, we can readily see that the pregnant animal has not only her own tissues to nourish, but also those of a growing foetus, which, in the latter months of gestation is no small matter. Hence we see that the pregnant mare requires more food than her non-pregnant sister of the same like that is doing the same work. Good hay and oats are the foods to be relied upon to provide nourishment, and these should be fed in quantities proportionate to the size of the animal and the grain in proportion to the amount of work or exercise given. In addition she should be given a few raw roots daily, and a feed of bran with a cupful of linseed meal at least twice weekly. She should also be given all the good water she will drink at least three times daily.

A pregnant mare should, where possible, be provided with a large, comfortable box stall when in the stable. This, we may say, is necessary after the ninth month of gestation, as parturition may take place at any time after this.—J. H. S., O. A. College, Guelph.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

CAPES FOR WINTER

Warm, Roomy Garments Are Sure to Be in High Favor.

Will Do Good Service for Afternoon or Evening Wear and Protect Most Elaborate Frocks.

The problem of planning your winter wardrobe this autumn is not only one of style and becomingness. It is actually one of planning to keep warm, for undoubtedly with a minimum of artificial heat in our houses and a minimum of woolen clothes on the market, good warm clothes will be in great demand and will be accordingly high in price, comments a fashion correspondent.

Now, if you are wondering about your next winter's wrap you cannot do better than to decide on a cape or a cape coat. There was danger last winter when they were first launched and taken up enthusiastically among well dressed women in the larger cities that they would be run to the ground before this autumn came around. But they weren't. The public did not grasp the idea with such mad enthusiasm that they were ready to cast it aside in a few months. In fact, the price of capes was too considerable to permit this to happen, and the price has remained fairly high because a cape requires quite a little material and it is the sort of garment in which really inferior fabric cannot be camouflaged by the cut and design into looking smart. The success of a cape depends on actual quality, not on skillful manipulation or designing of the material.

And now manufacturers of women's clothes and dressmakers say that capes are to be in the best favor this winter. So far as style is concerned you will not go wrong in making this selection. Another advantage about a cape is this, that while this year it will look quite all right for street wear and going about the stores and shops in the daytime, it will also do service for afternoon and evening wear. It will serve to add warmth to the simplest street frock and likewise to protect the most elaborate of your dress-up frocks.

Moreover, a cape can be worn over an autumn or spring suit to very nice advantage, although a coat might not slip over the sleeves of a suit. Hence, you can make a left-over lightweight suit suffice all winter if you choose.

And there is another advantage. Difficult as it is to make cheap capes look well, you actually can make a cape at home without having it look home-madey, which is more than one can say of most homemade coats. You see, everything is in the material, and you would be far wiser to put, say, $15 or $18 in material of fine quality from which to make a cape than to try a ready-made wrap that you could buy for that price.

No Real Difficulty.

A man who insists on paying the bill for the whole crowd can usually have his way if he is persistent.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Paradoxical.

Said the observing cuss: "When a fellow's mind is preoccupied he always wears a vacant stare."

Daily Thought.

Man is created free, and is free, even though born in chains.—Schiller.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, Jan. 29—Live stock receipts light, trade fair, prices:

Choice export cattle	$14.00	$15.00
Medium butcher	8.00	8.75
Ewes	8.00	9.50
Lambs	14.00	14.65
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.00	16.25
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.00	15.25
Calves	15.00	16.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

There were no ducks or turkeys offered at last Saturday's market.

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off. No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35

LEGISLATES FOR WOMEN.

Hon. T.C. Norris, Premier of Manitoba, who in his sessional program for the Manitoba Legislature proposes to put women on an equality with men. This means among other things the right to occupy seats in the Legislative Assembly.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

••8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

••11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

8:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

••7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

••9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Sometimes people stop at a hotel in order to escape home comforts.

A man must have conscience in order to detect the wrongs of his neighbors.

When a man compliments a woman, she always admires his frankness.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW
IT PAYS

BRINGING UP FATHER
BY GEORGE McMANUS
MAGGIE - COME HERE -
WAS THAT YOU OR THE DOG THAT HOLLERED?
ME" HERE'S A LETTER FROM OUR SON FROM OVER SEAS
THANK GOODNESS WE HAVE HEARD FROM HIM AT LAST
YES BUT HE'S LOST
WHERE DOES IT SAY THAT?
RIGHT AT THE TOP

JACK DEMPSEY SURE TO BE PICKED TO FACE WILLARD

That Is Opinion of Fistic Experts With Regard to the Match for $100,000 Recently Arranged.

Jack Dempsey of Salt Lake City, who has been clamoring for a championship boxing match with Jess Willard, heavyweight titleholder, will probably be the man selected to do battle with the big Kansan on the date which Tex Rickard will announce before March 25, for Willard's next ring competition.

The selection of Dempsey seems a foregone conclusion, since there is no other aspirant on the pugilistic horizon who overshadows Dempsey in comparison. The Salt Lake City heavyweight has consistently pounded and battered his way to the forefront of pugilism's limelight, toppling over with apparent ease those who would question his right to such recognition, until there is no one left in the field who is capable of giving Willard's annoyer serious contention.

Carpentier Not Likely Candidate.

Talk of effecting a visit to this country of Georges Carpentier, Europe's premier heavyweight, is not given serious consideration by the followers of boxing. Carpentier is engaged in his war duties in France and there is no immediate indication of his release from his war services. It is generally conceded that the physical advantages in such a bout would be so overwhelmingly in Willard's favor as to make for one-sided competition.

Speculation is rife on what location will be accepted by Promoter Rickard as the scene of the bout. It is stipulated that the contest is to be for any number of rounds up to 40. Promoter Rickard and the general boxing public favors a distance bout, which will produce a decisive winner. In only a few states in the union are long contests permitted, and in some of these states the chief executives have strongly objected to pretentious bouts such as the proposed match will be. The governors of Connecticut and Maryland both set themselves as unalterably against a meeting between Willard and Fred Fulton, when Colonel J. C. Miller of Ranch 101 fame was planning such a bout, and it is not likely the opinions of these executives will change in the time between now and July 4th. Colorado also permits distance bouts, as does Louisiana, but in is a matter of conjecture what attitude will be taken by the governors of these two states on the proposed Willard match. Tia Juana, a post-village of San Diego, Cal., permits distance bouts also.

Richard Not Bound to America.

Promoter Rickard is not bound by the terms of the agreement between himself and the champion to promote the contest in this country, so that if necessity demanded the match could be held in Havana, where Willard beat Jack Johnson for the title four years ago. It is expected, though, that the match will be held in this country.

When Rickard secured Willard's signature to articles of agreement calling for the champion's appearance in a title bout, the western promoter added another chapter to his enviable record as a promoter of important boxing matches. Rickard has the distinction of being the promoter of the most successful match of ring history. This was the bout between Jack Johnson and Jim Jeffries, at Reno, Nev., on July 4, 1910. The sum of $270,775 was paid by 18,020 spectators to see this battle, for which a purse of $121,000 was hung up by Promoter Rickard. Rickard also promoted the Battling Nelson-Joe Gans lightweight championship bout at oldfield, Nev., in September, 1906, and the Willard-Frank Moran ten-round bout at Madison Square garden three years ago. This is the only contest in which Willard participated since gaining the title.

Two Out Of Three Won By Packers

In a league game at the George street Alleys last night the Matthews Blackwell took two out of three games from the Barries' Ltd. D. Downer was high man for the Matthews-Blackwell while Don Sharpe was high man for Barries' Ltd. The following are the scores of the different teams.

Barries' Ltd.				
Don Sharpe	118	186	150	—424
G. Kelly	187	133	99	—419
O. Nichols	121	128	126	—376
G. Stephens	104	143	138	—385
R. Bowie	115	115	142	—372
Matthews-Blackwell				
W. Downer	179	187	120	—489
D. Forsyth	124	142	116	—382
A. Birdgena	141	126	104	—371
J. Downer	81	137	125	—352
C. Richea	125	141	130	—396

Religious services were held at Amerongen castle on the occasion of the ex-Kaiser's birthday.

Large bodies of Turkish troops have joined Tartar bands and are attacking Armenian villages.

Thirty-four murders occurred in the department of the Seine during December due to American deserters.

THE DANGER OF REDUCING PRICES.
—Chicago Tribune.

Grocers Took Two From Eko Team

Last night at the Water Street Alleys in the 5 pin league the Grocers took two out of the three games from the Eko club, tying with the High Rollers and the Eko club for second place. Gillespie for the Grocers put up the highest Record of 703. Ross Routley also passed the 500 mark for Eko Club. Solomon, Langley and Fielder topped the 500 mark.

The score:

Eko Club				
Fielder	201	108	201	—510
Stanfield	157	176	121	—454
Langley	177	212	124	—513
Jackson	149	160	182	491
Solomon	142	220	184	
	826	853	812	—2521
Grocers				
Ross	205	155	175	—535
Heard	104	85	88	—277
Gillespie	248	215	240	—703
Routley	192	171	192	—555
Fitzpatrick	151	153	174	—481
	903	779	869	—2551

Tonight De Laval vs. East Lawn Bowlers.

A Berlin Wireless message says that the whole of Germany's western army had been transported to demobilization centres by January 18.

Bank of Nova Scotia makes ten-point rise on Toronto Stock Exchange.

Standing of the De Laval League

The following is the standing and averages of the De Laval Bowling League:

Standing.

	Won	Lost	To Play
Creamery factory	5	1	6
Offices	3	3	6
Separator factory	1	5	6

Averages:

Byers	167
Carter	162.5
Barrette	157
Hill	155.3
W. Fitzgerald	152.5
Armstrong	152.3
A. Fitzgerald	151.1
Downer	148
Ruiter	152.0
Garrow	141.6
McDonald	141
French	138
Dugan	135.9
Williamson	135.3
Robinson	125
Finley	110
Webster	105

Faith in Dreams.

The faith of some people in dreams is strikingly illustrated by the story of Mrs. Fry, of Lewes, who although repeatedly informed by the War Office, the commanding officer, and the chaplain of his regiment that her son was killed fifteen months ago, steadfastly refused to believe he was dead, simply because she dreamt he was alive.

Constant dreams of her son buoyed up her hopes, and she expressed herself as in no way astonished when at last she heard that he was a prisoner in Germany.

Ten days before the Titanic disaster the Hon. J. C. Middleton, vice-president of the Akron-Canton Railway in Ohio, who had booked a passage on the ill-fated liner dreamt he saw the ship capsized in mid-ocean and a lot of passengers struggling in the water. The following night he dreamt exactly the same thing, and this so impressed him that he decided to cancel his passage.

Mr. Melton Prior, the famous war correspondent, once told the writer how, on two occasions while in Africa, at the time of the Zulu war, he dreamt that he saw himself shot and witnessed his own funeral. Later, on arrival at Durban, he received a letter from his mother stating that she had had a precisely similar dream, and begging him not to go with a certain expedition. The coincidence so impressed him that he obtained a substitute, who was killed with the rest of the members of the expedition.—Tit-Bits.

Gasoline Street Sweepers.

The new gasoline street sweepers operate so quickly and so cheaply that they threaten to do away entirely with the old horse-drawn apparatus. One three-wheeler, gasoline-driven machine is counted equal to four horse-drawn sweepers. It clears the street to within 16 inches of the curb at a cost of seven cents a thousand yards.

Making Sure.

Several years ago, at the funeral of a well-known fire insurance official much detested by his staff, it was remarked that an unexpectedly large number of them attended. On one of them being asked for an explanation, he said: "We wouldn't have missed it on any account; we want to be sure that he is buried."

Saving Grain From Fire.

A South Dakota builder has suggested a simple method of saving grain in country elevators from fire. The grain bins should be provided with trap doors in the outer walls of the building. In case of fire the doors are opened and the grain pours out on the ground.

Human Brain [illegible].

Science hopes that in time it may discover the method whereby the billions of brain cells operate in making us the thinking creatures we are. It would know why the large mind is not always the large brain; why we reach our everyday conclusions in the diversified affairs; why we act, plot, scheme; why, as has been asserted, the brain can stand the strain of persistent work better than the muscles of the body.

Alleviates Earache.

If earache does not occur often possibly home treatment will alleviate the suffering, which is always so severe while it lasts. Wring out hot cloths and apply them to the ear. This often brings quick relief. Or moisten a small piece of cotton, saturated with sweet oil or laudanum, and put it carefully in the ear. This is usually sufficient if the trouble is caused by the hardening of the wax.

Less Better.

It's a darned sight better to be able enough at life than to have it easy.—Baltimore Sun.

No Match Famine.

Every few days one reads in the papers stories about a "match famine," but the largest manufacturers assert that there is no need for alarm from that source. There is, they say, a certain shortage in "strike-on-the-box" matches, due to the fact that all foreign matchmakers, especially the Swedes, are having trouble in getting materials, and are shipping here very few matches of that sort, while the United States government has virtually commandeered the output of that type of match made in America for use in the army and navy.

But as for household matches there are plenty of the well-known brands to be had, and no prospect of a shortage. A few of the small manufacturers occasionally have a period of shortage in certain materials, but the big companies are turning out plenty.

She Was a Poor Picker.

"Shame has driven many a man into the ranks," declared Lord Northcliffe, "and in this regard we have to thank the women of the nation for turning many a would-be slacker into an excellent soldier. Sometimes, however, they are overzealous or make mistakes. A case of this sort happened recently on a London bus.

A young man offered a lady his seat. Imagine his surprise when she drew herself up haughtily and exclaimed: "I don't accept favors from slackers."

But he was not taken aback. Instead, he regarded the lady critically and then replied:

"Madam, I was all through Gallipoli, and if we had had as much powder down there as you have on your nose, results would have been different."

Proper Disposal of Flags.

"Old and worn-out flags should be destroyed as a whole, privately, preferably by burning. Do not cast them aside or use them in any way that might be thought disrespectful to the flag," says the adjutant general of the United States army.

Sight Not to Be Forgotten.

When one is fortunate enough to see a line of swans etched upon the sky near sunset, a mile or more high, as has been my luck but twice in my life, one has seen something he will not soon forget.—John Burroughs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

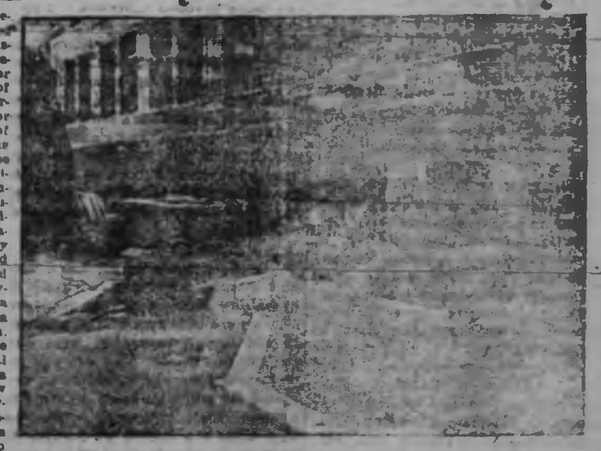
Educating Returned Soldiers

ABOUT 18 months ago it first became possible for a returned soldier, who had been so disabled by service that it was impossible for him to resume his former civil occupation, to take a course of training under government supervision and pay, which fitted him for some new occupation, the pursuit of which would not be prevented by his disability. In other words, his case was carefully considered, his disability taken into account, and his training arranged so that in his new occupation he could develop 100% efficiency. As an example take a machinist who had lost a leg; obviously his disability was such that he could not resume that occupation. He had a knowledge of blue prints and drawing and some latent ability in a drawing line. He was passed for a course as a mechanical draughtsman. At the termination of his course he was employed at a wage nearly equal to his wage as a machinist. The loss of a leg was no handicap as his new occupation did not call for any moving around. Thus this man, seriously handicapped as a machinist, was enabled to overcome his handicap and compete successfully with any other draughtsman.

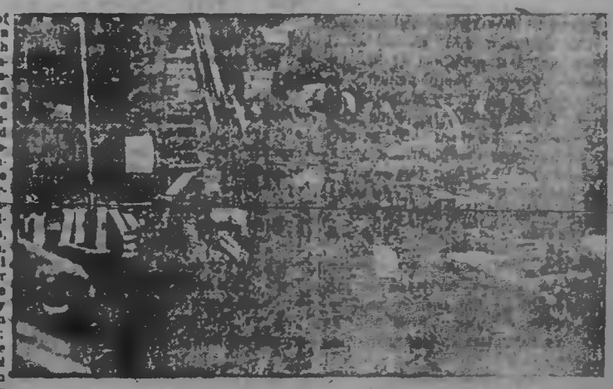
Owing to the increasing number of different trades and occupations in which it was necessary to train such men it became imperative that training places should be found. Obviously if a man was to be trained for a position in a machine shop, the place to train him was right in the particular machine shop in which he would eventually be employed. This resulted in the institution of industrial surveys. One of the first industries in Montreal to be surveyed was the Angus Shops (Canadian Pacific Railway). It can readily be understood that these shops, employing thousands of skilled men, in practically all kinds of mechanical work, offered great opportunities for the training of disabled men. The above mentioned industrial survey consisted of a detailed report on every position in the Angus Shops; it showed among other things the exact nature of the work done and what disabilities would hinder a man from doing the work. This survey was a guide to the District Vocational Officer, as a reference to it showed immediately what mechanical work a disabled man would be physically able to do without being troubled by his disability.

From the outset every official of the C. P. R. who was approached expressed great interest in the work, and by co-operation rendered most material assistance in the re-instating of disabled soldiers in civilian occupations.

The general scheme of training adopted by the Invalided Soldiers' Commission is to give any man taking a machine shop training about three-quarters of his course in the machine shop at McGill University, then place him out with an industry such as the Angus Shops to finish that course and gain the necessary practical experience. During the time that the man is taking this training he is drawing full pay and allowances from the Invalided Soldiers' Commission so the firm with which he is working is not called on to pay him anything. In this way the man becomes accustomed to his work in a place where he will probably be employed at the termination of his course, and the employer, having had the man under him for some time, knows something about his work. This method generally results in disabled men being absorbed into the industries for which they have been trained with no gap between termination of course and employment and is thus satisfactory to all concerned.



Cabinet Making, Angus Shops.



Making a locomotive side rod bushing.

It might appear from the foregoing that the employment offered by the C. P. R. to men being trained by the Invalided Soldiers' Commission is confined to positions in the Angus Shops. Such however is not the case. Every department has taken on men clerks, draughtsmen, telegraphers.

In some industries there has been a tendency to fight shy of the returned men, the reasons stated being his inability and apparent lack of power of concentration on his work. Not so with the C. P. R. Every consideration is shown the returned man and every possible allowance is made which will assist him in re-establishing himself in civil life. The attitude taken by the higher officials of the C. P. R. in regard to disabled soldier students is mirrored in the following letter of instructions issued to foremen:—

THE RETURNED SOLDIER AS AN EMPLOYEE.

How do you treat a returned soldier working under you? Do you consider him as an ordinary workman, let him shift for himself and look on his mistakes as you would an ordinary workman? If so, you are assuming that he is in all respects that a normal man and should be able to do the same work as quickly and as well as the average employee. If you do you are wrong.

Many returned soldiers constitutions are broken down. They have been passed shell shocked and tortured by wounds and consequently are highly strung and nervous and will be for some time to come. What they make of themselves depends on you. If one of these men make a mistake and is roughly reprimanded, he is likely to play like a fool and get excited, etc., and be very difficult to make anything of; this is wrong. The greatest tact, care and attention that you can give those men in helping them to become useful employees is what the Company expects and, moreover, you owe it to them.

There are bound to be some exceptions and some men will fail to make good. The success or failure of the majority, however, depends on you, and it is your privilege to help your country in this national crisis by endeavoring to make useful citizens out of the nerve shattered men that are commencing to come back to us from the front.

Is further proof of the interest of the C. P. R. necessary? No!

Now for results. Of the first hundred men to complete Industrial Reeducational Courses in this unit, ten were employed by the C. P. R. on the termination of their courses. Up to date, about two hundred men have completed courses and now many of these men are employed by the C. P. R., i. e.: These men have taken courses in no less than 12 different trades, so it is obvious that the C. P. R. is assisting splendidly.

We Fit You Right

There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

We are now in the market for the purchase of Oats only. Highest market price paid. Entrance at west side of plant from Hunter street.

The Quaker Oats Company

DANCE IN VICTORIA HALL

Thursday evening, January 30th, under auspices of L. O. L. No. 2440. Three-piece orchestra. Refreshments. Admission—Gentlemen, 50c; Ladies, 25c.

NOTICE

Dr. Eastwood's office will be closed until May 1. Accounts may be settled at the Dominion Bank.

NOTICE TO ST. ANDREW'S CHOIR

The members of St. Andrews choir are asked to meet for practise tomorrow evening at seven o'clock sharp.

LANSDOWNE LODGE S.O.E.

A special meeting will be held tonight (Wednesday) at the S. O. E. hall at 8 p.m., to make arrangements for the funeral of our late Brother Stephen Coveney.

NOTICE

Open meeting in the T.A.S. Hall, Friday, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp. Several excellent speakers will address the meeting, including W. H. Harper, machinists; J. Noble, electrical workers; John Bruce, steam-fitters; J. Kennedy, sheet-metal workers, and J. Marsh, carpenters.

Remember the date, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pounds, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., 8 Retail Stores... Phones 183, 391, 397. . . . . .

PASTORS' SALARIES INCREASED

Campbellford, Jan. 29. — At the congregational meetings of St. Andrew's Church, Campbellford, and Burnbrae, Rev. C. F. McIntosh and J. J. Black, ministers, were given substantial increases in salaries. Some time ago Campbellford Methodist Church increased the salary of its pastor, Rev. A. R. Sanderson, and Seymour circuit that of Rev. M. L. Hinton.

MISSION STUDY AT ST. LUKE'S.

The mid-week services are now being held in the church building. The address tonight will be "The Message of Christ to the Mohammedans."

CONSERVATORY ORCHESTRA

The Conservatory Orchestra will practice tonight. A full attendance is requested.

G.W.V.A. in England Registers a Protest

London, Jan. 29.—The first meeting of the United Kingdom branch of the Canadian Great War Veterans Association was attended by about two hundred and sixty members, who have already been enrolled. A protest was registered against withholding war gratuities to members of the early contingents, whereas such gratuities already are paid to men who were drafted into the army late in the war.

Millions to Start Soldiers on Farms

London, Jan. 29.—The government has announced that it will provide a subsidy amounting to many millions sterling for the purpose of establishing small agricultural holdings for men discharged from the army. Local authorities will assist, but the country will bear the cost. A bill in connection with this project will be given foremost place after the opening of parliament.

MAY PRESENT THE OPERA ONCE MORE

"IN SUNNY FRANCE" LIKELY TO BE REPRESENTED MONDAY NIGHT.

Every seat in the Grand Opera House was sold last night, including the boxes, for the second performance of "In Sunny France," and several hundred citizens were turned away. It is probable that the play will be presented again next Monday evening at popular prices in order to give all a chance to witness it.

Last night the various characters in the cast were at home in their parts and the entire performance went off without the slightest hitch.

NINE RURAL

(Continued from Page 1.)

bors, higher salaries must be paid. This is *not* said in the interests of the teachers, but in the interests of the boys and girls in the schools and the general educational progress of our rural communities.

Financial Matters.

The grants for last year were somewhat larger than for the previous year, the total increase being about $1000. The chief gain was in the grant on account of salaries and certificates. To this grant there was added a pro rata addition of nine per cent., the amount appropriated being in excess of that required to meet the schedule. The Assisted Schools' grant has not yet been paid, but if the whole amount asked for is paid, it will be slightly below the amount of the previous year. This is owing to the fact that, following instructions from the Department, no grants were asked for in the case of schools where teachers had no professional training and held only temporary certificates. The purpose of this fund is to enable trustees in the poorer sections to secure educational advantages equal to those enjoyed by the more favored districts. This is not being done where teachers without training are employed. It has been pointed out again and again that if trustees in the poorer districts avail themselves of this and secure competent qualified teachers, the grants meet the additional outlay, and it costs the sections no more. But the force of habit and the desire for cheapness seem to be so strongly ingrained that it takes time to overcome them.

School Attendance.

The attendance at all the schools was greatly interfered with by the prevailing sickness during last term. There were only two or three schools in the inspectorate that were open for the full term. The average loss was about four weeks, but some were closed for much longer. As a matter of fact, little effective work was done after the middle of October for even when schools were open the attendance was so irregular as to make progress almost impossible.

Teaching Agriculture.

The number of schools conducting classes in agriculture is increasing, and in most of them very useful and efficient work is being done. There are several schools where the teachers are interested in this work and are taking it up with a fair measure of success, but neither the schools nor the teachers share in the special grants owing to the failure of the trustees to officially recognize the work and give the necessary notification. This is to be regretted because in these cases the work is handicapped for lack of means to secure the necessary equipment and supplies.

School Fairs.

Most of the schools in the southern half of the inspectorate are now identified with one of the school fair organizations. Successful fairs were held last fall in Asphodel, Belmont, Otonabee, Douro and Dummer. They continue to be sources of much interest, not only to the pupils but to the parents, and it is a matter for congratulation that several schools that have not formerly taken part are seeking admission to the organizations. I desire to express to the district representative of the Department of Agriculturea nd those associated with him my appreciation of their untiring efforts to make these fairs a success.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

RICHARD LEES.

Monaghan Pioneer Is Laid At Rest

SKETCH OF BUSY CAREER OF THE LATE JOHN CAMPBELL.

The funeral took place on Monday, at 2.30 p.m. of one of the oldest residents of North Monaghan in the person of John Campbell The late Mr. Campbell was born in the township of Hope, at Campbellcroft, in 1841. He was the son of the late Thomas Campbell, who was one of the early pioneers of Hope township. During his early days he managed the lumber business in his father's mill, practically establishing it. The original cars of the Grand Trunk Railway were built from lumber which he sawed. Afterwards he took up farming in Ida, later moving to Fraserville and from thence to his late home in North Monaghan, where he had resided for the past thirty five years.

For a number of years Mr. Campbell belonged to the Peterborough Rifle Range Club, being one of their best marksmen. He never took an active part in public affairs of the community but being a well-read man he had a keen interest in all the matters concerning our country at home and abroad. In politics he was a Conservative and he was a member of St. John's Anglican church. There are left his wife, who was Margaret Leslie, two sons and two daughters, Thomas Linden, Frederick Leslie; Mary (Mollie) at home and Mrs. Joshua Chambers of Otonabee. He leaves also five sisters and one brother, Mrs. McMurtry, Wolford, N. Dakota; Mrs. George Patterson, Port Hope; Mrs. Hanna, Toronto; Mrs. Wood; Miss Maria Campbell. The brother is William of Campbellcroft. The late George Campbell, ex-M.P.P. of Millbrook was a brother. The pall bearers were Robert Fair, J. B. Pentland, Arthur Blade, F. Bartlett, R. J. Waller and Harold Snowden.

OBITUARY

STEPHEN COVENEY

After an illness of some time Mr. Stephen Coveney passed away at his late residence, 24 Auburn street, aged 88 years. Mr. Coveney was born in Upchurch, Kent, Eng. He was a Methodist in religion and a member of the Sons of England Lodge.

He leaves to mourn his loss his wife, and two sons, Mr. Stephen Coveney, Penclck, N.H., U.S.A. and Mr. Geo. Coveney of Peterborough. He also leaves four daughters, Mrs. Harry Kemp, Greenville, R.I.; Miss Charlotte Coveney, Oshkosh, Wis.; Mrs. Thos Kemp, Douro and Mrs. W. E. Pollard, Peterborough.

MRS. DORGAN.

The death occurred last evening of Mrs. B. Dorgan at 484 Sherbrooke street.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning to St. Peter's Cathedral, thence to St. Peter's cemetery.

ARTHUR PEATMAN.

The death took place yesterday, January 28th, at St. Joseph's Hospital, of Mr. Arthur Peatman, 616 Union street, aged 26 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, 616 Union street, Thursday morning at eleven o'clock. The service will be conducted at the home by Rev. A. J. Thomas.

TONIGHT'S BILL AT THE GRAND

"HOUSE OF MIRTH" IN PICTURE FORM AND EXCELLENT VAUDEVILLE.

At the Grand Opera House tonight those popular moving picture entertainments will be resumed when "The House of Mirth" a charming story of New York Society life, will be told on the films. The cast contains such stars as Kathleen Harris Barrymore and Henry Walker.

The program will also include a Fatty Arbuckle Comedy, the latest from the Pathe News, an O. Henry story vaudeville feature by Harry and Hattie Bolders in singing and dancing and a comedy pianolog.

The attraction for Saturday, matinee and evening, will be "The Honolulu Girl," a Hawaiian play presented here for the first time.

SPECIAL MEETING AT TEMPLE.

A special meeting of the soldiers, converts and recruits will be held tonight in the S. A. Temple at eight o'clock. The meeting will be conducted by Capt. and Mrs. Woodley. Every soldier is requested to be present.

Neil McIroy, principal Comedian and some of the beauties in "My Honolulu Girl," which comes to The Grand next Saturday, February 1, Matinee and night... Seat sale opens tomorrow.

MR. MACDONALD PRAISES WORK OF LOCAL AMATEURS

Pleased With the Success His Opera "In Sunny France" Met With in This City —Stage Hands Here the Best Ever

(By Wilson MacDonald)

If I was disappointed with the work of Peterboro's talent on Monday night I was equally pleased with the way they presented my opera last evening. Monday night's show lacked vim and vitality and many cues were missed. I had so many burdens to carry that I could not do justice to my own part. Last night everything was different and one man, who saw the play both nights said: "You would scarcely believe it was the same company."

Three senior members of the cast (I would like to name them but that is forbidden a composer unless he desires to antagonize the remainder of his company) played with professional excellence. Three others were very talented amateurs and the remainder were good.

The dancing of the ladies was particularly good and I hope it is understood I am not overlooking the excellences of others when I mention Miss Esmee Aylmer.

"The seasons" was so well presented that I quite despair of finding the equal of these ladies for some time to come.

My chief pleasure since coming to Peterboro has been the companionship of children. I have had 5000 children under my direction and I only know of one child in all that number who did not love me. I hate sham and hypocrisy. I hate with my whole soul prudishness and back biting. And childhood possesses not a fragment of these evils.

The Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. worked very hard to make "In Sunny France" a success. Those in the chapter who worked didn't criticise—those, as is always the case, who folded their arms were loudest in the anvil chorus. The Regent of the Chapter, Mrs. J. G. Campazzie, is a thorough business woman and during my stay in Peterboro was never late for an appointment. If I were a politician I would say: "Everyone is a dear and kiss all the babies. However, I am a poet not a politician and poets usually say what they think.

I was told by Mr. Cranston of Toronto that I would find the Turners to be a pleasantly different to the usual theatre owner and I can corroborate Mr. Cranston.

The crew of stage hands is the most efficient in any small city in Canada. Brockville has, as all theatrical companies will tell you, the worst stage hands in America. The Peterboro boys do everything with a smile and are thorough gentlemen with the ladies.

The orchestra added not a little to the success of the musical part of the programme.

To the prudes in this city who objected to the chaste, beautiful "Dance of the seasons," let me relate the story of Dr. Johnson.

Dr. Johnson was looking at a famous nude painting in an English Art Gallery when a fussy old woman came up to him sniffing, (some people have nothing else to do in life other than sniff) and said: "Oh, Dr. Johnson, don't you think this picture is positively immodest." "No madame," said the famous saturist, "but your question is."

How I love the old doctor for his words.

MAJOR CAMERON WINS FRIENDS

IN HIS CAMPAIGN AS LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATE IN N. ONTARIO.

Brechin, Jan. 29.—The record of the Hearst Government in dealing with many great problems arising out of the war was placed before the electors of North Ontario by Hon. T. W. McGarry, in an exceedingly able manner at a meeting in the hall here last night in favor of the Government candidate, Major Cameron.

The presentation of arguments of the United Farmers of Ontario was made by Mr. Pettypiece of Atherley, who described himself as "half farmer and half summer hotel-keeper." He introduced considerable extraneous matter having nothing to do with Provincial affairs.

Mr. McGarry reviewed the policy of the Government and the various expenditures made during the war for hospitals, to establish homes for soldiers and to assist soldiers here through the Soldier' Aid Commission and other great war activities.

He claimed that during fourteen years of the Conservative regime no fault had been found with the Government, despite the pitiless glare of publicity under which its work had been carried on.

He said the great work that the Government had accomplished was due to the magnificent assistance given by the people of the Province, an dhe added that in the absence of any argument on the part of the United Farmers against the policy of the Government, it was reasonable to expect that the Government candidate should receive the support of the electorate.

Brechin is a rather hostile place toward the Conservatives, but the feeling here appears to be changing.

Major Cameron, the Government candidate, made an able address, and the sentiment in the riding seems to be swinging more in the favor.

All the Canadian divisions are back from Germany and are in Belgium, Ottawa is informed.

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Make Your Grape Fruit Marmalade Now

when the fruit is at its very best for this purpose.

Recipes Given

with each purchase for marmalade making if desired.

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334 George Street. Phone 208

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GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, FRIDAY

DAILY MATINEE 2:30 EVENING 7:30

HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE

Big "Metro" Special Feature with All-Star Cast

"The House of Mirth"

6 Reels.

FATTY ARBUCKLE COMEDY; PATHE NEWS; O. HENRY STORY

Vaudeville—Harry and Hattie Bolden in Singing, Dancing, Comedy Pianolog. Matinees 10c. Evenings 15c.

Saturday, Feb. 1 Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:15

Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c

Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c

Seat Sale Opens Thursday

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.

Limited

Phone 527w.

OLIVE MISSION BAND

The two beautiful dramas and a "Good-Night" Drill will be given in Trinity Reid Street Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 7th, rather than as previously announced.

DOLLAR

BARGAINS ALL THIS WEEK

10 lbs. 15c Rice, $1.30, for $1.00
3 lbs. 40c Margarine, $1.20, for .$1.00
15 lbs. 9c Rolled Oats, $1.35, for .$1.00
14 bars 9c Soap, $1.25, for $1.00
10 lbs. G. Sugar with $2 order .$1.00
3 bottles 50c Table Syrup for ...$1.00
10 lbs. Bee Hive (in your dish).$1.00
4 lbs. 20c Prunes and 4 lbs. Raisins $1.00
4 pecks 35c Potatoes for $1.00
56c Black Tea, good, 2 lbs. $1.00
6 cans 25c Tomatoes or Corn ..$1.00
3 50c 40 c.p. Tungsten Lamps .$1.00
5 cans 25c Pink Salmon $1.00
4 lbs. 45c Mixed Tea for $1.00
5 H.P. Sauce, worth $1.50 ....$1.00
10 15c Worcester Sauce for $1.00
$1.00 pail and 25c Jar Jam $1.00
6 lb. Salmon Fish, fresh $1.00
11 pkgs. Jello, worth $1.35, for ..$1.00
6 bottles 20c Pickles for $1.00
11 boxes Shoe or Stove Polish ..$1.00
6 yds. 30c Flowered Crepe for .$1.00
4 yds. 35c White Cotton for ...$1.00
5 yds. 30c White Cotton for $1.00
$1.75 Men's Overalls and Smocks.$1.00
$1.50 Boy's Knickers, good, at ..$1.00
2 yds. 40c Ecru Curtain Scrim .$1.00
2 pair $1.00 Rib Cashmere Hose.$1.00
$2.00 Boy's Sweaters for $1.00
$1.00 yd. Blue Melton, 2 yds. ..$1.00
10 Krinkle Corn Flakes for $1.00
75c Skeins Yarn,2 for $1.00

Dozens of other Bargains. Cash and Quantity.

R. C. BRAUND

Food Board License No. 8-2287

Make Your Phone Earn a $

Towns of Saskatoon, Hanover and Three Rivers sell issues of bonds.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

WANTED—Two experienced waitresses; $25.00 month, room and board; good home. Apply Ebenezure Restaurant, Lindsay.

LOST—on George or Hunter Street, long black leather purse containing sum of money. Finder kindly leave at Review office.

Unreserved Auction Sale

OF 75 HEAD OF

GRADE CATTLE

A few good Herefords included, the property of the BURLEIGH RANCHING CO., LIMITED.

Sale will be conducted at

Gordon Nichol's Farm, Selwyn

ON

Saturday, February 1st, 1919

At One P.M. Sharp.

REASON FOR SALE

As the company owns over 350 head of cattle, there is not sufficient shelter for all their stock, so the above 75 head must be disposed of at once.

TERMS: Ten months' credit on approved joint notes. Five per cent. discount for cash.

R. H. ALFORD, Auctioneer.

WEATHER FORECASTS
Fresh westerly winds, fair.
Friday—Northwest winds, fair and becoming colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 25 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

CONSTABLE MOORE OBJECTS TO ACTIONS OF CITY POLICE

Complains to the County Council That They Trespass on the Territory of the Rural Officers.

County Constable A. R. Moore appeared before the County Council and in a lengthy address recounted a long list of grievances which he had against the City Police Department. He asserted that Chief Thompson was interfering in cases that were out of his jurisdiction and which should have been handled by the County Officers.

He stated that he could not understand why the City Police force should be so anxious to usurp the duties of the rural men unless it was that they did not have enough to keep them employed or desired to gain funds for the city exchequer through fines.

The Council appointed a committee to take the matter up with the Mayor of the city. Warden McIntosh and Reeves, Matheson and Anderson were the members chosen to meet His Worship in this connection.

Reeve Nicholls of Smith stated that there was no constable in that township and wished that Mr. Moore might be given authority to act especially in cases of reckless driving.

Aid for Park Upkeep

Mr. Walter Stocker President of the Horticultural Society and Messrs Williamson, Bradburn, Brumwell, Parsons, Wise, Denne, Jordan and Glover composed a deputation which waited upon the Council this morning in connection with an increase in the grant for the maintenance of Victoria Park. The County has been giving $100 for this purpose in the past and they were asked this morning to increase the amount to $250. The city is contributing $900 and Messrs, Stocker, Glover and Parsons who spoke in the interests of the movement stated that the Society had been hampered in their work in the past by a lack of funds.

After considering the matter the Council decided to leave the grant as it was although there was a difference of opinion regarding it and amendment to this motion being introduced favorin gan increase of $50. This was defeated, however, only its mover and seconder voting in favor of it.

A committee was appointed by the Board of Works at tits meeting last night and an invitation sent to the County Council to do likewise and have the two committees meet and confer upon the Provincial Highways question.

Warden McIntosh brought up the matter this morning but no action was taken, the members asserting that they had nothing to discuss with the city in this regard.

The council adjourned at noon until this morning.

CAPT. BURNHAM'S LABOR MOVE

Capt. Burnham has placed on the order paper of the House of Commons notice of the following resolution, which he will introduce at the next session:

That, in the opinion of this House, it is desirable that a Minimum Wage Board be established in connection with the Department of Labor, and that a standard-of-living cost should be set by the said board and maintained throughout Canada, below which no system of remuneration should compel people to live, and that no cheapness of labor or labor's products elsewhere should be allowed to interfere with home conditions.

And that once a year this living-cost should be reviewed to the end that employers may know what labor-cost will be and that the employees' necessary condition shall not breed justifiable discontent and unrest and that the time has come, since the necessary conditions exist, for the settlement and co-ordination of all forms and systems of employment and remuneration in Canada upon a scientific basis.

And that the first duty of Parliament is the physical and moral well-being of the people.

BLUE SKY LAWS TO SAVE INVESTORS FROM SHARPERS

LEGISLATURE WILL BRING DOWN MEASURE TO PREVENT "WILD-CATTING."

Toronto, Jan. 30.—Removal of the restrictions which the Dominion Minister of Finance placed over debenture issues abou two years ago has resulted, it was learned yesterday, in the Ontario Government considering the advisability of passing legislation at the coming session to protect he public from the unscrupulous "wild cat" promoter. Such a law was drafted a couple of years ago by officers of the Attorney-General's Department, but when the Dominion Govtrament placed certain restrictions on the floating of loans it was dropped.

Abolition of the necessity of securing the consent of the Minister of Finance before floating a loan has again given the dishonest speculator a chance to take advantage of the innocent investor. Approximately a million people put their savings into Victory bonds during the last two or three years. Many of them—perhaps two-thirds of the number—never possessed a bond before. It is feared that unless these people of small means are protected by the passing of "blue sky" legislation the speculators will avail themselves of the unprecedented opportunity to get rich quick at the expense of the man or woman with only a few hundred dollars savings.

Many people, it is believed, would readily believe the promises of unscrupulous promoters and exchange 5½ per cent. Victory bonds for stock they were led to believe would assure them of an interest return of 10 or 15 per cents. "Blue sky" legislation is already in force in several States of America.

There are various methods by which this check an "wild cat" companies might be exercised, but it is reported that the proposal which meets with most favor in government circles is that an officer or board be appointed to investigate all flotations, and whose approval it would be necessary to obtain before placing any stock on sale.

SITUATION GROWS MORE SERIOUS IN STRIKE REGIONS

INDUSTRY IS COMPLETELY PARALYZED IN BELFAST—POWER PLANTS CLOSED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 30.—The situation both on the Clyde and in Belfast, where strikes are in progress with a widespread paralysis of industry, became more serious today. In Belfast manufacturing firms which were generating their own electric current for power purposes, had to close down their plants, as workers in private electric installations joined the strikers. Blacksmits, boilermakers and shipwrights demanded an increase of thirty per cent. in their gross earning powers.

Greeks Occupy Turkish Thrace

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Athens, Jan. 30.—The occupation of Turkish Thrace by Greek troops, it is learned from a reliable source, continues.

General Sam Steele Is Dead At London

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 30.—General Sam Steele died at Putney, London, today. He had been ill about two months, but the end came rather suddenly.

TORONTO FIRM NOW OFFERS TO BUILD BRIDGE FOR $300,000

Mr. Reid of Bowman-Connors Company Meets Board of Works and Explains Terms

At the meeting of the Board of Works last night the question of the Hunter street bridge was brought to the fore and a committee composed of the following members, appointed to consider the matter and report back to the Board: Chairman Phelan, Mayor Duncan, Ald. Morrison, McIntyre, Gainey and Turner.

Mr. Reid, of the Bowman-Connors Co., of Toronto, was heard and submitted a sketch of the new bridge which, he claimed, represented a strength as that in Mr. Barber's drafting.

Mr. Reid's company would guarantee to build this bridge for $300,000, including their fees, and would contract to build the bridge for that sum if a lower price were not offered.

If the plans were not approved by the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board, the Dominion Railway Board and the Department of Public Works, they would not charge for the work on their plans.

If a tender other than theirs were accepted they would charge two and one-half per cent. for the plans, and if engaged to supervise and inspect the construction of the bridge ,a further two and one-half per cent. would be asked for.

Cressman Co. To Banquet Staff

ANNUAL FUNCTION WILL BE HELD TO NIGHT AT THE EMPRESS.

The Cressman & Co. are entertaining their staff of co-workers at a complimentary banquet tonight at the Empress.

In addition to the banquet, the second profit-sharing distribution for the business year will be made, the previou one havnig been made in July. Their business year and tomorrow night, Jan. 31.

MAJORITY SOCIALISTS WIN NINETY-EIGHT SEATS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, Jan. 30.—The partial results from the Prussian elections show that the Majority Socialists have won 98 seats in the new Parliament, but there will not be a Socialist majority in Parliament.

CANADA TO HAVE AERIAL SERVICE; DEAL COMPLETED

BRITISH AIRPLANES USED IN COUNTRY PURCHASED BY SYNDICATE.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—Sir Joseph Flavelle, chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, when seen this morning, confirmed the announcement that the bulk of the aircraft equipment provided by Great Britain and used in Canada for training Canadian aviators, had been sold to a syndicate for a Canadian commercial air service. The purchasing syndicate, Sir Joseph stated, was composed of Canadians and Americans. He did not care to tell the price which was paid.

The Story from New York

This morning's New York Sun says:

Roy U. Conger, a nephew of Edwin H. Conger, United States minister to China at the time of the Boxer rebellion gave his certified cheque to Sir Joseph Flavelle, representing the British ministry of munitions, and Director Morrow of the imperial air craft board, and thereby became the owner of the entire aircraft equipment, costing more than $10,000,000 which was provided by Great Britain, and used by Canada in training Canadian air fighters

The transaction was closed yesterday at Toronto, and job of assembling 350 airplanes, 700 airplane engines, millions of spare parts, thousands of spare propellers, wings, cameras and other equipment was at once begun under the direction of F. G. Ericson of Toronto, Mr. Conger's Canadian representative.

The whole equipment will be moved from the Royal Flying Corps training fields at Armour Heights, Rathbum, Mohawk, Beamsville and Borden to the field at Leaside the use of which rent free has been granted to Mr. Conger for six months by the Dominion Government.

The price paid was not divulged at the request of the British Government, but it was only a fraction of the original cost of the equipment.

To Establish Routes in Canada

Mr. Conger's plans for the use and disposal of the stupendous equipment are merely in the making, but the great future of them is the immediate development of airplane commercial routes in Canada. Absolutely convinced that heavier-than-air machines are to be the principal transporting mediums and vehicles of the future for passengers, mail and express, and in time indeed, for heavy freight, the New Yorker purposes to establish ont of his new equipment, regular commercial service by airplane between the principal Canadian cities. He had already taken measures, he said yesterday, to secure landing fields in the larger Canadian cities, and will have the sympathy and co-operation of the Dominion Government in the project.

Will Pass Law To Prevent Strikes

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 30. — The German Government is contemplating strong measures to combat the growing strike wave there and will soon bring forward a bill compelling men to work and severely punishing strikers.

Non-Commital As To Hun Colonies

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 30.—(via Reuter)—Interviewed by Reuter, Premiers Hughes of Australia and Massey of New Zealand showed the greatest reluctance to discuss the attitude of the Peace Conference towards the German colonies. In reply to the question, "Are both Massey and yourself satisfied with the position?" Mr. Hughes replied "I prefer not to answer."

FACES ARSON CHARGE.

Brockville, Jan. 30. — Dr. George J. Stephens, a veterinary surgeon of North Augusta village, ten miles north of here, was committed for trial here on a charge of arson.

TO TEAR UP TREATIES WITH JAPAN, ARABIA AND FRANCE

If President Wilson's Plan for Dealing with German Colonies Is Accepted.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 30.—Great Britain's reported acceptance of President Wilson's theory of internationalization as applied to the captured enemy colonies says the Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail in a late edition of that paper today involves the admission that the treaties with Japan regarding the islands in the northern Pacific and with the Arabs regarding Syria and the understand with France as to the future status of Kamerun must be arbitrarily modified if not torn up.

Paris, Jan. 30.—The British and French governments have accepted in principal President Wilson's plan concerning mandatories from the League of Nations for the administration of captured territory, it was semi-officially stated. The acceptance, however, is subject to learning under what condition the plan will be carried out.

WAR PRICES FOR STAFF OF LIFE

COST OF BREAD, MILLERS SAY, WILL REMAIN HIGH.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Minneapolis, Jan. 30. — War-time bread prices will prevail throughout the world for another eighteen months, leading Minneapolis flour millers predicted today when informed of the statement made in New York by Julius Barnes, president of the United States Grain Corporation, regarding the American guaranteed price of wheat in relation to the world price of commodities.

UPRISING IS CRUSHED AT WILHELMSHAVEN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Jan. 30.—The Spartacan uprising at Wilhelmshaven has been put down, according to Berlin advices.

Russia Sends No Word To Congress

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 30.—As yet the Peace Conference has received no formal reply from the Russian Soviet Government regarding the invitation sent to all Russian Governments to meet a conference of representatives at Princes Island but the all-Russian committee will probably make a formal response in a few days on behalf of the various other Russian governments.

Renumber Houses On George St. South

Houses on George street south of Lake, which is the dividing line will be renumbered as a result of action taken at the Board of Works meeting last night upon the recommendation of the City Engineer.

There has been a confusion of numbers on George street, south for some time and a corresponding mix-up on several of the papallel streets. It is felt that Lake street was an unfortunate choice as the dividing line as there are many people who do not know that there is such a division in the main street of Peterboro.

URGE COMPLETION OF T .N. O.

Cochrane, Jan. 30.—The Cochrane Conservative Association has decided to lend its full support to the movement launched by the board of trade with a view to inducing the government to continue the construction of the Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway to James Bay.

FROM PETER ROBINSON CHAPTER

The Executive of the Peter Robinson Chapter, I.O.D.E., on behalf of the Chapter, wish to express their sincere thanks to all who so generously assisted them and thereby made possible the successful presentation of "In Sunny France," given under their auspices.

The people of Peterborough, by their patronage and attendance, assured the financial success of the undertaking and thereby contributed so liberally again, as they have many times in the past, and thus enables the Chapter to assume its share of the work and obligations of the Order. Particularly does the Chapter appreciate the kindly suggestions and criticisms by those who have near their hearts the interests of the Chapter and its members. Although the execution of the play may have lacked some of the realism that would be characteristic of a professional rendition ,the Chapter believes that to the people of Peterborough, the play held the greatest appeal in that it was being acted by young ladies, young men and children of Peterborough, and that the second presentation met with general approval.

Without the participation of those of the cast and choruses who are not members of the Chapter and gave so freely of their talent, time and efforts the play could not have been given. To them the Chapter extends its sincere thanks, especially to the parents of the children for their whole-hearted co-operation.

The care of the children, behind the scenes devolved on several ladies who kindly consented to undertake this responsibility, and without their assistance in dressing and caring for the children, carrying on the play would have been well nigh impossible.

The difficulties met in obtaining a suitable hall for rehearsals were finally overcome through the help of Misses Parker and Littlefield of the Y. W. C. A.; the Reverend Father Phelan and the Executive of the Total Abstinence Society, who so kindly placed the T. A. S. Hall at the disposal of the Chapter, and of Major Mills, who made available the Armouries.

Mrs. C. C. Parsons' artistic reading entitled "The Girl Behind the Man Behind the Gun," so greatly enjoyed, and that added so much to the program, made possible the sale of many copies of the book, the profit of which sales being received by the Chapter.

Mr. Asa Huycke's rendition of "The Cup of My Soul" lacked nothing that marks his usual excellent singing, despite the fact that, owing to unforseen circumstances, the music was not given him until shortly before the performance.

For making the announcements, introducing Mr. McDonald's book, the Chapter is indebted to Messrs. Wearing and McElderry.

The artistic success of the play itself was made possible by the work of Mr. Wilson MacDonald, who, notwithstanding his being continually under the care of physician, carried out, unsparing of himself, the rehearsals and arrangements.

The Chapter is grateful to the Peterborough Examiner and the Peterborough Review for the publicity given the undertaking in their columns and so assured its success.

Signed on behalf of the Executive of the Peter Robinson Chapter, I.O.D.E.
ROBENA GORDON CUMMING, Secretary.

Theatrical Man Buys the Boston

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Boston, Jan. 30.—The sale of the controlling interest in the Boston National League baseball club to Geo. Washington Grant, for the past ten years owner of a string of moving picture theatres in London, England, was announced today.

WILL WELCOME SERGT. ELDRED

AT MEETING OF ST. JOHN'S CHOIR FOR PRACTICE TONIGHT.

St. John's Choristers meet for practice in the Guild room tonight at 8 prompt. Boys at 7.30. A welcome will be extended to Sergt. Douglas Eldred after four years absence on active service.

BOARD OF WORKS TAKES UP QUESTION OF GOOD ROADS

Special Committee Appointed to Confer With County Council on This Matter—Other Business of Last Night's Meeting.

At a meeting of the Board of Works last night a committee composed of Chairman Phelan, Mayor Duncan, and Ald. McIntyre and Hamilton was appointed to look into the matter of a sewage disposal plant for the city and report back to the Council at a future meeting.

The question of improved highways was discussed by the members of the board last night. Information regarding the different kinds of roads constructed and the aid given by the Legislature in each case, was read, and it was thought that the Provincial suburban roads were the most adaptable for Peterborough.

Today the following committee appointed by the Board of Works last night will wait upon a committee of the County Council to discuss the good roads question: Chairman Phelan, Mayor Duncan, and Ald. Edgar, McIntyre, Taylor and Garside.

Let Your Light Shine.

City Engineer Parsons drew attention to the fact that many owners of illuminated signs were not living up to the terms of their agreement with the city which demanded that they keep them lighted. He had noticed a great number of these signs on George street not only dark for the time being, but with every indication of remaining so, as the wiring had been disconnected in many cases. These people will be warned to light up their signs or will be instructed to have them removed from the positions they now occupy over the street.

Ald. Edgar drew attention to the nuisance created by awnings and signs dripping water on to the pavement, where it froze and created ice which made it dangerous for pedestrians. The owners of these will be asked to attend to the matter by the city engineer's department.

Engineer Parsons was given authority by the Board to contract for tile and cement for the coming year. He was asked to communicate with other municipalities and find out what they were doing in this matter.

Chairman Phelan, Mayor Duncan and the city engineer were appointed a committee to interview the officials of the Grand Trunk and find out what arrangements could be made in connection with repairing the footbridge which runs along beside the railway line to Lakefield over the river at the north end of the city and which is in a dangerous condition.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1879.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 190-196 Hunter Street.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1852, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.00 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

A. R. STRATTON, President and General Manager. S. A. PECK, ex-M.L.A.; T. S. MATTHEWS and JAMES LYNCH.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1919

INSPECTOR LEES' REPORT.

AT THE LAST Entrance examination, eighty-eight per cent. of the candidates who wrote at the Collegiate Institute here were successful. Out in the rural districts there were 161 candidates and of these only 35, or 59 per cent., were equal to the test. Of the candidates who wrote in the city, a number were from contiguous rural schools, but it is likely that the percentage of failures among these was about the same as that in the county at large. However that may be, the point is that there are nearly twice as many failures among the pupils from the rural schools as compared with those from the city.

It has yet to be demonstrated that the country boy or girl is less bright than those of the same degree who live under the blaze of electric light and enjoy other advantages. The very reverse appears to be the case. When a pupil from the country succeeds in gaining admission to any High School or Collegiate Institute, he is generally able to at least hold his own with his urban compeers. The records of the universities and other higher institutions of learning bear witness to the same conditions. There must be some other reason for this disparity in the showing made by the representatives of the two classes of the community at the various Entrance examinations. The answer to the puzzle is to be found in the annual report of County Inspector Lees, submitted yesterday to the members of the County Council. In that report Mr. Lees reaffirms statements that he has been making for years on the same occasions, and calls attention to the same conditions, but what he says loses none of its force on this account.

A large proportion of the teachers employed in the country schools are not properly qualified. Nine such instructors possess no certificate for the important duties to which they are set. This is not due to a lack of teachers, but to the fact that rural trustees are obsessed in some cases with a passion for economy. Let them, as Mr. Lees says, pay fair salaries, and they will get properly qualified teachers instead of clumsy experiments whose failures are demonstrated in the wreck made of the rural candidates by the Entrance examiners.

The School Act provides assistance for schools in the poorer sections of the community, but one of the conditions of this assistance is the employment of duly qualified teachers. The question from a financial angle is as broad as it is long. Let the trustees pay a qualified teacher a fair salary and the Government's special grant will be forthcoming. The children in the community will receive the benefit, and the tax rate will be no higher.

Inspector Lees has for years been an able and consistent advocate of consolidated rural schools. He has written volumes on the subject for educational publications, has lectured on the same theme before gatherings of educationists, all of his information being the result of investigation of the system in actual operation both in the United States and in Canada. But it seems impossible to induce the members of the County Council to make a move, wedded as so many of them seem to be to traditions. In the meantime the children of school age in the country are the victims of an antiquated and fallacious system. The drift towards the cities continues, one reason frequently given by the head of a family for his change of residence being the fact that his children are entitled to all modern educational advantages.

There are no doubt members of the County Council who would not entrust the training of a team of valuable colts to a novice, lest the horses be spoiled at the outset. There is sound wisdom in such a step. There is, however, infinitely greater reason why the pliant and receptive mind of a growing child should be protected from the ministrations of a teacher who is not qualified to undertake even the first step in the most responsible public service any man can be called upon to render.

BOARD AT $2.43 A WEEK.

THE REPORT of the committee of the County Council charged with the oversight of the House of Refuge shows that the cost of maintaining the inmates, the members of the staff included, was $2.43 a week during the past year. Here, at last, is a place where the high cost of living has to a great extent been solved. Everyone knows how tricky and misleading figures are. Perhaps those of the committee are not complete in every detail, but they are near enough to the truth to demonstrate that the cost of living in the House of Refuge is at least half of what it is among those who have not yet been reduced to the necessity of seeking State aid, something, that is the only outlook for a percentage of the community.

Take it all and all, and an inmate of the House of Refuge is as well if not better fed, as well clothed, and really more comfortably housed, than half the working people who are still struggling to keep their heads above water. And as they fight bravely on, the wolf continues to howl.

The committee's report demonstrates what may be accomplished under the community system of living. Nearly fifty are, on an average, sheltered under the same roof at the Refuge. The same system of lighting and heating does for all. It may be said, however, that a good deal of the necessaries at the Refuge are produced on the House farm with the labor of the inmates, which costs nothing, but this labor is scarcely worth taking into consideration. There is a working staff at the Refuge, paid as are any other workers in the same line.

The Refuge is really an apartment house conducted on modern principles, but with the additional advantage that all the cooking for the little community is carried on in the same kitchen. If there is to be centralisation in the matter of lighting and heat, if the water supply is taken from the same source, why not go a step further and conserve culinary energy as well? One garbage can under such circumstances is likely to contain less waste than a score or two that are filled with the scraps from as many individual kitchens.

The world is moving slowly, but it will eventually reach the desired goal. Houses today are lighted and supplied with water from central points. Imagine the cost of living if every residence had to maintain its own lighting plant, to pipe its own water from the source of supply, or to dig wells in the backyard for the same purpose.

Community heating is now in the experimental stage and there is no reason to believe that its general adoption is impossible. Our forefathers would have laughed to scorn the idea of a central lighting plant or water brought for miles to their own kitchens and bathrooms. Only a few years ago the idea of the transmission of power was regarded as a chimera. Stranger things have happened in the memory of the living than the general adoption of the community kitchen idea.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT and disturbing rumors coming from the late theatre of war these days. One of these is to the effect that the Spartacan uprisings in Germany are being inspired by the military party in order to furnish an excuse for mobilizing another army for purposes of defence, and that Hindenburg is behind this movement. The military machine that the world hoped was shattered for all time is, according to this rumor, to be reconstructed, and this means a renewal of the menace to the peace of Europe.

Another announcement made yesterday leads to the conclusion that the Germans, when they agreed to an armistice, fixed their faith on the leniency of President Wilson in arranging final details of peace, a matter in which they appear to have exaggerated his influence. Germany, according to leading newspapers in that country, never believed other than that her colonies would be restored to her, in this case misinterpreting the article in Mr. Wilson's fourteen peace points dealing with the subject. By no stretch of reasoning can it be shown that President Wilson ever advocated the return of these colonies. If he had, he would have been untrue to the traditions of his own country. What he did say was that the ultimate destiny of these colonies be determined by the inhabitants themselves, another enunciation of the principle of government with the consent of the governed.

Mr. Wilson and the European Allies are now in accord on this subject, and the announcement has roused the protest of the German press, who set up a cry of spoliation and robbery. This is a matter on which the two parties to the peace terms are likely to fail to agree, and if Germany mobilizes such an army as appears to be contemplated, the consequences may be serious. The one hope of the Teuton is that the Allies themselves may dispute as to the ultimate fate of the colonies.

Britain, it seems, realizes that the danger is not yet over. A force of one million men is to be kept under arms for an indefinite period, and American troops in considerable numbers are still to remain in Europe. The Empire has learned by bitter experience the lesson of the danger of unpreparedness in the face of a menace that is apparent to the most casual observer. Never again is the Empire likely to be caught napping by the power that for over four years she devoted all her resources in helping to crush.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THESE DAYS there are the powers that he and the powers that were.

• • • • •

WHEN THE GERMANS cry for peace with justice heaven help them. They know not what they ask.

• • • • •

THE WEST these days is too busy with the tariff issue to concern itself with so trifling an affair as the weather.

• • • • •

GOVERNMENT by newspaper denunciation is the way the Montreal Star puts it, and the phrase is likely to survive.

• • • • •

AWAY WITH secret treaties and diplomacy, secret municipal missions to Ottawa and civic boards holding sessions in camera.

• • • • •

THE ALIEN, the protege of the politician, is not likely to worry so much about the vote, so long as he is left unmolested in his job.

• • • • •

THE MAN who gets drunk in Florida is liable to a fine of $3000, which law is merely a legalised method of fleecing the winter tourist.

• • • • •

IN THE LOCAL FIELD the office may be seeking for the man, but the office does not find it necessary to equip itself with a searchlight.

• • • • •

THERE ARE HEROES in every walk of life, and in this category should be placed those optimistic spirits who essay to form more political parties.

• • • • •

IT IS NOT TO BE wondered at that the Germans misinterpreted President Wilson's propaganda on the Hun colonies, seeing that they misunderstood the American position since the beginning of the war.

• • • • •

IF WE ARE TO SEE more American pictures at the movies, let it be hoped that Uncle Sam will be able to save enough out of the war bill to equip himself with a new suit of clothes before the camera gets him.

• • • • •

Everything except the cost of living seems to know that the war is over.—Detroit Free Press.

AND THE MAN thrown out of work matters why that cost of living remains up while he goes down.

• • • • •

The editor of the Standard must be passing into his dotage. His writings indicate a childishness that is amusing.—St. Catharines Journal.

ALAS for the departed militant days of journalism when such courtesy as the above would meet with strenuous reprisal.

PROHIBITION THAT IS PROGRESSIVE

(New York Commercial)

Having won their long fight for national prohibition of the liquor traffic the churches which claim the palm of victory declare that they will not stop until the whole world is bone dry. One church is raising a campaign fund of a hundred million dollars for foreign missionary work. They do not stop at liquor. Tobacco is to follow alcohol. As any prominent leader of the prohibition forces says, tobacco is absolutely bad and useless. The best land in the South is wasted by its cultivation. He puts it below alcohol, for the latter has some worth and usefulness in medicine and certain industries because it is an indispensable solvent.

Those who call for prohibition on moral or religious grounds are following in the footsteps of extremists in former ages. A famous Cavalier wit said that the Puritans of Cromwell's day forbade bear baiting, not because they pitied the bear, but because the sport seemed to give the people pleasure. The mania for interfering with other people's pleasures is breaking out again. If the new puritanism of our day succeeds in suppressing smoking by constitutional amendment it will proceed to treat card playing and dancing in the same way. Then will follow compulsory education, which would be a revival of old colonial laws.

And why not? If the leaders of the prohibition movement claim the amendment of the Constitution to be a great moral and religious victory, they are strictly logical and right according to their lights, in attempting to inhibit tobacco, cards, dancing, theatres, circuses, races, low-necked dress, neglect to attend church and other sins of commission and omission which they conscientiously believe are works of the devil that lead men's souls astray. Those outside their fold may talk of liberty, free will and the distinction between sin and crime which lawmakers should keep in mind, but an overwhelming majority of the state legislators have already decreed that such things do not count when the right to drink comes in question. The right to smoke stands on no firmer footing. Those who claim the credit for the prohibition victory call a pack of cards "the devil's bible," and dancing and theatres are the pastimes of "the scarlet woman." John Barleycorn is down and out. Now cast Lady Nicotine from her pedestal, and, after her, the Goddess of Chance and the Scarlet Woman. Men have no right to smile for it indicates a light mind, and thought should be centred on higher things. When pleasure is declared a felony the victory of our logical prohibitionists will be complete.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

WHAT ALD. EDGAR REALLY DID SAY

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR MADE IN REPORT OF HIS SPEECH.

A typographical error in this paper last night made it appear that Ald. Edgar, when addressing the County Council yesterday in the interests of the Children's Aid Society, had described the grant made to this organization by the city as a "rash" one.

An "r" had been substituted for the "c" in cash and turned the alderman's praise of the action into criticism. Ald. Edgar was explaining the reasons why the county should raise its grant to the Children's Aid Society from $400 to $600. He stated that the city was giving $600 and in addition a house tax free and a garden would make an additional $200 or $400, and would make a total grant from the city of $900 or $1000 compared with the county's $400, in spite of the fact that the work carried on in the rural districts entailed the greater financial outlay.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Be sure you are right—then pause a moment for reflection.

Lots of people seem to think it bad form to be polite in public.

Every woman is a born coquette, but the clever ones manage to conceal it at the proper time.

It takes a versatile man to make a different kind of fool of himself each day.

Don't mistake habit for character. Men with the most character have the fewest habits.

VETERAN GIVES WARNING.

Says Calgary Must Act to Avert an Outbreak.

Calgary, Jan. 30.—Before a meeting of city officials and representatives of a number of organizations in the city, President A. Haseldon, of the G. W. V. A., declared that if Calgary wishes to avoid the recent experiences of Winnipeg with returning soldiers, something would have to be done. "A little more bolshevism and waving of the red flag will put the spark into the magazine," he said.

"The men who fought for democracy are not going to go hungry while aliens and slackers get all the jobs."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that President Wilson's pronouncement was very well received in Paris and she supposes he speaks it like a native by this time.

The motorist, the professional man, and the business man will appreciate the luxurious comfort and smart style of

The BALLANTYNE Stoves Piano

44 Year Dealers

EFFICIENCY IN MANAGEMENT SHOWN BY DOMINION BANK

Proof of This is Found in the Last Annual Report Just Submitted to Shareholders.

Efficiency in management is the desideratum after which all finanical and industrial institutions worthy of the name are these days striving with more than the usual display of energy. It is born of the recognition of the fact that its necessity, owing to the modern tendency of things, is more imperative than it ever was. There is probably no class of men that recognize this more fully than the bankers of Canada, and they, perforce, recognize it because of the fact that it is becoming increasingly difficult, owing largely to the growth of the unremunerative service they render to the public, to maintain the desired ratio of earnings to assets.

That the Dominion Bank is one among the banks of Canada which may take justifiable pride in the efficiency of its management there can be no doubt. Proof of it is to be found in the last annual report submitted to the shareholders at the meeting held in Toronto on Wednesday, 29th January.

Showing in Assets.

At the close of 1918 the bank's total assets amounted to $133,500,000, a gain for the year of $24,000,000, but it is in the immediately available assets that the most striking result is to be seen. Under this particular classification there was an increase of $5,800,000, which brought the item up to $63,500,000, or sufficient to meet 53 per cent. of the bank's liabilities to the public. Even the strickly cash assets are equal to 23.80 per cent. of the bank's liabilities to the public, the sum total being $28,498,000, an advance for the year of $1,160,000. The rest account, standing at $7,000,000, exceeds the paid-up capital by the substantial sum of $1,000,000.

The profits for the year must be gratifying to the shareholders. The net profits at the close of 1918 stood at $1,086,498, a gain of $81,435, over those of 1917. This net gain means a return to the shareholders of 8.35 per cent. on the total capital and reserve as against 7.73 per cent. for the previous year.

Substantial Surplus.

In disposing of the net profits the following disbursements were made: Dividends at the rate of 12 per cent., $720,000, contributions to patriotic and other benevolent funds, $38,000, officers' pension fund, $25,000, written of bank premises, $250,000. The balance, $446,503, was carried forward, a sum exceeding that brought forward at the close of 1917 by $53,000.

That there was a large expansion in the bank's business as well as an increase in its profits is also very evident. Total deposits, for example, increased by $12,400,000, and now amount to $96,107,000. Commercial loans advanced by $18,500,000 to $64,100,000, while notes in circulation made a gain of $409,000.

That the bank was very efficiently managed during the past year is fully demonstrated by the statement just presented.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

I was climbing over our back fents this afternoon, the gate being unlocked but me considering it too easy to come in by, and I herd something tare and I was going to find out wat, only I forgot to, and jest before suppir I was setting on Mary Watkinses frunt steps watching her nitting a brown swetter out of a ball of brown yarn and all of a suddin I happened to feel in back of me and wat was in the back of my pants but a big hole.

G, I thawt now I know wat tore. Wish jest then Mary Watkins dropped the ball of brown yarn and it rolled on the pavemint and I started to jump up to get it and I remembered wat was in back of me and kepp on setting down, Mary Watkins saying, Benny, Im serprized, I thawt you was polite.

I am I sed, And I got up backwards and wawked backwards to ware the ball of yarn was and picked it up, saying Do you notice me wawking backwards?

Yes, wat for? sed Mary Watkins, and I sed, I made a bet if the war ended in a serten time I would wawk backwards for a week, and it did, and this is the week. And I brawt back the ball of yarn, and she sed, Wy, youre wawking fruntwerds now.

I haff to wawk fruntwerds one time and backwerds the next, thats the kind of a bet it was, I sod, and she sed Wy dont you wawk sideways sumtimes wile youre about it?

It aint in the bet, I sed. And I quick sat down agen and pritty soon the ball of yarn rolled on the pavemint agen, Mary Watkins saying, O shaw, izzent that provoking? And I got up and started wawking backwerds to pick it up ageh, and I herd sumbody coming in back of me and who was it but Maud Johnson and I thawt, G. And I quick put my back agenst the side of the house, and Mary Watkins sed, Hello, Maud, and Maud Johnson sed, Hello Mary, wats Benny standing like that for? and Mary Watkins sed, Hes full of beta. Wich jest then I started to run like anything holding one hand in back of me to hide the place, and I herd Mary Watkins and Maud Johnson laffing, proving theyre not perfect ladies.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Ask your druggist for it. Take no substitute. Price one dollar per box. Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Write for pamphlet. THE COOK MEDICINE CO., WINDSOR, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

Paul Rader, the noted Chicago evangelist, opened a series of revival meetings in Massey Hall, Toronto.

Legislation to protect investors is foreshadowed at he coming session of the Provincial House.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

ASSETS: $84,000,000.

SAVE YOUR MONEY — economize — avoid wasteful spending. Open a savings Account at The Bank of Toronto.

Your Saved Money will insure your future, and give you a new incentive in life.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

CARLYLE BLACKWELL in "His Royal Highnes"

A FACINATING ROMANTIC PRODUCTION IN 5 PARTS

KING BAGGOT & MARGUERITE SNOW in "THE EAGLE'S EYE", Chapte: 7

"THE CROWN PORTFOLIO," 3 Parts

"The Telephone Belle" A FINE COMEDY

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

CARMEL MYERS in "The Wife He Bought"

TENTH EPISODE of the "The Brass Bullet"

AND A COMEDY

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

HARRY MOREY
in Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature
"Hoarded Assets"

14 Reels **ROYAL** 14 Reels

Last Chance To-Night

HARRY MOREY in **"Hoarded Assets"** A powerful drama of the Magic of Love and Lure of Gold—5 Parts

Pathe Presents JOHN MASON, LEAH BAIRD & ANNE LUTHER in ..... **"Moral Suicide"** Five Parts

Fifth Episode of the MILLION DOLLAR SERIAL ..... **"The Iron Test"** Two Parts

Big "V" Comedy—"Chumps and Cops"—Five Parts

To-Night's Program Shows Best Star Artists in the Motion Picture World | **Afternoons and Evenings, 16 cents**

THE DANGER THAT LURKS IN THE BAKER'S LOAF OF BREAD

Staff of Life Delivered in the City Unwrapped and Handled by Drivers Whose Hands Are not Always Clean.

(By Bystander)

One nice, warm, summer day I was walking down George street, when I saw a baker's wagon stop a short distance in front of me. The young man driving the wagon jumped out, went around to the horse and fixed part of the harness which had become loose, gave the horse a couple of good slaps—love pats—upon its sweating hips, then went around to the back of the wagon, took out a basket that had once been white and clean, maybe, and proceeded to fill it with nice clean loaves of bread with hands fouled from contact with the filthy harness and perspiring horse. He took these loaves to the side door of a beautiful house near by, and the bread was received without protest by a clean, well-dressed, fastidious lady—the lady of the house.

Ah, the pity of it—and the shame! clean, sweet, wholesome bread, fit for a King as it left the bakery is fouled—and with what foulness—on its way to the consumer. And the pity of it is that such fouling is utterly unnecessary.

I am sure, had I been to tea at the home of that lady, she would have been too fastidious to have taken a slice of that bread in her clean white fingers and passed it to me—she would have felt it was cleaner, more sanitary, more aesthetic, to have passed it to me on a plate. And yet she received the bread, delivered in such fashion without protest.

But, you ask, what did the boy, in all possibility, or probability, add to the bread, that you say he fouled it?

There are two kinds of filth—dead filth and living filth. The dead filth his hands would leave on the bread, though somewhat appalling to contemplate, would not, in all likelihood be very detrimental to health—consisting as it did, of rancid, foul oil from the harness, stable filth, animal excreta, from the harness and from the hair and sweat, both laden with impurities, he got on his hands from the perspiring horse; road dust, full of organic debris of many kinds, and probably many human impurities from the reins and basket—both being grasped by many dirty hands before his.

But the living filth he added to the bread is an altogether dicernt proposition. A biologis analysis of the dead filth might have shown:

1.—The germs which cause typhoid fever.

2.—The germs which cause tuberculosis.

3.—Those which cause the development of pus, abscesss, and catarhal inflammations.

4.—Those which cause tetanus or lockjaw.

5.—The eggs of various kinds of worms—the round worm—the pinworm—The tape-worm, for these egg are commonly found in stable filth.

Think of these things—each a living menace to the health of the family—being brought in through the careless fouling of the bread-loaf.

There might be a more dangerous a more filthy, a more barbarous method of delicering bread, but I think it would require the mind of a German officer to devise one.

I am not sure that I blame the bakers. Like others, they are in the business to make it pay, and one way to profit is to keep down expenses; and the people are so careless or indifferent that they will not make the least effort to protect themselves. Why should be bakers worry?

Some time ago, while in Winnipeg I attended a meeting of the City Coun; and it its close one of the Aldermen, a Mr. Milton, asked me to walk around to his large bakery to see it in operation. I watched with much interest the passage of the bread, from the mixing trough, through the various kneading and moulding machines, through the huge oven—where it went in at one aid and came out baked at the other, to the last operation—a machine which wrapped each loaf of bread in its own separate paper wrapper. This machine wrapped one, two or three loaves of bread at one time—the ends being secured by circular stickers which held the paper tightly and securely around the loaf.

This is the solution. Every loaf of bread should be wrapped in paper of good quality—waxed or semi-porous if possible—before it leaves the bake-shop. No other method will ensure clean bread.

Some years ago the Board of Health of the State of Minnesota conducted a series of experiments on the wrapping of bread, and their statement shows many other important effects beside that of ensuring cleanliness. For instance, bread wrapped in waxed or semi-porous paper will keep fresh and sweet—without becoming stale, for many days longer than when it is exposed; they reported it to be quite easy to keep a loaf of bread without the least hint of staleness for 5 or 6 days. And yet the bread went on maturing and become more edible every day. What a boon to the housewife!

Let me explain how this occurs. Staleness in bread is caused by certain bacteria which invade the loaf from the outside. They live first in the crust, and as they grow and multiply rapidly they cause a certain decay of the bread-crust, wit hz peculiar swell, and disintegration of the bread, which we call "staleness." If

(Continued on Page 6.)

AN OLD RECIPE TO DARKEN HAIR

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns Gray, Faded Hair Dark and Glossy

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients for about 50 cents. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

IRREGULAR ATTENDANCE IS DRAWBACK TO RURAL SCHOOLS

Inspector Broderick Submits His Annual Report to County Council

In his annual report to the County Council Inspector Broderick says in part:

The following is a statement of the attendance for 1918.

Municipality	Enrolment	Average	Pctg
Emily	237	131	55
Somerville	369	193	52
Verulam	331	186	56
Lindsay	1139	726	64
Bobcaygeon	208	143	69
Omemee	102	55	54
Ennismore	95	50	53
Galway & Cavendish	97	36	36
Harvey	187	110	58
Smith	450	247	55
Totals—			
Rural municipalities	937	924	64
Urban municipalities	1449	924	64

There are many reasons why teachers leave Rural work for the more attractive situations in town or city. Perhaps the greatest obstacle to real efficiency and the thing most harassing to the teacher is irregularity of attendance. If I back back year after year to this topic it is because the evil is so serious and so persistent. Irregularity is not confined to our own Counties. It is a Provincial. There has indeed been some improvement during the last decade, the percentage for the Province having risen steadily from 52 per cent in 1897 to 58 per cent in 1916, the average for the ten years being 55½ per cent. The average for the Counties of Victoria and Peterborough during the same period was 53½. Making due allowance for one fact that the Government records are based upon the supposition that all the pupils are enrolled for the full year there is still an enormous waste through bad attendance. The teacher's time and energy are wasted through having to teach the same over and over again the time is wasted or those who do attend regularly as well as of those who do not attend.

From reports recently received from over 50 of the teachers in the Inspectorate I find that of the 931 pupils enrolled 370 or more are reported as attending irregularly. In over 100 cases illness is assigned as the cause. In nearly 100 cases it is distance from school. In over 50 cases it is the carelessness and indifference of parents. In 100 cases the pupils are required at home to work. Bad roads, weather, lack of parental control, and "no reason at all" account for the remainder. Doubtless non-attendance is caused by the combination of the above causes. Distance from school is a chief school. Over 300 pupils are reported as living from 2 to 3 miles from school; at least 60 live over 3 miles distant. And aside from reports submitted I have certain knowledge that a good many children, if they go to school at all mus twalk 3 ½ to 4 and in some cases 4½ miles.

Before passing from the subject of school attendance I wish to draw the Council's attention to the rapid decrease in the number of Fifth Book Pupils. In 1907 there were attending the Public Schools of the Province about 9000 pupils who had passed the Entrance Examination. In 1916 there were approximately 3000. The decrease in our own Counties has been in the same proportion and I fear is likely to continue. This condition has not arisen because fewer pupils pass the High School Entrance Examination. The number of such pupils is practically the same as 12 years ago. The decrease may have arisen because some teachers are not in sympathy with Fifth Class work in their school or because pupils are sent to some High School Centre or because an increasing number of pupils drop school at the end of the fourth book. In any case the condition is not desirable. There should be in every considerable Rural area a school capable of affording to the young people of the community an education equal in every respect to that of the first three Forms of our High Schools with a course of study calculated to attract the students to rural life. Prominent in such a course should be agriculture.

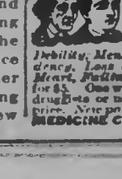
For some years the Department of Education co-operating with the Department of Agriculture has made provision for the teaching of Elementary Agriculture in the Public and Separate Schools. As inducements the Department pays to school board all expense connected with the teaching of agriculture up to a limit of $30.00 annually and to teachers a substantial grant amounting to $50.00 to fully qualified teachers. At the present time I have six schools doing agricultural work and a seventh making a beginning at Easter. As to the value of such teaching there is no doubt and I hope to see the number of schools teaching Agriculture rapidly increase.

School Sanitation and School Hygiene

During the past five years five new school buildings have been erected. These are, in the main, modern buildings and meet the requirements of good school sanitation. Of the older buildings about have have installed ventilation systems which, with the exercise by the teacher of ordinary intelligence, give very satisfactory results so far as heating and ventilation are concerned. The very small enrolment in some schools and the very poor quality of the building in other cases together with the enormour increase in expense since the opening of the war and other considerations I have not been urging for some time the erection of new schools or extensive improvements in the way of repair to old ones.

During the past year a few Boards have shown a most commendable spirit in renovating their schools thus improving the sanitation. In one respect, however, nothing has even been done in either urban or rural schools. No advantage has been taken of the permissive legislation regarding medical and dental inspection of schools. That these are a very legitimate and very necessary phases of school work there is no doubt. Recent medical teaching attributes many of the physical ills of both children and adults to diseased conditions of the teeth. Of this I am not competent to speak. But no knowledge of either medicine or dental surgery is required to be assured that very many pupils are seriously retarded in their progress at school by physical ailments which efforts have been made to relieve. I suppose that there is scarcely a school which does not afford cases of the kind. Common humanity would suggest that this very important matter be taken up by the proper authorities and both medical and dental inspection introduced syatemat-

(Continued on Page 6.)



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Article No. 10 Cut out for Reference

Training the Invalided Soldier

WHEN the first Canadian casualties were announced every heart in Canada thrilled with the thought—"What will the country do to help these men overcome the handicaps they have suffered?"

Since that day Canada has been quietly developing a wonderful organization to help restore the strength and earning capacity of her invalided soldiers.

This work is in the charge of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. It is divided into three classes.

Ward Occupations.

Soldiers who, on account of their injuries, are confined to wards or to their beds in hospitals are taught handicraft work of various kinds. This work is not meant to train a man in work by which he could earn a living. It is encouraged rather because it diverts the soldier's mind from his disability, and gives him light exercise. In this way it assists wonderfully in the soldier's recovery.

Occupational Therapy.

This work is conducted in hospitals. It is intended mainly to help in the cure of the patient. But it often serves as the ground-work for a course in Industrial Re-training. The following gives some idea of the breadth and scope of the subjects taught in these classes:—Mechanical drawing, woodworking, boot and shoe repairing, machine shop practice, gardening, poultry raising, civil service instruction, book-keeping, stenography, telegraphy.

Industrial Re-Training.

When a man is so injured by war service that he cannot follow the occupation or trade that he worked at before enlisting, the Department trains him for a new occupation.

For this work, use is made of Technical Schools and Universities at fourteen centres throughout the Dominion. Here primary training is given by specially planned courses. This helps a man begin his actual re-training work intelligently.

Most of the re-training is given in actual factories and shops. Hundreds of large and small concerns have co-operated whole-heartedly in this work—placing at the disposal of the Department, without charge, their equipment and the services of many of their staffs.

Ninety-five per cent of those who have been granted "Industrial Re-training" courses by the Department have been successful in becoming self-supporting in a new trade or occupation.

These benefits are given by the Department to ex-members of the Canadian, British and Allied forces living in Canada, who come within the classes for which these benefits are provided.

* * * * *

During the period a man is being "Re-trained" he and his dependents are granted adequate pay and allowances.

To any one interested in the work of this Department information will be gladly given on application to—
The Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment—OTTAWA, 22 Victoria St.—HALIFAX, N.S., Leith House, Hollis St.—FREDERICTON, N.B., Royal Bank Building—MONTREAL, P.Q., Room 301, Drummond Building, Cor. St. Catherine and Peel Streets—QUEBEC, P.Q., Langlois & Paradis Building—TORONTO, Ont., 185 Spadina Ave.—KINGSTON, Ont., Golden Lion Block—LONDON, Ont., London Technical School—HAMILTON, Ont., Clyde Block—WINNIPEG, Man., Notre Dame Investment Bldg.—CALGARY, Alta., Beveridge Bldg.—EDMONTON, Alta., Whyte Block—REGINA, Sask., McCallum-Hill Bldg.—SASKATOON, Sask., Y.M.C.A. Building—VANCOUVER, B.C., Board of Trade Building—VICTORIA, B.C., Central Building.

Director of Repatriation

FROM WAR TO PEACE

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

Prohibition in Canada

An Open Letter to the People of Canada

THIS STATEMENT is being published in the Daily Papers in every Province of Canada in order to call attention to the following facts:

First fact: Every Province in Canada now has a Temperance Law in force with the exception of Quebec. On May first, 1919, the Quebec Temperance Law will come into force.

Second fact: The Dominion Government passed Legislation under the powers granted in "The War Measures Act," which prohibited for the period of the war and twelve months thereafter, Importation, Manufacture and Interprovincial Shipment of liquor for drinking purposes. This Legislation is necessary to make effective that of the Provinces.

Third fact: The people of Canada want this Legislation continued in effect until the Citizens of Canada, including all the soldiers, shall have had an opportunity to vote on the question of making it permanent.

Fourth fact: There is an insidious and far-reaching propaganda now being carried on which aims to discredit the Prohibitory Laws and restore liquor-drinking for the personal profit of the Liquor-Seller.

Fifth fact: The requisite number of State Legislatures in the United States having adopted the Prohibition Amendment, Canada must act in harmony with it or become the dumping ground for liquor and its unfortunate victims.

Who Want Prohibition?

Ask—

1. The Business men and Industrial leaders whom you know.
2. The working men and working women whom you know.
3. The Mothers, Wives and Children whom you know.
4. The Soldier Citizens of Canada whom you know.
5. The farmers whom you know.

We know that

1. Every Church and Religious Denomination in Canada has pronounced in favor of Prohibition through its Executive Boards and Church Leaders.
2. Practically all School-teachers, Doctors, Public Health Officers, City Relief Officers and Social Workers in Canada are in favor of Prohibition.
3. The Provincial Governments, the Courts and the Police have learned that Prohibition reduces crime and disorder and promotes Peace and Prosperity.

Some Significant Contrasts

The Liquor People are looking for immense profits.
WE HAVE NO SELFISH INTEREST TO SERVE.

* * *

The liquor interests hide behind indefinite names and work by underground methods.
WE SIGN OUR OWN STATEMENTS AND WORK IN THE OPEN.

* * *

They hope to win by a Lobby.
WE WANT THE PEOPLE TO DECIDE.

* * *

They are reactionaries.
WE ARE IN THE PATHS OF HUMAN PROGRESS.

* * *

They are circulating throughout the country a prescription for influenza, that is purported to come from the world celebrated Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota.

Here is what Dr. C. H. Mayo says:

"The prescription which is alleged to have been written by us is a fake. Alcohol or whiskey have no place in the treatment of influenza."

Temperance Platform

The Dominion Prohibition Committee are asking:

1. That the Prime Minister and Government of Canada be requested to take the steps necessary to continue in effect the provisions of the Order-in-Council of March 11th, 1918, (P.C. 589) by having the same embodied in Legislation to be enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

2. That the legislation so enacted be continued in effect until such time as a vote of the electors of the Dominion of Canada shall have been taken on the question of its continuance or dis-continuance.

3. That the vote on this question be taken at a date to be fixed by the Government of Canada at least six months prior to the day of voting and with due respect to the restoration to civil life in Canada of the Canadian soldiers now overseas.

Platform of the Liquor People

The Distillers say:

We do not want the Bar back but we want the Interprovincial Traffic restored.

The Brewers say:

We want the percentage of alcohol in Beer increased from 2½% to 5% or 6% or even 10%.

The old time Hotel Keeper says:

We cannot run a Hotel without a Bar and if we cannot sell whiskey, we must at least have a "Beer and Wine" license.

Methods of the Liquor People:

1. They have already sent men and literature overseas in the vain hope of prejudicing many of the Canadian Soldiers.

2. They are behind a propaganda in the ranks of Labor that seeks to show that Prohibition is generally opposed by working people. This is a slander on Labor.

3. There are appearing letters signed "Wounded Soldier" or "Returned Soldier" or "Church Worker" or "Lover of Liberty" or "Soldier's Wife" or "Officer's Widow" or other camouflage names. In some cases such letters are made up and soldiers or others are asked to sign—sometimes for a consideration.

4. False stories of suffering for lack of liquor for the sick are circulated although the Law provides fully for Doctors' prescriptions.

5. Efforts are being made to discredit Administrators of the Liquor Laws and even Members of Governments who are known to be in favor of Prohibition.

6. The Liquor cause is being upheld by insidious advertising, news despatches, articles and moving picture films.

7. Drafts of bills acceptable to the Liquor Interests are being urged on the Governments.

8. The Liquor Interests are working behind the scenes in the political parties, and by urging our opponents, to discredit and oust from office any public man who is outspoken prohibitionist. Watch for the evidence of this and prevent the success of their schemes.

What You Can Do to Help the Cause

The Dominion Parliament must consider the question of Temperance Legislation in some form at the next session. We are asking Parliament to embody in an Act, the Provisions of Orders-in-Council now in force with suitable provision for its submission to the people.

As a Citizen of Canada write to your Member of Parliament urging his active co-operation with the Government in carrying out this policy. Put your ideas in your own way and send your letter to your Member's home address as soon as you read this Statement.

Members of Parliament and National Policies are influenced by Public Opinion. Your action will be one of the ways of indicating what the people think.

We desire to warn our friends against any weakening of resolution at this critical moment. The liquor interests are at work in every Province trying to give the impression that there is a general dissatisfaction with existing laws and are using what is done in one Province to foment unrest in the others. Don't let the enemies of Prohibition do all the agitating.

If any information comes to your notice that the Central Committee should have, write at once to D. B. Harkness, General Secretary, 905 Kent Bldg., Toronto.

The Dominion Prohibition Committee

Eugene Lafontaine, Montreal — President
Geo. A. Warburton, Toronto — Vice-President
D. B. Harkness, Winnipeg, Man. — General Secretary

ST. PAUL'S CONGREGATION HOLD ANNUAL MEETING

Past Year Was a Prosperous One Financially and Otherwise—Membership Roll Now Totals 1045.

The annual meeting of St. Paul's Church for the transaction of business was held last evening in the Sunday School hall. The chair was occupied by the minister. After devotional exercises reports were presented from the different organizations, all of which showed that the year had been a prosperous one, financially.

The report of session was presented first. As it is a survey of the entire life and work of the congregation as seen in its different organizations, a few paragraphs may here be quoted.

Has Membership of 1,045.

The communicant membership of the church is now 1,045. Eleven years ago it was 753. While one or two of the eleven years have not been able to record a net increase because of the large number of removals and the fewer number uniting that year, on the whole there has been steady advance during these eleven years. There was an unusually large number of deaths during the year. No less than 24 communicant members have entered into their rest. In this connection special mention should be made of the death of Mr. Thomas Hall, an honored elder of the church and a member of the congregation during his long life of 78 years, as well as that of Miss Jane Sweeny, who belonged to the church for over 80 years. Mrs. John Cameron, Miss Frances Reid, Mr. Wm. Hall, and Mrs. Wm. Menzies, were also old and respected members who died during the year. Special sorrow is felt for the loss of many splendid young men on the field of battle, Ross C. Cameron, Arthur Wood, Lionel McIntosh, John Ranger and Gordon Brotherson. The bereaved friends of these have the deepest sympathy of the congregation.

Sunday School Report.

In connection with the report of the Sunday School, reference was made to the good work being done by the superintendents, Inspector Mowat, Miss Lizzie Scott, Miss Effie Munro, Miss Florence Cameron and their able staff of assistants and teachers. Miss Effie Munro, who has been superintendent of the primary department for 12 years, has asked to be relieved of her work for a time. The session wishes to place on record its appreciation of the work which Miss Munro has accomplished during these 12 years. By attendance at the conventions, by a constant study of the latest and best Sunday School methods, by a consecration to the work that meant the giving of her time and energy without stint to the interests of the young, she has brought her department into a state of efficiency not excelled in any other school in the province. It is with great pleasure that the session bear testimony to her love for her work and the children under her care, and the influence for good of her life and teaching upon the lives of all who have passed through this department during these twelve years, and it is with deep regret that they contemplate her retirement from the work even for a time.

Women's Missionary Society.

There is no organization which shows the same steady advancement and deepening interest in the spread of the gospel as does the W.M.S. The givings of this society have increased year by year until in the year, 1918, they reached an amount almost double what it was ten years ago. Possibly the work of this organization, composed, as it is, of a large proportion of the women members of the church, is a surer criterion of the spiritual life of our people than anything else in connection with the church. We have certainly reason to thank God and take courage from the evidence of the spirit of Christ, which are seen in the work of the W.M.S.

Reference was made to the good work done by the Fraser Auxiliary to the W.M.S. and the Faithful Workers Mission Band, as well as the Ladies' Aid and the Red Cross Auxiliary.

Young People's Guild.

A Young People's Guild was recently organized. With the return of so many of our young men from the war and the large number of boys and girls of senior 'teen age, the need of such an organization for the expression of their Christian life was felt to be necessary. The officers elected give promise of large things for the coming year.

Praise for the Choir.

After making reference to the effort being made in connection with the league of Young Worshippers to establish the young of the congregation in the habits of church going, the report continues:

"The session appreciates the work which is being done in connection with the service of praise of the members of the choir; their regular attendance at the Sabbath services as well as the spirit which prompts them to devote so much of their time weekly to choir practice. They recognize the difficulties under which the leader has had to work in securing enough trained singers for the different parts. The laudable project which the choir has under way of erecting a suitable memorial to the men of St. Paul's who enlisted for service in the great war and for those who have fallen in the struggle, deserves the hearty thanks and earnest co-operation of the entire membership of the church."

Financial Statement.

The following is a summary of the financial statement as presented by the treasurers of the different departments:

Current revenue	$ 9884 70
Missions	5205 89
W.M.S., including Fraser Mission Band and Faithful Workers	2662 51
Sunday School Missionary account	255 94
Red Cross Auxiliary	1441 92
Ladies' Aid	355 92
Choir for honor roll	253 11
Lord's Day Alliance	219 19
	$20716 74

C.P.R. Official To Be Here Tomorrow

Vice-President A. D. McTier of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will arrive in the city tomorrow and will hold a conference with the railway committee of the Board of Trade in regard to a more satisfactory train service over the C. P. R. for Peterborough.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 3 Retail Stores. Phones 183, 381, 397.

The orator who deals largely in quotations speaks volumes.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

Quick Repairs

If you broke your glasses in the Dollar Day rush, or any other way, bring them to the complete, modern repair department. If the need is pressing, we will fix them up while you wait, and good as new.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-tives"

ST. MARTIN'S, N.B.

"For two years, I suffered tortures from *Severe Dyspepsia*. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth.

I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking *'Fruit-a-tives'*, I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Y. W. C. A. NOTES

The members of the Young Women's Christian Association are going out for new members next week. The campaign will commence on Monday, when representatives from the Dominion Council Y. W. C. A. will meet in conference with the Board of Directors, and members of staff and committees. On Monday evening there will be a gathering for girls only, at seven o'clock, to be followed by a Public Meting at 8 o'clock which will be addressed by specialists in Girl's Work, and to which all members, friends and any who are interested in girls are cordially invited.

On Tuesday evening a banquet will be held to inaugurate the campaign contest for new members and the work will commence on Wednesday. Old members will be asked to renew their lapsed memberships, and all who take an interest in girls and young women will be asked to become members. The Young Women's Christian Association deserves your support.

EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

IF FEVERISH, BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, GIVE FRUIT LAXATIVE

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomachache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "fruit laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy. Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

GAY FURNISHINGS

The furnishings of a playroom should consist of some warm floor covering that is dark enough not to show dirt, and a low table and chair. A blackboard, a bookcase, a couch, a drawer for toys, cheerful curtains and pictures are all attractive additions that may be provided if possible.

If one can afford to buy a little set of furniture for the playroom a set of the enamel furniture used so much just now for breakfast rooms is ideal if the legs of the chairs and table are sawed off to make them low enough so the children's feet can rest comfortably on the floor when using them.

The light, gay enamels used so much nowadays for porch and cottage furniture will be sure to appeal to children, and blue, pink, green, red or yellow is quite appropriate for a nursery, bedroom or playroom. If the furniture is painted red a black duck painted on the back of each chair will delight childish hearts.

COOKING MUTTON

To make mutton juicy and tender spread a little fat over it and dredge it with flour ten minutes before putting it in the oven.

Mr. Justice Hodgins' report on conditions on the Northland especially blames the officers for lack of efficient or sympathetic dealing with complaints.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH HAD MOST SUCCESSFUL YEAR

Raised $10,580,26 for All Purposes as Reported at Annual Meeting Last Night—Miss Bessie Elcome's Sunday School Record.

The gathering attending the annuel meeting of Murray Street Baptist Church last night was the largest known. Every part of the large school room was occupied with tables and almost every sitting was engaged. Rev. J. R. Webb occupied the chair. The pastor's letter acknowledged gratefully that he had not missed either a Sunday or week evening service during the year through illness, and also expressed appreciation of the officers and members who had co-operated with him so faithfully during the past twelve months. Progress has been shown in all departments, and the opportunities due to the coming of peace were touched upon.

Clearing Off the Debt.

Since entering their new edifice the people of Murray Street have paid off considerably over a thousand dollars a year of their church debt, besides increasing theihr givings in other directions. During the past year $2,250 was paid on the mortgage.

The pastor's salary was increased from $1800 to $2100 during the year and the givings to missions were also larger.

Miss Elcome's Record.

The Ladies' Aid Society report was a story of constant activity and helpful service, while Murray Street shows up splendidly in its work for the Red Cross Society all through the war years. One thing in the Sunday school report is worthy of more than casual mention. Miss Bessie Elcome, who is the pianist of the school, has an asolutely perfect attendance record for the past fifteen years. When this was announced the applause was most enthusiastic. The school's receipts were $587 57.

Resolutions Adopted.

Two resolutions were passed during the evening, one presented by Mr. Walter Garbutt and seconded by Chief Thompson, expressing regret at the unavoidable absence of Mr. T. F. Matthews, the treasurer of the building and interest fund, whose business engagements have made it necessary for him to spend some weeks in Toronto, and whose report was read by another. His return to Peterborough now that peace is declared will be most welcome. The second resolution was moved by Mr. A. J. Madill, B.A., and seconded by Mr. F. M. Somerville, B.A., and carried with it the highest appreciation of the services rendered by the choir.

Officers Elected.

The officers elected were as follows:

The retiring deacons were unanimously chosen to serve for another three years, Messrs. H. G. Webber, T. Distin and C. B. Routley. There are twelve deacons and three retire each year.

The clerk, who has served faithfully for several years, was asked to continue his splendid work.

The other elections resulted as follows:

Treasurer—F. M. Somerville, B.A.

Treas., Building Fund — T. F. Matthews.

Financial Secretary—R. Merrell.

Assistants—A. W. Wray, W. S. Hiner, T. Distin, W. Hardill, Miss Bessie Gillespie, Miss Mary Stratton.

Treas. Fellowship Fund—Dr. W. D. Scott.

Chairman Music Committee—W. R. Breyfogle. To this committee the name of Dr. J. A. Morgan was added.

Finance Committee—L. J. Pettit, B.A. (chairman), R. E. Harding, W. R. Breyfogle, D. W. Lewis, A. W. Wray, Dr. Scott, Gordon Matthews, Dr. Mann, H. Johnston, D. Thompson.

The following were added to the committee of ushers—Jos. Wearing, W. A. Boyce, H. Johnston, Geo. Hardwicke, D. W. Lewis, Thos. Waller.

Ladies' Baptismal Committee—Mrs. Cottingham, Mrs. Pringle, Mrs. W. Montgomery, Mrs. Lapp, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. R. C. Read.

Nicholls Hospital—W. Aldridge.

Protestant Home—Mrs. C. B. Routley.

Reception Committee — Mayor Duncan, P. J. Cunningham, E. Brumwell, E. Scott.

Pew Allocation Committee — Dr. Scott, W. Aldridge, H. G. Webber and representation from ushers' committee.

To write associational letter—T. G. Gillespie.

Auditors—C. L. Browne, B.A., J. Graham, B.A.

Rep. to Charity Board—Jas. Montgomery.

At the close of the election of officers M. V. Eastwood and Mr. H. G. Webber spoke, congratulating the ladies on their success in securing the lecture of Dr. T. T. Shields on "The Fall of Lucifer" for February 17th. Mr. T. F. Matthews wrote, saying he had heard the lecture the second time it was delivered in Toronto and felt that the ladies of Murray Street were rendering the people of Peterborough a real service in introducing Dr. Shields.

A motion of thanks to those who had provided the tea was presented by Messrs. C. B. Routley and R. E. Harding.

HEAT GRADUALLY

Casseroles and other pottery dishes should never be placed in a very hot oven or on a hot stove without first being warmed a little. A sudden change of temperature may cause them to crack.

TIMELY TIPS

The old fashioned Indian pudding baked with beef suet might well be revived.

The most inexpensive and dainty bed-room curtains are made from cheesecloth.

Cauliflower can be served with rings of carrots cut in fine straws around it.

A bread sponge made with yeast is light enough to use when it is full of bubbles.

A flannel bag filled with hot sand or salt is a good substitute for a hot water bag.

Sandwiches made of brown bread filled with honey and chopped walnuts are delicious.

OILING MACHINES

Many women oil ther sewing machines frequently and carefully, as they should, but they forget to put a big drop of oil once a month in each end of the treadle. The machine runs with one-third the expenditure of effort if this is regularly done.

Ye Olde Firme.

Covering Over 60 Years of Canadian History

..The.. Heintzman & Co. Art Piano

GRAND UPRIGHT OR PLAYER

has been on record as the piano de-luxe—the one outstanding piano of the Canadian Musical World. In times of war and times of peace it has had no peer.

The artist who will and must have, by virtue of his position and standing, only the best, is the user of a Heintzman & Co. Piano. It possesses the artist tone.

Showroom HEINTZMAN HALL George and Hunter Sts. PETERBOROUGH

PRESENTATION TO S. S. WORKERS

MESSRS. KITNEY AND KENT EACH GIVEN A TEACHER'S BIBLE.

The Treasure Seekers' Adult Bible Class of St. James' Sunday School, met on Tuesday night, Jan. 28, at the home of Mr. Andrew Kent, 67 Lansdowne street, for general business and election of officers and a social evening. Rev. B. Greatrix lead in prayer. The election of officers was as follows.

Hon. President—Mr. C. Kitney.

President—Mr. A. Kent.

1st vice president—Mr. H. C. Robinson.

Teacher—Mr. J. O. Fife.

Ass't Secretary—M. J. Manley.

Treasurer—Mr. J. Arthur.

Librarians—Mrs. James Palmer and Mrs. J. G. Plunkett.

Social committee—Mrs. A. Wilson, Mrs. R. J. Bannon, Mrs. J. Saunderville, Mrs. A. Rose, Mrs. J. Cuffe, Mrs. F. Manley.

Membership committee—Mrs. A. Rose, Mrs. J. Palmer, Mrs. H. C. Robertson, Mrs. S. Monks.

The business session over a very pleasing event then took place when Mr. J. O. Fife with a few words of address presented Mr. C. Kitney and Mr. Kent with a Teachers' Bible each. Taken by surprise they thanked the class for the kindness and thoughtfulness towards them. After a few words by the Sunday School Superintendent, Mr. A. E. Prest, and by the Rev. B. Greatrix the ladies served lunch. A very enjoyable and social time was spent.

Master A. Fife and Miss Nellie Payne, each sang a solo and Miss Alice Parker gave a solo on the violin.

Mrs. and Mrs. G. Cuffe sang a duet. The class then dispersed to their various homes after spending a pleasant evening.

Doing it Early—And Late.

"Mrs. Bargins is forever on the go."

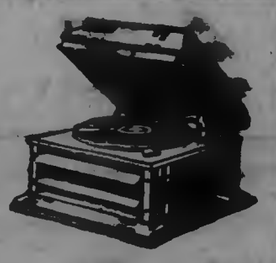
"I should say so. Why, home for her is merely a temporary shelter between shopping tours."

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

The Tie That Binds



THE influence of music in the home cannot be overestimated. Think! Wouldn't every member of the family insist on being home if Alice Neilson was going to sing in your parlor next Wednesday? The most important event you can think of wouldn't keep them away.

Alice Neilson will visit your home—not once, but every evening on your Columbia. She, or some other famous singer, will sing your favorite songs, but that isn't all. Charlie may be fond of Creator's Band, Mary may have a friend in France and long for military Music, little Billie would just love "Little Red Riding Hood." You can please them all.

The long winter evenings have no dread for the family which owns

A COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

In the past possibly the lack of entertainment at home has been a source of worry to you. The Columbia has solved many a father's problem, as it will for you.

Tomorrow you will be passing our store—drop in and ask for Miss Le Barr who will show you the different styles and give a thorough demonstration of the Columbia Grafonola. Come in any time.

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC CO., LIMITED

The Home of Good Music

CHARLOTTE STREET. PETERBORO

Branches at Kingston, Belleville, Lindsay, etc.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch extra each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Wright, 466 Weller street.

WANTED—Two experienced waitresses; $25.00 month, room and board, good home. Apply Elamure Restaurant, Lindsay.

TWO YOUNG LADIES CAN BE accomodated with room and board. Can have use of phone and piano. Apply 306 Burnham.

TO RENT.

HOUSE TO LET—Modern; immediate possession; 176 Antrim street. Apply Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Barry Bldg.

LOST.

LOST—On George or Hunter Street, long black leather purse containing sum of money. Finder kindly leave at Review office.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two umbrellas last night of storm on George street. Apply Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN MONEY TO LOAN At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY MONEY TO LOAN. Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Patent, Trademark and Copyright applications receive special attention.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA C. WASHBURN Osteopath Physician. Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 134 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

HARD COAL EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA H. B. TAYLOR & SON 160 AYLMER ST. Phone 209

COAL ...AND... Builders' Supplies Hardwood Flooring! Robt. Hicks & Co. LIMITED

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2053 D. M. MINICOLA Best Fruit— Cheap Best Vegetables Reasonable Best Groceries At Right Prices 410½ GEORGE STREET Bell Phone 930

Sir Edmund Osler, in his address at the annual meeting of the Dominion Bank yesterday, predicted a setback in Canada for the near future

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING Barristers, Solicitors. 408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON County Crown Attorney. Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets Telephone No. 22. Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 416 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment. E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill. MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest. E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment. D. O'Connell J. E. Corkery 184½ Hunter St. Peterborough Telephone 864.

R. R. HALL Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY Silver Medalist, University of Toronto Special attention to diseases of Women and Children. Office: 212 Brock Street. Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST. Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:38 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

THE DOMINION BANK

At the Forty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Dominion Bank, held at the Head Office, in Toronto, on 29th January, 1919, the following Statement of the affairs of the Bank as on the 31st December, 1918, was submitted:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 31st December, 1917		$883,004 84
Profits for the year, after deducting charges of management and making full provision for bad and doubtful debts	$1,168,788 48	
Less Dominion Government War Tax (on circulation) $60,000 00		
Taxes paid to Provincial Governments 23,300 00	83,300 00	
		1,085,488 38
Making net profits of		$1,479,503 22
Which amount has been disposed of as follows:		
Dividends (quarterly) at Twelve per cent. per annum	$720,000 00	
Contribution to Toronto and York Co. Patriotic Association and Canadian Red Cross Society $25,000 00		
Contribution to Navy League of Canada 10,000 00		
Contribution to Catholic Army Huts Campaign 1,000 00		
Contribution to Y.M.C.A. Red Triangle Fund 2,000 00	38,000 00	
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	25,000 00	
	783,000 00	
Written off Bank Premises	250,000 00	
	1,033,000 00	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	446,503 22	
		$1,479,503 22

GENERAL STATEMENT

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in		$6,000,000 00
Reserve Fund	$7,000,000 00	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	446,503 22	
Dividend No. 145, payable 2nd January, 1919	180,000 00	
Former Dividends unclaimed	3,690 00	
		7,630,193 22
Total Liabilities to Shareholders		$13,630,193 22
Notes in Circulation	9,858,533 00	
Due to Dominion Government	11,000,000 00	
Deposits not bearing interest $33,843,584 77		
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date 62,264,126 61		
	96,107,711 38	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	1,131,994 04	
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	1,082,594 94	
Bills Payable	80,830 00	
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	305,816 76	
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	383,171 94	
Total Public Liabilities		119,876,081 76
		$133,506,274 98

ASSETS

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 1,940,780 53	
Dominion Government Notes	13,473,408 00	
Deposit with Central Gold Reserves	4,000,000 00	
Notes of other Banks	1,037,315 49	
Cheques on other Banks	4,995,232 10	
Balances due by other Banks in Canada	7,779 15	
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	2,443,465 46	
	$28,497,980 73	
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value	9,906,508 15	
Canadian Municipal Securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	13,000,830 84	
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	2,376,225 95	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	8,408,800 29	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans elsewhere than in Canada	1,269,403 93	
		$63,539,849 59
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)	64,092,006 46	
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)	26,782 15	
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra	305,816 76	
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	11,470 43	
Overdue Debts (estimated loss provided for)	85,805 91	
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off	5,128,854 04	
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the Circulation Fund	304,500 00	
Mortgages on Real Estate sold	22,589 61	
		69,977,425 39
		$133,506,274 98

E. B. OSLER, *President*. C. A. BOGERT, *General Manager*.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

We have compared the above Balance Sheet with the books and accounts at the Chief Office of The Dominion Bank, and the certified returns received from its Branches, and after checking the cash and verifying the securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches on December 31st, 1918, we certify that, in our opinion, such Balance Sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of our information, the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

In addition to the examinations mentioned, the bank and securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches were checked and verified by us at another time during the year and found to be in accord with the books of the Bank.

All information and explanations required have been given to us and all transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have, in our opinion, been within the powers of the Bank

G. T. CLARKSON } of Clarkson, Gordon & R. J. DILWORTH } Dilworth, C.A.

TORONTO, January 21st, 1919.

But few men can stand prosperity. Nothing circulates so rapidly as a secret. when it comes.

IRREGULAR ATTENDANCE

(Continued from Page 3.)

cally with a view to better educational results.

The person who desires to do so may interpret this report as a pessimistic screed—as a presentation of the darker aspects of our school activities. It is certainly meant as an honest attempt to present things as they are. That our rural schools are giving the rural communities the services they should and would, under different organization give that the rural still is getting as efficient an education as that afforded to the city child; that school sentiment and school progress are advancing as rural as in urban communities no one will for a moment claim. I hope to see a speedy remedy of rural conditions; and I believe that the remedy lies in the direction of rural consolidated schools.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, G. E. BRODERICK

LABOR UNION FOR NEWSPAPERMEN

WRITERS ON MONTRAEL PRESS FORM ORGANIZATION TO RAISE SALARIES.

Montreal, Jan. 30.—Ever since the war started, Montreal newspapermen have been discontented with the condition of their employment. While the cost of living increased rapidly and wages and salaries in other lines were advanced, their emoluments either remained stationary or were reduced. No working newspaperman in Montreal today is receiving what in other lines would be considered a living wage. Every senior man maintains his position in the social fabric by the extra money he makes out of sidelines varying in character from theatrical publicity to Sunday sermons.

By agreement between the English newspapers an employe of one newspaper will not be taken on the staff of another without the acquiescence of his present employer. In this way the low level of wages is preserved.

English newspapermen have contented themselves with muttering over these deplorable conditions, although delegations have discussed them with the heads of labor unions, with prominent labor organizers and an eminent government official whose business it is to investigate working conditions.

They are few in number and have found in previous attempts to form organizations that the majority of the men were afraid or indifferent, consequently no definite step was taken.

With their French-Canadian confreres things moved more quickly A greater spirit of unity and esprit de corps prevails among them. When the question of forming a union was mooted it met with universal support. Arrangements were gone right ahead with, and the support of the Typographical Union was promised. The result was a meeting called last Saturday afternoon which a delegation of a dozen English newspapermen attended. It was unanimously decided by the French-Canadians to form a union. Gilbert Larue, editor of L'Autorite, was elected president, and Paul DeMartigny, financial editor of La Patrie, was chosen secretary. Both are enthusiastic newspapermen.

The English representatives remained spectators, but carried the news back to their confreres, and it is more than likely these will follow suit.

Many of the senior newspapermen favor a Dominion-wide organization on the lines of the National Union of Journalists which has done so much for the working newspapermen in the United Kingdom.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Jan. 30.—Live stock receipts were very light, trade slow with weaker tendency in some lines.

Choice export cattle	$14.00	$15.00
Medium butcher	8.00	8.75
Feeding steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	8.00	9.50
Lambs	14.00	14.65
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.00	16.25
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.00	15.25
Calves	15.00	16.00

The trend of Canadian stock markets was downward yesterday, in sympathy with New York.

Edward Overholt slipped and fell out of the rear vestibule of a trailer car near Thorold when attempting to move inside on instructions from the conductor, and was fatally injured.

SEATTLE OFFICER TELLS OF TROUBLE

COLLINS WAS NEARLY DOWN AND OUT—GAINS 25 POUNDS BY TAKING TANLAC

"A medicine that will do as much for suffering people as this Tanlac has done for me is certainly worth recommending to the public and I can't say too much for it," said John W. Collins, of 1214 East Columbia Street, Seattle, while in a Bartell drug store, recently. Mr. Collins has been a resident of Seattle for the past thirteen years, and is a popular member of the police force.

"When I began taking Tanlac," Mr. Collins continued, "I weighed only one hundred and fifty pounds and was in such a bad condition that I could not control my beat. But, I now weigh one hundred and seventy-five pounds—have gained twenty-five pounds, and am feeling fine. I have had trouble with my stomach for several years. Nearly everything I would eat disagreed with me. My food would almost invariably sour and keep me filled with gas and misery most all the time. Then some time ago I had a fall of about thirty feet which came near putting me out of commission. On top of this I had an attack of grippe and I simply got to where I was just about down and out. My whole body seemed full of neuralgia and rheumatism and I ached all over. Every joint in me ached and the pain in the left side of my back over my kidneys was so severe at time that I could hardly stand it. Nothing did me any good and finally I just had to give up my position, stop working entirely and do nothing but try to find relief. My sleep was very poor and I kept falling off in weight until I got down to one hundred and fifty pounds.

"Then I got uneasy about my condition, went to Colorado and stayed there for a while but never did get any better until I began taking Tanlac, and then I commenced climbing right up. I have used six bottles now and have gotten rid of all that neuralgia and rheumatism entirely and never feel an ache or a pain. My appetite is great and my stomach is in such a good shape that I can eat just anything I want without the least trouble afterwards. I now sleep like a log every night and am in splendid condition in every way. I'm going back to work tomorrow, and I cheerfully recommend Tanlac to everybody."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

THE DANGER THAT

(Continued from Page 3.)

bread is well wrapped up, they cannot get at the loaf.

But the maturing of bread is caused by enzymes which are in the loaf itself—and ordinary baking does not kill these—unless too long kept up. When the loaf cools sufficiently they begin to work, and every day the tissue of the loaf gets better, more easily digestible, shorter in fibre, and in every way easier for the stomach to handle. This is called "maturing"—and is why bread some days old is more conducive to health than fresh bread, being more easily digested.

At this season of the year those distributing the bread wear mitts—which are several shades worse than the bare hands; for the hands were washed occasionally—but the mutts never are: and yet thye are used in handling the harness and the horse; and receive and retain all the stable filth for the benefit of the poor clean loaf.

How long? Oh good people of Peterboro? How long?

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 3 Retail Stores. Phones 183, 381, 397.

Reeve Jos. Weber of Neustadt was arrested on five charges of using seditious language and attempting to impede the operation of the M. S. A. He went to attend the county council at Owen Sound and was arrested after the first day's session.

The Grand Trunk Pacific bonds, aggregating over five millions, have all been sold.

One great trouble with the average man is that when he gets started he doesn't know when to stop.

Children's Aid Society of Peterborough City and County FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN G. W. FOWELL Asst. Secretary and Inspector Office, 588 George St. Phone 1044w Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co. Real Estate and Insurance Automobile Licenses District Agents for Security Life FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, store, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and PITTSTON COAL IS THE BEST Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL WEIR & McCARTHY COAL DEALERS 111 Hunter Street, East City Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Mixed Wood $10 per cord Hard Wood $13 per cord Cutting and Splitting Extra Hard Coal Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton Also Egg Stove and Nut. Now in Stock. J. E. A. FITZGERALD Phone 111

Piano Tuning Phone 595 The GREENE MUSIC Co.

LUMBER Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood. Alf. McDonald Estate

Orders for Coal taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk. Store and Apartment to rent. LOW & COMPANY 262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St. Phone 697 Nights and Holidays 396

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP Don't throw away a pound of it, I will buy all you can gather. WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE. FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and DO IT NOW Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city. GEO. STEVENS 364 MARK STREET TELEPHONE No. 1380w

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

MRS. DE PEYSTER JUST PHONED AN SAID SHE'S COMIN RIGHT OVER TO SEE YOU-
HURRAH! SHE'S THE LEADER OF SOCIETY HERE
WE'LL HAVE TO HURRY AN FIX UP FOR HER
WE? YOU ARE NOT GOING TO MEET HER YOU AREN'T UP ENOUGH IN SOCIAL AFFAIRS TO TALK TO HER
YOU HURRY AND GET OUT OF HERE I DON'T WANT HER TO EVEN SEE YOU
WELL THAT'S JUST WHAT I THOUGHT
TRICKED!!!! I MIGHT HAVE KNOWN HE WAS LYING TO ME - I DIDN'T HEAR THE PHONE RING
3 HOURS LATER

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Business Men's 10 Pin League Starts Next Week—League Meeting Next Friday Night.

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

SOME TROTTING RECORDS FOR THE SEASON OF 1918

Return of Peace Makes Prospects Brighter for the Sport of Kings.

The advent of the New Year finds the sport of harness racing confronted with much brighter conditions than obtained a year ago when the prospects of a long war made the outlook dubious for all branches of sport. Results proved that there was no ground for the general pessimism which was prevalent among horsemen previous to the advent of the 1918 racing season which was one of the best in the history of the sport, but the feeling was general that a continuance of the war through 1919 would bring about a big curtailment if not the entire abandonment of racing activities. Now all this uncertainty has pneen done away with and the confidence in the future of the sport has been reflected in the prices which have been paid for all classes of horses at the auctions of the past few weeks.

The fast trotting classes of the Grand Circuit, which the presence of that great trio of trotters, Mabel Trask, St. Frisco and Lu Princeton have made worth while during the past two seasons, do not promise as much for the coming season. St. Frisco, that greatest of all racing stallions, has passed on; Mabel Trask is likely to be absent and while the "clown trotter," Lu Princeton, should be better than ever, it now appears that he will lack opponents of the calibre to make a race interesting. The four-year-old champion, Miss Bertha Dillon, made a few starts the past season and possesses plenty of class but she was lame late in the season and may not be seen at the races the coming summer.

There were but two trotters in the 2.06 division of 1918 which took records that graduated them into the free-for-all class the past season—ante Guy, 2.03 1-2 and Binthand 2.03 3-4—and the latter is another which will not be trained, so the only new one to dispute with Lu Princeton for the past class honors is the great mare from the Murphy stable. She is one which came to her extreme speed rapidly; she looked like a good 2.06 up to the second week of the September meeting at Columbus; then she trotted in 2.04 1-4, and the followng week reduced his mark to 2.03 1-2 in winning the Walnut Hall Cup at Lexington. She also seemed to develop quickly that marvelous "whiz" so necessary in a trotter with championship aspiration; she could reel off a quarter in 29 seconds at the end of a fast mile. She was handicapped somewhat by not being able to get away from the wire as fast as some trotters, but this will not be as much of a handicap in racing in the fast classes where the fields are small as it was in the stake events, where there were usually ten or a dozen starters.

For the 2.05 and 2.06 classes the past season developed a lot of performers of class. By the records the fastest of these is the sensationally fast but equally erratic mare Esperanza, which took a record of 2.03 1-2 in the Transylvania Stake at Lexington last fall, that mile being the record for the event. As this was not a winning race, it does not affect her eligibility, her winning race record of 2.04 1-2 having been obtained in the record-breaking six-heat battle for the Fort Miami Stake at Toledo last July.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

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PHONES 270-362

East Lawns Win From De Lavals

Last night at the Water street alleys, in the "B" League, the East Lawn bowlers took two out of three games from De Laval. Pratt for the Lawn Bowlers was high with 482. For De Laval Barrette was high with 555, and French was next man to top the 500 mark. The scores:

De Laval.				
Armstrong	151	99	112	362
Lafave	197	120	127	444
Farrow	119	201	146	466
French	185	157	177	519
Barrette	212	211	132	555
Totals	864	788	694	2346

East Lawn.				
McLeod	131	196	112	439
McLean	138	157	150	430
Elliott	167	148	156	471
Pratt	149	153	180	482
Everett	100	154	131	385
Totals	680	808	729	2207

Tonight the Eko Club will play the Maple Leafs.

PETERBORO WINS GAME AT WHITBY

FAST AND CLOSE INTERESTS RESULTS IN 9-7 VICTORY FOR VISITORS.

Whitby, Jan. 30.—In spite of wintery ice, one of the fastest games seen here in some time was played last night between Whitby Military Hospital and Peterboro intermediates. The game was very close throughout and, with the exception of the first period when eleven goals were tallied, little scoring was done. O'Connor in goal for Whitby and Lavery on the defense were the local stars. The teams:—

Whitby—Goal, O'Connor; defense McKay and Lavery; centre, Cook; wings Bunting and Sarles. Substitutes—McDonald and Parker.

Peterboro—Goal, Legros; defense Helpin and Vass; centre Murphy; wings, Landrieu and Hodgins. Substitutes—Rose and Jackson.

Referee—L. Marsh.

OTHER COUNTY COUNCILS ASK FOR COOPERATION

Eastern Counties Condemn Daylight Saving Plan —Interesting Exchange of Letters With Crown Attorney Hatton.

Yesterday afternoon the time of the County Council was chiefly occupied with committee work and the hearing of communications.

Representatives of the Y.M.C.A. National Council will wait upon the Council in connection with the Red Triangle Fund, according to a letter received.

A copy of a resolution passed by the City Council of Kingston was read. It requisitioned the Government to have all aliens deported from the country, after the signing of a final peace agreement. Endorsement was asked for the motion.

Resolution calling upon the Government for action were sent by Peel County Council favoring a frontage tax in connection with the maintenance of the good roads system and by the united counties of Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry, pointing out the evils of the daylight saving scheme and asking that it be not again adopted.

The Repatriation Commission communicated with the Council urging upon it its responsibilities in connection with the returning soldier. The City Council of Toronto asked that Peterborough memorialize the Legislature to abolish the Provincial War Tax. A letter from the County Clerk of Hastings drew the attention of the Council to a resolution passed by the Council of that County requesting the Legislature to amend the width of the Tireage Act so as to make the load 400 lbs. per tire much instead of 600 as at present. Co-operation in obtaining this reform was solicited.

Mr. McNaughton resigned his position as high school trustee at Norwood and Mr. John Rorabeck was appointed in his place.

In answer to a letter from County Clerk Elliott the Deputy-Minister of Finance communicated with the Council to the effect that the order-in-council prohibiting municipalities to issue debentures without the consent of the Minister of Finance has been rescinded.

The treasurer of Victoria County notified the Council that on Feb. 6 he had paid the sum of $234.25 to this County as Victoria's share of the expense in connection with repair work.

County Buildings Worth $125,702.

A report was submitted by Messrs. James Graham and James Finnie showing the result of their appraisal of the County buildings:

Main building, including wings	$ 68260 00
Jail, including yard walls	27020 00
Caretaker's residences	8550 00
Registry Office	7800 00
Division Court Clerk's Office	2630 00
Boiler house, including boiler and dust	3344 00
Furniture and vault fittings	7898 00
	$125702 00

Appointing Auditors.

It was decided to leave the appointment of auditors for the County until a full council could decide upon the matter. This question was discussed for some time. A motion submitted by Reeves Squires and Brown named Messrs. Casement and Brault for the position. An amendment by Messrs. Griffith and Matheson, substituted Mr. Burgess for Mr. Brault and an amendment to the amendment provided for the appointment of Mr. J. J. Moore, of Keene, as an assistant for Mr. Casement. The last amendment was placed before the meeting by Reeve Anderson and Eason. Upon a motion, introduced by Reeves Brown and Anderson, the question was shelved for the time being.

Crown Attorney's Case.

Some interesting correspondence in connection with the Hatton dispute was read. The following letter, which is self explanatory, was sent to Mr. Hatton, who replied that owing to the meeting of the Crown Attorneys' Association in Toronto upon the 28th and 29th of the month, he would be unable to be present, as suggested by Mr. Elliott, but expressed the hope that he might be able to meet the Council on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

County Clerk's Letter.

Dear Sir,—

I am authorized by the Warden to request you to meet the Council as a whole at 10.30 a.m., Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, at the Council Chamber, to discuss matters, re accommodations for County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace.

Yours truly,

E. M. ELLIOTT.

Crown Attorney Hatton's Reply.

Dec. 30th, 1918.

To County Clerk Elliott:

Dear Sir,—I have a copy of special minutes of committee, passed by the County Council Dec. 21st, last, with reference to rooms offered us.

Having on Saturday, last, in my interview with the county council, positively refused to accept these three rooms or any of them, I cannot help but have the opinion that the County Council, or those who are dominating it, know that I will not accept these rooms and, in fact, they are hoping that I will not accept them, so that it might be relieved of the responsibility of supplying me with the accommodation that I am entitled to under the Act.

This simply means that I must consider the advisability of bringing another action to prove conclusively and beyond any doubt that these rooms are not justable and this I well feel assured I can do.

I will not undertake to do any work or ask a staff to do its work in rooms that never the year round receives the sunlight, nor in rooms that have the outlook that these have.

I have had stenographers view these rooms and each one declared they would refuse, white or black to work in them.

As a ratepayer, I have every right to suggest that if these rooms are, in the opinion of the Council, suitable for the Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace, they cannot be objectionable to the County Clerk and I presume that they are available for his use.

I will require payment for office accommodation until some is supplied by the County, from July last, the date the writ was issued.

(Sgd.) E. M. HATTON.

Mr. Hatton's Ultimatum.

Peterborough, Jan. 21, 1918.

Mr. E. M. Elliott,

County Treasurer, Peterborough.

Dear Sir,—I beg to notify the County Council that rooms not having been offered me in the Court House that are suitable to do my work as Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace, I now beg to give your formal notice to furnish me with proper accommodation in accordance with the terms of the judgment without further delay, and further take notice that I intend to charge expenses incurred by me since the issue of the writ in Hatton verses Peterborough. Further take notice that I am about to enter into a new lease for suitable offices and that this lease will be for a term of not less than 5 years as my [illegible] improvements unless I take a lease for a term of years. I will, of course, look to the County to reimburse me for the whole of the rent that I must pay to obtain suitable offices.

(Sgd.) E. W. HATTON.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence)

Omemee, Jan. 30.—The Soldiers' Aid Society shipped to Red Cross headquarters on Jan. 28 164 pairs stocks, 6 pairs drawers, 12 baby jackets, 6 petticoats, 10 suits combinations, 19 suits pyjamas, 5 dresses, 3 quilt, 4 girls' petticoats, 1 woman's skirt, 1 baby shirt. To this shipment Mrs. McCrea donated 15 pairs socks, Miss Curry, 4 personal property bags. Special mention should be given the donation sent in by the East Emily Society, which consisted of 81 pairs socks, 17 suits pyjamas, 8 underskirts, 12 child's combinations, 7 night dresses, 7 princess slips, 3 quilts, 1 lady's underskirts. Father Galvin's congregation knit 11 pairs of socks from Red Cross wool.

A NEIL, Secretary.

Mrs. Mulligan is spending a few days in Peterboro.

Miss Fehr was a visitor to Peterboro last week.

Sergt. Harold Cunningham is visiting friends at Oshawa.

Pte. Lowery Brooks returned to Whitby Military Hospital on Tuesday after spending the week-end with his parents.

Mr. Reid, of Cannington, was a business visitor to Omemee last week.

Influenza is on the wane in village and country-side and the people in general are wearing a happy smile again. School re-opened on Monday with a fair attendance.

Congratulations are in order for Mr. Albert Jones, an old Omemee boy who last week joined the ranks of the benedicts, Miss Elva Raper, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Raper, of Peterboro, being the happy bride. The wedding taking place in Knox Church, Peterboro, Rev. J. A. MacKenzie being the officiating minister.

The bride wore a travelling suit of navy blue with taupe satin hat and mink furs, the gift of the groom. Miss Marie Easson was bridesmaid, while Mr. Robert Grandy, of Omemee, ably assisted the groom.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones are spending a short honeymoon in Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo, and on their return will reside at 546 Stewart street, Peterboro.

The people of Omemee extend hearty congratulations, and all good wishes for a long and happy wedded life.

Miss McCewan, of Martintown, returned on Tuesday morning to her duties as principal of our Public School.

Mrs. Elmer Shaw and Miss Martin Cottingham left last week for their new home in Oshawa.

Reeves Parsons, of Omemee, and Wilson, of Emily, are attending County Council in Lindsay this week.

The Leabonen Church will unite with the Omemee Methodist Church for quarterly service next Sunday morning. A special effort is being made to have a full attendance from every home.

The many friends of Miss Millard will be pleased to learn that she is now on the highway to recovery.

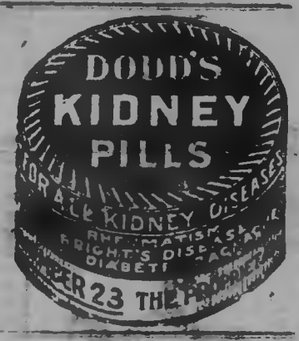
SPORTING

Competition in District Cup Group No. 4 at Barrie yesterday resulted in Barrie Pilots winning from Collingwood in the final by two shots.

Chas. Courtney, the seventy-year-old coach of the Cornell crews, who retired last fall, has consented to coach the crews again this season.

Kitchener, Allan Cup holders, by defeating St. Patrick's here last night by 6 to 2, go into a tie with the Irish team for their senior group title.

The older a lamb grows the more sheepish he becomes.



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Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

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Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

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Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

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Peterborough

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Just Two More Days

No Reduction Afterwards

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There is a knack in selecting just the right kind of Eyeglasses to suit your individual needs. It is in this selection that we excel, as well as in fitting the lenses. Consult W. H. LACEY, Optometrist, 416 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DANCE IN VICTORIA HALL

Thursday evening, January 30th, under auspices of L. O. L. No. 2460. Three-piece orchestra. Refreshments. Admission—Gentlemen, 50c; Ladies, 25c.

NOTICE

Dr. Eastwood's office will be closed until May 1. Accounts may be settled at the Dominion Bank.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pounds, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., 8 Retail Stores... Phones 188, 331, 397.

NOTICE

Open meeting in the T.A.S. Hall, Friday, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp. Several excellent speakers will address the meeting, including W. H. Harper, machinists; J. Noble, electrical workers; John Bruce, steam-fitters; J. Kennedy, sheet-metal workers, and J. Marsh, carpenters.

Remember the date, Jan. 31st, at 8 o'clock sharp.

NOTICE

The boy scouts of St. James' church are requested to meet in the school room on Friday at 7.30. A full attendance is requested.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

We are now in the market for the purchase of Oats only. Highest market price paid. Entrance at west side of plant from Hunter street.

The Quaker Oats Company

EVERYONE FOND OF SCOTCH

The selection of Victor Records in the Victrola parlors of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter sts., includes a wide range of Scotch music. Any of these will please you and will gladly be played for you on request. "Loch Lomond," "Annie Laurie," "Songs of Scotland," "Mary of Argyle."

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

Temple Songsters are requested to be at practice at 7.45 this evening. Please be on time.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. A. H. Stratton returned to Peterborough last evening after having spent some time at Smoothe Rock Falls. Mrs. Spence, who was with her during the visit, will not return to the city until later.

Mrs. MacFoley, of Havelock, was the hostess of a progressive euchre on Tuesday evening in honor of her brother, Lance-Corp. Herrington, who returned after four years active service.

She was assisted by Miss Josephine Barrett and Miss Rose Masterson, of Toronto.

The ladies' prize was won by Miss M. Crowe and the gentlemen's prize by Lieut. S. Holcombe, while the consolation prizes fell to Mrs. McCann and Mr. Don Barnett, of Toronto.

Among the guests present were four returned heroes. After indulging in euchre and dancing, the guests were entertained by Lance-Corp. Pollock with recitals of some thrilling experiences enacted while on service, and music, songs and recitations.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. Vincent Eastwood entertained at her home the executive of the 57th Regiment Chapter, I.O.D.E., on which occasion the retiring Regent, Mrs. J. H. Eastwood, was presented with a life member's pin prior to her departure for California for the remainder of the winter. Vocal solos were rendered by Misses Florence Scott and Lillian Eastwood, which added considerably to the pleasure of the evening.

The sweater, donated by the Regent, was drawn for, and Mrs. Dolby, 267 Charlotte street, is the holder of the lucky number.

The ladies' auxiliary to the Great War Veterans' Association announce an informal dance and card party in the Empress Hotel on Friday, Feb. 21st. Admission by ticket only.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cookman arrived in the city on the 3.35 train yesterday afternoon and were entertained at the home of Sergt. and Mrs. A. W. Slade. Constable Cookman is a member of the local Police Force and was married in Ottawa on Saturday to Miss Mary Scrymgeour, a nursing sister in the Imperial Army.

Social Evening At "Holmwood Hall"

"Holmwood Hall" was the scene of a delightful social on Wednesday evening given under the auspices of the Girls' Auxiliary of St. John's Church.

About eighty people enjoyed the progressive euchre, after which dainty refreshments were served. During the evening vocal solos by Mrs. A. L. Amys and Mr. T. Ward were very much enjoyed, as was also a violin solo by Mrs. Foster. The prize winners at cards were as follows:

First prize, ladies, Mrs. T. Ward.

Consolation prize, ladies — Miss Dolby.

First prize, gentlemen, Mr. Caffe.

Consolation prize, gentlemen, Mr. Touchbourne.

Special prize for most lone hands, Mrs. P. Lang.

The girls of the auxiliary all felt their pleasure complete in the presence of their president, Mrs. W. E. Conway, who was with them for the first time since her recovery from a serious illness.

Before the gathering dispersed, a hearty vote of thanks was given to Mrs. J. Holmes for her kindness in opening her home to the club and their friends.

AUCTION SALE

Hancock's tomorrow afternoon, quartered oak dining suit, buffett, 3 dining tables, 12 dining chairs, rockers, parlor suit, Davenport, 3 iron beds, 3 dressers, Singer machine kitchen cabinet, 2 new ranges, 3 heaters, high chair, 10 player piano records, 10 bags potatoes, kitchen utensils, music cabinet, etc., etc.

DON'T MISS THIS.

There was a big crowd at last night's show at the Royal Theatre. This program will be shown for the last time tonight. It includes special feature pictures, comedies and dramas. Do not miss this big show. Admission only sixteen cents.

REV. R. HADDON AGAIN

Services in St. Andrew's Church will be conducted on Sunday next by Rev. Dr. Haddow, Editor of the Presbyteria, who preached there last Sunday.

OBITUARY

LILLIAN MAY THOMPSON
(Millbrook Reporter.)

In every day life as in war death is no respector of persons, the brightest and best being called upon to submit to the dominion of the last enemy. There was general sorrow when one of the promising young women of the community was laid low with illness in the person of Lillian May Thompson, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson, just east of town, but when the saddest of all dispensations was received from the house of mourning there was thereasel heart-breaking and a general whisper of emotional condolence. Lillian belonged to Millbrook no less than to Cavan, her school and Sunday School days being passed in our midst and her modest and cheerful disposition endearing her to all who knew her. To the bereaved father and mother, brothers and sisters what can be said to give comfort and hope in their dark days of grief, only the one message that is always writ in golden letters and scintillates from the firmament of God's handiwork, "The house of many Mansions is prepared and ready for all, and yet there is room." Pneumonia was the disease that took her from the family circle, and on Monday her remains were followed by many friends and neighbors to the Presbyterian cemetery where she was laid to rest. Rev. Wm. Higgs took charge of the services in the absence of Rev. Dr. Lee, minister of the family who was in Montreal. Gone, but not forgotten is Lillian May Thompson, but we hope to meet again where sorowr and anguish are unknown and parting is no more.

GORDON B. HUGHES

Gordon Bruce Hughes, until recently a resident of this city, died yesterday morning in Vancouver, at the home of his sister, Mrs. J. Colin Grant, after a short illness, in his 37th year.

Mr. Hughes was a son of the late James L. Hughes of Peterborough and was in the offices of the Canadian General Electric Company, here, for over twelve years. Two months ago he went to Vancouver, where he had a splendid position and it was intended that his family should join him there in a short time.

His sudden death came as a great shock to his many friends here, and deep sympathy is felt for the wife, who was formerly Miss Clara Belleghem and the two little children, Gordon aged 10 and Norma aged 3.

Two brothers and two sisters of the deceased reside in Vancouver. They are Mrs. J. Colin Grant, Mrs. Robert Sharpe, and Messrs Howard and Andrew Hughes.

The remains will be brought to Peterborough for interment. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

MR. GORDON LONG

Mr. Gordon Long, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Long of this city passed away in the hospital at Cobalt yesterday after a long illness of pneumonia. The parents are at present in Cobalt where they went to be with their son after he was taken seriously ill.

Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

MRS. ROWAND BETTER.

Mr. R. Lees Receives Letter From Minister of St. Andrew's.

Mr. R. Lees yesterday received a letter from Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, who with Mrs. Rowand went to Minneapolis at Christmas to attend the wedding of their son and where Mrs. Rowand has since been seriously ill with the flu. The letter states that Mrs. Rowand is much better and that they will probably return to Peterborough next week.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Plumbers and Fitters will be held in the Labor Hall this evening, Jan. 30th, at 8 o'clock. Organizer Bruce will address the meeting.

DR. HAROLD LEES

Local Young Man Passes Final in Medicines.

Among the successful students at the final examination in medicine for the special war session at Queen's University, is Mr. Harold H. Lees, son of School Inspector Lees. The students in this class have worked continuously since the beginning of their course, with a view to preparing for war service as quickly as possible. The many friends of Dr. Lees in the city will be glad to hear of his success.

Proverb Reputed.

"There is no fool like an old fool."

"I don't know. There's the young fool that marries an old fool."

Epworth League In Convention

Delegates from every circuit in the Peterboro district met in George St. Methodist Church for the annual convention of Epworth Leagues and other young people's societies. The President, Rev. Andrew McLauchlin of Pontypool, welcomed the delegates and visitors and Rev. R. A. Whattam conducted a devotional half hour of song and bible study.

The report of the District Secretary showed a membership of 1013 active and associate members with a junior League membership of 233. For the support of Rev. Dr. Smith in China $569.00 had been raised during the year and among the resolution passed later was one providing for the circulation among all the leagues of the District of a letter from Dr. Smith.

Report of Leagues

Reports from individual leagues brought out an interesting variety of activities under the five departments. The Junior League of Mark Street reported through the youngest member of the Convention, master Alex Champion, who represented a Junior League membership in that church of 61 boys and girls. From the same church came an interesting report of a Boy Scout organization given by one of the boys of that organization and Senior League delegates told of the success of mission study classes, literary evenings, citizenship programs and consecration services and the round table conference conducted by Rev. Wm. Higgs brought out the fact that under enthusiastic leadership and a carefully planned program of work and study the Epworth League still remains one of the best all round organizations for the winning and training of young people for Christ and the church.

Major Frost's Address

Major Rev. H. A. Frost gave an address on "Comparisons of Mohammedism and Christianity as observed in Egypt and Gallipoli." He said that while there is a considerable likeness in the great doctrines of God and prayer and a future life, these as taught and practised by the followers of Mohammet are material in conception and encourage sensual living. Ritual is observed strictly in the letter but evaded in the spirit, marriage is a purchase of wives and divorce is easy. So much greater is the gift of Christ to the world in example, ideal, and revelation that Christian missionary work has in the Mohemmedan world a most needy field.

Summer School

The Conference Summer School at Albert College in July, 1918, was reported by Rev. W. H. Clark and the Convention elected Miss Elson president of the George Street League, as delegate from Peterboro District to the summer school of 1919.

Rev. F. E. Malott of Trinity Church spoke of "The Epworth League as a training ground for citizenship," Christianity gives the highest ideal and the true motive in patriotism teaching that service and not place and honor should be the aim. The departments of the Epworth League offer a splendid opportunity to develop and train a consecrated intelligent Christian citizenship

Officers Elected

The officers nominated by the Business Committee and elected by the Convention for 1919 are:

Hon. Pres.—Rev. Wm. Higgs, Millbrook.

Pres—Rev. A. McLauchlin, Pontypool.

1st vice pres.—Mr. J. Kenneth, Peterboro.

2nd vice pres.—Miss Mary Elliott, Peterboro.

3rd vice pres.—Miss Eva Jory, Lakefield.

4th vice pres.—Mr. N. J. Ireland, Peterboro.

5th vice pres.—Miss Pearl Burnham, Millbrook.

Secretary—Mr. T. N. D. Kelly, Bridgenorth.

Treasurer—Mr. H. Nellest, Peterboro.

Conference Representative—Rev. M. W. Leigh, B.A., Fraserville.

Social Service Secretary—Rev. A. J. Thomas, B.D., Peterboro.

Missionary Secretary—Rev. R. A. Whattam, B.A., Peterboro.

Religious Education Secretary—Rev. W. H. Clarke, Cavan.

"Youth and Service" Canvasser—Miss M. Sargent, Peterboro.

Tea was served in the dining room of the church and the social hour was much enjoyed. A hearty vote of thanks was extended to the ladies of the Church for their hospitality.

The evening service was a rally of the Leagues of Peterboro local union. Rev. A. J. Thomas presided and after a hearty song service and devotional exercises, Rev. E. Val Telton of Lindsay gave a stirring address on "The Value of simple goodness as revealed and interpreted by Jesus Christ."

A roll call of leagues was answered by a unique response from each of the city leagues and the convention closed by the singing of the hymn, "All hail the power of Jesus' Name."

DOWNEYVILLE

Downeyville, Jan. 30.—The death occurred on Monday of a highly respected and well known resident of Downeyville, in the person of Joseph R. Lucas, aged 66 years. The late Mr. Lucas arose at the accustomed hour on the morning of his death, but a short time afterwards was found in a prostrated condition by the members of his family, who summoned a physician, but the vital spark had fled. The deceased leaves to mourn his departure, his wife, who was formerly Margaret Morrisey, and who is critically ill, and nine sons, Timothy, of Bremely, Mich.; Austin, of Warwood, Duluth; John, Thomas, Joseph, Albert, Charles, Clement and Urbin, of Downeyville; one brother Thomas Lucas, of Downeyville, and one sister, Mrs. David Morrisey, of Lindsay. The deepest heart-felt sympathy is extended the sorrowing wife and family in their sudden and sad bereavement of a loving husband and kind father. The funeral took place Wednesday from his late residence, thence to St. Luke's Church, where the funeral mass was chanted by Rev. P. J. Galvin and Rev. P. J. McGuire, of Peterboro. Interment will take place in St. Luke's vault.

Messrs. Walter Carvell and Eugene O'Neil, who were in a lumber camp all winter, have returned home.

A large crowd attended Mr. Charles Alger's sale, which came off last Wednesday.

Messrs. Austin Lucas, who is a telegraph operator on the C.N.R. in Duluth, Warwood, and Timothy Lucas, who keeps a store in Brimely, Mich., have returned home to see their mother, Mrs. Joseph R. Lucas, who had been ill for the past two weeks.

Mrs. Patrick Herlihey and Miss Ethel Gosselin were in Omemee on Saturday on business.

Mrs. James Lucas, jr., was a Lindsay visitor on Saturday.

Miss Geraldine Murrey was a Sunday evening visitor to Miss Ethel Gosselin.

Misses Madeline Guiry and Ida Murray, who had been home, have returned to renew their former studies in St. Joseph Academy, Lindsay.

Pte. Charles Guard, who had spent the past three years at the front doing marvellous fighting, has returned to his former home at Mr. John Hickey's.

Pte. Peter Perdue, who had been down in Kingston getting his discharge, has returned home.

WORTH KNOWING

Delicious muffins may be made of dried bread crumbs run through the meat chopper.

Every child should eat an apple a day. It will keep the system in good condition.

If one saves a teaspoonful of sugar a day, in one year five pounds will have been saved.

Delicious muffins can be made with boiled rice (the grains must be distinct) and oat flour.

DOLLAR

BARGAINS ALL THIS WEEK

10 lbs. 15c Rice, $1.30, for $1.00
3 lbs. 40c Margarine, $1.20, for .$1.00
15 lbs. 9c Rolled Oats, $1.35, for .$1.00
14 bars 9c Soap, $1.25, for $1.00
10 lbs. G. Sugar with $2 order .$1.00
3 bottles 50c Table Syrup for ...$1.00
10 lbs. Bee Hive (in your dish).$1.00
4 lbs. 20c Prunes and 4 lbs. Raisins $1.00
65c Black Tea, good, 2 lbs. ...$1.00
50c Tea, 5-lb. lots at 54c
6 cans 25c Tomatoes or Corn ..$1.00
3 50c 40 c.p. Tungsten Lamps .$1.00
5 cans 25c Pink Salmon $1.00
4 lbs. 45c Mixed Tea for $1.00
5 H.P. Sauce, worth $1.50 ....$1.00
10 15c Worcester Sauce for $1.00
$1.00 pail and 25c Jar Jam $1.00
6 lb. Salmon Fish, fresh $1.00
11 pkgs. Jello, worth $1.35, for ..$1.00
6 bottles 20c Pickles for $1.00
11 boxes Shoe or Stove Polish ..$1.00
6 yds. 30c Flowered Crepe for ..$1.00
4 yds. 35c White Cotton for ...$1.00
5 yds. 30c White Cotton for ...$1.00
$1.75 Men's Overalls and Smocks.$1.00
$1.50 Boy's Knickers, good, at ..$1.00
3 yds. 40c Ecru Curtain Scrim ..$1.00
2 pair $1.00 Rib Cashmere Hose.$1.00
$2.00 Boy's Sweaters for $1.00
$1.00 yd. Blue Melton, 2 yds. ...$1.00
10 Krinkle Corn Flakes for $1.00
75c Skeins Yarn 2 for $1.00
Dozens of other Bargains.
Cash and Quantity.

R. C. BRAUND

Food Board Licence No. 8-2167
Make Your Phone Earn a $

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT AND FRIDAY

DAILY MATINEE 2:30 EVENING 7:30

HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE

Big "Metro" Special Feature with All-Star Cast

"The House of Mirth"

6 Reels.

FORD STERLING COMEDY; PATHE NEWS; O. HENRY STORY

Vaudeville—Harry and Hattie Bolden in Singing, Dancing, Comedy Piano log. Matinees 10c. Evenings 15c.

Saturday, Feb. 1 Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:15

Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c
Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c
Seats Now on Sale

Frank Evans and John King, of Port Dover, were badly scorched and a horse was singed almost bare, when a tractor they were driving broke a gas main and the gas escaping took fire from the firebox.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of the County of Peterborough.

IN THE ESTATE OF ALFRED SMITH, late of the Township of Smith, in the County of Peterborough, farmer, private, No 195285 of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Sec. 121, R.S.O., 1914, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Alfred Smith, who died on or about the thirtieth or thirty-first day of October, 1917, at the Battle of Passchendaele Ridge, in Belgium, are required on or before the third day of March, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Edward A. Sanderson, of the said Township of Smith, farmer, R. R. No. 1, Peterborough, Ontario, the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses, full particulars in writing of their claims, statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after the said third day of March, 1919, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate of the said deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Peterborough, this twenty-ninth day of January, 1919.

A. E. DIXON,
327½ George St., Peterborough.
Solicitor for said Executor

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

DIED.

PERRY—At St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, Margaret D. Perry, wife of Harold A. Perry, 454 Mark street, city. Interment at St. John's, N.B.

VICTORY BONDS

bought for

—CASH—

Part or fully paid.

—We Sell—

Fire, Life, Accident Insurance, Government, Corporation Victory Bonds.

Hughson Johnstone

Peterboro Security Co.

PHONE 958. 421 GEORGE ST.

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

Unreserved Auction Sale

OF 75 HEAD OF

GRADE CATTLE

A few good Herefords included, the property of the BURLEIGH RANCHING CO., LIMITED.

Sale will be conducted at

Gordon Nichol's Farm, Selwyn

ON

Saturday, February 1st, 1919

At One P.M. Sharp.

REASON FOR SALE

As the company owns over 350 head of cattle, there is not sufficient shelter for all their stock, so the above 75 head must be disposed of at once.

TERMS: Ten months' credit on approved joint notes. Five per cent. discount for cash.

R. H. ALFORD, Auctioneer.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh northwest winds, fair becoming colder with a few snow flurries. Saturday—Fair and cold.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

4th YEAR No. 26 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

PRESIDENT WILSON COINS ANOTHER NEW PHRASE AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE

Talks of "Peace With Loot" in Dealing With Plan to Divide German Colonies Among the Allies—The Crises Is Now Regarded as Over

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 31.—The crisis in peace negotiations over disposition to be made of Germany's colonies seems to have passed momentarily at least.

It is too early to say that President Wilson's view has prevailed in its entirety but in American quarters there is confidence that the compromise plan which has been accepted in principle, will be worked out with details which will be accepted to the American view point.

When the Supreme Council of Peace Conference meets today it will have before it a very plain statement made by President Wilson at Wednesday's late session.

What he said did not appear in the official communique nor has it been disclosed with any official authority, but it may be stated that it was a very clear re-affirmation of the principles for which the President has previously contended.

In phases stripped of diplomatic niceties, it is understood Mr. Wilson told the members of the Supreme Council he would not be a party to a division of Germany's colonial possessions among the powers which now hold them and then become a party to a League of Nations which, in effect, would guarantee their title. There are inferences that that President even referred to a peace with "Loot."

The net result of the past two days of the discussion on the colonial question in the opinion of many Americans here has been to clear the atmosphere generally and to force a clear definition of the aims on all sides.

IMPROVED TRAIN SERVICE

Peterborough will have a more satisfactory train service over the C.P.R. as a result of a conference between several of the officials of the Company and members of the Board of Trade, the Railway Committee and the Commercial Travellers' Association.

The meeting was held in the city council committee room this morning and lasted the best part of the forenoon. As a result of the discussion the following additions and improvements to the present train service have been promised taking effect as stated below:

From May 4th direct connections will be possible for Ottawa and Montreal, Sundays excepted. Dating from April 1st the local will run to Tweed instead of Havelock as at present. Dating from May 4th a Sunday train will leave Toronto at 9.40 a.m. and run to Havelock and returning will reach Peterborough at 3.10 p.m.

C. P. R. Officials present were. A. D. MacTier, Vice President of the C.P.R., Allan Purvis, General Superintendent, C. B. Foster, Assistant Traffic Passenger Manager; W. R. Scott, Superintendent; W. H. Brown, District Freight Agent, Toronto.

A THOUSAND ONTARIO MEN HAVE SAILED FOR HOME ON TRANSPORT BALTIC

Vessel Sailed Wednesday and Will Soon Reach Halifax—Fifty Thousand Have Reached Canada Since Armistice Was Signed—Twenty Thousand a Month is the Estimate.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Fifty thousand returning soldiers and civilians have been brought to this country and distributed to their home points by the Canadian railways in six months since the general movement homeward from overseas began. The militia department had estimated the movement of twenty thousand per month.

The troopship Baltic left England January 29th and will probably dock in Halifax about next Friday. She carries 2,191 returning men, including one thousand from Ontario points. The government has issued a statement pointing out the difficulties of transportation. Several steamers promised for Canadians were diverted the the Australians, Americans and other overseas men returning.

Strikers Control Lighting Plant

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 31. — The critical stage of the strike on the Clyde was expected to be reached today as a result of the meeting of the strikers to receive the Government's answer to the telegrams sent by the Lord Provost transmitting the request of the strikers for the Government to intervene to secure for them a forty-hour week. London despatches last night said the Government had sent a reply to the Provost declining to intervene.

The people of Glasgow are just beginning to realize the gravity of the situation and the danger of the city drifting into the same conditions that prevail at Belfast. The power of the Glasgow strike committee appears to be increasing, and it is now exercising complete authority over the electrical department of the city.

Police Charge On Crowd of Strikers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Glasgow, Jan. 30.—Several persons were injured today when the police charged a crowd of strikers with their batons. Mounted police were called out and a number of arrests were made.

Thorold has decided to observe Friday of each week as welcoming day for the soldiers returning during the previous seven days.

Russian Factions Send in Replies

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 6.—The Peace Conference so far has had two replies to its invitation to the various Russian Governments for a conference at Prince's Islands. In one of these the Government of North Russia formaly refuses to meet with the Bolshevik. The Omsk Government under Admiral Kolchak, while less categoric in its reply, expresses strong reserve. Nothing official in connection with the invitation has been received from the Russia Soviet Government.

Famous Actor Is Dead in New York

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 30.—Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, aged 62, died at a hotel here early today after a brief illness. Death was due to a general break-down in health, following an operation for removal of his right eye several months ago.

Goodwin was a famous as divorcee. He was five times married. His first wife died and the others were divorced. He was about to take a sixth wife, Miss Georgia Gardner, of Los Angeles, Cal.

CRESSMAN COMPANY ANNOUNCE NEW PROFIT SHARING SYSTEM

Vice-President H. W. Cressman Explains Plan to Co-Workers at Annual Banquet Held in the Empress Last Night—A Firm in Which the Interests of Owners and Staff Are Identical

The Cressman Company entertained its large staff of co-workers at a banquet in the Empress Hotel last evening when a most enjoyable and profitable time was spent. The event fittingly marked the close of the business year for one of Peterborough's largest and most prosperous business houses which in an advanced form has adopted those measures which recognize and improve the interests of the individual, seeks his or her co-operation and thereby awakens a confidence and ensures a loyal interest in the progress of the firm which results in mutual benefit.

It can be safely said that the Cressman Company is in the forefront of those establishments which carry on their business on a profit sharing basis. This is one of the most recent reforms to be adopted in the industrial world and in fact is still looked upon by conservatively disposed concerns as a most dubious experiment. All reforms are an experiment until they have been tried out and consequently the Cressman Company is to be complimented upon the initiative it has shown in being a pioneer in a movement which now that the trail has been blazed is being rapidly adopted by the most progressive commercial and manufacturing organizations of the country.

New Policy Announced

Last night Mr. H. W. Cressman, the Vice President of the Company announced another innovation in the method of carrying on the business when he stated that "The policy of the Cressman Company for the future will be one of co-operation profit sharing which will include every person engaged in the business whether selling or otherwise employed."

There was a general air of good comradeship characterising the gathering last evening which is not found between the Vice-President, heads of departments and members of the staff of many large establishments and which went a long way towards explaining the remarkable progress and prosperity this establishment enjoys and which was never more marked than in the year which closes today.

Fifty-six of the seventy members

(Continued on Page 5.)

Three Killed Twenty Injured

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Nyack, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Three persons are reported missing and 20 others had been removed to a hospital within a short time after explosions wrecked the plant of the Aniline Products Corporation today.

Aviation Station A Prey to Flames

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 30.—Two hangars each containing six airplanes were destroyed by fire which was sweeping the naval aviation station at Rockaway Point today.

Government Ready To Preserve Order

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 31—The Government will make arrangements to protect the lives and property and to preserve order," says the Mail in the course of a discussion of the strike at the Clyde. "Unconstitutional threats" have been made by strikers

IS RAISING HUGE ARMY IN GERMANY

VON HINDENBURG SAID TO BE GATHERING TOGETHER FOUR CORPS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Jan. 31.—Reports received here from Berlin by way of Amsterdam stating that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is raising four army corps for the protection of Germany's eastern frontier have attracted considerable attention in military circles in Paris. Allied military men are interested in particular for the reason that if the Field Marshal were successful in collecting such a body of troops its existence would upset the present calculations of Germany's armed strength, on which the size of the Allied army of occupation is to be based.

MORE EMBARGOS ARE CALLED OFF

OTTAWA CANCELS ORDERS ON BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS PUBLIC EATING PLACES.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—All restrictions on three classes of food license, i.e., retail dealers, wholesale procers and public eating places, have been withdrawn by order of the Canada Food Board, announced. They may now return to pre-war trade conditions. Such dealers shall not be required to obtain license or renewals of same. Previous orders of the board affected by this revocation are Numbers 17, 21, 22 and 46.

Order 63, which has been in force since September, fixing prices to be paid to fishermen for British Columbia salmon, is likewise repealed. The announcement adds that all restrictions on bakers and confectioners have also been removed, to take effect on Feb. 10.

Governing Power Usurped by Strikers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Jan. 31.—Telegrams from Belfast depict the situation there which seems akin to that which recently obtained in German cities under revolutionary rule. The governing power has been usurped, says the Belfast despatch to the Mail, by the strike committee and the city is governed, not from the city hall, but from the humble artisans halls, where the committee sits.

Failure to despatch mail on fast steamers operated by the British Government from English ports has been criticized by London newspapers.

TOWNSHIPS NEED LOOK FOR NO GRANTS FROM COUNTY

Each Municipality Must Care for Own Highway—Deputy Reeve Eason Favors Attempt to Get Back the Automobile Taxes

This morning the roads and bridges committee of the County Council devoted the time to discussing and dealing with the questions which came within their jurisdiction, with Reeve Nichols in the chair.

Committees were appointed to examine several bridges which were reported to be in a state of disrepair, and the request of Reeve Bullied was acceded to, that the Council be recommended to grant the sum of half the amount necessary for the reconstruction of the Haynes bridge in Chandos, the township to assume the remainder of the cost.

Reeve Shaw of Harvey asked for assistance in the repair of the road running north through his municipality to Buckhorn, which he stated was in a terrible condition on account of the passage of countless automobiles to the summer resorts last season.

It was hoped to spend $600 upon the highway in question, $150 from the county, $150 from the township and a corresponding grant of $300 from the Government. Reeve Shaw therefore asked that the county make a grant of $150 upon condition that a $300 grant could be obtained from the Legislature.

Reeve Anderson of Otonabee objected to such an action. Otonabee was suffering from the inroads of foreign motorists in as great a degree as was Harvey, and yet they would not think of asking the other municipalities to assist in maintaining their roads.

Reeve Shaw accused those who thought in that way of inconsistency. They had just recommended a grant of money to Chandos to help in constructing a bridge. "What is the difference between a bridge and a road?" he demanded.

Deputy Reeve Eason of Otonabee thought it was high time something was done to secure some of the money going to the government as a result of the tourist traffic. He felt that some system should be adopted at once or else the question should be dropped. If Reeve Shaw applied for such a grant as he was considering he would be told that there was a system by which he could secure such assistance, and not otherwise.

Reeve Shaw—"I don't expect that, should the good roads system be adopted, Harvey would be included in it."

Deputy Reeve Eason—"No, but it would make possible a grant."

A motion was introduced by Messrs. Eason and Coughlin providing that no action be taken in the matter of making grants to municipalities to aid them in maintaining or constructing roads.

An amendment by Messrs. Shaw and Griffith was substituted recommending the grant to Harvey provided Government aid could be secured. It was defeated.

Deputy Reeve Eason spoke in favor of a resolution providing that the Government be memorialized to have the width of runners on winter-driven vehicles increased to the same breadth as wheel vehicles. Upon the suggestion of Warden McIntosh, he added to his motion a requisition that the provision of the Width of Tirage Act be enforced at once.

In speaking of the resolution, Deputy Reeve Eason explained that if the runners on sleighs were set wider apart there would be less danger of horses crowding; the roadway would be wider in the winter, and in times

(Continued on Page Three.)

CANADIAN WAR MEMORIALS.

Opening of the Canadian War Memorial Paintings Exhibition by Sir Robert Borden at the Royal Academy, London. Left to right: Lord Beaverbrook, Sir George E. Foster, Sir Robert Borden, Sir Edward Kemp, Sir George Perley and Gen. Sir Richard Turner.

NEW MASONIC TEMPLE HAS BEEN FORMALLY DEDICATED

Officers of Grand Lodge Took Part in Ceremony--Banquet at Empress Hotel Tonight

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the dedication of the new Masonic Hall was held. The impressive ceremony was carried out by the following officers of the Grand Lodge: the Grand Master, M. W. Bro. W. H. Wardrope, K.C., Toronto; Dep. Grand Master R. W. Bro. Harcourt, K.C., Toronto; Grand Secretary R. W. Bro. W. M. Logan; Grand Treasurer M. W. Bro. E. T. Malone and the Assistant Grand Secretary.

Tonight at the Empress Hotel the Grand Lodge officers will be banqueted by the local members of the Craft. R. W. Bro. H. R. H. Kenner is chairman of the banquet; W. Bro. J. E. L. Goodwill, vice-chairman; Mr. Frank Oldfield, the celebrated baritone singer, of Toronto, will be the entertainer.

Peterborough's new Masonic lodge rooms are considered by visiting brethren from Toronto to be second to none in the Dominion of Canada in the matter of furnishings and general appearance and architecture. The hall formerly occupied by the craft in this city was destroyed by fire a year ago, January 25, and as a consequence the society has been using the apartments of the Oddfellows since that time, through the kindness of the members of that society. The new Masonic quarters are situated in the Bank of Commerce building and will be used by the three local lodges, namely, Corinthian, Peterborough and Royal Arthur.

The following committee was entrusted with the planning and furnishing of the new Masonic Hall: Board of Trustees: R. W. Bro. H. R. H. Kenner, chairman; W. B., H. W. Morphet, Corinthian Lodge; W. B., W. H. Hill, Peterborough Lodge; W. B., J. G. M. Wilson, Corinthian Chapter; Bro. G. W. Healey, Moore Preceptory. Ruling Masters of 1918-19, also upon the committee: W.B., F. Dawson, Corinthian Lodge; W.B., W. T. Holloway, Corinthian Lodge; W.B., A. Weddell, Peterborough Lodge; W.B., G. Taylor, Peterborough Lodge; W. B., E. B. Fowler, Royal Arthur. Sub-Committee: W. B., J. E. L. Goodwill, Master Overseer; Bro. W. H. Barrie, Chief Architect; Bro. Robt. Ross, Decorator.

There are over 600 members of the Masonic Craft in the city of Peterborough and unfortunately there will be accommodation for only 250 at the banquet this evening. The dedication of the Masonic Hall is one of the most impressive ceremonies in connection with Free Masonry and today will go down as a red letter occasion in the history of the Craft in this city.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

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Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 231

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1919

A VOICE FROM THE MAUSOLEUM.

REFERRING to the article on the local political situation which appeared in these columns recently, our contemporary essays a stroke of facetiousness in its attempt to discredit what was a plain statement of actual conditions. Our neighbor should remember that there are various sources from which information can be obtained. We would never, however, for a moment think of looking for anything of the kind in its own editorial mausoleum, filled with nothing but the dried bones of ideas long defunct.

For the Examiner, politics is an uncharted sea, and it would be well advised not to venture upon it. Its only hope is to confine itself to its one specialty in which long application has made it tolerably proficient even if the dreary monotony weakens its own case just as the vain repetitions of the heathen mar the effect of his prayer to his idols.

"YOUTH" IN A NEW ROLE.

PRESIDENT WILSON has crossed the ocean to secure the freedom of the seas for his own people. "Everywoman" and "Youth" individually set out to search for "Love," only to find out at last that they had had it right with them at the old home all these years, even if they did not know it. To President Wilson enlightenment may come by the same process.

DECLINING TO CONFER.

THE COUNTY COUNCILLORS have declined to appoint a committee to confer with representatives of the City Council on the good roads problem, taking the stand that they have nothing to discuss with the aldermen.

They certainly have, in the opinion of the people. For example, the auto owners, who pay a license fee every year and who are denied the full benefit and pleasure usually derived from the possession of such vehicles, would like to know why the provincial system of building highways is repudiated in Peterborough County while all other counties in the Province have adopted it.

Over $20,000 goes out of this city and county every year to pay for auto licenses. All of this could be recovered for the construction of roads if the County Councillors would only consent to adopt modern methods and avail themselves of their opportunities. As it is now, not one cent of the auto license money comes back here, the entire amount being expended in building good roads for other municipalities.

PARTY GOVERNMENT ALWAYS.

AT REGULAR and frequent intervals some newspaper rises in its wisdom and expresses the hope that the day of party government is over. This sentiment is echoed by preachers and public speakers everywhere.

Why waste space and breath? There was party government in one form or another since the earliest records in either sacred or profane history. There is party government even in the most primitive stages of a community when the people array themselves on the two sides of every public question. There will be party government until the end of the ages, or at least up to the dawn of the millennium. It has not yet been ordained by the Creator that all men should think alike. But for that wise provision there would be nothing of progress noted in human affairs. The human family would resolve itself into one vast mutual admiration society, satisfied with conditions as they found them.

Party government was not abolished by the coalition formed at Ottawa over a year ago. In the election of 1917 the country was divided into two camps, just as it was on all previous occasions of the kind. The name of one party had been changed and that of the other somewhat modified, so that the old-time Liberals were as often as not referred to as the Laurierites.

Changing the name of the leopard or of the Ethiopian does not affect the spots of the one or the natural hue of the other, although equipped with different designations both might essay to live down anything in their record that could be used against them. Hanging the name of a party does not do away with partyism, even though it forms an excuse for recruits from the other side to identify themselves with it.

Had the old-time Conservative party faced the people under the old banner in 1917 the results and the happenings leading up to those results would have been the same, although not to the same marvellous extent. There would have been on the one side those in favor of carrying on the war to the limit, and those who openly and brazenly advocated that Canada had already done more than her share. There would have been the faction in favor of sending reinforcements overseas, and the remnant that took the easier alternative and would regard it as the highest national duty to keep the men already there well supplied with "cereals, meats and fats."

There were two parties in Parliament last session, and there will continue to be two parties so long as Canada has an elective government. The members of any debating society will naturally fall into two sections, the one unable to see eye to eye with the other. Conservatives may be called Unionists and Liberals may be tagged with a new label, but everything will be practically as it was before. And until the latter reorganize along entirely different lines, until they repudiate the record of the past few years of the remnant that remained faithful to the old leadership, there will be desertions among them, the conscience-stricken and the patriotic going over the way.

The Conservative party may have changed its name, but its principles survive. In the work of reconstruction, now that peace has been restored, there will be the same old war issues only in another form, and this means that the alignment of the electors, just as they stand today, will remain to a great extent intact.

What, for instance, has the returned soldier to hope for from a political party that deserted him when his need was the sorest, who would have given the alien the right to vote the soldiers into death or the desolation of desertion by the country that was supposed to stand behind them; that would have denied the vote to the wives, sisters and daughters of the men overseas?

The trouble is that the soldiers have had too many fair weather champions, of which local examples are not lacking. But the men who made the sacrifices overseas are not lacking in discernment today as between their true supporters and those lavish in lip service.

IN NORTH ONTARIO.

IN NORTH ONTARIO there is in progress a contest for the Legislature to fill the vacancy caused by the death of ex-Speaker Hoyle, a contest which is of province-wide interest because of the issues involved. Major Cameron, the Conservative candidate, spent over three years in the very thick of the fighting in Europe. Mr. Widdifield, his opponent, is a man who has for years been addicted to politics in all its phases. He was for the purposes of this campaign first nominated as a straight Laurier Liberal, and was later endorsed by the farmers' party. The contest is keen and speakers from outside are taking a hand in the preliminaries.

The election in North Ontario should demonstrate the attitude of the public toward the returned soldiers, as to whether all these professions of friendship are genuine or so much super-heated atmosphere.

A local contemporary, with its peculiar fatal faculty for blundering, which asserts itself every time it ventures into the political field, a few days ago innocently asserted, in a brave attempt to take a hand on behalf of its party, that the Conservatives, in nominating Major Cameron, had resorted to their old program of waving the flag. Is this to be the deduction every time an ex-soldier is appointed to or nominated for office? Anyway, it would not be amiss altogether for Major Cameron's friends to wave the flag that he did so much to save.

The Examiner cannot find it in its heart to speak a good word for a veteran in, or a candidate for, public place, unless he happens to be of its own faith. In the case of North Ontario, it would favor the fortunes of the Liberal nominee rather than of the veteran, even though the latter was sweating blood in some of the fiercest engagements of the war while his opponent was fiddling for the copperhead faction in security at home.

THE TREND OF TRADE.

HUNDREDS of workingmen and women earning their own living have been laid off recently and in the depth of winter their incomes have been stopped. They were engaged in the production of foodstuffs to which the European market has been suddenly closed.

Last night a spectacle unusual in this city for a number of years was witnessed at the Grand Trunk depot. Three cars laden with Canadian hogs passed through this city on the way to the Buffalo market. Under other conditions the hogs would have been delivered to the local packing house, thus making work and business for the city.

Local flour mills, too, feel the result of the embargo on Canadian imports. There is no home market to speak of for their produce and none whatever in Europe. While Canada suffers, however, business appears to go on as usual in the United States. Food Controller Hoover, supposed to impartially represent the Allies in distributing the products of the Western Hemisphere among the needy nations of Europe, has evidently cornered the market over there for the Americans.

The price of hogs has been fixed at $17.50 in the United States, or about $2 higher than the prevailing price in Toronto. The Canadian farmer will not suffer, to any great extent by the embargo, whatever may be the effect upon the consumers, the workingmen, the millers and the packers.

It would be interesting to learn how one country's trade should be paralyzed while that of another remains at high water mark in a market to which both are supposed to have the same measure of access.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE GERMAN EMPIRE may be a memory, but that pestiferous German kultur still remains.

• • • • •

RECENT LOCAL EVENTS show how easy a feat it is to make a multitude of political parties grow where only two were found before.

• • • • •

THERE IS the Port Hope hockey team trying to take part in a manly sport. Then again there are writers on political topics not so far away.

• • • • •

THE GLOBE EDITOR, nor anyone else, can hope for cheaper breakfast bacon so long as the great Canadian hog is being shipped to Buffalo by the trainload.

• • • • •

THE LATEST CABLE regarding the ex-kaiser says that he walks with his head bowed. Off hand, it would be difficult to think of anyone who has greater reason to do so.

• • • • •

WHY NOT TRY OUT that principle of self-determination upon those German colonies? People who helped break their own yokes are surely entitled to some consideration.

• • • • •

SINCE President Wilson's arrival in Europe the feeling may spread that a man may assume all the prerogatives of an autocrat even if he does not wear a crown when in full dress.

• • • • •

After the country goes dry we presume there'll be no objection raised if anyone wants to go into the middle of the Atlantic Ocean and drink himself to death.—Detroit Free Press.

NO OBJECTION and no danger.

• • • • •

JESS WILLARD is to get $100,000 for a few minutes' fighting with soft gloves. That amount would pay the wages of a sure-enough warrior in the recent war for something like thirty years, if by any chance he could last that long.

THE LATEST THING IN SCIENCE

The latest modern science thrust in to prominence by the war is music-otherapy, which utilises the curative powers of rhythm and harmony.

Miss Margaret Anderson, who has been studying the healing forces of music since she was 8 years old, has returned to New York from Canada, where she has been practicing music-otherapy on the wounded Canadians who have returned from the battle fields of France. She has been engaged by Columbia university to organize a class which she will instruct in her methods with a view to using the same successful treatments to restore Americans to health and vigor.

The stories that Miss Anderson tells of her work in Canada are remarkable. One of the most interesting cases of direct cure effected by music was the restoration of memory to a young captain suffering from aphasis, as a result of having been hurled into the air and then buried in the debris after the discharge of a high explosive bomb. When Miss Anderson began her treatments her efforts seemed almost hopeless, but one day the spell was broken, the shocked mind came into its own and the captain for the first time since his injury remembered his name.

Miss Anderton overcomes orthopedic disabilities by exercises which produce pleasing sounds from some musical instrument. So successful has she been that one of her patients who lost a foot is now earning his living playing a church pipe organ, using his false foot to operate the pedals.

Chronic melancholia responds to musicotherapy with apparent satisfaction to the operative. A man of 45, blinded and consequently most despondent, was reached after many patient efforts through the medium of a small lap instrument, strung like a piano in the miniature. The first time he sounded the instrument was in an outburst of bad temper, but later he was heard sounding the strings over and over again to produce whatever pleasing sounds he was able. A few days later Miss Anderton showed him how to pick out the melody of "God Save the King." So busy was he with this new means of passing away the time which hung so heavily that the outbursts of passion became fewer and less violent. One day his benefactor purposely threw his "G" string out of tune, without the patient's knowledge. Then he sent for her and explained that something had gone wrong with his "toy." His first lesson in tuning followed and he is now completing a course in piano tuning in an occupational sanitarium.

A young man who had been a blacksmith in civil life had not only been gassed but shot through the lung. Miss Anderton appreciated that singing would be less monotonous exercise than just deep breathing. The young Welshman developed a remarkably sweet tenor and was later engaged by a vaudeville agency to sing at $40 a week to begin with. This was later increased to $60. This has made it possible for him to realize a life ambition to become an electrical engineer.

In England a "vocal therapy fund" has been established to promote the restoration of the powers of speech lost to soldiers through shell shock and in general the physical and mental health of sick, wounded and disabled sailors and soldiers.

TODAY'S STORY

Marshal Foch is the latest of the world's great fighters to ride a white horse. Seated on his celebrated charger "Croesus," the Allied Commander - in - Chief rode into Strassburg as a conqueror.

The legend of the white horse as the horse of victory is a very ancient one. Castor and Pollux, seated on white horses, led the Roman legions to victory, and so great was the reputation of these two Roman captains that for many years after their deaths the legionaries felt sure of victory, if they either saw, or even were told others had seen, the ghostly forms of Castor and Pollux on their white steeds passing in front of the army as it marched upon the foe.

The regiments of Kent wear a white horse as their badge, the coat-of-arms of the country, which has its origin in the legendary white horse ridden by those famous Kentish heroes of Anglo Saxon times, Hengist and Horsa.

There are few notable pictures of any battle in which Napoleon took part that do not depict the Little Corporal as seated on his famous charger "Marengo," the pure white horse which Napoleon loved as much as it was possible for him to love anything beside himself.

In more modern times it may be remembered that Lord Roberts' favorite war-horse, the celebrated "Volunel," was also a white one. This horse not only had the great honor of carrying perhaps the smallest man who ever led armies to victory, but also had itself been decorated with medals and ribbons as souvenirs of the various compaigns in India, Afghanistan and oSuth Africa in which it had taken part.

Black and Bay.

Although the white horse has become traditional, there are some famous black horse. One of these is "Bucephalus," the horse ridden by Alexander the Great, which has gained a lasting renown from the fact of its being always so dear to the monarch's heart that he regarded it as a feritable mascot in battle, and is said never to have lost a fight in which he rode to the fray on that splendid charger.

And one also recalls that the celebrated Richard Neville, Earl of Warwick, king-maker and last of the Barons, preferred above all the two Arab horses, coal-black, which someone had given him as descended from a Crusading steed brought from the Holy Land. Even today it thrills the soul of the most prosaic to read that famous description of how, on the field of Barnet, the great Baron, seeing his comrades and followers wavering, stood up and in the sight of all the troops slew his magnificent horse "Salmida," as a sign of them that there would be no retreat, but that he with them meant to win or die.

There are perhaps even fewer renowned Generals who have chosen a bay horse as their warsteed, but in this respect one calls to mind Wellington's noted charger, "Copenhagen," which has certainly had more replicas of itself sculptured than any other war-horse.

The favorite horse of Sir Douglas Haig is, too, a fine bay, as was also that ridden by the lamented General Sir Stanley Maude, when he conquered Mesopotamia and led the British into Bagdad.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable remedial medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

WIT AND WISDOM

A Dead Letter.

Mrs. A.—"Your husband told my husband that his word was law at home."

Mrs. B.—"Yes, it's one of those laws that are never enforced."

No Bolshevik.

They had been married three months and were having their first quarrel—which shows that they were a remarkable couple.

"Evidently," she said icily, "you regret that you have married me. The step is not irrevocable, however. If you care to be released from your bonds—"

"Naw," he interrupted, impatiently. "I'm no 90-day recruit. I enlisted for the term of the war."

She couldn't think of any retort, so she maintained a scornful silence.

The Real Puzzle.

Whatever goes up must come down. But in these days it is easier to keep up appearances than to keep down expenses.

Jim—"I envy the man who sang the tenor solo."

Maud—"Why, I thought he had a very poor voice."

Jim—"So did I; but just think of his nerve."

Remembered These Waists.

"I want a pair of button shoes for my wife."

"This way, sir. What kind do you wish, sir?"

"Doesn't matter, just so they don't button in the back."

How It Happened.

"Pardon me," said the army cook, for military chefs are prone to address their underlings courteously, "but I prithee tell me where you learned to peel potatoes so artistically? I observe that you do not cut off the cuticle in great hunks, as alas, too many do, but loosen a bit of the skin of the tuber and then deftly strip it all off. You must have had much experience in skinning ere entering upon a soldier's life?"

"I did, thank you, sir," replied the accomplished member of the kitchen police. "Before I decided to make the world safe for democracy I was a country banker."

Her Only Air

Lady—What is your aim in life, my good woman?

Good Woman—Me husband, genrelly.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Us fellows was playing ball erround by Smits meat store, being baskits of things outside, and all of a suddin the ball went crookid and nocked over a baskit of grapes and then bounced behind some baskits of potatoes, and Mr. Smit came running out with fearse expression, and us fellows ran like enything. And we went erround and sat on my frunt steps wishing we had the ball, Puds Simkins saying, How about if one of us disguised theirself so Mr. Smit wouldent reckonize him and went erround and started to leen over the potatoes as if he was trying to see if they was good enuff to buy and then all of a suddin reetched down and got the ball.

Q let Sam Cross take off his glasses and do it. Mr. Smit never saw him without his glasses, I sed. Wich all the fellows thawt it was a grate ideer, Skinny Martin saying, Go ahed, Sam, youre as disguised as enything without your glasses, and Leroy Shooster saying, Go ahed, Sam, G wizz, I wouldent hardly know you myself.

And Sam took off his glasses to leeve the fellows see if he looked mutch diffrent, wich we all sed he did, so Sam went erround to try it, us fellows all going down with him as far as the corner and peeking erround to see how it worked, and Sam wawked rite up to the potatoes and leening away over them as if he was going to find out if they was eny good smelling them, and Mr. Smit ran out of the store and aimed a kick at him, Sam making a good target on account of stooping over, and he jumped jest in time to prevent a fearse collision and came running back like the dickins, saying, Hay, I thawt you fellows said he wouldent reckonize me, you fellows are all rite you are. Meening we wasent, and Leroy Shooster sed, He must of saw you with your glasses off before.

And we got up a game of prizners base.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says it's marvellous how rapidly Germany is recovering from the financial strain of the war and she sees by the paper that already they've entered a period of currency inflation.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Vanity and impudence are twin sisters.

Time is a file that wears but makes no noise.

Sometimes a little white lie does a lot of good.

Half a loaf is sometimes better than an unpaid board bill.

Somehow badness is far more contagious than goodness.

More good intentions would be carried out if they didn't live forever.

The mysterious origin of Cain's wife is the only excuse some men have for staying away from church.

The man who boasts of being self-made probably believes that an honest confession is good for the soul.

It is willingness to pay a good rental that gives his Satanic majesty the choice of apartments in some homes.

IF YOU spend your winter in Florida or in the regions of snow. Both places show the necessity of protecting the eyes from the sun's rays, whether reflected from the ocean waves or glittering banks of snow and ice.

You'll find the tinted lenses we recommend to meet your needs and liking.

ASK ABOUT THEM

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

EDITOR'S MAIL

THE FARMERS AND TAXATION

Editor Review: What effect will the next taxation lean upon the farmer? Indirect or tariff taxation is something that all consumers hafe to pay, but only as they consume. It allows us way of complete escape for any class and therefore places all people upon an equal footing. But by restricting consumption one may lower the tax bill. Not so with direct taxation. It promises a way of escape to the man whose assets hich as money, are not inside to the eye of the assessor. Money is estimated to escape under direct or municipal taxation.

One-half of the trouble which it could bear as it were valuable property, The farmer, therefore, under direct taxation, will pay more than his share and cannot by economising, lessen his tax bill. Such is the difference between direct and indirect-tax to the farmer. Will he wish to exchange a tariff for the assessor?

TENTICLUS.

PROHIBITION

Editor Review: The Dominion is pledged to respect Provincial rights which carry into being again in full forces under the B.N.A. Act upon the cessation of war. If the Provincial Legislature's unanimously asked for prohibition even that would not give Parliament production.

READER.

Joseph Huffman, 78, was before Judge Humphrey in New York State after he had pleaded guilty of burglary and larceny. He admitted he had spent nearly 50 of his 78 years in prison.

The world may owe every man a living, but the miner is the one who digs down into the earth's pocket and gets it.

J. W. Snider, of New Liapeard, reports obtaining 33,000 pounds of honey from 13 colonies of bees.

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

GAIL KANE in "THE DAREDEVIL"

A REFRESHING COMEDY-DRAMA IN 5 ACTS

EDDIE POLO in "THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS"

CHAPTER 4 "THE MESSAGE ON THE CUFF" 2 PARTS

Screen Telegram, The Latest News Graphic.

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MME. PETROVA, the high salaried Artist in her First Wonderful Petrova Pictures—Five Parts

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PEARL WHITE in Episode 4 of the "Lightning Raider"—Two Parts

Through Doors of Steel

LAUGHABLE KEYSTONE COMEDY

A Telltale Shirt

Sidesplitting Scene with Roars of Laughter

Saturday Morning Performeance for School Children 9.30--Admission 10c To All

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

Dirty hands and dirty implements must be kept out of the eyes. That seems a gratuitous suggestion, yet many an eye is seriously damaged by amateur efforts to remove a real or imaginary foreign body with unclean fingers or implements not sterilized in shops and factories.

Under no circumstances should any one not a physician employ a sharp implement in the attempt to remove a foreign body from an eye. Nor should the corner of a handkerchief be wet with saliva for this purpose—you never know what disaster the saliva of a clean looking person may convey.

Usually simple foreign bodies may be washed out of the eye with the least irritation and trouble. For this purpose the best agent is normal salt solution—a rounded teaspoonful of table salt dissolved in a pint of freshly boiled water. This is about the same strength as the tears, and, therefore, less irritating than plain water in the eye. Place the patient's head at rest on couch or chairback with the face looking upward. Arrange a towel to catch the overflow and gently pour the pleasantly warm solution upon the eye while you hold the lids separated with the other hand; but pour only from immediately above not from a height. This can at least do no harm and will wash out particles not imbedded in the eyeball.

If a particle or foreign body can be distinctly seed, and you are sure it is not a natural pigmented spot in the iris or color ring of the eyeball (these spots are attacked daily by amateurs,) if it fails to come away with repeated gentle eye washing, then with clean fingers wrap about the end of a toothpick or match a small wisp of cotton, moisten this well with normal salt solution and hold the lids separated with the left hand while you gently brush the cotton nap flatwise over the spot or particle to pick itup, resting your hand for steadiness and support on the patient's cheek.

If this fails after one attempt, you have done all that is justifiable to do for the sufferer. It now becomes you duty to refer the sufferer to an oculist or at least a physician for further care. Never attempt to dig out a cinder or bit of emery or steel or glass from the eyeball for such attempts often work havoc with the eyesight and induce serious ulceration of the cornea. The injured eye should be covered, preferably with a wet compress (wet in normal salt solution, or boric acid solution, or plain water) and a snug bandage, to keep it at rest until the doctor can attend to it.

The Old Fashioned Dipper

"Will you please say something about the old fashioned dipper? A friend has one in her kitchen and offers it to callers who ask for a drink, although her whole family are sickly and several have died with consumption. If one drinks from a dipper which a girl with tonsilitis has just taken a drink is there not danger? Mrs. C.H.A."

The old battered dipper the much dented dipper, the long serving dipper that hangs o'er the sink may carry rhinitis or mayhap bronchitis and eke tonsilitis along with your drink. 'Tis really appalling how neighbors go calling without taking something from which they can drink if forced in emergency with thirst of such urgency, don't bother your hostess, go drink from the sink.

Diana Dissatisfied

"Please, doctor, if you will only advise me I shall be grateful to you for the rest of my life. How can I do it? I am a girl 16 years old 5 feet 7 inches tall and weigh the small amount of 124 pounds. It is my greatest wish to reduce to about 125 pounds. I have had a great amount of physical training and almost live in the fresh air. I must confess a great fondness for ice cream and sweets and always a large appetite at meal times."

The average or normal weight of a 16 year old girl five feet and seven inches tall is 130 or 132 pounds. So, you see, Diana, you have only to omit one dish of ice cream or one feed of chocolate fudge daily in order to avoid growing fat.

GATE FOR STAIRS

Procure a piece of heavy canvas and hem to fit the required space; sew a snap hook to each corner. Place two screw eyes on each side of the hall, one as near the floor as possible, the other the width of the canvas from lower one. The canvas is readily snapped in place on the screw eyes, formng an effective gate. With a screw in the banister the gate can be snapped out of the way when the kiddies are in bed.

GUNNER ARMSTRONG ILL

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Armstrong, Margaret avenue, have received word that their son, Gunner Sidney Armstrong, who has been overseas for several years, has been very ill in France with the Spanish influenza, but they are pleased to say that he is recovering slowly at Mons. Gunner Armstrong's many friends in Peterborough wish him a speedy and full recovery.

NP SOAP

Going over with the Siberian Forces

RESTRICTIONS ON BRITISH IMPORTS SHUT OUT CANADA

NEW TRADE REGULATIONS BAR CANADIAN EXPORTS — CABINET MAY TAKE ACTION.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Restrictions imposed by Great Britain on her imports apply to Canadian exports.

Notification to this effect has been received by the War Trade Board. It is expected that the question will be brought before the cabinet council with a view to representations being made to the Imperial government. The probable aim will be to secure preferential license for Canadian products.

May Secure License

Under the new British regulations the duty of obtaining permission to import will devolve on the importer. he will be required to obtain a license from the British bureau of export restrictions before any goods on the barred list will be admitted. It will thus be useless for a Canadian exporter to attempt to send any of the specified goods to Great Britain unless the importer overseas has first obtained the necessary license.

May Only be Temporary

Since the early days of the war, restrictions have been placed on imports by the British goverenment. The new regulations continue the licensing system. They are regarded here as more rigid, if anything, than the old restrictions which were imposed primarily to have shipping space.

According to advices, the British restrictions are to be temporary only. They have been imposed for a double reason: to bring stability to British manufactures over the reconstruction period and to stabilize exchange. The commodities affected cover a wide range. They include, apparently, practically everything that Great Britain considers she is able to produce for herself.

Means Serious Loss

Coming into effect on March 1 the regulations cover commodities in which a promising export trade had been built up. Export figures for war years being abnormal owing to munition orders, cannot be taken as a basis. In 1913, however, the last normal year, Canadian manufacturers exported to Great Britain totalled $7,158,746, or 4.21 per cent., of total Canadian exports to Great Britain. The new restrictions are regarded as specially important in view of Canadian endeavors to build up an export trade to meet the situation caused by the cessation of orders for munitions.

Really Tariff Move?

There is also some disposition to think that the new policy is a concession by Lloyd George to the Unionist tariff reformers, and it is to be noted that the chancellor of the exchequer is none other than Austen Chamberlain, son of the father of tariff reform.

Butterflies have been seen in Renfrew this month.

Nine defaulters were given jail sentences and fines at Sudbury.

Elgin County Council decided to spend $102,000 on good roads construction and maintenance this year, almost $45,000 more than last year.

Alfred Noble, a young farmer, of Bentinck township, was fatally crushed by a falling tree in his brother's bush, near Durham.

CHIEF THOMPSON ISSUES CAUTION TO MOTORISTS

ASKS ALL DRIVERS OF VEHICLES TO OBSERVE TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.

Peterborough's Police Department continues to complain that the traffic regulations are not being lived up to by motorists and drivers of other vehicles. They ask, therefore, that publicity be given the following extracts from the traffic regulations. Motorists can read them with profit as the procedure to be followed in driving an automobile or for that matter another vehicle is not as simple as might be imagined, especially in a city street. Many drivers err through ignorance of the rules rather than as a result of carelessness or a feeling of defiance. Here are the regulations:

Drive careful at street intersections, particularly when entering a main thoroughfare. The great majority of accidents happen at street intersections.

At street intersections, a motor car approaching from your right hand side has the right-of-way.

In the presence of danger, there is no right-of-way. It is your duty to prevent an accident under any circumstances.

Reckless driving is always illegal, no matter what the speed.

When you meet a vehicle, pass on the right, when you overtake one, pass on the left.

Do not cut in when you overtake a vehicle, and another is approaching, custom and safety give the right-of-way to approaching vehicle.

Do not change speed or direction suddenly. Indicate your intention by holding your hand up if you wish to stop, and to the side if you are going to turn. There is usually a car behind you.

Do not drive with glaring headlights.

Pedestrians who have started to cross a street at a reasonable distance from an approaching motor car, have the right to do so at the pace of an ordinary walk, and the motorist has no right to compel pedestrians to rush or run for safety by the insolent blowing of the horn.

Shocking speed when approaching pedestrians, blow the horn if thought necessary to warn them, but permit them to cross the street in safety at a reasonable pace. Remember there are old people, invalids and children.

Young and inexperienced drivers frequently drive with the muffler open. Unnecessary noise is illegal and objectionable.

If you are a licensed driver or the owner of a registered car, and change your address, notify the Department of Public Highway immediately of the transfer, giving the name and address of the purchaser, and the license number of the car.

When you buy a car which is registered, notify the Department of Public Highways immediately, giving your name and address, and the license number of the car, and enclose the fee of $1.00.

When you buy or sell a car which is registered, the number plates must remain on the car.

Go to the nearest examiner and pass the prescribed examination for drivers of motor cars, obtaining a non-professional certificate. Do not wait till after the accident to obtain this evidence of competency.

If you drive for (hire, pay or gain), it is illegal to do so without passing the prescribed examination and obtaining a provincial license.

It is illegal to employ a chauffeur who has not a driver's license, and who is not registered for the year. See that every driver in your employ wears his badge.

The foregoing paragraphs are merely a free interpretation of certain portions of the Ontario traffic laws, regulations and accepted rules of the road, and are not to be understood as verbally statutory. Copies of the Motor Vehicle Act may be obtained by applying to the Department of Public Highways, Parliament buildings, Toronto, Ont.

Do your part in making Ontario noted for good and careful driving.

D. THOMPSON,
Chief Constable.

Resolved to Employ Only British Blood

"That this board of control hereby requests all manufacturers and other employers of labor in Toronto to dispense with the services of aliens and to employ in their places returned soldiers or persons of British birth."

Such was the resolution that the Toronto board of control unanimously adopted yesterday on the motion of Controller McBride. It was passed practically without any comment. Controller McBride said that he heard that some factories had turned away returned soldiers and within five minutes had taken on foreigners. "This sort of thing must be stopped," he said.

The Bank of Toronto announces an increase in its dividend to 12 per cent. per annum.

HIT BY ZEPPELINS.

It has been only lately that the British censor has allowed any details to be published of the damage done by the various Zeppelin raids over London. Now that all danger is ended, the curtain has been lifted, and the publication of photographs is permitteck. This is a house in the west end of London which was hit by a bomb from a Zeppelin. All its inmates were killed.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT Last Time—TO-NIGHT
DAILY MATINEE 2:30 EVENING 7:30
HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Big "Metro" Special Feature with All-Star Cast

"The House of Mirth"

6 Reels.

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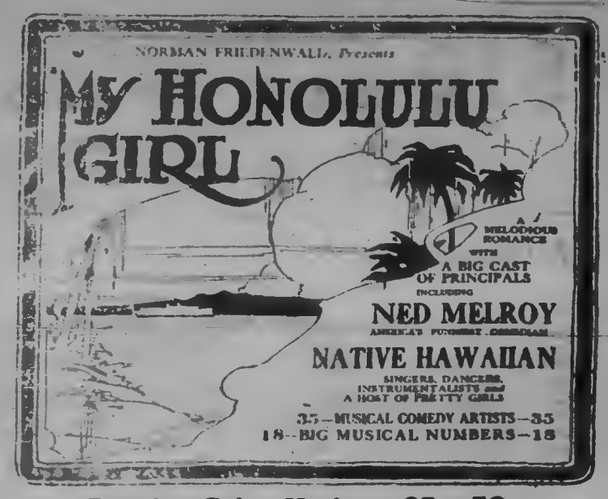
Vaudeville—Harry and Hattie Bolden in Singing, Dancing, Comedy Pianolog. Matinees 10c. Evenings 15c.

COMPLETE CHANGE FOR MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY

Saturday, Feb. 1 Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:15



Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c
Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c
Seats Now on Sale

Thursday Evening, Feb. 6
3rd Chautauqua Concert
Bertha Farner Company

MISS MARTHA ALEXANDER (Violinist)
MISS ETHEL MURRAY (Cellist)
MR. EARLE BROWNE (Pianist)
MISS BERTHA FARNER (Concert Soprano, Grand Opera and Concert Singer)
PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c.

Seat Sale opens to ticket holders on Monday and Tuesday next, and to the general public Wednesday and Thursday, February 5 and 6.

BONE DRY BILL IN CUBA.

Measure to be Introduced in Lower House of Congress.

Havana, Jan. 31.—Prohibition of the importation, manufacture, sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages in Cuba is provided by a bill about to be introduced in the Lower House of Congress by Representative Acosta. The law, if passed by Congress, would become effective one year from the date of its passage.

Imprisonment and a fine of $500 is provided in cases of violation of the law on the part of the brewers. Merchants breaking the law would be subject to imprisonment and a fine of $250. The consumer may be fined $50 and sent to jail. These amounts would be doubled for each succeeding offence.

The Yukon Executive Council is to be reduced from ten members to three says Commissioner Geo. Mackenzie.

Townships Need

(Continued from Page One.)

of poor sleighing it would be easier to use wheels than at present, when the beaten track is too narrow. There would be fewer cases of upsetting and in the spring the roads would be ready for wheels much earlier than is now the case.

The motion carried and the Legislature will be memorialised accordingly, and a copy of the resolution, with a request to do likewise appended, will be sent to the other county councils of the province.

The good roads question was referred to the council.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $3 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Newspamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Unreserved Auction Sale
OF 75 HEAD OF
GRADE CATTLE

A few good Herefords included, the property of the BURLEIGH RANCHING CO., LIMITED.

Sale will be conducted at

Gordon Nichol's Farm, Selwyn
ON
Saturday, February 1st, 1919

At One P.M. Sharp.

REASON FOR SALE

As the company owns over 350 head of cattle, there is not sufficient shelter for all their stock, so the above 75 head must be disposed of at once.

TERMS: Ten months' credit on approved joint notes. Five per cent. discount for cash.

R. W. ALFORD, Auctioneer.

One cake of Lavender Bath Soap FREE with everp 2 Cakes of Palmolive Soap

STORE OPENS 8:30 A.M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAY 9:30 P.M.

Coates' Mercerized Crochet Cotton at the Fancy Goods Depart., 10c a ball

A Trio of Wonderfully Good Values on Ready to Wear Floor Saturday

Extraordinary good values from our big Ready-to-Wear Department to usher in February. Prices on Coats and Dresses made so low because the racks must be cleared to the last garment and ready to receive the advance guard of Spring garments that will soon be here.

$10 Poplin Dresses, Serge Dresses, Silk and Ninon Dresses. Attractive and desirable garments every one of them. Regular up to $20.00. Clearing Saturday at, per garment **$10.00**

$15 This season's Tailored Suits. A rack full that must be cleared at once. Splendid garments every one of them. Regular up to $38.50. Clearing on Saturday at **$15.00**

$25.00 A collection of our better grade Coats. Plush Coats that sold up as high as $35.00 and $37.50, and Velour Coats up to $45.00. Not an old garment in the lot. Any one of them on Saturday at, your choice **$25.00**

Afternoon Frocks of Soft Silks are Moderately Priced

A number of dainty new Frocks, mostly in misses' sizes, have just arrived in our Dress Department. Charming models in Satin Messaline, Georgette, Serges, Crepes, etc., in pretty styles adapted for afternoon wear. Just the good colorings, and not more than one of each.

A young lady's dress of satin messaline and georgette; the skirt is of satin shirred to the waist, with wide girdle; sleeves and bodice of georgette to match; the bodice lined with rose with touches of silver tinsel lace and trimmed with satin facing and buttons. Can be had in Copenhagen, silver grey and nigger brown. Priced at **$25.00**

A Combination Dress; the wide front and back panels are of fine quality navy serge handsomely embroidered in black silk chenille and bead; overskirt and bodice of soft black satin, with sleeves of same, and white satin collar; narrow belt finished with two pearl buckles. Specially priced at **$37.50**

Very simple and effective is a dress of satin messaline; with group of pin tucks below waist line; wide tucked girdle; bodice or georgette crepe trimmed with satin, lined with gold allover lace over rose; tucked vestee and satin collar. Comes in grey, taupe and Copenhagen, at **$27.00**

A dressy model for misses, in silk poplin, has three wide tucks in skirt, fully shirred to waist; front and bodice embroidered in contrasting shades, with tucked vest of white georgette crepe; tailored sleeve with turned-back cuff, trimmed with pearl buttons. This model can be had in purple, Nile green, grey, henna and fawn, at **$19.00**

At the Silk Counter—Attractive Values in Popular Silks

FOR EVENING WEAR

Silk Crepe de Chine, 36 inches wide; beautiful soft cloth with particularly good wearing qualities. Can be had in the various shades of blue, brown, old rose, lettuce green; all very desirable shades for evening gowns. At, per yard **$1.25**

PARTICULARLY GOOD FOR SMOCKS

We are selling a lot of this Silk for smocks and middy waists, and it really is a splendid silk for the purpose. It is a raw silk of extra good wearing quality. Will wash well and can be had in shades of navy, Belgian blue, brown, pink and light and dark green. It is 33 inches wide and sells at, per yard **$1.25**

FOR DRESSES, WAISTS OR UNDERSKIRTS

It would be hard to beat this heavy Habutai Silk. It is pure silk Japanese make, 36 inches in width. Can be had in all the leading light and dark shades, and we sell it at ..... **$1.50** Per yard .....

FOR DRESSES OR LININGS

This Hirashiki Silk is unsurpassed and is equally good for one or the other. It will stand any amount of hard wear and can be had in all the leading shades of the season. It is 36 inches wide, and sells at, per yard **$1.75**

You will Find These at the Hosiery Counter

CASHMERETTE HOSE 59c

This is a splendid quality cashmerette hose. Can be had in black or nigger brown. The mill wants practically this price for them today. We are selling all sizes at, per pair **59c**

CASHMERETTE GLOVES 50c

Cashmerette Gloves, in black, grey, or white. All sizes. Saturday at, per pair **50c**

SPLENDID WOOL MITTENS 50c

Ladies' Wool Mittens. These are extra quality and not to be confused with lower grades. They come in red, white or navy, at, per pair **50c**

CLEARING SMALL SIZE STOCKINGS 25c

Children's Black Cashmere and Wool Hose; small sizes only. Worth double the price. Saturday ..... Per pair **25c**

A BIG CLEARANCE OF GLOVES AT PER PAIR 25c

Ladies' and Children's Woollen Gloves, in red, white and black. We are making a clean-up of the stock and offer you your choice of gloves that are worth up to 60c; Saturday, at, per pair **25c**

$1.50 CASHMERE HOSE 95c

These are size 8½ only and are pure wool, seamless; very fine quality. We could not buy them today to sell for $1.50. Saturday, per pair **95c**

BOYS' HEAVY KNITTED HOSE 95c

Boys' Heavy Knitted Woollen Hose, worsted yarns, seamless feet, sizes 8½ to 10. A stocking that we cannot buy today at all. Saturday ..... Per pair **95c**

SILK AND WOOL GLOVES $1.00

Ladies' Silk and Wool Gloves. A splendid glove for winter wear; black or white. Saturday ..... Per pair **$1.00**

At the Toilet Goods Counter on Saturday

It is a good thing to get the habit of supplying your toilet needs at our Toilet Counter, now located where the Simcoe and George street aisles meet. Here are some of the every day values:

All round Violet and Rose Bath Soap, per cake 15c

All round Transparent Soap, large cake 25c

Pears' Unscented Soap, full size cake 35c

Large bar Castile Soap 35c

Splended quality imitation ebony Hair Brushes, extraordinary value at, each ..... 25c & 35c

Good Dressing Combs at, each 15c, 25c, 50c

Tooth Brushes at ..... 20c & 25c

Hand Scrub Brushes, real good little Brushes ..... 3 for 10c

One a little larger at, each 5c

And some extra good ones at .. 2 for 15c

These Extras at the Knitted Goods Counter on Saturday

Clearing our Specials that ought to make it one of the busiest spots in the store that day.

INFANTS' MITTS AND SOCKS

White, pink, blue and combinations; slightly soiled, as they are samples, but will wash and be as good as ever. Worth up to 35c at least. Saturday ..... Per pair **10c**

KNITTED TOQUES 59c

Splendid quality Knitted Toques, in white, cardinal, navy and brown ..... Saturday each **50c**

ODD KNITTED SCARFS AND WOOL SETS 59c

Knitted Wool Scarfs in a variety of good colorings and splendid qualities; also some odd sets with caps. Regular up to $2 values. Clearing Saturday at **59c**

CHILDREN'S PULLOVERS 25c

Children's Knitted Pullovers nd Leggings in white or cardinal; small sizes only; traveller's samples Saturday **25c**

KNITTED TOQUES 25c

Knitted Toques, dark colors, small and medium sizes. Worth the price two and three times over. One big clearing lot for Saturday at, each **25c**

KNITTED TOQUES 69c

Knitted Toques, rose, Paddy and Copenhagen, with white stripes; also plain cardinal and white. A real good toque for girls. Saturday, each **69c**

Two Extras for Saturday

A 49c EXTRA FOR THE MEN

One only 75c Shaving Brush and a cheap Brush at that price, with one round cake Colgate's Shaving Soap ..... Saturday **49c**

A 39c EXTRA FOR ANYBODY

One tube Colgate's best Dental Cream and a good 25c Tooth Brush, complete with war tax. Saturday **39c**

The Labor Saver in the Home—The EUREKA Electric Vacuum Cleaner

J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited

PETRRBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

AMALGAMATION OF BANKS

FINANCIAL JOURNAL INCLINES TO FAVOR SUCH UNIONS ON GENERAL PRINCIPLES.

(Journal of Commerce)

The announcement of the proposed absorption of the Bank of Ottawa by the Bank of Nova Scotia has created quite a stir in the capital city, and various plans are suggested to block the movement. There are, under the amended Bank Act, two stages to governmental action in relation to a bank amalgamation. The promotors are required in the first instance to obtain the approval of the Minister of Finance for the negotiations and later the approval of the Cabinet—the Governer-in-Council—is required. The first stage has been taken with the Minister's approval. Evidently a strong appeal is to be made to the Governor-in-Council to refuse their consent.

To some extent the opposition is based on the opinion that the amalgamation of banks is tending to create what is called a "money trust" in Montreal and Toronto. The fact that the number of Canadian banks is being materially reduced by these amalgamations is regarded with anxiety, if not alarm, by many. This feeling is so widespread that both bankers and Government must keep it in mind in considering all merger proposals that may arise. Where two banks are occupying substantially the same territory an amalgamation would probably require the closing of many branches and in this way there would be a distinct diminishing of competition, a tendency toward the monopoly that is feared. It is claimed by the promoters of the present amalgamation that this objection cannot be raised, since there are but few points at which the two banks are at present competing, and these, it is stated, are in large centres so well supplied with branch banks that no monopoly can exist.

While it is well to keep in mind the danger that might arise from amalgamation it is also necessary to appreciate the importance of having strong banking institutions, able to operate in a large field. To increase the capital of a bank the assent of the Government is required, but there is, we believe, no case in which a bank has been denied the privilege of enlarging its operations. There is a provision that a bank cannot go into operation with less than half a million dollars of capital. Subject to that the bank is practically free to adjust its capital to the business of the sphere within which it operates.

It is difficult to see how a fixed limit can be placed on the amount of a bank's capital. A bank of a local character does not need a large capital. But a bank operating in all parts of Canada and still more a bank aiming at the encouragement of Canada business with foreign countries must have a very strong financial position. It is a day of big enterprises. In England, where there is a keen appreciation of the new conditions that are arising, several amalgamations of large banks have taken place, for the purpose of creating stronger institutions. In the United States plans are being made for the financing of both home and foreign trade in a large way. Canada has her part to play in this world competition for trade and Canada's financial institutions must be awake to the need. By all means let care be taken to guard against amalgamations that will materially diminish competition. But let us not through unfounded fears prevent our banks preparing to do their part in the big work of financing Canada's trade extensions.

Skating Carnival At Ashburnham

A large number of both old and young people gathered last evening to witness and take part in the annual carnival held at Mark Street Rink. Prizes were given and all events were well contested. The prize list was as follows:

Best dressed lady representing Canada—Mrs. C. Dodd.

Best fancy costume, lady—Miss K. O'Keefe.

Best fancy costume, gent—Mr. Bert Lipsett.

Best comic costume, lady—Miss Gladys Hatter.

Best comic costume, gent—Mr. D. Wyatt.

Best dressed girl—Miss A. Freeburn.

Best dressed boy—Mr. Willie Nash.

Boys race, 15 and under, in costume—Eddie Williams.

Girls race, 15 and under—Edith Stevens.

Ladies' race in costume—Miss H. Sturgeon.

Gent's race—Mr. (Mickle) Williams.

Messrs A. A. Fowler and Gus Hay acted as judges and their important work gave general satisfaction.

No Changes Yet In Fuel Regulations

The Board of Fuel Commissioners wish to remind the public that so far no change has been made in the law that no one can receive more than seven per cent. of the normal requirement of coal for the winter. This is a Dominion law which cannot be changed by the Board. With the weather we are having every home should get through the winter without requiring more than the seventy per cent., but if any householder is afraid of his supply running out it would be well to purchase a ton or two of buckwheat coal to mix with the supply on hand. There is no restriction on buckwheat coal.

Tom the Tipper

"Tom's a good fellow, but he makes some awful breaks."

"I should say so. If there's a gap in the conversation he is sure to put his foot in it.

ARE TAKING BACK THEIR EMPLOYES

WHAT TORONTO IS DOING TO PROVIDE FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—Toronto employers are preparing in an efficient, systematic manner to take back all their old employes who have been on active service.

Mr. Hugh Blain, of the wholesale grocery firm of Eby, Blain & Co., said: "While our work requires a certain amount of technical exactitude, we are prepared to do all we can for the returned and returning men. One thing is sure, and that is that any of our men who come back to us for employment will find their places waiting for them. We have only had one of our former employes return to the city so far, and he has been restored to his old position."

For Crippled Men.

"We're taking back every employe who left the concern," was the quick reply of Mr. M. C. Ellis in answer to a question. "Yes," affirmed his brother, Mr. P. W. Ellis, "there is a job waiting for each soldier who left our factory when he returns home."

"In addition to this," continued Mr. J. W. Ellis, "we are co-operating with the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment in affording special employment to men who have been incapacitated by the loss of their limbs, and wish to engage in the manufacture of jewelry. Forty-five men went over from our factory and all the men who come back can rest assured that they will lose absolutely nothing through their service overseas."

In the Banks.

Staff Manager Foster, of the head office of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, told that so far the bank had not been confronted with the problem of fitting back their old employes.

Asked if the bank had prepared any system in anticipation of the return of their old employes, Mr. Foster said that some months ago the management had evolved a special scheme of salary increases to meet the need of the men overseas when they returned to their old positions. "As soon as possible after a man's return," continued Mr. Foster, "he will be placed in the position which he would probably have been in if there had been no war." Mr. Foster added that banking was different from a great many other businesses, and that the men were trained for special office work which made the necessity for special treatment necessary. "Up till recently," said he, "we have not been establishing many branch banks, but we are now opening branches, and one of the reasons for this is with a view to finding work for our men when they return from overseas."

Salary Increases.

"The Imperial Bank of Canada will not refuse employment to any old employe who proved himself worthy and capable before the war," was the statement made by Mr. G. D. Bolton, Chief Inspector of the bank, when asked the policy of the management. "So far as we are concerned," said he, "every returning employe will receive the same proportionate increase in salary that he would have had if the war had never happened. As a matter of fact, the management takes the view that the experience that our men have gained at the front is a very positive educational factor. While they may have lost some clerical ability, this has been more than offset by the broader viewpoint which they have developed through dealing with their fellowmen and assuming grave responsibilities."

BEAUTIFUL HAIR THICK, WAVY, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

DRAW MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR AND DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY AT ONCE.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT.

Immediate? Yes! Certain? — that's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after an application of Danderine. Also try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

You can surely have pretty, charming, lustrous hair and lots of it, if you will spend a few cents for a bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it as directed.

DOG HAS ITS DAY IN PARIS.

Every One in France Seems to Have a "One Man" Animal.

Paris, Jan. 31.—Dogs, dogs, dogs. They constitute one of the many things in Paris which have attracted the attention of the "American Commission to Negotiate Peace." Every one in France seems to have a dog, and the vogue today is the police dog, popularly known as a "one man" animal.

Every morning the Place de la Concorde sees its gathering of dogs, and it is safe to say that many a police dog versed in the French language, will shortly accompany a new master to America. For, outside of their good traits, a good police dog can be obtained for 100 francs.

CONSIDER FREE TRACTORS

Expected That Period Will be Further Extended.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Within the next few days the cabinet will take up consideration of free tractors. The order-in-Council passed early last year, which placed farm tractors costing less than $1,400 on the free list, provided that the remission of duty should operate for one year from February 7, 1918. The remission will therefore expire at the end of next week.

Although no decision has yet been reached by the cabinet, it is expected that the period during which such tractors are on the free list, will be further extended. As the remission was made under authority of the War Measures Act, it is likely that the free period will be extended until the conclusion of peace. The War Measures Act itself will then expire.

The question will no doubt be raised during the session.

Humbugs are gilded coins of plausibility from the mint of deception.

FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Peace Delegates Will Safeguard States' Interests.

Paris, Jan. 31.—The delegates of the South and Central American nations to the peace conference decided at a meeting to create a commission to safeguard the interests of all the states before the conference with delegates assigned to look after various subjects. Thus Brazil will voice the feeling of the Central and South American nations as regards the league of nations; Cuba will pay especial attention to international labor legislation from the same standpoint, while Uruguay will especially interest itself in the subject of the internalization of waterways and railways.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 3 Retail Stores. Phones 183, 381, 397.

Grand Trunk Pacific bonds, aggregating over five millions, have all been sold.

Remember the WINDING-UP ESTATE SALE

Of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Cut Prices on Every Pair.
MUST BE SOLD IN THIRTY DAYS

CITY FOOTWEAR CO., 174 Charlotte Street, Opposite White House

ACCOUNTS NOT PAID BY FEB. 28, WILL BE GIVEN TO OTHER HANDS FOR COLLECTION

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

Featuring New Dresses in the Ready to Wear Dept. and Rush Clearing Prices Sat

CLEARING WINTER COATS $19.75
The season's smartest modes in beautiful quality materials —velours, chinchillas, whitneys and beavers. Coats that are usually worth $27.00 to $30.00. Well assorted sizes. Saturday Snap Clearance **$19.75**

NEW CLOTH DRESSES
The new Afternoon Dresses are charming. We are receiving new models every day, so that you will find an intensely interesting array now in our exclusive dress department. Materials—serge, tricolette, silk, satin, jersey and combination effects. Styles include Russian tunics, flounced and draped designs. Prices from
$25.00 to $55.00

BLOUSES $2.95
In lovely fine qualities of English voile. A variety of pretty styles—collarless necks, Tuxedo, Dutch and V shapes. Our regular stock $4.00 blouses..... A splendid Saturday Snap **$2.95**

MISSES' VELVETEEN DRESSES $12.00
Pretty and practical dresses for the young miss. Sizes 13 and 14. Colors: Copenhagen and brown. Styles—high waisted with coatee effects and straight models. Priced for Saturday **$12.00**

PETTICOATS $3.50
Made of the new Silkine material, an excellent wearing fabric. Shaped top and elastic belt. Floral patterns. Saturday Snap **$3.50**

Two Exceptional Valued Main Floor Sales, Sat.

200 BOXES "AMERICAN MAID" MERCERIZED CROCHET COTTON, 3 Balls 25c, or 89c Dozen
Our every day price for this Crochet Cotton is 13c a ball. A most fortunate clearing purchase gave us two hundred boxes for a Saturday sale. All sizes in white and ecru for early buyers. No 'phone orders. Snap price ... 3 Balls **25c**
Or per dozen 89c
(Main Floor, 4th Circle.)

SIXTY-FIVE CASES 7c ROLLS TOILET PAPER 6 Rolls 25c
It is years since we have offered such a remarkable Toilet Paper bargain. Good sized rools, highest grade crepe tissue, splendid value at the regular price, 7c a roll. Only quantity buying makes this price possible, and we have sixty-five cases for sale Saturday at ..... 6 Rolls **25c**
A limit of two lots to one buyer. No 'phone or C.O.D. orders.
(Main Floor, 5th Circle.)

New Wash Fabrics on Display

Our novelty cottons and wash fabrics can always be depended upon as being up-to-the-minute and the best the market affords. According to fickle Fashion, the styles and make-up of Woman's dress is subject to frequent and rapid changes. But there is one feature over which Fashion exerts but little influence—and that is the appropriateness and the natural desire for white or delicately tinted materials for Spring. We are showing our new wash fabrics now, and we invite your inspection at the Staple Department, Main Floor.
(Arcade Entrance.)

$2.50 ALL-LWOOL SUITING SERGE, Yard $1.69
Colors are navy and Copenhagen blue in this splendid quality all-wool serge, that will give excellent wearing satisfaction. The regular stock price is $2.50 a yard, width 52 inches. A remarkably good value at this Saturday Snap price ..... Yard **$1.69**

LADIES' 60c WHITE WINTER UNDERWEAR, 2 Garments 89c
Forty-five dozen of ladies' ribbed knit winter underwear. Vests are button fronts and high necked, and the drawers are ankle length; white and grey in both vests and drawers. Excellent 60c values. Saturday Snap Sale ..... 2 Garments **89c**
(Main Floor, south entrance.)

See Window Display

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

RURAL PUPILS NOT GETTING A FAIR SHOW IN EDUCATION

Inspector Broderick in Annual Report Shows What Country Schools Ought to be and What They Really Are.

In his annual report to the County Council Inspector Broderick says:

At the outset I wish to say that, in my opinion, a subject of such outstanding and, possibly, paramount importance to the county as the education of its children is entitled to something more than a general report on school conditions. I believe that the ratepayers, and those in particular who have children attending school, would be interested in a more detailed report giving information affecting individual schools. Such a report might contain the names and salaries of the teaching staff of the county, the enrollment, average and percentage attendance of the pupils in each section, the trustees' financial statement, and such other matters of general educational interest as the Council might desire or as the inspector might be able to contribute. Such a report would, of course, be too comprehensive to be of interest to the city reader. But it would be well worth publishing by the County Council for distribution among the ratepayers of the county

Are the Schools Efficient?

For those who frame our school legislation, for those who administer the legislation, and especially for those who bear the expense of education, the one vital question is, are the schools efficient. This involves the question by what standard or standards are we to judge the efficiency of our schools? A hundred years or so ago when popular education was but the dream of a philanthropist a member of the British Commons solemnly and seriously warned the House against the national danger which would come from educating the common people above their station in life. From the inception of the common school until now the prevailing idea has been that its function should be to teach the elements of reading, writing and arithmetic. There are not a few who are sceptica as to whether this modest program has been carried out.

What should the public school do for the child?

It should make the child master of the elements of reading, writing and arithmetic.

It should give the child facility in the use of the Mother tongue whether with pen or speech.

It should assiduously care for the health of the pupils.

The school authorities should create such conditions both within and without the school building as will insensibly foster in the pupils a love for what is beautiful.

It should recognize and make ample provision for differences in ability among its pupils.

It should by its methods, by its course of study and by its whole spirit adapt itself to the needs of the community in which it is located. The city school for the city community. The rural school for the rural community.

It should make provision for the education of young people who have passed the ordinary school age.

Are the pupils of the rural municipalities getting out of the schools what it is their absolute right to have? They are not. To realize the above ideals several conditions are necessary.

What is Needed.

First—A staff of teachers skilled in method and in school management, sympathetic with rural life, and, above all, capable of creating the right atmosphere in both school and community. We must have teachers who from their scholarship and experience and personality are capable of leadership in matters educational. It is a pleasre to be able to report that during the year 1918 all but three of the 92 teachers of the inspectorate were qualified under the regu-

atons. And two of these three taught in schools in the most remote sections of the inspectorate. It is gratifying to be able to report also a distinct improvement in the quality of the teaching as compared with that of 10 years ago. This improvement is, of course, to be attributed to the training of the Normal schools. Many of the graduates of these schools are from urban, perhaps from city life. The very great majority of them, I am willing to think, enter upon their rural work full of enthusiasm and anxious that their ideas becomes ideals. They meet the utterly unexpected. For a time they make a brave fight against the inertia of the community and, instead of "sticking it", give up the struggle and await the hour of their happy exit to some urban school.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

Quick Repairs

If you broke your glasses in the Dollar Day rush, or any other way, bring them to the complete, modern repair department. If the need is pressing, we will fix them up while you wait, and good as new.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

LUDENDORFF LIVES "INCOG"

Assumed Name as Protection From Berlin Mobs.

London, Jan. 31. — Gen. Ludendorff, former chief quartermaster general of the German army, has returned to Berlin, and is living in a small villa in the Grunewald district under an assumed name, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Armsterdam, because he fears popular demonstrations. The General is said to have placed his services at the disposal of the Government, which it is added declined them with thanks.

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys If Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat form uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralise these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts fro many pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

LEFT THREE SISTERS

Mr. Gordon Hughes, who died yesterday left three sisters, Mrs. J. Colin Grant and Mrs. Robert Sharpe of Vancouver and Mrs. T. W. Spence of Marshall, Texas.

COOKED HAMS
Are now selling for 33 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 3 retail stores. Phones 185, 831, 397.

CRESSMAN COMPANY

(Continued from Page One.)

of the staff of the big departmental store were present at the banquet last night. A list of those in attendance was as follows.

H. W. Cressman, W. H. Ford, H. E. Raynor, A. C. Wolff, T. R. Rattenburk, E. Manning, J. E. Bates, E. C. McBride, Miss D. A. Hartshorn, Miss C. Anderson, Miss H. Head, Miss Ida Lynn, J. E. Graham, Miss D. Walker, Miss Michael, Miss Logan, Mrs. Gardiner, J. L. Hoopwood, Miss Mabel Blake, William Irwin, Miss Edith Panter, Mr. A. Grant, Miss M. Clark, Miss Una Deck, Miss Beryl Bates, Miss M. Edwards, Miss S. Lamb, Mr. D. Rose, Miss G. Brooks, Miss V. Hallowell, Miss E. Bailey, M. F. Long, Miss Isabel Baird, Miss Isabel Westfall, Miss Winnifred Edey, Miss Ada Dennis, Miss Winnie Cooper, Miss Helen Bartlett, Miss M. McCormack, Miss M. P. Penning, Miss H. Doughty, Miss M. Mesley, Miss M. Davidson, Miss A. Williams, Miss J. Cressman, Miss B. Clare, Miss E. Harper, Miss O. Drain, W. H. Vickers, H. Clancy, J. Harrison, Miss M. G. Desautel, Mrs. F. G. Davidson, Miss Ethel Williamson, Miss E. M. Blake, Mrs. Galley.

The Speeches

Mr. H. E. Raynor floor manager of the store was the first speaker. He referred to the progress made in the year about to close as being rmarkably gratifying. He thanked the staff for the good will and co-operation they had favored him with during that time and without which he felt it would have been impossible to have obtained such satisfactory results.

The objective set had not only been achieved but surpassed and the system of profit sharing which had been adopted had proved such a succes that it had been decided to try it out upon an improved scale with the details of which Mr. Cressman would acquaint the staff in his address. He concluded by thanking his co-workers for the disposition they had shown to help him and second his efforts in every way during the time he had occupied his present position.

Mr. W. H. Ford, head of the dress good department proposed the toast to the King and Mr. E. Manning followed with a toast to the firm

Mr. Cressman Explains Plan

Mr. W. H. Cressman Vice-President of the company responded to this. In referring to the significance of the end of the month to the firm which he represented he stated that what it another year passed into history and one which had ben most successful and progressive from a business standpoint.

He announced a change of policy in regard to the employes profit sharing arrangement. This was now to be established on a co-operative basis and returns made half yearly.

Said Mr. Cressman:

"The policy of The Cressman Co., Ltd., for the future will be one of co-operation profit sharing which will include every perron engaged in the business whether selling of otherwise employed.

"These distributions will be made half yearly on the following basis.

"1.—A percentage of the net profits will be distributed each six months to those who have been with the firm for the full six months preceding the distribution governed as follows: A—Net result of the several departments. B.—Efficiency in the conduct of these departments. C.—The general result of departments as a whole. D.—Length of time with the company. E.—To those otherwise engaged than selling, amounts will be determined by A. B. and D."

Continuing the speaker stated that it had been deemed advisable to form eight Boards which would work for the advancement of the business along lines of efficiency and satisfactory service. It would be the duty of these committees to exercise vigilance in connection with conditions which might be improved and suggest and aid in applying a remedy.

Mr. Cressman gave a list of the Boards and their personnel: The first was a board of Good Service, composed of Messrs Raynor and Moher and Miss Pinning.

The second was a Board of Education upon which Mr. Wolff, Miss Cunningham and Mrs. Gardiner would serve. A Board of Economy, Mr. McBride and Misses Davidson and Dorgan. A Board of publicity Mr. Manning and Misses Walker and Logan. A Board of Housekeeping Mr. Ford, Misses Desautel and Mr. Graham and Miss Anderson. A Board of Store Beautifying, Mr. Long Miss Williams and Miss Edwards. Board of Trade Expension, Mr. Rattenbury, Mr. Grant and Mrs. Davidson. Board of Efficiency, Mr. Bates and Misses Michael, Head and Hartshorne.

Mr. Cressman then proceeded to explains the duties which would devolve upon these committees. The Board of Good Service would be expected to observe and suggest means for improving the service of the store for the benefit of the business or satisfaction of customers and the minimizing of complaints in connection with delivery and elevator service, and the attention to customers with the least possible delany.

The Board of Education would be requited to suggest a detailed Educational system for the selling and non-selling co-workers of the firm. The committee in charge of housekeeping will have charge of the condition of the store in respect of keeping its appearance what it should be, temperature, ventilation, etc.

Duties attaching to the Board of Economy will be to stop minor financial leaks and assist in the protection of the establishment from fire or theft.

The members of the Efficiency Board will have charge of matters pertaining to the beterment of conditions in the store from a general standpoint. The Trade Expansion Committee will endeavor to discover where it is possible to increase the business of the firm. The Publicity Board will assist in putting the store prominently before the public and that devoted to store beautifying will suggest means of improving the appearance of the interior and exterior of the building.

In speaking of the profit sharing arrangement of the past Mr. Cressman stated that the bonus from the past six months just ended runs into four figures and it afforded him the greatest pleasure to be able to make the distribution. From now on the business sharing arrangement will not take the form of a bonus but would be operated on such a basis as to give everyone an opportunity of earning a share.

The speaker spoke in a most complimentary manner of Mr. Raynor who he referred to as having been of great assistance to him of late.

"Twenty years ago," stated Mr. Cressman in conclusion, "this store started in business with two departments and a weekly payroll of $32; today it has 21 departments and a weekly payroll amounting to approximately $1000."

Value of Efficiency

M. J. C. Bates delivered an interesting address which dealt with the value in business of efficiency, good service and having an objective.

The Entertainment

After the distribution of the bonus for the past six months the following entertaining program was carried out:

Solo, by Miss Lynn. A guessing contest, solos by Miss Bates and Mr. Wolff, a duet by Miss Lynn and Mr. Wolff, two piano solos by Miss Biard.

PEOPLE OF CANADA MUST CONTINUE TO CARRY ON

Those Who Struggled so Faithfully During the War to Help the Soldiers Must Not Fail Them Now.

The plans are well and truly made. It remains for the people of Canada to carry on. Those who accepted this challenge so splendidly through the past years of war must not allow hands to weaken in this day of tremendous opportunity. In a few words the repatriation plan is one to co-ordinate the work of every organization and society, business, religious, fraternal and social, for the one task of rebuilding and re-establishing the homes and business life of Canada to the best possible achievement.

Immigration, Land Settlement, Pensions Board, Civil Re-Establishment and Medical Service Branches, with the Department of Labor, are all working to bring back the soldiers and their families as speedily as possible and to provide after-care and placement. While this is going on it remains for the other departments to arouse public interest and effort to meet and encourage the returned man in his new life.

Co-operation of all towns, cities and rural districts to the work of repatriation is linked up through the Municipal Department, which encourages the formation of Reception Committees to meet returned men; the participation of the Municipal Department in helping them to find employment, linking up cases of need with the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment and the undertaking of all possible public works that may create new avenues of employment.

The Voluntary Organizations Branch of the Repatriation Committee, under Captain J. Thackeray, is actively concerned in the work of co-ordinating all fraternal and social organizations with the work of the churches and every other voluntary arganization touching the life of the people towards the same end.

The Federal War Service Commission of the Christian church is one of the voluntary organizations thus linked up, which places the work of the Repatriation Committee directly in touch with churches of every denomination throughout Canada. Membership is secured by the appointment from the various denominations of three official representatives. The circle of church is completed by the promised cooperation on behalf of the Catholic church of Archbishop McNeill. Bishop Roper of Ottawa is chairman of this commission of churches and Dr. W. T. Gunn of Toronto is secretary.

Outside of the churches there are over seven hundred other organizations to be interested, including Y. M. C. A., fraternal societies, Salvation Army, Knights of Columbus, Khaki Club Organizations, Masonic lodges, etc., etc., all of which are being drawn into the work of repatriation through the medium of their central governing bodies. The Y.M. C.A. for instance is approached through the local council, which undertakes to distribute all information and appoint special representatives in all branches to cope with repatriation problems. Fraternal societies are kept in touch through the grand lodges. The work of reaching womens' organizations is handled by Mrs. Chas. Robson who is a member of the Advisory Committee of the voluntary organizations branch.

INVADE SOUTH AMERICA

Comiskey and McGraw Would Take Two Teams Next Fall.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Plans for an invasion of South America next fall by two teams of major league ball players were revived today by Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the White Sox, who has just returned from several weeks' visit in Florida.

Mr. Comiskey said it was his intention to take up the matter at once with John J. McGraw, manager of the Giants, and it was his belief that the trip could be started soon after the close of the World's Series next October.

"I wanted to go to South America, not only last fall, but the year before," Comiskey said, "but war conditions prevented. These conditions now are eliminated or will be by next fall. It looks now as if we can arrange it after next season."

The Twin City Rapid Transit Co. earned only $2.18 per share on the common stock in 1918, as compared with $.03 in 1917.

Canadian pulp and paper exports for November show an increase of $1,955,845 compared with November in 1917.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS
Coughing Spreads Disease
SHILOH
30 DROPS STOP COUGHS
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED.

WANTED—Stenographers, careful, accurate, touch operators, fair general education. Apply in writing, confidential attention, to Separator Sales Department, The De Laval Co., Ltd.

WANTED—To buy a milk route in the city. Apply J. B. MacIntosh, R. R. No. 3, Peterboro.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Wright, 466 Weller street.

WANTED—Two experienced waitresses; $25.00 month, room and board, good home. Apply Elsmure Restaurant, Lindsay.

LOST.

LOST—on George or Hunter Street, long black leather purse containing sum of money. Finder kindly leave at Review office.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two umbrellas last night of storm on George street. Apply Review Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 418 Water St., Peterborough

PATENTS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Patent, Trademark and Copyright Applications receive special attention.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

J. F. Little, reeve of Milton, was elected warden of Halton county, by acclamation.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

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D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 830

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON, WIDDIFIELD & O'BRIEN
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Money to loan. Solicitors for City of Peterborough.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 23.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 418 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191, Successor to Roger, Bonnet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 218 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 0, 1918.

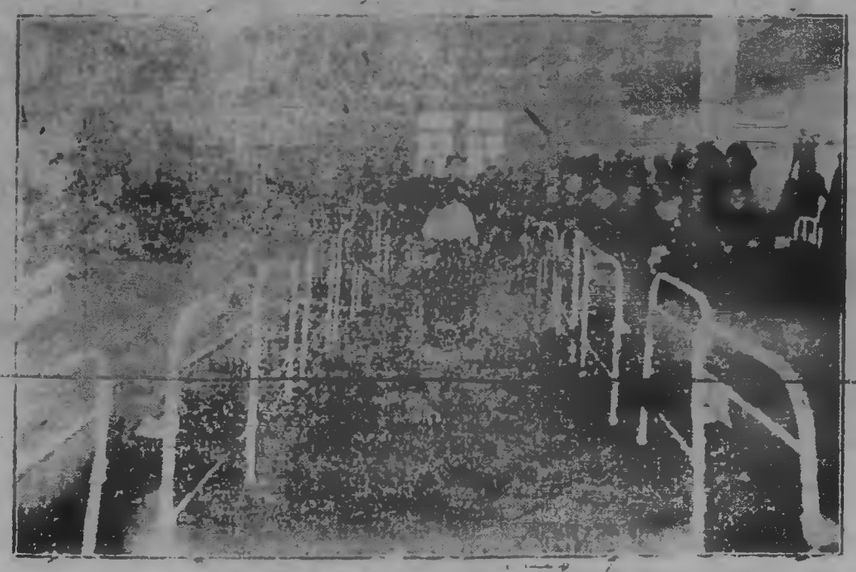
**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.
*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).
1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.
12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.
6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).
**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.
**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.
3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.
7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.
8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.
7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.
12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.
12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.
2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.
5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto
6:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.



OUR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

This is the second of a series of photos showing what takes place when a contingent of returning soldiers arrive at Quebec from Halifax for demobilization. This shows the soldiers at their dormitory all he discharge depot at Quebec cleaning up and getting ready to board the train for home.

—British & Colonial Press photograph.

MR. A. WEDDELL.

(Continued from page eight).

Financial Report

The Peterborough Horticultural Society Park Account, 1918:

Receipts:—

Balance on hand from 1917	$ 10.65
City Council grant	600.00
County Council grant	100.00
	$710.65

Expenditures: —

F. Wise, caretaking and planting in spring	$ 660.00
T. Hopkins	100.00
Garden Hose	38.00
Repairs, etc.	2.20
Secretary	25.00
Fertilizer	18.50
Balance in bank	5.95
	$710.65

Lack of Funds

Please note. On account of the lack of funds we were unable to plant park beds with tulips bulbs as usual.

New lawn mowers, sprinklers and rakes are necessary at the beginning of the 1919 season.

Horticultural Account.

Receipts.

Bal. on hand from 1917	$ 4.74
Legislative grant	265.00
Members' subscriptions	236.00
Donation	4.00
Prize money retained for 1919 fees	12.00
	$541.74

Expenditures.

Prizes awarded lawn and garden competition	$ 39.00
Purchase of seeds and plants	353.55
Judge	15.00
Secretary-Treasurer	50.00
Postage	15.00
Printing	41.48
Ont. Horti. Society fees	14.00
Magazines and commissions, etc.	11.35
Bal. in bank	9.16
	$541.74

Mr. W. Stocker's Report.

In presenting my report as your president for the fourth consecutive year it is with a feeling of confidence that with the passing from conditions of war to those of peace a new era of prosperity is dawning on us all and with the particularly fortunate circumstances of the citizens of this city we, as members of a society of this kind, should take the initiative, and with proper organization our efforts should and will meet with much greater success than ever before.

With very little solicitation our membership at present stands at 267. This is greatly below what the membership for a city the size of Peterborough should be, and an effort should be made to greatly increase this number by intelligently placing the advantages derived by our members before our citizens. By the co-operation of our members along these lines we are only helping ourselves as well as those we interest in the society.

During the season just closed only one distribution of premiums was made, as the condition under which all bulbous stock was imported made it impossible to satisfactorily import small orders.

Park stands in both parks are in a very good condition, the once in Central Park is nearly falling down, while the one in Victoria Park needs a new roof and new floors and painting. The attention of the chairman of the property committee of the city council should be drawn to this also as to the condition of the drinking fountain in Central Park."

Estimated requirements for 1919

Park Caretaker, 180 days at $3.50	$ 630.00
Extra labor, 120 days at $2.00	240.00
Planting beds, spring and fall	250.00
Tools required to purchase	50.00
Working expenses, cartage, repairs, etc.	30.00
	$1200.00

The curbing of the walks of Victoria Park is but half completed to continue this work an addition of $300.00 to the above amount should be added.

The annual lawn and garden competition was held as usual, the entry list being larger and the competition keener than formerly. Mr. Fred. Adams of Toronto, acting as judge, awarded the prizes as follows:

Class "A" Open to All—1st, Mr. A. W. Cressman; 2nd, Mr. G. S. McKee; rd, Mr. W. Stocker

Class "B" Amateurs Only—1st, Mr. J. Howland; 2nd, Mrs. W. Wood; 3rd, Mr. T. J. Bourk.

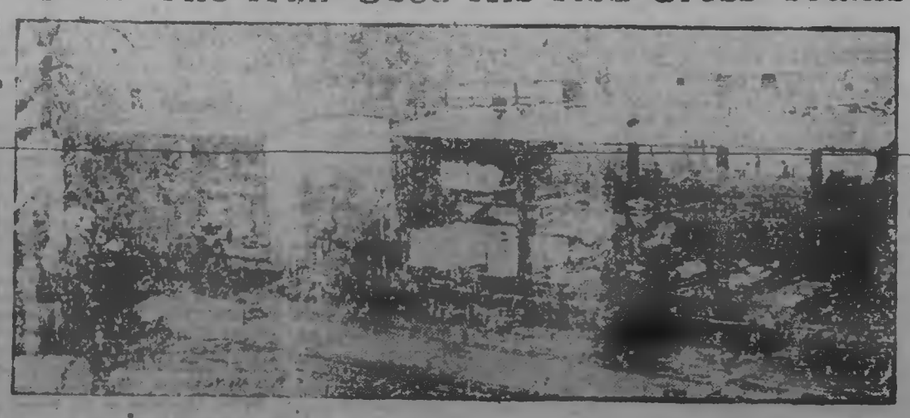
Class "C" Workingmen Only, Back Gardens—1st, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Leslie; 2nd, Mr. White; 3rd, Mr. Boddison.

Class "D" Window Boxes, Etc.—1st, Mr. J. J. Turner; 2nd, Mrs. Breigel; 3rd, Mr. C. G. Graham

The Grants.

The City Council grant for the upkeep of Victoria and Central Parks was reduced this last season to $600. Although thoroughly realizing that this amount was not sufficient by any means for the proper maintaining of these parks, yet your directors felt that under the existing conditions it would be better to accept this amount and make same go as far as possible. The contract for planting the beds in the spring and the caretaking was let by tender, Mr. Wise carrying this work on during the summer. Owing to lack of funds and the exceptionally high price of tullips we were unable to plant the beds this fall. This, I think, will cause not a little criticism and will show the necessity of having sufficient funds to properly do this work. A strong committee should therefore be appointed at this meeting to take this matter up intelligently with our City Council, as we feel we have their support, and it has largely been a matter of misunderstanding that sufficient funds were not supplied.

How The Hun Used His Red Cross Trains



A German Red Cross train which they had used for conveying ammunition.

A Canadian signaller mending a wire in a street flooded by the enemy before they left Valenciennes.

Owen Sound Reeve Run Out of Town

WAS CHARGED WITH SEDITION AND ANGRY CROWD TOOK ACTION.

Owen Sound, Jan. 31.—A number of returned soldiers and a large crowd of civilians ran out of town tonight Joseph Weber, Reeve, of Neustadt, who came to attend County Council here, but was arrested on Tuesday on five charges of sedition, and later allowed out on $2,000 bail.

On his exit from the theatre tonight Weber was surrounded by a large crowd and taken to his hotel to collect his belongings. There he was made to kiss the flag, and then was escorted down Main street amid hoots and yells. A Union Jack was placed in his hatband and another draped on his shoulders, and in response to many pugnacious demands to prove his loyalty, he sang three quavering lines of "God Save the King."

Weber was not ill-used to any extent, but the crowd was firm that he leave tonight and not wait for the morning train. Although he wore a big overcoat and carried a club-bag Weber was forced to leave on the run, and was escorted out at the northwest end of the town by a special guard of returned soldiers.

Weber will have a long walk to Neustadt, which is to the south, if he keeps on the way he started. He has to come back again for his trial at the Police Court on Wednesday.

EXPELLED FROM LORRAINE

Metz, Jan. 31.—Albert Gregoire; a lawyer and former deputy from Metz in the German reichstag, has been expelled from Lorraine. Although of Lorrainian origin he had always been Germanophile. During the war he was the holder of an official post in Metz.

Chatham is to have two beds of Flanders' poppies.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, at rates from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS
IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
Ivory Goods
Schneider's
Marriage Licenses Issued
387 George St. Next Turnbull's

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
- IS THE BEST
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Sawn and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

BRING IN YOUR OLD IRON AND SCRAP
Don't throw away a pound of it, I will buy all you can collect.
WORN-OUT STOVES AND FURNACES TAKEN DOWN AND REMOVED AT ONCE.
FERTILIZE YOUR LAWN, BUSHES, FLOWERS, etc., and
DO IT NOW
Blood, Bone and Potash Fertilizers delivered to any part of the city.
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BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

PITY THE POOR RECRUIT IN THE BIG BASEBALL LEAGUES

Boston Man Travelled all the Way to Pasadena to Join the Cubs and Lasted Only Twenty-Two Hours.

(By Oscar C. Reichow)

Pity the poor recruit! Unless he is a player of extraordinary ability his road is one not covered with roses. He is the victim of numerous jokes, is the toy for the veterans, has to sleep in uppers, is the last to get a room in a hotel and is the goat on the field after the training begins. If recruits have the backbone to weather all this they are the better for it, but many do not last long enough to get even a taste of what major league training is like. The Cubs had one in 1917 who probably has forgotten by this time that he he ever had his name on the roster of a big league team, so short lived was his experience.

Was a Wonder at Boston

Edward McGinnis was found in Boston, where he was hailed as a wonder on school teams as a first base man. He stood over six feet, had a long reach and was long legged All this was thought sufficient to qualify him for big league service Joe Tinker, then manager for the Cubs, signed and left him for Fred Mitchell. Mitchell knew nothing about him, and, as he took any and everybody to Pasadena that spring McGinnis was on the special train when it left Chicago

En route to Pasadena McGinnis proved the Creator did not give him his long legs for nothing. He did not appear to move with a great deal of rapidity, but with his long stride was always the first in the dining rooms of the Harvey system. Mitchell who observes closely when one least expects it, did not fail to notice the regularity with which McGinnis reached the dining room first.

"If that young fellow is just as active on the field I might make him a first sacker." said Mitchell.

He Lasts Only Twenty Two Hours

McGinnis was not as active on the field. He lost his speed somewhere or did not have the courage to make it assert itself. He was only a young man and the fact that he was on a major league club for the first time probably frightened him. He was a failure. He was slow of foot, could not as much as foul the ball and was stiff in his fielding. Mitchell watched him the first morning out and before practice finished ordered Secretary Seys to furnish him with transportation back to Boston.

McGinnis left for the east that night. His stay in Pasadena was twenty-two hours to be exact. He travelled all the way from Boston and did not have time to see the town. Pity that poor recruit! he had to make the journey back to Boston alone.

"King" Lear Wins Place

Fred ("King") Lear was an ambitious youth. Although only a recruit in the spring of 1918 he was determined to force his way into the Cub lineup as a regular. Confidence was not lacking in him. The first day out he approached Manager Mitchell and said:

"Where do you want me to play? If you want me to do anything don't be afraid to tell me for I am a glutton for punishment." This occasioned a laugh from the manager, who was surprised at the spirit of the youngster and at first was inclined to think he was fresh, but after watching him closely in practice decided he possessed ability and it would probably be worth while to take him in tow.

Lear being a pleasant sort of a chap and a clever piano player made a hit with all the boys. The veterans took an interest in him and gave him every help and encouragement they could. The result was he disclosed wonderful improvement and Manager Mitchell felt he had a budding star in him. One day an accident happened to Lear and with it went his hopes of making the club. He became over enthusiastic over the progress he was making and the third day out while practicing at third base thought his arm was ready and cut loose with a throw to first base. Something snapped in his shoulder. A good ball player was temporarily ruined. Mitchell carred him until the Cubs returned to Chicago but the arm never regained its former strength, Lear went to Toronto later and performed brilliantly. He is back on the Cub team, will go to Pasadena and if his arm comes back he stands a splendid chance to win a berth.

Ekos Win Three From Maple Leafs

The Eko Club laid in first place by defeating the Maple Leaf last night at the Water street alleys.

Miller for the losers rolled the grand total of 604. For the Eko Club Solomon was high, with 568, and high single with 235. The scored:

Maple Leafs.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Miller	185	219	200	604
Cooks	102	173	141	416
Cummings	95	129	119	334
Locket	194	126	176	496
Henderson	95	135	121	351
Totals	671	782	757	2210

Eko Club.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Fielder	197	128	153	480
Jackson	152	208	116	476
Stansfield	145	159	155	459
Langley	156	135	186	477
Solomon	148	235	185	568
Totals	798	865	797	2460

MORAN SIGNS TO SUCCEED "MATTY"

CINCINNATI OWNERS REFUSE TO WAIT LONGER FOR LATTER'S REPLY.

Cincinnati, Jan. 31.—Pat Moran, former manager of the Philadelphia National League baseball club, signed a contract today to manage the Cincinnati Nationals during the season of 1919. Moran was assured that he would be signed for the 1920 season if his work proves satisfactory.

Moran was signed to manage the local club only after President August Herrmann had failed to receive an answer to a cablegram sent two weeks ago to Christy Mathewson, who is in France.

The fact that Mathewson failed to answer the cablegram convinced the Cincinnati owners that Mathewson was not desirous of continuing with the Cincinnati team. Moran arrived here this morning, but it was not till late this afternoon that he succeeded in coming to terms with the Cincinnati club.

AT LINDSAY TONIGHT

Tonight the Peterboro junior play hockey in Lindsay.

QUEBEC'S WELCOME

This photograph of the welcome of the city of Quebec to returned soldiers rather spoils some of the newspaper stories that the Ancient Capital was not enthusiastic over the boys. The fact is that there is more cheering in Quebec when the boys come home than there is in Montreal and some other cities. —British and Colonial Press Photograph.

CANADIENS LOSE TO THE OTTAWAS

HOCKEY GAME LAST NIGHT RESULTS IN 3-2 VICTORY FOR CAPITALS.

Ottawa, Jan. 31. One of the most sensational hockey struggles that has ever taken place in the Capital was played last night in the presence of a crowd that packed the Laurier Avenue Rink to the rafters. Ottawa and Canadiens, rivals in the race for the championship of the National Hockey League, again were the contestants and the results was a victory for Ottawa by a score of 3 to 2.

For the second time within three nights Ottawa were forced to play overtime. The struggle did not end until [illegible] and one-half minutes of overtime had been played, until the spectators were pleading that their favorites would score and until a majority of the players were on the point of exhaustion. The winner netting the winning goal and of bringing up the battle again, fell to Harry Cameron, who had already made himself solid by scoring the deciding goal in the Ottawa-Toronto game at the Queen City just two nights before.

Just Avert a Draw.

The end of the game came as in the previous contest at Toronto, with startling suddenness. The clock showed that fifteen minutes had been played and it looked as though the match would be called a tie, as this would have been necessary had the teams played out the second ten minutes of the overtime. With fifteen minutes of the overtime gone, Joe Hall made a rush and plunged in on Goalkeeper Benedict, striking the Ottawa net guardian across the head. It was a glaring foul, though it might have won the game, and Hall was immediately banished for a major foul, leaving the Canadiens one man short.

Ottawa immediately assumed the aggressive ,and just as some of the spectators were preparing to leave, believing that the match would end in a draw, Nighbor, who had been recuperating in the dressing-room, and who appeared fresher than the others, seized the puck about three-quarters of the way down the ice and became the pivot of a three-man attack, with Cameron on his right and Cleghorn on his left. Nighbor worked it perfectly, dodging Lalonde and slipping the puck, when he reached Cleghorn across the Canadien, after faking a pass to Cleghorn.

Tickle Him to Cameron.

Cameron took it perfectly, swerved slightly to his left, and then directed a knee-high shot, which landed in the twine behind Vezina, while pandemonium broke loose, and scores rushed down to hug and congratulate the victorious Ottawa players. Cameron kept right on skating after slamming in the goal that brought victory to Ottawa, and was in his dressing-room, tired and panting, before the majority of the spectators realized that it was all over.

It was thrilling hockey and when Nighbor finally broke away on a three-man rush and transferred the disc to Cameron who scored the crowd became hysterical. Cezina just missed the shot by an inch. The teams:

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; point, Cleghorn; cover-point, Cameron; centre, Nighbor; right wing, Darragh; left wing, Dennenay.

Canadiens—Goal, Cezina; point, Corbeau; cover-point, Hall; centre, Lalonde; right wing, Pitre; left wing, Cleghorn.

Ottawa substitutes—Gerard and Boucher. Canadien substitutes—MacDonald and Berlinquette.

Referee, Harry Hyland, Toronto. Umpire, Frank Carbert, Toronto. Judges of

FORCES ENQUIRY INTO CHARGES OF "FIXED" HOCKEY

OWNER OF CANADIENS INSTITUTES LIBEL ACTION AGAINST TORONTO PAPER.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—A [illegible] libel is threatened by George Kennedy, of the Canadien Hockey Club, whose team was accused by a Toronto morning paper of throwing the last game with the Toronto Arenas. Mr. Kennedy said: "I have been given to understand that the Canadien team has been accused of lying down in the last Toronto game. I am getting a copy of the paper making the assertion and am sending it to my lawyer with instructions to push a suit against the paper through to the bitter end."

Calls it "Absolute Rot"

George Kennedy said, "As far as the charge that the team lost because of the betting is concerned, I only remember having made a bet once on anything since I have been connected with the sport, and that was more or less of a friendly bet with the late Col. Low of Ottawa, some years ago, the amount being fifty dollars.

"As to my arranging things with the players so that the team should lose, that is the most absolute rot that was ever talked or written.

"These players are not going to be with me for life. They are not relatives, who would have an interest in shielding me, and if I asked them to do anything wrong, I would be working for them instead of them working for me.

"As for Lalonde and Pitrie, Lalonde was not in fit condition to play, and Pitrie was taken violently ill after the second period. According to the rules I had to keep him in uniform, but it was really cruelty.

Rocked up by League

Regarding the charge made by the Toronto World, in its edition of Tuesday last that the Canadiens "threw" their game with the Toronto Arena Hockey Club at Toronto on the 21st of January so that their were taking supporters and a wise following should land the bets, [illegible] Frank Calder of the National Hockey League, made the following statement: "I am glad that [illegible] Toronto newspaper has had the courage to make a definite [illegible] games in the National Hockey League. Some Toronto papers have dealt in insinuations for a long time past but up to the present not one of them has come out four square with such a charge as that of the Toronto World.

"In making the statement it does, I presume the Toronto World is in possession of some facts of which I am not aware. It is difficult to conceive that any responsible newspaper would publish such a statement without being in possession of the real facts.

Anonymous Attacks

"These facts the World is being asked by me to produce in their entirety. The greater publicity that can be given them the better. The professional game, as I have said, has suffered for a long time from the anonymous attacks of misguided people who professed to see evidences of 'crookedness.' No notice has ever been taken of these charges, for the simple reason that they were anonymous and specified no particular acts of dishonesty.

"Now that the Toronto World has furnished the reason for doing so, however, I propose that the Toronto World go further, and tell us all about it.

"Having said so much, it should not be difficult for the World to say the rest and produce the proof."

MEETING TONIGHT

Tonight a meeting of the Business Men Ten-pin League will be held at the Water street alleys at 8 o'clock. Captains of each team should be on hand.

BASKETBALL AT "Y."

The Y. M. C. A. basketball team will try conclusions with the P. C. I. team, which defeated Cobourg Collegiate here last Saturday after a strenuous game, at the Y.M.C.A. at 8:15 Saturday night. Both teams are in good shape and a fast game is looked for.

Drug addicts in Ontario are rapidly increasing. The evil is far worse now than under the regime of the licensed liquor trade.

NORTH SEA
HOLLAND
Ostend
Bruges
Ghent
Antwerp
Dunkirk
Nieuport
Dixmude
Ypres
Roulers
Thielt
Courtrai
Tournai
Lille
Menin
Lens
Douai
Arras
Cambrai
Valenciennes
Le Cateau
Amiens
Peronne
Roye
Hazebrouck
Bailleul
Armentieres
Comines
Warneton
Wytschaete
Messines
Ploegsteert
Nieppe
Estaires
Merville
Hazebrouck
Aire
Lillers
Bethune
Hesdigneul
Lens
Carvin
Liévin
Vimy
Arleux
Douai
Marchiennes
Orchies
Pont-à-Marcq
Seclin
Lille
Roubaix
Tourcoing
Wervicq
Comines
Warneton
Armentieres
Haubourdin
Wavrin
Don
Pont-à-Vendin

"Cheap" Tea, is an extravagance in actual usage results - "Mark our Words"

Fine Tea is healthful, delights the palate and economical in use, possessing delicious drawing character not found in "Cheap" Teas.

"SALADA"

will reveal its goodness and economical drawing qualities in your Tea-pot "Try It To Day"

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACKEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

NOTICE

Dr. Eastwood's office will be closed until May 1. Accounts may be settled at the Dominion Bank.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 8 retail stores. Phones 183, 581, 397.

NOTICE

I have a full line of Stock Feeds and I am giving a special price on the Royal Purple. I have two and one half tons of Calf Meal, Royal Purple, and International Refast, in which I am giving special prices. You can save money if you can use any.

I have a large stock and I am trying to reduce it so I am cleaning out, several lines of every-day needs in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware.

I would be pleased to have you call and see our goods and inspect our prices.

G. T. GALL, Keene, Ont.

NOTICE

The nomination meeting for the election of officers of the Peterboro Robinson Chapter will be held in the board room of the Public Library tomorrow evening, at 7.30.

THE LATE GORDON LONG

The funeral of the late Gordon Long will take place tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock from the family residence, 561 Reid street. Service at the house at two-thirty will be conducted by the Rev. A. J. Thomas and Rev. [illegible] Davidson. Interment in Little Lake Cemetery.

SKATING TONIGHT

Brock Street Rink. Band in attendance, also, skating tomorrow afternoon and evening.

IN MEMORIAM.

GODFREY—To the memory of Maud E. Godfrey, who died January 31, 1918. Inserted by her friend, MR. AND MRS. H. W. JOHNSON.

Choir Welcomes Sergeant Eldred

At the close of choir practice last night in the guild room, St. John's choristers held an informal social and gave a hearty welcome to Sergt. Douglas Eldred on his return from four years' active service. There was no mistaking the sincerity of the welcome home to one more of the thirty choristers to safely return, and Sergt. Eldred, in a short soldierly speech expressed his thanks for the kind reception and the great pleasure of being among them all once more. Some vocal numbers, including "There's a Ship That Sails for Blighty," "Bonnie Scotland," and "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the King."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Crowe, Brock street, kindly loaned his home to the Woman's Guild of All Saint's Church for the purpose of holding a tea. The tea proved to be a great success from which the proceeds will be donated to the Building Fund of All Saint's Church.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Stephen Coveney and family wish to thank the sons of England Society, also the friends for their sympathy and beautiful floral offerings, in their recent bereavement.

Was Recommended For a Commission

BUT THE ARMISTICE DEPRIVED CADET-CUNNINGHAM OF THIS HONOR.

Had the war lasted but a short time longer Cadet J. P. Cunningham, whose parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cunningham reside at 154 Lock St., this city would have received a commission as he was recommended for that distinction just before the armistice was signed.

Brigadier-General H. F. McDonald of the Canadian Headquarters has written Cadet Cunningham to this effect and accords him high praise for his military record. Cadet Cunningham returned home on Wednesday after 3 years in the service, having enlisted with the 42nd Battalion at Brandon in 1915, being at that time barely 18 years old. While overseas he visited Glasgow the birth place of his grandfather and while there married a Scottish girl who returned with him to Canada.

Finger Prints Cause Arrest

YOUNG MURPHY IS HELD FOR TRIAL ON ROBBING CHARGE.

Francis Joseph Murphy appeared before the Police Magistrate this morning having been remanded for one week charged with theft of several suits of clothes and some cloth from the Regent Tailor Shop on Charlotte St. He pleaded not guilty and was convicted for trial at the spring assizes.

Murphy was arrested upon orders from Detective Sergeant Newhall by Detectives Meagher and Cookman. He had been at liberty only a few days after having served a 30 day sentence in the County jail for stealing several pairs of shoes from Hickey's shoe store on Hunter street.

The evidence of Sergeant Newhall showed that he had taken a plate glass from one of the windows of the tailor shop on which there were several finger prints and had sent it to Ottawa for examination. The officials there returned a report which went to show that Murphy was the man responsible. The manager of the store also gave evidence for the Crown. Mr. G. N. Gordon defended the accused.

LIKE SEWING CIRCLE

American Admiral Scoffs at Proposed Peace League.

Washington, Jan. 31.—In urging immediate naval expansion today before the house naval committee, which votes tomorrow on the administration's new building program, Admiral Mayo, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, said: "The league of nations is rapidly getting down to a sewing circle with no means of enforcement and no international police. Now is the time to go the limit in expanding our navy."

Lisbon newspapers complain of the small representation at the Peace Congress which has been given to Portugal.

CAPT. ROLLINS TO BE GIVEN REAL ROYAL WELCOME HOME

St. Andrew's Congregation Plan Reception to Absent Pastor at Annual Meeting Last Night—Successful Year's Work in All Departments.

Capt. (Rev.) James Rollins, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, who went overseas with the 93rd Battalion as quartermaster, is expected home any time before the first of June, and when he arrives he will receive a warm welcome from his congregation. At the annual meeting last night, Mr. R. Lees, a member of the Session, announced that he had received a letter from Mr. Rollins with reference to his probable return. Mr. Lees spoke highly of the absent pastor, who, he said, had never rested until he had gone with the men into the first line trenches. He has been chaplain of a Winnipeg battalion recntly, and the unit was on its way to duty when the armistice was signed. The battalion has since been in Germany, and Capt. Rollins was with them at the time he wrote.

Mr. Lees said St. Andrew's had every reason to be proud of their basent pastor, who had been faithful and modest in his military service, never seeking anything like advertising, but keeping himself and his affairs out of the newspapers ever since he went to Europe.

The Session and managers of the church were instructed to arrange a reception for Capt. Rollins, and the Ladies' Aid will co-operate. The reception will include all the enlisted men from the congregation who may have returned at that time.

A resolution was adopted expressing appreciation of the service rendered the congregation by Rev. W. L. H. and Mrs. Rowand for the past two years. Secretary W. A. Richardson will send to Mr. Rowand a copy of the resolution and will also tender the sympathy of the congregation to Mrs. Rowand and her husband on account of the former's illness in Minneapolis.

A Prosperous Year.

The attendance at the annual meeting last night broke all records, a natural sequence of a year marked with success in every department of the work. One of the most interesting reports was that of the Patriotic League, read by Mrs. T. Sills. During the war the league raised $2,542.27, of which $249.96 remains. It is proposed to expend this for a memorial tablet for those who have fallen.

The Finances.

Mr. A. Macfarlane read the report of the board of managers, which showed an income of $43,336.54 by contributions and $756.68 net return on the church's property. There is a safe balance left after the obligations are met. The amount raised for mission work was $2277.30.

New Sunday School Building.

Superintendent J. A. McKone reported a successful year in the Sunday school work, but the present building is inadequate. It is proposed to sell the church property that was purchased with the money left the congregation by the late Mrs. Nicholls and to use the proceeds for a new home for the Sunday school. Messrs. G. Walter Green, J. A. McKone, E. Bruce Fowler, W. J. Henry and W. A. Richardson were appointed a committee to deal with this question.

The following reports were read: Women's Foreign Missionary Society, by Miss Margaret Rae.

Young Ladies' Mission Band, by Miss M. Henderson.

Session report by Mr. R. Lees and treasurer of Session's report by Mr. John Matheson.

Officers Elected.

Board of Managers—Messrs. J. W. Fraser, W. J. Henry, E. Latimer, Joseph Saunders and R. M. Glover. Messrs. Glover and Fraser are new members to take the places of Mr. W. Harstone, removed, and Mr. J. John, who was elected an elder some time ago.

Member of Charity Board — Mr. John Read.

Member of Nicholls Hospital Staff —Mr. G. Walter Green.

Mr. W. A. Richardson is clerk and Mr. E. Bruce Fowler treasurer for the congregation.

When the new hymn books are introduced, selections in the old and the new books will be chosen and the number of each announced to prevent confusion and on behalf of those who do not purchase the new book of praise, this arrangement to continue for the present year.

Mr. Wm. Stevens, on behalf of the choir committee, spoke highly of the services of the choir, and this appreciation was acknowledged by Mr. H. Treneer, the choirmaster and organist.

The Ladies' Aid Society received a vote of thanks, moved by Mr. A. Macfarlane, for their splendid assistance during the year. An excellent repast was served before the business session began.

MR. A. WEDDELL ELECTED PRESIDENT FOR THE YEAR

Annual Meeting of Horticultural Society Was Held Last Night—Big Program Planned for 1919.

At last night's meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society which was the best attended annual meeting in years, and one which should put considerable life into the organization, the question of the care of the parks of the city was discussed, and the following letter directed to the County Council who are owners of Victoria Park, and to thhe City Council, who contribute to its upkeep as well as to King Edward and Central Parks:

The Letter

Peterborough, Jan. 31, 1919

E. M. Elliott, Esq.,
County Treasurer,
Court House,
City.

Dear Sir,—The growing importance of the county and city of Peterborough make it desirable that parks in the city owned by the County and city, should be maintained in a manner that will compare favorably with county and municipal buildings in other cities.

For some years our local parks have been maintained by the Peterborough Horticultural Society by means of grants received from the county and city councils. While this arrangement has certain advantages it has the disadvantage that the members of these public bodies are not so likely to take a direct interest in these parks as might be the case were they more in touch with the work involved. For this reason we desire to advise you that the Peterborough Horticultural Society this year desires to withdraw from the active management of the parks. We would suggest that their management might be undertaken—seeing that the city is without the services of a Parks Commission— by a joint committee from the two municipal bodies concerned. We would state, however, that our Society will be glad to render any assistance in this matter, within our power.

Respectfully,
Peterborough Horticultural Society,
(signed) A. Weddell, Pres.
E. Brumwell, Sec.

Officers Elected

The officers elected for the coming year were:

President—Mr. Alex Weddell.
1st vice-Pres.—Mr. R. H. Parsons.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Dr. Middleton.
Sec.-Treas.—Mr. E. E. Brumwell.
Directors—Messrs V. Eastwood, W. J. Kennedy, H. Butler, G. Gierson, H. L. Beall, E. J. Searight, F. Theobald, A. W. Turner, R. M. Glover, W. Stocker, C. G. Graham, J. H. Howland, and Ald. John Edgar, with power to add two additional members.

Appointed Delegate

Mr. Alex. Weddell, the new president was appointed to attend the annual convention of the Ontario Horticultural Society to be held in Toronto on February 5th, 6th and 7th.

Monthly Meetings

Mr. Cecil Williamson, the retiring secretary of the society, advocated the holding of monthly meetings, leaving it to the discretion of the executive when the meetings should be held. For the present the society will try to arrange with the Board of Trade for their quarters and when the weather becomes more favorable the society will meet at the homes of the different members.

Made Presentation

At the conclusion of the meeting the retiring secretary, Mr. C. Williamson was presented with a handsome case of pipes. Mr. Williamson was asked to retire for a few moments, during which eulogistic references to the good work of Mr. Williamson were made by many of the members.

"He is one of the best secretarys we have ever had and has done a big job well," observed Mr. Beall.

Live Meeting

The meeting last night was called by the older members 'the liveliest meeting we have had in years.'

Important Duties

The Horticultural Society has an important function to perform in the work of beautifying the city and should be supported to the limit by everyone interested in a clean and well kept city. The officers and members give their time and experience freely and the new Board hopes that the citizens generally will take more active interest in its affairs.

(Continued on Page 6.)

Special Clearance

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' WINTER COATS

Regular $15.00 to $30.00 - To-morrow $10.00

18 ONLY. Women's and Misses' Coats. All Good Styles, and well made from good materials in a range of good colorings. Regular Value 15.00 to 30.00

Saturday Special $10.00

Saturday Specials

Ready-Made Tea Towels 20c

Good absorbent Tea Towels, all made ready for use; plain with red border and red check. Size 27 x 19 inches. Saturday Special .. 20c

Lines Crash Towelling Yard 20c

Heavy dark linen Crash Towelling, brown stripe, red border. Good, firm quality. Excellent drying; 17½ inches wide. Regular 25c. Saturday Special, yard 20c

EXTRA SPECIAL

$2.50 Black Duchess Satin and Paillett Silk. Yard $1.69

Rich and desirable Black Duchess Satin and Paillette Silk; lovely soft finishes, pure silk, unfilled qualities; all 36 inches wide. Reliable black dyes. Regular price $2.50. Saturday's sale price is considerably below to-day's market price. While it lasts ..... Yard $1.69

Chamo Suede Gloves Pair $1.00

These Gloves are cut, sewn and finished with particular attention to the size; thus they will be found to fit correctly, and with the same comfort as a well-made kid glove. Colors white, grey, beaver and mastic. All sizes. Saturday Special .. Pair $1.00

Women's Pure Wool Cashmere Stockings Pair $1.50

Black or white, full fashioned and seamless. For actual wear these pure wool Cashmere Stockings excel. All weak points are strongly reinforced. Sizes 8½ to 10. Our best qualities. Saturday Special, pair $1.50

Women's Pure Wool Drawers Pair $1.75c

Women's pure wool Drawers of exceptionally fine quality; white only; winter weight; two styles, open and ankle length, colored and knee length. Very special value, Saturday ... Pair $1.75

See our New Lines of DRESS GINGHAMS

Just in. They're real nice.

35c, 50c, 65c YARD

Hemstitched Pillow Cases Each 50c

Don't miss these if you are in need of Pillow Cases. This line of pure cotton pillow cases is splendid value. Sizes 40, 42 and 44 inches. Hemstitched all ready for use. Regular 60c. Saturday Special, each 50c

Flannelettes - To-morrow Yard 20c

Splendid Canadian qualities in stripe Flannelettes; light, medium and dark colorings. Big range of new colorings; 27 inches wide. All regular 25c. Saturday Special, yard 20c

Store Opens 8.30 p.m. RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED Closes Saturday 9.30 p.m.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

Large Oranges 50c Doz.

Extra good Value

Sweet, Sunkist and Seedless. Try them and you will serve them often.

Florida Grapefruit

3 for 25c.
4 for 35c. Regular 10c each.
4 for 45c. Regular 12c each.

Choice Cooking Apples

Spys, Baldwins and Greenings.
Roman Beauties for table use, 5c each.

Shelled Almonds 50c

California Budded Walnuts, 55c lb.

Try Our Blend of Tea and Coffee

Christie's Assorted Biscuits ALWAYS FRESH

Porter S. White Co.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-6814.

PHONE 206, 394 GEORGE STREET

FEBRUARY

1919

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Northwesterly winds, fine and decidedly cold tonight and on Sunday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

8th YEAR No. 27 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GERMANS TO BE GIVEN IDEA OF FINAL TREATY OF PEACE

When the Armistic is Renewed by the Allies on February 17

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 1.—Preliminary peace terms will probably be presented to Germany along with the conditions for the further renewal of the armistice this month, if present plans are not deranged. Recognising the need for the return of the world to normal peace time basis, the nations assorted against Germany are considering making a start towards an actual peace treaty by inserting some of the elementary terms into conditions which will be submitted to German armistice commission on February 17. Some officials believe the armistice itself might well be developed into a peace treaty, just as they think a Society of Nations might be developed out of the deliberations of the Peace Conference.

Committee Named For Convention

The last sitting of the County Council was held thos morning when the good roads question was again discussed.

The only definite ation taken was to appoint a committee composed of Reeves Anderson, McIntosh, Nicholls, Brown, Griffith, Holland and Darling to attend the good roads convention to be held in Toronto, in the near future.

LEHIGH COAL
No. 1. Lehigh Hard Coal [illegible], at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's [illegible].

Floating Mines In The North Sea

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Jan. 1.—Many mines are afloat in the North Sea causing great anxiety to fishermen. The destruction of a fishing vessel by a mine off Stavenger is reported at a cost of eleven lives.

"Legally Speaking My Father Is Dead"

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Feb. 1.—Prince Eitel Friedrich, the former Kaiser's second son, speaking to his tenants near Potsdam said, "you will never see the Kaiser again. Circumstances have wiped him out of the world's history. Legally speaking my father is dead."

Masonic Banquet at the Empress

There were 250 in attendance at the complimentary banquet tendered to M. W. Bro. W. H. Wardrope, Grand Master of A. F. and A. M. of Canada, and to the visiting Grand Lodge officers in the Empress Hotel, last night In the afternoon the dedication services of the new Masonic hall were held.

After the toast to the King and the Craft had been honored, Rt. W. Bro. Duncan Walker proposed the toast to the Grand Lodge of A. F. and A. M. of Canada, in the Province of Ontario, which was responded to by the M. W. the G. M., W. H. Wardrope, and the D. G. M. Rt. W. Bro. F. C. Harcourt.

The toast to the visitors was proposed by Rt. W. Bro. John Crane and the Grand Secretary, Rt. W. Bro. W. M. Logan and the Grand Treasurer, M. W. Bro. E. T. Malone, replied.

Rt. W. Bro. H. R. H. Kenner acted as chairman, and W.B. J. E. L. Goodwill as vice-chairman. Mr. Frank Oldfield, of Toronto, was the entertainer and his solo work was of a high order and much appreciated.

THE LATE SIR SAM STEELE, a pioneer of the Canadian West and the man who raised and commanded Strathcona's Horse in the South African war.

CANNOT AGREE WITH COUNCIL

CROWN ATTORNEY HATTON REJECTS PROFFERED QUARTERS IN COURT HOUSE.

Crown Attorney Hatton appeared before the County Council by invitation and discussed with the members the much-exhausted question of suitable office accommodation in the county buildings.

Mr. Hatton described the progress of his disagreement with the Council from its inception to the present and when asked by Warden McIntosh if he would be willing to occupy the three rooms in the northwest corner of the building until apartments which would meet with his approval could be placed at his disposal, replied in the negative.

He was asked if he would take the two rooms in the east end and part of the library as a temporary solution of the difficulty, but again refused. He stated that the apartments set aside for the use of the Law Association would be satisfactory, but he did not wish to deprive the present occupants of their use.

Nothing was gained by the conference, and it is anticipated that the Council may request the inspector of legal offices from Toronto to come to the city and endeavor to suggest a settlement of the trouble.

The good roads question was discussed, but there was no concrete suggestion made, and today this matter will again come before the Council, which will endeavor to arrive at some definite understanding as to a feasible program which will at least offer some hope of action and end the policy of inactivity which has been pursued in connection with this proposition for some time past.

It was after 6 o'clock when Council adjourned.

New Canadian Government steamer Voyageur, which left Quebec for Halifax, is now in the vicinity of Heath Point, Anticosti Island.

Huns Menaced by Russians and Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 1.—Germany's eastern frontiers are most gravely threatened byt he Bolshevists and Poles, according to the Tageblatt, which gives the following report of the situation:

"Strong Bolshevist armies stand before the borders of East Prussia, an eruption of Poles threatens West Prussia, and that portion of West Poland which is still in German hands is subject to a renewed Polish menace which means that the province of Brandenburg is also in danger. Russian Soviet troops occupy a line from Libau to Kovno. The Bolshevists stand directly in front of Kovno fortress and have at their disposal numerous divisions which are held together and led forward by iron discipline.

"Soldiers' councils no longer play the role in the Bolshevik army that they did at the beginning of the revolution. Military authority, in the other hand, is vested with the troops and their leaders. The German 8th and 10th armies are retreating before the Soviet troops. The Iron division, which now, as a result of losses, has melted into the Iron brigade, numbering some hundreds of men, is also there.

"It would unquestionably be possible to offer resistance to the Bolshevists beyond the East Prussian border if the Germans were well led by a single determined will. Military authority, however, despite recent debrees of the War Minister, is actually in the hands of the Soldiers' Councils, who have not been able to decide on a united and purposeful action against the Russians, but on the contrary, still believe they can stop the enemy's advance toward our borders by negotiations.

"Speedy help from dependable volunteer corps ready to oppose the Russians with arms, if required, is absolutely necessary. The same can be said of the situation in West Prussia. Numerous citizens' guards, which have been organized there, are not in a position to check the threatened advance of the Poles. Some thousands of volunteers are urgently needed there."

NAVAL OFFICERS UNDER ARREST

ADMIRAL WHO ORDERED THE EXECUTION OF CAPTAIN CHARLES FRYATT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Feb. 1.—The arest is reported of Admiral Schroeder and Captains Koester and Regner of the Germany. These officers are accused, especially Admiral Schroeder, with being responsible for the excution of two sailors, although they were conversant with the general amnesty order. Admiral Schroeder became notorious when he ordered the execution of Capt. Charles Fryatt. The arrests had been requested by the German sailors.

Order Restored Among Strikers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Glasgow, Feb. 1.—Everything is quiet this morning. Thousands of troops have arrived and sentries with fixed bayonets are stationed at all strategic points. Councillor Shipwell, a strike leader in the Clyde district has been arrested.

HAD A BOTTLE

Alonzo Yorke was arrested on Townsend street this rorning by Constable Young, charged with breaking the Ontario Tedperance Act. A bottle containing a small amount of liquor was found on his person.

CABLE FLASHES

French, British and American forces occupying Western Germany will number one million men.

Two British soldiers were killed and several injured while removing coal in which the Germans had concealed bombs.

It is reported that Poles have been driven out of Austrian East Silesia by the Czechs after heavy fighting.

The police at Washington are puzzled by the mysterious simultaneous murder of three prominent Chinese residents.

CANADIAN V. C. HONORED.

The social officer in the Y. M. C. A. Beaver Hut, in London, England, on New Year's night noticed a Canadian soldier quietly handing an innocent looking cardboard box in at the checking office for safe-keeping. When he saw the words "Victoria Cross" on the top he quickly made investigation. Its owner was Private T. W. Holmes, the 19-year-old V.C. of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, who, on the last day of the old year, had had great honor of a special audience with the King of Buckingham Palace to receive his medal. Immediately the whole Hut, full of soldiers and voluntary workers, gathered to celebrate the beginning of the new year, gave enthusiastic and admiring attention to the youthful hero. Private Holmes wearing his Victoria Cross is shown here hoisted on the shoulders of two of the Hut officers. Homes is from Owen Sound, Ont., (the home also of Col. W. A. Bishop, V.C., the Canadian ace), and will be given a civic welcome upon his return home.

BERNSTORFF HAS FAITH IN LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Says no Other Agency Can Do Away With Imperialism and Bring a New German World Out of Present Chaos.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 1.—A statement has been given the Associated Press by Count von Bernstorff after consultation with the German Foreign Minister, which may be accepted as being what official Germany would consider a "peace of right and justice." The League of Nations must be the most essential part of the peace settlement itself, says Bernstorff's statement. No other agency can do away with imperialism and bring forth a new world of order. The statement professes complete agreement with the first four points of President Wilson's program and also welcomes the "free and impartial adjustment of all colonial claims," asserts Germany's disinterestedness with regard to Russia, except as to the prevention of the spread of bolshevism, and announces a willingness to pay for all damage done to civilians in Belgium and France "so far as this damage can be proven due to German aggression."

The restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France is resisted, and regarding this and any other proposed territorial changes, it is held that the peace of right and justice presupposed that the principle of self-determination will be made superior in all territorial questions.

The question of the guilt for the war should be submitted to a neutral commission. German people in vast majority do not feel guilty, although they do not deny that mistakes were made.

ORDER RESTORED IN BELFAST BY SELF-APPOINTED RULERS

Not Identified With The Review

A special despatch from Peterboro which appeared last night in the Toronto News contained an editorial on the pay of members of Parliament which appeared in The Review a few days ago The despatch stated by way of preface that Capt. Burnham is identified with this paper and gave the impression that he was responsible for the editorial.

Captain Burnham is not connected with The Review either directly or indirectly, except in the same capacity as hundreds of others; as a subscriber. He contributes nothing to the paper except an occasional communication published as such. He does not control the editorial policy of the paper and he had nothing to do with the article in question. The editorial discussing the pay of members of parliament was suggested by a circular from an Ottawa hotel giving a schedule of prices for the approaching session. This circular came to the editor's desk in the regular course of business.

The matter of increased indemnity for members of Parliament is revived year after year. The point in our editorial was that the hotel men at Ottawa appeared to hove decided to force the matter to a really live issue by another increase in their rates.

Crowd at Lindsay Wrecks Laundry

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Lindsay, Feb. 1—Rioters late last wrecked Chinese Laundries and restaurants here following the trouble which was reported yesterday.

VESSEL GROUNDS WITH TROOPS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 1.—The American transport Narragansett carrying two thousand troops is on the rocks on the Isle of Wight in a snow storm and a high sea is running, but it is believed that those on board are not in danger.

Later.—All the troops were safely removed.

HEALTH ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Health Association will be held in the Bank of Montreal Chambers, on Tuesday, February 4th at 4 p.m.

Three Hundred Special Police Co-Operating With Regular Force

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 1.—The administration of Belfast from Artisans Hall by self constituted rulers, continues, the organization of a police force of 300 special constables by the strike committee having been effected. This force is co-operating in perfect harmony with the city police, and window smashing and other disorders have virtually ceased. The entire city has accepted the rule of the committee, which prohibits extreme agitators and Sinn Feiners from speaking. Foot ball matches, dances and concerts, at which the strike leaders will be the star performers, have been arranged for the week-end. The wives of some of the workers, however, grumble because they are obliged to continue working in the textile factories while their husbands are idling.

Sixty-Four Die In An Explosion

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Brussels, Feb. 1.—Sixty German prisoners, three French officers and one American were killed Friday in the explosion of a munition train on the line between Longwy and Aubange caused by a soldier dropping a shell.

Troops Marching Against Bremen

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 1.—Troops are advancing from Berlin upon Bremen and hard fighting is expected with the workers of the fallen city who are determined to defend it.

Vessels of various kinds, wintering at Midland, including freighters with cargoes, are valued at over one hundred million dollars.

MUNICIPALITIES EAST OF CITY AGITATE FOR ELECTRIC POWER

Deputation Discuss Plans With Local Aldermen Last Night—Transmission Line From Healey Falls Would Supply Several Communities and Provide Auxiliary for Peterboro.

Plans were discussed in the city council chamber last evening for a new hydro electric transmission line from Healey's Falls which will serve the municipalities of Havelock, Belmont, Norwood, Hastings, Keene and Westwood, and would, if constructed, provide Peterborough with an auxiliary source of power.

Mr. T. P. Lancaster, editor of the Havelock Standard, is one of the chief promoters of the project. He stated at the meeting last night that what is required of this city is its moral support when the matter is placed before the Hydro Electric Commission in the near future.

Mr. Lancaster was the first speaker called upon by Mayor Duncan, who presided at the meeting. He outlined the proposition in a few words, stating that already two surveys had been made of proposed routes for the transmission line to follow. Upon the outbreak of war it had been decided to abandon the project temporarily, and now that this difficulty is removed and the smaller municipalities are feeling the necessity of power, he felt that it is high time that the Commission was approached upon the subject.

Healey's Falls is situated about eight miles southeast of Havelock and already supplies the power for Peterborough and many other large places upon the existing line as well as energy for Sulphide and several other eastern points.

Although serving these places, this source of power is not by any means developed to its capacity, and the Commission are adding to their units there at the present time. What is proposed is a line to be constructed from the power station in question to Peterborough which will serve as an auxiliary source of power which might be invaluable during a break in the existing line and would serve the municipalities east of the city.

It is proposed to send a deputation to Toronto to interview Sir Adam Beck if he can not be persuaded to come to Peterborough, and Mr. Lancaster and the speakers who followed him urged this city to have several members act upon this in order to impress the Commission with the importance of the movement.

Where Power Is Needed.

Reeve Matheson of Havelock made a strong argument in favor of Peterborough's participation in the deputation which was to wait upon Sir Adam Beck. He pointed out the advantages of having a second line leading to the city and emphasised the need of power in Havelock and the adjacent villages.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919

LOOKING FOR WHAT THEY HAVE.

AT THE MEETING held Thursday night to organize a branch of the Independent Labor party, one of the speakers referred to the announcement that Capt. Burnham proposed to work for a minimum wage board at the next session of Parliament. The speaker attempted to make it appear that Capt. Burnham's interest in the welfare of the wage-earners was recently aroused as a bid for Labor's support.

Capt. Burnham's record on these topics is before the people, and can be read in the copies of Hansard issued since he first went to Parliament. He has always favored old age pensions and was chairman of the committee appointed to look into that matter. He collected a vast amount of evidence and openly advocated this reform on the floor of the House. The war put an end to the work of that committee, but now that peace has been restored the work will be resumed.

It was in March, 1914, that Capt. Burnham made his speech in Parliament advocating old age pensions, years before local Labor made an attempt to form a party of its own. He has always favored an eight-hour law.

On April 16, 1914, in a speech in Parliament, Capt. Burnham said:

> "The great bulk of labor unrest is genuine and is caused by the fact that labor has aspired to a higher civilization than labor can maintain. Those people who are not prepared to assist labor in maintaining that civilization condemn it to a degradation, and to a degradation to which labor will never submit. Whatever else happens there must be a living wage. I emphasize the words, 'a living wage.'"

Ex-President Watters and Secretary Draper of the Dominion Trades Congress both publicly in this city three years ago commended the course of Capt. Burnham in Parliament. Minister of Labor Robertson, himself a labor man with a union card in his pocket, stated on the occasion of his recent visit here that he had always found Capt. Burnham an earnest and consistent friend of the cause of the workingman.

President Wilson goes to Europe to secure the freedom of the seas for his nation, something that the Americans, in common with the world, have never been denied so long as international law is respected. The shepherd in Virgil's story left home to seek fore something that could be found in his native mountains. Diogenes took a lantern and scoured the country to find an honest man whom he could probably have found keeping a drug store on the corner right in his own community. Labor, too, may wander far afield in search of an advocate, overlooking the fact that the cause already has a friend at court.

The man who has achievements to his credit is always to be preferred to the one who can merely promise.

CROWN ATTORNEY HATTON'S CASE.

CROWN ATTORNE HATTON asks a number of his clerks and stenographers to the Court House and asks them, after surveying the offices provided by the Council for his accommodation, as between employer and those on his payroll, if they would be willing to spend their working hours in such quarters. Suspecting, as they must, Mr. Hatton's personal views on this subject, the clerks and stenographers answer in the negative. They want more room, more light and better environments than those provided by proximity to the common jail, for, after all, even a county official's clerks and stenographers are gifted with the tastes of ordinary humanity.

Skilled as he is in all the arts of jurisprudence, Mr. Hatton must know that in any court of law his clerks and stenographers, giving an opinion under such circumstances, would hardly be regarded as disinterested witnesses. One glimpse of the sunlit offices on the west side of the building, one glance at the prospect of Victoria Park from one of the windows, would be sufficient to decide the matter in the minds of those directly interested in the location.

It is unfortunate that the county officials and Mr. Hatton ever differed on this subject in the first place. It is doubly unfortunate that it required a lawsuit to settle the dispute. The spectacle of the county fathers and one of the officials, supposed to be in a sense their employe, reduced to the necessity of invoking legal machinery to straighten out tangles between them is not altogether edifying. Someone is at fault. Up to date it must be admitted that Mr. Hatton, with a judicial decision in his favor, has all the best of the argument.

Still, the dispute seems as far from final settlement as ever. The county has received official notice to furnish Mr. Hatton with adequate office quarters in the Court House. The rooms the county councillors have in mind are not satisfactory to Mr. Hatton, and the two parties to the dispute are apparently just where they were when the legal machinery was first set in motion. Mr. Hatton threatens another lawsuit rather than waive one iota of what he regards as his rights, and, backed up by his office force, he seems ready for an active renewal of the fray.

Mr. Hatton would accept as offices rooms already occupied by county officials, preferably those now held by County Clerk Kingan. But it may be taken for granted that Mr. Kingan, whipsawed as he is to insist upon his own rights, will not vacate even to preserve the county family peace. And under the circumstances, with his priority of occupancy, no one will be inclined to blame him.

It is really too bad, however, if the funds of the county are to be consumed in the payment of law costs. Such a condition does not make for harmony in the community. The members of the County Council are inclined to be influenced in this matter by precedent, by what former crown attorneys asked for in the way of office accommodation at the Court House and what they received.

At this date it looks as if the final outcome of the dispute will be a compromise, that Mr. Hatton will occupy rented offices down town where his staff can enjoy the air and the sunlight, the cost to be borne in part at least by the county. Such an arrangement would probably be entirely satisfactory to Mr. Hatton himself, regardless of how the county councillors might view it.

AN INDUSTRIAL UTOPIA.

THERE WOULD be few if any aggressive Labor unions in the country; there would be no conflicts between capital and the wage-earners, there would be no discontent among the latter, if every industry were conducted on the same system as that which is to be adopted by the Cressman Company, Limited, of this city. Labor's contention for years has been the right to share in the profits it helps to create, instead of working for a set compensation, regardless of, whether by its own efficiency or not, how large these profits have been made. The Cressman Company have solved the labor problem by conceding this right.

Beginning with the firm's current business year there will be installed a profit-sharing system which will apply to every person engaged in the business whether as salesmen or in any other capacity. The dividends are to be paid every six months, and one of the conditions upon which the allotment will be based is to be length of service. This will act as a double inducement to members of the staff to do their utmost to promote the welfare of the firm and will make for continuity in the situations held by the various employes. The plan is one which cannot fail to promote harmony in any institution that adopts it, and under its operation a standard of efficiency will be attained that would be otherwise impossible. The accruing advantages will be mutual, the firm and staff sharing to the same extent in the benefits.

Under such a system every member of the working staff is in exactly the same position as if actually belonging to the firm. He will draw a set salary just as the working partner does and will, besides, have the prospect of increased emoluments which can be created by his devotion to his duty.

The plan has been carefully worked out in every detail. The entire force has been thoroughly organized and everything reduced to a system. In all Peterborough, probably in all Ontario itself, there has been no business institution where such pleasant relations have existed between the firm and the staff as in the Cressman store. The result has been the efficiency that comes of loyal service and contentment with one's lot in life. The annual banquets, the Welfare Club and other organizations among the meters of the staff have been sufficient evidence of this. One noticeable feature of these relations is that the firm refrs to those on its payroll as co-workers rather than as employes or hired help, something that in itself is an outstanding proof that the old order of things has been supplanted by a system the inspiration for which can be traced to the Golden Rule.

The new system cannot fail to work out to the interests of all concerned. It may be an oversimplification of the true spirit of Christianity, but besides this there is not a doubt as to it being good business when regarded from a practical viewpoint. The Cressman Company is certain to prosper now as never before, successful as the firm has been since they first started business in this city on a small scale. And the example thus set, the demonstration of results sure to follow, is likely to be adopted by other business concerns in the city.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

RENDERING unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's these days should cause a boom in the hemp industry.

• • • • •

ANYWAY, the members of the County Council, with that legal decision hanging over their heads, are justified in taking Mr. Hatton seriously.

• • • • •

UNLESS THE WEATHER changes for the worse the towns in the Grand River Valley will be denied the advertising that comes with the annual spring flood.

• • • • •

Switzerland says she has no desire to extend her boundaries. Where could she go, save up?—London Advertiser.

OR DOWN, like some of the rest of them.

• • • • •

THE STAR OF HOPE is shewing above the horizon. There is evidence that some of the county councillors are evincing a disposition to catch step with the rest of the province.

• • • • •

"If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders fields."

AND ONE OF the terms of that faith was to care for the widows and the orphans.

• • • • •

After getting the farms for the soldiers, the next job will be to get the soldiers for the farms.—Duluth News-Tribune.

AND THE NEXT to get the crop and the market for the soldiers.

• • • • •

SPEAKING IN TORONTO yesterday, a noted divine from Brooklyn, New York, said the ex-kaiser should be hanged. Why not, like ex-President Taft and other American visitors to Canada, bring a message that has a touch of the original?

• • • • •

PROBABLY Sir Wilfrid Laurier would be led to revise his present high opinion of the German people if he visited the scenes where his models of worthiness wrought so much desolation.

LET US AWAIT with patience the groundhog's decision tomorrow as to weather conditions.

• • • • •

Not so the Pembroke Observer. It stands "pat" for Laurier, and it is among the very few newspapers in Ontario that have done so, we are pleased to say. The majority of them had a higher conception of their duty to their country.—Pembroke Standard.

SO PEMBROKE has its editorial afflictions no less than Peterborough.

MONROE DOCTRINE ON TRIAL

(New York Commercial.)

America will receive no land in the Eastern hemisphere as spoils of war, but is asking other nations to recognize the Monroe Doctrine and Japan to give up to somebody certain certain islands in the Pacific which she took from Germany.

No European power has ever formally recognized the Monroe Doctrine, and Great Britain is the only one that has treated it in a friendly spirt. It was originally aimed at the Holy Alliance, which included France, Russia, Prussia and Austria. England gave America strong moral support at the time and saved us from having either to recede from our position or to wage war in Latin America in defence of the independence of former Spanish colonies.

Japan will probably withdraw from these Pacific islands at our request—but at a price which will be paid in Eastern Asia. The Entente Allies will concede almost anything we ask—but at a price. American demands for formal recognition of the Monroe Doctrine and for Japanese evacuation of the German Pacific islands will be regarded as spoils of war, and President Wilson will find that the price will be recognition of the demands of the Entente Allies for territories and indemnities.

If the League of Nations is created before fixed peace with Germany and her allies is signed it will be an alliance to enforce the terms of the treaty of peace in the first place. The Entente Allies are evidently manoeuvring to secure their spoils of war as part of the peace treaty before the League of Nations acquires jurisdiction, and they are therefore willing to pay our price to put us out of court if we protest formally against their acquisitions.

Secret treaties between the Entente Allies are to be carried out before the general peace is signed or are to be incorporated in it. If Japan surrenders anything she has been secretly promised because America objects she will get something else. Germany deserves no consideration, but a balance will be struck which will leave her people in possession of purely German lands on condition that she pays damages. If America shows too much tenderness toward a ruthless foe she will lose her influence at the peace conference.

Secrecy will continue to prevail in the councils of the belligerents represented at Paris. America will get her price and so will others if they can arrange conflicting claims such as that of Italy to the Dalmatian coast; and then the peace conference will open its doors to the press and harmony will prevail—but never a word about the preliminaries that led up to the settlement. Facts and diplomatic customs are proving too much for President Wilson, but his influence will be powerful in settling differences among the nations that sit at the peace table. The first secret agreement is likely to settle the fate of Germany's African colonies, part of which may be internationalized, but England, France, Belgium and Portugal will get the parts that they really need, including a broad right of way for the British Cape-to-Cairo railway.

All nations want peace and favor the League of Nations in theory, but they wish to secure their spoils of war before it comes into active operation. The issue is whether the League of Nations shall determine the terms of the treaty of peace or shall take up its work after the map of the world is redrawn.

WIT AND WISDOM

Rich Yield

Dr. X—Did old Moneygrub's case yield to treatment?

Dr. Y—It did— something like $400 in six months.

His Opinion Changed

"I wish now I'd taken mother's advice when she begged me not to marry you."

"Did your mother try to keep you from marrying me?"

"She did."

"Oh, how I have wronged that woman!"

Where he Was Great

"Brown is a great thinker, isn't he?

"Yes, he thinks he knows it all."

No Small Fry

"John," exclaimed the nervous woman, "I believe there is a burglar in the house."

"I haven't time to fool with small fry," was the sleepy response. "I've spent the entire day fighting regular profiteers."

Correcting an Omission

The Head Nurse—Stop it! Are you trying to shake that sick man's ribs loose?

The Substitute Nurse—No, not that. But I just gave him a medicine and I forgot to shake it, as you told me to; so I'm doing it now.

Unselfish

"Goodness!" exclaimed little Betty. "here comes a big dog."

"Well, you run ahead and let him bite you," said her small brother Bobby. "The doctor said I mustn't have a bite between meals."

Pleasant Prospect

Husband—Hurrah! I've got a week's vacation.

Wife—How nice. Now you can dig the garden, clean out the cellar, and whitewash the kitchen.

Peace at any Price

Magistrate— Great Scot! officer, how did these men come to be so badly bruised and battered up?

Officer—Please, your honor, they were discussing the peace settlement.

Plain Talk

Employer—What! You want a raise? Why, when I was an office boy I had to work five years before I got one.

Office boy—Yessir; but perhaps you was one of those fat head kinds that ain't worth a raise.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable ... of the ... prepared ... THE COOK MED... CO. ...

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Yestidday afternoon I exsidently broak the big vase in the parler wile I was trying to see if I could ballents it on my hed like a statue I saw wunts, and ma gessed who did it as soon as she came running in and saw me picking up the peeces, and she was mad as enything and sed she was going to tell pop the minnit he came home. Wish she did wile pop was hanging up his hat and coat.

Yes, jest wate till I show you the peeces sed ma, and pop sed, I can hardly wate, Benny, wat have you to say for yourself?

Yes, sir, I sed. Meening I admitted it, and pop sed, My son, I thank you.

Wat, you wat? sed ma.

For 15 yeers sed pop, for 15 weary yeers that accursed ornamint has stood between me and compiete happiness. Every time I even so mutch as had a hazy idea of entering the parler, you warned me in terrible tones to be carefil of that vase, and when I was axshily in the room your accursing and hawk like eyes made me feel like a kidnapper.

Wy Willyum Potts, sed ma. Do you meen to say that you dont even intend to reprimand him?

Benny, never let it happen agen, sed pop.

No, sir, I sed.

I wish I had wipped him myself now, sed ma. And after suppir she was still so mad she went to the movies all alone.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says all through the war her brother and his college chum drank from the same cantonment.

The curiosity of others enables ome men to make a good living.

IF YOU spend your winter in Florida or in the regions of snow. Both places show the necessity of protecting the eyes from the sun's rays; whether reflected from the ocean waves or glittering banks of snow and ice.

You'll find the tinted lenses we recommend to meet your needs and liking.

ASK ABOUT THEM

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

ASSURES SUCCESSFUL BAKING

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Guaranteed to be made exclusively from the ingredients specified on the label.

Your Grocer sells it. Costs no more than the ordinary kinds.

NO ALUM

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
Winnipeg Montreal

MADE IN CANADA

NEW HYMNAL IN ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

WILL BE INTRODUCED TOMORROW AND USED IN BOTH SERVICES.

The new Presbyterian hymnal will be introduced in St. Paul's Church tomorrow and will be used at both services. The minister intends beginning tomorrow night a series of sermons on some of the famous hymns of the world. He will deal in his first sermon with "Jesus Lover of My Soul," and will relate some incidents where the singing of this hymn has been used to help and bless the people of God.

It is only in accord with the eternal fitness of things that the cook should always be on mischief bent.

Red Cross Rooms Closed Yesterday

ALL AUXILIARIES ARE REQUESTED TO RETURN THEIR FINISHED WORK.

The Red Cross workrooms in the Public Library, which has been open for the past four and a half years closed on Friday, having been used for refuge and relief work for the past four weeks. While for the present there is no actual work the executive held themselves in readiness for any emergency call and hope all workers will do the same. It is hoped that all auxiliaries or individuals who were working for the Red Cross will hand in their finished work not later than Tuesday, Feb. 4th, as the packing must be finished at once.

ESTABLISHED 1855

Thrift

FOR CHILDREN

GIVE your son and daughter a lesson in thrift by opening for them a Savings Account in The Bank of Toronto. Help them add to it at regular intervals. The Thrift Habit acquired by the children will be worth more than the dollars it costs you.

Savings Accounts for small or large sums invited at all branches of this Bank.

ASSETS: $84,000,000

121 Branches in Canada

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Peterboro Branch—E. J. H. VANSTON, Manager

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

GAIL KANE in "THE DAREDEVIL"

A REFRESHING COMEDY-DRAMA IN 5 ACTS

EDDIE POLO in "THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS"

CHAPTER 4 "THE MESSAGE ON THE CUFF" 2 PARTS

Screen Telegram, The Latest News Graphic.

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THE STRAND,

A Special Feature NORMA TALMADGE in

"By Right of Purchase,"

Regarding this artiste, the "New York Tribune" says: "Norma Talmadge has them all licked to a standstill. She plays with her brain and her heart as well as with her slender body."

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

15 Reels
Double Show For One Price

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all **16c**

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"Peggy"

with BILLIE BURKE as the Leading Artist.—Six Parts

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MME. PETROVA, the high salaried Artist in her First Wonderful Petrova Pictures—Five Parts

A Daughter of Destiny

LAUGHABLE KEYSTONE COMEDY

A Telltale Shirt

Sidesplitting Scene with Roars of Laughter

Monday Extra Special Program with William Farnum in "True Blue," and Peggy Hyland in "Marriages are Made." Two of the best Fox Star Actors. Don't Miss Matinee on Monday

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

Varicose veins are veins overdistended with blood. At first they are merely distended veins become tortuous and thickened as well as permanently dilated. The same thing occurs whether the veins involved are those of the leg or thigh or abdomen or rectum (piles, hemerrhoids) or inguinal region (varicocele).

Among the contributing causes of varicosity of the veins the following are most important:

1. Shallow breathing habit. The bellows action of the chest in breathing is an important factor in the return circulation of blood through the veins.

2. Faulty posture. High heels (heels more than half an inch high, or in fact heels higher than the thickness of the soles of the shoes- not only cause strain of the foot and leg muscles, but throw the whole body out of balance and predispose to weakened conditions such as ptosis or sagging of abdominal and pelvic organs and to varicose veins.

3. Prolonged standing in a faulty or relaxed posture. This cause concerns (a) high heels, (b) the corset habit, and (c) neglect of physical education. High heels and corsets destroy normal body poise or balance and induce faulty posture; physical ignorance (a kind of ignorance surprisingly prevalent among people who imagine they have a good education) favors stasis or stagnation of blood in the veins of the body.

4. Tight garters around the leg impede the return circulation through the veins without noticeably obstructing the flow of the arterial blood into the leg, because the veins lie superficially and the arteries are more deeply imbedded in the fleshy structure of the leg.

5. Tight belts or waistbands and skirts supported from the waist or hips rather than from the shoulders by suspenders are direct causes of varicose veins.

6. Senility or old age, which is chiefly too much dignity, predisposes of varicosity. Too many of us never get our legs in the air at all, at all, but keep them anchored to the ground. Shake a leg occasionally; shake both legs.

When a young girl puts on corsets for the first time she does so because

(a) Other girls wear them.

(b) Her mother wishes to "mold her figure."

(c) The girl has no physical education.

(d) The girl is vain.

Thus vanity, dignity and ignorance are the real causes of varicose veins.

In Temiskaming, 800 cows produced 272,834 pounds of cream, which made 45 tons of butter, and earned for their 222 owners, $34,000.

MUNICIPALITIES ASKED TO AID IN REPATRIATION WORK

All Should Take a Personal Interest in the Welfare of the Men They Helped to Send Overseas.

Repatriation has become a household word in Canada, heard upon the lips of someone wherever you go—a word of wide meaning, and while in a general way those outside of the actual work understand its application there are few who can entirely appreciate the many avenues and departments of public service with which this work of readjusting and rebuilding is directly concerned.

One of the most valuable of such departments is that which links up the patriotic work of all municipalities to cooperate with the great repatriation movement for the more effective and speedy return of all machinery, both human and material, to the best footing for peace time progress.

The Director of this department, Mr. Harry Bragg of Montreal, is one of the first men in Canada with regard to municipal affairs. As founder, editor, and latterly managing director of the Canadian Municipal Journal, which position he has resigned in order to devote his whole time to the work of repatriation, Mr Bragg has had over fourteen years of experience of municipal affairs in every part of the Dominion. This knowledge has not been gained entirely while seated at an editorial desk, but through personal visits to municipalities, a close study of the various problems and needs of many individual cities, and through personal experiences as chairman at conventions both in Canada and the United States.

The aim of the Municipal Department in the work of repatriation is to secure the coordination in every municipality of all public activities to the one end. Canadian municipalities, during the war, took a fair share in the work of recruiting and speeding the boys on their way overseas.

What is proposed to each municipality is that such personal interest in the boys commenced in war time as a patriotic measure should be continued for the rebuilding of industrial and social relationships during the days of reconstruction.

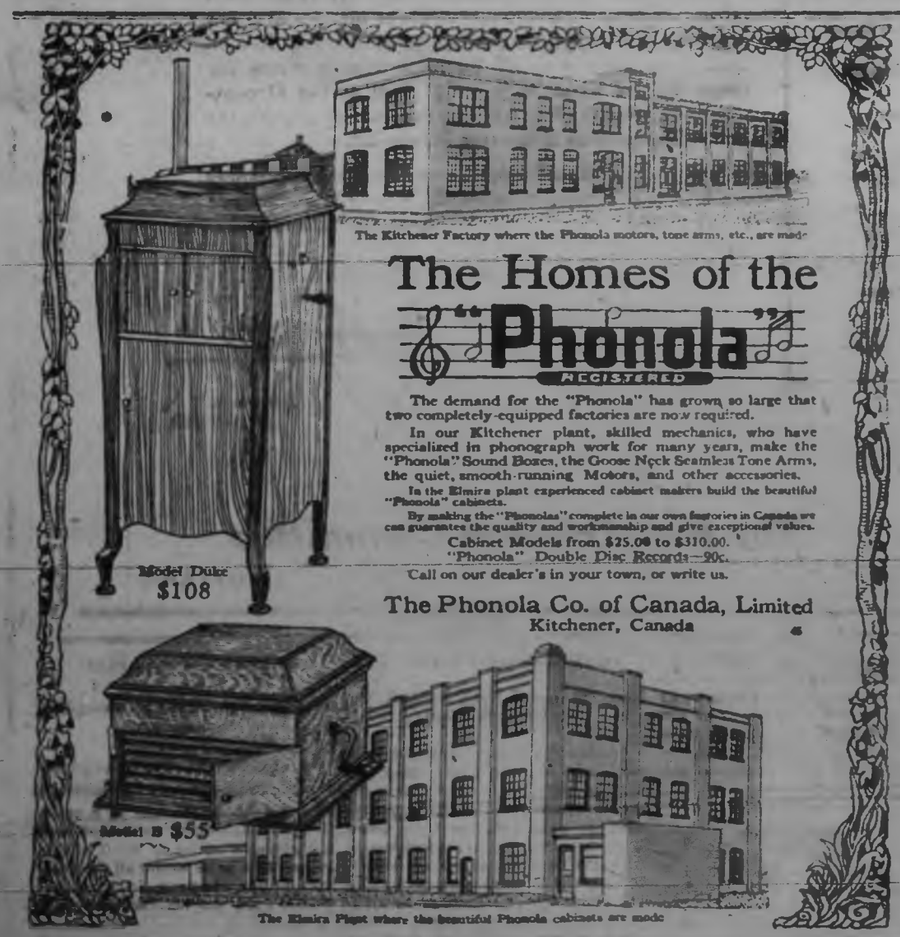
In Great Britain municipal direction is in a sense overruled by the Government, each municipality being answerable to the state through the local Government Board. Nevertheless during the war the British Government utilized the municipalities far more than they were entitled to under ordinary circumstances. In Canada each municipality is self-governed and is therefore free to advise for or against any proposal made by other municipalities.

An example of the value of municipal co-operation throughout Canada upon matters of far-reaching public interest is shown in the many local reforms achieved by the formation

(Continued on Page 4.)

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lack of Energy, Exhaustion of the Blood, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One dollar per box. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)



The Kitchener Factory where the Phonola motors, tone arms, etc., are made

The Homes of the "Phonola"
REGISTERED

The demand for the "Phonola" has grown so large that two completely-equipped factories are now required.

In our Kitchener plant, skilled mechanics, who have specialized in phonograph work for many years, make the "Phonola" Sound Boxes, the Goose Neck Seamless Tone Arms, the quiet, smooth-running Motors, and other accessories.

In the Elmira plant experienced cabinet makers build the beautiful "Phonola" cabinets.

By making the "Phonolas" complete in our own factories in Canada we can guarantee the quality and workmanship and give exceptional values.

Cabinet Models from $25.00 to $310.00.

"Phonola" Double Disc Records—90c.

Call on our dealers in your town, or write us.

Model Duke $108

Model B $55

The Phonola Co. of Canada, Limited
Kitchener, Canada

The Elmira Plant where the beautiful Phonola cabinets are made

The only authorized Dealers in Peterborough for the "Phonola" and Phonola Records is

The House of Quality **The Royal Music Co.** 39 George St.

ELECTED PRESIDENT.

Col. R. W. Leonard, C.E., of St. Catharines, Ont., who has been elected President of the Canadian Engineering Institute.

CLOTHING TO REMAIN HIGH.

Demand Is Much Larger Than the Supply.

"The indications are that for some time to come, and probably all during this year, the price of woollen goods and of cloth will be not much, if at all, reduced," said an authority in the clothing trade in Toronto recently. Indeed, reports have appeared in the newspapers that an increase in the price of woollen goods might be looked for, but there does not seem to be any real reason why any such increase should take place.

"Conditions are as yet so unsettled and indefinite that it is very difficult to make any exact prediction as to the course of the clothing business, which depends entirely on the condition in the market for textile woollens. This market is, for all practical purposes, dominated by the English market, both for raw wool and for textile woollens.

"The current supplies of raw wool in England are very low, but in Australia and the Argentina, which produces the great bulk of the raw wool, supplies are quite large, it is believed. Owing to shipping conditions, they could not be transported to England for the last three or four years. This condition will be shortly overcome, to a very large extent. The conditions of the market for textile woollens or cloths is the important thing in reality, and the supply of these goods is unprecedently low. Not only this, but the clothing of most of the European nations is in what might be termed a threadbare condition.

"No military uniforms to any considerable quantity will be required now, but the men who have been wearing uniforms up to now will have to be refitted with civilian clothing. All these demands will obviously make a very heavy drain upon the capacities of the woollen mills, not only in England and Scotland, but every other country which has them.

"In so far as in both the textile woollen or cloths and the garments made from them are concerned, it is to be remembered that there is no likelihood at any time of a return to the prices which prevailed before the war. Wages in England have doubled, or more than doubled, and the indications are that the workers will not tolerate a return to the scale which prevailed in ante-bellum days.

"In regard to the garment workers who convert the cloth into clothing in this country the situation is nearly the same. Of course, the wages in England before the war were relatively much lower than on this continent, and the increase has been correspondingly greater there. But in neither the European countries nor on this continent will there be a return to the scale which governed. As wages form over 60 per cent. of the cost of these lots and of the completed garments it will be seen that whilst a reduction in present prices may be expected after a time they will not bring prices to anything like those of pre-war times. Personally, I think this is a very desirable feature of the situation, not only in the interests of the workers, but also of the whole community."

A Possible Sea Tale.

What a theme for a novelist is suggested by these three words, "The Last Submarine!" Jules Verne's deathless tale of "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," and the ocean stories of Jack London and Morgan Robertson—all these thrilling narratives—would pale their "uneffectual fires before a grand conception such as might well be furnished by "The Last Submarine!"

Imagine some fierce scadog of Germany—some viking of the underwaves—leading a sturdy crew, and imagine that scadog and his submarine, giving no heed to the terms of the armistice, vanishing quietly from view, and carried on the Wilhelmshaven books as "missing" forever after. Think of this one submarine prowling through the vasty deep, replenishing supplies and munitions from the silent, secret bases that the Germans founded on lone islands here and there, and waiting, waiting till springtime came and the new rush of transatlantic travel. Think of the crime it could commit, the piracies it could achieve; the ships that could be sunk traceless and unreckoned; the wealth that the marauders could pile upon uncharted reefs—and the tremendous hunt by all the navies of the world. For years, perhaps, the raider could keep up its deadly work, till one by one, all the lost bases were found and stripped of their supplies and until some armed ship, camouflaged as a helpless merchantman, should send a shell through the thin plates of the submarine.

The plot is there, and is of wondrous fascination. What writer will be first to see its beauties.

Dead In the War.

With the issue of the official figures of the French losses in the war it is possible to arrive at the approximate estimate of the appalling toll of life. The dead, so far, number 5,936,504. The individual national losses in dead thus far announced are:

British	706,726
French	1,071,300
American	58,478
Russian	1,700,000
Austrian	800,000
German	1,600,000

The total German casualties are given by the Berlin Vorwaerts as 6,330,000, and the Austrian total was placed at 4,000,000. Serbia is killed, wounded and prisoners lost 320,000 men.

Sweet Grass Scarce.

Richard Bishop, an Oldtown Indian, who has spent his summers at Old Orchard Beach for 32 years, has probably manufactured more sweet grass articles than any other one person in Maine has done in the same time. He says he uses 300 pounds of grass a year, so that in 32 years he must have used about 10,000 pounds. Sweet grass now, he says, is very scarce, because so much of it is pulled up by the roots.

A CRIPPLE FOR THREE YEARS

Helpless In Bed With Rheumatism Until He Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES".

MR. ALEXANDER MUNRO

R.R. No. 1, Lorne, Ont.

"For over three years, I was confined to bed with *Rheumatism*. During that time, I had treatment from a number of doctors, and tried nearly everything I saw advertised to cure Rheumatism, without receiving any benefit.

Finally, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. Before I had used half a box, I noticed an improvement; the pain was not so severe, and the swelling started to go down.

I continued taking this fruit medicine, improving all the time, and now I can walk about two miles and do light chores about the house".

ALEXANDER MUNRO.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The Romance of Rubber

IT will be news to almost every person not connected with the rubber trade that in the present year 83 per cent. of the entire rubber production will come from rubber plantations. For many years it has been well known that the enormous growth in the demand for rubber has led to the cultivation of rubber producing plants in order to supplement the limited supply that comes from the wild forests. Just to what extent these experiments has gone and with what success they had met were matters of which the general public had meagre knowledge. The knowledge has not been exactly inaccessible, but it has not been often set before the public in a readable way.

In an article on the rubber trade's phenomenal growth, prepared by the statistical department of the National Bank of Commerce of New York, we are told that up to 1873 the world's total supply of rubber came from the "wild." In that year seeds from the native Brazilian trees were successfully planted in experimental gardens at Kew, England. Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, the Dutch West Indies, Borneo and the Pacific islands are the centre of the plantation rubber industry, although there are some such plantations in India, Singapore, Penang, Batavia and Colombo are the chief rubber ports of the world. Brasil, which as lately as 1911 supplied us with two-fifths of our rubber, now supplies us with one-ninth. This shift is due largely to the change from wild to cultivated sources of supply.

We are informed by this Bank of Commerce article that over 400 years ago Columbus found American Indians wearing waterproof shoes of rubber. Here we have the earliest form of those modern pedal ornaments that are variously known as gumshoes, overshoes and rubbers. Though the waterproof quality of rubber was known to the Indians hundreds of years ago, yet that remarkable material did not become an article of commercial importance until less than 60 years ago. Since then the growth in its use has been phenomenal. To-day, American export of rubber footwear totals 2,800,000 pairs a year, worth nearly $6,000,000, while the world's annual consumption of the raw product has mounted to 290,000 tons.

British capital controls about 90 per cent. of the plantations, and most of the remainder of the capital invested in the industry is Dutch. But the U. S. is now going in. Prospects of developing rubber growing in the Philippine Islands is already attracting the attention of experts and capital. Climate and soil are reported to be admirably adapted, and the labor supply abundant, for the development of plantations there. More than 50,000 pounds of the best rubber were produced on the Island of Basilan in 1917. There are thousands of trees on that island and on the island of Mindanao that have not yet come into bearing. A most promising start has been made. From the bank circular which contains the facts above related we take this interesting summary of the history of rubber:

Columbus and the Spanish and Portuguese missionaries who followed him, found the American Indians using crude rubber for balls, for ornaments and for certain articles of clothing, among them shoes which were proof against the wet. Yet not until 1862 was rubber deemed of sufficient moment to be reported in American import statistics.

To Europeans rubber had been known as a curiosity for 200 years before any serious scientific interest was taken in it or effort made to utilize it in an industrial way. The French were pioneers in this virgin field. In the first half of the eighteenth century, the French naturalist, La Condamine, discovered the native gum in the Cordilleras of the Andes. The natives called it "caucho." From this came the French word for rubber — caoutchoue, which is practically the universal name for the material outside English-speaking countries. French scientists became interested, and soon the study of rubber was also taken up in England and the United States.

Joseph Priestly, the English chemist, discovered that rubber would erase pencil marks, and so came its English name, derived from this property. Many names are interwoven with the growing story of rubber's romance: that of Macintosh, who perfected a method of waterproofing fabric in 1825; Charles Goodyear, Nathaniel Haywood and Thomas Hancock, who were successful in discovering the secret of vulcanising. The use of rubber tires was first suggested by Hancock in a book published in 1856, but the pneumatic tire was not patented by Dunlop until 1888. So, from these comparatively recent discoveries have multiplied the various uses which rubber has come to fill.

Both domestic and export demand for rubber goods has increased enormously since the war began, but it is believed that American manufacturers have secured so substantial a footing in the world's rubber trade that they will be able to hold their own after the war demand has ceased. There have been some doubts as to the ability of the world to consume the increased supplies of rubber, now that the end of the war has stopped the military demand for it. On the whole, however, it is believed that except for temporary depressions there will be a continuous demand for all the rubber produced. New uses for it are constantly being found.

The pay offered harvesters by the Holdernerr, England, Agricultural Club last autumn was $16.80 a week, with beer and tea.

Famous Admirals.

Admiral Keys, of the Dover Patrol, who landed at Ostend not long ago, was present at the siege of Pekin in 1900. He was then a lieutenant and naval A.D.C. to Gen. Sir Alfred Gaselee, commandant of the British force, and in that capacity took part in the famous march to the relief of the Legations. The British were the first to effect an entrance to the Chinese capital, which they did by the watergate under the city walls. Besides Admiral Keyes, there were present two naval officers whose names have become famous during the war just ended —Admirals Jellicoe and Beatty.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous mebrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.

Fear Not Cowardice.

An English observer calls attention to the fact that our world war has destroyed the fear of being afraid. Heretofore, even to quite distant antiquity, the one quality insisted on in the soldier was that he should be fearless and the more callously so the better. The faintest tremor of timidity was a black mark against the most resplendent knight as well as the lowliest bowman or halbardier and the schooling for war was an utter defiance of the personal risk.

The Germans, if we are to accept reports, induce an apparent bravery, but a counterfear—the terror of a discipline disobeyed — yet doubtless even among the enemy there are many deeds of the heroism of resolution and certainly among the Allies this quality has reached its highest developments. The men of Verdun admit to ghastly fears, but they gave no backward step.

And That Gets Him Nothing.

"De man dat's always imitatin' other people," said Uncle Eben, "simply advertises de fack dat he ain' nobody much his own self."

Use Old Printing Methods.

Some of the monks of Tibet are still printing books in the manner followed a hundred years ago.

WOULD GO FROM HOUSE TO HOUSE

MRS. HARRINGTON FEELS LIKE GOING OUT AND TELLING EVERYBODY ABOUT TANLAC.

"I would just like to go from house to house and tell the people about Tanlac," said Mrs. Mollie Harrington, of 111 Third Street, Peoria, in a recent statement which she requested published for the benefit of others.

"My health gave way years ago," Mrs. Harrington continued, "and I had long since despaired of ever getting any better. I was very weak and pale—hardly had the color of blood in my face—suffered terribly from stomach trouble and was extremely nervous. I was really in a broken down condition, and being past fifty-eight years of age, which I thought was against me, I had no hope of getting well and nothing to look forward to but the end, which I often felt was drawing near.

"Then I got to reading about the wonderful results others were getting from Tanlac and yet I could not make up my mind at first to try it, as I had little idea that it could help a person of my age, especially one in such a low state of health. But some how I was influenced to buy a bottle, and that was about the luckiest day of my life, for when I finished taking it there was a wonderful improvement in my condition.

"Then I had something to look forward to—hope of complete recovery—so I bought a few more bottles of Tanlac, and now I don't have to tell my friends I am well again, for they can see that from my looks, and often speak of it. I am more thankful to Tanlac than I can express for now I am enjoying life and good health, which I never expected to enjoy any more, and I want this testimonial published in all the papers of Illinois that everybody may know what Tanlac will do, for I feel that I ought to tell all suffering people about this wonderful medicine."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. H. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

PETERBORO HAS MADE NO MOVE

TO SECURE ANY OF PROVINCIAL GRANT FOR HOUSE BUILDING.

Several municipalities of the province have signified their intention of taking advantage of the provincial government's housing scheme and there is but little doubt that they will await themselves of government aid in a fairly large way in providing cheap houses for workmen. They are the following: Windsor, Sudbury, Ottawa, New Toronto, Kitchener, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Catharines, Collingwood, Port Credit and Leaside. In addition a large number of other places have given the matter careful consideration, but have not gone so far as to declare their intention. They include Oshawa, Orillia, Galt, Ford City, Parkdale, Westboro', Weston, Scarboro Township, Niagara Falls, Listowel, Stratford, Sarnia, Etobicoke, London, Fort Erie, Welland, York Township, Dundas, Lindsay, Walkerville, Sandwich, Barton Township, Charlton and Keeling Township.

According to the housing plan, the government will advance loans to be used in the erection of a type of construction which shall not exceed $2,500, or a total value of land and building of $3,000, thereby limiting the maximum value of the land to $500. "The desire of the government," said Sir William Hearst yesterday, "is to make the scheme elastic enough to meet all cases as far as possible. Of course, we cannot allow the construction of such expensive properties as to destroy the scheme we have in view, of providing cheap homes for workingmen."

It was pointed out that if the plan were strictly adhered to and the maximum value of land placed at $500, the workman would be forced to the outskirts of the city, where he could produce land within the value set by the government. Sir William replied that this matter had received consideration, and a simple and effective method would be provided for the expropriation of land where necessary.

The goodness of people is exceedingly tiresome.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and backache—how soon they allay the fever.

Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then they will prevent the Grippe. Even after it has developed there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

MASS MEETING OF LABOR MEN LAST NIGHT IN T. A. S. HALL

Speakers From Toronto and Montreal Urge Workingmen to Organize to Prevent Unemployment and Reduction in Wages.

Under the auspices of the newly-organized Independent Labor party a mass meeting was held last night in the T. A. S. Hall with Mr. Peter MacArthur in the chair and with about two hundred interested listeners for an audience. The meeting is one of a chain of such gatherings which it is proposed to hold throughout the province, and another will be advertised in this city at an early date. The object in view is to increase organization in all departments of industry, to resist the threatened reduction in wages and to prevent unemployment as far as possible by securing a reduction in the hours of work.

The speakers last night were Messrs. H. W. Harper of Toronto, general organizer for the Machinists' Union, and whose activities have been marked in the local field especially during the past year; W. G. Powlesland, of Toronto, president of the Blacksmiths' Union; J. A. McClelland, of Montreal, vice-president of the Machinists' Union, and John W. Bruce, Toronto, general organizer for the Union of Plumbers and Steam Fitters.

Mr. Harper has been frequently heard in this city, and Mr. McClelland spoke at the Labor meeting on Thursday night at which the new party was organized. The other speakers were new to the audience, and Mr. Bruce, especially, displayed rare gifts as an orator. All the speeches were free from anything suggestive of the bolshevism that is frequently associated in the public mind with such gatherings. All that was advocated was that the Government take necessary steps to prevent unemployment and that the present rate of wages be maintained. The speakers were given a hearty vote of thanks, and Mr. Bruce received a cordial invitation to visit the city again.

MUNICIPALITIES ASKED TO AID

(Continued from Page 3.)

of the Union of Canadian Municipalities, which was formed seventeen years ago for the purpose of securing uniform legislation for the protection of individual localities from impositions of exploiting railways, etc. Before such legislation came into effect railroad, telephone company, etc., could locate in the choicest spot or cut through any centre without troubling to ask permission of the authorities. Today the municipality has first say in all such matters.

Applying the value of such co-operative measures to the work of repatriation it is estimated that if each municipality can be encouraged to broaden out its patriotic efforts commenced in war time, to meet the important needs of peace and to add to these the spurring on of all public works and other agencies, which would help create new avenues of employment, there would in a short time be a uniformity of repatriation effort all over Canada.

The first procedure of the Municipal Department was to send a questionaire to every Municipality in Canada, which ran into 3,690 copies. These figures give a small idea of the number of municipalities in the work involved. This questionnaire was calculated to immediately link up every town, rural community and city over the whole of Canada, with the work of repatriation. In effect it would practically assure the presence in every community of a working committee of influential citizens stamped with the approval of the municipality and extending every effort to the work of repatriation. Through such a scheme the Repatriation Board are multiplying their efforts a thousandfold by simply utilizing public machinery that is already set up, the only need being to get this machinery working along the right lines, and once this is done who can say in after years what broad avenues of social service and public welfare this movement may not continue to be to the last benefit of future generations.

The difference in municipal conditions is very marked in the various provinces. British Columbia, for instance has no towns or villages, whereas the province of Quebec is divided into cities, towns and villages, counties, townships or cantons or parishes, each having its own municipal government.

The following message is addressed to the Mayor or Reeve of each district:—

"The urban and rural municipalities can play a great and important part in the problems of the demobilization period, in giving a "Welcome Home" to the returning soldiers and his family in helping the soldier to secure employment, and generally in assisting him to re-establish himself in civil life.

In every municipality that has sent soldiers overseas there should be an Honorary Committee of citizens, composed of both men and women who will assume a measure of responsibility in this important work. There may possibly be such a committee already in existence in your municipality. If so we would like to know. If not, I would respectfully urge on behalf of this Committee that one should be formed at once. The functions of a "Welcome Home" Committee should be as follows:

(1) To welcome all returned soldiers and take steps on their arrival in your locality.

(2) To receive any complaints from returned soldiers and to forward them to the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, Ottawa, for investigation.

(3) To help the returned soldiers to find employment.

(4) If at any time employment cannot be found in your locality for a returned soldier, to report particulars to the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment.

(5) If positions exist in your locality for which returned soldiers are suitable, to notify the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment so that men can be sent them from the nearest demobilization centre to occupy them.

(6) To co-operate with voluntary organizations.

(7) To keep a general oversight over the interests of returned soldiers and their families."

In addition all municipalities were asked to reply upon a postcard, marked and enclosed for the purpose, to the query—"Have you a Committee formed to welcome returned soldiers. If so, give the title, with name of Chairman and Secretary." If there is no committee the municipality is asked to form such a one and communicate all particulars to the Repatriation centre.

A second questionnaire follows upon public works, asking what plans are proposed for the present year and what further works could be added for the sake of providing employment. Municipalities will be asked to state clearly how far they are prepared to go in the work of aiding returned men through every possible avenue of employment. Rural districts will be asked what improvements in highways, new roads etc, can be taken in addition to any buildings contemplated. At the present time replies are pouring in to the Municipal Department of the Repatriation Board in hundreds from all over Canada and it is hoped that the results will be encouraged to both social and industrial progress.

CHILD'S TONGUE BECOMES COATED IF CONSTIPATED

WHEN CROSS, FEVERISH AND SICK, GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Children love this "fruit laxative" and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is, they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system and you have a well playful child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is harmless, children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

War to Peace

Article No. 11 Cut out for Reference

Free Artificial Appliances for Disabled Soldiers

EVERY returned soldier, who is an amputation case, is provided by the Government with an artificial limb. He can have that limb repaired, and if necessary, replaced, without expense.

This is one of the many services rendered by the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment to the returned soldier.

This department also supplies free "orthopaedic" appliances to correct as far as possible injuries to the feet, legs and arms; also special boots, splints, braces, etc. To those who need them, it also gives free surgical appliances such as trusses, spectacles, spinal supports, glass eyes, abdominal supports.

A Government factory has been established at Toronto to make artificial limbs. Here standard patterns, embodying the best ideas known, are manufactured.

In this work expert advice is given by surgeons who have seen overseas service, and who are in constant touch with similar work in other countries.

An experimental department is maintained for developing practical applications of new ideas, and for testing out all new appliances that become available in Canada or foreign countries.

Repair parts for standard patterns are kept in stock at fitting depots in the following centres: Halifax, Fredericton, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Hamilton, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver, Victoria.

At these depots there are experienced fitters who make repairs and adjustments under the supervision of surgeons. They also fit to individual patients appliances received in the rough from the factory.

These depots are so located that those requiring renewals, repairs or adjustments can get them free without travelling long distances. If there is no fitting depot in the patient's town, he is instructed by the Department's Medical Officer to travel to the nearest depot. He is furnished with free first class railway tickets, an allowance to cover meals and other expense, and an allowance to apply against loss of time from his work. If he must remain there for longer than a week he is maintained at the Department's expense, and he and his dependents receive the same allowances as if he were in hospital.

Artificial limbs, orthopaedic and surgical appliances are furnished free only when their issue is authorized by a Medical Officer of the Department. These representatives are listed alongside.

Medical Representatives

DEPARTMENT OF SOLDIERS' CIVIL RE-ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTE.—At places marked (*) there are Medical Administrative Officers of the Department with Medical Officers in charge. Otherwise reference is given to Medical Representatives. Additions are being made to this list constantly.

City or Town.	Name of Unit Medical Director, Asst. Unit Medical Director or Medical Representative.
Nova Scotia:	
*Halifax	Dr. Dugald Stewart, Leith House, Hollis St.
*Sydney	Dr. Jas. Bruce.
P.E.I:	
*Charlottetown	Dr. Alex. Ross.
Quebec:	
*Montreal	Dr. A. E. Lundon, 301 Drummond Bldg.
*Quebec	Dr. A. R. F. Hubbard, 17 St. James St.
Ontario:	
*Kingston	Dr. E. E. Latta, Golden Lion Block.
*Ottawa	Dr. H. T. Douglas, 132 Queen St.
Port Hope	Dr. A. G. Aldrich.
Gananoque	Dr. J. J. Davis, Pine Street.
Perth	Dr. C. A. Publow.
Lindsay	Dr. J. A. White.
Brockville	Dr. E. J. F. Williams.
*Toronto	Dr. E. Ryan, 185 Spadina Ave.
*Hamilton	Dr. W. Bethune, 300 Clyde Blk.
North Bay	Dr. W. J. Bell.
Chatham	Dr. R. V. Bray.
Sudbury	Dr. W. G. Cook.
Windsor	Dr. Cruikshank, 14 Labelle Bldg.
Paris	Dr. W. J. H. Gould.
Brantford	Dr. C. C. Fissette.
Windsor	Dr. C. Fuller, 1 Wyandotte St. W.
Orillia	Dr. W. C. Gilchrist.
Haileybury	Dr. G. F. Jackson.
Mattawa	Dr. M. James.
Midland	Dr. T. J. Johnston.
Barrie	Dr. W. A. Lewis, P.O. Box 13.
Owen Sound	Dr. H. H. Middleboro.
Timmins	Dr. H. H. Moore.
Welland	Dr. W. R. McCulloch.
Collingwood	Dr. D. McKay.
Woodstock	Dr. S. McM. McLay.
Stratford	Dr. L. F. Robertson, 55 Albert St.
St. Catharines	Dr. J. Sheahan.
Sault Ste. Marie	Dr. A. A. Shepard, 746 Queen St. E.
*London	Dr. N. B. Alexander, Room 56, Blk. of Toronto Bldg.
Fort William	Dr. A. J. Manion.
Manitoba:	
*Winnipeg	Dr. K. McIvor, Notre Dame Investment Bldg.
Sask.:	
*Regina	Dr. W. C. Arnold, McCallum-Hill Bldg.
*Saskatoon	Dr. D. S. Creighton.
North Battleford	Dr. J. H. H. Jackson.
Prince Albert	Dr. R. L. King.
Alberta:	
*Calgary	Dr. G. R. Johnson, Beveridge Bldg.
*Edmonton	Dr. G. G. Stewart, 410 McLeod Block.
Lethbridge	Dr. G. W. Leech, 109 Sherlock Blk.
Medicine Hat	Dr. O. Boyd.
B.C.:	
*Vancouver	Dr. A. P. Proctor, Board of Trade Bldg.
*Victoria	Dr. C. D. Holmes, Central Bldg.
N.B.	
*Fredericton	Dr. C. MacKay, Royal Bank Bldg.
*St. John	Dr. G. P. Peat, Bank of Montreal Bldg.

Director of Repatriation

FROM WAR TO PEACE

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

PTE. E. WEBER'S CASE

Fate of Son of Neustadt Reeve is With Ottawa

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The decision of the General Court-Martial which tried Pte. Weber, son of Reeve Weber of Neustadt, has not been announced, as the evidence is still being considered by the authorities at Ottawa in accordance with the usual practice. Pte. Weber was charged with desertion, and it was also alleged at the trial that he had made several unpatriotic statements, and that, in common with other members of the family, he had determined to evade service under the Military Service Act. There is now an added interest in the case, in that the father of the accused soldier was arrested at Owen Sound a couple of days ago on the charge of making seditious utterances was let out on bail and was driven out or Owen Sound by returned soldiers.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Mathews-Blackwell, Ltd. 3 retail stores. Phones 188, 81, 397.

Owing to the lack of demand for fuel wood, resulting from mild weather, Newmarket has been driven to offering the municipal supply at a price considerably lower than cost.

PORK FOR SWITZERLAND.

Forty Thousand Tons Allotted By Washington Board.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Switzerland has been allotted forty thousand tons of pork and pork products for the remainder of the year ending Sept. 30 next, the war trade board has announced, after conferences with the representatives of British, French and Swiss Governments. This allotment is in additon to the allotment of sugar, readstuffs and foodstuffs agreed upon some time ago, and for which licenses are now being granted.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

RAILWAY WOULD SELL.

Offer Made to Ottawa by Street Car Company.

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The Ottawa Electric Railway Company has made an offer to sell to the city at a price, in round figures, of $6,500,000, and has given an option to May 1 at this price. This price covers all the holdings of the company, including Britannia Park and the Rockcliffe right of way.

The more checks a spendthrift has the faster he goes.

It is the things that are made to look at that cost the most.

These "Scotch Knit" Gloves are Correct "Style"

Not the least important feature of your gloves is that they have correct style—fit well and are smart in appearance. You all know that knitted gloves are warm and comfortable, but do you know that the smartest of "style" is a feature of

THE BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scotch Knit
FOR MEN

Scotch Knit Gloves made by Ballantyne have the appearance desired by the well dressed man. The fabric, the fit and the finish make them suitable for cold weather wear for all men—they are ideal for motoring or for any out-of-doors exercise or employment.

You would not feel comfortable in the warmest of gloves if they were unnecessarily heavy or bulky in appearance, but when warmth and comfort are combined with right fit and style you have the ideal winter glove.

Have your dealer show them to you.

Other Ballantyne lines are: Knitted Coats, Pullovers, Caps, Toques, Mufflers, Hosiery, Mitts, Men's and Boys' Jerseys, Children's Suits, etc.

R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
STRATFORD, ONT.

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Fourth Sunday After Epiphany
Feast of the Purification
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Processional 259—We hail thee now O Jesu.
Kylie 128.
Gloria Tibi 133.
Hymn 199—In his temple now behold him.
Anthem—Rock of ages—Bowles.
God Save the King
Hymn 433—Love divine all love excelling.
Sursum Corda—Woodward.
Gloria in Excelsis 131.
Nunc Dimittis 98.
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Senior Bible lesson—Stoning of St. Stephen— Acts 7 : 51. 8 : 2.
Junior bible lesson —Tower of babel.
February Victory Loan subscriptions to be received at 2.45.
Teachers meeting after school.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Processional 521 Jesus stands among us.
Psalm chants 16, 91, 56.
Magnificat 110.
Nunc Dimittis 101.
Office Hymn 478—Hail thou source of every blessing.
Before sermon 199—In his temple now behold him.
Anthem—Praise the Lord—Royle.
God save the king.
Recessional 38—Evensong—hushed in silence.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' ANGLICAN
Rev. R. B. Grobb, M.A., Rector
Residence, 265 Reid Street
4th Sunday After Epiphany
11 a.m.—Morning prayer.
Subject—Old wells.
Hymn 530—Lead us heavenly father, lead us.
Kyrie 122. Gloria Tibi 133.
Hymn 479—Hark my soul it is the Lord.
Hymn 244—Here O my Lord, I see thee face to face.
Sanctus 129. Gloria in Excelsis 131
Amen 139.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening prayer.
Fourth Sermon in series on John the Baptist.
Hymn 579—O Jesus I have promised.
Psalms 88, Magnificat 49. Nunc Dimittis 100.
Hymn 525 — Jesus the very thought of thee.
Anthem—God so loved.
Hymn 565—O for a faith that will not shrink.
Amen 138. Vesper 40.
Miss Flowers, Organist. Geo E. Chandler, Choir leader.
All seats are free. The public are cordially invited. Come.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
4th Sunday after Epiphany
Presentation of Christ
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning service and Sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
4.15—Administration of Holy Baptism.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Preacher—A. Kingdon.
Tuesday 7.30 p.m.—Sunday School annual distribution of prizes.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday 8 p.m.—Concert by the Looder family and St. George's Choir.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.
Preacher—Mr. Kingdom.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. R. Haddow of Toronto will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Reverie—Flagler.
Anthem—Come let us join our cheerful song—Churchill.
Offertory—Minuette—Beethoven.
Duett—Love divine all love excelling—Stainer. Miss Helen McLaren and Herbert C. Treneer.
Postlude— Fanfare Militaire —Gade.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach
Prelude—Tristesse—Strelezkr
Solo (baritone)—Open the gates of the temple—Knapp. Mr. Douglas Carlisle.
Anthem—Praise the Lord—Tamblyn.
Postlude—Andante—Svendsen.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Subject—Well known hymns. (1) Jesus lover of my soul.
Prelude—Romance—Best
Duett (soprano and tenor)—Jesus lover of my soul—Holbrook.
Miss Hlacheliffe and Mr. Steer.
Anthem—Jesus lover of my soul—Vogt.
Postlude—March—Lachner.
Half hour's congregational practice of hymns 809, 642, 91, 686, 699 in new hymnal after evening service. The new hymnal will be used for the first time tomorrow.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude in eb flat—Batiste.
Solo—Angels ever bright and fair—Handel. Miss Penrose.
Anthem—Bless thou the Lord—Martin.
Postlude—Costa.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Angels Serenade—Clark
Trio—Praise ye—Verdi. Mrs. Kenyon, Messrs Humpage and Smith
Anthem — Saviour breathe an evening blessing.
Postlude—Bach.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo Kenyon, "L. M.," Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Missionary Anniversary
The Rev. C. E. Manning, general secretary of Home Missions will preach at both services.
10 a.m.—Fellowship service.
11 a.m.—Morning service—Music
Prelude—Andante in A—Thorne.
Anthem—Come thou fount of every blessing—Jude.
Solo—The plains of peace—Barnard. Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Postlude—March in E flat—Gwilett.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Meditation—Rea.
Anthem—God is our refuge and strength—Marshall. Solo part Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Double male quartette—After the storm—Ackley Messrs H. Jones, A. Gamison, E. Walton, J. Spencer, C. C. Parsons, A. Savage, W. Dartnell and W. H. Cunningham.
Postlude—March in G—Smart.
J. H. Renwick, organist and cuoirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Sermon theme—The Christian Feast—Communion service.
Anthem—Jesu, Word of God Incarnate—Gounod.
Contralto solo—I have a saviour—Bartlett. Miss Widdess.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Pastor's theme—Things Secret and things revealed.
Anthem—O Day of Rest and Gladness—Parks. Mrs. King, Mrs. Reid and choir.
Anthem—Hark there comes a whisper—unaccompanied.
Soprano Solo—Someone—Marsh Mrs. Geo. H. King.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King ,organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Quarterly sacramental service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—The crown of thorns.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—Scouts ancient and modern. Special service for our boys.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Subject—A Divine appeal.
Sacrament of the Lord's Supper administered at the close of the morning service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Subject—Companionships and their results.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday night 8 p.m.—A grand concert under the auspices of the choir and the Gleaners Club.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
The ordinance of the Lord's Supper following the regular service.
Prelude—Consolation —Mendellsohn.
Soprano Solo—Are you lonely—Harkness. Mrs. Geo. H. King.
Duett, soprano and tenor—Love divine—Smart Miss L. Eastwood and Mr J. G. Graham.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Variation in D—Beethoven.
Anthem—Father of peace—Leonard.
Contralto solo—Take the name of Jesus with you—Mrs. C. Telford.
Postlude—Valsette—Schutte.
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, February 2, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Subject—The treasure we lay up—Where?
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—His coming delayed—why?
The ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the close of the evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—Annual general meeting of church members and election of officers. All members are requested to be present.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome. Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—Rubidge and Brock streets.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
3 p.m.—Open Air—Dickson street
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air. Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

WELL SATISFIED WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

else. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative; are absolutely free from opiates, narcotics or other harmful drugs and may be given to the youngest baby with perfect safety and good results. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. Emile Malette, Montpelier, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for some time and am well satisfied with them. They are surely the best medicine I know of for little ones." What Mrs. Malette says thousands of other mothers say. Once they have used the Tablets for their children they would use nothing

WHAT IS BEAUTY? IT'S THE COMPLEXION

How Stuart's Calcium Wafers Transform a Roughened, Pimpled, Sallow Skin to Perfect Beauty

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL PACKAGE

Try Stuart's Calcium Wafers for a few days and note what your friends say. All those horrid pimples and blackheads, those liver spots and blotches, the rash and redness are clearing up and you look fine. One may have pretty features be smart and vivacious and yet all of these valuable qualities are lost behind a repulsive skin, broken out with evidence of impure blood. Get it out of your system as you surely can with Stuart's Calcium Wafers. They contain the great wonder, Calcium sulfide, one of the most beneficial skin medicines known.

You will find Stuart's Calcium Wafers on sale at any drug store. 50 cents a box. But if you wish to try them first send coupon below for a free trial package. You will certainly be surprised and delighted with their successful action in the skin.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. STUART CO., 821 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

THE WEATHER

The month of January had but five zero days, as far as Peterboro was concerned. The lowest temperature was on the 12th with 19 degrees below zero. January of last year had 20 zero days. The most marked feature of the month was the long spell of mild weather, from the 13th to the end of the month. The rainfall and snowfall was light. Combined, they amounted to but 1.23 of an inch.

The coldest weath of last winter was during the first week of February. On the 5th, the thermometer went down to 29 below. This was the lowest of a cold winter. W.P.

The path of the mosquito is one continuous free lunch route.

Farmers Organize At Lakefield

Lakefield, Feb. 1.—On Thursday evening a meeting of the farmers of this vicinity, was held in the Queen Street Theatre, for the purpose of organizing a branch of the Farmers' Co-operative Association. Speeches were given on the aims and objects of the association.

Following are the officers elected:
President—Mr. E. J. Gavlin.
Vice-President—Mr. H. Coons.
Secretary—Mr. G. A. Graham.

"PARIS ITCH" IS LATEST

Skin Irritation Brought by Soldiers From Front.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The newest irritation to arise at the peace conference is what the French call "gale" and what is known elsewhere as "the French itch." It is an annoying but not a dangerous ailment of the skin and is something like "the seven-year itch," which is indigenous in almost every country under local names.

The itch is particularly in evidence in Paris nowadays, having been brought here by soldiers from the delegates to the peace conference battle front. If any of the Americans have contracted it, diplomacy forbids betrayel of the fact, but the parasite is rampant at the headquarters of the American mission. Many attaches who have now animated recollections of Mark Twain's one-armed paperhanged with the hives, are regular patients at the American army hospital which specializes in treatment of affections of the skin.

The pest, for it scarcely be called a disease exceeds influenza in the suddenness of its appearance, but it yields to simple treatment.

A dog has more privileges than a liberty, declared a J.P. in western living creature, unless the corporation provides laws curtailing his Ontario.

RUB NEURALGIA AWAY! END PAIN

Instant Relief From Nerve, Torture and Misery with Old "St. Jacobs Liniment."

Get a small trial bottle!

Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sore, inflamed nerves, and like magic—neuralgia disappears. "St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain. It is a harmless neuralgia relief which doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Don't suffer! It's so needless. Get a small trial bottle from any drug store and gently rub the "aching nerves" and in just a moment you will be absolutely free from pain, ache and suffering, but what will please you more is, that the misery will not come back.

No difference whether your pain or neuralgia misery is in the face, head or any part of the body, you get instant relief and without injury.

REMOVES RESTRICTIONS ON ANTHRACITE COAL

Washington, Jan. 31.—An order removing all restrictions, including price and zone regulations on anthracite coal, has been prepared at the fuel administration and awaits Administrator Garfield's signature to make it effective. An official announcement is expected shortly.

THINGS SECRET AND REVEALED

Rev. F. E. Malott's Sunday Night Theme in Trinity Church.

On Sunday evening in Trinity Church the Rev. F. E. Malott will preach on "Things Secret and Things Revealed." This sermon follows naturally upon the theme of last Sunday evening and will throw further light on the question of how far man permitted to penetrate into the unseen world. A special program of music will be given by the large and well-trained choir of Trinity Church. All are welcome at this service.

THIS COLD WEATHER
Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain
PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

Quick Repairs

If you broke your glasses in the Dollar Day rush, or any other way, bring them to the complete, modern repair department. If the need is pressing, we will fix them up **while you wait**, and good as new.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Model 90 Touring, $1150; Model 85-4 Touring, $1495; Model 85-4 Touring, $1575; Roadster, $1425 f. o. b. Toronto.

Overland cars always have been designed and built to meet the taste and needs of substantial people. The good things owners say cause the steadily increasing demand for Model 90 cars. There probably will not be enough to meet the demand of this season.

C. R. BANKS
Charlotte Street, Peterboro Local Representative

Willys-Overland, Limited, Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario
Branches: Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" will be charged on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice is received.

BIRTH, DEATH, MARRIAGE NOTICES and CARDS of Thanks, 25c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine lines space. All words over the nine one cent each.

Classified Rates, Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Wright, 468 Weller street.

WANTED—Two experienced waitresses; $25.00 month, room and board, good home. Apply Elmore Restaurant, Lindsay.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

GENERAL MAID wanted. Apply to Mrs. A. F. Knight, 459 Hunter street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED.

WANTED—Stenographers, careful, accurate, touch operators, fair general education. Apply in writing, confidential attention, to Separator Sales Department, The De Laval Co., Ltd.

WANTED—To buy a milk route in the city. Apply J. B. MacIntosh, R. R. No. 3, Peterboro.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—"Ideal" Favorite Stove in very good condition. Apply 289 Aylmer street, or, phone 639j.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterboro

PATENTS.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

HARD COAL
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Builders' Supplies
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Exercise Made Easy

An officer on board a warship was drilling his men. "I want every man to lie on his back, put his legs in the air and move the limbs if he were riding a bicycle," he explained. "Now commence." After a short effort one of the men stopped. "Why have you stopped, Murphy?" asked the officer. "If you please, sir," was the answer, "I'm not reading."

The individual who talks about himself incites complaints more often than envy.

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GORDON & O'BRIEN.
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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

REVIVAL IN OUR SOCIAL LIFE

CANADIANS CAN AND DO DANCE NOW THAT THE WORLD IS NO LONGER ON FIRE.

(By Estelle Cuffe.)

During the period of warfare, we have often been forced to think of the change that the war was making in our mode of living and in our nature. It taught many of us that we were never really busy before; for to the events of a pre-war-time busy day, we have added more and more, until we found the days all too short for the fulfilment of our desires. We have learned to really thrive on war meals and were able to smile at Madame Food Storage, because we had become close friends with Dame Economy. The beauty of sacrifice and the virtue of unselfishness has been firmly imprinted on minds where hitherto these virtues were unknown quantities; it has taught us to love and to hate.

And all during this costly lesson we couldn't but think of and long for that fairy time "before the war." True, at the time we thought it anything but fairy; in fact stern realities cropped up to make us think that it was quite literally real. But when that terrible load was pressing on each one of us, we contrasted the one time with the other, and how absolutely care-free the sunny pre-war life seemed, compared to a dark war time existence, while war-clouds hovered dark and ominously! From this, very thought, comes another great lesson, delivered by the war—it has taught us the blessing of peace and happiness—and now that those blessings are ours, we appreciate them, and want to glean the very best from them.

After the long dreary period of warfare then, people realize that peace and such wonderful happiness are both theirs. From the day of the signing of the armistice affairs have assumed a new aspect. Amusement and pleasure have taken their old place, spreading pell-mell, unhampered by the restrant of waring with galaty of every sport. Old and young alike show in their looks words and actions that they are revelling in the joy of living in a world of peace.

Dancing, during the war, seemed comparatively speaking, to have lost its place in social life. It seemed a sin to be so giddily happy when the world was steeped in turmoil, and anyway, the boys were away, and the dance is one place where men are an absolute necessity. But with the coming of peace, the dance seems to be the natural medium for the demonstration of happiness, and "everybody's dancing." Not only young people, but middle aged and even old people have become dancing bugs. We are told that soldiers, particularly, are very anxious to take up the art where they left it. The manager of one dancing hall in Toronto maintains that one is the first place a lot of the boys visit on their return home. Everyone seems to throw off the yoke of the seious for the higher one of unalloyed pleasure.

New York is bubbling over with all sorts of new steps and devices, and our cities are full of those of all ages, "crazy to learn the new ones." An instructor who has gone to New York and become an adept at the novelties in tripping the light fantastic, is storme dby an anxious mob, who yearn for the luition. The pupils are not all the young and foolish either. Staid old granddfathers are seen diligently labouring through the mazes of the latest "fox", while women who at one time merely tolerated dancing, now consider the "syncopated dip", an accomplishment worth attaining. As for the soldiers, they glory in dancing and those who have had the opportunity of indulging in this pleasure in England, painstakingly instruct their Canadian friends in the whirly English way of waltzing—the old-fashioned way—which is nevertheless the way now.

In our own city the citizens of all ages were not slow to take the leap, to a gayer life, and social life is passing through the re-construction period. Married people, single folks and even bachelors, who one time thought social events somewhat of a bore, are breaking into the revived world of amusement with vim and with pleasure. And Peterborough is only one of hundreds of cities. The people are bubbling over with happiness, and they must show it and spend the talent energy of four years past.

This is just one of the things war has pointed out to us—it has shown us by contrast—the ecstacy of a peaceful world. Society is demonstrating how much it appreciates it.

THE TREASURE OF GOOD HEALTH

EASILY MAINTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

There is not a nook or corner in Canada, in the cities, the towns, the villages, on the farms and in the mines and lumber camps, where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have not been used, and from one end of the country to the other they have brought back to bread-winners, their wives and families the splendid treasure of new health and strength.

You have only to ask your neighbors, and they can tell you of some rheumatic or nerve-shattered man, some suffering woman, ailing youth or anaemic girl who owes present health and strength to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For more than a quarter of a century these pills have been known not only in Canada, but throughout all the world, as a reliable tonic, blood-making medicine.

The wonderful success of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is due to the fact that they go right to the root of the disease in the blood, and by making the vital fluid rich and red strengthen every organ and every nerve, thus driving out disease and pain, and making weak, despondent people bright, active and strong. Mr. W. T. Johnson, one of the best known and mostly highly esteemed men in Lunenburg county, N.S., says:—"I am a Provincial Land Surveyor, and an exposed for the greater part of the year to very hard work travelling through the forests by day and camping out by night, and I find the only thing that will keep me up to the mark is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When I leave home for a trip in the woods I am as interested in having my supply of pills as provisions, and on such occasions, I take them regularly. The result is I am always fit. I never take cold, and can digest all kinds of food such as we have to put up with hastily cooked in the woods. Having proved the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as a tonic and health builder, I am never without them, and I lose no opportunity in recommending them to weak people whom I meet."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be kept in every home, and their occasional use will keep the blood pure and ward off illness. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Frank Evans and John King, of Port Dover, were badly scorched and a horse was singed almost bare, when a tractor they were driving broke a gas main and the gas escaping, took fire from the firebox.

FRENCH FOREIGN MINITSER.

Stephen Pichon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of France, is one of the principal figures in the membership of the Peace Congress.

Liberty.

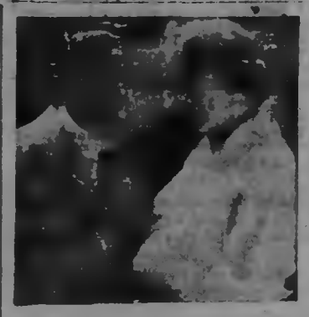
Two lovers were sitting side by side in Battery park, New York, one evening. "I wonder," he whispered as he glanced out across the beautiful bay and saw the Statue of Liberty in the shadowy gloom, "why they have its light so small." "Perhaps," replied the girl as she blushed and tried to slip from his embrace, "the smaller the light the greater the liberty."

Much adoo About O.

A little book with the title of "The Vest Pocket Argument Settler" has been observed at a book store. Now who in the world ever had such an argument about a vest pocket as to try to write a book about it? Maybe the book wasn't about vest pockets, after all.

Kipling's Choice.

Alexander Smith, ramshoud in a Skye bothy, found on a shelf two volumes of the Monthly Review. The advertisements were to him more amusing reading than the critical articles. "Depend upon it," wrote Smith over 50 years ago, "in the reader of the next century the advertisements (about of a magazine) will be more interesting than the poetry, or the essays or the stories." Mr. Kipling it is said, when he was unhappy in the United States would buy magazines, tear out the pages of advertisements and throw the rest away.—Boston Herald.



Anna Q. Nilsson and Franklyn Farnum in "In Judgment Of."

A GIRL AND A JUDGE IN BATTLE OF WITS

A powerful mental battle between a young and beautiful girl and a learned judge is one of the gripping and dramatic scenes in the Metro presentation, "In Judgement Of," which will be the attraction at the Grand Opera House for three days, commencing Monday, Feb. 3.

In the court room, presiding over the trial of a young doctor accused of murder, sits the judge (played by Herbert Standing). Among the spectators in the room is the girl, Mary Manners, (Anna Q. Nilsson, who is in love with John O'Neal (Franklyn Farnum) the doctor. All the evidence is overwhelmingly against the man she loves and yet Mary is thoroughly convinced of his innocence. With compelling insistence she keeps her eyes on the fact of the judge who, in turn, cannot escape from her accusing look and is held as in a trance by some supernatural power. When the verdict of "guilty" is rendered by the jury the judge can stand it no longer and confesses that he is the real offender. The scene is intense to the extreme and is acted in a superb manner by the all-star cast of players seen in the various roles.

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Prices at the market this morning varied very little from those of last week.

Chickens	35	35
Eggs	60	60
Butter	58	58
Pork	26	28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	33	33
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

MONEY RAISED FOR RED SHIELD

TOTAL COLLECTED BY VARIOUS TEAMS AMOUNTS TO $11,928.83.

The full returns to date, showing collections of each team in the Red Shield Drive are as follows:

J. J. Turner, captain	$2392.35
G. N. Gordon, captain	305.25
Joseph Wearing, captain	687.75
Hughson Johnstone, captain	175.25
Alderman A. A. McIntyre, captain	479.58
John Edgar, captain	399.55
Walter Stocker, captain	991.50
V. J. McElderry, captain	433.00
Mrs. W. R. Morris, captain	398.25
Mrs. J. H. Renwick, captain	214.20
Headquarters special collectors	1301.15
County of Peterboro, grant	4250.00
	$11928.83

Y.M.C.A. NOTES

Those who had the privilege of hearing Miss Nina Yoemans of Belleville address the Girls' Conference last Spring in St. Paul's Church will be pleased to have an opportunity to hear her speak on "Girl's Work" on Monday evening at the Y. W. C. A. Miss Yoemans will be in the city in connection with the two days' Association Council, and will also speak at the Membership Campaign Banquet on Tuesday evening.

Miss E. Frances Jones, Y. W. C. A. National Council Secretary will conduct the Association Council, and will address the gatherings on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in Girls' Work to come on Monday evening to the Y. W. C. A. and receive inspiration from these ladies who are specialists in this line of work.

Don't put in too much time standing on dignity or riding a hobby.

Railway travel teaches people to know their station and stops at it.

This advertisement is intended to keep the old familiar name

PURITY FLOUR
(Government Standard)

fresh in your mind.
"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"
Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 18, 19, 17, 18; Cereal 8-009
Also remember Purity Oats.
WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LIMITED. TORONTO, ONT.

A Woman's Answer.

When asked how much stuff she had canned a Jacksonville woman replied that she had canned a powerful lot, sold a heap, and had a right smart mess left.—Florida Times-Union.

Time by Wireless.

When a survey was made of the wilds of Bolivia all longitude was figured by the aid of time signals sent by wireless from a station 120 miles from the base of operations.

Peculiar Disease.

Workers occupied in turning shells on lathes suffer from a peculiar occupational disease, according to Le Progres Medicale. The malady consists of an eruption of pimples due to the accumulation of iron in the skin. This accumulation is made possible by the use of impure oil.

For Why?

"Thanks to the X-ray photograph," said Mrs. Leonidas W. VanQuopentin before her club, "one may keep the memory of her operation alive even after the pleasure of the pain and suffering are long since gone."—Pittsburgh Leader.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN
Jewelry Watches
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Best Fruit— Cheap
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Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorised by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

British artists, Orpen and St. John, who have been selected by the Government to paint scenes from the Peace Congress, will begin work immediately.

Nearly $38,000 worth of jewelry was found in the clothing of Philip Startias, 27, when arrested in New York for the Toledo, Ohio, authorities.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 1044
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

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PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
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Mixed Wood $10 per cord
Hard Wood $13 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.00 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
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The GREENE MUSIC Co.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Hose and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
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Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 295 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

I'M GETTY WHEN MAGGIE WENT OUT AFTER SHE GOT OUT SHE WOULD ARGUND
I WOULDN'T DARE ASK HER IF I COULD GO OUT
A FEW STEPS MORE AN I'M SAFE -
CRASH!
BANG
SAY MAGGIE DO YOU KNOW YOU WOULD HAVE KILL ME IF YOU HAD HIT ME WITH THAT

As Charlie Says:—

You can't judge everything by the price, or Arabelas would cost at least a dollar-for-three. It's so satisfying for a mild cigar.

SCALES & ROBERTS LIMITED, TORONTO.

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

City 10 Pin League

Business Men's 10 Pin League Starts Next Week. League Meeting Next Friday Night.

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

BOSTON RED SOX STRONG BOTH IN FIELD AND AT BAT

Manager Barrow Has Formidable List of Ball Players From Which to Choose His Regular Team.

(By George S. Robbins.)

Even the most ardent supporters of Boston must admit that the schedule of 1918 offered no fair test of strength, yet the Red Sox, who captured the world's championship, will be hear to eliminate this year. The return of players in the army and navy and the acquisition of Oscar Vitt, Slim Caldwel and Al Walters gives the present champions the greatest defensive organization in baseball. The Red Sox infield should present a stone wall defense similar to that of the Americans at the Marne.

The White Sox may have more of a punch at bat, but the Sox of the crimson hue should outshine them in fielding and battery work, when the doughboys have all returned.

Has Great String of Pitchers.

Manager Barrow probably will lead the greatest string of pitchers assembled in a decade. Caldwell secured from the New York Yankees in recent swap, will have trouble breaking into the select circle of regular flingers on the Hub aggregation, although Slim is a heavy hitter and a capable pitcher.

It is improbable that Manager Barrow will decide to use Babe Ruth exclusively as a pitcher. This big fellow is needed in the Red Sox outfield more this season than last, when the club, early in the year, had Duffy Lewis, Ruth is a clean-up hitter and led the team at bat in 1918. This brawny dinger is a physical giant capable in the outfield when needed against the stronger clubs.

May Use Ruth in Field.

With Babe Ruth, Bullet Joe Bush, Cald Mays, Sam Jones and Slim Caldwell on his roster Barrow has a wonderful slab quintet and if Caldwell starts off in winning fashion Rush can be used in left field against right handed pitching. With a defense such as the Red ox Swill give him Caldwell may take rank among the ablest flingers in the American league.

Has Strong Infield.

The return of Jack Barry from the navy yards and the acquisition of Oscar Vitt gives Boston a world beating defensive infield. There isn't a greater fielding first sacker in the game than Stuffy McInnis, who is at the height of his fame as a player. Jack Barry, automobile dealer and garage proprietor, former manager and resourceful fielder at second base, has announced he will come back to the Red Sox and Jack should have a successful year. It wouldn't be surprising if Barry set the pace for all second sackers this season.

Everett Scott, shortstop, made fans marvel at his hair raising plays in the recent world's series. Despite the feats of the rising young Hollocher, Scott outplayed his youthful rival and proved that he is all he was cracked up to be as a phenomenal fielding entity on the world's champions.

Vitt was underestimated, but not by some of the wisest managers in the game who tried to land him. Former Manager Rowland of the White Sox said he considered Vitt one of the ablest infielders in the game. He has a habit of pelting the ball to safety with players on the sacks. Vitt gifes Boston a bullet proof infield and it will be difficult to hammer through this wonderful defense, especially with such an array of pitching talent as Barrow possesses.

Walters Will Do Catching.

The acquisition of Walters, rival of Ray Schalk behind the plate, assures Boston a strong defense for the receiving end of the game. The club also has Schang, Agnew and Mayerly. Barrow has three of the greatest

If Ruth is saved to pitch regular-hitters in the game on his bench is Schang, Caldwell and Ruth to send up in the pinches. The club has impressive reserve stength in Hoblitzel, Shean, Whiteman, Gilhooley, Miller and Smith.

Manager Barrow can trade several of his players for ont outfielder and add an extra punch to his attack. A deal may be put over on its spring training trip. Bobby Roth, the Cleveland slugger, is on the market and may go to the Hub.

Lackawanna Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Given Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 570-367

CHASE'S FATE IS STILL IN BALANCE

MASS OF EVIDENCE IS PLACED BEFORE NATIONAL LEAGUE PRESIDENT.

New York, Jan. 31. — No decision will be given for probably two weeks in the case of Hal Chase, Cincinnati first baseman, charged by officials of that club with attempting to influence the results of the games last season, it was announced by President John A. Heydler at the close of a five-hour trial at National League headquarters.

Declaring that voluminious notes of evidence would not be in proper form before Monday, Mr. Heydler said:

"I have taken the case under advisement and intend to give it the most thorough and careful consideration. I cannot say how long it will take me to go over this mass of evidence, but I will announce my finding as early as possible."

The charges made against Chase are brought under section 40 of the constitution of the National League which reads as follows:—

"Any person who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to cause any game of ball to result otherwise than on its merits under the playing rules, shall be forever disqualified by the President of the National League from acting as umpire, manager or player or in any other capacity in any game of ball participated in by a league club."

Chase was present and two lawyers acted as counsel for him. No officer of the Cincinnati was on hand. [illegible] lawyer looked after the league's interests and cross-examined some of the witnesses. Manager Christy Mathewson of the Cincinnati club, who is now in the United States service in France, and Pitcher Perritt of the New York Giants were [illegible] but submitted affidavits which were accepted as evidence.

Several witnesses were called, among those examined being Manager John J. McGraw of the New York club, Players A. S. ("Dode") Neals and J. Ring and Michael J. Regan of the Cincinnati Club, while I. O. Rogers, L. P. Rich and "Sid" Mercer all of New York, gave testimony [illegible] in behalf of Chase.

NEW YORK WANTS SUNDAY GAMES

SENATOR WALKER INTRODUCES NEW BILL IN STATE LEGISLATURE.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 31. Senator James J. Walker of New York has introduced a bill in the Senate to legalize Sunday baseball. At the same time Assembly man Owen Kiernan introduced a similar bill in the Assembly. The bill if passed will provide that baseball games may be played after 2 o'clock p.m. on Sundays, whether or not an admission fee were charged, providing that an ordinance were passed permitting such games.

A bill to legalize Sunday baseball was introduced last year by Senator Lawton. It was passed by the Senate, but was buried by the Rules Committee in the Assembly. One of the most enthusiastic champions of Sunday baseball is Magistrate Francis X. McQuade, now Treasurer of the New York Giants. He did all in his power to further the interests of the Lawton bill. The late Colonel Roosevelt was another who expressed himself in favor of general recreation on Sunday.

It is known that Governor Smith is in favor of all forms of Sunday recreation, and it is known, too, that the Sunday baseball bill is supported by organized labor. If the bill should be passed by the Legislature there is no doubt that the Governor will affix his signature. He has been quoted on numerous occasions as being in favor of Sunday sports, but he insists that this baseball bill must be non-partisan.

THE CLAIMS OF GREECE.

The black portions of the map show those districts in the Near East which are inhabited by a majority of Greeks. The striped area shows those districts in which the population is about equally divided between Greeks and Musulmans. The proposed boundary of Greece, as it will be urged by Venizelos at the Peace Congress, begins on the Adriatic below Avlona and runs across in the Black Sea. In Asia Minor the line begins at Bosporus on the Black Sea and ends at the Bay of Mayri near the Island of Rhodes. This would give Greece a population of over 2,500,000 Greeks and 2,000,000 of other nationalities.

SPORT NOTES

George Gibson, of London, Ont., formerly of the Pittsburg and New York National League clubs, last night signed a contract to manage the Toronto team next season.

Jack Hendricks, formerly manager of the Indianapolis team of the American Association, latterly with the St. Louis Nationals, will resume the position of manager of the Indians. He was signed yesterday.

Parkdale Juniors beat Brampton here last night by 23 to 2.

The O. H. A. has been informed by the U. T. S. junior team that Frank Sullivan, who has played with the team all season, is over the junior age limit.

Lieut. "Bob" Dibble announces that he will row again at the English Henley, and may also participate in the Knights of Columbus regatta on the Seine at Paris.

VITAL STATISTICS

The vital statistics as compiled in the office of the city clerk show that for the month of January, 1919, there were 38 deaths, 43 birth, and 11 marriages. In January of 1918, there were 29 deaths, 38 birth and 20 marriages.

A man named Carter, said to belong to Toronto, walked into a Brantford newspaper office with his own obituary notice, and later tried to drown himself. He was arrested.

PETERBOROUGH JUNIORS DROP GAME TO LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Feb. 1.—In a Junior O. H. A. game here last night between Peterborough and Lindsay, the Lindsay team came through with a win after a closely fought contest, the score being 12 goals to 10.

Lakefield Club Select Rinks

Lakefield, Feb. 1.—The following rinks were selected for the season's games at a meeting of the skips of the Lakefield Curling Club, which was held on Wednesday:

Major Frost	W. W. Leonard
Dr. Gibson	C. Lake
B. B. Dench	E. J. Galvin
J. W. Ridpath, s.	N. A. Moore, s.
T. Leggott	E. Millage
G. G. Hendren	R. Jory
D. H. Charlton	O. A. Langley
D. H. Morrison, s.	W. Sherin, s
Rev. Fr. Meagher	C. Chittick
Rev. P. L. Jutz	Dr. [illegible]
J. M. Simpson	T. Braden
C. S. Tanner, s.	T Crawford, s.

BUILDING PERMITS

During January of this year there were 4 building permits issued, amounting to $190; in January of 1918 there were three issued, amounting to $3300.

MISS GIBBS EXPECTED

The local Council of Women wish to announce that Miss Gibbs will visit the city in the near future and will speak in the interests of the Victorian Order of Nurses. She wishes particularly to speak to nurses, school girls or any others interested in this important work. The date will be announced later.

A Fearless Boy

Neighbor—I hear your son has distinguished himself at the front.

Mrs. Murphy—Yis, me boy Pat always was a brave one. Th' darlin' even started a row with me wanst.

MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY

Rev. C. E. Manning of Toronto, the general secretary of Home Missions for the Methodist Church, will preach at the George Street Methodist Church tomorrow. These services will be intensely interesting and the messages will be those which every Canadian should hear in these times.

George Street Church has given generously to Missions, but it is expected there will be a considerable advance this year.

OUR RETURNING SOLDIERS.

These soldiers, landed at Halifax, have been put through the Demobilization Depot at Quebec, and now ready to board their train for home.

—British & Colonist Press photograph.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

O'Keefe's

IMPERIAL STOUT

Anyone who feels the need of a mild stimulant, or tonic, will find Imperial Stout excellent. All the health-giving qualities of the malt and hops are retained. A glass of Imperial Stout before retiring is a valuable habit to form.

Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.
For Sale at all Hotels and Restaurants.

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Able to Start Work Again

Trouble Was Easily Removed

Don't be discouraged if you find that you have Kidney or Bladder troubles, and don't imagine yedr case is hopeless or that you will be crippled and suffer all the rest of your life.

Here is good news: Gin Pills have restored thousands of sufferers to health and strength. What they have done for others they will do for you. Read what Mr. J. Harrop says:

"I have been crippled up so completely that I could not stand. Work was out of the question. A few doses of Gin Pills put me right. I cannot praise Gin Pills too much, and every home should have a box."

Mr. Harrop's experience with Gin Pills has been the same as thousands of others, in all parts of this continent.

Take the case of Mr. B. Milford, Galeata, Ont. Mr. Milford had been troubled with backache and kidney trouble for so long that his wife determined to find a remedy for his affliction. Having become convinced that Gin Pills were what he needed, she persuaded him to commence treatment with this well-known remedy. He did so, and surprising results were obtained almost immediately.

This is an extract from Mrs. Milford's letter:—

"After one dose of Gin Pills my husband found them to be exactly what he needed, and after taking two boxes he was completely cured."

Cases like these prove the value of Gin Pills. Try them. 50c a box at all dealers. 21

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LAGEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 270 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

COOKED HAMS

Are now selling for 55 cents per pound, at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd. 8 retail stores. Phones 188, 831, 207.

NOTICE

I have a full line of Stock Feeds and I am giving a special price on the Royal Purple. I have two and one half tons of Calf Meal, Royal Purple, and International Refast, in which I am giving special prices. You can save money if you can use any.

I have a large stock and I am trying to reduce it as I am cleaning out, several lines of every-day needs in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware.

I would be pleased to have you call and see our goods and inspect our prices.

G. T. GALL, Keene, Ont.

NOTICE

The nomination meeting for the election of officers of the Peterboro Robinson Chapter will be held in the board room of the Public Library tomorrow evening, at 7.30.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG

Dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

ORANGEMEN'S NOTICE

The annual meeting of the County Loyal Orange Lodge of West Peterboro will be held on Tuesday, Feb. 4, in Victoria Hall, George street. All officers and members are requested to attend. Meeting called for 2 o'clock p.m.

J. H. SPENCE, County Master. W. G. BARTLEY, County Rec.-Sec.

ASHBURNHAM PATRIOTIC LEAGUE.

A meeting of the Women's Patriotic League of Ashburnham will be held Monday evening, Feb. 3, at 8 o'clock at the residence of the president, Mrs. Parsons. All the members are asked to be present.

CALLED TH RTIREMEN

The fire dept. had a call to the home of Mr. Fraser, 120 Guilfoyle st., Toronto. He is prominent in to a chimney fire at 5.05 last evening. No damage was done.

EXEMPLARY LIFE ENDS SUDDENLY

DEATH OF JOSEPH R. LUCAS, PIONEER OF DOWNEYVILLE.

The death of Joseph R. Lucas, which occurred on Jan. 27, has caused widespread regret. He had not been in good health for the last four months, but recently it was thought by his friends that he had completely recovered from his illness. His sudden death, therefore, came as a shock to the community where he was so well and so favorably known. As soon as the sad news was flashed around, large numbers from all parts of the township flocked to his residence to pay their tribute of respect to him, and to sympathize with the family in their bereavement. He filled a large part in the life of the community, with which he had been so long identified. His genial disposition and his sound judgment made him a prominent man amongest men, although he never courted popularity. Perfectly straight-forward and honest in his business dealings, he enjoyed in the fullest degree the confidence of those who knew him. He was a most successful and prosperous farmer, and left his widow and nine sons well provided for.

In church affairs, he was always preminent and active. He was a devout member of St. Luke's Roman Catholic congregation, and had served a number of years on the Church Committee. He was a life-long total abstainer and was most exemplary in the discharge of his religious duties.

His funeral took place on Wednesday, Jan. 29. Requiem High Mass was celebrated by Father Galvin, assisted by Father P. J. McGuire as Deacon, and Father McAuley as Sub-Deacon. Rev. Father O'Leary, of Lindsay, performed the duties of Master of Ceremonies. At the conclusion of the Mass, Rev. Father McGuire preached an impressive sermon, during the course of which he referred briefly to the exemplary life of the deceased. He bade the relatives be comforted, for, although he was suddenly stricken down, his life had been an excellent preparation for a good Christian death. At the conclusion of the sermon, the remains of the deceased were borne to the cemetery by six of his sons, there to await a final summons when Christ will come to judge the world. May his soul rest in peace.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the bereaved family. Their affliction is rendered all the more acute on account of the serious illness of his beloved wife. Two weeks before her husband's death Mrs. Lucas suffered a stroke of paralysis. For several days her recovery was despaired of, but now, although her condition is still critical, hopes for improvement are brighter than they had been. All hope that she may be spared to her family, and that God may comfort her and her sons in their great affliction.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the Co-Workers of the Cressman Co., Ltd., wish to publicly thank the firm for their liberality and thoughtfulness in giving us the splendid bonus for the last year.

It was very much appreciated by all, also the splendid offer for this coming year.

The new system of profit co-operation instituted by the firm is much appreciated by those connected with the Cressman Co., Ltd., business.

ACCEPTS CALL.

Rev. Salem C. Bland, of Winnipeg, has accepted a call to Broadway Tabernacle, Toronto. He is prominent in social and political reform propaganda.

MUNICIPALITIES EAST OF CITY

(Continued from Page One.

He informed the meeting that the County Council had at its meeting yesterday afternoon passed a resolution appointing six of its members to go before the Hydro Commission to assist in presenting the case, if the city decided to participate in the deputation.

Reeve Squire of Norwood spoke for the municipality he represented, stating that the people of Norwood would welcome such power, which, as Mr. Lancaster had said, was at their doors.

Mr. Squire was sure that if this city would add its voice and influence to the appeal for the construction of a line which would serve itself in cases of emergency as well as the smaller towns and villages which were within connecting distance, there would be no trouble about the matter. In support of this assertion he stated that when in touch with the Commission some time ago in regard to the chances of having such a transmission line constructed, he had been informed that if Peterborough demanded it the request would be complied with; otherwise they did not see their way clear to carry out such a project while the war was in progress.

"Now that the war is over," concluded Mr. Squire, "Mr. Lancaster has undertaken the task of organizing a deputation to go before the Hydro Commission, and I feel that Peterborough, in its own interests, as well as those of its neighboring municipalities, should use its influence towards having the Commission construct the line."

Hastings in Same Position.

Reeve Hess of Hastings summed up the case concisely when he said that the little municipalites could not put up a strong enough case without the support of their big neighbor. Hastings is in need of hydro power and will be ready to take her share of it if given an opportunity to connect at Norwood with a trunk line such as the one proposed.

Farmers Want Power.

Reeve Griffith of Belmont voiced the opinion that what was good for Havelock would benefit his township. The farmers will use the power and the Cordova Smelter Company and the Rock Plant will no doubt avail themselves of it also. He expressed himself as being heartily in support of the scheme.

Plant at Lakefield.

Reeve Moore of Lakefield explained the position of his village in regard to power. He stated that there was a plant there at present owned by the Dickson Company which he felt the Hydro would find no difficulty in acquiring should they so desire. He was heartily in favor of the proposed plan and expressed the hope that Lakefield might solve its power problem by linking up with it.

Mayor Promises Consideration.

Mayor Duncan expressed sympathy with the movement and promised that it would be considered at the meeting of the Council Monday night, and he expected that a deputation would be appointed to act in conjunction with those appointed by other interested places.

City Clerk Armstrong explained some matters concerning the Hydro Electric and the local situation having a direct bearing upon the project under discussion. He took the stand that the prosperity of the neighboring municipalities would indirectly benefit this city and expressed the opinion that an auxiliary line from Healey Falls might prove of great value to the city if the one already in use should ever fail.

Aldermen Turner, Phelan, Murray, Edgar and Hamilton were heartily in accord with the movement and promised their personal support in any way that would prove effective.

During the meeting Warden McIntosh arrived and was given a seat beside the Mayor, after being congratulated upon his recent appointment.

Details regarding the organization of the deputation were informally discussed at the close of the meeting, and it was decided to wire Sir Adam Beck without the loss of time in order to obtain an appointment.

It was estimated that Havelock would use 150 horse power according to present requirements; Hastings could handle another 150, and Norwood would take care of from 100 to 150 horse power. The demand for energy would be supplemented by the farmers along the line and by the two plants in Belmont which Reeve Griffth referred to in his address.

TO RETURNED MEN

Special invitation to all returned men to visi tthe Men's Social Bible Class, George Street Church, at 3 p.m. We want to meet you.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Elsie Anderson, Gilmour street, leaves this afternoon for Pasadena, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Cressman leave on Monday for an extended visit to California.

The annual meeting of the Otonabee Chapter of the I. O. D. E. will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Y. W. C. A. rooms.

Mrs. G. H. Thompson, who has been visiting friends in Hamilton and Toronto, returns to the city this evening.

A large number of Masonic brethern went to the depot last night to bid farewell to Mr. George and Mrs. Haley, who started on their return to England.

Mr. Frank H. Oldfield, of Toronto, while in the city was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stocker, Weller street.

The silent man may be a mine of wisdom but a talkative fool sometimes explodes the mines.

BERNARD DALY, the famous Irish tenor, in "SWEET INNISFALLEN," at the Grand next Friday, February the 7th.

Bernard Daly, the famed Irish singer who will make his appearance at the Grand Theatre next Friday, February 7, matinee and night, in "Sweet Innisfallen," has a very pleasing voice and great charm of manner. The story of the play is a series of complications caused by the villainy of Squire Carlton. He tries to force Grace Moore to marry him by claiming it was her own brother who killed Lord Ashton, when in reality he died by an accidental discharge of his own pistol, which is developed in the last act by a witness to his death, Myles Regan.

It has been said of Mr. Daly's singing that, in rendering such noted selections as "Sweet Innisfallen," "Mavis," "Song of the Wind," "Believe Me If All Those Endearing Young Charms," and "Hide and Seek," that he captivates the hearts of his audience almost as soon as he sets foot on the stage. The cast of artists accompanying Mr. Daly have been engaged with special care and no expense has been spared to make this production one of the most notable that has ever visited.

Church Officers Are Elected

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Presbyterian church.

Rec. Secretary—F. J. Burgess.
Fin. Secretary—A. E. Kennedy.
Treasurer—J. H. Chant.
Board of Management—A. J. Young, S. Garbutt, W. Fairbairn.
Auditors—Dr. J. C. Smith, A. J. Kidd.
Ushers—H. Baptie, S. Culler, L. Walton, C. Hunter.

SPECIAL AT TEMPLE

A special meeting of music and song will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3.15 by the Temple Band Songsters. Ald. Murray will preside. The public are invited.

RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

PIMPLES ARE IMPURITIES SEEKING AN OUTLET THROUGH SKIN PORES.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

VICTORY BONDS

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Fire, Life, Accident Insurance, Government, Corporation Victory Bonds.

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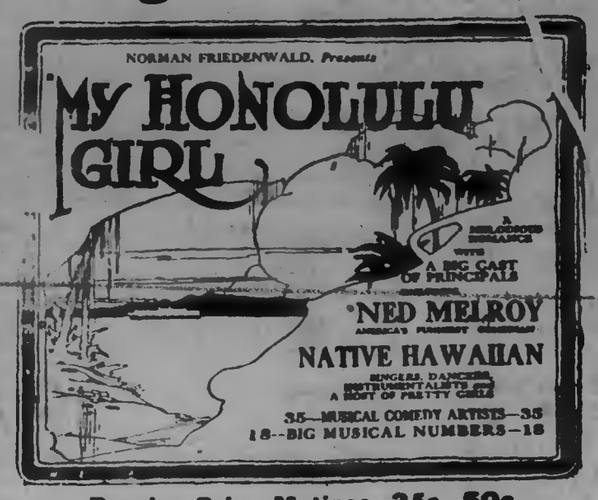
Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-Night 8:15 To-Night



Popular Price Matinee, 25c, 50c
Evening, 50c, 75, $1.00 Gallery, 25c
Seats Now on Sale

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, February 3, 4 and 5
DAILY MATINEE, 2:30. EVENING, 8:00

ANNA Q. NILLSON and FRANKLYN FARNUM
In a story of Love and Devotion

"IN JUDGMENT OF" A STIRRING METRO SPECIAL FEATURE

2 GOOD COMEDIES. PATHE NEWS. JUDGE BROWN STORY

VAUDEVILLE

FREDO & PRIMROSE, Comedy Musical Offering.

MATINEES 10c. EVENINGS 15c.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 6

3rd Chautauqua Concert

Bertha Farner Company

MISS MARTHA ALEXANDER (Violinist)
MISS ETHEL MURRAY (Cellist)
MR. EARLE BROWNE (Pianist)
MISS BERTHA FARNER (Concert Soprano, Grand Opera and Concert Singer)

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c.

Seat Sale opens to ticket holders on Monday and Tuesday next, and to the general public Wednesday and Thursday, February 5 and 6.

You are Invited to Hear

Miss E. F. Jones, of Toronto Y. W. C. A. National City Secretary, and Miss Nina Yeomans, of Belleville, talk on "Girls' Work" in the Green Room at the Young Women's Christian Association on Monday evening. Meeting for girls only at 7 o'clock; public meeting at 8 o'clock.

Y.W.C.A. MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN COMMENCES ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5. WE WANT NEW MEMBERS. WE WANT YOU.

The man who aims to be good in this world may miss fire in the next.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
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FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,500, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, store, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

Large Oranges 50c Doz.

Extra good Value

Sweet, Sunkist and Seedless. Try them and you will serve them often.

Florida Grapefruit

3 for 25c.
4 for 35c. Regular 10c each.
4 for 45c. Regular 12c each.

Choice Cooking Apples

Spys, Baldwins and Greenings.
Roman Beauties for table use, 5c each.

Shelled Almonds 50c

California Budded Walnuts, 55c lb.

Try Our Blend of Tea and Coffee

Christie's Assorted Biscuits ALWAYS FRESH

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Canada Food Board License No. 8-6214.

PHONE 399. 394 GEORGE STREET

WEATHER FORECASTS.
East and south winds, fair. Tuesday, light rain or snow, becoming colder at night.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

64th YEAR No. 28 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

MOTHER BELIEVES SONS ARE LIVING

MOTHER OF FORMER CZAR REFUSES TO THINK HIM DEAD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 3.—The Dowager Empress Marie Feodorovna of Russia has clung so firmly to her belief that her son, the former Russian Emperor and the Grand Duke Michael are not dead that many of her friends have been won over to that view and rumors in the European press concerning Nicholas Romanoff's alleged whereabouts are attracting much attention.

The aged Empress resolutely refused to leave Russia until she learned positively of the fate of her son.

She continues to live simply at Yalta, Crimea, declining an invitation to visit the King and Queen of Rumania and even her sister Queen Mother Alexandria of Great Britain.

Col. J. W. Boyle, formerly of the Canadian Militia who was commissioned by King Ferdinand of Rumania to visit Yalta with a ship to induce the Dowager Empress to seek safety in umania, recently arrived in Paris and told the Associated Press that the Dowager Empress's declination was most affecting.

London Youth Is Shot By Playmate

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Ont., Feb. 3.—John Henry McBryan, aged 13, died this morning in a hospital here as a result of being shot by a small rifle in the hands of a playmate Saturday.

Had Whiskey In Their Y. Rooms

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Hamilton, Feb. 3.—Two soldiers were fined fifty hundred dollars each in police court today on charges of having whiskey in their possession in the Y.M.C.A.

Brazil asked the United States for 16 ships to bring 500,000 bags of coffee from Brazil to that country.

TEN THOUSAND TROOPS ON STRIKE DUTY IN GLASGOW

Cabinet Has Situation in that City Well in Hand But Trouble Appears to be Spreading in Belfast—Shipyard Workers May Resume Work

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 3.—The Cabinet has the strike situation always in mind, but the fact that Premier Lloyd George remains in Paris leads to the conclusion in many quarters that the Cabinet members do not consider the situation as serious as it looks on its face.

The presence of large bodies of troops in Glasgow is believed to insure a continuance of the present state of order there, but at Belfast the second week of the strike begins, according to reports received here, with increased uneasiness. For eight days Belfast has been using candles for lighting at night.

Had Quiet Sunday

There were no striking developments in the Labor troubles Sunday either on the Clyde or in Belfast. Quiet prevailed in both districts. In Belfast many of the churches were obliged to abandon the evening services owing to the lack of light. It is hoped that a number of the shipyard workers may be induced to resume work during the course of the week.

More troops have arrived in Glasgow, where it is now said there are 10,000. Soldiers are still mounted on the roofs of the buildings surrounding George square in Glasgow. The military display is provoking great resentment among the strikers.

The Strike Bulletin, the offices of which were raided yesterday by the police issued a strong attack against the government, which it accuses of acting illegally in employing troops and seeking a pretext to employ arms against the Clyde workers.

"The workers are not so foolish as to fall into such a trap," the newspaper says. ". . . The workers have advanced a practical scheme to avert unemployment, and, instead of discussing it the Government has made an attempt to crush its advocates by Czarist methods. The Government is clearly in league with the employers to burk discussion of the scheme which has been before them for years."

Three more arrests were made Sunday on charges of inciting to riot.

Bolsheviki Patrols Meet The Allies

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Archangel, Feb. 3.—Bolshevik patrols were in touch with the Allied patrols today about fifteen miles south of Sredmakreanga.

Representative Hefflin, of Alabama, says cotton will reach 40 cents. He also said a heavy demand will be made by foreign contries on the American supply.

Francis Heney charged packers with blocking inquiry of the Federal Trade Commission in a spirited tilt with Swift.

Order Is Restored In City of Bremen

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Feb. 3.—The people's emissaries at Bremen have declared themselves ready to withdraw in accordance with the German government's request, and the workers' army is willing to hand over its arms and ammunition to the soldiers' council of the ninth army corps which had undertaken to maintain order in the city, according to advices received here.

Swedish Railway Workers on Strike

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 3.—Serious railway strikes have broken out in Sweden. Workmen last night stopped work on 19 different lines of railway. Traffic in southern Sweden is hampered greatly.

Earnings of the 12 U. S. Reserve banks in 1918 amounted to $55,436,000.

Harbor of St. Nazaire will be developed to wrest from Hamburg the marine supremacy held by that port at the outbreak of the war.

All Fuel Administration prices, regulations and restrictions on anthracite coal will be removed in a few days in the United States.

KIEV IS TAKEN BY THE BOLSHEVISTS

DEFENDING TROOPS DESERTED AND JOINED THE PARTY OF ATTACKERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 3.—Kiev has been taken by the Bolshevist troops, General Petlura's troops partially going over to the enemy.

The Ukraine Government has been moved from Kiev to Winnatsa. To the southwest railway communication with Kiev is cut off at Kovel where there is a body of German troops attempting to keep order among the disorderly Germans who are retiring from Ukraine. The cold wave here has resulted in the deaths of hundreds, especially babies who were frozen to death while being transported on the railways. This probably refers to refugees fleeing to Warsaw to escape from the advancing Bolshevists. The telegraph line and railways in the direction of Vienna were cut by the Czecho-Slovaks last Thursday.

SIXTY MILLIONS FOR THE C. N. R.

DIRECTORS' ESTIMATE OF SUM REQUIRED TO EQUIP THE ROAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Estimates prepared by the board of directors of the Canadian National Railways for additions to rolling stocks, rails and equipment, and for the completion of certain branch lines in Western Canada to act as feeders to the main lines, total approximately sixty million dollars.

In addition to the Grand Trunk Railway, whose acquisition is imperaperative if the Government expects the first decade of Government railway history to pass without deficits, the Government is faced with demands that the St. John Valley Railway, already operated as a Government railway; the Alberta & Great Waterways Railway, now controlled by the provincial government; the Edmonton & Dunvegan Railway, and the Pacific & Great Eastern Railway of British Columbia should be included in the Federal system.

Railway Workers Rtrike In London

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 3.—The employes of five electric tube lines struck this morning to enforce the demand for a half hour lunch period in an eight-hour day. The electric train service on the Brighton line is also affected. Threats are made to extend the strike if troops are brought into the strike district. Hundreds of thousands are inconvenienced, being unable to reach their work.

A REAL WAR VETERAN.

A soldier, who after serving in many campaigns, joined up for the "big push", has arrived home and was welcomed by his wife and daughter at Toronto. —British & Colonial Press photograph.

MINISTER DOHERTY FAVORS NEW INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Member of Canadian Cabinet Suggests to Peace Conference a Plan to Prevent War for All Time—Would Settle Disputes that Cause War

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 3—Charles J. Doherty, Canadian Minister of Justice who has proposed to the peace conference that an international people's House of Representatives be established, said today in discussing the subject.

"The prevention of war is not the concern of governmental power alone. It is in the interest of humanity itself. A Sovereign state is not organized with a view to exerting and restraining influence over its own action toward other states. If war is to be prevented, or its likelihood of a power that will control, or at least influence, to restrain the adequate sovereignty of organized states in dealing with each other.

The most important function of the suggested representative body would be to exercise in times of peace a constant influence upon the states in their relations with others, tending to keep them from those differences which give rise to conflict and make war imminent. It would perform that work of investigation, discussion, deliberation and legislation which would take the form of the adoption of recommendations addressed to individual states."

Details of Plan.

Every nation in the world would be represented on this body and the delegates would be representatives of the peoples themselves. This plan is to be presented to the various delegations in the Peace Conference.

Mr. Doherty's view is that it would be a vital mistake to declare at this time the principle that the interests of humanity are to be confined only to sovereign states. He believes that the present time is opportune to interest the peoples of the world directly in methods for the prevention of war, and that the opportunity ought to be seized.

Executive Powers.

The plans thus far suggested provide for the constitution of judicial tribunals and for the exercise of executive powers by the governments, especially of the great powers. Mr. Doherty declares there would be greater assurance of a general determination of the peoples of all countries to maintain peaceful relations if a body, mainly legislative in function and composed of representatives directly elected by the nations, great and small, were added to supplement the work of these judicial and executive bodies.

In such an assembly the principal powers would be those of inquiry and legislation, taking the form of recommendations of sovereign states. The necessity so far insisted upon of equal representation would disappear, members assigned to each country conforming rather to such considerations as influenie the distribution of seats in any legislative assembly.

HON. C. J. DOHERTY

Minister of Justice, now at the Peace Conference, who proposes an international house of representatives to prevent war.

NEW ORDERS AS TO FUEL SALES

DEALERS CAN NOW DELIVER COAL UP TO NORMAL NEEDS.

Restrictions upon the sale of coal have been modified or practically nullified, according to the following letter received by City Clerk Armstrong from the assistant fuel administrator for Ontario:

Mr. C. R. Armstrong,
Secretary, Fuel Board:

I have yours of the 29th inst. re Paragraph 2 of the Regulations, regarding the sale and delivery of coal. The paragraph to which you refer under order-in-Council dated December 7th, and known as No. 3004, copy herewith, has been amended, and by the terms thereof you will note that there is no objection to dealers delivering to consumers such quantities of coal as are necessary to supply such consumers' normal needs to March 31st, 1919.

Yours very truly,
(Sgd.) E. L. COUSINS,
Asst. Fuel Administrator for Ontario.

Lieut. "Jid" Miller Is on Way Home

Mr. Finch Miller has received a letter from his son, Lieut. "Jid" Miller, who went overseas with the 93rd Battalion and who has been in a military hospital for some time. Lieut. Miller says that he has been discharged from the hospital and that he would start for home this morning, although he is still badly crippled with rheumatism in both feet. He is also at a loss to know what he will be able to do when he does reach home unless he recovers in the meantime.

REEVE WEBER NOW HAS PNEUMONIA

CONTRACTED ILLNESS AS RESULT OF FLIGHT FROM OWEN SOUND.

Owen Sound, Feb. 3.—The mystery has been solved as to the sleeping place of Joseph Weber, the Neustadt reeve, who received such a hurried send-off Thursday night after being compelled to kiss the flag and sing God Save the King. Dr. Mearns of Hanover stated at the county council meeting that Reeve Weber walked the nine miles to Shallow Lake and spent the remainder of the night in a shed there, going home to Neustadt by the early morning train. It was also stated that Weber now has pneumonia as a result of his night out. It was almost 11 o'clock at night Thursday when Weber was escorted out of Owen Sound by a crowd of returned soldiers and civilians, and he apparently heeded the command to go and keep on going. He is to return here Wednesday for trial on five sedition charges.

ONTARIO TROOPS SAIL FOR HOME

LARGE NUBER EXPECTED TO REACH CANADA BY FEB. 10TH.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 3. — The trasnport "Carmania," with 3471 troops aboard and the "Tunisian," with 277, are expected in Halifax and St. John respectfully about February 10th. For Ontario, the "Carmania" has 1484 troops and the "Tunisian" 109.

U. S. Treasury Department estimates sales of war Savings Stamps for 13 months at $1,049,000,000.

TO PROHIBIT SUB AS WAR VESSEL

LEAGUE MAY PERMIT ITS USE ONLY FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 3.—The Paris correspondent of the London Mail says that abolition of the submarine, as a war ship, may be decreed by the League of Nations. The matter is being discussed by naval experts and it is said the feeling is that submarine should be used only for defensive purposes within territorial three mile limits.

Lieut. Strickland Home From Overseas

Lieut. James F. Strickland, son-in-law of Mrs. W. H. Hill has returned to Peterborough from overseas where he was on active service for some time. Previous to enlisting Mr. Strickland was a partner of the legal firm of Bennett, Goodwill and Strickland and he intends to resume the practice of law in this city.

SIX JOY RIDERS HAVE CLOSE CALL

ESCAPED INTEREST WHEN AUTO WENT OVER 35-FOOT EMBANKMENT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. Catherines, Feb. 3.—After ripping off the platforms of two trolley cars, an auto containing six joy riders plunged down a thirty-five foot embankment near Weland. None of the six were hurt, but Coroner Dr. Vanderburg, a passenger on the trolley, was badly injured in the smash-up.

FIVE YEARS FOR STARTING FIRE

LESLIE WEST BURNED BARN ON HIS FATHER'S FARM.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Woodstock, Feb. 3.—Five years in the penitentiary was the sentence imposed today on Leslie West, who pleaded guilty to starting the fire which destroyed his father's barn with the contents. He declared he started the fire with the intention of extinguishing the blaze immediately but it got beyond him.

Sinn Feiners Are Jailed For Drilling

SINN FEINERS ETAOfoola

Dublin, Feb. 3.—Twelve Sinn Feiners or found guilty Saturday of illegal drilling in a private hall here and were sentenced to six months' imprisonment. When arraigned they denied the authority of British laws, and one of them while in the dock waved a republican flag.

Changes Made On Grand Trunk Staff

Montreal, Feb. 3.—Mr. H. C. Martin, general freight agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, announces the following appointments:

Mr. James Edward to be division freight agent at Montreal, succeeding Mr. Guy T. Pottigrew, resigned.

Mr. R. J. S. Weatherston to be division freight agent, Ottawa.

Mr. Vivian G. Snell, to be division freight agent, Stratford.

Mr. Pottigrew is leaving the railroad service to become sales manager of the Canadian Cereal & Flour Mills Company, Limited, Stratford, Ont. Mr. Edward has been division freight agent of the Grand Trunk at Ottawa for the past six years. Mr. Weatherston, who succeeds Mr. Edward at Ottawa, has been division freight agent of the Stratford division since 1911. Mr. Snell, who goes to Stratford, was formerly commercial agent at Moncton, N. B.

NEW LABOR PARTY URGES ACTION BY PARLIAMENT

Addresses Communication to Capt. Burnham on the Non-Employment Problem and the Cost of Living.

Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P., has received the following communication from the officers of the Independent Labor party:

J. H. Burnham, Esq., M.P.:

Sir,—At a public meeting of the Independent Labor party of Peterboro, Ont., the following resolution was carried unanimously:

"That this public meeting of the Independent Labor party, Peterboro, do respectfully call upon the Federal Government, to proceed at once with public works in this locality, as the present conditions of unemployment have already reached a very serious point owing to the factories dismissing men to go hungry, while their establishments are packed from floor to ceiling with foodstuffs and no market.

"Every week delay means more families on the point of starvation. Immediate action is necessary. The public patience will be greatly strained, to have to wait until Parliament meets, and general routine methods followed; immediate action is most essential, for the well-being of the community."

We wish also to draw your attention to the high cost of living, and the greatly reduced wage of the worker, which also calls for immediate action to help the toiler face the strenuous times under which we are now passing. We would suggest that a "Peace loan" be floated for Industrial Reconstruction and that a clause be provided for the larger industrial concerns who received war contracts, during the past four and a half years, to be able to subscribe to the loan, without interest on their money, as a patriotic endeavour to adjust the industrial situation.

This we respectfully submit on behalf of the meeting held January 30, 1919, Labor Hall, Peterborough.

PETER McARTHUR, President.
THOMAS TOOMS, Secretary.

Capt. Burnham's Reply.

In reply to the above, Capt. Burnham says:

I am, I think, largely in accord with this resolution forwarded to me this morning, at any rate, with the general drift of the sentiment expressed. Parliament should have been called for December 1st, not February 20th. The trouble in the return of peace is greatest at the beginning of peace, and that fact should have been comprehended accordingly. Our system of government is to blame. If the C.P.R. were handled, as governments are, it would be on the rocks in a week. Class Legislation and a failure to understand and abide by economic principles, will keep a country back like a late spring and unfortunately with the aftermath of a bad harvest. Things are worse than most people imagine. It is the fault of organization. When we consider that five times as much is produced as is necessary to feed and clothe the people of the entire world, one may well wonder what becomes of it. It, however, can be easily understood after we consider what would happen if a first-class chess player sat down to play a third-class one.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 771

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1919

POET AND PATRIOT.

WILSON MACDONALD, the clever artist who staged his own comic opera, "In Sunny France," in this city last week, is another author who is helping to dispel the illusion that nothing good in the way of literature can come out of Canada. For years Canadian authorship has enjoyed no prosperity either at home or abroad, and if this has been due to the mediocrity of production, then the success which has crowned the work of Mr. MacDonald, the reception given his poems in his own country and the favorable press notices they have received in the United States and Great Britain, are the best evidence of their superiority over that produced by other authors who have borne the cross without winning the crown of glory.

It was Ralph Connor who as a novelist first gave Canada an international reputation in the literary world. His novels, dealing exclusively with incidents in Canadian life, have received more favorable notice and have been more widely circulated in the United States and in Britain than in his own country, hearty as the appreciation of the people at home may have been.

Like Ralph Connor, Mr. MacDonald, in his book of poems just published, "The Song of the Prairie Land and Other Poems," has given prominence to the national characteristics of the country that has been the home of his family for four generations. All his works are filled with patriotism, with loyal service rendered by genius to all that is best in the national life. The bards of old were the inspiration of the people in all good works. The songs of a nation are the epitome of patriotism. As Burns has sanctified the life of the Scottish peasantry in "The Cotter's Saturday Night," and as Tennyson has immortalized the military prowess of England on land and sea, so has Mr. MacDonald in his poems given the Canadian people a new status in the civilized world. His poem on the signing of the armistice is likely to win a place among the classics of English literature.

NO TIME FOR FOLDEROL.

THE SOCIAL ELECT of Toronto, now that peace has been restored, insist that they shall again come into their own. It has already been announced that in obedience to the request of the Five Hundred the Legislature is to be opened with all the old-time pomp and show. There is to be the military display of former years, the vice-regal party guarded by armed men, the same old roar of toy cannon that has given prestige to this august event in the years that are gone. Society is to turn out in a blaze of jewels and a brave show of costly attire.

During the war this pomp and ceremony were dispensed with. This year is not auspicious for their renewal. Why contrast the condition of the rich with that of the unemployed so startlingly? When the Legislature opens, thousands of workingmen unable to secure employment, will march in procession to invoke the aid of the Legislature to preserve their dependents from hunger. Such a parade is just as justifiable, it will be no more an evidence of bolshevism among the masses, than was the procession of thousands of temperance workers a few years ago marching to the Legislature with dray loads of petitions asking for the enactment of war-time prohibition.

The situation is serious enough to give the Legislature pause. A gaudy show of wealth and the luxuries enjoyed by the rich will not tend to soothe the discontent of those who have either real or fancied grievances.

THE CASE OF JAPAN.

JAPAN is an insular empire, 160,000 square miles in extent and with a population of over 50,000,000, or something like three hundred to the square mile. Under such conditions it is no wonder that Japan is looking for a home for her surplus population, no country on earth being able to sustain such a number per square mile of territory. Emigration to civilized countries is practically denied to the Japanese, the United States putting up the bars against them, and the same policy being adopted by the British and other European powers, who insist on making their own countries homes for the white men only.

Japan waged a victorious war with China back in 1894, but was denied the fruits of her victory by the intervention of Russia, Germany and France. Instead of the cession of the Liao Tung peninsula, which she demanded, all she really got in the way of new territory was the islands of Formosa and the Pescadores Islands. Perseverance in the attempt to shut out Japan from the rest of the world was what caused the Russo-Japanese war.

As a result of her participation in the recent war on behalf of the Allies, Japan now claims the Marshall, Caroline and Mareone Islands in the Pacific, a claim which she declares is justified by a secret treaty made with England as a condition of and a reward for Japan's services.

Australia claims German New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago, and New Zealand the German Samoan Islands. The affairs of New Guinea have been administered by the Australians for the past four years, and the natives are apparently contented and prosperous under the new conditions.

The question of the disposition of the former German colonies has been complicated by the interference of President Wilson, who emphasizes his belief that no territory should be acquired by conquest. But Britain's colonial record is above reproach, especially when compared with that of Germany. New Zealand and Australia are to be trusted with the management of the territory which they claim as they are with the measures of self-government which they have enjoyed so long. Fortunately for Canada, the colonies in dispute are beyond her influence, but this country seems disposed to back up the position of her sister dominions on the other hemisphere.

The disposition of the lost German colonies is likely to cause serious dissention in the Peace Conference, if President Wilson insists upon what is really only a theory. Japan refuses to be deprived of the fruits of victory. The colonies in question are no more fitted for self-government than are the Hawaiian or the Philippine Islands that are still held in trust by the United States until such times as they have shown themselves capable of working out their own destiny. If these colonies are to be put under the jurisdiction of the League of Nations, they would be in no different position than that of any of the oversea possessions of France or England or of the self-governing countries of the world, all of whom, it seems, are to be subjected to the same international paternalism.

ONE KIND OF PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

HOUSEHOLDERS in the city have recently received from the local representative of the Hydro Commission of Ontario a circular of which the following is a copy:

Many householders desire that a gas meter be set to use at pleasure.

The Commission finds that the interest upon the investment for meters, connections and the service pipes amounts to quite a sum, in addition to the cost of the monthly examination of the meter and the keeping of the account upon the books of the commission.

It has been determined that this accommodation is to be paid for by those who wish to retain the meter when used but little or not at all.

Therefore beginning January 1, 1919, a bill will be rendered for each meter, whether gas is used or not. The minimum charge will be fifty (50) cents per month, and no bill will be rendered for less than this amount.

The street railway and the gas plant of the city have been under the ownership and the operation of the Hydro-Electric Commission for about two years, long enough to demonstrate that anything like lower rates are not to be hoped for. There has been an increase in the cost of operating the former, not serious, perhaps, but sufficient to indicate the general direction, and an increase, too, which involved the wreck of a labor union before it was finally accomplished. And now the cost of gas has followed the upward tendency of the cost of living, public ownership to the contrary notwithstanding.

Perhaps the ideals of public ownership are impossible of realization unless the municipality itself has control of public utilities. Those citizens who favor the purchase of the street railway and the gas plant by the city do not lack arguments of local application. The public utilities commission of this city have made steady and substantial improvements in the water service. They have never made the war an excuse for an increase in the rates, even though the improved service alone might have justified a raise. And this city is about the only municipality of importance in Canada that has not boosted the cost of the water supply during the war.

A commission that can show such a record of economy and efficiency could beyond a doubt make the same showing if entrusted with the management of such important utilities as the street railway and the gas plant.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

AND NOW for another test of strength in the City Council.

• • • • •

BY HOOK OR BY CROOK Lindsay seems determined to keep in the limelight.

• • • • •

THE RECENT murder mystery in Hamilton is only another added to an already long list.

• • • • •

ON OF THESE DAYS, if the reformers carry on, it may be as illegal to carry a pipe as a pistol.

• • • • •

THE TICKET that the German voters can be counted upon to support every time is the meal ticket.

• • • • •

IT IS CERTAINLY too bad if General Prosperity, with us so long, is now to be classed among the vanquished.

• • • • •

LINDSAY TAXPAYERS will now have an opportunity to pay for the damage the anti-Chinese mob did to property Friday night.

• • • • •

RUNNING true to form, the groundhog must have gone back yesterday after one look around, so that the case of the iceman is not yet hopeless.

• • • • •

HOCKEY SUCCESS evidently drove Lindsay wild, railway time-table asterisks not as a rule being able to stand prosperity or ward off the intoxication of success.

• • • • •

HASN'T AUSTRIA honor and glory enough as the scene of that imperishable list of stories without worrying herself and the Peace Conference about more territory.

• • • • •

PROBABLY President Wilson, as an evidence of unselfishness, will be willing to throw the North Pole into the colonial jackpot, that being the property of the United States by more or less authenticated discovery.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Dividing the Blame.

(Toronto Telegram.)

Protection has as much to fear from the small, short-sighted greed of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association as from the Cobdenism of the Canadian Council of Agriculture.

That Two-Cent Letter Rate.

(Montreal Gazette.)

The Senate and House conferees in Washington have completed their preliminary review of the proposed Revenue bill by agreeing to restore the pre-war postage rates on first-class matter after July 1 next. The agreement on postal rates will mean a return to the use of the two-cent stamp for letter postage and the one-cent postal card rate. Is Canada to have its pre-war postal rates restored, or are we to be handicapped as compared with our rivals in the United States?

Bringing Back The Dependents

Enquiry has been made as to the reason why when soldiers are being brought home at the country's expense, why the wives and children of these soldiers should not share in the free transportation. The answer to this enquiry is given in the following pronouncement which may be accepted as authoritative.

In view of the many enquirees which you will doubtless receive I beg to advise that the Federal Government has decided to return all soldiers' dependents to Canada free, and at the public expense, from the United Kingdom, irrespective of whether or not such dependents were previously resident in Canada.

The term dependent being interpreted as covering a soldiers' wife, or a soldiers' child under the age of eighteen years.

Third class accommodation to import of embarkation in England, on board ship and by rail to destination in Canada will be furnished by the Dominion Government. Should commissioned or warrant ranks desire that their dependents should travel first or second class they will be required to pay the difference in cost of transportation. This arrangement is to take effect immediately.

A further question of interest that will open up with regard to the status of those who have already paid passage to Canada. In many cases those coming across pledged the separation allowance and assigned pay for one or more months to raise the funds for passage. It is not stated that the order as above is to be retroactive, but it would seem reasonable that if in the future the dependents are to travel free that those who have paid passage should be refunded the amounts.

MY CHART

(By Mrs. A. F. Calder.)

I journey over a desert wide,
Where never a footprint marks the way,
But wildering wastes on every side
Stretch trackless, far, dull, bleak and gray,
Through tracts unknown, where the crafty snare
And pitfall lurks 'neath starless dome,
O'er baren sands, sunscorched and bare;
But my Christ will guide me safely home.

I voyage, lone, on a surging tide
'Mid foaming billows where wild winds rave,
O'er sunken rocks, that treacherous lie
In ambush under the tranquil wave;
I know not if near or distant far
The longed-for haven of rest may be,
But steering straight by the bright Pole Star,
My Christ will guide safe over the sea.

If I onward press toward the goal,
Though gathering tempests chilling rise,
Nor doubts, nor fears dismay my soul
For yonder gleams the glorious prize.
So I keep right on with a fearless heart,
Tho' darksome clouds the sky o'ercast,
For the Gospel is the blessed Chart
That will guide me safe to port at last.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says nothing is more valuable in after life than a thorough knowledge of the Bible and she often wishes she had devoted more serious attention to the textile industry when she was a little girl going to Sunday School.

To Calculate War Service Gratuity

Question

Private John Jones joined the C.E.F., on March 13th, 1915, and was discharged in June, 1918, having been in the C.E.F., for more than three years. Part of his service was overseas. He was in France and was wounded. He served at the front in an actual theatre of war. How is his War Service Gratuity calculated?

Answer

He served for more than three years in the C. E. F., and is entitled to the benefits of three years' service, which are six months' War Service Gratuity. If, however, he has received his post discharge pay, that amount will be deducted from the total amount of his War Service Gratuity. His War Service Gratuity would be $70.00 a month for six months, or 420; if he has no dependents. If he has dependents it would be $100.00 a month or $600.00.

CANNOT HELP BEING MERCIFUL.

(Buffalo Enquirer.)

Justice will have to be merciful in dealing with the Central Powers. Justice has not punishments enough in her whole bag to give them their due.

Great anxiety prevails in Rotterdam over the steamer Syria from New York, which is a fortnight overdue.

WIT AND WISDOM

Literature

Booth Tarkington tells of an old colored man who appeared as a witness before one of our committees. In the course of his examination these questions were put to the man:

"Whut is your name?"

"Canbcun Clay, sah."

"Can you sign your name?"

"Sah?"

"I I ask you; can you write your name."

"Well, no sah. Ah nebber writes ma name. Ah dictates it, sah."

One at a Time

Two Irishmen were on a dump barge. One day the waves ran high near shore. The tug's old towing cable parted. The barge rolled into the trough of the sea and the two Irishmen were washed overboard. One swam to the shore and after a short rest was about to start back toward the other man, who was still wrestling with the waves.

"Why, what are you going back into the water for Pat?" inquired a bystander.

"Why, Oi had to save meself first, said Pat, "and now O'm a goin' back to save Moike."

His Speeches

"You must devote a great deal of thought to your speeches."

"I do," replied Senator Sorghum. "Some of those to which I give the least thought before they are delivered make me think the hardest afterward."

Sort Against Sort

A wealthy Englishman on reaching home detected a strange and disagreeable odor pervading the place. He asked the footman whence it came.

"Well, you see, sir," said James, "today's a saint's day, and the bitler, 'e's 'igh church, and is burning hincense, and the cook, she's low church and is burning brown paper to hobviate the hincense, sir."

Family Pride

"If Muggerby," reflected Brown, "isn't the worst conceited, self- satisfied, self—"

"Yess," interrupted Wilkins. "I've heard you say something of that sort before. What started you off this time?"

"To-day's his birthday, and he's just gone out to send a telegram of congratulation off to his mother!"

GET THEIR OLD JOBS

Massey-Harris Employes Are Taken on Again

Brantford, Feb. 3.—During January 125 Brantford veterans returned, making a total of 800 to date. There are still some 3,000 men to return. General Manager Chadsey of the local plant of the Massey-Harris Company has given assurance to James Shute of the Bureau of Employment for returned men that every man who enlisted from their factory will be given work, even though partially disabled. As for other veterans not previously employed, the bureau will be consulted when men are needed.

WAR SAFER.

(London Free Press.)

No "home, sweet home" was ever spelled with a capital "H" than is established when mothers are safer than orphaned children.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

SCHOOL REPORT

SCHOOL REPORT FOR S. S. No. 11, SMITH

Sr. IV—Earl Mann, 90 per cent.; Jessie Heard, 87; Enid Rosborough, 78.

Jr. IV—Jack Anderson, 90 per cent.; Hugh Anderson, 83; Erma Rosborough, 79; Viola Wilson, 75.

Sr. III—Alex Rosborough, 80 per cent.; Allan Deck, 75.

Jr. III—Clifford Brien, 90 per cent.; Clarance Mann, 78; Velets Deck, 67; Agnes Strain, 60.

Sr. II—Erle Tully, 85 per cent.; Gladys Grenmun, 85; Dorothy Tully, 84; Fred Anderson, 76; Earl Rosborough, 72; Charlie Heard, 69; Stanley Boyce, 55.

Jr. II—Rita Wilson, 79 per cent.; Harold Wilson, 68.

Jr. I—Leslie Brien, 92 per cent.; Noble Strain, 81; Margaret Mann, 81; Ernest Wilson, 72; Erma Deck, 67.

R. M. WEBSTER, Teacher.

LITTLE BENNYS NOTEBOOK

(By Leo Pope.)

I was on my way to the store for a pound of the best butter this afternoon, and all of a sudden I came to a little place with a sine in the window saying on it, Butterite, ony 25 sents a pound. it looks like butter smells like butter and taisth better than some butter.

G, I thawt Ill get a pound of that instead, and ma wont know the diffrents, and after supper Ill give her the change and she will be so serprized maybe she will leve me keep a nickel.

And I went in and bawt a pound and took it home, and we had biskitts for supper, pap saying, Ah, biskitts and good rich golden butter, food for a king. And he broak a biskitt in half and started to spred a big peece of butterette on it, saying. This butter has an unusually fine color, hasent it?

Yes, sumtimes its better than others, goodniss knows it awt to be good for 70 sents a pound, sed ma. And she put some on a half of a biskitt and so did my sister, Gladdis and so did I, thinking, May be she will leeve me keep a dime.

Wich jest then pope and ma and Gladdis all took a bite together, me watching their expressions to see if they would notice any diffrents wich they did.

Holey suffering cats, sed pop.

Sutch a taist, sed Gladdis.

Goodniss grayshiss, sed ma.

G, I thawt. And I took a bite myself, taking a little one and wishing it was littler, after I had took it.

Benny, ware did you get this? sed ma.

Heers the change I sed. And I gave her the 54 sents saying. The name of its butterette I got in some little place and I thawt maybe you'd be serprized.

Well you thawt correctly, sed ma, and pop sed, I couldent of bin more serprized if the darn stuff had exploded under my nose. Ma borrowed some butter from Mrs. Jones next door and I dident say enything about getting enything out of the change, the result proberly being the same as it would of bin if I had of sed sumthing.

EVERYBODY, BUT—

(Ottawa Journal.)

Apparently everybody, but the people who like to eat pork and pork products, are all agreeable that the prices tumble.

A fight against the Burnett bill prohibiting immigration for four years will be made in Congress, and by members of House Immigration Committee.

IF YOU spend your winter in Florida or in the regions of snow. Both places show the desirability of protecting the eyes from the sun's rays; whether reflected from the ocean waves or glittering banks of snow and ice.

This is but the slightest lesson we recommend to start your seeds and liking.

ASK ABOUT THEM

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
186 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A guard chain should always be on the watch.

Sickness is sometimes a mask worn by laziness.

A woman is a fact and facts are stubborn things.

The first thing the shoemaker uses in his business is his last.

The small boy will never become reconciled to the horseless circus.

When a wise man bets on the races he lets his wife hold the stakes.

A good talker is always delighted when he encounters a good listener.

Spectacles that can never be forgotten are the kind worn by absent-minded men.

Lots of men acquire fortunes by being kept too busy to spend the money they make.

The experience of age is responsible for more mistakes than the inexperience of youth.

It doesn't require much courage for a husband to call his wife down occasionally—if she is upstairs.

REDUCE WORKING HOURS.

President Moore of Trades Congress Speaks to Wage-Earners.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. — Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, in an address at the People's Forum, said, in referring to industrial unrest and its causes, that he believed Labor could obtain its demands without the application of the force of revolution, but by evolution. Mr. Moore advised the Canadian Manufacturers' Association to stop passing resolutions and start reducing hours of labor in factories.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

(Washington Post.)

Neutral nations are asking for a seat in the Peace Conference. Did the neuts demand a share in the fighting?

CRIME AND PUNISHMENT.

(Chicago Tribune.)

Abolishment of severe penalties throws the safeguard of the law about the murderer and offers no protection, if it is a satisfaction, of knowing innocently stand, while the other is guilty, though presumably happily, alive.

EMPIRE THEATRE Monday and Tuesday

W. S. HART in "The Lonesome Trail,"
A WILD WEST DRAMA IN 5 ACTS

LEAH BAIRD in "WOLVES OF KULTUR" Chapter 6
"TRAILS OF TREACHERY" 2 PARTS

FORD EDUCATIONAL NEWS

ALICE HOWELL in her newest Comedy Feature
"HER UNMARRIED LIFE" 2 PARTS

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Grand Special Programe NORMA TALMADGE in
"THE RIGHT OF PURCHASE,"

MARIE WALCAMP in "The Pit of Terror."
From the Lions Claws Serial

AND Capt. Bruce Bairnsfather's Cartoons,
"FRAGMENTS FROM FRANCE"

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

14 Reels Double Show For One Price

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all **16c**

The Amusement Centre of Peterboro. Great Fox Program

The Bubbly Little Star **FEGGY HYLAND**
IN THE DRAMATIC SENSATION IN 5 PARTS
"Marriages Are Made"

Pack the House to the Doors to See This Sunshine Comedy
"A Waiter's Wasted Life,"
7 Parts that will keep you smiling

America's Most Popular Movie Player
WILLIAM FARNUM in
"TRUE BLUE,"
SIX PARTS

SPECIAL
"MUTT and JEFF,"
The Great Comedians Crack Jokes

Always a Good Show for Half the Price of Toronto Theatres

A Smashing Fighting Tale of Life in the Rockies. A Story of an American Cowboy.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

"I am a boy 16 years old, belonging to a club of fifteen members," typewrites an intelligent reader. "We have all agreed to have the club monogram tattooed upon our arms. Several times I have been told that the arm swells from the tattooing. Please advise me if such report is true. I enclose a stamped addressed envelope and hope to receive an early reply. Your respectfully."

Boys will be boys, and if they were not boys they wouldn't be boys. Frederick.

Tattooing on the human skin is a sorry confession.

Recently I met a fine type of boy a handsome lad with a straightforward manner, in short, the type of boy it is a pleasure to know. But when he stripped for a physical examination I was shocked to see the shameful mutilation of his skin some ill-fated design tattooed on an otherwise perfect chest. I felt almost as sorry for that lad as I would feel if I saw him making a fool of himself in any other way by taking his first drink or betraying the faith of his mother.

It is great sport to be tattooed, if you are a bit defective in the history, Frederick. All boys are defective until they become old enough to require sense and many boys never become old enough for that.

Yes, the place does swell and you feel pretty sore for a time. But you won't mind that nearly so much as you will regret your foolishness later in life.

Tattooing is a shameful mutilation in every instance. It carries with it a stigma of degeneracy. You don't see self-respecting men so decorated. You might find that kind of art in the wilds of Africa or Tierra del Fuego.

It is easy to have the tattooing put in but very difficult, practically impossible to have it removed without leaving a hideous scar. However even a scar is preferable to the disgrace of tattooing.

Just between friends Frederick when a doctor notices tattooing on an individual he registers a very uncomplimentary impression on that individual's mental and moral caliber —with the emphasis on the moral.

What your club needs more than anything else, my boy is a raid by a few stern fathers.

And what the "professor" who does the tattooing needs is a long job breaking stone.

Worthy Out of a Job

"Have been reading your column for a long time, but have never seen a description that tallies with my case. I am a middle aged business man, cashier in a bank, work hard every day, take plenty of outdoor exercise after hours, eat three meals of good home cooked food, never drink or smoke or chew, or quarrel with my wife, never have broken my health down by bad habits of any kind. I recently passed a splendid examination for life insurance. In fact, if there is anything the matter with me I do not know what it is. What would you suggest? J.H.H."

Well, John, yours is a difficult case. It would take a council of doctors to scare up something oper-

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Premature Decay, Loss of Power, Lack of Energy, Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nervous Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Prevents Consumption if taken in time. Ask your druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; he can supply you. Price $1 per box, six for $5, one will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TIGHT AT ANKLES LOOSE OVER HIPS

Hobble Skirt Plus the Japanese Toddle, Chief of Season's Developments.

FASHIONS BORN THIS AUTUMN

Elimination of Waistline; Simply Cut Shoulder and Back; Long Sleeve; Arabic Tunic; Cravat Girdle; No Bustle Effect.

New York.—The substitution of one idea for another is a form of regenerating, rejuvenating and re-arranging the human brain, is as old as psychology. It was practiced, avers a leading fashion critic, probably, long before the word was invented. It is one of the world's fundamental creeds, moral, physical and mental; and when some of the religionists got hold of it as a new doctrine, they were only exploiting what began before the Pyramids.

In the early part of the war, those who were not clever in the art, deplored the extraordinary skill of the Germans in being able to control the masses by deliberately substituting a new idea, covered up by a phrase and hammered in by reiteration. They are doing it today, and so far it has never failed them with their own people. They use the word "defensive" instead of "to conquer."

America is going through many phases today, probably the most powerful in her career, which have come about through the substitution in her composite brain of one national idea for another. And the work filters down through crevices until it seeps through the strata of underlying, and seemingly insignificant, by-products of our national life.

It is this seepage down to dress which is the point of this preface. One idea has been substituted for another. With all the critics against its success, the psychologists watch with interest the public playing into the hands of those who started the idea.

Today American labels are put into French gowns. This is not a wild statement. It is done at some of the best houses. Mannequins will come in wearing frocks which the public is told are the designs of the house itself, and these models are sold to shops and lesser dressmakers and pass throughout the country as the creations of an American designer. They were really made in France, brought to this country by importers, copied verbatim, and turned out as American creations.

That is not honest; but that is not exactly the point of this particular story. The extreme interest centers in the fact that the substitution of one idea for another in the national brain has compelled or persuaded the trade to offer to the public whatever it can that bears an American stamp.

Styles of the Hour.

We really are a very well-dressed continent today, and we have fewer women parading around in old clothes than we expected. Here and there we see a tendency to wild exaggeration, but there is no blatant immodesty. Indecency is left out of the scheme of apparel.

You all know by this time the facts which govern the season's clothes; the skirt which is tight at the ankles and full over the hips; the oriental elimination of the waistline; the slimly or shoulder and back; the long sleeve, or the absence of sleeve; the Arabic tunic; the cravat girdle which ties in front; and the elimination of the bustle effect.

It is more important that the silhouette has really changed since September. Don't throw up your hands and gasp at this and say that fashion never leaves one alone for a minute. It is really a change that was foreshadowed by those who watched clothes from the beginning of last March. No one should protest at this agreeable change from the silhouette of the planked shad for it carries grace with it.

This loosening up of the hips is a return to the skirt of a nearly season and a far off epoch. It is not adhered to in a strict manner. Remember that. If you want that plumb line from shoulder to knees, have it; but you will find that unless you adopt the straight chemise tunic of the French frocks, you will prefer more width at your hips than at your knees. It is one of the subtle changes in clothes that has caused women to stop think and reconsider.

Of Private Japanese Toddle.

The entrance of the hobble skirt plus the Japanese toddle is almost enough to take a woman's mind away from war work. There are strange twins of fashion to be born in this autumn of 1918; but women will overcome the handicap, adopt both of them, and, because immensely well pleased with themselves before Thanksgiving day arrives. That is the peculiar and mysterious quality with which women are endowed; adjusting themselves to a circumstance and seeming to fit into it in a few days.

The Japanese toddle has already become the talk of the moment among the mannequins. They caused immense amusement at the exhibitions of gowns, because they exaggerated it with none of the equally laughable majesty that the French mannequins have assumed for a decade.

We have no Margots or Andreys in this country, but we have our Dolores and Josephines of the immediate past and our Mabels and Madeline and Marguerites of the present; so we get all the gestures that go with the new gowns. It makes an exhibition of clothes quite worth while seeing. It is these mannequins who have introduced the Japanese toddle, and it is a necessity if one would walk in some of the wide, draped plaits that fall at the ankles.

Arabian-inspired street suit of black velours trimmed with gold braid and buttons. The bell-shaped tunic is edged with black caracul. The tight hem of skirt is finished with gold braid.

Callot makes evening gowns that have a tight jet strap across the back of the ankle to hobble the material. No matter what the nature of the gown above the ankles, it is narrow there to the irreducible minimum. Tunics and panels may float above it, minaret overskirts may swing outward with their bell-shaped hems, but the hem of the skirt has taken to itself the dimensions of a man's trousers.

Adds Turned-Up Cuff.

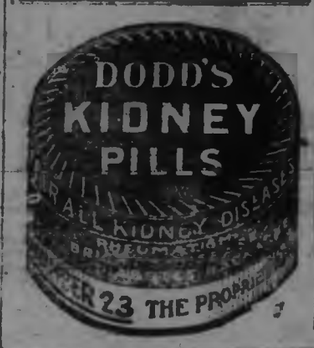
It has also added the turned-up cuff, and some of the really smart frocks that are turned out have this cuff when they are not draped. It breaks the line of the tube effect and is quite good. It is made of peltry or of a cloth different from that which makes the skirt, and it is often faced with a bit of brilliant blue that Callot combines with black.

Whatever else these skirts may do, they have made the skirt with the flare an impossible garment. Few women dare to wear it. If it is a pleated or a full skirt that hangs in straight lines, its hem is pulled into an extremely narrow strip of cloth or peltry; if it is the skirt that tried to hide many women over last season, the gored one with flaring seams at the side and a bias front width, then alteration is helpless. Rip it open if your mind is commendably inclined, and make a cutaway blouse of it, one which is cut in panels below the waist and held in by a loose belt.

All the discarded materials of the household seem to go to these blouses, for we do not look with keen eyes upon a house with a temperature of 60 degrees and a transparent blouse; it makes the goosefish rise even now.

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Afternoon frock of terra-cotta velours embroidered in silk and gold. The tight skirt is of dark blue satin. The tunic is cut into petal panels. These are in different widths.

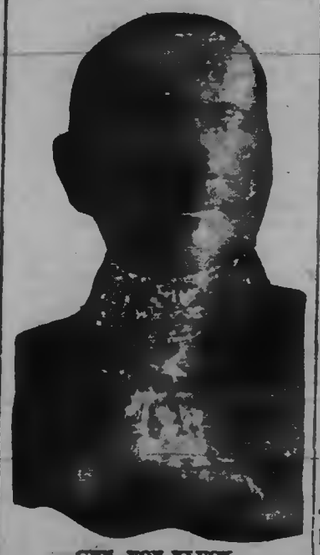


Kluck Talks of the Marne, But Fails to Understand Reason for Great Defeat

IN no direction has there been more eager curiosity since the signing of the armistice than in that of military information. What are the German explanations—not propaganda statements, but actual explanations—of various battles, some successful, some disastrous for their arms. And, above all else, for it remains the supreme mystery of the war, what is the German explanation of the Marne?

We know that in the first years of the war German generals and press agents industriously circulating the legend that no such battle occurred. The German army, "in accordance with the plan," the familiar formula, retired behind the Aisne, only advanced guards crossed the Marne. Bernhardi, of literary fame, explicitly denied the battle in a statement to an American correspondent in 1916.

Meantime, on the Allied side a great dispute arose over the struggle—a dispute which seems likely to rival Waterloo debates. Was the battle won by Maunoury's army coming out of Paris to the Ourcq? Was the decisive thrust that of Foch at Fere Champenoise? Was it the result of supreme strategy that the Germans



GEN. VON KLUCK.

were turned back, or was it—as the mass of French peasants have decided—a veritable "miracle"?

And now, at last, we begin to have light from German sources. First of all, the ex-Crown Prince, in a public statement, asserts that he recognized at once that the war had been lost at the Marne, lost because of the failure of the nerves of certain German generals. Here at last, is admission of the fact of the Marne, impressive testimony, even if open to suspicion in detail.

But far more interesting evidence has followed. This time it is Kluck who speaks. It was Kluck who commanded the German army which advanced from Brussels to the environs of Paris, sweeping all before it. It was Kluck who crossed the Marne and turned his back to Paris, inviting the thrust of Maunoury, which changed the whole face of the situation.

Now Kluck does not explain his defeat—he admits that it was a defeat—in military terms. He does not talk about flank or rear, manoeuvre or counter offensive. What he says—and it is significant—is that he was surprised; as others after him, he grimly adds, now by French generals, but by French soldiers.

That an army could retire for ten days, losing prisoners, guns, becoming exhausted, and then, of a sudden, return to the offensive irresistibly—this was a thing the German military books never regarded possible, never discussed, never warned German generals to expect. The material elements are all duly accounted for, but failure to estimate the moral factor lost the battle—lost the war, Kluck hints.

"We made a mistake," Kluck says, with engaging frankness. The mistake was not strategic—it was not that the attack, coming out of Paris, was in itself a surprise—the thing was deeper. Kluck, Moltke, the whole German High Command had calculated that the French soldier was beaten; their actions were based upon this assumption.

It was because of this assumption that Kluck went south of the Marne and opened his flank to Maunoury. Nearly four year later Ludendorff did the same thing, with precisely the same consequences.

Yet those French writers who have best described the Marne have paid most attention to the same phenomenon which Kluck discusses. By all the ordinary standards of measurement, the French military force was on the edge of ruin on Sept. 5, but on Sept. 6 it was attacking from Paris to Verdun, and on Sept. 13 it was back at the Aisne, victorious and conscious of the magnitude of its victory.

Frenchmen tell you that in the Marne time all France was conscious that the fate of the nation was at stake. But out of the perception grew the resolution; a million men moved by the same spirit, put aside their weariness, their sufferings, and—attacked. Kluck does not understand it now. His brief comment betrays continuing mystification. He was surprised in December, 1913. He recognizes the fact—the explanation still escapes him.—Frank Simonds in New York Tribune.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

WRIGLEY'S
The Greatest Name in Goody-Land

YOU know the realm of childhood dreams is a land of sweets.

Make some of those dreams a delightful reality by taking home

WRIGLEY'S
frequently.

How about tonight?

SEALED TIGHT
KEPT RIGHT

The Flavour Lasts!

MADE IN CANADA

Petain Ranks With Foch As Great French General And Also Splendid Patriot

BY promoting Petain to the rank already held by Foch and Joffre the French Government has merely performed a duty not to have done which would have been to awaken surprise and even criticism in the whole world. The defender of Verdun unquestionably earned the right to the distinction already bestowed upon the victors of the First and Second Marne. Foch, Joffre and Petain are clearly the pre-eminent French soldiers of this war.

Before Verdun Petain had earned reputation. His offensive in Champagne in 1915 was the first considerable victory of the Allies after the initiative had passed to them. It had only local results and was in no sense decisive, but it yielded more than 25,000 prisoners, more than a hundred guns and brought the first real sense of victory to Paris and to London.

But Verdun was the great test. When the new marshal reached the Mouse citadel, the Germans had taken Douaumont, advanced nearly seven miles, and were almost at the last line of defence. To organize his

MARSHAL PETAIN.

defence Petain had first to counter attack with the elements that were last beginning to arrive while he created a line of resistance. He had to restore order out of confusion, to recreate confidence, sorely shaken. A situation as critical as that which confronted Foch when he took command last spring confronted Petain in the last days of February, 1916.

All this Petain did. Within a few days his new army could accept his watchword, "They shall not pass," and make it their own. Nothing in French history is finer than the story of Verdun, and Petain was the soul as well as the brain of that epic.

After Verdun the politicians chose a lieutenant of Petain's to replace Joffre, grown old and weary. It was an unhappy choice, and Nivelle's great failure at the Aisne in April and May of 1917 for the moment shook the morale of the French army and the French nation. Once more France turned to Petain, and this time he repeated his Verdun achievement on a vast scale. He reorganized the entire French army. He restored confidence, discipline, he transformed the situation in such fashion that in a few months he was able to win a new victory at Verdun and a shining success at the Aisne in taking Fort Malmaison.

The full fruits of his labors were revealed in the fashion in which the French army was rushed to the rescue of the situation in Picardy last spring, after the defeat of the Fifth British Army and while the Germans threatened to separate the French from the British. A finer feat than that of Payolle's forces can hardly be recalled in all this war. From that moment onward Petain suffered by the rapid expansion of the reputation of Foch. That the Allied commander-in-chief was the greater soldier will probably be the judgment of history, that he owes much to the loyal and competent aid of Petain is unmistakable. That they worked together in complete harmony at all times is a tribute to the patriotism of each.

It is said that Joffre, Foch and Petain will be the only marshals of France created by this war. If there are additions one may hope to see included the name of Castelnau, who saved Nancy and made the Marne victory possible in 1914. And if Castelnau receives his baton, an equal claim may be urged for Franchet d'Esperey, whose army defeated that of Bulow at the First Marne and shared in the later long campaigns in France. Subsequently it was d'Esperey who won the recent victory of the Cerna-Vardar in the Orient and smashed Bulgaria and Mitteleurope at a single blow. There remains Mangin — the Ney of the present struggle—who at Verdun and in all the recent battles revealed the spirit of his great Napoleonic predecessor, "the bravest of the brave."

Every company of American soldiers abroad is permitted to adopt one war orphan.

Gains Through Distress.

The best qualities of mind and character—courage, sympathy, self-mastery—have been forged on the hard anvil of distress.

Speed of an Antelope.

It is estimated that an antelope can travel at the speed of 40 feet or more for each second.

Daily Thought.

Be true to your word, your work and your friends.—Philip Dorus Gilbert.

HELP ALIENS TO LEAVE CANADA

MINISTER OF LABOR DELIVERS AN ADDRESS TO HAMILTON WORKERS.

Hamilton, Feb. 3.—Hamilton's Open Forum was opened this afternoon, the speaker for the occasion being Senator Robertson, Minister of Labor. The chair was occupied by W. H. Wardrope, K.C., and the proceedings were quite lively when the meeting was thrown open for debate and questions. Mr. Wardrope, after a brief address, introduced Senator Roberston, who said he came as a fellow-workman, and not as a Minister of the Crown. He hoped to devote all his life to the welfare of his fellowmen. He then spoke of unemployment and the establishment of Government employment bureaux, the need of better relations between Capital and Labor and the alien question.

Will Help Aliens

He asserted that no alien should hold a place that a soldier needed when he returned. The Government had taken up the question of returning the undesirable aliens to their native lands, and if they were unable to pay their way would assist them. The friendly aliens who wished to remain should be assimilated, and it was the duty of Canadians to aid in this work.

Organize Union Of Newspapermen

FRENCH AND ENGLISH WORKERS IN MONTREAL TO POOL INTERESTS.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—Following a meeting of the French journalists of this city when a Newspapermen's Union was formed, the English-speaking journalists met at the Windsor Hotel on Saturday and the suggestion was carried after some discussion. The President of the local Typographical Union and an organizer from the American Federation of Labor were present and both promised support and sympathy.

At the conclusion of the meeting it was decided to meet the French journalists next Saturday, and to take steps looking to the amalgamation of both bodies in a common union. About forty men and women were present from all the English newspapers of Montreal.

EVERY FIVE MINUTES

British Army of Workers Turned Out an Airplane

London, Feb. 3.—Lord Weir, director of aircraft production, speaking tonight at a dinner given in honor of past and present chiefs of the air service, said that when the armistice was signed, more than 200,000 workers were engaged exclusively on aircraft production resulting in the country, despite many other claims on industry, being able to turn out completely equipped airplanes and seaplanes every five minutes of the working day.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—Receipts fair, trade active in all lines. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$14.00	$15.50
Choice butchers' cattle	10.50	11.50
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.00
ning steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.00	10.00
Lambs	15.00	15.50
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.00	16.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	15.00	15.00
Calves	15.00	16.50

Somehow badness is far more contagious than goodness.

HALL'S GLEN

Hall's Glen, Feb. 3.—Miss Leona Matthews of Hall's Glen is spending a few days in Warsaw visiting friends.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carveth will be glad to know that they are out again.

Miss Hazel Little of Lakefield spent a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Little.

Mrs. Reg. Dunford of Peterboro is at present the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Joe Matthews.

Mrs. P. H. Lloyd of Warsaw was the guest of freinds at the Glen.

The death occurred Thursday, Jan. 2nd of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dodd's, Hall's Glen. The remains were interred in the Dummer cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parsons of Hall's Glen were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Crowe on Friday evening.

Rev. D. Clare of Warsaw was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Matthews of Hall's Glen, on Tuesday last.

Miss Alice Payne of Bethel was the guest of Miss Bessie Crowe on Sunda last.

Miss Hazel Russel of Douro has returned home after spending a few days with her sister Mrs. Walter Carveth.

Miss Bessie Crowe of Hall's Glen, is at present spending a few days in Peterborough visiting friends.

S. S. No. 4, Dummer has been closed for the past week owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss G. Greenbanks of Norwood.

A pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. Robert McCracken, in games and music after which a pretty lunch was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Little were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Northey on Sunday last.

Mrs. Joseph Matthews of Hall's Glen was the guest of her sister, Major and Mrs Anderson of Warsaw on Saturday last.

Miss Beamish of Havelock is at present visiting her sister Mrs. Garfield Crowe.

Miss Maggie McCracken of Peterborough is now spending a few days at her home at Hall's Glen.

Mr. Joseph Matthews was the guest of friends in Warsaw on Wednesday last.

Mrs. Joseph Matthews of Hall's Glen spent Sunday last at Warsaw, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Lloyd.

Professor Coleman addressed the Royal Canadian Institute on geological work in Gaspe.

Arthur Hawkes, addressing the People's Forum, said that there was no need for violence in this country.

William Dalrymple was instantly killed by a switch engine on the Essex Terminal railroad track at Walkerville.

Kent county council calls on the Legislature for a more aggressive policy for permanent improvement of roads.

Lily Card, aged five, and Lillian Howart, six, next door neighbors and playmates, in Windsor, died within a few hours, of diphtheria.

Reeve Joseph Weber of Neustadt, who walked nine miles on Thursday night from Owen Sound to Shallow Lake, and spent the rest of the night in a shed, now has pneumonia as a result.

Finicky Elephant.

An elephant, in his native land, has a hard job to find what he likes to eat. Contrary to the general belief, he will not eat anything but he selects carefully the best of roots, herbs, fruits and various vegetables. When in captivity, he eats about the same kind of fodder with a few exceptions, including pastry bread, nuts (chiefly peanuts) and some other goodies which may be offered to him. Elephants eat no kind of meat whatsoever; they will only eat pure grown food or clean bread or pastry.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 20 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 30 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 31

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MONRO, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

FOR STREET WEAR

New Clothes Are Necessary for the Busy Workers.

Little Consideration Is Being Given This Early in the Season to Evening Garments.

There is no diminution in evening gowns this year, either in the French or the American output, and they unite in a dignity and elegance that is worthy of the time, asserts an authority. But the majority of women are not looking for evening clothes this early in the season. The rich and the well-to-do believe that they can go on with the evening gowns they have. The preponderance of buying is in street clothes and this spreads down-ward into stores of modest pretensions before went into the question of frocks and coats with such vivid interest.

Why? Because of the mobilization of all women into war work. And this is the reason that there is such a big demand this early in the season. A woman may stay at home and economize in a wrapper, but she is not going to the Red Cross workroom in a wrapper, nor campaign for the Liberty loan, nor meet committees. She needs new clothes, and she buys them.

Her choice is the coat suit, the one-piece frock with a fur neckpiece, or the thin frock under a warm coat. Which shall she choose? That question does not lie wholly with the economical and conservative set. It is discussed by the richest women who gather at restaurants and meet their special designers in private salons.

There is much to be said in favor of the coat suit for the first three months of moderate weather, because of the intervention of the new blouse. This does not go under the skirt belt, but over it. It is a return to all the primitive fashions that this planet has begotten.

Cheruit, for instance, has started a strong demand for brilliant metallic blouses which are Byzantine, and which, instead of extending over the hips, wrap themselves just below the waist in a slight folded girdle. This is a remarkable and brilliant fashion. It gives a woman the chance to remove her coat and look gayly and smartly dressed at luncheon or at any afternoon affair.

There are other blouses that are frankly built in the cuirass fashion, and those extend as far below the hips as the coat permits. The woman who wants a short jacket, however, will take up the idea of Cheirut. It is a bit less informal than the cuirass idea and such a blouse can be worn with any kind of jacket, especially with those new square jackets of fur which are to be extremely fashionable when they are cut off at the hips and have big pockets that serve as a substitute for a muff.

The turnover collar seems to have disappeared from all kinds of garments except dinner gowns, where it is made of exquisite laces.

Evidently the designers expect women of all classes to economize or buy a bit of fur for the neck, for they make no effort to modify the severity of a neckline that we attribute to the fifteenth century Italian fashions.

When a frock has a collar it is of fur, for white collars or those of any light material, such as satin or georgette or chiffon, are taboo. If fur is not used to finish the severe line, then nothing is used. The neck line of gowns may be embroidered in woolen or metallic threads, but those on coats are merely braided or finished with a flat strip of soft pelt ry.

Therefore, do not go out on the street today in a suit and a white or cream shirt waist the broad collar of which you have pulled outside the jacket. That fashion is dead.

Welland board of trade has started on an extensive program for new industries and for better conditions for workingmen.

A "Golden" Pippen.

Sir Robert Borden had a practical illustration since his arrival in London of the cost of living. On Regent Street some fine apples in a fruit store attracted his attention and appetite. But when he found they were selling for $1 a pound he decided to leave his appetite for this luscious fruit unsatisfied until he visited Grand Pre on his return. This price, of course, was abnormal, but apples of the poorest quality cannot be purchased for less than 25 cents per pound. Eggs enter largely into the living of every person and are a fair indication of the cost of living. For the past two weeks eggs have been selling in London at $2.16 per dozen. An attempt is being made to fix the price at $1.32 per dozen, but with little success. Meat does not show such an enormous increase in cost as compared with Canadian prices, being about 50 per cnet. higher without regard to quality. Bacon sold in London could not be retailed here, practically all the hog but the tail, feet and snout is made into bacon by calling it to a degree that the unfortunate householder is paying an exorbitant price for a very inferior article. Potatoes for the past two weeks have not been obtainable in more than four-pound lots, and cost about $2.50 per bushel. A greater and cheaper supply is promised. It is estimated that the purchasing value of a pound is only seven shillings compared to pre-war prices.

Sims' Flag Caused Excitement.

Most harmonious is the working of the two navies (British and American). Admiralty House is quite a home for the Americans, and, needless to say, the British vice-admiral, with his years of sea life, is an interesting figure to the young officers from the United States. So close is the co-operation of the two services that when the British vice-admiral was on leave some time ago, Admiral Sims, the senior American naval officer, hoisted his flag at Queenstown, and through the island went the rumor that Ireland had been handed over to the United States!—The London Times.

Soldiers Provided With Work.

Each British soldier will be provided with employment after the great armies in the field have been demobilized, according to comprehensive plans which are now being worked out by the Government.

Shipbuilding In Inverness.

Inverness, the largest town in Scotland, north of Aberdeen, is taking a forward step in connection with the development of shipbuilding.

Start of Cigarette Fad.

That the late John Morgan Richards popularized the cigarette in Britain is now a matter of dispute. Smoking connoisseurs say they remember other claimants to that distinction, including the Duke of Buccleugh and Laurence Oliphant. Tradition has it that many of the British naval and military officers adopted this mode of smoking from the Russians during the Crimean war and on their return made the cigarette fashionable in London clubs. But some years before the Crimean campaign there was a well patronized cigarette merchant named Theodorich in the West End of London whose choicest mixtures were retailed at twelve a shilling.

The Richmond Gem, the cigarette fathered by Mr. Richards, was introduced by the biggest advertising boom that had been perpetrated up to that time. Startling posters lined the walls of every town and village in Great Britain. Wherever one turned, along the railways, down the river, in the street, even on the seashore, flamboyant poster of the new American cigarette confronted one. It is said that when the originator opened a special shop in a main London thoroughfare, the better to advertise his goods, a rival establishment on the street was forced to close.

This rival smoke seller conducted one of the most extensive enterprises in the town, often having as much as $20,000 worth of stock on his premises at one time. Determined not to be cut out, the proprietor walked down to Mr. Richard's shop one day and bought the shop and stock. Besides a large carco of tobacco [illegible] the way into the Richmond Gem.

THE DOOR KNOB HAS HATCHED!

—New York Tribune.

Former Russian Leaders, With But Few Exceptions, Killed by Revolutionists

WHERE are the men whom we considered the greatest of living Russians two or three years ago? Nobody knows. When we ever hear their names nowadays it is in reports of their deaths, or later in denials that they have been assassinated. Hardly a single Russian who was prominent in the war is known definitely to be living and taking any part in public affairs. Despite conflicting reports the Czar is probably dead. With the Czar has disappeared most of the Grand Dukes, a dozen or more of them. They have been murdered if discovered by the Bolsheviks, and if they are not dead they are in hiding or making their way painfully in the direction of some neutral country. Their estates have been confiscated; their wealth either seized by the alleged Government or distributed by the mob. Grand Duke Michael, brother of the late Czar, is said to be in Siberia.

There is a report that the Grand Duke Nicholas, the commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, and considered the greatest military leader developed by the war up to that time, is hiding in Southern Russia. There is probably no Russian who played a by considerable part in the war who made such an impression upon the outside world as this Grand Duke.

GEN. BRUSILOFF.

Another able Russian general was Alexiev, formerly chief of staff, who reorganized the armies after the defeat of 1915. He was recently reported in command of some troops opposing the Bolsheviki, in the Don, but his fate is uncertain. Gen. Korniloff, another hero of the war, may be alive. He was reported to have escaped through the Caucasus and Persia and to have joined Gen. Allenby. It is odd if this report is correct, that there would not have been an official confirmation of it from British headquarters, though it is conceivable that the Government might have sufficient reason for giving no information as to the whereabouts of such an influential leader as Korniloff. Brusiloff, the hero of the Galician victories in 1916, is known to be dead. He was killed in Moscow. Ruzsky, too, is reported to have been assassinated.

Turning now to the civil heads of the nation, it is known that Premier Gollitsyn, who held office before Kerensky seized power, is in hiding with a heavy price upon his head. He will be remembered for his failure to oppose the revolution when it came. His predecessor, Trepoff, is in Stockholm, and is supposed to be trying to organise some opposition to the present regime. Little need be expected of him. He was a bureaucrat, but a weakling. Sturmer, whom Trepoff succeeded in office, is dead, and nobody mourns him. He was a traitor, a German by ancestry and a German by inclination, who contributed more than the Czar to the unpopularity of Czardom. He sold out the Russian armies, and tried to lead Russia into a separate peace. He had no more principle than either Lenine or Trotsky. Had the monarchy survived he would have tried to do for Germany what Trotzky and Lenine were able to do after it had been destroyed. Sturmer died in prison.

One of the most despicable of Russians is one of the few who was able to escape from the country. This is Sukhomlinoff, former Minister of War, who betrayed Roumania and tried to deliver a Russian army into the hands of the enemy. He was arrested and put on trial for high treason by the Provisional Government, but when the Bolshevists overthrew Kerensky he was released, since he had been a good friend of Germany's and was permitted to leave the country. Protopopoff, formerly Minister of the Interior, who was an unspeakable tyrant and traitor, died in an asylum. Most of the leaders of the Provisional Government which preceded the Bolshevists are either dead or fugitives. Prince Lvoev is in Paris. Miliukov is said to be on his way there. Guchkov was assassinated. It is said that military leaders who were distinguished in the war, some of them generals, are supporting themselves by selling matches and shoe laces in Petrograd and Moscow. Notable service in the war against Germany is the most dangerous badge in Russia to-day.

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Arabs Return to Damascus

ON August 21 a detachment of the regular forces of King Hussein started from Akaba to co-operate in the forthcoming operations against the Turks. The direct route to Damascus, which runs by Maan, Amman and Deraa, was then still for the most part in enemy occupation, and therefore a wide outflanking movement was undertaken. That this movement was carried through successfully is most creditable to the troops engaged. On one occasion they made a four days' march from water to water, followed immediately by two days' march to the next supply. Nor was the water supply of the most inviting description.

Umtaye, reached on September 15, was made the base for operations, and thence they played havoc with the Hedjaz railway. On the morning of the 19th the Arab regulars, accompanied by a numerous following of local tribes and the countryside in general, arrived back at Umtaye, where they were attacked by German airplanes seeking vengeance.

The garrison of Deraa must have felt particularly vindictive, as Arab regulars had in forty-eight hours completely cut their communications with Amman, the Palestine front, and Damascus alike. Bombs were freely dropped. The tribesmen and local peasantry scattered, but the regular troops of the Arab army, who had barracked their camels and dismounted, sat immovable, each man by his beast, until the storm had passed. The German airmen returned to Deraa for more bombs, whereupon the camel corps withdrew into a wadi and sat still among blocks of lava. Making no movement, they remained for the most part invisible, and the German airmen returned disappointed. The picture of the Hedjaz Camel Corps passing itself off as black stones recalls the story in the "Arabian Nights," and, as in the story, the black stones came to life again and busily harassed the enemy.

On September 24 the Turkish Fourth Army began to surge northwards in a vain endeavor to escape the disaster which had overtaken the troops west of the Jordon. The Arab Camel Corps being immensely outnumbered by this force, which still retained a certain amount of organization, was unable to stop the retreat and was obliged to content itself with vigorous operations to incommode the passage of the enemy. These took the form of a succession of raids upon selected units. A flurry of rifle fire would be followed by a charge and swift withdrawal, leaving twenty or thirty dead Turks on the ground and a dozen or so of prisoners in the hands of the Arabs.

The last Turkish formations evacuated Deraa on September 27, and the enemy forces from Es Salt moved north. This force was so imbued with the doctrine of frightfulness that it thought an example of terrorism might overawe the Hauran, which was bubbling in open rebellion all round. Consequently it was decided "to make an example" of the unhappy villages of Tafas and Turaa. Eighty women and children were butchered with every revolting circumstance of atrocity, but the last hour of the Turkish rule east of the Jordan had already struck. The Arabs, far from being terrorised into submission, were justly incensed. The Turkish force responsible for these atrocities was visited by immediate retribution, and the units which had moved out of Deraa and Meserib never reached Damascus.

Sheik Talial, of Tapas, a fighting man of high repute and a notable of Hauran, was with the Arab army. On learning the atrocities that had been committed in his village he charged single-handed upon a Turkish column and furiously exacted blood for blood until he fell riddled with bullets. At dawn on the 27th the Arab Camel Corps rode into Deraa, so long a Turkish place of strength, and shortly afterward at a point a little west of the railway junction made their first contact with the Indian troops of Gen. Allenby's army, who had followed up the Turks from the Palestinian side of Jordan.

Thereafter the Arab Camel Corps formed the extreme right of the Allied advance upon Damascus, which was entered on the night of the 30th, Arabs being the first troops in.

One of the first acts of the Arab administration was to restore the electric lighting system in Damascus. This was in working order by the evening of Oct. 2, although the plant had been disused for weeks under the Turks. The tramway service, stopped by the incapable Turkish administration in 1917, was resumed on October 5.

On October 3 Sherif Faisal, commander-in-chief of King Hussein's northern army, arrived outside the splendid city which had once again passed into the hands of his race. A car had been placed at his disposal, but the wise sherif, with a strong sense of the historical fitness of things, preferred to make his entry into Damascus much in the same way as did the emirs of those Arabs who took Damascus in the seventeenth century, the Amorite Arabs who returned to it in the nineteenth century, the Aramean Arabs who set up their kingdom in Damascus during the fourteenth century B.C., Aretas, King of Arabia, when he occupied Damascus in 84 B.C., and Khalid Ibn Walid when he carried part of the town by storm from its Byzantine garrison A.D. 634.

The sherif on horseback, attended by some 1,200 to 1,500 of his kinsfolk and adherents, entered Damascus at full gallop and rode furiously through the city to the accompaniment of a crackling fusillade and shrill screams of victory.

CLEVER MISS PANKHURST.

Some of the Things She Will Do For Women.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst is evidently a woman of perception, says the New York Sun. She realizes that most of the political cure-alls held out to the voter, and particularly the Socialistic panaceas, have lacked flavor. They have been abstract in their offerings, whereas most people want the concrete. Miss Pankhurst goes into particulars as to what the women of Great Britain will get when there is a woman's regime; not what they will get in the way of passing on the Abyssinian budget, but what they will get in their own houses:

"The British Parliament will be responsible for the electricity that turns the mangles, cooks the meals and warms the houses. Why should women drag coal scuttles about, stand over steaming washtubs, spend hours over old-fashioned ranges, which not only eat up coal but cook the cooks, when by legislation and electricity the burden of the world could be lifted?"

What could make a better appeal to the women, not only of Britain, but of every land where electric lights have been turned on? Women, we said, but the Utopian picture is fascinating to men as well. Every commuter, as well as his wife, knows that a world ruled by Queen Christabell would be a happy place; a joyous land of volts, watts, ohms, buttons, switches and indolent luxury. Buttons, buttons everywhere, and not a tap of work. One finger, pressing occasionally, would make a life worth the living.

The commuter wakes. It is daylight and he snaps off the electric light that has kept his home laying in their distant house since 3 a.m. A push of a button closes his bedroom windows. Another button doubles the heat from the electric furnace. A tap of the finger and the cat is let in and the dog let out. Within easy reach of the bed a percolator of coffee begins to bubble. A button is pushed and his box of razor blades is gently warmed. Electricity, at the pressure of the commuter's thumb, heats his bath water.

Mrs. Commuter, sipping her preliminary coffee, reaches for a switch at her bedside—an electric switch—and her Pankhurstian kitchen begins to operate. The orange squeezer, the oatmeal pot, the automatic batter dropper, and its companion the electric griddle; the electric egg breaker and the electric plate warmer—all these take up their labors. In due time an electric elevator takes the family to the dining-room or brings a tray upstairs. Meanwhile electricity has gently dragged Mr. Commuter out of bed and, through a magnetic device, has put the buttons in his clean shirt. A phonograph, connected with the thermometer and barometer, tells him the state of the weather. While he is putting on his collar, a feat which electricity will never perform for man, he pushes buttons which attend to the feeding of the chickens, the milking of the cow and the pumping of the tires.

To make the detail perfect we should have an electric voice calling to the man as he steps into his electric car: "Haven't you forgotten your commutation ticket?" But in that day of free electricity there will be no commutation tickets; railroads will be free, too. So, without a care, he will drive off, waving gaily to his wife, now on her way to press the buttons that attend to the dish-washing, the dusting and the sewing of the new crape meteor party dress.

ALL CHURCHES MAY UNITE TO WORSHIP TOGETHER IN TENT

Evangelist John M. Linden Lays Proposition Before Local Ministerial Association—Details of Plan Tried Out in Other Cities

Evangelist John M. Linden, of Chicago a former member of the "Billy" Sunday party who during the past eight months has given himself to raising money for the welfare work of the Salvation Army and who at present is District Campaign Manager of the Red Shield Drive is aiming to make arrangements with the Church in Peterborough to hold a summer tent meeting in the park during July and August and his plan for it is placed in the hands of the Rev. J. R. Webb, the Secretary of the Ministerial Association who will bring the matter before the Conference at the meeting today.

Evangelist Linden's plan is to hold this meeting from about the 10th of July to the 10th of August in Peterborough in a tent large enough to seat nearly 2,000. He asks no guarantee of money from the Churches or individuals and pays the expenses of the Campaign out of the nightly pan offerings which are taken up and usually pay every cent of expenses made. He and helpers receive no salary stipulation whatever. At the end of the meeting a thankoffering is taken which is divided among these by the Evangelist. He even goes so far as to keep up for the Churches their weekly envelope offerings and these envelopes are dropped in the pans each Sunday and after each service distributed to the various church treasurers.

If pastors are away during this period taking their vacation there will be no need for the churches to engage supplies for the preaching will be taken care of by the Evangelist and his helpers.

This plan gives the people an opportunity during the warmer months to come to worship in God's outdoors. It aims to bring about a new consecration on the part of church members to God, to give to the Community a religious expression, to lead the unsaved to Christ and to do a special work among the boys and girls in showing them the privilege of religious duty.

Such summer tent campaigns have been carried on very successfully by Evangelist John M. Linden in the cities in the states and he feels that Peterboro is an exceptionally good place for such work and he is hoping that the pastors and churches will look with favor upon his plan and give him this opportunity.

When the Peterborough effort is completed he is expecting to remove his tent to the Glebe District in Ottawa for the same kind of effort during August and September.

FAIR BOARD HAS BALANCE OF $256

E. J. GRAHAM IS PRESIDENT OF LAKEFIELD AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Lakefield, Feb, 3.—The annual meeting of the Lakefield Agricultural Society was held in the Queen street theatre on Monday evening of last week. The financial statement showed a balance of $256. The election of officers was as follows:

President—E. J. Galvin.
1st Vice-Pres.—B. Q. Dench.
2nd Vice-Pres.—G. A. Graham.
Directors: Messrs. A. Darling, J. J. Bickell, Howard Beavis, J. McIntosh, H. C. Garbutt, Thos. Whibbs, Henry Coon, T. T. Milburn, James Walton, H. Abbott.

Mr. Thompson Braden was re-elected recording secretary by the directors.

Mrs. H. Sutton, Regent street, entertained a number of her friends to an afternoon tea on Wednesday last.

A skating party of young people from Warsaw drove to the village on Wednesday and visited the local skating rink. Before returning they had refreshments at Alford's restaurant.

The younger set of the village drove to Peterborough on Wednesday, where they attended the Grand Opera House, witnessing the presentation of "In Sunny France."

Miss Nina Sherin is at present visiting relatives in Toronto.

Mrs. W. Stabler spent a couple of days in Peterborough this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Spence were in Peterborough on Wednesday.

Miss Stella Lennox is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Flynn, Smith's Falls.

Mrs. (Capt.) Marling spent Wednesday last in Peterborough.

Mr. Robt. Mackay of Toronto spent the week-end in the village visiting friends.

Miss Mary Adams was in Peterborough on Wednesday.

Mrs. Trude Weldon spent a couple of days in Peterborough visiting her sister, Mrs. Lynn.

Mrs. J. Rid[illegible] spent Wednesday in Peterborough on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Lennox were in Peterborough Wednesday.

Miss Corkery of the Public school staff, spent the week-end at her home in Peterborough.

Miss K. Simpson of Kew Beach, Toronto, is at present in the village visiting her mother, Mrs. T. A. Simpson, who is ill.

Mrs. Charles Tanner has returned from Toronto.

Miss Rhoda Alford is spending a few days in Peterborough the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wilson, 279 Thomas street.

Mr. Thompson Braden and Miss Edna spent Wednesday last in Peterborough.

Mr. S. E. Conklin, of the Burleigh Ranch, spent a couple of days in the village this week on business.

Mrs. R. Eddie of Northampton, England, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Riddle.

Major (Rev.) H. Frost, B.A., B.D., who was recently appointed pastor of the Methodist church, and Mrs. Frost arrived in the village on Wednesday and have taken up residence here.

The many friends of Rev. B. Davies will be pleased to learn that he is so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to resume his pastoral duties again.

The funeral of the late Mary Shaw, wife of Mr. James Campbell, aged 68 years and five months, took place on Wednesday at 2 p.m. from the family residence, Queen street. The service was conducted by Rev. P. L. Juil, owing to the illness of Rev. B. Davies, of the Baptist church, of which deceased was a consistent member. The remains were interred in the Lakefield cemetery. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband and five sons: John, of Cadillac, Mich.; William, of Eyebrow, Sask.; Archibald, of Peterborough; James, of Brampton, and Bruce, of Cadillac, Mich.

Messrs. John and Bruce Campbell of Cadillac, Mich., are spending a few days in the village.

Mr. James Campbell of Brampton spent a couple of days in the village with his father, Mr. J. Campbell.

Miss Eva Gordon of Toronto spent a few days in the village visiting her sister, Mrs. W. Gillman.

MAKE WASHING EASIER

Save good white ashes from wood. Put on the stove in a kettle with water and let boil until by testing with the finger one finds it stings the flesh. Bottle and use as needed. This is a saving method and is much nicer than lye.

Secretary Baker announced he would not be able to leave for France until President Wilson returned to the United States.

THE WAR SERVICE GRATUITY

Following enquiries made at the Patriotic Fund office by several of the widows of men fallen in service, with regard to the stated information in papers that such widows would be entitled to a share of the War Gratuity that would have applied in the cases of men killed, up to the time of the casualty, the office has made enquiry from the Paymaster General, and the reply is printed below:

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement appearing in certain newspapers that the war service gratuity payable to the men of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, on retirement or discharge, will also be paid to war widows, dependents and next-of-kin of soldiers killed in action or who died of wounds. An official denial of this statement was issued today, (31st of January) by the Militia Department, and at the same time it was pointed out that the order-in-Council makes no provision of this nature. The next-of-kin of deheased soldiers are provided for under the pension regulations.

"The order-in-Council does make provision for payment of the gratuity to the dependents of a soldier who dies subsequent to his discharge or retirement, and before he or his dependents have received any part of the whole of the gratuity. It states that if there survive him dependents who would have been entitled to a portion of the gratuity equal to the Separation Allowance the portion of the gratuity unpaid at the time of his death shall be payable to such dependents.

"In the case of a soldier who has no dependents entitled to Separation Allowance, and who dies subsequent to his discharge, before relieving any or all of the gratuity, the portion of the gratuity unpaid at the time of his death shall not be payable."

WINNIPEG RIOTS.

This is a photograph of the former German club on Mountain avenue, Winnipeg, after the returned soldiers got through with it in their anti-alien demonstration a few days ago.

—British & Colonial Press photograph.

PARLIAMENT IS LIKELY TO SEND TEMPERANCE ISSUE TO PEOPLE

Government Measure to be Temporary Until Conditions Become More Settled When the Question Will Be Settled by a Plebiscite

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Of the great variety of questions to come before Parliament in the coming session, non, perhaps, is as general in its interest as that of prohibition. It is to come up, but just in what form seems still a matter of uncertainty. The existing enactment, operating as a war measure, will cease to be validated so far as it applies to a period of twelve months after the war. How much further the law will go is a more or less open question. Many views are being poured into the ears of the Government. The prohibitionists are very active. They have had delegation here, they are holding mass meetings and are carrying on an extensive campaign of publicity. What they ask is the permanency of the present prohibitory measure, with the qualifying condition that, ultimately after six months' notice, there will be a national plebiscite. In support of this view, and what is submitted as its reasonableness may representations are being made to the Government. The liquor interests are very quiescent. They have sent no delegations to Ottawa, and are not openly pulling any wires. Like Micawber, they are waiting for something in their favor to turn up. The essential opposition to prohibition comes from a class who call themselves temperance people, but who enjoy a drink now and then, and who are chafing under the existing restrictions and restraint. Even they are not particularly outspoken in public, though their views are finding a quiet expression hereabouts.

Bar Stays Away.

One thing that seems certain, is that the bar is going and is not coming back. People who are opposing recourse to a bone dry law are very emphatic in declaring that it is not the bar they want so much as a place where, under certain restrictions, wine and beer, anyway, and perhaps spirits can be had. Many would be satisfied if the Government not only controlled the whole business, but took it over itself. Illicit stills and bootleggers, and the sale of poisonous liquors instead of the pure stuff, are foreshadower as a result of complete prohibition.

It will not be surprising if, in the coming session, the Government validates the existing measures for a year after peace is declared, and at the end of that time, when the soldiers are all back, take a national plebiscite on the question of the continuance of the law. To go thus far even, legislation will be necessary, and the subject is likely to be discussed rather fully.

Some Appeals Pathetic.

All the provinces now have prohibition except Quebec, where it is effective May 1st. Reports have come here from time to time, indicating the probable modification of the act in that province now that the war is over, but Sir Lomer Gouin's announcement this week holds out no encouragement for that view. Unless the act, which has to be implemented by further legislation, is amended by the Legislature, everything will go by the board—beer and wines as well as the "hard stuff." For the maintenance of the old-established brewing industry, strong influences are being exerted, and somewhat pathetic appeals made against the wiping out of an almost historic institution.

Outside factors of influence seem bound to enter into the situation. The United States decision to go dry in 1920 will be unquestionably a convincing argument for complete prohibition in Canada. It will be contended that if Canada remains wet while the States go dry, the influx of undesirables will be tremendous. The British decision will also be a factor. It is hardly conceivable that the Englishmen as a whole will forego their beer, but Government control seems more or less certain. Then there is France, with wine as a staple industry. Great Britain, to encourage her ally, is throwing off certain duties on wine. The argument is heard that if Canada would help out France in the struggle to regain her normal industrial position, one effective way to do it is to import the product of her vineyards.

Votes of the Women.

When a plebiscite is taken the women's vote will be a big factor. Prohibitionists are counting on it strongly, though there is an uncertainty as to the degree of influence to be exerted by the men folk, soldiers and others, who incline to the temperate use of spirits.

For the restoration of the liquor traffic to its full status—with the public house and the open bar—no demand is being conveyed to Ottawa. On the other hand, more or less opposition is being expressed to the absolute character of prohibition, and those plans are not without sympathy in high circles. Assuming that, pending a national plebiscite, Quebec goes dry completely, all the provinces will then be in line, though the permanency of Ontario's measure is contingent upon a plebiscite after demobilization. In British Columbia, where a big liquor scandal recently developed, a "moderate" party is reported, with a view of having some half measure of prohibition.

POLICE FORCE WAS HELPLESS

CHIEF SHORT, OF LINDSAY, DID NOT TAKE THREAT SERIOUSLY.

Speaking of the anti-Chinese riot in Lindsay Friday night, the Warder says that many citizens are wondering at the lack of police protection especially in the face of the fact that Mr. J. M. Knowlson in the interests of his property on William street, occupied by the Chinese laundry, asked the Town for protection early in the evening.

To a Warder man Reeve Babcock stated this morning that he had been waited on at his house about [illegible] in the evening by Mr. Knowlson, Mayor McLean being absent from town. Mr. Knowlson informed the Reeve that he feared that a raid would be made on the premises and he asked for protection, stating that it would be much easier to pay for the services of 50 or more special policemen rather than have to pay for thousands of dollars damage to property.

Reeve Babcock walked down town a little later in the evening and found a small crowd gathered on William st., and also at other points. He lectured them and advised them to refrain from lawlessness in any shape or form, and to disband and return to their homes. He also called up the police office and warned Constable Parks, who answered the phone what to expect and to be prepared with special police.

Constable Parks transmitted the message to Chief Short who was in the office, who is said to have replied that he did not think it was necessary, and he would remain on duty until after the hockey game.

The fact remains that there was far from being ample police protection. A squad of fifty police would have no doubt saved the wanton destruction of property. Two policemen could not possibly cope with the situation. Constable Short and Parks were helpless to check the riot which occurred and which accomplished so much ruin to property.

Chief Short Laid Out

Some man in the crowd cast a brick at the Chief of Police when his back was turned. It caught him fair on the head and laid him out on the street. The attack was a cowardly one and resented by the better element in the many people present but the act was soon forgotten in the rush that followed for the cafe.

Constable Short was rushed home in an auto where he was given immediate attention, and it is understood that the nature of his wounds are slight.

BERNARD DALY

Here Next Friday, February 7 With Special Matinee

A good plot, intermingled with comedy, love and tragedy and excellent singing characterizes the play "Sweet Innisfallen," which will be seen at the Grand Theatre next Friday Matinee and Night. The play is magnificently staged among the grand scenery of Erin's Isle — no prettier picture could be drawn than with the noted Irish star, Bernard Daly, in the leading role as Larry O'Connell. Mr. Daly's sweet tenor voice and his Irish songs captivate his audience wherever he appears. His pathetic tones reach the heart of every true son of the little Isle.

During the action of the play, this famous star will render such well known selections as "Believe Me, If All Those Endearing Young Charms," "Foggy Dew," Hide and Seek," "Call of the Wind," "Sweet Innisfallen" and others.

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

Voted to Red Shield by Middlesex County Council

London, Ont., Feb. 3.—At the concluding session of the County Council grants were made as follows:—To the Salvation Army, $20,000; Navy League $1,500; Children's Aid Society $200; Manor Park School, $500; Continuation Schools of Thorndale, Delaware, Mount Brydges, Melbourne and Belmont, $100 each. A bylaw to discontinue grants to the Patriotic Fund was passed.

WHY DO WOMEN SUFFER

When There is Such a Remedy for Their Ills as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Mishawaka, Ind.—"I had such a severe female weakness that I could not do my work and I could not get anything to relieve me. A physician treated me, but it did no good. I had been in this condition for three months when I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound (tablet form) and I soon found myself able to do my work now. I keep house and am able to do my work now. I certainly praise your medicine."—Mrs. SUDA OLDFATHER, 548 West Second Street, Mishawaka, Ind.

Women who suffer from such ailments should not continue to drag around and do their work under such conditions, but profit by the experience of Mrs. Oldfather and thousands of others who have tried this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and found relief from such suffering. If complications exist write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years' experience in advising women on this subject is at your service.

NO DUTY CHARGED ON FARM TRACTOR

FREE ENTRY TO THE COUNTRY HAS INCREASED THEIR USE.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—By an order in Council just passed the Cabinet has relieved the anxiety of many importers by continuing indefinitely the remission of the 27½ per cent. duty on farm tractors under $1,400 in value. During the last year while the duty was remitted many millions of dollars have been expended by the farmers of Canada, particularly of the West, and Westerners have not been slow to bring to the attention of the Government th's evidence of what happens when a remission of duties cheapens an article.

The remission was made in the first place to enable farmers with a depleted labor supply to join effectively in the "Greater Production" campaign. Whereas in 1916-17 only 2,000 farm tractors of all kinds were brought in under the duty, in the first nine months since the duty was remitted 9,000 of the cheap tractors alone were brought in. This speeded up farm work greatly wherever tried, and has given the powerful aid of actual demonstration to the farmers' contention that the best possible encouragement to agriculture is to permit them to reduce capital and operating expenses on the farm by taking off duties on agricultural machinery and farm implements, as well as on other things.

Neat Cattle Free Another Year.

Neat cattle remain on the free list for another year, dating from February 7, 1919. Originally they were placed on the free list for a year, dating from February 7, 1918. By further orders in Council the period in which "remission and refund of duty" are authorized is now extended as indicated.

Drawback on Gas Engines.

An additional order has also been passed granting a drawback of 99 per cent. of the duty paid on imported materials used after the 7th of February, 1919, in the manufacture of gas or gasoline traction engines for farm purposes, and repairs therefor, and in the manufacture of traction attachments and repairs therefor, designed to be combined with automobiles in Canada for use as traction engines imported for farm purposes.

It is understood that the number of these engines imported for farm purposes has been several thousand per annum, while the quantity manufactured in Canada each year has been less than five per cent. of importations.

TO LAUNDER WOOL YU

In laundering wool material it is best to keep the temperature of the washing water, the rinsing water and of the drying room the same. This will prevent shrinking.

REWARDED FOR FAITHFUL WORK

MISS BESSIE ELCOME PRESENTED WITH ENGRAVED WRIST WATCH.

At Murray street Baptist Sunday school yesterday the pianist, Miss Bessie Elcome, was presnted with a gold wrist watch on behalf of the officers, teachers and pupils on the event of her completing at the end of 1918 fifteen consecutive years, during which she attended Sunday school every Sunday and was always on time. The following letter was read by the superintendent:

To Miss Bessie Elcome,
Pianist, Murray Street Baptist Sunday School:

Dear Miss Elcome,—The officers, teachers and pupils of the Sunday school wish you to know that they esteem it a proud privilege to have in their midst one who probably holds the first place in the Dominion for faithfulness in Sunday school service. The end of 1918 marked the fifteenth year that as pupil and pianist you have obtained a perfect record for consecutive punctuality and attendance, something perhaps unparalleled in any other Sunday school. At the same time they also wish you to know that your devotion and sweetness of character have endeared you to the hearts of all and as a token of their love and esteem they ask you to accept this wristwatch which has engraved upon it your name and the one word "Fidelity," the keynote of your Christian service.

Joseph Wearing,
Superintendent.
Wilmot Browette,
Secretary.

Miss Elcome, who was completely taken by surpise, expressed her thanks and stated that she had never received more pleasure out of anything than her Sunday school work. A former teacher, Miss Emma Aldridge, who has been absent for some time through illness, gave a short but forcible address, taking as her subject the word inscribed on the watch presented to Miss Elcome.

FEW FOLKS HAVE GRAY HAIR NOW

Druggist Says Ladies are Using Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old-time recipe.

Nowadays we get this famous mixture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a 50-cent bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the gloss and lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance.

M. C. Brush, president of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation, says every dollar spent for Hog Island was justified as a war measure and the plant would prove its worth in peace times.

The Foreign Relations Committee of Congress will act on the Gallagher resolution calling upon the American peace commissioners to urge the freedom, independence and self-determination of Ireland at the Paris conference.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

Absurd Expectations

It is altogether too much to expect your eyesight to improve without assistance. When trouble comes it is a sign of failure of vision power, and grows worse if neglected. Let Dr. Fowler examine the eyes on the first hint of trouble; it will pay well in the end.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

AVOID COUGHS and COLDS!

Coughing Spells Invited Relief Follows Use

SHILOH

30 DROPS—STOP COUGH

HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

ADVERTISING RATES

Classified ads marked "till forbidden" will be inserted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, MEMORIAM NOTICES and CARDS of Thanks, 10c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding three lines. All words over six inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Two experienced waitresses; $25.00 month, room and board good home. Apply Elsmere Restaurant, Lindsay.

GENERAL MAID wanted. Apply to Mrs. A. F. Knight, 459 Hunter street.

WANTED.

WANTED —A good home for a baby boy, either for adoption or will pay expenses. Box 233.

WANTED—Stenographers, careful, accurate, touch operators, fair general education. Apply in writing, confidential attention, to Separator Sales Department, The De Laval Co., Ltd.

WANTED—To buy a milk route in the city. Apply J. B. MacIntosh, R. R. No. 8, Peterboro.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—"Ideal" Favorite Stove in very good condition. Apply 289 Aylmer street, or, phone 639j.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Bell Phone 949 Res. 845.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 200

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
—
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

NEWS IN BRIEF

The Washington Government has refused passports to negroes desiring to attend a Pan-African Congress at Paris.

American delegates to the Peace Conference will not object to the appointment of Bernstorff as delegate from Germany.

The German Socialist delegates to Berne Conference say the Saar Basin and western bank of the Rhine must be considered an integral part of the German state.

The Belding Corticelli Silk Co. of Montreal reports the best year in its history.

Trading on both the Toronto Stock Exchange and the mining market was broad and active on Saturday.

No export orders for flour have as yet been received to relieve the present situation.

Former Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide of Luxemburg has gone to Switzerland.

Henry Cadd, of the firm of Tomenson, Forwood & Co., Toronto, was arrested on a charge of theft in connection with the Capt. Fisher case.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
H. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 304.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.C.S., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST. Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Horses Played Their Part In Winning the Great War. Armies Depended on Them

AFTER the battle of Verdun in which the French held their lines against the desperate and protracted onslaughts of the German Crown Prince with troops and munitions rushed forward almost wholly by automobile transport, someone called this a gasoline war.

The term stuck. The wonders of modern army transport, the quickness with which large bodies of men and huge quantities of supplies are moved have become commonplace. The automobile does it. So it is recorded, and so it has been accepted. The horse hasn't figured much in the calculations.

Now, however, steps forward the Billets and Remounts Division of G-1, which is charged with the responsibility of equipping and supplying animals for draft and riding, with a declaration that the horse and its hybrid offspring, the mule, have played a highly important part in this war, and the assertion that this was still very much a horse war.

The automobile may have won at Verdun, says the Billets and Remounts Division, but the horse has won more victories than he has hairs on his topknot—for say they, no victory could have been attained, no push could have succeeded, unless the horse was on the job to pull the guns forward, to take up the rations, the water, the ammunition through mud where trucks could not go, or over shell-swept ground equally impassable for the gasoline-propelled vehicle.

There are 1,500,000 horses and mules that have done their bit for the Allied cause in France. Approximately half of them are in the artillery service. Practically all of the field artillery or all the Allied armies below the 6-inch gun is horse-drawn. The other half is working at a multitude of duties, most of which have taken them under fire at the front.

It is the horse which takes the ration cart forward over the shell-swept, shell-pitted roads to the men in the line. It is the horse which likewise takes forward the water. It is the horse, too, which transports most of the small arms and ammunition and some of the artillery shells, and it is the horse that does this when conditions are the hardest and the weather the worst. With the coming of winter, with its snow, its cold and its mud, the horse just begins his work in earnest.—Than he carries on while the automobile seeks firmer, safer paths behind.

Owing to the scarcity of ocean transportation facilities, the value of an army horse in Europe is almost incalculable. His cash value is several times what it is in Canada. For that reason, extraordinary means was employed for conserving the supply. A mobile veterinary hospital was attached to each army corps. This received all sick and wounded horses which there was a possibility of saving. If the case was a serious one the animals are sent to base hospitals.

With all this careful treatment, however, the wastage of horses was high. Some of this was attributed to improper care. There are cases where horses have been allowed to starve to death. To counteract this carelessness, this list of suggestions to drivers was issued. It can be followed with advantage by men outside the army:

Get acquainted with your horse, so that you will know when he is ill.

Treat him kindly and he will trust you.

Always carry one day's feed of grain.

Have a water bucket as a part of your equipment.

If out of feed, cut or pull grass. Dead grass is better than none at all. If there is no grass, cut brushes or shrubbery.

If you have no water bucket, use your helmet.

When mounted, if you know your horse, you should know when he needs a rest. If you dismount and lead him, you will readily see how much it refreshes him.

Never lose an opportunity to put your horse under shelter at night. If you have no cover, improvise it. A grain sack is quite a protection from rain or cold.

'Know Whortleberries?

Very few people, we suspect, have tasted whortleberries, and many do not know what they are. There is an excuse for their ignorance, as experts were long in doubt whether the fruit was the same as the bilberry; but now they are agreed that they are one. The Scots call them blaeberries on account of their color, which is a genuine blue, and so in the "Merry Wives" Pistol instructs the fairy to "pinch them blue as bilberry."

Birds Speak a Language.

The birds and animals do not use a great many words or sounds, but they can certainly understand each other, writes George F. Burba in the Columbus Dispatch. That is, they are able to converse with each other to some extent. There isn't any doubt about it. They have their alarms of danger; they have their distress calls; they have their softer tones of affection.

Caesar's Wounds.

In a paper read before the French Academy of Medicine it was declared that although Julius Caesar received 35 wounds when he was murdered only one was fatal. The first blow produced only a slight wound, but the second, which penetrated the walls of the thorax, was mortal. After the first blows Caesar fainted and then his assailants struck at him repeatedly.

SUBSTITUTE FOR FOOD.

German Scientific Thought Was Used to Advantage.

Practical chemistry was long one of the German's specialties and it cannot be denied that they utilized it to considerable account.

During the War, and especially during the last two years, they found a wide field for the application of chemistry and botany. The field was created by lack of the usual foods—a lack that the British blockade largely caused, and which went far to bring about the mutilating surrender of the nation.

Germany ransacked the botanical world in her search for substitutes for the ordinary commodities of life. The expedients to which resort has been had are good evidence of the dearth from which Germany has long been suffering, but while they do credit to the ingenuity of her scientific men they did not bring much solid comfort to the people. The chief difficulty, of course, has been to find a palatable substitute for bread flour.

All kinds of materials such as pease, beans, potatoes and other more questionable ingredients have been used for wheat is euphemistically termed "stretching" the limited quantities of wheat flour available. But the most remarkable substance which has yet been devised for this purpose is a kind of flour made from the reed-mace or bulrush.

The pollen of the reed-mace is known to have been used as bread stuff in the Indies, New Zealand and China, and its stems are said to be esteemed by the Cossacks as a succulent vegetable, but Germans have been trying to use the root-stocks.

The supplies are unlimited, as the reed-mace is grown in many parts of Germany and Austria for thatching and making of rush matting. It is said that 20 per cent. of the reed flour can be used in bread-making. And so the Germans found the bulrush not entirely a broken reed for spicing the staff of life.

Tobacco proved a particularly difficult problem to the searcher for substitutes. Beech leaves were at first much in favor, but the smoking mixture which was made of them proved too much even for German lungs.

In the Reichstag Herr Muller stated that the new beech leaf mixture supplied to the soldiers had to be thrown away as quite unsmokable, and another speaker declared it to be more noisome and injurious than the enemy's gas. The Bunderath also authorized the use of the leaves of the lime, the maple, the plane, the chestnut, the vine, and the Virginia creeper as substitutes in the manufacture of "tobacco," but doubtless with equally distressing results.

The use of acorns by the Germans as a substitute for coffee was early developed, as our unfortunate prisoners have learned to their cost, but the use of fresh bramble leaves for making tea is a pleasing novelty. They are said to provide a much more satisfactory substitute than any yet discovered, but perhaps that is not saying much. Oil from walnuts sounds a more reasonable proposition. Virginia creeper fruit and pine seeds are also recommended for purposes of oil extraction.

The fodder shortage drove the German Government to odd devices. The leaves and twigs of trees were the favorite substitute.

The Hamburg teacher correspondent stated that twig fodder could be made from the poplar, ash, elm, lime, aspen, alder, hazel, willow or beech, and that animals can be given as much as eight to ten pounds of such fodder per day. Tree leaves of all kinds were also ordered to be collected, and the military authorities introduced an organized system of gathering foliage among the school children of Bavaria, offering 4 marks per cwt. for fresh leaves and 18 marks per cwt. for dried and pressed leaves.

It was even made a condition that the school holidays should not begin on 15th July unless the children had gathered by then 2,000 cwts of leaf hay for the army horses.

Other fodder substitutes recommended were the water aloe and the duckweed. The roots of couch grass have also been collected, washed, dried and sold for pig fodder, at 150 marks the hundredweight. Cockchaffer fresh and dried figure in the menu as pigs and poultry as an excellent and nutritious diet.

Twenty-Four Hour Time in China.

In China time is calculated on a basis of a 24-hour stretch instead of two 12-hour periods, as we are still doing. This is indicated by a time table of the Shanghai-Nanking railway. We have, for instance: Tanyang, 12:00; Chinkiang, 12:52; Nanking, 14:15; Pukow, 15:30. Italy also is using 24-hour time. The day begins at one o'clock in the morning and ends with midnight as 24 o'clock.

Teach Child to Love Pictures.

A child's taste in pictures can be cultivated by having in his room pictures which are good both as to color and subject. Pictures dealing with nature in any form are always attractive to a child and if they are hung low in the room so that the child can even handle them if he wants to, this adds much to his enjoyment.

Docks Electrically Equipped.

Electricity plays an important part in the equipment of piers. It is used for the operation of the fire pumps, the sprinkler system, fire alarm, for trucks, lighting the interior of the pier and for the protective lighting outside of the pier, also for the movement of freight cars by electric locomotives.

Had to Have Their Tobacco.

In the Revolutionary war long pipes were smoked with great delectation by the Continental troops, and when tobacco was difficult to obtain many of the soldiers would go out of their way to get in contact with bands of itinerant Indians, who always had a goodly supply of the weed.

A CLEVER GYMNAST.

Some Exploits of the Lebia Spider—A Noted Hunter.

Most of us are acquainted with the tiny red spider that crawls about the herbage with such amazing agility. He is a hunter par excellence, and quite puts to the blush his long-legged cousin that wambles over the dry moorland floor, his legs always, as it were, in his way, and ever aimlessly seeking for the land of nowhere. Doubtless his eyes, being fixed in the middle of his back accounts or his ineptitude. He is also more noticeable for the fact that he himself is a veritable quarry, the hunter in this instance being secure in his immobility. The brilliant scarlet dots on him are not part of his own autogeny; they are six-legged parasites which even his immense legs are unable to brush off. One virtue accredited to him deserves mention, for more than one local weather-prophet sweers by the "spittrap." And they are rarely far out either.

My favorite of the spider tribe, however, is one that has given me much cogitation. He seems quite too clever, for he apparently eludes the force of gravitation. This is the zebra spider, a famous jumper. His gymnastic feats are not limited to solid earth, but take place on walls and ceilings or, indeed, anywhere upside down or vertical. Having caught one the other day, I took the opportunity to find out if his wonderful powers were understandable to us, so I put him under a bell glass, and gave him a fairly long fast. In the interval I had a good look at him. He is "spotted like a pard," the greyish markings resolving themselves under a lens to aggregations of oblong scales on his black body.

Over all he has a "sissy" hairiness that is quite fearsome; and the manner in which he clashes his pedipalps, or hands, together must prove very annoying to his enemies. Later he finds those appendages of great use, for after a meal he continually touches up his whiskers with them. Indeed, they are so flexible and gristly and so well furnished with brushes that it might well be supposed that that is their primary purpose, for they are of no military use whatever, however, fearsome they may look. The time appearing propitious for my experiment of spider versus gravitation, I placed a fly on the ceiling of the bell-jar. Very soon he saw her; approaching nearer and nearer with movements that vividly recalled the stalking of a bird by a cat. Both being upside down I was quite sure he would never manage it.

However, I was so intent on watching the attitude of the hunter and hunted that I omitted to observe a very important happening, indeed, the very thing that would explain what I wanted to know. In due time, doubtless when his fixed focus eyes—he has four by-the-by—synchronised with his leaping powers, he made his terrible leap. Instantly both were struggling in the air, suspended by a thread. This, then, was the secret. He was—and this was what I did not notice—anchoring himself safely with a life-line before the attack. This holding firm, all the rest of the struggle took place in mid-air. Then, with his fangs in the fly's neck, he regained the first foothold.

It was only then that I saw how, every few paces, the spinnerets attached the invisible thread to the glass so that no risks might be run. I could see the spinnerets perform the action; the thread I could not see, even under a powerful lens, so fine was it, yet so efficient, that it bore the weight of the struggling combatants immediately it was spun. On a horizontal surface this anchoring line would only be a hindrance, so that he must exercise a certain judgment in his procedure, measuring, as it were, all the risks involved in the audacious leap into the air. He rarely misses once he gets into striking distance. This, however, is always just his difficulty.—The Scotsman.

The Mariners' Compass.

Ancient Chinese records would seem to give the use of the magnetic needle for determining direction a long and varied history. The principle of the compass, or as the Chinese call it, the south-pointing chariot, is stated by Chinese and foreign authorities alike to have been discovered during the reign of Chong Wang, 1115-1079 B.C. The discovery was forgotten in a few hundred years. Then the philosopher Chang Hong, who died in 139 B.C., reconstructed the device. In succeeding troubles his model was lost and forgotten. From the third century A.D. onward great interest was shown by the Chinese sages in the allusions in old writings to the mysterious south-pointing chariot. Attempt after attempt was made to solve the riddle, and then we read in writings of the eleventh century of the compass being in use by mariners.

The Chinese south-pointing chariot was a magnetised needle suspended on a thread, so as to give freedom to its north and south propensities. It seems not to have been used by the Chinese for navigation, but solely as an instrument for geographers. It is probable that the Chinese junk captains of early days found it a needless luxury in their shore hugging and river navigation.

The Albatross.

The albatross spends its life, with the exception of a few weeks given each year to nesting, entirely at sea, and is on the wing practically all the time. Furthermore, it does not progress by flapping its wings, as most birds do, but seems to soar at will, rarely if ever, giving a stroke of the wing, seeming to need no impetus. At nesting time, which is early in the year, the albatross repairs to an isolated island, such as one of the Crozet Islands, in the Southern Indian Ocean, or Tristan da Cunha, in the South Atlantic Ocean.

Holland's mines are now producing coal at a rate of about 2,000,000 tons a year.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY

WILD MANNERED.

"Dobbins is a mild-mannered man."

"Yes, he is. I wonder if he's naturally so, or married?"

Full Crop of Wild Cocoons.

According to the most reliable estimates procurable the 1918 autumn crop of wild cocoons—those producing the silk from which all pongee fabrics are woven—in Southeastern Manchuria exceeds that of 1917 by 3 1-3 per cent. and is more than twice as large as the corresponding crop of 1916. The 1918 autumn crop is estimated at 62,000 baskets, of 40,000 cocoons to the basket, and the quality of the silk produced is stated to be quite good. The prevailing price during the first week in October has been 1.20 taels per 1,000 cocoons, as compared with 1.50 taels during the same period in 1917. At current rates of exchange the value of the crop as estimated is, in terms of Canadian currency, approximately $3,745,000. Owing to the excessive rainfall throughout practically the entire season great anxiety was felt lest the crop be more or less of a failure and the dealers express great relief that not only is the size of the crop quite satisfactory, but that the quality of the silk is found to be good.

Economy.

Waiter (to persevering Scot)—"You seem to have a difficulty of getting all that soup up with your spoon, sir! Shall I bring you a bit of blotting paper?"—Answers, London.

Beyond Power of Law.

To stop a woman's tongue is beyond the power of the law. A man asked a Belfast magistrate for a summons the other day to stop his wife's tongue, as she talked too much. He was told that the law could offer him no relief.

WEDDING and BIRTHDAY GIFTS IN
Jewelry Watches
Clocks Glassware
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Marriage Licenses Issued
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4249
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—Cheap
Best Vegetables Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 980

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—325-327 George Street Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund... $1,050,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

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New Wireless Wonder.

The well-known wireless expert, Dr. Lee de Forest, who arrived in England recently to exhibit his latest invention to the British Signal Corps, disclosed some interesting facts concerning the Audion Lamp. By means of this invention long-distance wireless telegraphy and telephony have been made possible. The Audion Lamp magnifies sound waves a million times, but without affecting their total qualities.

"All the United States airplanes," says Dr. de Forest, "are now fitted with this apparatus, which has made it possible for the pilot to receive a message in the air despite the noise of his engine. Our Signal Corps, too, in the trenches are using the same apparatus, of a more portable kind, and they have an effective range of from four to five miles.

"The Allies' communication, at the front between airplanes, infantry and artillery would be impossible in anything like its present state of perfection without the Audion. The French use a thousand a day."—Tit-Bits.

Gold In India.

About 600,000 ounces of gold are produced yearly in India, 90 per cent. coming from Mysore. All of this has hitherto been refined in Europe, but now India is to have refineries of its own.

The stars that may be seen by the naked eye in both hemispheres number about 6,000.

Daily Thought.

Fear not, lest existence closing your account and mine shall know the like no more. The eternal Saki from that bowl has poured a million bubbles and will pour.—Omar.

Impossibilities.

We cannot vote right into wrong, or wrong into right.—Froude.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
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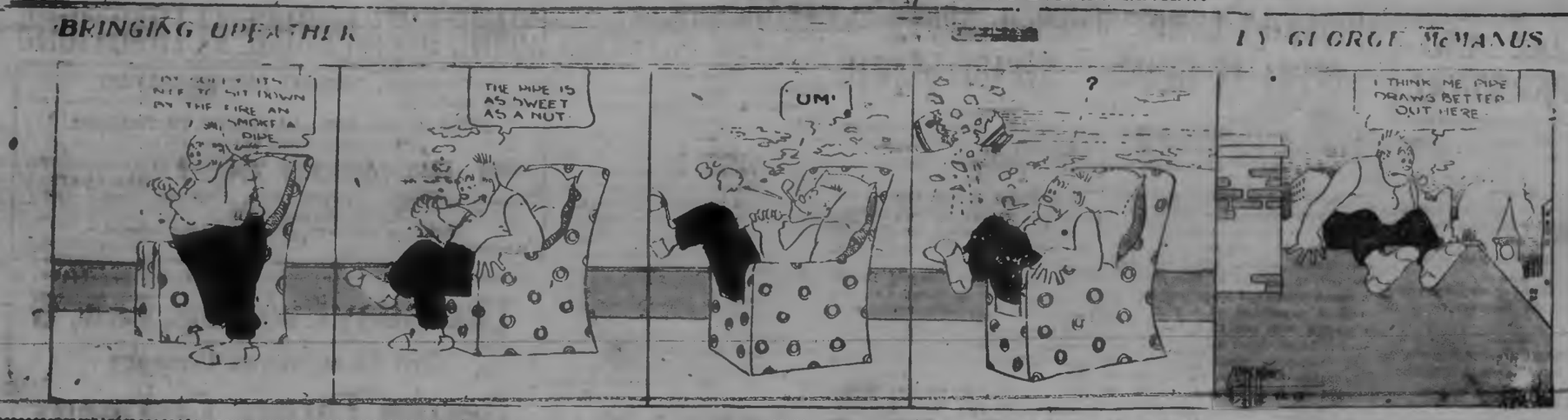
BRINGING UP FATHER
BY GEORGE McMANUS
IT'S JUST LIKE IT'S NICE TO SIT DOWN BY THE FIRE AN I SMOKE A PIPE
THE PIPE IS AS SWEET AS A NUT
UM!
?
I THINK ME PIPE DRAWS BETTER OUT HERE

GAME OF BILLIARDS IS ONE OF ANCIENT ORIGIN

Believed to Have Been an Outgrowth of Bowls When That Game Could Not Be Played Out of Doors.

Billiards is a game the origin of which no one can with certainty tell. Like bowling, it is thought by many to have been derived from the ancient British game of bowls. When bowls could not be played out of doors because of the weather, a bowling green was set up indoors and as there was no fun in hurling the balls in such close quarters they were struck with a mace and later with a cue.

Many men believe that billiards was not an invention, but a growth, while others maintain, most likely because of the name, that it was a French invention, and they contend that it was played by the Germans, Dutch, Italians and French long before it appeared in England. But on this matter there is room for doubt. A number of literary references to the game may be found in Elizabethan days.

Mary Queen of Scots was an enthusiastic billiard player, and Shakespeare seems to make some covert reference to this fact when in his "antony and Cléopatra" he makes Cleopatra say of billiards. Ben Johnson uses the phrase "smooth as a billiard ball." Long after these men wrote, Byron makes the "harmless game of billiards" rhyme with "milliards."

Described From Old Game.

No doubt, the cushion-carom games are descended from that form of billiards called the "bricole game." In an old chronicle it is said of this game that "the player is obliged to strike a cushion and make the ball reverberate or recoil from it previous to hitting his adversary's ball. This is a great disadvantage and is reckoned between equal players equivalent to about eight or nine points."

All billiard balls sent out by first-start to market, but they do not, as a rule, remain so.

The usage they ordinarily get is careless and indifferent. Sometimes a ball that is spoiled in the beginning will become untrue even with the best treatment one can give it. Change in temperature is an important factor, for the ivory may expand or contract more in one part than in another and the ivory may be denser in one part of the ball than in another, so that its sphericity is disturbed.

When there is a difference in the specific gravity of ivory the makers aim to utilize that part of the ivory which is the heaviest as the centre of the ball. It is one of the nicest and most delicate operations in mechanics to turn out three balls all of which will be the same size, same weight and at the same time shall be exact spheres and of the same degree of elasticity and resiliency.

In an old book which may be seen in the Library of Congress, and which was written when the game of billiards was young, it is said that great delicacy is required in making billiard balls, as the centre of the ball must be the centre of gravity, and this would not be unless a portion of the tusk from which it is made contained the common centre of the heaviest part of the ivory. According to that old book, the mode of testing the sphericity of the ball was by means of a steel faufe, a hollow cone or calliper compasses. It continues:

"There are modes of testing its gravity besides propelling it in a straight line, such, for example, as dropping a marked ball through a transparent fluid, in descending through which, if perfectly true, it will retain its position, but the success of this experiment depends on very nice arrangements."

BOTH WAYS PROBABLY

Fred Toney, the Cincinnati pitcher, was sentenced to four months in jail the other day for violation of the Mann Act. Garry Herrmann says that after Toney has served his term he will be released.

Baseball Will Be Played In Germany

The American army has introduced baseball wherever it has gone, and now it has gone to Germany. The result is that the Germans will be treated to our national pastime this spring and summer.

The athletic programme that is to be followed by the American forces in French camps and with the army of occupation has just about taken shape, and baseball, without war to distract the attention of either players or bleachers, promises to be a principal attracton among the men left here to safeguard Amercan and allied interests.

Tommy Dowd, long identified with major league baseball and later one of the foremost college coaches, will be general director of baseball with the army of occupation. He has just arrived in France as a member of the Knights of Columbus organization. He soon will go to Vernich, where he will begin his duties with the Fourth Division.

Baseball fans here are enthusiastic over his selection, and he is hailed as a high class sportsman and a good mixer.

"Whatever conditions are there is no doubt that our army in Germany will have a fine brand of baseball," he said before leaving here for a general survey of the field. There is much good talent in the army, and it is necessary to find relaxation for the men who are waitingd ischarge or return home. There is no reason why we should not help them to have the best syort possible. We will start practice just as soon as the weather permit."

SPORTING

Jake Daubert, Brooklyn firstbaseman, has been traded to the Cincinnati club.

Arenas of Toronto were beaten at Montreal on Saturday night by Canadiens by 10-0.

Aura Lee juniors of Toronto lost their first O. H. A. game of the season on Saturday night when Parkdale Canoe Club beat them by a 3-2 score.

Wm. J. Clymer, former ... of Toronto and Louisville baseball teams, has signed to manage the Seattle team in the Pacific Coast League.

All of the more formidable college crews of the United States will compete in the American Henley at Philadelphia this year. The intercollegiate regatta at Poughkeepsie will not be resumed until 1920.

WHERE WILL HE LAND?

The suit which Jake Daubert has pending against the Brooklyn Club is holding up any deal for his services. Four clubs were after him, but only one is now left. There is a chance that he may land with Cincinnati.

CANADIAN BOY IS STAR JOCKEY

C. ROBINSON WINS RIDING HONORS ON NEW ORLEAN'S TRACK.

New Orleans, Feb. 3.—The seventeen-year-old Canadian rider, Clifford Robinson, who came here with practically no riding expefience, is now leading the jockeys at the Fair grounds, and is riding in much better form than any of the riders with many years' experience. Last week he caught and passed Mack Garner, the leading rider, and now heads the list of winning jockeys by a good margin.

Robinson's rise has been meteroric. Born in Toronto, he was galloping horses when Ed Moore saw him and secured his contract. The boy rode in a couple of races at Hot Springs last spring, but was out of the saddle until the last Bowie meeting where he was given a chance. His first winning mount was on Goldcrest Boy, and the same day he also won with Broom Peddler.

Robinson had only a few mounts at Jefferson park, but his riding there attracted attention, and when the Fair grounds meeting opened the lad's reputation was made, and since then he has not lacked for mounts.

Ed Moore, who developed Robinson, and who also brought Crump to the front, is justly proud of his protege. He declares he is a boy of model habits and the best rider he has ever handled. During P. A. Clark's recent visit to New Orleans he tried to secure the contract on Robinson, but did not succeed. Moore says he prefers to keep the lad's contract himself.

FANS ARE PROMISED REAL GAME OF HOCKEY TONIGHT

Local Intermediates and Oshawa Are Well Matched and the Contest is Sure to be Sharp—Ice is in Good Condition.

Oshawa and Peterborough intermediates meet tonight at the Brock street rink in what may prove to be the decisive game of the series. Should Peterborough lose to the visitors tonight they can scarcely hope for better success when they return the game.

So far Peterborough has received no reverses, having beaten Whitby and Lindsay, and Oshawa stands in an equally favorable position as far as games are concerned, though boasting a slightly better showing as regards goals.

Peterborough won from Whitby 7-6, while Oshawa cleaned up on the same team by a score of 7-0. If Peterborough wins out tonight and Oshawa is successful when the return visit is made, it will mean that home and home games with goals to count will be played between the two in order to decide the championship.

The Oshawa lineup is a strong one and their showing so far has been excellent. They have several especially fast men in the aggregation and Jacobs, in goal for the visitors, is a stone wall.

Since their last game the make-up of the Peterborough team has been changed somewhat and several additions made which will improve their chances of giving Oshawa a tough run for their money this evening. Up to the present time the intermediate games of the series have caused little speculation, but with two well-balanced outfits with almost equally successful records behind them meeting this evening the fans are completely at sea as to the result and look forward eagerly to the exhibition of hockey to be seen this winter.

In spite of the comparatively mild weather today, the ice tonight will be in good condition owing to the sharp cold wave which has prevailed for the past few days, and it takes some time for the mild atmosphere to affect a keen sheet of enclosed ice such as prepared for this game in the Brock street rink.

PARKDALE WINS FROM AURA LEE

LATTER TEAM LOSE THE LEADERSHIP WITH SATURDAY NIGHT'S GAME.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—Parkdale juniors ousted Aura Lee from the leadership of the local O. H. A. group when they defeated them on Saturday night by the score of 3 to 2. The teams were evenly matched, and provided a stellar brand of hockey which delighted the spectators. Aura Lee suffered a serious setback in the initial period when Perch their brilliant left wing player wrenched his knee and was forced to retire. It now seems a certainty that these teams will be tied for first place at the end of the series.

The winners showed vast improve-

CANADIENS MAKE SHOW OF RIVALS

SCORE TEN GOALS OF MONTREAL TO NONE BY ARENAS.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—Canadiens made a show of Toronto Arenas in a scheduled fixture of the National Hockey League at the Jubilee Rink on Saturday night, defeating them by a score of 10 to 0. Canadiens always had the edge on their opponents, and used every man in their team, starting the game with five substitutes and two regulars. The play was too one-sided to be interest-interesting, Arenas playing like a lot of school boys against their seniors. ... their form, notwithstanding the hard gruelling they went through in the overtime match at Ottawa on Thursday night, and started in from the commencement of play to pile up a big score. The fast ice surface suited the French club players and they fairly smothered their opponents with speed throughout the hour's play.

Arenas were without Crawford, who for the first couple of periods mingled with the crowd at the resting intervals, and when sent out in the third session only remained on the ice for a few minutes, being of little assistance to his team.

The line-up:—

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defense, Coutdre and Lalonde; centre, O. Cleghorn; wings, Pitre and Berlinquette; substitutes, MacDonald, Malone, Corbeau.

Toronto—Goal, Lindsay; defense, Mummery and Randall; centre, Noble; wings, Denneny and Adams; substitutes, Skinner, Ritchie and Crawford.

Referee, Harry Hyland; judge of play, Jack Marshall.

Prize Winners At George St. Alleys

The prize winners at the George street alleys last week were as follows:

A. Stewart, first in ten pins; P. Laskas, first in five pins; D. Sharpe, first in "B" Class; D. Fuller, second in "B" Class; G. Kelly, third in "B" Class; A. Frick, fourth in "B" Class.

Good prizes will be given this week.

Colonel W. K. McNaught, C.M.G., is dead.

PURCHASE OF BASEBALL STARS DATES AWAY BACK TO EIGHTIES

Sale Custom Followed League Scandal of 1870, After Which Contracts Were Produced and Players Prevented From Jumping. Some Famous "Deals" Recalled.

The custom of buying ball players dates back to the early '80's. Although the deals and prices paid were not as large as at the present time, they may interest some of the present-day fans to recall some of the famous deals of early days as the old-time records show. They created much interest then and the press of that decade had much to say pro and con. The sale custom followed the scandal of 1870, and rules were made that players should sign contracts and could not jump from team to team.

Chicago started something in 1876, the opening year of the National League, and stole Al Spalding, pitcher; Jaris White, catcher; Ross Barnes, second baseman; and Cal McVey, first baseman, from the champion Boston team of 1875. They were known as the "stolen four." This deal created such a row in baseball that teams had to buy players afterwards.

The Detroit club paid a large sum for the franchise and players of the Buffalo team at the end of the season of 1885. The "big four," Dan Brouthers, Hardy Richardson, Jim White and W. Rowe, were secured. The Tigers, however, had to wait until 1887 to win their first National League pennant.

The Boston Club wanted to land the National League pennant in 1887 and startled the baseball world by paying $10,000 to Chicago for Catcher Mike Kelly, who helped the White Stockings to win in 1885 and 1886. This deal created as much of a sensation at that time as some of the present-day sales and trades. Boston did not land the pennant with King Kelly, the $10,000 beauty, ... as he was called by the press. Boston wanted the pennant badly, and as the club had plenty of money in 1888, $10,000 was paid for Pitcher Clarkston of Chicago. Here was another big sensation. Kelly and Clarkson worked hard that season, but Boston got no higher than fourth place.

In 1888 the Pittsburgh club paid Fred Dunlap a bonus of $2,000 for signing with Pittsburgh. Dunlap had played first base for the champion Tigers in 1887. Pittsburgh paid him $5,000, and with $2,000 bonus he was a top price player.

Another big deal during the season of 1887 was the purchase of the St. Louis Maroons for $12,000 by the Indianapolis team, which joined the National League that season.

Manager Chris Von der Ahe, of the St. Louis Browns, sold five players of the champion teams of 1885, 1886 and 1887 for $22,000 at the close of the season of 1887. Pitchers Foutz and Carruthers with Catcher Bushong, went to Brooklyn in the American Association. Bill Gleason, shortstop, and Curt Welch, fielder, were sold to the Athletics. This was the biggest sale on record at this stage.

In 1896 Manager Arthur Irwin, of the Giants, gave $5,000 and Harry Davis to the Pittsburgh team for Beckley. Later he got $5,000 and "Scrappy Bill" Joyce, of the Washingtons, for Pitcher Flynn and Catcher Duke Farrell. Pitcher Meekin, of the Giants, was bought for $4,000 in 1899 by the Boston team.

In 1899 Charles Ebbets, president of the Brooklyn team, paid $40,000, a large sum, for the Baltimore Orioles, and consolidated the two teams. ... Robinson and John "Muggsy" McGraw would not play with Brooklyn and their release was sold to St. Louis for $15,000.

In 1892 the National League and American Association consolidated and until 1900 ran a twelve-club league. In 1900 the National League went back to eight teams and paid $10,000 for the Louisville players, most of them going to Pittsburgh. Twenty-five thousand dollars was paid for the Washington team and $10,000 for the Baltimore Orioles. The Cleveland franchise and players cost $20,000.

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

BOARD OF EDUCATION

A regular meeting of the Board of Education will take place on Tuesday, at 7.45 o'clock, p.m.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

NOTICE

I have a full line of Stock Feeds and I am giving a special price on the Royal Purple. I have two and one half tons of Calf Meal, Royal Purple, and International Refast, in which I am giving special prices. You can save money if you can use any.

I have a large stock and I am trying to reduce it so I am cleaning out, several lines of every-day needs in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware.

I would be pleased to have you call and see our goods and inspect our prices.

G. T. GALL, Keene, Ont.

ASHBURNHAM PATRIOTIC LEAGUE.

A meeting of the Women's Patriotic League of Ashburnham will be held Monday evening, Feb. 3, at 8 o'clock at the residence of the president, Mrs. Parsons. All the members are asked to be present.

HEALTH ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Health Association will be held in the Bank of Montreal Chambers, on Tuesday, February 4th at 4 p.m.

LEHIGH COAL

All sizes No. 1, Lehigh Hard Coal now in stock, at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's Phone 111.

PETERBORO POULTRY ASSOCIATION

A special directors' meeting is called tonight at 7.30 p.m. sharp in Mr. A. Brouk's Barber shop, Simcoe street. Important business. Everyone be on hand.

DENTAL.

D.r. J. J. Craig, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

SMALL FIRE SUNDAY

The fire brigade were called yesterday to the home of Mr. J. Elliott 7 Bennet street, where a small chimney fire had occurred. It was easily extinguished and no damage resulted.

K. of C. NOTICE

Regular meeting Knights of Columbus Tuesday evening, February 4th, at 8.15 sharp.

MUSICIANS SERVE NOTICE

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 3.—The musicians union, the members of which supply the music for the local theatres, has served notice that if the players demands for an increase are not met, they will strike.

THE LATE BRUCE HUGHES

The remains of the late Bruce Hughes arrived in the city today and the funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, 304 Park street, to Little Lake cemetery. Service at the house at 2 o'clock, conducted by the Rev. A. J. Thomas.

High Honors For Capt. Richardson

Capt. Angus Richardson has been made an officer of the Order of the British Empire, and his name appeared in despatches lately as an acknowledgment of the efficient services he has rendered in connection with military operations.

Capt. Richardson went overseas with the 93rd Battalion and previous to that time lived in Peterborough. His wife, formerly Miss Mather, of this city, is at present residing with her mother on Charlotte street.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Dr. Craig has taken up residence at the corner of Simcoe and Park streets.

Mr. Meredith Huycke, Osgoode Hall, Toronto is spending the week end with his parents, Judge and Mrs. Huycke, Engleburn, East City.

Mr. Coulter of Clifton Springs is stopping at the Empress Hotel for a few days.

Major Garnet Greer M.C. spent the week end with friends in Kingston.

Miss Helen Davidson leaves tomorrow to spend the remainder of the winter in Boston.

Mrs. George Suckling leaves Tuesday for Calgary.

The many friends of Mr. Frank Johnston, Bonnacord street, will be pleased to learn that he has returned home from Nicholl's Hospital where he underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. (Dr.) Farley, Trenton, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs Howe, Reid street.

Capt. McComb, of the First Canadian Contingent, has returned to duty overseas, having spent a short leave with his sister, Mrs. Arthur Howe, Reid street.

Mr. R. W. Joyce of this city spent the week-end at his home in Havelock.

Mrs. W. J. Kearns, city, has left for an extended visit to Haileybury and other northern points, accompanied by her son, Mr. Wm. D. Kearns, who has recently returned from overseas.

Miss Mae Bell of Smith leaves today for Moose Jaw to spend the winter with her sister Mrs. A. Tate and Mr. Ward Bell and brother.

CIVIC FUEL YARD AT BELLEVILLE

HAS BEEN OPERATED AT SERIOUS LOSE TO THE CITY.

Referring to the municipal coal yard at Belleville the Intelligencer says:

The report of the operations of the civic fuel department as presented at last night's council meeting is anything but satisfactory. Only an abstract of receipts and expenditures is given, showing a loss of $401.43, with the additonal sum of $2,003 outstanding, which is described as a remittance to Canada coal supply on account. Just the bare figures are published, without any explanation that might enlighten ratepayers not familiar with the fuel business.

In justice to all concerned a complete report should be prepared and published clearing up particularly the question of cash advances, showing to whom made, upon what security, and the rate of interest allowed the city on these advances pending the receipt of coal; also the record of fuel sold by the city, purchasers, and the price paid.

The civic fuel committee of last year are entitled to full credit for their efforts to keep the price of fuel within reasonable limits, but in justice to themselves should be the first to insist upon the ratepayers being furnished with a report of their dealings so complete that there will be no further occasion for criticism.

The report, meagre as it is, shows at least the civic fuel department has been run at a financial loss and this fact merits the close consideration of the present council, which, although not responsible for the acts of last year's council, will be held responsible or the businesslike administration of all civic departments this year.

Canadians Will Need Passports

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Canadians travelling abroad, other than to the United States, are advised to obtain passports from the passport section, department of external affairs. Notification has also been received from the British embassy at Washington that passports are necessary for all Canadian citizens leaving the United States, for no matter what destination. Owing to failure to secure passports, many have been delayed or turned back at United States ports whep leaving such ports for Cuba, the West Indies, Central and South America.

SPRIGHTLY COMIC OPERA AT GRAND

"MY HONOLULU GIRL" ENTERTAINED LARGE AUDIENCE—THIS WEEK'S PROGRAM.

"My Honolulu Girl" the comic opera presented at the Grand Opera House Saturday is another of those plays in which the scene is laid in the Hawaii Islands and which have become so popular of late years. As a comic opera the piece contains not even a suggestion of a plot but it abounds with one interesting scene and incident after another. There is the inevitable hotel in which the characters are found among the different tourists. There is the cast of native Hawaiian singers and ukulele players and a band of dancing girls in unique costumes, from the crown corn skirts of the natives to the gaudy attire of the modern ballad dances.

Ned Mcirroy, as I. C. Nichols, the porter of the hotel, furnished the comedy which was of the Irish school and true to life. He was helped out in this department by Richard Stockton, as the overgrown son of a darling mother. Another bright performer was Naomi Garnelli, the impish maid in the hotel. Th scenery gave an excellent view of the dock at Honolulu with ships plying in the harbor. All the musical numbers were well rendered especially that popular melody, "Mother Machree," sung by Miss Peggy O'Hara.

There is an attractive program for all this week at the Grand. For the first three days there will be the usual interim bill of high class motion pictures and polite vaudeville including Anna Neilson and Franklin Farnum in "In Judgment of."

On Thursday the Bertha Farner Concert Company will appear in the third entertainment of the Chautauqua Lyceum Course.

Friday, matinee and evening, the sweetest of irish singers, Bernard Daly will present "Sweet Innisfallen," one of the most popular Hibernan plays of the day.

"A Night In Honolulu," another of those charming plays based on life in the far Pacific Islands will be the attraction for two performances on Saturday.

Annual Meeting Of Bible Class

A meeting of All Saints' Bible Class was held in the Parish Hall on Friday evening for the purpose of electing the officers for the coming year. The following were elected:

Teacher—Mrs. Stevenson.
President—Miss McCracken.
Vice-President—Mrs. H. Baker.
Secretary—Mrs. R. Manley.
Treasurer—Miss Morrow.
Social Committee—Mrs. W. Abbott, Miss Caird, Miss Boycott.
Visiting Committee—Miss Banwell, Miss Sisson, Mrs. Abbott.
Flower Committee—Miss Baily, Miss Roots, Miss Flowers.

Refreshments were then served and a social half hour spent.

OBITUARY

MRS. JAMES BOYD

The death occurred last evening at 8 o'clock of Mrs. James Boyd, at the family residence, con. 9, lot 6, north Monaghan. She leaves to mourn her loss a sorrowing husband, one daughter, Mrs. McLean of Fraserville and one son, John at home.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday at 1.30 o'clock the service being held at the residence at one o'clock by Rev. Mr. Leigh of Fraserville.

JOHN G. O'BRIEN.

There passed away last night at his late residence one of Peterborough's most respected citizens in the person of John G. O'Brien, after a few days' illness. Deceased was in his 68th year, and had lived practically all his life in the vicinity of Peterborough, having spent his earlier days in the township of Douro, afterwards moving to the city.

He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and five daughters: Mrs. J. Griedale, 493 Cross street, Mrs. D. Byrne and Martha, of Edmonton, Laura, of this city, and Veronica, of the staff of Weston Hospital, and two sons. Wm. J. O'Brien and Joseph, at present in Germany.

The funeral will be held Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. J. Griedale, Cross street, to St. Peter's Cathedral and cemetery.

CHURCH SHOWS STEADY GROWTH

PAK STREET BAPTIST CONGREGATION HAVE CLOSED A PROGRESSIVE YEAR.

Park Street Baptist Church held its annual general business meeting on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, 1919, and interest was shown by the good attendance of members.

The pastor, Rev. Dougald Brown, presided. After devotional exercises the pastor briefly reviewed the work of the church for the past year, his remarks of encouragement and admonition being received with marked attention.

The minutes of the last general meeting were then read and confirmed, after which the reports of the treasurer's and secretary's of the church and various organizations were submitted.

The total receipts of the shurch from all sources show $3481.26, an increase of more than $200 over those of the previous year, practically every department showing development.

The amount of $382.00 has been forwarded to missions, an increase of $146.00.

There has been added to the church membership during the year, by baptism and letter, 17; letter of transfer granted, and members died, 12. The soldiers' honor roll shows 57 names, 30 church members and 27 adherents, of which 5 members and 2 adherents save been killed.

The mid-week services have been somewhat broken by various union and other meetings, but especially by the influenza, notwithstanding which the recorded average attendance stands at 35 members.

The Sunday School has a very good showing. Out of a roll of 332 members, the average attendance has been 201.

The various organizations are in a good and sound condition.

Principal officers elected for the current year include:

Mr. F. Kidd—Treasurer.
Mr. Alfred Follis—Secretary.
Mr. F. A. D. Fry—Asst. Secretary.
Mr. Geo. Whatley, Mr. B. Lemmon—Deacon's Board—Re-elected for 4 years.
Mr. Geo. Whatley—Chairman of Ushers.
Miss Norma Moore—Organist.
Mr. Harry Goodwin—Church Clerk.
Mr. F. A. D. Fry—Supt. of Sunday School.
Mr. D. H. Moore—Assistant Supt.
Mr. O. S. Matchett—Treasurer and Secretary of Sunday School.

AT THE ROYAL TONIGHT.

How Miss America outwitted a gang of destroying Huns is grahically portrayed in the latest Fox production entitled "Marriages Are Made," which is being shown at the Royal Theatre today and tomorrow. If you want to witness the dastardly German spy at his secret trade do not fail to see this picture. Another feature of the Royal program appearing today and tomorrow is William Farnum in "True Blue." This picture is a film drama of the rugged west, presenting, however, a phase of life new to the cinema. It is a pictorial treat that should not be overlooked.

The rest of the program is made up of Sunshine comedies, the whole going to constitute one of the best program shown at the Royal for some time. This program is shown at the largest theatres in Toronto, such as Shea's and Loew's, for which an admission of 25c and 50c is charged. You can see this at the Royal for the usual price of admission—sixteen cents to all.

Alcoholic Breath Not Ample Proof

Kingston, Feb. 3.—F. Grange, a returned soldier, whose parents reside near Napanee, was on Saturday afternoon released from jail in Napanee by order of the Attorney-General of the Province.

Grange was sentenced to a fine of $100 or two months in jail on Jan. 7 on a charge of being drunk on the streets of Napanee about Christmas time. He denied the charge, but was found guilty by the Napanee magistrate on the strength of evidence that his breath smelled of liquor. Dr. Vrooman, who treated Grange after he had first been taken in custody, declared that the young man was not intoxicated. It seems that Grange still suffers from shell shock. The Kingston branch of the G. W. V. A. took up the matter a few days ago.

Reserve of the Bank of England for the week gained £131,000. Bullion gain £450,000.

Fifth issue of Treasury certificates of indebtedness amounting to $600,000,000 was announced.

WEDDING GIFT FOR PRINCESS

ATTACHED WILL BE NAMES OF MEN IN FAMOUS REGIMENT.

It is proposed to make to the Princess Patricia, the so to speak, Patron Saint of the famous regiment, the best that Canada sent overseas, a wedding present and attached to the present will be a scroll having entered on its pages the names of the men who served in the regiment, and also it is proposed that they have a chance to donate to the funds of the gift.

Names and address of all the men are desired, and if these be communicated to the Patriotic Fund Office, Phone 281w, will be forwarded at once. Kindly oblige. The request is put forward by Major R. J. Buchanan, late of the Princess Pats Regt., now in Toronto.

GEORGE STREET CHURCH

Monday, 7.15 p.m.—Mission study class at 212 Brock street.

Monday, 7.15 p. m. — Teacher training class at the parsonage.

Monday, 8 p.m.—Epworth League—A study of Luke.

Tuesday 3 p.m.—Ladies' Aid at Parsonage.

Tuesday, 8 p.m.—Quarterly Official Board.

Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Meeting of the Chairmen of District Visitors.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer and Bible study.

Friday, 8 p.m.—Boy's Own Society. Girls' Secondary Vision.

FUNERAL OF LATE GORDON LONG

MANY BEAUTOFUL FLORAL TRIBUTES SENT IN BY FRIENDS.

The funeral of the late Arthur Gordon Palmer Long took place from the family residence, 561 Reid street, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock to Little Lake Cemetery. The services were conducted by the Rev. A. J. Thomas of George Street Methodist Church assisted by Rev. Canon Davidson of St. John's Church The following floral designs were contributed by friends:

Fellow employes Geo. Taylor Hardware Co., Cobalt, wreath of orchids.
Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Taylor, Cobalt, spray of cream roses.
Geo. Taylor Hardware Co., wreath.
Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Carruthers, a crescent.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Maude, Toronto, a basket of flowers.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Clegg, a spray.
Mrs. Robt. Leary and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Parsons, a star.
Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Kidd, a spray.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dredge, a spray.
The Kingan Hardware Staff, a spray.
Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Daw, a spray.
Miss Pearl Lapp, Cobourg, a spray.
Mrs. H. B. Taylor, an anchor.
Mrs. B. Shortley, a bouquet.
Campbell and Donald Jordon, a spray.
Miss Hope Johnston, a spray.
Mrs. Hattie Clegg and daughter, a bouquet.
Ladies' Aid George Street Methodist Church, a wreath.
Miss T. Taylor, a heart design
Mrs. F. Tulley end family, a star.
Mrs. J. Hinchcliffe, a basket
Mr. Harry Long, a cross.
Jordan family, a crown.
Mrs. F. Long, and family, a crescent.
Miss Phyllis Dawson, a spray.

The pall bearers were: Messrs W. A. Rae, Chas. Parrons, J. E. Smith, Dr. J. E. Middleton, Geo. Robertson, George Carruthers, Cloy Taylor, A. D. Hake.

CITY POLICE ARE GIVEN NOTICE

OF REMOVAL OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS BY THE FOOD BOARD.

This morning the city police department were notified of the removal of the destrictions placed upon the use of sugar, veal beef, flour and lard by the Food Board. Once again the long forgotten sugar bowl will appear upon the tables of restaurants and other public places and will be welcomed by the man who has given up drinking coffee and eating oatmeal for breakfast because he could not have it sweet enough to tickle his palate.

Chicago Board of Trade will name a committee to ask Congress to reject the Food Administration's wheat guarantee bill.

A memorial service was held by St. Andrew's College, Toronto, for pupils and ex-pupils who fell in the war.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

DAILY MATINEE, 2:30. EVENING, 7:30

ANNA Q. NILLSON and FRANKLYN FARNUM

In a story of Love and Devotion

"IN JUDGMENT OF" A STIRRING METRO SPECIAL FEATURE

2 GOOD COMEDIES. PATHE NEWS. JUDGE BROWN STORY

VAUDEVILLE

FREDO & PRIMROSE, Comedy Musical Offering.

MATINEES 10c. EVENINGS 15c.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 6

3rd Chautauqua Concert

Bertha Farner Company

MISS MARTHA ALEXANDER (Violinist)
MISS ETHEL MURRAY ('Cellist)
MR. EARLE BROWNE (Pianist)
MISS BERTHA FARNER (Concert Soprano, Grand Opera and Concert Singer)

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c.

Seat Sale opens to ticket holders on Monday and Tuesday next, and to the general public Wednesday and Thursday, February 5 and 6.

MATINEE AND EVENING FRIDAY, FEBURARY 7

Engagement of the popular Irish Singer **Bernard Daly**

In the Delightful "**SWEET INNISFALLEN,**" Irish Play

A refreshing dramatic romance; a play of smiles, tears and joy. Hear Mr. Daly sing "Believe Me, of All Those Endearing Young Charms," "Hide and Seek," "Sweet Innisfallen," "Call of the Wind," "Maria," "Song of the Dove," "Foggy Dew," "Wearing of the Green," and others.

SPECIAL MATINEE LOWER FLOOR 50c BALCONY . . . 25c

Evenings: 50c, 75c, $1.00. SEAT SALE OPENS WEDNESDAY

For the benefit of out-of-town patrons, Mail Orders for reserved seats may be made to W. F. Turner, Grand Opera House, Peterborough, by sending remittance to cover number of seats required.

DIED.

LONG—In the Cobalt Hospital, Cobalt, Ont., Wednesday, February 29, 1919, Arthur Gordon Palmer, aged 28 years and 6 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Long, Peterborough, Ont. Interment in the Little Lake Cemetery.

READ THIS

One ton of Tea to be sacrificed. Tea at Half Price.

50c green mixed tea, 4 lbs... $1.00
50c green and 65c black mx., 2 lbs 75c
70c black or green, 5 lbs at .. 49c
4 lb. 20c Prunes & 4 lbs Raisins 1.00

Canned Vegetables Cheap

Small cans tomatoes at 14c
25c tomatoes or corn, 19c 6 for $1.00
Lawton berries, 12c Blue berries 13c
Pears 19c. Pumpkin, large can 16c
50c can jam or marmalade, 2 for 75c
$1.00 pail and a 25c jar jam $1.00
15c tumblers jam, 2 for 15c
20c Worcester sauce, 2 for 25c
25c H. P. Sauce, 2 for 42c
12c packages Jello and Jelly 4 for 39c
15c Krinkle Corn Flakes ..3 for 31c
10 lbs G. sugar $1.00, with $2 order
10 lbs 15c rice for $1.00
10 lbs rolled oats 67c
Oat meal, corn meal, cream of wheat, at 67c
White cups and saucers, for ..17c
White and gold cup and saucer 19c
White plates.... 12c, 13c, and 14c
White and gold plates 13c, 14c, 15c
Majolica jugs 40c, on sale 33c
$15.00 dinner sets half price $7.50
50c Jap. china cups and saucers 25c
See our Wonderful Dry Goods.
$3.00 yard wide duchess silk..$1.50
40c linings, all kinds at 34c
40c black and colored sateens at 34c
50c dress goods, all at 39c
15c flannelette, at 29c
Spools of thread (with order) ..5c

Remnants and Remnants
It will pay you to come

R. C. BRAUND

Phone 349. Make it earn you money

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS endorsed "Tender for Cement" or "Tender for Tile Pipe," as the case may be, and addressed to the "Chairman of the Board of Works, City Building, Simcoe St., Peterborough," will be received at the office of the City Clerk up to 5 p.m. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12th, 1919, for the supply of Cement and Tile Pipe to the City of Peterboro for the period ending December 31st, 1919. Specifications may be seen and forms of tender procured at the office of the City Engineer. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

R. H. PARSONS,
City Engineer

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co. Limited

Phone 527w.

Remember the..... **WINDING - UP ESTATE SALE**

Of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Cut Prices on Every Pair.
MUST BE SOLD IN THIRTY DAYS

CITY FOOTWEAR CO., 174 Charlotte Street, Opposite White House

ACCOUNTS NOT PAID BY FEB. 15. WILL BE GIVEN TO OTHER HANDS FOR COLLECTION

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh west and northwest winds, fair and colder. Thursday — Fair and cold.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

46th YEAR No. 30 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

STRIKE SITUATION STILL AS SERIOUS AS EVER IN LONDON

All Tram Cars Are Out of Operation Except a Single Line.

London, Feb. 5.—There was no improvement today in the strike situation in London. All tubes and underground lines with the exception of the Metropolitan, which has one line running into the city, were still tied up. The stalls and restaurants while able to replace a few of their strwants still were offering only meagre imitations of their regular menus. Thousands of people again had to trudge long distances to work, unfortunately through slush an inch deep caused by a sudden thaw followed by rain during the night.

Today will decide whether the staffs of electrical power stations will join the strikers. The electrical power engineers' association has promised to keep the stations in operation. More men have returned to work in Glasgow, while the presence of Lord Pirrie, controller of the merchant shipbuilding in Belfast, gives some hope of a settlement there.

Will Not Affect Any Alliances

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 5.—The alliances between the various nations will not be affected by the existence of the Society of Nations now in process of formation. The British Foreign Secretary was asked the direct question as to whether the formation of the world society would involve the abrogation of alliances.

Norwegian Cabinet Has Resigned Office

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Christiania, Feb. 5.—The Norwegian Cabinet, headed by Gunnar Knudsen, has resigned as it was ceased to maintain its control of Parliament. The resignation has been accepted by the King. This Cabinet was formed on Jan. 29, 1913. It had rather a stormy career. Copenhagen despatches announced on Jan. 24 that ministerial crisis was imminent in Norway.

Peace Congress Making All Haste

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 5.—Military intervention in Russia on a large scale is not to be thought of, declared Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, in an interview. The great powers are doing everything they considered could be done, however, he said in dealing with what he characterized as "a most disquieting situation" as to the general work of the Peace Conference. The Foreign Secretary declared the peace-making body was making all possible haste to settle on peace terms.

Toronto Fireman Killed on Duty

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Captain Moses Thompson, one of the eldest officers in the Toronto Fire Department was killed shortly before noon when a hand fire extinguisher he was carrying blew up and threw him off the roof of a building. Another fireman had his hand lacerated.

RECRUITING FOR SIBERIA.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5. — forty men from Manitoba are to be recruited for the Canadian military-police force in Siberia at once, according to telegraphic instructions received by Maj. G. W. Harris.

Government steamer Voyageur is safely out of the ice and has reached Sydney, Cape Breton.

Quaker Oats Co. Favor Veterans

Various rumors are being circulated regarding discrimination against returned men by employers, and, unfortunately, our name has to our knowledge been associated with such rumors.

Rumor is mischievous, especially so when malicious.

Accordingly, to prevent the making of mistakes, we deem it best to publish the policy of this company as outlined in a letter from Mr. Stuart, of Chicago, on December 18, 1919:

"As you will soon have to meet the question of dealing with our people who entered the service and are returning home, I want to give you the views of the management, so that we can all work along the same lines.

"Many of the men, I think, were told when they left that we were sorry to see them go and would be glad to see them back as soon as they could come. These men showed a fine spirit and fought a good fight, and they are entitled to every consideration.

"We want all of our men back who want to come back. It may not be possible to give them, immediately, their old positions, but work should be found for them which will give them as nearly as possible the same pay, pending the opportunity of giving them back their old jobs or work equally desirable or important. If any of our men return crippled and unable to take up the work which they did before they left, we should try and find places for them, where they can serve the company and serve themselves.

"I think all men who come back to us as soon as they leave the service should be considered as having been continuously in the employ of the company. In other words, for any bonuses or future pension plans or insurance that might be adopted, the period of their service should not be considered as a break and figured against them in their record of length of service with this company. Men who leave us to go into the service and work for someone else before they return to us, of course, would not be considered as suggested above.

"We would appreciate your handling your men in accordance with the policy outlined, and, if any points are not clear, we will be glad to hear from you."

This is an entirely definite statement of our attitude towards returned men.

Any other statements that may be made are not in accordance with the truth.

THE QUAKER OATS COMPANY.

ALIEN QUESTION IS HARD FOR CABINET TO SOLVE

Lack of Shipping Makes it Difficult to Deport Them to Their Native Countries.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—With respect to the question of aliens in Canada, which is attracting considerable attention and causing some unrest in certain industrial centres, the following information has been officially obtained:

There are at present in various internment camps throughout the Dominion about two thousand two hundred interned prisoners, of whom seventeen hundred are Germans, the remainder being of Austrian and other enemy nationality. Of the seventeen hundred Germans eight hundred were transferred from the West Indies, and are held at the request of his Majesty's Government. The Government has been advised by Great Britain that repatriation is now possible of a number not exceeding one hundred adult enemy aliens from the Dominion. An order in Council has been passed providing for the deportation of all enemy interned prisoners who may be regarded as dangerous, hostile or undesirable, and this order is now being carried out ,subject, of course, to the limitations necessarily imposed by the shortage of shipping and restrictions by enemy countries upon repatriation. Inquiry is also being made of his Majesty's Government for the purpose of obtaining directions as to what disposition they wish to be made of the eight hundred Germans who were transferred from the West Indies.

There is a larger number of aliens employed industrially in Canada, principally in the larger centres. Of these many thousands are anxious to return to European countries and are willing to pay their passage if permitted to go. Lack of shipping facilities and passports alone prevent a general exodus of these aliens. The Government has taken up with the Canadian Ministers abroad the question of transportation for this purpose ,and also as to whether, pending the official ending of the war, enemy and friendly aliens can be admitted to their respective countries.

Communication has been had with Sir Robert Borden as to the advisability or necessity of providing for a stipulation in the terms of peace which woud permit deportation of enemy aliens after the declaration of peace, and any necessary immigration laws against admission of aliens of enemy nationality into Canada. It may prove impracticable for the reasons mentioned in (2) to complete the repatriation of those now interned before the conclusion of peace, and there may be European prohibitions on immigration after the war.

The whole question relating to aliens has been receiving the most careful attention on the part of the Government. It is manifestly a most difficult one to deal with in the present unsettled state of international affairs, with the Peace Conference still engaged in its deliberation, and the shortage of shipping, and the prohibition of entry into European belligerent countries.

FARMER PERISHES WHEN BARN BURNS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Tweed, Feb. 5.—Ernest Graham, farmer, of this town, was burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed his barn. It is thought that a lantern exploded. His body was burned beyond recognition. He leaves a wife and family of six children.

LABOR MEN WANT STRONGER BEER

DEPUTATION HEADED BY PRESIDENT MOORE WAITS ON CABINET.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—President Tom Moore, of Niagara Falls, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, led a deputation of prominent labor men before the government represented by acting Premier Sir Thomas White and other cabinet ministers this morning, to put in a plea for stronger and more palatable beer. They said it was desirable from the standpoint both of the consumer and the present condition of the labor market. The government promised consideration.

CIVIC GUARDS TO PRESERVE PEACE

CITIZENS MUST VOLUNTEER TO PROTECT PROPERTY FROM STRIKING WORKMEN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 5.—Plans for the formation of a civic guard to maintain and protect the public service have been submitted to the authorities, according to the Mail, which says that a similar plan has been successfully employed in Switzerland, Holland and Australia. The newspaper states that should the actions of the strikers warrant such a course, citizens must be asked to form a guard to maintain transport, lighting and food supply services and also guard the power station, flour mills and important factories.

LAND WOUNDED AT PORTLAND

SHORT JOURNEY HOME PLANNED FOR CANADIAN INJURED IN BATTLE.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Plans for landing wounded Canadian troops at Portland, Maine, with the approval of the United States Government, were announced today by the American Red Cross. Transfer of the men by rail across Maine and New Hampshire will cut many hours off their journey homeward from France. The first shipload will debark at Portland in a few days, two consignments a month being arranged for thereafter. All will have full benefit of the canteen and motor ambulance service of the Red Cross.

ENORMOUS TOTAL LOSSES BY WAR

LATE STRUGGLE ESTIMATED TO HAVE COST FOUR HUNDRED BILLIONS.

London, Feb. 5.—The direct cost of the war is estimated at £40,000,000,000, in a special article in the Daily Telegraph. The author estimates the indirect cost of diminished trade and financial disturbance at £50,000,000,000.

"Vast sums," he says, "have been used for sheer destruction and vast public debts have been incurred for which there is no corresponding property. Throughout two-thirds of the world the work of useful production has been suspended during four years, and its place has been taken for the slaughter of human lives and annihilation of accumulated wealth.

"But there is a moral aspect to be taken into account. We may at least hope that we have put an end forever to the danger of Prussian militarism. If out of the ruins of the last four years there arises a new, brighter and happier world, then the billions that have been spent will not all have been spent in vain."

Allied Force Was Double the Huns

NEARLY FOUR MILLION YANKEES AT FRONT WHEN ARMISTICE WAS SIGNED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 5.—When Germany signed the armistice the Allies had a rifle strength on the Western front of two men against one of the enemy, according to a War Department statement handed out this morning. The United States army had a total war strength of 3,703,273 when the armistice was signed.

RUSSIAN PRESS IS OPPOSED TO WITHDRAWAL OF ALLIES

Papers Urge That Active Steps Be Taken to Suppress Bolshevists

(Canadian Press Despatch)
(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent.)

Vladivostok, Feb. 5.—The decision of the Peace Conference regarding the Allied policy in Russia and Siberia is eagerly awaited by Canadians and others of the Allied forces here. The general belief at present is that the attitude of watchful waiting will continue in the meantime, but military heads here appear to be uninformed in regard to future procedure.

The Russian press guardedly is opposing the withdrawal of the Allied forces and is urging active participation against the Bolshevhi. In accordance with their announced policy the Japanese are evacuating part of their front. The Czechs are withdrawing from the Ural front to guard the railway line. The proposed trip of Gen. Elmsley, commanding the Canadians here, to Omsk has been postponed indefinitely.

Ten Years' Sentence For Deserter

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Elmer J. Weber, of Neustadt, Grey County, was today paraded before his regiment at the Exhibition Camp, where a sentence of ten years in Kingston Penitentiary against him was formally promulgated on a charge of deserting.. The sentence of the court-martial was fifteen years, but was reduced by order-in-Council.

Weber's father, Reeve Weber, of Neustadt, was to have appeared before the magistrate at Owen Sound this morning on charges of sedition, but an adjournment was taken until the 11th, owing to the fact that the accused has pneumonia, said to have been brought on by exposure following his being drummed out of Owen Sound last week.

WORK FOR THOUSANDS ON THE NATIONAL RAILWAY

Directors Announce That Improvements and Extensions to Cost Millions Will Be Started at Once.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Mr. D. B. Hanna, chairman of the board of directors of the Canadian National Railways, and other members of the board were in conference here with the minister of railways in reference to the large scheme of betterments of new branch line construction and general improvements to the people's transcontinental system planned for this year.

Mr. Hanna stated that the work in view for the year would involve the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars and give employment to approximately 15,000 people. The government, he said, was behind the board of directors in the effort to bring the government system up to a standard of general efficiency and all round good service second to none on the continent and so far the operation of the road had been conducted without the slightest sign of political interference. The government system, said Mr. Hanna, was now on a basis of eighty millions annual gross earnings with prospects of soon passing the hundred million mark. A considerable proportion of the main line would be relaid with 85-pound rails this summer, while large additionals will be made to motive power and rolling stock.

Rumor of Pooling.

As to the suggested acquirements of the financially bonded or owned systems such as the St. John Valley Railway, the Edmonton Railway in Alberta and the Pacific and Eastern lines in British Columbia, Mr. Hanna contended that these questions were matters for consideration a little later on ,and nothing definite had been decided in this connection as yet.

Asked as to the rumor now presented that the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Truny systems were quietly arranging for some pooling of interests or possibly the absorption of the Grand Trunk by the C. P. R., Mr. Hanna said that he had heard nothing authoritatively, although he had heard the rumor. If anything were being done in this connection, added Mr. Hanna, the facts were known probably to only a very small portion of those interested. Apparently there is no immediate prospects of the Grand Trunk Company selling out to the government.

Toronto and Eastern.

In connection with electric radial feeders to the C.N.R. lines in Ontario, Mr. Hanna intimated that the acquirement of the Toronto and Eastern Electric franchise would enable the company, through comparatively inexpensive electric branch line extensions, to get access to the industrial centres of Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope and other towns in Eastern Ontario. He added that there was no authoritative grounds for the rumor that the Metropolitan Electric Railway or other Mackenzie-Mann electric railway interests were to be taken over by the government system.

QUAKER OATS COMPANY DROP APPEAL IN SCHOOL TAX CASE

Peck, Kerr and McElderry, Attorneys for the Company, So Notify City Solicitor Gordon To-Day.

Notice was given Mr. G. N. Gordon today by Peck, Kerr & McElderry, solicitors for the Quaker Oats Company, of a discontinuance of the appeal against the recent assessment judgment which they were carrying before the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

This is the end of the long dispute between the city and the company in regard to the raise in their assessment for school purposes. It was orignally beard before the Court of Revision, was then carried by the plaintiffs to the County Court, where Judge Huycke upheld the city, and notice of an appeal to the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board was then served upon the city.

City Solicitor Gordon was instructed by the Council to take what steps he thought proper to defend the interests of the corporation, but the plaintiffs have decided to withdraw the appeal and announced their action in this respect today.

SERGT. PRESTON WELCOMED HOME

LARGE CROWD OF FRIENDS MEET HIM ON HIS ARRIVAL.

Sergt. Sherman Preston, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Preston, 216 Reid street arrived back to the city yesterday afternoon after three years' service overseas.

He enlisted in 1915 with the 8th Canadian Mounted Rifles and has been in Europe ever since. Returning on the Grampian, he landed at St. John, N. B., on February 2, and arrived home yesterday afternoon where he found many friends, some of whom came from out of the city, waiting to meet him. They accompanied him to his home and spent a very pleasant evening.

FREE SINN FEINERS

London, Feb. 5.—A despatch to the Central News from Dublin says it is definitely stated there that all the Sinn Feiners interned in England will be released Monday morning.

OFFERS STEAM PLANT FOR SALE

MAYOR DUNCAN HAS LETTER FROM AGENT OF MUNITIONS BOARD.

Mayor Duncan has received the following letter from an agent acting in the interests of the Imperial Munitions Board. A list of other electrical machinery is appended, and no doubt manufacturers in the city could obtain this at a very reasonable price as it is no longer required by the Board.

His Worship the Mayor
of Peterborough:

Dear Sir,—As agent for the Imperial Munitions Board, I am offering for sale as per the enclosed advertisement a completely equipped steam power plant of 4,000 h.p. boiler capacity.

If you have no electric power available a plant of this description may be of interest.

If you have electric power you may consider installing this plant as auxiliary thereto.

If your municipality is not interested, possibly some of your manufacturers may be, and if you will bring the matter to their attention we will be obliged.

May we send you further particulars?

Tenders close February 20, 1919.
(Sgd.) R. HOME SMITH.

FOUR YEARS IN PENITENTIARY

FOR CAPT. FISHER WHO STOLE $18,000 PUBLIC MONEY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Four years in Kingston Penitentiary was the sentence imposed on Capt. C. P. Fisher, the Army Medical Corps paymaster, convicted of stealing $18,000 from the Government.

JELLICOE WILL TOUR CANADA

BRITISH ADMIRAL TO SPEND SEVERAL MONTHS HERE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 5.—A Canadian Press despatch today says Admiral Jellicoe in his tour of the British dominions, will be in Canada from October to January next fall. He will presumably make a complete tour of Canada.

Leeds and Grenville County Council proposes the erection of a monument to their dead soldiers.

Lt. A. Leslie, M.C., a veteran of the 70th Battery, returned to his home in Owen Sound this week.

R. L. Baker of Toronto has purchased Peerless Hosiery Company of London at a price of $[illegible].

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $4.00 per year by mail to any part of Canada or Great Britain; $6.00 per year delivered to any part of the city.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1859, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

A. E. STRATTON, President and General Manager. E. A. PECK, M.P.P., M.L.A.; T. G. ROBINSON and JAMES STRATTON.

TELEPHONES:

Business Dept ... 139. Editorial ... 138.
Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 331

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1919

THE PLAYGROUNDD PROBLEM.

THE MEMBERS of the Board of Education are required by law to provide suitable playgrounds for the pupils during the ten months of the school year, and while they are using such places of recreation the children are under the supervision of their teachers, who are just as responsible for their care when at play as during the hours of study. There seems no reason on earth why those playgrounds should be closed for two months of the year. It is just as unsafe to allow a crowd of children to engage in games without proper oversight as it would be to permit them to carry on their class work without direction. Play as well as study must be systematized in order to achieve the best results. If the playgrounds are to be open to the children during the vacation every car, the question of expense arises in connection with the required supervision. Minister of Education Cody has given it as his opinion that school boards have the right under the Act to appropriate money for this purpose, and Mr. J. W. Worth, a member of the local board, has taken the matter up with his colleagues.

A committee has been appointed to look into this proposition, and it is likely at the next meeting that something definite will be suggested, as the members of that committee have all expressed themselves as convinced of the necessity for providing for the children the facilities for which, so far, they have to thank the Playgrounds Association, composed of volunteer public-spirited citizens. If Trustee Worth's proposition goes through, the maintenance of the playgrounds will become a civic enterprise, and the annual question of raising money for this object will be solved for all time.

"THE VOICE THAT IS STILL."

IT SEEMS STRANGE that in the city of Toronto, which, with its scores of stately churches and cathedrals and its imposing structures where educational institutions find their homes, that the people should still be wrestling over problems that were supposed to be settled when the delusions of witchcraft were exploded.

There are men of learning and high social standing in Toronto who claim to be able to bring the living in communication with their dead relatives. The hand that has vanished is to be touched again, the voice that is still once more heard. Like the poor, the gullible are always in evidence, even in Toronto, and crowds patronize the mediums for a trial of their art.

Columns of space have been given by the Toronto papers to this subject, and the entire city was for a time in a fervor that now appears to be dying down.

There is hardly a living man or woman today who would not like to penetrate the veil that shrouds the other world, and hear a message from those who have crossed the shadowy river. But it has been otherwise ordained. We have but faith left us, we cannot hope to know what it was evidently not intended should ever be revealed to us. The Holy Scripture tells us little of the world beyond the grave, except in general terms that it is a place where the just shall live in unalloyed happiness throughout the eternal ages, where night never comes and tempests never rage. The Great Teacher Himself, from Whose vision nothing was hid, pictured a land of many mansions where the sorrows common to earth are unknown forever.

The spirits of the saintly dead hover around their living relatives like so many guardian angels. Their works do follow them. If the living sometimes wonder whether the dead from their present place of abode see what is going on upon earth, let them in all charity hope that they do not. What mother, for example, could be happy anywhere if she could witness the grief, and the disgrace, the trials and the persecution, that come so often to the children from whom she has been called away?

The "vanished hand and the voice that is still" have gone forever. The dead speak to the living only through the memory of their example and by their good works while on earth, and do not send back crude and disjointed messages through a spiritualistic medium who charges for his services.

MARKETING THE ALIEN.

ANY ALIEN who is in Canada today is here by right of international treaty, and so long as he obeys the laws of the country he finds himself entitled to the protection of the law. Any Chinaman in this country is here by virtue of a special agreement made with the Government of his native land. That Government is recognized as such by Britain and all other nations of standing in the world, and Chinese embassies look after the interests of China's citizens who may be in foreign lands. The Japanese who are in Canada are tolerated and protected by virtue of a special treaty made with the Mikado.

Other aliens are here largely because they have selected this country as a land where the poor have a show to live, and because they have been induced to come here by agents of the Dominion Government working on a commission basis and being paid a bonus on every foreigner they deliver alive at a Canadian port. Once here, they are entitled to an opportunity to become Canadian citizens. If they refuse to do so, if they are suspected of sedition, the Government of the country, through the duly constituted law courts, is well able to dispose of them and to hold them in check. Anything like mob law is not to be tolerated for a moment. It is dangerous not only to the peace of the community, but is a menace to the harmonious relations that it is so desirable to maintain with other powers.

A resident of Canada of alien birth, and holding a prominent public position, was recently charged with sedition and cited for an orthodox hearing in court. The mob took up the matter and drove him out of the town of Owen Sound, chasing him into the country, where, after walking in the darkness to the point of exhaustion, he spent the remainder of the night in an open shed. As a result of the exposure, he contracted pneumonia and is now reported at the point of death. No Canadian will attempt to condone the offence with which he is charged, but every law-abiding citizen must protest the primitive means adopted to bring him to a realization of his offence.

Usually there is work for everybody in Canada. The alien generally has his own place to fill in the industrial economy, and as a rule performs a class of labor that no native Canadian cares to undertake. For the present, at least, there must be hewers of wood and drawers of water, if the world is to make progress. There is a divinity that shapes the ends of mankind, a controlling power that it is useless for any human agency to attempt to counteract.

There is a grim irony in the assaults made by mobs on Chinese especially. Thousands of dollars go from this country every year to maintain emissaries of the Christian Church whose mission is to teach the myriads in the Celestial kingdom the truths of religion, to preach peace on this earth and to develop a kindly spirit among neighbors. What a travesty it is upon that creed to use force against the Chinese who have adopted as a place of residence the very country in which that faith has been cradled. How it must aid the missionary in his work among the heathen when the latter learns that the Christian faith the stranger urges upon them has broken down at home.

Twenty years ago the Boxers of China made war on the missionaries and other foreigners among them and destroyed their property. The civilized nations of the earth united to send battleships and armed troops to China to reduce the natives to a state of reason. Surely the rioters in China, wedded as they are to their idols, are not to be taken as models by the enlightened masses in Christian Canada.

In a time of stress like the present, native or naturalized Canadians should be given first choice in the matter of employment. If this has not been done in all cases, a remedy is easily possible without a resort to rioting. No civilian is doing the returned soldiers a service or expressing appreciation of their sacrifices by resorting to lawlessness on their behalf. The veterans themselves are the very men likely to set their faces against lawlessness. The heroes who refused to be conquered towns and cities overseas and who championed the cause of the helpless non-combatants as so many guardians, are not likely to be the instigators of violence in their native land.

LIVING WAGES.

SANITARY INSPECTOR Stapleton and Relief Officer Miller have asked the Council for an increase in their salaries, and the matter has been referred to the finance committee. It is difficult to believe that the requests will be denied when the present compensation of these officials is noted.

Mr. Stapleton fills one of the most important positions in the city and one which requires tact to prevent friction with the public. His pay is small and he has never received material appreciation of his services, which have always been highly satisfactory. As for Mr. Miller, it is something of a grim joke to have a man dispensing civic relief and pay him little more than enough to place him, from a worldly point of view, to any considerable extent above the beneficiaries of the public's generosity.

COMMISSIONER HARTLEY.

MR. JOHN J. HARTLEY, who has been appointed a member of the City Trust Commission, is no novice in public office. Mr. Hartley has served the city both as alderman and a member of the School Board, and in both capacities established a creditable record. He is a citizen of excellent standing, with property interests of his own, and there is every reason for confidence that he will be of value to the public in the discharge of his new duties.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

MANY A SHIP of state may prove a submarine in the new League of Nations.

GOOD EVENING. Have you heard anything about another new political party being formed lately?

JAPAN does not want China partitioned, probably planning to take over the Celestial Kingdom in one piece after oh.

ALL NONSENSE this rumor that the ex-crown prince has started a suit for divorce. In what country in what court, would such an outlaw have legal status?

OUTSIDE OF LINDSAY there is a lack of historic ruins in Canada, that is if Lindsay has not by its recent exhibition of mob law dismembered herself from the Dominion.

Better for a Liberal during the crisis of the war to have taken a seat in the Union Government than on the fence.—Toronto Globe.

OR UNDER the barn.

IT NOW TRANSPIRES that those burglaries in Paris were not committed by American soldiers. How comes it that the stranger within a city's gates is always made the goat?

THERE IS little comfort in the probability of the submarine being barred as a war vessel. It was generally so regarded during the recent war, but the Hun pirates insisted on carrying on nevertheless.

An American becomes owner of $10,000,000 aircraft equipment, which he will operate for commercial purposes in Canada. Too often it is a stranger who picks our plums.—Niagara Falls Review.

STILL, TEN MILLION dollars is a lot of money, no matter from what country it percolates into Canada.

The Case of the Crippled Soldier

The removal of all possible handicaps of the Returned Soldier is the first duty of the Government and the Repatriation Committee and to that end both are devoting much time and energy.

The crippled soldier is handicapped seriously in the struggle for existence. Other wars have left thousands with no chance of overcoming these difficulties, with disastrous results to both the individual and the community.

The Dominion Government, however made the restoration of these men, so far as is humanly possible, one of its first cares. For the man with a limb off artificial limbs, of the latest and most satisfactory models were provided. A factory, equipped with every modern device was built in Toronto, and with expert advice from surgeons who have been over there is turning out the best possible limb.

The Government not only gives these limbs to the returned but assumes all care of them and will restore them when necessary. Repairs are provided wherever necessary.

In addition orthopedic boots, special boots, splints, braces, trusses, supports, artificial eyes, in short, every device known to science to bring back the pre-war physical efficiency of the soldier. He will not be quite as efficient as he was, but his physical handicaps have been reduced as far as modern science can accomplish this.

Repair depots have been established at Halifax, Fredericton, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Hamilton, Toronto, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver and Victoria, so that every crippled soldier is within easy access of a place where his needs can be attended to.

Making efficient civilians out of men sadly handicapped is one of the great endeavors of the Government, and in this Canada is second to no nation in the world.

TODAY'S STORY

By Walt Mason.

Old Mose Wheatly has been roasting the government for thirty years or more. It has been his one diversion, his one idea of a good time.

The government didn't seem to care three hoots, so Wheatly's weakness might have been considered a harmless one, except that it made him a bore. The people knew the old man had many good points, and they did n't want to turn him down too rudely but they did get weary of his eterna slamming at the goverment.

About a year ago some of us were in the tire repair shop, talking automobiles, when old Mose blew in and began raving about the way the government was getting things all balled up in military affairs.

Bill Huggins interrupted him, speaking with great earnestness.

"See here, Mose," said he, "you'll have to cut out this thing of jumping on the government, or th first thing you know you'll be inside a stone fence. People are being interned and sent to the penitentiary for milder talk than you dish up. Moreover some of our local patriots are getting tired of your talk and there is talk of giving you a ride on a rail."

Old Mose turned pale and stammered a little and went out, looking pretty shaky. Then we tendered Bill a vote of thanks and promised him a gold headed cane.

We knew how to put the extinguisher on Mose from that time forth. He drifted in to our favorite loafing places every day and listened to the conversation, and longed to butt in with a few remarks showing up the government in its hideous nakedness but the minute he approached that theme somebody would tell him to be careful what he said, as disloyal remarks were being reported to Washington.

The old man's sufferings were extreme. He was just simply perishing to cut loose with a lot of red hot criticisms. He'd hang around a while the cold sweat streaming down his forehead, and finally he'd fade away without saying anything.

The other day, however, he blew into the tire shop, and we saw at a glance that he meant business.

"I'm going to tell what I think of the blamed government," he cried "even if I am chucked into the penitentiary for it! You don't need to tell me, Bill Huggins, that my remarks will be reported to Washington. Go ahead and report 'em. I'm an American citizen and I pay taxes, and I've got as much right to speak about the government as anybody.

"Out on my farm on Harris creek I had fifteen acres of the finest timber you ever saw. Every tree there was a personal friend of mine.

"Well, the blamed government came teetering along and said I had a lot of black walnut trees I'd have to sell. I wasn't even allowed to set a price on 'em. The government says, 'Mose Wheatly, we're going to pay you so much for thac trees, and if you don't like it, you can lump it.' And I had to lump it.

"Well, a lot of swaybacked men went in there and shopped down the trees, and a lot of immoral teamsters hauled them out, and ruined the whole grove doing it. They barked every tree they left standing. And just when they got the logs out the war stopped, and they're lying along the railway track, and will lie there till they rot. I have my opinion of my whapperjawed government that will play such a trick on an honest man, and now you can fetch along your marshal and send me to jail."

Mrs. Catherine Stewart, widow of A. C. Stewart, former principal of Talbot street Public school, London, is dead.

WIT AND WISDOM

Desmond had been markedly attentive the day before, so when Flossie Flatfeet saw him coming up "the drive" she was all in a flutter.

She opened the door herself and led the way into the drawing-room.

"Er—Miss Flossie," began the young man. "I—I—it's rather difficult to ask such a thing. I meant to ask you as I was leaving yesterday, but—but—— Do you——"

"Yes," breathed Flossie.

"Do you know," continued the young man, "whether I left my matches here last night?"

A woman joined a private literary circle. Her husband, who had no faith in feminine judgment on such matters, was anxious to know how things went.

"Well, and what sort of a meeting did you have?" he asked on his wife's return.

"Splendid," she answered.

"And what was the topic under discussion?"

"Oh," was the reply, "we discussed the antecedents of that brazen woman with the dyed hair that's just moved in opposite the Joneses and also one of the poets—Shelley, I think."

Pat was one day driving cattle through a country town, accompanied by a collie. The dog, unknown to him, bolted into a butcher's shop and ran off with a leg of mutton. Whereupon the butcher issued forth, demanding of Pat if that was his dog.

"No," replied Pat, slyly eyeing the erring dog, which by this time was almost out of sight, "he was once mine, but he seems to be doing for himself now."

Secretary (of overworked business man)—Pardon me, sir, but you are to be married at 12 o'clock.

Business Man (consulting his watch)—So I am. Well, call up the bride and clergyman and tell them to come here; ask the office girl to stay in from lunch as a witness; write out a check for a hundred to the clergyman, and make a memo to tell the bride that I will join her in a couple of days, unless these western buyers should surprise me.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says there seems to be considerable excitement about the English election but she supposes King George will win out all right.

BACK THEM OR WITHDRAW.

(New York Sun.)

There is one thing we cannot do in honor, justice or decency. That is to leave in Russia, facing an implacable enemy on his own ground, a handful of men fighting a hopeless fight under the most difficult conditions, foredoomed to defeat.

To do this would be to betray those men to death or worse, and that betrayal would shame forever a nation which should hold the lives of its citizen soldiers dear.

BUT PRICES STILL SOAR.

(London Free Press.)

Conditions that operated to boost the cost of living are rapidly disappearing.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3—$1 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

The Park Eve. News.

Sissiety. Miss Mary Watkins is taking cooking lessins at cooking skool, being a fine cook already ony she aint allowed to make enything in her own kitchin on account of things being too expensive to waste.

Sports. Pudd Simkins tried to make himself stronger by practicing with dumbells every day, ony his muscels was about the same size at the end of a week, so he swapped the dum bells with his cuzzin Persey for one roller skate and the priviledge of borrowing the other one sumtimes.

Intrising Facks About Intristing People. Strangers proberly think Shes Cross has got a watch on the end of the empty gold chain that he wares on his coat Sundeys, ony sumtime if sumbody asks him wat time it is, Sam Cross proberly wont have eny ider wat to say for a anser.

Pome by Skinny Martin.

In the Reer.

I pressed my 2d best pants one day
With a iron rite off of the stove,
Wich the big bernt scortch will follow me
Tho to the end of the world I rove.

Militerry News. Captin Benny Potts and his cuzzin Lootenant Artie Alexander played they was submarcen chasers wile they was taking a bath at Lootenant Alixanders house last Satiiday nite, taking terns being the submarcen and the submarcen chaser dropping the depth bom, the depth bom being the spunge, wich eech time it sank a submareen the submareen would come to the surface and squert sewing machine oil on the wattir, and both the officers had to take another bath to get the oil off of them.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The blacksmith puts the horse on his metal by shoeing him.

The financial plank in the woman's platform is pin money.

A woman's intellect is seldom up to her conversational ability.

A finished poet is one who gets discouraged and goes to work.

When a fool is angry he opens his mouth and shuts his eyes.

When some man think they are thinking, they are only killing time.

People associate with their own kind just as naturally as water seeks its level.

Man learns from his own mistakes, but he never lives long enough to complete his education.

The goodness of gold is tried by fire, the goodness of women by gold and the goodness of men by women.

It is said that laughter will cure indigestion; but the trouble is that when a man has indigestion he doesn't feel like laughing.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

(Kingston Whig.)

We have tried the experiment and found it satisfactory. Why not adopt it as a permanent measure?

SLOW OLD BRITAIN.

(Galt Reporter.)

Oh, yes, Canada is democratic and progressive, and all that. But you will notice that Britain is showing her heels to this fine Dominion in the matter of State-owned houses for workingmen and their families. The Old Land just goes ahead and does things.

ALL FOR BIG NAVY

President's Insistence Decisive in Congress.

Washington, Feb. 5—Insistence by President Wilson upon the Administration's policy of navy expansion led to the unanimous approval given by the House Naval Committee to another three-year construction program. This year disclosed by Chairman Padgett, of the committee when the House began consideration of the $750,000,000 annual naval appropriation bill.

GUARD SIBERIAN LINE

Americans Will Not Act Without Guarantees.

Vladivostock, Feb. 5.—The feature of the plan for operating the trans-Siberian Railway, which is in process of elaboration at conference between John F. Stevens, the railroad expert, American Ambassador Morris and representatives of the Allies is that the Rhine shall be guarded by American and Allied troops. Mr. Stevens is reported to have said that only under that conditions will he undertake the task of rehabilitating the railroad. Ambassador Morris is said to support him. The Ambassador is clothed with plenary powers to conclude the plan of operation which, it is expected, will be perfected within a month.

EXTEND MORATORIUM

Western Soldiers Benefit for Two More Years.

Regina, Feb. 5.—The Saskatchewan Assembly decided to go farther than any province has yet done in protecting the interests of soldiers against tax sale proceedings and also in extending the time for the general moratorium for soldiers, giving protection on both matters for a period of another year, or for a period of two years after the discharge of the soldiers.

AN IMPOSSIBLE DREAM.

(Toronto Telegram.)

Shorter hours and increased wages will add new attractiveness to industrial labor. The only attraction that will keep boys on the farm is the financial attraction of high prices. City workers will not give up their dream of working shorter hours for higher wages. But city workers need not dream of selling their own labor at a high price and buying the products of the farmer's labor at a low price.

Ottawa's taxable assessment is $114,392,261, an increase of $3,070,026 over last year's figures.

Capt. J. Hugh McLaren, C. F. A., of Brockville, has won the Military Cross for gallantry and devotion to duty.

The British military authorities have taken control of the Ottoman National Bank, a purely Turkish institution.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

KITTY GORDON in "TINSEL,"
A DRAMA IN 5 ACTS

KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in
"The Eagle's Eye," Chapter 8, "The Kaiser's Death Messenger," 2 Parts

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"Did it ever happen to You," Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS EVENING 16 CENTS

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Grand Special Programe NORMA TALMADGE in
"THE RIGHT OF PURCHASE,"

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From the [illegible] Chaos Serial

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6th Episode of the Million Dollar Vitagraph Photo-Play Serial
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5 PARTS

ALLIES' OFFICIAL WAR REVIEW
"The Passing of Prussianism," 1 REEL
"BRITAIN'S BULWARKS," With the Drifters and Mine-Sweepers—1 Reel

Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature
Presenting ALICE JOYCE in
"The Captain's Captain"
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"Frauds and Frenzies"

ALWAYS GOOD AT THE ROYAL
EXCLUSIVE FEATURES

JUNIORS BOUND TO REGAIN HONORS LOST AT LINDSAY

Close Game May Be Looked for With the Visiting Midgets at Brock Street Rink To-Night.

To night the Lindsay and Peterborough Juniors clash in the Brock street rink in what will be in all probability the fastest game to be played in Peterborough this season.

The Midgets come to the city tonight full of confidence in their ability to worst Peterborough and their admirers in their home town are backing them to the utmost. In the last game played in Lindsay the Petes were worsted by two scores and in the previou to that the positions were reversed with a lead of three for this city.

Peterborough Juniors are licking their lips to get at the Midgets tonight and declare they will wipe out the defeat they received at their hands last Friday night ,and it is very probable that they will but not without a good stiff fight for it, which will make an exhibition worth watching.

Believing in taking no chances, the local players have been practising continuously of late, and it is a safe bet that the Lindsay men have not been letting the grass grow under their feet, so that the two teams should be in excellent condition when they step onto the ice tonight.

When the Juniors played their last match in this city they gave the spectators their full money's worth as far as good, fast, clean play was concerned and added to that, they won out and tonight it is a safe guess that the game will make even better watching than did the other.

This season the Juniors have worked hard. They have given the people of the city one exhibition of real hockey and that was the only match played here. They went to Port Hope and gave the team there a regular trouncing and then went up against the Midgets, who are an aggregation to be reckoned with and were beaten by a small score in the Lindsay rink which is a difficult one for strangers. Tonight the Midgets, full of confidence as a result of their victory of last Friday, are going to bump up against the Petes again in the Brock street rink and the general impression is that they are going to be beaten. The public are asked to turn out to the match tonight and give the boys their support, both moral and financial. They deserve it and the spectators will get the worth of their money without a doubt.

Tonight the Peterborough Juniors will line up as follows.

Goal, Flowers; defence, Haggerman and Frost; centre, Cherret; left wing, Williams; right wing, Parks. Substitutes—Gerard and Campbell.

There is no ice in Lake St. Clair or the lower end of Lake Huron, a condition almost unprecedented at this time of the year.

Definite claims for compensation for losses to Canada arising out of the war have already been sent to the Peace Conference totalling sixteen million dollars.

It is better to have a heart of oak than a wooden head.

TAKE LEAVE OF OLD FRIENDS

MR. AND MRS. JOHN GOOSEY PRESENTED WITH PURSE AND ADDRESS.

A number of friends met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Gooley, Chandos, who are leaving that district, and presented them with a purse and a complimentary address a copy of which follows:

To Mr. and Mrs. John Gooley and family.

We your friends and neighbors who are assembled this evening wish to express to you our sincere regret that you are about to sever your connection with us as neighbors, and we could not let you go without letting you know something of this and of the esteem in which we hold you. Your residence here is of long standing.

Speaking to Mr. and Mrs. Gooley, a good part of your early youth was spent here, you were married here, your children were all born here, you have been part of all our social and public life.

Mr. Gooley served on our school board and in our municipal council, we have mingled together in our joy gatherings. we have stood together as we buried our dead and we can say that we have always found you good neighbors, kind and sympathetic friends, ready at all times to extend a helping hand.

And we cannot let this opportunity pass without special mention of your boys, who crossed the ocean to face danger and death at their country's call. We rejoice with you that God has been good to you in permitting you the great double joy of welcoming first one dear boy and then another "safe at home again." Out from the ceaseless roar of the big guns, out from the smoke and carnage of battle, from the very jaws of death, they have come back to you. May the joy of the home-coming efface the sharpness of the memory of those anxious hours of waiting.

There is still a third and younger boy "over there", and we join with you in hoping for his speedy and safe return, so that as a united family you may be spared for many years to enjoy happiness and prosperity in your new home.

We realize that out there your children will enjoy greater opportunities than this district affords, and we hope that their future may be crowned with success.

We ask you to accept this purse as a slight token of our appreciation of you all as a family.

Signed on behalf of your friends.
John Maloney Agnes L. Hawkes.
Tom Mahoney F. J. Bullied
Michael O'Brien John O'Brien, jr.
Chas. R. Hawks Michael Cleary.

The Rhineland district of Germany is now agitating to become a separate republic.

At Magistrate Goyette's order Turnkey Laurin locked himself in a jail at Hull for one hour.

A majority of the government buildings in Koenigsberg, East Prussia, have been seized by the Spartacans of Berlin.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

When doctors relapse into the strange language of calories, vitamins, protein, metabolism and the like it is no wonder they make folks tired. But a doctor just can't be happy without a large mouthful of words. Indeed, it often happens that the less thought there is secreted by his brain the more stupendous language there is excreted from his mouth.

In fact, the higher you ascend, or rather the farther you go from shore the more wary you find the "authorities" about committing themselves on anything. For example, this statement appears in a recent monographic work on medicine: "The protein metabolism is also specifically affected by the thyroid secretion." "Specifically affected"! A doctor's way of saying "I'm not going going to commit myself—let the reader try to guess whether I mean increased or decreased." You have to be careful about making any definite statements if you wish to be an authority.

The "authorities" avail themselves of this same old privilege when discussing the catching cold phobia. 'Tis true they admit that the respiratory diseases called "colds" are all caused by bacterial infection (and pity 'tis 'tis true, they think between the lines), yet at the same time we must consider that exposure to cold and wet, lowers the resistance of the individual to such infections. They insist on that, although no one has as yet been able to prove that exposure has anything to do with the respiratory diseases of human beings.

From sixty to seventy five grams of protein (two to two and one half ounces) are required daily in the diet of an adult. How much would that amount to at the table?

Each of these items contains seventy-five grams of protein.

Cheese	9 oz.
Eggs	11½ lbs.
Beans	11½ oz.
Rolled oats	16 oz.
Bread	1 lb 14 oz.
Milk	3 pints, 2 oz.
Beef	14 oz.
Peanut butter	9 oz.
Split peas	10¾ oz.
Corn meal	1 lb. 3 oz.

The body requires 0.67 gram (about 8 grains) of calcium (lime) daily. This is contained in each of the following:

Peanuts	2 oz.
Cabbage	1.2 oz.
Beans	7 oz.
Milk	1.1 pints
Cheese	2¾ oz.
Turnips	4 oz.
Chocolate	2 oz.

The body requires 2.500 to 3.500 calories per day, according to age, weight and work done. Each of the following items has a full value of 100 calories:

Onions	8½ oz.
Potatoes	3½ oz.
Peas, canned	6½ oz.
Apples, baked	3½ oz.
Beef	1¼ oz.
Chicken	3½ oz.
Butter	0.44 oz.
Cheese	0.77 oz.
Cottage cheese	3 oz.
Macaroni	3½ oz.
Milk	4.9 oz.
Candy	¾ oz.

Little Flock of Delusions

1. Will chewing camphur gum prevent person from taking the flu? 2. Will wearing a rheumatism ring prevent rheumatism? 3. What do you think of the advisability of wearing a footpad or plaster to prevent rheumatism? 4. Isn't vaccination liable to cause impure blood? 5. Please list all the symptoms of catarrh?

1. Not if the chewer is exposed to the disease. 2. Only mental rheumatism. 3. It is a silly notion. 4. No. 5. In the first place I do not believe in telling people symptoms—the world is unhappy enough as it is and besides, there is no such thing as "catarrh" outside of almanacs and come-on literature.

Corset Versus Health

"Are corsets healthy for women and girls to wear? If a girl goes without corsets until she is 20 years old will it ruin her figure. I have never worn one, and I enjoy excellent health and I believe I am not a very bad figure, but they all tell me I ought to wear corsets to keep my figure. M.C.O."

Keep on as you are.

Formaldehyde and Tuberculosis

"Is formaldehyde a good disinfectant? How much should be used to disinfect a room for tuberculosis? W. I. S."

Formaldehyde solution is a fairly powerful germicide for germs that fall into it or for germs to which it is directly applied. It is irritating and poisonous and unpleasant in odor. None is necessary to disinfect a room that has been occupied by a person with tuberculosis. Soap and water washing of the floor and wood work and an airing and sunning are sufficient; if the wood work or walls are visibly soiled, renovate the room.

CREAM-FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.

Lindsay Rink To Play To-Night

Tonight at the local curling rink two rinks from Lindsay will play Peterborough in the Tankard primaries for a place in the semi-finals.

The game will commence at 7:30.

Last night one scheduled game was played and resulted as follows:

Hall	J. T. Conery
B. McNeely	C. Moffatt
W. H. Taylor	A. L. F. Hall
A. C. Kay	W. J. Thompson
Skip.....12	Skip.....7

Y. W. C. A. LAUNCH CAMPAIGN FOR SECURING NEW MEMBERS

Over One Hundred Active Workers Attend Banquet Last Night and Program is planned—"Reds" and "Yellows" to Compete

About one hundred girls and ladies were present at the banquet held at the Young Women's Christian Association last evening. The occasion was the inauguration of the membership campaign and those who were present were the Board ladies, the guests of the evening, Miss E. F. Jones and Miss Yeomans, and the captains and members of the teams representing the various classes and clubs in the Association.

A splendid repast was provided and the tables in the dining room, arranged in banquet style, were beautifully decked out in red and yellow, the colors of the Association, and lighted up with candles.

Mrs. Scott, acting President, presided and in a few well-chosen words addressed the gathering, introducing the membership campaign. Mrs Kenner acted as toast mistress, and the following toasts were proposed and responded to: The King. Our Guests, proposed and responded to by Miss Jones; the Y. W. C. A. by Miss Mabel Walker and Miss Florence Jackson; Our Board by Miss Parker and Mrs. Harvey; and the girls of Canada by Mrs. McKenzie and Miss Dorothy Mills.

Miss Jones, National City Secretary spoke in a very bright and enthusiastic manner about the general work of the Young Women's Christian Association throughout the world. It was interesting to learn that in many parts of Russia the Association is a flourishing institution and that in Japan and China much is being done to improve the appalling factory conditions and bring new ideals into the lives of the girls and women. Miss Jones also commented upon the splendid equipment and flourishing condition of the Peterborough Y. W. C. A., and announced that it was looked upon by the Dominion Council as one of the pet Associations; the members were urged to realize their opportunities and make their "Y" an even greater power for good in the community.

Miss Nina Yoeman, Girl's Work Secretary from the Dominion Council, spoke in a simple and inspiring manner on a girl's vision, saying that the things we see are what made up our lives, and asking the girls to look for what is highest and best in life. Miss Yeomans suggested that a wonderful uplift to the community could be accomplished by the girls of Peterborough all working together along the ideals of the Association.

The joys of the summer camp at Longford were pictured vividly before the girls, and altogether the Young Women's Christian Association was shown to be an institution of which any girl or woman might be glad to be a member.

The details of the membership campaign were explained by Miss Parker, General Secretary, and all the girls were supplied with the blanks necessary to solicit membership subscriptions. The Association is divided into two sides, the Reds and the Yellows, of which Mrs. Gardiner and Mrs. Scott respectively are the captains. On each side are six teams, of six members each, each team representing a class or club. Huge charts in the hall of the Association will record the new members who are brought in by each team, at the close of the campaign which will continue for a week, the work of the various teams will be summed and awards presented to the winning side and the most successful team.

It is hoped that this campaign will meet with a hearty response from the friends of the Association and the citizens generally. The work of the Y. W. C. A. is well known, and the value of such an institution in the community is quite appreciated. This is the first time that such a campaign has been held, and those who have planned it are convinced that there are many people, both men and women, in Peterborough who will willingly lend their support by becoming members. If it should happen that some are overlooked in the canvass, those who would like to become members are asked to hand their names in at the office, where all information as to classes, membership privileges and fees will be gladly given.

Polly Day as "Kalama" in "A Night in Honolulu" with Ed Hawaiian Musicians which comes to The Grand" for Matinee and evening performances, Saturday next Feb. 8.

GIVE THE CHILD CHANCE IN LIFE

WOMAN LEGISLATOR'S BILL TO PROTECT BABES BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK

Albany, Feb. 5.—A bill, which aims to protect the child born out of wedlock, has been introduced in the lower House of the Legislature by Mrs. Mary M. Lilly, Democratic Assemblywoman from Manhattan. Under the provisions of the bill, the so-called illegitimate child will be entitled to the name of his or her father, to the care, maintenance and support of the father, and share equally in his estate with any legitimate child.

"Whenever such a child is born," the bill reads, "it shall be the duty of the mother and of the doctor attending the birth to report within ten days thereafter to the local Board of Health the fact of such birth, and a copy of such report shall be immediately transmitted by the local Board of Health to the District Attorney of the county. Such officer shall inquire into the matter, and if satisfied as to the identity of the father, shall file a verified petition in the Supreme Court, praying that the rights and status of such child under this section be determined.

"Failure on the part of the father to comply with the provisions of the bill will be considered a contempt of the court, and may be punished by a term in jail."

Mrs. Lilly, who was the first woman lawyer to institute a reform of the Juvenile Court system years ago, has been nursing this bill in her mind for some time, and it needed only the indorsement of Judge Robert J. Wilkin of the Children's Court of Brooklyn to induce her to take it before the Legislature.

Piecework in Michigan Central shops in St. Thomas was abolished the first of this month.

Limb-makers in Calgary factory have joined the strike, and those in Winnipeg are likely to do so.

Among those who were present last evening at the banquet were Miss Dickson, Mrs. Walsh, Miss Walton, Mrs. Hill, Miss Ingall, Miss Morrow, Mrs. Widdess, Mrs. Hill, Miss Cameron, Mrs. Nugent, Mrs. Turner, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Carmichael, Mrs. Gordon Hall, Mrs. Davidson, Miss Mabel Patterson, Miss Cressman, Miss Dawson.

Miss Florence Scott and Miss Ida Wilson contributed vocal solos to the programme with Miss Ruth Murray as accompanist, while Miss Mabel Penrose acted as pianist for the Doxology and the National Anthem.

The banquet was provided by the ladies of the Board and was arranged by the Social Committee under the able leadership of Mrs. Nugent. All who were present declared that the affair was a success in every particular, and augured well for the success of the campaign.

Demand of the Day.

Today there is a greater demand for workers, real, live, ambitious, resolute workers than ever before in the world's history. Every office and shop in the land is calling for help, and the woman who is poor, but proud—too proud to roll up her sleeves and know the keen joy that comes from real, honest toil—is missing one of life's sweetest consolations. If she is wise now, while the opportunity is hers, she will put that foolish sentiment in the background and seek out the opening that will assure her a living.

Separate Fat From Water.

The recovery of valuable fat remaining in water used in washing wool is now being accomplished by means of a new machine resembling a cream separator, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. In the past various attempts to do this have not proven satisfactory. The wash water runs directly into a bowl making 6,000 revolutions per minute, and the fat is separated almost instantly.

Very Old Family.

Maguire—"Family tree, is it? Shure wan av me ancistors contrholled the intire timber privilege of the gardens av Aden."—Boston Transcript.

Truly Restful.

There is nothing more restful to the tired body than breathing deeply and at the same time relaxing.

The Royal Coal Bin.

King George and Queen Mary have set a splendid example in the matter of coal economy.

The recommendations of the Coal Controller's Committee for cutting down domestic fuel consumption were last winter in large measure forestalled in the royal palaces, and that on the direct initiative of their Majesties. Now that the coal crisis has become acute, further restrictions have been imposed at court. In Buckingham Palace, Windsor Castle and Sandringham the grates have been "bricked up" and the number of fires has been greatly reduced.

Lighting of passages, corridors and anterooms has been cut down by more than half. In their Majesties' private apartments a similar practice has been followed.

Officials of the court have been instructed to see that no unnecessary fires are used or lights kept burning, and generally to supervise an economy campaign.

In the Royal Household an organized scheme for the salvage of waste material is in operation. Fruitstones and nutshells, empty pots and tins, waste paper, worn-out linen and woollen materials, are collected and sent to agencies for conversion to some purpose useful in the national interest. Ashes are sifted, and the recovered cinders are used for fuel and fire-banking. Buckingham Palace gardens have been for long a market garden. The garden refuse is collected and used for fuel.

The palace laundry list has been revised with a view to economy, and there has been a marked reduction in the work.—Tit-Bits.

Arab Decorated.

King George recently decorated with the Chain of the Royal Victorian Order Prince Feisal, son of the Arab King of the Hedjaz, who distinguished himself in the Palestine campaign. The prince, who looked very striking in the Arab head dress, does not speak English and during the ceremony the conversation was carried on by means of an interpreter.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

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Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, credited from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

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Debentures issued for sums of $100 and upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
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D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
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TRAIN YOUR STOMACH TO EAT HEARTILY

Plain Food is the Rule Today But Is Heavy for Many Stomachs. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Will Digest Any Food

Nothing is More Utterly Wasteful Than to Leave a Plateful of Food Picked At.

People who nibble at food can recall the time when they ate heartily of anything they liked. There was no dyspepsia then, no stomach trouble, because there was a plentiful supply of digestive juices. You can bring back the good old times if you follow each meal with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. They relieve sour stomach, water brash, heartburn, gas, rumblings, bad breath, coated tongue and dead, dull, stupid feeling.

Sit down to your next meal and eat heartily. Enjoy your food in peace. Let your appetite have full play. When all through, take a couple of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and fear no consequences. Thousands have taken this advice and been glad they did.

Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets from your druggist.

BETTER SHOWING IN ATTENDANCE

NINETY-ONE PER CENT. OF ENROLLED PUPILS ATTEND SCHOOL.

A communication was read at the regular meeting of the Board of Education from Principal Kenner thanking the members on behalf of his staff for the ten per cent. salary bonus for the year 1919, granted at a recent meeting. In another letter Mr. Kenner stated that the following gentlemen had presented to the Collegiate Institute enlarged photographs of their sons who had fallen in battle during 1918:—Mr. A. E. Dixon, of his son Bombadier Herbert Dixon; Mr. J. I. Davidson, of his son, Pte. John Davidson; Mr. John Cameron, of his son, Captain Ross Cameron. He asked the Board to acknowledge the receipt of the pictures.

Forestry travelogues are being arranged for by the Canadian Forestry Association and a letter was read before the Board asking for co-operation in connection with an illustrated lecture for the senior school pupils in this city provided a hall could be provided free of charge. Mr. Kenner was requested to look into the matter.

School Attendance.

Speaking in connection with his report upon the attendance in the city schools for the month of January, which was submitted at the meeting last night, Inspector Mowatt stated that the showing made was a little better than for several months past. The report from the various schools is as follows:

School.	Enrollment.	Average.
Central	521	472
Queen Alexandra . .	341	311
King Edward	549	488
Queen Mary	517	472
King George	311	280
South Central	422	385
Totals	2661	2408

Fire drill was practised in each of the schools throughout the month.

The attendance of the pupils has greatly improved, and there was practically no sickness among the teaching staff during the month.

Principal Kenner submitted his report upon attendance at the Collegiate Institute for the past month: There was an average attendance of 348 and the number on the roll 367, which makes a percentage of 95.

Chairman E. G. Patterson, speaking for the Building Committee, reported progress, in connection with matters under its consideration.

The expulsion of the German troops in Turkey is proceeding.

ACTORS AND SINGERS OF THE PERIOD OF LONG AGO

Useless to Dwell Upon Their Superiority as Today's Artists Have Neither Plays Nor Modern Songs.

Who is writing plays and who is playing the classics and what sort of people are we not to understand the theatrical cycle whistling at our heels?

"The good old days" and "the halcyon days," and all the other kind of days of the theatre have no thing to do with this century, even as a fashionable habit of comparison, much to the discredit of present day plays and players. It is quite certain that grand opera has lost much of its grandest air; because, except for one luminous Italian woman and one luminous Italian man, the voices contributed could not be compared to those of twenty years ago. But the talented divas and tenors and baritones have been adequate to the modern composers and acceptable in the classics. The same may be claimed in the theatre. We do not so readily shelve Mozart, Verdi, Wagner or Gounod as we do Shakespeare, Moliere, Sheridan or Sardou. The singers go on and on lending their best to keep alive the glories of grand opera, and vigorously attack the current composers as they come along in creditable if not equal splendors following the fundamental architecture of the opera in history.

Why Because Past Glories

What earthly good is it to lose the loveliness in talent like that of Farrar, Garden, Raisa and their genuine artistic congregation of singers, while bemoaning opera days when Calve, Nordica, Eames, Melba, Schalchi, Sembrich, Lehmann, Schumann-Heink and dozens of brilliant young vocalists appeared each week? It is rather unreasonable to overlook the bounteous supply of excellent tenors and basso-profundo singers, of baritones and buffos equal to delivering any of the scores of to-day or yesterday and sulkily compare them to the De Reszkes, Plancon, Campanari, Campanini, Lucia, Pantaleoni or Victor Maurel. Those we have completely handle anything the modern composers provide, while Caruso, Galli-Curci and their few peers keep grand opera above the dead sea level of the century at least. Just the same with drama. The plays are scarce, meager, forced and unnerved one way or the other. Poetic drama is shunted to the storehouse and the young people pluckily struggle to lift the which they have as high as their ambitions.

Nothing for Great Ones to Play

It is not the slightest use to mourn the absence of Booth, McCullough, Barrett, Siddons, Modjeska, Marlowe or Anderson. It is hopeless to draw invidious comparisons between the hearty efforts of such serious actors as the hour provides and Richard Mansfield, Henry Irving, Beerbohm Tree and E. H. Sothern. What would these men and women of genius play were they here? The public has told actors in plain terms that as little Shakespeare as possible would suit best. Plenty of them would love to play Shakespeare and play him admirably. Even Otis Skinner and Margaret Anglin, who were hard to convince nearly understand by now that they may do the things if they want, but the public will ignore them. As a matter of fact it is a lucky thing the noble army of revered players finished imperishable activities when they did, for the years are not being kind to actors, and we are starved for plays. Barrie, Shaw, some august foreigners and here and there a gay Philistine frolic tempestuously in the bizarre and bitter. Brisk Englishmen rally to the standard and deluge the stage with smart dialogue and pretty scenes and Americans are sprawling over the field, smelling plots like bloodhounds of lesters, arriving nowhere in particular and doing little good. This is the material handed to the stage where naturally talent sits waiting, underfed and overpaid and growing less imperial every year.

A Wail in Chorus

The shriek for plays has become a wail in chorus. Nobody has any plays. Skinner, Rambeau, Ferguson, Burke, Grace George, Mazine Elliott, Maude Adams, Faversham, hundreds less stellar attractions await plays. The death is pitiful. It has been a season of plays with stars in the making not a season of stars well set in great plays. We have a great many delightful comedians, but no comedy. We have a great many fascinating actresses, but no plays for them. Either they go on prowling about in frayed repertoires of the past, or as Mr. Arliss manages, take a couple of fair to middling vehicles and stitch them together, poking out an evening of charm altogether the player's own making. John Booth has it in him and may write something. Channing Pollock writes too exuberantly to be as exquisite and classical as he could were he less prolific. Pollock has the most real talent afloat among the breakers of the literary end of the drama. He is lusciously romantic and imaginative, witty and accurate, but he makes too much money, as most of them do. Our present day actors are more cultivated, more amenable an dbetter adapted to roughing it among bad plays than any players of the other centuries. They could do the big things but are not allowed to because the time is out of tune for sonorious poetic drama. Centered in close quarters of other days, with few theatres and few plays, the magnificent things had to be done occasionally. An actor here and there was a star. Now every actor who sees his name in print instantly achieves the term of starfits. At that most of them make gowns in precious queer plays. They have enormous help from the cash box, the scene painter, the producer and costumer, but little from the playwright. Indeed, today's actor has in the balance much in his favor. There are hundreds instead of twenties distributed variously in melodrama, comedy, farce, burlesque, vaudeville and musical plays.

FOR BENEFIT OF PTE. McINTOSH

GRAND OPERA HOUSE MANAGEMENT WILL DEVOTE MONDAY AFTERNOON'S RECEIPTS.

The total proceeds of the Monday afternoon performance at the Grand Opera House will be turned over by the management to the fund now being raised for the benefit of Private McIntosh, the blind veteran whose home and all its contents were recently destroyed by fire. There was no insurance upon the property. Patrons of the Opera House will have the opportunity of witnessing a splendid performance and at the same time contribute to a worthy cause.

This is the last night for the excellent bill now running at the Grand and which consists of two good comedies, a Judge Brown story, one of O Henry's ranch tales, the usual Pathe news features and high-class vaudeville put on by Fredo and Primrose, in song, music, dancing and racey dialogue.

WEBER CANNOT APPEAR IN COURT

REEVE OF NEUSTADT TOO ILL TO LEAVE HIS HOME.

Owen Sound, Feb. 5.—Owing to his illness Reeve Weber of Neustadt will not come up for trial here today. A Toronto firm of lawyers, who are acting for Mr. Weber, has requested an adjournment and the case will not be heard till Tuesday, February 11. There are five charges against Weber under the Military Service Act, one being of having offered to give $500 to the Patriotic Fund if his son were exempted. The accused now has pneumonia as the result of the nine-mile walk he had last Thursday night after being run out of Owen Sound by a large crowd. Mr Weber has intimated that he intends to bring a suit for damages against the town.

DRINK HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST

Says you really feel clean, sweet and fresh inside, and are seldom ill.

If you are accustomed to wake up with a coated tongue, foul breath or a dull, dizzy headache; or, if your meals sour and turn into gas and acids, you have a real surprise awaiting you.

To-morrow morning, immediately upon arising, drink a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is intended to first neutralize and then wash out of your stomach, liver, kidneys and thirty feet of intestines all the indigestible waste, poisons, sour bile, and toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal.

Those subject to sick headaches, backache, bilious attacks, constipation or any form of stomach trouble, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store and begin enjoying this morning inside-bath. It is said that men and women who try this become enthusiastic and keep it up daily. It is a splendid health measure for it is more important to keep clean and pure on the inside than on the outside, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing disease, while the bowel pores do.

The principle of bathing inside is not new, as millions of people practice it. Just as hot water and soap cleanse, purify and freshen the skin, so hot water and a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Limestone phosphate is an inexpensive white powder and almost tasteless.

GO TO PENITENTIARY

Two Young Men Failed to Report for Service.

Kingston, Dec. 5.—James A. Babcock and William and Thomas Fitzgerald, of Hinchinbrook, were sent to the penitentiary for one year each, for failing to obey an order to report for military service. Magistrate Farrell said they would carry a brand through life which they would never erase.

Make Soldiers Of All Citizens

Toronto, Feb. 5. A system of universal military training in Canada was advocated by Major H. M. Mowat, M.P., for Parkdale, in an address to a number of the C. E. F. and the Canadian Militia at the Military Institute last night. The speaker acknowledged that a great deal of opposition to the carrying-out of the idea would be encountered from various quarters, but expressed the opinion that this would ultimately be overcome. Major Mowat did not agree with the idea that the last war had been fought and cited the example of the many wars that followed the battle of Waterloo, which was regarded by many as the end of the militaristic period. In the United States, everyone from colonel to doughboy was in favor of compulsory military training, according to the speaker, whose proposal was that a Universal Service Act be passed at once, rendering military training necessary for all men up to twenty-five years of age. He thought but six weeks a year would be a sufficient period, and expressed the opinion that the men should be paid by their employers while away.

COUNTY COUNCIL AHEAD OF AGE

VICTORIA REEVES TAKE UP THE QUESTION OF CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS.

At the recent meeting of the Victoria County Council at Lindsay, the question of the improvement of the rural schools came up in connection with the report of the Inspectors. A whole session was given to an earnest discussion of the question, especially in regard to the possibility of consolidation of a number of the schools. A committee consisting of the inspectors and a number of the reeves was chosen to investigate possibilities of a comprehensive scheme for the consolidation for the rural school of the county and to bring in a report at the June meeting.

It is proposed to hold a number of public meetings throughout the county at which the matter can be discussed and the people informed as to the work that is being accomplished by these schools elsewhere.

The allowance of the inspectors for travelling and other expenses was increased, in the case of Mr. Stevens, from $420 to $525, and in the case of Mr. Broderick, from $13 to $20 a month.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence)

Omemee, Feb. 5.—The Public Library is about to be re-opened.

Mrs. Millard, of Fort Erie, is spending a few days with her daughter, who has been seriously ill.

Mrs. Ira Retuil was a visitor to Lindsay on Saturday.

Mrs. Allie Fee returned home on Monday night after spending a short time under the parental roof at Victoria Road.

Miss MacDonagh and Miss Lila Parsons were visitors to Lindsay on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Laidley, of Lindsay, are spending a few days in Omemee.

Rev. Mr. MacInnis, of the Presbyterian Church, announced his resignation at the morning service on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Bradley, of Bumsford, have moved to Omemee, Mr. Bradley having secured the grocery business which for many years has been successfully run by Mr. H. R. Murray. Mr. Murray, who is leaving in the near future for Peterboro, will rest for a year before going into business again. While the citizens in general regret the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Murray from Omemee, we heartily welcome to our midst Mr and Mrs. Bradley.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. McCutcheon, of Bloomfield, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Fee.

Pte. Will. Balfour arrived very quietly from overseas on Friday last. Pte. Balfour enlisted in Edmonton in 1916, and has seen much service. His many friends are pleased to welcome him back again to his old home town. He is the guest of his sister, Mrs Charles Rutherford.

Mrs. Estus, of Orillia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Abbott.

Pte. Wellington Rutherford arrived home on Saturday from overseas and is receiving the glad hand of welcome from his many old friends in Omemee. Pte. utherford is spending a few days with his mother and sisters.

Our High School opened on Monday, Miss MacDonagh being in charge in the temporary absence of Miss Millard.

Mr. C. W. Richards, of Millbrook, was a business visitor to Omemee on Monday.

Mr. Alex. Long was a visitor to Lindsay on Saturday.

Miss Paul was a visitor to the County town on Monday.

Pte. Arthur Peck, who has been overseas for the past three years, returned on Friday and at present is with Mrs. Peck, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Irwin.

Naval Cadet Harold Stinson, who returned to his home in Lindsay last week after many adventures at sea visited his aunt Mrs. Bushnell, on Tuesday.

Lady Eaton, accompanied by Miss Kiel, enjoyed the unique experience of a mid-winter motor trip from Toronto to Omemee on Tuesday.

Pte. Peter Birchell returned home unannounced on Tuesday evening. Pte. Birchell has spent nineteen months in hospitals, as a result of his wounds. We are glad to welcome to our midst the boys who have fought and won.

Miss Greta Mills, of Peterboro, is spending a few days under the parental roof.

Pte. Reggie Couch arrived home last week from England.

The ban has been lifted by the Board of Health on churches, schools and places of business.

Mrs. Borland and Mrs. Martin, of Peterboro, visited their sister, Mrs. Cunningham, on Wednesday.

January Income Of School Board

Rent Cedar street house ...	$ 5 00
City Treasurer, municipal grant	8000 00
Fees, Collegiate Institute ..	819 50
Fees, text books and supplies	340 78
Government grant, M.T. and H.S.	405 25
Government grant, P.S. inspection	408 00
	$9978 53

GONE! THE OLD STYLE PAIL

Yes, they're gone! Sad wrecks, aren't they?—fit only for the junk pile or the dismal places where the rubbish is shot.

Familiar objects, these, in the days when the coopered or metal pail was in common use. But those days are passing. With the growing use of

EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE HOUSEHOLD PAILS

such losses are reduced to a minimum. Wood pulp, shaped by tremendous hydraulic pressure and baked with intense heat, produces the most durable and economical container for liquids and semi-solids. Eddy's wash-tubs, milk pails, butter tubs, etc., not only outlast the old-fashioned articles of metal or woodenware, but actually cost less money. Your dealer has them.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Makers of the Famous Eddy Matches

B1

SEEK TO UNITE VETERANS WITH LABOR AND FARMERS

Movement is on Among Low Tariff Westerners for New Political Party—Soldiers Are Needed Most by Others.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—A movement is on foot throughout the Prairie Provinces to unite, if possible, the Grain Growers, Labor and returned soldiers for common political action. Those behind this effort believe that the platform of the Canadian Council of Agriculture is broad enough for these three interests to stand upon. Whether this is so or not, an attempt to get them together upon it is being made.

In the prairie cities Socialistic Labor has not developed much strength at the polls, outside of Winnipeg and Calgary. In both of these cities it succeeded a few years ago in electing several representatives, but in Winnipeg, Riggs, the well-known Labor member of the Legislature, has drawn away from a number of his old-time Labor colleagues, because, being a soldier himself, he could not see eye to eye with them on the war. In Calgary it is doubtful whether extreme Labor would do as well today as it did during the last Provincial elections. Be this as it may, it realizes that to effect anything worth while it must join forces with something stronger. Hence the turning towards the soldiers and Grain Growers.

On the question of direct political action the Grain Growers on the whole hardly know what to do. For long there has been an element among them eager to break into politics, but the leaders have held this element in check. However, this year the demand for direct political action has become stronger, and it is doubtful whether it can be much longer restricted.

At the recent convention of the United Farmers of Alberta it was decided to countenance and support the "political action" group. But fearing the effect upon the association if the attempt should fail, the association as such decided to let its individual units, or districts, do as they liked. In short, the association, per se, will not undertake to nominate and elect candidates, but it has authorized this course by units, and it also permits its officers to give what help they may.

"Logical," Says Leader.

Discussing the subject recently, Secretary Musselman, of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers, said that political action would be one of the most important matters discussed at the approaching Provincial convention. Personally, he seems to think that the time for this has come. He has written considerably on the subject and undoubtedly inclines to the view that to line up behind either of the old parties would be a mistake and that something new should be tried. He points out that to get into politics is the logical thing for the Saskatchewan Grain Growers, since they have practically solved all the problems that they first set out to deal with.

Though conscious of their own strength, the knowing ones among the Grain Growers who favor direct political action, know that they need allies, so they naturally lean towards the returned soldiers and Labor.

Tariff Is Not All.

The eagerness of those behind the new movement to get the returned men in on it is quite natural. "It is great we are able to go through," recognized that in comparison with their numbers they will be the strongest element in the field, and that any political movement that hopes to be successful must have their support. But the returned soldiers think of other things than the tariff. Undoubtedly the great majority of them on the prairies are for low tariff, but they do not consider it the be-all and end-all of political effort, tas do some western factions. It is quite probable that, on the whole, they could work quite well with a large proportion of the Grain Growers, but it is by no means as certain that they could do so with the extreme Socialists. A large portion of the latter are very close to Bolshevism, and the returned men have nothing in common with that crowd.

In this new movement is a recognition of the fact that to attain success there must be oneness of action among all political elements on the prairies, and that the support of the returned soldiers is essential to success.

RUSHING FOOD TO THE HUNGRY

CONTROLLER HOOVER TELLS WHAT THE AMERICANS ARE DOING.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The passage by the American Congress of the bill appropriating $100,000,000 for relief in Europe "will life a load of fear from the hearts of millions of people in Europe," declared Herbert C. Hoover, director general of relief, in a statement issued recently. Mr. Hoover outlined the use to which the money is to be put and the means already taken for the relief of various peoples.

"We have at sea," he said, "or discharging in the port of Trieste 70,000 tons of food for the Jugo-Slavs, Serbians and Czecho-Slovaks. We have 30,000 tons of food either arrived at or in progress to the Black Sea for Roumania. The Armenian relief committee has 7,000 tons on the way to Armenia and Syria, as a gift, and we are placing 10,000 tons in Constantinople as a reserve for them. We have 40,000 tons in Poland, on the way or being transhipped from Rotterdam for the Poles, and 70,000 tons in Rotterdam awaiting re-shipment to the Finns and other liberated populations in Russia. The Polish relief commission is sending a gift of 7,000 tons to the Poles.

"Since the armistice the British authorities have distributed about 50,000 tons of food to the Serbians; the Italian authorities some 10,000 tons to the Austrians, and the British authorities have in progress some 12,000 or 15,000 tons of food to the Roumanians. We have since the armistice delivered into Rotterdam 200,000 tons of food for the Belgians and the liberated French, with the support of our treasury and Belgium and France. Our offices have been opened at virtually every capital among the distressed peoples, and with the passage of his Act of Congress we are able to go through."

Remember the..... **WINDING-UP ESTATE SALE**

Of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Cut Prices on Every Pair.
MUST BE SOLD IN THIRTY DAYS

CITY FOOTWEAR CO., 174 Charlotte Street, Opposite White House

ACCOUNTS NOT PAID BY FEB. 10, WILL BE GIVEN TO OTHER HANDS FOR COLLECTION

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHER

Coughing Spreads Disease

SINCE 1870

SHILOH

30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS

ONLY THIS FOR CHILDREN

Bread made from Purity Flour is wholesome, is nourishing, and is good to eat

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-009 Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

PURITY OATS make good wholesome porridge

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
TORONTO, ONTARIO

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, Feb. 5.—A sad accident occurred on Saturday morning when Mr. George Sharpe, while at work in the tannery, was unfortunate enough to have his leg broken by some lumber falling on it. Medical assistance was hastily summoned and the injured member promptly attended to. Then the young man was taken to his home, where he is doing as well as could be expected.

Sunday was Candlemas Day and Bruin would have had no difficulty in seeing his shadow and doubtless has gone to sleep for forty days longer.

Mr. and Mrs. Prentice have moved their household effects into the rooms on Albert street recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jones and owned by Miss A. Hermiston.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church met for their regular monthly meeting on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. Carter. A number of important items of business were discussed and preliminary arrangements made for a St. Patrick's social. After the business was ended a dainty lunch was served and much enjoyed.

Mr. Grover Kerr returned during the week from overseas service and is once more enjoying the pleasures of home and family.

Mr. Britton of Peterborough was in town on Thursday in the interests of the Heintzman Piano Co.

Mr. Will Tate is spending a holiday in Lindsay with his sister, Mrs. J. G. Staples. We are sorry to learn that Mr. Staples is ill with influenza, but he is on the road to recovery. His many friends here wish for him a speedy restoration to health.

An unusually large consignment of hogs left the G. T. R. station here on Thursday for the city markets.

Quite a number of our young people drove to Westwood on Friday evening and enjoyed the carnival. Those who attended report a good crowd and an enjoyable time.

Mr. Sid. Fisher of Campbellford was in town during the week.

A number of our citizens went to Campbellford last week to attend the hockey match between Norwood and Campbellford and certainly enjoyed the outing.

Mr. Jim Wilcox of Shelbourne is the guest of his sister, Miss Jessie Wilcox and Mr. and Mrs. V. German.

Mrs. (Rev.) Snell is confined to her home as the result of a fall on the ice, thereby injuring her spine. Her many friends are hoping that she may speedily recover.

Mr. Max Beavis, of Bratton, Sask., late of the Flying Corps, Toronto, is holidaying with friends in and near Hastings prior to leaving for his home in the West.

Sapper Percy Johnson left Saturday for his home in Lakefield after a pleasant visit with friends in the village.

Mrs. David Scriver returned last week from an extended visit with friends in Toronto.

Miss Elsie Laing of Norwood spent Sunday with friends here.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered in the Methodist Church Sunday morning, Rev. I. Snell officiating.

The quarterly official board met in the Methodist church parlor Monday afternoon, when important business was discussed and disposed of.

The W. M. S. of the Methodist Church met on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. F. Runnels and packed a bale of quilts and clothing to be shipped to some needy station through the supply committee at Toronto.

The I. O. D. E. held their February meeting in their rooms Monday afternoon, when the annual election of officers took place.

Mrs. William Preston is ill with influenza.

Mrs. Stott of Edmonton has been the guest of her friend, Mrs. J. Valleau.

Mrs. Foster of Belleville spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. E. Prentice, Albert street.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
307 George St. Next Turnbull's

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

Absurd Expectations

It is altogether too much to expect your eyesight to improve without assistance. When trouble comes it is a sign of failure of vision power, and grows worse if neglected. Let Dr. Fowler examine the eyes on the first hint of trouble; it will pay well in the end.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY FINANCE PLAYGROUNDS

On Motion of Trustee Worth, Who Fathers the Proposition, a Committee is Appointed to Consider Ways and Means.

Mr. J. W. Worth at the meeting of the Board of Education last night championed the cause of the Playgrounds Association. He maintained that the Board of Education should take charge of the work now being carried on by this organization, which has none much in the past towards providing safe places for the children to play.

Mr. Worth had written Dr. Cody to ask whether the Board of Education would be justified in taking up work of this kind, and whether they had authority to appropriate money for such a purpose. He received a reply from the Minister of Education in which he was informed that the Board had such powers.

In dealing with what had been none by the Playgrounds Association in the past, Mr. Worth referred to the lack of funds which had constantly hampered its efforts. The difficulty of getting sufficient money had been increased as a result of the calls for financial assistance for organizations doing war work, but now that these were no longer being made he felt that this trouble would not be encountered.

In the past the Playgrounds Association had been able to do a fair amount of good work. They had equipped two playgrounds for the use of the children during the summer vacation and had engaged a male and a female supervisor at $100 and $75 per month respectively.

Mr. Worth enlarged upon the good which could be accomplished if the Board would take an interest in this work and would extend the field of operations. It was hoped to provide six playgrounds such as the two which had been maintained in the past, and in these the children of the city would find a safe place to indulge in sports under the care of officials whose duty it would be to insure them against accident.

He urged the Board to take action and tabled a motion providing for the appointment of a committee to consider the feasibility of the proposition and make a recommendation to the Board at its next meeting. Those named upon this committee were Messrs. Cameron, McKone, Fowler, Dr. Neal ann Mr. Worth.

Mr. Fowler, in seconding the motion, commended the idea heartily.

Chairman Denne wanted to know where the money to be devoted to the development of such a scheme was to be obtained. Mr. Fowler replied that as there had always been a deficit at the end of the year this was not a very serious consideration.

Chairman Denne thought it unfortunate that provision had not been made for the financing of such a venture when the estimates were struck.

Mr. Worth replied that he had been waiting for the end of his correspondence with the Minister of Education and did not feel like moving in the matter until he was sure of his position.

"Why didn't you give notice of the probability of a demand of this kind?" rejoined Mr. Denne.

The discussion ended at this point and the motion was submitted and carried.

STOPS BACKACHE IN FEW MINUTES

RUB LUMBAGO, PAIN, SORENESS, STIFFNESS RIGHT OUT WITH "ST. JACOBS LINIMENT."

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or neuritis has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating liniment takes the ache and pain right out an dends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly and surely. It never disappoints!

CALL GOES OUT FOR BUSINESS MEN

TO HELP FIND PLACES FOR THE RETURNED SOLDIERS.

How many successful business men of this city will undertake to find positions for ten returned men?

If every successful man would take it upon himself to personally place even one or two other men, it would give a boost to the employment situation. But if one hundred business men each undertook to place ten men, things would move along in good shape.

Big Brothering upon a new scale has been commenced in Boston as a solution to the employment problem. The idea originated with the district manager of the General Electric Co., Chas. B. Davis, who announced that he would personally assist the work of the Boston Service Man's Employment Bureau by finding positions, picked positons suitable to their ability, for ten men, provided he could link up the services of one hundred other successful business men to undertake the same number of placements.

"It is the Andrew idea," says one business man in describing the scheme. "You will remember that Andrew was the disciple who, not content with getting good news himself, went out and gathered in those he met."

Well, the successful business man in this story does not rest until he has got out and helped ten other fellows on the road to success. The bargain does not place anyone under an obligation to fit the ten men into positions straight away, but it means that each one of the ten will be taken individually and handled exclusively until he is satisfactorily placed.

Who will start the ball rolling in Canada?

Wanted—Live business men who will undertake to personally place three or more returned soldiers.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence.)

Keene, Feb. 5.—Pte. L. M. Roche returned home from France on Tuesday of last week. Pte. Roche has been on active service in France for the past two years, leaving Peterboro with the 93rd Battalion. He was wounded at Hill 70, and later at Lens. He had the distinction during President Wilson's visit to King George of being one of the guards of honor.

Mrs. William Wedlock was in Peterboro on Wednesday to attend the wedding of Miss Phoebe Wedlock to Mr. William Faffries.

Under the rink management a ball and supper will be given in the Town Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 7.

Mr. R. E. Dickerson, who has been visiting Norville the past three weeks, returned home on Monday.

Mr. T. Howey, of Brightonville, is visiting at the home of his son, Rev. Mr. Howey.

Mr. Patrick Roche and son, Pte. L. M. Roche, visited friends at Westwood last Thursday.

Mr. William Campbell was in Peterboro last Wednesday on business.

Miss Lola Belle Kempt spent a few days last week in Peterboro.

Mrs. Richard Short, sr., was in Peterboro on Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Byers motored to Peterboro on Saturday.

Rev. Donald McGillivary lectured at the Presbyterian Church last Friday evening. Mr. McGillivary is a missionary, recently returned from China.

Mr. Alfred Fletcher was in Peterboro a few days the past week.

Rev. Mr. McEachern is spending the week in Toronto.

Miss Belle McFarlane and Mr. G. McIntyre spent Sunday at Peterboro.

Mrs. Harry Andrew was shopping at Peterboro on Tuesday.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered at the Methodist Church last Sunday morning.

Mrs. Archie Kempt and little son, William, returned home last Wednesday from Peterboro.

Mrs. R. N. Johnston returned home Saturday where she spent the week with friends.

Mr. William Brown is visiting Toronto friends.

Mr. William Kempt was in Peterboro Saturday on business.

Financial Report Of School Board

At the regular meeting of the School Board last night Chairman Patterson, of the Finance Committee, submitted the following report for January:

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Education:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg to report and recommend the payment of the following accounts:

1.	Davis Thompson Co., insurance	$ 92 00
2.	Wm. Might, insurance	50 00
3.	Hill, Weddell & Company, insurance	230 00
4.	Globe Printing Company, advertising	7 68
5.	F. R. J. MacPherson Co., repairs to bugle	35
6.	Peck Kerr & McElderry to 1st Jan., 1919	50 00
7.	J. P. Pallinghorn, livery	10 00
8.	Bell Telephone Co., phone, inspector's office	7 50
9.	G.N.W. Co., telegram	32
10.	Peterborough Milk Products Co., milk	2 22
11.	Peterborough Planing Mill Co., lumber for Manual Training	10 70
12.	Kingan Hardware Co., goods for Manual Training	3 55
13.	R. H. Hunter, groceries	44 35
14.	Higgins Hardware Co., hardware	10 86
15.	Hydro Electric Power Commission, gas	70
16.	W. J. Mein, repairs to boiler	12 00
17.	R. Fair & Co., shades	3 92
18.	Peterboro Utilities Commission, light and power	79 08
19.	Nelson's Typewriter Co., account, Industrial Classes, etc.	7 50
20.	Grant & Thorpe, account, Industrial Classes, etc.	11 24
21.	Peterborough Examiner, account Industrial Classes, etc.	3 85
22.	J. J. Duffus, account, Industrial Classes, etc.	7 25

Your Committee also recommend that the treasurer be paid the sum of $15.00 for pretty cash.

Respectfully submitted,
E. G. PATTERSON,
Chairman.

KEEP URIC ACID OUT OF JOINTS

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO EAT LESS MEAT AND TAKE SALTS.

Rheumatism is easier to avoid than to cure, states a well-known authority. We are advised to dress warmly; keep the feet dry; avoid exposure; eat less meat, but drink plenty of good water.

Rheumatism is a direct result of eating too much meat and other rich foods that produce uric acid which is absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urin! the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate the uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which helps overcome uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

Accounts Paid By The School Board

Moved by J. W. Worth, seconded by A. A. Fowler, that the payment of the following accounts be confirmed:

G. M. Miller & Co., in full settlement of account re plans for improved ventilation at the Collegiate Institute	$ 50.00
M. Flaherty, account per order	3.00
Peterboro' Util. Commis., water	12.18
H. B. Wright, account per order	7.00
Y.M.C.A. for January	120.00
St. James' Church, half year rent due Feb. 1, 1919, for class room in basement	150.00

Buiding permits to a total value of $25,000 were issued in Galt during January.

HERE'S WHAT PEOPLE SAY ABOUT TANLAC

"I Feel Like Going From House to House and Telling Everybody About It," Says A. J. Livingston—People From All Walks of Life Praise Medicine That Has Helped Them.

"I just feel like going from house to house and telling the people about Tanlac."—A. J. Livingston, Ashland City, Tenn.

"This is really the first medicine I have ever taken that does what they say it will do."—J. F. Holley, Lexington, Ky.

"I would not take one thousand dollars for what this wonderful medicine, Tanlac, has done for me."—Mrs. Hattie Lutes, Lexington, Ky.

"We have sold 1,180 bottles of Tanlac and have never had a dissatisfied customer."—Smiser Drug Co., Columbia, Tenn.

"For two years before taking Tanlac I had rheumatism so bad I couldn't raise my left hand to my head. I now feel like a new man."—J. B. Woodward, Lexington, Ky.

"I feel so good after taking Tanlac that I told my hands the other day I believed I could beat any of them shucking corn. I meant it, and believe me I could have beat 'em all."—J. A. White, R. F. D., Lexington, Ky.

"In my thirty years of active practice as a physician I have never seen anything to equal Tanlac as a medicine to produce results."—Dr. J. T. Edwards, Fayetteville, Ga.

"I would certainly like to shake the hand of the man who discovered Tanlac, and tell him the good it has done my wife."—R. L. Winter, Macon, Ga.

"I wouldn't take a hundred acres of the best land in Georgia for the good Tanlac has done me."—Z. T. Moody, Greensboro, Ga.

"This medicine is worth its weight in gold, and if the price was fifty dollars a bottle instead of one dollar I would buy it just the same if I had the money."—Robert Young, Knoxville, Tenn.

"Four bottles of Tanlac helped me more than fifteen years of medical treatment that cost me an average of $100 a year."—E. B. Hall, Fountain City, Tenn.

"Money couldn't buy the good Old Tanlac has done for me."—Ex-Sheriff Archie Anderson, Houston, Texas.

"Tanlac has certainly helped me and I recommend it to others for the good it has done me."—Ex-Sheriff C. W. Mangum, Atlanta, Ga.

"I would spend the last dollar I had on earth for Tanlac; I have gained nine and a half pounds on one bottle and feel just like a new man."—J. T. Andrews.

"If the people of this town only knew the good Tanlac did me you wouldn't be able to make it fast enough to supply the demand."—Miss Mattie C. Bond, Memphis, Tenn.

"Yes, sir, I gained twenty-five pounds by taking Tanlac, and it has been a long time since I felt as well as I do now."—Capt. Jeff D. Riggs, Vicksburg, Miss.

"Before I took Tanlac I would gladly have given a thousand dollars to have been able to eat the supper I've just finished."—John Farrell, Nashville, Tenn.

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

NEW OFFICERS OF ORANGE CO. LODGE

BRO. J. H. SPENCE IS ELECTED WORTHY COUNTY MASTER.

The annual meeting of the County Loyal Orange Lodge of West Peterboro was held in Victoria Hall on Tuesday, Feb. 4th. After the general routine of business was transacted, the election of officers took place, which resulted as follows:

W. Co. M.—Bro. J. H. Spence, No. 50, re-elected.

Dep. Co. M.—Bro. E. H. Brown, No. 457.

Co. Chaplain—Bro. J. J. Cunningham, No. 457, re-elected.

Co. Rec. Sec.—Bro. W. G. Bartley, No. 321, re-elected.

Co. Fin. Sec.—Bro. Bert Lockington, No. 457, re-elected.

Co. Treas.—Bro. W. Kirk, No. 457.

Co. Lecturer—Bro. Geo. Porter, No. 80.

Co. Director of Ceremonies—Bro. R. Ritchie, No. 321.

1st and 2nd Lecturers—Bro. Darling, No. 122, and Bro. Lennyson, No. 50.

The newly elected officers were then duly installed by Rev. Bro. H. Fish, Past Grand Chaplain of British America, who gave a very instructive address, which brought the meeting to a close.

Appropriate addresses were delivered by the newly installed officers.

Four barrels of whiskey were stolen from a consignment of 20 en route to E. B. Smith, Government vendor at London.

Mrs. S. J. Day of Portsmouth found a $125 pearl in an oyster she was eating.

APSLEY

Apsley, Feb. 5.—The annual meeting of the patrons of the Apsley Cheese factory was held on Saturday, Jan. 25.

The following is the statement of the factory for the season of 1918:

Total weight of milk, 362951 lbs.; standards, 120 stds., 2951 lbs.; total pounds of cheese, 34391¼ lbs.; average lbs. of milk per lb cheese, 10.55; average price per lb. of cheese, $22.75; price per standard to patrons, $52.11.

Receipts for Season.

Hodgson Bros. and Rowson	$7617 10
Interest	26 00
Cheese sold to patrons	132 94
Local sales	73 71
	$7850 75

Expenditures.

Paid cheesemakers for manuf.	$ 601 86
Salaries, freight and other expenses	136 06
Paid to patrons	6304 52
Milk drawing	808 31
	$7850 75

Average cost of milk drawing per standard $6 66

The four patrons sending the largest amount of milk during the season were:

Mr. Esau Tucker ..... 27575 lbs.
Mrs. Richard Hales ..... 25093 lbs.
Mr. William McKay .... 21832 lbs.
Mr. Thomas Tanner .... 19504 lbs.

Prof. Edward Charles Pickering, astronomer and director of Harvard Observatory, is dead after a brief illness.

The Grand River Railway will commence at once building the new railway between Hespeler and Preston.

The Wm. Hall Peterboro Protestant Poor Trust

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDING DEC. 31st, 1918

INTEREST ACCT.

Receipts		Expenditures	
Balance forward	$1121.96	Relief Paid	$1117[illegible]
Mortgage Interest	240.48	Expenses	100.00
Debenture Interest	1194.56	Balance	1287.35
Bank Interest	9.35		
	$2566.35		[illegible]

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNT

Balance on hand	$ 200.00	Victory Loan	$1800.00
Mortgage paid	1200.00		
Balance due Int. Acct.	300.00		
	$1800.00		$1800.00

SECURITIES HELD

City Debentures	$13,200.00
Other Debentures	13,000.00
Mortgages	2,200.00
Victory Bond	1,800.00
[illegible]	$30,200.00

Audited and certified correct.
JAS. A. HALL,
Auditor.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS of THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Maid for light house work. Apply to Mrs. G. H. Thompson, 373 Park street. Phone 1381.

MECHANICS WANTED

Experienced Trimmers and Top Builders. Box 236, Review.

WANTED.

Woman wants work by the day, call at Review, for address.

WANTED—To borrow $15,000 on first mortgage of 7 per cent. J. Guise-Bagley, 440 Water street.

WANTED—A good home for a baby boy, either for adoption or will pay expenses. Box 233, Review.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Warm room, with or without board. Apply 589 Division street, city.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring!
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Offices and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
252 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
A. W. TOWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 580 George St. Phone 1044w
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WHARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 23.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bonnet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 264.

R. C. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 232.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 819. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

J. Ramsay Macdonald Is Condemned by Many People But Remains a Labor Leader

IN considering the part that Labor has played in the British elections, and is to play in the period of reconstruction that is coming, it is impossible to ignore J. Ramsay Macdonald. Perhaps there is no man at whose head more uncomplimentary epithets have been hurled during the war than this advocate of evolutionary Socialism. Yet he is a man who commands wide influence in the Labor party, and despite his pacifist activities and his pronounced socialistic creed, he is not a "Bolshevist," or one who advises revolutionary methods. If he were, of course, he would not be enjoying his present position as member of the British House of Commons.

Macdonald was born in the little Scotch hamlet of Lossiemouth not far from the border, in 1866. His mother came of a good family, but the worldly circumstances of his parents was not far removed from absolute poverty. His father was a farm laborer in Elgin county. As a boy, young Ramsay had ambitions to be a lawyer. But as he grew older he began to perceive that the doors of advancement were closed to him through lack of "influence," as we should call it in this country, or "interest," as they say in England. He found himself forced into such jobs as that of factory hand, stable boy and messenger.

He had come under the influence of one of the old village "dominies" in the county of Elgin, however, and his mind had been set in the direction of intellectual ambitions. He must have acquired both the taste and the means for independent reading, for he had little schooling. But he did acquire from his early struggles and his disappointed desire to become a lawyer a strong sense of the injustice of society to the worker, and he has never changed his views on that subject.

He came to London in 1886 and became secretary to Mr. Thomas Lough, a post which he occupied till 1891. He began to take an interest in the Socialist movement early in life, and a natural gift for lucid and graceful expression won him a place as a foremost exponent of Socialist doctrines. He turned out much of the Socialist propaganda, and spoke in its interests. He was on the council of the Fabian Society, one of whose distinguished members is Mr. Bernard Shaw, and also sat on the council of the Labor party. From 1901 to 1904 he was a member of the London County Council.

He made two unsuccessful attempts to get into Parliament, contesting Southampton in 1895 and Leicester in 1900. He was finally elected in Leicester in 1906.

Ramsay Macdonald is largely responsible for the organization of the Labor movement in Great Britain. He has a genius for organization. His power of clear exposition helps, too, to win for him a foremost position as leader of the workers. He was leader of the Labor party from 1911 to 1914. Formerly he had been chairman of the Independent Labor party (1906-9) and from 1900-1911 he was secretary of the party.

Ramsay Macdonald's attitude throughout the war made him one of the most disliked men in the Empire. The most conspicuous fact about him, the London Post once remarked, is that he is out of jail. He was the champion of the conscientious objectors. He could not see any jurisdiction for the war beyond the point where the democratic forces of the world were ready to take things into their hands. The war's main object, he contended, was not the destruction of the German Empire, but the destruction of the existing social system.

It was these views that made him such a strenuous protagonist of the "peace by negotiation" movement, and a termination of the war by concentrated action on the part of the Socialists of the world, including those of Germany.

Ramsay Macdonald, since he became a leading exponent of Socialism and a leader in the Labor party, has traveled widely and moved in the best social and intellectual circles. He has given an intellectual trend to the workingman's Socialism, lifting it out of the fiery impracticalities of the "soap box" school. Here is his own definition of Socialism, taken from a book which he wrote on the subject for an educational series: "Socialism is the creed of those who, recognizing that the community exists for the improvement of the individual and for the maintenance of liberty, and that the control of the economic circumstances of life means the control of life itself, seek to build up a social organization which will include in its activities the management of those economic instruments such as land and industrial capital that cannot be left safely in the hands of individuals."

In 1896 Macdonald married Miss Margaret Gladstone of the Woman's Industrial Council, a daughter of a distinguished man of science.

The Busy Censor.

When the peace news came Nov. 11th, a certain church-goer concluded to send a cable message to his nephew in England and used just the word "Doxology." Five hours later the telegraph operator called the sender and advised him that the censor wanted to know what code he used, as he could not find the word "Doxology" in his code.

Bristol Owns Own Docks.

The docks at Bristol are owned by the city and administered by a committee appointed by the City Council. They can accommodate the largest steamers and are well equipped, being provided with storage and warehouses of all kinds.

A newborn babe has no past and its future is uncertain.

Mons Will Be Remembered In History of British Army For Two Glorious Reasons

FOR the British army the war ended where it began—at Mons.

At the beginning Mons was a retreat—a glorious retreat, but nevertheless a disaster to British arms.

To-day Mons spells victory for what the Germans termed a "contemptible little army." The "Old Contemptible little army." The "Old Contemptibles," they have been known ever since those dog days of a torrid summer, and the term is one of highest honor.

Philip Gibbs had pointed out that it would be one of the most remarkable coincidences of the war if the British were to retake Mons before the end of hostilities. They did, and the strange circumstance came to pass. British troops poured into the suburbs of the Belgian city, which was the pivot of the bitterest fighting of their first campaign, and Mons was won for the Allied arms before the raising of the white flag. For the hundredth and the last dramatic time the "Old Contemptibles" won undying fame.

Mons, in the south of Belgium, and the centre of that country's coal district, was a busy unfortified city of 30,680 when war began. Its ancient military history had been all but forgotten, and the fact that since its rise in the eighth century it had been fortified, besieged, dismantled and fortified again in successive wars had little interest for its prosperous inhabitants, with their markets and factories and mines. Then came the German army, halted at the forts of Liege, but halted a few days only, and the hordes of the Hun swept through the land. The mines of the Mons district furnished fuel to keep the German cannon factories going with a brief interruption, from that time on.

When the British armies joined forces with their French and Belgian allies in the field, their drive was made on Mons. The result may be recalled from these excerpts taken here and there from Sir John French's despatch to Lord Kitchener, the Secretary of State for War:—

"Sept. 7, 1914.—The transport of the troops from England, both by sea and rail, was effected in the best order and without a check.

"The line taken up extended along the line of the canal from Conde to the west through Mons and Binche on the east.

"About 2 p.m. on Sunday, the 23rd. (of August), reports began coming in to the effect that the enemy was commencing an attack on the Mons line, apparently in some strength.

"In view of the possibility of my being driven from the Mons positions, I had previously ordered a position in the rear to be reconnoitered. This position rested on the fortress of Maubeuge on the right and extended west to Jenlain, southeast of Valenciennes on the left.

"When the news of the retirement of the French and the heavy German threatening on my front reached me, I endeavored to confirm it by airplane reconnaissance, and as a result of this I determined to effect a retirement to the Maubeuge position at daybreak on the 24th.

"A certain amount of fighting continued along the whole line throughout the night, and at daybreak on the 24th the Second Division made a powerful demonstration as if to retake Binche. This was supported by artillery of both the First and Second Divisions, while the First Division took up a supporting position in the neighborhood of Elesant. Under cover of this demonstration the Second Corps retired.

"The Third Division on the right of the corps suffered considerable loss in this operation from the enemy who had retaken Mons.

"The Second Corps halted on this line, where they partially intrenched themselves, enabling Sir Douglas Haig with the First Corps, gradually to withdraw to the new position."

Gen. Allenby and his cavalry covered the retreat of other troops, reinforcements were brought in by rail to strengthen the new line, and Sir John French's report continues:

"Having regard to the continued retirement of the French on my right, my exposed left flank, the tendency of the enemy's western corps to envelop me, and, more than all, the exhausted condition of the troops, I determined to make a further effort to continue the retreat till I could put some substantial obstacle such as the Somme or the Oise between my troops and the enemy and afford the former some opportunity for rest and reorganization. Orders were therefore sent to the corps commanders to continue their retreat toward the general line Vermand-St. Quentin-Ribemont. The cavalry, under Gen. Allenby, were ordered to cover the retirement.

"There had been no time to intrench the position properly, but the troops showed a magnificent front to the terrible fire which confronted them.

"At length it became apparent that if a complete annihilation was to be avoided the retirement must be attempted, and the order was given.

"The movement was covered with the most devoted intrepidity and determination by the artillery, which had itself suffered heavily, and the fine work done by the cavalry in the further retreat from the position, assisted materially in the final completion of this most difficult and dangerous operation."

Gen. French paid tribute to the heroism of the British commanders and to the work of the French leaders, deplored the inevitable heavy losses which his armies had suffered, and then acknowledged the immense

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

BLUFF FOOLED PIRATES.

Paper Barrage Blocked Straits of Dover.

The story of the greatest bluff of the war is told by the Manchester Guardian, a well informed newspaper. When her submarine campaign began in earnest, Germany was getting many submarines through the Straits of Dover despite all the British anti-submarine boats could do against them.

A wonderful fixed barrage was then designed for the Straits—only designed—with extraordinary electrical appliances, alarm signals, contact mines, electrical wires and dozens of new secret devices. By some means these designs fell into the hands of German secret agents. It was said Germany had paid $20,000 for them. Then there was peace in the Straits of Dover. The new barrage—on paper—was too formidable and complete for the German submarines in that stage of their development. Germany knew or thought she knew—when she was beaten, and for more than six weeks there was no attempt to break through the barrage.

There was, however, no barrage, except as it existed in the designs which had been foisted upon Germany. Great Britain had neither the right mines nor the mechanism to make them ready at the time. This story is not guaranteed by the Manchester Guardian which, however, declares it is not more astonishing than some authenticated legends of the great war.

Was a Kingly Speech.

There are kings and kings. One sort has gone to the limbo in which they rightly belong, this sort including the treacherous Constantine, the even baser Ferdinand of Bulgaria, the weakling Charles of Austria, and the kinglets of the late German empire who aided and abetted the "All Highest" in his scheme to conquer Europe and the world. A few still remain who do honor to their positions because they have the right views of kingship and regard themselves as symbols of authority rather than as rulers by divine right, and who recognize that their rule is derived from the people. Among these are Albert of Belgium, who has returned to his capital amid remarkable manifestations of affection and loyalty, and George of England—or Windsor, as he has elected to call himself in order to divest the British throne of any of its previous German associations.

King George's reply to the leaders of his empire on the occasion of his reception of addresses passed by both Houses of Parliament was a model of what such a speech ought to be. There was no vain-glorious boasting about "my army" and "my navy" and "my people," though he gave to all three the tributes that are their due. It was a message of gratitude to all who had so valiantly fought to secure their own rights and liberties and those of the world. The King's tribute to the representatives of India and the overseas dominions was indeed well merited. Britain and its King have reason to be both proud of and grateful to the men of the far-flung empire who voluntarily gathered together from the four corners of the earth and fought with magnificent valor against the forces of evil and brutality so formidably arrayed against them. They furnished an object lesson for the whole world to ponder.

King George was right in emphasizing the fact that the British fleet has largely helped to win the war. His tribute to the memory of the late Lord Kitchener was also a just one. The initial work done by that great and lamented soldier in creating the wonderful British army which fought with such splendid valor at Mons, the Marne, in Flanders and in France, as well as in the Near and Far East, will never be forgotten.—New York Herald.

Siberian City.

One of the principal Siberian cities is Tobolsk, the commercial center of the vast province of Tobolsk, which extends over an area of 500,000 square miles, a large portion of which, however, is practically uninhabited. The most prominent building in the city is the Kremlin, built in imitation of the great citadel in Moscow. This structure was erected by Swedish prisoners of war captured by Peter the Great at the battle of Poltava in 1709.

How Schooner Got Name.

How did the name "schooner" originate? It was about the year 1713 and at Gloucester the first vessel of the schooner type was launched. A tradition persists that enthusiastic at the speed made on her trial trip a boy exclaimed, "See how she schoons!" "A schooner let her be!" agreed the builder, hearing the remark. This is a probable story; the word schoon in ancient New England meant a flat stone to skip along the water.

High-Water Mark.

"High-water mark" is the line ordinarily reached by the sea at high tide. The general high-water mark of the sea is taken as the line at the limit of the rise of the medium tides and that of a body of fresh water in which there is no ebb and flow tide, is taken at the limit of the soil that is soaked affected by the water as to be marked with a nature and vegetation distinct from that of the banks.

Platinum and Sulphuric Acid.

Sulphuric acid is made from air, water and the fumes from burning sulphur. These are all cheap, common materials, but they won't unite without strenuous provocation ordinarily. Platinum furnishes a mild provocation, the mere presence of a trace of it causing the oxygen, water and sulphur to join hands chemically, and the king of chemicals is born.

Surely Educational.

Slavin (outside movie theater)—"Wor there any edificational illiums shown, Martin?" Conlin—"Faith an' there wor. Terrence, I learned among other things, how to act towar-rds me butler, how to enter me club properly, an' how to hang me coat and cane ou th' arrm iv th' gintlemanly attindant."—Buffalo Express.

Removes Scorched Spots.

Badly scorched linen may be improved by boiling well half a pint of vinegar, half an ounce of soap, two ounces of fuller's earth, and the juice of several onions; spread this over the linen wherever it is scorched and leave it to dry. When dry wash the garment, and the scorch will have disappeared.

Silver Spruce Popular.

The silver spruce of British Columbia is in such demand for airplane construction because the trees grow extremely tall, sometimes 150 feet, and they taper but little toward the top. From them can be obtained long wing beams for flying machines, which run from 15 to 35 feet in length.

Describing Him.

"That feller is such a fool," commented the gaunt Missourian, "that I reckon likely when he was a baby his maw used to hold him by the ankles and tote him around with his head hanging down like a chicken."—Kansas City Star.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Trade today in cattle was active, with firmer prices for really good beats and remaining steady for the medium to common stuff. Hogs were practically unchanged. Receipts were fair. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$14.50	$15.50
Medium butchers	9.00	10.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	8.50
Light stockers	6.50	7.50
Ewes	9.00	10.00
Lambs	15.25	15.75
Hogs, f. a. w.	16.50	16.50
Hogs, f. o. b.	15.75	15.75
Calves	16.00	16.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	26	28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	33	33
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton. (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

There were no ducks or turkeys offered at last Saturday's market.

Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35

Indian Superstition.

A student of Indian customs relates that among the Seneca tribes was one remarkable for its beauty. When a maiden died the Indians imprisoned a young bird until it first began to try its powers of song, and then loosing it with messages and caresses they loosed its bonds over her grave in the belief that it would not fold its wings nor close its eyes until it had flown to the spirit land and delivered its burden of affection.

Accuracy Better Than Speed.

People who go in for speed records are not as wise as they think they are, for speed without accuracy is of no avail. True, time is at a premium in every line these days and we should not under any circumstances waste a minute unnecessarily. But if we aren't sure about any phase of our work we must take sufficient time to go into it and not rely on chance to help us where we can possibly help ourselves.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property torent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW
IT PAYS

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

HURRY AND START A FIRE MR PIFFLE IS GOING TO CALL ON DAUGHTER TONIGHT.
I GIT ALL THE NICE JOBS IN THIS HOUSE.
THE FIRST THING I KNOW I'LL HAVE AMMONIA COIN OUT LIKE THIS.
IF I HAD A PIPE THAT SMOKE AS WELL AS THIS FURNACE I'D BE TICKLED TO DEATH
KEEP THE HOME FIRES BURNING!

HOW CANADIENS DISCOVERED GOALKEEPER GEORGE VENZINA

Jack Laviolette Saw Young Net-Guardian Give Remarkable Performance at Chevrantiere and Induced George Kennedy to Give Him a Trial

As hockey fans may be interested in knowing a few particulars about Goalkeeper George Vezina's "plunge" into professional hockey. To meet this wish it is necessary to go back in memory to the formation of the National Hockey Association in 1910. That year marked the initial appearance of the Canadiens in pro hockey. Their debut was far from auspicious. Like a rudderless ship buffeted about on a tempestuous sea, the Canadiens floundered all season through the N.H.A. championship series, finally winding up in the cellar with an inglorious standing of two wins and ten defeats, and a scoring record of 59 goals for and 100 against. The Canadiens' poor showing was mainly attributed to a demonstrable weakness in goal, no player having been found capable of filling this place satisfactorily.

Between the close of the hockey series in March, 1910 and the revival of the championship in December of the same year, George Kennedy, who then enjoyed a continent-wide reputation as a wrestling promoter, acquired the Canadien franchise. The debonnaire George immediately undertook to reconstruct the team. Hearkening to the requests of the French-Canadian "fans" that he build his team along racial lines, Kennedy set about to gratify their wishes as far as possible.

Meanwhile, suggestions as to the best way to remould the team kept pouring in daily on Kennedy. Out of this maze of suggestions, Kennedy had to select those which he deemed worthy of consideration and dismiss the others from his mind. The most vexing problem to solve was the finding of a goalkeeper of proven ability. Xavier Giroux, the veteran net guardian of the Rockland team of the Lower Ottawa Hockey Association, and Henri Gauthier, the star goaler of the Grand Mere Septet, champions of the Inter-Provincial League, had both been strongly recommended for the job.

Just as George Kennedy was preparing to dicker with one or the other of these two players, Jack Laviolette, the veteran of innumerable hockey battles whose athletic career was abruptly terminated last summer by the amputation of a foot following injuries suffered in an automobile accident, advised Kennedy to give a trial to a young chap of Chicoutimi by the game of Vezina whose work in goal against the Canadiens in an exhibition game played in Chicoutimi impressed him as the equal of any performance he had seen in professional hockey.

Acting on his advice, Kennedy wired transportation to Vezina and requested him to report for practice. Vezina's first appearance in practice was a revelation. He made good from the start and his job has never been in danger since then.

Every fall, after a summer spent in Chicoutimi, following his trade as a carpenter, Vezina reports to George Kennedy, signs his contract without any blare of trumpets and announces he is ready for the championship race. Ever since he joined the Canadiens, Vezina has formed the habit of reporting almost on the eve of the opening game. One or two practices are sufficient to restore his eagle eye.

George Kennedy's acquisition of Vezina has been recognized as a master stroke not entirely devoid of an element of luck. Vezina's addition to the Canadiens changed the team almost over night from a tail-end aggregation to a championship contender. Ever since signing his first contract, Vezina has been a tower of strength on the team. Never missing a game during the eight years' connection with the Frenchmen, Vezina by his marvellous work before the nets has kept the Canadiens to the fore in every championship race. With Vezina in goal, Canadiens captured the N. H. N. championship in 1916 and 1917 won the Stanley Cup in a sensational series of games played against the Portland Rosebuds at the Montreal Arena in March, 1916, finished second in 1911, tied Torontos for the league honors in 1914 and were league leaders last year in point of games won and lost, though the Torontos were declared winner by Virtue of the play-off system.

Vezina's grand work has been commented upon in every city where he has appeared in action, be in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Toronto, Seattle, Boston, New York or Cleveland.

The Canadien goal keeper wonder is barely over thirty years of age, so George Kennedy will not have to worry about finding a successor for some years to come.

Verily, Vezina is truly a wonderful goal-keeper, well worthy of having his name woven on his scarlet jersey the words of the time-honored phrase, "As solid as the Rock of Gibraltar."

J. "CLEM" B.

ATTWOOD WINS ANOTHER

Canadian Boxer's Opponent Failed to Appear.

London, Feb. 5.—The long delayed contest between Kid Plested, of Smethwick, and Sergt. Joe Attwood, of the Canadian Army, should safe been decided at the National Sporting Club last night, but Plested failed to put in an appearance. Attwood thereupon won a commonplace fight with Fred Newberry, of Limehouse, on points.

Queen Mary Team Wins From Central

A very interesting game of hockey was played last night between the Queen Mary Electrics and the Central School. The score in the first period was 2-1 in favor of the Electrics, but the last half brought the score up to 4-2 in favor of the same. A clean game was played by both sides. The line-ups were:

Queen Mary—Centre, Davis; rover, Falin; right wing, Edgar; left wing, McIntyre; right defence, Hill; left defence, Menzies; goal, Beauclerc.

Centrals—Centre, Hensely; rover, Thornton; right wing, E. Roberts; left wing, G. Roberts; right defence, Doan; left defence, Yarnold; goal, Graham.

HOME RUN BAKER SHUNS TRAVEL

FAMOUS THIRD BASEMAN HAS NOT YET DECIDED TO RETIRE.

Frank Baker, third baseman of the New York Yankees, has a habit of coming to bat and making a hit. He has come to bat in another way, and has made a hit with the owners of this club. The Trappe (Md.) slugger denies the reports, widely circulated that he has signed with the Upland team of the Delaware County league, Pennsylvania.

This eminent hit specialist has diagnosed his own peculiar case and has decided he is not afflicted with the salary meningitis or anything resembling this malady prevalent among high salaried baseball players. Baker considers himself well paid, according to a letter written to a friend in the east. At least in telling the inside facts relative to the hesitancy about coming back this ball player doesn't mention the money question, which makes his case really remarkable.

Money Does not Figure

Baker has even gone so far as to promise Miller Huggins, leader of the Yankees, positive information on his intentions within a specified time. If Baker finally decides to retire from baseball, he intimates the money consideration will have nothing to do with his action. Of course, in that event, Frank may pick up a little extra coin by occasionally playing ball with the Upland team.

The really remarkable thing about Baker's latest threat to retire is that he makes no demand on the New York club. There is one thing that seems to pester this ball player and makes his major career irksome. It is the travelling end of the game. In a swing around the American league circuit, Baker may be found at the hotel where the Yankees put up in the lobby lolling around in a cane and giving one the impression that time is hanging heavy on his hands.

"There is no life for me," said Baker, "on one of these trips. I'd rather be out on the farm with the cows and chickens."

Baker has been in the setting business for several years and the report, emanating from New York that had him quitting again was taken with reservation by the fans. It looked like another holdup propo tion.

Baker was in New York recently, but failed to visit the offices of Col. Jacob Ruppert, jr., president of the club. He went to New York with his wife to meet her brother who returned from France last week.

He Dislikes to Travel

"In regard to baseball I have not signed with Upland," said Baker. "I will not sign with any club until I let Manager Huggins know just what I intend to do. It is well known how I feel about baseball. I love the game, but dislike the travelling end of it. I told Huggins when we met at Baltimore a short time ago that it was very busy with our new home and expected to be until late in April. I promised to let him know as soon as I reached a decision whether I would play ball, and I intend to do exactly as I promised."

The home which Baker is building at Trappe, Md., is said to be one of pretentious dimensions and beauty. The ball player personally superintended the cutting, hauling and sawing of the timber to be used in its construction. He plans to supervise the building of his home. This may cause him to report late for spring training.

Fire loss of $33,800 during 1918 was reported to Brantford City Council by Chief Lewis of the Fire Department.

ARENAS WIN FROM THE CANADIENS

CONTEST IN TORONTO LAST NIGHT ENDS IN 6-3 SCORE.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—In a rather listless exhibition Arenas last night defeated Canadiens by a score of 6 to 3. The locals secured a commanding lead in the initial period and thereafter were not forced to extend themselves to gain the verdict. The visitors used their regular line-up, with the exception of Hall, who is suffering from an injury to his leg.

Arenas showed good form and had a distinct edge in speed. Randall proved effective and his grand rushing enlivened the proceedings. Noble also played a nice game, despite the fact that he was the victim of a nasty slash from Lalonde. The incident happened in the first period and for his part in the affair Lalonde drew a major penalty.

The game could not compare with several others that have taken place this season, and with the exception of occasional flashy plays by Meeking, Randall and Noble, the fans were given little opportunity to enthuse. The locals started out well and notched four goals to Canadiens' nil in the initial period.

Arenas Secure Early Lead.

Arenas started out well and soon forced the visitors back on the defensive. Meeking replaced Noble when the latter was injured, and signalized his appearance by skating through the Canadien defence and notching the initial tally. Randall made it No. 2 a few moments later, and Noble added the third and fourth in rapid succession.

Canadiens broke away fast in the second session, and in one minute Berlanquette scored. Thirty seconds later Pitre notched another. Arenas then came to life and had the edge. Noble eventually scoring. McDonald shortly afterward secured the third and final counter for the visitors.

Arenas had a distinct edge in the final period and had their opponents on the defensive the majority of the time. Adams beat Vezina for the locals' last tally on a wicked shot from well out. The line-up:

Arenas—Goal, Lindsay; defence, Corbeau; right wing, Skinner; left wing, Crawford; centre, Noble. Substitutes, Meeking, Adams, Dennemay and Mummery.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defence, Corbeau and Lalonde; left wing, Couture; right wing, Pitre; centre, Cleghorn. Substitutes: Berlanquette and McDonald.

Officials—S. Vair and L. Marsh.

Printers Win Two From High Rollers

Last night at the Water street alleys in the Business Men Ten-pin League the Printers took two out of three from the High Rollers, Carl Hayes for the loser, put up three nice games, averaging 199 pins a game, a total of 597. Henderson, for the Printers, reached the 530 mark. The scores:

Printers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Cairns	162	181	134	479
Miller	166	165	157	488
Lacheur	119	126	132	377
Kirn	164	132	138	434
Henderson	179	153	198	530
Totals	790	757	759	2308

High Rollers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Thomas	147	164	145	456
Hayes	209	177	211	597
Schlefel	120	...	...	120
Mitzes	114	152	266	
Gettas	152	109	121	382
Solomon	130	167	203	500
Totals	758	731	822	2321

BIGGEST PURSE IN RING RECORDS

WILLARD AND DEMPSEY WILL STRUGGLE FOR PRIZE OF $127,500.

New York, Feb. 5.—Jack Kearns manager for Jack Dempsey has reached an oral agreement with Tex Rickard, whereby he matched Dempsey to meet Jess Willard for $27,500, and one-third of the motion pict re rights. The time and place of the match were not fixed.

Both Kearns and Rickard agreed to post 5,000 when the agreement is signed on Dempsey's arrival here from Salt Lake City. Rickard will post 25 per ce of Dempsey's share sixty days before the bout. Fifty-five minutes of discussion was required before the promoter and Dempsey's manager reached a mutual financial plane.

"Split the Difference"

Kearns opened the conference by offering to match Dempsey against Willard for one-third of the $100,000 the champion is to receive, but Rickard refused absolutely to pay $33,333 to the Salt Lake City heavyweight and countered with a proposition of $25,000 and one-third of the motion picture rights. Kearns finally reduced his terms to $30,000 and Rickard raised his to $27,500 and for a time neither appeared willing to change his figures.

The conference was held in the presence of a number of newspaper writers and when the deadlock had continued for some time, Richard suggested that the size of Dempsey's share of the purse be left to them. A blind ballot was taken and Rickard's figures won by a margin of almost three to one.

May Leave North America

With the main detail settled the other features were easily arranged. An understanding was reached that the terms would be drawn up in legal form, and the contract signed as soon as Dempsey reaches this city, which will probably be not later than Friday.

In addition to the forfeit deposits, Rickard agreed to pay the travelling expenses of Dempsey and his training party in case the contest was held outside North America. Willard and Dempsey will have the selection of the referee, who must be agreeable to Rickard, and in case the two boxers cannot agree, the promoter will then name his choice which will be final. Rickard said that under no circumstances would he act as the referee, as he did in the Johnson-Jeffries bout in Reno on July 4, 1910.

Ten to Fifty Dollars

No date or place for the contest which under the contract calls for not more than 40 rounds, has been selected. Rickard expects to stage the bout on July 4, but said to night that he had not the slightest idea yet where he would finally erect his arena. He has until March 25 to announce the site and the boxers must train for at least six weeks at the scene of the battle. The price of tickets will probably range from ten to fifty dollars.

Under the present agreement the total amount of the purse for the two heavyweights reaches $127,000, which is the largest sum ever offered for a pugilistic encounter in any weight class. It exceeds by $6,500 the $121,000 record purse paid to Johnson and Jeffries.

No value can be fixed upon the moving-picture rights at present. The syndicate of moving picture men who paid $150,000 for five-sixths of the Johnson-Jeffries rights collected receipts of $357,000 on their venture.

General Pau and his party of French delegates, on their return from Australia, will visit Canada this month.

Mrs. Annie Bolds of Wakaw, Sask., is held by the police, charged with murdering A. Balla Magi, a Hungarian.

Mrs. Gibson of Simcoe died in Brantford Hospital. She leaves a husband, overseas, and four small children.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord
Hard Wood $13 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Kirk. Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.
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PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Flooring, Siding, Lath, Stuff, Mouldings, Casings, Trims and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
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Lackawana Coal Means Economy
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TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
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Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Full information from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

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93rd Battalion

Information, such as below, is required of all members of the 93rd Battalion.

Name in full .....
Date of enlistment .....
Date of discharge .....
Service in England .....
Service in France .....
What unit in France .....
Length of service in France, with dates .....
Whether wounded or killed ...
Medals, if any .....
Hospitals .....
Date of discharge .....
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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

TEA MEETING.

A Victory Tea Meeting will be held in the George Street Methodist Church Tuesday evening, Feb. 18th, from 5:30 to 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. A program of solos, duets, choruses and readings will be given by the preachers. Admission 35 cents.

NOTICE

The firm of Gordon, Widdifield & O'Brien has been dissolved. Mr. C. R. Widdifield wil practice at room 6, Bank of Commerce building, and Mr. G. N. Gordon and Mr. J. A. O'Brien will continue to practice under the firm name of Gordon & O'Brien, at 326 and 327 George street, in the offices heretofore occupied by them.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH

A concert will be held at St. George's school room, Braidwood avenue, tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock. The celebrated Loader family and St. George's choir, will take part in it.

SEWING MEETING.

The sewing meeting will be held at the Children's Shelter tomorrow afternoon. All those interested are requested to attend.

LEHIGH COAL

All sizes No. 1 Lehigh Hard Coal now in stock, at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's, Phone 111.

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Make Your Grape Fruit Marmalade Now

when the fruit is at its very best for this purpose.

Recipes Given

with each purchase for marmalade making if desired.

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Porter S. White Co.

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Phone 208

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Bertha Farner and her company will arrive in the city tomorrow afternoon and will be guests at the Empress Hotel.

THE BERTHA FARNER CO.
FOUR SUPERLATIVE ARTISTS

No one who heard Miss Farner sing at the Summer Chautauqua will willingly miss the concert, which she and her assisting artists will give you Thursday evening at the Grand Opera House.

Miss Farner is a young woman of exceptional personal charm, with one of the finest voices on the continent, whether in concert or opera circles.

She was formerly with the Tivoli Opera Co., the Mancini Opera Co., the English Grand Opera Company, and the San Carlo Grand Opera Compny.

Abroad she sang with the Opera Company of Miss France, in concert in Paris, London and Brussels, and before the great master, Massenet, she sang a part of "Manon."

She was in France when the great war began in 1914 and was a nurse in the hospitals near the front during the first months of the war.

Miss Martha Alexander, violinist, is also not a stranger to Peterboro as she appeared at the summer Chautauqua, the afternoon of Dr. Frank Bohn's lecture.

She also played most beautifully at the mass meeting on Sunday evening during the summer Chautauqua.

She is an experienced artist and plays with dramatic power and fluent teachnique.

Miss Ethel Murray, 'cellist, is a graduate of the Royal Academy, London. Miss Murray has filled concert engagements in Europe as well as on this continent and is an excellent artist.

Mr. Earl Browne, pianist, is a young man of wide experience, and wonderful musical ability.

SECURE YOUR SEATS FOR THE BERTHA FARNER CONCERT

SEAT SALE FOR GENERAL PUBLIC OPENS TODAY. 'PHONE OR CALL AT OPERA HOUSE TO MAKE YOUR RESERVATIONS. THIS IS A HIGH-CLASS MUSICAL RECITAL WHICH YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS, AND FOR WHICH THE PRICES COME WITHIN EVERYBODY'S REACH.

"HERE AND THERE IN OLD LONDON"

What are the ladies of Trinity Church doing now?

Why they are giving another Cafeteria Tea.

When? Feb. 14th, commencing 5 p.m.

Where? Trinity Church basement, south entrance.

Programme, best yet!

Illustrated travel talk on "Old London," Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

AT MURRAY STREET TONIGHT.

The midweek service tonight at Murray Street Baptist Church will be a Sunday school prayer meeting. The officers and teachers will have charge and every parent who has a son or daughter in any department of the school is urged to be present. This is the first of a series of Wednesday evening meetings held under the direction of the different societies of the church. The Men's Association, the Mission Circle, the Young People's Union and other departments will participate.

TRINITY LADIES' AID

At the meeting of Trinity Church Ladies Aid Tuesday afternoon, Miss Lancaster gave a most interesting and profitable address on "The Increasing Millions." A subject with a large issue and handled splendidly by the speaker.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Guelph city council decided to settle ex-Mayor Harry Mahoney's suit for damages for the breaking of his leg when a dam was blown up in the river.

Miss Mary Deacon, aged 24, and Miss Hazel Pursell, 15, were run over by a freight engine on a level crossing in St. Thomas and each suffered the loss of a leg besides other injuries. Miss Pursell died in the hospital.

The Berlin government members arrived in Wimar on Monday to attend the National Assembly.

Mrs. Katherine Bakard died at Belmore, near Wingham, in her 104th year.

MOTOR SHOW MAY BE HELD TO HELP HEALTH ASSOCIATION

Matter Discussed at Annual Meeting of the Association Yesterday—Miss Hamilton, District Nurse, Submits Detailed Report—Directors Re-Elected.

The annual meeting of the Health Association was held yesterday afternoon in the Bank of Montreal Chambers, the President, Rev. Father Phelan presiding. There was a good attendance of members.

Rev. Father Phelan in a short address dealt with the work which had been accomplished in the past by the Health Association and with its hopes and aims for the future. He thanked the members for their assistance and co-operation during the three years he had held his present office.

It was decided to invest $1000 bequeather to the society by the late Dr. Burnham in municipal debentures or a war bond, upon motion of Messrs Denne and Breyfogle.

Miss Hamilton's Report

Miss Edith Hamilton the nurse engaged to carry on the good work of the association submitted her annual report covering the past year's activities.

Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen:

I beg to submit the following report of the general work for the year 1918.

During the year 1918 there were one hundred and thirty nine patients.

Obstetric	30
Surgical	6
Medical	103

These had to be visited once or twice a day, thus one thousand three hundred and twenty three visits were made in all. Of these nine hundred and eighty one were free, as the patients were poor and could not afford to pay a nurse. Three hundred and ninety-two were paid for by the patients. The total sum collected was $102.

In the greater part of the fall months I have had influenza patients. In one case, the whole family of eight were down, and had there been no district nurse the results might have been fatal. The patients I attended twice a day seeing that they were fixed and made comfortable in the morning, and then I called in the evening to make their nights more comfortable! I am glad to report that the whole family recovered. Sometimes I called in after the patients were brought from the hospital to continue the treatment they had been receiving thus the patient a great expense.

One very important phrase of the work is the instruction given at home. I try to teach the friends at home. how to care for their own sick and how to keep their homes aired and sanitary so that sickness will be prevented. There are two reasons which make this necessary, one being that the nurse can only spend a limited amount of time with each patient and during her absence the family must continue to carry out what she has already begun. Eight times during the year I was called out at night.

Bedsides free nursing the following dressings have been supplied by the association to the free patients:—old linen, gauze, absorbent cotton, Lysol, Tr. green soap.

Tubercular Work

It is encouraging to note that owing to the preventative measures tuberculosis has not increased to any extent. Last year there were twenty three patients and this year twenty four, ten of whom were new. The unfortunate part of the matter however, is that the cases are not reported until they are advanced. Of these few, if any, recover, but these profit from the special attention of the nurse. As their lives are prolonged moreover the disease is kept from spreading which is of the utmost importance. During the year, seven hundred and fifty four visits have been made, seven hundred of whom were free. The patients have been supplied with milk and eggs and medicine and the following supplies have been given out:

10 sputum cups, 1200 refills for sputum cups, 45 ozs. of carbolic acid, a large quantity of old linen, clothing and comforters.

The following articles have been loaned: 4 air cushions, 3 tents, verandah curtains, thermometers, cots and soap-stones, coal oil stove, 3 electric fans.

The work has also been aided by the following donations.

Clothing—Miss Kerr, Mrs. Mein, Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Galivan.

One patient through the influence of the Nurse's Supervision Committee has been sent to Muskoka for an indefinite period and this has been greatly appreciated by her. In fact, wherever I go the people express their keen appreciation of the help given them.

EDITH HAMILTON

Dr. Cameron on Conditions

Commenting upon the report of Miss Hamilton the Secretary, Dr. Cameron referred to the statement she had made to the effect that tuberculosis had not increased to any extent in the past year.

If it had not increased he was equally sure that it had not decreased and while the work of Miss Hamilton had been excellent it was, of course limited. He expressed the opinion that tubercular cases should be reported in the same way as other infectious diseases and that the different health organizations of the city should work more in harmony.

We have a school nurse and a city officer of health and Dr. Cameron felt it was unfortunate that with all the machinery in our possession we did not make better and more effective use of it. The great difficulty in fighting tuberculosis is in getting in touch with the cases, many of which are not even brought to the attention of a physician until the later stages of the disease.

Tuberculosis Not Decreasing

Dr. Neal stated that as far as he knew tuberculosis was not decreasing. He asserted that in London they did not allow a patient suffering from this white plague to become a source of danger to others in the community but removed him to a sanitarium by compulsory measures if necessary. He thought the M.H.O. had certain powers along those lines, here, felt that there should be some change in regard to the attitude now adopted towards this disease.

In Kingston, Guelph, Brantford and Kitchener sanitariums were established by the Government for returned soldiers suffering from tubercular troubles. In a number of years these buildings will revert to the cities in which they are situated. Dr. Neal concluded by expressing the hope that as the war is over some of the organizations which have been carrying on relief work might extend their support to the Health Association.

Sanitarium Wanted

Mr. Breyfogle was in accord with the sentiments expressed in the addresses of Dr. Cameron and Dr. Neal and thought that the Government should establish one of the sanitariums described by the latter, in this city.

Mrs. Kendry felt that the establishment in Peterborough of a branch of the Social Service League would be of great assistance if it would work in conjunction with the Health Association. Attempts had been made to form an organization of this kind but had been unsuccessful up to the present.

Miss Hamilton's report was adopted as were those of the other departments of the Association which were submitted. These included one by the treasurer, Mr. W. H. Dunsford.

Last year's executive was re-elected upon motion of Messrs Denne and Breyfogle. It is composed of Messrs Mason, Abbot, Powell, Peck, Dunsford, Breyfogle, McElderry, Father Phelan, Dr. Neal and Dr. Cameron. The lady members are Miss Archer, and Mesdames Aylmer, Turner, Scott, Coulthard, Kendry, Gardiner and Galvin.

Motor Show for Association

The Red Cross Society have expressed a willingness now that the war is practically ended to turn over the motor show which has been held in their interests in the past to the Health Association provided the exhibitors were satisfied. Thirteen hundred dollars had been raised by the Red Cross in three days through this source last year and the concensus of opinion was opposed to letting such a good source of revenue drop away when it might be used for some worthy purpose.

Mr. Denne, Mr. Breyfogle and several others expresed opinions upon this matter and the President of the Association, Rev. Father Phelan and the Secretary, Dr. Cameron were appointed a committee to interview the exhibitors at the motor shows of the past in regard to continuing the event for the benefit of the Health Association.

Mrs. Aylmer, Miss Archer and Mrs. Coulthard expressed their opinions which favored the idea of taking over the motor show if satisfactory arrangements could be made.

Upon motion of Miss Archer and Dr. Neal the Secretary was requested to write the Peter Robinson Chapter, of the I.O.D.E., the Business Girls' Club and the Thursday Club as to whether they would be satisfied to assist the Health Association in its work.

READ THIS

One ton of Tea to be sacrificed.
Tea at Half Price

50c green mixed tea, 4 lbs... $1.00
50c green and 65c black tea, 2 lbs 75c
70c black or green, 5 lbs at ... 400
4 lb. 20c Prunes & 4 lbs Raisins 1.00

Canned Vegetables Cheap

Small cans tomatoes at 14c
25c tomatoes or corn, 19c 6 for $1.00
Lawton berries 12c Blue berries 13c
Pears 19c. Pumpkin, large can 18c
50c can jam or marmalade, 2 for 75c
$1.00 pail and a 25c jar jam $1.00
15c tumblers jam, 2 for 15c
20c Worcester sauce, 2 for ... 25c
35c H. P. Sauce, 2 for 42c
13c packages Jello and Jelly 4 for 50c
15c Krinkle Corn Flakes . 3 for 31c
10 lbs G. sugar $1.00, with $2 order
10 lbs 15c rice for $1.00
10 lbs rolled oats 67c
Oat meal, corn meal, cream of wheat, at 07c
Fresh Finnan Haddie and Cod Fish ... ... 9c a lb.
White cups and saucers, 10c ... 77c
White and gold cup and saucer 19c
White plates.... 12c, 13c, and 14c
White and gold plates 15c, 14c, 13c
Majolica jugs 40c, on sale 23c
$15.00 dinner sets for $10.80
50c Jap. china cups and saucers 25c

See our Wonderful Dry Goods.

40c linings, all kinds at 34c
40c black and colored sateens at 34c
50c dress goods, all at 39c
35c flannelette, at 29c
3 spools of thread (with order) ..5c

Reductions and Remnants
It will pay you to come

R. C. BRAUND

Phone 348. Make it earn you money

Trinity Church Midweek Service

The mid-week service in Trinity S. S. Hall on Reid street will begin at 7.30 o'clock tonight. All those who have been taking the Teacher Training Course and any who wish to begin are requested to be present tonight.

This is an inter-denominational course and any who wish to come will be welcome.

"HARD UP" SOCIAL AT ST. JOHN'S

UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT WAS HELD LAST NIGHT IN SCHOOLROOM.

The "Hard Times" entertainment given last night in St. John's schoolroom by the Church Woman's Association proved to be a thoroughly delightful event. The president, Mrs. Seale, and the committee who were responsible for the several features, were heartily congratulated on the success of their efforts. The old costumes worn were very interesting; so were the pictures taken many years ago of present members of the congregation.

An excellent program was given, as follows:

Violin solo—Miss Harrington.
Grand March—Mrs. Massty Cooke.
Duet—Mrs. Hopwood and Mrs. Devey.
Song—Miss Quartermaine.
Topical, Vive la Campagnie — Mr. Coleman.
Song—Mrs. Amys (with violin obligato by Miss Harrington).
Monologue—Mrs. Hopwood.
Song—Mr. Ward.
Country Courtship Duet—Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Devey.

The prize winners in the various events were as follows:

Mrs. Fessenden—Picturesque costume.
Sergt. Douglas Eldred—Picturesque costume.
Mrs. Simmons—Hard Up costume, also first for courtesy bow to the judges.
Mr. R. J. Devey—Hard Up Costume.
Mr. A. H. Stratton—Photo contest.
Mrs. Medd and Mrs. Young—Observation contest.

Dr. Cameron made an excellent chairman, and Canon Davidson extended thanks to the ladies of the C.W.A. for their very fine evening's entertainment.

The serving of refreshments and the singing of the National Anthem wound up a delightful evening.

Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Ward, Miss Harrington and Mr. R. J. Devey furnished the piano accompaniments most acceptably.

Joseph Donaldson of East Zorra Township, well known in live stock circles, is dead in Brandon, Man.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT—LAST TIME—TO-NIGHT
DAILY MATINEE, 2:30. EVENING, 7:30
ANNA Q. NILLSON and FRANKLYN FARNUM
In a story of Love and Devotion
"IN JUDGMENT OF" A STIRRING METRO SPECIAL FEATURE
2 GOOD COMEDIES. PATHE NEWS. JUDGE BROWN STORY
VAUDEVILLE
FREDO & PRIMROSE, Comedy Musical Offering.
MATINEES 10c. EVENINGS 15c.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 6
3rd Chautauqua Concert
Bertha Farner Company

MISS BERTHA FARNER (Concert Soprano,
DRAMATIC SOPRANO, GRAND OPERA and CONCERT SINGER
MISS MARTHA ALEXANDER (Violinist)
MISS ETHEL MURRAY ('Cellist)
MR. EARLE BROWNE (Pianist)
Grand Opera and Concert Singer)
PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c.
RUSH SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY, 7.30 P.M. 25c
RESERVED SEATS NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE

MATINEE AND EVENING FRIDAY, FEBURARY 7
Engagement of the popular Irish Singer Bernard Daly
In the Delightful Irish Play "SWEET INNISFALLEN,"
A refreshing dramatic romance; a play of smiles, tears and joy. Hear Mr. Daly sing "Believe Me, of All Those Endearing Young Charms," "Hide and Seek," "Sweet Innisfallen," "Call of the Wind," "Maria," "Song of the Dove," "Foggy Dew," "Wearing of the Green," and others.
SPECIAL MATINEE LOWER FLO 50c BALCONY . . 25c
Evenings: 50c, 75c, $1.00. SEATS NOW ON SALE
For the benefit of out-of-town patrons, Mail Orders for reserved seats may be made to W. F. Turner, Grand Opera House, Peterborough, by sending remittance to cover number of seats required.

EVENING PRICES
50c — 75c — $1.00
GALLERY 25c
Seat Sale Opens THURSDAY

SATURDAY, FEB. 8
BARGAIN MATINEE at 2.30—25 & 50c
GASKELL & MacVITTY (Inc.)
Present a New Play
By Howard McKent Barnes
A NIGHT IN HONOLULU
A DELIGHTFUL STORY OF HAWAII
THE ISLAND PARADISE
Full of
Interest, Romance and Laughter

DIED

YULE—At the manse, Oshawa, on Friday, Jan. 31st, Effie, twin daughter of the Rev. George and Mrs. Yule, aged 9 years.

McCREA—At Winnipeg, Feb. 2nd, 1919, James Reid McCrea, son of the late Amos McCrea, M.D., of Keene, in the fifty-seventh year of his age.

BIRTH.

WARD—At Nicholls Hospital, on February 4, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Earl K. Ward, 467 Downie street, Peterborough, a son (Ernest Elwood).

Capt. G. McLeod, a veteran lake mariner, is dead at Owen Sound.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

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WEATHER FORECASTS.
Moderate to fresh west and northwest winds. Fair and moderately cold today and on Friday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 31 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND MEN START A SYMPATHY STRIKE IN SEATTLE THIS MORNING

Entire Industrial and Commercial Life of City Is Tied Up and Newspapers Are Unable to Publish Usual Editions—Authorities Prepared to Preserve Order.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Seattle, Wash, Feb. 6—A strike of approximately sixty-five thousand union workers in nearly every trade and industry was set for ten o'clock today by a decision of the Central Labor Council late last night ratifying the time selected previously by a conference of a majority of the 130 unions affected. A general strike was called in sympathy for between forty thousand and fifty thousand metal trade workers who left the shipyards and contract shops January 21 to enforce demands for eight, seven and six dollars a day for the basic trades, helpers and laborers respectively.

Seattle's industrial and commercial life practically will be paralyzed by the strike. Newspapers are expected to suspend. Mayor Hanson and chief of police Warren said they were prepared to handle the situation should disorders arise.

NO PROFESSIONAL MAN TO BE ENDORSED BY LABOR

Trades Council Made That Point Clear at Meeting Last Night—Only a Union Man to be Nominated by the New Party.

Fellow Delegates to the Peterborough Trades Council:

Noting the tendency of politics to become the sole topic of discussion to the exclusion of more vital interests of this body, it may be pointed out that such discussions are sowing the seeds of discord and can only end in the disruption of this Council.

Political discussions have no place on the floor of this body, being made up, as it is, of adherents of every political faith, and, as the older delegates well know, there has never been a time since the formation of the central body that the wily politician has not attempted by fair means or foul to secure the endorsement of Organized Labor, well knowing what a powerful factor it is in securing the coveted position sought for, and without having fought any battles for the betterment of Labor.

Therefore, this, the Peterborough Trades and Labor Council, has no mandate to endorse the candidacy of any individual of whatever political faith. The endorsation of a candidate of one party to the exclusion of the candidate of another party, and who might be the better man, would be manifestly unfair, and here enters the influence tending to disruption. Part of the delegates to this body may in all good faith favor the former candidate and the remainder might favor the latter, thereby creating friction that is bound to become more heated the longer it is agitated, and anally to cause the breaking up and utter collapse of the Council. As you all must admit, this would be a calamity of no small proportions, and it would take years of effort to regain the proud position this organization now occupies in the activities of Peterborough. Having been a witness of the wrecking of two such Trades Councils caused solely by the introduction of politics, the details of which would take too long in the telling, I ask your support in preserving the unity and future usefulness of the Peterborough Trades Council by endorsing the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the introduction of party politics on the floor of this Council be now and forever prohibited. And be it further

"Resolved, That this Council endorse no candidate of any political party, except he be a member in good standing of a local union recognized by the Trades Congress of Canada."

Respectfully submitted,

H. M. MATHEWS,
Delegate from P. T. U. No. 248.

The above resolution, introduced by a member of the Typographical Union, precipitated a long and at times acrimonious debate in the Trades Council last night. Finally the resolution was tabled for twelve months, but not before it was manifested that the majority of the delegates were in favor of the spirit of the protest. The case of a local politician supposed to be ambitious to secure the support of Labor in his first bid for parliamentary honors was referred to frequently. Every delegate who spoke declared that no professional man should be endorsed by Labor, and that if the new Independent Labor Party did put up a man he must be one actually identified with some organization of workingmen.

The resolution was tabled for the reason that it seemed impossible to adopt it and still continue to allude to the new labor party, to which a large number of the delegates already belong. The action of the committee appointed to organize that party was approved of by resolution, and a notice will be hung out warning all professional candidates that it will be useless to apply to that body for endorsation.

Capt. Burnham sent to the Council a copy of the notice of his motion at the next session of Parliament for the appointment of a minimum wage board. An expression of opinion from Labor was asked for. The communication was filed without action on the ground that it is in the Legislature rather than in Parliament that Labor must make its stand. As Senator Robertson stated when in this city, the Federal authorities have jurisdiction over only those industries that are operating under a Dominion franchise.

The Labor members of the City Council were urged to work for an eight-hour day in all departments of the civic service, the firement included. The majority of the delegates seemed in favor of a removal of the present Sunday restrictions upon the restaurants, provided the same course was taken with regard to the ice-cream parlors, which, it was held, have as much right to sell their stock as the hotels have to keep their bars open on Sunday for the sale of temperance beer.

Delegates form the reorganized Musicians' Union were admitted to membership.

The interest in the meetings of the Trades Council appears to be steadily increasing, as shown by the attendance, there being upwards of a hundred delegates present last night.

After three years' overseas service with the 99th Battalion Major (Rev.) J. C. Tolmie, M.P.P., arrived home at Windsor.

Heavy losses were inflicted on the Bolsheviki in the Archangel district on Tuesday.

COMPENSATION FOR ALDERMEN

Ald. Murray believes that the members of the City Council should receive pay for overtime, that is, when they serve on committees or in any other official capacity during the regular working hours of the day. He does not object to the voluntary system so long as the aldermen are called upon to act only at night.

Ald. Murray brought this matter up at the Trades Council last night, submitting it in the form of a suggestion and asking for an expression of opinion from his fellow delegates. It was nearly 11:30 at the time and no definite action was taken, the Council deciding to take up the subject at another meeting.

The Peterborough aldermen under the present law cannot vote themselves compensation for any service which they may perform on behalf of the city. Before they could do so a special enactment by the Legislature would be necessary. Section 424 of the Municipal Act is explicit on this point.

County councillors may vote themselves daily pay and mileage so long as they do not go beyond $5 in the one case and five cents a mile in the other. In cities of over 100,000 population the aldermen may help themselves out of the public treasury to the extent of a sum not to exceed $500 a year each. Only three cities in Ontario are affected by this Act, Toronto, Hamilton and Ottawa. There is special legislation which grants the aldermen and controllers a higher rate of compensation than this.

All the Peterborough aldermen can do in the way of compensating a member of the Council is to vote an allowance to the mayor, which is called "expenses" r other than salary and which has for years been fixed at $500 for the term of office. There is nothing, however, to prevent the Council from reducing this amount or from increasing it to $1000 or by any amount that they believed the ratepayers would stand for.

BUTCHERS OF CITY INSIST ON LOWER PRICES FOR MEAT

Inform the Wholesalers That They Will no Longer Pay Present Scale.

The members of the Butchers' Association of the city who deal direct with the public have become tired of hearing the complaints of their customers concerning the high cost of meat and of being looked upon with suspicion, as if they alone were responsible for prevailing conditions. It has been decided to do something to secure better terms.

Notice was accordingly served upon the wholesale dealers this morning by the retailers that they will no longer continue to pay the present prices for their goods. The men who buy the livestock for the wholesale houses were also notified to the same effect. The buyers will now be under the necessity of notifying the farmers that they will be able to pay present rates no longer, and some of them have so informed all of their clients who could be reached.

The prospects are accordingly bright for an early and substantial reduction in the cost of production of the meat to the consumer.

Deserters Get Off Lightly in Quebec

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Quebec, Feb. 6.—Hundreds of deserters under the M. S. A. are flocking in here to pay a fine of $5 and costs and regain their citizenship. Priests are bringing them in on trains in batches of from twenty to sixty. In Toronto yesterday Elmer Weber, of Neustadt, Ont., was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for deserting.

Ontario Veterans Land at Halifax

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Feb. 6.—The troopship "Baltic" docked this morning with 69 officers, 27 cadets and 2095 of other ranks, also many civilians, most of the latter for New York. About half the soldiers are for Ontario points and go to Quebec for documentation.

RUSSIA ACCEPT ALLIES' OFFER

AGREES TO CONFERENCE, BUT ALL CONDITIONS ARE NOT COMPLIED WITH.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 6.—The Supreme Council, on receiving the acceptance of the Russian Bolshevik Government of the invitation to attend a conference on Princes Island, immediately made arrangements to send a joint commission of two representatives of each of the five great powers to meet the representatives of the Soviet Government.

It appears, however, according to the Havas Agency, that conditions laid down by the Allies for the holding of the Princes Island Conference has not been fulfilled because, for one thing, there is nothing to show that a truce has been arranged between the various Russian Government. For another thing, other organized groups of Russians have either definitely refused or shown themselves disinclined to meet the Bolshevik delegates. Their absence; it is pointed out, would cause the meeting to fail of attaining its principal object, which was to confront the various factions in Russia and bring them to an agreement.

SUPT. GRANT PROMOTED TO PLACE ON WELLAND CANAL

Will Be Succeeded Here By His Present Assistant Mr. D. Eason.

Mr. A. J. Grant, superintending engineer in the local office of the Trent Valley Canal, has been promoted to the same position on the Welland Canal to succeed Superintendent Weller, resigned. This is regarded as an eminent promotion and Mr. Grant's friends accept it as an appreciation of his faithful services here for the past twelve years or more. The office which he has been called upon to fill is an important one in view of the fact that extensive improvements and extensions are to be made in the Welland Canal.

Mr. Grant's place here will be taken by Mr. D. Eason, who has acted as his assistant for a number of years.

PIERCE BULLER IS FINED $10

FOUND GUILTY OF AN INFRACTION OF THE ONTARIO TEMPERANCE ACT.

Pierce Butler appeared in Police Court this morning charged with an infraction of the Ontario Temperance Act, having been arrested yesterday on Hunter street in an intoxicated condition.

He stated that he had sent to the vendor at Kingston a doctor's prescription for whiskey and upon receiving the liquor had taken it home and drank a small part of it.

He asked the magistrate to give him another chance and promised to do better in the future, but His Worship stated that he had been in trouble before and imposed a fine of $10.00 and $4.10 costs.

CAPT. BURNHAM ON LABOR ISSUE

SAYS PARLIAMENT HAS JURISDICTION OVER ENTIRE DOMINION.

With regard to the question of the Labor organizations, Mr. Burnham says that the Federal House controls the Labor situation in Canada and can make such regulations governing it as it sees fit. The Minister of Labor goes from one end of the Dominion to the other in the course of his duties and jurisdiction. Mr. Burnham has done more, possibly, than any other private member at Ottawa in improving the condition of Labor and expects to succeed in this matter also. "There can be no excuse for the hodge-podge called supply and demand now prevailing with regard to Labor or anything else," said Mr. Burnham. "However, I understand that Mr. Gillespie, Mr. W. H. Bradburn and Mr. G. N. Gordon will be brought out for the Toronto House, and it would be a great mistake not to have their support. They are all most able men."

Urge Compulsory Educational Law

LEGISLATURE OF QUEBEC NOW WRESTLING WITH THAT PROBLEM.

Quebec, Feb. 6.—Urging a far-reaching investigation into the compiling of statistics on public instruction in Quebec, recommending that the Government go deeply into the matter to establish whether the attendance at Quebec schools is really as high as claimed by the representatives from the General Catholic Inspector, the Catholic Council of Public Instruction, comprising members of the Legislature, but mostly bishops and high officials of the Roman Catholic clergy, again faced and studied the problem of compulsory education.

Seldom has the attendance of members of the Council been so large is it was this afternoon. Hon. C. F. Delage, Superintendent of the Catholic Schools of the Province, submitted to the Council two numerously signed petitions, one from Montreal and the other from Drummondville, asking the establishment of compulsory education. This was discussed at length.

It has been argued in the clerical press, and in the House also, that it was contrary to the spirit of the Roman Catholic Church to establish compulsion in educational matters, but this afternoon both Bishop Bruchesi of Montreal and Bishop Emard of Valleyfield stated that there is nothing in the dogmas of the Church that prohibit compulsory education. It was further established that eminent members of the clergy in France, England and other countries favored and praised compulsory education as a means of elevating the moral and intellectual standing of the population.

Finally it was decided to recommend that the Legislature order an attendance, since these were attacked as grossly inaccurate for the last few years.

The House will decide on the recommendation later.

MORE RAILWAY MEN ARE OUT ON THE LONDON LINES BY ORDER OF THE LEADERS

No Train Left Waterloo Station as the Drivers Failed to Appear—Strikers Are Incensed at Action of Bonar Law in Refusing to Treat With Them.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 6.—The first step in the direction of the threatened extension of railroad strike beyond the local lines in London was taken last night when some of the drivers on the Brighton and the Southerwestern Road were called out. The union order was issued during the evening, but a passenger train ran until midnight. Freight service, however, was practically suspended, following the issuance of the strikers' order. Early trains to the suburbs from Waterloo Station, the London terminus of the Southwestern, were not started this morning as the drivers did not appear.

The calling out of locomotive engineers on the line, while fulfilling the threat to call a great strike off on Monday, as also looked upon as a report to a letter from Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader in the House of Commons, in which he refused to meet the strikers. It is also the result of the failure of J. Bromley, secretary of the Association of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, to reach a settlement with Sir Albert Stanley, president of the Board of Trade, and Sir Robert Horne, Minister of Labor.

Refuses to Interfere

The government today was still maintaining its attitude that it could not interfere in the strikes now in progress for the reason that they were solely industrial controversies, but the great inconvenience which the London public is suffering has prompted government measures of relief, until a settlement is reached

These were initiated by the starting of a military motor service in London streets. In this situation the war office early in the day mobilized more than one thousand motor lorries along the principal routes of traffic to supplement the busses and take the place of the suspended tube service. These lorries were manned by military drivers.

It is estimated that they will be able to carry 250 thousand persons daily. No fare is charged and particular attention is paid to working women and girls. The strike of waiters and cooks in the hotels and restaurants is still inconveniencing thousands of Londoners but staffs for these eating places are being recruited from among the unemployed.

MUST INCREASE FIRE BRIGADE BY ONE HALF

Underwriters Will Insist Upon a Force of Thirty Men if Double Platoon System Goes Into Effect.

At the meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committeee the following letter from the Canadian Underwriters' Association expressing their views upon and requirements under the two platoon system was read:

"I would advise that the two platoon system in the view of the members of this Association is in itself rather desirable, but this desirability depends entirely upon their being an adequate number of men on the brigade. If there should not be such an adequate number then the two platoon system is worse than the single.

As you are probably aware our standard for the single platoon system calls for one fully paid man for every 1000 population. Thus Peterboro requires as a minimum 20 paid men.

Further we require, where the double-platoon system is introduced an increase of 50 per cent in the strength of the Brigade, and under this system therefore, you would need 30 fully paid men. Your proposition to add four men to the present seventeen, is in our view, entirely inadequate and with the double platoon system would leave your brigade distinctly weaker than it is at present."

It was decided to adopt the double platoon system with the four men addition, in spite of the opinion expressed in the above communication.

Strikes Illegal The Leaders Say

MEN IN GLASGOW AND OTHER PLACES ARE ORDERED BACK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 6.—(via Reuters).—The Trade Union leaders are contemplating strong action dealing with the revolutionary movement which has led to the unauthorized strike in England, Scotland and Ireland. The leader has been taken by the almagamated society of engineers, whose executive has suspended the district committees of Belfast, Clyde and London for violation of the rules by participating in unauthorized strikes. Furthermore, the negotiating committee of the engineering and shipbuilding trades yesterday manifested their members in Belfast, Glasgow and on the northeast coast, urging that they resume work immediately, pointing out that stoppages weakens the efficiency of trades unionism.

A cow near Orangeville gave birth to triplets; all are doing well.

PREMIER EBERT TO OPEN HOUSE

GERMANY'S NEW NATIONAL ASSEMBLY IS IN SESSION TODAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Feb. 6. — Friedrich Ebert, the German chancellor, will open the first session of the recently elected German National Assembly at Weimar at three o'clock this afternoon. Despatches from Berlin state that after the meeting of the body is thus opened the chair will be taken by the oldest members of the Assembly, probably Herr Pfannkuch.

The advices report that many members for Alsace-Lorraine have proved themselves for the first sitting of the Assembly. The name of Herr Eichhorn, former chief of Berlin Police Department, who was ousted during the troubles with Spartacans will be struck from the role of membership of the Assembly as his whereabouts is not known. He will be succeeded by the candidate in his district with the next largest vote.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1919

THE HEALTH ASSOCIATION.

EVERYONE WHO IS interested in the welfare of the city and in what is being accomplished by public-spirited citizens for the benefit of humanity, would do well to study carefully the report of Miss Edith Hamilton, the nurse employed by the Peterborough Health Association, which was published in these columns yesterday. It will probably be a surprise to many to learn that such a work has been quietly carried on around them for the past year.

There are people in the city who are actually too poor to afford the services of a doctor. There are others who are ill without realizing the seriousness of the consequences of neglect. Very often a doctor is called in only when the disease has made such progress that the most skillful treatment will avail nothing.

In the matter of dealing with ordinary diseases, a trained nurse, as Miss Hamilton is, is about as competent as a licensed physician. She can at least detect the incipient disease, warn the victim of his or her danger and take steps to arrest its progress. That is what Miss Hamilton has been doing among the afflicted in the city since her last annual report was filed, and the story of her ministrations can be heard in many a Peterborough home today.

It seems unfortunate that a work of so much vital importance to the community should be carried on by the charitable, depending for all income upon private contribution except the sum of $1000 voted yearly by the City Council. It would seem only reasonable that the Health Association should be recognized as a public body and supported by municipal funds. What other work carried on in the community can rank in importance with that of preserving the physical well-being of the people?

To prevent the spread of that dread disease, tuberculosis, is one of the chief duties assumed by the members of the Health Association. Miss Hamilton, in her annual report, says that she has noted no increase in the number of local cases during the past year. On the other hand, two medical members of the Board say that at least the malady shows no signs of abating. Both contentions are probably right, so that the urgency for preventive measures still exists. Tuberculosis, if taken in time, can be cured by modern methods. Once it has made progress up to a certain stage the case is hopeless. It is in detecting these cases at the beginning that the value of the services of Miss Hamilton appears.

The duly constituted Board of Health which is operating with provincial authority behind it is doing a splendid work in the city and the services of the Health Officer are invaluable. But the Health Board and Dr. Amys cannot possibly get as close to the people as the Association that is sustained by private enterprise and altruism. The two departments, if working in co-operation, could accomplish something really worth while.

The Health Association has asked the Council for the usual grant of $1000, and as a legal form the matter has been referred to the finance committee. There is no doubt as to a favorable report. Now that the war is over there are fewer calls upon the public for contributions, and the income of the Health Association for the coming year should be at least doubled. It is now proposed to hold the annual spring auto show for the benefit of the Association instead of, as formerly, for the Red Cross, which no longer requires the money, and as a worthy object the proposition has everything to recommend it.

THIRD PARTIES IN POLITICS.

WIN Minister of Labor Robertson was in this city recently he advised Organized Labor not to form an independent party of their own. Speaking from his own experience in public life, he said that more could be accomplished if Labor would unite to support a regular party candidate who was known to be friendly to their interests regardless of what his politics might be. President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, with which nearly every union in Canada is affiliated, is of the same way of thinking.

Parliamentary history fails to show that a third party has ever been able to accomplish anything of importance in the House. At the most it is usually nothing more than a disturbing element in the deliberations. It cannot secure anything in the interests of its constituents except by merging with the party in power. Two parties is the logical division of any body of men. There are always two main sides to every question raised in debate, no matter how many side issues there may be.

In any constituency where the two regular political parties are almost equally divided, Labor cannot hope by organizing a party of its own to supplant either of the others. The regulars will consent to no arrangement of the kind as long as they see a chance for their parties' success. If any candidate for office accepts a nomination from the independents, it is almost certain that neither of the old parties will be willing to take up his cause by endorsing him. If he is first nominated by one of the old-time parties and then endorsed by the Labor element, the new independent party practicaly loses its identity. Just as much could have been accomplished by the workingmen without a special organization. They have in such a case simply adopted the course recommended by Senator Robertson and President Gompers and agreed to support the party and candidate in whom they had confidence.

When Minister of Labor Robertson was in this city he stated at the meeting of the Labor men at which he spoke that the Dominion Government had no power under the B. N. A. Act to regulate the hours of labor in any industries other than those carried on under Federal charters, such as the railways. He also said that the McAdoo award providing for a working day of eight hours had already been given effect in Canada.

From this it is argued that any attempt to secure a Dominion minimum wage board would be useless. There is a difference, however, between the situation here and in the United States. The railways in the republic have been for some time under the control of the State. In Canada the hours of labor were fixed by order-in-Council as a war measure, not by Act of Parliament. In order to make permanent a short working day in all industries under the jurisdiction of the Federal authorities, some such body as a minimum wage board must be provided in order to get the question properly before the House. The minimum wage board that has been suggested will be in reality a commission to investigate labor conditions in Canada.

A CONTRAST IN COUNCILS.

THE MEMBERS of the Victoria County Council have shown themselves abreast of the age by taking up the question of improving the schools in the rural districts. The only solution of the problem as to increased efficiency is consolidation, and a committee, of which the public school inspector is a member, has been appointed to deal with the question. The committee will report at the June meeting.

In the meantime public meetings are to be held throughout the county for the purpose of educating the people up to the suggested reform, for without popular support the successful operation of the proposed system would be impossible. At these meetings addresses will be made by educationists who have first-hand knowledge of the workings of consolidated schools.

The action of the County Council followed the report of Inspector Broderick, whose field includes territory in Victoria nd Peterborough Counties. In that report he called attention to the low standard of education in the rural sections and recommended consolidation, just as he did to the members of our own County Council. Here, however, his report did not make the slightest impression upon the county legislators and no action was taken any more than in the case of a report of the same tenor filed by Inspector Lees.

Inspector Stevens, whose inspectorate takes in the greater part of Victoria County, was granted an increase in his allowance for travelling expenses from $420 to $525. Inspector Broderick's allowance was raised from $13 to $20 a month.

At the last meeting of the Peterborough County Council both inspectors asked for an increase for travelling expenses, basing their claims on the high cost of living which has increased over one hundred per cent. since the present scale was set. The committee to whom this matter was referred decided that Mr. Lees was entitled to a raise and recommended that he be granted an additional $100. The Council, however, in regular session turned down the recommendation and the old figure still obtains.

What with obstinacy as regards the good roads problem and indifference as to the welfare of the county schools, it is difficult to decide whether the Peterborough County Council is suffering from a lack of live leadership or from an excess of leadership of a variety, with the odds in favor of the latter solution of the question as to why the council finds itself so far behind the spirit of progress which is supposed to mark the present age.

WHERE IS THE JUSTICE?

A YOUNG MAN of enemy alien descent, with only one generation between him and the land where his father was born, was drafted for military service. He had spent all his life on a farm, amid environments not calculated to develop a combative spirit. Further than this, his father was a native of Germany, and national ties are always stronger than a patriotic sentiment cultivated in a new country.

The young man deserted his regiment, but was later captured and tried by a duly-constituted court, which, upon finding him guilty, imposed a sentence of fifteen years in the penitentiary, a term reduced to ten years by order-in-Council. Furthermore the deserter was paraded in disgrace before the regiment from which he had fled.

Another man, a soldier by his own choice, holding his King's commission and entrusted with vast sums of money with which to pay the members of the medical corps, stole $18,000 of the money committed to his charge. The young man first referred to was actuated by fear, perhaps the strongest of all human passions. The officer with the commission and with the well-paid office, was inspired by cupidity, the basest passion of them all. He had no excuse to offer of being forced into the service. His loyalty was all, or should have been all, for his Empire, and not for the power with whom that Empire was contending. He must have realized the enormity of his offence, of his hideous breach of faith. Yet on conviction he draws a sentence of only four years as compared with the ten heaped upon the deserter who by every standard of honor is the lesser offender of the two.

The deserter denied the country the benefit of such service as he was able to render. Individually, his services would not have turned the tide of war. But it will be claimed that the example that he set was pernicious and that he must be held up to the world as an example of the consequences of failure in the performance of his duty.

The shoulder-strapped thief gives to the world a worse example of human depravity than does the ignorant deserter. The money he appropriated would have paid the wages of and otherwise maintained three hundred and sixty or more enlisted men, volunteers or draftees, for one month. By his peculation he worked a greater mischief to the cause than did the other who took to the woods rather than fight.

The blind goddess never fails if left to herself. The trouble is that so many of her stupid administrators take advantage of her bandaged eyes to fix her scales so that they no longer work fairly as between the rich and the poor, the learned and the ignorant, the physical coward and the hypocritical sneak who sought to enrich himself by appropriating the money patriotic Canadians were denying themselves to raise to help win the war.

Peace Conference, But Not Peace

New York Commercial)

Excluded from the secret sessions of the peace conference, newspaper correspondents are drawing on their imaginations and are claiming victories for President Wilson in a fashion that would offend the representatives of other nations if they paid any attention to the stories. We have been told that President Wilson has secured the adoption of the League of nations as a first step in making peace and after that we hear from the same sources that the President will not press it but will let some other nation father this plan to prevent war. Now it is said that the President has induced England, France, Belgium, Portugal, Italy and the rest to refrain from annexing German colonies, but to hold them in trust, and that he has abandoned the idea of administration of these colonies by the League of Nations.

Truth compels candid American newspaper to confess that the peace conference has not arrived anywhere yet. President Wilson seems to have presented his views with great ability and plenipotentiaries of other belligerents say his theories are acceptable but they have not yet learned from him or others how to fit them to actual conditions. Meanwhile no treaty of peace is in sight and actual war is being waged in Russia and between some of the new nations of Eastern Europe which complicates the situation.

Would it not be simpler to make peace with Germany and her former allies and then try to set up the League of Nations to maintain peace. The vanquished have some rights, and the most important is peace. Let them know the judgment that overhangs them. If this is delayed until the League of Nations is created and takes action it is possible that Germany may reject the terms and renew the war with the help of new allies in Russia and mercenary Oriental soldiers such as are now reported to be fighting for the Bolshevist government. A dangerous state of war now exists in Russia and it is probable that vast armies can be recruited by promises of loot and high pay.

While the peace conference protracts the discussion in Paris serious labor troubles develop in the British Isles which are taking on a Bolshevist character. Workmen refuse to follow the leaders of their trades unions and are forming local organizations on the soviet model. Other European countries are similarly affected. Congress is starting backfires in Washington while the President is in France. It might not be easy to renew war if Germany and Russia combined resist the decrees of the League of Nations six months or a year from now.

France sees the danger and is anxious to hold the whole Rhine frontier as a barrier against a sudden incursion of the Huns. Prussia and Russia combined to overwhelm Napoleon the Great have not forgotten the story. The Entente Allies and America are certainly regarded and treated as foreign enemies by the Bolshevist Government of Russia, which is trying to drive American and other soldiers into the White Sea. German officers drill and command Asiatic mercenaries in Russia.

Do one thing at a time, and let the first be a peace that will legally end the technical state of war in Europe.

WIT AND WISDOM

Bobby's Version.

Asked to define "lunch", Bobby replied: "Lunch is what you have for dinner when your father is away."

Out of the Frying Pan.

"What are you laughing about?"

"Now that peace is here I'm thinking of the poor guys who got married to escape the draft."

Then There'll Be Trouble.

"Are you going to pay me that bill?"

"Not just yet."

"If you don't I'll tell your other creditors that you have paid me."

Economic Delusion.

Buying apples by the barrel
Is one way man's peace is wrecked—
First he picks and eats the speckled ones,
By that time the rest are specked.

Carrying On.

"Well," said Uncle Si Bruggins after a solo by a fashionable church choir tenor, "if that ain't the rudest thing I ever saw. Just as soon as that young man began to sing, every other member of the choir stopped. But he went through with it, and I must say I admire his spunk."

Brief But Pithy.

The fire-eating colonel had received a letter, which consumed him with rage, but this was his noble reply:

"Sir,—My stenographer, being a lady, cannot transcribe what I think of you. I, being a gentleman, cannot think it. But you, being neither, will understand what I mean."

Obliging.

A countryman on a visit to London found he had lost his stickpin. Fortunately he had a friend at the police station, so he went and told him of his loss. The friend assured him he would not leave a stone unturned until the pin had been found.

When the man got back to his lodgings he discovered the pin on his dressing-table and immediately started off to the police station again. As he wended his way along one of the principal streets he saw some workmen pulling up the roadway to lay some new gaspipes.

"Don't trouble to take up any more, my lads," he cried. "I found the pin."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says they can't keep a cook more than a week at a time and she's glad to see that congress is going to devote more attention to the domestic questions.

The typhus epidemic in Petrograd is assuming enormous proportions, and the sufferers exceed tens of thousands.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

I was in the barber shop setting there waiting wile the barber cut my hair, and all of a suddin I started to dreem on account of having fell asleep, dremeing Puds Simkins was a barber and he was cutting my hair with 2 pairs of sizzers one in each hand and looking the other way wile he did it, and all of a suddin I woak up and the barber was saying, Afi done, you haff to pay exter if you wunt to sleep heer. And I looked in the mirrer and heer my hair was nearly all clipped off, making me look like a munkey or sumthing.

There aint hardly eny left, I sed. And I went out feeling funny as enything erround the hed, and Mary Watkins was standing at her parler window and saw me going past and she opened the window, saying, Come on in and see my Krismas tree, Benny.

Im on my way home, I cant, I sed.

Well you can come in for a minnit, cant you? sed Mary Watkins, and I sed, Well, I mite for a minnit, if its ony a minnit. Thinking I mite not haff to take my hat off for ony a minnit, and she opened the frunt door and I went in the parler ware the tree was, being a all rite tree, but Ive saw lots better, and Mary Watkins sed, Benny Potts, do you think its polite to stand in a ladys parler with your hat on?

I got a cold and Im afraid of drafts, I sed.

Well theres no drafts in heer, sed Mary Watkins, and I sed, I know, but you cant tell wat minnit one mite come in.

Benny Potts you take that hat off, sed Mary Watkins.

Im going now, I sed. Wich I started to do, and Mary Watkins quick jumped and pulled my hat off, saying, Wy Benny, hee hee hee no wonder youre afraid of drafts, hee hee hee.

There must be a joak sumwares, I sed. And I grabbed my hat back and wawked out looking insulted, Mary Watkins saying, There is, hee hee, there is theres one on your hed. Meening a joak.

The employes of the Montreal Tramways Co. will ask for a nine-hour day and an increase in wage rate from 45 cents to 50 cents.

In the two months that the British have occupied Cologne there have been 3,000 arrests of German citizens on one charge or another.

Guelph City Council has decided to settle ex-Mayor Harry Mahoney's suit for damages for the breaking of his leg when a dam was blown up in the river.

Because they had left the front when the parcels arrived, there were 110 soldiers from Kingston district who did not receive their Christmas parcels.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $3; No. 2, $5; No. 3, $10 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

CHURCH TEA HELD AT LAKEFIELD

PLEASANT FUNCTION NETTED HANDSOME SUM FOR THE CHURCH DEBT.

An afternoon tea was held by the members of the Anglican Church at the home of Mrs F. J. Tate, (the Gordon property) on Wednesday, February 5th, to raise funds for the church debt. Financial results were all that could be desired. An orchestra was in attendance, consisting of Mrs. E. R. Tate, Mrs. Langley, Mrs. Morrison, Mrs. Burton, Mrs. Strickland, Mr. Morrison, Mr. Keith Tate. The orchestra program was as follows:

God save the King.
Sweet memories.
A little bit of heaven, sure they call it Ireland.
Underneath the stars.
Keep the home fires burning.
Cinnamon tree.
Give me all of you — Loveland waltz.
Smiles.
Salome.
The end of a perfect day.
Barcarolle.
Major and minor waltz.
Rebecca of Sunny Brook farm.
God save the King.

This is the first time that this orchestra has appeared in public and the music was very much appreciated by music lovers.

Statement of Proceeds

Entrance fees, which were taken by Mrs. (Capt.) Marling amounted to $11.00.

Candy table (the salesladies of which were Misses Graham and Hampton,) realized the very substantial sum of $9.53. The returns of the afternoon tea which was served by a number of the young girls of the congregation amounted to $7.60

The wheel of fortune which was conducted by Mrs. M. Osborne was quite an attraction, also a financial success, $11.35 being turned in.

A Hot Liner From The Scugog Town

(Lindsay Post.)

Peterboro was always jealous of Lindsay. They tried to stage a riot in that city on Monday night but failed. The Electric City boys who figured in the local unpleasantness must have ran short of their supply of squirrel whiskey.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Now that the new government standard hour is in general use, the quality of the yeast you use is more important than ever. Use Royal Yeast Cakes. Their quality is absolutely reliable. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.

Send name and address for copy Royal Yeast Cake Book.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Wise is the man who has a cage ready for the bird in hand.

The rolling stone reaches the foot of the hill in due time.

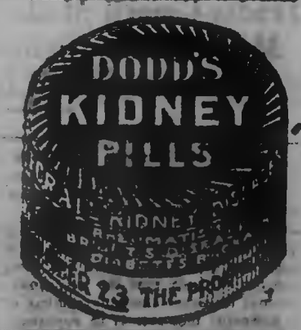
When you can get a horse at a bargain—drive the bargain.

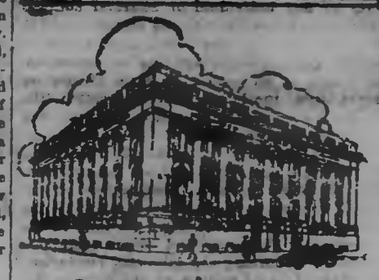
Corkscrews have sunk more people than cork jackets ever saved.

It is told of a St. Louis miser that he eats his meals before a mirror because it doubles the dishes.

The tongue of a woman is her sword—and she never allows it to rust.

The average lazy man gets along so well in this world that he encourages idleness in others.





FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday,
KITTY GORDON in "TINSEL,"
A DRAMA IN 5 ACTS
KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in "The Eagle's Eye," Chapter 8. "The Kaiser's Death Messenger," 2 Parts
FORD EDUCATIONAL SERIES
"Did it ever happen to You," Comedy
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,
Bluebird Photo-play MUNROE SALISBURY AND RUTH CLIFFORD in "HUNGRY EYES,"
JUANITA HANSEN and JACK NULHALL in the Classy Serial "THE BRASS BULLET,"
Comedy Reel—GALE HENRY in "NEARLY A QUEEN,"
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

14 Reels
Double Show For One Price

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all 16c

Last Chance To-night. Don't Miss Great War Picture

6th Episode of the Million Dollar Vitagraph Photo-Play Serial

"The Iron Test"

2 PARTS

ALLIES' OFFICIAL WAR REVIEW

"The Passing of Prussianism," 1 REEL

"BRITAIN'S BULWARKS," With the Drifters and Mine Sweepers—1 Reel

BIG V COMEDY 2 PARTS

"Frauds and Frenzies"

EXCLUSIVE FEATURES

Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature
Presenting ALICE JOYCE in
"The Captain's Captain"
5 PARTS

ALWAYS GOOD AT THE ROYAL

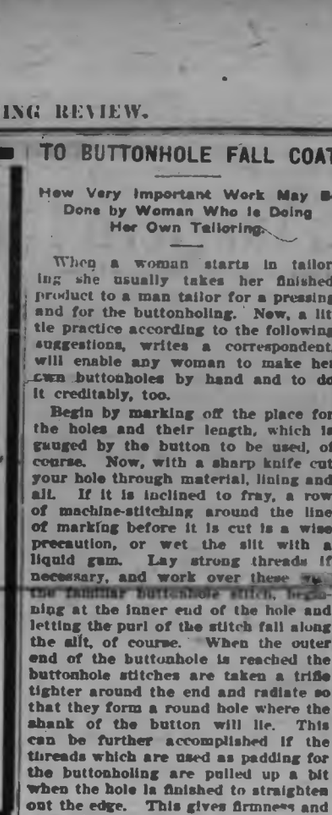
TO BUTTONHOLE FALL COAT

How Very Important Work May Be Done by Woman Who Is Doing Her Own Tailoring

When a woman starts in tailoring she usually takes her finished product to a man tailor for a pressing and for the buttonholing. Now, a little practice according to the following suggestions, writes a correspondent, will enable any woman to make her own buttonholes by hand and to do it creditably, too.

Begin by marking off the place for the holes and their length, which is gauged by the button to be used, of course. Now, with a sharp knife cut your hole through material, lining and all. If it is inclined to fray, a row of machine-stitching around the line of marking before it is cut is a wise precaution, or wet the slit with a liquid gum. Lay strong threads if necessary, and work over these the familiar buttonhole stitch, beginning at the inner end of the hole and letting the purl of the stitch fall along the slit, of course. When the outer end of the buttonhole is reached the buttonhole stitches are taken a trifle tighter around the end and radiate so that they form a round hole where the shank of the button will lie. This can be further accomplished if the threads which are used as padding for the buttonholing are pulled up a bit when the hole is finished to straighten out the edge. This gives firmness and strength and prevents the hole from stretching after continued buttonholing. Close the hole with a straight bar of buttonhole strand of thread along the edge or two stitches across the inner end.

READY FOR THE MOTOR TRIP



Tan bolivia cloth is the material in this nobby, serviceable and comfortable motor coat. There is a long scarf collar which can be effectively draped about the neck. The cape is still in evidence. Picture illustrates a new mode.

Rice Paper.

Of the great army of cigarette smokers there is probably not more than one in a hundred who knows that rice paper, in which the tobacco is wrapped, has nothing to do with rice, but is made from the membranes of the breadfruit tree, or more commonly of fine new trimmings of flax and hemp. So light is this paper that 500 of the tiny sheets go to make an ounce.

Have to Be Aroused.

Most men do not know what is in them till they receive the summons from their fellows; their hearts die within them, sleep settles upon them—the lethargy of the world's miasmata; there is nothing for which they are so thankful as for that cry, "Awake, thou that sleepest!"—Ruskin.

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief

Buckingham, Que., May 3rd, 1915.

"For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe *Headaches and Indigestion*. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. *Finally, a friend advised* "Fruit-a-tives". I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has miserable health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take "Fruit-a-tives", and you will get well".

ALBERT VARNER.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

British Armies in Great War

IN certain things the British army was easily first. It surpassed its allies and its enemies in air service. British mastery of the air was one of the essential and potent elements in ultimate victory, says Frank Simmonds in the New York Tribune.

Again, without the tank, which was a British contribution, the campaign of 1918 might have finished at the Hindenburg line, if, indeed, it had not closed even nearer to the positions held by the Germans in the summer. The French borrowed the idea and elaborated upon it, but the credit for the invention belongs to the British, just as to Byng goes the very great praise due to the man who first saw the possibilities of the new instrument and turned them to account at First Cambrai.

It is unquestionably true that the British army suffered by comparison with the French and German armies throughout the war. But all comparison is manifestly unfair, as comparison with the Germna army is even more unfair. If there is to be comparison it must be between the French army and the British navy, for as France put her reliance upon her army and concentrated upon it her best effort, Britain did likewise with her fleet. And surely such comparison will not be to the disadvantage of the British.

As to the British army the great thing we all have to remember is that it was created after the war began and after the best of the officers and men of the British regular army had been, in the main, killed in the opening battles. It was thus deprived of exactly the elements that it most needed for its own training.

In the face of these handicaps, in the face of the still further obstacle due to the fact that the enemy was in the field and that he had to be held, a task requiring all that was left of British officers and regulars and demanding new troops before they were even partially trained, the British managed to build a great army, without which victory is ever impossible. Napoleon found, when the veterans he had inherited from the wars of the Revolution were gone, he could not win victories of the sort which he had won in the earlier campaigns. But he never had to improvise an army or a system. The British had to do both.

It was always impossible in four years to fashion an instrument as perfect as that machine built by the Germans as the result of a full century of patient and uninterrupted effort. We also misunderstood the facts in the early period of the war, when the greatness of the danger inevitably provoked impatience and invited unjust comparisons. But it is not by comparison that we can fairly measure the British achievement in their army building. They started with next to nothing, when the structures of their allies and enemies were practically complete.

With all their handicaps, with all the limitations imposed by the situation, they built a great army, frequently victorious, sometimes defeated, suffering the same disappointments which came to Grant's army in 1864 after it had at last become convinced of its superiority, sharing this disappointment with a nation equally blind to certain truths but gaining in power and efficiency up to the hour when it broke the strongest lines of the enemy, manned by the best of the surviving troops of the foe, and began a march to victory which was only halted by the white flag of the Kaiser's generals.

I think the fair measure of British military achievement is a contrast between what Britain has done and what military men, Germans, for example, believed she could do four years ago, when the Kaiser challenged Great Britain as well as France and Russia. And nothing is more certain than that, had the Germans comprehended that the British army could play the role it has played, they would never have risked British entrance into the struggle. You get the full measure of German amazement in all the official German comments on British operations from the First Somme onward. For them the British, despite manifest and recognized limitations, were steadily doing the impossible.

We see things far more calmly now than in the heat of the terrible years that have gone by. Comparisons which were inevitable then seem at once meaningless and inequitable now. The future will see even more clearly. It will perceive that Britain transformed a civilian population into a vast military force which kept the field, held the well organized and well trained foe when it was still lacking in training and in munitions, and finally shared in the complete triumph of French and American troops, a triumph to which the Americans were only just beginning to contribute.

Perhaps there is no better summary of what the British army achieved than is supplied in the bald statement that the British army occupied Mons on Aug. 21, 1914, and reoccupied it on Nov. 10, 1918. In the time that separates the two dates the German army were out, it broke itself against British and French defence and it was incapable of meeting French, British and American attack. And in all the time from French's retreat to Haig's last advance British military contribution to the sum total of allied resources increased steadily. I think we shall some day have the final measure of British military achievement when the archives of the Great General Staff in Berlin are thrown open and we are able to see exactly what British military contribution was estimated at by those who risked the world war.

The Blythe (England) soldiers and sailors' federation has refused to join the labor party.

Perils of Literary Life.

The man who talks too much isn't half as apt to get into trouble as the fellow that writes too much, and somebody keeps the stuff that he wrote and digs it up against him.—Wilmington News.

Safe Betting.

About the only sure-thing bet in this world of chance is to place your money on the locomotive when it is racing an automobile to a crossing.—Indianapolis News.

Monument to Genius.

Amid the ruins of the capitol at Rome, on October 15, 1764, Edward Gibbon formed the resolve to write "The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," and on the night of June 27, 1787, nearly twenty-three years later, in the summerhouse of his garden, the last word was written, but in those laborious years Gibbon had built an enduring monument to his own genius.

Explanation of Snow Line.

The snow line is the estimated altitude, in all countries, where snow would be formed. Even at the equator, at an altitude of from 11,000 to 12,000 feet above the level of the sea, snow is found upon the mountain tops, and lies there perpetually. Proceeding north or south from the equator, the snow line, of course, lessens in altitude.

Sardine Oil.

A new industry has lately become established on the west coast of southern India for the manufacture from the sardine of fish oil and guano, according to report. Previously sardines in many thousands of tons had been dried whole on the beach for manure, but by this wasteful process all the oil was lost.

Korean Women.

In Korea women occupy a place in society which has no parallel elsewhere in the Orient. They are both better and worse off than in China or India or Japan—better off because there are more fields open to them, worse because they are overworked, often ill-treated, and until recently were actually enslaved.

Pretty Compliment.

Willie had as a neighbor a larger boy named Robert, of whom he was fond. He would watch for Robert's return from school, as he knew he would play with him and amuse him. One day he was asked why he liked Robert so well and he said, "Robert is just like a papa to me."

Defense of Automobile.

Out at the old country church the mule and buggy has been knocked higher than a kite by the automobile because automobiles don't break loose like the mule did, nor do they gnaw the shade trees in the churchyard.—Commerce News.

What of the H. C. of L.?

You cannot play with dollars unless you are an idiot. No dollars can put into your mind any thought worth while that was not there before, and good thoughts are the real wealth.—Washington Times.

A Sweet Job.

"And now, since you have come out and asked us, Clara," said the indolent and youthful editor, "we may as well confess that our idea of a streamous job is taming wild honey."

Misconstrued Silence.

"He who says nothing is never misquoted," remarks a philosopher. No, but sometimes his wife accuses him of sitting there thinking things.—Boston Transcript.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

Col. Victor C. Vaughan of the surgeon-general's office, discussing the influenza epidemic at a recent meeting of the American Public Health association, observed that the respiratory diseases kill some 40 per cent. more men than women, since men move about and are exposed more than women—exposed, you should like understood, not to weather, or anything like that, but to spray or contact infection from persons with slight respiratory troubles, vulgarly called "colds."

The recent statistics show that influenza, if that is the name of the epidemic, has chiefly affected persons from 20 to 45 years of age, persons presumably in the prime of vigor and health. One reason for this is that only persons of that age have been serving in the army; another is that both men and women of that age get about more than younger or older people do, and hence stand a greater chance of picking up any infection people are peddling about.

Influenza is a disagreeable illness, but not at all fatal, in twenty-nine out of thirty cases. When pneumonia develops as a complication of influenza, as it is not unlikely to do when the patient fails to remain at rest in bed in a well ventilated room or on a sleeping porch, the disease becomes serious enough.

In some places influenza was made a reportable disease. It was up to the doctor to decide whether to report a case of acute respiratory infection as influenza. He had no positive means of determining whether a given case was one of the "flu" or just the common acute respiratory infection usually called "grip" or "cold."

In some places the health authorities required isolation of "flu" patients for two weeks. Was it justifiable to isolate such victims of respiratory infection as the doctor in attendance considered influenza cases and not those he considered ordinary "grip"? Of course not. But that is the way public health authorities prefer to deal with respiratory infections. You see, the public, in the estimation of the public health authorities, is not yet educated sufficiently to understand how each and every alleged cold or "grip" is just as infectious and just as dangerous as is the particular case in which the attending physician assumes the presence of influenza.

Consistency in public health administration may come some day, but as yet we are still very much in the air.

An Anesthetic For Tonsil Operations.

Do you advise ether or cocaine as the anaesthetic for removal of the tonsils? M. W. B.

The choice of anaesthetic is for the operator to make. Sometimes general anaesthesia is necessary and in some cases a local anaesthetic is sufficient. It depends on the condition of the throat and of the patient. If I were to have my tonsils removed I'd let the operator decide on the anaesthetic and keep my own mouth closed until he got ready to work.

This Will Shock the Mollies.

I seem to be able to go through the severest northwest winters, with the temperature sometimes falling to far below freezing, without noticeable discomfort, wearing very light summer weight underwear. In so doing am I courting trouble in the shape of so called rheumatism and kindred ailments, I have never suffered from colds of any kind. Am 43 years old.

L. B. H.

In any season or climate the least possible clothing one can wear with comfort is best, from the hygienic viewpoint. Outside of the almanac and Uncle Hiram's correspondence with the faraway eminent specialist in all human ills, there is no known relation between clothing and joint disease, or between lack of clothing or insufficient clothing and respiratory disease.

Woods Phosphiline

The Great Mental Remedy. Restores Lost Vitality, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Lost Power, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Wakefulness, Lassitude, Depression, Exhaustion, Spermatorrhoea, Impure Blood, Premature Decay, Failing Memory, Barren Manhood, Lack of Energy, Despondency, Pimples on the Face, Dizziness, Sunken Eyes, Pain in the Back, Drains and Loss in Urine, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Lost Power, Nervous Debility

SAGE TEA KEEPS YOUR HAIR DARK

When Mixed with Sulphur It Brings Back Its Beautiful Lustre at Once

Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks streaked, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred-fold.

Don't stay gray! Look young! Either prepare the recipe at home or get from any drug store a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which is merely the old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients. Thousands of folks recommend this ready-to-use preparation, because it darkens the hair beautifully, besides, no one can possibly tell, as it darkens so naturally and evenly. You moisten a sponge or soft brush with it, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, its natural color is restored and it becomes thick, glossy and lustrous, and you appear years younger.

NORWOOD

(Special Correspondence)

Norwood, Feb. 5.—Mr. Karl Irwin went to Toronto on monday where he purposes attending the School of Practical Science. He was accompanied by his father, Rev. A. M. Irwin, B.A. B.D.

Sapper Percy Johnson, who has lately returned from overseas, visited at the home of his uncle, Mr. E. J. Laing.

Mr. Max Bearror, of the R. A. F., Toronto, spent a few days this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Laing, prior to leaving for his home at Conquest, Sask.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Fry, of Orillia, are in the village, being called here owing to the serious illness of our esteemed citizen, Mr. S. Hendren.

The Grim Reaper visited one of the homes in Norwood on Tuesday night and removed one of Norwood's most highly esteemed townsmen in the person of Mr. Stanley Hendren after an illness of six weeks. Deceased suffered a paralatic stroke on Christmas day from which he never recovered. Deceased was a life-long resident of Norwood, a son of the late George Hendren. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and daughter, Miss Ruth. He is survived by four brothers, John, of Norwood, and Fred., Bert and William, of Winnipeg.

A disastrous fire occurred on the farm of Mr. Harry Patterson of the 5th line of Dummer, on Wednesday forenoon of this week when his barns and stabbles were totally destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown and it spread with such rapidity that Mr. Patterson was a very heavy looser. Mr. Patterson had a large supply of hay and grain, which was all destroyed. He also lost eighteen head of cattle, most of which were either thoroughbred or high-grade Durham. Mr. Patterson's loss will be very heavy, which was partly covered by insurance.

Mr. A. S. Laing, who has been in Kingston ,has returned and has resumed his duties with the Union Bank staff.

Miss Laura Smith was in town on Wednesday.

Miss Brimacomb and Mr. Allen, Miss McColl and Mr. Taylor had a narrow escape Sunday evening last when the cutter they were driving overturned. Fortunately none of the occupants were injured in the accident.

Hal Chase Is Found Not Guilty

New Yor. Feb. 6—Hal Chase, first baseman of the Cincinnai National League Club, was acquitted of the charge of attempting to influence the result of baseball games last summer.

President John A. Heydler of the league rendered the decision after a week of study of the evidence submitted by the officers of the club and that offered by Chase in rebuttal.

"The testimony showed," said Heydler, "That Chase acted in a foolish manner both on the field and among the players and that the club was justified in bringing the charges in view of the many rumors which arose from the loose talk of its first baseman. Chase did not take his work seriously and was entirely to blame for the position in which he found himself. There was, however, no proof that he intentionally violated any of the rules in relation to tampering with the players or in any way endeavored to secure desired results in the outcome of games.

Chase refused to talk when informed of the verdict but his lawyers issued an statement for him which declared that legal action would be continued to obtain "full redress" from the Cincinnati Club, which caused his suspension "without cause" and held up payment of his salary.

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence.)

Millbrook, Feb. 6.—Mrs. A. Orr is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. McBride, at Ourora.

Mr. Sim Bateson, of Toronto, is visiting his sister, Mrs. T. Bradley.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Husk, of Mount Pleasant, were in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. Sayles was a visitor to Peterboro last week.

Mrs. C. W. Richards and daughter, Miss Phyllis, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilson, at Port Hope.

Miss Emma Francey ,of Perrytown, was home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. McBride, of Ourora, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Wood last week.

Mr. C. W. Richards was a visitor to Omemee on Tuesday.

Mr and Mrs. H. Lord and son, Pte. Harry Lord, were visitors to Peterboro last week.

Born—At Pontypool, on Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Goheen, a son.

The Mizpah Bible Class will give an entertainment on Tuesday, Feb. 18th, in the Sunday School rooms of the Methodist Church, consisting of dialogues—"The Search for Happiness," "An 'At Home'" by the girls and "The Movies," by the C. S. E. T. boys.

Women's Auxiliary.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Thomas' Church held their January meeting on Tuesday, the 28th, at the home of Mrs. W. Leach. There was an encouraging attendance and a most interesting meeting was held. After the officers had read their reports, business matters concerning the raising of our pledges, the Dorcas work for the year and other items were most satisfactorily disposed of. Mrs. Needler continued the reading of our missionary book, touching most especially upon the terrible conditions of factory girls in China and Japan. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Howden.

School Reports.

Report of senior room, Millbrook Public School, for the month of January:

IV—Honors, Allen Pitt, 81 per cent. Pass, Morris Gray, 70; David Fowler, 70; Duella Shaw, 69; Kathleen Freelove, 64; Alice Armstrong, 63; Pearl Armstrong, 63.

Sr. III—Honors, Thelma Spencer, 80 per cent.; Alex. Johnston, 79; Foster Russell, 77; Muriel Lang, 76. Pass, Dorothy Higgs, 74; Pearl Lamb, 70; Charlie Lord, 69; Billy Byam, 69; Bonna Robinson, 68; Arnold Armstrong, 68; Helen Adams, 68; Ernest Burnham, 64.

Number on roll—37.

M. M. VAN NEST, Teacher.

The annual S. S. entertainment of St. Thomas Church, Millbrook, was held in the S. S. room on Friday, Jan. 31, 1919. There was a crowded house and a splendid program was given by the pupils. All the classes took part and made a very creditable showing.

Mr. S. Balcombe, who has lately returned from France gave a great deal of pleasure by his excellent singing.

Miss McBean made a splendid auctioneer in the patriotic auction.

L. S. Falls, son of Mr. A. J. Falls, has received his M. D. degree from Queen's Medical School, Kingston.

Grace Church Notes.

Rev. Dr. Lee, pastor.

10.30 a.m.—"The Traveller's Guide."
7.00 p.m.—"The Worse Thing."
2.30 p.m.—S. School and Bible Class.

St. Enochs, Garden Hill.

2.30—"Unutterable Things."
1.30—S. S. and Bible Class.

Methodist Church.

Rev. W. H. Higgs, pastor.

10.30 a.m.—"The Church's Obligation."
2.30 p.m.—S. School.
7.00 p.m.—"The Wedding Feast and the Wedding Garment."

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination of drugs for the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefield, Feb. 6.—Mr. Morley Macdonald spent Tuesday in Peterboro.

Mr. Norman Crowe of Warsaw spent Tuesday in the village.

Miss Rhoda Alford returned from Peterboro on Tuesday after spending the past week visiting friends.

Mr. Arthur Lawless was in Peterboro Tuesday

Miss Clare Braverder was in Peterboro Tuesday on business.

Mrs Isaac Watson and her grandson, Gerald Kennedy are spending a few days in Peterboro the guest of Mrs. Webdale.

Mr. V. Hamilton of the Lakefield Preparatory School left on Friday to spend the week end with friends in Toronto.

The farm stock sale of Mr. Ed. Watley conducted by auctioneer Alford on February 4th, was a financial success.

Mr. J. Graham of Peterboro was in the village on Friday.

Canon Hedley of Toronto was a guest at the Grove School.

Mrs. Wesley Sherin is spending a few days in Toronto visiting friends.

Mr. Brodenick public school inspector is at present inspecting schools in this locality.

Mrs. Harry Fitzgerald is at present visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. H Batten was in the village on Thursday.

Miss Loretta Watley of Peterboro spent Tuesday at her home in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bickell of Port Perry spent the week end in the village the guest of Mr. and Mrs W. E. Bickell.

Mr. J. Campbell returned to the village today after spending a few days in Peterboro.

Mrs. J. Hunter is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thos. Crawford.

Gunner Vandal Simpson is spending a few days in Toronto visiting friends.

Pte. Joe Hill is in Kingston on business.

Miss Olive Northcott who is attending Normal School in Peterboro spent the week end at her home in the village

Miss Hazel Maude of Peterboro spent a couple of days in the village the guest of Miss Edna Braden.

Mr. Harry Portsmouth of Peterborough is spending a few days in the village visiting his sister Mrs. Bell.

Messrs John and Bruce Campbell of Cadillac Mich., have returned to their home after spending a few days in the village, attending the funeral of their mother the late Mrs. D. Campbell.

Mr. Bert Watley of Peterborough spent Tuesday at his home in the village.

Miss Angela Charlton of Peterboro spent the week end at her home in the village.

Mrs. Bell of Selwyn is at present visiting her daughter Mrs. N. A. Moore.

Mr. L. Walton was in Warsaw on Wednesday.

Mrs. H. Sutton is visiting relatives in Peterboro and Toronto.

A meeting of the Clementi Lodge A. F. & A. M. was held in their lodge room on Tuesday evening.

A Valentine Social will be held in the Sunday School room on Tuesday Feb. 11.—A very interesting program is being prepared.

Mrs T. Waldon returned to the village on Saturday after spending a few days in Peterboro visiting relatives.

Mr. Donald Fitzgerald of Peterboro spent the week at his home in the village.

The ladies of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. John's Church will hold their annou Valentine afternoon tea in the Sunday school on Tuesday, February 11, fancy aprons, homemade candy and cooking. A collection of war curios will be on exhibition.

Oshawa Customs receipts for January were $249,000, an increase of $62,000.

J. D. H. Browne, hardware merchant, at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., is dead.

Half a dozen grasshoppers have been caught in a field near New York.

Sergt. George R. Cowan, of Brantford, was accidentally wounded in Germany.

Galt City Council has decided to pave the streets in order to give work to the unemployed.

A committee of twenty has been formed in Winnipeg to deal with returned soldiers' problems.

Mgr. B. Carretti, secretary for Foreign Affairs at the Vatican, is in Canada on a special mission.

Charles B. Songer, of Toronto, a colored dining car chef, was fined $300 at London for having liquor in his possession.

War to Peace

Article No. 13 Cut out for Reference

Creating Opportunities for Employment

BESIDES helping to distribute employment through a chain of Employment Offices, the Government has developed plans to create opportunities for employment.

Briefly, these plans cover the following phases:—

1. *Public Works*

During the war, many important Public Works have been held up. The Minister of Public Works, has his plans and preparations made to proceed with the more necessary of these in the near future. This Committee has also been in touch with Provincial Governments and Municipalities, with a view to impressing upon them the necessity for similar action. The building and public works programme now in sight will provide employment for many returned soldiers and war-workers.

2. *Railways*

During the past four years, a great deal of work necessary to keep our railways up to standard has been postponed. Some millions of dollars must be expended on improving road-bed, constructing bridges, buildings and other improvements. Vast quantities of ties are being got out this winter. Equipment of various kinds must be secured. The Minister of Railways states that as soon as weather conditions will permit, some thousands of men will be absorbed in various railway undertakings. The supplies and materials required will also provide employment.

3. *Shipbuilding*

The shipbuilding programme arranged for by the Government will provide employment for many men during 1919. It is expected that arrangements will be completed to keep the shipbuilding yards in active operation throughout the year. The Government recognises that this ship construction is one of the best means of providing suitable employment for many skilled and other workers.

4. *Export Trade*

The Government has established a Canadian Trade Commission. This Commission has an office in Canada and a "trade mission" overseas. Through this trade mission it is anticipated that Canada will secure an important share in the business of providing materials and manufactured products required for reconstruction work in Europe. A short time may be required before final details are completed and definite results are announced. The business so secured will be distributed through the regular channels of trade and thus afford extra opportunities for employment.

5. *Housing*

The Government has set aside the large sum of $25,000,000 to be loaned through the Provinces in order to encourage the building of workmen's houses. When the season for building arrives, this work should give employment to many hundreds of men both in construction work and in the supply of materials.

6. *Land Settlement*

The Government, as already explained in a former announcement, has developed plans to help soldiers to become farmers, providing land, granting loans and giving training and supervision where necessary. It is expected that a large number of returning soldiers will take advantage of these opportunities. The scheme will involve the expenditure of some millions of dollars, a good deal of which will find its way into building materials, supplies, machinery, etc., all of which will assist in providing employment.

7. *Road Building*

The Government now has under consideration the question of joining the provincial governments in financing the construction of public highways. Should a favorable decision be reached, a large field for employment opportunities will be opened up. Regardless of Federal action, provincial governments are preparing their own road-making programmes.

The Government is alive to the necessity for providing employment opportunities, and stands prepared to assist in every way possible. If corporations and private citizens will join in this feature of Repatriation Work, Canada should have little difficulty with the employment problem.

Director of Repatriation

FROM WAR TO PEACE

The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

FINDING WORK IN WINNIPEG

TRIBUNE OF THAT CITY HAS STARTED A SYSTEMATIC CAMPAIGN.

The Winnipeg Tribune in devoting special space to urging employers of labor, to co-operate in plans to find employment for returning men.

The Tribune is making a survey of its field in this connection and is using a Specimen Question Card seeking the following information from the employers:

Address . . . . . .
Business . . . . . .
How many employees enlisted?
How many have returned?
To return?
Not returning?
Are you keeping positions open for your former employees who are in the service?
Will you reinstate them at current wages?
Will you employ them as they return?
Will you give preference to soldiers by discharging enemy aliens or other employees provided a soldier can fill the position?
What are the prospects for additional employment in your business?
Are there any prevailing conditions affecting your business that will prevent you from taking back your former employees who enlisted? If so, please note on back of card how many soldiers will be affected thereby.

Throughout Canada the employers of labor, the G.W.V.A., Boards of Trade and other municipal organizations are co-operating in efforts to expand the opportunities for employment of both returning men and civilian workers.

Experience is like a light hug at the stern of a ship.

Honor Roll Of St. John's Church

The Honor Roll of St. John's congregation of members who enlisted is being finally revised. Relatives of men on active service are asked to read the roll in the church porch, and report any errors or omissions in writing to Mr. R. J. Dovey, 235 Park street, at the earliest opportunity as the roll will be closed at the end of February.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW.

Your hands are in your pockets most of the time these days. Wear Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves this winter and if your hands are still there it won't be because of the cold. And they'll compel you to beat out "Rising prices" in regard to gloves. Ask for Ballantyne's. D. M. Ballantyne, Limited Stratford, Ont.

BALLANTYNE GLOVE Scotch Knit

EXTEND WELCOME TO NEW WARDEN

MILLBROOK CITIZENS JOIN IN RECEPTION TO THEIR POPULAR OFFICIAL.

A large number of the friends of Mr. A. J. Henderson, Warden-elect of the Counties of Northumberland and Durham, met him at Millbrook depot and accompanied him to the Town Hall, where an impromptu program was given. Councillor Fred Clarke was appointed chairman. In his address he expressed his pleasure on the election of Mr. Henderson as Warden. Mr. Clarke was of the opinion that Warden Henderson will conduct the duties of the higher office in just the same capable way in which he has conducted the lesser duties of councillor, deputy-reeve and Reeve. The chairman then asked the clerk to read the address from the citizens of Cavan to Warden Henderson.

Mr. A. J. Henderson, Warden of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham:

Dear Sir,—The residents of the Township of Cavan with whom are associated the friends in Millbrook, have the greatest pleasure in meeting you on this occasion to tender to you congratulations upon your election to the highest position of honor and responsibility in the gift of the Counties, viz., the Wardenship, and for that distinction, we all appreciate and recognize the record you have made for yourself as a member of the Parliament of Northumberland and Durham, and the consequent honor to your home municipality. England's greatest poet has said, "There is a tide in the affairs of men which taken at its ebb flows on to victory." And your constant attention to the affairs and duties of the offices of councillor and reeve of Cavan has, after eight years of service, rewarded you with this honorable and worthy office.

There are outstanding occasions in the lives of nations, communities and individuals, which if grasped energetically and wisely, constitute stepping stones to further achievements, and that you have appreciated and added impetus to all such opportunities and achieved the reward is the proud satisfaction of your many friends here today, who welcome your return with victory on your banner. Your own township of Cavan has had the distinction, oftener perhaps, than any minor municipality in the counties, of donning the Warden's gown and there is a feeling of assurance and satisfaction that you will bring honor to the distinctive regalia of office in like measure to those who have gone before you.

That you may have every measure of health and loyal support by your colleagues in public office, together with happiness, long life and continued usefulness in many spheres of activity is the wish of all your friends.

Signed on behalf of the municipality of Cavan.

W. S. GIVEN, Clerk.

Warden Henderson's Reply.

Mr. Henderson made a fitting reply. He was grateful for the high honor given him by the Township of Cavan in electing him councillor, deputy-reeve and reeve, making it possible for the further honor of the Wardenship, and he thanked the electors, Cavan Council and also the members of the Counties' Council for their unanimous support. He would do his best to deserve the great honor done him. He also appreciated this reception to him.

Eulogistic addresses were delivered by the popular Counties' clerk, Col. Neil F. McNachtan, of Cobourg; Mr. John Greer, reeve of South Monaghan; Mr. Beatty, reeve of Hope; Mr. G. E. Burnham, reeve of Millbrook; Councillor J. L. McCamus, of Cavan; Mr. C. McNeil and Rev. W. H. Higgs, of Millbrook. Mr. R. J. Doak, ex-reeve of Millbrook, was also honored with a place on the platform. Deputy-reeve Baptie and Councillor Bland were unable to be present, but sent their congratulations and best wishes to Warden Henderson.

The out-of-town guests, together with members of Township Council and clerk, and Messrs. Doak and McNeil, were entertained at supper at the Waverley Inn, and the repast was choice.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

307 George St. Next Turnbull's

FREE LEMONADE FOR WHOLE CITY

NEW YORK TO HAVE UNIQUE CELEBRATION OF PROHIBITION.

Poughkeepsie, N.Y., Feb. 6.—Dr. Mitchell Downing, wealthy leader for many years of the prohibition movement in this part of New York State announced today that he would "blow" the whole city to a lemonade picnic in Eastman Park on July 1, when the wartime provision for national prohibition becomes effective, or provide some other popular introduction to soft drinks on January 1, 1920, if the wartime provision is cancelled. The women of the W. C. T.U. will serve the drinks.

Superintendent of Public Schools S. R. Shear, indorsing Dr. Downing's proposal, stated that as the event was of more importance than signing the treaty of peace he would make plans to have all of the city's school children commemmorate the date, drink the physician's lemonade and give public exercises in the park.

The lemonade picnic, which is expected to start a fashion all over the country is exciting much interest, and a committee of citizens headed by Mayor Ralph F. Butts today went out for subscriptions to hire all of the bands in town for the event.

The shop in the Kingston penitentiary which repairs Dominion mail bags now has 25 sewing machines and 75 prisoners engaged.

Fines from speeders on the Toronto-Hamilton highway during the past year enabled the commission to plant seventeen miles of trees.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

IF YOU KNOW IT YOU CAN MEET IT!

An enemy suspected is half conquered. If you think your eyes are failing, you can take precautions in time to prevent serious complications. Dr. Fowler's reliability is vouched for by the great success of his fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM TENDER STOMACH OR BOWELS.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold, or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

MAPLE TREES TO MARK GRAVES

BODIES OF THOSE WHO DIED IN PRISON TO BE REMOVED.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—Fred James, official correspondent with the Canadian Corps writes from Bonn to the Director of Public Information to the effect that since the 1st and 2nd Divisions and the Corps troops came into Germany, there have been only eleven deaths, due to sickness, mostly pneumonia following influenza.

The bodies of Canadians who have died in Germany are buried in Bonn in a special plot set apart for Canadians. Arrangements are now completed to locate the grave of every Canadian who has died as a prisoner of war in the territory on both sides of the Rhine occupied by the Corps and the other British forces. As soon as this is done, the remains of the deceased soldiers will be exhumed and reinterred in Bonn.

Eventually that little hallowed spot will be enclosed with maple trees, so that the national emblem of Canada will stand as a monument to the honored dead.

ITALIANS HAVE HEAVIEST DEBT

ARE BEHIND TWELVE AND ONE-HALF BILLION AS RESULT TO WAR.

Rome, Feb. 6.—Italy's national debt is now more than $12,500,000,000, whereas when she entered the war it was about 2,750,000,000, declared Luigi Luzzatti, former premier, and a leading Italian financial authority in a statement today, urging financial aid to Italy. He said that when pensions, government bills and other necessary expenditures had been paid the national debt probably would total $16,000,000,000.

"Italy I am glad to say, leads the whole world in the relative height of its war debt," he said. "Subtracting Italy's losses in men and money her national wealth is only about $20,000,000,000. If all the war loans of the entente be thrown together in one consolidated sum, Italy, and France, whose efforts and losses in men and substance have been the greatest will be compensated by bearing a smaller proportion of the war debt.

"The United States and Great Britain are not only strong, but generous and they will acknowledge that Italy and France, the two principal centres of Teutonic slaughter and devastation should be supported financially therefore, with correspondingly greater help."

Peculiar Questions Involved

"I believe in the construction of a league of nations, because I believe fervently in the principal of human solidarity," he added, "but I feel and know that ideality alone, although indispensable cannot constitute a universal edifice capable of resisting the attacks of human interests unless those interests are regulated by mutual usefulness.

"Essential economic and financial questions the importance of which is growing daily, are unification of war loans and federation of exchanges both in relation to the future and the unity of monetary circulation. Another essential question which needs competent technical solution is that of customs, since the stronger states belonging to a league of nations throughout the world could hinder international traffic, or worse still, start a customs war which always leads to political and military wars."

Former Premier Luzzatti, who supported the rights of labor when he was premier, said that he hoped that in the great conference at Paris it would be possible to fix the principle

KEEP POPPIES OUT OF CANADA

PROVINCIAL MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE HENRY REGARDS THEM AS MENACE.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—Flanders' poppies in the grain fields of Ontario as a memorial to the heroic Canadians who lie "beneath the crosses row on row" in Flanders' fields, do not find favor with the Department of Agriculture. Hon. George S. Henry, Minister of Agriculture, speaking at the Ontario Horticultural Association Convention last evening, read a report on the subject submitted at his request by Prof Howett, of the Ontario Agricultural College, in which he says:

"Varieties of the Europeon poppy have been many times introduced into Canada and grown in gardens. So far as I am aware there are no records of poppies having escaped from cultivation and become troublesome as weeds in cultivated fields in Ontario. This fact however, does not make it safe for us to assume that the poppy might not become a weed in Ontario if it were introduced wholesale by various patriotic committees throughout the Province.

"In view of the fact that the poppy is such a common weed in grain fields in Europe and that the seeds have considerable vitality and will remain dormant in the ground for several years, it seems to me there would be considerable risk that the poppy might become a troublesome weed in Ontario if it were introduced wholesale for patriotic purposes."

There was another suggestion, said Mr. Henry, which he thought worthy of consideration. That was the planting of trees in memory of the men who had fallen. This had been taken up in the United States, and in one State an avenue of trees 400 miles long had been planted along a highway. He thought there were many districts in Ontario where this plan might be adopted with great advantage.

V. A. Sinclair, M.P.P., of Tillsonburg, gave an address on "Horticultural Societies in Rural Districts." A paper on "The Surroundings of the Home," written by Mr. Thomas Adams of the Conservation Commission, was read, and motion pictures dealing with horticulture were displayed.

HIGHER WAGES PAID IN CANADA

SHIPYARD WORKERS IN WEST WILL PROFIT BY PROPOSED CHANGE

London, Feb. 6.—Discussing the decision of Messrs. Yarrow to gradually discontinue their shipbuilding on the Clyde and increase their workat Esquimalt, Vancouver Island, one of the directors of the company freely admitted that their action in transferring the business was due to the better industrial prospects of British Columbia and the discouraging labor outlook in Scotland.

Output Greater.

The wisdom of the action of Yarrows is supported by Lynden Macassey in the Times, who, after stating that at Esquimalt, owing to the output per man being anything up to 250 per cent. greater than on the Clyde, points out that wages are normally much higher. He asks if British labor, with the sands so quickly running out, will not learn that production is the life blood not merely of a nation but the paramount condition of their own prosperity.

The Times' shipping correspondent, describing a recent visit to Vancouver, contrasts the activity of Tacoma and Seattle to the comparative stagnation of Victoria and Vancouver, and insists on the capacity for development of the latter's shipbuilding plant, including Yarrows', which was acquired from the British Marine Railway Company five years ago. Yarrows' managing director is at present in Vancouver, it is stated, preparing for its removal.

Society of Nations Makes Progress

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 6.—The Society of Nations' Commission of the Peace Conference virtually covered one-third of its task, it was officially announced this afternoon.

COMMITTEE TO REPORT IN FAVOR OF DOUBLE PLATOON

That Course Decided Upon at Meeting Last Night—Chief Grange Will Not Attend Convention at Calgary.

There was a meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committee last night, Alderman Morrison presiding, and with Aldermen Turner, Garside, Hamilton, Gainey and Mayor Duncan in attendance.

The estimates for the Fire Department as submitted by Chief Grange were tabled, and a protracted discussion followed.

A motion requesting the City Trust to have the repairs made at the Fire Hall, which the chief had drawn attention to, was submitted by Aldermen Hamilton and Gainey and passed.

Chief Grange was given authority to purchase three ladders ,which he needed, upon motion of Aldermen Turner and Gainey.

In discussing what was to be done in connection with the Dan Spence ambulance, Chairman Morrison asked Chief Grange, who attended the meeting, wether it could not be taken care of at the Fire Hall. The chief protested against such an idea and Mayor Duncan expressed the opinion that such an arrangement would not be satisfactory.

An item in Chief Grange's estimates of $200 expenses in connection with his proposed attendance at the Fire Chiefs' Convention to be held at Calgary was struck out, upon motion of Aldermen Hamilton and Garside.

After some consideration, as a result of which it was decided that his absence from the city and the expense incurred were undesirable.

Upon motion of Aldermen Gainey and Garside, Mayor Duncan and Chairman Morrison were appointed a committee to inquire into the subject of the power system and its cost. They will hand in a report at the next meeting of the committee.

Fire Chief Grange was given an increase of $100 per year in salary and the engineer of $50.00. The estimates had suggested $200 and $100 respectively.

It was finally decided to recommend and to adopt the two platoon system in the Fire Department, adding four men to the staff as originally intended. Effect was given this decision in a motion, introduced by Aldermen Turner and Garside.

FARMERS FAVOR HOUSES FOR THEIR HIRED HELP

Circulars Sent Out by Department on This Subject Meet With General Response.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—An address on the Housing Problem as it touched the rural centres was given by Professor C. B. Sissons, Secretary of the Housing Commission of Ontario, at the session of the Women's Institute convention. The Professor said he wished that to make a distinction between the word "house" and the word "home." People, he thought, were much less interested in houses than they were in homes. The important thing was not to build houses, but to make homes. A house might be merely a shelter, and what was perhaps even worse it might be merely a dreary workshop.

Home, said the professor, should be something more than that, it should be a place where both work and leisure were combined in due proportions. He thought the home should be a place where work was done amid pleasant and agreeable surroundings, and where facilities should also be made for leisure. With that idea, he said, the Housing Commission of Ontario had approached the problem in rural Ontario. To that end the commission had sent out circulars to the district representatives of the Department of Agriculture in their views, and to make suggestions. The circular had asked the proportion of farms which had satisfactory cottages for their hired help, and asked for ideas as to the best means of encouraging the building of houses for hired help. Investigations showed that the greatest difference existed to the extent to which laborers' cottages were used in various districts.

Other points on which the commission had circularized the Province were:

(1) The effect comfortable houses for hired help would have on securing satisfactory labor.

(2) The number of rooms necessary.

(3) The advisability of installing modern conveniences.

(4) The advisability of having the house on the farm, rather than at the neighboring village or cross roads.

(5) The size of farm which could afford to maintain a house for hired help.

(6) What the farmer's wife thought of having the hired men board at the farm.

In answer to the first question the opinion of the farmer was that having comfortable quarters was of the greatest assistance in securing desirable hired help for the farm. There were only two who differed from this opinion, and who said they did not think it would make any difference one way or the other.

To the second as to the number of rooms needed the general opinion appeared to be that five or six rooms would be enough for the average home.

In regard to the third question the farmers felt that as they were unable to have modern conveniences in their houses, the laborer could not expect them.

There was no doubt in the minds of the farmers' wives that they did not wish to have the hired help board at the farm house.

$7,000 FIRE ON DUMMER FARM

FINE BARN OF HARRY R. PATTERSON IS TOTALLY DESTROYED

Fire, which broke out at nine o'clock yesterday morning, destroyed the fine barn and contents of Mr. Harry R. Patterson, near Oakdale factory on the 5th line of Dummer.

This building was one of the finest in the township and the total loss, together with its contents of thoroughbred cattle and grain, is estimated at $7,000.

There was $1,500 insurance on the barn; $1,000 on the contents and a small amount extra on the thoroughbred cows.

The cause of the fire is unknown. It was discovered about nine o'clock in the morning by the hired man. Twenty head of cattle nd Mr. Patterson's horses were saved.

Bourgeoise Party Elected In Poland

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 6.—In the election to the Constitutional Assembly in Poland the Bourgeoise parties gained 420 seats, the socialists 80 and the Jewish parties 12, according to Vienna despatches.

Guelph Junction Railway, owned by the city, declared another dividend of 10½ per cent., making for the year $57,375, or 33¾ per cent. on the investment.

BETTER THAN HOT SPRINGS, HE SAYS

RINGEL SAYS ALL TREATMENTS FAILED UNTIL HE TOOK TANLAC—LIKE NEW MAN NOW.

Remarkable indeed was the statement made recently by Charles Ringel, of 319 Washington street, Peoria, Ill. Mr. Ringel declared that, although he has taken the treatment at Hot Springs and used numberless different medicines during the past eleven years, in his efforts to restore his health, a few bottles of Tanlac have done him more good than everything else combined. His statement follows:

"Nothing ever helped me until I got Tanlac, and now I'm just like a new man—my stomach had been in a very bad fix for eleven years or more, and pained me so bad at times that I would double up like a jackknife. After nearly every meal I would bloat up with gas until I was as tight as a drum and just suffer agony. My nerves became all shattered and my health got so poor that I was forced to quit work. No kind of medicine seemed to reach my trouble and I was going down hill very fast. I was advised to go to Hot Springs, which I did, but after spending what money I had saved up I returned home in just as bad shape as when I left, if not worse.

"While talking to a good friend one day about my deplorable condition he told me he believed a few bottles of Tanlac would straighten me up. Well, I had little faith in it to help me, but as my friend seemed to know what he was talking about I decided to take his advice, and to my complete surprise the first bottle of Tanlac stopped the gas forming on my stomach and put me in shape to where I could eat and enjoy my meals. My food began to digest as it should, my nervousness left me, and I realized I was on the road to rapid recovery. As I continued to take Tanlac my health improved and my strength returned until now I am able to work as well as I ever could in my life. I feel more grateful than I can express for what Tanlac has done for me, and am now telling my friends who are suffering to try it. I can't praise it too highly, and expect to rely on it for my health as long as I live."

Such statements as the foregoing should appeal very forcibly to the thousands who suffer from the same troubles. Most people who suffer from nervousness and dizziness, stomach and liver troubles, kidney derangements and who are in a general rundown condition simply need something to tone up their system and to assist the vital organs in performing their proper functions. Tanlac is a powerful reconstructive and always produces most gratifying results.

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. H. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Annual Dance By Street Car Men

Last night the employees of the street railway held a dance in W. O. W. Hall, which was fittingly decorated for the occasion. About 90 couple were in attendance. This was the first dance given by the employees since 1914, and was in every respect a success. Coleman Bros. served the lunch, which was up to the mark of perfection and Messrs. Moher, Fritzgerald and Freeman supplied the music in unstinted measure. During the evening Mayor Duncan and Aldermen McIntyre and Morrison were to be seen mingling with the jolly crowd.

The following committee are to be congratulated upon the success of their efforts to make the dance the best of the season:—Messrs. P. McGrath, James Middleton, M. McLean and H. A. Rourche. Dancing continued until a late hour, and as scheduled the cars were waiting to carry the guests to their homes.

The proposed exclusion of European emigrants from the United States is giving alarm [illegible]

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER. Read the following facts and then decide for yourself.

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 40 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fete that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. E. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Maid for light house work. Apply to Mrs. G. H. Thompson, 373 Park street. Phone 1351.

MECHANICS WANTED

Experienced Trimmers and Top Mechanics. Box 234, Review.

WANTED.

Woman wants work by the day, call at Review, for address.

WANTED—To borrow $15,000 on first mortgage of 7 per cent. J. Guise-Bagley, 440 Water street.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Warm room, with or without board. Apply 589 Division street, city.

LOST.

LOST—Will the finder of the gold locket on blue and black ribbon with large diamond, initials E.N.C. in old English please leave at Review, as it is an old treasure. Reward given.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 545.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Strap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 607
Nights and Holidays 396

Piano Tuning

Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

An armistice between the Czecho-Slovaks and Poles on the Silesian front was signed on Feb. 3.

National Car made another sharp rise on the Toronto Stock Exchange yesterday.

The Tough-Oakes Mining Company may form an amalgamation with Dunside and Sylvanite Mines.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. R. Moore, K.C.
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
W. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:13 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

British Admiralty Tells How Decoy Ships Were Used to Trap Submarines

ONE of the most exciting chapters of the war against U-boats is a series of accounts of notable engagements between British decoy ships and the submarines, made public by the British Admiralty. While the whole story of the part played by these decoy vessels, "mystery ships" or "Q" craft has not been revealed, it is evident that several of them were used to lure the undersea craft to destruction.

Some incidents in this campaign already have been made known, dealing chiefly with a few of the exploits of Commander Gordon Campbell as master of the decoy vessels; but others in which he and other captains participated now are available. That at least a small fleet was used in this work is evident from the fact that Campbell at different times appears as the master of the Farnborough, the Pargust, the Dunraven, and the Q-5. The Prize, another decoy ship, was commanded by Lieut. William E. Sanders, and the Stock Force by Lieut. Harold Auten.

Stories of the encounters between these ships and the U-boats are filled with deeds of heroism and instances in which the discipline of the British navy was displayed under trying circumstances. For many months the decoy ships, heavily armed, but with their guns hidden behind false bulwarks, steamed zigzag paths in the seas which were the hunting grounds of the submarine.

In their character of lazy colliers or slow cargo craft they presented to the submarine commander an inviting object of attack, but once he was well within range of the British guns the false superstructure hiding the guns fell away and the helpless collier became suddenly transformed into a fighting craft, bent on destruction. It was dangerous work, requiring a high order of courage, for the submarine must be lured near before the guns could safely begin their work. Meantime the Hun frequently had sent his torpedo home, and the decoy ship was disabled, sometimes on fire and part of her crew wounded. In that condition the battle was fought and often the submarine destroyed.

"Panic parties" was one of the ruses practiced by the decoy ship's commander to coax the submarine alongside. When the mystery ship was torpedoed these panic parties took to the boats, apparently abandoning their vessels, but always leaving on board another crew to man the guns and finish the submarine if it came near enough.

The first encounter mentioned by the Admiralty occurred in March, 1916, when the Farnborough, disguised as a collier, was attacked by a submarine. The "panic party" took to the boats and when the submarine closed in to about 800 yards the Farnborough opened fire on her. The U-boat submerged and the Farnborough passed over her, dropping depth bombs. The submarine reappeared standing almost on end. Five rounds were fired into her at nearly point blank range and she went to the bottom of the sea.

Prior to that action the Farnborough had cruised throughout the entire winter without being attacked. Within a month the Farnborough coaxed another submarine near enough to sink her by gunfire.

Commander Campbell later was transferred to the command of the Q-5, and in the following February, 1917, his vessel was torpedoed by a submarine, which eventually approached so near that a shot from the Farnborough beheaded the U-boat captain as he climbed out of the tower, the submarine was sunk, with her conning tower open and her crew pouring out. Destroyers towed the Q-5 in and beached her. For this exploit the Victoria Cross was awarded to Campbell.

The decoy ship Pargust, with Campbell in command, was torpedoed on June 7, 1917, when disguised as a British merchant vessel. The submarine came within fifty yards of the Pargust, which then opened fire on her with all guns. The submarine crew poured out of the conning tower and held up their hands in token of surrender, but the U-boat steamed away trying to escape in the mist. The Pargust again opened fire on her, and sunk her with one man clinging to her bow as she went down. The decoy vessel was towed back to port by American destroyers. Two Victoria Crosses were awarded for this successful action.

Running Footmen.

Before the regular establishment of mail coaches there were few roads in England that were more than mere tracks; sometimes the sandy soil was worn through by the traffic until these tracks were sunk below the surface of the surrounding country from 12 to 14 yards deep; in other places, where the ground was harder and the so-called road ran parallel with a river the bed of the river, when not in flood, was preferred as the easiest and most level track to travel in. The running footmen who attended the chariots of these rich enough to employ them were by no means superfluous luxuries. Their services were frequently required to push the vehicles through sloughs of mud, or, by supporting it first on this side and then on the other, to prevent its being overturned by holes in the road or by ruts that in some instances measured four feet deep.—Family Herald.

The Hairs of Your Head.

It is estimated that there are 160,000 hairs on the head of the average fair woman, and that each of these could bear a weight of four ounces without breaking.

Merit often turns up in unexpected places.

SAVED THE VICEROY.

Elephant Pensioned by Britain For the Deed.

Great Britain's enormous pension list has just been relieved of the payment of an annuity of $500 through the death at Delhi of a magnificent elephant of the name of Timouh. He was the elephant who bore Lord Hardinge, when Viceroy of India, and his wife, the late Lady Hardinge, on the memorable day, now eight or nine years, when an attempt was made on their lives by means of a bomb.

The viceroy and his wife were making their official entry into the ancient capital of the Moguls, and now the metropolis of the Indian empire, through the densely crowded streets in a gorgeous procession, in which some 200 elephants, each bearing British or native dignitaries, took part. The perpetrators of the outrage had evidently assumed that when the bomb, which was thrown from the balcony or parapet of one of the houses along the route, hit its mark the viceregal elephant, terrified by the explosion and unbalanced by injured thereby, would be seized with panic, would communicate it to the other elephants, and that there would be a wholesale destruction of British officialdom, which was wished for, and of native life, which was a matter of total indifference to the assassins.

The bomb burst on the back of the viceregal howdah, blowing to fragments the two native attendants standing like footmen at the back of Lord and Lady Hardinge, the severed foot of one of them falling over the shoulder of Lady Hardinge on her lap. The viceroy was badly wounded in the back, and after exclaiming, as if in surprise, "A bomb! How unkind of them!" became unconscious from shock, loss of blood and muscular lacerations of an extremely painful character. Lady Hardinge, uninjured, retained her presence of mind, and while supporting her husband, directed the means to lower him from the badly wrecked howdah.

In the midst of all this, with the shouting and the turmoil caused by the outrage, the elephant, drenched with the blood of the two native victims and of the viceroy, and also with his own blood, for his flanks and his back had been cut in every direction by splinters of the bomb, stood perfectly still, except that he swung his trunk to and fro, as if in pain, and then raised it gently toward the howdah, as if to encourage Lady Hardinge and to tell her that she could rely on him. That is, at any rate, how Lady Hardinge and those nearby interpreted the action of the elephant, who shared with her the honors of the day.

None of the injuries sustained by the elephant was mortal. His wounds in course of time were entirely healed, and, relieved of all further work, a pension of $500 a year was granted to him by the government for the remainder of his life, his own mahout and an assistant being assigned to devote their entire time to caring for him. It is needless to add that Timouh became a great pet of Lady Hardinge, who realized that both she and her husband undoubtedly owed the preservation of their lives to the huge beast's intelligence, courage and presence of mind.

Lady Hardinge, although unwounded, never recovered from the shock, and returning home to England very ill, died there, nursed to the last by Queen Alexandra, who was devoted to her, and while Lord Hardinge was still at his post in India. On his return from the east two years ago he placed his services at the disposal of the Crown for the remainder of the war, and was reappointed to his old-time post of Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, which he held before becoming viceroy. He has lost his eldest son at the front in France in the Great War, and has still a boy left and a daughter, the latter rejoicing in the Christian name of Diamond.

England Ruled by "Foreigners."

A correspondent in the London New Witness recently pointed out that "England is suffering from foreign domination." He wrote: "We are governed by the Welsh, prayed at by the Scots, and preyed upon by the Irish." From a note in the London Evening Standard the genuine native-born Englishman does not seem to have much to say nowadays. It writes:

"The Versailles Conference is considering decisions which may affect the fate of Great Britain for generations.

"A correspondent points out that on this conference our country is represented by:

"One Welshman (Mr. Lloyd George).

"One Scottish Canadian (Mr. Bonar Law).

"One Jew (Lord Reading).

"Four Scotsmen (Mr. Balfour, Sir Eric Geddes, Marshal Haig, and Admiral Wemyss).

"One Englishman (Lord Milner).

"'Is this not,' he asks, 'a humiliating position for the country south of the Tweed—the so-called "predominant partner"? England proper is said to contribute seventy to eighty per cent. of the men in the British army, ninety per cent. in the British navy, and about ninety per cent. of the British war expenditure. Yet she has only one Englishman to make her voice heard at this crisis in her history.'

Oddly enough—though the Evening Standard omits to mention it—the one Englishman cited, Lord Milner, was actually born in Germany, and his father before him, since his grandfather, a physician, settled there, without losing touch with England or acquiring German citizenship.—Literary Digest.

English Prisons Have Library.

Every English prison has now a library, but prisoners condemned to only a month or less are not allowed books from it.

Thousands of women in Japan earn their livelihood by working in the fields or on the dock loading ships.

LACE ON THE CURVED EDGE

How to Overcome the Perplexing Task of Putting the Straight Material in Place.

Have you often been troubled in putting straight lace on a curved edge?

You have been if you have ever tried putting clany, for instance, on the outside edge of a big round centerpiece.

This is an easy way to overcome the difficulty. Roll the lace in a little tight roll. Wind it tightly about the center with a stout thread. Then dip the straight edge in water to about half the width of the lace. Let it dry and you will find a piece of lace ready shaped to your liking. You see what happens is that the straight edge, being wetted, shrinks, and so can be easily adjusted to the curved edge of the centerpiece.

If you have any new table linen—or cotton, mayhap—to hem, try this method. Trim such edges as need trimming and then run them through the machine hemmer, with a fine needle, unthreaded. This will crease the hems with perfect evenness and will also punch holes through the fabric with the unthreaded needle. Then you can turn the hem back and overhand the hems through the little holes with the least expenditure of effort.

Remember in many heavy materials that must be laid in plaits and then pressed that pins can be used to fasten the plaits into position until they are pressed. Then, as you press, take out the pins and press the material into position. You can do this with less marking than basting thread heavy enough to hold the fabric mukes. Of course if you want to you can use the heavy basting thread and snip it and pull it as you go along.

METAL AND COTTON THREAD

Combination Is Effective and Affords Charming Variations; Suggestions for the Needlewoman.

There is an increasing vogue for combining metal thread with silk, wool, or cotton embroidery. It is tremendously effective and capable of such charming variations. Here are some suggestions for the needleworker who is interested in the unusual.

Say, suppose, you have some "solid" work in silk, cotton or wool. You don't know how very effective it can be made by an outlining in either gold or silver thread. The idea can be further carried out by adding French knot centers to the flowers of the same.

Where the embroidery is done entirely in outline, and particularly if it be the heavy wool or cotton kind, couching in metal is a mighty successful addition. In fact, if the wool or cotton embroidery isn't already done, try couching it on with the metallic stuff and just see if it isn't vastly more decorative.

Another suggestion for introducing the metal is to "whip stitch" the other thread with it. Wool whipped on the bias, spiral effect is the most fascinating thing ever.

Keep Your Saving System Going.

It is poor policy to figure to cut your deposit one week and make up the deficiency next pay day. This course will soon break up your saving system, you'll find. Get a little money ahead and then you will wonder how you could have enjoyed yourself a minute while you were living from one pay day to the next, constantly putting off your creditors, and without a cent to fall back on should you become ill or lose your job.—Norton Spirit.

BRILLIANT GOLF SHOT

M. J. Brady a Coast "Pro" Holes Out in 300 Yard Drive

The first hole in one of 1919, so far as known was that of M. J. Brady, made on the San Francisco Gold Club course the day before the Oakley professional left for Boston. He gave the San Francisco golfers a brilliant demonstration of his playing ability, his last day there by not only holing his tee shot, at the 190 yard seven hole, but by turning in two rounds of 71 on the 6,400 yard course, establishing a thirty-six hole record for the course. He also holds the single round record of 68.

Seven times in the course of his golfing career had Brady holed his tee shot, a record most extraordinary. Three times he performed this feat while professional at the Commonwealth County Club, once he did it at the Wollaston Golf Club and twice in one day he did it at Siasconset. Taking this record in conjunction with his uncanny faculty of doing par 4 and par 5 holes in two strokes such as the thirteenth at Oakley and eleventh at Wollaston, and Brady will take rank second to no golfer in the world along this particular line.

Brady's short hole play in his final two rounds of the San Francisco Golf Club was amazing. He had a 2 at the fifth hole in morning play and a 2 at the thirteenth; in the afternoon he got his 1 at the seventh, a 2 at the eleventh and another 2 at the thirteenth. He also scored a 3 at the seventh, eleventh and fourteenth holes in the morning, as well as at the fifth in the afternoon. For nine holes of the thirty-six, therefore he had a total of twenty-one strokes, viz.: One 1, four 2s and four 3s.

Juniors Will Play Midgets at Lindsay

On Friday the local Juniors go to Lindsay where they will return last night's game.

After the exhibition of Wednesday evening they should have no trouble recruiting a most respectable following of fans to accompany them.

With a lead of 6 goals it is not expected that even considering the undoubted handicap to strangers of Lindsay's peculiar rink there will be any danger of the Midgets reducing the score to any extent, but it is up to the Peterborough team to take no chances as their old rivals will make one awful attempt to grab the group title tomorrow night.

SPORTING

The Toronto Irish Rifle Club has broken a world's indoor range record held by an Australian club since 1892. The Irish club will send a team to Bisley next summer.

In the O. H. A. junior second round Woodstock has been ordered to play home-and-home games with Kitchener, while Stratford will engage in a similar series with Mount Forest.

The central council of the Ratepayers Association went on record in Toronto last night as favoring the construction of an athletic stadium at Exhibition Park suitable for the holding of Olympic games.

More than four thousand of the trap shooting clubs in the United States and Canada will hold an "army and navy shoot" on Washington's birthday, February 22.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 6.—Toronto live stock receipts fair, trade active. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Medium butcher cows	9.50	10.25
Feeding steers	9.00	10.50
Ewes	9.00	10.25
Lambs	15.25	15.75
Hogs, f.a.w.	16.75	16.75
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.00	16.00
Calves	16.50	17.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	26	28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	22	23
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Eggs	60	60
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	1 85
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	30 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon add bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

Work for Better Times.

To what signifies wishing and hoping for better times? We may make these times better, if we better ourselves.—Franklin.

Spasmodic Sermon.

Men are known by the company they keep and companies are known by the men they keep.

Optimistic Thought.

It is a sure indication of good sense to be diffident of it.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property torent or sell

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IT PAYS

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

I HAVE A NEW FRENCH MAID; SHE CAN'T SPEAK ENGLISH SO I AM GOING TO LEARN FRENCH.
IT WOULD BE A GOOD THING IF YOU STUDIED ENGLISH.
I HOPE SHE DON'T GIT A CHINAMAN FOR A VALET FOR ME.
OH! SO THAT'S THE NEW MAID.
OOF-CUM-SAH QUA-A-LA-

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

PETERBOROUGH JUNIORS ARE NOW IN LEAD BY SIX GOALS

Won From the Lindsay Midgets Last Night by a Score 12—6 in One of the Best Contests Ever Witnessed in Brock Street Rink

Peterborough has a tidy lead of six goals as a result of the game played here last night when the Lindsay Midgets were defeated by a score of 12 to 6 in the first of the home and home contests to decide the group championship.

Brock street rink was crowded to capacity for the occasion and the throng were not disappointed as they were given an exhibition of fast hockey which kept them on edge from start to finish.

At 8.30 Referee March called the game but the Lindsay players refused to take the ice upon the ground that they were one man shy, Wilford, their left wing playor not having arrived from Toronto

This excuse was not accepted as they had seven men available and their rivals were not disposed to have much more patience with them remembering that they had delayed the game by arriving late upon the last occasion when they played here.

As a result the Referee in accordance with the rules faced off the puck with the local team upon the ice. They went through the form of scoring a goal and the game was declared to have gone by default.

Wilford, one of Lindsay's star performers arrived on the 8.50 train and for some time it was not known whether or not the Peterborough team would insist upon the observance of the decision or would arrange to play the game in spite of the fact that they had already won it according to Hoyle.

This was an anxious time for the large crowd of spectators who were not aware of the real reason for the delay or of the plans in regard to the game. The officials of the Lindsay team admitted they were in the wrong but maintained that their man had missed the afternoon train and that the unfortunate occurrence was due to an accident.

The Peterborough men were not disposed to accept this version of the affairs and reminded them that this was the second time they had delayed the play and that as they had seven men on hand the fact that one was absent was no excuse for their refusal to take the ice.

After some discussion it was decided to disregard the decision which had been based upon a technicality and to play the game regardless of the one which had gone by default. The Referee announced the fact to the crowd describing his reasons for handing over the first game to Peterborough and characterising the action of the local players in deciding to play for a decision as most sportsmanlike. He asked the crowd to remember that the boys composing the Lindsay team had not been responsible for the recent occurrence which had been governed by their officials and to refrain from roasting them upon the subject. The spectators showed their forgiving spirits by giving the visitors a cheer and play commenced.

Some Brilliant Work

In the first period Peterborough had things pretty much their own team. Shortly after he was struck with Both teams were evenly matched in most respects and the rivalry was keen and the excitement behind the boards intense. Parks made an excellent showing in this spell. Shortly after the play commenced he reached the Lindsay nets and soon after landed another score for his team. Shortly as he was struck with the puck and had to leave the ice for some time. Frost made one of his brilliant rushes before the bout was half over and succeeded in passing the defence of the Lindsay squad and sent the disk into their nets. Parkes returned to the ice shortly before time was called and made another tally for the locals.

With the score standing 4 to 0 the teams entered the second spasm which started off well for the Petes. Soon after they got down to business again it looked as if the locals would have the edge upon their opponents as had been the case in the first period. Frostie went the length of the ice dodging through the Midgets like lightning, passed the defence men who rushed out to check him and netted the puck at the end of one of the most sensational pieces of individual work pulled off during the evening.

Parkes was as lucky last night as he had been unfortunate during the last junior game played here. He rushed the puck up the ice soon after Frostie's success and wriggled through the defence line of Lindsay and shot for the nets from close up. The rubber struck the side of the goal and bounced back. Parkes struck at it on the bounce and batted it in.

A Turn in Luck

Luck now started to run with the visitors, who began to worm up considerably. Wilford their fast left wing man bolted through the Petes and scored. A few minutes later he pulled in another goal and Flowers' the Petes' net guardian was penalized for making a jab at a man as he passed near him. Gerard took his place and Frostie got the puck and like a flash was on his way to the other end of the rink. He dashed in and out amongst the Midgets and swooped down upon the Lindsay nets and bagged another goal for his team.

Kelly made another count for Lindsay and soon after Killeen of the visitors scored twice in quick succession. Cherrett then got the puck and made a lightning dash for the Midget's goal. He was blocked and used his head passing to Hagerman who scored. Towards the end of this period Parkes was hurt again and left the ice.

The Third Period

In the third period Hagerman scored for Peterborough; Garnet for Lindsay and Williams bagged another tally for the locals. The Midgets worked hard to keep down the count in this spasm and succeeded well until near the end. Garnett notched their score up one. Frostie made several dashes at the visitors's nets only to be stopped by their defence. After a scrimmage in front of the Lindsay goal Gerard scored for the Petes and a few minutes before the final gong sounded Frostie got the puck and rushed it towards the rival nets. The Lindsay defence men rushed to check him and he shot from centre ice and scored one of the most sensational goals of the game.

Last night's hockey match, true to predictions made better watching than any that have been played here this season. The teams were well balanced and both were out to win. The Peterborough juniors were after goals which are what count in the group contests now being played. The Midgets did their utmost to hold down the score and played pretty much on the defensive in the last spell.

Interest in the battle was at fever heat throughout and when the teams took the ice at the beginning of the third priod it was felt that it was up to the locals do increase their lead materially if it was to be a comfortable one which could not be cut down dangerously in the return match to be played in Lindsay. The Petes succeeded in doing this and with six up it is felt that the juniors will have no trouble when they visit the neighboring town in keeping the tally within bounds and obtaining the group title which will give them a place in the semi-finals.

Garnet, Wilford and Killea starred for the visitors who played a good clean game and worked hard all the time.

On the Peterborough team Parkes, Cherret, Williams and Frost distinguished themselves more or less. Parkes' work in the first period was exceptional. Williams was to the fore and his back checking bothered the Midgets considerably. Cherret played with his usual skill and speed but did not try to pull off individual stunts which would loose his team a goal. Frostie, the celebrated guest of Port Hope was on the job all the time. His lightning dashes and clever play marked him out for especial commendation from the spectators. Twice he scored at the end of an individual rush and once as the result of a long shot from centre ice. He played a splendid game throughout and with Cherret was marked out by the rival players for special attention.

The line up:

Peterboro—Goal, Flowers; defence Frost and Girard; Centre, Cherret, Right Wing, Parkes; Left Wing, Hagerman. Subs Williams and Gillespie.

Lindsay—Goal, Oliver; Defence, Green and Garnet; Centre, Kelly; Right wing, Killen; Left Wing Wilford. Subs —Bell and Stoddart.

Referee Lou Marsh handled the game to perfection.

Contests To-Night At Water St. Alleys

At the Water street alleys tonight in the 5-Pin League the Rex bowlers meet the Clerks. In the Business Men 5-pin League Mathews-Blackwell meet the Can. Gen. Elec.

Some men go to work and others wait for work to come to them.

UMPIRE O'DAY SAYS BASE RUNNING IS A LOST ART

But Veteran Official Believes That Strict Enforcement of Balk Rule Would Help.

Base running is now regarded as the lost art in baseball, despite the fact that the average runners in the Major League at present are considered faster than those of twenty and thirty years ago. What the cause of this deterioration is it is difficult to explain unless one can attribute it to the laxity of the players in studying the pitchers and the art of base running, or to the failure of the umpires to enforce the balk rule and compel twirlers to operate according to the rules. The players hug the bases too closely and this is said to be due to the fact that the pitchers are not forced to strictly observe the balk law.

Play Requires Lots of Action

Umpire Hank O'Day, who is one of the few remaining veterans still actively engaged in baseball, is one who believes that base running is a lost art. And he declares something ought to be done to improve it, as he contends it is one of the prettiest features of the game. Fans like to see the combination of physical effort that is exercised in an attempt to purloin a base. They see the runner dash determinedly for the sack ahead, see the catcher make his throw, the baseman dash over to take the ball, put it on the rubber and also see the umpire sprint hurriedly to the bag to make his decision. It is a play that requires a lot of action and for that reason O'Day believes it ought to be improved and encouraged.

When asked how more base running could be obtained O'Day took a gentle slap at the umpires in the National league for not strictly enforcing the balk rule. He probably will not be pleased to see this in print but the opportunity is taken to use it in hopes that it may have a little influence in impressing upon the umpires the necessity of enforcing the law. There is no denying that the officials of President Heydler's staff are woefully lax in ruling on the balk. Every pitcher in the league who has the nerve and skill to deceive the umpire does it without being penalized. It has been commonly heard that the umpires, except O'Day, do not know what a balk is, or, if they do, they have not the courage to punish a pitcher when he violates the law.

The Views of Hank O'Day

"There has not been any base running to speak of in the National league for several years," said O'Day. "And it would be increased if the umpires would enforce the balk law. Base running is an exciting part of the game and a pretty play, one that the fans like to see. Good base stealers are important in the game and help win many contests.

"The balk rule is violated frequently. In the first place the rule says that a pitcher must face the batter before throwing the ball. If he does not do that it constitutes a balk. How many twirlers face the batter? Few. Any motion of the body used to deceive a base runner without delivering the ball is a balk. Pitchers have all sorts of peculiar motions with their shoulders, arms and thighs that are deceptive and in direct violation of the rule. If they were forced to obey the rule base running would improve many per cent."

Mitchell Agrees With O'Day

President Mitchell was present at the time Umpire O'Day made this statement and agreed with him, declaring: "Hank unquestionably enforces a deliberate balk, but he lets the little ones get away from him because I believe, it is not customary in the league to call them. If he is drastic—and he can be—the managers ride for it, saying that the other umpires do not go to those extremes and there is no reason why he should. The balk rule should be enforced to the letter, and I think too, that if it were base running would improve."

"A pitcher does not have to turn side ways or have a peculiar twist of the body to get a man off first or second base. Those who adopt a style of that kind catch fewer men on the bases than the twirlers do not because the runners hug the bases a lot closer and take no chances. Dick Rudolph is an excellent example of what a pitcher who stands facing the batter can do. I'll venture to say he catches more men off the bases than any other twirler in the league and fewer bases are stolen on him. A pitcher who take an unnatural stand on the rubber loses too much time in making the turn to the base to which he throws, and some of them often turn the wrong way. I would like to see more base running in the league. As O'Day says, it is a pretty feature of the game. I encourage it on my club and give my men every opportunity to steal when I think it necessary."

COLLEGES TO RESUME ROWING

Eastern Boating Official Looks for Pre war Activity by Crews

Intercollegiate rowing will be marked by limited activity in the spring of 1919 in the opinion of Charles Halsted Mapes, chairman of the board of stewards of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association. Mr. Mapes was asked whether he believed there would be a complete cessation of the sport next season, and he said with emphasis that there certainly would be rowing by the colleges and, although he did not expect to see it on a pre-war basis, he believed it would be of highly satisfactory standard.

PENNSY HAS ROWING HOPES

University of Pennsylvania rowing squad includes 215 candidates and all but one of last year's successful varsity eight-oared shell crew.

Local Curlers Win From Lindsay

Peterborough curlers won the group championship in the tankard preliminaries last night when they defeated Lindsay by a lead of 7 shots.

Below are the rinks and scores:

Peterboro.		Lindsay.	
L. Bowes		W. J. Carlyle	
W. H. Taylor		W. Reesor	
A. Kay		F. Williams	
R. Hicks	16	G. Little	12
A. L. Hall		W. Williams	
R. G. Sturgeon		R. Butler	
R. M. Waddell		H. Cathbert	
Wm. Lang.	18	L. V. O'Connor	15
Total	34	Total	27

Majority for Peterboro, 7 shots.

CURLING

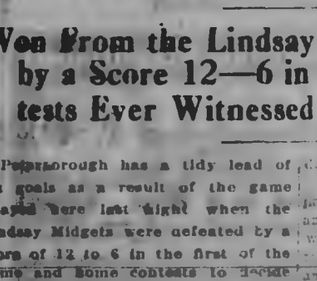
Games in the vice-skips' bonspiel are proceeding at the local curling rink and have now reached the semi-finals.

Last night Mr. F. Brownscombe's rink defeated that of Mr. S. Rae, the score standing 10-5.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the rinks of skips Copping and Dobbin will play and this evening the contest will be between those of W. H. Taylor and Mr. Geo. Hill.

In addition to this contest regular schedule games will be played.

Lackawana Coal Means Economy



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Mixed Wood $10 per cord

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Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

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Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

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All sizes in stock. PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

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111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Casings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Sheeting and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

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Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

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Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

AT HOME

An at home will be held in St Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening February 10, at 8.30 sharp. Cards dancing and refreshments. First prize a large goose.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and scientifically-fitting dentures.

ST. JOHN'S CHOIR

St. John's choirsters meet for practice tonight in the Guild room at 8. Boys at 7.30. Please be punctual. Music for Lent and Good Friday will be rehearsed.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

NOTICE

The firm of Gordon, Widdifield & O'Brien has been dissolved. Mr. C. R. Widdifield wil practice at room 6, Bank of Commerce building, and Mr. G. N. Gordon and Mr. J. A. O'Brien will continue to practice under the firm name of Gordon & O'Brien, at 395 and 397 George street, in the offices heretofore occupied by them.

A CHANCE FOR YOU

We give you this notice in due time to prepare your basket and win the prize to be given at the basket social and concert to be held in Nassau L. O. L. No. 457, hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 12, 1919. Big program arranged. Come and enjoy the drive. Free busses leave the Post Office at 7.30 p.m.

LEHIGH COAL

All sizes No. 1 Lehigh Hard Coal now in stock, at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's, Phone 111.

ST. PAUL'C CHOIR

St. Paul's Church choir will practice tonight at 8 o'clock.

NEW FEBRUARY LIST

The new February list of Victor Records is now on sale at the Victrola Parlors of Ye Old Firme of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets, and includes many desirable selections. Some of the artists represented are De Gogorza, Farrar, Galli-Curci, Gluck, Heifetz, Smith's Orchestra, Billy Murray, Peerless Quartet and others.

CONCERT TOMORROW NIGHT, FEBRUARY 7th.

Don't forget the Concert to be given in St. James Methodist Church, under the auspices of the choir and Gleaners' Bible Class, tomorrow night, February 7th. This is the first sacred Concert given in this Church. Admission 25c.

BIBLE CLASS MEETING

The ladies of All Saints' Bible Class are requested to meet at the Parish Hall Friday evening, Feb. 7th, at 7.30 sharp.

NOTICE

Court Peterboro No. 29. will hold a regular meeting tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock sharp. The second degree will be conferred on several members. Any brother wishing to be advanced, please attend. Visiting brothers welcome.

FARMERS' CLUB MEETING

The Peterboro Farmers' Club No. 519 will meet on Monday, Feb. 10,, at 8 p.m. in the S. O. E. Hall on Hunter street. A speaker will discuss the "Use of Commercial Fertilizers." Every farmer within four miles of this city should join this club. Come and bring your neighbors.

RICH. B. ROGERS, President
CHAS. S. BROWN, Secretary.

On the principle that of two evils one should choose the lesser, it is better to own a dead mule than a live one.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

JEFFRIES—WEDLOCK

The wedding was solemnized yesterday of Mr. Walter Jeffries to Phoebe Isabel, daughter of Mr. Wm. Wedlock, city, at St. James, parsonage by Rev. B. Greatrix.

The couple were attended by W. H. Fletcher of Keene and Miss Lottie Wedlock of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeffries will reside in the city.

Mrs. F. W. Trebilcock, who has been visiting friends in Toronto, returned last evening.

Mr. Morley Lyle, Park street, returned from Toronto last evening.

Major Garnet Greer, M.C., was in Toronto yesterday.

Mrs. K. G. Lech is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. George Gillespie, M.L.A., returned from Toronto last evening.

Mrs. Claude Rogers, Belmont avenue, has gone to Clifton Inn, Niagara.

ANNIVERSARY AT MARK ST. CHURCH

REV. R. BAMFORD WILL PREACH SUNDAY AT BOTH SERVICES.

Next Sunday will be a day of unusual interest in Mark Street Church. It is the young people's anniversary when Rev. Richard Bamford, B.A., of Colborne, one of the best preachers of the Bay of Quinte Conference, will have charge of the services. In the evening there will be a male chorus by the Scout troops and other boys of the congregation. Other special music at both services.

Monday evening following, a social function of unusual interest will be held. The congregation will meet to celebrate the removal of the last dollar of debt from the property of their church. The mortgage formerly on their lot at the corner will be burned, an exceedingly interesting procedure. Mr. Bamford will lecture on "Three Months in a Mining Town." Special music. Will all the friends save the evening for this function?

OBITUARY

JOHN McCORMACK

The death occurred this morning at his residence, 858 George street, of John McCormack, aged 78 years, after a short illness. He was born in Thorne, Ireland, but has resided in Peterborough for a number of years. He was a member of St. Andrew's Church.

He leaves to mourn his loss three daughters, Phoebe and Eva at home, and Mrs. Thomas Betcher, city. He leaves one son, Wm. J., also of this city.

The funeral will be held on Saturday at 1.30, the service being held at the residence, 858 George street, at 1.00 o'clock. The service will be conducted by Rev. W. L. H. Rowand. Interment will take place at Lakefield Cemetery.

CELEBRATES HIS 80TH BIRTHDAY

MR. JOHN RIDDELL'S FRIENDS COMPLIMENT HIM ON THE EVENT.

On Monday evening, February 3rd, a very pleasant and enjoyable time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Riddell, Homewood avenue. A short program was presented, Rev. D. Brown acting as chairman. The occasion was the celebration of Mr. John Riddell's eightieth birthday. Reminiscences and congratulations were freely expressed by all present. The invited guests were Mr. B. Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Switzer, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Smyth, Mr. and Mrs. John Buckham and Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Morrison and Mr. E. Elcome.

These long tried and true freinds of Mr. and Mrs. Riddell of many years standing, wished them continued blessing and happiness.

Mr. Riddell replied in a pleasing and suitable manner to the congratulations.

Not many are privileged to reach the age of eighty and enjoy the measure of health and strength of Mr. Riddell.

The ladies present also spoke of the high esteem and large place Mrs. Riddell holds in their thoughts and life, and who has also reached her eightieth year.

Refreshments were then served and a pleasant evening was brought to a close, after singing two stanzas of "God be with you till we meet again."

J. A. SEXSMITH M. P. TAKES PART IN N. ONTARIO FIGHT

Member For East Peterboro Speaks on Behalf of Major Cameron, Candidate For the Legislature.

J. A. Sexsmith, M.P. for East Peterboro, is in North Ontario, engaged in the campaign which is bein carried on on behalf of Major Cameron, who is a candidate for the Legislature to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late ex-Speaker Hoyle, speaking at Goodwood in the Township of Uxbridge:

J. A. Sexsmith, M.P., himself a farmer, said that but for Major Cameron and four hundred thousand men like him, the meeting would not be in progress and there would be no votes to worry about. The Germans would not allow it. He remarked at the amusement of his hearers, that Mr. Widdifield was a camouflaged farmers' candidate, who had professed to stop being a Liberal because his leader in the province was a man of his word and would not put a candidate in the riding. The record of the Hearst Government would be a credit to any administration in the world. "Compare it with the old Ross Government and think about it," he said. He eulogized the Ontario Department of Agriculture. The necessity that all should get out and vote was emphasized. "Do not forget that sixty thousand Canadian soldiers died to keep that vote for you," said Mr. Sexsmith. "Do not waste it."

Other speakers were Hon. G. S. Henry, Minister of Agriculture, Tom Underwood, ex-Warden of Durham and Major Cameron. John Ashenhurst, president of the Uxbridge Liberal Conservative Association was in the chair. Many women were in the audience. Mr. Ashenhurst invited anyone desiring to speak on behalf of Mr. Widdifield to step to the platform, but no one responded.

Helping the Farmer.

The Minister of Agriculture was in excellent form. Earlier in the day, he stated, someone had told him he was working against the interests of the farmer. "I say without fear of contradiction that I have more comprehension of what is needed by the farmer than any organization that is fighting us," remarked Mr. Henry with some vigor. "We are doing more to help the farmer in buying and selling, and in every other way than all the organizations of the Drury's and the Halbert's have under way at the present time."

Generous applause greeted the declaration and when it subsided Mr. Henry ably reviewed what the Ontario Government is doing for agriculture.

He was applauded when he characterized the opposition in this campaign as the "prejudice party," comprising the elements that would retard development and set the clock back. If Mr. Widdifield had been nominated at a public mass meeting of farmers after every farmer in the riding had been invited to attend he might be entitled to call himself the Farmers' candidate. Instead of that, he was the choice of a hole in the corner gathering.

For All Ontario.

Mr. Henry impressed upon his hearers the importance of this election. North Ontario had the privilege of speaking for the whole of the province. He spoke for an hour in praise of the Government's recognition of farming as an important industry and was not once contradicted.

Tom Underwood, ex-Warden of Durham, declared that the women had shown more patriotism than the men in the war. They deserved the vote and he had no doubt they would support the returned soldier. In impassioned speech he called to mind all the promises made to the soldier when they went away and demanded that these promises be redeemed. He had been a farmer all his life and was in favor of farmers organizing, but not as a political party. What the Government was doing for the farmer was eminently satisfactory to him.

Generous Offer Refused.

Major Cameron was given an ovation. He referred to the proximity of his opponent's home and told how, right after the nomination, he had written Mr. Widdifield suggesting joint meetings for the convenience of all concerned, but ten days later received a reply to the effect that the Widdifield committees had made other arrangements. Major Cameron spoke in a convincing manner for half an hour and was urged to continue when he made way for the next speaker.

PLAN REFORMS IN RURAL SCHOOLS

HON. DR. CODY ILLUSTRATES POLICY DEPARTMENT HAS IN MIND.

Toronto, Feb. 6.— Two important announcements with regard to rural schools were made by Hon. Dr. H. J. Cody Minister of Education, at the evening session of the Ontario Women's Institutes, now in convention in the Central Technical School. Raising the importance of the health of the children Dr. Cody said his department has in hand and has set aside the money for making a complete survey of the rural and smaller town and village schools of the Province by a corps of doctors and nurses working in conjunction with the Women's Institutes of the Department of Agriculture. The work will be begun in March and continued until a complete survey has been effected. The objects of this undertaking are twofold—to get a complete statement of the facts and to encourage the rural schools to secure the services of competent doctors and nurses, as provided in the statutes on their behalf.

The second matter was the announcement, authorized by the Prime Minister of Ontario, that a bill is in preparation which is described as "An Act to render farmers' wive and daughters eligible as members of school boards." At present they can act in such capacity only if they are on the assessment roll in their own right. The new measure will give eligibility to th wife or daughtr of any farmer on the assessmnt roll, provided she reside on the farm.

"Why should it be confined to farmers' wives and daughters?" someone asked, explaining that excellnt trustees resided in unincorporated villages. Dr. Cody promised to take that matter into consideration.

HOLD RECEPTION FOR VETERANS

WILL BE ENTERTAINED AT Y. M. C. A. NEXT THURSDAY EVENING.

On Thursday evening next week, February 13th, the Y. M. C. A. will welcome the returned men in a special way. A social evening will be held on that date, when every returned soldier is invited, and the program is being planned so that every man, no matter what his tastes, may be entertained. Games of different kinds will be run off in the gymnasium, baseball, basketball, etc. For those who like bowling, tournaments will be arranged or individual games rolled. The billiard tables invite those who enjoy this pastime. Checkers and chess will provide enjoyment for those who favor these quieter games. A musical program is being arranged, and refreshments will be served. The ladies have a great reputation for making the finest cup of coffee to be had anywhere.

The returned men are always welcome at the Peterborough Red Triangle centre, and every day many of the men take advantage of its privileges, but Thursday night's event is an effort to get the men together in a social way. One of the committee who has served in France said that he looked forward to meeting some of his friends who have returned but whom he has not had a chance to meet since, and no doubt this will afford an opportunity to many of meeting old comrades that they perhaps have not seen since returning. All returned men are invited, whether members of the Great War Veterans or not.

The plans are in the hands of a number of returned men and the program will be informal, each man choosing to do as he feels inclined. Games will be arranged on the arrival of the men. Every men is invited to help make the event a big success. The building is in your hands for the night.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

Scene from "A Night in Honolulu" at the Grand for two performances next Saturday. Bargain matinee, 25c and 50c.

DOUBLE SHOW AT THE ROYAL

Don't forget that tonight is the last chance to see the stupendous motion picture show at the Royal—two programs in one—including thrilling British war pictures, an appealing drama, "The Captain's Captain," and a Big V comedy. The Royal never disappoints.

PRESENTATION TO POPULAR SINGER

ST. PETER'S CHOIR TAKE KINDLY LEAVE OF ED. HANRAHAN.

At St. Peter's Cathedral last evening, Mr. Ed. Honrahan, who has been a faithful member of the choir for a number of years, was presented with a handsome gentleman's companion by the members of the choir, on the event of his leaving the city. The following address was read:

Dear Ed.:—

It is with profound regret that we learn you are about to take your departure from our midst. We undoubtedly, will feel your loss and your glorious voice will be so much missed in the old cathedral.

You were ever a faithful and painstaking member, always and at all times ready, regardless of rain or shine, to be at choir practise, and to lend your fine voice in singing the praises of God.

It is useless on our part to give you praise as words fail to do the necessary act.

That our appreciation of your past services and our good wishes for your future success, may be expressed in a small manner, we beg you to accept together with the kindest sentiments of our hearts this little token from your friends, you have left behind you in Peterboro.

The members of St. Peter's Cathedral choir.

Peterboro, Feb. 5th, 1919.

Mr. Hanrahan, who was completely taken by surprise, expressed his appreciation of the handsome gift and kind words that had been expressed concerning him. Rev. Father Phelan, also, in a few words, expressed the regret of both himself and the entire parish, at losing such a valued member of the choir as Mr. Hanrahan. Mr. Minnicolo and several other members also made short remarks.

Wanted in Welland for the attempted murder of Nick Petrus last April, two Austrians have been arrested at Lethbridge.

For having a barrel of whiskey mash simmering in his kitchen, Chas. H. Draper, an Orillia hotelkeeper, was fined $400 and costs.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Peterborough.

IN THE ESTATE OF ALFRED SMITH, late of the Township of Smith in the County of Peterborough, farmer, private, No. 196285 of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Sec. 121, R.S.O., 1914, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Alfred Smith, who died on or about the thirtieth or thirty-first day of October, 1917, at the Battle of Passchendaele Ridge, in Belgium, are required on or before the third day of March, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Edward A. Sanderson, of the said Township of Smith, farmer, R.R. No. 1, Peterborough, Ontario, the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses, full particulars in writing of their claims, statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after the said third day of March, 1919, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate of the said deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Peterborough, this twenty-ninth day of January, 1919.

A. E. DIXON,
197½ George St., Peterborough
Solicitor for said Executor.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night, Thursday, Feb. 6

3rd Chautauqua Concert

Bertha Farner Company

MISS BERTHA FARNER (Concert Soprano, DRAMATIC SOPRANO, GRAND OPERA and CONCERT SINGER
MISS MARTHA ALEXANDER (Violinist)
MISS ETHEL MURRAY ('Cellist)
MR. EARLE BROWNE (Pianist)
Grand Opera and Concert Singer)

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c.

RUSH SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY, 7.30 P.M. 25c
RESERVED SEATS NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE

MATINEE AND EVENING FRIDAY, FEBURARY 7
Engagement of the popular Irish Singer **Bernard Daly**
In the Delightful Irish Play **"SWEET INNISFALLEN,"**

A refreshing dramatic romance; a play of smiles, tears and joy. Hear Mr. Daly sing "Believe Me, of All Those Endearing Young Charms," "Hide and Seek," "Sweet Innisfallen," "Call of the Wind," "Maris," "Song of the Dove," "Foggy Dew," "Wearing of the Green," and others.

SPECIAL MATINEE LOWER FLO 50c BALCONY . . 25c
Evenings: 50c, 75c, $1.00. SEATS NOW ON SALE

For the benefit of out-of-town patrons, Mail Orders for reserved seats may be made to W. F. Turner, Grand Opera House, Peterborough, by sending remittance to cover number of seats required.

SATURDAY, FEB. 8
MATINEE 2.30 EVENING 8.15
Gaskell & MacVitty Submit

A FASCINATING PLAY of THE ISLAND PARADISE
A NIGHT IN HONOLULU
CATCHY MUSIC · NATIVE SONGS & DANCES

By Howard McKent Barnes

A DELIGHTFUL STORY OF HAWAII | Full of Interest Romance and Laughter

GUARANTEED ATTRACTION
Hear the Latest Hawaiian Music
BY THE
Imperial Native Hawaiian Quartette
Especially Engaged for This Production

SEE the Volcano in Eruption
SEE the Beautiful Wisteria Garden
SEE the Great Fire Scene

BARGAIN MATINEE 25c & 50
EVENING 50c 75c $1 · GALLERY 25c
Seats Now on Sale

Monday, Feb. 10. Special Big Picture Program
FEATURE PICTURE
MAE MURRAY in **"MODERN LOVE"**
Great Railroad Drama
"The Fast Mail"
2-Reel Alice Howell Comedy
"IN DUTCH"
SCREEN TELEGRAM
—NO VAUDEVILLE—
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

There is no ice in Lake St. Clair or the lower end of Lake Huron, a condition almost unprecedented at this time of the year.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, barn, your life, or anything you have. I will pay you.

192½ Water Street, South of Munro House

L. H. Woodrow, formerly of Woodstock, Ont., was seriously injured in a railway wreck at Red Deer, Alta.

A Hamilton woman picked a primrose in her garden and sent it to her officer son overseas.

Official data say that the number of persons in Petrograd who are fed by the public kitchens surpasses 200,000.

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 22rd, 1919.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Moderate to fresh west and northwest winds. Fair and moderately cold today and on Friday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 32 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

BOBCAYGEON PLANT MAY BE MOVED TO THIS CITY

Manager MacDonald Was in Peterborough Yesterday Looking for a New Location for Magnet Toy and Novelty Works.

Mr. Alex. MacDonald, of the Magnet Toy and Novelty Co., of Bobcaygeon, was in the city yesterday in consultation with members of the manufacturers' committee with a view to removing his plant to this city. Like all other prospective residents of the city whose purpose is to take up manufacturing, Mr. MacDonald naturally looks for something in the way of concessions. He will at least expect remuneration for the trouble and expense of removal if he finally decides to locate here.

The Review called up Bobcaygeon by long distance telephone this afternoon and learned that the plant in question has been closed down since some time before Christmas. Generally it is a prosperous industry of its class and gives employment to ten or twelve men when running at full capacity. If it is located here preference in employment will be given to returned soldiers, especially to those who have been partially disabled in the service.

While Mr. MacDonald was in the city he was the guest of Mr. G. V Lancaster, 8 McGill street, with whom he attended the entertainment held last night in the school room of St. George's Church. He gave an excellent imitation of the work of that popular comedian, Harry Lauder, and the audience decided that if he removes to Peterborough he will be a decided social acquisition.

The manufacturers' committee held a meeting last night, but no action was taken with regard to the Bobcaygeon firm.

EACH NATION IN LEAGUE TO BE PERMITTED TO RAISE ITS TROOPS BY CONSCRIPTION

This Point Has Been Decided by the Peace Conference Delegates After Long Debate—Premier Ebert's Threat That Germany Will Not Treat With Allies Will Be Dealt With Today.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 7.—Conferences between President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George have been in progress for the purpose of determining the course to be taken by the respective British and American delegations at the Peace Congress, during their absence. Mr. Wilson expects to leave for America shortly, and Lloyd George will probably return to England for the Parliament sitting. Both will be away for some weeks and Mr. Wilson may not return at all.

Eleven Articles Approved.

Eleven articles of the project for the Society of Nations were discussed and approved with small modifications by Peace Conference Commission on that subject at its meeting last night. The only article not approved was the paragraph concerning the abolition of compulsory military service unless required by reason of national defence under extraordinary circumstances.

Premier Orlando of Italy opposed the paragraph, also Leon Bourgeoise, one of the French members. The paragraph was cancelled and it was decided to leave to each country freedom to select its system of recruiting its forces up to the amount of troops which will be fixed later by the Society of Nations.

Another article which caused animated discussion was that concerning the method of applying military coercion to countries refusing to comply with the decision of the Society of Nations, or breaking its rules. No decision was reached.

Premier Ebert's Threat.

The Allied Premiers who will meet this afternoon as a supreme inter-allied war council, probably will fix the new terms to be imposed upon Germany, whose tactics of obstruction and recrimination are said to have reached a climax in the threat made at Weimar by Chancelor Ebert that Germany would break off negotiations with the Allies.

GENERAL STRIKE TIES UP BUSINESS IN HUN CITY

Laborers and Professional Men Quit Work as Protest Against Terrorism of the Spartacans.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—All the Bourgeoise of the city of Dusseldorf have walked out. The officials, clerks and other employes in the service of the railways, post, telegraph, telephone and service lines, bankers, lawyers, physicians, school teachers, and other people engaged in the profession have quit work. The employes on all public service lines are striking in keeping with the threat to the executive council of the Communalistic government to call a general strike of all the Bourgeoise classes if their demands were not granted. Theatres and restaurants were forced to close, as they are without service. Big industrial plants have shut down as the office forces everywhere have joined in the walk out. This unique protest is the first of its kind to be applied on a big scale as retaliation against the Spartacan terrorism.

Dusseldorf, is a town of Prussia, in the Rhenish province, beautifully situated among villas and gardens on the Rhine, 22 miles north west of Cologne. It is the seat of the Dusseldorf School of Painting. The population in 1900 was 213,767.

HALF OF MERCHANT FLEET WAS LOST DURING WAR

Britain's Marine Losses Ten Times That of Italy or France and Seventeen Times That of United States.

London, Feb. 8.—In urging that immediate steps be taken to rebuild the British merchant marine, Archibald S. Hurd, the naval writer, in an article in the Daily Telegraph says that although the United Kingdom was not invaded, Great Britain has paid for victory in the loss of more than 9,000,000 tons of shipping, ten times as much as that lost by either France or Italy. The British losses were 17 times as much as that of the United States.

Injury Inflicted by Sea

"Owing to little having been said of the injuries inflicted on this country in the war," Mr. Hurd says, "there is an impression in allied and neutral countries that we paid a relatively small price for victory. It is true that we were not invaded, but that was due, not to good fortune, for the seas is the easiest and quickest medium for an invader, but to good policy. It is also true that we were not starved, but that was the result of judgment and organization. It is very necessary that due importance should be attached to the injury inflicted upon us as a people who follow the sea, because there is a temptation to exaggerate the damage sustained by the allies on the land and to ignore the results of enemy action by sea.

Target for Enemy

"It is certain that if H. B had not been for the British Merchant navy France and Italy would have been driven out of the war and America would never have been able to intervene. When the war came the vast amount of British merchant shipping was placed at the service of the state and became the principal target of the enemy's naval forces. The result was that approximately half the tonnage under the British flag was destroyed.

"The following figures show the total losses in gross tonnage of merchant steamers sustained by this and other countries during the war:

"The United Kingdom and Dominions, 9,055,668; the United States 501,038; Belgium, 105,081; Brazil, 31,279; Denmark, 245,302; Holland 229,041; France, 807,077; Greece, 414,675; Italy, 861,425; Japan, 270,033; Norway, 1,171,760; Spain, 227,862; Sweden, 264,001.

Ten Times French Loss

"The British tonnage sunk, therefore, was more than ten times as much as that lost by either France or Italy and seventeen times as much as that lost by America.

"We depend on shipping for almost all that we require. Virtually all of our remaining ships need to be overhauled, which means that they are handicapped in trading, and it is doubtful if some are worth the expense of restoration. In effect we have to build as soon as we can.

Other Factors

"That is one item in the war bill due to us as a maritime nation and our case is separate from that of other countries, which are not islands and are not pivotal points of Maritime Empires. Moreover the above figures do not exhibit the value of the cargo sunk, the number of lives destroyed or the inestimable injury caused by our withdrawal of ships from distant trade routes in order that we might help our Allies and transport over the Atlantic a majority of the American troops which turned the scale on the Western front."

FORMER RESIDENT DIES IN WEST

MRS. VANT (NEE EVA IRENE WALTON) PASSED AWAY YESTERDAY.

A wire last night conveyed the sad news of the death in Grand Forks, B. C., on February 6th, 1919, of Eva Irene Walton, wife of E. Vant, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Egerton Walton of Nelson B. C., formerly of Peterborough and niece of Mrs. J. H. Cavanagh of London street, Mrs. Wm. Langford of Water street, and Mrs. W. J. Green of Brock street. Mrs. Vant will be remembered by many here as a school girl who for years made her home with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Green, 375 Brock street. She was also a graduate nurse of Nicholl's Hospital. The near loved ones left to mourn her death are her husband, one young son Walton, mother, father, two sisters; Mrs. Gilroy of Nelson and Mrs. Alcock of Edmunton and one brother, Loris in France. The funeral will be held at Nelson B. C.

MILITARY MEDAL FOR SERGT. GAMEY

LOCAL MAN WHO CHOSE STRENUOUS BRANCH OF THE SERVICE.

Sergt.-Major Gamey, whose wife, Mrs. J. C. Gamey, resides at 589 Aylmer street, has been awarded the Military Medal, according to information received by his friends in this city.

Sergt.-Maj. Gamey went overseas with the 93rd Battalion and qualified for his commission. He was one of that devoted number who reverted to the ranks in order to get to the firing line. He refused an offer to be sent back to Canada, as an instructor, preferring to go on active service in his country's cause.

Word received by his wife states that though offered his commission in September Sergt.-Maj. Gamey refused to take it.

SIX MILLIONS IS FEDERAL BUDGET

WHAT THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS MUST RAISE THIS YEAR.

Washington, Feb. 7.—With the submission to congress of the conferees agreement on the long delayed war revenue bill the American people were presented with their prospective federal tax budget for 1919 and ensuing years—something over $6,000,000,000 this year and $4,000,000,000 thereafter subject to the revision of future rates expected to be undertaken by the next congress.

The conference report, presented to the house by Majority Leader Kitchin, was regarded as sure of adoption by both house and senate, and of approval by the President. If this promises the future American tax yield which now is about $4,370,000,000. Besides this year's tax levy of about $6,000,000,000 further treasury needs, to be raised by bonds and other means are estimated by the treasury at about 12,000,000,000.

Except for slightly increased war excess profits rates for 1919 and corporations income tax rates for 1920 virtually all the rates as revised in the bill passed by the Senate are approved by the conferees and remain in the final conference draft Like the original House bill and the Senate's revision, the bulk of the taxes are levied upon war excess profits of corporations and on incomes, tobacco amusement admissions, etc.

ASKS CONSIDERATION OF IRELAND'S CLAIM

Washington, Feb. 7. — The House of Foreign Affairs Committee favorably reported a resolution expressing the hope that the Peace Conference "would favorably consider the claims of Ireland to the right of self-determination." The text follows:

"Resolved, by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), that it is the earnest hope of the Congress of the U. S. of America, that the Peace Conference now sitting in Paris, in passing upon the rights of various peoples, will favorably consider the claims of Ireland to the right of self-determination."

STRIKERS ARE BACK IN PLACES

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES IN LONDON ARE ABOUT NORMAL AGAIN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 7.—Today, for the first time in a week, there was a fair transportation service, in and out of the city. Practically all the employees of the steam and electric surface and underground roads, were again on duty after strike periods, ranging from one to ten days. There were no reports today of any change in the situation at Belfast or Glasgow. In both of these places it was reported yesterday that many employees had gone back to work.

Thousands Are On Leave in London

CANADIAN SOLDIERS ORDERED TO REPORT TO MILITARY CAMPS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 7.—A special cable to The Toronto Star says the third Canadian division was due in England yesterday and that thousands of Canadians have arrived in London on eight days' leave, being ordered to report to Bramshott and Witley camps on the expiring of their leave.

FARMERS HERE CANNOT LOSE

SO LONG AS THE PRICE OF THE WHEAT CROP IS GUARANTEED.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—"The government has guaranteed the crop at a fixed price and the farmers stand to lose nothing, even if the purchase of the grain in Argentine at a lower price makes it impossible to dispose of all of the 1918 Canadian crop at $2.40 a bushell," was the statement of a prominent member of the corn exchange when discussing the situation that might arise out of the purchase of large quantities of grain in the Argentine by the Imperial government.

The fact that Argentina is now offering grain to the imperial government at $1,44½ is an indication it is the opinion of grain men in the city, of the condition in which the Government of Canada would have found itself provided a high fixed price had been set for the 1919 crop as has been done by the United States Government. In this latter instance it is the consensus of opinion that the United States Government stands to lose many millions of dollars on her fixed price policy for the 1918 crop of grain.

The bidding for New Brunswick's $450,000 bond issue was very close.

Winnipeg rails make a six-point gain in yesterday's stock exchange trading here. The war bonds, too, are active.

Miss Asquith To Marry A Prince

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 7.—The engagement of Miss Elizabeth Asquith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Asquith, to Prince Antoine Bibesco, councillor at the Rumanian legation has been announced. Prince Bibesco was formerly first secretary of the Rumanian legation at Washington.

DRAWBACKS TO A MILD WINTER

FARMERS, COLD STORAGE MEN AND LUMBERMEN SEE TROUBLE AHEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—There are apparently some thorns to the rose of this kindly and salubrious winter. It has saved the fuel situation and been a godsend to the poor, but now the very clemency of the winter threatens trouble to some spring and summer industries, according to reports received by the agriculture and forestry departments here. Cold storage men in some districts foresee an ice shortage next summer. Prairie farmers fear that the absence of the usual deep frosts this winter is going to prove disastrous during the seed and crop growing season unless there is plenty of rain. The gradual thawing out of the six to eight inches of frost in the sub-soil is in normal years an insurance against drought. This winter the frost has not gone down to anything like the usual depth. The lumbermen in New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario are complaining because the snowfall has not been heavy enough, and face the prospect of quickly subsiding streams in the spring and an extra short sleighing season to gather in the lumber cut out to the mills.

REJECTED OFFER OF FREE FUEL

WOMAN REFUSES A LOAD OF WOOD COMPOSED LARGELY OF LOGS.

Street Commissioner Evans may be pardoned after his experience of this morning if he is inclined to believe that there are people in the city who if presented with a horse would yank open the animal's mouth for a scrutiny of its teeth and would reject the gift if the examination showed signs of age.

Mr. Evans and his force are engaged in cutting down the dead trees in the city by order of the Council and the firewood so obtained is intended for free distribution among the needy of the city. A load of this fuel, composed largely of limbs, was delivered at the home of a woman who was reported as without fuel of any kind. One look at the offering decided her and she declared if they could not bring her something better than that the driver could take it away.

Which he did, there being no law by virtue of which a gift can be forced upon even the poor.

German Old Order Is Gone Forever

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, Feb. 7.—The old order in Germany has gone beyond recall and the people are now determined to rule themselves, declared Friedrich Ebert, chancellor, in calling the national Assembly to odrer here this afternoon. "We will call on the old German spirit of Weimar," he said, "We will be an empire of justice and truth."

"Ladies and Gentlemen"

The Chancellor opened the proceedings in the Assembly at 3.15 o'clock. He was received with applause as he advanced for the ceremony. In opening he addressed the assemblage as "ladies and gentlemen," a form of address never before heard in a German legislative body. The Chancellor's speech was an earnest appeal for unity and untiring labor.

PUBLISH NAMES OF OFFENDERS

PUBLICITY EXPECTED TO STOP PETTY CRIMES IN GERMANY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Coblenz, Feb. 7.—The names of all Germans convicted of violation of army regulations in territory occupied by the allied forces are being published in the German newspapers together with the address of each offender and a fine or sentence is imposed. Publicity was decided up, being likely to prevent an increase of minor offences such as selling liquor or imitation liquor to soldiers.

GERMANS PLAY BRITISH TUNES

"GOD SAVE THE KING" AND "MAPLE LEAF" OFTEN HEARD.

Kingston, Feb. 7.—In the German territory occupied by the allies, Hun orchestras in the cafes, restaurants and hotels are now playing "Rule, Britania," "God Save the King" and "The Maple Leaf."

They play them at the command of Canadian and British officers in their territory, who keep them going at it night and day in Cologne and other German centres. Lieut.-Col. Stewart, son of Postmaster Stewart, writes to say that they go at their new scores without any apparent objections.

BORDEN ACCEPTS POST ON NEW COMMISSION.

Ottawa, Feb. 7. — Official advices have been received here that the British Government has offered to Sir Robert Borden and that Sir Robert has accepted the post of chief representative of the Empire on a commission of two representatives of each of the five powers to define the future bounderies of Greece and Roumania. It will not be necessary for Sir Robert to visit either of the countries. It is expected that he will be engaged in the work for two or three weeks' time.

PRODUCE PRICES TAKE A TUMBLE

DROP NOTED AT MARKET IN TILSONBURG IN FOUR YEARS.

Tilsonburg, Feb. 7.—There was an extraordinarily large attendance at yesterday's market, and for the first time in four years produce took a decided drop in prices, as follows: Eggs, fresh-laid, 45c; creamery butter, 53c to 55c; chickens, dressed, 30c per pound; cheese, 29c per pound; beef, 16c to 28c pound; pork, 25c to 30c; pasteurized milk, in bottles, dropped to 10c a quart, delivered, or 9c per quart at the local dairy. This is decided sign of a reasonable in good prices locally.

Penmans, Ltd., announce an increase in their dividend on common from seven per cent. per annum, [illegible]

HEELED FOR ALL HUMAN EFFORT

JOHN SANGSTER HAD WHISKEY IN GRIP AND $700 IN HIS POCKET.

John Sangster while on his way to his home at Rockcroft in the township of Harvey was arrested at the C. P. R. Station this morning as he descended from the west bound train with a grip containing three bottles of whiskey.

Taken to the police station the prisoner was found to be carrying a roll of bills amounting to more than $700.

In police court this morning he pleaded guilty to the charge of having been found with liquor in a place other than his dwelling and was assessed the minimum of $200 with $9.10 costs tacked on.

Chief Thompson told the prisoner that he might consider himself fortunate in having succeeded in getting to this city with such a sum of money on his person without losing it either in Montreal or on the train.

"I was not drunk on the train nor when I was arrested," replied the prisoner.

"Sober men often have their pockets picked," rejoined the Chief.

"I have been in Quebec," said the guilty one when asked where he had been coming from when arrested this morning. The constable who took the man into custody stated that he examined his grip because he thought he looked as if he had been drinking when he stepped onto the station platform.

Three months in jail with hard labor was not to be thought of by one who had $700 of loose cash upon his person and as a result the roll is now less bulky than when its owner left the wet eastern city.

Six Hours a Day Five Days a Week

CANADIAN LABOR LEADER PROPOSES AN INDUSTRIAL MILLENNIUM.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, Feb. 7.—Gustav Francq, the Canadian Labor leader, proposed to the International Trades Union Conference that it claim six hour a day and five days a week, throughout world.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Sundays and holidays excepted) by the Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-162 Hunter Street.

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THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1852, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

A. H. STRATTON, President and General Manager. R. A. PECK, K.C., M.A., T. H. MATHEWS and JAMES LYNCH.

TELEPHONES.

Business Dept ... 159. Editorial ... 666.
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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1919

BENNY WISE, POUND FOOLISH.

THE SPIRIT of penny wisdom that sometimes seizes members of the City Council again overwhelmed the members of the Fire, Water and Light Committee the other night when they cut from the estimates the $200 which Chief Grange asked for to defray his expenses to the annual meeting of the Dominion Firemen's Association, which will be held next summer at Calgary.

When everything in connection with the convention is taken into consideration it will become apparent that it is really a public misfortune that the Chief will be unable to attend it. The West is the place, too, for anyone in search of new ideas, to visit. Calgary has by general consent the most up-to-date fire department in all America, let alone in Canada. Every article of equipment used by the department is manufactured by the members of the brigade. None but skilled mechanics are taken on, and almost every trade is represented by those in this branch of the city's service. Every motor vehicle, every ladder and all other apparatus used for fire protection, are manufactured by the men themselves. Even the alarm system is installed by them.

It is evident, then, that a trip to such a scene of activity would be well worth all that it would cost to a man in Chief Grange's position. It is not as though he asked the aldermen for a holiday and an honorarium to sustain him on a fishing trip. The city would share in the benefits which he would receive personally from attending such a convention. The result would be still greater efficiency in the department over which Chief Grange presides.

Chief Thompson, working under a different commission will have his expenses paid to the convention of police chiefs, which will be held in Calgary immediately before the gathering of the firemen in the same city. At these conventions year after year Chief Thompson always takes a leading part in the discussions, and more than one of his papers read to his confreres on these occasions have been regarded as standard treatises on police work. In this way the Chief has proved an excellent advertisement for the city which he represents. In all fairness, the chief of one city department is entitled to the same treatment as another holding a similar position of importance.

The aldermen of the city find it necessary at intervals to take trips to outside cities on municipal business. Mayor Duncan is authorized by resolution of his colleagues to decree such trips and to issue an order for the necessary expense involved every time he deems it desirable in the interests of the public. Objection is passed to a convention of members of his profession. If an outlay is justified in one case it must be in another.

The matter, fortunately, is not finally disposed of by the action of the committee. When it comes before the Council it is not altogether improbable that the item will be restored and the request of Chief Grange complied with.

seldom or never heard to such a policy. Still, it is difficult to see how aldermen disposed to be generous in matters purposely to themselves should be so ready to clamp down and sit upon the lid of the city treasury when Chief Grange asks for an appropriation for his ex-

THE POLICE COMMISSION.

THE FOLLOWING questions will be submitted to municipal councils in municipalities having police commissions:

Do you approve of the present constitution of boards of police commissioners?

If not, what changes do you suggest?

Do you approve of the members of your police force forming an association or union?

If not, what are your reasons?

If you approve, do you see any objection to the association of police affiliating with other such associations or unions, or with trades and labor organizations?

If you do not approve, what are your reason?

Have you any suggestions to make as to the composition of boards of police commissioners?

If so, please state them.

The above questions will be submitted to the Council in this matter. They deal with a matter the discussion of which is revived in Peterborough every year at a time when the estimates are passed upon by the city fathers. Probably seven of the present members of the Council—a majority at any rate—are in favor of having the police force under the management of the municipality, but even if that is the case there is no change in the system probable.

The police force of any city is a provincial rather than a local institution. It has been established on its present basis to preserve it from the manipulation of local politicians intent on acquiring transient fame and temporary popularity by reducing the number of guardians of the law. Politics may creep into the administration of a fire brigade, but nothing of the kind is ever heard of in the affairs of a police department, so far at least as the commissioners are concerned.

Any municipality that has a police commission is represented on the board by the Mayor, the other members being the county judge and the Police Magistrate. The popular objection to the two last mentioned is that they are not elected and so cannot be held to account by the people.

To be perfectly logical, the aldermen and others who take this stand should insist upon the Judge and the Magistrate being elected instead of appointed to the Bench. In their judicial capacities they are entrusted with graver duties than those which devolve upon them as police commissioners. The men to whom can be confided the liberty—and often the very life—of the people without being called upon to give an account of their stewardship at an election, should be able to discharge without suspicion the duties connected with the management of a police force.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS is being formed in Europe avowedly to prevent all international feuds for the future the wide world over. Ideal as its object may be, the time for launching such a reform would appear to be other than auspicious. There are wars and rumors of wars on all sides of the delegates to the conference, and the dove of peace cannot yet find rest for the sole of her foot in any of the countries that were either the theatres of or parties to the recent war. The Germans and the Poles are in deadly combat with each other. The different factions in Russia are warring, and an Allied army is at present engaged in the apparently hopeless task of restoring order in the former empire. Norway has taken a hand in the Russian upheaval. The Germans and the Austrians are fighting among themselves. The former declare that they will never submit to being stripped of their colonial possessions, and the Allies are just as firm in insisting upon this point as one of the conditions of peace. All through the United Kingdom and in the United States there are labor disputes and strikes more desolating to the welfare of the countries in the local effects than was even the war itself. To be prepared for any contingency, Britain deems it the part of wisdom to maintain an army of one million men. As a similar measure of safety, two hundred thousand United States troops are to stay for the present in Europe, and it is likely that part of the Canadian force will remain on call over there.

Veritably the world is recovering slowly from the insanity of war. The nations of the earth have tasted the blood of each other, and the primitive instincts of mankind, once reawakened, are hard to suppress again. The League of Nations would do well to hasten to place the organization upon a working basis so that its mission may be taken up. It has its work cut out for it.

If moral rather than physical agencies are to be employed to restore order, every day's delay only adds to the gravity of the duty which lies ahead. There must be something more than an actual cessation of hostilities before the world can be called safe for democracy. Industrial harmony must be nurtured, and this is one of the tasks with which the members of the League of Nations have charged themselves.

THE STATUS OF MILITARY OFFICERS.

SOME TIME AGO the Militia Department issued an order to the effect that when a commissioned officer who had won promotion in active service overseas returned to Canada he must revert in rank to that held when a member of the Canadian militia. This order has since been amended, and it is now ordained that the officer shall retain the rank won under the fire of the German guns so long as he remains on the reserve list of militia officers at home. If he becomes an active member of the militia again, he must take his chances as to status and accept any position that may be offered him.

If returned men are to be given—and rightly so—the preference in everything, it is only right that this principle should be applied to the officers who have won distinction abroad when they renew their connection with the militia units at home. Now that the war is over it is likely that these units will be reorganized and brought up to their ante-war strength. The rank and file will be composed largely of the men and non-commissioned officers who have seen active service and who have returned to Canada with their physical powers unimpaired. Leave it to these men and it can readily be seen that they would in their new military environments prefer as officers the men who led them on the battlefields of Europe rather than men who never smelled powder in real warfare. Such a policy would be fair to private and officer alike and would be a tangible appreciation of the services rendered by both classes.

It must strike everyone that the officer who has been in the front line of trenches, who has been promoted for efficiency under fire, will by the very reason of this experience be more valuable as an officer in the militia than the man who has never endured the same baptism.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE CHICAGO NEWS opines that the man who steals an auto auto be ashamed of himself.

IF THE WICKED only stand in slippery places, what of the multitude who so often collapse these days on the unsanded sidewalk?

GIVE THE RETURNED soldier something to keep boiling in the pot over the fire that burned so bravely all the time he was away.

AND NOW THAT the United States is about to go dry, what will Milwaukee do to perpetuate the fame brought to the city by its brewery products?

THE PERNICIOUS WEEDS and objectionable aliens from Europe will steal their way into Canada occasionally without being aided and abetted by the authorities.

Because the submarine was misused during the war, it is silly to say that so valuable an invention never should be used.—Buffalo Express.

ANYWAY the submarine has been catalogued and now finds itself in the same class as ardent spirits.

Our personal opinion is that so long as there are more than two Irishmen on earth there will be an Irish question.—Detroit Free Press.

BUT WHY "MORE"? Two are sufficient at any time for the purpose in mind.

With prohibition in force it may not be necessary for the U. S. Congress to put that proposed embargo upon immigration for four years.—Hamilton Herald.

AND NO LONGER will the "drouthie cronies" of Hamilton make flying pleasure trips to the republic.

LINDSAY FINDS IT impossible to restrain its civic pride in the fact that it was equal to staging a riot. One of the papers in that town, after describing a similar disturbance in New York, recently stated that while the American metropolis is in the same class as its own burg.

STEADY PROGRESS MADE BY CANADA MUTUAL LIFE

During the Past Five Years This Insurance Company Shows a Gain in New Business of Over Sixty-Three Per Cent.

This year the financial statements of the various Life Insurance Companies will be examined with more than usual interest in view of the unprecedented strain to which such organizations have been subjected by the war and the epidemic of influenza. A perusal of the Annual Report of the Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada will be a pleasant surprise even to the friends of that Company, who, in view of the war mortality and that accompanying the influenza, might, with some reason, have expected a report less favorable. But the financial strength of this Company, carefully conserved during many past years, has made it possible to pay the unwonted claims and yet leave a substantial surplus. Thanks to the care and foresight exercised in the past the Mutual has won through with splendid credit and, remarkable to relate, with undiminished dividends. The Mutual has during the war dispensed to beneficiaries and their friends about two million dollars in addition to the normal mortality, yet the present position of the Company is more prominent and never before was Canada's only Mutual as popular as it is today. This is evident from the phenomenal amount of new business pouring in from month to month. The Company holds a reserve greater than required by the Government by $1,210,000 and the assets exceed by $5,813,000 the amount required by the Government standard.

The amount of Premiums received during the year was $5,021,518.20 and the receipts for interest, rents, etc., amounted to $1,999,584.87, making a total income of $7,021,103.07.

The disbursements were as follows:

Death and disability	$1,563,077.60
Matured endowments	479,958.62
Annuities	10,541.40
Policies purchased	409,374.69
Surplus	838,466.15
Total	$3,291,446.46

This constitutes a wonderful record, of usefulness and one of which the individual members of the organization may well feel proud, leaving as it does, the essential stability of the Company unimpaired.

That the Mutual is extremely popular is shown by the fact that during the last five years the production of new business exceeded that of the preceding five years by 63½ per cent. The people of Canada evidently appreciate life insurance today as they never have done before. This is one of the compensations of the war from a financial point of view. The war has also made it possible for insurance companies to earn an exceptionally high rate of interest for a long term of years on their war bond investments. It is probable that before these bonds mature the excess of interest obtainable over the normal will have completely recouped the Company's holding them for the payment of the war claims.

IS WORTH ALL HE CAN EARN

PRESIDENT BEATTY OF THE C. P. R. TALKS TO BOYS IN MONTREAL.

"A man from his shoulders down is worth $2.50 a day, but from his shoulders up, there is no limit to his earning capacity," said Mr. E. W. Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway in a talk to the employed boys of the evening educational classes of the Y. M. C. A. in Montreal.

"When I was coming down in the train from Ottawa this afternoon, I thought of you boys and the work you are doing, and it brought back my own school days. I first started college in Toronto, my family having moved there when I was 11 or 12. I was a day pupil at the college. I did not believe in work, however, and I did very little studying. My nickname was 'Banty.' I indulged in numerous scraps, and spent most of my time after school hours doing the thing I should have done when school was in. At the end of the year a report was sent to my parents and I think, without boasting that was the worst report ever written about any boy. At the end of the report was a note to the effect that if I did not return to the college at the beginning of the next term, the principal could get along without me. I think perhaps he was right, and I believed everybody knew I was of no particular use.

"I was sent to another school, where my record was not known for which I was thankful. I there fell into the hands of a tutor who, though a good teacher, had a very violent temper. He encouraged us when he was not abusing us. If a fellow showed inattention he was likely to be hit on the head with a ruler; but the first words of encouragement I ever received came from that man. He told me I might amount to something, which was news to me—I had never heard it before; in any event he gave me an inspiration to study, so I worked, and the more I worked the more I realized how valuable it was, which fact I continued to appreciate as I grew older.

Capable men Required.

"I never saw a boy or a man who got anywhere if he did not work," went on Mr. Beatty. "I know you boys have given up a great deal to take on these extra studies, but none of you will ever regret it. As you grow older you will find the competition between men very keen, and he who is fairly well educated has a distinct advantage over the man who is not. Every boy has some kind of a vague idea he would like to be something or other when he grows up, he does not know just what. You will, however, find there are three or four simple things that tend to a man's success. The first is good health, It is impossible for a boy or a man to work against that handicap. The next thing is honesty. No man in this, or any other country, who was not honest, attained success; he may appear to do so for a time, but when his dishonesty is discovered, which it will be sooner or later, his success is at an end and his failure begins.

The third essential is education; without education it is impossible to climb to any important position; and the fourth essential is work. Nothing was ever accomplished without work, and if any man tells you differently it is not the truth. During the coming years many capable men will be required to fill important positions, and he who has the essentials to which I have referred is the one who will get the preference."

With regard to the attributes of a man, Mr. Beatty said: "The things we admire most in other men are the qualities we should develop in ourselves. The first is honesty, the second courage, and the third modesty. Without courage one cannot go very far in this world. If a man is content to step aside for others he is bound to lose. Without modesty no one can secure the respect of his fellow-beings. Every man's hand is against the man who shows he believes himself better than others. When I was a youngster, my father, who was a very wise man, used to say: 'Never think you are better than anybody else, but always think you are just as good.' Modesty is a quality I suppose I should apologize for mentioning, for it has become very unpopular and is now almost obsolete; nevertheless, it is one of the finest qualities a boy or man could have.

Forty Minutes' Handball

"I understand that with your studies you mingle a little play, which is a good thing. Every boy should play every game he is adapted for; he usually works well who plays well. I am not yet very old and every night between September and May, when I am in Montreal, if I do not have a hard forty minutes' handball, I feel I am depriving myself of something I need. A man should have a sound body as well as a sound mind, and the two go hand in hand."

In conclusion, the speaker said: "In the work you have taken up at the Y. M. C. A. you are not now aware of the advantages you are laying up for yourselves, but these will develop as the years proceed, and I assure you that I wish you all the greatest possible success."

WIT AND WISDOM

"Pa, why do you always insist on my singing when Mr. Bimley comes here?"

"Well, I don't like to come right out and tell him to go."

A lady observed a small boy sprinkling sawdust on the ice to prevent pedestrians falling.

"That is real benevolence," declared the good lady.

"No, 'tain't," growled the boy, indignantly; "it's sawdust."

A Reasonable Grouch.

"Don't complain when the children around you make a little noise," said the man with a perpetual grouch. "Remember, you were once a little boy."

"I am not forgetting it," replied the man with a perpetual grouch. "I was one of those little boys who are always compelled to sit around dressed up and watch the other boys having a good time."

Our Ambitions.

Mrs. Jones—The cook refuses to get up earlier than 7:30.

Jones—Ask her if she won't do it for a couple of days until I can rearrange my business.

Newest Innocents!

Mrs. Youngbride (at the grocer's)—I'll take a few of those beets if they are live ones.

Clerk—Live ones, ma'am?

Mrs. Youngbride — Yes; I must have live ones. I heard my husband say he had no use for dead beats.

"Yes-es," hesitated the bridegroom, "these cakes are pretty good, but don't you think there ought to be just a little more—"

"Your mother made them," interrupted the bride, quickly.

"—of them?" ended he.

Foolish Question.

Barber — How would you like to have your hair cut, sir?

Uncle Hawbuck — First rate, thankee. That's jest what I came in for.

Afraid of Shell Shock.

Catherine, 3, while at dinner the other evening, refused to eat any scalloped oysters.

"Why!" said her mother, "don't you like oysters?"

"Yes," answered Catherine, "but I'm afraid of shell shock."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the men behind the lines play just as important a part as those at the front, and the rear-admirals deserve just as much credit as those who did the actual fighting.

COOKS NOT RETURNED MEN

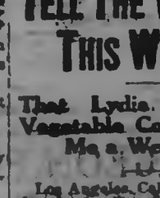
Some complaint has been made to the G.W.V.A. at Toronto that many of the sergeant cooks who have been sent overseas to supervise the foodstuffs given veterans returning from overseas on their ocean journey, are not returned men. The veterans are of the opinion that men who have seen service outside of Canada should be given these positions.

It matters not how graceful a girl may be, she simply can't enact the part while trying to climb out of a hammock.

Occasionally a man succeeds in startling the world, but fortunately he can't keep it startled for very long.

TELL THE WORLD THIS WOMAN SAYS

That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made Me a Well Woman.



Los Angeles, Cal.—"I suffered with female troubles for years, was sick most of the time, was not able to do my own housework, and I could not get help from doctors. I knew Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was advertised in the newspapers and took six bottles, and am a well woman. You can use my name to tell the world the good your medicine has done me as I shall praise it always."—Mrs. A. L. DeLyne, 847 St. Paul Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulcerations, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should do as Mrs. DeVinedish and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years this famous remedy, which contains the curative, strengthening properties of good old-fashioned roots and herbs, has been correcting just such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Leo Pope.)

Last nite pop was in the setting room smoaking a segar and taking it out of his mouth every once in a wile and looking at it to see how much was left, wich not much was, saying, I sed I was ony going to smoak one segar tonite, and one segar is all im going to smoak. Will power is the greatest thing in the world. A man may have a glass eye and a dubbie chin and no frends, but if he has will power he will get there just the same. As the sun sets each day a man should be able to pat himself on the back and say, This day I used my will power in full and such a way.

And pop looked at his segar agen, being hardly enuff to look at, and I sed, I got will power, too, pop.

I dont know about that, sed pop, eny boy that has to be called in the morning as awfen as you do will never dio of a rush of will power to the hed. Can you point to any one thing you did today, for instants, and let out your chest with pride and say, Will power did that?

Yes, sir, I sed.

The doose you can, then Im proud of you and happy to have you for a son, sed pop.

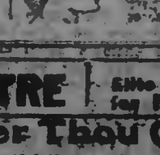
Do you wunt to know wat I did, pop? I sed.

I insist upon it, sed pop, and I sed, Well, I was sucking a sour ball, and I made up my mind to suck it all the way down to the last suck without biting it once, and, I did.

Good nite. Is that all? sed pop, and I sed, Thats a lot, you awt to try it some time. And pop sed, Youre enuff to drive a man to tobacco. And he took another segar and lit it, and I started my homes work.

Mind your own business unless you are able to employ a private secretary.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound



A safe, reliable female regulator. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price and this paper. Pamphlet free. The Cook Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont.

EMPIRE THEATRE Elite Performance for Fri. & Sat.

OLIVE JOHNSON in "Whither Thou Goest,"

A Drama of the Stage—the beautiful West and Society—in 5 acts.

EDDIE POLO in the Great Serial Sensation of all time "The Lure of the Circus" Chapter 8—"TEAR LIP READER"—2 parts.

FORD EDUCATIONAL SERIES "The Making of Pottery," Most interesting and educative

A KING-BEE COMEDY FEATURE with BILLY WEST, entitled "CUPID'S RIVAL." Better than the best Chaplin Comedy—2 parts.

Pathe Weekly Pictorial, Latest Events Everywhere, Interesting Items Gathered from All Quarters of the Globe.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENINGS 22 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Bluebird Photo-play HUNKY SANDERS AND RUTH CLIFFORD in "HUNGRY EYES."

JUANITA HANSEN and JACK HOLMES in the Classy Serial "THE BRASS BULLET."

Comedy Reel—GALE HENRY in "NEARLY A QUEEN."

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

How Long Is It To Noon Hour?

THIS boy wishes the clock would go faster. In his lunch box are two sandwiches made with whole wheat bread, generously buttered, and a thick layer of

Lantic Old Fashioned Brown Sugar

There is nothing better for the school child's lunch, and the addition of a red apple makes it perfect. Many people have forgotten how good old-fashioned brown sugar tastes. It is more than mere "sweetening"; it is a deliciously flavored and highly nutritious food. It gives a new zest to cereals and makes plain old-fashioned dishes as appetizing as they used to be in the days of our ancestors.

Lantic Brown Sugars come in three varieties—*Light Brilliant* and *Dark Yellow* and are packed in bbls. and 100-lb. bags, from which your grocer will give you as much or as little as you want.

Send 2c. stamp for our new booklet *"Grandmother's Recipes"*. Tells how to use brown sugar and how to keep it fresh and moist.

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED
MONTREAL

Famous Church At Constantinople

The following interesting account of the great church, "Santa Sophia," by Chrysostomos Papadzopoulos, D. D. Authimandrite, of Anthens, has been written, which will explain why the Christians are so determined to rescue it from the Turkish dominion, and restore it once more as the Mother Church of Christendom:

With the end of the great war, the Turkish tyranny has also come to an end in the Christian East, and the aspirations of the Greek nation, after centuries of oppression, now turn towards the great temple of the Holy Wisdom in Constantinople. They await anxiously the restoration of the Great Church to Christian worship, for no monument exists for them so precious and so greatly revered as this. Haghia Sophia is for the Christian Greek what the Parthenon was for the pagan Hellene. It epitomises the whole history of the Greek Orthodox Church in the East. Originally founded by Constantine the Great, and afterwards rebuilt for Justinian by the great architect, Anthemius, from Tralle in Asia Minor, it is connected with all the great historical incidents of the Christian East in the Middle Ages. Under its vault was heard the voice of the most famous Patriarchs of Constantinople. Synods took place in it and supplications and thanksgivings to God were offered in days of struggle against barbarians who appeared before the walls of the Imperial city.

When the Turkish peril drew near the Roman Church sought to exploit the difficulties of the Orthodox Church in order to compel it so sacrifice its independence. A spurious Concordat between Kreeks and Latins was read out in Haghia Sophia, but the Greek nation refused to recognize its validity and holding that the Great Church had been contaminated, insisted upon seeing it purified and dedicated anew to God. On the awful day of the fall of Constantinople (May 29th, 1453) as the Liturgy was offered, a great number of people took refuge in it. Suddenly the Turks forced the doors. According to a popular tradition, still living in the people's memory, the Liturgy was broken off and the wall opened to receive the officiating priest with the sacred chalice in his hands. Three days later the conqueror himself entered the church. He offered prayer in it and since that time Haghia Sophia has been a Mosque of Islam.

Gennadius Scholarius was shortly afterwards elected Patriarch of Constantinople, but Haghia Sophia was no longer his Cathedral. At first he was allowed to use the Church of the Holy Apostles, but soon the Turks seized on this as well. The Patriarchate passed to the Church of Pammakaristos, then to the Church of Our Lady the Consoler (Pareyoretria), then to the Church of tS. Demetrius in Xyloporta, and at last, about the year 1600, finally settled in the Church of St. George in the Phanar, where the sacred relics of the past which have been saved from Turkish rapine are still preserved.

It is not hard to imagine the feelings of the Orthodox Greek people as they see Haghia Sophia in the hands of the Turks. Some additions and reparations have been made to the outer part of the Great Church, but the wonderful monument has never lost its original grandeur and grace. The Turks has kept its very name unchanged. The most popular songs of the Greek people are these which refer to Haghia Sophia. In one of these the unknown poet says to the icons weeping over their misfortunes: "Hush, My Lady, and you, icons of the Saints, weep not. As time and the years roll on, all will be ours again." This is the great hope of the Christian Greek nation. It is high time to witness the realisation.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT—8.15—TO-NIGHT

The Sweetest of Irish Singers **BERNARD DALY**

in "SWEET INNISFALLEN,"

Hear Mr. Daly sing "Believe Me, of All Those Endearing Young Charms," "Hide and Seek," "Sweet Innisfallen," "Call of the Wind," "Maris," "Song of the Dove," "Foggy Dew," "Wearing of the Green," and others.

PRICES 50c—75c—$1.00 GALLERY 25c

To-morrow, Saturday

Gaskell and McVitty, Inc.
Present A New Play
By Howard McKent Barnes

A NIGHT IN HONOLULU

A DELIGHTFUL STORY OF HAWAII
The Island Paradise
Full of Interest
Romance and Laughter

Come and Hear
The Latest Hawaiian Music
By
THE IMPERIAL NATIVE HAWAIIAN QUARTETTE
Especially engaged for this production

SEE The Volcano in ERUPTION. The Beautiful Wisteria Garden and the GREAT FIRE SCENE.

Special added Feature. Princess Koia in Native Dances

BARGAIN MATINEE - - - - 25c and 50c
EVENING 50c, 75c, and $1.00. GALLERY 25c.

Monday, Feb. 10. Special Big Picture Program
FEATURE PICTURE
MAE MURRAY in "MODERN LOVE"
Great Railroad Drama "THE FAST MAIL"
2-Reel Alice Howell Comedy "IN DUTCH"
SCREEN TELEGRAM —NO VAUDEVILLE
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
Feb 11 & 12 Special Matinee Wednesday
THE BIGGEST DRAMATIC HIT IN YEARS
Hundreds turned away in Toronto

-A LITTLE MOTHER-
A DRAMA OF JUSTICE TO
WAR BABIES

SPECIALLY ENGAGED FO R CANADIAN TOUR ONLY
OSCAR O'SHEA
IN THE LEADI NG MALE ROLE

PRICES: Evenings, 25c, 50c 75c, $1.00; Wednesday Matinee, 25c, 50c
Seats on S ale Monday

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

An inspiring reader—this column would probably pester out were it not for the help of readers—inquires whether neurasthenia is a real illness or only imaginary, and if so what are the characteristic symptoms.

The first part of the question deserves answer. To the second part the answer is capital NIX. There should be a penalty of ten years for the publication of symptoms, and publishing the symptoms of neurasthenia should send a doctor up for life at least. When our class studied neurasthenia in the medical textbooks forty-four of us came down with the disease. Most of us never fully recovered.

Neurasthenia is a real illness to the sufferer. That is the worst feature of the trouble, its appalling reality. The neurasthenic is sick—no one knows it but himself, which fact makes him feel just so much worse. Most ailments the victim can forget momentarily, but neurasthenia is as eternally real as thirty-year obesity.

Rich people who persist in considering themselves poor and poor people who conduct themselves as nearly as possible like the rich commonly affect neurasthenia. The disease is much more popular than in the vulgar days when it was called nervous prostration.

A neurasthenic is always miserable and often his doctor feels even worse.

I do not know much about neurasthenia. In that I differ from the general profession. I admit I don't know much about it.

My notion is that neurasthenia is a long, bitter struggle between the individual and his conscience. In some cases subsistence seems to lose the fight and the neurasthenia becomes a hobby. Competition, to my provincial notion, is the cause of neurasthenia. Rivalry, jealousy, envy, selfishness, greed—these things are emotions that squander vitality, or pep, exhaust the ductless gland apparatus which has to do with the production of pep.

Trying to Teach Two To Talk.

"I am a country school teacher and two of the brightest pupils in my class (boys) stutter. Is there any way in which this impediment may be overcome? They are such fine boys, with a dear mother, and it would be well worth a little extra effort if there is anything I can do to help them.

"S. M. W."

Send a stamped, addressed envelope, sister, and I will outline a system of special vocal and breathing exercises to help the boys.

Sweating Under the Arms.

"Can you print something that will prevent excessife sweating in the armpits? Does it injure the health in any way to check perspiration in the armpits? M. P."

Once every alternate day for three or four days sponge the armpits with a solution of one ounce of alumnium chloride in three ounces of distilled water or rain water. Allow this to dry on. The treatment may be repeated a srequired at intervals of a few weeks. There is no physiological injury from checking the perspiration in the armpits.

Might Try a Depth Charge.

"Kindly tell me what to do to take gas off the stomach of a very stout person.

"R. D. H."

One good way is to summon a doctor to drop a stomach tube in. But, as a rule, the remedy for such a condition depends on the nature of the trouble. Thus, if it is caused by gallstones the treatment would not be the same as for such a symptom in a case of Bright's disease or ptosis.

Contemplating Marriage.

"I am, a young man contemplating marriage in a short time. While I hope eventually to raise children, just at present the financial question . . . your advice . . ."

Don't. Possibly you cannot afford to have children. Certainly you cannot afford to have the unhappiness your child is sure to bring to your imitation home. Don't marry until the financial question is answered.

Measurements Of The Perfect Man

Atlantic City, Feb. 7.—The official measurement of the "perfect man" has been laid down by the National Association of Merchant Tailors, who will meet in annual convention here next week to set the type pace for the coming year. The 1919 Apollo—physical culture experts to the contrary—has been determined by the tailors on the following measurements—Height, 5 feet 8 inches; weight, 148 1-2 pounds; chest, 28 inches; waist, 23 1-2 inches; hips, 39 1-2 inches; thigh, 21 3-4 inches; calf, 14 1-4 inches.

AVERAGE WORK OF HENS

Eighty-five Eggs Per Bird is a Pretty Good Production.

The average production of eggs by hens of all kinds and ages in the United States is 85. Unselected White Leghorns, however, produce an average of 130 eggs for the first year, 120 for the second, 110 for the third, 95 for the fourth, and fall off about ten a year up to the eighth. These figures are from a bulletin of the Utah Experiment Station. If the first year production be low, the second will be high, and vice versa, the total production for three years being about the same.

ONE VETERAN DECIDES TO TAKE UP FARMING LIFE

Pte. Fred Riddell Made Up His Mind When Abroad That the Farm Was the Place For Him.

It is quite evident that the Government policy now crystalised in the effort to induce men returned from service is bearing fruit. The expressed intention of men who are looking to some form of occupation that will ensure a livelihood and with it some personad independence is bringing many to consider and apply for papers preliminary to considering the proposition to go on the land.

Many of the men returned have had previous training on a farm and in farm work. Several admit that they pursued the occupation just so long as they could not get away from it. For it had, at the time no other prospect than that of a farm hand for them. Now with the broader outlook, with the opportunity that if the reasonable conditions be met, and with fair health and continuance of purpose they may in time become independent has appealed to many. Numbers of applications have been made through the office of the Patriotic Fund, which undertakes to do the preliminary work of application, filling in of papers, etc.

A case is typical, that of Pte. Fred Riddell, who returned at the end of November last. He had enlisted with the 109th Regt. and was transferred to the 38th ba., and saw service in the field. Fortunately he escaped without injury. He made up his mind, when abroad, that the farm was the thing for him.

He spent 20 years at farming in the Township of Clarke, Durham County, and is now 39 years of age. Not too late, he says, to make a new start. He has that invaluable essential to a man doing farming, his wife and children. He expects that the boys will be a substantial help and in the course of a few years the family be happier on the farm than living and depending on the vicarious chances of continuous occupation working for some one else. Riddell is right.

With a very limited capital he hopes to get through. His course can be taken by any other man who will prove up. Prove up honesty of purpose, discrimination to catch hold and lift and stick at it. The Department makes fairly stringent regulations. These are to be met. Good for the new forming settler and good for the proposition. A most substantial help is afforded. Three from now the problem of the cost of living will have solved itself for Fred Riddell, as it will for any man who will show the enterprise to get on the land for himself.

THE SPEED OF SOUND

Temperature of the Air Has An Effect Upon It.

When the temperature is 2 degrees, sound travels 1,090 feet a second and one additional foot a second for each additional degree of temperature. Electricity over a wire where there is no resistance travels 192,924 miles a second.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy
Tones and Invigorates the Whole Nervous System
Makes New Blood in Old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lost of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Back, Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Lack of Vitality, Failing Memory, Price $1 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Winnipeg Grants Were Unlawful

Winnipeg, Feb. 7.—The grants made by the City Council of 1918 to the Bonspielers, as well as the grant towards the holding of the Winter fair, were found to be unlawful by Chief Justice Mathers. The grant of $15,000 to the Sailors' Dependents Fund was, however, found to have been correct and in keeping with the city charters. The questions had come up in the form of an injunction applied for by N. T. MacMillan, to restrain the city from making grants to charitable concerns and sporting events on the ground that the ratepayers did not sanction such grants, except in the case of the Sailors' Fund.

WILL COAL COME DOWN?

Deputy Fuel Controller Notified That Embargo Is Lifted.

Deputy Fuel Administrator Harrington announced yesterday at Toronto that word had been received from the United States authorities that the embargo on anthracite coal had been removed.

Coincident with the announcement also comes the rumor that hard coal has been reduced $5c a ton at the mines. Local dealers, however, profess to know nothing of the reduction.

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all 16c

Another Unusual Picture is being shown at the Royal Theatre tonight, entitled, "Tarzan of the Apes." This Thrilling story with its Jungle Life, its Wild Animal Atmosphere, the great combats between the super-man Tarzan and the lions, tigers and cannibals and its Romantic touches cannot fail to strike a responsive chord. For Days the largest theatres in New York city turned away thousands who were unable to witness this wonderful picture. Capacity audiences ruled at all performances and the New York prices ranged from seventy-five cents to one dollar and a half for each performance. You can see this wonderful picture at the Royal tonight for sixteen cents, including war tax. A Peterboro Audience has never seen a more entertaining picture since films were introduced.

THIS WONDERFUL PICTURE IS SHOWN IN EIGHT PARTS.

In addition to this great picture there will be shown a Pathe serial, Pearl White in "The Lightning Raider" also W. S. Hart in "The Silent Stranger" and a high class Keystone comedy in two parts entitled "A Lady Killer's Doom."

Tonight's Program is one of the best that has been shown in this city for some time and it is easily worth one Dollar, but you can see it at the Royal tonight at the usual price, sixteen cents.

SPECIAL PERFORMANCE 9.30a.m. TOMORROW FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN AND OTHERS FOR 16c

New Wide Frilling of Hemstithed Net, at per yard . . . **$1.25**

One tube Colgate's Dental Cream, standard size; and one regular 25c Tooth Brush The two for **39c**

New Wide Frilling of Hemstitched Crepe at per yard **$1.50**

Four Days Sale of Brown Ware In the Basement Commencing Saturday

SATURDAY MORNING WE START A FOUR-DAY SALE OF BROWN WARE IN THE BASEMENT. THIS IS ONE OF THE ECONOMY BASEMENT'S SALES THAT SHOULD BRING QUICK RESPONSE. THE GOODS ARE JUST OUT OF THE CASES THIS WEEK DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY, AND ARE OF EXCELLENT QUALITY, CLEAR AND FREE FROM IMPERFECTION OF ANY KIND. THE PRICES ARE MUCH UNDER VALUE.

Brown Betty Mixing Bowls, each ..... 25c to $1.29
Brown Betty Pudding Dishes, each ..... 22c to 45c
Brown Betty Casseroles, without frame ..... 79c to $1.65
Brown Betty Tea Pots ..... 55c to 95c
Brown Betty Ramekins, each 10c
Brown Betty Custard Dishes, two sizes, each 10c
Brown Betty Shirred Egg Dishes ..... 29c & 35c
Brown Betty Pitchers, each 60c

A Showing of Beautiful American Pottery

Just passed through the customs and shown in the Basement on Saturday, some beautiful American Pottery. These were ordered for the Christmas trade, but owing to the freight congestion on the other side of the line they were late in getting here. There are attractive pieces that we feel sure you will take pleasure in seeing, and we will be glad to have you visit the Basement on Saturday or any day nxt week and look them over.

Jardineres, Fern Pots, Vases, Carnelian Bowls, Carnelian Block for Flowers, in plain green, rose and blue rosecraft; also some in the new mostique finish.

Jardineres, ranging in price from ..... 50c to $3.50
Pedestal and Jardineres ..... $6.00 to $12.00
Vases ..... 75c to $2.25

Baby Plates with nursery rhymes and pictures, also Mugs, Porridge Sets, Plates, etc. Something that will appeal to the kiddies.

Baby Plates ..... 75c Mugs ..... 50c Porridge Sets 75c
Cups and Saucers ..... 75c and 85c With Plates to match 60c

JUGS

Two quart size, suitable for buttermilk, water, etc. Two patterns ..... At, each **75c**

CUSPIDORS

In heavy quality pottery, some plain ivoy sharde; others in browns and greens. At, each ..... **39c to 75c**

Saturday Special—Silk Dress Poplin at $1.50

Do not confuse this with ordinary so-called Silk Poplin sold at lower pieces. This is an exceptionally good line and actually worth considerably more money. Fresh from the cases this week for Saturday selling. American made; 36 inches wide; all the new Spring shades. Will give excellent wear. At, per yard **$1.50**

Great Clearance of Coats at $15 and $25 Continues

We have set before us the aim of empty coat racks to wind up the winter season, and are rapidly accomplishing our purpose. These coats at $15.00 and $25.00 are undoubted value.

AT $15.00

Coats of velours, whitneys and tweeds. Good qualities, good colorings and good styles. Regular up to $30.00. One big clearing lot at, your choice **$15.00**

COATS AT $25.00

Velours and high-grade materials. Values up to $40.00. All in one clearing lot at Each **$25.00**

Two Pretty Models in the Medium Priced Dresses

A special poplin model, in black only. This dress is made with round neck, finished with white wash satin collar; bodice has braided front and tailored sleeve with turned back cuff; shirred skirt with tabbed pockets. All sizes. Extraordinary value at **$20.00**

A dainty crepe de chine dress of fine quality. This model comes in pretty shade of grey and black. Skirt has side panels with three-inch tucks; wide girdle trimmed with large self buttons; bodice is made with cross-over effect and has large pin-tucked collar ..... Price **$22.00**

At the Wash Goods and and Linen Counters

Special offerings in Wash Goods and Linens worth while coming for.

LARK PRINT 30c

36-inch Print, American make, dark grounds, fast colors. Much under to-day's value at ..... Per yard **30c**

CRASH TOWELLING 19c

200 yards Linen Crash Towelling, will make splendid roller or hand towels, natural color. We do not know what these are worth to-day, but it is a lot more than this special price per yard **19c**

UNBLEACHED TABLE LINEN 73c

Just one piece heavy quality unbleached Table Damask, the popular square pattern, one that will stand no end of hard wear; 60 inches wide. Saturday, per yard **73c**

TABLE NAPKINS 98c

Cotton Damask Table Napkins, small size, splendid for every day use. Hemmed all ready for use ..... Special at per dozen only **98c**

SHIRTINGS AND FLANNELETTES AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

Shirtings, in checks or stripes, navy and white, china blue and white, and black and white; all old dyes. Away under to-day's wholesale prices at, per yard only .. **29c**

WHITE FLANNELETTE 25c

Here is an extra special. Beautiful soft Flannelette; 36 inches wide. A real staple bargain at, per yard **25c**

OLD ENGLISH CORDUROY

Brown shade, a splendid material for ladies' separate skirts or for children's wear. Genuine English make; made for hard wear. Two qualities, at... Per yard ..... **$1.25 & $1.50**

DOWN SNAP BLANKETS

These are large double bed size. In grey with white and blue, fawn with white and blue, or white with pink and grey overchecks. They can be used for blankets, kimonas or comforters. They are American made and superior quality at Per pair **$8.50**

WE ARE SELLING A GOOD FLANNELETTE BLANKET AT $2.25

Large Flannelette Blankets, heavy weight, grey with pink border. Odd pairs and odd qualities ..... Clearing Saturday at, per pair **$2.25**

FIVE GOOD (QUARTER) LINES AT THE TOILET COUNTER

Five of the Toilet Counter's good things are these lines emphasized for Saturday selling:

Rose Talcum Powder 25c
Vivaudon Talcum Powder 25c
Colgate's Violet Talcum Powder 25c
Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Talcum Powder 25c
Colgate's After Shaving Talcum Powder 25c

TOILET WATER 49c

Colgate's Toilet Water, standard 65c. Full sized bottles. A limited number to sell Saturday at ..... Per bottle **49c**

Two Underskirt Values Worth Coming For

Serviceable Underskirts of good quality black moire, deep accordion pleated frill; finished on draw tape at waist. In all lengths, at, each **$2.68**

Black Moire Underskirts, cut on circular lines, with neat three-inch frill at bottom; finished on draw tape at waist. Each **$2.45**

TWO NEW MODELS IN SPRING SKIRTS

Two New Models in Spring Skirts

Just from the factory this week. Desirable styles and good materials.

New Black Silk Poplin Skirts. These are of best quality poplin and are fully shirred at waist, with two fancy pouch pockets, trimmed with large pearl buttons; gathered belt all round **$7.38**

An all-wool Serge Skirt, shirred at waist with four-inch belt drawn through, and trimmed with military braid, flap-over pockets also braid trimmed ..... In black only at **$9.50**

Afternoon Dress of crepe de chine; bodice is handsomely embroidered back and front in silver grey chenille; with wide girdle trimmed with rows of small self buttons; round neck with grey collar to match; skirt has full side panels, also trimmed with buttons; in dainty shade of rose only, at **$30.00**

TWO UNDERWEAR BARGAINS

LADIES' UNDERWEAR $1.00

Broken lines of Ladies' Winter Underwear; a mixture of wool and cotton; vests are high neck or low neck, with short or long sleeves; all in one clearing lot Saturday at Per garment **$1.00**

SAMPLE UNDERWEAR

The last of our big clearing lot of Sample Underwear, including Vests, Drawers and Combinations; all are selling at at least ⅓ less than the same garments will sell for when springs opens. All samples, slightly mussed and soiled from handling. But all bargain at ..... **21c to $1.00**

Crochet Cotton and Embroidery Floss at Saving Prices on Saturday

Six strand Embroidery Floss in pink and blue; nice silky finish, suitable for embroidering any kind of whitewear ... Saturday ..... 2 Balls for **25c**

Champion Embroidery Floss, in size B; white only ..... One dozen skeins for **10c**

D. M. C. Embroidery Floss, in white, single strand ..... 3 Skeins for **5c**

Elgin Maid Crochet Cotton, in all colors. Regular 10c ..... 3 Balls for **20c**

B. P. C. Mercer Cotton; fine and coarse numbers only ..... 3 Balls for **25c**

Silkine, in plain and variegated colors ..... 3 for **25c**

THE LAST OF THE HATS, 69c

Just a few of these, perhaps less than a dozen Ladies' and Children's Velvet and Felt Hats. Every one we have left from this season's selling. All in one clearing lot Saturday, at **69c**

MILLINERS WANTED

We have several openings for preparers and improvers in our Millinery Department—Apply at Office.

J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

GERMANY A LAND OF GRAVE YARDS

NATION IS BANKRUPT AND THE PEOPLE ARE ACTUALLY STARVING.

Paris, Feb. 7.—Germany is pictured as "a land of graveyards" by Lieut.-Col. Searl Harris of the United States Medical Reserve Corps, who has just returned to Paris after having investigated conditions east of the Rhine. He says that the German nation is bankrupt, the people are actually starving and that "probably no one will ever know the number of casualties suffered by Germany during the war."

"There are no eggs, no milk, and only half a pound of beet sugar for each person a month," he says, in giving details of the situation. "Shop girls have lost from ten to forty-five pounds in weight, while everyone shows a lack of vitality. I found children going to school shod with paper sandals or with cloth shoes to which wooden soles had been attached.

"No one knows the composition of the black, gritty bread that is being issued in limited quantities by ticket. Tuberculosis is increasing and skin diseases due to lack of nourishment and lack of soap are prevalent. One beneficial result of the low diet which has been enforced upon the German people is found in the fact that it has helped many who were overeaters. Bright's disease has decreased and diabetes has disappeared. There is no more gout in Germany, but on the other hand, intestinal diseases have greatly increased. These are attributed to coarse bread. Beer that is being sold has no substance."

Conditions which he had found in Germany have led Lieut.-Col Harris to the opinion he says, that many women and children will die or become defectives if not supplied with food.

The Germans who overran France," he says, "should be punished and permitted to starve. But not the women and children. Hungry men and women do not make good neighbors."

Divine Sarah To Join Stage Union

PATRICK CASEY TALKS ON CONDITIONS OF THE MODERN ACTOR.

New York, Feb. 7.—Under "closed shop" plan for the White Rats, an actor's union, Sarah Bernhardt might be pushed off the boards by less prominent members of the profession, according to testimony given here by Patrick Casey, manager of the vaudeville managers' protective association, at a hearing held by the federal trade commission of charges that the association was a combination in restraint of trade.

"It would be impossible for Madame Bernhardt to work unless she first became a member of a labor union," declared Casey. "It might be impossible for her to act at all, for the reason that members of the union might find that there were numbers of their members out of work and demand booking for them first."

Casey, who asserted that his association had done much to aid actors, testified that if actors were without "personal representatives" they would only get about 25 per cent. as much as they do.

"The reason for this is that there is only a small percentage of vaudeville actors who will get up early in the morning and rustle for work," he said.

Speaking of the financial circumstances of actors in general, he added ,that he had found "ninety per cent. of them are just four days ahead of the sheriff."

Vaudeville actors are receiving more for their acts and the vaudeville theatres throughout the country are doing more business than at any previous time, according to Mr. Casey.

FOUR YEARS AGO

Four years ago today, the second battalion C.E.F., left Salisbury Plains for Avonmouth to take ship at the port of Bristol, for France on the way to the front and to take part in operations in which they won so much glory for themselves and their country. The march from the training camp to the railway depot from four to five miles was made in one of the heaviest downpours of rain of the terrible winter.

GIRLS! BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR AND STOP DANDRUFF

HAIR BECOMES CHARMING, WAVY, LUSTROUS, THICK IN A FEW MOMENTS.

EVERY BIT OF DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT.

For a few cents you can save your hair. In less than ten minutes you can double its beauty. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant, and appears as soft, lustrous and charming as a young girl's after applying some Danderine. Also try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine, and carefully draw it through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few minutes you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes, —but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and just try it.

Harry Lauder's Word to Veterans

A straight-from-the-shoulder message to Canada's returned and returning soldiers has been addressed through the G. W. V. A. by that zealous patriot and popular Scot, Harry Lauder, who but a few days ago completed a visit to Toronto.

"You men who, by the grace of God, have been spared to return from the fighting zone, cannot fulfill your obligations to your dead comrades or carry out the ideals for which you have fought unless you hand yourself together in one united organization," he declares with conviction.

"I have been pleasantly surprised," Mr. Lauder adds, "to learn of the growth of the G. W. V. A. of Canada. When a Canadian organization extends from Halifax to Vancouver and from the United States border line to Dawson City and numbers 160 branches all within two years of its formation, one need have no hesitation in assuming that its success is assured.

"By retaining here in Canada that comradeship you first knew in Flanders you veterans of the Great War can make Canada worthy of the fifty-five thousand Canadians who have laid down their lives that Canada may remain a free nation in a freedom-loving Empire," he adds.

MUSTN'T WEAR UNIFORM

Sticklers to the last for military etiquette ,the R.A.F. has a notice in a prominent place at the Union Station, Toronto, informing airmen and cadets that after they are discharged they no longer have the right to wear their uniforms.

The notice is signed by Lt.-Co. Ruby, and reminds members of the force eaving the city for their homes that they must be careful to salute all officers whenever they happen to be wearing their uniforms.

READ THIS

One ton of Tea to be sacrificed.
Tea at Half Price

50c green mixed tea, 4 lbs. .. $1.00
50c green and 65c black mx., 2 lbs 75c
70c black or green, 5 lbs at .. 49c
4 lb. 20c Prunes & 4 lbs Raisins 1.00

Canned Vegetables Cheap

Small cans tomatoes at 14c
25c tomatoes or corn, 19c 6 for $1.00
Lawton berries, 12c Blue berries 12c
Pears 19c. Pumpkin, large can 12c
50c can jam or marmalade, 2 for 75c
$1.00 pail and a 25c jar Jam $1.00
15c tumblers jam, 2 for 15c
20c Worcester sauce, 2 for ... 25c
35c H. P. Sauce, 2 for 45c
35c packages Jello and Jelly 4 for 90c
15c Krinkle Corn Flakes .. 3 for 31c
10 lbs G. sugar $1.00, with $2 order
10 lbs 15c rice for $1.00
10 lbs rolled oats 67c
Oat meal, corn meal, cream of wheat, at 27c
Fresh Finnan Heddie and Cod Fish ... ... 9c a lb.
White cups and saucers, for .. 17c
White and gold cup and saucer 19c
White plates.... 12c, 15c, and 14c
White and gold plates 12c, 14c, 15c
Majolica jugs 40c, on sale ... 29c
$15.00 dinner sets for $10.00
50c Jap. china cups and saucers 25c

See our Wonderful Dry Goods.

40c linings, all kinds at 24c
40c black and colored sateens at 24c
50c dress goods, all at 29c
35c flannelette, at 29c
Spools of thread (with order) .. 5c

Reductions and Remnants
It will pay you to come

R. C. BRAUND

Phone 249. Make it earn you money

ASKS FOR EXAMINATION

Godfrey's "Marriage Bill" to be Considered.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—A meeting of the special committee appointed to consider the bill introduced by Dr. Godfrey at the last session of the Legislature to amend the Marriage Act, will be held in the Private Bills Committee room at the Parliament Buildings on Wednesday, February 12, at 10.30 a.m. The bill provides that before a marriage license or certificate is issued "there shall be delivered to the issuer or deputy issuer a certificate in writing, signed by a legally qualified medical practioner, and stating that he has personally examined each of the parties to the intended marriage, and that neither of them is an idiot, imbecile, epileptic, or lunatic, or feeble-minded or defective, or a sexual pervert, drug habituate, habitual criminal, habitual vagrant, or suffering from venereal disease, tuberculosis or cancer, and that in his opinion the general conditions of each of the said parties is such that the offspring of the marriage will probably be of normal mentality and

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

New Spring Shipment, Special Value $1.25 Gloves, Saturday 98c a pair

Our entire new Spring shipment of eighty-five dozens (over one thousand pair) best quality Chamoiscloth Gloves on sale Saturday. Every pair guaranteed. An exceptional range of colors, including white, mastic, pearl grey, French grey, black and chamois. Your choice of plain backs or contrast points. Complete range of sizes in each color. A special glove at he regular prict, $1.25. Worth buying in three pair lots Saturday at this sensationally low Snap price, pair 98c

(Street Floor, First Circle.)

The First Saturday in the February Furniture Sale

This Annual February Furniture Sale makes for many saving opportunities "to make glad the heart of the home." Every piece of furniture is reduced, from the most inexpensive to the very best, both whole suites and hundreds of odd pieces are offered at radical price reductions at this time. Here we make only a suggestion to you—we invite you to visit our third and fourth floors and see the comprehensive array. Just to mention:—

DRESSERS—Two only, one of solid golden oak and one of mahogany, Princess design, largem irrors. Regularly $55.00. On sale $47.00

DINING TABLES—Two only, in solid quarter-cut fumed oak. One in Jacobean and the other in William and Maryde sign. Regular $48.50. On sale $36.50

CHAIRS—Oak living-room chairs, spring seats upholstered in imitation leather. Regular $12.50 values ..... On sale, each $8.75

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

Ready-to-Wears Reduced for Saturday

Early Spring Suits and Coats

New modes, more than ever interesting, are arriving daily. Suits and coats that foreshadow the coming vogue, the newest of tht new. Simplicty of line still holds away with new and novel little touches of gayety that are extremely captivating. Most predominant are the long tapering collars, vests, cutaway fronts, tight sleeves and immense pocket flaps or little slash pockets. Smartness and individuality is the message brought by these new assortments in both coats and suits. We invite your inspection.

SPRING MODEL POPLIN DRESSES $17.95

Chic, serviceable little dresses made of fine silky quality poplin. Colors include taupe, brown, green, grey and black. Pretty and simple are the styles, many trimmed with charming touches of embroidery. Specially priced for Saturday at ... $17.95

VOILE BLOUSES $2.79

In a good assortment of cotton voiles, plain and stripe patterns. The styles include the newest modes in regard to collars, sleeves and trims. Blouses that in the usual way of selling are worth $3.95. Saturday Snap price $2.79

WHITE SALE GOWN 98c

Slip-over style night gown, made of good quality cotton. Yoke formed of Gipsy lace run with ribbon ..... Saturday Snap 98c

CLEARING WINTER COATS $19.95

Prices originally ranged from $29.00 to $35.00 for these cosy, warm coats of velour, beaver cloth, whitney and chinchillas. Good range of sizes. Clearing price $19.95

Spring Weather is Rubber Weather

LADIES' DOLLAR VALUE RUBBERS 79c

Here's a worth-while opportunity for you to buy rubbers on Saturday. Sizes and lasts to fit every shoe. An unreserved sale of our regular rubber stock. They are all best quality black rubbers and are fully guaranteed. Dollar values. For Saturday, Snap price 79c

A Wonderful Display of New Wash Fabrics in Exclusive Individual Dress Lengths

The new cotton fabrics are truly wonderful. The shipment we have just received of individual dress lengths shows the choicest of materials, exquisite tints and colorings, fascinating new patterns and weaves of every variety—here is, indeed, the inspiration for the creation of distinctive and beautiful little dresses for early Spring or house wear. The excellent quality of these fabrics will appeal to the practical side of anyone, while their delicate daintiness is sure to allure all lovers of pretty things. We invite your inspection of this special display at the Staple Department, Main Floor.

New Wool Dress Goods, Silks and Suitings

We are fortunate to have received an advance shipment of new Dress Goods, Suitings and Silks, and we invite you to come and see them as soon as possible. How vital the right materials are to the smartness and chic of the suits, skirts, frocks and wraps one has made for spring. So much depends on the proper weaves, so much upon an expert's knowledge oft he colors which will endure with Fashion. Here you will find an elegant array in this advance showing of authentic weaves end colorings for Spring, 1919.

Snaps in the Staple Department

MULL—Fine quality Mull in grey, cream and mauve only; forty inches wide. Regular 60c value. Saturday Snap .... Yard 30c

MIDDIE TWILL—Extra good weight, suitable either for middies or separate skirts. Our regular stock price 40c. Width 36 inches. Saturday Snap, yard 33c

SHEETING—Bleached sheeting, 8/4 width, in splendid weight. A housewife's opportunity at this Saturday Snap price.. Yard 52c

FLANNELETTES—Striped Flannelettes in dark and light shades. Best Canadian make, 36 inches wide. Regularly 35c a yard. Saturday Snap, yard 29c

PILLOW CASES—Heavy quality, English manufacture, and free from dressing; hemstitched, in sizes 40, 42 and 44 ins. Regularly 60c each. Saturday Snap, each 49c

WHEN RETURNED SOLDIER SUFFERS FROM A RELAPSE

Government Has Made Provision for Taking Care of Him Without Charge.

If a returned soldier or sailor suffers a relapse or recurrence of his illness some time after he has been pronounced cured by the military doctors, what should he do?

He should at once get in touch with his local medical officer who will give him the necessary treatment.

Does he have to pay for such treatment?

No, not any time, no matter how often he has to avail himself of it.

Does this apply to all illnesses to which he may be subject ?

No, only to injuries received in war, or contracted during, or as a result of his military service.

What is meant by 'Local Medical Officer?'

The Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment has appointed a number of physicians in the various localities to look after the returned men in their district. The list of towns where such medical officers are is found in the "Returned Soldiers' Handbook" which is widely distributed among the returned men.

If a man takes sick in a place where there is no such Medical Officer or if the latter is away or sick himself, and the man requires instant treatment, what should be done?

In such a case the nearest physician civilian or military should be called in to give temporary aid.

What else should be done?

The civil physician should be instructed by the patient to at once communicate the facts of the case, with particulars of the ailment and treatment given, to the nearest medical officer of the Deparement.

Does the man have to pay for the services of the civilian doctor in such cases?

No, provided he has the case properly reported as above, and does not make use of the services of such a doctor when a medical officer of the Department is available.

Who pays the civil physician?

The Government, but on recommendation only of an authorized medical officer of the Department.

If a man is sick for quite a while and cannot earn anything, is any provision made for he dipendents during that time?

Yes.

How?

On recommendation of his medical officer, pay and allowance are given to a man and his family during his illness.

What does this sick pay and allowance amount to?

It differs in proportion to the extent to which the man's earning capacity is impaired by his illness. For instance, a man who could work two or three days a week, or who could do light work, whilst undergoing treatment, would not receive as much as one who could not work at all.

If a returned man is too sick to be cared for in his own home, or there are no facilities at his home for such care, what happens to him, when he lives in a place where there is no military hospital?

Arrangements have been made to receive such cases in the local hospitals, in all of the cities and larger towns, so that a man living in a town where there was a civil, but no military hospital, would not be obliged to go many miles to receive treatment in a strictly military establishment.

Can a soldier developing tuberculosis either before or after his discharge as a result of the rigors of military life, receive any special treatment, as such cases would not be received in the ordinary hospitals?

Yes.

Does this cost him anything?

No.

Where can this treatment be obtained?

In special Sanatoria throughout the country, under the supervision of this Department.

How can such a man obtain admission to these institutions?

On the recommendation of his local medical officer subject to the approval of the M. O. in charge of the institution.

Where are the Sanatoria located?

There is at least one in each Province from coast to coast.

WRIST & BRACELET

Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

867 George St. Next Turnbull's

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

IF YOU KNOW IT YOU CAN MEET IT!

An enemy suspected is half conquered. If you think your eyes are failing, you can take precautions in time to prevent serious complications. Dr. Fowler's reliability is vouched for by the great success of his fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors With Nugent Drug Co:

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Lindsay Officer Wears Insignia

LIEUT. MOORE IS AWARDED SOMETHING NEW IN BATTLE HONORS.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—Something new in battle honors appears on the uniforms of the Canadians overseas and some officers who have returned. The decoration is worn by officers only and is under the Imperial authority. It takes the form of a golden insignia in the division patches, which are worn on the arm just below the shoulder strap, and is different for the different divisions.

Lieut. R. J. Moore of Lindsay, who is a law student at Osgoode Hall, arrived in the city yesterday from Oshawa, to which place he was sent after his arrival in Canada last week on the liner Metagama, and he is wearing the insignia.

Lieut. Moore belonged to the 4th division, and for the gallantry of the men at Cambrai and elsewhere they were granted a golden maple leaf about an inch and a half in diameter on the green field of the division mark.

DR. SHIELDS' LECTURE

Tickets For Entertainment Are Now on Sale.

The tickets for the lecture of Dr. I. I. Shields on "The Fall of Lucifer" in Murray Street Baptist Church on Monday evening, Feb. 17, are to be secured at the Peterborough Music store, Madill's Drug store, or from members of Murray Street Church.

There will be only eight hundred tickets sold and some have been of the impression that they would not be available to outsiders. This is a mistake. While the tickets last all will be served, but it would be well for those hoping to hear Dr. Shields to secure their tickets early.

COUNCIL ON BLOCKADE

Will Arrange for Relaxation of Embargoes on Trade

Paris, Feb. 7.—A supreme allied blockade council has been organized to arrange for a relaxation of embargoes upon imports into enemy countries. Vance McCormick, the American member, has been chosen chairman. The other members are Lord Robert Cecil and Baron Rothermere, for Great Britain; Etienne Clementel, Minister of Commerce for France, and Dr. Silvio Crespi, Minister of Food for Italy.

The new $450,000 bond issue of New Brunswick is in good demand. Over half is likely to be sold in the province.

Canada's revenue last year was over forty million dollars ahead of the previous year's, the surplus being the largest during the war.

PAY FOR ALDERMEN.

City Council of Edmonton Arranges Schedule

Edmonton Feb. 7.—The city council last night voted to recommend a charter amendment to allow the payment of $5 to every alderman for every council meeting attended and $3 for each committee meeting attended, with a $1,000 a year limit. An amendment to the charter covering the civic income tax, providing for a number of exemptions on small incomes, which had been introduced by Mayor J. A. Clark was lost on a tie vote.

CHEAPER FARM MACHINERY

National Association of Vehicle Makers Predict.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 7.—Farm implements and agricultural vehicles will be cheaper in the immediate future, according to predictions made here today at a special meeting of the National Vehicle Implement Association. The organization represents all factories of America engaged in the manufacture of farm vehicles and tools.

W. McCullough, of Chicago, national secretary said that the making of farm tools will be kept in practically the same line, as to varieties, indicated by the War Industries Board in war time, thus eliminating fifty per cent of the old lines. This will lead to economy in production cost he said, giving the farmer cheaper implements.

Sound sleep is usually the result of soundless sleep.

"Flu" is decimating the Indians in northern Manitoba.

Brantford Board of Education has abolished public school fees.

The Baltic arrived with some two thousand-odd Canadian soldiers, together with a number of notable men and women civilian passengers.

Because frazil ice stopped Welland town pumps, S. M. Dits and the firemen could not put out a fire in his house, and his four-year-old boy perished in the flames, the father, mother and another child being seriously burned also.

THE MUTUAL LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Forty-Ninth Annual Report

1869-1919

The following is a summary of the 49th Annual Report submitted to the policyholders at the Annual Meeting held at the Head Office, Waterloo, Thursday, February 6th, 1919:

SUMMARY STATEMENT

Income	$ 7,021,103	Gain over 1917	$ 506,588
Paid to Policyholders	3,291,418	Increase over 1917	777,427
Assets	34,755,737	Gain over 1917	2,590,305
Ratio of Expense to Income	16.84%	Decrease from 1917	.81%
New Assurances	21,541,060	Gain over 1917	1,417,506
Assurances in force	137,640,614	Gain over 1917	14,129,200

War and Pestilence. In the long history of life insurance the Companies have never borne a heavier burden than during the year 1918. Through that fateful year of war and pestilence The Mutual Life of Canada has come with unimpaired stability, having met all claims—foreseen and unforeseen—and yet the Company has been able to maintain the distribution to policyholders of the liberal dividends of past years.

Intrinsic Prosperity. The adverse conditions of war and a virulent epidemic have not been without compensations. The great value of life insurance has been demonstrated as never before, resulting in a very marked impetus to the business and an enlarged sphere of usefulness and service for the Company. The new assurances procured during the year were the largest in the history of the Company.

Notable Progress. During the five-year war period just closed the Company has enjoyed a marked expansion of business, the new assurances written being 63.5% greater than in the preceding five year pre-war period. And this was achieved without any increase in the percentage of the income required to meet the general expenses of administration.

Victory and Peace. Not only have the exactions of the war period been met, but the Company, like the nation of which it forms a part, has come to the close triumphant, with the brightest prospects of prosperous development during the ensuing years of peace.

GROWTH IN TEN-YEAR PERIODS

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	PAID TO POLICYHOLDERS	BUSINESS IN FORCE
1878	$ 59,278	$ 142,619	$ 12,451	$ 1,985,311
1888	393,075	1,297,587	122,804	12,041,914
1898	923,941	4,126,132	380,398	23,708,979
1908	2,546,141	12,983,674	837,749	54,003,882
1918	7,021,103	34,755,737	3,291,418	137,640,614

A copy of the detailed Report will be mailed to every policyholder in due course.

CHAS. RUBY, General Manager. E. P. CLEMENT, President.

W. HENRY IRVINE, District Manager, Central Ontario Agency

ALBERT C. GRAY, Agent .. PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARD OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch will cost cent.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

MECHANICS WANTED

Experienced Trimmers and Top Builders. Box 234, Review.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Warm room, with or without board. Apply 589 Division street, city.

LOST.

LOST—Will the finder of the gold locket on blue and black ribbon with large diamond, initials E.M.C. in old English please leave at Review, as it is an old treasure. Reward given.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgages loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKERLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
100 AYLMER ST.
Phone 208

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Rob't. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
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OKLAHOMA'S WEATHER EYE

On Lookout to Secure Willard-Dempsey Bout

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb 7. — The committee on Criminal Jurisprudence of the Oklahoma House of Representatives yesterday reported favorably a bill establishing a Boxing Commission in Oklahoma. Under provisions of the bill it would be possible to hold a 20-round bout in Oklahoma providing a world's championship were at stake.

If it becomes law, Oklahoma officials, it is understood, expect to make a bid for the Willard-Dempsey bout which will eclipse any of those offered to date.

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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:35 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa, and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:13 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

The F. R. J. MacPherson Co., Limited

MOVING

TO THEIR OWN NEW PREMISES

REMOVAL SALE

HAVING SECURED THE STORES AT NOS. 450-452 GEORGE STREET, NORTH OF BROCK STREET, WE INTEND MOVING AS SOON AS OUR NEW PREMISES ARE READY, AND IN ORDER TO REDUCE OUR STOCK AND MAKE IT EASIER WHEN MOVING DAY COMES, WE HAVE DECIDED TO PUT ON AN UNPRECEDENTED PRICE REDUCING REMOVAL SALE, STARTING SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, AND CONTINUING UNTIL DAY OF REMOVAL. THE FOLLOWING IS A PARTIAL LIST OF THE REDUCTIONS THAT WILL BE FOUND IN EVIDENCE THROUGHOUT THE DEPARTMENTS. TERMS CASH DURING THIS SALE.

STOVES, ETC.

1—5-year guaranteed Souvenir Steel Range with 20-inch oven and high closet. Worth $27.00 ..... For **$65.00**

1—5-year guaranteed Souvenir Cast Range with 19-inch oven and drop oven door, and high closet. Worth $78.50, for **$67.00**

1—Thrifty Souvenir Combination Coal and Gas Range, with high closet. Regular price $86.75 ..... For **$75.00**

3—KITCHEN HEATERS. Regular price $34.00. Removal Sale price **$19.25**

This is a small cook stove that you can set up beside your gas range and make a combination gas and coal range; and can be fitted with waterfront.

2—"Two in One" Combination Heater and Cook Stove. Regular $35.00. Sale price ... **$29.00**

1—"Dandy" Oak Heater with feeder and removable nickel ornaments. Worth $20, for **$15.00**

2—No. 3 Quebec Heaters, on feet, full brick lined, nickel plated bands. Worth $11.50, for **$7.00**

1—No. 33 Improved Quebec Heater, with triangular grate bars and ash pan, on feet. Regular $15.50, for **$11.50**

1—No. 3 Quebec Heater, plain, full brick lined, and ring lid on feet. Worth $12.50, for **$9.00**

Second Hand Ranges

We have a few SECOND-HAND RANGES and HEATERS in good condition that were taken in exchange for new stoves, which we will sell cheap during this sale.

House Furnishings

Cedar Oil Mops, regular $1.00, for .. 79c
Cedar Oil Polish, 4-oz. bottles for .. 10c
Cedar Oil Polish, 12-oz. bottles for .. 25c
Cedar Oil Polish, 1-qt. tins 50c
Chemically Treated Dust Mops, Worth $1.75, for $1.29
Chemically Treated Hand Dusters ... 20c
Stabrite Piano and Furniture Polish 19c

Paints Below Cost

Lowe Bros. high standard Paints at prices that will not be had again, as the manufacturers are reducing the range of shades. We have a considerable stock of the shades that are being eliminated and are placing them on sale at the following low prices:

Gallon Cans $2.98
Half-Gallon Cans $1.49
Quarts 79c
Pints 45c
Half Pints 25c

Regular paint stock shades at greatly reduced prices.
Varnish Stains, Varnish and Brushes all reduced.

Electrical Goods

Our entire stock of Electric Fixtures at per cent. discount off regular prices.

$5.00 Premier Iron for ... $4.25
$5.50 Premier Iron for ... $4.75
$6.00 Premier Iron for ... $5.50
$4.00 Electric Cookers and Heaters for, each **$3.25**

1—Portable Lamp, art glass panels, Spray Bronze finish, two lights, 15-inch shade. Regular $18.00. For **$14.75**

1—Boudoir Lamp, art glass panels, newest finish. Regular $9.00 ... For **$7.25**

1—Table Lamp, with square art glass shade; Statuary Bronze finish. Regular $8.00. Sale price **$6.50**

Economy Steam Radiators

No. 15. Regular $29.00, for ... $25.00
No. 18. Regular $31.50, for ... $27.00
No. 22. Regular $34.50, for ... $30.00

300—Tinted Electric Shades, in pink, green, amber, blue and red. Worth 35c. Removal Sale price .. Each **23c**

100—Square Frosted Shades. Regular 40c. Removal Sale price.. Each **35c**

75—Square Etched and Hand Decorated in delicate colorings. Regular 75c. Removal Sale price **49c**

176-178 SIMCOE STREET

AMERICAN DIPLOMATS ASK CONGRESS FOR HIGHER PAY

Impossible to Meet All Expenses of Their Offices out of Present Meagre Compensation.

New York, Feb. 7.—The new part to be played in world affairs by the United States demands an enlarged program for taking care of the diplomatic service in foreign capitals, Acting Secretary of State Polk wrote Secretary of the Treasury Glass, says the Washington correspondent of the New York World, and he goes on:

Mr. Polk dwelt on the hardships endured by our Ambassadors and Ministers because they not only drew small salaries compared with those paid by other countries, but are not allowed adequate expenses. This Government does not even own an Embassy building in London or Paris, but must rent quarters. The little Republic of Cuba, with a population of 2,600,000, has just completed a fine building in Washington and pays her Minister here $21,600 a year—nearly twice the salary of the American Minister at Havana, whose salary is $12,000, with no allowances.

Mr. Polk asked for $3,000,000 to start a program of improvement in the fiscal year ending June 20, 1920.

"Wretched Disadvantage."

"It is well known," he wrote "that for many years the American Ambassadors and Ministers have been at a wretched disadvantage. Not infrequently there have been no appropriately furnished apartments or houses available. In some capitals it has been impossible to find any apartments or houses, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for the residence of a diplomatic representative."

Great Britain, it was shown, not only pays her Ambassador to this country $50,000 a year (two-thirds the salary of the President), but provides here a handsome building, which has long been one of the landmarks of the national capital.

"It is to be regretted," added Mr. Polk, "that relatively few of the residents of the British capital would know where to find the American Embassy, so frequently has it changed from house to house with each new Ambassador, and yet one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of the value of our exports to the United Kingdom for the year 1917 would enable the United States to acquire a most suitable home for its Ambassador in London."

France, it is stated, while owning no house in Washington, allows for expenses, pays the whole cost of a suitable residence, and a salary of about $25,000 a year. The United States, with 110,000,000 people and more than $1,000,000,000 worth of merchandise exported to France in 1917, pays its Ambassador in Paris $17,500, and does not provide a residence for him.

Italy provides her Ambassador here with a residence, expenses for entertainment and $25,000 for him.

Argentina and Chili pay their Ambassadors $22,000 a year and provide residences.

Pay For Own Residences.

"The American Ambassador in none of the foregoing countries," Mr. Polk declares, "is furnished with a residence or entertainment allowances, and the salary is only $17,500 a year."

This country owns its embassies in Tokio and Constantinople. The Japanese Ambassador in Washington draws $24,000 a year for expenses of entertainment and is provided a home.

The Chinese Minister here gets $20,000 a year allowances for entertainment, while the American Minister in Pekin is paid only $12,000. Both countries own buildings at the capitals.

Norway, Sweden and Denmark pay salaries from $12,000 to $20,000, but the American Ministers to these countries get but $10,000 and have no residences.

"This subject," Mr. Polk continues, "has now become one of great urgency. The United States has emerged from the war with a new place among the nations, a prestige of which she must in the future be very jealous, and a responsibility in international affairs to which she must be deeply sensative."

IF KIDNEYS AND BLADDER BOTHER

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys and Neutralize Irritating Acids

Kidney and Bladder weakness result fro muric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation in the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in avoiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailment to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a table-spoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

Police Union Ask For Many Reforms

The Toronto Police Union has filed the following demands with the royal commission on police force conditions:

All members to be entitled to full pension on completion of 25 (instead of 30) years' service.

Retirement to be compulsory at the end of 30 years' service.

All special duties to be given to senior constables according to seniority, save in cases of physical unfitness.

Promotion by merit and knowledge of police work.

A police commission consisting of the mayor, a representative of the government and a member of the police force.

A fair hearing of charges against policemen, with the charge in writing and the privilege of calling witnesses.

All members to be better equipped both as to clothing and arms.

Present system of beats to be revised and the working of the beat on a time schedule to be abolished.

Better medical attendance.

Two-hour stretch in hot weather for traffic duties.

Fifty cents an hour for extra reserve work and more leave on compassionate grounds, such as sickness of relatives.

An equalized system of reinstatement for members of the force who have served overseas.

Will Play Finals On Tuesday Next

Toronto, Feb. 7.—President G. S. Pearcy, of the Ontario Curling Association, announced this morning that the finals for group winners will be played Tuesday next, in Toronto, commencing at 9 a.m. The draw will be made at the Victoria Club next Monday.

SAME OLD GAME PLAYED BY HUNS

COACHES SURRENDERED TO THE FRENCH FILLED WITH POISONOUS GAS.

Paris, Feb. 7.—Two railway coaches, recently handed over to France by Germany, played a most important part in a shocking accident on the Paris-Metz railway line in which five persons lost their lives. Sixteen persons were injured. Train No. 47 bound for Metz, had just entered the tunnel at Sanreuil when the passengers occupying the two coaches handed over by Germany began to experience trouble in breathing and strong obnoxious gasses began to fill up the coaches.

The passengers smashed the windows but as soon as fresh air came in contact with the gasses the coaches became a mass of fire. The passengers, in terror, fled to the tracks in the dark tunnel. A train going in the opposite direction crashed into them and five were killed.

Of the sixteen injured, all of whom were treated at the hospital of Chateau Thierry, eight suffered only from the effects of asphyxiating gas.

An official statement, given out by the railroad company says:

"The fire in the coaches was not due to any defect in the lighting or heating apparatus, nor to a hot box. The presence of the obnoxious gases is still unexplained. Both coaches were consumed by the flames."

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A Nice Box of Apples for your Table as a Pastime

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A few dozen to sell at once. Get some while you can.

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EVERY PAIR OF BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS A BARGAIN, WITH SOME EXTRA SPECIALS IN ODD LINES AND SIZES.

100 Pair Women's Patent Button Boots—Cloth, kid and calf tops; mostly Goodyear welts; $5.00 to $6.00 values. Clearing at ..... Pair **$3.60**

30 Pair Men's Tan Calf Boots —Buttoned, Goodyear welts; big $7.00 value .. Sale price **$4.95**

Ladies' High Boots — Several new lines just in. Chocolate and black; Goodyear welts; latest styles. $10.00 value. Winding up sale price **$8.10**

30 Pair Men's Patent Calf Boots — Buttoned and lace; Goodyear welts. $7.00 value. Our Winding-up sale price **$4.95**

CITY FOOT-WEAR CO.
Charlotte Street Opposite White House

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

WELL I DID YOU SEE WHAT IT SAYS IN THE PAPER?
HOW COULD I - YOU'VE HAD IT ALL THE TIME -
JUST LOOK!
WHAT'S THE MATTER - DID THEY SPELL YOUR NAME WRONG IN THE SOCIETY NEWS?
A MAN ACTUALLY SOLD HIS WIFE FOR A DOLLAR!
WELL - A GOOD ONE IS WORTH IT -
SOMETIMES I THINK MAGGIE IS UNREASONABLE BUT MOST OF THE TIME I THINK SHE'S CRAZY -

HOLDOUT PLAYERS STILL WORRY THE CLUB OWNERS

Every Spring This Problem Has to be Dealt With Before the Last of the Team is Signed Up

(By Grantland Rice.)

Troubles of the major league club owners never seem to cease. Before the war they were harassed by belligerent Federal league magnates and before that they had the unruly Baseball Players' fraternity with which to contend. Then along came the war and caused them no end of uneasiness. When the carnage abroad ended they thought their worries had vanished, but with the sending out of their contracts last month they discovered their difficulties had not entirely disappeared, for the ball players had unearthed another method of exacting higher salaries.

When the Baseball Players' fraternity was organized and going its best with Dave Fultz as president the players had to go fall back on in a way when their contracts were unsatisfactory, and many of them obtained an increase. The Federal league proved a much better ax for them to hold over the magnates' heads and the majority of them received surprisingly high salaries for a short time. That was a harvest for the players the like of which they will never taste again. Numerous athletes salted away enough during the life of the Federal league to care little whether baseball continued.

Players Have New Method.

Magnates breathed easy when the Federal league perished. They also breathed a lot easier when the armistice was signed and they knew they would be able to open in 1919 and resume the national pastime on a normal basis. But the players held a little surprise in store for them and it has been sprung since the contracts were mailed. Instead of signing the documents at a slight reduction the athletes have threatened to remain in the steel, ship and munition leagues to play semi-pro ball if their terms are not accepted.

"I am getting a good salary in the shipyard, munition plant or steel league, and by playing semi-pro baseball in the summer can make as much money and more than the club has offered to pay me," is their argument.

Pitcher Jim Vaughin of the Cubs gave the players the cue as to what to do if the terms of the contracts do not meet with their approval. Vaughn was the first to announce he would not sign at the figure President Mitchell offered him and many players, who have since received their contracts, have come out with the same story. Art Nehf, the best pitcher on the Boston Braves club, spread the report that he is making a fine salary in Dayton, Ohio, would get an excellent amount for pitching semi-pro ball and therefore thought it would be absurd for him to join the Braves at the price they have offered him. Larry Kopf, who was recently traded by Cincinnati to Brooklyn, says the deal is off so far as he is concerned. He was made a lieutenant in the artillery a few weeks ago and asserts he can go to work in a steel plant later at a lucrative stipend. Derrill Pratt, Eddie Murphy and Sam Agnew of the American league also announce they do not expect to come back to baseball as they are doing well in the steel league.

Dodgers Said to Be in Combine.

There will probably be many more announcements of this kind before long, but it is only a method ball players have used for many years to get their pay raised. Many of them were successful and were justified in getting what they thought they were worth. Others did not. Six Brooklyn players are said to have entered in a combine to force President Ebbets to meet their demands. They are Hickman, Miller, Cheney, Johnston, Wheat and Mamaux.

These are the things that cause the magnates endless worry. Yet they get the players needed but often have to meet their demands. There have always been holdouts in the game of baseball and will continue to be for years to come. The players are believed to be using unfair means to extort better contracts from the magnates. Merit is appreciated and players who fill the bill are entitled to what they can get and if they do not get an increase they are tas right to be justified in joining the holdout class.

C.G.E. Wins From Matthews-Blackwell

In the business men's ten pin league at the Water street alleys, the Canadian General Electric took three straights from the Matthews-Blackwell. team. Fair and Fielder for the C. G. E. topped the five hundred mark. For the losers Pratt was high with 459.

The scores:

C. G. E.				
Fielder	192	139	181	—502
Cranfield	178	139	127	—444
Willineuve	155	150	132	—437
Stansfield	126	127	135	—388
	843	700	747	—2290
Matthews-Blackwell				
McDonnell	173	158	131	—462
Matthews	144	139	124	—397
McLean	171	126	131	—428
Everett	116	119	125	—360
Pratt	145	143	171	—459
	749	685	674	—2106

Tonight Grocers vs. De Laval.

BOXERS PREPARE FOR THE BATTLE

"KNOTTY" LEE HAS ROUNDED UP FLINT AND LANSING.

New York, Feb. 7.—When Jack Dempsey begins active preparations for his match with Jess Willard his chief sparring partner will be Harry Wills, the negro heavyweight, who now is rated by far the most formidable of the dark-skinned boxers. At the time certain unscrupulous persons tried to force Dempsey to face Joe Jeannette instead of Joe Bonds it was said that Dempsey's main reason for refusing was that if he met Jeannette even in a benefit bout the circumstances would prove an opening wedge for the dangerous Wills to obtain recognition.

Now that Dempsey has decided to select Wills as one of his sparring partners it will be interesting to note how the two shape up together and whether Dempsey really has anything to fear from his former rival. Wills now is at the top of his [illegible]. He is a splendidly built athlete, with a world of speed and science as well as the ability to hit with knockout force.

Dempsey Wants "Fight"

As Dempsey is a boxer who does not know what it is to spar lightly for points, his bouts with Wills are likely to develop into something more than the usual exhibitions between master and man. When Dempsey was training for his bout with Fulton he used to slam big Battling Jim Johnson for keeps, and it is not likely that Wills will be willing to be treated in the same fashion without replying with spirit.

The selection of Wills is a good indication of the amount of confidence that Dempsey has in himself. If he were not loaded down with confidence in his own ability he hardly would care to take a chance by having such a dangerous man around his camp.

Willard also has sent out a call for sparring partners, but the chances are Walter Monahan, who helped train him for the Johnson bout and later acted as his sparring partner during the champion's circus days will be back on the job. At present Monahan is in uniform but Willard expects to obtain his release in the near future.

Willard Wants "Cinch"

Willard's views regarding sparring partners are different from those of Dempsey. The big fellow prefers to have men in his camp whom he knows well, and will not try to sneak one over when he is not looking. Willard always goes easy with his sparring mates. There is nothing ferocious about the big fellow and the boxing he does while training in no way resembles a real scrap.

GOVERNOR GENERAL SEES OTTAWAS BEAT ARENAS

Hockey Match in Capital City Last Night Results in Victory for Home Team by 3—1 Score.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—Though the champion Arenas gave Eddie Gerard's Senators the hardest kind of an argument at the Arena last night, the locals managed to win by 2 to 1. It was Ottawa's fifth straight victory and fear in succession on the second half. They are closing their grasp on the championship honors. A crowd of about 6,000 witnessed the match, the attendance being one of the largest of the season.

Ottawa had the edge throughout, but Arenas kept up a terrific pace until the finish. The game took place on a splendid sheet of ice, and, though minus the sensational features which marked the big overtime struggle against the Canadiens last week, it was good all the way through and local fans went wild with delight over the local victory. They cheered themselves hoarse when Ottawa pressed ahead in the second session, and nearly raised the roof when Jack Darragh put the game on ice by making it 3 to 0 in the final session.

Governor-General Attends.

His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire and a party from Government House attended. The Governor-General, who has become an enthusiastic hockey fan and who attends all the games when in the Capital, arrived just before play started and was greeted by the band of the G. G. F. G., which played the National Anthem.

The first period was not productive of a score from either side. Play opened fast, but the defenses were cautious, seldom leaving their positions, and the back-checking of the forwards continued so fast that there were few real hard shots on Lindsay or Benedict. Nighbor and Darragh had chances, but they were stopped up by Mummery and Randall.

Fast in Second.

The teams came out fresher than ever for the second, and Ottawa immediately assumed the offensive. They rained shot after shot at Goalkeeper Lindsay, and after three minutes, Frank Nighbor seized a loose puck behind Toronto's nets, wiggled his way out in front and slipped it past Lindsay for the first tally of the night. The goal was credited to Nighbor in two minutes. Arenas came back strong, and Clint Benedict was called on to make several great saves, which he did in good style.

There were several penalities as play grew more strenuous, and after Jack Darragh had drawn his first rest in several games, Coach Smith sent Broadbent on at right wing. Broadbent livened up the play, and on his first shot, Frank Nighbor slapped in the rebound, which hit Lindsay on the leg and glanced in. Ottawa had the edge for the balance of the period, as the Blue Shirts appeared to be tiring fast. It ended with the score at 2 to 0.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; point, Cleghorn; cover-point, Cameron; centre, Nighbor; right wing, Darragh; left wing, Dennenay. Substitutes — Gerard, Boucher, Broadbent.

Toronto—Goal, Lindsay; point, Randall; cover-point, Mummery; centre, Noble; right wing, Skinner; left wing, Crawford. Substitutes—Ritchie, Meeking and Adams.

Referee—Harry Pulford. Judge of play—Charlie McKinley.

Division of land in Hungary will begin as soon as the Land Reform Act is published.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord
Hard Wood $13 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
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Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock
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93rd Battalion

Information, such as below is required of all members of the 93rd Battalion.

Name in full .....
Date of enlistment .....
Date of discharge .....
Service in England .....
Service in France .....
What unit in France .....
Length of service in France, with dates .....
Whether wounded or killed ...
Medals, if any .....
Hospitals .....
Date of discharge .....
Any further details .....

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Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

W-S-S
$5.00 for $4.00
And Each Dollar Worth More
How Money Grows

Price this month $4.01

AT the rate of interest you receive on War-Savings Stamps, approximately 4½ per cent compound interest, $4.00 grows to $5.00 in the five-year term; $4.00 grows to $9.76 in 20 years; to $37.24 in 50 years; to $346.88 in 100 years!

START TODAY!

Buy your first War-Savings Stamp today at any Money-Order Post Office, Bank or wherever the Beaver-Triangle sign is shown.

It will cost you $4.01 this month. (W-S.S. have earned 1 cent interest since last month). A War-Savings Certificate will be provided free. Affix your stamp to it and sign your name.

You are now a "War-Saver". Save for your next stamp. When you have filled your certificate, start another. By careful economy now, and the regular purchase of W-S.S. this year, you will have a large cash fund in 1924 for re-investment.

A boy or girl buying W-S.S. this year and keeping the money continuously invested at the same rate of interest as is paid on W-S.S., will have for EACH War-Savings Stamp, $50.00 or more to his or her credit, at the age of 70.

THRIFT STAMPS
In the Government's new plan for helping people to save, every quarter counts. Wherever W-S.S. are sold, and at many stores, Thrift Stamps may be purchased at 25 cents each. Sixteen Thrift Stamps affixed to a Thrift Card represent $4.00 on the purchase of a W-S.S.

W-S-S BUY WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS W-S-S

You will get infinitely better results in liquid draw from an infusion of Fine Tea, than you can from a greater quantity of "Just Ordinary Tea",

"SALADA"

Tea is fragrant and Delicious, of uniformly high character, Rich in the Cup, and therefore the most economical of all Teas.

B 538

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

AT HOME

An at home will be held in St Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening February 10, at 8.30 sharp. Cards dancing and refreshments. First prize a large goose.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

LEHIGH COAL

All sizes No. 1 Lehigh Hard Coal now in stock, at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's, Phone 111.

NOTICE

Court Peterboro No. 29, will hold a regular meeting tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock sharp. The second degree will be conferred on several members. Any brother wishing to be advanced, please attend. Visiting brothers welcome.

OPENING FOR GOOD MAN

A good opening for a live life insurance salesman with an old established company, opening branch offices in Peterboro.

Replies treated with confidence. Apply—

A. J. McCLELLAN
Manager Eastern Ontario
180 King street Telephone 274w

VALENTINE TEA

The Fraser Auxiliary of the W. M. S. of St. Paul's Church, will hold a Valentine Tea in the Guild room of the Church on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 15th.

To Give Teachers A Wider Range

Toronto, Feb. 7.—On motion of Trustee Noble, the Board of Education last night declared that in its opinion the teachers in the schools should be given permission to use their own methods of teaching and class management, and prepare their pupils to think rather than prepare their examinations.

Trustee Noble moved "that in the opinion of this board each principal should be given a free hand to run his school as he may see fit as regards the mode of assembling and dismissing the pupils, length and number of class-room periods, length and number of recess periods and any other new ideas which he may wish to try out in his school, all such to be referred to the management committee.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Lulu Elcombe left yesterday for Ottawa where she has accepted a position in the Militia and Defence Dept.

Mrs. A. A. Fowler is spending a few days with Mrs. Agnes Smith, Toronto.

Mrs. Patrick Perdue (nee Olive Herbley) and children, of Downeyville, are at present visiting friends in the city.

Miss Pearl Herlihy of Downeyville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Murray, in the city.

Lieut. W. W. Stratton left today for Toronto accept a position with the National City Bond Co., Royal Bank building, Toronto.

Mrs. Theodora Lees, Toronto, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. G. H. Thompson, Westcourt, Park stret.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH

Successful Entertainment Held in Sunday School Room.

Last evening a most successful and enjoyable concert was held at St. George's Church school room, Braidwood avenue. The schoolroom was crowded, and all present seemed to have enjoyed themselves thoroughly. The following took part in the program:—Mrs. Barnes, the Misses Lancaster, Miss Lesur, the Misses Blake, Miss Barbank Simmons, Miss Dorothy Hopkins, Mr. H. Rew, jr., Mr. Sowden and Mrs. McDonald from Bobcaygeon, Miss Manley and the Loader Family.

Mr. Mcdonald, as Harry Lauder, the second, was most entertaining, and was thoroughly enjoyed, and so was the singing and acting of the Loader Family. Space will not allow to mention in detail the part the other artists took. Suffice it to say that all gave great satisfaction, and were most enthusiastically applauded.

AT THE ROYAL

Raising his voice till the echo shook the very jungle itself, Tarzan, gathering his huge frame to the tensity of a tiger at bay, sprang for the crouching lion. The girl, frozen by fear, was within an inch of the ghastly deadly talons. His leap carried him upon the bloodthirsty beast—a struggle, roars, growls, the cry of Tarzan, and the lion rolled over dead. The white girl, her heart beating in throbs of love, rushed to the mighty Tarzan and kissed him. One scene in "Tarzan of the Apes" will be shown at The Royal tonight and tomorrow, for 16 cents.

Mine Sweeper Is Lost on Thames

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 7.—The British mine sweeper, Erin's Isle, struck a mine this morning near the mouth of the River Thames and sank. Twenty-eight survivors landed.

The Supreme War Council will meet at Versailles today to take measures to impose on Germany "the full will of the allies."

Great Britain loaned £220,000 monthly to the Hedjay Government to enable it to take an active part in the war against the Turks

MISS JESSIE C. SWINTON IS LOADED WITH GIFTS

Popular Assistant City Treasurer Presented With Addresses, Silverware and Purses by City Officials and Associates.

Today Miss Jessie C. Swinton the assistant treasurer of the city retires from the position she has held for the past five years. She has been in the department for fourteen years and has been assistant treasurer since 1914. Her resignation was accepted with regret by the Council some time ago to take effect tonight and was tendered on account of her approaching marriage.

Miss Swinton during her tenure of office has been one of the most popular of the civic officials and last night the conclusion of her connection with the department was marked in a most fitting and tangible form.

At six o'clock the young ladies with whom she has been associated in her work entertained her to dinner in their recreation room which was tastefully decorated in red, white and green. Toasts were proposed expressive of the best wishes for the future happiness of the guest and she was presented with an assortment of Rogers' flatware and a suitably inscribed address. The presentation was made by Miss Helen Burgess and the address which is reproduced below was read by Miss Alice E. Jackson.

Jessie Campbell Swinton,
Peterborough.

Dear Jessie:—

As a slight reminder of the pleasant hours we have spent together in our daily calling we ask you to accept this small token of our love and esteem.

We are truly sorroy to lose yau but under existing circumstan es must bow to the inevitable ond we take this opportunity to wish you health, wealth and happiness in your new home.

Your sincere friends.
Helen B. Burgess,
Florence Johnson,
Alice E. Jackson,
Mable Young,
Marjorie J. Gladman.

Gift from City Officials

The company then adjourned to the council chamber where the Mayor and the city officials were assembled and presented Miss Swinton with a purse of gold from the members, and former members of the council and the civic officials. City Clerk Armstrong read the address which accompanied the gift and Mr. G. W. Green made the presentation.

To Miss Jessie Campbell Swinton.

Dear Miss Swinton:—

We, members and former members of the City Council and officials of the City of Peterborough, having learned of your intention to resign your position as assistant city treasurer and to sever your connection with the civic service after fifteen years' faithful and efficient service in that capacity, desire to express to you our appreciation of your zeal and ability, your geniality and spirit of friendship, co-operation and desire to assist that you have always shown and also our heart felt best wishes for your future happiness and welfare.

We ask you to accept the accompanying gift as some evidence of our friendship and good wishes.

Signed on behalf of those mentioned above.

Geo. H. Duncan,
Mayor.

S. R. Armstrong,
City Clerk.

Peterborough, Ontario,
February 6th, 1919.

Police Department's Offering

This ceremony. Miss Swinton found, did not end the expressions of good will which she was to receive. In the Court Chamber the members of the Police Department had assembled and she was given a handsome assortment of the staple articles of Rogers' silverware. Chief Thompson made an address expressive of the regret of his department at loeing such an esteemed official and wishing her the greatest happiness in the future. Sergt. Reid presented the gift

Firemens Present Clock

Peterboro's fire department also remembered Miss Swinton and Chief Grange on behalf of his men made an address expressive of their esteem and good wishes for the future. They presented her with a handsome clock.

Miss Swinton thanked the donors in each case and replied to the felicitious addresses which accompanied them, in an appropriate manner.

Constable Cookman, who was present at the presentation to Miss Swinton and who was recently married, was taken completely by surprise last night when he was presented with a fine clock by the members of the staff and given an appreciative address by Chief Thompson. He made a neat impromptu reply thanking the head of the force and his fellows for their kindness and good wishes.

An informal dance followed and the evening was spent pleasantly by those who had assembled to do honor to the retiring Assistant Treasurer.

Miss Helen Burgess who has been in the treasurer's office for some time is the new assistant treasurer for Peterborough. She was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the withdrawal of Miss Swinton at a meeting of the Council and is in every way fitted for the position.

FARMERS' CLUB MEETING

The Peterboro Farmers' Club No. 519 will meet on Monday, Feb. 10,, at 8 p.m. in the S. O. E. Hall on Hunter street. A speaker will discuss the "Use of Commercial Fertilizers." Every farmer within four miles of this city should join this club.

Come and bring your neighbors.

RICH. B. ROGERS,
President
CHAS. S. BROWN,
Secretary.

Two divisions of Bolshevists have been virtually annihilated by Siberian troops under General Guards.

Tenders for Ashes

Sealed tenders, addressed Ald. J. Hamilton, Chairman, Property Committee, and endorsed "Tender for Ashes," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m., on

Friday, the 14th day of February, 1919 for the ashes from the Incinerator for the period from March 1st, 1919, to February 28th, 1920. Particulars may be obtained from the Sanitary Inspector. A cash deposit or accepted bank cheque for the amount of the tender must accompany each tender and will be retained as payment in advance from the person whose tender is accepted. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
Limited

Phone 527w.

Saturday Bargains

Women's Out Size Black Winter Coats Regular $22.50 to $30.00, Now Reduced to $19.50

Are this season's styles, in several very smart models; all well tailored from black kersey cloth; body and sleeves lined, self and plush collars; extra large sizes only. Regular $22.50 to $30.00. Saturday Special .. **$19.50**

White Silk Blouses $4.50

Fine quality white Habutai Silk Blouses; designed in smart tailored styles with high convertible collars and turn back cuffs. Saturday Special **$4.50**

SALE OF BLACK SILKS

Including Black Pailiette, Black Duchess and Black Poplin, Yard $1.69

Any person requiring black will do well to see these splendid values tomorrow. The lot is composed of this season's best selling lines, and each fabric is a big bargain at to-morrow's sale price. The materials include black Pailette, black Duchess and black Poplin; all 36 inches wide; all good lustrous blacks. Regular values $2.25 and $2.50. Saturday Bargain, yard ... **$1.69**

WHITE COTTON AT SPECIAL PRICES

Pure White Longcloth, Yard 35c

Fine, even, flawless weave, free from starch or filling. The product of Canadian and English mills. This quality longcloth is suitable for sheets, pillow cases and underwear; 36 inches wide. Saturday .. Yard **35c**

White Sandown Cotton, Yard 50c

A most useful white cotton for ladies' wear; also an ideal fabric for nurses' uniforms. One yard wide, heavy quality. Saturday, yard .. **50c**

Horrockses White Cotton, Yard 50c

36-inch "Horrockses" English Cotton; pure, snowy white, a fine, even weave, free from filling and suitable for every purpose that white cotton can be used for. Saturday .. Yard **50c**

White Madapolam, Yard 40c

Fine white Madapolam, a pure soft cotton fabric, most suitable for the finest lingerie; 36 inches wide. Very special value Saturday ..... Yard **40c**

BUY PURE WOOL HOSIERY WHILE YOU MAY

Brown Cashmere Hose, Pair $1.25

A very popular stocking, much in demand for present wear; fine quality Cashmere, double sole and spliced heels and toes, seamless and full fashioned. All sizes. Saturday Special pair **$1.25**

Our Finest Cashmere Stockings Pair $1.50

Fine English and Canadian makes, in pure wool wool Cashmere Stockings, black and white; a good heavy weight, seamless and shaped leg. All sizes. Every pair worth $2.00. Saturday, pair **$1.50**

Women's $3.00 Colored Underskirts, To-morrow $2.00

Splendid Moirette and Heatherbloom Underskirts, in black and all wanted colors; all new styles, with plain, pleated and sectional flounces. Evey underskirt a regular $3.00 value ..... Saturday Special **$2.00**

Pure Wool White Flannel, Yard $1.50

Woven from the very finest all-wool yarns; unshrinkable English make; soft, warm and full 29 inches wide ..... Saturday, yard **$1.50**

Silence Cloth, Yard $2.00

58-inch White Silence Cloth, a heavy, soft fabric, suitable for all kinds of dining-room tables. Saturday ..... Per yard **$2.00**

Nurses' Cloth, Yard 40c

29-inch Nurses' Cloth, in plain and fine pin stripe designs; all nice blue shades; the correct material for nurses' uniforms ... Saturday, yard **40c**

Oxford Shirting, Yard 50c

Standard English makes in serviceable Oxford Sheetings. We show these in various stripe designs, in fast, permanent colorings. 29 and 30 inches wide. Saturday Special, yard **50c**

To-morrow Only

$8.00 Silk Padded Robes $5.00

A most exceptional value in Japanese silk padded Robes; all new and perfect, in colors of navy, cardinal, Copen, rose, maize and puple. High neck, long sleeves, two pockets; fastened around waist with silk cord and tassel. Regular $8.00. Saturday Special **$5.00**

Union Crash Toweling, Yard Yard 20c

Natural shade union crash Towelling, with a neat stripe border; 18 inches wide; heavy, absobentr make, suitable for hand, roller or dish towels. Saturday Special, yard ... **20c**

RICHARD HALL & SON

Bertha Farner Concert Company

The Bertha Farner Company gave the third entertainment of the Chautauqua series in the Grand Opera House last night before a capacity audience, which listened for nearly two hours to one of the finest concerts that has ever been given in the city.

There were four artists who participated—Miss Bertha Farner, soprano singer; Miss Martha Alexander, violinist; Miss Ethel Murray, 'cellist, and Mr. Earle Browne, pianist and accompanist.

Each of these musicians excelled in their respective lines and last night's concert was a real treat for the music-lovers of Peterborough, who enjoyed every number upon the tastefully chosen program and did not fail to show their appreciation by applauding the work of the artists.

Miss Farner's singing approached perfection. She is an experienced dramatic, grand opera and concert singer and has a wonderful voice and her numbers last night won the hearts of her auditors completely.

Miss Alexander, the violinist, played beautifully. Her finished style and just emphasis marked out her work as worthy of the commendation of appreciative listeners. Her solo selections drew forth three insistent encores and she showed excellent choice in her responses.

Miss Ethel Murray, the 'cellist, delighted everyone with her work, both individual and in trio. Her rendering of a melody by Massanet and Tarantelle by Popper, brought forth a most deserving encore, and she replied by playing "The Swan," by Saint Saens.

As a pianist Earl Anthon Browne excelled. It is seldom that the accompanist receives the credit due, although his work is of vital importance to the success of the number and requires skill and talent equal, if not superior, to that of the other musicians. His splendid ability at the piano did not go unnoticed last night by those who understood the difficulties and importance of a position which does not give the performer the same opportunity to display his gifts as does other branches of the art.

The Program.

Trio—Edward Schuitt, concert trio; encore, Mother McCrea and Orientale, by Cui.

Miss Farner—La Buheme, by Pucinni; Aubabe, by Lalo and Habenera of Carman, by Bizet.

'Cello numbers, by Miss Murray—Melody, by Massanet; Tarantelle, by Popper; encore, The Swan, by Saint Saens.

Miss Farner—The Blackbird, by Weatherly; Songs My Mother Taught Me, by Dvarak; Come Down Laughing Streamlet, by Spross.

Violin selections, by Miss Alexander—Spanish Dance, by Greanados; Souvenir de Moscou, by Wieniaurki; first encore, Minuett, by Porpora; second, Minuett, by Mozart.

Miss Farner—My Laddie, by Thayer; Keep on Hoping, by Maxwell; Annie Laurie.

Trio—Serenade, by Victor Herbert; On the Banks oft he Brook, by Bois Deffre; Pierrette, by Chaminade; Ring Out Wild Bells, by Gouned. This concluding number was sung by Miss Farner, accompanied by the instrumental trio.

The new Victor Victrola Music Store opened to-day. All new Victor (His Master's Voice) Records in Stock.--Weber's Drug Store 220 CHARLOTTE ST. Next the Empire Theatre

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Moderate northwesterly winds, fine today and on Sunday. Not much change in temperature.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 33 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

BELFAST EMPLOYERS OFFER TO SETTLE WITH STRIKERS

Willing to Concede 47 Hour Week With Promise of Further Reduction—Strike is Over in London—Aliens Are Being Deported From Britain.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Belfast, Feb. 8.—It is unofficially stated that the employers of union labor have asked the striking workmen to resume work on a basis of forty-seven hours per week with a promise of a forty-four hour week when the treaty of peace is signed. The police authorities deny that warrants have been issued for the leaders in the strike movement here.

Strike Over in London.

London, Feb. 8.—Sir Albert Stanley, president of the Board of Trade, announced at 2:20 o'clock this morning that an arrangement with the union executives had been reached and that the railway service would be resumed as soon as possible. Acting Secretary Hudson of the unions subsequently declared that he was satisfied with the agreement which had been reached. He said he expected that the tube trains would be running normally at noon today.

The situation on the Clyde is virtually unchanged. The Scottish miners have all resumed work pending a discussion of the whole situation at the Miners' Conference at Southport on the 12th February.

Deporting Aliens.

The Government is quietly arresting and deporting undesirable" aliens who are believed to be Bolshevist propagandists in Great Britain, according to the Daily Sketch, which says that several have recently been sent oat of the country, including M. Soermus, the Russian violinist, who has been touring South Wales and who is alleged to have been interspersing his recitals with Bolshevist propaganda work.

Sunday Night At Trinity Church

The Sunday nivht service in Trinity Church will be of special interest. The pastor, the Rev. F. E. Malott, will preach on "A Man After God's Own heart.". The choir will render the following selections:

Anthem—"Hast Thou Not Known," Carl Pflueger—Solist, Mr. Baldry and Mr. Roberts.

Baritone Solo—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul, MacDougal—Mr. R. Downey.

Mixed Quartett — "Protect Us Through the Coming Night, Sudds—Mrs. King, Mrs. Rehill, Mr. Lee, Mr. Skitch.

Soprano Solo—"His Tender Love" —Mrs. King.

NEWS IN BRIEF

FILLERS shrdlu shrdlu cmf

Liverpool dockmen refuse to load whiskey for export, claiming it is needed at home to check the "flu."

One-third of the striking members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in New York, approximately 8,000, will return to work.

Johann Junker has been appointed German minister to the Hungarian republic.

Proposed exclusion of European emigrants from the United States is giving alarm in Italy.

An armistice between the Czecho-Slovaks and Poles on the Silesian front was signed on Feb. 3.

CABLE FLASHES

Premier Ebert says Germany is forever done with princes and nobles.

France will strongly maintain its right to reparation from Germany.

Warrants are out for the arrest of strike leaders in Belfast.

The Metagama sails tomorrow as the honeymoon ship, filled with newly-wed soldiers and there dependents.

Brussels and Berne both want to be the seat of the League of Nations.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowand Return to the City

MINISTER OF ST. ANDREWS WILL OCCUPY HIS PULPIT TOMORROW.

Rev. W. L. H. and Mrs. Rowand returned yesterday from Minneapolis where they went nearly two months ago to attend the wedding of their son and where they were detained by the serious illness of Mrs. Rowand She has almost completely recovered but is still weak as a result of a long attack of the flu. Mr. and Mrs. Rowand are temporarily stopping at the Empress until St. Andrew's manse, closed during their absence, can be heated up again for their reception. Mr. Rowand will preach tomorrow at both services in St. Andrews church. While he was away he received a letter from the congregation expressing appreciation of his work as minister here and the hearty wishes of the people for the recovery of Mrs. Rowand.

"A HOUSE TO LET"

Sermon by Rev. A. J. Thomas Tomorrow Night.

Next Sunday morning at the George Street Methodist Church the "Quarterly Love Feast" will be held at 10 a.m.

At 11 a.m. the Communion Service and Reception of New Members will be held. There will be no sermon in order that the service will not be longer than usual. Everybody welcome.

At the 7 o'clock service, Rev. A. J. Thomas will preach. His topic will be "A House to Let."

At the Sunday School service in the afternoon Mr. A. D. Hose, M.A., of Collegiate Institute staff, will give an address on "Religious Education in the Schools." This address should be of interest to every scholar and as many as possible should hear Mr. Hose speak.

Local Curlers In Tankard Finals

The Ontario tankard finals, the chief curling event of the season, will be played next week in Toronto, beginning Tuesday at 9 a.m., it was announced today by Secretary George S. Pearcy. The draw will be made on Monday at 1 p.m. at the Victoria Club. Winners have been declared in all but two of the sixteen groups as follows:

Winners.	Runner-up.
1. Napanee	Kingston
2. Belleville	Cobourg
3. Peterboro	Lindsay
4. Unfinished	
5. Granites	Toronto
6. Collingwood	Barrie
7. Orillia	Parry Sound
8. Hamilton Thistles	Victoria
9. Paris	Waterloo
10. Guelph R. C.	Milton
11. Owen Sound	Chatsworth
12. Unfinished.	
12. Scarboro	Thornhill
14. Stratford	Plattsville
15. Woodstock	St. Thomas
16. Petrolia	Sarnia

The Guelph Royal City Club, winners last year, will again be on hand. The competition for beaten clubs in the tankard groups will also be played next week.

FIFTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT TO RE-ORGANIZE AT ONCE

Lieut.-Col. Mills Receives Orders From Headquarters to Begin the Work----Meeting of Officers Called For Monday Night.

Lieut.-Col. Mills, officer commanding the 57th Regiment, has received the following order from Lieut.-Col. H. A. Genet, A.A.G. of the 3rd Military District:

It has been decided at Militia headquarters that all city corps should be immediately reorganized, special efforts being made to enroll reliable types of returned soldiers and to establish a regimental reserve of such men as are not willing to re-enlist in the active militia units, but who will signify their willingness to serve in emergency. This reserve should be well organized, and, if possible, a room in your Armories should be made available to encourage them to meet and become an active organization.

On receipt of this communication will you be good enough to at once inform me what steps you intend to take in this regard and what you consider are the prospects of the unit under your command, and thereafter submit a periodical report in this connection.

It is desirable that this matter be expedited as much as possible.

Lieut.-Col. Mills has replied to the above stating that the work will be taken up with all speed. He adds that every possible consideration will be shown the men who enroll on the reserve list, as referred to in the order from headquarters. Such men will be accorded all the privileges of the Armories, including bowling and other forms of recreation, and if necessary a room will be set aside for their especial use. The following notice has just been issued by Capt. H. Park, acting adjutant of the

Orders by Lieut.-Col. J. Mills, O.C. 57th Regiment:

Reorganization.

Instructions have been received from district headquarters to reorganize the 57th Regiment.

(1) In compliance with the above order, a meeting of the officers of the 57th Regiment will be held at the mess rooms of the regiment at 8 p.m. Monday, February 10. It is imperative that all officers of the regiment attend this meeting.

(2) A meeting of all infantry non-commissioned officers who have seen service overseas will be held in the sergeants' mess room at the Armories at 8 p.m. Tuesday, February 11, for the purpose of reorganization.

M. H. PARK, Capt.,
Acting Adjutant.

The 57th Regiment, once one of the crack military units in Canada, has been practically defunct ever since 1915, when so many graduates of that battalion enlisted for overseas service. The reputation made by them is unsurpassed in the annals of the war. The old regiment at home, however, was left without a quorum, but it is now to be recruited up to its former strength and efficiency, and it is expected that a majority of the members will be war-seasoned veterans.

The 57th Band has survived the drains made upon it by the war and has managed to maintain an existence even in the face of public indifference to its welfare. It will soon reach its old standard of efficiency as one of the leading military musical organizations in the country, now that its old members are returning home.

STRIKERS AGREE TO REMAIN IDLE

SCOTTISH WORKMEN STILL INSIST ON 44 HOURS A WEEK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 8.—(Via Reuter).—A mass meeting of the Glasgow, Govan and Clyde bank strikers yesterday resolved to continue the struggle for a forty-four hour week and called on the executive councils to co-operate with the strikers or resign. The Govan workers favored the immediate payment of strike money. The strikers' joint committee has issued a militant statement claiming that only few faint hearts have returned to work, and asserting that the committee is more confident than ever of victory. The statement alleged that the Glasgow carpenters have decided to strike.

NO SALARIES FOR SCHOOL BOARD

MINISTER OF EDUCATION ADVISES AGAINST THE IDEA IN TORONTO.

At the meeting of the Board of Education in Toronto the suggestion that legislation be sought empowering the board to pay the members salaries received a sharp setback from Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education Dr. Cody stated in a communication that he did not think that there was a general feeling throughout the Province in favor of such a step, and that unless this were the case he did not think that an application for legislation would be advisable.

GERMANY READY TO GIVE UP FLEET OF MERCHANT SHIPS

But the Allies Are so Far Unable to Agree as to How the Prizes Are to be Allotted Among the Various Nations---Supreme Council Holds Important Session.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 8.—Many important matters were before the Supreme War Council, comprising the council of the great powers and military commanders on all fronts, when it met to consider primarily the extension of the armistice with Germany, which expires Feb. 17, although final decisions have not been given out. The sessions were interesting from the number of subjects demanding attention that were presented by the naval and military chiefs. Reports were made to the council by military high commanders on subjects of demobilization and the relative forces of the powers to be maintained in the occupied regions.

The Versailles military council also submitted a report as to the military forces available for the disturbed regions of Turkey. The naval branch of the council presented recommendation formulated as a result of the consultations among the British, French, Italian and American naval commanders bearing mainly on the turning over of the German submarines, blockade restrictions and the surrender of the German commercial fleet. This fleet, it is said, is ready to be turned over, but the Allies thus far have not agreed upon the compensation for the use of the vessels.

The commission on the blockade also presented a report favoring the lightening of the blockade restrictions in the Mediterranean and the Adriatic. A tendency was manifested in some military quarters to impose further drastic terms upon the Germans when the armistice was extended, but no decision was reached as to what measures might be taken.

Is Charged With Failure to Report

William Everest Carey was taken into custody yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by the Dominion Police upon information laid by Inspector H. F. Ward, charged with failure to report for military service to the 1st Depot aBttalion at Kingston August 1st when instructed to do so by the Registrar.

Carey is employed by John Hefferman of Otonabee and was arrested on the latter's farm.

He appeared before the magistrate this morning and the case was remanded until the 17th of the month. In the meantime the accused has been allowed his freedom upon furnishing a $500 bond personally and his employer going surety for an equal amount.

Five Local Men On Transport Baltic

The following Peterborough men reached Halifax the morning of the 6th, per steamer Baltic, and proceeded to Quebec Clearing Station for disposal:

Pte. Patterson, 380 Queen st.
Pte. Melville, 655 Water st.
Pte. Rody, 125 George st.
Pte. H. J. Coleman, 426 George st.

Thorold council raised the license fee for transient traders from $50 to $500.

NEW ASBESTOS CURTAIN FOR GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Work of Art Will Be in Commission for the Matinee on Moneay.

The new asbestos curtain of the Grand Opera House has been completed and presents a very fine appearance. The scene which occupies the centre portion of it is of an oriental nature. It depicts three Turkish merchants in the far east commencing their journey across the desert by camel with their stock of fine rugs destined for the European market.

In the distance is the city with its ancient buildings and minarets standing out against the sky which glows with the ruddy light of an eastern sunset.

Messrs. Stanley Harris and Harry Boddy of the sign department of J. J. Turner Ltd., were the artists responsible for this very creditable work. They were engaged upon it for four weeks.

This curtain is composed of asbestos and is infammable and in the event of fire occurring behind the scenes coud be lowered and would cut off effectually the stage from the body of the theatre. It is quite a ponderous fabric weighing two tons.

At the entertainment for the MacIntosh fund on Monday afternoon the new curtain will be displayed for the first time. Pte. MacIntosh is a soldier who has recently arrived from overseas. He is almost blind has a wife and children and only recently his home in this city was almost totally destroyed by fire.

A fund to render assistance in this worthy case has been started and Mr. Weber Turner, manager of the Grand Opera House has decided to turn over the proceeds from Monday afternoon's show to this good cause. There will be no war tax and the admission will be 10 cents Everybody acquainted with the circumstances will surely turn out and assist in this worthy endeavor Monday afternoon.

INTERMEDIATES 5 TO OSHAWA'S 9

HOME TEAM BEATEN IN SHARP CONTEST IN AUTOMOBILE TOWN.

Peterborough intermediates lost out in Oshawa last night by a score of 9 to 5, and the only surprising feature about this game is that unlike the juniors they did better than was expected of them. This is the last game of the Intermediate series and while the men in the automobile town ran up a lead of four on the Petes it is not bad when it is considered than they were on strange ice and were beaten in the home rink to the tune of 10 to 3 on Monday night.

They made a much more creditable showing than did the juniors in Lindsay and they did not have a former victory over their rivals to give them confidence.

Intermediate players claim that Referee Hamilton favored Oshawa in several of his decisions and that he disallowed a goal scored by Schultz which should have been counted.

In the first period Peterborough scored twice and had their rivals 2 to 0, until a few minutes before the gong sounded when they managed to reach the local nets.

In the second spell Oshawa scored first then the Petes made a tally making the score 3 to 3. At this time both Schultz and Jackson were penalized and while they were on the boards the luck set against the locals Oshawa scoring three times in quick succession. This period ended with a score of 6 to 3.

The next was a warm one in which the intermediates showed that unlike the younger hockey players they kept a solid front until the last. The play see-sawed until the finish. Oshawa scored first, then Peterborough notched their count up one. Oshawa came back again and netted a goal and a few minutes after the Petes made another tally. Oshawa bagged the final one which made the standing 9 to 5 against Peterborough.

During the game Jacobi, who is claimed to be one of Oshawa's cleanest player was penalized nine times. It was as a result of a scrimmage with this man that Schultz was sent to the penalty box in the second period.

Some of the local players claim that the referee did not count a goal which had been scored by Shultz. The play is described in this way: Halpin went down with the puck and passed to Rose; Rose passedit back to Halpin who shot. The goal tender cleared it and sent it to the side, Halpin followed and knocked it out to centre ice and Shultz shot for the nets striking the post but according to the claim, lodging inside. Just at this moment Rose collided with Hewitson and knocked the ball from his hand distracting his attention and he refused to consider the score.

Line-up:

Peterborough—Goal, Legros, defence, Lowes and Schultz; centre, Halpin; right wingRose; left wing, Evans. Subs Jackson and Landfault.

Oshawa—goal Childs; defence, Jacobi and Kempt; centre—Bowden; right wing, Bowden; left wing, Jacques. Subs. Membly, Blanchard.

COL. E. B. EDWARDS IS DEAD AT HIS HOME IN EDMONTON

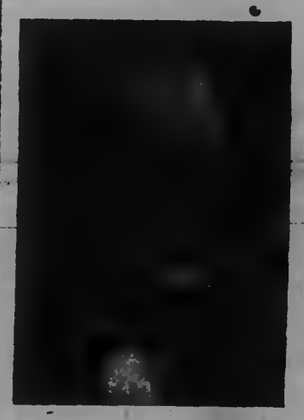
Was Formerly a Respected and Leading Citizen of Peterboro

Col. E. B. Edwards died at his home in Edmonton last night, according to a despatch received this morning, and which says:

The death occurred last night of E. B. Edwards, one of the best known lawyers of this city. He was 63 years old and has been in failing health for nearly a year. He organized the 101st regiment, Edmonton Fusiliers, but earned his title as colonel of the fifty-seventh regiment of Peterborough, Ont., his native city, where the Edwards family is prominent. Col. Edwards was twice married and is survived by his widow and six children. He was senior partner of the firm of Edwards and Dubuc and took a leading part in all civic activities.

The late Col. Edwards was city solicitor here when he decided to locate in the west and was succeeded in that position by Mr. E. H. D. Hall. He was one of the most popular and efficient officers of the 57th regiment and Peterborough was the loser by his removal just as Edmonton now is by his death.

More than 4,000 mechanics of the Royal Army Service Corps have refused to go on duty in depots adjoining London, claiming that their contract with the government as soldiers is at an end.



COL. E. B. EDWARDS

Y.M.C.A. NOTES

The Young Women's Christian Association Membership Campaign is still on and many new members are coming in, but there is lots of room for more.

You should be a member. You need the "Y". If you are a girl you need the exercise, mental and physical, provided by our gymnasium and swimming pool and various classes. You need the companionship and fellowship of other girls. You need the fun and frolic of the outdoor sports. Look for the announce of Membership Privileges.

If you a parent, you need a place where your girls may have the best of exercises, and the best of companionship, and there are privileges that you, too, may enjoy.

If you are an employer, you need a place in this city where the girls in your employ may meet with other girls and have the best of recreation under the best of conditions. You should be a Member.

"Y" needs you. If you are a girl the "Y" needs you in its gymnasium classes. It needs your interest and enthusiasm, It needs you to help other girls to develop what is best in them.

If you are a parent, the "Y" needs your sympathy and co-operation. If you are an employer the "Y" needs your goodwill and your support. You should be a member.

TORONTO MAN WILL SING

At the Sunday evening service at Murray Street Baptist Church Mr. Arthur S. Hodgins, former baritone soloist in the First Congregational Church, Toronto, will sing "The Earth is the Lord's, Syms.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.
Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 190-196 Hunter Street.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919

A CASE FOR ENACTMENT.

A RESIDENT of one of the townships in this county was arrested at the depot yesterday, when three bottles of whiskey were found in his grip. In the Police Court he was convicted of having liquor in a place other than his dwelling and was fined $200 and costs.

It may be contended by some that if it is legal for that man to have liquor in his residence, he should be given an opportunity to transport it there. But the man in question was violating the law when he imported liquor into the Province. This law affects rich and poor alike. Almost every day new plans for circumventing the Act are discovered, and the vigilance of the officers and the heavy penalties imposed for all infractions will eventually discourage the smugglers in the carrying on of their illegal enterprise.

Our local contemporary has at last declared itself—not openly, but openly for it—on the temperance question, and revealed its sympathies. The broken-winded screed that appeared in its editorial columns last night cannot surely have been authorized. Rather is it likely to be regarded as another individual blunder. The party leaders to which the contemporary in question is supposed to owe its allegiance would not openly approve of such an argument. No candidate for office in Peterborough dare face the people with such journalistic support behind him. The trend of public opinion is all in the other direction. To attempt to direct it otherwise is neither righteous nor expedient.

It is surprising with what gullibility our contemporary falls for a specious argument put up by a delegation that went to Ottawa the other day to plead for stronger beer. One section of the community has always opposed the open door idea for the immigrants from the old world, regarding their coming as a menace to the wage-earners in this country. Suddenly they change front and become solicitous for these same immigrants by seeking to provide stronger and more palatable beer against their arrival. Otherwise, they argue, the strangers will go elsewhere.

This is the day of deputations, both to the Federal and the various provincial governments. Not all of these can be said to be truly representative of the class for which they assume to appear. Organized Labor, for example, in Peterborough, as represented by the Trades and Labor Council, not so very long ago declared emphatically against stronger beer or any relaxation in the present temperance legislation.

THE U. S. AND IRELAND.

THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS Committee of the American House of Representatives have reported favorably upon a bill which voices the hope that the Peace Conference will in the same spirit consider the claims of Ireland to "the right of self-determination."

"By what authority does the American nation assume to interfere in European affairs and in a question which concerns not the foreign relations but the domestic policy of Britain?" someone will ask. The answer is that the Allies today are concerning themselves with the future of all the smaller dependencies that have in any way been affected by the late war. The United States is a member of the entente of nations. As such, the country is taking a leading part in dealing with the ultimate fate of Austrian, Russian and German Poland, and the result will be a restored and united kingdom, a government with the consent of the governed, self-determination for those races that have been held in bonds.

The Americans prize the Irish people as citizens of their republic. There are in the United States upwards of twenty millions of them, Irish by birth or descent, and they are law abiding and loyal in their service. The records of the late war demonstrate this, when it is recalled that a majority both among the volunteers in the army and navy were of this race.

The American Congress, however, should not overlook the fact that less than a year ago the Irish were conceded the right to self-determination as to their destiny and that they failed to come to anything like an agreement among themselves.

A SAMPLE OF COLONIZATION.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES took over the sovereignty of the Philippine Islands after the war with Spain twenty-one years ago, the natives were promised self-government just as soon as they showed themselves worthy of being entrusted with that responsibility. The inhabitants were not altogether reconciled to the change of masters at the outset, and a certain amount of military force was required to reduce them to reason. Once they became tranquil the work of education then began.

Hundreds of school teachers were sent to the Philippines as emissaries of the Government to take up the work of instruction. The natives were treated as human beings have a right to expect. The question as to their right to self-government has always been a bone of contention in the American Congress, just as the Irish problem is in the British Parliament. Government officials in the islands made reports that reflected upon the honor of the natives. When Governor Harrison took office he had these officials recalled, after investigating conditions. Then he adopted the plan of taking representatives of the natives into the colonial government, whereupon the pessimists and imperialists at home predicted every variety of disaster.

Governor Harrison now reports that satisfactory results have followed his experiment. The natives, who only a few years ago were shooting Americans from cover, have proved their loyalty to their government. They volunteered for the war by the thousands, and bought Liberty bonds as freely as did the people in any section of the United States. They look forward to the independence that has been promised them and are qualifying for it.

Here is an object lesson for every colonizing nation in the world. In this branch of national effort the United States is crowding even Great Britain for the honors. Mild measures in dealing with a conquered people—for the Philippines must be so regarded—are to be preferred to any measures of coercion ever devised. And the lasting results will be worth all the effort. Once the United States withdraws from the Philippines the American nation will have a powerful and devoted ally in that part of the world.

"KINDLY OMIT FLOWERS."

THE POLITICAL graveyards of Canada and the United States are teeming with the cadavers of third parties, and yet there is room. There have been organizations formed in this country, with the most devout intentions and the highest purpose, and yet the fate of them all is the same. That of the Patrons of Industry affords an instance in point. The platform of that party was progressive as to the majority of its planks and radical as to some. In the provincial elections in 1894 this third party scored marked success, but when the House met its identity was soon lost among the members of the regular parties. Ambitious or disappointed workers have sought to wreak vengeance on their former colleagues by becoming leaders in a bolt or an open revolt, and the history of all such side movements is the same. There are no Patrons of Industry in the country today, but the lofty principles for which that organization stood still survive. There is nothing heard of the Canada First party any more as a separate entity, and yet the political faith that that faction emphasized is stronger than ever. The Nationalists rolled, blazed and attempted to destroy, and, like the shells the poet sings of, are now exploded, to all intents and purposes.

A certain section of the Labor element in the United States have for years put up a ticket at every presidential election. They never scored one vote in the Electoral College, failing as they did year after year to carry a single state. The men who supported that ticket dissipated their own strength and influence at election after election. They really disfranchised themselves. There is no duly recognized Labor party in the United States today, and President Sam Gompers, recognized as one of the greatest leaders in the world, has set his face against it. In spite of—or rather, perhaps, by reason of—this, no country on earth can show in the various states such advanced Labor legislation as can be found in the American Republic.

Operating as an independent political party, the Prohibitionists of the United States were never able to carry a single state either at state or presidential election, although they put up candidates year after year. Working in unison with the orthodox political party that from the first days of the cause has always been friendly to them, the temperance people have at last achieved the goal of their ambitions by securing a constitutional nation-wide prohibitory enactment which will take effect in less than a year and which will be just as jealously guarded, just as rigidly enforced, as any other article in the national confession of faith.

There is strength in unity, weakness in disruption, in the political as well as in all other spheres of activity.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

GIVE SOME misguided newspapers what they want in the way of stronger beer and they care not who sews the patches on the children's clothes.

* * * * *

WITH characteristic timidity, and from its old vantage point under the sofa, a local contemporary speaks its little piece in favor of stronger beer.

* * * * *

CHICAGO'S TAX RATE for this year is to be only twenty-seven and one-half mills, but even at that it is worth the difference to live in Peterborough.

* * * * *

SELF-DETERMINATION is not always a safe principle with which to entrust the human race. Our first parents made a mess of their initial application of it.

* * * * *

WAR AND DISEASE ran a neck-and-neck race last year in killing off the human race, but, heaven be praised, wars and "flu" epidemics do not go on forever.

* * * * *

SOME OF THE MOST illustrious champions of human freedom were born in February. It is only fitting, then, that the League of Nations should have its natal day among the twenty-eight in that month.

* * * * *

EVERY NATION these days should regard itself as the keeper of the people of all others. What with long range guns, every national dispute becomes as annoying and dangerous as a neighborhood quarrel.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Always Something.
(Guelph Mercury.)

The only dark cloud looming on the horizon of the January thaw is the high cost of ice next July and August.

Knows the Foreigners.
(New York Sun.)

Are legislative enactments against immigration likely to be necessary when we have national bone dry prohibition in effect?

Dead as a Doornail.
(Buffalo News.)

The liquor traffic—it is as dead as a doornail. The sooner everybody schools his mind to acceptance of that fact the better it will be all around.

Not Fair.
(Toronto Star.)

It is not fair to children that they should be submerged in direct poverty in a land of plenty. It is not fair to a family that it should be scattered far and wide, its members deprived of home influences and the mothering that has so much to do with life. Nor is organized society fair to itself in permitting poverty to claim these children as its own, to fasten its indelible marks upon them, and let them sink back down grade, losing the standards to which the parents had attained.

IMMIGRATION AFTER WAR

SHOULD BE RESTRICTED UNTIL ALL CANADIAN CITIZENS ARE PROVIDED WITH EMPLOYMENT.

(R. B. Cowan.)

Because of the crisis through which the world is passing, the subject of immigration after the war is not only of national, but also of world-wide importance. After the declaration of peace, conditions of modern society will be largely overturned. Soldiers at the front, who have, on account of the conditions before the war, had to work for a bare living, and were often out of employment, are declaring that upon their return, on account of their services to the country, they will demand a more equal distribution of wealth than there is now, and that the country shall give them good wages and steady work. The same sentiment prevails among the labor unions, which have, because of their rapidly growing power, frequently made the Government do as they wanted of late, until now the Government is operating the railroads, controlling the coal mines, restricting imports, and, in short, assuming control of trade and commerce to an extent that no one would have thought possible a little while ago.

This situation is making problems that baffle our brainiest statesmen. Some people think that it is a sign of progress and indicates the freedom of workingmen from industrial slavery. Others think that it is the forerunner of a world-wide social revolution and even anarchy after the war. When peace is signed, thousands, and even millions, of men and women, who have been working on Government orders, will (then) be out of work. Should this be so, great mobs may then break loose, and the Governments may not be able to hold them. The tremendous results of such a condition are to be seen when we realize that a strike on the great railroads would reduce the large cities to a state of starvation.

Such a revolution as has taken place in Russia, but with very much worse results, might speedily follow. Even before the war many men were closely the growing and world-wide unrest with alarm.

What effect would these social revolutions have on emigration if they should happen? If they take place peacefully they might so improve conditions that the necessity for emigration might not come for years yet. Some men are urging the British Government to buy or take over all the land in Britain and divide it among the returned soldiers. If this is done, soldiers might not emigrate from their own land.

Some people think that the taxes in the European nations after the war will be so heavy that many people will emigrate, although their governments will try to keep them at home, because of the great loss of life during the war. Others claim that on account of the great destruction of property many men will be employed in replacing it, and will then have good work and pay, and will not wish to emigrate.

Another factor to discourage emigration will be the lack of shipping facilities for at least three years, as all available boats will be needed to bring back the soldiers and their supplies.

Should people decide to emigrate they will naturally come to Canada as it is the only country that has free homesteads; in other sections very cheap farm lands, and the best form of government. These will act as powerful magnates to immigrants as the United States no longer possesses such drawing cards.

Every settler must have clothes, food, a house, etc. This creates work for other people. Settlers furnish the work required for national and industrial undertakings, and to develop the country. The efficiency of human labor has been found to increase closely in proportion to the growth of population. When emigrants flow to young, undeveloped countries they develop the country's resources and produces articles which can be exported, thus increasing the wealth of the nation.

The transcontinental railways would not have been built from coast to coast had not the western provinces been fairly well populated. It is thus that settlers help to develop a country.

The greater danger of immigration is that the country may not be able to absorb them as rapidly as they arrive, which leads to unemployment, city slums, unrest, and, if carried too far, to possible social upheavals. Although Canada has great resources, we are finding that we don't yet understand how to make laws to keep every class of people well employed. This is leading to poverty, city slums and unrest among the masses. The United States Government Commission on Industrial Relations reported to that Government about a year ago that about sixty per cent. of the nation's wealth is in the hands of about five per cent. of the nation's people, and on account of this millions of men are now within a week's work of absolute need, and that, should hard times come and these men be thrown out of work, there is great danger that they might start an industrial revolution.

Canada is not altogether free from these conditions, so unrestricted immigration would be dangerous.

Other dangers would also develop if we allowed too many of one nationality to come to Canada and settle in large blocks, as have the Doukhobors, Galicians, etc. In Western Canada there are tens of thousands of acres settled by people who cannot speak, read or write English, and who are so uneducated that they now constitute a growing national problem.

City people from Europe should be a little restricted as they do not produce food but make a scarcity of it. The farming class should be gladly welcomed. There should also be a better and more rigid examination of diseased persons than formerly, so as to prevent any plagues such as the Black Death, which followed the first campaign of the Hundred Years War in England.

This problem is one of tremendous importance. There were in Ontario about 200,000 people working on munitions, and after the war about 300,000 soldiers will be returning, the greater number to Ontario. The first problem, then, will be to get these people employed, and not encouraging immigration. We must also learn how to make laws that will be fair to all classes of people. Burdens on the farmers should be lessened as much as possible to make farming more profitable, and settlers should be encouraged to farm.

Britain is sure to encourage her emigrants to settle in the overseas dominions. We must therefore try to make it possible for them to earn homesteads in a short time, and find profitable employment.

The Government should be praised for what it has done and is doing, and the nation should support it in the passing of all laws calculated to increase the prosperity and promote the welfare of the common people. Then our national conditions will serve of themselves to attract immigration and will assist us in providing homes and employment for them when they come.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the most common ailments of babyhood and childhood and unless it is promptly cured will undoubtedly lead to disastrous results. To cure this trouble nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild laxative which instantly regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach, thus banishing constipation, colic, colds, etc. Concerning them Mrs. Eugene Vaillancourt, St. Mathieu, Que., writes: "When my baby was constipated I gave her Baby's Own Tablets and am well satisfied with the result. I would strongly recommend them to all mothers for this trouble." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TODAY'S STORY

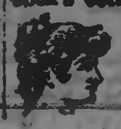
Two women were talking in a street car.

"My hair became so gray during the war," said the first woman. "I hope it will be all right after a while."

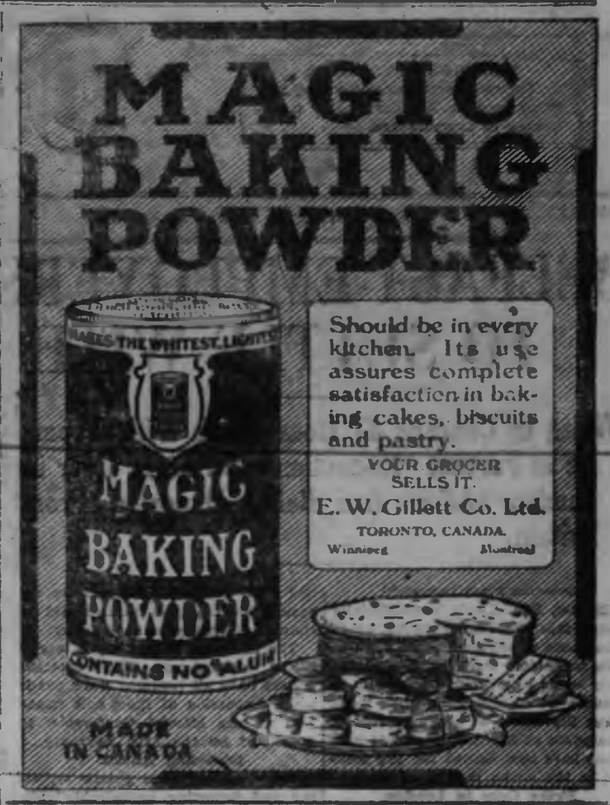
"I can understand," said the second woman. "It was enough to make anyone's hair grey. I am sure you won't add any more grey hairs now that peace has come."

"Oh," said the first woman, candidly, "it wasn't exactly because of the war that my hair became grey—that is, it wasn't because of worry, but, you know, the preparation I used to use—was imported—and during the war I couldn't get any of it. I had to let the grey hairs have their say—but now I hope it will be different," she ended brightly.

Chick's Cotton Root Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE POOR MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont. Chemists



LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Sid Hunt was wawking along, Sid Hunt taking out his new silver watch every wunts in a wile to see if it was break yet or enything, and me jest wawking along natural, and we saw Mary Watkins setting on her frunt steps, Sid saying, Do me a favor, Benny, will you?

Maybe, wat? I sed, and he sed, Ask me wat time it is wile we're tawking to Mary Watkins so I can take out my new watch without looking as if I was showing off, will you?

I will if you do me a favor afterwards, will you? I sed.

Wat? sed Sid, and I sed, Ask me to recite the Charge of the Lite Brigade so Ill have a good excuse to recite it.

Sure, sed Sid. And we came up to Mary Watkinses steps and started to tawk to her. I sed, Wat time is it, Sid, enyhow?

I dont know but Ill soon find but, sed Sid. And he took out his new watch, Mary Watkins saying, O, wat a perfeckly bewtiful watch. And she looked at it in her hands a wile, Sid standing there looking as if he thort he was sumbody grate, and pritty soon I looked at Sid funny and he looked rite back at me as if he dident even know I was looking at him funny, and after a wile I sed, Do you like recitations, Sid?

No, sed Sid. And I looked at him funny some more without enything happening, and all of a suddin I sed, Alt rite, then dont, you big stiff. And I wawked away mad, hearing Mary Watkins saying, Wy, the ideer, did he meen you or me?

You I guess, sed Sid.

Proving wen 2 people is rivals it dont matter if they are friends or not.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Sneers are the weapons of helpless fools.

It is easier to recover lost money than lost time.

Unless his wife's relations are rich and distinguished the average man is never interested in them.

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Elite Performance for Ladies & Gents

ORRIN JOHNSON in "Whither Thou Goest,"
A Drama of the Stage—the beautiful West and Society—in 5 acts.
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Most interesting and educative
A KING-BEE COMEDY FEATURE with BILLY WEST, entitled "CUPID'S RIVAL," Better than the best Chaplin Comedy—2 parts
P.S.—We are not showing miles of Pictures, but what we show, is really good
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Another Special Feature ALICE BRADY
Adds to Her long line of Screen Success in
"THE WHIRLPOOL"
The most artistic role of Her career. Usual Prices
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 13c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

The sage who said, "A man is as old as his arteries," uttered wisdom in his day and generation. He lived in an age when feeling the pulse and glancing at the tongue completed the physical examination, whereupon the good doctor stroked his lambrequins a moment, then took down his blunderbuss and filled the patient with an odds and ends of yarbs and roots he had lying about the sanctum. In those days the good folk were none too good, yet they died very young. Foul air and good whiskey had something to do with it. At 40, when night air was considered a dangerous medium of respiration, a man [illegible] and a woman as old as she looked.

Old age is more than hardening of the arteries. I am sure the hardening process also involves the heart and the mind; in fact, it is chiefly a state of mind, which can be prevented if taken in time. One might call it the prevention of mortification. In order to make a success of it, one must begin the prophylactic treatment at the time one begins to vote. Really, one need never become an old woman or an old geezer any more.

Be an optimist. It is all wrong to believe that as soon as a man attains full maturity mortification is going to set in. Man is a queer animal. He grows and expands and thrives and daydreams and pursues will-o'-the-wisps — occasionally he catches one and marries it — and discovers and invents—his inventive capacity is keenest from 12 to 1 a.m.—and accomplishes and lays foundations until the fateful age of 40. Then he seats himself on life's toboggan and begins the long slide down to senility and second childhood and "bronicle" trouble and kidney complaint and poor circulation and the rheumatiz and loss of eyesight, teeth, memory, pep, to drop off at last into oblivion with a scarcely perceptible kee-plunk. Yet through all this swift descent he gains more and more dignity. Is it not so?

That is the general custom, I say, but I do not approve of it. Why go sliding so early in the season? Why should a man ever have the change of life at all? Ponce de Leon fought hard against it, but lost; he died young. Metchnikoff drank a pint of soured skim milk every day for years trying to discourage some bacillus he thought responsible; but he, too, lost; he died young. Both men had already acquired dignity before they realized what old age was.

John Burroughs has found the secret. Read him and you will see.

Remember, I said old age is a state of mind. It is now up to me to prove it. Keep your eye on this column for a few weeks and you will find yourself a proofreader.

Pleurisy.

"I would like to know what pleurisy is, its symptoms and cause.

"V. I. D."

Inflammation of the pleura, which is the membranous sac which covers the lungs and lines the chest cavity. Fever, pain and cough are symptoms. It is caused by various infections, chiefly the pneumonia and "cold" germ, and in many mild cases by the tubercle bacillus, which usually causes simple dry pleurisy.

TELLS OF ROOSEVELT'S FIRST MEETING WITH MARK HANNA

New Story of the Famous Ex-President Who Died Recently Shows His Characteristics

It was a Chicago man who brought about the first friendly meeting between Theodore Roosevelt and Senator Mark Hanna, just after the death of President McKinley, when the relations between the senator and the vice president had been none too cordial. The story of this meeting is told for the first time by the Chicagoan who brought it about. It was H. H. Kohlsaat.

Mr. Kohlsaat, who has been in New York, was found at his hotel there the other day and prevailed upon to tell how, on the train that was bearing the body of the murdered president from Buffalo to Washington, Roosevelt and Hanna clasped hands in a friendship that was to last until the senator's death. It will be remembered by many that during the life time of President McKinley, Roosevelt opposed what he deemed the dictatorship of Hanna, and that Hanna had been known to refer to Roosevelt as "Teddy, the cowboy vice president." There was a mutual dislike and suspicion that promised ill for harmony when the leadership of the nation came into Roosevelt's hands. Mr. Kohlsaat was one who perceived the importance of a rapprochement. Meeting the colonel at the Wilcox home in Buffalo the Chicagoan was invited to accompany the funeral party to Washington.

Hanna Called Him "Teddy."

When asked the other day if he knew what took place on the train Mr. Kohlsaat smiled as memory spanned the eighteen years.

"Mr. Roosevelt told me," he said, "that he had only one close friend on the train—Elihu Root—and he wanted somebody to think out loud to.' I spent the day going back and forth between the car containing cabinet members and a few close friends and one containing President Roosevelt. Mr. Hanna was in a very disturbed state of mind and was very fearful of the change in the presidency. He expressed himself in true Hannaesque style. Late in the afternoon asked Mr. Roosevelt how he and Mark Hanna had got along in Washington. He said, 'I came in contact with him very little. He always treated me as if I were a boy—called me Teddy.' I told him that Mr. Hanna had the whole republican organization in the palm of his hand and could either make or break his administration; that it was vitally necessary they should be friends or we would have the Blaine-Conkling-Garfield fight all over again. Mr. Roosevelt said: 'I recognize that, but I know Mr. Hanna doesn't like me—and what can I do?"

"I said: 'Mr. Hanna is broken hearted. He was at the pinnacle of his power when this death robbed him of the man he loved and who loved him. He sees all his hopes shattered and he is crushed. Why don't you invite him in here to dine with you alone in your stateroom; and after the meal and the table is cleared tell him honestly you want him to be your friend—that you don't expect him to give you the love he gave McKinley, but as much as he can give, and that you will try to merit it. Hold out both hands to him when you say it. If he puts his hands in his pockets you are a goner; but if he puts his two hands in yours you an bank on Mark Hanna for life.'

"'I'll try it,' said Roosevelt resolutely.

"Half an hour before dinner time, while I was back in the drawing room car, I saw the porter from Roosevelt's car come in and go over to Mr. Hanna. Hanna had been sitting deep in his chair, his chin in his vest. He got up and came over to where I was and his scowl increased.

Hanna Accepts Invitation.

"'What do you suppose?' he said. 'That cowboy wants me to eat with him.'

"'Well, why don't you?' I asked.

"Hanna sneered. 'That cowboy in the white house! Besides, he doesn't like me.'

"I told him banteringly to go and line with the president and see what he might have to say.

"'Roosevelt is president of the United States, and if you two don't pull together the republican party is going smash,' I reminded him.

"'I don't know what to do,' he said, and left me.

"I saw him going toward the president's car later ,and for the next two hours I felt that the fate of the nation—certainly of the republican party—hung by a slender thread. A misplaced word, an insincere look might serve to widen the breach and bring about a split from which the country would suffer. When Mr. Hanna finally came back to the drawing room there was a look in his eyes that had not been there before on that trip. Something of vengefulness that had narrowed them was gone and he was smiling that smile of his that Volney Foster said 'would grease a wagon' as he stopped at my chair.

"'You know Teddy isn't such a bad sort of fellow after all,' he said.

"'How so?' I asked.

"'Well, I did dine with him, and afterward, when the table was cleared and we had talked about a lot of things, he put out his hands across the table and said: "Old man, I want you to be my friend; will you—will you be my friend?"'

"'What did you answer to that?' I asked. Mark Hnna replied:

The Two Conditions.

"'I told him I woul don two conditions—first ,that he would carry out McKinley's policies, as he had agreed to do; second ,that he would quit calling me "Old Man," or, if he didn't I would call him "Teddy."'

"Afterward Roosevelt said: 'Hanna hesitated a moment, while he looked searchingly into my eyes, and then he put both his hands in mine, as I agreed to accept his terms, with the reservation that I should call him "Old Man" and he should call me "Teddy."'"

NO MORE NERVOUS HEADACHES

Since She Tried "FRUIT-A-TIVES", The Famous Fruit Medicine.

MISS ANNIE WARD

112 Hazen St., St. John, N.B.

"It is with pleasure that I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of your medicine, '*Fruit-a-tives*'. I was a great sufferer for many years from *Nervous Headaches and Constipation*. I tried everything, consulted doctors; but nothing seemed to help me until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives'.

After I had taken several boxes, I was completely relieved of these troubles and have been unusually well ever since."

Miss ANNIE WARD

'Fruit-a-tives' is fresh fruit juices concentrated and increased in strength, combined with finest tonics and is a positive and reliable remedy for Headaches and Constipation.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c At all dealers or Fruit-a-tives Limited Ottawa.

TO REMOVE RUST

Table salt and cream of tartar, equal parts, will remove rust stains. Wet the spot and spread mixture on thickly, then place material in the sun.

Ingersoll's 3,000 Club, which had already made a grant of $1,000 to the Salvation Army's Home-coming Campaign Fund, has been so successful with its January collections that it has added $1,500 more to the grant.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins, Cures Nervous Debility, Alcohol and Drug Worry, Insomnia, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

BUY W-S-S WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

Cost this Month $4.01

Next month War-Savings Stamps will cost $4.02, and so on until December, when the price will be $4.11. The extra cents represent the interest which is accumulating all the time. These, too, are the prices you can secure for your W.S.S. should circumstances make it necessary to realize on your investment before January 1st 1924, when the Dominion of Canada pays $5.00 for every stamp you own.

SOLD WHEREVER YOU SEE THE BEAVER-TRIANGLE SIGN

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CARPENTERS WANT 75 CENTS AN HOUR

HAMILTON UNION MEN ALSO DEMAND A FIVE-DAY WEEK.

Hamilton, Feb. 8.— Hamilton's building contracts have been circularized by the district carpenters union, which requests, commencing May 1 next, an increase of pay from 60 cents to 75 cents per hour, with no work on Saturdays. This means a forty-four hour week. The circular requests that foremen, who must necessarily be union men, shall be paid ten cents more per hour than a journeyman; that journeymen not be required to take orders from a foreman unless he be a union man, and that contractors desiring journeymen carpenters to work Saturday shall pay at the rate of $1.50 hourly.

William Murray, contractor, said when he received one of the circulars it took all the wind out of his sails. The requests were, from his point of view absurd. The carpenters couldn't expect to get anything like what they asked. One "sticker" was the clause relating to foremen having to be union men. Hitherto contractors were privileged to employ either union or non-union foremen, as they desired. On Saturday there was to be a meeting of the builders' exchange, but whether the carpenters' demands would, be considered then he couldn't say.

There are four district carpenters' union branches, aggregating several hundred members.

Four Russian Grand Dukes with 172 other persons were executed in the suburbs of Petrograde.

All strikers are rushing back to work in London.

The distillers of the Dominion propose the zone system as an alternative to prohibition.

CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

LOOK, MOTHER! IF TONGUE IS COATED GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

Canada now has good flour, because Canada grows the best wheat. The choice of this good wheat is used for

PURITY FLOUR

"Government Standard"

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-009; Flour 14, 16, 17, 18

Purity Oats are also milled from selected grain

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LIMITED
TORONTO, ONTARIO

A DAY IN CHICAGO STORES

COMPARE THESE PRICES WITH THOSE ASKED BY PETERBOROUGH DEALERS.

One downtown department store in Chicago has an unusually attractive display of the ever lovely and popular painted furniture. A zinc lined fernery noted was of soft Chinese blue, with tiny stripes in a rose red. The over ends and panels of blue wicker add an attractive touch. This was priced at $42.

A desk table with a drawer on either side and finished as was the fernery was wonderfully good at $49.50.

To draw up to this desk was a over ends and panels of blue wicker. This was $39.75.

In the same attractive set was a table which sold for $39.50.

In the same finish was a comfortable rocking chair with cretonne cover of blue Chinese design. This, compriced at $43.

An armchair was stunning at $48.50.

Near by was another set of painted furniture, each piece lovely in itself. The color was a blue, with exquisite hand decorations on each piece. The fernery priced at $86.50 was artistic and lovely.

A small chair in the same blue enamel finish with wicker back was marked at $71.50. An arm chair was $98. The day bed that was in this set was most appealing at $140. Its cushions and pillows were covered with a quaint blue damask. Chinese in design, with figures of a soft gold.

All the pieces in the set just described are selling at reduced prices and are a wonderful value.

An attractive fernery was $36.75.

Next it was a comfortable armchair selling for $25.

A large armchair with gold lines on the wood and with cushions of the same attractive material as described was $78.50. A low cushioned seat or foot-stool was $38.50.

Another set of painted furniture near by was in attractive Chinese black finish, on which gold houses, birds and boats were figured. The legs of this furniture were of bamboo.

A table with top of black was $30. And a small square table or stand was reasonable at $13.95.

End tables noted were $23 and were next to a tall, artistic, hospitable goldfish home that sold for $36.75.

A desk in this set adorned with flying birds and rowing fisherman was priced at $62.75.

One hundred and ten dollars was the price of a davenport. The cushions were covered with gay cretonne and the whole effect was beautiful.

Near by were seen charming pieces of furniture in a soft tan, touched with lines of blue, and with clusters of blue branches and blossoms. Large armchair sold for $46.50. The cushion was of a deep tan material on which were cheery red and blue birds.

A day bed with cushions, etc., was $118.75.

Next to it was a long table with attractive drop ends. This was $46.75.

Next to it was a sofa which sold for $141.75.

A desk was stunning at $46.75.

This whole set was charming.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END ACOLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappear. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head molds and catarrh yield like magic Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable Relief is sure.

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all **16c**

Another Unusual Picture is being shown at the Royal Theatre tonight, entitled, "Tarzan of the Apes." This Thrilling story with its Jungle Life, its Wild Animal Atmosphere, the great combats between the super-man Tarzan and the lions, tigers and cannibals and its Romantic touches cannot fail to strike a responsive chord. For Days the largest theatres in New York city turned away thousands who were unable to witness this wonderful picture. Capacity audiences ruled at all performances and the New York prices ranged from seventy-five cents to one dollar and a half for each performance. You can see this wonderful picture at the Royal tonight for sixteen cents, including war tax. A Peterboro Audience has never seen a more entertaining picture since films were introduced.

THIS WONDERFUL PICTURE IS SHOWN IN EIGHT PARTS.

In addition to this great picture there will be shown a Pathe serial, Pearl White in "The Lightning Raider" also W. S. Hart in "The Silent Stranger" and a high class Keystone comedy in two parts entitled "A Lady Killer's Doom."

Tonight's Program is one of the best that has been shown in this city for some time and it is easily worth one Dollar, but you can see it at the Royal tonight at the usual price, sixteen cents.

SPECIAL HIGH-CLASS FOX ACTORS FOR MONDAY

Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning

Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside; no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, billious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach, you must bathe on the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do, says a well-known physician.

To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, dring before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from your pharmacist. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles become saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

St. Paul's Foreign Minister Returns

The Rev. D. A. McDonald, missionary of St. Paul's Church Korea, his wife and two children came to Peterboro today by the noon train to remain in the city for a week as the guests of St. Paul's Church.

Mr. MacDonald has been in Korea for seven years. He is supported entirely by the congregation of St. Paul's. He will speak at both services tomorrow and address a mass meeting of the Sunday School in the afternoon. A very full program has been arranged for him and Mrs. MacDonald for the week, which includes a lecture by him on Korea, next Wednesday evening, and then a reception and congregational tea for Thursday evening.

Korea is the most fruitful missionary field in the world today and his address ought to be of great interest to the Christian people of the city.

CONCERT AT TEMPLE

Band Will Assist Songsters Tomorrow Afternoon

The Temple Songsters tomorrow afternoon will render a musical concert, assisted by the band. The meeting will be presided over by our respected brother Alfred Cooney. Come and enjoy yourself, sit where you wish and sing praises unto the Lord who has done so much for you. All seats are free.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

All kinds of useful employment are equally honorable.

A fussy man eats in his own way when he is in a hurry.

Oil and truth are found to come to the top some time.

Many proverbs are the wit of one and the wisdom of none.

Even the chronic bore can help a busy man by not hindering him.

If all mothers did their duty there would be fewer jails in this country.

The more a girl pretends she doesn't want his enemies on the least provocation.

Many a man's failure in small things is due to his being troubled with great ambitions.

Some people borrow trouble and some others wait for the neighbors to throw it over the back fence.

When You Feel It Coming

—When that old Headache sends its warning that you are going to suffer—take ZUTOO. When you feel a Cold coming on take ZUTOO. At the first sign of a pain—at the first feeling of sickness—take ZUTOO.

You will be all right in 20 minutes if it's a headache, or the next morning if it is a cold. Pain all gone, and the whole body refreshed.

Don't wait—don't take chances. Get ZUTOO Tablets to-day—and have them ready to take at the first sign of a Headache or cold and TAKE THEM.

BUILDING HOMES FOR THE ONTARIO WAGE EARNERS

Grouping of Houses is Favored by Committee in Charge—Report for the Legislature is Ready.

Standard specifications for workmen's Dwellings are outlined in the just-completed preliminary report of the Ontario Housing Committee which has been prepared for the use of Committee before submitting its final report to the Legislature one month hence. The present volume consists of some fifty pages but the complete report will be considerably larger, covering some 150 pages. In the detailed report will be given the plans of, as well as a financial report on, the scheme. Such analogous questions as transportation and material will also be taken up.

The Committee is in receipt of a request from the American Housing Committee that 1,000 copies of the full report be sent them to distribute among their members.

It is expected that approximately 10,000 copies will be furnished to the various municipal bodies requesting them.

The present preliminary report was published with a view to making available at the earliest possible moment recommendations as to acceptable standards of inexpensive houses, such as might be built with Government assistance, as well as a description of several types of houses.

The plans and specifications were prepared under the supervision of Mr. H. R. Dowsell, A. R. I. B. A.

What Is a House?

The committee has given specially careful consideration as to what shall be held to constitute a house—by what standards its desirability shall be measured—what its essentials must include, standards in house building being a changeable and unstable factor. The Committee has agreed that for its particular purposes essential features may be summarized as: Sufficient land to give each family privacy and plenty of air; watertight floors, walls, and roof; one, or more, rooms for cooking, eating and general day use; bedroom for parents; bedroom for male children; bedroom for female children; provision for toilet with sanitary closet and sewer connection, running water supply fit for drinking; kitchen sink with waste connection to sewer; and uninterrupted daylight and ventilation through windows in every room.

Additional features, which are so desirable as to be almost essential are: Bath tub and lavatory, with hot and cold water supply; laundry tub with hot and cold water supply; direct sunlight in all principal rooms; a second room, in addition to that used for cooking; clothes closets and porches and verandahs.

Desirable Features.

Further additions of desirable features would include: Electric light, a separate dining room, a cellar and a furnace for heating.

Anticipating comment which may arise as to the non-inclusion of cellars as essentials, for the storage of food supplies, fuel etc., the Committee points out that with the classes naturally to be assisted in housing, means are not available for the securing of large advance supplies either of foodstuffs or fuel, while cellars not infrequently are, by the family of average means or less, made places for the accumulation of odds and ends of rubbish which eventually constitute an insanitary menace.

It is also held that in the commercially built dwelling of the past the mistake has been made of not infrequently providing too many and too small apartments, insufficient attention being paid to light, ventilation and the advantageous combination of really necessary rooms. Superabundance of rooms, it is maintained adds to the housewife's duties, while neither required nor desired by the average wage-earner.

"A man's dwelling," it is remarked "is governed by his earning capacity, just as his clothing, food or other commodity is, although there is a limit beyond which we cannot go and maintain decent living standards."

TRIS SPEAKER BEST PAID PLAYER ON THE DIAMOND

Cincinnati Man Draws a Salary of $18,000 a Year—Is Pay of Baseball Stars Due For a Drop.

(By George S. Robins)

How about the prima donna salaries of the star major leaguers—will they hold up after the present drop in contracts is gathered in the waste basket.

Not that one could notice it, provided another outlaw league fails to poke its head above the placid major league surface of things. Big salaries such as Cobb, Speaker and Eddie Collins are receiving will soon be relegated to the scrap heap with other forgotten things of the present baseball era.

Blame the Federal League

The Federal league caused the present inequalities in salaries in the big leagues. It brought about a condition of affairs that poured a golden stream into the money chests of certain lucky and highly favored stars. Unfortunately, the sudden boosting of salaries worked a hardship with many deserving players who stuck by the ship when the major league craft was lurching about on the storm-tossed billows.

Ty Cobb greatest drawing card in baseball, may be worth every cent to the team that he is paid and his salary is generally known to be $15,000 a season. The "Peach" is an exception to the general rule.

Player Too Expensive to Keep

Strong argument could be adduced to prove that no other star player drawing a stipend approximating that of Cobb is worth that much money to his club. Probably no magnate and manager studies a player's real worth to his team down to a finer standard than Connie Mack of the Philadelphia Athletics. Mack was asked recently why he swapped a certain player for cold cash. His reply came instantly, and the sphinx of baseball didn't bat an eye in giving his answer.

"The player was simply too expensive for me to keep," said Mack. "His demands were out of all bounds for what he draws in at the gate. The money doesn't come in there to pay for what he wastes." When a player becomes discontented in that way and lets it interfere with his playing it's time to get rid of him.

Mack Develops Young Talent

This assertion coming from one of the finest characters in baseball, whose quiet and affable manners and gentlemanly conduct have made him a pace setter in those respects, shows Mack never has been infected with the high salary fever. He rather develops young ball talent, keeps it a while and when it reaches out for salaries in five figures, sells or trades it to suit the occasion.

Eddie Collins may be worth $15,000 a year but one would have considerable trouble convincing some of Eddie's team mates to that effect. "If Eddie is worth the $15,000 a year he's a fool. I'm worth at least $12,500," said a player of the Sox on one of the trips last summer.

Tris Speaker Gets $18,000

One of the Cleveland Indians might say the same thing about Tris Speaker, their teammate who is pulling down $18,000 a year for attracting fans to the baseball park in the Forest City. Speaker draws down the largest salary in the game for a player, even including that wonderful drawing card Tyrus Raymond Cobb.

A player on the Washington club might feel the same way about Walter Johnson's $12,000 a year salary.

One of the deplorable things in connection with the Pikes Peak salaries of certain stars, forced to their height by Federal League pressure is the fact that some of the players that were loyal to organized baseball—who didn't even threaten to jump—have received small pay in proportion. Some of those who jumped or threatened to do so are reaping a harvest from their activities along this line, while those who were loyal have not been rewarded.

In this class may be mentioned Harry Hooper of the Boston Red Sox, Buck Weaver of the Chicago White Sox and others. Weaver is considered as valuable to the White Sox as Eddie Collins by many fans.

SIR HERBERT AMES, M.P., Chairman of the National War Savings Committee, and the Chief driving force in the Dominion wide campaign for the sale of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps.

Veteran Who Lost Eye or Limb

If a fellow comes home without an arm, hand or eye how is he to get an artificial one?

It will be provided for him by the government.

What will it cost him?

Not one cent.

If he needs a new limb after a while, or some changes or alterations made in the one he has, what should he do?

He should communicate with the Local Medical Officer of the re-establishment Department, who will authorize the issue of a new limb, or the necessary adjustments of the old one.

Where are the artificial limbs made?

In Toronto, where an up-to-date factory has been established, in which only the best and newest patterns are employed, and experts, in consultation with experienced surgeons, are always on the look out for possible improvements in existing models.

If a man needs some repairs to his artificial limb, does he have to send it, or go himself to Toronto for his purpose?

No, repair parts for standard patterns are kept in stock at a number of "Fitting Depots." The names of the centres at which these depots are located are given in the little booklet issued by the Repatriation Committee, which is known as the "Returned Soldiers' Handbook." Any limb requiring repair should be sent to the nearest Fitting Depot, if there is not one in the man's home town.

In a case where it is necessary for a man to go himself to the Fitting Depot what should he do?

If there is no depot in his own time, he will receive authority from his Medical Officer to travel to the nearest one.

Who pays his expenses?

The Government.

What is meant by 'Expenses?'

1st class Railway Fare to the nearest fitting depot, meals, and in cases where it is required, an allowance to cover time lost from the man's work.

In cases where it is necessary for the man to stay over for some days at the Fitting Depot the necessary adjustments made, what arrangements are made as to his expenses during that time?

If a man has to remain longer than a week, he is maintained at the expense of the Department and his dependents receive the same allowance as if he were in hospital.

What steps must a man take in order to obtain an artificial limb or other appliance from the Government without cost to himself?

Artificial limbs, orthopaedic and surgical devices, to correct as far as possible injuries to feet and legs, special boots, braces, trusses, spectacles, anything and everything to lessen the man's disability, are supplied absolutely free, but on the authorization of the Medical Officer of the Department only are these things issued. Therefore, any man requiring anything of this nature should apply to his local Medical Officer.

The Stick-Carrying Habit.

The stick habit is much more common in England than in America. In New York, or Boston, or Chicago, or any other American town for that matter, you seldom see a youngish man carry a stick. As a general thing he is too busy to be bothered with a piece of wood in his hand. He carries a paper, of course, and he must have one hand free for a cigar and for raising his hat.

Poser From Prison.

If men are the helpless creatures of their environment, how then do we account for the fact that in this prison there are three separate and distinct grades? Since the environment is precisely the same, how do you explain the segregation of the inmates into three wholly dissimilar classifications?—Leavenworth New Era.

How to Carry Ink.

When traveling fasten all the bottles and small jars by adhesive tape. Fasten the tape to one side, carry it across the cork and down on the other side. Celluloid and ivory boxes and jars may be fastened in the same way. They are easily opened and yet so securely fastened that there is no danger of leaking.

Fearless.

A man who makes $15 a week has been advised by a writer that he can marry and get along, providing he has saved up a fund. That sounds reasonable. A man who can save a fund out of a $15-a-week salary has nothing to fear from marriage or anything else.—Kansas City Star.

Authors' Advantage.

The circumstance which gives authors an advantage above all great masters is this, that they can multiply their originals; or rather can make copies of their works to what number they please, which shall be as valuable as the originals themselves.—Addison.

Hospitality.

There is no unconcern, almost ostentatious, to equal that of the hostess who pours the clotted cream on the guest's peaches as if clotted cream were an everyday incident in that household. Blessed is hospitality.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Box With Brains.

A Pennsylvanian is the patentee of a combined mailbox and milk-bottle holder, which can be freely opened for the insertion of their intended contents, but are locked against theft when anything has been placed in them.

Another Feminine Industry.

"Girls wanted for men's neckwear," reads the advertisement of a department store. But we imagine that a man would be uncomfortable wearing a girl around his neck.—New Orleans States.

Should Say Not.

"It's all right to pay as you go," observed the almost philosopher, "but if you have to pay 25 cents street car fare to get there and back, the chances are you won't go."

Crockery Saver.

Danger of breakage is eliminated in a new motor-driven dish washer in which the dishes are held stationary in wire baskets and water is forced around them.

Get Your Webbed Feet.

A Maine inventor's mechanical substitutes for web feet are bags to be attached to a swimmer's legs, opening with the kick and folding with the return.

Long-Felt Want.

To prevent a cow switching her tail against a person milking her there has been patented a clamp attached to a steel spring to be twined around one leg.

It Helps Some.

Remorse is like a wooden leg. It helps a man on his way, but he can see where he would have been happier without it.—Idaho Statesman.

Housewife's Duty.

The housewife's first duty is to see that every member of her household is properly nourished.

PUT STOMACH IN FINE CONDITION

SAYS INDIGESTION RESULTS FROM AN EXCESS OF HYDROCHLORIS ACID.

Undigested food delayed in the stomach decays, or rather, ferments the same as food left in the open air, says a noted authority. He also tells us that indigestion is caused by Hyper-acidity, meaning, there is an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach much like garbage sours in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. Then we feel a heavy, lumpy misery in the chest, we belch up gas, we eructate sour food or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash or rarnea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and drink while it is effervescing and furthermore, to continue this for a week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousand of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

Wise is the man who has a cage ready for the bird in hand.

The rolling stone reaches the foot of the hill in due time.

When you can get a horse at a bargain—drive the bargain.

THE old, unsightly, double vision lenses are as unnecessary as the two pairs of glasses they were made to supersede.

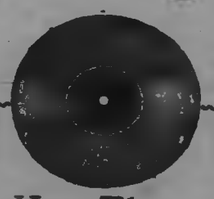
Change to our modern invisible double vision lenses

You will be glad to have them in your glasses because they add efficiency to your eyesight and appearance.

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

Model "Organola"



Hear Them

There's a new list of selections each month. They are played with a sapphire point. No needles to change. Beautiful, clear, "Phonola" records that are practically indestructible.

The Only One With Organ Pipes

In all the wide world, there is only one make of phonograph that has taken advantage of the principle of the pipe organ and installed inside of its case a set of tone control pipes which include every note in the scale. That phonograph is the

"Phonola" REGISTERED

And the tone control pipes are used in our magnificent "Organola" model—the utmost that has so far been achieved in phonograph construction.

Records played on this "Organola" Model are given a really wonderful reproduction. Play a "sextette" record on the "Organola" Model, and you will have a real idea of the value of the tone control pipes. There is none of that confused blurring as when played on ordinary makes of phonograph, the tone control pipes of the "Organola" Model separating the different voices and notes, giving a pure, clear, lifelike rendition.

Try a record of a violin, a piano, a soprano, or anything else you know the ordinary phonograph does not quite reproduce faithfully, and you will find that the "Organola" Model renders the selection perfectly and with a surprising volume.

If you are going to invest upwards of $250 in a phonograph, you will, of course, want to procure the finest that is built. So, if you cannot see and hear the "Organola" Mode of the "Phonola" at a dealer's in your locality, write direct to us.

Other "Phonolas" from $25 up. All makes of disc records can be played.

DEALERS: The "Phonola" line comprises 10 models—a "Phonola" for every requirement. The "Phonola" agency is the most valuable asset you can add to your business today. Write for particulars.

The Phonola Co. of Canada, Limited
Kitchener, Canada

The only authorized Dealers in Peterborough for the "Phonola" and Phonola Records is

The House of Quality **The Royal Music Co.** 439 George St.

YOU MAY HAVE BEAUTY LIKE THIS

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Are For Pimples and Blackheads — Their Use Makes You Look Wonderfully Fair and Attractive.

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL PACKAGE

"Life to me now is a beauteous Thing, for I have made all skin troubles a thing of the past."

Every one admires a beautiful skin, just as every one desires to be healthy. Unsightly faces filled with pimples, discolorations blackheads, etc., are nothing but unhealthy faces due to skin impurities. Improve the blood and the facial blemishes disappear. Just use Stuart's Calcium Wafers for a short time and see how quickly you will clear up your skin. And then life will take on a happiness never before realized. Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store or send coupon below for a sample package free by mail.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. STUART CO., 832 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....

Street .....

City ..... State .....

BECOME A MEMBER NOW

Special Rates in all Gymnasium Classes till end of May

$1.50 With Membership

One year's Sustaining Membership $2.00 and upwards.

One year's General Membership, $1.00.

One Year's Junior Membership, 50c

Classes:—

Gymnasium Classes for all ages.
French Class.
First Aid and Home Nursing.
Expression.—Dramatics.
Chautauqua Reading Course.
Swimming Classes for all ages when pool opens early in spring.
Club Gymnasium Classes.
Bible Study Classes.

Become a member now

Young Women's Christian Association

Perpetual motion seems to be a success as a perpetual failure.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

367 George St. Next Turnbull's

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector

Fifth Sunday After Epiphany
The Week Before Septuagesima
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Processional 402— Be Thou my guardian and my guide.
Venite 18.
Te Deum—Woodward.
Benedictus 85
Office Hymn 542—Thou whose Almighty word.
Before sermon 774—Saviour Thy dying love.
Offertory—Faith of our fathers—Newton.
God Save the King
Recessional 384 —Forward be our watchword.
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—Mrs. Boucher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. E. Jamieson.
February victory memorial loan contributions received.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Processional 523—Jesu, where'er thy people meet.
Psalm chants 174, 103.
Magnificat 119.
nunc Dimittis 100.
Office Hymn 661— When all thy mercies O my God.
Before sermon 760—I need thee every hour.
Anthem—Come let us sing. For the Lord is a mighty God—Mendelssohn.
God save the king.
Recessional 650 — Through the night of doubt and sorrow.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV. R. B. GROBB, M.A.
8.30 a.m.—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Preacher
REV. W. H. WHITE, M.A.
2 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Preacher.
THE RECTOR
Fifth sermon on "John the Baptist"

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Fifth Sunday After Epiphany
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a. m.—Morning service and sermon.
Rev. R. B. Grobb, M. A. will preach
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
The rector will preach.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Matins and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Preacher—Mr. Stewart.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
Preacher—Rev. J. Price.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Chanson Triste—Tchaikowsky.
Anthem—O for a closer walk with God—Foster.
Offertory—To a rose.
Solo—Consider and bear me—Wooler. Miss Helen McLaren.
Postlude—Tanhauser March—Wagner.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Rev W. Macdonald of Korea will preach.
Prelude—Prayer and cradle song—Guilmaut.
Solo (tenor)—Abide with me—Ray. Mr. E. A. Everitt.
Anthem—We've a song to be sung to the nations—Nichol.
Postlude—Postlude in D—Merkell
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Rev. W. Macdonald of Korea will preach.
Prelude—Offertoire in A flat—Batiste.
Solo (soprano)—The Publican—Van de Water. Miss Eleanor Hinchcliffe.
Anthem—Praise my soul—Goss.
Postlude—Marche Religieuse—Gigout.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude—Pastorale—Clarke
Anthem—Pray for the peace of Jerusalem—Simper.
Postlude—Gloria—Gounod.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Melody—Madock
Quartette—Father I come to Thee—Rees.
Anthem—Come unto me—Bowles
Postlude—Smith.
8 p.m.—Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo Kenyon, "L. M.." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Missionary Anniversary
11 a.m.—Quarterly Love Feast
11 a.m. Quarter Communion service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—A house to let
Prelude—Antantino—Hiles.
Anthem—Just as I am—Bowles
Duet—The roseate hues of early dawn—Scott. Miss Doris Rathbone, and Mr. Harold Jones,
Postlude—March Pomposo—Lott.
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme—Preparation for Temple building.
Anthem—Just as I am—Parks.
Mixed quartet—Beautiful Isle of Somewhere—Mrs. King, Mrs. Rehill Mr. Lee, and Mr. Skitch.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Dr. Morrison will speak at the Brotherhood meeting.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Pastor's theme—A man after God's own heart.
Anthem—Hast thou not known—Carl Pflueger
Soloists Mr. Baldry and Mr. Roberts.
Baritone solo—Jesus Lover of my Soul—Mr. R. F. Downey.
Mixed quartet—Protect us through the coming night—Sudds. Mrs. King, Mrs. Rehill, Mr. Lee and Mr. Skitch.
Soprano solo—His tender love—Mrs. King.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Young People's anniversary services. Rev. R. Bamforth, B. A. of Colborne will preach.
Anthem—Praise waiteth for thee Adams. Solo part Mrs. Wand.
Solo—The ninety and nine—Campion. Miss E. McIntyre.
Solo—The silent Voice—Roma Mrs. Wand.
2.45 p.m.—Mass meeting of the Sunday School and congregation, to be addressed by Rev. Bamforth, B.A.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Special service for boys and young men. Rev. R. Bamforth, B.A., will preach.
Male quartet—The church in the wildwood—Pitts. Messrs McKillican, Howson, Speer, Rome.
Male chorus—As a volunteer—Gabriel. Solo part by H. Nellist.
Monday 8 p.m.—Special social function to celebrate the removal of debt from the property of the church. Special music. Rev. R. Bamforth will lecture on "Three months in a mining town." The mortgage formerly on the church lot will be burned.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
Subject—A Divine appeal.
Sacrament of the Lord's Supper administered at the close of the morning service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Subject — Companionships and their results.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday night 8 p.m.—A grand concert under the auspices of the choir and the Gleaners Club.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Elegy in G—Lemare.
Hymn Anthem—The lily of the valley—Mr. Asa Huycke and choir.
Postlude—Choral Song—Wesley.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Hymn Celeste—Gray.
Anthem — Father of Peace — Maunder.
Baritone solo—The earth is the Lord's —Lynes.
Mr. Arthur S. Hodgins.
Organ postlude—Pastorale—Smart
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Faills.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—Annual general meeting of church members and election of officers. All members are requested to be present.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w.
7 a.m.—Knee drill!
10 a.m.—Open air—Fire Hall.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
2 p.m.—Open air—Bolivar and William street
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
8 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching.
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

COUNT FIFTY! NO RHEUMATIC PAIN

Don't Suffer! Instant Relief Follows a Rubbing With Old "St. Jacobs Liniment"

Stop "dosing" rheumatism.

It's only pain; not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Liniment" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you can say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain and distress. "St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain! It is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles, and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache, neuralgia and reduces swelling.

Limber up! Get a small trial bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" from any drug store, and in a moment you'll be free from pains, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.

RED CROSS EXECUTIVE MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the Executive of the local Red Cross Society will be held Monday afternoon, February 10th, at 3.30 o'clock, in the Public Library.

It is told of a St. Louis miser that he eats his meals before a mirror because it doubles the dishes.

Cheerfulness Requires Courage.

It takes a good deal of courage to seem cheerful in wartime, yet it is a detail of one's self-respect to keep a smiling face in public. A display of hysteria indicates considerable indifference to the rights and comfort of others, and is not good form. No matter how hard life may be, one must keep from scolding and scowling and complaining and whining and indulge in tears and grief only in one's own room.—Chicago Evening Post.

Why Crescent is Turkish Symbol.

When Constantinople was a Byzantine city, Philip, the father of Alexander the Great, tried to reduce it by siege. He was unsuccessful by day, and when he thought to take the city by surprise in the dark the crescent moon and stars appeared and exposed his warriors to the citizens. In honor of her protection of the city the inhabitants built a statue to Diana and made the crescent the symbol of the city.

Alleviates Earache.

If earache does not occur often possibly home treatment will alleviate the suffering, which is always so severe while it lasts. Wring out hot cloths and apply them to the ear. This often brings quick relief. Or moisten a small piece of cotton, saturated with sweet oil or laudanum and place it carefully in the ear. This is generally efficacious if the trouble is caused by the hardening of the wax.

Owl Stopped Wheels of Industry.

The curious combination of an owl and a steel trap in which the bird had become caught and flown away, trap and all, alighting on a high-powered electric cable carrying 11,000 volts of electricity to run a mill at Goodyear, Conn., stopped the power and threw several hundred men out of work for several hours. Linemen, after several hours' search, located the owl, burned to a cinder.

Renovate Brushes.

When sweeper brush bristles become soft from long use and do not sweep up lint as well as when stiff, put a little common baking soda in some hot water; take the brush out of the sweeper and dip it up and down in this. Let it dry in the sun and it will be like new. Hair brushes or any brush can be treated in the same way with the best of results.

All He Knew About His Meal.

Having finished his meal the diner called for his check. "Let's see," said the waiter, "what did you have?" "Can't tell for the life of me," was the reply; "but what I ordered was minced chicken."—Boston Transcript.

Stomach Acts Fine, No Indigestion! Eat without Fear of Upset Stomach

Food souring, gas, acidity!

If your meals hit back causing belching, pain, flatuence, indigestion or heartburn here's instant relief. No waiting!

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in ending all stomach distress. Never fails!

Keep it handy. Tastes nice and costs so little at drug stores.

UPSET? **Pape's Diapepsin** WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

THIS COLD WEATHER

Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain

PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

Beautiful Dream Faded.

Helen was told she would have to wait until her birthday for a new doll. She tried to be patient, but a month seemed a long time to wait. One morning she awoke quite early, sobbing loudly. Her mother asked what was wrong. "Me dreamed me had a doll, but I woke up and found my dream gone," cried Helen.

Love Apples.

Love apples is what tomatoes were called years ago when it was told that, if sweethearts would divide one and eat it together, no adverse fate could part them. There was real bravery in this simple act; for, in early days, tomatoes were thought to be rank poison.

A Timid Nature.

It must be a timid nature that would refrain from every good time for fear of consequences.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Spasmodic Sermon.

The chief requirement of being a crook must be the ability to keep a straight face.—Indianapolis Star.

Sweet Thought.

Cane sugar, we are told, beats beet sugar, but beet sugar beats no sugar at all.—Boston Transcript.

Daily Thought.

Were there no Heaven nor hell I should be honest.—John Webster.

GROWTH
The Duffus Garage

NOW ONE OF THE LARGEST WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MODERN BUILT MOTOR CAR PLANTS IN CANADA

Starts 1919 with an equipment many times greater than that of last January.

HERE WE SHOW

The Full Ford Line
The Gray-Dort Car
The Dodge Bros. Car

With a floor space of 25,000 sq. feet for warehousing of Cars and Automobiles, Repairs and Engineering.

The New One Ton Ford Truck
Heavy Duty Truck
And Attachments
The Lay-Porta Power Attachment
FITS TO ANY CAR

FOR WHICH WE ARE THE LOCAL DEALERS

REPAIR PARTS and ACCESSORIES

Complete stock of Repair Parts, Tires, Gasoline, Oil, Grease, Accessories and all other supplies — Wholesale and Retail.

Completely Equipped Shop to Take Care of any Kind of Car Trouble

With a thorough knowledge of Motor Car Engineering and Construction and how to Repair each and every part.
Ability to do the work in the shortest possible time without sacrificing workmanship.
Experience to prove that our knowledge works out to the car owner's advantage.

Better see us about your Haulage business. Put your Delivery Problems up to us

Duffus Garage Corner Charlotte and Water Streets. PETERBOROUGH

Phones—Repair Room and Stock Room, 1761; Office, 1760

BRANCHES—NORWOOD and MILLBROOK

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

IF YOU KNOW IT YOU CAN MEET IT!

An enemy suspected is half conquered. If you think your eyes are failing, you can take precautions in time to prevent serious complications. Dr. Fowler's reliability is vouched for by the great success of his fifteen years' continuous business in Peterborough.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine lines. All words over nine inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Man, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries, expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Warm room, with or without board. Apply 589 Division street, city.

LOST.

LOST—Will the finder of the gold locket on blue and black ribbon with large diamond, initials E.M.C. in old English please leave at Review, as it is an old treasure. Reward given.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKERLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
House and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
[illegible] Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.
Phone [illegible]
Nights and Holidays 286

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8.

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Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
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Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.
**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.
*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).
~~1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock~~, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.
12:23 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.
5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.
6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).
**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.
**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.
3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.
7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE
8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.
8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.
7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield
12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.
12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.
2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.
5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.
9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

The Strain of Overwork

Your work is heavy, and sore, tired muscles are a common occurrence. Each time your back aches you blame it on your work, and just there the danger lies—for that pain in the back may not be from strain, as you suppose, but the forewarner of Kidney or Bladder trouble.

For your own interest, it is best to be particular and sure, as Kidney troubles inevitably pull you down and destroy your earning power.

Take note of these symptoms. Do you get dizzy and have repeated headaches, painful urination, brick dust deposits, or feel drowsy and, generally, good for nothing? If so, it is your kidneys that are bothering you—not work—and Gin Pills are necessary.

No person can work properly when they feel sick, tired and dizzy all the time. The more they try, the more energy they use up, and this only serves to aggravate their condition, as the kidneys are already tired out with their endeavors to relieve their congested state and perform their function properly.

The kidneys are delicate and vital organs: once they become affected through any cause—you suffer until the congestion is relieved and the cause remedied.

Don't let your system become run down. A box or two of Gin Pills will relieve those kidney complaints and restore your old-time health and strength.

Your health is priceless. Don't risk losing it. Keep your kidneys in order always by taking Gin Pills.

Sold everywhere for 50c a box. Write for free sample to The National Drug & Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont. 172

WIT AND WISDOM

A Practical Girl.

Some men have a family tree
And loud of it descent;
But I shall wed a man who has
A good-sized business plant.

Significant.

"I shuddered when Tom proposed."
"Was he so awkward?"
"Oh, no; he did it so well."

The Lessons of War.

The Airman—"So you're saving up to buy an airship? You're quite an ambitious little boy."

"Yes, sir! I want to fly over Jimmie Mack's back yard and drop bricks on him."

His Raise.

First Colored Man—How high did yo' git in de ahmy, Sam?

Second ditto—'Bout ten feet in de air. I was kicked by an ahmy mule.

Preparing for the Game.

A mother hearing many loud and unusual noises issuing from the nursery ran upstairs to her young hopeful who she knew was there.

She found him sitting in the middle of the floor quietly smiling to himself.

"Whatever is the matter, Johnny?"

"Oh, I have locked grandpa and Uncle Harry in the closet, and when they get a little angrier I am going to play Daniel in the lions' den."

Mark Time.

It was at the "bull ring" in one of the French bases—where the new drafts underwent their final hardening purposes. The "sick, lame and lazy" had fallen out, and there paraded before an unsympathetic M. O. a rare specimen of the genus lead swinger.

"It's my feet, sir. They're all right while we're running, but as soon as we halts they 'urt something cruel."

"Well, my lad," replied the M. O., "when the company halts you go on marking time."

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

O'ROURKE TALKED LIKE AN ORATOR

BUT THE PLAYER HE TRIED TO SILENCE WON OUT.

Orator Jim O'Rourke, who recently died at his home in Bridgeport, not only was given to sonorous sentences and sounding words when he made a speech in a baseball meeting, but even in ordinary conversation his language was grandiloquent. A story is told of a player who went to Orator Jim once upon a time when the veteran was president and manager of the Bridgeport club.

"Mr. O'Rourke," said the player, "Can I get a little advance money? I'm broke and I gotta have some coin."

Orator Jim twirled his mustache, looked the player over, took a pose and said something like this:

"The exigencies of the occasion and the condition of our exchequer will not permit anything of that sort at this period of our existence. Subsequent development in the field of finance may remove the present gloom and we may emerge into a condition where we will be enabled to see our way clear to reply in the affirmative to your exceedingly modest request. Understand, it is not our intention to in any way ignore your request. It is simply the extraordinary conditions that surround us at the present time. Pray with me that at a subsequent time I may, or rather that we may, be able to serve you."

And the player, undismayed and none abashed, answered:

"I don't know what you mean, but I don't want none of your horse talk. What I want is ten bones—give it to me in paper or silver, I don't care, but I want it right now and if I don't git it, the old moneky suit comes off and I don't play with your ball club."

Orator Jim looked at the player gravely for a minute, then smiled, dug deep and brought up the ten without further addresses.

Sporting Gossip

The Toronto Amateur Baseball Association refused the applications for reinstatement of Hill, Clarke and Pennock, local ball players now under the ban.

Coach "Joe" Wright of Toronto, in charge of the University of Pennsylvania crews, expects them to compete in five races this season, including the American Henley.

GOOD DIGESTION A GREAT BLESSING

AN ACUTE SUFFERER TELLS HOW SHE FOUND NEW HEALTH.

Very few people appreciate what good digestion means until they lose it. To be able to eat what you want and to properly digest it is a priceless blessing. But if you find that your digestion is in any way impaired you cannot afford to risk experiments by trying uncertain remedies. Strong medicines are hard on the stomach; pre-digested foods only aggravate the trouble. What is needed is a tonic that will so strengthen the stomach as to enable it to do its own work. There is no tonic for the stomach that is not at the same time tonic for every other part of the body. As the blood circulates through all the body an improvement in its condition quickly results in strengthening any weak organ. Rich red blood is absolutely necessary to good digestion. If your stomach is weak, if you are troubled with sour risings in your throat, a feeling of nausea after eating, pains or fluttering about the heart, try at once the true tonic treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. So many people have been helped by this treatment that every sufferer from indigestion should promptly try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among the many who rejoice in a renewed digestion through the use of this medicine is Mrs. William Dale, Midland, Ont., who says:—"I suffered for a long time from a severe form of indigestion, and had doctored so much without benefit that I had all but given up hope of getting better. Everything I ate caused me intense pain, and some days I did not touch a thing but a cup of cold water, and even that distressed me. As a result I was very much run down, and slept so poorly that I dreaded night coming on. I was actually growing worse instead of better. Having often read the cures made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I finally decided to give them a trial. I have had great cause to bless this decision for by the time I had used a couple of boxes there was no doubt the pills were helping me, and in less time than I had anticipated the pills had cured me, and I was again enjoying not only good digestion but better health in every way than before."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Canadiens Close Rivals of Ottawa

TONIGHT'S GAME AT MONTREAL MAY MARK GAP BETWEEN THEM.

Montreal, Feb. 8.—Never since the Canadien and Ottawa Hockey Clubs have been booked up in the same league has the contention between the two clubs been so close as in the present season. Tonight's game at the Jubilee Rink will mark the eighth meeting of the pair in the present marathon schedule and may afford an opportunity to one or the other to bring about a gap between their respective scoring records.

Three times have Canadiens beaten Ottawa this season and four times have Ottawa turned the tables on the Flying Frenchmen and emerged from the contest victors. And as though this in itself were not ample evidence of the closeness of the contention between the pair the actual scoring shows Ottawa one goal to the good, the sharpshooters from the Capital having rustled the Canadien twine 26 times while Lalonde's crew have beaten Benedict just once more for 27 goals.

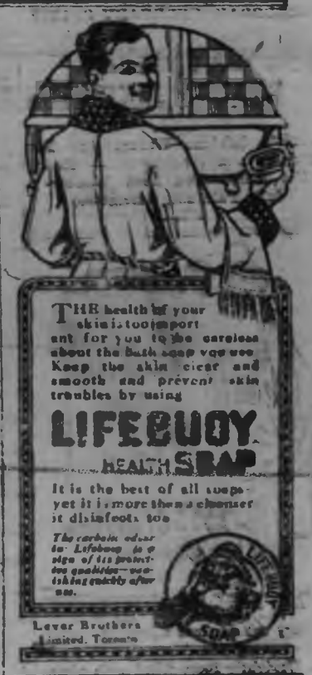
In the opening game of the season Ottawa took the measure of the Canadiens by a score of 5-2 at the Jubilee and again beat the Flying Frenchmen in the return game 7-2.

The next home game for Canadiens saw them break the ice against Ottawa by winning 5-2 which was followed by another win in the next game at Ottawa by 10-6. Following that Canadiens again beat Ottawa in Montreal by a score of 5-3 and the following week by 1-0 on local ice.

The game which was next scheduled brought the pair together at Ottawa when the Senators won by the odd goal in five after sixteen minutes heart-breaking over-time play.

Reduced to a summary these results are shown in the following table:

Dec. 21	...Canadiens	2	Ottawa	5
Jan. 2	...Canadiens	2	Ottawa	5
Jan. 4	...Canadiens	5	Ottawa	2
Jan. 16	...Canadiens	10	Ottawa	6
Jan. 18	...Canadiens	5	Ottawa	3
Jan. 25	...Canadiens	0	Ottawa	1
Jan. 30	...Canadiens	2	Ottawa	3
Total		26		27


THE health of your skin is too important for you to be careless about the bath soap you use. Keep the skin clear and smooth and prevent skin troubles by using
LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP
It is the best of all soaps yet it is more than a cleanser it disinfects too
The carbolic odour in Lifebuoy is a sign of its protective qualities—use it night and morning.
Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

Lakefield Wins From St. Luke's

Last night the hockey team of St. Luke's Church clashed with that of The Grove School, Lakefield, on the Mark street rink, and the visitors won from the local players by a score of 8 to 6.

After the game the boys of St. Luke's provided a supper for the visiting team, which was very much enjoyed by all the members.

The St. Luke's team lined up as follows: Goal, Ecobichon; defence, Curtis and Maniece; centre, Legon; right wing, Lipsett; left wing, Maniece; rover, Whittaker.

All of the tickets for the Dental-Tiger game tomorrow night at Toronto were disposed of yesterday morning. It is thought likely that the attendance records at the local Arena will be broken.

The F. R. J. MacPherson Co., Limited

MOVING

TO THEIR OWN NEW PREMISES

REMOVAL SALE

HAVING SECURED THE STORES AT NOS. 450-452 GEORGE STREET, NORTH OF BROCK STREET, WE INTEND MOVING AS SOON AS OUR NEW PREMISES ARE READY, AND IN ORDER TO REDUCE OUR STOCK AND MAKE IT EASIER WHEN MOVING DAY COMES, WE HAVE DECIDED TO PUT ON AN UNPRECEDENTED PRICE REDUCING REMOVAL SALE, STARTING SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, AND CONTINUING UNTIL DAY OF REMOVAL. THE FOLLOWING IS A PARTIAL LIST OF THE REDUCTIONS THAT WILL BE FOUND IN EVIDENCE THROUGHOUT THE DEPARTMENTS. TERMS CASH DURING THIS SALE.

STOVES, ETC.

1—5-year guaranteed Souvenir Steel Range with 20-inch oven and high closet. Worth $27.00 ..... For **$65.00**

1—5-year guaranteed Souvenir Cast Range with 18-inch oven and drop oven door, and high closet. Worth $78.50, for **$67.00**

1—Thrifty Souvenir Combination Coal and Gas Range, with high closet. Regular price $86.75 ..... For **$75.00**

3—KITCHEN HEATERS. Regular price $24.00. Removal Sale price **$19.25**

This is a small cook stove that you can set up beside your gas range and make a combination gas and coal range; and can be fitted with waterfront.

2—"Two in One" Combination Heater and Cook Stove. Regular $35.00. Sale price ... **$29.00**

1—"Dandy" Oak Heater with feeder and removable nickel ornaments. Worth $20, for **$15.00**

2—No. 3 Quebec Heaters, on feet, full brick lined, nickel plated bands. Worth $11.50, for **$7.00**

1—No. 33 Improved Quebec Heater, with triangular grate bars and ash pan, on feet. Regular $15.50, for **$11.50**

1—No. 3 Quebec Heater, plain, full brick lined, and ring lid on feet. Worth $12.50, for **$9.00**

Second Hand Ranges

We have a few SECOND-HAND RANGES and HEATERS in good condition that were taken in exchange for new stoves, which we will sell cheap during this sale.

House Furnishings

Cedar Oil Mops, regular $1.00, for .. 79c
Cedar Oil Polish, 4-oz. bottles for.. 10c
Cedar Oil Polish, 12-oz. bottles for.. 25c
Cedar Oil Polish, 1-qt. tins 50c
Chemically Treated Dust Mops, Worth $1.75, for $1.39
Chemically Treated Hand Dusters ... 20c
Stabrite Piano and Furniture Polish 19c

Paints Below Cost

Lowe Bros. high standard Paints at prices that will not be had again, as the manufacturers are reducing the range of shades. We have a considerable stock of the shades that are being eliminated and are placing them on sale at the following low prices:

Gallon Cans $2.90
Half-Gallon Cans $1.49
Quarts 79c
Pints 45c
Half Pints 25c

Regular paint stock shades at greatly reduced prices.

Varnish Stains, Varnish and Brushes all reduced.

Electrical Goods

Our entire stock of Electric Fixtures at per cent. discount off regular prices.

$5.00 Premier Iron for ... $4.25
$5.50 Premier Iron for ... $4.75
$6.00 Premier Iron for ... $5.50

$4.00 Electric Cookers and Heaters for, each **$3.25**

1—Portable Lamp, art glass panels, Sunray Bronze finish, two lights, 18-inch shade. Regular $18.00. For **$14.75**

1—Boudoir Lamp, art glass panels, newest finish. Regular $9.00 ... For **$7.25**

1—Table Lamp, with square art glass shade; Statuary Bronze finish. Regular $8.00. Sale price **$6.50**

Economy Steam Radiators

No. 15. Regular $29.00, for ... $25.00
No. 18. Regular $31.50, for ... $27.00
No. 22. Regular $34.50, for ... $29.00

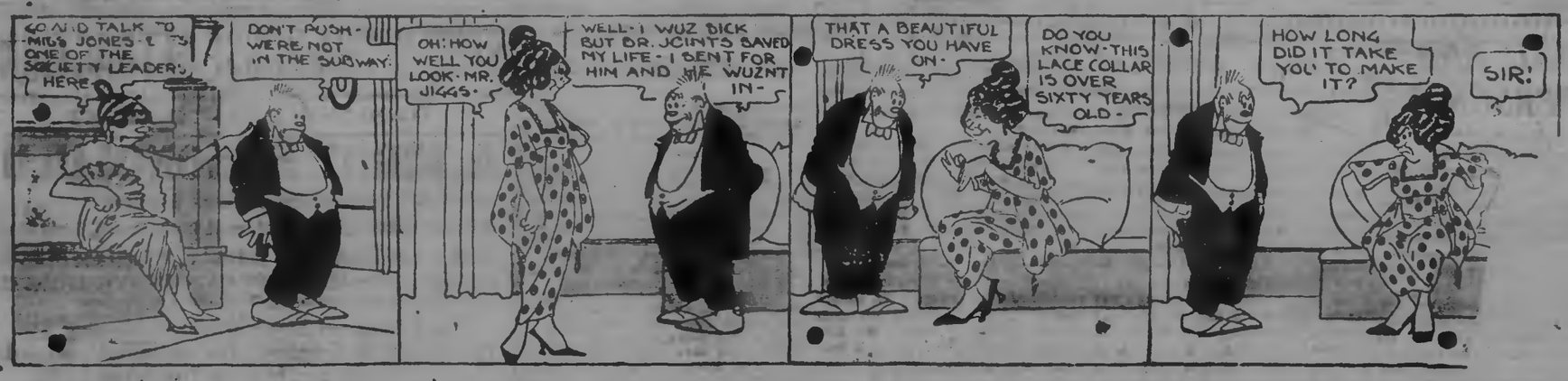
500—Tinted Electric Shades, in pink, green, amber, blue and red. Worth 35c. Removal Sale price .. **23c** Each .....

100—Square Frosted Shades. Regular 40c. Removal Sale price.. **35c** Each .....

75—Square Etched and Hand Decorated in delicate colorings. Regular 75c. Removal Sale price **49c**

176-178 SIMCOE STREET

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS


COULD TALK TO MRS JONES-I'M ONE OF THE SOCIETY LEADERS HERE
DON'T PUSH-WE'RE NOT IN THE SUBWAY.
OH! HOW WELL YOU LOOK-MR. JIGGS-
WELL-I WUZ SICK BUT DR. JOINTS SAVED MY LIFE-I SENT FOR HIM AND HE WUZNT IN-
THAT A BEAUTIFUL DRESS YOU HAVE ON-
DO YOU KNOW-THIS LACE COLLAR IS OVER SIXTY YEARS OLD-
HOW LONG DID IT TAKE YOU TO MAKE IT?
SIR!

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

LOCAL JUNIORS LOSE GRIP ON GROUP CHAMPIONSHIP

Beaten by Midgets at Lindsay Last Night by Score of 17—2—Result of Game a Surprise to Both Sides.

The unexpected happened at Lindsay last night when Peterborough Juniors lost out on the round by a majority score of 6. The game, which was the second and final of the home and home contests for the group championship, went to the Midgets by a count of 17 to 2, and Peterborough's hopes for the semi-finals disappeared in smoke.

With a lead of six goals the Petes went to Lindsay last night full of confidence that they would at least capture the group title. They were by no means sure of beating their rivals in the game, but felt that with half a dozen scores salted down they would have little difficulty in keeping the tally within safe bounds, but things turned out differently and as a result the Juniors are out of the race.

It is difficult to account for the startlingly different showing made by Peterborough in the two recent games. On Wednesday night they passed up the group title when it had been handed to them as a result of a technicality, which justified such an action and chose like true sportsmen to run their chances of victory or defeat upon the ice. In one of the finest games ever played in this city by a junior hockey team they wrested the Midgets and placed six scores to their credit. Last night in Lindsay with the same lines-up on both sides the Petes were handed one of the most unmerciful defeats imaginable.

Peterborough's goal tender was a weak man in last night's battle. The Lindsay fans had packed the rink and their rooters had obtained every noise producing instrument imaginabe from an auto claxon to a brass band and Peterborough's net sguardian let them get his nerve at the beginning of the game.

The Rink Out of Date.

Lindsays rink handicapped the locals considerably. It is one of those built prior to 1905 which does not measure up to the standard required as regards size. Used to playing upon a large sheet of ice, the Petes did not feel at home last night and made a comparatively poor showing.

The first period was a battle rajal from start to finish. The teams at that time seemed to be well balanced and the Petes made the first score of the night. Things looks promising up to the end of this spasm in spite of the fact that the Midgets succeeded in tying the score towards the end of it.

As the second period progressed Peterborough's lead began to melt away like snow in an August sun. Park scored again for the home sextet, but the Midgets sent seven balls past our pet guardian and when the gong sounded the round was tied, standing 8-8.

It was at this time that the eighty or ninety local fans who had accompanied their team to Lindsay, began to lose hope in the result. In the final spell the Petes went to pieces completely and allowed their rivals to run up a count of 9.

Play in the first period was as fast as that of the game staged here on Wednesday night. The Petes were right up on the Midgets all the time and kept the puck hovering about their nets incessantly. Parkes scored soon after play began and in spite of the hard work of the Lindsay team they were unable t oget the disc into the nets until the period was nearly up when Killen was successful.

In the second spasm Peterborough did not get off to a good start. Wilford scored for Lindsay soon after the bell rang and about three minutes later Green landed another goal for his team, which was followed almost immediately by a third talley for the Midgets, the credit for which goes to Wilford. Shortly afterwards Wilford again found the Petes' nets and after several unsuccessful attempts, Park succeeded in netting the only additional goal that Peterborough was destined to get. Garnett and Killen tallied, in close succession for Lindsay, and just before the gong sounded Green shot from the side and the puck glanced from the skate of one of the Petes, lodging in the nets.

From the standpoint of Peterborough the story of the finish is like a bad dream. Frostie was hurt soon after the scratch off and was out of the game for a few minutes. Garnet scored for Lindsay and soon after Wilford made a long shot at the Petes' netes, which got by Flowers, who from that time on seemed to lose his nerve completely. The Petes became discouraged and the remainder of the game was played almost entirely in their end of the rink. The Midgets kept smashing through their defence and every shot told. Garnet Killen and Wilford each tallied for Lindsay in close succession and then after a few minutes during which the Petes rushed the push almost into their nets, the duo repeated their performance. The two last counts of the game were made by Green and Killen.

The last period was a walk over for the Midgets as the Petes had lost all heart in the contest and were making no attempt to turn the tide.

Some Rough Work.

The play was not as clean as that of the game here, on Wednesday night and several of the Petes were hurt slightly, and at the last Park, who had been going strong all through, had his knee badly sprained. In the first period Kelly, Green and Killen of the Midgets were penalized, while Cherrett of the Petes was once.

Garnett, Wilford and Killen starred for the Midgets in last night's contest. The Lindsay sextet got away to a good beginning when they tied the game score in the first period and were as full of "pep" at the finish as when they first took the ice.

The Petes had hoped to rush things in the first spell and play a defensive game towards the last, holding down their score. The result of the initial spasm was not encouraging and had a great deal to do with their defeat.

Jerry Coughlin, the Petes' trainer, had a good team, and his coaching was excellent. His advice last night as regarded the play was good, and his men did their best to carry it out but were handicapped by the knowledge that the Lindsay fans had put their goal tender's wind up and consequently they were forced to play a cover-up game from the start. Under these conditions when once the Midgets got the lead, it was almost impossible to turn the tables.

Cherrett played well last night and showed no signs of discouragement even after his team had blown-up and were completely out-of luck.

Park scored the only two goals for the Petes and he worked hard all night. His jinx was still after him, however, and he was hurt twice, the second time painfully.

Frostie attempted to rush the defence of the Midgets several times, but without his usual success. Williams was following the rubber all the time, while Haggerman, Gerard and Gillepie worked hard to turn the scale in favor of Peterborough.

In looking back upon the record of the local Junior team the fans in this city have nothing to be ashamed of in their performance. In Lindsay the impression was generally held that the Petes would now regret their action in passing up the chance of obtaining the group title when it was handed to them as a result of Lindsay's default in the first contest of the round. This is not the case, and the Petes' reason for playing the game like the good sports they are, should not be attributed to the fear of losing the gate receipts on Wednesday night as was the impression in Lindsay.

Had they decided to abide by the referee's perpectly just decision upon that occasion they would have entered the semi-finals and the first match with Belleville would have been held in this city and would have netted the locals a bigger gate receipt than that which came their way as a result of the last game played here.

Scores by Periods.

—First Period—

1.—Peterborough—Park.
2.—Lindsay—Garnett.

—Second Period—

3.—Lindsay—Wilford.
4.—Lindsay—Green.
5.—Lindsay—Wilford.
6.—Lindsay—Wilford.
7.—Peterborough—Park.
8.—Lindsay—Garnett.
9.—Lindsay—Kelly.
10.—Lindsay—Green.

—Third Period—

11.—Lindsay—Garnett.
12.—Lindsay—Wilford.
13.—Lindsay—Garnett.
14.—Lindsay—Killen.
15.—Lindsay—Wilford.
16.—Lindsay—Garnett.
17.—Lindsay—Wilford.
18.—Lindsay—Green.
19.—Lindsay—Killen.

The teams lined up in the following manner:

Lindsay—Oliver, goal; Garnett, Green, defence; Kelly, centre; Killen, right wing; Wilford, left wing; Bell and Stoddard, subs.

Peterboro—Flowers, goal; Frost and Gerard, defence; Cherrett, centre; Park, right wing; Hagerman, l. wing; Williams and Gillespie, subs.

MICHIGAN TO BE IN NEW LEAGUE

Brantford, Feb. 7.—According to an announcement made here by President T. J. Nelson of the Brantford Baseball Club, three Michigan cities were assured for the reorganized Canadian League circuit. Flint and Lansing have been lined up by "Knotty" Lee. Another large city is also in line and an announcement will be made when grounds are secured, for which a deal is now under way. "Mickey" Lalonge, the former catcher of the Toronto Leafs, has applied for the job of Manager of the Brantford team.

HOW BOYD, AN OLD TIMER, WON FAME AS JUMPER

This Famous Sprinter's Star Jump Was a Leap Across the Welland Canal With the Population of Merriton in Angry Pursuit—Boyd Talked Too Much.

Jo Loomis, Middle West sprinter and jumper, has been a sensation from the fact that he could both jump and run in championship form. Jo has nothing on Billy Boyd, old-time foot racer, although Jo's jumping was not enforced as was Billy's.

Boyd's most famous jump was a leap across the Welland canal with half the population of Merriton in hot and angry pursuit. The canal was 20 feet wide and for a time it looked as if there was nothing for Boyd to do except surrender to the mercy of the howling crowd at his heels. He didn't, and therein lies the fact that Boyd established a reputation as a jumper as well as a sprinter.

Merriton is a little Canadian town with flanks resting on the banks of the Welland canal. This part of Canada always has been noted for the production of athletes. As a result any one who could show he was a champion as a near-champion at any popular sport was sure of a big following and the best of treatment. For the most part the people are of Scotch descent and the Caledonian pastimes were and are exceedingly popular.

Billy Boyd drifted into Merriton one afternoon early in May, when the athletes of the town and their neighboring countrymen were busily preparing for the big meet to be held on the queen's birthday, May 24, a national holiday. There were all sorts of games, but the principal events of the carnival was the 100-yard dash.

Big Squad Enters Race.

The fastest runners from that section of Canada were entered, and as these sprinters had provincial reputations, interest in the race was correspondingly great. So many entries had been received that it was found necessary to divide the field into two groups and run off preliminary heats in the morning of the day of the race.

Boyd got busy at once. Any runner was eligible, as the promoters were not particular about professionals and amateurs in those days. Boyd soon succeeded in making a hit with the fans around Merriton and his workouts attracted more than the usual attention. It had been years since Merriton had boasted a sprinter who could hold his own with dash men from other towns. Consequently the advent of Boyd, who adopted the name of Cassidy, together with a rich brogue, was hailed with satisfaction by the citizens who at last had a chance to put something over on the rival villages.

Boyd used to tell the fans how he had won hundreds of races in Ireland before coming over a few months before, and that he expected to clean up everything in Canada. The fans who saw him in his workouts didn't doubt his word for an instant.

The betting as usual, began as soon as it was noticed about that at last Merriton had a runner who would be able to do things in the century. There was not a great deal of money put up until the day of the race, as residents from other towns and villages wished to see the touted Merriton runner perform in the preliminaries before they placed their bets. What they saw was enough to turn them cold, for Boyd romped through his heat with such ridiculous ease that he made a farce out of the race, although he was pitted against some of the best dash men in that section.

Betting All On Boyd.

Billy's opponent in the final heat was a youngster from across the border, as only winners of the two preliminary heats qualified for the final. Those who had seen both races did not think the youngster had one chance in a thousand to beat Boyd. The betting stopped completely for a time and the fans from Merriton were loud in their taunts at the sports from other villages who were seemingly afraid to take a chance.

The odds went up until Boyd ruled a 4-to-1 favorite. Still there were no takers. Then 5 to 1 was reached. The only one of the visitors to become angry at the taunts of the Merriton people was a sandy-haired, elderly sport who came forward with a roll of bills and began to peel off tens and twenties for the various bets which were showered at him. He took all the money offered until there was $1,500 against his $300, almost the whole male population of Merriton getting down on Boyd.

After the usual warming up stunts, the runners were sent on their way to a perfect start. Of course, Boyd didn't win. His opponent beat him so badly that after the first force of the blow had passed the crowd got wise. The sandy-haired chap who got the money was Boyd's friend. Boyd didn't even turn back to explain, but kept right on running at an even faster clip than in the race.

After him chased the crowd to little purpose, as the sprinter rapidly drew away in the direction of the bridge over the Welland canal, which would allow him to escape to the open country where he had a team waiting to convey him to a safe point. However, Boyd didn't happen to have the right of way at that particular hour of the day, as the bridge had been swung open to permit a large barge to pass. He seemed up against it. The pursuing mob realized his predicament almost as soon a Boyd did and redoubled its efforts to reach him.

A Leap for Life.

Boyd looked up and down the bank, but escape was cut off in either direction. The lock was over 20 feet wide, but Billy made up his mind to take the chance. Retreating about 20 yards, he got his start and made the flying leap to safety. He landed close to the farther bank and was able to grasp the stonework and haul himself out of the water while the disappointed mob, foiled in the attempt to capture the "ringer," hurled stones at him.

The spot where Boyd made his jump was called "Boyd's Leap" for a number of years afterward, but little foot racing was done in the town of Merriton afterward unless the principals were known.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

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Cutting and Splitting Extra

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Also Egg Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

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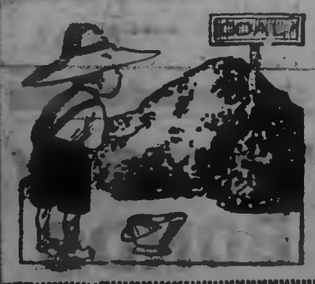

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These pure hop and malt brews are really delightful,—the triumph of 60 years' experience. One trial will convince you.

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

LADIES' AUXILIARY

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the G. W. V. will meet at the club rooms on Monday night, at 8 o'clock.

AT HOME

An at home will be held in St Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday evening February 10, at 8.30 sharp. Cards dancing and refreshments. First prize a large goose.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McIlmoyl, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

LEHIGH COAL

All sizes No. 1 Lehigh Hard Coal now in stock, at J. E. A. Fitzgerald's, Phone 111.

VALENTINE TEA

The Fraser Auxiliary of the W. M. S. of St. Paul's Church, will hold a Valentine Tea in the Guild room of the Church on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 15th.

"HERE AND THERE IN OLD LONDON"

What are the ladies of Trinity Church doing now?

Why they are giving another Cafeteria Tea.

When? Feb. 14th, commencing 5 p.m.

Where? Trinity Church basement, south entrance.

Programme, best yet!

Illustrated travel talk on "Old London," Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

PROGRESSIVE EUCHRE ON ST. VALENTINE'S DAY

A Progressive Euchre, under the auspices of St. Peter's Ladies' Aid, will take place on St. Valentine's evening, Feb. 14th, in St. Alphonsus Lyceum. First, second and third prize for ladies, also for gentlemen. First-class lunch served, to commence at 8 o'clock sharp. Please be on time.

SECRETARY, K. C.

OPENING FOR GOOD MAN

A good opening for a live life insurance salesman with an old established company, opening branch offices in Peterboro.

Replies treated with confidence. Apply—

A. J. McCLELLAN
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BASKET SOCIAL AND CONCERT

Prize given Wednesday evening, Feb. 12th, by Nassau L. O. L., No. 457, Basket Social and special Concert. Free busses leave Post Office at 7.30 p.m.

LOW BEAUCHAMP LECTURE

The third attraction of the Redpath Lyceum Series to be given in the Conservatory Hall, Thursday evening, Feb. 13.

VALENTINE MASQUERADE BALL

Valentine Masquerade Ball, under auspices of L. O. B. A., No. 344, in Victoria Hall, Friday, February 14th, 1919. Good orchestra. Admission 50c.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

PEARCE—LOCKHART

A pretty event took pace Monday, Jan. 20th, when Miss Daisy Lockhart, of Regina, formerly of Peterborough, was united in marriage to Edgar Thomas Pearce, of Creelman, Sask. The bride was becomingly attired in a dress of navy blue broadcloth.

After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. J. W. Davidson, of the Rae Street Methodist Church, the happy couple, who were the recipients of many valuable and useful presents, left on the afternoon train amid showers of confetti for Alberta and points west, followed by the good wishes of their many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearce, after a short trip, will be at home to their many friends after Feb. 1st.

Mrs. William Sandiford, new Romaine street, leaves today for a two months' visit with friends in Toronto and St. Catharines.

Capt. James Lockhart, R. A. F., came down from Toronto to attend the Peterborough Club dance and is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Robertson, city.

Jane Ferner is the guest of Mrs. Robert Harstone, Water street, and attended the ball given by the Peterboro clup last evening.

Mr. John Crane left today for Clifton Springs to spend the week-end with Mrs. Crane.

Major Garnet Greer, M.C., leaves on Sunday night to return to France to resume his duties at the front.

Mr. Guy Knight, of Delora, is visiting in town and attended the Peterboro club dance.

Mr. V. J. McElderry was called away to Guelph by the death of his uncle.

Lieut. W. Eastwood, of Toronto, was in the city for the Peterboro club dance.

Capt. Vincent Eastwood, M.C., came down from Toronto for the dance at the Peterboro club last evening.

Miss Crisko, of Winnipeg, who is taking a course at Hark School, Toronto, is a week-end visitor of Mrs. Aylmer, Weller street.

Miss Powers, Toronto, is spending a few weeks with Mrs. F. W. Trebilcock, city.

NOTICE TO ALL NON-UNION LABORERS

The International Hod Carriers, Builders and Common Laborers' Union, local 437, will hold an open meeting on Monday, Feb. 10th, at the Trades and Labor Hall, at 8 o'clock. Mr. John A. Flatt, general organizer, American Federation of Labor, will address the meeting, assisted by several members of the Trades and Labor Council. All laborers interested in this Union kindly attend.

L. RILEY, President.

NOTICE

A meeting of superintendent and teachers of various Sunday Schools in the city will be held in Murray Street Baptist Church school room at 4.15, Sunday afternoon, Feb. 9th, to make arrangements for the Annual Convention, to be held in this city on Sunday and Monday, March 2nd and 3rd. A full attendance is requested

Eskimo Kayak.

One of the oddest crafts ever seen near Provincetown, Mass., was the Eskimo kayak, in which Explorer Donald B. MacMillan paddled about. The kayak is a man's canoe and is built on a frame on which is stretched skin, water tight. It is handled with a double paddle, is decked over, and, with an expert in it, is one of the safest small craft known.

Success Came Late in Life.

Among the small group of brilliant women journalists of the last century Fanny Fern stands out as a unique figure. For, although she was married and widowed before she ever attempted to write, she became one of the most popular authors of the day, and her first book sold to the extent of 132,000—almost a record for those days.

The Snake's Rattle.

The rattle of the rattlesnake is developed from the single conicle scale of epidermal spine, which in most snakes forms the internal tegument of the anal. The bone on which the roof of the rattle rests consists of the last caudal vertebra and is covered with a cone which is the beginning of the rattle of a young rattlesnake.

Annual Dance of Peterboro Club

The dance given by the Peterborough Club last night was the most brilliant society function of the year in Peterborough. It was held in their spacious club rooms and there were over 225 in attendance.

Excellent music was furnished by Linton's orchestra of Toronto and a dainty supper was served by Mr. Ernest Withers, steward of the club.

A most enjoyable evening was spent in dancing and at the card tables, everything combining to make the function a most pleasing one, from the luxurious apartments to the excellent supper and music.

Those in charge of the entertainment were:

Patronesses: Mrs. C. C. Abbott, Mrs. W. H. Bradburn, Mrs. W. H. Dunsford, Mrs. V. Eastwood, Mrs. J. E. L. Goodwill, Mrs. R. R. Hall, Mrs. R. Harstone, Mrs. G. W. Hatton, Mrs. A. L. Killaly, Mrs. T. F. Matthews, Mrs. E. G. Patterson, Mrs. W. J. Thompson, Mrs. D. Walker.

Members of the Educational Committee: Mr. John Crane, Mr. Roland Denne, Mr. J. W. Fraser, Mr. A. L. Killaly, Mr. A. F. Knight, Mr. Reid Munro, Mr. F. L. Roy, Mr. E. J. Vanstone, Mr. C. H. Pennefather (chairman).

CHARMING IRISH DRAMA AT GRAND

BERNARD DALY AND COMPETENT COMPANY PRESENT "SWEET INNISFALLEN."

Bernard Daly, the popular Irish actor, and famous singer with a competent cast, presented the romantic Irish drama, "Sweet Innisfallen," at the Grand Opera House last night to an appreciative audience. The story of the play is an interesting and deep laid plot by one of the alien parasites that fatten the misfortunes of the natives and who breeds contention among them. Mr. Daly, as Larry O'Connell, the hero, is charged with the duty of saving a man wrongfully accused of murder and of uncovering the schemes of the arch villain. Interest in the play never fags from start to finish, and Mr. Daly incidentally sings during the performance popular Irish songs, including "The Wearin' O' the Green" and the "Call of the Wind." Irish songs are always touching and Ireland is the one country in the world where love making has attained the highest perfection of art, both natural characteristics being brought out in the presentation last night. Once more it was demonstrated by Mr. Daly that the Irishman is the only stage character who can become amorous without growing "spooney."

Mr. Daly was supported by an excellent cast, among whom were Charles H. Elwood, as the heavy villain, Miss Donna Bartlett, as Grace Moore, around whom the matrimonal plot is woven and Mr. Charles Terrance, who plays the part of the pompous and pedantic attorney to perfection.

The Sunday night service in Trinity afternoon and evening is "A Night in Honolulu," another of those charming stories of Hawaii, the "Paradise of the Pacific," with a band of native musicians and dancers.

Picture-Transmitting Set.

An apparatus for transmitting pictures electrically is among the latest scientific toys. It is described and illustrated in Popular Mechanics Magazine. The sending and receiving instruments are synchronized by a steel rod, although another system may be used for longer-range work. A photograph must first be reproduced on a copper plate, which is rolled over the cylindrical plates of the sending machine. A needle held against it travels from one end of the roll to the other, and the picture is reproduced on paper at the other end of the line.

Most Primitive Still.

Probably the most primitive still in use is that used by the Chinese in the distillation of camphor, which is said, however to be very effective. The leaves are placed in a wicker basket, which is fixed over an iron caldron containing water. On the top of the basket a basin of cold water is placed. The steam from the caldron passes through the leaves of the basket and carries over the camphor vapor, which is deposited in the form of camphor on the cool under surface of the basin

Rhubarb Useful to Gardeners.

Rhubarb, apart from its usefulness, has values for its beauty. The giant Chinese variety, with its enormous leaves, is often employed by landscape gardeners to produce bold sub-tropical effects; nor do they always disdain the charms of the more modest pie-plant itself, of which the tall, graceful spikes of white flowers and large leaves, deeply veined and stained, are as certainly handsome as the succulent stalks are palatable.

Up to the Standard.

People who go in for speed records are not as wise as they think they are; speed without accuracy is of no avail. True, time is at a premium in every line these days, and we should not under any circumstances waste a minute unnecessarily. But if we aren't sure about any phase of our work we must take sufficient time to go into it and not skip on chance to help us where we cannot possibly help ourselves.

WAS AFRAID TO GO ON TOP OF HOUSE

PAINTER WAS SO WEAK COULD HARDLY WALK—GAINS TWENTY POUNDS TAKING TANLAC.

"I will cheerfully tell anyone, who is looking for something to build them up, that Tanlac certainly brought me out of the kinks," was the characteristic statement made by John A. Meyers, house painter and decorator of Reardan, Washington, while in Murgottroyd's at Spokane, recently.

"I can't say that I suffered any particular pain," he continued. "I just had no appetite and got into a terribly run down condition. I believe I could have gone a week without feeling hungry. What little I did eat was forced down and seemed to do me no good, as I lost weight and strength all the time. I had gotten down to almost skin and bones and was so weak that I was actually afraid to go up on a house to paint. My energy all left me and I had gotten to where I couldn't hold out to do a whole day's work.

"I had read about Tanlac being fine for people in a run-down condition, and I now know for myself, for it has put me in shape to where I have already gained twenty pounds. And speaking of appetites, I've got the best one I ever had. Meal-times come too slow for me and when they do get around I hardly know when to quit eating. I have gotten my strength and energy back, too, and now I can do as much work as any man my age. I had been losing ground two or three years and nothing ever hit the spot until I got Tanlac, so it certainly is the medicine for me."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. H. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Soap Economy.

New soap is about the most extravagant thing there is. If you possibly can, buy a dozen bars at a time. Cut it up at once into one and one-half-inch thick blocks. Store these in a very dry, rather warm cupboard, piling them up after the fashion of a child building bricks, i. e., so that they practically do not touch each other. They will then dry and harden right through, and while the cleansing power of the soap will be in no way diminished it will last twice as long.

Accuracy Always Valued.

We all admire the thorough, painstaking person, for the reason that we know such persons place the right kind of an estimate on accuracy. True, they may not be singled out as having attained any speed records, but that fact gives us absolutely no concern. We believe in them because we know that they may in every situation be relied upon and we go our way happy in the knowledge that work turned out by such persons will fully "measure up."

In Every Profession.

Not all the quacks practice medicine. There are a few of them in every other calling.—Topeka Capital.

Daily Thought.

The noblest mind the best contentment has.—Spenser.

NEWEST FASHIONS ARE CHIC

Late Styles Are Regarded as More Practical Than They Have Been in Recent Years.

Taking it all in all, the new fashions are more attractive and at the same time more practical than they have been in years. Here are a few salient characteristics:

Belts are either soft and draped or flat and straight. One Paris frock has a belt made of a strip of inch-wide braid with the ends crossed and falling in short tubs. The most graceful sash is of satin, with fringed ends.

The new color is henna, sometimes called rust color. All the browns will be fashionable and certain shades of green. Gray is much liked for street costumes and taupe and gray make a smart combination. Every other dinner gown is black.

A yard and twelve inches will be enough width for the full skirt—if one wishes to be extremely smart. More conservative taste may increase the width as far as a yard and three-quarters—no more than that is permitted by fashion.

Sleeves must be tight as one can stand them, with small armholes and the wrist provided with buttons and loops or other fastening devices, so that one may get into the sleeve without a struggle.

MILLINERY HINTS

Although one occasionally sees a bright red or horizon blue hat, this fall it is the fur tones, brown and gray, that lead in millinery. This means a range of some extent, for the brown furs are rather numerous and there are several shades in the gray grouping. Sometimes a feather fancy in contrasting shade is used for trimming, but more often the one color scheme is maintained.

Fringed silk ribbon is the trimming novelty and on some of the models from Paris it resembles an ostrich feather band.

The minimum of trimming is the rule and often a narrow band of grosgrain ribbon is the sole decoration on a turban or sailor shape of velvet, velour or hatter's plush.

Handkerchief Fad.

A dainty handkerchief has one corner cut off and remade by a triangle of white net on which is one's monogram.

One Way of Escape.

"A woman marries a man who got up and gave her his seat in a street car." Then the only way for a man to escape is to poke his nose into his newspaper when he hears the rustle of a skirt near his car seat.

Source of Amber and Jade.

It is at the source of the Chindwen, or western branch of the Irrawaddy, that the famous amber and jade mines are which have supplied China with those much-prized stones for centuries.

Farm Stock Sales
—BY—
R. H. ALFORD

Friday, February 14
Sale of Real Estate and Household Furniture, property of Mr. Helps, Warsaw.

Monday, February 17
Sale of Farm stock and Implements, property of Mr. Ernie Stevens, Smith.

Tuesday, February 18
Farm Stock and Implements, property of Mr. Joseph Nichols, Smith.

Thursday, February 20
Farm Stock and Implements, property of Mr. Bert Allen, Smith.

Tuesday, February 25
Farm Stock and Implements, property of Mr. Geo. Johnston, Smith.

Wednesday, March 5
Farm Stock and Implements, property of Mr. James Miller, Smith.

FARMS FOR SALE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT—8.15—TO-NIGHT

A NIGHT IN HONOLULU

By Howard McKent Barnes

A Feast of Joy—Full of Interest Romance & Laughter

Come and Hear the latest Hawaiian Music

By THE IMPERIAL NATIVE HAWAIIAN QUARTETTE
Especially Engaged for this Production

A Gorgeous Scenic Display—Showing the Volcano in Eruption—The Beautifull Wisteria Garden—The Great Fire Scene

PRICES—50c—75c—$1.00 GALLERY 25c

Monday, Feb. 10. Special Big Picture Program
FEATURE PICTURE
MAE MURRAY In "MODERN LOVE"
Great Railroad Drama "THE FAST MAIL"
2-Reel Alice Howell Comedy "IN DUTCH"
SCREEN TELEGRAM — —NO VAUDEVILLE
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

A DRAMA OF JUSTICE TO THE WAR BABY — A COMMONSENSE DEFENSE OF WAR MOTHERS

A LITTLE MOTHER

A PLAY THAT YOU CAN TAKE YOUR WIFE, MOTHER, SISTER OR SWEETHEART TO SEE

ENDORSED BY LEADING WOMENS CLUBS WHENEVER PRESENTED

Tues. & Wed.
Special Mat Wed 2.30

Special Engaged for Canadian Tour

Oscar O'Shea
(An Old Peterboro Boy)
in the LEADING MALE ROLE

Matinee ..... 25c and 50c
Evening 50c, 75c, $1.00
Gallery 25c

Signers of the Declaration.

The American Declaration of Independence was signed by every member of the continental congress that made it. There were three signers from New Hampshire, five from Massachusetts, two from Rhode Island, four from Connecticut, four from New York, five from New Jersey, three from Delaware, nine from Pennsylvania, four from Maryland, seven from Virginia, three from North Carolina, four from South Carolina and three from Georgia.

Linked France and Scotland.

The small border, or treasure, which surrounds the arms of Scotland in the British coat of arms is the emblem of preservation or protection. A legend states that the border was given to Achaius, king of the Scots, by Charlemagne as a pledge that the French lilies should defend the Scottish lion. The significance of this flea in the design of the border, which is composed of fleur-de-lis.

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Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, store, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

Tenders for Ashes

Sealed tenders, addressed Ald. J. Hamilton, Chairman, Property Committee, and endorsed "Tender for Ashes," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m., on

Friday, the 14th day of February, 1919 for the ashes from the Incinerator for the period from March 1st, 1919, to February 28th, 1920. Particulars may be obtained from the Sanitary Inspector. A cash deposit or accepted bank cheque for the amount of the tender must accompany each tender and will be retained as payment in advance from the person whose tender is accepted. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

PORTER S. WHITE Co.

SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIALS

Try Our Own Blends of Tea and Coffee

CEREAL SPECIALS		**SPECIAL LINES**	
10 lbs. Rolled Oats	63c	Tadley's Oat Cakes, pkg.	15c
6 lbs. Wheatlets, very choice	49c	Tadley's Rich Walnut, Cherry, Sultana and Silver Cake, by the pound. Try these and test their fine quality.	
CANNED FRUIT SPECIAL		**FRUITS**	
Dawson Plums ..... 4 tins	54c	Sunkist Seedless Oranges, extra quality, dozen	50c
CEREALS		Florida Grape Fruit, heavy and juicy 2 for 25c, 4 for 35c, 4 for 45c	
Shredded Wheat, 5 pkgs.	69c	British Columbia Apples by the box or box.	
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 5 pkgs.	69c	**SUGAR SPECIAL**	
Quaker Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs.	25c	1 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar	89c
Post Toasties, 2 pkgs.	27c	**SYRUPS**	
CANNED VEGETABLES		Ly White Syrup, 5 lb. tin	59c
Clark's Pork and Beans in tomato sauce, tin	20c	Lyle's Syrup—	
Pumpkin, 2 tins	25	5 lb. tin	85c
Standard Peas, 4 tins	5f	10 lb. tin	$1.00
Choice Tomatoes, tin	20	20 lb. tin	$1.99
SUNDRIES		Diamond Crystal, 2 lb. tin	30c
Pearline, package	7	Table Syrup, in bottles	45c
Star Ammonia (none better) 3 pkgs.	25c	Maple Syrup, in bottles	60c
Comfort Soap, 9 bars for	69c	**DRIED FRUIT**	
Lifebuoy Soap, 4 bars for	30c	Seedless Raisins, pkg.	15c
White Swan Baking Powder, 1lb. tin	24c	Stewed Figs, lb.	28c
Holly's Prepared Rice and Milk, tin		Prunes, 2 lbs. for	25c
Japan Rice, 4 lbs. for	40	Bleached Sultanas, lb.	23c

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Part or fully paid.

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Hughson Johnstone

Peterboro Security Co.

PHONE 256. 421 GEORGE ST.

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fine and moderately cold. Tuesday—Southerly winds, fair and becoming milder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

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MILLION AND HALF WORKERS TO TREAT WITH EMPLOYERS

Various Trade Unionists Are Likely to Get What They Asked For and Will Return to Work—Strike on Clyde is Expected to be Settled by Wednesday.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 10.—Miners, railway and transport workers numbering 1,500,000 today began a campaign for reforms. A committee of the Miners Federation was to meet the Government leaders to ask for a six-hour day, a thirty per cent. increase in wages and full pay to demobilized miners during unemployment.

Railway workers will open negotiations Wednesday with the Board of Trade and the Government Railway Committee, on behalf of an eight-hour day, double pay for overtime and other concessions.

The transport workers' committee is ready to report to the union that the employers offer forty six and one half hours' working week.

Electricians are balloting this week in a proposition to enforce the demand for a forty-hour week.

London underground railways, which were tied up the most of last week because of strikes were running on the normal schedules at noon. On the Clyde fifty per cent. of the workers resumed work today. All men are expected to be back at work Wednesday.

Ministers and Laymen Join in Protest

The Ministerial Association held the mot largely attended meeting of the year this morning, the essayist being Mr. W. R. Breyfogle, whose subject was "Business Methods in the Church of Christ." The subject was dealt with in all of its aspects, and the half hour occupied was voted one of the most enjoyable and profitable in the series now in progress as a part of the association program.

Before any one of the ministers had retired and after most careful discussion, the following resolution was unanimously adopted by a standing vote and ordered to be reported in the daily press:

"Resolved, that this association expresses its regret that this city has at the present time no branch of the Social Service Council, especially in view of the fact that during recent weeks plays have been staged in our midst which, in the opinion of many of our most broad-minded and sane men, have been offensive to the moral instincts of both men and women.

"That we further urgently request that the societies in this city so worthily engaged in work for the Empire and humanity, shall in the future be most careful not to encourage any itinerant propagandist who must depend upon the use of our young people for the success of his questionable productions."

POLAND, TOO, FEELS STRAIN OF THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

Premier Paderewski Says That His Country Ha Reached First Rung in Ladder of Freedom—Shipping Facilities Necessary in Order th Reduce Cost of Foodstuffs.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 10.—"Poland has reached the first rung in the ladder of freedom," Ignace Jan Paderewski, Premier and Foreign Minister, said in a statement today. "The union of all parties in Poland," he added, "was shown by the result of the elections, and by the fact that the elections were conducted p[illegible]ably.

"One of the first of our needs is the opening of the port of Dansig so that we will be able to bring in products to lower the terrific cost of living. To bring in products would automatically decrease the cost in the local markets,' said the Premier.

Premier Paderewski is bearing up well under the tremendous strain of the last two months. He lives at the Hotel Bristol, of which he is part owner with Madame Paderewski.

SHORT SHRIFT FOR ALIEN AGITATORS

UNITED STATES IS DEPORTING MEMBERS OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Feb. 10. — Fifty-four members of the Industrial Workers of the World passed through Chicago last night in a special train under a heavy guard on their way to an Atlantic port, whence it is said they will be deported at once by the immigration authorities. Forty of the prisoners came direct from Seattle, where, it is alleged, they took part in fomenting the general strike in that city.

The majority of the men were alien labor agitators picked up by officers of the United States immigration service during the year of secret campaigning in the industrial centres of the Pacific coast. The majority of the prisoners will be sent back to Russian provinces. They are principally Norwegians, Swedes and Finns, according to the guards on the train.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

Food Controller Thompson Says the Outlook is Bright.

Ottawa, Feb. 10. — Mr. Henry B. Thomson, in the dual capacity of chairman of the Food Board and member of the Canadian Trade Commission, has no misgivings about the outlook for Canadian manufacturers. He assured a gathering of confectioners and others in the sugar industry that there is a bright prospect for nearly all staple manufactures which the Dominion can undertake, either for home consumption or for export. The occasion was the presentation of an address expressing the appreciation of the confectionery, biscuit and chocolate industries of Mr. Thomson's able direction of the Food Board, especially as it concerned the distribution of sugar, which is regarded by the Food Board as one of the most difficult problems the department had to solve.

INDIANS RAVAGED BY "FLU."

No Physicians Near Cross Lake, Man., To Help Them.

Winnipeg, Feb. 10.—Reports from Cross Lake, eighty miles north of Winnipeg, indicate that the ravages of the influenza have nearly depleted the Indian population of that district, virtually every one of them having been stricken with the malady. There are no physicians near to give aid.

Rev. E. B. Gordon, for 20 years a Methodist missionary to the Cross of northern Manitoba, is dead of the disease.

A Hamilton meeting acting under G. W. V. A. auspices, appointed a deputation of five to go to Ottawa and insist upon deportation of aliens and other undesirables.

TROTZKY MAY BE MADE EMPEROR

BOLSHEVISM IN RUSSIA LIKELY TO SHIFT TO OTHER EXTREME.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 10.—That bolshevism is in its critical stage, either turning to imperialism, with perhaps Leon Trotzky, minister of war and marine, as the new emperor, or shipping back to the idea of the old Nihilism with a sort of orderly disorder, is the impression given by the many refugees of all nationalities who have arrived here from Russia.

"Our chief characteristic," said one informant, "is that we are tired of feeling, tired of killing, tired of fighting, and tired of wandering from pillar to post. There is no doubt that Leon Trotzky is attempting to obtain order and to whip the troops into shape. He is known to be terribly ambitious, and possibly he is dreaming of becoming Czar, knowing that bolshevism has failed."

Nine Local Men Homeward Bound

The following Peterborough men arriving at Halifax on February 8, per steamer Carmania, and left by special train for Military District No. 3, Kingston, the same evening:

C. W. Dimmock, 185 Lock street.
A. Armitage, 535 Gilmour street.
F. Dunkley, R. R. No. 7.
A. T. Garner, 271 George street.
A. V. Gifford, 48 Lafayette street.
Jacob Kerr, 472 Stewart street.
H. F. Laing, 196 Rubidge street.
R. A. Lockie, 495 Chamberlain street.
Corp. G. T. Lockie, Nicholls Oval.
Gunner H. J. Devey, 295 Park St.

Viscount Grey Is Totally Blind

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 10.—The eye trouble with which Viscount Grey, former British Foreign Secretary, has been afflicted for years, has now culminated in total blindness, says the Daily Mail today. Viscount Grey is learning to read by the Braille system of characters for the blind.

Two Brothers Are Now Under Arrest

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 10.—Siang Sun Wan and his brother, T. L. Wan, students at New York University, were formally arrested yesterday in connection with the murder of Dr. Theodore T. Wong, Shsie and Ben Sen Wu, officials of the Chinese educational mission to the United States, whose bodies were found at the mission headquarters here on the night of January 31.

LEPROSY SEIZES SOCIETY WOMAN

PROMINENT RESIDENT OF PHILADELPHIA TAKEN TO ISOLATION HUT.

Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—Philadelphia's fashionable circles were shocked to learn that a woman of wide prominence has been stricken with leprosy.

Her identity is being carefully shielded by the health authorities, and it is known only to her family and a few intimate friends that she is suffering from the dreaded malady.

Hers is the first case to be discovered in this city in more than five years, and efforts are being made to prevent the spread of the disease. It is understood that she contracted the contagion on the recent pleasure trip to the islands of the Pacific.

Her physicians treated her for several weeks before they finally decided that she had leprosy. The Health Bureau was immediately notified, and she was taken to an isolated hut on the grounds of the Municipal Hospital at Second and Luzerne streets.

Here she was provided with every comfort possible in the circumstances. Cut off from communication with her family by letter, efforts are being made to instal a telephone in the hut so that she can find relief from isolation in conversation over the wire.

Wreak Vengeance On the President

Washington, Feb. 10.—The militant branch of the suffragettes had a stormy time of it today on the eve of the vote in the Senate to determine whether the question of submitting the giving of nation-wide suffrage to women shall be placed before the State legislators.

President Wilson was burned in effigy in front of the White House, after a demonstration by a number of women, who charge that the President is to blame because he has not swayed the recalcitrant Senators to his will and thus assured victory for the cause. At least 39 and possibly as many as 47 of the suffragettes who participated were bundled into patrol waggons, and later, on refusing to give bail, were sent to the House of Detention.

IN MEMORY OF COL. EDWARDS.

People's Chimes Were Rung by Choirmaster Devey.

As a tribute to the memory of a former illustrious citizen of this city, the late Col. E. B. Edwards, at one time commanding officer of the 57th Regiment, funeral airs were played this afternoon on the people's chimes at the same hour as that at which his funeral was held in the city of Edmonton.

STRIKE AT DUSSELDORF ENDED.

Cologne, Feb. 10.—The strike of official and professional classes at Dusseldorf is ended, the Spartacans having conceded most of the points demanded. The Bourgeoise delegates who had been imprisoned as hostages have been liberated. According to a Berlin despatch on Friday, the whole city of Dusseldorf had "walked out" in retaliation against the Spartacans.

MAY SIGN PEACE BEFORE MAY 15

WORK OF THE DELEGATES TO BE COMPLETED AT THAT DATE

Paris, Feb. 10.—The task of the Peace Conference will be done in four stages, the first of which will be completed when President Wilson leaves for Washington next Saturday. This is the stage of the preliminary consideration of every question to come before the Conference, with the appointment of special commissions to consider them exhaustively and make definite recommendations.

These investigations, which will occupy the next month, will mark the second phase of the Conference. The recommendations will then come before the Conference bureau, and after revision will be considered in a series of plenary conferences.

By the middle of April the Conference will be transferred into the Peace Congress by the admission of representatives of enemy countries. There is no intention to permit a prolongation of the proceedings by reopening discussions with enemy delegates. This is to be an imposed peace. The conclusion of the conference and the signing of the peace treaty may be looked for about the middle of May. This is regarded here as a fairly accurate forecast.

STRICTER THAN EVER

Will Be Armistice Terms Reposed on Germany.

Paris, Feb. 10.—The Supreme War Council is reported to have reached a decision that it was necessary to impose more severe conditions upon Germany for the renewal of the armistice because of Germany's attitude toward the fulfilment of her obligations. Decisions are also said to have been reached for the control of German demobilization and of the production of plants formerly engaged in producing war material.

It is expected that the means for securing the execution of the conditions laid down will be reached at today's session of the Council.

BREAD PRICES DROP IN TORONTO

LATEST CUT BRINGS IT DOWN TO TWO CENTS LESS THAN HERE

Bread has taken another tumble in price in Toronto, the second within the last couple of days, and can now be bought for nine cents a loaf or 12 tickets for one dollar, which brings it down to 8½ cents as compared with 11 cents charged last week.

The cut, however, is not general. There are some of the smaller dealers who are still selling at 10 cents and when asked if they would meet the lower figure said they were considering doing so. They, too, will probably fall into line.

In Peterborough bread is still selling at 11 cents a small loaf, with no talk of reduction.

Italian soldiers born in 1900 numbering 400,000 are being demobilized.

Four children of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Legault of Sudbury were burned to death in their beds.

EIGHT PERSONS KILLED IN RIOT

NEW SPARTACAN DISORDERS HAVE BROKEN OUT AGAIN IN BERLIN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Zurich, Feb. 10.—Grave Spartacan disorders broke out in Berlin on Saturday evening, according to advices received here. Soldiers and sailors commanded by former Chief of Police Eichhorn are reported to have occupied the Alexander Plats and government troops opened fire upon them. Eight persons were killed and forty wounded, it is said. German censorship is withholding details of the trouble.

QUEBEC JUDGE RAPS ONTARIO

DOES NOT REGULATE CONFERENCE BY WHAT IS DONE HERE.

Quebec, Feb. 10.—Absentees under the Military Service Act are still flocking to the Police Court at Quebec to pay their light fine and escape shrinking from the duty of reporting for military service.

Saturday again a large number of them appeared before the Police Court. After imposing upon all of them fines running from $5 to $10 Judge Charles Langelier of the Police Court talked on the criticism that comes from Ontario because the absentees are too generously dealt with in this section of the Province.

"I hear" said Judge Langelier, "that in Ontario there reigns a dissatisfaction because the absentees here are liberated after paying a light fine. It seems that the sentiment out there asks that absentees be sent to the penitentiary. We do not feel that way. We judge the different cases according to the facts of the case and also according to the dictates of our conscience. We are not to be guided by the conscience of the Judges in Ontario."

"Absentees are classified in three categories, according to the gravity of the offense of each, and according to the particular situation of each absentee. It must be understood that not all absentees stand in the same light. Some of them are more or less guilty, and consequently each individual must be dealt with differently, according to its own circumstances.

"In Ontario this seems to be poorly understood. And this is not the only thing that is not understood there."

TUNISIANT REACHES ST. JOHN

WITH OVER THREE HUNDRED SOLDIERS AND SEVEN HUNDRED DEPENDENTS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John, N. B., Feb. 10.—The steamer Tunisian arrived here today with about three hundred soldiers and seven hundred soldiers' dependents, half of whom are for Ontario points.

One man is dead, three are in hospital and others are sick, as a result of drinking wood alcohol at a lumber camp at Kashbaw, Mile 66, N. R., near Sudbury.

MR. F. D. KERR IS RE-ELECTED HEAD OF LAW ASSOCIATION

Annual Meeting Held Saturday—The Profession's Local Record in the War Referred to in Report of Executive.

The Peterborough Law Association held its annual meeting Saturday and the following report was presented:

To the Members of the Association:

The Executive Committee beg leave to present the following report for 1918:

The outstanding event in the year 1918 was the cessation of hostilities in Europe following the decisive defeat of the Central powers and the indication of the principle that Governments should be of laws, not of men. It is worthy of note that members of the legal profession have had so much to do with the triumphant establishment of the principles for which the profession has always stood.

Four members of the Law Association responded to the call to arms. One of these, Major S. T. Medd, was invalided home sometime ago and two others, Lieut. C. E. Widdifield and Lieut. J. F. P. Birnie, have recently returned following recovery from wounds received at the front. Lieut. J. F. Strickland has also returned and will soon re-commence the practice of his profession.

The hearts of the members of the profession here were saddened during the year by the news, first of the death in action of the son of Mr. A. E. Dixon, and later by the word that Flight-Lieut. Arthur Huycke, the youngest son of His Honor Judge Huycke, had been reported "missing" while engaged in scout duties as a member of the Royal Naval Air Force.

It is very gratifying to record that during the year the Court House has been completed and the new Court room opened. The profession feels that the County Council have spared no pains nor expense to make the accommodation what it should be and there is no doubt that the Court room will compare favorably with any other Court room in the Province. There is apparently only one defect that of the acoustics, which it is hoped will be remedied very shortly. The new library has also been moved to the Court House during the year, the old quarters having been splendidly fitted up and renovated. A new catalogue is now in the hands of printers and will shortly be available. The library is now acknowledged to be one of the best law libraries in the Province.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

F. D. KERR, President.
JOS. WEARING, Secretary.

The following officers were elected for the year 1919:

President—F. D. Kerr.
Vice-President—Ozias Leplante.
Secretary—Joseph Wearing.
Treasurer—B. D. Hall.
Librarian—Joseph Wearing.
Trustees—E. H. D. Hall, G. N. Gordon, R. R. Hall.

DEMAND REMOVAL OF ALIEN FOES

HAMILTON CITIZENS FORM IN PROTEST AT MASS MEETING SUNDAY.

Hamilton, Feb. 10—After months of murmuring and silent agitation against the inaction of the government in the matter of alien enemies the citizens of Hamilton at a mass meeting held under the auspices of the G.W.V.A. in the Lyric Theatre Sunday afternoon unanimously passed a resolution calling upon Ottawa to remove the aliens and undesirable foreigners by immediate deportation. The resolution, which was endorsed by thunderous applause, also called for the appointment of a committee of five Hamiltonians to convey the decision of the gathering to Ottawa, while a subsidiary resolution urged that the government appoint a deportation committee, composed only of Hamilton citizens, to see that immediate action was taken in regard to sending these men back to their own countries.

Great Enthusiasm.

The meeting was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in Hamilton and equalled the win-the-war gatherings held in the early days of the war. The crowd was large and overcrowded the theatre. An overflow returned soldiers and the employers meeting was held in front of the theatre.

While the meeting was called by the local branches of the G. W. V. A., there were representatives present of the Hamilton Board of Trade, Canadian Club, city council and Trades and Labor Council. F. W. Trusham and Wm. Jordan, D.C.M., moved and second the main resolution, and A. V. Garden, president of the board of trade, moved the resolution calling for the appointment of a deportation committee.

Committee of Five.

Another important resolution was moved by Lieut.-Col. G. H. McCullough and President Hanley, West End G. W. V. A., calling for a committee of five to co-operate with the on the matter of employment.

VICTORIA TEACHERS STRIKE

WHEN TRUSTEES REFUSE THEIR DEMANDS FOR HIGHER SALARIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 10. — Nearly two hundred school teachers went on strike and the schools are closed as a result of the trustees refusing the teachers' demands for higher wages.

Harford Ashley, ex-Reeve of Thurlow, and ex-Warden of Hastings, a prominent cheese manufacturer and stock raiser is dead, at the age of seventy-eight.

A movement with strong backing is afoot in Hungary for re-establishment of the Monarchy.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1919

THE DOUBLE PLATOON.

MR. ARTHUR in another column makes it plain that the firemen of the city have no idea of applying for the eight-hour day in their work, and that they have never asked for it and do not intend to ask, for anything of the kind. There is no use in practicing all sorts of blue flame at us to the taxpayer with such a supposition as the text-hook for a starting point. The only basis for the movement is the avowed purpose of some of the aldermen to secure an eight-hour day for all employes of the city, a reform which cannot be made to apply to the firemen here or in any other municipality. The idea of such a thing in connection with the brigade is a false alarm, and the men themselves should not be held responsible for it in any way.

This false alarm should not be allowed to prejudice the case of the firemen in their demand for the double platoon system. That has been promised them by the conscientious pledges of the majority of the present members of the City Council. The members of the Fire, Water and Light Committee, after careful consideration of the question, have decided to report favorably upon it to the Council. The repudiation by the firemen themselves of such an idea as an eight-hour day, which would double the cost of the department, should be sufficient, if an attempt should be made to force such an impossible thing, either, seeing that they themselves are now hard that it is impracticable.

The arguments in favor of the double platoon system have been repeated again and again. The most potent of these is that the system has been adopted and is now in operation in other cities and that it has not called for the extra outlay that some predict, but that the added expense which Chief Grange refers to has been found sufficient.

Chief Grange's annual report of the work of his department has earned the encomiums of the underwriters and the provincial fire marshal. These tributes, official as they are, should be accepted as certificates of the efficiency of the Chief and the members of the brigade.

FARMERS ARE SAFE.

THE EXCHANGE, given to fits of gloom, is alarmed at the socialistic tendencies of the West especially, and predicts that there are men in that section who will eventually make an attempt to possess themselves of the holdings of the farmers of Canada.

In this respect there is little cause for alarm. Men who entertain ravishing of the kind are not socialists, but anarchists, and even with these agitators the farm is safe. Such property is worth nothing except after the expenditure of labor, to which the anarchist has a natural antipathy. He is concerned only with the fruits of the land and it is a bank rather than real estate which interests him.

A LEAF FROM HISTORY.

... a spirit of ingenuity, it must be said, the New York Commercial publishes the following editorial, which will interest Canadians:

Edward de Valera, the Sinn Fein leader, and two prominent members of his party escaped from an English prison with such ease that it suggests the idea that the British Government is trying to get rid of them in that way. Many other political prisoners have been allowed to escape and leave the country during the past century to relieve the Government of worry and to keep them in foreign lands.

This trick of allowing political prisoners to escape has been played in Canada. The United States harbored the famous French half-breed, Louis Riel, for fifteen years after he was allowed to escape from Fort Garry, now Winnipeg, where he lay under sentence of death for participation in the Indian uprising of 1870, which was suppressed by the afterward famous Field Marshal Lord Wolseley. The story of Riel's escape was made public by Sir John A. Macdonald, Premier of Canada, in 1886, to justify his execution for high treason after a second attempt to lead a rebellion in the Canadian Northwest.

When Riel was awaiting death in 1870 Archbishop Taché interceded for him and promised that the Indians and French half-breeds would remain quiet if Riel's life was spared. Sir John A. Macdonald, then in power at Ottawa, ordered his guards to let him escape and to make sure that he crossed the American frontier. Riel returned to Canada in 1885 and headed another revolt of the tribesmen, which failed. He was caught and again sentenced to death. Archbishop Taché was still primate of the Catholic missions in the Northwest and refused to intercede again for Riel because he had broken his solemn promise not to cause bloodshed. This case excited great interest at the time and let Americans learn something about the British system of getting rid of political opponents. The Sinn Feiners are now undergoing a form of death, but it will be interesting to know the story that is rapidly developing in Ireland and England.

The commercial chronicler ... something of the methods of dealing with political prisoners from the experience of his own country. Many men who took up arms against the sovereign Federal American authority in the Civil War was under the law liable to death for treason, and yet not one prisoner was executed and not a single Southern rebel put to death except it may have been for violation of the rules of war.

Jeff. Davis, the leader of the rebellion and the president of the Southern Confederacy, was arrested after the war and held a prisoner for two years on general principles. He was never brought to trial, although he demanded a hearing, and was not even indicted by the grand jury. Finally he was released, chiefly through the intercession of Northern statesmen and journals, the late Horace Greeley, editor of the New York Tribune, becoming one of the sureties for his good behavior.

The execution of Jeff. Davis would have roused the spirit of the conquered South to a new flame. That was the view taken of the matter by his conquerors, but if Jeff. Davis had broken his solemn pledges to those who worked to save him from the consequences of his treason, and had headed another rebellion against the North, no power on earth could have saved him a second time.

Under a strict interpretation of law, the South Africans who took part in the Boer war against the British were rebels, and as such liable to the death penalty. Despite such drastic measures were resorted to by the conquerors and everyone is convinced now that this was the part of wisdom. Amnesty achieved the very purpose that retaliation and reprisal would have defeated. But the Boers have never stayed quiet in the same way. The case of Riel is not parallel with that of either of the others just cited. He forfeited his last claim to mercy when he violated his solemn obligation to those who in the first instance intervened to save his life.

WHEN GRAPES ARE SOUR.

IT WAS ONLY AFTER the fox had convinced itself that Nature had never equipped it with the power to climb a vine that the disappointed animal, realizing that the grapes were therefore beyond its reach, accordingly publicly condemned them as unfit for consumption. Many a politician has revised his plans and openly renounced a long-cherished ambition when he realizes that the electors refuse to fall in with his projects for his personal advancement.

Before the employes of the Federal Government, no matter in what branch of the service they are employed, can receive an increase in pay, the money so required must be voted by Parliament. Shorter hours of labor means added expense in connection with the civil list, especially if applied to the railways which will now be operated by the Government. In order to better the conditions of men under the jurisdiction of Parliament, it would be necessary to establish the fact that these conditions are at present satisfactory. By no better agency could this be accomplished than by the appointment of the Minimum Wage Board, for the formation of which Capt. Bentham has given notice of a resolution to be introduced in the House at the next session. Fixing a minimum wage means an increase in the public expenditure, which Parliament alone has the right to authorize, anything that Mr. G. N. Gordon can hold to the contrary notwithstanding. Even if such an amendment to the Industrial Disputes Act were adopted as Mr. Gordon suggests, fixing a minimum wage scale in different trades in certain zones, the additional money required would have to be voted by resolution in Parliament, and members could not be expected to support such a measure until the necessity for it had been established. A Minimum Wage Board, or a board with similar powers, under any other name, would be the logical agency to act in such a matter.

As to the jurisdiction of Parliament outside of its own employes, or the employes of corporations holding Dominion charters, it must be remembered that the Industrial Disputes Act applies to every province in the Dominion, and the conciliation boards acting under the provisions of that Act have power to fix the rate of wages, minimum or otherwise, and not the working hours in any industry with which they are called upon to deal.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS is to be the watchdog of civilization.

* * * * *

WHAT HAS BECOME of the farmer who longed for dollar wheat and never expected to see it again?

* * * * *

IN TIME it may be necessary to write it "the ex-husband of the former crown princess of Germany."

* * * * *

THE LATEST and most apt definition of the Bolshevist is the man who has put the ruction into reconstruction.

* * * * *

MAN MAY WANT but little here below, but the trouble is it is always a little more of something that belongs to another.

* * * * *

RIOTERS SHOULD leave their grievances to the duly constituted courts. Judge Lynch is elected by the mob vote, not appointed by the State.

* * * * *

THE MADE-OVER MAP of Europe will probably show Russia tinted with a yellow hue and the Central Powers in black as a symbol of mourning.

* * * * *

BEFORE THE STATE takes over the telegraph and telephone lines there is likely to be no end of wire-pulling with statesmen on one side and capitalists on the other.

* * * * *

EMANUEL decides to stay in London instead of returning to the king business in Portugal, a decision which must meet with the unqualified approval of his life insurance agents.

* * * * *

THE UNITED STATES extends Italy and Belgium a united credit of one hundred and fifteen million dollars, which means just that much export business for the Americans, at cash prices, too.

* * * * *

THE UNITED STATES has been asked to become the guardian of Turkey, but with all those American republics on his hands, who can blame Uncle Sam if he declines the offer of the Allies?

* * * * *

IF THE EX-KAISER is ever tried for murder, where in all the civilized world will it be possible to empanel a jury not convinced, without hearing a word of evidence, that he deserves to be hanged?

* * * * *

THE AMERICAN CONGRESS would be well advised if it recognizes the fact that President Wilson in Europe is doing sufficient talking for the entire nation and is likely to receive more respectful attention than anything the legislators at home may have to offer in the way of advice.

Must Pay For Guaranteed Wheat

(New York Commercial.)

Critics of the Administration bill before Congress to appropriate $1,000,000,000 for the purchase of wheat of the crops of 1918 and 1919 delivered by farmers before June 30, 1920, are technically correct in saying that it is an "economic fallacy"; but it is also part of the cost of the war, which the nation is in honor bound to pay, if the bill amounts to that sum. War itself is an "economic fallacy," but we have to pay its cost.

Congress and the President of the United States promised to pay American farmers $2.26 at Chicago for all the wheat they can produce in the year 1919, and gave them until June 30, 1920, to deliver it. If the war had gone on, as most of us expected, we would now be praying for big crops, and the price would be the least of our worries. The farmers have done their part, and every bushel that they can raise will be needed, but the price Congress guaranteed will be higher than will probably be warranted by the laws of supply and demand under peace conditions.

How much wheat Europe will need depends on the political situation. If Russia and the Valley of the Danube remain in a state of anarchy the supply of wheat from other sources will probably fall short of requirements. America may not lose much on its guarantee if real peace is not established throughout Europe, but that is not the great issue. It is a question of national honor and fair dealing with American farmers, and this country cannot afford to break faith with them to save a billion dollars. If the crop is as big as expected, the tax gatherers may collect part of the excess price in the form of income and war profits taxes. Farmers should pay such taxes if their profits are large, but they are entitled to the guaranteed price for wheat in the first place.

Grain trade experts can help the Government and Congress to devise means of marketing and distributing this wheat, but the woes of the brokers and professional operators in the wheat pit of the Chicago Board of Trade will not appeal to the public. It is hard to be deprived of the right to trade in wheat futures for seventeen long months, but it is part of the sacrifices the nation has made for the winning of the war. We cannot complain if we have to pay for the insurance against scarcity of food during the war, now that the war has ended sooner than we expected.

WIT AND WISDOM

Snubbed.

"If, as the poet says, ladies' looks are our books, will you not let me learn from your eyes?"

"Thanks, but my eyes are already supplied with pupils."

A Failing Method.

"I'll give you two dollars for this anecdote about President Wilson," said the editor.

"What's the matter with you?" demanded the hack writer. "You gave me four dollars for that anecdote when it was about President Taft."

Might Help Her Looks.

"My wife looks poorly, you think, doctor?"

"Yes, I do."

"What do you think she needs?"

"A new hat and a new dress."

Sentimental Paradox.

From a story—"Each hour that they spent apart only brought them closer together."

The Lesson.

"He hit me when I wasn't looking," wailed the defeated man, looking for sympathy.

"That should teach you," replied the unsympathetic one, "that when you do anything for which you're likely to be hit you want to be looking."

Result of Work.

"Maud Ketcham's hands do not show any signs of toil."

"The one with the engagement ring on it does."

Little Edwin—Say, father, why do they always have a bandage over the eyes of justice?

Father—Probably because the lawyers have talked the poor woman blind, my son.

As Recommended.

Lady—You said I would find that coal an economical kind to buy. Why, it won't burn at all.

Dealer—Well, ma'am, what could you have more economical than that?

Re Sole Merit.

Self-conceit is to be deprecated, but we must admit it keeps many a man from feeling discouraged.

Pigs and Pigs.

A barrister, not so discreet as he might have been in the expression of his ideas, was engaged on a case concerning some pigs.

"Gentlemen of the jury," he began, "there were 24 pigs in the drove, just 24; exactly twice as many as there are in that jury box."

FEMININE LOGIC

We asked the young lady across the way if she thought the kaiser ought to be executed, and she said it was a temptation to say yes, but she supposed it would be better to let the law take its course.

House Agricultural Committee agreed on $1,000,0000,000 bill providing working capital to pay farmer $2.26 for wheat.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Leo Pape.)

I pritty neer had a fite this afternoon, pritty neer having it with Skinny Martin on account of him keeping on nocking my elbow wile I was trying to ballents one match stick on top of another match stick, being a trick proberly even impossible to do even wen nobody aint keeping on nocking your elbow, and I sed, Hay, cut that out, who do you think you are? You must think youre sumbody speshil, dont you?

Im a heck of a darn site more than you are, no matter wat you are, sed Skinny.

O, is that so, well you get right off these steps, go on, I sed, Ill give you till I count 10, and if you aint off by that time you better had be.

Wy, watll you do if I aint? sed Skinny, and I sed, Ill soon show you wat, 1, 2, 3.

Mamma cawt a flee, sed Skinny.

4, 5, 6, I sed.

Pick up sticks, sed Skinny.

7, 8, I sed.

Shut the gate, sed Skinny.

Are you going to get off or aint you? I sed.

Count and see, sed Skinny.

9, I sed. Wich Skinny kept right on setting there with a impression as if that was all he was going to do, me saying, Are you going to get off, this is your last chance.

I thawt you was counting, sed Skinny.

9 and a quarter, I sed.

Pen using frackshins, either, sed Skinny, and I sed, Now mind, this is your last chance, 9 and a half.

Wish jest then I herd ma in the house calling me, and I quick got up, saying, Its a good thing for you I had to go in, all rite.

Aw, bugs, sed Skinny. Meaning he doubted it, and I went in, and ma sed, O, I dident want you, I jest wanted to know were you were, you can go out agen, and I sed, O well, Im in now.

And I stayed in.

SIR ROBERT INCLUDED

Named as Delegate for Princes' Islands Conference

Paris, Feb. 10—The following have been appointed delegates to the conference on the Princes' Islands with the Russian Bolshevik Government, according to French newspapers:

M. Conty, the French Minister to Copenhagen and General Rampon, for France; Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, and a military delegate for Great Britain, the Marquis Della Torretta, former Ambassador to Petrograd, for Italy, and William Allen White and Prof. George Davis Herron for the United States.

American Smelting and Refining Co., reduced price of lead from 5½ to 5 cents.

Canadian railroads ask Government for $60,000,000 for additional equipment. Workers will demand increased wages in cooperation with ... of the United States.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

... pamphlet. Price $1.00. THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

HALL'S GLEN

Hall's Glen, Feb. 10.—Miss Bessie Crowe of Hall's Glen is visiting friends in Ennismore and also Peterborough.

Mr. and Mrs. William George stone of Burleigh was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Matthews on Sunday.

Mrs. Gordon Crowe is visiting friends in Warsaw.

Mrs. Fred Morgan of Warsaw spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. W. Crowe.

Mrs. P. H. Lloyd of Warsaw spent a few days visiting friends in Hall's Glen.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Little were in Lakefield on business on Tuesday last.

The many friends of Mrs. David Brown are glad to learn that she has returned home safely after attending the funeral of her mother, the late Mrs. Martin of Norwood.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Willie Crowe of Hall's Glen, a daughter.

Miss Bessie Akins is at present visiting at Mr. Franklin Jury's.

The many friends of Mrs. David Little will be glad to learn that she is recovering from a severe attack of neuralgia.

Miss Leona Matthews was the guest of Miss Violet Payne on Thursday last for tea. In the evening a number of young people gathered at Mr. Jury's where they spent a very enjoyable time sleighriding.

Miss Annie Gun is at present visiting Mrs. Edward Hamilton of Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. and Master Ivan Butler were the guests of Mr. and Mrs George Parsons on Sunday last.

Mrs. Robert Payne of Bethel was the guest of Mrs. David Little on Wednesday.

Miss Violet Payne of Bethel was the guest of Mrs. Regg Dunford on Wednesday.

A meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Henry Little on Thursday evening which the ladies of Zion attended for the purpose of organizing a society called the "Willing Workers"

Mr. Rollo McCauley is kept busy sawing wood for his neighbors around the Glen.

ALBERTA TAKES RAILWAY

Telephone Rate Increase is Also Also Announced

Edmonton, Feb. 10.—Sketching in outline many of the proposed Government measures during the present session, Premier Stewart, in the Legislature announced a contemplated substantial increase in the Government telephone rates in the Province.

The Premier also made public the fact that the Government has been obliged to take over the Lacombe and Blindman Valley Railway, and that an extension of this stub line must be constructed with as little delay as possible. He told the House also of his visit to France, of the urgency of re-establishing the returned soldiers in civil life, and of the establishing of Provincial labor bureaus, and pointed out with all the emphasis at his command that responsibilities of the Provincial and Federal Government in re-establishing returned soldiers must not be misunderstood and confused.

Three persons were killed five miles west of Jackson, Mich., when their automobile struck a Michigan Central eastbound passenger train.

Secretary Glass announced a new offering of Treasury certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the next loan. The issue is for $600,000,000.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so ... that I could hardly walk, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend ... Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did ... it. From the first day I ... to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been ... I gave her permission to publish this letter." Miss Kelly, 476 So. 16th St., Newark, N. J.

This ... famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case ... it must do the ... for ... normal healthy condition and so ... her nervousness disappeared.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The almighty dollar is the key to many a heart.

Dogmatism is puppyism that has obtained its growth.

When a woman of forty laughs heartily she really means it.

A man imagines his bride an angel until she asks him for money.

Charity begins at home, but reform usually makes its debut elsewhere.

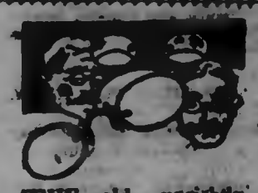
Keep your secrets from your friends, and your enemies will never get next to it.

If every woman's face was her fortune, some would be liable to arrest for counterfeiting.

A woman will forgive a man about anything except the fact that he beat her at her own game.

It sometimes happens that a domestic explosion is the result of a lot of theories getting into a man's mind.

... at the Grand Trunk shops at Hartman, Pa., went out on strike.



THE old, unsightly, double vision glasses are as unnecessary as the two pairs of glasses they were made to supersede. Change to our modern ... style.

You will be glad to find ... in your glasses because they ... efficiency as your ... appearance.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
183 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

EMPIRE THEATRE | MOND Y and TUESDAY

Bessie Barriscale in "PATRIOTISM"
A Romantic Drama in Six Parts

Leah Baird in "Wolves of Hunter"
Episode 7—"THE LEAP OF DESPAIR"—2 parts

Also a Triangle-Keystone Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

The Celebrated Screen Actress, ALICE BRADY, in "The Whirlpool" One of Her Latest Screen Successes

Marie Walcamp in "The Lion's Claw"
A Splendid Serial with Fine Scenic Settings
also a Comedy

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

FOX PROGRAM AT THE ROYAL TO-NIGHT

ROYAL

Afternoons and Evenings to all 16c

High-class features, dramas, western pictures and several comedies. These pictures are shown only at the Royal Theatre in this city. Our programme is the same as that shown in the largest theatres in Toronto, including Loew's and Shea's Hippodrome where the usual charge is from 25c to 50c. The Royal prices are sixteen cents to all.

One of the two big features to be shown to-day is the great Fox production, starring JEWEL CARMAN in "THE BRIDE OF FEAR," in five parts. It is a story of true womanhood with a past.

Another high class feature is a Fox production, introducing TOM MIX in "FAME AND FORTUNE," a peppery Western story of warm hearts and cold lead in five parts.

Also a Sunshine Comedy, entitled "THE SON OF A HUN," in two parts. In addition to this we are showing a one-reel MUTT AND JEFF COMEDY.

To-Night's Programme is unusually good. Do not fail to see it.

ADMISSION SIXTEEN CENTS TO ALL.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

Acquired immunity, such as one has who recovers from typhoid fever or measles, is merely one phase or stage of infection. Do you know what infection means? It does not mean the entrance of germs into the cavity of the nose or throat that a great many healthy persons harbor germs in these avities or rather on the lining membranes of the cavities, without suffering any disturbance of health. Infection has not occurred until the germs enter the tissues of the body, penetrate through the lining membrane of the nose or throat or elsewhere and take up their abode in the structure of the part. When that has occurred we observe evidence of illness.

Infection, however, does not invariably produce noticeable evidence of illness. When domestic sheep are infected with anthrax bacill the sheep scarcely show any evidence of disturbed health, though they quickly die. Likewise we occasionally see an exceptionally virulent and overwhelming infection of man with the pneumococcus (pneumonia or "cold" germ) which causes nothing more than sudden oedema or accumulation of watery fluid in the lungs which proves fatal in a few hours, drowning the victim in his own secretions.

The greatest obstacle to infection is the mechanical integrity of the lining membrane of the cavities and ducts which communicate directly or indirectly with the outer world, and the integrity of the covering of the surface of the body itself. To vaccinate an individual with cowpox (immunize against smallpox) it is not sufficient to place the virus upon the skin or to administer it internally; it is necessary to scratch or rub the skin sufficiently to remove the cuticle and expose the unprotected true skin beneath. Likewise the germs that cause ordinary pimples or boils (staphylococcus, streptococcus, etc.) commonly exist on the surface of the skin—and always on the surface of the skin of one who has or has recently had such a boil—without causing trouble unless the cuticle is in some way injured or rubbed off. Poulticing with such germs growing masses as charged meal or bread and milk often softens and denudes minute areas of cuticle near a boil and so opens the way for a second boil. More frequently the uncleanly victim handles the infected area and then transfers some of the germs on the fingers or under the nails to a distant part of the body, where he accommodatingly scratches an opening for another boil.

Safety Soap on the Job.

"Please give me some advice for my 2 week old baby. An old nurse who has attended over a thousand cases told me to give her every morning and every evening a teaspoonful of olive oil, as that is what makes babies fat. I began giving it five days ago and the baby has been vomiting a good deal. Should I keep it up? I want her to become fat.

"MRS. S. J. C."

You made a great mistake in giving the baby olive oil. Likely enough it has upset the digestion. Food from the breast, or if you cannot nurse the baby then properly modified fresh milk, is the best thing to make a baby healthy. Of course, if you desire obesity in place of health for the baby, as many misguided mothers do, I have no advice for you.

"Colds" Versus „Flu."

"Is it foolishness for me to keep my children away from children who have ordinary 'colds,' and 'flu' but just common colds or sore throats? The neighbors laugh at my precaution and tell me I am daft about contagion, yet I gather from your talks that there may be some danger in even ordinary 'colds.'

"M. K. M."

Let the neighbors laugh and show their ignorance. You are doing a duty to your children—a duty which too many mothers fail to do. Of course, every alleged "cold," no matter how trifling, is contracted by contagion or infection, and when a child catches such a disease nobody under heaven knows in advance whether it will prove serious or fatal. Keep on with your wisdom. Your neighbors will learn something by and by.

Wool's Slaughtering. The Great Eastern Remedy. Cures and invigorates the whole system. Makes rich blood. Builds up flesh. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Overwork, Insomnia, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Varicocele, Stricture, Kidney Troubles, Etc. Why suffer? Complete treatment in plain pkg. on receipt of price. $1 per pkg. Book free. THE WOOL MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Wool-Soothed Co., Toronto, Ont.)

FROCKS OF PELTRY

Gowns for Street and Evening Entirely of Fur

Soft Kind of Material, Superimposed on Silk or Satin—Kinship to Ancient Costumes.

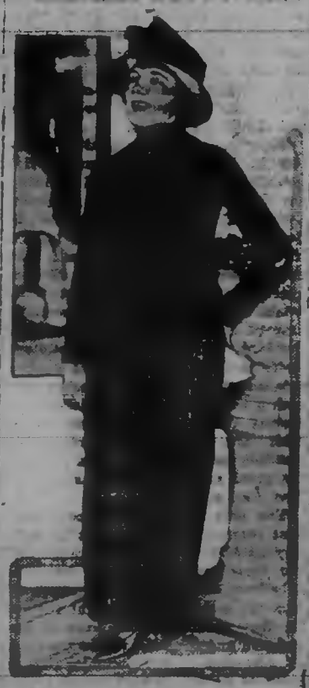
In Paris they delight in medieval gowns of peltry. In such costumery there is not only the determination to be unique, but to be warm. We, at the apex of scientific civilization and hygiene, observes a fashion writer, have been cast down into the depths of medieval discomfort and disease through the failure of mechanical organization during the war. We thought the world forever free from plagues, but we have been visited by one which spread over a world and gathered in its victims as did the dread plagues of a century ago. We who had ceased to think that hunger and cold—both elemental disasters—could ravage our health, have been face to face with both, over three continents. No longer did only the poor and dirty, those easy victims of all disasters, pay the final penalty; but those who had for over a century considered themselves immune through the adoption of all that science and health demanded.

Was it not natural, then, that, under the accumulation of the catastrophes, women should turn to the kind of apparel that kept their far-away ancestors comfortable? At least the French women must think along this line, for they have provided themselves with evening gowns and street gowns made entirely of peltry. It is a soft kind of fur which is used, and it is superimposed on silk or satin; but it pledgees a strong kinship to the costumes of the year one.

When the gowns of fur is not worn there is a new kind of huge fur hat which is supposed to furnish the warm touch. It has a cart-wheel brim and is usually devoid of trimming. Only the oval, slim face can permit it. It is not the hat for the average woman, but it is new, and therefore desirable.

There are also wraps that give more weight than warmth—a high quality in a covering—and which are fashioned somewhat like the dolmans of Victorian days. They have obliterated the ugliness of that period and developed a smart appearance. They contribute to the need for economy in apparel, for they allow the usage of a one-piece frock, and even the full or spring tailored suit. In squirkin, beaver, moleskin, they are at their best. A collar of another peltry can be added if it is considered desirable. There are women who are not happy in a garment that is left unadorned.

AFTERNOON DRESS OF VELVET



The charming afternoon gown of navy blue velvet comes from Lady Duff Gordon. It is fastened high at the neck with an interesting array of steel buttons on the waist and the sleeves.

NO EXTREME FEATURES USED

New Fall and Winter Clothes Are Marked by a General Air of Simplicity.

In viewing the new clothes for fall and winter one is struck by the absence of extreme features, and also by the general air of simplicity displayed. Colors are quiet, browns, blues and black predominating, with here and there a demure costume carried out in gray or taupe. Even embroidery has been subdued, and although in a few cases bright-colored wool or silk is used, the general tendency is toward gray and beige, or a soft coppery red that is new and most attractive.

As inevitable as the season itself is the serge street frock, and its variations are many; so, while at first glance there is a slightly monotonous effect in the costuming of the women who now throng the smart restaurants and shops, a closer inspection reveals an individuality in the arrangement of certain new details of trimming, or in the cut of the neck or fashion of sleeve. To keep to the bad of using as little wool as possible there are many clever combinations of fabrics and one is inclined to feel that this rule, instead of hindering, has been an aid to the creative abilities of designers.

HAT OF BLACK PANNE VELVET

This is an exceptionally interesting bit of black panne velvet. A large flat bow threaded in gold is laid across the front of the rose brim, adding charm to its lines.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 10.—Live stock receipts were large, with trade fairly lively.

Choice export cattle	$15.25	$16.00
Choice butchers	10.50	11.50
Medium butcher cows	7.75	8.25
Feeding steers	9.25	9.75
Ewes	9.25	10.25
Lambs	15.50	15.75
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.00	17.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.25	16.25

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	26	28
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Eggs	60	60
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00 28 00	2 25 28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

BITING NAILS, CHEWING LIPS

Disfiguring Habits Easily Acquired, Young Girls and Older Women Being Among Offenders.

One of the most unwholesome and disfiguring habits is the biting of the nails and chewing the lips. All ages, too, are represented, since two children, young girls and older women are among the frequent offenders.

Chewing the lips, extracting bits of skin from the lips, or biting them is a habit which tends to disfigure the mouth by making it larger and pulling it out of shape. Thus the expression of the face changes for the worse. This habit is easily acquired and grows apace. Some persons immediately start to bite their lips as soon as they are engrossed in a book or with work in hand. Facial distortions are often grotesque, though the offender is totally unconscious of the attention he is attracting.

While this practice of drawing the lips about does not improve the face, it is not in the same class with biting the nails, which admits thousands of germs directly into the mouth, hence to the stomach and intestines, and so on into the blood.

FASHIONS IN BRIEF

The newest veils are of tulle, chiffon or chantilly lace.

Stitching of silk or wool makes a very attractive trimming.

A beautiful cape is of cerise wool jersey, lined with gray silk.

There is a tendency to place wings at the back of a hat.

Boots will measure eight inches from the breast of the foot.

Millinery criticism are dull and cautious efforts are favored.

Generals Get Rich Rewards

So many reports of friction between Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and the British Government, and particularly with regard to Lloyd George, have reached this country that there must be some foundation for them. The official denial that Marshal Haig was not asked to come to London at the time of Marshal Foch's visit was followed by what appeared to be a circumstantial story of a procession arranged in which Sir Douglas was to figure in an inconspicuous place, the arrangement being vetoed at the last moment by King George. Sir Douglas being a soldier, will not make any statement on the matter, and if there is to be a dispute between him and the Prime Minister in public it will only be after he retires from active service.

It is expected that one of the first duties of the next Parliament will be to pass a vote of thanks to Marshal Haig and vote him a large sum of money. Then will follow, no doubt, his elevation to the peerage should he be willing to accept this honor. Parliament in the matter of the money grant is likely to deal more liberally with Sir Douglas than with any of the great British generals who have received monetary rewards, because his task has been far greater than that of any of them. Critical as were the battles won by Wellington, Marlborough, Kitchener, Roberts and Wolseley, if they were combined in one action they would not be comparable to the tremendous engagements that have been fought by the British armies in the past four years, first under Sir John French and later under Sir Douglas Haig. For his share in the campaign Sir John was elevated to the peerage. If Sir Douglas Haig desires to be made a duke there is not the slightest doubt that he can have his wish. If it is contended that there are plenty of dukes now, then the answer must be that one of them be suppressed to make way for Haig.

No country has been more generous in its rewards to its outstanding military leaders than Great Britain. It does not content itself with presenting them with votes of thanks and illuminated addresses. Titles are invariably granted, and since many great soldiers have been poor men, there is also sufficient money voted to maintain the knighthood or peerage that is conferred. John Churchill was made Duke of Marlborough and Blenheim in memory of that "famous victory" and his brilliant campaigns in the Low Countries. Sir Arthur Wellesley became the Duke of Wellington and was voted a huge sum of money to support his state. When Lord Roberts came back after relieving Kimberley and thus bringing the end of the South African war within view he was raised to an earldom, and Parliament voted him $500,000. For his Kandahar campaign, in 1879, he was created K.C.B., G.C.B., and a baronet. In 1892, in recognition of his services as commander-in-chief in India, he was made Baron Roberts of Kandahar and Waterford, and three years later became a field marshal.

After his success at Khartoum Kitchener was made a baron, and a viscount after the South African War. In 1914 he became an earl. When he received his first title it was accompanied by a grant of $150,000, and for winding up the Boer War he was presented with $250,000. Garnet Joseph Wolseley, who was a shrewd, pushing politician as well as a successful general, was made a viscount in 1885 and received two grants of money, $125,000 and $150,000. His successful campaigns were the Red River, Ashantee, Egypt and the ineffectual relief of "Chinese" Gordon, who was murdered by a native at Khartoum. Viscount Wolseley was a general of great personal bravery—although this may be taken for granted in the case of all men who rise to eminence in the army—and unusually popular with with all ranks in the army. His exploits, though they seem insignificant to-day, were important enough, and Canadians may be pardoned for believing that if Wolseley had only the quelling of the Riel Rebellion to his credit he richly earned all his rewards and decorations.

Generous as Britain is to her leading generals, the New York Times is of the opinion that she has not treated those who just missed the first rank as well as they deserved. For instance, Sir Harry Prendergast, who fought all his life on the Indian frontier, was only thanked by her Majesty and the Government of India. Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood, who began to fight for Britain in the Crimea, won the Victoria Cross and served with distinction in half a dozen wars in Africa, besides being Sirdar of Egypt for two years, was never made a Parliamentary hero and beneficiary, though he is one of the grand old men of the British army. Gen. Sir Alfred Gaselee is a veteran of many campaigns, commanded the British force in the Boxer expedition, and has innumerable medals and clasps, but failed to achieve the big thing which apparently is necessary before Parliament makes a handsome money grant. These sturdy old soldiers have found their reward in the affection and respect with which they are regarded in the army, and if at times they have felt slighted, they probably console themselves with the reflection that Nelson entertained similar feelings.

Apple Crop Good.

The apple crop in North Grey turned out much better than seemed possible in the early part of the season.

Kilmarnock, Scotland, has abolished half penny fares on the tramway cars.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

The Longest Lasting Sweet meat in the World!
WRIGLEY'S
The Flavour Lasts
All three kinds sealed in air-tight, impurity-proof packages. Be SURE to get WRIGLEYS
"AFTER EVERY MEAL"
MADE IN CANADA
WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM
50

CHIC DANCE DRESS

Frock May Be Made of White Chiffon or Other Material.

Garment Is Trimmed Very Simply With Rows of Inch-Wide Glossy Ribbon In Color.

The little dance dress shown in the sketch may be made of white chiffon, net georgette or silk tissue, and it is trimmed very simply with rows of inch-wide glossy ribbon in color. Rainbow colors may be selected for the ribbon, two or three of these dainty pale

Ribbon-Trimmed Dance Frock.

shades being used with very good effect. If desired, the fabric of the gown may also be in color, and the frock be a genuine rainbow affair.

A foundation of sheer silk should be used for the dress, and it may be made a slipover by running an elastic in at the waistline. Two or three ribbon straps hold it in place over the shoulder, and a ribbon girdle with long ends circles the waist.

A dress of this kind is easy to make and may be very inexpensive. Spending a great deal of money on a dance or evening dress is never really necessary and at present it is poor taste. There will be few formal evening functions during the coming winter season, and the simple dances scheduled call for simple costuming.

An allover lace dress is always pretty, and many lace dresses are being featured for the coming season. Extreme simplicity is the rule in designing these frocks. Frequently the bodice is merely a wide girdle of silk or satin topped by a frill or yoke of lace and with short lace sleeves. The skirt may be a single length of lace, or it may be formed of two or three lace flounces. A ribbon sash or girdle finishes the dress.

Ribbon trimming is extremely popular this season. Plain bands of ribbon are used on frocks for both daytime and evening wear, and ribbon flowers, bowknots, etc., appear on innumerable evening dresses of sheer materials.

Very narrow "baby" ribbon is often knitted to form cuffs and collar for a street suit or frock, and the knitted ribbon sweater has been worn for months. During the summer it was merely a sweater, now it appears as a sleeveless vest to be worn underneath the suit jacket.

APRON DRAPERIES ARE SMART

Tablier Is Really Only a Panel—Arrangement to Be Much in Evidence This Winter.

Apron draperies appear on so many things that they may be considered a distinct fashion. They may be short or long and they may or may not have the slightest connection with the dress proper. It is as if one had really added an apron of brocade or marquisette or satin to the dress one is wearing.

Sometimes they begin at the neck and hang straight down well below the hips and are caught in only with the narrowest of string belts. Again a hem is folded back on the bottom of the drapery, as in a peasant's apron and bright-hued embroidery is added in criss-cross stitches.

In effect the tablier is really only a panel such as appeared on summer frocks. As this arrangement is to be much in evidence this winter it is well to note that any sort of fabric can be used to develop it. With velvet the gold and silver brocades, with a banding of fur, are very smart. As no fullness is seen on the bodice this season, most of them being of the basquetine plainness of the Civil war, the apron tunic may begin at the collar as a waistcoat, spreading out at the waistline, from which it falls free, now and then the tunic tablier buttons in the back or again it is set in quite apart from any relations to either back or front.

Cow Known as Great Mother.

Long before the birth of Christ the way was being prepared for the apotheosis of the cow. The life giving cowry-amulet, one of primitive man's earliest elixirs of life, ancestrally became personified as the Great Mother. In course of time the cow's maternal function in supplying milk for human children brought about her identification with the divine mother. The moon, also, as the controller of womankind, was another of her forms.

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OCCUPATION FOR CRIPPLES

Q.—When a fellow is lying in hospital, maybe minus a limb, in any case badly used up, wondering how in the world he is ever going to take his place among men again, can anything be done to improve his mental outlook?

A.—Yes, a great deal can and has been done for such men.

Q.—What is done for them?

A.—They are given what are called "ward occupations."

Q.—What are ward occupations?

A.—Various kinds of light and interesting work which can be carried on by a man lying in bed or sitting in an invalid chair.

Q.—How does this work benfit the man?

A.—First, by engaging his attention and taking his mind off his troubles and drawbacks; by exercising his ingenuity in the manufacture of small trifles without tiring him too much, and, most important of all, by restoring his self-confidence in his own creative ability and power to become again independent by his own efforts, in spite of his serious handicaps.

Q.—Are these occupations intended to provide the man with a means of livelihood?

A.—No. They are adopted as curative measures and incentives to self-help, and have been found very successful.

Q.—What is "Occupational Therapy"? It's going to be quite a common phrase these days.

A.—It is work carried on in the hospitals, with the same primary object as the ward occupations, i.e., that of restoring through light and interesting work the creative ambitions of badly injured men. A man may be said to graduate from ward occupations to occupational therapy.

Q.—Has it any other field?

A.—Yes. In many cases, by reason of the lines of activity taken up, it serves as a basis for vocational re-training, men often discovering an altogether unexpected aptitude in some particular line, as a result of "tinkering" with the many kinds of occupation provided at the hospital to interest and instruct convalescents.

Q.—Does the Soldiers' Re-Establishment Department give a man sufficient training in any of these lines to enable him to earn his living thereby?

A.—Yes. A man prevented by injuries from following his pre-war occupation may choose another, suited to his tastes and present physical condition, in which he will receive a thorough practical training, and every effort will be made to place him in a suitable position where his disability will be the least possible handicap.

Q.—Can such training be obtained in more than one centre, or must all men go to the same place in order to enjoy its advantages?

A.—Yes. There are fourteen centres throughout the Dominion where the technical schools and universities, with their trained staffs and up-to-date equipment, are devoting much of their time and energy to this work.

Q.—Is there any practical work included in these courses?

A.—Yes; a good deal.

—Q. Where is this carried on?

A.—Mostly in shops and factories, under actual working conditions. Employers of labor, both large and small, have placed their staffs and experience at the disposal of the department for this purpose.

Q.—What benefit is this shop experience to the men?

A.—Of the greatest possible benefit? They come in close contact with actual working conditions and find out the degree of proficiency that is demanded. This is particularly in the case of badly maimed or disabled men. If they can make good in this shop work they need have no fear of their ability to hold their own in the labor market in competition with able-bodied civilians.

Q.—Does the department give a man sufficient training along any particular line to enable him to earn his living in that way?

A.—Certainly, the training, along whatever line, is thoroughly practical, the most up-to-date methods being adopted, and the "course' is not completed until the student is able to go out and do good work paying him a living wage.

Q.—What proof is there of this?

A.—The best possible proof, i.e., the fact that 95 per cent. of these re-trained men have become self-supporting in their new occupations.

Q.—Are these courses open to Canadian soldiers only?

A.—No. Ex-soldiers of the British and Allied armies, living in Canada, and coming within the classes for which the courses are provided, are eligible to all the benefits of such courses on the same terms as Canadian boys.

Q.—What provision is made for a man's dependents during his period of re-training?

A.—Both he and his dependents are given adequate pay and allowance by the department.

PLEA FOR CHINESE

Consul-General Makes Protest Against City Order

Toronto, Feb. 10.—Wang Chu Wen, the Chinese Consul-General from Ottawa who is now in the city, called on the City Solicitor, City Clerk and the Chief of Police regarding the recent decision of the Police Commissioners not to issue licenses to anyone but British or British naturalized subjects. He protested strongly against the Chinese being included in this order. He will make his complaint in writing.

The American citizens in this city are also complaining against this order, and a letter has been received by the Mayor from the Belgian Chamber of Commerce, Montreal, protesting on behalf of the Belgians. The Board of Control has decided to take the matter up again with the Police Commissioners.

CERTIFICATES FOR SOLDIERS

Will Receive Letter of Thanks for Service

London, Feb. 8.—(Canadian Press via Reuter's)—It is learned that all demobilized soldiers are now being furnished with a letter of thanks from the army council for services rendered. It is pointed out that the men are not being finally discharged until after peace is signed, and that then every officer and man who served will be given an illuminated certificate, in addition to a service and a war medal.

MR. A. D. HONE FAVORS TEACHING OF RELIGION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Any System of Education Imperfect if it Neglects the Moral Nature of the Student—How Religion Could Be Taught Without Controversy

Mr. A. D. Hone, teacher in the Collegiate Institute, at the session of the Sunday School of the George Street Methodist Church yesterday afternoon, gave an address in which he favored religious instruction in Ontario schools. The subject is especially timely at present as it is one that is likely to be brought up at the approaching session of the Legislature. Mr Hone's address was as follows:

Man is a religious animal. His religious instinct more than anything else distinguishes him from the lower animals. All men have some creed and it matters greatly what a man believes. "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." What a man believes largely determines his outlook on life and his attitude towards his fellowmen. Individual beliefs largely determine national ideals and national ideals determine national conduct. The world has just been plunged in a deluge of blood, because Germany believed in the gospel of force

The development of moral character should be the chief aim in education.

Horace Mann says: "Ten men have failed from defects in morals where one has failed from defects in intellect."

J. T. Headley says: "The awakening of our best sympathies, the cultivating of our best and purest taste, strengthening the desire to be useful and good and directing youthful ambition to unselfish ends. Such are the objects of true education."

Ruskin says: "Education is the leading of human souls to what is best and making the best out of them."

Webster says: "Knowledge does not comprise all contained in the large term education. The feelings are to be restrained, true and worthy motives to be inspired, a profound religious feeling to be instilled and pure morality inculcated under all circumstances."

If we educate a viciously inclined youth without improving his morals we are merely increasing his power for evil and making him a greater menace to his community and country. As Horace says: "It is not scholarship impregnated with religion that tells on the great mass of society. We have no faith in the efficacy of mechanics institutes, or even of primary and elementary schools for building up a virtuous and well-conditioned peasantry so long as they stand dissevered from the lessons of Christian piety. Unless your cask is perfectly clean whatever you pour into it turns sour."

Thus, the imparting of knowledge and mental training should not be the chief aims in education, but the development of moral character, so that the individual may be able to put his abilities and training to the proper use, that he may be a blessing rather than a curse, a national asset rather than a national liability.

You cannot properly teach morality apart from religion. I suppose we have all met moral men who were not religious but we must remember that they are constantly under religious influences, they are constantly measuring themselves by the standards of morality constructed by religion and most of them received early religious training. Just as the heat remains for a long time in the boiler after the fire is extinguished so morality may remain long after the religious fires have been quenched.

There must be a religious element in man's nature on which to base the moral appeal. Personal experience and eminent authorities bear me out in this. I spent some time teaching in the western communities where there was practically no religious education of any kind. I found a very low moral condition. The scholars are habitually lied, cheated and deceived. It seemed impossible to make any impression on their moral ability. There was little in their natures to which to appeal. As Froude puts it:

"Morality rests upon a sense of obligation and obligation has no meaning except as implying a divine command without which it would cease to be."

Mark Hopkins says: "Anything like an adequate and complete morality without religion is impossible. The only salvation for man is in the union of the two as Christianity unites them."

George Washington, speaking as a statesman, says: "Let us with caution indulge the supposition that morality can be maintained without religion. Reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of religious principle."

Napoleon adds his testimony as follows: "The gospel alone has exhibited a complete assemblage of all the principles of morality divested of all absurdity."

Joseph Roux compares desiring morality without religion to desiring an orange without an orange tree.

Necessity for Religious Instruction.

Granted the importance of religious education let us next consider the necessity for introducing it into our schools. We shall first consider the agencies at work at the present time. The home is the most potent one but, alas, it is far from doing its duty. What ever may be the cause, we must face the fact and this is that the home has largely shifted to other agencies—the responsibility for religious education. Religious teachers have been trying to arouse the home to a greater sense of its duty but have largely failed and conditions are getting worse instead of better. We believe that no greater factor could be introduced to alleviate this condition than the adoption of religious instruction in the schools. Parents are always more or less interested in what the children are doing. If the Bible were studied more in the schools it would be studied more in the homes. But even if the home were doing its full duty, the problem is of such fundamental importance that the home needs all the aid it can get from other sources.

Then there is the church and by the church, I mean, the pulpit. This is a great agency but it means are greatly limited. Many do not attend church. The time is very limited and the pulpit feels it must cover every phase of human activity. Today sermons are mostly topical rather than expository.

All agencies have shifted the responsibility to the Sunday Schools. These are doing the work well, consiging the limitation as to time and means and their efficiency is ever increasing But educators will agree that a half hour lesson, once a week, with practically no intermediate preparation cannot lead to a very thorough knowledge of any subject. All credit to our Sunday School teachers who are voluntarily giving their services to this great cause, but the same efficiency can hardly be expected in them as in trained teachers. The Sunday School alone cannot adequately impart religious knowledge or develop a religious sense.

Then there are thousands in our land who do not come under these influences to any extent. These are found in the outlying districts of our own province—not a thousand miles from Peterboro—and recent revelations in the Police Courts have disclosed an appalling condition of immorality in several such communities.

In our Western provinces, I know from personal experience, that there are vast areas where the means for religious education are very limited. In one school there was not a pupil who could tell the first book of the Bible or had heard of the ten commandments. How can we hope to develop a high type of citizenship under conditions such as these?

Then there are the foreigners in our very midst ,many of whom receive no religious instruction. How can we expect them to become desirable citizens to vote properly to even live properly without religious training?

Do actual conditions point to the necessity? We believe they do. Tests have been made in our schools time and time again and resulted in almost astounding revelations of religious ignorance. Questions such as these have been asked, "What is the second book in the Bible?" "What giant did David slay?" "In what country was Daniel made captive." "Who was the forerunner of Christ," etc. Arthur Wright, B.A., a teacher in Mount Forest is my authority for the statement that not 5 per cent. of the students in our schools could answer five or six such questions correctly. I tried six on a High School student who had taught in a Sunday School and two out of six were answered correctly.

Then what is the moral condition of our people. The medical examination necessitated by military training revealed a deplorable condition of immorality. Anyone who was thrown into contact with large groups of men in our training camps and listened to their conversation and observed their actions will support this conclusion. There is a tendency among the young people of today to consider that the chief sin is falsehood, deceitfulness and sharp dealing lies in being found out. Materialism is still rampant in our midst. It has been largely swamped by a great tidal wave of patriotic fervour but even during the war the ugly monster graft dared to show its head and when the wave has subsided somewhat we must expect to see materialism again revealed. The only sure antidote to materialism is religion, the fixing of the thought upon higher and better things, on things that are immortal.

We believe there is only one solution to the problem of religious education—the teaching of religion by the teachers in our schools—and in the same way as they teach any other subject on the curriculum.

The Aims of Religious Instruction.

The aims should be partly as follows and while listening to these, I want you to note whether you can detect any controversial points:

1. To develop a concept of God as Creator, Father, Law Giver, Ruler and Judge.

2. To illustrate God in these aspects by a study of the lives of the patriarchs.

3. To give a knowledge of the literature of the Bible and of Jewish history. The Bible is the greatest book in the world. Many of our best speakers, notably, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, draws on the Bible for illustrations.

4. To give a knowledge of the outstanding events in the life of Christ as the world's greatest teacher and St. Paul, as its greatest missionary. The life of Christ should be studied as that of any great man, leaving controversial questions entirely alone. All accept Christ as a great teacher.

5. To give a knowledge of Christ's sermon on the Mount. The parables and the Lord's Prayer.

The above could be studied without the introduction of controversial points. To this end a rigid curriculum should be drawn up by representatives of all the churchs, Roman Catholic and Protestant. I believe if our Christian churches would only get together they would be able to greatly extend the above list; they would find more points of agreement than of difference. It is vital to the avoidance of suspicion and religious strife that the curriculum be acceptable to all our great churches and such a curriculum could, I believe, be devised if the churches would exhibit the same spirit towards the question as they have shown towards the great struggle through which we have just passed.

The objection is sometimes made that some teachers may not be morally fitted to impart such instruction but these are few and far between I believe that the majority are anxious for this weapon to fight the evils they observe in the lives of the children and considering the true aim of education, the community has a right to demand a high moral standard among the members of the teaching profession.

In conclusion, this should, if possible, be made a national movement More co-operation is needed between the education departments of our provinces. The lack of uniformity in education in our country is too marked. No better beginning could be made than in the adoption of a national system of religious education. Our country is entering upon a period of unprecedented industrial expansion. As with Germany, this often leads to rank materialism. Germany was industrially efficient, her educational system was second to none; her provision for scientific training was considered a model, but she failed largely because she divorced science and religion. She did not develop a religious conscience as an antidote to materialism. Let us not make the same mistake. Let us not be afraid to perfect our educational system, efficiency and scientific training, but let us also perfect our means for religious instruction and the first step towards this is the adoption of religious education in our schools. To this end, I would appeal to our people to make their petty religius prejudices subservient to the general good, to display that same great spirit of co-operation, which they displayed during the dark days through which we have just passed.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH

Monday, 7.15 p.m. — Teachers' training class at Parsonage.

8 p.m.—Epworth League in charge of Secondary Division Girls.

Tuesday 3. p.m.—Women's Missionary Society in Church parlor.

8 p.m.—Mission Circle at home of Mrs. Throop, 546 Aylmer street.

Wednesday 7.15 p.m.—District visitors.

8 p.m.—Prayer and Bible study.

9 p.m.—Trustee Board.

Thursday 8 p.m.—Choir practice.

Friday 6 p.m.—Boy's Own Society. Address—Mr. H. G. Walker.

American steamer Flirt with a cargo of coal was totally destroyed by fire at sea. The captain and 17 men of the crew are safe. Eleven men are missing.

CANADA'S DUTY TO ESTATE OF THE DEAD SOLDIERS

Money Allowed Dependents in the Way of Pensions Held in Trust to be Expended For Intended Purpose.

Canada's first duty towards the estate of a deceased soldier is to insure that his dependents are properly cared for. It was for this end that pensions for widows and children were put into operation but the responsibility of the Government toward these dependents does not end with the mere payment of certain sums of money.

The people's money is held in trust for the welfare of these wards of the country and it is the duty of the Board of Pensions Commissioners to see that money so paid shall be expended for the purpose it was intended and not diverted to other objects.

Pensions in Canada have been put upon a business basis and are operated through a series of departments, each dealing with various phases and aspects of the work.

Among the many departments of administration of the Board of Pension Commissioners is one that might be entitled the "Service Department." It is here that pensioners are interviewed, complaints registered, mistakes rectified, and false notions cleared up, no stone being left unturned that might help the applicant to a rightful understanding of his or her position and the amount of indebtedness to which the country is liable on their behalf.

Cases where the general public hear of a family or individual not in receipt of a pension, who by certain local conditions have been deemed eligible for such, are very apt to be judged offhand, without due regard to all circumstances, each of which has been taken carefully into account by the medical authorities, social workers and others connected with the work of the Board.

It must be remembered that it is the duty of the Board to make a thorough investigation of every case upon its own merits. No pension can be withheld from any person or persons rightfully entitled to such, but a pension may be administered if, in the experience of those who are qualified to judge, its payment in full would not be beneficial to the parties for whose welfare it is awarded.

A case in point is where a mother of a family of several children, who is entitled to a pension for each child; has neglected her duty in providing for them suitable food, clothing, etc. In such an instance the Board of Pension Commissioners, in their Department of Service, undertake to pay the money directly out for the supply of food, clothing, etc., and to see that the children receive all the benefits that should be coming to them.

By such procedures Canada's heritage in the children of her heroes who have sacrificed the greatest thing they had for their country, is kept intact and invested to the lasting good of future generations.

WILL PROVIDE WORK FOR OVER 33,000 SOLDIERS

Provincial Treasurer McGarry Outlines Plan of Ontario Government to Care For Returned Men.

St. Catharines, Feb. 10. — The splendid work being performed by the Ontario Government in providing for the unemployed was explained to two large audiences here by Hon. F. W. McGarry. The Provincial Treasurer was speaking in support of Fred R. Parnell, the Government candidate in the bye-election which will take place next Saturday. Mr. McGarry said he understood that complaints had been made by those opposing the Government that it was not doing its share and he proceeded to show how unfair this argument was.

The Labor Branch

There was at the present time, he said, a Trades and Labor Branch of the Government, with 81 employes, whereas in 1905 there were but eight altogether. In 1905 there had been expended altogether by the Labor Bureau $12,400. but in 1918 there had been expended $222,000. Labor Bureaux had been established in all the cities and in many of the towns throughout the province, and every effort made to provide for the employment of those who were seeking it. The Government had undertaken public works of different kinds, with the object of providing employment for as many persons as possible, public buildings would be constructed during the present year costing $22,00,000. Expenditure on highway construction, including work on provincial highways and in county system aided by the province would reach $5,000,000.

Housing Problem

Mr. McGarry contended that money would be advanced for the purpose of carrying out the Government's housing problem to the amount of $11,000,000 and of this $5,000,000 would be spent this year roads and bridges and construction work in Northern Ontario $1,000,000. building and extension and improvements on the T. and N. O. $1,000,000 or a total of $14,000,000. Very large works were going on under the Hydro Power Commission, giving employment, including the staff to 5,000 persons during the year. There were employed directly in the Government service at the present time about 2,000 people; on the T. and N.O. Railway 1,300, which would be increased to 1,825 when construction commenced. On the housing scheme if the $5,000,000 referred to were spent in 1919 there would be employed in round numbers 10,000 men, and on highway construction another 3,000.

For 33,361 Men

For the Department of Education said Mr. McGarry the Government proposed to erect two buildings in connection with the Toronto University at a cost of $550,000, and it is estimated that the different works referred to will furnish employment directly and indirectly for approximately 11,361 men.

It was clear, therefore, that there could be no possibility, even when all the soldiers returned, of any charge being made that the Government had failed to perform its share in providing a solution of the question of unemployment.

Affects all Centres

Vitally affecting the city of St. Catharines and other important thriving centres was the housing problem. When the Prime Minister was in Ottawa attending the Inter-Provincial Conference he pressed upon the Government of the Dominion of Canada the absolute necessity of immediate action with the result that the Dominion Government appropriated $25,000,000 for this project, to be divided among the provinces according to population. Ontario's share was approximately $9,000,000, which with the 2,000,000 furnished by the province, would make a total of $11,000,000 for for construction of soldiers' and workmen's homes.

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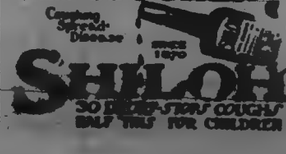

SHILOH

SO EFFECTIVE FOR COUGHS HALF THE FOR CHILDREN

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 4.15—Mission Band.

Monday, 7.30—Girls' Auxiliary in Guild room.

Tuesday, 3.00—W. A. monthly meeting. Nomination of branch officers.

Thursday, 8.00—Choir practice. Boys at 7.30.

Friday, 3.00—C. W. A. monthly business meeting.

Saturday, 9.00—Boys' choir practice.

Sunday next is Septuagesima Sunday.

March 5th—Ash Wednesday.

Director of Railroads Hines was formally named defendant in all suits and cases against the Railroad Administration in the United States.

COMB SAGE TEA INTO GRAY HAIR

Darken's Beautifully and Restores Its Natural Color and Lustre at Once

Common garden sage, brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use preparation improved by the addition of other ingredients, costing about 50 cents a large bottle, at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of mussy.

While gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant and you appear years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation, or prevention of disease.

RELIGIOUS LIFE OF THE KOREANS

REV. D. A. MacDONALD DELIVERS INTERESTING ADDRESS AT ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. D. A. Macdonald, B.A., missionary to Korea, addressed three meetings in St. Paul's Church yesterday. In the morning he spoke on certain phases of the religious life of the Korean church. He said in part:

"In recent years there has been a great awakening up and down the Continent of Asia. In no nation has this awakening been more rapid or more remarkable than in Korea. Korea for a long time was known as the Hermit nation of the world. It was the last nation to open its doors to western influence and to Christianity. While a generation ago the first Presbyterian missionaries entered Korea, today there are 222 ordained, native pastors, 2 600 church buildings, 86,000 communicants, and more than 200,000 Christians.

Bible Study

The Korean Church has many distinctive characteristics.

From the beginning of missionary work great emphasis has been placed upon the systematic study of the Bible, and to-day the Korean Bible study classes are reported all over Christendom. People gather together from long distances and spend a week to a month in the systematic study under qualified teachers, of the Bible and religious subjects. Last year in Korea there were 3000 such classes of from four days upward attended by 82,000 people, all of whom attended these classes at their own expense.

It is a Moral Church

The morality of the Korean Church will compare favorably with the Canadian church. The Ten Commandments are taken seriously by the Korean. Matters of drinking, polygamy, sabbath breaking, and other vices are matters of strict discipline, in which it is the native pastor rather than the Foreign Missionary who is the most insistent.

The Korean Church aims at self support. It will not be long, we hope, before the Korean church, as regards not only money, but men and administrative ability, will be independent of the home church. During the past year the average giving of the Korean church was $2.00 per capita. This would represent at least $20.00 of our money value.

The Korean Church has already become a Missionary Church. It has followed its emigrants into Manchuria and Siberia. A native pastor has for several years been working among the Korean students in Tokio. But it is not only in Home Missions but in Foreign Missions that the Korean Church is enthusiastic.

Six years ago three Korean pastors were sent as Foreign Missionaries to the Province of Shantung in China, and already Churches have been established and a Christian community organized. These are supported entirely by native funds. And the Foreign Missionaries near this district speak in the highest terms of the work of the work of the Korean missionaries. This is probably the only instance in the history of Christendom since the first century when a first generation church has established a Foreign Mission movement.

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RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

SUNDAY SCHOOLS IN CONVENTION

MONSTER GATHERING OF WORKERS TO OPEN IN TORONTO TOMORROW.

Toronto, Feb. 10.—One of the largest convention held here since the international Sunday School Convention in 1905 will open in Toronto tomorrow. The gathering will consist of the Sunday School forces of the whole continent known as the Executive Committee of the International Sunday School Association. It will represent a constituency of 36,000,000 Sunday School members found found in 350,000 Sunday schools throughout the world, of which nearly 21,000,000 are in the provinces of Canada and in the United States. The International Committee number 100 men, whose names bulk large in the business, professional, social and religious life of the two countries.

The President of the International Sunday School Association is Dr. William Oxley Thompson, who has been President of the Ohio State University for more than twenty years and who is recognised as one of the leading educators in the United States.

Justice MacLaren, of this city, is a life member, being of the four living Past Presidents of the Association who have served since 1902.

The initial meeting will be held Tuesday morning, when Mr. William Hamilton, of Toronto, Chairman, will call the Board of Trustees to order for important considerations. This will be followed by a joint conference between the International and World's Committees, on the proposed fund of $20,000,000, to be raised for the organized Sunday school work, if the plans unfold.

FIREMEN ARE NOT LOOKING FOR AN EIGHT HOUR DAY

Such a Proposition Was Never Even Suggested by Local Department—Double Platoon System Explained.

For the benefit of the public it is desirable to give the following information relative to the operation of the Platoon System which will in all likelihood be adopted by the fire department in the near future.

The two platoon system means dividing the strength of the department into two shifts, one shift being on duty in the station constantly and the other shift allowed away from the station, but not off duty. They will be always in touch with the alarm system either by means of the small bell in their homes or by means of the large tower bell. Meal shifts will be done away with—the shift coming on duty will have their breakfast or supper as the case may be before coming on duty, bring one meal with them and have the third meal after they are relieved. The off platoon will be required to answer all alarms promptly, any failure to do so will meet with strict disciplinary measures on the part of the Chief of the Department. The night and day shifts will change at seven o'clock each morning and change from night to day duty every two weeks.

This will greatly strengthen the department for the following reasons:

The health and physical fitness of the men will be improved, because of not being required to live twenty-four hours a day in the fumes of gasoline and the smell of horse stables. The morale of the department will be improved. The man power of the department will be increased. If we take the present staff (16 men) as a standard of efficiency under the present system we have 2 men off duty regularly 3 hours per day per man for meals, and of an average for the whole force of 4 hours be lost through sickness and special leave we have the actual number of hours worked 284 or 74 per cent of the number, 384, required by the standard. Under two platoon with four men added we would have 10 men or 62 1-2 per cent on duty constantly and within a few minutes an additional 10 men when we would be 125 per cent efficient.

No Eight Hour Day

There has been absolutely no agitation for an eight hour day in the local department. The men ask only an opportunity to live, to some extent, as human beings. The position, even with two platoons, is not one of excessive liberty, the off duty platoon being always subject to the call of the bell.

The Underwriters' Association for years past have advocated the erection of three more fire stations in Peterboro and the forming of a salvage corp with four men, team and wagon and tarpaulins. All of these recommendations have been overlooked or ignored, but when a proposition that will benefit the men comes, there is a tendency to count a possible but highly improbable cost improbable in view of the fact that these other recommendations have not been adopted and there has been no raise in insurance rates.

The following Canadian cities now operate the platoon system: Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, Saskatoon, Hamilton, Ottawa, Kingston, Guelph, Kitchener, St. Thomas and in a short time London.

Most of these cities are operating without the required man per thousand of population—notably Kingston with a population of 23,000 has 19 men and Toronto with a population of 490,000 has 452 men.

A proof of the efficiency of the system is to be found in the fact that Chief Kenlon of the New York Department heartily endorses it. He has more lives and property depending on his department than any other fire chief in the world. Chief Smith of Toronto endorses it, and at the International Convention of Fire Chiefs it was endorsed with only one dissenting voice.

The following letters were received by Chief Grange from the Underwriters and from Fire Marshal Heaton, in acknowledgment of receipt of his annual report. They speak for themselves.

From the Underwriters

Chief Grange,
Peterboro.

Dear Sir—

I am in receipt of your communication, enclosing copy of your second annual report of the fire department of the city of Peterboro, for which I am much obliged.

It is an excellent and very full report and I trust the council may see fit to act on the recommendations you make, which we consider are very suitable.

Yours truly,
(Signed) John A. Robertson,
Secretary

From the Fire Marshal

Chief Grange,
Peterboro.

Dear Chief:

We have received this morning a copy of your report to the council of your city. We have read it with much interest and thank you cordially for favoring us with a copy.

I have been particularly struck with two things in the report—the first is the rapidity with which you have been able to operate the new chemical and hose wagon and the instance you refer to of the ran to Box 59 and the dwelling close to it. I purpose using the illustration in the February number of the Public Service Bulletin. The second feature worthy of special note is your system of monthly inspection, and I am sure an account of this will make good reading in the Public Service Bulletin also.

I will say frankly that my object in making reference to these matters is to strengthen your hands in your request for additional equipment: I hope the council of this year will accept your recommendations and carry them out, for in a growing city like Peterborough where there are plants of immense value ample protection is necessary.

I congratulate you upon the excellence of your report, and upon your activity in fire prevention, and you may be assured that if we can aid you in any way in your work we shall be only too glad to do so.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) E. P. Heaton,
Fire Marshal.

Appointments By The Police Board

MRS BUNTON IS MATRON AND FRANK MILLER TRUANT OFFICER.

At the meeting of the Police Commission on Saturday afternoon Judge Huycke was re-appointed chairman for the year.

Mrs. (Adjt.) Bunton was appointed police matron in the place of Mrs. McElhiney, her expense allowance to be $440.

Mr. George Cochrane tendered his resignation as truancy officer on account of ill health. It was accepted and the secretary was instructed to write Mr. Cochrane assuring him to the Commission's appreciation of his services.

There were three application for the vacancy caused through his resignation. These were James Hawthorne, C. S. Stapleton and F. W. Miller. The last mentioned received the appointment, the annual salary being $150.

Acting Sergeant Deenard was upon the recommendation of Chief Thompson promoted to the rank of full sergeant.

Husband Alleges Deception.

A California man testifies in the divorce suit that when he was courting his wife she always met him at the front door with a kitchen apron on leading him to believe she was domestic in her taste and after he married he learned to his dismay that she had never even learned how to boil an egg, and that she gave him the alternative of boarding or clearing out.—Houston Post.

Tom Thumb.

Charles Sherwood Stratton (Tom Thumb) was born at Bridgeport, Conn., in 1838. He was exhibited by P. T. Barnum in various parts of the world. He married in 1863 Mercy Lavinia Bump (Lavinia Warren) also a dwarf. When first exhibited Tom Thumb was only about two feet high, but he grew to a height of 40 inches. He died at Middleborough, Mass., in 1883.

Alaskan Coast Forests.

The coast forests of southern and southeastern Alaska are included in the national forests of Tongass and Chugach, which comprise over 20,000,000 acres, a large proportion of which is covered with trees. Of these Sitka spruce averages about 20 per cent and western hemlock about 75 per cent.

Chief Thompson submitted his annual report, which will be published in tomorrow's issue of this paper.

C.P.R. PURCHASES FAMOUS SITE

PLACE WHERE EVANGELINE WAS BORN TO BE MADE A PARK.

Montreal, Feb 10.—The Canadian Pacific Railway has purchased the site of Evangeline's home at Grandpre, N.S., and will maintain it as a public park. A statue of Evangeline being sculptured by Phillippe Hebert at the time of his death will be completed by his son and will be erected on the land. The story of Evangeline has been immortalized by Longfellow in the poem of that name. Upon the site purchased by the Canadian Pacific remain the well and willows referred to in the poem. The park is within a stone's throw of the birthplace of Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada.

SUGAR IN INDIA.

Something About the Crops In That Mighty Country.

Since the opening of the war the imports of sugar into British India have decreased some 400,000 tons, presumably freeing that amount of eastern sugar for the use of the western world. As this decrease is not due to decreased consumption owing to high war prices, but to increased home production stimulated by higher prices, the release is substantial.

The peculiar thing about India is that, whereas it is the second largest sugar producing region on the globe, its production is insufficient even for home requirements. There are 300,000,000 persons in India, and roughly there is an acre of cane and a ton of sugar for every 100 inhabitants of the Empire. This gives each inhabitant about 22 pounds of sugar per annum, which is not enough, so Javan sugars have been drawn upon to make up the deficiency.

The increase in production has been about 1,000,000 tons, of which 500,000 tons were attained in the last crop finished in March, 1918. Since that date Java sugar has continued to go to India in normal quantity, but as shown by H. C. Prinsen Geerligs in the International Sugar Journal, the movement of these sugars inland from Indian ports has been very slow.

As a result of the war, he says, India has increased its import duty on sugar from 5 to 10 per cent. ad valorem. This, combined with scanty arrivals from Java due to lack of ships, had advanced the price of home-grown India sugar to a point which induced the native sugar planters to increase their sugar output.

"For a number of years," he continues, "the Indian Government had taken measures to improve the cane cultivation and sugar manufacture by establishing experiment stations and farms, by introducing new cane varieties, and better mills and evaporating apparatus, in order to try and increase the production of sugar per unit of area. These efforts had on the whole been successful, but the conservative native planters had up to now not shown much interest in the matter. In these days of high sugar prices, however, they see how great the advantages of a better crop may be to them and how they profit by all the work which has been done for their benefit over whole series of years. The consequence is that a large part of the interior of India can get on very well without supplies from overseas and that the supplies lying at the Indian ports have remained to a large extent intact."

The sowings for the crop just opening were estimated by the India Trade Journal of August 23 as 2,550,000 acres against 2,552,000 acres for the last crop, which outturned 3,229,000 tons.

However, growing conditions have not been quite so favorable this year as last, and a smaller outturn is probable.

Seasonal conditions at sowing time were, according to the Journal, not quite favorable in the important cane-growing provinces, and owing to the holding off of the rains the prospects of the crop are still uncertain in the greater part of the United Provinces. Rain is badly wanted in the Punjab. Elsewhere prospects are generally good.

Are Your Children Bores?

The children of the house should not be allowed to monopolize a guest's attention. Mothers are usually blind to their children's faults, as less loving eyes see them, and they fail to understand that a guest's apparent delight in playing with the youngsters is often no more than politeness, and in reality he is bored and very tired of "playing bear," telling fairy stories and examining favorite toys and books.

Going Ahead Too Fast.

The young detective was enthusiastic but inexperienced. Rushing into his chief's office in great excitement he cried: "I've found the assassin! I've got him cornered so that he can't escape!" The chief regarded him with withering scorn. "Allow me," he said, "to draw your attention to the fact that at present we are looking—not for the assassin, but for clues."—Judge.

Water Hyacinth Has Value.

The water hyacinth, which so rapidly fills up certain streams, is found to have a high value as a fertilizer. On account of the large amount of water the green plant contains the material is partially dried before stacking and after becoming well rotted it proves to have about the same composition as farmyard manure, except that it is richer in potash.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. R. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON, Inspectors PHONE 14

VICTORIA WILL SPEND THREE MILLS ON DOLLAR

For the Building of Good Roads in County —This Means a Government Grant of $20,000 to Lindsay.

Lindsay, Feb. 10.—At a meeting of the County Good Roads Board considerable business of importance to town and County was transacted.

Ontario County Council wished to know at what points the Victoria County good roads reached their County.

Clerk McNeillie replied by letter that there were three lines of road leading to the Ontario County roads. Ontario good roads will reach Seagrave, leaving some three miles of roadway not connected.

The opinion was expressed that the two Councils should meet and discuss the question.

Mariposa, Woodville and Eldon representatives thought that the boundary line road between Ontario and Victoria, along Brock township through Manilla to Woodville should be a County road.

Reeve Wilson of Emily said there should be a connecting link at the shortest possible route.

On motion the Committee decided to invite members from Ontario Co. to talk the matter over re a connecting link.

Road Cut Out.

Ex-Warden Hawkins, and Reeves McIntyre and McFadyen expressed the hope that the Provincial good roads should be built north from Balsover and through the Portage Road, as at first proposed and adopted. This road was recently struck out in order to cut down the mileage in Victoria County.

The question will probably come up again at the June session.

Telephones on Road.

In regard to the department and the statutes demanding 60 feet roadways, Reeve Tompkins stated that on some roadways not only fences will have to be moved, but also telephone poles and lines.

Question of Survey.

Supt. Martindale: "It is a question as to who will establish the line of survey—the township or the landowners?"

The clerk will communicate with the Department in regard to narrow forced roads in the County which are designated as County roads, and asked for special legislation regarding these roads being brought under the Surveys Act.

On motion it was decided to spend 3 mills on the dollar on good roads. It is understood that providing the Provincial War Tax is removed 3 mills will be levied.

SAYS CANADIANS ARE IN PLOT AGAINST NEW YORK

Delegation From That City Protest to Congress Against Clause For St. Lawrence Waterway.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The life of New York as America's leading export port is menaced by the pending rivers and harbors bill, according to the statement of the New York delegation to the National Rivers and Harbors Congress.

The delegation charges that a plot exists between shrewd Canadians and representatives of four Western states who desire to see their lake ports get ocean going ships, to seize the trade of New York and New England.

"Shall the St. Lawrence River, with Great Britain controlling its mouth, become the American Dardanelles?" asked the delegation.

They declared it would if an amendment to the rivers and harbors bill now before the Senate becomes a law. The amendment provides that a joint commission of American and Canadian Government representatives be appointed to determine the cost of providing an ocean waterway from Lake Erie to the sea by way of the St. Lawrence.

"If this project is adopted," said former State Senator Hill, spokesman of the New York delegation, "it would mean that 18,000,000 tons of commerce annual would be diverted from its natural American route to the Canadian route.

"It would ruin New York. All the vast supplies of grain which come from Duluth and other lake ports would be sent to Europe by way of the St. Lawrence River and New York as an export port might just as well close up shop."

Co-ordination of railways and waterways and the overcoming of traffic obstacles incident to rehandling of freight will have the hearty support of the Railroad Administration. Director General Hines told the Congress. He said the Railroad Administration already was working out plans to bring this situation about and pointed out that as long as a waterway had no rail feeders to bring traffic to it, which situation existed under the old form of private management, full economic benefit could not result.

Rail systems should be linked together with all of the important waterways and, therefore, the water-ways problem had an important bearing on the period of Government control of the railroads. Mr. Hines outlined the five-year plan of Government control, which he and former Director General McAdoo presented to Congress.

Algerian Flour Mills.

Algeria possesses some 70 or 80 flour mills, scattered throughout the three departments of Algiers, Constantine and Oran. These mills have a total of 6,000 horsepower, employ between 1,000 and 1,200 workmen, and handle daily about 1,500 metric tons of hard and soft wheat, or approximately 400,000 metric tons per annum. There are also a large number of small, primitive establishments in Algeria, which tend to disappear in competition with modern equipment.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH NOTES

Y. L. M. B. will hold their regular meeting on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Prayer meeting is withdrawn in favor of the union meeting on Wednesday evening, in St. Pauls church to be addressed by Rev. D. A. Macdonald of Korea.

Johann Junker has been appointed German minister to the Hungarian republic.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS of THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the one inch count each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

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TO RENT—Warm room, with or without board. Apply 589 Division street, city.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two smart men to canvas the city, selling "Pictorial History of Great War." Apply between 5 and 6 o'clock, to 215 Charlotte street.

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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:53 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

10:38 p.m.—Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

***9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.
7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.
12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

MODERN SURGERY.

Some Wonderful Achievements In the Battle Zones.

Modern surgery dates from the introduction of anaesthetics. It is not easy nowadays to realize the horrors of hospital practice, when every movement of the surgeon's knife severed the patient's soul as well as his body. Prof. George Wilson, the second patient on whom the famous Syme performed his operation of amputation at the ankle-joint (first carried out in 1842), has left on record his emotions during the ordeal.

"During the "operation," wrote Wilson "I watched all the surgeons did with a fascinated curiosity. Of the agony it occasioned I will say nothing. Suffering so great as I underwent cannot be expressed in words, and thus, fortunately, cannot be recalled. The particular pangs are now forgotten; but the black whirlwind of emotion, the horror of great darkness, and the sense of desertion by God and man, bordering close on despair, which swept through my mind and overwhelmed my heart, I can never forget, however gladly I would do so."

Time was torture then, and the long, deliberate operations of to-day were impracticable.

If the hospital was a torture-chamber then, the battlefield was an inferno. The visitor to the scene of a great action (so we are told by one who went over the stricken field of Solferino) had an illusion of being on the seashore; the miserable cries of the wounded resembled the rhythmic clamor of waves; there was a salt tang in the air from the blood that had been poured out. The progress of the surgeons, always far too few, was marked by the breaking out here and there of dismal wailing. War has been purged of half its horror by the invention of anaesthetics and of more than half its destructiveness of life by the aseptic technique which prevents infection, and has put an end to the "hospital diseases" that so puzzled the pre-Listerian practitioners — some of them actually proposed the periodical destruction of hospital buildings as a heroic remedy.

To-day the surgeon can carry out the most complicated example of "reconstructive surgery" with the deliberate carefulness of a chess-player, and he can be sure that the wounds will heal healthily without matter forming to destroy his artistic handiwork. And the present war has so vastly increased his opportunities and experience that he can now accomplish feats of physical reconstruction that were utterly undreamed of in peace time. Nobody who knows the progress made by surgery on every scientific front in the last four years is likely to challenge the saying of a famous military surgeon: "There is something to be said for a great war, after all. A century of peace-time practice could hardly have told us what we now know—and our new knowledge may in the end enable us to save more lives than the war has cost us!"

The transplanting of skin, flesh and bone—often contributed by others—is the new method which most amazes the lay mind. In one military hospital there is a patient whose defects have been made good by bone borrowed from three comrades. The repair of shattered and dehumanized faces is another crowd-compelling wonder. But the making of new joints, the repairing and re-education of nerves, and, above all, the new idea of a useful stump, though less easily explained, are even more wonderful. The last-named advance, which is mainly due to the Italian surgeons, is nothing less than a revolution in amputation. It is no longer a question of preserving a mere stump—every bit of muscle and sinew which can be kept is now utilized as motive powers for the movable parts of wonderfully designed artificial limbs. As a wounded soldier told me the other day: "Why, I can feel and think down this new leg of mine!"—Illustrated London News.

One's Personal Influence.

Every one casts a shadow. There hangs about us a sort of penumbra—a strange, indefinable something—which we call personal influence, which has its effect on every other life on which it falls. It goes with us wherever we go. It is not something we can have when we will; we no more can be a gentleman. It is like something that always pours out from our life, like light from a lamp, like heat from a flame, like perfume from a flower.

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TO MAKE CHICKENS LAY

To Make the Stock Pay Feed Concentrates.

Roughage and Roots Give Bulk to the Ration, But Production Depends Upon the Grains, Mill-feeds and Oilcakes.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

MANY people forget that a hen requires feeds other than grain in order to be in good health and to lay.

All-grain rations are neither conducive to health or egg production. At times when hens have the run of the stables and the yards, together with house scraps, they do very well, owing to the fact that an opportunity is given them to pick up bits of clover leaves, roots, and such like material.

A certain amount of meat foods is essential in order to produce the white of the eggs. Too much of such feed is apt to cause trouble with the general digestion of the bird.

Milk as a drink, is, without doubt, the best animal feed known. It gives the best results when sour. When birds are accustomed to it they will not take too much.

Beef scrap and high grade tankage are used very extensively on large poultry plants where milk is not available. These are mixed with ground grain, generally in the proportion of fifteen to twenty per cent. For the general purpose breeds the former amount is sufficient. Breeds such as Leghorns will make good use of twenty per cent. of meat scrap in the ration.

Cooked butchers' meat, green cut bone, cooked beef head, lungs, liver, etc., are all very good feeds and may be fed in a manner similar to meat scrap.

Some people think that because a little of meat feeds are good, more would be better. Experience has shown that such is not the case. Too much often causes serious trouble.

Green feeds are essential for health and for economy. A hen should have all the green feed she will consume. A certain amount of bulky, succulent green feed she will consume. Such feed is usually fairly inexpensive. Where birds are not fed any green feed, in the course of time they become unthrifty, lay poorly and moreover, the eggs from such birds many times are very low in hatching power.

Experience has shown that oats when properly sprouted are a most excellent feed. The hens are very fond of them and the value of the oats as a feed is good. That is, the sprouted oats reduce the grain feed consumption equal to the pounds of oats sprouted and one gains the increased palatability of the oats, as well as the value from the greens.

Thin-leafed greens contain one of the very important elements of growth and health. They are called nature's protective feeds; that is they assist to maintain the birds' health or normal resistance against disease. Health is an essential to profit. In winter we find such feed in sprouted oats, cabbage, and clover leaves.—Prof. R. W. Grandin, O. A. College, Guelph.

Value of Concentrates In Ration.

A cattle feed is valuable to the extent it contains those substances which will repair body tissue, build new tissue and furnish energy to do work. The particular materials in a food which have this power are protein, the flesh-forming substance, carbohydrates and fat, the fat and energy producers and the mineral matter which has a great many functions in the body.

Any feed that carries a high percentage of protein and fat and a large amount of a digestible form of the carbohydrates is called a concentrated feed or a concentrate. Thus grains, mill feeds and oil cakes are concentrates. On the other hand, a feed low in these valuable constituents and high in indigestible carbohydrates, or crude fibre, as, for instance, straw, hay, corn stalks, are called roughage or bulky feeds. Roots may also be put in this class because they contain a very high percentage of water and they are for this reason bulky.

These bulky feeds have their place in the ration, indeed in the case of full-grown animals on maintenance ration, they may form the whole of the food; but it is impossible for a young animal to make rapid growth, a cow to give a large amount of milk or a horse to work hard on such feed. The hard woody fibre of the straw and hay are difficult to digest and much of the energy that should go to production of work or increase is used up in digesting the food. Consequently when production is desired the amount of roughage feed must be reduced and the concentrates increased.

Another reason why concentrates must be used is that to get the largest production we must have the animal digest and absorb the maximum amount of the various constituents which together form a food. A cow cannot long continue to furnish a large amount of casein in milk unless it gets the material from which to form it from the food. Neither can a steer make rapid growth and fatten on a food that does not furnish a large amount of the food constituents essential for growth. These cannot be supplied in the largest and best quantities except by the use of the concentrates. The coarser foods or roughage are necessary to give bulk to the ration, but there must be an abundance of easily-digestible materials if the best results are to be obtained and this is the place of concentrates in the ration. We want some coarse feeds, even if they are poorly digested, but we also want these concentrates to supply the materials for growth and production. Furthermore within certain limits a more of the concentrates is the more the production.—Prof. R. Harcourt, O. A. College, Guelph.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Evangeline Returns to Grand Pre

(1) Evangeline's Well.
(2) Philippe Hebert's Statue of Evangeline.

WHAT lover of poetry has not dreamed of visiting the places made immortal in song? And what song has roused this longing more intensely than the story of the gentle Acadians and their Great Banishment? Many have realized this ambition for Nova Scotia is easy to reach and each succeeding summer sees more hundreds making the pilgrimage to

"The Acadian land, on the shores of the Basin of Minas,
Distant, secluded, still, the little village of Grand Pre."

There they find the meadows, dikes and orchards of which Longfellow sang, and they try to retrace the action of the poem by using as a guide the still remaining well which the poet described as

"Farther down, on the slope of the hill, was the well with its moss-grown
Bucket, fastened with iron, and near it a trough for the horses."

The piece of ground at Grand Pré on which is the well of Evangeline, together with the old willows, has been bought by the Canadian Pacific for the purpose of preserving it for posterity.

Before he died last year, Philippe Hebert, the greatest of French-Canadian sculptors, was engaged on a statue representing Evangeline leaving the land of her childhood and looking back in sorrow.

Philippe Hebert was himself an Acadian and, although a perfectly happy exile in Montreal, entered into the spirit of the poem as no other sculptor could. The model of his statue has been purchased by the Canadian Pacific who have commissioned Philippe's son, Henri Hebert, also a distinguished sculptor, to complete it. The figure in bronze to be erected beside the famous well.

Thus will be added one more attraction to a land full of attractions for artists, devotees of romance and matter-of-fact sportsmen. The artists find an inexhaustible supply of subjects ranging from picturesque long vistas of apple blossoms to unusual but picturesque fisherfolk; the romantically inclined find a land of legends and sleepy beauty; the sportsman find fishing and hunting such as is seldom equalled and never excelled.

Story of Great Cruelty

Of the Turkish Soldiers To British Taken at Kut

THE report on the treatment of the British prisoners of war by Turkey relates in detail the experiences and vicissitudes undergone by the Sixth Division. This division, under Gen. Townshend, was besieged in Kut-el-Amara from December 4, 1915, and, reduced by starvation, surrendered on April 29, 1916. The whole force was by that time naturally very much weakened by long privation. About 1,100 of the worst cases—British and Indian—with four officers, were sent down the Tigris for repatriation forthwith. They alone escaped the experience of becoming — as Enver Pasha presently expressed it to those who remained—"the honored guests of the Turkish Government."

The entry of the Turkish forces into Kut took place in the morning. Within a very short time they were busily thieving, assisted by the Arabs of the town. The kits of both officers and men were systematically rifled, especially for boots and water bottles. Stray looters made their way into the hospitals and seized what attracted them. Some of their officers made unsuccessful attempts to stop them; others were as bad as the men. One held up the officers of a British unit with a revolver and collected their watches and money; many others were seen carrying British swords and field glasses. This went on until nightfall, when the disarmed prisoners had to organize a guard for their own protection, as best they might.

During the night and the following day the greater part of the British force, officers and men, was marched about eight miles up the river to Shamran, where they were to encamp until they could be sent on to Bagdad. They found no preparations for them whatever at Shamran, only a bare piece of the desert ringed by Turkish sentries. Here for a week the men lay about unsheltered in sun and rain. For two days no rations were issued by the Turks; there was nothing to eat but some dates and black bread which Arab soldiers peddled among the men in exchange for boots and clothing, thus bringing their destitution a stage further; the Turks also plied a traffic in their dry and stony ration biscuits. It was, in short, very soon clear—and at the time this came as a surprise—that the Turks had neither the power nor the will to protect the lives of the prisoners they had taken.

Their state of chronic confusion in all matters of supply and transport was a familiar story before long; all necessities had to be demanded and redemanded, argued about, insisted on, and more especially waited for. But over and above all this there appeared one sign after another that the help which the British officers themselves could give was to be hampered and largely rejected. On May 6 when the column of prisoners was to set out on the 100-mile march to Bagdad, these officers learned to their consternation that they were to be separated from their men; by this time they well understood what the consequences would be. They did what they could by urging upon the Turkish commandant the men's condition, by stipulating that they should not be required to come more than eight miles a day, and by setting aside the large number who were unfit to make the journey at all except by boat. This number was much reduced, but the limit of the day's march was expressly agreed to. Thus the officers had to leave the men with whom they had shared the long hardships of the siege, and for all it was a deeply trying moment. They recorded how great was the contrast, even in the wretchedness of the camp at Shamran, between the men's disciplined bearing, and that of the Turkish soldiers around.

It was arranged that the officers and the absolutely unfit should be sent to Bagdad by river, and on May 9 and May 11 they embarked in two heavily-loaded boats. Everyone was gradually relieved of more and more of his possessions. On the day of the surrender a generous weight of kit allowance had been granted to each officer; this was reduced by successive stages, from 200 pounds to 100, and later again to 30, and at each reduction the surplus disappeared, to be seen no more. The river journey was long and crowded, particularly for one of the boats, which was stranded for several days through shortage of fuel.

The Turkish commandant had kept his promise about the length of the day's march for one day. On the second the men were made to march 18 miles, and afterward 12 to 15 miles daily, lying at night on the open ground. They were herded like sheep by mounted Arab troopers, who freely used sticks and whips to flog forward the stragglers. Food was very short, the heat was intense, the clouds of dust perpetual, and a great number of the men had now neither boots nor water bottles. Their escort stripped them still further; by the time of their arrival at Bagdad most of the Arab guard were dressed in odds and ends of British uniforms, stolen during the march. There was little or no control by the Turkish officers, who usually rode at the head of the column. So, after nine days' march, the column arrived at Bagdad on May 15, and were marched for three or four hours through crowded streets before being taken to the place where they were to encamp.

Meanwhile, the boatload of officers had already reached the city, and had likewise been exhibited to the crowd, which received them in undemonstrative silence.

There remains to be told what had happened to the main mass of the prisoners, those who had been judged capable of the journey up country and across the Syrian desert to Asia Minor. Week after week, through June and July, parties of them had left Bagdad, following the route already taken by their officers. They had been seen leaving the city camp and crowded into the railway trucks which were to take them as far as Samarra, the railhead (as it then was) some 70 miles up the river. From there they would go afoot. Their state of preparation for a march of 500 miles can be pictured from what has been described already; and the efficiency of the Oriental care to which they were entrusted is as easily imagined. The officers who were left in Bagdad, and who watched them depart, could only feel the deepest anxiety.

The truth of what happened has only very gradually become known, and in all its details it will never be known. If it is urged that Turkish powers of organization and forethought were utterly incapable of handling such a problem as the transport of these prisoners, the plea is sound enough as an explanation; as an excuse it is nothing. It begins to be evident how it come about that of the men who surrendered at Kut, more than 3,000, British and Indian, have never been heard of at all.

Army Pigeon ...

One of the many uses to which London motor buses are put in France is as a home for pigeons. The outside of the omnibus is roofed in to form a cage, while the men occupy the inside—or rather, three-quarters of the inside, because the front part is also part of the cage, which is entered by a door from the men's room, and also by a door at the top of the back staircase.

There is an opening in the front of the cage cleverly arranged to let the birds enter when they return from their flights, but not to let them escape when they are inside. A board is deftly poised just inside the opening, so that when a bird steps on it an electric bell rings inside the omnibus to tell the men that a pigeon has come home.

The pigeons are taken out in baskets to the trenches to bring messages back in case the wire communications should be cut by the enemy's fire. If not wanted for this purpose they are sent flying back after twenty-four hours with a message, just for practice.

As soon as the bird arrives at the loft a man creeps into the cage, catches it, reads the message, writes it down in duplicate, and sends an orderly at once with a copy to the signal officer, whence it is sent much like an ordinary telegram to its destination. Birds are always sent in couples, each with the same message, in case one should be shot by the enemy.—Tit-Bits.

Ancient Paragrapher.

Doctor Johnson, in writing a poem, from time to time would run his finger down the page, counting the verses to see how many more he had to write. The doctor had his resemblance to a paragrapher.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Few Really Sincere.

Sincerity is an openness of heart; we find it in very few people; what we usually see is only an artful dissimulation to win the confidence of others.

First Electric Lighted City.

Aurora, Ill., was the first city in the world to have its streets lighted by electricity, that method of illumination having been installed there in 1881.

Uncle Eben.

"De man dat makes money too easy," said Uncle Eben, "takes his turn at de hard work when it comes to explainin' how he got it."

Machine Works With Peat Gas.

Danish investors have perfected motors that are claimed to work well with peat gas as fuel instead of benzine or gasoline.

Daily Thought.

No really great man ever thought himself so.—Hazlitt.

Alaska's Great Bears.

The great brown bear of Alaska is the largest of all bears, and the largest flesh-eating animals in the world. So far as natural history is concerned, these bears have been known only since 1896. They reach a weight of 1,500 pounds, and unless attacked are inoffensive giants. Then they become terrific antagonists. They grow fat on salmon of the Alaskan rivers.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

DO YOU KNOW- MR. JIGGS IS IN LOVE!
I THOUGHT THERE WUZ SOME THING THE MATTER WITH YOU-
ITS MISS SMITH - SHE IS AN ANGEL-
ITS A CINCH YOU NEVER SAW AN ANGEL-
THE DARLING - HOW SHE JUMPED WHEN I KISSED HER LAST NIGHT-
NO WONDER!
LOOK HOW TALL YOU ARE!

BIG SHAKE UP IN FIRST BASEMEN IN OLD LEAGUE

Many of the Stars at Initial Corners in National Are Expected to Change Berths

By the time the opening of the baseball season rolls around a general shake up in the ranks of the National league first basemen will have been effected. The transfer of Jake Daubert from Brooklyn to Cincinnati is only the first of a series of expected moves which will affect a number of famous first sackers in the senior major league.

Just who will replace Daubert at the initial corner for the Robins is not quite clear. Clarence Mitchell, now in Germany with the army of occupation, is a remarkable fielder around first base and a sharp and dependable hitter, so that Mitchell may be the first choice of Uncle Wilbert Robinson if through the fortunes of war he is permitted to return to this country in time for the opening of the season. Daubert will, of course, guard the first sack for the Reds, replacing Hal Chase.

Mention of Chase leads to further speculation concerning the immediate future of that brilliant and highly interesting young man. It is expected that he will go to the Giants. Recent utterance of John McGraw indicate it appear that Holke is regarded by him in a more favorable light than he was a few months ago, and if Chase should be rendered ineligible the Giant leader probably will fall back on Walter for the first base job. However, if Chase is obtained, it stands to reason that Holke will be sold or traded to another club, and there is at least one, and possibly two, outfits which can likely to bid for his services.

One of these is Philadelphia, the other is Boston. In Philadelphia doubt is being cast by a number of critics on the ability of Fred Luderus to hold down his old berth in regular, league style in future. Fred, though always a valuable man, has never been very fast afoot and he has slowed down to an appreciable extent in the last year or two. It is reported in the Quaker City that Jack Coombs is on the lookout for a younger and spryer man to replace Fred, and Jack may make an effort to ensnare Holke, who, under favorable conditions, is more than just passing fair as a first baseman.

Ed Konetchy is no longer the first sacker that he was in days gone by, and it may be that George Stallings, who must reconstruct his team along broad lines in order to put the Braves back on a solid basis with Boston fandom, will make an offer for Holke if McGraw decides to put Walter on the market.

Fred Merkle who, like Luderus and Koney, also is slowing up, had a good year in 1918 and is still well thought of in Chicago, so that Fred Mitchell is anxious to have him at his usual post for the coming season, and Gene Paulette is quite certain to play first base again for the Cardinals, but the only "doortender" in the league who has a copper riveted hold on his job is Fred Mollwitz of the Pirates.

Mollwitz, after trials in Cincinnati and Chicago, followed by a term in the minors, has made good with a vengeance in Pittsburg, and the Smoky City fans are strong for him. There is little to wonder at in Mollwitz's popularity in that city, as he is the first good man to fill the position for the Corsair since Kitty Bransfield's day.

Negotiations are under way among leading bankers to grant an initial loan to Belgium of $50,000,000.

Inspiration Consolidated Copper Co., produced 6,500,000 pounds of copper in January, compared with 7,350,000 in December.

Senate by a vote of 37 to 32 went on record as not in favor of Senator Johnson's resolution of withdrawing American troops from France.

Indiana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

183 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-562

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

Round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Illustrations from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

When Sullivan Won The Championship

Thirty-seven years ago there was fought the "Battle of Mississippi City," one of the most spectacular contests in the history of the pugilistic ring. Paddy Ryan and John L. Sullivan were the men who faced each other on that bright morning, in a ring pitched on the turf within two-score yards of the Gulf of Mexico, and surrounded by a widely excited crowd of about 2000 sports.

Ryan was two inches taller than Sullivan and had the advantage of nine pounds in weight. After a squabble over the selection of a referee, Alex Brewster and Jack Hardy were chosen to act jointly. The betting was at even money, and thousands of dollars depended on the outcome.

In the first round Sullivan whipped over his right and sent Paddy sprawling to the ground. In the second Sullivan drew first blood, and his backers cheered like a bunch of wild Indians. The next few rounds were slugging matches, with honors even, but it was plain to see that the champion had gained a lot of respect for John L. In the fifth round Sullivan assumed a ferocious look such as he often put on to frighten his antagonist, and went into Ryan as if he intended to slay or be slain. The scheme worked, and Paddy was plainly alarmed. They went to a clinch, and Sullivan sent his opponent hurling with a cross-buttock. In the sixth both were panting for breath and Ryan was shaky on his pins. In the eighth, after an exchange of hard punches, John L. put one over that lifted Ryan high off his feet and sent him to earth all but finished. He managed to get up, but when the ninth began it was evident that unless a miracle happened Ryan would have to write "ex" in front of his title. No miracle presented itself, for in the ninth Sullivan sent a tremendous blow crashing against Paddy's ear, and the champion crumpled up like a punctured toy balloon. After eleven minutes and seven seconds of actual fighting, John L. Sullivan was the heavyweight champion of the world.

Prize Winners At George St. Alleys

Prize winners at the George street alleys last week were W. Henderson, first in ten pins, winning a pair of gold cuff links; Don Sharpe, first in B class, winning a gold tie pin; R. R. Moore won the five pin contest, with a big score over his opponents, winning a gold watch fob. League game tomorrow night, Barries, Ltd., vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

Railroad brotherhoods' representatives urged Federal ownership of the roads before the Senate.

Fifteen millions pounds of food will be shipped by the United States to American forces on the Rhine.

Cuban capitalists formed $5,000,000 corporation to establish steamship line between Cuba and Mexico.

Lindsay Boasts Of Hockey Prowess

Naturally Lindsay feels elated over the result of the hockey game Friday night and the Post of that town chortles gleefully as follows:

Lindsay 17, Peterboro 2 — who among the visitors will break the sad news at home? It wouldn't be believed over the wires, we imagine.

Determination, confidence and clean scrapping won the greatest war the world ever knew. Could a hockey game be applied to this axiom?

Lindsay might have been strange on the large ice sheet at Peterboro, but Oh, Boy! who were the strangers up here last night. After all, the good team, is the team that can win on any ice, large, small, keen or soft.

Bitter was the cup, bitterer was the pain. After a loss of six piled high. Their loss is Lindsay's gain.

After all, the small cities are forced to admit that "small town stuff" is good stuff.

Hats off to Manager Martin and Trainer Alf. Gamble, who, in the darkest moments, encouraged the boys, and stayed behind them until their efforts have culminated in a triumph. Now we know why they were so interested. They know the goods was there, and would be promptly delivered last night.

Who were the stars on the Lindsay team? All stars, every man who wore blue and white was a hero, bar none.

Frost and McWilliams delivered the goods for Peterboro.

Referee Lou Marsh handled the bell with good judgement.

No trouble arose out of the game, and no fistic exhibitions were featured.

Here's to Lindsay, may they go far. Congratulations Peterboro, you waged a strenuous war.

After the game, one Lindsay fan asked where a certain Peterboro official was. He wished to see him, being an old acquaintance of his. The wag's answer was, "Sitting down on the Lindsay street bridge, looking at the water."

Grocers Win Two From De Laval

Last Friday night at Water street alleys in the Business Men's Ten-Pin League the Grocers took two out of the three games from the De Laval. For the Grocers, Dawson hit the high mark of 564. Gillespie, second, with 525. For De Laval, Barrett was high with 515; A. Fitzgerald with 502.

The scores:

Grocers.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Roulty	178	143	162	—493
Nefftal	143	180	192	—519
Gillespie	178	170	177	—519
Weber	159	93	160	—525
Dawson	159	220	185	—427
Totals	830	812	876	—2518

De Laval.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Byers	200	157	128	—485
A. Fitzgerald	191	150	161	—502
Rafter	147	162	137	—446
Barrett	176	160	179	—515
Carter	163	139	181	—483
Totals	877	768	786	—2439

Richard Croker is recovering from illness at his Palm Beach home.

Copper miners of Butte are considering a strike because of the reduction in wages.

Bank of France reported gold holdings gained 3,240,000 francs. Silver dropped 658,000 francs.

Warrants were issued by British authorities for the arrest of leaders in the recent strike in Belfast.

TWO LOCAL RINKS FOR THE TORONTO SEMI-FINALS

R. Hicks and Wm. Lang the Skips Whose Teams Will Compete for the Big Honors

Messrs. W. H. Taylor and G. Copping are the skips whose rinks are in at the finals of the Vice-Skips' bonspiel as a result of the last game of the semi-finals on Saturday night, when Skip Taylor's rink won out over that of Skip Brownscombe after a closely contested match in which the ultimate winners were two down coming home, but won out by one shot, and Skip Taylor had another stone to play, had it been necessary.

Tonight on the local train the two rinks who were victorious in the district tankard contest go to Toronto for the semi-final games, which will commence there at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. They are composed of the following members of the club:

L. Bowes, W. H. Taylor, A. Kay, R. Hicks (skip).

A. L. Hall, R. C. Sturgeon, R. M. Waddell, Wm. Lang (skip).

On Thursday it is expected that the rinks which won the District Cup will go to Toronto to play off the finals in that series. They are:

H. Hare, J. H. Metheral, P. D. Fitzgerald, J. W. McDermid (skip).

R. L. Dobbin, A. W. Archibald, W. D. Campbell, R. P. Best (skip).

Tonight at the local curling rink the draw will be made in the big bonspiel which is to be played here this week and which will commence tomorrow morning. Clubs from the district far and wide are entered in this competition, and the Brock street rink is to be used as well as the regular one on Charlotte street.

Peterborough will be handicapped in this contest on account of having four of the best rinks of the club absent in Toronto playing in the tankard and district cup competitions. The games will continue for several days, as this is the biggest curling event of the season so far as Peterborough is concerned.

This Week's Bill At Water Street

This week's doings at Water street alleys:

Business Men Ten-Pin League.

Tuesday—Can. Gen. Elec. vs. De Laval.

Wednesday—Printers vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

Friday—Grocers vs. High Rollers.

Five-Pin League.

Tonight—Rex play off with East Lawn Bowlers for 3rd place.

Tuesday night—High Rollers vs. Grocers.

Blind Score Contest.

Wednesday night—The play off in the B League in the blind score.

High Scores.

Of last week in five pins:

B. Gettas	852
W. Schleffel	744
J. Gillespie	704
J. Jory	666

Sporting Gossip

Clarence Rowland, former manager of the White Sox has bought the Milwaukee team of the American Association.

Many second round games in the O. H. A. will be played this week. It is hoped to declare winners in most of the Intermediate and junior groups before Saturday.

The Ontario-Michigan Baseball League will be organized at Saginaw, Bay City, Lansing, London, Brantford, Hamilton and Kitchener will comprise the circuit.

A new attendance record for the Toronto Arena was created Satirday night when Dentals of Toronto beat Hamilton in an O.H.A. senior game by 4 to 2. The official paid attendance was 7,573.

PETERBOROUGH PROTESTS LINDSAY'S LATEST WIN.

The junior hockey team officials have protested the winning of the group championship by Lindsay. It is alleged that their goal tender resides at Severn Bridge and is playing hockey in the neighboring town contrary to the rules of the O.H.A.

Notice of a protest was served upon the Lindsay club on Saturday, and the local officials furnished their reasons in detail Saturday night.

Price-fixing committee of War Industries Board will disband March 1st in the U.S.

New York Standard Oil Co., declared a $4 dividend. The last dividend was $3.

Toronto Tankard Contests Put Off

Members of the local Curling Club have been notified this afternoon that the tankard competition in Toronto has been postponed on account of the poor condition of the ice and the prospects of milder weather tomorrow.

Preparations for the big bonspiel to open here tomorrow are proceeding, however, and tonight there will be five rinks here from Oshawa. There are entries from Cobourg, Fenelon Falls, Keene, and all the towns of the district.

CUP DONATED TO LADY CURLERS

ALEX. GIBSON DONOR OF A HANDSOME PRIZE FOR COMPETITION

Mr. Alex Gibson has donated a cup for competition among the lady curlers of Peterboro.

The primary games commenced this morning and there will be keen rivalry among the different rinks of lady curlers to win the coveted trophy. The results of the first game were as follows:

LADIES CURLING TOURNAMENT

Miss Brightman	Miss Schneider
Miss M. Rush	Mrs. Turner
Mrs. E. Morrow	Miss F Gladman
Mrs. W. H. Hill	Mrs. A. Coulthard
Skip 8	Skip 7
Mrs. Fiske	Mrs. Seals
Miss M. Stratton	Mrs. H. Thompson
Mrs. R. Waddell	Mrs. Grant
Mrs. Eastwood	Mrs. Sanderson
Skip 11	Skip 4
Mrs. Kenner	
Miss M. Roger	
Mrs. Jamieson	
Miss N. Davidson, skip bye.	

Don't Live Up to Appellation.

"The trouble with lots of 'regular fellows,'" observed the cynical philosopher, "is that they are sometimes irregular in their habits."

Annat's All.

In the opinion of most young ladies a hare-lip is the only legitimate excuse for a hair-lip.

Not the Cause.

Water on the brain is seldom due to a thirst for knowledge.—Boston Transcript.

Optimistic Thought.

Concealing secrets is sometimes to less advantageous to a man than eloquence.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist, Wall, Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Coatings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Sawn and Box Boards, Slats and Lath Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

HAMILTON LOST GAME TO DENTALS

DEFENSE PLAYER SHOWS SENSATIONAL FORM—ATTENDANCE RECORD BROKEN

Before 7,573 spectators, Dentals on Saturday night humbled the mighty Tigers by the score of 4 to 2. The victory places the locals on even terms with the Yellow and Black and play-off games will be necessary to decide the group title. Judging by past performances of the teams it is a toss-up which will win the honors and the fans appear to be equally divided on the question.

The crowd was the largest that ever attended a hockey game in this city, there being 7,473 paid admissions and at least 100 who were there in other capacities. Despite the fact that the attendance record was broken, no one was turned away and it is just possible that Saturday night's figures will be bettered before the present season ends.

The game proved one of the most exciting ever seen here, and the result was in doubt until the last six minutes of play. Both teams cut out a terrific pace from the face-off and kept it up almost continuously to the bitter end. The players appeared to be right on edge and gave everything they had in their efforts to bring victory to their teams. The checking was so close that combination play suffered. "Bill" Box, who performed in grand style from beginning to end, repeatedly carried the puck past the Hamilton defense but his passes to the goal mouth were always intercepted by the ever-watchful Matte.

The lineup:

Dentals—Goal, Stewart; defense, Box and Brown; wings, Smylie and McCaffery; centre, Hudson. Subs—Smith and Rennie.

Hamilton—Goal, Rheaume; defense, Reise and Matte; wings, McCarthy and Green; centre, Roach. Subs—Dilleen and Cooper.

Referee—S. Vair. Judge of Play—R. Newtson.

India Tea Chests.

The total number of tea chests required for the Indian tea crop is between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000. The timber required for tea chests is of a very special kind. It must contain no sap that would corrode the tea lead in which the tea is packed, must be free from any odor, as tea will absorb this up readily, and must be well-dry seasoned, as the tea is usually hot when packed, and unseasoned wood will warp. Himalayan [illegible] suitable timber [illegible] is a large question.

Fatty Tissues.

The best rule is for one to divide his child's fatty tissues.

COMFORT, STYLE, ECONOMY
Those are the features of
DALLANTYNE GLOVE
Look First
Ask to see them at your dealer's and when you ask for Dallantyne's, R. H. Dallantyne, Limited Stratford, Ont.

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST
Do You See Well?
Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.
See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

"HERE AND THERE IN OLD LONDON"

What are the ladies of Trinity Church doing now?

Why they are giving another Cafeteria Tea.

When? Feb. 14th, commencing 5 p.m.

Where? Trinity Church basement, south entrance.

Programme, best yet!

Illustrated travel talk on "Old London," Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

NOTICE TO ALL NON-UNION LABORERS

The International Hod Carriers, Builders and Common Laborers' Union, local 437, will hold an open meeting on Monday, Feb. 10th, at the Trades and Labor Hall, at 8 o'clock. Mr. John A. Flett, general organizer, American Federation of Labor, will address the meeting, assisted by several members of the Trades and Labor Council. All laborers interested in this Union kindly attend.

L. RILEY, President.

THE ALWAYS POPULAR ONE-STEP

No dance is complete without a liberal sprinkling of one-steps. Two splendid orchestra one-steps are "Oh! Frenchy" and "Me-ow". Both the pieces are on Victor Record 18511 played by Smith's orchestra. Hear them at the Victrola Parlors of Ye Olde Firme of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets.

PETERBORO POULTRY ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting will be held in the Trades and Labor Hall, George street, Wednesday evening, Feb. 12th, 1919, at 8 p.m. The directors would be pleased to see all membership ticket holders and others who are interested in poultry present at this meeting and help boost Peterboro and the Association.

MILLBROOK WINTER HORSE HORSE SHOW.

The Millbrook Horse Show will be held on the Main street, Millbrook, Wednesday afternoon, February 12, starting at 1 o'clock. Great interest is being taken by the farmers and horsemen, and a large exhibition will be made of road, carriage and heavy horses. Liberal prizes are offered. Entries may be made up to 12 o'clock noon on day of show. The roads are good. Come to Millbrook Wednesday.

Thos. I. Thomas, late Sheriff of Grey and a prominent business man of Owen Sound, died in his sixty-fourth year.

Since an Austrian was recently dismissed from a Brantford packing plant, his cow has died of poisoning and his barn been burned to the ground with loss of all its contents.

Forces of the Portuguese Government aggregating 50,000 men are concentrating around Oporto, the Royalist stronghold.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Pack, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. T. D. Mulholland, Downie street, sailed on Friday from St. John, to join her husband in London, England.

Master Jack Turner is home from Trinity College School, Port Hope, having the misfortune to again have his arm broken.

Mrs. (Dr.) Bell, Kingston is in the city visiting her sisters, the Misses Denne, George street.

The Misses Robertson, Reid street entertained yesterday at the hour in honor of their guest, Captain Lockhart of Toronto.

Mr. A. A. Fowler will be in Toronto Tuesday and Wednesday on business.

Tomorrow Mayor Duncan, City Clerk Armstrong and Chairman Phelan and the special bridge committee go to Ottawa to get some concrete statement from the Government as to what they intended to do in connection with the construction of the new Hunter street bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cressman left today for Toronto.

Miss Ward, of Delora, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cressman.

3rd Attraction Redpath Lyceum Series

CONSERVATORY HALL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13TH.

Lou H. Beauchamp, famous as the "Humorous Philosopher", will be the next attraction on the Lyceum course, Feb. 13th, (Thursday) evening, and will give one of the great lectures for which he is noted.

Mr. Beauchamp is one of the deans of the American platform, few are the cities and towns which at some time have not heard and enjoyed one of his lectures. Although now seventy years old, he is said to be doing the best work in his life. His lectures are filled with wit and humor of the highest type and along with the fun and mirth are philosophy and wisdom that give food for solid thought.

It was because of his faculty of mixing fun and facts, humor and philosophy, mirth and messages that Mr. Beauchamp gained the title of "Humorous Philosopher."

The subject of his lecture will be "Take the Sunny Side."

MISS ESTHER EVANS
(Mrs. Oscar O'Shea)
As "The Little Mother" at the Grand tomorrow and Wednesday, with special Wednesday Matinee.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTICES

Monday, 8 p.m.—Epworth League meeting.

Tuesday, 7.30 p.m.—Meeting of Trustee Board Canvassing Committee in the Vestry.

Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.-8.30 p.m.—Mid-week service for prayer and Bible study.

Wednesday, 8.30 p.m.—Teacher Training Class.

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir rehearsal

Friday, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.—Cafeteria Tea and Travel Talk on Old London.

The Government of Great Britain is quietly arresting and deporting undesirable aliens believed to be Bolshevist propagandists.

Canadian Stock Exchanges were generally stronger on Saturday.

Y.W.C.A. NOTES

The Young Women's Christian Association membership campaign is drawing near the end. All returns should be handed in by the captains to the office staff by Wednesday, the 11th, in order to be counted in the results. Those who would become members of the association and have not been canvassed are urged to leave their names at the office. Following are the membership privileges:

Membership in the association is necessary before joining any of the classes. In case of removal to another city, membership is transferable, and serves as an introduction and a safeguard to the girl who is a stranger in the city to which she goes. Members are privileged to use the library and reading room at all times and the gymnasium for recreation and basketball on certain evenings. Membership admits to parties, entertainments, mass meetings and the social life of the association, and entitles to enrolment in Bible study classes and dramatic clubs, and also in the Chautauqua reading course. Membership in a club entitles to the use of club rooms for games, meetings and practices. Your membership helps the association to be a more attractive place for other girls because of your interest in it, and offers you opportunities for service in helping other girls and in maintaining the ideals of the Association. If you do not wish to become a member yourself, your fee will make it possible for someone else to belong. One dollar makes you a member for one year.

This week's program at the Y. W. C. A. is as follows:

Monday.
4:30-5:30—Senior School Girls.
8:00-9:30—Business Girls (Beginners).

Tuesday.
4:30-5:30—Junior School Girls.
6:00—Athena Club.
8:00—Silver Link Club.
8:30—V. A. D. Examination.

Wednesday.
4:30-5:30—Junior School Girls.
8:00—Special Class.

Thursday.
10:30-11:30 — Special Ladies' Class.
8:00-9:30—Business Girls' Intermediate and Advanced Classes.
7:15—Bible Study Class.

Friday.
4:30-5:30—School Girls and Tuesday Juniors.
8:00-9:30—Ladies' Class.

Saturday.
9:30-10:30—Juniors.
10:30-11:30—Babies' Class.
2:00-3:00—Junior Club Classes.
3:30—Hike for Juniors.
8:00-9:30—Sports Night.

Valentine party for members on Monday, February 17th.

29 NEW MEMBERS

Were Received Yesterday Into George Street Methodist Church

At the George Street Methodist Church on Sunday morning the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered to a large congregation and twenty nine persons were received into the church membership. The pastor's theme was "A house to let" and was based upon the words of Jesus in Matt. 12 : 43-45. It was an exhortation to attain to a goodness which is not simply negative but also positive. The speaker declared that the elements which should be put into life are, a humble acceptance of Jesus Christ, a practice of religious habits, a practical expression of kindness and an investment of our powers for the fulfilment of the divine ideal.

The music of the evening was of a fine order. Mr. Harold Jones and Miss Rathbone rendering a duett which was very much appreciated.

Four Children Perish in Fire

Sudbury, Feb. 10.—Four children of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Legault, a French-Canadian family of Sudbury, were burned to death in their beds when the family home was destroyed. Eight others escaped in their night attire, some of them from upstairs windows.

It was a large frame structure, and had apparently been burning some time before the first occupant awakened. The house is on the outskirts of the town, remote from fire-box or telephone. The funerals of the four children took place today. Civic relief has been extended. An inquest is being held.

The Turkish Government has arrested about 40 members of the Union of Progress party, who are charged with profiteering and massacre of Armenians.

OBITUARY

MISS HATTIE E. HALES.

Hattie E. Hales, daughter of Mr. J. W. Hales, 635 Stewart street, passed away in Nicholls Hospital yesterday afternoon, aged 29 years, after a week's illness of pneumonia.

Deceased leaves in addition to the father, one sister, Mrs. E. Baudry, 53 Park street south, and two brothers, Walter Hales of Saskatchewan and William, of Park Rapids, Minn.

Thursday afternoon the funeral will be held to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. A. J. Thomas and Adjutant Bunton of the Salvation Army officiating.

OPEN MEETING OF ENGINEERS

MR. FRANK BARBER WILL SPEAK ON SUBJECT OF BRIDGES

The public are invited to attend an open meeting of the Engineer's Club in the Public Library Hall, on Thursday evening, February 13th, when an address will be delivered by Mr. Frank Barber of Toronto, who is the City's Consulting Engineer on the new Hunter Street bridge. Mr. Barber will speak on "Canadian Concrete Bridges," with some references to the Hunter street bridge. He is bringing a large number of lantern slides which will be shown during the evening.

It is expected that considerable discussion will develop with regard to this subject, which is very much in the mind of the public at the present time.

ST. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Rev. D. A. Macdonald and Mrs. Macdonald, the missionaries of St. Paul's Church in Korea, are the guests of the congregation for the week. They will be present and speak at the following meetings:

The Young People's Guild, Monday evening, at eight o'clock.

The Fraser Auxiliary on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. They have a number of Korean curios which they will exhibit at these meetings.

The Faithful Workers' Mission Band at four fifteen on Wednesday afternoon.

On Wednesday evening Mr. Macdonald will give an illustrated lecture on Korea. An offering will be taken for his work at this lecture.

The congregation will hold a reception for Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald on Thursday in the Sunday School Hall at eight o'clock. After a musical program words of welcome will be spoken by representatives of the different organizations of the Church. Refreshments will be served at the close. The members of the church will have an opportunity of meeting Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald at this meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. M. S. will be held on Friday afternoon at three thirty when Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald will be present and speak.

The Fraser Auxiliary will give a Valentine Tea on Saturday afternoon to which all the members of the Church are invited.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers will be held on Tuesday evening.

A special meeting of the Session will be held on the same night at eight o'clock.

Malt Sand Drifts With Grass Tufts.

Sand is used for railroad embankments in many parts of Holland, but much repair to the roadbed was made necessary by the fact that the freshly piled sand drifted during the high winds. To prevent this, tufts of coarse grass have been planted along the slopes, and as the roots spread, a well-sodded bank is formed.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

"Daddy."

A teamster was heard addressing his hard working horse with "Giddap, Daddy!" and to us it occurred that "Daddy" is a mighty good name for a work-horse, most daddies being under a steady drive all the time.—Chicago Daily News.

Principal Geyser Regions.

Geysers occur in most volcanic regions; most notable specimens are in Yellowstone region of Rocky mountains, New Zealand, Tibet, the Azores and in southwestern Iceland.

Forbidden Ground.

An aviator in trouble landed in a cornfield. The farmer came running up, mad as a hornet. "Here, you!" he shouted, "what do yer suppose I put up them scarecrows for?"

Spots on Rugs.

Rub cornmeal into the nap and let remain for two days. When brushed the grease or mud spots will disappear. Has also removed sewing machine oil from silk.

Native Music At Grand Opera

"A NIGHT IN HONOLULU," CHARMING PICTURE OF HAWAIIAN LIFE.

"A Night in Honolulu" at The Grand on Saturday night drew a large attendance. The setting was in the Hawaiian Islands, and in the play pathos and comedy were blended with the latter characteristic predominating.

Mr. Ray Simmons as "Bubble" played the part of the light hearted young man just out from America, whose effervescent spirits led him into many ridiculous situations and drew upon him the reproof of his elder brother, the staid owner of the Wilkar Sugar Company.

The other members of the company took their parts well, and there were the usual complications as regarded the love affairs of Bubble, his brother and the sugar company manager. As usual with every pleasing story or play, the tangles were straightened out in the end and they all lived happily ever after.

There were four native Hawaiians who sang, danced, and played upon the ukulele the peculiar sweet and weird music for which the island musicians are noted.

Tonight at The Grand there is a special picture program of twelve reels. Mae Murray in "Modern Love" is one of the features. On Tuesday and Wednesday a popular play, "A Little Mother," will be the attraction. This afternoon the performance in the interest of the MacIntosh fund was given, at which the new non-inflammable asbestos curtain was displayed for the first time.

OTTAWA LOSES TO CANADIENS

SENATORS MAKE MISTAKE OF PLAYING DEFENSE GAME AGAINST FRENCHMEN

Montreal, Feb. 10.—By defeating Ottawa, 4 to 3, in a scheduled National Hockey League fixture at the Jubilee Rink on Saturday night, Canadiens put a crimp in the Senator's victorious march in the second half of the schedule.

Until Saturday night Ottawa had scored five straight victories, four of them being in the second half of the schedule, the leadership of which they now have at their mercy. Although defeated, the Senators are assured of a play-off with Canadiens at the end of the season, and the remaining games between these teams will be watched with interest.

The exhibition on Saturday night was one of the best witnessed in Montreal in several years. Notwithstanding the fact that the ice was sticky after the first period, there was no let-up to the fast pace at which the players started. Perhaps the mistake of devoting too much time to defensive tactics defeated the Senators. With the score 2 to 1 against them they played three men back on the defense, allowing only two forwards to go up the ice at a time. Again with the score 3 to 1 they played the same style of game.

The teams:—

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defense Corbeau, Hall; centre, Lalonde; wings, O. Cleghorn, Pitre.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; defense Cleghorn, Cameron; centre, Nighbor; wings, Darragh, Dennenay.

Substitutes—Canadiens—Couture, Malone, MacDonald and Berlinquette. Ottawas—Boucher, Gerard and Broadbent.

Referee—Ernie Russell. Judge of play—J. Marshall.

Sneezing Superstitions.

In Scotland it has been maintained that idiots are incapable of sneezing, and the power to do so has been deemed evidence of the possession of a certain degree of intelligence. It was a Flemish belief that a sneeze during a conversation for a bargain proved that what you said was the truth. The Chinese believe that a sneeze on New Year's eve means bad luck through the coming year. The Japanese hold that one sneeze means that some one is praising you, two show blame, whereas, if you sneeze three times, you are merely ill.

Earthquakes in Italy.

Statistics gathered in Italy throw some light on the question of the relative frequency of earthquakes by day and by night. It has been alleged that the supposed greater frequency of nocturnal quakes is only apparent, being due to the fact that quiet conditions at night make the shocks more readily perceptible. It appears, however, that considering only those shocks which were so intense that they could not have escaped notice at any hour, 565 occurred during the 12 night hours.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — 7:30 — TO-NIGHT
FEATURE PICTURE
MAE MURRAY in "MODERN LOVE"
Great Railroad Drama "THE FAST MAIL"
2-Reel Alice Howell Comedy "IN DUTCH"
SCREEN TELEGRAM —NO VAUDEVILLE
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

Hundreds Turned Away in Toronto
Here Two Days
To-Morrow and Wednesday
Special Matinee Wednesday 2:30—25c and 50c

A Drama of Justice to the WAR BABY

Endorsed by Leading Women's Clubs Wherever Presented
Specially Engaged for Canadian Tour
OSCAR O'SHEA (an old Peterborough boy) in the leading Male Role
Evening Prices, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c

BORN.

At Nichols Hospital, on the 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bates, Charlotte street, W., a son.

The arbitrators have not yet been appointed to adjust the tax difference between the International Petroleum Company and the Government of Peru.

The National Trust Company increased its net profits last year to $266,784 from 251,233 in 1917.

93rd Battalion

Information, such as below is required of all members of the 93rd Battalion.

Name in full .....
Date of enlistment .....
Date of discharge .....
Service in England .....
Service in France .....
What unit in France .....
Length of service in France, with dates .....
Whether wounded or killed ...
Medals, if any .....
Hospitals .....
Date of discharge .....
Any further details .....

Information is required to be sent or delivered to C. R. Widdifield, Barrister, Bank of Commerce Building, Peterborough.

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

To check a cold at once, take
Laxacold
A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.
Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.
Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.
A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by
Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 537w.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4214
Make Your Grape Fruit Marmalade Now
when the fruit is at its very best for this purpose.
Recipes Given
with each purchase for marmalade making if desired.
Slicer Loaned
Porter S. White Co.
334 George Street. Phone 206
Phone 206

Light winds, mostly fair and mild. Thursday—Winds, becoming strong from eastward; rain or sleet before night.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 36 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GENERAL STRIKE ON ELECTION DAY

CALLED IN CHICAGO FOR CHANCE TO WORK FOR CANDIDATES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Feb. 12.—A call for one day general strike of Union labor in Chicago on April 1, the date of the municipal election, was issued today by Morton L. Johnson, executive secretary at headquarters. The election day strike is not alone to enable the union workers to vote, but to give them an opportunity to spend the day at the polls, working in the interest of the labor nominees.

DOES NOT WANT TO LEAD PARTY

HON. ROBERT ROGERS SATISFIED TO SERVE IN RANKS

Montreal, Feb. 12.—In discussing the rumor his friends were aiming to make him candidate for the leadership of the Conservative party, Hon. Robert Rogers said to an interviewer today:

"One can't prevent people from talking through their hats. I assure you I am not aiming at the leadership of a party, and would not accept such a position under any circumstances, no matter what the prospects of success might be. I am a Conservative, always have been a Conservative, and in the event of a party election I would do my bit to secure the success of that party."

While the reporter was talking to Mr. Rogers for fifteen minutes, he received four telegrams asking him to speak at important points. "I will not accept any of them," he said. "because I would be misunderstood and stir up mischief, and this would be the last of my thoughts, although a section of the Liberals are working as if an election were at hand. If a struggle comes I will do what I think is right to save the country, but I am not going to start trouble."

United States And Japan in Agreement

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 12. — Acting Secretary of State Polk announced today that the United States had accepted formally the proposal of the Japanese Government in regard to plans for the restoration of railway traffic in Siberia.

The trial of the Turkish officials responsible for the Armenian massacres has begun at Constantinople.

The Dome Lake Mining Company reports an output in 1918 of a value of $115,000.

Premier Borden May Be Ambassador To United States

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 12.—The Daily Express says that Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister of Canada, has been offered the post of British Ambassador to the United States.

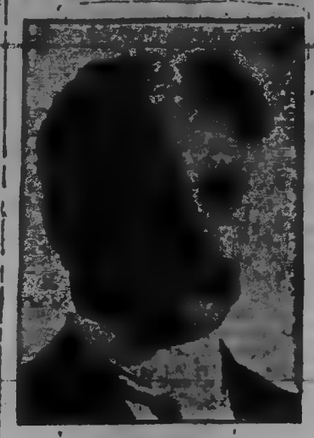
Enquiring at 10 Downing street today regarding the Daily Express' report that Sir Robert Borden had been offered the American Ambassadorship, a representative of the Canadian Associated Press was told, "We know nothing whatever about it. It doesn't sound very probable, but we shouldn't like definitely to deny it."

The correspondent adds that while the report may seem surprising, there is not the least doubt that several leading statesman are firmly convinced and have privately expressed the conviction that Canada is bound to bear a predominating influence in promoting the Anglo-Saxon entente. Sir George Perley, the Canadian High Commissioner, also stated that he had no information nor have officials of the colonial office.

While there is no official confirmation at Ottawa of the despatch that Sir Robert Borden intends returning to Canada no surprise is expressed at the statement. It is now quite probable that the Premier will be present before the legislators actually get down to business. It is considered likely that he will counsel a shelving of certain controversial issues pending the settlement of peace terms. The Premier's visit will not likely be an extended one as there is still much to be done at the conference.

Sir Robert Smiles

Paris, Feb. 12.—Sir Robert Borden Canadian Premier, when asked today regarding the report from London connecting his name with the British ambassadorship to the United States, thought a moment and then replied with a smile: "I do not believe I have any observations to make regarding the report."



SIR ROBERT BORDEN

Expected in Ottawa

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—Official advices asto the return of Sir Robert Bordes from overseas are still lacking here, although it is expected that he will be back early in March. The Prime Minister's movements depend on developments at the peace conference, and on the work of the committee (of which Sir Robert is a member) appointed to consider delimitation of boundaries of Greece and Rumania. Sir Robert is also British representative on the allied delegation to meet Russian representatives on Prince's Island, Sea of Marmora, should the suggested conference take place.

Premier for Session

With the imminent return to the United States of President Wilson, it is felt here that there is every probability of Sir Robert Borden being in Ottawa for a large part of the session in that event, it is likely that one, or perhaps two, of the Canadian ministers now overseas would remain there to watch Canadian interests. Hon. C. J. Doherty and Hon. Arthur Sifton are suggested in this connection.

Miners Hold Out For Six Hour Day

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 12.—A conference of Miners' Federation of Great Britain at a meeting at Southport today decided against the acceptance of the terms offered by the Government for the settlement of demands made by the Federation, which has 80,000 members and wants a six hour day and thirty per cent. increase in wages.

BELGIAN CLAIMS BEFORE COUNCIL

LITTLE KINGDOM ASKS FOR CHANGES IN TREATY OF 1839.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 12.—The Supreme Council gave its attention today to Belgium, hearing representatives on the Belgian claims for an international readjustment and for changes in the treaty of 1839 delimiting the frontiers of Belgium and providing that it be a perpetually neutral state. It was this treaty which was declared to be a "scrap of paper" when Belgium was invaded. The modifications which are now asked [illegible]

First, The freedom of commerce through the lower Scheldt, le[illegible] from Antwerp to the sea, with the internationalization of the river or the acquisition by Belgium of its left bank.

Second, The cession of the Province of Southern Limburg in Holland for defensive purposes.

Third, The amalgamation of the Duchy of Luxembourg, preferably by assent of the people.

LABOR MEN BRING IN AN AMENDMENT

ASK MORE THAN IS PROMISED IN SPEECH FROM THRONE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 12.—While the press generally approves of Premier Lloyd George's Labor program, it fails to satisfy the Parliamentary Labor party, which has prepared an amendment to the reply to the speech from the throne regretting the absence of definite proposals dealing with "the present cases of industrial unrest for securing, as regarding wages and working hours, conditions of Labor which will establish a higher standard of life and social well-being for the people."

Australia Accepts Offer of Britain

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Melbourne, Feb. 12.—The Commonwealth of Australia will accept the gift of six destroyers and six modern type submarines tendered by the British Government.

Harold Rolf Lost Bout With McGoorty

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 12.—Eddie McGoorty knocked out Harold Rolph, the heavyweight champion of the Canadian forces, in the eighth round of a scheduled 15-round contest at the National Sporting Club last night.

EBERT ELECTED FIRST PRESIDENT

WILL DRAW YEARLY SALARY OF MILLION MARKS OR $200,000.

London, Feb. 12.—A German wireless despatch recording the election of Herr Ebert as president of the German State, describes his post as "Provisional State President."

It adds that there were fifty-one abstentions from voting. Philipp Scheidemann and Mathias Erzberger each polled one vote.

After the election Dr. Edouard David in a speech said the empire for the first time had a chief who, by virtue of his election, was empowered to speak and act in the name of the German people. The mouthpiece which spoke by inherited right had disappeared and in his place stood a leader chosen by the people.

Prevented Bolshevism.

It was mainly due to Herr Ebert, the speaker continued, that the revolution in Germany had not followed the example of Russia, leading to bloody chaos and complete dissolution of right and order. The German people would have confidence in Herr Ebert's skill, activity and firmness to protect their freedom from every danger, either from the Left or the Right.

The Majority Socialists applauded this statement, but the Independent Socialists expressed dissent.

Herr Ebert, in his speech accepting the presidency, declared that his purpose would be impartially to dispense justice without favor or prejudice.

$200,000 a Year.

The annual salary of the president of the German republic, who may be elected this week by the National Assembly at Weimar, will be limited to 1,000,000 marks, or about $200,000, according to a despatch from Berlin. The president will reside in Berlin. He will select his executives from all parties.

LLOYD GEORGE ISSUES NOTE OF WARNING TO LABOR UNIONS

If They Go Too Far Government is Just as Ready to Fight Them as It Was to Crush Prussianism.

London, Feb. 12.—If industrial unrest continues the consequences will be grave to trade and industry, Premier Lloyd George declared in the House of Commons. The Government, he said, would agree to any kind of an investigation into the causes of the unrest.

Special war conditions: the Premier thought, had contributed to the unrest. Among these conditions were the strain of four years of war and the fear of unemployment.

The Premier said that bills would be introduced next week dealing with housing, health, the revival of rural life, land settlement for soldiers, land reclamation and afforestation.

Mr. Lloyd George said there would be plenty of opportunities of employment if confidence was given those responsible for starting industries, and unless the cost of production went so high that it reduced the purchasing power of the community or put them out of the world market.

Housing Conditions

Discussing housing conditions, the Premier referred to overcrowding in many districts which had been aggravated during the war by congregating in already crowded areas. The Government would do its best to alleviate such conditions. Hours of labor he said, already have been fixed in industries involving 3,000,000 persons.

Before the war, the Premier said, Great Britain exported more than 1,000,000,000 tons of goods and it was computed that half the cost of the goods was wages. The difference of a few shillings on a ton of a commodity like coal, he added, might deprive the country of hundreds of millions of pounds and might throw hundreds of thousands out of work.

Before the war the railways were making profits of fifty millions, according to the Premier, but their expenses were now increased by ninety millions, largely in wages. To reduce the hours of labor while paying the same wages, he contended, would be to increase unemployment.

Will "Fight "Prussianism"

Referring to "demands put forward not to obtain fair conditions, but to overthrow the existing order, to destroy the Government," the Premier declared:

"I say in all solemnity on behalf of the Government that we are determined to fight Prussianism in the industrial world exactly as we fought it on the Continent of Europe.

"If all classes of the community are prepared to make the necessary sacrifices for the stability, security and freedom of industry, I am prepared to say, with full knowledge of the consequences, that no section of the community, however powerful, shall be allowed to hold up the whole nation."

The Premier concluded with an appeal that the victory won by battles should not be wantonly dissipated in a few weeks' frenzied strife.

RUSSIANS AGREE TO CONFERENCE

AT LEAST FOUR FACTIONS WILL BE AT PRINCES' ISLANDS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 12.—Prospects are brightening for the assembling of at least four of the Russian factions at the conference to be held on Prince's Islands. Word has come from Ukraine that the government of that former part of Russia will participate in the conference and the government of General Denikine will also join. The government of the Crimea already has accepted the invitation as has the Russian Bolshevik government.

Postal Employes Suggest Reforms

Saskatoon, Feb. 12.—Resolutions asking for immediate payment of wages in case of sickness, the abolition of the window envelope, the placing upon the upper left hand corner of address of papers mailed by publishers, the reinstating to their former positions of employes returning from active service, were some of the resolutions passed at the opening session of the first annual convention of the Federation of Western Postal Employes in this city.

A weekly half-holiday for the whole year was demanded for all employes. The convention will wind up on Friday.

Another Victory Loan Next Autumn

PRESENT RATE OF NATIONAL EXPENDITURE MAY MAKE THIS NECESSARY.

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—Judging by the government's lavish program of expenditure for this year, which parliament is asked to vote, there will have to be another large final "Victory Loan" of some hundreds of millions floated next autumn. The prospective expenditure of at least eight hundred million dollars is contemplated.

The items are as follows: For military expenditure, demobilization charges, pay, transport, etc. 275 millions; for ordinary domestic expenditure, 175 millions; for ordinary domestic expenditure, 175 millions; for shipbuilding 60 millions; for public works, capital expenditure, 20 millions; for railways (betterments, new equipment, branch lines, etc.), 60 millions; to meet deficit on operative government lines, pay guaranteed bond interest, etc., 25 millions; gratuity pay to soldiers on discharge, 75 millions; pensions, 50 millions; good roads, five millions; housing scheme, five millions; vocational training, two millions; interest on nations debt and sinking fund, 70 millions; advances to soldiers for land purchase implements and stock, five millions.

The total revenue from taxation will, it is estimated be about 200 millions for the year.

MILD EPIDEMIC OF DIPTHERIA

PROMPT MEASURES BY HEALTH OFFICER PREVENTED SERIOUS RESULTS

Last night the report of the Isolation Hospital for the past month was tabled at the Board of Health meeting. It showed a mild diptheria epidemic which had broken out at St. Vincent's orphanage and resulted in 16 cases of the disease, all suspected of having it being removed to the Isolation Hospital.

There were 23 patients in the institution during the month. Four of these, who were suffering with scarlet fever, were 1913 inmates and during the past month there have been three others admitted, suffering with the same disease. The remaining 16 were the diptheria sufferers and suspects. These cases were mild and little difficult, was found in treating them. There were no deaths in the hospital during the month.

Emergency Hospital.

A final statement compiled and submitted last night at the meeting of the Board of Health showed the total expense connected with the opening and operating of the Emergency Hospital during the recent influenza epidemic to be $1831.52.

As the probable cost of carrying out such a project had been set at various wild figures such as $15,000 when the idea was first discussed the final results as shown in last night's report are very gratifying. All claims in connection with the Emergency Hospital have now been settled.

POLAND STANDS TRUE TO ALLIES

FRIENDLY SPEECH OF MILITARY LEADER CHEERED IN POLISH ASSEMBLY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 12.—During his address in the Polish assembly today, Gen. Joseph Pilsudski, former military dictator of Poland, referred to the close bonds between his country and the Allies. His words were cheered. Just before the afternoon adjournment Prince Radziwill, senior member of the assembly, read a telegram announcing that Brest-Litovsk had been occupied by Polish troops.

Ex-Kaiser Hopes To Regain Throne

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amerongen, Holland, Feb. 12. — There have been various indications during the past week that Count Hohenzollern, the former German emperor, is maintaining communication with his former supporters with the hope of returning to the German throne.

Another half billion addition to the national debt is in sight for the first reconstruction year.

ORDER IS NO REFLECTION ON CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Sale of Squirrel Whiskey is Forbidden For the Men's Own Protection From Sharpers.

Ottawa, Feb. 12—That the order-in-Council just promulgated providing for the infliction of heavy penalties upon persons selling liquor to soldiers in uniform is not to be regarded as reflecting upon the men in the army was vigorously asserted by Major-General S. C. Mewburn tonight. "Far from being a reflection on the men," said the Minister of Militia, "it was enacted at the instance of many of them for their own protection. The order-in-Council is designed to apply particularly to the operations of bootleggers. I had many complaints of their operations in meeting trains and selling them poisonous liquors, high wines or wood alcohol. Several cases of serious illness resulted. In some places men went to low-class saloons near discharge depots and were served as badly. Some of them were robbed. I have no objection to a man taking a drink in a proper place, but the order that was passed is aimed at the vendors of poisonous liquors who operate around trains and discharge depots. The action taken was largely at the instance of war veterans."

The new order referred to provides stiff penalties for the sale of liquor to officers or men in uniform and provides that any person, other than a medical officer, physician or surgeon, no matter whether licensed to sell liquor or not, who sells liquor to men in uniform may be tried by military court-martial, and if found guilty be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not exceeding 12 months, or a fine of $200 or both.

The order-in-Council which was passed on the recommendation of Gen. Mewburn, Minister of Militia and Defence, draws attention to the fact that in view of the great number of troops returning to Canada it is necessary in the interests of military discipline and efficiency and for the protection of soldiers generally, that further restrictions be made in regard to the furnishing of liquor to men in uniform and not on duty.

FEARS RENEWAL OF OFFENSIVE

FRENCH PRESS UNEASY IN VIEW OF CONTINUED DEMOBILIZATION.

Paris, Feb. 12.—The demobilization of the French Army has not been suspended, contrary to persistent rumors, but is proceeding on schedule, according to a statement made to the Associated Press today by a French official.

Since Marshal Foch's announcement before the armistice commission that the Germans could mobilize 2,000,000 men in 6 weeks, there has been a feeling of uneasiness expressed by the French public. Pessimistic views have been openly discussed as have also been apprehensions of the renewal of the German offensive. The newspapers had commented upon the situation in a manner such as to call for frequent blanks in their pages, due to censorship.

FEDERAL GRANT TO HELP BUILD HUNTER ST. BRIDGE

Mayor Duncan Wires From Ottawa That Prospects Are Bright After Conference With Cabinet.

The following telegram was received from Mayor Duncan this afternoon:

The deputation of the City Council saw the Minister of Railways and Canals this morning, and the Minister advised the deputation that he would bring the matter of a contribution by the Government towards the cost of building the Hunter street bridge before the Cabinet, and that the contribution would not be in any way curtailed by the city passing the by-law for the full amount of the cost of the bridge.

The deputation feels satisfied that a contribution proportional to the cost of a swing will be recommended to the Cabinet and Parliament in due course.

STATE OWNERSHIPS PAY

Government Experiment in Australia Has Been Successful

Ottawa, Feb. 12.— Government ownership of steamships has paid in Australia, according to advices received here. In 1916 The Commonwealth Government purchased 16 cargo steamers at a cost of approximately $10,000,000. The first year's operation of this fleet showed surplus earnings of 4,500,000. At the present time the original cost of the vessels has been entirely paid and there is a surplus of nearly 100,000. This good showing was made despite the fact that two of the ten steamers were torpedoed by German submarines.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1919

IN NORTH ONTARIO.

IN NORTH ONTARIO the Government candidate is Major Cameron, while the farmers have put up a candidate, a Mr. Widdifield, who is a straight follower of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, although he lacks the official nomination of the Liberals in the riding for the very good reason that Leader Frankfoot is living up to his agreement to a political truce until the Legislature is dissolved.

North Ontario is ostensibly a farming community, but it is a community that holds an enviable military record. According to population, it has sent to the front a larger percentage of men than any riding in Ontario, a record that is all the more creditable when it is remembered that the riding contains no cities and very few towns. The majority of the people are farmers, but the farmers' sons of North Ontario have made their community famous in recent military history.

The late Col. Sam Sharpe, who represented the riding in the Dominion House, led overseas one of the finest battalions that ever left Canada. It was one of the few Canadian contingents that was sent to the front as a unit, and Col. Sharpe led his men to many a gory victory. His untimely death was due to his gallant service.

While Col. Sharpe was still overseas he was nominated for Parliament in 1917, and was triumphantly returned, although Mr. Widdifield, then, as he is now, a Laurier Liberal, left no stone unturned to accomplish the gallant colonel's defeat.

That is the record of the politician who is now asking the support of the electors in a riding in which hundreds of homes have sent representatives to the war and where scores of those who went across the seas wearing the uniform of the King will never return.

Major Cameron is a man whose military record is as bright as that of any Canadian who won promotion in actual service. His election will be a tribute to that service as well as to that of every officer or private who did as he has done, while his defeat would be a rebuke to the entire fighting force, returned or yet overseas. The contest in North Ontario is of wider import than the usual bye-election to fill a vacancy in the Legislature.

A LIST OF BLUNDERS.

TO ALLEGE with true partisan sycophancy that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was the only fountain head of light for the Canadian people, the returned soldiers' one hope for a square deal.

To gravely assert that the nomination of Major Cameron, one of the most distinguished officers in the Canadian army, as a candidate for the Legislature in North Ontario, was a miserable attempt at flag waving.

To attack by the dark lantern route the religious faith of a distinguished visitor to the city and to reflect on those who invited him here.

To make a bid for the favor of the anti-prohibitionists under the mistaken belief that it was rendering its party effective aid.

THE GERMAN ARMY.

THE NEW GERMAN Government has been organized, the provisional constitution has been drawn up, and yesterday a president was elected. Something like order is at last being brought out of the chaos that has prevailed ever since the signing of the armistice and the fall of the monarchy. The rival factions that were making war on the Ebert regime have been in a large measure suppressed. There is something like cohesion at last among the various elements of the population.

The German army is still maintained at a force estimated at nearly three million men, and the hand of Hindenburg can be seen quietly shaping the organization. The German factories, according to reports, are still engaged in the manufacture of munitions of war.

These facts are significant, and especially so when on the one hand Premier Ebert declares that Germany will accept no humiliating terms of peace and that she will insist upon the return of her colonies, and a son of the fallen Kaiser declares that the day is not far distant when the dynasty will be restored. Germany may be beaten, but the proud spirit of leaders and people is by no means crushed. Every minute of delay on the part of the Peace Conference in deciding the final terms gives Germany that much time to recover her breath and to prepare for another demonstration of force.

In the face of all these conditions, the Allies are disbanding their armies, as though the last vestige of danger were past, and the delegates to the Conference are holding academic discussions on new theories of peace, especially those brought up by the President of the United States. Canadian and American troops are being brought back by the shipload, the Government of this country being inclined to boast of the celerity with which this work is being done, even though every transport load of returned soldiers in Canada complicates the employment problem to just that extent. Other colonial troops are being sent home as fast as ships can be secured for their transfer.

For years before the war broke out a large percentage of the population of the civilized world, Canada included, were living in the fool's paradise of imagining that a conflict with Germany was impossible, if not impossible. Even the British statesmen relied too much upon the Empire's awe-inspiring navy. To all these dreamers there came a rude awakening, and they should guard against the danger of falling into the same peaceful slumber again.

There is danger ahead when the final terms of peace are submitted to the German representatives for their signatures. There is sure to be a Teutonic protest, and there is always the risk that there may be another display of forceful resistance to the conditions insisted upon by the Entente. Germany, it is true, has been shorn of her navy, her merchant fleet and her colonies. But Germany for four years waged a bloody land war, her fleet imprisoned, her merchant ships useless by reason of the blockade, and her sub active, it is true, in piracy, but this piracy did not render any real support to the work of the three land forces.

DANGER FROM JAPAN.

MORE THAN ONE personal combat has grown out of an attempt to arbitrate a difference between two neighbors. Wars have been born in peace conferences before today, while others have been narrowly averted.

When the nations' representatives met to attempt to settle the last Balkan wars, trouble over territory arose between Austria and Serbia. Russia championed the cause of the latter. Von Jagow, at that time the German foreign minister, in a speech in the Reichstag, openly defied the nations in an alliance against his own. If Russia, he said, took up the cause of Serbia, Germany would by the terms of her agreement be forced to aid Austria, even if this step did, as it certainly would, provoke France and England to combat. The Hun gauntlet was thrown down before the Entente, and if Russia had made the move at that time that she did in 1914 the Germans would have been furnished with an excuse, and the late war would have started one year earlier than it did. Trouble was averted by concessions made by Serbia to its overshadowing neighbor.

In the present peace deliberations, Japan is likely to become a disturbing element. The Japs have already threatened to make war on China unless they are in every way regarded as the heirs to everything lost by Germany in that quarter of the world. The Japanese delegates to the Conference are certain to insist on the last pound of flesh as the fruits of victory, and in this contention are sure to clash with the representatives of the United States. Again, Japan is likely to insist that her people be allowed to migrate to any civilized country in the world and to live there on the same terms as the natives or other aliens. If this point is raised, trouble will be inevitable. In the ointment pot on the peace table the Japanese are already regarded as the flies.

THE ALIEN MUST GO.

THERE ARE enemy aliens holding comfortable jobs in this city, while native Canadians, including returned soldiers, are idle. This condition must be remedied, but in this city there will be no riots to disperse the foreigners. The returned soldiers themselves will see to it that the peace of the city is preserved, and if necessary will aid the police to attain this end.

About a week ago there were rumors in the city of a riotous demonstration against the aliens, and members of the G. W. V. A. were the very first to report these rumors to the police, and so put the officers of the law on their guard. Coupled with the report was an offer of help from the soldiers.

All the returned men ask for is a square deal. All over the country they are asking that the aliens be deported by the peaceful and official action of the Government instead of being made the victims of disturbances that will only tend to create popular sympathy for the strangers, especially those who are living here as law-abiding citizens. Any individual who imagines that by taking part in an uprising he is aiding the cause of the soldiers has mistaken the sentiments of the latter. They are for law and order at home just as they fought for the restoration of civil law and order abroad. The returned men will prove themselves not social disturbers but a force that will make for peace and safety in the community.

Any newspaper or individual that views up differently the returned men is laboring under a misconception, and by parading false views is likely to create mischief. It is not justifiable to infer, either, as so many appear to do, that the soldiers as a class are opposed to the prohibition enactments, either in Province or Dominion. Those who rush to this conclusion made a sad error in judgment a year ago when they took it for granted that the men overseas would vote against the conscription law in force in Canada.

The newspaper that advocates the repeal of the war-time election Act may pose as the friend of the returned soldier, but, while it professes solicitude for his welfare, it has a knife up its sleeve. The disfranchised alien during the war was denied the right to carry arms even in the professed defence of his country. In the hands of some of these men the ballot would be as dangerous as a rifle.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

WHILE SO MANY soldiers are looking for jobs, hundreds of men go on strike.

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THE ANONYMOUS LETTER is the Kiel Canal for our George Street contemporary.

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PARADOXICAL as always, the Germans insist upon referring to it as the Imperial republic.

? ? ? ? ?

THE WAR was not fought to make the world safe and easy for politicians, third party or otherwise.

? ? ? ? ?

SIR ADAM BECK says that all public utilities must be operated at cost, but gives no particulars as to the limit.

? ? ? ? ?

EVEN ONE of the leading temperance advocates of the province felt constrained to write our backsliding contemporary warning it of the danger of stronger beer.

? ? ? ? ?

BRITISH STATESMEN seem to realise not only that the will of the people is the supreme law, but that working for the welfare of the masses is the first and highest duty of Parliament.

? ? ? ? ?

MINISTER OF EDUCATION CODY is in favor of consolidation for the rural schools of Ontario. There is an excellent field for home mission work for Dr. Cody right here in Peterborough County.

RETURNED MEN AND PENSIONS

Many mistaken notions regarding the situation of returned men with reference to pensions may be cleared up if it is clearly understood that the system of pensions arranged by the Government of Canada is not based upon any procedure previously followed in the Imperial army. The system has been evolved to meet present needs and the peculiar conditions arising out of the war. No pension is awarded according to the term of service but is based entirely upon the degree of disability that a man has contracted while on service and payment is graded according to his handicap in the field of labor.

Pension administration, as operated by the Canadian Board of Pension Commissioners, does not begin or end with the bare payment of certain sums of money but involves an amount of personal work and interest upon the part of those concerned, which is equal to that of any department of social service.

Back of every plan set in operation by the Government for the welfare of the returned man is the idea that it is far better to assist him to make the most of his life and talents in the labor market that to put him in a position of entire dependence upon the Government. In the former condition he has an opportunity of progress and a chance to make what he will of his life and is given every assistance to this end.

The medical documents and all particulars relative to the disabilities of each returned man are kept on file in the Medical Branch of the Pension Board. These papers constitute the history of the man upon which evidence the amount of his pension is determined.

An example of some of the difficulties experienced by the medical advisors is shown in the following story, exemplifying a phase of war sickness which, though not very common, is by no means unknown.

A soldier who had been buried by a shell explosion was invalided to Canada with an almost complete paralysis of his legs. This condition had lasted for nine months. He was able to get about on crutches but was useless without them. Upon examination of his medical documents it was noticeable that the descriptions given therein were not completely in accord. The medical advisor therefore asked that the man be examined by a specialist in nervous diseases. This carried out it was discovered that the paralysis was purely functional or hysterical in character, that is to say there was no real injury of the brain or nerves, although the man himself was quite sincere in the belief that he was permanently paralyzed. In two weeks a complete cure was effected and the man was able to walk as well as he could before the shock.

The value of additional advice and re-examination in this case was, that instead of the patient being awarded a one hundred per cent. pension and living more or less as an invalid on an income paid entirely by the Government—a circumstance which in such cases have almost invariably been found to prevent the carrying out of a cure—he is able to earn his own living with as good a physique as that possessed in pre-war days.

The medical advisors of the Board of Pension Commissioners have made a special study of such cases and have become expert in their detection. When such a peculiar condition is discovered they ask to have the man re-examined by a specialist and if the case proves to be genuine a full report is made by which the pensionability of the applicant can be determined.

In the various cases of hysteria, which take on such appearances as that stated in the story, a specialist is generally able to effect a rapid cure.

TODAY'S STORY

Private Sam Browne landed at Liverpool with an American contingent. Like all the rest he was keenly anxious to see the sights, and had chosen Chester for a startoff.

An old Chestonian tavern keeper, wishing to impress him, invited him into his private parlor, and, waxing enthusiastic over his native city's good points, suggested the best route.

"One of the first things to do," he said, puffing away at his pipe, "is to walk on the walls in the moonlight. It's a splendid sight then, my man!"

But the American hadn't heard of the Roman wall, and thought the tavern keeper was indulging in a little leg pulling.

"No y' don't, sonny," he remonstrated. "I'm not a blinkin' cat, y' know!"

LITTLE JENNIE'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS

Weather. Making you think of summir on account of being so different.

Sports. Saturday afternoon Benny Potts and Puds Simkins and Leroy Shooster had a contest standing a little ways away and seeing who cood throw the most stones in a big hole digged in the street to fix the pipes, wich artir about 4 had went in, the man's head and a shovel came out of the top of the hole, the man saying, Sumbody must be looking for trubble, aint they? the contest ending by everybody running to beet the band.

Intriating Facks About Intriating People. Sid Hunts unkle is a dentist and Sid cood have all his teeth pulled out for nuthing ony he dont want to.

Pome by Skinny Martin

None of My Bizniss

A strange kid slipped on an empty
bananna
And came down bang on his lip.
And chased me 4 blocks and a quar-
ter
Just for asking if he anjoyed his
trip.

Simply. Mr. Charles (Puds) Simkins and Mr. Artie Alixander went to the theater last Saturday nite and watched the crowd going in.

Lost and Found—Lost.—A spelling book with a wide rubber band erround it. Reward for the return of the rubber band. See Sam Cross

Found—Nuthing. LEE PAPE

Dr. Rheaume, of Windsor, it is alleged, issued 1,220 quart prescriptions for liquor during January.

Week's Thanksgiving. The Great English Remedy. Gives rest and restoration to the worn out nerves. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Dizziness, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Now pamphlet mailed free. THE SCOTT SPECIALTY CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

WIT AND WISDOM

No Use For Key.

Book Agent—This little work on "How to Preserve the Hair" is the key to the entire situation.

Baldleigh—I am very sorry, but I haven't a single lock that it would fit.

Teacher—"Bobby, you may spell 'eel.'"

Bobby—"F-e-l-t."

Teacher—"That's right. Now, Bobby, what is 'eel'?"

Bobby—"Mamma's slippers."

Advice.

"Darling, you must never marry a man for his money."

"Why not, mother?"

"Because that sort of marriage cannot but end unhappily. But I can tell you what to do. You can take care not to fall in love with a man who hasn't money."

"I'm glad I'm not a fish," remarked little Vivian, as she watched the goldfish swimming around in the globe.

"Why?" queried her mother.

"'Cause it must be awful to have to be in bathing all the time."

A Plucky Chap.

"Well," said Uncle Si Bruggins, after a solo by a fashionable church choir tenor, "if that ain't the ruggest thing I ever saw. Just as soon as that young man began to sing every other member of the choir stopped. But he went through with it, and I must say I admire his spunk."

No Wonder Divorce Increases.

Mr. Enpeck—I don't feel quite right Henrietta. I think I'll see a chiropractor.

Mrs. Enpeck—He couldn't do anything for you.

Mr. Enpeck—How do you know?

Mrs. Enpeck—You're spineless.

Mind-Reading.

Mistress—Bridget, you have been eating onions.

Bridget—Shure, mum, an' it's a moind reader ye are.

Trinity Church Midweek Service

The midweek service of Trinity Church will be held in the church tonight at 7:45 o'clock instead of in the Sunday school hall, on account of the removal of the chairs to the church basement for the cafeteria tea.

The Nipissing Mining Company shipped bullion during the month of January at an estimated value of $207,269.

INSURANCE MEN HOLD BANQUET

LOCAL UNDERWRITERS ENTERTAIN OFFICIALS AT THE EMPRESS HOTEL

On Monday evening the Central Ontario branch of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada held a banquet in the Grill room of the Empress Hotel. The occasion being in honor of Mr. P. A. Wintemute, of Calgary, president of the Dominion Association, who, accompanied by Mr. J. H. Castle Graham, of Toronto, general secretary, are making a tour of all the local branches from coast to coast.

After a splendid dinner served in the usual first-class style of the Empress and the general business meeting was concluded, the program of the evening was opened in good style by Mr. Castle Graham, who gave a very interesting and instructive address in connection with work done by the man of the rate book in many ways beneficial to the people and the country.

The next item on the program was the star number and was listened to very attentively by those present. This was an address given by Mr. P. A. Wintemute, who is a very forceful and eloquent speaker. His remarks were the result of a great deal of thought and study of his subject.

In opening, the speaker complimented the local association on the spirit displayed by the members. Those who were present will long remember the visit of their 1919 president. The main points of the address were as follows:

Every era has some characteristic.

The benefit of old life insurance.

Th profession. A dignified and growing fact.

The field of operation.

New forms of insurance, such as income, compensation, group and providing for succession duss.

Encouraging savings and thrift.

Insurance men's work in Victory Loan.

Sound investment and protection.

The volume of insurance in force is entirely inadequate.

Agents are responsible.

General agent's work meets with opposition, criticism, etc.

Sayes fortunes from get-rich-quick schemes.

Mr. Wintemute went into some detail of the work done by the association and gave some splendid advice along this line. When the speaker finished it was visible on the faces of the listeners that every one was fully satisfied with the remarks and the information received and only regretted that the treat had come to an end.

The following items of the program were well received and given good applause:

Addresses by Mr. Flett, Imperial Life; Mr. Patterson, Excelsior Life; W. Widdess, Canada Life; Mr. Roberts, Metropolitan; Mr. Robinson, Canada Life; Mr. Dawson, Imperial; Mr. J. J. Allen, Prudential Life; Mr. Ferguson, Dominion Life; Mr. Ward Patterson, Great West; Mr. Touchburn, Metropolitan; Mr. Morrison, Imperial Life, and Messrs. Lee, Middleton and Porteous.

A very enjoyable reading was given by Mr. Hughson Johnston.

Songs by Mr. Ketchenson, "The Ship That Carried Me Over"; and Mr. Roy, "Give Me Your Smile."

After a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the visitors, the evening was concluded by singing the National Anthem.

Former Chief of Police Eichhorn of Berlin is reported to be in command of the Spartacans now disturbing the German capital.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Never look a gift pipe in the mouthpiece.

A woman's idea of refinement is to be tall and thin.

It's always advisable for a poor liar to tell the truth.

Every woman would live long, but no woman would grow old.

Many a man who knows what is right lacks the courage to do it.

A bird in the hand is permissible if you have no knife and fork.

Introducing a happy man to a pessimist is like shaking a red rag at a bull.

The good business man and the business man who is good are not necessarily synonymous.

Many a deluded man who thinks he is marrying a woman discovers later that the woman married him.

The girl who uses a gold hook when fishing for compliments needs no bait.

The many so-called progressive people are always looking for an opportunity to butt in.

When a woman talks nothing but small talk she is almost as bad as the man who always talks big.

In this day and age the sooner the bride begins to cook the sooner the honeymoon will bump the bumps.

And some church members seem to think it is up to the minister to make good for the entire congregation.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she doesn't believe in trying to get credit for everything you do and she just inclosed an anonymous check for $1 in an envelope and sent it to the Associated Charities.

Jackie and Teddie West and Johnnie Miller of Port Dover lost their lives as a result of the first named breaking through the ice when skating.

Five Port Hope boys charged with burglary and theft of liquor in Cobourg were let go on suspended sentence but are forbidden from frequenting pool rooms for a year.

THE old, painful, double vision lenses are as unnecessary as the two pairs of glasses they were made to supplant.

Clear perception with single lenses

You will be glad to have them in your glasses because they add beauty to your appearance and appearance.

M. J. BOCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

Montagu Love in "The Cross Bearer."

A Drama in 7 Acts. After the Story by Anna Maxwell

KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in "THE EAGLE'S EYE." Chapter 9 "THE MUNITIONS CAMPAIGN." 2 Parts It shows how the Kaiser's ruthless assassins killed Men, Women and Children in their secret warfare

"THE INNOCENT SINNER," Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS, EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

Alice Brady in "The Whirlpool"

Marie Walcamp in "The Lion's Claws"

Veterans will be interested in a Fine Cartoon, by CAPT. BRUCE BAIRNSFATHER, entitled "Fragments from France"

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 20c

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Florence Reed In the Great Sensational Photo-Drama in 7 Parts
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Extra Special Features
Dramas & Comedies
FASCINATING and FUNNY

Episode 7 of "THE IRON TEST," Two Parts
"THE WHIRLING TRAP"

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Rollicking—Hilarious
SUBMARINES AND SUBS
With Earl Montgomery and Joe Rotch in the Leading Roles.

The Amusement Centre of Peterborough. Double Show Every Day This Week

A 50 cent Show Seen at the Royal Theatre For 15 cents Only.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

A young woman declares that in all the months she has been reading this column nothing has ever been printed about the nature of anaemia. I hasten to correct the omission.

Anaemia means lack of blood.

It is a consequence or symptom of a great many different conditions. It is not a primary disease or condition in itself, and it cannot be remedied until the underlying cause is determined and removed or corrected. To take medicine which purports to "build rich blood" is a very popular pastime which does not alter the state of the blood. It is conceivable that, through some extraordinary circumstances an individual's ordinary food supply failed to furnish all the iron the blood needs (which is about one-fourth of a grain a day, which amount is present in four ounces of prunes, four ounces of beef or four ounces of peas), some benefit might accrue from taking iron in medicinal form, just as we know that medicinal iodine sometimes accomplishes good effects in conditions due to inadequate iodine-containing foods. But it would be difficult to select a diet that does not furnish an ample amount of iron to the blood.

Among the more common underlying causes of anaemia are incipient (perhaps unsuspected) pulmonary tuberculosis, occupations which confine the workers indoors through most of the sunshine hours, night work and day sleeping, late hours and insufficient sleep, the poisoning or toxaemia of neglected or occult foci or depots of infection in the tonsils, the teeth and elsewhere, latent syphilis, latent malaria, the frequent use of acetanilide and similar pain killers in "grip" and "cold" and headache and magrim dope, the frequent use of aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) for aches and pains, the abuse of cathartics (especially salines), Bright's disease, diabetes, and constipation.

In anaemia there is not as popularly imagined, so much a failure of the body to manufacture red blood, but rather a too rapid destruction or breaking down of red blood. Find the cause of this excessive destruction, correct it, and the blood will be normal in a few weeks.

Whole, Wholesome Wheat.

"I note that a prominent miller, as set forth in the clipping inclosed, declares that the constant use of whole wheat bread always produces direful results and never fails to send the consumer to the doctor or to a hospital. In our family we use almost exclusively a real whole wheat flour which we grind at home, have used it now for more than a year, and thus far we have failed to summon a doctor or an ambulance. How about it? Is the whole wheat a bad thing to get after all? R. N. C."

Theoretically whole wheat and wheat bran and such articles are likely to "irritate the stomach and intestine," but in practice they seem to have only happy effects. I dare say many dyspepsia and constipation have been cured by whole wheat bread than by any other remedy.

Tender Feet.

I [illegible] remedy for [illegible]

Avoid tight garters, belts and bands about the leg, and tight shoes. Avoid washing feet with warm or hot water, but use only cold water, and the less of that the better. Powder feet and insides of shoes with powdered alum. Wring out stockings in a saturated solution of boric acid in water (all the water will take up) and let dry for wearing.

NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils To Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, mucous discharge, headache, dryness—no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone.

Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been seeking. It's just splendid.

Fishing a Risky Pastime.

India, we take it, is a subtle and perilous land.

Fishing, all Canadians know, is a placid sport, involving no suspicion of dangers save in the way of drenching, probable colds, fish-hooks in fingers and other parts, overdosings of the old famous snake medicine and injury to the cause of decent language through the lack of bites and other mishaps.

Not so in India, where, we are informed by the faculty, everything, even fishing, involves danger, and where the catalogue of terrors includes poisonous fish.

M. L. Kamath (Madras Medical Journal) draws attention to the dangers which await newcomers even in the simple art of fishing. He gives three or four case of infection through a prick from the scales of the tadu, which is a fresh water fish found in Malabar, four feet seven inches in length with a spine on either side the oral cavity, which it uses in attacking, something like our own catfish, we take it. Within a day or two violent cellulitis sets in with much redness, swelling and pain in the fingers and palm. The pus has a peculiar stench. Recovery is slow.

A Bad Risk.

Pte. Lewis made down his bed in the corner of a building that was just in the edge of what would have been No Man's Land had the armistice not intervened. "I sure didn't think I'd ever sleep here," he said to a comrade. "Why, I was popping away at a sniper from that hole there in the corner just a couple of days ago. Gee, but it seems queer!"

"And what was the sniper doing to you?" some one inquired from the other corner.

"Well," said Lewis, "he was sure raisin' hell with my life insurance."

Was Quite Likely.

A Boston man says that an exacting housewife in that city telephoned to a meat dealer's place of business that the next order "you receive from me will be the last." The man at the other end of the wire agreed with her. He said that he was an undertaker.

Amethysts.

The best amethysts are brought from Cambay, in India, and from Siberia, Ceylon and Persia. The chief supply of the blue turquoise is drawn from the peninsula of Sinai, the great mining district of the ancient Egyptians.

Found.

"Aha!" hissed the Pullman porter. "I have found the secret of his berth!" And he took a flask from under the passenger's pillow.—Cartoons Magazine.

FASHIONS IN WASHINGTON

WHAT SOCIETY LEADERS WORE RECENTLY AT AN AFTERNOON TEA GIVEN BY WIFE OF SPEAKER.

(By Margaret Wade)

Washington, Feb. 12.—While no effort has been made to restore "cabinet days" to the official calendar where in past seasons it assumed not only national but international importance, the fact of Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Champ Clark and a score of senatorial matrons announcing days at home without the formality of issuing cards has brought the custom of afternoon visiting back to a pre-war basis.

The well appointed tea table is again restored to every hospitable home with maid or matron in smart attire and of gracious manner selected to pour just as in the old days.

With this revival also comes a new era in afternoon dress which during the nineteen months of war was practically abandoned, with the simplest of tailored suits or a service uniform doing duty from breakfast to the dinner hour. Even in war time, Washington dressed for dinner.

Not only are the hostesses and their assistants wearing smart demi-toilets but the average visitor is making a great distinction in the costume in which she goes to market or to a charity meeting at 11 o'clock in the morning and that in which she makes visits or attends even the most informal afternoon company.

Mrs. Clark welcomed her afternoon visitors of last week in a gown of dark blue voile made on graceful, becoming lines, with the skirt just one inch from the floor and the bodice opening over a narrow vestee of cream tulle, with the long revere collar of satin in the new magenta tone. The sleeves were of the dark blue, long and close from the elbow.

Mrs. Marshall's most becoming reception dress is also dark blue, but of georgette, with smartly draped skirt and handsome self-embroidery on the bodice and the half length transparent sleeves.

Two interesting figures in the throng of visitors were Mrs. J. P. Spencer of Missouri and Mrs. Joseph I. France of Maryland, both recent additions to the senatorial circle.

Mrs. Spencer wore a smartly tailored suit in dark burgundy cloth with becoming round hat covered in dwarf dahlias of rich red tones.

Mrs. France wore a dark gown showing a modish silhouette with a long satin coat with deep collar and cuffs of black fox and a small high turban trimmed in black wings.

Mrs. William Alden Smith of Michigan and Mrs. George McLean of Connecticut are wearing particularly smart semi-toilets, in which the new bead embroidery forms a significant part.

Mrs. Smith who wore her much beaded gown when assisting at Mrs. Marshall's day at home, has the gown of black satin, with a long overdress of beads in French blue, with touches of black and crystal introduced in geometrical pattern.

Mrs. McLean's gown of the same general character as the Michigan hostess' is also black satin with the embellishment of harmonizing tones in green and pink. When Mrs. McLean wore this becoming and smart toilet at her day at home she had Mrs. George Howland Chase to pour tea, which added to the picture as well as the pleasure of the afternoon.

Mrs. Chase, who is much in demand for this graceful service, wore a modish gown of gray georgette and self-colored satin, with string of pearls.

A smart black gown of georgette worn by Mrs. Montgomery Blair shows the new length round skirt, as well as an effective trimming in black and colored beads. The gown worn for afternoon visiting or for the theater is almost to the ground and possibly four yards wide at the hem, but mounted on a narrow satin foundation. The georgette skirt is encircled by jet beads in parallel lines about an inch apart, while the girdle is of jet and colored beads, the colors being rich green and crimson. With this Mrs. Blair wears a broad brimmed black satin hat trimmed in paradise.

Mrs. Walter McLean, wife of Rear-Admiral McLean, U.S.N., late in command at Norfolk, whose return to Washington is a matter of general congratulation to society, is also wearing a modish visiting toilet showing the toilet to the ankle. This is one of the latest shades of French blue georgette, with drapery and bodice embroidered in several tones of the same general color. The foundation is presumably self-colored satin, with the narrow line at the ankles well preserved.

One of the smartest of debutante frocks is a superlatively fine serge worn by Miss Oliver Graaf, which is almost covered in the new embroidery inspired by the spider web, but in this particular case a harmony of delicate silk threads showing blue, gold, pink and green.

With this on a round of visits with her youthful looking mother, the pretty little bud wore a small round hat of sand colored velvet, with a cluster of ostrich of the same shade extending downward from the back.

EXTRA WARM EVENING WRAPS

Favored Garment Folds Around Figure and Has Double Thickness Over Chest.

Certain economists buy a semi-formal frock that will serve for gay hours between four and twelve p. m. with its own coat, which relieves them from the purchase of an extra evening coat, or keeps the one they possess for use for special occasions. This is after all, an extravagant trick, the critics say, for one warm long coat should serve.

The wrap of the hour is warm and heavy. It is no longer of chiffon nor does it show itself in cape form. It folds around the figure and has a double thickness over the chest. There are heaped on it, and, often, there is a return to the fashions of Charles II in the loose underalsleeve of fur that comes out from the wide upper sleeve. This idea, by the way, is carried out in a few street clothes, and it catches the fancy of those who abominate the hiatus between the edge of a flaring sleeve and the hand.

And such sleeves are warm. They act like a padded muff.

A Meal Throne Survives.

The Maharajah of Mysore has a throne made of solid gold, beautifully chased and set with precious stones, and resting on four huge lions, also of solid gold. Above the throne, which is covered with a thick cushion of cloth of gold with pearl tassels is a gold umbrella shimmering with pearls and precious stones on top of which is a golden peacock encrusted with diamonds and emeralds, holding in its beak a large emerald pendant. Silver steps lead up to the seat.

Jewish has been added to the countries using motion pictures for educational purposes.

OLD LANDMARK IN TORONTO CHANGES

SALADA TEA COMPANY ARE FORCED TO FIND LARGER QUARTERS.

The "Salada" Tea Co., have surrendered their building at 32 Yonge street to the Bank of Montreal, the purchasers, and are moving out to 459-467 King street west—a few doors west of Spadina Avenue on the South side.

There is hardly a resident in Toronto or neighborhood who does not know the "Salada" warehouse, and many of us who have visited Toronto by boat will remember the large Electric Sign flashing over the bay the six letters automatically spelling the word "SALADA"

This will be missed by hundreds of thousands, as it had become to be looked upon as a 'Beacon Light' but the premises had become altogether too small to handle the immense business of the "Salada" Tea Co. Twenty-one years ago they moved from Front Street East to their Yonge Street place and after three or four years occupancy the volume of their trade increasing, compelled them to put on three extra stories, thus making the building a six-story one.

The growth of the demand continuing, their warehouse again became congested which necessitated them erecting a new warehouse in Montreal, corner St. Paul and St. Sulpice Streets. Previous to this a branch had been opened in Buffalo, the business, however, being handled from Toronto. A year or two afterwards a branch was opened in Detroit; then one in Boston, Chicago, New York and other points in the United States.

The new Toronto warehouse the "Salada" Tea Co. are now entering stands on a lot 100 x 431 the building having a 60 feet frontage on King street by 300 feet deep and four stories and basement, thus giving about 70 thousand square feet floor space—one of the largest warehouses in the Dominion and by far the largest tea warehouse in America outside of the Boston premises of the same concern.

In the new building there will be light from three sides and sufficient office accommodation to handle the head office business of the "Salada" Tea Co.

Nurnberg Birthplace of Thimble.

As far as we can be certain of anything, the thimble is to be traced to the inventive and ingenious artisans of Nurnberg, who were the acknowledged manufacturers of it in the fourteenth century. It was not, however, until 1684, that the thimblemakers became what is called a corporate body, although for a whole century previously the Nurnberg merchants had carried thimbles with them for sale on their yearly expeditions to the great fairs of Leipsic, Hamburg and Lubeck.

Many Uses for Kapok.

Kapok is the name applied to the silky fiber found around the seed of the silk-cotton tree (Eriodendron anfractuosum). This tree is found in all tropical countries and is very abundant in Java, which furnishes a large part of the commercial supply. Kapok is imported into the United States in large quantities, principally from Java, and is used as filling for mattresses, pillows, cushions and life preservers of various kinds, and as an upholstery material.

BRITAIN'S FISH INDUSTRY.

Present Situation Contains Splendid Opportunity.

How many people are aware that the Norwegian "sardine" is simply the small sprat or "brit" taken in millions off our own coasts?

The Norwegian canners have to import all their tin-plates for making the tins and also the oil in which the fish are preserved. Not only this, but they have also been in the habit of buying large quantities of sprats from the Scottish fishermen to augment their own catch. In spite of these handicaps they make the business pay hand-over-fist — a fact which is self-evident from the vast quantities of their goods exported to and consumed in this country.

Surely we can do better than export our own products to buy them back at a greatly increased price under another name? The amount of tinned fish which we consume is enormous. In 1913 the British imported from Canada, France, Newfoundland, etc., well over three million pounds' worth of canned fish, chiefly salmon and sardines. About £900,000 worth was re-exported, but the value of what was actually consumed in our own islands was £2,200,000.

The Germans have been much too clever to buy abroad what they could make at home. Within a 50-mile radius of Hamburg there are no fewer than 56 factories for smoking, canning, or otherwise preserving fish. Here a few pilchards are put up in oil, and there chards are put up in oil, and there is a firm which tins an excellent mixture of herrings and tomatoes. Apart from these, the fish-canning industry hardly exists in the British Isles.

Now, the prices of imported sardines and salmon are not going to fall much for some years to come. Freights will be high enough to prevent that. Fresh fish, on the other hand, will soon be plentiful again. Here, then, is a grand chance for a new British industry. Let us seize it at once.—London Daily Mail.

The Victoria Cross.

The intrinsic value of the Victoria Cross is a few coppers. Apart from the immortal honor, it carries with it a pension of £10 a year in the case of non-commissioned officers and men, £5 being added for each bar.

Unlike the ordinary medal, which is turned out by the thousand by means of a steel die, each V.C. is made separately. There is no die in existence, the bronze part of some of the Russian guns captured in the Crimea, being weighed out to the workmen as carefully as if they were so much gold.

The first Victoria Cross was modelled in hard wax, and after the design had been approved a model pattern was cast. This is preserved with the greatest care, and from it are made the moulds from which every other Cross is cast. The bronze is heated in a clay crucible up to a temperature of 2,000 deg., and then poured into the mould through the little tube left for that purpose. Every drop of spilt metal is carefully saved.

When it comes out of the mould the Cross is rough at the edges, the design is flat and dull, and the color that of a dirty penny. Skilled workmen do all the finishing by hand. The edges are filed, and the design brought up by the "chaser," who works with small punches and a light hammer.

The Cross, when finished, is sent to the War Office for inspection, and its ribbon is attached.—Tit-Bits.

Paris-to-Channel Canals.

Construction of a canal to give Paris direct communication with the English Channel at Dieppe is receiving serious consideration. The plan is by no means a new one. It was originally suggested in 1694 and has since been re-proposed on several occasions. The congestion of traffic on the Seine makes the project one of considerable importance at this time. According to the plans that have been prepared, the waterway will accommodate vessels of about 1,400-ton cargo capacity. It will be approximately 102 miles in length, as compared with the Seine's devious route of some 219 miles. Tracks will be laid parallel with it so that barges may be towed by electric locomotives. —Popular Mechanics.

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine. Since taking it I have a fine baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will well pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The results of 100 long experience is at your service.

WAIST OF FLESH GEORGETTE

Simple yet extremely becoming is this bijou waist of flesh georgette. The double collar of knife plaiting, the turnback cuffs, held by bows of moire silk and the box plaits with an interesting line of hemstitching through the center are items worthy of note.

The Limit.

Apropos of the Northland enquiry, the following story is told concerning Gen. Sir H. Plumer:

It appears that a French liaison officer came to him and lodged an informal complaint concerning the quality of the rations that were being issued to some of the French troops.

"Do you ever get diseased meat in your command, sir?" he asked.

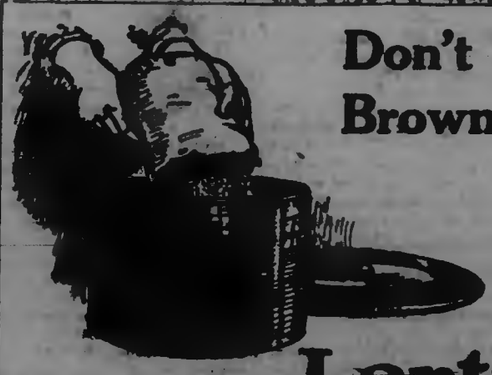
"Worse," replied Plumer, blandly.

"What do you mean, worse?" cried the surprised Frenchman.

"The meat served out to us is dead," confided Plumer, in a stage whisper.

Economy.

A North of Ireland man wanted to send a telegram to a friend in a remote part of the island. The clerk told him the charge would be one shilling and sixpence. "How do you make that out?" "Sixpence for the wire and a shilling for delivery outside the radius." "That be hanged!" retorted the Irishman, "You send the telegram and I'll write and ask him to call for it."



Don't Let Your Brown Sugar Crock Get Empty

IN addition to your Lantic "fine" granulated sugar you should always keep on hand a supply of

Lantic
Old Fashioned Brown Sugar

It saves money and adds variety and zest to your cooking. The natural delicious molasses taste of *Lantic Old-fashioned Brown Sugar* is a decided improvement to many sweets. It blends deliciously with the flavors of all dried fruits. Nearly all dishes containing raisins, dates, figs or currants are better when made with brown sugar.

Spices and brown sugar are on the friendliest terms. Spiced cookies and cup cakes and all sweet pickles or spiced fruits are better when made with brown sugar than with white.

For four these old-fashioned recipes might be forgotten, we have *reprinted* a number of the *best* of them in a booklet called *"Grandmother's Recipes."* We will send it to you upon receipt of a 2c. stamp. Your grocer knows this sugar by the name of *Lantic Refinery Yellow*, and will sell you any quantity.

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED
MONTREAL

FOR YOUR
Bread, Cakes and Pies
you will find
PURITY FLOUR
(Government Standard)
thoroughly dependable
"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"
Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO
Canada Food Board License Nos.
Cereal 2-060—Flour 15, 16, 17, 18
"Purity Oats makes Better Porridge"

BUDGET WILL SHOW CANADA IS STILL FINANCIALLY STRONG

There is a Surplus of Nearly Million Dollars to Place Against New Expenditures.

Ottawa, Feb. 12—Although there are twenty Cabinet Ministers, only ten will be in the Commons to carry on the work of the session. It will be a busy session for those ten ministers.

There are now three ministers in the Senate. Sir James Lougheed, Hon. Gideon Robertson and Hon. Pierre Blondin. There are five ministers overseas, Sir Robert Borden, Sir Edward Kemp, Sir George Foster, Hon. Arthur Sifton and Hon. C. J. Doherty. Two ministers, Hon. C. C. Ballantyne and Hon. Frank Cochrane will be absent a large part of the session owing to illness.

With the opening of Parliament ten days away the Government legislative programme is practically complete. The work of the session promises to be mostly embraced in measures of re-construction. There will be a new soldiers land settlement bill, a Federal aid to Highways measure, a bill providing a Dominion grant to technical education and important railway, financial, commercial and labor legislation.

Aid to Railways

The appropriation to provide rolling stock and general repairs for Government railways will amount to $60,000,000 and at least $20,000,000 will be voted for public works. The budget, which will likely be brought down early in March, will show the country to be in a very strong position financially. The statement will show that after paying all current and capital expenditure, including interest on war loans and pensions, something like $90,000,000 will be left to place against war expenditure. In other words practically thirty per cent of the 1918-19 fiscal year war expenditure will have been paid out of current revenue, something which all things considered, is regarded as a most satisfactory achievement.

The total revenue for the year will be known to exceed $300,000,000 the largest in the Dominion's history—with customs duties supplying the lion's share. Miscellaneous revenue however, including the war profits tax will supply something like $55,000,000.

Big Loans for Soldiers

The soldiers land settlement measure will provide for larger loans for soldiers desirous of going on the land. The highways measure will likely set aside about $25,000,000 to be distributed among the various Provinces for construction and maintenance of good roads, the Dominion contributing something like equivalent contributing something like 40 per cent. toward construction of main or trunk highways. The bill providing a grant for technical education is understood to be upon the basis of a Federal 50 per cent grant toward all expenditures incurred by the Provinces; that is to say, the Dominion Government will contribute a dollar for every dollar the Provinces spend on technical instruction.

CITIZENS MUST USE GARBAGE CANS AS REQUIRED BY ACT

Board of Health Gives Sanitary Inspector Stapleton Authority to Enforce Law—No Pigs to be Kept Within City Limits This Year.

Miss Alice M. Price was appointed acting matron of the Isolation Hospital to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Reid at the meeting of the Board of Health last night. The motion was introduced by Dr. Amys and Mr. Morgan and the salary was set at $700.

Sanitary Inspector Stapleton complained about the varied and unsatisfactory receptacles people were using for their garbage. Furthermore they were not draining it and the frozen mass could not be dumped out of the can or box, which caused exasperating delays to the collectors. The cans, contrary to the provisions of the bylaw, were uncovered and dogs, which are running loose, despite the law to the contrary, frequently knock over the cans and the men will not shovel up the scattered refuse.

Thou Shall Not Spit.

Mr. Stapleton was given power to enforce the regulations bearing upon proper garbage cans. He complained about posters being scattered through the market building which ultimately found their way into the square and were blown about the streets. This matter will be taken up with the market clerk.

In the market building, according to Inspector Stapleton, on Saturdays there is a noble band which collects about the big box stove and discusses the current topics of the day chewing and smoking tobacco the while. There are two large cuspidors provided for these gentlemen, but Mr. Stapleton declared that judging from the appearance of the floor after their meeting adjourns, tubs would be quite inadequate for their accommodation. They are so engrossed in conversation that they have no attention left to devote to aiming at the spittoons therefore the floor is a disgrace every Saturday and the matter is to be taken up with the police at once as there is a bylaw which prohibits spitting on the floor and while there are no copies of it posted in the building at the present time, as one gentleman remarked last night, that is no excuse for failure to observe it as there are no notices on the walls prohibiting stealing and yet it is recognized as strictly against the law.

A practice of bringing in fowl with the heads on is being complained of by the patrons of the market upon the grounds that it is so much useless weight to be paid for by the buyer. Mr. Stapleton brought up this matter, but the Board felt that as there was nothing unsanitary about such a way of dressing fowl the question was outside their jurisdiction.

Pigs in the City.

Whether Peterborough citizens will or will not be allowed to keep a pig on their premises this year was considered by the members of the Board of Health last night. Dr. Amys was bitterly opposed to it, advancing as one of his reason that if the people were given liberty to rear one porker, they would have a dozen of them in their pen and would create a nuisance and a menace to public health.

It was decided to leave this matter to the discretion of the Medical Officer as had been done last year.

Caring for Orphans.

An interesting question developed in regard to the advisability of treating patients from St. Vincent's Orphanage and the Children's Shelter at the Isolation Hospital free of charge. Dr. Amys made the suggestion and Chairman Buller at once took exception to it upon the grounds that these children were in many cases from other parts of the country and that it would be ridiculous for the city of Peterborough to pay for their treatment when the law required that their own municipality be made to bear the expense.

"If a Peterborough child in a shelter or home in another city is taken ill and is receiving treatment, our council is notified by letter of this fact and is held responsible for the payment of treatment of the case. Why should we treat children of other municipalities free of charge? As far as taking care of inmates from the Children's Shelter or St. Vincent Orphanage, who are from the county or city is concerned, I am heartily in accord with such an idea," concluded Chairman Buller.

A motion was passed instructing the clerk to notify the municipalities of Smith, North Monaghan, Douro and Otonabee that the Board was desirous, at its next meeting, of meeting committees from their respective councils to discuss the advisability of throwing open the Isolation Hospital to cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria from their townships under the per capita payment arrangement.

Sewing Meeting at Shelter.

There will be a sewing meeting held in the Children's Shelter tomorrow afternoon at 2.30. All ladies interested will be welcomed and are urged to attend.

WORTH WEIGHT IN GOLD, HE SAYS

MILWAUKEE MAN SAYS MOTHER SUFFERED EIGHTEEN YEARS —TANLAC RESTORES HER.

"If everybody in Milwaukee knew how much good Tanlac has done my mother there isn't a one who wouldn't think just as I do—that it's worth its weight in gold," was the interesting statement made by Frank J. Passage, brakeman on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, living at 25 25th Street, Milwaukee, recently. Mr. Passage's mother, Mrs. Minnie Passage, at the time she came to Milwaukee, four years ago, had been a resident of Shannon, Illinois, for fifty years, and is beloved by all who know her.

"For eighteen or twenty years," continued Mr. Passage, "my mother has had trouble with her stomach, and I can truthfully say that Tanlac is the only medicine I have been able to find in all that time to do her any good. Nothing she would eat agreed with her, and she was subject to frequent attacks of acute indigestion. In a little while after eating, her food would sour and bloat her up with gas and cause her to suffer for hours. At times this gas would press on her heart, almost cutting off her breath, and I actually thought she was going to die. She complained of awful pains through her stomach and left side and would belch up sour gas for hours. I have often had to get up in the middle of the night and doctor her on account of this gas and I don't believe she ever got a good night's rest on account of the pain she suffered. During the past year she lost twenty-five pounds in weight, or more, and all her strength seemed to leave her. During the past six months she has failed very much faster. All she was able to eat was a little soup or milk and soft boiled eggs, and even this would hurt her. Her condition became so serious that on December 7 I quit work in order to stay home and take care of her.

"One day I noticed a Tanlac testimonial in the paper which was so straightforward and convincing that I told mother I wanted her to try the medicine. She agreed, and at the time she started taking it she had been down in bed for five weeks and couldn't stand on her feet but a few minutes. If she tried. Well, she has taken two bottles now, and you may believe it or not, she is up doing all her cooking and household work and is just feeling fine. She is now sixty-nine years of age, but I declare she gets around like one many years younger. She sleeps like a child, eats anything she wants, and that gas and indigestion have stopped bothering her almost entirely. I have never seen such a change in anyone as Tanlac has made in mother. I am very grateful for it, and she is feeling mighty happy herself. We can't say too much in behalf of Tanlac and have been telling everyone in the neighborhood about it."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. G. Denike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

JUVENILE COURT FOR PETERBORO

JUDGE HUYCKE OFFERS TO PRESIDE OVER IT WITHOUT COMPENSATION

At a meeting of the Children's Aid Society held in the Bank of Montreal Chambers yesterday afternoon the following members were in attendance: Chairman Peck, Dr. King and Messrs. Wearing, Powell, Major Medd, Chief Thompson, Adjt. Bunton, Father Phelan, Warden MacIntosh and Mesdames Gibbs, Reid, Sanderson, Stocker Evans, Hopwood and Kimberly.

Mr. Powell, the agent, submitted his monthly report and Mrs. Gibbs tabled that of the Purchasing Committee for the past two months which showed minor disbursements amounting to the sum of $216.65.

Mr. Powell suggested the advisability of having a detention room in the shelter in which to keep children who were prisoners awaiting trial but too young to be lodged in the jail.

Mrs. Read, who is in charge of the shelter, made a statement in regard to conditions prevailing at the home and the prospects of the garden this season.

Chief Thompson, Major Medd and Alderman Edgar were appointed a committee to look into these matters and especially the question of a detention room and arrangements for taking care of the garden.

The Purchasing and Finance Committees were struck for the year with the following membership:—Purchasing—Mrs. Gibbs, chairman; President Peck, Secretary Wearing. Dr. King and Mrs. Stocker. Finance—Father Phelan, chairman; Adjt Bunton and Alderman Edgar.

Mrs. Gibbs, who had been the representative of the local branch of the society at the Social Service convention recently held in Toronto submitted her report of the proceedings which appears in this issue of the paper.

WHEN YOU WAKE UP DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER

Wash the poisons and toxins from system before putting more food into stomach.

Says inside-bathing makes anyone look and feel clean, sweet and refreshed.

Wash yourself on the inside before breakfast like you do on the outside. This is vastly more important because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing illness while the bowel pores do.

For every ounce of food and drink taken into the stomach, nearly an ounce of waste material must be carried out of the body. If this waste material is not eliminated day by day it quickly ferments and generates poisons, gases and toxins which are absorbed or sucked into ducts which would suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

A splendid health measure is to drink, before breakfast each day, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless way to wash these poisons, gases and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the blood stream, through the lymph of the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs but very little at the drug store but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on inside bathing. Men and women who are accustomed to wake up with a dull, aching head or have furred tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, sallow complexion, others who have billious attacks and stomach or constipation are assured of pronounced improvement in both health and appearance shortly.

President Wilson plans to return from the U. S. to Paris by March, which involves a short stay at Washington.

It was stated that Judge Huycke had signified his willingness to assume the responsibilities of conducting the much needed juvenile court in this city without remuneration and this question, together with others relating to child welfare, will be taken up in the near future.

Although the warden of the county has been a member of the society for a great many years Warden MacIntosh's visit yesterday marked the first appearance at the meetings of the local organization of this city official in the history of the Children's Aid Association. He received a hearty welcome and expressed himself as being well pleased with the meeting and in sympathy with the work.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, Feb. 12.—Mrs. MacPherson is visiting friends in Toronto.

The many friends of Mrs. Robert Mahood of Peterborough will regret to learn that she is suffering from a broken leg, the result of a fall on the ice.

Miss McCrea was a visitor to Peterborough on Friday.

Reeve Parsons attended a meeting of the county roads system, which was held in Lindsay on Friday.

Mr. Geo. Williamson broke his collarbone when he fell on the ice on Thursday.

Mr. Harold Cunningham attended the hockey match between Peterborough and Lindsay in the latter town Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. John Skuce of Burnt River are the guests of Mr. S. Skuce.

Miss Evelyn Stinson spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jones in Peterborough.

Mr. John Spence has purchased the beautiful residence formerly owned by Mr. J. R. Eakins of Millbrook, and purposes moving there in the near future.

Mr. J. M. McCrea was a visitor to Lindsay Saturday.

Miss Minnie Davidson of Regina is visiting her aunt, Miss Davidson, who is not at all well.

Mrs. Millard returned to her home in Bridgeburg on Thursday after a few days spent with her daughter, who has been seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hungerford of Lindsay were the guests of Miss Davidson on Monday.

Mr. Albert Yelland of Lindsay visited his mother on Tuesday.

Mrs. Mark of Lindsay was a visitor to Omemee on Tuesday.

Mrs. Lorne Mahood visited friends in Peterborough on Tuesday.

Rev. John Morgan of Mimico, an Omemee old boy, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church here on Sunday last.

Mr. Guy Tripp of Lindsay was a business visitor to Omemee on Tuesday.

Tptr. Lowery Brooks left for Toronto on Monday, where he will await his discharge.

Mrs. W. Rose of Lindsay is the guest of Miss Pearl Skuce.

Mrs. W. Henderson and son were visitors to Lindsay on Saturday.

Mrs. J. Shields was a visitor to Lindsay on Monday.

Mrs. Bell of Peterborough is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frances Fee.

Mrs. Bushnell spent the week-end with friends in Peterborough.

Mr. Brown was a visitor to Omemee last week.

Pte. W. Balfour left for Kingston last week to await his discharge.

ANNUAL SUPPER OF TEMPLE BAND

OVER 180 TOOK PART IN THE PLEASING YEARLY FUNCTION.

The annual supper of the Temple Band was held last night with about 180 present. The Temple was tastefully decorated for the occasion. Supper was served at 7.30, after which a few speeches were made by Adjt. Bunton, the band officials, and a representative from every branch of the local corps. Our absent bandsmen were not forgot on. Special reference was made to these bandsmen by every speaker. It was the general opinion of those present that 1919 would be one of the best years ever spent in the band's history.

DEFAULTERS RELEASED

Kingston, Feb. 12.—The Minister of Justice issued an order for the discharge from the penitentiary of Thomas and William Fitzgerald, of Hinchinbrook, and James Babcock, of Bedford, three Frontenac young men who on the 4th inst. were sentenced by Police Magistrate Farrell to one year in prison for being defaulters under the Military Service Act. The claim was made that penitentiary sentences of one year could not be given, that a man sent to the penitentiary must receive a minimum sentence of two years.

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM NOW

SAYS WE MUST KEEP FEET DRY, AVOID EXPOSURE AND EAT LESS MEAT.

Stay off the damp ground, avoid exposure, keep feet dry, eat less meat, drink lots of water and above all take a spoonful of salts occasionally to keep down uric acid.

Rheumatism is caused by poisonous toxin called uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine. The pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

The Royal George is bound for Halifax with 1,316 Canadian soldiers aboard.

Lieut.-Col. Belcher, C.M.G., D.S.M., former O. C., 138th Batt., dropped dead at Calgary.

A scheme to develop Ungava water powers and cable power across the ocean to England is mooted in Quebec.

City Milk Tests Made In January

The report of Sanitary Inspector Stapleton on the milk tests for the past month, submitted to the meeting of the Board of Health, was as follows:

P. L. Carlin	3.4
C. Sharp	4.2
L. J. Brady	6.4
P. Kennedy	4.2
J. S. O'Connel	3.6
S. Huston	3.0
J. Juby	2.8
(Waller's Milk)	
M. Crough	2.6
(Milburn's Milk)	
Peterboro Pure Milk	3.2
J. W. Steinkrauss	3.6
A. R. White	3.4
J. W. Wright	3.4
C. Waller	3.6
J. W. Simpson	3.6
W. J. Robson	3.4
J. E. Lillico	3.2
(J. W. Wright's Milk)	
T. C. Young	3.2
(Peterboro Pure Milk)	
F. Rooke	3.2
H. Frise	3.0
I. Goselin	3.2
H. O'Neill	2.6
T. Twomey	3.2
(Peterboro Pure Milk)	
J. Allen	3.2
(Peterboro Pure Milk)	
E. Moncrief	3.0
F. Riley	3.0
E. Butler	3.6
E. J. McDonnell	3.2
(Peterboro Pure Milk)	
H. Manley	4.2
H. Manley	3.6
(H. Sanderson's Milk)	

DR. CODY TALKS ON RURAL SCHOOLS

BELIEVES THAT CONSOLIDATION IS THE ONLY HOPE FOR EFFICIENCY.

In an address in Toronto Hon. Dr Cody, minister of Education, directed his closing remarks to educational matters in the Province. The system, he said, was considered one of the best in the world, but that did not mean that we might be self-complacent, but that we must go on to perfection.

The main lines of betterment would be in the cities and larger towns, said the Minister of Education where more schools of an industrial and technical character would be formed.

Touching on the problem of the rural schools Dr. Cody stated that some scheme for consolidating these was being worked out, and inquiries from all parts of the Province were coming in in that connection all the time.

The health of the boys and girls in the schools of the cities and larger towns was also given consideration and regular medical inspection had been established with splendid clinical rooms. In conjunction with the Department of Health and the Women's Institute, Dr. Cody said it was hoped that in the course of a year a thorough survey of the health of the children of the entire Province would have been made.

"There is no investment that brings forth in the long run greater results than the investment made in education," said Dr. Cody, and added that salaries commensurate with the work should be paid to the teachers.

Ye Olde Firme.

Judge it by any standard

Compare it point by point. Prove it by any test. Talk with Heintzman owners. You will find the

Heintzman & Company Art Pianos

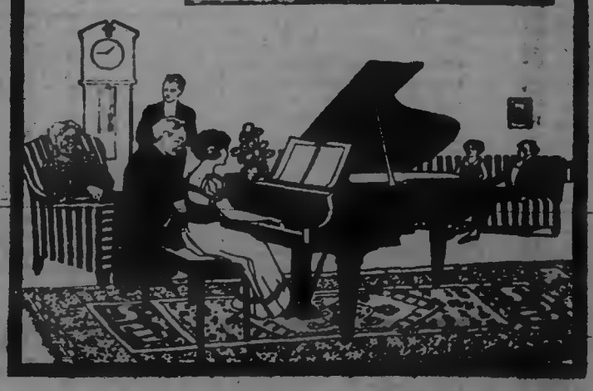
Grand or Upright

meets the most exacting demands. In tone, durability and beauty it stands pre-eminent.

Improving here, improving there adding new features where they have been found good, ever making the standard of quality higher and yet higher—thus have over 65 years been spent in building up the superiority of this great Canadian piano, until now it bears the proud title—

"WORLD'S BEST PIANO."

Heintzman Hall

George & Hunter Sts. Peterborough

DONT PAY TAXES ON POOR MATCHES

The war-tax has practically doubled the price of the best grades of matches, and has *more* than doubled the price of the cheaper kinds.
And the tax adds nothing to the value of the match. You can't light your pipe with the tax, yet you pay as much on a poor match as on a good one.

EDDY'S MATCHES

have more than sixty years of experience behind them. Among the 30 to 40 different brands made in this huge factory with an output of 70,000,000 matches a day, there is a match for every purpose. And each is the best of its kind that our experience can devise. Insist on Eddy's Matches and get real match-value for your money. See that Eddy's name is on the box.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also Makers of Indurated Fibreware and Paper Specialties

B1

DOWNEYVILLE

Downeyville, Feb. 12.—The annual meeting of the Emily Municipal Telephone subscribers was held on Wednesday last. A large crowd attended from all over the township.

The people of Downeyville have made an excellent start on their parish hall, having all the brick, sand, gravel and stone on the grounds.

Mr. Alaysious Clancey, who had been in the lumber camp since early last fall, has returned home.

Mrs. H. Matthews and daughter, Rita, spent a few days here the guests of Miss Bee Morrisey.

Miss Ethel Gosselin and Miss Geraldine Murray were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. Percy Lucas.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Clancy are spending a few days in Peterboro.

Mrs. James Gulry spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. McCaulliff, of East Emily.

Dr. Earl, of Omemee made a professional visit to the village last week.

Miss Stella Hickey and Mr. Frank Hickey, of East Emily, were Sunday visitors of their aunt, Miss J. Hickey.

Mrs. T. Herlihey and Mrs. Jos. Lucas, who have been seriously ill, are improving.

Mr. Thomas O'Hearn, of Toronto, is the guest of Mr. Michael Fitzpatrick.

Aemilius Jarvis & Co. purchase new issue of city bonds, and also city of Edmonton offering.

The Canada Steamships' announcement of a dividend disbursement of four per cent. results in the resignation of the President and one of the directors.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY
Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
207 George St. Next Turnbull's

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence)

Hastings, Feb. 12.—The annual business meeting of the Hastings Chapter I.O.D.E. was held in their rooms on Monday, Nov. 3.

Reports read showed a splendid year's work.

Monthly parcels of socks, tobacco, tea, etc., were sent each local man overseas, more generous ones being sent at Easter and Christmas. Our nursing sister was also remembered in this way. Supplies and postage for these amounted to $935.38.

Donation to club for Canadians:
Nurses in London, England .$ 30.00
To Prisoners War Fund ... 79.90
Collected for Navy League . 268.50

Total receipts for year ..$1875.49
Balance in vank 307.20

814 pairs of socks were hand knitted during the year as well as a number of mitts and trench caps.

Since the beginning of the war over 3000 pairs of socks have been knitted.

100 quarts of home canned fruit were sent to the Military Hospital at Cobourg.

Miss D. Franks, of Roseneath, has been engaged as clerk in Mr. E. M. Tate's store.

Mr. W. P. Plant spent a few days of last week in Toronto.

Dr. J. Hess and family spent Sunday with friends at Wooler.

Mr. John Carter of Westwood spent Monday with friends in town.

Mr. J. Leonard, of the local branch of the Union Bank, has been transferred to Toronto.

Miss Elsie Laing, of Norwood, has been visiting her cousin, Miss Gladys Stevenson.

Miss Edna Marchand, of Peterboro, is visiting with friends here.

Miss Leaper, of Morganstone, has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tate.

Mr. M. Baker was in Peterboro on Thursday.

Mrs. N. Beavis is visiting with friends at Lakefield.

The play entitled "Hearts of the World," which was given in the town hall on Friday evening, was largely attended.

Mrs. N. Scriver had the misfortune on Wednesday last to slip on the ice, fracturing her arm.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson, of Norwood, were in town on Thursday.

Born—On Friday, Feb. 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Thomson, a daughter.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DON'T BEGRUDGE WHAT YOUR EYES NEED

There are some who bear a grudge even to those who do them good. Your eyes are your most useful friend. Are you giving them the help they need? Let Dr. Fowler tell you their condition.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

MILLBROOK

Millbrook, Feb. 12.—Mr. Harry Stenson of Peterboro was a guest of friends in town over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Richards and babe of Kingston were guests of his father, Mr. H. Richards this week.

Mr. Ernie Hauna of Peterboro is a guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Hanna.

Mrs V. Martin has returned from Norwood. We are pleased to learn she is improving in health.

Mr. G. H. Raymes of Port Perry was a guest of Millbrook friends over the holiday.

Mr. Jerry Barclow of Peterboro is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Noble Stewart.

Report of War Relief Society

Receipts

Cash on hand	$266.91
Sale of needles (Mrs. T. Campbell)	5.80
Afternoon tea	7.70
	$280.41

Expenditures

Filing of papers	1.00
Stamps, etc.	.50
Field Comforts (Capt. M. Plummer)	25.00
Batting	.90
	$ 27.40
Cash on hand	$253.01
	$280.41

Sent to Red Cross

3 suits pyjamas, 9 pads, 15 personal property bags, 18 trench caps, 10 tubes lice ointment, 12 doz. gauze handkerchiefs, 3 hospital shirts, 1 suit gauze underwear.

To boys overseas—4 pairs of socks.

To Secours National—6 quilts, 2 blankets, 3 feather pillows, 7 day shirts, 2 child's petticoats, 8 childs' dresses, 5 boys' blouses, 1 pair duck trousers, 2 men's woolen shirts, 1 pair kid gloves, 1 ladies suit, 70 pairs socks.

To Belgian Relief—5 ladies coats, 1 cape, 2 children's coats, 4 ladies skirts, 2 ladies' dresses, 3 blouses, 2 scarfs, 3 girl's sweaters, 3 boys' sweaters, 13 pairs flannelette drawers 4 girls dresses, 2 woolen shirts, 3 woolen drawers, 7 children's nightgowns, 3 children's waists, 7 children's skirts, 1 pair fur gauntlets, 1 pair gloves, 10 quilts, 50 pairs socks.

Donations

Mrs. Henderson—2 woolen blankets, 1 quilt, 1 large feather pillow.

Mr. Herbert Burnham—1 pair men's suede gloves.

Annual Short Course

The annual short course for East Durham was favored with excellent weather and ideal roads. A. A. McMillan, B. S. A., of Dutton, took the classes of beef cattle and sheep, owing to the inability of Mr. Gardhouse to be present. He gave a good review of the live stock situation encouraging the farmer to continue in producing prime steers and choice lambs. "Export Trade" he said, "will continue to pay a good price for these." He discussed the feeding and management of beef cattle and sheep, after which he led in the discussion of the classes of stock. One of beef cattle and two of sheep.

Tuesday was light horse day, Mr. J. D. Shaver of Toronto took charge and after discussing the difference between road and carriage type, asked those present to place the two classes. Considerable difference in opinion resulted and much valuable information was received.

Mr. S. E. Kellor, a student at the O.A.C., Guelph is conducting a short test for record of merit of Mr. W. Fred Fallis' pure bred cows.

Capt. W. C. Walsh has returned to Port Hope from overseas.

Pte. H. Hurst of Frazerville returned on the Carmania.

The many friends of Mr. John Hunter will regret to learn that he is ill.

Lieut. Hunter Home

Lieut. P. E. Hunter son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hunter, Mt. Pleasant, returned from overseas on Thursday, Jan. 30. He enlisted as a private a Regina battalion. He was in a Regina battalion. He was wounded in the knee at Festubert, in May 1915, and again received a spinal wound in June 1916, since which time he has been in hospital and convalescent camps until he was permitted to return. He certainly did his bit and is a splendid type of Canadian soldier. He brought an English bride home with him and a pretty little daughter. His wife was Miss Frances Cousins, of Hammersmith, London. He received his

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Cavan Council.

Cavan Council met on February 5, all the members present, the reeve in the chair.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. J. Coulter presented a statement of taxes showing everything paid that was collectable, 1,699 being left to register against the parties or rebate granted, on motion of Messrs. Baptie and Clarke.

The appointment of a treasurer, left over from the last meeting, was proceeded with, and there being only one applicant, that of Mr. C. McNeil, it was moved by Messrs. Baptie and McCamus that Mr. Neil be appointed, and a bylaw prepared confirming the same.—Carried.

Messrs. J. Arthur Vance and H. Elson waited on council and asked that their expenses as a delegation from Cavan to the meeting at Ottawa in the effort to secure exemption to farmers' sons from conscription, be paid. Mr. Vance stated that he had called up the reeve, stating the facts of the case, and had been given his approval to their mission, as other municipalities were so doing. The question of the legality of such payment being mentioned, it was moved by Messrs. McCamus and Clarke that the application be laid over and that the reeve have legal advice on the matter.—Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Clarke and Baptie that the reeve purchase a quantity of cedar for the needs of the council during the coming season.—Carried.

Bylaws to appoint a treasurer and other municipal officers were introduced by Dep. Reeve Baptie and read a first time, and council was moved into committee of the whole by Messrs. Baptie and Clarke for the second reading of the bylaws, with the reeve in the chair. The committee rose and council resumed, and the chairman reported blanks filled in and the bylaws read a second time.

Moved by Messrs. McCamus and Bland that the bylaws be now read a third time, signed, sealed and delivered.—Carried.

The following accounts were presented, and on motion of Messrs. Clarke and Bland were ordered to be paid:

Moses Sutton, pay sheet of work on roads, winter of 1917-18, $11.45; Henry Fisher, extra road work, $2.50; T. A. Campbell, collector's salary, 1918, $100; J. A. Vance, rebate on dog tax, $3; John Coulter, collector, bal. salary, $50; Clerk, salary for February, $25; Municipal World, 5 copies, $5, election supplies, $7.55; members of council, $15; Councillor McCamus, comm. work, $1.00.

The following general municipal officers were appointed under bylaw: Mr. John Coulter, collector; Mr. C. McNeil, treasurer; Mr. John Paul, assessor; Mr. J. W. Hamilton, board of health officer; and various overseers of highways, poundkeepers and fenceviewers.

Council adjourned to Wednesday, March 12, at 1:30 p.m.

Dr. McCullough of Port Hope was in town last week.

Mr. Harold Hunter was a guest of Port Hope friends over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Larmer was a visitor to Toronto last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bateson and babe of Campbellford were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Raper on Sunday.

STOP PAIN! RUB NEURALGIA AWAY

Instant Relief From Nerve Torture and Misery With Old "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sore, inflamed nerves, and like magic—neuralgia disappears. "St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain. It is a harmless "neuralgia relief" which doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Don't suffer! It's so needless. Get a small trial bottle from any drug store and gently rub the "aching nerves" and in just a moment you will be absolutely free from pain and suffering.

No difference whether your pain or neuralgia is in the face, head or any part of the body, you get instant relief with this old-time, honest pain destroyer—it can not injure.

Thirty-Five Years In Public Service

An item that seems to have escaped much notice is the fact that the new chairman of the Library Board, Mr. John R. Corkery, is a man who has devoted as much time in the service of his fellow citizens as anyone in the city. With the possible exception of Mr. Dumble, our esteemed magistrate, there seems to be nobody who can lay claim to such length of consecutive service. A fact not generally known is that Mr. Corkery has not only been interested for the long period of thirty-five years in library work in Peterborough, but that he was also for a short time Mayor of Peterborough.

NORWOOD

Norwood, Feb. 12.—Norwood Farmers' Club will meet in the Department of Agriculture rooms on Tuesday evening, Feb. 11th, at 7.30.

The I. O. D. E. will hold a Valentine party Feb. 14th. Admission 25c.

The local skating rink is in running shape once again. Manager Rogers announces the first and only carnival of the season to be held on Wednesday evening, Feb. 12th. Prizes are offered for fancy and comic costumes, also for racing. The band will be in attendance and the members of the Women's Institute will serve lunch.

The funeral of the late Mr. Stanley Hendren took place on Friday afternoon to the Norwood Cemetery. Service was held at the home at 2 o'clock conducted by Rev. A. M. Irwin, B.A., B.D. The pall-bearers were Mr. F. Pearce, J. Rorke, U. Richardson, J. G. Keefer, E. J. Lang, Bert Squire.

Mrs. R. W. Squire is visiting friends in Montreal.

It is proposed to hold a reception for the returned men from overseas in connection with the Valentine party on the 14th of Feb.

Some property changes have taken place recently. The home on Spring street, owned by Mrs. Douglas, has been purchased by Mr. Geo. Ford, of Asphodel.

Mr. Hugh McDonald, the present occupant is moving to the Stenson residence on Ridge street.

Mr. Robert Tedford has disposed of his property, south of Norwood, on the Hastings road, to Mr. Douglas Baker.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Nixon have moved into the house on Peterboro street, lately occupied by Mrs. Luscumbe.

Miss Elsie Lang spent a few days in Hastings the guest of Miss Gladys Stephenson.

Mrs. S. Girven, of Orillia, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Finlay, Queen street.

Mr. C. Doxsee, teller of the Union Bank of this place, has been transferred.

A large number of young people of the village and vicinity attended the play, "Hearts of the World," in the Opera House at Hastings on Friday evening.

KEENE

Keene, Feb. 12.—Three rinks of Keene curlers are playing at the bonspiel at Peterboro this week.

Nicholas Dorris
George McIntyre
Michael Kenneally
J. J. Moore, skip

S. Comrie
F. Drummond
R. Nelson
F. Easson, skip

N. Nelson
A. Fletcher,
A. Anderson
G. Howson, skip

Mr. George McIntyre was in Kingston for a few days last week.

Mrs. Andrew Rennie and children visited Peterboro friends for a few days last week.

A very enjoyable evening is reported by those attending the dance given by the manager of the rink last Friday evening.

Mr. Peter McIntyre and sister Mrs. Kate Chase have returned to their home in California after a pleasant six months visit with friends in Keene and vicinity.

Mr. Andrew Brown and family motored from Peterboro on Sunday and visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Edwards.

Mrs. Cunningham of Toronto is a guest at Bratesford Cedars.

Mr. Alfred Kempt is in Toronto this week on business.

Misses Kenneally and McCann were shopping in Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. William Brown has returned home from Toronto where he had been visiting friends.

Mrs. Akin of Bethany is at the home of Mrs. James McNeil sr.

We regret to report Mrs. Wm. Kempt quite ill.

Prof. L. M. Roche left for Kingston on Monday.

Mr. Harry Andrews of Niagara spent the week end at the home of Mr Patrick Roche.

The Misses McCrea received word on Monday, of the death of their brother, Mr. James McCrea at his home in Winnipeg.

Mr. Harold Roche was in Peterboro on Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Rowell of Peterboro is a guest at the home of the Misses McCrea.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Byers and sister Mrs. R. Humphries motored to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mrs. Reid and son of Sterling are guests at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Honey.

Rev. and Mrs. McEachern and son Ronald, spent Monday and Tuesday at Woodville.

A Valentine Tea will be given by pupils and teacher of Keene public school on Friday afternoon from three to five o'clock.

Mr. Harry Drummond of Sask., is visiting at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Peter Drummond.

The W. M. S. of the Methodist church will meet at the home of Mrs. William Castor on Thursday afternoon at 2.30.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS

Cures Grippe, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Diseases. SINCE 1870

SHILOH

30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

GREAT WAR VETERANS ASSOCIATION

First Annual Reunion

At VICTORIA HALL
This Event Will Be Held on

TO-NIGHT, Feb. 12

AT 8 O'CLOCK

to celebrate the

Anniversary of the Landing in France of the First Canadian Contingent

Members of the Association are requested to be on parade as strong as possible.

A cordial welcome is also extended to all Returned Soldiers who have recently returned since the signing of the armistice.

TICKETS

will be issued at the Secretary's Office to-night and all day to-morrow.

S. WHATLEY,
Secretary P. B. G, W. V. A.

CUT COTTON AVERAGE

South Proposes to Reduce It by One Third.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 12.—A call for a general meeting to be held in New Orleans on February 22 to plan an effort to reduce by one-third the cotton acreage in all Southern States, was issued today at a meeting of commercial, financial and industrial interests of Texas. The Governors of all cotton States will be asked to issue proclamations setting aside Feb. 22 as pledge day, and all farmers will be asked to pledge themselves to reduce their acreage one-third.

TEN DOLLARS FOR EACH DEFAULTER

WHO IS ROUNDED UP AND CONVICTED NEW ORDER SAYS

That the military authorities are determined to round up all defaulters under the M. S. A. is indicated by the publication of an order at Military Headquarters today, which has been received from Ottawa. The order provides that a reward of ten dollars is to be offered to every civilian, police or peace officer for the apprehension of a defaulter in any of the first three groups as laid down by the M. S. A.

The reward is not to be paid until the defaulter is convicted of the offence charged by any military or civil tribunal having jurisdiction. The reward is to be paid by the Chief Commissioner of the Dominion Police on the production of the certificate of conviction.

The offer applies to the provinces of Ontario (with the exception of that part included in Military District Number 10,) Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

FOOD PRICES DROPPING

Quebec, Feb. 12.—A further drop in the prices of a number of foodstuffs was recorded in the review of the market. At the stock yards cattle were rather scarce and prices had a tendency to slump, though there was not much difference in last week's prices. Strictly fresh eggs dropped another five cents today, to 55c per dozen.

ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS BROKEN

SUMMARY OF 1918 ACHIEVEMENTS

NEW ASSURANCES

Assurances Issued and Reinstated	$19,135,750.00
Increase over 1917	2,650,347.00

BUSINESS IN FORCE

Business in Force, December 31, 1918	108,572,703.00
Increase over 1917	10,444,072.00

INCOME

Cash Income,—Premiums, Interest, etc.	5,831,190.74
Increase over 1917	722,180.11

ASSETS

Assets at December 31st, 1918	26,748,392.95
Increase over 1917	2,162,609.08

PROFITS ALLOTTED TO POLICYHOLDERS

Profits set aside for Policyholders, Payable in 1919	487,410.00
Increase over 1918	129,927.00

SURPLUS

Total Surplus over all Liabilities and Capital, according to Company's Standard	2,502,293.50
Surplus on Basis of Insurance Act	3,[illegible]
Increase over 1917	[illegible]

GROWTH DURING PERIOD OF THE WAR

YEAR	BUSINESS IN FORCE	ASSETS	SURPLUS
1913	$ 80,619,888.00	$17,540,387.21	$1,470,857.73
1918	108,572,703.00	26,748,392.95	2,502,293.50

The MANUFACTURERS LIFE
Insurance Company
HEAD OFFICE, - TORONTO, CANADA

THOMAS MARK GENERAL AGENT
PETERBORO ONTARIO

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" will be accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAM NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch 1c per line each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Maid for light house work. Apply Mrs. G. H. Thompson, 373 Park street. Phone 1381.

GENERAL MAID wanted. Apply to Mrs. A. F. Knight, 459 Hunter street. Phone 795.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 419 Water st Peterborough.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office, over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 134 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 865.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
W. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
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Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Agent, Secretary and Inspector
Office, 380 George St. Phone 1044x
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 7

D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

Judge Langelier made a statement in regard to the method of dealing with absentees under the M. S. A. in Quebec.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 362½ George street, corner Hunter. Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 23.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

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H. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
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Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next McGill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 806.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto.
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**3:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.
*11:53 p.m.—Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).
1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.
12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.
5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.
8:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).
**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.
**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.
3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.
7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.
8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.
7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.
12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.
12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.
2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.
5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.
9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 12.—Receipts were heavy and trade slow, with prices easier in many grades of stock.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Medium butcher	9.50	10.50
Choice butcher cows	9.50	11.75
Ewes	9.00	10.00
Lambs	15.50	16.00
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.25	17.25
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.50	16.50
Calves	16.50	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	26	28
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Eggs	60	60
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00

LONDON WOMEN SMOKE

And Drinking is General in British Capital.

London, Feb. 12.—The cigarette habit which is growing among women, especially those who have been engaged in war industries, is provoking as much criticism as are the garments some women are wearing. Many persons attending jazz dances lately have been astonished by some of the costumes displayed, others been shocked at fancy dress dances by the scantiness of attire, especially by the ladies who wore only highly colored pyjamas. Physicians say there has never been so much smoking by women as at present. It is a common experience to see well-dressed women walking away from theatres in the evening smoking with their male escorts, and even in daylight it is common to see women smoking in limousines or taxicabs. The great popularity of cocktails is traced by physicians to this over indulgence in cigarettes.

Lindsay Juniors Win at Midland

Midland, Feb. 12.—Lindsay defeated Midland by 10 to 8 in a whirlwind O. H. A. junior game here last night. The return game will be at Lindsay Friday night.

Lindsay—Goal, Oliver; defence, Green and Jarnett; centre, Kelly; wings, Killes and Stoddart. Subs—McElroy and Bell.

Midland—Goal, McGrath; defence, Day and McMillan; centre, Egerer; wings, Richards and Wallace. Subs—Dault and Letherby.

Toronto Savings and Loan
Company

Head Office—427-427 George Street
Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 and upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorised by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

ARENAS DEFEAT THE CANADIENS

SCORE AT TORONTO 6 TO 4 IN FAVOR OF HOME TEAM

Toronto, Feb. 12.—The Arenas defeated the Canadiens here last night by 6 to 4 and have still an outside chance to overhaul Ottawa and figure in a play-off for the title. However, to do so they will have to play much better than they did last evening. They won the game strictly on their merits, but they did not show any extraordinary ability.

Randall and Noble again bore the brunt of the work for the Blue Shirts, and both were prominent at all times. The former notched three of the six goals after clever end-to-end dashes, while the latter did some two counters. Lindsay showed up well in the net, while Mummery blocked in his usual stellar style.

The game proved exciting in the final thirty minutes, but previous to this it was a listless affair. Canadiens did not extend themselves at first, but they were going strong at the finish. "Newsy" Lalonde was again prominent, while Pitre played better than is usual for him on local ice. He made many spectacular dashes but was unable to outguess the local defence.

The best hockey of the night was shown in the final period. Lalonde repeatedly led dangerous attacks on the local citadel and was ably assisted by Pitre. However, try as they would, the Arenas had a slight edge and outscored Canadiens 2 to 1. The line-up:

Arenas—Goal, Lindsay; defense, Mummery and Randall; wings, Skinner and Crawford; centre, Noble. Subs—Adams, Dennenay and Meeking.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defense, Hall and Corbeau; wings, Pitre and Cleghorn; centre, Lalonde. Subs—Coutu, McDonald and Berlanquette.

Officials—S. Vair and L. Marsh.

READY TO FIGHT LEE'S NEW LEAGUE

FRANK SHAUGHNESSY REPORTED IN FIELD WITH RIVAL ORGANIZATION.

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—Frank Shaughnessy of Ottawa, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the proposed Ontario-Michigan League, and who, it is said, will be offered the management of the Hamilton team, said he had no connection whatever with "Knotty" Lee's circuit.

Shaughnessy has been working toward the organization of a league to include Montreal, Ottawa, London, Hamilton, Brantford and another Canadian town, which he thinks would be a big success. He believes that the proposed Ontario-Michigan League would be a financial "bloomer," pointing to the failure of Erie when admitted in 1914 to the Canadian League. "Shag" says that baseball is dead in Michigan, and that the international loop would never go. He intends to call a meeting shortly of those interested in the proposed all-Canadian League.

Oshawa Gains An Easy Lead

Gravenhurst, Feb. 12.—A very fast second round O. H. A. intermediate game played here last night between the locals and Oshawa ended in a score of 11-3 in favor of the visitors. Gravenhurst had much of the play, but were unable to get many goals past Childs, who starred for the visitors. The return game will be played at Oshawa on Friday. The teams:

Gravenhurst—Goal, Hayton; defence, Roe and Groh; centre, Lafraniere; wings, Christenson and McBrien. Substitutes—Shane and Stafford.

Oshawa—Goal, Childs; defence, Jacobie and Kemp; centre, Bone; wings, Rowden and Jacque. Substitutes—Hamley and Blanchard.

Referee—Lawson Whitehead, Toronto.

KITCHENER TO STAY IN LEAGUE

PROGRESSIVE BUSINESS MEN BEHIND THE ONTARIO-MICHIGAN CLUB

Kitchener, Feb. 12.—Great satisfaction prevails in Kitchener baseball circles at the inclusion of this city in the Ontario-Michigan League.

AN AMERICAN ABROAD.

A Candid Confession of a Man in London.

According to an American writer, the American stops boasting when he arrives in London. He stops patting himself on the back and filling the air with ecstatic mispronunciations of Chateau Thierry. The streets are jammed with soldiers—Australians, Arabs, New Zealanders, Canadians, Tommies. They drift by the thousands through Piccadilly and the Strand. They are in all the restaurants and on all buses. Slowly it dawns on the American that "Tipperary" is an older song than "Over There."

This dawn is followed by the sudden realization that there are no black gowned wives and mothers mourning in the streets of London—that there is no daze over the heart of London. Cheerful, crowded, busy London swarms around the American as if there never had been any air raids, any Ypres, any Belgium or any Flanders.

There is only one outstanding oddity in London—woman. Something has happened to her. It is not so much that she wears boots and bloomers and washes restaurant windows, that she tends bar, runs buses, works behind most of the counters in the city, or that she smokes in the street. It is that in four years she has grown up into a man. A London woman dares look at the American as she sells him a package of cigarettes and her look is unfeminine. It is not hard. It is the look of one who says "I belong to the race of human beings and not to the weaker sex." Regarding the London woman the American feels less inclined to boast than ever. Under wooden crosses in France lies a generation of Englishmen. Their women have taken their places in England.

Because the American no longer boasts his way through London the Londoner no longer smiles tolerantly at him. And pocketing his change at the tobacconist the American feels a fellowship that his history and the story of Bunker Hill have never taught him.

Australia's Sweet Tooth.

When the war broke out in 1914, and the world's sugar market became dislocated it affected Australia as well as other countries. The Commonwealth Government at once took a hand in the business and through the Queensland Government acquired the whole of the 1914-15 output for 3.90c. per pound, an advance of 1.00c on rates ruling during the former season. In the following year (1915) the crop was again purchased by the Commonwealth, the retail price to Australian consumers remaining at 7c a pound.

However, wages had meanwhile advanced to a point which made the prices allowed farmers insufficient to pay even the cost of harvesting the 1916 crop.

Consequently much cane intended for that harvest was carried over to the next and the Commonwealth imported 70,000 tons of sugar.

Those who did harvest their crops at a loss were later reimbursed by the Government, which had made about $2,400,000 out of its handling of sugar.

The whole position was then reexamined and for the third season's crop (1917) the Government guaranteed the growers 4.56c per pound and further offered to pool all profits accruing.

Most of the Australian crop is produced in the state of Queensland.

Popular belief that the United States consumes more sugar per capita than any other country in the world is incorrect, as Australia has been surpassing the United States by at least 25 per cent. for many years.

An Allenby Story.

Gen. Allenby, the hero of the victorious British campaign in Palestine, is fond of telling a story concerning the guilelessness of a certain Indian soldier of his army.

There is, it appears, a good deal of counterfeit coin in circulation out there, and one day the soldier in question tendered at his canteen a ten-piastre piece which on examination was found to be bad.

The canteen steward called his attention to the fact, and at his request handed the coin back to him in order that he might examine it.

He turned it over and over, scanning it closely. Then he said, quite innocently:

"You may this coin is counterfeit, sahib. I think you must be mistaken, for the date upon it, you will observe, is 1900. If it were false, surely it would have been found out before this."

Systematic Effort Wins.

If we take our days and reduce them to the essentials we shall find that there are many real things to do, needful things to do, and we shall go about these tasks quietly and earnestly, not expressing our energies through a hundred trifles, but through true effort, properly directed, doing whatever our hands and hearts and minds find to do, godly and well.

Compliment for Kathleen.

Kathleen told some stories to a little niece and nephew. At a family dinner party grandpa referred to these same nursery tales, but not following the exact lines, when Margaret piped up: "No, no, grandpa, that is not the way Kathleen tells the stories and Kathleen is a good knower."

The men who are behind the enterprise in this city are young and progressive business men who are confident that with a good team of ball players Kitchener will be one of the best cities in the circuit, the claims of Guelph notwithstanding.

It is not known as yet who will manage the Kitchener team, but lines are out for a manager who knows ball players and with executive ability. Arrangements will be made to provide new grand stand and bleacher accommodation at the Victoria Athletic Grounds.

British Leader of Labor

Began His Life as Pit-boy, Now Leads the Opposition

WILLIAM ADAMSON, who as chairman of the British Labor Parliamentary party becomes virtual leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, is a miner, having started work in the pit when eleven years of age, and continued work in the mines for twenty-seven years. Fifty-seven years of age he is, with his deep-set eyes, close chestnut hair and toothbrush moustache, a typical Scotchman. His early education was obtained at a village [illegible] school.

Mr. Adamson has represented West Fife since 1910. He was assistant secretary of the Fife Miners' Association for six years, and in 1908 was appointed general secretary. In December, 1917, he was selected chairman of the British Labor party, his election being somewhat of a surprise.

One of the shrewdest and most level-headed men in the Labor movement, the new leader is cautious to a degree, and never opens his mouth unless he is sure of his facts. He has a habit of thinking silently before he speaks, and will never let his party down by talking too much.

Mr. Peter Wright, the chairman of the British Seamen's Union, who visited Canada recently, evinced great satisfaction at his appointment.

"I am pleased to hear that Billy has been elected to such an important position," said Mr. Wright. "It means sanity, common sense and progress in this critical and transitory period.

"It will be interesting for the Canadian people to know that he is a worker who started his toiling profession at eleven years of age, and is now a Privy Councillor like our great Jimmy Thomas, the leader of the railway workers and M. P. for Derby. Billy Adamson has the reputation of a clear-headed capable leader, in whom the Trades Unionists of Great Britain place their entire confidence. He is a born fighter who is admired by his greatest opponents for his integrity, honor and sterling character.

"Politically he believes that the workers can work out their own salvation through the House of Commons. He believes that the spirit and tactics of the growing philosophy of Bolshevism must be crushed by the workers themselves. He believes that the attitude of capital and labor towards each other is too largely one of mistrust born of fear. At the Trades Congress at Derby last year he stated that if industry is to serve humanity this attitude of distrust must be changed to one of trust inspired by faith. The changes will involve patience, but nothing short of it will solve the problems which must be faced, and I am assured with "Billy" in the House of Commons at the head of our Labor party great success will be obtained in leading his followers to a constructive policy and bring into being a happy and brighter future for the workers of Great Britain. He is a fighter of the first order, and a sound diplomat, in whom the workers have entire confidence and place fullest trust."

Safety-first Colors.

Has the war beautified or disfigured the merchant ships of the nations?

Ships of the Allies are either camouflaged or painted grey, and are armed—no beauty about this. It is when we see neutral steamers that we get something of the colors of war. With great dignity these vessels flaunt their national colors on bull and stern.

The iron-ore ship from Bilbao has red and gold bars painted on her side, while the timber craft from Brammen or other Norwegian ports bears a large red patch down her hull, on which there stands a deep blue cross.

Greece has her blue and white stripes, and Denmark her red with white cross. Sweden boasts a golden cross on a marine-blue background, and Holland bars of red, white and blue respectively.

It does not seem so long ago that he trim American merchantman clamored her identity to the seven seas by means of a mighty "star-spangled banner" on her hull.—Tit-Bits.

GOWNS AND HATS OF WHITE

These Promise to Be Prime Favorites This Winter, Velvet to Figure Prominently.

White is to have a vogue this winter. Long white coats are very smart indeed. So much is white to be in evidence this season that smart milliners are bringing out many hats of white velvet, or at least showing some trimming of this sort introduced here and there. After one has left youth far behind white needs most skillful treatment to be worn becomingly. It is always best to subdue it wherever possible with some beading or overdraping of latticed effect.

Nothing could be prettier than the new dinner gowns of white velvet. They are unrelieved by any sort of ornament. Now that well-dressed women do not wear jewelry of any sort, there is not even a gleaming diamond permitted to be worn with these dead white frocks. No sleeves, no corsage decorations and no sashes appear. One can readily see that only the freshness of youth and the most pronounced beauty can successfully carry off a white velvet frock. They may be summed up in the brief verdict: Beautiful—at least to behold.

Along with the vogue of white is that for a combination of black and white, always much favored, but again a fashion demanding skillful treatment to be successful.

BEADED NOVELTIES ARE HERE

Wrist Chains for Neck Wear Among the Attractive Trinkets Which Have Been Imported.

Among the trinkets which have been imported to this country and are selling in various places are chains to be worn around the neck. To say that they are woven does not in the least degree describe the intricacy of the patterns and designs.

One, for instance, of electric blue and silver beads, is woven in patches about an inch and a half long by a half inch wide, strung together by a dozen or more strands of the beads, on straight strings, these strands being, again, about two inches in length. At the end, for a pendant, there is a square, dangling midway between the [illegible] and [illegible], [illegible] in the largement of the pattern displayed in the other bits of weaving. The pattern is not distinct. It has an elusive way with it, being a design in the silver with a background of the shimmering blue beads.

This chain, or whatever you wish to call it, was worn with a street gown of black satin. The gown itself was entirely without trimming and it had one of those very popular and beautiful neck lines reaching in a straight line from shoulder to shoulder. This enabled the chain to show against the whiteness of skin for a space, and then to appear shining against the shiny blackness of the satin. The effect was decidedly interesting, and the beads held one's attention as a beautiful jewel might have done.

Lesson for Pig Raisers.

Efficiency in pig raising was shown in Louisiana, where two men selected litter mates eight weeks old. At the end of the fattening season one pig weighed 520 pounds, the other only 61. The expenses were respectively, $15.54 and $5; and the one sold for $58, the other for $8. This means weight in the proportion of 1 to 8; expenses, 3.11 to 1; selling price, 7.25 to 1. Thus, scientific raising can eliminate the notorious "razorback" hog.

A Puzzler.

A Frenchman, boasting in company that he had thoroughly mastered the English language, was asked to write the following from dictation: "As Hugh Hughes was hewing a yuleog from a yew-tree, a man dressed in clothes of a dark hue came up to Hugh and said, 'Have you seen my ewes? If you will wait until I hew this yew, I will go with you anywhere in Europe to look for your ewes,' said Hugh."—Tit-Bits.

Ability of the Aged.

It has often been said that a man cannot learn a new trade after he is forty, but this statement has frequently been disproved. Peter S. Du Ponceau was eighty when he wrote his valuable treatise on the Cochin Chinese language, and had only then recently taken up the study; and the late John Bigelow was still an author turning out a book when he passed his ninety-fifth birthday. — Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Effigies Thought to Bring Luck.

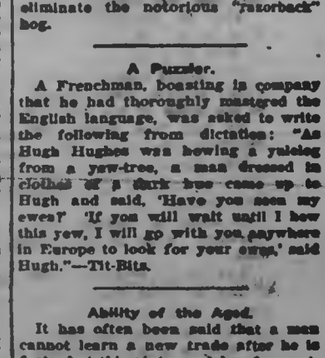
The scarab of the land of the Pyramids is the expression of the hope of resurrection and the desire to live long. As the beetle was supposed to be always born anew, so the carrying of the beetle or its image came into the customs of the ancients. The warriors of an older day hung the images of gods about their necks, and many of the brooches and pins of the old fighters were the effigies of luck-bringing divinities.

Some Fish Not Eatable.

While there are many varieties and great quantities of curious fish in the abysmal depths of the ocean (some have been trawled up from depths of three miles or more), none of these are eatable. The limit to which fish fit for food is found is 1,600 feet.

A Paradox.

"Strange as it may seem," launched out the man of observations, "when the young lady of the house declares that a certain young man is after her own heart, and father says he is after his, too, there is no chance whatever for an argument."



LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Casings, Sash and all kinds of Frames, Doors and Box Shooks, Glass and Lath Yarn.
Alf. McDonald Estate

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

GEE! ME WIFE THINKS I'M AT THE OPERA-AN' I HAVE TO TELL HER WHAT I SAW WHEN I GIT HOME-
THE SHOW IS JUST ABOUT LETTIN OUT- WHY DON'T YOU GRAB SOME GINK COMIN' OUT AN' HAVE HIM TELL YOU 'BOUT THE SHOW-
I HOPE I GIT TO THE THEATRE BEFORE EVERY ONE IS GONE
STAGE DOOR
DON'T ASK ANY QUESTIONS- COME WITH ME-
NOW THAT MONEY IS FOR YOU- I WANT YOU TO EXPLAIN THE OPERA YOU SAW TONIGHT TO ME-
NO SPEAKA EENGLISH!!
OH! I'M BACK!!

AMERICAN RING TITLES NOW SEEM TO BE IN GREAT DANGER

Enlisted Men Returning to Civil Life May Have Something to Say in Connection With Fistic Championship—Pugilistic Critics See Jack Dempsey's Weakness.

When World's Champion Benny Leonard and his manager, Billy Gibson, returned recently from the Pacific coast, where they had made a round of the training camps in aid of war charities, they made a most remarkable statement. "Six months after the war is over there will not be a ring champion of any class who will be game of his title," was their surprising statement. "You can make it as strong as you please," added Gibson. "We know." Their idea was born of a trying experience. Leonard, to boost war charities, had gone into the camps and boxed any enlisted man whom his officers would nominate. There was no argument over weights. Frequently Benny would give away ten or fifteen pounds; Again some of the huge ambitions would scale less than the champion.

One little red-headed fellow sailed into Leonard as though the latter was a mere preliminary fighter. He nearly toppled the champion in the first two rounds. In the next two experience began to count and play its part.

Leonard won out, but he will never forget what a close call he had. It was that bout that led Billy Gibson and the champion to make the assertion. Had the youngster known half as much about the scientific side of boxing as does Leonard, there might have been a different story to tell.

When the two million men return to civil life after the rigors of war training there are going to be thousands who will continue their boxing. It will be these men who will likely have something to say about ring titles. The writer last week stated that it was a far cry to the heavyweight throne for Jack Dempsey, and the statement is being accentuated as each day passes. Young heavyweights have been developed at the army and navy camps by the score. They have been kept under cover. When they are unleashed Dempsey, Miske, Meehan and every other heavyweight aspirant, and even Champion Willard will have to be in his best trim to maintain his ring standing.

There is no more sincere student of boxing than Jack Skelly, who in the early nineties was the peer of all amateur featherweights. In regard to Dempsey he writes as follows: Jack has not been handled wisely. Imagine a rolypoly fellow like Billy Meehan holding three decisions over him, and his manager making no effort to secure a return match with "Beefy Bill" in order to wipe out this blemish on Dempsey's record. Surely, the latter does not fear the fat boy of San Francisco, but why don't he go after him and wipe out those black marks?

Then there's two unsatisfactory fights with Billy Miske. Dempsey should demand a twenty-round contest with Miske in order to prove his superiority over such a formidable opponent. It's quite evident that Jack cannot beat Billy decisively in six or ten rounds, so it behooves Dempsey to take Miske on for twenty sessions—nothing less will do, boy.

Probably the greatest handicap Dempsey is under is his lack of scientific boxing. He's a great hitter, very speedy, game, has fine endurance and great stamina, but he's not an accurate puncher and does not time his leads well. He misses too often, and before a real skillful opponent Jack is very apt to whip himself by his great exertions and useless blows in the air.

If his manager is wise, he will secure the services of some of the old ring artists to teach him the many fine points of the game. No man was ever a Queensbury champion who was not more or less clever in ringcraft. Even old John L. Sullivan, who was frequently called a mere slugger, had a certain amount of skill and wise fistic tactics which made him a great world beater. They can say what they like about the old gladiator, but he was a man of more than ordinary intelligence and used his brain as well as his immense physical power to win many a close battle. That he was a scientific boxer and studied defence was borne out by the fact that when he was carried to his grave his face had no marks of his many ring battles.

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Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Barries Win Two Of Three Games

In a league game at the George street alleys Barries took two out of three games from Matthews-Blackwell. Don Sharpe was high man for Barries with a score of 432, while W. Downer was high for Matthews-Blackwell with a score of 504. The scores follow:

Matthews-Blackwell				
W. Downer	166	183	155	504
A. Birdgenau	116	203	105	424
J. Downer	98	110	131	339
C. Rishea	158	138	154	450
Barries				
D. Sharpe	135	120	177	432
G. Kelly	122	148	141	422
O. Nichols	137	149	114	420
B. Lowes	116	100	108	324

Electrics Win 3 From the De Laval

Last night at the Water Street Alleys in the Business Men's Ten Pin League the C. G. E. made a clean up of the De Laval. Fielder rolled the high single of 245 and high three games, rolling over the 600 mark. Jackson passed the 600 mark for the De Laval, Byers passed the 500 mark.

The scores:

C. G. E.				
Fielder	201	245	167	613
Jackson	228	178	200	606
Cranfield	187	137	172	496
Villeneive	159	140	137	436
Fair	121	168	165	454
	876	868	841	2605
De Laval				
W. Fitzgerald	155	137	182	474
Byers	146	201	160	507
A. Fitzgerald	167	129	172	468
Barrett	160	155	159	474
Carter	160	149	163	472
	788	771	836	2395

The S. J. Lyons farm, near Norval, was sold by auction for $18,300. It comprises 200 acres.

WADELL CUP IS CAPTURED BY PETERBORO CURLERS

Outside Rinks Unable to Keep Pace With the Locals—Other Contests of Bonspiel Now in Progress.

Peterborough curlers retain the Waddell trophy by a lead of 21 shots, the last game in this series was concluded at 1 o'clock this afternoon and brought the standing out as recorded above.

This contest is between twelve rinks from the local club and twelve from outside places. A committee of three men from other points are chosen to decide upon the rinks to play against the local players and the aggregate score decides the issue.

The standing was as follows:

Peterborough		Campbellford	
Best	8	Smith	11
Peterborough		Cobourg	
Morrow	16	DeLaney	5
Peterborough		Oshawa	
Davidson	12	Clifford	7
Peterborough		Orillia	
Giroux	10	Harvey	9
Peterborough		Port Hope	
McDermid	12	McCullough	16
Peterborough		Keene	
Brightman	12	J. J. Moore	4
Peterborough		Lindsay	
P. Fitzgerald	8	Flavelle	7
Peterboro		Fenelon Falls	
J. Fitzgerald	8	McCallum	15
Peterborough		Bobcaygeon	
Lang	19	Bolton	8
Peterborough		Stovall	
Oke	8	Sanders	10
Peterborough		Lindsay	
Hicks	10	O'Connor	12
Peterborough		Lakefield	
Taylor	7	Redpath	14

Morrow Competition

The play in the Morrow competition is progressing favorably and the games in the second round began at 2.30 this afternoon. The results of the first round follow:

First Round

Benor	15
Bell	2
L. A. O'Connor	17
Nicholls	4
Delaney	14
Houston	7
Staller	11
Stevenson	12
DeLaney	18
Lang	3
Harvey	17
Fitzgerald	13
Armstrong	7
McDiarmid	16
N. Moore	9
Wray	18
Morrow	16
Strickland	8
McCallum	4
Best	9
Flavelle	18
Dr. Wightman	4
W. H. Taylor	14
T. J. Smith	13
J. H. Stanton	7
T. E. N. Reesor	6
T. E. Finley	10
D. Davidson	13
A. E. Bottom	13
J. E. A. Fitzgerald	14
F. D. McCullough	16
T. Brightman	9

List of successful skips in the first round. There are five from this city who have emerged with colors flying:

Benor—Peterboro.
O'Connor—Lindsay.
Dobney—Oshawa.
Stevenson—Peterboro.
DeLaney—Cobourg.
Harvey, Orillia.
Wray Belleville.
Taylor—Peterboro
Stanton—Stovall.
Davidson—Peterboro.
Fitzgerald—Peterboro.
McCullough—Port Hope.

MATTHEWS-BLACKWELL GAMES

This afternoon at 2 o'clock the games of the first round in the Matthews-Blackwell competition ended, the standing being as follows:

Fitzgerald	9
Smith	8
Reesor	12
Taylor	13
Davidson	7
Butler	10
Steele	11
Giroux	10
Redpath	5
Harvey	11
Lang	11
Carnahan	9
Edwards	13
Wray	8
Armstrong	11
H. W. Saunders	15
W. J. Oke	20
Strickland	9
Coad	10
McRae	13
O'Connor	
Best	Winner
W. DeLaney	15
R. Hicks	12
J. J. Moore	5
L. O. Clifford	16
Pennefather	9
Dr. Wightman	10
R. Nichols	13
C. P. Fisher	12
A. J. Staller	Winner
George Bell	

As will be seen from the following list of winners in the first round of the Matthews-Blackwell contest, there are five successful Peterboro skips. This is the same number as were successful in the Morrow games.

Fitzgerald, Peterborough.
Taylor, Peterborough.
Steele, Millbrook.
Harvey, Orillia.
Lang, Peterborough.
Edwards, Millbrook.
Saunders, Stovall.
Oke, Peterborough.
McRae, Gravenhurst.
Best, Peterborough.
DeLaney, Cobourg.
Clifford, Oshawa.
Wightman, Peterborough.
Nichols, Hastings.
Staller, Oshawa.

PETERBORO TEAM LOSE PROTEST

OLIVER WAS ELIGIBLE TO PLAY HOCKEY WITH THE LINDSAYS.

Peterborough's protest against the result of the round with Lindsay on the grounds that Lindsay's goal tender, Claude Oliver, was not eligible to play under the residence rule was dismissed and the local team officials notified to this effect last night.

The communication from the O. H. A. executive stated that the status of Oliver had been enquired into and that it had been found that he was eligible to play in as much as he was attending the Technical School in Lindsay where he was taking a course in telegraphy. It cost Peterborough $25 to have the claim investigated. The local officials claimed that Oliver was employed at Severn Bridge and that he was playing for Lindsay contrary to O. H. A. regulations.

Mrs. Kitchen of St. Joseph's Island poisoned her three children, and after two frustrated attempts to drown herself ended her life by poison also.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

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Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

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High Rollers Win From the Groeers

Last night in the five pin league at the Water street alleys the High Rollers took three straight from the Grocers and tied up with the Maple Leafs for second place which will be rolled off next Wednesday evening. For the High Rollers Thomas passed the 600 mark, while all the rest of his team topped the 500 mark. For the Grocers Weber was high with 510. The scores:

High Rollers				
Gettes	199	195	171	565
Scheffel	187	163	160	510
Thomas	196	237	184	619
Thompson	198	140	201	539
Heaslip	112	163	245	520
	894	898	961	2753
Grocers				
Ross	211	131	128	470
Gillespie	156	149	149	454
Routley	122	170	187	479
Dawson	144	157	155	456
Weber	160	213	137	510
	793	820	756	2369

Tonight the blind score contest will be rolled off.

A Social Service Council has been organized in Guelph.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property torent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

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ROBT. FAIR & Co., Ltd.

INTERESTING NEWS

We were fortunate in making arrangements with Our Tailoring Firm to extend the time of

MAKING UP SKIRTS

from our own material for

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UNTIL SATURDAY FEB. 22nd, INST.

Take fullest advantage of this Special Offer, as we have received large shipments of our

New Spring Cloths and Silks

MacCall's Patterns and Magazine for March, Now Ready

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

BASKET SOCIAL AND CONCERT

Free drive to Nassau, Wednesday, February 12th. Basket social and concert. Prize given. Buses leave Post Office at 7.30 p.m.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

PETERBORO POULTRY ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting will be held in the Trades and Labor Hall, George street, Wednesday evening, Feb. 12th, 1919, at 8 p.m. The directors would be pleased to see all membership ticket holders and others who are interested in poultry present at this meeting and help boost Peterboro and the Association.

VALENTINE MASQUERADE BALL

Valentine Masquerade Ball, under auspices of L. O. B. A., No. 244, in Victoria Hall, Friday, February 14th, 1919. Good orchestra. Admission 50c.

DANCING

Classes in dancing are being formed for those who know how to dance, but wish to improve, or take a few lessons on the latest "Society Dances" in the Conservatory Hall.

For information telephone 355.

LOU J. BEAUCHAMP

"The thinker who makes you laugh. The humorist who makes you think." In his famous lecture, "Take the Sunny Side," third of the Redpath Lyceum Series, Conservatory Hall, Thursday, Feb. 13th. General admission 75c.

"HERE AND THERE IN OLD LONDON"

What are the ladies of Trinity Church doing now?

Why they are giving another Cafe-teria Tea.

When? Feb. 14th, commencing 5 p.m.

Where? Trinity Church basement, south entrance.

Programme, best yet!

Illustrated travel talk on "Old London," Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

PERSONAL.

Miss Lora Logan, violin teacher on the Conservatory staff, has gone to New York and will not resume her teaching until Monday, February 24.

DANCE AT THE EMPRESS

The lady patronesses for the dance at the Empress Hotel on February 21st, under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the G.W.V.A. are as follows:

Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Mills, Mrs. Devey, Mrs. Fessenden, Mrs. Massey Cooke, Mrs. Staunton, Mrs. Hughes.

Stewards—Lieut.-Col. Mills, Dr. Wood, Mr. S. Whatley, Mr. H. J. Staunton, Mr. A. Sharp and Mr. W. Dalliday.

THIRD REDPATH LYCEUM LOU BEAUCHAMP

As a Chautauqua Lecturer, Mr. Beauchamp stands at the top and has never been able to answer all the calls made by Chautauqua managers. Thursday, February 13, he will lecture in the Conservatory Hall. Admission, 75c.

OBITUARY

DR. W. E. DEMPSTER

Dr. W. E. Dempster died at Timmins, Ont., on Saturday after a short illness from Spanish influenza. Dr. Dempster is survived by his widow and infant son, his widow being, before her marriage, Miss Electa Strong, of Toronto, who has many friends in this city. On Friday Mrs. Dempster received news at her home in Toronto of a critical turn in her husband's illness, but was unable to reach Timmins to be with him before his death.

FAVOR EARLY CLOSING

Ottawa Retail Dealers Believe in Short Hours

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—At the annual meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association of Ottawa, officers were elected, endorsation was given the boot and shoe dealers, who have decided to take a half holiday on Saturday, and a decision reached to memorialize the Ontario Government to amend the early closing bylaw to compel all places of business to close at six every night in the week. Mr. E. R. Ficher was chosen as president of the Association.

U. S. MAY BOUNCE ALIENS.

Senator King Has His Eye on the Anarchists.

Washington, Feb. 12. — Senator Jones of Washington in the Senate urged legislation to authorize deportation of undesirable aliens, many of whom, he said, belonged to the I. W. W.

"I want to get this class of people out of the country. I don't care where they go," said Senator Jones.

Senator King of Utah, a member of the Propaganda Committee, told the Senate he had conferred with Department of Labor officials and had been advised that as soon as tonnage was available the Department planned to deport "many of these alien anarchists and bolsheviki."

SOCIAL WELFARE CONFERENCE FAVORED MOTHERS' PENSIONS

Mrs. Gibbs Submits Report of Toronto Gathering at Meeting of the Children's Aid Society.

Mrs. W. H. Gibbs, who as delegate for the Children's Aid Society attended the recent Social Welfare Conference in Toronto, read the following interesting account of the conference at the meeting held yesterday afternoon:

The Social Welfare Congress opened with hundreds of representatives from all parts of Canada. It was held in the Guild Room, Toronto, on January 14, 15, 16, 1919.

The part I was most interested in was child welfare, in which I give a short report on the different papers.

On Tuesday at 2.30 the meeting opened with Mr. Harkness of Winnipeg in the chair. In his address he said: We are not at the begining of this agitation. Such a bureau has been advocated for years, especially by women's organizations, but Canada as a whole is now taking a deeper interest and beginning to place the emphasis on preventive rather than remedial measures. As to the illegitimate child he hoped to see the day when the phrase would be banned from the language.

Allowance for Dependent Mothers

Mr. Falk claimed there were four classes to whom he would not have the allowance apply. First, the deserted woman, because she not infrequently contributed to her husband's delinquency. The woman whose husband is in jail, where he should be made to work to support her and his family, and for the case of the unmarried mother. The father should be brought to book. In Manitoba he certainly is. Why not here? We have a case now. It is hard to force the relatives of the woman or girl to recognize their responsibility.

Then there was the organization which looks after the inspection of children's foster homes. Mr. Bryce suggested that some means be taken to indicate to the public the real function of the juvenile courts, stating that there were only six juvenile courts in Ontario. He also urged that public opinion be sought in favor of increasing the funds of the C.A.S. and thus increasing the efficiency of that organization.

The Feeble Minded

Dr. Hincks, who spoke on "Feeble Minded," in giving evidence of his observation in Public Schools, said he had examined 10,000 children. Approximately 2 per cent were not fitted for ordinary Public School classes, owing to the fact that feeble-minded children could not pass into higher grades in a period of 4 to 5 years; were 761 feeble-minded children convicted of thefts, 234 unmarried mothers who were mentally deficient, 231 guilty of immorality, 86 of whom were under 15 years of age. The influence of inter marriage upon mentality was a serious thing, as he had examined a family, man and wife and six children all feebleminded, ages from 2 to 12 years. Surely this is a case where the government is to blame. They are not fit for Children's Shelter or Detention Homes. What is needed is a home for feebleminded. Dr. Hincks was a committee to wait upon the government to lay the blame. We will give it our serious consideration.

Child Labor

Miss Whitton gave a splendid paper on Child Labor. Statistics being unavailable in Canada, those from the United States were used and a comparison made. In Canada there has been shown a heavy tendency on the part of parents, children and employers to apply for permits to work in factories for women and children, with a persistent tendency to ask for permits for children under 14 years of age. The census for 1911 showed males of 10 to 14 years of age to be 74 per cent, of the total, and females 212 per cent, 3 times as many little girls as boys.

Child Welfare Work

Mr. Stapleton gave valuable suggestions as to organization of child welfare work. The object of these demonstrations is to transfer to the many the knowledge possessed by the few. Child welfare is not merely a matter of health, but also of recreation, education and moral training. He also suggested co-operation with all agencies in the community, churches, Sunday Schools, Women's Organizations and the like.

There were many more good papers for child welfare which I may take up again and not infringe too much and take up too much time.

"A LITTLE MOTHER" A PLAY WITH HIGH MORAL LESSON

Without Condeming the Sin the Friends of the Erring One Give Their Sympathy to the Sinner.

Lem B. Parker, author of the play, "A Little Mother," which was presented at the Grand Opera House last night, knows human nature, especially that phase of it that is portrayed by the people of New England and which has changed little since the days when the scantimonious Judean mob gathered up stones to cast at the woman who sinned. Mr. Parker takes as the basis of his drama an incident that is all too common in the records of the past four years and has made a story, the recital of which cannot but force the audience to the conclusion that after all there is more good than evil among the people of the earth, more real tenderness than censure for the erring.

There is a local interest in this play as Oscar O'Shea, a former Peterborough boy, takes the leading male role, that of a delightful old small town resident as shrewd in his business dealings as he is strong in his affection for his family and for the erring grand-daughter especially. His own daughter, a typical spinster of the down-east school, has a bitter tongue, but in the end, she reveals a heart of gold. There is humor and pathos in the play from start to the final drop of the curtain and a touch of realism is given the performance by the introduction of a live baby upon the stage. As a contrast to the charitable forgiveness of the all but heart-broken old grandfather when he learns of his grand-daughter's sin there is made to stand out in bold relief the censure of the church elders who would banish her from the town, deprive her of the care of her own child and visit her offence upon every member of her family.

Good as was the work of every member of the cast it must be said that Oscar O'Shea carried off all the honors of the evening and Peterborough has reason to be proud of its native son. Denham Thompson in his best day, never appeared to better effect in "The Old Homestead" than does Mr. O'Shea as Milo Stevens, a true gentleman of the old school in "A Little Mother."

Miss Cecelia Jacques, who had the role of the "little mother" had a difficult part but handled it admiredly. Her best work was done in the last act when she gave an excellent rendition of the sacrifice a mother is at all times willing to make for her child.

Miss Esther Evans, as Martha portrayed the spinster, whose natural warm-heartedness causes her to forgive at the right time and was equal to the demands upon her, while Miss Constance Neilson as Cherry Bash, "a breeze from Wyoming" invested her part with the hoydenish abandon it called for and gave an altogether delightful performance.

Charles Greiner, as Johnny Stevens was furnished comedy. Charles Ohimeyer, as George Wood, was sufficiently spineless to meet the requirements of his part, while Earl Jamieson, in the leading juvenile role, looked as well as he acted. It was not hard to imagine his success when he left the peaceful country village for the European battlefield.

The play will be repeated tonight.

PARENTS' CIRCLE.

The Parents' Circle of Queen Mary School will hold their regular monthly meeting on Friday afternoon, 14th February, at 4 o'clock, at the school.

It sometimes happens that a domestic explosion is the result of a lot of theories getting into a man's mind.

TRINITY CHURCH TAKES ACTION

SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT APPEALS TO LEGISLATURE AND PARLIAMENT.

The Social Service Department of Trinity Church have sent the following memorial to Premier Hearst, at Toronto and Acting Premier Sir Thomas White at Ottawa:

The Official Board of Trinity Methodist Church, Peterboro, unanimously request the Premier and Government of Ontario to enact such further legislation that will remove entirely the bane of patronage from the field of party manipulation.

The time is most opportune, with a strong Government of good record, public opinion strongly endorsing such action and the Federal Government co-operating the day of this hindrance and reproach to good government should cease.

Respectfully submitted.

A. B. CUNNINGHAM
Chairman Social Service Dept

To Sir Thomas White

The Official Board of Trinity Methodist Church, Peterboro unanimously recommend:

That the Prime Minister and Government of Canada be requested to take the steps necessary to continue in force the provisions of the order in council of March 11, 1918, relating to the prohibition of the liquor traffic, by having the same embodied in legislation to be enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

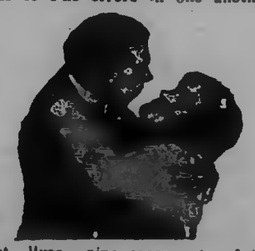
That the legislation so enacted be continued in effect until such time as the vote of the electors of the Dominion of Canada shall have been taken on the question of continuance or discontinuance.

That the vote on this question be taken on a date fixed by the Government at least six months prior to the day of voting and with due regard to the restoration to civil life in Canada of the Canadian soldiers now overseas.

To make effective the overthrow of the traffic in our own Dominion, and in view of prohibition coming in force in the United States, it is imperative that we protect our country from an incursion of the lower elements of the traffic, who deprived of action in the United States would seek to make our country a place of rendevous and source of illicit operation.

MARRIAGE

"Marriage" is one thing we all try to enter, avoid and escape. It is a luxury for the rich, a necessity for the poor and nuisance for the majority. "Jerome," the noted New York attorney in the Thaw case said: "If husbands and wives were not so anxious to fine errors in one anothers



past lives, nine cases out of ten would be eliminated." "The Other Man's Wife," which ran for six solid months at the Republic Theatre in New York, tells a beautiful story of the "two paths" when it is unfolded at the Grand next Saturday afternoon and evening.

THURSDAY'S BILL AT THE GRAND

BIG SHOW OF MOVING PICTURE THRILLERS AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE.

One of the best moving picture shows of the season will be given Thursday and Friday night at the Grand Opera House with the usual matinee each day. There will be eleven films and the high-class vaudeville which has become one of the features of these popular entertainments. Birch and Birch will be the performers in this department of the program. The other features are Grace Cunard, in "After the War," Alice Howell in a two-reel comedy, "The Cabbage Queen," and an O. Henry Story, The British Gazette. Admission to matinees 10 cents and 15 cents at night, the best and biggest show on the road for the money.

The next good attraction at the Grand will be "The Other Man's Wife," Saturday afternoon and evening.

BORN

ACKERMAN—In Ottawa, on Sunday, February 9, 1919, to Major and Mrs. C. H. Ackerman, a son (Arthur Hepburn).

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT —— 8:15 —— TO-NIGHT

"A LITTLE MOTHER"

Specially Engaged for Canadian Tour

OSCAR O'SHEA (an old Peterborough boy) in the leading Male Role

Evening Prices, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c

THURSDAY — AND — FRIDAY

DAILY MATINEE—2.30 EVENING—7.30

HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE

GRACE CUNARD, in "After the War"

—5 REEL FEATURE PICTURE—

Alice Howell in "The Cabbage Queen," 2 Reel Comedy

O'HENRY STORY 11 Reels 11—BRITISH GAZETTE

—VAUDEVILLE—

BIRCH AND BIRCH

SINGING, TALKING AND MUSICAL NOVELTY

MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

Sat., Feb. 15th

MATINEE and NIGHT

Does Your Husband Forget His Wedding Anniversary?

...SEE...

THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE

Featuring DOROTHY LaVERN with all New York Company

Why is it that a man who will take NO chance with his BUSINESS will take every chance with his wife?

NOTE—A Special Ladies Matinee at 2:30 p. m.

Prices 25c and 50c. Evening—25c to $1.00

LECTURE ON KOREA.

Rev. D. A. Macdonald Speaks at St. Paul's Tonight.

An illustrated lecture on Korea will be given this evening in St. Paul's Church at 8 o'clock by Rev. D. A. Macdonald, who has just returned on his first furlough after spending seven years there as missionary. The public generally are invited to hear Mr. Macdonald. St. Andrew's and Knox Churches have withdrawn their prayer meetings to attend. An offering will be taken for some phase of his work.

NO PRAYER MEETING TONIGHT.

There will be no prayer meeting in St. Andrew's Church tonight, but the congregation is invited to attend the meeting to be addressed by Rev. D. A. McDonald of Korea in St. Paul's Church at 8 o'clock.

To check a cold at once, take

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WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong easterly winds, rain before night. Friday—Easterly gales with rain.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 37 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

UNION OF MINERS DECIDE TO TAKE A STRIKE VOTE FEB. 22

If Demands Is For Strike Men Will Be Called Out March 15th Unless Employers Grant Demands.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 13.—The miners federation of Great Britain in the conference at Southport today decided to take a strike vote returnable on February 22. The Federation yesterday voted to reject the proposals of the Government to meet the miners, demand for a six hour and a thirty per cent increase in wages. The statement on the strike vote declares that "should the ballot be for a strike notices will terminate on March 15." The executive committee of the miners' federation decided by unanimous vote that the government reply did not answer any of the miner's demands and in a statement strongly urged all miners to vote for the stoppage of work until the demands are conceded.

PEACE LEAGUE TO MAINTAIN ARMY

THIS IS FRANCE'S IDEA FOR MAKING WORLD PEACE PERPETUAL.

Paris, Feb. 13.—The French Government formally presented to the league of nations commission an article creating an international military force. The introduction of this article for inclusion in the league of nations plan closely follows the disclosure by Premier Clemenceau, in his recent interview with The Associated Press, of his conviction that the league of nations must be supported by the determination of each nation entering into the agreement to be willing to renounce its traditional aloofness from other peoples and willing to employ the national strength outside its own country in both time of peace as well as under the pressure of war.

M. Bourgeois, alluding to the apprehension existing in France, as regards Germany, insisted that there was grave danger confronting France if an international force was not constantly in being and organized for instant action. The French view, he indicated, was that a league of nations which did not include a permanent collective force might be a beautiful example perhaps, but an experiment too great for a nation to risk unless it had in addition defensive frontiers sufficient to meet a sudden shock.

It was easy for the British, and with an enormous navy, or for the Americans with the ocean as their defensive frontiers, he argued, to regard calmly the worving of a league which did not provide for an international force. France, however, being separated from Germany only by an international line, must receive the first shock if Germany should decide to pass beyond her frontiers.

The contention of those who do not believe in a permanent organized international army, these including the American delegates, is that to create such an army would require changes in the several countries which may become members if the difficulties in the way are not of a character to be solved quickly. They argue that the society could be maintained effectively by its members being absolutely bound the moment a hostile movement was made by any nation, to co-operate with their forces against the aggressor. The idea is advanced by some of the delegates of the society of nations that should Germany for example, send a single military unit across the French frontier, that act should automatically be a declaration of war against all the other members of the society who would thus be bound automatically to set in motion their collective military and naval forces.

Radek Arrested By Berlin Police

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Feb. 13.—Karl Radek, the Russian Bolshevik emissary, who has been accused by the German authorities of being the instigator of numerous radical outbreaks in German territory, has been discovered and arrested by the Berlin police, according to a Berlin despatch today. His whereabouts had been a mystery for some time.

JAMES COLLINS UNDER ARREST

YOUNG FARMER IS CHARGED WITH BEING A MILITARY DEFAULTER

Thomas James Collins, a young farmer of Emily Township, was arrested yesterday afternoon at a sale at Spence' farm, near Omemee, by Dominion police, charged with having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act. The information was laid by Inspector H. F. Ward, of the local detachment.

This morning Collins appeared before the police magistrate. He was accused of failure to report to the 1st depot battalion when ordered to do so on May 17th, 1918. The case was remanded until Feb. 20th and the young man allowed his temporary liberty upon $2000 bail; $1000 advanced by the accused himself, $500 by the father, Patrick Collins, and the remaining $500 by John Mulloy.

This is the second arrest made in this district by Dominion Police within the past two weeks.

BREAD IS SCARCE WITH BOLSHEVIK

TWENTY - THREE THOUSAND TROOPS OPPOSE THE ALLIES IN SIBERIA.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 13.—The Bolshevik force fighting the Allies in Northern Russia comprises 23,000 men, with 151 machine guns, 66 field guns and nine six-inch guns, according to a statement from authoritative quarters here. An attempt is being made to standardize the organization and equipment of the Soviet armies and schools for officers and aviators have been opened. General Vetrikis, Lett, has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the Soviet armies. The bread ration of the Soviet troops has been reduced from two pounds to one pound daily, the information shows, and there are other indications that the Bolshevik are suffering from a food shortage.

MUST BE BROUGHT BEFORE HOUSE

QUESTION OF FARES OF DEPENDENTS WHO RETURNED BEFORE ARMISTICE

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—Although the Government is receiving many letters from soldiers' wives and dependents who returned to Canada before November 11th, paying their own way, no change has been made yet in the decision to pay only the fares of those who came to Canada after the armistice was signed. The tenor of the letters received is to the effect that those who came to Canada last spring and later, did so in response to the invitation of the authorities in order to lessen the British Isle, and that in braving the submarine dangers of that period they took a risk which entitles them to great consideration rather than less. For a week the matter has been understood to be under consideration, but your correspondent is informed tonight that no change will be made in the present arrangements unless made as a result of Parliamentary debates on the subject.

PRESIDENT WILSON WILL ORDER AMERICAN TROOPS TO TAKE UP ARMS AGAIN

If Germans Fail to Observe Terms of the Armistice in Which Event Hostilities Must Be Renewed—Armistice is Extended For Short Time.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 13.—The commission on the Society of Nations resumed its sessions this morning with a full attendance of members. It was hoped to reach a final adjustment at today's sitting. It may be possible to submit the program to the plenary session of the peace conference on Friday.

The supreme war council has decided, says a Havras report, that the armistice with Germany will be renewed on February 17, for a very brief period, with the Allies reserving the right to suspend it at any time in the event of Germany's failure to carry out new clauses or those which have hitherto not been executed.

It is said the terms will provide that the Germans must cease hostilities against the Poles and maintain their forces within fixed limits. During the brief period of a renewed armistice which will last till the signing of the peace preliminaries. These terms, it is understood will be communicated to Germany so that the national assembly at Weimar will have time to deliberate upon them, until the provisional armistice expires.

President Wilson, according to the report, is understood to have declared in conversation that the resumption of hostilities was a grave eventuality to which he would agree only on the most absolutely essential considerations, and not for any secondary motive. The report states that, in Mr. Wilson's opinion, the non-execution of the terms of the armistice by Germany would be an incident of such a nature as to justify a resumption of the war and it is said that he would not hesitate in that case to order the American army to take up arms again.

"LONG LIVE THE REPUBLIC" SHOUTS ROUMANIAN MOB

Royal Party Assailed in Streets and Palace Attacked by Mob Who Wound King Ferdinand.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 13.—A general insurrection is in progress throughout Roumania, according to a special despatch from Vienna. Workmen blocked the roadway from the royal palace when the royal family attempted to flee to Jassy and King Ferdinand and his family were forced to return. The King was wounded when the workers fired upon the royal palace. Rioters in the streets of Bucharest are openly demanding the overthrow of the dynasty, crying, "Down with the Puppets, long live the republic."

The village of Budapest learns that the revolt is part of the Bolshevik propaganda. In a clash between the military and the demonstrators at Bakorst sixty persons were killed and 150 wounded. The discipline of Rumanian army, the newspaper adds, is collapsing. The food and economic situation is rapidly growing worse the Bratiano Cabinet is declared to and the country's finances are completly demoralized. The position of be untenable.

DANES HOLD ON TO GREENLAND

COUNTY OF LEE WILL NOT BE CEDED TO CANADA.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Formal denial was made yesterday by the Danish Legation of rumors that Denmark is ready to cede Greenland to Canada. The statement issued by the Legation says that the Danes, on the contrary, are extending their "dominion" in Greenland, and asserts that when the Danish West Indies, now the Virgin Islands, were ceded to the United States, Secretary Lansing went on record as not objecting to the extension of the political and economic interests of Denmark to the whole of Greenland.

The Legation's statement says:

"Rumors to the effect that the Danes are willing to cede Greenland to Canada have occasioned not a little surprise in Denmark. The Danish Legation in Washington states that no such transaction has been contemplated, and that Denmark would not think of parting with Greenland."

Bar Central Powers From the Red Cross

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Geneva, Feb. 13.—A movement to exclude the Central Powers from the International Red Cross because of their violations during the recent war has been commenced here,

Will Not Tolerate Strikes Not Ordered

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 13.—The Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress has issued a manifeste that unofficial strikes will not be tolerated.

Heavy Snowfall In Middle West

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, Feb. 13. —Heavy snow accompanied by extremely high winds today demoralized the telegraph and telephone communication from Chicago to the Pacific coast. Railway way tracks also suffered much delay from points west of Omaha and Kansas city.

Over Ten Million Aliens in U. S.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Approximately one-tenth of the population of the United States is composed of unnaturalized aliens, according to Raymond F. Crist, Deputy Commissioner of Naturalization, who declared that such a condition would not be permitted by any other country, and appealed to American citizens to help in making citizens of alien residents. He said there were 10,500,000 persons in this country who still retain their allegiance to the land of their birth.

TO DEMAND FULL COSTS FROM HUNS

BRITISH DELEGATES ARE INSTRUCTED TO INSIST UPON LAST FARTHING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 13. —British delegates at the Peace Conference have been definitely instructed to claim an indemnity which will include the cost of the war as well as damage actually caused, it was announced in the House of Commons today by Andrew Bonar Law, Government Leader. A commission is now considering the amount to be claimed, the method by which payment should be made and the means of enforcing payment, Bonar Law added.

RAILROAD FLYER LEFT THE RAILS

EARLY REPORTS RECEIVED OF SERIOUS ACCIDENT ON PENNSYLVANIA ROAD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Franklin, Pa., Feb. 13.—The Pittsburg and Buffalo express, northbound, on the Allegheny Valley division of the Pennsylvania railroad, was wrecked at noon at St. George, twenty miles south of here. Early reports said the entire train went over the embankment into the Allegheny River, but a statement issued by the company declared that only one car left the rails. A relief train carrying physicians has left Oil City.

OTTAWA TAKES STOCK IN RUMOR

INCLINDED TO BELIEVE PREMIER IS STATED FOR WASHINGTON POST.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—While there is no official confirmation of the report that Sir Robert Borden has been offered the position of British ambassador at Washington, there is strong inclination here to place credence in it. In the first place the report appeared in The London Daily Express, Lord Beaverbrook's paper, and in the second place, Sir Robert himself, given an opportunity to do so, has not denied the report. Lord Beaverbrook is known to be very close in the councils of the administration, and it is not believed that his paper would make the statement unless it was properly based. Sir Robert has a habit of giving frank denials to anything which is without foundation, in the present instance he evaded the question by stating that he "had no observation to make."

If the offer has actually been made its acceptance by Sir Robert as an honorable culmination to 22 years of public life, would not cause surprise here. Sir Robert entered politics in 1892 and was appointed leader of the Conservative opposition in 1900. The position of ambassador to Washington is a highly honorable one, and if it has been offered to Sir Robert, the offer is a high compliment to the Dominion.

Premier Borden is comfortably wealthy and with the exception of Lady Borden, has no domestic ties in Ottawa.

WHEN THE SPIRITS MET

St. Catharines, Feb. 13.—Seventy five dozen bottles of whiskey arrived at Homer in a motor truck yesterday. County Inspector King soon got wind of it and effected capture of the stuff.

ARBITRATOR IS APPOINTED

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Upon receipt of a telegram of acceptance the War Labor Board today announced the appointment of V. Everit Macy as Umpire of the New York harbor strike.

CANADIAN TROOPS ARE NOT SUFFERING COLD IN SIBERIA

Are Comfortably Housed in Barracks in Vladivostok and Weather is Milder Than in Eastern Canada.

(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent.)

Vladivostok, Feb. 13.—Reports published in America of alleged hardships endured by the Allied forces in Siberia this winter are absolutely untrue, according to thorough investigation conducted by the Canadian Press Limited. The Canadian troops held in Vladivostok pending the decision on the matter of the Allies' policy toward Russia are well housed in comfortable barracks, and the weather on the Siberian coast is milder than in Eastern Canada. The British units at Omsk suffered from severe cold, but the health of the Canadians is excellent. The chief complaint is of the infrequency of the mail service.

TWO CHAPLAINS KILLED AT FRONT

MANY MINISTERS IN THE SERVICE WERE DECORATED FOR VALOR

London, Feb. 13.—The total number of Canadian chaplains now serving in the overseas forces is 426. The number of honors gained include five C.M.G.'s, nine D.S.O.'s, thirty-three Military Crosses, thirty-five mentions in military despatches and thirteen brought to the notice of the Secretary of State for War.

Two chaplains were killed, one died of wounds, one was drowned on the Llandovery Castle, which was sank by a German submarine, two died of illness and 21 were wounded.

President Starts For Home Friday

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 13.—President Wilson is considering the advisability of leaving Paris for Brest en route to America on Friday night.

New Government Asks Recognition

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, Feb. 13.—Mathias Erzberger, a member of the German armistice commission, will demand that the Allies recognize the new German Government when he meets the Entente chiefs to negotiate a renewal of the armistice.

CANADIAN UNIT BUSY IN SIBERIA

ARTILLERY HELPS BRITISH AND RUSSIANS TO DRIVE BACK BOLSHEVIKI

(By Associated Press)

Archangel, Feb. 13. — American reinforcements, marching over thirty miles of forest trail, reached hard-pressed British and Russian forces in the region of Gredmakrenga yesterday. The result was that the Bolsheviki, who had been launching strong attacks in this region, retired to the southward, apparently abandoning their offensive move. The Bolsheviki evidently feared that they would be cut off in the rear. Conditions on other sections of the northern Russian front were unchanged today. There is a Canadian artillery detachment with these forces.

Surprise Awaited German Soldiers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Geneva, Feb. 13.—A trainload of German officers brought back from Palestine yesterday, were all ignorant of recent events in Germany and did not know of the revolution or of the former emperor's abdication.

REMAIN STRICTLY NEUTRAL

Rome, Feb. 13.—President Masaryk, interviewed regarding the attitude of the Czecho-Slovak republic in the territorial disputes between Italy and Jugo-Slavia, declared his country would remain strictly neutral..

HOSTS GATHER AT OTTAWA FOR MEETING OF HOUSE

Capital Will Soon be Filled to Overflowing With Members and Visitors.

Ottawa, Feb. 13. — Ottawa will soon have to hang out the sign "Standing room only." It is already a problem where the senators, members of Parliament and sessional employes, numbering all told one thousand people, are to eat and sleep. The city is crowded now to capacity and yet hundreds and hundreds of people will be here seeking accommodations next week.

Usually there is room at the top. In any city however crowded you can generally get a place to sleep and plenty to eat if you are willing to pay the price. But just now in Ottawa the most expensive hotels and apartments are densely crowded. The Capital city is swarming with high-salaried officials, who are willing and perhaps required to live at the top of the heap. "Boards" and "commissions" have multiplied beyond number and extravagant salaries as a rule are paid. Fifty dollars a week seems to be the minimum wage, and you meet men here from all over the country who are domiciled in Ottawa as officials or employes of this, that or the other board or commission at salaries from $350 a month up.

Everybody Spending.

"Spend and spare not" is the rule in Ottawa. Not long ago a well-known woman was appointed to one of these commissions, and on arriving at Ottawa was asked whether she preferred a salary or a living allowance. She replied that she preferred a salary. Possibly her answer was misunderstood, for she was told she would be paid $250 a month, but would have to live at a certain expensive hotel. She would have preferred a less expensive abode, but complied with the request of her superior officer. At the end of the month her government cheque and her hotel bill nearly balanced but not quite.

This particular case may be unique and may have been the result of some misunderstanding, but the gentleman officials on the various boards and commissions are living in princely style, and they are to be found in the clubs, the fine hotels and the most expensive apartments. How many they are and how much they get nobody is able to quite figure out, but they seem to the visitor to be in numbers as the sands of the sea and rival the lilies of the field in their apparel. They dispense with the purple, but they enjoy the fine linen, and, like the rich man in the Bible, they dine sumptuously every day.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1919.

"PIGS IS PIGS," BUT—

IT WILL BE with a feeling of relief that the majority of the citizens learn that the war-time permission for any resident who chooses to keep a pig in his back yard is to be rescinded and that no such enterprise will be permitted this year. The Board of Health has left the matter to the discretion of the Health Officer, and Dr. Moyn is a stickler for civic cleanliness as the basis of all physical well-being.

Of course, everyone knows that the price of pork is still high, but the human body is worth more than any single article of diet. Public health comes first and civic reputation next. There can be no assurance of safety for the first if the atmosphere of the city is polluted, and the latter cannot reach a very high standard if it becomes of common report that in Peterborough the fashion prevails of maintaining pig-styes within the city limits.

THE RELIGION OF SYMPATHY.

DOES THE MODERN playwright aim to satirize the church of the present day or does he paint a picture of actual life, does he stick to the truth when, in the story presented from behind the footlights, the church's influence in human affairs is made to appear infinitesimal in comparison with that of other agencies? An example of this came recently under the notice of the theatre-going public of this city.

"A Little Mother" is a play the plot of which is based upon an unfortunate incident that has been noted from time immemorial in every community under the sun and which, unfortunately, became more frequent during the four years of war. And there has been no change in public sentiment with regard to these harsh and sordid events in so many lives.

In the play in question the members and officials of the church are held up in anything but a favorable light as illustrations of what the people who profess the Christian faith should be. The tendency of the times is shown when a progressive and large-hearted minister, a man whose spirit has evidently been touched by the truths which he holds up to others, preaches a sermon in which he recommends Christian charity for the sinner and fair treatment for the innocent offspring of illicit relations. The officers of that minister's church hold a meeting in which his philosophy is regarded with horror, and steps are taken to have him cast out of his pulpit.

The unfortunate girl who "has loved much" finds little consideration among those who, had they followed the precepts of the Nazarene, would have been the first to extend to her a helping hand, who would not have condoned the sin but would have pitied the sinner. The good people of the church were ready to cast at her the stones of so-called righteous censure. There was no second chance for her. Had she been a victim of leprosy or some other foul disease, she could not have been more rudely and openly shunned by those who should have sought to draw her back from the path into which she had wandered. She was condemned, and those who were righteous over much not only would have erased her name from the books of the church, but would have driven her out of the community as they would a victim of a pestilence. Heaven help humanity, if the Judge before whom they pass in final review has as little mercy as the average church court.

But the sinner did not lack for mercy. The love of kindred prevailed and true Christian charity held sway and triumphed. The self-constituted judges were shamed into silence. The church people threw down their rocks and slunk away, no voice raised in condemnation. And in that little country village, where every man knew the inmost secrets of his neighbor and sat in harsh judgment upon them, there floated again those immortal words, "Neither do I condemn thee."

Can it be that the Church has failed in its treatment of such human frailties? Had the officers of the church in this case had their way, the sinner would have been cast adrift without a friend on earth and would beyond a doubt have sunk deeper into the slough. It was sympathy that saved her, not a strict interpretation and application of the Mosaic law that the Nazarene Himself suspended when He found as frail a creature in a similar situation.

The story of the play is a chapter from real life. If it reflects on any institution, it is because the playwright recites hard facts as he finds them. The story, however, is incomplete in that it fails to give a religious organization that deals especially with the outcasts of humanity credit for which it is entitled for taking paternal care of just such cases as this and of a church which specializes in the same Christian service.

THE RURAL SCHOOLS.

It is evident that Archdeacon Cody finds reform of the schools not as easy as he thought. He announces that no important amendments of the school laws will be proposed at the coming session of the Legislature and that he will make a survey of the rural schools as to which complaint is made of the school attendance and of the inadequacy of the teachers' salaries. In the course of his survey he will learn that rural school attendance and the teachers' salaries are not conditioned by the will of the people or by penal laws, but by nature and the economic conditions of the whole country. Neither the people nor the Legislature can alter the weather or shorten the distance to school or increase the endurance of children under ten years of age. Nor can the Legislature alter the means at the farmer's disposal for the improvement of his school and the payment of teachers. His whole, total gross earnings, we have noted, are on the average not more than a thousand a year, out of which he lives and pays his taxes, his teacher, preacher, doctor and all the professions and trades which serve him, and also repairs and improves his plant and equipment.—The Weekly Sun.

IT IS BARELY POSSIBLE that Dr. Cody knows more of actual conditions in the rural schools that the Sun imagines. Raised in the country as he was, the new Minister of Education was first a pupil and afterwards a teacher in the schools in the welfare of which he now takes such an interest. He has been handicapped in securing and again in imparting education by the very forces of nature to which the Sun now refers. He has been forced to make his way to the temples of learning over snow-blocked roads or highways that were so many seas of mud. Weather has kept him out of school when he was a boy and has interfered with the attendance of his pupils when he became a teacher. The winters were just as severe and all conditions were about the same a quarter of a century ago as they are today.

Yes, Dr. Cody knows the rural school problem. He seems, too, to have the solution. Consolidation has been tried out in other places with success. Dr. Cody will give the rural districts of Ontario better schools on the same educational basis as those in the cities. The reform may be slow in coming, but it will arrive eventually. The question of expense will be solved and the forces of nature of which the Sun complains will be overcome. Man has been fighting such forces since the earliest days of history, and there is no reason why he should submit to them in the case in point and permit the rising generation of the country communities to continue to suffer.

AN ASSERTION AND A DENIAL.

A QUEBEC JUDGE who was criticised for permitting military defaulters to escape with a nominal fine when brought before him, alleged that when he did so he was acting under instructions from Ottawa.

This assertion is officially denied. No such instructions have been issued by the Militia Department, the Department of Justice, or by the Dominion Police, and no other branch of the Government has authority to act in the matter. There is a grave misconception — of something infinitely worse—somewhere.

At all events, there is no justification for the virtuous and guileless protest put up by a local contemporary in its juvenile attempt to make a little political capital to enrich its present depreciated stock. There is no use in putting up a man of straw and bravely buffeting the effigy. Our contemporary was one of the few misguided journals that a year ago was constrained to stand sponsor for the very conditions in Quebec of which it now complains. Let us be charitable and concede that it knew better. But there were considerations before which even conscience had to give way.

AN EXCESSIVE SALARY.

THE PRESIDENT of the United States, the richest country in the world, is required to worry along on a salary of $75,000 a year and a free house, furnished, and with a staff of servants to look after it. The presidential salary started at $25,000 a year and reached the present figure as the duties of the office and the wealth of the country increased.

President Ebert of the new German republic is to be paid a yearly salary of $250,000 with a royal castle and other perquisites. In the interests of harmony, the figure is too high, especially in a country that has just dumped its expensive royal family and is, besides, emerging from four years of costly warfare. Even democratic government, especially the brand that President Ebert will be able to serve out to the people, is not worth the price he is charging for it. His excessive compensation is sure to furnish his enemies with an excellent excuse for making active trouble for his administration.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

EVEN IF HE IS a player of long standing, Paderewski in his new job is certainly not playing for time.

NO ONE CAN TELL what a day or even an hour will bring forth these times in the way of argument in favor of a third party.

ONE WAY to get even with the enemy countries is to send back to them their children who wandered abroad to make trouble in other nations.

TALKING of private matters, has a contemporary any objection to state what revenue it derives from publishing letters at advertising rates?

SOME MEN have managed to corner wheat, but before all is over that cereal may have some public man fenced up in a corner of its own creating.

GERMANS are asking for a six-hour day, but at that rate they can never hope to pay those huge indemnities certain to be levied upon them.

SOME REFORMER proposes to make over the calendar and put thirteen months in every year, but the extra pay days would simply be offset by the present high prices of necessities.

"MR. WIDDIFIELD has the Government on the run," says an exchange. The Germans had the Allies on the run, too, in the closing days of the war, although the direction of the race was not that chosen by the former.

WRITING of this paper, the veteran editor of the Bowmanville Statesman says: "The Review has an excellent editorial page; one of the best of the small city dailies." Recognizing Mr. Parnes as a competent critic, we appreciate his compliment.

"WE MIGHT consider with profit," says the Chicago News, "the consistency of those who urgently demand immediate demobilization of our soldiers and then emit roars of protest when the war department does release men, only to increase the volume of unemployment." We have the same type of journals in this country, journals that never appear able to get their own political bearings.

Canada And League Of Nations

(Journal of Commerce.)

The movement for the creation of a League of Nations capable of preventing war so bristles with difficulties that one is not surprised to find in some quarters a strong conviction that it cannot be successful. A few years ago it seemed a dream only. Tennyson gave the world a beautiful picture when he wrote of a time when the war drum would beat no longer, when the battle flags would be furled, when there would be a parliament of man, a federation of the world; but few who read his words had any hope that his dream would be realized. The awful war through which the world has just passed must make everybody understand more fully how great a blessing a League of Nations to prevent future wars would be. The work of forming such a league, reconciling and harmonizing the interests and aims of the different nations, and devising ways and means of enforcing the League's decisions, is a tremendous one. That it has now been gravely taken up at the Peace Conference, that it has, in principle, at all events, the support of the leaders of all the great nations of the world, is a situation for which everybody should be profoundly grateful. It is too soon to speak with confidence of the success of the movement. At any stage of the proceedings obstacles may present themselves that are insurmountable. But the fact that the statesmen at Paris, after discussing the whole subject from every point of view, are able to send out encouraging words as to the probable outcome is very gratifying.

A late despatch from Paris, not of an official character, states that the Dominions—presumably Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa—are claiming a right to be represented in the proposed League of Nations as independent nations. It is stated that the British Government are willing to endorse this claim. Whether the representatives of the other nations will give their assent remains to be seen.

There is a disposition on the part of some Canadian journals to regard with favor this proposal that the Dominions, as separate entities, shall become partners in the League of Nations. It is treated, as respects Canada, as an important recognition of the greatness of Canada. On a question of such large importance it is well that conclusive judgments be reserved until there is before the public full information of the constitution of the League of Nations, showing just what the League is to undertake, how the work is to be done, and who is to pay the cost. Meanwhile, it will not be well for us to be carried away by the glamour of what is written respecting a recognition of Canada in the eyes of the world. There are forms of recognition which are worth contending for. There are others which may easily be more productive of trouble than of advantage. There is room for grave doubt as to the wisdom of any international arrangement which contemplates the treatment of Canada as a country apart from the British Empire. Canada has indeed become an important country. It is "getting to be a big boy now." But the big boy will have to be on guard lest he forget that he is still a youth, still a member of the family, who will not be improved by an artificial expansion of chest or swelling of head.

Let us see what is this big job he wants to take on before we rejoice over the prospect of it.

WIT AND WISDOM

On Another Track.

"What's become of all the young men Edith used to have in her train?"

"Oh, one by one they switched off."

"Caught."

Mrs. Footlitest: "You don't give me presents now like you used to before we were married."

Mr. Footlites: "Now, look here, my dear, did you ever hear tell of a fisherman giving bait to the fish he had caught?"

Easily Explained.

Wife—I used to like the smell of cigar smoke before we were married, but I don't now.

Hub—Well, you see, my dear, I could afford to buy quite a different brand before we were married.

A man in New York says he can tell a woman's disposition without marrying her. That may be true, but the hard part is to tell her disposition after marrying her.

An Ashtabula man was asked by his wife to get her some yarn. He took a story book home with him.

"I hear you ride horseback on and off."

"Yes, mostly off."

Showing Up His Family.

A grammar school teacher having asked for a short essay employing certain words ending with "tion," a pupil handed in this astonishing production:

"Father's hair is a recollection; mother's is an acquisition; sister's is an aggregation; brother's is a conflagration, and baby's is a mere premonition."

The Bad Egg.

William Howard Taft said at a banquet in Washington, apropos of Germany's invitation to President Wilson to visit Berlin:

"Germany doesn't know it, but for the next generation the rest of the world is going to find her as unpalatable and hard to stomach as—as—well, it reminds me of a story.

"Little Willie was at breakfast, stalled on his boiled egg.

"Eat your egg, Willie," said his mother.

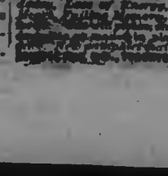
"The urchin sighed and went at the egg obediently but languidly.

"'Willie, eat your egg!'

"Another sigh, and another languid attack.

"Thus five minutes passed. Then Willie looked pathetically at his mother and said:

"'Oh, ma, have I got to eat the beak?'"



Wash's Transformation.

The Great Musical Director Tones and invigorates the Whole Nervous System, Makes New Blood and Clears Clogged Arteries. Drives Away Dizziness, Mental and Brain Worry, Despair, Fears, Loss of Energy, Forgetfulness of the Past, Lack of Confidence, Aversion to Society, Pimples, Blotches, Etc. Price $1 per box, 6 for $5. Sold by druggists or sent prepaid in plain wrapper on receipt of price. The Great Restorative Tonic Pills. Ask your druggist for them. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid, one box, 50 cents. Thomas Wash

EDITOR'S MAIL

THE BIBLE IN SCHOOLS

Editor Review: What possible objection could there be to using the Bible as a textbook in our schools, to be read by the more advanced pupils, without anything like an attempt at comment on the part of the teacher? In this way the children could get the benefit of the literary beauty which you seem to place above the spiritual truths of the sacred volume.

READER.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

If sumthing hits you on the hed with just a dry pancfill bump, you know its not a liquid and would feel better if it was.

Wattir is the most famous liquid. If it wasent for wattir nobody would bild ships, and thus thousands of people would be thrown out of work. If it wasent for wattir all the oceans would jest be big holes, and if you tried to drowned yourself in one the best you could do would be to brake your neck on the bottom, wich enyway by that time you wouldent know weather you was drowned or jest ded.

If you jest see some wattir in a glass in frunt of you wile youre eating dinner it dont look like so much, but as soon as you spill it it spreads all over the table cloth so if it dident even have eny ideer itself how mutch it was till it got started.

The thirstier you are, the better wattir tastes wen you drink it, but if a boy was as thirsty as he could get and sumbody offered him wich he wunted, a glass of water or a glass of lemminade, he would probubly take the glass of lemminade, proving that jest because we know wats best for us, that dont say wot we're going to do.

Milk is another well known liquid. It comes out of a cow, but has to be helped out. It is usefill to put on the nuts at brekfast and comes in bottle on frunt door steps. Babies wouldent know what to do without milk. Meny of them also wouldent know wat to do with it unless sumbody stuck their bottle in their mouth for them.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says Russia doesn't seem to be any better off under the Bolsheviki than she was under the other royal family.

Located.

"Pa, who is the wisest man in the world?"

"I don't know his name, my boy, but he's the chap that does all the talking in the smoking compartment of a Pullman car."

HAVELOCK

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, Feb. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Wallace are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Kinsley at Tweed.

Miss Mabel White of town visited friends in Norwood last week.

Misses Kathleen and Lillian McNicholl of Toronto visited friends in town this week.

Mrs. M. Foley and daughter, Mrs McCann of Toronto are visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Albert Henry of Fort Erie, is the guest of her brother and sister-in-law Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hill.

Miss Nellie Griffith left last week for Dummer, Sask., after spending the past five months at her home here.

Miss Masterson of Toronto, who has been the guest of Miss Barnett for the past three weeks, left for her home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McNulty and Master Thomas of Peterboro were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. McCann for a few days last week.

Mr. Robt. Mitchell of town is suffering from a severe attack of indigestion and was taken to the Peterboro Hospital for treatment today.

A post card has been received from Pte. Henry T. Scott of Uncle Sam's forces overseas, mailed on board ship indicating that he is on his way home.

Miss Frances Juanita Brill of Tweed, formerly of town, was married on the 3rd inst., to Lieut. Arthur Silver of Montreal. The young couple will reside in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Squire, who have spent the past two and a half years in Canada have returned to their home. They were frequent visitors at Havelock where they visited their nephew, Mr. F. J. Squire.

Mr. J. A. Sexsmith, M. P., was in North Ontario County last week, assisting in the campaign on behalf of Major Cameron, who is a candidate for the Legislature to fill the vacancy by the death of the late ex-Speaker Hoyle.

Mr. Robt. Robers of Belmont has sold his farm on the Norwood road, 200 acres, to Mr. Leonard Keene of Belmont for the sum of $30,000. Mr. Rogers intends moving to town.

The I. O. D. E. Dance in the town hall on Friday night of last week was a decided success. A large number attended the popular event, and the proceeds netted about $75.00. Moher's Orchestra of Peterboro and Mr. Robt. Anderson of town furnished the music. The floor was in good shape and the lunch at midnight was particularly dainty. The proceeds will be devoted to the Home for Blind Soldiers.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Love makes a young man sober and an old man giddy.

Busy men are seldom afflicted with fits of melancholy.

Any man who does you an ill turn will never forgive you for it.

Amateur photographers are willing to take anything except advice.

Many a man works overtime trying to convince himself that he is honest.

A man carries domestic economy to extremes when he stops the clock at night to save time.

Intuition is what some people claim to have when they succeed in making a good guess.

Nothing is more edifying to some people than to see a bowlegged man chasing his hat in a windstorm.

NATIONAL FRENCH CONGRESS

Paris, Feb. 13.—Delegates representing 96 associations having a membership of 10,000,000 have met here in order to organize a National French Congress. The Congress will sit from February 27 to March 1, to draft French claims to be presented to the Peace Conference.

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

PETERBOROUGH

Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Haycleck

EMPIRE THEATRE | Wednesday and Thursday

Montagu Love in "The Cross Bearer,"

A Drama in 7 Acts. After the Story by Anna Maxwell

KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in "THE EAGLE'S EYE," Chaper 9 "THE MUNITIONS CAMPAIGN." 2 Parts It shows how the Kaiser's ruthless assassins killed Men, Women and Children in their secret warfare

"THE INNOCENT SINNER," Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAM

DOROTHY PHILLIPS in the Famous New York Drama

"Broadway Love"

12th EPISODE "BRASS BULLET," entitled "Caught by Wireless"

"SHIP AHOY," A Comedy Featuring WM. FRANEY

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

15 First Run REELS

ROYAL

Double Program
Pathe and Vitagraph

The Beautiful and Talented
Florence Reed In the Great Sensational Photo-Drama in 7 Parts
"TO-DAY"

The Vivacious Star in a Love and Loyalty Drama of 5 Parts
"THE HIGHEST TRUMP"

Curling Week
Extra Special Features
Dramas & Comedies
FASCINATING and FUNNY

Episode 7 of "THE IRON TEST," Two Parts
"THE WHIRLING TRAP"

Big "V" Vitagraph Special Comedy
Rollicking - Hilarious
SUBMARINES AND SUBS
With Earl Montgomery and Joe Rotch in the Leading Roles.

The Amusement Centre of Peterborough
Double Show Every Day This Week

A 50 cent Show Seen at the Royal Theatre For 16 cents Only.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

In this country, home of beautiful women, the average height of the adult woman is five feet and four inches and the average weight is 133 pounds. The villain, who plays successively the roles of a deceiver, suitor lover, slave and hired man is, on the average, three inches taller and fifteen pounds heavier, and yet she rules him with a firm hand, or at any rate it is her own fault if she doesn't These figures apply to persons old enough to have sense—30 years old.

Our sculptors, apparently unwilling to be deceived by corsets and French heels, to back a way for data and base their inception of the perfect female form of Greek statuary. They tell us that the perfect woman is five feet and five inches tall and weighs 138 pounds. With her wings extender she measures from tip to tip of middle fingers five feet and five inches, her own height. Her foot is not quite nine and one-third inches long, and her foot is exactly the length of her face. The distance from the top of the head to the perineum (crotch) is equal to the distance from the perineum to the ground. The knee is exactly half way between the perineum and the ground. The waist circumference is twenty-five inches; the circumference of the hips is thirty-four inches. The circumference of the torso, including the arms, is forty-three inches. The circumference of the arm is thirteen inches and of the wrist six inches. The circumference of the thigh is twenty-five inches, the calf is fourteen and one-half inches and the ankle is eight inches. All of this refers to a woman at the age of 30 years.

From 30 to 45 a woman is or should be in her acme of physical perfection, and so we find her as a general rule, but, alas, Mrs. Gamp she often manages to persuade her that she is an old woman at this age, and old age is chiefly a state of mind.

The tendency is for superfluous fat to accumulate about the abdomen, hips and flanks and the thighs in women between 30 and 45. With the insidious deposit of slacker issue in, between and over the atrophied or unused muscles there occurs a simultaneous loss of efficiency in the general musculature of the body, including, of course, the muscles of the heart.

A lady wrote me recently that in the fifteen months she had done without corsets and taken six somersaults night and morning she had saved nearly $40 in money formerly expended for laxatives and such dope. And that was only trifle. She felt and looked ten years younger. You see, she was again oxidizing fuel, and so slacker flesh naturally went first.

Karell, Accent on the 'ell.

"What is the Karell treatment? How is Karell pronounced? What is the derivation of the word? I ask these questions because it seems that one must be prepared to discuss everything you write about when one attends any gathering of more than two individuals in this neighborhood.

"MRS. J. F. H."

Disease is an undesirable subject of conversation, but health is an ideal thing to talk about. Karell, accent on the second syllable, was once physician to the Russian czar. The regiment named after him is a skimmed milk regiment of great value in the relief of various troubles, such as obesity, uraemia, dropsy, biliousness, stomach and intestinal troubles.

Overcoming Stammering.

"I would surely like to get cured of stammering if it is possible. I would do anything you recommend to get cured. G. R."

A monograph about the treatment of stuttering and stammering will be sent on receipt of your request and a self-addressed three cent stamped envelope.

Women's Wages In German Factories

There are still some people, even in Canada, who admire the conditions of labor which the German Government secured for its people. In the case of the women of Germany, these conditions are beyond description. The working-woman in Germany must toil long hours, at the cost of health and strength, to win a mere pittance.

According to the Statistical Annual for Berlin, issued in 1907, the last year for which figures are available, women's wages in Berlin amounted to:

	Per week
For tailoresses	2.16
For seamstresses	2.28
For hand button-hole makers	1.75
For machine button-hole makers	3.37

The average weekly income of woman factory employes throughout the German Empire was a little more than six marks, about one dollar and fifty cents.

Under the circumstances the result is only natural. In Frankfort, 98 per cent. of the prostitutes were factory employes, while in Berlin an insurance fund placed it on record that waitresses made up one-half of those of its members who were venerally inflicted.

As is probably well known, the theatre in Germany is run by the Government, and admirers of the German method of doing things have often mentioned this as being greatly to Germany's credit. Perhaps they didn't know that in 1914 the directors of the Court Theatre, of Hanover, paid their women dancers two dollars and fifty cents a month! At the Court Theatre, at Eisenach, the salary of the leading lady for a season of six months is three dollars and seventy-five cents per month.

The German author, Dr. Iwan Block, writing on the subject of women's wages, says:

"The insufficiency of the German woman's remuneration . . . drives her to seek accessory earnings from vicious sources. . . . It is well known that employers of female labor throughout Germany reckon on this fact in drawing up their pay-lists."

Wilbrant, another German author, states that if any respectable girl complains of her salary being insufficient to keep body and soul together the employer will invariably reply. "Why should you need any salary at all? You are a pretty girl."

THE BOBBIES' STRIKE.

Police of London Get Their Grievances Remedied.

London, at the end of August of last year, experienced a two-days' strike of the Metropolitan Police, the famous "Bobbies" known and admired throughout the world.

Their demands were for increased wages, recognition of their union, and the reinstatement of a discharged man who had been active in union affairs.

Their organization was the "National Union of Police and Prison Officers," formed in 1913, affiliated with the Trades Council and other labor bodies, who supported the police in their demands, and in the strike.

The Metropolitan Force is under the direction of the Home Office, but the strike was dealt with, not only by Sir G. Cave, the Home Secretary, but by Gen. Smuts, acting for the War Cabinet, and by the Prime Minister himself.

As a result of the strike the men obtained an increase in pay, increased pensions, and, a new feature, pensions for widows. As to the recognition of the union there was difference of opinion on the result, but, at any rate, the men were not dismissed for belonging to it.

The police claimed that when the Prime Minister received the executive of the union he gave the union recognition. The Home Secretary placed a different interpretation on this phase of the settlement.

"With regard to the Police Union," he said, "both my predecessor and I had been asked to recognize the union and had declined. All the Secretaries of State for the Home Office have declined to recognize it, not because they have been opposed to unions in general — quite the contrary—but their view was that the police are a disciplined force responsible for the order of the country, and there was a risk that the Police Union might lead to divided allegiance and possibly to police strikes. It is true that the existing union provided by its constitution that in no circumstances should a strike be called, but when this trouble arose, that particular clause was abrogated.

"The Prime Minister said to the deputation of policemen that he could not, in war time, sanction recognition of a police union. He pointed out that the trouble in Russia had to a great extent risen from the existence of a union or a committee among the soldiers. He thought the police were a semi-military force, and that to a great extent the same conditions applied to them, and he would not have a repetition in the country of what had happened in Russia. He added that he thought there should be some machinery under which members of the police force could bring before the police authorities any grievances. Subject to this, they should have no kind of power to interfere with the discipline of the force."

During the strike there were remarkably few criminal outbreaks, in spite of the depleted police protection. "The strike of the London police in 1918," said the Times, "will probably have a lasting place in the social annals of the country for the reason that it afforded proof of the people's ingrained respect for law and order." There was some thieving in the Strand and in Aldgate, but these were exceptions to the rule.

"The absence of regulation for traffic was an inconvenience, but even here the Londoner showed that under the long training of the 'bobby' he had contracted the habit of orderliness to such an extent that he could 'navigate' almost automatically."

The visit of the police to Lloyd George was one of the most spectacular features of the strike. Downing street, a short blind thoroughfare, is one of the places the police keep clear of any congestion, but on this occasion they themselves packed every inch of the roadway, and overswarmed into Whitehall.

While they waited they fraternized with companies of the Grenadier Guards, who had been called out in the emergency. They also entertained themselves and the soldiers with music, supplied by the "police minstrels." A policeman, whose hobby was the bagpipes, led the procession on its march through the streets of Westminster.

Shelley's Prophecy.

A prophetic vision of the America of to-day was seen by the English poet, Percy Bysshe Shelley, in his "Revolt of Islam," written in 1817.

The poet's great-grandfather, Timothy Shelley, had emigrated to America, and his grandfather, afterward Sir Bysshe Shelley, Bart., was born in Newark, N. J. It may be assumed, though direct evidence is lacking, that Percy Bysshe Shelley learned from his grandfather something of the possibilities for the land which in that day was little more than a wilderness. This is what the English poet said of America more than 100 years ago:

There is a people mighty in its youth,
A land beyond the oceans of the West,
Where, though with rudest rites,
Freedom and Truth
Are worshiped. From a glorious mother's breast
Who, since high Athens fell, among the rest,
Sate like the Queen of Nations, but in woe,
By inbred monsters outraged and oppressed,
Turns to her chainless child for succor now,
It draws the milk of power in Wisdom's fullest flow.

That land is like an eagle, whose young gaze
Feeds on the noontide beam, whose golden plume
Floats moveless on the storm, and in the blaze
Of sunrise gleams when earth is wrapped in gloom;
An epitaph of glory for the tomb
Of murdered Europe may thy fame be made,
Great people! As the sands thou shalt become;
Thy growth is swift as morn when night must fade;
The multitudinous earth shall sleep beneath thy shade.

Australian Heroes.

A statuary group in the main entrance of Australia house, in London, which was opened by King George recently, is a memorial to the pioneer explorers of the southern continent. It represents Burke and Wills, who, in 1861, with two companions, surveyed the desert from Melbourne to the Gulf of Carpentaria. Only one of the four, King, returned, the others succumbing one after another to the hardships of the journey back. Burke died in the desert, lying with his face to the sky. Wills, the expedition's astronomer, to whose memory an obelisk has been raised in his native town of Totnes, wrote in his diary just before he died: "Though starving on nardoo seed is not unpleasant, I would prefer a little sugar mixed with it."

New York's Systematic Growth.

A remarkable forecast of population of New York is brought to light in copies of the Scientific American for September 8, 1900. A statistician for the mayor of the common council shows the population of the city to increase until 1905 would have made the population of New York 5,257,403, a figure almost in accord with the census of that time.

Daily Thought.

Charity itself consists in acting justly and faithfully in whatever office, business and employment a person is engaged.—Swedenborg.

Young Lady Across the Way.

The young lady across the way says her father has cut down on the size of his cigars and is now smoking pantalettas.

Jute Substitute.

Fiber from pine leaves, as a substitute for jute or flax, is used in the manufacture of carpets.

Optimistic Thought.

Self-reliance is the best weapon to fight the battle of life.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

NO BAN ON STYLES

Infinite Variety and None Are Built Alike.

Straight and Narrow Most Prominent, With Only Sign of Any Breadth at Waistline.

The dresses are the great achievements of a season that is still young. Among them there is an infinite variety and no one is built exactly like the last one. For general lines they use those that are straight and narrow, the only sign of any breadth being seen at that unexpected place, the waistline. The line of the waist has also dropped perceptibly and no more do we see on the daytime frock that waistline that starts from a point somewhere under the arms. More likely is it to be seen running around the hips or somewhat above them—never an inch above the normal placing.

The coat dress is new—and useful in the extreme. It is tailored quite formally, but it has probabilities for the insertion of feminine diversions, that add much to its interest. There is one, for instance, made of the popular blue serge, that is wrapped about the form from shoulder to hem. The only variety it shows is where one side of the skirt laps over the other when there suddenly appears a soft satin lining of vivid green tone.

Another one is made of dull green velours, chemise incut and with wide open kimono sleeves. At the waistline, by way of a belt, a narrow piece of skunk fur is seen, and, to repeat this note of black, another bit of the fur is used at the left side of the standing collar, where it buttons tightly under the ear.

Many of the collars on these dresses are made high and thick in appearance. None of them fit the neck as in seasons past.

It is almost necessary now to use two materials in the shaping of a modish frock. The idea was started from a thought of conservation and it survives largely because of its sheer beauty. For afternoon and dinner gowns, printed silks and chiffons are used in combination with plain silks and chiffons. Then for more workaday occasions combinations of wool and silk are more usual.

The straight flat panel is one of the successes of the day and is seen in every possible phase. Usually, though, it must hang from shoulder to hem at back, without any interruption as to waistline. In the front, however, it may be confined or not according to whim or taste.

NARROW SKIRT, TUNIC BLOUSE

Substitute for Tailleur Promises to Be One of Season's Most Popular Garments.

As a compromise between the coat suit and the slim frock which many women choose for autumn street wear there is a costume which may soon be overridden by popularity. It consists of a narrow skirt and a tunic blouse that falls below the hips and is loosely girded with a monastic cord. The blouse has no visible fastening. It apparently does not open. In truth some of them do not open.

They slip over the head and adjust themselves with the carelessness of a peasant's smock. If they were tightly banded at the waistline with yards of brilliant material they would be definitely Arabian and quite brilliant in effect. They do not permit a girdle to touch them.

They have a monk's cord carelessly twined below the waistline, knotted and dropped in tasselled ends at front or side.

AFTERNOON GOWN IN BRONZE

The basque has reappeared. Here is an interesting illustration of the use in an afternoon gown of bronze-gold crepe. The side opening is an attractive feature, and the oddly cut buttons with the finishing touch of moire at the neck add to its beauty.

Often the apology is worse than the offense.

ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-tives" Has Achieved

One reason why "Fruit-a-tives" is so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with *Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema* and other Skin Affections, is, because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

It is composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, oranges, figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics of proven repute.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ROYAL PALACES ARE FIRELESS.

King George and Queen Mary Are Playing Their Part.

"The King and Queen and their court have returned to London and to a fireless palace," says the London Chronicle. "This was according to plan—a plan to economize fuel, which is in operation in all the royal palaces. It is by royal command that the household fires had not yet been set going for the winter.

"The recommendations of the Coal Controller's Advisory Committee for cutting down domestic fuel consumption were last winter in large measure forestalled in the royal palaces, and that on the direct initiative of their Majesties. Now that the coal crisis has become acute, further restrictions have been imposed at court. In Buckingham Palace, Windsor Castle, and Sandringham the grates have been 'bricked up,' and the number of fires has been greatly reduced.

"Lighting of passages, corridors, and ante-rooms has been cut down by more than half. In their Majesties' private apartments a similar practice has been followed.

"Officials of the court have been instructed to see that no unnecessary fires are used or lights kept burning, and, generally, to supervise an economy campaign.

"In the Royal Household an organized scheme for the salvage of waste material is in operation. Fruitstones and nut-shells (they go to make carbon for gas masks), empty pots and tins, waste paper, worn out linen and woollen materials, are collected and sent to agencies for conversion to some purpose useful in the national interest. Ashes are sifted, and the recovered cinders are used for fuel and fire banking. Buckingham Palace gardens have been for long a market garden. The garden refuse is collected and used for fuel.

"The palace laundry list has been revised with a view to economy, and there has been a marked reduction in the work."

Sinn Feiners Trapped.

A good story has leaked out regarding the early days of the unrestricted U-boat warfare. In those days it was commonly reported that the German under-water craft had secret bases on the West Coast of Ireland, where they were able to put in and replenish their stores. The people were anti-British, and the most investigation by the Admiralty could extract no information from them. Presently a story gained circulation that a yacht flying the American flag, but manned by Germans, was cruising off the coast, and there were hints that a reward might be paid to anyone giving information of her whereabouts. By and by the yacht put in at more than one secluded spot on the west coast, and was warmly welcomed by the Sinn Feiners. The officers had heart to heart talks with Germany's Irish allies, and the U-boat activities were discussed at great length. Strangely enough, the British navy failed to locate or capture the yacht, which in due time left the coast, and sailed apparently for Germany. Nothing more was heard of her whereabouts, but the war against the U-boats soon met with increasing success. It was scant comfort to the Sinn Feiners to learn that the yacht had nothing to do with Germany, and that as a matter of fact she was a British boat manned by a crew of British officers masquerading as Germans. Under this guise they had pumped the Sinn Feiners dry, and when the yacht left the coast her officers and crew had full information regarding the U-boat activities.

Written Before Christ.

All the books of the Old Testament were written long before the birth of Christ, some of them as much as 1,400 years before, others from 500 to 1,000 years before, and none less than 300 to 400 years before. The Gospels and other books of the New Testament were written from 33 to 60 or 70 years after the birth of Christ.

Where Rain Never Falls.

There are parts of Egypt in which rain never falls; other places where it falls lightly about once in four years; and there are two great rainless districts of two or three millions of square miles, the one including the north of Africa and the other Mongolia and its neighborhood.

Reasons Slowly Unfolded.

The answers to our impatient questioning of life's problems come but slowly. Today may show us what yesterday meant, but it is dumb about itself. We must do and bear as best we may, and always wait for tomorrow's answer to our clamorous "Why?"

Great Britain's War Efforts

WHAT has Britain achieved in aerial warfare? In August, 1914, the Lion had in service 130 aircraft of all types and 900 men. It is not possible to tell exactly how many aircraft Britain now has, or the numbers in its personnel, because loss of aviators and machines is a varying quantity. But some idea may be gained by the official statement that in a single month British airmen dropped 7,566 bombs on the western front, fired 269,000 rounds of ammunition from the air, and took 15,837 photographs from above the earth, all being taken under heavy shell fire. In one week—from August 8 to August 15, 1916—British air forces brought down [illegible] machines and dropped 320 tons of explosive bombs on enemy batteries and ammunition dumps. During the night of August 21, alone, British aviators bombed five German towns, dropping 104 tons of bombs. To-day Britain maintains the largest air forces of all the Allies. During the night of August 24 two of the Lion's air squadrons attacked Constantinople; while his air squadrons have taken the lead on the French front, the Italian front, on Balkan fronts, in Persia, Palestine and Mesopotamia.

So much, briefly, for what the Lion has done by sea and in air. How about "Britain's contemptible little army" of whom 100,000 arrived in France by the middle of August, 1914, and coming with all speed at the most critical moment in modern times unquestionably saved France from certain and speedy defeat? When Europe was thrown into convulsion of war, four summers ago, the British army consisted of 250,000 regular troops, 200,000 reserves, and 250,000 partly trained volunteers composed of "Territorials" who since have done such heroic service; in all, a total of 700,000 trained soldiers and partly trained volunteers. With these men the Lion had to safeguard his vulnerable isles and his enormous Indian possessions.

It was on August 6, 1914, that Kitchener sent forth his call for "the first hundred thousand"—and they volunteered within a fortnight. A month later 175,000 had been enrolled, of whom 30,000 enlisted in a single day. At the end of the war's first year 2,000,000 had joined the colors, toward the close of May, 1916, King George made public announcement that more than 5,000,000 men (all volunteers) had entered the army and the navy. Yet, instead of diminishing, the stream of British manhood became a veritable flood, so that in August of the present year Lloyd George was able to state that the British Empire had raised for the army and navy a total of more than 8,500,000. Of this grand total India had contributed 1,500,000; the British dominions, 1,000,000; Great Britain itself 6,250,000!

"To-day," says a statement from the British Government's Bureau of Information, "every third male of any age in the British Isles is in some war service"—that is to say, one out of every three in a male population which includes men of eighty, ninety, and over, as well as boy babes in arms.

And what have been Britain's sacrifices in life thus far according to the latest obtainable official figures—which do not include the results of recent furious fighting?

The first expeditionary force called forth by Kitchener, that handful of 100,000 men hastily mobilized and somehow sent across the Channel, was almost annihilated. A single division lost 10,000 men out of 12,000, while out of 400 officers only 50 escaped casualty. By December, 1915, sixteen months after Britain entered the war, British casualties had mounted to practically 78 per cent. of the entire original land forces. An official statement made in London, 66 August 15, 1916, announced that up to that date 900,000 British soldiers and sailors had suffered death since the war began. More recent losses bring the total of British dead well up above 1,000,000. It must be remembered that British forces have been fighting not only in France, Belgium, Italy, Russia, Siberia and the Balkans, but also in Kiaochau, New Guinea, Samoa, Mesopotamia, Egypt, the Soudan, Cameroons, Togoland, East Africa, Southwest Africa, Aden, Persia and along the northwest frontier of India. It is probable that at no time have more than 1,750,000 British troops actually been engaged on the French front and in lines of communication connected therewith.

As for the fleet, we have the authority of Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, for the remarkable statement, publicly made by him on a recent Pilgrims' Dinner in New York, that the British navy has 230 warships, big and little, and in addition 450 auxiliary ships, [illegible] of mine sweepers, etc. Yet to-day the wonderful fleet is bigger and stronger than ever!

At the same dinner, by the way, the First Lord of the Admiralty made the unqualified statement that from January 1, 1918, down to and the British forces—military and naval—had sustained 750,000 casualties, which would be, at the rate of about 83,000 per month; and that this always or number than the total reported suffered during the [illegible] all the other allies. A [illegible] Henry Rood in Collier's.

Winding the [illegible]

An amusing comment [illegible] by a newspaper [illegible] "Just here," having been made [illegible] a resident of Cologne [illegible] British soldiers [illegible] "Just so, my chine guns in [illegible] what is there to "So you have [illegible] "as the Wat[illegible]

Extra Work.

[illegible] work done beyond [illegible] hours, whether [illegible] when not neces[illegible] been recognized [illegible] her vessels for [illegible] hours.

REVIEW [illegible] will not go with[illegible]

Used in Canada, used Overseas, used Everywhere -

NP SOAP

THRIFT IS BEING TAUGHT IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Suggested Lesson in Arthimetic With the Answers to the Various Problems.

Thrift is now a recognized subject of study in the schools of some of the provinces and gratifying results are being secured from the teaching of it. The following is a suggested Thrift lesson taught in arithmetic, the answers being worked out:

A Thrift Stamp costs 25 cents. A War-Savings Stamp (W-S.S.) costs $4 in the month of January and in each other month it costs one cent more than for the preceding month.

Stage 1 (Forms I. and II. or Grades 1 to 4.)—

1. How many Thrift Stamps are equivalent to a W.S.S. bought in the month of January? Ans.—16.

2. Find the total cost of 12 W.S.S., if one is bought during each month of the year. Ans. 48.66

3. A girl gets 5 cents from her father on each Tuesday between January 1st and July 1st of this year. How many Thrift Stamps can she buy with the money? (The pupil should be allowed to use the calendar.) Ans. 5

4. A man saves 7 cents every week day by walking instead of using the street car. What must he add to these savings during the first two months of the year that he may be able to buy a W-S.S. in the month of March? Ans.—45c.

5. In a school one class bought 124 Thrift Stamps, another bought 137, and a third bought 139. If all the money had been invested in W.S.S. (Jan.) how many would it buy? Ans.—25.

Stage 2 (Forms III. and IV or Grades 5 to 8.)—

1. A man earns 67 1-2 cents per hour. In how many hours would he earn enough to buy 3 W-S.S. in June? Ans. —18

2. If the price of 7 gal. of milk will buy a W-S.S. (July.) what is the price per quart? Ans.—14 1-2c.

3. A boy gets 15 cents per day for carrying papers each week day, beginning on the first Thursday in January of this year until the second Saturday in April. How many W-S.S. (April) can he buy with his earnings? How many Thrift Stamps with the balance? How much will then remain? Ans.—3, 3, 21c.

4. How many Thrift Stamps can I buy with the interest on $120 for 3 months at 5 per cent. per annum? Ans. 6

5. A man's monthly rent was $62 1-2. In order to save he took a smaller house, the rent of which was 16 per cent. lower than the other. How many W-S.S. (Jan.) could be buy for each of his two sons and three daughters with the money saved in a year? Ans.—6.

Stage 3 (High School Pupils, Grades IX., X. XI.)—

1. On January 1st, 1919, a man had $400 in the savings bank on which he gets 3 per cent. interest per annum payable half-yearly. If he leaves the interest on deposit until January 1st, 1924, what would the bank balance be? How much more would it have been if he had withdrawn the 400 and invested it in W-S.S.? Ans.—464.22, 35.78.

2. When a father had added 16 2-3 per cent to the money which his boy saved there was sufficient to purchase 2 W-S.S. (July.) How much did the father pay. Ans.—$1.16.

3. I buy 10 W-S.S. (Jan.) Show how the $40 grows in 5 years by adding 4 1-2 per cent. compound interest. What is the value at the end of each year? How much extra interest do I get during the fifth year to make the $50? Ans. 16c.

4. A man earns $1644 a year and spends 80 per cent of it. What per cent of his savings during a year will be sufficient to buy 10 W-S.S. (Dec.)? Ans. 12 1-2 per cent.

LABOR ASKS FOR 40 HOUR WEEK

TORONTO UNIONS WILL ALSO DEMAND 25 PER CENT INCREASE

Toronto, Feb. 13.—The committee from the different trades unions of Toronto, which had been instructed to draw up a program for the meeting called for the purpose of discussing unemployment decided last night at a meeting in the Labor Temple to ask the Friday night meeting to endorse a forty-hour week with a twenty-five per cent increase in wages.

Trades union bodies throughout the country are to be asked to endorse the decision of the Toronto meeting, which is to be followed by a meeting in Toronto of trades delegates.

There is some difference of opinion regarding the demand for increased wages, the committee having drawn up the program which puts all shades of opinion to the test upon the five day week. Solutions were sent on to the meeting. Other than those mentioned the shorter work day means higher wages they call for dark, public work, and the appointment of commissions to investigate has a scheme which would have the effect of "PEBBLING" Labor upon them. The next meeting will be composed of accredited representatives of trades unions throughout the country.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. SLAVEN

Peter Freiheit HAS FITTED 30,000 people was the death of Most Up-to-date Sanitary a British executed German

FO

RESTORE TH

BOARDS TO DEAL WITH ALIENS

SIR THOMAS WHITE MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT TO FOREIGN DELEGATION.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—After a Hamilton deputation representing manufacturing, mercantile and labor interests had asked the Government to take some action in view of the unrest created in their city by the presence of several thousand Austrians and Bulgarians, Sir Thomas White, Acting Prime Minister, informed the deputation that local boards or tribunals would be created to determine in a summary manner which enemy aliens were undesirable and dangerous, with a view to their internment and ultimate deportation.

There are very few Germans in Hamilton, it was stated by the delegation, but the presence and employment of enemy aliens were a constant source of irritation to war veterans and the labor community generally. It was stated that a study of criminal statistics in Hamilton showed that a large number of these aliens figured prominently in the police courts for disturbances and offences of one kind or another.

It was suggested to the Government that a local board composed of representative elements of Hamilton's life should be created to pass on the desirability of the continued residence of the enemy aliens in question in Canada.

It was pointed out to them by the Acting Premier that to deport these enemy aliens was impossible at present because of lack of ocean tonnage, and because they could not be passed to their respective countries until a policy with regard to them is formulated by the Peace Conference. The Government, however, could intern all those whom special tribunals to be appointed decided were undesirable or dangerous, with a view to their subsequent deportation.

Among the ministers present were Sir Thomas White, Hon. Arthur Meighen, Hon. J. A. Calder, Senator Robertson, Hon. J. D. Reid, and Hon. A. K. Maclean.

SAYS BELL TELEPHONE CO ENTILLED TO RAISE RATE

But Expert Says Increase Should Be Less Than 20 Per Cent—Rates Proposed in Canadian Cities.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—Continuing his evidence before the Dominion Railway Board regarding the Bell Telephone inquiry, Mr. Hagenah observed that the weight of authority is in favor of allowing a fair interest return on all of such investment, and that such a policy is really in the best interests of the public. Otherwise, he said, people would not put their money into any company placed on a special basis. While approving of an increase in rates, Mr. Hagenah asserted that the company is not entitled to the 20 per cent. asked for. Such an increase would mean an increase in earnings of over two millions per annum.

Dealing with the increase in salaries paid by the company in Toronto, Montreal and other large cities, the expert noted that, while the expenses of operation had increased more rapidly in Montreal, the revenue in that city had also done so. Dealing with items which he had struck off the company's statement of expenditures for 1918, he expressed the view that the company and not the subscribers should pay the business war tax. This, because the purpose of the Government was to get at individuals receiving good returns on investments.

The advisability of revising the telephone rates so as to equalize the cost of service in different towns and cities, and the additional revenue which could be raised thereby, were discussed. Mr. J. W. Hagenah presented a table of revised rates which, in his opinion, would not only equalize the cost of services but would also result in an increase of $1,000,000 for the company at an added cost of from 25c to 50c per month per subscriber. He advanced this plan as a substitute for the proposal of the company for a straight increase of 20 per cent.

Proposed Rate Changes.

The following are the changes proposed for business services in the places named:

Toronto, from $50 to $60 for individual lines, and from $42 to $51 for two party lines.

Montreal, from $55 to $60 and from $44 to $51.

Ottawa, from $45 to $51 and from $36 to $42.

Hamilton, from $45 to $51 and from $36 to $42.

London, from $45 to $48 and from $30 to $36.

St. Catharines, from $35 to $33, and from $28 to $27.

Guelph, Sarnia, Niagara Falls and Galt, from $30 to $33 and from $24 to $27.

The proposed changes in the rates for residence telephones were as follows:

Toronto, from $30 to $36 for an individual line, and from $24 to $30 for a two party line.

Montreal, from $35 to $36 and from $28 to $30.

Ottawa, from $25 to $30 and $20 to $27.

Hamilton, no change for a single line; from $24 to $27 for two party lines.

London, $25 to $30 and $20 to $24.

"Would these changes provide the necessary $1,000,000 additional revenue?" asked Commissioner Royce.

"I calculate that these changes would yield $821,000 without being a burden to the public," was the reply.

DAN O'CONNELL DEFENDS WEBER

FORMER PETERBOROUGH RESIDENT PUTS UP SPIRITED FIGHT FOR CLIENT.

Owen Sound, Feb. 13.—Reeve Weber of Neustadt has been found guilty of saying that the British, describing them with vile epithets, were licked, and they knew it. He also said that before his sons would go to fight, they would die in the hardware store, and that if they wanted any fighting let them come to Neustadt and they would get it. This was the decision of Magistrate A. D. Crasor today at the conclusion of the trial of Reeve Weber in the local Police Court. The prisoner was remanded for eight days for sentence, and meanwhile is out on $10,0000 personal bail and two bonds of $5,000 each, provided by Jacob Walter and Jacob Huether, both of Neustadt. Reeve Weber is also on bail totaling $10,000 to appear on February 24 at the local Assizes, to which he was committed yesterday on four charges under the War Measures Act and the Military Service Act.

The accused sat with head downcast during the summing up by the Magistrate. He appeared dejected throughout the trial, and when in the witness box his answers were somewhat hesitating. He showed great emotion when his counsel was appealing for leniency, because of his son, who was sentenced by court-martial last week to ten years for not reporting under the M. S. A.

The trial began with N. F. Davidson, K.C., of Toronto, and T. H. Dyer, of Owen Sound for the Crown and D. O'Connell and F. W. Callaghan of Toronto conducting the case for the accused. The witness for the prosecution was Arthur Mutton, a salesman for Mitchell's Ltd., of St. Marys, who testified as to Weber making the statements.

"It is a recognised fact," someone asserts, "that people in general sing a foreign language better than their own because, being a foreign language, they take more pains with it." It is hard to see how that can be construed to make an argument against the demand for more singing in English.

GOVERNMENT IS FRIEND OF LABOR

HEARST ADMINISTRATION IS WARMLY ENDORSED BY ORGANIZER OF UNIONS.

St. Catharines, Feb. 13.—"If Mr. Parnell was defeated in this contest it would not embarrass the Government," stated W. Stockdale, a prominent Toronto Labor organizer, speaking in the interests of Fred R. Parnell, Government candidate, to a crowded and enthusiastic meeting in the town hall at Merritton, "but it would certainly embarrass the electors of this riding if they returned a representative who had no outside support. As a Labor man, he would not have appeared on this platform if he were not confident that any deputation in the interests of Labor that might go to the House from this riding would have the hearty support of Mr. Parnell. Mr. Parnell was heart and soul with the workingmen of this riding.

No Government, he stated, had been more attentive to the requirements of Labor than the Hearst Government. Every deputation from the ranks of Organized Labor had been attentively received, and better enactments had been granted than the legislation asked for.

Several interruptions at this point ensued by Joseph Marks, editor of the Industrial Banner, Toronto, who is aiding the Labor candidate in his campaign, and Mrs. Singer, of the women's auxiliary of the Toronto Machinists' Union. In reply to a demand from Mr. Marks for his qualifications to speak on behalf of Labor, the speaker retorted that he was as qualified to speak for Organized Labor as Mr. Marks was.

Deputy Ministers To Get Increase

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—It is understood that in harmony with the reorganization of the Civil Service the estimates will provide for a raise in salaries of Deputy Ministers from $5,000 to $6,000. Such Deputy Ministers as get more than $5,000 would also get a considerable raise.

Vincent Massey Succeeds Daly

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—It is officially announced that on the expiration of the three months which he agreed to devote to the work of repatriation, the Director, Mr. H. J. Daly, requests the committee of the Cabinet that he be relieved of the work as the preliminary organization has been completed. It is understood that his services will still be available in an advisory capacity.

Mr. Vincent Massey who has been closely associated with Mr. Daly from the beginning as assistant director will succeed Mr. Daly.

GAMBLERS DRESS AND FEED VICTIM

WINNINGS WERE $15,000 WHILE LOSSES AMOUNTED TO ONLY $200.

New York, Feb. 13.—Two alleged gamblers, who maintained luxurious quarters on the upper west side, who were said to have required their "guests" to wear evening dress, and whose records, according to the police, showed evening's winnings as high as $15,000, and mapimum losses of $200, were arraigned in the Police Court here today by detectives, who seized their paraphernalia, including roulette wheels and loaded dice, and a set of gilt-edged books listing society prominent persons in various sections of the country, and their occasional movements toward New York.

Th prisoners, who said they were Frank Jones and Grant Fisher, apparently were of middle age. They were held as peepers of a gambling house after Magistrate Corrigan had inspected their gaming apparatus and equipment of tools and materials, which the police declared were used for loading and falsely marking dice.

In the house, the detectives told the court, were costly furniture and paintings ranging in value from $1,000 to $10,000, and a buffet well stocked with liquors and choice cuts of cold fowl and other delicacies. A notice in a bedroom, it was stated, requested guests to appear in evening clothes, and to wear rubber heels. In this chamber, the police asserted, were forty dress suits, and patrons who came in business clothes were fitted out from the stock.

Says King Edward Caused State War

London, Feb. 13.—In one of the most remarkable statements made from the German side since the close of the war, the former Crown Prince blames the late King Edward VII for provoking the conflict. John T. Parkerson, correspondent of the Daily Express, wires an interview with the younger Hohenzollern from his place of exile, Wieringen, Holland.

In defending his part in the world's greatest drama, the Crown Prince said: "If you want to know who started the war I will tell you: it was Edward VII. I have talked with him for hours at a time, just as we are talking now. I know perfectly what was in his mind. He did not want to fight Germany; he wanted to squeeze her, but the creation of the Entente was the beginning of the world war. Neither my father nor I began it."

SMALL SHIPS BETTER

Premier Gives Reason for Withdrawing Big Vessels

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 13.—Mayo Hawkins who, on behalf of the city protested the withdrawing of big steamers such as the Olympic and Aquitania from the service of transporting Canadian troops home from England, has been advised by the Premier's secretary at Ottawa that he has received the following cablegram from the Prime Minister:

"Am advised that transportation of Canadian troops by small ships insures greater dispatch in entraining troops for disposal centres and prevents congestion and confusion. The action alluded to was based on this consideration."

Cobalt's War Funds Totalled $200,000

Cobalt, Feb. 13.—The Cobalt $5,000 Club, which since early in the war has been the clearing house in the Cobalt camp for all funds collected for war purposes, is ceasing its activities at the end of February. Through the agency of the club during its life over $160,000 was collected for patriotic purposes, which together with about $50,000 raised previous to the formation of the $5,000 Club, brings the total money raised by the people of the silver camp to over $200,000.

And some church members seem to think it is up to the minister to make good for the entire congregation.

EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

You Can Bring Back Color and Lustre With Sage Tea and Sulphur

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is mussy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound and look years younger.

SHOULD CONSULT THE ELECTORS

BRITISH MEMBER SAYS PEOPLE SHOULD VOTE ON PEACE TREATY

London, Feb. 13.—The view that the terms of peace with Germany should be settled before the organization of a Society of Nations is dealt with was expressed in the House of Commons this afternoon by Horatio W. Bottomley.

The speaker declared that the Government would lose a large part of its majority if it brought to the House the draft of a peace treaty which had to be accepted or rejected without alteration. The preliminary treaty, he said, should be initiated and then submitted to the peoples of each country.

Mr. Bottomley said he was not sure that if that were done President Wilson would find that he spoke with such absolute authority for the United States. He said he supposed that in any case President Wilson, on his return to America, would find American idealism taking a very practical form in securing food contracts throughout the world and "scooping the pool while we are talking about a League of Nations."

If there had been no disagreement at the Peace Conference, as had been said in the King's Speech, Mr. Bottomley added, then the question of freedom of the seas had gone, the Dominions were to be supreme regarding the German colonies, and the Premier's promises as to indemnities were to be carried out, or "someone had sold the pass."

Twenty-Five Millions For Work in Ontario

Toronto, Feb. 13.—Definite announcement was made yesterday by Sir William Hearst that the Ontario Government had decided to proceed this year with the expenditure of approximately $25,000,000 on buildings and various construction works. This is a considerable increase over the expenditure forecast by Hon. T. W. McGarry in his speech at St. Catharines on February 8, when the total given by him was fourteen millions. The Government is getting these projects under way at once so as to provide employment for the large army of laborers now seeking work. In some cases preliminary work is already under way, and main construction will commence as soon as the weather opens up sufficiently.

A typical instance of Hapsburg policy was when, in 1784, the Czechs and their choral societies suppressed by Joseph II. These choral organizations not only kept alive the people's love of music but their very national life.

Describing how participation in music has affected whole communities, a gentleman describes one town where the man who drives you from the station will likely be singing Elgar's "Caractacus" to you the same evening.

Picking the hits in the popular song world is no sinecure. But they usually have a catchy title, a story that rings true and an easy flowing melody that is easily whistled, hummed and sung.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefield, Feb. 13. — Mrs. Mark Edwards is at present in the village visiting relatives.

Mrs. J. Hunter is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Theo. Crawford.

Mr. Judson Hall, who is attending the Peterborough Business College, spent the week-end at his home in the village.

Mrs. Burgess and Miss Lelia Burgess spent a couple of days in Peterborough last week.

Mrs. R. H. Alford and Miss Melissa were the guest of Mrs. Frank Gray, Aylmer street, Saturday.

Miss Doris Burgess, who is attending the Peterborough Normal School, spent the week-end at her home in the village.

Major (Rev.) A. H. Frost, pastor of the Methodist Church, spent Tuesday in Peterborough.

Miss Edna Braden returned to the village on Tuesday after spending a few days visiting friends in Peterborough.

Mrs. Elmo Bogue and Miss Rhoda Alford attended the patriotic dance held at Warsaw on the 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Leggott and children have returned to the village after visiting relatives in Montreal.

Miss Grylls spent Tuesday in Peterborough.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Blewett spent the week-end in Peterborough visiting relatives.

Valentine Social.

On Tuesday evening the Young People's Society of the Presbyterian Church held a Valentine social in their Sunday school room. The following program was rendered, after which refreshments were served.

Piano solo—Miss Lola Waldon.
Solo—Miss R. Preston.
Reading—Miss M. Bailey.
Solo—Mrs. M. Osborne.
Trio—Miss Hunter, Mrs. Eddie, Mr. Riddle.
Reading—Miss J. Thompson.
Instrumental—Miss G. Simpson.
Solo—Miss E. Miller.
Reading—Miss Duff.
Solo—Miss E. Webster.
Duet—Mrs. Smith and Miss Burgess.
Solo—Miss Moore.
Reading—Mrs. J. H. Sherin.
Solo—Dr. Smith.
Trio—Miss Hunter, Mrs. Eddie, Mr. Riddle.
Solo—Mrs. Osborne.
Solo—Miss Cullen.

The substantial sum of $17 was realized.

Tuesday afternoon, February 11, the members of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. John's Church held a Valentine afternoon in the Sunday school, the object being to raise funds to buy material for the year's work. About $35 was taken in from the sale of aprons, home-made cooking, candy, etc. An exhibition of war curios was a special attraction which were demonstrated by Messrs. Wm. Hampton and Fred Moon and Mrs. Dudley Chads.

The following curlers spent a couple of days in Peterborough attending the open bonspiel: Dr. S. J. Gibson, C. S. Tanner, T. Braden, J. W. Redpath (skip); D. H. Charlton, J. E. Galvin, E. Q. Dench, J. C. Strickland (skip); W. W. Leonard, Charles Lake, Theo. Crawford, N. A. Moore (skip).

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. E. MOORE, J. B. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 16

BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scotch Knit
"Price" means something.
"Wear" means more.
"Comfort" means most of all.
Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves for men will suit you in all three particulars.
Ask for Ballantyne's.
R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.

KILL AMENDMENT TO MARRIAGE ACT

COMMITTEE REFUSES TO ACCEPT PROPOSAL FOR COMPULSORY EXAMINATION.

Toronto, Feb. 13.—Dr. Forbes Godfrey's proposal to amend the Marriage Act by making the presentation of a medical certificate of physical and mental soundness essentially precedent to the securing of a license to wed, received its death-blow at this afternoon's sitting of the Legislative Committee, which consideration of the medico legislator's proposal was delegated by the House last session.

The suggested amendment was refused on motion of Mr. Ducharme, seconded by Mr. Cameron, Dr. Godfrey's voice being the only one raised on the chairman's call of "contrary."

The rejection of the proposed legislation was based upon expressed conviction that the adoption would impose upon the medical profession unfair and heavy responsibility, would not necessarily operate to prevent the spread of venereal disease, while very possibly resulting in increased immorality, and because the legislation proposed in present form was held to be over-drastic and in advance of crystallized public opinion.

The committee agreed, however, to meet again during the first week of the coming session for the consideration of any further amendments that may then be offered.

Prior to the presentation of the determinative resolution, Dr. Jacques expressed his conviction that such an enactment would unfairly overload physicians with responsibility. At the same time he gravely doubted if placing the proposed restriction upon marriage would not increase rather than diminish the spread of venerial disease and incidentally create new conditions of widespread immorality more difficult to bring under observation and control.

This opinion was shared by Mr. Ducharme, who viewed the proposal as over-drastic and unwarrantably interfering with individual liberty of action.

Mr. Sinclair concurred herein and held that if such legislation be deemed desirable in the public interest its enactment should necessarily be preceded by education of public opinion to receive it.

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So many people are wearing Fowler's new shell rimmed glasses that they are the most popular new style that has come for years. The large, round lenses with their dark rims have a distinguished appearance that is very attractive. Dr. Fowler has a very large stock in every style. With "PEBLO" Lenses they are a good combination.
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RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

WAS READY FOR GERMAN FLEET

BRITISH NAVY'S POSITION ASSURED IN NINETEEN EIGHTEEN, SAYS JELLICOE.

London, Feb. 13.—Lord Jellico's book on the Grand Fleet, which is just published dwells on the dangers to which the fleet was exposed when it was short of cruisers and destroyers and with bases defenceless owing to submarines, mines and torpedoes. He points out that the German sea fleet possessed eighty-eight destroyers compared with the Grand Fleet's forty-five. It is revealed that owing to the submarine menace, the Grand Fleet moved to Lough Swilly and only returned to the North Sea when the Scapa flow anchorage was rendered reasonably safe. Lord Jellicoe says that neither in 1914 or 1916 did the British margin of superiority justify him in disregarding the enemy's torpedo fire. The position gradually improved after 1916 especially as light cruiser and destroyer forces with the Grand Fleet increased steadily after the battle of Jutland, considerably reducing the danger of successful torpedo attacks, while the inclusion of the K class of submarine made it probable that the enemy suffered more severely from submarine attack than the British. Regarding 1918 Lord Jellico says:

"The position was assured and we could have afforded to take risks which in 1916 would have been most unwise. If the German fleet had come out ot battle a terrible punishment awaited it.

"One third of the book is devoted to the battle of Jutland. Summing up the lessons of this fight, Lord Jellico dwells on: "The danger involved in leaving too much to chance in a fleet action, because our fleet was the one and only factor vital to the existence of the Empire and indeed to the allied cause.

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Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.
These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination or drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

THREAT TO DESTROY PLANT

Anonymous Writer Wants Foreigners Dismissed in Montreal Factory.

Montreal, Feb. 13.—Chief Wells, head of the police at the shipbuilding plant here of the Canadian Vickers Ltd., and who sizes up men applying for jobs before sending them to departments, got a letter threatening the destruction of the plant. The letter, which is unsigned and is one of many of a similar nature received recently, demands that every foreigner be expelled from the works before Saturday or they will be blown up.

DON'T LIKE THE POLES

Berlin, Feb. 13 — The City of Bromberg has offered a reward of 300,000 marks ($75,000) to German troops that will free it from the Poles, according to information obtained here today.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK CROSS, FEVERISH

WHEN CONSTIPATED OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

TO INVESTIGATE THE STATEMENT

OF JUDGE LANGELIER AS TO INSTRUCTIONS WHICH HE RECEIVED.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—The Department of Justice is mystified as to where Judge Langelier of Quebec secured his alleged instructions to treat leniently military defaulters. No instructions of such a character were issued either by the Justice Department, the Military Service Council or the Dominion Police. The only explanation Ottawa can see is that the Dominion Police Officer stationed at Quebec on his own initative issued such instructions to the judge. An inquiry is being made and an official statement will be issued giving an explanation as far as the Justice Department a concerned.

No word has been received from Sir Lomer Gouin, Attorney-General of the Province, as to what action he proposes to take and apparently he is still "considering" the matter. He was sent a strong wire of protest last Friday in which the action of Judge Langelier was described as "scandalous." This was before Judge Langelier had made his statement.

CREATES NEW RECORDS

Flies Mile in Little Over 22 Seconds.

Dayton, Fla., Feb. 13—Ralph de Palma broke the world's automobile records for both a mile and a kilometer in straightaway dashes on Daytona Beach. The time for the mile, as announced by officials of the Automobile Association of America was 24.02 seconds, against Bob Burman's record of 25.4 seconds, made in 1911. De Palma's kilometer time was 15.86 seconds, or two seconds below the record.

ADOPT BRITISH PLANS

Peace Commission Approves Idea of Labor Conference.

Paris, Feb. 13.—The Peace Conference Commission on International Labor Legislation adopted articles IV. and V. of the British draft of a plan for an international labor organization.

Article IV. provides that representatives of the Government, employers and workingpeople should be entitled to speak and vote independently at the proposed International Labor Conference without regard to the views expressed by other representatives of their nations.

Article V. provides that the International Labor Conference shall meet in the capital of the Society of Nations unless it is decided by a two-thirds majority to meet elsewhere.

It is also agreed that an office should be established in the capital of the Society of Nations, under the control of a director appointed by the governing body.

MAIL FOR SIBERIA.

Those With Friends in Russia Should Take Notice.

Mails for the expeditionary force in Siberia per steamer Asia close at Vancouver on February 26. Parcel post mails will close at the Peterborough office at 2:45 on the 19th, and first-class mail will be closed and dispatched at 2:45 on the 20th.

"Scooping," either down or up especially by the sopranos, is a habit to be avoided by every choir.

GEN. MEWBURN'S CIRCULAR

To Officers Commanding Units of the Canadian Militia:

Demobilization is proceeding steadily and troops will be returned at the rate of thirty thousand per month during February, March and April, forty thousand in May; forty-five thousand per months thereafter. If this program is carried out, practically the entire C.E.F. should be in Canada by the end of August. On or about the 1st March the first units of the Canadian Army Corps will leave Great Britain for Canada and the balance will follow rapidly.

In view of the foregoing I am daily more impressed with the opportunity which is presented to old regiments of active militia of Canada to offer to their returning comrades a suitable welcome and to play an important part in consolidating and perpetuating the military traditions of our country. The active militia had an honourable history previous to the great war. It bore its part in the defence of Canada in 1812 and 1866; in quelling rebellion in 1885 and in the South African war, 1899-1902. Its members of all ranks who were physically fit went forward to the present war almost to a man. Many fighting battalions are closely affiliated with old regiments of the militia and every battalion contains officers, non-commissioned officers, and men who in days past gave of their time and effort without stint to prepare for the country's defence.

It is hoped that the returning soldier, whose record overseas will be a glorious heritage forever, will regard the militia regiments from which so many of them proceeded as in a real sense their military homes. It is most fitting that the members of those regiments, recognizing the honor which has been gained for them and for Canada by their comrades in arms, should prepare to receive them and incorporate them into the regimental life. Every militia regiment should aim to be a centre of interest to which soldiers from overseas will naturally turn for comradeship and if need be for assistance.

A committee, of which Major General Sir W. D. Otter, K. C. B., C. V. O., is chairman, is giving special consideration to the problem of reorganization of the active militia, upon a plan which will at once preserve the history of the militia regiments and perpetuate the identity of overseas battalions. In a recent letter, Lieut.-General Currie, K.C.B., G.O.M.G., Commander of the Canadian Army Corps, says in part as follows "I am all with you in your desire to link up the units constituting the overseas force with the old units o Canda. We must work together to see that this is done, for it would be to our lasting disgrace if we were to allow a system which would get perpetuate the traditions so hardly won in the field." Pending a settlement of this intricate question it is hoped that all returned soldiers, even though they do not wish at present to enroll in militia regiments, will associate themselves with them and give them the advantage of their active interest and prestige.

Meanwhile it is hoped that all ranks of the militia will devote themselves in putting their regiments in order increasing their strength, perfecting their organization, and generally making ready for the important task which lies before them. This should be a labour of love and I have no doubt every officer, N. C. O. and men of all regiments will so regard it.

(Sgd.) S. C. NEWBURN,
Major General.
Minister of Militia and Defence

Italy's Foreign Minister Is a Very Brilliant Man, But Not Modern in Views

WHILE he was in Italy President Wilson had a conference with Baron Sonnino, the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, and unless all reports are at fault, found him as hard to convince as Clemenceau regarding the advisability of a League. Sonnino is a statesman of the old-fashioned sort, who believes that to the victor belong the spoils and who places no confidence in altruism or abstract justice as a workable proposition.

For many years Sonnino has been a commanding figure in Italian affairs and has won the respect even of his opponents for his courage and honesty. He has been Premier of Italy twice, each time for only 100 days, and has held other Cabinet positions at various times. He has been a journalist, diplomat and politician all his long life.

Sonnino is the second son of a wealthy citizen of Pisa, of Jewish extraction, who professed Christianity. The baron was born in Alexandria, Egypt, in 1849. His mother was an English woman, and this may explain the pro-British attitude which Baron Sydney has always shown. The family returned from Alexandria to Pisa, where the younger son received his education. He received the degree of LL.D. from the University of Pisa at an early age, and entered the diplomatic service two years later.

He won a post in the Foreign Office, and was attached in turn to the Italian legations of Madrid, Vienna, Berlin, and Versailles. In 1873 he returned to Italy, and, with his friend, Leopold Franchetti, and Pasquale Vilbari, made an exhaustive inquiry into conditions in Sicily, and published a two-volume report of their work. Afterward Sonnino and Franchetti founded in Rome a weekly review, the Rassegna Settimanale. Sonnino remained editor from its start, in 1878, until it was merged into a daily, in 1882. In 1880 he was elected a deputy from San Casciano, Valdi Pesa, near Florence, to the Fourteenth Congress, and has ever since represented that district.

Sonnino's first appearance as a Cabinet member was in 1887, when he succeeded Gerardi as Under Secretary of State for the Treasury, in which post he remained until the fall of the Crisp Ministry, in 1889.

In 1895 Sonnino made a famous attack on the Fortis Ministry, which drove it from power. Sonnino succeeded as Premier, but was soon himself overthrown.

Not until 1909 did Sonnino again regain his power, and then his Premiership lasted, through a queer coincidence, but 100 days. As before, he was overthrown through a vote on a question of general policy, and again Giolitti, his opponent throughout his political life, succeeded him.

In 1901 Sonnino launched Il Giornale d'Italia, a daily newspaper, upon a successful career in Rome.

He has been Italy's Foreign Secretary since the war began.

We Certainly Would.

"Would you call eating lobster and cream putting down a disturbance?" queries a correspondent.

Daily Thought.

Ill can he rule the great that cannot reach the small.—Spencer.

BETTERING GRAPEFRUIT.

Experiments Tried to Improve the Quality of the Fruit.

Who has not been overcome with confusion when, breaking his fast at a strange table, the juice of the grapefruit squirted into his eyes or over his clothing as he pressed the spoon home between the seed segments?

And who, even admitting that many a good breakfast has been spoiled by such an outward incident, would expect one of the biggest agencies of the United States Government to devote its energies to producing a grapefruit that would not squirt?

And, as altruistic effort wisely directed, is never wholly lost, the result has been not only a non-squirting fruit, but one that has many other good points.

It has always been recognized, ever since old Capt. Shadock introduced the grapefruit into England from the wild groves of the East Indies, and gave it his own name, that neither the pear-shaped fruit that he found nor the round pomelo was all that it might be. The combined bitter-sweet flavor of the juice was attractive to many palates, but the sour was a little too pronounced and all but epicures insisted upon adding sugar. Horticultural experts devoted to citrus fruit culture and propogation saw in the tangerine, with all its condemning characteristics, others that might make it a desirable joint parent with the pomelo of a new fruit combining the good in both. Of course, the union might bring out only the bad qualities in both, but that is a chance to be taken in all propagation.

For years the Department of Agriculture has been testing crosses between various varieties of citrus fruits, few of which have proved to be worth while, but the cross of the tangerine and the grapefruit, to which the most attention was given, has proved to be worthy and has been named tangelo.

As a class, these fruits resemble oranges more than either of their parents and are exceedingly variable, sister fruits from seeds of a single cross-pollinated fruit even being very unlike. Second-generation seedlings, however, reproduce the parent variety almost as closely as though grown from a bud of the parent tree.

Two well-recognized varieties have been thoroughly tested, and for a number of years have been distributed to co-operators for further trial. These tangelos are called the Sampson and the Thornton. The Sampson is, under normal conditions, a decidedly late fruit, maturing in Florida through March, April and May. The Thornton is considerably earlier, the time of ripening, however, seeming to vary in different sections, though it usually is not mature before January or February. Some trees, however, have lately come to notice, the fruit of which is distinctly early ripening in November and December.

Gaza.

Gaza has played a rather more important part than Beersheba in the history of Palestine. With it are prominently associated the life-works of many of the prophets, while Samson's connection with it is well known. Destroyed in 634 by the Arabs, it was restored by the Crusaders and passed into the hands of Saladin in 1470. It has come into the hands of the Allies during the last year.

Know What He Was Doing.

Visitor—"You were altogether too modest in talking to that gentleman about your golf." Member—"But that gentleman is the chairman of the handicap committee."—Judge.

Theodore Roosevelt Was Explorer and Naturalist, Beloved by Out-door Folk

THERE was a side to Theodore Roosevelt which was almost forgotten by men who write his obituaries. Not so many people knew Roosevelt the explorer and naturalist. Yet this was the man whom out-of-door folk loved and whose word scientists listened to and respected.

As a recreation, during the strenuous years of his diversified life, Col. Roosevelt made himself one of the foremost authorities on American fauna, penetrated the darkest regions of the Dark Continent, to reappear with a notable collection of animals of that land, and plunged into the trackless wastes of the Brazilian hinterland, to return with the story of the discovery of a new river, which now is marked on maps with the legend "Rio Teodoro."

Roosevelt the naturalist was always a surprising quantity to his friends. He amazed the veteran ornithologist John Burroughs by his familiarity with the birds of the United States. He was continually confusing visitors at Sagamore Hill by leaving grave conferences to pursue a strange bird call or an unfamiliar flash of wings until the owner had been identified. To serious and painstaking students of natural history he was friend and brother; to the tellers of long tales concerning the intelligence and prowess of wild creatures he was a terrible enemy. "Nature faker" was the word he coined to describe them, and he attacked their statements with his usual energy in battle.

From the time when, a little lad, he besieged the minister of his church with a demand to be told about that fearsome creature the seal, his interest in the beasts of the

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

earth grew with his body and brain. "What is a seal?" demanded the flabbergasted parson.

"You read about him yesterday," said small Theodore calmly, "in the Psalms."

The minister took down his Concordance. There he found the answer: "For the seal of thine house-hath eaten me up."

It is not on record whether he was branded as a nature faker, forthwith.

His almost feverish love for out-door life was the salvation of Theodore Roosevelt for many years, and eventually was a contributing cause of his death. He never completely recovered from a fever contracted in the Brazilian wilds, but his early delight in nature in the rough developed him from a puny, asthmatic child into the tremendously vigorous man of his later years.

During his years at Harvard he was especially interested in natural science. Here he laid the groundwork for his knowledge of nature and her children, and at one time seriously considered making the study of natural history his life work. Politics intervened and claimed the greater share of his life, but never could divorce him from himself love.

After his preliminary schooling in statecraft in the New York Assembly he retired to his cattle ranch in North Dakota, where he spent the years from 1884 to 1886 living the hard, outdoor life of a rancher and building up that philosophy of existence that found expression in his volume of living close to nature, "The Strenuous Life."

Time and again in his later years, when the tremendous battles that he waged had tired him, the old longing for the open trail returned and sent him forth on lengthy hunting or exploration trips. In 1903, during his first term as President, he went to the Yellowstone on a camping expedition. Several naturalists accompanied him and were astonished at his deep and thorough knowledge of birds and animals of the west. At the end of his second term, in 1909, he made the first of his two great expeditions of scientific investigation. Accompanied by his son Kermit, he penetrated the depths of Africa, hunting the lion, the rhinoceros, the buffalo and the lesser animals of this untouched country, and eventually emerged richer in knowledge as a naturalist and with a collection of skins and heads that has been of tremendous value to students since that time.

In 1912, following his "battle for the Lord" as head of the Bull Moose ticket and the minor but successful legal combat against persons who had accused him of drunkenness, Col. Roosevelt, again accompanied by his son Kermit and numerous naturalists, embarked on what was destined to be the most dangerous and most important of his explorations.

Late in the year, with several Brazilian guides and army officers, his party plunged into the jungles of Brazil, following the Paraguay river to its head waters and then striking into utterly unexplored country. It was here that he discovered the "River of Doubt," so named by him, which provoked a scientific controversy before its existence was finally established. Later the stream was renamed by the Brazilian Government in honor of its discoverer.

The river was a thousand miles long and flowed from a spot 13 south latitude and 59 west longitude, through many doublings and twistings, into the River Madeira. Roosevelt's party followed it for the greater part of its length, passing through stretches of country where the feet of white men had never trodden before. During the journey the Colonel and his fellow naturalists collected more than 2,100 birds and mammals, many new to science.

The expedition passed through the most terrible hardships. For a long time they were on reduced rations, and many of their number, the colonel among them, came down with fever. This attack, it is believed, sapped his hitherto splendid constitution so that he never fully regained his former vigor.

Blood poisoning developed only a year ago, and abscesses formed in his ear, which eventually robbed him of the use of one of these organs.

THE RUSSIAN SOVIETS.

They Do Not Represent the People of a Community.

George Kennan, whose knowledge of Russian affairs is as complete as that of any man on this continent, says in reply to an enquiry from the Outlook:

"The Soviet of Workmen's and Soldiers' delegates in any city, town or village does not represent the people of that city, town or village. It represents mainly the industrial proletariat and the peasant soldiers. Business men, professional men, all the landed proprietors, all the so-called "intelligentsia," all the Constitutional Democrats, Octobrists, Progressives and Monarchists are excluded. There is a sprinkling of Social Revolutionists (pre-war Socialists of the Kerensky type), but they are outnumbered by the Bolsheviki."

The word "soviet" (pronounced 'sovyet,' with the accent on the second syllable) is equivalent to our word "counsel" (advise) and "council" (an assemblage of people, temporary or permanent, for consultation); but in Russian the same serves for both. It was so as well in early English. The distinction between "counsel" and "council" in our language is comparatively modern. "Soviet" means primarily "advice." It was the name of the old Russian Cabinet, and also of the upper house of Parliament under the old regime.

The word "soviet," however, is not used in Russia to designate a town council or a semstvo. The town council (meaning a board of aldermen) is always called a duma (from dumat, to think), and the word "city" or "town" is added to it to distinguish it from the Imperial Duma, or lower house of Parliament. Consequently there are many municipal dumas in Russia as well as the national or Imperial Duma, the lower house of the Parliament. Neither is the word "soviet" applied to a semstvo. "Zemstvo" is derived from "zemlya"—land—and means primarily an assemblage of land holders or owners. With these two exceptions the word "soviet" is applied to any body of men that we should call a "council," as, for instance, the Soviet of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

Weather Prophets.

Undoubtedly there is a great relation between the elements and certain complaints, in the same way that some seasons of the year render certain people liable to illness more than others.

The lower we investigate in the animal world the more prone are its subjects to be affected by the weather. A cat for as much as three days beforehand feels a coming storm; a horse's fine nostrils can sniff approaching rain in an uncanny manner. The birds of the air have but to be watched to see the way in which they seek their nests at a hint of danger in the air.

The very trees and plants tremble in a peculiar manner before a severe storm. Many human beings are just as sensitive to the marked of the elements, but do not always realise the significance of their sensitiveness. People who suffer from gout, rheumatism or neuralgia know at once when bad weather is approaching.

Old wounds will [illegible] at certain times, and the stumps of members long since amputated give pain.

Medical men have never satisfactorily explained these strange phenomena, neither can they tell why some people instinctively become restless and excited, or moody and sullen, before a thunderstorm.—Tit-Bits.

The Reason.

The honors of war do not always rest with the brave. A good story is told of a certain [illegible] judge, who tried [illegible] counsel. Finding [illegible] regarded, and tired of counsel's interminable argument, he at length remarked: "Mr. McQuirter, it's all simply going in here"—indicating his right ear—"and coming out here," pointing to his left. For a moment counsel paused, then quietly retorted in his rich brogue: "Just so, my lord—just so! But what is there to stop it?"

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CASUALTIES IN SERBIA

Washington, Feb. 13. —A cablegram from the headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces in France gave the total casualties in American forces in Siberia up to February 5 as ten officers and 314 men, killed, died of wounds and disease, wounded and missing in action.

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W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

WILL VISIT AMERICA

Paris, Feb. 13.—King Alfonso, of Spain, has definitely decided to visit South America, according to the Gaulois.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 13.—Receipts low, trade slow; prices generally about same as yesterday. Principal changes were:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Medium butcher	9.50	10.50
Choice butcher cows	9.50	11.75
Ewes	8.00	10.00
Lambs	15.50	16.00
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.75	16.75
Calves	16.50	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	26	28
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	18	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	$ 35	$ 35
Eggs	60	60
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$ 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

WINTER PARASOLS.

They Are Becoming a Fad With the Fashionable.

A man, describing a smart feminine costume noted on the street for his wife's benefit the other day, completed his list of furs and coat and hat and boots by saying, "And she carries a green silk parasol."

"A parasol—in February," protested one of his hearers, doubtfully. But it really was a parasol. A winter parasol, or, in other words, one of the new umbrellas that are so pretty and so dainty that they masquerade as sunshades on stormy winter days. They have long, decorative handles, with bracelet loops of cord or rings of pyroxlin, smart, stubby ferrule ends and slimly folding silk covers in gay hues.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*1:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

11:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Malloc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Trouser Button of Old Germany

THERE stands in the North Sea, strongly fortified and bristling with guns, the little island of Heligoland. An impregnable outpost of the German Empire, it has abundantly proved its worth during the four years of war.

Proof against attack from the sea, it has been an unpierced shield of defence for the mouth of the Elbe and the Kiel Canal. Without the efficient protection which Heligoland afforded, the German submarines would not have enjoyed half the freedom of movement which has been theirs. Nor could the Kaiser have dreamed the pleasant dream of making the Baltic a Prussian lake if he had not known himself the island's master. He at any rate did not undervalue what to some has seemed an insignificant island. "To-day this trouser-button," said he a year ago of Heligoland, "holds our whole suit together," and he was right.

And less than thirty years ago Heligoland was ours. Deliberately we gave to Germany what seemed a barren piece of earth, set in the sea, and she lost no time in converting it into a stronghold against us. If we want a text for a sermon on the thoughtlessness of politicians we may find it in the history of Heligoland.

For the best part of a century it belong to the British, and Britain acquired it in 1807 because had it remained in the hands of Denmark or been seized by Napoleon it would have gravely endangered our mastery of the sea. After the Treaty of Tilsit George Canning discovered that Napoleon and Alexander had resolved to force Denmark into a maritime league against Great Britain. "If Britain refuses to accept the Russian mediation," said Napoleon, "Denmark must declare war against her or I must declare war against Denmark." Canning lost no time; he would not risk the starvation of the British Isles. He bombarded Copenhagen, after due warning and with excellent reason, and captured Heligoland.

Thus he put an end to the vast smuggling trade which Denmark carried on for the profit of France, and gave a practical answer to Napoleon's demand for the freedom of the seas. In 1815 Heligoland was formally ceded to Great Britain, in whose peaceful hands it remained until 1890.

For seventy-five years Heligoland lived a life of idleness and of peace. And then she was made the poor victim of such a bargain between Great Britain and Germany as I hope will never be made again. The Germans, always troublers of the feast, were doing their best to thwart Great Britain's policy of expansion in Africa. If they could not colonize themselves, thought they, they might at least prevent others from colonizing, and knowing that we had ambitions in Zanzibar they demanded Heligoland in exchange for their complaisance.

This was not the first time they had attempted to lay hands upon the island. In 1883 Bismarck announced that Germany intended to make a canal to the Baltic, "which would offer great commercial advantages to England," and that a good fortified harbor in Heligoland was necessary for the security of this canal. Germany was ready, said Bismarck, to build the harbor at her own expense and to grant all its advantages freely to England! For some reason or another the project fell to the ground in 1883, to be revived in 1890, and it is hardly worth while to add that the advantages of the fair, commodious harbor were not then shared by the too amiable Great Britain.

To read Lord Salisbury's speech on the cession of Heligoland, delivered in 1890, is to marvel at our simplicity. In exchange for an indispensable "rock," as Bismarck was careful to call it, we received a promise that Germany would not oppose our assuming the protectorate of Zanzibar or controlling the Sultanate of Witu. Of what value, I wonder, have these privileges proved to us? Lord Salisburg, as in duty bound, painted the advantages which we should reap in glowing colors. We should be able, by Germany's leave, to increase our commerce and to suppress the slave trade. And, after all, of what use was Heligoland to Great Britain, a barberless, unfortified islet? Were we at war with Germany it could easily be taken from us, and its loss would expose us to a grave humiliation. Then, by a fine irony, Lord Salisbury expressed the fervent hope that the bargain, which gave neither power an advantage over the other, "would cement the friendship of the two countries and remove all danger of future conflict."

Had he but foreseen, as the Germans foresaw, that in the conflict which was sure to come Heligoland would be the trouser-button which held the German suit together, how gladly would he have sacrificed the protectorate of Zanzibar and let other hands suppress the slave trade!

But if the cession of Heligoland and its consequences were ill understood in England, the news of it caused the wildest enthusiasm in Germany. The Kaiser, in those days a master of spectacle, was at Osborne when the agreement was signed, and set sail for Heligoland attended by his fleet. After a pompous ceremony he assumed the sovereignty of the island, and forthwith set about the work of fortification. The harbor was built, and no more was heard of the commercial advantages which Great Britain and Germany were to share. What had been a mere friendly watering-place was swiftly converted into a stronghold which no strangers might visit, upon which no alien eye might ever look. Truly Germany had the best of the bargain.

GREENLAND A PRIZE.

May Be Awarded to Canada by Peace Conference.

In making a new map of the world, the task of the Paris Peace Conference, it is quite possible Canada may extend her territory in the Far North. Denmark is anxious to obtain North Schleswig and is indifferent to the future of Greenland. In fact, it is useless territory to the little European country, and the Danes would welcome being relieved of responsibility of their last colony in exchange for a portion of the territory wrested from them by Prussia in the sixties. It is quite possible that Canada may be asked to assume, with the consent of Denmark and the Allied powers, authority over Greenland. Certainly with the development of the submarine and the danger of foreign submarine bases in proximity to another country no other nation will be permitted to occupy Greenland but Canada if a change in the sovereignty of that country is determined. Nor should any people be indifferent to the acquisition of this territory. Their chief knowledge of Greenland is drawn from that old hymn, "From Greenland's Icy Mountains." It should be remembered that one of the great prizes in the national real estate market is Spitzbergen, despised for centuries and known only as a base for Polar exploration or whale fishing. Its mineral wealth has been discovered to be enormous and European countries are coveting this "northern waste." So, too, the mineral and sea wealth of Greenland may be of equal, or even greater value, and Canada might find in "Greenland's Icy Mountains" and seas an indemnity for a considerable portion of our war expenditure.

Signifies Honorary Promotion.

Brevet is a French word, meaning commission or warrant. In military usage it gives an officer higher nominal rank than the one for which he receives pay. It is an honorary promotion. The first time it was used in the United States army was in 1812, when Capt. Zachary Taylor, who afterward became president, was made major by brevet for his brave defense of Fort Harrison against the Indians, near Terre Haute.

Rivetless Ship.

There has been much discussion of late about the feasibility of building electrically-welded steamships and thereby avoiding the time and expense consumed in riveting. From England comes word of the completion of a rivetless 275-ton barge, supposedly the largest electrically-welded craft so far produced. It is 125 feet over all, and 16 feet of beam. The hull is rectangular in section amidships—only the bilge plates being curved. All water-tight joints as far up as the latter are continuously welded on both sides, while those hereafter are tack-welded on one side. The process permitted an estimated saving of from 25 to 40 per cent. in time and 10 per cent. in material. The expense of welding amounted to $1,500, $890 of which was for electrodes. In normal times this item would be less by about 60 per cent. Another experimental barge, with certain parts riveted and others welded, is to be built.

Many Soldiers Insane.

On account of the fact that there are likely to be in Canada many men permanently disabled, the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment is likely to continue for a long period of years to come, according to Sir James Lougheed.

"We have, unfortunately, between 800 and 1,000 insane soldiers on our hands, who will require attention for many years, as well as many tubercular patients, and in addition to that there will have to be institutions for the permanent care of men who are totally disabled," said Sir James recently, in answer to a question as to the duration of the work of the department.

"About a year after demobilization is concluded," he said, "the re-educational work of the department should be completed. I understand that it will be eight or nine months before demobilization is completed on account of the fact that we cannot absorb the men any faster than that. There are difficulties of the carrying companies to be got over, and twenty thousand men a month is all that we can expect during the winter months."

Sir James explained that the number of amputation cases which require attention means delay in the winding up of the work of the department, as these men must be restored to the maximum amount of efficiency before they are discharged."

In regard to the large number of insane, he said that while many of them will ultimately recover their sanity there are many who will not and must be looked after for years, if not all their lives.

"We are trying to do everything we possibly can for the soldiers, but I do not know of anything special that has not been announced," he said in reference to the immediate plans of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, over which he presides.

An Ancient Church.

The old Church of All Saints in the little village of Witley, in Surrey, England, has often been filled on a Sunday evening with Canadians from the camp, and four of the battalions have deposited their colors in it for safe keeping. Last spring some men of the 134th Battalion started the idea of placing some memorial in the church as a token of the good-will which has existed between them and the villagers. The idea was received with enthusiasm and £77 was quickly subscribed. As a result some oak paneling has been placed all along the south wall of the nave. This wall was built before 1050 A.D., in Anglo-Saxon days, when Edward the Confessor was King. It will bear the following inscription, "To the glory of God, this oak paneling was placed in this ancient church of the Motherland by Canadians in Witley Camp, 1918. United by loyalty in sacrifice and faith."

On Dec. 6th, the gift was dedicated by the Right Rev. Edward Talbot, Bishop of Winchester, in the presence of the Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, who took the place of Sir Robert Borden, who was prevented from being present. After the vicar, the Rev. E. J. Newitt, had told the story of the gift, the service began with the singing of "O Canada." The bishop made the dedication, other prayers followed for the fallen, for peace and for the Empire.

PATRIOTIC CONVICTS.

Those In English Jails Responded to Calls Made on Them.

Sir Evelyn Ruggles-Brise, director of the English convict prisons, finds that the British prison population has been extremely loyal during the war. Inmates of prisons have not only responded to the call on them for increased manufacturing output, but many of them on release have volunteered for military service. Examples are not infrequent of men with the gravest criminal records performing acts of sacrifice or gallantry, while several have been decorated and a number have been killed in battle.

Sir Evelyn told the story of a man who had received three sentences of penal servitude, and whose whole history showed him to be a man of violent character, embittered against society, enlisted on his release in 1914, invalided after service in the fighting line, he volunteered to have another man's life by giving his blood for transfusion. During the operation he contracted blood poisoning and was very ill. After recovery he obtained a first-class certificate as bombing instructor and returned to the front, where he won the Military Medal and Distinguished Conduct Medal. His officer reported: 'He is one of our best N.C.O.'s and has rendered splendid service throughout, and that after three months in the hottest part of the line'."

The following are the figures of the average daily prison population in England for the last year before the war and for this year:

	1913.	1918.
Convict prisons	3,704	1,893
Local prisons	14,353	7,355
Borstal institutions	924	726
State inebriate reformatories	61	

The average value of prison labor has increased nearly 50% since the war, according to Sir Evelyn.

A Mistake In the Bill.

The late John Morgan Richards was known to fame as the father of John Oliver Hobbes and as the biggest patent medicine advertiser of the past generation. Richards hated doctors, but he was taken down with the grippe during the epidemic of 1889, and a fashionable London specialist pulled him through. "By the way, doctor," he said, "is it true that you physicians have abandoned bleeding?" "Quite true," the doctor agreed, "we haven't done any bleeding for a hundred years." "Very well, then, doctor," he said, "there's a serious mistake in my bill."

The Value of Poetry.

According to Alfred Noyes, the war has caused a dreadful slump in poetry. Everything else has gone up 300 to 400 per cent., but it is said that before the war a sonnet could bring $24.80 on the market. Mr. Noyes laughed delightfully as he did proverb so as to hide its point. "Poets are born, not paid."—London Opinion.

New Alphabet for Japan.

Japan is considering the adoption of an alphabet of forty-seven letters, most of which are Roman characters, some Russian and the remainder original symbols.

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IF I THOUGHT I LOOKED LIKE AN INDIAN I'D GO OUT LIKE THIS.
BY GOLLY I'LL SEND FOR A MESSENGER AN' STEAL HIS CLOTHES
THERE'S THE BELL NOW AT LAST A ROLLIN-PIN COMES IN HANDY FER ME.
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MAJOR BELMONT LOOKS FOR RENEWAL OF RACING

Chairman of New York Jockey Club Says Race Horse Has Distinguished Himself in the Great War and Predicts Brilliant Future For Sport in America and Abroad.

Major August Belmont, chairman of the Jockey Club, who recently returned from abroad, is more than ever convinced as a result of his observations of the necessity for racing as an essential in the improvement of the horse product of the country. He found the keenest interest manifested in the thoroughbred in France and England, and looks for a renewal of racing abroad and something of this same scale as prevailed before the war.

As far as the sport at home is concerned he anticipates a successful season, and the news that he will take the same active interest in the turf as formerly will be welcomed by all those who have the best interests of the sport at heart. "Everybody abroad concedes the all important part cavalry played at decisive moment in the great struggle," said Major Belmont a few days ago. "The thoroughbred is the prime factor in the production of this type, and no less an authority than Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief, himself a cavalryman and a sincere lover of the horse, whose charger is the thoroughbred Croesus, has indorsed the wisdom of breeding horses for the two military virtues of hardiness and activity. He is on record as expressing the opinion 'that the best animals for army purposes also are the most valuable for agriculture, commerce and sport.'"

Illustrating the adaptability of the thoroughbred as a trooper's mount, Major Belmont said:

"My son, Lieut. Raymond, of the headquarters mounted troop of the 78th Division, rode all through the heavy fighting in the Argonne during the last seven weeks of the war a three-year-old filly by Rabelais, out of Field Mouse, bred at my Haras de Villers. He writes me that she was absolutely fearless under fire, and stood the campaign and exposure better than the cold blooded horses. He says that many French officers ride thoroughbreds, some of not great substance, but the universal opinion among those who practice it and do not theorize, as many of our best horse men are apt to do at home, is that the thoroughbred is tougher and more courageous than his less well bred brother. The only thing is that he must be educated to his calling as a cavalry mount and not be a graduate of the race course.

"Our officers," resumed the Major, "have in many cases attempted the use of race course castoffs. It was done on the Mexican border with unfortunate consequences to the reputation of the thoroughbred. There always will be exceptions, but a thoroughbred should be brought up and trained for his career, whether it be polo pony, hunter, charger or light draft, just as much as the human, if a proper average of success is to be achieved.

"Raymond was short of a mount when his division was stationed not far from my Haras de Villers, and I cabled him he could have whatever he might find to suit him. The three-year-old filly Fickle had been turned out and never broken, destined for the sale. Raymond took her because of her substance, broke her as he went along and within a few months she was doing regular field service, campaigning with the best of them and holding her own in health and flesh."

In commenting upon racing and its connection with breeding, Major Belmont said:

"Racing cannot exist without its faults and weaknesses, which are well known, although grossly exaggerated, but its usefulness and necessity for the preservation of the light horse must now more than ever be recognized as of national importance. I hope it will be finally favored by our governments, state and national, and encouraged in a rational and broad spirited way. Stop calling it the sport of kings; it is a sport of the people, and for the good of one of their most valuable assets for all time.

"I hope," said Major Belmont in conclusion, "to become more useful to the thoroughbred interests than I have been heretofore, if peace, as I believe it will, bring me more leisure."

HORSE COST $50 AND WON $14,000

EARLY OWNERS OF PRINCE LAREE BELIEVED HE WAS USELESS.

The all-aged trotting champion of 1918, which won over $14,000 in purses, was once sold for $50.

Walter Cox, the New Hampshire trainer, owned Prince Loree as a yearling, but thought so little of him that he included him in the "to boot" part of a trade. The Pastime stable which next owned the gelding, decided he was a "bust," and sold him to Al Pennock for the sum of $50. The latter gave Prince Loree a tryout, decided he was no good, and then sold him to Capt. David Shaw, the Cleveland horseman, for $125.

Shaw campaigned Prince Loree in the amateur events in Cleveland for a while, discovered his ability, and then started him over the Grand Circuit. Under the skillful handling of Mike McDevitt, the gelding soon rounded into a world-beater, and finished the 1918 season with a mark of 2:04½ and with $14,000 of winnings to his credit.

RESUME SPORTS AT COLLEGES

REORGANIZATION MEETING CALLED FOR KINGSTON, WEEK FROM SATURDAY

Montreal, Feb. 13. — That all branches of sports will be revived at the various Canadian universities is assured by the announcement of the annual meeting of the Canadian Intercollegiate Amateur Athletic Association. The meeting will be held at Kingston on Saturday, February 22, when plans for the coming season will be decided on.

A movement to revive football has been carried on for the past two or three months and arrangements have been completed at McGill, Queen's R. M. C. and the University of Toronto to take up the gridiron game next season. This also will be dealt with at the meeting at Kingston.

McGill and Queen's Universities favor a complete resumption of sports on a pre-war basis, while R. M. C. will follow with Queen's in whatever stand they take. No announcement has been made from Toronto other than that the University Athletic Association would be ready to take up sports next autumn. That announcement was made following an effort of McGill to reorganize the hockey union.

AMENDING RULES OF JOCKEY CLUB

MEETING OF MOMENTOUS INTEREST TO TURF WORLD TO BE HELD TODAY

New York, Feb. 13.—At the meeting of the stewards of the Jockey Club tomorrow afternoon several propositions which are particularly important to the turf world will come up for adjudication. Chief of these will be the Hitchcock amendment in the barring of unsexed horses and the proposed new scale of weights.

The proposed gelding amendment, which has been framed to read that "no gelding three-year old and upward shall be qualified to start in any race closing 72 hours before the date of running, except handicaps and selling races.", will probably be thrown into the discard along with many similar contemplated amendments which have not been considered as being for the welfare of the turf.

The proposed new weight scale has many meritorious features and is expected to take care of the various divisions as the season progresses in a manner which will work satisfactorily for all concerned.

In addition to the foregoing, the questions of officials, licenses and the Maryland dates will probably be acted upon. As to the latter, it is more than likely that Bowie will be allotted the period from April 1 to 16, inclusive; Havre de Grace from April 16 to 30 and Pimlico from May 1 to 17, with the Preakness, the stellar three-year-old attraction of the early year in the East, slated for decision on May 14.

Tchaikowsky, the most distinguished representative of modern Russian musical compositions, was born on Christmas Day. That event was quite fitting as Christmas and music are inseparable.

Sir George Grove, editor in chief of the monumental "Dictionary of Music and Musicians," was by profession a civil engineer. He was knighted by Queen Victoria in 1883.

Tankard Goes To Stratford Curlers

Stratford, Feb. 13.—E. A. Cash's rink of Startford lifted the Western Ontario Tankard by defeating Taylor of Galt by 14 to 6. This rink has put up a consistently good game all through the tournament. It consists of Tubman, McKay, Mallion and Cash. The fight in the finals for the Victor Challenge Trophy narrowed down to Miller and McFadgen, both of Stratford, McFadgen winning by 4 to 3.

In the contest for the Windsor Trophy the finals were between Tovell of St. Marys and Milne of Plattsville. The ice had much water on it for the latter part of the play, but, notwithstanding this, there was some fine curling. Tovell won by 3 to 1.

Kitchener Is Put Out of Running

Woodstock, Feb. 13.—Kitchener Union Jacks were vanquished by the local juniors here last night in a fast game by the score of 5 to 1. The Red and White overcame the one-goal lead obtained by Kitchener in the latter city Monday night, and thus proceeded to win the round by a margin of three goals.

The Kitchener boys played good hockey but were unable to keep up with the Red and Whites. The Schnarr brothers played great hockey for the visitors, while Bill Carson, Frank Carson, King and Shea starred for the locals.

The game was witnessed by the largest crowd of the season. The first period ended in Woodstock's favor, with the score standing 3 to 1. The second frame was a draw, and in the final period the locals notched two more, making it 5 to 1. The teams:

Woodstock — Goal, Dunlop; defence, Shea and King; centre, Trump; wings, F. Carson and W. Carson. Subs—Dubrule and Johnston.

Kitchener—Goal, Schmelis; defence, Trunshinski and Gildner; centre, W. Schnarr; wings, Fritz and G. Schnarr. Subs—Hans and Schell.

Referee—Tom Munro, London.

Big Prices For Trotting Horses

Springfield, O., Feb. 13. — Horsemen from all parts of the United States attended the Park Farm dispersal sale here. Sixty head were sold for $33,190, many of them being brood mares and colts, and the property of the late John Snyder.

Binland, 2.03¾, winner of the Transylvania at Lexington last fall, sold for $9000, being purchased by W. J. Myers, of Springfield. Binland will be raced again this year by Trainer Frank Hedrick.

Otoland Axworthy (3), 2.07½, was sold to Charles Nicholson, South Charleston, O., for $5,050.

Pintara (3), 2.08¼, was sold to David Shaw of Cleveland for $4600.

It was estimated that more than 1,500 horsemen attended the sale.

War Cost All Powers $193,000,000,000

Washington, Feb. 13.—The total cost of the war to all belligerents, including the Central Powers, was placed at $193,000,000,000 by Secretary Baker in an address here last night at the American Women's "Victory Dinner." This estimate, the secretary said, was based on figures just compiled by the War College.

Settle Contest Tomorrow Night

The blind score contest of 120 will be played off on Friday evening at 8 o'clock at the Water street alleys. The names of players in the contest are as follows:—Bannor, Ridgeon, Platt, Roberts, Read, Simmons, Rattenbery, Moore, Labave, J. Gordon.

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"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

IT PAYS

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

Temple songsters are requested to attend practice this evening at 7.45 sharp.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Silvered oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

GIRL'S COUNCIL

The Girls' Council will meet in the Green Room of the Y. W. C. A. at 7.30 on Friday evening instead of Saturday.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

KNOX CHURCH CHOIR

Knox Church choir rehearsal tonight at eight o'clock.

LOU J. BEAUCHAMP

"The thinker who makes you laugh. The humorist who makes you think." In his famous lecture, "Take the Sunny Side," third of the Redpath Lyceum Series, Conservatory Hall, Thursday, Feb. 13th. General admission 75c.

"HERE AND THERE IN OLD LONDON"

What are the ladies of Trinity Church doing now?

Why they are giving another Cafeteria Tea.

When? Feb. 14th, commencing 5 p.m.

Where? Trinity Church basement, south entrance.

Programme, best yet!

Illustrated travel talk on "Old London," Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

NO PRACTISE TONIGHT

All Saints' Choir will not hold a practice tonight.

PROGRESSIVE EUCHRE ON ST. VALENTINE'S DAY

A Progressive Euchre, under the auspices of St. Peter's Ladies' Aid, will take place on St. Valentine's evening, Feb. 14th, in St. Alphonsus Lyceum. First, second and third prize for ladies, also for gentlemen. First-class lunch served, to commence at 8 o'clock sharp. Please be on time.

SECRETARY, K. C.

HOME TALENT PLAY

The Whatsoever Young Ladies' Bible Class of Trinity church will present a home talent play on Friday evening, March 28. Remember the date and look for further particulars.

SCHOOL GROUNDS FOR PLAY.

The principle of using school grounds for supervised play the year round after the school hours, was adopted at a meeting of the sub-committee of the City Parks Committee and the Property Committee of the Board of Education held in the city hall at Toronto yesterday afternoon.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held in the Green Room of the Y. W. C. A., February 24th, at 3.30 p.m.

WELCOME DRIVER DEVEY

St. John's Choristers will Hold Reception This Evening

St. John's Choristers meet in the Guild Room tonight for practice at 8 p.m.. Boys at 7.30.

A social hour will be spent after the practice to welcome home Driver Harold Devey after three years on active service.

DIED

COULTER—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, Bessie Meredith Coulter. Funeral from the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. A. A. McIntyre, 559 Aylmer street, on Saturday, Feb. 16th. Service conducted at the house by Rev. Canon Davidson at 2 p.m. Interment in Little Lake cemetery.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Lou Beauchamp who lectures at the Conservatory Holl tonight has arrived in the city and is registered at the Empress Hotel.

MOVED TO NEW OFFICES TODAY

The Peterborough Security Co. today moved their office from 421 George street to rooms 202 and 203, Barrie building, a change to more commodious premises made imperative by the rapid expansion of their business since its establishment in this city under the energetic management of Mr. Hughson Johnstone.

The Peterborough Security Co. handle general insurance, including fire, life, accident, plate glass, casualty and automobile; they also deal in bonds and securities of all kinds. Their business operations cover the whole of Peterborough district.

AUSTRALIA TO AID FARMERS

STATE PROMISES ADVANCE OF 97 CENTS A BUSHEL ON WHEAT.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—Some interesting particulars of the steps taken by the Givernment of the Australian Commonwealth to assist the wheat growers of the island contenant are contained in a report to the Department of Trade and Commerce from Mr. H. D. Ross, Canadian Trade Commissioner at Melbourne. He states that, independent of earlier guarantees made by several State Governments, owing to the Federal Government not having come to a decision in the matter, the Commonwealth Government has decided to make advances of 97 cents per bushel to farmers on the 1918-1919 crop of recognized quality. This guarantee immediately relieved the State Governments from any liability in making advances to farmers.

The advance will involve a payment by the Government of more than $60,000,000, in addition to railway freight and all expenses in handling, but will afford prompt relief to wheat growers, who, through an unfavorable season, will have a much restricted production.

An estimate made by the Australian Wheat Board puts the available supply of wheat in Australia at 156,266,000 bushels. Many steamers have been released to load the purchases made by the British Government, which, however, did not buy any of the 1917-1918 crop, upon which the Commonwealth Government advances now total $55,000,000.

CARNEGIE'S RICH GIFT TO QUEEN'S

MAKES GRANT OF $250,000 AS A MARK OF FRIENDSHIP

Kingston, Feb. 13.—In announcing to Principal Bruce Taylor the decision of the Carnegie Corporation of New York to vote a grant of a quarter of a million dollars to Queen's University, James Bertram, Secretary of the Corporation, says that "the usefulness of Queen's as a home of sound learning and an educational force; the noble spirit exhibited by the institution in the devotion of her faculty and students and alumni to the cause of their country in the great war, and a strong desire to be friends of Canada in her hard task of reconstruction after her great sacrifices," made it a pleasure for the trustees of the Carnegie Corporation to make the gift.

This grant is related to that made by the will of Dr. James Douglas, and is conditional upon the raising of the residue of the $500,000 necessary to secure the entire amount of the $500,000 legacy contained in Dr. Douglas' will.

FUNNY BILLY MURRAY.

There is one man who can always sing a song to bring a laugh. That man is Billy Murray, who has made so many laugh-producing Victor Records. His latest record—No. 18515—is a dandy. On one side is "The Worst Is Yet To Come" and on the other is "Can You Tame Wild Wimmen?" Call some day at the Victrola Parlors of Ye Olde Firme of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., George and Hunter streets, and hear these two good ones.

The good business man and the business man who is good are not necessarily synonymous.

ATTRACTIONS AT GRAND TONIGHT

PICTURE SHOW AND VAUDEVILLE—"THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE" TOMORROW.

Last night the play "A Little Mother" was presented at the Grand Opera House for a second time. It is one of the finest of its kind that has been seen in this city for a long time. Oscar O'Shea, a former Peterborough boy in the leading role, excelled. His make-up approached perfection and his impersonation of the character he represented was beyond criticism.

Today and tomorrow at the Grand there will be a good motion picture show and vaudeville. The movie attractions are a six reel feature entitled "After the War" in which Grace Cunard plays the leading part and an O. Henry story featuring Alice Howell in "A Cabbage Queen." An instalment of the British Gazette will be shown and an 11 reel performance has been arranged for in addition to the vaudeville by Birch and Birch which takes the form of a singing, talking and musical novelty.

On Saturday at the Grand "The Other Man's Wife" a play which ran for six months at the Republic Theatre in New York will be presented afternoon and evening. This is an attraction of a most superior kind and everyone should see it.

HAVE MOVIES IN THE PRIMARIES

EVERY KINDERGARTEN IN TORONTO TO BE MADE PICTURE HOUSE.

Every kindergarten in the public schools in Toronto is to be fitted up with dark blinds so that it may be turned into an afternoon "movie" room, if the recommendation of the Management Committee, agreed on yesterday afternoon, passes the Board of Education. Dr. Noble and Caroline Brown were enthusiastic in their praise of the educational possibilities of pictured lectures, and agreed that the best method of installing the machines in school was to let the children pay for them gradually on the basis of a 1-cent admission fee.

Upon motion of Dr. Noble it was decided to ask the City Council to submit to a vote of the people the question of whether it was desired to pay salaries to school trustees. Dr. Hunter, the father of the salary scheme, said he had no objection to securing the opinion of the voters.

It was decided to recommend the appointment of a Director of Household Science who would have charge of all the domestic science centres

MONTAGUE LOLE AT THE EMPIRE

A master picture is "The Cross Bearer," in which Montague Love, the immensely popular star in World-picture Brady-Made tells an intense story of love and hate, treachery and divine devotion, cowardice and courage in Belgium at the time of the German invasion. It tells of one of the world-famous portraits in which he saved his ward, Lilma de Merode, from the Hun hordes and united her to her sweetheart after the most thrilling of experiences. "The Cross Bearer" is an altogether exceptional picture. It is a tremendous offering, an attraction altogether extraordinary picture. It is one you must not miss. See it tonight at the Empire Theatre.

LORD CECIL DENIES

Report That There is to be Intended Army.

Paris, Feb. 13.—Lord Robert Cecil, the British representative on the League of Nations Commission, emphatically denied the report spread in Paris today that the League of Nations Commission had approved the creation of an international army, and that the United States and Great Britain had conceded a point to France.

Lord Robert said that, in his opinion, the Commission would decline, moreover, to approve such a plan. He added that such a report must have originated from an enemy of the Peace Conference.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR.

On account of the reception to Mr. Macdonald tonight, the choir practice will be held tomorrow (Friday) at 8 o'clock prompt, instead of this evening. A full attendance is requested.

Many a deluded man who thinks he is marrying a woman discovers later that the woman married him.

FOUR YEAR AGO CANADIAN UNIT LANDED IN FRANCE

Local Veterans Celebrated the Anniversary of This Country's First Direct Participation in the War—Pleasing Entertainment Last Night in Victoria Hall.

There was a good attendance at the first annual renunion of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association in Victoria Hall last night to celebrate the anniversary of the landing in France of the first Canadian contingent.

An exceptionally good representation of returned men was on hand and the band rendered several splendid selections which sounded well in the big hall.

On the platform with President Morrison, who presided, were the guests of the evening—the veterans of 1866, represented by the president, Col. Miller, and Messrs. R. Sanderson, H. Rush, John Kylie, R. Tivey, C. Bourne, P. Thompson, J. McCombe, J. D. Collins, Anderson Nesbitt and Geo. Stanton. Alderman Turner, chairman of the Reception Committee, and Alderman Edgar, represented the city; E. A. Peck, ex-M. P. P., Jos. Wearing, G. N. Gordon, G. A. Gillespie, M.P.P., Rev. Father Phelan, E. G. Patterson, R. R. Hall, ex-M.P., Col. Mills, Col. Johnstone and Capt. Finnimore, of Lakefield.

President Morrison proposed the toast to the king, which was loyally responded to and the National Anthem sung.

In proposing the toast to the British Empire, Mr. G. N. Gordon spoke eloquently. Messrs. E. A. Peck and Jos. Wearing responded.

Th toast to our city was proposed by Alderman J. J. Turner and Mr. G. A. Gillespie replied.

Mr. Herb Rush contributed a song at this point in the proceedings which was much appreciated as was evidenced by the hearty encore.

Col. Joseph Mills proposed the toast to the veterans of 1866. In a short address, he dealt with the events of the first contingent's landing in France, the anniversary of which was being honored at last night's meeting.

He referred to everyone present as comrades, for while they might not have all been comrades in arms, he felt that the kindness and support of the friends who were the guests of the evening had been such as to justify their inclusion under that term.

He outlined briefly the journey of the first contingent, which had taken so long to reach France, from the time when they broke camp at Salisbury Plains on the evening of the 7th of February, until they embarked at the port of Bristol on the night of February 8th. They sailed for the port of St. Nazarre in the Bay of Biscay, which was at that time the British base in France and landed there on the 11th.

On board box cars, they left St Nazarre on the same day and reached Merris on the afternoon of the 13th where they went into billets.

In proposing the toast to the veterans of '66 the Colonel eulogized the spirit they had shown in their day and expressed pleasure at having an opportunity of toasting their health upon such an occasion.

He referred to Col. Miller, their president, as a veteran of the American civil war, in addition to the border raids and stated that age alone prevented him from having taken an active part in the recent struggle He had been well represented, however, by a son and a grandson.

Col. Miller made an able response briefly describing the events of 1866 and praising unstintingly the valor of the men of the great war, which has recently drawn to a close.

Mr. Chas. Coleman contributed a song, which was well received and heartily applauded.

Rev. Father Phelan, in proposing a toast to the fallen comrades, paid a feeling tribute to these valiant heroes who have laid down their lives for their country and civilization.

President Morrison, in accordance with the custom of the association, asked those present to remain with bowed heads for a short space of time as a tribute to the dead.

A selection from the band was followed by a song by Mr. J. E. Firth, which was much appreciated and drew an insistent encore.

Col. Johnstone proposed the toast to the G.W.V.A. and outlined the aims and the need for such a society.

Secretary Whatley, in responding told of the good accomplished by the association in the righting of many agrievances, which had assailed the returned soldiers and their dependents and which are bound to creep in from time to time.

A monologue by Mr. J. Primeau and Mr. V. Morphet was one of the most interesting numbers upon the program. It was followed by a recitation by Mr. Thomas Williams.

Light refreshments, consisting of sandwiches ,ice cream and coffee were served during the evening and furnished a climax to a memorable and pleasant event.

Messrs. Jno. Crane and Jno. Firth were the able accompanists of the evening.

A hearty vote of thanks to the chairman, the entertainment committee and the band was placed on record and just as the clock struck twelve, the National Anthem was sung and the happy gathering dispersed.

SKIP HOWSON, KEENE, WINS THE PETERBOROUGH TROPHY

Event is Decided When Skip Brightman's Rink Loses by Score of 11 to 10—Bonspiel Will Probably End To-Night.

Interest grows as Peterborough's big open bonspiel draws to a close, and it is expected that tonight will see the final game played. At six o'clock the finals in the Matthews-Blackwell competition will be staged and some time during the evening, depending upon the success of Mr. Best in the semi-finals of the other game, the Morrow competition will be ended.

R. P. Best and his rink have met with remarkable success during the bonspiel. They have won eight consecutive victories and are the only rink which have not been beaten in either competition up to 3 o'clock. Mr. Best's lead is R Dobbin, second Alex. Archibald, and his vice-skip is W. D. Campbell.

Morrow Competition.

Results up to 3 o'clock in the Morrow competition:

Third Round.

Benor, Peterborough	5
Stevenson, Peterborough	13
Harvey, Orillia	5
McDermid, Peterborough	11
Best, Peterborough	16
Flavelle, Lindsay	7
Davidson, Peterborough	7
McCullough, Port Hope	10

Semi-Finals.

Stevenson	4
McDermid	11
Best	
McCullough	

At 3:15 Dr. McCullough of Port Hope was leading by four points.

Matthews-Blackwell Games.

Results in the Matthews-Blackwell contest up to the semi-final stage:

Third Round

Taylor, Peterborough	14
Steele, Millbrook	13
Harvey, Orillia	16
Edmunds, Millbrook	16
McRae, Gravenhurst	12
Best, Peterborough	14
Clifford, Oshawa	1
Nichols, Bobcaygeon	

Semi-Finals

Steele, Millbrook	1
Edmunds, Millbrook	4
Best, Peterboro	
Clifford, Oshawa	

Skip Steele of Millbrook has reached the finals and will play off with Peterborough or Oshawa whicheve is successful in the semi-final round

Handsome prizes are offered in al the competitions. In the Waddel series in addition to the cup which goes to the winning rink of the 12 Peterborough rinks which retained rink taking second place.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — AND — TO-MORROW

DAILY MATINEE—2.30 EVENING—7.30

HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE

GRACE CUNARD, in "After the War"

—6 REEL FEATURE PICTURE—

Alice Howell in "The Cabbage Queen," 2 Reel Comedy

O'HENRY STORY - 11 Reels 11—BRITISH GAZETTE

—VAUDEVILLE—

BIRCH AND BIRCH

SINGING, TALKING AND MUSICAL NOVELTY

MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

Sat., Feb. 15th

MATINEE and EVENING

LAMBERT PRODUCING CO.— OFFER

THE PLAY THAT ALL AMERICA IS TALKING ABOUT

THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE

BY VICTOR E. LAMBERT

The Production which Ran for six solid months at the Republic Theatre, New York. At the same Popular Prices as charged in this City. It will be presented in its entirety, with her, of the New York Cast

DOROTHY LA VERN

And the same elaborate Scenery, Effects And Exquisite Gowns

Ladies Mat. 25c—50c Eve. 25c—$1

NO MORE BIRTHS IN STATE PRISON

NEW YORK LAW TO SAVE HELPLESS CHILDHOOD FROM SHAME

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 13.—No more children are to be born in the prisons of New York State. The bill forbidding such births was passed by the Assembly and undoubtedly will go to Governor Smith for Executive approval before the end of next week. The measure was introduced in the Senate by Majority Leader J. Henry Walters. There can be no speculation as to whether the bill will pass the Senate or not, for it is a particular hobby with Senator Walters, and, of course, he has things pretty much his way. Assemblyman George R. Fearon of Syracuse fathered the bill in the lower House, where it was rushed through without any debate.

The bill directs that a woman confined in a State prison, reformatory, penitentiary or jail, about to give birth to a child, shall be removed to a suitable environment a reasonable time before the anticipated birth, so that her child may be born without a stain upon its name The mother is to be permitted to remain away from the institution until her health has been regained.

If there are funds available by the institution for hospital purposes these shall be used for the maintenance and medical care of the mother and her child; otherwise, the woman herself or her friends or relatives will be required to meet the expense. If none of these financial sources are available the county from which the woman was committed is to pay the bill.

Saint Saens began his piano studies at the age of two and a half years and yet some parents today think that at six, or seven or eight years, is too young.

yesterday and which will play for it in the near future there is a first prize consisting of four silver tea sets and four thermos bottles are offered to the players taking second place.

In addition to the cup offered in connection with the Peterborough games there are four handsome clocks is a first prize which went to the Keene rink which was successful this afternoon. The second prize was four handsome pie platters mounted in silver which went to Dr. Brightman's rink.

In the Morrow competition in addition to the beautiful cup the first prize is four mahogany cabinets of silver and the second four cut-glass bowls.

First prize in the Matthews-Blackwell contest in addition to the trophy four oak cases of pearl-handled knives and four handsome silver casseroles will be awarded to the

GENERAL ELECTION COMING

Rome, Feb. 13.—Premier Orlando shortly after reopening Parliament, which is expected with a fortnight will dissolve that body and call a general election.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Peterborough.

IN THE ESTATE OF ALFRED SMITH, late of the Township of Smith, in the County of Peterborough, farmer, private, No. 196285 of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Sec. 131, R.S.O., 1914, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Alfred Smith, who died on or about the thirtieth of thirty-first day of October, 1917, at the Battle of Passchendaele Ridge, in Belgium, are required on or before the third day of March, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Edward A. Sanderson, of the said Township of Smith, farmer, R. R. No. 1, Peterborough, Ontario, the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses, full particulars in writing of their claims, statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after the said third day of March, 1919, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate of the said deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Peterborough, this twenty-ninth day of January, 1919.

A. E. DIXON,
397½ George St., Peterborough,
Solicitor for said Executor.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, tore, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

302 Water Street, South of Munro House

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. STDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

Easterly winds with occasional rain. Saturday—northerly winds, somewhat colder, with local snowfalls.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

46th YEAR No. 38 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GERMANY IS READY TO DISARM AND DEMOBILIZE HER TROOPS, EBERT SAYS

Bernstorff Will Not Go as Delegate to Peace Conference—Government to Maintain People's Army Raised by General Conscription—Willing to Pay Debts.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, Feb. 14.—Count Von Bernstorff will not go to the Peace Conference as a German delegate, Germany's plans for a time being at least are for a peoples' army on the basis of general conscription. Germany will announce within a few days her intention to carry out complete disarmament and demobilization and a commission made up of the Centre, Democratic and Socialist parties is now discussing the details of the new Governmental program.

These points were made by Friedrich Ebert, the new president of Germany, in an informal talk with foreign newspapermen today. They answered the questions of American and English correspondents, asked after he had read a formal statement which virtually followed the lines of his address on Wednesday, in which he emphasized Germany's intention to rehabilitate herself.

"Germany will be glad to pay, honorably and uprightly, as soon as possible," declared Ebert, in connection with past debts and future obligations.

JUDGES ARE GIVEN POWER TO MAKE WAR PRISONERS

Government Issues Order-in-Council Dealing With the Alien Problem.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The Government, it is announced, has taken decisive action in the matter of dealing with alien enemies. Indications have been most pronounced for some time that a growing feeling of hostility was developing in various portions of the Dominion against alien enemies, most of whom have profited during the war and have not so conducted themselves as to show appreciation of the citizenship they were enjoying and for which others were fighting. On the other hand, the behavior of many was creditable in every way. Already the force of public feeling has shown itself in some larger cities.

Special regulations have today been enacted by the governor-in-Council under the powers conferred by the war measures act, 1914, and now have the force of law, whereby, with respect to localities to be designated by the minister of justice, power is conferred upon the country and district judges of the superior court, to direct the internment as prisoners of war of persons of alien enemy nationality residing or being within the designated localities. The procedure is of a summary character and very simple. The judge of the locality, or, upon his request, any judge having like powers for another county or district, may, upon summary complaint by any municipal or local authorities or by any person who in the opinion of the judge is sufficiently representative of the feeling of the community to lay a complaint, enquire and determine summarily whether it be expedient for maintaining or securing the public peace or safety, or for the prevention of any disturbance, that such person should, in view of his hostile nationality, be interned as a prisoner of war.

If the judge be of opinion that such person ought to be interned, he is to grant an order to that effect, whereupon the person may be apprehended and interned by any peace officer or by any military officer, non-commissioned officer or man thereunto deputed. For the purposes of this enquiry the judge may, in his discretion, either cause the man to be brought before him or he may proceed in his absence and with or without notice. And the person charged is not to be represented by counsel unless by the special authorization of the judge. The persons whom the judge orders to be interned are to be subject to like custody, detention and treatment as prisoners of war interned in ordinary and due course of law.

It is anticipated that in cities or other localities where the alien enemy question is provoking agitation and exceptional difficulty, committees of representative citizens will be locally constituted, whose duty it will be carefully to review the cases of aliens of enemy nationality who are living in the locality, and to inform and assist the judge by bringing to his attention and submitting for the exercise of his powers, all cases with respect to which he should, in the opinion of these committees, adjudicate. In this manner it is apprehended that they can be disposed of expeditiously and with due regard to the merits and requirements of each particular case.

The minister has already designated the city of Hamilton as a locality within which the powers above described may be executed.

M'DERMID WINS MORROW TROPHY FOR PETERBORO

Clifford of Oshawa Takes the Matthews-Blackwell Cup in Finals Againgt Millbrook

Mr. J .W. McDermid's rink captured the Morrow Trophy for the Peterborough club in the final game of the series, which finished last night about 6.30, and in which a Port Hope rink skipped by Mr. McCullough of that town went down to defeat.

The contest was close at first, but towards the last Skip McDermid and his players began to draw away from the Port Hope curlers and finished with a lead of five points, the score standing 20-15.

Mr. McDermid's rink, which played remarkably well throughout the 'spiel, and won seven games, was made up of Mr. Herb Hare, as lead, James Metheral, as second, and W. J. Thompson, as vice-skip.

In the fours of the Matthews-Blackwell contest, Skip Clifford of Oshawa worsted Skip Best of Peterborough, who had remarkable success throughout the bonspiel in both competitions. In the finals the Oshawa four were successful against Skip Steele of Millbrook, and carried off the coveted trophy. The standing was 16-6.

This ended Peterborough's big open bonspiel for this year, the largest in the city's history and one of the largest of the Provincial series.

The play throughout was keen, but the feeling of good sportsmanship was apparent at all times, and everyone was well satisfied, whether successful or running in hard luck.

Covenant of League of Nations

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 14.—After reading the draft of the League of Nations' covenant at the plenary session of the Peace Conference this afternoon, President Wilson was to speak on what had been accomplished by the Conference. He was to be followed by Premier Orlando, Premier Clemenceau and other leading figures of the Conference.

The Conference will not be asked for the present to adopt the covenant, which will remain open for further consideration. President Wilson was not present when the final result was reached late in the day. He had attended the morning session, which passed only six articles, leaving twenty uncompleted. The President then decided to attend the afternoon session of the Supreme War Council, leaving Lord Robert Cecil to preside over the League of Nation's Commission.

It was under Lord Robert's skill and guidance that the final session achieved the completion of its task at 5.22 o'clock Friday night. The members separated with an outburst of good feeling and congratulation after the period of tension through which they had just passed.

EXECUTIVE OF THE LEAGUE OF PEACE

WILL DEAL WITH ALL MATTERS AFFECTING PEACE OF WORLD

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 14.—The Executive Council of the proposed League of Nations, as outlined in the covenant, read by President Wilson today, will consist of representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, together with representatives of four other states to be selected by all the other nations. The Council shall meet as often as is necessary, but at least once a year at whatever place may be designed. Any matter within the sphere of action of the League or affecting the peace of the world will be dealt with.

The first meeting of the body of delegates and Executive Council shall be summoned by the President of the United States.

LANDING PLACE FOR AIRPLANES

BORDER CITIES GETTING READY FOR COMMERCIAL USE OF FLIERS.

Windsor, Feb. 14.—Recommendation that plans be made immediately for a landing place for airplanes for commercial purposes by the border cities was made in the annual report of A. H. Healy, president of the Border City Real Estate Board at the annual meeting.

This action is imperative for a progressive city, said Mr. Healy, as Sir Edward Kemp, overseas minister of militia, has been given 15 airplanes to be used in the Canadian mail service. This is only the beginning of airplane service for commercial purposes, Mr. Healy said. He pointed to 20,000 Canadians who learned to fly during the war. Mr. Healy suggested an option on the Windsor race track as a temporary place.

The annual report also recommended the immediate purchase of the Windsor Railway system. There are several franchises held by the company, all expiring at different times.

BRITISH PAPERS PRAISE BORDEN

SAYS HE AND WHITE "HAVE CULTIVATED BEARING OF STATESMEN."

London, Feb. 14.—Nothing further has transpired here regarding the reported offer of the American Ambassadorship to Premier Borden. The report naturally aroused considerable interest, such comments as have appeared being quite favorable. The Yorkshire Post says that among our leading statesman there is understood to be a strong feeling that one of our great aims of the immediate future must be the promotion of Anglo-Saxon unity. It is recognized that for the carrying out of this idea Canada stands in a highly favorable position. Whether Sir Robert Borden could accept such an offer, adds The Post, is another matter.

The Daily Despatch remarks there is nothing inherently improbable in the report. Sir Robert has always been an agreeable personality to the higher rank of our own statesmen. He knows the United States well, like its people, and is in turn liked by them. The Despatch adds that in such an event Sir Thomas White would succeed Sir Robert Borden. Sir Thomas, like Sir Robert, has the cultivated bearing of a British statesman of the old school, is exceptionally clever, and would command the same respect as the present Premier.

STORM AT CHICAGO HEADED THIS WAY

SNOWFALL IS HEAVY BUT TEMPERATURE IS WELL ABOVE ZERO.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—The storm, accompanied by snow, wind and rain, which for twenty-four hours has demoralized wire communication and railroad traffic in this territory between the Missouri River and the Rocky Mountains and from the Canadian border to Oklahoma, early today was still in progress and moving eastward, though with decreasing severity. No fatality reported cold weather, the temperatures being well above zero.

FIRE BRIGADE MAKES RECORD RUN TO THE DE LAVAL PLANT

Answer Alarm Rung by Underwriters' Inspector in Exactly Three Minutes—Splendid Showing Wins Official Commendation.

This morning N. R. Wilson, the Underwriters' inspector arrived in the city to conduct his tests as to fire brigade efficiency.

At 10.41 he rang in an alarm from Box 19, at the corner of Park and Princess streets, near the De Laval plant. In exactly three minutes the brigade were upon the scene and in three quarters of a minute they had a line of hose laid and water turned on. The entire operation was accomplished in the almost incredibly short time of three and three-quarter minutes.

With the Inspector at the scene from which the alarm was rung were Mayor Ducan and Chairman Morrison of the Fire, Water and Light Committee. The Underwriters' representative expressed himself a well pleased with the splendid showing made by the brigade and the speed and assurance with which they went about their work.

Peterborough's brigade established something like a record this morning when they reached one of the most distant parts of the city in three minutes. The Inspector chose about the most unexpected box imaginable as the scene of the test and was well satisfied with the result and so expressed himself to Mayor Duncan, Chairman Morrison and Chief Grange.

As a second test the brigade were required to lay twelve lines of hose on George street between Brock, Simcoe and Water streets. This they did without any apparent trouble and the results as noted by the inspector will appear in his report to the Fire Water and Light Committee of the city council.

This afternoon he will accompany Chief Grange in a round of inspection of the hydrants of the system and will be in the city until tomorrow night.

HOMELESS BOY IS HEIR TO FORTUNE

SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS IS FREE WAITING FOR U. S. SAILOR.

New York, Feb. 14.—In a jackie's uniform, penniless except for the money lent him to come east from Chicago, "Danny" Tolman, grandson and missing heir of the late Daniel H. Tolman, "King of the Money Lenders," who died intestate a year ago, is on his way to this city to claim a fortune of $7,000,000. Danny's father had been estranged from the boy's grandfather since marrying against the money lender's wishes.

When his grandfather died at Montclair, N.J., on February 12, 1918, "Danny" was ragged and almost friendless and hungry, ignorant of the fact that he had a grandfather a millionaire, and never dreaming a search had been instituted for him as the heir to the great fortune.

For years he has been wandering through the Middle West, working at odd jobs, trying to make a living as best could a lad who at thirteen had lost both his parents. He was in Milwaukee then, and he enlisted at the Great Lakes Naval Training School.

Burglary In Store On George Street

Several nights ago a drug store on George street was entered by robbers and drugs and other stock to the value of $500 stolen.

Spartacans Plan General Uprising

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 14.—A general Spartacan uprising throughout all Germany was arranged and well prepared for, to take place in March, according gto papers found on Paul Radek, Russian Bolshevik, arrested in Berlin.

Canadian Troops Land at Portland

Portland, Me., Feb 14.—Wounded Canadian soldiers who arrived here on the British transport Aragusya debarked in the afternoon and many left for Canadian points. There were 771 wounded men aboard, under the command of Captain Otis Murray of the Canadian Medical Corps.

One detachment of 95 left for the Maritime Provinces tonight, and another of 430 left for the Canadian Northwest. Others for points this side of Toronto will not go until tomorrow. About 20 will remain at the Canadian Hospital here.

There were wounded of every degree. Fifty-five men were unable to walk, and 30 were suffering from shell-shock. The latter will go to the Canadian Infirmary at Ste. Cunegonde for treatment. The men reported a smooth passage and were in excellent spirits. There were no deaths.

WILL REDUCE ARMAMENT TO THE POINT CONSISTENT WITH NATIONAL SAFETY

League of Nations Finally Organized and Powers of Executive Council Defined—Wars or Rumors of Wars Shall Call Forth Prompt Preventative Action.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 14.—The covenant of the League of Nations says that any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any of the high contracting parties or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the League, and the high contracting parties reserve the right to take any action that they may deem wise and effective to safeguard the peace of nations.

"It is hereby also declared and agreed to be the friendly right of each of the high contracting parties to draw the attention of the body of delegates or of the executive council to any circumstances affecting international intercourse which threatens to disturb the international peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

"The high contracting parties agree that should disputes arise between them which cannot be adjusted by the ordinary processes of diplomacy, they will in no case resort to war without previously submitting the questions and matters involved either to arbitration or to enquiry by the executive council, and until three months after the award by the arbitrators or recommendation by the executive council, and that they will not even then resort to war as against a member of the League which complies with the award of the arbitrators or the recommendation of the executive council."

Other provisions of the League state: "The high contracting parties agree that whenever any dispute or difficulty shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which cannot be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy, they will submit the whole matter to arbitration.

"The executive council shall formulate plans for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice, and this part shall, when established, be competent.

"The contracting nations realize that the maintenance of peace will require a reduction of national armament to the lowest point consistent with national safety, and the enforcement by common action of international obligations."

TOO MUCH TALKING ABOUT TROUBLES OF VETERANS

Hon. Frank B. Carvell Says This is One Cause of Present Labor Unrest.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—"I think that there is a great deal too much talk in some of the newspapers and amongst the public about the troubles of the returned soldier," said Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works, at the luncheon of the delegates to the Engineering Institute Convention in this city, "and when the Government passes an order-in-Council which it firmly believes is for the good of the soldiers and which will prevent them from being exploited, there is a great outcry about the insult offered to the returned soldiers. This also causes unrest and discontent." In the course of his address Hon. Mr. Carvell forecasted the future policy of the Federal Department of Public Works in regard to expenditures.

Unemployment.

Hon. Frank Carvell said in part: "We realize that there is unemployment in Canada. It is not so apparent east of Montreal, but increases as one goes west. Therefore, we find unrest all through the West. We must also realise that demobilization will be completed in the near future and most of these men will want work within a few weeks after discharge. The Government is not responsible for caring for all the troubles of the country, but we feel it our duty to take steps to spend the public money to remedy these causes of unrest, and we are going to spend their money where it will do the most good towards relieving unemployment and for the benefit of the returned soldier."

"I know of no way in which money can be so advantageously used for both unemployment and value as in the making of good roads.

"We have troublous times ahead unless we practically eliminate unemployment, as this condition is the source of bolshevism. Therefore it is the duty of every employer to see that every man possible is employed at a fair wage. This should especially be done by the great corporations who have made money during the war. There is no country concerned in the war that is in a better economic conditon than Canada, and notwithstanding the fact that the war has caused a very large public debt, I have absolutely no doubt that Canada will arise to the occasion and continue to be one of the most prosperous countries in the world."

Reports of Trouble Are Not Confirmed

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 14.—There has been no confirmation of the German and Austrian reports of a revolution in Government was given a big majority known the Bolshevists are very active there.

Lloyd George's Majority Is 252

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 14.—Lloyd George At a meeting of the shareholders vote in the first important division of the present session, when the Brace amendment to the speech from the throne was defeated 411 to 89.

First Step In Task Is Now Competed

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 14.—The plenary session of the Peace Conference held in the famous cloak room of the foreign office this afternoon marked the conclusion of the first, and possibly the most important phase of the work of the world's greatest international gathering. Subjects of great importance are still pending but the adjournment of today's session may reveal that her formulation for the settlement of all questions that will follow has been laid in the adoption of the society of the nations' program.

The Builders' and Supply Association of Toronto favors the restoration of the apprentice system with due safeguards.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

ENFORCING THE HEALTH ACT.

IT IS A MISTAKE to refer to the law which among other things provides for, the collection of garbage as a local, Hardy-Rogers provincial Act, one that was passed by the Legislature almost unanimously in the session of 1912. All a municipality has to do is to pass a bylaw putting it into effect and arranging for its enforcement. The law itself is more than local in its scope, as a district health officer, in this case Dr. Clinton, of Belleville, is appointed to see that it is carried out in every municipality under his jurisdiction.

The law in question has been in effect in Peterborough for the past seven years. All of its provisions are clear. Among these is a clause which states that garbage shall be kept in a metallic receptacle tightly covered. Probably not half the residents of the city have complied with this section of the Act, but insist upon using wooden boxes, barrels or tubs,, in fact anything that comes handy.

Sanitary Inspector Stapleton very properly objects to some of the receptacles in use, and he has been given authority by the Health Board to see that there is an improvement. There should be no difficulty in this regard. The law is explicit and a few police court cases would convince the people that it is the part of wisdom to live up to it.

THE FLESHPOTS OF EGYPT.

IT IS LITTLE WONDER that the Examiner indulges in retrospection and gives way to occasional fits of gloom. It is only natural that it should long at intervals for the fleshpots of Egypt, for the onions and the leeks, for the days when beer was up to strength and bars were open everywhere. Those were the palmy days for the Examiner and its party. The path that they trod in common was lined with primroses. The grade was very easy and the road broad, even if it did wind occasionally into the wilderness of political chicanery. The liquor business was at its best—and the Government for which the Examiner stood was responsible for one of the most damnably iniquitous license systems ever tolerated in a civilized world.

The liquor interests in those palmy days were the Liberal Government's one best asset. Every time the party stood in need of pocket money all it had to do was to "call" for "contributions" under a plan which smacked of blackmail. In this party prosperity the Examiner as a humble camp follower indirectly shared, being regaled with the sops thrown to it now and then from the table of the chief banqueters.

The "booze" era was the harvest time for the Liberals. They fattened on the traffic until their abdominal dimensions grew beyond all reason, their cheeks being heavy with fatness and their eyes protruded with the opulence of success. The party perpetrated and perpetuated another iniquity, the numbered ballot, by which it was possible to hold their followers in line. Heaven help the man who sought to assert himself by voting as his conscience prompted him. If he was holding a favor from the Government he promptly lost it.

Of course, for appearances sake, to placate the growing temperance sentiment, there were liquor laws on the statute books, but these enactments were broken with impunity. So long as a man voted right and came down with his "contribution" promptly when called upon, no questions were asked. The party did, however, have occasional spasms of righteousness when even its enemies hoped that it was truly penitent, but these exhibitions were only side plays to attempt to deceive the crowd watching the proceedings from the gallery. When all else failed the party, it could always fall back on talk of prohibition, but glittering generalities were as far as it ever got.

But all these things were too good to last indefinitely The anachronism died a natural death. The sun rose upon a new day in Ontario, and "Oh, what a difference in the morning." The once blasted Liberal Government passed to the chilly shades of Opposition, to the leanness of the ribs separated from the platter. In a word, the Liberal party died of senile decay, and the sorry ghost of its greatness is all that is left.

The late Sir James Whitney was a man of deeds rather than of words. He set out to correct the abuses that had grown up under his predecessors. He abolished the marked ballot and so divorced the liquor interests as a political adjunct. He enforced the law, cut down the number of hours and days that bars could be kept open. He gave the Province a sane local option law that assured successful operation to any municipality that adopted it. More than that, he promised provincial prohibition as soon as he received a mandate from the people. He did not live to see that day, but when the mandate was given, the executors of Sir James Whitney implemented his solemn pledge.

The Examiner always fought the temperance and every other policy of Sir James Whitney, preferring the ghastly compromise of the issue that provided for the abhorred bar and the open shop. It never raised its voice in favor of even war-time prohibition until its adoption was assured. Then it joined the procession, and with true Pickwickian cautious tossed its sombrero into the air and yelled lustily with the larger crowd.

But what is bred inwardly will show on the surface occasionally. The Examiner cannot forget those former days in Egypt, but must at times lapse, just as the porker that has been washed, and call for a beverage that contains a punch.

WAVING THE FLAG.

ACCORDING to the dunderhead philosophy of a local contemporaty, to praise a man's military record these days is a mistake, especially if that man is a candidate for office and his work in the service of the Empire is held up as something deserving of reward.

Major Cameron, candidate for the Legislature in North Ontario, is in every way, aside from his military record, worthy of the position which he seeks. His service at the front is only one of a score of reasons that could be cited for his election.

But the Examiner wants none but a man who can be relied upon to oppose the Hearst Government, even though that Government stands for a principle that our contemporary has found it but recently expedient to adopt as a tenet in its creed. It makes no matter who the man is, so long as he is of the Opposition. Even the traditional canine of despised hue would find favor in the blinded eyes of the Examiner so long as he could be trusted to snap at the heels of the Administration.

Flag-waving has a place in the affairs of the present day. It is especially appropriate seeing that Major Cameron and so many men of his class risked their lives to keep that flag at the top of the pole, the flag which would have been trampled long ago in the mud of German trenches if the faction and the principles for which the Examiner stands had prevailed.

THE PROSPECT FOR BUILDING.

"NO BUILDING until after the war" became a familiar phrase before the signing of the armistice. With the return of peace it was generally believed that wages would drop out of sight and that the cost of material used in construction work would decrease in proportion. A building boom was prophesied and cheap dwellings were to be put up by the score everywhere. How is this forecast likely to turn out now that the war is over?

Labor unions, the building trades included, are asking for shorter hours and more pay. Carpenters and other mechanics are talking of a working week of forty hours with a holiday all day Saturday and an increase of about twenty-five per cent. in wages. Bricklayers and the members of every craft whose services are required in building are agitating along the same lines. There is little prospect of a fall in wages, and the man who purposes to build can figure with this fact in his mind.

Building material is not likely to be any cheaper, either. The stock of lumber now on hand has been produced under war conditions, which means an increase in cost of fully one hundred per cent. Lumbermen operating this winter are paying their best hands in the woods $76 a month. Six years ago the highest rate was $35. All other expenses connected with production have increased in the same ratio, so it is little wonder if the present price of lumber appears excessive. It is higher than it was ever known to be before, it has been produced at an infinitely greater cost. The dealer cannot submit to a reduction and save himself from bankruptcy.

When the lumbermen of the country announced at the beginning of the cutting season that they could furnish ten thousand men with work and asked the Government to help find them, the Labor Department lent its co-operation, but only on the understanding that there should be no cut in the rate of wages, the same rate as prevailed during the war. These terms were accepted and the men went to work.

There is little prospect, then, for building next summer on anything like a cheaper scale. The material and the labor prices set the cost, and it has been shown that the prices of these give no sign of a drop. If a building boom comes to Peterboough or any other city in Canada next summer, whether as the result of municipal or private enterprise, it is likley to be featured by high wages and expensive material. No other plan seems possible, and it is just as well for the public to face the facts.

Lumbermen report business quiet as there is no export market for the stock they have on hand. Canadian lumber is wanted in Europe, and orders worth millions of dollars have been placed with dealers in this country. The lack of shipping accounts for the present depression, but this difficulty cannot last forever. Once the stock begins to move across the ocean the lumber industry will revive and probably enjoy the boom of its history.

Private contractors and the manufacturers that have been urged to take up the Government's housing problem excused their delay by pleading war conditions. They find themselves today confronted by the identical set of circumstances, dear labor and material.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE EXAMINER loves the returned soldier, that is provided his politics is all right.

* * * * *

WITH EYES on the Peace Conference, it is all right to hope for the best, if at the same time being prepared for the worst.

* * * * *

MAJOR CAMERON and thousands like him helped to save the British flag. The Examiner to the contrary, long may that flag wave.

* * * * *

SEVERAL MILLION Canadians with hearty appetites are ready to help dispose of the surplus stock of pork if the price is made reasonable.

* * * * *

THE NEW German republic cannot hope to be truly democratic if it dwells in the palaces of former kings and wears a crown with its state attire.

* * * * *

THE HAIRY, Esau-like hand of the Liberals is to be detected in every third party movement, even though the dulcet tones of Jacob may plead for consideration.

* * * * *

"THE BEST WAY to make the Germans decent is to treat them kindly," says an exchange. A process that has been tried on the rattlesnake with disastrous results.

* * * * *

THERE IS A DISPUTE as to which nation invented some of the deadlier agencies of war, but that does not interest the most of us half so much as why anyone should do it.

* * * * *

Trotsky is said to have dreams of becoming the Czar of Russia, and there is no evidences that either Trotsky or Russia deserves any better.—Toronto Mail.

PERHAPS NOT, but civilization does.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS MEANS BETTER PAY FOR WORKERS

Ex-President Taft Discusses His Favorite Theme With Chicago Interviewer.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—"The league of nations is going to mean better wages more secure homes and greater happiness to the working men of the world by the gradual elimination of cutthroat industrial competition between nations. This result will come about not because of any direct provision in the constitution of the league bearing upon international commercial relations but as the reaction to the political co-operation established, which will naturally and inevitably extend its influence into the other fields of contact between nations."

This is the opinion of Former President Taft, head of the League to Enforce Peace, upon the effect of the establishment of a league of nations on the workingman. He gave it in an interview with a reporter.

Mr. Taft was presiding at the congress on a league of nations at the Congress hotel gold room, with 1,500 delegates present, when the reporter asked him for an interview.

Calls It Fundamental Question.

"What will the effect of a league of nations on the average man of the street, his home, his job, his happiness?" was the question written on a "scrap of paper" and handed to Mr. Taft while he was in the chair. He left his seat and went into the anteroom, motioning the reporter to follow him. There he expressed his views.

"That is a fundamental question," he said, "and I am glad to answer it. I find the man in the street wants a league of nations because it makes war, which he fights, next to impossible. He believes it will make his home and family secure and that is what he wants.

"And it will do all that and more The waste of war will be eliminated, and the workingman will find that his laborious accumulations are not to be scattered to the four winds every decade or generation. It will cut down oppressive taxes. It will give him a chance to accumulate and enjoy the proceeds of his labor, and not feed it into the maw of destructive forces.

"But it means still more. The cutthroat competition between nations in the past has resulted in the cutting of prices by industry in all nations to the bone so as to win the world's markets In turn, wages have been cut to make this possible. It has meant slums, and in places starvation.

"Era of Co-Operation"

"Now the era of co-operation between nations is being established. It is political at first, of course. But it will extend until the era of wholesome competition reigns—the era in which competition is a stimulus to better and greate rproduction, but does not invade the realm of a living wage. In other words, competition will stop at the point that it endangers the welfare of the health and home of the worker.

"And by such international co-operation industry will be bettered and the workman will realize more of his share of production. It will result in a higher standard of living in all countries ultimately and the workingman will be one of the first to benefit under such a change of conditions.

"Because of these advantages I find that American workingmen, while they have a great willingness to get into another squabble are willing that the United States should contribute its part in the future toward maintaining the peace of the world, by moral suasion at first and then by force if necessary. My information is that the workmen of France, Italy, and Great Britain have the same attitude.

Hot shots at reactionaries in the United States senate opposing the league of nations were taken by Dr. Charles R. Brown of the Yale school of religion. He spoke on "Religion and the League of ations."

"Eyes in Back of Their Heads"

"There are men in the United States Senate now with eyes in the back of their heads," he said in the course of his address. "They see backward but not ahead. In the days of cannibalism they said people ate each other and always would In the days of slavery they said there were slaves and always would be; in the days of drunkenness they said there was drunkenness and always would be. Now they say men have always slaughtered each other in war and always will. Thank God for those who saw a better way ahead in the past and see it now."

TODAY'S STORY

One afternoon the Empress Catherine of Russia noticed from a window overlooking her palace gardens a particularly lovely rose on a tree, and with the intention of cutting it with her own hand in the morning, ordered a sentry to be put on the garden path as his "go." During the night, however, she forgot all about it, but the placing of the sentry was down on the book of orders of the day, and the soldier was regularly replaced straight on, though the rosebush died, and the Empress, too, and Paul succeeded Peter and Peter Paul. But whosoever wore the crown of the double-headed eagle, still the warrior gravely paced that garden path. A hundred years later a foreign traveller remarked the man trudging through three feet deep of snow, inquired the reason, and then laughed heartily at the pigheadedness of Russian discipline. But they laugh best who laugh last, and on the following night—even whilst the wit was making a facetious anecdote of the fact—an incendiary regicide, who had eluded the watch at all other points, climbed over the wall into the rose garden, as least likely to be guarded, and was promptly shot as he was clapping a bomb to the palace wall.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says nothing is worse for a man than idleness and as the boys come home the government ought to provide enough jobbery to go around.

Not a Colyum

"Did you see Trajan's Column when you were in Rome?"

"Read it every morning."

Weed's Pineapplettes.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, making new blood in old veins. Cures Nervousness, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lost of Manly Power, Exhaustion of the Vital Forces, Nervousness. Price $3 per box, six boxes for $5, with our guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. Now pamphlet mailed free. THE WEED MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Weleno.)

WIT AND WISDOM

Old and New

If wishes were horses all men would ride.

If wishes were biplanes all men would glide.

On the Water Wagon

Hiram Ball of Grand Rapids has asked the court to permit him to change his name. He says the boys keep calling him Hi Ball and it annoys him.

Those Mad Ways

"I remember once seeing an animal with hind feet in front."

"Some freak, what?"

"No freak at all—it was a hind."

Checking Posthumous Fame

"This passage," said the publisher, "seems ambiguous to me. What do you mean by it?"

"I don't know, replied the great author; "I left it there for the commentators and literary clubs to work over when I'm dead.

Sensible Girl

Maud—I haven't heard you practice on the piano since you got engaged.

Edith—No, I'm practising on the gas range now.

One Finds For It

"The world is full of poetry," sighed the poet, as he handed an effusion to the editor."

"I don't know anything about the world," growled the editor, "But I know that the wastebasket is."

Boisterous

"The freedom of the seas," said Gay, "I would curtail, had I my way; With most of us who cross," said he "I think they make too bloomin' free."

Absent-Minded

A lady, observing that a stranger in her pew had no hymn book politely offered him one.

"Thanks," said the gentleman, "but I never use a libretto."

One Canadian bank has opened no less than six new branches in Southern Alberta within a year.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Yestidday aftirnoon us fellows was playing a game of kick with Skinny Martin's football and I took my coat off on account of my red swetter being warm enuff by itself and put it on the back of a wagign that was standing there and keep on playing and the ferst thing I knew, the waggin wasent there eny more and hadent bin for about 5 minnits.

G, I sed, how will I get my coat back?

You wont, sed Leroy Shooster.

Did enybody notice the name on the waggin? I sed, and Puds Simkins sed, I noticed the color of it, it was red and one of the horses had a habit of looking erround.

Aw, wat the heck goods that? I sed. And I went home, thinking, G, I better brake the news to ma gradual. Wich I did, the ferst thing I sed being, Ma, wuts you think, I lost a button off on my coat.

I cant say Im serprized, sed ma.

I lost 2 buttons off, ma, are you serprized? I ded.

For goodniss sakes, why dident you lose them all off while you were about it? sed ma, and I sed, G, ma I did.

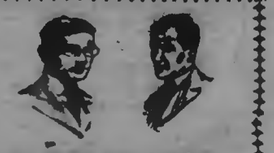
Benny Potts areayou fooling me? Sed Ma.

No mam. Im trying to brake it gradual, I lost the hole coat, ma, I sed, I laxed it on the back of a red waggin and the ferst thing I knew the red waggin had went and so had the coat, are you serprized, ma?

Your father will be serprised all rite, sed ma.

Wich he was, to my sorro.

Dominion Government has decided on, subject to Parliament's approval, an expenditure of about $60,000,000 for improvements and new construction to be done during the coming year on the Canadian National Railways.



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Why not have your eyes examined *NOW?*

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POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

An idle brain is the devil's scheme factory.

No man is so wise that he can't learn from a fool.

Love is blind, especially the kind known as self love.

When the average man tells a lie, he is in a hurry to prove it.

The success of one man is sometimes due to the failure of many.

If you would retain your friends don't remind them of their faults.

It is an unusual woman who can smile at a compliment—and then forget it.

It is easy for a man to love his neighbor as himself, provided she is young and pretty.

The further back a man can trace his descent the longer he has been on the downward path.

When some men begin to talk, others wonder why the age limit of the kindergarten should be restricted.

In a lumber camp near Kashaw, on the C.N.R., five men died and others are seriously ill as a result of drinking wood alcohol.

Winnipeg veterans believe many prominent men of that city, while preaching loyalty are themselves employing alien enemies.

WINDING-UP ESTATE SALE

EVERY PAIR OF BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS A BARGAIN, WITH SOME EXTRA SPECIALS IN ODD LINES AND SIZES.

100 Pairs Women's Patent Button Boots—Cloth, kid and calf tops; mostly Goodyear welts; $5.00 to $6.00 values. Clearing at ..... Pair **$3.60**

80 Pairs Men's Tan Calf Boots—Buttoned, Goodyear welts; big $7.00 value .. Sale price **$4.95**

Ladies' High Boots — Several new lines just in. Chocolate and black; Goodyear welts, latest styles. $10.00 value. Winding up sale price **$8.10**

80 Pairs Men's Patent Calf Boots—Buttoned and laced; Goodyear welts. $7.00 value. Our Winding-up sale price **$4.95**

CITY FOOT-WEAR CO.
Charlotte Street Opposite White House

EMPIRE THEATRE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

MARGUERITE SNOW and ALMA HANLON in "The Faded Flower,"
A Romantic Drama in 6 Acts

EDDIE POLO in the Greatest Serial Sensation
"THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS," Chapter 6
"THE AERIAL DISASTER," 2 Parts

Strand Comedy Featuring Billie Rhodes

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 22 CENTS

THE STRAND,

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAM
DOROTHY PHILLIPS in the Famous New York Drama
"Broadway Love"

12th EPISODE "BRASS BULLET," entitled
"Caught by Wireless"

"SHIP AHOY," A Comedy Featuring WM. FRANCY

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

16 REELS ROYAL 16 REELS

TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW MATINEE AND EVENING

Stupendous Bill Regardless of Cost of Production

GREATEST DRAMA EVER SRCEENED

By A Belgian Dramatist

'EYE For EYE,"

7 Parts-SEE the charming Rose of the Desert ... the hen origin of the cook of her own

Sensational Italian Society Comedy-Drama 5 Parts

Heiress FOR A Day'

Starring Helen Thurston, Olive Thomas

PEARL WHITE in the Sixth Episode of "THE LIGHTNING RAIDERS,"

"THE MYSTIC BOX," TWO PARTS

TWO SIDE-SPLITTING KEY-STONE COMEDY REELS

The Royal gives the Biggest and Best Bills in Canada

POPULAR PRICES

16c—To Any Part Of The House—16c

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT 7.30 — TO-NIGHT

HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE

GRACE CUNARD, in "After the War"

—6 REEL FEATURE PICTURE—

Alice Maxwell in "The Cabbage Queen," 2 Reel Comedy

CHAPTER STORY—11 Reels 11—BRITISH GAZETTE

—NO VAUDEVILLE—

COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAM

MONDAY-TUESDAY-WEDNESDAY —FEATURE PICTURE—

MAY ALLISON in "A Successful Adventure"

MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

Next Saturday

Direct from its six months run at the Republic Theatre New York

LAMBERT PRODUCING CO.—OFFER

THE PLAY THAT ALL AMERICA IS TALKING ABOUT

THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE

BY VICTOR LAMBERT

A Clean Spoken Play Dealing With The Divorce Evil And Equality Of Women.

COMMANDING CAST, FEATURING

DOROTHY LA VERN

Howard Walsh—Dorothy Russell

Marie Reid - -Eugene Weber

Arthur Austin -And Others

Ladies Mat. 25c—50c Eve. 25c—$1

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

Although the sack grows smaller and smaller day by day—it is not now much larger than an operable gallstone—there is probably no more wholesome, more appetizing, more nourishing or more digestible food you can buy today for three times the price you pay for a sack of peanuts.

Peanuts are rich in protein. Compare them with the well known protein foods:

Beef—Protein, 19.8 per cent.; fat, 13.8 per cent.; carbohydrate, none; water, 65.5 per cent.

Graham bread—Protein, 8.9 per cent.; fat, 1.0 per cent.; carbohydrate, 52.1 per cent.; water, 35.7 per cent.

Peanuts—Protein, 25.8 per cent.; fat, 38.6 per cent.; carbohydrate, 23.9 per cent.; water, 9.2 per cent.

Ask your butcher or your baker for one-third of the food value of a 5 cent sack of peanuts and he'll sell it to you for about 15 cents, unless he is a charter member of the Profiteers.

The protein in peanuts is of a type especially adapted to replace that which the butcher deals out at such prodigious prices. It yields a liberal quantity of certain amino-acids which give meat, eggs and milk their high place in human nutrition.

Peanuts, like mince pie, cheese, lobster and other concentrated and very nourishing foods which are often taken as so much excess nourishment, have the reputation of being "difficult to digest." Anything in the way of excessive food is difficult to digest, of course, even if it be a snack of hospital broth guarded every second by a special nurse. Men whose diet consisted largely of dishes prepared from peanut flours experienced no digestive trouble, according to bulletin 717, United States department of agriculture.

It is up to the efficient housewife to devise ways of utilising peanuts, peanut flours and peanut butter in the bill of fare. This exceedingly economical, nourishing and digestible food should go far toward meeting the protein needs of the body which have been met at too great a cost in recent years with meat and wheat.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Radical Cure of Piles.

"I have suffered severely with external piles for more than a year, and I am desperate. Is there no cure for piles besides an operation? Do they return and get as bad as ever in a few years and have to be operated on all over again? H. M. L."

Piles are dilated veins about the orifice of the bowel, precisely analogous to varicose veins in the legs. Nothing under heaven but removal or destruction of the portions of vein involved can cure piles. Once surgically removed, the pile, of course, can never return. Even if operation gave relief for only a few years it would be well worth having at that.

Tobacco Blindness.

"I have smoked cigars for years. Lately I am troubled a good deal in the evening by my eyes getting tired and blurred when reading. However, I never inhale; I smoke six cigars a day. Is this caused by the smoke, and would a long cigar holder prevent it? C. J. R."

A cigar holder half a mile long, with leaks here and there, might prevent it. The symptoms suggest tobacco poisoning. It is immaterial whether a smoker "inhales" or not; the mouth is the most active absorbing surface in the body. Send a. a. e. for monograph on conquering the tobacco habit.

PREFERENCE TO VETERANS?

In Road Construction And All Other Matters, says Premier

Toronto, Feb. 14.—"It is the policy of the Government to give preference to returned men in all matters," Premier Hearst said in regard to the request of the G.W.V.A. that first consideration be shown returned soldiers in employing labor for Government highway construction. Further than that, Sir William would not say. He stated that he had not received the request of the G.W. V. A.

In regard to the request of the veterans for a minimum wage of 50 cents per hour for highway work, the Premier stated that this was a question which had received no consideration as yet.

Four million three hundred and seventy-three thousand, five hundred and eighty-one dollars had been expended on the new Manitoba Parliament Buildings, and an additional expenditure of $1,524,769 will be required.

DANDRUFF GOES! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

SAVE YOUR HAIR! DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY IN A FEW MOMENTS. TRY THIS!

HAIR STOPS COMING OUT AND EVERY PARTICLE OF DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance, an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

COUSINS STILL FREE TO MARRY

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE VOTES DOWN BILL TO PROHIBIT SUCH UNIONS

Quebec, Feb. 14.—The proposal of Mr. J. N. Francoeur, M.L.A. for Lotbiniere county, to have a civil law to prohibit marriages between cousins, was short-lived. It came for study before the Legislation Committee of the Provincial House, and was then and there killed.

The Attorney-General of the Province said that the bill was ultra vires, that the Provincial Government could do nothing in this matter of marriage between cousins. Mr. Francoeur insisted, stating that eminent doctors and physicians had urged on him the necessity of such legislation, and he suggested that the Provincial Government approve this measure, with the view of then asking the Federal Government to act upon it. But the proposal was rejected by the committee.

HUMOR IN CHURCH MUSIC

In the days when the church music was in the hands of precentors, at least in the Presbyterian congregations, it was the custom to give out one line of a piece at a time. One Scotch precentor announced the line from the seventy-first Psalm "To many I a wonder am." This caused a titter to go over the whole congregation. It partly unnerved the surprised gentleman; but he made another attempt and announced the line a second time. Again there was general laughter. The minister, taking in the situation at a glance leaned over the pulpit and said to the precentor: "You are a wonder, Thomas, you've got your wig on wrong way about."

Another story is told of two judges in the early days of this country, who were on their way from one circuit to another. En route they had to stop at a small town over Sunday. They arrived at church for the morning service unexpectedly to the people. The minister hurriedly looked up something appropriate to sing. Scanning the index of the hymn book he noticed "Speak, O ye Judges of the Earth." He announced this hymn, thinking to do honor to the distinguished guests, but the words were as follows:

Speak, O ye judges of the earth.
If just your sentence be;
Or must not innocence appeal
To Heaven from your decree?

Your wicked hearts and judgments are
Alike by malice swayed;
Your gripping hands, by weighty bribes,
To violence betrayed.

The thoughts that flashed through the judges' minds are not recorded.

MAKE IT INTERESTING

The study of music from the very beginning, should be made interesting and thorough. Even the child can be made to play with expression in his own atmosphere, and by degrees the study will become a source of real pleasure and inspiration to him. The really good teacher must have a positive technical plan to teach. It will not do any good to feed the pupils on old, worn out doctrines. What we need is teachers all over the country who know the foundation principles of technic according to approved methods and can teach them. Then there will be no need of "beginning over again" because the foundation was badly laid, should such a student enter the classes of an artist teacher.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent" smokes, etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it to-day.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA, CO., Room 151ZT, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N.Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

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POPULARIZING GOOD MUSIC IN RUSSIA

It seems that even poor disorganized Russia had lined up with other great nations in an endeavor to give the masses every opportunity to progress musically. Maria Moravsky gives a glimpse into this movement in an article in Pearson's magazine in the course of which this writer says.

"A few years ago some of our enthusiastic young musicians started a campaign in Russia to introduce serious music to the ordinary, everyday people.

"They organized small street bands with soloists who sang and played the music created by our best composers. They would have their improvised concerts in the courtyards (almost Every Russian house has a big courtyard) and the audience consisted mostly of servants, children, janitors, salesmen and so on. Instead of the ragtime and the popular sentimental love songs they played Tschaikowsky, Rachmaninoff, even Moussorgsky and Scriabin. They played the foreign composers too: Chopin, Grieg and —don't be frightened—Wagner. Programs were very varied and the results—splendid. The audiences, the poorly educated, plain audiences liked them better than the music from movies, which is as light in Russia as everywhere.

REGULATIONS MODIFIED

Price Limitation for Brand and Shorts Removed.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—It was decided at a conference between the Wheat Export Company (which is buyer in Canada for the allied Governments), Canadian millers and the Canada Food Board that the regulations of the milling industry in the Dominion should be modified.

This has been done in order to ameliorate the situation and to try to get Canadian mills operating again. In view of the fact that the Wheat Export Company was willing to place orders at prices on a competitive basis with other countries, there has been no purchase for export since December 12th, and there remains at Canadian seaboard points some 72,000 tons of flour.

SOUNDS STRANGE

Soldiers Decline Invitation to Attend Banquet.

London, Ont., Feb. 13.—Soldiers of London camp claim that they are trifling of being feted by church organizations, and as a result it is claimed that the custom is soon to cease. The matter came to the attention through the experience of the young ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, who spread a banquet for 100 and provided professional entertainers. The whole strength of a local unit had been invited, but not a soldier appeared. Word was sent to district headquarters and an offer was made to provide automobiles for all soldiers from the camp who would go down in the emergency, but none would go. Then an expedition was organized to impress soldiers from the without avail. The soldiers simply explained that they had tired of church entertainments.

USING FOR LEISURE.

With the tendency of the day to shorten working hours, the problem of how to make the best use of the leisure time becomes more involved. So often one hears it said, eight hours to work, eight hours to sleep and eight hours to play. How to utilize the time for work and sleep is pretty well decided for us. But the play time is our own. If it is to be used rightly, then we must be taught from childhood its proper use.

There are few questions in the social life of today that need more thought than this one of how the people should spend their recreation hours. Whatever else finds place in a reasonable program for the leisure period, surely music merits a very large place. There is no other human agency that will benefit people physically, mentally, morally and spiritually to as great an extent as music. It rests the body, muscles, nerves, and all. It rests the brain. It creates thoughts of the higher things of life. It enriches the spirit. If we had far more music in our schools, far more music among the children in our homes, if people generally gave themselves over more to music in the home and in concerts, the problem of seeing to it that the people spend their leisure in the best possible way would be much less of a problem.

In a debate in the B. C. Legislature Mrs. Ralph Smith, M.P.P., said tubercular meat is being sold in coast cities.

NOW RAISES 600 CHICKENS

After Being Relieved of Organic Trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oregon, Ill.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for an organic trouble which pulled me down until I could not put my foot to the floor and could scarcely do my work, and as I live on a small farm and raise six hundred chickens every year it made it very hard for me.

"I saw the Compound advertised in our paper, and tried it. It has restored my health so I can do all my work and I am so grateful that I am recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. D. M. Akers, R. R. 4, Oregon, Ill.

Only women who have suffered the tortures of such troubles and have dragged along from day to day can realize the relief which this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, brought to Mrs. Akers.

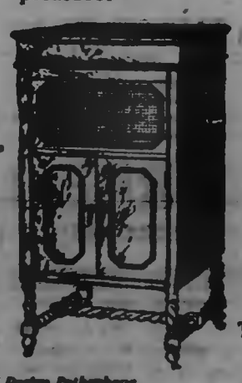
Women everywhere in Mrs. Akers' condition should profit by her recommendation, and if there are any complications write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

Famous Wherever Good Music is Appreciated

TO have GOOD music these days does not require a Musician in the family—the magic of the

Pathephone

with its wonderful collection of Records, produces the *performance* of world-famous Artists, Bands and Orchestras with a fidelity almost unbelievable! It is the Phonograph supreme—technical perfection makes it so. It plays Pathe Records with a permanent, genuine Sapphire ball which NEVER injures the record. No needles to change. It plays other Records as well as the Pathe, and it has a tone modulator permitting you to augment or decrease the volume of tone at your pleasure.



Period Design Pathephone "JACOBEAN" Price $192.50 In Jacobean Oak, Mahogany and Walnut

And yet, with all its admitted superiority, including cabinet designs copied from historical furniture, it is just as easy to own a Pathephone as a phonograph of the old-time needle make, for the Pathephone costs no more than the ordinary Phonograph and most Dealers will sell it to you on the easiest terms imaginable.

TRY it—COMPARE it—it will emerge successfully!

The Pathé Frères Phonograph Sales Co.

4-6-8 Clifford Street

Toronto

Montreal Office: 1000 New Birks Bldg.

Your nearest Pathe Dealer is _____

E. V. Warne

MENNEN'S SHAVING CREAM—One of the best shaving preparations on the market. Special on Saturday 39c

Store Opens 8:30 a.m.
Store Closes 5:30 p.m.
Saturday . . 9:30 p.m.

PEARL BUTTONS 5 FOR 10c—500 cards Pearl Buttons, 2 or 4 holes and small ball styles. All in one big clearing lot, 3 doz, 10c

Seven Day Spring Sale of Cottons
Starts the Morning of February 15th

This sale of sewing needs affords you an opportunity to supply your Spring Cotton wants at prices decidedly saving, for the prices we quote for these Seven Days of Special Selling are actually less than we are being asked for wholesale for similar qualities to-day. Early buyidg and quantity buying when planning ahead for this special occasion provided large generous stocks that are ready for you now at prices that are really saving.

HIGH-GRADE SHEETS $2.50
These Sheets are made from a high quality English cotton, size 80 x 90 inches, with 2½-inch hem, and are exceptionally good value at... Each **$2.50**

BATH TOWELS 37½c
Splendid quality white Bath Towels, thick, close nap and good dryers. For Seven Day Cotton Sale ..... Each **37½c**

BLEACHED SHEETING
8/4 and 9/4 Bleached Sheeting, plain cloth; round, even thread. Worth to-day more than this wholesale, or Seven Day Cotton Sale, either width at, per yard **45c**

EXTRA QUALITY SHEETS $1.75
These Sheets are 72 x 90 inches, have torn ends, with 2½-inch hem. A splendid wearing cotton, at, each **$1.75**

PILLOW COTTON 45c
Circular Pillow Cotton, fine, round thread. A splendid wearing quality; 40 inches wide. At, per yard .. Only **45c**

HEMSTITCHED PILLOW CASES 60c
These cases are made from superior quality pillow cotton, with 2½-inch hem, and can be had in sizes 40 to 46 inches. Seven Day Cotton Sale Each **60c**

GALATEAS AND SHIRTINGS 29c
Galateas and Shirtings, fast colors, in light and dark shades and neat designs. Seven Day Cotton Sale ..... Per yad **29c**

BETTER SHEETING
Horrockses and other famous makes of English Sheetings in all widths. Sheetings that are being sold for this Seven Day Cotton Sale at to-day's wholesale prices or under... Per yad 80c, 85c, 75c & **65c**

11-INCH BATH TOWELLING 12½c
White Bath Towelling, heavy strong weave; 14 inches wide. Special for Seven Day Cotton Sale, per yard **12½c**

FINE NAINSOOK 27c
This nainsook has soft linen finish, is 30 inches in width. Just the right weight and texture for fine underwear. A cloth that we could not buy to-day to sell at less than 40c a yard. For Seven Day Cotton Sale, per yard **27c**

WASH GOODS 25c
A big clearance of broken lines in White Wash Goods, Dimities, Spot Muslins, Linen Suitings, Batiste and Vestings, 27 to 36 inches wide. Regular up to 65c. Clearing for this Seven Day Cotton Sale, at, Per yard **25c**

HORROCKSES WHITE COTTONS
These famous English Cottons known the world over for their superior wearing qualities, can be had for this Seven Day Cotton Sale at a splendid range of prices. We have them in heavy and fine thread and linen or cambric finish. All 36 inches wide, at, per yard **50c 55c & 60c**

BEDSPREADS $2.39
White Cotton Bedspreads, soft finish, free from dressing; full double bed size. For Seven Day Cotton Sale .. Each, only **$2.39**

Here Are Two Wonderful Specials
Fine White Cottons of undoubted quality at prices that will make buying by the piece or half piece profitable.

AT 14c PER YARD
36 inch Lonsdale Cambric, pure cloth; free from dressing; nice even thread. Buy all you will need for months ahead, when you can get it at, per yad **14c**

AT 21c PER YARD
A fine Longcloth, made from pure cotton; soft linen finish, free from dressing. A cotton of undoubted merit, particularly adapted for underwear. Special Seven Day price ..... Per yard **21c**

FLANNELETTE ENDS $1.00
100 Ends of Flannelette, mostly light stripes. Each end contains 6½ yards. The weight is good and you will be well pleased with the wear. For Seven Day Cotton Sale, 100 ends to sell, at each **$1.00**

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS $1.98
Beautiful Damask Table Cloths—not linen, but heavy mercerized cotton. Size 65 x 65 ins. For Seven Day Cotton Sale, each .. **$1.98**

GOOD COTTON EXTRAS
A very fine Longcloth, "Gold Seal" brand; cambric finish, no dressing; 36 inches wide. Seven Day Sale, per yard .. **31c**

PILLOW CASES 29c
Pillow Cases, 40 to 44 inches in width; circular cloth. This is a special clearing lot of lines that sold up to 40c. For Seven Day Cotton Sale .... Each **29c**

MADAPOLAN 45c
Fine quality Madapolan; cambric finish. A beautiful soft cotton for every use. At per yard **45c**

BOXED NAINSOOK
A very fine Nainsook, folded double and put up in lengths of 10 yards in a box. A very superior quality, linen finish, at, per yard 50c
Or by the box $4.50

Two Specials in Sheets
SHEET SPECIAL NO. 1
Ready made Sheets, 72 x 90 inches; English cotton, heavy round thread; a quality that will stand no end of hard wear. Much below value at, each, only **98c**

SHEET SPECIAL NO. 2
Sheets ready to use, made from a good quality English cotton, plain hem, size 80 x 99 inches. These two are much below their real worth at each, only ... **$1.13**

Two Specials in Cotton Batts
200 Bunches White Cotton Batting, splendid American make. For Seven Day Cotton Sale ..... 2 for **25c**

VERY FINE AMERICAN COTTON BATTS 15c
This is finest quality American Cotton Batts we buy. Pure, clean cotton, soft as wool. Regular 60c. For Seven Day Cotton Sale, 150 to sell at, each **45c**

Saturday in the Economy Basement

Here is the Economy Basement's list of Saturday Specials:

OUR 4 BIG SOAP EXTRAS
Turnbull's Famous Laundry Soap, 6 Bars 29c
New Style Lennox Soap ..... 6 Bars 25c
Ivory Soap ..... 2 Bars 15c
Pearline, per package 5c
TIN PAILS—Good quality tin, 10 and 14 qt. size, at, each ..... 39c & 48c
STRAINER PAILS—Heavy quality tin, at, each ..... 98c & $1.19
DOUBLE SOCKETS for electric light. At each 90c
DOUBLE BOILERS—Heavy grey granite; two sizes, at ..... 95c & $1.10
WIRE PIE RACKS—Will hold four pies. Each 25c
TOASTING FORKS—With long wooden handle. Each 10c
CLEAN SWEEP BROOMS—With screw lock that can be adjusted to any angle. Every broom guaranteed. Each 85c
GRANITE STEWING POTS—4, 6 and 8 qt. size, complete with cover, at, each ..... 69c, 89c & $1.10
CUPS AND SAUCERS—Plain white semi-porcelain. Per dozen $1.80
ELECTRIC LIGHTS 3 for $1.00
40 Watt Electric Lights; guaranteed quality. Saturday ... 3 for **$1.00**
MENNEN'S TALCUM POWDER 19c
Mennen's Talcum Powder, full size tins. No need to say anything about this standard powder. It can be had in borated, violet, cream tint, flesh tint and Senyang. Three hundred tins to sell Saturday at.... Per tin **19c**

With every tube tube of Mennen's Shaving Cream sold on Saturday, if you wish, we will sell a 50c Shaving Brush for 25c, making the complete outfit for **75c**

J. C. TURNBULL CO., Limited
PETRRBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

PEACE CONGRESS DEALS WITH LABOR

REGULATIONS ACCEPTABLE TO ALL NATIONS ARE NEAR FINAL STAGES.

Paris, Feb. 14.—The agreement by the commission on international labor legislation of the peace conference yesterday to accept article IV. of the British draft of measures to settle the future status of international labor marks the passing over safely of an obstacle which the labor leaders expected would provoke a bitter contest for the reason that it is the most radical of the projects organized labor is seeking to graft upon the constitution of the society of nations.

This article provides that at the proposed international labor conference the representatives of the Government, the employers and working people shall be entitled to speak and vote independently without regard to the views expressed by the other representatives of their nation and to have power to draw up conventions binding on the nations represented.

The rapid progress made upon the balance of the British draft, into which will be incorporated certain features of the French labor plan, appears to warrant the belief that the essential aims of the delegates of both nations will be accepted in their entirety by the commission, although final action by the peace conference is predicted.

The British Draft.

The British draft covers a wide field, including the following provisions: "Uniformity of the rights of workmen employed abroad, their protection against loss when in a foreign country through the lapse of state insurance against sickness, old age, accidents, unemployment and similary cases.

"Prevention of unemployment through the adoption by the different governments of a policy of distribution of orders for public works so as to keep the demand for labor at an approximately uniform level;

"The relief of the unemployed through a system of registration and co-operation between employers in different lines of industry to meet fluctuating labor demands;

"Opportunities of unemployed young workers for the continuance of their education at established centres;

"A system of inspection of factories and workshops to insure the enforcement of labor laws;

Women and Youths.

"The protection of children, youths and women with educational opportunities for the children and the regulation of night work for the youths;

"The limitation of the working shift for young persons to half that of adults, with no overtime or night work;

"The recognition of the rights of workmen to combine and the right to peaceful picketing;

"The recognition of the right of workingmen to combine politically, and the right to trade unions to participate in politics;

"Working hours to be fixed by laws in each state with an international standard as the minimum;

"The regulation of home work in small workshops, or sweat shops, to be attended to by each State, in view of the difficulty of settling this problem by international regulation.

"An international code regulating labor conditions in the mercantile marine under every flag to be worked out by a special maritime commission of the league of nations in continuous session to take up new points.

"It seems to be agreed that the wholly different wage and money standards of the last and the west would make the definite fixing of conditions as to these matters impossible.

"As to the right of workingmen to combine, the British view is that this at least should be insisted upon by the working classes, although it is now denied by Japan.

"The measures of hygiene, insurance and the regulation of the work of children, it is also contended, ought to apply to native Asiatic labor.

"The British plan also contemplates the creation of a permanent international commission to fix wages according to the conditions in the various regions and to make a special study of native labor problems."

Buying a Packet of— "SALADA"
Is not a gamble, but a sure thing that you are getting the greatest possible Quality and Value to the limit of your expenditure. TRY - IT. 2440

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat if you Feel Backachy or Have Bladder Trouble

Meat forms uric acid which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poisons, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive; harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

Of 14,784 Indians in Manitoba above 750 have died of "flu".

TAKES VACATION IN CALIFORNIA

REV. T. H. MITCHELL AND SISTER ARE ON A TRIP SOUTH.

Rev. T. H. Mitchell, formerly minister in charge of St. Andrew's Church, and who recently resigned as pastor of old St. Andrew's Church in Toronto, has gone to California where he will spend three months in the hope of regaining his health which has become impaired by a too close application to duty. He will be accompanied by his sister, Miss Belle Mitchell, who while in this city, was as popular as Mr. Mitchell himself. At the end of his vacation Mr. Mitchell will resume church work.

Referring to Mr. Mitchell's resignation of his Toronto charge, the Presbyterian of that city says:

"Rev. Thos. H. Mitchell tendered his resignation of Old St. Andrew's, and in deference to his own request the congregation acquiesced in his desire for release. He had only begun his work, and both Mr. Mitchell and his people expressed regret that he will not be able to carry through the plans that have been initiated. The Presbytery expressed its appreciation of his strong leadership, and of the place he had already secured in the affections of his people, and its hope that, after a period of rest and recuperation, he may find a suitable field where his fine powers of organization and leadership may be used for the furtherance of the work of the Church in Canada."

NO PERSONAL APPLICATION

Are Required to Secure New Badge of Service.

It is published for the information of all concerned that the national rolls are being prepared by the Records Office, Overseas Military Forces of Canada for all those who are eligible for the 1914-15 Star and Riband under routine order 1543 and individual applications for these decorations are not required.

In view of the large number of decorations likely to be issued some considerable time will elapse before these are available for distribution. For this reason officers, N.C.O.'s and men are asked to refrain from making personal applications.

Edmonton City Council voted to recommend a charter amendment to allow the payment of $5 to every alderman for every Council meeting attended and $3 for each committee meeting attended with a $1,000 a year limit.

BUY War-Savings Stamps

What is a War-Savings Stamp?
It is the evidence of a promise of the Dominion of Canada to pay the owner $5.00 on January 1st, 1924.

What does it cost?
A War-Savings Stamp costs $4.01 this month; $4.02 in March; and the price advances one cent each month in 1919.

What are the extra cents for?
These represent the interest earned.

What is a War-Savings Certificate?
It is a pocket-sized folder, containing spaces for 10 W.S.S. A completed War-Savings Certificate is the Government's "bond" to pay $50.00 on January 1st, 1924.

Who should buy War-Savings Stamps?
EVERYBODY in Canada.

Why? Because in so doing, they help Canada, and benefit themselves.

War-Savings Stamps are sold at Money-Order Post Offices, Banks and other places displaying this sign.

W-S-S

Buy Thrift Stamps at 25 cents each; affix 16 to a Thrift Card, and present as $4.00 in buying a W.S.S.

TWO SOLDIERS WELCOMED HOME

DRIVER H. J. DEVEY AND PTE. COLEMAN ENTERTAINED BY ST. JOHN'S CHOIR.

St. John's choristers again had the pleasure of welcoming one of their number returned from the great war in the person of Harold J. Devey, who landed in Canada last Saturday on the Campania, arriving in Peterborough on Wednesday last at 6.30 a.m. Enlisting at Kingston in the 33rd Battery on Jan. 25, 1916, less than three weeks saw the young 18-year-old soldier in England, and July 14th saw the draft in France, taking part in many of the severe actions, including those of the Somme, Vimy Ridge, Paschendaele, Amiens, and Drocourt Devey was finally knocked out by gas at the Canal du Nord last September. Pte. James Coleman, a former member of St. Luke's choir, was also given a hearty welcome after four years absence from the city, of which time two and a half were spent in hard service in France.

Mr. R. J. Devey, on behalf of the choir, welcomed the soldiers back to civil life, and hoped that all with whom they came in contact would do all in their power to help them forget the awful scenes of France and Flanders. An hour passed pleasantly in song, dance and refreshment. The health of the soldier guests of honor was musically honored and very short speeches of thanks were given by the guests.

The pleasant re-union dispersed about 11 p.m., following the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," and the National Anther.

GET YOUR LICENSES

Chauffeurs and Owners Both to be Proceeded.

Chief Thompson states that in accordance with instructions received from the Attorney General's Department, he will prosecute all chauffeurs found driving without a license as well as the parties employing them.

MOTOR SHOW FOR HEALTH ASSO'N

ANNUAL EVENT AT THE ARMORIES HELD UNDER NEW AUSPICES.

The annual motor show at the Armouries in the spring will be held under the auspices of the Peterborough Health Association to whose funds the receipts will be turned over. Ever since the beginning this show has been for the benefit of the Red Cross, but that organization no longer being in need of funds, the change has been decided upon as outlined above, and no worthier public service than the Health Association can be found in the city.

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

$1.00 WHITE CHAMOISCLOTH GLOVES 89c

Chamoiscloth Gloves of the famous "Griffin" make. Give excellent wearing and washing satisfaction. Regular $1.00 value; all sizes; white only. Saturday Snap price, pair **89c**
(Street Floor, First Circle.)

Interesting Staple Snaps

CEYLON FLANNEL—Cream grounds with pin stripes of black, blue and mauve; English manufacture and guaranteed fast colors; 27 ins. wide. Regularly sold at 45c yard. Saturday Snap, yd. **35c**

LONGCLOTH—Fine quality Longcloth, even weave, 36 inches wide. Suitable for ladies' and children's wear. Our regular 30c value. On Saturday for, yard 26c, or ..... 10 Yards **$2.50**

UNBLEACHED SHEETING—Splendid [illegible] that will wear exceptionally well. Our regular 75c value. As a Saturday Snap, yard **63c**

GREY FLANNEL—Light and dark grey flannel, a good reliable quality, 27 inches wide. It will give splendid wearing satisfaction. Regular stock 50c value, for a Saturday Snap, yard **43c**

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS—Bleached Table Cloths of good quality. All ready hemmed; size 70 x 70 inches. Regularly priced at $3.25. Saturday Snap, each **$2.50**

Laundry Soaps and Toilet Paper Prices Especially for Saturday

TOILET PAPER
10 Rolls for 49c

Fifty cases of fine crepe tissue Toilet Paper for sale Saturday. Regular 7c size rolls. Sold only in lots of 10 and 20 rolls at this Snap Price ..... 10 Rolls **49c**

LAUNDRY SOAP
7 Bars for 50c

P. & G., Sunlight and Comfort Laundry Soaps, three of the most popular high grade soaps on today's market. You can buy 7 or 14 bars at the Snap price ..... 7 Bars **49c**
(Fifth Circle, Street Floor.)
'Phone orders not filled for soap or toilet paper.

Some High Class Seasonable Coats Still Remain They will be on Sale Saturday, at $25.95

They are manufacturer's samples and were made to sell regularly at $35.00, $39.00 and $40.00 The styles are smart and right up to date, in colors of green, navy, taupe, brown, green, and Burgundy. Sizes include 16, 18, 36 and 38. A wonderful opportunity on Saturday to procure a warm, good-looking coat at **$25.95**

SILK POPLIN SKIRTS $6.75

For wearing qualities and smart appearance these silk poplin skirts are ideal. A variety of attractive styles, in colors navy, black and taupe ... Saturday Snap price **$6.75**

KIMONAS $1.98

Wrapperette Kimonas, nicely made with shirring at the waist and an elastic band. Pretty floral patterns. For Saturday Snap, price .... Each **$1.98**

VELVET DRESSES $13.95

Eight only in this lot of good quality Velvet Dresses. Colors, brown and navy. For a rush sale Saturday **$13.95**

WHITE COTTON GOWNS 98c

Slip-over style cotton Nightgowns; well made and trimmed with lace and embroidery. Wonderful value at the Saturday Snap price **98c**

Peterboro's Mail Order House — The CRESSMAN Limited — We Prepay Shipping Charges

MERCERIZED CROCHET COTTON 10c BALL

Most dependable Coat's mercerized crochet cotton, in both white and ecru, and all sizes. A real Saturday bargain at the Fancy Goods Circle, and worth buying your future needs at the Snap price, ball **10c**
(Street Floor, Fourth Circle.)

Sumptuous New Silks in the Dress Goods Department

New Wool Dress Goods, Silks and Suitings

We are fortunate to have received an advance shipment of new Dress Goods, Suitings and Silks, and we invite you to come and see them as soon as possible. How vital the right materials are to the smartness and chic of the suits, skirts, frocks and wraps one has made for Spring. So much depends on the proper weaves, so much upon an expert's knowledge of the colors which will endure with fashion. Here you will find an elegant array in this advance showing of authentic weaves and colorings for Spring, 1919.

Sale of Handkercheifs

NEW IRISH HANDKERCHIEFS 3 For 49c

We have just received a delayed shipment of Irish Handkerchiefs that were bought over a year ago. To-day's market price is 25c each. Excellent Irish quality in these dainty of dainty Handkerchiefs with fancy white or colored embroidered designs. Exceptionally good value for Saturday shoppers at the Snap price ... 3 for **49c**
(Street Floor, Third Circle.)

FINDING JOBS FOR VETERANS

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS ARE DOING FOR THE RETURNED SOLDIERS.

"Want a position?"

"What is your trade? Wish to stay in the city or will you go out of town?

"Yes we can help you. Fill out this form."

It is the interior of a Government employment bureau in the Province of Ontario. Along the front of a glass covered counter rail stand a line of men. Only upon one coat does the badge of a returned soldier shine out conspicuously. The waiting room at the back is scattered with some twenty-five other job seekers—men of every type and requirement are represented—bookkeepers, machinists, clerks, laborers, men in the building trade, men with fine kid gloves and natty attire jostle shoulders with their brothers of the hoary hand and collarless. But one thing is remarkable about every applicant, in this particular office at least. The air is calm, and while expectant there is no appearance of over-anxiety on the faces of the waiting men. It is apparent that the employment situation has not yet reached an acute stage.

Two interviewers walk up and down the counter taking particulars. Fifteen minutes in some cases seems to be the average time given in which to dispose of the business. The man is put in touch with the employer who needs such qualifications as he possesses and leaves the office for the interview.

The men who interview the applicants are not merely clerks in the Government employ. They are chosen as possessing special qualifications, fitting them for their work of interviewing and placing. Intuition, tact, sympathy and a good knowledge of human nature must be the outstanding characteristics of those who aspire to such positions.

The duty of the interviewer is to fit the man to the job. This means employer satisfaction and a happy and successful employe.

An interviewer has stopped in front of a young returned man not yet out of khaki, who has stepped up to the counter and his manner of addressing the applicant displays sympathy and interest. A bright conversation for a few minutes and the man goes away satisfied that his case will be well handled. Not everyone is so quickly appraised and placed, but this boy has wisely chosen the life of a farmer, having had a little previous experience before the war.

There are cases which would require far more time than fifteen minutes in which to get at the real capabilities of a person and to select them for a job in which they will make the most success.

Many who apply have very scattered notions of the kind of position they want. Often some guidance and suggestion upon the part of the interviewer will save an applicant from making a mistake in his choice of vocation and help him to reconsider his position and to make the most of his natural gifts. This end of the work to the enthusiastic worker is intensely interesting and the time is well spent in fitting an applicant to a position where he can find true happiness and ideal in his work.

So much for the employment bureau's contact with the man seeking a job. To make the service complete however, an equal interest must be taken in the employer who is looking for the man and to this end the various Government employment bureaus are conducting a continual campaign calculated to attract the interest of all employers of labor.

Here is an organization run upon strictly business lines, which at no cost whatever to the employer will select the best type of men for the positions he has to offer. Every man is personally selected with as much an eye for the progress and welfare of the business as if the employer himself were conducting the interview. Employers in the past have not co-operated sufficiently with such bureaus.

Cards issued to employers distinguished as follows:

"Red" for farm operations;

"Yellow" for miscellaneous trades or professions;

"Blue." for placements of women.

A chart upon the wall shows the entire labor situation at a glance. Arranged with trades and grades of work, marked by alphabetical signs in the margin, it is marked out daily by means of red pins, showing the number of positions available. In some instances there are no positions to the season. Carpenters, bricklayers and the allied building trades have a strong line of positions wanted, for instance, and no openings recorded.

The man who applies for a job is asked to give particulars as to qualifications, age, experience, references, etc. He is also asked to state some secondary position or further positions which he could take pending placement in his own particular line of work. This gives every man an opportunity of having some work to carry him over the dull period.

Many people are under the impression that the employment bureaus operated by the Government deal only with such class of work as laboring, building, etc., or skilled mechanics, but the fact is that every bureau is equipped to deal with every class of worker. The Ottawa bureau for instance, has placed people of such varying capacities as that of char lady to an opera singer, though of course the latter placement is not a very common one, owing to the fact that such professions have their own privately operated bureaus.

John Jackson, 18, was instantly killed while working at the Lake Superior Paper Company's mill at Sault Ste. Marie.

Premier Stewart of Alberta, told the Legislature that the Provincial Government could not consider the establishment of a Hansard.

Saskatchewan Government spent $157,868.87 on Government printing last year. Regina Leader got $114,000 of it.

HUNTER STREET BRIDGE WILL BE SUBSTANTIAL STRUCTURE

Mr. Frank Barber, the Designer, Explains His Ideas of Bridge Architecture at Meeting of Engineers' Club.

Mr. Frank Barber, the engineer who is to supervise the construction of the New Hunter Street bridge, addressed the Engineers' Club of this city last night in the Public Library hall upon the subject of concrete bridges.

Mr. Canfield, the president of the club, presided and intimated that as Mr. Barber had built some of the finest bridges in the country and had been engaged to construct the new one over the Otonabee river, the club while it endeavors to have lectures of interest from the standpoint of engineers is not unmindful of the interests of the people in general had decided to have Mr. Barber address them in connection with concrete bridges.

Views of the finest bridges in the country were thrown upon the screen last night and their points of interest explained by the speaker. Many of them were the results of his own work. He explained the difference between the full spandral arch design and the other usual forms of construction.

He strongly condemned the practice of making the design of a bridge too fussy. It was not well to go in too extensively for ornamentation and he demonstrated his point by showing views of the proposed new bridge for Peterborough which is plain in its appearance almost to severity.

No Frills.

He felt that there was nothing included in the plans which could be dispensed with as the hand rail was quite plain and cutting down the height resulted in very little saving and spoiled entirely the appearance of the structure.

The regulations of the Dominion Railway Board in regard to double tracking the bridge had to be observed and the platform of the structure could therefore be made no narrower. Someone had sugfested cantilevering the sidewalks, but as the adoption of this principle while narrowing the peers would result in a consequent broadening of them upon the basis that the peers must be of a certain size in order to place the pressure over a wide enough area, it would mean little, if any, difference.

The design of the new bridge as shown upon the screen last night depicted a noble structure which fulfilled the ideals of its engineer that it should depend for its beauty upon its massiveness, and simplicity of outline. He showed that the peers will be pierced so that if at any time deemed advisable the sidewalk can be run below the main floor of the structure, making it a double decker.

Architects Helped With Places.

In concluding his address, Mr. Barber stated that he had had ever since undertaking the contract of designing this bridge, associated with him an eminent architect. He felt that engineers had made a mistake in the past in endeavoring to do the work of an architect and had marred the beauty of many otherwise beautiful works by building them along ridiculous lines of design.

It was ineffectual to call in an architect after the plans had been completed by the engineer. They are then unalterable and all the artist can is to add a frosting of beauty which not being a part of the work itself is fussy and displeasing to the eye.

The task of the engineer is to submitt plans of an economical and suitable structure and the architect can then take this design which, though inevitable, is elasticable and can improve the appearance without in any way weakening the work from the standpoint of usefulness.

Mr. Barber dealt with a criticism which he stated had been made regarding the information obtainable by contracting firms which had been termed inadequate. He stated that three borings had been made at the points where the peers would have to be sunk and that the contractors who applied for it had been furnished with the most dtailed information regarding this and other points in connection with construction which would help them to arrive at a figure.

Mr. A. H. Stratton Is Again President

RE-ELECTED TO POSITION HE HAS HELD FOR TWELVE YEARS.

According to papers found on Paul of the St. George Mansions Co., Limited, Toronto, the following directors were appointed for the ensuing year: Dr. J. C. Mitchell, Brockville; F. Rogers, Whitby; Dr. Philp, Toronto; A. H. Stratton, Peterboro; John McGowan, Elora.

Mr. A. H. Stratton was elected president of the company, a position he has held for the past twelve years.

Tweed is considering the purchase of a $4,250 fire engine.

WRIST & BRACELET
Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
207 George St. Next Turnbull's

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

A STYLE THAT IS MUCH ADMIRED

So many people are wearing Fowler's new shell rimmed glasses that they are the most popular new style that has come for years. The large, round lenses with their dark rims have a distinguished appearance that is very attractive. Dr. Fowler has a very large stock in every style. With "PEBLO" Lenses they are a good combination.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS
Coughing Spreads Disease

SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS
HELP THIS FOR CHILDREN

GOING FULL BLAST

Midwinter Reductions

AFTER STOCK-TAKING AT

WALK-EASY

February will be a month of Footwear Bargains at Walk-Easy, to clear away after Stock-taking.

Hundreds of pairs of Boots, Shoes, Pumps, Oxfords and Rubbers have been laid out in Bargain Lots all over the store.

Everybody interested—Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children.

Every dollars worth of stock that can be cleared away will be offered this month at prices that will force attention and attract buyers.

Styles and Leathers are in the popular lines for this season's trade.

125 Pairs Women's High or Low Heel Stylish Shoes, in fine quality. Reduced to **$3.98**
65 Pairs Women's Smart Black and Brown, popular styles, Neolin or leather soles. Reduced to **$5.95**
85 Pairs Men's Black and Brown Fine Quality Shoes, calfskin, with leather and Neolin soles. Reduced to **$4.95**
200 Pairs of Boys' Boots, in black and brown models, calfskin; sizes 1 to 5; leather or Neolin soles. Reduced to ..... **$3.00 & $4.00**
150 Pairs Misses' Black and Brown Calf Shoes; leather or Neolin soles ..... **$2.75 & $3.75**
Reduced to .....
40 Pairs Children's Boots. Sizes 2 to 7 ..... **98c**
Reduced to .....
300 PAIRS OF RUBBERS TO BE SACRIFICED
Men's Rubbers— **98c**
Reduced to .....
Women's Rubbers— **79c**
Reduced to .....
Boys' and Misses' Rubbers equally reduced.

Do not come for just what you see advertised. Anything and everything in the store can be bought now in Bargain Lots at Bargain Prices.

Walk-Easy Shoe Store

333 GEORGE STREET

Your Nearest Shoe Store to the Market

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

[illegible] per insertion. All "want" ads cash with order.

TO RENT.

FOR RENT—New brick modern seven-roomed bungalow, No. 59 Robinson street. Seven minutes' walk from Post Office.—Apply H. W. Morgan, 61 Robinson stret.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKERLY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 134 Hunter st. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 843.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
W. R. TAYLOR & SON
100 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
[illegible] now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Coal Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
EDW & COMPANY
283 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.
Phone 607
Nights and Holidays 206

Piano Tuning
Phone 666
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-0880.
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
[illegible] GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 98o

Children's Aid Society
[illegible] City and County
[illegible] NEGLECTED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL,
Secretary and Inspector
[illegible] George St. Phone 1044x
Office Hours: 10 to 2 and 6 to 8

Greece has been authorized by the Allies to send additional troops into Thrace, Smyrna district, and adjacent territory along the coast.

Canadian stock exchanges moved forward in sympathy with the stronger tone at New York.

Canadian bank clearances, with the exception of five western cities, show substantial gains.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
498 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

A. T. HUDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
H. A. Peck, K.C. F. B. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. REMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 101. Successor to Rogers, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

HALL & HALL
Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, Hunter street, Peterborough, next the English Church. Money to loan at the lowest rates of interest. S. H. D. Hall. Basil D. Hall.

A. B. ROSS
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices: corner Hunter & Simcoe sts., Entrance next Medill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CONNERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Connery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 204.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. R. R. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Liverpool
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 288.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 119. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sawdings, Joist and Mill Stuff, Mouldings, Ceilings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Rough and Dressed. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alt. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, on which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

[illegible] Service MONDAY [illegible] Monday) made a flight from Paris to London in one hour and fifty minutes.

LAUGHTER IS ONE OF BEST REMEDIES KNOWN TO MAN

And Mr. Lou J. Beauchamp in His Lecture Last Night at the Conservatory Applied This Prescription to the Audience.

The third attraction of the Chautauqua Course was held last evening in the Conservatory Hall when a large audience enjoyed the well selected lecture given by Mr. Lou Beauchamp. The first item on the program was a selection by the orchestra accompanied by Miss Agnes Logan.

Mr. Beauchamp first dealt with the relation existing between nations. In explaining he quoted a story of the essay on "Men." A teacher having asked her pupils to give an essay on "Men" asked one of the little girls to read hers which ran, "Men are things that women marry. men smoke, drink, chew and swear. Women don't. Men and women both sprang from monkeys but women sprang the farthest."

This is the same way with the nations of today. All people in the beginning were the same but some have strayed from the right road and settled down in a different country. He compared the friendship of two nations as a fellow courting a girl on the west side. That was no way, you should court her all around. Another instance is the hand shake of a candidate after election. It is sometimes very cold.

The speaker then went on to explain the ways of experience. In modern times you have to be well up in the names of certain articles. At a certain meeting of a church board the subject of buying a chandelier was brought up but one old gent did not agree with the rest. He said, "What is the use of a chandelier if there is no one here who can run it." Sometimes it takes a long time to become experienced. One instance: "A man had lost four wives and had married again. In speaking to a friend one day he told him of the loss of his fifth wife who had eloped, and when the fellow told him he ought to be used to it now he said, "yes, but this is the first one that I have lost alive."

The experiences of many are great. Some are pleasant to relate, others no so pleasant. One widower receiving the words of sympathy from the minister who had had charge of the funeral of her husband replied, I have one consolation. I know where John is at nights now," Another was that of a lady whose husband lay in a drunken stupor on the kitchen floor. When she looked at him she cried, "Thank God, he is no blood relation of mine."

The Armenians, who are one of the finest and most artistic races in the world have been down trodden by the Turks. They have suffered more than almost any other nation in the world. Many lives have been sacrificed and many more ruined.

Mr. Beauchamp has travelled all over the world, he lectured to many nations. He has spoken to many individuals. He has received letters from overseas from the boys "over there." In one was told the story of the sailing to a cross of a British sergeant and when his brother saw him he shot him through the brain to end his misery and then led the British forces against the Germans and killed every one of the Germans in the trench. Do you wonder at it when they themselves were treated so cruelly.

Many of the returned soldiers who are maimed and who returned before the armistice repeat the desire to return to the trenches and help those who were still over there. "Over there," all men are comrades. The poor and the rich share the same cup. All share each other's sorrows and joys. There is no distinction between the two parties. All is friendship.

The next generation—what is it going to be when the mothers of children are playing progressive euchre to win cut glass and prizes of all kinds. It is said that the "iniquities of the father shall be visited upon the children of the third and fourth generation." The people of the Methodist Church play euchre for prizes, those of the Presbyterian play bridge and the Baptist "peanut." All of these are played for prizes. Who are the race left who are the true religion it is the race from which Christ came. It is the Jewish race.

Why are churches separated so much? In a small town where there were only three churches if you went along the main street where these churches were situated you would hear the Methodist singing "Are there going to be any stars in my Crown?" the Presbyterian singing "No, not one," and the Baptist singing "That will be glorious for me," and so this is the way that religion spreads.

The speaker then referred to the salaries paid to the clergy. Some were paid below the living wage. One minister from Indiana said that the people talked of the way his wife dressed. They expected her to dress in a seal-skin sack when they paid him a musk-rat salary. Why should not ministers get a living salary anyway?

In conclusion the speaker referred to his own life and of the Ohio flood in which he lost all he had and only saved his wife. All his great library which can never be replaced and all his money he had saved on which to live after he had retired, but he was happy to have saved what he had.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST
Effective December 8, 1918.

••8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

•11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

••7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

••9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:30 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Aura Lee Winners Over Parkdale

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Showing combination that resembled the team work of other years, Aura Lee landed home in front of Parkdale last night, 4 to 2, in the first home-and-home games, total goals to count, for the championship of junior groups No. 6 and 7 combined, and carry their lead of two goals into tomorrow afternoon's contest.

Aura Lee took the "track" showing a wonderful three-man combination that proved the undoing of Parkdale, who resorted to the individual style of play throughout. Led by the elusive and shifty Hodden, they showered down upon Spring and Batstone, beating them time and again, but Worters showed a wonderful game in the nets and only his grand work prevented the north end lads from piling up a good lead for the return affair. In the other citadel young Deavitt turned in a sterling performance and had far from a quiet evening. He landed "Deadwood Dick" shots with his hands, pads and feet and was an honest successor to Vernon Forbes, who so capably looked after the net interests for Aura Lee during the past three seasons.

RAISE PAY OF POLICE

Galt, Feb. 14.—Galt Police Commission, at a meeting today, granted increases to all members of the force and decided to eliminate the bonus system. Chief Gorman now receives $1,800 a year, sergeants $1,030 and policemen $950 to $1,000

Council of Smith Elects Officers

The Members of the Municipal Council of the township of Smith met in the county council chamber, Peterboro, on Monday, February 10th, at eleven o'clock. All the members were present with Reeve Nichols in the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The following officers were appointed.

Auditors—Messrs Young and Edmison at a salary of ten dollars each.

Medical offices of health—Dr. J. A. Morgan.

Assessor—Mr. C. O. Northey at a salary of $150 and postage extra.

Sanitary inspector, relief and tenant officer—J. N. Telford, Bridgenorth.

There being no applications for the position of Collector the clerk was instructed to ask for tenders. Applicants to furnish bonds for $12,000.

Mr. Thos. Eyers addressed the Council and stated that the road known as the side line between the seventh and eighth concessions was in a very bad state of repair and needed considerable money expended upon it next year. Reeve Nichols promised to go over the road during the annual inspection of roads next spring.

The Treasurer was instructed to pay the following accounts:

Ernest Roseborough, timber	$41.00
Mrs. Whitby, rebate dog tax	2.00
Chas. Forsyth, rebate statute labor	1.10
A. Sanderson, wire fence	20.20
John J. Ayotte, work with engine	1.50

The council then adjourned to meet again on Monday, March 10th, at 11 o'clock.

CANADA' TRADE SHOWS DECREASE

AGRICULTURIST, EXPORTS FELL OFF DURING MONTH OF JANUARY.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—A decrease of $340,644,631 in the total of Canada's trade for the ten months of the fiscal year ending January 31, as compared with the same period last year, is shown by the monthly trade statement issued by the Customs Department.

The further development of the iron and steel industry will, however, in the opinion of the British Columbia advisory committee, depend to a considerable extent upon the development of cheap electric smelting processes and cautious expansion only as justified by the commercial results from well-considered beginnings, and after adequate further investigation of natural resources and economic processes.

WAR PICTURES AT THE GRAND

DEAL WITH CRAFT OF GERMANY AND BRUTALITY OF AUSTRIA

There is a splendid chance offered the public to enjoy a pleasant and profitable entertainment at the Grand Opera House tonight where an exceptionally good program of moving pictures is offered. This includes the well known movie stars, Alice Howell in the "Cabbage Queen", a racy comedy, and Grace Cunard in "After the War." Both films being based on war stories, the first dealing with the craft of Germany and the latter with the brutality of those high in the affairs of Austria. There is also an exciting scenic representation of other charities in one of O. Henry's charming stories of life in the west.

The vaudeville act has been cancelled by the management as not up to the standard set for the house, but there is ample entertainment without it.

Tomorrow afternoon and evening the attraction will be "The Other Man's Wife," a production which ran for six solid months in New York.

NATION'S BILL AGAINST HUNS

CANADA'S WAR CLAIM IS ELEVEN HUNDRED AND FORTY MILLIONS.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Canada's claims against Germany, including war expenditure to date, now total over eleven hundred and forty million dollars. War expenditure alone from the beginning of the war to the end of last month totalled $1,122,000,000. This represents accounts which have passed through the books of the Finance Department. In addition, claims for actual enemy damages against Canadians—claims for damages by submarines and in other ways—now total about nineteen million dollars. About a month ago the Government cabled to Sir Robert Borden that Canadian claims for enemy damage totalled $16,500,000. Since then claims have been coming in steadily to the extent of probably another two and a half millions.

The figures are of particular interest in view of Mr. Bonar Law's statement in the British House of Commons today that British delegates at the Peace Conference intend to claim an indemnity which will include the cost of the war.

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GRAPE FRUIT FOR MARMALADE
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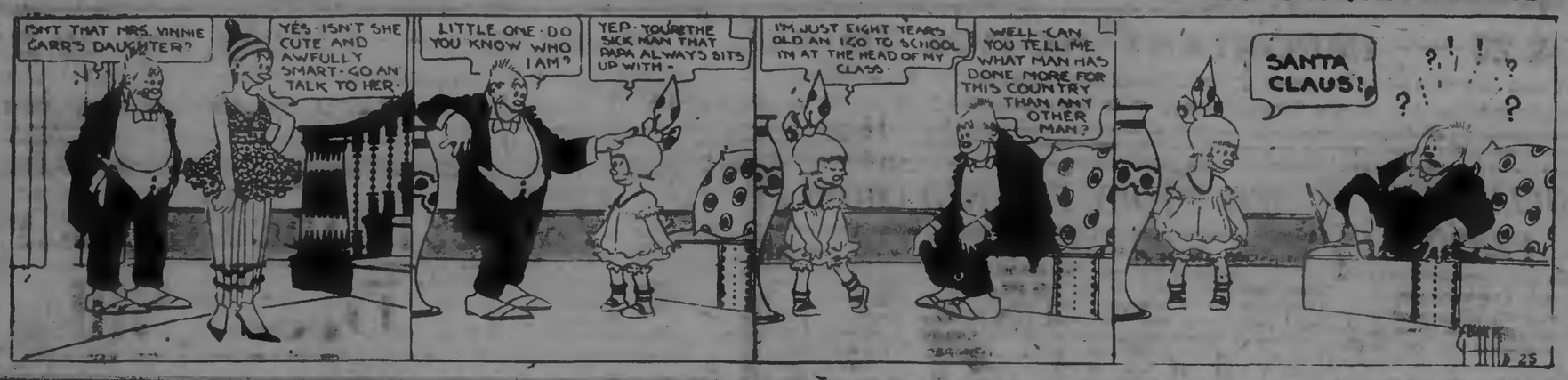
ISN'T THAT MRS. VINNIE CARR'S DAUGHTER?
YES · ISN'T SHE CUTE AND AWFULLY SMART · GO AN TALK TO HER ·
LITTLE ONE · DO YOU KNOW WHO I AM?
YEP · YOU'RE THE SICK MAN THAT PAPA ALWAYS SITS UP WITH ·
I'M JUST EIGHT YEARS OLD AN I GO TO SCHOOL I'M AT THE HEAD OF MY CLASS ·
WELL CAN YOU TELL ME WHAT MAN HAS DONE MORE FOR THIS COUNTRY THAN ANY OTHER MAN?
SANTA CLAUS!

M'GRAW ON IVORY HUNT FAILS TO FIND PLAYERS

Tried in Vain to Settle Chase Case With Cincinnati—Stars Who Say They Are Through With Baseball.

Vice-President-Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants has just returned from an "ivory" hunt through the wilds of Missouri and Indiana.

McGraw failed to make any progress in his negotiations for First-baseman Hal Chase and he learned from personal contact of the retirement of Southpaw Slim Sallee, on whom he was banking heavily for the pennant fight of 1919. However, re did snare Shortstop Arthur Fletcher, the captain of his team.

Fletcher was more than pleased with the terms of the contract which had foreatalled McGraw on the trip west, and had the signed papers all ready for mailing when Mac hove in sight.

The Little Napoleon had intended to call upon some dozen or his players, but contracted a heavy cold on the train going west and decided to beat it back to the big winter resort before the flu had a chance to flirt with him. Consequently he saw only two players—Fletcher, who signed, and Slim Sallee, who refused to sign.

Tries to Settle Chase Case

On the way back he dropped off in Cincinnati to talk business with Garry Herrman for the services of Hal Chase.

The case of Chase is a somewhat unique one. For the sonce Garry Herrmann is exhuming the recipe of his old running mate, Charles H. Ebbetts of Brooklyn. Before the Flatbush Squire would consent to the transfer of Jake Daubert, who had fallen out with him, to the Cincinnati Reds he insisted that friend Jake withdraw a civil suit for alleged back salary from the courts.

Chase is now suing the Cincinnati club for back pay and also for the salary in full representing the term of his suspension on charges of which Prince Hall was exonorated after official investigation by the National League.

In the meantime McGraw has two signs to his bow. Walter Holke, himself a pretty able firstatacker, will come to town tomorrow or Thursday to talk terms with the big boss. Holke is very anxious to make his peace with the club.

Contrary to reports from Lexington, McGraw was unable on his short visit to arrange a conference with Ferdie Schupp, his star lefthander, who was incapacitated last year.

The Giants have released to the Indianapolis club of the American association, Thirdbaseman E. M. Hemingway, who finished the past season with the Phillies.

Plank Is Through

Edward Plank, pitcher, returned an unsigned contract to the New York American league club yesterday with the announcement that he had retired from major league baseball to give all his attention to business at Gettysburg, Pa. Plank, who is 42 years old, was traded to the Yankees by the St. Louis Americans last year, but signed with a team in the Bethlehem Steel league instead of reporting to New York.

Another Pitcher Quits

Pitcher James Scott, a veteran with the Chicago Americans, announces his retirement from professional baseball. He has employment in Beloit, Wis., and in addition will play independent ball. Scott enlisted in the army before the close of the 1917 season and won a commission as captain.

Plays in Fine Masks

The first baseball game in which the players, umpire and spectators wore "flu" masks was played when the Pasadena and Standard Murphy clubs clashed at Pasadana. The went eleven innings and not once during that time did any of the players remove their masks.

The rooting of the fans and their "kill the umpire" cry was somewhat muffled by the gauze masks, but otherwise they appeared to enjoy the contest.

Among the many big league stars taking part in the game were Fred McMullin of the Chicago White Sox, Carl Sawyer of the Washington Americans, Bill Piercy and Truck Hannah, New York Americans; "Irish" Meusel, Philadelphia Nationals, and Otie Crandall, the former Giant.

The game was won by the Standard Murphy club 10 to 9. Each club got 17 hits and each made two errors.

Chess Expert Is Dead at Budapest

The London Field announces the death of Carl Schlechter, one of the greatest chess masters of modern times. Schlechter passed away at Budapest on Dec. 27 last, at the age of 45. He was the only player who ever emerged undefeated from a match with the world's champion, Dr. Emanuel Lasker, whom he held in a contest for the world's championship with the final score of one victory, one defeat and eight draws.

Schlecher was generally regarded as the chief exponent of the Vienna school of chess, which attaches less importance to agressive combination than playing for a sound, strong position, and he became so expert at this that it was very difficult, if not impossible, for the very best players to win against him, although, on the other hand, it was comparatively easy for them to effect a draw. He played through a number of international master tournaments without losing a game but making an abnormal number of draws, and this earned him the title of "Master of the Vienna Remis Monde"—remis being the French word for draw. Nevertheless, he was apt at times to cast aside the precepts of his own school and to play va banque, and some of his games, when he did this, are amonf the most brilliant on record.

Well Up in Chess Openings.

Schlechter was noted for his thorouyh knowledpe of the theory of chess openings, and he edited the last revision of Bilbaer's famous "Handbook of Chess," the largest and most authoritative work on the game extant.

Few among international players have been so much liked as Carl Schlechter; his true modesty, amiability and quiet, unassuming demeanor made him a favorite with all who knew him.

Schlechter came to America in 1904 to take part in the International Chess tournament at Cambridge Springs, Pa., which was won by the United States champion Frank Marshall. Schlechter tied with the Russian Champion Tschigorin, who is also dead, for sixth prize. It was Schlechter's defeat of Emanuel Lasker that helped Marshall materially in gaining first prize in this tournament which was one of the strongest ever held.

OTTAWAS CINCH LEAD BY BLANKING THE CANADIENS

Cameron of Ottawas Badly Injured When Kicked by Corbeau of the Canadiens.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—By defeating Canadiens Eddie Gerard and his Ottawa Senators tightened their grip on the championship of the second half of the National Hockey League and incidentally shoved the Flying Frenchmen down into third position. After a stick that was replete with spectacular play and which gave the locals an opportunity of giving the best display they have shown this season, the home team skated off the ice, victorious by the decisive score of 7 to 0. Canadiens met their most humiliating defeat of the season as they were outplayed, outskated and outgeneralled.

Play took place in the presence of a capacity crowd and on a good sheet of ice. Every seat was again occupied and four or five hundred had to be satisfied with standing room. His Excellency, the Duke of Devonshire, accompanied by one of his daughters; Lord Minto and a party of guests from Government House attended and were among the happiest of the local fans when Ottawa pressed ahead.

Ottawa Scores Early

Play was very fast from start to finish. Though Ottawa scored a lead of three goals in the first period and held Canadiens scoreless again in the second while they themselves failed to tally, the interest was sustained right up to the finish and the Senators staged in the last ten minutes of the big match a rally which netted four goals and which set the spectators wild with delight. The score at the end of the first period was 3 to 0 for Ottawa and neither team tallied in the second.

Canadiens started full of determination in the third but they again failed to solve the remarkably strong defence system of the locals and were completely shut out. On the night's play Ottawa were the better team. Canadiens uncovered some terrific bursts of speed at times, but they were skated and checked to a standstill and after the opening session they were not dangerous, and the game lacked the excitement of previous clashes between these famous rivals.

Cameron is Injured

While the Ottawa victory was clean-cut and valuable, as it may mean the play-off honors for the local team, it may prove to have been costly as the club lost during the second period the services of Harry Cameron, their brilliant cover-point who may be out of the game for a week or so owing to an injury sustained when Bert Corbeau kicked him on the right foot. It was in the second period and Corbeau's skate pierced so deeply the thick leather and heavy woollen stocking that it cut a vein and caused Cameron intense pain and loss of blood. Harry skated around with blood streaming from his foot, and then signalled to Manager Smith. Cameron then secured the puck and tried to go down but had to stop. He was hustled into the Ottawa dressing room and attended by Dr. Lorne Graham, the club physician. Dr. Graham sewed up the wound and Cameron was able after the match to return to his home. It is likely that he will be laid up for a week or so. Cameron's injury was regrettable and he received a rousing cheer when he skated off. He had been putting up great hockey and his absence at this stage of the game might prove serious. Cameron showed remarkable pluck while Dr. Graham was fixing up the wound.

The teams:—

Ottawa— Goal, Benedict; point, Cleghorn; cover point, Cameron; centre, Nighbor; right wing, Darragh left wing, Dennesey. Substitutes — Gerard, Boucher and Broadbent.

Canadiens— Goal, Vezina; point, Corbeau; cover point Hall; centre, Lalonde; right wing, Cleghorn; left wing, Pitre. Substitutes—Berlinquette and Couture.

Referee—Harvey Pulford. Judge of play—Charlie McKinley.

Schedule For The Bowling League

The following schedule of games was drawn up at a meeting of the team captains at the Water street alleys last Saturday:

Feb. 4—High Rollers vs. Printers.
Feb. 6—C. G. E. vs. Mathews-Blackwell.
Feb. 8—De Laval vs. Grocers.
Feb. 12—C.G.E. vs. De Laval.
Feb. 13—Printers vs. Mathews-Blackwell.
Feb. 14.—High Rollers vs. Grocers.
Feb. 17—Grocers vs. Printers.
Feb. 18—C. G. E. vs. High Rollers.
Feb. 20—De Laval vs. Mathews-Blackwell.
Feb. 24—Grocers vs. Mathews-Blackwell.
Feb. 25—C. G. E. vs. Printers.
Feb. 28—De Laval vs. High Rollers.
Mar. 3—High Rollers vs. Mathews-Blackwell.
Mar. 4—C.G.E. vs. Grocers.
Mar. 7—Printers vs. De Laval.

The second half of the schedule will be published later.

Rules governing this league will be the same as last season.

A Winnipeg Chinese, who had been drinking florida water, jumped out of a third storey window because he could get no more.

WILL WIN BOUT WITH KNOCKOUT

JACK DEMPSEY HOPEFUL OF VICTORY OVER JESS WILLARD.

New York, Feb. 14.—"It will be a knockout and a fast one."

This is the opinion of Jack Kearns, manager for Jack Dempsey, who signed articles for a bout with Jess Willard to be held "somewhere in the United States," some time in July—probably July 4.

"Dempsey will not need much training," said Kearns. "He's young—only 23—and takes good care of himself all the time. When he's on the road in vaudeville he goes right to the hotel from the theater and climbs into bed.

"In the morning if he feels like it, he goes out on a long hike. He loves to work and knows what he needs to keep in the pink of condition.

"After he finishes this theatrical engagement he will go out to the mountains to play around a while and then go into intensive training for about two weeks before the bout."

Dempsey does not smoke and all he drank yesterday before and after the articles were signed was a tall glass of lemonade. "I won't need more than eight or ten days' training before meeting Willard," he said. "It doesn't made any difference to me whether the fight is a long one or a short one, but I think the championship fight should be long. However, the longer it is the better I'll like it."

Dempsey, in discussing the projected bout, talked and laughed about his plans and hopes with the enthusiasm and candor of a school boy.

War veterans of Saskatchewan condemned undertakers of that province for charging exorbitant prices for funerals.

Manitoba closed its year with a substantial balance on the right side.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord
Hard Wood $13 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
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PITTSTON COAL
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All sizes in stock.PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
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COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
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Printers Win From Packers' Team

Last night in the Business Men's Ten Pin League at the Water Street Alleys, the printers took 3 straights from the Matthews-Blackwell. Cairns for the printers was high man with 548, while Henderson and Kirn went over the 500 mark. Everett was high for the losers with 471. The scores:

Matthews-Blackwell				
Craig	103	134	136	—375
McLean	154	129	142	—426
Everett	130	183	158	—471
Pratt	140	108	130	—378
McDonnell	167	150	147	—464
	746	645	723	—2114
Printers				
Cairns	180	194	174	—548
Miller	157	104	159	—420
Lacheur	124	138	193	—455
Kirn	143	151	171	—505
Henderson	181	167	157	—505
	825	754	754	—2433

Tonight High Rollers vs. Grocers.

Work has been commenced on the provincial highway between Ingersoll and Woodstock.

A large deputation from Toronto asked the Dominion Government for ship contracts for Toronto yards.

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
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OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
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Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
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IT PAYS

SUNDAY, FEB. 16 & 23——IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL ANGLICANS——SUNDAY, FEB. 16 & 23

The Anglican Congregations of this City will have the pleasure of hearing such speakers as Mr. R. W. Allin, Dr. W. E. Taylor, Dr. C. A. Seager and Mr. J. Y. Ormsby, who will give special addresses on Church Financing promoting the "Every Member Canvass" in the interests of the duplex envelope system of giving. All Anglicans are urged to make an extra effort to hear these speakers

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Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McEnaney, Dentist, 378 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

NOTICE

Lady Clerks, Telephone Operators, Machine Operators, Bookbinders, Weavers, Spinners and all engaged in any occupation are cordially invited to attend an open meeting of the Ladies' Union of Peterboro, on Monday, Feb. 17th, at 8 p.m., in the Labor Hall, George street.

Several gentlemen will address this meeting and you are promised an interesting evening.

VALENTINE TEA

The Fraser Auxiliary of the W. M. S. of St. Paul's Church, will hold a Valentine Tea in the Guild room of the Church on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 15th.

UNIFORM AT BALL

District headquarters has given permission for all returned soldiers who are members of the Great War Veterans' Association to wear uniform at the ball given by the Ladies' Auxiliary on the evening of the 21st of February.

OBITUARY

MISS LILLIE DOLBY

Miss Lillie Dolby, daughter of the late Henry Dolby, died this morning at the home of her brother, Mr. Robt. Dolby, in Toronto.

The deceased was a niece of Mr. Fred Drake and Mr. Wm. Dolby, of this city, and was an employee of the Cressman Co. until about a year ago when she was taken ill, later removing to Toronto.

The funeral will take place in Lindsay on Monday from the home of her aunt Mrs. Murray, 33 Milbourn street.

A movement is on foot to exclude the Central Powers from the International Red Cross.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

DOUBLE WEDDING

A very pretty double wedding was solemnized at Elmdale Farm, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Graham, Smith Township, on Wednesday evening, at 6 o'clock, when their daughters, Miss Jessie Isabel Graham was united in marriage to Mr. Thomas Flett, of Verulam Township, and Miss Grace became the wife of Mr. James Park, of Saskatchewan.

The ceremonies were performed by the Rev. John Galt, of Gilmour Memorial Church, in the presence of the immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties, who were unattended.

The brides were attired alike in battle-ship grey Georgette crepe and wore corsage boquets of sweet-heart roses and sweet peas. The interior of the home was beautifully decorated in pink and white effect.,

A dainty wedding breakfast was partaken of at the conclusion of the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Flett will reside at Fenelon Falls and Mr. and Mrs. Park will remain in the east for a short time before leaving for their Western home.

The many friends of Miss Ethel Kennedy, 191 Lock street, who underwent an operation for appendicitis in Nicholl's Hospital a few days ago, will be pleased to learn she is improving.

Mrs. J. W. Meyers was in Toronto yesterday visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gerald Hall.

Mr. Jas. H. MacDonald is spending the week at his home on Charlotte street.

Mr. J. W. Meyers was in Toronto yesterday on business.

Mr. M. H. McWilliams, Toronto, is spending the week-end with friends in the city.

Mr. Jack Hopwood returned last evening from a business trip to Toronto.

Rev. T. H. and Miss Belle Mitchell, formerly of this city, start from Toronto tomorrow for a three months' stay in Los Angeles, California.

VALENTINES FOR THE VETERANS

MANY OF THEM RECEIVED BACK PAY THIS MORNING

Some returned soldiers of Peterborough received a most acceptable valentine this morning in the form of their back-pay gratuities. There are many veterans in Peterborough who are entitled to this and who have not as yet received their money which would be of great assistance to them in tiding over the dull period through which the workingmen of the country are passing.

NEW POLICY FOR RED CROSS

The regular meeting of the Executive Committee of the local Red Cross Society was held in the Public Library on Monday afternoon, Feb. 10th. Some letters were read from headquarters, Toronto, giving instructions as to the use of materials and cash on hand. The policy recommended to the different branches is in brief:

"No further cash expenditures upon supplies and materials of any kind, unless needed by the Canadian returned soldiers in Military or I. S. C. Hospitals in Canada.

"The collection by provincial and district branches of all supplies and materials in the hands of local branches and auxiliaries before Mar. 15th.

"The shipment of all such supplies to the warehouse, between that date and March 31st, retaining only such material and made-up goods as are estimated to be necessary, in each province or district, for the needs of hospitals within its own area of jurisdiction."

Conditions Overseas.

The chief commissions overseas reports that the conditions in the Allied countries are so distressing, partly owing to the terrible influenza epidemic that good use can be made of any quantity of clothing which may be administered at the discretion of the commissioner and the Advisory Committee for the relief of the needs of the Allies.

Goods Shipped.

Miss Davidson, convener of the Packing Committee, reported, since the last meeting, eleven cases shipped containing the following.—54 day shirts, 86 pairs pyjamas, 289 pairs socks, 8 sheets, 4 pillow cases, 111 towels, 1 quilt, 38 bed pads, 68 M. T. bandages, 21 stretcher caps, 13 pneumonia jackets, 56 bed socks, 5 night shirts, 654 head bandages, 1003 handkerchiefs, 52 China bandages, 15 kit bags, 9 hot water bag covers, 20 personal property bags.

The following refugee garments were made:—30 chemises, 42 child's combinations, 23 petticoats, 43 Serbian girls' skirts, 27 women's drawers, 4 Serbian boys' coats, 15 child's overalls.

The following societies contributed work:—T. A. S., All Saints' Girls, St. Peter's Patriotic Club, Thursday Club, Lakehurst, St. John's Churchwomen, Central Smith, Ashburnham Patriotic League, South End, George St. Auxiliary, St. Paul's, Murray Street, Fairmount and Springville, Y.M.C.A. Mothers' Club, Otonabee Chapter I.O.D.E., Central Work Room, St. Andrew's, North Monaghan, Trinity, St. John's Girls' Auxiliary, Stewart Chapter I.O.D.E., Lily Lake.

EDITOR'S MAIL

THE HUNTER STREET BRIDGE

Editor Review:—With other citizens I listened last evening to the very interesting address, illustrated as it was with many excellent slides and views, given by Mr. Frank Barber, the designing engineer and consulting engineer of the proposed Hunter street bridge.

Mr. Barber's address was descriptive of what had been done in the way of concrete construction during the last ten years especially. But while he told the meeting many things about strains and compressions, of weights and pressures, of temperatures and finishes, He did not touch on the one vital condition that faces the city, the cost of the bridge that he has designed. He frankly said that his business was to design a bridge, the function of the city council to find the money to pay for its construction. Candid, but depressing to a community that hopes to build at less than the tendered prices.

He did not take the meeting of citizens, men who have to pay for the bridge, into his confidence and tell what might be done to lessen the cost. Did not suggest any modification of the contour, width, length or other dimensions such as would tend to modify the estimates. His view was that purely, of the consulting engineer and nothing of the economist. He did not even foreshadow that he might be in consultation with the council as to proposed changes, if any.

Coming from the meeting I found that others were much of the same mind, that there was an absence of confidence in the proposition, other than that we had before us plans for a handsome and important structure, and that it should be so built, that posterity should admire and commend. It would be regrettable, it is true, that if when finished we did not have something in which we could take civic pride.

The admission made by Mr. Barber, that if the sidewalks one on each side of the bridge were narrowed one foot each that a saving of $16,000.00 might result, opens up the question as to what the ultimate saving might be if the plans were thoroughly scrutinized with a view of further elimination of things not exactly essential, leaving the practical to stand. The audience rather expected to be given certain information which was not forthcoming and the meeting adjourned less than satisfied.

Respectfully,

F. H. DOBBIN.

TR.-COL. SHARPE TODAY

Kingston, Feb. 14.—Major W. J. Sharpe former district casualty officer arrested in New York for being absent without leave, will be tried by a general court-martial today. Col. C. F. Winter of Ottawa is president of the court.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

EYE FOR EYE IN ROYAL TONIGHT

"Eye for Eye" is a mighty drama transferred to the screen, starring peerless Mme. Nazimova. A picturization of the play, "L'Occident," by the great Belgian dramatist, Kistemaeckers, it shows the vital difference between the ideals of the Occident and the Orient. Nazimova plays Hassouan, a wayward rose of the desert, who is true to her own ideals of right and wrong. But those ideals are not those of the French officer, Capt. Cadiere, to whom honor and love of his country's flag represent the highest good. Scenes of the greatest brilliancy and dramatic value are shown in the desert. In Tangiers, in the French circus where Hassouna becomes a dancer, and in the captain's villa on the Bay of Marseilles. "Eye for Eye" is a screen triumph no one can afford to miss. See it at the Royal tonight or tomorrow.

DIED

DOLBY—In Toronto this morning, Feb. 14th, 1919, Miss Lillian Dolby, aged 27 years, at the home of her brother, Mr. Robert Dolby.

Funeral Monday, Feb. 17th, from the residence of her aunt, Mrs Murray, 33 Milburn street, Lindsay

BILLINGTON—At 210 London street, Peterboro, on Thursday, Feb. 13th, Annie Montgomery, daughter of the late Andrew and Mrs. Montgomery and wife of J. Billington, of Regina, Sask. Funeral notice later.—Kindly omit flowers.

Winnipeg and Regina papers please copy.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.

Limited

Phone 527w.

COURT OF REVISION

TAKE NOTICE THAT;

1.—The Council of the Corporation of the City of Peterborough has constructed as local improvements, sidewalks on the streets or parts of streets described below:

2.—The special rate per foot frontage is given below. The special assessment is to be paid in twenty annual instalments. The cost of each work and the portion of the cost to be paid by the Corporation are as follows:

	Cost of Work	To be paid by the Corporation	Special rate per foot Frontage
Sutherland Place, south side, west from Rogers street to end of Sutherland Place	$198.05	$128.55	$0.642
Sutherland Place, north side, west from Rogers street, to end of Sutherland Place	198.27	112.62	0.642
Chamberlain Street, south side, from Park Street, west to present walk	130.68	82.71	0.8025
Gladstone Ave, south side, from a point 581 ft., east of Lock street, to a point 46 ft. farther east	56.56	22.62	0.75428
Charlotte street, south side, from Water street, to a point 21 ft. east of Water street	48.89	38.91	0.8564
Water street, east side from Charlotte street, to a point 210 ft. south of Charlotte street	272.73	176.06	0.8677

3.—The estimated life-time of the work is twenty years.

4.—A Court of Revision will be held on the 4th day of March, 1919, at 8 o'clock p.m., at the City Council Chamber, for the purpose of hearing complaints against the proposed assessments or the accuracy of the frontage measurements, or any other complaint which persons interested may desire to make and which is by law cognizable by the Court.

5.—The special assessments, showing the special rate per foot frontage, the properties assessed, the names of the owners and other particulars is open for inspection at the office of the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough the 13th day of February, 1919.

S. R. ARMSTRONG, Clerk.

Big Values in the February Sale of Dress Silks

"HALLS" ARE NOTED FOR THEIR HIGH-GRADE DRESS SILKS AND PIECE GOODS. NEVER SINCE PRE-WAR DAY HAVE WE SHOWN A WIDE RANGE OF BETTER VALUES IN DRESS SILKS THAN THE LINES WE ARE OFFERING DURING THIS SALE. BUY SILKS NOW, OR PAY MORE LATER ON.

33 inch 75c Shantung Silk Yard 47c

We have just received a fresh supply, and as you know, Shantung Silk is very scarce—we were very lucky to get this delivery. Because of its wonderful wearing and washing qualities this silk is always popular for shirtwaists, dresses, pyjamas, and underwear. 33 inches wide. Regular 75c. February Silk Sale ..... Yard 47c

$4.00 French Charmuese, Yard $3.29

Soft finish, heavy weight, Lyons dyed, in black, navy, taupe, green and pearl grey. A rich, pure silk, French make, and a dress fabric that will give long and satisfactory wear; 38 to 40 inches wide. Regular $4.00 ..... February Silk Sale, yard $3.29

$2.50 Black Dress Silks, Yard $1.79

Extra special sale value, beautiful jet black Paillette and Duchess Satin; rich, soft, heavy, pure silk qualities with a lovely lustrous finish. Good, hard wearing silks. The most popular of black dress silks; 36 inches wide. Our Regular $2.50 lines. February Silk Sale, yard $1.79

$1.25 Habutai Silk, Yard 98c

We were only able to get a limited supply of this special value Silk. Habutia wears and washes perfectly and is a perfect silk for early spring wear; 36 inches wide, in colors of black, navy, and ivory. Regular $1.25 ..... February Silk Sale, yard 98c

CORSETS AND UNDERWEAR

$1.25 New Model Corsets, Pair 85c

Women's New Model Corsets, made from a firm, hard wearing white coutil; reinforced in the front and finished with four hose supporters. Regular price $1.25. Saturday Special, Pair 85c

Women's Vests, 40c each 2 for 75c

Medium weight winter Vests for women; white only; fine elastic weave. High neck, long sleeve and button front style. Big value .... Saturday Special, each 40c ..... 2 for 75c

Clearance Sale of Women's and Misses' Coats

A THOROUGH CLEARANCE OF ALL COATS BEGINS TO-MORROW

Winter Coats, very much reduced. Every coat in stock is include. Sizes for misses and women. Good warm, stormproof materials, smart colorings and pleasing styles.

Regular up to $25.00. One sale for .. $10.00
Regular up to $37.50. On sale for ... $25.00
Regular up to $45.00. One sale for ... $37.50
Regular up to $50.00. On sale for ... $39.50
Regular up to $67.00. On sale for ... $40.00

HOSIERY

Women's White Hose, Pair 75c

Women's plain white Cashmere finish Stockings, full fashioned and seamless; splendid weight for present wear. All sizes. Special value, pair 75c

Women's Out Size Stockings, Pair 69c

Womens' out size black Cashmerino Stockings, heavy winter weight, "makers' seconds"; imperfections hardly noticeable. Regular $1.00. Saturday Special, pair 69c

STAPLES YOU CAN RELY ON

White Madopolam, Canada's Best, Yard 48c

To-morow we shall offer for sale 1,000 yards 42-inch White Madapolam, pure, snowy white, fine, even, flawless weave; beautifully soft and suitable for the finest lingerie. Regular 60c Saturday Special, yard 48c

Pure White English Flannelette Yard 63c

Lovely, soft, fluffy finish, handles like pure wool and will wear as well; 35 inches wide. This lovely material is suitable for women's and infants' wear. This desirable white flannelette is very scarce and practically unprocurable today at any price. We have only one piece to sell. Regular 75c, but worth a great deal more. Saturday Special, yard ... 63c

25c Crash Toweling, Yard 20c

Natural shade linen Crash Towelling, 17 inches wide; heavy, good drying quality, suitable for dish or oiler towels. Regular 25c ... Saturday Special, yard 20c

35c Hand Towels, 25c

Semi-bleached Huckaback Hand Towels, size 18 x 32 inches. A splendid, good drying towel for bedroom use. Regular 35c ..... Saturday Special, each 25c

$1.25 English Sheeting, Yard 98c

This is a reliable English made sheeting, and our Saturday price is below to-day's mill price. Plain and twill qualities, 72 inches wide. A heavy make, the kind that is easy to wash, and will give long wear. Regular $1.25 ... Saturday Special, yard 98c

35c White Lonsdale Cambric, Yard 29c

2,000 Yards fine Lonsdale Cambric, superfine quality, Canadian and English makes; most suitable for women's and childrens' wear, as well as for every purpose that white cotton can be used for; 36 inches wide. Regular 35c. Saturday Special, yard 29c

Stout Women's $13.50 Skirts $9.98

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

Boys' $2.50 Sweater Coats $1.98

Professors in the University of New Brunswick at Fredericton, think their salaries are too small, and may move unless they get more money.

Judge Livingstone at Welland told the assessors of the county that dishonesty is at the bottom of assessment troubles.

Windsor G. W. V. A. announced that it would take no part in strike-breaking when English-speaking employes are concerned.

The president of the Border Cities Real Estate Board urges immediate acquisition of a suitable landing place for commercial airplanes.

Sam Hackett of Thorold made a plucky capture of an Italian who was molesting women, cornering him in a pig pen in a barn and marching him with his hands up to the police.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Bracebridge, Ont.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh northwesterly winds, becoming colder. Sunday — Northwest winds, fair and colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 39 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

FRENCH ARE DISAPPOINTED WITH TERMS OF COVENANT

Some Newspapers Condemn Agreement With Faint Praise Others Openly Disapprove—Comment of New York Papers More Favorable But Original Draft Must Be Revised.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 15.—The constitution of the Society of Nations arouses little enthusiasm in the French press. At best it is "damned by faint praise."

The Socialist newspaper Rumanite is even less pleased than the Bourgeoise papers. Deputy Marcel Cachon writes in this publication: "It is impossible to conceal the impression of disillusionment that the first examination of the long convention makes on us. It is clear to the dullest that we are far from President Wilson's first proposals. We find in the document neither the general spirit of President Wilson's message nor the necessary clear information as to the composition of the society and the role it is to play. The project cannot in any way command the support of the Democrats and the people's parties, which placed such hopes in the idea of Mr. Wilson constituted himself an eloquent defender."

American Press Comments.

New York, Feb. 15.—The American press comment on the covenant of the League of Nations shows for the most part approval mixed with a warning not to expect too much from the League at the beginning, but expressing the hope that the League would ultimately develop into an international force making for world peace.

The Tribune says: "There is no direct safeguarding of peace. To each nation is reserved liberty of action. There is no limit alone on armaments, no international police force under the control of the League. Every serious question is referable to home governments for the real decision.

"But indirectly there is gain. We have before us something in the nature of an entente cordiale such as was established between Great Britain and France when they agreed not to act together, but to confer with a view to action when trouble threatened."

The Times says: "The decision to make the draft public in order that it might have full consideration was wisely taken. It is in accord with Mr. Wilson's principle of 'covenants openly arrived at.' The draft must undergo severe revision. It must be reduced to statutory precision; it is too wordy and clumsily put together."

End of Secret Diplomacy.

The Providence Journal says: "There is one feature of the new plan that has been little discussed, if at all, in the advance despatches from Paris. This is the provision that no treaty between individual nations of the League shall be effective unless it has been registered with the permanent secretary of the League. This embodies the growing sentiment against secret diplomacy, and in principle at least will be widely indorsed. Whether it will survive in the final and accepted draft is a question, but it certainly marks an ethical advance on the dangerous diplomatic intrigues of the past."

The Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "There can be no doubt of the reception of the proposed constitution in America. It will receive vigorous approval from people regardless of whatever political efforts may be made to harass President Wilson or discount his work."

Women Will Have Voice in League

Paris, Feb. 15.—The Inter-Allied Suffrage Congress has adopted a resolution proposed by Mrs. Juliet Barrett Rubles, of the United States, and seconded by Mrs. M. G. Fawcett, of England, declaring that the coming peace should be of people's peace, which it cannot be if women are not consulted, and that the League of Nations should not be an alliance of Governments only, but a general alliance between the peoples of the world.

The resolution declares that working people and women must be made to feel they are a part of the League of Nations.

A delegation of women called on Sir Robert Borden, George Nicoll Barnes and Henry White and were promised support in securing the adoption of the recommendation that the League of Nations should consider the international condition of women and children. The commission will invite a committee from the Suffrage Congress to work with it in fixing details.

ALIENS KEEN TO QUIT.

400 Prepaid Passages Booked in One Toronto Office.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—"The aliens themselves are keen to leave the country. I understand that one steamship office in Toronto has 400 prepaid passages booked. The difficulty lies in getting boats."

Mr. H. J. Daly, director of repatriation, who made this remark, went on: "The Government has been working some time on a solution of the alien labor problem, but it is meeting with many difficulties that don't appear on the surface."

ANOTHER ALLEGED DEFAULTER.

This morning another man of this district charged with being a defaulter under the Military Service Act, who was taken into custody yesterday by the Dominion Police, appeared before the police magistrate. His case was remanded until February 22.

No Shipbuilding In This Country

CANADA CANNOT COMPETE WITH CHEAP LABOR IN BRITAIN.

Vancouver, Feb. 15. — A warning that "it will be difficult, if not impossible—" to maintain the shipbuilding in Canada because of the high cost of producing ships as compared with the cost in Britain, especially if it is to be interrupted by labor disputes, was conveyed by Hon. G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, in a telegram to Mr. Justice Murphy, who is investigating wages difficulties in the Coughlin yards.

Confirming this information, Hon. Mr. Robertson, who is in Toronto, stated that any attempt to further increase employes' wages in shipbuilding concerns in this country will jeopardize the shipbuilding industry in Canada. There is a danger already, he said, of it not becoming a permanent industry in the country.

Now that the war is over conditions are approaching their pre-war state, and Great Britain will be able on account of her supply of iron and coal and cheap labor to underbid Canada in the making of ships.

DOUBTING RUMAN REVOLT

Bucharest Despatch Does Not Mention Any Trouble.

Paris, Feb. 15.—In discussing rumors of a revolt in Rumania, the Petit Parisien, in an editorial, says that the reports should be received with caution.

It says that official circles have no knowledge of an insurrection. A Bucharest despatch, dated Tuesday, has been received by the Rumanian Legation here. It made no mention of any trouble in Rumania.

French dreadnought Mirabeau ran ashore outside of Sebastopol in a snow storm.

AIDED IN MURDER OF NURSE CAVELL

MAN HELD IN PARIS SAID TO HAVE FRAMED CASE.

Paris, Feb. 15.—French military authorities now hold, on a charge of dealing with the enemy, a man named Krien, who is alleged to have played a leading role in the tragedy in which Miss Edith Cavell lost her life.

A report made on Krien for Judge Advocate Grabault by Police Inspector Cholet states that the man was in jail at St. Quentin at the beginning of the war. He was released by the Germans and went to the mansion of Prince and Princess Croy in Belgium, where he denounced the prince and princess as having aided French prisoners of war to escape. As a result the princess was condemned to ten years' imprisonment at hard labor.

Krien is said to have then gone to Brussels where he went into Miss Cavell's hospital service and helped to "work up" the case against her.

WOMEN TEACHERS ASK EQUAL PAY

MEMBERS OF TORONTO STAFF PRESENT PETITION TO SCHOOL BOARD.

Men teachers' minimum wage $1,200 year.

Women teachers' minimum wage, $300 year.

Men teachers' maximum wage, $2,000 year.

Women teachers' maximum wage, $1,400 year.

No matter how good a woman Public School teacher in Toronto is she can't get as high a salary as the poorest man teacher. This is the principal grievance of the members of the Women Teachers' Association as voiced through the Secretary, Miss Mabel Zimmer. The teachers met in the auditorium of the Central Y.M.C.A. in Toronto when they drew up a petition which was presented to the Board of Education.

The petition states that: 1. That the women teacher's increase be $100 per annum every year instead of just being given this year as a war measure. After this year it will go back to $50 which has previously been the regulation.

2. THat an adequate increase be made in the maximum salary for women, which now stands at $1,000 a year against the men's $2,000 maximum.

3. That the Board of Education establish as soon as possible the principle of equal pay for equal work with the men and women teachers.

LUMBER PRICES ARE JUSTIFIED

DEALER EXPLAINS WHY THE COST HAS BEEN INCREASED.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—"The price of lumber has increased less than any other commodity," declared Mr. John Oliver, of the Oliver Lumber Company, replying to a statement made by Mr. John M. Skelton, who claimed that because lumber cost no more to grow the increase in the price was not justified.

Mr. Oliver states that the present retail price of hemlock is -45 and not $55 per thousand, but he adds that this price is th basse price, and that as high as $55 is paid for larger lumber.

The increase in the cost is entirely due to the increased cost of getting the lumber out of the woods, said Mr. Oliver, and he explained that there has been an increase of over 200 per cent. in the Ottawa district in producing raw lumber.

"It is not fair to make such statements as that, because the base price for lumber in carload lots today is $30 to $36 per thousand, and not only that, but only one-third of the cost of a house is for lumber. I have been all through the business, and I know. The cost of a house may be divided into one-third for labor, one-third for brick, and one-third for lumber," he concluded.

PROPOSE CHANGE IN DAIRY TRADE

FARMERS MAY DECIDE TO TAKE CONTROL OF CHEESE FACTORIES.

Recently in this city a meeting was held which was attended by the representatives of the cheese factory associations of the district and other men interested in the dairy business. It was called to organize a movement which had as its objective the taking over of the cheese factories and creameries of the Province by the farmers, who will operate them in their own interests.

The meeting was well attended and the consensus of opinion favored the proposition, and a local committee was appointed to carry out the spirit of the meeting, composed of Messrs. H. B. Cowan and Alexander McGregor of Peterborough and William Anderson of Warsaw.

It is proposed that as Central Ontario is the greatest dairying district in the Province the innovation shall be introduced here. There are 145 factories in this district owned by the farmers, and as many of these as are favorably disposed towards the project will surrender their stock and purchase shares in the big corporation, which, when the movement reaches its climax in the Province, is expected to be capitalized at from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

The big company will take over and operate factories included in the movement in much the same way as does the Saskatchewan Co-Operative Creameries, which owns two-thirds of the plants of the province, the recorded profits last year amounting to $75,000.

On Wednesday and Thursday last meetings were held in Picton and Belleville for the purpose of organizing in that locality. At the Belleville meeting over fifty factories were represented and the proposition met with great favor except from the cheese buyers, who appeared before the meeting and cited what they considered a formidable list of objections to the feasibility of the scheme but which only encouraged the farmers and strengthened them in their purpose, as they agreed that the buyers were attempting to pull the wire in their own interests and were viewing the proposition from the standpoint of the middleman and not that of the producer.

It is expected that if the movement in this district proves successful it will spread to the entire Province, as it now has the endorsation of the Eastern and Western Dairymens' Associations and that of the United Farmers of Ontario.

Mr. H. B. Cowan, manager of the Rural Publishing Company of this city, is the chairman of the provincial committee that is looking after the interests of the movement which is still in the embryonic stage, but shows every indication of becoming of the utmost importance in the very near future.

40 HOURS WORK FOR CARPENTERS

AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS AN HOUR AS ASKED FOR.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—The assembly hall at the Labor Temple was crowded with nearly 1,000 carpenters when a resolution was passed requesting a 40-hour week or eight hours a day for five days a week, and 75 cents per hour. This means $30 per week for forty hours. This decision was followed by an instruction to the District Council of Carpenters to take the matter up with international headquarters to get sanction for the "trade movement."

The action of the carpenters will probably bring other trades connected with the Building Trades League into the movement. It is a definite step taken by a big trades union toward a 40-hour week.

Will Help Unemployed

The organized labor movement generally in Toronto is moving towards a combined request for shorter hours. Much of the movement is based perhaps on the idea that a shorter work day will find employment for many of the unemployed. It is not by any means altogether based upon that. The unions are feeling the current of the wide agitation for shorters hours prevalent throughout the British Empire.

The mai nplank in the program is a request for a 40-hour working week and 25 per cent increase in wages. In addition there are a number of suggestions relating to public works that ought to be gone on with immediately.

FREIGHT EMBARGOES LIFTED.

Montreal, Feb. 15.—The Canadian Pacific Railway announces that all embargoes on freight have been lifted.

WHEN U. S. HOUSE HEARD.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Scattering applause, but no comment, followed the reading in the House of the disarmament and arbitration sections of the constitution of the League of Nations, by Rep. Harrison of Mississippi, member of the Foreign Affairs Committee.

THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIX RECRUITS FOR Y. W. C. A.

That is Number of New Members Added in Recent Campaign—$480 Realized.

The membership campaign at the Young Women's Christian Association closed on Wednesday evening, and the results are most gratifying. Before the campaign the membership was four hundred and five, the total number of members now enrolled is seven hundred and fifty one. The three hundred and forty two new or renewed members brought in through the efforts of those taking part in the campaign are classified as follows: Active 111, Associate 111, Club 52, Juniors 40, Sustaining 21. The amount of money realized is $480.

The teams which worked in the campaign with the numbers of members brought in are as follows:

House girls 73.
"Y" Club 67.
Staff team 56.
Ladies class, 48.
Board team, 35
"Athena" Club, 18.
Girls Auxiliary 15.
Monday Business Girls 10.
Tuesday Juniors 8.
Thursday Business Girls 10.
Senior School Girls 4.
Silver Link Club. 3.
Wednesday Juniors 2.

The house team wins the pennant to be awarded to the team bringing in the greatest number of members. The three girls who win season tickets are Miss Lota Brownscombe, 21; Miss Margaret Macdonald, 26; Mrs. H. Rodgers, 21.

The captains winning pins are Miss Kennedy of the House Team. Miss Macdonald of the "Y" Club. Miss Littlefield, of the Ladies' Class, Edna Sharpe, of the "Athena" Club. The result of the competition by sides is that the 'Yellow" side brought in one hundred and ninety-one, and the "Red" side one hundred and fifty-five.

Those who planned the campaign and carried it through are very much pleased with the result, which raises the total membership to over three hundred more than any former high water mark.

OVERSEAS DOMINIONS ARE RECOGNIZED AS NATIONS

British Papers Regard That as Most Significant Feature of Peace League Covenant—British Spirit Pervades the Document But President Wilson Helped to Draw It Up.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 15.—(Via Reuter's.)—The covenant of the League of Nations is hailed by the British newspapers as an historic document drafted in an atmosphere of good faith, postulating and foreshadowing better and wiser governments throughout the world. Though the personal triumph of President Wilson is acknowledged, it is pointed out in a modified form that the covenant indicates that he has learned a great deal since he came to Europe, and pride is expressed that so much of the work of the Britisher is visible in the League. The mandatory principle is based on the relations between Great Britain, India and the overseas dominions. The recognition of the dominions as nations is welcomed as not the least significant feature of the covenant.

TROOPS IN POSSESSION OF PUBLIC WORKS IN BELFAST

Gas and Electric Plants Are Taken Over by Authorities and Will Be Operated—Strike Situation is Unchanged in England.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Belfast, Feb. 15.—Troops took possession of the gas works and electric power station in this city early this morning. The mayor, in his proclamation, says, it is now assured that military support will be given authorities and asks for volunteers to carry on the municipal services.

No Change in London.

London, Feb. 15. — The industrial situation is marking time, pending the meeting to be held on Tuesday of the consultative committee of the Laborite "Triple Alliance", the Miners' Federation, the Railway Men's Union and Transport Workers' Federation. At that meeting, it is understood, there will be a discussion of the question of common action. The Miners' Federation is thus far the only union that is committed to a definite course, negotiations regarding the demands of the railwaymen and the transport workers being still in progress.

Premier Lloyd George is anxiously interested in the situation, realizing that labor troubles may seriously retard national reconstruction and trade development. For this reason it is understood he will probably prolong his stay in England instead of returning almost immediately to Paris.

CANNOT FINE COMPANY

Vancouver Magistrate Says Law is Abominably Drawn Up.

Vancouver, Feb. 15.—Upon admission that the Western Canada Liquor Co. had imported a carload of intoxicating liquor in November, a fine of $1,000 was imposed on the company in Police Court. When it was rediscovered that there seemed to be no provision under the order-in-Council for imposing fines on such a company, Magistrate Shaw remarked that the order had been "abominably drawn up."

SUE COUNCIL FOR EXPENSES

Echo of Farmers' Trip to Ottawa Heard at Brantford.

Brantford, Feb. 15.—On behalf of William Milmine, action has been commenced to recover sums spent last year on vote of the Burford Township Council, being expenses of a deputation which went to Ottawa from that township representing the United Farmers to protest against conscription. The five members of the Township Council are defendants in the suit.

Fields containing an excellent quality of coal discovered in Sweden.

Names of six Americans are contained in Canada's list of war dead.

MR. MALLOTT TAKES AUDIENCE ON TRIP THROUGH LONDON

Interesting Lecture by the Pastor of Trinity Church on the Metropolis of the World

The cafeteria tea given by the Ladies' Aid of Trinity Church last evening was highly successful in every way. The audience exceeded that of last year and the supper was pronounced by all to be of first quality.

During the evening the following program was rendered:—Mr. Townsend gave two clarionette solos; Little Miss Ruby Ridyard gave a pleasing piano number and Mrs. Geo. H. King delighted the audience with two vocal selections.

The pastor of the church, Rev. F. E. Malott, gave his illustrated travel talk entitled "Here and There in Old London." Mr. Malott gave a brief history of the six Londons that have stood on the site of the present city, British London, Roman London, Saxon London, Norman London, the London of Queen Anne and the London of today. He spoke of the impression London has made upon the various types of travellers. Hine called it the greatest wonder of the world, but Madam De Stael called it the province of brick and Great Ailen called it a squalid village. It is, however, to most people the most delightfully interesting city on the face of the earth. It is a world itself. There are more Irishmen there than in Dublin, more Scotchmen than in Edinburgh, more Jews than ever lived in Jerusalem, ships from all quarters of the globe come to the port of London. It is the greatest centre of commerce, culture, statesmanship and historic interest in all the world. The speaker called attention to its population, the vast number of buildings, and its railway mileage. He said he had followed Mr. Gladstone's advice and "had seen London from the top of a bus." In connection with the lecture Mr. Malott showed sixty-eight beautiful lantern views.

The evening's program was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Mr. Campbell made an excellent chairman.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919

ENGINEER BARBER'S ADDRESS.

THE ENGINEERS of the city invited Mr. Frank Barber of Toronto, one of the most distinguished members of the profession in Canada, to deliver an address here on matters of peculiar interest to those who follow the same line. The fact that Mr. Barber has been engaged by the City Council, that he has already designed and is to supervise the construction of the Hunter street bridge, was sufficient to arouse local interest in his appearance on a public platform.

True to their hospitable custom, the engineers extended an invitation to the public generally to hear Mr. Barber, but it was made clear that the address was to be largely technical in its nature, that the speaker was to deal with the subject of concrete bridges, giving limelight views of some of the greatest structures of that kind in the world. He was, naturally, to make some allusion to the new bridge contemplated here, and for which plans have been prepared.

The invitation was accepted by a large number of the non-elect, including city officials who are charged with the responsibility of paying for the new bridge, and taxpayers who will be called upon to pay for it. Some of these have expressed disappointment because Mr. Barber failed to treat the financial side of the problem and to show how, if possible, the Hunter street bridge could be built for less than the amount called for to put up the structure as designed by Mr. Barber, who in his work carried out the ideas of his employer.

If the city desires a cheaper structure, if the officials are willing to sacrifice anything like architectural beauty, Mr. Barber can no doubt remodel his plans so as to meet those economical views. But it should be remembered that his address was primarily intended for men of his own profession, not for those who had a mere monetary interest in the matter.

If the engineers had planked a vegetarian banquet and invited others to partake, announcing the nature of the bill-of-fare when they did so, it would hardly be in order for the outsiders to complain because they were not furnished with the meat which strong men crave.

THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS.

A READER of The Review asks why the Bible should not be used as a textbook in the Public schools, to be read by the pupils without anything like comment or an attempt at explanation by the teacher.

That suggestion has been frequently made, and the idea has been rejected as impracticable. Pupils would receive no real benefit from reading a work like the Bible if they are left to form their own opinion as to the meaning. The Bible has been the subject of controversy ever since it was first translated into English. Learned college professors and profound theologians cannot come to an agreement as to its precepts. How, then, are the immature minds of children to be allowed to deal with it unaided? And, if the teacher assumes to direct them in this matter, trouble in the school section is certain to result.

When there is a universal church, then will it be possible to have religious instruction in the schools without running the risk of disrupting the harmony of the community.

THE SCALES OF JUSTICE.

There is something wrong with the scales of justice in Canada. They are out of gear, are not weighing fairly, and they ought to be set right. Under the operation of the Military Service Act a number of conscientious objectors were sent to prison. These men maintained that the law of Jesus Christ, as they interpreted it, forbade them to engage, under any circumstances, in the work of killing their fellow men, and so they refused to don the military uniform. They professed to be obeying a law which every Christian recognizes as higher than the law of the land.

No doubt they interpreted that law wrongly, but there is no reason to think that they were all insincere. In other respects the men were good citizens. One of them, who was sentenced to two years in Kingston Penitentiary, had given five months to patriotic work without pay. Another, who was sentenced to ten years, had more than once saved people from drowning at the peril of his own life.—The Presbyterian.

THERE IS SUPPOSED to be religious liberty in this country by which every citizen is allowed to worship his Maker as his conscience dictates. But does such liberty really exist?

Those who believe that the seventh day of the week, not the first, is the day set apart by Divine decree to be kept holy. The law of this country says otherwise, and the man who ignores the human enactment with regard to the Sabbath is punished, even if his course has the approval of his own conscience.

The case of the conscientious objector was one of the hardest problems the military authorities had to deal with when it came to enforcing the draft law. Certainly all of these objectors were not cowards. There is something little short of sublime in the courage of a man who accepts a ten-year sentence in the penitentiary for the sake of his faith, even as it required sublime courage on the part of the Christian martyrs of old to walk to the stake rather than deny their creed. But, unfortunately, the last place on earth to look for Christian spirit is in the judicial and legislative departments of Canada.

Men in Canada are still martyred for their faith. Many an excellent citizen has been kept out of office and otherwise prevented from advancement for no other reason than that his neighbors held up his religion as a reproach.

THE ENEMY ALIENS' ALLIES.

THE LIBERAL PARTY, or what is left of it, has only three journalistic supporters equal to the task of standing up for the leader, his following, and the principles, or rather lack of principles, which the remnant represents. One of these is our own neighbor over on George street, but as a political authority that journal is no longer taken seriously. The second is the London Advertiser, that all these months has been impotently kicking against the goads. The third is a Toronto weekly of recent birth that is bravely striving to fill the aching void in the economy of its constituents. And as to the ferocity with which the new recruit takes up the lost cause its disciples have nothing to ask.

The weekly in question champions the cause of the enemy alien in this country and maintains that inasmuch as he was invited to come to this country he has a right to remain as long as he pleases, no matter whether or not he becomes a citizen. They should, too, be allowed the franchise if they have complied with the conditions of the law governing such cases.

If a government has made a mistake in being too lenient with the aliens, if it is proved that they are likely to secure control of the affairs of the country, then it is only the part of wisdom to remedy former blunders. The Southern States did that in order to protect the white race from the domination of the blacks, and the negro was disfranchised by constitutional enactment. If the order-in-Council which deprives a percentage of the alien enemies of the vote is not sufficient, there are regular methods available to accomplish the same purpose. Almost any object on earth can be obtained by the employment of legal means.

No person who is really just will countenance violence in dealing with the foreigner. The law is strong enough to take care of them if they are offensive or to punish them if they are not. But the fact that they have been invited to come to Canada and assured of a home and protection here is no argument why they should be permitted to remain if they do not agree to live as Canadians do.

A man may invite a stranger to become a member of his family, and so long as his conduct warrants such treatment, may treat him as a member of his household. Let that stranger, however, insist on stirring up trouble in the home circle and plotting resistance to the head of the house, if he shows a disposition to wantonly wreck the furniture and work other material mischief, it would be perfectly in order to cast him out. This, too, could be accomplished without harsh physical measures. Self-preservation is the first law with individuals and nations alike. A man's first duty is to his own children and other dependents; a nation's chief responsibility is the protection of its own loyal and law-abiding citizens.

Coming back to the case of our own immediate contemporary, its attitude on the alien question is as inexplicable and illogical as its stand on the temperance issue, or any other of a score of public matters that could be mentioned. It would, for instance, deny the alien the right to work, but would invest him with the franchise. The starving man is never a safe citizen, even if he is assured of immunity from the mob. In his hands the vote becomes as uncertain and dangerous a weapon as a giant firecracker in the hands of a child. Allowing him to starve in peace affords him little real comfort.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE PEACEMAKER may be blessed as a rule, but not in Germany.

• • • • •

IF BOLSHEVISM in Canada is a disease, there is nothing like an ocean voyage for the afflicted.

• • • • •

A MILITARY DEFAULTER is no worse than an enemy alien. If one is disfranchised, why not the other?

• • • • •

THE HOBO colony of Chicago is to publish a newspaper, but won't the projectors find that particular field already filled by the Hearst journals?

• • • • •

PRESIDENT EBERT says Germany will discharge all its obligations, no doubt making a mental reservation as to the extent of all such liabilities.

• • • • •

IT BEGINS TO LOOK as if the new German Government is merely trying to keep the home fires burning until the ex-kaiser gets ready to return.

• • • • •

HOW COMES IT that no enterprising journalist has thought to cable to America that the ex-kaiser has cut off the moustache that has made him famous in cartoon?

• • • • •

IF THAT COVENANT goes through, the League of Nations will stand in the same relation to warring powers as the illustrious Marquis of Queensbury does to the prize ring.

• • • • •

"WHAT WILL the Allies do," asks Theodore Wolff, "if Germany refuses to accept peace terms?" Mr. Wolff should have a tolerably clear idea on this point. What the Huns would do is another matter which more directly interests him.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

One Thing Sure.

(Chicago Tribune.)

Irish self-determination, resulting in an Irish republic, would mean that British trade routes to the west would have a hostile, or possibly hostile, state. If the Irish had the navy and the power they would have their republic. So long as the English have the navy and the power the Irish will not have their republic. They may have trouble, disaster, compromise, continued insurrection, a successful home government—they may have almost anything—but they will not have an independent republic.

Looks Are Typical.

(London Advertiser.)

The Toronto Telegram has a picture over a department called "Echoes of the Town." In it fifty Torontonians are shown. Eight of them wear top hats, one with a sack coat. How typical of muddy York! They have more silk-hatted loafers in that sunny village than in all the rest of Canada.

ENFORCING TERMS OF PEACE

(Mail Street Journal.)

Perhaps it may be said of the various plans for leagues of nations that Mr. Taft's League to Enforce Peace is the most logical. He has been a Federal judge as well as a President, and admits that he has small sympathy with a court which has not the power to enforce its decisions. If the courts of this country depended solely upon "good will", "public opinion", "ideals", and the like, a revolution would be in order.

Proposed leagues of nations as set forth in Paris, where there has been a blunt request that Presidential generalities shall be reduced to practicalities, are not having a hopeful time. Even the publicity bureau upon which this country has been dependent for what is somewhat euphemistically called "news" is balking at the arrogation over the German colonies, by fair conquest, demand to be shown specifically how these could be better governed by a regulating body international in scope but without power to enforce its will.

Germany's Ebert, with characteristic impudence, demands that international regulation shall be extended to all colonies, forgetting that his colonies have been conquered, won as legitimate stakes in a war wantonly provoked by Germany. But how should we like the Philippines internationalized, and how can we fail to understand the feelings of Australia, New Zealand and South Africa in the matter of the German colonies? League or no league, they will enforce what they consider suitable government; and who will attempt to coerce them? Certainly not the United States.

The subject is bristling with difficulties, and it almost seems better to accept the leagues we have than fly to others that we know not of. Congress alone has the constitutional right to declare war. If in enforcing peace we are called upon to take military action against a country like Brazil or Japan, only Congress can make our action possible, without a constitutional amendment. Would such an amendment have a chance of passing, and would the United States Senate ratify the necessary treaties, with such a contingency in view?

A league which cannot "enforce" peace is no league at all. It represents in fact, under a maze of generalities, fourteen or any other number, merely that state of international good feeling in conditions of peace which existed prior to August, 1914, safeguarded by the Monroe Doctrine, the British Navy, the potential wealth of the United States and the solidarity of the British Empire.

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TODAY'S STORY

This is the story of the wooden gun that saved Hull and the shipping of England. The ancient mariners along the quays of Hull chuckle when they relate it. Month by month the story grows. When the last soldier is demobilized the story will have become one of the legends of the war. I have heard a Scotchman in a Yorkshire pub say to his cronies, with a solemn drag at his pipe:

"Mon, it was a wooden goon as saved England. If not for the wooden goon of Hull, we would all be Prussians t'day."

And when you ask a native of Hull to tell you something about the Zeppelin raids that terrorized the city for three years he will omit many details—the details of the women and children and old men who died of terror in the streets, of the scores who were blown to atoms while in their beds, of the thousands fleeing in the dead of night through the streets into the marshes and the fields. He will omit these things and with a smile tell you that the British government played a great joke on the people of Hull by placing a wooden gun on top of a building and making believe it would fight off the Zeppelins.

However, the joke wasn't so much on the people of Hull as it was on the Zeppelins, for when they came over the city in March, 1916, and for an hour hung above the defenseless port, which was the coaling center for the British fleet, the shipping base for the British army and the second greatest port in England, they suddenly turned tail, and flew away. One of the Zeps flying 800 feet above the roofs had located the wooden gun with its searchlift, and, instead of leisurely blowing Hull off the map as was entirely possible, had given the word to the Zep fleet that the quays were protected by a barrage and had taken flight, dropping bombs haphazardly as they sailed away. And the people of Hull, standing by thousands in the street, watched the soldiers on the roof go through many dialster motions beside the dummy gun with never a shot.

This part of the government's joke was on the people of Hull. For the munition workers had threatened to leave unless protection was given against the Zeps, and the dock workers had threatened to quit in a body and the population had stormed the house of the lord mayor threatening to abandon the city. This was after the raids of June and August, 1915. Whereupon there had come from London a train bearing a ferocious looking weapon and a company of soldiers to manipulate it. Amid cheers the weapon had been mounted on the roof, and content in the belief that the Zep raiders would get their money's worth, the frightened populace and workers had returned to their posts.

The Zeps came back again and again, but their great chance had passed. The admiralty had finally decided to arm Hull and give it searchlights. Each time the searchlights located the Zep and the barrage sent them scurrying away.

But these matters and the various tales of terror and escape belong to the already ancient chronicles of the war.

"It is a thing we'll wonder about all our lives," said a city official, "why Hull wasn't wiped out in June and August of 1915, and March of the next year. Hull was the most shining target the Zeps could ask for.

"Finally the terror grew so that it became dangerous. Then the wooden gun appeared. We cried with joy. And in March the Zeps came again. They had their bearings this time. They flew about leisurely for a hour, picking out the places to blow up. And then they saw the wooden gun.

This, omitting several thousand details, is the story of the wooden gun. As verification of the miracle the people of Hull point to their port. It, the war base for the British army and navy, exposed and defenseless for two years, stands intact.

BEN HECHT.

London, England, Jan. 18.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $2. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

WIT AND WISDOM

How She Knew.

Miss Blunt—There was a man in church this morning who looked exactly like you.

Mr. Close—How do you know it wasn't I?

Miss Blunt—Oh, I saw him put some money in the contribution box.

Running No Risks.

"I'm 'avin' me tooth out to-morrow."

"Goin' to 'ave gas?"

"I should think so. You don't get me sittin' in the dark wiv no dentist."

Bed Up On That Kind.

Mrs. Exe—The lecturer described heaven as consisting of seven distinct heavens, one above the other.

Mrs. Wye—Dear me! I shouldn't fancy that kind. It's too suggestive of the modern flat.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she's been reading an interesting magazine article that shows that the ant has almost human intelligence and she'd like to get hold of a more extended anthology.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Puds Simkins and Leroy Shooster was up in my setting room playing lotto and argewing, especshilly argewing, and pop was setting there reading the paper, and all of a suddin he sed, Shuks, shaw, Im all out of segars. Benny, take this quarter and see how quick you can bring me back 3 King Harry segars.

Wich I jumped up to do, Puds saying, Do you want me and Leroy to go with you, Benny? And pop sed, Benny proberly does, but I dont. In union there is strength, but no speed. Havent you gone yet, Benny?

Yes sir, I sed. And I quick went, running all the way there, and starting to run all the way back, till all of a suddin I saw a man riding horseback, the ony trubbel being that the horse woodent go the way the man wunted him to go, and the man woodent leeve the horse go the way the horse wunted to go, me standing there watching.

Gittup, gittup, sed the man. Meaning the horse. Wich the horse dident, keeping on trying to turn around and go the other way, me standing there watching, till Puds Simkins ran erround the corner, saying, Hay, Benny, your father sent me aftir you, he wunts those segars fearse, O G, look. Meaning the man on the horse. And we both stood there looking, Puds asking the man if he wunted him to stand in frunt of the horse and hold out a apple, the man not answering, and Puds not having eny apple enyhow, and aftir a wile Leroy Shooster ran erround the corner to see wat was the matter with me and Puds and the segars and the bole 3 of us stood there looking till all of a suddin who came erround but pop, me saying, Look at the horse, pop, he wunts to go one way and the man wunts to go the other way.

Did I send you aftir a man on a horse or aftir segars? sed pop.

Yes, sir, I sed. Meaning segars. And I gave them to him and he went home by himself and us other 3 kepp on standing there looking.

Don't pick quarrels before they are ripe.

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

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PETERBOROUGH
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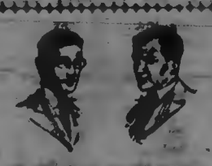

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LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

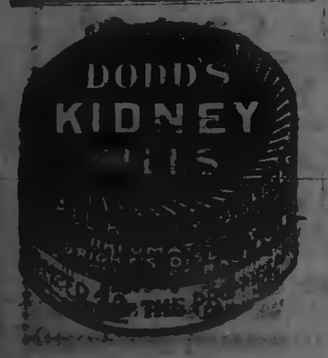
The cornea is the clear covering of the sight of the eye, that portion in front of the iris or colored ring and the pupil or black central spot of the eye, and surrounded by the white of the eye or sclerotic. It is perfectly transparent and contains no blood vessels, being nourished from neighboring structures of the eye. Injuries may cause a haze or blemish of this transparent membrane and so impair good eyesight if the injury happens to occur immediately over the pupil. Owing to the fact that the cornea itself contains no blood vessels and must absorb its nourishment from other structures slight injuries are very serious, because the healing process is necessarily slow.

Ulcer, in any situation, means merely loss or destruction of the surface covering, so that a raw place remains.

Inflammation of the cornea or injury of the cornea by foreign bodies (cinders, fragments of iron, emery, etc.) often cause minute breaks of the surface which must be considered small ulcers. If an ulcer of pinhead size develops it is always a serious matter. There is much pain, not mere irritation or smarting as in conjunctivitis or ordinary sore eyes, and also a marked sensitiveness to light, with consequent spasm of the lids to keep the eye tightly closed. When severe symptoms like these are present the patient should not procrastinate but promptly seek the services of physician or oculist. Remember, the ulcer itself is so small as to be overlooked by the amateur, or, if noticed at all, considered a trifle. The great danger in any such case is infection through uncleanly handling—as by holding an unclean handkerchief to the eye. It is best to apply a compress (many folds of clean cheesecloth or a clean, ironed handkerchief) to the eye, keep it wet with warm normal salt solution (rounded teaspoonful salt dissolved in pint of boiled water) or with saturated solution of boric acid (all will dissolve.) This should be held in place with a bandage about the head and affected eye, until medical care can be had.

Slight corneal ulceration, if unrecognized or neglected, is likely to lead to permanent damage to the sight through opacities which remain after the ulcer heals or through infection and damage to the internal mechanism of the eye.

Still another form of corneal inflammation in children who have inherited syphilis or contracted tuberculosis in infancy affects the deeper layers of the cornea and sometimes gravely damages the eye. The symptoms of both of these conditions are chiefly pain, sensitiveness to bright light, excessive tear secretion and impairment of clear vision. Prompt treatment by physician and oculist will generally save the sight.



Dimensions of Calves.

"I am anxious to get your formula for reducing legs that are too fat. I am 26 years old, 64 inches tall and weigh 130 pounds. My calves are ungainly, the tape tells the story—14 inches. MRS. L. E. C."

The ideal woman is 64 inches tall and weighs, at the age of 30 years, 130 to 125 pounds. Her calf, too, measures 14½ inches and she certainly should not try to reduce that. You ladies should not allow the emaciated, long waisted, spindle shanked frights they hang the rags of fashion on these days in the fashion magazines to mislead you. Hereafter I shall give no suggestions about reducing unless the correspondent requesting them mentions age, height and weight, together, with any special dimensions concerned. I find that the credulous sex is not content to be normal, but wishes to look sick.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely.

No more dullness, headache; no hawking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling at for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, membrane, and relief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.

London's Bridges.

When the population of London was well over a million and its houses lay for miles on each side of the river it was apparently well content with the one London Bridge. At length, in 1734, Westminster was seized with the desire to have a bridge of its own. Application was made to Parliament for powers, only to encounter the fiercest opposition from the city, the forty thousand watermen, the inhabitants of Southwark, and the West Country bargemen, all of whom implored the Commons to protect them against this new enemy. The result was that the bridge was not built till 1750. Blackfriars, at first called Pitt's Bridge, was finished in 1769, at a cost of two hundred and sixty thousand pounds, defrayed by tolls. Waterloo was opened on the second anniversary of the famous battle with great pomp by the Prince Regent in person, accompanied by his royal brother, the Duke of York, the Duke of Wellington, and many other distinguished persons. — Family Herald.

Poison Gas.

Ages before poison gas was used in warfare, a tiny British beetle, known as the brachinus crepitans, used a similar device to confound its enemies. When pursued by bigger beetles this little creature ejects a peculiar fluid which, on coming in contact with the atmosphere, burst into a pale blue-green flame, following a kind of smoke, intensely irritating and poisonous. The common name of this poison, gas-emitting insect is the bombardier beetle, and it is plentiful about Gravesend, England.

A Pacifist.

Two Aucklanders were talking about a mutual friend. Said one: "So Jim has gone into the navy and is now on a destroyer. I thought he was a pacifist." "He is; a naval pacifist." "And what is a naval pacifist?" "One who plants depth bombs for the purpose of spreading oil on the troubled waters."

FRANCE HAS A CLAIM.

Relations With Syria Dates Back to Crusaders.

The first statement since the armistice regarding European intentions in Turkey which may be considered as bearing the marks of official authority, says the New York Sun, was the recent declaration of France's interests by Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, in the Chamber of Deputies. He said that the French rights in Armenia, Syria, Lebanon and Palestine were incontestable, that while the subject was one with which the Peace Conference was at liberty to deal, "we consider our rights are fully established by our agreements with Great Britain."

While the existence of an agreement between the two nations most keenly interested in the Ottoman empire is thus acknowledged there is nothing that clearly defines the character of the interests which France and Great Britain will seek. There is apparently a careful avoidance of such words as colonization, spheres of influence or even protectorate except as it is used regarding a demand for protection made by the Armenians themselves.

The basis of the French claims in Syria is unquestionably the oldest of any made by a European nation. The title of Protector of Oriental Christians was conferred upon the French kings by the Pope, on account of France's activity in the Crusades. Small states were founded by French nobles who took part in the crusades; there were, in fact, four French States in Syria at the time of the Crusaders, the Kingdom of Jerusalem, the County of Edessa and the principalities or counties of Antioch and Tripoli. For many years the Porte bestowed the name Frank upon all Europeans, whatever was their nationality. It was to these conditions that M. Pichon referred when he spoke of the French claim as based upon "historic conventions."

But France has a modern claim upon Turkey. Perhaps fully half of the great national debt of the Ottoman empire before the beginning of the war, a debt estimated then at $1,000,000,000, represented money advanced by French financiers. Excepting the pilgrimage road to Medina, the Hedjas line, all the railroads of Syria had been financed by the French. France furnished the capital to establish most of the successful industries, notably the Lebanon silk factories, and the products of these industries were sent to France.

It is these very evident and important considerations that make the future of Syria a matter of such deep concern to France. They represent to her the leading factors in the Near East question and the reasons for her strong insistence upon a paramount interest in this portion of the Turkish empire.

The Reporter's Terror.

A recent attempt by Mr. Justice Darling to set a shorthand speed test illustrated the failure of the most experienced public speakers to arrive at an accurate idea of the pace of their own utterances. The judge was trying to read at about 30 words a minute, but his first attempt was at a speed of at least 80, and his second, round about 60.

Judges are the most rapid speakers whom shorthand writers have to "take." Among platform speakers Mr. Asquith, with his clear-cut sentences and even delivery, is one of the easiest men to report, though his occasional use of an unfamiliar word is disconcerting.

Lord Haldane is the reporter's terror. He lulls the notetaker into a sense of false security with a few passages spoken at a deliberate pace, and then dashes on for two or three minutes at an overwhelming rate. But he is conscious of his error, and strives constantly to correct it.

He once confessed that he always had two words of notes in his hand, and those two words were "Go slowly."—Tit-Bits.

Until ten years ago Montenegro was totally without railways.

LINGERING WEAKNESS FOLLOWING DISEASE

BANISHED BY THE WONDERFUL TONIC POWERS OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

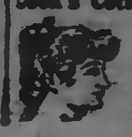
In almost every case the victims of la grippe, influenza, fevers or contagious troubles, are left weak, ailing and despondent after the disease itself has disappeared. They do not pick up strength as they ought, and remain tired listless and discouraged. The one and only reason for this is that the blood has been impoverished by the ravage of the disease through which the victim has passed. Strength and full activity will not return until the blood has been restored to its normal condition. The blood can be enriched and purified by no other medicine as quickly and as surely as by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. To enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves is the whole mission of these pills, and thousands have found them beneficial in bringing strength and energy after disease had left them weak and run down. Miss Beatrice Cassidy, Vroomanton, Ont., says:—"From my own experience I can speak in the highest terms of praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I passed through a severe attack of scarlet fever, from which I did not regain my strength after the fever itself had passed. I was left very weak, pale and frail looking, and although I was continuing to take medicine, I did not improve. At this time a friend advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and following the advise, I soon felt the pills were helping me, and after taking them for about a month I found myself fully restored to my old time health and strength. I therefore strongly advise anyone who feels weak or run down to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and I feel sure they will not regret it."

Rich red blood is the whole secret of good health, and from the first to the last dose Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enrich and purify the blood. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Shining Gold Stream.

Long ago Cicero said: "Love makes gold to shine." Never was there such an opportunity for gold as during the past four years. Call the roll of those who marched not in a triumphal procession, but in a procession of death and heartbreak, where refugees do walk. What homeless creatures these! What rags and what starvation! How ghastly the piles of dead! Gone all the cities and towns! Gone the cathedrals, the colleges, the banks and stores! Gone the woolen mills, the sugar mills, the iron and steel plants! Gone the farmhouses, the vineyards and orchards! But if bad men grew worse, good men grew more Christlike. They poured out money by the hundreds of millions for the Red Cross work, the hospitals, the wounded, the refugees, who needed food and clothing. Protestants and Roman Catholics, Jews and Gentiles, gave their money in a golden stream.—Newell Dwight Hillis in the Christian Herald.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Genius of Lord Fisher Prepared British Navy To Win the Great War

LORD FISHER says that Nelson was the greatest man who ever lived; Harold Begbie informs readers of the London Chronicle that Lord Fisher is a greater man than Nelson, and perhaps it may occur to someone that the author of the slogan, "Business as Usual," has a slight edge on Lord Fisher, thus reducing Lord Nelson to his proper place. It is not necessary to take Begbie's view about Lord Fisher to appreciate the fact that he played a great part in this war, one that the public is inclined to forget just because Lord Fisher happened to be out of office when the final victory was won. He resigned as First Sea Lord after a quarrel with Winston Churchill, the merits of which have not been disclosed; but it is not what Fisher did when at the Admiralty that entitles him to the undying gratitude of his fellow-countrymen. Once the fighting began the success of the navy depends upon the captains and the commander of the Grand Fleet.

This is what he did: He revolutionized British methods of naval warfare; he produced the first Dreadnought; he trained the navy for fighting in the North Sea. If ever there was a British sailor steeped in the Nelson tradition it was Fisher. His remark that Nelson was the greatest man who ever lived suggests this. No one ever studied Nelson's strategy like Fisher, unless it was Mahan, and despite the fact that one of the smallest ships in the modern British fleet could easily

LORD FISHER.

destroy any fleet that Nelson ever commanded, Fisher found that the great principles of naval warfare were better understood by Nelson than by any other man before or since. It would be too much to say, perhaps, that Fisher got his ideas of the Dreadnought from Nelson, but he did get his idea of training the British navy in the North Sea from Nelson. "Your battle ground should be your drilling ground," was a saying of Nelson's that struck home to Fisher, and when he was chief of the British navy some years ago he began to put the precept into practice.

He called home on one excuse or another and at different times every British man-o'-war that was cruising in the Mediterranean or other waters, and put it patrolling in the North Sea. He wanted the fleet to drill on what he knew would be the battleground of the future. He said: "I wanted it to nose about in the fogs, smelling different patches of peasoupiness, sniffing and peering until it could say, 'Hullo, here; the Dogger bank' and feel it had met a friend." He added: "What hope would the fleet have had of victory called from the bright sunshine and the blue air of the Mediterranean to fight a battle in the fogs of the North Sea? There they were with white-topped caps and linen trousers, with beautiful polished decks and shining brass work, living in a yatchsman's paradise, and God was saying every hour as loud as Sinai's thunders that Armageddon would be fought in the pea-soup of the North Sea." In Fisher's ears must have sounded those "ancestral voices prophesying war," for in 1908 he put into writing his firm conviction that Germany and Great Britain would be at war in 1914—when the Kiel Canal improvements were complete.

So this is one of the things that Fisher did, which helped the British navy to win the war. He told Begbie that in those days when he was trying to put his theories into effect he had only one friend, King Edward. The King told him to stick to it, that he was on the right track, and there can be no doubt that the King's influence, which was so largely responsible for the Entente with France, made it possible for British warships to be withdrawn from the Mediterranean and stationed in the cold mists of the North Sea.

Von.

Von, in the German, is a part of the family name, like the Mac in MacDonald or the O in O'Brien. Von is German for "of," and was originally used to differentiate a person of some particular locality from all other persons. From being a mark of distinction or badge of honor it gradually became part of the family name.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

FRIENDS THOUGHT HE WOULD DIE

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Conquered Dyspepsia and Restored His Health.

MR. ROBERT NEWTON.

Little Bras d'Or, C.B.

"I was a terrible sufferer from *Dyspepsia and Constipation* for years. I had pain after eating, belching gas, constant headaches, and did not sleep well at night. I lost so much weight—going from 185 pounds to 146 pounds—that I became alarmed and saw several doctors who, however, did me no good. Finally, a friend told me to try '*Fruit-a-tives*'.

In a week, there was improvement. The constipation was corrected; and soon I was free of pain, headaches and that miserable feeling that accompanies Dyspepsia. I continued to take this splendid fruit medicine and now I am well, strong and vigorous". ROBERT NEWTON.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The "Young Turks."

Turkey's Hamidian regime, of thirty-three years' duration, ended ten years ago. The death of the Ottoman empire in the spring of 1908 need only have brought out the comment that the Sick Man of Europe had been an unconscionable time a-dying. But in July, 1908, came the supposed miracle of the Young Turk revolution. There was practically no bloodshed. Vengeance for the horrors perpetrated by Abdul Hamid seemed swallowed up in an intoxication of joy. Out of the universal intrigue, suspicion, corruption, and cruelty sprang full-blown a new government based on all the virtues. The slogan was "Liberty, Fraternity, Equality, Justice." Turk and Armenian wept on each other's neck as they embraced over the graves of massacred Armenians who for thirteen years had not been publicly mourned. Turk, Greek, Bulgar, Albanian and Jew all fraternized as not in a thousand years. Within the Empire the millenium seemed to have come. But the revolution was not so acceptable to Turkey's neighbors, at least not without a chance to even up old scores and liquidate Hamidian debts. All in a heap, in the early days of October, vigorous Bulgaria declared her independence of the decrepit concern to which she was tributary, and became a full-fledged kingdom instead of a "principality." Austria-Hungary declared the annexation of Bosnia and the Herzegovinia, Turkish provinces which for thirty years the Dual Monarchy had been administering "in behalf of Turkey." Crete, albeit unsuccessfully, declared for union with her natural motherhood, Greece. The Young Turks, looking at all these violations from a very academic standpoint, had not the sense to bow gracefully before the inevitable. Untrained idealists and a few old foxes insisted on their "rights" apparently thinking that by abolishing the rule which had so cruelly oppressed Turkey from within they could thereby erase the external consequences. Young Turkey had her defenders. She seemed in almost every way to commend herself to the sympathies of the noble-minded.—Asia Magazine.

Patti In Retirement.

According to Phyllis Phillips, in Everybody's, "Patti lives, not only in our hearts, but really, in the flesh, at the age of 76, in her magnificent castle of Craig-y-Nos, ten miles north of Swansea, in South Wales, on which she has spent quite half a million. She lives there with her third husband, Baron Cederstrom, and sometimes, when they feel inclined, they throw open their theatre, a replica of the Baireuth Theatre, to the countryside and give one of the operas in which Patti once thrilled the world. Until recently Patti was even sometimes prevailed upon to appear at Albert Hall in London for the benefit of some charity, but her beauty is quite gone—it vanished far earlier than her voice—and so, for the most part, she is happiest in her Welsh fastnesses among the neighbors who will always call her the 'Queen of Wales'."

The Life of a File.

Efficiency experts have been studying files and find that the life of one of these tools, on the average, is 25,000 strokes. To employ a file for more than its normal period of usefulness, it is claimed, more than doubles the cost of the work.

Bisecting Boats.

Bisecting long boats so that they could be taken through the Welland Canal was considered an interesting feat a short time ago, but this has been surpassed, according to the Popular Mechanics Magazine. The Charles R. Van Hise, a 10,00-ton boat, was wanted for Atlantic service. It had a fifty-foot beam, whereas the canal is only forty-four feet wide. The boat was cut in two and each half was turned on its side in order to be taken through the locks. Floating in this position each section clears the lock sides by just eight inches.

WANT STATE CHURCH.

Action Take by Roman Catholics In Poland.

Sixteen archbishops, nine bishops of the diocese and eight suffragan bishops of the Roman Catholic church of Poland have issued a general appeal to the people that the unreligious new Polish state shall be formed, that none be formed without the Roman Catholic faith as the state religion. In an open letter spread broadcast in pamphlets and in newspapers and read in the pulpits they warn the people not to vote for candidates to seats in the constitutional congress who seek to limit the rights of the church, to keep religion out of the governmental life and to oppose the Roman Catholic as the state religion or religious schools and men who are Socialists.

This followed the united action of the entire hierarchy in all parts of Poland which met in Warsaw. The latter declares that the original constitution of May 3, 1793, when Russia, Germany and Austria partitioned Poland recognized Roman Catholicism as the state religion, guaranteed the freedom and protection of other faiths. It declares that the Russian anarchy is the fruit of Socialism which is bound to bring every community to similar anarchy and chaos. It warns the employers and the wealthy that this is the time to make sacrifices. Regarding the demand that the extended tracts owned by the church be turned over to the state for the use of the people the churchmen say that the church is willing to co-operate to the fullest extent and will make concessions where the necessity of agricultural reforms require but that the trust for which the property is held must neither be forgotten nor ignored. It warns against the adoption of hasty and temporary measures through dangerous, radical steps. It protests against the charge that the Polish people are responsible for pogroms. However, it points to usury and increasing prices and impositions on the people, and also to the fact that a number of Jewish agents in the Bolshevik service are responsible for the storm which is breaking over them. This, however, says the clergy, does not justify violence against the Jews. They say that the attack was committed by convicts freed from prisons and Russia war prisoners. Women are told that non-religious schools injure children and endanger marriage.

The letter thanks the Pope and the Polish leaders for their activities in Washington and Paris and each of the allies. The archbishops are: Edmond Dalbor, Joseph Bilczwicks, Josepr Teodorowicz, Alexander Kakowski, Charles Hrynlewicki, Casimir Hrynlewicki, Casimir Rusokiewicz, Prince Bishop Adam and Stephen Sapieha.

Revolution Not a Surprise.

While "the man in the street," impressed by the disciplined docility of the German people, scarcely anticipated revolution as an immediate event, says the Edinburgh Scotsman, historians had such a contingency in their minds. In "The History of Germany" the following passage occurs:

"After all, Bismarck's reforms did little but protect the German workman against exceptional misfortune. He still works long hours, still gets low wages, and still often has to pay high rent for a wretched room in one of the barrack-like buildings which, with their imposing exteriors, often leave on hasty travelers the false impression that German towns have no slums. Thus, the Social Democrats have still much to offer to the lower classes in Germany.

"The Social Democrats are the strongest party in the Reichstag, and the best organized party in the country. Yet their strength is often overestimated. Many of those who vote Socialist are notoriously not Socialists at all, but persons who wish to see in the Reichstag a strong body that may be trusted to criticise the Ministry. And it cannot be denied that the Social Democrats have hitherto been mightier in words than in deeds, and have never shown much instinct for practical politics.

"Still they are a formidable force; and if some great disaster were to befall the nation they might perhaps be able to lead a successful revolution."

It is the Social Democrat party that has taken the lead in the present revolution in Germany.

Helping Nature,—the Key to Good Health

Watch for These Symptoms

Kidney or Bladder affections don't develop seriously until Nature has given you plenty of warning that the trouble has commenced.

Constant headaches, dizziness, pains in the back or sides, swollen joints and ankles, brick dust deposits, or painful urination should make you realize positively and beyond doubt that your kidneys are out of order and need assistance.

Nature is wise and never, needs one unnecessary or fearful warnings. She call is for help, and you must do your part by bringing relief to those overburdened kidneys, or suffer the consequences.

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gallstones, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Sciatica, Neuralgia, etc., are all caused by impaired or congested kidneys and the consequent deranged Kidney System. Don't suffer the agonies produced by these diseases. Help Nature to relieve the congestion—to heal these inflamed kidneys and to make them strong and sure—by taking Gin Pills.

Gin Pills are the best remedy for Kidney and Bladder troubles on the market to-day. This is proved by hundreds of testimonials received and be sure of instant relief. Sold everywhere at 50c a box. A sample box free if you write to—

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont. U.S. residents should address Nat. Drug Co., Inc., 296 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.

NP SOAP
THE WORLD'S BEST
Three Years of Service with our Army

RETURNED MEN HELPING EACH OTHER TO FIND EMPLOYMENT

The Man Who Has Been Placed Knows the Ropes and Can Direct His Worklesa Comrade in His Quest.

In every department of repatriation, touching the intimate placement and adjustment of returned men, an ex-soldier will be found. On his way back to the old pathways of civilian life the returned man is met by one of like sympathies—a comrade who knows what it means to find the way back to take up work to which one has long been unaccustomed.

The fact that a man has been to the front does not always mean that given an official position he will know exactly how to work for the best interest of his comrades, as it is not every man who is adapted for the work of placing others either by previous training or aptitude.

Those who were successful in the army and in their pre-war business, however, are the more likely to guide other returned soldiers to success. It does not always follow that the men chosen to interview have been used to handling and placing others before the war but they are chosen as possessing various qualification of intuition, sympathy, business sense, etc., all of which are essential to the man who would guide others, and the very adaptibility of some of those ex-soldier interviewers provides an interesting suggestion to other men as to how they may make good by utilizing all knowledge gained in previous positions and trades for their new life.

A striking instance of this is found in the Toronto branch of the Ontario Government Employment Bureau. Here, as in all other bureaus run by the Government, the department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment cooperates with the bureau by having an ex-soldier on the spot to look after the returned men exclusively.

E. Stalford, who is in charge of the department where able-bodied ex-service men are interviewed, was a salesman before the war, and in his present position he has carried all the principles of good salesmanship.

Keenly interested in his fellows and their successful placement, he is alert, and right on the job every minute, with the same max ms and methods of attack and other tactics with which he carried on his business successfully.

"When I was in the business of selling goods it was necessary to size up a man's characteristics in order to be able to get at the right angle. To make a good appeal to any man one must know his weak points as well as his strong and I endeavour to apply the same ideas of salesmanship to the men who comes here looking for jobs. I am still a salesman My job is to sell work on the one hand, human material on the other.

Comrade Tattersall is the man in charge of the re-education department. It is his business to meet every returned man suffering from disability who is in need of a re-educational course. As they come into the employment bureau looking for positions, men who are minus an arm or a leg, or who have lost the complete use of some faculty, or are in need of retraining on any form or degree, are sympathetically met by Mr. Tattersall, who takes all particulars of their previous work and training and directs them to the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, where they will be sent to classes for training in some line suitable to their abilities.

When the returned men is through with his course of training he again applies to Mr. Tattersall for a job and by co-operation with the employment bureau he is sent out to a prospective employer.

Mr. Tattersall was, in pre-war days, a surveyor, and he also has applied the principles of his former occupation intimately to the situation of employment. It has been his hobby during the time he has been with the Government to make a survey of various industrial plants, the result of which, prepared in the form of a chart give a valuable indication of the field of labour in certain lines, with the attitude of the heads of various departments from the owner, manager, superintendent and downwards, with regard to the disabled men: working conditions in such plants, rate of pay, sanitary and other conditions affecting the health of the men, possible openings at the present time and the future outlook.

Such ex-service men duplicated in deals and adaptability are to be found in every part of the country where returned soldiers are to be placed.

CHILDREN HATE PILLS, CALOMEL AND CASTOR OIL

IF CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED, GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today save a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages, and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. See that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

Masquerade Dance In Victoria Hall

Last night the L.O.B.A. Lodge, No. 244, held a successful masquerade dance in the Victoria Hall. There were three hundred and sixty-five people dancing to the music provided in excellent form by Mr. Fitzgerald, Mrs. Fenwick and Mr. Tucker.

Mrs. Wright, mistress of the lodge, and the Committee in charge are to be congratulated upon their efforts to make the event such a success. The costumes were numerous and in great variety. The feature of the evening was a comedy act staged by Misses Goodfellow and White and two young ladies masquerading as French cooks, who would not let their identity be known. Luncheon was served about 12.30 and after luncheon dancing continued until a late hour when all guests departed with the feeling that the affair had been a success.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds how soon they allay the fever.

Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

OFFERS TO MAKE FUEL OUT OF THE CITY'S GARBAGE

Property Committee Will Look into Matter Brought to Their Notice by a Toronto Firm —Increased Salary For Inspector Stapleton

Recognizing the importance of advertising the members of the Corporation advertising the members of the city property committee at its session last night after thorough consideration of the matter passed a motion recommending that J. J. Turner and Sons be permitted to maintain the bulletin boards on the island facing the C.P.R. bridge for a term of three years for a rental of $50 and recommended to the Manufacturers' Committee that they offer the firm $2000 for the use of the boards to advertise the city for a three year's term upon condition that foreign advertising be excluded. Turned and Sons will attend to the lettering and should the offer prove acceptable an agreement is to be drawn up setting forth its terms.

Fuel From Garbage

A Toronto firm requested by letter an opportunity of demonstrating their process of making fuel from the garbage of the city. Mayor Duncan thought the matter sufficiently important to warrant a deputation visiting the plant if one should be in Toronto upon other business in the near future and had a few hours to spare. It was decided to leave this question in the hands of Chairman Hamilton.

Health Matters

Copies of several motions passed at a recent meeting of the Board of Health, making recommendations to the Council were read before the committee. The first suggested the advisability of having the Medical Officer of Health meet the Council and in the interests of sanitation discuss with them the pending by-law.

The Board of Health also suggested the advisability of having a road constructed from the Queen Mary Hospital to the Protestant Home. This matter was referred to the Board of Works.

A suggestion from the same source that the butter-fat in milk delivered in the city be maintained at 3 or 3.25 per cent and that a standardization be set for cream with the committee's approval.

In discussing this question, Chairman Hamilton stated that he had been in conversation with one authority upon the subject, in the city and that he had approved of it. It was stated that the Peterborough Dairy Company's milk measured up to the proposed standard and that there was no apparent reason why the other dealers could not deliver a product of equal quality.

Alderman Edgar did not see how the milk dealers could effect an increase such as would be demanded in milk which was lower than the percentage suggested. It was stated in reply that they fed straw in many cases and that this accounted for the difference. The change was recommended and if the council considers the move favorably a by-law will be passed giving effect to it.

Another recommendation from the Board of Health advised against allowing fish vendors to carry on business in the market building or to obstruct the entrance and suggested that the market be kept in a more sanitary condition.

This met with the approval of the members of the committee who felt that meat should not be sold in the building and a motion was passed recommending that no vendors be allowed to carry on business in the entrance to the market hall; that the sanitary inspector be instructed to see that the square is kept clean and the sidewalk from Simcoe to Charlotte streets in the rear of the stores free from obstructions. The City Trust will be requested to replace the pavement around the city lavatory and no fish or meat will be allowed to be sold in the market building.

Instructions were issued to advertise for tenders for market tolls the highest one to be accepted and the contract awarded.

No Tent in the Park

Mr Mulligan's request for permission to erect a tent in Central Park in which to conduct religious meetings was considered. It was decided that the effect would be most unsightly and as Mr. Mulligan desired to have the tent, which would be a large one capable of accommodating 500 people in the park from the middle of June until the middle of July a time when tourists are visiting the city in great numbers the committee did not approve of the idea and after some consideration a motion was passed giving him the usual permission to use the park in which to conduct his meetings but refusing to sanction the erection of the tent.

Sanitary Inspector's Pay

Inspector Stapleton's complaint in regard to the carelessness of citizens in not removing their garbage cans from the curb after the collection had been made came before the meeting for consideration Mayor Duncan stated that while the people were required to have the garbage on the street at 8 o'clock in the morning it would be a difficult matter to set an exact time for the removal of the cans as the householder would be under the necessity of keeping on the lookout for the collectors who were liable to come at any time. No action was taken in the matter.

Alderman Phelan brought up the question of making a recommendation to the Finance Committee for a raise in the salary of the Sanitary Inspector. Alderman Edgar was dubious as to the wisdom of a suggestion from the property committee. He felt that it was not a proper source for such a suggestion and argued that it would be interfering with the work of the Finance Committee

Alderman Phelan was not to be dissuaded upon such grounds, however, and contended that the Property Committee would be quite within its right in making a recommendation of such a nature to the Finance Committee of which he was himself a member. He embodied his idea in a motion which Alderman Garside seconded and it was carried.

Alderman Edgar drew the attention of the committee to the desirability of having a committee visit the incinerator plant and determine its condition. Chairman Hamilton, Mayor Duncan, Alderman Phelan, Alderman Garside and the city engineer were appointed to look after this matter.

Alderman Garside drew attention to the fact that on the property surrounding the incinerator, cans are being piled up to such an extent as to prove a nuisance to the owner of the adjoining lot. The advisability of procuring a machine to press this tin into shape which would make it saleable was discussed but while it was agreed that something should be done to remedy the condition described by Alderman Garside no definite action was decided upon at last night's meeting."

Acceptance of the tender of Mr. P. Stinson of $221 for the ashes from the incinerator plant was recommended after which the committee discussed the necessary repairs upon the exterior and interior of the city buildings.

Chairman Hamilton outlined these He stated that the wood-work on the outside of the building had become exposed for the lack of paint and that the interior of the offices, committee room and council chamber needed to be redecorated. Assessor Henry desired a vault installed and the city treasurer required some changes to be made upon the one in his office.

A motion was passed authorizing Chairman Hamilton to interview the City Trust Commission in connection with this matter and ask them to undertake the task of making the necessary repairs and redecorating of the interior of the building where required.

WHEN BABY IS CROSS

Mothers, when your baby is cross—when he cries a great deal and no amount of attention or petting cheers him up—something is the matter. It is not the nature of the little ones to be cross and peevish—the well child is a happy child. Give him a dose of Baby's Own Tablets and he will soon be well again. They are a mild but thorough laxative; regulate the bowels and stomach; banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; in fact they cure all the minor ailments of the little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Alphonse Lachance, St. Apolline, Que., writes: "My baby cried continually but Baby's Own Tablets soon set her right and now she is fat and happy." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

RETURNED MEN ENJOY EVENING

PLEASANT TIME SPEND BY VETERANS AT THE Y. M. C. A.

On Thursday evening a large number of the returned men spent an enjoyable time at the Y.M.C.A. building. During the early part of the evening the number present was somewhat small but quite a number of men came later. The bowling alleys and billiard rooms were occupied constantly and many of the men of the men who not played five pins before enjoyed the game. A game of basketball was a feature of the evening and the returned men showed that they hadn't forgotten the game although they were somewhat handicapped through lack of condition. Incidentally a number of the men got a taste of the excitement of the game and determined to come back for more of their old favorite pastime. Col. Johnston dropped in during the evening.

The 57th Chapter of the I.O.D.E. very kindly made ample arrangements for the refreshments. These were served by Mrs. Clegg and Mrs. V. Eastwood, assisted by Mrs. Roper and Mrs. Raynor. The Association takes this opportunity of thanking the ladies who kindly provided cakes for the occasion.

COMPLEXIONS WIN BEAUTY CONTESTS

Why Stuart's Calcium Wafers Banish Pimples, Blackheads, and Skin Imperfections. They Do Work Wonders

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL PACKAGE

One thing you should remember, Stuart's Calcium Wafers are continuous in action. Their influence is mainly in the skin. Here they assist to neutralize impurities. The skin now becomes clear, pimples dry and flake off, boils cease, blackheads are gone, yellow muddiness disappears and you soon have the complexion that people talk about "No creams, lotions, bleaches or other external methods can do this. Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store. Begin today. Or if you wish to try them send the coupon for a free trial package.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. STUART CO., 833 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....

Street .....

City ..... State .....

Do A Good Turn For The Other Fellow

It is a very unusual thing for a newspaper to comment on an announcement to be found in its advertising columns, but in this issue today there is a very unusual advertisement—unusual because the advertiser uses most of his space to do a good turn for the "other fellow."

The advertiser—The T. H. Estabrooks Company the proprietors of Red Rose Tea—have used a large space to pay a tribute to the grocery trade. This indicates a generous, broad-minded spirit and shows that there is a great deal more sentiment in business than one would generally think. It shows that advertising is progressing and that it can be used to do other things than to sell goods.

GRAND YEAR FOR POULTRY MEN

SUBSTANTIAL BALANCE REPORTED BY THE SECRETARY AT ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Poultry Association took place Wednesday evening, Feb. 13th, in the Trades and Labor Hall with President Geo. Paxman in the chair. The attendance was not as large as usual but those present had the pleasure of hearing the first report in four years which showed a balance on the right side of the ledger. This showing was due largely to the increase in membership, in cash donations and to the support received from the merchants who donated many liberal special prizes which attracted larger entries. The dates selected for the next show were Jan. 7, 8, 9, and 10, 1920, subject to the approval of the Confederation of Poultry Association.

The following is the secretary's report for the year 1918-19.

Receipts

Balance on hand	$123.42
Membership fees	231.00
Cash donations	57.50
Municipal grant	75.00
Legislative grant	50.00
Entry fees	215.70
Gate receipts	69.05
Miscellaneous, rent on coops, tickets, etc.	58.57
	$895.24

Expenditures

Rent	$ 17.50
Judges expenses	75.00
Secretary's salary	25.00
Salaries—Supt. and Assts.	67.50
Cash prizes,—	
utility classes	322.95
Bantams, pigeons, etc.	64.25
Ribbons	20.00
Printing and advertising	58.40
Postage and stationery	15.95
Miscellaneous—	
Feed, light, exc.	74.64
New Coops	18.00
Bank balance	192.05
	$895.24

The list of officers elected for the year 1919 was as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Geo. Paxman and C. F. Browne.

Hon. Directors— Mayor Duncan and Warden McIntosh.

Pres.—Jos. Kelly.

1st Vice Pres.—W. J. Dickenson.

2nd Vice Pres.—Wm. Nesbitt.

Secretary—Robt. Tudhope.

Treasurer—J. A. Ash.

Directors—W. Robson, P. Hartley, W. Abbott, B. Trotter, A. Everson, F. Holmes, F. Hartman, W. Linden, R. D. Robson.

Auditors—J. T. C. Laing and A. Brault.

CANADIAN BACON WILL BE REQUIRED IN GERMANY

One Fifth of Supplies Sent There by England Will Be Re-Placed by Stock From This Country.

Paris, Feb. 15.—The final difficulty which had to be met in completing the draft of the League of Nations arose from France's deep-rooted scepticism about the effectiveness of the proposed league as a guarantee of the security of her eastern frontier. Just as Great Britain was not prepared to forego her naval protection on the chance that the league will provide an efficient substitute, so France is reluctant to accept the risk of sudden attack by a still powerful and revengeful Germany by imposing implicit reliance in the assurances of protecton by the league. France wants a strong strategic frontier or some underwriting of engagements of the league by her present allies, or the creation of something akin to a permanent standing army.

Shouldn't Take Chances.

It is said that the maintenance of a force of this character in France has been suggested. France's view that after her experience she should not be asked to take chances there is general agreement, but none of these proposals have been regarded as practicable.

The middle course, favored by the British, has been adopted in relation to the renewal of the armistice. In brief, the proposal is that the armistice shall continue for a further short period contingent upon the strict fulfilment of the original terms and that there shall thereafter be submitted with the least possible delay a draft of the essential terms of peace as they will apply to Germany.

What Acceptance Would Mean.

The acceptance by Germany of these will mean the extension of the armistice until the signing of the definite treaty and a mitigation of the severity of the blockade. It is certain that one of the preliminary terms of peace to which Germany must subscribe will definitely limit the extent of Germany's military power, thus enabling the entente power to carry out programs of partial reduction in fighting strength pending the signing of peace.

Says Must Have Corn.

Germany wants immediately 30,000 tons of pork stuffs and a quarter of a million cases of condensed milk. Following this there will be a second order for 200,000 tons of wheat and 25,000 tons of pork products. In addition, Germany will require between March and August 400,000 tons of wheat, with large quantities of other grains, maize and forage. Germany's urgent food requirements is an inducement which will compel her peaceful acceptance to the new terms to be submitted.

Canada has a direct commercial interest in the impending settlement, because there is an understanding that 20 per cent. of the meat products shipped to Germany from the reserves in Great Britain are to be replaced by purchases in Canada. Thus the expected submission by Germany as to the conditions will mean the shipment in the couple of months of the bacon surplus which has accumulated in Canada.

Represents Soldiers.

Sir Arthur Currie, was petitioned by representatives of the soldiers to appoint to the Canadian body in attendance at the peace gathering of some person specially concerned with their interests, in reply the promise was given that an appointment satisfactory to them would be made. The choice of Sir Arthur was the fulfilment of this plea, but up to the present his duties as commander of the Canadian forces in the field have prevented his attendance in Paris.

Hopes Women Will Adopt This Habit As Well As Men

Glass of hot water each morning helps an look and feel clean, sweet, fresh.

Happy, bright, alert—vigorous and vivacious—a good clear skin; a natural, rosy complexion and freedom from illness are assured only by clean, healthy blood. If only every woman and likewise every man could realize the wonders of the morning inside bath, what a gratifying change would take place.

Instead of the thousands of sickly anaemic-looking men, women and girls with pasty or muddy complexions; instead of the multitudes of "nerve wrecks," "rundowns," "brainfags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy cheeked people everywhere.

An inside bath is had by drinking each morning before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Those subject to sick headache, biliousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds; and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store which will cost but a trifle but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance awaiting those who practice internal cleanliness. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important that outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood, while the bowels in the thirty feet of hollow tube

THIS COLD WEATHER
Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain
PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

A Tribute to the Hardest Worked Merchants in Our Country

HAVE you ever considered the important part played by the grocer in our daily life?

From early morn and often until late at night the grocer keeps open for our convenience.

Whether we want a 5-cent bar of soap, a package of tea or a sack of potatoes he is there to serve us—and with a cheerful "thank you".

You trade with him almost every day. You look upon him as a friend. He treats your children kindly when you send them to the store.

When sickness, accident or unemployment occurs, it is the big-hearted grocer who supplies the home with the necessities of life and often waits a long time for his money.

He has had many trials during the past four years. Government regulations have hampered his business. Goods have been difficult to procure. Help scarce. Profits small. He sells on a closer margin of profit than probably any other line of retail trade.

For nearly twenty-five years, the T. H. Estabrooks Company has been distributing millions of pounds of Red Rose Tea through the grocers of Canada. Our relations with them have been very intimate and very friendly. We, therefore, know something of their difficulties and something of the services they are rendefing, which we think deserve recognition and appreciation.

T. H. ESTABROOKS CO., LIMITED

St. John, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, St. John's, Nfld., Portland, Maine

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SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Septuagesima Sunday
Forward movement
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Special morning service and intercession for the parish Address by R. W. Allin, Esq.
Processional 582—O Lord how joyful tis to see.
Venite 16.
Te Deum 16. 14.
Benedictus 55.
Office hymn 517—Jesus shall reign
Before Sermon 299—O spirit of the living God.
Offertory—O Zion haste—Walch.
Processional 298—Fling out the banner let it float.
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—Mrs. Boucher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. E. Jamieson.
February Mission Memorial loan subscription received.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Sermon by the Rector in connection with national peace intercessions.
Processional 576—O Holy spirit.
Psalm chants 62. 16.
Magnificat 119.
Nunc Dimittis 98.
Office Hymn 536—O God of love, O King of peace.
Before sermon 600—Peace perfect peace.
Offertory—Come unto me.
Just as I am—From Olivet to Calvary. Mr. T. Ward.
Recessional 281—Jesus, Thou hast willed it.
God save the king.
The subject of sermon at the evening service will the —The Divine Peace Society.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV. R. B. GROUB, M.A.
8.30 a.m.—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Preacher
Mr. J. Y. ORMSBY, of Toronto
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Preacher
THE RECTOR
Concluding sermon in series on John the Baptist

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Septuagesima Sunday
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Address by R. W. Allin, M.A.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S BOWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
Preacher—Mr. W. A. Davis.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 .m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubbidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Nocturne, pictures of youth—Lichner.
Anthem—Hark, hark my soul—Smalley.
Offertory—Traumerei—Schumann
Solo—God that madest earth and Heaven—Miss Helen MacLaren.
Postlude—Marche Militaire—Gounod.
Herbert C. Tieneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Capt. T. B. Hyde of bible college Toronto, will preach.
Prelude—Communion—Grison.
Solo, contralto—Lead Kindly Light—Sandorson. Mrs. P. A. Ferguson.
Anthem—He watcheth the hills—Spinney.
Postlude—Offertoire in E flat—Salome.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service
Capt Sin Hyde will preach.
Prelude—Elevation—Wely.
Solo, baritone—My task—Ashford. Mr. Douglas Carlisle.
Anthem—When dark clouds gather—Stevens.
Postlude—Allegretto—Furnagalli.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude—Batiste
Anthem—O worship the king—Nichol.
Anthem—I will sing of thy power—Sullivan. Solo part Mr. Humpage.
Postlude—Lyman.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Harris.
Solo—Nearer my God to Thee—Carey. Miss Williamson.
Anthem—Father keep us in thy care—Hodges.
Postlude—Handel.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Missionary Anniversary
10 a.m.—Junior League and Classes.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Subject—The healing wings.
Prelude—Adagio—Lemmens.
Anthem—Crossing the bar—Krabel.
Solo—Some day the silver chord will break—Doane. Miss Myrtle Succee.
Postlude—Allegro in F—Wesley.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
A man, a lion, a pit, and a snowy day.
Prelude—Melody in A—Edgar.
Anthem—Saviour breathe an evening blessing—Hey.
Solo part Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Solo and chorus—In the garden—Hitchkiss. Miss Doris Rathbone and choir.
Solo—Spirit of God—Neidlinger. Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Postlude—Hymn variation—Wooler
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Theme—Reciprocity.
Anthem—God so loved the world—Stainer.
Soprano solo—O happy day—Goetz. Mrs. King.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Theme—The Pillar of the Truth.
Anthem—We praise Thee O God—Parks.
Duett—For ever with the Lord—Gounod Mrs. King and Mr. Hartshorn.
Soprano solo—Jesus lover of my soul—Balfe. Mrs. R. Young.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Subject —Prayer for peace.
Anthem—Friend of sinners—Nelson. Solo part Mrs. Wand.
Solo—Fear ye not O Israel—Buck Miss E. Kemp.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—The shipwreck of Pilote.
Anthem— Beyond lies rest and home—Windermere. Solo part Mr. Speer.
Duet — Softly and Tenderly — Thompson. Miss Phillips and Miss Rome.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—prayer meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Anthem—The peace of God—Gounod. Tenor solo part by Mr. J. G. Graham.
Baritone solo—Selected—Mr. Chas Parsons.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Anthem—O God our help—Nichol.
Soprano solo—Abide with me—Liddle. Miss Florence Scott.
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, Feb. 16th, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
Special intercession services for peace.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—London street west of George.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
2 p.m.—Open air—Reid and Charlotte streets.
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Big Gains Made By The Dominion Life

The thirtieth annual general meeting of the shareholders and policyholders of the Dominion Life Assurance Company was held at its head office in Waterloo, Ontario, on Friday, the 14th of February. The outstanding merit of this soundly established Company was again attested by the splendid gains shown in every department of its business. The business in force increased by 19 per cent., and now stands at $26,543,570.00 The income increased by 25 per cent. to $1,246,529.57. Assets and reserves also registered good advances, 18 per cent. and 11 per cent. respectively. "The Dominion" has long held the reputation of being one of the strongest and best profit-paying Companies in Canada, and its latest figures show every indication of its intention to maintain this reputation.

Mr. P. A. Ferguson, the Company's manager for Central Ontario has during his 15 years' connection with the Dominion Life, been favored with gratifying business expansion.

Secretary Baker places the cost of the war to all belligerents at 192,000,000,000.

The unexcelled facilities of our big mills are devoted to making

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

THE BEST FLOUR POSSIBLE TODAY
MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO

PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE

PERMANENT PROHIBITION.

Is Asked for by the Methodists of Brockville.

Brockville, Feb. 14. — At the Methodist district meeting held at Lyn resolutions were passed with reference to temperance legislation, requesting the Dominion Government, through the local representatives, to safeguard temperance interests by embodying the provisions of the war-time order-in-Council in permanent legislation; continuing the legislation in effect until a vote of the electors shall have been taken on the question; and giving ample notice of the taking of a vote so that there will be no mistake as to what the people want.

Another resolution was passed commending the principle of Government allowance to widows.

"JIMMY" SIMPSON HOME.

Predicts Prohibition in New Zealand in April.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 15.—That prohibition will carry in New Zealand when the referendum is placed before the people of that country in April is the conviction of James Simpson, former chairman of the Toronto Board of Control, member of the Royal Commission on Industrial and Technical Education, and a representative of Labor, who returned from New Zealand yesterday on the liner Makura.

Mr. Simpson states that the possibilities of trade development between Canada and New Zealand are particularly bright. Two leading Canadian bankers at present are in New Zealand in the interests of increased trade between the two countries. There are a number of Canadian business men who are great boosters for increased trade with New Zealand, one of the chief being George H. Wilson of Toronto.

Trinity Church Sunday Services

At Trinity Methodist Church the pastor, the Rev. F. E. Malott, will preach in the evening "The Pillar of morning theme will be "Reciprocity as a Principle of Life." He will preanh in the evening "The Pillar of the Truth."

The choir will give the following selections at the evening service:

Anthem—"We Praise Thee O God," Parks.

Duett—"Forever With the Lord," Gounod—Mrs. King and Mr. Hartshorn.

Solo—"Jesus Lover of My Soul"—Miss Ruby Young.

TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS

Will Cover Damage Caused by Fire Last Night

Thursday night at 9.15 the fire brigade were called to a blaze in a shop operated by R. J. Soden over Brown's garage on Water street.

Little damage resulted as the chemical engine was used and no water was required. The firemen found it necessary to cut a hole in the floor to get at the fire which was smouldering beneath, but $25 it is thought will make the required repairs.

Ashes placed in a wooden box burned a hole in the floor and caused the blaze. The men in charge of the garage below were alarmed at the appearance of the fire at first and set about moving out their cars and stock but were informed by Chief Grange that this precaution was unnecessary as there was no danger whatever.

RUB ON SPRAINS, PAINS, SWELLINGS

Don't Suffer, Relief Comes the Moment You Rub With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Don't stay crippled Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sprain, ache or strain, and out comes pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling.

Nothing else penetrates, heals and strengthens the injured muscles, nerves, tendons and ligaments so promptly. It doesn't burn or discolor the skin and can not cause injury. Don't suffer. Get a small trial bottle from any drug store now—limber up. Rub the misery right out. A moment after "St. Jacob's Liniment" is applied you can not feel the slightest pain or soreness, and you can go about your regular duties.

"St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain. It has been used effectively for sprains, soreness and stiffness for 60 years—six gold medal awards.

Special Meetings In Gospel Hall

Arrangements have been made for a week of meetings in the Gospel Hall, commencing Sunday, Feb. 23. The speaker will be Mr. Charles Innis late of Aberdeen, Scotland, and now residing in Toronto. He is holding meetings in Buffalo this week. Mr. Innis is a gifted evangelist and expositor. He will be here two Sundays and every night of the week during that time.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

A STYLE THAT IS MUCHADMIRED

So many people are wearing Fowler's new shell rimmed glasses that they are the most popular new style that has come for years. The large, round lenses with their dark rims have a distinguished appearance that is very attractive. Dr. Fowler has a very large stock in every style. With "PEBLO" Lenses they are a good combination.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Hacking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis
People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better
PRICE 25c and 50c
Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding 5&6 inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A general for family of two. No washing or ironing. A good home, and good wages for the right girl. An Old Country girl preferred. Apply Box H, Oshawa, Ont.

WANTED—Young girl to assist with housework. Apply Mrs. Roberts, 106 Wells street, Toronto.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

TO RENT.

FOR RENT—New brick modern seven-roomed bungalow, No. 69 Robinson Street. Seven minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply H. W. Morgan, 61 Robinson stret.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WAINSLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 345.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
N. B. TAYLOR & SON
100 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk. Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
252 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC CO.

Can. Food Board License No. 8-4080
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 935

LEGAL CARDS.

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Managing Director

At New Haven, Conn., Mrs. Annie Monohan was found guilty of murder in the second degree, by a jury in the Superior Court. She was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Webb.

Hamilton announces that plans are being considered for a conference between capital and labor in the Royal Connaught next Monday regarding unemployment.

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Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.
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Praises Poems By Canadian Author

TORONTO STAR SAYS CRITICS ARE SEVERE WITH WILSON MacDONALD'S WORKS.

Speaking of the new book of poems issued by Mr. Wilson MacDonald, who recently staged his own comic opera, "In Sunny France," in this city, the Toronto Star says editorially:

"Wilson MacDonald, a Canadian poet, has brought out a book of verse, 'The Song of the Prairie Land and Other Poems,' and some of the book reviewers of the Toronto press have been quite critical of it.

"It reminds us of the complaint once made by a theatrical manager about the attitude of the Toronto press towards a play then running in one of the local houses. He said that he had a fine company of good actors, a new play by a good author; it was staged excellently and without regard to expense—yet the would suppose, from reading the reports in the newspapers, that his was the poorest show at any theatre in town, because each newspaper sent a critic of the drama to see it and discuss it up and down, while the performances at the other houses received notices containing nothing but praise. Wilson MacDonald's book of verse seems to have been met in much the same critical attitude.

"Perhaps there was another reason. There is an introduction to the volume written by Albert E. S. Smythe, editors of the World, in which the contents are highly praised throughout. It is possible that the attitude of some of the local critics was more or less influenced by this—they did not want anybody to assume that somebody had written something to which they must necessarily speak well. They would see about that. Why be a critic at all if one's verdict is to be forestalled by an introduction, written, too, by the editor of one of the city papers. Had it been written by an editor over in London or New York that would have been different—but, right here in the village! !

"Wilson MacDonald's poems may not impress everyone as much as they do Mr. Smythe, but we incline more to his estimate of them than to that of any critic who would dismiss them with slighting references."

Children's Aid Society

—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
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Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 589 George St. Phone 1046
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 7

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

WILL SCHOOL TEACHERS ORGANIZE LABOR UNIONS?

President Moore of the Dominion Trades Congress Advises Them to do as Pedagogues in the United States.

(Ottawa Journal-Press.)

President Tom Moore, of the Trades and Labor Congress, advises Canadian school teachers to follow the advice of the profession in the United States and become affiliated with organized labor. This may appear to some as a rather radical suggestion, but after all, what is there in it to call for serious objection? In the United States teachers are to be unionized from the lowest grade rural teacher to the highest professor in a university. At the present time the average wage paid to American public school teachers, men and women, city and rural, is $475, which, it is pointed out, is less than is paid to the average competent boy. The proposed teachers' union, which is being extended to every school, rural and city, in the country and which has become affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, is making the following demands:

(1) That there be established a minimum salary of $1,000 for all teachers, rural, city or Federal.

(2) That there be a teacher member on all boards of educaton, because none other has the first-hand knowledge of the needs of the pupils and of the teachers.

(3) That there be a council of teachers in each town or city elected by the body of teachers, the duty of which shall be to meet with the various superintendents and administrative officers and advise with them as to the curricula, methods and policies to be carried out in the schools.

(4) That there be a similar advisory committee in each school

(5) That such democratic procedure be urged upon each teacher in his or her work as will tend to establish the mental habit of feeling and accepting the responsibility laid upon each individual in a true democracy.

(6) That the school become in spirit and actuality a part of the community, co-operating with civic organizations, not only in affording places for public meetings, but also by providing, in the course of study the means of becoming acquainted with the economic environment of human beings.

There is nothing so very unreasonable or revolutionary about this platform. Indeed, the teachers are careful to allay public anxiety by emphatically declaring that there will not be a strike at any time to enforce their demands. "We are opposed to the strike as a weapon for teachers," says their organizer. "Teachers are public servants; they owe a duty to the public. A strike would interfere with the children's educational progress; and that, at all hazards, must be avoided."

Against such an organization, relying upon organization, publicity, the support, of labor organizations, and political action to secure what they consider a fair wage and proper working conditions, there can be put little just opposition. Canadian teachers might easily adopt less wise and effective measures to redress their own just grievances.

That there were ninety-one cases of Spanish influenza throughout the township of Brantford was the announcement made at the office of the township clerk at the court house.

A bill has been introduced in the New York Legislature in connection with the building of a new bridge over the Niagara River between Buffalo and Bridgeburg.

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

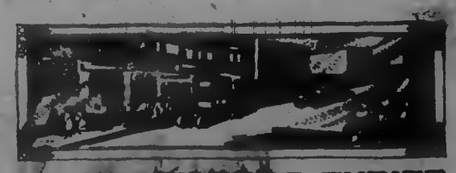
There was a large attendance at the market this morning and business was brisk in spite of the fact that prices were down somewhat on butter and eggs. The recent snows have resulted in a heavy offering of wood which will increase if the sleighing remains good.

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	17	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	45	45
Butter	55	55
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country		
taken off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
Calf skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	29 00
Tallow, country solids		
in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

CLASSIFYING SALARIES.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Experts engaged by the Civil Service Commission to classify the Civil Service throughout the Dominion hoped to have their report ready for the opening of Parliament, but over fifty thousand cases had to be dealt with, and the work will not be completed before March.

The underlying purpose is to ensure that Government employes doing the same class of work shall be in the same class as regards salary, regardless of the department they are with or whether they are at Ottawa, Halifax or Vancouver.



STYLE - COMFORT - THRIFT

Thrift? Yes, we must all practice it this winter, but in buying gloves you need not sacrifice comfort or style. You want warm, durable gloves—gloves of good fit and appearance, and you probably expect to find them away up in price, as is everything else you buy.

You can have the greatest glove-comfort you have ever known at the same price you have been accustomed to pay—or less, by getting a pair of

The BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scotch Knit
FOR MEN

Made in Canada by the famous Scotch Knit process, they defy the cold and the wind and are of a fleecy softness that means real cold weather comfort.

Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves are just what you want this winter. They leave nothing to be desired in comfort or style, and their price conforms to the present need for National Thrift.

Ask your dealer for them

Other Ballantyne lines are: Knitted Coats, Pullovers, Caps, Toques, Mufflers, Hosiery, Mitts, Men's and Boys' Jerseys, Children's Suits, etc.

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Suspicious Toughness.

"Waiter," said a diner in a country restaurant, "this chicken is very tough."

"Very sorry, sir, but you see, that chicken was a peculiar bird. Why, when we came to kill it we couldn't catch it. It flew up on top of the barn and we had to shoot it."

"Are you sure you din't shoot the weathercock by mistake?"

He Knew It Wasn't.

Teacher was warming to her subject, and, laying down her book, said:

"Now, you all understand that the trunk is the middle part of the body, don't you?"

"Yes, ma'am," chorused the class, with one exception.

"You understand it, too?" asked the teacher of the boy who had not answered.

"No, ma'am, because it isn't so."

"Why, my boy, what do you mean?"

"Well," replied the boy, "you ought to go to the circus and see the elephant!"

Might Be Either.

That red-headed constituent of yours says the next time you come to his town he's going to be at the meeting with a basket of eggs."

"Hum," rejoined Senator Sorghum, reflectively. "Ammunition or a bribe?"

Three defaulters sent by Kingston magistrate to the penitentiary for one year each must serve their term in the Central Prison as one-year-termers are not admitted to the penitentiary.

A delegation from the Aland Islands to Paris has requested that the Islands be annexed to Sweden.

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EVER SINCE MRS. ARTIE CHOKE GAVE THAT DINNER ALL THE SOCIETY HAVE BEEN SICK - AT LAST I GIT SOME REST -
LISTEN - DEAR - MR AND MRS. BEN ZINE SENT US A CARD STATING THEY WILL BE "AT HOME" ON NEXT MONDAY -
I KNEW THIS COMFORT WOULDN'T LAST -
I WONDER WHAT THIS "R.S.V.P." IN THE CORNER MEANS?
FROM WHAT I KNOW OF THAT FAMILY IT MUST BE FRENCH FOR "DON'T SHOW TO ANY BILL COLLECTORS"
?

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JIM CORBETT IS LIKELY TO BE REFEREE OF BIG BOUT

"Gentleman Jim" is First to be Considered by Tex Richard for Position.

The possibility of having Jim Corbett, former heavyweight champion, referee the proposed championship bout between Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey is being considered by Promoter Tex Rickard. This question and the site for the bout are the only details remaining to be arranged.

To Promoter Rickard is left the final choice of a referee. The participants will have an opportunity to agree mutually upon an arbiter, but in the event that the boxers are unable to reach an understanding Rickard will do the choosing. The promoter yesterday declared he was considering the advisability of having Jim Jeffries officiate.

In favor of Corbett, it was pointed he had kept in close touch with ring competitions. Bill Brown, the western promoter, was another referee suggested.

Promoter Rickard will leave here Sunday. He expects to go to Chicago and subsequently to Kansas city, where he will discuss final details for the bout with Willard.

No intimation has been given where Rickard intends holding the contest. It is known, however, that the western promoter is awaiting the outcome of legislation on boxing bills now before the lawmaking bodies of New York state and Illinois.

Jack Dempsey's easy-going, just-glad-to-get-the-chance, matter-of-fact way of getting down to signing the articles of agreement to meet Jess Willard for the heavyweight championship of the world made a tremendous hit with Tex Rickard on Monday afternoon.

"As a matter of fact, Rickard did not expect to encounter such smooth sailing from either Dempsey or Kearns. He frankly admitted that right after the papers had been signed in the old ferry house at the Weehawken terminal.

"I'm willing to admit that I had less trouble getting Dempsey and Kearns to sign than I've ever had with any men I've ever done business with," said Rickard on the boat after he had pocketed the previous articles, all signed and delivered.

"They told me that I would have a million all kinds of troubles and delays, but those youngsters are fair and they'll not lose anything by it, now mark me."

Dempsey Ready Any Time.

As if to impress Rickard with his willingness to go through with anything that had been arranged for him, Dempsey approached Tex before the party left the Claridge and said:

"I'll do anything you say, Mr. Rickard. The matter is entirely in your hands. Kearns and I will give you no trouble, you can depend on that. I'm tickled to death to get the chance that you've made for me, and I'd be a fool to overlook it or hold it cheaply."

"That's fine," said Rickard by way of reply.

"And let me tell you, Dempsey," he added, "you'll not lose anything because of the way you and Kearns have acted toward me in the matter. If you win this fight, Jack, I'll cook up something big for you. You're fighting for the short end this time, but if you win it will be the last time. I promise you that. I'll make a lot of money for you. I think I know how. I'll get Carpentier for you as sure as you're standing in your boots, and you get the long end for fighting him. You just whip Willard if you can and leave the rest to me."

The Empire's Effort.

Maj.-Gen. Sir George Aston, in a paper on "The British Empire at War," read before the Royal Colonial Institute, said that up to the present date over 8,000,000 of the men of the Empire were, or had been, under arms. Some time ago they were told that about 8,000,000 tons of merchant shipping had been sunk by our enemies. The value of munitions of war made in the Empire since the same date had probably reached about £2,000,000,000. The amount raised by loans and taxation up to the present date must amount to about £8,000,000. We began the war with about 60 airplanes fit for war service. During last year he was told that our aircraft and their pilots, provided by the combined effort of all parts of the Empire, had brought down nearly 5,000 enemy machines, of which 3,500 had undoubtedly been smashed up. Foreign allied countries had been financed by the United Kingdom to the extent of £3,370,000,000, and 100,000,000 tons of coal had been supplied to them.

CAN A BASEBALL PLAYER MAKE GOOD IN BUSINESS?

Ray Schalk Proves He Can by Scoring a Success in an Industrial Plant in Chicago

(By George S. Robins.)

Can a confirmed baseball player make good as a business man, also a fan.

Let an official of a Chicago smelter company, who says he knows, one of the hardest working players who ever donned a mask, has been toiling at essential labor in his plant. Recently he began to dabble in the salesmanship end of the game.

"Ray Schalk has made good with our firm," said the official. "In fact he has exceeded our most exact expectations. If he's a sample of what a ball player can do, they may send us some more just like him."

This tribute to Schalk's business ability will come as no surprise to those who know this catching phenomenon at close range.

Has Even Covered Second Base

Fans have often seen Schalk sprint back to the screen guarding the front rows of seats in the grand stand at Comiskey park and pick off a high foul that seemed an impossible chance. They have watched this diminutive catcher foot it over to a box seat and pick the pill off a man's dome saving him much chagrin, not to say pain. They have seen Schalk dash down and cover third base and go over and tag out a runner at first. Even Eddie Collins, far removed from Schalk's field of operation, has suffered chagrin over this little fellow's coming down in his territory and covering second base for a putout.

In the business world Schalk has revealed the same intrepid dash and resourcefulness shown on the ball field. He went after business in the same spirited style that characterized his dash after a foul fly with 30,000 spectators breathlessly looking on. It may be said, and we have Mr. Sale's word for it, that Schalk has been as eminently successful in catching customers as in bagging flies.

Makes Good in Business

The same ingenuity displayed in directing a pennant contending team from his vantage point, back of the old home pan, has been revealed by this smart young athlete in his business operation, both in Litchfield, Ill., and Chicago.

Schalk wanted to learn the smelting business from the ground up and, although he's considered the greatest catcher that ever came down the pike, he wasn't too big to don a pair of greasy overalls and toil at an essential occupation to help win the world war. In his work Schalk was just as peppery, breezy and cheerful as when directing plays back of the plate. For several months Ray worked around the blast furnace and learned the smelter end of the game thoroughly. He superintended the pouring out of the molten mass ran a small motor truck and kept his eyes open for tips on everything.

Schalk was a good student in baseball, always ready to learn. He often sat for hours fanning with Manager Rowland, swapping ideas and learning something about the game. Perhaps that spirit has made him successful in business.

Interested in Several Concerns

Besides being in good with his firm in Chicago, Ray is the principal stockholder in the Litchfield Foundry and Machine Company, is a stockholder in the Litchfield Creamery Company and is interested in the Litchfield Bank and Trust Company.

The love story in Schalk's life is one of the pretty romances of baseball. Ray married his childhood sweetheart, one of the belles of his home town. The world's greatest catcher is now a resident of Chicago, has a bouncing baby nearly 2 year old, and has become one of the most daring chauffeurs, who hazards frequent dashes through the crowded loop at rush hours.

Schalk learned the trick of working industriously in baseball. "Tracker" caught more than 100 games in each of the seven seasons in this regard. Applying the same industrious methods in laboring for a Chicago firm, he has been pronounced a success by his enthused employer. He is under contract to catch for the White Sox in 1919.

New York Giants Rely on Veterans

It is necessary to have an infield of young ball players to be in shape to fight for a big league championship?

Vice-President and Manager Johnny McGraw of the New York Giants apparently does not think so judging from the men he is counting on to be the guardians of the inner defense this season. The players he has on the list are Hal Chase, Larry Doyle, Arthur Fletcher and Heinie Zimmerman. This disproves the idea that a player's days of real activity are nearly at an end when he reaches the age of 32. The fact is all four of the players mentioned are over 32 and are veterans in the game.

If McGraw goes to the post with Chase on first, Doyle on second, Fletcher at short and Zimmerman at third he will have the oldest infield in the National league in age and in the point of service. Zimmerman, Fletcher and Doyle were born the same year, 1886, according to the records. That makes each 33 years old. Chase was born in 1883, making him 36. Although he is older than the three other members of the veteran infield, he has not been in the game much longer. He began in 1905. Doyle started the same year, while Zimmerman started in 1906 and Fletcher a year later.

Chase has not yet agreed to terms with McGraw, although it is predicted he will be signed soon. Certain difficulties must be removed before McGraw can get Chase's name to a contract. It is thought an outfielder infielder and cash will be given to the Reds in exchange for the star first baseman.

Three men, George Watts, F. A. Giroux and L. Cooler, were committed for trial by Magistrate Atkinson at Cobalt on a charge of having illegal possession of silver ore.

Luxemburgers Divided Into Six Distinct Parties.

Grand Duchess Unpopular

LUXEMBURG'S future is as difficult to forecast as the state of the weather the middle of next week. Just six parties have formed in the little grand duchy since peace negotiations began, says a Luxemburg letter in the Baltimore Evening Sun. They stand as follows:

For unqualified independence and the abdication of Marie Adelaide, the 23-year-old Grand Duchess.

For independence with the Grand Duchess ruling.

For a Belgian protectorate without the duchess.

For a Belgian protectorate with the duchess.

For a French protectorate without the duchess.

For a French protectorate with the duchess.

The strength of the Grand Duchess lies in the support of the Clerical party, for 250,000 of the 256,000 people in the grand duchy are Roman Catholics.

Her weakness lies in the unconcealed sympathy with Germany.

Concerning the German invasion of 1914, a poster seen throughout the country reads: "The Government when in power did nothing but protest against the violation of our territory, whereas the people wanted to break all relations with the invaders."

Fanning the flame of resentment Marie received the Kaiser at her palace in Luxemburg in the autumn of that same year. In the winter of 1915 she sent a telegram to the Kaiser, it is alleged, "praying God" for the triumph of Germany. In the immediate entourage of the Grand Duchess all are Germans.

In view of all these facts, and the fact that the Clerical party commands but 21 out of 40 votes in the House of Deputies, there is every prospect of revolutionary proceedings in Luxemburg. Whatever its outcome it seems unlikely that Marie Adelaide will retain her power.

Demonstrations have already taken place for her abdication, and threats have been made that, if she does not gracefully retire, she will be removed forcibly.

Luxemburg covers an area of 988 square miles and has a population of 256,000. Its northern part is mountainous, the south extremely fertile. Its iron mines afford its greatest wealth. There are 83 of them, and they employ 8,000 people, while the steel mills and foundries of the country produce goods to the value of $28,000,000 each year.

In peace times Luxemburg has an army of 150 members and a gendarmerie of like strength. French is the language of the educated; German, mixed with French, that of the peasants.

Luxemburg was one of the petty principalities of the Holy Roman Empire of the Germans. In 1443 it fell into the hands of Spain, and in 1713 was transferred to Austria. It was ceded to France in 1797. It was raised to a grand duchy in 1815 by the Council of Vienna, and was under the sovereignty of the King of the Netherlands. When Belgium became an independent kingdom, in 1831, Luxemburg was divided between Belgium and Holland, the latter country holding little more than the city of Luxemburg.

In 1839, by the treaty of London, another part was taken from Belgium and added to form the present grand duchy. In 1867, Luxemburg was made a sovereign state by action of an international conference at London.

German plots to gain control of the country through the marriage of Princess Antonia, third sister of the Grand Duchess, and Rupprecht of Bavaria have, of course, gone for naught.

Skating.

The art of skating was invented by the Dutch, and was popular in Holland centuries before it spread to England and France. The first bladeskates used in England were introduced from Holland about 1660, and are first mentioned in a diary bearing this date, January 20, 1661. Prior to the use of skates by the Dutch, a sort of skate made of the bones of animals was used by the northern peoples, dating back to prehistoric times. Several of these primitive bone-skates have been found in the marshy fields near London, and are preserved in the British Museum. The period when skating, as it is known now, originated in Holland, is not known to historians.

Some women are so much interested in fashion plates that they would like to have their meals served on them.

Secret of the Czech.

If you ask the Czech himself, he will tell you that the secret of his life is perhaps what President Wilson calls enthusiasm. He calls it love—love of country, which lays down life without question or stint; love of beauty, without which he considers life stupid, neither to be lived through with joy nor departed from with dignity. In this esthetic apprehension which we call by the thin and unsatisfactory word "taste" the Czech is like the French—surely he must be likened sooner or later to the French!—bearing the mark of a race old in living, rich in tradition, discerning in its appreciations. He is, too, a lover of love, worshipping women; a lover of life, more joyous than the Russian, less light-minded than the Gaul. A lover not of the form, but of the substance. Life is short; youth is short. It is to laugh, to work, to weep, to think, to love, to be aware of that complex and ever-changing stream of consciousness. When a Czech dies, somehow one feels that one may say of him what may not be said of every man, "He is dead, but he has lived."

If you ask the American he will tell you that the Czech's secret is "Allied Ideals with Teuton training." It is his efficiency that endears him to the American, especially if he is recuperating from the Russian army. —Olive Gilbreath in Harper's Magazine.

Women Suffrage in Switzerland.

When a suffrage petition signed by ten thousand Swiss women was sent up to the Grand Council at Geneva, the President of that body received it with the remark that it was unnecessary to pay attention to the signatures, as the women to whom they belonged did not know what they were doing.

Rabbit Cannery.

In Argentina a rabbit cannery has been established in the hope of ridding some sections of the country of a pest in a profitable way.

For keeping typists' fingers clean and protecting their nails, rubber thimbles have been invented.

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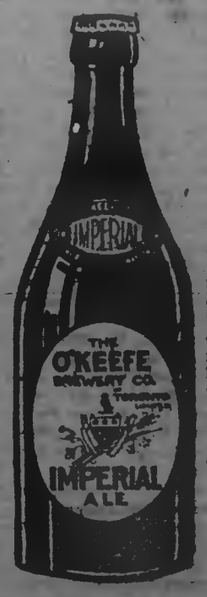

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SUNDAY, FEB. 16 & 23——IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL ANGLICANS——SUNDAY, FEB. 16 & 23

The Anglican Congregations of this City will have the pleasure of hearing such speakers as Mr. R. W. Allin, Dr. W. E. Taylor, Dr. C. A. Seager and Mr. J. Y. Ormsby, who will give special addresses on Church Financing promoting the "Every Member Canvass" in the interests of the duplex envelope system of giving. All Anglicans are urged to make an extra effort to hear these speakers

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

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DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

NOTICE

Lady Clerks, Telephone Operators, Machine Operators, Bookbinders, Weavers, Spinners and all engaged in any occupation are cordially invited to attend an open meeting of the Ladies' Union of Peterboro, on Monday, Feb. 17th, at 8 p.m., in the Labor Hall, George street.

Several gentlemen will address this meeting and you are promised an interesting evening.

THE LATE MRS. BILLINGTON.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Billington will be held on Monday at 3 o'clock. The service will be at 2:30.

COME TO THE PREACHER'S CONCERT

Our victory tea meeting and preachers' concert will be held on Tuesday evening, February 18th, in the George Street Methodist Church. Everybody welcome. All for 35 cents.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Dr. Alex. J. Robertson, corner of George and Charlotte streets, who has been attending dental clinics at the Mayo Hospital, Rochester, Minn., for the past two weeks, returned to the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Coulter, Toronto, are in the city visiting Mr. Claude Rogers, Belmont avenue.

Lieut. Douglas Laurie is in the city, and his many friends were pleased to see him at the I.O.D.E. dance last evening. Lieut. Laurie intends making his home in Peterborough.

Lieut. Wm. Hughes, of Montreal, who has been visiting Lieut. William Eastwood, was called to Montreal owing to the sudden death of his father.

Lieut. McDermid is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McDrmid, Weller street.

Mr. Nooman, Delora, was in the city yesterday for the I.O.D.E. dance at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. Fred. Roy is visiting Mrs. Albert Simmions, Montreal.

Mrs. J. A. Aylmer, Weller street, is visiting friends in Cornwall.

Lieut. Will Eastwood, accompanied Lieut. Wm. Hughes to Montreal to attend the funeral of his father, who died very suddenly.

At George Street Church Tomorrow

The pastor, Rev. A. J. Thomas, will preach at both services tomorrow. His topic in the morning will be, "The Healing Wings." There will be a short prelude on the Peace Conference. The evening theme will be, "A Man, a Lion, a Pit and a Snowy Day."

Sunday is the national day of prayer set apart by the Government. This will be recognised at both services. The people are urged as a recognition of the call of their King and Government to assemble in the house of God.

AFTER THE WAR PROBLEMS

UNEMPLOYMENT WITH ITS INEVITABLE HUNGER AND WANT ONE CAUSE OF BOLSHEVISM.

(By Estelle Caffe.)

In pre-war days legislators often became grave over the questions which arose from day to day, and each problem loomed up with as much importance as its predecessor,—questions of public health, housing, unemployment, unmerited poverty. Then the war clouds broke, and the wisdom of our law-makers was given the most severe of tests. Thanks to their foresight and ability to cope with the situation, coupled with the spirit of our soldiers, the struggle between World Freedom and German Tyranny is at an end.

The importance of patience, diligence and capability as attributes of legislators has by no means diminished with the coming of peace. As a matter of fact, when we view the universal unrest, we are led to believe that only the most skilful and timely administration on the part of "the powers that be" will make it possible to safeguard the peace and well-being of the world, and to produce an improved and acceptable social order for which the experience of war has paved the way. The same spirit of determination, willingness to serve, perseverance and loyalty which existed during the war, must still stand unshaken to carry us through this very grave period of readjustment and reconstruction.

The problems of war were steeped in difficulty, but those of peace are in no way second. Now that militarism is defeated, we are confronted with a very tyrannical, ambitious and menacing power—Bolshevism. It ravages Europe at present, and seems to be slowly gaining a foothold on our continent. Of it we know very little, but we do know that its progress is helped by the presence of hunger, poverty and distress. If the masses are hungry, unemployed and discouraged, they will only too readily give an ear to Bolshevik propaganda or shoulder a club and join a Bolshevik parade. The great power in stemming the tide of Bolshevism is the employment of men and women—employment which will result in a satisfactory, decent living.

The question of "jobs," then, is one of vital importance at the present time, and it must be tackled and solved immediately and correctly. A few weeks after the signing of the armistice industrial conditons were absolutely reversed; from the previous state of labor scarcity to one of more labor than positions. All large cities are now confronted with a scarcity of labor. Day by day more war workers and soldiers are being dumped on the labor market. And the real demobilisation has not started as yet. A mere fraction of our soldiers have returned, and a large number of those who have come back and war workers who have saved some of their war-time wages, are taking a little holiday before hunting a new job. That there is an increase of labor is only too evident, as is also the fact that timely industrial adjustment is imperative. If the matter is not seen to, one paper remarks that the soldier will come out of the firing line to get into the bread else in who backed him in a factory line, or else he will shove someone

Several remedies have been suggested as a solution for the problem. Of course, the "first way out" lies in a rapid increase in industrial activity. Suggestions have been thrown out that municipalities hasten to continue public improvements abandoned during the war, and that the demobilisation of soldiers take place in the order in which industry demands it. A very practical hint is suggested in the Machinists' Journal, where they say that the ten hours per day might be reduced to eight, seven or six, in order that the maximum number may be employed during this period of reconstruction.

In connection with positons for women, some action seems necessary. During the war, women of society and wealth, and those to whom the war was a blessing because it conventionalised working for a living—all these women occupied war positions or otherwise. Now some of these same women, who themselves admit that they do not need to work, continue to hold positions while those who are in absolute need of employment find difficulty in securing it. It would seem that some registration of women with respect to the real necessity of it, would be a most practical way of providing women with positions. What treatment the whole situations will receive remains to be seen.

The gravity of the situation is plain, and this problem, along with many others, must be successfully solved by our Government if we are to successfully garner in the fruits of our hard-won victory. War surely leaves troubles in its trail, and it is the duty of legislators, backed by the people, to permanently stamp out resultant evils, in order that, as a result of it, the world may be a much better place for all than ever before.

Rev. Capt. Hyde At St. Paul's Church

The services tomorrow in St. Paul's Church will be taken by Rev. Capt. H. B. Hyde, secretary of the Toronto Bible Training College. Mr. Hyde is a preacher of great power. He was at one time minister of the famous Moody Church, Chicago. He will take as his subject in the morning, "Neither Shall They Learn war Any More," and in the evening, "Where There Is No Wisdom the People Perish."

MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

Tomorrow at 3 o'clock the Men's Social Bible Class of George Street Church. The discussion will be on "Laws which if kept would bring peace to the world." All men invited.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER of the estate of Timothy Hurley, late of the City of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant of section 56, of the Trustee Act, R. S. O. 1914, Chap. 121, that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Timothy Hurley, who died on or about the twenty-second day of September, 1918, at the City of Peterborough, are required on or before the 8th day of March, 1919 to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Capital Trust Corporation, Limited of Ottawa, Ontario, and Mary Ada McCarthy of Peterborough, Ont., the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars, in writing, of their claims a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

DATED at Peterborough, this 14th day of February, 1919.

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MAY ALLISON in "A Successful Adventure"
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FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE
O. HENRY STORY—2 reels BRITISH GAZETTE
—VAUDEVILLE—
BILLY S. GOURLEY,
COMEDIAN AND HIS DOGS

MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

SOCIETY EVENT AT THE EMPRESS

A dance held in the Empress Hotel last night under the auspices of the King's Daughters was a most pleasing function. Excellent music was furnished by Linton's orchestra of Toronto, and those who did not care to dance enjoyed themselves at the card tables. A dainty supper was prepared for the guests, and the society which was responsible for the venture realised a handsome figure as a result of their enterprise.

The committee in charge was: Mrs. A. W. Turner, Mrs. A. E. Coulthard, Mrs. Killaly, Mrs. Carruthers, Mrs. S. T. Medd, Mrs. J. C. Smith, Miss English, Miss Monroe, Miss M. Rogers, and Mrs. Claude Rogers.

Those in attendance were: Miss Margaret Bulmer, Miss Jean Harbison, Miss Kathleen Dunaford, Miss Celia Dunaford, Miss Hazel Eaton, Miss Elva McIntyre, Miss Marion Byers, Miss Georgina Hay, Miss Geraldine Delaire, Miss Meta Richardson, Miss Laura Soden, Miss Lenore Lyle, Miss Helen Bulmer, Miss Cahill, Miss Elizabeth Macdonald, Miss Willa Cuffe, Miss Margaret Macdonald, Miss Letty Shearer, Miss Esme Aylmer, Miss Lillian Crowe, Miss Mamie Cottingham, Miss Lillian Shevlin, Miss Maida Connors, Miss Helen Stapleton, Miss Jessie Cressman, Miss Robina Cummings, Miss Rannie, Miss E. Rooney (Toronto), Miss "Billy" Smith, Miss Boyd, Miss Ruth Robertson, the Misses Mulholland, Miss Georgia Stevenson, Miss Dorothy Hill, the Misses Rush, the Misses Cavanagh, Miss Irene Scott, Miss Dawson, Miss Norah Hatton, Miss Genevieve McCarthy, Miss Marie McCarthy, Miss Greta LeBarr, Miss Marguerite Fanning, Miss Hazel Fanning, Miss Geraldine Glover, Miss Hazel Davidson, Miss Gen. Garvey, Miss Mabel Patters, Miss Vera Knox, Miss Helen McLaren, Miss Dorothy Mather, Miss Elva Jackson, Miss Emma Vincent, Miss Margaret Merrill, Miss Daisy Stocker, Mr. Jack Macdonald, Mr. Fred O'Brien, Mr. Butler Hickey, Mr. Thomas Rutherford, Mr. George Rutherford, Mr. Frank Eano, Mr. Edward Dinsey, Mr. Kenneth Routly, Mr. Thomas Webster, Mr. Archie English, Mr. J. Guise-Bagley, Dr. Bruce Marshal, Dr. G. S. Cameron, Dr. and Mrs. King, Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald, Mr. Herbert Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Perry, Jr., Mr. Harold Lancashire, Mr. and Mrs. Campanie, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Roy, Mr. and Mrs. Webber Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Achilles Turner, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Coon, Mrs. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dunaford, Mr. and Mrs. S. Warne, Mr. E. V. Warne, Mr. Weldon Fanning, Mr. Gordon Henry, Mrs. Berks, Mr. Jack Brightman, Mr. C. M. McDermid, Lieut. Dickson, Lieut. Laurie, Mr. Reginald Brown, Mr. Thompson (Belleville), Mr. S. Crochy, Mr. Walter Berks, Mr. Alfred Austin (Ottawa), Mr. Breckenridge, Dr. and Mrs. Buchanan, Mr. Minto Brownscombe, Mr. Verne Wall, Mr. Ford, Mr. Gerald McClellan, Mr. Joseph Clancy, Mr. Gordon Matthews, Mr. Stanley Lowe, Mr. Edward Pethick, Mr. Edward Riley, Mr. William McDonald, Mr. George Dunsford, Miss Nellie Perry, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fraser, Mr. A. H. Stratton, Mr. Ferdinand Franks, Mr. Joseph Batten, Dr. J. V. Gallivan, Mr. James McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dearle, Mr. and Mrs. Knight, Mr. S. B. Hagerman, Mr. Harold Snelgrove.

MR. R. W. ALLIN AT ST. LUKE'S.

R. W. Allin, Esq., M.A., the recently appointed finance commissioner of the Diocese of Toronto, formerly editor of the Canadian Churchman, will address the congregation of St. Luke's Church at the evening service on Sunday. Mr. Allin is well known as a clear and forcible speaker.

ACID IN STOMACH SOURS THE FOOD

Says Excess of Hydrochloric Acid is Cause of Indigestion

A well-known authority states that stomach trouble and indigestion are nearly always due to acidity—acid stomach—and not, as most folks believe, from a lack of digestive juices. He states that an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach retards digestion and starts food fermentation, then our meals sour like garbage in a can, morning acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. We then get that heavy, lumpy feeling in the chest, we eructate sour food, belch gas, or have heartburn, flatuence, water brash, or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast while it is effervescing and furthermore, to continue this for one week. While relife follows the first dose. It is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

MRS. M. H. HARRINGTON.

The death occurred this morning of Mrs. Michael Harrington of Downeyville, aged 31 years. Deceased was brought to St. Joseph's Hospital two weeks ago, and died in that institution.

The funeral will take place Monday morning to Downeyville church and cemetery.

Sunday Services At St. John's

Tomorrow will be an important day at St. John's and large congregations are expected. The morning service at 11 a.m. will be of a special character and will be in tune with the "Forward Parochial Movement," through which St. John's, it is expected, will make a strong advance both financially and in the other departments of Church life. All Anglican congregations are uniting in this effort.

An address will be given by Mr. R. W. Allin of Toronto, one of the foremost Laymen of the Church of England in Canada.

In the evening at 7 p.m. the service will have special reference to the National Intercession for the Peace Congress called for by the Government and the general subject of what can be done by the Church to help forward world-wide peace.

Canadian Painting To Be On Exhibition

Peterborough art lovers will have an opportunity to study a considerable collection of paintings by various well-known Canadian artists in an Exhibition to be held in the Lecture Hall of the Public Library Building under the auspices of the local branch of the Women's Art Association of Canada. The pictures will be on view during the afternoons and evenings of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, and members of the Association will act as hostesses at the tea hour. Admission 25 cents. The Exhibition will also be open on Saturday afternoon, when students attending the various schools will be charged only 10 cents for admission.

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Increase 19 per cent.	1,521,152.00
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Previous Year	22,271,831.00
Increase 21 per cent.	4,271,739.00
Total Net Income	1,246,829.57
Previous Year	1,090,070.34
Increase 25 per cent.	346,756.78
Gross Assets	5,499,535.02
Previous Year	4,650,062.71
Increase 18 per cent.	849,472.31
Reserves	3,959,291.00
Previous Year	3,538,846.00
Increase 12 per cent.	421,145.00

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Bacon, th very choicest, per lb.	50c	Brown Sugar, 4 lbs.	44c
Old Duch Cleanser, 3 tins	26c	Holland Rusks, pkg.	22c
Puffed Rice, pkg.	15c	Sure Whip, bottle	22c
Sedless Raisins, extra large, 2 lbs.	45c	Nutmegs, ½ lb.	15c
Seeded Raisins, bulk, 2 lbs.	23c	hSelled Almonds, lb.	50c
Cowan's Cocoa, ½ lb. tins	22c	Lombard's Green Gages, Damsons and Pears, 6 tins	$1.00
Cowan's Cocoa, 1 lb. tins	43c	Holly's Rice and Milk, tin	15c

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WEATHER FORECASTS.
Northerly winds fair and becoming colder. Wednesday fair and moderately colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 41 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GERMAN TROOPS CANNOT CROSS RUSSIAN BORDER

And Must Cease Hostilities Against Poles According to Terms of New Armistice

Paris, Feb. 18.—Marshal Foch has informed the Supreme Council of the acceptance by the Germans of the conditions for a renewal of the armistice.

The renewal of the armistice was signed at 6.30 o'clock Sunday evening in Marshal Foch's private car, according to a despatch received here from Treves.

This averts what promised to be a rather critical situation as it had been reported that the Germans might persist in carrying out their intimations of a refusal to sign.

More important results will take form shortly when Marshal Foch returns to Treves for submission of the details of the disarmament and demobilization of the German forces which are being formulated by the military, naval and economic advisers of Marshal Foch. There are of a nature amounting in fact to a preliminary peace agreement.

Disarmament is understood to include both the naval and military branches and the naval authorities expect the ultimate naval terms will provide for the dismantling of the fortifications of Heligoland and the Kiel Canal, the canal being opened for commercial navigation.

While the blockade is not raised by the present terms yet, it is expected that the disarmament under later and more complete terms will obviate the necessity of a further blockade and permit such economic and food relief as is determined upon.

Two notes were handed to Marshal Foch by Mathias Erzberger when the renewal was taken up at Treves. One note concerned the employment of the German mercantile marine for various purposes while the other was longer and contained several requests including the release of German prisoners and the maintenance of economic intercourse between Germany and occupied German territories.

The New Terms

Under the new terms, as presented by Marshal Foch, Germany must abandon all offensive movements against the Poles and also must prohibit her troops from crossing the Russian frontier at a certain line.

The line of demarkation between Germany and Paland is outlined as follows: East of Grosser Neudorf (south-east of Bromberg) south of Labischin (south of Schodziesen) north of Exin)southwest of Bromberg), south of Sann, north of Czarnikau (east of Kreau) west of Birnbaum and Bentschen (west of Posen) Wallstein, Lissa and north of Wiernsow and thence along the frontier between Silesia and Poland (this line of demarkation gives to Poland a considerable part of the German Government of Posen.)

It was provided by the allied terms that the armistice must be renewed for an indeterminate period with a fixed delay of three days for the denunciation of it. The old terms of the armistice are to be carried out completely by Germany.

VETERANS PROTEST AGAINST IMPORTING MACHINERY WHILE CANADIANS ARE IDLE

Secretary Whatley Draws Up Resolution Which Voices Objections to Buying Hydro Supplies in Sweden to the Detriment of Local Plants

The Peterborough Branch of the Great War Veterans Association in session last night resolved that the attention of the Provincial Government be drawn to an article in the Canadian Engineer of February 6th, 1919, as follows:

The Article in Question

"Next week, E. T. Brandon, electrical engineer of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, accompanied by E. V. Buchanan, local manager of the system at London, Ont., will leave for England to interview British manufacturers, to study their methods to let them know just what class of electrical material is required in Ontario, and to find out to what extent the British manufacturers are prepared to compete in that province.

Mr. Buchanan will represent the municipalities in a business way, while Mr. Brandon will be his technical adviser, handling all engineering matters.

While on the other side of the Atlantic they will also visit certain European countries to investigate the latest practice in hydro-electric work and to review manufacturing conditions in those countries. Among other countries that will be visited will be Sweden and Holland.

It has been rumored that one of the principal objects of the trip is to induce the Swedish General Electric Co., to bid on any additional generators that may be required for the Queenston plant besides the two for which contract was let last Saturday, but this is denied by the officials of the commission, who state that no undue importance is to be attached to the trip to Sweden and that the principal object of the trip is entirely in relation to conference with British manufacturers and in connection with the supply of small machineryand apparatus of every description as well as of the larger equipment."

The Resolution

To Secretary Whatley was left the task of drawing up a resolution of protest to be forwarded to the Provincial Government and in accordance with his instructions Secretary Whatley has drawn up the following explicit statement:

"Inasmuch as the Hydro Electric Power Commission of Ontario has in the past purchased a large amount of German made meters, electric lamps and other electric supplies and have also purchased from the Swedish General Electric Company large generators, one of which, for the Healey Falls, is supposed to lie at the bottom of the Atlantic, that he request the assurance from the Provincial Government that under no conditions whatever will any material be purchased outside of Canada by the Hydro Electric Power Commission or any other government controlled departments or public works, unless the time may arrive that all factories in Canada are fully employed and cannot produce such materials. The employes of these electric works, a large number of whom are returned soldiers and also there are a large number of returned soldiers who should be employes of these works, but on account of the prevailing slackness cannot be placed; claim that inasmuch as they subscribed to the Victory Loan that some of its money should be diverted for the purchase of materials outside of Canada when they can be manufactured here. It is further requested that the Provincial and Dominion Governments will receive a deputation from the Great War Veterans Association to protest it. It is further resolved that this resolution be forwarded to the branches in Toronto, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Windsor and Montreal, and that the comrades in these branches take immediate action with their provincial executive.

S. WHATLEY, Secretary

RUSSIA IN WORSE CASE THAN EVER

BOLSHEVISM MORE TO BE DREADED THAN ANY FORM OF AUTOCRACY

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 18.—Russia is more down-trodden under the Bolsheviki than she ever was under a Czar, the Senate Propoganda Investing Committee was told today by Herman Bernstein, an American writer, who spent some time in Russia. He said this new slavery actually was brought about by the Germans. Bernstein said it was not true as some witnesses had intimated that that Bolshevik were led by Jews. Bolshevism, he declared, had no connection with any religion and confessed no creed.

EBERT WILL LIVE IN ROYAL PALACE

HOME HAS BEEN SELECTED FOR PRESIDENT OF GERMAN REPUBLIC

Berlin, Feb. 18.—The former ministry of the Prussian court in Wilhelmstrasse, according to the Tageblatt, has been selected as the future official residence of the president of Germany. The building stands in a solid row of government edifices, extending through Wilhelmstrasse from the former British embassy to the chancellor's palace. It is outwardly of undistinguished appearance and faces on a square court in front. To the rear is a court with a garden extending through to the Tiergarten.

The future residence of the president adjoins the palace of former Prince August Wilhelm and was for long years the residence of Prince Eulenburg, when he was minister of the court. The building requires extensive alterations and repairs before the president and Mrs. Ebert can occupy it.

Temporarily, the president and his family will be lodged in the Bellevue Palace, in the Tiergarten, when he comes to Berlin this week to make his debut as president in the city which undoubtedly will soon regain its status as the capital of Germany, despite its temporary eclipse by Weimar.

President Ebert, following the German practice for a new head of the state, will, it is reported, soon leave Berlin on a series of state visits to the capitals of the various federated states. It is said that he will also go to Vienna.

MAY SELECT NEW LEADER AT LIBERAL COVENTION

Temporary Man Likely to be Chosen For the Coming Session of the House.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier's demise will leave a very noticeable gap in the membership of the House of Commons. His oratorical gift will be missed in the debates of the Assembly. His dignified presence and courtly manner will not soon be forgotten. To his own party in the House the loss of Sir Wilfrid will be a stunning blow, for in its ranks there appears to be no logical successor to the leader who is gone. The question of leadership at the coming session will be discussed at a caucus of Opposition Senators and Commoners which will be called by J. A. Robb, of Huntingdon, the chief party whip. It is unlikely however, that a permanent leader will then be selected. The choice will more probably be left to the national convention of the party, preparations for which are already being made. Sir Wilfrid proposed that such a gathering be held after the Peace Conference had completed its labors in order to promulgate a political platform. For the position of Leader of the Opposition so far only three men have been talked of here. They are Hon. William Martin formerly member of the Commons and now Premier of Saskatchewan; Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, formerly Minister of Labor in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Government, and Hon. W. S. Fielding, ex-Minister of Finance. Mr. Martin is a young and energetic politician and a Westerner.

Prior to the last Federal general election Mr. Martin declared himself in favor of compulsory military service. In other respects, however, he is and has been a follower of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Furthermore, it is said his expressed views upon the attitude of French-Canadians during the war commended themselves to the majority of the people of Quebec. Hon. Mackenzie King is recognised as possessing ability in his own particular department. His parliamentary experience, however, was brief, and he is untried as a leader. Some significance however, was recently attached to certain commendatory utterances of Sir Wilfrid Laurier regarding his former colleague and to his references to "the democratization of industry." Mr. Fielding is an experienced Parliamentarian and a skilled and resourceful debater. He is, however, no longer a young man. It seems probable that an arrangement will be made whereby the leadership will be entrusted temporarily to one of the present members of the House. During the interregnum the effort will be made to find a permanent chief who can hope to win back the Liberal party members who were estranged by the attitude of his predecessor on the conscription issue.

Prince Of Wales May Wed Italian

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 18.—The Official Press Bureau says that there is a report from Paris of the impending announcement of the engagement of Princess Yolande, eldest daughter of the King of Italy, and Prince of Wales.

Denikine's Army Goes Marching On

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Odessa, Feb. 18.—The Anti-Bolshevik army of General Denikine has reached the Caspin Sea, having advanced 360 versts and captured 31 thousand prisoners, 31 guns and eight armored trains.

Minister Decides To Stay In Office

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 18.—Count Von Brockdorff Rantzau, who resigned recently, has decided to retain the portfolio of secretary for foreign affairs because the Government and other parties have expressed confidence in him.

GIFT TO CANADA TWO SUBMARINES

PREMIER BORDEN HAS ACCEPTED OFFER OF BRITISH ADMIRALTY

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The British admiralty have offered as a gift to the Canadian naval forces two submarines now at Bermuda. Sir Robert Borden, on behalf of the Dominion has accepted the offer.

The admiralty's desire to recognize in this generous manner the work of the Canadian naval forces in the war is expressed in a despatch bearing date of January 28, from Viscount Milner, secretary of state for the colonies, to His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire, as follows:

"I have the honor to request your excellency to inform your ministers that the lords commissioners of the admiralty have offered as a gift to the Canadian naval forces two submarines now at Bermuda.

"The lords commissioners trust that this gift will be accepted as some recognition of the great contribution made to the defence of the empire by the Canadian naval forces in the course of the war.

"I am asking Sir Robert Borden whether he wishes to accept the offer on behalf of the Canadian Government."

Charges Must Be Paid In Advance

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 18.—The Canadian Railway War Board desires to emphasize the fact that the "Cash Before Delivery" system for payment of freight charges, will be positively effective in all parts of Canada on March 1st. After than date goods will be accepted by carrier companies only on charges prepaid basis with the exception of certain cases where surety bonds may be used

Montreal Herald Sells For $126,700

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Feb. 18.—The Montreal Herald plant, equipment and goodwill were sold at public auction this morning for $126,700. A. Huntly Duff, a local lawyer, was the purchaser and it is generally thought here he is merely acting for some one else.

VETERANS DISCUSS QUESTION OF SECURING OTHER QUARTERS

Chance is Divided Between the Old Baptist Church on Murray Street and the White House Hotel Property—Special Meeting Thursday.

At the regular meeting of the Great War Veterans' Association last night the report of the Building Committee submitted by Comrade R. E. Layfield, precipitates an interesting discussion of the question of new and more suitable quarters for the organization.

A list of prospective properties, which had been examined and considered by the members of the committee, tabled by the chairman last night, was as follows:—Ennis property, Old Murray Street Baptist Church, the White House, the old opera house, the Windsor Hotel, the Peterborough Club appartments, third floor of the Barrie building, Bank of Montreal building, two buildings on Hunter street over stores, the Green property, the Brown property, and an additional story on the Duffus garage building, which was built upon lines which would enable it to accommodate eight flats if necessary.

Chairman Layfield reported upon the details of each proposition. He quoted figures which went to show the amount of money which would have to be expended upon each location before it would be suitable to the requirements of the Veterans. He gave the good points in connection with each and then recounted the drawbacks in order that the meeting might be in a position to form an intelligent opinion in the matter.

He stated that with the ten thousand dollar municipal grant to the organization and other available funds the financial resources of the organization could be safely placed at twelve thousand dollars. Many people had approached him upon the subject of a subscription campaign in the interests of the local branch of the G.W.V.A. and he was sure there would be no trouble experienced in adding substantially to the figure already available.

A discussion followed in which it was quite evident that in the opinion of the meeting the White House or the Old Murray Street Baptist Church property are the two buildings which would best fill their requirements.

The figure asked for the White House is such that with the improvements necessary it would cost in the neighborhood of forty thousand dollars, when everything was considered, to make the building suitable for the purpose designed.

The idea would be to continue the room accommodation for the public and in this way a good revenue might be obtained which would go a long way towards meeting the heavy expense entailed in the carrying out of such a project.

Secretary Whatley did not let the meeting forget the gravity of the financial burden which would be assumed should they decide to take over the White House property. Without in any way showing his own feelings in the matter he stated the arguments pro and con in a most non-committal manner, which impressed the members considerably.

(Continued on Page 5.)

URGE HASTE IN MAKING PEACE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 18.—Some of the Entente powers are planning as soon as the Russian problem now before the Supreme Council of the peace conference is disposed of and a few more hearings are accorded the representatives of the small nations, to take up the larger problems of the treaty of peace. The state of public sentiment in America, England, Australia and Canada has impressed their representatives here of the necessity of taking steps to return the soldiers home, which cannot be accomplished entirely in advance of the conclusion of the peace treaty. The French Government is fully aware of the feeling and expresses its sympathy with the motives that underly it, but there are fears of dangerous complications and failure to realize the necessary fruits of victory if there is undue haste in the conclusion of the treaty of peace.

France is insisting upon compliance with the armistice demands for the return of much property taken by the Germans, principally industrial machinery. This will take a long time, and some of the Entente countries believe it should not be permitted to delay the signing of the treaty.

WILL SINK ALL HUN WARSHIPS

THAT COURSE HAS FINALLY BEEN DECIDED UPON BY ALLIES.

London, Feb. 18.—The terms of the new military treaty to be imposed on Germany in lieu of the monthly armistice, and as a part of the final peace conditions, will, according to the Daily Mail's Paris correspondent, include the immediate surrender of certain warships which have not yet been given up as required, and the conversion of the status of the German fleet in the Scapa Flow from that of internment to surrender. It may be taken, the correspondent adds, that these surrendered ships eventually will be destroyed, the idea of dividing them among the Allies having been abandoned.

The portfolios in the Saskatchewan cabinet have been rearranged.

BRIEF BLAZE IN DOBBIN'S STORE

PROMPT WORK BY FIREMEN PREVENTED SERIOUS DAMAGE TO BUILDING

Last night at 9.47 the fire brigade was called to H. M. Dobbin's grocery store at 279 Bethune street where what would have grown to be a most serious fire had it not been for its timely discovery had broken out as a result of over heated stove-pipes.

In the main part of the store the blaze had made considerable headway but the firemen were successful in confining the fire to this part of the building and after using a 45 gallon tank of the chemical solution, they succeeded in extinguishing the blaze.

Fire Chief Grange states that judging from his cursory inspection last night a curtain, which was hanging in the doorway at the rear of the shop, must have passed too close to the stove-pipes and caught fire.

Boy Drowned While On Way To School

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Kingston, Feb. 18—Borden Friend, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Friend, Wolfe Island, was drowned while crossing the ice on his way to school. He was missed at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and the body was recovered at 9 last evening.

Coalition Likely In Austria Now

London, Feb. 18.—The elections on Sunday in German Austria were favorable to the Social Democrats, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Vienna. The elections were held without disorder.

The Social Democrats, the despatch adds, elected all their leaders in Vienna. Most of the other cities gave a large Socialist vote, including Innsbruck and other strongholds of the Clericals. The Tyrol was carried by the Social Democrats, while the other agrarian districts remained Christian Socialist.

The result of the election probably will be the formation of a coalition Government, no party having secured an absolute majority.

REFUSES TO USE HARSH MEASURES

GERMAN MINISTER ANXIOUS TO SETTLE ALL MATTERS BY NEGOTIATION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, Feb. 18.—Gustav Noske, the German minister of defence, in addressing the German National Assembly today on the unrest in various districts, declared that he desired to put an end to the discontent by negotiations. The minister added that he would accept no responsibility if he was obliged to resort to force. Herr Reiser, of the German People's Party, said he was in favor of a republican form of government, but would always be grateful to the monarchy which had united the German empire and made it powerful.

CONFERENCE TO BE HELD FEB. 27

GOVERNMENT AND LABOR TO GET TOGETHER IN CONSULTATION

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 18.—The Ministery of Labor announced that the National Industrial Conference planned last week will be convened on Feb. 27 at Westminister and that it is decided that the Conference will be as fully representative of British Labor as possible. According to an unofficial statement, five hundred invitations have been issued and Sir Robert S. Horn, Labor Minister, will preside. The Conference is expected to make its report by the end of March.

At an emergency meeting of the Consultative Committee of Labor's Triple Alliance, it has been agreed that in view of the Government's action in calling a conference, "nothing should be done precipitately to bring the Trades Union movement into disrepute."

RECOVERY WILL BE SLOW

Lord Beaverbrook's Condition Satisfactory During the Night

London, Feb. 18.—Lord Beaverbrook's condition last night was quite satisfactory, but his recovery, it is anticipated, will be slow.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1919

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

THE CANADIAN HISTORIAN of the future will reserve a high place in his annals for the name and memory of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who died yesterday. His life work has already been judged by those who lived with him, and it is not necessary to wait for the unbiased verdict of posterity to take the measure of his greatness. Of the dead it is customary to speak only good, and of Sir Wilfrid Laurier there is little else to be said. Mortal man that he was, he made mistakes, as every public man has done, but his sincerity has never been doubted by the fair-minded, even though his judgment may at times have been questioned. Certain it is that his integrity was never suspected, and the late Liberal leader goes down to the grave with his personal reputation unsmirched and his private life clear of anything like a stain. The searchlight that pries into the inner lives of men in public place found in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's career not one shadow of wrongdoing.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier had a personal charm that drew his followers close to him. He was a master orator in two languages, skilled in every weapon of debate, one of the few men in the Canadian Parliament whose speeches would bear verbatim reporting.

When Sir Wilfrid Laurier was appointed leader of the Liberal party to succeed the late Edward Blake, there were some who feared that he would be influenced by th denomination to which he belonged. No man can truthfully say that this fear was ever justified. Sir Wilfrid Laurier never attempted to commercialize his creed. During the Manitoba seperate school debate in 1906 he opposed the hierarchy of his own province, and he carried Quebec in the election of that year by an unprecedented majority. Sir Wilfrid always was a stalwart champion of provincial autonomy. Probably it was his devotion to this principle which led him into what even his friends regard as the chief mistake in his career.

It must be conceded that Sir Wilfrid Laurier during his premiership and on his various official trips to England, elevated the prestige of Canada in the esteem of the British Court. Honors were showered upon him, and in parade and council he was given first place. He has been accused of a lukewarm regard for the Empire, but surely such a charge cannot justly be made against a Canadian premier one of whose first official acts of note was the establishing of the British preference, which he defended to the end of his days.

On the war record of Sir Wilfrid Laurier the Canadian people have already set its judgment. The late leader, whose death is mourned by all classes, had he been a younger man, would beyond a doubt have made a different record for himself and his people. He had beyond question reasonable grounds for objection to some of the methods applied to his own province by the military authorities in the early days of the war, but, experienced as he was in politics, Sir Wilfrid should have been able to overlook what he rightly or wrongly considered an injustice to his race. Sir Wilfrid Laurier could have held the people of Quebec in rein, but the task was a strenuous one, and the vigor of youth had departed. Ties of kindred prevailed. Sir Wilfrid refused to enter the Union Government. Had he done so he might have become a power for good in the nation as he was in former times, and would have died with his hand helping to guide the ship of state, instead of being the still revered leader of a mere remnant of his once powerful following.

NO REASON TO REJOICE.

THERE IS NOT a candidate for the Legislature, no matter under what flag he marches or what name he bears, who can bring one serious charge against the Hearst Government. The Opposition newspapers find themselves in the same position. The Administration since the death of Sir James Whitney have faithfully carried out the program that great statesman had planned. It is an Administration that has many achievements to its credit, and no government can institute so many changes as the Hearst Government has without running counter to the views and exciting the opposition of certain sections of the community.

One of the objections to the Hearst Government voiced in the election of Saturday came from the anti-prohibitionists. St. Catharines is the centre of the grape-growing district, and this industry is affected by the Ontario Temperance Act. But the Government has been sustained in spite of the united opposition of every element that harbors a grievance.

It ill becomes a local contemporary to comfort itself with the fact that the majority of four years ago has been reduced, seeing that the election of Saturday was a triumph for the principle our contemporary professes to cherish.

THE PUBLIC IS STILL BUYING.

(New York Commercial.)

RETAILERS throughout the country find that the demand for merchandise remains good in spite of pessimistic talk. The momentum of three years of prosperity represented by high wages and good prices for agricultural products is carrying business through the transition period. Retail merchants who meet the requirements of ultimate consumers are making money and can afford to keep their shelves stocked on a declining market so long as they do not speculate in merchandise. The fur trade evidently expects the public to have money and to spend it freely in the next season, otherwise raw furs would not have sold so well at the auctions in New York and St. Louis.

Merchants and manufacturers are aging the people to buy freely in order to keep the wheels turning in the mills. For their own part, they should display more courage and enterprise. When they give employment to workpeople at fair wages they create demand for goods and stimulate consumption. They should not seek excessive profits, but should put prices on a basis that will encourage buying. Some manufacturers of shirts are pricing these garments at figures that seem out of proportion to factory costs, and retailers hesitate to place orders, fearing cuts toward the end of the year. This is one of many instances of attempts to reap war profits in time of peace.

We have seen a vital increase in the consumption of butter and eggs within the past month caused by the fall in prices. Some speculators are losing money, but the prices are still high enough to remunerate the farmers. City dwellers are eating more of these products and the farmers will keep on spending what they receive. This illustrates the advantage of scaling down prices and profits to a reasonable basis so as to give more value to the wages of the workmen. If the cost of living is reduced 20 per cent., as it should be, little will be heard of Labor's demand for still higher wages. It is the real wage, the necessaries of life that can be bought with a day's pay, that counts.

DIFFICULTY IN LEADERSHIP.

(Mail and Empire.)

SIR WILFRID LAURIER made his mistakes. The National Transcontinental Railway we consider one of them. Like most of his plans, it had its Quebec politics phase. His measures and projects were usually so devised as to have a French-Canadian aspect and an English-Canadian aspect. This is doubtless owing, not to duplicity of character, but to his view of the peculiarity of the problem of political leadership in this country. The British preference, for which Sir Wilfrid received well-deserved praise, could be commended to the friends of British connection as an offering of loyalty to the Mother Country, and to French-Canadians and tariff reformers as a step towards free trade. In estimating Sir Wilfrid's work as a Canadian statesman large allowance must always be made for the difficulties of his position and for conviction that for a French-Canadian leader in Dominion politics it is necessary to be strong in Quebec. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will stand out as a brilliant figure on the page of Canadian history. Among those who followed him there is none with gifts of leadership comparable to his. He was a strenuous worker, a courteous opponent, and, though a lovable leader, he could be a stiff disciplinarian. If he had been as sound on the side of national and imperial policy as he was strong in the personal qualities of leadership he would have been one of the greatest party chiefs of his time.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Tell Us, Henry!

(Brockville Recorder-Times.)

Henry Ford is running a newspaper, and it says that its purpose is to enlighten the people on the big things of the day. All right. Just how can the ordinary business be made to declare as big dividends as the Ford industries are paying.

Partyism.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

The chief enemy of partyism is the party spirit, which is constantly tending to bring partyism into disrepute by according to the party the devotion that belongs to the State, and by treating party success as an end in itself, instead of a means to an end.

Embargoes.

(New York Evening Sun.)

Embargo under any name is a two-edged sword. Formerly Germany made us feel both edges of it while Britain's free trade policy seems to have created in some minds the notion that we had of right the same hold on her markets as her own people, regardless of reciprocity.

A Fine Tribute.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

It is a fine tribute that the Manitoba Free Press pays to the late General Steele. "No one," it says, "ever knew him to use any more force than was obviously necessary, and no one ever knew him to use less." He must have been a remarkable man indeed of whom this could be truly said.

Almost Speechless.

(Regina Post.)

Money talks, but it is pretty hoarse at present from arguing with the butcher and grocer.

Can't Be Done.

(Toronto Star.)

Houses cannot be built at cheap and reasonable prices on dear land with expensive materials. The causes that make houses scarce have to be removed or the scarcity will continue.

Oleomargarine.

(Kingston Standard.)

The question of continuing the manufacture of oleomargarine is to be considered by the Dominion Parliament. For our part, we believe that it should be continued, permanently.

Snobby Spookville.

(Guelph Mercury.)

Councillor Peter Wright tells the people of Great Britain that caste prejudice in Canada is as strong as in India, and Peter was only in Canada about a month, and most of that time in Toronto. It took him a long time to find it out, but he did, as everybody else does that stops too long in Spookville.

The School's First Aim.

(Montreal Herald-Telegraph.)

It must be the aim of the school to instil into the minds of the young the feelings of reverence, loyalty and brotherly love, and to insist upon the practice of honesty, industry and all other virtues, to the end that the manhood of the next generation may be even more worthy than that of today. Compared with this, all other aims of the school are comparatively insignificant.

Expropriate Them All.

(Montreal Herald-Telegraph.)

The expropriation of the lands held by speculators, at cost price, will apparently be confined to the Soldiers' Settlement Board. This is a pity. There ought to be machinery for the expropriation of all farm lands speculatively held, so that they may be thrown over to cultivation by every bonafide farmer immigrant, as well as by all soldiers desirous of settling on the land.

TWO THINGS IN BOLSHEVISM

(Chicago News)

In the minds of certain strikers at Seattle there are two ideas. The first is that shipyards and other industries should be operated by the people who are putting their labor into them without any regard whatsoever for the people who are putting their money into them. The second is that this end should be reached by paralyzing the community through strikes and other methods of coercian until it surrenders itself and its government to the organized wage earners. These two ideas together are commonly called Bolshevism. But, for the safety of the republic, they should be treated differently.

The first idea may possibly be tried out, lawfully and peacefully, in some parts of the world. In Germany we may see certain industries handed over to a partnership between a socialist government and a socialist working class. In Britain, where the wage earners are a majority, they can gain control of the industries of the country at any time by going unitedly to the polls. In both Germany and Britain the political rule of the majority may develop, lawfully and peacefully, into the industrial rule of the proletariat. It cannot be prevented by force. The only way to prevent it is by argument and reason and sense.

And this is true likewise, in the long run, in America. We have just heard the representatives of the all-way unions propose that American railways be operated by a corporation composed exclusively of railway employes. It is a proposal of incipient bolshevism. But it cannot be answered, and it will not be answered by hanging the representatives of the railway unions. It is an idea of the mind. It will have to be answered by the mind.

The second idea is not an idea of the mind at all. It is savagery. It means that certain people, having taken a certain idea to the polls, and having been defeated and having found themselves in a minority, say they will gain their end by force. The answer should be immediate and implacable counterforce. Every person and every group of persons announcing the intention of destroying the will of the majority by the violence of the minority must be broken to dust among us even if, in order to do it, we have to summon the whole manhood of America once more to the field. In the fight against the second idea, argument is cowardice and hesitation is treason.

But the two fights must be fought together. Today, for instance, certain wage earners have a just complaint against the United States government. The government, by its methods in demobilization, in the cancelling of contracts and in many other matters, has produced a large amount of unnecessary and stupid and cruel unemployment. Thereupon certain unemployed wage earners hold meetings in which strong language is used. And what does congress do? For every five minutes devoted to a serious discussion of unemployment and of human suffering it devotes hours to idle rants against "bolshevism" in general and at large. This is no way to convince the country that the government is genuinely interested in the country's human welfare. The country may well say to the government:

Against rebellion use force, but against misery use your heart and brain.

Now Who Wins In Making Peace?

One authority at least says the women won the war. Some of our politicians, defeatists, and pacifists at that, say that America won the war. Let us suppose that two of our self-advertising prize-fighters, who never fight but waste good newspaper space, were put in the ring to fight to a finish. Suppose they were nearly exhausted, one rather less than the other, and that another prize-fighter were allowed to step into the ring and engage the less exhausted one, on the grounds of his foul fighting. This would easily decide the result. But would public opinion award him the championship?

No doubt our intervention swung the balance decisively to the Allies' side, and there are many of us who hold that it could have done so and should have done so long before we intervened and long before nine months after we intervened, when the Administration came out of the clouds of rhetoric and grasped the problem before us. The margin was desperately close; and until the tide turned in July, 1918, the Germans had considerable grounds for betting that our intervention would not save France, to say nothing of Belgium.

There is a certain note of patronage and arrogance about our preasgented messages from the seat of peace negotiations which is disquieting. If these negotiations meant anything at all, it was to settle the inevitable problems of war. But for any results that can be shown, Mr. Wilson, received with great enthusiasm in England, France and Italy, has imported a number of new problems into the situation, not demonstrebly relavant to the war, while he has settled none.

It is instructive but not hopeful to read that there are forty suggested schemes for a League of Nations already before the Peace Conference. The twenty-three nations which fought the Central Powers to a standstill were in themselves a "league to enforce peace" the most effective the world has ever seen. As a league to maintain peace and avoid war, the British Empire, especially with its three thousand miles of undefended frontier on our north, bringing us morally in the same partnership, has been for many years operating; as has the Monroe Doctrine itself, with the guaranty of the British navy.

Are not our statesmen in Paris mistaking politeness, cordiality, good feeling, for acquiescence on definite and vital points? The Allies listen courteously to our sermons. But it by no means follows that they endorse every doctrine of the preacher, or that the preacher should not remember that the pulpit does not confer infallibility.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS.

Big Axident in Sid Hunts House. Last Thersday mornig wile Sid Hunts father was shaving his face the razer slipped and cut his chin, proberly partly because Sid bumped into the back of his nees jest then wile imitating a frog jumping.

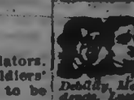
Sissiety. Mr. Artie Alixanders umbrella that he got for Krissmas has got 3 ribs broak and a big hole tore in it alreddy, but its still valuable on account of having his initials on the handle.

Financial Notes. Leroy Shoaster has had a dime for almost a week and he dont act as if he was ever going to spend it, and the fellows are tired of getting ixcited every time he comes erround.

Pome by Skinny Martin.
Pritty Good Considering.
I got a watch for Krissmas,
It went all rite at ferst,
But every time I drop it now
It goes a little werse.

Intristing Facks About Intristing People. Sam Cross once planted a egg in his back yard and went out every day to see if a egg plant had came up yet. Sam Cross admitting it but saying he was mutch younger at the time.

LEE PAPE.



Wright's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lost of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. Can be sent to you by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of price. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. Free pamphlet mailed free. THE WRIGHT MEDICINE CO., Belleville, Ont. (Druggists)

TODAY'S STORY

"Let us suppose a railway to have been built between the earth and the fixed star Centaurus," said a lecturer. "By consideration of this railway's working we can get some idea of the enormous distance that intervenes between Centaurus and us."

"Suppose that I should decide to take a trip on this new aerial line to the fixed star. I ask the ticket agent what the fare is and he answers:

"The fare is very low, sir. It is only a cent each hundred miles."

"And what at that rate, will the through ticket one way cost?' I ask.

"'It will cost you $2,750,000,000,' he answers.

"I pay for my ticket and board the train. We set off at a tremendous rate.

"'How fast,' I ask the brakeman 'are we going?'

"'Sixty miles an hour, sir, and it's a through train. There are no stoppages.'

"'We'll soon be there, then, won't we?' I resume.

"'We'll make good time, sir,' says the brakeman.

"'And when will we arrive?'

"'In just 48,663,000 years,'"

WIT AND WISDOM

Just Right

"My boy has a wonderful amount of perseverance and persistence; an optimism nothing can dim and a nerve nothing can daunt. What work would you put him to?"

"I should think with those qualities he would make an ideal book agent."

Base Ballistically Speaking

"Do you favor a league of nations?"

"Yes," replied the baseball fan. "But I doubt whether all the nations can get into one league. There always has to be a few minor leagues for the development of talent."

Help up

"I thought I'd try an innovation."

"And did you?"

Surely, I decided to propose marriage to a certain party by telephone.

"How did it work out?"

"I was told the line was busy."

Getting off Easy

Discussing wedding fees a popular Philadelphia pastor recited the experience of a friend of the cloth who was asked, "How much?" in a rather peremptory and business-like tone by a bridegroom after the ceremony.

The clergyman responded somewhat stiffly, meaning the shaft of his sarcasm to take effect: "The law allows me twenty-five cents."

"Very well, then," said the newly made benedict. "Here's the other quarter, so's to make it a dollar."

Over the Footlights

Child Actress (with barnstorming company)—By the way, Mr. Howland, which came first—the chicken or the egg?

Leading Man (absentmindedly)—If memory serves me right, it was the tomato.

Spoiled the Show

Mrs. O'Moy—Mrs. O'Dear is prostrated since her husband's funeral.

Mrs. O'Moy—Ye mane since his death, I prayscom?

Mrs. O'Moy—I mane what I said. Te' undertaker's boneheaded assistint placed all th' illigant flowers in a closed hack!

K. P.

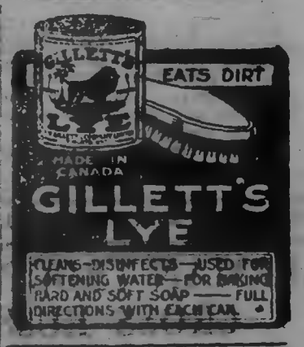
"My boy didn't get any medal for bravery but he certainly deserved one."

"That so?"

"Yes. He filled one of the most dangerous posts in the army."

"That so? What did he do? "

"Because he was big and strong and courageous they made him one of those kitchen policemen you read so much about."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EATS DIRT
MADE IN CANADA
GILLETT'S LYE
CLEANS—DISINFECTS—USED FOR SOFTENING WATER—FOR MAKING HARD AND SOFT SOAP—FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH CAN.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the magazines are publishing so much free verse now that she doesn't see how the poets make a living.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The bell punch never scores a clean knockdown.

Many a man who suddenly rose neglected to take a parachute with him.

It's as hard for some people to keep from eating too much as it is for others to get all they want to eat.

YOU will feel better, look better and see better after getting our glasses because they remove the strain caused by overtaxing the nerves and muscles of the eyes.

Why not have your eyes examined *NOW?*

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | MONDAY and TUESDAY
Perfection Pictures—No 18 reels—only the Highest Grade of Motion Pictures
GLORIA JOY Supported by an All Star Cast in "LITTLE MISS GROWN-UP." A beautiful Romance in 5 Act, Written by Isherwood McDonald.
LEAH BAIRD in the Suburban Spy Serial "Wolves of Kultur." Episode 8 "IN THE HANDS OF THE HUN," 2 Parts
MONTGOMERY FLAGG Series "THE ANT BUG," 1 Part
"SOPHIE'S LEGACY." An Essanay Comedy in 1 Part
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

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TO-DAY PRESENTS
"PARENTAGE,"
If you want to see a play that mirrors the life of you and your neighbors see "PARENTAGE," a message.
Also MARIE WALCAMP in another lively Chapter of "LION'S CLAWS."
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

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LAST CHANCE TO-NIGHT TO SEE THE BEST SHOW IN CANADA

Wm. Fox presents THEDA BARA in a Super-production of 6 Thrilling Reels

"THE FORBIDDEN PATH"

Also the LEE CHILDREN in

"Tell It to the Marines"

Showing how these children enlist in the war and fight it out in the nursery.—5 Parts

2 Reels of Sunshine Comedy — Do Not Miss this Opportunity

Laugh from start to finish — Also MUTT & JEFF Comedy, 1 Reel

16 cents --- to any part of the house --- 16 cents

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

It may seem severe to say that neurasthenia is a battle between the individual and his conscience, in which conscience loses only about once out of fifty times. But be that as it may, if I were to put down here the more characteristic symptoms of neurasthenia, I dare say nearly every healthy reader would find the description more or less applicable to his or her "case." The dividing line between normality and neurasthenia is just as vague and indefinite as is the line beween sanity and insanity, from the medical point of view. That the latter line is a wide and wavering one is evident enough in the every-day court proceedings in cases of alleged insanity.

Neurasthenia is no more akin to insanity than a flabbiness of muscles is to paralysis. We are all more or less sane. Sanity is the average of mental competence which is accepted as standard. One must fall far below the standard before he is called insane.

We all have a certain amount of dynamic force or energy to draw on. Some of us squander energy in various useless ways, intentionally or unconsciously, and when we become bankrupt we are neurasthenic.

An athlete who overtrains is apt to suffer with all the characteristic symptoms of neurasthenia for several weeks or months as a result of his unwise spending. A student who devotes too much time to books and not enough to pleasure, recreation, physical education, is likley to become neurasthenic. A woman who plays the social game too hard and too fast, expends too much energy in the society gam of mak believe, is on the road to neurasthenia. Competition, you see, breeds neurasthenia. Competition implies selfishness, envy, jealousy, unfair tactics, legitimate tricks of the trade, rivalry, anxiety, worry, fear, bad conscience. These emotional extravagances exhaust the vital energy precisely as much as does the excessive effort of the athlete. Pride keeps the bankruptcy in force, once it has been achieved. Who wants to fall behind the pace set by the swiftest in the strenuous race? Certainly not the neurasthenic, for he or she hasn't the moral courage to confess, the nerve to say, "I can't do it—I'll slip back into second speed—my machine hasn't the power to get over."

Neurasthenia is the natural fatigue resulting from trying to be what you are not.

Sunlight Versus Tuberculosis.

"Several friends have advised me to try the sunlight treatment for tuberculosis of the throat. I am told that there are a large number of persons here (Colorado Springs, Col.) who have been greatly benefited by the treatment. Would the sunlight treatment be harmless, and is it really beneficial to tuberculosis?

"S. A. W."

It is not wholly harmless, but under medical supervision it is harmless, and often of great value in the treatment of tuberculosis of any part of the body.

Ouch, Have a Heart.

"1. What are the early symptoms of cancer of the stomach, and how long does it take stomach cancer to develop. 2. What would you do if you had cancer of the stomach?

"W. K. N."

There are no characteristic symptoms. Any person over 35 or 40 years of age who begins to have obstinate stomach trouble which fails to respond to diet and medication, may well think of the possibility of cancer, since the disease is so very common and occurs in every family now and then. Vomiting of blood-stained material and loss of weight are also suggestive. As to what I should do if I had cancer of the stomach, why raise such unpleasant points in a discussion like this? Having taken a whirl at the ether and the knife recently, I think that I should not hesitate a single day about getting a surgeon get in there and try his luck. It is a Hobson's choice.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Facts About Hun Empire

THE late German empire, composed of twenty-five states and one territory, comprising an area of 208,825 square miles in the heart of Europe and having 65,000,000 people, was the greatest industrial state on the vast double continent of the Old World.

It had won and held by the arts of peace an enviable place in the world before the war fever seized it. It had such a "place in the sun" as few of the empires of any age have attained. But unfortunately for it Germany's "place in the sun" was exchanged for a place in the shadow because of the vain pursuit of a mirage.

Prussia was the largest, the directing state of the German empire, and it imposed by virtue of its material power its spirit and instincts upon the other states. It possessed more than half of the area of Germany, 134,664 square miles, and more than half of the population, 38,000,000.

Grown from the Mark of Brandenburg it had joined to its fortunes many provinces in Germany, among these the industrial heart of the empire, Westphalia. Here the great German steel and iron industry made its home, and from here German steel products were sent to flood the principal markets of the world.

Sterile in soil, filled with great dreary sand wastes and stretches of unfruitful swamp, most of the original land of Prussia was of the sort that mothers dour, hardy, pessimistic men. The Prussian race was a fighting, fatalistic race, which turned from its own cheerless country to bring the sunnier and richer lands of its neighbors under its sway.

Bavaria, the second state in the empire, with an area of 29,293 square miles and a population of 6,500,000, held certain privileges after Prussia in the empire. Thus it managed its own railroad system and nominally its own army.

Good humored, boisterous, somewhat backward in educational matters, the famed land of beat beer and of Rhine wine production, Bavaria, and Munich, its capital, were popular with pleasure excursionists from all parts of the world.

Saxony, the third state by rank, was an industrial country par excellence. It was one of the most thickly populated states in the world, and was as much sown with mills as Prussia proper is sown with sand wastes. It had a wonderful textile industry, whose products were distributed throughout the length and breadth of the world. It had iron, steel, machinery industries.

It manufactured world famous pottery. It produced a thousand and one articles of export, and its largest city, Leipsic, was the book centre of Germany, a leading fur market, a great products' fair centre and one of the busiest commercial towns on the continent.

The free cities, Luebeck, Hamburg and Bremen, were separate elements in the empire's composition. They were survivals as states of the old Hansa Bund, and Hamburg and Bremen, the twin cities of Germany's merchant marine renown, were enormously wealthy.

There were four kingdoms in the German Federation, and Wurttemburg, the fourth, with 5,818 square miles and 2,000,000 population, whose influence in German affairs ranks as here mentioned, was one of the smaller state forces in the empire to react upon its larger policies. The smaller states, six grand duchies, five duchies and seven principalities, were important only as names perpetuate the memories of small old-time despotics.

Germany is subdivided naturally into many elements. The southern two-thirds are within a highland and mountainous European belt. Here are the German mines and much of Germany's manufacturing industry. The northern third is a flat, dreary country, in parts highly and scientifically cultivated and largely used as pasture land. The German sugar beet fields reach up into this country, one of the empire's great sources of income. Germany supplied more than 30 per cent. of the world's entire output of beet sugar before the war. This industry was divided between Prussia, Brunswick and Auhalt.

Westphalia and Lorraine formed the Pennsylvania of Germany, the marvelous steel industrial centre of the empire. And the greatest part of the ore was obtained from Lorraine.

Germany was the third largest coal and the second largest iron producer in the world, the United States standing first in both cases. Iron production statistics of 1911 showed the United States with 23,600,000 tons of iron, Germany with 15,200,000 tons and Great Britain with 9,500,000 tons.

The outbreak of the war found this state one of growing prosperity in industrial fields, one of steadily increasing prosperity and development in agricultural fields, and, with every reason to avoid hazarding its good fortune upon a gigantic gamble.

As the Germans sit in the ruined midst of what might have been one of the most splendid structures of civilization they must fling many a black and helpless curse after the Kaiser's fled party.

GERMANY AN INSOLVENT DEBTOR; MUST PAY ALLIES ALL SHE CAN

(New York Commercial)

Germany probably cannot pay all that she should in the form of damages and indemnities, but she should be forced to pay all that she can. The peace conference should determine what she owes and then consider how much can be collected. In a case of involuntary bankruptcy all claims are filed and proved in full and then the creditors receive all that the estate of the debtor can yield. Preferred creditors come first and then the residue is divided among the unsecured and deferred class.

Germany stands as an insolvent debtor before an international bankruptcy court. The preferred claims against her consist of damages to life and property inflicted by her on land and on sea in violation of the rules of war and international law. Certain creditors have in their possession German territory, and property, money and other assets formerly owned by German citizens and corporations, including some removable assets of the former Imperial German Government. The British Empire now holds both government and private property of the enemy of great value and vast extent. The United States has in its possession ships, factories, land and personal property formerly belonging to German citizens and corporations of sufficient value to liquidate its preferred claims for damages without including war indemnities. France, Belgium and other ravaged countries hold little German property as compared with the damages to which they are entitled for France does not regard Alsace-Lorraine as spoils of the war.

Before a satisfactory treaty of peace can be signed these claims must be adjusted and the approximate amount that Germany can be made to pay must be estimated. The next step should be to determine the security for payment that Germany and her allies are to furnish. Turkey, Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary will be dismembered to an extent that will impair their ability to pay cash, but Germany will lose no territory in Europe that was hers by right, for she never had a good title to Poland and Alsace-Lorraine. It is therefore with Germany that the peace conference must deal when payments in cash or raw materials, such as potash salts, are to be collected.

After the peace of Frankfort terminated the Franco-Prussian German armies retained possession of a large part of northeastern France as security for the payment of the war indemnity of five billions francs, and did not retire from French soil until it was paid in gold. This sets a precedent which the Entente Allies are justly entitled to follow. The American plenipotentiaries cannot object to this. If they do they will find America in the position of a secured creditor in bankruptcy proceedings who pays himself part of the securities and merchandise in his physical possession and then asks the unsecured creditors to forego their liens on the residue of the insolvent's estate. It is easy to be charitable at the other fellow's expense. In this case Germany is entitled to no consideration, but active propaganda to let her off easy is already on foot in America.

This peace conference should first settle the terms of peace with Germany and her former allies. It is discussing too many side issues instead of sticking to the main point, and its difficulties multiply as the days go by. Instead of a consummated treaty of peace, President Wilson will bring back a report on a barely conceived plan for a League of Nations which may never come to fruition. It is like asking for bread and getting a stone.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2 $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Insects and Their Young

IN some wasps' nests the cells will sometimes contain five caterpillars and sometimes ten. Why the disproportion? Because the female is twice as large as the male and nests containing eggs which will hatch females contain twice as much food. But the egg is laid when the larder is stocked. The mother knows beforehand the sex of the egg she is about to lay.

This occurs more strikingly among the osmiae, solitary bees. The female here also is twice as large as the male. The mother places her egg in almost any cavity of suitable size to accommodate the offspring in its larval stages. In captivity, if she is given nooks large enough, half of her eggs will be male, and half female. But if the receptacle is only large enough to accommodate the small male larva, she will lay eggs from which males will issue. Her anatomy is such that only one egg at a time is fully formed, and only that one can be deposited. In a roomy receptable the egg may be either male or female, but if the mother be given a space restricted to the size of the male larva, the egg which she immediately lays will develop a male. To the last moment the egg has not yet a fixed sex. To meet the condition of building, which is often the work of another, or else a natural retreat that admits of little or no alteration, she lays either a male or a female egg as she pleases! The distribution of sexes depends upon herself.

While with the bees, let us have a scene of insect love-making. The newly-hatched osmiae come out into the light. The males emerge first, and they skirmish around awaiting the females, one of which presently appears. "She is covered with dust and has disordered toilet that is inseparable from the hard work of deliverance. A lover has seen her, so has a second, likewise a third. All crowd around her. The lady responds to their advances by clashing her mandibles, which open and shut several times in succession. The suitors forthwith fall back! and they also, no doubt to keep up their dignity, execute savage mandibular grimaces. Then the beauty retires into the arbor and her wooers resume their place on the threshold. A fresh appearance of the female, who repeats the play with her jaws; a fresh retreat of the males, who do the best they can to flourish their own pincers.

"The suitors have a strange way of declaring their passion. With that fearsome gnashing of their mandibles, the lovers look as though they meant to devour each other. It suggests the thumps affected by cut-yokels in their moments of gallantry.

The fly deposits her newly-born grubs on some bit of animal matter, whence come the infamous maggots, the larvae of the fly. In this unpleasant business may be found a strange development through maternal instinct. The flesh fly will drop her eggs from a height on to meat; the uselessness of wire screens to cover meats is apparent. In an experiment a flesh fly dropped her grubs into a meat-containing test tube, opening covered with screen, for a twenty-five inch fall. How great a drop will she make? A tube of forty-six inches is set up in company with shorter tubes, in such a way that their relative depths are not apparent. It is dark, and one tube is like another, all emitting the odor of meat. The fly persistently drops her offspring into every tube except the deep one. She seems to make no exploration as to the depths of tubes except to hover over them.

Can she be apprised of the depth of the chasm by the comparative faintness of the odors that arise from it? Can the sense of smell measure the distance and judge whether it be acceptable or not? Perhaps.

The mother passion is the source par excellence of striking insect life pictures. The Black Bellied Tarantula has wrapped her eggs in a silken cloth. She attaches the precious burden to her body, and goes about her business dragging it at her heels.

The tarantula's usual habit is to sun herself, the front half of her body outside the lair; but in fulfilling her maternal duties she reverses this posture. With her hind legs she holds the bag of eggs to the sun, turning it over and over to warm it evenly. This is repeated daily with exquisite patience for three or four weeks.

The tarantula then carries her swarm of youngsters on her back; they form a veritable mantle. Nowhere can we hope to see a more edifying domestic picture than the Lycasa clothed with her young.

But according to all seeming the young spiders while at this stage eat nothing. No feeding on their part can be observed. How can this be? It is true that during this stage they do not grow, and so need no building materials. But they skip about quite actively, and must have food to burn for energy. It must be that these little creatures are able to derive heat energy directly from sunlight, instead of through the usual combustion of food. The mother tarantula spends long hours basking in the sunlight with her young. Well, this bath of life which awakened the germs, is prolonged to keep the tender babes alive. The spider's infants are dining on sunlight!

COULD NOT STOP THE HEADACHES

Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives" —Made From Fruit Juices

112 Cosens St., St. John, N.B.

"I feel I must tell you of the great benefit I have received from your wonderful medicine, 'Fruit-a-tives'.

I have been a sufferer for many years from *Violent Headaches*, and could get no permanent relief.

A friend advised me to take 'Fruit-a-tives' and I did so with great success; and now I am entirely free of Headaches, thanks to your splendid medicine".

Miss ALEXANDER SHAW.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, postpaid, by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Gives Warning.

A Connecticut man has just invented a device that audibly and automatically warns automobile users when their supply of gasoline is low.

Earthworm Is Omniverous.

The earthworm is omnivercus. It swallows an enormous quantity of earth, from which it extracts any digestible matter it may contain.

East Africa.

"When elephants fight it is the grass that suffers," runs a proverb among the natives of East Africa, or that portion of it which will now cease to be known as German, and quoted in a recent official publication of the British Government. There is what the French call an "odeur du terroir" in the saying, and the "terroir" is that of Africa, the mysterious and immense, the land of the jungle, the "dark continent." The elephants have fought, and the outcome is an Africa freed from German power, and its "grass" will find that the bitterness of the trampling was not for nothing. As a young Herero puts it: "We often prayed and wished for the flag that was at Walfish Bay to come here and fly over us, as we knew the British officials and the British soldiers were humane and just. God has heard our prayers, and we are contented and happy. Before, the future was dark; but now our people have hope again."

Venice.

The population of Venice is estimated at about 60,000. The city is built on between seventy and eighty islets.

Should Say Not.

"It's all right to pay as you go," observed the almost philosopher, "but if you have to pay 25 cents street car fare to get there and back, the chances are you won't go."

Crockery Saver.

Danger of breakage is eliminated in a new motor-driven dish washer in which the dishes are held stationary in wire baskets and water is forced around them.

Candy not a Luxury

IT would be folly indeed if a belief detrimental to the public welfare—and proven false—was allowed to last any longer. That false belief is that candy is a luxury.

Candy is food in one of its most useful and attractive forms.

All elements used in the composition of Candy are recognized useful foods.

Candy contains large quantities of sugar, some fats such as butter; also nuts, fruits, corn syrup, chocolate and flavoring.

Combine these ingredients in proper proportions and you have a balanced ration—the high food value of which is recognized by all leading food and medical authorities.

Sugar supplies the bodily demand for fuel. Fruits and nuts produce essential nutriment; chocolate is a most nourishing fat food and delightful stimulant. The flavorings stimulate the digestive organs and increase the flow of saliva and gastric fluid.

Eat more candy!

Medical science has established its value as an energy-producing food.

Serve Candy as a Dessert. It is a Splendid Food.

THE CONFECTIONERY AND CHOCOLATE INDUSTRIES OF CANADA

Sugar Cane.

Experiments in adapting Hawaiian sugar cane to Philippine conditions begun in 1910 are pronounced successful, and hereafter, in addition to Philippine varieties, six kinds of Hawaiian cane will be grown. Some of the new varieties have grown to a height of twelve feet, and the sugar content is reported in some cases to be 20 per cent. In some instances the sugar yield of the imported cane is 50 per cent. more than the native.

Yes, Betty, all is fair in love except brunettes.

The motorist, the professional man, and the business man will appreciate the luxurious comfort and smart style of

The BALLANTYNE GLOVE Scotch Knit

At Your Dealer's.

FIELDING MAY BE THE NEW LEADER

MACKENZIE KING AND PREMIER MARTIN ALSO MENTIONED TO SUCCEED LAURIER

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The question of a successor to Sir Wilfrid Laurier as leader of the Liberal party has been tentatively discussed. It had been fairly generally realized that before another election came there should be a new leader, but on no on ehas the mantle been actually placed. In the event of his recovery it is quite improbable that he will this session again lead the Opposition, and some one else will have to perform the duties. Who that will be is problematical, and depends on the will of caucus after the session meets.

Fielding First Choice.

The name of Hon. W. S. Fielding, former Finance Minister in Sir Wilfrid's Cabinet, has been mentioned, as has also that of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King and of Hon. William Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan. For either of the two latter a seat would have to be found. For Mr. King one of the Ontario vacant seats might be thrown open. For Mr. Martin the constituency of Assiniboia might be found. In view of the fact that he already holds a seat in the House and that he is well liked in all branches of Liberalism, it is thought here that Mr. Fielding may be the first choice.

Hon. Mr. Fielding, while giving certain support to union last session, was not really elected on the union ticket, and several times voted against the Government last session. He is over seventy years of age.

Hon. MacKenzie King is a young man with his future ahead of him. He was a straight Laurier candidate at the last election, but was defeated. There has been talk of running him in Glengarry or North Toronto in the event of bye-elections being decided upon.

It is stated that Premier Martin is even now on his way to the East, and there are indications that the question of new leadership was to be one of the first topics of Opposition caucus discussion at the coming session.

West Not Excited

Regina, Feb. 18.—Premier Martin of Saskatchewan is going East some time towards end of the week to confer with the Government on the question of natural resources and railway extensions along with other Western Premiers. The reports in Eastern papers regarding probability of him succeeding the Liberal leadership have reached the West but have aroused no particular excitement and are not regarded as probable.

SUNDAY DINNER DROPS IN PRICE

MEAT AND EGGS SHOW MARKED DECLINE IN TORONTO RESTAURANT

	Month Ago	Now
Roast beef, 4 pounds	$1.08	$1.80
Potatoes, half peck	.27	.12
Tomatoes, per tin	.15	.8
Carrots, small measure	.10	.10
Apple pie	.20	.20
Bread, half loaf	.04	.05
Oranges, half dozen	.25	.50
Grapes, half pound	.25	.25
Apples, small measure	.20	.20
Blanch mange pudding	.24	.30
Total	2.98	3.70

There is a decline of 72 cents for a Sunday dinner in Toronto against prices for the same foods a month ago. The above table shows that meat has probably taken the greatest tumble of all, though eggs, which were selling at $1 a dozen then, are now down to 60 and 65 cents. Potatoes have also taken a considerable slump, for a bag containing a bushel and a half then cost $1.85 while the same quantity is being sold now for $1.40. White flour is the same price, though housewives say that is of a much better quality

Over 480,000 Boxes Sold Each Year

This is conclusive proof that thousands find relief from Kidney and Bladder troubles by using

MAJOR HAMILTON TO VISIT CITY

WILL TODAY TO LOOK INTO WORK OF UNEMPLOYMENT BUREAU

President Moodson of the G.W.V.A. at the meeting of the society last night announced that Major Hamilton would be in the city today to discuss with representatives of the different interested organizations of Peterboro the scope and object of the Employment Bureau which is to be established here in the course of the next few days.

Mr. Hugh Robertson, a member of the association, is to be in charge of the work of the bureau and he will have associated with him a representative from the G.W.V.A.

Because copper is used so extensively in currency the Chinese Government controls the mining of the metal.

but before, and that now one can make the old time pre-war pies. Oranges have been just cut in half in price those that used to be 80 cents and a dollar a dozen now being reduced to 50 cents and 75 cents a dozen. Bread, of course, is cut in half on account of the bread war. Butter has not yet taken a drop, as it is still selling for 65 cents a pound, much to the discouragement of the housewives. That food prices are once more regulating themselves and that some commodities will take a further decrease is the hope of the economical housewife.

All the Veterans Need is a Chance

"There is a saying abroad regarding the returned men that needs to be readjusted and turned about," says E. Stalford, an ex-soldier interviewer connected with the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment.

"Many have the idea that those who return after a certain period in the army have lost their initiative and will need a great deal of pushing and encouraging to enable them to face up to their responsibilities and to take a man-size job again. Now in the majority of cases such an impression is entirely misleading."

"I feel safe in saying that a large percentage of the men who return will have rather gained in initiative. They are coming back with a higher vision of life. Their close contact with fellows of every shade and opinion has broken down all the petty ideas of pre-war days and they will no longer be satisfied with anything but the best."

"Give them the opportunity to take the best and to make the best of themselves and they will grasp it.

"Those who have lost initiative will be comparatively few. Some are different on account of disability and weakness left through illness, but outside of such the very few cases of real lack of grip may be traced back to the fact that the man was never very keen or bright before going overseas.

"The men who were worth while before the war have only gained through their discipline and contact with others. They have been up against the biggest things in life. They know what the best and worst is in life. Never fear, they will want to climb and gain the highest.

"Let us see that everyone gets the opportunity."

LAKEFIELD

Lakefield, Feb. 18.—Mrs. F. J. Tate was in Peterboro on Wednesday.

Mr. Wm. Hampton is spending a few days in Kingston on business.

Mrs. C. Carter was in Peterboro on Friday.

Mr. Dave Edwards, of Toronto, arrived in the village on Monday where he will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. Crawford.

Miss Clara Kidd spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mrs. Clare Bravender spent Friday in Peterboro.

Miss Tanner was in Peterboro Thursday on business.

Privates James and Anthony Downing, of Apsley, were in the village Thursday en route home, having returned from overseas. They enlisted with the 93rd Battalion.

On Monday afternoon at 2.30 the funeral of Eva B. Nevell, wife of Mr. Edward Peacock, aged 28 years, was held at her home on Queen street. The services were conducted by Rev. A. W. MacKenzie.

Mrs. Wm. Cox has received word that her grandson, Mr. J. Budge, of Grand Forks, Dakota, passed away after undergoing an operation at a hospital in Boston. He was the fifth son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Budge and was 26 years of age.

The annual meeting of the Chancel Guild of St. John's Church was held on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Langley. The officers were all re-elected and are as follows:

President—Miss H. Fitzgerald.
1st Vice-president—Miss Hilliard.
2nd Vice-president—Mrs. F. J. Tate.
Treasurer—Miss Atwood.
Secretary—Miss Graham.

FOOD STOCKS SHOW DECLINE

LESS BUTTER, FEWER EGGS IN SIGHT THAN MONTH AGO

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The cost of living commissioner is reporting to the Minister of Labor concerning the stocks of food in storage on February 1st describes the situation as regards dairy products and eggs as quite satisfactory. The situation regarding meats is not so satisfactory. Beef and lamb quantities are decreasing, but pork products are increasing with unchanging retail prices, while the price of live hogs is declining. The report says.

"The eggs put into storage last summer are nearly all gone, only 414,637 dozen remaining on the first of the month. In addition we had 276,439 dozen eggs on hand other than cold storage and 1,351,204 pounds of bulk frozen eggs. Since our monthly domestic consumption of eggs is about three and a half million dozens it is evident that the market is not over stocked. Fortunately, new supplies are now coming on the market.

"We have 6,400,000 pounds creamery butter which is 29 per cent less than last month, and 698,703 pounds dairy butter which is only about half of the stock of last month.

SEAMEN REFUSE TO CARRY SOUTH AFRICAN DELEGATION

Cape Town, Feb. 18.—The Castle liner Durham Castle has sailed without the Nationalist Republican delegation for the peace conference in Paris as the crew refused to man the ship otherwise.

PULMOTOR HOME AGAIN.

The pulmotor of the fire department, which has been in Pittsburgh for repairs for some time, was returned to the fire department yesterday, and is now in good working order.

IF BACKACHY OR KIDNEYS BOTHER

Eat Less Meat, Also Take Glass of Salts Before Eating Breakfast

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy, the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad. Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

TO HONOR MEMORY OF THE FALLEN

MEMORIAL ADDRESS BY MR. KENNER AT COLLEGIATE COMMENCEMENT.

Commencement exercises in the Collegiate Institute will be held Friday, Feb. 21st, in the Assembly Hall. There will be the usual presentation of prizes and scholarships, fancy drills by the Institute girls, a short musical program and an in memoriam address, entitled, "Our Unreturning Brace," by the principal. Fifty-one slides will be shown of the photos hung in the Institute of the ex-pupils who have made the supreme sacrifice. There are 58 in all.

Legal Experts On League Of Nations

London, Feb. 18.—Two leading British legal authorities, Lord Buckmaster and Baron Parmoor, who have taken a prominent part in advancing the cause of a League of Nations, expressed satisfaction with the convenant of the League of Nations as laid before the Peace Conference. Lord Buckmaster is a former Lord Chancellor, ann Lord Parmoor is the judicial member of the Privy Council.

Lord Buckmaster says that the scheme is sufficient and that he believes it will endure. He added:

"Had all diplomatic documents that preceded this war been published in Germany, and had there been six months' time for reflection, I doubt if even the German Government could have forced its people to fight. Lies may live through a night and a day as well, but truth and justice must in the end prevail. I believe in a League of Nations and regard its establishment as one of the great accomplishments in the history of the world."

Lord Parmoor said that the chief points of the draft, apart from the organization of the League, are the proposals for disarmament and publicity.

Niagara Falls is suggested as a permanet seat for the League of Nations.

HOW SIR WILFRID GAINED OFFICE

MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION WRECKED THE TUPPER GOVT. IN 1896

The Liberal party came into power in 1896 upon an issue which has been confused in the minds of the electors to some extent ever since. In 1890 Manitoba abolished Separate schools in that Province by an Act of Legislature. Agitation arose in certain circles seeking Federal veto of the Provincial Act as unconstitutional and depriving Catholics of a right they had enjoyed of having the Catholic religion taught in the publicly supported schools. Sir John Thompson, who had followed Sir John MacDonald as Premier, suddenly died in England, Sir John was a Roman Catholic, but he was not favorably disposed to interference with the Provincial rights in the matter of the regulation of education which is unquestionably a Provincial matter. It fell to an Orangeman to succeed to the problem, Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, and, acting as he thought advisedly, he introduced the Remedial bill by which Separate schools were to be restored in Manitoba. Seven Ministers of the Cabinet resigned the "nest of traitors" amidst which the Premier said he had been living for weeks.

Meanwhile manitoba confirmed the action of the Provincial Government. Administration came back to power in an election from which the with thirty-six seats out of forty. The Federal Parliament met in January 1896, and the Remedial bill to coerce Manitoba in the matter of its national schools became the one crowning matter of controversy in the House. In this great debate Sir Wilfrid Laurier, as leader of the Opposition and a staunch upholder of Provincial right under the Canadian Constitution, took a leading part. On March 3 at the second reading of the bill, Laurier said:

"So long as I have a seat in this House, so long as I occupy the position I do now, whenever it shall become my duty to take a stand upon any question whatever, that stand I will take, not from the point of view of Protestantism but from a point of view which can appeal to the conscience of all men, irrespective of their particular faith, upon ground which can be occupied by all men who love justice, freedom, and toleration."

The debate ended in vigorous obstruction and the last sitting in committee lasted from 3 p.m. Monday until 2 a.m. Thursday.

Sir Charles Tupper, High Commissioner in London, and an influential member of the Macdonald Administration, had been brought back from England to lead the Conservative side of the House upon the defection of support from Hon. Mackenzie Bowell. He and his Government went to the country, and after one of the hottest campaigns in the history of Canada, in which the issue became one of Separate or Provincial autonomy, the Liberals were returned with a big majority. The campaign of 1896 made the names of Dalton McCarthy, N. Clarke Wallace and Joe Martin household words throughout the Dominion.

WAS THE C. & W. WHISKEY SMUGGLED INTO HOMER?

St. Catharines, Feb. 18.—The labor party here are bound to clear up the whole of the mystery surrounding the liquor seizure at Homer. Did the stuff come from Montreal or Toronto or was it brought into the St. Catharine's district direct from the United States? There is a story that it was smuggled over at some unprotected point on the line. If this is so the customs authorities should be able to clear it up.

Recently invented stuffed animals for children have skins that can be removed and washed.

For Piles

Send Today for Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment and Find Lasting Relief.

If you suffer from piles you can't wait for the free trial, buy a 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment at the nearest drug store. Take no substitute. The quick relief has been a wonderful blessing to a host of people who had itching, bleeding and protruding piles, hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles. Don't delay.

Try it FREE PYRAMID

FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
579 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.
Name.....
Street.....
City.....State.....

CONSUMER MUST BE PROTECTED

COST OF LIVING COMMISSIONER URGES ACTION TO REGULATE PRICES

Dr. J. McFall, cost of living commissioner, in his report on stocks of produce in cold storage on Feb. 1st, recommends that the order limiting profits be immediately restored by order-in-council and rigidly enforced, and that additional measures scould be passed "for the protection of all Canadians for the period of reconstruction." He believes that a very special effort should be made at this time to diminish the price of essential food products.

The report describes the butter situation as satisfactory, there being 8,400,000 of creamery butter in cold storage, which is twenty-nine per cent less than last month, and 698,703 pounds of dairy butter which is only about one half the stock of last month.

Oleomargerine stocks in cold storage have fallen off 21 per cent., and cheese stocks by twenty-four per cent. Pork stocks are greater than last month and over thirty-eight per cent greater than last year. Beef stocks have declined somewhat but are still 44 per cent more than a year ago.

Mutton and lamb stocks have declined by about ten per cent, from last month, but are still double what they were a year ago. Fish stocks are nearly fifty per cent, greater than last year. Poultry in cold storage also exceeds the quantities of last year by one hundred per cent.

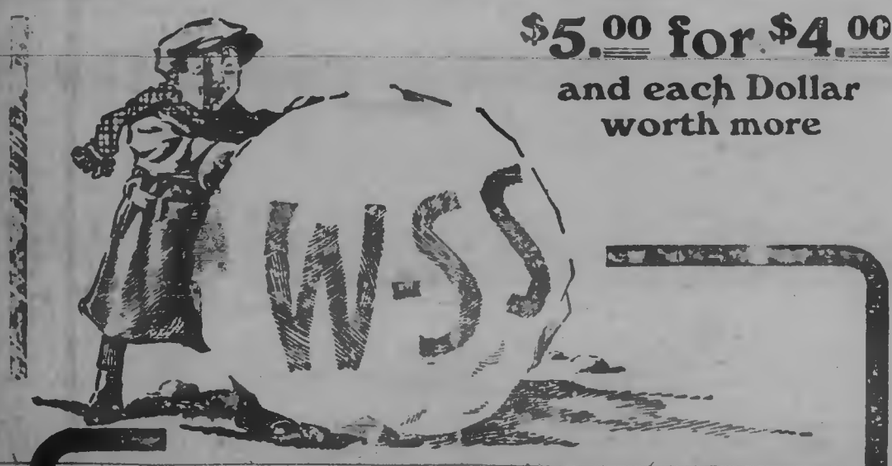
"The truth is," says the report "that these stocks are being held largely in the hope of the revival of the export market."

Bringing Home Foreign Orders

The Dominion Government has offered a $50,000,000 credit to Great Britain for lumber; another $25,000,000 has been arranged for France to finance manufactured and agricultural exports; while another is being arranged to finance other exports to Roumania. This money must be advanced by the people of Canada. In other words it must come from their savings.

Herein is to be seen one of the purposes of the War Savings Plan, namely to provide the funds to finance orders from abroad. Many countries need Canada's products, and, while solvent, can only, for the present buy on time. By lending to the Government through the War Savings Plan, Canadians make these foreign credits possible, bring home large orders and ensure employment at good wages.

The wind has a great deal to do with making the weather-vane.



$5.00 for $4.00
and each Dollar worth more

GROWING!
GROWING!
GROWING!

Price of W-S.S. -
in February $4.01
in March $4.02

What is $4.00 today? It is a question of purchasing power. What will $4.00 buy at present prices? Just over one third of a barrel of flour. Before the war flour was selling at $5.00 a barrel.

No one can say just how much more the purchasing power of the dollar will be in 1924, but you can see that the four dollars you put into War-Savings Stamps *now*, will grow, not only in number, but in value.

Your investment in War-Savings Stamps is like the snowball rolling down a slope. You give it a start and it grows by itself!

Your four dollars becomes five, and every dollar will be worth more.

Whether you buy one W-S.S. each day, or each week, or each month, or only two or three in a year, your money is growing, *growing*, GROWING all the time.

Those who cannot invest $4.00 at a time, can buy *Thrift Stamps* at 25 cents each. Sixteen of these on a Thrift Card will be accepted as $4.00 in exchange for a W-S.S.

W-S-S

W-S.S. are sold wherever you see this sign.

Thrift Stamps are sold at above places, and by patriotic storekeepers.

89

NP SOAP
Supreme among Wash-day Assistants

689th Bargain Annex Event

Bargain Annex
Registered

Wednesday, Feb. 19th, 1919

ANNEX VALUES YOU WILL APPRECIATE

35c KINGSCOT DRESS GINGHAMS 23c Yard—New stripe and plaid patterns, in fine quality Kingscot Dress Ginghams. Three patterns for your selection; 26-28 inches wide. Less than mill price, at, yard **23c**

LEADER.

$1.95 HOUSE DRESSES $1.29

When we tell you that this House Dress is costing at the factory to-day $18.00 a dozen, you can realize the exceptional value in this offering. A new line bought late in 1917. Splendid quality Canadian percales, light and medium stripe patterns. Sizes up to 42. Wednesday Annex Leader **$1.29**

Clear-Away Sale 15c Rolls Cotton Batting ... 10c
75c Bleached 8/4 Sheeting 47c
Eagle Cotton Batting, Comforter size, bleached .. 69c
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, Empress style ..... 2 for 29c
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, small size 2 for 17c

Linen Finish Envelopes, regularly 8c pkg .. 4 for 25c
Boys' Coat Sweaters, with V shaped necks 99c
50c and 59c Ribbed Cashmere Hose, sizes 7½ to 10 ..... 39c
$2.25 Feather Filled Bed Pillows, pair $1.59
Ladies' Seamless Knit Gloves, black, white and grey. Pair 19c

ONE DOZEN 7c ROLLS TOILET PAPER FOR 55c—A new Annex shipment, sixty cases of "Victoria" Toilet Paper; best grade, fine quality tissue; good sized rolls that are worth 7c each. No 'phone orders, and one lot to a buyer. It figures to practically 4½c a roll at this Annex price ..... 12 Rolls **55c**

LADIES' 50c KNIT CORSET COVERS 36c—Pure white, close knit, ribbed Corset Covers; buttoned in front and have long sleeves. Fine quality that we sell usually at 50c each ..... Wednesday Annex Bargain **36c**

LEADER.

LADIES' "MINER BRAND" GUARANTEED DOLLAR RUBBERS 74c

Spring weather is rubber weather, and it's high time to get prepared for it. Here's your opportunity, in the Annex Wednesday. Sizes and lasts to fit every shoe in this best quality, dollar value, black rubbers. Every pair is fully guaranteed. Don't miss this chance Wednesday, and come early so you will be sure to get your size. As a big leader the price is ..... Pair **74c**

TWO SIZES BOYS' 65c WINTER WEIGHT DRAWERS 25c—There are just two sizes left, 28 and 30, hence this ridiculously low clearing price. Close ribbed, warm garments, with sateen bands and brace loops. In the Annex to clear at, garment ... **25c**

20c BLEACHED STEAMLOOM 13½c Yard—Excellent quality Bleached Steamloom at an Annex price that is away below to-day's mill cost. Truly a house wife's opportunity sale of Steamloom. Wednesday Annex bargain, yard **13½c**

LEADER.

40c YARD-WIDE ENGLISH NAINSOOK 29c

Six hundred yards special 40c value English Nainsook; full 36 inches wide; soft needle finish and an excellent quality for ladies and children's fine under-garments and night gowns. Buy your nainsook needs on Wednesday at this leader price and save money. In the Annex ... Yard **29c**

LEADER.

25c WHITE DIMITY MUSLINS, Yard 17c

About three hundred yards of fine qualities, all-white Dimity Muslins, in dainty check patterns. They are especially good value at our regular selling price of 25c a yard, and the Annex price is considerably less than to-day's factory cost. As a Wednesday Annex Leader ..... Yard **17c**

$1.25 SHEPHERD'S CHECK SUITING, Yard 69c—Almost down to half price for this splendid quality Suiting. Ten sizes, in checks, in black and white, and both fabrics are 50 inches wide. Wednesday Annex bargain, at, yard **69c**

50c and 59c DRESS GOODS, 39c Yard—Plain colored Serges, in green, brown and Burgundy, also black and white Shepherd's Check plaids. Lines we sell in the Dress Goods section regularly at 50c and 59c. In the Annex Wednesda, yard **39c**

SECOND LEADER SALE.

90c BLEACHED DAMASK 59c

Two hundred and fifty yards of full bleached, splendid quality Damask Tabling. A late arrival shipment of three different patterns, all 66 inches wide. The every day price is 90c a yard. For the housewife, a real bargain at this Annex Leader price, Wednesday, yard.. **59c**

LEADER.

500 YARDS 15c To 50c DRESS TRIMMINGS TO CLEAR AT 10c YARD

An after stock-taking clearing lot of five hundred yards of Dress Trimmings, principally braids and guimpes, in a wide assortment of colors and patterns. The former regular prices were 15c to 50c. Wonderful values in the lot and all selling in the Annex Wednesday at, yard **10c**

LEADER.

10c and 12½c EMBROIDERY EDGINGS 6½c YARD

A most sensational Embroidery sale. Over a thousand yards and every piece is regular 10c or 12½c value. Widths are four and five inches, and there is a selection of twenty pretty patterns. Come early for first selections. In the Annex Wednesday Leader price, yard **6½c**

LEADER.

30c and 35c CURTAIN SCRIMS, Yard 17c

Six pieces only yard wide Curtain Scrims. White and deep cream in color, with fancy self borders or hemstitched edges. The usual third floor selling prices are 30c and 35c. Now is the time to buy your curtain needs and save money. Annex Leader Price, yard ... **17c**

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

VETERANS DISCUSS

(Continued from Page one)

Comrade Layfield did not express any opinion which would show favoritism for any of the propositions outlined by his committee, but he did remind the members that the White House opportunity although most enticing, was a big deal, and if entered into would have to receive the whole-hearted support of the members of the society in Peterborough.

They would have to get behind the project and boost it to the best of their ability in order to make it a success and they would have to continue in the good work after the deal had been swung if the operation of such an extensive building was to prove successful.

One member expressed the view that the taxes on such an establishment would be extremely heavy and thought that it should enjoy an equal exemption with the Y.M.C.A. and other such buildings.

Mr. Layfield replied that in making the grant the city council had stated that the building of the Veterans would be exempt from such taxation as was imposed by the municipality except the frontage tax, which the Y.M.C.A. had to meet.

President Morrison harked back to the hard cold aspect of the affair when he re-introduced figures into the controversey. While admitting the advantages offered by the hotel building, he thought there was nothing to be gained in losing sight of the gravity of the financial aspect of the deal.

Ex-President Harvey Staunton was of the opinion that a big money raising campaign should be instituted at once which would he was sure result most satisfactorily as the sentiment of the people of the city was behind any movement of such a nature. He favored the White House proposition and backed it up strongly.

Comrade Coleman of the executive of the G.W.V.A. had not expressed an opinion in connection with the question up to this time, but at this point in the proceedings he enquired as to the size of a staff which would be required to carry on such a large establishment as was proposed.

Comrade Layfield thought it might take four or five to handle the work properly.

Dr. Wood counseled caution. He felt that they should not go into a deal of this nature without possessing information of the most detailed variety. They should consider the expense carefully and then compute the possible revenue and come to an understanding which would plainly show whether or not the scheme was as feasible as it appeared. The committee, he thought, should gather more information and submit it to the next meeting of the Association.

The Old Baptist Church property also had its warm advocates. Comrade Mann, who favored this proposition, thought that the White House would be much too large and the undertaking beyond the pale of possibility. He argued that as an assembly hall would have to be built at the rear of the hotel it would be equally easy to construct one on the church property. It was agreed that the appearance of the edifice would have to be altered materialy and the windows with their arched tops should be squared. Rooms could be built, here, and a revenue from this source made possible such as would be the case should the other proposition be adopted.

Comrade Dunsford asserted that in his opinion it would be quite easy to obtain substantial revenue from the rooms and gave as an instance to bear out his contention the success of the big establishment operated by the Salvation Army in Kingston.

Comrade Stanley disagreed with him and stated that there was no similarity whatever between the two cases.

A motion instructing the Building Committee to prepare more detailed information in connection with the matter and submit it at the next meeting of the Association was introduced by Comrades Staunton and Merley and passed thus disposing of this very important question for the time being.

A motion of Comrades Layfield and Dr. Wood was carried calling a special meeting for the resumption of the building question for Thursday night and stipulating that a notice to this affect appear in the press every evening until that of the day of the meeting.

Secretary Whatley read the report of the Ladies' Auxiliary in connection with relief work.

Dr. Wood paid the members of the Auxiliary a glowing tribute for the efficient manner in which they were aiding the unfortunate ones in the community with whom his practice at times brought him in contact.

He cited several instances of the services of the ladies and concluded by submitting a motion instructing the secretary to write a letter to the members of the Ladies' Auxiliary thanking them for their unselfish endeavors in connection with relief activities. A seconder for the resolution was forthcoming at once in ex-President Staunton, and it was carried unanimously.

Comrade LeBarr was appointed representative of the G.W.V.A. to attend the meetings of the Children's Aid Society, Comrade Hughes, who had been selected for this duty having tendered his resignation on account of his inability to attend an event held in the afternoon.

Comrade Layfield submitted a motion expressive of the Association's appreciation of the efficient work of the Entertainment Committee in connection with the recent function in Victoria Hall. President Morrison added a tribute to the excellence of the arrangements made and carried out upon that occasion and the resolution was carried.

Secretary Whatley stated that it would be advisable in view of the difficulty experienced by many returned soldiers in obtaining employment to have a committee composed of the Mayor of the city, a representative from the Board of Trade one from the Trades and Labor Council and a fourth from the G.W.V.A. to look after matters of this nature. He submitted a motion giving effect to the sentiments expressed and Comrade Mann seconded it. The meeting favored the idea and the resolution was adopted.

President Morrison had by virtue of the motion the power to select the representative from the G.W.V.A. and he chose Secretary Whatley for the position, a move which was not hailed with any outburst of joy by that official who already has plenty of work upon his hands, a fact of which the president was cognizant, but while acknowledging it, he maintained that Mr. Whatley was best qualified to serve in such a capacity as he was in touch with matters relating to unemployment among the returned soldiers.

The membership of the local branch of the Great War Veterans is growing rapidly. Last night there were over twenty applications for admission into the society and five new members were initiated.

MAY RAISE MILLION

Principal Taylor Working on Endowment for Queen's

Kingston, Feb. 18.— Principal Taylor of Queen's University is making a great success of the campaign for a million dollar endowment for Queen's University, so much so, that he expects to raise the amount before the time set, May 1st. Then he will start his drive for another half million.

OBJECT TO HYDRO BUYING ANY SUPPLIES IN SWEDEN

Members of G. W. V. A. Say That Enemy Countries or Those Who Were Unfriendly During the War Should Receive no Trade Favors Now.

A matter of vital interest was brought to the attention of the members of the Great War Veterans' Association last night by one of their members in connection with the disposition shown by Canadians to patronize enemy or other foreign manufacturers.

He drew attention to an article that appeared in the local papers a few days ago, and which was taken from a Canadian Engineering publication. It stated that the Hydro were sending agents to Sweden to purchase several large and expensive electrical machines and in giving the business to a country which had been inimicable to the Allies during the war was discriminating against home industries such as the C. G. E. in our own city.

These machines could be built here, just as well as in Sweden. The workmanship would be just as satisfactory and the only reason advanced in defence of foreign purchase was that they could obtain them in Sweden for less money.

This was because labor there was being paid just about a quarter the wage of the Canadian machinist and if the latter were going to allow the Hydro Commission to set such an example of unpatriotic selfishness and disregard of Canadian interests they could not expect the private individual to be more thoughtful. Canadians could not compete against the cheap labor of such European countries and as everyone here reaped the benefit of the money spent at home the action of the Commission should receive attention from a loyal organization such as the G. W. V. A.

Several employees of the C. G. E. expressed opinions similar to those quoted above and the meeting decided that action should be taken at once in the matter. Secretary Whatley strongly recommended such a course and thought that the Central Organization should be notified and they could arrange for deputations to wait upon the Provincial Government from branches in other cities of the Province to protest against the pernicious intentions of the Hydro Commission as reported in the Engineering Journal.

Comrade Harvey Staunton, who is a member of the Provincial Organization of the G.W.V.A., informed the meeting that their secretary would have to take the matter up with the branches in the other cities and arrange for the deputations and have them send in their protests to the central organization which if it favored the move would lend its prestige to furthering the objective sought.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — AND — TO-MORROW
DAILY MATINEE—2.30 EVENINGS—7.30
HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE
5 REEL FEATURE PICTURE—METRO SPECIAL
MAY ALLISON in "A Successful Adventure"
FATTY ARBUCKLE AND MABEL NORMAND in a 2 reel Comedy
FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE
O. HENRY STORY—2 reels BRITISH GAZETTE
—VAUDEVILLE—
BILLY S. GOURLEY,
COMEDIAN AND HIS DOGS
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c

Complete Change of Program on Thursday
SAT. NEXT, FEB. 22
MATINEE 2.30 EVENING 8.15
WILLIAM A. BRADY Presents
HIS YEAR-LONG N.Y. HIT
"THE MAN WHO CAME BACK"
BY JULES ECKERT GOODMAN
FROM THE STORY BY JOHN FLEMING WILSON
Absolutely Guaranteed, the New York Cast and Production Intact, on its way from New York to Indianapolis, Ind.
PRICES—MATINEE: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
EVENING: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. GALLERY 25c.
SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY

CONDITIONS ON ONTARIO FARMS

The following is a summary of reports made by Agricultural Representatives to the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

The comparatively mild winter has been favorable to stock raising and already a considerable saving of feed has been effected. Elgin reports that sheep have been on pasture much of the season.

While good progress generally has been made in fattening cattle, butchers are complaining of difficulty in procuring animals for killing. Veal calves are selling at about 14 cents a pound.

Dairy cows are still commanding good figures, bringing from -130 to $175 at auction sales. The milk flow is keeping up well for the time of year, and there is a good demand for all kinds of dairy produce.

Horse sales are rather slow, but good heavy animals are changing hands at from $150 to $175.

The hog market has recovered slightly, prices now being about $15.75 a cwt.

Hay ranges in value at from $18 to $24 a ton, according to location and quality. Beans are moving slowly at $4 a bushel. Red clover seed is selling at from $25 to $30 a bushel.

Nine carloads of seed oats were shipped from Brant to the West recently at 80 cents a bushel.

Farm supplies on hand are most encouraging. There is more than a sufficiency of oats, barley and rough feed.

Although fall wheat has been without cover for some weeks in many localities, there is little or no complaint of injury to the crop, although some fields are beginning to turn somewhat brown in color.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

OLD PROVERB IS RIGHT

If you do not think lightning will strike twice in the same place, just bear in mind the people you know who are blind, or nearly so, in both eyes. Many whose sight is in very bad shape could have saved it by coming to Dr. Fowler in time. Don't let your eyesight go by neglecting it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

END INDIGESTION, FAT ONE TABLET

Pape's Diapepsin Instantly Relieves Any Distressed, Upset Stomach

Lumps of undigested food causing pain. When your stomach is acid, gassy, sour, or you have flatuence, heartburn, here is instant relief—No waiting

Just as soon as you eat a tablet or two of Pape's Diapepsin all that dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost very little at drug stores.

PARNELL'S MAJORITY 168

St. Catharines, Ont., Feb. 18.—Returning Officer O'Loughlin has announced that all the ballot boxes of Saturday's election have been returned to him. There is yet no reason to question the figures sent out by the Canadian Press last night placing the majority of F. R. Parnell, the Government candidate, at 168.

Uniform Divorce Law Is Demanded

Winnipeg, Feb. 18.—A uniform divorce law for all the provinces, equal parental right, a clean bill of health before marriage, and equal pay for equal work for women were the outstanding features approved in resolutions passed unanimously by the new Dominion organization, Federation of Women's Institutes of Canada, at the conference here. Other resolutions included that the anti-loafing law and the registration act be made enactments of the country: and that the age of consent be raised from 16 years to 21 years.

The committee on legislation was instructed to investigate conditions surrounding the laws dealing with wife desertion. The federation also decided to conduct an investigation into the alleged corner on foodstuffs in the Dominion.

More than 80 native woods have been tested for the manufacture of lead pencils in India.

A machine has been invented to wash large quantities of eggs rapidly.

It costs Holland about $1,000,000 annually to maintain its sea dykes.

Norway has started its first mill for the rolling of tin plate.

A new plane is provided with a shield for the hand to prevent it being bruised.

With lead deposits numerous in Guatemala, the metal is mined only by the Indians.

DR. NORVAL'S CHECK-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination or drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

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Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS ... 50c per insertion in ... Daily, not exceeding ... lines. All words over ... lines ... cent. ... Proprietor of the Establishment.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—At once, experienced chamber maid. Apply Empress Hotel.

WANTED—Two salesladies for Ready-to-Wear Department. Must be experienced. The Crossman Co., Ltd.

WANTED—Maid for light house work. Apply to Mrs. G. H. Thompson, 373 Park street. Phone 1381.

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TO RENT—New modern seven-roomed brick bungalow, No. 59 Robinson street. Seven minutes' walk from post office. Apply H. W. Morgan, 61 Robinson street, or phone 1037J.

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COAL

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Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

C. W. COWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 380 George St. Phone 1044r

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

George Gough was found dead at Owen Sound, the result of taking carbolic acid.

Hon. George W. Brown, former lieutenant-governor of Saskatchewan, died at Regina, aged 53 years.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 216.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

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408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
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Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates.
Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

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County Crown Attorney
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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
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Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
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Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
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DR. ADA G. WALKELEY
Osteopath Physician.
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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sawdings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Deep and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 and upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

PROPOSED MANY CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT HOUSING PLAN

Scheme to be Revised to Meet Objections Made to It by Various Municipalities.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—The Ontario Government's revised housing scheme will be embraced in legislation to be submitted to the House immediately after the opening of the session, and carried through the various stages and given formal approval by the Lieutenant-Governor without delay. An announcement to this effect was made by Sir William Hearst last night in making public the details of the scheme in its revised form. The Government's plans, it was stated, had received the approval of the Dominion Government, from which, of course, the greater proportion of the money to be loaned will be received. The proposed bill and the changes made in the original scheme were fully considered yesterday at a conference between the Prime Minister and Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., representing the Federal Government.

The changes made in the policy, some of which have already been indicated, are intended to meet objections raised in various quarters, chiefly in the city of Toronto. One of the most important of the new clauses is that providing for expropriation of land for home sites. The Act will give power of expropriation to either a municipal commission or a housing company, the compensation to be paid being a matter for decision by a board of arbitrators composed of three persons appointed by the Government, of whom the Director of the Bureau of Municipal Affairs—now J. A. Ellis, ex-M.P.—shall be one. This board will determine compensation in a summary manner upon seven days' notice after hearing the parties. The award will be final and not subject to appeal. The compensation will be determined by the fair market value of the land without allowance for any instruction of houses upon it being contemplated, or because better means of access or transportation to the land is to be afforded.

Loans Direct to Farmers.

Other changes in the scheme may summarized as follows:

Authority for the Government to borrow any further amount as is deemed advisable for loaning for housing purposes, in addition to the sum provided by the Dominion. The original scheme limited the amount the Province was to loan to $2,000,000.

Loans to farmers for houses for their help to be made by the Province direct to the farmers. The Dominion loan does not cover loans of this character.

Provision for appointment by the municipality of a Housing Commission composed of the head of the Council and two or four residents who are not members of the Council. This commission will have all the powers the Council otherwise would have had.

Provision made for larger loans in particular municipalities with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of Municipal Affairs, the cost of a house, however, not to exceed $3,000 (instead of $2,500), and the house and land together not to exceed $3,600.

Authority to Commission to loan, up to the full cost of the house, to a private person who may desire to erect a house for his own occupation on the Commission's land, provided the person pays in cash the value of the land or 10 per cent. of the cost of the land and the house, or gives acceptable security for such cash payment. This security might be given by a responsible citizen guaranteeing the borrower's payments, or by a number of persons each guaranteeing the other.

Authority to make a loan to the full value of the house to a returned soldier, or widow, or dependents of a deceased soldier where the house is built on the Commission's land without a cash payment.

Where houses are built by the Housing Commission or Company they must be sold at actual cost as determined by the Director.

Loans only to be made to British subjects.

WRIST & BRACELET

Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

397 George St. Next Turnbull's

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

*5:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

*7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:25 a.m. —Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Receipts fair, trade generally fair. Prices:

Choice export	$15.00	$15.50
Choice butcher cows	9.25	9.50
Choice butcher	9.50	11.00
Ewes	9.00	10.25
Lambs	15.00	15.75
Hogs, f.a.w.	18.00	18.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	17.00	17.00
Calves	16.25	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	26
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	17	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	45	45
Butter	55	55
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 02	$2 02
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	31 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

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WITH wages high, help scarce and difficult to hold, every business office should appreciate the accuracy, convenience and economy that are assured by our

Loose Leaf Systems

They are a triumph of efficiency for bookkeeping We invite an inspection of our stock than which there is none better on the market. Paper ruled to suit any special need.

Binders Strong, Durable and Handsomely Finished

Our prices are moderate and all orders will be delivered within a reasonable time from date of acceptance.

No need to send to the cities for this class of office supplies; get them in your HOME TOWN and at

THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

OBITUARY

MARGARET HAFFEY

The death occurred at her residence, 537 Waterford street, this morning of Margaret Haffey, after an illnes of five months.

She was born at Mewry, County Armeagh, Ireland, on Nov. 27th, 1832, and came with her parents to Peterborough in 1845, and had been a constant resident ever since.

In 1853 she married Jelmiah Carew and of this marriage two children survive—Robert, of Salamanca, N.Y., and Emily, of the city. She was later married to Patrick O'Mara, who predeceased her 18 years. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Premier Hearst's Tribute To Dead

Toronto, Feb. 18. — Sir William Hearst, Premier of Ontario, speaking at the Parliament Buildings yesterday afternoon with reference to the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, said:

"I sincerely regret to learn of the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has been so long a distinguished figure in the affairs of this country. In very many respects he was an unusual man with remarkable talents and culture. He had a very strong hold on the affections of his own province and people and was in every sense an outstanding Canadian of undoubted purity of life and character, brilliant as an orator and the idol of his friends."

WHAT IS MEDICINE

Kitchener Druggists Object to Stamp Act in Court

Kitchener, Feb. 18.—After hearing the evidence of eight druggists and storekeepers of Kitchener, Waterloo, Elmira and Linwood, charged with having sold drugs without affixing the war revenue stamps, Police Magistrate Weir deferred judgment and intimated that he would communicate with the Revenue Department to ascertain what action should be taken.

It was maintained by the defendants that camphorated chalk which was purchased is not a medicine, and is not sold for any particular disease or affection of the human system. The Revenue Department maintained that the article was included in the prohibited list.

Mr. Frank S. Mearns, Toronto, appeared for the druggists, and Millar, Sims & Bray, Kitchener, for the Revenue Department.

TO TAKE BODIES FROM GERMANY

CANADIANS WHO DIED THERE TO BE GIVEN DECENT BURIAL.

Ottawa, Feb. 18. — A recently published despatch from Fred James, official correspondent with the Canadian Corps overseas, to the effect that Canadian soldiers who have died in Germany would be buried in a special cemetry at Bonn, a policy which has caused some adverse comment in the press, has been made the subject of enquiry by the director of public information here.

In reply to a cable, the overseas authorities point out that the article was not intended to indicate that bodies of Canadian soldiers buried in Germany would remain there permanently, but simply to illustrate the care taken by the army of Canadian dead in enemy territory. The permanent interment of the bodies of prisoners of war who died in Germany is a question which affects all the Allies, and is a matter down for discussion at the Peace Conference.

Buried with Comrades.

It has been announced recently that the bodies of Canadians who laid down their lives in the service of their country on the Western front will be reverently collected and be buried together in cemeteries specially set aside by the French and Belgian governments. Comrades in life, the announcement stated, these heroic Canadians should be comrades in death and should lie side by side, facing the line they died to hold. It is probable that the bodies of those who died in Germany, either during the period of occupation or as prisoners of war, will be collected and laid beside their comrades who fell behind the Western lines. As pointed out, however, the matter is for arrangement at the Peace Conference, so far as those who died as prisoners of war are concerned.

TO BRING U. S. TROOPS

Washington, Feb. 18.—Negotiations have been completed, it was announced today at the War Department, for having Holland American liners bring home American troops from France on their westward voyages between the United States and Dutch ports.

Dr. W. A. Riddell has been appointed commissioner to report on the advisability of mothers' pensions for Ontario.

How Sir Wilfrid Got His Title

After Sir Wilfrid stepped the premiership in the summer of 1896, it seemed to be the natural thing for the country to expect that he would be almost immediately given a title, and there was considerable surprise when, following the announcement of the 1897 New Year's honors, his name was not included. The explanation was that the honor had been offered, but that the Liberal leader respectfully but firmly declined it.

Six months later, however, Sir Wilfrid (then plain Mr. Laurier), went to England to attend the Jubilee of Queen Victoria. The reception accorded him by the British people was remarkable for its warmth. The handsome, distinguished young French-Canadian statesman took London by storm, the press and public acclaiming his talents, and Queen Victoria bestowing upon him particular attention and respect. One evening the Queen gave a dinner for the overseas prime ministers. When the young Canadian premier, who was again honored by being seated next her majesty, took his seat at the banquet table, he found a card upon which Queen Victoria herself had written, "Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier." There was no way out of such a situation. The aged Queen had taken this means of honoring him, and Sir Wilfrid's chivalry and gallantry, as well as his genuine affection for the great good Monarch, triumphed over his democratic views.

MR. WALKEY'S FUNERAL.

Held This Afternoon From St. John's Church.

The funeral of the late W. H. Walkey was held from the family residence, 47 Benson avenue, at two o'clock this afternoon to St. John's Church, where a funeral service, conducted by Rev. Canon Davidson, who referred to the worthy character of the departed, was held.

At the grave the Masonic service was carried out. There was a large attendance of the members of the fraternity.

The following were the pallbearers: Rt. W. Bro. H. C. Winch, Rt. W. Bro. A. Gibson, Rt. W. Bro. H. Rush, Rt. W. Bro. D. Walker, W. B. W. E. Conway, W. B. A. Mowat, W. B. W. H. Hill.

Canadian stock exchanges were active and stronger yesterday, reflecting the upward tendencies at New York.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

THIS IS WHERE MR AND MRS. PERCY CUTION LIVE.
THEY MUST BE FOND OF CHILDREN TO RAISE A SON LIKE THEIRS.
ISN'T IT TOO BAD THEIR SON IS WEAK MINDED.
I KNOW BUT THEY ARE RICH NO ONE WILL EVER NOTICE THAT.
HOW DO YOU KNOW THEY ARE RICH
THE WAY THEY WASTE MONEY.
LOOKA THE FINE MARBLE SCARE-CROW THEY HAVE-

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

CHICK GAUDIL WILL PLAY AGAIN WITH WHITE SOX

Crack First Baseman Has not Refused to to Sign a Contract 1919—Other Players Fall in Line

Chick Gandil, the veteran first sacker, who is hibernating in California, will be back with the White Sox, according to officials of the club who ought to know something about it. A report from the Pacific coast painted Chick as a holdout. It was said he had finally asked and been granted permission to deal with a semipro club. This rumor is denied here and Gandil will be held on Kid Gleason's roster of regulars when the bell rings for a resumption of hostilities unless this ball player experiences a sudden change of heart.

"Gandil will be with us," said Harry Grabiner, secretary of the Sox today. "I can't understand where some of these stories come from about the Sox players. It is one sample and you can say for me there is nothing in it. Gandil will be with us in 1919."

Wants the 1917 Team

Kid Gleason has let the world in on the secret that he wants about the same team with which he and Rowland captured a world's flag in 1917. That means he wants Gandil, Jackson, Lynn, Williams and the rest, with few exceptions.

The word "about" leaves a loophole for the Kid to trade some of the minor players on the club. Soon after being appointed Gleason made a bee line for Wilmington, Del., to see Jackson, Lynn and Williams, but, according to latest reports, with little success. Jackson was not at home and Williams divulged a salary grievance.

If President Comiskey contemplates a swap of players involving Jackson he probably will bump into a hot argument with the scrappy Kid when he arrives on the scene next week. It is a cinch Gleason wants to retain his batting strength. He knows that the Sox of 1917 had a "punch" that sent them over the top to success. Gleason would be much averse to extracting a portion of that wallop from the attack of the club unless stress of circumstances prompted the move.

Big Task Ahead of Him

Gleason wants Buck Weaver, an honest to goodness holdout, on his club, and the Kid will be much chagrined to learn that Buck contemplates hooking up with a semipro organization a la Frank Baker. To rattle his temperamental widely scattered and heterogeneous flock into the fold of the south side is quite a task for this veteran shepherd. The Kid has been ordered to round up the flock. His task has been lightened by the appearance of Happy Felsch, one of the wandering sheep of the Comiskey fold. Hap's elimination from the holdout class enables Gleason to concentrate on Weaver and Jackson.

The following veteran members of the White Sox have signed contracts to play for Comiskey and Gleason this year: Eddie Collins, Ray Schalk, Eddie Cicotte, Urban Faber, Joe Benz, Happy Felsch, Mel Wolfgang, Nemo Leibold and several rookies. Schalk, Felsch and Collins were supposed to have "holdover" contracts.

Eager to Sign Contracts

Most of the remaining members of the Sox, including Gandil expect to play with the team this year and are eager to sign their names to contracts with President Comiskey. The principal worry for Gleason centers in Weaver and Jackson. There is little doubt that Kid would like to keep them both. He may find them obdurate and for different reasons. Weaver's grievance is purely monetary in character. Jackson may want assurances of receiving the glad hand before signing for the reconstruction period of baseball.

Jeremiah Sullivan, southpaw rookie,, a Chicago boy signed by the White Sox this week, was one of the best pitchers on the Camp Grant team that defeated the Great Lakes and other clubs. Manager Gleason needs pitchers and the foxy Kid will give this southpaw the once over with glee provided he is half as good as Capt. Lewis Omer says he is.

Prize Winners At Water St. Alleys

AND AVERAGES MADE BY PLAYERS IN DIFFERENT TEAMS

Th prize winners and averages of the Clubs in the 5-pin league at Water street alleys are as follows:

Shamrocks—1st place.
De Laval—2nd place.
East Lawn Bowlers—3rd place.
Thos. Barrett, high average 169
Bruce Eakins, high, 3 games .. 640
J. Pidgeon, blind score 120

Average of individual players following:

Shamrocks.

	Games	Averages
McDonell	3	191
Sullivan	30	163
Kirn	24	163
J. Gordon	27	154
Platt	27	149
Gorham	30	144

De Laval.

	Games	Averages
Barrette	30	169
French	26	162
Rishoce	16	152
Lefave	30	151
Garrow	27	145
Sharpe	14	128

East Lawn Bowlers.

	Games	Averages
Hair	9	169
Stansfield	9	157
Pratt	24	156
Elliott	27	152
Everett	12	150
Oke	18	144
McLean	9	140
Bowles	6	127

Rex.

	Games	Averages
Morrison	6	177
Schleffel	24	167
Eakins	24	154
Craig	8	154
Jory	6	147
Perry	6	145
Roberts	21	143
Bamor	6	140

West Lawn Bowlers.

	Games	Averages
Walton	12	171
Maynard	24	150
Skigner	15	150
Lacheur	9	149
W. Gordon	9	142
Seymour	12	128
Read	18	123
Cairns	9	116
Simmons	9	1[illegible]

Clerks.

	Games	Averages
Moore	3	148
Head	18	143
Rattenberg	21	150
Wood	24	138
Pidgeon	15	129
Graham	3	120

Pension Plan For Windsor Police

Windsor, Feb. 18.—Efforts to interest a majority of the Windsor police force in a pension plan, which the Police Commission is willing to initiate, were resumed this afternoon at a mass meeting of officers. Much of the opposition that developed two weeks ago, when attempts were made to hold a meeting, was broken dokn. Some of the younger men, who signed a petition against the plan, are now said to favor it if it can me introduced without any extravagant cost to the men.

A committee composed of Chief Elias Wills, Patrolman Richard Wooney and Motorcycle Officer Willis Brompton, was selected to investigate the possibilities and cost of the scheme.

Printers Win 3 From the Grocers

Last night in the Business Men's League at the Water street alleys the Printers took three straights from the Grocers. Routley for the losers was the only man to top the 500 mark. For the Printers, Miller, Kirn, Cairns and Henderson all passed the 500 mark. The scores:

PRINTERS

Lacheur . . .	134	162	189	485
Miller . . .	168	188	165	521
Kirn . . .	206	142	165	513
Cairns . . .	165	189	149	503
Henderson . . .	167	187	174	528
Totals . . .	840	868	842	2550

GROCERS

Weber . . .	169	131	155	455
Heard . . .	124	174	132	430
Routley . . .	172	166	181	519
Ross . . .	160	152	136	448
Boyd . . .	139	179	148	466
Totals . . .	764	802	752	2318

Willard To Start Light Training

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, was "officially" advised by Tex Rickard that Jack Dampsey would be his opponent in the championship fight on July 4th.

"There was no significance to our meeting," Richard said. "I was in Chicago on the way west on some personal business. Willard came on some other business, and decided to talk things over with me. There is a stipulation in our contract that I am personally to advise him who the opponent is to be. I did that yesterday."

Rickard started for Fort Worth, Texas, in connection with some oil business. He said his trip had no connection with the selection of a site for the fight. He declared he had received many bids, some of which were favorable beyond expectations, but that the arena would not be chosen until every consideration had been given all bids, which probably will be several weeks.

Willard came to Chicago from Kansas City, where he disposed of his remaining circus equipment for $47,000. The champion is now free to prepare for the contest.

"I expect to start light training within a couple of weeks," Willard said. "That may seem a little early, but I have not taken much strenuous exercise for so long that I plan to start easily."

EX-EMPEROR A PRISONER

Karl of Austria Kept in Confinement by Socialists

Geneva, Feb. 18.—A report reformer Emperor Charles of Austria is a prisoner in the castle outside Vienna, where he is being guarded by Socialists.

The report adds that Charles desires to emigrate to America with his family as a civilian. Most of his fortune is said to have been placed in the United States.

No flour has been accepted for export as yet this month, the announcement of the Export Company last week to the contrary.

PETERBORO RINKS ARE WINNERS FROM PARKDALE

Hicks and Lang Are Both Successful at the Tankard Finals in Toronto Today.

Play in the Ontario Tankard finals commenced this morning at nine o'clock in Toronto at the Granite, Queen City, High Park and Lakeview Clubs. Secretary O. S. Pearcy, of the Ontario Curling Association, announced the draw last night, and stated that the survivors of this morning's round might not be called upon to play again until 5 o'clock this afternoon in the event of the ice not being in good condition earlier in the day.

There are only two defaults, no winner having been declared in Group No. 13, comprising Drayton, Harriston, Lucknow, Mount Forest, Palmerston, Southampton and Walkerton, while in Group No. 14 neither Stratford, the winners, nor Plattsville, the runners-up, will send rinks. Secretary Pearcy has appointed umpires as follows:

High Park—J. H. Bastedo.
Granite—Rev. J. W. Pedley.
Queen City—Dr. Wickett.
Lakeview—Alex. Keith.

The draw:

At Queen City.

Ice.
1-2—Guelph Royal City vs. Toronto Granite.
3-4—Petrolea vs. Scarboro.

At Granite.

2-3—Orillia vs. Collingwood.
4-5—Hamilton Thistles vs. Belleville

At High Park.

1-2—Woodstock vs. Paris.
3-4—Owen Sound vs. Napanee.

At Lakeview.

2-3—Peterboro vs. Parkdale (byes).

The two rinks from the Petrboro' club are made up as follows:

First rink: Lead, F. L. Bowes; second, W. H. Taylor; vice-skip, Alex. Kay; skip, R. Hicks.

Second rink: Lead, L. Hall; second, R. G. Sturgeon; vice-skip, R. Waddell; skip, W. M. Lang.

A message received in the curling rink in the city this afternoon gave Langs' rink a lead of six over Parkdale Lakeview, and Hicks' was two up, both with one end to play.

A Canadian Press despatch received at 3 o'clock this afternoon stated that in the preliminary round of the Ontario Tankard finals Owen Sound defaulted to Napanee, the Granites defeated Guelphs by 22 shots, and Hamilton was beaten by Belleville by a score of 32 to 29.

A later despatch gives the results as follows:

Peterboro—		Parkdale—	
R. Hicks	16	S. Armstrong .	14
W. M. Lang..	21	W. Scott	15
Total	37	.....	29

Barns Destroyed With Contents

Cobourg, Feb. 18.— A disastrous fire occured in Hamilton township, when the barns and outbuildings of Thomas Nelson on the Burnham farm were destroyed by fire, with their contents. Twenty-seven head of cattle, several horses, implements and the season's crop were burned. The family had retired for the night and were not aware of the fire until informed by neighbors and automobile parties from town, who saw the blaze and motored out. Mr. Nelson's loss is heavy. It is stated that the buildings were insured but there was no insurance on the stock or other contents.

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 18.—The strike of the textile operatives has entered on its third week today with no definite indication of an immediate general change in conditions.

The leading British legal authorities, Lord Buckmaster and Lord Parmoor, express the opinion that the covenant of the League of Nations will endure.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord
Hard Wood $13 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Black Gold
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
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PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock, EGG, NUT, STOVE and PEA.
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Lackayanna Coal Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
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Phone 230

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DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
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THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary; "Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

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Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

Elec W. H. LAMEY, Exclusive Optometrists, 420 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

PETERBOROUGH CHARTERED BRANCH INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

An open meeting will be held in the Labor Hall, Thursday, Feb. 20th, 8 p.m. Platform will be announced. Membership cards issued. Local speakers. Bring your friends.

T. TOOMEY, Secretary.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McIlwaity, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridgework and accurately-fitting dentures.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTING

Do not fail to see the exhibition of paintings in the Library building Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

TEMPLE BAND PRACTICE.

The Temple Band will meet for practice tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. Every member is requested to be in attendance.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

K. OF C. NOTICE.

Regular meeting Tuesday evening, 8.15 sharp. Lecture by Rev. Fr. Burke, of Newman Hall, Toronto.

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Brethren of Langemarck Lodge No. 346, are requested to attend a meeting at Victoria Hall, on Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, to organize and elect officers for the ensuing year. Refreshments will be served.

W. J. GOWES,
Secretary Pro Tem.

BASKET SOCIAL AND BALL

Don't forget the Basket Social and Ball to be held on Feb. 21st, under the auspices of L.O.L., No. 90, in Victoria Hall. Tucker's orchestra. Admission 25c. Ladies with baskets free.

SKATING PARTY

Come to the Crossman Welfare Club Skating Party on Wednesday night, February 19th at Brock Street Rink. Excellent band program from 8 to 11 o'clock. Refreshments will be served at the booth. Admission 25c.

CHARLES INNES

Commencing Sunday night next, February 23, Evangelist Charles Innes, of Aberdeen, Scotland, will conduct a series of Evangelistic Meetings in Gospel Hall, to which all are invited. Mr. Innes is a gifted speaker, and gives his message with spirit and power. He has great power of illustration, making his message live. The subject for Sunday night is, "A Great General—what he was, what he did, and what he could not do." Sunday night, 7 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture and furnishings, at the home of Mr. Alfred Austin, 405 Walton street, on Friday, February 21, including sewing machine, solid walnut bedroom suite, also one oak suite, rugs, etc. Sale at 1:30 p.m. No reserve.

J. F. THORNTON,
Auctioneer.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Allen, of Millbrook, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. D. C. King, 494 Gilmour street.

Mrs. D. C. King and Mrs. Allen leave tomorrow to visit friends in Buffalo.

Dr. Shields was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Eastwood during his stay in Peterboro.

Presentation To Miss Stephens

YOUNG LADY OF SMITH TO BECOME A RESIDENT OF PETERBOROUGH

A young lady of Smith was honored by an address and presentation on the eve of her departure to reside in the city of Peterboro.

The address was read by Miss Jean Bullock, the presentation made by Miss Beattie Deck.

The address was as follows:

To Miss Alice Stephens:

Dear Alice.

It is with deep regret that we learn of your intention to depart from our midst. We who have been associated with you in the work of the church, have realised your many good qualities both as a friend and a co-worker, in the Sabbath School, Epworth League and the choir. So we ask you to accept this bible and hymn book as a small token of our esteem and good wishes.

The wish we would send you is that God may abide with you, giving you wisdom to grace the sphere of life into which He may place you in the future.

Signed by
FRED F. BELL, S. S. Supt.
BRADEN BELL, Pres. of Epworth League
JEAN BULLOCK, Organist.

Miss Stephens, though taken entirely by surprise made a short reply thanking her friends for their gift.

Benefit Concert For Pte. McIntosh

The 57th Regt. Band decided at a rehearsal held last night at the Armories, to tender Pte. McIntosh a benefit concert early in April. It will be remembered that Pte. McIntosh had the misfortune of losing all his worldly possessions by fire a few weeks ago, and in addition is almost totally blind from the effect of wounds received in the great war. A committee have the matter in hand and will announce details later.

EXTRA GOOD BILL AT THE GRAND

"A SUCCESSFUL ADVENTURE" AN INTERESTING STORY OF LOVE AND INTRIGUE.

The Grand Opera House is offering an especially interesting bill this week and the opening performance yesterday drew large crowds. The feature of the program is a "Successful Adventure," in which May Allison stars, an interesting story of life in the south, of a family feud, that was straightened out by the skill of a young girl.

There is no lack of comedy on the bill, Fatty Arbuckle and Mabel Normand being the stars in this department.

Billy S. Gourley sings, dances and exhibits his wonderful trained dogs, animals that seem almost uncannily gifted with intelligence, and are able to do about everything except talk.

There will be a complete change of bill at the Grand Thursday night.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

WHY ALL SHOULD PRAY FOR THE BRITISH EMPIRE

Major (Rev.) Frost Preaches Eloquent Discourse at Intercessory Services in Lakefield Methodist Church.

Lakefield, Feb. 18.—On Sunday evening a very interesting intercessary service was held in the Methodist Church. The church was artiscally decorated with flags, and the choir rendered suitable selections. The sermon was very eloquent and the church full of people, listened with great interest. During the service the roll of honor of the members of the Methodist Church was read, which are as follows(after which "The Last Post" was sounded:

Albert, Ball, Harry Blewett, Fred Baisdon, C. S. Carter, Irwin Chittick, Wm. Crowe, Percy Davis, Russell Dunsford, Albert Frankisk, Sam Grylls, Joe Hill, Sherman Hill, Stanley Hill, Norman Hurl, Cephas Lemay, Joe Lemay, Wm. Lemay, Roy Macdonald, Morley Macdonald, Glen Madill, Holton Madill, Theodore Manning, Cecil Mounce, Arthur Murduff, Elmer Northey, Roy Robinson, Wm. Robinson, Geo. Rowe, Albert Rowe, Edward Tighe, Robert Webster, Bert Watley, Bruce Edwards (missing).

Dead.

Arthur Frankish, Wilfred Hull, Percy Lemay, Noble Milburn, Herbert Nichols, Howard Rowe, Wm. Rowe.

Major Frost spoke from text 1, Timothy 2, "I exhort, therefore, that first of all supplication, prayers, intercession and giving of thanks, be made for all men, for kings, and for all that are in authority, that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life, in all Godliness and honesty." He reminded the audience that this instruction was given when every king and man in authority was not Christian, but the enemy of all Christians. He compared them with our king, who acknowledge God at the signing of the armistice as also did the House of Commons. The Governor-General called for this day of intercession because these are the momentuous days, and the decision of a few may have potential possibilities for mankind. And because intercessary prayer is the means of bringing the divine wisdom and aid to those who are settling problems too great for human mind to settle itself.

Prayer should be made for the British Empire; first, because it did more to make this Peace Conference possible than any other nation. In these days of reaction, certain parties in the Old Land were trying to set aside law and order, and to introduce Bolshevism. Labor is the bulwark of the nation and the British Labor party have a sane policy, but those that stir up strife are Anarchists. Britain is the "champion of liberty." the "bulwark of freedom." Prayer should be made for Britain because without Britain no League of Nations could exist.

Prayer should be made for the Peace Conference. Major Frost eulogised the constitution of the League of Nations. What the idealists dream now becomes the deliberate and practical plan of the world's greatest statesman. It is the Magna Charta of the world, the Bill of Rights for small nations. The declaration of Independence the old forms of secret diplomacy to act of confederation for nations of the earth. The executive becomes the parliament of man. Its policy the federation of the world.

The deliberations of the Peace Conference have only passed the first stage. Complex questions remain to be solved. Today, civilization is in a postic mould. Tomorrow it will be fixing itself.

Then prayer should be made for all mankind, because all the world is affected by this Peace Conference. Unless they are prepared for the advancement, the work of the Conferences will be nullified. Let men respond to the challenge, to this new citizenship and the future is full of hope.

Scene from Wm. A. Brady's New York success, "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK," which will be seen at the Grand next Saturday with the New York Company and production in tact.

"The Man Who Came Back," which comes from a run of over one year (483 performances) in New York and eight months in Boston, will be seen at the Grand, on Saturday next, for matinee and evening performances. This production of William A. Brady's, written by Jules Eckert Goodman and founded on a short story of the same name by John Fleming Wilson, was the most remarkable success in contemporary New York theatrical annals. It seemed as if New York would never let it go, and when it did finally after fifty-seven weeks, it was only because Miss Grace George had to have the Playhouse.

DR. SHIELDS AT MURRAY STREET

DELIVERED ELOQUENT LECTURE ON "THE FALL OF LUCIFER"

Rev. Dr. T. T. Shields one of the foremost orators before the Canadian public today, delivered his celebrated lecture on "The Fall of Lucifer," in the Murray Street Baptist Church last night to a large and appreciative audience. Dr. Shields has been heard in this city on frequent occasions and is always assured of a full house. His lecture last night enhances still further his reputation as a forceful platform speaker.

Begining with the story of the original fall, the speaker related the subject of his lecture down to modern day events which include the dethronement of the Czar and the reverse that is being met with everywhere by the liquor interests.

OBITUARY

THE LATE MATILDA DOLBY

The death occurred in Toronto on Friday, Feb. 14th, of Miss Matilda Dolby. The deceased, a daughter of the late Harry Dolby, was born in Lindsay where her school days were spent. Her father died in 1910 and her mother eleven months later. For sometime she lived with her aunt in Millbrook where she was popular with a large circle of friends. During part of her stay there, she acted as bookkeeper for Mr. Geo. Burnham. Later she secured a position in Cressman's store, Peterboro, and while there, suffered much from rheumatism, which eventually confined her to bed for some time. While convalescing at her brother's home in Toronto, she succumbed to an attack of influenza, passing away on the morning of Feb. 14.

Always popular, with a sunny disposition, she is deeply mourned by her numerous friends. The remains were taken to Lindsay and interred in Riverside Cemetery on Monday, Feb. 17. The pall-bearers were Mr. Will Cameron and Mr. Earle Sutherland, Toronto; Mr. Geo. Burnham, Millbrook; Mr. W. Tully and F. Franks, Peterboro; and J. Wettlaufher, Lindsay.

It has been discovered that bars of pure silver, heated and left in a magnetic field a few hours, become permanently magnetized.

Hall's Big February Sale of Colored Silks

ALWAYS HAVE WE TOLD YOU OF OUR GOOD VALUES IN DRESS SILKS, BUT NEVER YET HAVE WE OFFERED VALUES TO COMPARE WITH THOSE WE ARE OFFERING DURING OUR FEBRUARY SILK SALE. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED NEW ADDITIONS IN ALL OUR LINES, AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION TOMORROW.

$2.50 Silk Crepe de Chine, Yard $1.98

A strong, serviceable quality of Silk Crepe de Chine, in black, ivory, navy, Nile, pearl, grey, taupe, pink and rose; 40 inches wide. Regular $2.50. February Silk Sale.. Yard $1.98

$2.00 Cord de Laine, Yard $1.47

40-inch Silk Cord Delaine, in colors of black, Nile, green, taupe and rose. A beautiful soft fabric, suitable for gowns for any occasion. Big value. Regular $2.00. February Silk Sale, yard $1.47

$3.25 Swiss Chiffon Taffeta, Yard $2.69

It is a Swiss Chiffon Taffeta of pure unfilled silk, 36 inches wide, and is shown in navy, marine, Saxe, grey, purple, sand and tan. Shop early as we have only a limited quantity in some of the shades. Regular $3.25. February Silk Sale, yard $2.69

$2.50 French Chiffon Taffeta Silk, Yard $1.69

An extra special sale value and an absolute $2.50 quality; 36 inches wide. A real French taffeta with the correct chiffon finish. A quality taffeta with a reputation for hard and satisfactory wear. Rich jet black. Regular $2.50. February Silk Sale, yard.. $1.69

Table Damask at Value Giving Prices

On Wednesday we offer you some very startling values in good dependable Table Damask, bleached and semi-bleached qualities; best Irish and English makes. All real good values at the regular prices; remarkable bargains at Wednesday's reductions:

75c Table Damask, to-morrow, yard 68c
1.25 Table Damask, to-morrow, yard 98c
1.50 Table Damask, to-morrow, yard $1.39
1.75 Table Damask, to-morrow, yard $1.69
2.50 Table Damask, to-morrow, yard $1.98

Women's and Misses' Silk Poplin Dresses Regular $15 and $18

Wednesday Bargain $12.98

Smart, new styles in Silk Poplin Dresses, suitable waists for afternoon, dress or business wear. Sizes for misses and women. Colors include taupe, navy, black, and nigger brown. Regular $15.00 and $18.00. Wednesday Bargain $12.98

5 and 10 Yard Ends of 45c Flannelettes. To-morrow, Yard 29c

About 200 ends of best quality Canadian Flannelettes, 25 to 36 inches wide. All woven stripe patterns, in fast colorings. Five and ten yard ends only. All regular 45c yard. An exceptional bargain for Wednesday shoppers, yard 29c

90c Huckaback Towelling, Yard 69c

Imported Irish Huckaback Towelling, for hand and bedroom towels; 25 inches wide; good heavy make; very absorbent. Regular 90c. Wednesday Bargain, yard 69c

35c Roller Towelling, Yard 25c

18-in. Linen Crash Roller Towelling, heavy, durable quality; firm weave and good drying; stripe border; splendid for roller and dish towels. Regular 35c. Wednesday Bargain, yard 25c

50c Madapolam, Yard 38c

Pure white Madapolam, soft, fine quality, expressly made for women's fine lingerie; 36 inches wide. Regular 50c. Wednesday Bargain ..... Yard 38c

Silk Padded Jackets $2.69

Silk padded Jackets, with long sleeves, very comfortable and cosy garment to be worn under the suit or light spring coat. Black and colors. Regular $3. Wednesday Bargain, each $2.69

$2.50 Boys Knitted Suits $1.98

Boys' Knitted Pullover Suits, in colors of cardinal and khaki. Sizes to fit ages 2 to 5 years. Reg. $2.50. Wednesday Bargain.. $1.98

End of the Season Clearance of Children's Hats

Good, smart styles in Felts and Corduroys. Regular $1, $1.50 and $2. Wednesday Bargain 50c

Women's Untrimmed Shapes

Velvet and Velour, black and navy blue; all up-to-date styles. Regular $2.00. Wednesday Bargain $1.00

Miss M. Johnston, our expert Corsetiere, has just returned from taking a post-graduate course in the art of corset fitting at the Gossard Training School, Toronto. She will serve you in the corset department, and is competent to make fittings and give most careful attention to any special needs.

Store Opens 8.30 a.m. RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED Store Closes 5.30 p.m.

An English inventor has designed a portable vacuum cleaner that also can be used as a seat, table, cabinet, music stool or pedestal.

A English inventor's cigarette holder is equipped with a porous dish to filter the smoke

The silver lining to many clouds is nothing but moonshine.

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"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
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H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
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FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, store, your life, or anything you have I will pay you.

302 Water Street, South of Munro House

Mid-week Specials at Porter S. White Co.

LIBBY'S TOMATO CATSUP—Large bottles 25c

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS In Chili sauce; large tins 20c

PINK SALMON—½ lb. tins ..... 2 for 25c

EXTRA QUALITY CHEMONG CHOICE POTATOES, dry and mealy, by the peck or bag.

334 GEORGE STREET
Phone 208

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and moderately cold today and on Thursday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 42 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

PRINCE MAX WAS FIRST HUN TO MOVE FOR AN ARMISTICE

Erzerberger in National Assembly Gives Interesting History of Negotiations

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, Feb. 19.—Mathias Erzerberger, of the German armistice commission, again held the centre of the stage at this afternoons' session of the National Assembly, outlining the entire history of the armistice negotiations from the time they were begun last fall. Herr Erzerberger told the House many things about the armistice which were either unknown to, or had only been suspected by, his hearers. One of these was his unqualified statement that it was Prince Maximilian of Baden who had approached the Entente because of the "iron compulsion" of the high military command, for peace.

It was Field Marshal von Hindenburg who demanded and authorized the signing of the first terms, Herr Erzerberger said. Herr Erzerberger, who, seemingly, he been unpopular because of his work in the armistice negotiations, re-established himself by his speech. The House cheered him, breaking the rules, and applauded as well as cheered for several minutes until it was called to order by President Fehrenbach.

WOULD BE ASSASSIN FIRES UPON PREMIER CLEMENCEAU

One of Five Shots Takes Effect but Premier is Only Slightly Wounded—Man Who Made Attack, Believed to be Russian, is Under Arrest.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 19.—Premier Clemenceau was fired upon five times this morning while entering his automobile. He was hit in the back and shoulder, but is seemingly not dangerously hurt.

The shooting took place at 8:55 this morning as the Premier was leaving his home in Rue Franklin to go to the war office. The assassin was an ordinary looking man, dressed as a workman. Five shots were fired, of which one took effect in the Premier's shoulder. The assassin was arrested.

GRAPPLED WITH ASSAILANT.

Policeman Gourlat, who was wounded in the right eye, although not seriously, by one of the shots, said that Premier Clemenceau rushed up to his would-be assassin and grappled with him. The Premier's wound is not regarded as dangerous in itself, but it is felt that there might be serious consequences. About 11 o'clock this morning, however, it was officially announced that M. Clemenceau was not seriously wounded. An enormous crowd, which observed respectful quiet, gathered near Clemenceau's residence after the occurrence. Within half an hour President Poincare arrived. He was quickly followed by varibus members of the cabinet, high officials of the government, and representatives of the army and navy, as well as of the diplomatic corps. It was learned at the city hall that the would-be assassin of Premier Clemenceau was a man named Emile Cottin, 25 years old, and born at Creil. The man said his home was in the Montroux quarter of Paris, but the police believe he is a Russian.

A LEADING STATESMAN.

Georges Clemenceau has been one of the leading statesmen of France for decades, but it was not until the critical stages of the great war came and he took the reins and guided the country through the end of the struggle that he became the world-renowned figure that he is today. With the war ended, Clemenceau has continued at the head of the French Government during the trying peace-making period. He presided at the Peace Conference. Of an extremely vigorous and aggressive personality, Premier Clemenceau, while attracting to himself a large and warmly loyal following, has as well determined and outspoken opponents.

Premier Clemenceau, while formally classed as a radical, has come to be known in later years as the representative of the rather more moderate elements. Extremists have accused him of giving his policies too much of an imperialistic trend.

Clemenceau was credited at first with being opposed to the plan for a League of Nations in its broader phases, expressing preference for a balance of power secured by France, Great Britain, the United States and Italy. His representatives, however, have joined freely in the work of framing the covenant of the League, and with some references express approval of it as it was laid before the Peace Conference. Despite his advanced years—he is 76 years of age—Clemenceau has continued in recent months to justify the sobriquet of "The Tiger," which long has been applied to him, going through the trying work of the Peace Conference with its many long consultations without often showing signs of fatigue.

FARMER WINS IN NORTH ONTARIO

J. W. WIDDIFIELD BEATS OUT MAJOR CAMERON BY MAJORITY OF 284.

Beaverton, Feb. 19.—North Ontario will be represented in the Legislature at the coming session by a farmer. After one of the most rigorously fought campaigns in the history of the riding the U. F. O. standard bearer, J. W. Widdifield was returned by a majority of 284 (with one or two polls to hear from) over his Conservative opponent, Major Harry Cameron.

The election of J. W. Widdifield raises an interesting question as to the attitude he and his runningmate, Bowman of Manitoulin, will tacitly ally themselves with the Liberal opposition seems likely, for though both made claims to independence, their election was made possible by the united support of Liberals assisted by farmer Conservatives.

The vote showed that while the towns and villages with the exception of Mr. Widdifield's home village of Brechin went strongly for Cameron the rural districts went heavily against him. Major Cameron polled a majority of 217 in Beaverton and 144 in Cannington.

With one poll out Widdifield had a total of 2,665 and Cameron 2,381, a majority of 284.

WOUNDING OF CLEMENCEAU DELAYS WORK OF COUNCIL

Had Personal Charge of Matters Having to do With Early Peace Treaty.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 19.—The bullet which entered Clemenceau's left shoulder has been found near the right shoulder, but has not yet been extracted. The patient coughs considerably but no complications are expected. The Premier's chauffeur, Drabant, was slightly wounded.

Delegates to the Peace Conference when they learned of the attempt upon Premier Clemenceau's life today, began to consider the effect of the event upon their own plans in connection with the Conference. Belief was expressed that there would not be any great delay in the executing of the comprehensive plans laid out for the proceedings of the Peace Conference during the absence of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson. Premier Clemenceau, when he was shot, was on his way to a conference with Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, concerning more rapid procedure before the Supreme Council. Owing to the fact that Clemenceau had in hand personally certain subjects now under negotiation, it follows that so far as these are concerned there must be a suspension of activity for the time being as they refer to the consummation of an early treaty of peace.

Canada Gets Trade Worth $50,000,000

Paris, Feb. 19.—Contracts have just been concluded by which Canada will furnish credits of $25,000,000 each to France and Roumania, the credits to be expended in the purchase of important necessities in Canada.

Negotiations for a similar loan, it is said, are under way between Belgium and Canada.

The French and Roumanian credits will be expended aproximately as follows:—One-fifth for raw materials, one-fifth for foodstuffs, and three-fifths for manufactured materials.

Roumania, among other things, plans to replenish her badly depleted herds of cattle.

The arrangements for the loan have been made by Canadian Government officials who are attending the Peace Conference here.

The Canadian loans are the first of what are expected to be a series of similar transactions by which the Entente Allies will replenish their grain stocks by purchases in countries which have large reserves. The possibilities of making contracts with South American countries are being discussed. It is known that discussions have been in progress for some time between England and Argentina. Australia, which has vast supplies of wheat and hides, also is mentioned as a possibility for trade, but it is doubtful whether she would be able to stand the financial strain of granting credits.

Protest Signing Of New Armistice

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, Feb. 19.—Telegrams of protest against the signing of the new armistice are pouring into the National Assembly and one from Berlin demands that a period of national mourning be ordered.

C. N. Grain Elevator Threatened by Fire

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Port Arthur, Feb. 19.—The world's largest grain elevator, with thousands of bushels of wheat, was seriously threatened by fire this morning when an old work house nearby was destroyed by flames. The damage was trifling.

Russians Decline Offer To Confer

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 19.—The formal rejection of the proposal that they meet with the delegates of the Bolshevik and other Russian governments at Prinkipo Islands was handed to the Peace Conference at Paris today by representatives of the governments of Siberia, Archangel, and Southern Russia.

ELEVEN MORE ON TRAIN FOR HOME

ANOTHER SQUAD OF VETERANS MAY REACH CITY THIS EVENING.

Eleven soldiers left Montreal for Peterborough this morning at 9:40 o'clock, according to word received at the office of the city clerk from Kingston this afternoon.

Names are not furnished, and the train upon which they are travelling is not indicated, although it is thought that it is the International Limited, which is due to leave Montreal at 9:30, but which may have been ten minutes late.

There is a local train which leaves by the Grand Trunk at 9:40, but it is thought that with only ten minutes' difference in the time of departure the boys would be sent via the International, which will get them to Port Hope in time to catch the 5:30 train to the city this evening.

Local Soldiers On Their Way Home

The following men reached Halifax, for Peterborough, per Steamer Princess Juliana, on the 17th and left for home the same evening.

Pte. R. B. Bell, R. R. No. 4, Peterborough,

Pte. P. J. Lavery, 109 George St.

Arrived at St. John, per Steamer Metagama, on the 18th, and left for home the same evening,

Staff-Sergt. H. J. Pall.

Are Battling For The Franchise

Kitchener, Feb. 19.—"Knotty" Lee, who is completing the organization of the Ontario-Michigan League, was in the city Tuesday and conferred with some of the backers of the proposed Kitchener franchise respecting the organization meeting to be held in Saginaw next Monday. It was learned that Guelph intends sending a delegation to the organization meeting with a view to making a bid for the franchise, but there will be very little chance if the determination of the local backers is any criterion.

"Knotty" Lee stated that no city in the circuit is more favorably situated for the operation of a baseball franchise than Kitchener, and with a fast team of ball players should be a winner. The baseball fans of Waterloo are also interested in securing the franchise for this city and will be represented on the directorate.

A meeting of the baseball enthusiasts of the city will be held on Friday evening to organize and appoint delegates to the organization meeting in Saginaw.

MR. MEHARRY WINS CASE IN COURT

HALL AND BIRNIE SCORE EVERY POINT IN THEIR CONTENTION

At todays' sitting of the Supreme Court, which opened yesterday, Mr. Justice Rose gave his decision in regard to the action of John Meharry against the Auburn Woollen Mills to compel the defendants to fulfill the terms of a contract into which they had entered when he purchased from the Auburn Company a gravel pit on September 8, 1915.

His Lordship upheld the contention of the plaintiff and ordered the specific performance of the contract as well as the payment of damages covering the loss sustained by Mr. Meharry by the removal of gravel from the pit in the meantime.

Mr. E. R. Hall and his partner, Mr. J. T. Birnie, represented the interests of Mr. Meharry, the plaintiff, who was successful in the suit. Mr. Strachan Johnston of Toronto and Mr. Fordyce Strickland were solicitors for the defendants. Argument was heard in the case yesterday, and decision was withheld until today.

This afternoon the action of Kearns vs. Hall is engaging the attention of the court. This case concerns the ownership and conduct of a mine and Mr. G. N. Gordon and Mr. Birnie are retained by Mr. E. R. Hall, while Mr. J. Guise-Bagley is presenting the claim of the plaintiff.

Paderewski Will Have An Opponent

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 19.—General Pilsudski, formerly military dictator of Poland has resigned his military post to contest the presidency of the Polish Republic with Paderewski.

ASSOCIATION ASKS FOR A STATE OWNED PHONE SYSTEM

Also Insist Upon Right to Elect Representative to the Hydro Commission.

Toronto, Feb. 19.—The executive of the Ontario Municipal Electrical Association, minus the president, Mayor T. L. Church, called upon Sir William Hearst yesterday for a heart to heart talk. The ostensible purpose of the visit was to submit to the Prime Minister the resolutions, at the annual meeting of the association last November, but the real reason was to reiterate the demand of the Hydro Municipalities that they be given a representative upon the provincial Hydro-Electric Commission.

At the annual meeting one of the resolutions passed asked for legislation to permit the municipalities to elect one member of the commission. A similar resolution had been passed at other meetings, but the recent death of W. K. McNaught, C.M.G., which left a vacancy on the commission has changed the situation materially and the municipal representatives believe that the time is now opportune to press their claim upon the Government.

The resolutions submitted to the Prime Minister called for an investigation of the feasibility of a publicly-owned telephone system, repeal of the Federal Act giving the Toronto-Niagara Power Company extraordinary rights on the streets, repayment to the Hydro of expenditures made to supply emergency power for munitions, provincial representation of the International Waterways Commission, a petition to the Federal Government, against alienating surplus waterpowers of the province, the appointment of J. W. Lyon, president of the Hydro-Electric Railway Association, to the Senate and declared in favor of all municipalities, commissions, etc., giving preference in employment to returned soldiers.

AIR LINE OPENS IN FEW WEEKS

AERIAL CRAFT SOON TO PLY BETWEEN TORONTO AND HAMILTON.

New York, Feb. 19.—This mornings Tribune prints the following: a With 400 airplanes recently purchased from the Canadian Government, Roy U. Conger announced yesterday that the United Air Craft Engineering Company proposed to start an aerial passenger and freight line between Toronto and Hamilton, Canada. Service will begin in a few weeks.

"We are now concentrating the machines at Leaside, near Toronto," said Mr. Conger, who made the purchase of the flying craft. "We were given two months in which to get them together. Before we go any further we want to ascertain the cost per passenger mile and per freight mile. That is what the Toronto-Hamilton linew ill give us, and on that will depend future operations."

James Simpson is back in Toronto from New Zealand, where he took part in a prohibition campaign.

CADET ADAMSON HAS GONE WEST

APPOINTED MATHEMATICAL TEACHER IN THE CALGARY COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Cadet Wm. S. Adamson, upon getting his discharge from the Canadian Engineers after the signing of the armistice, has been engaged on the staff of the Calgary Collegiate Institute as mathematical teacher.

He is an honor graduate and specialist in mathematics of Queen's University, Kingston. He left here on the Monday afternoon C. P. R. express for his destination via Chicago, to commence his duties on the first day of March. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs Harry T. Adamson of North Monaghan.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Was Gifted Orator

BISHOP OF TORONTO PAYS A GRACEFUL TRIBUTE TO DEAD STATESMAN.

The Bishop of Toronto gave out the following statement yesterday:

"In the sudden and unexpected passing of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which came as a great shock to the whole community, the Dominion of Canada loses one of its most outstanding sons, and the political party to which he belonged its most eminent leader and exponent. Of high intellectual attainments, of splendid oratorical gifts, and a fascinating presence and address, his power to sway vast audiences was admitted on all hands. Of his prominent position and the honors conferred upon him by King and country, his French-Canadian compatriots were justly proud, and no man wielded a greater influence in the Province of Quebec than did its most distinguished native, Wilfrid Laurier. The State, the Church and people to which he belonged, and the capital of the Dominion, where he was so long a familiar figure, with multitudes of friends and admirers, have sustained a great and irreparable loss by his death."

At a meeting of the Third Battalion Association Mayor Ward Wright stated that it was expected the 3rd Battalion would arrive in Toronto in May.

Mrs. Ann's Phillips, a widow living alone, was burned to death at her home in Picton

LABOR BUREAU IS NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS IN THIS CITY

Two Veterans in Charge of the Office in Basement of Charlbond Apartments.

Peterborough's branch of the Provincial Labor Bureau, the offices of which are situated in the basement of the Charlbond building on Charlotte street, is now ready for business, with Mr. Hugh Robertson, a returned man, of this city, as superintendent in charge, and Capt. Morrison, representing the Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment Commission of the Dominion Government, on duty to look after the interests of the soldier and his dependents.

The office has not been completely furnished as yet, nor have stenographers been engaged, but nevertheless the representatives are ready to take care of any applications from employers or employes and have already placed quite a number of men in positions and have the names and particulars of others on file.

Employers of the city have assured the representatives of their co-operation, and the attention of the public should be drawn to the fact that this bureau eliminates the work of the G. W. V. A. and other organizations which have been assisting heretofore along these lines.

It takes charge of the unemployment problems of the city and contracts to look after the interests of men seeking work and employers on the lookout for labor.

The departmental stores of the city are reminded that their needs can be filled at the Bureau as well as that of other establishments looking for help.

There are four cards upon which data concerning the applicant's qualifications can be filled. The first is a general card to cover ordinary cases, the second is for farm help, another for women's work and the last for special callings such as clerical work, etc.

Employers who are looking for men are reminded that the Employment Bureau on Charlotte street is now the only agency through which they can secure assistance in getting the right man for the right place. The two representatives are there as an intermediary between the employer and the man who is looking for work and their duty is to collect all particulars concerning the man and after considering his case thoroughly send him to a position suitable to his qualifications.

Mr. Robertson is the superintendent and is the appointee of the Provincial Government and as such looks after the interests of all men seeking employment and of the employers. Capt. Morrison, who is the president of the local branch of the G. W. V. A. is the representative of the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Commission and his duties will consist chiefly of looking after the interests of the returned soldier, seeing that he gets employment and giving him information regarding his back pay, pensions and other gratuity funds.

Both representatives are veterans and are well qualified for the positions to which they have been appointed. They are optimistic in their outlook as regards the valuable services they will be able to render in their present capacities, and the earnestness with which they regard the task confronting them augurs well for success and claims for them the consideration and co-operation of the citizens of this city who are employers of labor and who have it in their power to assist them materially in the solution of the local unemployment problem.

Men out of work should file their names and all particulars at the office of the bureau at once. It is on Charlotte street and can be easily identified by the gilt letters upon the window announcing its purpose. It is situated in the basement of the Charlbond apartments, which stand on the former location of the old Snowdon House.

Canon Tucker, London, Ont., speaking to the Anglican Laymen's banquet in Toronto, urged that aliens be barred from Canada.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19 1919

LABOR AND THE TARIFF.

ONE OF THE PLANKS of the platform of the Independent Labor Party deals with the question of the tariff in a manner which appears to commit the new organization to the principle of free trade. Local labor unions have adopted resolutions of protest recently against the action of the Government in suspending by order-in-Council the customs duty on certain articles of American manufacture, articles that could have been made here by Peterborough workmen. As a result of this administrative relaxation, most in this city were thrown out of work and several millions of Canadian money found its way to the coffers of the American manufacturers.

The Great War Veterans, at their meeting on Monday night, protested against the proposed action of the Hydro Commission in sending to Sweden for electric machinery that could be made right in this city, where so many electrical workers are now out of employment, and where one of the greatest plants of the kind in America is running with its working staff reduced. The supplies in question will be brought from Sweden because, on account of the cheaper labor in that country, they can be produced for less money. The cost to the Hydro Commission will be further cut by the admission of these articles free of duty, because they are required for public use.

There is scarcely a resident of Peterborough who is interested in the welfare of the city who will fail to back up the protest of Organized Labor and the Veterans. It is an insane policy that imports cheap products of foreign labor while CCnadian workingmen are on the verge of want and Canadian factories lack orders.

What further proof do the workingmen of the city, the members of the new Labor party included, require, to demonstrate the value of the tariff to their own interests? Free trade means their idleness, or, what is little better, the cheap scale of wages that prevails in Sweden and other European countries. The printers in this city and throughout Canada work with linotype machines that are made in the United States by American labor and are imported into this country duty free. No Canadian enterprise will ever undertake the manufacture of these machines at home until they are afforded protection against the foreign competitor. If Organized Labor's mission is to help the wage-earners of all classes, it cannot accomplish its purpose by advocating any policy that will interfere with the expansion of Canadian industry.

BYE-ELECTIONS AND PROHIBITION.

SOME YEARS AGO the question of the total prohibition of the liquor traffic was referred to the voters of Ontario, who declared for the abolition of the traffic by a majority of over ninety thousand. Three years ago over eighty per cent. of the electors of the Province signed a petition asking the Legislature to adopt war-time prohibition. There is no doubt as to the sentiment of the majority of Ontario with regard to the temperance question. That sentiment, as demonstrated on two notable occasions, cannot have undergone a marked change. How comes it, then, that the bye-elections of the past shows dwindling majorities for the Hearst Government, an administration against which no serious charge has ever been brought? To what extent does the temperance question account for these apparent expressions of lack of public confidence?

The people of Ontario are still in favor of prohibition. The figures of the majority show that it is unreasonable to conclude that there has been a reversal of public opinion. There is, however, a growing feeling of opposition to some of the provisions of the Ontario Temperance Act, a measure which has been in effect for two and a half years, long enough to have carried it beyond the experimental stage, and to have afforded the Administration an opportunity to amend its defects.

For one thing, the Ontario Temperance Act embodies too much of class legislation, something the democratic spirit of the age will not tolerate. It gives the rich man an unfair advantage over the one in less opulent circumstances. There is no limit as to the amount of liquor a man of means can keep in his cellar. Let the poor man show extravagance in this regard, and the officers of the law are allowed scope to celebrate that lapse of necessity by keeping the liquor for sale, and to penalize him accordingly. This feature of the law is a survival of the fallacy that the poor are more disposed to law-breaking than are the wealthy.

The people of the Province object to the almost autocratic powers that are given the officers in enforcing the Temperance Act. The right of search is practically unlimited. No man's home, supposed to be his castle, is free from the riot of a raid. A policeman or a license inspector can stop a citizen on the street, if the latter is carrying a suit case or a club bag, and search through his baggage for a hidden bottle of liquor. Any self-respecting member of a civilized community naturally objects to public humiliation.

The Ontario Temperance Act makes an invidious distinction, too, between the man who lives in a home of his own and the one who is under the necessity of dwelling in a boarding house. The former can keep liquor in his residence, the latter, provided there are three others under the same roof as himself, cannot do so. The inference is that he is selling the liquor to his fellow lodgers.

The hotelkeeper is hardly given a fair show under the Act. It is only natural that extra care should be taken to prevent the illicit sale of liquor in such places or even the keeping of it on hand, but in hotels, open as they are to all classes of the public, there are certain to arise infractions of the letter of the law which the most vigilant hotelkeeper is powerless to avert. If a boarder in a hotel brings liquor upon the premises and conceals it in some part of the building, the law assumes that the hotelkeeper is responsible, when in reality it is likely that he knew nothing about it. Why, then, should the hotelkeeper be made to answer for the offence of another? If an employe carries liquor to his place of employment and is detected, he is called to account, not the man for whom he works, and the same principle should be applied to all cases.

The Ontario Temperance Act is a voluminous document that should be cut down and revised so that all could have at least a fair idea of its meaning, as every man and woman in the Province is directly interested in its operation. If ignorance of the law excuses no one, then care should be taken to make such a law of easier popular interpretation. The opinions of magistrates do not always agree. Only the other day a man in Toronto was fined for having liquor in his possession in a place other than his residence, because he was caught on the street with a bottle in his pocket. It was offered in evidence that he had secured the liquor on a doctor's order, and was on his way home with it when arrested, but in the opinion of the magistrate this was not sufficient to save him. This question of transfer from one place to another has never been made quite clear even to the trained judicial intellect. There should be no private monopoly in the sale of liquor under prohibition, as has been the case in Ontario since the Act went into operation. That matter should be under Government control, and if there is any profit it should go to the public fund, not to swell a private fortune. If the use of liquor is to be allowed for certain purposes, then the facilities for securing it should be increased. It is announced that at the coming session of the Legislature this feature of the Act is to be amended, and if that is done the change will meet with general approval.

Ontario wants prohibition, but demands a measure under the operation of which discrimination between classes, persecutions, and the arbitrary exercise of authority by officials shall be impossible. The best principle on earth, if crystalized in an Act of Parliament, will eventually fall into disfavor if abuses are permitted in connection with its enforcement.

A REIGN OF TERRORISM.

IN BROCKVILLE recently a belated customer called on a dealer who was preparing to close his store for the night, and asked for a bottle of talcum powder, which he procured for twenty-five cents. As soon as the customer reached the sidewalk the dealer called him back, saying that he had forgotten to affix a revenue stamp to the package. The customer, who was really a "spotter," told him that it was now too late, and added that the dealer would have a chance to explain the matter in the police court next day. That was what happened, and the man who sold the powder was fined $53 for a mistake which he would have corrected had he not been denied the opportunity. Half of the fine goes in such cases to the lynx-eyed individual who lays the information.

Another "spotter" made the rounds of the drug stores in Kitchener, and in each asked for an article that is rarely sold, and the use, or at least the proper function of which is not quite clear, there being some doubt as to whether it is to be regarded as a patent medicine. None of the dealers, it seems, stamped the articles, and every one of them was summoned to appear before the magistrate. The latter was in a quandary and stated that he could not decide the cases until he wrote to Ottawa and found out from headquarters whether the articles in question required a revenue stamp.

If a skilled lawyer, sitting as a magistrate on the bench, is unable to decide such an issue, how in the name of all reason is a layman expected to settle such matters offhand? Dealers everywhere are objecting to the injustice of the Stamp Act and to the persecutions which are possible under it. The basis of their protest is the lack of clearness as to what should and should not be stamped, a question which, apparently, puzzles the magistrates and revenue officers just as much as it does the dealers.

One of the most common complaints heard today has regard to the multiplicity of laws on the statute books, war enactments and otherwise. Orders-in-Council followed each other in rapid succession and are not now entirely dispensed with, even if peace has been restored. It has been impossible for the average man to keep track of all these enactments. The best-intentioned citizen have been liable at any time to violate some law or other, and ignorance is not taken as an excuse. Dealers whose reputation for integrity is above suspicion have been subjected to the humiliation of a police court scandal and fine. All sorts of latitude is allowed the magistrate who deals with such cases, and a variety of opinions have been handed down.

Another objectionable feature is that the passing of such laws breeds an army of "spotters," who are given a premium for the cases that they work up, and a man willing to take up that class of public service is likely to make it his highest business aim to induce dealers to commit an offence rather than to help them observe the law by explaining to them their duty. Neither can the dollar rely upon the rulings of the magistrate or the revenue officer, both of whom are as much in the dark as himself.

No Government can hope to retain the confidence of a community that is living under what has in these cases become a regime of terror. People in any walk of life are not made law-abiding or contented citizens by a process of intimidation. A constant suspicion that every stranger purchaser may be a "spotter" does not add to the gaiety of the commercial world. Every man in business is entitled to the protection of the law, and no one can blame him if he objects to being made the subject of exploitation by a band of self-constituted private detectives, men who are willing to take up a vocation which does not appeal to the majority of mankind.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

TALKING OF disarmament, why not disarm the Toronto police force so as to make that city safe for the inoffensive stranger?

* * * * *

PRESIDENT WILSON is well advised to hurry home, affairs in the American Congress calling for the guidance of a master hand.

Questions On General Knowledge

The class in general information will now take pad and pencil, said the high school teacher, and write answers to these questions. They have nothing to do with what you learned at school, but I want to see how much yo uhave picked up out of school. You have read and heard lately a number of words. Let us see how closely you observe and how accurately you think:

1. Spaca Flow—Where is it? What took place there?
2. The Spartacus group—What is meant by it?
3. What are the reds? What is the meaning of the red flag?
4. What is bolshevism? And what is the difference between it and socialism?
5. What is the difference between socialism and archy? How does each of these differ from democracy?
6. What is the Almanach de Gotha?
7. Wha tis meant in Russia by soviet?
let? Cadet? Soldier's and Workmen's council?
8. What is communism? The commune?
9. Why did the Russians change the name St. Petersburg to Petrograd and the French change Strasbourg to Strasbourg?
10. What is the landtag? The bundesrath? The reichstag? The chambre des deputes? Parliament? Congress?
11. Define profiteer, slacker, bolshevik, poilu, boche, camouflage, destroyer, Zeppelin, gas mask.
12. Define altruist, idealist, reactionary, conservative, liberal, radical, opportunist, internationalist, defeatist, chauvinist, imperialist, junker, pacifist, militarist.
13. Who are the Slavs, Czecho-Slavs, Jugo Slave, Croats, Ruthenians, Montenegrins, Bulgars, Lithuanians, Esthonians, Finns, Letts, Poles Ukrainians, Swiss, Swedes, Armenians? And where do they live?
14. What is a Russophile? An Anglo-phobiac?
15. Why is the word sometimes spelled Serbia and sometimes Servia? Also why Havana and sometimes Habana?
16. How do you pronounce Wemyss, Beatty, Clemenceau, Foch?
17. Who are these men and tell some one important thing each did: Wilson, Lloyd George, Orlando, Masaryk, Liebknecht, Bolo, Trotzky, King Hsakon, Hoover, Schwab, Gompers, Kitchener, Foch, Haig, Hindenburg, Pershing, Diaz, Carranza, Allenby?
18. What do these words mean to you? Kerensky, proletariat, bourgeoisie, freedom of the seas, entente, armistice, Castelnau, Byng, Chateau Thierry, Verdun, convoy, periscope, Big Bertha, soixantequinze, repatriation, autonomy, morale?
19. Tell the difference between a president (of the U.S.A.) and a premier (of England) and between a president and a king.

WIT AND WISDOM

Non-Injurious.

"Do you think that cigarettes are injurious?"

"They have never hurt me."

"How many do you smoke a day?"

"None."

Paging.

A bellhop passed through the hall of the hotel, whistling loudly.

"Young man," said the manager, sternly, "you should know that it is against the rules of this hotel for an employe to whistle while on duty."

"I am not whistling, sir," replied the boy. "I'm paging Mrs. Jones' dog."

Anxious To Oblige.

"Waiter, you might ask the gentleman who's helping me to read my paper if he's quite ready for me to turn over."

The kaiser's health, says a contemporary, is still a cause of anxiety. Not to Canadians.

"Would the party who removed petticoat from the railway fence, between 11th and 12th, kindly return same and save further expostre."—Provincial Paper.

In the interests of propriety we trust this appeal has been responded to.

Ambiguous.

Pittsburgh paper contains an advertisement: "One large furnished room for gentleman with kitchenette." We know a gentleman with a bay window. Will he do?

She Meant It.

Admiral Sims said at a dinner in Paris:

"You must act quickly when you fight the submarine. No hesitancy, no delay. If you see delay or hesitancy, squash it as mercilessly as the young lady did.

"A young man proposed to a young lady, but several months went by, and nothing was said about marriage.

"One evening, as he folded her a little closer to his breast, the young man murmured:

"'I saw an interesting ad. today—an all-wool suit for $14.'

"'A wedding suit?' she asked.

"'No, dear; a business suit.'

"She looked him calmly and coldly in the eye.

"'I mean business,' she said."

Chinese pineapple cloth is made from the leaf fibres of that plant, extracted by hand labor, 100 pounds of leaves yielding about one pound of fibre.

To prevent fires, a filling tube for gasoline tanks on stoves or automobiles is surrounded by a fine mesh wire screen, through which flame cannot pass.

Wood's Thanpholine.

The Great English Remedy. Restores Lost Vitality, Nervousness and Impotency. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

TAFT PAYS TRIBUTE

Laurier Will be Mourned Everywhere, He Declares.

Portland, Orc., Feb. 19. — When apprised by the Associated Press of the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, ex-President William Howard Taft expressed keen regret. ('I am very sorry to learn that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has passed away," said Mr. Taft.

"He was a very remarkable man. At the head of the Canadian Government for fifteen years, he performed the task of maintaining a solid party of French and British Canadians under the Liberal banner and did much for the advancement of Canada. He had a capacity of attracting to him friends who followed him with intense loyalty and with the greatest admiration. He will be greatly mourned not only in Canada, but everywhere.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says one thing the world needs is more honor in business life and every contract should be abrogated to the very letter.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A little learning is a dangerous thing for the amateur skater.

It is better to be up with the lark than down with the measles.

There is no rhyme for silver, but it jingles with gold very nicely.

An old toper says the sweets of life are always mixed with the bitters.

Political fences are usually of the old fashioned stake and rider pattern.

The man who considers his own faults has but little to say concerning the faults of others.

Perhaps all things come to him who waits, but there are many things not worth waiting for.

An Ohio minister objects to skating on the ground that it has a tendency to promote backsliding.

It is impossible to suppress the man who thinks he can tell a funny story.

A man may feel as young at 50 as he did at 26, but he doesn't know half as much.

There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip, but there is only one between a man and the sidewalk.

Always speak to your barber when you meet him on the street. It's about the only time you can get in a word.

Gunner A. Rushmore of Chatham, who is with Gen. Allenby's forces in Palestine, has sent his mother some flowers picked in the Garden of Gethsemane.

Great War Veterans in Alberta expressed strong objections to certain provisions in the Land Settlement Act.

Shall Pupils Tell Tales On Others?

Oak Park high school students in Chicago were stremble. And why shouldn't they be? Weren't they going to find out who those awful "anitchers" were? And if a charming little lass wants to play "hooky" and go to the movies, whose concern is it anyway? And which is the worse, to play hooky or to "snitch?"

All these questions were to be settled before the assembled students at a Lincoln day celebration today. And then there was to be an investigation of an alleged "inner circle," which some of the students claim, is an organized band of "tattlers." And now they're going to find out all about it. Yes, sir, they are.

It all came about because dainty little Miss Unknown went to the movie show. Somebody saw her and ran all the way to tell Prof. M. R. McDaniel. He called her in and called her down. She told her chum and her chum told her chum and that chum told another chum, and it went over the whole school. And then every body got excited. And now they're going to settle it.

Prof. McDaniel says its ridiculous. He hasn't any spies among the students. A teacher happened to see the recalcitrant miss at the show and told him. He said there was an "inner circle" in the school, but it was an organization fostered by the Y. M. C. A. to have brighter pupils help duller ones and to fight the cigaret evil. The last thing its members would do would be to snitch, he said.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

I had a dime yestidday, and I was jest going to put it in the new bank I got for Krissman, wen I thawt, Shall I put it in beer or shall I spend it? Thinking if I put it in beer Ill still have it, but if I spend it Ill prolerly never see it agen. I gess I better put it in beer.

And I started to put it in the bank agen and all of a suddin I thawt, G, I know, Ill toss it up, and if it comes heds Ill put it in the bank, and if it comes tales Ill spend it.

And I tossed it up, and it came heds.

G, I thawt, heds, G. O well, the best 2 out of 3 is the boy way to toss up, Ill toss it up agen. Wich I did, and wat did it come but heds agen, me thinking, Well, Ill toss it up once more, and if it comes heds agen Ill put it in the bank and be done with it.

And I tossed it up agen, tossing it up sareflI, but wen it came down it was still heds.

You dum dime, dont you know you got a tales, too? I sed. And I thawt, Ill toss it up jest one more time, and this will be the last, I dont care wat it comes.

And I tossed it up agen and it came down tales.

That settles it, Ill spend it, I thawt.

Wich I did.

WILL CALL CAUCUS

To Appoint Temporary Leader of Liberal Party

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Leaders of the opposition for the session will be determined at a liberal caucus which will be called at the earliest possible date, possibly on Thursday. It will be summoned by J. A. Robb, M.P., chief opposition whip.

In the natural course of procedure the caucus will be followed by a national convention at which a permanent leader will be chosen. As chief whip, Mr. Robb is for the time being acting head of the party.

EMPIRE THEATRE Wednesday and Thursday

MADGE EVAN and JOHNNY HINES in "NEIGHBORS,"
A Charming Story Laid in a quaint New England Town

America's Serial Supreme "THE EAGLE'S EYE" with KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW. Chapter 10 "THE INVASION OF CANADA," 2 parts.

MAX FIGMAN in a Metro Comedy "HIS BIRTHDAY GIFT"

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS, EVENINGS 15 CENTS

THE STRAND,

TO-DAY PRESENTS

"PARENTAGE,"

If you want to see a play that mirrors the life of you and your neighbors see "PARENTAGE", a message.

Also MARIE WALCAMP in another lively Chapter of "LION'S CLAWS".

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

THE POTENT GOLD.

(By Mrs. A. F. Calder.)

Tho 'the sage may be in council hall,
The wisest counsellor of them all,
Earnest, and eloquent in debate,
Most pilot to guide the ship of state,
With the brilliant talents, all combined,
And genius of a master mind,
A leader born, of a godlike mould,
Yet he neede must have the potent gold.
For the poor man's wisdom still we find
Despised, neglected, out of mind.

The bravest warrior, undismayed,
That ever drew a battle blade,
Adventures freely in fiercest fight
Both limb and life for Freedom's right;
Champion, patriot, proud to stand
Against all odds for his native land;
Tho' he win bright laurels, and carve his name
Deep on the deathless roll of fame,
His country's gratitude soon grows cold,
And he's down and out if he lacks the gold.

The bard may strike the enchanting lyre
To emulate a seraph choir,
In rapturous melody outpour
Sweet songs of high and heavenly lore,
Yet very vain, his honest hope to win
Honors' just meed at home or 'mong his kin;
And Fame, the false, fickle jade ingrate,
'Gainst undowered merit bars the gate;
Are, Swift oblivion will enfold
The bard who lacks the potent gold.

The sage's wisdom, the soldier's deeds,
Still in vain for remembrance plead;
The patriot's warm devotion fail,
Naught, the song of the bard avail,
To save them from the lot destined
Of being to neglect consigned,
For, alas, this is the common lot
Of those who fortune favors not,
And Fame's tributes are but sparsely doled
To those who lack the potent gold.

WILL DEPORT ALIENS

No Consideration For Those Who Advocate Country.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Aliens found advocating destruction of property or overthrow of the government by force will be deported under the provisions of the immigration act of February 5, 1917. This announcement was made today by Secretary of Labor Wilson in a letter sharply rebuking Micrometer Lodge 460, International Association of Machinists, of Brooklyn, for protesting against the deportation of 38 "alien radicals." The secretary denied that the aliens were being deported without due process of law, and asserted that they had been given fair trials.

Mr. Wilson reiterated his previously announced decision that no person would be arrested simply for joining the Industrial Workers of the World, but that any alien advocating sabotage or anarchy would be deported.

A machine for making stick candy has been invented that has a daily capacity of 300 pounds.

Iron ore is found in almost every Chinese province but it is mined extensively in only a few.

An acre of good fishing ground will produce more food in a week than an acre of land in a year.

Armenia has a copper mine that has been operated without interruption since prehistoric times.

Lightness is the chief claim for an aluminum billiard cue that a Nebraska inventor has patented.

12 First Run New Reels

ROYAL

Double show For Single Admission 16c

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAM TO-NIGHT—SPLENDID DRAMAS & COMDIES

GLADYS LESLIE
In the Story, in 5 Parts, of a Girl who believed in the sacrif ce of Love
"FORTUNE'S CHILD"

GREAT WAR REVIEW
The Allies Official War Picture Showing Different War Films

Episode of the Million Dollar Serial "THE IRON TEST," in 2 Parts
"THE MAN EATER"

Women's Munitions Of England
Britian's Bulwarks—Official War Pictures

This is an out-of-the-ordinary Program with some of the big Screen Stars. Worth Double Price of Admission

Big V Comedy with Harry Semon "HUMBUGS AND HUSBANDS"

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

Cardio-vascular degeneration (arterial hardening, heart muscle failure, Bright's disease and apoplexy) now destroys more lives than any other disease affecting adults. The prevention of cardio-vascular disease is strictly a matter of personal hygiene personal health education.

But respiratory infection is by all odds the greatest cause of disability and of sickness and expense and suffering and inefficiency which sickness entails, not only in adult life but in infancy, childhood, youth and advanced age. The prevention of respiratory infection is a matter not alone of personal hygiene and personal health instruction, but also of common courtesy and of public health administration.

A man or woman may live as he or she sees fit, may develop cardio-vascular disease and succumb prematurely, and it is strictly his or her own affair. But when anybody has an alleged "cold," "the grip," "the flu," pneumonia, diphtheria, acute bronchitis, acute sore throat or tonsilitis or quinsy, pulmonary tuberculosis, cerebrospinal meningitis, measles, scarlet fever, whooping cough or poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis), it is not merely a personal affair, it is an affair that seriously concerns the public welfare. To allow a respiratory infection to exist without isolation is certainly a crime against the public welfare and safety. Yet where is the health board, where is the health officer with the courage to insist upon the isolation of every individual known to have a respiratory infection? There is no such board and no such health officer, because, they say, the dear public is not yet intelligent enough to understand the reason for isolation of all these respiratory infections—or, in other words, Mrs. Grundy does not approve of any alterations of the old order.

Isolation is indeed vexation to a selfish person or an ignorant person. But why should we, the public, subject ourselves to needless risks just because the selfish and the ignorant object to keeping their diseases to themselves?

Take pneumonia. In New York state a few years ago the disease was made reportable, like diphtheria. Then, owing perhaps to Mrs. Grundy's frown, the state health authorities deleted pneumonia from the list of reportable infections for a spell. Then they seemed to get back a little more courage and they placed pneumonia on the list again.

One Test or More?

"A girl aged 23 has what is called inflammatory rheumatism. The doctor first thought her tonsils were the cause. She had them removed, without relief to the joints. Would you advise a change of doctors? Would outdoor air be harmful for such a case?

No, give the doctor a chance. Don't be a onetest rheumatic. There are various other tests yet; for instance, she hasn't had her teeth X-rayed, nor yet nasal accessory sinuses explored, for the focus. The doctor knows his business. Stick to him. Open air is certainly advisable for all other infections; it couldn't do any harm.

135 At 56.

"Kindly tell me through your columns how many degrees a man's blood pressure should be at the age of 56 years. J. J. M."

A healthy man of that age normally has a blood pressure of from 135 to 145 millimeters mercury. Variations of ten to twenty millimeters occur from temporary influences of diet, emotional conditions, tobacco, alcohol, physical activity, etc.

STOP CATARRHI OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, snuffing, blowing; no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head

London's Women Patrols.

By special sanction of the Home Secretary an experimental scheme is to be carried out in London for the formation of a small number of women police patrols under the control of the Metropolitan Commissioner of Police. Only about 100 women will be enrolled for the present, and preference will be given to candidates who have had experience of similar work in Government or other forces. The pay of the rank and file will be at the rate of 30s. per week, with a war bonus of 12s. per week, but provision will be made for a progressive rise of pay in the event of service extending beyond a year. For some time past the commissioner has employed a number of the women patrols of the National Union of Women Workers, but this arrangement will now be discontinued. The women will not be sworn in as constables, and will not have the special powers which are given to constables under certain statutes. They will, however, patrol streets and open spaces in the same way as the regular constable, for the purpose of preserving order and assisting the public, more especially those of their own sex. They will wear uniform dress, with the badges of the regular force, and be under the control of a superintendent and other women officers.

Compliments.

Among the most graceful compliments recorded in the byways of literature may be mentioned these: That of Leslie Stephen, as a boy, to his mother, who had asked him concerning his somewhat bearish father, "Did your father ever do anything just because it was pleasant?" "Yes, mother," responded the gallant young cavalier — "once — when he married you." That of Joseph Choate, when asked whom he would choose to be if not himself, "Mrs. Choate's second husband." That of Philip IV of Spain, himself a painter, tendered to a greater artist, Velasquez. When Velasquez had finished his famous picture "Las Meninas," which included not only Philip and his queen, but the artist himself, brush in hand, he asked the king, "Is anything wanting?" "One thing only," answered Philip; and taking the palette from Velasquez's hands, he painted on the breast of the artist's figure in the picture the Cross of the Order of Santiago, the most distinguished in Spain.

Denies Report Of Prince's Engagement

London, Feb. 19.—The Official Press Bureau says that a report from Paris of the impending announcement of the engagement of Princess Yolando, the eldest daughter of the King of Italy, and the Prince of Wales is unfounded. The report from Paris says that the French press in discussing the simultaneous presence in the French Capital of Queen Helena and Princess Yolando and the Prince of Wales. The French newspapers go so far as to say that the object of the Queen's visit is to fix a date for the formal engagement of the Princess and the Prince of Wales. The newspaper declares that the engagement may be expected immediately after the signing of the peace treaty, and that the wedding will take place early next spring.

Fisher Ignored An Order By Asquith

London, Feb. 19.—One of the most piquant stories of the war concerning the famous Admiral, Lord "Jackie" Fisher, First Sea Lord of the Admiralty during the Winston Churchill regime, has just been revealed. It was an open secret that the eternally belligerent Winston and the old sailor were not able long to keep the peace, and ultimately the latter threw up his job in a huff.

When Lord Fisher walked out of the Admiralty the fact was reported to Mr. Asquith, the Prime Minister, who sent for the great sailor. He could not be found, and Mr. Asquith wrote with his own hand the following letter to Lord Fisher:

"I order you in the King's name to return to your duty as First Sea Lord."

This letter was given to Sir Masterson Smith, Churchill's private secretary, with orders to hand it personally to Lord Fisher.

For two days a fruitless search was made for "Jackie," who had actually concealed himself in order, as he afterwards said, to protect himself from being "taken back to the Admiralty." When he was finally found he expressed himself in language which was lurid and decisive, and as a matter of fact he never returned to the Admiralty.

WIDOW BURNED TO DEATH AT PICTON

Picton, Feb. 19. — Mrs. Annie Philps, a widow, living alone, was burned to death by her clothing catching fire. It is presumed, while preparing the noon meal. Her niece, a Miss Williamson, and Mr. Ferguson, calling at 1:30, on finding the front door locked, made entrance by the back of the house, and found Mrs. Philps lying dead in the woodshed and the clothing that was not already burned off still smouldering. It is supposed that by removing the lid of the stove with her apron her clothing caught fire, and she rushed to the woodshed and succumbed. Mrs. Philps is a sister of the wife of W. H. Williamson, insurance agent here, and leaves two sisters and one brother.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Used in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3 per box. Sold by all druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Greatest Warship Afloat Constructed In England During Final Year of War

IN an article on shipbuilding the London Observer states the total outnut of the United Kingdom during 1918 of both naval and mercantile ships was 1,245 vessels of 1,876,411 tons and 4,349,260 horsepower.

"The wonder-work of the war period," says the Observer, "is to be found not in mercantile shipbuilding, but in naval, and, above all things, in naval engineering. On the Clyde alone during the war 461 vessels of 770,347 tons and 6,093,830 horsepower were constructed as additions to the naval strength of the country. In this total are included no merchant vessels ordered by the Government and no general service trawlers, tugs, or craft built on Government order.

"The list is composed of battleships, battle-cruisers, light cruisers, destroyers and submarines, together with armed merchant cruisers, seaplane carriers, monitors, mine-sweepers, those new vessels known as sloops, which are really little lighter than cruisers or low speed destroyers; gunboats, patrol boats, hospital steamships, and also the Q-boats and PQ-boats, of which so little could be said while the war was on, or even yet can be said.

"The battle-cruiser Hood was the greatest of all our mystery ships. She and the Rodney would have been the greatest surprise packages of the war. In speed and gun power they were to have exceeded anything afloat. Only the Hood, however, will be completed, as a great specimen of the latest in British naval architecture. All that exists of the Rodney will be scrapped.

"But it is really in marine engineering that the year 1918 and the war period as a whole have been extraordinary. The twelve months' record in production of ships' machinery is held by the Wallsend-on-Tyne, which turned out engines of 216,290 horse-power, but other firms have turned out machinery in amounts which would have been notable in normal times.

"The year 1916, however, was the year of the highest records, the Fairfield Company, on the Clyde, alone producing marine propelling machinery totalling 468,410 horsepower. This was the year when high-power destroyers were being turned out almost en masse by all firms to hunt down German submarines, and it will live for all time in the industrial annals of the United Kingdom as a year which contributed more than any other to the supremacy at sea which ultimately strangled Germany and compelled her to cry aloud for peace."

THE BABY KILLERS.

Official Figures Given of German Air Raids.

In raids on the United Kingdom by the Germans during the war, 5,611 persons were killed or injured, of whom 4,750 were civilians. An official summary of the casualties caused by German airships, airplanes and bombardments from the sea shows these casualties among civilians:

Killed.	
Men	554
Women	411
Children	295
Injured.	
Men	1,503
Women	1,810
Children	772

Three hundred and ten soldiers and sailors were killed and 551 were injured.

There were 51 raids by airships, causing the deaths of 498 civilians and the injury of 1,236, and the killing of 58 soldiers and sailors and the injuring of 121

In 59 airplane raids 649 civilians were killed and 1,656 were injured. In these raids 238 soldiers and sailors were killed and 400 injured.

In twelve bombardments from the sea 143 civilians were killed and 604 wounded, while 14 soldiers and sailors were killed and 30 injured.

The greatest losses inflicted by Zeppelins were in raids on Norfolk, Suffolk and the home counties of London on October 13, 1915, when 56 civilians and 17 soldiers and sailors were killed, and in the Eastern and the Midland Counties on January 31, 1916, in which 70 civilians were killed and 112 injured. The raid on Lincolnshire, Essex and Suffolk on March 31 of the same year caused the death of 17 civilians and 31 soldiers and sailors.

The most serious airplane raid was that at Margate, Essex, and London on June 13, 1917, when 158 civilians and four sailors and soldiers were killed. The next in severity was that on Kent on September 4 of the same year, when 121 soldiers and sailors lost their lives. On this occasion a crowded barracks was hit. Almost as severe as the raid on Kent was that on Folkestone on May 25, 1917, when 77 civilians and 18 sailors and soldiers were killed. The attack on Kent, Essex and London on January 28, 1918, caused the death of 65 civilians and two sailors and soldiers.

The only bombardment from the sea in which there were heavy casualties was that on Hartlepool, Scarborough and Whitby on December 16, 1914, when 127 civilians and ten soldiers and sailors were killed and 567 civilians and 25 soldiers and sailors injured.

Ireland Elects Woman.

It is an astonishing thing that the first and only woman ever elected to the British House of Commons is Countess Markievicz, who was not only openly and viciously pro-German throughout the war, but who led an armed rebellion against the British Government, for which she was convicted of high treason, sentenced to death, afterward had the sentence commuted to life imprisonment, and still later was released. She is a Sinn Feiner, of course, and was elected from one of the districts in Dublin, but has been declared ineligible as an alien, her husband never having been naturalised in Great Britain.

At the outbreak of the revolt in Ireland in 1916, when the Sinn Feiners captured the general postoffice in Dublin, making it their headquarters, the countess, dressed as a man, in a volunteer uniform of green, led the revolutionists against Dublin Castle, where with her own hand, it is said, she shot and killed a guard who barred their entry. It was also reported that she shot six of her own followers who refused to obey her orders.

For years an ardent militant Socialist and Sinn Feiner, the countess used all her influence toward establishing an Irish republic. A raid on her home early in 1916 is said to have brought to light a printing outfit with which pro-German literature was being produced. Documents found at the time of the raid led to the discovery of a Sinn Fein arsenal.

First Chinese Bishop.

For the first time in the history of the Church of England in China, a Chinese bishop in the person of the Venerable Archdeacon T. C. Shen, has been consecrated. The ceremony took place in the Church of Our Saviour, Dixwell road, Shanghai, before a number of distinguished guests. The rites followed the ordinal of the churches of the Anglican communion.

The new bishop was presented in due form by Dr. Norris, Bishop of North China, who was assisted by Dr. Graves, the presiding bishop in the laying of the hands. Bishops Roots and Huntington of the American Church, Bishop Iliff of the Church of England, and Bishop White of the Canadian Church. All these bishops are also bishops of the Chung Hua Shang Kung Hui.—Canton Times.

THE ROMANTIC AIRMAN.

Characteristics of the Best Fighters In the Air.

What type of men is "the air" producing? asks the London Spectator, which thus proceeds to answer. Seafaring men are not like landsmen; neither will airmen be. Already they have a demeanor of their own, a jaunty, light-hearted, airy demeanor. Have they also a special temperament? Men whom fate has chosen to realize the dream of the world cannot be quite like other men. Those who go up into the sky on wings, like those who "go down to the sea in ships," see "wonders," as the Hebrew poet reflected. What is the result of this great adventure upon their personalities? Not quite what one would expect, judging by the small amount of evidence hitherto co-ordinated.

An intensely interesting paper appears in the latest dealing with "The Essential Characteristics of Successful and Unsuccessful Aviators." The authors of the article are "a pilot of 600 hours' experience and a medical officer stationed at an airdrome." These men must know, if anyone as yet knows, what manner of man is the man on wings. Here is a brief statement of their conclusions. "The mark of the successful aviator" is "the possession of a suitable temperament." He has, as a rule, "a fund of animal spirits" and is athletic. "He possesses resolution, initiative, presence of mind, sense of humor, judgment; is alert, cheerful, optimistic, happy-go-lucky, generally a good fellow and frequently lacking in imagination." His amusements when off duty are "theatres, music (chiefly rag-time), cards and dancing, and it appears necessary for the well being of the average pilot that he should indulge in a really riotous evening at least once or twice a month." As for the "fighting scout," as distinct from the ordinary aviator, he may be described as the same, only more so. He is full of the joy of life, has "little or no imagination, no sense of responsibility," and "very seldom takes his work seriously, but looks upon 'Hun straffing' as a great game." Oddly enough, it is—so these critics affirm—better that he should "know little or nothing of the details of his machine or engine." No exhaustive knowledge of mechanics seems to be desirable. Is this perhaps because it is necessary that his flying apparatus should become part of himself? He is constantly obliged to give his attention to something other than the conduct of his airplane, which becomes sub-conscious. A fit man upon a fit machine should apparently not be preoccupied with the state of his body or its mechanical adjuncts.

War Novels Seldom Great

ACCORDING to Lucien, a delightful contributor to the Rochester Post-Express, the view that the war ought to have led to the production of great novels is very shallow and shows an utter misconception of the true province of fiction. To blame novelists for not having written better stories about the great conflict which has made so many of us "see red" is really very silly. It would be more reasonable for critics to deprecate the folly of those who try to convert it into material for fiction. It is not the novelist's function, but that of the journalists, to tell the story of the war. Even if, on Zola's system, the realist in fiction goes to the scene where the fighting is taking place, and not only masters the jargon of war, but sees what actually happens in the trenches and in "No Man's Land," he cannot give us the tragic background of this world struggle. The poet can write beautiful lyrics about the war. But it is the epic which will reveal to the world its heroic proportions — and that can scarcely be written until the smoke and the thunder of battle have passed.

Some novels of more than ordinary merit have, in fact, been written about the war. One is "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse," by Vicente Blasco Hanes, a gifted Spanish writer who gives us a glimpse of France before the battle of the Marne.

The business of the novelist is to depict human nature. This he must do not as a philosopher or as a "scientist" but as a story-teller. He does not accept Prof. William Lyon Phelps' definition of a novel as "a good story well told." But he freely acknowledges that, if it be not a story, it cannot be called a "novel." Even "Tristram Shandy," one of the masterpieces of English fiction, is a genuine story, in spite of the fact that we are kept vainly waiting while we read hundreds of pages for the hero to be born. There are many digressions, but the author always takes up the thread of his narrative with consummate art.

Sterne knew something about the realities of war. He was the son of a captain in the British army and was born in the town of Clonmel, in the south of Ireland, where his father's regiment was stationed at the time. He was a clergyman himself, and not altogether an edifying one, as his "Letters to Eliza" — highly suggestive letters addressed to a married woman—will show. But his genius was of a rare order. Both humor and pathos he possessed in a very high degree. He was indeed a "naughty man."

But somehow we must put up with the "naughtiness" of genius, for, if we Comstockise it—the writer takes the liberty of coining that word, as George Bernard Shaw has used the neologism "Comstockery"—we may never find those precious things imprisoned in unconventional books as the pearl is in the oyster. It was Sterne who gave us the immortal portraits of Uncle Toby and of Corpl. Trim. They had both served in Marlborough's wars, but their military experiences are only memories. Each had a wooden leg, and each, even in this mutilated condition, is enjoying the blessings of peace. War is an abnormal thing. The historian must describe it, and even in the best historical descriptions of battles, military technicalities are a bore. The soldier must master them, but they are dull reading in a novel. Cervantes, who had fought at the battle of Lepanto, was far too wise to introduce any battle scenes into "Don Quixote." Robert Louis Stevenson has drawn attention to the almost entire absence of any allusion to war in Fielding's "Tom Jones," although the period in which Jones is supposed to have lived was one in which war never ceased. There is a solitary reference to the war between England and Scotland in 1745, when Tom, sent adrift by Mr. Allworthy and without a guinea to jingle against a milestone, is about to enlist.

Stevenson has himself sinned in this respect. The fighting in "Kidnapped" and in "The Black Arrow" affords him an opportunity for vigorous writing. But even the most effective description of blood-letting in his stories is only a "tour de force." Victor Hugo and Dumas Pere ransacked history in order to get subjects for their romances. But even Hugo's attempt to describe the battle of Waterloo is only rhetoric. He speaks of Napoleon as a "splendid ignoramus," and characterises Waterloo itself as the "triumph of mediocrity," adding, with an exhibition of colossal ignorance, "Waterloo is a battle of the first-class gained by a captain of the second." Even an intelligent school boy could correct Victor Hugo's misinterpretation of history. Flaubert, who wrote about the mutiny of Hamilcar Barca's mercenaries, took good care not to describe actual war. He knew that it would be an abomination in fiction. Zola, who was an artist, thought he could write a novel about the Franco-German war. The result was "La Debacle," a book which makes us see war as a shambles.

Writers who cannot distinguish fiction from melodrama, such as Ouida and Hall Caine and Marie Corelli, may drag war scenes into their books—and by doing so they generate the same sense of horror and disgust that one feels at seeing a dreadful accident. Even so great a novelist as Tolstoy has not succeeded in picturing a battle satisfactorily in "War and Peace." It is not in novels that we can expect to find the great war of our time realistically depicted. The psychologist who dissects human nature in fiction will study the home life of men and women and show us the action of the passions under normal conditions.

The softer the road, the harder it is to travel.

LIFE IN HUN PRISONS

CAPT. BAPTIST L. JOHNSTON TELLS EXPERIENCES.

An Occasional Camp Commandant Was Humane, But Former Toronto Bank Manager Describes Case of Young Aviator Who Was Tied to Horse of Captors by Rope and Forced to Run.

MEN who are arriving in England from the colony, almost three hundred strong, of Canadians interned in Holland, bring with them stories of years at the mercy of the Huns, subject by day and night to their caprice, not knowing at what time penury or death might be visited upon them, yet through it all keeping a stout heart, succouring their fellows who were worse off than themselves, and taking at the moment what pleasure life offered. They are stories that are not without humor, now that it is over for them, but the general tenor of them is grim and ugly.

Among those who have returned is Capt. Baptist L. Johnston, of the Third Battalion.

Capt. Johnson was manager of the Dominion Bank, at the Queen and Victoria streets branch, Toronto. He was second in command to Major Straight, "C" Company, and was taken prisoner at Ypres on April 24th, 1915. He was operated upon for appendicitis at Gottingen University Hospital on Nov. 17, 1917, and though he believes the operation was a good one, he was evacuated from hospital too soon, and the resulting physical condition qualified him for repatriation.

At Bischofswerde, where Capt. Johnston spent two years, and where, to give the Hun his due, the treatment was, in the main, fair, there were some twenty-five Canadian officers, Russians, Belgians, Italians and French were all confined together at first under the hope, apparently, that they would fight amongst themselves, but they got along so well together that they were finally separated according to their nationalities. The Russian officers took particular advantage to mix with the British, and it is predicted that they will be a powerful influence when they get back to their native country.

Crefeld, to which he was removed from Bischofswerde, he described as a very good camp. There were about eight hundred British there, but the authorities getting the idea that there was an escape planned whereby they would break through in a body across the Dutch border, they were all transferred to Schwarmstedt and Strohen, in the Hanover swamps, and to other camps.

The exit from Crefeld was amusing to watch. The officers were marched off carrying all their belongings they could stagger along under, and it was a motley collection that they had accumulated during their captivity. Some had pictures, some had suitcases, some carried canaries in cages, others led dogs and cats, or carried golf sticks, tennis racquets, food, and the things most treasured. They looked like traveling Christmas trees. One officer had spent a lot on pictures, and he struggled along with a heavy portfolio of them as far as he could on the two-mile tramp to the station, and finally had to leave them on the road, offering a bystander a reward if he would carry them, but he never saw them again.

At Schwarmstedt the camp was in the wilds, and the officers took advantage of the fact to work in a state of nature, clad in the mild breeze which swept over the swamps, in the building of a swimming hole. There was a little two-foot creek meandering near the camp, and by digging out and damming this they created a pond of water on which they could have a mile swim, and where they got lots of exercise. Some baked there as assiduously as unsuccessfully.

At the camp at Holsminden, to which they were transferred from Schwarmstedt, conditions were what might be expected in notoriously the worst officered camp in Germany. An incident serves to illustrate the character of the rule maintained by Capt. Niemeyer, the camp commandant, who, by the way, was in Toronto since the war started, and who managed to get back to Germany. There had been an escape of a number of officers; they had been captured and were being brought back. When the news spread a number of Canadians rushed to the windows to see them come in. They looked down from the third storey of the building in which they were incarcerated, and were observed by the commandant, who directed the guards to fire through the upper panes of the windows at which the Canadians were standing. Similar incidents occurred more than once. Fortunately none of them were injured. In this camp, too, extortion was rife. For instance, the prisoners were grossly overcharged for wood and for hot water.

Flight Lieut. Davies, son of L. E. Davies, of Toronto, had tried for fun to make a landing within the German lines, and was brought into a camp by two Uhlans, who put a rope around his neck and tied the ends to their saddles. In this manner they brought him, in his heavy, sheepskin flying boots, twenty-five kilometres, and he declared that he could not have managed it if one of the Uhlans had not become tired of riding and let him get up into the saddle for five kilometres.

Conditions in the camps latterly indicate that the Germans were very short of food, very short of materials, but rich in discipline. Whenever a German officer approached the privates sprang to attention and left round on their heels, so that they shall always face him, like a rammed on a pivot.

To make persons appear two inches taller a Chicago man has invented metal forms to be placed in shoes.

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HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

LARGE NUMBER OF VETERANS COMPLETE NEW EDUCATION

Nine Hundred and Fifty in Ontario and of These Five Hundred and Sixty Have Been Placed in Toronto.

Latest reports from the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment show that 950 men have completed their re-educational course up to date in Ontario. Of this number 560 are placed in Toronto.

No credit is given to any department of training which does not fit a man to take up a position in that line of work immediately. He must be qualified to enter his new profession right away.

Among the numbers who have been mentally placed and are making good the following cases are outstanding for their triumph over peculiar circumstances and disabilities.

Returned soldier number one was a bricklayer before enlistment. In addition to other injuries he suffered the amputation of four fingers of the right hand. Entering for a course of mechanical draughting at the Central Technical School, Toronto, he made such good progress that at the end of four and a half months he was offered a position with the British Forgings Company as a Draughtsman. He has recently returned to the school of his own accord to take a further course, as he has grown enthusiastic over the work and wishes to become as skilled in every branch.

Case number two was a laborer before the war. He took a commercial course and is now in a position earning $18.00 a week, with a promise of a raise to $25.00 at the end of six months. This man's disability entirely shut him off from following his former work.

The third was also a laborer in pre-war days, who, qualified for an office position, writes, "I am getting along fine in my position. This is the easiest job that I have ever held outside of a life of leisure in England. My wage is $85.00 a month." This man expressed his gratefulness to the officers of the Re-Education Department for the trouble to place.

Yet another ex-student writes "I have not only obtained a position but thanks to the vocational tuition I received last winter I am able to hold it. This job places me in a financial position equal to that held previous to my enlistment. I feel I would now willingly give up my pension as my present position does not call on my injury, but if placed differently at any time I would be glad to rely again on the pension and call upon you for assistance."

A man who had been placed in a comfortable position in the country wrote that he was building a house ready to receive his bride in the Spring; that he was doing well, comfortable and happy, thanks to the vocational department.

Not every case which comes to the department requires a complete re-education. In many cases a little assistance that will enable the returned man to go back to the place where he left off will make all the difference in his future life and success. For instance, the following case:

A returned soldier, age 21, son of a farmer, who enlisted in the 75th battalion. At the time of enlistment he had contemplated taking an art course at Toronto University. He had been through high school, has worked on the farm, and had a few months to his credit at the university. Overseas he sustained a wound in the hip joint and was a little disheartened in contemplating his future in the time that he had lost. The Vocational Department assisted him to complete his course at the university and the latest letter received contains an account of his appointment to the teaching staff at one of the local public schools.

Such placements as these of men who feel competent to take up their new duties and have renewed confidence in their own abilities spell employers satisfaction as well as assurance of progress and happiness to the returned man.

KIDNEYS NEVER CAUSE BACKACHE

Rub Pain, Soreness and Stiffness Right out with Old "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Kidneys cause backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Liniment." Rub it right on the ache or tender spot, and instantly the pain, soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache, sciatica or lumbago pain. "St. Jacob's Liniment" stops any pain at once. It is harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

It's the only application to rub on a weak, lame or painful back, or for lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, sprains or a strain.

CONDITIONS OF HOUSING LOANS

TERMS ON WHICH DOMINION WILL LEND MONEY TO PROVINCES

The Dominion Government in lending the money to the provinces for housing provides that four conditions be met, as follows:

(1) Each province must prepare and submit for approval a general housing scheme. Among other things, this should include a schedule of minimum standards in regard to grouping of houses, provision of open spaces, sizes and types of houses and rooms, provisions of light, ventilating, heating, lighting, material, etc.

The cost of dwellings is let according to type, size and construction, and each province will fix its own maximum, although the provincial maximum must not exceed the maximum amounts fixed by the federal government. For detached or semi-detached dwelling of four or five rooms, exclusive of bath room or summer kitchen, the federal government sets the maximum at $3,000 and for six or seven rooms a maximum of $3,500. For detached, semi-detached, groups of three or four duplex dwellings of more costly construction the maximum amounts are set at $4,000 and $4,500.

The money may be advanced for building houses on sites owned by the provincial government or municipalities housings erected, or comprising groups of citizens associated together to promote good housing, or owners of lots for the purpose of erecting houses for their own occupancy.

The federal loan will be repayable by the province over a period of twenty years at five per cent interest, but provided that in order to encourage the erection of more durable buildings and to bring the financial terms within the reach of a large number of workers the period may be extended to thirty years.

PREACHERS' CONCERT DREW LARGE CROWD LAST NIGHT

Over 800 Attend Entertainment in George Street Church to Welcome Home the Returned Soldiers of Congregation.

Last night at George Street Methodist Church there was a record attendance to patronize the Victory Tea, given in honor of the returned soldiers of the church.

On entering the front door be tween six and seven o'clock one would imagine that he or she was at one of Billy Sunday's gatherings. The crowd that waited its turn to sit at a table in the Sunday School room filled both stairways, part of the church, and the hall near the front door. The tables in the Sunday school room seated about 225 persons and there were two full sittings and part of another. One can imagine the work the ladies had in getting the tables three times, washing the dishes twice and then getting their own meal at about 8:30, not speaking of the cleaning up afterwards.

There were easily eight hundred persons that obtained their supper there yesterday evening. About one hundred of these were the returned soldiers and friends.

In every way the Victory Tea was a great success and the ladies should be complimented on their work. They are taking the lead in trying to render the returned soldiers the respect and tribute that they deserve, and which they are not always getting in the way they should from those who remained at home.

About $225.00 was realized from the Tea and Preacher's Concert.

Splendid Concert.

The concert was one of the best that the citizens of Peterboro have had an opportunity of hearing this year. If any one that attended the concert had the idea that the preachers of this city and surrounding district were a group of long-faced and solemn men they certainly had their minds changed last night. Nearly every number was encored, although some of the preachers were a little bashful in rendering an encore. They always said that a better number was coming and it always came or at least there was no end to the amusing reading and to the solos, quartetts and choruses.

Special mention might be made of the Rev. Mr. Galt, of Gilmour, who delivered an amusing address. Mr. Galt certainly is able to keep an audience smiling.

The chairman of the evening was Rev. Bert. Greatrix, of St. James. He always had a joke ready for the audience between numbers, but somehow he had the denominations of the ministers a little mixed. It surely was no fault of his for no one couldn't tell any difference between a Methodist or Presbyterian or Baptist or any other. All were a jolly group of real entertainers.

After the program was finished Mr. Ingall of the Normal school staff moved a vote of thanks to the ladies who furnished the tea, to those who patronized it so well, and to the preachers who rendered such a good program. The whole audience clapped very enthusiastically to show their approval.

Returned soldiers associated with George Street Methodist Church:

N. F. McMahon, A. H. Graham, A. B. Downer, L. W. Copp, R. S. Irwin, Sergt H. E. Portsmouth, H. Jones, Lieut. W. E. Jackson, W. J. Nicholls, Sergt. N. Saxby, W. Allen, Maynard A. Brown, E. B. Dormer, A. M. Morrow, H. Mann, Thomas Baxter, Stanley Westall, Gordon Fallon, G. D. Graham, George Greaves, W. Hamilton, E. J. Waterman, H. B. Hill, F. Patterson, J. C. Miller, H. Lewis, D. Lewis, S. Storey, Major C. Ackerman, C. Payne, J. E. Outram, W. A. McIlmoyle, H. Saxby, W. M. Saxby, Major H. Carlisle, Sergt. Murray Carlisle, D. Carlisle, O. Jinks, O. Jinks, C. H. Smith, W. W. Wood, Lieut. W. Armstrong, W. McKim, A. Neill, A. Walker, B. Meeks, Lieut. P. Cunningham, H. J. Reeve, J. Morrow, Mr. Bayliss, C. H. Cheverill, A. E. Greer, T. J. Chapman, J. E. Weese, H. Copp, Lieut. J. Birnie, B. Shelton, Mr. Hodgins, T. Jones, P. Smith, J. Bolins, J. Newhall, A. J. Losey, A. Pearson, Mr. Bainbridge, Lieut. B. Throop, T. Blunt.

Healthy Mothers
Healthy Babies
Every true mother realizes the fact that her baby's health depends upon her own, that the very vitality of her child is influenced by her own physical condition. How important it is, therefore, to guard against any derangement of the female organs, which causes general weakness, nervousness, constant fatigue and utter inability to properly care for her child. Please remember, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and strength to thousands of such mothers.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
Good health during and after maternity is a most important factor to both mother and child, and many letters have been received by the Lydia E.
trying period by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

KEEP THE ALIEN OUT OF CANADA

CANON TUCKER, LONDON, SO RECOMMENDS IN ADDRESS IN TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 19.—Anglican laymen of Toronto assembled in large numbers at the annual supper of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Church of England in St. James Parish House last evening. The special speaker for the occasion was Canon L. Norman Tucker of London, Ont., who delivered an address on "The place of the Laymen in the work of the church."

At the outset the Canon said he did not intend to stick to his subject on the lines laid down for him. Speaking of the institutions that were moulding national life he said he could congratulate those secular newspapers that had adopted a high moral and religious tone.

He regarded it as a good sign of the times for the public schools that sons of their own communion, Archdeacon Cody, had been made Minister of Education for Ontario. He was sure that their prayers would go out to him in his great task of directing those institutions which count so much for the future citizenship of Canada.

Referring to the question of land, Canon Tucker said Canada under developed territory meant more than a corner lot, wheat fields or gold mines. They must see to it that the profits were not all going into the pockets of one or two or corporations. Large tracts of land must not be given over to aliens who will become a problem in times of peace and a menace in times of war. Canada owed its greatness to British ancestry, and Canadians owed it to the soldier, to their sisters and to the future of the country to see that the alien was kept out in the new influx of immigration.

Denial is given by the official press bureau in London to the press report that an engagement between the Prince of Wales and Princess Yelando of Italy is shortly to be announced.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluices of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract before putting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way.

Electrics Take 3 From High Rollers

Last night at Water street alleys in the Business Men's Tenpin League the Can. Gen Electric took three straights from the High Rollers. Fielder, for the C.G.E., rolled 622. Williams and Cranfield rolled past the 400 mark for the High Rollers. Hayes was high with 571, and high single with 244. Solomon second, with 527. The scores:

C. G. E.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Fielder	232	303	187	—622
Jackson	155	173	151	—479
Cranfield	133	224	166	—523
Williams	190	180	187	—557
Fair	172	161	101	—434
Totals	882	941	792	—2615

High Rollers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Thomas	147	188	127	—462
Hayes	244	145	182	—571
Heaslip	142	118	177	—437
Thompson	136	146	150	—432
Solomon	181	206	140	—527
Totals	850	803	776	—2429

Tonight De LAval vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

KEEP SOLDIERS NEAR RAILWAYS

FARMS FOR VETERANS TO BE ON THE COMMUNITY BASIS

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—The chairman of the Soldier Settlement Board, W. J. Black, gives the following as the five certain principles of policy that will guide the board in placing returned soldiers on the land:

"In the first place, the Soldier Settlement Board intend to assist in settling on the land every man who desires to establish a home in the country, whose best interests would be served by engaging in farming.

"Secondly, it is the policy of the Board to see that no settler is permitted to settle on land, anywhere, of a character not suitable to be made into a first class home, a place where money may be made and a good home established, that is where the soil is sufficiently fertile and the location is right.

"In the next place it is the policy of the Board to see that none of the men are settled far from existing railways or from organized civilization at the present time. I have heard and seen in the press," said Mr. Black, "some criticism of the Soldier Settlement Board, that they desired to conduct men away back in the hinterland of some of the prairie provinces, and leave them there to take care of themselves. Now, this is not a matter of getting the men merely settled, the main feature of it is that the soil will be so settled as to make some money and to establish good homes.

Most Embarrassing.

"I may say further that far from the Board's being anxious to locate men distant from a railway, one of the most embarrassing matters that I have had before me since I became connected with the Board was to keep a number of men from going to settle in the West on a tract situated far distant from a railway.

"Another feature of our policy which is vital is to see that in getting started the men shall have the benefits of collective purchase, in so far as that is possible. Farm machinery today is about on the same footing as $2 per bushel wheat, and when the time comes to make payment for some of this machinery wheat will not likely be worth $1 per bushel. So that it is necessary to see today not only that no man purchases equipment which he will not require, but that which is absolutely necessary shall be purchased at a reasonable and satisfactory price.

"Another feature of policy is that after settlement the soldier settler shall be guided, assisted and directly encouraged, and we shall further the organization of communities on a community basis, so that, co-operation in farming operations and in the sale of produce may be obtained to the fullest extent."

OMEMEE

Omemee, Feb. 19.—Pte. Victor Callaghan, son of Mr. P. Callaghan, who for many months was a prisoner of war, arrived home very quietly on Wednesday Pte. Callaghan experienced great hardships at the hands of the enemy and has worked many a hard day's work for which he received eight cents as his day's wage. The young hero brought home with him a sample of the bread which the prisoners received—a small loaf to every seven men—once a week and which resembles an emory stone. Pte. Callaghan has many thrilling tales to tell and his home has been the scene of many a welcoming hand clasp during the past week. Pte. Callaghan is the first of our prisoners of war who will return to Omemee and for whom a hearty welcome awaits. Those still to come are Pte. Alfred Groves, Pte. Harold Underwood, Pte. Cassidy (Leaburn).

Mr. Jim Fee, of Kamloops, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Fee.

Mr. Jack Murray was a visitor to Omemee on Thursday.

Miss Maud Laidley, of Lindsay, was a visitor to her home on Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Lewis returned from Toronto on Friday, bringing with him his son, Gnr. Hunter Lewis, who is slowly recovering from shell shock.

Corp. W. O'Neil, who has been taking treatment at a Military Hospital in Kingston, returned hom on Saturday night.

Mrs. Dr. Irwin, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Staples, of Lindsay, visited Omemee friends on Friday.

Nursing Sister Hayes returned home unannounced on Thursday morning, after an absence overseas of almost three years. Nursing Sister Hayes served for many months in Egypt, and has the distinction of being the only nurse to go overseas from this locality.

Mr. W. J. Lamb, of Peterboro, was a business visitor to Omemee on Saturday.

Mrs. Arthur Rutherford was a visitor to Peterboro on Saturday.

The Spence sale was one of the largest ever held in this locality, sales amounting to $10,000. One team of horses, bringing the handsome sum of $600; one cow $250, and a calf $90.

Sir John Eaton paid a brief visit to Omemee last week in his private car, "Eatonia," and was accompanied to Toronto by Mrs. McCrea and Miss McCrea, who will spend several days in the city.

The many friends of Mr. Harry McQuade will be pleased to know that he is now on the highway to recovery after a very serious illness.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Murray left for their new home in Peterboro on Monday where the best wishes of their many Omemee friends will follow them.

Mr. F. Jones, of Whitby, was a visitor to Omemee last week.

Miss Florence Tolwell, of Peterboro, was the guest of Mrs. Mathews over the week-end.

The re-opening of the Methodist League on Monday night was an event of much interest. A great many letters, some funny, others descriptive of the arrival of our boys in Germany, and all expressing great appreciation of the boxes received from the Society, were read, and thoroughly enjoyed. Little Helen Johnson sang very sweetly during the evening and the Rev. Mr. Lewis addressed the gathering, after which Sergt. Harold Cunningham, who was in charge of a table of war trophies sent home by different Omemee boys, gave a graphic explanation of each article. The serving of dainty confections brought to a close a most enjoyable evening.

Mr. G. A. Balfour, of Lindsay, was a visitor to Omemee on Tuesday.

Miss Eva Fee, of Uxbridge, spent the week-end under the parental roof.

Mr. Thornberry, of Lindsay, was a visitor to Omemee this week.

EDITOR'S MAIL

DAYLIGHT SAVING

Editor Review:—There is quite a controversy going on in the papers about the daylight saving bill. A good many of the papers outside of the agricultural papers favor the bill, on the ground that it gives the city people more time for recreation or time to work in their gardens. Take notice, work in their gardens. Now, outside of a few laboring men who may have done some hoeing, the great majority were playing golf, boating or joy riding with their cars. This is the whole excuse in a nut shell.

How about the farmers side of the question? Anybody who has ever worked on a farm knows that in the harvest time it is always near the middle of the forenoon before the dew is off so the machines will work and they also know that from 5 o'clock until sundown is the most pleasant time of the day to work. A man will do as much work in one hour as he would in two in the heat of the day.

Of course the man who has no help to hire need not care so much it is the man who has to hire his help that has the trouble. I know farmers who tried it for a short time only and went back to the old time. Imagine farmers having to get up at break of day in summer time to milk cows, after being kept awake nearly all night with noise of auto cars and howling crowds on the roads. The majority of these people do not have to get out of their beds until 7 or 8 o'clock.

It appears that when some men get to be members of parliament they always want to be doing something big. They even think that anything that God has made they have a right to pull to pieces and try to improve on it.

We have too many old dotors in Parliament at present, men who are totally unfit for the job. We even have officials in this city hanging on to their job like a pup to a root as as long as they are allowed to stay on top of the earth.

Mr. Farmer, hire your help on the understanding to go by the old time Set your clocks by God's time and let George Foster and his crazy notions go to the dogs. Get together, farmers, pick out you men for next election Let them see we will stand for our right. Let them know we are alive. Put out politics.

R. N. SCOTT.

Chemong Road, south.

The county of Hastings Development Council has been formed to develop the natural and industrial resources of the county.

A Welland Ruthenian and his wife are dead as a result of a week-end carowsal, in which they mixed wood alcohol with their drinks.

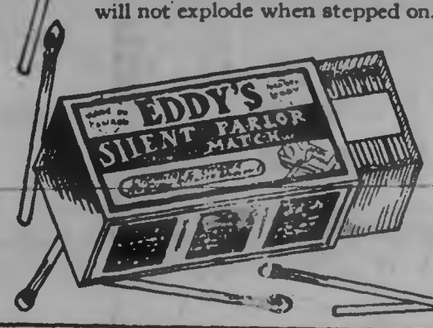
A wave of pro-Kaiser sentiment is flooding Coulenz and Treves. German agents are spreading monarchical propaganda.

NO DUDS IN SILENT FIVES

A SWIFT, sure light *when* you want it, and *where* you want it—on the end of the match-stick. When it goes out it leaves no trace of odor and no glowing end to cause accidents. There are no "duds" in

Eddy's Silent 5 Matches

For safety and economy you should insist upon this brand. Every match in the box will strike. You will not be troubled by flying heads which may cause damage and painful injury. When you blow them out they are *out*, not partially alight. They are non-poisonous and will not explode when stepped on.



The war-tax on matches practically doubles the cost of the best grades, and *more* than doubles the cost of the cheaper kinds. You cannot afford to pay taxes on cheap matches which are a constant irritation, and which may cause accidents. Tell your dealer that you want **Silent 5's**, and see that Eddy's name is on the box.

Made by the manufacturers of Eddy's Famous Indurated Fibreware Washtubs

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada

A 2

LOSS OF SIR WILFRID WILL HAVE EFFECT ON PARLIAMENT

Was Always an Influence to Preserve Harmony Between the Two Races Represented in the House.

Ottawa, Feb. 19 — It will seem like an unfamiliar parliament when it meets Thursday with Sir Wilfrid Laurier gone, and Sir Robert Borden absent at the Peace Conference. For eighteen years they have faced each other from the front benches. There will be two leaders untried in guiding parliament, unaccustomed to the ways and ways of the commons.

What effect this will have on the session it is difficult to predict. Sir Wilfrid's death will cast a gloom over the session and may take some of the fight out of the opposition. Sir Wilfrid was almost the whole Opposition, and there is no other member to the left of the Speaker with the knowledge or experience, or the extraordinary ability to pick out the weak spots in legislation. His death may tend to shorten the session.

Restraining Influence.

On the other hand, Sir Wilfrid exercised a restraining influence on his followers and kept in check the hot young bloods from Quebec, like Lucien Cannon and Thomas Vien, who were always anxious to tattack Ontario. It is possible the death of Sir Wilfrid may lead to a much more disorderly House.

The passing of the veteran statesman combined with the absence of Sir Robert and the possibility of his going to Washington, makes a muddled political situation still more muddled. It is utterly impossible to predict what will happen or what effect the sudden and dramatic death of Sir Wilfrid will have upon the future of Union Government or the Opposition.

A caucus of the Opposition has been called by James Robb, Chief Whip, for next week, when the situation will be discussed and a leader for the session selected. It is stated that it is possible no leader will be selected, but a committee appointed to take charge, with a chairman, possibly Mr. Robb himself. There is a suggestion that Hon. W. S. Fielding will be the choice, but as he was elected as a Liberal Unionist and did not attend any Opposition caucuses last year it is said that the Quebec members, who form three-fourths of the Opposition, will object.

Liberal Convention.

The question of a permanent Opposition leader may not be decided for some time and will probably be left until the national convention of the party, which Sir Wilfrid had proposed to call this summer, is held. This convention will still be summoned, according to Liberal leaders.

Hon. William Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan, seems to be the favorable choice although Ottawa politicians who sat in the House with him, while admitting his attractive personality and his political sagacity, refuse to admit that he has the ability or the qualities to make a leader of a national party.

WOULDN'T TAKE A FORTUNE FOR IT

TANLAC PROVES OF UNTOLD VALUE TO THIS MAN—GAINS TWENTY-ONE POUNDS.

"I wouldn't take a fortune for the good Tanlac has done me, for it has not only restored my health but has added twenty-one pounds to my weight and I feel like a different man in every way," said Peter Riedweg, a valued employee of the Pacific Car Foundry Co., and whose residence is 553 Clay street, Portland, Oregon.

"About eight months ago," he continued, "I had a bad spell of the grippe, and it left me in a very badly run-down condition, and until I began taking Tanlac, I was not able to find a thing that would get me started up hill again. My appetite was very poor and my stomach was in such bad condition that the little I did eat would give me indigestion. Sometimes for three or four hours after my meals I would be all bloated up with gas and suffer something awful with shortness of breath. I was badly constipated most of the time, and occasionally suffered from headaches. My kidneys gave me lots of trouble also, and I had a dull, heavy pain across the small of my back all the time. All my strength and energy seemed to gradually leave me, and I lost a lot in weight, and finally got so weak and worn-out that I had to give up my work and for three months I was not able to do a hands turn.

"I heard so many folks around Portland talking about the good this Tanlac was doing them that I decided to buy a few bottles and see if it would help me. Well, sir, I don't believe it is possible for anybody to improve faster than I did after I began taking that medicine. My appetite improved from the very first bottle, the condition of my stomach soon improved so much that I could eat anything I wanted and I would not have indigestion afterwards, I kept on taking Tanlac and the more I took the better I felt, and after taking six bottles all my troubles disappeared. I am never bothered with that pain in my back, and my kidneys seem to be in good condition. I am rid of constipation, and I never have a headache at all. I have gained a lot in weight, in fact I weigh more today than I ever weighed in my life, and thanks to Tanlac, I am well and strong every way as I ever was, and am glad to recommend it to everybody."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. G. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood

KEENE

Keene, Feb. 19— Messrs Alfred Kempt and L. Dickson are taking in the sights at Toronto.

Two rinks of Keene curlers are playing at the bonspiel at Oshawa this week. Those playing are J. Drummond, G. McIntyre, M. Kennedy, J. J. Moore, skip.

R. Nelson, S. Comrie, Alex. Anderson, F. Drummond, skip.

Mr. F. Henry, who has been spending the past two weeks with his son Rev. Mr. Henry, returned to his home, near Little Britton on Saturday.

A number of our young people [illegible] dance at Lang last Friday night.

Miss Mayde Beavis of Peterboro is a guest at the home of Mr. Edward Braden.

Mr. C. H. Byers was in Oakville over the week end.

Messrs T. Brown and G. Burley, were in Peterboro on Monday.

Mrs. J. J. Dickson entertained a few friends with cards on Saturday evening.

Miss May Brown spent the past week with Peterboro friends.

Mr. Thomas Wedlock of the Fuel and Cartage Co., of Peterboro, was in the village Monday on business.

Mr. N. J. Kenneally of Peterboro is visiting Keene friends.

Mrs. Reid and little son have returned to their home at Stirling after a pleasant visit with Rev. and Mrs. Henry.

Mr. G. Howson and his rink of Curlers returned last Thursday, bringing with them the Peterborough trophy won at the bonspiel.

A very delightful time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fletcher on Monday evening when their sons, William and Alfred entertained about 30 of their friends with cards and dancing.

Mr. John Millison, spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. Thomas Millison.

Miss Nina Henderson of Peterboro spent the week end with her sister Mrs William Nelson.

Mrs. Edward Braden is visiting friends at Havelock.

Mr. William Kempt and son, Archie were in Peterboro Saturday on business.

Mrs. John Edwards returned last Wednesday from Peterboro, where she pent a few days with friends.

Mr. Wilfrid Fletcher was in Toronto over the week end.

EMPLOYERS AGREE TO GIVE PREFERENCE TO VETERANS

Meeting Held in City Yesterday Deals With the Matter of Finding Work For Returned Men.

Major Hunter and Lieut. Bailey representing the Dominion Government in its activities in connection with the civil re-establishment of the returned soldier were in the city yesterday and addressed a representative meeting of the returned aldermen, employers of labor and members of the Great War Veterans Association and Trades and Labor Council in connection with the opening up in the course of a few days in Peterborough of the Labor Bureau the offices of which are to be situated on Charlotte street.

Mr. Hugh Robinson, a member of the G. W. V. A., will be the representative of the Provincial Government and Capt. Morrison who is the president of the Association is the appointee of the Federal Government.

These men will be in charge of the work being carried on in the local labor bureau and as the speakers said yesterday this will centralize the work of finding employment for the returned men which up to the present has been carried on by a number of organizations including the Soldiers' Aid Commission, the Y. M. C. A., and the G. W. V. A. and the Trades and Labor Council.

It is felt that taking charge of the matter in one office will prevent the overlapping which has been so prevalent in the past. A man up to the present time could go to one of the organizations which have been aiding in the task of finding work for the veterans and after getting a job as a result of their endeavors could leave it in a short time and go to one of the other societies and get another position.

This resulted in loss of confidence by the manufacturers, and added greatly to the difficulty of re-establishing the veteran civilly and getting things back to normal once more. It added to the labor unrest so prevalent in the land and militated against efficiency.

If it was found that a returned soldier was unfit for physical reasons to take a position even though a considerable period had elapsed since the date of his discharge the speakers, at the meeting yesterday afternoon stated that the Government would admit him to a technical school where they would give him a six months' course to prepare him for the avocation of his choice.

Few soldiers wanted to go to farms according to the statement of the two government representatives. The wages were not satisfactory and the hours were long, and the life did not appeal to them. There are a few of course who looked at things differently and these the employment bureaus made every effort to please.

Several of the representative employers of the city expressed views upon the subject. Mr. E. G. Patterson of the C. G. E. stated that the policy of this firm was to give the returned soldier the preference wherever possible. He did not believe, however, in dispensing with the services of married men who had been in the employ of the company in order to give the position to a returnedman but was willing to do everything within reason to help along the work of solving the unemployment question.

Mr. McDonald of the Quaker Oats Company and a representative of the Henry Hope Company were in accord with the views of Mr. Patterson and so expressed themselves.

G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A., asserted that he had been doing all he could towards aiding the soldier in getting work. They were employing as many of them as possible in his dairy plant and he had been successful in obtaining positions for quite a number who had signified a desire to go on farms.

Secretary Whatley of the G.W.V.A. addressed the meeting upon the tendency of Canadian firms and even the government to pass over the Canadian manufacturer and purchase from a foreign and often an enemy source. He gave as an example the intention of the Hydro Commission as announced in the press recently of buying electrical machinery from Sweden which might easily be built in Canadian plants and provide work for the men at home. This was not helping to solve the unemployment problem.

Alderman Garside said he was sure the Trades and Labor Council would endorse the protest of the G. W. V. A. to the government against this action.

"GAMEY" STRATTON BACK

Football Star Re-enters Civil Life—Was Aviator

The Toronto Star Says:—Lieut. W. W. (Gamey) Stratton, widely known Varsity football star, is to re-enter civil life in this city within the next few days. He has accepted a position with the National City Company, which is the bonding department of the National City Bank of New York and will be in the Toronto office of the company.

Lieut. Stratton served in France with the C. A. S. C. later training and flying in France with the R.A.F. He is a son of Mr. A. H. Stratton, proprietor of the Peterboro Review.

PHOTOGRAPHING GRAVES

Of All Canadians Who Fell in the War

Ottawa, Feb. 19. Work of photographing all graves of soldiers buried overseas is now in progress, and eventually, it is hoped that a photograph of each permanent grave will be obtainable. This information is contained in a memorandum forwarded to the Militia Department by Major-General Fabian Ware, Director General of graves registration and enquiries.

So many thousands of applications for photographs of graves have been received by the directorate of graves registration and enquiries that it is feared there will be considerable delay in supplying them.

Up to the present 70,000 photographs have been supplied, but many thousand requests still remain to be dealt with. The delay is due to the small number of photographers available, and the increased difficulties owing to the requirements of demobilization, in providing transport for them to the various cemeteries, which as will be seen from a glance at any of the maps showing the area of fighting, are scattered over a large extent of country.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

OLD PROVERB IS RIGHT

If you do not think lightning will strike twice in the same place, just bear in mind the people you know who are blind, or nearly so, in both eyes. Many whose sight is in very bad shape could have saved it by coming to Dr. Fowler in time. Don't let your eyesight go by neglecting it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

DRESS WARM AND KEEP FEET DRY

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO TAKE SALT AND GET RID OF URIC ACID.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions it is one of the most painful. Those subject to rheumatism should eat less meat, dress a warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure and, above all, drink a lot of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settin in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which, overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

Dr. Reid Is Now Father Of House

Ottawa, Feb 19. With the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir George Foster is now the oldest member of the House. Sir Wilfrid was the only member who entered the House in the seventies. Sir George Foster was first elected to the Commons in 1882. The only other member of the House who was elected in the eighties is W. H. Smith, South Ontario, who was first returned in 1887.

According to the custom of the British Commons the member who is recognized as "the father of the House" is the one who has sat longest continuously. Hon. Dr. Reid can claim the honor. Sir George Foster was out of the Commons from 1900 to 1904 while Mr. Smith was out of Parliament from 1896 to 1911. Hon. Dr. Reid was first elected in 1891 and has been in the House since without a break. There are only two other members who were first elected before 1896 General Sir Sam Hughes and W. F. Maclean, both of whom were re-elected at bye-elections in 1892.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefield, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Stenner is at present in Kingston visiting her husband.

Mr. Wm. Quinland Mrs. Robert Quinland, of Detroit, who were attending the funeral of their mother, returned home on Saturday.

Dr and Mrs. Dinsmore left on Monday for Kingston on business.

Mrs. McIntosh, who was in the village for a couple of days, returned to her home at Fenelon Falls.

Capt. Widdifield, of Peterboro, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Smith, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Redman are visiting relatives in Orillia.

Miss Caroline Clements spent the week-end in the village the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hilbard.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Spence spent Monday in Peterboro.

Mr. Gordon Northey spent Monday in Peterboro on business.

Mr. Dave Edwards, of Toronto, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Crawford on Monday.

Mr. Hope returned to Toronto on Monday, where he has secured a position.

Miss Dora Pemberthy, of Peterboro, spent the week-end in the village the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Leggott.

Mr. J. Richardson is at present visiting in Norwood.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Little left on Wednesday for Norwood.

Epworth League.

On Monday evening the regular meeting of the Epworth League was held in the Methodist Church. A very interesting feature of the evening being an address on "Job," by Mr. W. Harper. The Bible lesson was read by Master Sherman McIlmoyl. A solo was rendered by Miss Myrtle Payne.

At St. John's Sunday School.

In St. John's Sunday School Tuesday, Feb. 18th, Rev. Taylor, rector of St. John's Church, gave an address to the members of the Women's Auxiliary on a very interesting subject, "The Work of the Women of India."

Ladies' Aid Meets.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church, which was held at the home of Mrs. F. Richardson on Tuesday afternoon, was well attended. Three new members were enrolled. At this meeting it was decided that the Society have an afternoon tea and sale of work in the basement of the church on March 24th

A new convenience for motorists that packs compactly enough to be carried in a running-board box can be used either as a single or double bed or a table.

To obtain power from tides, an Englishman catches the rising water in basins and makes it operate turbines connected to electric generators when it falls.

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, Feb. 19.—A very interesting event took place on Wednesday morning, February 12th, in the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, when Miss Nellie Noonan became the bride of Mr. T. Crowley. After the ceremony the guests drove to the bride's home, where a dainty wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Crowley left by C. P. R. for a short honeymoon, after which they will take up residence in Hastings. Their many friends extend heartiest congratulations.

Mr. W. M. Fowlds was in Cobourg on Tuesday.

Mr. W. F. Runnels of Peterborough was in town on Friday.

Mr. G. R. Beavis spent a few days with friends in Peterborough.

The death occurred on Monday, February 10, of a much respected citizen of the village in the person of Mr. John Orishalo, at the age of sixty-one years. The funeral, which was held Wednesday morning, was largely attende. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife, five daughters and one son, who have the sympathy of the entire community.

A number from here attended the carnival in Norwood on Wednesday night.

Mr. R. Simpson was in Trenton on Friday attending the sale of Ford automobiles.

Born, on Tuesday, February 11, to Mr. and Mrs. William Moore, a son.

Mr. A. Flemming was in Cobourg on Tuesday.

Miss Mildred Howson of Norwood was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson of Norwood spent Sunday the guests of friends here.

A much respected resident of Asphodel passed away on Sunday afternoon in the person of Lily Faux, wife of Mr. T. J. Lynch. Deceased had been ill for some time. She leaves to mourn her loss, besides her sorrowing husband, two daughters and one son, to whom much sympathy is extended. The funeral, which was held Tuesday morning, was largely attended.

In the Austrian elections the results so far received show 100 seats won by the Social Democrats, 80 by the Christian Socialists and 70 by the Liberals.

A French substitute for glass is made by coating light metal lattice work with a non-inflammable film.

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special Correspondence.)

Downeyville, Feb. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. George of Toronto were the week-end guests of the latter's father, Mr. Wm. O'Brien.

Mr. Victor Callaghan, who has served at the front, is home. Pte. Callaghan was wounded and was taken prisoner by the Germans.

A large crowd here attended the play and dance held in the Ennismore parish hall.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. S. Lucas, a daughter, on February 17.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Gosselin, a daughter (Mary Norine), on February 14.

Mrs. Michael H. Harrington, who has been ill at St. Josephs' Hospital, Peterborough, for the past three weeks, died on Saturday morning. She leaves to mourn her departure a husband and five small children, four brothers, Thomas, John, Herbert and William, and two sisters.

TWO DOLLARS FOR DOCTOR.

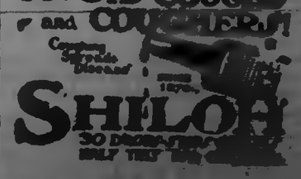
To Pump Out Prisoner Overcharged With Alcohol.

Percy and Gordon Holland were arrested on Charlotte street yesterday evening under the influence of liquor. This morning they appeared in Police Court and pleaded guilty to the offence, and were fined $10 and costs each. These amounted to $4.10 in the case of Percy, while the other brother was assessed $3.00 more to cover the fee of a doctor who was called in to pump out his stomach and relieve him of sickness which the police feared was the result of drinking some poisonous concoction.

A sand-sprinkling device for slippery streets, which can be attached to street sweeping machines, has been invented by a Californian.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease!



SHILOH

SO DOES STOP COUGHS HELP THEY DO

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop is received.

[illegible], REMATTE, MISSING FRIENDS and CARDS of Thanks, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch space count each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—At once, experienced chamber maid. Apply Empress Hotel.

WANTED—Two saleslad[illegible] for Ready-to-Wear Department. Must be experienced. The Cressman Co., Ltd.

WANTED—Maid for light house work. Apply to Mrs. G. H. Thompson, 373 Park street. Phone 1381.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Farm help on dairy farm near city. Apply Box 235, Review Office.

WANTED—Male help. Be your own boss, start a cut-rate grocery business in your own home; $25 to $50 invested will earn you $35 weekly; plans sent free. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—New modern seven-roomed brick bungalow, No. 59 Robinson street. Seven minutes' walk from post office. Apply H. W. Morgan, 61 Robinson street, or 'phone 1031J.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

262 Simcoe St. 265 Bethune St.

Phone 607

Nights and Holidays 396

Piano Tuning

Phone 805

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables.

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 935

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 208 George St. Phone 1044r

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.

Barristers, Solicitors, and Notaries.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

Telephone 219.

G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING

Barristers, Solicitors.

403 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.

Money to loan at lowest rates.

W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY

MONEY TO LOAN.

Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 419 Water St., Peterborough.

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County Crown Attorney.

Barrister, solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets

Telephone No. 22.

Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

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MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next McGill's Drug Store.

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D. O'Connell J. B. Corkery

126½ Hunter St. Peterborough

Telephone 264.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY

Silver Medalist, University of Toronto

Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.

Office: 212 Brock Street.

Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

Phone 223.

DR. BUCHANAN

F.R.C.S., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKELEY

Osteopath Physician.

Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 545.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00

Reserve Fund $1,190,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at fowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Lackawana Coal

Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

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PHONES 270-362

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

COAL DEALERS

111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Railway Time Table

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smiths Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:13 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:23 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:36 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:26 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Argentina leads the world for linseed production, cultivating about 3,000,000 acres annually as compared with 2,000,000 acres in the United States and 1,000,000 in Canada.

To prevent waste of fuel in smoke, an inventor has developed an attachment for furnaces which introduces heated air to mingle with the coal gases and effect complete combustion.

Ammunition Was Short.

Pte. Thomas Ricketts, 1st Battalion Royal Newfoundland Regiment, for the most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on October 14, 1918, during the advance from Ledeghem. When the attack was temporarily held up by heavy hostile fire the platoon to which he belonged suffered severe casualties from the fire of a battery at point-blank range. Ricketts immediately volunteered to go forward with his section commander and a Lewis gun to outflank the battery. Advancing by short rushes under heavy fire from enemy machine guns and a hostile battery, their ammunition was exhausted when they were still 200 yards from the battery. The enemy, seeing the opportunity of getting their field guns away, began to bring up their gun teams. Ricketts, immediately realizing the situation, doubled back a hundred yards under heavy machine gun fire, procured further ammunition, dashed back to the Lewis gun and by very accurate fire drove the enemy and gun teams into a farm. His platoon then advanced without casualties, captured four field guns, four machine guns and eight prisoners, the fifth field gun being subsequently intercepted and captured.

By his presence of mind in anticipating the enemy's intention and his utter disregard of personal safety, Ricketts secured a further supply of ammunition which directly resulted in these important captures and undoubtedly saved many lives.

Britain Fosters Steel Combine.

Great Britain is planning to enlarge her steel industry by fostering great combinations for manufacturing and selling, according to an article by Joseph Morton, a British authority on iron and steel, in the annual edition of the Iron Trade Review. Steel manufacturers appointed by the British Board of Trade at the instance of the Government to investigate after-the-war needs, are not only advocating such combinations, but a high protective tariff, the exclusion of imports from the Central Powers during the period of restoration, improved land and ocean transportation facilities and other measures necessary to build up their industry. "Measured by modern standards of industrial power the position of Britain is alarming indeed," the manufacturers' committee concludes from the survey of Britain's situation as compared with recent progress in the United States, Germany and other countries.

Tommy's Yarn.

A Yank and a Tommy thrown together in France, were vying with each other in telling tall stories. "I saw 500 Germans drowned in Champagne," said the American. "That's nothing!" Tommy answered. "At Zeebrugge there were three German submarines sunk in port."

Bolshevism a Microbe.

The theory of President Poincare that Bolshevism is a microbe that attacks defeated, not victorious countries, seems to be substantiated by certain results in the British elections, for wherever there was any indication of such an influence the majority against it seemed to be increased.

Busy Women.

During the war there was an increase of over 40 per cent. in the number of women engaged in industrial and commercial occupations in England.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 19—Live stock receipts fair, cattle prices generally higher, other classes have weaker tendency. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$15.75
Medium butcher cows	8.50	9 50
Ewes	9.00	10.50
Lambs	15.00	15.75
Hogs, fed and watered	16.75	17.25
Calves	16.50	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	17	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	45	45
Butter	55	55
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Hides, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Beacon and bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

IF EFFICIENCY IS YOUR OFFICE MOTTO

WITH wages high, help scarce and difficult to hold, every business office should appreciate the accuracy, convenience and economy that are assured by our

Loose Leaf Systems

They are a triumph of efficiency for bookkeeping We invite an inspection of our stock than which there is none better on the market. Paper ruled to suit any special need.

Binders Strong, Durable and Handsomely Finished

Our prices are moderate and all orders will be delivered within a reasonable time from date of acceptance.

No need to send to the cities for this class of office supplies; get them in your HOME TOWN and at

THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

THE DOG ARMY.

Rendered Gallant Service During the War.

Britain's dog army rendered gallant service in the war. Many a soldier owes his life to some poor, uncared-for, stray dog. For nearly two years dogs were employed by the British as messengers, as sentries and as guards.

Early in 1917 a war dog school of instruction was established by the British War Office, and Lieut.-Col. Richardson, who has devoted his life to training dogs for military and police purposes, was appointed commandant of the school. Gamekeepers, hunt servants and shepherds were called up from the army to assist in the work of instruction.

After a thorough training in England the dogs were sent to France, and on the battlefields their skill, courage and tenacity amazed the army. Often wounded in the performance of their duties, they never faltered while strength remained to carry on. The official record of their heroic work tells of successful message-carrying through darkness, mist, rain and shellfire over the most difficult ground. In a few minutes' time dogs have brought messages over ground that would take a soldier runner hours to cross.

During the great German advance last spring part of the British line in front of a famous French town was cut off by severe enemy barrage. A messenger dog was released with an urgent appeal for reinforcements. It ran two miles in ten minutes. The result was that a French colonial division was sent up and prevented a disaster. The messenger was a Highland sheep dog.

Another dog with a message ran nearly four miles in twenty minues, and still another in the same time carried back from the front a map of an important captured position, when a man would have taken an hour and a half to bring it in.

The dogs which have been found most successful in war work are collies, sheep dogs, lurchers and Airedales, and crosses of these varieties, while in a number of cases Welsh and Irish terriers have given excellent results.

The work of sentry dogs has been valuable, especially in the Balkans. One gave warning of an enemy scout 300 yards away. On many occasions dogs have given warning of enemy patrols long before the soldier sentries were aware of their presence.

Large numbers of dogs have been used for guard duty, many on the Italian front.

Got a New Job.

Bill was reading the paper instead of washing the windows of the hotel when the manager looked in. "What's this?" he said. "Pack up your things, and go." So poor Bill drew his money, went upstairs, and put on his good clothes. Coming down he met the manager, who did not recognise him in his black coat. "Do you want a job?" asked he. "Yes, sir," said Bill. "Can you clean windows?" "Yes, sir." "You look a handy sort of fellow." "Thank you, sir," said Bill; and in half an hour he was back in the same old room, earning two dollars a week more than before—but cleaning the window this time, and not reading the paper.

Fiji Islanders Are Small, But the Colony Expects To Expand in Peace Days

PROBABLY none of the smaller possessions of Great Britain has a more hopeful and progressive post-war outlook than the Fiji Islands, that tiny colony in the middle of the Southern Pacific Ocean which has never been in the public eye, which one hardly ever reads about and of which the average Canadian knows but little. But, left to itself, little Fiji bids fair to forge ahead with surprising rapidity, building up its valuable industries, broadening and extending its educational system, opening up new avenues of trade, and coming to have more and more in common with the outside world, until it becomes an asset of which the Mother Country may well be proud.

This, briefly, is the impression gained by a representative of the Christian Science Monitor from an interview with the Hon. J. M. Hedstrom, M.L.C., M.E.C., president of one of the largest business concerns in the islands. Mr. Hedstrom, who is a member of the Legislative Council, has been a resident of Fiji for many years and is unusually well acquainted with conditions there, and well qualified to forecast what the future has in store for the colony.

Time was when the Fiji Islands existed—as far as the great majority of the people of Canada were concerned—only in story books. The tiny colony, with its sandy beaches and palm-fringed lagoons, was associated closely with pirates, pearls and pieces-of-eight, buried treasure and Bully Hayes. But the years have changed all this, and to-day great mills grind out their wealth of sugar, coconut trees help supply the world with copra, hundreds of thousands of bunches of bananas are gathered and exported yearly and, when evening comes, a daily newspaper furnishes the people of Suva with up-to-the-minute cabled news of world happenings. The halcyon days of romance and adventure have changed to days of big business and big industrial development. The Fiji of the story book is no more.

The Fiji Islands are a colonial possession of Great Britain. Suva, a fair-sized city, modern in nearly every respect, is the capital and principal port of call. Fiji is not self-governing. Heading the administration is the governor, appointed from London. The administration consists of a Legislative Council, composed of 20 persons. Ten of the members are colonial officers and vote with the governor. Seven members are representatives of the European population, two represent the native Fijians and one represents the Indians who are natives of India. The native Fijians do not have the right to vote. As a rule they are not greatly advanced as regards education, though they are stalwart and hard and industrious workers.

Although the area of the Fiji Islands is greater than that of the Hawaiian Islands, the former have a population of only about 150,000. Of this number about 500 are Europeans, the rest being composed mainly of natives and Indians, with a scattering of Chinese. Suva is a beautiful tropical city, with many modern conveniences, with the exception of street cars, and with large stores, banks, hotels, theatres and business houses. Freight and passenger steamers call regularly at Suva on their way from Canada to Australia or vice versa. During the war the call of steamers was not so frequent as in the past, but traffic is expected to be resumed in the very near future.

One of the interesting things about Fiji is the Government land situation. In the first place, says Mr. Hedstrom, the soil of the islands is of the highest quality and capable of growing almost anything that can be cultivated with success in the tropics. There are thousands of acres awaiting cultivation, he says, and fine arable land can be leased from the Government at a rental as low as a penny an acre for 10 years or so. The better lands, of course, bring a higher rental, and a fairly good price, although unusually nominal, is secured from the higher grade lands, especially adapted to the cultivation of sugar cane.

In explaining the land situation, Mr. Hedstrom points out, as an example, that a native, after one year's residence, may obtain a small piece of planting ground near his home, rise and harvest his crop, and then, the next year, take a piece of land probably three miles from his home. In many instances, he says, a native may till a series of plots in rotation, probably not visiting the first for three or four years after a crop has been taken from it.

Fiji's educational system has yet to be improved in many ways if it is to be brought up to the high standard maintained in most countries. Children of Europeans are given a rather thorough primary and secondary education which tends to fit them for entrance into universities. The education of other children has been conducted largely by the missions, and arrangements have now been made whereby these mission schools will receive Government aid when they are brought up to a certain standard. The last Governor of Fiji was an advocate of education, and it was through him that a number of important advances were made which, in the future, should prove of particular benefit to the children of the islands. A new high school was opened at Suva just before Mr. Hedstrom left the islands.

More Cocoanuts Imported.

The value of cocoanuts, copra and cocoanut oil imported in 1918 is about $60,000,000, against approximately $12,000,000 in 1914.

A Golden Throne.

The Maharajah of Mysore has a throne made of solid gold, beautifully chased and set with precious stones, and resting on four huge lions, also of solid gold. Above the throne, which is covered with a thick cushion of cloth of gold with pearl tassels is a gold umbrella shimmering with pearls and precious stones, on top of which is a golden peacock encrusted with diamonds and emeralds, holding in its beak a large emerald pendant. Silver steps lead up to the seat.

BRINGING UP FATHER
BY GEORGE McMANUS
HERE'S YOUR FURS MUM!
PACK THEM IN THE TRUNKS NICELY-WE ARE GOING TO PALM BEACH-
IDIOT-WHAT ARE YOU DOING WITH THAT OUTFIT ON?
GITTIN' READY FOR PALM BEACH I SEE YOU WUZ PACKIN' YOUR FURS
INSECT-MINE ARE YOU CAN'T WEAR PALM BEACH-ITS WARM THERE
WELL FOR GOODNESS SAKE WHERE IS PALM BEACH?
I WONDER WHERE IT IS?

Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Hard Wood $13
per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal.....$10.40 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut
Now in Stock.
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 11

GOSSIP OF THE STARS IN THE NATIONAL PASTIME

Stories of a Scout, of Rickey of the Cardinals, of Hank Gowdy and Others.

A certain scout, name not to be mentioned because it might cause embarrassment, wonders if this joke is on him, or what? Not long since he got a well written letter in which the writer stated that he had managed an "independent" ball club the season before and that on the team had developed a player who looked full fit for a trial in the majors. If the scout were interested he could address So and So at Such and Such a place.

The scout, being on the job, was interested, of course, so made inquiries. And this is what he discovered:

The "independent" team was made up of inmates at an insane asylum, manager and all, and the prospect offered was listed as not ordinarily dangerous but occasionally subject to restraint.

A stiff like this may have been told before, but this is an actual case and the scout presents the evidence to prove it all.

Rickey's War Trophies.

Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Cardinals, returning from service in France, brought back with him the usual collection of German helmets, belts, buttons, etc. Rickey didn't capture them himself, but picked the mementoes up back of the lines. A box full of the war trophies was shipped to the address of Rickey in St. Louis and pried open in the club office by interested hangers on.

Hi Mason dug out an officer's helmet and inspected it. Evidently it had been too large for the wearer, so he had padded the band with a wad of old German newspaper.

And Hi Mason, being a German scholar, proceeded to read the padding. The "feature" article of the newspaper was a peace address made by William Jennings Bryan in 1915, which evidently had been preserved as worth while by the German officer whose head the helmet had adorned before something happened to him that Bill Bryan couldn't prevent.

Gowdy's Troubles

Hank Gowdy, who got his start under Bobby Quinn at Columbus, where he broke into baseball as general roustabout at the ball park, writes Quinn frequent letters. One of Gowdy's duties when he was an employee of the Columbus club was to raise the pennant the team once had won and of which Quinn was very proud. Each day before the game started Gowdy hoisted this memento to the tall flag pole.

One day the pennant got tangled in a hanging wire as Gowdy tried to get it to the top of the pole and it was torn to pieces. Quinn says he gave Gowdy a fearful bawling out, as that pennant was his best loved treasure in baseball. Evidently Hank hasn't forgotten, for in one of his recent letters he writes Quinn:

"I got the assignment of raising Old Glory on top of the city hall of this town (Born in Germany) and as I pulled her up she caught in the ropes. I remember that time I tore up your old pennant rag in Columbus and wondered if the hoodoo was still working on me, but got her clear and to the top of the staff. There she floats and while it's a lovely sight to see the Stars and Stripes floating in Germany, I can't help feeling, if it's not unpatriotic, that the sweetest job in the world to me right now would be hoisting that old blue pennant in the Columbus ball yard."

Then Hank pulls this joke: "This town is Born—I wish it never had been."

Suspected a Joke.

John McGraw tells an interesting story concerning Harry Sparrow, business manager of the Yankees, and Harry vouches for the truth of the yarn, which might be regarded as one of those made to order stories.

McGraw and Sparrow were standing in front of the Auditorium hotel in Chicago a few years ago when Eddie Pigeon, former newspaper man and now well known in theatrical circles, came along. Both knew Eddie well and they chatted for a few minutes when along came Dan Canary, the old-time bike racing star, who knew McGraw, but did not know the two others in the group. After the usual greeting McGraw began to introduce the strangers.

"Mr. Canary, meet Mr. Pigeon," said McGraw.

"Very glad to meet you," returned the old-time bike star to Pigeon.

"Now meet Mr. Sparrow, Mr. Canary," said McGraw in all seriousness.

By this time Canary decided that McGraw was having some fun at his expense and was ringing in bird names on him. He had responded to the Pigeon introduction, but the Sparrow part was too much, so he refused.

"Think you're kiddin' me, do you?" he shouted and then he continued on his way down Michigan boulevard, fully convinced that McGraw was trying to play a joke on him.

For hanging curtains in doorways a grooved strip of wood has been designed, in which freely slide balls from which safety pins are suspended.

The existence of mica, obtainable in very large sheets, has been known in Guatemala for several years, and efforts will be made to exploit the deposits.

JACK DEMPSEY EXPECTED TO PUT UP A GREAT FIGHT FOR TITLE

Is Real Fighting Man—Big Boxing Bout Will Take Place in the United States on July 4th.

There will be a great difference in the matter of height and weight when champion Jess Willard and his young challenger, Jack Dempsey, face each other in the ring on July 4, but the difference in their temperaments will be even greater. Dempsey is everything that Willard is not. He is the direct antithesis of the champion in nearly every respect.

Willard is slow to make friends and regards every stranger with suspicion. Dempsey greets everyone with a smile and is your friend before you have finished shaking hands with him. If he succeeds in winning the title he will be a wonderfully popular champion.

Willard is old as fighters go and he lacks enthusiasm. He gives one the impression, and in fact makes no attempt to hide it, that he is bored with the boxing game. Dempsey is boyishly enthusiastic. He is pugnacious in the extreme. He likes to fight for the excitement of the game as well as the money there is in it.

At first sight Dempsey looks to be little bigger than middleweight. He is so compactly built that one is surprised to find that he is really 6 feet 1½ inches tall. Most of his weight is in his chest and broad shoulders, which are tremendously developed.

Dempsey has the ideal fighting face. His jaws are so broad that his face is rather round than oval. His eyes are set well back in his head, while his mouth is wide and firm and equipped with a set of teeth as even as those displayed in tooth paste advertisements.

Dempsey's nose is the most striking feature of his face. It is a sharp little snub, and it gives him a jaunty cocky look. It is a real fighting nose, such as has been carried by all great ringmen who have liked fighting for fighting's sake.

While waiting to sign articles for the bout Dempsey was pelted with questions by the newspaper men present. He had a ready answer for each, his replies showing him to be naturally smart and intelligent, although without the advantage of much schooling, for Dempsey worked on the farm and in the mines from his early boyhood. He succeeded in leaving that impression that he is wonderfully confident of his ability in the ring, and yet was not in the least boastful.

In telling of how glad he was to get the match, Dempsey said:

"I certainly was tickled to death to hear the news. I would have come on at once if I had to walk it if I had known that I was wanted to sign articles. I thought my manager, Jack Kearns, could attend to that. I thought he must be kidding me when I got the wire from him that I was needed here to sign.

"I want to say for all time that Jack is my one and only manager. We have a contract that runs for five years and he is the only one that can talk for me. I never listen to Curley and Floto and others who have been mentioned as having an interest in me. Of course you know the trouble that I had with Reisler. I broke the contract with him because he did not treat me right or I still would be with him.

"I think Tex Rickard is the greatest promoter in the world, and I am well pleased with my share of the purse. In fact I don't think anything of the money at all. Its the chance to fight for the title that appeals to me. I think Willard is doing me a great favor to fight me, and if necessary I would have taken the match for nothing.

"How will I fight Willard? Just the same as I fought the others. I always go in to win as quickly as I know how, the same as though I were fighting in the street. There's nothing to be gained by waiting and fooling around. I just get in there and fight until something drops.

"I don't think Willard's size will help me to any great extent. It's been my experience that the bigger they are the easier they are. Those big fellows fall all over themselves they are so slow. Fred Fulton and Carl Morris were the biggest men I met and both went out in the first round. There was so much of them could not miss. It's the smaller fellows who are fast and clever that give you the most trouble. Anyone I hit is going to drop no matter how big he is, but when you can't hit them just right it's a lot harder.

"They say I'm not very clever myself, but you'll notice that I have no marks on me. Both my ears are as good as they ever were and I haven't got a scar of any kind. In my last six fights I have not had a nose bleed or a black eye, which is easy to prove that I don't get hit much."

OTTAWAS DOWN ARENAS; CAMERON IS OUT OF GAME

Team From Capital Wins in Overtime by a Score of 4 to 3.

Toronto, Feb. 19.—Ottawa increased their already commending lead in the race for the second-half honors when they defeated Arenas by 4 to 3 in overtime last night. The smallest crowd of the season to view an N. H. L., fixture was on hand, there being about 1,000 paid admissions. Arenas are now hopelessly out of the running, and the departure of Randall, who left last night for Glace Bay, has practically wrecked the team. From world's champions to last place in the league standing is a long jump backwards, but such has been the fate of the locals this season.

The game was not of the tame variety by any means, and both sextettes gave everything they had to gain the verdict. Ottawa needed the game to assure them the honors of the second half, and the locals were equally determined to turn in a victory. With but five minutes of playing time remaining Arenas appeared certain winners, and were leading by 3 to 1. The visitors, however, staged a strong "comeback," and Nighbor and Cleghorn scored in succession. But two minutes' overtime had elapsed when Nighbor outguessed the local defence, made a pass to Broadbent and the latter tallied.

Darrah and Cameron Absent.

Ottawa appeared on the ice minus Darrah and Cameron, but Broadbent and Gerard, who replaced them, played well and the absent ones were not missed as badly as was generally supposed. Cameron is suffering from a painful injury to his ankle, and may be out of the game for a week. Benedict was at the top of his form last night, and saved many shots from close in. He tripped Dennenay on one occasion, and was ordered to the bench, but Cleghorn looked after the goalkeeping job so well that no damage was done.

Gerard and Cleghorn blocked in their usual good style and proved dangerous on the attack. Nighbor was prominent with his hook check and also got in some clever rushing. He figured in two of the winners' goals, once when he went in alone from the face-off and tallied and again when he made the play that won the game Dennenay and Boucher also worked hard. Skene Ronan acted as substitute, but was used very little.

Arenas certainly tried hard enough and deserve credit for their plucky efforts. With practically nothing at stake they went to work with a will, and on the play looked every bit as good as the visitors. Noble was prominent with his grand rushing and was just about the best performer on the ice. Randall showed flashes of real form, especially in the first and second periods. In the final session he made a clever end-to-end rush and scored.

Adams Plays Well.

Mummery, Adams, Skinner and Crawford worked hard, but were closely checked by the visitors and rarely got into the limelight. Adams proved a ready mixer and invariably came out unscathed. On one occasion he stick-handled his way through the entire team, only to have Benedict make a great save.

In the initial period play was very even, with each team tallying a counter. Noble did the trick for the locals, while Broadbent was the man of the hour for the visitors. The second session proved a scoreless affair, but in the third each tallied twice. The Ottawa counters came in the last five minutes and resulted from clever plays.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; defence, Cleghorn and Gerard; right wing, Broadbent; left wing, Dennenay; centre, Nighbor; substitutes, Ronan and Boucher.

Arenas—Goal, Lindsay; defence, Mummery and Randall; left wing, Crawford; right wing, Skinner; centre, Noble; substitutes, Dennenay and Adams.

Officials—L. Marsh and Weir.

Local Curlers Are Out Of Finals

Peterborough was beaten by Paris in the semi-finals of the Tankard series this morning, and the former are this afternoon contesting the finals with the Toronto Granites, who have held the championship for the past ten years.

This morning in the semi-finals the Granites defeated Belleville 38 to 24, while the result of the Paris-Peterborough game stood 36 to 24 in favor of the former.

Yesterday, Peterborough, who entered the semi-finals as a result of drawing a bye along with Parkdale in the first round, won their second round game from Parkdale by eight whots. At one stage they were over twenty shots up, but the veteran Bill Scott sneaked in a six end on W. M. Lang, while St Armstrong also finish very strong.

A summary of the Peterborough-Paris game played this morning follows:

Paris—		Peterborough—	
D. Cavan	19	R. Hicks	10
N. Paley	17	W. Long	14
Total	36	Total	24

Japan plans to install an exchange that will receive wireless telephone calls from ships at sea and connect the callers with land lines.

Within the lid of a new pancake dish are contained a syrup cup and a butter plate.

William Schleffel Broke All Records

Wm. Schleffel last night at the Water street alleys broke all previous records in five pin single and three games.

Rolling in three games, 305, 269, 276, a total of 953, which is a record all over Canada. The previous record in three games, was held by P. Cottan of 873 and a single by J. Dillon of 358, while Schleffel's high single was 376.

A snow plow to be drawn by a motor truck, which he believes will keep highways open in spite of the heaviest snow fall, has been built by a Montana road engineer.

SKATING AT BROCK ST. RINK
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK EXCEPTING THURSDAY
G.W.V.A. HAND ALL WEEK
GRAND ICE
BIG CROWDS EXPECTED!!

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW
IT PAYS

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE.
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
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THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents: W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully qualified, both by scientific knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

Dr. W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Opthalmetrist, 416 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

PARK ST. BAPTIST CHURCH

Tonight, Wednesday, Feb. 19th, at 7.30 p.m., annual roll call and social. All members, adherents and friends cordially welcomed.

PETERBOROUGH CHARTERED BRANCH INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

An open meeting will be held in the Labor Hall, Thursday, Feb. 20th, 8 p.m. Platform will be announced. Membership cards issued. Local speakers. Bring your friends.

T. TOOMS, Secretary.

NOTICE

I hereby notify all stores and the public generally that my wife having left my bed and board, I will pay no bills run either in my name or hers. Ollie Kelly.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McElmoyle, Robinet, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for painless anaesthetic. Special attention to prosthesis, removable bridgework and accurately fitting dentures.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order slips from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 363 Hunter Street. Phone 546.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

A meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held in the Y. W. C. A., on Thursday February 20th, at 3.30 p.m., when the reports for the year will be read and election of officers take place. Presidents of affiliated societies are especially requested to attend.

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Brothers of Langmarch Lodge No. 366, are requested to attend a meeting at Victoria Hall, on Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, to organize and elect officers for the ensuing year. Refreshments will be served.

W. J. GOWES,
Secretary Pro Temp.

SKATING PARTY

Come to the Crossman Welfare Club Skating Party on Wednesday night, February 19th, at Brock Street Rink. Excellent band program from 8 to 11 o'clock. Refreshments will be served at the booth. Admission 25c.

AT ST. LUKE'S

The usual mid-week service at St. Luke's is withdrawn in favour of the meeting of Anglican Workers at St. John's.

CHARLES INNES

Commencing Sunday night next, February 23, Evangelist Charles Innes, of Aberdeen, Scotland, will conduct a series of Evangelistic Meetings in Gospel Hall, to which all are invited. Mr. Innes is a gifted speaker, and gives his message with spirit and power. He has great power of illustration, making his message live. The subject for Sunday night is, "A Great General—what he was, what he did, and what he could not do." Sunday night, 7 o'clock.

AT CHILDREN'S SHELTER.

There will be a sewing meeting at the Children's Shelter tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Ladies who wish to assist in the work are invited to attend.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture and furnishings, at the home of Mr. Alfred Austin, 405 Walton street, on Friday, February 21, including sewing machine, solid walnut bedroom suite, also one oak suite, rugs, etc. Sale at 1:30 p.m. No reserve.

J. F. THORNTON,
Auctioneer.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

A folding handle, which can be carried in a pocket, is intended to be used with a post card to form a fan.

CANADIAN PAINTINGS ON EXHIBITION BY W. A. A.

Excellent Opportunity at the Public Library to Study the Works of Leading Canadian Artists.

The exhibition now being held in the lecture hall of the Public Library building under the auspices of the local branch of the Womens Art Association gives citizens of Peterborough an opportunity to study works by Canadian artists.

By bringing these pictures to the city the Peterborough branch strives to accomplish one of the objects of the Association, namely: "The encouragement and promotion of more general interest in original art in this country." As the collection of pictures is large one may perhaps refer especially to the works of a few of the artists represented.

There are fifteen pictures by Mrs. Dignam of Toronto. Particularly interesting is her series of Muskoka scenery.

Mrs. S. Cutts, A.R. C.A., of Port Perry shows two Dutch scenes which are much admired.

There are six beautiful paintings by Miss Murray.

Miss Hatton's four pictures attract a great deal of attention.

Remarkable for vivid coloring is "Poinsettia" by Lady Bachman, The Hague, Holland.

The charming feature of the exhibition is a collection of miniature portraits, the work of Miss M. D. Drummond of Toronto.

The crafts are represented by beautiful, hand wrought bronze and copper articles, jewellery, samples of book binding, hand painted china and decorated glass and the home industries by curtains, Afghans, rugs, overtures, work bags, and sets of home spun, all of which have been woven on hand looms in the homes of the workers. Beautiful samples of Chinese embroidery are also displayed. Many of the articles are for sale and the prices are reasonable.

Not the least attractive of the exhibits is the flax, which is shown in all stages from the time it is cut in the field until it becomes beautiful linen, and with this display is a piece of damask which was specially woven for Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, in the year 1840.

This exhibit should be particularly interesting as the cultivation and preparation of flax are the most ancient of all textile industries, very distinct traces of their existence during the stone age being preserved to the present day.

The hostesses this afternoon were Mrs. V. Eastwood, Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner, Mrs. R. Neil and Mrs. R. Denne.

Tonight Mrs. Abbott and Mrs. Goodwill will act as hostesses.

The Two Leading Characters in "The Man Who Came Back"

"The Man Who Came Back," which comes to the Grand Theatre on Saturday next, February 22, for Matinee and Night, is by Jules Eckert Goodman, founded on a short story by John Fleming Wilson and produced by William A. Brady, and outlasted all of its competitors in New York and Boston. There seems to be no limit to the number of people who want to see the progress of this young man who makes his way from his father's home down to the very depths in a Chinese opium den, and from there, with the help of a girl, back again to his father's home. Each week the Playhouse was crowded, and were it not for the fact that Grace George and her repertoire company had to have the theatre, Mr. Brady would have kept "The Man Who Came Back" there indefinitely.

Local theatregoers will see the exact same company and production which has just finished nearly a two year run in New York and is now en route to Indianapolis, Ind., playing only six cities in Canada.

CINDERELLA DANCE

Pleasant and Successful Function Held at Lakefield

(Special to The Review)

Lakefield, Feb. 19.—A Cinderella Dance was held last night in the Gordon House, Queen Street, from 8 to 12 o'clock. The patronesses of the dance were Mesdames, F. J. Tate, Marlin, Fawcett Valentine, N. W. Mackenzie, R. H. Alford and H. G. Fitzgerald. The music was provided by an orchestra composed of Mrs. G. R. Tate, pianist; Mrs. Jack Strickland, Mrs. Britten and Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Morrison, violinists; Mrs. O. A. Langley and Miss K. Atwood, banjos and Miss F. Atwood, mandolin. The orchestra was under the direction of Mr. Keith Tate.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTING.

Do not fail to see the exhibition of Paintings in the Library Building on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

ANNUAL DANCE.

The annual Dance under the auspices of the Peterborough branch of U. F. O. will be held in Victoria Hall on Wednesday, February 26. Refreshments. Tickets $1.00 a couple. Tucker's Orchestra.

OBITUARY

MRS. JOSEPH NORTHEY

A very sad death occurred on Thursday, February 13th, which has cast a gloom over the whole community, when Cora R. Etta Pack, wife of Joseph Northey, Mount Julian, passed away in her 40th year. About two weeks ago she fell a victim of influenza, which was followed by pneumonia. She was a daughter of Mr. Pack of Haliburton and was married in 1904, when she came to reside in Burleigh. Her kind, cheerful disposition soon won her a host of friends. She was an amiable wife, fond mother and a devout christian. She was by faith a Later Day Saint, but during her life in Burleigh she was a faithful worker of Eden Methodist Church. She was an active member of the Women's Institute ever since the local branch was organized.

She leaves to mourn her loss besides her heart-broken husband and three small children, her father, three sisters and three brothers. The bereaved relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

The funeral which took place on Saturday from her late residence to Lakefield Cemetery was largely attended. Rev. Mr. Beck officiated.

MRS. MARTHA BIRD.

An old resident of Peterborough passed away last night in the person of Mrs. Martha Bird, of 139 London street. She was in her 89th year, and had resided in this city during her entire lifetime.

She was married to John Bird, who predeceased her in 1889. Surviving are one sister, Mrs. Lattimer, and a step-daughter, Mrs. Margaret Dupras, both of this city.

The funeral will be held from the late residence of deceased tomorrow at 2:30 p.m., service being conducted at the house half an hour earlier by Rev. A. J. Thomas. Interment will be made in Little Lake Cemetery.

THE LATE MRS O'MARA

The funeral of Mrs. Carew O'Mara will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the family residence, Waterford Street, to St. Peter's Cathedral and thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

No Reduction In Cost Of Clothes

Toronto, Feb. 19.—There will be practically no reduction in the price of men's clothing next spring, although by next fall a slight reduction in the prices will be expected, was the declaration made by Chas. E. Wry, who is in the city to attend the annual convention of the retail clothiers' section of the Retail Merchants' Association. Mr. Wry points out that wages have increased considerably since the armistice was signed, while the number of working hours have been cut down by the employes. It is expected, however, that the quality of the goods put out by the manufacturers next season will be far better than the goods turned out during the war, for the reason that a larger percentage of wool will be inducted into the cloth, and again the release of machinery formerly on government work will greatly expedite the reduction in prices.

THE WELCOME GUEST HAS A GOOD STOMACH

Not What You Eat But What You Digest Tells the Story. Eat Anything if You Follow With a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet

The Man or Woman Who Can Eat Heartily and Not Fade Away is the Welcome Guest Anywhere.

Many people just hate to eat in company. They prefer to crawl into some by-place for a dyspeptic's plate of molly coddle. Business men often resort to this form of weakness under the belief they can work better. But it isn't what you eat but what you digest that counts. Some stomachs can't digest even a glass of milk. So they simply keep on feeding dyspepsia and get gas, water brash, sour risings and so on that the better informed and hearty eaters entirely avoid. This they do by using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Many physicians prescribe them for indigestion, dyspepsia and other digestive disorders. They are sold at every drug store, everywhere, price 50 cents a box.

Ask your druggist more about them.

Prize Winners At Euchre Party

The Valentine Euchre held by St. Peter's Ladies Aid was a decided success, both socially and financially and the society are indeed grateful to all those who in any way and every way helped in making it such. To the public for their patronage and especially to those who donated the following very handsome prizes:

Ladies' Prizes

1st prize, a handsome crocheted yoik, donated by Mrs. T. Cronin, won by Miss Blanid Giroux.,

2nd. A handsome piece of statuary, donated by Mrs. Dunn and won by Miss Carrie Lajoie.

3rd. Handsome pieces of china, donated by Mrs. R. Sheehy and won by Miss Gillen.

Gentlemens' Prizes

1st prize. Box cigars, donated, by Mr. G. Ball and won by Mr. M. Kellegher.

2nd. Pipes, donated by Rev. Fr. Phelan and won by Mr. Ashland.

3rd. A beautiful picture framed donated by Mrs. M. McFadden and won by Mr. B. Law.

AT MURRAY STREET CHURCH.

Ladies' Will Have Charge of Service Tonight.

The midweek service at Murray Street Baptist Church tonight will be in charge of the Ladies' Missionary Circle. This does not mean that the men are not expected. It means the very opposite—that the ladies will scarcely understand it in cases where the men are absent, because this is the one occasion when they have an invitation to a ladies' meeting. This series of department meetings is proving a great blessing at Murray Street Church.

Mrs. Oswald Brooke Here From England

Mr. W. E. Brooks, of Young's Point and South Beach, met Mrs. Oswald Brooks, the English bride of his son, Corp. Oswald Brooks, who arrived from England on the 6.21 C. P. R. train this morning. Corp. Brooks was to have accompanied his wife home but his permit to return to Canada was cancelled at the eleventh hour, consequently, the young bride had to make the journey alone. Corp. Brooks has been over four years overseas. Mr. W. E. Brooks and his daughter-in-law left for Young's Point at noon today.

Prussian officers are seeking commissions in the U. S. army. Their applications are being refused.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Tomorrow at the exhibition of paintings being held in the public library building, Mrs. Rush, Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Fessenden, and Mrs. Stevenson will be hostesses.

Rev. J. R. Webb, who has been confined to the house for the last five days with a slight attack of influenza is doing splendidly and will be about his duties in a few days.

TO FORM SOCIAL SERVICE COUNCIL

MEETING WILL BE HELD AT Y. M. C. A. TOMORROW NIGHT

There will be a meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow night to perfect the organization of the branch of the Social Service Council which it is proposed to form in this city. There are about sixty delegates who have been appointed to represent the various institutions in the city, including the churches and the Trades and Labor Council and all these representatives are requested to attend the meeting tomorrow night. Rev. Gilbert Agar, provincial secretary, will be present from headquarters in Toronto.

ANNUAL OFFERING TO DR. GRENFELL'S MISSION.

The annual offering for Dr. Grenfell's Mission is now due. The appeal has been made for the last three years through the Examiner and The Review. All gifts are acknowledged and passed on to Mrs. James Wood, treasurer, Monaghan road. The following statement will let the public know something of what may be accomplished by their gifts. Make your offering at once.

$450 will pay the salary of a nurse for a year.

$350 will pay a school teacher's salary for one year.

$150 will pay the travelling expenses of a volunteer nurse for the summer.

$100 will care for a child in the Children's Home for a year.

$60 will support a hospital cot for one year.

$16 will provide a ton of coal for the steamer.

$2 or over makes one a member in one of the Grenfell associations for one year, and includes a year's subscription of 75 cents for the quarterly magazine, "Among the Deep Sea Fishers."

Potato Prize Goes To Port Arthur Man

Port Arthur, Ont., Feb. 19.—Competing against some of the best potato growers in the whole Province, a Port Arthur man, James Taylor, has been awarded the Ontario Department of Agriculture's prize in the acre profit competition. W. Draycott of Stratton, near Rainy River, took second prize. The first prize winner took off 283 bushels. His cost of production was $45.80, and at a fixed price of $1.20 at that time his profit was $289.80.

DIED

HAFFEY—At the family residence, 537 Waterford street, Feb. 18, 1919, Margaret Haffey, born Nov. 27th, 1832, in Newry County, Armah, Ireland, and came with her parents to Peterboro in May, 1845. In 1853 she married Jermiah Carew, of which is of this marriage, two children survive, Robert, of Salamanca, N.Y., and Emily, of this city. She was later married to Patrick O'Mara, who predeceased her some years ago.

Funeral notice later.

Mid-week Specials at

Porter S. White Co.

LIBBY'S TOMATO CATSUP—Large bottles 25c

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS In Chili sauce; large tins 20c

PINK SALMON—½lb. flat tins ..... 2 for 25c

EXTRA QUALITY CHEESE CHOICE POTATOES, dry and mealy, by the peck or bag.

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TO-NIGHT — 7.30 — TO-NIGHT
DAILY MATINEE—2.30 EVENINGS—7.30
HIGH-CLASS PICTURES AND POLITE VAUDEVILLE
5 REEL FEATURE PICTURE—METRO SPECIAL
MAY ALLISON in "A Successful Adventure"
FATTY ARBUCKLE AND MABEL NORMAND in a 2 reel Comedy
FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE
O. HENRY STORY—2 reels BRITISH GAZETTE
—VAUDEVILLE—
BILLY S. GOURLEY,
COMEDIAN AND HIS DOGS
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:30, 15c
Complete Change of Program To-morrow

SEAT SALE OPENS TO-MORROW

SAT. NEXT, FEB. 22

MATINEE 2.30 EVENING 8.15
WILLIAM A. BRADY Presents
HIS YEAR-LONG N.Y. HIT
"THE MAN WHO CAME BACK"
BY JULES ECKERT GOODMAN
FROM THE STORY BY JOHN FLEMING WILSON
Absolutely Guaranteed, the New York Cast and Production Intact, on its way from New York to Indianapolis, Ind.
PRICES—MATINEE: 50c, 75c, $1.00.
EVENING: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. GALLERY 25c.
SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28
4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis
People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better
PRICE 25c and 50c
Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

An inventor has patented a frame to which a rocking chair can be fastened to covert it into a rolling chair.

Several lighthouses on French coasts have been equipped with lenses that enable their lights to be seen 50 miles.

The Bolshevik reports from Archangel state that the Abbess of the big convent at Shekursk has been executed.

Marshal Foch has notified the Supreme War Council of the Allies of the acceptance of the armistice renewal terms by the Germans.

To check a cold at once, take

Laxacold

A laxative tablet treatment for COUGHS, COLDS, GRIPPE, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.

Acts quickly, is tasteless, sugar-coated and checks a cold at once if taken promptly.

Warranted free from Anti-pyeine, Morphine Chloral or Opium.

A 25c box will convince you of the merits of "Laxacold" treatment. Sold only by

Warne Drug Co.
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"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

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FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT INSURANCE BONDS—SECURITIES

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Rise in temperature. Friday, easterly winds, closely followed by sleet or rain.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 43 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

MR. KEARNS LOSES SUIT WITH MR. HALL

LATTER DID NOT AGREE TO FINANCE ENTERPRISE AS CLAIMED.

Chief Justice Falconbridge delivered judgment today in the case of W. J. Kearns against R. R. Hall and dismissed Mr. Kearns' claim against Mr. Hall for $25,000.00 damages, while allowing Mr. Hall's claim against Mr. Kearns upon two promissory notes for $284.50 with interest since they were made in February, 1914. Costs were allowed Mr. Hall in connection with the action and his counterclaim against Mr. Kearns.

This action was tried on Wednesday before Mr. Justice Falconbridge and evidence was given as to the proving of a vein supposed to have contained galena.

In the judgment Sir Glenholme Falconbridge states that he finds all the facts in controversy, in favor of Mr. Hall and that Mr. Hall did not agree to finance the enterprise any further than he said he would risk $500.00, and that Mr. Kearns' representations as to the finding of a vein were not founded in fact and that Mr. Hall had the right to terminate the contract at any time when he found the vein was not making the showing Mr. Kearns represented it could make.

Mr. Kearns was allowed $65.00, the amount of goods that were sold and the moneys paid to Mr. Hall, Mr. Hall having consented to Mr. Kearns being allowed $65.00, the value of the goods.

Mr. J. Guise-Bagley appeared for Mr. Kearns and Mr. G. N. Gordon and Mr. John Birnie appeared for Mr. Hall.

Spartacan Forces Bomb Westphalia

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 20. — Spartacan forces are bombing the town of Rotterop in Westphalia with artillery, according to messages received here from Muenster. Assistance to the defenders of Rotterop is being sent from Muenster, the message adds.

Many Ontario Men Arrive at Halifax

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Feb. 20.—With sixty-four officers, fifty cadets and 1,310 of other ranks, the Canadian expeditionary forces, the transport Royal George arrived here last night, nine and a half days from Liverpool, and docked this morning. Most of the men are from Ontario.

Peace Conference Decides to Adjourn

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 20.—The Peace Conference at Paris has decided to adjourn as a result of the attack upon Premier Clemenceau, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Paris this morning. There will be no session today, the message adds.

PTE. BATES DEAD OVER IN ENGLAND

PETERBOROUGH FRIENDS WHILE EXPECTING RETURN ARE SHOCKED BY NEWS.

(Word came to Peterboro yesterday of the death in England of Pte. Archibald Beecham Bates. He is the eldest son of Mr. Walter Bater, formerly of Peterboro, but now in the baking business in Campbellford, Ont. Mr. friends had been expecting his early return to Canada and were shocked at the news of his death, not having previously been made aware of any illness. The deceased was a young man in his prime, who answered the call in 1916 and went overseas with a Toronto unit. He leaves a widow. Mr. Low Bates, 654 Stewart street, is an uncle, and Mrs. Ed. Feeney, of 360 Aylmer street, is an aunt. His brother, Orville, is still overseas.

TRADES COUNCIL REJECTS THE IDEA OF CLERICAL DELEGATES

Motion to Invite Ministerial Association to Elect Representatives to Labor Organization is Ruled Out of Order After Hot Debate—Routine Business Transacted.

E. M. Mathews, a delegate from the Typographical Union, precipitated a new debate in the Trades Council last night when he moved that the Ministerial Association be invited to send delegates to the meetings of the Labor organization. The majority of the delegates were opposed to the proposition, some on general principles, some feared that such an innovation would introduce religious discussions into the Trades Council, something barred by the constitution. The majority, however, took the ground that the Ministerial Association was not eligible to representation as it was not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Finally President Bolwell ruled the motion out of order and the matter was allowed to drop. Delegate Mathews put up a sturdy fight for his proposition. Ministers sit, as delegates, he said, in Trades Councils in other cities, Winnipeg included, then why not here? He argued that the Ministerial Association had as good a right to representation as the G.W.V.A. The latter send delegates to the Council, but only as a matter of courtesy. These delegates take no part in the debates except by request and are not allowed to vote.)

The delegates last night were in favor of inviting ministers to address the Council from time to time on topics of general interest.

Firemen Send Delegates

The new Firemen's Union sent delegates for the first time and these were received with applause. The representatives from the Fire Fighter's Union are Thomas B. Hatley, Victor, Le Barr, Percy Pammett and E. C. Johnston. Owing to the nature of the firemen's occupation it was necessary to elect alternatives and these are Robert Wilson, B. Menzies, James Weyer and W. Copperthwaite.

The Board of Trade

Secretary Hall of the Board of Trade wrote asking that the council nominate their candidates for office, if they proposed to put up any and to furnish him with the list. It was decided not to affiliate with the Board of Trade next year unless fuller representation is given labor in that body and Secretary Stevens was instructed to write for new terms.

Secretary Stevens who represents labor on the Council of the Board of Trade reported that at the last meeting the members had opposed the idea of extending the Government railroad to James Bay. He also said that the members were opposed to granting tax exemption to new industries as an inducement to locate in this city.

Increasing the Membership.

The Trades Council is at present composed of five delegates from each union and the several organizations pay $6 a year as membership fees. A special committee was appointed some time ago to revise the plan of representation reported in favor of revising the schedule as follows:

Five delegates from every union with 50 members or less.

Six from unions with over fifty and less than 100 members.

Seven from unions of over 100 and less than 150.

Eight delegates from the unions above that number.

These unions it was recommended be charged an annual fee of $8, $12, $18 and $24 respectively. The report was endorsed and the matter will now be passed upon by the local unions.

Oppose Police Trips

The Council went on record as opposed to sending Chief Thompson to the Police Convention at Calgary at the public expense. One of the reasons given was that at the convention last year the Chief supported the move against the forming of a union by members of any police force.

A memorial will be sent to the Royal Commission in Toronto in favor of placing the control of the police force in the hands of the City Council. The delegates were also in favor of having proprietors of amusement places paying for such inside police protection as they required.

A delegation from the Local Council of Women is expected to meet the Council at a nearly date to talk over public questions.

The delegates declared against granting business licenses to any person against whom there are convictions on record.

MESSRS. SMITH AND GLADMAN RETIRE FROM DIRECTORATE

Changes Made in William Hamilton Company Management—Daniel Smith, Financier From Kingston, the New President.

There was a change made in the directorate of the William Hamilton Company on Tuesday when President J. C. Smith and Secretary-Treasurer George G. Gladman retired after several years of service, during which Mr. Gladman acted as general manager of the firm. There was a vacancy on the board caused by the death of Ross Cameron, who lost his life in action in France last summer.

Louis Potvin and R. Munroe were re-elected as members of the board and the three new directors chosen were Daniel Smith, Kingston, Phillip Talcott, Bloomfield, near Picton, and Peder Westby, an old employe of the company. It is understood that Mr. Daniel Smith will be the new president, and that Mr. Talcott will succeed Mr. Gladman as secretary-treasurer. The new president is a well-known financier in the Limestone City, and is a man of wealth. Great things are expected of his administration, as he comes to Peterborough with an excellent reputation as a successful business man. Mr. Talcott also is a man of means with a creditable business career behind him.

Under the management of the retiring officers, Messrs. Smith and Gladman, the William Hamilton Co. has passed through the most successful period of its existence. The business has steadily grown during the war and the credit of the concern has increased. It is likely, however, that a taste of success has but sharpened the appetite of the shareholders for more. Mr. Jos. Wearing, who was solicitor for the company, also retires, and is succeeded in that capacity by Mr. J. E. L. Goodwill.

Ukranian Army Still War on Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 20.—The Ukrainian forces resumed their attack against the Poles defending Lemberg on Sunday and have captured all points between Przemysl and Grodek west of Lemberg, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Vienna. Railway communication in that region has been interrupted.

STRIKE INSPIRED BY SPARTACANS

LEADERS ANNOUNCE IT AS FINAL STRUGGLE AGAINST THE CAPITALISTS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 20.—The general strike in the Ruhr industrial district continues to spread in spite of the fact that a large majority of the miners, as shown by the votes taken at many places oppose the movement. Coal production in the region is virtually at a standstill. The Socialist Vorwaerts and the Bourgeois newspapers declare that the strike is a political movement insignated by Spartacans and Independent Socialist leaders. The Spartacans announced their intention of carrying the strike from Rhineland into Central Germany, in a final struggle between Labor and Capital.

PRIVATE FOSTER REACHES CANADA

PETERBOROUGH MAN ARRIVED AT HALIFAX ON ROYAL ... GEORGE TODAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Feb. 20.—Private J. A. Foster, Fourth C.M.R., Peterborough, arrived from England on the transport Royal George, which docked here this morning.

DID THE BOLSHEVISTS INSPIRE THE ATTACK ON CLEMENCEAU?

That is a Question That is Agitating Paris—Bolsheviki Believed to Have Reached That City—Premier is Recovering But Wounds Are Painful.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 20.—Was the attempt upon Premier Clemenceau's life of Bolshevik origin? is a question being insistantly asked here. The Matin today recalls that a few days ago a Geneva newspaper announced that the Bolsheviki in Lausanne, Switzerland, were plotting against Clemenceau's life and that two Bolsheviki had crossed the frontier to carry out the plan.

Premier is Better.

Paris, Feb. 20.—Premier Clemenceau, who was wounded in the shoulder yesterday in an attempt by a young Anarchist, Emily Cotten, to assassinate him, was in a satisfactory condition this morning, according to latest reports. No fever has developed. His enforced inaction is weighing heavily upon the Premier, however, and the doctors find him a bad patient, unwilling to obey all their orders. He insisted in receiving visitors all day yesterday and in discussing current business with Stephen Pichon, the Foreign Minister, who called upon him late in the evening for the first time after the shooting.

Clemenceau's wounds occasionally give him much pain. He bears this exceptionally well and twinges do not impare his customary good humor or prevent him indulging in lively sallies. Thus shortly after he was wounded when one of his colleagues who was an old and trusted friend and particularly dear to him, came to see him, the Premier smilingly broadly remarked: "The Maharaja of Bikenir invited me to hunt tiger in this country. Well, it is Anarchist who has hunted tiger, but they missed him." The Premier yesterday sent for Sister Theoness, the nun who nursed him when he was operated upon a few years ago and she is now attending him. Clemenceau sat up for quite a while yesterday in his arm chair, but asked that his favorite old grandfather's chair should be brought up from his country house at Bernouville. The Premier's mind never was clearer nor his thought more rapid. He discusses his wound and his symptoms just as if they were those of another person.

WOMEN TO GET FEDERAL FRANCHISE

And Right to Sit in Parliament Are Reforms Foreshadowed in the Speech From Throne at Opening of House Today.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 20. — Parliament opened today. The note of mourning in hanging crepe and half-masted flags was everywhere. There was none of the usual social display. No invitations were issued to the ceremony, usually the social event of the year. There were none present but the Governor-General and his staff, members of Parliament assembled to hear the Speech from the Throne, judges of the Supreme Court, and a few of the men of the permanent gathering here, to pay their last respects.

His Excellency and staff arrived shortly before 3 o'clock and immediately proceeded to the Senate chamber for the formal opening.

In the Speech from the Throne a franchise bill is promised. The bill will, among other things, effectually enable women to vote, and confer upon them the privilege of sitting in Parliament. There also will be bills to provide for national highway construction, to assist returned soldiers in settling upon the land, and to promote desirable immigration and farm settlement.

Bills to promote vocational education, to create a department of public health, for the promoting of better housing conditions, and the validating of the prohibiting order-in-Council are also promised.

Following the Speech from the Throne, members of the Commons, headed by the Speaker, returned to the House, but the proceedings here were brief. The formal motions incidental to the opening of the session were presented by Sir Thomas White.

Then, out of respect, the House adjourned till Tuesday, when full tribute will be paid by the leaders on both sides to Sir Wilfrid's memory.

Afterwards, Major Redmund of Calgary will move and Capt. Manion of Fort William and Rainy River will second the formal address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, and the debate will lopen.

THIRD DIVISION TO START HOME

FIRST STROOPS WILL EMBARK FOR CANADA ABOUT MARCH 1st.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—The Militia Department announced that the dispatch of the third division from England for home under Major-Gen. Loomis will commence about March 1st. This division, includes the 7th, 5th, and 9th Infantry Brigades, 9th and 10th Artillery Brigades and sundry auxiliary corps. Many of the men are from Ontario.

The Hamilton Board of Control has practically decided upon a 32-mill tax rate.

Queen's University at Kingston may have a summer session for returned soldiers.

Bishop Brent of Western New York is a visitor at his old home at Newcastle, Ont.

WAS COMPETENT TO MAKE WILL

EXECUTOR ONTRAM WINS HIS CASE BEFORE JUSTICE FALCONBRIDGE.

In the case of William James Ontram, of the city of Peterborough, to prove in solemn form the will of the late Alfred John Gaddy, an elderly gentleman, who died on August 17, 1917, Chief Justice Falconbridge gave judgment in favor of Mr. Ontram, the executor of the estate of Mr. Gaddy.

Ethel May Guerin, who claimed to be a granddaughter of the late Mr. Gaddy, opposed the proving of the will and alleged that there was undue influence, and by reason of the feebleness of mind of the late John Gaddy, that he was not capable of making a will.

However, Sir Glenholme Falconbridge found upon the evidence that the claim that undue influence had existed and that the late Mr. Gaddy was not of sufficient mental capacity to make his will, was not proved, and judgment was given in favor of the executors maintaining the will.

Costs were allowed to Mr. Ontrams' solicitors, Messrs. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, who acted for the executors, and also costs were allowed to Martin Roche, Esq., solicitor for some of the beneficiaries, and the official guardian representing the infants, for whom Mr. R. D. Hall acted. No costs were allowed Mrs. Guerin, who was represented by Mr. Gordon.

The amount of the estate was over $20,000, and under the will it goes to the nephews and nieces and their children generally, with some other small bequests to others.

NOTED CLERICS WILL OFFICIATE

PAPAL DELEGATE TO CELEBRATE MASS AT SIR WILFRID LAURIER'S FUNERAL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—M. G. R. Petro Dimaria, Papal delegate to Canada, will be Celebrant of the Solemn High Mass at eleven o'clock Saturday morning at religious services at the funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. A representative of assumption college, the Alma Mater of Sir Wilfred, will be Subdeacon of Mass. Several other priests will assist.

Earl Reading Goes Back To Washington

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 20.—Earl Reading sailed today to resume his post as Ambassador in the United States.

Empress of Britain Homeward Bound

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—The Empress of Britain sailed from England for Halifax on February 17 and will probably land on the 25th. There are 3,140 troops on board, including 1,450 for Ontario.

EX-KAISER'S SON UNDER ARREST

YOUNGEST MEMBER OF ROYAL FAMILY IS SUSPECTED OF INTRIGUE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 20.—Prince Joachim of Prussia, youngest son of former Emperor William, has been arrested, according to a despatch from Munich. The despatch states that his arrest was on suspicion of his being connected with "certain intrigues."

SAYS HE WAS ASSAULTED BY TWO MEN LAST NIGHT

Thomas Flannery, Arrested While Under the Influence of Liquor, Tells Strange Story in Court.

Thomas Flannery, who resides at 262 Dublin street, appeared in Police Court this morning charged with having been found in an intoxicated condition at the corner of McDonnel and George streets last night. He was arrested by the police, who noticed his condition.

When he took his place in the prisoner's box and squinted at the magistrate out of one eye this morning he presented a pitiable spectacle. His right eye was as black as night and his face was bruised and swollen. He looked as if he had just returned from a visit to Donnybrook Fair.

Asked whether or not he was guilty of the charge of being drunk, he took some time to think it over and then replied that "he guessed he had been." Pressed for a straightforward answer, he acknowledged the charge.

As the use of a taxicab had been required to take Flannery to the police station last night, there was an additional dollar tacked on to the costs, which amounted to $5.10 and the usual fine of $10.

Flannery was then invited to step into the witness box, sworn in and examined as to where he got his liquor. He told a rather peculiar story which Magistrate Dumble seemed to find difficulty in crediting.

According to the statement of the prisoner, he left his home last night about 8 o'clock and went down town. Returning, he dropped into a doctor's office and complained to the physician of having a severe cold. The medical man mixed him up two drinks, which he assured Flannery would cure him, and which the prisoner stated must have contained some liquor.

Chief Thompson thought that the two drinks must have had quite "a kick in them" to produce the results for which they were responsible. Flannery stated that upon leaving the doctor's office he got as far as the corner of McDonnel and George streets, when two men, whom he did not recognize, jumped upon him and gave him a thorough beating.

Magistrate Dumble asked the prisoner if he was sure the terrible assailant was not a lamp post, and Mr. Flannery announced in a tone expressive of wounded dignity that "he guessed he could tell the difference between a lamp post and two men."

"Are you sure it was not a policeman who took hold of you?" enquired his Worship.

Flannery assured the court that he was quite certain upon this point, and was sorry that he could not furnish the Chief with the names of his two waylayers.

Chief Thompson, who was conducting the examination, asked the magistrate for a remand of a week, in which time his department would investigate the strange story of the two mysterious assailants who had taken advantage of the prisoner the night before.

Flannery's bruised features did not show any pleasure at the prospect of a week's sojourn in the jail, even though his enemies of the night before might be given an opportunity of joining him before the expiry of of the time set. He thought he should be allowed a chance to get back to his occupation, but was informed that he would be given an opportunity to do some work for the county.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1852, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1919

THE EXTENSION OF ART.

ART DID NOT SUFFER during the late war, and the activities of its devotees did not slacken. It sent its members overseas, but the work at home was well carried on, and the Women's Art Association of Toronto constantly enlarged its scope. Like most the society was able to buy in Toronto a large house for exhibition purposes. They did not make the mistake of regarding art as a luxury to be indulged in by the rich and the leisure classes, but properly held it to be one of the necessities of existence, one of the requisites for the proper development of human nature.

The results of these untiring efforts are seen in this city today, in the splendid exhibition of the works of Canadian artists now being held at the Public Library.

MAJOR CAMERON'S DEFEAT.

MAJOR CAMERON, the Government candidate for the Legislature, who was defeated in the election of Tuesday, had a long and honorable record in the late war. The County of Ontario sent to the front as many men in proportion to its population as any county in the Province. It is not to be inferred, however, that the gallant major failed to secure the soldiers' vote or that his nomination was an attempt at waving the flag.

The majority of the soldiers who enlisted in Ontario County came from the southern and not the northern riding, and the votes of these were not available for the officer who led the Ontario heroes to many a sanguinary triumph at the front. Besides this, not all the soldiers who would without question have voted for the Major have yet reached home.

To a great extent the Major was the victim of his own popularity. His friends were over-confident and took his election as a matter of course. There is no other explanation of the fact that only about half the vote was polled on Tuesday. It is always the confident who stay away from an election, under the impression that their assistance is not required.

On the other hand, the farmers and their wives turned out, and that they hung together on their platform is evident from the returns.

THE FARMERS' MOVEMENT.

SOME TIME AGO, or a few days after the bye-election in North Huron, The Review stated that it was apparent that the farmers were determined to send members of their own calling to Legislature and Parliament as their representatives. Recent events have borne out this contention, and certainly there is no reason for a change of opinion when the result in North Ontario is considered. There are a number of them in the Legislature now, and the chances are that the list of membership will be increased and that the farmers will strike for still higher influence by electing their candidates to the Federal House.

Of course, political success can be achieved by the farmers in ridings in which the rural population predominates. One thing appears certain—the Labor men and the farmers seem unable to stand on a common platform. If they did, then the Government candidate in St. Catharines would not have been elected. The Labor man in that contest failed to secure the support of the rural voters, and on that account lost the day.

Third parties are always born of an injustice to a particular class. There would have been no United Farmers' organization—so far as politics is concerned—but for the tendency on the part of the urban residents to head the nominations both for the Legislature and Parliament, no matter how much the wealth and population of the country district outweighed that of the towns.

The farmers of Ontario have no real grievance against the Hearst Government. They have always had a man of their own vocation in the office of Minister of Agriculture, and certainly every encouragement and assistance has been given the farming community by the party in power either in Toronto or Ottawa. There never was a time in the history of Canada when there was so much state paternalism exercised over the farmers. However, the natural and laudable ambition to be represented in the affairs of state, to elect farmers in farming communities, is the real reason why farmers today are in open revolt against the old political order, against the conventions packed by urban delegates, that go through the form of putting up a man who has already been selected by the party chiefs.

North Ontario is a typical farming district, one of the most advanced in the Province. The result of Tuesday's election is all that is required to demonstrate the present tendency of the tides. The town candidate was given a majority by the voters of his own class, but this was overcome by the rural voters, who owe their success to their numerical strength. Had they been in the minority they would have lost the election. What happened in North Ontario is likely to be repeated in future elections, and it is not hard in any case to figure out the probable result in any given constituency. All that is required is to approximate the number of urban and country voters.

FARMERS IN OFFICE.

THE VERY FACT that the farmers not only in Ontario but throughout the Dominion have perfected the powerful organizations which have grown up on all sides demonstrates their possession of executive ability of a high order. Some of the brainiest men of the day are found on Canadian farms. No class of men are as a rule so well posted on public questions. The farmer is essentially a student of human affairs. Representing the wealth which they do, influential as they are in the business affairs of the country, it is only just that they send their representatives to Parliament and Legislature. They are well qualified to hold their own among the professional men who at present predominate these bodies.

But even so there is nothing anomalous in a Conservative or a Liberal farmer candidate or member. The organization of a third part is not necessary to obtain the ambition of the farmers to secure representation. They can elect their men and send them to Ottawa or Toronto without decking them out in fancy disguises of so-called independent party followers.

RE-CHRISTENED LIBERALS.

WITH REFRESHING frankness the London Advertiser claims the three farmers elected to the Legislature on a so-called independent ticket, are so many Liberals, men who will sit and vote with the Opposition and fly in the face of the Government on every division. The Advertiser solaces itself with the scant comfort that the Government at Toronto has lost five supporters since the election of 1914, and with an easy exercise of the imagination, it sees—for its own party—the successful end.

But it is a long, long way to the Advertiser's Tipperary—or is it a Berlin that is its objective? To begin with, the Hearst Government had 83 supporters in a membership of 111, a majority of 55, even if Allan Studholme, the single Labor member, is counted with the sparse Opposition. The majority given the Conservative party in 1914 was abnormal and could not possibly be maintained. Such a one-sided legislative body is good neither for the country nor for the Government. An active Opposition is just as essential to safety as an efficient administration.

The naive claim of the Advertiser that the farmers elected are Liberals recalls what happened back in the days of the late Sir Oliver Mowat. The farmers of that time rose in political revolt against the Mowat Administration, rightly so, seeing that they and their interests were consistently ignored. The Patrons of Industry sprung into political existence. Candidates were put up by the new organization in 1904, and altogether throughout the Province they polled something like fifty thousand votes, or sufficient to elect eighteen members to the Legislature. These men were in every case returned with the help of votes drawn from the Conservative side, the party bolters being flim-flammed into the belief that the new members would exemplify independent political action.

But the Patrons of Industry were merely Liberals under a new name, and it was the support of these camouflaged recruits that held the Mowat Administration together in another precarious and tottering period of existence. That ended the Patron movement. At the next election they all donned their true colors and ran as Liberals.

The history of the late bluffers is likely to be repeated during the next few years. At least, the Advertiser has innocently let the feline out of the sack.

AT LEAST ONE GRIEVANCE.

THE FARMERS of Ontario, when they voice their complaints against the Hearst Administration, are able to produce only one grievance. They have always been opposed to the imposition of the mill on every dollar's worth of real estate in the Province as a war tax. In this they claim they have been discriminated against, and, besides, they question the right of a Provincial Legislature to usurp the functions of the Federal authorities by levying a special war tax. They demand, too, the repeal of this enactment now that the war is over.

There was no class distinction in the legislation referred to. Property owners in towns, villages and cities paid the special provincial war tax just as the farmers have done, and the war did not bring valuable returns to these urban owners. Even if the war is over, the immense expense which it entailed has not been disposed of and for years to come this new financial burden must be borne.

Still, there are other ways of raising money than by the system of direct tax to which the Ontario Government has resorted since the beginning of the war. Someone has said that the public do not object to giving up their money for public purposes if it is taken from them by indirect means without their knowledge. The patrons of the picture shows, theatres and other places of amusement are constantly reminded that there has been a war by the tax which they are required to pay every time they indulge in almost any form of pleasure. Like the druggists and other dealers who are opposed to the Stamp Law, the theatregoers and picture show patrons do not object to the expense so much as to the constant annoyance to which they are subjected by the amusement tax.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

IT IS A SAFE BET that not one Bolshevist can be found among the barbers of Canada.

* * * * * *

THE FIREMEN not only have a union, but have sent delegates to the Trades Council. Onward the sway of Unionism holds its course.

* * * * * *

AMONG THE AUTOCRACIES worsted in the war, even the modern Derby hat is a more respectable piece of headgear than a royal crown.

* * * * * *

AS A PROVISION against any eventualities, Britain will keep a force of nine hundred thousand men under arms, and a dry plate for the National powder will not be forgotten.

* * * * * *

GERMANY wants to borrow money from the United States, and the financiers of that country are wondering if it would be safe to trust the Hun with funds at this stage of the peace negotiations.

* * * * * *

THE MEMBERS of the School Board and the Police Commission are in for their annual drubbing at the hands of the City Council, the aldermen apparently being under the impression that they have a monopoly on every form of financial and other brands of wisdom in existence.

HOW ONE MOTHER'S SON CAME HOME

"Excuse me bringing up your parcel so early Mrs. Capps, but you see my boy Charlie has come home unexpectedly from the front and we are planning to give a big party for him tomorrow."

This was the news that one little laundry woman brought to the door of a customer last week-end, and the caller's face showed how keen was her joy at the return of her boy from overseas.

"How fine," shook the housewife sympathetically, for she had heard some story of a shell wound.

"Well, he is really very bright and cheerful in spite of his loss. You see its his left arm and while we are all thankful it is not his right still we felt he would be very low spirited as he cannot go back to his old work, but it is wonderful how the Government booklet has cheered him up."

"I must tell you how it all happened. We were sitting having a cup of tea in the evening, my married daughter, her husband, and me, and the boy's father, when a knock came. There was the telegraph boy with a wire from Halifax to say that our boy would be home the next day. Well, if you could have just seen that house. We were all up in a minute and father was asking for the hammer and Mary handing him up the tacks. My son-in-law took and washed the dishes and everyone set to work to hang up flags and mottos and the big "WELCOME HOME" over the doorway. My we were excited.

"The next day he arrived and you can believe me we gave him a great welcome, for as I say we all felt sure he would be dreadfully depressed, but the first thing he said was 'Well, cheer up everybody, At I had known back in England all I know now about the Government plans for returned soldiers I would have been much happier while I was there in hospital.'

"It seems, Mrs. Capps, he had been given a little grey booklet on board the ship, which the Government had had printed for all returned soldiers and which explains everything about what will be done for the men who are disabled. They are going to have a chance to learn a new trade and then they will be helped to find positions, and in addition to his back pay he will get $200.00 or $300.00 as a little present to start him up again. This is a new thing called the War Service Gratuity. I can tell you it cheered us up a lot to hear him talk so hopefully about all these things. He is not only going to have a pension, but with all the assistance he does not feel a bit afraid of facing the future. Tomorrow we are just going to have a little party and ask in some other returned boys, so that we can hear all about their plans for the future. I must be hurrying off, Mrs. Capps, to get ready for it and—good day to you."

WIT AND WISDOM

Moving Verse.

"I wonder why that poem keeps running in my head."

"Exercising its feet, I suppose."

Souvenir Fiends.

"Some of the good people who dine here," said the hotel manager sadly, "seem to regard spoons as a sort of medicine—to be taken after meals."

Disproved.

Exe—Women can't keep a secret.

Mrs. Exe—Nonsense! The cook never tells you she is going to leave until you have invited a houseful of company.

Foolish Man.

Mr. Spatt (during the argument)—I tell you, woman, I've got to get some new clothes right away—and that goes!

Mrs. Spat—Suit yourself! And may you look so prosperous that the first night you venture out alone you'll be held up and robbed of your car-fare!

The Constable On Deck.

The whizzing motor car struck a stump, and one of the occupants of the back seat, a lady possessed of a considerable embonpoint, executed a neat but not gaudy parabola in the atmosphere and alighted by the roadside like a polypus falling from a shot tower.

"I don't believe I have broken any bones," she stated in reply to the inquiry of the omnipresent bystander, "but there is a lump on this bank that——"

"Lump—nuthin'!" snarled a smothered voice. "I'm the constable that's goin' to arrest you gash-durned joy-riders, if I live."

Taking The Hint.

Suitor—Yes, sir; I've a plan whereby you can save money.

Father—all right, son; take her and be good to her.

More Trouble.

Mrs. Barton French, the well-known war worker, said to a beautiful western heiress the other day:

"I hear the young senator from your state is paying you marked attention."

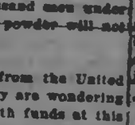
"Yes," said the western girl. "More trouble. I don't know whether he's after me or my vote."

Worse Yet.

Wigg—"Bjones has no idea of value. He would cast pearls before swine." Wagg—"Pearls? Huh! That fellow would even throw coal at them."

Potatoes are selling at Cobalt at $1 a bag.

The Paris Temps declars the destruction of the enemy's fleets has not been discussed by the Peace Conference, and that there are serious objections to such an act.



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TODAY'S STORY

It is a well known characteristic of the British that they seem unable to learn foreign languages. Yet there are many officers who have been prisoners of war in Germany who are now returning home expert linguists.

Speaking of this a repatriated Canadian says the dreary routine of life while under the strict discipline of the enemy in many cases led to the diligent study of other tongues. And yet I know of but few British officers who made a serious attempt to become proficient in German. But that is not surprising. Anything suggestive of Germany and her cruel breed was nauseating, if not anathema, to the great majority of officers who had the ill-luck to be taken prisoner.

From the time I was captured at Loos in September 1915 until transferred to Holland a few months ago, I stuck into French, Spanish and Russian with real enthusiasm. I had seen the deplorable effects of other officer of not having some such aim. At first a number of French and Russian officers were placed in our camp and within a few days I had a splendid class of eager pupils whom I taught English.

In return, I and my brother officers were instructed in French and Russian. I made really splendid progress in the study of French, and I found the mental exercise a grand tonic for a fit of the blues. The days and the weeks passed quickly, and, all things considered, not unpleasantly. To acquire a speaking proficiency in Russian, however, was not so easy.

As a flippant young subaltern in our camp remarked "Russian is a fair saecser of a language to learn." Not very elegantly expressed, perhaps, but there was something like a literal accuracy in the description When the Germans saw that we British officers did not quarrel with our French and Russian colleagues, as they fondly hoped we would, the Huns took measures to separate us. That is the German way. But despite this, we really made substantial progress in the acquisition of the French. One of my fellow officers was an accomplished Spanish scholar, and I became just as keen to master the language of the Dons as the French dialect.

Others joined our Mutual Improvement Society, and it was often a joke to hear a question in English being answered in French, the original speaker continuing the repartee in fluent Spanish. The result—after nearly three years' internment I can speak French and Spanish with all the fluency of a native while I can also claim to have more than a mere "smattering" of Russian.

The study of languages helped materially in preserving the mental balance and sound judgment of hundreds of young British officer prisoners, who otherwise would have returned home dull, listless fellows, distracted by sheer ennui. I should say that at no period of the history of the British Empire has there been such a number of her young sons so versatile in the use of foreign languages as at the present time.

The British military authorities are reported to have consented to a partial relaxation of the traffic embargo between the occupied zone and the rest of Germany.

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LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Rapp.)

SINGING.

If you are wawking past a house and you heer sounds like some lady objecting to being murdered, you keep rite on going past because you know she is ony singing. The reason it sounds like that is because she is singing sumthing out of a opra. If she was jest singing a ordinery song with werds to it you would proberly stop going past and lissen a wile if you wasent going anywares intristing in the ferst place.

The diffrents between jest plane singing and opra singing is that a person singing a reglar song that everybody knows jest sings it without even standing up if they dont want to, as if they wasent doing anything speshill, wich they aint. But a person singing opra always stands up ferst and looks serious and then gets all ixcited and makes faces as if they think the musick will get ahed of them if they dont hurry up, wich maybe it would.

Singing is the ony polite way to make a noise all by yourself wen theres compiny present. Even if sumbody elts dont like the noise it is not considered good manners for them to get up in the middle of the song and try to change the subjeck.

Affir a person has sang a song, no matter if you dident even ask them to, everybody claps their hands, trying to clap enuff to show that they have good manners without clapping enuff to make the persin sing another one.

The ony time some people sing is wen they join in the chorus, on account of it being hard for the rest to tell wich one is spoiling the chorus. Wen some people are asked to sing out of politeness they pertend at ferst they dont want to and then nobody cant hardly make them stop. The best thing to do wen a persin says they dont feel like singing and looks as if they did is to quick start a game of cards.

Ladies awmin sing to babies and the ferst place.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says her father has so much money in the bank that she notices he has to have a checkbook with three checks to a sheet.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Proofreaders are practical typerighters.

An unbridled passion sometimes leads to the halter.

Insincerity has taken a few orders but it never held a job very long.

A rose by any other name would be just as expensive in mid-winter.

The man who shovels snow from encroaches on his neighbor's premises.

Some men talk more religion in ten minutes than they practice in ten years.

Airship rides will never become popular with girls unless the machine can be managed with one hand.

Time wasted can never be recalled. You should remember this when you carve a boarding house steak.

Glory seldom troubles a man while he lives, but after the funeral it comes around and keeps the flies off his memory.

A machine has been designed for preparing the desert shrub generally known as soap weed, for stock feed, either alone or by mixing it with cottonseed meal.

[illegible] babies must of bin awful sleepy in the ferst place.

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

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From the story "Lady Kidcote's Daughter."

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This is an out-of-the-ordinary Program with some of the big Screen Stars. Worth Double Price of Admission

Big V Comedy with Harry Semon "HUMBUGS AND HUSBANDS"

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

As we were saying the other day, it is all wrong to think that as soon as one has attained maturity mortification is going to set in. It is a sin to think so, for a man of 40 just begins to have some common sense and a woman is nearly as perfect as she can possibly be. To commence the process of dying so early in life is customary, I know, but it is a custom based upon ancient ideas which have been proved false.

We stay young longer than our parents did. In a single generation the average duration of life has increased from ten to twenty years in different parts of the country. Our parents had the habit of getting married real young and innocent, 18 or 20—they had to hurry some, because life was so short. Nowadays we put it off until we are 23 to 28, having lots of time ahead to rue the day, etc. Our days are longer, and, alas, our night, too. Yet in spite of that we stay young longer. Why, a generation ago mother began talking about growing old when they were 30 or 40, more girls; and exceptionally hardened old geezers who survived 60 felt as proud as anything of the distinction conferred by such a venerable age.

All of this is certainly true. And still the figures seem to belie us. According to the mortality statistics United States department of commerce, bureau of the census, seventeenth annual report, 1916, government printing office, Washington, D. C. (which your congressman should be glad to mail you free), it is getting constantly more dangerous to arrive at maturity. In the past sixteen years there has been a steady increase in mortality from those degenerations which seem to prefer victims of middle age—cancer, apoplexy, Bright's disease and heart muscle failure. All other common causes of death have steadily decreased, tuberculosis, pneumonia, typhoid fever, etc., because public health education is making such diseases less popular But the strictly personal diseases have not decreased; they have increased in frequency. The only explanation for such increase is that when it comes to strictly personal matters, the people today do not know how and do not strive to live under as good personal hygiene as our parents and those before them did.

Mother Versus Me

"Mother says a cold sponge bath every night is not good for a girl at all times of the month. I am in the habit of taking warm baths, but would prefer to take cold ones unless you agree with mother that it would be harmful. Should physical training exercises be discontinued through the holidays? Is exercise better taken before or after a bath?" "H. M."

Mother and I can never agree about some things. If you were my daughter I'd say, "Aw, mother, give the child a rest—let her bathe hot or cold as she likes and whenever she likes.' And no doubt, mother would give me a look and I'd go into silence. However, it is the honest truth. And certinly a healthy young woman should interrupt none of her physical activities at the time of the periods—not in this twentieth century. That may have been considered the proper thing in the ancient days when they read almanacs and fainted, and took alleged female tonics

Agar-Agar Habit

"I have been a victim of constipation for twenty years, and I find nothing so effective as agar-agar. But a doctor told a friend of mine that people ought not to use it. Is it harmful. If so why? Mrs. S.M.J."

Agar-agar is prepared from seaweed. With moisture in the stomach and intestines it swells enormously. From the bulkiness and indigestibility of the swollen mass a stimulus is given to peristalic movement, and it aids bowel evacuation. I can see no special reason why it should be considered as harmful as the ordinary physics, though it does seem foolish to be a slave even to a harmless remedy, when a suitable amount of natural roughage in the diet would accomplish the desired result.

AN ARGUMENT THAT CANNOT BE PROVED

Dwelling is a musical atmosphere is supposed to make for a calm, serene, disposition annoyances of every day life. Generally it does. But the disposition of any friend of music cannot remain serene at the sight of such a statement as was noticed in a newspaper the other day. These remarks appeared in a column of alleged philosophical musings: "one of the pestiferous afflictions of hotel and restaurant life is dinner music."

This party making the statement actually condescended to admit that "even music has its time and place," but adds "that there are times and places when and where it is inappropriate and impertinent. The dining room is one such place. Music at the dinner hour is a convention and a form of bidding for business. I have never understood how your eating-house proprietor persuades himself that "the trade" requires music. All the testimony that has reached me tends to prove the public's objection to it. It certainly is an irritation to diners that care to season their viands with genial or otherwise agreeable conversation. Possibly there are persons that find the noise of music a welcome cloak to their lack of ability to say anything that anybody cares to hear; but if I have come to a point anywhere near to accuracy in my thinking on this problem, King Richard the Second discovered a well-ordered mind when he proclaimed on a certain historic occasion:

"This music mads me; let it sound
no more;
For though it might have help'd mad
men to their wits,
In me, it seems, it will make wise
men mad."

Our old Athenian friend Alcibiades, he says, though a little off the beaten track on the moral obligations that are imposed upon gentlemen, did the sensible thing when he "kicked the fiddles out of his house when the dinner-bell rang."

Such remarks as the foregoing seem about the limit of presumption—a freakish argument—though they should not be dignified by the expression argument, because the only support the man has for his cynical claim is that "all the testimony that has reached me tends to prove." In spite of such contentions, thousands of hotels and restaurants of repute the world over provide and will continue to provide dinner music. They do this at a big cost in cold cash, not in opposition to the public wish but because it is the public wish. Millions of people attend and will continue to attend these hotel feeling that the music is one of the great attractions.

If this writer feels that he is pestered with music during his dinner at the hotel; if he is such a brilliant conversationalist that his companions are at a great loss because the orchestra drowns his voice, he had better patronize a quick lunch where he can sit up on a stool and talk to his heart's content.

Whose judgment is better on the question of dinner music, this man's on the one hand, or thousands of hotel and restaurant managers and millions of the public on the other?

DOING THINGS ONESELF

Self-help is probably the most potent of all the numerous incentives that have exactuated humanity since the world began. It is preached and taught on all sides. Many books have been based on it one large standard work having "Self-Help" for a title. It has even passed into the realm of Proverbs. "Physician, heal thyself."—"The gods help those who help themselves"—"Put your shoulder to the wheel"—are all so familiar as to have somehow lost their power to impress as they aught. The great necessity for initiative, which is the principle of doing things one's self should be incalculated at every music lesson. After the first two or three years, pupils must learn to do their own thinking, their own reasoning and to study spontaneously, and the wise teacher of beginners will always aim to lead up to this. Let pupils know as soon as possible that no one can teach them what they can learn themselves.

AN EMBARRASSING CONVERSATION

Rudolph Ganz, the piano virtuoso, relates the following story told to him by his confrere, Morita Moszkowski. Moszkowski had an American pupil—unquestionably she was from Missouri—come to him in Paris. She was anxious to assure herself that he was the right kind of teacher, and after formal greetings the following conversation took place:

"Dear Mr. Moszkowski, Is an eighth note a short note?"

"That is an embarrassing question, my dear madam. An eighth note can be a short note if the tempo is a quick one, but it can be longer than a quarter note in a piece played at a much faster tempo."

"Then, is a sixteenth note a short note?"

"The same thing is also true of a sixteenth."

"Well, is a thirty second note a short note?"

"Short in the same manner in which an eighth note and a sixteenth note are short."

"But tell me Mr. Moszkowski, is a sixty-fourth note a short one?"

"Yes, yes, yes," cried the pianist, "a sixty-fourth note is unquestionably a short note."

"I am so glad," smiled the pupil. "Then won't you please play me one?"

The young lady is said to have gone to another man for guidance.

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A STUPID STUDENT

At one time Ernest Hutcheson and Howard Brockway, the American composer, were both on the staff of the Peabody Conservatory of Baltimore. Mr. Hutcheson taught piano. Mr. Brockway piano and composition. Meeting one day, each claimed to have the most ignorant piano pupil on record. After vieing with each other in relating instances of the girl's stupidity, they finally discovered that they were speaking of one and the same pupil. On investigation at the office it was revealed that the girl had by an error been assigned to both of them for piano lessons, but thought she was studying piano with Mr. Hutcheson and harmony with Mr. Brockway.

IT CAUSED A SMILE

At most church services there is a serious attempt to choose hymns that will harmonize with the minister's sermon. Sometimes, however, in spit of this a real humorous choice creeps in either from apparent aptness or from the opposite. At one time a clergyman named Sparks requested a brother minister to officiate at the baptism of his twelfth child. Unthinkingly, the visiting preacher asked the congregation to join in the fifth paraphrase commencing with "As sparks in close succession rise." After church, the preacher asked why it was that a general titter went all over the assembly. He was Scotch.

A clergyman just assigned to a new parish was about to read, as was customary, the Thirty-nine Articles to his flock. Being a well intentioned man and desiring to relieve the monotony of such lengthy proceedings, he decided to intersperse the reading of the Articles with various hymns. He began by giving out "Oh for a faith that will no shrink." After he had read the first thirteen Articles, he gave out the second hymn, "Art thou weary, art thou languid?" Thirteen more Articles followed and then came the hymn, "Christian seek not yet repose." At the close of the Thirty-ninth Article came the concluding hymn, "Now the labourer's task is o'er." Probably some of the congregation thought the selection very suitable.

NOT JOHN L.

Sir Arthur Sullivan of Mikado and H.M.S. Pinafore fame, when he was plain Arthur Sullivan, toured the United States. When his company got out West he visited a mining camp. One big miner came up to the composer and enquired his weight.

"About a hundred and sixty-two or so," replied Sullivan somewhat surprised.

"Do you mean to tell me you gave fits to Blackmore the other night?" asked the miner.

"I did not give him fits," said Sullivan.

"Ain't you John L. Sullivan," queried the miner further.

It was explained to the westerner that he was speaking with Arthur Sullivan, the composer.

"Oh, you are the guy then, that put 'Pinafore' together," commented the miner, "come on in and have a drink."

An Australian inventor has patented a method for producing rain by raising large X-ray bulbs by balloons into higher strata of air that are filled with moisture.

Electrical devices connected with a mirror that has been patented cause advertisements to appear on its surface and obscure the features of persons looking at it.

The Government of India conducts two cinchona plantations and a factory in Bengal, which in the past three years have produced more than 192,000 pounds of quinine.

STYLES GO BACK TO EARLY DATES

France Takes Over a Fashion Inspiration From English History.

SUIT FROM CROMWELL'S RULE

New York.—It is a long cry from Henry II to Cromwell, but fashion jumps that length in seven-leagued boots and regards it as a trifle. Fashion, indeed, asserts a fashion critic, places the two periods of the world's history together without apology. She takes a bit from one and a slice from the other, and calls it a frock.

History has been ransacked for three years for inspiration, strange to record, when one realizes that a few decades from now fashion will probably start in to register the impressions of these days, and throughout all the ages to come, if there are such things as fashions for women, those who build them will go to this era of world-war as an aid to jaded brains.

Possibly Napoleon was sufficiently an egotist to foresee that the period he created in the world's progress would last the fashion designers at least an hundred years, as it has done, but he might have been startled at the fact

Street suit taken from Cromwell's rule in Britain. It is of dark-blue cloth with two rows of tiny silver buttons down the front, a battlemented hem, and wide linen collars and cuffs.

that, in a tremendous time like this, which makes his mighty battles puny events, we should go on playing variations on the theme of clothes which he brought about through his Martian adventures in other lands than his own.

None of the designers have gotten very far away from the Napoleonic — and their apology is that inspiration was drawn from every source during the reign of this one man, and that it would be difficult to find something which had been omitted. Very true.

We Turn to England.

There was once a time, in the beginning of the Consulate, when fashion in Paris was turned toward the ancient enemy across the channel and borrowed ideas for dress. This was done in a spirit of perversity by certain sections of society; but the Paris designers now turn there in a different spirit—one of intense gratitude and readiness, and instead of looking among present fashions for inspiration, knowing full well by practical evidence that they are Parisian, she has gone back to British history. Later she may remember Mesopotamia and Palestine, and linking them to Allenby and Marshall, swirl back to Holy Land costomery.

At the moment she is interested in an era of which she has thought little and cared less. It seems a strange thing that the temperamental designers of Paris, on whom the world depends for the movement of the season in clothes, should revive the fashions of Cromwell. Curious juxtaposition of ideas. None has ever arisen in French history who could be likened to the Puritan, and we may find the reason for this singular recrudescence in the pleasant fact that Cromwell was sandwiched between two Charleses whose frivolity is historically foreign to Paris.

The Cromwellian inspiration is new; the revival of those fashions which were adopted before the word had any significance when Henry I was king of England. In looking over a book of old costumery the similarity shown between the frocks of then and now is startling. And this is all the further we have gone in dress, is the exclamation that comes first.

These were severe fashions when Cromwell interrupted the pleasure-loving Stuarts. Some one has said that when Charles II came to the throne England with a sigh of relief laid aside her hair shirt to show that she wore a silk one beneath.

Just recently there has appeared several suits with battlemented hems, a strange sign of these times, and a double row of buttons on each side of a long straight front opening. The wide linen collar and cuffs are added, and one sees that it is a new fashion.

Not so new, but equally Cromwellian, is the sleeveless blouse, or short tunic that our shops sell as casually as they once did the American shirtwaist. These, also, were battlemented at the hem, while ours are not, but they also showed the full sleeves of the shirt beneath. In those days the man chose the undershirt in broad yellow and red-barred stripes.

As we wear this other coat, the battlemented one with long sleeves, fastened at the neck, but not below, the effect is good. It provides a variant from the accepted styles of jackets. It is boltless, which is a fashion the French designers are striving hard to establish. The slim lines of this coat keep the widths from awkwardness and the small armholes aid the clean-cut look.

Sinuous Hips of the Orient.

It may be a happy fact one that gives cause for rejoicing that designers have no objection to "bunching" the countries when it comes to fashions. To put the oriental hip drapery alongside the coat of Cromwell and the chemise of Adele of Lauvain is legitimate business.

All's well that once looked well, might be their motto and they go on making a sartorial Tower of Babel, for if a costume could speak, this is what would happen in any representative gathering. The Orient is always too seductive, too easy of imitation, to escape constant usage; there may have been periods in social history when it would not have been possible to persuade well-placed women to appear in the clothes of the Temple girls and those of the Bazaars, but we don't happen to belong to one of them.

We have stopped at some things in the last six years, but we have gone far, very far.

Sedateness has entered into costumery during the last two years, but now we may see a return to license in costumery that may make pre-war fashions appear anemic. Let us hope that we won't be too unconnea.

There is a pleasing sedateness with freedom from demureness and drabness, then we will see good costumes. Already there is a gracious way of employing orientalism which cannot be objected to by conservatives, even in the hip drapery whose swathings are the sign and symbol of the Eastern dancers.

There is a tendency to combine colored satin with black thread lace in the oriental frocks, which takes away the suggestion of the East except in the swirl of fabric that goes about the hips.

The Square Figure.

These are minor changes, however important they may be to the mass of women who have no intention of swinging their clothes into every procession that passes, in comparison to the subtle transformation going on in

Gown of sweet-pea colored velours showing the square contour for which fashion is heading. The back of the skirt is plaited, the front plain. Under the square bodice there is a vest of [illegible]

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-tives" The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

58 Maisonneuve St., Hull, Que.

"In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-tives' for Indigestion and Constipation.

For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable.

One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. To my surprise, I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again".

DONAT LALONDE

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

the contour of the figure. It is getting square. If it succeeds there is another blue ribbon of victory to the house of Callot who moves silently in mysterious way toward changing the fashion of the civilized world.

When Callot sent to this country those primitive garments without belt, or curve, cut straight from two pieces of cloth, or so it appeared, and sewed up at each side, women simply uttered an emphatic negative and passed them by. Even that little group of extremeists which can be depended on to try out everything once, at least, were too doubtful of the experiment to put money in it. And yet here it is creeping in among all the best gowns from important houses and promised as the ruling contour for spring.

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Kangaroo Farming.

In Australia, kangaroo farming is an important industry. The hides are valuable and the tendons extremely fine; indeed, they are the best known to surgeons for use in sewing up wounds, and especially for holding broken bones together, being much finer and toughter than catgut, which is used extensively.

Ice Used In Casting.

An inventor in Munich is said to have overcome certain difficulties heretofore met with in casting hollow concrete objects, completely inclosed, by using ice cores. The ice is cut into the desired shape and size, and after the concrete has set about it, the core is allowed to melt and run out through small openings. Large and small objects can be cast in this way. —Popular Mechanics.

Why They Sang.

An Englishman, who has returned from a German prison camp, has a funny story to tell of the singing of "The Watch on the Rhine," in Berlin, during the revolution. Three English civilians were coming down the Unter den Linden singing that particular ditty, when they were met by some German soldiers who told them they should be ashamed to be singing such rubbish. "I've come from the Rhine," said one of the Germans. "You go down there and try and keep watch, and then you won't sing so much about it. It is time the German nation forgot that nonsense." "But we are British," said one of the civilians. "What!" exclaimed the astounded soldier, "then why sing 'The Watch on the Rhine?' "Well," answered one of the tactless Britishers, "you see we are keeping it now." The soldiers went on their way without another word.

Oil Pipes.

The thirty-six-mile oil pipes linking the Clyde and the Forth, one of the engineering works with which the war has endowed Britain, is proportionate in length to its island home. Continents have oil pipes of a length which completely dwarf the very respectable dimensions of the Clyde to Forth achievement. America has a pteroleum pipe extending from Texas and California across the Isthmus of Panama, dating, of course, before the opening of the canal. Asia claims the longest oil pipe in the world, or at any rate one of the longest, in that conduit which runs between Baku and Batoum, a distance of 550 miles.

England's Farm Workers' Union.

The Farm Workers' Union in England and Wales has increased its membership from a few thousand to 100,000, and is growing at the rate of 10,000 a month.

Liquid Fuel Displaces Coal.

"The 'Shell' group was responsible for the introduction of liquid fuel, and going back nearly twenty years, it was they who arranged facilities for a representative of the British Government to witness the performances of liquid fuel at sea. To-day we know that liquid fuel has displaced coal on practically all the capital vessels of the navy, while the auxiliary cruisers have also passed from coal to oil. The necessity which therefore exists for our always having immense supplies of liquid fuel available for Admiralty needs is self apparent.

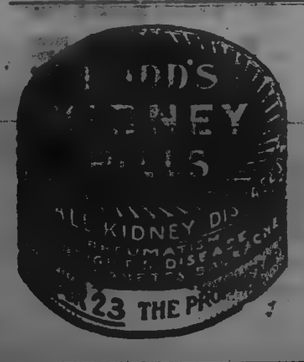
"It was at this moment that the Shell Company put forward the policy which had years ago been adopted for carrying oil fuel from the Far East—of carrying the necessary liquid fuel in the double bottoms of the vessels. The idea was acted upon without delay, and at the signing of the armistice, over 1,000,000 tons of liquid fuel had been carried in this way. Several hundred ordinary cargo vessels have been so converted as to carry liquid fuel in their double bottoms, in addition to the standard ships under construction. This new fleet is equal to the services of at least one hundred oil-tankers."

English "Bulls."

"Bulls" are not confined to Irishmen, remarks the London Sphere, and it cites these examples of English bulls: A member of Parliament deplored the House not to take a "white elephant under its wing"; another complained that "the gentlemen sitting opposite are conspicuous by their absence"; a third remarked that the "Home Secretary shakes his head, and I am sorry to hear it"; Sir Richard Cross declared that he "had a smile"; another baronet said, "We are, sir, that we have cleared all the barbed-wire fences, it is to be hoped that we are in smooth water at last." A Welsh member remarked, "We are only following in the footsteps of those who are coming after us."

The Sardine.

The fresh sardine is a beautiful little fish. The scales on its back have an iridescent blue-green, the exact tint which the sea so often takes, while beneath the scales there shows up the most wonderful peacock blue. There are bars on its back and sides when it first comes out of the water like those on the mackerel, but they seem to fade and disappear the moment it is exposed to the air. The remainder of its body is pure silver.



THE BALLANTYNE GLOVE
Scotch Knit

"Scotch Knit" means warmth and comfort in gloves for men.
Dressy gloves that give real service.
Real economy in price and wear.

Ask for Ballantyne's.

A. R. Ballantyne, Limited, Stratford, Ont.

Havelock

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Alex. Innis, of Toronto, visited friends in town this week.

Mrs. Alex Ferguson, of Smiths Falls, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. B. Smith.

Master Arthur Buchanan, of Smiths Falls, is the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Copp.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Harrison, of Norwood, were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Squire.

Mr. H. Birchal, of Peterboro, was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Hitchins, for a few days last week.

Mrs. Robert Embleton and son, Elmer, of Niagara Falls, are the guests of Mrs. Robert McNeely and Mrs. Elias Lytle.

Mr. John White, boiler maker on the C.P.R staff here, has been transferred to Toronto and left last week to take charge of his new job.

Pte. Irvin Whiteley, who went overseas over two years ago, has returned home, and is in town renewing old acquaintances. His many friends in Havelock were exceedingly glad to welcome him back again.

Mrs. W. A. Vasey, of Regina, Sask., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Weymark. Capt. Vasey has been overseas for the past three years but is expected home with the early transports.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Morrison and family, of Stirling, have moved to Peterboro recently. Mrs Morrison, who was the president of the St. Andrew's Guild in Stirling, was presented with a handsomely bound Bible and Book of Praise and an address by that organization.

Ptes. Daniel Shorter and Homer Sanders arrived home from overseas on Wednesday night of last week. The former went overseas with the 93rd and the latter enlisted in the 247th. Both were exceedingly glad to get back to Canada and their friends here.

A special meeting of the I.O.D.E. will be held at the home of Mrs. Jno. Burnett on Friday afternoon of this week, 21st inst at 3 o'clock, when all members are requested to make it a point to attend. Election of officers will be held at this meeting. Mrs. N. Haig, secretary

The box social in the town hall on Friday night of last week under the auspices of Knox Church choir attracted a goodly number. After a short entertainment, the boxes were auctioneered by Mr. S. S. Joyce and some spirited bidding resulted. Miss Ella Sutton of Trent River was the owner of the box bringing the highest price, and she was awarded a prize of a box of candy. The proceeds realized the sum of $54.50.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

CLEANSES THE LITTLE LIVER AND BOWELS AND THEY GET WELL QUICK

When your child suffers from a cold, don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish, or has a sore throat, give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs" to evacuate the bowels, no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence)

Millbrook, Feb. 20. Miss Uglow, of Port Hope, was a visitor to town on Tuesday.

Mr. Fitzgerald of Fenelon Falls was in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sayles were visitors to Peterborough on Saturday.

Dr. Hassard of Markham was a guest of Millbrook friends on Wednesday.

Mr. G. W. McKim of Peterborough was a visitor to town on Friday.

Mr. Chas. Clarke, who has returned from overseas, is visiting friends in town before returning to his home in Weyburn, Sask.

Mr. J. H. Wilson of Port Hope was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Robt Russell and children of Carmel were visitors to town on Tuesday.

Mrs. John Ferren and daughter, May, were visitors to Peterborough on Saturday.

Miss Clara Winslow returned to Toronto last week, after a pleasant visit with friends in Millbrook and Cavan.

Mrs. M. E. Hutchinson and daughter Vina were visitors to Millbrook on Thursday.

Mr. R. J. Hutchinson was the guest of Carmel friends on Friday.

Miss Ella Elgar of Cavan was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Woods last week.

Miss Kathleen Ireson of Omemee was a guest of Mrs. Bruce Parker over Sunday.

Mission Bible Class.

The program given by the Girls' Mizpah Bible Class and the boys of the C. S. E. T. on Tuesday last was a great success. The program was enjoyed by all present, and consisted of: Hymn, prayer, chairman's address, girls' dialogue, "At Home," and chorus by the class, piano duet by Misses Ella Elson and May Byam; solo, "I want to kiss Daddy good-night," Jean Stinson, chorus by the class; class report, piano trio by the Misses Stella Hetherington, Ella Elson, May Byam; Movies, by twenty boys; allegorical play, "The Search for Happiness," by the following characters:

Girl in search of happiness .....
..... Miss May Byam
Mother ..... Miss Mary Widdis
Wealth ..... Miss Amy Brock
Pastime ..... Miss Eileen Brock
Society ..... Miss Gladys Naftrass
Knowledge ..... Miss Alice Stewart
Fame ..... Miss Phyllis Richards
Love ..... Miss Kathleen Freelove
Industry ..... Miss Gladys Sanderson
Religion ..... Miss Mary Higgs

A solo by Miss Kathleen Lancashire was also much appreciated, also the selections by the orchestra. The proceeds amounted to over $54, which will be used for the maintenance and education of a Chinese girl.

Grace Church Notes.

Dr. Lee, Pastor.

10:30 a.m.—The Far Away Look.
7 p.m.—God a Consuming Fire.
2:30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

St. Enoch's, Garden Hill.

2:30—The Lion and the Lamb.
1:30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Annual Report.

The annual report of St. Enoch's Church, Garden Hill, has just been issued from the press and shows that the affairs of the congregation are in a very satisfactory condition. There is a good balance on hand after all expenses have been met, and the church enters on the work for 1919 in good spirits, hoping to make it the best in its history.

Supervisor's Report.

I have just finished a seven-day test in P. O. M. at the farm of W. Fred Fallis, with the following results:

Lulu Posch Calamity, mature cow, 582 lbs. milk, containing 19 lbs. butter.

May Mercena Calamity, Sr., four years old, 567 lbs. milk, containing 17.7 lb butter.

Lulu Korndyke, Jr., four years old, 410 lbs. milk, 17.5 lbs. butter.

Content Lulu Korndyke, three years old, 424 lbs. milk, 16.4 lbs. butter.

S. E. KELLOR,
Supervisor

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination or drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

FEELS TWENTY YEARS YOUNGER

CAN WALK A MILE NOW THERE BEFORE TAKING TANLAC COULDN'T GO 2 BLOCKS.

"Since Tanlac has relieved me and built me up so much I feel twenty years younger," said Mrs. W. R. Lapsley, who resides at West 2115 Eleventh Ave., Spokane, Wash., recently.

"I had suffered from stomach trouble," she continued, "until I had become almost a nervous wreck and unable to do my housework and look after my children. My stomach was so sour and upset that I could hardly retain a thing I would eat. I lived for days at a time on nothing but boiled milk and poached eggs, and half the time they failed to agree with me. It was kept on a diet all the time and my stomach was pumped out nearly every day, but this nor anything else did me any good. I was advised that a higher altitude might help me, so I took a trip to the mountains in Canada, but came back home just as bad off as when I left. What I ate would sour on my stomach and the gas formed by it would bloat me up terribly. Sometimes my heart would palpitate like some one beating with a hammer, and then stop suddenly and keep still so long that I thought I would never draw another breath. My back, over my kidneys, hurt me dreadfully and at times my left side pained me until I could hardly stand it. I was constantly taking something to relieve constipation and was almost frantic at times with headache, and was so nervous that sleep was almost impossible for me.

"Now, this is just the condition I was in when I began taking Tanlac and I commenced to pick up with my first bottle. It was only a short time until I was eating most anything I wanted. I can now eat all kinds of vegetables or anything else I want, without the least bit of trouble from it. My headaches and pains are all gone and I have already gained ten pounds in weight. I sleep like a child every night and have so much more strength and energy that I can walk a mile where before I took Tanlac I couldn't walk two blocks without being all tired out. Tanlac has not only helped me but my husband, who has been troubled with his stomach for a good many years, is now taking it with just as good results. Some of my neighbors are also taking it on my recommendation so you can see what I think of it. I am thankful enough for what it has done for me to tell everybody about it."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Donike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowmanville by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in W[illegible]

NORTH ONTARIO ELECTION

(Toronto News.)

North Ontario has wandered into the wilderness of class-politics. Farmers have gone on a journey to the end of the rainbow to find the pot of gold. A group of eager demagogues roused the people in the rural districts against all urban workers with hand and brain, against a returned soldier who had done his part to defend them, against the Federal Government which pressed on the war, against the Provincial Government—against everthing, except the policy of the Liberal Ratsp.

North Ontario by its action of yesterday unwittingly condemned every policy of the Hearst Administration. It has denounced the Hydro-Electric system. It has spurned workmen's compensation and other measures of social reform adopted or being drafted for the Legislature. It has denounced the expenditure of public money for the encouragement of scientific agriculture. It has censured the Prohibition policy. It has condemned free text and cheap text-books. A majority of the electors have said that the honest administration of public business is a matter of no consequence.

Some of those who voted for Mr. Widdifield will refuse to admit that this is the meaning of their action, yet the fact remains. They were asked "Do you approve of the work done by the Hearst Administration for Ontario?" They answered, irrelevantly "We want a farmer." Once reminded of the question and answer in the French experiment, they said: "What is the matter? Why shouldn't we support a farmer?"

Relics of Aztecan Era.

Near Phoenix, within the Salt river valley, are to be found seven communal settlements of the same pre-Aztecan era, with central buildings that were far larger than that at Casa Grande, a writer in the Christian Science Monitor states. To the northward and northeast every river valley retains evidence of the passage of at least a portion of these peoples, for some reason leaving their cities and their irrigated fields on the plains and seeking the mountains and the upper plateaus.

The Thrift of Years.

Every man should strive to live at least 100 years and die all hitched up in working harness. Many a man feels that he would like to retire at about sixty and spend the rest of his years with nothing to do but lead a gold-headed cane around by the hand. It is thrifty to stay on the job just as long as possible. Every man should make the century plant his favorite flower and the undertaker his worst enemy.—Thrift Magazine.

Regular Meeting Otonabee Council

Council met pursuant to adjournment. All the members present. On the motion of Mr. Lawrie and Mr. O'Leary, the minutes of the last meeting, as read were confirmed.

A communication was read from the secretary of the local Board of Health of the city of Peterboro, requesting the Township Council to have representatives meet the Board at its meeting on Tuesday evening, April 14th, to discuss with the Board the proposal to make the Isolation Hospital free for scarlet fever and diphtheria patients from the Township of Otonabee and adjoining municipalities. Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. O'Leary, that the reeve and Mr. Sargent be a committee to see about it. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. Lawrie, that this Council defer the appointing of road overseers pending the action of the County Council in the matter of a county road system, and in the event of the County of Peterboro or four adjoining townships of the county not organizing a county road system, the reeve and deputy-reeve be authorized to confer with the Highways Department to have a system established comprising less than four adjoining townships of the county. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. O'Leary, that Mr. Anderson, Mr. Eason and Mr. Lawrie be empowered to deal with certain trees on the highways. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lawrie, seconded by Mr. Sargent, that the following accounts be passed:

John Kelly, damages and gravel, $5.00.

D. McFarlane, ladder for hall, $12.

Klugan Hardware Co., for oil, $2.20.

Council adjourned to Monday, March 17th.

J. J. MOORE, Clerk.

[illegible] of the Commissioner of the Canadian Northwest Territory, it will [illegible] unquestionably a possibility of taking an active part to [illegible] view of the situation. When the next territory, with a length of 900 miles, a breadth of 550 miles, and an area of 522,620 square miles, and lying over from So[illegible] to 141, many people no doubt [illegible] exaggerated views [illegible] such of the possibilities of the region with which the work of development would proceed. These views cannot been realized. The enormous [illegible] grappled with the question with the utmost energy. A highly paid administrator was appointed, and was assisted by an able staff, nevertheless the report already referred to indicates a disappointing lack of development in many of the most important directions. The increase in the white population of the territory is very slight. In 1914 it numbered 2,694, whilst at the end of 1916 it was only 3,221. Then in regard to railways, the report shows that the excess of working expenses over the earnings of the railways of the Northern Territory is more than £20,000.

It cannot, of course, be pretended that all this is satisfactory. An examination of conditions, however, shows that this unsatisfactory state of things is, in practically every case, due to difficulties which are either transitory or, in any event, by no means insurmountable. The two main problems are clearly lack of capital and lack of population, and these must be very largely attributed to the war conditions of the last four and a half years. The same is true in regard to the stagnation of the meat trade out of Port Darwin, where for some time past it has been found impossible to secure cargo space. As to the lack of capital, however, whilst the war accounts for a certain amount of the shortage, another reason for the hesitancy of the capitalist is the experimental nature of the exploitation which is now being carried on. This is especially true in the case of agriculture. As a former report of the administrator made clear, the tropical nature of the country, hitherto undeveloped by whites, or even by native inhabitants, has emphasized the need for experimental farms. These are the more necessary because the usual tropical products, notably cotton, cannot be profitably raised owing to the lack of cheap labor. The line of development has, it is thought, in the direction of such cultures as call for special treatment, and where labor-saving devices may be extensively employed. Experimental work has already been done by the Government on two important demonstration farms, and it cannot be doubted that, as the various possibilities become better proved and better known, capital will be attracted, in due course, to the development of the country. The population problem is likely to be solved at the same time and for the same reasons.

The summing up of the matter, indeed, seems to be that the Northern Territory is only at the very beginning of its history; that there is a very great deal of preliminary work to be done before returns can, or should, be expected; that the last five years cannot be taken as a fair test of the possibilities of any country; and that it may reasonably be anticipated that the removal of the difficulties placed in the path of development by the war will, in the near future, open the way to a much more satisfactory state of things.—Christian Science Monitor.

These Trade Marks Make it so Easy for You to Get Perfect Fitting Rubbers

SINCE the Dominion Rubber System focused their experience and skill on Rubber Footwear, they have made rubbers a comfortable and economical necessity.

There are no better rubbers in the world than these made and guaranteed by Canada's great pioneers in rubber goods; and no other country can boast of having six brands as consistently good as

"Jacques Cartier" "Merchants" "Maple Leaf" "Granby" "Dominion" "Daisy"

More than this, the enormous demand for these rubbers, due to their uniformly high quality, enables the Dominion Rubber System to make rubbers in every style and shape to fit every shoe.

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DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

SLIM AND SIMPLE

Frocks Are Quite Unlike the Mode of Yesterday.

Waistlines Are Capricious; Sleeves of Various Styles; Supply of Silk Is Wondrous; Woolens Limited.

Everywhere one sees new clothes. At first glance they seem quite like the mode of yesterday—and one resolves with firmness to wear the things left over. One looks again, relates a writer in Harper's Bazar, and discovers a difference which lies not in the outlines but in a host of clever, artfully planned details—and one's resolution flies on wings.

In style all frocks are slim and simple—or at least they give that impression. The skirts are of the well-known "hobble" type, but they have all the delights and one of the regrets of the hobble we used to struggle with so valiantly. Instead of the uncomfortably close confines of other days, the new skirts are so skillfully folded and draped that though the slender lines are scrupulously maintained, the wearer has plenty of room in which to brave the curbstones!

Waistlines are indeed capricious, for while some reach aspiring heights, others startle with their length. A few staid and sober ones insist on being normal. Of girdles there are a-plenty. If one would have the swathing kind—and one surely will—remember that it begins at the normal waistline and is draped to give the effect of a long, slender waist.

Sleeves, always a law unto themselves, are long and tight at times, again only three-quarters. Some are draped and some are "bells;" some are banded with fur and some with heavy material. Though the straight neckline is still much liked, distinctive collars of fur will stamp a gown as unmistakably new.

Silk is the mode, of course. And never were there such wondrous silken stuffs!

Wools there are—rough homespuns, duvetyns, velours and jerseys—for suits and wraps that one may wear without a qualm, for the materials were manufactured and purchased long before there was any question of conservation. The supply, of course, is limited, and the tariff proportionately high.

Narrow Escape.

One morning the youngest pupils were obliged to sit upon a movable bench to recite; soon there was a commotion in the midst of which Effie waved her hand excitedly and said: "Teacher, Johnnie tipped the seat and I almost fell off the class!"

British Navy Too Modest About Its Contributions Towards Winning the War

THE tradition of silence, that proud reticence which has always marked the British navy, has its drawbacks in war-time. It has led to a good deal of misunderstanding on the part of the people both of Britain and her Allies, and there have been constant appeals in the British press that the naval authorities lift the pall of silence so that we may see what the great fleets are doing. That outspoken censor of British manners and methods, the editor of the London Truth, remarks:

"It is a pity that the truth about the astonishing efforts made by Great Britain in the war has not been published in America yet." So said Admiral Sims, of the United States navy, in London a few days ago. Coming so soon after Sir Conan Doyle's recent insistence on the overwhelming share of British troops in the operations of the first four years of the war—an insistence suggested by his observations on the battle fronts—these generous words are not without significance. Seventy-five per cent of the British casualties have been suffered by troops from these islands—men who stemmed the first tide of the invasion of France and Belgium and saved the Channel ports. Admiral Sims points out that nineteen per cent. of the anti-submarine craft that are at work day and night are British, that British ships have brought over two-thirds of the American troops, and that the British navy has escorted one-half of them. The navy may be silent, but it has in effect won the war. It is the foundation-stone of the cause of the whole of the Allies." Our persistent hiding of our light under a bushel has caused more or less of misunderstandings in every Allied country at one time or another, and, without any departure from becoming modesty, it is right that the facts should be known."

Another influential London paper, The British Weekly, commenting on the policy of the British Admiralty remarks that "ever since after discussing the American Admiral's figures with regard to transport and submarines, it proceeds:

"He mentioned that when, in April, 1917, America came into the war the Central Powers were winning with great rapidity. He paid an eloquent tribute to the British navy. 'If a catastrophe should happen to the British Grand Fleet, there is no power on earth that can save us, for then the German High Seas Fleet can come out and sweep the seas. The British Grand Fleet is the foundation-stone of the cause of the whole of the Allies.'

"We must all echo Admiral Sim's regret that the official policy of silence has been so rigorously and so stupidly pursued. We met recently a distinguished man who has just returned from America after fulfilling the duties of a very important mission. He assured us that he was disappointed everywhere by the contempt with which the Americans regarded the British effort during the war. Men who should have known much better were fully of opinion that the British had left the main part of the fighting to be carried on by France. They had no conception of the work of the British navy.

These protests appear to have roused the press section of the British Admiralty from its wonted somnolence, and it has issued an official summary of what the British navy has done during the war. It runs:

"In comparing the effort of Britain with that of her Allies, there is a tendency in certain quarters to discount the British contribution by pointing to the fact that these islands have hitherto enjoyed immunity from invasion. It is probable that those who hold such a view have failed to take into account the enormous sacrifices in men, money, and material which Britain has made, and is making, in defence not of her freedom only, but of that of the civilized world.

"Personnel (officers and men). August, 1914, 145,000; August, 1918, 450,000. Tonnage employed in naval service, 2,500,000; August, 1918, 8,000,000. Mine-sweepers and patrol-boats, August, 1914, 12; August, 1918, 3,300.

"The 140,000 square nautical miles of the North Sea, an area larger than Germany, are patrolled incessantly, in all weathers.

"In one month British warships proper traveled 1,000,000 sea-miles in home waters alone. In the same period the mileage of auxiliary vessels, including mine-sweepers and patrol-boats, was 6,000,000—250 times the circuit of the globe.

"British submarines have attacked successfully forty enemy warships and 270 other vessels. Over 150 enemy submarines are known to have been destroyed.

"Transport. Since war broke out the navy, with its auxiliary vessels, has been instrumental in transporting to the British armies and those of our Allies:

20,000,000 men (4,394 only lost by enemy action).
2,000,000 horses and mules.
500,000 vehicles.
25,000,000 tons of explosives and supplies.
51,000,000 tons of oil and fuel.
130,000,000 tons of food and other materials.

"During 1917, 7,000,000 men, 500,000 animals, over 200,000 vehicles, and 9,500,000 tons of stores were conveyed to the various fronts.

"Over 2,000,000 tons of deadweight of British shipping are continuously employed in French service. Of this rather more than 1,000,000 tons are employed in carrying food and coal to France. About forty-five per cent. of French and Italian imports are carried in British ships."

Borden Friend, son of Thomas Friend, Wolfe Island, was drowned.

In the Service of the Militia Department
NP SOAP

Premier's Tribute To Dead Chieftan

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—The following tribute to the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been received from Sir Robert Borden, who is attending the peace conference:

"It is with deep sorrow that I have received tidings of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's death. Since I came leader of a political party more than eighteen years ago, our relations have been intimate and never have our political differences interfered with our personal friendship. With his death there passes from the state one who was from the first a commanding figure, and during a long period the chief figure in our public life. To the affairs of state in which his life was passed, and to which his wonderful ability was consecrated, he brought remarkable gifts of leadership. His experience of nearly half a century in public affairs had given him a thorough grasp of all public questions, and in the parliamentary arena he was renowned for a singular dexterity which seldom failed him.

His vision of public questions was wide and comprehensive, and his sympathies as well.

Up to the last he maintained an exceedingly keen interest in the duties of his leadership, and in the work of Parliament. Indeed his political life had become so much a second nature that, although he felt its burdens weigh heavily upon him, he would never have been happy to lay them down. His personality was singularly attractive and magnetic and with this he combined an inspiring eloquence, an unfailing grace of diction in both languages, and a charm of manner, which gave him supreme place in the affection and respect of his party.

"All Canada will mourn his loss, and those who differed from him will be profoundly conscious that his death leaves in the public life of our country a blank that cannot be entirely filled."

APPOINTED PROFESSOR.

Rev. Dr. Brown Goes on Staff of McMaster.

Rev. Dr. J. G. Brown, Secretary of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board, and a brother of Rev. D. Brown of Park Street Baptist Church, has been appointed to a professorship in history and missions on the staff of McMaster University. The vacancy filled by Dr. Brown was caused by the death of Prof. Trotter.

Dr. Brown was born near Belmont, Ont., and is a graduate of the University of Toronto. He served for eight years as a missionary in India and has been prominent in inter-denominational missionary movements during his twenty years' service as Secretary of the Baptist Missions Board.

Religion at the Front.

The Hebrew rabbi as a chaplain held the cross before the eyes of a dying Roman Catholic French Poilu. On a very stormy Sunday morning, in a great tent in which thousands of soldiers were packed, a Methodist chaplain called the Protestants into one corner, an Episcopalian shouted for men of his faith to come to another corner; the Roman Catholic priest gave directions where his men should assemble; as did a Hebrew rabbi, and finally a Salvation Army man shouted: "All of you who have no church and no name, and don't belong to nobobdy, follow me over there,' and he had the largest crowd of any. Men have forgotten the non-essentials and remembered only the big mother Christian ideas. When the fields are bare in April, the traveler sees nothing but the fences that separate the fields. When the corn grows tall and ripens, the fences are blotted out and only the grain appears. Two million young men at the front have learned charity, tolerance Christian service and mutual love The day of Christian Unity is approaching. The separations are going. The barriers are dissolving like icebergs caught in the Gulf Stream Never was faith in God so strong Never was the horizon so bright for the Christian religion. The days which our fathers longed to see, and died without seeing, have now drawn near. Newell Dwight Hillis in the Christian Herald.

War-time Output.

One of the most remarkable achievements in speeding up industry to meet the war's demands is to be found in the record of manufacturers of standard-gauge locomotives in the United States, made under the direction of the War Industries Board For a period of several months the output was increased approximately 100 per cent Even more striking is the fact that this was done without spending a single dollar to increase manufacturing facilities. Orders were redistributed among the various plants in a way which permitted each concern to concentrate on particular types of locomotives. Furthermore the "Pershing" engine, as it is called, was a standardized machine which was the sole type employed by the American forces in France. It was also adopted by the French and British with a consequent saving in time and money. —Popular Mechanics.

He Obeyed Mother.

The pluck of our boys is tremendous. If you ever hear anything suggestive of funk on the Tommy's part, you can rest assured that investigation will clear it up. "I'd like to volunteer for the infantry, but mother won't let me." "What!" said a listener, 'a big six-footer like you, and your mother wont' let you!" "No, said the young man calmly; 'so I've volunteered for mine sweeping." "Mine sweeping! Good gracious; that is more dangerous than infantry fighting by a darn sight." "I know it is," said the young fellow, "but mother don't"

Soldiers' Watches

A novel casualty list which has just appeared in Germany contains the numbers of watches found among belongings of men killed in action, who cannot be otherwise identified. By circulating the list among watchmakers who record the numbers of the watches they handle, the authorities hope to identify many dead soldiers.

The Pope's Title.

The official title of the present Pope of Rome is Benedict XV. His name is Giacomo Della Chiesa, and he was born near Genoa, November 11, 1854. His father, Guiseppe Chiesa, was a nobleman of considerable wealth.

A SHORT SESSION PLAN THIS YEAR

HOUSE AT OTTAWA MAY NOT SIT LONGER THAN THREE MONTHS.

Ottawa Feb. 20. — There is talk of a short session lasting not more than three months, with another session in the early fall. Parliament will have to discuss and to ratify the peace terms as they effect Canada. The present outlook is that the peace conference will last until the middle or end of May. If the terms are to be discussed afterwards it would mean a session lasting all summer. It is felt by many that a short session devoted purely to reconstruction and necessary legislation should be held now and a session shoul then be called early in September to be devoted to the peace terms and domestic legislation outside of reconstruction problems.

A short session now, closing about the middle of May would apparently be satisfactory to both parties. The Opposition, saddened by the death of their great chieftain and without a permanent leader, are in no mood to carry on an aggressive house fight against the administration. The Government, also, with Sir Robert Borden absent along with three of the leading ministers, would prefer a short businesslike session. Its legislation is nearly all ready and there will be no delays, so that there is no excuse for a protracted session.

Sir Robert's Return.

The reports from Paris that Sir Robert Borden will be returning shortly are apparently incorrect, Sir Robert is one of the leading delegates of the Empire, and it is difficult for him to get away. While his colleagues would naturally like to see him back, they have left the question of his returning in his hands. The present expectation is that he will be in the House in six weeks' time, or about April 1. He will probably remain a month and then return to Paris for the closing sessions of the Peace Conference.

The budget will not likely be delivered until late in April and until after the return of Sir Robert. Last year the budget was delivered on April 30. The advantage of a late budget is that the Finance Minister can give a definite and exact statement as to the financial position of the Dominion.

A Cheering Budget.

The fiscal year ends March 31st, and when the budget is delivered earlier, as is the usual custom, the figures can only be approximate. Sir Thomas White will probably wait until the return of the Prime Minister, as the burden of leading the House and handling the budget would prove a heavy one.

Sir Thomas will have a most gratifying statement as the revenue will total some $300,000,000 and fully $90,000,000 can be used to meet our war expenditures. This is 30 per cent. of the expenditure for the past year.

BE PRETTY! TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

TRY GRANDMOTHER'S OLD FAVORITE RECIPE OF SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is muasy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the additions of other ingredients, at a small cost.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

CORNWALL 9, KINGSTON 7.

In the first game of the second play-off between Kingston and Cornwall O. H. A. Juniors at Kingston last night Cornwall won by 9 to 7. The first period ended 3-1 in favor of Kingston, and the second period 6-5 in favor of Cornwall. The teams will play the final game in Cornwall tomorrow night.

Men who served during the war on ships of the Canadian navy will thereby obtain the necessary qualifications for obtaining certificates in the mercantile marine.

TRIPLE MURDER AT NIAGARA FALLS

FRED FOUNTAIN KILLS WIFE AND CHILDREN AND ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 20. — Frederick Fountain, aged 30, who came here from the West Indies about five weeks ago, at an early hour yesterday morning killed his wife and two children, aged 5 and 3 by cutting their throats with a small sleep knife. Then he slashed his own throat and wrist with the knife, but not deep enough to cause death. He is now at the hospital and will recover.

Just before noon George Littlewood, collector for an insurance company in which the whole family held policies, tried to get into the Fountain rooms on the second floor of 210 Cuyp Street, to collect the weekly premiums. The door to the bedroom was locked, so Littlewood, thinking all was not right, informed the police.

Sergt. Hardwick, of the city force, broke open the door and his eyes met a dreadful sight. There were three beds in the room, two large ones and a little crib. The little crib was saturated with blood. On the big bed in the centre fo the room lay four persons, the mother and two little children dead with terrible gashes in their throats, while Fountain himself lay beside them in a semi-conscious state. The two children's bodies were between the mother and father.

At twenty minutes to two this morning James Greenwood, owner of the house and who occupied the downstairs portion, heard the woman scream and also the cries of the children. There was silence after that. Greenwood went up and knocked at the door and asked "Is everything all right, Fred?" Fountain mumbled that it was.

Evidently Fountain murdered his wife first in her bed, and her screams awoke the two little children asleep in their cot a few feet away. They probably witnessed the killing of their mother, and then their father came to them and killed them. The cuts in the throats were not slashes, but made in a digging manner. Both beds were saturated with blood.

The police think the motive of the triple crime was jealousy, because they think Mrs. Fountain had threatened to leave her husband. She did so a few weeks ago, but came back after two days. An empty whiskey flask was found in the room. He appeared dazed when the police arrived, but it may have been from loss of blood.

Fountain was employed at the American Cyanamid plant and those living in the house say he appeared to be a steady worker and kind to his family. They say they appeared to be a very amiable couple. The two rooms they occupied were scrupulously clean, and the children were kept nicely dressed. The scene of the murder is just beyond the city line. Fountain is Spaniard and Mexican, but his wife was an English woman.

This is the fourth murder case in Welland County in about a month, two being in Niagara Falls, a third at Thorold, and the fourth at Welland. In all cases the alleged murderers were foreigners.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Chief Moffatt of Merritton, Ont., investigating a tub of lard, found it to contain cows' bladders in which were four gallons of alcohol.

The Pan-German Military party, headed by Von Hindenburg, bitterly resents the new armistice terms.

Thieves have made rich hauls of furniture in the summer mansions on the Thousand Islands near Brockville.

Mrs. Eliza Calder, mother of John Calder, M.P.P., for North Oxford, died at her home in East Missouri, aged 80 years.

Six armed bandits entered a Detroit bank, struck a depositor on the head, obtained $10,500 and fled in an automobile.

Brigadier-General G. S. Maunsell, general staff officer of Ottawa-Kingston district, is retiring from military life.

F. E. Patridge of Guelph is planning to erect a footwear plant capable of turning out 5,000 pairs a day and employing 500.

STRATFORD'S BRIEF GLORY.

The Victor Challenge Trophy, for which J. A. McFadyen's rink battled to victory in the recent bonspiel, did not have a lengthy reign in Stratford. Right after the 'spiel the Galt curlers sent in a challenge for the cup, and the game was played last night, resulting in a win for Galt by a score of 21-10.

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BAN LIKELY TO BE LIFTED FROM CITY RESTAURANTS

Legal Committee Recommend That Sunday Closing Amendment to By-Law Be Rescinded—Committee's Estimate For Year $2,200.

Peterborough will in all probability have a return to the usual Sunday restaurant service which existed previous to last spring, as a result of a resolution passed at last night's meeting of the legal committee of the City Council recommending the Council to take action to repeal the amendment to the bylaw which is in operation at present and which prohibits restaurants from serving meals on the Sabbath except between the hours of 7 and 10 in the morning, 12 to 2 in the afternoon, and 5 to 7 in the evening. This will also apply to the ice cream parlors.

Mr. G. N. Gordon represented the restaurant keepers at the meeting last night and presented their claims for the committee's consideration.

Aldermen Phelan and Garside fathered the motion recommending that the restrictions upon the operations of the restaurants on Sunday be lifted.

A motion recommending that the sum of $2200 be included in this year's estimates for the legal committee's purposes was passed, and the new city solicitor, Capt. J. W. Widdifield, who appeared at the meeting for the first time since his appointment, was instructed to look into the case of the city against Conroy & Boggs, which has been pending for a long time and which the members of the committee expressed a desire to clear up.

Capt. Widdifield was also requested to communicate with the executors of the E. Greene estate and ascertain what offer they will make for a portion of the reserve along the river runnig from Charlotte St., which they wish to acquire.

Dislikes Too Many Words.

It has been said in humorous comment on M. Stephen Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs in Paris, that he dislikes the French language, because of his insistence with his subordinates that they make their reports short and to the point, cut out redundant expressions, abbreviate sentences, and otherwise use as little French, or, for that matter, any other language as possible. But there in just now M. Pichon is a valuable man at the Peace Conference, and it may well happen that his expressed conviction that "the scourge of diplomacy is words" will help materially in what is sometimes pointedly called "getting down to tacks." M. Pichon, apparently, is one of comparatively few men who fully realize how much can be said or written on any given subject without saying anything really important; and how plausible and convincing it can all sound until a practical person thinks it well over. His miscellaneous and exact first-hand knowledge has more than once surprised his associates. "How," said M. Clemenceau on one occasion, "do you find out all you know?"

A Four Flusher.

She was a four-flusher, particularly as to her abilities in various sports, says the Journal of the American Medical Association. "Do you golf?" he asked. "Oh, I love golf," she answered. "I play at least 36 holes twice a week." "And how about tennis?" "I won the woman's championship in our state." "And do you swim?" "The best I ever did was a half mile straight away," she replied. Somewhat fatigued he changed to literature. "And how do you like Kipling?" he asked. "I kippled an hour only yesterday," was her unblushing reply.

The Influence of Fear.

Dr. Boyd Carpenter, canon of Westminster, who died recently, knew well the former German Emperor William. On his last visit to Berlin in the year before the war, he wrote, "When I left him I felt the Kaiser was under the influence of a great fear. 'He is changed,' I said to myself. I was afraid, for I knew that there was no passion so cruel as fear."

His Reason.

"Here is a preacher who announces that the automobile is a menace to religion." "Maybe the poor fellow bought a second-hand car."

Bonfires.

The bonfires which lit up London during the armistice celebrations were familiar sights in the London of Henry VIII's reign. At the sunsetting, in the months of June and July, says Old Stow the Chronicler, "Bonefires," as they were called in his day, were made in the streets, "every man bestowing wood or labor towards them." Citizens set out tables near the fires, with plentiful refreshments, on festival days, and thereunto they invited their neighbors, and passengers" also, "to sit and be merry with them in great familiarity." These "bonefire" celebrations were considered good opportunities for the closing of old disputes, and for the bringing of good amity among neighbors. Illuminations, too, were practiced in Stow's time. He speaks of the custom on the days of St. Peter and St. Paul for every man to shadow his door with green birch, long fennel, St. John's wort, orpin and white lillies, and adds that some of the citizens had lamps of glass with burning lights them all night. Some, too, hung out branches of ingeniously wrought containing hundreds of lamps lighted at once."

Dutch Form of Golf.

Where and when golf started nobody knows of a certainty; whether or not it comes from Holland or Scotland matters little perhaps, except to the seeker after the truth and nothing but the truth. To him we would say that some sort of a game resembling golf was played in Holland oftentimes on the ice, with sticks instead of clubs. No rules for such play have ever been discovered, but from pictures we learn that the finish of this Hollandish form was somewhat after the fashion of croquet with the ball being hit between two sticks.

Wisdom of Solomon.

In the proverbs of Solomon there is this bit of wisdom: "Though thou shouldst bray a fool in a mortar among wheat with a pestle, yet will not his foolishness depart from him." More than two thousand years of world experience sustains the accuracy of the different proverb. Braying the fool in a mortar may not cure him, but it is sometimes the only way of ridding the community of pernicious fools intent upon spreading the contagion of their own folly.

Portuguese Cemeteries.

Instead of headstones and monuments, the cemetery of Lisbon shows rows and rows of tiny chapels ranged in long avenues bordered by cypress trees. The Portuguese are reluctant to bury their dead out of sight, and these chapels serve as mortuaries for the coffins, which are placed on the shelves within. Through the iron grills the eye discerns small altars and flowers gleaming through the subdued light of the interiors.

"A Little Learning."

The following are some of the answers recently given in a school examination on "general knowledge:" "Gravitation is when an apple falls on the floor." "Benjamin Franklin invented lightning." "The place where they keep all kinds of wild animals is called a theological garden." "One of the most important inventions of modern times is the North Pole."

"Take It Easy."

A great many young folks make hard work of things that should be perfectly easy, and as long as there are plenty of really hard duties to be done, it seems a pity to make hard work of the rest. One of the arts of life is to learn to do our work in the easiest way, saving on the simple tasks strength to apply to the hard duties.

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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:23 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted)

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston

The New Zealand Government is planning to drain two areas of swamp land, containing 60,000 and 65,000 acres, respectively, and convert them into grazing land.

For industries where temperature records are of value, an inventor has devised a registering thermometer that can be connected to and operated by an alarm clock.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Receipts light, trading active, prices steady in all lines:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	9.50
Feeding steers	9.00	10.00
Ewes	9.25	10.50
Lambs	15.50	16.25
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.50	18.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	17.00	17.00
Calves	16.75	17.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	17	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	45	45
Butter	55	55
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	32 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	19	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

AFTER PEACE, WHAT?

Several Well-known British Thinkers Make Reply.

What should come first after peace finally is declared? was the question put by Answers, the London weekly, to some of the most widely known persons in England. Their replies follow:

J. W. Lowther, Speaker of the House of Commons: "The only thing which will save the empire from disaster after the war is the exercise of the strictest possible economy, publicly and privately, in every branch of the national service and in every situation in life."

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle: "The question of loss of population is the first to be considered. In order to fill up the gaps, it is very necessary to pass a law by which the one-fourth million people in this country who are married but separated will be divorced, and so able to marry again and found families. Public morality will also be much benefited by such a change, which is only retarded by theological prejudice."

Lady Rhondda: "The first thing we must do in building the national and social structure which is to be erected in the coming epoch is to make certain that we lay good foundations; and, most unquestionably, the first essential for such, in any way, is to consider health. Let us first do all that lies in our power to see that every single individual born into this country has as fair a chance as we can give him of attaining and keeping perfect health, and we shall know that we have done all that lies in our power towards making use of good material, and can start on the actual building of the social fabric with a clear conscience."

John Masefield: "First, I hope, a general giving of thanks for our victory and preservation, but after that a great national effort to help Belgium and Serbia, the lands which have suffered most in this war, to support themselves as in the past. After that, I hope that we may turn to upon the tasks of peace with the passionate self-sacrifice and courage with which our nation has faced the tasks of war."

George Bernard Shaw: "As this question seems asking me for a list of persons who will certainly have to be hanged before anything sensible can be done, I had rather not answer it."

Sir Horace Brooks Marshall, Lord Mayor of London: "The first thing necessary in our after-war program, in my opinion, is that same readiness for co-operation and for patriotic self-sacrifice that was so dramatically manifested when the war broke out. Courage, unselfishness and possibly the endurance of hardship are implied in this. It may also mean, as it did for so many of our people four years ago, an entire change in the circumstances of life to which we have become accustomed. But if the changes are reforms which must be devised are faced by us as by men and women still willing to share burdens and to make sacrifices for their country and for their fellows, then to this first thing will be added, I believe, a quicker and happier settlement into our new peace-time life."

John Galsworthy: "Most certainly the first thing to do is to direct returning labor into the three channels of food production, ship building and coal mining. Until the supply of food, transport and coal equals, and even exceeds, demand, so that the absolute necessities of the worker's life are cheap again, every kind of reconstruction and all social and industrial life will be blocked by the fact that everyone will be asking wages which no one will be able to pay."

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THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

A Natural Enquiry.

Lord George Wellesley said at a luncheon:

"One result of this war will be that the English workingman will be better paid. He'll be content no longer with his wages of the past.

"The English workingman is showing in numberless ways his resolve to have a better share of the good things his labor creates. I know a lady who, when the submarine crisis was at its worst, lectured in the east end of London on 'Cheap and Tasty Dishes for the Masses.'

"'My next dish,' the lady said in the course of her lecture, 'is boiled cods' heads. A boiled cod's head, dear friends, is, properly prepared, a dish fit for the gods. You take four cods' heads of good size and quality, place them in a casserole with salt and pepper, an onion and——'

"'Wait a bit, ma'am!'

"A gaunt chap had risen from a front seat. He was pointing his long forefinger at the lady and scowling.

"'Wait a bit, ma'am!' he repeated. 'What I want to know is, who gets the cod?'"

The American Duchess.

"The Duchess of Marlborough," said a London correspondent, "still looks like a young girl. I saw the 'American duchess,' as the English call her, at a charity concert last month with her two stalwart soldier sons, the Marquis of Blandford and Lord Ivor Spencer-Churchill, and she looked more like the young men's sister than their mother. The duchess retains all her girlish wit. A patroness at the concert came to her and said: 'Did you know, duchess, we're to have an extra number? Dear Lady Constance has volunteered to give us one of her barefoot Persian dances.' The duchess turned to her soldier sons and said, with a smile. 'Didn't I tell you, when I spilled the salt at luncheon, that something dreadful was bound to happen?'"

Newspaperman Lost.

A striking fact in connection with recruiting is mentioned in a recent speech of Sir Auckland Geddes. Of ten thousand men and boys employed by London newspaper offices five thousand joined the army, and at the moment of the armistice being signed there were not thirty men fit for general service in all the London newspaper offices. That was a record, said Sir Auckland, which placed the press at the head of every trade group in the matter of recruiting.

The Shah's Share.

If the Shah of Persia were to be deprived of his income he would still be one of the richest men in the world. He would only have to sell his ornaments, gems, and precious stones to become possessed of about $35,000,000.

Zoological Notes.

Another thing we can't understand is how a woman can be a perfect cat and yet be scared to death of a mouse. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

Prevention Rather Than Cure.

To cure is as expensive as to prevent, and prevention eliminates the loss, as well.

Hunting the Average Man

Is there such a person as the average man? Could we pick out any individual at home or abroad today and say that he or she represented the predominating type of Britain? The answer is obviously "No." You might as well try to strike an average between a sparrow and a peacock. There cannot be a "common mean" of humanity, is the conclusion of J. D. Beresford in the Westminster Gazette.

I was led to this conclusion by that terrible crisis—of the war that flared into a sudden threat of disaster on the 12th of April. In such a time of peril there must, I thought, be some great representative emotion, thrilling all England; and if I could judge by my own feelings, that emotion was one of harassed anxiety, combined with a passionate desire to help. Whether that were so or not you may judge by my experience.

It was in the morning that I spoke to the farmer. He lived 30 miles from London, and at 10 o'clock he had not yet opened his morning paper. He asked me the news over the gate, shook his head wisely at my slightly hysterical summary of the situation, and said it was a "bad job." After that he turned his attention to the weather and to certain complaints about the new methods of feed control.

Was he representative of rural England, I wondered? Unimaginative—the broadest detail of strategy, such as my amateur account of the threat to our communications, manifestly meant nothing to him. He had thought all his life in terms of weather, crops, livestock and the market; and he could not see a world-movement in these terms.

But I had no chance to test the rural mind further on that day, for I came up to London at midday, and it was there that my further researches were carried on.

At the club I got no satisfaction. I fell into the awful company of a man who seemed to think that the course of the war was less important than the fact that England was sinking into the lowest abysm of depravity which permitted the shooting of a fox. To him that was the ultimate crime. He was obsessed by the thought of it. I left him and the club in disgust. He could not possibly be typical.

Going westward to call at a friend's house, I frowned in perplexity over the crowd of shopping women in Oxford street. They did not represent the average, I assured myself. I thought of all the women, in munition factories, in hospitals, in offices all over the country, who were absorbed in war work; giving their best for the British Empire. This gay crowd about the milliners' windows was only the scum. It told one nothing of the steady, clear stream that flowed beneath.

Unhappily, I was engaged at my friend's house by another visitor, a woman I had not met before. "Oh! the war, I simply can't bear to think of it," she said, in affected, nervous speech; and, indeed, it seemed that all she could bring to think of just then, was the sensational case that was coming up again before the magistrate the next day. I pitied her with the farmer and the fox-hunter. Her mind could play with certain very restricted things. She had no interests, no power of thinking anything outside her own immediate preoccupations.

But I was slightly encouraged by the lucubrations of a just perceptibly intoxicated man, who addressed the inside passengers of the bus I took on my return. He was in uniform, was frankly the garments of a tramp, but he had his badge and his wooden leg to prove that he had once done his bit. He said that he had been a qualified fool, and then repeated the statement with a richer adjective. He did not tell us why, though I asked him, for his major ambition was to terrify us with his own conviction that the enemy would be landing at Dover within a month. He offered to bet five shillings on that event, so certain was he of the truth of his prophecy. I could not develop myself with the notion that he exemplified the British attitude at that moment, but he, at least, took the crisis seriously.

It was at half-past eight that evening that I found my opening. I was in a tube train, and the man who sat next to me was a tired workman of 50 or so.

"Looks bad," he remarked with a glance at the headings of my evening paper. "Well, we've got to stick to it, whatever happens; I've been on since 7 o'clock this morning."

And, perhaps, in a way, that mechanic did represent, if not the average, at least the mass of men and women working at home through the crisis. I thought of that steady stream of labor, of those who were sticking to their jobs through every anxiety, and meant to stick to them whatever happened. They were helping. They represented the spirit of endurance, and perseverance, the spirit of England. All those others that I had met were just exceptions.

Kipling's Typewriter.

There are authors who cannot compose on the typewriter, but apparently Kipling is not among them. He wrote to the manufacturer of his American machine: "It's a daddy. My greatest joy in life is to ride easy and oil it. I can do poems on the machine without the trouble of thought. I just start something at the first line, pull open the throttle valve and go out for a walk round Nettingdean. When I come back I find a poem of any desired length completed, and the machine flushed and happy, waiting modestly for my applause."

It is calculated that the earth's population is doubled in 189 years.

No Specific.

For business purposes, for social purposes, for any purpose in life, a rule that should admit of no exceptions is: "Be specific in everything you say. Don't take it for granted that vague, general statements will properly convey your meaning. General statements, taken at their face value, leave wide room for inference, and there is always the liability that a wrong inference will be drawn."

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

WHAT? A BIG BARGAIN SALE IN DRESS AND HATS TODAY. WELL I'LL GET DRESSED AND BE RIGHT OVER.
SAY DOCTOR I WANT YOU TO COME RIGHT OVER TO MY HOUSE AN TELL MAGGIE THAT SHE IS ILL AN SHOULDN'T GO OUT. IF SHE GITS OUT I'LL BE BROKE THE REST OF THE WINTER.
OH MRS. [illegible] YOU MUST NOT GO OUT TODAY. YOU ARE VERY PALE. YOU MUST REST. NOW GO RIGHT BACK IN THE HOUSE.
BUT DOCTOR.
STRANGE I DON'T FEEL SICK BUT I SUPPOSE THE DOCTOR KNOWS BEST.
YES IT'S ALL FOR THE BEST.

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JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

JESS WILLARD WILL BE FAVORITE IN BETTING

Champion Always Selected by the General Public as a Safe Investment For Their Money.

New York, Feb. 19.—Jess Willard probably will be made favorite in the betting when he fights Jack Dempsey next July. Champions always attract the most support from the casual followers of boxing, because of the traditional [illegible] of prestige is of material aid in striking fights, as it gives the champion a big advantage to start with. It increases the title-holder's confidence in himself and shakes that of the challenger, and when it comes to deciding a bout on points, the spectators are unconsciously influenced so that they can see only what the champion has accomplished. Then, too, most referees hesitate to decide against a title-holder unless by some stroke of [illegible] a decision can be handed down.

All these are advantages possessed exclusively by the champion, but as a rule the challenger in heavyweight [illegible] has some tremendous advantage to his side. In his anxiety to gather [illegible] the stage, or in ways other, [illegible] fighting the champion invariably happens many times out of practice at his trade in trying to play safe and protect his title by not risking it, he makes it all the more difficult to defend it successfully when he finally is compelled and forced into a match.

Willard's present condition is more or less of a mystery. On the face of things it would appear as though he must have grown soft and wind-broke during his long absence from the game. While he begins to train [illegible] he is going to be inspected with a great deal of attention by the [illegible] experts.

Those who object to see a man rolling in fat, as Jeffries was, when the boiler-maker began the long grind of his attempt to come back, are [illegible] for Willard has not let it down entirely. He [illegible] to fight again, whereas [illegible] Jeffries retired he was quite [illegible] champion for good, and he took the ring to help his admirers from financial [illegible].

While Willard has taken enough exercise to keep in good health, it stands to reason that he has not [illegible] as fighting machine and [illegible] in the ring. But he has not dissipated in any way, and he probably will be in far better shape than is generally expected.

Willard did not reach anything like the top of his form until that day in Havana when he flattened Jack Johnson in 26 rounds. For one full year before that fight he made a study of boxing in private, and he succeeded in developing a surprising amount of skill for a man of his huge proportions. Before that event he knew little of the art of boxing, so that such little fellows as Gunboat Smith and Tom McMahon were able to outpoint him. Against Johnson he performed with considerable skill, while he altogether outclassed Moran from a scientific standpoint.

Willard might have developed into a wonderful fighting man if he had gone along fighting every few months. With his tremendous proportions and great strength, hitting ability and boxing skill, coupled with his ability to withstand punishment, all he lacked was aggressiveness. What a terror he would have been if he had ever learned to be aggressive.

But while Willard fails to take full advantage of his great weight and strength, his extreme caution makes it hard to reach him effectively. He takes no chances but makes his opponent do all the leading. Willard just leans back and blocks, or rushes out with his long left to break his opponent's attack before it gets well started.

He starts himself so little that even when out of condition he can stall along without getting into serious trouble. For that reason there is little danger of Dempsey stopping him in a no-decision bout of ten rounds, but if a referee's decision were against it would change the whole complexion of the bout. In that case Willard would have to do his share of the leading, which would mean that he would have to change his style of fighting completely.

BELLEVILLE WINS.

Belleville defeated Aura Lee last night in Belleville by a score of 5 to 4.

VARDON METHOD IS BEST WAY TO GRIP YOUR GOLF CLUB

Most of the Stars Now Use It in Preference to All Others When They Are Playing Championship Matches.

I was not always thus.
A finger-gripper of the Vardon type.
My old time style showed fist around the shaft,
As if I thought the club a woodman's ax.
—From imagined reverie of "Spartacus."

Like Spartacus, Jessie Guilford, the Boston amateur golfer can say, "I was not always thus." The "thus" would refer to his style of grip, for Jesse obtained the reputation of being one of the longest amateur drivers, if not the longest, in the United States, by virtue of the palm grip which he used in all big competitions until the national amateur championship of 1916, held at Merion, Philadelphia district. It was the terrific tee wallops he used to get off with the old kind of grip that won for him the sobriquet, "The Boston Seige Gun." Since dropping that style of holding the club and adopting the Vardonian overlapping grip his drives have not been characterized by the old superiority in distance.

It may be worth while to describe this kind of grip and the effect it is said to have on distance getting. In the palm method the club is grasped by the right hand player with the right hand wrapped around the shaft so that the knuckles point directly toward the ground. In the finger grip, or overlapping and interlocking, the knuckles are virtually on the side of the shaft, as it were, nearly perpendicular to the flight of the ball.

Two other very famous golfers use the palm type of grip. They are Walter J. Travis, of Garden City, N.Y., the former American and British amateur champion and John Ball of England, who has won the British amateur championship eight times and the British open once. In addition Ball won both amateur and open titles in the same year (1890) the only golfer to accomplish that until Chick Evans in 1916 won that distinction by defeating the pros at Minikahda and the amateurs at Merion.

Neither Travis nor Barr has earned fame as a long driver in the sense that Guilford has. However, Ball has a longer back swing than Travis and gets great distance.

Guilford's Great Back Swing.

Guilford from the beginning of his golf links career has had a full swing to the point to forearswing. There is no other high ranking golfer in the American ranks who has such a pronounced overarming as he, with the exception of Max R. Marston, of Baltusrol, N. J., 1915 New Jersey champion and national semi-finalist, in the case of the latter his swing is so much slower than Guilford's that the overswing makes not so pronounced an impression upon the beholder. Marston comes back more slowly and the start of his down swing is also less hurried. However, Marston does not use the palm grip, which now is generally abandoned by great players.

The back swing of both Travis and Ball has inclined to the short side and consequently some say, they having been unable to get the full advantage from the palm grip in the matter of distance which Guilford seemed to obtain from it in the earlier days of his career. In fact, Travis has always maintained that he shortened his swing for the purpose of accuracy.

While there is a spectacular quality about long driving that arouses the enthusiasm of the gallery, the danger of being off the line, in the opinion of some offsets whatever is gained in distance. A few inches off the fairway may mean a bunker or thick grass, causing the loss of one or more strokes, while, according to their theory, yards on one's rival in the tee shots rarely mean the saving of a stroke, although meaning an easier second shot or a better position on the putting green.

NEW SWIMMING CHAMPION.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Michael McDermott, of the Illinois Athletic Club, for nine years holder of the 220 yards breast stroke event in the National Amateur Athletic swimming championship, was defeated last night by Herbert Taylor of the Chicago Athletic Association. Taylor's time was 2.44 3-5.

HOCKEY RECORD

The following were the hockey results last night:

Intermediate O.H.A.
Glenco[illegible] 5, Lansdon 4.

Junior O.H.A.
U. T. S. 15, Lindsay 2.
Belleville 8, Alma Lee 4.
Cornwall 9, Kingston 7.

Senior Northern.
Chesley 3, Palmerston 3.

Senior Interscholastic.
Woodstock College 6, Ingersoll College 0.

Junior Interscholastic.
Woodstock College 5, Ingersoll College 1.

Suburbs Section.
Wychwood 3, Maitlands 2.

Exhibition.
Kitchener U.J. 7, New Hamburg 6.

T. C. S. 9, T. C. S. Old Boys 8.
Boy Scouts 2, Midgets 0.
Simcoe 9, Tillsonburg 6.

Pacific Coast.
Seattle 4, Victoria 1.

DE LAVAL WON TWO FROM MATTHEWS BLACKWELL

Last night in the Business Men's Ten Pin League played at Water Street Alleys, the De Laval took two out of three games from the Pickers. For the losers, Everett was high with 525, while Pratt had the high single of 212. For the De Laval Rutter had the high count of 516.

The scores:

Matthews-Blackwell				
Craig	130	134	132	—396
McLean	161	152	141	—474
Everett	151	211	163	—525
Pratt	139	138	213	—490
McDonnell	136	166	162	—464
	746	801	801	2348

De Laval				
A. Fitzgerald	173	164	161	—498
Myers	130	179	199	—498
Rutter	136	188	192	—516
Garrett	[illegible]	175	158	—466
[illegible]	150	[illegible]	161	—476
	713	871	872	1456

LINDSAY MIDGETS SWAMPED IN GAME WITH UNIVERSITY

Lost at Toronto Arena Last Night by 15—2 Score—Play at Home Friday Night.

Toronto, Feb. 20. — University Schools accepted a load of 13 goals with which to invade Lindsay on Friday night in the return game of the second round fixture of the Junior O.H.A. series by defeating Lindsay Midgets at the Arena last night by the score of 15 to 2. This lead, despite the fact that it is supposed to be an unlucky number, will probably be far too big for the Midgets to overcome, although they should show do far better advantage on their spoiler ice at home and will probably force the issue all the way.

On the huge ice surface at the Arena, Lindsay appeared so much disadvantage in contrast with the superior speed and weight of the local boys, but the main cause of their defeat lay in their poor goal-tending and in their inability to bore in. They shot from well out practically all the time, which was "apple pie" for Joe Sullivan, and their combination failed to be effective when they struck the sturdy U.T.S. defence.

Locals Too Good.

U.T.S. romped home a winner for their combination was well worked and had the Lindsay defence almost helpless, for their forwards were unable to keep them in back-checking, while the local boys stepped the visitors time after time, who failed to get away under their checking. Jeffrey, Aggett and Greey made a very aggressive forward line, and bored in repeatedly, putting the Lindsay goalie at a disadvantage, although he was beaten often also on long shots. Munro and Rowell were like a stone wall defensively, and offensively proved dangerous on every rush. Munro notching no less than six goals for his team on lone rushes, besides slitting several others in motion. Sullivan was in his element, and turned everything that came his away aside. Gunn and Kearns were the subs, and were used at intervals, so that they did not get a real chance to show their wares.

For the locals, Garnet was easily the best on the team. He is a big boy a strong skater and well built, but was not afforded much support, and as a result his splendid rushes often were wasted. Kelly at centre was a regular Trojan for work, but the little fellow found the big ice too much for him, but he will be a hard boy to hold at Lindsay, where his stick-handling will undoubtedly keep Sullivan very busy. Wilfrid received a bump in the first period which brought the claret from his nose, and in the last two periods he did not appear to as good advantage as in the first, while Green helped form a pretty strong defence, but earned several penalties.

Combination Told.

The team work of the U. T. S. schools coupled with their individual rushes by Munro and Rowell were the features that bored Lindsay under, but in the first few minutes of the first period it looked as if Lindsay were going to furnish the surprise. They set a terrific pace from the bell and assumed the offensive, but this proved only a flash in the pan, and when Greey beat Oliver with a high shot from the wing in six minutes, the procession started. At the end of the first period U. T. S. led by 5 to 0.

In the second period Lindsay tried to bore in but failed, and soon Universities Schools amassed a lead of 9 to 0. Shortly after the last session got under way a long high shot hit Oliver on the head, stunning him temporarily. Lindsay were beginning to heat up when Bell batted in a goal from a scrimmage, but this put U.T.S. on their mettle again and they counteracted this tally with two more. Garnet finally succeeded with one of his rushes and drove the puck right through the net with a long shot, but the winners simply walked in and scored in the final minutes of play, four more tallies resulting. The teams:

U.T.S.—Goal, Sullivan; defence, Rowell and Munro; centre, Aggett; right wing, Jeffrey; left wing, Greey; subs., Gunn and Kearns.

Lindsay — Goal, Oliver; defence, Garnet and Green; centre, Kelly; right wing, Killen; left wing, Wilfrid; subs., Bell and Mulvey.

Referee—Tom Marsh.

Beulah Stewart, [illegible] years old, was badly scalded, by her home in Cobalt.

SKATING AT BROCK ST. RINK

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK EXCEPTING THURSDAY

G.W.V. BAND ALL WEEK

GRAND ICE

BIG CROWDS EXPECTED!

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

[illegible] (Second Day).
[illegible] (Fourth Day).

Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches.

A stop-over at the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of [illegible]

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Palliser," Calgary. "Royal," Calgary.
"Glacier House," Glacier. "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Further information from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

IT PAYS

Hear Rev. H. A. Fish,

THIS EVENING FEBRUARY 20, NASSAU L.O.L. HALL
Free Busses--Free Admission
BUSSES LEAVE Post Office 7.30

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Do You See Well?

Whatever your form of eye trouble we can help you. We are fully equipped, both by education, knowledge and practical experience to fit your eyes correctly with glasses that will give you relief and comfort.

See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH

All Saints' choir will practice tonight at 8 o'clock.

PETERBOROUGH CHARTERED BRANCH INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

An open meeting will be held in the Labor Hall, Thursday, Feb. 20th, 8 p.m. Platform will be announced. Membership cards issued. Local speakers. Bring your friends.

T. TOOMS, Secretary.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR.

St. Paul's choir will practise tonight at 8 o'clock sharp.

[illegible].

Dr. McIlwain, Simcoe, 370 George street. Diseases of the eye and eyeglasses scientifically treated by approved methods. Special attention to hyperopia, retrievable bridge-work and accurately fitting dentures.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 183 Hunter Street. Phone 345.

OLD TIME BALLADS

Alma Gluck has a faculty for reaching the heart in these old time ballads that are so dear to us. The simple melody of "Bring Back My Bonnie to Me" is as touching as ever and the words have a special significance at this time. Hear this beautiful selection on the new Victor Record, No. 64782, at Heintzman Hall, George and Hunter street.

CHARLES INNES

Commencing Sunday night next, February 23, Evangelist Charles Innes, of Aberdeen, Scotland, will conduct a series of Evangelistic Meetings in Gospel Hall, to which all are invited. Mr. Innes is a gifted speaker, and gives his message with spirit and power. He has great power of illustration, making his message live. The subject for Sunday night is, "A Great General—what he was, what he did, and what he could not do." Sunday night, 7 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture and furnishings, at the home of Mr. Alfred Austin, (03) Walton street, on Friday, February 21, including sewing machine, solid walnut bedroom suite, also one oak suite, rugs, etc. Sale at 1:30 p.m. No reserve.

J. F. THURSTON, Auctioneer.

DENTAL

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTING.

Do not fail to see the exhibition of Paintings in the Library Building on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

NOTICE.

The regular monthly meeting of the Business Girls' Club will be held in the Y.W.C.A. Green Room on the evening of Friday, February 21, at 8 o'clock sharp. Miss Lancaster will address the meeting.

TONIGHT AT ART EXHIBIT

Tonight the hostesses of the exhibition of paintings in the Public Library will be.

Mrs. Gliddon, Mrs. Robt. Neill and Mrs. A. E. Sherwood.

Tomorrow afternoon Mrs. Mowat, Mrs. F. C. Neal and Mrs. W. H. Hill will be hostesses.

G.W.V.A. MEETS TONIGHT.

A meeting of the G. W. V. A. will be held in the club rooms tonight at 8 o'clock. Business very important. Every member is requested to be present.

S. WHATLEY, Secretary.

Skating Party By Life Problem Club

On Wednesday evening the members of the Senior Life Problem Club of the Y.M.C.A. entertained their lady friends at a skating party. After skating for over two hours, the merry couples proceeded to the Y.M.C.A. There they enjoyed a few selections by a sextette of boys, accompanied by one of their number on the mandolin. In a few minutes refreshments were served, after which the remaining part of the evening was spent in music and games. About eleven-thirty this most enjoyable event broke up and was voted by all a huge success.

Among the fifty-eight who attended this soical, the following were noted:

Misses Cottingham, O. Conway, M. Parker, G. Primeau, G. Middleton, I Baird, H. Eaton, G. Hood, A. Shelton, H. Bulmer, J. Middleton, C. Hamilton, J. Pollard, J. Henderson, B. Cunningham, H. Davidson, J. Herbison and Miss Smith and the following members of the club:—M. Cottingham, B. Shelton, A. Doughty, K. Routley, J. Eaton, R. Brown, N. Foote, U. Lancashire, D. Munro, W. Calvert, R. Huff, H. Huff, D. Fitzgerald, G. Yeoman, M. Brownscombe, F. Herbison, B. Hamilton, J. Macdonald, A. Elliott, F. Brooks and K. Andersen.

The concluding chapters of "Tarzan of the Apes", from the book by Edgar Rice Burroughs. Its crashing drama and wild beauty will hold you spellbound.

The adventures of the white ruler of a tribe of apes who seeks his love and destiny amid a civilization with which he is entirely unfamiliar.

To be shown at the Royal Theatre tomorrow afternoon and evening. Come to the matinee tomorrow afternoon and avoid the rush in the evening.

TRINITY W. M. S.

Members Entertained at the Home of Mrs. R. Neill.

Again the W.M.S. of Trinity Church was royally entertained; this month at the home of Mrs. R. Neill.

The meeting took the form of a birthday party and was the occasion of making one of the oldest members of the society, Mrs. Adlum, a life member, on her birthday.

Mrs. Moore, district superintendent, read the address, to which Mrs. Adlum very fitting replied.

The interesting program and Mrs. Neill's hospitality was enjoyed by all.

Don't miss the instructive and interesting programs of the W.M.S.

"Bruce" Hutchinson In New Position

NOW LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR GERHARD HEINTZMAN COMPANY.

Mr. F. Bruce Hutchinson has severed his connection with Heintzman & Co., Ltd., and accepted a position as managing representative for the Gerhard-Heintzman Pianos in Peterborough city and district. These pianos enjoy a well-deserved reputation for tone, mechanical structure and finish second to none in Canada, and "Bruce" assumes his new duties under the most promising auspices. Mr. Hutchinsons' house address is 324 Rubidge street, Phone 849, and a ready response to all calls for his attention will be made.

EIGHT SOLDIERS HOME.

There were eight returned soldiers arrived in the city last night on the 5:30 G. T. R. train. Members of the reception committee of the Salvation Army were on hand to welcome them.

ST. JOHN'S CHORISTERS

St. John's Choristers will meet for practice in the Guild room tonight at 8 p.m. Boys at 7.30.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

An informal dance was held by the members of the Petrborough Club and their friends last night. There were fifty present and a pleasant time was spent from 8 till 12 o'clock.

Mr. R. R. Hall, ex-M.P., and Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A., will probably attend the funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier on Saturday.

Mr. Gordon Matthews attended the dance at Government House, Toronto, last night.

Mrs. Harry Hall is visiting at Mrs. Richard Hall's, 813 Water street.

OBITUARY

MRS. AARON COMSTOCK.

Mrs. Aaron Comstock passed away last night at the family residence, 305 Water street, at the age of 76 years, after a lengthy illness.

Mrs. Comstock was born in Ashburnham in 1843, and previous to her marriage in 1869 was Mary Ann Martin.

Surviving are three sons and three daughters. They are: William, John and Manson, of this city Mrs. R. H. Boyle, St. Catharines, Mrs. John McIntyre, Peterborough, and Miss Lottie, at home.

The funeral will be held from the late residence of deceased, 305 Water street, Saturday afternoon at 2:45 o'clock to Little Lake Cemetery.

MEETING AT ST. JOHN'S.

Mr. R. W. Allin Explains Methods of Church Finances.

There was a mens' meeting of the members of three of the Anglican churches of the city last night in St. John's Church, All Saints', St. Luke's and St. John's being represented.

R. W. Allin, financial commissioner of the Diocese of Toronto, gave a most instructive address upon efficient diocesian and financial methods and upon co-operation in the local parish.

Many questions of interest were asked and satisfactory answers received.

RECITAL AT CONSERVATORY

By Miss Dorothy Stuart, Brilliant Pupil of Mr. Gliddon.

A very interesting piano recital was given last evening at the Peterborough Conservatory of Music by Miss Dorothy Stuart, a very talented pupil of Mr. Gliddon. Miss Stuart played a difficult and exacting program, with brilliancy and refinement that promises well for her future success as a concert pianist. Her playing shows the result of careful training and was a delightful surprise to her friends present. Following is the program:

"Prelude Fuge No 12," Bach.

Sonata Pathetique, "Grave Allegro Molto, Adagio Cantobilo, Rondo," Beethoven.

"Barcarolle," Haberbier.

"Reveil di Printemps", Haberbier.

"Ballade Op 47," Chopin.

Mr. R. Gliddon, musical director of the Peterborough Conservatory of Music, is in Toronto, a guest at the banquet given to Dr. Dann, Dean of the Musical Faculty of Cornell University.

Dr. Dann will give an address on "Schools and Music Credits," to representative musicians of the province.

ROUTED CHINESE RESTAURANTS

Mob in Halifax Did Damage Estimated at $15,000.

Halifax, Feb. 20. — Six Chinese restaurants were more or less mashed up by a mob of 200 or 300 returned soldiers and civilians. The trouble began at 11 p.m. in the Crown Cafe on Gottingen street, in the north end, where a soldier, said to be intoxicated, got into an argument with the proprietor. A crowd gathered, glass was broken and a fight began which wrecked the interior. A rumor then started that a soldier had been struck with a bottle, but this afterwards turned out to be false. It did its work, however, and the mob started to smash up Chinese restaurants generally. The damage is estimated at $15,000.

WHERE TAX RATE IS EIGHTY MILLS

BLAIRMORE, ALTA., IS THREATENED WITH RECORD LEVY FOR 1919.

Mr. Jos. Wearing recently wrote to the clerk at Blairmore, Alberta, on some legal business which involved the payment of certain money to one of Mr. Wearing's clients. The answer received was a tale of financial woe. The council is about to take up the work of preparing the estimates for this year. Last year the levy was 40 mills on the dollar. This year there seems nothing for it but to set the rate at 80 mills.

CELEBRATES ITS 18TH BIRTHDAY

QUEEN ALEXANDRA CIRCLE HELD ENJOYABLE ENTERTAINMENT LAST NIGHT.

Queen Alexandra Circle held its eighteenth anniversary in the S.O.E. Hall last evening. The meeting was largely attended by the members of the circle, and also of Court Stanley.

Bro. Day occupied the chair and the following program was rendered:

Chairman's Address—Bro. Day.
Instrumental—Miss D. Adlam.
Vocal Solo—Miss E Tremain.
Instrumental—Miss F. Ballantyne.
Vocal Solo—Mrs. Wagstaff.
Instrumental—Mrs. Fenwick.
Vocal Solo—Miss D. Fenwick.
Violin Selection—Mrs. Foster.
Vocal Solo—Mrs. Wagstaff.
God Save the King.

After a few words of welcome on behalf of the circle by Chief Comp. Miss E. M. Wiggins, a social hour was spent in games, and light refreshments were served.

WRIT OF EXECUTION.

Issued on Behalf of Sister Mary Basil.

Kingston, Feb. 20.—On behalf of Sister Mary Basil, the former House of Providence nun who went to the courts to get damages for her attempted abduction, A. B. Cunningham has issued a writ of execution against Archbishop Spratt for $20,000, and against Dr. Daniel Phelan for $4000, the amounts awarded by the jury in the trial case, and ratified by the Court of Appeal in Toronto some time ago.

SPEEDING THE PARTING GUESTS

FRIENDS TAKE FAREWELL OF MR. AND MRS. WHITE.

A very enjoyable musical evening was given by the friends of Mr. and Mrs. White, of 348 Charlotte street, last evening who were leaving for England on the R.M.S. Metagama from St. Johns. Some thirty-five to forty people took part in the enjoyment and numerous parting presents were given. Mr. and Mrs. White left this morning on the 5.25 Grand Trunk and were given a good send off by their friends who sang "Auld Lang Syne." "Take Me Back to Blighty" and "They're Jolly Good Fellows" and all wished them a safe and pleasant voyage.

Fuel Commission Holds Last Session

What will in all probability be the last meeting of the Board of Fuel Commissioners was held last night when the two members present, Chairman Jos. Wearing and Mr. T. E. Quinn passed a resolution asking the City Council to relieve them of their duties in view of the fact that existing circumstances did not seem to warrant their continuance in office.

A resolution rescinding all fuel regulations made by the board was passed at last night's meeting, and from this time forward these rules are void, including that which requires reports from fuel dealers.

A communication from E. L. Cousins, Assistant Fuel Administrator, was read, and, according to the information contained therein, there is no further objection to coal dealers delivering to consumers such quantities of coal as are necessary to supply their normal needs to the 31st of March, 1919.

Mr. Walter Stocker is the chief member of the commission, who has done much good work in the past, and which now goes out of existence at its own request owing to the fact that the conditions which warranted its formation no longer exist.

Annual Report Of Graduate Nurses

The following is the annual report for the Central Registry of Graduate Nurses, 788 George street, phone 647. It covers the period from Feb. 5th, 1918, to Feb. 5th, 1919:

In the past year there have been more than 300 calls for nurses from city or country. During the epidemic it was impossible to keep an accurate account of the calls, and equally impossible to supply nurses to answer them.

Nearly all the nurses had influenza, more or less seriously. Two volunteered to go to Renfrew where they were both taken ill, but happily recovered.

Three nurses have married during the year. Miss Price is in charge of the Isolation Hospital.

There are 20 nurses at present on the register, namely: Misses Doyell, Foote, Montgomery, M. O'Brien, L. O'Brien, Price, Thornton, Moloney, Fallon, G. Watt, Heffernen, Merrell, F. Deane, M. E. Sloan, S. Merrison, F. H. Robertson, Louise Conroy, Jones, Mrs. Gamey, Mrs. Grierson.

CAROLINE PECK, Registrar, graduate Bellevue Training School, New York City.

PROHIBITION IN QUEBEC

Premier Gouin Not Yet Ready to Make Announcement.

Quebec, Feb. 20.—Asked in the Legislature by the Leader of the Conservative Opposition as to what the Government intended doing and when it will introduce its bill on prohibition, Sir Lomer said that a measure is shortly to be introduced. Some time ago Mr. Sauve gave notice of a motion asking the Government to keep light wines and beer in the Province. When Sir Lomer gave his answer, Mr. Sauve asked if the measure expected was to be along the lines of his request. The Premier answered that it would be slightly different. "His my honorable friend cut his wine with water?" humorously asked Mr. Sauve. "Or, mayhap, cut my water with more wine," answered back Sir Lomer.

Strong opposition has been raised at Winnipeg to the proposal of increase the aldermanic indemnity from $500 to $1,200 per annum.

Lee Carpenter of Chatham failed to appear in court to answer a charge of extorting money from a Chinese. A warrant is issued for his arrest.

Thomas D. Wolfe, a Vancouver returned man, was dangerously wounded when held up. He put up a struggle when asked to throw up his hands.

The new Chancellor of Queen's University will be E. W. Beatty, president of the C.P.R.

Philippine Horses.

The horses in the Philippine Island are ponies containing a mixture of the blood of ponies and small horses from northern China, French Indo-China and Mexico, with a considerable admixture of Arab blood. There are about 215,000 horses in the Islands.

Little-Used Term.

The word Saracen was applied in the middle ages to Turks, Arabs, Moors and other Mohammedans in western Asia and northern Africa. The same kind of people live now, but the word is seldom used except in romance, poetry and history.

Delicate Compliment by Dear Wife.

There is nothing so soothing to an elderly registrant as to have his dear wife pat his slippery crown and say that he needs a haircut dreadfully.—Grand Rapids Press.

Noble Attributes.

Never does the human soul appear so strong and noble as when it forgives revenge, and dares to forgive an injury.—E. H. Chapin.

Daily Thought.

Wisdom provides things necessary not superfluous.—Seneca.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — AND — TO-MORROW
DAILY MATINEE—2.30 EVENINGS—7.30
HARRY CAREY in "Three Mounted Men,"—6 Reels
ALICE HOWELL in "Cupid's Art," A Screaming 2 Reel Comedy
SCREEN MAGAZINE—11 Reels JUDGE BROWN STORY
—VAUDEVILLE—
McLAUGHLIN and STEWART in a Singing, Dancing and Talking Act
MATINEE 2:30, 10c. EVENING 7:00, 15c

The Seats are now on sale for the Greatest Drama and Company seen here in years—

The Man Who Came Back

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22

Peterboro Theatregoers are guaranteed the exact same Company and Production as seen for nearly two years at the Playhouse, New York. The Company is now enroute to Indianapolis, Ind., and will play only 6 cities in Canada.

Order Your Seats Now

MATINEE—50c, 75c, $1.00
EVENING—50c to $1.50; Gallery 25c

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28
4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

WIDDIFIELD'S MAJJORITY 324

Beaverton, Feb. 20.—Complete returns of the by-election in North Ontario show that W. J. Widdifield, the U. F. O. candidate, was elected by 324 majority. The poll not heard from last night was Rama No. 42. The vote there has now been received, and gives Widdifield 32 and Cameron 12.

E. W. Beatty, K.C., President of the C. P. R., has been chosen Chancellor of Queen's University, in succession to the late Dr. James Douglas of New York.

Brantford Board of Education has decided to erect a twelve-room school which will cost more than the $75,000 voted in January last.

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

Phone Us!

MAKE YOUR TELEPHONE EARN YOU MONEY

35c No. 1 Fine Cheese at, lb.	29c
35c No. 1 Fine Cheese at, lb.	36c
20c Prunes, $1.00 worth for	69c
20c Raisins, seeds in, 5 lbs.	69c
Canned Peas, 16c, 2 cans	25c
Corn Beets, 15c, at, a can	5c
25c Lawton Berries, can	13c
20c Large Can Pumpkin	10c
$1.00 pail Jam or Marmalade	79c
50c pail Jam or Marmalade	37½c
15c Grape Jam, tumblers	7½c
Gold, Sunlight, other Soap, 5 for	25c
15c boxes Matches, 3 boxes	39c
50c Green Tea, 4 lbs. for	$1.00
70c Black Tea, 2 lbs. at	56c
65c Black Tea, 3 lbs at	49c
25c Tomatoes, can 19c, 6 for	$1.00
20c Worcester Sauce, 2 for	25c
10 lb. Fresh Rolled Oats	64c
Fresh Finnan Haddie and Cod, lb.	9c
Fresh Salmon, whole or piece	18c
Salmon Steak, lb	20c
10 lbs. 15c Rice for	$1.00
Old Dutch 9c, same size Cleanser	5c
10 lb. Gr. Sugar (with $2 order)	$1.00
35c Baking Powder, can	19c
15c Corn Starch 12c, 13c S.	10c
40c Electric Tungsten Lamps	23c
$3.00 Lace Curtains, bargain	$2.00
Dress Crepes 35c, 4 yds	$1.00
25c Fleeced Stockings, lady's	19c
30c Muslins, fancy, 7 yds.	$1.00
$2.50 Heavy Overalls, bargain	$1.99
$1.50 Black Overalls, bargain	$1.09

All This Week Great Bargains.
Come to the Store. Save Money.

R. C. BRAUND
Phone 348

WILL PRESENT PRIZES.

Mr. Wearing to Deliver Address, too, At Commencement.

Mr. Joseph Wearing, M.A., will present the prizes and diplomas at the Commencement exercises of the Collegiate tomorrow evening and give an address on "The Vital Factor in Education."

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Insurance
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,000, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, barn, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

328 Water Street, South of Monaco House

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Peterborough.

IN THE ESTATE OF ALFRED SMITH, late of the Township of Smith, in the County of Peterborough, farmer, private, No. 195235 of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Sec. 131, R.S.O., 1914, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Alfred Smith, who died on or about the thirtieth or thirty-first day of October, 1917, at the Battle of Passchendaele Ridge, in Belgium, are required on or before the third day of March, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Edward A. Sanderson, of the said Township of Smith, farmer, R. R. No. 1, Peterborough, Ontario, the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses, full particulars in writing of their claims, statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after the said third day of March, 1919, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate of the said deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Peterborough, this twenty-ninth day of January, 1919.

A. E. DIXON,
197½ George St., Peterborough.
Solicitor for said Executor.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Rise in temperature. Friday, easterly winds, closely followed by sleet or rain.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES.

46th YEAR No. 44 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

ASK FOR CLOSER CENSORSHIP OF PLAYS AND MOVING PICTURES

Mrs. Arthur Stevenson in Report to Local Council of Women Deplores Tendency Towards Objectionable Amusements

At the annual meeting of the Local Council of Women yesterday Mrs. Arthur Stevenson submitted the following report.:

As convenor of this committee I have never asked any person to be a member of it, relying entirely upon voluntary aid and it has never failed.

During the past year the town has lost the services of Mrs. McElhiney as Police Matron, her position being left vacant for some months. Our Secretary wrote the Police Commission urging that a woman be appointed, who could devote her whole time to the work. An answer has not yet been received though the letter was written some months ago. We see, however by the papers, that Mrs. Benton of the Salvation Army, has been appointed, Police Matron at a salary of $400 per annum. We do not wish to detract in any way from Mrs. Bentons capabilities or her usefulness, but still we are of the opinion that the small extra expenditure necessary to procure some one who could give all their time to the work would be money well spent in the city the size of Peterborough and where every day instances are coming to our notice which emphasize the great need for prevention of crime. We feel assured that Mrs. Benton herself, whose knowledge along this line must be extensive, is entirely with us in this opinion.

We wish to pay a very sincere tribute to the good work of Mrs. McElhiney, who in spite of ill health and many duties was able to accomplish so much.

This committee would endorse the recommendation of the Board of the Childrens Aid Society, that a Childrens Court be established in Peterboro, and we would be gratified if this meeting would forward to that body a resolution assuring them of our hearty support.

We wish to bring before this meeting the matter of censorship of moving pictures and plays, most of which depict a very undesirable phase of society. If these pictures and plays are placed before the public for the purpose of teaching a moral they entirely fail in their object. They familiarize the subject to such an extent that it fails to shock. A few days ago a certain play came to town and one newspaper reported that the heads of several womens organizations were present and approved. I personally was present and I wish to state that I did not approve and no woman with any moral responsibility could approve for the play itself displayed no moral responsibility. We would ask that this local Council send a resolution to the National executive urging them to press the Government in the matter of better censorship with regard to both pictures and plays. That at least we may occasionally go to the theatre and see a picture or play that is not over-burdened with the unseemly side of life.

We have all hoped most earnestly that the world would emerge from this great war with higher moral standards. This cannot be looked for unless each one of us works for it. We have learned by sad experience what propaganda means and the power it possesses. Let us turn this lesson into a better channel and make it serve our own purpose. Let each one of us set forth on a propaganda of moderation.

Moderation in entertainment; moderation in late hours; Moderation in dress.

We appeal to the representatives of Societies, ever remembering that this work of the local Council is to create a strong moral force in the community, to return to those bodies and in their reports preach the gospel of moderation and perhaps in this way we may do our part in preventing the pendulum of society swinging too far towards exageration, indifference and demoralization.

BAVARIAN COUNT SHOOTS AND KILLS THE SOCIALIST PREMIER

Trouble Now Inevitable Between Two Classes ---Ukranians Fire on Allies' Commission.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 21.—Kurt Eisner, Socialist premier of Bavaria, was this morning shot and killed by an aristocrat, Lieut. Count Archo Valley. The count was wounded severely by the guard and is reported to be dying.

Kurt Eisner, who seized the reins of government in Bavaria after the deposing of the royal family early in November, was a Socialist of the Spartacus type, and the Archo Valley family has been prominent in Bavaria and Germany for years. Eisner, a Jew, was born in Galicia, and at one time was editor-in-chief of the Vorwaerts of Berlin. He was arrested last April by the Bavarian government, and was reported to have committed suicide in prison. Eisner also has been opposed to the German Majority Socialists, and since his rise to power in Bavaria had repeatedly attacked President Ebert and his colleagues. Accompanied by guards in uniforms and on a special train, Eisner went to Berne to attend the international Labor conference there early this month.

Blamed Ex-Kaiser for War.

In discussing the responsibility for the war before the Berne conference, Eisner declared that former Emperor William was undoubtedly directly to blame for precipitating the war. He said that documents found in Munich tend to support this view. He said that all of the German military caste should be tried by a German tribunal for their share of responsibility.

Fired on the Allies.

Warsaw, Feb. 21.—Members of the Inter-Allied Commission to Poland were fired upon by Ukrainian soldiers while travelling today from Cracow to Lemberg on a Polish armored train. The delegation returned to Cracow.

Japanese Premier Refers to China

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Tokio, Feb. 21.—In replying to an interpolation in diet today Premier Hara said there was no reason why China should demand the return of Tsing Tao. To answer this interpolator the Premier said that the race problem would never escape the utmost attention of the Government.

Wounded Premier Resumes Business

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 21.—Premier Clemenceau will receive his colleagues of the Supreme Court at his home this afternoon to discuss certain important matters with them. His doctors consider him out of danger, and therefore authorized him to receive the ministers. The physicians believe he can resume his political activity on Monday.

DIED IN HAMILTON.

George Sweet, Warehouse Manager of Oak Hall Stores.

M. J. Maher, manager of the Oak Hall store in Peterborough, received a letter from J. J. Greene managing director of the Sandford Establishment which controls the Oak Hall stores, informing him of the death in Hamilton of George Sweet, warehouse manager of the company, who has been in its employ for over half a century.

He came to the business and entered the warehouse when a boy, and afterwards represented the firm in the Maritime Provinces. For twenty years he held the position which he occupied at the time of his death. He was well known in the cities where branches of the business exist, and his loss will be keenly felt, as he possessed many splendid qualities which were appreciated by those who came in contact with him socially or in connection with business.

Eight Lives Lost In Hotel Fire

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Montreal, Feb. 21.—Eight persons were burned to death in a small hotel at St. Kovist in the Laurentian Mountains last night from a fire, which started in an over-heated stove. A. Coupal, the proprietor, got out but lost his life when he went back for his purse containing five hundred dollars. His wife and children jumped into a snow bank and escaped. The other victims were shantymen employed in a woods nearby.

TO APPOINT PERMANENT SECRETARY IN DISTRICT

Work of Organizing Local Branch of Social Service Council Advanced Another Stage at Meeting Last Night.

A meeting was held in the Y. M. C. A. last night of the officially appointed representatives to organize a local branch of the Social Service Council in this city. Rev. A. J. Thomas presided in the absence of R. F. Downey, the temporary chairman of the executive.

Mr. Hughson Johnstone, the secretary, read the report of the meetings of the executive appointed last November. This was adopted, after which the chairman introduced Rev. Gilbert Agar, of Toronto, secretary and organizer of the Ontario branch of the Social Service Council.

In his address he gave a brief account of the recent Social Welfare Conference in Toronto, emphasizing that the business of the church should be interdenominational. The laity should strive to make the community as safe as the home.

To this end, the speaker pointed out, the necessity of the citizens of the country seeing to it that the churches and other organizations, no matter of what religious persuasion, unite to do what the churches have been neglecting in the past, namely, community work.

Rev. Mr. Agar emphasized the fact that the Social Service movement was interdenominational and should be representative and expressive of the conscience of the city and country at large.

A summary of the existing conditions in the city, according to the speaker, revealed menaces which are not apparent to the citizen who does not look beneath the surface. The greatest weakness in the past in connection with organizing for the combat of these has been the seeming inability of the forces for good, to get together.

He advised the appointment of a permanent secretary who would devote his entire time to the advancement of the work in a district extending from Ottawa to Toronto.

The opinion of the meeting favored Peterborough as the proper place in which to station such an official as it was the logical centre of the territory designated.

A motion prepared by J. J. Hartley with G. W. Powell as his seconder, was submitted and carried, recommending the adoption of the recommendations referred to above.

It was also decided that four vice-presidents be appointed, each of whom will have charge of a special branch of the work.

In answer to a question by Mrs James Kenry as to whether the Social Service work should be under the direction of the Ministerial Association or the laymen, Rev. W. H. White, rector of St. Luke's Church, and himself a member of the Ministerial Association, expressed the opinion that it was the field of the laity. The function of the clergymen of the city was to stir the minds of the laymen and it was their duty to take action for after all they are the real force of the country.

Officers elected were as follows:

Vice-president—A. B. Cunningham,

Secretary—Hughson Johnstone.

Treasurer—Frank Adams.

Vice-president Cunningham is to be in charge of the temperance department; Vice-president Dr. E. E. Harvey in charge of the health department; Vice-president Dr. J. Birnie to look after the child welfare portion of the work, and Vice-President J. J. Hartley in charge of the industrial department.

Rev. Dr. Brown suggested the advisability of creating an amusement department at once, an idea which met with the hearty approval of everyone present.

It was suggested at a conference in Toronto and the matter was brought to the attention of Vice-president Hartley that manufacturers give 25 per cent. of all profits over 7 per cent. to their employes in wages. It was felt that this would appease the industrial discontent which is at present so apparent.

It was decided that the president of the Ministerial Association should be the honorary president of the local branch of the Social Service Council, by virtue of his office. This year the Rev. J. A. McKenzie holds that position.

ALD. EDGAR CLAIMS CITY LIKELY TO LOSE MONEY ON COAL ORDERS

Upwards of $2,000 Sent to Scranton For Coal That Has Not Yet Been Delivered—Special Council Committee to Investigate

The new aldermen suffered quite a jolt last night when Alderman Edgar declared he had reason to believe the city stands to lose some $1,500 or $2,000 on the Fuel Transaction of Council's Fuel Committee. Some cars of coal ordered and paid for have not yet reached Peterborough, and he contended that the Fuel Committee should submit, without delay, to Council a comprehensive statement in this connection.

The Mayor replied that he had no report to make just now.

Ald. Edgar and McIntyre moved that a special committee be appointed to go thoroughly into the question of the Fuel Committee's coal transaction, and that all data in connection with the same be placed at this committee's disposal so that they can report the said situation to Council.

Ald. Morrison here wanted to know what Fuel Committee Ald. Edgar was referring to—this year's or last. He is, he said, a member of this year's committee and hoped no reflection was meant for him.

Ald. Edgar replied that it was last year's committee whose transactions he referred to.

His Worship here explained to Ald. Morrison that last year the city opened an account with a bank in Scranton, Penn., for the payment of coal negotiated for the city by Miss Cohen, a Scranton Company's Toronto agent. Some cars of coal collected for from the Scranton Bank have evidently gone astray or been confiscated, and the matter is in the City Solicitor's hands to straighten out. He has no doubt but what the question will be satisfactorily adjusted. "However," the Mayor concluded, "if you want an investigation go to it!"

The resolution was here carried, and the Special Committee for investigation are the Mayor, Ald. Hamilton, McIntyre and Gainey.

WIDOW'S ACTION FOR DOWER UP IN HIGH COURT

MRS. O'CONNOR SUED FOR DOWER IN ADDITION TO LEGACIES.

Evidence was heard yesterday in the action for dower brought by the widow of the late Stephen Henry O'Connor against the executors of the estate. Evidence given by the plaintiff went to show that her husband left an estate worth between $25,000.00 and $30,000.00 and that the benefits given to her under the will were so paltry that with them it would have been impossible for her to live and maintain her infant children. Further evidence elicited from her in her examination by her solicitor showed that she had no independent advice, aside from the advice given by the solicitors for the executors, and that when she commenced her action for dower about a year ago, payment of any estate moneys to her were stopped by the executors. It was further brought out in her evidence that her husband's real estate consisted of four or five parcels of land in the Townships of Ennismore and North Monaghan, and that in these properties she claimed her dower in addition to what was given her under her husband's will. The plaintiff also told of having transferred to the estate some $11,000.00 of insurance moneys.

In the evidence adduced in the afternoon it was shown for the executors of the estate, that they had from the time they took upon themselves the administration of the estate, always recognized that the widow could not maintain herself and her children on the benefits given her by the will, and being in sympathy with her, they at once took steps to obtain for her everything that they could within the strict limits to which they were confined by the terms of the will. The evidence showed that on the application made to the Courts, on behalf of maintenance for the infant children and the widow, that not only had they consented to the Court granting the request applied for, but that they also wished to have more maintenance allowed her than what was actually allowed, and that for the purpose of allowing her to live comfortably on the homestead they had obtained from the Court the right to leave her the use of the farm stock and implements. The evidence also showed that the executors had always recognized the conflicting interest of the widow in her personal capacity and as executor, and that they had suggested to her that she should seek independent advice, as to her personal rights in the estate.

In reference to the plaintiff's story that the maintenance money had been denied to her, when she brought her action for dower, the defence showed that Mr. Fitzgerald, one of the executors had offered to loan her such moneys that she might need to save her from financial embarrassment, and actually did loan her a considerable sum of money.

The defence to the action alleged by the defendants is that under the terms of the will, the widow is bound to elect between her dower and the benefits given her under the will and that having already elected to take what was given her under the will, she is now barred from claiming dower.

At the close of the evidence Sir Glenholme Falconbridge stated that he would receive argument of counsel in writing, and judgment was reserved until the argument has been submitted.

Mr. H. H. Davis, of Toronto, appeared for Mrs. O'Connor and Mr. J. R. Corbett for the executors.

WRECK AND RUIN FOLLOW IN WAKE OF SMUGGLING

THREE OCCUPANTS OF AUTO LOADED WITH LIQUOR KILLED AT DETROIT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Detroit, Feb. 21.—The first fatalities incident to increased whiskey smuggling as a result of the Supreme Court's decision invalidating the search and seizure law occurred last night when an inter-urban train demolished an automobile at Wyandotte, near here, instantly killing three occupants. According to the police, the car was heavily laden with liquor supposed to have been brought into the state from Ohio. The liquor parade from Toledo grew to such proportions yesterday that the railways were forced to put extra cars on their trains. Reports from Monroe, near the state line, place the number of automobiles passing through there in 24 hours at 4,000. Of this number it was said about 100 have been wrecked.

THIRTY ARRESTS IN LIQUOR CASE

FEDERAL OFFICIALS ARE TRYING TO STOP SMUGGLING INTO MICHIGAN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 21.—The toll today of the Federal officials in their efforts to stamp out the smuggling of liquor to Michigan was thirty arrests and four barrels, 305 cases, 20 gunnysacks, 25 suit cases, 68 pugs and 150 bottles of whisky. Hundreds of Michigan visitors, unable to get home last night, spent the night here in doorways, in railway stations and in hotels.

FRENCH PREMIER HAS GOOD CHANCE FOR RECOVERY

SURGEON SAYS HE WILL SURVIVE IF NO COMPLICATIONS DEVELOPE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 21.—"Premier Clemenceau is progressing as well as possible. We shall not feel altogether reassured for forty-eight hours, but then he will be out of danger," said Georges Mandel, Premier Clemenceau's Chief Clerk to Marcel Hutin, editor of the Echo De Paris, over the telephone at an early hour this morning. Clemenceau at that time was resting and inquiries, mostly by newspapers, desirous of some late news for their last editions, were informed that his condition continued satisfactory.

"The only possible danger," said the celebrated French surgeon who was consulted by the Matin, "and it is fortunately a very problematic one, is the appearance of local pulmonary congestion, caused by reaction. Such an eventuality has not developed and the robust constitution and the magnificent vigor of the tiger are against such complications. Let us then have every confidence. If by tomorrow night there is no temperature our confidence may be changed to an assurance of absolute recovery. Every day that passes without fever appearing, doubles the patient's chance.

In the meantime, however, the Peace Conference is to go on. It will meet this afternoon under the presidency of Robert Lansing, Secretary of State of the United States. France will be represented by Foreign Minister Pinchon and other delegates who know and are in sympathy with Clemenceau's views and opinions.

Still Satisfactory.

Premier Clemenceau's condition was satisfactory and unchanged at 9 o'clock this morning. The early forenoon apparently witnessed no change with the Premier. The report that came from his chamber at nine o'clock was that his condition was as satisfactory as possible under the circumstances.

DEFAULTER SENT TO PRISON FARM FOR TWO YEARS

CHARLES P. DOHERTY OF KINMOUNT SENTENCED BY MAGISTRATE DUMBLE.

Chas. P. Doherty, a merchant of Kinmount, was this afternoon sentenced by Police Magistrate Dumble to a term of two years less one day at the jail farm at Guelph when he pleaded guilty to having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act.

Doherty was arrested in his store at Kinmount on the afternoon of February 14 by Dominion policemen acting upon information of Inspector H. F. Ward. He appeared in the police court at Peterborough on the following day, and his case was remanded for six days.

This afternoon through his counsel, G. N. Gordon, Doherty pleaded guilty to the charge of having failed to report to the 1st Depot Battalion on March 29 when ordered to do so by the registrar.

Mr. Gordon made an eloquent appeal for clemency on behalf of his client, whose only excuse was that he had been writing to the registrar for an extension of leave at the time the order to report for duty reached him.

His Worship, in passing sentence, stated that he could not accept such an excuse. There were 500,000 Canadians who had gone overseas and fought for their country, many of whom had no doubt more valid reasons for not enlisting than had the defendant.

Russians Agree To Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 21.—The Northern Russian Government, with headquarters at Archangel, has finally consented to a conference of Russian factions with the allied powers and the question of holding this conference will be reopened.

Premier Will Receive Colleagues

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 21.—Premier Clemenceau will receive his colleagues of the Supreme Court at his home this afternoon to discuss certain important matters with them. His doctors consider him out of danger and, therefore, authorized him to receive the Ministers. The physicians believe he can resume his political activities on Monday.

Presidential Race Is In Full Swing

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 21.—The campaign between Ignace Jan Paderewski and General Joseph Pilsudski for the presidency of the new republic of Poland is in full swing. Paderewski, although he is probably more popular with the people than his rival, is not having clear sailing by any means. Pilsudski's strength lies in his popularity with the army.

DENTIST IS TRAPPED.

Furnished Liquor to Detectives in Uniform.

Quebec, Feb. 21—George Gaillett, dentist at Point Gatineau, near Ottawa, was found guilty by a court-martial sitting at Quebec. He will be sentenced some time this week. Gaillett furnished liquor to two men in uniform, who turned out to be detectives of the militia setting traps for bootleggers in Quebec City.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1873.

Member of [illegible] Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 105-109 Hunter Street.

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[illegible] Editor ... 666.
Mr. Hunter's Residence ... 231.

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, [illegible]

THE GRENFELL MISSION.

THERE ARE MANY CALLS made on the charitable these days for help for the stricken allies of the Empire in Europe, the claims of which more directly appeal to them. Dearer home to the hearts of Canadians claim upon us, and in the great appeal [illegible] our own deserving poor must not be forgotten.

Peterborough has year after year generously contributed to the Grenfell Mission in Labrador. Money has been raised by the local papers every winter and turned over to Mrs. James Wood, the indefatigable treasurer, who never wearies in well doing. The appeal for funds has again been made, and the response, it is hoped, will be as prompt and hearty as ever.

The people of Labrador live in an inhospitable climate, and at the best of times the ship to win only a precarious existence. They are seldom more than a few days ahead of actual want. Help, [illegible] hospital and other medical [illegible] in the time of sickness, in fact, all the comforts that are to be found in a modern community. Their [illegible] with [illegible] unbearable.

Dr. Grenfell has devoted his life to the service of the inhabitants of Labrador. He is the model modern missionary, a skilled physician to look after the physical as well as the spiritual welfare of those whose care he assumes. He has proved tried, and found in every way worthy of the confidence the people of this district and in other parts of Canada have reposed in him.

Contributions to the Grenfell Mission may be left at either of the newspaper offices. They will be acknowledged and turned over to Mrs. Wood.

TIME WASTED BY PARLIAMENT.

PARLIAMENT HAS AGAIN taken up its work and the dreary routine of another session has begun. The [illegible] sameness of procedure is to be followed again. The speech from the Throne, outlining the Government's policy for the year, has been delivered.

Why not let it go at that, instead of spending days, and perhaps weeks, in discussing this document, which will be hailed by one side as the epitome of wisdom, the [illegible] hope for temporal salvation, and which will be assailed just as vigorously by the party in opposition. Finally, after a voluminous debate, the expected will happen. The address will be adopted and the Government, thus regarded as stamped with approval, will take up its regular duties.

The debate on the address really gets Parliament nowhere. The only purpose it serves is the rather dubious one of cumbering up the pages of Hansard with the reports of speeches that in many cases sound suspiciously like repetitions. All the matters dealt with in the address will come before the House subsequently for final disposition. Why not treat the address as the American Congress does the President's message, receive it, when read, and take up the different ideas which it contains for consideration as these matters arise in the regular business of the House?

But Parliament is all for precedent, even though valuable time is wasted and the public bored almost past the point of endurance. But the members of the opposing parties must have a preliminary bout, must spar for [illegible], for an opening.

MINISTERS AND LABOR.

THERE ARE, PERHAPS, no two classes in the community further apart than the ministers and the members of the Trades Council in the city. Just why this undesirable condition should exist is not apparent, although the root reason may be that each side fails to understand the aims and the activities of the other. It is [illegible] that many of the wage-earners regard the churches as the tools of the capitalistic classes, and the ministers as the champions of the latter. A more intimate relation between the two elements would go a long way towards dispelling what is really a delusion.

It is no wonder, indeed, that more than one of the local [illegible] should have New Year's visit to the church [illegible] of the Council strip coating hostility to the city [illegible], which most of the Labor chaps. They believed the latter might shame them into doing [illegible] that they would [illegible] the employer and his interests, endangered the rights of the common people. This antipathy has already been challenged. Somewhat to their surprise, the Labor aldermen have found that Aldermen Smith, Hamilton, Phelan, Edgar and the rest of them are all disposed to do the fair thing by everybody and are really working for the general welfare of the city, and not a favored class.

Out of this new [illegible] prevailed among Labor men that the local merchants of the city were giving the public a raw deal. Some of them were even suspected of wearing horns. Labor agitated for representation on the Fuel Commission, and H. H. Campbell, who got the appointment, brought back a report so highly commendatory of the methods of the dealers and the system under which their work was [illegible] that his fellow workers so [illegible] that he had been hypnotized that he resigned his office in high dudgeon. Then Alderman—at that time plain Mr.—Murray was appointed his successor and took up the duties with every expectation of a fight. Closer relations with the dealers resulted in a modification of the alderman's rather harsh previous opinion.

Ministers complain that the workingman as a rule does not go to church, and naturally regard that as a black mark against them. Why the wage-earners stay away from public worship has already been hinted at. A common clerical idea, too, is that the Labor men in [illegible] assembled are hatching up anarchistic and other schemes that threaten the peace of the community. That impression could easily be corrected by a more intimate knowledge of what really takes place at these gatherings. The ministers would probably be surprised to learn that the Labor men are working just as sanely and earnestly for the material benefit of humanity as the clergymen are for man's spiritual advancement.

It is unfortunate that the Trades Council rejected a proposition to have the Ministerial Association send delegates to that body, even if it was necessary to admit them only in an honorary capacity. Such a move would have made for a better understanding between the two classes, each of which have so much to learn concerning the other. Coming as they would to know the members of the ministerial profession at close range, Labor men, now outside the church, would change their ways and attend public services to hear the message of a man who rose in their respect on nearer acquaintance.

But the breach is still wide, a fact that is to be regretted. No two classes have aims quite so much in common after all. No two classes could accomplish more by unity of action.

THE CONTROL OF THE POLICE.

REGULARLY as the Spring equinox comes, the popular agitation for the taking of the control of the police departments from the hands of an independent commission appointed by provincial statute and turning it over to the City Council, putting it thus on the same basis as the fire brigade. This year the Trades Council has taken up the matter, and a communication setting forth the views of the delegates will be sent to the Royal Commission now sitting in Toronto and dealing with such matters, their findings to be laid before the Legislature.

One thing is certain—the people of Peterborough have no just cause to complain of the efficiency of the police force. The city is free from crime and criminals. Citizens are tolerably safe at any hour of the day or night, and the cost of the service is not excessive. Why should a man who is elected to office plume himself on his economy in the use of public money, as compared with the official who is merely appointed? Judge Hayden and Magistrate Dumble, both members of the police board, in the offices which make them eligible for places on the commission, are charged with graver duties than that of looking after the city's guardians, and no one questions either their fitness or integrity as judge or magistrate.

The police force of the city is really a provincial affair, managed by a central body at Toronto. It has been kept out of the field of local politics for the best of reasons and is likely to be so maintained.

It is true that the fire department is controlled to a great extent by the City Council, but the real head is the Provincial Fire Marshal in Toronto, who sees to it that the standard of efficiency is kept up, otherwise the Underwriters' Association will penalize the city in the form of higher insurance rates. But fire departments have been exploited by civic politicians before today, and the members of brigades made the victims, so many stepping stones by which the ambitious climb to higher place. Leave it to a vote of the freemen of Ontario, and beyond question they would prefer to have the management of the different brigades in the hands of an independent commission such as handles the police force. That matter has been discussed year after year at the annual sessions of the Firemen's Association, and the feeling in favor of a change is growing.

The agitation against the School Board as a body whose estimates should be subject to revision by the Council has already been revived. Such an idea is, however, likely to meet with little support from the present Council, the members of which appear to realize that the school trustees are in the same position as themselves, elected by and responsible to the people, and worthy of confidence as themselves in their handling of public money. The School Board is bound to keep the system up to a certain grade. Otherwise the city would forfeit the Government grant to schools. The City Council, however, can hew and hack estimates as they will without fear of any such penalty.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

SHOUT for the returning heroes, but, above all, find them work.

* * * * *

WHY ASSAIL the tariff in party platforms and call for its protection in actual life?

* * * * *

WILL THE NEW farmers' party go the way of the Patrons of Industry of the early nineties?

* * * * *

GEN. LUDENDORFF is writing a book, probably a treatise on how to conduct a strategic retreat.

* * * * *

IT BEGINS TO LOOK like state ownership of politics as well as other utilities primarily designed for the good of the people.

* * * * *

ANYWAY, it is better to have the Germans suffering for bread than Canadian prisoners penned up and starving in that country.

* * * * *

THE CONSTITUTION of the League of Nations is not to long as the platform of some political parties, new or ancient, although of vastly more moment.

* * * * *

WHY CANNOT GERMANY tell the truth for once and admit that the armistice was signed because military and civilians alike realized that the jig was up?

* * * * *

HAMILTON now offers its "mountain" as a landing place for airplanes. Any Hamiltonian resident who sees the hill in dishabille or out at Nassau goes home with his civic pride shattered.

* * * * *

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS may abolish war, provided some members of the City Council and other agitators consent to drop their time-worn methods of stirring up strife in the community.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Sarcastic.

(Buffalo News.)

If this kind of weather continues, the ladies will have to shake the moth balls out of last summer's furs and get them out for early use.

THE SHORT HOUR FALLACY

(Wall Street Journal.)

It will be observed that the labor problem all over the world, and particularly in Great Britain and this country, has taken the form of shorter hours for the worker. In view of the recent demands of labor, it need hardly be said that this means no but reduction in wages, but rather the reverse when measured by output. The British union demands a forty-four hour week but with the present fifty-five hour pay. This demand is typical of conditions at home.

It will not be denied that wages, and particularly unionized wages, during the war have been advanced to the breaking point. Given war freights for shipping and Government war prices, not merely for munitions, in the narrow sense of the term, but for the necessities of life, there wages were possible. Indeed they warranted heavy overtime payments, time and a half and even double time in many cases of munition factories working under stress.

There is no question that the worker's conditions is improved with a reasonable leisure, and it may also be said that he deteriorates mentally and physically with insufficient employment during the week. But at present he is obsessed with the idea of overtime, and it cannot start too soon to suit him. But the overtime is not forthcoming in any important department of employment, while yet indus-tries are simply incapable of running on the old wasteful war basis. They face, in fact, the alternative of reducing the wage bill in some way or another or of going out of business, temporarily at least.

And they must increase the product. Only in this way can the natural and indispensable growth in the nation's wealth be maintained, and if it is not so maintained unemployment, trade depression are the inevitable consequences. It is true that a worker under good sanitary conditions may produce more, of a better quality, in eight hours than in ten. But production is largely through machinery, and when the use of the machine is reduced from eight hours to six, its product is also reduced twenty-five per cent.

Shorter hours to make jobs for more workers would probably bring about industrial collapse faster than anything else. There is no wage fund to meet such a demand except by a radical all-round cut in wages, with a surplus of labor sufficiently large to insure that the worker shall do his utmost to increase production and thereby increase the national wealth, which is the only source of employment. This is a problem which must resolutely be faced, and it should not be asking too much to demand that the incoming Congress shall meet it with courage and intelligence. The business of the country can be depended upon to do its part.

SPIRITS DANCE ABOUT IN A CHICAGO COURT ROOM

But Judge Fails to See Them—Witness Holds Seance But Cannot Impress the Man on the Bench.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Judge Frank R. Graham was dressed in an impressive robe of black. Above his head hovered a wreath of five white roses, and one yellow. About him stood five indeterminate spooks and one whose outlines definitely pronounced her to be an old woman. Among these spirits of the "larger life" he stood resolute and unflinching. Resolute and unflinching he remained while other spooks arrived to take their silent watch, while deeds and conditions arrived to stare him in the face, while spiritual rocks floated in the atmosphere and waves of comfort projected by Mrs. Janette Erion, spiritualist, battled with the rocks.

The scene was in Judge Graham's jury court room. To the ordinary observer it might have seemed perhaps unusually quiet. Otherwise, there was nothing extraordinary in the room but the majestic woman, well proportioned, in a black silk dress, who towered in the witness stand, and poured forth words of fire, which enlivened the atmosphere, and adorned the judge—in her eyes. At times perhaps some one in the audience stirred uneasily, something querulous appeared in the face of a woman who strove to chew her gum with the usually calm rhythm, a young man standing near the window shifted an uneasy foot.

Women Eager Spectators.

Twelve women, among them Mrs. Martha Wurts, 1762 Larrabee street, in whose defence Mrs. Erion demonstrated the realities of spiritualism, were seated in the second row among the spectators. With eager eyes and trembling lips they hung on the description of Mrs. Erion, president of the Arion Spiritualistic Society.

Elaborate preparations were made by Mrs. Erion before she would allow the court "to go into silence."

"I want no antagonism," she declared, "otherwise the conditions are fine."

She closed her eyes and arose from her chair.

"Let everybody stand," she said. The spectators obeyed. Mrs. Erion uttered a prayer. It ended:

"Peace, peace, peace——"

Peace settled upon the court room.

"Close the doors," came the next command.

Bailiffs Close Doors.

Bailiffs hastened to do so.

"Put your heels together."

Some hundreds of heels clicked.

"Women remove their hats—take their hands out of their muffs."

An audible rustling was heard.

"Take off your gloves."

Hands were bared.

"Loosen your wraps and place your hands on your hips."

The audience followed directions with increasing interest.

At this stage of the proceedings Assistant City Prosecutor E. A. Ayres attempted to get out of the line of vision. As he reached the judge's chamber Mrs. Erion saw him.

"I want the prosecuting attorney right before me," she declared. "I like his magnetic personality within my range."

Blushingly the assistant prosecutor returned to his seat.

She Sees "New Trials."

Then Mrs. Erion, with uplifted eyes, besought the deities to enter "the homes that are the minds of the audience and cleanse them spiritually, casting all material thoughts from them."

From that moment on she seemed to cast all thought of the audience out of her mind.

Judge Graham accepted complacently all the roses, roses, spooks and so on with which she then verbally decorated him, but was a trifle disconcerted when Mrs. Erion declared after the literal fashion of the oracle of Delphi: "You have new trials coming——"

Frowning upon the smile, the court dared to show, Mrs. Erion said:

"You will be watched over, as always, by a little old, white-haired lady with a black bonnet. There are conditions confronting you, Judge Graham, that are even now causing you to wonder——"

It seemed as if the judge agreed. Majestically the demonstrator repeated: "Are even now causing you to wonder. But you are strong minded and will not yield to your perplexities——"

Judge Graham squared his shoulders.

Mrs. Wurz was charged with obtaining 50 cents several times from Mrs. Ruth Smith, 118 East Erie St., for giving spirit messages from her husband, who is in overseas service. Mrs. Erion, founder and president of the Spiritualist Arion and Benevolent Society of America, was called as "expert witness" to give a spiritualist demonstration.

Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Tonic. Gives vim and vitality where the nerves are exhausted. Makes new blood and nerve power. Prevents all sexual weakness. Price $1 per box, or two for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed direct on receipt of price. The Wood Chemical Co., Toronto, Ont. Canada Wood

FEMININE LOGIC

FEMININE [illegible]

The young lady across the way says the Spartacans, with all their faults, are a brave people, and she has never forgotten that story about the Spartacan boy who went on eating as if nothing had happened, when a fox was gnawing away at his stomach.

It isn't what a man doesn't know that worries him, but what he knows others know he doesn't know.

WIT AND WISDOM

He Believed in Following Orders.

He was a new but conscientious soldier on duty as sentry, one evening, at one of the national camps. As an officer appeared the "rookie" called "halt!"

The officer obeyed, but the sentry called again: "Halt!"

"See here," said the officer, I halted the first time!"

"Y; but the sergeant told us to say Halt!' three times and then fire."

Needless to say, the officer did not linger.

Changed in Transit.

One of the methods of communicating from one officer to another in the trenches is to give the message of one of the privates and tell him to "pass the word along" the line until it reaches its destination, viz., the officer at the other end. The following story will show how a serious message can be distorted on its journey from mouth to mouth:

Lieutenant A., in charge of one end of the British line, told a private in front to "pass the word along" to Lieutenant B.: "We are going to advance. Can you send us reinforcements?"

When Lieutenant B. received the message it was like this: "We are going to a dance. Can you send us three and four-pence?"

Different.

A colored conscript on his way to the train with a number of other prospective soldiers was greeted by a friend.

"Hello, Mose! Where you goin'?" asked the friend.

"Ah, ain't goin' no place. They're takin' me," answered Mose.

The Middleman Again.

A simple minded lumberjack from Minnesota at the front with our troops wrote a letter asking for $50, and addressed it to "The Good Lord, care of Y.M.C.A., France." His letter was so simple, direct and full of faith that the boys around the Y. M. C. A. camp decided to chip in and send him $25. He acknowledged the money with a heart full of thanks, but added this postscript:

P. S.—Good Lord: In case you send me any more money don't let it come through the Y.M.C.A., as the last time they held out $25.00 on me.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Yestiddy me and Puds Simkins was trying on each others caps, him having a green one with wide red stripes, wich everybody could always tell who was coming a long ways off by it, and I tried it on, Puds saying, G, you look swell, I wished I looked half that swell in it, G.

It comes down away over my eyes, I sed, and Puds sed, Sdre, thats wuss its sippoged to come, its too small for me, G, you sertesy look swell.

And I went in our hall and looked in the hatrack mirror, wich at first I couldent hardly reconize who it was, thinkin, G, I wunder if he will sleep. And I went out again, Puds saying, How did you like it? and me saying, O, fare, it dont look as good as wat mine does on you, tho, mine looks grate on you, if you want to swap Ill do you a favor and swap if you want to.

Wich Puds quick sed he did and we swapped, and after supper pop was in the sitting room smoking and looking satisfied, and I put the cap on and went in and stood behind his chair, saying, Pop do you wunt to see sumthing difrent?

I trust that my mind will always remane young and eager for novel-

Two things are essential if you would read easily—

GOOD LIGHT and GOOD SIGHT

If it's a question of sight our glasses will solve the problem and end the trouble.

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
184 Charlotte St. Peterboro

WHAT PROHIBITION MEANS.

(Philadelphia North American.)

It means a conservation of national wealth which within ten years will equal the colossal costs of the war. By ending a wasteful expenditure of $2,000,000,000 a year it will direct this sum to the satisfying demands for conservation and comforts of life, creating incomparably the greatest [illegible] market any legislation could bring to American industry. It will mobilize the man power of the nation, [illegible] the skill of the workman, giving America a substantial advantage over those countries which continue to carry the alcoholic burden. It will conserve vast stores of foodstuffs and other raw materials, ease the strain upon transportation, and a stupendous waste of fuel, and release scores of thousands of workers for productive employment. It will relieve industry and labor of a heavy load due to inefficiency, costly accidents and lost working time.

These are but suggestions of the economic benefits. In the social aspect the change will immeasurably reduce the evils of vice, crime, illiteracy, insanity, preventable disease and poverty.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

True love is seldom able to express itself in words.

Self-made men would be all right if they didn't talk shop.

The small boy occasionally consumes time by eating dates.

If you can't marry the one you love, try to love the one you marry.

Ignorance may be bliss, but one's knowledge of one's ignorance is what blisters.

[illegible] ties, sed pop. Meening he did, and I sed, Then, turn around. Wich pop did, saying, Well, in the shape of the huns, who does that strectly belong to?

Wats the matter, pop, don't you like it? I sed, and pop said I LOVE love it as the cat loves the bulldog, as the Frenchman loves the kaiser. Meening he dident like it, and I sed, It was Puds Simkinses cap, pop.

Wy the past tense? sed pop, and I sed, Wy, I swapped him for mine.

Holey suffring Hapless, sed pop, well if you dont keep it swapped back agen before bedtime it will be the panefilest swap you ever swapped.

Yes, sir, I sed. And I quick turned around to Puds Simkinses side of the weakest swap book the I ever had, a few marbels and a rubber bandine and a ring, wich maybe Ill win back the marbels, but the rubber bandine and key ring is anybody elses guess.

EMPIRE THEATRE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

ANNA Q. NILSSON, FRANKIE MANN and All-Star Cast in "Her Surrender"

Can Love be Transferred? A Wonderful Romance in 5 Parts

EDDIE POLO in the Greatest Series of All-Time, "THE LORD OF THE CIRCUS." Chap. 7—"The Charge of the Elephant"

ROSCOE ARBUCKLE in "Fatty's Suitless Day" A Fifth-Class Comedy.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 15 CENTS.

THE STRAND,

An Unusually Interesting Program—MISS ELLA [illegible] in a Blushing "A Mother's Secret" Photo-Play

A Snappy Episode of The Bronze Bullet Serial and a Laughable Comedy Entitled "A Gale of Verse"

SHOWING LATEST WAR VIEWS. EVENINGS 7 TO 10.

13 First Run New Reels

ROYAL

Double show For Single Admission 16c

SPECIAL FOR TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON AND EVENING

The concluding chapters of "Tarzan of the Apes," from the book by Edgar Rice Burroughs. Its crashing drama and wild beauty will hold you spell-bound.

The adventures of the white ruler of the tribe of apes who seeks his love and destiny amid a civilization with which he is entirely unfamiliar.

To be shown at the Royal Theatre tomorrow afternoon and evening. Come to the matinee tomorrow afternoon and avoid the rush in the evening.

GREAT RATHE SERIAL IN TWO PARTS

Pearl White in Episode 7

Wm. S. Hart--Great Western Drama

TWO PARTS

HIGH CLASS KEYSTONE COMEDIES—TWO REELS

To-Night's Show One of the Best in Canada

SPECIAL MATINEE FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN TO-MORROW AFTERNOON—16c

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

There are some harmless germs, as the lactic acid bacilli which produce the natural souring of milk. There are germs that fight an honest fight, as typhoid germs which invade the whole system, including the patient's blood. And finally there are germs that can't fight an honest fight, and these generally resort to poisons, just the Germans did.

The germ of tetanus (lockjaw) is such a germ. This bacillus, which is constantly present in the droppings from most domestic and many wild animals, will live for months or years in the soil. If a favorable opportunity presents, as a puncture or stratch or trifling abrasion or bruise of the victim's skin occurring in an accident in the street, garden, barn, the tetanus bacillus finds its way into the injured part. If the tissues have been crushed or torn or otherwise injured sufficiently to undergo local death, the tetanus bacillus can maintain itself. But if there is no dead or dying tissue in the wound, no foreign substance, and no other infection, the lockjaw germ can scarcely survive even after it has gained entrance.

But while the lockjaw germ is a poor fighting germ, it vies with the Germans themselves in producing poison. Indeed, the poison or toxin produced by the germ quickly spreads through the body and sometimes kills the patient after all the lockjaw germs have disappeared.

Another germ much like the Prussians is the bacillus of diphtheria. This germ seldom invades the blood or the general system, but merely gains a footing in the throat or the nose and from that base manufactures and pours into the blood stream its poison, the diphtheria toxin, which is the fatal element of diphtheria, and not the damage done in the throat.

Fortunately, medical science has antidotes for both the lockjaw and diphtheria poisons. In no instance, so far as the records show, has lockjaw developed as a complication of an injury when antitetanic serum has been administered within a few hours after the injury. And within a few hours after the injury. And as for diphtheria, the disease could scarcely prove fatal in any case if promptly recognized and treated with a sufficiently large dose of antidiphtheretic serum (antitoxin). Anything less than 10,000 units in the first dose for an infant or young child is scarcely justifiable; and as a rule the first dose should be two or three times as large—and then one dose will prove curative. Too much cannot be administered, and too little is often given.

Bran Biscuit.

"Once upon a time you gave a recipe for bran biscuit, which my sister tried, and she has been using them ever since with excellent results in her family. I wonder if I have the right recipe—she gave me a copy but somehow mine doesn't turn out well. It is as follows:

1 quart of wheat bran.
1 quart of buttermilk.
1 cup of seeded raisins.
1 cup of molasses.
1 teaspoonful of baking powder.
1 teaspoonful of salt.
½ teaspoonful of soda.

"Mix well, put batter in biscuit tins well greased and bake in a slow oven. If gas oven is used, light the burners after biscuits have been put in.

"Now, please tell me if there is anything wrong with the recipe, or is it that I am a no-account cook?

"MRS. V. C. G."

The recipe is all right except that it betrays a weakness in digenous to the kitchen of Mrs. Newlywed. You have left out one item—the flour. A trifle, of course, but if you will add one quart of white flour perhaps friend husband will cheer up again. Gosh, but the poor fellow has been paying dearly for his rashness! Sister was downright mean, that's all. Serve her some of her own kind when she comes to dine with you.

GIRLS! MOISTEN A CLOTH AND DRAW IT THROUGH HAIR

IT BECOMES BEAUTIFULLY SOFT, WAVY, ABUNDANT AND GLOSSY AT ONCE.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! ALL DANDRUFF GOES AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT.

Surely try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse" if you wish to immediately double the beauty of your hair. Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or any excessive oil—in a few minutes you will be amazed. Your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance.

Besides beautifying the hair, one application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

You can surely have pretty, soft, lustrous hair and lots of it if you will spend a few cents for a bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter and try it as directed.

Save your hair! Keep it looking charming and beautiful. You will say this was the best money you ever spent.

LIFE SAVING SCOUTS

Successful Tea Held Last Night for Their Benefit.

A very enjoyable evening was spent when the Life Saving Scouts of the Salvation Army met in the basement to hold a tea for the benefit of the troop. About 150 were present. After a few games were played ice cream and biscuits were served. A splendid supper was provided for the scouts and visitors. The evening was brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem, and then the happy gathering returned home.

The cemeteries of some towns hold out the only inducements worthy of mention to permanent residents.

NEW LABOR PARTY WILL NOT TREAT WITH GRITS OR TORIES

President MacArthur Says It Will Be Independent in Spirit as Well as in Name and No Old Time Candidates Will Be Endorsed.

Mr. Peter MacArthur, President of the local branch of the Independent Labor Party, made it clear at an open meeting of that organization last night in the Labor Temple, that *the party has not been organized to* advance the political fortunes of any member of the old parties and that it will decline all offers to link up with either of the old political organizations. In spirit as well as in name the working men's party will be independent.

There was a good attendance at the meeting last night and twenty or more at the close of the meeting signed the roll as members. The speakers were J. McMurray, Jos. Begley and T. Toome, the secretary of the organization. The tenor of all the speeches was that nothing could be expected from the old parties and that a man elected on a regular ticket had no influence in securing labor legislation even if sympathetic for the cause of the workingmen. Mr. Begley read to the audience the following summary of what has been accomplished by the Labor Government at Queensland.

Do you know that in one of the countries of the British Empire a real Labor Government has been in office since 1915?

Do you know what that Government has done? It has:

Reduced prices, which rose 100 per cent. under Liberal Government in 1914-1915, almost to the pre-war level.

Nationalized the sugar industry and reduced sugar prices by 50 per cent. Set up state butchers' shops and reduced meat prices by over 50 per cent.

Started State Fisheries, broken the ring of fish dealers and reduced fish prices by 66 per cent.

Nationalized the timber industry, reduced prices and worked the industry at a profit to the people.

Set up a State Legal Department affording legal advice to the workers at nominal fees.

Developed State Banking and thus provided cheap credit and enabled houses to be built and let at low rents.

Opened up State coal mines, iron mines, iron and steel works, oil wells, etc., reduced prices and made a profit for the people.

Socialized the hospitals and driven out the curse of charity and pauperism.

Established widows' pensions for all widows and orphans, and carried out the endowment of mothers.

Executed public works by direct labor, thus eliminating the contractor and greatly reducing the cost.

Set aside land for returning soldiers and given them training on State farms at good rates of pay.

Made generous provision for disabled soldiers.

Resumed the ownership and use of much land which had been allowed to pass into the hands of profiteering combines, and worked the land for the benefit of the people.

Greatly increased the pay of all State employes, thereby causing a general rise in wages.

Been abused and reviled by the capitalists and interests.

Been triumphantly returned to power at a second general election by a more than two to one majority.

At the next open meeting of the party two weeks hence the subject of a minimum wage of $5 a day will be discussed.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

National Anthem Sung In Chicago

WHAT IS TRUE IN THAT CITY ALSO APPLIES IN CANADA.

(Daisy Braun in Chicago News.)

"The Star Spangled Banner" sung in a vaudeville show is just about as appropriate as the rendition of the doxology would be. The "patriotic" manager desires to put his audience in a sufficiently reverential attitude to appreciate his very irreverent offering to follow. Very likely, it will be a pair of comedians, so called, who will blaspheme womanhood, wifehood, motherhood and a few other ideals. What they leave untouched, some songstress of uncertain years (about whose lack of vocalization there is no uncertainty, however) will include in a risque, ribald ditty.

During the height of the agony of the war a man in a cafe attracted unpleasant attention by refusing to stand when the anthem was played. To the irate "patriotic" manager the man explained that he had been taught to revere the stars and stripes, but failed to find an occasion here. The chorus of strident music hall voices shouting "Oh say," with our country's emblem serving as a very inadequate covering for their nudity, did not impress him as in keeping with its sanctity.

A recent writer made a collection of the poetry of the civil war and this war and defined the main difference, that in the recent output the word patriot was conspicuously absent; in fact, that the word had been misused to such an extent that few cared to assume the title; what fell to their share men did, but prated not thereof.

Few of us have failed to appreciate the grandeur of it all With bared heads and listening eyes we have sung "The Star Spangled Banner" as a benediction to our boys going to the front. Just as jubilantly and triumphantly we wave the bonny flag to our heroes returning home. That is the anthem's proper place, not with mouths full of food or between vaudeville acts.

The intense strain preceding the armistice is past. Yet we are still alert. Eagerly straining our eyes, we gaze across the sea. Intently, passionately we are following every move of the man into whose care has been confided the supreme task of guiding our future as well as of keeping sacred the pledge of absolute disinterestedness with which this nation entered the war.

CARNIVAL AT MARK ST. RINK

LIST OF THOSE WHO WON PRIZES IN VARIOUS CLASSES.

The carnival held at Mark street rink last evening proved to be another success. There was a large attendance of contestants in the carnival and those who were there as skaters only.

The boys' races were well contested but the girls could not be induced to enter so there were no prizes given for the girl's race. The other prizes were awarded as follows:

Best Dressed Lady (representing Canada)—Mrs. A. J. Bobrell.

Fancy Dressed Lady—Miss Freeburn.

Best Clown—Miss L. Myers.

Best Dressed Girl—Edith Jenkins.

Best Dressed Boy—Donald Miller.

Boys' Race—Leo O'Connell.

Girls Race—1st, Harry Nellis; 2nd, Jimmy McMartin.

The judges were Mr. Henry, Mr. Throop and Mr. Heryl.

VETERAN OF TWO WARS

Pte. McCullough Writes to a Friend in This City

Mr. Frank Rome, of 475 Sherbrooke street, has received a letter from Pte. George A. McCullough, who went overseas with the 93rd battalion and who has served in France with the Signal Corps, in the Transport branch and later with the artillery. Pte. McCullough is a veteran of the South African War and has come through all his soldiering career without injury.

With the letter Pte. McCullough sent a picture of a street scene in Bonn, Germany, showing a company of artillery of the allies, with Pte. McCullough among them, passing through the city.

Pte. McCullough is by this time probably on the ocean on his way home.

Red Hill, the historic home of Patrick Henry, in Halifax county, Virginia, has been destroyed by fire.

Don't Be Misled

Nearly all Teas "Look" alike to the consumer but there is a vast difference in looks, and tastes, and this is fully understood and recognized by Tea Experts, who base their market values alone upon the drawing qualities.

"SALADA"

Teas are full of rich drawing deliciousness being therefore very economical in use, as while not only pleasing to the tastes of all, they go farther in infusion.

This is being demonstrated in millions of Tea-Pots daily.

HOW THE FARMERS HAVE BEEN ORGANIZED IN THIS DISTRICT

East Peterborough Has One of the Strongest Branches of the U. F. O. in Ontario—Buying Supplies Direct.

The success of the farmers' candidate in Manatoulin, North Huron, and North Ontario and has drawn public attention to the rapidly increasing strength of the organized farmers in Ontario. This has led to questions being asked as to whether or not the farmers are as well organized in other constituencies, including those in Peterboro County, as they have been found to be through the results of the elections in these two ridings. One of the surprising features of the movement is the quiet way in which it has been spreading. For instance, during the past year some half dozen or more clubs have been formed in East Peterboro alone, where there are now hundreds of farmers who belong to the movement. There are clubs now at Warsaw, Douro, Lakefield, Indian River, Sixth Line of Ontonabee, Mather's Corners, South Dummer and a big club which is holding regular meetings in the city of Peterborough, and of which Mr. R. B. Roger is the president.

This club is organizing the farmers in all the sections around the city and promises soon to be the strongest club in the county. Recently a county organization was formed with Mr. E. N. Macdonald, of Warsaw, president, and Mr. Wallace Anderson, of Warsaw, vice-president. These clubs are buying thousands of dollars worth of supplies through the United Farmers' Co-operative Company, Limited, in Toronto, in which some of them hold stock, both as clubs and as individuals.

The East Peterboro farmers have been keenly interested in the election in North Ontario, where, because the issue was largely one between a farmer and a merchant, their sympathies naturally went out to the farmers' candidate and all the more so because there are only fifteen farmers in a Legislature of one hundred and twelve members.

The East Peterboro clubs have shipped about $100,000 worth of live-stock co-operatively during the past few months, to their own dealer in the Toronto Stock Yards.

GOING FULL BLAST

Midwinter Reductions

AFTER STOCK-TAKING AT

WALK-EASY

February will be a month of Footwear Bargains at Walk-Easy, to clear away after Stock-taking.

Hundreds of pairs of Boots, Shoes, Pumps, Oxfords and Rubbers have been laid out in Bargain Lots all over the store.

Everybody interested—Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children.

Every dollars worth of stock that can be cleared away will be offered this month at prices that will force attention and attract buyers.

Styles and Leathers are in the popular lines for this season's trade.

125 Pairs Women's High or Low Heel Stylish Shoes, in fine quality. Reduced to $3.98

65 Pairs Women's Smart Black and Brown, popular styles, Neolin or leather soles. Reduced to $5.95

85 Pairs Men's Black and Brown Fine Quality Shoes, calfskin, with leather and Neolin soles. Reduced to $4.95

200 Pairs of Boys' Boots, in black and brown models, calfskin; sizes 1 to 5; leather or Neolin soles. Reduced to ..... $3.00 & $4.00

150 Pairs Misses' Black and Brown Calf Shoes, leather or Neolin soles ..... $2.75 & $3.75
Reduced to .....

40 Pairs Children's Boots, Sizes 8 to 7 ..... 98c
Reduced to .....

300 PAIRS OF RUBBERS TO BE SACRIFICED

Men's Rubbers— 98c
Reduced to .....

Women's Rubbers— 79c
Reduced to .....

Boys' and Misses' Rubbers equally reduced.

Do not come for just what you see advertised. Anything and everything in the store can be bought now in Bargain Lots at Bargain Prices.

Walk-Easy Shoe Store

333 GEORGE STREET

Your Nearest Shoe Store to the Market

Shaving Brushes, Regular 50c, 75c and $1.00 Saturday each 39c
At the Toilet Goods Counter

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

Mennen's Talcum Powder, best quality, large tins, Saturday, per tin 19c
At the Toilet Goods Counter

Time's Up Saturday

SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAY OF OUR GREAT SEVEN DAY SPRING COTTON SALE. IT HAS BEEN AN UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS RIGH TFROM THE START AND YOU SHOULD NOT MISS THE MANY SAVING CHANCES IT AFFORDS.

BED SPREADS $2.39
White Cotton Bed Spreads, soft finish, free from dressing, full double bed size. Saturday ..... Each **$2.39**

BATH TOWELLING 12½c
White Bath Towelling, heavy strong weave, 14 inches wide. Saturday, per yard **12½c**

COTTON 31c
A very fine Longcloth, "Gold Seal" brand; cambric finish, no dressing; 36 inches wide. At ..... Per yard **31c**
bargain prices.

BLEACHED SHEETING 45c
8/4 and 9/4 Bleached Sheeting; plain cloth; round, even thread. Worth today more than this wholesale At, per yard **45c**

Galatea and Shirtings, fast colors, in light and dark shades; neat designs. At, per yard **29c**

BOXED NAINSOOK
A very fine Nainsook, folded double and put up in lengths of 10 yards in a box. A very superior quality, linen finish.
At per yard 50c
By the box $4.50

MADAPOLAN 45c
Fine quality Madapolan, cambric finish. A beautiful soft cotton for every use. At, per yard **45c**

NAINSOOK 27c
This Nainsook has soft linen finish, 30 inches wide; just the right weight and texture for fine underwear. A cloth that we could not buy to-day to sell at less than 40c per yard. Saturday, per yard **27c**

COTTON 14c
36-inch Lonsdale Cambric, pure cloth, free from dressing; nice, even thread. Buy all you need for months ahead when you can get it at ... Per yard **14c**

COTTON 21c
A fine Longcloth, made from pure cotton, soft linen finish free from dressing. Particularly adapted for underwear. At, per yard ... **21c**

There is a Refreshing Spring Time Air About These New Arrivals

Advance Styles for early Spring are making their appearance in all Departments of the Big Store. Among this weeks arrivals are Coats, Suits and Skirts, that are reproductions of the latest New York Models. Of most of these, there is but one garment of any particular style, and if you are interested in "What's What" for Spring, a visit to the Store on Saturday, especially to the Dress Goods and Ready-to-Wear Departments, will prove of interest.

A stylish Coat made of spring weight all wool velour, novelty panel effect back with belt drawn through fancy buckle, and finished with two large pearl buttons; large folding collar; half lined with silk; slit pockets. In sand shade only ..... At **$38.50**

A smart Misses Coat is of all wool Delhi, lined to waist with fancy Paisley; back has four narrow box pleats, strap effect with all round belt; large collar with overlaid Faille Silk top; turned back cuffs; novelty three tier patch pockets; trimmed with large black bone buttons. In Pekin only ..... At **$32.50**

A chic Misses Coat of English covert cloth; full shirred back with all round belt; trimmed side fronts with rows of eight pearl buttons and silk stitching; large collar and pointed tailored cuff; also trimmed with buttons. At **$25.00**

A new Dolman, made of finest quality gabardine, in reindeer shade; lined throughout with fancy Paisley silk; back has panel effect, finished at yoke with three large pearl buttons and buttonholes; large double collar and turned up cuffs; belt across the front; fancy side pockets also trimmed with pearl buttons. This is priced at **$65.00**

A new model Coat is of wool gabardine and has cape back, very full and trimmed with rows of silk twist stitching to match; large collar overlaid with Faille silk collar of lighter shade; half lined with fancy Paisley satin; fancy large patch pockets; elaborately trimmed with pearl buttons. In taupe only, at **$44.00**

A new Spring Coat of wool Donegal Tweed, 45 inches in length, is cut with full, generous sweep; has all round belt and large double collar; deep turned back cuffs; pointed patch pockets; trimmed with bone buttons to match. At **$21.75**

Last Chance for Cereal Cookers at 69c

This is the last lot of Cereal Cookers we can get to sell at this price. The only reason for the low price is that the factory made a mistake. These sell usually at $1.00 to $1.25. Three-quart size, good quality granite; inside holds one quart. Just 48 for Saturday selling at the low price of ..... Each **69c**

New Silk Dress Models

In fancy plaids and stripes, Separate Skirts, in satin messaline, or taffetas. These are shirred at the waist, with two fancy tabbed pockets trimmed with buttons; deep gathered or cuff belts fastened at side. Only one of a kind, in pretty color combinations of taupe and Copenhagen, black and white, victory blue and black, silver grey and Burgundy. At ..... Each **$14.50**

Spring Fabrics at the Dress Goods Counter

Many new weaves and fabrics suitable for Suits or Dresses have been opened up the past week and will be on view Saturday.

Tweeds of style, in heatrch mixture and invisible plaids, 54 inches wide. Quite the correct thing for Spring at ..... Per yard ..... **$5.00 & $5.50**

The ever popular Gabardine will be much in evidence this season. We are showing several good qualities in this material in shades of grey, reindeer, green, brown, navy, and black, at ..... Per yard ..... **$3.00 to $7.50**

For Coats, Covert Cloth promises to be much in evidence, and you can see splendid qualities in reindeer and fawn at ..... Per yard ..... **$3.50 to $7.50**

Serges lose none of their popularity and are shown in a wonderful range of qualities, in widths from 4 4to 54 inches. These can be had in navy, black, and all the season's best colorings, at ..... Per yard ..... **$2.00 to $7.50**

Broadcloths also are much shown this season, and come in brown, green, navy, taupe, reindeer, Burgundy, purple, black; 48 to 54 inches wide. At, per yard ..... **$4.00 to $6.00**

Trickitines will also be much used. These we show in shades of grey, brown, navy, Belgian blue, at, per yard **$3.00**

Ottoman Cords and silk and wool mixtures in Poplins, Faille and Crepe weaves, will be popular for light weight costumes. These can be had in Burgundy, green, brown, grey, navy and all leading shades. At Per yard ..... **$1.50 to $4.00**

At the Underwear Counter Saturday

EXTRA VALUES THAT ARE WORTH COMING FOR.

Ladies' light weight Cotton Vests, in grey, with high neck and long sleeves, or cream with low neck and short sleeves, at, each **69c**

Odd lines in Ladies' Winter Underwear, in natural or cream colors, with either long or elbow sleeves. At, Per garment **$1.00**

Small sizes in Children's Winter Vests and Drawers in cotton and wool mixtures. At per garment ... **49c**

Two Corset Extras

Two lines we wish to clear at once. Both good, and both go on Saturday

EXTRA NO. 1, $1.39

This model is suitable for the full figure; has wide spoon steels, high bust. Made from heavy coutil. At, per pair **$1.39**

EXTRA NO. 2, $1.98

This corset is made of strong coutil; medium bust, long skirt. A neat-fitting corset, and excellent value at, per pair **$1.98**

Down in the Economy Basement You Will Find Much to Interest you ON SATURDAY

Many new arrivals have been opened up the past week.

CUT GLASS

Sherbet Glass, cut in three patterns, star, vintage, and rose. Tall and low stem. At, per dozen ..... $5.00 to $7.00

Goblets, cut in the star pattern only; beautiful quality of glass, at ..... Per dozen **$7.00**

Baby Plates, heavy quality china .. Each **75c**

Famous Clean Sweep Brooms, easier to use, make less dust, and are easier on the carpet or floor than the old style broom. At, each **85c**

Stove Brushes, complet with daubers. Each **15c**

Tin Pails, 10 and 14 qt. size. At ..... **39c & 48c**

Garbage Pails, heavy galvanized iron (hot galvanized), complet with lid, at ..... $1.98, $1.75 & **$1.45**

Food Choppers, "De Luxe" and "New Standard" makes. A large assortment of these useful kitchen utensils just received this week direct from the American factory. These styles open at the top and are easily kept clean; nothing about them to get out of order. All sizes, at **$1.25 to $3.00**

AT THE HOSIERY COUNTER

Come to the Hosiery Counter on Saturday for these

Boys' Heavy Wool Hose—Extra quality and extra value. Sizes 8½, 9 and 9½. At, per pair **$1.00**

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose—All wool, seamless feet. Saturday ... Per pair **$1.00**

Sample Hose—In fine lisle, black and white. A few pairs with balbriggan feet. Saturday, per pair **39c**

Ladies' Cashmerette and Lisle Hose—In dark brown, grey and black ..... At per pair, Saturday **59c**

Children's Heavy Ribbed Cotton Hose—Sizes from 6 to 10 .. Saturday, per pair **50c**

SHAVING SPECIALS
Mennen's Shaving Cream 39c
Colgate's Shaving Soap 8c
Colgate's Rapid Shaving Powder 2 c
At the Toilet Goods Counter

J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited
PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

CITY COUNCIL WILL NOW GET BUSY ON THE NEW HIGH-LEVEL BRIDGE

Delay Occasioned by Sickness of Chairman of Special Bridge Committee—City Fathers Express Intention to the Let Contract at an Early Date.

Ald. McIntyre arraigned Council last night, not excepting himself, for unwarrantable relay in making a start on the new high-level bridge. The chairman of the Bridge Committee, he said, should be here and engage in this matter. If more money is needed, then let us know it, and have a bylaw to that effect prepared and sent to the people.

The Mayor: "Ald. Phelan, chairman of the Bridge Committee, is sick. But I understand he can call a meeting of his committee for Monday or Tuesday of next week and report to Council the following Monday, when definite action can be taken."

Ald. Edgar: "If the chairman of the Bridge Committee cannot attend to his duties some one else should be intrusted with them."

Ald. Gainey remarked that he is every day, besieged with inquiries as to when work on the bridge is to be started.

Mayor Pledges Himself

His Worship promised that should Ald. Phelan not be able to give this matter immediate attention he himself would call a meeting of the committee in a day or two.

Ald. Murray sympathized with anyone sick, but contended that a sick man should not be permitted to hold up Peterborough. Hundreds of men, he said, are anxious for work, and Council should get busy in regard to the bridge.

Uncalled For.

Ald. Edgar and Garside moved that if Ald. Phelan is unable to call a meeting of the Bridge Committee the next two or three days, then the Mayor call one for not later than Monday, and if necessary, add another member to the committee.

Ald. Hamilton thought this resolution uncalled for, and asked the mover to withdraw it as His Worship had pledged himself to give his attention to the matter.

Ald. Morrison warmly concurred in this view.

The motion was put to a vote, Ald. Edgar declining to withdraw it.

The motion was lost, and the question left in the Mayor's hands.

PUT VETERAN ON PENSION BOARD

MAJOR CORESTINE HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO FILL VACANCY.

In the appointment of Major Stanley B. Corstine to fill the vacancy on the Board of Pensions Commissioners created by the resignation of Major T. L. Todd, the Government is to be congratulated on the wisdom of its choice. The Board of Pensions Commissioners is also fortunate in thus being able to add to its number one so eminently qualified to fill the vacant post.

Major Corinstine has occupied the position of Secretary to the Board since May, 1917, and in addition to the practical experience in the handling of pension problems, which he has thus gained, he has also a military record which places him high in the estimation of returned men who know him. He is a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston, and also attended McGill University.

Prior to going overseas, he held a commission in the 5th Royal Highlanders, Montreal, and volunteered for active service in September, 1914 Upon permission being granted to organize the 42nd Battalion, R.H.C., he was appointed Adjutant, which position he held through the period of organization. Before the battalion left for overseas he requested to be and was appointed to command a company.

Major Coristine proceeded with his battalion to France in October, 1915, remaining with it until June, 1916, when during the heavy fighting at Ypres, in the engagement popularly known amongst members of the C.E.F., as the "June Show," he was seriously wounded. After two months in hospital, he was returned to Canada and discharged in April, 1917, as being permanently unfit for further service at the front.

During his tenure of office as secretary Major Coristine has shown himself to be thoroughly capable of dealing with pension problems, and his practical qualifications he has thus acquired will prove invaluable to him in the discharge of his duties as a Pension Commissioner.

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

Take a Tablespoonful of Salts If Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lead and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

2-Platoon System For Peterborough

AND INCREASED SALARIES IN FIRE CHIER AND ENGINEER.

Ald. Morrison last night recommended to the city council in his Fire Water and Light report that the 2 platoon system in the fire hall and a consequent addition of four men be adopted and also that Fire Chief Grange's salary be increased $100 a year and that of the engineer $50 per annum.

Masonic Influence.

Ald. Murray objected to the proposed increases on the ground that both the chief and the engineer are being well paid and that conditions do not warrant any increases in salaries this year.

In the course of his opposition Ald. Murray insinuated that Masonic influence was responsible for the proposed increase in salaries.

This brought Ald. Morrison to his feet on a point of order. He took strong objection to Ald Murray's insinuations, and was sustained by His Worship.

Ald Garside thought the risks firemen took entitled them to the best possible consideration. He found no fault with the report at all.

The report was adopted and a bylaw confirming it subsequently adopted.

Fuel Commission Made Good Record

The Fuel commissioners retire from office, their service no longer being required by the public, with an excellent record for efficiency. There was considerable difficulty in securing citizens to accept appointment on the Board, not because such appointment was purely honory, but for the reason that the work was beset with all sorts of difficulties and the authority of the commission was not clearly defined.

Finally that undaunted trio, Joseph Wearing, Walter Stocker and Ald. Murray, consented to act. They found the situation serious. Over two thousand families in the city were without fuel of any kind and relief was extended them. There has been no such famine this winter as was feared early in the season and the last danger of anything of its kind has passed. The commission and the dealers acted in perfect harmony and the best was made of a situation that looked ominous last fall.

SCALE OF INCOME TAX

Contrary to the belief of many citizens of this city there have been no changes made in the income tax assessment. The present system is the same rules, although it is quite probable as was in effect last year. Non-house that a number of amendments will holders drawing salaries up to $600 be passed at this session of parlia- are exempt, all incomes over $600 being taxable. Householders are exempt up to 1,500, all over that amount being taxable. The rate of taxation is the same on the assessment as on real estate. In other words a householder drawing a salary of $1,800 with the city tax-rate 30 mills, would pay income tax of $9.

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

10c ROLLS WAVERLEY TOILET PAPER 4 Rolls 25c

A new brand of Toilet Paper—The Waverley—a fine crepe tissue toilet paper. Large sized rolls, made to sell at 10c. Buy your future supplies on Saturday at the Snap price ..... 4 Rolls **25c**

New Gloves—A Special $1.25 Value, On Saturday For 98c

Our entire new Spring shipment of eighty-five dozens (over one thousand) best quality Chamois-cloth Gloves on sale Saturday. Every pair guaranteed. An exceptional range of colors, including white, mastic, pearl grey, fawn, grey, black, and chamois. Your choice of plain backs or contrast points. Complete range of sizes in each color. A special glove at the regular price, $1.25. Worth buying in three pair lots Saturday at this sensationally low Snap price, pair **98c**

(Street Floor, First Circle.)

8c PACKAGES ENVELOPES 4 for 25c

Good quality French fabric Envelopes, which we sell every day at 8c a package. Fortunately we were able to buy an extra large quantity at a clearing price. Hence this very low Snap price for Saturday. Don't miss it ..... 4 Packages **25c**

GINGHAMS—New Plaid Ginghams, in the latest and prettiest spring-time patterns. They come in a very fine grade of cotton and sell regularly at 55c a yard. Wonderful values at the Saturday Snap price, yard **49c**

COMFORTERS—A few old Comforters to clear. Covered with splendid quality silko line; both in light and dark colors. Size 66 x 72 inches. Regular $3.60 and $3.95 values. To clear on Saturday at Each **$2.49**

SHEETING—Good quality bleached Sheeting, that is full 70 inches wide. Splendid buying to-day at he regular price, 65c yard, Saturday Snap, yard **49c**

PILLOW CASES—Heavy quality, hemstitched Pillow Cases, English manufacture; widths 40, 42 and 44 inches. Regular 50c value. Saturday Snap, each **49c**

BED SPREADS—A special clearance of shop soiled Spreads, both single and double bed sizes. For a rush clear-away Saturday at substantial reductions.

Showing the First Coats of Sping, In Our Ready-to-Wear Department. And interesting Snaps, Values On Other Lines

THE NEW SPRING COATS

Ladies' Coats for Spring, 1919, are charming in their rich fabric weaves. We have been unpacking our new coats for some days, and now have a comprehensive assortment for Milady's selection. These coats make individuality a special feature. Beautiful materials coupled with handsome new Spring-time colorings made them the most distinctive coats, we believe, you have ever seen. We invite your inspection on our second floor.

SILK BLOUSES $2.98

Of fine quality Japanese silk, in colors of flesh, white and maize. There are two styles for your choosings, one with a convertible collar and the other a low collar. Saturday Snap price **$2.98**

SILK POPLIN DRESSES $17.50

They have an extremely good appearance, in plain modish styles. For wearing qualities they are superb. An attractive assortment of pretty shades. Priced specially for Saturday at **$17.50**

SERGE SKIRTS $11.00

New Spring models, well made and well tailored of good quality serge. Colors navy blue and black. Trims, smartly placed, of silk braid and buttons. Excellent value at **$11.00**

UNDERSKIRTS $2.98

Petticoats that are specially popular for their splendid wearing qualities. Nicely made of black heatherbloom with colored floral designs in the flounce. Saturday Snap **$2.98**

35c BLACK CASHMERETTE HOSE 2 Pairs 55c

Full weight, fast color, black Cashmerete Hose. Seamless, with triple heels and toes. All sizes, 8½ to 10. This season's 35c value. Buy them Saturday at the Snap price ..... 2 Pairs **55c**

Smart New Oxfords, To Lend Grace To any Costume

Oxfords for the street, with spats, Oxfords for the house, in fact Dame Fashion declares that Oxfords are correct to wear at almost any time. We have now a brand new stock of Oxfords in the very latest styles and shapes. There are plain, soft kid Oxfords with long, narrow vamps and Louis heels, priced at $5.50. Another model comes in patent leather, of lovely soft quality, and in similar shape, priced at $6.00. Then there is a low-heeled Oxford of good quality kid that is priced at $4.50. See them in the Shoe Department, Second Floor.

SPRING MODEL CORSETS 98c

A ridiculously low price for these new model Corsets, Saturday. An opportunity you cannot afford to miss. They are medium low bust, well boned and well made; have attached hose supporters. A good range in all sizes for this rush sale. Saturday Snap price, pair **98c**

25c Tubes of Mennen's Tooth Paste 17c

Five good reasons for using this ideal Dental Cream that is used all the world over:
Highly Antiseptic—therefore it prevents decay.
Thorough Cleanser—after using, it leaves the teeth white.
Free from Grit—guaranteeing no danger of abrasion of the teeth.
Agreeably Flavored—and it leaves a refreshing taste in the mouth.
An Economical Paste—if you buy it at Cressman's and at the Saturday Snap price, including war tax **17c**

The CRESSMAN Emp. Limited

MR. BURNHAM'S HELP IN GETTING GRANT FROM GOV'T. APPRECIATED

City Council Tender Him Hearty Vote of Thanks For His Activities in Connection With the $50,000 Appropriation Toward New High-Level Bridge—Routine Business.

The City Fathers met in special session last night, when there were present Mayor Duncan, Aldermen Gainey, Morrison, Murray, Garside, J. J. Turner, Hamilton, Edgar and A. A. McIntyre.

Thanks to Mr. Burnham

Council unanimously passed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Burnham, M. P., for his valued assistance in securing from the Government a grant of $50,000 for the new Hunter street bridge.

His Worship said that Mr. Burnham was in a large measure instrumental in having the matter switched from the Department of Public Works to that of Railways and Canals, and thus negotiating with a department from which an appropriation for this bridge could be consistently anticipated.

Repairs for Fire Engine

Fire Chief Grange reported that repairs are needed to the steam fire engine and that these repairs may run into $600—this was received for the time being.

Commissior. Released

Council agreed to a request from the Board of Fuel Commissioners that they be released from their duties and passed a motion to this effect.

Railway Turn-Table

R. W. Scott, Superintendent of the C. P. R. wrote that it is the company's intention to construct a turn-table in Peterborough and to do this it will be necessary to close Water street at the southerly limit of Dalhousie street. This matter was sent to the Railway Committee.

Good Roads

E. G. Patterson wrote, stating that as the Provincial Legislature is appropriating $25,000,000 for good roads he regretted that Peterborough is the only County in Ontario which is not taking advantage of this expenditure. Mr. Patterson suggested that the City Council meet the County Council with a view to agreeing to adopt the good roads policy and securing the Governments' proffered assistance where such desirable work is undertaken by any corporation.

This question was referred to the Board of Works.

Tender for Bridge

John O'Toole, of Ottawa, in view of recent modification in the plans for the Hunter Street bridge tendered to construct this work for $318,652. This went to the Board of Works.

Regulating the Market

A bylaw prohibiting tricksters from using the market hall or entrance thereto passed its several readings.

Garbage Collection

A bylaw fixing the rate for garbage collection and disposal at 9-10 of a mill passed its requisite readings.

Phone Increase

Ald Turner was named to represent the city in Ottawa today at the meeting of the Board of Railway Commissioners to hear appeals from municipalities against the Bell Telephone Co.'s increase in rates.

Ald Turner left on the midnight train last night.

New Fire Team

On motion of Ald Gainey the chairman of the Fire, Water and Light Committee and His Worship were authorized to dispose of another team of horses belonging to the fire department, and to purchase a new team.

ANGLICANS PLAN PROGRAM FOR RECONSTRUCTION WORK

Raising of Funds For All Departments of Church Effort Reduced to a System—Plan Explained in Detail.

Beginning on Sunday last, the various Anglican churches of Peterborough have been making a special effort to place their finances on a better footing. It is felt strongly by the authorities that if the church is going to take its proper place in the great work of reconstruction, no time must be lost in putting things in order. Two phases of the work are receiving special emphasis, more information regarding the exact character of the work being carried on, and the absolute need of more adequate and more general financial support, if the work is to be prosecuted vigorously.

The various departments, such as missions, religious education, social service, and the proper care of retired clergy or their dependents, are being placed before the members of the church, not as isolated efforts but as related activities that are separated merely for purposes of administration. The total amount of money required for all these has been placed before the church throughout the entire diocese and has been divided among the various parishes on as equitable basis as could be devised mathematically. Each parish in turn is asked to add to the sum thus allotted to it the amount required for its local needs, and the result is its budget for all purposes for the year.

In order to secure the co-operation of all its members and to afford them a systematic method of assisting in the work, they are being called upon by committees of men and urged to contribute a definite amount each week through what is known as the duplex envelope, one end of which is for local purposes and the other for all outside purposes.

The addresses on Saturday last, the conferences with clergy and laymen in each of the individual parishes, the service of intercession on Monday, the addresses on the coming Sunday, and the mens' supper in St. John's school house on Monday evening next, are all parts of one program having for its objective the securing not merely of dollars and cents, but of more intelligent, more adequate and more systematic interest in and support of the whole program of the church's activities.

In the city of Toronto some thirty parishes are at the present time joining in a similar effort with striking success in several instances.

While the statement was frequently made during the course of the war that the church had failed, it needs to be kept in mind that the church on earth is a body of men and women, and that any failure that was revealed was on the part of men and women and not of the great truths that the church is intended to teach. It is well to remember, also, that no peace can be permanent that is based merely on mechanical devices. Peace to be permanent must depend upon character, and it is the work of the church to teach those great principles of purity, uprightness and unselfish service for humanity that alone can provide the necessary foundation for such character.

The Anglican Church is trying to make a definite contribution to this great objective, to prove worthy of its sons who gave their lives so freely in defence of these principles, and to assist those who have been spared in building up a Canada worthy of their sacrifice.

Sunday Meals In City Restaurants

RESTRICTIONS REMOVED BY CITY COUNCIL—NEW MEASURE NOW IN FORCE.

At the Council meeting last evening Ald. J. J. Turner, chairman of the Legal Committee reported and recommended that the bylaw restricting Sunday hours for restaurants be repealed. This report was unanimously adopted.

Ald. Edgar here explained that while, last year, he supported the resolution restricting the hours of restaurants on Sundays, his main objection was to the ice cream parlors operating on the Sabbath day. And unfortunately the present legislation does not discriminate between restaurants and purely ice cream and confectionery parlors. Hence the same license covers both places of business.

In the foregoing connection Ald. Edgar and Hamilton moved that the Premier of Ontario take steps to secure an amendment to the aforesaid Victuallers' Act which will permit of restaurants and ice cream and confectionery parlors being operated under separate and distinct licenses, so as to give Council more control over Sunday selling of ice cream, confections, etc., without restricting the hours of restaurants. Also that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M.P.P., and to at once.

the main towns and cities of Ontario asking such Muncipal Councils to adopt a similar resolution, and forward same to the Premier.

The resolution passed unanimously, and a by-law repealing that restricting Sunday hours of restaurants was subsequently adopted.

This news measure, which places restaurants on their old footing of a year or more ago comes into effect

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DON'T CUT YOUR FRIENDS

You may have distant relatives, but it is mortifying to find that you have been distant to your friends on the street because you could not recognize them on account of poor eyesight. Keep up your efficiency by letting Dr. Fowler take care of your eyes, then you will know people when you meet them anywhere.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease! SINCE 1870

SHILOH

30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

Can You Lead Men and Women

?

WAR-SAVINGS Societies need leaders—organizers—men and women with initiative. Who will start a War-Savings Society? Who will lead the way?

War-Savings Societies Help Thousands To Save

War-Savings Societies have been, and are, a tremendous success in Great Britain. Thousands who were never able to save their money have accumulated Government certificates worth hundreds of dollars.

In the United States, millions of people are members of War-Savings Societies, which are organized in factories, offices, stores, farming communities, sections of towns and villages, schools, and clubs.

Everywhere throughout Canada, War-Savings Societies are in process of formation. Everyone who can save an occasional quarter should belong to a society; first, for his or her own direct benefit; second, because Canada can use the money to excellent advantage, as in the case of the War Loans.

For details of the organizing of War-Savings Societies and particulars regarding War-Savings Stamps or Thrift Stamps, address:

NATIONAL WAR-SAVINGS COMMITTEE
361 Richmond Street, London, Ont.
34 Toronto Street, Toronto, Ont.
Victoria Museum, Ottawa, Ont.

and put O.H.M.S. at top of envelope. No postage is required.

War-Savings Stamps are sold at $4.01 this month at Money-Order Post Offices, Banks and other places displaying this sign.

W-S-S

Thrift Stamps are sold at 25 cents each wherever War-Savings Stamps are sold and at many stores.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published till a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

[illegible] 10c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch space extra.

[illegible] — Notices [illegible] at the Review office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Boy for route on Water street. Central. Apply at once Review.

WANTED—Male help. Be your own boss, start a real money making business in your own home; $25 to $50 invested will earn you $35 weekly; plans sent free. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont.

WANTED

WANTED—Two furnished rooms in the west end; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 238 Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—1 Golden Pheasant, 2 Partridge (Hungarian), deer horns, $1000 78 Monaghan Road.

LOST.

LOST—Bag of Bibles, on Bridgenorth Road, between Peterboro and Bridgenorth. Finder please leave at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., cor Brock and George Sts.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

W. H. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

AND

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co. LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken here. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

242 Simcoe St. 245 Bethune St.

Phone 497

Nights and Holidays 396

Piano Tuning

Phone [illegible]

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

[illegible] GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 93a

Children's Aid Society

of

Peterborough County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

Agent, Secretary and Inspector

Office, 248 George St. Phone 1044

Office Hours: 10 to 12 and 4 to 5

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

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GORDON & O'BRIEN.

Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

Telephone 210.

J. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING

Barristers, Solicitors.

405 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Office.

Crown Chambers.

Money to loan at lowest rates.

W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY

MONEY TO LOAN.

Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON

County Crown Attorney.

Barrister, solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. HEDD

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets

Telephone No. 23.

Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 410 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.

H. A. Peck, K.C. F. E. Kerr

V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennett & Goodwill.

MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON

Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Office: Bank of Hamilton Chambers, Hunter St. Entrance next Medill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORBETT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.

D. O'Connell J. E. Corbett

134½ Hunter St. Peterborough

Telephone 264.

F. B. HALL

Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY

Silver Medalist, University of Toronto

Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.

Office: 312 Brock Street.

Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

Phone 228.

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F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 619. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

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DR. ADA G. WALKERLEY

Osteopath Physician.

Graduate Chicago Institute, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 642. Res. 845.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds, Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Clapboards, Lath and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—Cor. 487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00

Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, credited from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT

Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-362

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock. PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

COAL DEALERS

111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Railway Time Table

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m.—Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:25 p.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:26 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

2:26 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:45 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston

CHILDREN'S MAT. AT ROYAL SATURDAY

Mothers are invited to send their little ones to the matinee at the Royal Theatre tomorro morning at 9.30. The admission is only 10c, while the program of movies is one of the best billed at any theatre in Canada

Women's Council Have Safe Balance

Financial statement of the Local Council of Women for 1918.

Receipts:—	
Balance in bank 1917	$ 22.86
Fees from affiliated societies	41.00
Towards luncheon expense	6.75
Rebates on Century Magazine	4.00
Sale of year books	1.50
Interest on bank account	3.38
	$ 79.49
Expenditure:—	
Hydro-Electric for gas connection	$ 2.88
T. Hooper, rent for dishes	.80
Woman for washing dishes	.75
Jordan Bros.	1.00
Y.W.C.A. for use of green room	6.00
Postage	1.34
Affiliation fee National Council	5.00
Assessed Council aid	35.00
Delegates expenses to feeble minded convention	5.00
Record book	1.00
	$ 58.77
Balance—$20.72.	
Lyceum Course Account	
Receipts:—	
From sale of Lyceum course tickets	1495.00
Tickets sold at Opera House	298.75
	$1793.75
Expenditure:—	
To Grand Opera House for the three attractions	$ 450.00
First concert	100.00
Taft Lecture	500.00
Bertha Farner Co.	20.00
Advertising	65.52
Sundry expenses	1.30
	$1136.82
Balance	476.92
Total balance from both accounts	$497.64

Ottawa Team Defeats Arenas

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—By a score of 4-3 the Ottawa Hockey Club's team defeated the Toronto Stanley Cup holders, in a fast game at the Arena last night, thus making them champions of the second section of the N. H. L. and qualifying for the play-off against Canadiens to decide which of the two teams shall go to the Coast to play for the worlds' honors.

Toronto put up another plucky struggle to defeat the Senators, but the visitors were completely outclassed, and after the first period they did not have a chance against the home team.

The game, although minus the excitement of previous exhibitions in the National League on the local ice, abounded with spectacular hockey, and was interesting all the way through. Though the Senators slipped on top speed from start to finish, and went far out in front they never let up in their terrific pace, while Toronto rallied at times and made the locals step to the limit.

BOTTLES LIQUOR FOUND

Napanee, Feb. 21.— Government License Inspector Faber and Chief of Police Barrett made a seizure of liquor at the Queen's Hotel here today. Ninety-one bottles of Gooderham & Worts' whiskey were found concealed under the bathroom floor.

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lambs	25	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	17	20
Geese	33	33
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	45	45
Butter	55	55
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	28 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 60	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	20 00	23 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	29 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary. "Vancouver" Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

FRANK HILL

(Special Correspondence)

Frank Hill, Feb. 21.—Mr. Robt. Franks of Moose Jaw, Sask., leaves for home on Monday after spending a couple of months with friends here

Mr. Bert Davis is out again after an illness of three weeks.

The Misses Mable and Bertha Perritt and Miss Till Franks will be the guest of Mrs. James Davis on Wednesday last.

Mrs. John Lowes spent last week in Toronto visiting her sisters.

The East Emily Red Cross Society held an oyster supper at Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buster' on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnston were guests of Mrs. W. Mise on Sunday.

Mr. Chas Davis spent the past two weeks with his mother, Mrs. A. Davis.

Miss Mary Nurse has returned after two months absence.

The Social Club met at the home of Mrs. and Mr. Perritt on Tuesday last and held an oyster supper and dance. This is the club's second social evening. A taffey pull at Mr. T. Calvert's was the first. The Club intend to meet every week in the future.

Mr. W. J. Clarke is suffering with rheumatism.

Owing to the scarcity of snow the ice makes perfect skating.

DANIEL SMITH IS PRESIDENT

DIRECTOR OF THE WILLIAM HAMILTON COMPANY ELECT THEIR OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of the William Hamilton Co., Limited was held on Tuesday afternoon last.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing year:—

Daniel Smith, Kingston—President.

P. P. Westbye—1st Vice-President and Managing Director.

G. R. Munro—2nd Vice-President.

L. A. Potvin—Secretary-Treasurer.

Freeman Talcott, Bloomfield, Ont.

W. R. Morris was appointed Auditor and J. E. L. Goodwill, Solicitor for the Company.

DEFAULTERS

(Continued from Page 1.)

sons for remaining at home than had the prisoner. He could not allow a precedent savoring of injustice to these men to be established, consequently there was but one course open to him, and that was to sentence the defaulter to a term in prison.

Doherty was visibly moved when his fate was made known to him.

P.C.I. Commencement Exercises To-Night

PRIZES TO BE AWARDED—PROGRAM OF A VARIED AND ENTERTAINING NATURE.

The public are cordially invited to attend the Peterborough Collegiate Institute Commencement exercises in the assembly hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Scholarships and other prizes will be presented, and an exceedingly entertaining program rendered. One of the most appropriate features of this function will be an address in memoriam of those brave students of the Institute who have given their lives in protection of Canada, the Empire and civilization in general. This will be Principal H. R. H. Kenner's contribution to the evening, and it goes without saying that his oratorical picture of what we owe to our unreturning brave will be both vivid and capable.

Love is blind, especially the kind known as self love.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

TOOK SHOES FROM CURLING RINK

TWO YOUNG MEN APPROPRIATED FOOTWEAR DURING THE RECENT BONSPIEL.

Two youths of 17 and 18 years of age appeared in police court this morning and pleaded guilty to a charge of having each stolen a pair of boots from two of the curlers who took part in the recent bonspiel.

On Wednesday, Feb. 12th while the games were being played in Brock street rink the two boys entered the room in which some of the players had left their boots, preferring to use overshoes while on the ice, and after looking the lot over with a critical eye selected two of the best pairs, the property of A. J. Gould, of Bancroft and N. W. Rieve of Hastings.

What the two devotees of the roarin' game said and did when they shot the last stone and returned to the apartment where they had left their boots is not recorded but the matter was placed in the hands of the police and this morning as a result of their efforts the two culprits were brought to book for their action.

One of the boys who had destroyed the boots he had taken was fined $10.00 ,ordered to make restitution to the extent of $10.00 and the costs in connection with the case amounted to another $10.10. His father who had pleaded on his behalf paid the fine and saved the boy from an alternative sentence of imprisonment. The other offender was fined $20.00 and $10.10 costs and in default of payment will go to jail for 60 days. He was ordered to return the boots at once.

In the absence of Crown Attorney Hatton Mr. Fordyce Strickland prosecuted.

FOUNTAIN WAS JEALOUS

That Was Reason for Triple Tragedy at Niagara

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 21.—The inquest held by Dr. McGarry, coroner, into the death of Mrs. Rose Fountain and her two children, three and five respectively ,who were murdered by Frederick Fountain, husband and father, as they lay in their beds, has been adjourned until tonight. Fountain, who slightly jabbed his own throat and wrist, was so far recovered that he may be able to attend the inquest. He is under guard at the hospital.

Two letters which the police found in the bedroom indicate the motive for the crime. In these letters written to James Greenwood, owner of the house, and to his mother, Mrs. Fred Fountain at Nassau, Bahamas, Fountain confesses to jealousy of a certain man whom he names. Other people in the house say there was no reason for this. Relatives of the dead woman declare Fountain was so jealous of her that he could not allow another man to talk to her. They also say that Fountain, who is dark in color was very sensitive on that score.

It pays to shop on Hunter St. Out of the high rent district.

CLOVER LEAF SALMON

A few dozen to sell at once. Get some while you can.

GRAPE FRUIT FOR MARMALADE WE HAVE

Extra Good Potatoes

FRESH EGGS

And Choice Butter Always on hand.

INVALID STOUT

WHITE LABEL ALE

James R. Bell's

SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 455-W 197 Hunter S

Goods Delivered

CANADA FOOD BOARD

License No. 8-2462

Canada Food Board License No. 8-6060.

The PLACE to get VALUE

BITTER ORANGES

NOW IN SEASON

Navel Oranges, 40c, 50c, 60c.

Guaranteed sweet and juicy.

Malaga Grapes.

BANANAS CHEAPER IN PRICE

Northern Spy Apples, and other varieties.

First-class Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.

Strictly Fresh Oysters.

FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE

QUALITY GROCERIES

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS

D. M. Minicola

Phone 285. 410½ George St.

WEBER AGAIN REMANDED

Owen Sound, Feb. 21.— Rudolph Joseph Weber, of Neustadt, came up on remand before Magistrate Creasor this morning for sentence on the sedition charge and was again remanded. Next Monday he will appear at the Spring Assizes for trial on other charges. Both Messrs O'Connell and Callaghan his Toronto Council, were present. The proceedings the same as when Weber was convicted here nine days ago.

BRINGING UP FATHER
BY GEORGE McMANUS
THE DOCTOR SENT THIS BASKET OF FRUIT TO YOU- HE SAID ITS GOOD FOR YOU- MY-THIS APPLE IS DELICIOUS- I GAVE A COUPLE OF PEARS TO MISS JONES-
OH! I MUST EAT ANOTHER ORANGE- I'LL GIVE THE HALL BOY AN APPLE-
BY GOLLY- THEM GRAPES IS GOOD- GEE THEY'RE ALL GONE JUST ONE APPLE LEFT- WELL I'LL EAT THAT-
YOU ARE LOOKING BETTER- THAT FRUIT I SENT YOU IS DOING YOU A WORLD OF GOOD-
HUH!

Mixed Wood $10
per cord
Hard Wood $13
per ...
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.00 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.
J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

An early resumption of a monthly dividend of 1 per cent. by Hollinger gold mines is believed likely.

Some Wonderful Bargains In Boots Just for To-Morrow

Our Spring Stock is now coming in with a rush and we find that we have no room for any more goods until we clear some off. Therefore we must sell on Saturday over 500 pairs to make room for stock coming next week, and we will do so regardless of price. In the bargains listed below you will find many new Spring lines that have never before been displayed or advertised.

LADIES' GUN METAL CALF BOOTS
Made of genuine gun metal calf leather, high tops, medium or low heels, leather or Neolin soles. Sizes 2½ to 7. Regular $6.00, for .. **$3.98**

LADIES' BROWN KID BOOTS
Of genuine Dongola kid, in a dark brown shade, either high or low heels, 9-in. high top, leather soles and heels; Size 2½ to 7. Reg. $8 .. **$5.25**

MEN'S BROWN CALF BOOTS
Genuine Russia calf, pointed or wide toe, English or Blucher cut and Goodyear welt, neolin soles, rubber heels, sizes 5½ to 10. Reg. $7, for .. **$4.98**

LADIES' BROWN CALF BOOTS
Genuine brown calf, high tops, have Neolin soles and rubber heels. Sizes 2½ to 7. Regular $6.00 For .. **$4.49**

LADIES' GREY KID BOOTS
Made in beautiful shade of grey of very fine kid, 9-in. high tops, leather soles and heels. Either high or low heels; All sizes. Reg. $8.00 .. **$6.25**

MEN'S BLACK CALF BOOTS
Very fine quality calf, pointed toes, Goodyear welt, leather soles and heels and blind eyelets to top. Sizes 5 to 10. Reg. $7.00, for .. **$3.98**

LADIES' NEW KID BOOTS
Made of soft black kid. Have high tops and leather soles, and medium heels. All sizes. Regular $5.00 .. For .. **3.49**

LADIES' HIGH GRADE BOOTS
All styles of kid calf and patent in many color combinations, as black and grey, black and fawn. Sizes 2½ to 4. Reg. up to $7.00, for .. **$3.00**

MEN'S BOX CALF BOOTS
Genuine quality box calf, Blucher cut, have waterproof leather or fibre soles and rubber heels. Regular $7.00 .. For .. **$4.25**

LADIES' BLACK KID BOOTS
Of genuine kid, have short vamp, Cuban heels, high tops; solid leather soles. Sizes 2½ to 7. Regular $6.00 .. For .. **$4.49**

LADIES' BLACK KID BOOTS
Made of fine glossy kid, have 9-in. tops and whole quarter tops, turn soles, high heels. All sizes. Regular $8.00 .. For .. **$5.98**

MEN'S HIGH GRADE BOOTS
In different styles, in box calf, kip or kid, all Blucher cut, and in sizes 6 to 8. Regular up to $5.00 .. For .. **$2.98**

Notice to Returned Soldiers
Until further notice we are giving 10 per cent discount on all Footwear to Returned Soldiers

D. ZACKS -- 424 GEORGE STREET

INTERMEDIATES PLAYED WITH JUNIORS TO THE TUNE OF 14 TO 4

Game at Brock Street Rink Last Night Did Not Show Anything of the Old-Time Dash of Either Team.

Peterborough Juniors were defeated in the local contest played with the Intermediates last night at the Brock street rink by a score of 14-4. The standing will give readers who did not see the game an excellent idea of what the play was like.

Comparatively little interest was shown in the match as there was nothing at stake and the city fans had seen both teams perform when they were in real fighting trim and working for something worth while. They had lost out in the O.H.A. series and nothing could revive interest among the greater portion of the hockey enthusiasts of the city.

Last night both teams took the ice with practically the same lines-up as they had played in the O.H.A. games except that Flowers was replaced in the Junior goal by Mick Murray.

Cherret scored for the Juniors three minutes after the play commenced and soon after Halpin brought down the puck and passed it to Evans, who scored for the Intermediates. Five minutes later Evans again found the nets and immediately after the faceoff Jackson made a dash for the Junior goal and passed to Evans who scored again. Two minutes passed and Lowe got the rubber and once again Beatty was on hand to receive it and send it past Murray's guard. The next score against the Juniors was made by Halpin after a short, sharp scrimmage close to the goal and just before the gong sounded Evans made a rush the length of the ice and tallied again for his team. The period ended 4-0 for the Intermediates.

Play in the second period had scarcely started before Schultz of the Intermediates was adorning the penalty box. Gerard made a nice rush and took an open shot on goal but was fluked out of a tally. Park aroused the interest of the spectators for a few minutes by showing a little speed in this period and scoring twice for the Juniors in close succession. Jackson made up for this however by duplicating Park's performance for his team and just before the end of the spasm, Halpin set the Intermediate counter up another notch. Gerard scored in this period but the goal was not counted as he was loafing at the time. The standing at this time was 9-3 for the big fellows.

In the last stage of the game Halpin scored once for the Intermediates; Jackson three times and Lowe once. Hagerman got one past Legros which left the count 14-4.

Last night's match was a mournful procession which was relieved now and then by a few exhibitions of snappy individual work. Neither team played anything like the hockey which was shown in their former exhibitions here; they did not work and were languid in their movements.

In the first period the Junior nets were a real home for the puck but for all that several times during the play Murray made sensational stops notably in the second period when he fooled Evans out of what looked like a sure tally.

Schultz, the Intermediates' pondcrous defenceman, as is his habit, took the game in earnest and worked tirelessly. With his exception the men who claim the scoring honors can be said to have starred on both sides if there was any player who particularly distinguished himself.

It was felt by the fans that the Intermediates would beat the Juniors, though by a much narrower margin than what they got across. Neither team played the hockey they were capable of and in a good thing for them that their reputation was earned this year in several real matches, in which they got up a wonderful fight, for if their good name depended upon the brand of spectacle presented last night, they would be out of luck entirely.

Intermediate line-up—Goal, Legros; defence, Schultz and Lowe; centre, Halpin; right wing, Jackson; left wing, Evans.

Junior line-up—Goal, Murray; defence, Gerard and Frost; centre, Cherret; right wing, Park; left wing, Hagerman. Subs., Williams and Gillespie.

Jerry Coughlin handled the ball during the game in a most satisfactory manner.

Extra End Needed To Down Peterboro

Toronto, Feb. 21.—(By Canadian Press.)—Collingwood won the final of the Governor-General's Trophy at Queen City rink yesterday afternoon by defeating Belleville in the final with a margin of 19 shots, the score being 42 to 39. All of the players were tired out at the end of the struggle, for they had hard games in the morning in the semi-finals, Collingwood having to go into an extra end to win from Peterborough. The ice was very heavy also. The cup was presented by Secretary G. S. Dearey in the absence of the president, and accepted by E. C. Prentice, president of the Collingwood, and he made a suitable reply. The scores:

Semi-finals.

Collingwood.		Peterborough.	
W. Fryer	19	W. Lang	18
H. Wynes	20	R. Hicks	15
Total	39	Total	33

Majority for Collingwood, 6 shots in extra end.

Paris.		Belleville.	
Carson	16	W. Belkir	18
Tate	13	R. J. Wray	17
Total	29	Total	32

Majority for Belleville, 3 shots.

Dates Arranged For Senior Finals

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 21.—The Senior O. H. A. finals will be played during the week of March 3rd, it was announced by Secretary W. A. Hewitt this morning. The first game will be on Tuesday, March 4th, and the second on Friday, 7th, or Saturday, 8th. If one of the Toronto teams is in the running at latter date will be chosen. Kitchener and St. Patricks, who are tied for group honors, will play off at the Arena Saturday, March 1st, the winners to meet the survivors of Hamilton-Dental series. The Manitoba Selkirks, one Montreal team and Thunder Bay have each challenged for the Allan cup now held by the O. H. A.

SKATING AT BROCK ST. RINK
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK EXCEPTING THURSDAY
G.W.V. BAND ALL WEEK
GRAND ICE
BIG CROWDS EXPECTED!!

The Store with the Tartan Front

WHO'S YOUR TAILOR?

NEW SPRING SUITINGS - AND O'COATINGS -

Just arrived and they include Exclusive Indigo Serge, Indigo Irish Serge and Indigo Cheviott. Brown and Grey Mixtures in All Wool Worsted.

10% Discount To Returned Soldiers

On Any Suit or Overcoat they may select Made-To-Measure Goods—Correct Styles—Workmanship as you like it.

Returned Men are cordially invited to Call and Inspect Our Stock.

Frank N. Hourigan
141—Hunter Street—141

America troops have arrived in Berlin. They will be used to guard food transports, expected to be sent to the German Capital.

A new Spanish railway is projected to run from Vigo to the French frontier as part of an American project for developing the port of Vigo.

Toronto Rails made sharp advances on the Stock Exchange yesterday.

No man is so wise that he can't learn from a fool.

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY
Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WOOD FOR SALE

Blast Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Dollar less from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 380 Hunter Street. Phone 548.

CHARLES INNES

Commencing Sunday night next, February 23, Evangelist Charles Innes, of Aberdeen, Scotland, will conduct a series of Evangelistic Meetings in Gospel Hall, to which all are invited. Mr. Innes is a gifted speaker, and gives his message with spirit and power. He has great power of illustration, making his message live. The subject for Sunday night is, "A Great General—what he was, what he did, and what he could not do." Sunday night, 7 o'clock.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTING

Do not fail to see the exhibition of Paintings in the Library Building on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

FARMERS' CLUB MEETING

The Peterboro Branch, No. 518, of the United Farmers of Ontario will meet in the S. O. E. Hall on Hunter street, on Monday, Feb. 24th, at 8 p.m. Members are asked to be present, and a cordial invitation is extended to all farmers in the vicinity of Peterboro to come to the meeting.

RICH. B. ROGERS, President.
CHAS. S. BROWN, Secretary.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mrs. J. H. Mowry, 317 Sherbrooke street, opposite S. Ward School, on Monday, 24th. No reserve. Sale 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

MEMORIAL FOR HEROES

Mimico, Feb. 21.—At a meeting of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire here it was decided to erect a memorial to Mimico men who have fallen in the war, and that this should take the form of a monument to be placed at a point on the Lake Shore Road. The Town Council will be asked to make the grant of a site for the proposed monument.

CALL TO KINGSTON CHURCH

Kingston, Feb. 21.— Bethel Congregational Church has decided to extend a call to Rev. R. M. Stevenson of Stratford.

IT'S CONFIDENCE THAT DOES IT

GOOD CREAMERY BUTTER
For Saturday Only 55c

Swift's Pure Lard, 5 lb. pail $1.65
Swift's Pure Lard, 10 lb. pail $3.20
Marrowfat peas..... 2 pckgs 25c
Purity Oats ..... pckg. 20c
Krumbles..... 3 pckgs 25c
Cream of Barley ..... pckg. 25c
Stewing figs ..... lb. 25c
Star Ammonia ..... 2 pckgs 25c
Lumberds, Dewsons, Green Gages, Plums and pears, 6 tins ... $1.00
Best granulated sugar ... 8 lbs 95c
Lily White Syrup .... 5 lb tin 50c
Imperial Jellies..... 2 pckgs 25c
Bitter Oranges Just Arrived
Tea and Coffee
Try Christie's soda wafers in 10 and 15c packages, always fresh.
Choice potatoes by the peck or bag.
334 George Street. Phone 208

Porter S. White Co.
334 GEORGE STREET
Phone 208

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. R. Gliddon, musical director of the Peterborough Conservatory of Music, is in Toronto, a guest at the banquet given to Dr. Dann, Dean of the Musical Faculty of Cornell University. Dr. Dann will give an address on "Schools and Music Credits," to representative musicians of the province.

Mr. Archie Laing, Erindale Farm, is in the city, owing to the death of his mother, Mrs. Robert Laing, Montreal, and whose funeral will be held tomorrow from St. Paul's Church.

Lieut. J. Fordyce A. Strickland is acting County Crown Attorney during the absence of Mr. G. W. Hatton who has gone to the coast for a few weeks.

Mr. G. W. Hatton left today for a trip to the coast.

Mr. Ed. Hanrahan, one of Peterborough's most popular soloists, left today for Montreal where he will take up his permanent residence and where his friends here are convinced he will made his work in the musical life of the Quebec metropolis.

At the exhibition of painting in the Public Library building tonight the hostesses will be Mrs. A. Stevenson and Mrs. Pretty and on Saturday afternoon Mrs. Gliddon and Mrs. Fee senden.

OBITUARY

MRS. ROBERT LAING

Mrs. Robert Laing, who before her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Stewart died at her home in Montreal last night from the effects of a paralytic stroke which she suffered about a week ago. She was in her 68th year.

The late Mrs. Laing is survived by her husband and eight sons, all of the latter having been born in this city where the family formerly resided. The sons are Arthur, Terrance; Kerwood and Ross, of Montreal; Chester, of Chicago; Archie, who owns a farm at Erindale in Peel County; James of Hamilton, and Savigney, who went to the war with a Montreal battery and who is still overseas.

Eight years ago the family, who resided on Water street, went to Montreal. The deceased will be mourned by a large circle of friends and relatives in this city where she was so long and favorably known.

The remains will be brought to this city for interment in Little Lake cemetery, reaching here tomorrow morning. Funeral services will be conducted at St. Paul's Church, of which the late Mrs. Laing was a member while residing here, at 3.30 o'clock, by Rev. R. Pogue.

MAXWELL HERITY

Belleville, Feb. 21.—Maxwell Herity, one of Belleville's brightest and cleverest young men passed away Wednesday night in his 19th year. Deceased was the eldest son of the late Frederick Herity, who died 11 years ago yesterday. Maxwell was a graduate of Belleville Public and High school, and in athletics won the junior, intermediate and senior championship for three consecutive years. He was a leader in the Cadet and Boy Scout movement in the Boys' Conference and Y.M.C.A. work Mr. J. O Herity, proprietor of the Ontario newspaper, is an uncle of deceased.

REV. G. M. MEACHAM

Rev. Geo. M. Meacham died in Toronto yesterday in his 86th year. Deceased was born near Belleville, Ont., and was a son of the late J. H. Meacham, postmaster of Belleville. He was educated at Upper Canada College and Victoria University, Cobourg, receiving his B.A. in 1860, M.A. in 1872 and D.D. in 1883. He was ordained in 1856 and filled some important pasterates.

OWEN D. BAKER

Mr. Owen D. Baker passed away this morning at his home, 635 Union street.

The late Mr. Baker was born in Birmingham, England, in 1833 and came to Canada in 1877. His wife predeceased him thirty-two years ago.

There are left to mourn his loss one son and one daughter, W. H. Baker, city, and Mrs. John Jenkinson, Union Street. One son Herbert F. Baker, was killed in France.

The funeral will be held tomorrow at 3.30. Service will be conducted by Rev. Canon Davidson.

DIED

LAING—At Montreal, on Thursday, February 20th, 1919, Elizabeth Stewart, aged 68 years, beloved wife of Robert Laing.

Funeral tomorrow afternoon, February 22nd, at 3.30 o'clock from St. Paul's Church. Interment in Little Lake Cemetery.

THE DR. GRENFELL MISSION

The annual offering for Dr. Grenfell's Mission is now due. The appeal has been made for the last three years through the Examiner and The Review. All gifts are acknowledged and passed on to Mrs. James Wood, treasurer, Monaghan road. The following statement will let the public know something of what may be accomplished by their gifts. Make your offering at once.

$450 will pay the salary of a nurse for a year.

$350 will pay a school teacher's salary for one year.

$150 will pay the travelling expenses of a volunteer nurse for the summer.

$100 will care for a child in the Children's Home for a year.

$60 will support a hospital cot for one year.

$16 will provide a ton of coal for the steamer.

$2 or over makes one a member in one of the Grenfell associations for one year, and includes a year's subscription of 75 cents for the quarterly magazine, "Among the Deep Sea Fishers."

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN HOLD ANNUAL SESSION

Officers Elected and Reports Submitted—Objection Taken to Some Posters on Display.

At the sixth annual meeting of the Local Council of Women, held yesterday in the Green Room of the Y. W. C. A. the officers elected for the ensuing year were:

Pres.—Mrs. W. R. Harstone.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Jas. Kendry.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. A. Mowat.
3rd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Gardiner.
4th Vice-Pres.—Mrs. A. Stevenson.
Corresponding Sec'y—Mrs. C. E. Jamieson.
Recording Sec'y—Mrs. W. R. Morris
Treasurer—Miss Nina Davidson.
Laws for Protection of Women and Children—Mrs. Cruikshank.
Subjection of Objectionable Printing Matter—Miss Walton.
Care of Mentally Deficient—Miss Lundy.
Finance —Miss Davidson.
Immigration—Miss Parker.
Press—Mrs. F .C. Neal.
Citizenship—Miss Lancaster.
Supervised Playgrounds — Mrs. Mowat
Equal Moral Standards—Mrs. Stevenson.
Public Health—Mrs. John Allan.
Professions and Employment of Women—Mrs. Boucher.
Care of Natural Resources—Mrs. Parsons.
Household Economics—Miss McFannell.
Education—Miss M. Ross.
Fine and Applied Arts— Miss Maude Rush.

President's Remarks

The President in her remarks gave an outline of the past year's work and recommended some for the future. She also asked the members' support for the Social Service Council being formed here and also spoke re women's franchise as well as rooming house and immigration problems.

Prohibition Movement

A communication was read from D. B. Harkness, general secretary of the Dominion Prohibition Committee, asking that the members of the Council of Women put their personal influence behind the prohibition movement and to consider authorizing that a resolution or letter be sent to the local Federal member and to Sir Thomas White, Acting Prime Minister, as to the stand taken by the Council. This request was acceded to.

Playgrounds Committee

In the reports from the different committees, the convenor of the Playgrounds committee reported that almost $200 had been realized by the sale of paper and rags which had been handed over to the Playgrounds Association for their work.

Secretary's Report

I beg to present the report of the Peterborough Local Council of Women for the year 1918-19 as follows:

The first work undertaken was to launch a campaign for the conservation and production of food. A Deputation waited on the Board of Education to enlist its support, which was promised. The Horticultural Society offered seeds for distribution among children having gardens. A garden committee was formed to list the available vacant lots in the city and also to enlist the help of any girls who were willing to work. The problem of providing help for market gardeners was also dealt with. A representative from the Council visited as many meetings as possible throughout the city giving a short talk on the food situation. In this way many people were reached who otherwise might not have been interested. The Agricultural Society offered prizes for produce grown under the supervision of the Local Council. (As a result there were a great many exhibits at the annual exhibition.)

In February Miss Hatton as our representative attended the annual convention for the care of the feeble minded held in Toronto and at the march meeting gave a very interesting report.

Owing to the President's inability to be present, Mrs. Morris represented the Local Council at the National Executive meeting held in Ottawa March 20-22.

At the March meeting, it was decided to arrange for a Lyceum course for the coming winter. Mrs. Becker was present on this occasion and spoke in the interests of women's century.

A very instructive series of papers was read at the monthly meetings by Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Boucher and Miss Lancaster on Citizenship. Later Mrs. Mowat began similar ones on Immigration. It was continued by Miss Lancaster and next year we shall hear more on the same subject by Miss Parker and others.

In response to a resolution sent by the Y.M.C.A. Mothers' Club, the Council decided to have two representatives at the police court every time a woman or girl was on trial. This was done in each case, where notice was given. Mrs. McElhiney spoke to the Council as to the great necessity for such action. In compliance wit an request from the National Council, a largely attended service of prayer and intercession was held on Saturday March 30th in Murray street church.

As it was impossible to obtain carnations, the sale on Mother's Day in aid of the Supervised Playgrounds Fund, had to be discontinued.

In June when the National Executive met at Brantford, Mrs. Harstone, Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Matthews, were our representatives, very interesting reports were given on heir return at the June meeting.

No meetings were held during July and August and the influenza epidemic prevented us having one in October. During the time the Council as a unit was unable to give very little assistance in relief, but individually, splendid work was done. Efforts during this time were being made to sell tickets for the Lyceum course with excellent results.

In December the Council endorsed the candidature of Mrs. Morris for the Board of Education. Unfortunately this venture was not successful, but all are hoping that next year's results will be different.

When the National Executive met in Kingston in January our President attended and at the monthly meeting gave a very complete report.

In response to a communication from Mrs. Hannington, Chief Superintendent of the Victorian Order of Nurses, the Council agreed to lend its co-operation and to assist Miss Gibbon any way during her proposed visit in the city.

Three of the Lyceum attractions have been given with satisfaction to the subscribers. Ex-President Taft was particularly enjoyable and it was considered a great privilege to entertain such a distinguished guest.

Owing to Mrs. McElhiney leaving the city, the position of Police Matron became vacant, The Local Council asked that they be allowed to recommend someone to fill the place. Mrs. Buntom has since been appointed.

Respectfully submitted,
KATHLEEN B. P. JAMIESON,
Cor.-Sec.

Object to Posters.

A protest was registered against some of the posters that are displayed in the city advertising shows and other forms of amusement.

It is an unusual woman who can smile at a compliment—and then forget it.

Saturday—the Last Day of the February Sale of Colored Silks

"HALIS" ARE WIDELY KNOWN FOR THEIR HIGH QUALITY SILKS, AND ALL SILKS INCLUDED IN THIS SALE ARE EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD QUALITIES, AND ARE SUCH AS CANNOT BE DUPLICATED LATER IN THE SEASON FOR ANYTHING LIKE THE PRICES WE ARE ASKING TO-MORROW.

Foulard Silks
All new designs, smart colorings. Regular $1.65. To-morrow Yard $1.29

Silk Repscord
A new silk suiting fabric; 36 inches wide. Regular $1.75. To-morrow Yard $1.39

Silk Wool Poplin
A lovely heavy weight that will not crush. Nice colors. Regular $3.50. To-morrow, yard $2.47

Shantung Silk
Natural shade, heavy quality; 33 inches wide. Regular 75c. To-morrow.. Yard 47c

Honan Silk
Ivory only, bright finish; 29 inches wide. Regular $2.00. To-morrow .... Yard $1.68

Duchess Satin
A lovely quality, in a good range of new colorings. Regular $2.50 .... To-morrow $1.98

French Charmeuse
Soft finish, heavy weight, Lyons dyed; all the new colors. Regular $4.00. To-morrow, yard $3.29

Black Dress Silks
including paillette and duchess satin; one yard wide. Regular $2.00. To-morrow, yard $1.79

THIRTY-SIX ODD PIECES of Hand-Painted China, regular up to 69c. Clearing tomorrow ..... Each 25c

4 ONLY WOMEN'S SILK PADDED DRESSING ROBES, in colors of navy, cardinal, grey and maize. Regular $8.00. Saturday Special $5.00

Saturday's Sale of Graniteware is Better Than Ever

10c Pie Plates 8c
15c Pie Plates 11c
15c Soup Skimmers 11c
15c Wash Basins 11c
25c Wash Basins 16c
40 Saucepans 33c
20c Mixing Dish 11c
75c Tea Pots 69c
75c Preserving Kettles . 69c
85c Preserving Kettles 79c
$1.00 Water Pails 89c
$1.25 Water Pails ... 98c

GET READY NOW FOR SUMMER

Ginghams will this season be in great demand. Nothing gives better service, few materials equal. Advance showing of new Dress Ginghams to-morrow at .... Per yard ..... 35c, 50c & 65c

You Can't Resist These Values in Veilings

Two lots, in short ends and odd lines of Veilings at prices that should clear each lot quickly.

LOT 1—
Veilings, regular up to $1.00 yard. To-morrow, yard 15c

LOT 2—
Veilings, regular up to 50c yard. To-morrow, yard .. 5c

ENGLISH SHEETINGS

Plain and twill qualities, full bleached; 72 inches wide. Regular $1.25. Saturday, yard 89c

WINTER COATS

Every Coat in stock is included; all smart styles, in the newest materials; good range of styles and colorings. Here are the details showing the regular and Saturday sale prices:

Regular up to $25.00, on sale for $19.00
Regular up to $37.50, on sale for $25.00
Regular up to $45.00, on sale for $27.50
Regular up to $50.00, on sale for $29.50
Regular up to $67.00, on sale for $45.00

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

When the average man tells a lie, he is in a hurry to prove it.

Prejudice is the stepfather of slander.

It is better to spoil the rod than spoil the child.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
Rubber Sponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3
SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co.
— Limited —
Phone 527w.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT — 7.30 — TO-NIGHT
Just Pay "THE GRAND" a visit To-night and form your own conclusions as to the PROGRAM We are giving
For 15c
11—Reels of Pictures—11 Clever Vaudeville Turn
Everything Clean and Cosy—IT'S OUR WAY

The Seats are now on sale for the Greatest Drama and Company seen here in years—

The Man Who Came Back

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY

Peterboro Theatregoers are guaranteed the exact same Company and Production as seen for nearly two years at the Playhouse, New York. The Company is now enroute to Indianapolis, Ind., and will play only 6 cities in Canada.

Order Your Seats Now

MATINEE—50c, 75c, $1.00
EVENING—50c to $1.50; Gallery 25c

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28
6TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh to strong east to northeast winds, with snow or rain tonight and part of Sunday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 45 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GERMANS HAD STRONGER FORCE AT JUTLAND FIGHT

But Result of Famous Naval Battle Showed They Were no Match For the British.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 22.—There is no reason to doubt the substantial accuracy of the German official account of the losses suffered by the German fleet in the Jutland naval battle, May 31, 1916. It is learned officially by Reuters, the German figures published June 16, 1916, showed that the casualties to the fleet's personnel were officers, killed or missing 172, wounded 41, other ranks killed or missing 2,414, wounded 440, total 3,075. Among the German battleships or battle cruisers one was sunk, one beached, five put out of action but repaired months afterward. Four light cruisers and five torpedo boats were sunk and many put out of action.

A complete record of the British forces engaged in the battle shows 24 dreadnoughts, 8 battle cruisers, 18 light cruisers and 78 destroyers. The German force included 21 battle ships ,sixteen cruisers, 77 destroyers. It is clearly established ,however, that of the ships which actually came into action preponderance of force was held by Germans.

Quebec Members Rule The Roost

THEY WILL HAVE REAL SAY IN APPOINTING HOUSE LEADER

Ottawa, Feb. 22. — With Parliament adjourned until Tuesday and the city crowded with politicians and public men from end to end of Canada to attend the funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier today, the Capital is abuzz with gossip. At the Chateau Laurier and the Victoria Museum groups of rival Liberals can be found in every corner discussing the political situation and the question of leader as a successor to Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The boom for Hon. W. S. Fielding has somewhat collapsed since the arrival of the Quebec members. They object to any man who was not an out and out Laurier supporter last election. Fielding, of course, was elected as a Unionist, Sir Robert Borden arranging for him an acclamation. All last session he occupied the neutral cross benches and he held the same place on Thursday. They are afraid that as leader he would take somewhat the same position of neutrality and would be unaggressive.

The friends of Hon. Geo. P. Graham are busy pressing his claims. It is true that Mr. Graham flirted last election with both sides and was so long making up his mind as to his attitude that he was not even a candidate. On the other hand, when the election was in progress he supported Laurier candidates. His position on bilingualism has always made him popular with Quebec members and apparently they were prepared to accept him. If he was in the House he would be elected. To choose a House leader who is not in the Commons seems absurd. His friends seem to be under the impression that the Government, to oblige the Opposition, might call the Quebec East election immediately.

There are rumors that there may be a big surprise, as a matter of fact, the Opposition are at sixes and sevens and anything may happen at the caucus which will be held Monday morning. The Quebec members control the situation, and they will select a leader who best mees their views. It seems to be taken for granted that it will be an English Protestant, but there is talk now of Hon. Dr. Beland.

Statistics show the real defaulters in Quebec to number only about 12 per cent.

MURDER OF PREMIER CAUSES RIOT

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Fb. 22.—A communist revolt broke out in Budapest Thursday night, says a despatch from Zurich.

Troubles in Munich took a still more serious turn yesterday afternoon, according to a Copenhagen despatch. Church bells began ringing, ten thousand workmen from the suburbs marched into the centre of the city and a short time later violent firing was heard. The mob is reported to have begun plundering shops. Bavarian Minister of Interior Auer still was alive last night. He is desperately wounded, however, the bullet having grazed his heart. The assassination of Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, caused a tremendous riot. The streets adjacent to the Parliamentary buildings were thronged with crowds during the day and the chamber, where Diet was in session; was invaded by a mob.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE SOLD TO A. J. SMALL OF TORONTO

Manager Webber F. Turner Closed the Deal Yesterday—New Proprietor to Take Possession on March 1.

W. F. Turner of the firm of J. J. Turner and Sons was in Toronto yesterday and closed a deal for the sale of the Grand Opera House of this city to Ambrose J. Small, the well-known threatre owner of the Queen City. The new proprietor will take possession on March 1st.

Mr. Small has acted for many years as the booking agent of the local Opera House and is the proprietor of the Grand Theatre, Toronto, the Grand of London, the Grand of Kingston and and the Russell Theatre of Ottawa. In addition to this Mr. Small is the booking agent for play houses in nearly all the cities and towns of the Province.

He is the Canadian representative of Claw and Erlsinger, the theatrical magnates of New York and theatregoers of Peterborough may rest assured that the high standard upon which the Grand Opera House has been maintained in the past will be continued under the new order of things.

The staff of the theatre will be retained as it is at present except that Mr. Webber Turner will retire as manager.

Thirteen years ago the Grand Opera House was built by Mr. Rupert Bradburn. A year later it was purchased by J. J. Turner and Sons, who have conducted it ever since.

It is one of the best appointed theatres in the Dominion of Canada and has received a splendid name from the theatrical companies which have toured the country. Its interior furnishings are well chosen and the decorations tasteful in the extreme as regards form and collor effect. It has been justly considered one of the most complete play houses in the Dominion and visiting companies have commended highly the accommodation afforded them.

Courtesy has been the watch word of the management of the Grand Opera House throughout the years and this coupled with efficiency has placed the theatre upon a high standard of which may be maintained but can scarcely be surpassed.

Mr. Webber Turner while in charge has been a live-wire manager and has obtined for Peterborough some of the finest and most artistic attractions to be had. Companies which have touched only the larger metropolisis of the country have acceded to his representations and have visited the city, giving the people an opportunity of seeing attractions and hearing great musical artists which they could not otherwise have enjoyed without visiting Toronto.

Efficient stage hands and office staff have drawn forth the commendation of the visiting companies and it is a satisfaction to the people of the city to know that these will be retained after March 1st, according to present intentions.

Mr. Turner, as is to be expected of one who knows the business, has understood the value of rational advertising and has never failed to take advantage of every reasonable channel to bring the desirable features of the attractions at the Grand before the public. Organiztions which have used the house as a place in which to hold attractions have realized this and have in most cases left advertising matters to his judgment.

Under J. J. Turner and Sons the Grand Opera House has proved a success, financially, and the only reason for disposing of the establishment is the continued growth of their other business which is claiming more and more attention as the years pass on.

At present almost the entire time of Mr. Webber Turner is occupied in matters connected with the conduct of the theatre, which has been open constantly for the past year. As he feels that the parent business demands his attention on account of its constant growth and in view of the fact that in the near future it is to be materially extended there was no other course open but to dispose of the Grand Opera House.

During the year just ended the Grand has done the record business of its history. In this time most of the leading theatrical companies of the country have appeared upon its stage. A motion picture program which is second to none in any of the smaller cities of the country has been maintained and has drawn the large and constant attendance it deserved.

In disposing of the business to Ambrose J. Small, of Toronto, the Turners have chosen a buyer who will conduct the theatre upon the same high standard as has characterized its management in the past.

Those acquinted with the excellent service maintained by the Small circuit in other cities will feel assured that under the new order of things all will still be well. The performances in the Grand of Toronto and the Russel of Ottawa are of an excellent character and while of the most attractive nature contain nothing which could possibly be construed as offensive by the most fastidious.

Both of these play houses and the minor ones controlled by the Toronto magnate enjoy a long established reputation for respectability, and although the Grand Opera House will in the near future pass out of the hands of the well-known Peterborough business men who have so long controlled it all classes of the city can look forward without perturbation to a continuance of its good record maintained in the past.

MET IN NEW HALL

Corinthian Lodge A.F. & A.M., held their first regular meeting in the new Masonic Hall last night. At the close of the routinary proceedings a very pleasant social hour was spent and refreshments served. The first meeting was most auspicious in its character and there was a record attendance.

There is a surplus of fish throughout the Dominion.

CAPT. J. H. BURNHAM'S MINIMUM WAGE BOARD.

Ottawa, Feb. 22. — That a Minimum Wage Board be established in connection with the Department of Labor and that a living cost should be set by such board and maintained throughout Canada and no lower rate of remuneration be permitted, no matter how cheap labor or labor's products might be elsewhere, is the gist of a resolution to be proposed by J. H. Burnham (Peterborough) when the House goes into session.

CABLE FLASHES

Rosshaupter, German Minister of War, and Herr Auer, Secretary of the Interior, have been shot, Rosshaupter is dead. Three other officials were also shot.

The Allies notified Erzberger, head of the German Armistice Commission, there can be no discussion on the German prisoners of war at present.

The Allies have decided to recognize the Polish Government headed by Paderewski.

It has been agreed that a committee of miners and employees will manage and fix mine wages in England.

About one million American soldiers will be returned to America through Germany by way of Hamburg and Bremen.

Ulster linen exports may immigrate to Canada and start linen mills.

NEW DIRECTOR

MR. C. W. CAVERS

Director of Information of the Soldier Settlement Board of the Department, later returned from Overseas in July last and was discharged from the service in August. He enlisted in the 60th battalion, Montreal in July, 1915, went overseas as assistant Adjutant of the 104th Battalion, New Brunswick, was for a short time adjutant of a reserve battalion in England, and went to France in November, 1917, for service with the 26th battalion, New Brunswick Regiment. After a short time with that Battalion he was slightly gassed and then served as quartermaster with the 2nd Canadian Infantry Base Depot, France.

Previous to enlistment in the Expeditionary Force, Mr. Cavers was identified with the Toronto Sunday World as editor and was later with Montreal Sunday Herald in a similar capacity.

AT TRINITY CHURCH.

Rev. Dr. Shorey Will Preach Twice Tomorrow.

Rev. Dr. Shorey of Port Hope will preach in Trinity Church tomorrow. Dr. Shorey is one of the ablest preachers in the Conference. He was stationed twice in Peterborough, once in George Street Church and once in Charlotte Street Church. Dr. Shorey's many friends will be glad to hear him again. Trinity's splendid choir will render special music at these services.

Rev. F. E. Malott will preach tomorrow in Dr. Shoreys' church in Port Hope.

Canada's fire loss last year was $32,850,000 in 17,000 fires.

LARGEST, NOBLEST FUNERAL THAT CANADA HAS EVER SEEN

MILLION MEN IDLE IN GERMANY

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 22. — German troops defending the Posen front against the Poles at Birnbaum have addressed a communication to National Assemblyman Ohler protesting against an official order to evacuate the territory held by them in accordance with the conditions law down by Marshal Foch, in which the line of demarcation between the Germans and Poles was defined.

The National Ministry of Economic Demobilization estimates the number of unemployed men in Germany at present to be one million. It is declared that the extent to which the war lessened men's desire to work must not be under-estimated. One officer is quoted as saying, "We have lost the war as thoroughly as it could have been lost, but it is time to quit complaining. Let us grin and bear it."

DELEGATES FOR OTTAWA TO CONFER WITH THE CABINET

C. G. E. Offers to Build Marine Engines at Actual Cost in Order to Keep Their Men Employed.

The C. G. E. Company of this city in order to keep their hands employed have generously offered to take up a new line and to manufacture at actual cost engines required to equip the ships that the Government is building in the Vancouver yards. The company's plant is running on short time and men are being laid off almost every day for lack of orders. The worst feature of the situation is that so many of the old employes are leaving town in the hope of finding work elsewhere. Conditions in other cities in these particular lines are as bad as they are in Peterborough, and the men who leave the city are simply spending money for nothing.

It has been decided to send a delegation to Ottawa to interview Hon. Mr. Ballantyne, the Minister of Marine, with regard to this matter, and the expense of the trip will be borne by the company, who are actuated in this matter solely by a desire to benefit their employes. The delegation will consist of Mayor Duncan and one alderman, two members of the Machinists' Union, two from the G. W. V. A., and President A. J. Bolwell and Secretary William Stevens from the Trades and Labor Council. The delegates will start for Ottawa tomorrow night and will return on Monday. A conference with the Minister of Marine and other members of the Cabinet has been arranged for Monday morning.

Secretary Stevens of the Trades Council met the Machinists' Union last night to talk over the arrangements. The delegates to represent that union and the G. W. V. A. will be selected today.

This incident is regarded as one of the most pleasing examples of the better relations that are being established between Capital and Labor and is taken as a recognition of the increasing influence of organized workers.

CASE WAS REMANDED

Edward Murphy, Kirkfield, Charged With Being Defaulter

Edward Murphy of Kirkfield, who was arrested at his home recently by officers of the Dominion Police acting upon information laid by Inspector H. F. Ward, charged with having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act appeared before the Police Magistrate this morning charged with having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act appeared before the Police Magistrate this morning and pleaded guilty to the accusation.

He was ordered to report to the 1st Depot Battalion at Kingston on May 15th, 1918, and refused to obey the summons of the deputy registrar.

Mr. Fordyce Strickland acting for the Crown, asked for a remand of the case until such time as the fat arrived from the Department of Justice at Ottawa and the magistrate acceded to his request setting Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock as the time for resumption of the proceedings.

Anglican Church Services Tomorrow

Sunday's address in connection with the special effort being made in the different Anglican churches will be as follows:

St. John's—11 a.m.—Rev. R. Gay.

St. Luke's—11 a.m.—Rev. Dr. Taylor; 7 p.m.—Rev. R. Gay.

All Saints'—11 a.m.—Mr. R. R. Allin; 7 p.m.—Rev. Dr. Taylor.

St. George's—7 p.m.—Mr. R. W. Allin.

A hundred interned aliens ,mostly German and Austrians laborers, were taken out of Vernon Camp, B. C., Thursday to be deported.

SENATOR SCORES PEACE LEAGUE

NEVADA MAN SAYS IT WOULD SIDETRACK THE UNITED STATES.

Washington, Feb. 22. — Senator Borah delivered to the Senate and the country an appeal to let "America first" remain the dominant national doctrine. In a speech in the Senate, Borah, discussing the League of Nations plan, said:

That before it is ratified by the Senate it should be submitted to a vote of all the people.

That it marks the end of the Monroe Doctrine and Washington's teachings against embroilment in European affairs.

That it puts England far ahead of the United States as a world power by giving her and her colonial possessions six votes to America's one in the League's council.

That the League constitution was the biggest triumph of British diplomacy in three hundred years.

That it is the first step in "sterilization of nationalism and the birth of internationalism.

"Let us inscribe 'loyalty to America' upon our banner," said Borah, in an impassioned plea for Americanism. "Let us be true to ourselves first of all, and it follows that we cannot then be false to anyone."

CONGRESS ON WHEAT BILL.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The wheat guarantee bill, giving the President authority to appoint the necessary agencies for purchasing the 1919 wheat at the guaranteed price of $2.26 a bushel and disposing of it at the price determined by the law of supply and demand, was taken up by the House, with an agreement for general debate of five hours.

Remains of Sir Wilfrid Laurier Laid at Rest Today With Imposing Ceremony.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—Canada's Capital today honored its great dead in worthy fashion. There was tremendous dignity and solemnity in the funeral cortege of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which formed a fitting climax to a life which would have been noble in any of the great nations of the world, ancient or modern. This dignity made itself manifest not so much in the formal arrangements which had been made for the state funeral, but in the grand spontaneity with which people flocked in thousands to pay their last tribute. Unquestionably this was the largest funeral, the grandest and noblest, that Canada has ever seen.

Soon after 9 o'clock great numbers of the spectators has assembled along the line of route, taking advantage of every position which would give them an unobstructed view. The city had filled with visitors as if by magic overnight. Special trains were running from distant points and at times congesting the large railway station.

Promptly at 10 o'clock arrangements for the departure of the cortege were completed, despite the complexity of having to make up a procession composed of horse-drawn sleighs, for the streets in Ottawa are deep in snow, and of scores of dignitaries of state, national societies, returned soldiers, and political bodies, closing with a vast, unclassified stream of simple citizens from nearly all parts of the Dominion, the Governor-General and staff, Gen. Gwatkin, representing H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, Lieutenant-Governor Hendrie, archbishops and bishops, members of the Cabinet, the speaker of the Senate and senators, and the speakers and members of the House of Commons, with whom the members of the Parliamentary press gallery walked. Prominent gentlemen acted as honorary pallbearers.

In the sanctuary were several archbishops and bishops and representatives of all religions communities. A touching requiem mass composed by Abbe Perosi was rendered by the choir, and at the conclusion eloquent eulogies of the dead were pronounced in French by Archbishop Mathieu of Regina and in English by Rev. Fr. John Burke, Paulist of Toronto, son of the late Mr. Denis Burke, Ottawa.

After final absolution the body was taken to its last resting place in Notre Dame Cemetery. At the grave last rites were performed by Father Lajeune of the Juniorate of Sacred Heart.

Five Veterans To Arrive Tonight

Mayor Duncan has received word that this morning at 9:35 o'clock five returned soldiers bound for this city left Montreal via the Grand Trunk. They will in all probability arrive in Peterborough on the 5:35 G.T.R. train this evening.

FITZPATRICK EXPENSES

Question May Be Forced on Commons' Attention

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—Although Sir Charles Fitzpatrick is no longer Chief Justice of Canada, the question of the repayment to the Treasury of the five thousand dollars which he was voted as expenses to attend the Imperial Privy Council and which was retained by him, although not going will not be allowed to drop. Several members have announced their intentions of bringing up the subject and of forcing a vote in the House.

The first instalment of the histories of Canadian overseas battalions has been received at Ottawa.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919

WORK ON THE NEW BRIDGE.

THE ALDERMEN show that they are alive to their duties and responsibilities when they talk of beginning work on the Hunter street bridge at the earliest possible moment. There is to be no more time wasted in discussion. Numbers of men are out of work, and employment must be found for them.

If it has likely proved, however, that very little can be accomplished before the coming of spring weather? Seventy-five per cent. of the men used of work have been used to indoor employment, and to offer them an outside job in stormy weather may be fair neither to them nor to the city. How many men could, for example, be induced to work at this season in tearing down the present structure from the Otonabee?

The city and country have come through more serious financial and industrial depressions than the present, and the cities still survives. There is really no cause for alarm. The stagnation of today is a natural sequence of the war. Prospects are not so gloomy as some appear to imagine. With the coming of spring there will be work enough and to spare. The railways will provide employment for thousands of men on the repair and extension work that has been neglected for the past four years. Millions of public funds are to be expended on public works, including the construction of good roads. In no other way can the Government find work for the masses. But, unfortunately, this is a class of work that cannot be undertaken in any numbers at once. If the people can manage for the next two months, all this talk of hard times will be silenced.

MISSION WORK AT HOME.

THE REPORT of Chief Thompson for the year 1918, completed as it is in every detail, shows that all religious denomination in the city was represented by those who that year fell into the hands of the police for various offences, from infraction of the speed or traffic laws to the commission of theft. In the Chief's category as printed, no single denomination has the right to plume itself upon its righteousness. Representatives of all of them have sinned and suffered. If any one cares to take trouble to figure out the problem, it will probably be found that the number of arrests was in proportion to the relative number of each denomination.

It is not, however, to be supposed that the prisoners at the police station who have been religiously classified by the Chief were members in good standing of the churches with which they claimed connection. It is more likely that their relation was claimed simply because other members of their families, including their parents, were of that faith, and that they had found in the church sufficient moral support to keep them in the narrow way. There are people who identify themselves with this or that church, when investigation of their claim is likely to show that only on two notable occasions were they ever in a place of worship, when they were christened and then again in attendance at a wedding, their own or that of friends.

The particular feature of Chief Thompson's report was discussed the other day at a gathering of citizens, every man of whom was a church member in good standing. It was regarded as deplorable that so many professing Christians should be caught in the meshes of the law. When the conclusion was reached that there is an abundant field for home mission work in Peterborough and that it is not the part of wisdom to attempt to convert heathendom while there are so many flagrant sinners right in Peterborough.

But the records of the police do not begin to give an adequate idea of the real social conditions that exist in some quarters of this city which is given to boast of its absence of slums. One half the world does not know how the other half lives, and for the peace of mind of the former it is perhaps as well that they do not. There are officials in the city, the relief officer for one, and the active workers of the Salvation Army, who could tell stories of abject want and horrible living conditions among the poor that would horrify the credulous. An actual visit to these conditions is required to convince those who imagine that this is really an enlightened age, in which even the humblest has solved the problem of a decent existence. But there are families in this city who, if they know anything about the laws of cleanliness, consistently ignore them. Water is free and soap is cheap, but there are those who do not avail themselves of these advantages. There are residents of this city who lack even comfortable wearing apparel. There are fatherless children growing up improperly nourished and inadequately clad, and it is not hard to imagine into what type of men and women these little ones will develop. The slum, the crowded tenement, is the cradle of vice. The lack of classification that affects the physical growth of the rising generation poisons and dwarfs the moral nature as well.

There is need of mission work right here at home. There is need for the local branch of the Social Service Council that has not been organized. This is a work, too, in which the laity have interest themselves. There has been too much a tendency to leave too much to the churches. The clergy have their clearly-defined and onerous duties. They cannot accomplish everything without the co-operation of those in the pews. More and more the responsibility of the parents for the religious training of their children is being shifted to the Sunday school, which has a chance for instructing the young only one short hour a week. When the members of the Social Service Council get busy they are likely to be amazed when they realize the necessity for such effort.

Those who object to foreign mission work are fond of quoting the instructions given the first Christian workers to begin their labors in Jerusalem—which means at home. That precept is certainly entitled to the highest consideration, but it surely does not contain anything to circumscribe religious effort by confining it to one locality for all time. If that interpretation were correct and faithfully followed, the entire world outside of Jerusalem would still be waiting for its first gospel message. If the disciples had remained in Jerusalem until the last vestige of sin had disappeared, the work would still be confined to that narrow field.

THE WEARINESS OF DEBATE.

PRESIDENT MACARTHUR, of the Independent Labor Party, has introduced and seems likely to insist upon a procedure which other presiding officers in the city would do well to adopt. At the public meetings held by the new party from time to time the speeches are limited, and the aim of President MacArthur is to have the proceedings terminate not later than 10 o'clock.

Many a worthy object in this city has literally been talked into the grave. What is really wanted in meetings that deal with important public questions is less fruitless oratory and more real action. To permit a popular gathering to drag along until midnight or later is to make certain a limited attendance at the next meeting for the same purpose. The trouble with the most of the orators is that the time of the audience is monopolized by a few speakers who are distinguished largely by a talent for destructive criticism.

Let a preacher get a reputation for long sermons and he will soon find himself talking to an array of empty pews. The theatrical performance or any other form of amusement that dragged itself aimlessly along would soon perish for lack of support. What the people really want is action, not a flow of language.

Someone suggests that public meetings be called to discuss further the Hunter street bridge. Why plan to send even that proposition to the cemetery? In all conscience there has been talk enough on this project. What the people want now is to see something done, and the aldermen, with a mandate in their possession, are surely competent to go ahead without further counsel from the ratepayers who have deputized the city fathers to act for them.

The most businesslike public body in the city is the Board of Education. Their sessions are brief. It may be said in explanation that the most of their work is done in committee. But even granting that point, the members of the Board do not adopt the custom of the City Council and thresh out again in open session straw that has already been thoroughly flailed in the committee room.

MICHIGAN COURTS AND PROHIBITION.

THE PROHIBITION LAW which has been in force in Michigan for nearly a year and which was adopted as a constitutional amendment by a vote of the people, is in many respects as drastic as our own Ontario Temperance Act. It decreed, for example, that it was an offence for a man to carry liquor on his person. It gave the officer all but unlimited power to institute a search for liquor anywhere, in a private residence or in the suit case of a traveller.

There were objections to these features of the Michigan enactment, and the matter was carried to the Supreme Court of the State, composed of judges who are elected for a term of seven years each and who are supposed to represent the judicial wisdom of the commonwealth. That tribunal has ruled that it is contrary to the spirit of the American Constitution to search a man's premises or personal property without due legal process, and that to carry liquor on the person cannot be made an offence. Still, this ruling by the court does not weaken the Act to any extent by interfering with its enforcement. The embargo upon the importation of liquor into dry territory still stands.

The decision of the Supreme Court in any State in the American Union is final, and no appeal can be taken from it except when the question involved has to do with a Federal enactment, when the United States Supreme Court has the last say. The ruling of the Michigan court ends litigation on the temperance issue for all time. Here in Canada the lawyers are given to talk of the slow legal procedure of American courts, but constitutional matters can be disposed of for all time, and often even within forty-eight hours after the issue is first presented to the tribunal.

Final adjudication of such a question in Canada would be a slow and expensive process. The case would be carried from one court to another, and the finding of none of these would be binding until the Privy Council over in England had finally passed upon it. The reason for this variety of process is not apparent unless it may be that the system is religiously maintained in order to make business for the legal fraternity. It cannot be that the judiciary of Canada are inferior in any way to the members of the same profession across the ocean.

One of the planks in the platform of the Independent Labor Party demands that the rulings of the Supreme Court of Canada shall be final. The point is by no means a new one, having been frequently discussed in Parliament, but in a body in which the legal profession predominates no such change is ever likely to be made. There are others, besides the lawyers, opposed to such a proposition, men who are prone to regard homage as patriotism and to accept the condition in question as another tie that binds the Dominion to the Motherland.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

DEPORT EVERY ALIEN whose department warrants such a measure.

* * * * *

AND STILL the Hamilton police are unable to either stop or explain those "mystery" murders.

* * * * *

AUSTRIA REFUSES to have truck or trade with the Germans, in the light of recent events, who can blame her?

* * * * *

AT LEAST POLAND proposes to begin right on its new career, with a duly elected president instead of a mere usurperer.

* * * * *

WHEN THE HUNTER STREET bridge is completed the long suffering Ashburnhamites will have something worth while to live for at last.

MAKING SLAVES OF SUPERMEN

(New York Times.)

The noble soul of German Hauptmann is affronted by the suspicion that 800,000 Germans are to be held as "slaves" in France to repair the wanton devastation of German armies. "For a realization of this idea," he says, "there is not the slightest moral or reasonable possibility, but it may be that morals and reason will be thrown overboard. Think of it—Germans, Christians, republicans, Europeans, to be the slaves of France." Against this infamy he invokes the memory of Lafayette, the progress in the moral feeling of mankind which abolished slavery—until 1914.

Of course, for hundreds of thousands of allied prisoners of war to be slaves in Germany, forced by blows and starvation to work for their enemies, was a different sort of slavery. For hundreds of thousands of Belgian workingmen to be carried off from their homes and worked to death in German mines and factories was a different sort of slavery. For thousands of French and Belgian women to be forced to submit to the brutalities of the German troops was a different sort of slavery. These were "Christians, republicans, Europeans," but they were not Germans.

Hauptmann never protested against slavery when the masters were Germans and the slaves French. When Romain Rolland early in the war, called on him and the other "intellectual" leaders of Germany to express their opinion not of the attack on France, not of the invasion of Belgium, not even of the slaughter of noncombatants, but of the destruction of treasured monuments of the past of "warfare against the human spirit," Hauptmann answered. And his answer was summed up in one of its contemptuous phrases—"War is war." We Germans are going to battle with Homer, Nietzsche, Schopenhauer, or the Bible in every soldier's knapsack; our victory means the independence of Europe, and the end justifies the means.

At that time we could suppose that Hauptmann, like the ninety-three professors, might have been terrorized by the military power, that he dared not speak his own mind. Nothing prevents him today from saying what he thinks, and it appears that he thinks that it is an excellent thing to force innocent French and Belgians to be slaves in Germany, but an outrage to compel German soldiers to repair the damage that they have done. His views might be studied with profit by those among us who have lately begun to praise the Germans and condemn the French.

WIT AND WISDOM

Unexpected Reply

"Do you see that gentleman over there, the handsome fellow twirling his mustache?" said one woman to another to whom she had just been introduced. "He has been watching me all the evening and making eyes at me. I think he must be smitten. Do you know who he is?"

"Yes, he is my husband."

Oh, That's Different

"Your first husband must still love you?"

"Why so?"

"He tells me that he owes a great deal to you."

"He's referring to the back alimony."

Will-o'-the-Wisp

Knicker—Has Jones returned to pre-war work?

Bocker—Yes, he is looking for the same job he was looking for.

Too Brief

Jonah emerged.

"Since my sea service was only three days, I'll never be able to wear a nice gold stripe," he moaned.

What Did She Mean.

A rather different meaning from the one conveyed was intended by the old lady, who said to her friends:

"No man was better calculated to judge of pork than my poor husband was. He knew what good hogs were, for he had been brought up with 'em from his childhood.

Getting Bored

Knicker—What were you wondering?

Bocker—When will trillions come in style.

Why Shouldn't He Call?

A pawnbroker in a small country town was awakened in the middle of the night by a furious knocking at his shop door, says Tit Bits. He opened his window and looked out.

"Wh-wh-what's the matter?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Come down," demanded the stranger.

"Who are—"

"Come down! "interrupted the other.

The pawnbroker hastened downstairs and peeped round the door. "Now sir," he demanded.

"I wan'sh to know the time!" said the bibulous one.

"You blinking idiot. Do you mean to say you woke me up for that? How dare you?"

The midnight visitor looked injured. "Well you've got my watch," he explained.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she wonders who will take Mr. Paderewski's place in the artistic field now that he has laid aside the violin.

Hamilton's tax rate will be 32 mills, exclusive of Provincial war tax (a mill more), which is 5 mills higher than last year.

Miss Mae Mills of Brockville, just trained in Kingston, has been appointed superintendent of the Fort William Isolation Hospital.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

I was awawking to skool slow this morning and sumbody called me, being grandpop, saying, Benny tell your mother not to expect me for supper tonite, because I cant come. I was jest going to stop in and tell her myself but now I dont haff to.

Yes, sir, I sed. And I forgot all about it, an tonite wen I went in for supper nobody wasent eating yet and I sed, G wizz aint supper reddy yet?

Thats what I say ,im as hungry as a bear and a cupple of lions, I dont see eny use waiting eny longer sed pop.

Now Willyum, you know how angry father gets wen we don't wait for him, sed ma.

Yes, and I know how angry my stummick gets wen I neglect it jest as if it was some strangers stummick sed pop.

He awt to be heer eny minnit now, sed ma, and pop sed. No he awtent, he awt to of bin heer eny minit a half hour ago, lets eat, Im as hungry as a wolf and a cage full of hippopopotamusses.

Now, Whilyum, be patient, sed ma, and pop sed, Sure Ill be patient, but meenwile, lets eat.

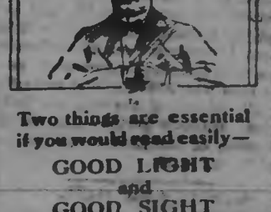
Goodniss, Willyum, he'll be heer eny minnit ,sed ma, and pop sed, And Ill drop ded from hunger eny minit, very well, wich do you prefer, a ded empty empty husband or a slightly peeved father?

Dont be silly, he'll be heer eny minnit, sed ma, and pop sed, Pawleen, if you say that once more Ill deny it publickly. Wich jest them I remembered, saying, O, G, pap, O, G, ma, grandpop aint coming, I saw him on my way to skool this morning and he aint coming.

Renny, do you like chicken pot pie,

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels and break up colds. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



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POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A long face is a poor investment.

Faint praise will not obstruct a flow of words.

Never call a man a fool; he may know enough to resent it.

Even rough men can be gentle when they meet a real woman.

Fortunate is the man upon whose face is written a letter of credit.

A married woman seldom goes on the lecture platform; she has an audience at home.

But, the man who thinks he knows it all hasn't sense enough to know that he doesn't.

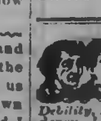
DEMAND INDEPENDENCE

Philippine Delegation Will Ask U. S. for Home Rule.

Washington, Feb. 22.—A commission of 25 Filipinos have sailed from Manila to come to the United States and ask complete independence for the Philippine Islands.

The commission is expected in Washington by April 1, and is headed by Manuel L. Quezon, president of the Philippine Senate and formerly delegate to Congress.

This mission will not only plead the cause of Philippine independence but will seek to develop commercial relations between the islands and the United States.



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Among our hundreds of testimonials is one from Mr. R. O. David, King's Co., N.S. Mr. David writes:

"I suffered from Backache and Kidney trouble, so much so that I could hardly straighten up. I got a box of Gin Pills and they relieved me immediately. I have continued to take Gin Pills, and now the pains in both hips and back are gone. I shall always recommend Gin Pills to my friends and others suffering."

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Sold at 50c a box everywhere throughout Canada—50c a box. A free sample will be sent you if you write to The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont. U. S. residents should address Na Dru-Co., Inc., 204 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N.Y. 134

Railroads Will Employ Thousands

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—Information is coming to the Repatriation and Employment Committee to the effect that there will be no scarcity of work with the various railway companies as soon as spring opens.

West of Port Arthur the C.P.R. and C.N.R. are going to require 16,000 men for the summer, the former company using 6,000 men and the latter 10,000. Already a large number of boarding cars are being fitted up and the camps set in order to receive these men, and it is anticipated that the movement of labor required to these points will be commenced within a few weeks.

From all indications in various parts of the country the entire situation may be so totally changed within the next four months that Canada will be actually looking for labor rather than having a surplus of workers.

FEWER CONVICTS.

Unmarried in Large Majority; Abstainers Under 20 Per Cent.

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—Convicts in Canadian penitentiaries at the close of the year numbered 1,462, as compared with 1,694 at the close of the previous year. Of the 1,463, 1,401 professed Christian creeds, 50 non-Christian creeds, and 12 no creeds at all. In social habits the total is divided into: Abstainers, 286; temperate, 745; intemperate, 432. The unmarried are in large majority. They total 832, the married 504, and the widowed 67.

Actions speak louder than words. Some men never say die, yet they all have to do it.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

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LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

As a general rule, on those rare occasions when we better doctors make serious mistakes we say nothing ill of the deceased, but quietly bury the mistake.

Now the subject of our discourse today, brethren, is a dreadful mistake that was made by an eminent doctor and never buried at all, but, on the contrary, embalmed for the ages in imperishable type.

The mistake to which I refer is published in chapter 19 of Dr. Noah Webster's great romance entitled, "The Unlabridged." In that chapter the etymologist treats the word somersault, and the treatment is something scandalous. I have no doubt that many a reader of this column who has the habit of consulting specialists, instead of leaving everything to the family doctor as I have repeatedly urged, has received a broken neck for his pain in consulting Dr. Webster as to the modus operandi of somersaults. For this renowned and learned doctor holds that a somersault is a running leap in the air in which the poor dupe turns a complete revolution, or something of the kind.

Great guns, just think of doing that half a dozen times before breakfast. It would be a huge mistake.

That isn't what a somersault is at all. Sure, Noah must have been a singularly dense and unobservant person if that was his candid opinion of somersaults.

Now, let me define a somersault. What Dr. Webster describes as a somersault is an air spring, if I have ever seen a circus, and I never miss one for anything less than a funeral in the family.

A somersault is a roll in the vertical plane, in which the palpitating body makes a complete revolution, 'tis true enough, but throughout the whole adventure nobody goes up in the air; the body never for an instant loses touch with the floor. Why, it is mere child's play. Ask any child to roll you a somersault if you do not know how to do it.

When I prescribe six somersaults each night and morning for people with sallow complexion, constipation, difficult digestion, flatulency, poor circulation, cold feet, liver spots and such things, I mean somersaults and not air springs. So if any reader consults Dr. Webster on the q. t. about it, and then goes and breaks his neck, let him bring the action against the etymologist. It is no concern of mine.

Swimming Instructor's Flapdoodle.

"A swimming instructor at the gym told us that all nervous persons should discontinue drinking milk, as the casein of milk only poisons them. He said the proteids are the flesh forming foods as distinguished from the energy forming foods. Is this correct? E. M. R."

Your adviser may be a fine swimming instructor, but if you understood him aright he also knows how to emit considerable flapdoodle between strokes. His knowledge of nutrition is evidently unique and his application of the knowledge if weird. Proteids in the diet are indispensable for the repair of wear and tear and for growth. They are not safely diminished below a reasonable minimum.

Yeast Puffed.

"I had had pimples on my face for the past thirteen years and by taking yeast for a few weeks cleared up remarkably. But what is more remarkable is that the yeast seems to relieve stomach trouble more than anything I have ever taken (and I have taken a lot of things). It prevents that bloated, distressed, nauseated feeling and heartburn. I wish you could tell me whether there is any harm in continuing with the yeast as long as one chooses.

No. It is a good food.

ROBBERS CAUGHT, MONEY IS FOUND.

Sudbury, Feb. 21.—Two foreigners held up another countryman on the streets of Sudbury after dark and relieved him of $750. After an automobile chase the men were arrested and the money was found in their pockets.

SIR WILFRID'S BIOGRAPHER

Kingston, Feb. 21.—Among the Kingston delegation in Ottawa to attend the funeral of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier is Prof. O. D. Skelton of Queen's University, who has been preparing a biography of the Liberal Chieftain which is soon to be published.

SENT EDITOR A "CASE"

Mildmay Publisher Rejected Chance to Get Dozen Bottles.

Under the heading "The Joke That Failed," the Gazette of Mildmay, Ont., says:

Some person with more money than wit nearly managed to get the editor into trouble last week. On Wednesday, after the arrival of the noon train, the agent called up the Gazette and asked if we were expecting a parcel from Montreal. We replied that the only shipment that might come to this office from Montreal would be some advertising cuts. The agent informed us, however, that the parcel did not contain newspaper cuts, but was suspiciously like a case of whiskey. The shipment was very distinctly addressed to the Gazette Publishing Company, but we ordered the agent not to have the goods delivered. It was not long, however, until there were further developments in the case. It appears that License Inspector Elliott, of Stratford, learned that a case of liquor was en route to Mildmay and he set out to trace it up. At nine o'clock in the evening Inspectors Elliott and White called at the depot and confiscated the shipment and carried it off to Walkerton. Meanwhile, we suppose the party who hoped to get the booze is feeling very much disappointed. Perhaps he intended it as an act of kindness to the editor, but we would prefer him to show his generosity in other ways.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.

DANGER LURKS IN EVERY ONE OF US

We Are As Full of Deadly Poisons As A Germ Laboratory.

AUTO-INTOXICATION OR SELF-POISONING

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Absolutely Prevents This Dangerous Condition.

The chief cause of poor health is our neglect of the bowels. Waste matter, instead of passing from the system regularly every day, is allowed to remain there, generating poisons which are absorbed by the blood.

In other words, a person who is habitually constipated, is poisoning himself. We know now that *Auto-intoxication*, due to non-action of the bowels, is *directly responsible* for serious Kidney and Bladder Troubles; that it upsets the Stomach, causes Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Sleeplessness; that chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Pain In The Back, are relieved as soon as the bowels become regular; and that Pimples, Rashes, Eczema and other Skin Affections disappear when "Fruit-a-tives" are taken to correct Constipation.

"Fruit-a-tives" will protect you against Auto-intoxication because this wonderful fruit medicine acts directly on all three eliminating organs.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ENTHUSED OVER S. S. CONVENTION

Those in charge of the arrangements for the Sunday School Convention to be held in Peterborough on Sunday and Monday, March 2nd and 3rd, are leaving no stone untured to make it absolutely the premier convention, both from point of interest and profit to teacher, scholar and parent.

The representatives of the various churches have been meeting regularly and the enthusiasm is like a rolling snowball, gradually increasing in size and importance. At 4.15 p.m. on Sunday, Feb. 23rd, the representatives of the churches and Sunday Schools will meet in Murray Street Sunday School parlor to complete arrangements. It is hoped by the committee that each Sunday School superintendent will personally see to it that his school is fully represented at this meeting. That their interests may not be overlooked a full representation is imperative next Sunday they say.

There will be here from Toronto Messrs. Halpenny, representing the Methodist; Dayfoot, representing the Baptists; Hiltz, representing the Anglicans, and Meyers, representing the Presbyterians, who will speak in the interests of Sunday School work, its ethics and importance in the community.

ARMY TO BE FORMED

Will Keep the Fold Until Germany Pays Up.

Paris, Feb. 22.—L'Intransigeant hears an inter-allied army soon will be formed to keep the field until Germany makes complete financial settlement. The army, it is said, would included 850,000 French, 450,000 Americans, 350,000 British and 100,000 Belgians.

Histories Of Canadian Units

RECORD OFFICE IN LONDON HAS PREPARED INTERESTING VOLUME.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—The Department of Public Information has received from the Canadian War Records office in London, the first instalment of the histories of Canadian battalions, which have served at the front. The consignment consists of the stories of the tenth, thirteenth, twenty-eight and Princess Patricia Battalions, in pamphlet form, which will be available on application at the nominal charge of fifteen cents.

The histories follow the fortunes of the four units from their formation in Canada up to the operations at Passchendaele in October and November, 1917, although in the case of the 13th Battalion, the history ends with the taking of Hill 70.

The stories written in narrative form, and make very interesting reading. The first gas attack of Ypres and the gallant fighting of the Candians in that bloody battle, the Somme operations, the taking of Vimy Ridge and the subsequent fighting around Lens, the spectacular capture of the famous Hill 70, and the splendid work of the men from the Dominions at Passchendaele are dealt with in detail by the writers in possession of all available data, and who have themselves seen service on the Western front.

The history of the renowned "Princess Pats," which carried a cut of the Princess Patricia, is especially interesting.

THIS IS AN AGE OF WEAK NERVES

MEN AND WOMEN ALIKE SUFFER FROM THIS SERIOUS AILMENT.

"No heart for anything" is the cry of thousands of men and women who might be made well and strong by the new, rich red blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make.

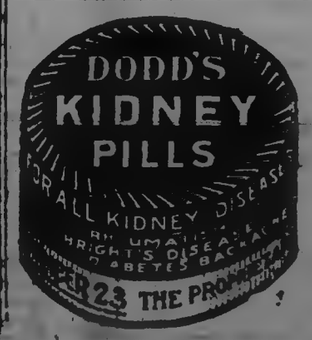
Misery day and night is the lot of hosts of men and women who are today the victims of weak nerves. Thin, pale, drawn faces and dejected attitude tell a sad tale, for nervous weakness means being tortured by morbid thoughts and unaccountable fits of depression. These sufferers are painfully sensitive and easily agitated by some chance remark. Sleeplessness robs them of energy and strength; their eyes are sunken and their limbs tremble; appetite is poor and memory often fails. This nervous exhaustion is one of the most serious evils affecting men and women of today. The only way to bring back sound, vigorous health is to feed the starved nerves, which are clamoring for new, rich blood. This new blood can be had through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which fact accounts for the thousands of cures of nervous diseases brought about by this powerful blood builder and nerve restorer. Through a fair use of this medicine thousands of despondent people have been made bright, active and strong, among these is Miss Biblane Chiasson, South Beach, Que., who says:—"I am a teacher by profession, and probably due to the close confinement and arduous nature of my duties I became much run down and suffered from extreme nervousness. The least noise would startle me, and my heart would beat violently. Indeed my condition was an unhappy one. I had often heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure of nervous troubles and decided to give them a fair trial. I am happy to say that this medicine completely restored my health, and I can confidently recommend it to all suffering from nervous troubles."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The transport Royal George reached Halifax with 1,424 Canadian soldiers, and the Empress of Britain is expected about Tuesday with 3,149 more.

Nelson Edgerton fell off a load of logs at the Ontario Bark Company's camp at Novae, Parry Sound District, and the sleigh passed over his head.

Mrs. Leonard Spence and her daughter, Mrs. George Bougher, died of influenza within five hours of each other yesterday morning at Brantford.



PRINCIPAL KENNER'S ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO MEMORY OF FALLEN

Fitting Honor Paid Last Night at the Commencement Exercises to the Fifty-Seven Former Students of the Collegiate Who Went Overseas Never to Return.

The most impressive feature of the Collegiate Institute Commencement exercises last night was the superb address of Principal Kenner, spoken in eulogy of the fifty-seven students who in the late war lost their lives in the service of the Empire, and all of whom, with a single exception, had attended the Collegiate since Mr. Kenner became a member of the staff. In polished periods he paid tribute to their gallantry, extolled their sacrifice, and expressed graceful and eloquent appreciation of the value of their services to humanity.

Enlarged photos of fifty-four of those whose names are engraved on the honor roll adorn the walls of the Collegiate and the likenesses of these were thrown upon the screen last night at the conclusion of Mr. Kenner's eulogy. A brief reference was made to each by the Principal. The graves of many of the fallen have been marked in the vast cemeteries of France or Flanders, but the last resting place of some of them is unknown. The story of the end of many of the fifty-seven has been told by those who were with them when they died, while the fate of others is a mystery that will probably never be cleared up. Ueber Rogers was for a long time numbered with the dead, and services in his memory were held in St. Luke's Church in Ashburnham, but later he was located in a German prison camp, and is now on his way home. More than one sorrowing relative is still clinging to the slender hope that the son or brother, from whom nothing has been heard for months, may yet be alive.

The audience sat with bowed heads while Mr. Kenner offered up a brief prayer that the fallen heroes might find eternal peace and rest.

Mr. Roland Denne, who presided at the exercises last night, as chairman of the School Board, made a suggestion that appealed to the large audience that was in attendance. He called attention to the fact that the Collegiate Institute lacks facilities for gymnasium work, for manual training and for the teaching of household science. His idea is to erect a building in which all these departments could find a home and which would serve as a fitting memorial to the former students who gave their lives when the call to service came to them.

The Program.

The spacious assembly room at the Collegiate was crowded to capacity by friends and relatives of the students, and an excellent program was rendered, the fancy drill by the girl students under the direction of Miss Sanderson being especially pleasing, the performance showing the perfect training of those who took part. The musical numbers consisted of a piano solo by Mr. Otto Gliddon, a solo by Miss Florence Scott, and a piano solo by Miss Jean Elliott.

The departmental diplomas were presented by Mr. Joseph Wearing, who gave as a preliminary an admirable and practical address on the value of education, which he regarded as one of the great powers of the world.

Mr. Carl Browne, M.A., presented the athletic prizes which were won last Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. G. O. Cameron, a member of the Board of Education, was charged with the duty of presenting the Nicholls scholarships to the six winners of those high honors, and which vary in amount from $20 to $10, $100 in all, the yearly income from the $2000 fund bequeathed by the late Mrs. Nicholls for that purpose. Mr. Cameron added to his reputation as one of the brightest and most interesting speakers in the city, one whose remarks are filled with natural wit as well as practical common sense. He was pleased to style himself a past master of the order of bad boys, a society found in every school and in was pleased to style himself as past active member, according to his own frank confession, when he was a collegiate student himself. As such boys invariably turn out well in after life Mr. Cameron's confessions are entitled to be received with unqualified credence.

Miss Gladman's Record.

The most distinguished student at the Collegiate last year, as shown by the results of the departmental examinations was Miss Gretchen Gladman, who is now taking a university course in Toronto. Miss Gladman was awarded the second Edward Blake scholarship in Moderns at Toronto University and the William Dickson scholarship in Moderns at Trinity College. She was down on the program to deliver the class valedictory but was unable to be present. The address which she had prepared for the occasion was read by James Pogue, whose name appears among the winners of prizes for athletics.

The following is a list of the successful students in the various departments:

Scholarship Winners.

Honor Matriculation—Miss Gretchen Gladman.

Faculty Entrance, Part II.—Miss Helen Halstead.

Faculty Entrance, Part I.—Miss Isabel Baird.

Junior Matriculation—Miss Claire Mason.

Middle School Normal Entrance—Ralph Meserve.

Lower School Normal Entrance—Miss Madeline Stinson.

Athletic Prize Winners.

Staff cup—D. Fitzgerald.

Senior Championship Medal—D. Fitzgerald.

The H. S. Macdonald Cup—Jack Porteous.

Junior Championship Medal—Jack Porteous.

Winners of first place in one or more events:—Charles Elliott, Bernard Park, Graham Eastwood, John Fanning, Amess Conway, James Pogue, Karl Kirn, Gordon Yeaman, and Misses M. Pulkinghorn, F. Adams, D. Mills, A. Shelton, M. Connal, F. Auston, D. Cowan, D. Clegg, A. Milburn.

Departmental Examination Results.

Faculty Entrance Part I.

Isabel Baird (honors); Margaret Connal, Maida Conner, Ruth Defoe, Mary Eastwood, Wilhelmina Perrin, Rita Robb, Elizabeth Hardwicke (starred in 1 subject).

Faculty Entrance, Part II.

Helen Halstead (honors); Olive Armstrong, Teresa Moloney, Ethel Steele.

Middle School Normal Entrance

Florence Pammett (honors); Ralph Meserve (honors); Jean Anderson, Violet Buckham, Minto Brownscombe, Mary Campbell, John Carlisle, Ralph Cowan, Kathleen Dunbar, Gordon Ego, Gladstone Finkle, George Green, Aloha Horn, Scott Hutchinson, Quinnie Johnston, May McNevan, Audrey Miller, Ethel Morrison, Elizabeth Mowat, Agnes Neill, Russel Pogue, Vera Porteous, Grace Purvis, Ethel Rowe, Janet Sanderson, Florence Staunton, George Munro.

Lower School Normal Entrance

Madeline Stinson (honors); Hattie Anderson, Edna Conner, Marion Clark, Sophrona Craig, John Hassell, Verda Huston, Mabel Hutchinson; Alberta Hunter, Marjorie Ketchenson,

(Continued on Page 4.)

RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

PIMPLES ARE IMPURITIES SEEKING AN OUTLET THROUGH SKIN PORES.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the kidneys create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities, which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority is to get from any druggist about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels, also stimulate the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and so relieve the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia; you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the stomach and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

13 First Run New Reels **ROYAL** **Double show For Single Admission 16c**

Special for Monday Afternoon and Evening High Class FOX Pictures, Dramas, Western and Comedies---TOM MIX in "Western Blood" in 5 parts---William Fox presents the two Extravnganzas, "Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves" in 5 Parts---High Class Sunshine Comedies, 2 parts---Mutt and Jeff, 1 Reel.

Don't Miss Monday's Matinee - - - Admission 16c to All

At Once! Stops Stomach Distress!

Indigestion pain, food souring, acidity, gas, and heartburn go instantly! Pleasant relief!

Wonder what you ate to upset your stomach?

Don't bother! Here is relief!

The moment Pape's Diapepsin reaches your unsettled stomach all the lumps of indigestion pain, distress, gases, acidity, headache and dyspepsia go.

Costs so little at drug stores.

UPSET? **Pape's Diapepsin** WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

SPECIALISTS CANNOT BE TURNED OUT BY COLLEGES

Dr. Moir Tells Life Problem Club That Five Years Preliminary Training in General Practice is Necessary.

Last night Dr. Moir, who was a silver medalist in medicine, Toronto University, 1902, gave a short talk to the Intermediate Life Problem Club at the Y.M.C.A. on "Medicine as a Profession."

So far this winter the club has been addressed by Mr. Raper, on "Physical Instruction as a Profession"; Mr. W. J. Allin, on "Insurance"; Dr. Middleton, on "Dentistry"; Mr. G. N. Gordon, on "Law"; Mr. C. C. Parsons, on "Banking."

Dr. Moir's talk, in substance, was as follows:

"Before speaking to you on surgery as a profession I wish to say a few words on 'the true conception of life. This is that we are all here for a definite purpose. Our life is not to be frittered away in idle pleasures, but is a talent to be used for the benefit of our fellowmen, and with honor to our Creator. The greatest example of a man who had the true conception of life was Christ, who once said, 'I came not to be ministered unto, but to minister.' We have a pleasant feeling when we have performed some service to our fellowmen, instead of yielding that a person should not have some pleasure or leisure time, quite the contrary.

"The need for a true conception of life is apparent when applied to medicine. There is no calling demanding so much self-sacrifice as the medical profession. What would happen if the doctors went on strike for a 30-hour week. Why shouldn't we have as much time to ourselves as other men? But no man gets any pleasure doing as little as he can. The greatest amount of happiness comes from performing one's life work well.

"Before one is qualified to take up surgery as a life work, he needs to master the ground work of both surgery and medicine. Before a man takes up surgery as a specialty he should have had at least five years in general practise.

"The surgical and medical professions are not two distinct and separate professions. It is a difficult problem to tell where medical treatment ends and surgical treatment begins. The tendency nowadays seems to be to turn out specialists wholesale. Six years is the length of the medical course in Toronto University. At present one can take a special course in the last two years in either skin diseases, surgery, eye, ear, nose and throat treatment, etc. Now the older doctors think that this is an unwise act on the part of the university.

In choosing a life work one should consider where his life will be the most useful, and for what profession he is best adapted. Don't chose your profession on your own wisdom, but consult with older people. Above all seek Divine guidance. Our Creator gave us our life. Should He not direct us how to use it? Once having decided on your profession, set your mind on your goal and bend all your energies to achieving it. It is wonderful how things become easier as you go along.

"Some people have an idea that a large part of surgery is operating, and that it wrecks the nervous system. There is absolutely no nervous strain on a man accustomed to the work. I, myself, would rather operate for four hours than make three calls in three different houses. Surgery is not hard once one has mastered the technic and knows the anatomy.

"The hard thing about operating is to know what and when to do it. This is in the operating room. The real work comes before and after the operation. The diagroses is made before the operation, and the patient has to be taken care of after the operation. To make a correct diagnosis you need ability to reason thoroughly which calls for a legal mind. All depends on the careful, well-studied diagnosis.

"There is an idea that the war was a good thing for surgery. No! War surgery is no good in civil life. In war time the operations are largely emergency, but in civil practice not one case in 1,000 is an injury. There were not many who operated in France but those who did became skilled in the use of the instruments. As for myself, I would rather be operated upon by a slow, deliberative doctor, than one that moves more quickly.

"Surgery is a large field. But one must know his fundamentals well, and be proficient in medicine. During a preliminarily general practise one learns things not learned in colleges or from books. He gains confidence in himself. After a doctor has a good general practise and has learned his fundamentals well, he should narrow down his field. Of course, there is no chance for the doctor in outlying districts to specialize, but they do good work. Once one has mastered the fundamentals, likes surgery, and thinks he is adapted to it, he should gradually cut off other branches. We become more proficient in surgery after we have had preliminary work, and cut down our sidelines.

"I believe that trouble will arise from the turning out of so many specialists. These men are without a preliminary grounding in medicine and should have at least five years general practice.

"My advice is that after graduating one should do general practice for five years, then take a post graduate course—a change is as good as a rest—and then turn to surgery as a profession."

Overland
Overland Model Ninety Touring, $1360; Model 85-4 Touring, $1495; Willys-Knight Four Touring, $2575; Willys Six, $2425 f. o. b. West Toronto
"The Thoroughbred"
The spirited, dependable performance of Overland Model 90 has won the admiration of thousands of owners. Its stamina and endurance have built up a world-wide prestige founded squarely on service. Owners are safer guides than specifications.
Chas. R. Banks
Dealer - - - Charlotte Street
Willys-Overland, Limited, Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario
Branches: Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

PRINCIPAL KENNER'S

(Continued from Page 3.)

Annie Matchett, Gertrude Middleton, Donald Munro, Jessie Pollard, Allan Robinson, Georgina Shearer, Donald Sunderson, Daisy Webber.

Junior Matriculation

Jean Anderson, Earl Barrie, Migto Brownscombe, Violet Buckham, Mary Campbell, John Carlisle, Ralph Cowan, Gordon Ego, Gladstone Finnie, George Green, Aloha Horn, Cuinte Johnston, Claire Mason, May McNevan, Ralph Meserve, Elizabeth Minnett, Florence Pammett, Russell Pogue, Vera Porteous, George Sunderland.

Partial Matriculation

Charles Elliott, Doris A. Park, Donald Fitzgerald.

Honor Matriculation

Daisy Bergoine—1st class honors in German; 2nd class in French, and 3rd class in English, Latin, and Mathematics.

Stanley Braund—3rd Class honors in French.

Gretchen Gladman—1st class honors in English, French, German and Latin; 3rd class in mathematics.

Elton Meredith—2nd class honors in French; 3rd class in mathematics, physics, and chemistry.

Muriel porteous—1st class honors in French.

First class honors	5
Second class honors	2
Third class honors	8
Total honors	15

"One Lonesome Boy"

1915

Lt.-Col. George Bennett
Pte. Willie Gibson
Pte. George Minorgan
Trooper Merton Adams
Pte. Bert Carpenter
Pte. Charles Dean
Pte. Max Smith

1916

Lt. Arthur Ackerman M.C.
Sapper Stuart Anderson
Sergt. Laidlaw Anderson
Sergt. Howard Curtis, M.M.
Trooper Trevor Cuffe
Sergt.-Maj. Harry Edmison
Pte. James English
Pte. Cecil Feeney
Lt. Robert Fair
Lieut. Stanley Fife
Lieut. Stuart Laing
Cpl. Angus McIntosh
Lieut. Billy Morris
Lieut. Harold Matthews
Lieut. Stanley Pringle
Pte. George Read
Lieut. Crawford Rush
Lieut. Harold Smith
Sergt. Clarence Smith
Cpl. Sydney Smythe

1917

Gnr. Willie Carruthers
Flight-Lt. Fred Cressman
Pte. Leroy Chambers
Pte. Fred Cooper
Lieut. Garnet Dolman
Capt. Adjt. Harold Hill
Pte. Marvin Kennedy
Lieut. James Marsh
Pte. Orland Morrow
Capt. Grant Mowat
Capt. Romulus Picard
Sgt. William Shepherdson
Pte. Stanley Smith
Pte. Harold LeBarr

1918

Gnr. Millard Brooks
Pte. John Cameron
Capt. Ross Cameron
Pte. John Davidson
Bdr. Herbert Dixon
Pte. Arthur Frost
Flight-Lt. Arthur Hoycke
Pte. Arthur Lewis
Pte. Lionel McIntosh
Flight-Lt. Lorne McIntyre
Pte. Max Paterson
Nursing Sister Marion Overend
Pte. Edgar Smyth
Major Arthur Wood, M.C.
Lt. Harry Latimer

A PIONEER-BUILDER

The Famous Gerhard-Heintzman Piano has fifty years of experience in its manufacture. It is known as the pioneer-builder, and may be found in the best homes from coast to coast. It is one of the world's greatest pianos and its mellow and resonant tone appeals to all lovers of music. Mr. F. Bruce Hutchinson is now the Gerhard-Heintzman Company's representative for Peterborough city and district and is being favored with gratifying and increasing business. His address is 334 Rubidge street, Phone 849w, and he will accord prompt attention to all calls. The Gerhard-Heintzman is the piano you want for tone, finish and durability.

Appreciate Work Of Rev. and Mrs. Whattam

At the joint meeting of the trustee and quarterly official boards of Mark Street Methodist Church last night a vote of thanks was tendered Rev. R. A. Whattam at the close of his four year pastorate, for his service, his faithfulness to the congregation, and for bringing it to its present efficient standing. Thanks were then voted to Mrs. Whattam for her faithfulness and for the interest she has taken in the different departments of the work of the church. The hope was expressed that the work in which both Mr. and Mrs. Whattam engage in future will be marked with interest and God's choicest blessing.

PLOT IN BERLIN.

Paris, Feb. 22.—A Geneva despatch received by L'Information reported that a plot to restore the monarchy had been discovered in Berlin. It was said that "high personalities" were implicated.

FAMILY THOUGHT HE WAS GOING TO DIE

WHEELER SAYS NOTHING HELPED HIM UNTIL HE TOOK TANLAC—HEALTH RESTORED.

"Well, sir, Tanlac has not only entirely relieved me of my awful trouble, but I have regained twenty-five pounds of my lost weight, and never felt stronger and better in my life," said Harry R. Wheeler, who is employed at the Pacific Coast Steel Plant, and lives at 4744 Forty-eighth Ave., South Seattle, the other day.

"About a year ago," he continued, "I began to suffer with intestinal indigestion that, in spite of all I could do, got worse and worse, until I was in a terrible condition. Everything I would eat fermented and I would be in such agony that it was like a sharp knife cutting clean across my stomach. I got so weak that I could hardly do a thing, and it was only my will power that kept me going at all. When I would get home at night I would be so weak and in so much pain that my wife was always ready with a hot water bottle to put right on me, and even then I would be in such agony at times I thought it would drive me distracted. My hips ached with rheumatism, and the muscles of my right arm and leg would get all tied into knots, and at times I couldn't raise my arm half way to my head. I went down in weight from two hundred pounds to a hundred and fifty-two, a loss of forty-eight pounds, and my condition was so serious that my family actually thought I was going to die.

"I tried everything I could hear of to get relief, but nothing did me any good. Then my sister-in-law, who had been suffering with rheumatism, got me to try Tanlac, as it had done her so much good. I got a bottle and when I found it was helping me I just kept it up till now I haven't a pain or an ache about me. I have a splendid appetite and can eat anything I want without it hurting me in the least. I used to lay awake night after night suffering terribly, but now I go to sleep as soon as my head hits the pillow, and sleep like a log all night. I am picking up in weight every day, and am feeling so fine and well that I am glad to tell everybody how much this wonderful medicine has benefited me."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. H. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowmanville Corners by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Some War Figures

The latest figures issued by the Canadian Department of Militia and Defence show the number of Canadians taken prisoners of war to be:

Officers	236
Other ranks	3,493
Total	3,729

Those Killed in Action.

Officers	1,942
Other ranks	36,637
Total	38,580

Died of Wounds.

Officers	590
Other ranks	11,757
Total	12,347

Died of Disease.

Officers	246
Other ranks	3,961
Total	4,207

Presumed Dead.

Officers	146
Other ranks	4,551
Total	4,697

Number Missing.

Officers	33
Other ranks	333
Total	366

Number of deaths in Canada total 2,345.

Total number of Canadian prisoners of war repatriated to England up to February 17 as follows:

Officers	201
Other ranks	3,080
Total	3,281

CANNOT IMPORT LIQUOR.

Monroe, Mich. Feb. 22.—The Michigan attorney-general's office secured an injunction in the Circuit Court here against the importation of liquor over the Ohio-Michigan border. Persons violating the injunction, it is said, will be held in contempt of court.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

The pastor will preach tomorrow on the poet Cowper and his famous beginning, "There is a fountain filled with blood."

Zutoo

Will cure any headache in 20 minutes, will nip a cold in the bud, will relieve the monthly pains of women, and in every case it

Leaves you Feeling Good.

Collegiate Game Results in Tie

Between five and six last night two local P. C. I. teams met at the Brock street rink. This is the fifth game this winter between these two teams, which are Elliot's Regals and Harstone's Footsluggers. In the four games, previous to last night's contest, Elliott's Regals had scored a total of 42 goals, and Harstone's Footsluggers a total of 35.

Last night the score was 5-5. In the first period N. Rishor scored a long shot from second for the Regals, and C. Armstrong and R. Stevens, one each for the Footsluggers. In the second period A. Doughty, C. Elliott, K. Hall and McBrien scored one each for the Regals, and R. Stevens, C. Armstrong and A. Stevenson, one each for the Footsluggers.

During the game only three penalties were handed, one each to Elliott, Harstone and Fitzgerald.

The teams lined up as follows:

Footsluggers—Goal, C. Flowers, right defence, A. Stevenson; left defence, K. Harstone; centre, C. Armstrong; right wing, R. Stevens; left wing, D. Fitzgerald. Sub., W. Gilchrist.

Regals—Goal, W. Mowat; right defence, R. Huff; left defence, C. Elliott; centre, McBrien; left wing, A. Doughty; right wing, N. Rishor.

OPEN NOVITIATE MATTER.

Sir Sam Hughes to Place Resolution for Inquiry.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—Sir Sam Hughes has two resolutions to place before the House. The first asks that a select committee of the House be appointed to inquire into the Guelph Novitiate, with full authority to examine witnesses under oath, to pay necessary expenses, and to report to the House.

This Sir Sam follows by another resolution asking for a uniform system of administering the law, with uniform penalties, in relation to deserters, slackers, evaders and others amenable, saying that it is only the due of the soldiers who did go overseas.

A CHILD DOESN'T LAUGH AND PLAY IF CONSTIPATED

IF PEEVISH, FEVERISH AND SICK GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies and children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

AUCTION SALE

At Hancock's Auction Room on Friday next, of all classes of furniture, etc. Parties having odd pieces of furniture to dispose of may put same on sale.

Get the Habit of Drinking Hot Water Before Breakfast

Says we can't look or feel right with the system full of poisons.

Millions of folks bathe internally now instead of loading their system with drugs. "What's an inside bath?" you say. Well, it is guaranteed to perform miracles if you could believe these hot water enthusiasts.

There are vast numbers of men and women who, immediately upon arising in the morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is a very excellent health measure. It is intended to flush the stomach, liver, kidneys, and the thirty feet of intestines of the previous day's waste, sour bile, and indigestible material left over in the body which if not eliminated every day become food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels, the sick result is poisons and toxins, which are then absorbed into the blood, causing headache, bilious attacks, foul breath, bad taste, colds, stomach trouble, kidney misery, sleeplessness, impure blood and all sorts of ailments.

People who feel good one day and badly the next, but who simply can not get feeling right are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a real crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

Just as soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and freshening, so limestone phosphate and hot water act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is vastly more important to bathe on the inside than on the outside, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

NO POLITICS FOR THESE FARMERS

WESTERN GRAIN GROWERS WILL SUPPORT REGULAR CANDIDATES FOR PARLIAMENT.

Regina, Feb. 22.—The Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association have decided at their convention that as an association they would not enter the political field, but, that they would provide facilities which would enable the farmers of any Federal constituency in the Province to get together and organize themselves for the purpose of electing to the House of Commons a suitable representative prepared to support the farmers' national political platform.

It was the opinion of the convention that the original resolution providing for political action practically committed the association to identification as a political body, and this was considered objectionable and for this reason the measure was redrafted and was carried with great enthusiasm.

A grain growers' bank of Saskatchewan, organized under the present laws governing chartered banks, will be suggested by W. T. Badger, M.L.A., for Rosslawn, before the Grain Growers' Convention closes. He contends that millions of dollars worth of Victory Bonds are owned by farmers and that part of these could be exchanged for stock in the bank, which could be financed without the putting up of a dollar in cash.

BUYS A LA-PORTA POWER ATTACHMENT

Mr. Donald Cameron of Birdsall has purchased from the Duffus Garage a La-Porta-Power Attachment. This attachment is adaptable for any make of car and by simply placing it under the rear wheels, it furnishes power for any purpose.

The price is only $45 and Mr. Cameron says he would rather have it than any gasolene engine.

THIS COLD WEATHER

Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain

PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

NP SOAP
Indispensable to Wash day

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Sexagesima Sunday
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Processional Alleluia—Song of sweetness.
Venite 7.
Te Deum 16, 14.
Benedictus 50.
Office hymn 516—Praise to the holiest.
Before sermon 324—O Lord of heaven and earth and sea
Anthem—I will lift up mine eyes—Whitfield.
God Save the King.
Recessional 476 — Hail to the Lord's anointed .
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—M. Boucher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. E. Jamieson.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Processional 544—Lord of the world's above.
Responses—Tallis
Psalm chants 102.
Magnificat 86
Nunc Dimittis 114.
Office Hymn 657—To the name of our salvation.
Before sermon 883—The sands of time are sinking.
Anthem—Far o'er the steeps of Olivet—Maunder.
God save the king.
Recessional 385—Rejoice ye pure in heart.
Richard J. Dovey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV. R. B. GROBB, M.A.
8.30 a.m.—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Preacher
Mr. R. W. ALLIN, M.A., of Toronto
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
4 p.m.—Holy Baptism
7 p.m.—Preacher
REV. DR. TAYLOR, of Toronto

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Sexagesima Sunday
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning service and sermon.
Dr. Taylor of Toronto will preach
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Rev. R. Gay of Toronto will preach.
Wed., 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. A. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Matins and sermon.
Mr. Allin of Toronto.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mayo' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
3 p.m.—Holy Communion and sermon—Minshall. Solo part Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Solo—Like as the hart—Allitson Mr. T. Ward.
Hymn Anthem (unaccompanied)—He bore it all alone—Ackley.
Postlude—Festive March—Barnard.
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Rev. S. G. Shorey, D. D., of Port Hope.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Meeting of Trinity Brotherhood.
7 p.m. Evening service.
Dr. Shorey.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King ,organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Subject—Jesus and Julius.
Anthem—The Holy City—Hine.
Solo part by Miss Phillips.
Solo—Will your anchor hold?—Kirkpatrick. Mr. C. A Howson.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—Women and Wives, two types.
Anthem—Praise Him—Miles.
Hymn Anthem—The radiant morn hath passed away—Ouseley.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Monday—Young People's Meeting
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—prayer meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Subject—The cross is not greater that His grace—Stearns.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Anthem—Come unto me—Marshall, (Unaccompanied.)
Baritone solo—Far as the east is from the west—Shanks. Mr. Asa Huycke.
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, Feb. 23, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—Belmont and Hunter streets.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
2 p.m.—Open air—Antrim and George streets.
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air—Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Sir William Meredith criticized ex-P. C. Ellis for the character of his testimony before the Royal Commission.

Preacher—Mr. W. A. Davis.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will preach at both services.
Evening topic—David and Samuel.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Melody—Stainer.
Anthem—The Awakening Chorus—Gabriel.
Offertory—Cantilena—Salome.
Duet — O Morning Land—Miss Helen McLaren and Mr. Charles Clarke.
Postlude—Air Du Dauphin—Roeckel.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
The Pastor will preach
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Prelude—Melody—Asher.
Solo (baritone)—Nearer my God to thee—Carey. Mr. Douglas Carlisle.
Anthem—Shepherd of souls —Jones.
Postlude—Serenade—Braga.
2 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Evensong—Schumann.
Solo (contralto)—The Lord is my Shepherd.—Liddle.
Mrs. P. A. Ferguson.
Anthem—The day is gently sinking—Bowles.
Postlude—Berceuse—Gounod.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
Good music at all services.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Geo. Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Missionary Anniversary
10 a.m.—Junior League and Classes.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Rev. H. M. Manning will preach.
Prelude—Meditation—Thayer.
Anthem—Lord and Father I call on Thee—Scott.
Solo—Hold Thou my hand, dear Lord—Briggs.
Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Postlude—March in A flat—Faulkes.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Rev. H. M. Manning will Preach.
Prelude—Adagio Tours.
Anthem—This is a faithful saying—Maunder.
Solo part Mrs. Wm. Hall.
Solo—Like as the hart—Allitson Mr. T. Ward.
Hymn Anthem (unaccompanied)—He bore it all alone—Ackley.
Postlude—Festive March—Barnard.
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

OUCH! PAIN! RUB OUT RHEUMATISM

Stop Suffering. Relief Comes the Moment You Apply Old St. Jacob's Liniment"

Rheumatism is "pain only." Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub the misery right away! Apply soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Liniment" directly upon the "tender spot" and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacob's Liniment conquers pain. It is harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and can not burn the skin.

Limber up! Stop complaining! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness and stiffness. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacobs Liniment" is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains and swellings.

Henry R. Rathbone, prominent Chicago lawyer, delivered a notable address at the annual banquet of the Ontario Bar Association.

VETERANS' DANCE SOCIAL SUCCESS

The biggest dance of the season was held at the Empress Hotel last night under the auspices of the G. W. V. A. There was an attendance of between three and four hundred and all present spent a very enjoyable time.

The grand march was led off by [illegible] and Mrs. Wells. The music was supplied by the Fitzgerald-Moher orchestra, and was pronounced as better than any Toronto music.

There were guests present from Lakefield and other points. All the returned officers, non-commissioned officers and privates were dressed in uniform for the occasion.

Besides the dancing there were twelve tables of cards. The ladies' prize was won by Miss McGill and the gents ,by a gentleman from Lakefield.

The hostesses of the dance were: Mrs. Mills, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Massey-Cook, Mrs. Beyer, Mrs. Snowden, Mrs. Staunton and Mrs. [illegible]ment.

Temple Band Take Trip to Brailey

Last evening the Temple Band and Songsters were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Payne, at Brailey.

The evening was ideal for the trip and the sleighing was good.

On arriving at the farm the guests were received by Mrs. Payne and everyone felt at once that they were right at home to enjoy themselves. Games and music were indulged in to the full satisfaction of all. A dainty lunch was provided and the merrymakers did good justice to it. In the interval between the games Mr. H. Parnell took the part of entertainer and his impersonations kept the gathering in high glee.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. Payne and family and the hope expressed that another evening might be arranged under the hospitable auspices of the host of the evening. The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening to a close and the return journey home was made, all being well satisfied with their evening's entertainment.

Your hands are in your pockets most of the time these days. Wear Ballantyne's Scotch Knit Gloves this winter and if your hands are still there it won't be because of the cold. And they'll enable you to bowl out "Rising prices" in regard to gloves.
Ask for Ballantyne's.
R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont.
BALLANTYNE STORE
Scotch Knit

BAND AT THE BROCK ST. RINK

There will be good skating at the Brock street rink this afternoon and tonight. The G.W.V.A. band will be in attendance this evening and render a continuous program of concert and military music. Go with the crowd!

General Paz and the French mission will arrive in Toronto on Monday.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DON'T CUT YOUR FRIENDS

You may have distant relatives, but it is mortifying to find that you have been distant to your friends on the street because you could not recognize them on account of poor eyesight. Keep up your efficiency by letting Dr. Fowler take care of your eyes, then you will know people when you meet them anywhere.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Pharm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Formal Opening
OF THE NEW
Fireproof Duffus Garage

Corner Charlotte and Water Streets, PETERBOROUGH

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THE FORMAL PUBLIC OPENING OF A BIGGER, BETTER AND MORE COMPLETE GARAGE FOR PETERBOROUGH AND DISTRICT. THIS EVENT IS SET FOR ONE ENTIRE WEEK, BEGINNING

MONDAY, MARCH 3rd

AND CONTINUING EACH DAY AND EVENING UNTIL SATURDAY, MARCH 8TH, INCLUSIVE.
A SPECIAL PROGRAM HAS BEEN ARRANGED FOR EACH DAY, CONSISTING OF

A MOTOR SHOW DISPSAYING THE LATEST MODELS
Of Ford, Gray-Dort and Dodge Bros. Motor Cars. Closed as well as open Models. Also a FULL LINE OF HEAVY DUTY TRUCKS and The Fordson Farm Tractor

Each Evening from 7.30 to 10.30 a series of Motion Pictures will be shown, illustrating the construction of Automobiles from the raw material to the finished product.

WHIPPET TWO-MAN TANK
One of the most interesting features of the Moving Picture Exhibition will be the Wonderful Film of the "Whippet-Two-Man-Tank," which was made by the Ford Motor Co. for use at the front. This Film is the property of the United States Government, and will be shown at our opening for the first time in Canada. Everybody should avail themselves of this opportunity of seeing it.

A VARIED PROGRAM OF COMIC AND OTHER PICTURES WILL ALSO BE SHOWN EACH EVENING.

FORDSON FARM TRACTO
We have also secured a film showing the construction and operation of the "FORDSON FARM TRACTOR" which will give a comprehensive idea of the practicability of this wonderful machine.

THE EAGLES BOATS
In addition, we have secured a film showing the construction and assembling of the EAGLE BOATS (submarine chasers) built by the Ford Motor Company for the American Government.

YOU ARE INVITED TO BE PRESENT TO SEE THE LATEST MODELS OF CARS, EXAMINE THE HANDSOME AND COMMODIOUS PREMISES, AND ENJOY THE INTERESTING AND ENTERTAINING PICTURES. OUR STAFF WILL BE GLAD TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION DESIRED.

DUFFUS GARAGE

PHONES—Repair Dept. and Stock Room, 1761 Office, 1760

Branches—NORWOOD and MILLBROOK

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

[illegible] MEDICAL NOTICES and CARDS [illegible] $10 per line per month in Daily and Weekly, non-standing one inch space. All words over the inch are cash.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates by application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 55. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Male help. Be your own boss, start a cut-rate grocery business in your own home; $25 to $50 invested will earn you $35 weekly; plans sent free. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont.

WANTED

WANTED—Two furnished rooms in the west end; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 236 Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cars. We have for sale now a few good used Ford cars put in first-class condition. Call and see these. We will sell them right. Duffus Garage.

FOR SALE—1 Golden Pheasant, 2 Partridge (mounted), deer horns, $5.00. 72 Monaghan Road.

LOST.

LOST—Bag of Bacon, on Bridgenorth Road, between Peterboro and Bridgenorth. Finder please leave at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., cor Brock and George Sts.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring!

Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed [illegible] for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting. Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stores and Apartments to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Rinuge St. 285 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 898

Piano Tuning
Phone 596
The GREENE MUSIC CO.

Canadian Record Keeper No. 8 and 9

D. H. NICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables—
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410 GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. E. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 22.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 418 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennett & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Maclit's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 856.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to Diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 282.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Cryer Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 643. Res. 646.

LUMBER

Builders' Materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

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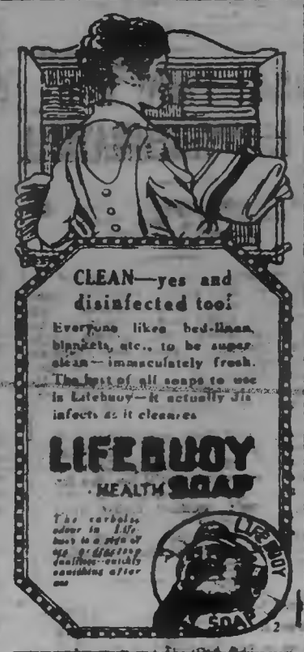
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ATLANTIC SUGAR

SUGAR'S PLENTIFUL — FOOD BOARD SAYS CROPS— PRICE LIKELY TO REMAIN HIGH

Until October those who would like to see the price of sugar drop must "mark time" in patience. For there is not much likelihood of lower prices.

Buying 120,000 tons of the San Domingo crop with an option on the balance at fixed prices for delivery between Jan. 1st and Oct. 1st—also buying 100,000 tons of the British West Indian Crop, under practically the same conditions, the Canada Food Board, to a certain extent, controls the price of the refined products.

There are plenty of supplies, but the labor and materials feature offer little hope of lessening prices as far as they are concerned. The natives have been so well paid they show reluctance to work while cotton (used for the bags) is still up in price. One factor might encourage the unaccountable idea so prevalent that sugar is coming down and that is the mere chance of competition among refiners—and this at last would reduce the price perhaps two on the hundred pounds.

On the other hand if revolution should again flare up in the sugar-producing countries, as in 1917 when large plantations were burned by the rebels, the hopes of those who chafe under the 12-cent sugar may be dashed still more relentlessly.

The Peace Memorial Bridge project on the Niagara frontier is revived.

The Peace Festival of the Mendelssohn Choir opened in Massey Hall, Toronto.

Principal Bruce Taylor of Queen's University thinks that University has been unfairly treated so far as the scientific research scheme is concerned.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:38 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:36 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:16 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:30 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

9:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

2:05 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

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THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	42
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Straw, hay and straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	29 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	18	19
Cakes, No. 1	12	13
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

Nelson's Legacy to World Gains New Significance During Years of Great War

At a time when the eyes of the entire world have been fixed on the greatest naval surrender in history, it is only fitting that we should recall Lord Nelson's legacy to the British fleet, and subsequently to the world. In this great war of nearly four and a half years, the celebrated signal, "England expects that every man will do his duty," has permeated the consciousness of the entire British people. How well that duty has been done we all know to-day. But for that great, silent power victory would have been impossible. America could not have even become a factor in the war. Her splendid help in food and munitions, her gallant men, could not have reached Europe.

The Grand Fleet to-day owns much, perhaps all, to the high standard of honor and efficiency set by Lord Nelson. He was a man who loved peace, but would not sacrifice "one jot of England's honor to avoid war." It is true that the hero of Trafalgar was no meddler in politics, yet he did make one insignificant, if little known, speech in the House of Lords on November 16, 1802.

"I, my lords, have in different countries seen much of the miseries of war," he said. "I am, therefore, in my inmost soul a man of peace. Yet I would not, for the sake of any peace, however fortunate, consent to sacrifice one jot of England's honor. Our honor is inseparably combined with our genuine interest. Hitherto there has been nothing greater known on the continent than the faith, the untainted honor, the generous public sympathies, the commerce, the unconquerable valor of the British nation. Wherever I have served in foreign countries I have witnessed these to be sentiments with which Britons were regarded. The advantages of such a reputation are not to be lightly brought into hazard.

"I, for one, rejoice that His Majesty has signified his intention to pay due regard to the connection between the interests of this country and the preservation of the liberties of Europe. It is satisfactory to know that the preparations to maintain our dignity in peace are not to be neglected. Those supplies which His Majesty shall for such purposes demand his people will most earnestly grant.

"The nation is satisfied that the Government seeks in peace or war no interest separate from that of the people at large; and as the nation was pleased with the sincere spirit of peace with which the late treaty was negotiated, so, now that a restless and unjust ambition in those with whom we desired sincere amity has given a new alarm, the country will rather prompt the Government to assert its honor than need to be roused to such measures of vigorous defence as the exigency of the times may require."

The romance life of Nelson is well-known. There are hundreds of stories in connection with him. Who does not remember the ride to school with his elder brother in a snowstorm when their father had left it to their honor not to turn back unless the roads were impassable? And the elder brother was all for turning back but for Horatio's reminder that "it was left to our honor" to continue the journey if it was humanly possible to do so.

At Portsmouth one may see the very place on the beach where the greatest of England's heroes embarked to join the Victory riding at anchor in the bay. An anchor marks the spot. One pictures no splendid insolent figure, but a small and queer man taking leave of the land he loved so well.

Nelson's last prayer, written in the little cabin a few hours before going into action, lets us completely into his innermost heart.

"May the great God whom I worship grant to my country and for the benefit of Europe in general, a great and glorious victory; and may no misconduct in anyone tarnish it; and may humanity after victory be the predominant feature in the British fleet! For myself individually I commit my life to Him who made me, and may His blessing light upon my endeavors for serving my country faithfully. To Him I resign myself and the just cause which is intrusted to me to defend. Amen! Amen! Amen!"

A great prayer, and one which lives quite unconsciously in the heart of every sailor in the British fleet. The Nelson touch, the Nelson honor and the Nelson duty permeates the fleet of Britain possibly even to a larger extent to-day than when Trafalgar was fought. Where is it better exemplified than by the heroism of the boy, John Travers Cornwall of his Majesty's ship Chester, in the Battle of Jutland, who, when all the crew of his gun were killed or disabled, although mortally wounded himself, stood at his post with the telephone awaiting orders till the end of the action. He was mentioned by Jellicoe in his account of the battle, and received the Victoria Cross. Only a boy of 16, but he did his duty, and England will not forget.

There is a story told in connection with Nelson's passing that is not generally known. In all previous actions in which he had taken part, his servant had always taken the precaution to hide his medals and orders, knowing, as he did, the admiral's love of display on such occasions. Now it happened on the morning of Trafalgar, Nelson's servant was unable to adopt the ordinary precautions. When the admiral appeared on the quarter-deck, those who saw him were astonished to see the profusion of orders that covered his breast. There was certainly no mistaking the admiral of the British fleet. Whether or no this was a mark for the French gunner who fired at him from the yard top, is not a matter of certain history. Nevertheless, Nelson's servant always maintained that had he only hidden his master's medals, Nelson's life would have been spared.

Nearly three months after the declaration of war, on October 21, 1914, Trafalgar Day, the present writer happened to be in London. The people had been asked to pass silently through Trafalgar Square at the same period of the day as a tribute to the great Nelson. It was a happy thought that suggested this form of commemoration. All day long great crowds of people passed silently through the square, only pausing to look at the wreaths at the foot of the Nelson Column.

In those first days of the great war Britain was expecting the German fleet to come out. Her fate, the fate of the whole world, depended on a naval victory. Men were rushing in thousands to enlist, but her great army of to-day was not yet in existence. The Old Contemptibles were gallantly fighting against tremendous odds in France. If the German navy had broken through there was no army in England that could have stopped an invasion.

As those thousands of serious upturned faces gazed at the little bronze figure so far above them, instinctively many must have felt that that great multitude was silently pledging itself to do its duty, no matter how great the cost. Perhaps it is not realized that the royal navy has lost 3,508 officers and 36,258 men.

To-day in the hour of victory we must not lose sight of the incessant work of the mercantile marine, without whom the war could not have continued for a single day. It is one thing to go into battle fully armed with a good fighting chance, but quite another to face brutal foes without any defence, or at most a single gun. Yet many crews whose vessels were torpedoed, and who escaped after terrible privations and hardships in open boats, signed on again as soon as they were able. Without their self-sacrifice Britain and Belgium must have starved. Their losses have been heavy—14,661 officers and men and 3,295 prisoners. They are still silent; it is for us who love them so much to speak strongly.

England's Help Problems.

At a recent interview between some unemployed munition workers and a few members of Parliament, writes Margaret Bondfield in Women and the Labor Party, the subject of alternative employment was discussed.

"My wife says she cannot get ser-

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..., urged an elderly M. P., "wouldn't you like to go back to domestic service?"

"No!" was the prompt reply, "would you?" And then followed an animated description of pre-war servitude—long hours—many spent in the dark ill-equipped kitchens, unhealthy sleeping rooms, poor pay, the petty tyranny of little minds, and above all the consciousness of inferior status, which had been endured while they knew no other life, but which had become intolerable after the experience of the greater freedom of factory life.

The ex-domestic, who, during the war, has worked at harder, dirtier work in the factory than any cook or housemaid has had to undertake, who has worked alternate night and day shifts of twelve hours, who has taken uncomfortable journeys in all kinds of weathers, who has lived dangerously in filling factories and in air-raid areas—revolts from the thought of a return to "the shelter of quiet domestic life," as she knew it before the war. For the majority, paid domestic service is an unregulated, sweated, industry, conducted by ill-trained, unorganized employers and work people.

The work of cooking and cleaning, etc., is honorable, necessary work, and if only the right relationship of mutual service and equality of status be established, it should provide worthy employment for a large body of educated women.

The most urgent reforms appear to be the regulation of the hours of work to a maximum eight-hour day, and the abolition of living in as a condition of employment; in cases where, for mutual convenience, board and lodging is given by the employer as part payment, the value of such accommodation should be stated in terms of money, to enable the worker to compare it with charges for accommodation outside the house.

Another necessary condition is that in her own time the worker's right to privacy and non-interference must be respected. Such a program involves a radical change of attitude on the part of the average mistress. The bell ringing habit must be broken. Human energy must not be wasted in running up and down stairs in obedience to the whims and fancies of idlers.

Red Cross in Palestine.

For relief in Palestine the amount appropriated to December 31, 1919, was $470,000, comprising $320,000 for industrial and social work, $100,000 for general relief, and $50,000 for medical department. The scope of the commission, headed by Dr. John H. Finley, was extended late in October to cover the Near East, including Palestine, Egypt, Syria, and Asia Minor. The suffering brought upon the Holy Land by war is shown by the fact that a third of the population of Lebanon died of hunger and disease. Epidemics have raged unchecked. Tens of thousands of people were in dire need until relief came in the wake of the British victories. In a single month the Red Cross cared for 10,000 sick civilians and thousands of Armenian refugees. — Red Cross Magazine.

Satisfied With Little Food.

In the Edinburgh (Scotland) zoo there is a crocodile that is content with a rat or a piece of horseflesh every fortnight. There is an anaconda which arrived more than a year ago and has since steadily refused to take food of any kind, an example of abstention surpassed, however, by an Indian python which during its 13 months' stay has not voluntarily taken food.

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BAT BOY AND HIS OLD BOSS NOW RIVALS FOR PENNANT

Joe Cantillon Often Recalls Fact That He Gave Rowland His Start in Baseball.

(By George S. Robins)

Baseball's many sided phases are well illustrated in the case of leaders in the opening game of the season at Milwaukee this year. About twenty six years ago a callow youth in kids pants brushed up to a manager of the town ball club at Dubuque, Iawo, and struck him for a job. He didn't ask much. He simply wanted the honor of carrying the bats and was willing to do it for simon nothing.

The manager of the Dubuque team was Joe Cantillon. The youngster was Clarence Rowland. The boy's manners attracted "Pongo Joe."

"You're hired," said Joe and the youngster bounded through the gate. It was his first baseball job and he was about the happiest little fellow who crawled between the covers that night after his arduous duties on the ball field.

After a lapse of more than two decades and a half these same persons will meet on the day in Milwaukee which marks the opening of the new baseball season there, but they will meet under different circumstances. The new setting will be different. Rowland is a magnate. Cantillon is still a manager.

Clarence Rowland, who toted bats for Jongo Joe that day back in the 90s., is now part owner and manager of the Milwaukee Brewers. He has passed through the very ardent old spirit competition in the majors and minors since that eventful day. Rowland managed a ball club when in his teens, later led clubs all the way from Jacksonville, Fla., to Aberdeen, Wash., and from Winnipeg, Man., to Peoria, Ill. He was made manager of the Chicago White Sox and had the proud distinction of showing the white legginged players of Comiskey to their first world flag in more than a decade. Yes, its the same person whom Cantillon met that day in Dubuque, but slightly changed.

"It takes me to start fellows off right," said Cantillon recently in a jocular vein.

"There's Rowland for instance," said Joe. "Clarence was my bat boy over twenty years ago in Dubuque. He won a world's championship. That's pretty good for my bat boy. I'll say it is."

This draws attention to the remarkable baseball career of Cantillon, one of the original characters of the diamond. Joe has weathered the storms of many seasons as player, manager and umpire and he's going strong yet.

"Laugh and the world laughs with you," said a poet, and Pongo Joe is always doing that little thing. It makes him young, keeps him going at top speed and makes him forget that there is a time limit to every human activity. Joe has made the whole baseball world laugh many times. His stories of the diamond are classics of their kind. In a series of articles on the life of Charles A. Comiskey written for The Daily News several years ago, Cantillon was a little saver for the writer compiling the manuscript. Joe knows more stories on Commy than any other person and this supply of fresh ones seems inexhaustible.)

WESTERN HOCKEY FANS SWEAR BY MICKEY MACKAY

Acclaim the Boy From Chesley, Ontario, as the Greatest Star in the Game.

(By G. C. MacLeod.)

Out on the Pacific Coast the hockey fans swear that Mickey Mackay, the marvel of the Vancouver Millionaires, is the Ty Cobb of hockey. Mackay is a youngster who plays with his head, heart and soul as well as with his hands and feet.

Mickey Mackay was born in Kincardine, Ont., on May 22, 1897, and his Scotch-Canadian parents gave him the Presbyterian name of Duncan. Mickey is therefore one more added to the list of men who have come from the County of Bruce and attained fame in the Golden West. At the tender age of six years Mickeys' parents moved to Chesley, still in Bruce County, where the youngster was destined to lay the foundation for a hockey career.

In his teens Mickey (Duncan before Mickey and has remained so since) played the game of hockey. He was so enthusiastic over it that he missed meals and sleep to cavort on the ice. At sixteen he was playing in two leagues at the same time—the Northern and a group of the Ontario Hockey Association. Some players will hardly play in one league without being coaxed, but Mickey's indomitable energy, now displayed so prominently against players twice his size, put him in a different class.

One of the other ambitious players of that time and place was Barney Stanley, now the hard-checking right wing man of the Millionaires. Stanley heard the call of the West and lit upon Edmonton as a good place to settle. Barney, by the way, has made good in business in the Alberta capital. Sport was booming in Edmonton then and they wanted the best in hockey, so when they saw Stanley perform they wanted to know if there were any more like him down east.

It wasn't long before Barney had the wires hot after Mickey Mackay, and in the winter of 1912-13 Stanley and Mickey showed the natives of Alberta some new wrinkles in hockey and to this day the fans of the foothill province talk of the great year when Mickey and Stanley, with two or three others now in the East League hockey enthused the natives with their brilliant performances.

Played in Boundary League.

Mickey came to, saw and conquered new fields the next hockey season, that of 1913-14. That winter saw him in Grand Forks, B. C., playing in the semi-pro boundary league. Many a Coast fan might never have known there was a Grand Forks or a Boundary league but for the fact that they have heard that Mickey Mackay played there the year before he went to the Vancouver Millionaires.

In August, 1914, the former kaiser of Germany threw his legions into France and Belgium in his mad desire to lay the world at his feet. Canada in quicker time than it takes to tell it arrayed herself against the Hun and her first contribution was 25,000 men. Duncan Mackay of Chesley, Ontario, was one of the 25,000, and he got as far as Valcartier, Que., but was turned back because he was too young they said.

Out of a Job.

So, instead of a free trip across the big pond, with $1.10 a day thrown in, Mickey got a free trip back to Chelsey, Ont., and was struck off the payroll. But the lure of the ice game was strong and before the first signs of cold Mickey wrote to Frank Patrick, president of the P. C. H. A. and manager of the Vancouver club, asking, not for a tryout, but for Frank's permission to try out with Toronto in the East. The agreement between the two big leagues giving the P. C. H. A. western territory for recruiting young players and the N. H. L. the territory east of Port Arthur was then in effect, and as Mickey had been in Grand Forks the year before he was western material.

"I don't think I'm good enough for pro. hockey," wrote Mickey to Frank, "but I would like your league to allow me to try out in the East, and if I dont' make good the expenses won't be so much."

Frank answered the letter and gladly gave him permission to try out with Toronto. It takes several days for a letter to go from Vancouver to Chesley, Ont., and while it was going Frank got to thinking. In due time Mickey got his letter and at once prepared to go to Toronto.

Of course, there were always numerous players wanting to get tryouts with the pros., some of them living near by, but this might be an exception, and Frank thought of what the poet said:

Gem of Forest Ray.

"Full many a gem of purest ray serene," etc., or words to that effect, that some of the finest gems lie on the bottom of the ocean, never to be seen by human eyes. Also of the roses that are born to blush unseen.

Something told Frank to rush over to the telegraph office and wire this Chesley fellow, though he didn't know him from a load of hay, and not take a chance—an outside chance it seemed, but a chance nevertheless—of Torontos grabbing a good player from him. On the very day Mickey was to go to Toronto to try out with Murphy's team, he got Patrick's wire—with transportation and expenses to the Coast.

Stood Up in Five Minutes.

That year the Millionaires had their first workout one night and everybody was invited to go down and see them. The newspaper men were present, just like a league game, and about five minutes after practice started, with Mickey present, Frank Patrick skated over to the press box with a broad smile on his face.

"Greatest player I ever saw," he said to the writers, in speaking of the new recruit.

Some of them thought he was kidding or just handing out a line of publicity talk—but they say Frank hasn't changed his mind yet. And the newspaper men had to admit that at least Mickey looked good in practice, though he might be but a dub in the pan.

Did He Guess Wrong?

The thousands in the East and the West who have seen the youthful marvel perform will no doubt answer for themselves whether Frank Patrick guessed right or not when he took a chance on an unknown player, and when he stamped him as the game's premier performer, after seeing him for but five minutes in a practice.

OBJECT TO MARSHALL.

Ottawa Hockey Team May Refuse to Play With Him.

Ottawa, Feb. 22. — The Ottawa Hockey Club players threaten to strike over the appointment of Jack Marshall as one of the officials for the championship play-off series against Canadiens, which starts at Montreal tonight. The Ottawa club was notified that Marshall and Harry Hyland had been chosen to officiate at Montreal, with Pulford and McKinley here. The Ottawa players offered to take any one President Calder would name except Marshall, and have notified the club owners that as their championship chances are at stake they will not go on the ice with Marshall as an official.

When a dog barks at the moon all night it is a sure sign of insomnia on art of the dog—and others

IF YOU'RE NERVOUS DON'T PLAY GOLF

MENTAL IRRITATION RESULTING FROM MISS IS HARD ON SYSTEM.

If you are 50 years old and can't putt, don't play golf, advises the Medical association of Greater New York. The mental irritation resulting from a miss counteracts all the benefits of the physical exercise.

Much has been written and spoken about the peace that passeth all understanding which one may find while batting the ball around the links, but one is sometimes skeptical. A caddy once confided that he knew a player, a man of some years and understanding, who was given to kicking trees and breaking his clubs on missing a putt and that other members in good standing, under great mental stress attendant upon a topped drive or a trapped ball, occasionally were guilty of uttering the most horrible imprecies that shocked even his callioused young ears.

Such incidents are due, no doubt, directly to the varying fortunes of the ancient and honorable game, but there are other causes contributing to an uneven temper. It was our blessed privilege, some fourteen or fifteen years ago, to attend, as a humble member of the fourth estate, a tournament at a country club where some half a hundred representative Chicagoans of mature years and wide and varied business interests, yielding rich returns, were disputing some sort of championship.

While going sneakingly about in our imitation Panama hat and handmedowns, gleaning news where the gleaning was good, we chanced to observe two gray mustached captains of industry meet and engage in a moments conversation on the lawn, in the course of which conversation one gentleman helped himself to a cigar from the pocket of his green jacket, and handed its fellow to the other. The recipient of his generosity stood holding the 25 cent panatella gingerly in his hand until its donor had taken his departure in the general direction of the locker room, when he suddenly crushed it to a shapeless mass between his wrinkled palm, dashed the fragments on the ground and trod them into the turf then turned on his heel and strode away communing with himself in an undertone.

No putt had been foozled and no drive into the rough had occurred here to provoke this terrible show of anger. And yet something had happened to disturb the equanimity of at least one old gentleman, the stiffening walls of whose arteries and the uncertain temper of whose stomach demanded only good humor and freedom from passion. It may have been that the donor of the cigar had out-generaled him the day before in LaSalle street and it may have been that he had nicked him for several thousand the week before on the board, or it may have been that he did not belong to the same social circle, so that his daughter had refused to invite the other old gentleman's daughter to her coming out party. We never learned, because we made no effort to learn, but we have occasionally wondered since how such a display of temper could have occurred on a golf course where especially middle aged and older men are said to resort that they may forget the worries and vexations that harass them elsewhere.

HOPE TO CUT DOWN LEAD.

Recount Likely in St. Catharines Bye-Election.

St. Catharines, Ont., Feb. 22.—William M. German, K.C., ex-M.P., will not attend the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier's funeral at Ottawa today. Instead he will represent W. E. Logan, Labor candidate, at the official summing up of the vote in St. Catharines bye-election last Saturday. Mr. German stated unhesitatingly that if Parnell's lead were cut down to a small figure, a recount would be demanded.

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IT PAYS

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Health

Imperial Stout is excellent for convalescents. The healthful principles of hops and malt are embodied in this O'Keefe brew, making a delicious beverage for the table or the sick room.

O'Keefe's IMPERIAL STOUT

For Sale at all Hotels and Restaurants. Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.

The O'KEEFE BREWERY CO. Limited TORONTO

J. M. BROOKS, Distributor, 195½ Charlotte St., Peterborough, Ont.

OUR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eyes needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY
Optometrist 416 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DANCE

Don't forget the W.O.W. dance in the W.O.W. Hall, 364½ George street, Wednesday night, February 26, at 8.00 sharp. Come and enjoy a good dance to Fitzgerald & Moore's orchestra, and refreshments. Admission $1.00 per couple. Single tickets 60c.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Orders now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 363 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

DENTAL

DR. J. S. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mrs. J. H. Mowry, 297 Stephenson street, opposite S. Ward School, on Monday, 24th. No reserve. Sale 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. J. A. Gibbs, 719 Water street, on Wednesday the 26th, including Gerhard-Heintzman Piano, 4 genuine oak tan leather chairs, brass bed, mahogany dresser and table, also Ford touring car, 1919 model. Sale at 1:30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

ANNUAL DANCE

The annual Dance under the auspices of the Peterborough branch of U. F. O. will be held in Victoria Hall on Wednesday, February 26th. Refreshments. Tickets $1.00 a couple. Fisher's Orchestra.

"A GREAT GENERAL"

Mr. Chas. Inner arrives in the city today and will hold his first meeting Sunday night at seven o'clock in Gospel Hall. His subject will be "A Great General, What He was, What He Did, And What He Could Not Do." Everyone should hear this gifted evangelist.

NOTICE

Mr. Waldon wishes to announce that having disposed of his interests in the west, he will reside permanently in Peterboro, and will give his time exclusively to his profession as a teacher of piano and vocal music at 583 Bethune Street.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Rev. Dr. Shorey will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McBain during his stay in Peterboro.

The Bachelors and Benedicts have invitations out for the dance of the season to be held at the Conservatory of Music on the evening of March 3.

Mrs. H. D. Robertson went up to Toronto today to hear the Mendelssohn Choir and spend the week-end with friends.

Miss Virginia Gibbs, a representative of the Victoria Order of Nurses, will speak in the interests of the order in the Collegiate Institute on Monday, February 24, at 4 p.m. All girls and young women interested are urged to attend.

"IN SUNNY FRANCE"

"In Sunny France" will be presented in the Opera House, Lindsay, on Wednesday and Thursday, February 26th and 27th. After the second show a dance will be given to which all who took part in my opera in Peterborough are invited. Any who wish to see the performance had better telephone reservations as the seat sale is very brisk.

WILSON MacDONALD

S. O. E. DANCE

The masquerade and social evening held by the Daughters of England in the S. O. E. Hall on Thursday night was a huge success. There were seventy or eighty guests in attendance, attired in gay costumes of all colors and characteristic of all time.

Everything was carried out most successfully and a very pleasant evening was spent. About 12 o'clock the gathering broke up.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE

If you want to spend a pleasant hour tomorrow afternoon, come to the Men's Social Bible Class, George Street, at 3 p.m. All men heartily welcomed.

FOR SALE

Moving Picture Theatre Contents, one Heintzman Piano, 180 Chairs Opera, one Triple Heater, 2 Power Machines, Matting on floor, Rewinder, Fire Extinguisher, Moving Picture Machine Box, Photo and Bill Frames, Mirror Front entrance doors four; Ticket Box. The above contents are of all the Gem Theatre, of Havelock, Ont., which may be seen on the property. The key may be got from Miss McWilliams' Millinery store. No reasonable offer refused.

For information apply 1150 College street,

E. J. GRIFFITHS,
Toronto, Ont.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR CONCERT

Come and hear Frank Oldfield, Canada's foremost baritone, in Trinity Church Tuesday, Feb. 25th, commencing 8.15 p.m. Tickets 25 cents.

BITTER ORANGES

A large shipment of Bitter Seville Oranges for marmalade to hand. Make your orange marmalade now, and get the fruit from Porter S. White Co., 234 George street. Phone 208.

THE CANADIAN ACADEMY AND TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LTD., AMALGAMATED

Examinations in piano, organ, violin, singing and theory, held in Peterborough in June, 1919. Scholarships and prizes annually awarded. Syllabus, year book and all information desired may be obtained from the Registrar, 12-14 Spadina Road, Toronto.

THE DR. GRENFELL MISSION

The annual offering for Dr. Grenfell's Mission is now due. The appeal has been made for the last three years through the Examiner and The Review. All gifts are acknowledged and passed on to Mrs. James Wood, treasurer, Monaghan road. The following statement will let the public know something of what may be accomplished by their gifts. Make your offering at once.

$450 will pay the salary of a nurse for a year.

$350 will pay a school teacher's salary for one year.

$150 will pay the travelling expenses of a volunteer nurse for the summer.

$100 will care for a child in the Children's Home for a year.

$60 will support a hospital cot for one year.

$16 will provide a ton of coal for the steamer.

$2 or over makes one a member in one of the Grenfell associations for one year, and includes a year's subscription of 75 cents for the quarterly magazine, "Among the Deep Sea Fishers."

"PER ASPERA AD ASTRA"

CLASS VALEDICTORY WRITTEN BY MISS GRETCHEN GLADMAN AND READ AT COLLEGIATE COMMENCEMENT LAST NIGHT

The following is a copy of the class valedictory, prepared by Miss Gretchen Gladman, and read at the commencement exercises at the Collegiate Institute last night by James Pogue, in the absence of the author:

Mr. Chairman, Mr. Kenner, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is with mingled feelings of regret and hope that I write this farewell address, as many before me have written, with similar feeling, I suppose—regret for the days that are past and hope for the future. It hardly seems possible that five years ago, I was looking forward to graduating from this Collegiate in the same way that one looks at the moon—as a goal attainable only in one's wildest dreams. But the time has passed with incredible speed, and now, standing on the threshold of a new experience, one cannot help but feel a certain sadness that one's High School days are a thing of the past.

I am beginning to realise the truth of that oft-quoted phrase, "Absence makes the heart grow fonder," for, in the few months that I have been away, my perspective has altered so that the petty annoyances of my five years spent here have vanished, and now, more than ever, I can appreciate the untiring efforts of the staff of the school, and the splendid advantages that are offered to the youth of this city.

This is a momentous year, one which has seen the end of the greatest world-war in history, and the beginning of a period of reconstruction. Everyone has been taxing his strength and courage to the utmost for the past four years, putting forth every effort to win the war, and the great danger of the hour lies in relaxing those efforts. For after such a stupendous and tumultuous struggle, there is bound to be a reaction. We must be on our guard against thinking that, with the war won, all danger is over. In the future there will be controversies not physical, but mental. The next war will not be a war of arms, but a war of ideas. In the wake of the struggle that has just ended will come all sorts of distorted ideas, and the world will have need of clear, earnest thinkers, people with an unbiased perception of the distinctions between the true and the false. It is the duty of each and everyone of us to equip ourselves to the best of our ability to take our part in this great task, and this we can do by making the most of the educational advantages afforded us.

These advantages are becoming more and more perfect. New systems of education are being worked out in which people will be able to specialize to a greater degree than formerly, in their particular branch of study, for this is an age of specialists. Our universities are opening out broad vistas before us and awakening the interest and ambition to investigate them. We, as citizens of the empire, will have to do our part in settling the all-important problems that are arising, and we cannot shirk our responsibilities, however small they may be.

Peterboro and this Collegiate Institute have a past record of which to be proud. Many of the pupils of this school have made great names for themselves in the world, and many of them have made even greater names for themselves in that they gave their all for the cause of liberty and right. We who follow them have a wonderful tradition to live up to, and it should be considered an honor to have the privilege of doing so.

And now, farewell. Remember always, "Per aspera ad astra."

SERMONS ON DAVID

Rev. W. L. H. Rowand Begins Series of Discourses Tomorrow Night.

Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, of St. Andrew's Church will begin tomorrow night the following series of sermons on David:

Feb. 23—"David and Samuel."
Mar. 2—"David and Goliath."
Mar. 9—"David and Jonathan."
Mar 16—"David and Bathsheba."
Mar. 23—"David and Absalom."
Mar. 30—"David, the Poet."

David is easily the chief of all Biblical heroes, for no fewer than 91 chapters of Scripture are given to him and the story is full of stirring incidents. More space is given to him than to any other man of the Old Testament. David was evidently a fascinating character. Special music will be provided at all these services. The pews in the church are all free and the public are cordially invited.

OBITUARY

WILFRID LAURIER CROUGH

The death occurred this morning of Wilfrid Laurier Crough, son of Mr. D Crough, Ennismore, at the age of 18 years. The deceased was ill only a few days having succumbed to an attack of pleural-pneumonia. He is survived by his parents.

The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 9.30 to St. Martin's church and cemetery, Ennismore.

THE LATE MRS. COMSTOCK.

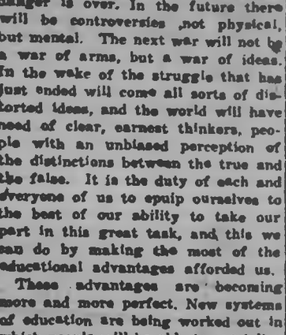
The funeral of the late Mrs. Aaron Comstock was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, 305 Water street, to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. Canon Davidson officiating.

Brockville Soldiers 'Aid Commission rendered the first of a series of

GOOD COMPLEXIONS IN EVERY HOME

For Pimples, Blotches, Blackheads, and Such Eruptions, Stuart's Calcium Wafers Work Marvels in the Skin

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL PACKAGE



This is an age of beauty. Unsightly faces filled with pimples, discolorations, blackheads, etc., are nothing but unhealthy faces due to blood impurities. Cleanse the blood with Stuart's Calcium Wafers and the facial blemishes disappear.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are more active in the skin where they improve and clear the blood. And you'll never have a good complexion until the blood is improved.

No matter how bad your complexion is, Stuart's Calcium Wafers will work wonders with it. You can get these little wonder workers at your druggist's for 50 cents a package.

A free trial package will be mailed if you send the coupon below.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. STUART CO., 204 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....
Street .....
City .....

W.S.S.

WE were among the first to put up tea in sealed packages.

We were the first to use automatic electric weighing machines so as to insure accurate weights.

We were the first to make known the qualities of the now world-famous ASSAM teas.

And we are now the first to adopt a new package for the better protection of these fine quality teas.

The lead package has served its purpose well for generations, but it was easily broken or torn, allowing not only a loss of tea from the package but exposing the tea to the air, odors and dust that it was so necessary to protect the tea against.

Our new package—the *waxed board* carton—is stronger; more secure and more completely air tight; altogether the best container for tea that has yet been devised.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

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NOTICE

OUR Increasing Business has forced us to Larger Offices when we will be glad to extend the same service to Our Clients, as in . . the past . .

Hughson Johnstone
Manager
Peterboro Security Co.
Suite 202 and 203 Barrie Building | Phone 958

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT INSURANCE
BONDS—SECURITIES

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER of the estate of Timothy Hurley, late of the City of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant of section 56, of the Trustee Act, R. S. O. 1914, Chap. 121, that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Timothy Hurley, who died on or about the twenty-second day of September, 1918, at the City of Peterborough, are required on or before the 8th day of March, 1919, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Capital Trust Corporation, Limited of Ottawa, Ontario, and Mary Ada McCarthy of Peterborough, Ont., the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars, in writing, of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

DATED at Peterborough, this 14th day of February, 1919.

O'CONNEL & CORKERY,
134½ Hunter street,
Peterborough, Ont.
Solicitors for the Executors.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT - 8.15 - TO-NIGHT

The Greatest Attraction seen in Peterborough for years.
Absolutely Guaranteed New York Caste and Production Complete.

The Man Who Came Back

Prices 50c 75c, $1.00, $1.50 Gallery 25c

TAKE A TIP DON'T MISS IT

Monday--Tuesday--Wednesday

Daily Matinees 2.30. Big "Metro" Feature Evenings 7.30.

Edith Storey in "THE SILENT WOMAN"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN 'The Landlady's Pet'

5 Other Reels 5 Vaudeville 11 in all 11

DICKSON AND BELL

Matinees 10c. Eccentric Dancing Comedians Evenings 15c

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28

4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS

AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

N. B. Gash, K. C., was elected president of the Ontario Bar Association.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
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FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,500, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, store, your life, or anything you have. It will pay you.

360 Water Street, South of Mayo House

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better

PRICE 25c and 50c

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair today. Tuesday—South-west winds, rain in southern district, snow and rain in north.

The Daily Review

4 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 46 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

WILL MAKE GERMANY PAY TO EXTENT OF HER POWERS

French Minister Gives an Outline of Probable Condition in Treaty of Peace—Delegates Are Urged on All Sides to Make Haste.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 24.—The atmosphere around the Peace Conference has changed remarkably in the last few days. The deliberation and caution which marked the proceedings of the important commissions have given away, and even the most conservative delegates are being carried forward at a great pace. Talk of early peace has become general. The actual directing force toward that end has been Premier Clemenceau, who, even while reclining in his easy chair, suffering from the wound given him by a would-be assassin, has summoned the Premiers of four other great powers to his side in order to impress upon them the need for hurrying the great work in their hands.

France originally doubted the wisdom of concluding peace before conditions crystallized in Germany. Now France agrees with America and Great Britain in demanding a termination of the existence of the present technical state of war so that even Germany may resume the normal ways of peace. This view was reflected today by Stephen Pichon, French Foreign Minister, in his regular Sunday talk with foreign newspaper correspondents. It is believed by some that the treaty which will be signed first must be followed by another final treaty, which will exactly prescribe the condition to be met by the late enemy powers. Several months may elapse before this can be made ready. M. Pichon said that Germany would be first dealt with because of the greater importance of the problems presented in her case, but added there were important peace questions for settlement in connection with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey. Military experts, he said, have been instructed to examine them and have been in readiness for a speedy adjournment.

The commissioners who are considering reparations, the Minister said, are nearing an agreement. The first question to be determined is what Germany owes and then what she can pay. After this a plan can be devised by the Allies for dividing the reparation obtained among the Entente powers. In conclusion, M. Pichon said that Premier Clemenceau was about to undertake a consideration of the Russian question when he was shot. He said the subject would, therefore, await his return to his official duties.

PRESIDENT IS BOSTON'S GUEST

ARRIVED IN THAT CITY TODAY AND GREETED BY THOUSANDS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Boston, Feb. 24.—President Wilson was the guest of Boston today on his arrival from France. Thousands of people from all part of New England arrived on the early trains to swell the throngs in the streets through which it was arranged that he should pass on his way from Commonwealth pier to his hotel in the Back Bay district. For the greater par tof the crowd this was the only opportunity to see the President, as Mechanics Hall, where he was to deliver his big address of the day, seats but 7,000 people. Buildings all along the route of the parade were ablaze with flags and bunting and a recognition of the international character of President's recent activities was shown in the frequent display of the flags of Allied nations.

The meeting at Mechanics Hall was not for 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. A special train will start for Washington with the President and his party at 4.30 p.m.

MAJOR KELLY TO START FOR HOME

OFFICER WHO WON CROSS OF WAR TO RESUME PRACTICE

Mrs. R. B. Kelly has received a Croix de Guerre with a bronze star attached which was won by her son Major B. E. Kelly when fighting in conjunction with the French near Amoins. Major Kelly, who is attached to No. 9. Field Ambulance, is expected to sail for Canada about March 1st and will resume his practice in this city.

THE REAL OFFENDER

Looking For Man Who Gave Liquor to Farmer.

A young farmer was arrested on Saturday night in a pool room in this city charged with being intoxicated. In Police Court this morning he pleaded guilty to the accusation in accordance with the request of Chief Thompson the case was remanded for a week, in which time he hopes to gain information which will result in the apprehension of the party who supplied the liquor.

SANG PATRIOTIC SONGS BUT EVADED THE DRAFT

Edward Murphy is Held For Sentence and Bail is Refused by Magistrate.

Bail was this morning refused in the case of Edward Murphy, of Kirkfield, who on Saturday in the Police Court here, pleaded guilty to the charge of having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act. He was remanded until such time as the flat arrived from the Department of Justice.

This morning application for bail was made in his behalf but as he had acknowledged his guilt and was remanded in custody for sentence, this concession was refused as Murphy is thought to have been one of the leading spirits in the defaulter encampment which was situated in the woods in the Kirkfield district last summer and which defied the Dominion Police and challenged them to come and take them into custody.

When arrested Murphy was carrying in his pocket written copies of two popular patriotic songs, namely, "Keep the Home Fires Burning" and "The Cavalier." It is thought that he must have been making use of his talents at the amateur entertainments in his home district, and if so there was a strange incongruity in his choice of selections and his stand with regard to his country's need.

It is said that the band of absentees, to which Murphy belonged, led a care-free Robin Hood existence in the shady woodland glens of the back country and that one of their number who pretended to be learned in the provisions and application of the M. S. A. and was himself a defaulter gave regular lectures to the assembled outlaws upon compulsory military service, its iniquities and how to avoid it.

It is thought that the police may in the near future give this gentleman an opportunity to address a more important meeting in the Police Court at Peterborough when he will be called upon to give an account of why he failed to report for service when ordered to do so.

OLD CHURCH BUILDING ON MURRAY STREET IS BOUGHT BY VETERANS

Deal Was Completed Saturday and Work of Remodeling Structure Will Begin Tomorrow—Extensive Alterations Are Planned—to be Made Modern in Every Way.

On Saturday the purchase was completed by the Peterboro Branch of the Great War Veterans Association of the property formerly occupied by the Murray Street Baptist Church. This property is located between Aylmer and George street on the south side of Murray street, of 114 feet, by a depth of practically 192 feet. A lane runs along the west side of the building leading to driving sheds in the rear yard, so that the property is out of contact with other buildings.

The main building proper is a two-storey structure with a solid stone foundation of considerable thickness running up several feet above the ground level and from there on the construction is brick. There is a small cottage in the rear of the vacant lot which will be used as a caretaker's residence.

Proposed Changes

It is proposed that the basement or ground floor will be arranged for executive offices, recreation rooms, and baths. The first floor will contain an assembly hall, 40 feet by 66 feet and in addition a suite of rooms for the Ladies Auxiliary, consisting of three rooms and an up to date kitchen. A third floor will be added to the main building and will contain 12 or 15 bedrooms with bathroom facilities this will be a source of revenue and comfort for the members. It will also serve to make the hall a home to all unattached members. In the long lounge room on this floor there will be six or eight Davenport beds that can be made down for any extra occasion.

The outside of the building will be completely altered by changing the windows and the erection of balconies on the front and rear.

Start Work Tomorrow

The contracts for all changes have been let to Mr. H. A. Graham, a returned comrade who has had a number of years experience as contractor in this city. The work will start tomorrow and the veterans have great hopes that they will be able to finance all the work at the present time as a means of giving labor to some of the unemployed.

The committee in charge of the work are: Capt. R. E. Layfield, chairman; Capt. A. S. Morrison, Arthur Ringer, Harvey Staunton, and the Secretary, Sidney Whatley.

Marine Engines May Be Built In Peterborough

The deputation of working men, accompanied by Mayor Duncan left for Ottawa last midnight, to interview the Cabinet on the labor situation in this city, especially as it affects the C. G. E. plant which is almost closed down for lack of orders.

As stated in the Review Saturday the C. G. E. Company is willing to take up the manufacture of marine engines for the Government at cost for the purpose of keeping their men employed. A protest was also to be registered against the proposal to import from Sweden or the United States electrical machinery that can be manufactured in Peterborough.

Mayor Duncan this afternoon wired The Review as follows:

The deputation was received by Sir Thomas White, acting Premier, and Hon. A. K. McLean, acting Minister of Marine. The labor situation was presented by Capt. Barnham, the Mayor and other representatives. The Ministers received the deputation very favorably and promised to give every consideration to the labor situation and demands when allocating work for marine engines and other requirements. The deputation was well pleased with the result of the interview.

ARMED TROOPS ON GUARD IN BOSTON

EVERY PRECAUTION IS TAKEN TO PROTECT LIFE OF PRESIDENT

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 24.—Ten more arrests have been made in connection with the reported plot to assassinate President Wilson. Nearly twenty-five Industrial Workers of the World are now being held in this case.

At Boston extraordinary precautions are being taken to guard Wilson from harm. More than nine hundred policemen and detectives guarded the line of march and armed troops occupied the roofs and windows of houses along the route.

Two Prisoners Saw Way To Freedom

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Simcoe, Feb. 24. — By sawing through two and one half inch bars in their cell door, and five window bars about one inch square, two prisoners, made their escape in the early hours of the morning. They were William Flock, sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, and Frank Sutton, sentenced to eighteen months both for theft.

To Hear Eulogies Ot Sir Wilfrid

Ottawa, Feb. 24. — Parliament will devote Tuesday afternoon to appreciations of its senior member, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The present arrangement is that only two set speeches will be delivered. Sir Thomas White, Acting Prime Minister, speaking for the Government, will deliver an extended oration, while Hon. Hodolphe Lemieux has been selected by the French-Canadia nmembers of the Opposition to represent them and may speak in French.

The Acting Prime Minister stated that opportunity will be afforded other members of the House who may wish to speak of the long and illustrious career of Sir Wilfrid in the public life of Canada.

ENGLAND FACES CIVIL STRIFE

LLOYD GEORGE ASKS PARLIAMENT TO HELP TO PREVENT IT

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 24.—The United Kingdom is faced with the prospects of civil strife and the House of Commons should do everything in its power to avert it, Premier Lloyd George declared today in introducing a bill to constitute a committee to inquire into the conditions prevailing in the coal industries.

Liquor Is Now Bought As Booty

St. Catharines, Feb. 24.—Whiskey and champagne have taken the place of diamonds and precious stones as the objective of burglars in Ontario, as revealed in a robbery at the home of F. Blaikie, near Port Dalhousie, which has just been reported to the city and county police. While the occupants of the house were away burglars entered the place and carried away five gallons of Gooderham & Warts whiskey, one case of cherry whiskey, one case of champagne, a five-gallon keg of port wine, besides several dozen cases of vegetables and fruit, 16 pairs of ladies' silk stockings, several dozen silver cutlery, 20 phonograph records and various other household articles, which must have required one or two trucks to convey the booty away. The police are mystified.

DUELING WITH POLICE; SALOON-KEEPER DIES

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Following a revolver duel with police officers at the Waldorf Hotel here today, James W. McGregor, a former Detroit saloon-keeper and a native of Chatham, was shot and killed after he had barricaded himself in his room in the hotel and defied the police to arrest him.

Shortly before noon he pulled a revolver and began firing it in the lobby of the hotel, but fortunately striking nobody. McGregor made a rush for his bedroom as the police arrived, declaring he would never be taken alive. After breaking in the door, the officers attempted to seize the crazed man, who began firing again. The fire was returned.

CLEAR MYSTERY OF DEATH OF SISTER

NUN BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN VICTIM OF VIOLENCE IN 1907

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Traverse City, Mich, Feb. 24 — Several persons connected more than a decade ago with the little convent at Isadore, near here, were being sought today by the County authorities in an effort to throw light on the disappearance in 1907 of Sister Marys Johns, a nun who the officers say they believe came to her death by violence. At the time of her disappearance it was generally understood that Sister Mary had left the convent to visit relatives but her body was recently exhumed. Among those whom the authorities expect to help in clearing up the mystery are Rev. Andrew Bienowske and Father Edward Podlowskij who succeeded Father Bienowske at Isadore.

TROOPS TO AID OF CITY

Bavarian Regiments Offer to Block Spartacans' Game

Berlin, Feb. 24.—A special despatch to The Local Anzeiger says the Bavarian regiments outside Munich have offered to come to the aid of the city if the Spartacans attempt to terrorize the capital, and also have placed themselves at the disposal of the newly-elected diet, which was to have met, Friday ,but which was dispersed by the Soviet government.

Count Von Luxburg, brothr of the former Minister to Argentina, the newspaper says, has been arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the assassination of Kurt Eisner, the late premier.

RATE MAY BE 34 MILLS

Brantford, Feb. 24.—Information is given that the tax rate this year will be 34 mills, as compared with 30½ the past year. The difference is due to the cost of the Emergency Hospital and to increased salaries and wages to the school teachers, firemen, police and works employees. An effort will be made to trim the estimates further, but the belief is held that only essentials have been asked for, and consequently little can be done.

NAVAL EXPERTS AGREE THAT WARSHIPS SHOULD BE SUNK

British and Americans Say That Such Vessels Are no Use For Commercial Purposes and Cannot Be Broken Up at a Profit.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 24.—While the Supreme War Council has not discussed the disposition of the surrendered German warships, naval experts of the Council have studied the subject. British and American officers agreeing that the proper solution of the question will be to sink them in deep water. French and Italian officers do not take this view and if the experts do not reach an agreement the matter will be taken up directly by the Supreme War Council. The British navy has been demonstrated by wreckers that the greater number of the German naval vessels cannot be broken up at a profit.

vessels taken during the war and they have a greater interest in the determination of the question, and they have the weight of opinion of the American experts with them.

There are seventy four German warships, aggregating half a million tons, or an estimated building cost of $200,000,000. These naval vessels cannot be used profitably in commerce, are too heavily engined and have no cargo space, a fact which has been proved. It has also been demonstrated by wreckers that naval vessels cannot be broken up at a profit.

Suggest Pension To Lady Laurier

Ottawa, Feb. 24. — The Ottawa Journal on Saturday made the following interesting suggestion. "One of the first duties of Parliament should be to vote a pension to Lady Laurier not less than the salary which Sir Wilfrid Laurier received as Leader of the Opposition.

"Sir Wilfrid gave his life service to Canada. He made no effort to get fortune for himself in the monetary sense, and no fortune came to him. Canada should see to it that the aged wife whom the dead statesman has left behind should receive the reverence and justice to which Sir Wilfrid Laurier's fifty years and more of stainless public service entitles her who was closest to his heart."

Kingston Man Is Dead in London

(Special Correspondence)

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Cable advices have been received in Ottawa of the death in London, England, of John J. Harty, president of the Canadian Locomotive Works, Kingston. Mr. Harty was in London on business.

"Head For South And Stay Away"

NEGROES ARE BEING CHASED OUT OF PENNSYLVANIA STEEL TOWN

Coatesville, Pa., Feb. 24.—Coatesville has started to deport negroes brought to the steel town during the war labor shortage. Police are rushing the men out of town shoeless and penniless in many instances, and telling them to "head south and stay away."

The first drive in this direction was started on Tuesday, and according to public announcements made by the police others are to follow. Thirty negroes were taken to a bridge off the outskirts of Coatesville to the south and driven out of town.

The round-up was made on South First avenue, where the negroes congregate in pool-rooms and cigar stores, under the direction of Constable A. S. Jackson and State police, who have been stationed in Coatesville for some weeks. More than fifty men were rounded up.

Every man was then asked to produce his employees' check showing that he was a worker. Men who were unable to produce such checks were put in the "southbound gang," as the cops called it. Under guard of foot police an dthe mounted States constabulary they were escorted away.

THREE FIRES—NO DAMAGE

Feb.22nd, 10.15 p.m.—Chimney fire at the residence of Mr. Watkins, Park Street, no damage.

Feb. 23rd, at 12,15 p.m.—96 Lansdowne street, residence of Mr. McGrogan, chimney fire, no damage.

Feb. 24th, 9.43 a.m.—the residence of D. Simpson, 217 Stewart street, no damage.

Nuremburg Is Now Scene of Riots

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 23.—Spartacan riots have taken place in Nuremburg, Bavaria, where the prisons have been opened and street fighting is in progress, according to a Exchange Telegraph.

Fire Workers Are Still Defiant

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 24.—If the Government desires to avert national disaster it must understand that the report on wages and hours of miners be forthcoming before March 14, declares Frank Hodges, secretary of the Miners' Federation. He said that the principle of nationalization must be established. Hodges added that miners will not attend conference with the miners.

Three Transports Sail For Canada

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa Feb 24.—The Militia Department announced the sailing from England of three transports, the Melita, to arrive at St. John about March 1st; the Empress, to arrive about March 2nd, and the Cassandra, to arrive May 2nd. There will be about six thousand returning soldiers on these boats, including 810 from Ontario points.

French Premier Still Improves

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 24.—Premier Clemenceau's condition continues to be satisfactory. He spent a good night.

BANQUET TO SOLDIERS

Brockville Soldiers' Aid Commission Entertains Two Hundred.

Brockville, Feb. 24.—The first of a series of banquets to soldiers under the auspices of the Soldiers' Aid Commission was tendered in Victoria Hall here Friday night at 6 o'clock, when about two hundred veterans partook of a spread served by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the War Veterans.

FOOD SHIP FOR BREST BURNED AT NEW YORK

New York, Feb. 24.—The army refrigerating ship Sixaola was sunk at her pier in Hoboken to save her from flames which were raging in her holds. Two members of the crew, an officer and a boatswain's mate, who were helping fight the fire, are missing, and are believed to have perished. The vessel was loaded with beef and lard, and was about to sail for Brest.

The use of coal gas instead of gasoline for motor fuel is rapidly increasing in English cities despite the fact that engines that are driven by it develop but 90 per cent of the power obtained from gasoline.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1919

DEALING WITH DEFAULTERS

CHARLES P. DOHERTY, of Kinmount, who pleaded guilty in the police court recently to the charge of being a military defaulter, was sentenced to the prison farm for two years less one day.

A short term in such a place of confinement involves less real hardship than the same length of time spent in the trenches of Europe. There is infinitely less discomfort and danger. The discipline, too, is not much more severe than that to which the soldiers were subject. The latter received for their services little more than their board and clothes. Doherty as a prisoner at the farm will get as much. Any service he will be able to render will scarcely be worth his keep in dollars and cents. The State really loses by his incarceration.

In private life Doherty was a prosperous merchant. There are other defaulters in the same class, men so comfortable in circumstances and so successful in business that they sought to evade the draft. For doing this they should be made to pay. A heavy fine levied upon them would be more to the purpose than giving them a short jail sentence. But sentence or no sentence the wealthy slacker should be made to help pay the cost of the war which he refused to win.

PAY OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN believes that the sessional indemnities of members of Parliament and the salaries of Cabinet Ministers should be increased. It believes that the present system should be revised so that there would be fewer ministers. The Citizen, however, does not favor the idea of Parliament voting itself an increase in pay, but says any such increase agreed upon should not become effective until the next Parliament so that the responsibility should be forced upon the people themselves.

The Citizen says that when the Dominion Elections Act came up for revision this session, parliament should take steps to provide for members and ministers on a more liberal basis of sessional indemnity and ministerial salary than the present rates. The allowance of $2,500 a year may have been sufficient a few years ago; but the purchasing power of the dollar has been so reduced that the present indemnity to private members is practically $1,000 better than $1,000 would have been when Parliament finished on $2,500. The sessional indemnity should be at least $4,000 a year; even then it is barely sufficient to pay the conscientious member's expenses.

Objectors may perhaps argue that there are members who do not give $2,500 worth of attention to their parliamentary duties. This may be so, particularly of some members who rarely take any part in the session's work, excepting when some special private interest demands their attendance. But the majority of members probably devote by far the most of their time to parliamentary matters, not only during the session, but all the year round. The constituencies that elect such slacker representatives penalise themselves. It is their own loss when they send reactionaries to parliament, and it is sufficient loss to the nation to have seats in the House thus barred of service. The drones in the hive should not be accepted as reasons why the workers should be indemnified inadequately for their time.

The House of Commons should take its courage in both hands this session, and as one of the necessary reforms toward independence of party funds, if for no better reason, provision should be made for a more adequate sessional indemnity. At the same time the salaries of the cabinet ministers should be brought up to a scale somewhat in keeping with administering a national department of government. The same objection about some ministers being worth less to the country than their present $7,000 a year may seem to apply in certain instances. But mediocrity in the cabinet should not be allowed to set the standard of remuneration. The ministers who do keep the government of Canada functioning probably work harder and direct policies of greater concern to the country, than the president of any dozen industrial corporation. The nation should pay its ministers, not only as well as private corporations pay their presidents and executive officers and legal advisers, but better. The people of Canada should demand this in the public interest, and from a sense of national self-respect and dignity.

The salary of a cabinet minister in Great Britain is $15,000 a year; some receive more. By setting the salary at $25,000 a year in Canada, the country would be rid almost automatically, of mediocrity in the cabinet. Public opinion would be less tolerant of it, and the national treasury would probably be so much the better off because of the change. A way could be found to have fewer ministers. Customs and inland revenue might properly become part of the department of finance, with one minister and a parliamentary secretary instead of the present separate arrangement. Railways' canals, marine and aerial transport could be incorporated with the department of public works, to come under one minister of national services, assisted by parliamentary secretaries. The present department of trade and commerce should disappear for something more practical: a ministry of industries in Canada could turn for the same kind of practical help as the agricultural industry can at present to the ministry of agriculture. A ministry of industry, with under-secretaries for commerce, agriculture, fisheries and manufacturing, would perhaps more than pay for itself in the assistance it could render to Canadian industrial enterprise.

TO FIGHT BOLSHEVISM

TWO IDEAS were dominant in the minds of certain strikers at Seattle. The first was that shipyards and other industries should be operated by the people who put their money into them. The second was that this end should be reached by paralyzing the community through strikes and other methods of coercion until it surrendered to the forces of organized labor. These two ideas are styled Bolshevism. They should be treated differently.

It is possible that the first idea may be tried out lawfully and peacefully. In Britain, where the wage earners are a majority, they can gain control of the industries of the country at any time by going to the polls as a unit. In Germany, certain industries may be handed over to a partnership between a Socialist Government and a Socialist Working Class. In both these lands the political rule of the majority may develop lawfully and peacefully, into the industrial rule by the working people. It cannot be prevented by force. The only way it can be prevented is by argument, reason and sense. It is an idea of the mind that will have to be answered by the mind.

The second idea is not in this category at all. It is savagery. It means that people having failed to convert a majority to their ideas, fail at the polls and finding themselves in a minority, say they will gain their end by force. The only answer is immediate and implacable counterforce. Every group of persons announcing the intention of destroying the will of the majority by the violence of the minority must be broken up. In the fight against the second idea, hesitation is treason and argument is cowardice.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

OUR CONTEMPORARY gives its ideas of what the new leader of its party should be, but unfortunately no such political paragon has yet been born or made.

• • • • •

PERHAPS IT IS the weakness of the American senators for the national game of poker that induces so many of them to put up this bluff against the League of Nations.

• • • • •

RETRIBUTION seldom strikes in the wrong place. If Germany did not start the war, as the people claim, they are certainly the greatest sufferers from the results of the conflict.

• • • • •

"WHAT WOULD LINCOLN, if alive today, do with the railways?" asks an American exchange. Well, Lincoln refused to confiscate the Southern slaves until compelled to do so as a military necessity.

• • • • •

THE AMERICAN legislators should not be so jealous about their Monroe Doctrine. It was really devised by a British statesman, and is too big a principle to be confined in operation to one continent.

• • • • •

IF THE OCTOGENARIANS of France are of the same calibre, as a rule, as the wounded Premier, it is little wonder that the men of the younger generation were able to put up such a stiff fight against the Germans.

• • • • •

THE PUBLIC SPEAKERS in this city who declared the other night that ex-President Taft attempted to annex Canada in 1911 failed to add a note of thanks to that genial gentleman for returning peacefully home without taking this country with him.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

A Real Man's Job.
(Montreal Herald-Telegraph.)

After July first it will be quite a sight to see some of the husky beer throwers in the city get out and get real jobs where they will have to do a man's work.

Easily Satisfied.

The average American feels that this country discharged its full obligation of service in the war.

Something Should Happen.
(Ogdensburg Advance.)

With Kingston, Brockville, Gananoque, Township of Yonge, and the Commercial Travellers' Association at work for the restoration of the Belleville-Brockville local train, something should happen.

The Slum.
(Galt Reporter.)

The slum is the deadly enemy of a clean and pure citizenship.

Easily Satisfied.
(Buffalo News.)

The average American feels that his country discharged its full obligation of service in the war.

Sarcastic.
(Montreal Herald-Telegraph.)

If this kind of weather continues, the ladies will have to shake the moth balls out of last summer's furs and get them out for early use.

Interstitio.
(Galt Reporter.)

Editor and Publisher Bittrome of the St. Catharines Standard, after forty years of service to the public as the producer of a creditable city daily, celebrated the conclusion of the same by presenting the mayor of the city with a cheque for $1500 to provide a rose garden for St. Catharines. How—?—?—?—?

Brotherly Love.
(Winchester Press.)

Somebody should wake up the publisher of the Chesterville Record. Not only is he asleep, but he seems to be suffering from a nightmare. The following is from the Record of last week:

"Last week the Record, through business engagements, was unable to attend a meeting of the publishers of Dundas at Winchester and partake of a banquet tendered them by the village council. We have waited with greatly aroused curiosity to know what happened at the feed. We have failed to find a line regarding it in any paper of the county. Why all this reticence, brethren? Did the bubble burst before gas masks were adjusted?"

Let us enlighten our dreaming cotem. First, there was no such gathering at Winchester; second, there was no banquet tendered; third, nothing happened because there was no food; fourth, nothing was published because there was nothing to publish; fifth, there is no reticence, because there is nothing to be reticent over; sixth, no bubble burst because there was no bubble. Even the four years' war does not seem to have brushed the cobwebs from the vision of the Chesterville publisher.

GEN. FOCH'S CONVINCING WAY

(New York Times.)

The Germans seem at last to be waking up to some of the facts of their position. Their army was beaten in the field, and they are at the mercy of the victors; but, in spite of all that has happened since, they seem to have persisted in the belief that they could negotiate with those victors on even terms. Not even their exclusion from the Peace Conference has availed to cure them of this strange delusion. It took Marshal Foch to do it, in so far as it has been done at all.

When Erzberger protested against the "harshness" of the revised terms on the ground that they would imperil the success of the new German Government, Marshal Foch does not seem to have made any elaborate argument to let the light into that darkened mind. He merely replied, so our correspondent reports, "I know only peace and war. We have not peace, therefore we have war." It had nothing to do with Erzberger's delusion that the stability of the new German Government is a matter dear to the hearts of the Allies, but it seems actually to have opened Erzbergers' eyes to the true situation in which he stood, better than a 500-page thesis could have done. In other words, he got the idea.

In the same despatch we read that the German armistice commission were greatly opposed to allowing Marshal Foch to decide all disputed points on the application of the armistice conditions; that they asked convincingly, "What is the use of our commission? You might as well have a dictator and be done with it." This is indeed the true state of the case. The commission had nothing to do except to sign on the dotted line, which was carefully pointed out to them by Marshal Foch. He might as well have been a dictator. This is the truth which the Allies, with unwearied patience, have been trying vainly to hope into some crack in the German skull. At last, although it is difficult to see how, they get the idea. It is possible that this revelation came to them through a singular circumstance, which was that, when they waited upon the Marshal as usual to tell him that they had as yet received no authority to sign the terms, the Marshal said "that he was going away at 6 o'clock and that Germany had better make up her mind by that time."

When the Spanish-American peace commission was at work ending the war of 1898, some of the Spaniards, it is said, objected to some of the terms as inadmissable, whereupon William R. Day, one of the American commissioners, informed them that "a peace treaty can contain anything that the victors choose to put in it." Bismarck, too, managed to convey the same idea to the French in 1871, so that the idea is not new to the Germans, however much they may have forgotten Bismarck and his ways. Apparently, however, they had got the notion that it does not apply to Germans, or perhaps that it applies to peace treaties only and not to armistice conventions. Foch, though famous as the man who brought the war to an end, has an additional title to fame; he seems to be the only man who can make a German understand things.

TODAY'S STORY

Some time since an Ohio man decided to invite a business acquaintance to dinner, and in consulting his wife about it gave her some of the prospective guest's private history.

From the moment the guest took his place at the table on the appointed evening the eyes of little Johnny never left him.

"Mr. Jones," finally remarked the youngster, "won't you please drink your coffee? I am awfully anxious to see you."

"Why, yes," good naturedly smiled the guest, "if you wish me to. Why are you so anxious to see me drink it?"

"Because," answered Johnny, to the great embarrassment of his parents, "papa says you drink like a fish."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Yestidday aftir suppir pop was shoveling the snow off the pavemint and I was standing there watching him, saying, Is it hard to get off, pop?

Is darn near impossible, sed pop, my the dickens dont they have sumbody shovel it off in the day time wile its still soft instead of waiting till nite and inpecting me to do it aftir about a million people have wawked on it all day.

And he kepp on trying to scrape it off with the shovel and saying things to himself on account of proberly not wanting to say them out loud, and I sed, it would take a million people more than a day, wouldn't it, pop?

Even if I knew waf you were tawking about I proberly wouldnt be intristed, sed pop. And he kepp on shoveling mad, and aftir a wile I sed, Snow is ony frosen moisture, did you know that, pop?

Not this snow, this is frosen iron, sed pop.

And I looked at him shoveling it a wile longer, saying, It wouldnt be neer so mutch werk if it was soft, would it, pop?

Youre a brite lad, sumtimes I wunder how you do it, sed pop. Meening it wouldent, and I sed, Well, do you wunt me to get another shovel and take some soft snow out of the street and put it on the pavemint for you?

Do you wunt the nayhors to heer your cries of pane? sed pop, and I sed, No sir, and pop said, Then you hetter take yourself for a wawk rite away.

And he kepp on shoveling and I started to shy sumthing else and changed my mind and went erround to see if Leroy Sheaster was; wich he was.

The sooner a man shuffles off this mortal coil the sooner his good qualities will be recognized.

WIT AND WISDOM

"Your son seems to be a general favorite. Where was he educated?"

"Everywhere, except in the head."

"Mayme says she has so many callers that she can hardly talk to them all."

"Why, I didn't know she was a telephone operator."

Fortune Teller—You will marry a rich man who will give you a princely allowance. Two dollars, please.

Customer—I'll pay you out of the allowance. Good-day.

"I suppose you think you could tell the peace delegates at Paris exactly what to do?"

"Yes," answered the man who always speaks in a discouraged tone, "but they probably wouldn't do it."

Forced To Toil.

"You used to hate work."

"I hate it yet," replied Plodding Pete. "But I'm goin' to keep at it. If you get in the habit o' loafin' now some member of the I. W. W. is liable to step up any minute an' call you 'brother'."

The Retort Crisp.

After a grand review of German troops at Potsdam, the kaiser called out to the officer commanding the Prussian Guard in a voice loud enough to be heard by all the distinguished guests who were grouped in front of the palace: "Pick me out a hundred men from the Prussian Guard!" Then, taking the arm of King Edward VII., who was there, he said, "Come with me." He escorted King Edward very delicately round the hundred men and then said banteringly, "Well, do you think you could find a hundred men in England to beat them?"

"I don't know so much about that," promptly replied the late King, "but I could easily find fifty who would try."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that the important sessions of the Peace Conference were to be in camera and the pictures will certainly be interesting.

To prevent dust being drawn into the back of an automobile when its top is down an inventor has patented a curtain to be suspended behind the car, so shaped as to deflect the dust clouds.

Weak Nerves Trembling. The Great Blood Tonic and Invigorator that wherever prescribed, makes new Blood and Nerve Tissue, Restores Strength, Overcomes Debility, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Energy, Failing Memory, Prevents Decline and Premature Old Age. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WINDSOR MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont. (Formerly Windsor, Que.)

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Haste to get rich keeps many a man poor.

Builders of most air castles live next to the roof.

There is nothing so bad as not to be good for something.

Somehow a creditor always has a better memory than a debtor.

The more dollars you get together the louder they talk—so do you.

Birds of a feather flock together and so do jailbirds of the same stripe.

Nothing worries a chronic kicker like the refusal of things to go wrong.

It's a poor Valentine that fails either to please a woman or make her mad.

No matter how many cook books a bride owns, she keeps right on cooking things the way her mother taught her.

NO DROP IN CLOTH PRICE

Price Likely to Remain Stationary During Reconstruction Period.

Mr. Samuel Jagger, woolen expert, of Huddersfield, England, who after a short stay in Toronto visiting Mr. A. M. Hobberlin, has started on his return journey to England on the "Baltic," his hundred and fourteenth trip across the Atlantic, said with reference to the woolen situation in England:

"Canadians need expect no rapid drop in prices, as this will be impossible because of the amount of clothing that has to be furnished to each demobilized man, who is to receive a suit, overcoat, cap and shirt. All these goods have to be manufactured into cloth for something like six million soldiers. This is going to take a great deal of machinery which has been used for military clothing, and it will take some time before it can be put to civilian use. Couple this with the fact that all of the neutral countries are without wool, and draw your own conclusions. The allied nations, with the exception of the United States, England and Australia are also without wool, which shows that there will be a great demand when the woolen market is under control again."

LAURIER'S TROPHIES

Bequeathed to Ottawa by Will It Is Said.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier maintained his pride and interest in Ottawa to the last. It is understood that a clause in his will dedicates to the Capital City all the tokens of honor bestowed upon him during his distinguished public career.

Many of these are of almost priceless value. They include the testimonials covering the freedom of cities in the United Kingdom. The casket containing the freedom of the City of Edinburgh, one of the most beautiful of the collection, is solidly encrusted with diamonds. The intention is that the souvenirs shall find a place in the War Memorial Building, which will doubtless be erected in Ottawa before long.

To lessen the smoke and gas in tunnels Swiss railroads are equipping their locomotive stacks with lids to be closed when a tunnel is entered, steam being exhausted beneath the engines.

HON J. A. CALDER
Minister of Immigration in Union Cabinet and spoken of as Western Liberal Leader.

EDITOR'S MAIL

WAR SURGERY

The Editor of the Review:

Dear Sir—Permit me to correct an error which you made in reporting my talk to the Life Problem Club at the Y.M.C.A. on Friday evening. Nothing was further from my thoughts than to cast any reflection on the gallant work done by the surgeons during the war or to underestimate the contributions they have made to surgery. The idea I intended to convey to those who heard me was, that the surgery of war was usually secondary to injury and therefore of an emergency character, while in civil live the condition was often obscure and in such cases the diagnosis might be more difficult than the operation. Hence the need for a thorough knowledge of anatomy, pathology and medicine as well as surgery.

Yours truly,
A. MOIR.

A new stopper for milk bottles has a spout at one side for pouring, a valve within the device closing against the admission of air when a bottle to which it is attached is held upright.

An Australian claims to have discovered a new rapid tanning process with which sole leather can be tanned in seven days, calf skins in six hours and other skins proportionately quickly.

Two things are essential if you would read easily—
GOOD LIGHT
and
GOOD SIGHT
If it's a question of sight our glasses will solve the problem and end the trouble.

M. J. ROOHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

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15 First Run New Reels

ROYAL

Double show For Single Admission 16c

Entire Change To-night--High Class Fox Features, Dramas, Western Pictures and Comedies.

William Fox Presents Tom Mix in "Western Blood." This is a thrilling story of adventure in the land where the best man wins. 5 Parts. Another William Fox Feature is the "Extravagances, Ali Baba and the Forty Theives." This is a wonder Tale of the Arabian Nights, in 5 parts. George H. Wiley also Presents Jean Southern in "A Mute Appeal," supported by a clever cast of Motion Picture Actors. 5 parts

These are 3 excellent Features to be presented at the Royal To-night. In addition to this there will be a good reel Mutt and Jeff Comedy.

This Program fully sustains the reputation of the management of the Royal for showing the best pictures in the city. It is a well known fact that Programs similar to the above are shown in the largest Picture Houses in Toronto, Montreal and other large centres at much higher prices for admission than that charged at the Royal. 10 cents to all. Do not fail to see this excellent Program. If you have time see the Matinee in afternoon, and avoid the evening rush. Same show at both performances.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

That old adage, "For every child a tooth," is as superstitious, cruel and preposterous as most of the other beliefs and teachings of ignorant old women.

The expectant mother owes it as a prime duty to herself and her child to have her teeth properly cared for, to have any necessary dental work done, no matter what operative procedure that may entail, early in pregnancy, and to visit her dentist repeatedly throughout the waiting period for the purpose of keeping her teeth in sound condition.

There are still too many dentists who pretend that it is not worth while to fill or otherwise treat the baby teeth. You can detect an uneducated, unskillful or unreliable dentist instantly by his stand on this one vital matter. If he would postpone treatment of the temporary or milk teeth "because the child won't have them long, anyway," it is far better to have nothing to do with him for no competent dentist nowadays harbors any such antiquated notion.

Another cruel and utterly absurd superstition of the ignorant is that any dental work done for the mother in the expectant period is likely to have some pernicious prenatal influence on the child. The truth is that postponement or neglect of dental work needed by the mother is the only thing that is likely to have any pernicious influence on the child.

There is no danger whatever in necessary extraction of teeth at any time in the course of pregnancy. There is a danger in attempting to postpone a necessary extraction.

There is no sense in administering lime salts, phosphates or other chemical substances purporting to be good to "nourish the teeth" — not while the patient is able to take food. These mineral elements are supplied in ample quantities and in the most assimilable form in most ordinary foods.

Constant Reader Rises To Remark

Having followed your columns for a long time, I have tabulated the important lessons I have learned:

1. There is no such thing as rheumatism.
2. There is no such thing as catarrh.
3. There is no such thing as a good tonic.
4. A layman who attempts to treat himself has a fool for a doctor.
5. Indigestion is caused by almost everything but an error of diet.
6. Teething and worms should be ignored in the illnesses of infants.
7. Physics and liver pills do much more harm than good—when not prescribed by a member of the medical profession.
8. Backache suggests everything but kidney trouble.
9. All stout persons eat too much.
10. When an old geezer like myself (33) begins to miss some of his former pep it is high time for him to worry about his arteries at least enough to pay some doctor $5 for a physical examination.

I trust I have learned my lesson well enough to deserve special credit from you. M. M. G.

Fine! You are hereby promoted to the longevity class. Gotcha thinking, anyway.

Pellagra.

Please give a remedy to freshen the complexion. What causes pellagra? I have taken treatment twice from a specialist, but the pellagra returns after a few months, and now I am unable to employ a specialist again. Can it be cured by dieting? Please suggest something for the rough and cracked skin on the wrists. GEORGIA.

Pellagra is a deficiency disease caused by an insufficient quantity and variety of fresh vegetable and flesh foods in the die. If at least a pint of fresh raw milk is taken daily pellagra will probably not occur. Other foods especially valuable in preventing and curing pellagra are greens, fresh fruits of all kinds, butter, fresh beef and fresh mutton and eggs. Apply to the wrists two or three times a day a few drops of the following mixture:

Salicylic acid	1 dram
Powdered tragacanth	1 dram
Glycerin	1 ounce
Water	½ pint

Mix and boil slowly till all dissolved, then add water to make up for evaporation.

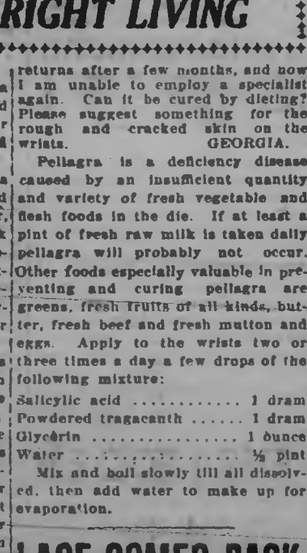
Cole's Cotton Root Compound. A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent from prepaid. Address:

LACE COMES BACK

Decoration for Frocks Promises Wide Popularity.

There Is No Attempt to Relieve the Neckline of Evening Gowns When They Are Deeply Decollete.

By this time it is quite apparent to even the casual observer, states a fashion writer, that old lace has come into its own again and that there is a revulsion of feeling against the severe neck line except by women who know they look extremely well in such severity. It is not especially trying when the decolletage is square, but when round, or V-shaped it takes a woman with remarkably regular features to carry it off. This refers to day frocks. There is no attempt to relieve the neckline of evening gowns when they are deeply decollete, as the bodice is rarely of heavy or opaque material.



An Oriental Frock for Dinner and Theater, of Bright Blue Satin and Black Thread Lace. The Bodice is of the Latter. The Girdle is Caught by a Plaeque of Colored Beads.

The introduction of an afternoon frock, which now means a frock worn for lunch as well as tea, but not for the ordinary purposes of shopping or patriotic work, with a deep U-shaped, decolletage half filled in with a flat ruffle of lace, has met with such popularity to insure a reasonable every side the expression of pleased acceptance with a fashion that gives one a chance to have the face softened.

Against this judgment there are a host of objectors who insist that the severe neckline is smart and that the other is out of the picture, but as soon as enough well-dressed women adopt the advancing method then she who is out of the picture will be in it. It is merely a question of the eye. We are the victims of visual familiarity with objects. Otherwise there would not be that complete change in the fashions which occurs season in and out.

MITTENS ARE IN GAY COLORS

Woolen Hand Coverings Are Seen in Large Variety; Often Match Scarf or Cap.

One reason put forward for the vogue for mittens is that one cannot carry a muff and carry a bag, and every patriotic woman simply must carry a bag these days. Another reason, and one that holds true of the woman of moderate income, is that fur is high and a new muff is out of the question. Then a lot of women are doing outdoor work who never did it before. They are exposed to the cold nipping air of morning and evening on their way to and from volunteer or paid work. They drive automobiles and "conduct" street cars and act as messenger boys and collect bills, and for this work they need to have a protection for their hands that is more substantial than the kid glove or fabric glove of other days.

Hence the mitten!

The prediction was made some months ago that the smartly dressed woman would be wearing shaggy angora gloves and mittens and some people shrugged their shoulders and felt sure that there was nothing that would tempt the well-dressed woman away from the conventional kid. Surely the fact that they had almost doubled in price would not have this effect on the woman who took dressing seriously. But the vogue has come, and where well-dressed women are seen in outdoor attire there one also sees woolen gloves and woolen mittens. They are made in the gayest colors, often to match a woolen scarf or cap, and as the season advances they will be even more in evidence than they are now.

Linings Are Colored.

A notion reminiscent of the blouses of several seasons ago, when many colors were transfused by means of many linings placed one above the other, is shown in some clever blue blouses of georgette through which red, canary or petunia shows part of the way to the yoke and again for cuffs and collar.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Women have been placed in the dining rooms of three of New York's leading hotels to take the places of striking man waiters.

More than 6,000 women served as drivers and aids in the American Red Cross motor corps service. The khaki uniform was discarded and a new one of Red Cross Oxford gray substituted.

The first girl "bell hops" in Montana have been engaged at a hotel in Missoula, where the innovation has made a profound sensation among the ranchers and cowboys.

Of the 30,000 women enrolled in the department of nursing of the Red Cross 700 have been assigned to the federal public health bureau, or to Red Cross service in this country.

Swiss girl singers, sometimes assisted by boys, gave street concerts in the principal towns and cities to raise money for a fund for the comfort of the soldiers guarding the borders of Switzerland.

Santa Not Enemy Alien.

Of what nationality is Santa Claus, a friend asks. Of almost every nationality, we would say. If you mean to ask the derivation of the name: It is a corrupted form of the Holland Dutch name for St. Nicholas and has no "enemy alien" taint. The saint himself was a native of Patara in the province of Lycia, Asia Minor, and was

Must Release Armenia, Mesopotamia and Syria From Domination of Turks

ARMENIA, the actual boundaries of which must depend upon what is to be the future of Russia, and upon many other questions, shall include a section of northeastern Asia Minor, where Armenians for the most part reside—a section sufficiently large to permit Armenians now domiciled without if to migrate there, should they desire to do so. Mesopotamia, where British influence would prevail, not because Great Britain desires to annex more territory, but in order to prevent Germanic domination and to assure the British position in the East, would be constituted an Arab state. Arabia and Palestine, the latter area practically a Jewish state, would be under British influence. Syria, including Damascus, Aleppo, and perhaps Alexandria, would be another subdivision in which France, which already has many interests there, would be paramount. Italy, whose claims in the Adalia region and southwestern Asia Minor are natural, might have a predominating control of that area, including or excluding Marsala. Smyrna together with a limited coastal region to the north and south of it, where the Hellenic element of the population is strong, might fall under the influence of Greece. Such subdivisions or arrangements, which could be worked out in connection with the suggestions already made, would leave Turkey in direct or indirect possession of a large section of Central Asia Minor, including Konia, Angora, and perhaps Brusa and Sivas. That section would run along the coast of the Black Sea on the north and perhaps touch that of the Mediterranean on the south, thereby guaranteeing it adequate access to the sea, which also would be provided by way of Smyrna and Beutari, ports where special commercial regimes would no doubt be inaugurated.—Asia Magazine.

Literature.

Everyone knows what books are. But what is literature? It is the ark on the flood. It is the light on the candlestick. It is the flower among the leaves; the consummation of the plant's vitality, the crown of its beauty, and the treasure house of its seeds.—Henry J. van Dyke.

Site of Ancient Capital.

The governor general of Korea and a party recently on tour in northern Korea discovered the site of the capital of an old Korean kingdom known as Kukuryo. This kingdom flourished at an early stage in Korean history from 37 B. C. until A. D. 668.

Some Velocities.

When the temperature is 32 degrees, sound travels 1,090 feet a second and one additional foot a second for each additional degree of temperature. Electricity over a wire where there is no resistance travels 192,924 miles a second.

Persistent.

Judy—"What caused you to become a tramp?" Ragged Tim—"The family physician, mum. He advised me to take long walks after meals, and I've been walking after them ever since."

RENOVATING THE "HARD" HAT

Home Milliner Can Remedy Defects and Make Top Piece Stylish and Becoming.

No woman can well afford to make herself look "hard," and there is nothing that will do it quicker than a "hard" hat. You know the kind, masculine and unbending in every line. Perhaps you have made an unfortunate purchase of the kind. So these general hints on renovating may help.

Usually the unbecomingness of this type of hat centers in the crown, which may be too tall or unbecomingly stiff, or both. The home milliner can remedy both these things by replacing the stiffened side of the crown with a softer material like satin antique, which is very fashionable for hats just now, or with velvet. Usually it is advisable to use the old "lid" of the crown for a stay. Now cut your new material of the desired height and half as long again as the circumference of the "lid." Gather it on a cord and secure to the latter. After that you can shir it both for the sake of shape and for decorativeness.

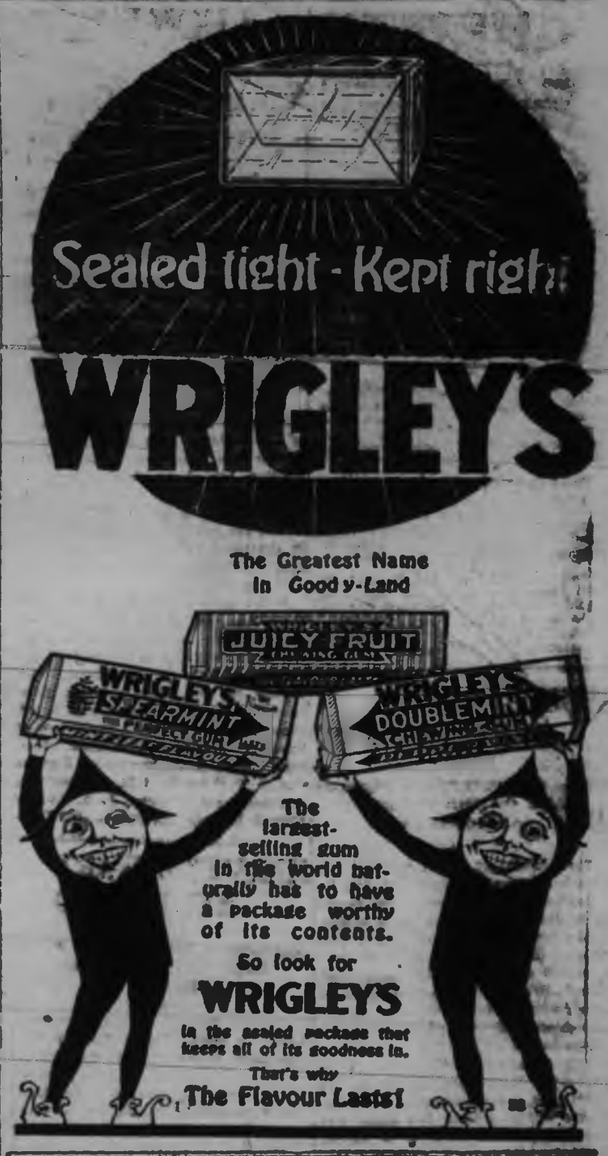
Another remedy for the harsh crown difficulty, and one almost universally becoming, is to replace half the side of the crown and the lid with the more yielding material. According to this method, you will slice off the top of the crown and as much of the side as will give you a becoming crown height. Then gather the new material as usual. It simplifies the work to do the gathering on a little disk of the former stiffer stuff.

NOVEL SKATING SET OF SILK

This is a decidedly novel and smart-looking skating set of smoke-gray silk duvetyn with a cross bar design of navy chenille. The smart little hat has a slightly rolled brim and a tassel of chenille as a finishing touch.

These Coin Dots.

On neckwear black coin dots are worked in cotton on white organdy is a way that makes them quite worth while.


Sealed tight - Kept right
WRIGLEY'S
The Greatest Name in Goody-Land
JUICY FRUIT
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT
The largest-selling gum in the world naturally has to have a package worthy of its contents.
So look for
WRIGLEY'S
in the sealed package that keeps all of its goodness in.
That's why
The Flavour Lasts!

When a man knows he is wrong he can nearly always prove that he isn't by arguing the matter with his wife.

A harmonious conference was held in Kitchener by the Conciliation Board inquiring into differences between the furniture makers and their employees, with representatives of the manufacturers and workingmen.

The Italian Government has refused to submit its territorial disputes with the Jugo-Slavs to arbitration by President Wilson.

Queen Marie of Roumania has written to Charles Boyle of Woodstock a letter of grateful appreciation of his son, Col. "Joe" Boyle's, services to her people.

IF EFFICIENCY IS YOUR OFFICE MOTTO

WITH wages high, help scarce and difficult to hold, every business office should appreciate the accuracy, convenience and economy that are assured by our

Loose Leaf Systems

They are a triumph of efficiency for bookkeeping We invite an inspection of our stock, than which there is none better on the market. Paper ruled to suit any special need.

Binders Strong, Durable and Handsomely Finished

Our prices are moderate and all orders will be delivered within a reasonable time from date of acceptance.

No need to send to the cities for this class of office supplies; get them in your HOME TOWN and at

THE REVIEW
Hunter Street

WOMEN EVERYWHERE

Praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as the Greatest Remedy for Woman's Ills.

New Haven, Conn.—"For two years I suffered with a female weakness, pains in my back and painful periods, and I was so weak and tired that I was not able to do my work. A friend told me to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it gave me great relief. My pains left me and I am now able to do my work and feel fine. You can publish my testimonial and if your Vegetable Compound will help any other woman I will be very much pleased."—Mrs. CHARLES E. MORGAN, 37 Sea Street, New Haven, Conn.

The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so successful is because it contains the curative, strengthening properties of good old fashioned roots and herbs, which act directly on the female organism.

There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes yet are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in most cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this wonderful medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 40 years' experience is at your service.

WOULD SCRAP GERMAN NAVY

ENGLAND OPPOSED TO KEEPING ANY OF THE VESSELS AS WARSHIPS

Paris, Feb. 24.—The basis of the British Admiralty plan which will be submitted to the Supreme War Council is that the German ships should not be retained as warships, and it is insisted that because of their construction they have no commercial value. Whether the vessels shall be sunk in the Atlantic Ocean or otherwise destroyed is a matter of indifference to the Admiralty.

The Admiralty decision is said to have been influenced largely by the belief that a satisfactory distribution of the ships among the allies was impossible. In fact, it is added, Great Britain would claim a major portion of the ships. This would only serve to increase her preponderance of sea power which, it is said might be objectionable to other nations.

Prize Winners At George St. Alleys

Prize winners at the George street alleys last week were F. Laskas first in ten pins; P. Gettas, first, in five pins, and C. Rishes, first, in boys' class. Three wood prizes will be given on this week on the different alleys.

GRATUITIES TO CIVILIANS

Employes at Military Headquarters to Receive Bonus.

Gratuities on discharge of all civilians who have been employed by the Militia Department are provided for in instructions which have been received at Military Headquarters from Ottawa. All employes who have been in the service for less than a year will receive a gratuity of eight days' pay on their release. Those who have served between a year and two years will receive two weeks' extra pay, and those who have been employed between two years and three years will be given a gratuity of three weeks' pay. All employed for over three years are provided with four weeks' pay on their discharge.

FOLLOWS PRECEDENT.

Temporary Control Given Eight of the House in 1887.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—Old-timers here are pointing out that if on Monday the Liberals name a temporary committee to lead the Parliamentary party they will merely follow the precedent set at the time when Sir Wilfrid Laurier assumed leadership himself.

In June, 1887, Edward Blake resigned the leadership of the Opposition two months after the general election for that year, which saw Sir John A. Macdonald once more returned to power. The Liberals appointed a committee of eight to take temporary control. This group in turn, as well as Edward Blake himself, nominated Laurier. He first accepted the post only for that session. At its conclusion, however, the appointment was made permanent.

Some men find that Friday is just as unlucky as any other day.

SEVEN NEW MEMBERS IN LEGISLATURE TOMORROW

Parliament of Onta io Opens Tuesday and Everything is in Readiness for the Event

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Stripped of the panoplies of war, the fourteenth Parliament of Ontario will don the regalia of peace at its first peace-time session, which opens tomorrow afternoon. The session is the fifth held by the present House and the early cloud of war which has overshadowed the Legislature almost since it first came into being in June, 1914 has lifted at last.

All is in readiness at Queen's Park for the formal opening. The walls of the building have been repainted during the past few weeks, fresh matting has been laid upon the floors, and an army of workers have been engaged in preparing the main House for use. The very typewriters in the press gallery have been overhauled this week as a preliminary to the opening.

Seven new members will make their bow to the House on Tuesday, foremost among these is Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education. His colleague, Hon. G. S. Henry, will appear for the first time as Minister of Agriculture, but was a private member of the Legislature at the last session. Other new members include R. A. Fowler of Lennox and R. F. Parnell of St. Catharines, Government supporters; J. A. Calder United Farmer candidates, B. Bowman of Manitoulin, T. W. Widdifield of North Ontario and W. K. Fraser of North Huron.

At least four members of the House will not be in their places at the opening. They are Brig.-Gen. Hogarth of Port Arthur, Lieut.-Col. A. E. Hoss of Kingston, Malcolm Long of Porcupine, and Major J. C. Tolmie of Windsor, all of whom are still overseas. Returned officers who will sit in the House include Lieut.-Col. W. H. Price of Parkdale, Lieut. T. H. Lennox of East York, Major J. J. Hart of East Simcoe, Lieut.-Col. A. C. Pratt of South Norfolk, Lieut.-Col. A. F. Rykert of Dundas, and Major Donald Sharpe of Welland.

There have been few changes made in the seating arrangements in the House, except for the positions allotted the new members. Preparations are being made to accommodate the record audience of spectators, which is expected to be in attendance for the opening. The usual list of invitations has been sent out within the past few weeks.

The formal opening takes place at three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon According to custom, the House will adjourn after hearing the speech from the throne, which will be read by his Honor Sir John Hendrie Lieutenant-Governor.

HARTLEY DEWART NAY BE LEADER

RUMORED NOW THAT TORONTO MAN IS TO HEAD LIBERALS

Toronto, Feb. 24.—It may surprise some to learn that a formidable movement is under way to make Mr. Hartley Dewart, K.C., M.P.P., leader the Federal Opposition. Mr. Dewart's champions contend that he has outstanding qualifications for the position.

He held a foremost place in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's affections. He was that statesman's first lieutenant in the famous anti-conscription tour of the Western Provinces, and he stood by his leader to the last. Mr. Dewart could be acceptable to the Province of Quebec. He would be acceptable also to all the alien, anti-war and anti British elements of the population.

An extremely clever and not too scrupulous politician he could rally to the Opposition banners all the extremist agitators in the country. He is already close to the Laurierite leaders of the Union Farmers' movement, and there is no Bolshevist or enemy section of the people who could not be utilized by the Liberal ship.

The member for Southwest Toronto in the Legislature lacks nothing in courage, and he has exceptional ambitions. He possesses the kind of "personality" that attracts the crowd. In the view of many Liberals he is decidedly "a man to cheer for" and to win elections.

HANDICRAFT WORK AT EXHIBITION

HAND WOVEN RUGS AND WORK-BAG SHOWN BY MISS ALFORD

At the Art Exhibition held in the Public Library last week, Miss L. M. Alford had among the exhibits, three hand woven rugs, two of wool and one of chenile, and which attracted a great deal of favorable comment from the visitors.

One rug Miss Alford had on exhibition a handsome workbag of silk with gold threads running through it. Miss Alford had the further distinction of being the only local resident represented in this class of exhibits.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Meeting of Workers Yesterday to Make Preparation.

There was a meeting of representatives of the different Sunday schools of the city, held in Murray Street school room yesterday afternoon, to discuss the details connected with the Sunday School Convention to be held here in the near future.

There were about 35 delegates present at yesterday afternoon's meeting, at which Mr. Joseph Wearing presided and J. J. Turner acted as secretary.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

HOW YOUNG MAN SAVED HIMSELF

LOVE OF A WOMAN PROVED SALVATION OF A DERELICT

No man or woman can sink so low in sin or in the social scale that it is impossible for them to reclaim themselves and start life all over again is the moral lesson taught in the play "The Man Who Came Back" which was presented at the Grand Opera House Saturday, after an unprecedented run in New York where it was played for 467 consecutive nights in one theatre in that city. The play is based on the story of the same name by John Fleming Wilson. Henry Potter, the hero is turned away by his wealthy father after a variety of escapades. He goes through every form of vice except that which is nurtured in the opium dens in Shanghai, where he eventually finds himself and where he discovers a former society girl whom he first met in San Francisco who has become a victim of the drug habit. One word of explanation of the other and after their marriage it is the better life for them, their home being located near Honolulu.

Eventually young Potter returns to his home in New York and makes good in his father's office, his wife remaining behind until his career has been assured. Potter is urged to renounce his marriage but refuses even though fidelity means the loss of his father's fortune. This is made the final test of his honor and when he attains the test, it means final success.

It is an excellent play, presented almost a week point in the cast. The work of James Seeley as the elder Potter, of Miss Jean Carleton as his daughter, of James Dyrenforth as the hero and of Katherine Connell as Marcelle, the faithful wife of the time outcast, was all of a high dramatic order.

The next road show will be "Vanity Fair" which will be presented next Saturday afternoon and evening.

PTE. G. PENNETT'S DEATH

Former Bowmanville Boy Taken Off by "Flu" in B. C.

Bowmanville, Feb. 24. Word has just reached here of the death in the Soldiers' Sanitarium, at Balfour, B. C., of Pte. Gerard Bennett, son of the late William Bennett, a former editor of The Statesman, in this town and later editor of The Boston World. Pte. Bennett enlisted at Victoria, B. C., with the 143rd Battalion, and arrived in France in the 47th Battalion, where he was badly gassed in an engagement and was returned to Victoria in November, 1917, and has since been under treatment with fair hope of recovery, but "flu" cut him off and he died and was buried at Nelson, B. C. He was in his twenty-seventh year.

Don't look a gift horse in the mouth. Sell him for what you can get and let the other fellow look. thoughts accompanied by a dark brown taste and a headache.

OBITUARY

GRACE HAMPTON

The death occurred on Sunday afternoon at Lakefield of Grace Hampton, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hampton, aged 21 years, after a few days' illness. She fell a victim to influenza, which was followed by pneumonia.

Miss Hampton was a member of St. John's Church and a faithful worker in the Sunday School and Girls' Auxiliary. She leaves to mourn her loss her parents, five brothers and four sisters, John, of Peterboro, Herbert, of Victoria, Sask.; Harry, of Redcliffe, Alta.; William and Wilfred, of Lakefield, and Misses Louie and Mary, of Lakefield, Mrs. W. G. Hampton, of Govan, Sask., and Mrs. George Arrott, of Lymric, Sask.

The funeral service will be held in St. John's, at 2.30 on Tuesday afternoon.

JOHN SANDY

Mr. John Sandy passed away yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. James Beatty, Bridgenorth, in his 67th year.

Deceased formerly resided in the Township of Manvers, but has been living at Bridgenorth for the past year. He is survived by two sons and six daughters, namely, Samuel, of this city; Claude, of Detroit; Mrs. John Forsythe, Peterborough; Mrs. Lev Fallis, St. Thomas; Mrs. J. Scott, Alameda, Sask.; Mrs. J. Guthrie, Millbrook; Mrs. James Beatty and Mrs. William Beatty, Bridgenorth.

Mr. F. Sandy, formerly the G.T.R. ticket agent in Peterborough and now of Lindsay, is a brother of the deceased.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the residence of the son-in-law of deceased, Mr. John Forsythe, 48 George street south, at 11.15 o'clock to the Grand Trunk station and on the noon train the remains will be forwarded to Bethany and interment will be made in Fallis' cemetery, Manvers, in the afternoon.

There will be a service at the home of Mr. John Forsythe, George street, at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

ARTHUR LASURE, SR.

Mr. Arthur Lasure, Sr., passed away at his home, 554 Romaine street yesterday morning, aged 63 years.

He leaves, in addition to his wife, five sons and five daughters. The sons are Joseph and Arthur, of this city; Leo and Auntoine, with the Canadian forces, overseas, and John. The daughters are Mrs. Dr. Pinto, Sioux City, Iowa; Mrs. A. Blodgett and Mrs. Victor Wilson, of Peterborough, and Misses Amelia and Margaret, at home. Mr. Joseph Lasure, of this city, is the only brother.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the family residence to the Sacred Heart Church, thence to St. Peter's cemetery where interment will be made.

A VETERAN OF '66

Erasmus Greene passed away at the family residence Sunday morning, Feb. 23, at the age of 85. The deceased was one of the early pioneers of the city, having lived here about all his life. At the time of the Fenian Raid in 1866 he went to the front in Canada's defence as an officer of the 57th Battalion, Peterboro Militia. As a contractor and builder, he superintended and constructed many of the city's public and business buildings. He was a volunteer member of Peterboro's original fire brigade at a time when the town's only defence against fire was a hand operated fire engine, a crude machine as we view it now, but it quenched many a blaze that would have destroyed much property if allowed to spread.

About twenty-five years ago the late Mr. Greene retired from business and spent his declining years an interesting observer of the growth of the city that he had come to as a child when there was nothing here, but a little settlement in the heavy woods. He was a regular attendant at the George Street Methodist Church up to four years ago when he had a stroke of paralysis.

His wife, Mary Hewitt Greene, passed away in 1914. Surviving him are a daughter, Mrs. M. Bithray, of this city, a son, A. W. Greene, and grandson, Capt. P. W. Greene, of Chicago, the latter now serving on the staff of Major-Gen. Barth, United States army.

MRS. WILLIAM LOCKINGTON

The many friends of Mrs. William Lockington will regret to learn of her death at her home here, on Sunday afternoon. Deceased was born in County Cairn, Ireland, eighty four years ago, and came to Canada at the age of twelve, settling in Hope Township, subsequently moving to Peterborough, where she has resided for the past thirty seven years. She had been in failing health for some time and her death was not unexpected.

Surviving her are seven daughters: Miss Margaret and Miss Emma at home; Mrs. Thomas Henry; Mrs. W. J. Byers; Mrs. Dr. Johnston; Mrs. R. Byers; all of this city and Mrs. G. W. Byers of Bewdley. Mrs. Lockington was a devoted member of All Saints Church.

The funeral will be held at 2.30 on Tuesday afternoon, from the family residence on the Monaghan Road to Little Lake Cemetery.

ROBERT JAMES WELSH

Robert James Welsh died on Saturday night at his residence, near Jackson Park in the township of Smith.

Deceased was 72 years of age and was born in England. He leaves a wife and one son in this country.

The funeral was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. S. Cruikshank conducting the services.

HUGO LUNDGREN

Mr. Hugo Lundgren, a mechanical engineer in the porcelain department of the C. G. E., died this morning in Nicholl's Hospital, aged 32 years.

Deceased was born in Sweden and leaves his mother and sister. The latter, who is of Chicago, was called to Peterborough on account of her brother's illness.

The funeral will be held from 226 Brock street on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30, to Little Lake cemetery, the Rev. R. B. Grobb conducting the services.

TREATY TO MAKE WAR IMPOSSIBLE

MAIN DETAILS OF WORK OF PEACE CONFERENCE ARE COMPLETED

Paris, Feb. 24. The Supreme War Council has completed the main details of the military treaty which Marshal Foch will soon present to the Germans. It will be further perfected in detail at a meeting of the Council to-morrow, and Council of the great powers on Tuesday.

[illegible] ment one, being in its terms a permanent armistice, but in effect a military treaty, disarming and demobilizing the German forces down on a small police basis, understood to be between five and ten divisions of 10,000 men each, with a similar complete naval and aerial disarmament and the dismantlement of the frontier fortifications, as well as Heligoland and the Kiel Canal.

The economic and boundary questions with Germany are left for later determination, but from the military and naval standpoint this treaty will be completely effective in terminating the war, making impossible and resumption of it. The treaty will also have the effect of releasing all the allied troops, except in the established areas to be occupied until the definite peace treaty is signed.

This military treaty will be so effective in ending the possibility of hostilities that it is construed in some quarters as definitely ending the war although there may still be the technical question whether the final ending of the war does not await the signing of the final treaty of peace.

Ammonia.

Ammonia is found in minute quantity in air, and is a natural product of the decay of animal substances. It is procured artificially by the destructive distillation of nitrogen organic matters, such as bones, hair, horns and hoofs and is largely obtained as a by product in the manufacture of illuminating gas from coal.

Denaturing Alcohol.

Alcohol is denatured by the addition thereto of an element which renders it unfit to drink and which may not be removed from the spirit by any process short of destruction. The term arose as a convenient designation of alcohol whose nature had been altered, and its standing was made official by legislation in congress.

The World's Diamonds.

Diamonds of the weight of 28 2-5 tons, of a value of 1,000,000,000, have been taken from the earth from the earliest time to the present day. These figures, however, only concern the stones before cutting, which reduces their weight by half, but multiplies their value by five.

First New England White Child.

November 20 is the anniversary of the birth of Peregrine White, the first English child born in New England. He was born aboard the Mayflower in Plymouth harbor. After his father's death his mother married Gov. Edward Winslow, the first marriage in New England.

THE NAME GUARANTEES ITS EXCELLENCE

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO
Canada Food Board Licence Nos.—Cereal 2-009—Flour 15, 16, 17, 18
"PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE"
57

German Submarines Were Fooled by Dazzle Ships, Which Were British Idea

ON marine camouflage a widespread error exists. Most people suppose that its object is the concealment of ships, and wonder how it effects that purpose. Of course, it is nothing of the sort, but an attempt to break up the form of a ship in such a way as to make it difficult for an attacking U-boat to estimate the course. Though it is impossible to say how many ships have escaped destruction by means of "dazzle," strong evidence has been forthcoming of its value, together with grateful tributes from merchant captains.

The originator of "dazzle" is Lieut.-Commander Norman Wilkinson, the well-known painter of ships and the sea. In May, 1917, he submitted his scheme to the Admiralty. At that time most transports were painted black, than which no color could be more favorable to a submarine on the lookout for prey. Commander Wilkinson's argument was that if a ship could be broken up into strongly contrasted design her course could not be observed without longer periscope observation and even then not exactly. This delay and uncertainty might prevent the submarine getting into firing position until the ship had obtained a chance of escape.

The Admiralty storeship industry was the first to be painted, and served well as an experiment. "Dazzle" was next tried on 50 transports, from which encouraging reports were received. Afterwards the scheme was extended to the whole of the mercantile marine under the Defence of the Realm Act, which meant that it became compulsory on shipowners to have their ships painted. A staff, mostly of artists and architects, was collected and trained at the Royal Academy; this being the start of the Dazzle Section. The company sent out its moments to the various ports, each officer being supplied with a complete set of the plans and designs then in hand. From time to time new patterns were evolved, which were sent on to the scattered staff. As soon as a merchantman came into port she was painted under the directions of the "dazzle" officer in conjunction with the Director of Shipyard Repairs.

When the scheme was extended to all mercantile marine, models could not be made of every ship. Type ships were therefore adopted, and for each type, according to demand, a number of designs were prepared. Thus on a ship's arrival in a port where there was a "dazzle" officer, her type was first settled and one of the requisite designs applied to her. The task called for considerable skill sometimes, as, for example, when a design intended for a ship 200 feet long had to be accommodated to one of 230 feet.

"Dazzle" did not take its way into the respect of the mercantile marine without a little struggle. In his room at Burlington House Commander Wilkinson has a demonstration theatre, which has brought conviction to some very great naval authorities. If they did not [illegible] some what odd tricks "dazzle" can play even with experienced eyes. A model of a camouflaged ship is placed on a board behind a screen. In the screen is a periscope, to which the experimenting look-out man applies his eye. He is asked to indicate the course of the ship he sees on a compass-dial by his side. This indication is then compared with the direction in which the ships' bows are actually pointing; and the discrepancy between the two is found to be wide. Similar demonstration theatres were set up at the ports for the persuasion of sceptical mariners, whose discomfiture was exceeding when they discovered how far "dazzle" had led astray their wildest perception.

From the Academy school practically every maritime Allied nation has been trained. All the American destroyers and patrol boats have been painted from designs supplied by Commander Wilkinson and his assistants. France sent over four officers for lessons, and then started a dazzle section of her own in Paris. Italy was supplied with the British plans and designs. At the request of the United States Navy Department and the Shipping Corporation Commander Wilkinson went to America to advise, with the result that his scheme was adopted. Since almost every merchantman at sea in the last few months has been "dazzled" on the British lines.

Major and Minor Prophets.

The major prophets of the Old Testament were Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel and Daniel. The Old Testament books contain their prophecies. The minor prophets of the group of Old Testament writers from Hosea to Malachi are so called because of the brevity of their prophecies. Malachi was the last of the minor prophets.

Snake Story.

A species of viper (Viper macrops) from Bosnia, about 18 inches in length, seems to feed exclusively on grasshoppers. An interesting point about this little snake is that, although poisonous, it may be handled with impunity. If teased, it may hiss and snap, but never bites unless seriously hurt.

Substitute for Putty.

A cheap substitute for putty, suitable for stopping cracks in floors and other woodwork, is made by soaking newspaper in a paste made by boiling a pound of flour in three quarts of water and adding a teaspoonful of alum. Force this mixture into the cracks with a knife.

Asceticism.

Asceticism means the practicing of severe virtues, or the mastering of desires and passions. It might be termed the extreme practice of the simple life. Among the ancient Greeks it denoted the exercise and discipline practiced by the athletes and wrestlers.

Seemed Incomplete.

A new baby had come to the home, and the neighbors' little ones were allowed to come in to see him. A little one looked him over generally, then moved down to the bottom of the long dress and, quite puzzled, asked, "Ain't he got his feet yet?"

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 21 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1810 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario
Crowns Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.
E. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

Have You Pains, Cramps, Callouses or a Burning Sensation

at or near where the finger points? If so,

DR. SCHOLL

has perfected a special appliance, known as the

Anterior Metatarsal Arch Support

which will positively relieve that particular foot ailment.

For Sale at all RELIABLE SHOE DEALERS.

Write for Dr. Scholl's Free Booklet, "Treatment and Care of the Feet."

The Scholl Mfg. Co., Limited
Dept. G I.
112 Adelaide St. East, Toronto
Also Chicago, New York, and London, Eng.

SCHOLL Eases the Feet

COMMITTEE TO LEAD THE HOUSE

ACTION LIKELY TO BE TAKEN AT LIBERAL CAUCUS TODAY

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—It seems to be fairly definitely settled that the Liberal caucus today will select a committee of management with Mr. Jas. Robb, Member for Huntingdon, Chief Liberal Whip, as Chairman.

This proposal, which is without Canadian precedent, has derived its strength from two things:

(1)—The seeming inability of the various ingredients of the party to unite upon the choice of a leader, and,

(2)—The fact that some of the candidates strongly boomed for the post art without seats in the House of Commons. The French-Canadian members, who came here determined to vote for a Quebec leader, are said to have been quickly dissuaded from this view, but are swinging in heavily behind Hon. Mackenzie King as against the Hon. Mr. Fielding. Mr. King, it will be recalled, was one of the English-speaking members who stood by the chief in the conscription crisis, standing and going down to defeat as a Laurier candidate in North York, and this is telling mightily in his favor among the French-Canadian group of the party now. Moreover, Mr. King is known to have been a strong favorite of Sir Wilfrid, who had a high regard for his intellectual attainments, and it is noteworthy that the platform which the late leader gave the party in Ottawa a few months ago contained at least one important plank of Mr. King's construction.

Those behind the boom for Mr. King are the main supporters of the committee of management plan. Mr. King is without a seat, and, therefore, is barred from House of Commons leadership for the present; hence the proposition for a temporary arrangement.

Prominent Australian business men have formed a company to develop an aerial route for mail and passengers between Australia and England, with landing sites about 300 miles apart.

A recently patented convertible costume for women consists of a bodice and bloomers for indoor use, over which can be buttoned an apron-like skirt to make it suitable for street wear.

MUST SETTLE THE IRISH QUESTION

SPEAKERS SAY THIS IS ESSENTIAL TO PEACE OF THE WORLD

Philadelphia, Feb. 24.—Speaking before the convention of the Irish race which opened here Saturday Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, of the New York Supreme Court, said that unless the doctrine of self-determination be applied to Ireland there can be no just and permanent peace coming out of the work of the Peace Conference.

"When our President laid down the fourteen points upon which peace was to be made, a just, durable and permanent peace," said Judge Cohalan, "he placed to restrictions upon the application of those doctrines. He said that self-determination was to be given to all peoples without condition of qualification."

Referring to the statement that the Irish question was one of domestic policy with the British Empire, he said:

"Surely no question which now involves the right of one people to govern another without the consent of that people can be regarded as other than an international problem and one in which all the peoples of the world have a vital interest."

Delegates representing the Friends of Irish Freedom, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Clan-na-Gael, and other organizations that desire to see Ireland free from British influence are attending the convention which will end tomorrow.

Cardinal Gibbons, U. S. Senator Borah of Idaho, Senator-Elect Walsh of Massachusetts, Gov. Sproule of Pennsylvania, and Church dignitaries from different parts of the country are on the program for addresses.

DIES OF "FLU"

Would-Be Murderer of Mr. Lloyd George is Dead.

Derby, England, Feb. 24.—Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, who in 1917 was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment on the charge of conspiracy to poison Premier Lloyd George, but who was released after a few months on account of ill-health, died Saturday of influenza.

GUNMEN FIGHT FOR LIQUOR

3,000 Quarts of Whiskey Seized at Toledo.

Toledo, O., Feb. 24. — More than fifty persons are in the Monroe county jail charged with contempt of court and violation of the Reed amendment following arrest by State troops at the Michigan-Ohio border Friday night.

Three thousand quarts of whiskey have been seized and are being held in the Monroe county jail as evidence.

Every road leading from Ohio into Michigan is being guarded. State food and drug inspectors today began riding in the urban cars and steam passenger trains from Toledo to Detroit. At the State line persons known to be carrying whiskey were arrested and held under the Reed amendment.

Five gunmen in a large touring car tried to drive State troops from three touring cars containing whiskey which are being taken to the county jail, but were unsuccessful.

An English inventor has patented a process for so treating the edges of paper money that, when placed in a phonograph of his invention, they produce words attesting their genuineness.

CAPT. BURNHAM WILL VOTE AGAINST DAYLIGHT SAVING

If on Investigation He Finds That Such a Measure is a Detriment to Farmer's Interests and a Boon to Pleasure Seekers Only.

The Peterborough Branch of the U. F. O., No. 519, have sent the following resolution to Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P., for West Peterborough:

Peterboro, Ont.,
Feb. 10, 1919.

Whereas, it has been announced in the press of the Dominion that the Daylight Saving Bill, which was in force during 1918 is to be re-enacted during the coming session of Parliament:

Therefore, be it resolved that we, the members of the Peterboro branch No. 519, U.F.O., do hereby register a protest against the re-enactment of this measure for the following reasons:

That it was enacted purely as a war measure to give urban dwellers more time for gardening and kindred pursuits in order that production of vegetables, etc., might be increased. As hostilities are over and conditions rapidly coming back to normal we think that such gardeners can find time enough to cultivate a peace time garden with the clock following standard time.

That it has been found impossible for farmers to work their farms to the best advantage when following the "new" time, owing to unfavorable conditions caused by heavy dews in harvest and frosts in early spring and late fall making it out of question for the farmer to work more than 2 to 2½ hours before dinner. If he quits work at 6 o'clock this means a loss of from 1 to 2 hours each day.

That this measure has caused a great deal of dissatisfaction among farmers sons and hired men, on farms where standard time is followed. This means a much longer day for these workers than that of the workingman in other occupations.

That it has caused much inconvenience to tens of thousands of farmers throughout Canada who are supplying milk and cream to the city dairy trade. It is necessary for these farmers in most cases to be up at 4 to 4.30 a.m. to ship their produce on the early trains. When the clock is advanced one hour, it means putting this much more work onto their day as their hour for quitting is about 7. p.m. standard time.

We fail to see why any measure which has aroused such universal dissatisfaction among the rural people, who number one half the total population of the country, and which is of doubtful value to the majority of the remainder, with the exception of the leisure class, should be placed on the statue books for another year. We would ask you to use your influence against the re-enactment of this law at this session of Parliament.

Signed on behalf of the club—Rich. R. Rogers, president; Chas. S. Brown secretary, R. R. No. 9, Peterboro, Ont.

Capt. Burnham's Views.

With regard to the matter Capt Burnham writes The Review as follows:

Editor Review: This matter has got to be threshed out and it might as well start now. To those engaged in city work the daylight saving appears to be one thing, but to the farmer, it appears to be another. If it is a mere opportunity for pleasure for some and of actual commercial importance to others, the commercial end of it will receive my vote. I cannot allow my own (or others') selfish desire for longer hours for amusement (and amateur gardening) to weigh against the interests of the farmer if that be the fact. I would like some way of finding out what the farmer does really think because if it is as set out in this petition, I will vote against the pleasure end of it and in favor of more food and greater production.

J. H. BURNHAM.

RUBBERS FOR LITTLE FEET

YOU can get the same sturdy wear—the same guaranteed quality — for the Children, that you have found so satisfactory in your own rubbers.

"The best rubbers that can be made" is the standard of the Dominion Rubber System. And this applies to ALL rubbers bearing the Trademarks of the Dominion Rubber System.

Children's rubbers are made with the same care, of the same high-grade materials that give such easy comfort, such long wear, in the rubbers for men and women.

This superior quality is necessary in Children's rubbers because they need the extra protection which good rubbers give on wet days; and they need the extra quality to withstand the rougher usage which most children give to all footwear.

Ask for these better rubbers by name:

"Jacques Cartier" "Merchants" "Maple Leaf"
"Granby" "Dominion" "Daisy"

Get the little feet properly fitted. It means more than comfort—it means longer wear, both for shoes and rubbers.

The Trademarks are your guarantee of sturdy, reliable quality and a perfect-fit for every shoe for every member of the family.

THE CANADIAN RUBBER CO. OF MONTREAL — JACQUES CARTIER
THE MERCHANTS RUBBER CO. LTD. — MERCHANTS
THE MAPLE LEAF RUBBER CO. LTD. — MAPLE LEAF
DOMINION RUBBER CO. LIMITED — DOMINION
DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM — ASSOCIATED COMPANIES
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PERFECTION

SAGE TEA DANDY TO DARKEN HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre To Hair

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound to night and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days.

DEMAND SEPARATION

Eastern British Columbia Favor Discussion Into Two Provinces.

Revelstoke, B.C., Feb. 24.—With a full list of delegates present the Associated Boards of Trades of Eastern British Columbia passed a resolution asking for the separation of British Columbia into two Provinces with the Cascade Mountains as a boundary line, declaring that proper recognition of the interest of the eastern part of the Province cannot be obtained from the coast. A further resolution was passed advocating that if Doukhobours are found to be violating Dominion enactments that they be dealt with as undesirable citizens and that all machinery not obtainable from Canadian manufacturers be admitted duty free.

An English scientist has developed a fuel made from household refuse, including ashes, paper and vegetable matter, ground into powder and compressed into briquets, which are impregnated with oil-tar and pitch.

The success of one man is some-

MILITARY CROSS FOR LINDSAY MAN

CAPT. J. DOUGAN, WAS ALSO MENTIONED BY GENERAL HAIG

The Lindsay Post says that Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dougan, Victoria avenue, received a letter on Thursday from their son, Capt. (Dr.) Jack A. Dougan in which he told of having won the Military Cross on the field of battle just before the signing of the armistice. At Christmas his name was also mentioned in despatches by General Haig.

Captain Dougan is an ex-L.C.I. boy and also a graduate of Queen's University, Kingston, where he graduated in medicine. Previous to enlisting he practiced as a physician at Maynooth Ontario. Captain Dougan enlisted in Kingston with the 8th Feld Ambulance in 1915 and has seen continuous service since that time. At the time he was recommended for the Military Cross he was out on the field of battle with the troops, dressing the wounded and dying as they fell about him. When hostilities ceased Captain Dougan proceeded into Germany with the Canadians but has now arrived in England and will sail for Canada by March 1st.

This glad news brings home to us once more the valor and bravery that another of our old town boys has displayed while fighting for freedom.

BEAVERBROOK WILL RECOVER

Will Get Back Into Political Activity, He Cables Sir Sam.

Ottawa, Feb. 24. According to a cable received by Sir Sam Hughes from Lord Beaverbrook, the latter will soon be able to resume his active participation in the political affairs of Great Britain. He cables to Sir Sam that Col. Dr. Herbert Bruce, who has been attending him, now promises his complete recovery.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence)

Lakefield, Feb. 24.—Miss Dorothy Hilliard is at present visiting in Toronto the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Lewin.

Miss Loretta Watley, of Peterboro spent a few days at her home in the village.

Mrs. H. Sutton has returned to the village from Hamilton where she was the guest of relatives.

Mr. Arthur Munnduff returned to Toronto after spending the past two weeks at his home in the village.

Mr. Todd left on Friday for Port Hope.

Mrs. Osborne spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mr. N. Nichols spent Friday in the village on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fitzgerald were in Peterboro on Tuesday.

Mr. Sam Spence spent Wednesday in Peterboro on business.

Mrs. Beavis, of Hastings, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. Hunter.

Miss Tanner was in Peterboro Wednesday on business.

Misses Gwendolyn and Helen Simpson were in Peterboro Wednesday.

Miss Majory Laing has returned from Montreal where she has been visiting her grandmother.

Mr. Robert English was in Peterboro Wednesday.

Miss Myrtle Kidd is at present visiting relatives in Peterboro.

Mrs. Roy Robinson was in Peterboro on Wednesday.

Mr. Wm. Hampton attended the Great War Veterans' dance held in Peterboro at the Empress Hotel on Friday evening.

Mrs. Jackman was in Peterboro Friday.

Mr. John Hull spent Friday in Peterboro.

Mr. George Redlar is at present visiting relatives in Oshawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Watley, of Peterboro, are at present the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Watley.

Mr. and Mrs. Frankish spent Saturday in Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hampton, of Peterboro, are spending a few days in the village visiting relatives

Mr. Victor Young, of Young's Point spent Saturday in the village.

Miss Mabel Gray, of Peterboro, spent a few days visiting her parents in the village.

of days in Toronto last week on business.

Major Rev. H. A. Frost returned from Cobourg, where he delivered a lecture, on The War, in the Methodist Church.

Word has been received of the death in England of Pte. Archibald Beecham Bates, eldest son of Mr. Walter Bates, formerly of Lakefield, but now in business at Campbellford, Ont. Not having been previously informed of any illness, his friends and relatives were very much shocked at the news of his death. The deceased enlisted in 1914 and went overseas with a Toronto unit. His brother, Orville, is still overseas. He leaves a widow.

On Friday a bus load from Warsaw attended the Queen street theatre, after which refreshments were served them at Alford's restaurant.

The last bale of the Soldiers' Comfort Club will be packed on the second Thursday in March for immediate shipment. All those who have work out will kindly turn into Miss E. Griffin.

Dr. and Mrs. Deadman left last Tuesday for Orillia, where they will take up their residence.

Further donations to the Public Library are acknowledged as follows:

Rev. P. L. Jull, 8 vols.
G. B. Hilliard, 7.
Smith Wanamaker, 1.
Fred Webster, 1.
Miss Atwood, 5.
J. H. Cummings (North Bay), 12.
Miss Griffin, 1.

The second Cinderella dance will be held in the Gordon House, Queen St., on Monday evening, March 3, from 8 to 12. A card room will be available for those not wishing to dance. The Symphony orchestra will be in attendance. Tickets 50c.

On Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald gave a house warming in their new bungalow on Queen street. About thirty spent the evening in dancing and cards.

GIRL SHOOTS HERSELF

Leaves Note Accusing Man of Wronging Her.

Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 24.—Edna Fisher, 20 years old, employed by William Zimmerman, a farmer in South Clinton Township, sent a bullet through her heart with a 22 calibre rifle. She left a note accusing a man in the vicinity of wronging her. Her parents live near Hamilton.

NO BRANCHES IN UNITED STATES

G. W. V. A. IS OPPOSED TO EXTENDING WORK TO AMERICAN CITIES

The Great War Veterans' Association of Canada have definitely determined on a policy against organizing branches of their association in the United States. The question was forced upon them by numerous requests from south of the line, for the veterans' fraternity to establish outposts in many of the States of the Union. The last request of this nature came yesterday from Pittsburg, to Provincial G.W.V.A. Secretary W. E. Turley, who was forced to reply that it was contrary to the policy of the Canadian Association to meet the request.

It is possible, however, but an American association, called the Great War Veterans' Association of the United States, may arise very soon in the States, which in name and ideals will be closely allied to the Canadian institution.

Half a dozen requests have come from veterans and associations in Chicago, for the G.W.V.A. to extend their organization to that city. Los Angeles, Seattle, Newcastle, Pa., Philadelphia, Kansas City, Minneapolis and many other centres have recently made the same application. One veteran in the States wrote seeking membership, offering to District Secretary Conroy to send his photograph and discharge papers to him for inspection, and have Canadian comrades vouch for his service in the war.

Quick Relief For La Grippe or Flu

People who are suffering from colds, la grippe or influenza should take Dr. Norvell's Cure a Cold Tablets. These tablets contain Phenacetine, Quinine, Cascara and other ingredients which will quickly relieve the dreary headache and soreness in the bones caused from colds. They act as a tonic and laxative and will give you the same relief and satisfaction that thousands of others are willing to testify to. Make sure to ask for Dr. Norvell's Cure a Cold Tablets and take no other.

SOLD AT ALL DRUG STORES

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED

You may not need glasses but if you do let us strongly advise Dr. Fowler's "Peblo" lenses. They are the very highest grade of glass and your eyes deserve the best you can give them.

Dr. Fowler never advises glasses unless the eyes require them. His 30,000 patrons are his best evidence of satisfactory service.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements inserted "till forbid" will be charged at the rate of ... per inch each insertion, until ordered discontinued, when they will be charged for at the rate of ... per inch each insertion. Contract rates on application. Special rates for ... CARDS. Condensed Advertisements, such as ... WANTED, ... per insertion in advance. Each initial counts as a word, and figures in ... Minimum charge ... Advertisements ... Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Two furnished rooms in the west end; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 232 Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 586 Rubidge St.

FOR SALE—1 Golden Pheasant, 2 Partridge (mounted), deer horns, $4.00. 72 Monaghan Road.

LOST.

LOST—Bag of Bacon, on Bridgenorth road, between Peterboro and Bridgenorth. Finder please leave at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., cor Park and George Sts.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

H. R. TAYLOR & SON
340 AYLMER ST.
Phone 289

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
—
Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all Kinds of Junk. Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
283 Bethune St. 283 Bethune St.
Phone 607
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Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

L. M. NICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables.
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 980

After long investigation a French scientist has declared that tuberculosis can be transmitted by the perspiration of a person afflicted with the disease, the germs passing through the pores.

A large Chicago motion picture theatre is equipped with loud speaking telephone transmitters being distributed so that the manager in his office can hear patrons' comments on the pictures shown.

One of the new Canadian hydro-electric plants at Niagara Falls will utilize the power from water falling 305 feet of the 300 feet difference between the levels of Lake Ontario and Lake Erie.

Providence takes care of some

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN,
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 210.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors,
468 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. E. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

BROCK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgages loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates.
Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.
197½ George Street, Circle Theatre Building, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 12.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 410 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
H. A. Perry, K.C. J. D. Kerr
V. S. McElderry.

J. REDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 321.
Solicitor to Migel, Rabbitt & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices: Corner Hunter & George Sts., Peterborough. Phone 345.

O'CONNELL & CORBETT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. B. Corbett
124½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 342.

E. D. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and George Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. R. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 312 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 223.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.C.S., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 510. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKERLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 1 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 949. Res. 945.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Birch and Box Boards. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—TEMPLE Building, Toronto
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
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162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
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Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.
Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Bugalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Receipts heavy, trade fairly active, prices generally ruling steady:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.00
Medium butcher cows	7.50	9.50
Ewes	9.50	10.50
Lambs	15.50	16.50
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.75	16.75
Calves	17.00	18.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	26	33
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	42
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	35 00	38 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 00	$2 00
Wheat (marvus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	31 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	2 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

Always Learning.

"The Allies suffered defeat after defeat, but from each defeat they learned something," said a well-known orator. "It's like the advice which the editor of the Chumsidon Scimitar gave to an unlucky wooer who had been rejected by seven girls in turn. The editor wrote: 'Unlucky Wooer—Go ahead. Don't be discouraged. Never say die. You might have learnt a lot by what you have gone through. Strikes us you might hold something like a record. Well, stick all your experience together and make love to the next girl who comes round and takes your fancy. If she don't reciprocate, try another. Remember, you only want one girl to say "Yes," and she'll probably last your life.'"

An Ancient Copper Foundry.

One of the most interesting discoveries by Egyptologists throws new light on the relative origin of copper and bronze in the Mediterranean countries. At Ortu Commidue, alongside some ancient copper mines of prehistoric age, a foundry has been discovered with all the furnaces for smelting and moulds for casting just as it was abandoned thousands of years ago in the transition periods between the ages of stone and bronze. The metBeds then obtaining in the foundry industry as here demonstrated were most ingenious. — Family Herald.

Did Him No Good.

Casey was sick, and the doctor prescribed an emetic for him. "Sure, doctor," said Casey, "an emetic will do me no good—for Oi have taken several an' could never keep wan on me stomach."

Reason for Term "Royal."

Naturally there is a good reason for calling golf a royal game, inasmuch as it was the favorite sport of the kings and queens of Scotland and England, as well as the dukes and earls in ancient times. King Charles, King James I, II, VI, Queen Mary of Scots and others were pre-eminent among the lovers of the recreation.

Famous Kaiser Wilhelm Canal.

The Kaiser Wilhelm canal was officially opened June 23, 1895. It is a little more than 61 miles in length, and for the easterly part of its course follows the line of the old Elder canal. It is 197 feet wide at the water surface and 72 feet feet at the bottom, with a depth of 29 feet 6 inches. The total cost of the canal was $39,000,000.

Friendship and Freedom.

There can be no friendship where there is no freedom. Friendship loves a free air and will not be penned up in strait and narrow enclosures. It will speak freely and act so, too; and take nothing ill where no ill is meant; nay, where it is, 'twill easily forgive, and forget, too, upon small acknowledgments.—Penn.

Venetian Gondolas.

It was not until the end of the seventeenth century that the Venetian gondola assumed its present simplicity and somberness of color. A vain attempt has been made to introduce it in other countries, but it has ap-

Labor Greatly Excited Over Remarkable Problem Of Guilt of Tom Mooney

"SHALL Tom Mooney hang?" is a question that has agitated California in the past couple of years as profoundly as the question, "And shall Trelawney die?" convulsed Cornwall. The answer is now in the negative. Tom Mooney will not hang; he will spend the rest of his life in prison unless his sentence is further commuted or he is pardoned or gets a new trial. The action of the Governor of California in commuting the death penalty does not end the Mooney case. It merely ends a phase of it in which the man was in imminent deadly peril of being executed. There is no reason to believe that the millions of Mooney advocates in different parts of the world will cease their agitation. If Mooney is guiltless of wholesale murder, as charged, he ought not to be in prison for life. The decision of the governor to commute the sentence does not mean that he considers Mooney an ill-used man. He merely says that there is a doubt about the question, exactly what the trial judge said a short time ago. As long as Mooney lives it will be possible for the truth to come out and the man to be vindicated. There is no satisfaction to a dead man in vindication.

The case of Mooney is in some respects the most remarkable in history. No condemned man ever had so many partisans, men to say and to swear that he had been unjustly convicted, that he was the victim of the capitalist class, a very martyr of unionism. There are Mooney "fans" in all parts of the world, and it is reported that when the Bolshevists first became prominent in Russia they used to serenade the American ambassador to the strain, "What about Munie?" That there is in or-

THOMAS J. MOONEY.

ganized labor generally a strong belief that Mooney is guiltless of the crime charged and that he has been "framed" by the capitalists there is not the shadow of doubt. On the other hand, there are hundreds of thousands of people who have read the evidence in the case and have come to the conclusion that the man is a murderer, that he did throw or place the bomb that caused death or injury to a score of citizens of San Francisco, and that he has been saved from his merited doom by the terrorism of organized labor, by the threat that if he were sent to the electric chair a nation-wide strike would be called which would paralyze the industries of the country and perhaps reduce millions to the verge of starvation.

The crime of which Mooney has been convicted has been described many times. There was a preparedness parade in San Francisco on July 22, 1916, designed to arouse the people to the necessity of making preparation to defend American rights against Germany. At a certain point along the route a bomb was exploded. Ten people were killed, and others injured. Mooney and his wife and a man named Billings were arrested. Their record was bad, one [illegible]

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were supposed to be bachelors. They had a history as agitators. Billings was convicted of having dynamite in his possession. Mrs. Mooney was acquitted. Mooney was found guilty. The chief witness against him was a rancher named Oxman, a visitor to San Francisco who swore that he saw the Mooneys and Billings place a suit case at the spot where the explosion occurred.

Mooney's defence was an alibi. Photographs were produced in which the Mooneys and the obscure face of a clock figured. It was impossible to make out the time, and the prosecution refused to permit the defence to examine the negatives. This point was finally ceded and the photographs were greatly enlarged. They showed that apparently at the time Oxman had sworn to seeing the accused they were on the roof of a building a mile away. Notwithstanding this evidence the jury found Mooney guilty. Later on, a hotel bellboy produced some letters that Oxman had written to a friend and later thrown in a waste-paper basket, in which he asked the friend to swear that on the day of the parade Oxman was in San Francisco. It appeared that Oxman wanted his friend to commit perjury. This at any rate was the view of the defence. Oxman was tried for perjury but acquitted.

Nevertheless in the minds of most people the conviction that Oxman was at best a dubious witness or whose word to take a man's life grew. The exposure of Oxman stimulated the Mooney defence. Labor unions everywhere rallied to his help. Great counsel were engaged. Appeals were made to one authority after another. President Wilson himself was induced to appoint a commission to investigate the case and to appeal to the Governor of California to grant Mooney a new trial. This he refused to do. Attacks were made upon the state prosecutor to show malice and to prove that he was an agent of the organized capitalists of San Francisco. None of these efforts moved the governor, for there was and is in California an important element just as passionately insistent that Mooney shall pay the penalty of his crimes as the unions in demanding his release. The governor's grant of a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment is no doubt due to the statement of the trial judge that a reasonable doubt of the man's guilt exists. In the interests of justice, it is to be hoped that the case will not end where it is now, and that Mooney will either be liberated and compensated, or his guilt clearly established in the eyes of reasonable people.

World's Finest Church.

November 18 is the anniversary of the dedication of St. Peter's in Rome in 1626. This largest Christian house of worship was begun about 1450. In 1546 Michelangelo was put in charge, who redesigned the dome. The height to the top of this dome is 435 feet, and the building is one of the most imposing in the world.

Westminster Abbey.

The name "Westminster Abbey" is shortened from the fuller phrase, "Westminster Abbey church"—the church, that is, of the abbey of Westminster. Up to the year 1504, in the reign of Henry VIII, the "Abbey," as we call it today, was the church of a Benedictine monastery.

PETROGRAD A TOMB.

Result of the Triumph of the Bolsheviki.

Ludovic Raudeau, correspondent of the Temps, writes from Petrograd that that once gay and lively city is now like a tomb. There are few people seen in the streets, and they pass like weird shades, sad, depressed and silent.

"The Nevsky-Prospect," says Mr. Raudeau, "is practically deserted and reminds one of a theatre after the curtain has been rung down and the audience has gone home. Misery stalks everywhere and hunger has left its mark on the faces of the people. Encamped around the Winter Palace are hundreds of peddlers who offer their scant wares appealingly.

"Any man who can manage to get some sugar, some chocolate or a few eggs immediately sets up a little stand on the street and tries to sell them at the best price he can get. A little lump of sugar costs one ruble, an egg 1.20 ruble and chocolate is 60 rubles a pound. A little piece of bread which can be eaten with one swallow costs 1 ruble. A half-pound of bread is allowed a family per day, and how some poor people manage even to procure that little bread is a mystery. Wealthy people are the only persons that eat any flour, which is now at the enormous price of 400 rubles a pound. Many of the wealthy families have sold their bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs and other luxuries for what they can get for them, in order to have money on hand to buy food. Numerous food stores have been rented for this purpose and daily there are auctions of fine furniture and art objects. Tobacco cannot be purchased at all and cigar and cigarette dealers have long since closed up their business. Misery and hunger are everywhere seen in the streets, and laughter and music in this once gay city are stilled."

Curious Customs and Cancer.

In parts of China where the head is shaved by public barbers the razors used are often dull and full of nicks, and the irritation of this scraping often causes cancer. Chinese men suffer from cancer of the pharynx and esophagus due to their habit of eating very hot rice, which is thrown into the mouth forcibly with chop sticks. Chinese women eat after their lords and masters, when the rice is cold, and they never have this kind of cancer. In India much cancer is caused by the chewing of betel nuts. In some parts of the country women do not chew the nut, and are free of cancer of the mouth. In Kurdistan, India, the natives wear baskets filled with hot coals across their abdomens to protect them from the cold, and more than 50 per cent. of all the cancer in that region forms in the abdomen and groin, while in other countries such cancers are very rare.

Delicate Compliment.

Charles received a wagon on his birthday and promptly broke a wheel. His father soon mended it. "Papa," he said, "you are smarter than you look."

The Inspired Compositor.

"The doctor felt the patient's pulse and declared that there was no hope."—Boston Evening Transcript.

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BAD PRINT

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

I'LL OWN AS FAR AS YOU CAN SEE- THAT'S ME WIFE AND I DO-
YOU CERTAINLY HAVE LOTS OF ROOMS-
YEP-ITS A THIRTY ROOM HOUSE- THIS IS A GUEST'S ROOM.
GEE-I'D THINK YOU'D GET LOST IN HERE
COME UP STAIRS YOU HAVEN'T SEEN HALF OF IT
I SUPPOSE THIS IS THE STORE ROOM?
NO-THIS IS MY ROOM

WOMEN SHOULD BOWL TO BUILD UP THEIR HEALTH

Mrs. Goldie Greenwald Talks and Wins Five Series Out of Six in Chicago.

(By Fred A. Marquardt.)

"The opinion prevalent among women that it takes a big person with a strong arm to wield a regulation sized bowling ball and be able to keep it on the alley is all wrong," is the way Mrs. Goldie Greenwald of Cleveland, the unofficially proclaimed women bowling champion of the world, explains her presence in the game. To prove her contention she points to herself, and one glance will convince one that she is right. She is just little more than five feet in height, and tips the scales at about 130 pounds.

This little, pleasant, unassuming woman, with a smile that "won't come off," whether losing or winning, has her way into the hearts of many man and woman bowling fans in the last three days while shooting in a series of matches against the six leading woman ten-pin titlers of Chicago at Bonsinger's Randolph alleys.

Won Five and Lost One.

The defeated five of her opponents and for the first time since she has been appearing in various parts of this country in exhibitions she lost a series, that to Mrs. Robt. Stockhair, the well-known North side pin expert. Nevertheless the diminutive Cleveland star smiled just the same and left last night for Milwaukee, where she is to appear in more exhibitions.

"I believe and firmly advise every woman that can possibly do so to take up bowling. To be under the impression that it takes a big, heavy set woman to wield a sixteen pound regulation size ball such as man use is all wrong," said Mrs. Greenwald, when interviewed shortly before her series. "Look at me, for instance. I use a two-fingered regulation size sphere and never have used any other since starting in the game four years ago. The result has been that from that time I have never been ill a single day and have built myself up well physically." Here she asked the writer to feel the muscle of her right arm, with which she wields the ball. It was as "solid as a rock." No flabbiness there.

Delivery Pronounced Perfect.

Her step and delivery of a ball down the alley is pronounced as being virtually perfect by many of Chicago's leading man stars who saw her perform. Many man bowlers of the city cannot get their spheres away at the pins in the quick and easy form that Mrs. Greenwald displayed. And what's more, she showed expertness in putting the "English" on the ball when she wanted to pick off an end pin or clear the boards after a railroad on the first shot.

In explanation of her being the unofficially pronounced champion, let it be said that she was the woman who recently startled the country when connected with 732 pins in three games, shooting 257, 210 and 265. At the time she was anchoring for a leading Cleveland womans' team in a match against a fast men's quintet. The women won out, not even needing the handicap that their masculine opponents had allowed them.

Mrs. Greenwald's appearances in Chicago was arranged by Mrs. Zoe Quinn, president of the Chicago Woman's Bowling Association., and the occasion was the first time that a series of exhibitions has been conducted in Chicago entirely by women, even with women scorers working. That it was a most successful undertaking was shown by the fact that a gallery of almost 400 spectators, including many women, turned out each day to see the matches.

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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

IT PAYS

LEWIS IN TRAINING REVERSAL

Strangler Seeks to Put on Weight Before Stecher Match.

With ten days left in which to get ready for the big test with Sailor Joe Stecher, Ed (Strangler) Lewis is preparing to put on more beef instead of reducing, as most athletes do. Manager Billy Sandaw made the declaration that he wanted the "Strangler" to weigh a ton, if that were possible. Sandow has prepared a course of training stunts for the soldier athlete which he figures will give Ed a big advantage in weight over the man with the deadly scissors when the pair clash in their finish wrestling match at the Coliseum in Chicago on the night of March 3.

"We won't tell what Lewis will weigh that night," said Manager Sandow, "but when it comes to the weight end we'll have a big advantage. This is one point in our favor right off the reel. Lewis isn't a bit afraid of the scissors hold, as he has proved on two different occasions.

"For this match we have outlined a campaign which will make Mr. Stecher feel sick inside of the first half hour. Lewis is going to be on the aggressive form the moment the bell rings for the match to begin, and Stecher will never get a single chance to wrap his legs around Lewis."

GOLF AT PALM BEACH.

Miss Elaine Rosenthal of Ravesloe defeated Mrs. David R. Calhoun 5 and 4 in the first round of match play for the women's championship of Florida at Palm Beach. Miss Lois Stumer, also a Ravesloe golfer, was eliminated by Miss Bessie Fenn, 6 and 4. Miss Ravesloe and Miss Ethel Campbell of Philadelphia, the present holder of the Florida title, then played off for th championship.

Statistics show the real defaulters in Quebec to number only about 12 per cent.

WILLARD ISSUES THREAT TO JACK

SAYS HE WILL FINISH DEMPSEY IN VERY QUICK TIME

Champion Jess Willard appears to be in a particularly belligerent mood judging by his utterances. Tex Rickard recently asserted that Willard informed him that the champion had made up in his mind in future not to allow any opponent to go ten rounds. Latest reports from Chicago are that Willard is talking of a summary finish for Jack Dempsey on July 4.

Willard always has been such an easy-going, good-natured giant that his war talk comes as a distinct surprise. In his younger days Willard was not given to boasting of what he intended to do to a prospective opponent. And when he got into the ring he seldom appeared to try very hard to secure a knockout.

Always Lacked Pugnacity.

In fact, Willard's one great weakness was his lack of pugnacity. He could not be made to hurry until something happened to rile his temper. Then for a few seconds he became aggressive enough for any purpose. At such times he was a truly impressive sight.

One of those spells of temporary madness came over him during his bout with Soldier Kearns back in 1912, and those who were present have never forgotten the sight. In the eighth round Kearns landed a hard right to the body. Up to that point Willard had been stalling and laughing, doing just enough work to maintain the upper hand. But when the Kearns wallop landed it changed Willard from a smiling clown to a raging demon.

Scowl Replaced Smile.

The smile vanished and gave place to a scowl, while his clenched teeth showed through his parted lips. Every muscle in his great body tightened. With one spring he pounced on Kearns and with a right uppercut to the jaw he lifted the soldier's 200 pounds right off the floor. Kearns struck on his neck and shoulders and was out for some time afterward.

Those who saw that knockout never have lost their respect for Willard, even though he subsequently went through bout after bout without showing a trace of aggressiveness. They still look for him to show the tiger spirit again if ever he is prowled into a corner.

DOINGS AT THE WATER ST. ALLEYS

WM. SCHEFFEL WON PRIZE FOR HIGH SCORE LAST WEEK

Wm. Scheffel won the prize for high three games of five-pins last week, with a total of 953, with high single of 376. Both scores were records.

Scores over 700 (3 games)—Henderson 737; Scheffel 730. Over 600: Scheffel 687; Henderson 688; Marsden 688 and 670; Gettss 659; Maynard 648; Jory 648; Barrette 618; Clancy 606; Cocks 656.

Following are the games scheduled for this week in the Business Men's Ten Pin League:—

Monday—Grocers vs. Matthews-Blackwell.

Tuesday—Can .Gen. Elec vs. Printers.

Thursday—De Laval vs. High Rollers.

A "B" five-pin league will start next week and all teams must be entered by Thursday night of this week.

The first instalment of the histories of Canadian overseas battalions has

OSHAWA IS EAGER FOR BASKETBALL

HAS SENT DOUBLE CHALLENGE TO TEAMS IN THIS CITY

Mr. G. H. Roper, General Secretary of the local Y. M. C. A. is in receipt of a letter from Mr. E. L. Petley, boy's secretary & physical director the Oshawa Y.M.C.A. Mr. Petley, who received his High School Education in Peterborough has a basketball team composed of members of his Business Boy's Class, which wishes to arrange for home and home games with a local Y. M. C. A. team, whose members must be under nineteen. Mr. Petley would like this team to journey to Oshawa and play a game about March 14. He promises to give the boys a good time, and will bring his team here about a week later.

The letter also contains a challenge from the boys of the Oshawa High School, to the boys of the P.C.I., to meet them in a game of basketball on any Saturday during this or next month. They will return the match.

The "Y" is thinking seriously of sending down a team and the Oshawa Collegiate Challenge will be considered today at a meeting of the executive of the Boys' Athletic Association of the local High School.

If both institutions decide to send a team arrangements will probably be made for a double-headef basketball game in Oshawa, on Saturday, March 15th, with the return games played here a week later.

If a Y. M. C. A. team is sent it will probably be any five players of the following:— M. Brownscombe, F. Brooks, A. McLeod, C. Armstrong, J. Thirdbeck, and J. White. The P.C.I. team would be picked from the following: R. Pogue, W. Moffat, T. Pogue, G. Yeamans' H. Young, M. Cottingham, C. Elliott and A. Stevenson.

Order Everything Early.

Spraying is something that cannot wait. It must be done at a definite time. Failure to do it then means failure to get clean fruit. Experience shows there is no one factor so important in obtaining a good crop as spraying. Therefore apply business-like forethought to it. Estimate at once how much material you will need and place your order for this not later than March 1st with definite instructions to have it shipped to you by the first week in April.

If you have to purchase a new outfit find out the make you think best and have it shipped just as soon as possible. Run no risk of its not being on hand when required. If the old outfit is to be used do not fail to overhaul and test it out in March or early April. Don't leave it until the first day of spraying. If you have to send it away to be repaired remember that many others will be doing the same and if you postpone sending until April you will in the rush of work have to wait your turn and may not get it back until after spraying has begun. This often happens.

What discourages and disheartens you most when spraying? Is it not delays and poor pressure? With proper foresight and a little knowledge of the mechanism of your engine and pump you can almost entirely prevent this annoyance, discouragement and loss of time and money; so learn to do your own repairing as far as possible, pack your own pump and train your own engine. If, however, you have no mechanical ability, get a handy neighbor to help you. Work with him yourself to learn all you can.

Be determined that this year you will do your spraying right, that you will have a good working outfit with no leakages, good long hose firmly attached, good nozzles or a good spray gun, plenty of material, a good calendar to guide you and everything ready to start the first day the spraying season opens.

If you do your part the spray will do its part, and the result will be a clean crop. You cannot be too thoughtful about your spraying. Nothing about the orchard pays so well as intelligent spraying. You can't do it intelligently unless you are ready and follow directions carefully.—L. Caesar, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

HOG CHOLERA DANGER

How to Detect Disease and the Measures of Control.

Spraying to Be Effective Must Be Done at Exact Time — Have Everything in Readiness When Season Opens — Write Department of Agriculture for Up-to-Date Spray Calendar.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE symptoms of hog cholera differ somewhat according to the virulence of the virus and the resisting power of the hogs in any particular outbreak. Owing to this variation, two forms of the disease are recognized—the so called acute form and the chronic forms.

In the acute or severe form, the hogs sicken and die quickly, appearing to be well one day and frequently dead the next. In the chronic or less severe form, the hogs may be sick for weeks before they die or get better.

When cholera enters a herd, the hogs do not all become sick at once. One or two fail to come for their feed and will be found lying down in some dark corner. On being raised up their backs will be arched, and they will shiver as with cold. They soon become thin and waste up in the flank and sunken around when trying to walk, the hind legs being particularly weak. The eyes become inflamed, sometimes quite red, and often gummy matter causes the lids to stick together. While the hogs get affected there is a cough. Constipation is noticed at first, followed by diarrhoea; red and purple blotches appear on the skin of legs, belly, and inner surfaces of the legs. The temperature of the sick hogs will rise to as high as 107 degrees F. or even higher, the normal temperature of healthy animals being 101 to 104 degrees F.

Methods of Spreading.

So far as known, the virus of hog cholera will not propagate outside the body of the hog. As already stated, the virus is given off in large quantities in the urine and faecal discharges of sick hogs. Anything that gets contaminated with these discharges is liable to spread the disease to healthy hogs that come in contact with it. Consequently, houses, wagons, and cars in which sick animals are shipped, are potent sources for spreading the disease. The pens and yards in which sick animals have run get heavily contaminated, so that anyone walking over the same get their shoes and clothes contaminated, and may carry the disease to other herds subsequently visited.

Prevention and Treatment.

From what has been said above regarding the way the disease is spread, it will at once be seen that one way to keep the disease from a healthy herd is to take all steps necessary to prevent materials contaminated by sick hogs from coming in contact with the healthy herd.

In Canada (by order of the Veterinary Director-General)—If by any chance the disease gains entrance to a herd anywhere in Canada, the laws of the Dominion require that a veterinary inspector be notified without delay. Failure to make this notification means loss of compensation for animals slaughtered under the act and liability to a heavy fine.— Prof D. H. Jones, O. A. College, Guelph.

Henry Adams on Facts.

Adams was a man of industry, always doing more work than he confessed to. With him all facts had to be interrelated into meaning and significance. "For facts as such I have a profound contempt," he said one day in his classroom; just as in his education he remarks that, "nothing in education is so astonishing as the amount of ignorance it accumulates in the form of inert facts."—Henry O. Taylor in Atlantic.

Queer Find at Pompeii.

A soap-boiler's shop was among the things discovered in the excavation at Pompeii several years ago. The city was buried beneath volcanic ashes A. D. 79. It is said that the soap found in the shop had not lost all efficacy, although it had lain under the ashes more than 1,800 years. Soap making was quite a business in a number of the Roman cities at the time that Pompeii was destroyed.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Haro Coal

Pea Coal .....10.00 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

J. E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

ANOTHER SMALL NATION.

Roumania Claims Her Terra Irredenta.

Roumania entered the war primarily "to attain her national destiny," but she suffered much as a result of entering the war on the side of the Allies. As the Allies have won, Roumania hopes to realize her ambitions. It goes without saying that she will demand the abrogation of the treaty of Bucharest of 1917 imposed upon her by the Germans which so shamefully destroyed her economic independence for their benefit, "rectified" her frontiers in the interest of Hungary and gave to Bulgaria the southern part of the Dobrudja. In all these respects she will demand the return of the "status quo ante." But she will demand much more. "The "national destiny," to attain which she drew the sword, had for its aim the annexation to Roumania of "terra irredenta"—of the lands inhabited by Roumanians immediately beyond the borders of Roumania itself. These lands include much more territory than the crown land of Transylvania, to which attention is so often directed. As a matter of fact, the territory to the west of Transylvania stretching from Semendria through Temesvar almost to Debrecsin has fewer islets of Magyars and Germans in it than has Transylvania itself. On the basis of self-determination, this whole territory would in all probability vote to unite with Roumania. Roumania expects at the Peace Conference not only to secure the territory described above, but to be confirmed in the possession of Bessarabia, which she obtained as a result of the Russian debacle. Roumania will also claim upon the principle of nationality that the southern half of the Bukowina, one of the crown lands of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, be united to her territories. If Roumania is granted her claims at the Peace Conference, she will have secured all her "terra irredenta," attained to complete national unity, and become an important state of the second rank with a population of about 14,000,000 and splendid industrial resources with which to develop strength and power. —Asia Magazine.

Everybody Sings in Bohemia.

There is an essential balance between music, poetry and story in the folk-song of fishermen. At least it is possible to observe a greater equilibrium between the musical and dramatic sense in this folk than in the case with many other people of Europe and England. If there is a pre-eminence, however, in Czecho-Slovak songs, it belongs to the music. And indeed it is true that poetic inspiration has been known to give out before the end of a song; but as melody seemed to pour from an infinite source through the consciousness of these singers, irrelevance of text in such cases was not condemned. One writer insists that Bohemians would rather sing the alphabet than not sing at all. Occasionally you find the poetic lapse in the middle or even at the beginning of a song. The tune bursts out, fearless as ever cherried, and takes what it can get in the way of textual embarrassment:

In our orchard grow spices, grow spices.
He who does not understand that—
let him get married.

The faltering debut of this song is eclipsed by its amazing rational ending:

Marry, dear Johnny; take for yourself me.
Now you have one misery—then you will have two.
—Asia Magazine.

People's Favorite Beverage.

The great beverage in Persia is sherbet, which is plentifully supplied and of which there are many varieties—from the bowl of water with a squeeze of lemon to the clear concentrated juice of any sort of fruit to which water is added to dilute it. Only among the rich and fashionable are glasses used; in all other cases sherbet is served in china bowls and drunk from deep wooden spoons carved in pearwood.

Relic of a Lost Race.

At Casa Grande, near Florence, Italy, is the ruin, with walls still standing, of what probably was the last communal house erected on the southern plains by a race of pueblo builders that probably had departed elsewhere or had been merged with wilder tribes even before the passing to the westward of the Aztec south-bound pilgrimage about the year 1300.

Not Adapted for Pet.

The average-sized Alaska walrus is as big as an ox and often weighs more than a ton. A walrus was recently killed by some whalers near Point Barrow whose head weighed 50 pounds, and skin, including flippers, 600 pounds. The animal had a girth of 16 feet, the skin was from half an inch to three inches in thickness, and the blubber weighed 800 pounds.

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY

Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

HAWAIIAN MUSIC

Hawaiin Music is becoming increasingly popular and the demand for Victor Records is very great. At Heintzman Hall, George and Hunter street, will be found a complete stock of all Hawaiian Records and Victrola and Instrument. Call in and hear some of this beautiful music.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

A great musical festival will be held by the Salvation Army Band at the Brownton Temple on Thursday street tonight.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. O'CONNOR, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide oxi oxygen administered for painless anaesthesia. Special attention to prosthesis, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

CHAUTAUQUA TICKET HOLDERS

Ticket holders in the Chautauqua Lyceum Course are reminded to mark their seats tomorrow and Wednesday for the lecture by John Kendrick Bangs on Friday evening.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR CONCERT

Come and hear Frank Oldfield, Canada's foremost baritone, in Trinity Church Tuesday, Feb. 25th, commencing 8.15 p.m. Tickets 25 cents.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

WHITE ROBE CHOIR

Will all members of the "White Robe Choir" meet this evening at 6.30 sharp, at the Temple?

FOR SALE

The Great War Veterans' Association having purchased a church property have the following for sale:

12 Stained Glass Windows.

60 Pews with iron ends and wood slide.

Apply—

R. E. LAYFIELD, Chairman, Great War Veterans' Association, Peterborough, Ontario.

Will Distribute Veteran's Jewels

Peterborough and Otonabee lodges of Oddfellows are holding a field night on Monday, March 10th, when a large number of candidates from the district lodges will be present to receive degrees.

In addition to this there will be twenty-two veterans' jewels presented to members who can boast twenty-five years continuous membership. Many of these are resident in the Canadian West, the United States and different parts of the Province, but it is expected that most of them will be present upon this occasion.

This will be the eve of the session in Peterborough as far as the fraternity of the three links is concerned. It is expected that every effort will be made to make the occasion a memorable in the history of the society in this city.

DIED

GREENE—At the family residence, 684 Water street, Feb. 23, 1919, Erasmus Greene, aged 86 years.

Funeral, Tuesday, Feb. 25th, at 2 p.m. Interment in Little Lake cemetery.

LUNDGIEN—The death occurred this morning, Feb. 24th, 1919, at Nicholls Hospital, of Mr. Hugo Lundgien, aged 21 years. Funeral announced...

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

LUXMOORE—PERRY

On Tuesday, February 18th, at the St. James' Methodist Parsonage Rev. B. Greatrix united in marriage John Luscombe to Miss Maria P. Perry, both of Peterborough. They were unattended. Mr. and Mrs. Luscombe will reside in the ...ty.

HEWITT—YOUNG

A quiet and pretty wedding was held on Saturday, February 22, at the home of the bride's father, 189 Romaine street, when Miss Jessie Mable Young became the bride of Mr. Robert Henry Hewitt of Elora. They were unattended. Rev B. Greatrix performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Hewitt left for points west after which they will reside in Ingersoll.

LIDDELL—WOOD

A very pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's father, 603 Concession St., on Saturday, February 22nd at 2.15 when Miss Florence C. Wood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wood, became the bride of Mr. Elmer B. Liddell, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Liddell, Aylmer street, city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. G. Doner. The bride was supported by Miss Marjory R. Wood while Mr. Edward Grier acted as groomsman.

A splendid dinner was served after which Mr. and Mrs. Liddell left on the C. P. R. afternoon train for Toronto and Buffalo on a short visit and on their return they will reside in Peterborough.

Mr. T. F. Matthews spent the week-end in the city.

Mrs. Duncan Walker and Miss Emma Morrow left this morning for Toronto.

The members of the Peterborough Prayerful Club are particularly asked to come to the rooms in the Barrie building, on Wednesday, Feb. 26.

Mrs. R. W. Crossman will receive at her home, 499 Homewood Ave., on Wednesday afternoon, from 4 to 6.

REV. DR. SHOREY AT TRINITY CHURCH

FORMER PASTOR OF THIS CITY AS VIGOROUS AS EVER

Rev. Dr. Shorey of Port Hope occupied the pulpit of Trinity Church yesterday at both services. He preached impressive sermons and his many friends in this city who remember him as the pastor of George street and Charlotte Street Churches found that he had lost none of his former eloquence.

In the evening he chose as his theme these words from the 6th verse and fourth chapter of Joshua: "What mean ye by these stones?"

Reference is made to the quotation to the meand of stones raised by the Israelites upon the shore of the Red Sea to commemorate the dividing of the waters at the time of the exodus from Egypt.

Dr. Shorey applied the meaning of the text to the churches of modern times and in answering the question as contained in the words when used in this manner gave a comprehensive outline of what the Christian church means to humanity and what it should invariably stand for.

He described it as shining forth as a beacon to the traveller who is passing through this world but once and has not the benefit of former experience to guide his course. It is symbolical of the eternal life which thought, reason and the word of God unite to proclaim will follow this earthly career and will be an existence so sublime and so essentially different from this one with its narrow confines and materialism that the human mind is not equipped with sufficient powers to even form a mental picture which would attempt to do it justice.

Beyond the grave the mind of man fails to penetrate. His struggles to form a conception of what is to follow terrestial existence are doomed to failure and he must return to the promises contained in the Bible for assurance and information.

The Christian church like the pile of stones, representative of the deliverance from bondage of the children of Israel, stands forth as a constant reminder to the earthly wayfarer that God so loved the world that he gave his own son as a sacrifice to atone for its sin and that to him that believes is given an unmistakeable assurance of participation in the joys of eternal life.

THE DR. GRENFELL MISSION

The annual offering for Dr. Grenfell's Mission is now due. The appeal has been made for the last three years through the Examiner and The Review. All gifts are acknowledged and passed on to Mrs. James Wood, treasurer, Monaghan road. The following statement will let the public know something of what may be accomplished by their gifts. Make your offering at once.

$450 will pay the salary of a nurse for a year.

$350 will pay a school teacher's salary for one year.

$150 will pay the travelling expenses of a volunteer nurse for the summer.

$100 will care for a child in the Children's Home for a year.

$60 will support a hospital cot for one year.

$16 will provide a ton of coal for the steamer.

$2 or over makes one a member in one of the Grenfell associations for one year, and includes a year's subscription of 75 cents for the quarterly magazine, "Among the Deep Sea Fishers."

FOUND CANADA A COLONY AND HE LEFT IT A NATION

Rev. Father Burke Preaches Eloquent Discourse at Funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Taking as his text Matthew 9: 26-21: "Moreover they bewailed him and all Israel made lamentations for him and mourned many days, saying, 'How is the valiant man fallen that delivered Israel.'" Rev. Father Burke, who was chosen to preach the sermon in English at the funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier eulogized the dead Liberal chieftain as "the idol of a nation, a man who for years held over the hearts of his countrymen almost unbounded sway."

Referring to the words of the text, which were spoken of Joshua, the man whom Providence raised up to be a leader of Israel, he said:

"We too have lost our leader We have lost him whom we oft reclaimed our nation's best. We mourn one who came to us from a period that is now passed. We lament the demise of him who was great, in success, great in adversity, the foe of tyranny, the lover of democracy, devoted to the service of his King and country, and as we gaze upon yon casket that contains his mortal remains there comes the pang of regret, the lump in the throat, tears to our eyes, and like the people of ancient days in Old Jerusalem, we exclaim, 'Why is that great man dead who saved the people of Israel?'

"Am I not right in attributing to Sir Wilfrid Laurier a description he once used of that lover of Canadian freedom, Louis Joseph Papineau? 'Did,' he said, 'any man ever live better fitted to be the idol of a nation? A man of outstandnig presence, of majestic countenance, of impassioned eloquence, of unblemished character, of pure disinterested patriotism. For years he held over the hearts of his countrymen almost unbounded sway."

After referring to the romantic spirit, his noble appearance and the eloquence of the dead statesman, Father Burke said:

"Let me say a word of something, which in my mind explains in a large measure his unstinted service of country and also his unblemished character. I refer to Laurier's Catholicism. He was no professional Catholic. His religion was too sacred a thing to be dragged into the arena of political controversy. He did not spend his time writing tracts or delivering unctuous phrases. The fact is his faith illuminated most of what he said or did."

The progress of Canada during Sir Wilfrid's premiership was outlined in glowing colors by the preacher. "He found the country a colony, he left it a nation, respected in the galaxy of commonwealths that constitute the British Empire. And all these things the Chieftain did, with hands unsullied. His character remained unblemished.

"His memory will not die; summer will give place to summer here in the north land: the cold blasts of many winters will rise and subside; tide will give place to tide; but while men live and heroes are respected, and mothers tell stories to their little ones the memory of Sir Wilfrid Laurier shall not perish."

Y.W.C.A. WHATS DOING THIS WEEK

Monday, 4.30—Senior school girls' gymnasium class.

Monday, 8.00—Business girls beginners' class.

Tuesday 4.30—Junior school class.

Tuesday, 8.00—Athena Club.

Tuesday, 8.00—Silver Link Club.

Wednesday, 4.30—Junior school girls.

Wednesday, 8.00—Special class.

Thursday, 10.30—Ladies' class.

Thursday, 8.00—Business girls intermediate and advanced class.

Friday, 4.30—School girls' class.

Friday, 8.00—Ladies' class.

Saturday, 9.30—Junior.

Saturday, 10.30—Babies' class.

Saturday, 2.00—Junior club classes.

Saturday, 8.00—Sports' night.

The Friday evening ladies' class will not be withdrawn because of the Lyceum program, but those ladies who wish to attend the lecture are privileged to join with the Thursday morning class this week.

A very pleasant evening was spent by the ladies of the ladies' gymnasium classes on Friday evening last. The party was in the form of a masquerade, and about fifty ladies were present. The program consisted of games and dances, and the evening closed with refreshments, and the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 4.15.—Mission Band.

6.45—Anglican Layman's Supper in the school room.

7.30 —Girl's Auxiliary.

Tuesday, 2.30, W. A. Sewing meeting.

8 —Girl's Association Masquerade Party.

Thursday, 8—Choir practice, Boys at 7.30.

Friday, 2.30—C. W. A. Sewing Meeting.

7.30—Confirmation Classes, Guild Room.

Saturday 9—Boys' Choir Practice

MR. H. B. COWAN SPOKE SUNDAY

ADDRESSED LIFE PROBLEM CLUB AT Y. M. C. A. ON SUCCESS

At the regular weekly meeting of the Senior Life Problem Club, of the Y. M. C. A. held in the Y. M. C. A. parlor yesterday, Mr. H. B. Cowan, a mmeber of the Y. M. C. A.'s Board of directors, gave a short talk on "Success." There were between twenty and thirty members of the club present at this meeting, over which Mr. Angus McLeod, the president of the club, presided.

So far this winter the club has been addressed by Rev. A. J. Thomas, the pastor of George street Methodist Church; Dr. E. Wood, Mr. Roper, Mr. A. D. Hone, of the Collegiate Institute Staff; and Mr. Joseph Wearing, M. A.

Every boy 16 years and over is invited to attend these meetings which are held every Sunday afternoon at 4.15 p.m. The executive arranges to have capable speakers, so that every boy who attends is sure to hear an interesting address.

ST. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Young People's Guild meets at eight o'clock. Stereoptican views of the life of Livingstone will be given.

The Session will meet on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The regular mid-week service will be held on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Communion will be observed on March 16th. Those desiring to unite by profession of faith or by letter are asked to make the fact known to the minister.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH NOTES

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Ladies' Aid will hold a tea at the home of Mrs. Stevens, 306 Brock St., Thursday afternoon and evening, February 27th.

Mission Band on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

ART EXHIBITION GREAT SUCCESS

SATURDAY WAS CHILDREN'S DAY AND ATTENDANCE WAS MOST GRATIFYING

Saturday was children's day at the exhibition in the Public Library building. Many children attended, and the interest they took in all they saw was delightful to observe.

The members of the local branch of the Women's Art Association of Canada have every reason to be gratified with the success of their exhibition, the first that has been held since the out-break of the war.

It was a member's exhibition, the pictures were by members of the association and were collected by the Toronto branch. Old members expressed themselves as delighted at the revival of the local branch and many new names were added to the list of members. It is hoped to have an exhibition in the near future of pictures from the National Gallery, Ottawa.

The objects of the association are the creating of a general interest in art, the establishment of art lectures and reading clubs, the holding of exhibitions of painting, designs, etc., and it aims to develop that which is spiritual and aesthetic in the human soul. Surely, it deserves sympathetic encouragement from the community.

Miss Dafries, who is doing special work for the American Embassy in connection with art, in a lecture given recently to the Social Service Department of Toronto University, declared that "our present attitude towards art is unnatural. Beauty should be given to the people. Each city should be able to produce great things, and art should provide pleasure that is not debasing. Only by art can a proper record be kept of our day." She also advocated an art chair in every university and a representative of art in Parliament, and added, "Useful things should be made beautiful."

GRENFELL MISSION EXTRACT FROM LETTER

"For two weeks we have been working night and day, that is my secretary, Mr. Finley, a Yale man, and myself, around a deep inlet known as White Bay. There we encountered so much real poverty, so much need of even the elements of life, viz., bread and clothes to cover, we came back inclined to wonder if life there, anyhow, had anything to offer. We saw men and women hungry, with both beriberi and scurvy from want of food, empty cupboards, and naked children, while the fish, plentiful enough in the north, had partially failed on this part of the coast."

This is the cause to which you contribute when you make your offering to the Grenfell Mission. Leave your offering at the office of this paper and it will be forwarded to Mrs. James Wood, treasurer, Monaghan Road.

A nutmeg may be great, but sooner or later it will meet a greater.

C.G.E. PAY DAY

For Tuesday Wednesday & Thursday

5 lbs 20c Prunes, $1.00, for ..09c
5 lbs 10c Rolled Oats, 50c, for ..35c
5 lb pail Pure Shortening $1.47
5 lbs seeds in Raisins, at 11c
5 lbs Wheatlets or Corn Meal ..34c
5 lbs Good Rice, 15c lb. for..50c
5 lbs Green Tea, 50c lb. for..25c
5 lbs 70c Black Tea, at 34c
5 lbs 65c Black Tea, at 44c
5 Boxes Matches, 15c for 01c
5 Bars 5c Toilet Soap ,for 25c
5 Bars 9c Laundry Soap, for ..35c
5 lbs Seedless Raisins, 20c, at 15c
10 lbs G. Sugar for $1.00
(With $2 order)
15c Ammonia, 3 pkgs 27c
15c Quaker Corn Flakes, 3 for..41c
15c Shredded Wheat .... 3 for 41c
15c Beets, cooked and peeled 8c can
20c Cans Pumpkin, for 10c
25c Cans Lawton Berries 14c
20c Cans Tomatoes (large) 3 for 50c
25c Cans Pears, at 19c
12c Cans Old Dutch, 2 for 18c
Good as Dutch Cleanser, only 5c can
40c Margerine, Bargain 33c
59c Creamery Butter 55c
Tiger Salmon, halfs., 2 for 19c
Cut Salmon, 1 lb tins, 25c for..19c
25c Baking Powder, good 19c
Fresh meat at our Butcher Stall
Choice P. H. Sirloin Steak 27½c lb
Choice Prime Roasts (as above) 25c
Fresh Finnan Haddie (whole) 9c lb
Salmon (in piece) 18c. Steak 20c
15c Lamp Burners Mdm. 5c. Large 7c
Wide Indigo Prints, good, 25c for 20c
Men's Plain Wool Socks, 50c, for 25c
Ladies' 50c value Hose (Seece) 19c
Nice Value Gingham Dresses $1.15
3 yards ends 35c White Cotton $1.19
45c Dress Crepe Cloth, 4 yds $1.00
Our Bargain Store, 187 Charlotte St.
Our Main Store, Albert and Park Sts.

R. C. BRAUND

Phone us, 248. Come and See us. Don't Miss Our Many Bargains Street Car to Our Door

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

To-night-Tuesday-Wednesday

Daily Matinees 2.30. Big "Metro" Feature Evenings 7.30.

Edith Storey in "THE SILENT WOMAN"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN **'The Landlady's Pet'**

5 Other Reels 5 Vaudeville 11 in all 11

DICKSON AND BELL

Matinees 10c. Eccentric Dancing Comedians Evenings 15c

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28

4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT

AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS

AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST

PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00

Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

NEW BATTERY STORAGE

FISHER AND HAYES

Announce that in the FIRST WEEK IN MARCH they will open up business

Over The Service Garage

CHARLOTTE STREET

(Nearly Opposite the White House)

Where they will be prepared to give prompt and efficient attention

To—Storage Battery, Charging and Repairing. Also Auto Washing and Polishing

A. FISHER

Is severing his connection as manager of the Willard Storage Station and is exceptionally skilled in the knowledge of storage batteries.—Efficiency and service is his motto.

W. E. HAYES

IS A RETURNED SOLDIER, and after three years active service at the front will resume his business of auto-polishing and washing. All work will be guaranteed first class, and a share of public patronage is invited.

HIS MEMORY WILL BE CHERISHED

BISHOP O'BRIEN PAYS TRIBUTE TO LATE SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Bishop O'Brien, at the service in St. Peter's Cathedral yesterday, made reference in his address to the passing of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He described him as a great statesman whose memory will ever be revered by Canadians on account of his ability and probity of character.

Hello! Hello! What's This?

G. T. GALL OF KEENE is running a great Boot and Shoe Sale of—

Men's, Boy's, Women's & Girl's $3,000 worth

To be reduced in 15 days Starting

Feb. 25, 1919

The high cost of living is easy for all those who deal at

G. T. GALL

Watch the Paper next week AND CALL EARLY

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. E. MULHERN

Bank of Ottawa Stewartville, Que.

It is easy for a man to love his neighbor as himself, provided she is young and pretty.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1

Mennen's Talcum Powder

Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2

RubberSponges

Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK

Hair Brushes

GOOD QUALITY

Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —

Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co.

Limited

Phone 527w.

Parliamentary Notice

Friday, the seventh day of March next, will be the last day of presenting Petitions for Private Bills.

Friday, the fourteenth day of March next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills.

Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of March next, will be the last day for receiving Reports of Committees on Private Bills.

ARTHUR H. SYDERE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto, January 23rd, 1919.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Light rain today, turning to snow tonight. Wednesday, northwest gales and becoming decidedly colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 47 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

MONTH IN CELLS FOR REEVE WEBER

AND NEUSTADT MAN HAS TO PAY FINE OF $4500.

Owen Sound, Feb. 25.—One month in jail at hard labor and a fine of $4500 was the sentence pronounced on Reev Joseph Weber of Neustadt here yesterday. In default of payment of his fine, Reeve Weber would be imprisoned for three years in the Provincial Penitentiary, but he decided to pay the fine. Besides, he has to pay all the costs of the proceedings, amounting to approximately $300.

The trial was held in Owen Sound February 13-13 before Police Magistrate A. D. Cressor, with N. I. Davidson, K.C., Toronto, acting for the Crown, and D. O'Connell and I. W. Callaghan of Toronto for defendant.

The charge was laid under the War Measures Act of 1914, whereby Weber was charged with making seditious statements likely to hinder recruiting. It was based on words used by Weber to Arthur Mutton, when he is supposed to have said: "The —— British are licked, and they know it. Before either of my sons go to fight they will die in the hardware store. If they want any fighting let them come to Neustadt and they will get it."

Magistrate Cressor found Weber guilty on this charge and remanded him for sentence. An application for a stated case made by counsel for the accused was withdrawn.

Pleads Guilty on Second Charge.

On a second charge before the local police court Reeve Weber pleaded guilty to making seditious statements likely to cause disaffection. This also was based on the conversation with Mutton, and on it Weber received a sentence of $4500 fine and one month in jail, this sentence to be concurrent with the previous one.

In sentencing him Magistrate Cressor said that Reeve Weber was a man born in this country, who had lived here all his life. In times of danger he had used disloyal expressions and possibly influenced his sons to be disloyal also. When he was through with his sentence the magistrate hoped that he would remember that everyone living in Canada was supposed to be loyal.

LEGISLATURE TO TAKE DOWN BARS

WOMEN TO BE ADMITTED TO MEMBERSHIP IN THAT BODY.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—The Ontario Legislature is to open its doors to women. The Ontario Government, it is understood, has decided to bring down legislation this session extending the right to occupy seats in the Legislative Assembly and the Speech from the Throne to be read in the House at the formal opening today will probably make reference to the intention of the Government.

The extension of the right of membership to women has been debated in the House on more than one occasion in the past, but the Government, which sympathic, did not consider that the time had come to take the final step in the extension of equal political rights to women. A month or two ago, however, Sir William Hearst, in addressing a deputation of women, threw a broad hint that something was coming and, therefore a definite announcement will not come as a complete surprise. The fact that the Federal House is about to permit the entry of women was a further assurance that Ontario would make the plunge.

In connection with the extension of the right to sit in the Legislature legislation will probably be introduced giving women the right to hold municipal office on the same basis as men.

PAY SERGEANT ARRESTED.

Kingston, Feb. 25.—Ernest James Whitbey, a former pay sergeant, is under arrest on a charge of obtaining a sum of money by forgery. It is understood that the amount involved is between $300 and $1000.

D. D. McKenzie, Member From North Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, Chosen House Leader For Liberals

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Until a national convention selects a permanent chieftain for the Liberal party in succession to the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Daniel D. Mackenzie, member for the constituency of North Cape Breton will take the helm for the Opposition in the House of Commons. He will be assisted in steering the Opposition's course however ,by a committee of which James A. Robb, of Huntingdon, Quebec, the chief Liberal whip, will be chairman.

It had been widely reported that Mr. Robb would be chosen as titular head of the Opposition for the time being. The caucus of Liberal Senators and Commoners which was in session during the greater part of this morning and this afternoon, however, decided otherwise. The lot fell upon Mr. Mackenzie, who, to quote the words of the resolution of caucus, will be "the recognised leader of the House of Commons. Furthermore, "to assist in the preparation and management of the party's work in Parliament" the committee already mentioned will be appointed Another committee is to be constituted to make arrangements for a national Liberal convention.

Not Senior Member

Mr. McKenzie is not the senior member of the Opposition side of the House of Commons. He entered Parliament for the first time in 1904, while Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux first took his seat in 1896, Hon. Charles Marcil in 1900 ,and Hon H. S. Beland in 1902. The member for North Cape Breton, was chosen, after the last general election, to be the desk mate of Sir Wilfrid Laurier He is a barrister and had had experience as a school commissioner, as Mayor of his home town of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and as a member of the Nova Scotia Legislature when he first took his seat in the Commons. In 1906 a county judgship attracted him and he abandoned politics. Two years later, however, he resigned the office and became candidate in North Cape Breton for election to the House of Commons. He was elected then and re-elected in 1911 and 1917. "Was never defeated in any election," says his short biography in the Parliamentary Guide He is a member of the Presbyterian Church

PETERBORO IS PROMISED SHARE OF MARINE WORK

Interview With Cabinet Members at Ottawa Was Highly Satisfactory—Acting Premier Pledges Favorable Action.

The deputation that went to Ottawa Sunday night to interview members of the Cabinet with the object of securing public contracts for the C. G. E., have returned to the city well pleased with the result of their visit. The members of the delegation were: Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong; B. D. Hall and Alderman Hamilton, representing the Board of Trade; President A. J. Bolwell and Secretary W. Stevens, of the Trades Council; President Morrison and Secretary Whatley, of the G. W. V. A., and President Peter MacArthur and Secretary Kearns of the Machinists' Union. Manager E. G. Patterson of the C. G. E., accompanied the party.

Capt. J. H. Burnham introduced the delegation to Acting Premier White and Acting Minister of Marine A. K. McLean. Peterborough's case was presented by one speaker from each of the bodies represented, those who addressed the ministers being Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong, B. D. Hall for the Board of Trade, A. J. Bolwell, for the Trades Council, Secretar Whatley for the War Veterans, and Secretary Kearns for the Machinists' Union.

The Government has advertised for tenders for the construction of marine engines for the ships now being built in the yards at Vancouver. The C. G. E. has sent in its tender along with those of other large manufacturers of the Dominion. What the delegation asked for was not that Peterborough be shown any special favors, but that the work involved in the reconstruction program of the Government be divided among the various manufacturing centres of the country instead of the great bulk of it going to a few plants in the larger cities, as is so often the case.

Acting Premier Sir Thomas White expressed himself as highly pleased with the spirit displayed by the deputation. He did not put his visitors off with the stereotyped promise of favorable consideration, but pledged his word that Peterborough would be given a share of this particular class of public work in order to carry the workingmen over to the time when the task of reconstruction will be taken up in earnest. The deputation left well satisfied with the interview and with a better feeling established between Labor and the authorities.

After the delegation left, the Ministers invited Mr. E. G. Patterson to stay for a further conference.

Mr. R. R. Hall was in Ottawa yesterday and helped entertain the delegates, showing some of them the chief places of public interest, including the offices of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, where the visitors were presented to the secretary of the dead chieftain.

Herr Scheid New Bavarian Premier

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 25.—Herr Scheid has been named Bavarian Premier in succession to Kurt Eisner, who was assassinated last week. Herr Seigits, Majority Socialist, has been appointed Bavarian Minister of Interior.

President Signs War Revenue Bill

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington ,Feb. 25.—Announcement was made on the arrival of the Presidential party in Washington early today that the President had signed the six billion dollar war revenue bill. This measure carries a rider, making the District of Columbia bone dry.

Samuel Cowan, a pioneer business man of Chatham, is dead.

More Ontario Men Arrive at Halifax

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Feb. 25.—The Empress of Britain arrived from Liverpool today with sixty returning officers and 3,000 of other ranks aboard, about half of whom are for Ontario points.

Gen. Ludendorf Is Cast Out of Sweden

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 25.—General Ludendorff, former Quartermaster General of the German army, left Sweden for Germany on Sunday night. The Swedish Foreign Office has refused his request to extend his permit to stay in Sweden, which expired Sunday.

Lord Beaverbrook will pay a visit to Canada as soon as he is convalescent.

RADICALS MAKE GAINS IN BERLIN

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS LEAVE NON-SOCIALISTS ON OUTSIDE ALMOST ENTIRELY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 25.—The elections in Greater Berlin yesterday showed a remarkable increase in the vote of Independent Socialists. They led the poll with several thousand votes more than the regular Socialist who made a far poorer showing than in national and Prussian elections. The killing of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, Rosa Luxemburg and Kurt Eisner, seems to have driven many of the regular Socialists into the radical ranks. Non-socialist parties fared very poorly in the election. Spartacan appeals for demonstrations did not meet with the slightest success.

WOUNDED PREMIER IS CONVALESCING

CLEMENCEAU WILL SOON BE ABLE TO RESUME HIS DUTIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 25.—Premier Clemenceau's progress is such that he is now classified as convalescent. Latest reports continue to indicate that he is improving and that he will soon return to work. The greatest difficulty now experienced by his physicians is in keeping him in his apartment. While at first it was very hard to prevent him from exerting himself and talking he now wants to be taken out of doors.

Attempt at Murder Work of Spartacans

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 25.—According to information obtained by Vorwaertz from a member of the Majority Socialists in a responsible public position the attempted assassination of Herr Auer, the Bavarian Minister of the Interior, was the work of the revolutionary Workmen's Council of Munich, which is wholly dominated by Independent Socialists and Spartacans. The shooting of Auer is said to have been done by one, Lindner A. Butcher, of Munich, who is openly boasting of his deed but is still at liberty.

600 Miners Are Made Prisoners

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Feb. 25.—A band of marauders in the vicinity of Essen yesterday destroyed the airshaft and other outlets of the coal mine and imprisoned six hundred miners who were at work at the time. It will be impossible to release the miners for a fortnight. The explosive magazine of the mine also was pillaged by the band.

Teachers Send In Resignations

Montreal, Feb. 25.—At least 22 of the 28 Protestant teachers in the High school and five elementary schools of Lachine sent in their resignation yesterday because it was claimed that the Lachine school board had refused to accept a scale of salaries submitted, providing what the teachers considered to be a fair basis of increase.

The resignations will not take effect until the end of the school year, in June, as the teachers are under contracts, but the resignations are tendered now in order to avoid renewals of contracts on the old terms.

The trouble may be said to be a climax of the agitation amongst Montreal and suburban teachers for better pay and which has been proceeding through various phases for more than a year.

LIEUTENANT CASHIERED.

London, Feb. 25.—Lieut. Thomas Maxwell Duncan, of a Quebec regiment, has been cashiered.

Stronger Prohibition Measures Are Foreshadowed In The Speech From The Throne At Legislative Opening

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 25.—Important announcements of the coming Legislation and the usual formal ceremony marked the opening of the first "peace' session of the Ontario Legislature this afternoon

Among the new members assembling this morning was a small but portentious representation of United Farmers of Ontario, a "Group" which expects to be an important factor in the Legislation to be enacted this session. There are also some new members of the old line parties elected since last session to be introduced to the House.

The opening ceremony took place at 3 p.m. with his Honor Lieutenant Governor Sir John Hendrie officiating. There were the usual military and civil features.

In the speech from the Throne as already intimated mention was made of impending Legislation for the extension of membership in the House to women, stronger prohibition measures, and other important measures affecting the Province as a whole.

Jail Sentence For Destroying Letter

Guelph, Feb. 25.—At police court Louis Kneschewski, of St. Jacob's, was fined $200 and costs or three months in jail for wilfully destroying a registred letter which had been sent from the office of the registrar in London to his brother, William, knowing that the letter was from the military authorities and which contained orders for his brother to report for medical examination.

Quebec To Raise Factory Age Limit

GOVERNMENT INTRODUCES BILL MAKING MINIMUM 16 INSTEAD OF 14.

Quebec, Feb. 25.—Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Minister of Public Works and Labor, introduced before the Legislature a bill enacting that no child under sixteen years of age shall be allowed to work in an industrial plant, serve as a bellboy in a hotel, or act as a newsboy, unless he has a certificate attesting that he has attended school at least six years and that he can write and read.

Of course this is not necessarily compulsory education, but in the application it amounts to it. The age limit formerly was fourteen.

Will Obey Orders Of General Foch

MOTION INTRODUCED IN GERMAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TO DISSOLVE ARMY.

Basle, Feb. 25. — Delegates Loeb, Payer, Roemer and Risser yesterday moved the following resolution in the German national assembly at Weimar:

"The president of the state is authorized to dissolve the present army and to constitute a provisional national guard, which until the examination of the new military force under the law protecting the frontiers of the country, shall maintain order in the interior of the country and enforce respect for the decrees of the government.

"The new army of national defence must be founded upon a democratic basis and must comprise the associations of volunteers already existing and also new volunteers."

Students Assist National Guard

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, Feb. 25. — Severe fighting took place on Saturday in Prague, the capital of Bohemia, in which the national guard and students drove the anti-government communists from the public buildings which they had occupied.

G. T. P. MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Edmonton, Feb. 25.—Sixty machinists and machinists' helpers employed in the Grand Trunk Pacific shops at Calder struck yesterday on account of alleged discrimination against two of their number. The men who walked out have appointed a committee to enlist the support of men on other parts of the system.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will not make Portland the terminus for its large steamers, says President Beatty.

Truce For Poles And Ukranians

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, Feb. 25. — An agreement was reached at Lemberg on Sunday for a cessation of hostilities between the Poles and the Ukrainians beginning Monday evening. The agreement can be renounced by either party on twelve hours notice

To Erect Statue To Sir Wilfrid

Quebec, Feb. 25.—A movement will immediately be started to erect a monument in Quebec city to the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier. No details are, of course, yet available as to whether this will be carried out by subscriptions or by the Provincial Government, but both might be done, two monuments being erected, one in St. Roch's on the Jacques Cartier market place, and the other near the Parliament Buildings, where Laurier's statue would join those o fother great men who have been immortalised in bronze by Canadian artists.

Food Board Revokes Eight of Its Orders

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—As the signing of the peace treaty will naturally limit the activities of the Food Board to a close, the board is endeavoring as rapidly as is consistent with caution to restore conditions in the Dominion food trades to normal. The board today revoked eight of its previous orders licensing certain classes of dealers. These orders are:

One dated December 13, 1917, regulating wholesale fruit and vegetable dealers; order No. 6 of December 22, 1917, wholesale fish merchants; order No. 27 of April 12, 1918, general regulation of licenses; order No. 36, August 30, 1918, wholesale flour and feed orders; No. 38, May 7 (with amending orders No. 48 and 59), packers (though in view of order-in-council the revocation here affects only those packers whose annual turnover is less than $750,000); No. 49, May 8, 1918, canners; No. 41, May 21, 1918, produce merchants; No. 54, July 1, regulating manufacturers using sugar, an order which became requisite by the unexpected shortage in the allied sugar supply.

Hunt For Souvenirs At Laurier's Grave

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Souvenir fiends have stripped the grave of Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier of the splendid collection of floral tributes which came from all parts of Canada to the bier of the deceased statesman. Except for the superb crest sent by the city of Montreal, nothing in the floral line remains on the grave this morning, and even the Montreal tribute shows signs of "wear."

At the same time other collectors of souvenirs were enthusiastically, if rather indecorously, at work in the Basilica, and as a consequence of their activities, the ends of all the candles used in the funeral service Saturday disappeared before 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

The rate of call money loans rose to seven per cent. at New York yesterday.

23 SUFFRAGETTES ARE UNDER ARREST

PLANNED TO MAKE DEMONSTRATION BEFORE PRESIDENT WILSON AT BOSTON.

Boston, Feb. 25.—Plans of members of the National Women's party to make a demonstration in connection with the passage of President Wilson through the city were frustrated when 23 of their number were arrested in front of the State house. They were booked on charges of loitering, and will be given a hearing in police court. Another member of the party was arrested on the Common later in the day on a charge of speaking without a permit.

Four of the women were released on nominal bail. The others declared they would fight the case out in court, and would not accept freedom for the night. Most of the women live in Massachusetts, but several of them are from other states.

The women were carrying suffrage banners near the reviewing stand at the State House some time before the presidential party arrived at the point when the police ordered them to move on. When they refused they were arrested.

At a gathering of women about the bandstand on the Common late in the afternoon extracts from the President's address at Mechanics' Hall were burned in a metal torch. While speeches were being made police arrived and arrested three women, two of whom were released later. The third, Miss Elsie Hill, daughter of Congressman Hill of Connecticut, was taken to the House of Detention

New Department Of Public Health

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Plans for the proposed new Department of Public Health were discussed at a conference in Ottawa this morning between prominent medical men and J. H. Keefer, M.P., Parliamentary Under Secretary for External Affairs, representing the Government. That a bill to create such a department will be brought down during the session was intimated in the Speech from the Throne. It is proposed to take the work of organization in hand with the least possible delay.

Medical men present at the morning conference included Dr. Paget, Ottawa, Surgeon-General Fotheringham, Dr. Brock, Ottawa, Dr. Clarke, Toronto, and Dr. Hodgetts, Ottawa.

Easy To Go Over; Hard To Get Back

Ottawa, Feb. 25—The Government has just received the following cable from Sir George Perley, High Commissioner in England:

"Understand there are no restrictions now under Canadian regulations regarding persons wishing to come to this country. Would submit for your consideration that conditions here make it unwise for anyone to come over just now who proposes afterwards returning to Canada, unless voyage absolutely necessary and in fact practically imperative. For several months it will be exceedingly difficult for civilians to get accommodation from here to Canada, and some who have arrived lately will find much difficulty in getting back again. Would strongly advise restricting passports to minimum during next few months. All this applies with particular force to those who wish to come over and visit graves in Belgium and France. The difficulties of conditions there, and especially lack of transportation, make it practically impossible to arrange such visits just now."

FOREIGNERS OUT OF WORK

Brantford, Feb. 25.—While there are a number of unemployed in Brantford it is declared that 75 per cent are foreigners who have been let out and whose places have been taken by returned men. Most of them have large savings accounts and are only waiting for transportation to return to their home.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1919

THE ROOT OF THE EVIL.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER is sleeping his last sleep under a wilderness of the flowers that a grateful and appreciative country has heaped upon the casket of one of its most distinguished sons. The petty and quavering voice of censure has been stilled. If the dead had any human frailties, all these have been charitably forgotten. Nothing is heard but a universal chorus of eulogy for all that was great and good in the long public career of the dead statesman, the man who found his native land in the swaddling clothes of infancy and helped so faithfully to weave for it the garments of maturity.

How is it that the newspapers of the country, regardless of politics, have vied with each other in extolling the memory and deeds of the late chieftain, newspapers, too, that assailed him with partisan venom while he was yet in life? Why pelt a man with stones until he is called away, and then heap floral tributes on his grave?

Perhaps, after all, the newspepers are not the chief sinners in this regard. The public journals are the exponents of a system that stands in need of remodelling. There will be more of journalistic ethics if the politicians themselves set the example instead of assailing each other at every opportunity and calling the motives of their opponents into question at every turn.

THE FUTURE OF THE LIBERAL PARTY.

THE LIBERAL PARTY has for the past two years been a body that has passed through so many stages of disintegration that final dissolution has long been imminent. It has been rent by factional and family disputes. It has been torn asunder by conflicting opinions on the conduct of the war and on the question of Canada's relation to the Empire. It has been rent by racial and other forms of strife, and has within its household as many contentions as there are geographical divisions in the Dominion.

And now, worst of all calamities, the party is not only leaderless, but is dismayed by the slim prospect of ever being able to find in the ranks a superman who can knit the broken and disunited factions and bring harmony to the fold again. A caucus held yesterday failed to settle upon a temporary leader to guide the Opposition through the present session. If it was impossible to do this, then what is likely to happen when a convention of the party called from all parts of the Dominion attempts to select a leader to take permanent control?

Quebec stands out for what that province regards as its rights. Naturally the French members in the House hold themselves as the hub of the Liberal party with a majority of over sixty, practically the entire strength of the Opposition. The Western Liberals are arrayed against those of the East on the trade question, in which the Maritime Provinces are so evenly divided that they are hardly a factor in the reckoning. If the Liberal party chooses an English leader, Quebec is likely to rebel. If a Western man is selected, trouble is sure to arise in the East. If the choice goes to one picked from the attenuated ranks of Ontario Liberalism, the West will not bow their necks to the yoke of the faction that fails to see eye to eye with the grain growers of the Prairie Provinces on the fiscal policy of the future.

It has been suggested that the Liberal party effect a compromise by appointing not one but a number of leaders from each of the geographical divisions that at present hold the organization asunder, Quebec, Ontario and the West to have each a lieutenant. This would simply result in reducing the discord to a system, of crystallizing the discussion. The deputy leaders would be left to fight it out among themselves, just as each of the factions in a private quarrel might choose their respective champions and leave the settlement of the dispute to them.

The Liberals of Ontario will never fall into line with those of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta on the trade question. They received their lesson in 1911 on this issue. The industries that make Ontario the banner province for the wage-earner, the manufacturer and the farmer must not be placed in jeopardy by the exploitation of mere academic theories that have dismally failed whenever put into practice in a country geographically situated as Canada. College professors have yet to distinguish themselves as practical statesmen.

The West will never come to the summit of its possibilities without manufactories, and these will never be attained under such a system as the grain growers of that region are preaching today. British Columbia would be pushed into bankruptcy once the duty was removed from lumber, and her rich treasures of natural resources would become worthless. Peterborough factories that now manufacture sawmill machinery for the Pacific Province would be forced by this change in the tariff alone to close their doors. Free agricultural machinery would have the same dire effect upon other local industries that now turn out some of the best of these products made anywhere in the world. The people of Canada are confronted with stern business conditions and have no time to seriously entertain finely spun theories. Delegations that go to Ottawa from this city, made up not of manufacturers but of working men, protests sent from local labor organizations against the importation of free machinery while men here are idle, should indicate the direction of the industrial breeze.

Manufacturers of Quebec are as interested in the tariff as are those of Ontario. The Maritime Provinces have their lumber problem just as British Columbia has. British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec and the three provinces by the sea would drop every other form of difference and hang together as one if the tariff became the issue in a general election. This would leave the three Prairie Provinces to carry the free trade banner alone. No leader that the party could select would be able to pull it out of the hole into which it has fallen on this one question alone, not to speak of healing the discord on other less material but still serious differences.

THE HUNTER STREET BRIDGE.

THE CITY COUNCIL has been given a mandate from the people to transact the business of the city, and have been voted, almost unanimously, a certain sum to build a high level bridge across the Otonabee River at Hunter street. One of the best engineers in Ontario has prepared plans for that structure, and the bridge, if built in accordance with those plans, will cost more than the sum voted by the ratepayers.

There seems only one course left the aldermen, and that is to revise the plans so that they will coincide with the amount of money available for the purpose. That is what an agent in civil life would do if authorized by his employer to erect a house or any class of building. The good tailor cuts according to the cloth.

To call public meetings to discuss the question will get the proposition no further ahead, judging from similar programs of the past. If such a gathering was called, it is not hard to name beforehand the speakers who would take up the time of the session to no purpose. And then the most tangible result of the deliberations would be the appointment of a committee that would never do more than report progress.

The aldermen know the law, and, if they don't, they have a city solicitor to keep them legally straight. They know the exact amount has been allowed them in the way of funds and what is expected of them. That being the case, they should have sufficient self-reliance to go ahead with the duties they are expected to perform without leaning on the broken reed of counsel either from the ratepayers or a newspaper, as weak-kneed as they appear to assume the city fathers are.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

ANYWAY, February, 1919, has had fewer wintry days than we can hope for one year hence.

• • • • •

ONE WAY to make yourself unpopular—advise some family man out of work to buy thrift stamps.

• • • • •

THE POLITICAL POT of the Liberals at Ottawa appears to contain nothing that will melt to the point of fusion.

• • • • •

TALKING OF surgical operations at the front, was not dismembered Poland put together again and restored to national life?

• • • • •

ALL THE TALK in the world, editorial or otherwise, will not build the Hunter street bridge or locate a single dollar to help pay the bill.

• • • • •

WHY DOES NOT some enterprising newspaper correspondent telegraph an interview giving the ex-kaiser's views on the League of Nations?

• • • • •

THE BEST POSSIBLE memorial for the fallen heroes of the war is the proper care of the widows and children and other dependents they left behind them.

• • • • •

YOU CAN CLASSIFY the people of the Allied nations now as to whether or not they are in effect pro-German by simply getting their opinions on the League of Nations.

• • • • •

WHOM THE POLITICAL GODS would destroy they first state as the cartoonist's candidate for high place, like mentioning Hartley Dewart for the leadership of the Liberal party.

• • • • •

THE EX-KAISER is said to be losing his faith, but even the heathen is better off worshipping his idols than was the dethroned monarch with the creed he professed to cherish.

• • • • •

HAMILTON restaurants have installed bouncers to eject loiterers who do not eat. But surely some consideration will be shown the man who is paralyzed by a glimpse at the price list.

• • • • •

PRESIDENT WILSON is nothing if not dauntless. When he chose Boston as the place for his first speech in defence of the League of Nations he struck at the stronghold of the enemies of that measure.

• • • • •

THE MILD WINTER weather is all right as far as it goes, but moderate atmosphere is not sufficient nourishment for the family the head of which is looking for a job.

• • • • •

PETERBOROUGH VETERANS helped to make freedom grow where slavery flourished before. Now watch their magic touch convert the old Baptist church building on Murray street into a monument of civic enterprise.

• • • • •

TORONTO, bumptious as ever, refused to entertain a resolution that referred to the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier as Canada's greatest public man. Hogtown is likely to insist upon claiming the possession of that paragon so long as Tommy Church's feet are maintained upon the mayoralty table.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Not Unnatural Association.
(Toronto Globe.)

It may yet be "Madame Speaker" at Ottawa.

Too "Cork" Mr. Wilson.
(London Free Press.)

Do the Sinn Feiners think to "Cork" Mr. Wilson that they propose stuffing Ireland down his throat?

Robbing Policemen Now.
(Detroit News.)

Where will these crooks stop? Now they are robbing Philadelphia policemen.

Long Suffering.
(Gas Reporter.)

We are a long-suffering people. Look at the cost of a cut of pie.

GRANGERS' WAREHOUSE IS NOW CLUBHOUSE FOR RICH

Millionaires Now Revel in Oakville Building That Farmers Built Fifty Years Ago to Defeat Moneyed Interests.

(By Rob Roy in Toronto Sunday World.)

The activity of the many farm organizations in the different provinces furnishes evidence of great unrest, and dissatisfaction among the tillers of the soil as well as other classes.

1919 is the third movement of a general kind among the farmers. In 1890 the Patrons of Industry were started, and for a time swept the rural sections like wildfire reaching the summit of their power in the provincial election of 1894, when they elected 17 members, their power however, dissipating in a few years.

Early in the seventies the Grange organization came to Ontario. The farmers hailed it with delight, believing that they were not getting a square deal. Halton County was thoroughly organized, the meetings of the subordinate granges developing a splendid brotherly feeling among the country toilers. Believing that a monopoly of the salt business doubled the price of this necessary commodity, they secured a well of their own and proudly boasted that in a few years in salt alone they by their organization had saved to the farmers over one million dollars in salt.

Barley Chiefly Grown.

At that time the stock and dairy business had not been developed to any great extent. The chief industry was grain growing, the greater part of which was barley. This was teamed from long distance to Oakville, loaded on schooners and taken across the lake to Oswego. The difference between the price paid by Oakville buyers to farmers and that secured at Oswego was thought to be excessive. Many also thought their grain was designated and paid for as No. 2 when the buyer secured No. 1 price for it. Dissatisfaction was also general with the weight, large numbers claiming they got short weight.

A public meeting was held and a resolution passed amid great enthusiasm to build their own warehouse and put one of their members, a farmer and granger, to buy the grain. The shares were $10 each and sufficient was quickly subscribed. A building with a capacity of 25,000 bushels was erected, it having the best shipping facilities of any at Oakville harbor.

The grain growers of the west have made a wonderful success of their business and own elevators all over the west, with tremendous aggregate capacity. But we believe that the Halton farmer, if not the first, were among the first to build and operate a warehouse, owned by the farmers and managed for the farmers by a farmer.

Ben Johnston was the grange buyer until 1886, when John Wales took charge, buying until the waning grain trade finally disappeared.

An immense business was done. Old-timers talk of a waiting line of teams loaded with barley stretching back to the old Temperance Hall, also of six schooners loaded from the farmers' building being in the harbor at the one time, having over 60,000 bushels on board. Three more buyers were buying for other warehouses among them being the veteran P. D. MacDougal, who owned the stone warehouse, but the farmers held their own among them and did the largest business of any.

Barley Trade Killed.

Elated with the success of this venture they dreamed day dreams of building their own schooners for shipping to Oswego and having a farmer there to sell their grain, thus cutting out completely the objectionable middleman.

In 1890 the McKinley bill was to come into force some time in November. The farmers were hustling to thresh and ship their barley before that measure raised the duty from 10c to 30c a bushel. A schooner load of 10,000 bushels was being loaded, the farmers working all night. It was started on the race for Oswego. However, wind and wave seemed to conspire against them. The act went into force at 12 o'clock, the schooner not arriving until 12.30 o'clock. The farmers, instead of having to pay $1000, the old rate, had to pay the McKinley tariff $3000, roaring like bulls of Bashan over the operation.

The McKinley bill killed the barley trade, and the farmers turned to stock and dairy farming, the grain trade dwindling at the lake ports until it finally disappeared. Mr. Wales bought out the shareholders, and the building became his own private property.

In the meantime a tremendous change came over Oakville. The moneyed men of Toronto and Hamilton, enamored with the beauty of the place began to build summer homes, then permanent ones. There is not another town in Canada where so many embryonic and real millionaires live.

One defect in the social life was the lack of a suitable building for a club-house. Nearly half a century before the horny-handed sons of toil had dug down into their overalls and brought up ten good dollars each to put up a building that would be the thin edge of a wedge that would break the power of the moneyed men. What demon of discord led the millionaires of Toronto and Hamilton to select this very building where the captains of industry and richly-gowned women should pass their leisure hours?

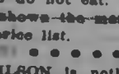
The place has been fitted up in an elegant manner, no expense being spared. The basement is used as storeroom for the boats of the members. The second floor contains a bowling alley, and caretaker's rooms. The third floor is handsomely fitted up as a ballroom, here also is the secretary's room. The polished hardwood floor is ideal for the weekly informal dance, held on Saturday nights. On Wednesday night a delightful musical is also held. The place where a tramway took in the bags from the farmers' wagons is now the promenade where the "four hundred" come into the clubhouse, the doorway through which the car carried so many thousand bushels of grain is now the chief entrance, and the place where the scales were located is now the reception room. The beams hewed out by the farmers to hold togther the building have been left exposed in the ceiling of the ball room, the marks of the axes swung by the hands of the pioneers being visible.

A promenade or balcony extends out on the river side, and in the good old summer time, canoes and motor boats pass and repass where the schooners were loaded by the farmers in old days; and soft nothings are whispered where practical farm business was formerly talked.

A most beautiful view of Lake Ontario on one hand, on the other the winding river, with its wood covered banks, the yachts of club members covering lake and river; the sobbing of the orchestra as the dancers whirl to dreamy tunes, form a scene equal to any on the Grand Canal in Venice.

But what of the men who put the building up? Most of them are now sleeping in the country cemeteries. Let us hope their rest is peaceful, not disturbed by bitter class prejudices that keep asunder some of us who are left. And may the revels in the old Grange Warehouse never be disturbed by the spirits of those grand men who put through this co-operative enterprice half a century ago.

During war time not many gatherings have been held, but it is hoped that now all social activities will be resumed at the millionaires' clubhouse.



Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Depression, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Sexual Weakness, Lack of Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Even a crook may take his liquor straight.

Cupid seldom wastes any ammunition on a miser.

It's hard to pass up the the sins that cater to our vanity.

When grafters fall out, honest men get a run for their money.

Many men who get credit for keeping their tempers have none.

Better to do nothing than to do a man with a mania to get even

The man who is in love with himself imagines all the world loves a lover.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says a twelve inch gun uses half a bale of cotton at every shot and while she shouldn't think it would kill an enemy she supposes it would knock him over all right.

TO-DAY'S STORY

Have you read the singular story of the death of Capt. William Martin, as recently narrated in a press despatch from England. If you did read it, have you taken home to yourself the lesson it so poignantly teaches.

Capt. Martin during the great war was the commander of a British trawler. Cruising one day in the North Sea, he sighted a wrecked Zeppelin, to which its crew were desperately clinging. Their only hope to escape death by drowning was that Capt. Martin would pick them up. In other words, war in wake.

But the crew of the trawler numbered only ten, as compared with eighteen Germans on the wrecked Zeppelin. Memories of German treachery were fresh in the English Captain's mind. He decided to take no chances, but to leave the bombers of women and children to their fate. In Germany, notwithstanding the notorious inhumanity of that country's fighting men, there was a great outcry over Capt. Martin's action. He received numerous letters threatening his life.

Nearly a year after, soon after smoking a cigarette from a gift package sent to him through the mails he became ill. At once he conceived the idea that a pro-German had poisoned the package of cigarettes and that he was doomed.

Chemists promptly analysed the package and informed him that it did not contain any trace of poison. He would not believe them—and died. "Death from sheer fright," was the verdict of his attending physician.

This may seem incredible. But the fact is that fear has killed many men besides Capt. Martin—especially when preceded by a long period of worry.

You may be sure that the death threats troubled him. It is safe to say that, consciously or unconsciously he brooded over them and over the event leading up to them.

And because of the destructive effects of worry on the bodily organism the brooding would itself have been enough so to undermine his constitution as to cause a fatal collapse when the false idea that he had been poisoned took possession of his mind.

The illness from which he undoubtedly suffered may have been nothing more serious than a slight attack of indigestion. Had his mind been serene a quick recovery would probably have ensued.

Kill worry or worry may kill you to blows over!"

...sel the warm, to be shaken from his lifeless hand, and there are thousands of us who, at this very moment, greatly need to heed that warning.

We are worrying over past faults, errors, misfortunes. We are worrying over future calamities that may never occur. One by one persistent worrying we are little by little reducing our vital resources to a point where a sudden shock or a slight illness may gain power to slay.

WIT AND WISDOM

Case of Necessity

Judge—Why did you commit a second theft after you had been acquitted of the first?

Prisoner—I had to pay my lawyer.

Jammed Together

"Three largest English jam concerns merged." All jammed into one so to speak.

A Run For His Money

Client (after confession)—Do you think you will be able to keep me out of jail?

Lawyer—I may not be able to do that but I can make the State spend a lot of money in putting you there.

A New Hero

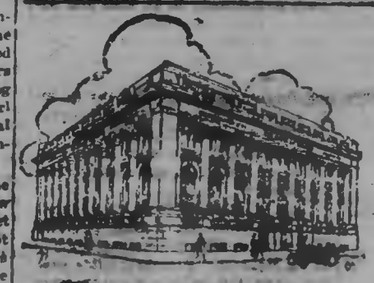
A group of housewives were having tea together at a restaurant and talking over the events of the day. The question under discussion was as to who had done the most to win the war. Some said Haig, others Beatty, others Foch.

At last one woman chipped in.

"I don't know who's done the most to win the war," she said, "but I know who's been most talked about."

"Who's that?" came a chorus.

"Why, this 'ere Alice Lorraine that the French and German came



FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | Monday and Tuesday
GLORIA JOY in "No Children Wanted."
Supported by an All-Star Cast. A beautiful romance in 5 Acts
LEAH BAIRD in the German Spy Serial "Wolves of Kultur"
Chapter 9 "On The Precipice of Death" 2 Reels
"His Matrimonial Moons," Comedy
GERTRUDE SELBY in "Her College Proxy," Comedy
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,
NORMA TALMADGE in
"The Secret of the Storm Country,"
Also MARIE WALCAMP in a Thrilling chapter of "THE LION'S CLAWS" Serial, and comedy.
MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENINGS 15c

NP SOAP
Many Competitors but No Rivals

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

The iris is the colored ring around the black central spot or pupil of the eye. It is an involuntary muscle which by contraction and relaxation under varying circumstances regulates the size of the pupil and amount of light which enters through the pupil. The iris works precisely as the iris diaphragm of a camera does, except that it is automatically controlled by the sympathetic or automatic nervous system.

Inflammation of the iris causes symptoms and appearance which resemble those of ordinary conjuctivitis or sore eyes, but it would be unfortunate to mistake a serious condition such as inflammation of the iris (iritis) for a comparatively harmless conjunctivitis.

The important difference between iritis and conjunctivitis is: First, pain, which is usually more deeply in the head, while in conjunctivitis there is rather smarting or burning than actual pain. Another difference is the redding or congestion; in ritis the vessels immediately surrounding the iris are most congested; in conjunctivitis the lining of the lids is most congested.

Iritis is often secondary to a septic focus in the tonsils or elsewhere in the body (which the old time physicians dismissed as "rheumatic" iritis) It sometimes depends upon uncured syphilis. It is more likely to occur in one who has tuberculosis or diabetes, or in one who habitually overeats and suffers consequently from autointoxication and choked elimination.

Since every change in the amount or degree of light entering the eye requires movement of the iris to alter the size of the pupil, and every change in focus requires similar movement, all use of the eye is painful and injurious in the presence of this disease. Therefore the patient should not attempt any work, but rather keep the eyes perfectly at rest under a bandage, probably with hot moist compresses (boric acid solution) constantly applied over the inflamed eye.

It is exceedingly important that the physician or oculist keep the pupil moderately dilated (enlarged) or contracted with a suitable medicine, according to the individual requirements, in order to prevent possible adhesion which would subsequently interfere with normal function of the iris.

The Baby Was Cheated.

Our baby, a year old, has been raised on condensed milk. Although seemingly normal, she looks very pale and flabby when compared with my sister's 11 month old baby, who was raised on modified milk. I am just starting our baby on cows' milk, too. My sister's baby seems more active and stronger and is certainly more contented. How shall I modify the milk? —Mrs. C. H. J.

Your baby was cheated out of vitamines, whereas your sister's baby received vitamines—the fat of fresh milk.

Gold Crowns and Disease.

I have what the doctor has called rheumatoid arthritis. I have had my tonsils removed without any apparent benefit as yet (it was done five weeks ago). I have six gold capped crowns. Could these cover abscesses or infection in the roots without giving me any pain or ache? Would you advise the removal of the crowns?—L. E. H.

Benefit from the eradication of a septic focus is sometimes immediate but more frequently it is manifest several weeks later. Yes, one or more of the teeth may have root abscesses or infected root canals without any toothache being noticed. Only an X-ray negative will determine that question. If the negative discloses evidence of infection, by all means have the crown or crowns of the infected teeth removed and the infection treated, otherwise I would not advise sacrifice of the teeth.

Tea Habit.

Is the habitual drinking of tea injurious to an adult person? Does it act as a stimulant and does one using it form a habit similar to the whisky or tobacco habit?—J. W. C.

No, the habitual use of tea and coffee are rather beneficial to most (not all- adults, I believe. The excessive use of either beverage is a harmful habit. By excessive I mean more than two cups of tea or more than two cups of coffee in a day. Tea or coffee is stimulating to the brain, the heart and the kidneys; alcohol is not a stimulant, but rather a narcotic; tobacco is also a narcotic. The tea or coffee habit, when excessive, is easily broken; the narcotic habit (alcohol or tobacco) is broken with but little less struggle than a morphine or opium habitue must make to break his drug habit. When tea or coffee is used excessively the result is emaciation, insomnia, irritability of temper, dyspepsia, anemia, obstinate constipation and palpitation

A new combination of step ladder and ironing board can be used for ironing by a person seated on a chair or will serve as a bench for tubs, a sewing table or a table to be extended over a sick bed.

If some types of beauty were more than skin deep they might prove fatal to the possessors thereof.

LIBERALS FAIL TO NAME LEADER

CAUCUS OF PARTY IN OTTAWA YESTERDAY RESULTS IN NOTHING.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—The Opposition caucus yesterday was unable to reach a decision as to the appointment of a house leader to succeed Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The caucus was postponed until this afternoon, and some of the opposition leaders in the city, such as Hon. Sidney Fisher, Hon. Frank Oliver and Hon. Mackenzie King may be called into consultation.

It was expected that Mr. James Robb, Chief Liberal Whip ,would be selected as chairman of a committee of management for the session but some objection was raised to this plan. Friends of Hon. W .S. Fielding pressed his appointment but the Quebec "irreconcilables" objected to the election of any man who had deserted Laurier in the last election

Apparently D. D. MacKenzie desk mate to Sir Wilfrid, is in the running and the choice lies between the two men. Mr. Robb, at the close of the caucus said that it had been decided to adjourn out of respect to Sir Wilfrid until this afternoon.

Trouble Over Funeral

Even the funeral of the old chieftain was the cause of jealousies and heart-burnings. The selection of the ball-bearers was left to the opposition front bench. Hon. George P. Graham was left off the list, although all the old time colleagues of Sir Wilfrid were named and Hon. Frank Oliver was even added at the last moment. Friends of Graham were not slow to claim it was a deliberate slight.

Whatever they do in the way of church-going when they are home, the Liberal politicians who were in Ottawa yesterday did not devote the day to religious exercises. There were private gatherings and caucuses in every vacant corner of the Chateau Laurier all day, discussing the situation and framing up opposition policies and selecting new leaders.

Short Session Expected

The Opposition having held today to settle its course, Parliament tomorrow will start business in an-

WEEPING ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

A Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

Wasmo, Ont.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and 'Sootha Salva' The first treatment gave me relief.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-tives', and am entirely well"

G. W. HALL.

Both these sterling remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"Fruit-a-tives" is also put up in a trial size which sells for 25c.

HUGE CREDIT FOR THE ROUMANIANS

NOW ABLE TO PURCHASE GOODS WORTH $25,000,000 FROM CANADA.

Paris, Feb. 25.—Trade arrangements with Rumania, which have been under consideration for some weeks, have been completed, and the Rumanian Government will now be asked to purchase in Canada $25,000,000 of goods under credits extended. Of this one-fifth is to be expended for foodstuffs, one-fifth for raw material, and the remainder in manufactured articles.

The immediate urgent need of Rumania is for seed wheat, oats, barley and beans and special efforts will be made to secure shipping to carry the products to Rumania in time for the spring seeding. Other urgent needs are for woollens, railway equipment, agricultural implements and tools of all kinds. Live stock is also required. The purchaser will be the Rumanian Government.

Three of the trade arrangements have now been made, with Rumania, France and Belgium, and the chief remaining difficulty in getting these trade currents flowing is the serious lack of shipping. Expected Canadan purchases by France and Belgium will be as diversified as in the case of Rumania.

Trade during the next few years with all European countries which have been at war will be more influenced by what credits are available than by any other consideration. American business is keenly alive to this fact. Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City Bank, New York, is here in the interest of a huge American banking scheme by mhich banking facilities and credits for the encouragement of United States trade are to be given through agencies to be opened in every large city on the Continent. Until the return to more normal conditions trade will follow credits.

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GASES, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

Lumps of undigested food causing pain. When your stomach is acid, gassy, sour or you have heartburn, flatuence, headache or dyspepsia, here is instant relief—No waiting.

Don't stay upset. Eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and instantly your stomach feels fine. All the indigestion pain, gases, acidity and misery in the stomach ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any drug store but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Us fellows was kicking Pudr Simkinses foot ball out in the front hall and all of a suddin Sid Hunt hollered, Cheese it, cheese it. Meening Flatfoot the cop and we all quick went and sat on my frunt steps, and Flatfoot stood down at the corner, Skinny Martin saying, G, if we had ony of thaft of it in time we could of gave Flatfoot a Krissmas present and then he wood have let us play ball in the street all we wunted.

Well, G, lets do it now, let us take up a collection and get him sumthing and tell him we bin looking for him ever sints Krissmas, I sed.

Everybody thinking it was a grate ideer, and we took up a collection of 6 sents and a committee consisting of me and Leroy Shooster ran erround to Mommy Simkinses store and bawt a bottle of green ink for 6 sents and ran back with it and Flatfoot was still standing down at the corner, and us fellows wawked down, Leroy Shooster carrying the bottle of green ink on account of him having put 2 sents and nobody elts putting more than 1 cent, and Flatfoot stood there watching us come down, Leroy Shooster holding out the bottle of green ink and saying We bin looking for you ever sints Krissmas.

Wats the ideer? sed Flatfoot.,

Its a present, sed Skinny Martin.

Well can you best that? sed Flatfoot. And he put it in his pocket, saying, I dont know what Ill do with it because I always rite in pencil wen I rite, but I aint never refused a present yet. And then Puds Simkins sed if we kicked a pritty soft football in the street wood you do enything?

Nuthing but lock you all up, thats all, sed Flatfoot. And he wawked away, me saying, G, wisz, that was a heck of a ideer. All the other fellows saying so espeshilly Leroy Shooster on account of him having put 2 sents.

It may be hard for some people to be poor, but for others it is the easiest thing in the world.

Full Nett Weight of incomparable Quality and Value in every packet

"SALADA"

Economical in Use .... "Delicious in the Cup"

NO HIGH SCHOOL BOYS FOR FARM WORK THIS SUMMER

All Must Stay at Their Tasks and Take Midsummer Examinations as Before the War—Regulations of Past Three Years Suspended

The farmers of Peterboro County who were helped out with their spring work for the past three years by the pupils of the Peterboro Collegiate Institute will have to look elsewhere this spring for their assistants. This is because a ruling recently made by the Department of Education is going to compel the boys to remain at their studies until pretty well into the summer.

For the past three years or more the Department of Education of Ontario has allowed the pupils who made a creditable showing at the Easter examinations, to go out on the farms of Ontario and by working for three months to earn their midsummer examinations with a pass standing. During the war many pupils of the Ontario High Schools and Universities, availed themselves of this opportunity to help win the war, and help the farmers solve an extremely difficult labor problem.

This year all departmental regulations regarding the earning of a pass standing in the mid-summer examinations by working on the farm have been rescinded. According to a circular received by Mr. H. R. H. Kenner, B.A., principle of the local Collegiate Institute, everybody in forms 2A, 4A, 4B and the three parts of the 5th form will have to try their departmental examinations in June and July.

The problem of finding help to take the place of the boys is not likely to be a serious one this year as it would have been last year. This is because so many men are returning from the front and because munition factories are no longer working that there is now a surplus of labor in the cities. Thus local farmers will not have to compete against the industries this spring as they have had to during the past three years.

Comfort is assured riders on farm implements by an Illinois inventor's seat, which is mounted on one end of a pivoted bar, the other end of which is attached to a coiled spring to afford balance and prevent shocks.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

15 First Run New Reels

ROYAL

Double show For Single Admission 16c

Last Chance To-night—High Class Fox Features, Dramas, Western Pictures and Comedies

William Fox Presents Tom Mix in "Western Blood." This is a thrilling story of adventure in the land where the best man wins. 5 Parts. Another William Fox Feature is the "Extravagances, Ali Baba and the Forty Theives." This is a wonder Tale of the Arabian Nights, in 5 parts. George H. Wiley also Presents Jean Southern in "A Mute Appeal," supported by a clever cast of Motion Picture Actors. 5 parts

These are 3 excellent Features to be presented at the Royal To-night. In addition to this there will be a good reel Mutt and Jeff Comedy.

This Program fully sustains the reputation of the management of the Royal for showing the best pictures in the city. It is a well known fact that Programs similar to the above are shown in the largest Picture Houses in Toronto, Montreal and other large centres at much higher prices for admission than that cnarged at the Royal. 16 cents to all. Do not fail to see this excellent Program. If you have time see the Matinee in afternoon, and avoid the evening rush. Same show at both performances.

Chocolates- as a Dessert

"PASS the chocolates again, please." They certainly give a finesse to the meal, which is a most decided improvement over the customary heavy puddings or fancy pastries.

Good chocolates are quite the vogue now for the third course and as a tasty, profitable and beneficial dessert their use is a most sensible custom.

The many occasions on which chocolates can be served with relish and appreciation make them almost a household necessity.

As delicate, delicious desserts—at afternoon tea—as a relish for luncheon—'mid the family circle in quiet hours—or at late suppers—chocolates may be served with excellent taste and good form.

Chocolates are not a luxury. They are energy-producing food and can be eaten in your home with benefit to both old and young.

Canadian-made chocolates have no superiors. Their high standards of quality and wholesomeness are obtained by purity in manufacture and the careful selection of all materials used.

Serve Chocolates as a Dessert.
They are a Splendid Food.

THE CONFECTIONERY AND CHOCOLATE INDUSTRIES OF CANADA

16

HEAD OFFICE SENDS THANKS

PRAISES GOOD WORK DONE BY LOCAL PROGRESSIVE CLUB

Miss Peck, President of the Progressive Club has received the following letter and carries its own explanation.

THE QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK IN ONTARIO
83 King St., West,
Toronto, Feb., 19.

Miss Peck:
President, Peterborough Progressive Club
758 George Street,
Peterborough, Ontario

Dear Miss Peck:

Thank you so much for your letter of the 14th inst and for the bale which has come in containing 64 pairs of socks, 8 pairs of drawers 4 pairs small drawers, 10 petticoats, 1 shirt, 5 chemises, 5 dresses and 3 spindles of wool, which were gratefully received. All these things have already been shipped overseas where the need is so great in destitut Serbia.

With kindest messages and on united thanks, believe me,

Yours sincerely
(Sd.) Gertrude Van Kouzhnet
President-in-Ontario

The members of the Peterborough Progressive Club are particularly asked to come to the rooms in the Barrie Building on Wednesday next, the 26th inst.

ONUS IS ON INDIVIDUAL

New Income Tax Forms Are Now Available

The new income tax forms for the Dominion income war tax are now available at the office of the Inspector of Taxation at 59 Victoria street, and are being distributed through the local postmasters in all towns and cities throughout the country. The onus of making a return of income to the Government is placed upon the individual and penalties may be imposed for default in filing such returns.

Under the latest amendment to the act, the exemptions are so lowered that an unmarried person receiving over $1,000 and a married person in receipt of over $2,000 in 1918 will be liable to the tax. Widowers and widows without dependent children are classed with unmarried persons for the purpose of the act. Persons who have children under sixteen years of age dependent upon them are allowed an additional exemption of $200 per child.

The Government is in a position to carefully check up those who may be liable to the tax, as all employers, including municipalities and school boards, etc., are required to furnish information as to salaries or wages paid to employes and all corporations must render a statement as to dividends paid to shareholders, while executors of estates must also file returns showing income paid to beneficiaries.

Reviewed Life Of David Livingstone

Last evening the regular weekly meeting of St. Paul's Church Guild was held at eight o'clock in the church parlors. The program for the meeting was arranged for by the Missionary Committee, of which Miss Ida Lynn is "chairman."

During the evening an interesting account of the life of David Livingstone, the famous African explorer and missionary, was read, illustrated by fifty-three stereoptican views. There were between fifty and sixty young people present.

How They Love Each other

Miss Stoutleigh—Gentlemen are still very polite. Why, three of them rose and offered me a seat in the Elevated today.

Miss Boney—And you took all three, I suppose.

ARE YOU AWARE OF THESE FACTS?

GREAT BRITAIN After March 1st of this year, practically all manufactured goods from other countries will be barred from the United Kingdom, except those imported under special licenses, which at present are difficult to obtain. This regulation amounts to almost total prohibition of imports of manufactured goods, except those purchased directly by the Government of the United Kingdom. The object of this prohibition as announced by the British Government is:

To have British goods manufactured in British factories, and thus give employment to the rapidly demobilizing British Army and the war workers.

FRANCE —The tradesmen of France, generally speaking, are not permitted to buy manufactured goods from other countries except under special licenses. ***France is determined to keep her own factories busy and thus furnish employment for French soldiers and war workers.***

The industrial systems of Britain and France are disorganized by the transition from war to peace. Consequently, they are being given the greatest measure of protection ever known in history. They are erecting encircling walls to shut out goods manufactured by other countries.

CANADA During the war, Canada scrapped many peace industries for war industries. The reverse is now being carried out. Canada must provide positions for over 200,000 soldiers who are not yet demobilized. When the armistice was signed, there were about 700,000 people employed in Canadian manufacturing establishments. This number included a considerable percentage of the 300,000 soldiers who were discharged during the course of the war, and also the makers of munitions and war material. Canada must use her utmost efforts to retain these in employment or to find them new employment.

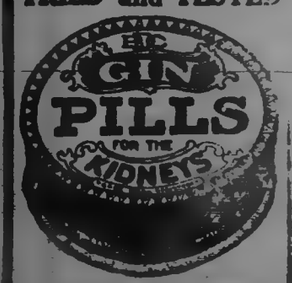
Canadian industry during readjustment is not safeguarded by an almost impassable wall similar to those now being erected by Britain and France. Exclusive of the special war tariff, levied generally on imports, both dutiable and free, by the Government for the purpose of raising war revenue, the Canadian Customs tariff in the fiscal year 1918 imposed an average rate of only twenty-one and two-fifths (21.2-5) per cent. on dutiable goods coming into Canada.

Yet, at this critical time, insistent demands are heard from certain sections of Canada that sweeping tariff reductions must be made immediately without any preliminary study of the probable result on commercial and financial conditions. If these demands are met other countries will be encouraged to dump their surplus manufactured goods into Canada and increase unemployment here.

Shall we tear down even what safeguards we possess, at the very time that older and stronger countries are so greatly increasing theirs?

Issued by
The Canadian Manufacturers Association

TRIED and TESTED



Naggatty Kidney or Bladder troubles by first removing the cause. If you are a sufferer use Gin Pills. 50c. a box. Sold everywhere.

Ask Amendment To Municipal Act

At the meeting of the City Council in Toronto yesterday a letter was read from City Clerk Armstrong of Peterborough, regarding the Ontario Municipal Act referring to a resolution passed by the Council here to request the Premier of Ontario to so amend the Act as to permit of separate regulations being made for the licensing of ice-cream parlors and restaurants.

A communication from the City Clerk of Brantford was read calling attention to a resolution to the effect that the Legislature be petitioned asking that the Ontario Municipal Act be amended by abolishing the property qualification requirements for municipal office.

Paris To Laugh At Long Range Gun

Paris, Feb. 25.—One of the German guns of 75 cm. which shelled Paris at long intervals during the last few months of the war is now in its way to this city and will be placed on exhibition in the Place de la Concorde, according to La Victoire.

Marshal Foch, the newspaper says, demanded the surrender by the Germans of one of these guns, which was found by French officers at Meyence, and it is this weapon which is being sent to Paris.

FINANCES ARE ASSURED FOR BIG DAIRY COMPANY

Peterborough Members of Committee Received Word Yesterday to That Effect —Large Sums Will Be Involved.

One of the questions that has been before Peterboro County, and been the question of arisen in connection with the [illegible] now in operations as such a combination of the big dairy company that [illegible] will have to is in process of organization to take be conducted on a very large scale, over and operate several hundred of will be financed. At times hundreds the cheese factories and creameries of thousands of dollars, and possibly of the Province, including probably a a million or two will be tied up in the good many of the factories in Peter- products of the company as it will be necessary, every now and then, for the management to hold large quantities of the products of the factories in storage, and at the same time pay the farmers promptly for their milk.

This question was discussed at the recent meeting of dairymen, which was held in Belleville, to discuss matters connected with the company. The local managements in Belleville of two of the best known banks in Canada were present at the meeting and followed the discussion. Yesterday a Peterboro member of the provincial committee that has the matter in charge, received word from the manager of one of these banks that the head office of his bank in Montreal would be ready to make any arrangement that may be necessary to finance the operations of the proposed company.

It is likely that a charter for the proposed company will be applied for at the present session of the Ontario Legislature. One of the Peterboro banks has also intimated the willingness of its head office to handle the account of the new company.

WILL MERGE BOARDS.

Quebec, Feb. 25.—The merger of all the Protestant school boards of the city of Quebec will be carrier out shortly in connection with a bill presented a the Legislative Assembly by Hon. Jeromie Decarie, provincial secretary. The bill is the same as that passed at the last session merging the Protestant school boards of the city of Montreal.

The Spanish cabinet has resigned office.

Anniversary Leap Year Annex Event

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26th

This is the Anniversary of our Second Leap Year Annex Event, which was held in February 1916. The last Wednesday of each succeeding year the Annex celebrates a great Leap Year Anniversary Sale. Away back, last Fall the Annex buyers were preparing for this "Once-a-Year-Annex-Sale" and To-morrow we offer a collection of truly remarkable values, which in many cases are considerably less than the prices, at which we could re-purchase now. Note particularly the TIME-LIMIT SALES and remember the specified time. Such Goods at such prices, make wonderful chances for economy

LADIES' 35c BLACK CASHMERETTE HOSE, 23c PAIR — Fall weight, fast color, black cashmerette hose, seamless style with triple heels and toes. All sizes, 8½ to 10. This season's 35c value. At the Leap Year Anniversary Annex, pair ... **23c**

LEADER.

$1.95 HOUSE DRESSES $1.19 You will realize what an exceptional value this is when we tell you these dresses cost $15.00 a dozen at the factory to-day. A new Annex line, bought late in 1917. Splendid quality Canadian percales, light and medium stripe patterns. Sizes up to 42. As a leader for the Leap Year Anniversary Annex ..... At **$1.19**

BOYS' and GIRLS' $1.75 to $2.00 SWEATER COATS, $1.29. — Ribbed wool sweaters, high buttoned military collars and side pockets. A selection of eight two-color combinations. Excellent garments for school and play. Leap Year Anniversary Annex **$1.29**

Large Purchases and Opportune Arrivals Enable Us to Offer These Three Special Dress Fabric Leaders

85c Crepe De Chine Dress Goods, 55c Yard

A beautiful quality silk finish Crepe de Chine, in a range of ten selected and attractive shades. Colors: sand, mauve, maize, victory blue, white, navy blue, black, reseda green, grey, and Russian green. A dainty and serviceable fabric for afternoon and evening dresses. Leader for the Leap Year Anniversary Annex, yd. **55c**

1,000 Yards 75c Shantung Raw Silks, 39c Yard

Fifteen pieces (1,000 yards) of raw silk that was bought months ago at a remarkably low price, will be sold on Wednesday at 39c a yard. It's a fine quality silk that is full 33 inches wide, and to-day's regular price is 75c a yard. For wearing and washing qualities it will give splendid satisfaction. Leap Year Anniversary Annex, yard ... **39c**

98c GABARDINE SUITINGS 69c YARD

An excellent quality yard-wide Gabardine Suitings, in guaranteed fast colors. A pretty selection of seven different shades—pink, green, wisteria, old rose, sand, Copenhagen and brown. Our every day stock price is 98c. Buy it at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex Leader price ... **69c** Yard .....

50c and 59c RIBBED CASHMERE HOSE, Pair 39c—Complete range of sizes from 7½ to 10, in these 2/1 ribbed hose. The popular weight for boys, girls and ladies. Exceptionally good value at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex price, pair **39c**

LEADER.

GIRLS' $1.50 CHAMBRAY AND GINGHAM DRESSES, 95c

Pretty little dresses of fine qualities of ginghams and chambrays. The styles are the latest New York models, and they are made mostly with plain colored bodice, striped skirt, wide belt and sport pockets. All sizes from 6 to 14 years. Every dress good $1.50 value. At the Leap Year Anniversary Sale **95c**

TO CLEAR, LADIES' WHITE FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS

98c—An end-of-the-season lot of White Flannelette Night Gowns. Made button front style, of excellent quality English flannelettes, in three sizes. Clearing at much less than to-days' cost at **98c**

Annex Interests For Men

LEADER.

MEN'S $4.00 & $4.50 COAT SWEATERS $2.49

A collection of factory clearing lines of our regular stock $4 and $4.50 Sweaters. He will be wise who takes advantage of this offer as it means sweaters of the heavy "Jumbo" stitch quality. A choice of eight two-color combinations. Good size assortment. A leader for men at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex **$2.49**

SHIRTS FOR MEN, $1.50 and $1.75 Values for 89c — Three sizes only, 14, 14½ and 16½, in these $1.50 and $1.75 shirts. Choice of laundered or soft cuffs. Splendid selection of colors and patterns. Leap Year Anniversary Annex **89c**

Please note—sizes only 14, 14½, 16½.

LINEN FINISH ENVELOPES, 5 Packages 25c—A four years old price for these French fabric linen finish envelopes. Princess style with long pointed flap. Twenty-five envelopes in each package. At the Leap Year Anniversary Annex Sale ..... 5 Packages **25c**

$1.25 JUTE FLOOR MATS, 59c—Good sized floor mats or hearth rugs that measure 26 x 66 inches. A varied selection of patterns and colorings. Well made and all have nicely fringed ends. Buy them at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex **59c**

90c BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 55c Yard — Full bleached, splendid quality Damask Tabling. Three different patterns, all 56 inches wide. The every day price is 90c a yard, so you will be saving money if you buy it at the Leap Year Anniversary Sale at ..... **55c** Yard .....

LEADER.

60c & 65c TABLE OILCLOTHS and SANITAS, 49c

A good selection of patterns and colorings in our 55c and 60c qualities of Oilcloths and Sanitas. Colors include: greys, oaks, reds, browns, white with blue, etc. All are 11/4 yards wide. Worth coming early for it at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex Leader Price ... **49c**

LADIES' and MISSES' $1.19 MIDDIES, 69c—All white Middies with pink and white, and blue and white striped collars. At this price you are really paying only for the price of the material. Sizes from 34 to 40. Remarkable value at the Leap Year Anniversary Sale **69c**

LEADER.

400 SKEINS BERLIN WOOL 10c SKEIN

Just half the price we would have to ask if bought on today's market, for this four-fold and eight-fold Berlin wool. An Annex rush clear away sale of several odd lines. In the lot you'll find a splendid selection of colors. Don't miss this exceptional clearing sale price at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex ..... Skein **10c**

HALF PRICE SALE, COMFORTER SIZE UNBLEACHED COTTON BATTING, 49c—Unbleached two-pound cotton batts. They were ordered bleached and in error came unbleached, hence this great value price a Leap Year Anniversary Annex Sale on Wednesday. Buy them at **49c**

LEADER.

YARD-WIDE 35c, 38c and 40c FLANNELETTES 25c Yard

Heavy qualities, our best Canadian Flannelettes, in a comprehensive assortment of colors, in stripe patterns. Also pure white combed finish Saxonys. If bought on to-day's market our lowest selling price would be 35c to 40c. A real saving chance at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex Sale, yard **25c**

"AMERICAN MAID" CROCHET COTTON, 2 Balls 15c — Ninty boxes American Maid mercerized crochet cotton, at only slightly more than half of regular price. Good range of sizes in both white and ecru. Regular value is 13c ball. Wednesday ..... 15c ..... 2 Balls

LEADER.

PRACTICALLY HALF PRICE 8/4 BLEACHED SHEETING 39c Yard

Almost half price, and away less than to-day's mill quotation for 600 yards of splendid quality full bleached Canadian Sheeting, 8/4 (double bed) width. If bought this season it would sell at 75c a yard. Buy a year's supply at this very low Leader price, at the Leap Year Anniversary Annex Sale, yard **39c**

Time-Limit Sales Feature this Big Anniversary Annex

Telephone or C.O.D. Orders will not be accepted for these Specials and Sale Prices are good during time advertised only

8:15 A.M. UNTIL 9:15 A.M.

HALF PRICE SALE 30c ENGLISH SCRIMS 15c YARD

Six pieces only yard wide Curtain Scrims. White and deep cream in color, with fancy self borders or hemstitched edges. Our usual third floor selling price is 30c yard. Now is the time for new curtains and here's a wonderful chance to save money. At the time limit sale in the Annex ..... Half Price, yard **15c**

11 A.M. UNTIL 2 P.M.

7 BARS OF LAUNDRY SOAP 49c — 11 ROLLS OF TOILET PAPER 49c

Forty cases of the best known brand of Laundry Soaps. Your choice of Sunlight, Comfort and Gold Soaps that you usually buy at 9c a bar. The Toilet Paper is our large size 7c rolls. Both lines are particularly good buying at the time limit sale prices, from 11 a.m. until 2 p.m.:

7 Bars Soap 49c
11 Rolls Paper 49c

4 P.M. UNTIL 5 P.M.

10c and 12½c EMBROIDERY EDGINGS 4½c YARD

The most sensational Embroidery Sale of the year. Over a thousand yards, and every piece is regular 10c and 12½c value. Widths are four and five inches, and there's a selection of twenty pretty patterns. Be here on time for first choice ..... Time limit sale in the Annex, yard **4½c**

5 P.M. UNTIL 5:30 P.M.

HALF-HOUR HALF PRICE SALE 36c 40-IN. FACTORY COTTON 15c YARD

Three hundred yards of our best quality Bengal Factory Cotton. Excellent weight, full 40 inches wide. For twelve months this has been our regular 30c value. Exactly half price for this time limit half hour sale in the Annex. Sold only in 5 and 10 yard lengths and a limit of ten yards to a buyer. On sale at, yard **15c**

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

NEW IDEAS FOR THE HOME PIANO

For over fifty years the Gerhard-Heintzman Piano has held a premier place in the piano world—a position won and held on its merits. Its manufacture embodies new ideas which make for charming tone, beauty in design and money-saving durability. It is the prince of home pianos, and is in use and being sold all over Canada. Mr. F. Bruce Hutchinson is the Gerhard-Heintzman representative in Peterborough city and district, and reports an every growing recognition of this famous instrument's worth. His address is 334 Rubidge street. Phone 849w, and he will promptly respond to all business calls.

QUEBEC BEAT BOSTON

Quebec, Feb. 25.— The Boston Navy hockey team suffered defeat here last night in an exhibition game with Montagnais, the local amateur champions. The score was 8 to 5 in favor of the home team.

LEWIS SIGNS CONTRACT

New York, Feb. 25.—It was announced here at the headquarters of the New York American League club that Outfielder Duffy Lewis had signed a contract at Fresno, Col., to play with the team this season.

Its worth while investigating this piano's unexcelled worth, as cheerfully recommended by thousands of happy owners.

DEMOCRAT BACKS NATION LEAGUE

SENATOR LEWIS SAYS UNITED STATES MAY SAFELY JOIN IT.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Speaking in the Senate in support of the proposed League of Nations, Senator Lewis, of Illinois, Democratic Whip, declared the league would not contravene the advice of Washington or the Munroe doctrine, and broadly intimated that personal and political antagonism to President Wilson lay behind the opposition in Congress.

Senator Lewis replied specifically to recent speeches by Senators Borah of Idaho, Republican, and Reed, of Missouri, Democrat. His address which because of attacks on the League was not withheld in accordance with the President's request that debate be postponed, marked resumption of Senate discussion of the league with prospects of daily speeches until adjournment of Congress a week from tomorrow.

Attacks upon the league, Senator Lewis asserted, were based on false forces and designed to awaken prejudice.

In reply to assertions of Senators Borah and Reed that the United States would be out-voted, particularly by England with her colonies included, Senator Lewis said:

"Such is not in the possibilities. There are eleven Republics of America, with eleven votes. Then, if all Britain's colonies each have a vote, the United States, with Central and South America, out-votes the Europeans on any American policy nine to five—assuming only the larger republics are admitted to the council."

In this connection Senator Lewis deplored the suggestion that there was "danger of dishonorable consolidation of the European nations."

"Every action of the allies," he asserted, "had proven the falsity of this fear."

"The document on its face refutes every attack," said Lewis. "Now, I protest against our opponents assuming to create the political issue by ... [illegible]

object of the league. I oppose their designs in trying to convince the American people that the spirit of democracy was gainst nationalism of America for internationalism of the world."

He said that if the league plan had been made contemptible by the espousal of Trotzky it had been redeemed by the respectability of Lodge, whom he then quoted as favoring a league.

BRIDGE COMMITTEE MET

There was a meeting of the special Bridge Committee held last night to discuss matters pertaining to the new Hunter Street Bridge. This afternoon the committee will have a conference with Engineer Barber and tonight the matter will be ...

HALF RATE FOR SOLDIERS.

Round Trip Ticket at Single Fare Until Sept. 30th.

Kingston, Feb. 25. — The request made by the Army and Navy Association of Kingston to have the half fare rate for soldiers continued to the end of demobilization has borne fruit, according to J. M. Neal, secretary of the Canadian Railway War Board. Round trip tickets at single fare will be issued upon production of a certificate that they were actually on the strength of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, which was cancelled at the end of last year. The ruling is effective until ...

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding nine lines each. All words over the nine lines count each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS — Special rates for professional cards at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Two furnished rooms in the west end; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 235 Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar Street. Apply 586 Rubidge St.

FOR SALE—1 Golden Pheasant, 2 Partridge (mounted), deer horns, $5.00. 72 Monaghan Road.

LOST.

LOST—A Scotch Collie Bitch, tan and white. Finder will be rewarded, return to C. Martin, 35 Crescent street.

LOST—Black Dog Skin Coat, driving into Peterborough from south. Kindly leave at 161 Hunter Street, or phone 728j.

LOST—Bag of Bacon, on Bridgenorth Road, between Peterboro and Bridgenorth. Finder please leave at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., cor Brock and George Sts.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,

NUT, PEA

M. B. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring!

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt Delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

243 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.

Phone 607

Nights and Holidays 396

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Canadian Food Board License No. 8-2409

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables.

Reasonable

Best Groceries.

At Right Prices

GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 930

It has been announced in the British Parliament that all possible steps are being taken to expedite the return of Canadian munition workers.

Restrictions on British imports are being removed as quickly as possible, was the announcement made in the British House of Commons by the representative of the Board of Trade.

Stocks on the Canadian exchanges were generally higher yesterday.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices, Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 28.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. D. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 101. Successor to Rogers, Belcher & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices over Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Medill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell J. R. Corkery
184½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 306.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 342 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m
Phone 223.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA G. WALKELEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 346.

LUMBER

Builders' Materials of All Kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Mill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Doors and Sash. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—482-487 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorised by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 270-262

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

COAL DEALERS

111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

WRIST & BRACELET

Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little to repair.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

347 George St. Next Turnbull's

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

7:18 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:30 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 586 George St. Phone 1044

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

CHIEF ENGINEER ALMOST GIVES UP

THOUGHT HE WOULD HAVE TO STOP WORKING—TANLAC MAKES HIM WELL AGAIN

"To my mind Tanlac is the greatest medicine in the world," said O. H. Mahaffey, chief engineer of the Life and Casualty building, Nashville, Tenn.

"For two years," he continued, "I suffered awfully with the worst kind of stomach trouble and went down until I lost forty-eight pounds. My back ached terribly and I suffered so much misery from indigestion that I thought I had an ulcerated stomach and was actually afraid to eat anything but a little oatmeal and sweet milk. I got weaker every day till finally as nothing I took did me any good, I thought I would just have to throw up my job.

"My wife read in the papers where a man who had suffered like I was had been helped by taking Tanlac and she begged me to try it. After I had taken Tanlac a few days I began to get hungry and started in eating like I was starved, and nothing hurt me a bit. Soon those awful pains in my stomach and back were gone, I sleep fine at night now and get up in the morning full of life and energy and ready for my work.

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Bowser's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

PRESENTATION TO REV. H. J. KEITH

STUDENTS OF EDMONTON COLLEGE TAKE FAREWELL OF THEIR PASTOR.

Rev. H. J. Keith, formerly the esteemed pastor of Knox Church, who left this city to take charge of a church in Edmonton from which he has been called to Winnipeg, was presented with an address by the schools of Robertson College in Edmonton, previous to his departure. The Bulletin of that city has the following account of the affair:

The students of Robertson College met in the banquet room of the "Hudsonia" on Saturday at noon, to do honor to Rev. H. J. and Mrs. Keith, who are soon to leave Westminster church for Winnipeg.

Mr. Keith, who has been held in highest esteem by the student body because of his personal worth, his friendly interest in the college, and because of his inspirational and helpful lectures delivered on missionary work, was made the recipient of a gold-headed walking cane as a token of the high regard in which he is held by the faculty and students. Mrs. Keith was also the recipient of a delightful bouquet of flowers.

The presentation address was made on behalf of the students and faculty by Dr. J. M. Millar, acting principal of the college, and the presentation made to Mr. and Mrs. Keith by W. B. Mahon, one of the graduating students.

The address was as follows:

"To the Reverend H. J. Keith, M. A B.D.:

"Dear Mr. Keith,—On the eve of your departure from Edmonton to assume an important pastorate in Winnipeg, we wish, as students of Robertson College, to express our gratitude for the fine example of ministerial devotion which you have set us during the four years of your stay in this city. In particular, we sincerely appreciate your attitude of friendly helpfulness to those who are in the apprentice stage of the divine art in which you have surrendered yourself so whole-heartedly—the art of ministering hope and life to the needy.

"We have always found you kindly and sympathetic, and have come to regard you as an old brother, to whom we might apply for counsel with confidence.

"Recently we have had the pleasure and profit of listening to a series of lectures by you on the subject of missions. These earnest and cogent lectures, obviously the fruit of wide reading and sympathetic investigation, opened up a vast field of endeavor for us as future ministers. We thank you for your very enlightening and inspiring missionary messages.

"In order that you may think now and then of Robertson College, its staff and its student—we ask you in their behalf to accept this walking stick. When the going is hard or the mud heavy in Winnipeg, we trust that you may be able to lean upon it in safety.

"We beg Mrs. Keith also, to accept this bouquet of flowers as a slight indication of our high esteem.

"J. M. MILLER.
"N. D. MACDONALD,
"Pres. Students' Council."

Mr. Keith replied on behalf of Mrs. Keith and himself. He said he could get over the ordeal of being "dined" but confessed that to be caned with it was more than he expected or deserved. He said he would never forget his associations with Robertson College for when he decided to come west to live his desire was to be where there was a theological college and knowing that there was such an excellent young institution as Robertson in Edmonton he was enabled to make up his mind to come here. His association with Robertson he said enabled him to do whatever work he did do in Edmonton. In the course of his address he reminded the students of their places of leadership in the great days of reconstruction that lay ahead.

Around the festive board after the presentation had been made there were the usual toasts and other addresses which were of a very high order.

DEATHS IN AMERICAN FORCE IN WAR NUMBER 107,444

Washington, Feb. 25.—Deaths during the war in the American expeditionary forces and among troops in the United States from all causes, the War Department announced numbered 107,444.

In the expeditionary forces the total was 72,951. Of these 20,829 resulted from disease, 48,768 from wounds received in battle, and the balance from other causes.

MUST APPLY AT OTTAWA

London, Feb. 25.—Canadian headquarters announce that applications for recovery of the cost of passages to Canada of dependents of soldiers who sailed between November and January must be made to the Militia Department at Ottawa.

KING WILL INVEST ALL.

London, Feb. 25.—It is officially notified that the king wishes personally to invest all overseas officers who gain decorations before they proceed homeward.

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

WE EAT TOO MUCH MEAT WHICH CLOGS KIDNEYS, THEN THE BACK HURTS

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

BOOKS AT LIBRARY

The following books have recently been received at the Public Library Never-a-dull-week Beach.

Century Dictionary and Encyclopedia—12 vols.

Armory and lineages of Canada—Todd.

Four horsemen of the Apocalypse—Blasco Ibanes.

By the world forgot—Brady.

Our admirable Betty—Farnol

Cow-puncher—Stead.

Odd guest—Knowles.

Devil to pay—Greene.

Threshold of quiet—Corbett.

Balance—Bennett.

When the sun stood still—Brady.

Zeppelin Passenger—Oppenheim.

Short history of Belgium—Van der Essen.

Island of Appledore—Aldon.

Under boy scout colors—Ames.

Great Ghost stories—French Comp.

Songs and stories for little ones—Browne.

Outdoor story book—Bralley.

White people—Burnett.

Earthquake—Train.

Sir W. Raliegh—Hadow.

Out to win—Dawson.

Under the German shells—Bourcier.

U Boat Hunters—Connolly

Disabled soldier—McMurtrie.

Seven laws of teaching—Gregory

Imperial Germany—Von Bulow.

Ukraine; the land and its people Radintsky.

Who's Who in America—

Who's Who (British.)

Statesman's Year Book 1918.

Count Bunker—Clouston.

Manual of Canadian Banking—Eardt.

Book of Knowledge—20 vols.

MISS GIBBS ON PUBLIC HEALTH

INTERESTING ADDRESS DELIVERED TO COLLEGIATE GIRLS YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

An address on "The Victorian Order of Nurses" was delivered in the P.C.I. assembly hall on Monday, Feb. 24th, at 4 p.m. The speaker was Miss Virginia Gibbs, a member of the Victorian Order. Besides quite a large gathering of the older girls of the school, a number of ladies was present.

Miss Gibbs spoke chiefly about public health nursing, giving a short history of nursing from the time of Florence Nightingale to the present day. she showed the great need of having trained nurses to go among the poor families in towns and cities and spoke of the great improvement among school children since the school boards started having visiting trained nurses in the schools.

Miss Gibbs said that there was need for a great many more nurses than they had at present and that anybody taking up this work would never regret it.

Miss Gibbs was entertained at the tea hour at Mr. C. E. Jamieson's on London street. She then was entertained at dinner at the Nicholl's Hospital and later spoke to the nurses on "Public Health Nursing."

Don't Suffer From Piles

Sample Package of the Famous "Pyramid Pile Treatment Now Offered Free to Any Sufferer.

If You Do Not Find Relief.

Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief from [illegible] or protruding piles [illegible]

Such Wonders So Quickly.

In the privacy of your home, to costs a box at all druggists. Take no substitute. A single box often relieves. Free sample for Trial mailed in plain wrapper, if you send coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
678 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name.....
Street.....
City..... State.....

CHALLENGES CARPENTIER

Mike O'Dowd, Middleweight Champion, Anxious to Meet European.

Paris, Feb. 25.—Mike O'Dowd, the world's middleweight champion issued a formal challenge to Georges Carpentier, European heavyweight champion, from the ring of the Cirque Paris, last night saying he was willing to fight the Frenchman at any time anywhere, for any purse and for any number of rounds.

O'Dowd appeared somewhat heavier than the middleweight scale when he boxed Al Norton three rounds at the Y. M. C. A. bouts.

Describing It

George—Rudolph go downstairs and get some excelsior.

Rudolph—Excelsior! What's that?

George—You know, that stuff that look like hay.

Rudolph—Oh, that long sawdust.

Hello! Hello! What's This?

G. T. GALL OF KEENE

is running a great Boot and Shoe Sale of—

Men's, Boy's, Women's & Girl's $3,000 worth

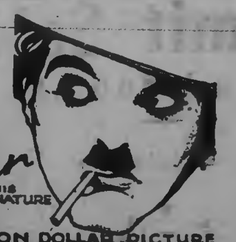
To be reduced in 15 days Starting

Feb. 25, 1919

The high cost of living is easy for all those who deal at

G. T. GALL

Watch the Paper next week AND CALL EARLY



IN HIS SECOND MILLION DOLLAR PICTURE

"SHOULDER ARMS"

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, tore, your life, or anything you have. t will pay you.

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver. "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

I SEE YOU ATE SOME OF THE PUDDING— MOTHER SENT OVER.
IS THAT WHAT IT WUZ?
I'M GLAD YOU DIDN'T EAT IT ALL—
SO AM I!
I'M GOING OVER TO SEE HER—IS THERE ANY WORD YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEND?
OH!
TELL HER—I SEND ME LOVE JUST THE SAME—

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

DEMPSEY'S PROWESS WILL BE TESTED IN FIGHT WITH MISKE

Will Meet the Latter at New Orleans Before His Match With Jess Willard.

During all the excitement over the signing of Jess Willard for a match in which it is presumed Jack Dempsey will be his opponent the fact that Dempsey is matched for a twenty-round bout with Billy Miske at New Orleans on March 4 has been overlooked. The result of Dempsey's bout with Miske may have a great deal to do with the big match even if Dempsey wins.

The young challenger of the heavyweight title has had little experience in long battles. The only time he went a distance was in 1916 before he began to attract attention. In that year he boxed 20 rounds with one Andy Malloy, but just what happened is not known. Dempsey's ability to maintain his form over the long distance is a mystery that may be made clear when he tackles Miske, provided Dempsey does not see fit to call off the match now that he has a chance to fight for the title.

According to reports from California, where Dempsey has done considerable boxing in four-round affairs the young challenger is inclined to lose speed after going a few rounds. It is said that in his bouts with Willie Meehan, the far coast fat boy, Dempsey invariably got the worst of it in the closing round. Here in the east, where Dempsey has boxed more than four rounds at times although it is seldom that his opponent lasts that long—he has shown no signs of weakening.

Miske is likely to carry Dempsey along for a number of rounds and demonstrate whether the latter can go the full route to top speed. It is taken for granted that Willard would prefer to box ten rounds, but if Dempsey should show signs of blowing up after going a number of rounds with Miske, it might induce the champion to decide upon a long fight when it comes time to select the battleground and the length of the bout.

Th reports that Dempsey is likely to blow up after a few rounds can be traced to those who are by no means friendly to the Salt Lake heavy, and it is probable that they were set afloat merely to injure him. Local fans have had little opportunity to see for themselves, as Dempsey usually takes all the fight out of his opponent in one or two rounds.

During the past year Miske was the only one to carry Dempsey along for as many as six rounds in this part of the country. On Thanksgiving Day, the two boxed six rounds over in Philadelphia. Contrary to some reports of that affair, Miske was no easy mark. He fully extended Dempsey for a time, and if the bout had been a four-rounder Miske would have deserved the decision.

In the last two rounds it was Miske that weakened. That enabled Dempsey to make sure of the popular decision. Still it was apparent that he was rapidly becoming arm weary, and it was a question whether he would not have become too tired to finish his man if the bout had been one of longer duration.

At the end Miske was groggy and Dempsey was tired. That is a situation that frequently ends with the groggy man outlasting the tired one. In this case Miske might not have been able to come back, but the chance was there and that is what makes their proposed match at New Orleans such an interesting affair.

Dempsey's style of fighting calls for a liberal expenditure of energy. He never stops for a rest, but is doing something all the time. He is either feinting or hitting or struggling to free himself from his opponents embrace. Dempsey sets such a hot pace that something is bound to crack before many rounds. So far, with the exception of Meehan, it always has been the other fellow that wilted under the strain.

Some day Dempsey may encounter a man whose defence is so good that he cannot overwhelm him by the fury of his attack. If that ever occurs it may go hard with the youngster for the reason that he has no defence when he is forced to stop fighting. As long as he is carrying the attack to his man, Dempsey does not take much punishment, because he keeps his opponent too busy, but if he ever is knocked groggy or is forced to stop for breath, his lack of defence will get him into serious trouble.

When Dempsey faces the big champion he will encounter a man who can withstand many a hard wallop and one who knows how to stall along without wasting his strength. And provided the champion retains anything of his form he can be expected to meet the Dempsey rushes with that long, beamlike straight left, so that Jack will have something to think about besides counting the gate receipts.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

IT PAYS

MILITARY TRAINING WILL HELP BASEBALL PLAYERS

Expert Says Men Who Went Overseas Will Be More Efficient on the Diamond Than Ever.

(By Oscar C. Reichow.)

That the war has been beneficial to the major and minor league players who discarded their baseball paraphernalia for the uniforms of the United States army and navy is the opinion of Fred Hart, expert masseur and trainer of the Chicago Cubs, who declares the men will be more efficient, both mentally and physically, as a result of their experience. He combats the idea that the players will be slow in their actions after wearing hobnailed shoes, carrying a rifle and a heavy pack on their backs while marching for miles. He also opposes the thought that the players are likely to be morbid after having been in a battle or two in which they saw their comrades fall.

Managers and club owners have been wondering what shape their players will be in after their return from France. Many have been inclined to think their men will not be worth a great deal to their teams for the first few months of the season. They believe the wear and tear of the army and trench life will have deprived them of the spirit to get out and play a spirited game of ball. They also think the hard work which many have had to endure will tighten and slow up their muscles to such an extent as to interfere with their playing. Some of the managers contend the long marches with full equipment have done the men no good.

Predicts More Vigor in Games.

Trainer Hart gives the managers and club owners encouragement. He looks for much finer baseball from the players who have been in the service and predicts that the games will be played with more vigor and discipline because of the training the boys have received. He adds the managers need not worry as the players who have served the United States will be none the worse for their experience.

"One thing is certain" said Hart, "and that is the players who have been in the service will not be short winded. They will be in better condition in every way, and when they start out to circle the bases will not slow up at third base and come in to the bench puffing like an engine on the Century Limited. The marching those who have been in the army have been compelled to do has not hurt them in the least. It has been an even and not violent exercise. The flexor and extensor muscles are the ones that are possibly overworked in marching. The former bends the leg and the latter straightens

Muscles Will Be Stronger.

"Should the players come back with these muscles a little tighter than usual that will not mean they will be slower. They will be stronger. The muscles will be more fully developed and a little manipulation in the spring will soon bring them back to their normal condition. The exercise a player obtains on a spring training trip is different from the work of the army and it will not be long before the men will be in finer condition than ever before.

"There will be no lost motion. The players will have stronger action if anything. The muscles have been drilled for that. They have been taught to endure, to climb hurriedly over and out of a trench, to run bearing a heavy weight and to attack cleverly. All the muscles they used in that exercise are utilized in a ball game. Players have to run, to throw the ball and swing the bat. In the army they had to march, run, throw hand grenades and use the rifle in bayonet work. There is a similarity of action that has enabled the player to profit by his experiences in the army.

"The impression seems to be that the men will be slower of foot because they have had to wear heavy shoes. Think what will happen when they remove those heavy hobnailed shoes and replace them with the light spiked ones! Why—they will fairly fly over the ground.

Grocers Win From Packers' Team

Last night at the Water street alleys the Grocers won two games out of three from Matthews-Blackwell. Weber, for the Grocers, was high man, with 590, and high single of 237. Dawson and Gillespie also passed the 500 mark. For Matthews-Blackwell McDonell was high with 536. The scores:

Matthews-Blackwell.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Mathews	122	145	134	—391
McLean	130	114	154	—448
Everett	120	181	182	—483
Pratt	185	160	146	—491
McDonell	164	200	173	—535
Totals	761	800	789	—2340

Grocers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Weber	227	139	214	—590
Foulty	112	159	146	—412
Nofftal	104	161	131	—396
Gillespie	134	143	224	—501
Dawson	214	197	157	—568
Totals	801	794	872	—2467

Tonight Printers vs. Can. Gen. Elec.

Kingston, By 16 to 2 Put Away Oshawa

Kingston, Feb. 25.—Kingston intermediates had no trouble in defeating Oshawa in the second game of the series last night winning by a score of 16 to 2, and on the round by 20 to 7. In Oshawa Friday night the score was 5 to 4 in favor of Oshawa.

The game was played on poor ice there being water in several places. A record crowd witnessed the game Millan Brothers starred for Kingston, while Bone and Jacobi played the best for the visitors. The score at the end of the first period was 4 to 0 for Kingston, and at the end of the second period 8 to 2. The teams:—

Oshawa—Goal, Childs; defence, Kempt and Jabobi; centre, Rowder, wings, Bone and Blanchard; subs., Fair and Jacques.

Kingston—Goal, Walsh; defence, Brown and Elmer; centre, R. Millan; wings, W. Millan and Smith; subs., Hagerman and Derry.

Referee—Percy Lesseuer, of Toronto

The Test

Boys, now that the glamor is over,
Here's a test for your Mabel or Rose:
Will she love you the same
When you're out of war's game
And back in your old peace clothes

Galt Is Now Ready To Meet Stratford

Galt, Feb. 24.—Galt juniors last night qualified to meet Stratford Midgets in the N.L.H. finals, defeating London juniors in a return game here by 13-1. Throughout the game the visitors were outclassed, and at no time had a chance to win. London's only goal was scored when Keyes, Galt's right defence, poked in the puck in a mix-up in front of the net. Score by periods: 5-0, 3-0, and 13-1. The teams:—

London—Goal, Burgen; right defence, McIntyre; left defence, McKay; centre Norman; left wing, Logan, right wing, Burgess.

Galt—Goal, Stewart; right defence, Ross; left defence, Watts; centre Hines; left wing, George; right wing Todd.

Referee—A. Kinder, Preston.

DR. NORVAL'S CURE-A-COLD TABLETS

Are Recommended To Cure Sick Headache, Colds, La Grippe and Influenza.

These tablets are composed of Phenacetin Quinine, Cascara and Caffein. This is considered an excellent combination or drugs to cure the above named ailment. You should have no hesitation in trying them. They are recommended and sold at all drug stores.

LINDSAY LOSES CUP

Curling Trophy Won by Aberdeens of Toronto

Lindsay, Ont., Feb. 25.—Skip J. W. Brandon, of Toronto Aberdeens, visited here yesterday and succeeded in lifting the Carew Challenge Cup by the score of 12 to 8 in 16 ends. The ice was very greasy and Skip Butler's rinks, which have been used to keen ice, found the going hard. Aberdeens curled well and deserved to win.

Th rinks were never any more than three points apart at any stage of the game, until the last end. They were tied on the 8th end. Toronto Lakeviews are the next challengers. The rinks.

Aberdeens	Lindsay
Heron	W. Reesor
F. Gilding	H. Cuthbert
A. J. Patterson	G. A. Little
W. Brandon	R. Butler
12	8

NEWMAN HALL WAS DEFEATED AGAIN

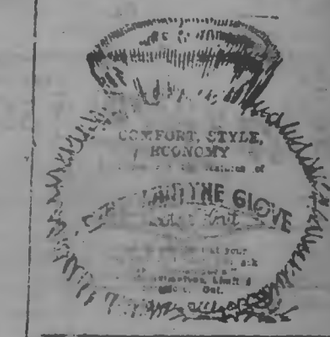
FAILED TO HOLD LONG LEAD ACQUIRED IN FIRST PERIOD.

Winnipeg, Feb. 25.— Argonauts last night repeated their victory of last Thursday over the Newman Hall hockey team from Toronto, when they handed them a 4 to 3 bump at the Amphitheatre rink, winning the two-game series by a total of 10 goals to 6. The home team had the best of the play throughout and only a sensational display in goal by Ernie Collett kept the score down. As it was Collett got away with a lot of slipping to the ice to save sure goals from the local forwards. Woodcock, Trappe, Sullivan and Quain played well for the visitors, while Binney, Newell and Nicklin were the pick of the winners. Line-up.

Newman Hall—Goal, Collett; point Woodcock; cover point, Sullivan; centre, Kilpatrick; right, Ingoldsby; left, Quain; sub. Trappe.

Argonauts— Goal, Binney; point, Nicklin; cover point, Newell; centre, Sparrow; right, Baker; left, Doster; Sub., Patton.

Referee—W. Breen Judge of Play—W. Noble.



Cobourg May Build New Curling Rink

Cobourg, Feb. 25.—At a meeting of the members of the Cobourg club and the Waverley Curling Club the building a club house and curling rink was discussed. The Waverley club has a membership of about seventy and at present there is not sufficient curling ice available.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

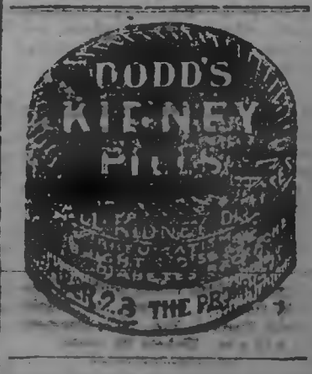
Toronto, Feb. 25.—Receipts heavy, trade good, prices steady.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.00
Medium butcher cows	8.00	9.75
Ewes	10.00	11.00
Lambs	16.50	17.00
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.75	16.75
Calves	17.00	18.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	42
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 00	$2 02
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Fallow country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

To lessen the glare of automobile headlights an inventor has patented a mounting for their incandescent lamps in which electro-magnets draw them either above or below their focal planes as buttons are pressed.



Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Barrie's

Furriers, Peterborough

respectfully notify their Patrons that all announcements in connection with

FURS and LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR

will regularly appear in this particular page every

TUESDAY and FRIDAY

each week during the coming 12 months.

The Barrie Building

Phone 340w

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY

Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNICAL NIGHT SCHOOL NOTES

1. The class in millinery will be resumed on Wednesday of this week.

2. The class in motor mechanics for ladies will meet this Tuesday evening.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKinley, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to prosthesis, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

CHAUTAUQUA TICKET HOLDERS

Ticket holders in the Chautauqua Lyceum Course are reminded to exchange their seats tomorrow and Wednesday for the lecture by John Kendrick Bangs on Friday evening.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR CONCERT

Come and hear Frank Oldfield, Canada's foremost baritone, in Trinity Church Tuesday, Feb. 25th, commencing 8.15 p.m. Tickets 25 cents.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood, Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

FOR SALE

The Great War Veterans' Association having purchased a church property have the following for sale:

12 Stained Glass Windows.

60 Pews with iron ends and wood slide.

Apply—

R. E. LAYFIELD, Chairman, Great War Veterans' Association, Peterborough, Ontario.

AUCTION SALE

At Hancock's Auction Room on Friday next, of all classes of furniture, etc. Parties having odd pieces of furniture to dispose of may put same

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. R. W. Crossman will receive at her home, 499 Homewood Ave., on Wednesday afternoon, from 4 to 6.

Mr. A. W. Greene, of Chicago, is attending the funeral of his father, Mr. Erasmus Greene. It is 38 years since Mr. Greene left Peterboro and finds many changes and improvements.

Mrs. Dunlop, Provencau, Ont., is visiting Mrs. T. W. Sexsmith, 313 Reid street.

Mr. F. D. Kerr was re-elected a member of the executive of the Ontario Bar Association at the recent annual meeting of the association held at Toronto.

Mr. John Howden returned to the city last night after visiting his son in Flint, Mich. While there he underwent treatment at the mineral wells and returns to Peterborough in much better health than he had enjoyed for some time.

Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A., is in Toronto attending the session of the Legislature, which opened this afternoon.

Mrs. H. D. Robertson returned from Toronto today.

Mr. Allan K. Whyte, of the mechanical staff of The Review, spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mrs. R. J. Park, Toronto, is visiting Mrs. A. H. Stratton, Westcourt, Park street.

Mrs. W. B. McPherson of Toronto is here on a visit with Miss Agnes Eastwood.

Miss Agnes Eastwood, who is a nurse-in-training in the Toronto General Hospital, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. Eastwood, George street.

ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Any beverage containing more than one-half of one per cent. alcohol will be banned by the War-time Prohibition Act, effective next July 1, after a measure approved by the House Judiciary Committee to make the Act effective.

DANCE

Don't forget the W.O.W. dance in the W.O.W. Hall, 384½ George street, Wednesday night, February 26, at 8.30 sharp. Come and enjoy a good dance to Fitzgerald & Moder's orchestra, and refreshments admission $1.00 per couple. Single tickets, gents 75c, ladies 25c.

CHARITY BOARD

There was a meeting of the Charity Board last night, at which considerable routine business was disposed of

W. C. T. U. MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held in the Green room of the Y.W.C.A. on Wednesday, Feb. 26th, at 3.30. A social hour will be spent and every member is requested to be present and bring a friend.

ANNUAL DANCE

The annual Dance under the auspices of the Peterborough branch of U. F. O. will be held in Victoria Hall on Wednesday, February 26th. Refreshments. Tickets $1.00 a couple. Tucker's Orchestra.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., at the home of Mr. J. A. Gibbs, 719 Water street, on Wednesday the 26th, including Gerhard-Heintzman Piano, 6 genuine oak tan leather chairs, brass bed, mahogany dresser and table, also Ford touring car, 1918 model. Sale at 1:30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK,
Auctioneer.

APPLES! APPLES!!

For Eating or Cooking

A large shipment just received, including,

Russets. Canada Reds

and several varieties especially good for cooking.

Porter S. White Co.

334 GEORGE STREET

Phone 288

His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, in "The Empire's Fighters."

The greatest event in theatrical circles will be the production at the Grand Opera House of Dr. H. O. Girdwood L.L.D., B.A., F.R.G.S., great big nine Reel Productions (with the Empire's Fighters.) This film was made by Dr. Girdwood, who, at the risk of his life, went into the trenches to get the actual scenes of this wonderful photoplay. Dr. Girdwood was appointed by the British Government to be the official photographer, for education purposes, having been in the government's employ for fourteen years in India before the war broke out, and during the war the doctor was for four years behind the firing lines. At one time some of the scenes were actually taken eighty yards behind the German lines. Dr. Girdwood is a Canadian by birth and is the first Canadian to have the honor of giving all his entertainments under patronage of her Royal Highness Queen Alexandra. The doctor will appear and lecture at every performance to be given in this city. At the Grand for two nights and matinee. Monday and Tuesday, March 3rd and 4th.

Six New Members For The 57th Band

The following additional members have been added to the strength of the 57th band since the annual meeting held a week ago:

F. Blondin—Trombone.
F. A. McDonald—Cornet.
S. McCabe—Horn.
E. Gibson—Euphonium.
H. Gilbert—Trombone.

The committee who have charge of securing new members are certainly throwing considerable energy into their work, and at the rate of progress now being made will soon have the ranks of the old 57th up to strength again. Three of the above are veterans who crossed the seas to take part in the great war.

Quick Relief For La Grippe or Flu

People who are suffering from colds, la grippe or influenza should take Dr. Norvell's Cure a Cold Tablets. These tablets contain Phenacetine, Quinine, Cascara and other ingredients which will quickly relieve the dreary headache and soreness in the bones caused from colds. They act as a tonic and laxative and will give you the same relief and satisfaction that thousands of others are willing to testify to. Make sure to ask for Dr. Norvell's Cure a Cold Tablets and take no other.

—SOLD AT ALL DRUG STORES

THIS WEEK'S BILL AT THE GRAND

EXCELLENT EXHIBITION OF MOVING PICTURES AND CLEVER VAUDEVILLE.

There is an excellent program running at the Grand Opera House Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Edith Storey appears in the big Metro feature "The Silent Women" and Charlie Chaplin is very much in evidence in a comedy entitled "The Landlady's Pet," In addition to these there are five other good reels which make the movie part of the performance well worth seing.

Vaudeville at the Grand is especially good this week. Dickson and Bell are the performers and their dancing and other stunts are especially good.

Thursday will again be amateur night and it is expected that there will be a number of local entertainers upon the stage as attractive prizes is invariably crowed on amateur night, from the gallery to the pit which is the best evidence of the popularity of the entertainment.

John Kendrick Bangs the celebrated lecturer will appear in the fourth attraction of the Chautauqua Lyceum series on Friday night.

OBITUARY

THE LATE JOHN SANDY

The funeral of the late John Sandy was held this morning from the residence of the son-in-law of the deceased, Mr. John Forsythe, 48 George Street South, to the Grand Trunk Depot, thence to Bethany where interment was made in the Fallis Cemetery Manvers. The chief mourners were the two brothers of the deceased, Mr. F. Sandy, G. T. R. ticket agent at Lindsay and Mr. Henry Sandy, an esteemed farmer of Manvers who is aged 74 years of age, the oldest member of the present family.

WEDDING ATTIRE OF PRINCESS PAT

FLORENTINE EFFECT TO RECALL MEETING OF BEATRICE AND DANTE.

London, Feb. 25.—The following is an authoritative account of the trousseau of Princess Patricia of Connaught, who is to be married to the Hon. Alexander Ramsey next Thursday..

The wedding gown has been designed to suit the Princess's distinctive style rather than emphasize any fleeting modern fashion. It is made of broche panne velvet and it falls on long lines like those of the Florentine ladies in the picture of the meeting of Beatrice and Dante. The royal court train is of cloth of silver, richly embroidered. Her veil, which will be arranged in novel fashion, is in rare old Brussels lace. It formerly belonged to Queen Charlotte, has her crown and monogram on the border and is the gift of the Dowager Lady Rhonda.

Diamond Brooch From Canada.

When driving to and from Westminster Abbey the Princess will wear a long cloak of the same brocade as her wedding gown, lined with soft white fur and with a deep collar of white Canadian fox. Her jewels will be pearls and a large diamond maple leaf brooch. The latter was given to the late Duchess of Cannought by personal friends in Montreal when she left Canada.

The evening gowns of the trousseau are all made with a short train A sapphire blue charmeuse evening gown is embroidered in Greek key design in white diamonds. A peach brooch has a mother-of-pearl panelette top and a petticoat at one side. A powdered blue and gold frock and orange and silver brocade, and has a hanging cape of silver lace. A rest gown of turquoise blue over green chiffon has a sash of green and gold metal tissue and a floating train of chiffon apricot velvet is used a fashion a tea gown which has a long coast and draperies of black and gold metal lace.

Designs is Tailormades.

There are a number of plain and more elaborate tailor-mades, an interesting example of the former is of plain black and white striped suiting made with a waist belt; the skirt is plaited in the back and front and plain at the sides, two jumper frocks have been made by blind women working under the care of the London Association for the Blind One of these is carried out in pigeon grey knitted wool with amethyst wool effects, and the other, which is an afternoon gown, is of navy silk trimmed with beige.

The bridesmaids will wear picture frocks of love-in-the-mist blue and hats of shaded blue tulle. Two little pages will wear Highland dress, their kilts being their own clan tartan.

MOVING PICTURES OF SIR WILFRID'S FUNERAL

Will be Shown at the Royal Theatre Tomorrow Afternoon and Evening

In addition to the regular daily program at the Royal Theatre will be shown tomorrow afternoon and evening—1,000 feet of moving pictures of the funeral of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which was held in Ottawa on Saturday last.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier was one of Canada's greatest men; and in his death, as during his life, he carried with him the great love of thousands Canadian citizens, irrespective of politics, creed or nationality. And he was honored at his burial by being shown the tenderest consideration of all our deceased public men.

The attendance at the funeral was the greatest in Canadian history, and the floral offerings the grandest.

You will see it all if you attend the Royal Theatre tomorrow.

FARMERS TO HOLD DANCE AND FEAST

LOCAL BRANCH OF ORGANIZATION HELD REGULAR MEETING LAST NIGHT.

The members of the Peterborough branch, local 519, of the United Farmers of Ontario, held their regular monthly meeting last night in the Sons of England Hall. Mr. Reid opened the meeting and occupied the chair until Mr. R. B. Roger, the president of the club, put in an appearance. There was on hand a large number of quotations, re the prices of farmer's necessities, and quite a discussion on these figures arose among the members.

After the general business was over Mr. G. C. McKillican, live stock representative of Farm and Dairy, gave a short talk to the fifty or more members present on "Business Methods as Applied to Farming." This talk was greatly enjoyed by all those present.

The club proposes holding a dance in the near future and a little later a large banquet.

Good Records At Hexathlon Event

Last night at the Y. M. C. A. the Annual Senior Hexathlon event was run off and a number of good scores were made. This is the first time this contest has been undertaken in Peterborough and this shows that there is good material here to make a showing with the other associations throughout Canada and the United States. The highest five in each event were as follows:

Short Potato Race

Cherrett	14.3 Sec.
Thirnbeck	14.4
White	15.1
Loescher	15.3
Pogue, Jas.	15.3

Broad Jump

Langley	9 ft. 4 in.
Cherrett	8 6
Jackson	8 4
Elliott	8 4
Elliott	8 4
White	8 3

High Jump

Cherrett	4.10½
Thirnbeck	4. 8½
Loescher	4 5½
Carruthers	4. 5½
Flowers	4. 5

Long Potato Race

Brownscombe	1min 2sec
Loescher	1 3
Kirn	1 4
Thirnbeck	1 8
Carruthers	1 8

Shot Put

H. J. Kirn	35.3
Thirnbeck	31.)
Cherrett	21.
Graham	29.9
Langley	29.8

Fence Vault

Carruthers	5.10
Kirn	5.10
Cherrett	5.10
Loescher	5.8
Thirnbeck	5.8

Souvenir hunters stripped Sir Wilfrid Laurier's grave of the floral tributes and the Basilica of the ends of the candles used in the funeral service.

C.G.E. PAY DAY

For Tuesday Wednesday & Thursday

5 lbs 20c Prunes, $1.00, for .. 69c
5 lbs 10c Rolled Oats, 50c, for .. 33c
5 lb pail Pure Shortening $1.47
5 lbs seeds in Raisins, at 11c
5 lbs Wheatlets or Corn Meal .. 24c
5 lbs Good Rice, 15c lb. for .. 52c
5 lbs Green Tea, 50c lb. at 35c
5 lbs 70c Black Tea, at 54c
5 lbs 65c Black Tea, at 44c
5 Boxes Matches, 15c for 21c
5 Bars 5c Toilet Soap, for 25c
5 Bars 9c Laundry Soap, for .. 39c
5 lbs Seedless Raisins, 20c, at 15c
10 lbs G. Sugar for $1.00
(With $3 order)
15c Ammonia, 2 pkgs. 27c
15c Quaker Corn Flakes, 3 for .. 41c
15c Shredded Wheat .... 2 for 21c
15c Beets, cooked and peeled 5c can
20c Cans Pumpkin, for 10c
25c Cans Lawton Berries 14c
20c Cans Tomatoes (large) 2 for 30c
25c Cans Pears, at 19c
12c Cans Old Dutch, 2 for 18
Good as Dutch Cleanser, only 5c can
40c Margerine, Bargain 25c
59c Creamery Butter 53c
Tiger Salmon, halfs., 2 for 19c
Cut Salmon, 1 lb tins, 25c for .. 19c
Tiger Brand Salmon, hlfs. ....
.... 2 tins at 19c
35c Baking Powder, good 19c
Fresh meat at our Butcher Stall
Choice P. H. Sirloin Steak 37½c lb
Choice Prime Roasts (as above) 35c
Fresh Finnan Haddie (whole) 9c lb
Salmon (in piece) 18c. Steak 30c
15c Lamp Burners Mdm. 8c. Large 7c
Wide Indigo Prints, good, 35c for 29c
Men's Plain Wool Socks, 50c, for 25c
Ladies' 50c value Hose (fleece) 19c
$1.75 Value Gingham Dresses, $1.15
5 yards ends 35c White Cotton $1.10
45c Dress Crepe Cloth, 4 yds $1.00
Our Bargain Store, 187 Charlotte St.
Our Main Store, Albert and Park Sts.

R. C. BRAUND

Phone us, 348. Come and See us. Don't Miss Our Many Bargains Street Car to Our Door

To-morrow Wednesday

You'll Find

Some Ideal Wednesday Bargains in our clean-up of all odds and ends throughout the store. Here are a few of them:

$60.00 EVENING DRESSES—(New) $37.50
$18.00 and $20.00 POPLIN DRESSES— Newest Fall shapes $10.00
AXMINSTER RUGS—Not new designs, but qualities that are worth to-day $125.00 to $145.00. Sizes 3 x 4 and 3 x 3½ yards. Your choice $47.50
ODD LINES OF VEILINGS—Regular up to 75c a yard. Your choice, yard 15c
CHINA PIN TRAYS—Regular 69c, for ..... Each 19c
25c FLOUNCING, yard 5c
10c GRANITE PIE PLATES 5c

There are many more odd lines. Watch evry department on Wednesday for odds end ends.

REMNANTS OF SHEETINGS, FLANNELETTES, GINGHAMS, Towellings, Muslins, Voiles, white and grey colors, end Shirting, all away less than the regular prices.

DRESS GOODS AND SILK REMNANTS that are wonderful values if you can use the lengths.

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW

Daily Matinees 2.30. Big "Metro" Feature Evenings 7.30.

Edith Storey in **"THE SILENT WOMAN"**

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN **'The Landlady's Pet'**

5 Other Reels 5 Vaudeville 11 in all 11

DICKSON AND BELL

Matinees 10c. Eccentric Dancing Comedians Evenings 15c

Get Your Name in at the Box Office for the Big AMATEUR Contest Thursday Night

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28

4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS

AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

Three transports bringing more than five thousand Canadians, are due to arrive on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

The W. E. Sanford Manufacturing Company of Hamilton has granted its employes a reduction in working hours from 48 a week to 44.

Moths must be cold blooded creatures; they frequently appear in overcoats in August.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. E. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Stanwville, Que.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED

You may not need glasses but if you do let us strongly advise Dr. Fowler's "Pebio" lenses. They are the very highest grade of glass and your eyes deserve the best you can give them. Dr. Fowler never advises glasses unless the eyes require them. His 30,000 patrons are his best evidence of satisfactory service.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong west to northwest winds; fair and very cold tonight and on Thursday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 48 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

RADICALS CAUSING TROUBLE ALL OVER GERMAN REPUBLIC

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, Feb. 26.—Spartacans and Radical Socialists have launched a movement to overthrow the existing Government in Saxony, where newly elected diet was to assemble yesterday. A general strike has been proclaimed and railway communication with Halle, one of the principal junction points in Saxony, has been broken. The Spartacans are reported to have taken possession of Plauen and other industrial centers.

Independent Socialists in Leipzig have issued a manifesto demanding the retirement of the Weimer Government, declaring that it is "an impediment to the Socialists and to the liberation of the proletariat."

Seventy-six communists have been arrested on a charge of rebellion against the Hungarian republic at Budapest. They have admitted that the money necessary to set up an anti-republican Government came from Russia.

In the course of the debate in the German National Assembly at Weimar of a bill creating a "Reichswehr", a national defense force, Gustave Noke, who is in charge of military affairs in the German Cabinet, said the force would be chiefly used in protecting the frontiers from the Bolshevik.

BUILD SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT WHEN BRIDGE IS DISPOSED OF

Chairman Phelan of Board of Works so Announces---City Liable For Damage Suit Unless This Work is Taken Up.

At the meeting of the Board of Works last night less time was occupied in deciding what to do in connection with the Hunter Street Bridge question than in dealing with matters of comparatively little importance.

The Chairman and City Engineer were authorized to buy a team of horses to replace those which were sold some time ago. They will also purchase a steam drill which can be attached to the twelve horse power roller already in the possession of the city and will have the front bearings on the steam roller repaired.

Illuminated signs and their owners were again under discussion last night. City Engineer Parsons maintained that it was unfair to the man who obeyed the law and did not let his sign project out onto the street more than eighteen inches to allow his competitor in business who had obtained the privilege of hanging his sign over the street upon the ground that it was illuminated and would assist in lighting the streets, giving them a more cheerful aspect, to keep the sign there when he was not lighting it and in many cases had disconnected it from the wires.

In the contract with the city the owners had agreed to keep their signs illuminated so that the main street would have a Broadway appearance but instead of accomplishing this result the unlighted contrivances add to the gloom.

It was decided at the meeting that there should be a specified time during which these signs were to be lighted and the city engineer was given authority to act in conjunction with the City Solicitor in preparing an amendment to the by-law dealing with the privilege enjoyed by the owners of illuminated signs and the

(Continued on page four)

Council of Women on Repatriation

The following resolution was brought before the Local Council of Women by Mrs. Kendry and was unanimously adopted at a regular executive meeting held on Tuesday, February 25th:

"Whereas, the most important question confronting the Government of Canada at the present time is the successful repatriation of our returned soldiers and their re-establishment into the national life of the Dominion in a manner compatible in some measure with our national gratitude and honor and the very best interests of the men themselves;

And Whereas, the Federal Government has expressed its purpose to settle land for every soldier who chose to settle on same,

Therefore be it resolved, That we, the Local Woman's Council of Peterborough do request our national executive Council of Women to petition the Government that said land be granted on the community group plan in sections of not more than two miles or six thousand four hundred acres, this land, if at all possible, to be distributed throughout all the provinces of the Dominion. That the number of sections in each province be determined by the number of men desiring to settle in that province.

"That this plan of distribution be worked out between the Federal Government and the provinces on a fifty-fifty basis of cost.

"That as soon as possible this scheme be put into operation and the soldiers placed on their own sections for such a term of time as will be necessary to make the section comfortable for occupation by preparing homes, roads, schools and churches, the wages of the men for such term of time to be paid by the Government at a minimum wage not less than $3.50 per day.

"That the interest on the Government investment in this matter, we submit, should be appropriated as follows: Namely, that two-thirds of the interest should be applied to the principal to each soldier's credit, and the remaining one-third should be appropriated to the Government's credit."

Two Alternatives Left Americans

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 26.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels, speaking last night before the National Press Club, declared that the American people would were face to face with making a choice of either a League of Nations to safeguard peace won by the war, or of entering upon a career of naval and military expansion which would "enable us single-handed to guarantee American rights and American interests from Halifax to Del Fuego."

Two Baltic Ports Are Recaptured

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 26.—The ports of Libau and Windau, in Courland, on the Baltic sea which were taken by the Bolsheviki on January 21, have been recaptured.

BOARD OF WORKS DECIDE TO ADVERTISE FOR NEW TENDERS FOR HUNTER STREET BRIDGE

Engineer Barber Produces Figures to Show That the Bridge Can Be Built For $280,000 on His Own Estimate or For $300,000 Taking the Lowest Tender Already Received as a Basis—All enders to be in by April 1st—Work is to Start Soon After

Work upon the Hunter street bridge will not be commenced for some time, as a result of action taken at last night's meeting of the Board of Works, when it was decided, in view of the fact that Engineer Barber, in an interview with the Special Bridge Committee yesterday afternoon, had shown where the cost of construction could be cut down by $72,016, to advertise for new tenders, to close on April 1st, upon a basis incorporating the recommendations of the engineer.

Yesterday afternoon Engineer Barber met the Special Bridge Committee and went into the matter of possible reductions in construction thoroughly.

How $72,016 Can Be Saved.

Taking the lowest tender, $337,338, as a basis upon which to figure, the engineer showed where a saving of $72,016 might be effected. To the amount of the tender as appearing above must in the first place be added the sum of $35,000, made up as follows: Engineer's fees, $11,000; inspection, $6000; clerical and other incidental expenses, $3000; land damages, $15,000. This would bring the amount of the construction of the bridge when worked out upon this basis to $372,338.

The sum of $337,338 was not reported by Engineers Barber and Parsons as the cost of the bridge, but was a figure made up of the sum total of all the items upon which the various contractors were asked to name a price, and included some things which were not chargeable to the bridge, and other things which had not been definitely decided on, and on the other hand did not include certain items such as engineering, which were chargeable to the bridge. The figures were computed solely for the purpose of deciding who was the lowest bidder.

In considering the all-important matter of reduction in the construction expenses, Engineer Barber stated that in the first place the cost of purchasing and erecting the trolley poles could be done away with, as it was not the intention to do that at once, and this work under the city's agreement with the street railway corporation was chargeable to them in any event. That would result in a saving of $3400.

Next, an over-estimate in connection with the cement work was dealt with, and it was found that when rectified this would result in a saving of $4516. The speaker stated that in allowing the contractor the amount necessary to purchase whatever cement was required they were safeguarded against he danger of his skimping it and making an inferior job.

$6000 Allowed for Penalties.

In tendering, the contractor had included in his figure the sum of $6000, because he estimated that it would take well over a year to build the bridge. There will be a forfeit of $40 a day paid for every day over the year, and if eighteen months is considered as the time necessary for the completion of the work, it can be readily seen that the saving to the city will be approximately $6000.

The figures quoted above were based upon the time given by the low bidder, but the period of time required by a contractor to construct this work will depend entirely upon his organization and resources, and might vary widely. Engineer Barber cited a case where four thousand feet of concrete arched viaduct had been built in one season.

Two thousand dollars was the amount of the premium quoted in connection with a guarantee bond to cover the satisfactory condition of the bridge for a term of five years. While upholding the justice and protection afforded by a performance bond, Engineer Barber did not favor a guarantee bond, which embarrassed the contractor in regard to credit long after he had completed the work, and was of little use, as there were no cases upon record of a concrete bridge collapsing after the first year. There would be from two to four inspectors looking after the construction of this structure, and there would be little risk entailed by the city. The speaker advised that this item be struck off the contractor's figure.

In arriving at his price, the contractor upon whose tender Engineer Barber was basing his deductions had considered $1.50 per square yard for filling. If he could obtain the material from Armour's Heights school ground the amount would be reduced to 90 cents per square yard, which would result in a saving of $4600.

Build London Street Bridge At Once.

It had been thought advisable at first to erect the old bridge close to the new one as a temporary solution of the traffic difficulty, but as the city was under contract to erect a bridge at London street within the next five years there was no apparent reason why the present Hunter street structure could not be placed there at once to take care of the vehicular traffic while a foot bridge could be placed across the river at Hunter street until such time as the new one is completed. If this were done, a saving of $4600 would be realized.

Would Extend the Filling.

If the Council could make arrangements which would enable the contractor to do his filling at a cost of 90 cents per square yard instead of $1.50 it would be economical to extend the fill at both ends of the bridge so as to cut out two of the arches in each case and so result in a saving of $17,600.

It had been intended to erect a flight of steps for the convenience of people going to the park and several houses on the Ashburnham side of the river, but as it was doubtful whether this as planned was in the proper place, a saving could be made of $1300 if these steps were constructed of wood instead of cement until such time as it had been definitely decided where the best location would be.

A Matter for Railway Commission.

By leaving off the ramp which would lead from the approach of the bridge on the Peterborough side of the river to the Quaker Oats plant a saving of $8000 could be made. It was questionable whether the plans including this feature would be approved by the Dominion Railway Board, and it would be of little use for heavy traffic owing to the sharp grade which would be necessary.

By adopting the cost plus per cent. or lump sum basis Engineer Barber thought that a saving of $20,000 could be effected. A contractor who was asked to risk his own capital in such an undertaking would without doubt figure upon a profit of 15 per cent., which would mean in connection with this deal $45,000. The speaker favored the cost plus a lump sum basis, and, as the city would have to back up the contractor in any case, there was no argument against such a course, and in this way $20,000, which would otherwise go to the builder as profit, would come to the city.

Engineer's Estimate Is $280,000.

Engineer Barber's estimate of the work was $20,000 less than that of the lowest contractor, and he still believes that the work can be done for that much less money. Based upon the figures submitted by the lowest tenderer, the bridge, if the reductions recommended are adopted, would cost approximately $300,000. Based upon the calculation of the engineer, the price would be $280,000.

Under the cost plus a lump sum system, which was recommended last night in the resolution passed by the Board of Works, the city will give the contractor the cost of the work and a stipulated sum to cover all overhead expenses and profit. It was felt that the percentage plan allowed the contractor too much latitude. It was looked upon unfavorably by Engineer Barber, City Engineer Parsons and by all the members present at the meeting.

No "Trimmings" in the Plans.

At the meeing of the Special Bridge Committee in the afternoon Engineer Barber took up the question of cutting down "the trimmings," as it has been often described. He showed conclusively that there were really no trimmings which could be removed from the plans without making it necessary to replace them in some way that would result in a saving which would be immaterial, and the only result would be to mar the appearance of the structure.

There was less discussion at the meeting of the Board of Works in connection with the Hunter street bridge than had been expected. It was after 9 o'clock before the routinary business was disposed of and the big problem tackled.

After City Clerk Armstrong had explained the reduction possibilities as outlined by Engineer Barber in the afternoon, Ald. J. J. Turner submitted the motion, which was eventually carried and which disposed of the question for the time being.

City Engineer Parsons did not favor the idea of placing the trolley poles between the tracks. This made necessary laying the tracks thirteen feet apart, whereas if the wires were hung in the ordinary manner with posts upon the railings of the bridge, the distance required by the Ontario Municipal and Railway Board from track centre to track centre would be only ten feet three inches, or two feet nine inches less than will be necessary under the arrangement indicated in the plans.

The Question of a Double Track.

Ald. Hamilton could not see the need of double tracking the bridge at all. He felt that it would be a very long time before such a system would be needed.

Ald. Turner reminded him that the structure would last for ages, and that in building it the people of the present day should not be unmindful of the demands of the future.

Mayor Duncan favored the double track for the bridge upon the principles advanced by Alderman Turner.

Ald. McIntyre said: "If we can dig up the money at the present time to build a bridge which will be capable of carrying double tracks, by all means let us do it."

(Continued on page four)

ONLY TWELVE BACK OUT OF GRENADIER GUARD BATTALION

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 26.—The second battalion of Grenadier Guards received an enthusiastic welcome on its return to London from Germany yesterday. Although no ceremony had been arranged and the hour of arrival was uncertain, immense crowds assembled at St. Pancras station, which was thronged, large crowds being congregated outside. Massed bands played, "See, the conquering heroes come," as the men left their train.

General Fielding, commandant of the London district, welcomed the battalion on behalf of the King and then the Guards began a triumphal march across London to Chelsea barracks. Unprecedented scenes were witnessed as the troops proceeded through the crowded streets. Of the original unit that left England in 1914, only twelve men survived to take part in this home-coming.

CASE AGAINST COLLINS IS AGAIN ADJOURNED

Victoria County Man Who is Charged With Defaulting When Ordered to Report For Military Service.

Thomas John Collins of Victoria County who was taken into custody on February 18th, by the Dominion Police and appeared in Police Court last Wednesday and had his case remanded for a week was before the police magistrate again this morning.

Mr. F. D. Kerr appeared for the accused and asked for an enlargement and after some hesitation this request was acceded to. The evidence of the Crown was placed before the court by the Acting Crown Attorney J. Fordyce Strickland.

Inspector H. F. Ward in charge of the Dominion Police in this district was the first witness. He produced documentary evidence from the registrar at Kingston to show that Collins had been ordered to report for Military Service and had failed to do so. He also submitted for examination of the magistrate the letter from the Department of Justice.

Sergeant Carmody was the next witness called for the Crown. He stated that acting under the instructions and upon information supplied by the Inspector he had arrested Collins near Omemee on February 12th.

This concluded the case of the Crown and the witness was then examined by the prisoner's counsel. Sergt. Carmody was asked why Collins was being tried at Peterboro instead of at Lindsay when he had been arrested in the County of Victoria. He replied that he did not know this as he had simply carried out his instructions and that Inspector Ward could supply that information.

In answer to questions asked by Mr. Kerr the witness stated that Peterborough was the headquarters of the Dominion Police in this district that he had never been to the home of the accused though he had visited the residence of the father and that as far as he knew there was no aversion felt by the authorities towards holding a trial of his kind in Lindsay, the capital of the County in which the accused resided.

Mr. Kerr then argued for an enlargement of the case. He had witnesses who were not present and he would like to have them give evidence. In his opinion the evidence adduced by the Crown was not sufficient. Mr. Strickland with whom he had talked over the prospects of a further remand was quite agreeable but thought the Dumbells not. He thought that Mr. Kerr was asking too much when he requested a second enlargement and accused him of a disposition to deal lightly with the court. Mr. Kerr argued his point, however, and the magistrate granted his contention finally setting Tuesday afternoon as the time for resuming the case.

Sir Wilfrid's Life Was Insured

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works, and Sir Sam Hughes, former Minister of Militia, are expected to speak in the Commons this afternoon. Mr. Carvell has the floor when the House opens, and he will be followed by J. S. Sinclair and Dr. Sheard. If Sir Sam is not heard today he will probably be the first speaker tomorrow. A movement is on foot to provide an annuity for Lady Laurier, but it is not known whether she would accept it. Sir Wilfrid left considerable life insurance.

27 Veterans Join The Association

At an executive meeting held last night the following were admitted to membership in the G.W.V.A.:

Pte. J. L. Johnstone, C.A.S.C.
Pte. R. Sproulls, 20th Bn.
Pte. H. A. Wyatt, 2nd Bn.
Pte. P. Walton, 21st Bn.
Pte. J. P. Cunningham, 31st (Alberta) Bn.
Capt. W. G. Hall, 21st Bn.
Lce.-Cpl. W. J. Connors, 52nd Bn.
Pte. H. Dwyer, 93rd Bn.
Pte. R. Rae, 247th Bn.
Pte. C. G. Richardson, 21st Bn.
Pte. H. E. Lloyd, 5th C.M.R.
Pte. L. Fontaine, 39th Bn.
Cpl. W. H. Williams, 2nd Machine Corps.
Sergt. V. J. Williams, 2nd C.M.R.
Sergt. B. C. Carpenter, 20th Bn.
Sergt. D. J. Eldred, 4th C.M.R.
Pte. H. G. Fletcher, 3rd Bn.
Capt. V. W. Lancaster, 1st Depot Bn., E.O.R.
Sergt. J. S. McGrath, 2nd Bn.
Lce.-Cpl. H. Barnes, 21st Bn.

Wounded Veterans On The Atlantic

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—The ambulance [illegible] is on the way [illegible] with 374 invalid [illegible] and is expected [illegible] 6th.

Workington's party safely arrived [illegible] north of [illegible] Alaska on the 7th of [illegible].

Pte. T. Williams, 4th C.M.R.
Driver H. Davey, 33rd Battery, C.F.A.
Cpl. D. E. Kendry, 2nd Bn.
Pte. F. Stevens, 1st Bn. R. W. C.
Pte. F. J. Forsythe, 3rd M.D.D.
C.S.M. Harry Wilford, 5th C.M.R.
Lce.-Cpl. H. Clarke, 21st Bn.

This makes a total of fifty members passed into the Association since last Monday's meeting, and at present our figures show that 50 per cent. of the men returned in this district have joined the Association.

S. SHAUGHT, Secretary.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1919

MR. HALL AS A BRIDGE BUILDER.

THE AGITATION over the erection of the Hunter street bridge has aroused the hitherto latent ambition of more than one individual who appears to imagine that he has mistaken his calling, and could, if given half a chance, put up as good and cheap a bridge as the best of them. Some who do not care to go as far as that, content themselves with suggesting that a public meeting be held to talk things over. Mr. W. H. Pretty, bimself an expert engineer, advises that the plans of the bridge be put on exhibition at the Public Library. Mr. Pretty should know rather better than the average man that the general public would be able to make really very little out of the plans, lacking an expert like himself to explain the details.

Mr. R. R., Hall displays another latent ambition when he blossoms out as a bridge engineer in his family journal. Mr. Hall leaves considerable to the imagination in what he has to say. He does not, for example, tell us whether his bridge is to be of steel or concrete. He does make it clear, however, that if he is entrusted with the work, he will erect two piers in the river and build a bridge on flat beams, his plan calling for three spans instead of the single arch designed by Engineer Barber.

Mr. Hall's idea at least has the merit of enterprise. His bridge in the matter of length of spans would set a new record, each eighty feet in length, while the longest span of flat construction that is considered consistent with safety is sixty feet. He also claims that the maintenance cost of his bridge would be less than that of the one the city now is contemplating. How this can be the case is not apparent if he uses concrete, for the maintenance of such structures costs nothing beyond the expense of keeping up the flooring. If he proposes to use steel, such material will be required to be painted at intervals, and will eventually wear out, so that this part of Mr. Hall's argument falls as flat as the beams—steel or concrete—which he proposes to use in his structure.

But there is another and still more serious objection to Mr. Hall's design. Three or four piers erected in a navigable stream would never get by the Marine Department. The Otonabee is a navigable stream, according to Mr. Hall himself, and his modest claim that it was made so by his public service. He also modestly boasts that while he represented West Peterborough in Ottawa he secured a departmental pledge for financial aid in erecting a bridge over the river at this particular point. One thing is certain, that Mr. Hall would never get a cent of public money to help build the bridge to which he has already given a newspaper existence.

But Mr. Hall quotes anonymous experts whom he alleges are ready to back up his contention. As a lawyer no one knows better than Mr. Hall himself that he must argue from the standpoint of an expert himself or name the authority which he quotes. He does not, it seems, care to go the length of taking up the first position, and he fails to give the names of the experts who, he says, are behind him.

It is difficult to see what purpose is served by the issue which Mr. Hall raises, except it be the arousing of dissatisfaction among the unthinking, especially among those whose bridge knowledge is confined to the parlor variety.

A PENSION FOR LADY LAURIER.

THERE IS NOTHING NEW in the proposal that Lady Laurier be paid the salary and sessional indemnity of her late husband, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, for the current year, as that is the custom invariably followed in the case of all members of Parliament who die in the public service. It is further proposed to pay Lady Laurier a pension for the remainder of her days as a recognition of the service her late husband rendered the country and for which he received no compensation that permitted him to lay up a reserve fund.

Lady Laurier is entitled to a pension when the matter is considered as a business proposition or on humanitarian grounds. So is every other widow left in similar circumstances, and doubly so if such widow has a family of small children to bring up. The late Sir Wilfrid Laurier beyond all question rendered his country invaluable service, but this duty was performed according to his gifts. The man with the ten talents made the most of what was placed in his keeping. If he achieved more than the man who was entrusted with only one, it must be admitted that his opportunities for outstanding performance were infinitely greater.

There must be nothing like class distinction tolerated in a country that prides itself on its democracy. If the dependants of the men who sit in the councils of the State are to be provided for, the same consideration is due those of the men who serve their country in a humbler but no less essential capacity. The hewer of wood and the drawer of water must not be neglected.

THE HUNTER STREET BRIDGE.

ENGINEER BARBER has made it perfectly clear to the committee charged with arranging for the construction of the Hunter street bridge that the city has already available sufficient funds to go on with the work at once. All this talk of the necessity of submitting another bylaw to the ratepayers to raise more money is so much breath wasted. The bridge can be built according to Mr. Barbers' plans so as to leave a balance on the right side of the account. So far the work has not been entrusted to amateurs, and no serious blunders have been made. All the figuring to date has been on a conservative basis. The man who assumes to dictate in the matter, while pretending to seek information only, is in reality knocking the project. Peterborough will have a bridge that will be a lasting honor to the enterprise of the city, and cavilling at the start will serve only to confuse the ratepayers and to delay the work, ample provision for which has already been made.

It is true that the lowest tender received by the committee so far is $337,338, whereas the total amount voted under the bylaw which was passed a year ago was $260,000. This, however, included costs that neither the committee nor the engineer thought would be chargeable to the bridge proper. For example, the estimated cost of the trolley pole is $2400, and this expense must be borne by the Hydro Commission, according to agreement with the city.

The cost of cement was over-estimated by $4516.

There was a provision to the effect that the work be completed by the end of 1919, failing which the contractor was to forfeit $40 a day for every day thereafter that he worked upon the structure.

The contractor who submitted the lowest tender allowed himself eighteen months in which to finish the structure, and this meant adding $6000 to his contract price.

The guarantee bond Mr. Barber does not consider necessary, as no cement bridge has ever been known to collapse one year after its completion. All that the engineer deems essential is a performance bond, and in this particular another saving can be effected.

When these matters were called to the attention of the contractor, he reduced his tender by $20,000 as against the saving of $21,600 which Mr. Barber figured.

By removing the present structure to London street and putting up a permanent structure there at once, Mr. Barber shows how another substantial saving can be effected.

He also made it clear to the committee yesterday that by extending the fill on either side of the river it would be possible to cut off two arches and so effect a saving of $17,000.

Another saving of $20,000 could be made by having the work done on a cost-plus basis.

The cement steps on the east side, he believes, should not be put in until property changes are made and it can be ascertained just what is required. Wooden steps will serve the purpose for several years to come.

The ramp on the west side provided in the plan will not be allowed by the Dominion Railway Board, so that this item of $4600 is cut out of the reckoning.

Altogether Mr. Barber reduces the actual cost to $300,322. To meet this expense the city has $260,000 voted by the ratepayers, and the $50,000 as good as pledged by the Government.

The main plans cannot be changed. There are certain conditions that must be complied with. For example, it has been suggested that the roadway be narrowed. This cannot be done if the bridge is to carry a double street car track, for the Railway and Municipal Board insist that such tracks shall be thirteen feet from centre to centre, and this condition has been met in the present plans.

The bridge is to be forty-two feet from curb to curb, exactly the width of an ordinary street.

There are no trimmings on the bridge as designed, nothing in the way of ornament that can be done away with, if the structure is to be a credit to the city.

After all, now that Mr. Barber has been heard, it would appear that there is no reason for the public alarm some people seem inclined to arouse in this connection.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

ANYWAY it was not toy soldiers and cannon that won the war.

• • • • •

WHY NOT SUGGEST another public meeting or two to discuss daylight saving?

• • • • •

MR. R. R. HALL and his devout press agent can unitedly pose as the valiant Horatio guarding the bridge.

• • • • •

DAYLIGHT SAVING is a boon to some fortunate individuals as it gives them more time to indulge in their favorite diversions.

• • • • •

HAS IT NEVER occurred to our contemporary to suggest that the League of Nations take over the Hunter street bridge problem?

• • • • •

IN MANY WAYS Hartley Dewart shows the qualifications of a leader. When he protests against the semi-barbaric ceremonies in connection with the opening of the Legislature, for instance.

• • • • •

STANDING ON THE BRIDGE at midnight—or at any other hour—the citizen of the future will be forced to admit that his ancestors did really know something about that line of endeavor.

• • • • •

SURELY THERE HAS been enough of real cannonading during the past four years, so that the Province might well dispense with the toy variety indulged in to make a society holiday in Toronto.

• • • • •

RECENT BYE-ELECTIONS show that there are some people who must certainly fail to vote according to the dictates of their conscience, the democratic spirit of the age being opposed to such functionaries as dictators.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

A Preachers' Union.

(New York Tribune.)

The attempt to create a preachers' union in England may shock some of the pious souls; but there is no more reason why a clergyman should starve than a hod-carrier.

The Only Wonder.

(Guelph Herald.)

A Hamilton man fainted while in a restaurant. The wonder is that there are not more cases of heart failure when diners see the price list.

Holding Up the Trains.

(Buffalo Commercial.)

Those long, tight skirts which seem to be the style just now are said, for obvious reasons, to be delaying the train service. Guess the railroads will have to meet the crisis by issuing new schedules.

AS MANUFACTURERS VIEW IT

(New York Commercial)

Reports from industrial cities in the Middle West indicate that workmen who received unusually high wages during the past three years have wasted a very large percentage of their pay. Skilled mechanics whose earnings were very large under peace conditions have been more thrifty than unskilled men who were attracted to the factories that paid high wages for war work. These new hands learned only one operation of the use of one machine and are not fitted for general shop work under normal conditions. They still demand war wages and call themselves skilled mechanics.

Real journeymen find no difficulty in obtaining employment, but the men who "dilated" labor during the war are hard to place. Thousands of them came from the rural districts and are unwilling to go back to the farms. The spring season is opening and farmers are looking for men, but city life and war wages have made thousands reluctant to till the soil and milk cows. Manufacturers now advertising for machinists say that not one applicant in a hundred can qualify and this appears to be true of other skilled trades.

One large employer of skilled labor writes: "I think it is the duty of the Government to promptly appropriate at least a billion dollars for the purpose of employing idle labor in the construction of national highways." He realises that the Government must not offer very high pay to those employed on "relief work" of this kind, because farm labor would be depleted. It is doubtful whether fair wages for road work out in the country will draw the unemployed from the congested cities. Most of them have saved no money and cannot migrate to other parts of the country if transportation is not provided. If the Government undertakes relief work on a large scale, how many of the unemployed will it draw from large cities, where thousands persist in seeking light indoor work at high wages?

The head of a large industrial plant in Indiana says: "My thought is that there must be a way found by which we can educate the working people to understand that it is not a question of high rates per hour, but the purchasing power of the money they receive for a day's wage. I am a mechanic by trade and I have held all of the positions in my industry. I feel that I know the working man fairly well, and at heart he is an honest, upright, fair minded man; but he has permitted many foreign radicals to confuse his viewpoint, so that he now is at a point at which he will hardly believe the statemen's of bankers, merchants or manufacturers telling that these different ones have an inclination to take something from him in some mysterious way." This growth of class consciousness is an importation from Continental Europe of the last half century. Native Americans of English-speaking stock have always regarded themselves as the equals of the rich and socially prominent and have not been addicted to class hatred and prejudice. Descendants of serfs one generation removed from that form of slavery cannot rid their minds of class consciousness, and they tend to poison the minds of those with whom they come in contact. They are not endowed with the old American spirit of self-reliance. In their new found liberty they still ask the Government to do everything for them, and they therefore advocate socialism and Government ownership of industries.

This article is published as the consensus of hundreds of manufacturers and business men who are trying to improve labor conditions and maintain the prosperity of the country.

WIT AND WISDOM

Improving.

Yeast—But he's too old to work now, isn't he?

Crimsonbeak — Indeed, not. Why he's doing his best work now.

Yeast—Really?

Crimsonbeak — Truly; he just worked me for $5.

That Settled It.

"Have you seen the lady candidate I told you to vote for?" demanded Mrs. Wombat.

"Yes," answered her husband, "and she's a peach."

"Um, I guess we'll vote the other way."

A Promising Singer.

Wife — That girl in the opposite flat is quite a promising singer.

Husband—Well, get her to promise that she wont' sing any more.

Was It a Compliment?

An English knut, taking refuge in Ireland recently, found it necessary to put up for the night at a country hotel, where he was obliged to share a bedroom with Pat.

He was just about to retire, when our hero, who was watching him, intently remarked:

"Ye should be a powerful grand singer, mister."

"How so?" inquired the knut.

"Sure ye hae the rale legs of a canary," answered Pat.

Fame's Sliding Scale.

Landlord of Country Hotel — You can have the bedroom in which Charlie Chaplin slept—two guineas—or that once occupied by Mr. Parnell—a guinea and a half—or the one Mr. Gladstone used when electioneering here—one guinea.

Visitor—Thanks. But might I, do you think, have a look at the one in which Robinson, or James or Smith put up when down this way?

His Night's Rest.

Father — I hope you had a good night's rest in the old, familiar room, son.

Son (returned soldier) — Pretty good, dad. I ducked under the bed only once.

Father (alarmed) — Why, what was the trouble?

Son — The garbage man's attack on the cans at 5 o'clock.

Only the sympathetic are entitled to sympathy.

Wool's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Rich Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Lack of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Pamphlet mailed free. WOOL MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Wyoming)

TO-DAY'S STORY

(By H. Addington Bruce)

On a recent Sunday I went to church in a state prison to hear a friends of mine, a well known New York physician, preach to a congregation of "hardened criminals." Some hundreds of them there were, with about one out of every five serving a life sentence or the equivalent of a life sentence.

I looked in vain for any uniformity of expression or of head structure, conforming to the familiar Lombrosian dogma of the "born wrongdoer."

A few—though comparitively few—showed obvious signs of so called degeneracy. The great majority were men of quite normal aspect.

Excepting only for the telltale prison garb and prison pallor they looked much like any other large gathering of men. And they listened as attentively and interestedly to their doctor-preacher as would any congregation outside prison walls.

For forty-five minutes he told them the life story of the young American poet, Joyce Kilmer, who fell on the field of honor in distant France. And at intervals in the telling of the story he read to his criminal congregation some of Kilmer's most beautiful poems.

My friend himself knew Kilmer intimately. He knew the laughter and joy in his life as well as the pathos of the heroic passing that cut short the promise of great achievement. And as he told the story, with rare wit and feeling, that prison chapel rang with the laughter of its inmates, while anon tears glistened in their eyes.

It was all so human, so tremendously human. There surged up in my mind those wonderful words of Pascal:

"Every child at the beginning of his life is a little impulsive being, rushed indifferently toward good or evil, according to the influences which surround him."

These murderers and forgers and thieves were little children once. If society now finds it necessary to cage them like wild beasts, whose is the fault?

Theirs, or that of the parents who did not surround them with good influences in childhood? Theirs, or that of a social system which has tolerated conditions mayhap preventing their parents from being able to influence them aright?

And withal, caged like wild beasts though they may be, they remain human, tremendously human.

When the speaker had finished there was a hurricane of applause. The criminals would have cheered. I asked the doctor what he was going to do that afternoon.

"Why," he made answer, with a twinkle in his kindly eyes, "I'm going to lecture to the young ladies of the seminary. And I'm going to talk to them about Joyce Kilmer, just as I talked to the prisoners this morning."

Some day, please God, society will awaken to its responsibility for the making of criminals, and then we shall have a really decent world.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS.

Weathir. Warmer in the city than the country, being jest as mutch wind, but more things to get behind.

Exterl Boy Lost! Some little kid with glasses got lost last Thersday afternoon and started to cry all his mite, and wen people asked him ware he lived at and wat his name was, all he could do was cry louder, and nobody hadent found him yet wen the reporter for the Park Ave. News kepp on going on a errand.

Slaslety. Mr. Charles (Pudg) Simkins recently discovered that he is getting even fatter, discovering it wen he tried to put on a pair of his last years pants and they stuck half way. Mr. Simkins says he dont care how fat he gets so long as he gets fat nice and even all over.

Spoarts. Benny Potts and his cuzin Artie Alixander had a contest last Satidday to see wich one could rite their name the fanciest on Leroy Shoosters back feats with chawk, and wen Leroy Shoosters father came home and saw his back fents he called up both their houses on the telefone and Benny Potts and Artie Alixander spent all Sunday morning getting their names off with wet sponges, saying, You wouldent think enything that went on so easy would come off so hard.

Intristing Facks About Intristing People. Sam Cross loves to go out wawking in the poring rain, the ony reason he never does being because he aint allowed.

LEE PAPE.

Annual Report Of Women's Auxiliary

Apsley, Feb. 26.—The following is the annual report of the Apsley Women's Auxiliary for the past year:

Expenses for the year ending February 8th 1919

Yarn bought	$109.11
Postage on boxes and letters	40.50
Paid to Mrs. Gallou for knitting	12.90
Paid for boxes and supplies for boxes	142.16
Total expenses	$304.97

Boxes mailed to France, 90.
Boxes mailed to England, 31.
Socks mailed to Red Cross 90 prs.
Socks sent to soldiers, 124 pairs.
Gloves sent to soldiers, 29 pairs.
Socks on hand, 12 pairs.
Supplies on hand for 4 boxes
Yarn on hand, 5 lb.

Total Receipts

Balance on hand from last year	$51.44
Made by teas, concerts, quilt and bean contests	31.65
Sale of boxes and sundries	5.79
Membership fees	5.75
Collected by members of Society	190.74
	235.37
Total receipts	$235.37
Total expenses	304.97
Balance on hand	60.40

Mrs. W. Lees, President.
Mrs. J. H. Beck, Vice-President.
Mrs. J. Mellvena, Treasurer.
Mrs. A. Jones, Secretary.

IN MISERY FOR YEARS

Mrs. Courtney Tells How She Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oskaloosa, Iowa.—"For years I was simply in misery from a weakness and awful pains—and nothing seemed to do me any good. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and got relief right away. I can cordially recommend this valuable medicine to other women who suffer, for it has done such good work for me and I know it will help others if they will give it a fair trial."—Mrs. LIZZIE COURTNEY, 108 8th Ave., West, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Why will women drag along from day to day, year in and year out, suffering such misery as did Mrs. Courtney, when such letters as this are continually being published. Every woman who is troubled with displacements, inflammation, backache, nervousness, or who is passing through the Change of Life should give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The results of its long experience is at your service.

PLACE FOR DR. RIDDELL

Will Be Deputy Labor Minister For Ontario.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—Dr. W. A. Riddell of the Trades and Labor Branch of the Ontario Government will be Ontario's first Deputy Minister of Labor. Dr. Riddell, who was in Ottawa today, said the branch will be a distinct one. He would not indicate any outline of the policy he will pursue.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says more girls than ever before are out in the business world now, but she hardly thinks the gentle, home-loving feministic type will ever die out entirely.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Pugilists lead a sluggish life.

In Boston a rubber factory is called an inquisitive plant.

Marriage adds either to a man's happiness or to his misery.

Few men exhibit their bravery until after the danger is past.

If a man has neither friends nor enemies he has lived in vain.

Those who begin by trying to deceive others end by deceiving themselves.

Long words, like long dresses, frequently hide something wrong about the understanding.

A widow has nothing but words of praise for her late husband, but it's different with a sleepy wife.

It is all well enough to "know thyself," but if you are wise you will not boast of the acquaintance.

If all the trees were cherry trees,
And all parents were unwise
Enough to present hatchets to
Each boy of George's size,
It would be tough on every one
Who is fond of cherry pies.

EMPIRE THEATRE | WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

This picture will be shown for the first time in this theatre

MONTAGU LOVE and BARBARA CASTLETON in "VENGENCE,"

A Mystery Drama in 6 Acts

America's Serial Supreme "THE RAVEN'S EYE," with the famous stars "KING BAGGOT" and "MARGUERITE SNOW."

Episode II "THE BURNING OF RICHWELL, VA." in two parts.

"HER OBSESSION," Comedy

Featuring Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Drew

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

TO-DAY—LAST CHANCE TO SEE

NORMA TALMADGE as "TESS" in "The Secret of the Storm Country."

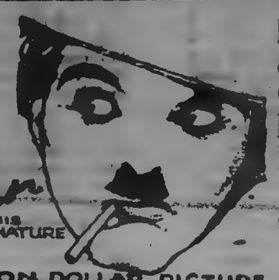
MARIE WALCAMP in "The Dungeon of Terror."

And OLD BILL in "Fragments From France," &c.

BAIRNSFATHER CARTOON

MATINEES 10c. WAR TAX 1c EVENING 15c

40 FIRST RUN REELS — THEATRE ROYAL — 40 FIRST RUN REELS



IN HIS SECOND MILLION DOLLAR PICTURE

"SHOULDER ARMS"

For the next three days, commencing to-day, the Royal has provided an extra special program consisting of Forty Reels of the finest pictures that can be produced. Included in the special features will be Charlie Chaplin in his second million dollar picture "Shoulder Arms." This is a muddy story of trench life, cooties, camouflage, rookie training and Hunnish influence. This feature has been secured by the Management of the Royal at a great expense. It is in 3 parts.

Another feature to be shown during to-day and to-morrow is a thousand foot film of the funeral of the Late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which was held in Ottawa on Saturday last.

No expense has been spared to make these three days the best in the history of the Royal Theatre from the standpoint of its patrons. There will be a show every afternoon and evening starting to-day and last until Friday night.

THE FEATURES—"A Vagabond of France" is another 5 reel production to be shown. This is a Pathe Drama. A Vitagraph feature "The Iron Test," in 2 parts, is another feature. Blue Ribbon feature, featuring Bessie Love in "The Encharnted Barn," in 5 parts, will complete one of the cleanest and best shows ever presented in the Royal Theatre.

The above program is equal to that shown in the largest Theatres in Toronto, Montreal and other cities for which an admission of 50cents is usually charged. For this special three day schedule the following Prices will prevail, Matinees in the afternoons—16 cents to all, this s es War Tax. Evening performance—25 cents including War Tax. On Monday next, the Royal will resume its old price of 16 cents to all, both afternoon and evening.

Patrons are asked to attend the matinees for the next three days as much as pos ible and avoid the rush in the evening. You can save money by attending the afternoon show. For the benefit of the School Children of the city we are retaining the Charlie Chaplin feature which ill be shown at a special Saturday morning show opening at 9.30. ADMISSION 10 cents.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

The thyroid gland, which is situated in front of and on each side of the breastbone, and which is enlarged in goitre, controls iodine utilization in the body. Food from natural sources contains iodoine, and the iodine is conveyed to the thyroid gland where it is converted into an organic protein iodine compound which is fed into the blood as required.

In the blood the iodine compound has a special affinity for certain tissues, as the sympathetic nervous system and those tissues concerned in oxidizing food, waste and poisons fairly dused through the body.

The thyroid secretion is the fan to the fire of life. When the secretion is excessive the fire burns too fast, that is metabolism is increased. That means a heightened excitability of the vegetative nervous system (nerves and nerve centers controlling all body functions) as occurs typically in exophthalmic goitre (overactive thyroid gland with wide, staring or prominent eyes as one symptom.)

The thyroid gland is required to work overtime in most germ diseases for its part in aiding the body first to resist the germ poisons, then neutralize them and finally destroy them, and the germs themselves, is vital. The gland is constantly overworked in persons who persist in overeating and neglecting daily exercise as long as no serious breakdown occurs—and that means most of us who are rather too well nourished. The thyroid function has everything to do with the success of any antisyphilitic treatment. For that reason, one taking such treatment must not extravagantly squander thyroid integrity in the abuse of alcohol, tobacco or food.

Autointoxication, which makes A miserable and fails to impress itself upon B, who never bothers his head about such things at all, is neutralized in B for a certain period of months or years because of the functional efficiency of B's thyroid gland. But B must pay the bill some day, nevertheless.

Emotional excess of any kind is a strain upon the functional integrity of the thyroid gland. The anxieties and worries associated with child birth likewise tend to exhaust the tyroid gland. Hence we find many women from 30 to 40 years of age who metabolism begins to slow down on account of a sort of thyroid fatigue. For the domestic squabbles and the family shortcomings the wife and mother pays. She pays doubly, for her condition spoils her pristine charms for her lord.

Case of Bad Indigestion

"What should a person use in case of a bad indigestion? "S. E."

In such cases I use caution. I endeavor: first to determine what ails the patient, and then not to frighten him if it happens to be heart disease, gallstones, appendicitis, Bright's disease or something like that. I can't diagnose in this department. It wouldn't be fair to you.

BLACK VEILS ARE PREFERRED

Color Takes Lead for Universal Becomingness—Blue Also a Strong Favorite With Women.

The possibilities of the veil are practically unlimited. Chosen with care with regards to color, size and design, a veil has power to make even the plainest women startlingly attractive. On the other hand, a veil can make a really pretty woman hopeless.

Perhaps the most important consideration is color: Black must take the lead for universal becomingness. After that comes blue; but it must be quite a dark blue, and preferably of a coarse undotted mesh. The blue veil is becoming to blonde and brunette alike, and is wonderfully effective in suggesting fineness and clearness of skin. Most trying of all though, is the white veil. Only she who knows her type to perfection and has proved the becomingness of the white veil should attempt it. But brown veils for charming red heads by all means!

As to size or shape, the unimpeachably groomed person may go in for the long flowing veil, hanging loose from the face. But the average woman, if she would look her triggest best, must have her veil snug.

Unbeautifying splashy scrolls of the all-over kind are usually not the choice of the carefully dressed woman, no matter how modish the pattern. The same thing is true of dots. Dots well spaced on a veil carefully arranged have a positive fascination. But you know the funuy side of a dot misplaced, don't you?

Good Stain Mixture.

Take an ounce of sal-ammoniac and salt of tartar, mix and pour over them a pint of soft water. Dip into it those parts of a white article stained with wine, fruit or mildew. After the stains have thus been removed, wash in the usual manner.

Marriage Custom.

For women to take their husbands' names on the marriage day was a Roman custom. For example, we have Octavia of Cicero, meaning Octavia, wife of Cicero. Now we omit the "of."

Slipper Styles.

In the east, as a general rule, Turks wear yellow slippers, Armenians red and Jews blue.

Optimistic Thought.

It is a bad cause that cannot be talked over in public.

Mother of Thousands.

The destruction wrought on all but the hardest wood by the white ant, or termite, is not surprising when a few facts are known of its prolific character. A nest, some six feet in height, was found in the tropics, and about one foot below the level of the ground was a central mound of hard earth. Inside this dwelt the queen mother. After careful observation she was found to lay 9,120 eggs in an hour. On account of her great size she was unable to leave her cell, her only function being to lay eggs.

Bruges' Sacred Relic.

In Bruges, Belgium, is a reminder of the past, the chapel of the Holy Blood, built by Theodoric, a distinguished crusader, who, on his return from the holy land, brought with him, so the legend says, some drops of the holy blood of the Savior, which had been preserved by Joseph of Arimathea. Whether the legend is true or not, the Church of Saint Sang, with its dainty little oratory, bears testimony to the belief of the people of that time.

Hired Hessians.

The half German king, George III of England, employed about 30,000 troops from 30 different German states, especially from Hesse, against the colonists, before the United States was a nation. The reason was that the war was very unpopular, few men enlisted and the government dared not conscript Englishmen to fight their brothers in America.

Only Things That Prevail.

What a fallacy to define riches as anything sensual! For all that is of the flesh fleshy and of the earth earthy must one day perish like weeds that are slain by the reaper in the hot sun. Only love and truth and beauty and their divine fellowships are immortal, and only these are worth the husbandry of the undying soul.—Exchange.

African Trees.

A wonderful tree, known as the shea, is beginning to attract commercial attention in western Africa. It supplies the natives not only with nuts, which they highly prize, but with a butter that may become an article of commercial importance. It is already exported to Europe, where makers of artificial butter find use for it.

"The Sport of Kings."

A mantle of rich silk or cloth appears to have been the usual prize for horse racing in the fourteenth century; bells and gold maufles were run for in the fifteenth century; cups gradually came into fashion in the sixteenth century. Racing colors of silk and satin seem to have been in use in Henry the Eighth's reign.

Insignia of Army Officers.

An officer of the rank of general is allowed to choose his own insignia of rank. Some recently appointed chose four stars on the shoulder. We have, therefore, this rule to indicate the different grades of general officers: One star, brigadier general; three stars, lieutenant general; four stars, general.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Berlin Trying to Dance So That World Tragedy Will Not Oppress Them

A CURIOUS make-believe gaiety has come to Berlin. By day a sinister quiet lies upon the city. White faced people walk the streets. Groups of soldiers—hungry eyed, purposeless automatons — lounge through Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden. From the corners hungry old men are vending newspapers with news of the Bolshevik. To-morrow there will be shevikl. To-morrow there will be and railroads will stop running throughout Germany. To-morrow the city will be in total darkness and to-morrow the meat ration, already pot enough to satisfy a grasshopper, will be curtailed. Berlin standing like a white immaculate ruin listens to these tidings.

Sorry and with half of the city starving and the other half waiting in fear of further Spartacan outbreaks Berlin celebrates at night. The movies fill up. The vaudevilles and cabarets become crowded. Men and women flock to the cafes, drink and dance—music and wine being almost all that money will buy — through the half-lighted streets couples stroll, humming songs and embracing. Laughter comes through open ballrooms and cafe doors. During the brief hours of this curious gaiety there is no hint of the terror heralded for the morrow.

I sat with two Germans in a cafe. "The people seem at this moment to be rich and happy," I said. The two Germans smiled and raised in their seats as if acknowledging a compliment. "They wished to spend their money," said one. "It will buy nothing but gaiety and so they buy that. And to-morrow will come the taxes. Then the money will be taken from them. Or the Bolsheviki will come and take the money."

"Do the people realize that they will have to pay indemnities?" I asked.

One of the Germans shrugged his shoulders. "Walter," he cried, "three more beers please or will you have wine?"

The music burst forth. The people resumed dancing. We went out and walked through the streets. "You do not want to go to the residence districts," said one of my companions. "It is dark there and you bump into too many hungry people."

A soldier in uniform stopped us. We were in Unter den Linden. "Do you want to buy two pounds of sugar?" asked the soldier. "I sell it cheaper—3 marks ($2)." I bought the sugar. "If you want to buy something," said my companion, "I know where you can buy butter for only 40 marks ($10) a pound. But you must order two days in advance."

Later in the evening I presented my companion with a cake of soap. He looked at it with astonishment and then wrung his hands. "Such soap as this is worth 50 marks ($12.50) if you can find it," he said.

The memory of last night's music and gaiety seemed a dream. Again hungry old men were vending newspapers, crying words of terror coming of mine and factory strikes and even doctors' strikes. I walked the daylighted streets past empty grocery stores and butcher shop windows into districts where hollow-cheeked children and peaked-faced woman congregated in groups and talked. I saw a pair of shoes labeled "200 marks" ($50), and suits at 1,500 ($375). They were shoes and clothes such as the average Chicago clerks wears on a rainy day. All was quiet in the streets. A regiment of German soldiers passed, flying neither flags nor marching to music. I noticed only a few people who stopped to watch them.—Ben Hecht in Chicago Daily News.

Builder of Pagoda.

The Burman, if he acquires wealth, must also acquire merit—"Kutha"—and this he must do by building a pagoda on which shall be set out on a marble slab how much money he spent on building it. He likes people to address him as "Builder of a Pagoda," and he will say to his wife before others: "Oh, wife of a builder of a pagoda!"

An Old Firm.

The Cutler's Company, of Sheffield, England, was incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1624 and invested with powers "for the good order and government of makers of knives, scissors, shears, sickles and other cutlery wares."

Skin of Fish Makes Strong Leather.

The Government fisheries bureau says the skin of the codfish provides an excellent leather, tough as parchment and very durable. The same is true of salmon skin.

Every Man to His Trade.

Madame Aubernon sat at dinner between Dumas the elder and a well-known general. Both men talked but little, and tired of their reticence, Madame Aubernon whispered to Dumas: "Why do you not tell the general some of your witty stories?" "Mon Dieu, madame," replied Dumas in his most ingenuous tone, "everyone to his trade—I was waiting for him to fire off a cannon."

A Possibility.

The hoary-headed examiner glanced over the top of his spectacles. "Are you sure," he inquired, "that this is a purely original composition you have handed in?"

"Yes, sir," came the answer. "But you may possibly, sir, have come across one or two of the words in the dictionary."

Cellar Theatres.

One of the most enterprising of Parisian theatre managers has opened two cellar theatres, one for each of his two houses. The regular performance begins in the upstairs' auditorium.

CHIC NEW SWEATER BLOUSE

Garment Devised With Purpose of Conserving Wool, but Without Giving Up Good Points.

An extremely serviceable and smart garment is the new combination sweater blouse, devised by some one who wanted to conserve wool without giving up the good points of the sweater.

A blouse of some gay striped silk is first made according to a pattern that opens down the front with fronts that fold back and join in a wide sailor collar. But the sailor collar is not made of the silk. Instead, it is made of wool of some color that goes well with the stripes in the silk, as are also the cuffs for the sleeves and a foot wide hip band that forms a tight-fitting peplum for the blouse. To put it on it is simply pulled over the head. It is charming to wear with the walking suit skirt, and the wool is placed just where the additional warmth under the suit coat might be most welcome of frosty mornings.

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WITH wages high, help scarce and difficult to hold, every business office should appreciate the accuracy, convenience and economy that are assured by our

Loose Leaf Systems

They are a triumph of efficiency for bookkeeping We invite an inspection of our stock, than which there is none better on the market. Paper ruled to suit any special need.

Binders Strong, Durable and Handsomely Finished

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No need to send to the cities for this class of office supplies; get them in your HOME TOWN and at

THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

100% SANITARY

Germs flourish in the seams and joints of ordinary milk-pails. No matter how carefully you scald and cleanse, you never can be quite *sure* that some crevice does not harbor a colony which will make trouble later on.

EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE MILK PAILS

are 100 per cent sanitary, because there are no joints or seams to cleanse. They are made in one piece from wood pulp, under tremendous heat and pressure. The hard, glossy surface is baked on at high temperature, and is absolutely non-absorbent to liquids. Eddy's "K" Pails are practically indestructible. They cannot be dented and no cracks can develop on the surface. Rust cannot attack them and no odor or moisture will do them injury. They cost no more than ordinary milk pails. They will save you labor some, and in the long run they will save you money.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Makers of the Famous Eddy Matches

B 4

SIR THOMAS WHITE PRAISES CAREER OF SIR WILFRID

ELOQUENT TRIBUTE PAID IN PARLIAMENT TO DEAD LIBERAL LEADER.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—Tribute was paid in the House of Commons yesterday to the memory of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Sir Thomas White the Acting Prime Minister, said the death of Sir Wilfrid had removed a most distinguished and commanding personality from the stage of public life.

"During his long career," said Sir Thomas, "he had been identified with all the great political controversies since the period of Confederation. His fame has carried far beyond the boundaries of Canada and in Britain and France and United States as well as in other countries the name of Sir Wilfrid Laurier has long been respected and admired as one of the outstanding statesmen of the age.

Such a Career.

"With such a career, with such titles to distinction, we of this House may well look upon this occasion with profit to ourselves, and in appreciation of him examine as to the nature of the political principles to which he subscribed, his characteristics as a statesman, the personal qualities and attributes of the man himself, and the sources of the great power and influence which he exercised within and without the halls of Parliament."

Sir Thomas said the principles which guided Sir Wilfrid's political action were his strong attachment and devotion to the ideals of freedom and liberty, personal, civil and religious. He believed in freedom of opinion, free speech, freedom of conscience. That these were his views might be gathered not only from his own speeches, but from the names of those whom he most admired, Fox, Gladstone, Bright and Lincoln. These names were often on his lips, and he had diligently studied their careers and utterances.

Admired British System.

"From this starting point of attachment," said Sir Thomas, "he was led to greatly admire the British political system and the security and guarantees for liberty which it embodies and affords. He was a great constitutionalist, an ardent upholder of principles of free government with all that it involves. It seemed to me at times that in his character of constitutionalist and in his continued interest in the constitution he was the dignified and solitary survivor of that great group of statesmen, giants in their day who, after prolonged and fiery discussion and controversy, laid broad and deep the constitutional foundation of Canada's national life.

"National unity he regarded as of paramount importance in a country of mixed races and diverse creeds such as Canada. He was regarded for the fights of minorities and strong advocate of tolerance towards the opinions and convictions of others upon all questions. He was a believer in democracy, but there was always in him a moderating and restraining influence, a pragmatic respect for experience and for the past which disinclined him to sudden or violent change and exercise a steadying influence in the determination of his policies."

Sir Thomas said that the late Liberal Leader took the highest rank as

DISABLED MEN SHOULD REPORT

EX-SERVICE MEN TO BE RE-EXAMINED AT STATED INTERVALS.

Ottawa, Feb. 26. The Repatriation Committee in a memorandum just issued for ex-service men in necessity for ex-service men in receipt of pensions for partial disablement reporting for re-examination at stated intervals. It is pointed out that failure to report for re-examination is often the cause of suffering and inconvenience. "It would be well," says the memorandum, "in every case of misunderstanding regarding the hold-up of a pension or delay in payment, to make inquiries immediately as to whether the pensioner has reported whenever requested by his local office. In a great many instances it will be found that the economic loss suffered has been due to such failure on his part."

BADEN-POWELL TO INSPECT SCOUTS

Scoutmaster Hornsby of Lindsay has received word from Toronto headquarters that in all probability there will be an inspection of the Lindsay Boy Scouts by Baden Powell sometime in May. If Mr. Powell visits Lindsay he will include Peterboro in his tour.

KEEP URIC ACID OUT OF JOINTS

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO EAT LESS MEAT AND TAKE SALTS.

Rheumatism is easier to avoid than to cure, states a well-known authority. We are advised to dress warmly; keep the feet dry; avoid exposure; eat less meat, but drink plenty of good water.

Rheumatism is a direct result of eating too much meat and other rich foods that produce uric acid which is absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urin! the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate the uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which helps overcome uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

The steamers of the Cunard Line will [illegible] a port of call in future.

[illegible] with models [illegible] the best examples of English prose. He had left behind him a career unsullied by self-seeking or love of gain.

PHONES WILSON 800 MILES AWAY

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY USES RADIO TO REACH PRESIDENT.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26. Secretary Daniels transmitted a telephonic greeting to President Wilson last week by naval radio. From his desk at the navy department the secretary's voice was carried to the transport George Washington nearly 800 miles off the Atlantic coast.

Mr. Daniels opened his message by stating that it was the secretary of the navy talking and that the message was for the president. Whether Mr. Wilson was personally at the receiving instrument on the ship or not did not develop here. The secretary said that a great welcome awaited the president in Boston and again in Washington when he reached the capital.

Tells of Reception Details

He told how Mayor Peters of Boston and Rear-Admiral Wood had made arrangements to have naval vessels and aircraft meet the George Washington and while ashore there would be an escort of troops. Mr. Daniels repeated his sentence several times to make sure that he was understood.

"Good-by," the secretary said into the instrument. "I will see you Monday. Good-by."

The president's ship was reported in a position estimated at less than [illegible] miles off the coast at 1 o'clock seas and with its own convoy, the armored cruiser North Carolina, was in the morning. It was in smooth making sixteen and one half knots an hour through good weather. This should bring the ship into Boston harbor early Monday morning.

MAJOR BERESFORD TOPP, D.S.O., M.C., with a bar, formerly on the reportorial staff of The Mail and Empire, Toronto, has gone to London, England, to represent the Information Branch of the Repatriation Committee.

Major Topp left Canada in the first year of war to act as war correspondent for his paper but became a combatant June 3rd, 1915. He was wounded in July, 1916, in the Ypres salient; wounded again at the battle of the Somme, October 1916, and the third and last time at Cambrai, September, 1918.

In London he will be associated with Major A. G. [illegible] son of the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Committee at C. Hanover Squire.

SUGGESTS USE FOR HUN FLEET

MAJOR DAVIES SAYS IT SHOULD BE TAKEN OVER BY LEAGUE.

London, Feb. 26. The Daily Chronicle reports in a Paris despatch that the suggestion that the German fleet be sunk in the Atlantic has excited a storm of criticism in the French press, and the French people want their Government has a part [illegible] to a number of these vessels by way of compensation for their naval losses.

Major David Davies, chairman of the League of Nations Union, according to the Chronicle despatch, suggests that the German fleet should be handed over to the League of Nations as the nucleus of an international police force, which could be relied upon to enforce the decisions of the League. Doubtless, says Major Davies, such an international naval force would have to be built up step by step. It is unnecessary that the entire fleet should be commissioned at the same time. Thus a long period would elapse before it could possibly rival existing national fleets, but as confidence in the League of Nations develops and as the financial strain of competing armaments becomes more acutely felt, the tendency would be to transfer sea power more and more to the international fleet.

DRINK HOT WATER IF YOU DESIRE A ROSY COMPLEXION

Says we can't help but look better and feel better after an inside bath.

To look one's best and feel one's [illegible] is to enjoy an inside bath each morning to flush from the system the previous day's waste, sour fermentations and poisonous toxins before it is absorbed into the blood. Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incombustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken each day leave the alimentary organs a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not eliminated, form toxins and poisons which are then sucked into the blood through the very ducts which are intended to suck in only nourishment to sustain the body.

If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless means of washing the waste material and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Men and women with sallow skins, liver spots, pimples, or pallid complexion, also those who wake up with a coated tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, others who are bothered with headaches, billious spells, acid stomach or constipation should begin this phosphated hot water drinking and are assured of very pronounced results in one or two weeks.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, purifies and freshens the skin on the outside, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the inside organs. We must always consider that internal sanitation is vastly more important than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

Big Store Burned In Quebec City

Quebec, Feb. 25. The large wholesale and retail store of the Mechanics' Supply Company on St. Paul Street, this city, was almost entirely wiped out by fire yesterday. The loss will amount to not less than $750,000 with insurance [illegible] fire started apparently in the furnace room, although this could not be established. The flames were discovered shortly before 7 o'clock by an incoming employe who turned in a general alarm.

BUILD SEWAGE

(Continued from Page One.)

[illegible] in regard [illegible] the time when [illegible] to be [illegible] will be [illegible] it reaches the council.

Chairman Phelan and Engineer Parsons are to buy the season's supply of road oil from the Imperial Oil Company as it was shown that in a short time the price will move upward and it would be good business to purchase at the present time.

A motion was passed giving Chairman Phelan and the City Engineer authority to offer the Henry Hope Company $350 for one of their steel tanks. If this offer is not accepted they may purchase the tank offered by Mr. E. R. Wilson. The city is badly in needed of a new tank in which to keep their road oil, as the old one is leaking badly.

City Engineer Parsons was authorized to barricade part of the Monaghan Road as the construction work in connection with laying the tracks for the street railway extention has left it in a dangerous condition which cannot be remedied to any extent until the frost is completely out of the ground.

Alderman Edgar brought up the question of the Sewage disposal plant. He reminded the members of the Board of Works that as long as this work was allowed to remain unattended to a law suit was hanging over the city. Mr. Peck as the solicitor for the townships had brought up the matter several times and had acted in a most moderate manner and Alderman Edgar felt that it would not do to strain the patience of the complaining parties and their legal representative too far. Chairman Phelan assured Alderman Edgar that the work would be commenced just as soon as the bridge question had been disposed of. The Board of Works knew that it had to be done and were anxious to do it as soon as possible.

AT ST. LUKE'S TONIGHT.

The subject of the address at the mid week service at St. Luke's tonight will be, "The Message of Christianity to India."

BOARD OF WORKS DECIDE TO ADVERTISE FOR

(Continued from Page One.)

Chairman Phelan of the Board invited Engineer Barber to make any remarks in connection with the matter which he felt would be of any assistance to the members. He acquainted him with the nature of the motion which had been passed and of the decision which had been arrived at.

Engineer Stands By His Figures.

In answer to a question put by Mayor Duncan in regard to the distance required by the regulations of the Ontario Municipal and Railway Board between interurban tracks under conditions such as obtained in this case, Engineer Barber maintained that thirteen feet was the minimum space allowed, from centre to centre. Engineer Parsons had read an order by this organization dated 1916 which called for only ten feet three inches, and upon being confronted with this statement, Mr. Barber replied that there might have been more recent legislation in the matter as he could not be mistaken in his information, having asked the chief engineer of the Board about the matter only recently and with the Hunter street bridge at Peterborough as the case in point, and that official had stated that thirteen feet was the minimum and that nothing less would be approved.

As far as the trolley poles were concerned, they were not elaborate in any sense of the word. Little if anything could be saved by placing them upon the hand rails of the bridge, as it would require a greater number of them on account of the lights being placed upon them, and under such conditions the illumination would come from the sides instead of from the centre, which would be more expensive, requiring double the number of poles.

The motion, which had as its seconder, Ald. Gainey, authorizes Engineer Barber to advertise for tenders for the construction of the bridge under the new conditions prevailing as a result of the adoption of his reduction recommendations. The ramp remains in the plans for the present, and the engineer is still authorized to make any changes which would cut down expense. The date of the closing of the period for receiving tenders was set at April 1st, and they are to be addressed to the chairman of the board of Works.

REACHED PARIS BY SUBTERFUGE

IRISH DELEGATE TO THE PEACE CONFERENCE WILL INSIST ON A HEARING.

Paris, Feb. 26.—Sean O'Ceallig[h] whose name in plain English is [illegible] O'Kelly, who is seeking recognition by the Peace Conference as the envoy of the Irish government, arrived very quietly in Paris more than two weeks ago, having, according to his own statement, secured a British passport by a subterfuge.

Ostensibly he crossed the Channel as the representative of the corporation of Dublin to press an invitation upon President Wilson to visit Ireland. Tucked away in his baggage, however, O'Cealligh carried credentials as the delegate of the provisional Irish government.

Yesterday O'Cealligh said that thus far he had received no reply to letters and telegrams sent to President Wilson, asking the President to set a date for the reception committee to present to him the freedom of the city of Dublin. Since his arrival O'Cealligh also wrote to President Wilson, asking that he be received as the delegate of the Irish republic.

"Ireland," said O'Cealligh, "is building a lot on President Wilson because of his pronouncements regarding the rights of small nations. He never mentions Ireland, but everybody there thinks he meant us, and his words have been read eagerly in every household."

3,000 British To Be Accounted For

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 26.—Replying to the question in the House of Commons Captain Guest, said that the number of officers and other ranks officially reported as war prisoners who had not yet been accounted for by the Germans approximated 3,000 including Imperial and Colonial troops and the navy. It was not expected that many were alive. As a result of a recent search in Germany, sixteen sick and wounded prisoners were reported and remained because it was not advisable to move them.

CONCRETE WHARF FOR LINDSAY

GOVERNMENT LAYS DOWN THE TERMS WHICH TOWN ACCEPTS

Lindsay, Feb. 26.—In all probability Lindsay will have a new Government wharf, the same to be built in the course of the coming spring and summer.

At Monday nights meeting of the Town Council the following communication was read from Mr. J. W. Pugsley, Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals:

Sir, Referring to the request that has been made by the Corporation of the Town of Lindsay, Ont., that the Department repair the public wharf in that town, on the Trent Canal, I have to say that the Department would be willing to take over the wharf in question, and to repair and maintain the same, provided that the Corporation will convey to the Department any vested rights it may have in the premises referred to."

J. W. PUGSLEY, Ottawa.

On motion the offer of the Government was accepted and the premises in question will be handed over to the Government on condition that a new concrete wharf be built.

MADE BONFIRES OF BALLOT BOXES

ARMED SPARTACANS TAKE POSSESSION OF ALL CIVIC ELECTION RETURNS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 26.—The Workmen's and Soldiers' Council of Munich has sent a wireless message to all countries announcing that a dictatorship by the proletariat and peasants has been proclaimed in Bavaria.

After the elections for the town council had been held in Dusseldorf last night, says a Cologne despatch today, bands of armed Spartacans compelled the officials to surrender the ballot boxes at the point of revolvers and made bonfires in the streets of the ballots and all the election documents. The Spartacans wound up with a little promiscuous shooting, resulting in several casualties.

DEATHS FROM FLU SHOW INCREASE

WERE ALMOST TREBLED DURING THE PAST WEEK IN ENGLAND

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 26.—Deaths from influenza increased at an alarming rate last week, according to the official figures issued today. The total number of deaths from this cause is ninety-six. Great towns of England and Wales was 3046 as compared with 1363 in the preceding week.

National Car gained 15 points on the Toronto Exchange yesterday on the report of the sale.

Woodstock has installed two "silent policemen" at street intersections, and if they prove efficient will add many more.

Hon. L. A. Taschereau has a bill in the Quebec Legislature to give free lands to honorably discharged soldiers from overseas.

A retiring allowance of $3,000 a year for the rest of his life, after the end of the present church year next January was voted by his congregation to Rev. Dr. W. T. Herridge.

The Canada Foundries Co. show smaller profits in 1918 than in the preceding year.

A deal whereby American Car & Foundry Co., will take over National Steel Car of Canada is reported to be pending.

DROWNED WHEN CAR BROKE ICE

ONE OF VICTIMS WAS FOUR YEARS IN GERMAN PRISON.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John, N. B., Feb. 26.—Robt. L. Johnston, broker, of St. John, N. B., and E. R. Osten, recently returned from Germany, here he was a prisoner for four years, were drowned in the Kennabac River, near here, while crossing the ice in a closed car with Col. McAvity, who escaped with his chauffeur by breaking out of the car and rising to the surface. The bodies were recovered but the car remains at the bottom of the river.

BEGIN WORK ON THEIR NEW HALL

WAR VETERANS PROPOSE TO HAVE UP-TO-DATE QUARTERS.

Work was commenced today by the G. W. V. A. clearing the seats out of the old Murray street church in preparation for its renovation into one of the finest halls in the country. The local branch have purchased this property but recently and are losing no time in setting to work upon the remodelling of the building.

In the Association in Peterborough every trade is represented from a master builder to a laborer and the Veterans are showing an example which might be profitably followed by other business organizations in the country when they decide not to go outside their own society for workmen unless absolutely necessary.

Many of the men who have recently joined the local branch are out of work and the building of the new hall will afford much needed employment to these and while the work proceeds the members of the society will have the satisfaction of knowing that the money so far as the amount spent on workmen is concerned is being spent amongst their comrades who might otherwise be out of employment in these dull times.

The Swiss Legation at Petrograd has been given free passage through Russia by the Soviet Government.

The Overseas Club in London is promoting a scheme for a chain of bonfires around the world when peace is signed.

The man who is in love with himself imagines all the world loves a lover.

You Buy Satisfaction when you purchase

PURITY FLOUR

"GOVERNMENT STANDARD"

More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pa[illegible]

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. Ltd., TORONTO, Ont.

For Better Porridge Use PURITY OATS

Canada Food Board License Nos. 2-008, 2-009, 10, 11, 17, 18.

NEW BATTERY STATION

FISHER AND HAYES

Announce that in the FIRST WEEK IN MARCH they will open for business

Over The Service Garage

CHARLOTTE STREET

(Nearly Opposite the White House)

Where they will be prepared to give prompt and efficient attention

To—Storage Battery Charging and Repairing Also Auto Washing and Polishing

A. FISHER

Is severing his connection as manager of the Willard Storage Station and is exceptionally skilled in the knowledge of storage batteries.—Efficiency and service is his motto.

W. E. HAYES

IS A RETURNED SOLDIER, and after three years active service at the front will resume his business of auto-polishing and washing. All work will be guaranteed first class, and a share of public patronage is invited.

HASTINGS

(Special to The Review.)

Hastings, Feb. 26.—A large crowd attended the social which was held in the Presbyterian Church on Friday evening. Supper was served from six to eight, after which a good program was given and much enjoyed by all present.

Pte. L. E. Gould and Mrs. Gould are guests at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Huycke. Pte. Gould has recently returned from active service overseas.

Miss Laura Smith visited with friends in Campbellford last week.

Miss A. O'Connel, of Toronto, spent a couple of days with friends here.

Dr. J. H. Hess was in Oshawa on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Armstrong, of Toronto, were guests of friends over the week-end.

Miss Gladys Stevenson was in Campbellford on Thursday.

Rev. and Mrs. Snell are spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. H. Ennis, of Warkworth, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Pte. Ralph McQuade and Corp. Bert Plant arrived home on Wednesday night, both of whom have seen much active service overseas.

Mr. Harry Lamey, of Toronto, spent Saturday and Sunday at his home near the village.

The young people of the village are preparing for a dance to be given in the Town Hall on Friday evening.

DOCTORS ARE OVERWORKED

Spanish "Flu" Has Broken Out Again at Meaford.

Meaford, Feb. 26.—Spanish influenza has broken out afresh in Meaford and surrounding country. Almost every house has a patient or two and in some instances whole families are prostrated. One of the local physicians reports that he was called to attend sixteen new cases in one day. The result is that the doctors are overworked and in some cases are unable to keep up with the constant demand for their services. While there are of a great number of cases very few of them are thought to be serious, and all are hoping for the abatement of the disease before long.

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special to The Review.)

Downeyville, Feb. 26.—The patrons of the Maple Leaf Cheese factory, held a very successful ball in the factory on Friday night last. A large crowd attended from Lindsay, Ennismore and other points.

A large crowd from here attended the sale of Mr. Bruce Ferguson's which was held on Thursday last. Everything sold at a good figure.

Miss Ida Murray, who is attending St Joseph's Academy, spent Sunday at her home here.

Pte. Charles Guard, who had been down in Kingston awaiting his discharge, returned to his former home here during the past week.

Messrs. William Flynn and David Mulcahy were in Lindsay on Saturday on business.

Messrs. Urban and Clement Lucas who had been pressing straw and hay in Manilpos, hve moved down to Mr William Scully's farm.

Mr. Walter Herbihey is busy drawing gravel home where he intends cementing the foundation of his barn

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Guiry were in Ennismore on Thursday last visiting relatives and also attending the O'Connor Bros. farm sale.

Mrs. Mort McAuliffe, of East Emily, spent Monday at the home of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Jas. Guiry.

Several from here attended the funeral of the late Wilfrid Crough, who died at Ennismore during the past week.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or fnsty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED

You may not need glasses but if you do let us strongly advise Dr. Fowler's "Pebio" lenses. They are the very highest grade of glass and your eyes deserve the best you can give them.

Dr. Fowler never advises glasses unless the eyes require them. His 30,000 patrons are his best evidence of satisfactory service.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 20,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

NORWOOD

(Special to The Review.)

Norwood, Feb. 26. — Mr. Donald MacNaughton and family were pleasantly surprised last Friday evening when all their near neighbors assembled at their home to do them honor and to spend a social time together prior to their departure for their new home, near Peterboro.

All were participating in games, etc., when Mr. W. T. Birck arrested the mirth and jollity for a short time by calling Mr. MacNaughton and family to a prominent place. He spoke of the good-will and kindly feeling existing among the neighbors on the Hastings road and of the high esteem in which Mr. MacNaughton and each member of the family were held by their neighbors.

Mr. John Marks then came forward and read a skilfully worded address while Mr. Joseph O'Keefe made the presentation of a mantel clock and a sum of money.

The address is as follows:

To Mr. Donald MacNaughton and family:

As the time when you will remove from our midst is fast drawing near we, your friends and neighbors, have gathered here to express our sincere regret at your leaving our neighborhood and to wish you God-speed in your new home. You have always been deeply interested in matters, touching church, state, school and our own community and at all times have stood conscientiously for those things which you believed to be highest and best, and as neighbors you have ever been ready and willing to help when help was needed.

As a token of our esteem we ask you to accept this clock. May it in the years to come prove as faithful to you as you have to your friends and neighbors, whom you are leaving. It is our earnest prayer that in your new home you shall be blest with health, happiness and prosperity.

Signed on behalf of those present—

W. T. BUCK,
J. D. O'KEEFE,
J. MARKS.

Mr. MacNaughton replied feelingly after which refreshments were served, followed by music, etc.

The members of the Baptist Church congregated at the home of Mr. Donald MacNaughton Tuesday evening Feb. 18th, to say farewell to Mr. Alex McNaughton and Miss Vida MacNaughton prior to the family's departure for their new home.

After a few social hours Mrs. Lewis Fyfe read an address to Miss Vida MacNaughton, who for some time has been such a faithful organist of the church, Sunday School and B.Y.P.U. also a teacher in the Sunday School. Rev. J. B. McCormack read the address to Mr. Alex. MacNaughton, who had for the past few years so successfully filled the offices of church clerk and president of the B.Y.P.U. Each address expressed sincere and deep regret that the church was about to lose such willing and efficient co-workers, but trusted that the same noble and willing spirit would have greater happiness and a wider and even more active field of usefulness in their new home.

Mr. Geo. Hubble and Mr. Arthur McKay made the presentation to each of a quarter-cut oak leather upholstered rocker.

Refreshments were then served followed by a program of instrumentals solos, readings, etc., and a very happy evening was brought to a close by singing "God Save the King."

DEWART WANTS MORE MODESTY

INTRODUCES RESOLUTION PROTESTING AGAINST VAIN SHOW AT LEGISLATIVE OPENING.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—If Hartley Dewart, M.P.P. for Southwest Toronto has his way, it will be the last chance the ladies will have of showing at the Legislature opening the skill of their tailors in bedecking their persons. Hardly had the last words of the speech from the Throne been read yesterday when Mr. Dewart gave to the Clerk a notice of motion that he wanted all the finery forbidden in future.

His motion reads:

"That in the opinion of this House it will be more in keeping with the dignity of the proceedings in the Assembly and with the democratic spirit of our institutions if the ceremonies at the opening of the Legislature are made less formal in their character and having regard to the establishment of women upon a basis of electoral and legislative equality with men, and that the same regulations as to dress at the

THE GREATEST OF INDOOR SPORTS

Beating Old Man Dyspepsia to a Finish With Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Tackle a Good Fine Lunch and Get Away With It.

Our stomachs lead us three or more times a day to the business of eating. And it is the greatest affair throughout life. To keep the stomach fit, to keep it braced and in training at all times, the very simple expedient of a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet after meals will prove a constant source of both protection and preparedness. No gassy, sour, belching, bilious stomach, no distaste for food, no coated tongue, no distress after eating, when meals are followed by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Get a 50-cent box today at any drug store. Let them digest your food while the stomach takes a much needed rest.

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence)

Millbrook, Feb. 26. — Mr. Cassel Farmer of Oshawa, was a guest of Millbrook friends last week.

Mrs. Argue of Port Hope was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Eakins last week.

Mrs. Norman Dunsford and daughter, Bernice, were guests of Mrs. H Dunsford at Oshawa, over Sunday

Mr. Harry Stenson of Peterboro was in town on Sunday.

Miss Laura Morton, of Bethany, was a guest of friends in town, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sayles and son Master George and Mrs. V. Martin motored to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. Joseph Carley of Fenelon Falls, was a guest of Mr. C. G. Richardson on Monday.

Corp. J. A. G. McBride Home

A great crowd of the citizens of Millbrook was at the station Monday evening to welcome Corp. Gussie McBride home. Corp McBride enlisted at Kingston with the 21st Bn., in October, 1914, went overseas in May 1915 and to France in September of the same year. He was transferred to the machine gun section in which he was a gunner. He was gassed twice and received several slight wounds. He was with the army of occupation at the Rhine.

All are glad to welcome Corp. McBride home. He enlisted when about 16 years of age, went through many hot engagements and fought like all gallant Canadians did and all honor is due to him.

Chautauqua Entertainment

The entertainment given by the Pierce's on Friday evening was by far the most pleasing of the Dominion Chautauqua Festival series yet given. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce are delightful entertainers. The audience that filled the hall was more than pleased, and if they ever visit Millbrook again the Town Hall will not be large enough to seat all who would want to hear them. Even as good as they are it comes from good authority that the Royal Hawaiian singers and players can go them one better. Don't miss this great entertainment.

Special Services

There are two weeks evangelistic services being held in the Methodist church. Competent ministers have been engaged for these meetings. Service commenced at 7.15. Everybody welcome

NAMES LADY LAURIER AS SOLE BENEFICIARY.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—Lady Laurier is the chief and practically the sole beneficiary under the will of her illustrious husband, the late Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, K.C., C.M.G., Senator Beique of Montreal so informed a Journal representative, and also stated that the will would be filed for probate here within the next few days.

Asked as to the extent of Sir Wilfrid's estate, Senator Beique would say only that it was considerable and included a goodly

KEENE

(Special to The Review.)

Keene, Feb. 26.—Messrs. William Brown, William Kempt and sons, Archie and Alfred, motored to Peterboro on Tuesday.

Mr. Stan Braden is visiting Havelock friends.

The two rinks curling at Oshawa bonespeil returned home last Thursday and report a very enjoyable time while at Oshawa.

Mrs. Clarence Byers returned home on Sunday from Toronto and Oakville where she spent the past week visiting friends.

Mr. John Reid, of Peterboro, was in the village on Monday.

A very pleasant time is reported by those attending the card party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Roche last Thursday evening.

Messrs. Fletcher, R. Humphrey and C. Byers motored to Petermoro on Saturday.

Mrs. Alex Anderson entertained eight ladies at a quilting bee at her home on Wednesday afternoon of last week.

Mr. Alfred Kempt has returned home from Toronto where he has been visiting friends.

Mr. Malcolm McIntyre and daughter, Eva, of Peterboro, were at the home of Mr. T. P. Honson last Thursday.

Mrs. Tozener Sharpe and son, William, of Ottawa, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Sharpe's parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Burley were in Peterboro on Friday last.

The ice harvesters are busy putting in their season's ice.

Mr. James Bryce, of Peterboro, paid a flying visit to the village last Thursday.

Mrs. (Dr.) Harrison and neice, Mrs. Cunningham, returned on Tuesday from Toronto where they spent the week-end.

Messrs. Harry Clarke and Louis Roche have been discharged from the army and returned home from Kingston on Saturday.

Mrs. Wilson Robertson and Master William Boyle were in Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. William Brown returned the past week from Toronto where he spent the past month with friends.

Pte. Roy Rae, of Peterboro, who has recently returned from the front, spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell.

Misses Pearl McCann, Josephine Kennedy and Catherine McCarthey spent the week-end with friends at Hastings.

A box social and dance will be given in Lang Hall next Monday night, by young people of the vicinity for the purpose of raising funds to purchase a Victrola for the hall.

Mr. James Dickson returned home from Toronto on Thursday.

Mrs. George Honson is visiting friends at Frazerville.

Mr. Cecil Nelson, of Toronto, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. L. Burley.

Mr. Christopher Honson has sold his farm to Mr. Herbert McFarlane.

Mrs. Alex Stewart was shopping at Peterboro on Tuesday.

Mr. James Sharpe and mother, of Westwood were guests on Monday at the home of Mr. James McNeil.

Miss Lellie Richards, of Toronto is a guest of the Misses McCrea.

Miss Kate Grisbie, of Peterboro, was at the home of Mrs. Marsh Weir the past week.

Mr. Archie McIntyre was in the village last Thursday.

Mr. George McIntyre and A. D. Anderson motored to Peterboro last Thursday.

Quite a number of young people attended the dance at Lang last Friday night.

OUCH! PAIN! RUB OUT RHEUMATISM

Stop Suffering. Relief Comes the Moment You Apply Old St. Jacob's Liniment.

Rheumatism is "pain only."

Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub the misery right away! Apply soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Liniment" directly upon the "tender spot" and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacob's Liniment conquers pain. It is harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and can not burn the skin.

Limber up; Stop complaining! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness and stiffness. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacobs Liniment" is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains and

MONCUR'S

double-strength

LUNG SYRUP

is a

REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR

Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better

PRICE 25c and 50c

Moncur Drug Store 497 George Street

REV. H. J. KEITH PREACHES FAREWELL TO HIS FLOCK

Former Pastor of Knox Church in This City Takes Leave of His Congregation in Edmonton.

Rev. H. J. Keith, formerly of Knox Church here, of Westminster Presbyterian Church, preached his farewell sermon to his Edmonton congregation on Sunday night prior to his departure for Winnipeg, taking as his text Isaiah 42:16: "I will direct the blind by a way that they know not I will lead them in paths they have not known." His theme was "The conditions suggested by the passage were quite appropriate and in keeping with the minds of the minister and people of Westminster church," Mr. Keith said. "Four years ago, when I came to Edmonton and Westminster, in the midst of financial strain and war, it was with the hope of getting close to the people under such conditions and thus building up a larger work on the basis of that confidence. I had not thought of pulling out of Westminster church when the war was over, and the only explanation I can offer now is the working of that Providence that shapes our ends, rough-hew them as we will. We have passed through the trying experience of war together; many homes have been visited where the supreme sacrifice has been made We have passed together through the harrowing experience of a railway wreck, and we have also faced together the influenza epidemic with its heavy losses to our church and our homes. Through it all Westminster church has passed safely. She has made manifest progress. Her obligations have been fully met and increased, her membership has been largely increased, and she has definitely linked up with missionary effort at home and abroad. She has done a fair share of war work, keeping in touch with the boys at the front and planning for a share of the reconstruction work when they return. At this stage we have come to the parting of the ways. We are in the position of blind pilgrims. The future is unknown to me, I know not what which is general in the world today. The world is full of anxiety for the future, both the nation and the Church are on the lookout for what is coming next.

"I am not leaving Westminster because I have lost faith in its future. We have but laid the foundation of a much larger work still to be accomplished. I am not leaving Edmonton because I have lost faith in this great city and her people. I am going because I am under compulsion of the Eternal, must and have to go. I am comforted in the thought of His promise, 'Lo, I am with you always,' and we can be confident that He will keep this word. I commit Westminster church, her members and her friends, into His keeping, knowing He will not forsake but will guide and bless. We are pilgrims and if our ways separate for a time we shall yet meet at our final goal, the city whose builder and maker is God."

Mission Band Presents Gift.

At a mass meeting of the Sunday school in the afternoon, the presentation was made of a beautiful flower basket from the Mission Band to Mrs. Keith, who made a suitable reply. Through Mrs. Keith's efforts the Mission Band has grown to be one of the best in the West. Prizes were presented to some of the Sunday school pupils for note-book work, etc. Miss Anna Gillis received first prize for note-book work, and Master Douglas Robertson for story of the life of Moses.

FAVORS COOLIE LABOR FOR U. S.

AMERICAN INVENTOR CITES CANADA AS A CASE IN POINT.

New York, Feb. 26.—A plea for complete restriction of immigration during the next few years, in order that aliens now in this country may be Americanized, and American standards of living lowered no further by "flooding the labor market" was made by Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, in an address here at a meeting of the council of foreign relations.

A plea of an entirely different nature was made by Hudson Maxim, the inventor, another speaker. He urged that while the immigration laws be altered to bar "timber for Bolshevism, anarchy and discontent," 1,000,000 Chinese coolies be brought into the country immediately for employment solely on farms and as household servants.

In offering his plea for Chinese labor, Mr. Maxim declared that America was sadly in need of more workers.

"We need cheap labor to cheapen the cost of production of the necessaries of life," he said.

Mr. Maxim declared that the coolie

WILL WELCOME PRODIGALS BACK

LEADER MACKENZIE HELD OUT OLIVE BRANCH TO LIBERAL UNIONISTS.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—On the first day of the leadership of the Liberal Opposition in the House of Commons Sir Daniel D. McKenzie held out the olive branch to the Liberals who differed from the Opposition on the conscription issue. He concluded his speech with these words: "I am glad the war is over, because of the returning boys who are to be welcomed throughout this House as they now wend their way home to the dear old place which they have left. Let me tell my good friends that the light is in the window, the latch-string is on the outside, and you are all welcome."

The motion was received with much cheering and applause.

a day, and two suits of clothes a year. The United States, he added, should bring into the country

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE AND DEATH NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 5?5 per insertion in daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS at Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Two furnished rooms in the west end. Suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 33? Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cars. We have for sale now a few good used Ford cars put in first-class condition. Call and see these. We will sell them right. Duffus Garage.

FOR SALE—House. 479 Cedar Street. Apply 536 Rubidge St.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Small house. Apply 266 Wescott street.

LOST.

LOST—Airdale dog, wearing brass studded collar with Yale lock. Age about 9 months. Finder please phone 314.

LOST—A Scotch Collie Bitch, tan and white. Finder will be rewarded, return to C. Martin, 35 Crescent street.

LOST—Black Dog Skin Coat, driving into Peterborough from south. Kindly leave at 141 Hunter Street, or phone 728j.

LOST—Bag of Bacon, on Bridgenorth Road, between Peterboro and Bridgenorth. Finder please leave at Matthews-Blackwell, Ltd., cor Brock and George Sts.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. R. TAYLOR & SON
180 AYLMER ST.
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COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
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LIMITED

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Office and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
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The GREENE MUSIC Co.

D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
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Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
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Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
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Barrister and Solicitor
for the City of Peterborough. Money to loan. Office over Bank of Commerce. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
468 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Office. Crown Chambers.
Money to Loan at lowest rates.
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Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

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Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

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F.R.C.C., Edin., L.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKELEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 545.

LUMBER
Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Hose and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
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Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—585-587 George Street
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Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, current from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT: Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 26.—Receipts heavy trade slower, prices about steady:

Choice export cattle	$15.00 $16.50
Choice butcher cattle	10.50 12.25
Medium butcher cows	8.00 9.75
Feeding steers	9.00 10.00
Ewes	10.00 11.00
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.00 18.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	25
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	4
Butter	58	58
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	14 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	76
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	80	80
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	25 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	18½

Real Riches.

He who has fortune in love and truth and beauty is entitled to be called rich. Time and change and adversity have no power upon them. They are the only things a man can take with him when he goes. In the process of acquiring them they become part of him inseparably. He who has them "wears his commendation in his face," for it may be read as he passes that his converse is with the higher and finer things and his daily walk is on the plane where the noblest meet and greet familiarly.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:25 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:25 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:00 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

5:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL,

Count Michael Karolyi

Was Radical Aristocrat

And Now Leads Democracy

FROM Tisza to Karolyi; for the Magyar people these four words condense the political evolution of a century into four tempestuous years. Was it not but yesterday that Count Stephen Tisza ruled Hungary with the power of a military despot and dictated the policies of the cantonfuage empire of the Hapsburgs. And to-day? Count Tisza is dead, his heart pierced by the bullets of Magyar soldiers whose brethren he had sent to the slaughter by the hundred thousand—crushed by the very forces he more than anybody else, not even the Kaiser excepted, had helped to turn loose upon the world. And his once derided and insulted rival, Count Karolyi, is the beloved leader of newly-born Magyar democracy.

A good way to explain Karolyi is to contrast him to Tisza. Typical representatives, each in his way, of their race and caste, these two aristocrats have but one quality in common—indomitable courage, physical and moral. Bodily valor, however, is the common heritage of Magyar aristocracy whose life is a mixture of English outdoor exercises and the discipline of cavalry officers. The different manifestation in each of the quality called moral courage is one measure of the gulf that separates the two men. For Tisza, moral courage was an impenetrable armor behind which he defied the twentieth century in the terms of the fourteenth. He had a certain style, a simplicity of outline, which commanded the admiration even of his enemies. This style is not the property of cowards. Karolyi's moral courage helped him to battle his way

COUNT KAROLYI.

through the Chinese wall of caste feeling and class interest, to face social ostracism for the sake of democratic ideas.

If sheer force of character and oneness of purpose are desirable standards, Tisza was by far the greater man of the two. He was a splendid specimen of Junkerdom—not of the Prussian variety, though. He had no use for the scientific methods of oppression, did not believe in bribing people into submission. He was all for the whip and the sabre as the instruments of political education for the masses—feudal baron merged into a Russian police general. His Magyarism was simply caste feeling and Oriental exclusiveness. His stern religion finishes the picture. He was a Calvinist crusader—at the same time a devout servant of his Catholic master the King. A Cromwell willing to fight and die for the divine right of James II.

The pragmatic test of social usefulness establishes the undisputable superiority of Karolyi. His is a flexible, developable, receptive mind—Tisza's opinions were of cast iron. He is as cosmopolitan in education and attitude as Tisza was parochial—as European as Tisza was Asiatic. Socially and intellectually, the two men compared as a granite statue of Sulla compares to a live Paris clubman.

It goes without saying that his activities as Radical leader did not tend to popularize Karolyi among his fellow-aristocrats. They affected not to take him seriously — derided him as a crank and a doctrinaire.

Now members of the ruling caste had a very legitimate grievance against the "Red Count." Heir to the Karolyi entail, second only to that of the Prince Esterhazy and reputed to be worth about $30,000,000, Count Michael started public life as president of the Hungarian Agricultural Union, the representative body of Magyar Junker reaction. One day he announced to that distinguished gathering of Magyar Westrups and Leventlows that he was through with them for good, that they were all wrong, that the future belongs to democracy, and that he was going to fight for the rights of the common people.

The question naturally arises: Why does Karolyi not live up to his principles and turn over his vast estates to the Hugarian people? This is the favorite question of his hecklers. But he has an answer: "I will not give my estates to the Magyar people because I want the Magyar people to come and take them away. I won't give alms to my people, and I won't bribe them. The land rightfully belongs to them—when they will awaken to this, they'll go and seize it, and as far as I am concerned they are entirely welcome."

His record during the last four years is more or less known to the Canadian public. In Parliament he opposed bitterly submarine warfare, demanded renunciation of all imperialistic aims and a peace program along Wilsonian lines, attacked the Germans whenever he saw a chance, and professed pro-Ally sympathies with increasing frankness. His endeavors were duly honored when, early in 1918, he was indicted for high treason on a charge brought by his own cousin, Count Emery Karolyi. The German Government appreciated his activities by establishing at Budapest a special secret service to watch him. The thing came out; there was a big scandal in Parliament, and Major Cousten, the German secret agent, had to make a hurried exit.

Karolyi advocated just treatment for the subject nationalities ever since he turned Radical. Nevertheless, he was denounced by Slovak and Roumanian spokesmen as a Magyar chauvinist because of his insistence on the indivisibility of the Magyar State. He stood but his ground alike in the attitude of Russian liberals toward the Ukraine. But there is every reason to assume that Karolyi has at last realized that the friendship of the Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slavs and Roumanians can be gained only through co-operation with their free national states. His whole development points in this direction.

Even his best friends would refrain from calling Karolyi a genius of the first rank. But his good-will, his sincerity, his zeal to do the right thing, are coupled with a keen sense of justice, a European outlook and power to grasp the international foundations of genuine democracy. Above all, he lacks that cocksure, parochial, intolerant haughtiness which characterized almost all Magyar statesmen since the death of the two real Liberals, Deak and Eotvos.

Leon Gambetta has shown the world how a high-spirited nation can turn defeat into victory. Fate has put Count Michael Karolyi into a position where he might prove the Gambetta of Hungary. The interest of Europe and the world demands that he succeed.

Aeronautics.

What is to become of aeronautics after the war? This problem is discussed in Le Petit Journal of Paris by Jacques Mortane.

Considering the enormous progress aviation has made during and on account of the war, he says, only one answer to the above question is possible. Regular aerial lines of communication will be established throughout the world. And these lines will serve not only passenger traffic and the mails, but they will be used in increasing proportions for long-distance freight transportation.

The establishment of regular commercial air routes, however, has to be accompanied by the working out of an international code of air navigation.

For one thing, how will the air be mapped out between the different nations? Shall each country have not only its own aerial fleet and stations, but also its own exclusive lines? Is it possible at all to establish a rigid system of right of way in the air? How far will the jurisdiction of a country apply to lines internationally used?

But there are other no less complicated problems. What qualifications will be demanded from commercial pilots? Will a pilot's certificate issued in one country be accepted as valid in another? This question involves the safety not only of aerial shipping itself, but also that of the population above whose heads the shipping passes.

Will there be a standardization of machines? This is an important question, as it pertains to the safety of traffic and to the facilities of relaying and repairs.

What about aerial customs regulations and policing?

It is comparatively little known that as early as 1910 an international conference was held in Paris to consider some of the above outlined questions. Difficulties of a military character, however, prevented reaching an agreement.

Origin of One Proverb.

One obtains historical glimpses in proverbs. The familiar "robbing Peter to pay Paul" is said to derive its origin from the fact that in the reign of Edward VI the lands of St. Peter at Westminster were appropriated to raise money for the repair of St. Paul's.

Fish You Cannot Eat.

While there are many varieties and great quantities of curious fish in the abysmal depths of the ocean (some have been trawled up from depths of three miles or more), none of these are eatable. The limit to which fish fit for food is found is 1,600 feet.

Their Need for Safety Pins.

An archeologist recently dug up a safety pin from the ruins of ancient Babylon. Judging from the pictures in the Babylonian section of the histories, however, it seems that safety pins were worn mostly by the grownups in those times.

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His Word Is His Bond.

Notwithstanding his barbaric customs, an Albanian's word is his bond. A promise given by those savage tribes is never broken. If a stranger eats of their food, even though he be an enemy, he is sacred for 24 hours afterwards.

Hope for the future of Albania lies in the fact that the Albanian, though a warrior and a man who prefers to go always armed, is, unlike the Montenegrin, a hard worker. Among his barren mountains he is a first-rate shepherd, and, where he has the opportunity, a skilful agriculturist. The Albanian of the towns excels as an artificer, armorer, and maker of fine stuffs. The Albanian zarfs, or coffee-cup holders, of silver filigree are celebrated all over the Near East for their beautiful workmanship.

There are no schools in Albania except those established by Italian and Austrian monks as a part of the political propaganda of those powers. Italy and Austria for years have been exerting every effort to curry favor with the natives, a fact which has been apparent even to the rough tribesmen. The North Albanian may be entirely uneducated, a barbarian and at heart a brigand, but he is certainly no fool. Although he has always considered both Italy and Austria equally his enemy, he has fought valiantly by the side of the Italians in driving out the Austrians.—Family Herald.

Stand by "Holstein."

At the annual meeting of Alberta Holstein Breeders the request of the British breeders of the black and white to change the name to Friesian came up for consideration. The request was unanimously rejected, all the members being opposed to such a change in Canada, since the cattle here are more popularly known by the name Holstein than by that of Friesian.

Russian Wolfhound.

The swiftest dog in the world, the borzoi, or Russian wolfhound, has made record runs that show seventy-five feet in a second, which would give it a speed of 4,500 feet in a minute if the pace could be kept up.

Reason Must Dominate Love.

Love is atavistic. It sprang from our prehistoric ancestors, who dwelt in the cliffs and went forth and secured what they desired by brute force. It was not a question of intellect or sentiment at that time. As the human race has advanced intellectually this instinct has become polished, modernized, but the same force which actuated the cave man is still the predominating factor of modern society, and until reason displaces sentiment, until intellect displaces instinct, we shall be slaves.—Chicago News.

The Snoopo.

It is bad manners, and almost bad morals, for one office employee to pry into the business of another. Be careful not to show curiosity or to examine without permission any paper left on top of a desk or pages left in a typewriter or in the drawers of a desk. Each worker's desk is his private sanctum and should not be violated by the prying eyes or hands of others.—Bldg. Bee.

J. Grove Smith is to be Fire Prevention Commissioner for the Dominion.

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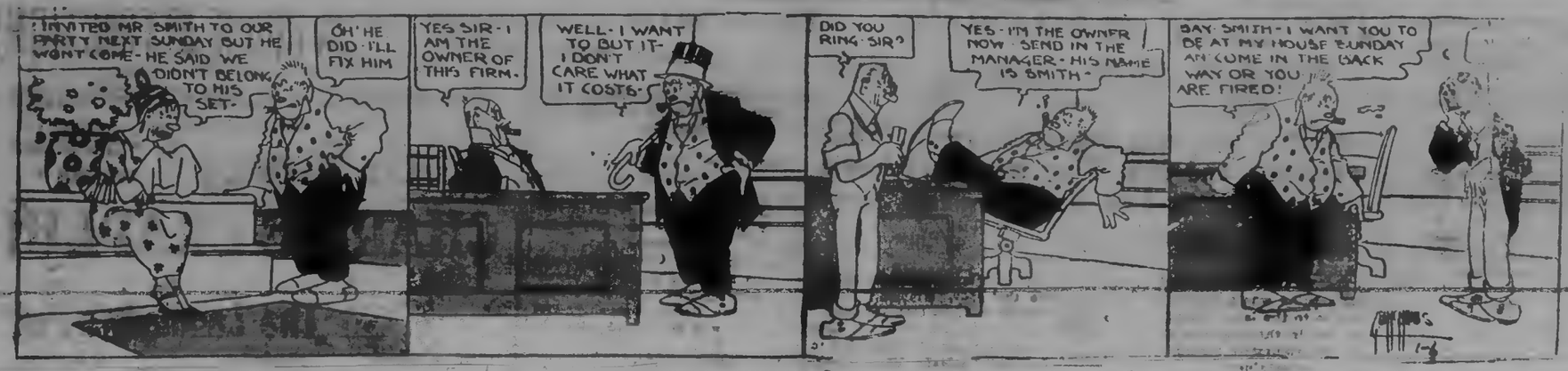
BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS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SAY SMITH - I WANT YOU TO BE AT MY HOUSE SUNDAY AN COME IN THE BACK WAY OR YOU ARE FIRED!

OLD TIME UMPIRE TELLS YARNS OF KID GLEASON

Latter Tried to Kick Himself Out of a Close Game Once on a Time But Joe Cantillon Blocked Him.

(By George S. Robbins.)

Reminiscences of the olden days of baseball—at least olden days relatively speaking—were on tap at a fanning bee at Comiskey park between Kid Gleason, manager of the White Sox, and Pongo Joe Cantillon, part owner and leader of the Minneapolis club and former big league umpire. Repartee and wit flowed freely. That was all that flowed, for Gleason is a teetotaler. The Kid is an exponent of the grape juice high ball. He believes the lacteal fluid and aqua pura have it all over the amber stuff for ball players to quaff in training.

The subject of umpires was brought up. Memories of the old days when one umpire ruled the diamond furnished a lively topic of conversation.

"Those were the days of real sport for an umpire," said Pongo Joe.

Blocked Kid's Little Game.

"I'll say they were," piped the Kid. "Do you remember the day I tried to kick myself out of a game and you blocked me?"

"Yes, I recall the day and it's been a long time ago, Kid," replied Cantillon. "You usually wanted to be in there and that's what made it stand out. When a fellow wanted to kick himself out I usually kept him in. You weren't fooling anybody."

"Do you remember what I called you that day?" asked Gleason.

"They were pet names all right, Kid, but I was used to 'em," replied Pongo Joe.

"I said 'Go back to your peanut stand around the corner where you belong—you Dago blankety blank,'" Cantillon nodded as if he recalled the incident and the words.

"It seemed as if you would put me out after that," said Gleason.

"No, I punished you by keeping you in the game," replied Cantillon.

Hot Time in Quaker City.

This reminded Cantillon of one of his experiences with Dan Murphy, a player on the Philadelphia club, one hot day in Quakertown.

"The day was about as hot as they make 'em in that town and that was going some," said Cantillon. "The game was about as hot as the day, things were popping and I was having a peck of trouble trying to watch everything and attend to Murphy, who was becoming obstreperous. He was on the coaching line and his club needed all its men, for a number had been used and were warming the bench.

"'Clear the dust out of your lamps,' said Murphy, or something to that effect, following his admonition with a lot more advice.

"'Guess you are looking for trouble,' I said to Murphy as he kept on pelting me with words.

"'What are you going to do about it? You can't put me out of the game,' he said.

"'No I can't put you out of the game,' I said, 'but I can put you in the game and that'll be the worst punishment you could get,' I told him.

"'How do you figure that, Joe?' asked Murphy.

"'That's easy,' I replied. 'I'll fire your catcher out of the game and you'll have to take his place,' I had no more trouble from Murphy that day."

Gleason said umpires these days thought they had lots of trouble but they didn't know what it meant in comparison to the arbitrators of the olden times when the one umpire system was in vogue.

"No, you fellows didn't have trouble in those days," said Gleason. "You didn't have any more than the kaiser has had."

That reminded Cantillon of another story about umpires that happened in St. Louis, the city that has sent more arbitrators into exile, perhaps, than ny other in the American league.

"One of the American league umpires had just gone through some heavy shell fire in St. Louis," said Joe. "Reports of the rumpus came to the league head. I happened to be with one of the clobs that was a party to the proceedings.

Worst Language Outdone.

"'I have heard a report of the language that was used on this umpire and it was outrageous,' said Ban Johnson, meeting me several days later. 'It was the worst I ever heard about.'

"'No, Ban, it wasn't that bad.' I replied. 'I was an umpire in the American league and I've heard worse than that.' When I was the only umpire on the field I heard some language that had it beaten a city block. After what I have heard, it sounded tame by comparison.' Johnson agreed I must have got an ear full."

Gleason and Cantillon agreed that it wasn't what a player said to an umpire that usually caused a penalty to be imposed. It was how he said it and the motive back of the speech. A player often kicked to be thrown out of the game and in such cases the arbitrat punishment he could be handed was to keep him right in the thick of the fray, they thought.

U. S. NOT TO COMPENSATE BRITISH BREWERS LOSSES

London, Feb. 26.—In the house of commons, Cecil B. Harmsworth, under-secretary for foreign affairs denied that the British Government had made diplomatic representations to the United States government on behalf of British investors who may sustain losses as a result of the spread of prohibition in the United States.

Mr. Harmsworth said the British embassy in Washington had reported that no provision had been made by the United States government for compensating brewers for any losses they may incur.

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BASEBALL PLAYERS WHO HAVE WON FAME AT FISTICUFFS

Kid Gleason Was Not the Only Expert in That Line—Frank Chance and Others Who Were Handy in a Scrap.

When Kid Gleason was appointed manager of the White Sox his prowess at fisticuffs was exploited at length. Gleason is a good man in a brawl, a rough ready and efficient customer, although no brawler. He is good-natured, yet determined, and like most of the men in baseball who can go hard and fast in a fight, is opposed to notoriety in that line.

George Moriarity, the umpire and former third baseman, can mill it with the best of them. He can fight like fury when he has to. Those in baseball who are able to put it over on him are few, if any, yet he is adverse to that sort of thing, and is a quiet, decorous gentleman. Same way with Charles Rigler, the umpire, big, strong, game, but who does not seek a quarrel and dislikes any reputation that links him with fame of pugilistic or quarrelsome description.

Frank Chance Quit To Fight.

Frank Chance was a battler with a gunpowder temper. He was quick to anger and had the size and strength to make him formidable. They say he offered to thresh Jim Corbett at one time; also that Heinie Zimmerman once gave him a fierce battle, or was ready to. The Detroit club has had several members of more than ordinary skill in self-defence. Besides Moriarity, there were Charles Schmidt and Bradley Kocher, both catchers. Kocher was inoffensive and reserved, but give him just cause and anybody who elected to be his opponent had his hands full. Another former Detroiter, Edward Barrow, now pilot of the Red Sox, is a gentleman by nature, but a warrior to be feared if there is occasion to make warfare. Nature blessed him with a splendid physique, yet Edward lives up to the Shakespearean precept that it's fine to have a giant's strength, but not to use it as a giant.

Two of the best boxers ever in the game were Giants, Al Bridwell and Arthur Devlin. Devlin could hold his own in a hand to hand fight with anybody in baseball. He knew how to hit and could hit hard. He was lightning quick and a clean hitter. He was tall, long of reach, fiery, but clear-headed, a capable in a stand-up, man to man combat, as anybody baseball has had. Jim McAleer, tall, slender and not robust looking, was nevertheless a good man in his day, with his cool head, long, well-developed arms and quickness of hand and foot.

Kid Elberfeld was one of the best of the little scrappers; one of the best of the big, if scrap he must, was Bobby—Uncle Wilbert, of the charming disposition, fast on his feet for a big man, and powerful. Not many men cared to tackle Otto Jordan, former Brooklyn second baseman, active, strong and fast in a mill. Like Kid Gleason, he was built close to the ground, a big little man. A former team mate of Jimmy Smith's, lately of the Giants, then of the Braves, describes him as a "fighting fool"—in the complimentary sense—a slim, medium-sized lad, but a whirlwind when stirred to battle pitch.

Earl Neale of the Reds, who has engaged Fred Toney, Kill Killefer, and Lee Magee on the field in recent years, evidently can mix it in telling fashion. He has a good physique to support belligerency, yet doubtless the game has undiscovered ones who would trim any of those mentioned.

BONSPIEL AT MILLBROOK

Three Days of Roarin' Game Last Week Was Closed With Banquet at Waverly.

Millbrook, Feb. 26.—A very interesting bonspiel was held under the auspices of Millbrook Curling Club, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of last week, when seven rinks participated and great enthusiasm was shown. The skips of the several rinks were: Messrs Cecil Larmer, T. A. Bradley, Ross Edmunds, H. B. Allen, W. A. O'Brien, J. E. Allen, and W. G. Hetherington. Many spectators enjoyed the games in which many brilliant plays were made. After the final game on Thursday night, the curlers took the Waverly by storm and in a few minutes were sitting down to a splendid oyster supper.

Mr. A. Smith who acted as chairman in place of the President, who was absent spoke regarding the bonspiel and the splendid showing the winning rink and particularly the skip had made. He then presented the prizes to the winners, viz. Messrs H. Allen, skip, and W. T. Wood, vice-skip, S. R. Nichols, 2nd, and John Clarke, lead. All made suitable replies.

Mr. Smith then called on ex-reeve Doak and Reeve Burnham to say a few words. Mr. Doak spoke of the first curling club of Millbrook of which he was a member. He said that Millbrook had just as good curlers as any other place, but that they did not have the numbers. He expressed the hope that the club would get younger blood into it.

Reeve Burnham, who is a member of the present club said that he curled for the fun there was in it. He spoke of the splendid showing the rinks we sent to Peterboro had made. He expressed the wish that another bonspiel might be held here this winter.

Mr. Smith then called on two of the premier curlers of Millbrook viz. John Allen and John Steele. Both spoke very highly of the ability of the curlers and expressed their pleasure at being present, some of the younger members were then called on, among them being Messrs H. Armstrong, W. O'Brien, W. G. Hetherington, H. B. Price, W. Sayles, and W. B McCririck. All expressed their pleasure at being present and spoke of the good time they had had at the bonspiel even though they had been beaten by superior playing.

Mr. Nelson Jones, who is an old curler, although this is his first year in Millbrook, was then called on. He said he was in favor of holding another bonspiel and also expressed the hope that next year some of the boys who had taken part would join.

Mr. Edmunds who was found guilty of arranging for the bonspiel was thanked for his trouble and was called on to say a few words. He said that he was very glad to help at any time during the season at the rink.

A vote of thanks was proffered to

Printers Defeat League Leaders

The Printers and the C.G.E. teams met in a ten-pin league fixture last night at the Water street alleys. Much interest was taken in this match as the above teams are the league leaders. The Printers won two of the three games and are now tied with the C.G.E. for the top rung of the ladder.

For the Printers Kirn was high with 545. Fielder had 509 for the C. G. E. and Jackson came in for high single of 222. The scores were as follows:

C. G. E.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Fielder	160	176	174	509
Jackson	116	127	222	—465
Cranfield	179	146	168	—493
Villeneuve	140	122	169	—432
Fair	150	167	126	—443
Totals	746	737	859	—2342

Printers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Lachaur	116	156	143	—413
Miller	207	137	175	—519
Kirn	192	192	161	—545
Cairns	181	138	196	—514
Henderson	182	214	175	—541
Totals	846	837	849	—2532

Tonight—DeLaval vs. High Rollers.

U. T. S. EASILY BEAT AURA LEE

GAME IN TORONTO LAST NIGHT RESULTED IN SCORE OF 7 - 6.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—This season has been one of surprises, but U. T. S. capped the climax last night when they defeated Aura Lee, 7 to 6. They won strictly on their merits, and many who saw the game voiced the opinion that the Blue Shirts will win the round. The losers were favored to win by a wide margin, but disappointed a host of supporters by their wretched showing, particularly in the early stages. The same teams meet in the final fixture tomorrow night, and one of the most exciting battles of the season should result.

University Schools played combination and got results. Their passing was superb, and Coach Frank Carroll the man responsible, deserves every credit for this achievement. On several occasions the Aura Lee defense were made to look foolish by the easy manner in which they were drawn out. The first two goals of the night were scored by Jeffreys and Aggett on pretty passes from Munro and Powell.

Losers' Strong Finish.

Aura Lee, with the score standing 5 to 1 against them, made a gallant attempt to come from behind in the final period, and might have succeeded had not penalties at critical times caused their downfall. Hegarth and Rutherford added two to their total but as this stage Rodden was penalized, and during his absence U. T. S. ran in two goals. With four minutes to go Rodden, who had been playing in a helpdesical manner all evening returned and immediately cut out a terrific pace. He scored two goals after making two sensational end-to-end rushes, while Hegarth also turned the trick. The teams:

U. T. S.—Goal, Sullivan; defense Munro and Powell; centre, Aggett; right wing, Jeffreys; left wing, Greey. Substitutes—Kearns and Gunn.

Aura Lee—Goal, Devitt; defense Coonacher and Hegart; centre, Rodden; left wing, Wright; right wing, Rutherford. Substitutes—Tyrell and Elsith.

Referee—J. LaFlamme.

Dr. G. C. Creelman has resigned the post of Commissioner of Agriculture.

Mr. had Mrs. Hayes for the excellent supper, and the gathering broke up by the singing of the national anthem.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

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SPORTING MEN HELPED WIN WAR

GREAT PART PLAYED IN RECENT CONFLICT BY FOOTBALL HEROES.

New York, Feb. 26.—Says N. O. McGeehan, in The New York Tribune:—One of the indications of the alacrity with which England is returning to her sport is a report from London in regard to the attendance at the soccer games. The Daily Mail records that there were 74,000 persons at the five London Combination games the other week. While this attendance is not on a par with the attendance at such games before the war, it is decidedly encouraging.

Soccer is to the British Isles what baseball is to the United States. One must remember that the man power of Great Britain has been sadly depleted, also that many of the professional soccer players of five years ago are dead. They died at Gallipoli, they died in Flanders, they died in Italy. The heroes of the soccer fields were heroes in the battles that raged in Europe. And the bleachers that used to watch them—the ranks of the men in the bleachers have thinned pitifully.

It is a good game, that soccer; it developed men. There are tales of how some of the soccer players in the British army went over the top dribbling a soccer ball before them, and these are true tales.

Athletics, both amateur and professional, will come to their own. The value of a healthy body and a clear eye has been demonstrated. The men who were fit did the big work of the past four years. What the Duke of Wellington did or did not say concerning the Battle of Waterloo being won on the playing fields of Eton was more or less justified by the part that athletes and sport lovers played in the war—especially British athletes, amateur and professional, and British sport lovers.

SPORT RECORD

O. H. A.
Junior.

U. T. S..... 7 Aura Lee 6

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Vancouver..... 6 Victoria 3

NORTHERN LEAGUE
Senior.

Listowel..... 8 Elmira 7

THUNDER BAY LEAGUE

Pascos..... 7 Columbus 2

EXHIBITION

Campbellford... 4 Stirling 2

GAMES TODAY

O.H.A. Senior—Dentals at Hamilton.

O.H.A. Junior—Woodstock at Sudbury.

Pacific Coast League—Vancouver at Seattle.

Northern League Senior—Simcoe at Tillsonburg.

Beaches League Senior—Athenaeums v. Beaches, at Arena Gardens.

Guelph Investigates High Price of Coal

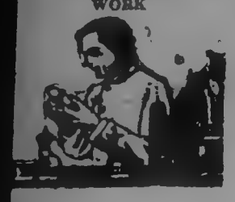
Guelph, Feb. 26.—The fair price committee appointed by the City Council is out to ascertain the reasonableness of some prices that Guelph people are paying. Ald. Westoby stated that he was securing figures regarding the buying and selling of coal by the local merchants; is getting the freight rates from the mines to Guelph what it cost to handle the coal after it gets here, and other data in connection with this matter, and will then try to reach some conclusion as to what margin of profit the coal dealers are making.

Rev. J. H. Boyd told Baptist delegates at Toronto that the Church's mission was to preach a straight gospel message.

The name of Ottawa county, Quebec, has been changed to Hull county.

Daylight-saving in Canada this year depends on the action of the United States Congress.

OR EYES MEAN POOR WORK



Red eyes cause jumpy nerves of annoyance. We ve your eye needs personal at- tion and render you a ser- ce that cannot fail to be ap- ciated.
"See Us and See Better."
W. H. LACEY
ptometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the 57th pter, I.O.D.E., will be held tomor- y afternoon, at 3.30, in the Green m at the Y.M.C.A.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now sociated with Dr. Wigutman in ctice.

NOTICE

I hereby notify all stores and the blic generally that my wife having t my bed and board, I will pay no bts run either in my name or hers ille Kelly.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George reet. Nitrous oxide and oxygen ad- inistered for general anaesthesia. pecial attention to pyorrhoea, re- ovable bridge-work and accurately- tting dentures.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood, Prompt delivery. Order now from the Pet- erborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

FOR SALE

The Great War Veterans' Associa- tion having purchased a church pro- perty have the following for sale:
12 Stained Glass Windows.
60 Pews with iron ends and wood slide.
Apply—
R. E. LATFIELD, Chairman, Great War Veterans' Association, Peter- borough, Ontario.

INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNICAL NIGHT SCHOOL NOTES.

1. The class in Millinery will be resumed on Wednesday of this week.

ST. JOHN'S YOUNG MEN'S BIBLE CLASS

The skating party arranged for next Saturday will be held tomorrow (Thursday) night. Refreshments will be served after skating at 243 London street.

C.G.E. PAY DAY

For Tuesday Wednesday & Thursday

5 lbs 20c Prunes, $1.00, for ..09c
5 lbs 10c Rolled Oats, 50c, for..25c
5 lb pail Pure Shortening....$1.47
5 lbs seeds in Raisins, at 11c
5 lbs Wheatlets or Corn Meal ..34c
5 lbs Good Rice, 15c lb. for..65c
5 lbs Green Tea, 50c lb. at ...25c
5 lbs 70c Black Tea, at 54c
5 lbs 65c Black Tea, at 44c
5 Boxes Matches, 15c for 61c
5 Bars 8c Toilet Soap, for 35c
5 Bars 8c Laundry Soap, for ..35c
5 lbs Seedless Raisins, 20c, at 15c
10 lbs G. Sugar for $1.00
(With $2 order)
15c Ammonia, 3 pkgs. 27c
15c Quaker Corn Flakes, 3 for..41c
15c Shredded Wheat .... 3 for 41c
15c Beets, cooked and peeled 5c can
20c Cans Pumpkin, for 10c
25c Cans Lawton Berries 14c
20c Cans Tomatoes (large) 3 for 50c
25c Cans Pears, at 19c
13c Cans Old Dutch, 2 for 18
Good as Dutch Cleanser, only 5c can
40c Margerine, Bargain 32c
52c Creamery Butter 55c
Tiger Salmon, halfs, 2 for 19c
Cut Salmon, 1 lb tins, 25c for..19c
Tiger Brand Salmon, hlfs, ...
..... 2 tins at 19c
25c Baking Powder, good 19c
Fresh meat at our Butcher Stall
Choice P. H. Sirloin Steak 37½c lb
Choice Prime Roasts (as above) 35c
Fresh Finnan Haddie (whole) 9c lb
Salmon (in piece) 18c. Steak 20c
15c Lamp Burners Mdm. 5c. Large 7c
Wide Indigo Prints, good, 35c for 29c
Men's Plain Wool Socks, 50c, for 25c
Ladies' 50c value Hose (fleece) 19c
$1.75 Value Gingham Dresses, $1.15
5 yards ends 35c White Cotton $1.19
45c Dress Crepe Cloth, 4 yds $1.00
Our Bargain Store, 187 Charlotte St.
Our Main Store, Albert and Park Sts.

R. C. BRAUND

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

GILGOUR—WHITE

A very pretty wedding was held this morning at 11.30 in St. Paul's Church, when Miss Sibyl I. White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John White, Aylmer street, became the bride of Mr. James Gilgour, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gilgour.

They were unattended. The ceremony was performed in the presence of many friends by the Rev Robt. Pogue. Mr. Allen presided at the organ and played the wedding march.

Mr and Mrs. Gilgour left on the noon G. T. R. train for a wedding trip and on their return they will reside in the city.

Miss Ida Sanderson and Miss Bulenh Galt have returned from Toronto, where they have been attending the Mendelssohn concert.

Mr. John Kendrick Bangs will arrive in the city on the 5.03 G.T.R. train on Friday evening and will be a guest at the Empress Hotel.

Pte. Leo. Fontaine has left for Toronto where he will receive his discharge after serving for four years overseas.

LEADER WROTE RESIGNATION

BUT SIR WILFRID REMAINED AT HELM AT FOLLOWERS' REQUEST.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—That Sir Wilfrid Laurier resigned the Leadership of the Liberal party at the time of the debate over the Lapointe bilingual resolution, but was persuaded to retain his post by his English-speaking followers, was a piece of secret political history disclosed to the Senate in the course of a notable tribute to his memory by his life-long friend and supporter, Senator Raoul Dandurand. "When passions were aroused to a dangerous degree over a school and racial question between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec," said Senator Dandurand, "he expressed to his followers his intention to raise his voice in the Commons on an impending motion, counselling a friendly solution of the difficulty. It was my mission to inform him of the divergence of views among the members of his party. I have still before me his sorrowful attitude. He stood silent, with eyes gazing afar, and then he sat down and scribbled a few lines addressed to his first lieutenant, Hon. Mr. Graham, conveying his resignation as leader of the Liberal party. He had come to the conclusion that his usefulness was at an end, and that his most cherished hope of a happy and united Canada was a vanishing dream. I owe this testimony to his English-speaking supporters, that it was through their blessing intervention that Sir Wilfrid continued to lead their party."

LOCAL DOCTOR'S GOOD WAR WORK

DR. W. V. DOVER, OF ASHBURNHAM, HAD CHARGE OF CHEMISTRY PLANT.

In a speech recently made in New York the president of the State University of Missouri mentioned among the various services rendered the country by the university during the war, the work of Dr. M. V. Dover, of Ashburnham, who is a member of the staff of the Department of chemistry at Maryland Institute. Dr. Dover was given leave of absence to take charge of the women chemists employed by a well known powder companying, operating a large U. S. Government institute powder plant and was chemist in charge of the administrations' laboratory of the plant.

Dr. Dover recently returned to the University of Missouri to resume her teaching work.

UNIONIST ASSOCIATION

Regular meeting of National Association of West Peterboro will be held in Victoria Hall tonight, 8 o'clock, Feb. 26th.

F. C. MILLER, Secretary.

ATTENDANCE WAS LIGHT

There was a meeting of the directors of the Horticultural Society held in the Council Chambers last night. Little was done on account of the sparse attendance and it is the intention to call another meeting next

AN EVENING OF DELIGHTFUL MELODY WITH TRINITY CHOIR

Concert Last Evening Huge Success—Mr. Frank Oldfield and Mrs. King Heard to Splendid Advantage in Solo Numbers—Very Large Audience Present.

The Trinity Church choir concert last evening was a gratifying success both as to the large attendance present and in the real festival of voice and instrumental melody furnished by the entertainers.

The work of the admirably trained choir did credit not only to themselves but also to their leader, Mr. George H. King, whose skill as choirmaster was delightfully reflected in the several difficult numbers rendered. This commendable choral organization is melodiously balanced and of acceptable volume. His premier piece last evening was "A Slumber Song," a soothing lullaby which, unaccompanied by the organ, gave an entrancing demonstration of the harmony and beauty of human voices in choral and quartette effect when expertly trained and correctly blended. For "tuneful" volume this choir was fully appreciated in "Unfold, Ye Portals Everlasting," from "The Redemption," by Gounod.

Mrs. King, the church's talented soloist, was heard to encore-provoking advantage last night. Her clear, distinct enunciation and sweet soprano voice is quite refreshing, and her delivery is always appropriately expressive of the sentiment her numbers are meant to convey. Her banner number last night was "A Khaki Lad," so faithfully and irresistibly sung that one could not help but recognize the poor, crippled, khaki-clad soldier as "finer than any king." Her other contribution was "My Laddie," but she cheerfully responded to the audiences' demand for an encore in each case.

Mr. Frank Oldfield, the popular baritone, was a valued assistant to the occasion. He is well and favorably known in this city, to which he is always generously welcomed by lovers of good vocal music, and last night proved no exception to the rule. He carried his audience away with him in each of his four numbers, and responded to their applaudits with three encores. He was in splendid form for this event, and his rich, full and versatile voice thrilled the audience again and again. His contributions were delightfully varied, and expressive of pathos, passion, love and humor. His "Lighterman Tom," a spirited, cheerful, happy-go-lucky Thames Barges song, was rendered in contagious form, while in "Sussex by the Sea" he filled the building with soul-stirring, martial melody.

Mr. George H. King, in both organ and piano accompaniment, is to be commended for his admirable contribution to a program very acceptably selected, splendidly rendered and carrying a touch here and there of refined and appropriate humor.

GAS MASKS IN USE IN THE TRENCHES. A SCENE FROM "WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS."

Dr. Girdwood, who was at the outbreak of war engaged on important educational work in India, realized the necessity of having some pictorial representation of the work of the Indian Expeditionary Forces in France and he volunteered to do this vital publicity work. The film which he took without thought of commercial gain, and as a set-off to German propaganda, has cost him over £8000 and nearly four years of service, and not one penny in salary or expenses has been incurred by the Government. This great attraction will be at the Grand Opera House for two nights, Monday and Tuesday, March 3 and 4 Matinee each day.

AMATEUR NIGHT AT THE GRAND

EXCELLENT PROGRAM IS ARRANGED FOR TOMOROW EVENING BY MANAGEMENT.

Tomorrow night an extra fine program is being offered at the Grand Opera House. It is the ever popular amateur night, and in addition to this, eleven fine reels are being screened.

The feature picture will be a big Western drama starring Harry Carey and entitled "Roped." This picture is a most popular one and comes well recommended from other theatres where it has been shown. There will be a two reel railroad drama, "The Robber," with plenty of excitement. There always is a peculiar interest attaching to railroad stories and pictures and this will be present in a remarkable degree in the feature being shown in the Grand tomorrow night. There will be a two-reel Ailce Howell comedy, which is sparkling with fun and altogether the eleven reel performance tomorrow night will be hard to surpass.

Tomorrow evening will see the last of the amateur performances under the present management. There are quite a number of entries already, one of them as a Harry Lauder impersonator, others in musical features and dance. There will be $10 offer-

OBJECTS TO USE OF PRISON STRAP

HARTLEY DEWART CALLS FOR RETURNS ON THIS SUBJECT.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—The prison at Burwash was a subject in the House last session and the Government would give up no information upon the repeated demands of Mr Mageau of Sturgeon Falls. Mr. Dewart yesterday wrote out a question for the Government:

"Has it taken any action since the report in the New York Press of Feb. 5, 1919, concerning Supt. Neelands of Burwash Industrial Farm, having regard to a report that at the annual conference in New York of the national committee on prisons and prison labor, Supt. C. F. Neelands of the Industrial Farm at Burwash, Ontario, said that when everything else failed in the management of a prisoner, he used a strap on him?"

Mr. Adolph Lewisohn of New York denounced such treatment and other men and women expressed similar sentiments.

Mr. Dewart asks is it the intention of the Government to abolish flogging at the Industrial Farm.

Enforce Dry Law In United States

COMMITTEE ON CONGRESS RULES ASKED TO GIVE IT PREFERENCE.

Washington, Feb. 26.—A bill to enforce the provisions of the war-time prohibition law, which goes into effect on July 1, was reported favorably by the House Judiciary Committee. The measure gives the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and his assistants power to investigate any reported violations of the act to the United States District Attorney, who is charged with the prosecution.

One radical provision in the bill would give the Government power to proceed against the owner of a building where liquors are sold in violation of the law, and if it is known to the owner that the law was being violated, the Government may get a lien against the property to cover the cost of prosecution.

Representative Barkley, author of the bill, is very anxious to get it through the proposed legislation in this session and will ask the Committee on Rules to give the bill preference in the House. Even should it pass the House in the remaining eight days of the session it is not expected to get through the legislative jam in the Senate.

DAYLIGHT SAVING DEPENDS ON U. S.

IF NEIGHBORING REPUBLIC CONTINUES THE SCHEME, CANADA WILL.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—Continuation of daylight saving in Canada will depend on the stand taken by the United States congress. If Congress decides to repeal its daylight saving measure, it is felt here that merely confusion would be created by putting Canadian clocks forward one hour during the summer months.

The legislative situation in the two countries differs. The act passed by the Dominion parliament last session empowered the governer-in-council to bring daylight saving into effect for last year only. A new act will be necessary for continuation of daylight saving this year.

Doubt Across Line

In the United States daylight saving again comes into effect on the last Sunday in March, unless repealed by act of congress. But, as a result of protests from farmers, considerable opposition has already developed at Washington. A motion favoring repeal of the act was unanimously carried by the senate committee on agriculture, and some doubt is felt whether the act will be permitted to stand.

In the circumstances, action by the Dominion government will be deferred pending a more definite attitude by congress. If daylight saving is continued across the line, it will be continued here.

Mrs. G. H. King and Mr. Jarvis in Recital

Music lovers of Peterborough may look forward with keen pleasure to the vocal recital to be given by Mrs. Geo. H. King on Thursday evening, March 6th. Mrs. King, the talented soprano soloist of Trinity Church, will be assisted by Mr Harold Jarvis, tenor soloist of Detroit, and this combination of vocal talent will unquestionably offer a program of vocal harmony which should assure a capacity audience.

OBITUARY

ALEXANDER EASON.

Alexander Eason, son of the late Thomas Eason, of Asphodel, died in Pittsburgh on February 24th, at the age of 47 years.

Deceased had resided in Peterborough for the past sixteen years and leaves, in addition to his wife, the mother, who resides with her daughter, Mrs. A. G. H. Rutherford, 325 Hollis street.

George Eason, of 33 Cricket place, Ashburnham, is a brother of deceased, and Mrs. Rutherford is the only sister.

The remains will arrive in Peterborough on the 12:30 C. P. R. noon train tomorrow. The funeral will be held from the depot to Little Lake Cemetery, the Rev. J. A. McKenzie conducting the service.

IN MEMORIAN

A tribute to him who has lived his life a worthy example to those whom he has preceded into eternity; whose creed was his duty to God and to his fellowmen; to whom unerring adherence to principles of honor, justice and right was a stay in the Path of Life; who was sublimely happy in this world of sorrow because his was the glorious happiness attained from untiring efforts to bring joy to others; who got the most out of life because he so freely gave of himself to the welfare of others—Hugo J. Lundgren. May God rest his generous kind soul.

E. B. C.

Private Detectives.

Since the matter of private detective agencies has grown ominous in the administration of law, the following question by Mr. Dewart is most timely:

"Is the 'W. J. Burns International Detective Agency' licensed to do business in the Province of Ontario as a private detective agency? What surety or guarantee company undertook to guarantee 'the faithful, honest and lawful conduct' of its business by the said agency? Were representations made to the treasurer of Ontario that no license should be issued or renewed to enable the Burns agency to do business in the province? Will the Government make a

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT - 7.30 - TO-NIGHT
Daily Matinees 2.30. Big "Metro" Feature Evenings 7.30.
Edith Storey in "THE SILENT WOMAN"
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN

'The Landlady's Pet'
5 Other Reels 5 Vaudeville 11 in all 11
DICKSON AND BELL
Matinees 10c. Eccentric Dancing Comedians Evenings 15c

Get Your Name in at the Box Office for the Big AMATEUR Contest Thursday Night

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28
4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES—50c, 75c, $1.00
Plan open to Ticket Holders Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25 and 26, and to General Public Thursday and Friday, Feb. 27 and 28.

2 Days MONDAY. & TUESDAY
MARCH 3rd and 4th
DAILY MATINEE 2.15. EVENING 8.15
UNDER PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA
And HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA
THE ALL BRITISH FILM, IN 9 REELS,
WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS
With Dr. H. D. GIRDWOOD, B.A. L.L.D. F.R.G.S. F.R.P.S.
Who will Personally Describe all the Important Events
A GLORIOUS, ENTERTAINING, INSTRUCTIVE, POPULAR PRICED
MATINEE 25c ALL SEATS
NIGHTS 25c, 35c, and 50c
UNDER AUSPICES OF MAJOR BENNETT CHAPTER DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Even a crook may take his liquor straight.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Peterborough.
IN THE ESTATE OF ALFRED SMITH, late of the Township of Smith, in the County of Peterborough, farmer, private, No. 185285 of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Rev. 121, R.S.O., 1914, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Alfred Smith, who died on or about the thirtieth or thirty-first day of October, 1917, at the Battle of Passchendaele Ridge, in Belgium, are required on or before the third day of March, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Edward A. Sanderson, of the said Township of Smith, farmer, R. R. No. 1, Peterborough, Ontario, the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses, full particulars in writing of their claims, statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.
AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after the said third day of March, 1919, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate of the said deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.
Dated at Peterborough, this twenty-ninth day of January, 1919.
A. E. DIXON,
397½ George St., Peterborough,
Solicitor for said Executor.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
Rubber Sponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum
Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

CASH PAID for VICTORY - BONDS -
and partly Paid Receipts

We have also some very desirable, well secured, Investments yeilding returns from
5% TO 7½%
WRITE FOR LIST

Hughson Johnstone
Manager
Peterboro Security Co.
Suite 202 and 203 —Barrie Building— Phone 958

FOR SALE
"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park
Furnished; splendid location directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. E. MUEHLEN

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fair and cold. Friday—Easterly winds, with snow.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

60th YEAR No. 49 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

DAUGHTER OF ROYAL FAMILY IS WEDDED TO A COMMONER

Princess Patricia Married to Commander Murray With Imposing Ceremony—The Bride Carried Bouquet Presented by Canadian Battalion of Same Name and Bound With Regimental Colors

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London ,Feb. 21.—Princess Patricia of Connaught and Commander Alexander R. M. Ramsey, R.N., were married at Westminster Abbey, at noon today. No other social event since the outbreak of the war has created such public interest. Crowds assembled early in the day along the route over which the Princess drove with her father, the Duke of Connaught, from St. James' palace to Westminster Abbey about which throngs waited patiently for a glimpse of the popular bride.

The ceremony was performed by the archbishop of Canterbury, assisted by the Dean of Westminster and other noted ecclesiastics, in the present of King George and Queen Mary and a great assembly of members of the Royal Family. A guard of honor of the "Princess Pat" regiment was station at the door, sharing the honors with seamen from H. M. S. George V. Court mourning over the death of Prince John was waived for the occasion and the elegant gowns of the ladies lent a festive air to the assemblage.

The wedding presents ,which are still arriving number nearly an even hundred and range from homely market baskets to priceless diamonds. Princess Patricia presented Commander Ramsey with a bust of herself, his gift to the bride was a Chinese lacquered cabinet.

The bride entered the abbey by the west door, which is used only on occasions of importance. Her gown was of a white brocaded panne over silver lace, the outer gown being caught up with silver lover's knots. She carried a bouquet presented by the Princess Pat. Canadian regiment and tied with the regimental colors.

After the ceremony there was a procession of the Royal Family down the aisles of the historic cathedral. It was led by the Duke of Connaught and Queen Mary, Ging George and Queen Mother Alexandra and former King Manuel of Portugal and his wife who was formerly Princess Augustus Victoria of Hohenzollern. Peers and Peeresses followed.

LABOR ISSUES ITS ULTIMATUM

Informs Industrial Parliament That Workingmen of England Have Set New Value Upon Themselves and Will Insist Upon Better Wages and Living Conditions.

London, Feb. 27.—The Industrial Parliament, composed of representatives of employers and employed and government officials assembled in Central Hall Westminster, this morning .Premier Lloyd George and others addressed the gathering. The delegates to the Parliament number 800. It is estimated that more than 10 million workers are represented. James Henry Thomas, member of Parliament and general secretary of the National Union of Railway men, said he was deputed to make the following observation of the triple alliance of miners, railway men and transport workers.

"The organized workers of Great Britain have made up their minds to obtain for themselves an increasing share of the wealth which their labor has produced and produces. The workers of the three-fold organization are determined to shorten materially the hours of labor in their respective industries.

"Labor has become increasingly alive to its sovereign power and will shirk no responsibilities and will be denied none of its rights and privileges.

"The miners, railway men and transport workers demand immediately for ownership by the state of mines and railways and the means of inland and coastal trasport."

The statement declares that for most of the prevailing unions "The scandalous profiteering countenanced by the Government during the period of the war" is responsible.

The statement continues:—"Realizing these facts and inferences from them the workers have resolutely set their faces towards some order of society which will improve their lives and conditions in accord with the new valuation they have set upon themselves. No longer are they prepared to contest themselves with every wage advance being thrust upon the consumer and consequently cancelling every improvement instantly and automatically. Rent, interest and profits are not inviolate .

"Statesmen of every party must make up their minds that there is going to be a drastic change. Wise men will allow and provide for it. Others will be convinced only by the compelling power of events.

"In every country we see the workers seeking changes. We in this country may be able to see these changes brought about peacefully and orderly."

The blockade of Germany could not be raised until Germany had signed a peace treaty which would make war impossible Premier Lloyd George declared in speaking at the industrial parliament this afternoon.

MONARCHISTS IN GERMANY PLANNING DECISIVE MOVE

Have Been Quietly at Work Getting the Whip Hand and Are Now Said to Control the Government—Unrest Noted in All Sections of the Former Empire.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 27.—The Monarchists of Germany are contemplating an early move in the opinion of the Mail's correspondent at Berlin, who says that the old officer class, with its general staff, has been gradually getting the whip hand there since January, and now holds the Government in its power.

Dr. Wilhelm Muehlon, former director of the Krupp works, has arrived at Munich and is negotiating with the Socialist leaders there with a view to forming a new Bavarian Cabinet.

Trains Stopped.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—The Parliamentary special train for Weimer, which left yesterday, has been stopped at Leipzig. It is reported that the Government Courier, who left Berlin Berlin yesterday, has been stopped at Tuesday night, has not yet arrived at Weimer.

Herr Hoffmann, the Bavarian Minister of Works and leader of the Majority Socialists, is a complete nervous wreck and is in retirement, according to a despatch received here from Munich. Major Gen. Garres, ministerial councillor who was wounded during Friday's riot in the Bavarian diet, has died of his injuries, it is reported.

The Munich Post, the organ of the Majority Socialists, demands that the Diet shall make an unequivocal declaration of its undisputed sovereignty and directs that the proclamation of a Soviet republic there means a rebellion against the Empire.

ASK HYDRO TO BUILD ELECTRIC LINE FROM WHITBY TO PETERBORO

Railway Committee of City Council Take Important Action on Question Brought Up by Ald. Edgar—Radial Service to Stoney Lake

Alderman Edgar, chairman of the Railway Committee, at its meeting last night, was responsible for having a motion passed urging the Hydro Commission to take over the Toronto and Eastern radial line which was started by Mackenzie and Mann with the intention of having Cobourg as its terminus, and build it northeast from Whitby to Peterborough, thence to Lakefield and on to the Kawartha Lakes.

In introducing the question, Alderman Edgar stated that it was not good business, as far as he could see, for the Hydro, which was trying to get possession of the road in so far as it is built, from the Mackenzie and Mann interests, to attempt to compete with three steam roads along the front.

If the Commission could be induced to take over the projected line and build it northeast from Whitby it would be good business from their standpoint as it would serve territory between this city and Whitby which was not tapped by a railroad, and would be well patronized by the people of Peterborough, which city was a larger and more important centre than they could enter by following the original survey.

Peterborough's Opportunity.

It would mean, continued the chairman of the Railway Committee, that Peterborough would have better facilities for getting to Toronto and points along the western lake front. In the summer tourists would find it an added inducement to visit our city and the Hydro might, if they saw fit, take over the Grand Trunk line to Lakefield, electrify it, and include it as a link in the system to the Kawartha Lakes. McCracken's Landing would be the logical terminus of such a road, which in the summer season would have all it could do to accommodate the traffic to the summer resorts. It would be a direct route

(Continued on Page 4.)

SIR WILFRID WAS WORTH $160,000

THAT IS ESTIMATED VALUE OF ESTATE OF LATE LEADER.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—The late Sir Wilfrid Laurier's will is to be entered for probate within a fortnight.

It is understood that he left an estate valued at about $160,000 and that practically the sole beneficiary is Lady Laurier.

The estate includes the revenue from the government annuity of $100,000 purchased for him by friends some years ago, residential properties in Ottawa and Arthabaska, life insurance, and some stocks in Canada Cement ,Montreal Power, and other companies.

According to the estimate made the personal property will total around one hundred thousand dollars and the Ottawa real estate, a house situated at 355 Laurier Ave. East, is given a valuation of between thirty five and forty thousand dollars. The property at Arthabaskaville, Que., where Sir Wilfrid had his summer home is estimated as having a value of between ten and twelve thousand dollars.

According to figures obtained at the City Hall, the assessed value of Sir Wilfrids' Ottawa property was divided as follows: land $10,550; buildings $10,500, in all $21,050, which represents about seventy five per cent of the actual valuation. The taxes amounted to approximately $330, and the income tax of the departed statesman amounted to around $188.00 additional.

Though nothing of an official nature has been given out in connection with it, it has been heard that several charitable and benevolent bequests will be made.

NAMES DR. CODY FOR NEW LEADER

FONEY POLITICAL STORY IS GATHERED BY THE TORONTO STAR.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 27.—In reference to an Ontario Conservative caucus here today, the Star, Liberal, says the rumors are that party may be seriously disrupted on prohibition and others be reorganised, with a new leader and Premier, the name of Hon. Dr. Cody, present Minister of Education, being the most prominent mentioned in this connection.

TO WELCOME VETERANS.

All bandsmen of the Salvation Army are requested to meet the 8.28 G. T. R. train, as there are nine soldiers expected.

FARMERS OPPOSE DAYLIGHT SAVING

PETITIONS POUR INTO PARLIAMENT PROTESTING AGAINST PROPOSED CHANGE.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—If the counties of Perth, Middlesex, Dufferin and Victoria are an index of the general feeling of rural Canada and daylight-saving, there will be a tremendous batch of petitions against the clock being put on an hour for the summer season of 1919. Parliament has received petitions from the Councils of the counties named, and the petition in each case is similar in form and substance. The claim made in each instance is that the tampering with the clock hindered rather than helped production, and caused trouble with labor at a time when labor was scarcer than it had ever been. The "dislocation of established custom," in the words of the petition, compelled the farmer to pay largely increased wages for shorter hours of labor.

Five Veterans Are On Their Way Home

Word was received by Mayor Duncan this morning that five Peterborough returned men left Montreal this morning for this city. They will in all probability arrive on the 5.30 G. T. R. train this evening. The information was wired from Kingston.

LIEUT. PATTERSON DIES IN ENGLAND

PETERBOROUGH MAN FELL A VICTIM TO THE DEADLY "FLU."

The many friends of Lieut. Wm. R. Patterson (Billie) will deeply regret to learn that he died in Bramshott Military Hospital, England, on the 4th inst., from that dread scourge the Flu.

Mr. Harry Goodwin, Hart Avenue, yesterday received a letter from the young wife, to whom Lieut. Patterson was married last October, containing the sad news.

He had not been suffering from any serious sickness, although not in the best of health for about two months, and had recently been to London to receive his commission, returning to Bramshott at the end of January.

On the 4th of February, Mrs. Patterson was notified of his serious condition and arrived just in time to see him pass away.

He left Peterborough at the commencement of the war to join the Princess Pats and was a considerable time on active service.

The Provincal Housing bill was given its first reading.

TARIFF DISCORD IN EAST AND WEST

HON. J. A. CALDER SAYS HOUSE MUST SOLVE THIS PROBLEM.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—"In the west all the elements of disunion exist. I am referring to the tariff cleavage between the east and west. We might as well look the facts straight in the face. There is no use dodging it. That situation is there. What are the people of Canada going to do? We will have an opportunity later in the session to consider the matter, but it is one of the questions on the horizon that looks dangerous. If Canada is to be what it will be, an honest, earnest attempt must be made to solve that problem."

These somewhat impressive words ware delivered in the house of commons this afternoon, not by a grain grower nor by a free trade member of the opposition, but by no less a person than Hon. James A. Calder minister of immigration and colonization in the Union government. Mr. Calder, in speaking upon the address from the throne in the House on Wednesday afternoon last, referred to the fact that many members had dwelt upon the need for national unity.

Where Danger Lay

He intimated that the danger of disunion lay not in diversity or race or creed but in the widening of the cleavage on the tariffs between eastern and western Canada. Later on he disputed the dictum of Mr. McMaster, Liberal member for Brome, to the effect that the Liberals who believed in tariff reduction must immediately cross over to the opposition benches. Mr. Calder suggested there were problems pressing for immediate solution which ought to be first dealt with by the Union Government, as at present constituted. The tariff question he admitted to be of primary importance, but on the other hand, he asked, "But are the people of Canada asking us to look horns just at this moment on a question which has divided Canada for the last forty of fifty years?" Mr. Calder thus left himself an avenue of escape but he clearly intimated that the tariff question might be dealt with at the present session. There is every prospect thit it will be, and that it cannot be shelved as it has been expected for another year.

Premier Clemenceau Is On Duty Again

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 27.—Premier Clemenceau resumed his official tasks at the Ministry of War this morning.

Debate in the Legislature on the Reply to the Speech from the Throne has begun.

DISTINGUISHED PARTY PASSED THROUGH CITY THIS MORNING

General Paul Mary Caesar Gerald Pau, commander of the Legion of Honor, and the one-armed French military leader, passed through Peterboro this morning on his way to Ottawa from Toronto.

General Pau is the head of the French mission to Australia, which mission is returning to France via Canada. This one-armed French war veteran, is accompanied by M. Andre Siegfried, general secretary of the mission, who is an author and traveller of much distinction. The party also include M. Le Commandment d'Andre, aide de camp to the general, M. Corbiere, a horse and cattle breeder from Normandy, representing agriculture; Mr. Meadows Smith, British consul, attached to the mission by the British and Australian Governments; M. Leclercq-Motte, a wool manufacture of Roubaix, and M. Mathiew, a silk manufacture of Lyons. While in Toronto the party was entertained by the city, Empire Club, Canadian Club and the Provincial Cabinet. Yesterday the party of twelve visited Niagara Falls.

General Pau commanded the French right at the opening of the war. He lost his right hand at the battle of Noerth, against the Germans in the Franco-Prussian war. He was in charge of the French forces which protected the retreat of the Belgians from Antwerp, late in 1914, having been transferred to that theatre of war from Alsace, after the battle of the Marne. It was he who worked with General Joffre to stop the first onset of the Huns upon Paris.

TWO YEAR SENTENCE FOR ED MURPHY, DEFAULTER

Sentence Passed on Young Kirkfield Man by Magistrate Dumble This Afternoon.

Edward Murphy of Kirkfield, who pleaded guilty in police court here several days ago to the charge of having been a defaulter under the M. S. A., was this afternoon sentenced by Magistrate Dumble to a term of two years less one day at the Guelph prison farm.

Inspector Ward of the Dominion Police, Sergt. Carmody and Constable Lyons gave evidence for the Crown which was represented by the acting crown attorney, J. Fordyce Strickland. It was shown that the young man had received his order to report for service, and the only excuse he could advance for his failure to do so was that he was too busy on his father's farm.

John Alton, reeve of Cardon township, and George Heathvan gave character evidence in favor of the prisoner, and the aged father was in attendance.

G. N. Gordon made a moving plea for leniency for Murphy, drawing the attention of the court to the fact that the young man was only 22 years of age, had been sober and industrious, and save for this one instance had never broken the law of the land. He was an unsophisticated country youth living in a backward part of the country and looked upon military life with an abhorrence which was not characteristic of the urban youth. He asked his Worship to consider these extenuating circumstances in passing sentence.

Magistrate Dumble stated in sentencing Murphy that this young man was the kind that his country needed in her hour of distress. He had sent back the order to report for service and had refused to obey the law and shoulder arms in defence not of England or of Ireland, but of the whole British Empire, of which Canada, his native land, was a part. He could not, therefore, treat his offence lightly, and Murphy was sentenced to the jail farm for two years less one day.

START PUBLIC WORKS AT ONCE

Government Will Give Employment to Hundreds of Men Within Ten Days.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—Hon. Frank B. Carvell, announced in the debate in Parliament that public works to give work to unemployed would be started within the next ten days in Montreal, Toronto, Calgary and probably Hamilton. In Toronto, he said, it is proposed to build a general Federal building, including customs. In Calgary also there will be a general public building.

Hon. Mr. Carvell said it was his intention to start work before the vote was passed in the House, in the belief that his action would be endorsed. In reply to Mr. MacKenzie, he stated that the work should be done by tender and contract. In Montreal there would be an extension of the custom [illegible]. The Hamilton and Calgary building would include customs [illegible] but there would, in addition, be a general federal building. These works were justifiable because they were necessary, he said. Rentals were tremendous and he thought it would be good business for the Government to erect buildings in many places besides those mentioned.

Aim is to Give Work.

Hon. Mr. Carvell said the Government was spending a large amount of money on its shipbuilding programme. He admitted that if the Government had gone into the open market after the declaration of peace, the ships might have been secured at a lower price. But a year ago there was nothing the Allies needed so much as ships. And if the Government had waited till peace the ships might have been secured too late. He argued that the programme would be of great assistance in meeting the unemployed problem.

Bolshevist Army Meets With Defeat

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 27.—Although it is reported that the Bolsheviki are planning an offensive against the Entente and other Russian governments on all fronts, official statements lately indicate that the Trotsky-Lenin forces are sustaining defeat at many points. According to reports from Archangel, the Allies in the Murman region advanced twenty-six miles, reaching Soudgoggo, and inflicted very heavy casualties on the Bolsheviki armies.

Delegates Said To Be Leaving

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Geneva, Feb. 27.—The Swiss newspapers print a Berlin despatch that says that owing to the sudden suspension of the armistice negotiations at Spa the German delegates have returned home, and that Hindenburg and Ludendorff are expected in Berlin shortly. There is no confirmation from other sources.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

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FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1919

TWO YEARS VERSUS SIX HOURS.

IN PETERBOROUGH a military defaulter gets two years in prison. In Quebec a confinement of six hours with a light fine is regarded as sufficient punishment. The magistrate in this city and those in Quebec are working under the same law, which Magistrate Dumble says he will question interpret correctly and deals out simple justice, as the Act calls for.

In Ontario a man of alien birth is fined $4500 and sent to jail for six months for expressing a friendly feeling for the scrapings of his native land. In other provinces men have been known to tear down the Empire's flag, assault British soldiers, and get away with it unpunished.

There is certainly something wrong somewhere, and the Union Government at Ottawa is in a position, if any Administration ever was, to get at the root of the matter.

THE PRIVATE DETECTIVE.

HARTLEY DEWART, lieutenant of the Ontario Liberals, and a man who beyond all question aspires to first place, is certain of popular support in his move to root out the private detective evil in this country, for, while that evil is not only tolerated but encouraged by administrative action, the liberty and happiness that is supposed to be assured the common people is under the shadow of a constant menace. The regular police force that costs the ratepayers so much for maintenance is, or should be, sufficient.

The private detective works along entirely different lines from the orthodox officer. Set him to the task of catching an offender, and it is up to him, for the sake of the reputation and the money there is in the job to deliver the goods. If, for example, he is required to catch a thief, he is not to be balked by such a trifling circumstance as there being no such a character really available. He proceeds to manufacture one. If the private detective is engaged by a firm or corporation to capture a defaulter, he proceeds on the same easy principle and sets traps at every corner to get his man, traps into which hitherto blameless citizens may innocently walk.

In short, the private detective shines chiefly as a manufacturer rather than a preventer of crime. It is, unfortunately, an easy matter to tempt humanity into the ways of evil. Mankind is already prone to move in that direction. The object of all reformers, however, is rather to guard the masses against offences. The police officer who knows his business is intent on keeping the people straight rather than waylaying them and working upon their inherent moral weakness. The private detective of the dime novel shines as a sleuth largely because he is first furnished by the author of the marvelous story with a set of circumstances that lead him by easy stages to the quarry.

The police of Peterborough could fill the cells at the police station every night if they followed the tactics so popular with the private Sherlock Holmes. They could easily persuade usually peaceful citizens to disturb the public peace. They could leave store doors open to tempt the morally weak to pilfer. But in these enlightened days a police officer is judged not by the number of convictions recorded, but by the amount of crime which he prevents and the degree of peace which he preserves in the community.

It is, however, as a strike-breaker that the private detective's malign influence peculiarly offends us the people, for such ruffians are set on working men whose one crime it is to secure what may eventually turn out to be simple justice. In short, the modern private detective is an evil which any legislature, by uprooting, will perform a desirable public service.

THE SILK HAT.

The Hamilton Spectator is aroused over a fanciful hat-tation against the silk hat. It maintains that no piece of headgear has yet been devised which so well tops off the human biped for social functions, and says that the opposition to the plug is inspired by envy and jealousy of its price. But then, again, we may recall that the fellow that sold us that mining stock wore a silk hat.—Ottawa Citizen.

AND UNFORTUNATELY the silk hat covers the dome of the moonlight and the shady politician alike, and has since been brought into disrepute by being compelled to keep up sartorial association with a sack coat and red vests.

THAT SHORT STEP.

IT IS ONLY A SHORT STEP from the sublime to the ridiculous, and now the good people of the United States seem really to take it. Only a few weeks ago they were devoting all their patriotic energy, all their national resources, and the best young lives in the nation, to deciding the issue as to whether military force or eternal justice was to prevail in the world. Having settled that stupendous question to the lasting benefit of humanity, the Americans now propose to settle a dispute as to whether one Jess Willard or a Mr. Jack Dempsey is the better prize ring gladiator.

The United States sent men into a man's sized war, into real warfare, where human life was regarded as only so much canhon food, and paid them the royal compensation of $30 a month. The pugilists are to receive for their performance a monetary reward that makes the soldier's pay look like a beggar's dole by way of the back door. Mr. Willard, the present champion, who is to defend his title and his honor—save the word—will be paid $100,000, whether he succeeds or fails in his arduous task. Mr. Dempsey's financial prize will be $20,000 regardless of the outcome of his exertions. The battle with ten rounds, two minutes rounds, something over an hour, allowing for the resting spells permitted the mighty combatants, and each will wear specially padded gloves to preserve his own hands and the countenance of his antagonist from serious injury.

It will be claimed, however, that the Willard-Dempsey engagement is a private enterprise for which the American nation can in no sense be held responsible. It is, in fact, nothing of the kind. No such pugilistic function can be pulled off without the special sanction of some state legislature. For the credit of the United States, let it be said here and now that there is at present not a single commonwealth in the American Union in which the Willard-Dempsey hippodrome can be legally staged. The promoters, having arranged the preliminaries, are next concerned with finding a suitable location. To do this it will be necessary to interest a majority of the members of a state legislature to the extent of having them pass a special Act legalizing the impending battle argument. This will involve no end of diplomacy and will call for the expenditure of various sums of money judiciously placed so as to produce the desired effect.

But there is still a chance—and a hope—that all these negotiations will fail and that if the issue is ever settled the exhibition will have to be held outside the boundaries of the United States.

DOCTORS AND THE SPEED LAW.

A TORONTO MAGISTRATE warns the doctors of that city that they will not be allowed to break the speed laws, even if they are on their way to answer a hurry call to a patient.

Why should a doctor urge as a reason for excessive haste that a human life is at stake, while at the same time he places in jeopardy the mortal existence of scores of pedestrians? Why rush to deal with one casualty while creating others as he pursues his career through the city streets?

NOTES AND COMMENT.

CHINA IS NOW anxious to join the League of Nations. Eventually the American Senate may profit by the wisdom of the heathen.

* * * * *

EVERY TRADE and profession is represented in the membership of the local G. W. V. A., thus demonstrating the composite nature of the defenders of Canada.

* * * * *

THE BELLICOSE U. S. senators are evidently under a misapprehension. There is a George on the throne of England, but he is one number removed from his namesake who caused all the trouble in '76 and immeasurably different in other respects.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Church Sues City.
(New York Herald.)

A Brooklyn church is suing subway contractors, declaring that a sand pile at the door way cut down collection plate receipts $16,000 a year. Thus can municipal improvement unwittingly aid the devil's work.

(Buffalo Express.)

Conspicuous Brevity.

"Hear Colonel W. A. Bishop, V.C., Etc.," reads the ticket. If the colonel sees that "Etc." he may cite his press agent for conspicuous brevity.

For This Relief Many Thanks.
(Los Angeles Herald.)

"Taxing the unborn." That will be some relief to us who are both born and taxed.

Quite Possible.
(Galt Reporter.)

Coming years may not throw into Brantford's lap the necessary number of extensive industries to make her a formidable rival to Hamilton.

The Club-Men.
(Ottawa Journal.)

It might do less damage to let the Toronto cops pass out soiled whiskey to the public than let them loose again among said public with batons.

A Nation's Re-Birth.
(Brantford Courier.)

Chancellor Ebert states that the German Empire will be rebuilt on truth and justice. That means changing the whole poulation of the Fatherland.

The Book of Books.
(John Quincy Adams.)

The first and almost the only book deserving of universal attention is the Bible. It is a book which neither the most ignorant and weakest nor the most learned and intelligent can read without improvement.

Two Nations As One.
(Buffalo News.)

There is no parallel for the happy relations that obtain between the two North American peoples. It has been, and is, as if they were one in government, as they are in democratic faith and in their zeal for free institutions.

Langelier's Point.
(Guelph Mercury.)

That Quebec judge so far seems to have the best of the argument in having the written instructions to go carry with the defaulters. But as somebody has to be made the goat when things go wrong, they will probably claim the office boy sent out the wrong letter.

Equal Before the Law.
(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

In theory, of course, all men are equal before the law; but as a matter of practice, can this be said? Is the man who has no money with which to employ a great lawyer or to carry a case from court to court on the same footing as the man who has plenty of money? Will anyone who knows anything about the methods of the courts say he is?

WHAT IS WHITLEY REPORT?

Although this report was widely circulated and gladly concurred in by both capital and labor in the British Isles in 1917, very little notice seems to have been taken of it on this side of the Atlantic. An editorial on labor conditions in the official publication of the Canadian chartered accountants, published in January, finished up with the query: "What is the Whitley Report?"

In March, 1917, the British government named a commission under the chairmanship of the Right Hon. J. H. Whitley, M.P., to enquire into the relations existing between the employer and employe. Between March and October of the same year this report was submitted to the Government in three parts and the findings were accepted as a basis for the reconstruction of industrial relations by Prime Minister Lloyd George.

In view of the present world-wide unrest amongst the workers and the fact that the Whitley Report provides a practical solution for the industrial unrest, the essential features of that report should be known by every employer and employe on this continent, because it requires no clairvoyance to realize that a change is coming in human relationships international in its scope.

For Better Intelligence.

This report realizes that the elevation of the composite intelligence of the mass of workers must be raised, so that their intelligence may be directed to the improvement of the methods and tools they use so as to increase output or efficiency; in other words, so that the growth of invention and skill shall result in the production in a shorter time than is now generally being done, the needs of existence for every twenty-four hours.

It recognizes that competition without universal minimum standards would enable unscrupulous competitors to prevent the maintenance of decent living; it renders impossible the undermining of industrial standards, and it realizes that international standards must be raised before the best good can accrue to the workers of any nation.

Briefly the plan is to organize each industry into works committees, district councils, and national councils, all working along similar lines, bringing together the representatives in each industry of the trades union and employers' union. The object is to undertake the continuous consideration of matters affecting the progress and well-being of each trade from the point of view of all parties engaged in it, consistent with the general interest of the community.

Summary of Findings.

Two basic aims are sought: The one will apply to the equal enforcement of standards throughout each trade; the other will secure co-operation by granting to the workers a greater share in the consideration of matters affecting their employment.

The following is a brief summary of the findings:

1. Better utilization of the practical knowledge and experience of the work people.

2. Means for securing to work people a greater share in and responsibility for the determination and observance of the conditions under which the work is carried on.

3. The settlement of the general principles governing the conditions of employment, including the methods of fixing, paying and readjusting of wages, having regard to the need for securing to the work people a share in the increased prosperity of the industry.

4. The establishment of regular methods of negotiation for issues arising between employers and work people, with a view both to the prevention of differences and to their better adjustment when they appear.

5. Means of ensuring to the work people the greatest possible security of earnings and employment without undue restrictions upon change of occupation or employer.

6. Methods of fixing and adjusting earnings, piecework prices, etc.

7. Technical education and training.

8. Industrial research and the full utilization of its results.

9. Facilities for full consideration and utilization of inventions, and improvements designed by workpeople and for the adequate safeguarding of the rights of the inventors and designers of such improvements.

10. Improvements of processes, machinery and organization and appropriate questions relating to management and the examination of industrial experiments with special reference to co-operation in carrying new ideas into effect and full consideration of the workers' point of view in relation to them.

11. Proposed legislation affecting the industry.

WIT AND WISDOM

Inexpensive Tonic

"What is the best appetizer you know of?" asked Smith.

"The absence of the price of a meal," replied Jones.

Heard at the Club

Doctor—What was the most confusing case you ever tried?

Judge—A case of cahmpganesht champagne I hadn't got half way through it before I was all muddled up.

Better for the Nerves

"Do you enjoy educative films?"

"Yes, indeed," replied the old-fashioned man. "It's a positive relief to me to see pictures of a great industrial plant in operation, assured that no villain is going to appear on the scene and concoct a fiendish plot to get the fair heroine caught in the machinery."

A Sinking Fund

Mrs. Spendall (looking up from newspaper)—What is a sinking fund Arthur?

Mr. Spendall (fiercely)—Mine is.

Dinner Persiflage

"Allow me to help you to a piece of Washington pie."

"No, thank you. I admire George's purity, perserverance and patriotism, but his pies I detest."

"If you were obliged to swallow a man, what one would you prefer?"

"Oh, Cordelia! what a silly question. Really I don't know."

"A little London porter."

Inopportune

Husband—Have you had a pleasant afternoon?

Wife—No. Mrs. Wilkinson and Mrs. Jenkinson came together and left together. I had a lot things about Mrs. Wilkinson I wanted to tell Mrs. Jenkenson, and I had a lot of things about Mrs. Jenkinson that I wanted to tell Mrs. Wilkinson. But, of course, when they were both together it was no use.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Loss of Energy, Loss of Vitality, Impotency, Lost Power, Failing Memory. Prices $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Free pamphlet sent free. The Wood Chemical Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Last nite I was erround at my cuzin Arties and I thawt of a good one, saying, Lets call up my house and ask for Mr. Spindle.

Whose he? sed Artie, and I sed, He aint nobody, thats the joak. And Artie called up my house, me putting my ear rite next to Arties ear so I could heer too, and pop answered the fone, saying, Hello, Hello like sumbody in a hurry.

Is Mr. Spindle in? sed Artie.

I never herd of the gentleman, youve got the rong number, sed pop And he hung up and pritty soon Artie called up agen, pop coming to the fone and saying, Hello, hello, hello, like sumbody in a even bigger of a hurry.

Can I speek to Mr. Spindle? sed Artie.

No doubt you can if you understand his langwidge, confound it, Im bizzy shaving and I dont look like a Spindle and I dont feel like a Spindle, and this is not the number you wunt.

Well will you please tell me wat number I wunt? sed Artie.

You better look up the hug house, thats wat I think sed pop. Meening Artie must be krazy. And he hung up with a bang, and after a little wile I tried it, taking a long wile for pop to come to the fone, wich wen he did he started to tawk without waiting for me to say enything, saying, If youre still after that spindle legged persin, he's ded.

Wat did he die of I sed, disgizing my voice to sound like sumbody elses and pop sed, Well Ill be— say, who is this? Benny? Benny?

Wich I quick hung up saying to Artie, G, I think maybe he a spected it was me.

And wen I got home I found out for sure he did.

Under the auspices of the inter-allied mission to Poland the Czecks yesterday began the evacuation of the Teschen mining districts.

General Ludendorff has returned to Germany and has written to President Eberts demanding a court of inquiry into his conduct of the war.

SIX HOURS FOR DRAFT DODGERS

LIGHT PUNISHMENT IS HANDED OUT BY JUDGE IN QUEBEC.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—Judge Lanctot had before him in the police court sixty men charged with being absentees under the Military Service Act. Ten cases were disposed of. All the young men admitted the charges against them. Judge Lanctot said he could not consider the men in the same class with murderers and thieves and send them to the county jail with such criminals. He sentenced four of them to six hours in jail, two were fined $25, two $10 and two of them were discharged.

The clerk of the court advised all the young men to plead guilty and obtain a conviction, which would render them exempt from further prosecution for their offense.

Judge Lanctot's remarks follows: "I must not send these men to jail and when society is so eager to reclaim criminals, how can they expect me to confine me, otherwise good, with murderers, common burglars, inmates of disorderly houses, and criminals of the worst type who would act as bad influences upon them. Is this justice? Certainly not."

WILL INCREASE TAX ON INCOMES

EVERY MAN EARNING $1,000 A YEAR MAY BE INCLUDED.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—Speaking in the Commons yesterday, Hon. F. B. Carvell estimated the additional expenditure which Canada would have to face each year, as a result of the war at $175,000,000. To offset this there would be this year these receipts: customs, $140,000,000; excise $25,000,000; business profits and income tax, $30,000,000. Mr. Carvell could see no way of increasing these items to any great extent. "No doubt," he said, "the income tax can be increased and will be increased."

Mr. Carvell, expressing a personal view, would like to see the income tax extended upwards and downwards. He would like to see every man with an income of a thousand dollars paying some income tax.

When a girl declines a proposal of marriage it is a wedding check.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Now that the new government standard flour is in general use, the quality of the yeast you use is more important than ever. Use Royal Yeast Cakes. Their quality is absolutely reliable. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.

Send name and address for copy Royal Yeast Cake Book.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she understands very few actors save much out of their salaries, but one occasionally does hear of a property man in this connection.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A minister says the right path is too often left.

The evil that men do is soon forgotten—by themselves.

The average man who tries heroic measures gets a mitt.

The only thing that gives weight to a fish story is scales.

The domestic who builds air castles must be partial to light housework.

The truth would seem less brutal if people were better acquainted with it.

Ever notice that there is nothing too good for the small boy who has a pretty grown up sister?

Every time the sun shines the pessimist consoles himself with the thought that it is raining somewhere.

Even the star "catch" may miss it when it comes to catching a car running on skip stop regulations.

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

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This picture will be shown for the first time in this theatre.

MONTAGU LOVE and BARBARA CASTLETON in "VENGENCE,"
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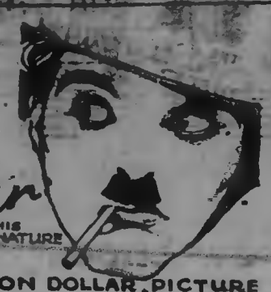

IN HIS SECOND MILLION DOLLAR PICTURE
"SHOULDER ARMS"

For the next three days, commencing to-day, the Royal has provided an extra special program consisting of Forty Reels of the finest pictures that can be produced. Included in the special features will be Charlie Chaplin in his second million dollar picture "Shoulder Arms." This is a muddy story of trench life, cooties, camouflage, rookie training and Hunnish influence. This feature has been secured by the Management of the Royal at a great expense. It is in 3 parts.

Another feature to be shown during to-day and to-morrow is a thousand foot film of the funeral of the Late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which was held in Ottawa on Saturday last.

No expense has been spared to make these three days the best in the history of the Royal Theatre from the standpoint of its patrons. There will be a show every afternoon and evening starting to-day and last until Friday night.

THE FEATURES—A Vitagraph feature "The Iron Test," in 2 parts, is another feature. Blue Ribbon feature, featuring Bessie Love in "The Encharnted Barn," in 5 parts, will complete one of the cleanest and best shows ever presented in the Royal Theatre.

The above program is equal to that shown in the largest Theatres in Toronto, Montreal and other cities for which an admission of 50cents is usually charged. For this special three day schedule the following Prices will prevail, Matinees in the afternoons—16 cents to all, this includes War Tax. Evening performance—25 cents including War Tax. On Monday next, the Royal will resume its old price of 16 cents to all, both afternoon and evening.

Patrons are asked to attend the matinees for the next three days as much as pos ible and avoid the rush in the evening. You can save money by attending the afternoon show. For the benefit of the School Children of the city we are retaining the Charlie Chaplin feature which will be shown at a special Saturday morning show opening at 9.30. ADMISSION 10 cents. Entire Change To-morrow with the best Actors on the Screen Emma Petrova, feature drama, 5 parts, also Douglas Fairbanks, a love story feature in 6parts. In addition Charlie Chaplin by request

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

AN IMPORTANT LITTLE GLAND.

Lying at the base of the brain above the roof of the back room of the nasal cavity is a little ductless gland called the pituitary body. The posterior lobe of this little gland is presumed to be the brain centre of the sympathetic nervous system. The anterior lobes secretes and feeds into the blood an "internal secretion" or "hormone" (chemical messenger) which has an important influence on the various functions of the body.

The individual accumulates a great excess of fat. The hair becomes scanty upon al parts of the body If the individual is a male; if a female, on the contrary, there is a tendency toward the growth of hair on the skin after the masculine type. If the condition develops in a boy before puberty (which is between the twelfth and fifteenth years) the skeleton assumes the feminine type—tendency toward knock-knees and wide hips and tapering digits. In these cases of hypopituitarism, as the condition is called, there is almost always an abnormal capacity for drinking water and a greatly increased functional activity of the kidneys as regards the excretion of water. Another rather characteristic feature is a tremendous capacity for sugar and sweets—to which the obesity is popularly but wrongly attributed.

The skin of an individual with a functional insufficiency of the pituitary gland is smooth and soft, pale and thin. Quite different from the skin of one who is overweight or obese from thyroid deficiency, for in this case the skin is coarse, and dry, and thick, and sallow. The blood pressure in hypopituitarism is below the normal, usually the pulse rate is rap'd, and in general the individual is not so strong as others of his age.

The condition is remediable only if taken early and treated over a period of many months. Most parents are either indifferent or complaisant enough to subject he child to any and every remedy except medical management, and therefore comparatively few cases of hypopituitarism are brought about, with the exception of those which nature happens to effect in early adult life.

AFTER THE "FLU" WAS OVER.

I had a severe attack of the "flu" about two months ago, and since I got out-I find that my hair is falling out in handfuls. Would a good tonic help it? Can you recommend something? GLADYS ELLEN.

The hair is likely to fall out excessively following any severe illness, but with full recovery it will regain its pristine vigor. Whatever "tonic" you happen to use would, therefore, establish a reputation for itself. Properly applied, self-massage of the scalp is the best hair tonic.

TONSILS AND HEART DISEASE.

1. If diseased tonsils were the cause of valvular heart disease (with dilatation) would the tonsils have to be removed before a cure could be expected? 2. Where is the best climate for one so afflicted? 3. Is there any place in the United States where they make a specialty of treating such heart disease? 4. Is eating an apple at bedtime harmful? 5. Is popcorn hard to digest and how does it rank in food value? 6. What is heart cough? D. J.

1. It would be necessary to eradicate the infection in the tonsils in one way or another. 2. I can see no influence from climate. 3. Yes, for instance, at the Glen Springs, Watkins, N. Y., where the famous Schott treatment (brine baths) and graduated exercises are administered as at Nauheim. 4. It is rather helpful for most persons. 5. Popcorn is very easy to digest, and ranks with potatoes or bread, weight for weight, in nutritive value. It is a good delicacy for victims of constipation. 6. Cough caused by some lesion of the heart or of its covering membrane.

The Mocking Bird.

The mocking bird is a native of America and the West Indies, and is remarkable for its vocal powers and for its fidelity for imitating other birds as well as different sounds which it hears. Its voice is full and musical, and capable of modulation, from the clear tone of the woodthrush to the scream of the eagle.

Chinese Horse.

The Chinese horse is really a pony somewhat after the type of the western broncho. It comes from Mongolia and is known as the Mongolian pony. It is an exceedingly hardy animal, thriven on food on which a western animal would starve, is able to carry heavy loads long distances, and is very useful in many ways. As a racing animal it is characterised by speed and stamina. China exports between 1,500 and 2,000 of these ponies each year.

More Baby Boys.

Figures given in the quarterly return of the British Registrar-General show a remarkable increase of baby boys compared with girls. From the average of 1,040 the rate has sprung up to 1,048 to each 1,000 girls.

The birth rate has fallen from 24.1 in the year before the war to 17.8 in the third quarter of this year but the number of births was 5,935 greater than in the same period of last year.—London Mail.

Japan Prospers.

Extraordinarily favorable business conditions in Japan and the continued withdrawal of the products of European nations from competition in the markets of Asia and Australia made the year 1917 an extremely profitable one for the spinning industry and firmly fixed it as the leading manufacturing industry of Ja-

FOR STREET WEAR

One-Piece Dress Important Part of the Wardrobe.

Tailored Frocks, Not Suits, Predominate in Fashion Thoroughfare During Shopping Hour.

The one-piece dress for street wear is by far the most important single item of a well-dressed woman's wardrobe. Selecting garments for wear at home, whether for morning, afternoon or evening, is a simple task. Making these garments is equally simple; but a woman's reputation for being well or poorly dressed depends upon the selection of her street apparel. The suit long ago took second place. The fact that many suit manufacturers have included dress lines in their output during the past few seasons helps to prove this, if any proof is needed. A glance at any fashionable thoroughfare is another proof. Fully 80 per cent of the women seen during any popular shopping or promenade hour will be found garbed in tailored frocks, not suits.

Each season brings out its own special colors, with navy blue always in the lead, and this year much black is being worn. It is not the dull, lus-

Tailored Frock of Black Velvet.

terless black of mourning, but black satin and velvet and fine black velours.

The semitailored street frock shown in the sketch would be smart made of black velvet embroidered in color and with a touch of color on the collar, sleeves and belt. The skirt of this dress, while straight, shows cleverly arranged fullness, with the upper part gathered in to the straight band at the foot.

The dress fastens at the left front and on the shoulder.

Inasmuch as a great deal of fur is being used as a trimming for street dresses this season, the frock shown would be handsome made of velvet in black or color with wide skirt band, girdle, collar, and cuffs of a fat fur such as Hudson seal, beaver, puttie, squirrel, kolinsky, etc. If fur is used to trim the dress a muff and little fur toque to match may be supplied, and a charming outfit be the result.

OILCLOTH FOR GAME TABLE

Substitute for Linen Now in Marked Demand and Serving Numerous Good Purposes.

The vogue for using oilcloth, or any one of the new compositions which go under the same name, in place of linen is growing apace. And now comes the most serviceable game table cover of the oilcloth stenciled in the corners with appropriate designs. The advantage of such a cover can easily be appreciated when one considers how easy it is to wipe off the cover with a damp cloth after a strenuous game. Tapes stitched across the corners tie it to the legs of the table.

And again comes oilcloth in the very place where you might expect to find it—for a tablecloth and bib for the kiddie. This time the sanitary material is a light biscuit color and is stenciled in brown with nursery characters. A band of the brown paint around the edge of bib and tablecloth—which is really only a place cloth, large enough to fit the tray of the high chair—is the only finish necessary.

The Vogue of the Panel.

The vogue for loose flying panels on dresses seems to be increasing as the season develops. At first confined to the back, these loose and full-length panels are seen now on both front and back of formal, semiformal and afternoon frocks. They are frequently of a material different from that in the body of the dress and sometimes are of a different color. The combination of satin and serge is seen a great deal, and where the dress is all silk, the body of the garment may be of a shiny material while the panels are dull finished though of the same color.

COATS FOR LITTLE MISSES

Chinchilla Cloth, Cheviot Serge, and Fur Trimming are Favorites—Capes Not Practical.

Chinchilla cloth is always a favorite and the gray chinchilla coats have been fitted this year with small gray squirrel collars, making them extremely good looking. For general wear these heavy coats will be found smart and practical.

Cheviot serge is a new fabric this season. It is made up only in dark blue and has a rather wide, heavy stripe which will not always recommend it for a small child, though it is stylish. The dressier coats for little girls are made up in velvet, but the broadcloths in the soft, pretty baby shades are more favored.

A trimming of some sort of fur, in very narrow banding, dresses these cloth coats beautifully, the dark fur contrasting handsomely with the light colored material. A favorite color is ..., next in popularity being the legerly blue known as Belgian.

Military capes for little girls are seen, but as it is hard enough to keep small folks warm in the tightest fitting garments the capes are not practical. Heavy coats of fur are very smart, nutria especially and gray squirrel being most desirable.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

IF YOU WISH TO LOOK YOUNG

Careful Attention to the Hair is Decidedly Important, Advises an Authority.

If you expect your hair to be fair to you then pray be fair to your hair. If you expect your hair not to make you look any older than you are, and to lend itself to becoming arrangement, then remember that there are certain indulgences and attentions that you owe to your hair, writes an authority.

One thing American women don't do very often, and they really ought to do, is to let their hair hang down loose. The English woman will take the pins out of her hair and let it ripple unconfined over her shoulders every chance she gets. If she takes a little mid-day nap she is not content unless her hair is down and she really enjoys giving her hair a sunbath when she finds a little leisure on a winter's day and a sunshiny window in which to do it.

On the other hand, American women are more fastidious about washing their hair than are any other women. They should remember that sometimes an air and sun bath is as beneficial as a water and soap bath.

Even oldish women's hair has a wonderful way of restoring itself to health if it only has a chance. Sometimes what it needs more than anything else is seeming neglect. For women had lustrous and luxurious tresses before there were any hair tonics and restoratives and electric massage. And if you notice it is not always the woman who devotes the most time to hair treatment whose hair is thickest and in best condition.

One of the worst things that you can do for your hair is to keep it forever confined under a hat. That is the way the housewife so often has better hair than the woman whose duties keep her very much dressed for the street. Another very bad thing for the hair is to overdo the hair curling process. Some women as soon as they take out the pins that confine their hair in one position all day ... for a hurried brushing, twist it in kids or other curling devices that constrict just as much as does the daytime position. There is hardly a time when the hairs are not being given more or less strain, hardly a time when they are allowed the free play of air and ventilation.

And of one thing beware—that is the hair dresser and shampooer you cannot vouch for. In fact she must be more than superficially clean. She must practice as thorough sterilization of her implements and her hands as we expect from the dentist or surgeon.

Long-Felt Want.

To prevent a cow switching her tail against a person milking her there has been patented a clamp attached to the stool spring to be twined around each leg.

It Helps Some.

Remorse is like a wooden leg. It helps a man on his way, but he can see where he would have been happier without it.—Idaho Statesman

IF EFFICIENCY IS YOUR OFFICE MOTTO

WITH wages high, help scarce and difficult to hold, every business office should appreciate the accuracy, convenience and economy that are assured by our

Loose Leaf Systems

They are a triumph of efficiency for bookkeeping We invite an inspection of our stock. than which there is none better on the market. Paper ruled to. suit any special need.

Binders Strong, Durable and Handsomely Finished

Our prices are moderate and all orders will be delivered within a reasonable time from date of acceptance.

No need to send to the cities for this class of office supplies; get them in your HOME TOWN and at

THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

Put your hands into a pair and find out what real cold weather comfort is.

Ask your dealer for Ballantyne's.

R. M. Ballantyne, Limited
Stratford, Ont

Dr. Mary Walker's Long Life Ended

Dr. Mary E. Walker, pioneer suffragist and lecturer and surgeon in the American Civil War, died at her home on Bunker Hill near Oswego on February 22 in her 87th year.

Dr. Walker was born in Oswego N.Y., whee he fathe was the "country doctor," and at the age of 23 she was a graduate doctor with the degree of M. D. When she was 16 she was a public school teacher in New York City, and her life-long reform dork for women had already bee begun. At that early date she had already discarded the more decorative order of women's attire, but it was not until, at the age of 29, she became a practising physician and army surgeon in Washington, D. C., that she completely went back on skirts. She volunteered her services at the beginning of the war, entering the Union army as an assistant surgeon, with the ranks of First Lieutenant.

Although a pioneer in the woman suffrage movement, Dr. Walker was out of sympathy with the methods or some of her sister workers.

Dr. Walker never married. Her proudest possession was the bronze medal she wore on the posom of her frock coat. On the yacg was engraved this legend:

"Presented by the Congress of the United States to Mary E. Walker, A A. Surgeon, U. S. Army."

Ontario and Quebec Baptists passed a resolution promising faithful Christian service

KINMOUNT MEN IN POLICE COURT

JOHN BACON AND SEWARD CREGO CHARGED WITH BEING DEFAULTERS.

John Bacon and Seward Crego both from Kinmount, Victoria County, were this morning charged in police court with having been defaulters under the M. S. A.

Acting Crown Attorney Strickland applied for an enlargement of the case until Monday afternoon next, so as to obtain evidence and the flat from the Department of Justice.

Mr. J. F. O. Birnie, who represented the prisoners, stated that his clients would not plead, as the Crown was asking for a remand. Bond for their appearance was furnished by Bacons' father, $2000 being required in each case, $1000 being offered by each of the accused and a similar amount by their boudsman.

TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

Look Young Bring Back Its Natural Color, Gloss and Attractiveness

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, streaked or gray. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get a bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound at any drug store all ready for use. This is the old time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients.

While wispy, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, and luxuriant.

NO MORE KIDNEY TROUBLE

Since He Commenced to Take "Fruit-a-tives"

73 Lees Avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

"Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from *Liver and Kidney Trouble*. Having read of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising.

I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives', and I know now what I have not known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain".

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ASK HYDRO TO

(Continued from Page One.)

from Toronto to the Stoney Lake resorts, concluded Alderman Edgar.

The Request That Failed.

City Clerk Armstrong outlined the procedure which was laid down by the Commission to be followed in case a municipality wanted an interurban line built. It was necessary to have the municipalities through which it was proposed to build it pass resolutions asking for its construction, so as to show that they were in accord with the move and would give the project their support.

Just before the outbreak of the war it had been decided to have the Hydro build a radial line from Cobourg to Peterborough and around the foot of Stoney Lake, doubling back on to the main line again. Every municipality through which the proposed electric line was to run passed the required resolution, and the budget was forwarded to the headquarters of the Commission at Toronto, where it has lain ever since, as far as the interested parties know. Nothing has since been heard of it.

Ald. Turner's Views.

Alderman Turner thought it advisable, if the Hydro was to be asked to construct an electric line to serve Peterborough, to press for the original one mentioned by the city clerk. If this were not done, the officials at Toronto would conclude that the people of this part of the Province did not know their own mind, and that if they let the new proposition gather dust on the shelf for another year the people of Central Ontario would not object in any way, but at the end of that time would in all likelihood come along with another idea.

Useless Competition.

Alderman Edgar thought that the line from Whitby linking us up with Toronto would be far more practicable, and saw no reason why the Commission would not favor it. Along the front they would have to compete with three excellent steam roads—the C.P.R., G.T.R. and C.N.R. —by any one of which the Queen City could be reached more speedily from Cobourg than by the electric line and would therefore carry the through traffic. These three roads gave an excellent service to the towns along the lake front, and the people there found no difficulty in getting to Toronto or any of their neighboring towns at almost any time of the day or night.

Alderman Turner did not belittle the advantages offered by a line such as was proposed by Alderman Edgar and was quite ready to second a motion asking the Hydro to build it. Alderman McIntyre having already tabled such a resolution. Alderman Turner thought, however, that some cognizance should be shown in the motion of the former requisition to indicate that the people of Peterborough meant business and were consistent in their stand.

Alderman Edgar Prevails.

A motion was accordingly drafted by City Clerk Armstrong urging the Hydro Electric Commission to take over the Toronto and Eastern line and build it northeast to Peterborough, thence to Lakefield and McCrackens' Landing on to the Kawartha Lakes. This city undertakes to have the requisition endorsed by the municipalities through which the line would be built just as soon as the Hydro will furnish some idea of its route so that these could be determined therefrom. Alderman McIntyre was the mover of the resolution and Alderman Turner the seconder. Alderman Morrison favored the project and spoke and voted for it.

Montreal dentists' request to be allowed to advertise in newspapers was refused by a committee of the Quebec Legislature.

CAVAN

Several schedule games were played at the curling rink last night and resulted as follows:

Ferguson vs. Brightman—17-18 for Brightman.

Martin vs. Bradburn—This game would have gone by default even had skip Martin not been defeated in the play as several of his players did not put in an appearance. As it was he played the game with a pick-up rink.

Bowes vs. Read 12-7 in favor of Bowes.

Connal was to have played Benno but several of the players did not turn up and the game was not played.

Morrow vs. Davidson 11-6 for Davidson.

Thompson vs. Foote 12-9 in favor of Foote.

MAY ADJOURN AT EASTER

If So Parliament Will Hold Session in Fall.

Ottawa, Feb 27.—It is rumored in the lobbies that the Government contemplates making a proposal to the Opposition that Government legislation should all be passed by Easter and that another session should be called in the fall.

No overture regarding this have yet been made.

Say Dentals Will Play at Renfrew

Ottaw, Feb. 27.—The Toronto Dentals runners-up last winter for the championship of the Ontario Hockey Association and the Allan Cup, will make their appearance in the east Friday night when they play an exhibition match against the Renfrew team at Renfrew. The game was arranged as a memorial for the late William Fishenden, Lieut. Ian McKinnon and Lieut. Alfred Anderson, three of Renfrew's heroic boys, who fell in action. The proceeds will be applied for the purchase of a suitable war memorial who gave up their lives in the noble cause. Captain Boy and all their regulars will play. The Dentals endeavored to arrange a game in Ottawa also, but it did not materialize

Saginaw Will Be In New League

Toronto, Feb. 27.—Organizer "Knotty" Lee of the Ontario-Michigan League arrived home last night from the organization meeting in Saginw, Mich tte says that nothing remains to be done but select four cities from the seven in Michigan which desire franchises. Any of the collection of Wolverine State towns would be acceptable, Lee says. The acleetion will be made at a meeting in Flint next Sunday.

Upon his arrival here Lee found a telegram from Judge Clement of Saginaw, which said that enough money had been subscribed in that city in one day to carry the club through the season.

Woodstock Wins From Sudbury

Sudbury, Ont., Feb. 27.—Woodstock last night won the first of home-and-home games from Sudbury in the O. H. A. junior semi-finals, 9 to 4. The visitors appeared to be the better team, but the score does not by any means indicate the play. Ironstone in goal for Sudbury, playing the fourth game of his career, and the sensation of the Barrie series, fell down badly, three goals siding past in the second period without sleaving the ice.

The teams:

Sudbury—Goal, Ironstone; defense, Berthiaume, Kelly; right wing, W. Wright; left wing, W. McDonald; centre, Acquin. Subs — R. Wright and Reid.

Woodstock—Goal, Dunlop; defense, Shea, King; right wing Johnston; left wing, Carson; centre, Debrulle. Substitutes—Trump, Carson.

Referee—Tackaberry.

Dates Mail Will Leave For Siberia

Mail for Siberia, via Vancouver, per steamer Atsuta-Maru will leave Vancouver on the 10th inst. Parcel and paper mail will close at the Peterborough office on Monday, March 3rd, at 3 p.m.; letter and register mail on March 4th, at 3 p.m.

Also paper and parcel mail will close on March 5th, at 3 p.m., and letter mail on the 6th at the same hour via steamer Matorie Maru, sailing from Vancouver on March 12th.

Protect Your New Shoes With Perfect Fitting Rubbers

IT is sound advice the shoe man gives you when he suggests that you have your new shoes fitted with rubbers.

He knows that both shoes and rubbers will wear better and hold their shape longer.

He knows that rubbers will protect both your shoes and your health in bad weather.

He knows that in the Dominion Rubber System Rubbers, there is a style and shape to fit every shoe for every member of the family.

He knows that these six brands are guaranteed:

"Jacques Cartier" *"Merchants"* *"Maple Leaf"*
"Granby" *"Dominion"* *"Daisy"*

And he suggests that you have each pair of your shoes fitted with the corresponding style in rubbers, because this is a part of the service which the customer has a right to expect from the modern, up-to-date shoe store.

Be sure to ask for one of the Dominion Rubber System brands mentioned above. They give the best wear.

28

Great Reduction Sale

OF

Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$19.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. R. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

Well-Dressed Women In Washington

Washington, D. C Feb. 27.—With the White House a social center completely eliminated by reason of the presidential and Mrs. Wilson in less than a fortnight capital society is assuming many new angles and more or less interesting but with many regrettable features for the competitive newcomers in the official world; these lacking the well defined leadership of nearly a century are in the language of the day just out of school likely to lose out on Washington's most interesting social features.

The Cabinet hostesses are at home to their friends, but are not keeping "days" for the well dressed and socially inclined multitude as in former years. Hence the increasing popularity of the congressional at home of Tuesday or Thursday afternoon as the case may be, according to the head of the family serving in the house or senate.

In this company of hospitable women may be found Mrs. Saulsgury of Delaware, Mrs. Knox of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Poindexter, of Washington; Mrs. McLean of Connecticut, Mrs. Kellogg, of Minnesota; Mrs. Mrs. Henderson of Nevada. The latter a very recent recruit to the senatorial circle. Mrs. Medil McCormick, who brought a series of brilliant Tuesdays to a close last week, will, after March 4, be in the ranks of the senatorial hostesses.

Mrs. McCormick's drawing room will be the center of attraction on whichever day she is at home, as those Tuesdays brought together each week not one particular set of prominent people, but the best representatives from each of the many sets in which greater Washington is subdividing itself.

Lady Wilbert, who poured tea, was the recipient of many congratulations from [illegible] American friends on the elevation of her clever young husband, Sir Arthur Willert, late Washington correspondent of the London [illegible] to the Knighthood.

Mrs. McCormick welcomed her guests in a demitoilet of cream colored chiffon on the straight line of the moment with the tunic, which [illegible] a slight and close as the ankle length foundation skirt richly embroidered in self-colored floss.

Lady Wilbert's gown was violet crepe, also on modish lines, with a round hat of the same color velvet, faced in lighter toned crepe.

Miss Francis Hoar, the elder of Mrs. Frederick H. Gillett's two daughters by a former marriage and one of the acknowledged belles of resident and diplomatic circles, is wearing some of the newest of fur wraps in some present day brown pelt made to fit the shoulders closely as an Eton jacket, then permitted to flare in cape fashion to the knees. With an extremely narrow skirt of mustard colored tricolete totally untrimmed and a broadbrimmed hat of brown satin bent in cavalier shape Miss Hoar is a conspicuously smart figure on the fashionable promenade after having devoted nearly a year to actual war work with a desk in the state department from 9 to 4.30.

Miss Cecelia McCullum, a debutante of last season, also a war worker of six months is again a real ornament to society and joy to her friends in a smart little suit of dark blue broadcloth, with gray fox furs and small velvet hat.

"Miss McCallum, although one of the heiresses of resident society, as well as a granddaughter of the late John Sherman of Ohio, may be said to have originated simple dressing along smart and becoming lines, as she danced through her first brilliant season in the daintiest of mulle and organdy frocks, which were promptly copied by five of her particular friends and by spring became a favorite model for bridesmaids' gowns, not only in Washington, but pretty much everywhere that war brides held to the tradition of war time economy.

Mrs. F. Louis Slade a recent guest of Mrs. V. Everitt Macy, is wearing a particularly smart suit of dark green cloth, trimmed generously in sealskin, with very becoming fur ban of the same fur. The narrow skirt is trimmed in bands of cloth an inch and a half wide, which at short intervals are laid in double plaits or flat pemplike bows, a very Frenchy application in tailored effect.

Mrs. David Wagstaff who has a house on Massachusetts avenue for the winter, in another charming young matron, with real 5th avenue clothes, whose fur trimmed cheviot suit of light brown is smart, becoming and most seasonable on a round of afternoon visits. The trimming here is of sealskin with long and deep collar coming to the waist line.

MONARCH LIFE IN FRONT RANK NOW

ONE OF THE 3 CANADIAN COMPANIES TO REACH $15,000,000 MARK IN SHORTEST PERIOD.

The annual report of the Monarch Life Assurance company shows that the great war has, if anything, increased public confidence in the value of insurance.

The Monarch enjoys the distinction of being one of the three Canadian life companies to reach the fifteen-million-in-force point in the shortest period of years. Of the twenty Monarch men who went overseas, eighteen are safe and being provided with a position by the company. The company has fifteen millions of business on its books and with a strong organization the outlook for 1919 is very promising. The applications received for the month of January alone amount to over $600,000, which augurs well for another good report for the present year.

The pervious directors were all re-elected, namely, J. T. Gordon, president; W. A. Matheson, first vice-president; F. W. Adams, second vice-president; managing director, J. W. W. Stewart; directors, W. R. Bawlf, Col. H. A. Mullins, C. E. Gordon, H. W. Echlin, R. G. Ireside; secretary and actuary, J. A. Macfarlane, A.I.A.; medical referee, T. S. Pophan, M.D., and Wm. Rogers, M.D.; auditors, John Scott & Company; solicitors, Taylor, Ross & Leach.

GOD'S NIGHTINGALES

(By Mrs. A. F. Calder.)

To cheer the traveller's flagging steps
Along life's toilsome way;
They sing in sweet inspiring strains
A high, and heavenly lay.

When sinks 'mid clouds of gathering gloom
The broad, bright sun from sight,
Still clearer, stronger swells their song
As darker grows the night.

But ever do they sweetest sing
With pinions closely pressed
Over some secret, bleeding wound
Deep buried, in their breast.

Approved Endorsed Used by All Canadians

NP SOAP

GOVERNMENT CARE OF VETERANS

Canada's scheme for re-establishing her fighting man in civil life, while varying in application amount of compensation, and time, makes provision for every disability incurred by them while on active service.

Pensions are the provision for amputation cases and those disabled by wounds, but there are sometimes cases of a man apparently physically unfit who is not in receipt of a pension, where the general public are apt to jump to the conclusion that he has been neglected.

In the first place it is well to remember that neglect is possible if the man in question, or his relatives, fail to report the case to the right quarters, and secondly that if due inquiry is made it will be found that some form of provision has been made to meet every disability.

Every returned man not up to the standard is eligible for some form of government care, though not always in the shape of a pension.

For instance, there is no pension award for functional disability, such as shell shock. The explanation for this is that the condition arising from shell shock is one likely to clear up at any moment under proper treatment and environment.

It is a sad condition where the patient needs every encouragement and help to gain his normal outlook and grip of life.

Those skilled in every science and art of healing have discussed the question from all angles and present regulations are the result based upon experience in individual cases

The object of all provisions should be to return the soldier to intelligent self supporting citizenship. To give a pension for purely functional disorders was considered to work away from this end.

Give a man who has lost his nerve and spirit through shell shock sufficient to live upon and what more natural than that he should sink into a chronic state of invalidism. There would be no incentive to pull himself together. On the other hand if a desire is kindled to begin life anew a goal is set for the patient.

It must be remembered in these cases there is no disease present. Often the shell shocked patient is physically most robust and fit, and his cure is merely a matter of patience, time, and the right treatment.

The provision that has been made, therefore, for these cases, is that administered through the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. Here the patient is given the best consideration. Each case must be handled differently. Some recover more rapidly than others, but during the time the patient is receiving treatment he will be given the same pay as that received while in the army. Though now an ex-soldier he is still considered on the strength of the army until he is sufficiently cured to be able to take his place again in the civilian ranks.

In time the functional disability entirely disappears. Through his re-education course the man is often in a better and stronger position than that held before the war.

He is not faced with a future of long defendence upon a certain payment every month but may go out and compete for the best position that is going, physically fit and strong as any of his fellows.

Other functional cases are treated along the same lines.

Canada's ideal is not to make a nation of dependence but to build up a stronger citizenship, of men who will be fit in every way.

GRACE BEFORE MEALS

Is Advised by Delegate to Baptists' Convention.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The final afternoon session of the Baptist Convention yesterday was attended by some six hundred delegates who came from all over Canada.

Rev. R. J. Smithson gave a brief address on the "Stewardship in Life," and stated that faithful stewardship was perhaps more difficult to attain in the home than in public life.

Mr. Smithson strongly urged the delegates the desirability of some expresion of thankfulness to Christ made in every home before each meal. The speaker believed that if regular family worship was a daily occurrence in every home, the young people would not be so indifferent to church services.

BURGOYNE TO QUIT

Hamilton Coach Complains of His Treatment.

Hamilton, Feb. 27.—Coach Stanley Burgoyne of the Tigers announces that he will immediately resign his position despite the outcome of the game here last night in which Tigers eliminated Dentals of Toronto from the O.H.A. senior race. It is intimated that the Hamilton Hockey Club will endeavor to secure the services of Coach Dick Carroll of the Dentals, since the latter are now in the discard.

Things have not been running smoothly for Burgoyne of late, and, while there has been some dissatisfaction with his work, he claims that he has every reason to be peved at the way he has been used.

Woodstock has installed two "silent policemen" at street intersections, and if they prove efficient will add many more.

For having a private still in his possession a Camrose, Alberta man named Frans Schultz was fined $1,000 or a year in jail.

While en route to Stratford from Saskatoon the death occurred near Sudbury of Francis Richardson, 76, formerly of Downie.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

CAN YOU DO A DAY'S WORK?

Do your eyes tire and head ache before the day is over? Is it difficult to follow your work because of dimness of eyesight? You are only as efficient as your eyes. Hundreds are not wearing glasses whose eyesight is defective, and they are less than fully efficient on that account. Dr. Fowler gives you the eye help that you need to make your eyesight perfect, and guarantees satisfaction.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

GRAND TRUNK SERVICE IS DISCUSSED BY COMMITTEE

Steps Will Be Taken to Secure a Revision of Present Schedule—Street Car Question Again Taken Up.

At last night's meeting of the Railway Committee a letter was submitted from Superintendent R. W. Scott of the C. P. R. asking permission to place a turn table on Water street south of Dalhousie street.

After some discussion it was decided to invite Mr. Scott to meet the committee and lay his project before them in a more detailed manner when a decision could be arrived at.

The question of extensions to the street railway on Park Street from Albert to Lansdowne streets was discussed last night. The commission was asked to move in this matter some time ago and a motion was drawn up last night and fathered by Alderman McIntyre and Turner suggesting that the work be commenced in the near future, as this is an improvement to the service which is sadly needed.

Information Wanted

Upon motion of Aldermen Turner and McIntyre the Hydro Electric Commission were again asked to furnish the Council with full information regarding the question of the purchase of the street railway and the gas plant by the city. When the information is prepared they were further requested to send a representation here or to receive a deputation from this city to discuss the matter.

As a result of last night's meeting of the Railway Committee the Hydro Commission will have another question to answer in regard to the street car service in Peterborough. They will be asked to state when they will place new cars in commission in order that the service on the Jackson Park line may be improved as a result of a motion submitted by Aldermen Turner and Morrison.

Grand Trunk Service

Train service over the Grand Trunk was thoroughly discussed last night and the consensus of opinion seemed to be that there was plenty of improvement possible. A motion tabled by Alderman Turner and McIntyre authorized Chairman Edgar to communicate with the G. T. R. authorities and arrange for an interview with the proper officials to discuss the possibilities of a more efficient train service to this city. When the appointment is made Campbellford and Hastings will be asked to send representatives to state their case and show the Company that they consider the present service inadequate.

Care of the Parks

The Horticultural Society having asked to be relieved of the responsibilities of keeping the parks of the city in proper order from this time forward it was decided at last night's meeting of the Committee to recommend to the council that the contract of planting flowers, and the care of Victoria and Central parks be let out by tender.

Peterboro Wins From Cobourg

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The lady curlers of the Granite Club, who won the ladies' tankard in 1917 and 1918, are in the finals for the 1919 honors by reason of their victory over Queen City this morning. If the Granites should defeat Victoria this afternoon in the final the tankard will be owned by Grantes.

Score of Cobourg-Peterborough:

Cobourg.		Peterborough.	
J. Davidson	11	R. P. Best	17
W. Delaney	15	J. W. McDermid	11
Total	26	Total	28

How Britons Escaped.

The establishment of "escape committees" among the British prisoners in German camps and the ingenious schemes devised by captives to get away, are described in an article in a London newspaper by an officer who has returned after twenty-two months of captivity.

"If you wanted to escape," says the officer, "you had to state your case before the committee, giving the full details of your scheme. If your plan interfered with the chances of another officer that committee would 'sit on it.'

"For instance, suppose I told the committee that a certain hour each day a certain sentry was in the habit of neglecting his duty in some way and that I meant to slip by him, the committee had the power to say: 'That is a way out for six others; you must all make the attempt in three days' time,' and their word was law. In this way obviously impossible schemes were brought to light and vetoed, both in the interest of the officer contemplating flight and his comrades remaining in prison.

"One officer told the committee he had constructed an improvised parachute out of a big umbrella, and he wanted to jump with it off the roof of the prison, which was close to a highway and float down into the road. But the committee said 'No!'

"One of the big escape inventions brought before the committee was a chute made of a long dinner table with a slippery polished top. This was let down from a window of the prison and on it officers were able to slide down and drop into the road outside."

U. S. Soldiers for Canadian Land.

Western Canada is going to get a great big bunch of United States soldiers when the American army gets back from France. Already a percentage so large as to alarm American economists are turning their eyes toward the great friend and neighbor across the international boundary. The American boys want land (a third of the men in the U. S. army came from farms) and the United States has no lands to offer them. But the boys who have been in France for the last year have been rubbing up against the Canadian boys, and they know there is land in Canada in such quantities that there is room for all.

Real Bonanza Kings.

The "bonanza kings" were James S. Flood, A. S. O'Brien, John W. Mackay, and James C. Fair, four men of Irish parentage who acquired vast fortunes from the gold and silver mines on the Pacific coast. They had various imitators and successors who shared the name, but these four men were the "only original" bonanza kings.

BETTER SERVICE IS IN PROSPECT

ALD. EDGAR HAS INTERVIEW WITH SUPT McMILLAN OF G. T. R.

Ald. Edgar Chairman of the Railway Commission of the City Council interviewed Mr. McMillan, superintendent of the G.T.R., today at noon, restoring the Port Hope local, leaving here at 8.10 a.m. and returning at 12.10. Mr. McMillan is fully in accord with this idea and advised a consultation with Mr. Horning, District Passenger Agent, when he would be glad to lend any assistance he could in the matter.

It was suggested by Ald. Edgar that this train might be scheduled to arrive so as to bring the daily papers here before twelve, but Mr. McMillan could not say anything definite about this. However, this will be taken up later, at any rate the papers might be sent by this route and would arrive about twenty minutes earlier than they do at present.

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR CROSS, SICK FEVERISH CHILD

IF LITTLE STOMACH IS SOUR, LIVER TORPID, OR BOWELS CLOGGED.

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels and you have a well, playful child again. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, and they become tightly packed, liver gets sluggish and stomach disordered.

When, cross, feverish, restless, see if tongue is coated, then give this delicious "fruit laxative." Children love it, and it can not cause injury. No difference what ails your little one—if full of cold, or a sore throat, diarrhoea, stomach-ache, bad breath, remember, a gentle "inside cleanslag" should always be the first treatment given. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no smaller size. Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

MINERS AGREEE TO POSTPONE STRIKE

ACCEPT GOVERNMENT'S INVITATION TO HOLD CONFERENCE ON THE SITUATION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Feb. 27.—The conference of the National Federation of Miners decided today to postpone the strike notices which were to become effective on March 15, for one week.

After consultation between Premier Lloyd George and officials of the Miners' Federation the conference decided to accept the Government's invitation to be represented on the commission to inquire into the mining industry.

Hon. L. A. Taschereau has a bill in the Quebec legislature to give free lands to honorably discharged soldiers from overseas.

WIDOW OF FORMER SECRETARY STATE INDORSES TANLAC

MRS. OATRIE GAINS TWENTY POUNDS AND HEALTH IS RESTORED

A great many people, especially ladies of culture and refinement feel a great reluctance in publicly endorsing a proprietary medicine although they have derived untold benefit from its use, as publicity is more or less distasteful to them.

To a great extent this is the case of Mrs. D. E. Patrie who lives at the Portland Hotel, Portland, Oregon. However, to use her words, "she feels that she would be ungrateful and delinquent in her duty if she did not tell others of the wonderful benefit she has received from Tanlac."

While Mrs. Patrie has lived in Portland, a number of years, her former home was in Idaho. Prior to his death her husband was one of the most prominent men in Idaho, having been Sheriff of his county several years, and later being elected Clerk and Recorder of Bingham County. Afterwards he was elected Secretary of State, and at the same time served as chairman of the Central Committee of the State Republican Party.

In speaking of her experience with Tanlac, Mrs. Patrie recently said: "I weigh just fifteen pounds more now than I ever did in my life, and have actually gained twenty pounds since I began taking Tanlac. My health failed about a year ago. My appetite left me almost entirely, and I didn't relish what little I did eat, and I just felt tired and listless all the time. I was extremely nervous and never slept well, and would just lie in bed and long for day light to come. I finally decided to take a trip back to Idaho thinking that a change might do me some good but I didn't improve at all.

"In a very short time after I began taking Tanlac I could see that it was going to do me lots of good, and it is simply wonderful the way I have improved. I have a splendid appetite now and thoroughly enjoy my meals without any bad effects. My nerves seem to be in perfect condition and I am thankful to say that I get good, sound, refreshing sleep every night. It is wonderful how my weight and strength have increased and I can truthfully say that I am as well and strong now as I ever was in my life. I never lose an opportunity to praise Tanlac, and when my friends remark about my wonderful improvement, it affords me great pleasure to tell them that Tanlac is entirely responsible for it.

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

BOLSHEVISTS ARE BASERTHAN BEASTS

HORRIBLE ATROCITIES WERE COMMITTED UPON THE PEASANTS OF ESTHOMA.

Copenhagen, Feb. 27.—An appalling narrative of inhuman crime is revealed in the official report of the Esthonian authorities on Bolshevik atrocities committed in Esthonia, especially Wesenberg and Dorpat.

The graves of those murdered at Wesenberg were opened on Feb. 17 in the presence of the town governor. Three graves were found to contain eighty-two corpses. Skulls were shattered, bodies bayonetted and even eviscerated. An eye-witness of the execution who escaped described the terrible scene when the victims were paced on the edge of the graves and shot indiscriminately, trampled into the graves, and finished with the butts of rifles. The vicinity of the graves was littered with torn clothing, brains, fragments of skulls and hair, while the grass was covered with congealed blood.

Similar bloodthirstiness was evinced at Dorpat, where the murdered victims were dropped into the river through holes in the ice. Recovered bodies revealed many arms and legs broken, and one with the eyes put out.

The prisoners captured were robbed of clothes and valuables, led to a cellar and killed with hatchets or bombs. Examination of the cellar showed bodies piled up thickly in unnatural positions. The walls were splashed with blood.

Bolshevik fury also raged against the peasantry, many of whom were mutilated and murdered. Thirty women were killed at Narva by stones being tied round their necks and being thrown into the river.

MONARCH LIFE

Assurance Company, Head Office, Winnipeg

SUMMARY OF 1918 INCREASES

ASSURANCES, New ... 22% POLICY RESERVES ... 24%
ASSURANCES IN FORCE 23% TOTAL ASSETS ... 22%
TOTAL PREMIUM INCOME 25%

COMPARATIVE GROWTH

Year	New and Revived Business	Business in Force
1908	$881,500	$1,384,000
1911	$1,354,804	$4,000,145
1914	$2,301,007	$7,427,697
1917	$4,263,908	$11,507,761
1918	$5,198,888	$15,171,309

INTEREST EARNINGS—According to the latest available reports, the average rate of interest earned on invested funds by Life Companies operating in Canada was as follows: American, 5.06 per cent; British, 4.43 per cent; MONARCH (1918), 7.88 per cent. EXPENSE RATE reduced six points. TERMINATIONS decreased one-third. MORTALITY: 54 per cent of expected—Ordinary, 11.4 per cent; War, 16.2 per cent; Fire, 26.4 per cent.

President Mr. J. T. GORDON. Vice-Presidents Mr. W. S. MATHESON and Mr. F. W. ADAMS.
Managing Director—J. W. W. Stevens.
Secretary and Actuary—J. S. McFarlane, A.I.A.
HUGHSON JOHNSTONE, District Manager. C. E. SETHERINGTON, Inspector.
GEORGE P. AWREY, Ontario Field Secretary.
408 ROYAL BANK BLDG., TORONTO, ONT.

Ye Olde Firme.

Maintains Its Supremaacy of Tone At All Times

This is the unchanging record of this famous world-known Canadian-made

Heintzman & Company Art Pianos

Grand, Upright or Player

"Delicious in touch and quality" is one way an admiring artist writes of this celebrated instrument. Tested by whatever standard you will this proud production of Canada's largest piano factory measures up to the highest expectations.

WHY BE SATISFIED WITH ANY OTHER?

Heintzman Hall

George & Hunter Sts. Peterborough

GAS VS. ELECTRICITY

Hockey Game at Brock Street Tomorrow Night.

The Electric Department of the City Utilities Commission having accepted the challenge of the Gas Department of the Hydro Electric Commision to a game of hockey, the game will be played at Brock street rink on Friday night, Feb. 28th, at 6 p.m. The teams will line up as follows:

Electric—Goal, Pratt; right defence, Downey; left defence, Henderson; rover, Lagnon; centre, Spargo; right wing, Seabrooke; left wing, Narcoe; spares, Spence, Beatty.

Gas—Goal, Sholer; right defence Cummings; left defence, Reid; rover, Cooke; centre, Dobson; right wing, Sharpe; left wing, Tremaine; spares, Haurhan, Kennedy.

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS GIVES PRACTICAL ADVICE.

John Kendrick Bangs gives good advice in card playing.

'Now here's a pack of twenty-four new hours,
Each one a card with undeveloped powers,
Placed freely in our reach.

Let's place them all face upward on the table,
And play the game, and see if we are able,
To take a trick with each.

—John Kendrick Bangs.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

High Rollers Win From De Lavals

Last night in the Business Men's Ten Pin League, staged at the Water Street Alleys the High Rollers took two out of three from the De Laval. For the losers Carter was high man with 546. Fitzgerald a close second with 542. Byers also topped the 500 mark. For the High Rollers Thompson and Solomon reached the 500 mark. The score:

De Laval				
Fitzgerald	185	196	162	—542
Byers	199	133	130	—521
Rutter	102	...	...	—102
Barrett	...	126	134	—260
Hill	139	159	127	—425
Carter	161	158	187	—546
	786	861	750	—2496
High Rollers				
Thompson	170	163	210	—533
Hayes	143	208	140	—491
Solomon	157	169	199	—525
Mikes	126	174	164	—464
Thomas	132	202	155	—489
	728	866	868	—2496

Tonight a meeting of 5 pin league.

MR. J. GILLOGLY

Mrs. M. J. Maher, of Homewood avenue, received a telegram this morning announcing the death in Buffalo of her brother, Mr. Joseph Gillogly. Deceased gentleman had friends and acquaintances in Peterborough who will regret to learn of his demise.

Ottawa county, Quebec, has been changed to Hull County.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements inserted "till forbid" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

[illegible] 60c per insertion to [illegible]. All words [illegible] Cash must accompany [illegible] Special rates for [illegible]

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Good Maid. Apply Y W C. A.

WANTED

Wanted—Two furnished rooms in the west end; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply to Box 23C Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cars. We have for sale now a few good used Ford cars put in first-class condition. Call and see them. We will sell them right. Duffus Garage.

FOR SALE—House, 478 Cedar Street. Apply 586 Rubidge St.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Small house. Apply 266 Wescott street.

LOST—Airedale dog, wearing brass studded collar with Yale lock. Age about 2 months. Finder please phone 204.

LOST—A Scotch Collie Bitch, tan and white. Finder will be rewarded, return to C. Martin, 35 Crescent street.

LOST—Black Dog Skin Coat, driving into Peterborough from south. Kindly leave at 161 Hunter Street, or phone 778.

HARD COAL

"EGG" STOVE, NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON

166 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Slab Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Belt Lacings Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and department to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

208 Simcoe St. 235 Bethune St.

Phone 607

Nights and Holidays 206

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

THE GREENE MUSIC Co.

D. M. NICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables.

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 93b

J. W. Widdifield's majority in North Ontario over Major Harry Cameron is 418.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.

Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

Telephone 210.

G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.

Barrister and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Money to loan. Office over Bank of Commerce. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING

Barristers, Solicitors.

468 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices. Crown Chambers.

Money to loan at lowest rates.

W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY

MONEY TO LOAN.

Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON

County Crown Attorney, Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. HEDD

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc.

Office over Dominion Bank Cor. George and Simcoe Streets

Telephone No. 18.

Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 410 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.

H. A. Peck, K.C. F. D. Kerr

V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Ragan, Bennett & Goodwill.

MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON

Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Offices corner Russell & George Sts. Entrance next Maslin's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CONKERY

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.

D. O'Connell J. R. Conkery

184½ Hunter St. Peterborough

Telephone 804.

R. R. HALL

Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY

Silver Medalist, University of Toronto

Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.

Office: 312 Brock Street.

Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

Phone 288.

DR. BUCHANAN

F.R.C.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 613. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. AGA G. WALMSLEY

Osteopath Physician.

Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sidings, Joist and Mill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Nose and all kinds of Finish, Rosed and Box Sheeks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—628-627 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00

Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards, interest paid quarterly, credited from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 and upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, on which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, Feb. 27.—Receipts fair, trade active, prices.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.25
Medium butcher cattle	8.50	10.00
Ewes	10.00	11.00
Lambs	16.50	17.50
Hogs, f.a.w.	18.00	18.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	17.25	17.50
Calves	16.75	18.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	26
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	4
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	4
Butter	58	5
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
Stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids		
In barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	19
Frozen hides	15	16½

Three young boys were drowned while skating at Napanee, apparently falling through where ice is being cut.

The coldest weather of the winter is being experienced in the West, Saskatoon reportin gthe lowest temperature, 49 below zero. Sault Ste. Marie also has the coldest dip of the season, with heavy snow fall.

Deaths from influenza re rapidly on the increase in London.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**8:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:55 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:26 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:22 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:05 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

13:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:05 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

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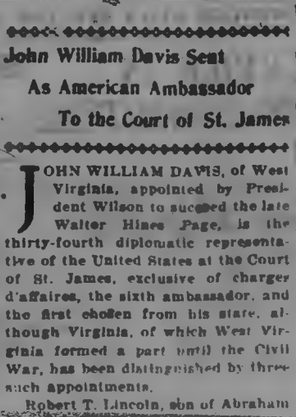
John William Davis Sent As American Ambassador To the Court of St. James

JOHN WILLIAM DAVIS, of West Virginia, appointed by President Wilson to succeed the late Walter Hines Page, is the thirty-fourth diplomatic representative of the United States at the Court of St. James, exclusive of charger d'affaires, the sixth ambassador, and the first chosen from his state, although Virginia, of which West Virginia formed a part until the Civil War, has been distinguished by three such appointments.

Robert T. Lincoln, son of Abraham Lincoln, was the first diplomatic representative of the United States in Great Britain bearing the title of minister extraordinary and envoy plenipotentiary. Thomas F. Bayard, who had long served as a United States senator from Delaware, was the first to be given the title of ambassador. Sir Julian Pauncefote, later Lord Pauncefote, being the first British ambassador in Washington. The legations, in both instances, were raised to embassies in 1893.

A citizen appointed to represent the United States at the Court of St. James is called upon to encounter up with a line of men of exceptional intellectual equipment. From Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, appointed by Wilson, the average of United States diplomatists at the British capital has been very high. There were two Pinckneys, by the way, Thomas, already named, and William, who served under Jefferson; and neither of these should be confounded with Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, who was a United States ambassador to France in 1796, and who, with reference to certain threats, deliberately or inadvertently voiced, made use of the famous de-



JOHN W. DAVIS.

claration, "Millions for defense, but not one cent for tribute." In the list are the names of four representatives, James Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Martin Van Buren, and James Buchanan, who later were Presidents of the United States, the names of others who came very near reaching the highest office in the nation, and the names of several who no doubt would have filled the chief magistracy with signal ability and grace.

The name of Washington's second minister to the Court of St. James, Rufus King, of New York, has faded but little in a century. He was so successful on his first mission that John Quincy Adams sent him back twenty-five years later. Names like Albert Gallatin, Washington Irving, Edward Everett, George Bancroft, George M. Dallas, Charles Francis Adams, John Lothrop Motley, James Russell Lowell, Thomas F. Bayard, John Hay, and Joseph H. Choate are not soon forgotten, even by a democracy.

It is a matter for mutual congratulation between the United States and Great Britain that in these later years each nation has been represented in the other, as an almost invariable rule, by men who have been granted, by the respective countries, something more than official recognition, and a great deal more than perfunctory courtesy or cut-and-dried hospitality.

The only objection that can be brought against John William Davis as an appointee to so high a post is one that, if sustained, would unfit the great majority of Americans for all preferment, namely, lack of experience in the duties which he is called upon to perform. This, however, is on a par with the objection of youth brought against one who had been chosen for a place of importance. "That," said his sponsor, "is something he will outgrow." Mr. Davis, from all accounts, has little save inexperience in diplomacy to overcome in his new post, and, unless that post has been greatly changed, it is quite certain that he will outgrow this defect before he is in London very long.

A Substitute for Milk.

In Japan there is said to be a very satisfactory substitute for milk, just as the nut margarines are a substitute for butter. Cows are very scarce in Japan and the people are using an artificial milk derived from the soy bean. The bean is first soaked and then boiled until the liquid turns white, when sugar and phosphate of potash are added. The boiling is resumed until the liquid has the appearance of ordinary condensed milk. When water is added soy milk is hardly to be distinguished from fresh cow's milk.

The Reason.

Wife—I used to like the smell of cigar smoke before we were married, but I don't now.

Hub—Well, you see, my dear, I could afford to buy quite a different brand before we were married.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Dr. Masaryk a Great Patriot

THE Czecho-Slovak people owe their splendid preparation for unity and independence to the labors of a group of devoted patriots! to Masaryk, Benes Stefanik, and others. Of these, Dr Thomas Masaryk, President of the new Czecho-Slovak Republic, is the most remarkable. Like Mazzini, his whole life has been given to the cause of liberty and nationality, which he has tried to realize by strengthening and deepening the spiritual and cultural life of his people. He is really the last of the "awakeners" of Bohemia. He has always urged his people to assimilate the progressive ideas of other nations, particularly those of the western democracies.

He became known throughout Europe before the war as the fearless critic of the brutal and reactionary regime that held Austria-Hungary in its grip. Every attempt at injustice was sure to find him in the opposition. The attempt to rouse anti-Semitism in Austria through accusations of ritual murder failed largely because of his noble defence of the Jews. When the 53 Jugo-Slavs were convicted of treason in the celebrated Agram trial of 1909 and sentenced to death, Masaryk proved that the documents that had supplied the proof of their conviction had been forged by officials of the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office in order to bring about a war with Serbia. It can be readily understood how the Austrian Burenerats have hated him. He was, indeed, a marked man, and when the war broke out had to flee for his life in order to continue the work of redeeming his country.

I had the pleasure, writes Stephen P. Duggan in the American Review of Reviews, of an afternoon visit with him and came away impressed by the depth of his patriotism, the soundness of his judgment, and his magnanimity. He is probably the greatest enemy of the Magyars and Germans of Austria-Hungary, but he does not hate them, nor does he wish their destruction. He does demand however, that while they shall have the opportunity to lead their lives as they will, they shall be compelled to grant the same privilege to the nationalities they have hitherto suppressed. Dr. Masaryk is not opposed to federalism, but the federation must be one voluntarily formed by free states.

The Czecho-Slovaks are the most western of the great Slav peoples They are composed of the Czechs who inhabit Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia, which are provinces of Austria and of the Slovaks who live in Slovakia, i.e., in the most northern counties of Hungary. They number about 9,000,000, of whom three-quarters are Czechs and one-quarter Slovaks. Both peoples are of the same race, and the two languages are so closely akin that a person who knows Bohemian (Czech) can read books and newspapers printed in Slovak probably more readily than an Englishman can read Robert Burns. The Czechs are far more advanced, politically, industrially, and intellectually, and have had a truly heroic history. The Slovaks have had no independent history since they were conquered by the Magyars (Hungarians) early in the tenth century.

When the great war burst upon Europe the Czecho-Slovaks were filled with consternation and horror. They were called upon to fight the nations which they loved and to take up arms in favor of their own oppressors—to weld their own chains the firmer. They refused. The Czech regiments went to the front singing their own national anthem, and when they arrived there they deserted to the enemy. It is estimated that altogether more than 200,000 of them went over to the Russians, Serbians and Italians. The people at home refused to buy the Austrian war bonds, gave valuable information to the enemy, and indulged in every variety of obstructive tactics to cripple the Austrian war efforts. This brought forth the most ruthless form of terrorism on the part of the Government. It is estimated that not less than 30,000 Czechs have been executed since the war began and the prisons are still full. But persecution at home only brought forth increased efforts abroad. Under Masaryk's inspiration Czech emigrants to England, France, Russia and especially in America, formed powerful organizations for the purpose of carrying on the fight for freedom.

The Bohemian National Alliance and the Slovak League formed in the United States have been the principal financial support of Masaryk's campaign, for he declared at the start that the Czech fight must be backed by Czech money and he refused to accept funds from other friendly sources. With the money thus contributed he raised and equipped volunteer armies on the French and Russian fronts. When the Russian revolution broke out he went to Russia and organized the 400,000 Czecho-Slovak prisoners of war into an army which rendered invaluable service against the Germans before the Russian collapse, and which is still the main hope in Russia of the Allied nations.

A Religious Struggle.

A wealthy English gentleman on reaching home detected a strange and disagreeable odor pervading the place. He asked the footman whence it came. "Well, you see, sir," said Jeames, "to-day's a saint's day, and the butler, 'e's 'igh church, and is burning hincense, and the cook, she's low-church, and is burning brown paper to hobviate the hincense, sir."

Modern Domesticity.

Mrs. Jones—The cook refuses to get up earlier than 7.30.

Jones—Ask her if she won't do it for a couple of days until I can rearrange my business.

Odd Foods.

Lizards and alligators are the latest propositions in the way of food variety. They do not seem very alluring to the United States appetites, yet lizards have been extremely popular in the Bahama islands, and Florida alligators have a reputation of being quite delicious.

Shields Protect Propellers.

Because of the great number of salmon nets spread in the Columbia river and in the sea near its mouth, boats plying those waters are provided with propeller and rudder shields. These enable the boats to run over a net without becoming entangled.

One Possibility.

He—"Nothing could ever come between us, could it, dear?" She—"I can't think of a single thing, unless I should happen to become engaged to some other man before we get married."—Pearson's Weekly.

We Wouldn't, You May.

"Would you call the lady you sing with in the church choir a chants acquaintance?"—Boston Transcript.

Flying Fish.

Flying fish are chiefly found along the trade path of the North Atlantic.

Safe Proposition.

Abuse the public all you like; no one ever considers it a personal affront.

Out-of-Work Salaries.

The British Government, beginning with December 10 and continuing for six months, is paying men and women out of work sums ranging from a trifle over $6 to $15 a week, the latter going to the head of a family with several children.

So There!

First Fellow—Don't get gay or I'll be compelled to pound a little sense into your head.

Second Ditto—Is that so? Well, say, it would take a dozen like you to pound any sense into my head you big stiff!

The second banquet to returned soldiers was held in the Armories at Toronto.

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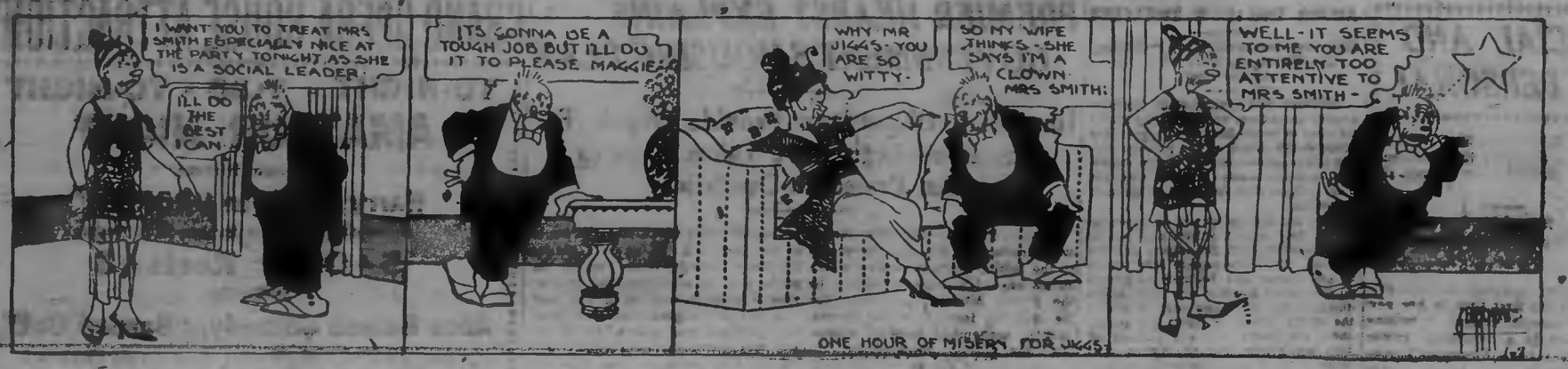

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JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

MISSOURI SAW FOOT RACE THAT COST SPORTS $5,000

Harry Bethune Pulled Clever Trick and Cleaned Up Big Bunch of Money.

Back in the early '80s, when professional footracing flourished in the New England states and Canada, where the townspeople had been relieved of their money by the crafty sprinters, the crack short-distance runners began to wend their way West.

Among the first to hear of the easy money in Missouri and Iowa, was Harry Bethune, one of the fastest runners of those days. Harry had won his pile in the East, where the fans were so wise to him that he could scarcely enter a new town without his identity being known.

Warrentown, Mo., a short distance from St. Louis, was noted in those days for its fairs. Footracing was one of the annual features. Naturally each surrounding town had its sprinter whose fans would wager on him to beat anything that entered the races.

Warrentown also boasted of its sprinter, named Henry Rittenhouse. He had met and defeated every runner of note in the state and was considered unbeatable by the townspeople. In fact, he was proclaimed champion of the Missouri Valley. He could step the century in about :10 2-5 consistently but never made faster time.

Of course Bethune heard of the Warrentown fair and knew just how fast Rittenhouse could run. Crafty Harry laid his plans and they worked out to perfection. Bethune worked on the theory that money must be spent to make money, and as he had cleaned up in the East he was prepared to spend some, figuring to get it back and some besides.

Mingles With The Fans.

Bethune landed in Warrentown on a dull afternoon. He registered at the ideal type of athlete. He sat in the lobby of the hotel on the first night of his arrival and decided to journey to the fair grounds the next day to look over the track. The sprint races were held on the stretch of the trotting track. The surface was covered with clay, which was not too hard to allow spikes to sink in.

In the evening the sports gathered in the lobby to talk over various subjects, but Harry was careful not to be drawn into these arguments, for a time at least. He finally picked up an acquaintance with a traveling man, and during the course of their conversation Bethune told his new friend he had come from the East to purchase a farm. He asserted he wanted a small place near some town, so that he would not be too far away from civilization.

Bethune was sitting in front of the hotel one night after dinner when he was appealed to to decide the relative merits of some Eastern sprinters. Bethune purposely misinformed them, which convinced the better posted fans that he knew nothing about foot racers or running. Bethune admitted he did not know much about the history of the runners, but boasted he could beat any one in the bunch.

This remark brought forth jeers from the gathering and a race was made at once between Bethune and three members of the party. The contest was for the drinks. Bethune won easily, and while the drinks were being served the vanquished sought revenge.

On the following evening Rittenhouse went to the hotel. Of course, the home town idol intended to run against Bethune, which was just what Harry wanted. Another race was discussed. Finally all but Bethune and Rittenhouse dropped out, for some reason or other. The race was held in the middle of the street in front of the hotel. Rittenhouse won by a few yards.

Suggests Another Race.

Bethune invited the bunch inside the hotel to buy the drinks. After he had purchased the second round, Bethune asserted he thought he could beat Rittenhouse if they ran in racing outfits. This was agreed to. Of course, Harry had to borrow one.

The result of the second race was the same as the first. Again Bethune purchased the drinks. Then he asserted he thought he could beat Rittenhouse if given a little time to train. This caused merriment among Rittenhouse's friends and joshing of Bethune.

When Harry started to talk about betting it was a more serious matter. Rittenhouse's friends could not get their hands into their pockets fast enough.

The pair were matched to run at the fair grounds. Harry put up $2,000 with the hotel clerk to cover all the Rittenhouse money in sight. When that had been taken he produced more. Bethune and "strangers" who thought well of his chances had close to $5,000 bet on the result when race day arrived.

The runners got away to a perfect start. Bethune suddenly gained a yard advantage, which he held to the finish without even extending himself. Rittenhouse put forth all his energy, but his best was of no avail. Harry won by just a large enough margin to get the money and avoid suspicion.

Unlike most footracers, the sports were satisfied. They did not register a single complaint. After a few months, however, it leaked out that Rittenhouse and his backers had wagered against one of the fastest runners in the country.

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

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IT PAYS

NEVADA MAY BE SCENE OF WILLARD-DEMPSEY BATTLE

Provided Legislature Will Pass and Governor Sign a Bill Making Such Affairs Legal.

Should Governor Boyle, of Nevada the sagebrush state, sign the bill providing for twenty-five round boxing bouts, there is hardly a doubt that Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey will meet at Reno in a championship battle July 4. There is excellent ground for the belief that the shrewd promoter of the $127,000 ring contest knew before he made the match that Nevada would welcome the bout and would make suitable legal arrangements so that there would be no danger of interference.

In the event of Reno getting the pugilistic plum, it will mark the third heavyweight championship bout that has taken place in the confines of Nevada.

The pioneer battle was that in which Bob Fitzsimmons wrested the heavyweight title from Jim Corbett at Carson city, March 17, 1897. After that historic contest pugilism remained aloof from Nevada until September 3, 1906, when Rickard staged at Goldfield the celebrated bout between Joe Gans, lightweight champion, and Battling Nelson, challenger, which ended in the forty-second round in a decision of foul against the Battler.

Scene of Johnson-Jeffries Bout.

Four years later, after Rickard had made an unsuccessful attempt to put Johnson and Jeffries in the ring at San Francisco, the promoter shifted the scene to Reno, and Jeff was beaten in fifteen rounds. This contest took place on July 4, 1910, and there is every project that Willard will meet Dempsey there on July 4, 1919.

After the Johnson and Jeffries affair at Reno the legislature passed a drastic anti-boxing law, which grew out of the distaste of the settlers for contests between whites and blacks. The humiliating defeat that Jeffries suffered at the hands of the giant negro was not relished by the patrons of boxing in the state. As the present bill contains a clause forbidding matches between blacks and white, it appears that the objection to mixed matches still exists in the state.

Although Nevada is a long distance from the large cities of the east, Rickard doubtless has decided that the lure of a 25-round bout without danger of interference will draw boxing enthusiasts from all over the country.

Willard Has Fought In Nevada.

Willard already has fought one battle at Reno, and should feel quite at home there. He boxed a bout with a chap named Al Williams at Reno, July 4, 1913, and won in the eighth round.

Dempsey has boxed in many places, and if he faces Willard there it will be his first fight in that state.

Of the heavyweight bouts in which the title has changed hands Louisiana has had two, Sullivan-Ryan and Corbett-Sullivan; Nevada has had two, Fitz-Corbett, Jeffries-Johnson; New York has had one, Jeffries-Fitz; Australia one, Johnson-Burns; and Cuba one, Willard-Johnson.

California, which produced two champions, saw Jeff twice defend his title, while Corbett's only championship match on the coast was as a challenger of Jeff.

Coney Island has had three heavyweight championship fights, Jeffries-Fitzsimmons, Sharkey-Jeffries and Corbett-Jeffries.

INTERNATIONALS FAIL TO DECIDE

NO AGREEMENT REACHED AS TO THE HAMILTON FRANCHISE.

New York, Feb. 27.—The International League failed to decide at its schedule meeting the most advantageous disposition of the Hamilton, Ontario, franchise, although applications for it were received from Montreal, Ottawa, Scranton and Syracuse. The franchise was located in Syracuse when the 1918 season opened, but later was transferred to Hamilton.

Montreal Without "Sammy."

President Fultz said a delegation from Montreal would appear to make the league a proposition, but that Sammy Lichtenheim, former owner of an International franchise in Montreal, was not interested in the proposition, which will be made.

Three offers were received for permission to operate the Newark franchise, now owned by Joseph Lannin, who also owns the Buffalo franchise, and who backed Hamilton last year. According to Fultz, all three bidders are willing to build a new park in Newark, provided an available place of real estate can be found at a fair price. Lannin had been trying to sell the franchise for $225,000, but none of the bidders is willing to pay that much.

Try It Again Today.

An effort will be made to dispose of both the Newark question and the location of the eighth franchise at today's session. If it cannot be done President Fultz will be empowered to decide as soon as practicable.

The league voted in favor of a season of 140 games, the season to begin April 30 and close September 14. The schedule was adopted only in part, and cannot be completed owing to the uncertainty of the location of the eighth city.

The league raised the player limit of fifteen players to sixteen, excluding the player-manager. This is an increase of two players over 1918.

A new salary limit also was adopted which Fultz said was a increase over the 1918 limit, but the amount was not announced.

Double Umpire System.

The International League also returned to the double umpire system and approved a staff of eight umpires. Last year the league employed only five.

Fultz announced that contracts had been sent to all players, except those who are on the reserve lists of Newark and Hamilton clubs.

The clubs were represented as follows: Buffalo, Joseph Lannin; Toronto, J. J. McCaffery; Rochester, Chapman; Baltimore, Jack Dunn; Chas. Knapp; Jersey City, [illegible]

HAMILTON TIGERS DEFEAT DENTALS

LAST NIGHT'S GAME IN AMERICUS CITY RESULTED IN 6-3 SCORE.

Hamilton, Feb. 27.—In another of those ding-dong battles that have characterized all of their many clashes on the Tigers last night eliminated the Dentals from the O. H. A. hockey championship race by defeating them by 5 to 3. The Dents came here with a lead of one goal to win as result of last Saturday's game in Toronto, and even their most sanguine supporters felt that they had their work cut out for them to maintain the advantage. As a result there was very little speculation on the contest.

There is no question about the Dentals being entitled to the victory, they having the better of the play in practically every period, although there were times when it looked as though they had a mighty tough row to hoe in order to come out on top. Both teams were at full strength, and while the locals were playing with the desperation of despair, the Dent's were hanging on with a grim determination. In fact after about ten minutes of battling in the first period they increased their advantage when Hudson took a shot from the box and scored the first goal of the game, giving the visitors a lead of two goals. That looked to be about enough to win the round and the group honors.

The Dents were stronger on the defense than on the forward line, but despite the rough treatment accorded last Saturday night, Bob appeared to be in fine form and his rushes were one of the features, while he took in the last period was hardly the most spectacular of the game. Bridges also made some brilliant rushes, but he found the Tiger defense much difficult to penetrate than on former occasions. Wild Bob Smeaton, who managed to break up a number of the Tigers' attempt to score, and but for the work of this pair the locals would undoubtedly have had a commanding lead before the close of the first period. Watson, who was used as a substitute, performed creditably while on the ice, and had the honor of scoring one of the visitors goals.

The line up:—

Tigers—Goal, Rennie; defence, Reise and Matte; centre, Rankin; wings, Green and Duncan; substitutes, McCarthy and Parker.

Dentals—Goal, Stewart; defence, Fox and Brown; centre, Hudson; wings, McCaffery and Smith; substitutes, Wemple and Bridges.

Referee—L. Whitehead.

Judge of Play—K. Hawitson.

Four Rinks Play At Bobcaygeon

Teams from the local curling club went to Bobcaygeon, to play the second match in the Simpson-Bottom-Shiels contest. The Peterborough end of the game was played on the day previous to the Bobcaygeon here, and resulted in a win for the visitors in the number of rinks won or not. Many of the honors for the day are many in Bobcaygeon today in regard of prowess displayed. Okt, Wow a great match.

Secretary gates of Bobcaygeon strongly disregarding all for the warning the automatic alarm tomorrow of this [illegible] by a number of passengers killed and injured during the year amounted to 364, an increase of 68 over previous year. There were four risks to 1,357 employees killed and injured out of the 136,175 employed in the country.

Damage from Fire Price; Explanation.

The report of the fire chief, Thomas Mc[illegible] department shows that out-Hamilton, Patrick fires originating within 30 the track, those definitely able to railway causes.

Mixed Wood $10 per cord

Hard Wood $13 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal [illegible] Also Egg, Stove and Nut Coal Now Ordered.

E. A. FITZGERALD

Phone 111

Ball Players' Pay

Charles Comiskey, owner of the White Sox, has been charged by some fans with underpaying his ball players. It has been local gossip that the Chicago National league club has always given its men higher salaries. The contract Eddie Collins, second baseman, has with the White Sox club does not make it appear that the players on the south side were getting rich. Collins is one of the highest salaried men in the game and in the last four years probably has drawn more money than any player in the major leagues, with the exception of Ty Cobb and Tris Speaker. The second baseman's contract with the White Sox expired [illegible] time of the opening baseball game in 1918. Collins, it has been claimed, has received $50,000 for the year, but [illegible] has been $50,000. Collins signed a contract with Comiskey, starting the year of 1915, he was given a bonus of $15,000 and a salary calling for the same amount. He has drawn that bonus every year and received it again this year for the last time, as his contract terminates in the fall. Besides the bonus obtained for signing, Collins has drawn a salary. Collins was [illegible] $6,000 and a world's [illegible] addition to being paid $6,000 [illegible] three years for [illegible] Comiskey [illegible] Collins [illegible] the White Sox [illegible] Collins [illegible] Collins [illegible] Collins

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause many nervous and annoying headaches. We FIT EYES that might prevent headaches and nervousness, and when you want the best in spectacles, you will want to be up-to-date.

"Eyes Tell and Ears Better"

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

KNOX CHURCH CHOIR.

There will be a full rehearsal of the choir of Knox Church tonight at 8 o'clock.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRASS dentist, in no way connected with Dr. Wightman in practice.

DISCOVERY

Dr. McKay, Realist, 370 George street, Peterboro, calls and examines eyes free of charge. Special attention to eyeglasses, repairing broken lenses and accurately fitting frames.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 161 Hunter South. Phone 349.

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

Temple Songsters are requested to meet this evening at 7.45 sharp. See the green board.

OTONABEE CHAPTER

The regular monthly meeting of the Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E., will be held on Saturday, 2nd Mar., at 3.30 p.m., in the Green room of the Y.W.C.A.

CO-WORKERS' CLASS

The Co-workers' Bible Class of the George Street Sunday School, will meet at the parsonage Thursday evening of this week at 8 p.m. All members are requested to be present.

"AT-HOME."

An "At-Home" will be held in St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday, 3rd March. Cards and dancing at 8:30 sharp. Good prizes and refreshments.

BUSINESS GIRLS' CLUB.

An important business meeting of the Business Girls' Club will be held at the Y. W. C. A. Green Room on the evening of Friday, February 28. It is expected that all the members will endeavor to be present at 8 o'clock sharp.

JIMMIE SIMPSON EDITOR

Mr. James Simpson was appointed managing editor of The Industrial Banner last night when the directors of the Labor paper held their annual meeting. He is to be on salary and to devote his time to the paper. Mr. Simpson was connected with it in an honorary capacity formerly.

SUBJECT OF JOHN KENDRICK BANG'S LECTURE.

Mr. Bang's subject for his lecture Friday evening of this week in the Opera House will be "Salubrities I Have Met." This is one of his finest lectures, in which he gives personal recollections of what he calls "more or less distinguished people." Among them are Woodrow Wilson, Speaker Champ Clark, Richard Harding Davis, Rudyard Kipling, Henry M. Stanley, Richard Harding Stoddart, A. Conan Doyle, Cosmo Gordon Lang, Rockefeller, Mark Twain and others. Those in the city who have heard Mr. Bang's lecture tell us we will be missing one of the greatest treats of the season if we fail to hear him.

CHOIR PRACTICE

St. John's Choir will practice in the Guild room tonight at 8 o'clock Boys practice at 7.30.

Local.

SHROVE TUESDAY SUPPER.

The Women's Guild of St. Luke's Church will hold their annual Shrove Tuesday Supper in the Sunday school room on Tuesday, March 4th, beginning at 5:30. Pancakes and Maple Syrup. Admission 35 cents.

ALL SAINTS' CHOIR.

All Saints' choir will practice tonight punctually at 7:30. Refreshments will be served sharp at 8:45. Please be on time.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Rev. J. R. Webb and Mrs. Webb are in Toronto attending the conference in Jarvis Street Baptist Church this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Scott are attending the Baptist conference in Toronto this week.

Mrs. Harry Crossman received yesterday for the first time in her new home, Homewood avenue, looking very smart in a handsome cream gown. Miss Jessie Crossman received with her wearing a very pretty frock of pink crepe. The tea table, which was presided over by Mrs. Killaly, was most artistically decorated with real lace, green tulle and centered with a basket filled with fragrant spring flowers. A great many called during the afternoon.

A bridge party was held by the Peterborough Club last night when a large number of patrons spent a very enjoyable evening. There were eight tables of progressive bridge, after which supper was served. After the supper a large number took the floor for dancing.

The Woodmen of the World held the first dance of the season to be given by that order last night, and the entertainment was attended by a large number of young people. Splendid music was supplied by Moller and Fitzgerald, and dainty refreshments served.

FIRST DANCE OF FARMER'S CLUB

NOVEL AND ENJOYABLE FUNCTION WAS HELD AT VICTORIA HALL.

The first annual dance of the Peterborough Farmers' Club was held in Victoria Hall last night. To say that it was a success is to put it mildly. The program was of a varied nature, consisting of square and round dances, some of which were quadrilles, lancers, fox trots, one and two steps, barn dances, Paul Jones, eight hand reels, grand marches, Sir Roger de Coverly. The music was furnished by the Tucker Orchestra and was satisfactory in every way.

There were twenty-nine numbers, and it was well into the early morning hours before the revelers remembered that there was work to do on the morrow and they hied themselves to their respective homes. The fun never lagged for a moment from the opening of the first number.

A young man who has attended all the dances of late was heard to remark: "Talk about your low neck (or no neck at all) and high sleeve dances at the Empress. Say, for pure, unadulterated, genuine fun give me the Farmers' Club dances every time.

The success of the dance was due to the untiring efforts of the committee, who were Messrs. Howard Quinn, Robt. Shaw and Wm. Reid.

It is safe to say that the next dance of this club will be eagerly looked forward to by those who were present at last night's dance.

NEW IDEAS FOR THE HOME PIANO

For over fifty years the Gerhard-Heintzman Piano has held a premier place in the piano world—a position won and held on its merits. Its manufacture embodies new ideas which make for charming tone, beauty in design and money-saving durability. It is the prime of home pianos, and is in use and being sold all over Canada. Mr. F. Bruce Hutchinson is the Gerhard-Heintzman representative in Peterborough city and district, and reports an ever growing recognition of this fine instrument's worth. His [illegible] Spadina Rubidge Street. Phone [illegible] are told he will promptly respond [illegible] they will [illegible] calls. It's worth while [illegible] to make a piano's unexcelled [illegible] a mile [illegible] recommended by [illegible] a mile in [illegible]. They [illegible]

James Wilson [illegible] been appointed Sheriff [illegible] of Grey.

Amherst, N.B., [illegible] piece of community building [illegible] lieutenting war memorial. [illegible] make Storkensen's party [illegible] lower on the north coast of [illegible]. 7th November last.

The Police Committee [illegible] Sound has recommended [illegible] o'clock curfew law be [illegible] in that town.

AMONG THE NEW SWEATERS

Sleeveless Garments Made of Ribbon; One With Long Ends Which Tie in the Back.

"Ribbons and laces and feminine graces" have been so continually linked together in verse that one suggests the other to the mind of the average person and in consequence the new sleeveless sweaters made of ribbon seem the most delightfully feminine of all such garments.

They are by no means as impractical as they sound either, and can be recommended both for beauty and for warmth. The very narrow baby ribbon in any shade can be used and with large knitting needles one could easily duplicate the sweaters now on sale in the shops. Most of them are buried about the waist and are finished off with bow-knots, but of course they could be made as elaborate or as plain as one desired. The ribbon being so much heavier than the average wool, it requires fewer stitches, but as it does not stretch as much as wool does one must be careful to allow plenty of leeway to slip it on over the head.

Another new type of sweater that is proving very popular is the one with long ends which cross in the front and tie in a sash at the back. These are newer than the slip-on sweaters, but are a little harder to make. They should be very loosely knitted, of course, and the sleeves may be knitted kimono style or made afterward and set in. As for the sweater itself it starts at the waist line in the back, and is knitted like the ordinary sweater up to the neck. Then when the stitches are cast off and the shoulder knitted, the fronts are done separately, adding on two stitches at every row until the bottom is reached, and then a narrow sash is knitted and fastened to the end. These are only pretty when they are done in what some people call "in and out" stitch, that is knit a row and purl a row, so that there are no ribs to show, and should be done on very large needles. Needless to say, these are made of one of the new wool substitutes.

VEILS ARE NOW THE RAGE

Face Covering Has Gained a Prominence That Has Not Been Equaled in Many Years.

In looking over present modes, notes a fashion correspondent, we can surely say that the accidentals seem to be more important than the key itself. Take veils, for example. Perhaps you have not been addicted to veils for some time. No matter. This year you will go out and buy yourself one. Veils are now raging with a virulence not known for many a day. For morning wear those of the best taste are fine mesh varieties, often with a georgette hem attached with French knot variety. For more elaborate occasions this accessory becomes more and more skittish.

Thus we have all sorts and conditions of hems for veils. It may be chenille clover leaves with jet blossoms, it may be ostrich blue embroidery, and again, your hem is apt to be edged with dogtrix matching the dogtrix of the turban. Another popular conceit at present is to border the veil with the same material and color which face the hat brim. So one can take the black veil with henna or with taupe. There is no end of flavorings for this accessory.

Hats, too, are doing much to enliven the dress world. Feather tams are seen occasionally now. So is the hat trimmed with cock feathers—a pleasant little souvenir of the gay Italian bersaglieri who, with their fluttering plumage, marched down the avenue during the Liberty loan drive. Many of the smartest hats are of black and some of them show little trimming.

SMART COAT OF TAN VELOURS

The death occ[illegible] burg, Florida, of S[illegible] St. Clair avenue, [illegible]

[illegible] coat of tan velours discriminate be[illegible] stylish and serv[illegible] throws a glare and[illegible] for afternoon and not. There is a d[illegible] lines are full and the act regulating [illegible] cape makes an [illegible] dum.

[illegible] NT ADS. PAY.

PREMIER HEARST EXPLAINS GOVERNMENT'S HOUSING PLAN

Immediate Object is to Provide Work For the Idle—Legislature Takes Steps to Put Project in Operation.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—Preceding formal consideration of His Honor's speech at the initial business session of the legislature bills were introduced by the Prime Minister providing for the carrying forward of the Government's economical housing scheme and the related measure for the amendment of the Bureau of Municipal Affairs Act so that Mr. J. N. Elis may become the first occupant of the office of Municipal Director; and Hon. Mr. Macdiarmid secured the initial reading of an act for the creation of a Department of Labor. These occupying the first half hour of the session, it was 3.40 o'clock when Mr. Z. A. Hall arose amidst applause to move reply, he to be followed by Mr. Irwin Hilliard, as seconder, while Mr. Proudfoot is to move the debate's adjournment.

In representing the Housing Bill Premier Hearst explained that no endeavor would be made to rush the measure, the principle of which would be fully considered upon second reading, while the Government was none the less anxious that it should become law with a minimum of delay for two reasons: First to meet the present urgent demand for houses in certain centres of the province, and second to provide for unemployment in various districts. Tracing at some length the history of provincial action toward the relief of the house-shortage situation.

He explained that, with the exception of loans to farmers to assist in the provision of accommodations for their workers, loans would be made only to municipalities through special commissions, of 5 per cent.

A sufficient explanation of the general purpose and provisions of the bill was given by the Government leader, who expressed the desire of the administration that the bill shall be advanced through its various stages and receive the royal assent as soon as possible.

While the chief operations of the Government in assistance of house-building will be directed through the municipal commissions, construction companies and private individuals may, under certain condition, take advantage of the Government loans advances up to 85 per cent. being allowable to companies making not more than six per cent. on their operations and private lot owners being granted loans in the amount of the total cost of houses erected. In the event of lots not being owned and paid for by the prospective builders, loans can be obtained on ten per cent. In the cases of returned soldiers or widows of such soldiers, insistence upon these cash payments would be waived. The payments provided for under the house provision plan would be adjusted on a monthly instalment arranged, under which a $3,000 home would be secured and paid for by rental payments of but $20 per months.

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS' BOOKS IN GREAT DEMAND

Enquiry at the Public Library indicates that many of the citizens who intend hearing Mr. Bang's lecture tomorrow night have been interested in looking up his works at the library as the librarians state that there has been a good demand for them. Following is a list of his books obtainable at the library;

"The House Boat on the Styx."
"The Pursuit of the House Boat."
"Enchanted Typewriter."
"From Pillar to Post."
"Mr. Bonaparte of Corsica."
"Paste Jewels."
"Peeps at People."
"Olympic Nights."
"Mr. Munchausen."

John Kendrick Bangs was born in 1862. In 1883 he graduated as a Bachelor of Philosophy from Columbia University and then studied law. He was married to Mary Blakeney Gray of New York in 1904. At various times in his life he has been associated with the following magazines, with some as editor, with others as associate editor: Harper's Weekly, Metropolitan Magazine, Puck, Literary Notes, The Drawer, Life. He is at present editor of The Rambler, published in Boston.

Iron Duke Was Good Musician.

Most of you have heard of the Iron Duke, the duke of Wellington, who was one of the great commanders of England, winning glorious victories for her. But none of you, perhaps, know that this Iron Duke, notwithstanding that he was a famous warrior, was also something of a musician. At one time, observes a writer in the Brooklyn Eagle, he directed a concert in England, after he had become famous as a commander. Not every soldier could do that, and turn so easily from one kind of work to another.

Homes Help Community.

A wealthy Englishman once said that a good home was an institution for civilizing a community, and instead of surrounding his own home by a high hedge, like many in the vicinity, he built about it an open fence, so that whoever passed, rich or poor, might enjoy the beauty of house and lawn and garden. It is a good thing for the girls of today who are to be the home makers of tomorrow, to grow up with the idea that the home owes something to the community.

The Woolsack.

The woolsack is the big red bag, without back or arms, on which the lord chancellor sits when presiding over the deliberations of the house of lords. Its origin is curious. An act was passed in Elizabeth's reign prohibiting the exportation of wool, and to keep this source of national wealth in their lordships' minds the kindergarten notion of making them sit on wool bags was tried. Nowadays, when a new chancellor is appointed he is said to be appointed to the woolsack, and to sit on the woolsack.

Vegetable Diet.

A well-balanced diet does not necessitate much meat. The leaf vegetables, like cabbage, spinach, celery, onions, etc., are new in their prime, and should be used as the basis of a number of appetizing dishes. Supplemented as they can be by a liberal allowance of milk, cereals and a limited number of eggs, the proper food values are fully maintained.

Proud of His Regiment.

It was a wise decision on the part of the British Government to create no new regiments when they entered the great war. Instead, the number of battalions in existing regiments was increased. Many of these regiments were very old, and about them hung the traditions of a glorious past.

In uniting himself to such a body as the Royal Scots, the Welsh Fusiliers or the Black Watch, as the case might be, a man unconsciously lost the sharpness of his own individuality in the greater desire to conform to the traditional characteristics of a great company. He was, in a way, no longer John Doe or Richard Roe, but a Royal Scot or a Welsh Fusilier, guardian of the usages of an age-old organization, exemplar of its soldierly conduct. Proud of his regiment, he was taught to prove his pride in his manner and dress.

It was with the view of emphasizing every detail of this pride that British military authorities decided to replace the bronze buttons of uniforms with buttons of brass, which the soldiers are required to polish daily. Even in the trenches officers and men must shave daily, and when after a week of hard fighting and sometimes short rations, the remnant of a battalion is relieved, it is required to march at attention, with parade-ground precision, as it leaves the trenches for its holiday rest in the rear. It is this rigid subjection to every detail that has in part made possible the heroic stand that British troops are making today against a more numerous foe. Their lines bend back, but they do not break; they lose bit by bit the ground they fight over, but never their fighting spirit, their cohesiveness, their esprit de corps.—Century.

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Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good clean Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit; $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, houses, your life, or anything you have it will pay you.

208 Water Street, South of Munro House

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT - 7.30 - TO-NIGHT
AMATEUR NIGHT
Feature Picture
Harry Carey in "ROPED"
A Stirring Western Drama in 6 Reels
5 - Other Reels - 5
Including
Alice Howell Comedy, "Bawled Out"

BIG AMATEUR CONTEST FOR CASH PRIZES
16c—Same Admission for This—16c
BIG NIGHT.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) NIGHT
4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES: Reserved Seats, 50c, 75c, $1.00
500 Rush Seats 25c.

SATURDAY—MARCH 1
MATINEE 2:30 - - - - EVENING 8:15
The Glittering Musical Comedy
"VANITY FAIR OF 1919"
with
JACK TRAINOR, Comedian
And a Bevy of Stunning Show Girls
30 Musical Comedy Favorites 30
18 Song Hits 18
9 Big Bewildering Scenes 9
Bargain Matinee, 25c and 50c.
Evening, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

2 Days MONDAY & TUESDAY
MARCH 3rd and 4th
DAILY MATINEE 2.15. EVENING 8.15
UNDER PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA
And HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA
THE ALL BRITISH FILM, IN 9 REELS
WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS
With Dr. H. D. GIRDWOOD, B.A. L.L.D. F.R.G.S. F.R.P.S.
Who will Personally Describe all the Important Events
VIGOROUS, ENTERTAINING, INSTRUCTIVE. POPULAR PRICES
MATINEE 25c ALL SEATS
NIGHTS 25c, 35c, and 50c
UNDER AUSPICES OF MAJOR BENNETT CHAPTER DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

THE LAST CHANCE.

This is the last chance the public will have to see the pictures of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's funeral, exhibited at the Royal Theatre last night and tonight.

Forty-three acres of farm land in the vicinity of Barons, Alberta, has been sold at $118 an acre, said to be record price for that province.

PRATTEN—On Tuesday, Feb. 25th, 1919, at Nicholls Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Pratten, 531 Aylmer street, a son.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to his customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company, Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged, will act as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well ventilated bakeries in which the Company will continue to carry on bread manufacturing.

APPLES! APPLES!!
For Eating or Cooking
A large shipment just received, including,
Russets. Canada Reds
and several varieties especially good for cooking.
Porter S. White Co.
334 GEORGE STREET
'Phone 208

Agents Wanted

who can sell or will specialize on either Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile or Plate Glass Insurance, Securities, Investments, etc. If you are a salesman, here is an opening. If not and you want to be, let us school you. It may be "Miss Opportunity" knocking at your door. We have the goods if you have the "pep." No dead ones needed. Apply
HUGHSON JOHNSTONE
Rooms 202-203 Barrie Building.

FOR SALE
"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park
Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. E. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Bowmanville, Ont.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Milder, light rain tonight. Saturday, northwest winds and turning colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 50 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

UNITED STATES SHOULD KEEP OUT OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Senator Lodge so Advises in a Vigorous Speech in American Senate.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, Feb. 28. — Senator Lodge of Massachusetts warned the American people today to carefully weigh the consideration of the League of Nations as presented to the Peace Conference at Paris and to insist upon its fundamental revision. Speaking in the Senate, the Republican floor leader declared his conviction that instead of safeguarding the peace of the world, the League, as now planned, would engender misunderstandings and strife. Deducing his first public utterance on the subject since the constitution became public, the Massachusetts Senator vigorously opposed the plan and made specific recommendation for amendment.

He declared that as now drafted, the constitution would contravene the Monroe doctrine, strike at American sovireignty, involve Americans in all foreign disputes, substitute internationalism for nationalism, and be of benefit principally to Europe.

Senator Lodge, who is expected to be chairman of the powerful foreign relations committee in the next Senate, which will act on the peace treaty and any plan for a League of Nations, was given close attention by the Senators and crowded galleries.

He said that while in the interests of peace it might be necessary to abandon the Monroe doctrine, the policies of Washington and other principles of Americanism, the nation should reflect and hesitate before it acts.

"Germany is lifting its head again," he said. "Let us have a definite statement as to whether the League is to have an international force of its own or is to have power to summon the armed forces of the different members.

"Let it be stated in plain language whether the measures, recommendations or suggestions of the Executive Council are to be binding on the members and are to compel them to do what the League delegates and Executive Council determine.

"Unless some better legislation for a League than this can be drawn, it seems to me," he said, "that if the League is desired it might be made up by European nations whose interests are chiefly concerned and that the United States could co-operate fully and at any time, whenever co-operation is needed."

Rioting Is Renewed In Munich

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, Feb. 28.—German government troops yesterday occupied the town of Hamborn, in the Ruhr industrial region, after a fight in which a number of Spartacans were killed. The Government troops captured 116 prisoners. Rioting broke out anew in Munich on Thursday. Three thousand Spartacan soldiers marched to the Parliament buildings in an effort to force the Diet to proclaim a Soviet republican in Bavaria.

The Town Hall and stores in Leipzig, Saxony, have been closed as a result of a strike by the Bourgeoise acording to a despatch from Berlin.

SARNIA MAN MURDERS TWO THEN COMMITS SUICIDE

Jealousy Supposed to be Cause of a Triple Tragedy in the Railroad Y. M. C. A.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Sarnia, Feb. 28.—Thomas Wooley, aged 37, his wife, Beatrice, 45, and Arthur Seigmiller, 28, are all dead as a result of a double murder and suicide at the railway Y.M.C.A. here this morning. Wooley, who was a cook at the "Y.," me Seigmiller, a Grand Trunk freight engineer, in the washroom and, after some argument, shot him dead. Then he went upstairs and killed his wife, afterward shooting himself. Their little girl, aged seven, ran out of the bedroom crying, "Daddy has shot my mother and himself."

All the parties were of Sarnia. It is supposed that jealousy was the cause of the tragedy.

ALWAYS WAS AND WILL BE FRENCH

ALSACE AND LORRAINE WANT NO PLEBISCITE AS TO STATUS.

Paris, Feb. 28.—The superior council of Alsace and Lorraine at its first meeting in the French war office, adopted a resolution declaring against the German proposals for a plebiscite in Alsace-Lorraine. The council was created to adjust various matters connected with the provisional administration of the two provinces. The resolution says:

"We refuse to stand for any foreign interference in our national affairs such as those attempted at Weimar (the seat of the German national assembly) and elsewhere, with the object of making the future of Alsace and Lorraine depend on a plebiscite. We most energetically deny to all Germans the right of manifesting solicitude for us which comes forty years too late. We are, and will remain, French without any plebiscite, through the restoration of the rights violated in 187[illegible]."

CHARGED WITH SELLING LIQUOR

TWO MEN ARRESTED LAST NIGHT TO BE SENTENCED TODAY.

Alfred Huffman of this city and Melleville Manson Moyse, who is well known in the towns along the lake front, were arrested last night and this morning faced charges in the police court of selling liquor contrary to the provisions of the Ontario Temperance Act.

It is stated that the accused went to a dance at Buckhorn where they received a cordial welcome on account of the invaluable nectarine which they brought along.

Moyse pleaded guilty to the charge as preferred and will be sentenced this afternoon when the court sits at three o'clock. Huffman denied his guilt and his trial will be held this afternoon, also. In addition to these two cases there is a military defaulter scheduled to appear before Magistrate Dumble.

QUEBEC LOOKS FOR PLEBISCITE

BEFORE FIRST OF MAY PEOPLE TO VOTE ON PROHIBITION.

Quebec, Feb. 28.—While no official outline has been given yet to the Quebec license bill which has been presented in the House by Hon. Walter Mitchell, and which is expected any day now, it is understood that measure provides for a referendum throughout the province, which would be taken before May 1 next, to have the people choose between absolute prohibition and beer and wine.

In Two Sections.

The bill, it is intimated, is divided into two sections, the first confirming the Act passed at the last session enacting absolute prohibition to take effect on May 1, 1919, and the second providing for the legalizing of the manufacture and sale of beer containing not more than 2½ per cent. of its weight in alcohol, and wine not containing more than 6 per cent. alcohol over-proof. The second section provides for the referendum.

The death occurred at S. Petersburg, Florida, of Samuel Gillies, of 70 St. Clair avenue, Hamilton

EX-PRESIDENT TO TALK ON PEACE

MR. TAFT TO SPEAK FROM SAME PLATFORM AS PRESIDENT.

NO PLEBISCITE AS TO PRESIDENT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Feb. 28.—Former President Wm. H. Taft has accepted an invitation to speak here next Tuesday night on the same platform with President Wilson, the League to Enforce Peace announced today. In his telegram Mr. Taft emphasized his desire to do everything possible to help make clear to the country the non-partisan character of the League of Nations issue.

American Troops Reach New York

(Canadian Press Despatch)

[illegible]

Autoists Ask For Change in Act

Toronto, Feb. 28.—When Ontario Motor League delegates make their annual legislative pilgrimage to the Parliament Buildings today they will ask, among other things, that no motorist be convicted of exceeding the speed limits upon the evidence of a single witness. Heretofore the evidence of a motorcycle speed constable has almost invariably been accepted as against the sworn testimony of the person charged, and motorists have complained that in some courts conviction is a foregone conclusion.

Another important change in the same section of the Motor Vehicle Act is to be asked. Speed traps of 100 and 200 yards are too short motorists claim, and they will ask the Provincial powers to make the tests at least a quarter of a mile in the country and an eighth of a mile in cities, towns and villages. They will point out to the Government that a short burst of speed is sometimes necessary to avert traffic tangles or worse.

Restrict Candle-Power of Lamps

Still another important piece of legislation asked is that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may make regulations to restrict candle-power of headlighting devices on motor vehicles. It is virtually a request that the Government officials try again to [illegible] regulations which will discriminate between a light that throws a glare and one that does not. There is a dormant clause in the act regulating lights and reflectors, but it has been deemed unworkable.

RED CROSS PLAN PEACE SERVICE

DOMINION PARLIAMENT WILL BE ASKED TO AMEND THE CHARTER.

Toronto, Feb. 28—Application will be made to the Dominion Parliament at its present sitting by the Canadian Red Cross Society for an amendment to its charter whereby it will be permitted to extend its activities to the civilian population during peace times for the alleviation of pain and suffering wherever it may be found. The passing of a resolution to this effect was the outstanding feature of the annual meeting of the society held yesterday afternoon in Convocation Hall.

In moving the resolution Hon. Sir Richard S. Lake, Lieutenant-Governor of Saskatchewan, explained that in view of the forthcoming convention of Red Cross Societies to be held at Geneva, Switzerland, there was some doubt as to the wisdom of proposing the step without bringing the question before that convention. He explained, however, that he had written to Sir Arthur Stanley of the British Red Cross, asking his advice, and that a cable received during the course of the meeting stated that the British Red Cross had already approached the Privy Council for a similar amendment and that, therefore there was no reason for the Canadian body to wait further.

CHARGED WITH DODGING DRAFT

LEO A. FORBERT OF LINDSAY BEFORE MAGISTRATE DUMBLE

Leo A. Forbert, of Lindsay, was charged in the Police Court this afternoon with having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act. His counsel, Joseph Wearing, stated that while prepared to plead guilty, there were circumstances in connection with this case which he felt His Worship should be acquainted with before sentencing the man.

Mr. Wearing was not prepared to state these in open court but wrote them down for the personal consideration of the magistrate. He asked for a remand of one week upon the ground that he could obtain witnesses who would bear out the statements made in the testimony he had submitted.

Magistrate Dumble did not look kindly upon the idea of granting an enlargement, but finally acceded to the earnest representations and arguments of Mr. Wearing and not only granted his request for an enlargement, but allowed the accused to retain his liberty upon adequate bail being furnished.

Mr. Wearing, in connection with this case, brought up a contingency which has not arisen in cases tried in Peterborough heretofore. He claimed that Forbert had given himself up to Inspector Stewart at Scotia Junction at the time of the general amnesty granted to defaulters last November, but that the prisoner had been stricken down with the flu and pneumonia upon the same day, and his illness had lasted until after the signing of the armistice.

Mr. Wearing reminded the magistrate that cases of this kind had their individual peculiarities and should be dealt with accordingly. If there were extenuating circumstances they should be considered in the same manner as in the case of a man charged with theft. There is no fixed period of imprisonment for a man charged with another offence, and there was no reason why a defaulter's case should not be dealt with likewise. If there were extenuating circumstances they should at least be considered.

FINED $500 FOR SELLING LIQUOR IN PETERBORO

Manson Moyes and Alf. Huffman Jointly Guilty of Offence Charged.

Melville Manson Moyes, of Port Hope, and Alfred Huffman, of this city, were charged jointly in Police Court this afternoon with having been engaged in selling liquor contrary to the Ontario Temperance Act, and upon pleading guilty were ordered to pay a fine of $500 with $9.10 costs, or go to jail for a term of six months. It is thought that the guilty parties will pay the fine, which will amount to $250 apiece, with the costs divided.

Moyes admitted bringing the whiskey to Peterborough from Port Hope and showed a disposition to assume most of the blame in the matter. Huffman accompanied him to the country, where the liquor was hidden in a bush, and Magistrate Dumble decided that he was equally blameworthy and that they were jointly responsible for the breach of the law.

GOVERNMENT SHOULD AGREE UPON WHEAT PRICE POLICY

Until This is Settle There Will Be Unrest in Milling Industry.

If confidence is to be restored to the milling and kindred industries of the country in the near future the Government will have to take action to fix a price for the 1919 wheat crop and it cannot move in that direction too soon, judging from the conditions prevailing in this city where one of the largest cereal plants of the Dominion is situated and is at present practically idle. Conditions affecting it can be considered as applicable to the industry throughout the Dominion and the state of affairs reigning today at the Quaker Oats plant of Peterborough are, in all probability, no worse than in other cities, which boast large cereal mills. A review of the situation here will consequently throw a good deal of light upon the general situation as far as Canada is concerned.

There are, at the present time, 400 or 500 employes of the Quaker Oats in this city out of work, not on account of lack of orders, as there are plenty of orders to be filled in this country and an abundance in Europe, but because of the scarcity of shipping facilities.

The Quaker Oats has at the present time 600,000 tons of shipping tied up in various sea ports for the lack of ocean freight accommodation. This goods is consigned to the European market and until such time as transport can be found for it will perforce remain in the giatted transshipping sheds of the port to which it was sent.

Looking forward with confidence to the solution of the shipping problem the employes of the company in this and other cities are living in hopes of brighter days ahead. Their optimism is justified in the light of reason as there is not the slightest doubt but that the demand for the products of the cereal plant is as great or greater today than it ever was before, a statement which is borne out by a peculiar feature of the local situation, which is to be found in the fact that the largest force of men on duty at the Quaker Oats at present is that engaged in making local deliveries.

When the shipping conditions return to normal once more there is every reason to believe that the cereal plant in this and other places will run day and night to supply the demand.

It cannot be said that the situation at the company's plant in Peterborough is encouraging as disclosed at the present time. The cereal department is entirely closed. A few hands are retained in the puffed rice department and the office staff alone has been kept on duty as a unit. In the flour department there are only two packers engaged.

A number of officials from the headquarters of the company in Chicago are expected in Peterborough in the near future to discuss the situation and make arrangements for the boom period, which is sure to follow the present depression.

Royal Bride's Stock of Nightgowns

At the meeting of the Industrial Parliament in London yesterday the meeting itself was picturesque in the fact that Labor smoked its seasoned briars under the very nose of the Premier. Nor was it without humor, especially when, as the wedding bells of Westminster Abbey across the street were ringing and the Princess "Pat" was nearing the church for her marriage, one of the Labor men referred to the bad impression on the workmen created by the report that the princess has 70 night gowns in her trousseau, while some of the working women hardly had one. This convulsed the Premier.

What was manifest in the Government's attitude as expressed by the Premier and the Labor Ministers, was the recognition that the workers would never accept the old conditions. The most acute students of Labor problems in England expressed their belief that a great good had been done at a critical moment by the Premier's call for an Industrial Parliament, for it gave opportunity to Labor to state its case and to remove the notion that bolshevikism is behind the upward striving of the masses.

SPARTACANS NOW CONTROL MUNICH

HAVE SEIZED GOVERNMENT PRESSES ON WHICH MONEY IS MADE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 28.—The situation at Munich is grave, according to the Berlin Vossische Zeitung. Spartacan forces not only are masters of all public buildings and transportation services in the city, but have also seized the presses on which the Government bank notes are printed. These presses, it is said by the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, are kept busy. Foodstuffs are being rationed at Munich, the amounts issued to the Bourgeois being only half of those given workingmen.

FAIR DIRECTORS ASK FOR GRANT

DEPUTATION PRESENT CASE AT MEETING OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

At the meeting of the Finance Committee of the City Council held last night a deputation from the Fair Board were present and asked for a grant for next year's exhibition. The matter was laid over for future consideration. Upon the deputation were R. Denne, President of the Board of Directors; F. J. A. Hall, R. M. Glover, J. W. Fraser, P. Brown and F. Roy.

In addition tot the meeting of the Finance Committee the Legal Committee also held a short session.

280 FATALITIES ON THE RAILWAYS

AND 800 PEOPLE WERE INJURED DURING THE PAST YEAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—In three great volumes, covering the work of the Dominion Railway Commission during the year ending March 31, 1918, as tabled by Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals, there is one little section which deals with the work of the board in administering the railway grade crossing fund in actual construction work on various devices for promoting the safety of those using the highways. On 444 crossings the following means were taken to protect the public: 241 electric bells, 108 gates, 50 subways, 20 overhead bridges, 20 diversions of highways, three closings of streets three removals of obstructions to the view of the people approaching the crossing, one shelter and two towers.

Act Too Restricted

The Commission feels that the act has too limiting restrictions. It is pointed out that in the larger cities such works would run into amounts exceeding $100,000, and occasionally as high as several million dollars, whereas the Commission is limited to $5,000, not to be applied to more than three crossings in one municipality, or more than once to the same crossing. That amount would be, in large cities, just a fraction of the amount involved. That this field of effort is an important one is shown by the report of the board's chief operating officer that the number of highway crossing accidents during the past five years totalled 621, causing 280 persons killed and 566 persons injured. Of these 158 accidents were at protected crossings, where there were 71 killed and 140 injured, and 463 at unprotected crossings, with 209 killed and 426 persons injured. There were 48 automobile accidents at such crossings, in which the casualties amounted to 31 killed and 77 injured and of these 39 accidents occurred at unprotected crossings, 26 being killed and 58 injured.

Public Carelessness

Though this shows an increase over the previous year, there are no data as to the increase in automobile traffic to see whether the increase is one in percentage or not. The board notes that there are many instances of public disregard of protective appliances, a great many crawling under the gates or going around them or disregarding the alarm given by the automatic signal bells.

The number of passengers killed and injured during the year amounted to 364, an increase of 68 over the previous year. There were also 1,357 employees killed and injured out of the 136,175 employed in the country.

Damage from Fire

The report of the fire inspection department shows that out of 4,097 fires originating within 300 feet of the track, those definitely attributable to railway causes made 76.84 per cent of the total. Of the fires chargeable to railway causes, 240 or 28.46 per cent, expended themselves without doing any damage. The total damage from such fires reached $185,000, of which the railways are charged with 24.42 per cent. In the Prairie Provinces the railways have constructed 10,994.26 miles of fire guards.

Have New Plan To Deal With Russia

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, Feb. 28.—Andre Tardieu, one of the French delegates to the Peace Conference, says that the Bolsheviki failed to comply with the condition laid down by the Entente as to suspension of hostilities and that the Allies have in view new methods of restoring order in Russia and are examining available means to carry out his purpose.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1919

MR. GORDON'S DEFENCE.

MR. G. N. GORDON made a plea for mercy for a defendant in the Police Court yesterday, and his eloquent address is sure to have a lasting impression upon all who heard it. It did not sound like the usual cut-and-dried argument for leniency that attorneys put up for their clients as a rule. The inspiration of the remarks had the ring of genuine feeling. It was such an address as any man who knows frail human nature might have uttered, spontaneously and without any material consideration as a motive.

A young man pleaded guilty to the charge of being a defaulter, of failing to answer the call to arms under the Military Service Act. He hid in the woods, and so evaded the draft, but the Dominion Police after the war was over ran him down.

Without any attempt to apologise for a man who violated a law of the land, it must be admitted that there were extenuating circumstances. Living far removed from the centres of population, spending all his life in the solitude of a farm, this young man lacked the inspiration that was created in many a heart by the patriotic meetings, by the playing of martial airs and by the sight of marching men, heard and seen in the towns and cities of Canada. His world was bounded by the confines of his own neighborhood. Probably in all the twenty-two years of his life he never spent one night away from the shelter of his parental roof. Natures developed under such environments seldom nurture an ambition for another, certainly not for a military, life. When the call came, every feeling of repulsion was aroused, and this does not necessarily imply the lack of physical courage on the part of the defaulter. He simply could not understand. All he asked was that, seeing he had no voice in starting the war, he be allowed to live his own life in peace. If he had been asked to take a hand in a combat between two neighbors, the request would not have appealed to him, even if the restoration of community harmony had been cited to him as a reason.

The war has created many problems, and one of these is the matter of dealing with defaulters. The object of punishing offenders, we are taught by those in authority to believe, is to furnish examples that will deter others from falling into the same course. There is, it is alleged, nothing of vengeance in court sentences. If this be so, the lesson which it is sought to impress now by sending draft dodgers to jail is likely to be lost. No such necessity as compulsory military service is ever likely to arise again in Canada. The thousands of men who have defaulted, if all are apprehended and treated alike, will fill the jails of the country and add new war burdens to those already carried by the people. And the citizenship of all these defaulters will be lost to Canada. No young man who for such a cause spends two years in jail will be any the better patriot for his experience.

The magistrate who sends a defaulter to prison for two years is simply doing his duty. There is the law before him, and he must, if faithful to his charge, govern himself accordingly. But it is an outrage on the popular idea of justice to have defaulters punished in one section of the Dominion and allowed to escape with a nominal fine or a few hours' imprisonment in another. Not all magistrates, any more than all drafted men, are rising to their duty. The law is binding on one as upon the other.

Men see the law broken with impunity all round them. They have since the beginning of the war seen those in high place plunder the public in broad daylight and escape with their spoils. They have seen men steal from the public funds that the nation has been taxed almost to the breaking point to raise. They have seen the trusted officer appropriate the money handed over to him with which to pay the soldiers who every day were risking their lives. They have seen officers maintained in comparative idleness and living in unaccustomed luxury, fattening on the misfortunes of their country like so many parasites. And compared to all these offences the man who dodged the draft regards his own failure in duty as a relatively unimportant matter.

OPPOSE PROHIBITION.

SENATORS Dandurand and Casgrain say they are opposed to prohibition and will resist every attempt at its enactment. Even senators are entitled to their personal opinions, but every man should guard against the egotistical blunder of taking himself too seriously.

WAR PROPHETS.

THE AGE OF PROPHECY seems by no means a matter of history. Modern seers made tolerably accurate forecasts of the late war, not only as to its origin, but as to the agencies that would decide its settlement and the results that would follow the conflict.

Back in the eighties, Rev. Dr. Wild, who, as pastor of the Bond Street Congregational Church in Toronto, established a reputation as one of the outstanding orators of the day and who earned the title of prophet, always had his eye set upon the probable events of the future. The part that the United States was to play in shaping the destiny of the world and in bringing new and vigorous support to the cause of humanity, was one of the doctor's favorite themes in pulpit or on platform. In a lecture dealing with this topic he was wont to close with an eloquent peroration in which he outlined just such a war as the recent conflict, in which nation was to rise against nation. The blood of the human race was to pour forth like water, the face of the earth was to become moundy with the graves of the fallen. Then, just at the crucial moment the United States, that vigorous young giant of the West, was to throw the might of its strength upon the side of right, and the cause of civilization was to triumph for all time. The late doctor may have been given to sensationalism, but he knew history and understood national characteristics as he did those of individuals.

Coming down to a still more modern prophet, we have "The Final War," a book written in 1896 by Louis Tracy, who says that the destiny of England and America is to rule the world, to give it peace and freedom, to bestow upon it happiness and prosperity.

Hand in hand, with a singleness of purpose never known before, and with an unselfish interest in the task before them, the two great nations are working out that destiny now. They will attain their objective, too, despite all the obstacles that may be placed in the path of progress by the ephemeral politicians on either side of the ocean.

In a preface to his book Louis Tracy says: "I have tried to write a story of adventure. It may interest and amuse the reader, but I shall have utterly failed in my task if he does not rise from its perusal feeling proud if the English language be his mother tongue, and sad if it be not."

Perhaps the preface savors somewhat of boastfulness. In the late war there were nations on the side of the Allies whose soldiers could not understand a word of the language that every Briton believes will eventually become universal. But the different races understood each other, believed in each other, nevertheless. The cry of humanity for support was the velapuk of a world at war.

RADIAL SERVICE FOR PETERBOROUGH.

UP AT THE KAWARTHA LAKES Peterborough has one of the finest summer resorts in Canada. All that is lacking is development, and this can never be attained until transportation is provided. At present this resort is inaccessible to the city except by the boats that ply on the Trent Canal, and, excellent as this service is every year, it is still inadequate for the purpose.

Alderman Edgar and his colleagues on the City Council's railway committee have taken the right track when they decide to have the city ask the Hydro Commission to build a radial from Whitby to Peterborough and thence to the summer resort region. There should be no difficulty about securing this concession, as the Hydro Commission is a public institution and the various municipalities interested have a right to get what they want and are willing to pay for.

Alderman Edgar very properly takes the ground that it would not be a businesslike policy to extend the radial from Whitby along the lake front in competition with three already established lines of steam railways which, instead of competing with each other, have been allowed to increase their rates from time to time by the Railway Commission in order to save themselves from bankruptcy. The Council has no assurance that the Hydro Commission will not adopt this very course. When Sir Adam Beck spoke in this city a year ago he made it clear that he was not averse to building radial lines in direct competition with steam roads, leaving the latter two alternatives—to improve their service or go into liquidation. Sir Adam has already established a reputation as a demolisher of private industries. He bought a steam road from London to Port Stanley, rebuilt and electrified it, and operated it as a rival of a private electric road that was giving excellent service. He cut rates until he had the old line on the rocks. Then he raised his own figures above the record.

The program as agreed upon by the railway committee is one that is essential to the future of Peterborough. The more visitors induced to spend the summer at the lake resorts to the north, the better for the city in every respect. The natural advantages of Peterborough both as a place of residence and as an industrial centre can be established in no better way. The opportunity for Peterborough to grow bigger and better is within sight. The present City Council has already attained a reputation for taking up big measures for promoting the general welfare, and in this policy the alderman should have the support of the Board of Trade and every class and interest in the community.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE MOST RECENT appointee to office in Germany will leave a wife and large family to mourn his untimely end.

* * * * *

THE EX-KAISER sighed for new territory and has not been altogether disappointed. There's that living space in Holland.

* * * * *

NO MATTER how highly peace may be developed by the League of Nations, the Irish question will always remain as a topic of dissention.

* * * * *

EBERT'S DECLARATION that the new German republic is to be based on truth and justice calls for the importation of the basic material.

* * * * *

THE DIFFERENT factions of the Liberals in Parliament are chasing each other in circles, so that it is impossible to decide which holds the lead.

* * * * *

THE MONARCHISTS in Germany are said to be planning a decisive move. The ex-kaiser has not been silent all these days without plotting some new mischief.

* * * * *

AMONG THE SOCIAL NOTES of the future there may appear "personals" to the effect that Canadian Cabinet Ministers are making a brief business visit to Canada prior to an early return to Europe.

* * * * *

THE UNITED STATES SENATE calls itself the greatest deliberative body in the world, but the world of the average senator is bounded on the north by Canada, on the south by Mexico, and on either side by an ocean.

* * * * *

It looks as though London will have the two-platoon system. The firemen conducted their agitation with calmness and restraint. Public opinion backed them up because they had a good case. There's a moral for other unions.—London Advertiser.

SAME HERE, exactly.

How Prohibition Works In Sweden

There is plenty of evidence in Sweden that official prohibition does not prohibit. Experience here shows that restrictive measures are effective up to a certain point but forcing them beyond that point creates an overgrowing class of secret distillers and boozemakers and produces more drunkenness.

There has been an enormous sale of distilling apparatus in Sweden, and it has not lain idle. The detectives at Norrkoping declare that in half the houses in that city there is at least one person who systematically busies himself or herself with secret distilling or rendering poisoned spirit innocuous. The latter method is more popular as distilling is easily done with sugar and yeast, though fruit and jam are used also. Often the sounds of battle rise on the still night air, and when the police come they find that a fight has arisen between a couple of distillers and find the floor strewn with broken retorts, curly pieces of pipe and the rest of the gear.

Though spirits restrictions have become more and more severe, Stockholm police records show a great increase in drunkenness, amounting in September to more than 300 per cent over September 1917.

The Stockholm and Gothenburg police say that rooting out secret distillers is a hopeless job. Chief of Police Harleman here recently said that "masses" of reports had lately come in to him about distillers and that not a day passes without one of the offenders being caught.

In Stockholm, as elsewhere, the denaturing of gasoline and other forms of spirits intended for industrial uses is very prevalent. Matters have passed the stage of pioneer home research. The path has been blazed and the pioneers have made a gift of their knowledge to all thirsty mankind. The authorities say that the various methods converting unpalatable and poisonous industrial spirits into good drinks "seem to be fully worked out and generally known."

Gasoline is scarce indeed in Sweden but distillers and boozemakers obtain their supplies by theft of secret purchase from fishermen, farmers and manufacturers, who have been allotted rations for their vital industries. A quart of this doctored gasoline easily fetches $5.

TO-DAY'S STORY

Sailors are superstitious men and even at the admiral's table the accidental ringing of a tumbler is instantly muffled, for the sound is supposed to portend early death by drowning.

But here are some queer legends about haunted ships. There is, for example, one occurrence that is still wrapped in mystery. In 1917 a convoy of 12 ships was on passage, when at dawn on the day after sailing the escort commander discovered 13 ships under his charge. While the identity of the extra ship was being discussed the convoy was suddenly attacked by German light cruisers and most of the escort and 9 of the merchantmen were sunk. The Germans then made off.

Survivors who witnessed the whole proceeding positively assert that there were 13 ships and that the mysterious vessel disappeared as strangely as she had appeared; that she was not sunk is certain. Official inquiries fail to throw any light on the nature of this vessel; it was ascertained that she could not have been a disguised German raider, and her presence was "logged" by the escort commander.

Perhaps it was Vanderdecken, the old Dutch captain who in the "Flying Dutchman" wished to witness the discomfiture of his old enemies, the English.

In one ship an officer who lost his reason committed suicide under particularly tragic circumstances, after escaping from his cabin on the half deck. Within a few days the sentries on this post began to complain that someone was dogging their footsteps as they paced up and down during the night watches. They declared that they could feel a presence, but on turning round could see no one. Eventually the sentries had to be sent on duty in pairs, as a solitary sentry would sometimes desert his post in terror. This ghost is probably laid, as the ship in question was sunk in the Dardanelles.

Another case is that of a haunted cabin on board a more modern ship. The owner was found to be missing at sea and was presumed to have been washed overboard by accident. In due course another officer was allotted this cabin. One night the flat was aroused, by shouts; a crowd of officers and men soon rushed to the door. They found the new occupant sitting up in his bunk in an obvious state of terror.

He declared that soon after turning in, he felt something touch his head and that the bunk was invaded by something damp and smelling of seaweed. The same thing happened to another tenant later on, and after that the cabin was unused for three months. In the end the ghost was exorcised and the cabin used by a Roman Catholic chaplain, who never complained of further manifestations.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says once in a while the paper makes some mention of the moron problem, but as a rule we hear very little about the Philippines now.

Every mother secretly wonders how her daughter-in-law managed to persuade her son to marry her.

WIT AND WISDOM

The Safe Bet

"It's a long lane that has no farming."

"Squared another grudge against somebody, eh."

"I'd like to know one thing, pop."
"What is that, son?"
"Do they pay the submarine crews from the sinking fund?"

A Big Feature

Bannon—That is a rather enterprising magazine.

Shannon—Yes; and they announce that next month they will print a full-length novel complete in one issue, and a full-width picture of Fatty Arbuckle in one issue.

"I see you a good deal with young Flubdub. I hope you are not going to marry a spendthrift."

"Oh, no. I don't think I'll marry him. But it's nice going around with one."

Arrogant Wealth

He boasts his wealth,
Which I detest,
He wears an egg-stain
On his vest.

Now comes peace, and invention is required to be constructive and fill many a long felt want.

For example, the times cry out for a self-washing dish, However—What effect would that have upon matrimony?

Wouldn't Do

The sportsman strode into a poulterer's shop and with the air of a man who meant business, said:

"Can you sell me a nice plump pheasant?"

"I'm sorry I have not a pheasant left, sir," replied the shopman, "but here are some fine sausages that I can highly recommend. I'm sure your wife will be delighted with them."

"Sausages be blowed," yelled the sportsman, "how can I tell my wife I shot sausages."

OPPOSED TO PROHIBITION

Two Senators Go on Record Against the Proposition.

Ottawa, Feb. 27. — In the Senate yesterday Senator Dandurand said that while he was in favor of temperance, he was strongly opposed to prohibition, and he would resist with all his power any legislation which sought to bar French wines from the country or which aimed to deprive people of the use of light beer.

Senator Casgrain, who followed expressed opposition to the proposed prohibition legislation, wanted to have more information about the Canadian Northern Railway and the situation in respect to the Grand Trunk. He said Sir Robert Borden was playing a minor role at the Peace Conference.

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LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

BOOKS

There is little books on jest one jeck,
And big books on sevrel, like dicktionerry,
And a hole lot of diffrent books all at one time.
Is known as a lybererry.

Enybody can set down to rite a book,
Saying, "I can be a author, I bet,"
But if you come back later to see wat they rote.
All they have did was to set.

A good meny authors is alive today
But more than twice as meny have died.
And you can't blame the author if you dont like the cover
But you can if you dont like the inside.

For the covers are very important
To know ware to end and to start,
Everybody who has ever red mutch
Looks inside for the instructive part.

The invention of printing was a grate thing for books,
And also the discovery how to rite,
But if nobody had never lernt how to read.
It would jest be a case of good nite.

LEE PAPE

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A flirt and her conscience are soon divorced.

When some people talk it is a waste of time to yawn.

Wise is the man who speaks neither too soon nor too late.

It's the underdog who is anxious for the peacemaker to get busy.

"Let me take your check," is the most popular after dinner speech.

When a man starts out to live down his salary he usually succeeds.

Yes, Rafalo, it is far easier to let hair grow long than it is to write poetry.

Ambition often raises a man for the purpose of giving him a good, hard fall.

The Britannia Mines, B. C., have discharged every enemy alien employed there. There were 450 working at the copper mines.

Elixers of Youth

Many different methods have been tried by which man may lengthen his term of life on earth. We often smile at the attempts of the scientists of olden days who were always hoping to find the "Elixir of Youth," which would enable them to live for ever but even in such a progressive country as the United States, in these prosaic days, there are men searching for methods of prolonging life almost as fantastical as the old alchemists.

For instance, a Dr. Fair, of Boston, originated the theory that it was possible to live for a thousand years by adopting the following rules:—Dress in white, live on vegetables and nuts, sleep in a draught, take long "dinner hours," and remain alone for half an hour every day. It is said that the doctor had no fewer than a quarter of a million followers, but whether any of them will reach the thousand years or not of course remains to be seen!

Another American doctor named Starkey, stated in 1912 that he had discovered an elixir of youth, although he was more modest than Dr. Fair, and only claimed that it would prolong life for an additional twenty years. The recipe for the elixir was a secret, but the doctor thought so much of it that he experimented with it on his own mother, aged seventy, and after a time he declared that he had succeeded in making her look not more than fifty, and that he had been able to remove every wrinkle from her face.

CLEMENCEAU IS ACTIVE

French Premier Attends Session of Drafting Commission

Paris, Feb. 28—Yesterday afternoon Premier Clemenceau went to the Foreign Office, which he reached at 2.50 o'clock. He alighted unassisted walked into the building, and was present at a session of the drafting commission.

M. Clemenceau did not remain long in the building leaving it at 3.15 o'clock entering his car without assistance and being driven off at a speedy pace. Bystanders remarked that he was looking remarkably well.

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The Great English Tonic and Invigorator, sold for over 40 years. Is an old Tonic. Quickly Restores Debility, Mental and Nervous Forces, Lost Vitality, Nervousness, Lack of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Blood Purifier, Prevents Disease. One will please, 6 will cure. Sold by druggists or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. New pamphlet free. The Wood Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont.

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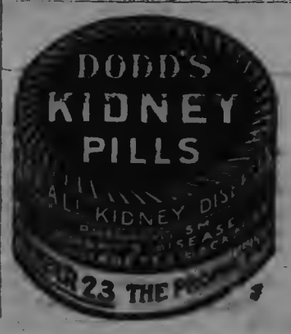

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HARRY LAUDER'S DOUBLE WINS THE AMATEUR PRIZE

Another of Those Popular Features at the Grand Opera House—W. Thompson, W. Leonard and Ed. Parsons Carry Off Laurels

Amateur night at the Grand Opera House was the most successful of the series, which will be a source of satisfaction to the retiring management as it is the last event of such a nature which will be held in the theatre before it changes hands on March 1st.

A splendid movie program was provided in addition to the entertainment afforded by the amateur performers and it was 10.45 before the show came to an end. Those who attended the Grand last night certainly got their money's worth.

Ed Parsons sang the popular song, the sentiment expressed in which finds an echo in so many hearts in the audience, "Oh, How I hate to Get Up in the Morning." This was the first time that this young man had ever appeared upon the public platforms in the role of an individual entertainer and there is not the slightest doubt, judging from his expression, that he never realived before just what a sea of human faces gazed up from the pit and galleries of the Grand at the performers upon the stage.

He did not get stage fright, however, which is saying a good deal for him, but after sizing up the capacity audience which was before him, got down to business and sang his song very well indeed. A hearty encore followed the first number and Edward was forced by the storm of approval to return to the glaring foot lights once more and sing "Take Me Back to Dear Old Blighty."

Mr. Webber Turner, who presided during this part of the program, next announced a number, in which the entertainer was to impersonate the celebrated Scotch comedian Harry Lauder. The hearts in the audience was at once aroused and they peered at the wings of the stage anxiously for the Caledonian minstrel to appear. A wave of consternation ran through the spectators when a coon dressed in an airy summer suit, red neck-tie and white collar, which last set off the ebony hue of his shiney features to perfection, marched into full view.

One prominent son of the Auld Land, who had been boasting about Bobbie Burns all night and extrolling the virtues of his countrymen ever since hearing that there was to be an amateur-imitator of Harry Lauder on the platform, was shocked into silence at the appearance of the colored man, another said in his wrath that if he could get a gun the career of the coon would end right there, while a third bemoaned the fact that all his turnips were at home in the cellar.

Mr. Turner saw that a terrible mistake had been made and hustled the coon out of sight hoping, meanwhile, that the Irish section of the audience had not become wise to the joke. He explained that this performer had appeared out of his turn and hoped that the audience would forgive him for the anxiety he showed to appear before them.

When Harry Lauder's double did heave in sight, he was the real thing and his appearance in kilts, and his guttural burr acted as soothing balm to the wounded spirits of his fellow country-men who still had visions of the dark apparition which had got loose upon the stage at the wrong time.

Mr. W. Thompson sang "Nanny," one of the great comedian's favorite hits and the clamorous approval of the audience was the most eloquent tribute which could be paid to his clever imitation. Mr. Thompson had everything in his favor. He was a Scotchman to begin with, he looked like a Scotchman, was dressed like one, had the Scotch brogue and wit and possesses a splendid voice. He carried off the elocutionary parts so naturally that those who had heard the great entertainer were surprised and pleased. He had the gesture down to perfection and the number which he contributed as a response to the hearty encore which he received was if anything better than his original selection.

Mr. Stanley Bishop gave an instrumental solo, which showed skill at the piano and was well received and worthy of the approbation shown in the encore which he received.

W. Leonard, the coon, then made his appearance, sailing under his own colors this time. He sang the favorite, "A Lump of Sugar" so well that even the Scotchmen in the audience after glancing about carefully to see that they were unobserved clapped their hands enthusiastically. He responded with a well chosen selection which suited his fine voice to perfection.

Baptiste Babnette (Archie Barbeau) the iron man, in a test of strength, did exceptionally well and added a pleasing variety to the program. He raised heavy weights, which were marked as tipping the scales at 1,000, 200 and 300 pounds and showed the terrific strain to which his muscular system was subjects by the ordeal. Of course the audience suspected that the weights and the barrel, which purported to be filled with salt, were made of wood and were empty, but the howl which greeted a small boy when he stepped out onto the stage and removed the weights with apparent ease, tipping them up to show that they were hollow, showed that the spectators had not been sure of the fake which was carried out so well by Mr. Barbeau.

The audience were allowed to select the winners themselves. The four performers were lined up in a row and the appluse which greeted each was taken as the deciding factor. Mr. Thompson as Harry Lauder got first prize; W. Leonard as the colored gentleman, second, and Ed. Parsons, third.

Last night's performance pleased the people immensely. The remainder of the program was extra good. The six reel feature, "Roped," was as fine a Western picture as has been seen in this city for a long time and the comedy was a real side splitter.

Tonight the Chautauqua entertainer, John Kendrick Bangs, the celebrated American humorist, appears in the Grand.

Tomorrow, the last day under the old management, the stunning musical comedy, "Vanity Fair," will be produced.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3. No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet on Application. THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Toronto Globe.)

PETERBORO LOST TO TORONTO RINK

HIGH PARK CURLERS WON THE DISTRICT CUP BY 15 SHOTS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, Feb. 28. — High Park Curling Club won the District Cup this morning at the Granite Rink, defeating Peterborough by 15 shots. The ice today was in fairly good condition, despite the rise in temperature. Scores:

High Park.		Peterborough.	
D. M. Clark	20	J. W. McDermid	9
H. M. Patton	16	R. P. Best	11
Total	36	Total	21

OBITUARY

ESTELLE EVA RISHOR

The death occurred this morning of Estelle Eva Schneider, wife of Mr. Chas. Rishor, 166 London Street, and youngest daughter of the late Geo. Schneider.

Besides her sorrowing husband she leaves three sons, Maxwell overseas. George and Noell of this city. She also leaves two brothers, Frank and George also of this city.

Mrs. Rishor was an active worker in St. Paul's Church.

The funeral will be held on Monday at two o'clock to the Little Lake Cemetery.

The petitions to the Quebec Legislature asking for stronger beer now carry 80,000 names.

ORATORY NOT SO POPULAR TODAY

HARD WORK RATHER THAN ELOQUENCE IS RULE IN THE HOUSE.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—In these days of active legislative building, when problems of great moment take up the time and attention of the men in Parliament, there seems little opportunity for feats of oratory in the forum. The House of Commons now in session here and facing a program of the heaviest nature, promises to recall little enough of the glamor that mighty men of words have given to the name "Parliament."

It may be that the day has dawned when eloquent deliverance is not so important as it once was. The weight of a public man's speech today is judged not so much by the applause of his immediate auditors as by the amount of space he secures in the press. For instance, no man is quoted so generously as President Wilson, who lacks the fluency and fire of the traditional orator. But Wilson addresses a wide audience. He keeps in the forefront of political progress. The biggest portion of his audience never sees nor hears him.

Oratory is not so necessary today as once upon a time. Ideas are eloquent, thoughts stir the throng. Around the evening fires of the people's homes, where the vast audience gathers each night, there is no occasion for loud and prolonged cheers. The applause that counts is agreement and conviction, won by presentation of the facts. It is not audible, but it is very impressive.

On the first day of Parliament this week there was no approach to an historic oration. It will be said that, with Laurier gone and other great debaters overseas, not outstanding speaker was left. That is not so. There are still men in the House capable of rising to heights of declamation, but the old reasons for eloquence do not exist, nor does the old opportunity for it.

Every public man today speaks under the giant sounding-board of the daily press. Rapid communication and printing, with the huge circulation of big newspapers, has enlarged the public forum so that no man's silver tongue and golden throat can strike the fire of enthusiasm formerly invoked. The importance of the hundreds who listen is dwarfed by the importance of the hundreds of thousands who watch and read. The matter in a speech means immensely more than the manner of its delivery. And over every public meeting now here broods this sense of the vastness of the theatre, making the auditors thoughtful and the speakers wary of their task.

Cabinet Ministers today are immersed in a feverish round of pressing duties. The only way to win back the pomp and sway of Parliamentary oratory would be to divide up the Cabinet, with a squad of "shock troops" to lead the way in debate.

Deaths From Ful Equal War Losses

London, Feb. 28. — In the last four years about 700,000 of the pick of the British race were lost on the battlefield, declared Dr. Christopher Addison, President of the Local Government Board, in moving in the House of Commons Wednesday the second reading of the bill to create a Ministry of Health, and in October, November and December of last year the mortality from influenza in the United Kingdom was as high as the average monthly losses during the war from war causes. Under the terms of the bill, the Minister said, the various Health and Insurance Bureaus which are now connected with the Local Government Board, the Home Office and the Ministry of Pensions would be amalgamated. In regard to the poor law, it was proposed to thus disentangle sickness from destitution. Dr. Addison said he was prepared to make the bill applicable to Ireland as far as he could.

C. E. Linton, of Kingston, a veteran carriage builder died suddenly on Barrie street. He was 59 years of age.

The Manitoba Government has been asked for a commission to investigate the whole question of shortage of teachers, causes and possible remedies.

All the World recognizes the Pathephone as the Greatest of all Phonographs

—and why? Hear TWO phonographs playing, one after the other, and playing the same Records. THEN you will agree that one is— a PHONOGRAPH, to leave it at least its name—AND THAT THE OTHER IS A

Pathephone

Listening to one TO-DAY, to the other a week LATER, the untrained ear might not always note the great difference;—but hear them together and the superiority of the Pathephone will be immediately apparent: it is like setting up dross against GOLD! The Pathephone, built with ideals of ART and TRUTH, renders the art and truth of MUSIC at its BEST!

Period Design Pathephone "WILLIAM & MARY" Price $300.00 in Mahogany and Walnut

The wonderful inventive genius that brought the Pathephone to its perfection and has maintained it ever in the lead, has manifested itself in several remarkable devices, such as the Sapphire Ball, which not only greatly improves the tone, but also does away with needle-changing and ensures long life to the Record, and the tone modulator, permitting you to augment or decrease the volume of tone at your pleasure. Then, there is the ingenious device which makes it possible to play ANY make of Record!

You must hear the Pathephone to realize what a wonderful and artistic Music Maker it is. It is splendidly built in modern as well as in Period designs. They are exquisite examples of the Furniture maker's art, and still they cost LESS than ordinary Phonographs and are sold on terms of payment which make buying convenient.

The Pathé Frères Phonograph Sales Co.

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Toronto

Montreal Office: 1005 New Birks Bldg.

Your nearest Pathe' Dealer is

E. V. WARNE

44

One cake Lavender Soap **FREE** with every two cakes Palmolive Soap . . . Toilet Counter

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

New and natty Pull-over Sweaters, just in; pretty colorings, fine wool. Each $8.50...Third Floor

See the New Spring Suits with all Their Charm of Beauty and Freshness On Saturday

Among this week's arrivals are some handsome Tailored Suits for Spring. They reflect New York's favored conceptions of what is right in Tailored Suits for the coming season, and they have all those little touches of style both in design and finish that stamp them as being CORRECT FOR THE SPRING OF 1919.

JUST 10 WINTER COATS TO SELL

Just Ten Winter Coats left to sell. That means ten people can get a bargain in a Winter Coat. They are this season's styles every one of them. Clearing Saturday morning at

EXACTLY HALF THE ORIGINAL PRICE.

Clearing Some Odd Furniture

We have eight pieces of Odd Furniture that we want to clear. We put them on sale on the Fourth Floor Saturday morning at prices decidedly saving. Here is the list:—

Lady's Bureau of Fumed Oak, in Jacobean style, has twisted front legs, one drawer compartment and pigeon holes. A useful piece of furniture for any lady. Odd Price Clearance, Saturday **$9.98**

Bedroom Chair, solid light oak, with cane seat and cane panel back. A good Bargain .... Saturday **$5.29**

Bedroom Pedestal, solid oak, with 10 x 12 inch cupboard and top shelf; splendidly finished and highly polished. Odd Price Clearance **$5.95**

Odd Pieces of Fancy Grill Work for arches and doors, medium oak. Some pieces up to 6 fee long; different designs. ~~Regular up to 75c per foot~~ ..... Odd Price Clearance, per foot **32c**

One Only Heavy Singer Sewing Machine, suitable for a tailor or dressmaker; in splendid working condition, foot treadle. A snap to anyone requiring a useful machine. The manufacturer's price today is $62.00. Odd Clearance Price **$23.75**

One Only Singer Sewing Machine, one drawer compartment; just the thing for private use; guaranteed in perfect condition. Manufacturer's price is $37.50. Odd Price Clearance **$14.90**

One Only Rocking Chair. This is a good chair for ordinary use. Is not perfectly fresh in appearance, but otherwise is all right. Saturday morning **98c**

One Only Fancy Rocker, a large, comfortable chair, dark oak. This is slightly imperfect but now in first-class condition. Worth the price over and over again. aSturday **$2.39**

Big Values in Little Things in the Basement

HERE ARE SOME OF THE BASEMENT'S LITTLE SPECIALS THAT HELP MAKE IT A GOOD PLACE TO BUY YOUR KITCHEN UTENSILS.

ANY OF THESE 5c

Egg Beaters, Stove Scrapers, Dish Mops, Can Openers, Soap Dishes, Cake Turners, Graters, Toasting Forks, Toilet Paper-Holders, Choppers, Mouse Traps, Tea Strainers, Tin Spoons, Potato Mashers.

ANY OF THESE 10c

Can Openers, Stove Daubers, Rat Traps, Pot Scrapers, Iron Stands, Wooden Spoons, Toasting Forks, Apple Corers and Parers, Egg Beaters, Bird Cups and Baths, Sink Scrapers, Wooden Potato Mashers, Tumbler Holders, Chopping Knives, Graters, Soap Savers, Strainers, Dish Mops, Cake Turners, Vegetable Boilers.

ANY OF THESE 15c

Graters, Vegetable Boilers, Soap Dishes, Stove Brushes, Stove Flues, Dover Egg Beaters, Toasters, Wooden Spoons, Tin Dippers, Strainers, Small Frying Pans, Soap Savers, Butcher Knives, Paring Knives, Bread Knives, Stove Daubers, Chopping Knives, Pie Plates, Jelly Cake Plates, Pot Scrapers, Potato Mashers.

ANY OF THESE 25c

Sink Strainers, Granite Dippers, Scrubbing Brushes, Gas Toasters, Butcher Knives, Meat Hammers, Stove Brushes, Clotheslines, Dustpans, Coffee Cans, Milk Strainers, Wire Toasters.

AT $28.50

A tailored Spring Serge Suit, showing a graceful shawl collar; silk braid is effectively used on fancy pockets and belt, detachable collar of Pekin blue, lined with fancy flowered lining. The skirt is cut on newest lines .. **$28.50**

AT $29.00

A popular priced Suit is of all-wool navy serge. The back of coat has four pin tucks down centre to belt, which is trimmed with braid and fancy buckle; below same it is elaborately trimmed with rows of silk braid and buttons; has deep shawl collar with over collar of sand silk; pointed pockets also trimmed with braid and buttons. The skirt is shirred and trimmed to match **$29.00**

AT $27.50

A misses model in all-wool brown serge; the all-round belt is trimmed with buttons. The coat has pleated back, square collar at back with tailored revers, and detachable white silk collar; lined with fancy lining. The skirt is cut on new lines with belt **$27.50**

AT $38.50

Smart and new is a Box Suit of fine mens' wear serge; the back of coat has panel effect below waist with seven rows of black silk braid and two rows of fancy black buttons on either side; tailored collar with detachable sand silk collar; fnset patch pockets also trimmed with rows of braid. The skirt is shirred and has all-round belt **$38.50**

AT $47.50

A handsome Tailored Suit in fine wool poplin is well cut for the stouter figure; lined with fine silk lining; has long roll shawl collar with over collar of white faille; piped with black braid. The coat is cut on circular lines below waist, which fits closely. Skirt has inset pockes and buttoned belt. In navy or black, at ... **$47.50**

AT $50.00

This very snappy Suit of navy wool poplin has new silk vestee. The coat has long roll collar, piped with black silk braid, and front is effectively trimmed with bone buttons. Back has inverted pleat and is trimmed with thrte rows of braid and narrow all-round belt. The skirt is in the new width and has braid trimmed belt. Priced at **$50.00**

J. C. TURNBULL CO., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

Let the Eureka Vacuum Cleaner do your sweeping. It saves time, labor and your Carpets. FREE DEMONSTRATION in your own home if desired.

WARSAW

(Special Correspondence.)

Warsaw, Feb. 28.—The following entertainment was given in the Presbyterian Church for the young people of the village:

Opening—The Maple Leaf.
Prayer—Rev. H. Brown.
Chairman's Address.
Instrumental—Dr. Munro.
Recitation—Miss Crena Crowe.
Song—Mrs. D. Munro.
Address—Mr. D. Miller.
Instrumental—Mrs. D. Miller.
Song—Mrs. Munro.
Reading—Mrs. D. Miller.
Recitation—Mr. W. Anderson.
God Save the King.

Refreshments were served to all.

The Epworth League held a social evening on Monday night. On Monday next the evening will be taken up with addresses by Mr. E. Dewart and Mr. Fred Crowe, on the convention held in Peterborough.

Mrs. P. H. Floyd and children are at present the guests of Mrs. Robt. Floyd of Clarina.

Mrs. Geo. Matthews was the guest of Mrs. C. Bowen on Friday.

Mrs. G. Dunford is at present visiting friends at Bethel and Warsaw.

Mr. and Mrs. George Longabury spent Monday visiting friends at Roseneath.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Payne and Master Harold spent Sunday with Mr. Robt. Tedford, Norwood.

L. O. L. No. 284 held an "at home" in the lodge rooms on Wednesday evening of last week, about one hundred being present. The evening was devoted to an entertainment, after which light refreshments were served.

Miss Hazel Tighe has returnd home after spending a few days with Mrs. Levi Payne.

Miss Millie Bowdell is the guest of Miss Bessie Longsdale.

Mrs. M. Lloyd has returned to her home in Clarina after spending the past month with friends in Lakefield and Warsaw.

Mr. H. McMaster of Lindsay is at present the guest of Mr. J. Moore.

Mr. Robt. Lloyd spent Sunday the guest of Mr. G. Barr of Cottesloe.

Miss Freena Cooper is the guest of Miss Helen Morgan.

Mrs. V. M. Donald of Trenton has returned home after spending the past few weeks with her mother, Mrs. J. Matthews.

Miss Rose Tucker of Indian River has returned home after a visit at the home of Mr. T. Tucker.

Mr. W. Clysdale of Wilkie is visiting in the vicinity of Cottesloe and Warsaw.

Mr. L. L. Payne has commenced his duties as assessor of the township of Dummer. Mr. Payne hopes to find everyone at home.

Mr. R. H. Alford of Lakefield was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. P. H. Lloyd.

Mr. Robert Duff spent Friday in the village with friends.

Mrs. G. Crowe has returned home after spending a few days in Warsaw and vicinity.

Mr. A. Tucker of Indian River has returned to his home after spending a few days with friends here.

MAY HAVE RENTAL COURTS

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 28.—Legislation to establish rental courts is forecasted in the speech from the throne read at the opening of the third session of the thirty-sixth general assembly of Nova Scotia.

DOES THIS AFFECT YOU?

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—The order-in-Council prohibiting the importation of unset diamonds, except when imported direct from the United Kingdom, has been cancelled.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect—a single day. Write now and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below and try it to-day.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 151ZT, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N.Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

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Really Fine Teas—alone possess that piquancy of Flavor and Richness in the Cup, so dear to connoisseurs and all lovers of this refreshing and delightful beverage

"SALADA"

Teas are Full of Cup Drawing Goodness, hence the great sale of 25 million packets annually.

MEMBERS FOR INCREASE IN SESSIONAL SALARY

Present Indemnity of $2,500 Should Be Raised to $3,500 Owing to the High Cost of Living.

Ottawa, Feb. 27. — Government supporters in both Houses gathered in full caucus yesterday and continued in close conference until the dinner hour. W. S. Fielding was not present.

The movement to have the sessional indemnity increased from $2,500 to $3,500 per annum was mentioned at this caucus. Members claim that with the cost of living doubled throughout the country, and accentuated at the capital for temporary residents by the shortage of accommodation they are unable if a session is prolonged "to make both ends meet." Several previous efforts have been made on the part of members to have their indemnity enlarged, but without success.

Mr. J. E. Armstrong presided at the caucus, and Sir Thomas White addressed it.

Mr W. S. Middlebro, the Chief Government Whip, stated at its conclusion that the discussion had been "most harmonious."

"The spirit displayed augurs well for the permanent unity of the party," he said. "It was the best and most encouraging expression of opinion regarding the solidity of the Government party that I have ever heard in a caucus."

It was decided to leave the larger questions over to be passed upon by special caucuses. There were some references to the tariff question, and it is stated by one of the prominent members, that a leading manufacturer, who is also a member of Parliament, made the suggestion that to effect a compromise between the East and the West on this important matter, the tariff should be reduced.

CAVAN

(Special Correspondence.)

Cavan, Feb. 28. — Mr. McArthur and family of Guelph have moved to our village, where Mr. McArthur has taken a position with Tinney Bros.

Mrs. Howden and children have recovered from their recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Armstrong of Manvers visited Cavan friends Monday.

Mr. Jas. Thompson of Peterboro', who has been visiting friends here, has returned home.

Mrs. Robt. Hooton of Fairmount is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Douglas.

Mrs. Herb Lough has returned to her home in Toronto after spending the past three weeks with her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. White.

Miss Myrtle Swain, of the Lindsay High school, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mrs. Will Sterling of Toronto is visiting at her old home here, Mr. John White's.

Mr. Harry Tinney has recovered from his recent illness.

Miss Daisy Howden has returned home after a pleasant visit with her sister, Mrs. Jos. Wright.

Mr. Jos. Wright of North Monaghan spent the week-end with Mr. Robt. Howden.

SEARCH GRIPS FOR BOOZE

Legal, But Constables Are Liable For Damages

Toronto, Feb. 28. — A letter to Mayor Church protesting that under the O.T.A. constables could search the grips or other baggage of consuls of foreign countries was read to the Board of Control.

City Solicitor Johnston stated that under the act officers charged with its enforcement had the right to search grips. "If they find liquor they can prosecute, and if they do not they can be sued for damages providing a jury decides they did not use proper discretion," the solicitor said.

Con. Cameron—"The O. T. A. overrides every other act. It goes too far. There is nothing in the B.N.A. that permits search of travellers' baggage. I'd like to see them try it on me. There would be two of us in jail."

Dr. H. Platt of Picton, Ont., is dead.

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
~~Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)~~	~~$21.50~~	~~$19.50~~
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$10.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.38
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

UNIONIST GOVERNMENT SEEMS LIKELY TO HANG TOGETHER

Good Feeling Prevailed at Caucus Held Yesterday—Early Plebiscite on Prohibition Is Probable.

Ottawa, Feb. 28. — Plain speaking and constructive criticism marked the deliberations of the Government caucus yesterday, but, from what can be gathered, the Government and private members alike are well satisfied with the result. In fact, so well satisfied are they that it has been decided that further caucuses at regular intervals will be held, and that practically no action will be taken by the Government on new legislative matters without the members being acquainted with the nature of it.

To Discuss Issues.

Indeed, one of the chief matters of criticism related to the fact that in the past members were required to vote in the House on questions regarding which they had never been consulted, especially on questions involving heavy public expenditures. Another caucus will be held one week from yesterday and thereafter it is intended that each important issue shall have a day of discussion to itself. This refers especially to the tariff, which was discussed but tentatively this morning, on the understanding that an entire caucus would later be devoted to it.

Giving Coin to Provinces.

There was it is said an element of caucus which strongly criticized the Government's policy of handing money over to the Provinces for expenditure on roads, housing, etc. An insignificant element even went so far as to object to the policy on the ground that the greater number of the Provinces were Liberal and only half-hearted in their support of the Government. In fact, probably, the only discordant note in the caucus was the claim of some that the Government if it were to stand should pre-empt to itself once more the old prerogative of patronage.

Unionists To Stick.

On the question of prohibition, it is stated the majority of the members of the caucus favored the holding of a referendum as soon as possible, with the provision that alternative proposals looking toward the restriction of the liquor traffic might be voted on.

The general impression is that the Unionist members, barring accidents or quite unforeseen developments, will hold together during the session, although with party lines still in a state of flux.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS

Conquers Spread of Disease

SHILOH

30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS

HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

HAVELOCK

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, Feb. 28.—Donald, the ten year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Forde of Toronto, passed away in that city on Friday morning of last week from rheumatism of the heart. The funeral took place at Toronto on Monday, and was attended by Mr. David Forde of town, brother of Mr. Percy Forde. Havelock friends extend sympathy.

24 Hour Telephone System

An effort is being made to secure enough subscribers for the telephone system, so that a 24 hour service may be instituted. The movement is meeting with great success, and Mr. Harold Francis who is the energetic father of the idea, feels confident that the required number will soon be obtained. A telephone in the home, when a 24 hour service may be obtained, is a necessity in almost every home.

Father and Son Banquet

Last Thursday night a unique banquet was held in the basement of the Methodist Church when a large number of men and boys sat down to a banquet and spent a most enjoyable evening together. For some time past the boys of the Methodist Sunday School have been carrying on the standard Canadian efficiency test as outlined by the National Council of Boys Work of Ontario, and it is a credit to them that the recent banquet was such a decided success. The object of the evening was to further boys work and to enlist the sympathy and co-operation of the fathers in the work that is being done for the boys. The objective is to teach boys to think and only in so far as it is possible to teach boys to think right thoughts for themselves, is it possible to prepare them for the battle of life—which is a contest of thinking. Mr. A. C. Denike was in the chair and the speaker of the evening was one of the officials of the movement, Mr. Vaughan of Toronto.

12,000 Soldiers Home This Month

HALIFAX HAS BUSY MONTH HANDLING TROOPS FROM OUR TRANSPORTS

Halifax, Feb. 28.—Figures compiled by the Halifax clearing depot show that 643 officers and cadets and 11,836 other ranks arrived at this port during February. Six transports docked here during the month with the following totals:

Baltic, 97 officers and cadets, 2,095 other ranks; Princess Julianna, 90 officers and cadets, 1,030 other ranks; Royal George, 114 officers and cadets 1,310 other ranks; Canada, 136 officers and cadets, 1,249 other ranks; Empress of Britain, 85 officers and cadets, 3,078 other ranks; Carmania 130 officers and cadets, 3,074 other ranks.

Since the signing of the armistice, 2,546 officers and cadets, and 43,182 other ranks have arrived at Halifax as follows:

November, 214 officers and cadets 4,332 other ranks; December 145 officers and cadets, 12,385 other ranks; January, 974 officers and cadets, 14,628 other ranks; February 643 officers and cadets, 11 836 other ranks.

From present indications, March will have a record total. The Lapland will dock here Saturday morning with 91 officers and 1,859 other ranks of whom 27 officers and 509 N.C.O.'s and men are for Military District No. 2. On the same day comes the Belgic, with 76 officers and 3,681 other ranks, of whom 19 officers and 1,179 N.C.O.'s and men are for the Toronto district.

To Add The Varied Charm of Detail, These Modish Frillings

Fashion has no praises too high for frillings. And any woman who has tried them, who knows how wonderfully they soften even the hardest neckline, will vote them perfect over all the neckwear that has lately made its appearance. They can be had in georgette, net and organdie, in different widths and styles, but withal making the fashionable costume quaint, demure and colorful. Prices range from

$1.00 to $2.00

(Street Floor, 1st Circle.)

Snaps in the Staple Department

PLAIN CHAMBRAYS—Fine quality, plain color Chambrays that will give excellent wearing satisfaction; 36 inches wide. Shades of pink, green, navy and cadet blue. Regular stock 59c value ..... Saturday Snap, yard **48c**

MIDDIE TWILL—Fine weave, splendid weight for middies, skirts, and nurses' wear. One of the best cloths made to-day; 35 inches wide, and regularly 40c a yard. Saturday Snap, yard **32c**

READY-MADE SHEETS—Of heavy quality Canadian cotton; these ready to use sheets, in size 70 x 90 inches. Regularly $1.95. Saturday Snap, each **$1.49**

TOWELLING—White Terry Towelling, 27 inches wide and extra good value at the regular price, 50c a yard. For a Saturday Snap, yard **39c**

SHEETING REMNANTS—A special clearance of this line on Saturday at prices that will enthuse all. Lengths from 2 to 6 yards, in widths 7/4, 8/4 and 9/4. Saturday Snap, yard .....

WATCH FOR THE GREEN PRICE CARDS

Saturday Snaps

Between Season Styles at Snap Prices Saturday On Our Ready-To-Wear Floor

NEW MODEL TOP COATS

Smart, chic, and showing the very newest style lines, are these practical and serviceable Spring Coats. Trench models, with sport pockets, three-way collars and button trimmed. In greys, tuscan, and black and white check materials. Splendid value at this special price **$18.95**

SERGE SKIRTS $12.50

Of lovely soft and good wearing quality Botany serge. Made with the new panel effect, button trimmed. Showing the novel and smart style of one pocket only. In navy blue and black. Exceptionally good value at.. **$12.50**

POPLIN DRESSES $16.95

A variety of attractive and up-to-date styles in this array of silk poplin dresses. Some are button trimmed and others have distinctive touches of embroidery. Colors include: navy blue, beige, green, silver grey and taupe. Priced very specially for Saturday only at **$16.95**

KNICKERS $1.49

Knickers of wool jersey in pink and white. Well made and nicely shaped, with double seams. For a rush sale, at this Saturday Snap price **$1.49**

CREPE KIMONAS $3.29

In colors of rose, mauve, pink and light blue. Made Empire style with flat satin bound collar, satin trim and three-quarter sleeves ..... Saturday only, Snap price **$3.29**

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE

SATURDAY SILK SALE—$1.95 SILK POPLINS, $1.39

Six hundred yards, and in a range of thirteen beautiful shades. Our best quality yard wide silk dress poplins; a good-looking dress fabric from which you will get excellent wearing satisfaction. Colors are: nigger brown, burgundy, taupe, prunelle, sand, light grey, green, navy, rose, black, Russian green, white and Havana brown. The quality silk we sell every day at $1.95 ..... Saturday Snap **$1.39**

Saturday's "One-Day-Sale" Of Knitting Wool

39c Balls, Monach and Gloria Floss 29c

An extraordinary One Day Sale of Knitting Floss, the popular Floss that is used all over Canada for making sweater coats, pull-overs, shawls, jackets, etc. It sells regularly at 39c a ball. There's a wide range of beautiful shades, in colors: lavender, blue, purple, green, Royal blue, Copenhagen, scarlet, buff, orange, yellow, mist, Nile green, black, white, turquois and others. Only the receival of a large shipment of an unexpected back order makes this exceptional value sale price possible. See Arcade window display and take advantage of this Saturday Snap price, ball **29c**

(Street Floor, 4th Circle.)

Curtain Needs at Snap Prices

CURTAINS—For Saturday, a clearing price on seventy-five pairs of Nottingham Curtains. Finished tops, fine qualities, French medallion designs, in colors of white and ecru. Length 2½ yards. Regular stock $4.00 values. Saturday Snap ..... Per pair **$2.98**

HANGINGS—Pretty, colorful and attractive Cretonnes and Silkolines, in widths 27, 30 and 36 inches. Priced for every day selling up to 40c. Saturday Snap, yard **27c**

Shoe Specials For Saturday

New Spring Shipment of Ladies High Grade Oxfords

LADIES' DULL KID OXFORDS SATURDAY $3.95

Remarkable value in these smart new Spring Oxfords. Splendid quality, dull finish kid, in English sport lasts, with low heels and toe caps or Louis heels and long plain vamps. Complete range of sizes. Specially priced for Saturday **$3.95**

MODISH OXFORDS FOR LADIES AT $4.95

Your choice of patent leather, nigger brown kid and dull kid Oxfords. They are the new season's latest style demands, with long, plain, pointed vamps and aluminum plated Louis heels. All sizes. Wonderful shoe values at this Saturday Snap price **$4.95**

IF IN QUEST OF CORRECT STYLE FASHIONS

We highly recommend the Delineator as one of the best and most up-to-date style authorities of the Fashion World. We take yearly subscriptions for the small amount of 95c. A single copy **20c**

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

BUY WRITING MATERIALS SATURDAY

Cressman's Imperial Linen Writing Pads, largest letter size ..... Snap price **17c**

Cressman's Imperial Linen Pads, small letter size. On sale Saturday ..... 2 for **17c**

FORTY THOUSAND WIDOWS IN CANADA AS RESULT OF WAR

And as Many Other Women Who Will Require Help That Salvation Army Is Ready to Give.

Montreal, Feb. 28.—"There are 40,000 widows in this country, the product of this war," said Commissioner Richards, head of the Salvation Army in Canada, "and there are an additional 40,000 young women in Canada who will not be married because there are no husbands for them," he continued. Nature will not stop. This is not a time to hide our heads behind our hands and exclaim, 'Oh, this is a moral question,' because it has to be faced. We know many of these women will give birth to fatherless children and who is to provide for them?"

"The Salvation Army looks at this matter from a different standpoint to the others," he continued. "I do not mean to say that other people do not see but perhaps the Salvation Army sees further than most people. At any rate we are going to provide for these women.

Looking After Mothers.

"There are some returned soldiers inefficient, too poor to provide sufficient accommodation for their wives to be properly confined. I was speaking to the medicos at Halifax and they admitted that there was here a great danger of the pre-natal influence. The mother, if in want and worrying about the future, will transmit that to the child before birth and the child will come into the world defective in some way and either grow up to be a burden to the state or society, or die before it reaches maturity."

He said that in Australia and New Zealand the respective governments look upon a child as an asset to the state and grant £5 to each child born and besides this subsidizes the Salvation Army who takes the fatherless children and rears and educates them until they are 17 years of age and then turns them out into the world equipped to battle with life.

In Halifax a site has been given the Army by Dalhousie College valued at $26,000 and funds have been raised for the erection of a splendid maternity hospital. In Toronto a similar hospital costing $250,000 is being erected by the Army.

Not Satisfied With Progress.

"The Army has never been satisfied with the amount of work it was enabled to do in Montreal. Somehow or other we get up against a stone wall every now and again," said Commissioner Richards. "We secured a site here one time but the neighbors objected and we had to abandon it; later we got another site where the present hospital stands and we are not permitted to enlarge it on account of the objection of the neighbors, but we hope that with the business men of the city behind us in this campaign that we will be able to get that permission and build something that will be a credit to Montreal. A small thing is not good for a city like Montreal."

In Montreal the Army has within the past few days secured a man and a woman to attend the police court each day and take charge of such of the prisoners who are up for petty offences that the magistrate will turn over to them. The building in University street, near the Army headquarters, formerly used by the Immigration authorities, has been secured recently by the Army and this is being fitted up to take care of the women who are secured from the police court and a similar place will be found for the men taken over.

EX-KAISER WAS RICHEST GERMAN

In January, 1914, when the first war levy was made in Germany, the Kaiser was the richest person in that country, with an estimated fortune of $98,500,000. Next came the Grand Duke of Mecklinburgh-Strallitz, with $89,000,000, and Frau Krupp von Bohlen, with $80,000,000.

Houses owned by the Kaiser in Berlin were valued at $14,500,000, while castles and lands in other parts of Prussia were valued at $27,500,000.

It would not be easy to realize on these assets even if they were not confiscated by the new German government, but his other assets were enormous. He was, for example, one of the largest stockholders of Kruppa and had investments in many other commercial enterprises, notably shipping companies and export business in general.

The foundation of the present Hohenzollern fortune was laid by Frederick William III., the ex-Kaiser's great-grandfather. After the Napoleonic wars Frederick William III. set about restoring the Hohenzollern private fortune and left about $5,000,000 to his son.

In the next half century this sum was judiciously handled and William II. came to the throne with excellent prospects. He was just as good a business man as he was a war lord and retired with nearly $100,000,000 on paper.

His great trouble seems to have been that in his division of interests he overlooked the possibility of the war lord speculation, forcing the prosperous and growing business into bankruptcy. Bank cashiers have tried the same combination with equally disastrous results. And now there is talk of extraditing William.

NEW FARMER MEMBERS IN THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Two of These Frankly Acknowledge Fealty to the Liberal Party.

Toronto, Feb. 28.—On the back benches of the Opposition, on the west side of the House, sit three new members of the Ontario Legislature, elected in bye-elections since the close of the last session. Two of them, Messrs. J. A. Calder, of North Oxford, and W. H. Fraser, of North Huron, describe themselves as Farmer-Liberals, holding the endorsation of two parties. The third is Beniah Bowman, of Manitoulin, the youngest member of the House, a straight United Farmer candidate who proved a story petrel at the opening of the House on Tuesday, and who was finally introduced by the chief whips from the two established parties.

Mr. Bowman is a ruddy-faced man of youthful appearance, and admits that he hardly feels at home in the House as yet. He stands upon the platform of the United Farmers in every detail.

"Does that include endorsation of the Ontario Temperance Act?" he was asked.

"Yes, the U.F.O. have endorsed the measure, although favoring the submission of a referendum as soon as the men return from overseas."

"And the extension to women, of the right to sit in the House?"

"Yes, that also is included in our platform."

Mr. Bowman had nothing to say in regard to several other questions including that of the political truce, and whether its continuation was desirable. He stands prepared to support any measure, by which rural Ontario will benefit.

Mr. J. A. Calder, of North Oxford, is another comparatively young member. Although elected as a Liberal candidate, he received the U.F.O. endorsation also, and is therefore entitled to style himself, as he does, a Farmer-Liberal. He is a great believer in blunt, straight-forward speaking, in calling an axe an axe and a spade a spade. It is largely for this reason that he sees no need for a continuance of the political truce, which has existed at Queen's Park during the last year, considering that the political fight might as well be renewed at the present time as six months from now.

Mr. Calder endorses the Government's temperance policy, except for the fact that he considers some check should be placed on the wholesale issue of doctors' prescriptions. He agrees with the policy of a referendum, feeling that if any amendments are to be enacted meanwhile, their tendency should be to strengthen the Act rather than to lessen its restrictions.

Mr. Calder designated the Government's housing policy as "Very foolish." He states that there are hundreds of unoccupied houses throughout the country districts of Ontario. Higher wages, more amusements and more attractive living conditions, has been the lure that has drawn a large percentage of the rural population into city life of late, and to this Mr. Calder attributes the shortage of houses in the large urban centres. He points out that a return to normal conditions is necessary if the land is to be properly cultivated.

Mr. Calder is also in favor of allowing women to sit in the House.

"If we grant them the vote, we must allow them that also," he said.

Another debutante direct from the U.F.O. school, who has not yet made his bow to Parliament, is J. W. Widdifield, of North Ontario, who was elected only last week, and who is not yet entitled to take his seat, as the official returns from his riding have not been made. Mr. Widdifield expects the certified figures to reach him soon, however, and is certain of being introduced to claim his seat, before the end of the week. Meanwhile, he evinces a tendency to be wary of publicity, defining his platform as being strictly in line with that of the United Farmers' Party.

WOOD PRICES DROP

Dealers Report a Decrease of $1 a Cord

There is a slight rift in the high cost of living cloud. Some fuel dealers report a drop in the price of wood from $10 to 9 a cord for mixed and from $13 to $12 a cord for hard wood. No change in the price of coal has so far been registered.

Fire broke out in Broadway Drill Hall, Windsor, yesterday, and in a few minutes the building was destroyed. The cause of the fire is as yet unknown.

A civic reception at the Armouries is planned for Sir Sam Hughes when he arrives in Windsor Saturday afternoon.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to the customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company, Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged, will act as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well ventilated bakeries in which the Company will continue to carry on bread manufacturing.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

CAN YOU DO A DAY'S WORK?

Do your eyes tire and head ache before the day is over? Is it difficult to follow your work because of dimness of eyesight? You are only as efficient as your eyes. Hundreds are not wearing glasses whose eyesight is defective, and they are less than fully efficient on that account. Dr. Fowler gives you the eye help that you need to make your eyesight perfect, and guarantees satisfaction.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

WORK AND SAVE

The greatest service YOU can render to your country in these critical days of Reconstruction; is to work conscientiously, economize sensibly, and invest regularly in War-Savings Stamps, and YOU will gain even more than will the country by doing these three things!

$5.00 for $4.00

AND EACH DOLLAR WORTH MORE.

In 1924, when the Dominion of Canada repays you $5.00 for every War-Saving Stamp you own, a dollar will buy more than it will today!

Price this month, $4.01

Buy War-Savings Stamps

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" will be accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES and CARDS OF THANKS, 25c for insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All remain each additional insertion.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Good Maid. Apply Y W. C. A.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cars. We have for sale now a few good used Ford cars put in first-class condition. Call and see these. We will sell them right. Duffus Garage.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar Street. Apply 526 Rubidge St.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Small house. Apply 266 Wescott street.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

L. B. TAYLOR & SON

180 AYLMER ST.

Phone 280

COAL

...For...

Builders' Supplies

and

Hardwood Flooring

Rebt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

242 Simcoe St. 226 Bethune St.

Phone 607

Nights and Holidays 506

Piano Tuning

Phone 585

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2469

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables.

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 980

CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS

Three Men Injured on Same Day Near Norwood

Norwood, Feb. 28.—Mr. Wm. Parcels suffered the loss of two of his fingers while sawing wood on Wednesday of last week. On Thursday, the day following, Mr. Hugh Cuthbertson had his thumb split on the same machine as Mr. Parcels. Another painful accident occurred at the flour mill when Mr. Harry Wildman had his fingers badly lacerated in the elevator.

Aerial mail service between Paris an dother important French cities will be inaugurated Saturday by the director of civilian aeronautics.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister and Solicitor
for the City of Peterborough. Money to loan. Office over Bank of Commerce. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
498 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C. Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN.
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 416 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney.
Barrister, solicitor, etc. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment. 297½ George street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. George and Simcoe Streets
Telephone No. 23.
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck F. R. Kerr
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St. Phone 191. Successor to Rogers, Dennett & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Model Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORBETT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Repayment.
D. O'Connell J. E. Corbett
194½ Hunter St. Peterborough
Telephone 804.

E. H. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office cor. Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 229 Brock Street.
Hours: 1.00 to 3 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.C.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office, corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA G. WALKERLEY
Osteopath Physician.
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water Sts. Entrance 124 Hunter St. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 965.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—628-627 George Street Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .. $1,150,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrued from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

AURA LEE TEAM AGAIN BEATEN

U. T. S. QUALIFY TO MEET CORNWALL IN O.H.A. SEMI-FINALS.

Toronto, Feb. 28.—Before one of the largest crowds to attend a junior fixture here this season, University Schools last night qualified to meet Cornwall in the O. H. A. semi-finals when they defeated Aura Lee 4 to 2, and won the round by 3 goals. The winners showed grand form from beginning to end and clearly demonstrated that they are worthy of their laurels.

The game proved of the thrilling variety and the spectators were on their feet the greater part of the time. The University Schools Rooter's Club were there in large numbers and cheered themselves hoarse as it became apparent that the Blue and White were bound to win. Aura Lee gave the best that they had, every player working with a will, but they could make little headway against the fierce backchecking of the U. T. S. forwards, the stonewall Munro-Rowell defence of the ace of junior goalkeepers, Joe Sullivan.

The losers started out fast and kept up a continuous bombardment on the U.T.S. citadel, but without success. During the first five minutes play was in the Blue Shirts' territory 95 per cent of the time, but Sullivan unscathed. After eighteen minutes of the first period had elapsed Aggett put his team two goals up on the round when he beat Devitt with a wicked shot. Thereafter it was an uphill struggle for Aura Lee, but try as they would they were unequal to the task!

Loser's Force Play

Aura Lee forced the play from the face-off and swept in on the U.T.S. defense like hornets, but Sullivan was right on his mettle and turned everything aside. Rowell and Munro got away for an occasional dash from end to end, but for the most part play was in U. T. S. territory. After eighteen minutes of battling Aggett took a pass and from twenty feet out beat Devitt with a wicked waist-high shot. There was no further scoring in this period.

The teams cut out a fast pace in the final period and finally Rutherford beat Sullivan on a shot that the little goaler never saw. With Aura Lee battling with might and main to pull the game from the fire Aggett dashed down the side and placed the issue beyond dispute by notching the fourth and final goal. Connacher lessened his teams chances a trifle from behind when he drew two penalties in rapid succession in the final moments of the game. The teams:—

U. T. S. —Goal, Sullivan; defense Rowell and Munro; left wing, Gresy; right wing, Jeffreys; centre Aggett. Substitutes—Kearns and Gunn.

Aura Lee—Goal, Devitt; defense, Connacher and Hegarth; left wing, Wright; right wing, Rutherford; centre, Rodden. Substitutes—Burch and Tyrell.

Referee—R. Hewitson.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. S., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Sunday and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:06 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

5:15 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 203 George St. Phone 1044a
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

IRELAND AT WAR WITH ENGLAND

AMERICAN CARDINAL PRESENTS RESOLUTION TO THIS EFFECT AT CONVENTION

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 28.—A resolution presented by Cardinal Gibbons urging the Peace Congress to apply to Ireland the doctrine of national self-determination and a declaration of principles demanding that if any league of nations be created, all features which may infringe on the traditional American policy, including the Monroe Doctrine shall be eliminated, were adopted unanimously at the closing session of the convention of the Irish race in America.

The declaration says a state of war exists between England and Ireland, "which in the interests of the peace of the world the Peace Conference cannot ignore."

The cardinal, who recently celebrated his golden jubilee commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into the priesthood of the Catholic Church, presented the document without a formal speech, asserting that his "advanced years and consequent infirmities" rendered him incapable of making such an effort.

Freedom in the Air

"I hold my hands," said the Cardinal, "a resolution on behalf of Ireland which should appeal to every lover of liberty and justice.

"My friends, there is liberty in the air. The nations of the earth are clamoring for liberty. And why should not freedom loving Ireland join in the general cry. Yes, Ireland wants freedom to breathe the air of stretch her brawny and sinewy arms. She wants freedom to develop her resources. She wants freedom to develop the riches of her soil. She wants freedom to carve out her own destiny.

"As we are here today to plead the cause of Ireland's sons and daughters that they may stand erect, redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled on their own sacred soil."

DUTY ON TRACTORS.

Must Be Levied if Industry is To Survive.

Brantford, Feb. 28.—John Muir, head of the Goold, Shapley Muir Co., of this city, declared that if the manufacture of tractors was to be developed or even continued in Canada, a reasonable tariff protection would have to be afforded the industry. The tariff was removed as a war measure over a year ago, and conditions were now changed. Mr. Muir stated that the big American firms, as a matter of policy, were selling their machines in the Canadian West cheaper than in their own country, and Canadian manufacturers were scarcely able to keep up with this competition. A 15 per cent. duty instead of the former one of 27½ per cent., was considered reasonable.

DO POLITICIANS PRAY

Higher Citizenship Needed to Christianize the World

Toronto, Feb. 28.—"How many of our politicians are praying men?" was the question asked by Dr. Wearing, principal of Woodstock University, in the course of his address at the close of his address at the closing session of the Baptits Conference in Jarvis Street Church. He spoke of the great need of Christian leaders in both political and business life.

The responsibility of training the children in the homes so that they may lead Christian lives and become a power for good in the country was seriously touched upon by the speakers, who included Prof. J. H. Farmer and Rev. F. W. Stewart, of St. Catharines.

TEN PIN LEAGUE

A meeting of business men's ten pin league will be held at Water St., Alleys at 3.30 Saturday afternoon All captains of each team are requested to be there.

Mining Institute In This District

BRANCH FORMED AT DELORO AND OFFICERS ELECTED FOR YEAR.

At Deloro, Ont., Feb. 19, a branch of the Canadian Mining Institute was formed, to be known as the "Hastings District Branch" Canadian Mining Institute, the boundaries to cover the following centres and surrounding district:

Deloro and Marmora. Madoc. Tweed and Sulphide. Kingston, Belleville and Trenton. Havelock and Cordova Mines.

The following officers were elected for the coming year:

Chairman—S. B. Wright, Deloro.
Vice-Chairman—Geo. H. Gillespie, Madoc.
Sec-Treas.—R. A. Elliott, Deloro.
Councillors:—
Kingston—Prof. McKay, Queen's University.
Belleville—J. W. Evans.
Tweed—W. H. DeBlois.
Havelock—G. W. Rayner.
Madoc.—S. Wellington.
Deloro—R. A. McNally.

It was decided to hold monthly meetings at the different centres at which anyone interested in Mining and Moetallurgy would be welcome. At these meetings papers on subjects connected with the mining industry will be read. Discussions will take place on local topics and ever effort will be made to bring the advantages and possibilities of this district before the Mining and Metallurgical World. Student members of the Canadian Mining Institute will be enrolled in this branch free, and any person wishing to secure membership should get in touch with the local councillor for their district or communicate with the secretary.

This district has a great future in the production of economic minerals & it is up to the local people to interest themselves, or others will come from outside and take the cream, therefore when a local meeting of this Institute is advertised in any of the above centres take advantage of the opportunity to become acquainted with what this branch of the Canadian Mining Institute is doing to boost the Hastings district.

EAT LESS MEAT IF BACK HURTS

Take a glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys if bladder bothers you.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acid in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; make a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

AGAINST COMPULSORY VACCINATION

Guelph, Feb. 28.—The Trades and Labor Council of Guelph will memorialise the Board of Education against compulsory vaccination in the schools.

Quality and Service

If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices —executed by men who are craftsmen--try the

REVIEW PRINTING Co.

HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

POLICEMAN LEFT $1,000,000

Chicago Officer Bequeaths Big Estate to Former Friends

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Former police-lieutenant James Flaherty's will, filed yesterday, disposes of an estate of more than $1,000,000 to friends.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-6800.

The PLACE to get VALUE

BITTER ORANGES

NOW IN SEASON

Navel Oranges, 40c, 50c, 60c.

Guaranteed sweet and juicy.

Malaga Grapes.

BANANAS CHEAPER IN PRICE

Northern Spy Apples, and other varieties.

First-class Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.

Strictly Fresh Oysters.

FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH

CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE

QUALITY GROCERIES
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS

D. M. Minicola

Phone 925. 410½ George St.

Lent Starts March 5

Fresh Herrings, 10c per lb.

CLOVER LEAF SALMON

Extra Good Potatoes

FRESH EGGS

And Choice Butter Always on hand.

INVALID STOUT
WHITE LABEL ALE

James R. Bell's

SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 498-W 197 Hunter S

Goods Delivered

CANADA FOOD BOARD

License No. 8-5426

At Guelph three merchants were fined $25 and costs by the magistrate for selling toilet articles without affixing the necessary revenue stamps.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

367 George St. Next Turnbull's

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

COAL DEALERS

111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Lackawana Coal Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.

162 CHARLOTTE ST.

PHONES 970-962

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

MR AND MRS. SMITH WILL BE HERE IN A LITTLE WHILE BUT I DON'T WANT THEM TO SEE YOU WITH THAT BLACK-EYE SO STAY IN THE KITCHEN-
MARY-COME HERE THIS INSTANT!
Z---- ZUM:--
GO TELL MR. JIGGS TO STOP SNORING- THE PEOPLE CAN HEAR HIM ACROSS THE STREET-
HE ISN'T ASLEEP MUM!
O—U!!
HE WUZ DRINKIN' HIS SOUP-

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
Hard Wood $12 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Haro Coal
Pea Coal .....$10.00 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.
E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 1111

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT 8:15 TO-NIGHT
4TH CHAUTAUQUA CONCERT
AUSPICES LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN
JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
AMERICA'S FOREMOST HUMORIST
PRICES: Reserved Seats, 50c, 75c, $1.00
500 Rush Seats 25c.

SATURDAY—MARCH 1
MATINEE 2:30 - - - - EVENING 8:15
The Glittering Musical Comedy
"VANITY FAIR OF 1919"
with
JACK TRAINOR, Comedian
And a Bevy of Stunning Show Girls
30 Musical Comedy Favorites 30
18 Song Hits 18
9 Big Bewildering Scenes 9
Bargain Matinee, 25c and 50c.
Evening, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

2 Days MONDAY & TUESDAY
MARCH 3rd and 4th
DAILY MATINEE 2.15. EVENING 8.15
UNDER PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA
And HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA
THE ALL BRITISH FILM, IN 9 REELS
WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS
With Dr. H. D. GIRDWOOD, B.A. LL.D. F.R.G.S. F.R.P.S.
Who will Personally Describe all the Important Events
VIGOROUS, ENTERTAINING, INSTRUCTIVE. POPULAR PRICES
MATINEE 25c ALL SEATS
NIGHTS 25c, 35c, and 50c
UNDER AUSPICES OF MAJOR BENNETT CHAPTER DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Wednesday, March 5th
Popular Price Matinee 2:30—25c and 50c
The Musical Event of the Season
Eugene Lockhart
PRESENTS THE FAMOUS ENGLISH
PIERROT PLAYERS
In a Refined Novelty Revue of the Brightest Scenes from the Greatest English Musical Comedy Successes
Picturesque Costumes, Original Stage Settings
20—DISTINCT MUSICAL HITS—20
DISTINGUISHED COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTS
—Assisted by—
Augmented Orchestra of Ladies
Evening Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c
Seat Sale Opens Monday

WAY TO HOLD BALL PLAYERS IS TO TREAT THEM PROPERLY

Magnate Jim Dunn of the Cleveland Indians Has a Plan Which Prevents Holdouts

There is one magnate in major league baseball who has no holdout problem for the simple reason that there never are any holdouts on his ball club. His name is Smiling Jim Dunn, of the Cleveland Indians.

"How do you eliminate the holdout problem from your ball club?" was asked of President Dunn.

"That's easy," replied the Cleveland club owner. "I treat 'em right and they have no come back. I beat 'em to it."

Dunn has reversed the motto of the tankers in the world war—"treat 'em rough"—he's getting results just as did those intrepid fighters.

That Dunn has eliminated the holdout problem from his ball club is shown in the case of Smoky Joe Wood, veteran pitcher, and in other instances. This player used to be a chronic kicker for a higher stipend and his protests were periodic.

Wood was completely cured of the holdout malady by the medicine given him by the Cleveland baseball club specialist. This medicine was a combination of proper treatment and a monetary compromise. It should be tried by other magnates. The wholesale manner in which players of many clubs are holding aloof from their contracts and the absence of a real holdout on the Cleveland club emphasizes the value of the Dunn remedy.

This subject bobbed up today when President Dunn was asked if Tris Speaker was a holdout. The Indian chieftain answered in the negative. He replied that he and Speaker was on the best of terms and that his renowned center fielder had no complaint. This is borne out in recent letters from players to the Cleveland baseball writers.

"As for Speaker well Spoke never will have any salary row with James C. Dunn, owner of the Indians," says Ed Bang of the Cleveland News, ain his Quaker lineup.

close critic of conditions on the American league team in the Forest City "Jim and Spoke are firm friends and each had a mind to be fair in his dealings with the other."

Dunn was asked about several other players and denied that they were holdouts.

"Have you any holdouts on your ball club?" was asked.

"Not that I know about," replied the railroad builder.

Wood, who used to pester Boston club owners with holdout demands, said recently that there was no chance of his ever having an argument with Jim Dunn on the salary question. He declared Dunn had convinced him, in the two years he had been with the Indians, that he wanted to be 100 per cent. fair with the players and that he would just as soon sign a contract with blanks where the figures should be and permit the Cleveland owner to write in his own numerals, as he knew the boss would give him a square deal.

Wood long has been considered one of the smartest ball players in the American league and no player, especially a smart one, would make an assertion like that unless he was sure of his magnate.

Bobby Roth, it turns out, is not a holdout. It was understood some time ago he would be swapped to some team in the American league. Bobby was informed that he would not be embarrassed by being kept and compelled to play for a manager with whom he had been on the warpath. A three cornered deal among the Boston, Cleveland and Philadelphia American league clubs has practically been completed. Roth is the pivot about which this swap swings. He is headed for Boston to take the place of Duffy Lewis. Manager Barrow of the Red Sox has a number of players whom Manager Mack wants

LOOK FOR REVIVAL THIS YEAR IN HORSE RACING

Unless Cabinet at Ottawa Takes Further Action This Sport and Betting on it Will Be Carried on as Before the War.

Toronto, Feb. 28.—Horse racing will come back in May of this year unless Ottawa intervenes. The matter has not been considered by the cabinet, but the order-in-council that prohibited gambling on the tracks was worded to expire six months after the cessation of hostilities. Unless the cabinet takes further action racing and betting will be in vogue again as before the war. If any further action is taken, according to advices from Ottawa, it is likely to include a ban on bookmaking and the limitation of the number of tracks in each locality.

Situation at Windsor.

However, the "reconstruction" of racing does bid fair to be an interesting feature at the coming session of parliament. The ball was started rolling at a hot meeting of the friends and opponents of racing in the Border City chamber of commerce in Windsor, when the members of that body passed a resolution to have no further discussions on turf matters. The discussion at Windsor was precipitated when it was rumored around the city last week that a stock company was being formed to take over the Devonshire race track and open the same for racing the moment the law allows it. This gave the enemies of racing their chance to bring their opposition before the public, and Contractor Westcott, who sponsored a resolution to ask the government to continue the order-in-council prohibiting racing, has intimated that he will carry his fight for Ottawa.

Deputation of "Antis".

Headed by Archdeacon Ingles, chairman of the Toronto committee and W. E. Raney, K.C., solicitor for the social service department of the Methodist church, a large anti-racing deputation will go to Ottawa within a fortnight to fight any effort which may be made to have racing resumed in Canada under the old order. On the deputation, which will make Ottawa its headquarters for some time will be representatives of the anti-racing interests in Hamilton, London, Windsor, Niagara Falls and Port Erie.

"We are never going to permit it," said Mr. Raney, "a return to a rehabilitation of the racetrack gambling which we have had in the past in this country, for we do not believe that the public will stand for it.

To Go the Limit.

"We are not going to bother asking the government to continue the racing in this country. We are going to go much deeper. We will return to our position in 1910. We will urge the government to repeal the section of the criminal code which permits legalized gambling on licensed race courses in this country. We are going to ask the government to make betting on the race tracks just as illegal as it is now in a handbook or in a pool room.

"This is what we asked of the government in 1910, before the committee, which at that time reported in favor of our bill to kill race track gambling. The present lieutenant-governor of Ontario, however, headed a lobby, which was successful in having the house not adopt the bill by one vote. The time has arrived now, and we are determined to put up our best fight to have the criminal code altered so that legalized betting on race tracks or anywhere else will be a thing of the past.

Approve Personal Wagering.

"We are not going to interfere unduly with the habits of the people as to personal betting," said Mr. Raney, remarking at the time that he could see no real harm to the public in private or personal betting, even at a race track.

Mr. Raney was not in a position to give the names of the deputation. The personnel was at present under consideration.

FOOTBALL RIVALS IN HOCKEY MATCH

BANKERS DEFEAT THE COLLEGIATE STUDENTS BY SCORE OF 5-4.

Those old rivals on the hockey field, the two teams, Bankers and P. C. I., were antagonists last night in a hockey match, played on the Brock street rink, between 5 and 6. The best ice on which a P.C.I. team has played this winter, and the largest crowd, about 150, which has witnessed a Collegiate game were there last night, the Bankers being victors at the end, with the big part of a 9 goal game.

The playing was fast from whistle to whistle, both teams being out to win the game. The game was remarkably clean. Mr. V. R. Henry, of the Collegiate Institute staff, who acted as referee, handing out only one penalty, which went to S. Hagerman in the first period.

The first goal was scored by Hunter who shot the puck into Mahood's nets from the centre of a scramble before the goal, but Eaton soon evened it up for the Bankers, with Parks driving in another one for P.C.I. a little later. Just before the ball sounded the end of the first period S. Hagerman passed to Eaton before P. C. I.'s nets, and Jack slammed it in.

In the second period Hagerman soon notched another for the Bankers, but the score was evened up when Park scored again for the boys from Central Park, a goal which was immediately followed by another for the seniors, after knowledge, shot in by R. Stevens. During the rest of the period Eaton scored another goal, thus tying the game. But before the bell rang S. Hagerman, coming from behind Catchpole's nets, slipped one in from the side.

Eaton was the star last night, scoring three of the Bankers' five goals, while Parks starring for P.C.I. scored two of P.C.I.'s four goals.

There was quite a bit of substituting done by both sides, the goalers being the only fellows on the ice throughout the game, but the line up in general was:

Bankers—Goal, A. Mahood (Royal Bank); centre, J. Eaton (Bank of Nova Scotia); left wing, S. Henry (Bank of Montreal); right wing, S. Hagerman (Bank of Nova Scotia); right defence, S. MacNeilly (Royal bank); left defence, A. Sharpe; subs, J. Thirnbeck, J. Taylor (Dominion Bank).

P. C. I.—Goal, Alvin Catchpole; left wing, R. Hunt; right wing, R. Stevens; centre, B. Park; right defence, K. Harstone; left defence, C. Armstrong; subs., H. Hunter, M. Cottingham, D. Fitzgerald.

Referee—Mr. V. R. Henry.

BASEBALL HERE NEXT SUMMER

PROSPECTS ARE ALL IN FAVOR OF STRONG DISTRICT LEAGUE.

Mr. M. J. Dedman, treasurer of the Lindsay Baseball League, received a communication from Mr. Jake Solomon of Peterborough, relative to organizing a purely amateur baseball league, the same to comprise the towns of Peterborough, Port Hope, Cobourg and Lindsay.

Plans are very indefinite as yet, but it is understood the intention is to play the games either by twilight (taking advantage of daylight saving) or Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Solomon has been assured that Lindsay will be a member of the league, and a meeting of baseball fans will be called to talk matters over in that town.

Mr. Jake Solomon has also received letters from Cobourg and other towns stating that they will enter teams in the new Midland League which he is organizing for this summer. Oshawa, Port Hope and Bowmanville are also expected to enter teams.

A meeting of those interested will be held in the near future. Everything points to a successful ball season this year. It is to be hoped that there will also be a city league here. The league will be run on strictly amateur lines.

Local Curlers In District Finals

Toronto, Feb. 28.—This morning at the Granite Rink the final of the District Cup was played between Peterborough and High Park of Toronto. The first round and semi-finals were played yesterday, when London Thistles and Owen Sound defaulted, leaving Peterborough, High Park, Cobourg, Orillia, Dundas, and Guelph Royal City to battle it out.

Yesterday afternoon Peterborough administered a decisive beating to Dundas by 50 to 22, but Orillia and High Park engaged in the best game of the competition. D. M. Clark's High Park rink was victor over the Orillia four skipped by John Carruthers, by 18 to 10, while A. B. Thompson's Orillias downed H. M. Patton's men by 16 to 9, High Park thus being up eight shots on one rink and down seven on the other. After the twelfth end the score was exceedingly close. When Carruthers played his last stone the other rinks had finished and High Park lay one shot. The game depended on this stone, but the Orillia skip was wide with it, and the game ended in favor of the white clubs by a single shot. Scores:

FIRST ROUND

Peterborough.		Cobourg.
H. Hair		T. Mitchell
J. Metherel		F. Pillsworth
P. D. Fitzgerald		A. W. Middleton
J. W. McDermid		W. Delaney
Skip.....	11	Skip..... 15
R. L. Dobbin		L. Hewson
A. W. Archibald		B. Ewing
W. D. Campbell		D. Jex
R. P. Best		J. Davidson
Skip.....	17	Skip..... 11
Total....	28	Total..... 26

Majority for Peterboro', 2 shots.

London Thistles defaulted to Dundas.

SEMI-FINALS.

Peterborough.		Dundas.
H. Hair		A. Swackhammer
J. Metherel		S. Hughes
P. D. Fitzgerald		H. B. Wilson
J. W. McDermid		J. G. Collinson
Skip.....	17	Skip..... 15
R. L. Dobbin		W. H. Gray
A. W. Archibald		H. Clark
W. D. Campbell		J. Gray
R. P. Best		L. Brown
Skip.....	33	Skip..... 7
Total.....	50	Total..... 22

Majority for Peterboro', 28 shots.

Guelph is to build a new school on Exhibition street.

Lakefield School Defeats Warsaw

The Lakefield Preparatory School Hockey team defeated Warsaw team on the Lakefield ice Thursday afternoon, the score being 11-8. The Grove school has been undefeated in ten games played this season. The Warsaw team played Lakefield five years ago. Lakefield line up was as follows:

Goal, Smith; defence, James, Hamilton; forwards, Hamilton, McKenzie and McDonald.

CANADIENS WIN FROM SENATORS

FLYING FRENCHMEN OUTPLAY SENATORS ON LAURIER ICE AND WIN 5—3.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—George Kennedy and his Canadiens took a strangle hold on the championship of the N. H. L. last night when they defeated the locals by 5 to 3, thus making it two straight in the post-season series to decide which all star Eastern teams shall go West to play against Vancouver for the Stanley Cup. The series now stands 2-2 in the Canadiens and in order to tie it up Ottawa must vanquish the Montreal team at the Arena rink Saturday night, then win again here in the fourth game on Monday next.

Last night's defeat came as a blow to the Ottawa club and all the players, but on the hour's play Laviolette and his team-mates deserved the battle, as they out-generalled the home team, showed a superior brand of hockey throughout the match and were particularly strong and steady in the pinches.

The Senators on the other hand lacked their usual aggressiveness and were outskated time and time again by the flashy red shirts.

O. Cleghorn Scores Two.

Both teams came out strong for the third, but play had only been in progress one minute when a shadow descended over the Ottawa's prospect Pacific coast jaunt. Boucher nearly scored from the face-off and Corbeau carried it down. Boucher chased Berlinquette into a corner and the Canadian man slipped the puck to Odie Cleghorn, who was apparently locked by Cameron in front of the Ottawa nets. In some way Cleghorn got free and slapped the puck in, while the crowd groaned. It was a gift, though Cleghorn played it cleverly. In five minutes O. Cleghorn got another goal for the Frenchmen. That made it four to two and Cleghorn also got the next one. Ottawa tried hard to overcome the lead, but it was an impossible task, and their only following goal fell to Cy. Denneny, who went through unassisted and tallied from close quarters.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; point, Cleghorn; cover, Cameron; centre, Darragh; right wing, Broadbent; left wing, Gerard; substitutes Denneny and Boucher.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; point, Hall; cover, Corbeau; centre, Laviolette; right wing, Pitre; left wing, Berlinquette; substitutes, Malone, O. Cleghorn, McDonald and Couture.

Referees, Harvey Pulford and Charlie McKinley.

Lindsay Curlers Fail To Arrive

Curlers from Lindsay, who had been expected to arrive in the city today to play off the Peterborough end of the Peterborough-Lindsay rink competition were unable to come, although the Lindsay end of the game is being played in that town today, the four local rinks who went to Bobcaygeon yesterday to play the return end in the Fitzgerald-Burnfield contest.

The Marconi wireless station at Barriefield is being used to send messages about troops returning from overseas. A quick method of communicating with Ottawa has been arranged.

FOUGHT OUT BITTER GAME

Vancouver Retains Its Lead in Pacific Coast League

Seattle, Wash, Feb. 28.—Vancouver retained its lead in the Pacific Coast League in a struggle, which will go down in the archives of history as one of the bitterest games ever contested in this city. The strong feeling between the contestants culminated in clashes between opposing players, which resulted in the injury of Mickey, MacKay, Vancouver forward, and the fining of "Cully" Wilson, Seattle wing, for assaulting the visiting rover. The score was 3 to 1.

Barrie's

Furriers, Peterborough

respectfully notify their Patrons that all announcements in connection with

FURS and LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR

will regularly appear in this particular page every

TUESDAY and FRIDAY

each week during the ensuing 12 months.

The Barrie Building

Phone 340w

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes attack jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"Once We and See Better."

W. H. LACEY

Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

THE LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

has removed from 140 Simcoe street to 207 Water street, four doors south of Bank of Commerce.

ODDFELLOWS' FUNERAL

All Oddfellows are requested to meet at the hall on Saturday afternoon, March 1st, at one o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Thomas Cooley.

BY ORDER OF N. G.

WOOD FOR SALE

Short Dry Mixed Wood. Prompt delivery. Order now from the Peterborough Lumber Company, Ltd., 163 Hunter Street. Phone 545.

"AT-HOME."

An "At-Home" will be held in St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday, 3rd March. Cards and dancing at 8:30 sharp. Good prizes and refreshments.

MISS DAWSON'S NEW YORK TRIP

SECURED CHOICE LINE OF HATS FOR RICHARD HALL & SON.

Miss Dawson, buyer for the Millinery Department of Richard Hall & Son, Limited, returned from New York on Tuesday after making the largest selection of exclusive hats that was ever made for the Hall Company.

On Miss Dawson's arrival in New York she was looked after by the resident New York buyer for Richard Hall & Son and shown where the newest and most exclusive models could be found and purchased to the best advantage. Miss Dawson secured a great variety of smart new styles which will be found only at the Hall store in Peterboro. Among them some stylish and exclusive hats for matrons. Some very smart straw tams for young girls and misses and stunning sailors in pine-apple straw in a wonderful variety of colors that any one could wear and look well. A very special feature will be the extremely

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

An excellent musical program will precede the lecture by John Kendrick Bangs tonight. The following artists will take part:—Miss Lillian Eastwood, soprano; Miss Doris Rathbone, contralto; Mr. F. J. Graham, tenor, and Mr. T. Ward baritone.

The annual "at home" of the Literary Society of the Peterborough Normal School will be held on Monday evening, March 3, at the school. The personnel of the reception committee is: Col. D. Walker, Mr. M. Wooldrige, Miss H. Parrot, Miss D. Bargess, Miss G. Hay, Miss H. Brown.

"The Pierrot Players"

COMING TO "THE GRAND"—AUGMENTED LADIES ORCHESTRA

Every standard high class entertainment has its bright spots when every line spoken, every situation created causes chuckles of laughter on all sides, and unfortunately for the muse it has its weak spots. But think of a performance that contains the cream of twenty distinct musical productions woven together by bright dialogue, melodious song, and sprightly dance. This is the unusual performance of the Famous English Pierrot Plays at the Grand Opera House, Wednesday, March 5 with popular price matinee, a positive novelty in stage attraction that delights the theatregoer who has so often been disappointed. In New York the Washington Square players are creating a niche in the dramatic field and their big brother the Pierrot Players are doing the same thing in the musical sphere. Each number in this performance is a gem, a charming combination of fun that is really funny and singing that is really singing. The cast headed by Eugene Lockhart late of the Reviera Girl Co., are augmented by a special ladies orchestra.

NOTICE

An important meeting of the Commercial Travellers residing in the City, will be held on Saturday, March 1st (tomorrow) at the hour of three o'clock, sharp in the sample room of Stanley Couper, 297½ George St., (over Madill's drug store,) Every Commercial Traveller of the city is repectfully requested to attend this meeting, as very important business which is vital to each traveller will be discussed.

B. STACEY,
Sec. Commercial Travellers.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

PAID HIS LICENSE.

L. Lavette, charged in the police court this morning with carrying on business in this city as an agent without a pedlar's license, was allowed to pay the required fee on expressing a desire to comply with the law. It amounted to $50. He represents a Montreal establishment.

NOT A PARTICLE OF DANDRUFF OR A FALLING HAIR

SAVE YOUR HAIR! DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY IN JUST A FEW MOMENTS.

"DANDERINE" MAKES YOUR HAIR THICK, GLOSSY, WAVY AND BEAUTIFUL.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair, and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow, long, strong and beautiful.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

HALL'S SATURDAY BARGAINS

$3.00 Underskirts $2.19

Heatherbloom and Morelle Petticoats, made with frills and sectional flounce. Regular $3.00. Saturday Bargain .. $2.19 Each .....

Children's Petticoats

Heavy Grey Flannelette Petticoats for children; extra strong and durable. Saturday Bargain, each 50c

$5.00 Silk Waists $3.98

Natural Shantung Silk Waists, made in tailored style, with cluster tucked front, Tuxedo collar and turn back cuffs. Regular $5.00. Saturday Bargain, each $3.98

80c Poplin Skirts $6.98

Extra quality silk poplin Skirts, all new style, with novelty pockets and girdle, button trimmed, in black and navy. Regular $8.00. Saturday Bargain, .. each $6.98

TO YOU WHO LIKE THE BEST THERE'S SPLENDID VALUE HERE—Some of your Spring sewing needs can be filled from these and at quite a saving, too.

32 inch Nainsook 29c

Pure white Nainsook, with fine, even thread; 32 inches wide. Regular 35c yard. Saturday Bargain, yard 29c

36 inch Horrocks Cotton

Here's excellent value for those who like the very best of White Cotton. It's a famous English make, fine in weave and a soft finish. Regular 50c yard. Saturday Bargain, yard.. 43c

60c Madapolam 48c

There are just six pieces in the lot or about 360 yards of this Trousseau Madapolam, manufactured expressly for ladies' fine underwear. Regular 60c a yard. Saturday Bargain ..... Yard 48c

Women's medium weight Cotton Vests, with high neck and long sleeves, button front. Saturday Bargain ..... 2 for 75c

Corset Bargains For Saturday

New Spring model Corsets, in low bust style; every size. Saturday only ..... Pair 85c

Some of our Smartest and most exclusive Styles in SUITS AND COATS can now be seen on the Second Floor

BUTTONS! BUTTONS!!

We have the Buttons and They are only Half-price on Saturday

If you need Buttons for your Spring sewing, see the big selection we have laid out for easy choosing on the Main Floor Saturday, at Exactly Half Price.

Odd Pieces of China that are Cheap for Saturday

60 Pin Trays, each 15c
60 Jewel Cases, each 15c
375 Creams and Sugars ..... 2 pieces for $1.50

Enameled Ware Hespiler Grey

SOME EXCEPTIONAL CLEARING PRICES FOR SATURDAY

10c Pie Plates, each 5c
10c Cake Plates, each 5c
15c Pie Plates, each 9c
15c Cake Plates, each 9c
75c Coffee Pots, each 59c
10c Pudding Dishes, each .. 8c
15c Wash Basins, each 9c
25c Wash Basins, each ... 19c
20c Mixing Bowls, each ... 14c

Evening Dresses Reg. $60.00 Reduced to $37.50

FOR SATURDAY ONLY

These are not old styles, but two of the newest styles shown this season.

There Are Only Two

One in pink charmeuse and beautifully made. The other in mauve taffeta, in tunic style. These are both exclusive models and are perfect in every detail. Our reason for the reduction is to make a complete clean-up of every evening dress in stock. Remember, there are only two of them, and not another dress in the city like them. Regular $60.00. Sizes 36 and 38. Saturday Bargain, each

$37.50

Axminster Rugs $3.98

Mottled Axminster Rugs, with plain band border on each end. Size 27 x 54 inches. Saturday Bargain, each $3.98

Curtain Net and Madras Muslin 39c

Good quality Curtain Net and Scotch Madras, in white and cream; 36 and 40 inches wide. Saturday Bargain, each 39c

Comforters for 7 People Only

7 only cotton filled Comforters. Regular $3.98 and $4.98 each. Saturday Bargain, each.. $2.98

Drapery Departments Remnants

Short ends of Chints, Shadow Cloth, Net, Poplin, Rapps and Marquisette.

EXACTLY HALF-PRICE SATURDAY ONLY

New Spring Ginghams

Here's a chance for you Saturday to choose your Cotton Dress and save considerable. A fine assortment of checks and plaids in a variety of new color combinations. Saturday Bargain, yard 35c

For Comfort A--- Chesterfield

We are showing several New Models the best of their kind Made through out by our own Experts The Filling and Coverings and Workmanship are guaranteed throughout in every particular

See them on the 2nd Floor

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Will Be Held in George Street Church Monday With Special Services Sunday.

The Sunday School workers of Peterboro have been exceptionally active during the last week preparing for their big annual convention which will be held in George Street Methodist Church next Monday, March 3rd, commencing at 9 a.m. and continuing right through what will be one of the most important days for those men and women who have the responsibility of the spiritual and moral training of our children in the Sunday School.

The Convention will really start on Sunday, March 2nd when the pulpits will be supplied as follows:

11 a.m.—St. Andrews Presbyterian Church.—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A.; George St. Methodist Church—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A.; St. James' Methodist Church — Rev. C. A. Meyers, B. A.

7 p.m.—Murray st. Baptist Church—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M. A.; Mark St. Methodist Church—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B. A.; Bethany Tabernacle—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B. A.

Contrary to the general custom of mankind to rest on the Sabbath these ministers will have a very strenuous day for, when the Ministerial Association got through allotting pulpits to them, the Sunday School workers got busy and arranged for the afternoon as follows:

3 p.m.—Murray St. Baptist—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M. A.; George St. Methodist—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B. A.; Trinity Methodist—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B. A.

3.45.—St. Paul's Presbyterian—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M. A.; St. Andrew's Presbyterian—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B. A.; Knox Presbyterian—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A.

It is hoped that all parents and teachers will see to it that their children and themselves are present at as many of these services as possible to show that our interests are centered in the rising generation, for our future depends almost entirely upon the proper cultivation and moulding of the mind of the child.

The visiting clergymen upon their arrival in the city will be met by representatives of our Sunday Schools and through the kindness of some of them they will be entertained in their homes.

The program of the Convention will be in these columns and will be very interesting to those who are active in Sunday School work. The Secretary of the local Association, Mr. J. J. Turner, has sent invitations to all the County Clergymen and workers to be present at this convention and it is expected that a large representation form the County will be here and they coupled with our city representatives will no doubt tax George Street Methodist Church to its capacity. Sunday and Monday will be days long to be remembered by fathers, mothers, Sunday School Superintendents, teachers and scholars. Many of our busiest business men will devote most of the day Monday to this work for which parents should be very thankful.

TWEED RESIDENT TAKES OWN LIFE

H. C. PAINTER, EXPERT CHEMIST, SHOOTS HIMSELF WHILE TEMPORARILY INSANE.

Tweed, Feb. 28.—Our town was shocked when the word passed hurriedly around that Mr. H. C. Painter had committed suicide by shooting himself.

Mr. Painter was a chemist in the employ of the Nichols Chemical Co., at Sulphide and enjoyed not only the confidence and esteem of the firm but of all with whom he associated.

He came to town in his car which he ran into the sheds at the Ford garage.

He made some calls and in a short time went back to the car, where the deed was committed.

That the deceased was mentally irresponsible at the time is very apparent. He had been bereaved within the year, of his mother and a brother, both of which events he felt very keenly at the time he had also previously lost two brothers through accidents. His own health was in a precarious condition and his eyes especially were causing him a lot of trouble and worry.

Mr. Painter was most highly esteemed by those who knew him best. He possessed a kindly disposition and ever sought to be helpful to those about him, social, genial, good hearted, everybody liked him and the deepest regret filled every heart when the sad event became known.

The funeral service was held in St. Andrew's church and was very largely attended and especially by his Masonic brethren, deceased being a member of Tweed Lodge, No. 329, A. F. & A.M.

The pastor who was intimately acquainted with the deceased delivered a most impressive discourse.

Mr. Jas. S. Painter, a brother, of Toronto, was present. The remains were taken to the old family home at Pulaski, Virginia, for burial.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
Rubber Sponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. E. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Sherbrooke, Que.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthetic. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

Agents Wanted

who can sell or will specialize on either Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile or Plate Glass Insurance, Securities, Investments, etc. If you are a salesman, here is an opening. If not and you want to be, let us school you. It may be "Miss Opportunity" knocking at your door. We have the goods if you have the "pep." No bond once needed. Apply

HUGHSON JOHNSTONE
Rooms 302-306 Burnside Building.

NEW BATTERY STATION

FISHER AND HAYES

Announce that in the FIRST WEEK IN MARCH they will open up business

Over The Service Garage
CHARLOTTE STREET
(Nearly Opposite the White House)

Where they will be prepared to give prompt and efficient attention To—Storage Battery Charging and Repairing Also Auto Washing and Polishing

A. FISHER

is severing his connection as manager of the Willard Storage Station and is exceptionally skilled in the knowledge of storage batteries.—Efficiency and service is his motto.

W. E. HAYES

IS A RETURNED SOLDIER, and after three years active service at the front will resume his business of auto-polishing and washing. All work will be guaranteed first class, and a share of public patronage is invited.

MARCH

1919

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong westerly winds, fair and quite cold tonight and on Sunday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 51 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

PEOPLE OF MADRID RISE IN REVOLT AGAINST THE HIGH COST OF BREAD AND MEAT

Mobs Make Raid on Bakeries and Butcher Shops and Martial Law is Declared—Government Takes Over the Control of Provision Stores

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Madrid, March 1.—Martial law has been declared in Madrid and troops are patrolling the streets. Order has been restored but some theatres have been closed. This action was the result of rioting against profiteers today, provision and butcher shops being attacked by mobs. The Government has taken possession of the bake-shops.

Premier Romanones has issued a statement saying that protests against provision dealers had assumed such an aspect that it was necessary to take serious precautions and that martial law had been declared so to enable the Government to work better for the settlement of pending social questions.

The trouble began during Friday afternoon when attacks on bakeries and food shops occurred, principally in the suburbs, and in the evening there was a movement by the people which resulted in their occupation of the butcher shops. Skirmishes, with some stone throwing, occurred between the demonstrators and the police around the markets.

THE WEATHER

The remarkably fine and mild weather that has prevailed this winter is a subject of common remark. During February the thermometer did not once go below zero, in fact the last time below zero was reached locally was January 12th. A February without any below zero days has not been known in Peterboro before. The nearest approach to the present conditions was February of 1897 and February of 1909. Each of these months had three days of zero weather. The usual average here is about twelve days of severe cold during the month of February.—W.P.

Ontario Soldiers Land at Halifax

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, Mar. 1.—The transport Lapland arrived this morning with two thousand returning Canadian soldiers and many civilian passengers About one half the soldiers are for Ontario points.

CANNOT VISIT FLANDERS FIELDS

Passes to Relatives to View Graves Not Yet Issued.

Ottawa, March 1.—The Militia Department desires to inform all soldiers' relatives and others interested that the Imperial Government is not in a position to grant passes to visitors to soldiers' graves in France. In some instances there is no transportation whatever to the places where the graves are located. Where transportation exists it is indirectly taken up for military purposes. There is also little or no hotel or housing accommodation.

Cable advice has been received from overseas to the effect that a number of people not in possession of the above information have arrived in England with a view to visiting France to see the graves of relatives, but it is not possible to effect the object of such visits at the present time.

To remedy the ice storage at Welland an artificial ice plant, costing $35,000 is to be installed.

Koreans Ask Help Of United States

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Peking, March 1.—Members of the "Independence Committee," representing the Korean people living in China, have presented to the American Minister a petition asking that the United States Government intercede with the Peace Conference in behalf of Korean people.

Dates Arranged For Hockey Finals

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 1.—Secretary W. A. Hewitt, of the Ontario Hockey Association, has announced the following dates for playing of the finals in the Senior, Intermediate and Junior sections:

Seniors.

Wednesday, March 5.—Winner of St. Pats-Kitchener game (being played tonight) vs. Hamilton at Hamilton.

Saturday, March 8.—Hamilton vs. winner of St. Pats-Kitchener game at Toronto Arena.

Intermediate.

Thursday, March 6.—Kingston at winner of Seaforth-Collingwood.

Monday, March 10.—Winner of Seaforth-Collingwood at Kingston.

Junior.

Wednesday, March 12.—Winner of U.T.S.-Cornwall at winner of Woodstock-Sudbury.

Saturday, March 15.—Winner of Woodstock-Sudbury at winners of U. T. S.-Cornwall.

The dates for the Allen Cup games and the two matches for the junior championship of Canada, all to be played in Toronto will be announced later.

GENERAL PAU IN HOUSE

Ottawa, March 1.—General Pau visited the Commons Chamber late yesterday afternoon and was accommodated with a chair on the floor of the House to the right of the speaker.

NEW PAPAL DECREE

Rome, March 1.—Pope Benedict has authorized the faithful to substitute some other day for Saturday as a day of abstinence during the coming Lenten season.

Memorial For Ontario Pioneers

Members of the Farmers' Club in Peterboro County, as well as others, will be interested to learn that Rev. Father Galvin, of Downeyville, has been appointed to act on a committee the committee is to gather information about the early pioneers of the province with the object of having some suitable memorial established in their honor. Other members of the committee include Rev. A. W. Amos, of Palmerston; Peter McArthur, of Ekfrid; Mr. Carrou, of Carran; Mrs. G. A. Brodie, of Newmarket, and Miss Griesback, of Collingwood.

The United Farmers have also appointed a committee to prepare a platform dealing with provincial issues. The Farmers' National Policy is devoted practically entirely to National problems. In the recent Ontario bye elections the farmers were criticised for not having any clearly defined provincial platform. It is evident from their action that they intend to be better prepared in future on this point.

HUNGER AND IDLENESS THE REAL CAUSE OF BOLSHEVISM

British Papers View the German Situation With Alarm and Urge the Allies to Lift the Food Blockade at Once—Trouble Everywhere

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, Mar. 1.—Several of this morning's newspapers feature articles on the internal demoralization of Germany and the dangerous growth of Bolshevism as a result of the lack of food and the increase of unemployment, and express editorially deep concern at the problem thus created for the Allies. Various reports concur in declaring that the situation is extremely urgent. A Reuter report describes the position of Germany as more precarious than it was last November.

"Discontent is growing, people are hungry and dispirited, and the Government is unable to improve material conditions," this report says. "Far sighted and well informed men are pessimistic and apprehensive at the ominous signs which show tendency towards anarchy."

Urgent necessity of the immediate relaxation of the Allies food blockade of Germany is emphasised by many leading British papers.

Trouble Everywhere.

Copenhagen, Mar. 1.—Muenster Government troops entered Dusseldorf on Friday and occupied the railway stations and public buildings. Spartacan leaders escaped and the town is quiet. Spartacan forces offered very feeble resistances to Government troops when Crefeld took Hamborn on Thursday and gave up two cannon, three thousand rifles and a quantity of munitions.

Bolsheviki Defeated.

Lithuanian troops, closely pursuing the Bolshevik forces, have passed the line of Schaulen, Sjaulena, Vieves and Varena, which towns are in Lithuanian hands. Owing to their defeat, the Bolsheviki have requested suspension of hostilities, but the Lithuanians refused.

Martial Law in Bavaria.

Paris, Mar. 1.—The Soldiers' and Workmen's Congress at Munich has declared martial law for all of Bavaria.

EX-KAISER KNEW HE WAS BEATEN

AS EARLY AS AUGUST LAST GENERAL LUDENDORFF ASSERTS.

Copenhagen, Mar. 1.—A despatch from Berlin quotes an interview with Gen. Ludendorff, former First Quartermaster-General of the German army, in which Ludendorff repeats former statements that he desired peace on the basis of the status quo, both in 1917 and in 1918.

Ludendorff is reported to have said that the events in August of last year showed that the value of some units in the German army had depreciated, and that no improvement was not to be expected, in view of the fact that the war had broken the will of the people at home. Afterwards the ground had become shaky, said Ludendorff, and he informed the Government that it was no longer possible to make Germany's enemies desire peace by means of war, and that the warfare should be ended quickly.

After the collapse of Bulgaria according to the interview, Ludendorff demanded that the German Government make an offer of peace, but he added that it was a mistake to say that he demanded an armistice within twenty-four hours. Ludendorff dwelt on "the Kaiser's love of peace" in the interview. He said the Emperor was kept informed of the entire situation, and after August 8 recognized that the war could not be won by Germany.

Ludendorff denied reports of dissensions between the Emperor and the Crown Prince. He said the Crown Prince often spoke of peace by an understanding. Ludendorff ex-

EAST PROPOSES A COMPROMISE

LIBERAL MEMBER MAKES TARIFF SPEECH THAT SURPRISES HOUSE.

Ottawa, March 1.—Parliament pricked up its ears when Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, M.P., for Brantford, hitherto one of the uncompromising high protectionists in the House, made the somewhat startling prediction that the Minister of Finance will bring down a tariff that will satisfy even Mr. McMaster, the Liberal member for Brome, who is a Manchester Guardian free trader, "and who is one of the hardest men to please, because he thinks everything about the tariff is wrong."

Tariff Issue Over All

Still regarded by many as the rock upon which the Government ship may split, the tariff issue is the one big question before the Parliament that will not down. "I see my friends opposite are begining to sit up and take notice," observed Mr. Cockshutt, as he approached the momentous issue. He did not think that the tariff was very far wrong as it was, but he did not think that it was perfect, or that in some respects it might not be pared down. Though he was a high protectionist he had never asked that any great amount be passed over to any great industry with which he was connected. He believed that if the subject was approached aright there was a way out of all the difficulties and a wise solution could be arrived at.

mute fell down a stairway at the Manitoba School for the Deaf and Dumb and died with a fractured skull.

OPERA HOUSE CHANGES HANDS

H. S. Dahn on Behalf of A. J. Small, Toronto Takes Over Management Today.

The ownership of the Grand Opera House passed today from Messrs J. J. Turner & Sons, to Mr. Ambrose J. Small, the well known theatrical magnate of Toronto. Mr. Harry S. Dahn took over the active management of the house today and will become a permanent resident of the city. There will be no changes in the office or other staffs of the theatre so that the patrons will be assured of the same courteous treatment as that to which they have become accustomed.

Mr. Dahn is an experienced theatrical manager having been with Mr. Small in that capacity for years besides holding other responsible positions in the same line. He was for some years manager of Mr. Small's theatre in London.

Mr. Dahn says that the local theatre is one of the best appointed houses of the kind on the Small circuit and he compliments the former owners upon the high standard which they have always maintained in the arrangements. All the appointments are as near perfection as it is possible to attain.

Mr. Dahn was at one time connected with the publicity department of the Toronto exhibition and is interested in such enterprises. His experience in this line is likely to be utilised by the directors of the Local Fair which Mr. Dahn regards as one of the best advertising assets in the possession of the city.

FIREMEN FOUGHT WITHOUT WATER

OUTBUILDING OF BERT MORROW WAS BEYOND THE CITY LIMIT.

At 7:21 this morning the fire brigade were called to the residence of Mr. Bert Morrow at the foot of Sherbrooke street, where fire had broken out in the drive shed of the barn.

Being out of the city limits, no water was available, and the firemen had to set about saving the buildings as well as they could under this handicap.

The drive shed was connected with the barn, which was a fine brick structure, and this in turn was linked up by a fence with the ice-house and a storehouse from which led a covered passageway to the residence itself.

Chief Grange and his men cut away the fence in an effort to keep the fire from spreading to the ice-house, but the rolling flames jumped the gap, caught the ice-house, and spread to the storehouse, which they completely demolished, and it was only by cutting away the passageway and exerting every effort that the home was kept from falling a prey to the flames.

Early this morning the blaze was noticed by one of the street railway men who lives in that vicinity. He rushed to the house of Mr. and Mrs. Morrow, but was unable to awaken them. Passing on to the barn, to which the fire at that time had not spread, he looked to see that there were no horses or cattle within, and then returned to the house, and after some difficulty succeeded in arousing the occupants. Immediately afterwards he rang in the alarm by phone to the firehall.

The drive shed, barn ice-house and storehouse and part of the passageway leading to the kitchen of the dwelling were entirely destroyed, and it was remarkable that without the use of water the city fire fighters were able to stay the progress of the flames before they reached the house.

Chief Grange estimated the loss somewhere in the vicinity of $3000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

SINN FEINER CAN SOLVE PROBLEM

SPEAKER AT HIBERNIAN MASS MEETING IN OTTAWA URGES SELF-DETERMINATION.

Ottawa, March 1.—Self determination for Ireland as an act of common justice was advocated in eloquent appeals by several eminent Irish-Canadians at the mass meeting in the Russell Theatre under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. The principal speaker of the evening was Hon. J. Hall Kelly, M.L.A., of Quebec, who devoted his speech to what he called removing the prejudices which existed against Sinn Fein.

"If I had a voice in Irish affairs," he declared with emphasis, "I would vote Sinn Fein the only party which can solve the Irish problem." a declaration which was received with loud applause.

Mr. C. J. Foy, K.C., M.L.A. was in the chair, and in presenting the resolution of the evening made a fervent speech in which he declared that all Irishmen asked was that their country be allowed to determine how it should be governed.

A resolution which was carried unanimously called upon Premier Borden to use his powerful influence with his colleagues at the Peace Conference to the end that the people of Ireland shall have a voice in determining how they shall be governed.

The other speaker of the evening was Rev. Father Cavanagh of Almonte.

pressed a willingness that his actions should be tried before any unprejudiced man of common sense.

DOUBLE PLATOON SYSTEM FOR LOCAL FIREMEN WENT INTO EFFECT TODAY NOON

Four New Men, Three of Whom Are Veterans, Have Been Added to the Brigade—The Men Off Duty Are Subject to Call at Any Time

At noon today the two platoon system went into effect in the Peterborough Fire Department and a long needed reform in the treatment of the city's fire fighters was adopted. These men will now have an opportunity of becoming acquainted with their own families and [illegible] o'clock today a new life in which some of the comforts of an enlightened age will have a place opened up for them.

At noon the shift which will long be remembered as ushering in a different and happier order of events was made. These men will be on duty until 6 o'clock this evening when the relief will arrive and remain until 7 o'clock Sunday morning. For the next two weeks the shift will be made at 7 a.m. and 6 p.m.

Four new men have been added to the brigade three of whom are returned soldiers. This brings the staff up to twenty.

Chief Grange stated this morning that not having sufficient power to operate a system of alarm bells in the men's houses has had the telephone substituted and had made arrangements with the Telephone Company to give proper connections in record time in case of an alarm.

LECTURER PLEASED WITH HIS RECEPTION.

Mr. John Kendrick Bangs stated after the entertainment at the Grand Opera House that in all his career as a lecturer he never faced a more intelligent appearing or appreciative audience than that which listened to his address last night. He will certainly carry away with him pleasing impressions of his visit to Peterborough.

After the lecture Mr. Bangs was entertained at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Neal, where he met a number of invited guests.

SURRENDER DEFAULTERS

Regina, Sask., March 1.—The Great War Veterans at their regular meeting passed a motion asking the Dominion Government to demand the surrender of 50,000 defaulters in Canada, and that they be disfranchised for a period of ten years, in addition to suffering the present penalties provided by law.

UNION BRANCH BANK AT INDIAN RIVER.

In consequence of a largely-signed petition presented by the farmers of Indian River and the surrounding country, the Union Bank of Canada has decided to open a sub-agency at this point, which will be under the management of Mr. C. H. Pennefather, manager of the Union Bank of Canada at Peterborough, Ont.

NO EXTRA SESSION

Washington, March 1.—President Wilson will not call an extra session of Congress until after his return from Europe. Senator Martin of Virginia made this announcement after a conference with the President. The final return is expected by June 1.

DOMINION POLICE LEAVE.

Dominion Police stationed at Peterborough, with the exception of Inspector Ward, who has remained to wind up the affairs of the department, have left for eastern points.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS

The stage is set, the instruments tuned, the public enthused and the [illegible] anxious for the curtain to rise for the Big Sunday School Convention in George Street Methodist Church, Peterborough.

[illegible] following Clergymen arrived today:— Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A.; who will be the guest of Mr. Walter Fisher, Water Street. Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M. A., who will be entertained by a fellow M.A., Mr. Joseph Wearing; while Rev. C. A. Myers will accept the hospitality of the home of some member of Knox Church.

The people of Peterborough will be glad to know that one of our own ladies in the person of Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner, B. A., has an important place in the program. The subject she will deal with will be "Lesson Preparation and Presentation." Never in the history of the Association did the enthusiasm run so high and rightly so for never in the history of our Empire was the [illegible] so great, the demand so apparent, the importance so imperative [illegible] as now, facing as our boys and girls are a new dawn filled with responsibilities we had not to face in our day. So it is little wonder that those tireless, unselfish men and women, the Sunday School workers, who have the future of our children so much at heart, get all excited anticipating a Convention which will be not only interesting and instructive but will fit them the better to help our children.

The officers expect a large County representation and are anxious lest our Country cousins will attend in greater numbers than our city folk and let it be thoroughly understood that the public are heartily invited and it is hoped that many will avail themselves of this opportunity of learning how their children are trained. If you are interested in your boy or girl your presence will show it.

The Program

The following is the official program for tomorrow and Monday:—

The morning session will be taken up by the County Association.

9.00—Reports of County Department Superintendents.
9.30—Election of Officers.
10.00—Arrangements for Township Conventions.
10.30—New Business.

AFTERNOON SESSION

2.00—Devotional Exercises—Rev. A. J. Thomas.
2.15—Report of Officers and Department—Superintendents.
2.45—Needle and Thread Teaching—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A
3.30—Lesson Preparation and Presentation—Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner, B.A.
4.15—The Place of the Teacher—Rev. C. A. Myers, B. A.

EVENING SESSION

Commencing at Eight O'clock

Devotional service—Rev. J. A. McKenzie, B.D.
Music—George Street Methodist Choir.
Report of Nominating Committee.
Address—"The Child in our Midst"—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A.
Music by George Street Methodist Choir.
Offering.
Address—"Laying Foundations"—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B. A.
God Save the King.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 190-192 Hunter Street.

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Business Dept ... 186. Editorial ... 485.
Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 331

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1919

FARMERS AND DAYLIGHT SAVING.

JUDGING FROM the petitions that are being sent to Parliament, the farmers of Ontario appear to be about a unit in their opposition to daylight saving as a national institution. There must be something tangible upon which all this objection is based, something more than an unjustifiable opposition to the adoption of an innovation and the rejection of the custom of years, otherwise the farmers would not go to all this trouble in an effort to induce the Government to allow the present system of time-keeping to remain. The farmers of Ontario are certainly entitled to a hearing in this matter, all important as they are in the affairs of the community.

Urban residents who are in favor of daylight saving are prone to dispose of the farmers' contentions with undue lightness. They say that if they are not benefited by daylight saving they are at liberty to leave their clocks as the are at present and proceed with their vocation as usual.

The one outstanding objection to having some municipalities adopt daylight saving while others preserved the old system was the confusion that was sure to result. This comparison would be still more marked if the city of Peterborough adopted daylight saving while the clocks in country districts marked the old hours.

Another city argument is that the farmer is at liberty, even if he sets his clock an hour ahead, to rise and move just that much later. The inevitable inconvenience of such a plan has been demonstrated in the urban centres. No man in the city would be willing to so change his habits of living and maintain a perpetual strife with established custom throughout the months during which the new plan of marking time prevails. It is not fair to ask farmers to adopt something that is unworkable in the city.

In this matter it seems that Canada is to be guided by the course adopted in the United States. International railway traffic demands for the convenience of travellers and shippers a system of universal time reckoning. That is the real difficulty in settling the issue to the satisfaction of all classes interested.

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS.

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS, who lectured in the Grand Opera House last night in the final entertainment in the admirable course arranged for by the Local Council of Women, is a true exponent of the American school of humor, which is no less peculiar to the people of that republic than are any of a score of national characteristics that could be mentioned. American humor holds a field by itself. The best type is composed of about ten per cent. native wit and ninety per cent. of exaggeration so palpable that it never misleads, and of mendacity so transparent that it never deceives. There is no flavor in it of the humor of the school of Punch, which so often calls for the services of an expert expounder before it can be fully understood and appreciated. No surgical operation is required to get it into the head of even the most stoical of any nativity. It is open and refreshing, bright, entertaining and instructive, national always, based as it so often is on an understanding of human nature and a talent for looking on the silver-lined side of even the darkest cloud. The particular type that Mr. Bangs exemplifies is singularly free from either the taint of vulgarity or the very suggestion of irreverence, faults which other exponents of the art do not always avoid. And the best of it all is that, like ex-President Taft and other noted contemporary Americans who have a strain of pleasantry modifying the natural seriousness of their motives. Mr. Bangs enjoys his own sallies and has the rare faculty of making the entertainment mutual as between himself and either his readers or his audience. He believes in his own gospel of light, and that being the case, like the sincere preacher or the politician in deadly earnest, he never fails in making an impression.

Mr. Bangs is a successful man of affairs and for that reason can, perhaps, afford to be magnanimous in his estimate of others, including those who have won distinction in the same field as himself. Those who heard his lecture last night will think all the more of the characters with whom he dealt and whom so many Canadians already had admired. But there was instruction as well as entertainment in the lecture of the city's distinguished visitor. The moral is obvious. Mr. Bangs did not parade himself as an exponent of the higher life, but the lesson he teaches without appearing to do so seems with the precepts of healthy and sparkling optimism. Men like Mr. Bangs see more than the lighter side of life. They do not fail to note everything that is good and all that is beautiful in human existence. They pay homage to true worth, recognize the higher gifts and virtues of those with whom they associate, and never fail to profit by their observation. Such men, too, always detect the baser elements around them and can be trusted to make an unerring distinction between true worth and mere snobbery that is always offensive.

There was the suggestion of humor in the very subject of the lecture. The unusual word which was really the speaker's text, opened up a long vista of possibilities before the speaker uttered a single sentence. The word in question loses none of its interest because of the fact that it is a creature of accident, born of the error made by a printer, but which, like "hoodlum" and other Americans of the same outcast origin, has been received into good standing in the English language. And in Mr. Bangs' master hands "salubrity" becomes a term of marvelous expression and adaptability, one that can be employed in describing a multitude of human virtues.

THE INCOME TAX.

HON. T. B. CARVELL in his place in Parliament intimates that in order to meet the enormous obligations of the nation on account of the war it will be necessary to increase the present rate of Federal income tax both upward and downward, so that even the man who is earning not more than $1,000 a year will bear a share of the burden.

There is no reason on earth why there should be so much disparity in the bearing of the tax burdens. There are in Peterborough men earning good incomes who do not pay a cent of the special war taxes or of any other kind, even if they are householders. They live in rented houses, preferring that to owning their own homes, and claiming that tenantry is the cheaper system. Why such a man should escape every form of war tax is not apparent. There is certainly little of justice in such a system. These days the man whose name does not appear on the assessment roll is advocating the abolition of property qualification for municipal offices, and labor unions are sending resolutions to that effect to the Legislature. In return for such a concession, the untaxed citizen should be willing to grant something himself.

There is, however, a vast difference between the Federal income tax referred to, whether in existence now or in prospect, and the municipal tax that is levied every year. The occupant of a house, whether an owner or a tenant, really pays therent. The tenant is debarred from voting on money bylaws that are submitted from time to time to the ratepayers, and, after all, he is just as much interested in these matters as the property owner is. Every such bylaw adopted means an increased tax rate, which is always offset by a more than proportionate raise in the rent of the property affected. The thrifty landlord safeguards himself by raising the rent on his tenants sufficient to meet the additional impost on the premises, domestic or business, which he himself occupies.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

GREATER LOVE has no princess than this, that she gave up her royal title for a husband.

• • • • •

THE MORE the League of Nations is debated the more prestige does the proposition accumulate.

• • • • •

RECENT THEATRICAL annals demonstrate the fact that it takes an amateur to catch an amateur.

• • • • •

THE NEW KING OF SIAM is to be permitted only one wife. Thus, even in Siam, democracy is safe as a result of the war.

• • • • •

TALKING ABOUT a Federal reserve, there is the man who tries to hide the amount of his income from the Government.

• • • • •

YOU CAN'T FOOL all the people all the time, but John Kendrick Bangs can provide entertainment according to that general plan.

• • • • •

RUSSIA IS STILL supposed to be bone dry and well so. No nation on earth could at one and the same time stand bolshevism and rum.

• • • • •

WHATEVER the Toronto Government House has cost the Province, the people as a rule will be inclined to think that it wasn't worth it.

• • • • •

SENATOR LODGE says that Germany must be chained and fettered. Then why not get in with the crowd that purposes to do that very thing?

• • • • •

IN THE GOVERNMENT of the new Germany there may be room at the top, but not every man cares to run the risk of offering himself as a target for the Spartacans.

• • • • •

THE LATCHSTRING may hang on the outside and the lamp burn in the window for the Unionist Liberals, but the old home quarters have lost everything in the way of drawing powers.

• • • • •

WE BEG TO congratulate our adversary on its new course in attacking its main political opponent in the editorial open. That is so much more heroic than writing an anonymous letter.

• • • • •

IF THE ALLIES are to keep an army on the Rhine until Germany settles those indemnity claims, Allied posterity four or five generations removed may yet have a chance to taste military life.

• • • • •

"HOW DRY is a bone?" asks an exchange given to getting at the basic facts in anything. By reading one of the average speeches in Hansard a tolerably correct answer can be found to the query.

• • • • •

THE WOMEN of Peterborough have just closed a successful series of entertainments, the conduct of which called for a high order of executive ability, and yet there are stick-in-the-muds who say women have no right to the vote or to seats in Parliament.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Only One Overlooked.

(Detroit News.)

The dryest prohibition bill yet has been introduced in the Michigan Legislature, but at that it isn't dry enough in view of what happened in Detroit. It provides that a peace officer can search your grip, your automobile, you, your home—anything. It, however, makes no provision for searching a peace officer.

Has Our Sympathy.

(Kingston Whig.)

The Brockville Recorder-Times calls for the restoration of the service of the local trains from Brockville to Belleville, which were discontinued as a war necessity in January, 1916. Many municipalities have petitioned for the return of this service, which was of great value and convenience to Eastern Ontario. The Whig heartily concurs in this view and hopes that the Grand Trunk will soon see its way clear to resume the suspended service.

State Ownership Of Utilities

(New York Commercial.)

Government ownership or control of railroads and telegraph and telephone systems will engage the attention of Congress and the American people for some time to come. It is probably fortunate that Government control has been tested in the last few months without committing the country to it. The Railroad Administration added $1,500,000,000 to the costs of maintaining and operating the railroads in 1918, as compared with what the private owners spent in 1917. The character of the telegraph and telephone service in the hands of the Post Office Department tells its own story.

Government ownership and operation of railroads in other countries has not stood the test of time. Italy has tried it, and the report of the Italian Railway Commission states: "Most of the pleas for state management are based upon the idea that the state would perform many services much cheaper than they are performed by private companies. This is a mistake. The tendency is decidedly the other way. The state is much more likely to attempt to tax industry than to foster it."

State operation costs more than private management. The political dangers are very great. Politics would corrupt the railroad management and the railroad management would corrupt politics. If Government operation and control of public utilities is carried far enough the country will be ruled and taxed by its army of millions of public servants, who will be able to turn any election.

Before the war advocates of Government ownership always cited Prussia to prove the success of state control. Professor Schumacher, a leading authority on Prussian railroad operation, says that the freight revenues of the Prussian lines amounted to 1.65 cents a ton-mile in 1880 and to 1.41 cents in 1909, a reduction of about 15 per cent. In America the receipts in 1882 were 1.856 cents a ton-mile, and 0.763 cents in 1909. As W. M. Ackworth points out, the American ton-mile started at the beginning of the period 2' per cent. below the Prussian rate and fell 40 per cent. in the course of 29 years. At the end of the period the American rate was not much more than half the Prussian rate, or 0.763 cents, as compared with 1.41 cents a ton-mile.

Since 1900 the German Government has not attempted to reduce freight rates, and the average rate declined slightly only because the proportion of coal, ore and other low grade freight increased. Under Government operation American freight rates increased last year 25 to 40 per cent. which tell the story. The railroads were entitled to high rates, but they never dreamed of asking for such increases as the Railroad Administration put in force.

TO-DAY'S STORY

Although the natives of the Soudan do not possess rifles, they are sufficiently clever with their natile weapons to engage in the sport of hunting.

When a lion, grown bold, begins to make a regular practice of killing sheep, Arab pride decides that these depredations must be stopped. Two of the natifes sally forth the day after the beast has made a kill and track him to where he is lying during the heat of the day. Then folows a pretty piece of teamwork.

One Areb is armed with a light-throwing spear and a heavy, long, "shovel-headed spear," the other with a sword. They advance on the lion in Indian file, the spearman in front.

The lion, grown bold through his successful nightly kills close to men, usually allows them to approach to within thirty yards or so. Then the spearman hurls his light spear at the lion; if he misses, the lion will probably bolt, and the performance must be tried again another day. But if he hits and wounds, the lion charges. Immediately the spearman sinks down on one knee, with his heavy spear held in front of him, butt on the ground, in the old method of infantry when receiving a cavalry charge, and takes the lion's charge on his spear.

Now follows some nice timing; neither too soon nor too late the swordsman springs forward and to one side, and smites down on the lion with his heavy sword; if he makes his jump too soon, the lion may have time to change the direction of his charge; if too late, his comrade's spear may have failed to stop the charge, and he may have been seriously hurt.

Arabs who have hunted lions in this way say that sometimes one of the two is hurt, but that invariably they kill the animal.

A SPLENDID MEDICINE FOR THE CHILDREN

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can give her little ones. They are a mild laxative which quickly regulate the bowels and stomach and are guaranteed to be entirely free from any injurious drugs. Concerning them Mrs. A. D. West, Loreburn, Sask., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets have given me more satisfaction than anything else I have ever given my children. They are easily taken; always work well and though I have given quite a few to my baby they seem to work as well now as at first, which is something other laxatives seldom do." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says that children ought not to drink coffee unless the nicotine has been removed.

A woman seldom appreciates a husband until she becomes a widow.

WIT AND WISDOM

"What are you going to do about the luxury tax?"

"Nothing much. When I get through with the regular tax I won't have money enough to buy any luxuries."

"That red-headed constituent of yours says the next time you come to his town he's going to be at the meeting with a basket of eggs."

"Hum," rejoined Senator Sorghum reflectively. "Ammunition or a bribe?"

"Man is a creature of routine. Goes to work and then goes home."

"That's right. If Shakespeare were to come along we'd be glad to see him, but what would we do with him?"

"Dunno. Get him to autograph the family volume of his plays and then close the book."

Not That Kind.

Client—I want to sue for a divorce and an allowance of $1500 a year.

Lawyer—What is your husband's income?

Client—It's about that. I wouldn't ask for more than a man makes. I'm not that kind.

Security.

"Did you lend that forgetful friend of ours the book he asked for?"

"Yes, but I took care to borrow his umbrella the same day."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Yestidday morning some men bilt a booth on Broad street and yestidday afternoon a red cross nerse all dressed up like one got in it and started to hand out cards to people going past telling them to join the red cross, and me and Skinny Martin stood watching her a wile, and Skinny sed, G, wouldent it be all rite if a accidint happened to happin rite now and we could see her do some ferst ade werk?

G, wouldent it, tho, Ben I dont hardly think one will, I sed.

Well, you never can tell wen a accidents going to happin, or elts there wouldent be so meny, sed Skinny. Wich jest then we saw Puds Simkenses sissy cuzzin Persey coming, and I sed, G gosh, may be we can make a accident out of Persey somehow.

Gosh G, sed Skinny. And wen Persey came up, Skinny sed, Do you wunt to get in a good game, Persey? and Persey sed, Wat? and Skinny sed, Wy, its a sintch for you, me and Benny do all the werk, all you do is stand there and us 2 will each hit you cracks on the jaw till you fall over unconshiss and then the red cross nerse will come running out and do some ferst ade werk on you.

That wouldent be eny fun for me, sed Persey.

But think of the ixperients, sed Skinny.

Thats wat Im thinking of, sed Persey, and I sed, Come shed, go on, Persey, if you dont wunt to wait till youre unconshiss you can fall over eny time you get tired, she wont know the diffrents.

I got to go on a errind, sed Persey. And he wawked away so quick that a little bit more he would of bin running, and me and Skinny Martin waited a little wile longer to see if a accidint would happen by itself, wich none did.

Fortunate is the owner of a mule who has no kick comiag.

Weed's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

ASSURES SUCCESSFUL BAKING

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MAKES THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

Guaranteed to be made exclusively from the ingredients specified on the label.

Your Grocer sells it. Costs no more than the ordinary kinds.

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TORONTO, CANADA
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MADE IN CANADA

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some men succeed in spite of themselves.

The best you can get is probably better than you desire.

It is easy to get rich after you have the first million.

Bachelors are the only men who think they know it all.

It's much easier to lay plans than it is to hatch them out.

It worries a modest girl if a man tries to kiss her—and it worries a young widow if he doesn't.

GLASSES made by us enable you to enjoy that keen, comfortable vision—that freedom from strain and headache which is so annoying to those who need glasses. You will appreciate the relief and joy of seeing and feeling better.

Let us examine your eyes NOW.

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist and Manufacturing Optician

188 Charlotte St., PETERBOROUGH

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

PETERBOROUGH

Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE — FRIDAY and SATURDAY

The Highest Standard in Motion Pictures

JAMES MORRISON and CHRISTINE MAYO in "TWO MEN and a WOMAN"

A Dramain 5 Acts

EDDIE POLO, in the greatest serial sensation of all time:—
"THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS" Chapter 5
"THE HUMAN LADDER."—2 parts.

ROSCOE ARBUCKLE in "Fatty's Suitless Day." Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

Here Is A Most Excellent Marmalade

SLICE two grapefruit and six sweet oranges into small shreds. To each cup of the cut fruit add three cups of cold water. Allow it to stand for 24 hours in a bowl or crock. Turn into a kettle and bring gently to a boil. Set aside for another 24 hours; then measure six cups of pulp into a preserving kettle and simmer gently for an hour. Add six cups of LANTIC "fine" granulated sugar heated in the oven and remove from the fire as soon as the Marmalade jellies. Repeat the cooking till all the pulp has been used.

LANTIC "Fine" granulated is the ideal sugar for Marmalade, as the fine granulation dissolves at once, avoiding long cooking. Too much cooking after the sugar is added, darkens Marmalade and makes it stringy.

Have you a copy of our "Lantic Library" containing three useful booklets on Preserves, Desserts, Cakes and Candies? We will send it to you without charge on receipt of a 2c. stamp to pay postage.

Lantic Sugar

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, 805 McGill Bldg., MONTREAL. 6

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

In the early or curable stage of cancer there is usually no pain felt by the victim. Nor is the victim's health particularly impaired. Nevertheless, there are signs which cannot escape the attention of an intelligent victim, and certainly any intelligent person who discovers any suspicious signs will lose no time in seeking the opinion of a physician. Ignorant persons will always procrastinate no one pretext or another until the cancer has progressed to a stage which is too often beyond the hope of cure.

For example, any woman over 35 years of age who discovers a swelling or lump or hard spot in one breast would be exceeding unwise to worry about it, provided there is a physician within reach. Not every such swelling or lump is cancer, but most of them are.

Any bleeding that occurs after the change of life is a very suspicious sign and should warrant an immediate examination by the physician. Such cases, if neglected until pain begins, are likely to prove incurable. Any irregular or excessive bleeding occurring in a woman of 40 or more years should arouse the suspicion of cancer. Pain is not a prominent symptom of the earliest and curable stage of cancer of the womb.

Cancer of the womb is the most frequent and most tragic cancer in women, for it is most likely to occur whose lives are precious to those children and to the community.

The X-ray has permanently cured some cancers of the skin and lips and radium treatment has converted many inoperable cases of cancer into operable cases—that is, brought about enough improvement to make an operation seem reasonable advisable. But neither of these remedies, nor indeed anf other remedy known today, should be permitted to encourage postponement of radical surgical treatment, if the diagnosis of cancer is made and the disease has not progressed beyond the curable stage. Rather these aids should be employed after operation for the purpose of preventing recurrence of the cancer.

Enlarged Spleen.

"Is it possible for the spleen to become so enlarged that it may press on the heart and interfere with its functions? What are the symptoms of an enlarged spleen? S. G."

The spleen is found enlarged in the course of various infectious diseases particularly typhoid fever, septicemia malaria; also in certain types of so called "primary" or severe anaemia in which we cannot discover the underlying cause. In the first place, it is against my ethical principles to suggest symptoms to correspondents and if that were insufficient, enlargement of the spleen produces no symptoms.

A Dangerous TB.

"My husband (aged 26) and I (aged 24) have my brother (aged 38) living with us. His doctor has diagnosed tuberculosis. He coughs a great deal, especially in the morning, and expectorates a yellowish sputum. He objects to having a bacteriological test made of the sputum. We keep separate dishes for him and I wash my hands in — solution after washing his dishes. He expectorates in the sink. Is there any danger for either of us, and if so what precautions in addition to the use of the — solution would you advise?

"W.C."

Certain individuals with tuberculosis really deserve the stigma which the "great white plague" campaign has fastened upon all victims of the disease. Your brother seems to be of that class. A sink is all right to spit in, provided the sink is devoted exclusively to that purpose. You and your husband are in constant danger from such a selfish guest, no matter what precautions you may take. By the way, washing you hands with soap and water will accomplish all that any other antiseptic can. Your brother needs either education or discipline or both and the best thing for all concerned would be to have him admitted to a tuberculosis sanitarium for at least a few months' stay, where he can learn the rudiments of hygiene and perhaps acquire some conception of the inflexible rules for recovery from tuberculosis.

When they cut us off the other day we were just explaining how all important diseases in this country are steadily decreasing except those strictly personal diseases or degenerations which begin to manifest themselves preferably at middle age—cancer, apoplexy, Bright's disease and heart muscle failure. These diseases according to the mortality statistics United States census bureau, have been steadily increasing in the past sixteen years, so that they now cause more death in America than all other diseases.

The lay public has only the vaguest conceptions of these diseases, because the public health agencies of the country have somehow given these strictly personal degenerations very little attention in educational work. The veriest child knows today that tuberculosis is most likely to come to victims who live without fresh air and sunlight and wholesome food and proper rest. Everybody knows that pneumonia is an infectious disease, the germ of which is carried from person to person in the droplets of saliva or sputum given off in the form of spray in coughing, sneezing or talking. Probably no intelligent person who reads is today unaware that typhoid fever is due to eating or drinking something polluted in some way with human filth, and that the vaccine or bacterin prophylactic administered to all soldiers has stamped this scourge out of all great armies.

There probably is not a woman able to read words of one syllable who does not know that the chief cause of death in infancy in hot weather is milk poisoning (summer complaint, cholera infantum, gastro-enteritis) from bacterial changes in the infant's food due to warmth, and that cleanliness and suitable refrigeration of the milk are the best known life saving measures in infancy.

All these facts are familiar to the public. But what does the public know about apoplexy and Bright's disease and heart muscle failure and cancer? Practically nothing. Indeed, the layman's notions of these personal degenerations are generally quite incorrect. For example, as so many letters coming to me from readers show, there are a great many people who actually imagine that a pain or lameness in the back suggests kidney trouble. And the usual popular notion of heart disease is a sudden death without warning—a thing that probably never occurs at all.

Ignorance about self and the vital subject about personal hygiene accounts for the danger of being alive at 40. The medical terms for the brain, artery and kidney manifestations of the danger is cardio-vascular disease (heart-artery disease). It is a disease that exists, as a rule, for several years before the victim even begins to suspect there is anything really the matter.

The Age of Knowledge

"I am 22 years old, old enough, you'll think to know beter than to ask such foolish questions. • • • My parents never gave me any advice • • • yet he seems to be well and a cheerful minded fellow. • • •"

Our great hospitals are groaning under the burden of caring for those who felt too young or too old to learn the greatest truths. Parents have played the ostrich always. As you describe the young man, and provided your statements are not founded on imagination or hearsay, he is physically and morally unfit to marry.

Bert West, chief electrician, and Samuel Smith, chief timekeeper, at the munition plant at Nobel, died from drinking alcohol treated with acetone.

The Canadian Confectionery, Biscuit and Chocolate Industries, Ltd., has been formed to secure export business after the war, the first organization of its kind.

BEDRIDDEN WITH RHEUMATISM

Felt That He Would Never Walk Again "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Brought Relief.

MR. LORENZO LEDUC

3 Ottawa St., Hull, P.Q.

"Fruit-a-tives" is certainly a wonder. For a year, I suffered with *Rheumatism*; being forced to stay in bed *for five months*. I tried all kinds of medicine but without getting better; and thought I would never be able to walk again.

"One day while lying in bed, I read about 'Fruit-a-tives' the great fruit medicine; and it seemed just what I needed, so I decided to try it.

The first box helped me, and I took the tablets regularly until every trace of the Rheumatism left me.

I have every confidence in 'Fruit-a-tives' and strongly recommend them to every sufferer from Rheumatism".

LORENZO LEDUC.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

Music's Value in Home.

Music is so general in its inspiring appeal to our better emotions that we cannot afford to neglect its cultivation in the home. Few mothers realize the importance of training and association in this direction. One ventures to say that many men and women have been impelled to right living and accomplishment of high ideals by the intangible strain of music that runs like a bright thread of sentiment through the stress of busy days. Mechanical piano players and other ingenious musical devices threaten less personal participation in a onetime pleasure.

Fault-Finding.

Why should we denounce fault-finding because it is not constructive? All of us are continuously finding fault, more or less, and on our success in finding the fault and destroying it depends mostly our successful development. So in the end it appears that fault-finding is essentially one of our most constructive activities. One of our worst faults is the hypocritical practice of finding fault with fault-finding.—F. H. Young in Providence Journal.

Discovery of Rubber.

The rubber tree was discovered by a Jesuit missionary, Father Manceide Esperanca. He found it while on one of his apostolic journeys among the Cambebas Indians of South America and gave it the singular name of the seringueria, because he remarked that the savages used the sap of this tree, which hardens quickly, to make rude bottles that were shaped like a syringe.

OBITUARY

JACK McLEOD

The death occurred this morning in Nicholl's Hospital of Mr. Jack McLeod, 207 Simcoe street, a returned soldier.

Mr. McLeod was attached to the 23rd Howitzer Battery and fought in the battle of Loos and the battle of Lens. He enlisted with the 93rd Battalion and went overseas with that unit but was later transferred to the Howitzer battery. While overseas he was gassed at Hill 70 and invalided home. Since his return he has been in the Kingston and Hamilton hospitals and since his return in August to Peterborough, he has been in the Peterborough hospitals.

He is a son of Rev. Roderick McLeod, Garroboat, Scotland. He has no relatives in this country, but his wife, formerly Miss Bertha Lytle.

The funeral will be a military one and will be held on Monday afternoon from the residence, 207 Simcoe street, under the auspices of the G. W. V. A.

AT MARK STREET CHURCH

Rev. C. A. Meyers Will Preach Tomorrow Evening.

Tomorrow promises to be a good day at Mark Street Methodist Church. In the morning the pastor will preach on the subject, "The Crucifixion of Christ." In the evening the Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A., secretary of the Sunday School Board of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, will be the speaker. Mr. Meyers comes to our city to assist in the co-operative convention by nearly all the Protestant evangelical churches. Everybody will be made very welcome at this service

Long-Lived Clock

The life of a clock is much longer than that of any other machinery. The city of Rouen has a great clock, built in the year 1389 and still keeping good time. Except for cleaning and a few necessary repairs it has never stopped during a period of more than five centuries. It strikes the hours and chimes the quarters.

Changed Cars.

A little girl was greatly pleased over the opportunity to accompany her mother on a visit to the city, where they spent a few days, and upon her return to her home she said: "Oh, daddy, we had such a nice time; we went in the sleeper and we came home in the sitter."

Gold Once Little Valued.

Rev. Dr. W. E. Griffis says that it is historically true that in early Japan there were houses roofed with gold. For centuries, he says, gold had little more value in Japan than in South America when Balboa sought the Pacific. Even until 1859 gold was worth only four times as much as silver.

Lava Warm After Thirty Years.

Newly ejected lava from Vesuvius has been tested and found to be at a temperature of 1,500 degrees Fahrenheit. On the volcano's slopes lavas from various outbursts are definitely isolated, and even now lava thrown out 30 years ago is quite warm.

The Sale of Gin Pills is Greater than Ever

Gin Pills! You've heard of them, of course, for they are the acknowledged and established remedy for Kidney and Bladder Troubles. Gin Pills have restored hundreds of Canadian men and women to health, strength and happiness. Testimonials received by us from persons in all parts of Canada tell us that Gin Pills have relieved them from the sufferings caused by Kidney or Bladder derangements. These testimonials are from people who have used Gin Pills and benefited by them. In most cases they wrote us saying: "Publish this letter, so that all sufferers of complaints such as mine may know what Gin Pills did for me." Gin Pills remedy; that's why they have so many friends.

Gin Pills have been on the market for years; in fact, we believe there are more Gin Pills sold than any other proprietary medicine in Canada. From Halifax to Vancouver you can buy them in any city, town, village or hamlet. Their popularity has been built entirely on the endorsements of those who have been benefited by their use.

If you are suffering from Pains in the Back, Dizziness, Headache, or a General Feeling of Lassitude, you need Gin Pills. Get a box *from your dealers*; try them, and if they do not help you, write us and we will refund you the purchase price willingly.

Sold by dealers almost everywhere at 50c a box. A trial sample free if you write us for it.

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ontario. U. S. residents should address National Drug Co., Inc., 302 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. 186

G. E. McCULLOCH

WITH CANADIAN ADVERTISING AGENCY LIMITED MONTREAL.

WILL HAVE CHARGE OF THE ADVERTISING AND SALES PROMOTION DEPARTMENTS.

An extention of the Canadian Advertising Agency Limited service of greatest importance to its clientele and the advertising public generally has just been effected by the appointment of Mr. G. E. McCulloch, as manager of the Advertising and Sales Promotion Service of this progressive agency.

Mr. McCulloch made an enviable reputation for himself in the management and direction of the Montreal office of the Gagnier Advertising Service. Previous to his coming to Montreal Mr. McCulloch was with the J. Walter Thomson Agency of New York and Toronto.

The various campaigns handled by him for the Agencies with which he was connected have proven that he is one of the best qualified men to handle all phases of advertising and sales promotion.

Mr. McCulloch has been actively connected with the Victory Loan, Navy League and other patriotic campaigns when his work was found so eminently satisfactory that it elicited praise from Canada's leading business men.

He has specialized in the all-important question of marketing in its relation to advertising and his merchandising plans, based on personal trade investigations, have won for him a reputation for thoroughness that has seldom been equalled in the advertising profession.

Real Merit Manifest.

Real merit of any kind cannot long be concealed; it will be discovered, and nothing can depreciate it but a man's exhibiting it himself. It may not always be rewarded as it ought, but it will always be known.—Chesterfield.

Lines to Be Remembered.

The pursuit of perfection is the pursuit of sweetness and light. He who works for sweetness and light works to make reason and the will of God prevail.—Matthew Arnold.

Removes Oil.

Chloroform will remove machine oil from any garment except a silk one.

Daily Thought.

When men speak ill of thee, live so that nobody will believe it.—Plato.

Optimistic Thought.

Better be the best of a lowly family than the worst of a noble one.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Used by ladies for years of unequalled success. Ladies, $1; No. 2, $3 per box, sent by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Canada Weston)

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL,

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 382 George St. Phone 1044

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

A SOLDIER'S CHANCE ON A FARM

(Edmonton Bulletin.)

Under the plan now decided upon the Dominion Government proposes to advance to the returnd soldier an amount up to $8000 with which to buy land, stock it, buy implements, provide buildings, fencing and other permanent improvements. This money is to draw interest at five per cent. and to be repaid in twenty annual payments.

That is to say, the soldier obtaining a maximum loan of $8000 will have to repay $400 a year principal, and an annual interest payment beginning with a similar amount and growing smaller as the principal is reduced. Just whether a man put in possession of a farm with a mortgage of $8000 on it is really being "set up in business" was a point on which some members seemed to entertain doubts—doubts which a good many people will be inclined to share.

Eight hundred dollars ($800) per year over and above living expenses is a large amount of money for a farmer to be obliged to pay annually. It is a further disadvantage that the money borrowed for stock and implements will only go half as far as it would in peace times in the purchase of these necessities, while the grain and animal products produced on the farm by the use of the stock and implements will have to be sold at peace time prices. The soldier, under this land settlement scheme would, therefore, in some respects seem to be embarking upon an enterprise in which he must earn interest and principal instalments on a certain amount of over-capitalization.

A fair test of the effectiveness of this scheme is the judgment of men who have had experience in farming in this country under peace time conditions, as to whether it would be "good business" to buy a farm as a going concern for $8000, running in debt for the amount. The opinion of many qualified to judge seems to be that the man undertaking such an enterprise would be incurring a large risk of failure in other words, that so far as we have gone yet the scheme of helping the returned soldier is a scheme which civilians with experience would not accept, and involves loading the soldier down with a debt which under the most favorable conditions it will take him the best part of a lifetime to work off, and which in a very large proportion of cases he never will be able to work off.

16c TO ALL ROYAL TO ALL 16c

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING HIGH CLASS FOX FEATURES. DRAMAS, WESTERN PICTURES AND COMEDIES

William Fox presents VIRGINIA PEARSON in "BUCHANAN'S WIFE," the story of a Woman's desperate fight for love and freedom in 5 parts. Also a great western drama feature starring GEORGE WALSH in 6 parts. This is a thrilling story of the West. A Sunshine Comedy—"WILD WOMEN AND TAME LIONS," in 2 parts This is a laugh from start to finish

A Mutt & Jeff Comedy will complete this very excellent programme.

Monday's programme is a select one and includes some of the best Fox features which everybody is familiar with.

Admission afternoon and evening, **16** cents to everybody.

BAD PRINT

A Tribute to the Hardest Worked Merchants In Our Country

HAVE you ever considered the important part played by the grocer in our daily life?

From early [illegible] until [illegible] keeps [illegible]

[illegible] to the [illegible]

When sickness, accident, [illegible] grocer who supplies the home with the necessities of life and often waits a long time for his money.

He has had many trials during the past four years. Government regulations have hampered his business. Goods have been difficult to procure. Help scarce. Profits small. He sells on a closer margin of profit than probably any other line of retail trade.

For nearly twenty-five years, the T. H. Estabrooks Company has been distributing millions of pounds of Red Rose Tea through the grocers of Canada. Our relations with them have been very intimate and very friendly. We, therefore, know something of their difficulties and something of the services they are rendering, which we think deserve recognition and appreciation.

T. H. ESTABROOKS CO., LIMITED

St. John, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, St. John's, Nfld., Portland, Maine

HOW ONE COLLEGIATE PUT CIGARETTES OUT OF BUSINESS

Interesting Paper Read at Regular Meeting of Intermediate Life Problem Club.

The Intermediate Life Problem Club at the Y.M.C.A. is something like an Indian. It is either a "feast or a famine," with the members. A week ago last night they listened to one of the finest—if not the finest—lectures of the winter, delivered by Dr. A. Moir, on "Medicine as a Profession." Last night the club was unable to arrange for a speaker, [illegible] ing article, taken from the Canadian Boy Builder, was read by Allan McIntosh, the treasurer of the club. The article is entitled "The Cigarette and an Ontario Collegiate," and was written by Murray Leitch, president of the St. Thomas Collegiate Boy's Club. It was as follows:

To put the cigarette out of business in a Collegiate with an enrollment of about 450 has been the achievement of the St. Thomas Collegiate Boys' Club within the past year. At the regular meeting of the Club, January 25, 1918, it was decided to launch an anti-cigarette campaign. Hope of success lay in the conviction that the vast majority of the students recognized that the habit interfered with efficiency and would welcome a united effort to make the cigarette smoker the unpopular exception.

The following Monday morning saw the beginning of a strenuous five-day campaign. A bulletin was posted, reading:

Trial! Trial! Trial!
Of Whom?
By Whom?
When?
Witnesses?

See announcement tomorrow!

Tuesday a poster showed a cigarette standing, with a very guilty air in a witness box, with the Boy's Club on the Bench. Below were the names of the witnesses—a local banker with a record in athletics, a druggist, the physical director of the Y.M.C.A. and three students, one of them a non-smoker, the captain of the rugby and hockey teams.

On Wednesday a printed sheet contained the opinions re the cigarette of such men as Edison, Ford and Burbank.

Thursday, another cartoon—a question mark made up by burning cigarettes, "The Burning Question."

Friday, the last cartoon—a cigarette carrying a satchel labelled nicko'-time receiving a knock-out blow from a heavy club labelled "Collegiate Boys' Club," wielded by a sturdy arm. Underneath appeared the legend, "Knock Him Out."

The meeting on Friday evening was ready for business. The talks by men and boys were straight from the shoulder. It was decided to provide a plain blue button to all boys agreeing not to smoke cigarettes. If a boy failed to abide by his decision he was in honor bound to return the button. No pledge was signed—the whole scheme was based strictly on the honor principle.

The result? The result was the unqualified success that springs from hearty co-operation. Practically every fellow wore the blue button. Every member of the Collegiate teams, of the executives of the various societies, of the Collegiate Orchestra, of the "Collegian" editorial staff, in brief, every member of every school organization fell in line.

What of this term? A campign is going on at present to improve upon our 95 per cent. standard of last [illegible] For three weeks daily bulletins are appearing and endorsing the Club's efforts. These bulletins consist of letters from prominent business, railway and professional men, letters from ex-students and resolutions in support of the effort from school executives and teams.

Co-operation has been crowned with success! Why might not High Schools and Collegiates throughout the country co-operate, so that the blue button might 'have a meaning of its own' to every high school fellow? The St. Thomas Collegiate Boys' Club places its experience before similar clubs and would welcome any chance to co-operate with any school in Ontario or in any part of Canada.

After the reading of this article quite a discussion arose among the members of the club present.

Before the meeting adjourned Secretary Roper announced that Mr. Hughson Johnstone would address the Senior Life Problem Club next Sunday in the "Y" parlors, at 4.15 p.m. A week from next Sunday Rev. F. E. Malott, the pastor of Trinity Methodist Church, will address the club, and it is hoped that as many boys as possible will hear these two addresses.

Two hundred dollars and costs was the penalty imposed on William Schwarts, in the Police Court at Woodstock for violation of the O. T. A.

Clear, Peachy Skin Awaits Anyone Who Drinks Hot Water

Says an inside bath, before breakfast helps us look and feel clean, sweet, fresh.

Sparkling and vivacious—merry, bright, alert—a good, clear skin and a natural, rosy, healthy complexion are assured only by pure blood. If only every man and woman could be induced to adopt the morning inside bath, what a gratifing change would take place. Instead of the thousands of sickly, anaemic-looking men, women and girls, with pasty or muddy complexions, instead of the pale, [illegible] attitudes of "nerve wrecks," "run downs," "brain fags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people everywhere.

An inside bath is had by drinking each morning, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleaning, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Those subject to sick headache, billiousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds; and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance, awaiting those who practice internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do.

HUN STILL LYING

Berlin, March 1.—The German Government will shortly appeal to all holders of foreign securities to turn them in for use in paying for food importations, the Neue Berliner eitung says it is informed. It is hoped that the responsible citizens will be sufficient to cover these importations.

AMERICA'S GREATEST HUMORIST ENTERTAINS LARGE AUDIENCE

John Kendrick Bangs Talks on "Salubrities I Have Known" in the Last Entertainment of Chautauqua Lyceum

John Kendrick Bangs, justly described as America's foremost humorist, lectured to a capacity audience at the Grand Opera House last night, in the fourth and last event of the Chautauqua series.

This Lyceum course has brought to the city two distinguished public speakers, men of world wide reputation, and, [illegible] between ex-President Taft and John Kendrick Bangs in connection would be out of [illegible] even if it were not [illegible] to [illegible] with the [illegible]

In the person of John Kendrick Bangs we had the privilege of personally welcoming a man whose reminiscences of [illegible] and humorous [illegible] pictures of [illegible] it with that [illegible] conclude [illegible] he is [illegible] Never for a moment did the lecturer [illegible] hold the attention of his large audience. He spoke for over an hour and a half, and under the spell of his words the people who listened forgot time and place and lived in the days and things he described.

His reminiscences of great literary contemporaries of the past, from across the sea, and of many letters who were famous in recent years, but have passed away, were always ready to vilify the successful man of letters. He condemned as being in this class the yellow Hearst journals of the United States, and commended the action of the Canadian Government in refusing these papers admission into this country. He denounced the university professor who ranked no higher and who had recently turned his attention to upholding the principles of Bolshevism, which he described as being born of tyranny, hatred and malice.

Richard Harding Davis, with whom Mr. Bangs has been associated in connection with the publication of Harper's Weekly for some years, had been a victim of the mud-slinging tactics of the muck-raking critics of his own land.

This man—one of the foremost journalists of the past half century—had been accused by his maligners of possessing a harsh and unsympathetic nature. Mr. Bangs recounted incidents in the life of Richard Harding Davis which had come under his personal observation during the time he had been in daily contact with him, that gave the lie to such statements. His story did not fail to give the audience glimpses of the real humor which lay behind the reserve of the great American writer.

Next, Mr. Bangs introduced Rudyard Kipling, who had been called a man of course manners and whom, his critics claim, should have died many years ago for the sake of his literary reputation. Many interesting stories were told of the speaker's personal acquaintance with the famous Englishman, and an understanding of the sterling qualities of the poet's character was obtained. That Kipling's style of writing had changed within the past quarter of a century was acknowledged by Mr. Bangs, but that the change altered the value of his works he denied. Family bereavement had left its mark upon Kipling's more recent productions which was but natural. The quality of reaching the heart of the reader might return to his works no more, but a deeper power permeated the author's more recent publications, which reached the soul.

Mr. Bangs told of a meeting between two women who ranked as true celebrities, Dorothy Tennent, wife of Henry M. Stanley, the famous African explorer, and Mrs. Richard Henry Stoddard, wife of the American poet, who was previous to her marriage Elizabeth Barstow, an author of prominence.

Next he recounted incidents of his acquaintance with Sir Arthur Conan Doyle in the days when he was plain Dr. A. C. Doyle, and had crossed over to the United States to give a series of lectures. He told many funny incidents in connection with the experiences of the English master of fiction, and one in particular which gave an insight into the character of the creator of Sherlock Holmes.

Mr. Doyle during his American tour had accepted Mr. Bangs' invitation to visit him at his home at Yonkers. Upon arriving at the lecturer's residence, which overlooked the Hudson, the doctor was found gazing in a rapt manner from the window by Mr. Bangs' four-year-old son, who entered the apartment just at that moment. After inspecting the great writer from several angles the little fellow aproached him and, to the consternation of the father, gave Dr. Doyle a resounding smack on the head with a disreputable rag doll which he held in his hand. This broke the ice, and the greatest friendship existed between the small boy and the author during the remainder of the visit. Later Mr. Bangs accepted the hospitality of Sir Arthur while on a visit to England.

Mark Twain was the last celebrity to receive attention from the lecturer. The Kendrick Bangs humor cannot be appreciated when transferred to the printed page, but those who have read the works of the great American humorist, Samuel Clemens, and have in addition acquainted themselves with the history of his private life, can form some idea of the mirth which every day incidents that came under the observation of the speaker would produce when told by John Kendrick Bangs.

Mr G. N. Gordon presided at the entertainment last night, and in presenting Mr. Bangs referred to the fact that he had spent three months at the front doing his share towards maintaining the morale of the Allied armies. He had three sons fighting over there, and upon the conclusion of the Chautauqua tour upon which he was at present engaged he would return to Europe and resume his work there.

There was a musical program rendered before the address, which varied the entertainment in a most pleasing manner. Solos were contributed by Misses Lillian Eastwood and Doris Rathbone and by Messrs. S. J. Graham and W. T. Ward.

The success of the Chautauqua Lyceum course, which was arranged for by the Local Council of Women has been phenomenal, and the ladies of this organization have conferred a favor upon the people of the city generally. The attractions have been highly instructive and entertaining and it is most gratifying to look back upon the excellent patronage afforded each of the events and feel that their efforts were apreciated by the people of Peterborough.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zam-Buk cures [illegible] breaks up colds [illegible] sore throat, [illegible] Take them [illegible] when you feel the first [illegible] the first symptom of a cold. Taken then [illegible] Grippe, [illegible] there is [illegible] fever.

Take Zam-Buk

This advertisement is intended to keep the old familiar name

PURITY FLOUR

"Government Standard"

Fresh in your mind.

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 16, 16, 17, 18; Cereal 8-009.

Also remember Purity Oats.

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

PUT STOMACH IN FINE CONDITION

SAYS INDIGESTION RESULTS FROM AN EXCESS OF HYDROCHLORIS ACID.

Undigested food delayed in the stomach decays, or rather, ferments the same as food left in the open air, says a noted authority. He also tells us that Indigestion is caused by Hyper-acidity, meaning, there is an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach which prevents complete digestion and starts food fermentation. Thus everything eaten sours in the stomach much like garbage sours in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. Then we feel a heavy, lumpy misery in the chest, we belch up gas, we eructate sour food or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and drink while it is effervescing and furthermore, to continue this for a week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the livar, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousand of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)..	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)..	$12.50	$19.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better

PRICE 25c and 50c
Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidsen, Rector

Quinquagesima Sunday
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
Processional 239—According to Thy gracious word.
Kyrie 128.
Gloria Tibi 133.
Hymn 470—Gracious spirit Holy Ghost
Anthem—O Come let us worship—Mendelssohn.
God Save the King.
Hymn 233—And now O Father.
Sursium Corda—Woodward.
Sanctum 130.
Benedictus and Agnus Dei Woodward.
Gloria in Excelsis 138
Nunc Dimittis 98.
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—Mrs. Boucher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. E. Jamieson.
Memorial Mission Loan Subscriptions received.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Processional 387—All people that on earth do dwell.
Psalm Chant 92.
Magnificat 174.
Deus Miseratur 78.
Office Hymn 583—O Lord how joyful 'tis to see.
Before sermon 195—Jesus calls us o'er the tumult.
Anthem— I will feed my flock—Simper.
God save the king.
Recessional 409—Blest be the tie that binds.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV R. B. GROBB, M.A.
Services:—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.
Preacher:—THE RECTOR

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Quinquagesima (Sunday before Lent).
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
4.15 p.m. Holy Baptism
7 p.m Evensong and Sermon.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Meeting for Bible study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. N. A. Gransdale.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Preacher—Mr. J. J. Turner.
Tuesday, 8 p.m.—The Annual concert.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S BOWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
Preacher—Rev. J. Price.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Hearts and Flowers—Tobani.
Anthem—I Will Extoll The—Maker.
Offertory—Silent night—arranged from Christmas hymn by Herbert C. Treneer.
Solo—Make somebody happy today—Gabriel. Miss Helen McLaren.
Postlude—March of the troubadors—Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m. Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Prelude—Pilgrim's Song of Hope—Batiste.
Solo (Soprano) — Miss Eleanor Hinchcliffe.
Anthem—O love that will not let me go—Shanks. Solo part by Mrs. P. A. Ferguson.
Postlude—Festival march—Dye.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—Just as I am.
Prelude—Romance—Lott.
Solo (baritone)—Nearer my God to thee—Carey. Mr. Douglas Carlisle.
Anthem—Just as I am—Bowles.
Postlude — March (Ruins of Athens)—Beethoven
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
Minister will preach.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Good music at all services.
Geo. Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.
Seats Free. Strangers Welcome

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Missionary Anniversary
10 a.m.—Junior League and Classes.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A., general secretary Provincial S. S. Ass'n
Prelude—Adagio—Lemare.
Anthem—Jesus is all the world to me—Stiles.
Solo—Forevermore—Bonheur.
Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Postlude—March in A—Hiles.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—The Darkest Word.
Prelude—Air and variations—Spink.
Anthem—Seek ye the Lord—Minshall. Solo part Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Solo—Take up thy Cross—Miss Emma Worth.
Anthem—Jesus is calling—Austin.
Postlude—March Festive—Barnard
J. H. Renwick, organist and choirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 362 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme—Making the most one oneself—Reference will be made to the career of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Meeting of Trinity Brotherhood.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Pastor's theme—A young minstrel and a mad king.
Grand song service at night.
Song service
Anthem—Unfold ye portals everlasting (Redemption)—Gounod.
Quartett—Selected.
Solo—Love Eternal—Adams. Mrs. King.
Anthem—A Song in the night—Woodman.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
Sunday, March 2nd, 1919.
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach.
Subject—The Crucifixion of Christ.
Anthem—Just for today—Adams.
Solo part Mrs. Wand.
Solo—God and God alone is love—Stephens. Mr. H. Nellist.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
—Rev. C. A. Myers, B.A., secretary of S. S. Board of the Presbyterian Church of Canada will preach.
Anthem—Guide me O Thou Great Jehovah—McPhail. Solo part Mrs. Wand.
It is hoped that all our people will attend this service. All seats free. Everybody welcome.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—prayer meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence, 544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
The monthly communion service will be held.
Organ prelude—Barcarolle—Dethier.
Anthem—I can trust them—Humphrey.
Organ Offertory—Meditation in D flat—Cadman.
Postlude—Toccatto—Tumagalli
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, speaker from Sunday School Convention. Special service for parents and Sunday School workers.
Prelude—Evening song—Custard.
Anthem—I heard the voice of Jesus say—Minshall.
Organ offertory—Chant Seraphique—Dorrsinger.
Contralto solo—God's garden—Lambert. Miss Ida Lynn.
Postlude—Au Soir—Devry
A. Huycke, choirmaster, Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, March 2nd, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Communion service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice
Seats free. Everybody welcome
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

CAN YOU DO A DAY'S WORK?

Do your eyes tire and head ache before the day is over? Is it difficult to follow your work because of dimness of eyesight? You are only as efficient as your eyes. Hundreds are not wearing glasses whose eyesight is defective, and they are less than fully efficient on that account. Dr. Fowler gives you the eye help that you need to make your eyesight perfect, and guarantees satisfaction.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

YOU LOOK TWICE AT THAT FACE

Such a Lovely Complexion Compels a Second Look. Stuart's Calcium Wafers Have Made Hundreds of Beautiful Faces by Driving Away Pimples

Send for a Free Trial Package

Stuart's Calcium Wafers, a Winning Complexion, Success in Life. These go together.

Everyone should have a clear, spotless complexion both for the sense of health and to be admired. Unsightly complexions spotted with pimples, discolorations, blackheads, etc., are nothing but unhealthy faces due to impurities in the skin. Just use Stuart's Calcium Wafers for a short time and see how quickly you will clear up your skin. There is more to it than your personal ambition, it is the greatest single factor in life's success. Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store or send coupon below for a sample package free by mail.

Free Trial Coupon.

F. A. STUART CO., 380 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

MINSTREL SHOW AT THE GRAND

WILL BE PUT ON BY Y. M. C. A. THIRD WEEK IN MARCH.

Boom! Boom! Boom! What's that? No, it isn't the reopening of hostilities, but the gun to announce the Y. M. C. A. minstrels. This group of artists will present their classy show during the third week of March at the Grand Opera House. The director, Mr. Asa Huycke, is enthusiastic over the work of the minstrels, and promises a rare treat for those who are fortunate enough to secure seats for one of the nights. The program consists of songs, jokes, quartetes, dances, and a string quartette. The work of the minstrels will be of the highest class ever presented in this city either amateur or professional. The proceeds are to be used to place a fitting honor roll of Y. M. C. A. members who have served in the great war, and the friends of the Association are asked to keep this object in view when canvassed by those selling tickets.

Subscription lists are already out. Those subscribing to these lists will have a one day advantage in securing reservation of seats.

In the 63 years Welland has been organized as a county there have been but three convictions for murder

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w.
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—Simcoe and Stewart streets.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
2 p.m.—Open air — Edinburgh, Centre.
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 525 Aylmer Street
Pastor Doner, Supt.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Presentation To Mrs. Rathbone

On Thursday evening after the rehearsal of All Saints' Choir at the School Room, a social was held and the rector and wardens of the Church were the invited guests of the choir A very pleasant time was spent and after the supper which was supplied by Hooper's, in excellent style the health of the returned men in the persons of Mr. Herb Rush and Mr. Harold Farr was drunk with usual honors and replied to in excelent speeches. During the evening Mrs. Rathbone a retired member of several years standing was made the recipient of a presentation which took the form of a casserole. Mrs. Rathbone returned thanks to the members and regret at leaving, with her usual eloquence. The party broke up with the singing of Auld Lang Syne and the National Anthem.

Borden a Leader At Conference

Ottawa, March 1.—In the Senate the address in reply to the speech from the Throne was adopted without amendment. Senator Crosby, of Halifax, who resumed the debate, took Senator Bennett to task for stating that with the close of the port of Montreal in winter, Canadian traffic should be taken to Portland, Maine. Senator Crosby said that the harbors of Halifax, Sydney and Louisburg, were among the finest in the world. Halifax possessed some of the largest and most commodious piers of any harbor in the world, and Portland, in point of size and shipping facilities, could not be compared with it.

Senator Crosby also criticized a statement by Senator Casgrain on Wednesday, that Sir Robert was playing a secondary part in the Peace Conference. The Prime Minister of Canada, he said, was "second to no man at the Peace Conference, and held no secondary place there, and a Canadian was not the man to say anything to the contrary."

PAIN, PAIN, PAIN, STOP NEURALGIA

Rub Nerve Torture, Pain and All Misery Right Out With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

You are to be pitied—but remember that neuralgia torture and pain is the easiest thing in the world to stop. Please don't continue to suffer; it's so needless. Get from your druggist the small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment;" pour a little in your hand and gently rub the tender nerve or sore spot, and instantly—yes, immediately—all pain, ache and soreness is gone.

"St. Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain—it is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin. Nothing else gives relief so quickly. It never fails to stop neuralgia pain instantly, whether in the face head or any part of the body. Don't suffer!

PRESENTED WITH UMBRELLA

Miss Isabel Turner is Leaving for Bedford, N. Y.

On Friday evening a number of friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Turner, King George street, and presented Miss Isabel Turner, who is leaving the city shortly to reside in Bedford, New York, with a slight remembrance of the happy times spent in their midst. The following address was read by Miss Hazel Lang, while the presentation was made by Miss Dorothy Scrace. All join in wishing her every success in her new home:

Dear Isabel,—

It is with sincere regret that we learn of your intended departure from our midst. We hope that in your new home you may make many friends as you have done here. We wish you every success wherever you may go or do. And we will all be ready to extend to you a welcome back into our midst. We now wish you to accept this umbrella as a slight remembrance of the happy times spent in here. Once again, we wish you every success in your new home.

Signed on behalf of the Spinners,
JAMES EMMETH.

BETHANY TABERNACLE.

Annual Missionary Convention to Be Held Next Week.

Beginning Monday evening, March 3, at 8 o'clock, continuing daily until Sunday, March 9, at 3 and 8 p.m., except Sunday, when three services will be held, at 11 a.m., 3 and 7 p.m.

Special speakers from New York City, Newark, N.J., and India are expected. These men will bring messages full of deep interest, and a most cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

RENNIE'S SEEDS

Make your garden a source of pride and profit this year by sowing seeds of tested quality. Healthy, productive plants will not grow from poor, undersized seeds. Rennie's are selected seeds, which have been tested for germination before being offered for sale.

For Planting up to April 15th

VEGETABLES
Brussels Sprouts—Amager Market
Cabbage—Rennie's First Crop
Rennie's XXX Autumn
Winter Drumhead
Onion—Rennie's Selected Yellow Globe Danvers (Private Stock)
Cauliflower—Rennie's Danish Drouth-Resisting
Celery—Paris Golden Yellow, Extra Select
Tomato—Bonny Best (Original) Rennie's Improved Beefsteak

FLOWER SEEDS
New Giant Astermum—Mixed Colors
Rennie's XXX Giant Comet Asters—Mixed
Early Blooming Cosmos—Mixed
Rennie's XXX Exhibition Mixture Pansy
Rennie's XXX Prize Ruffled Giant Single Petunia—Mixture
Rennie's XXX Large Flowering Globe Stocks—Mixture
Rennie's XXX Mammoth Verbena Mixture
Giant Zinnia Mixed

The Rennie Catalogue contains an extensive variety of vegetables and flowers, together with many helpful hints on gardening. If you have not already received a copy send us your name at once.

Make your selections from the Rennie Catalogue and have your nearest dealer fill your needs. Should he be unable to fill your order completely, write us direct.

THE WILLIAM RENNIE COMPANY LIMITED
KING AND MARKET STS TORONTO
ALSO AT MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

EDUCATIONAL TEST TO BE A FEATURE OF FRANCHISE ACT

New Measure is Likely to Deprive Still More Enemy Aliens of the Right to Vote.

Ottawa, March 1.—It seems certain now that the most contentious bills of the session will be the prohibition measure and the franchise bill. The question of prohibition was discussed at the caucus and some opposition was expressed to the Government proposal to validate the order-in-council prohibiting the manufacture and importation of liquor However, the explanation of the Government that it was planned to have a referendum when the soldiers returned was accepted as satisfactory, although there was some difference of opinion as to the nature of the referendum. The Opposition is likely to oppose the bill, while it is certain to have a stormy passage in the Senate. Senator Dandurand, Opposition leader, has announced he will fight the bill and there are Government Senators who object to the measure.

The Franchise Act to take the place of the War Time Election Act, which expires with demobilization will be even more contentious. The exact details of the bill have not yet been settled and will be submitted to a caucus for approval when it has been drafted. It is understood that the bill will provide for an educational test. There is a strong feeling in favor of such a proposal in view of the enormous foreign vote in the west, even of foreigners who were not touched by the War Times Election Act.

Block Aliens For Period

The granting of the suffrage to the women would make such actions doubly imperative. It is felt that citizens who cannot read or write English or French, the two official languages, are in no position to vote intelligently and are a menace to the country. In addition there will likely be provision for the disfranchisement of alien enemies for a period of years. The Opposition, it is expected, will strenuously fight to have the franchise granted to all aliens.

With the debate out of the way business will go with a rush. A number of Government bills have already been introduced and a half dozen important measures are ready for consideration. In addition to the large number of progressive legislation which is on the tapis, there are many minor bills, the accumulation of the past four years, when as far as possible everything but war was kidetracked. They largely deal with administration.

The first important bill which will be considered will be the Highways Act, which will be piloted through the House by Hon J. D. Reid. The bill provides for the expenditure of $20,000,000 over a period of five years, four millions a year. Each Province, irrespective of also, is granted $80,000, making $720,000 in all. The remainder of the four million is divided pro rata, according to population.

Sinn Fein Resented

The debate on the address will not likely be finished now until next Wednesday or later. There are still twenty or more speakers who have views on various topics to air. It will probably save time later in the session if they orate now. Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, Brantford, has the floor and is expected to make some reply to the attacks of W. C. Kennedy, North Essex, who sneered last night, at Sir Robert Borden attending the Peace Conference. It was a Sinn Fein type of a speech, which has aroused considerable resentment. Monday will see an interesting field day, as Dr. Michael Clark and Sir Sam Hughes are to have the floor and both are always interesting and original.

In the Toronto military district there were 4,664 appeals under the M.S.A. in 1,628 of which exemption was refused.

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

IF CROSS, FEVERISH OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad, or has sick headache, diarrhoea, sore throat, or cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, the undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love the pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES WANTED—To do plain and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BE YOUR OWN BOSS. START A cut-rate grocery of your own. $25 to $100 invested should earn you $25 weekly. Send for free plans. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont.

Wanted—Age 17 to 55; experience unnecessary. Travel, make secret investigations, reports. Salaries, expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED

WANTED—At once, route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar Street. Apply 586 Rubidge St.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Small house. Apply 266 Wascott street.

LOST.

LOST—Scotch collie, bitch, tan and white. Any one found harboring this dog will be prosecuted. Finder communicate with 35 Crescent street.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,

NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON

180 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co. LIMITED

Orders for Coal

Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stores and Apartments to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

265 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St

Phone 697

Nights and Holidays 396

Canada Food Board License No. 8-4308

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 930

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
498 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. MATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 23
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. P. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
124½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA WAMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 345.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—386-387 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, on which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

HOUSING SCHEME IN MONTREAL

FIVE DIRECTORS AND MANAGER WILL HAVE CHARGE OF FUND.

Montreal, Feb. 28.—The city commissioners reiterated yesterday what their chairman, Ernest R. Decary, had communicated some time ago to the press representatives at the City Hall, that the bill as prepared and to be submitted to the Legislature regarding the erection of workingmen's dwellings, will authorize the Administrative Commission to appoint a commission outside the City Hall to administer and manage the said fund.

As Mr. Decary stated some time ago, the committee will probably consist of five members, and will be clothed with full powers for administering the fund.

While details of the housing scheme have not as yet been fully worked out, it is understood that the commission of five will appoint a manager, who will report to them as to a board of directors. The medium to be alloted to one person, it is stated, will not be over $4,500. The advance will be from 75 to 80 per cent. on the value of the house and lot, the total not to exceed the sum mentioned; and further the lot is not to exceed 5 per cent. of the value of the building. The money may be advanced to individuals or to a building firm in charge of the construction work. There will be no need. the commissioners claim, of having ward representation on the commission for the reason that all the wards will be treated alike.

RAISE JURYMEN'S FEES.

Propose Also to License All Produce Dealers in Manitoba.

Winnipeg, March 1.—The bill to amend the Jury Act, introduced by Hon. T. C. Norris in the Legislature would increase the fees of jurymen from $4 to $5 per day. W. W. Wilson introduced a bill for the licensing of produce dealers, which calls for the payment of license and providing of bonds to the amount of $5000 by all the dealers in hay, poultry, etc., operating in the province. He believed this, if passed, would have the effect of protecting farmers against fraudulent concerns.

French troops evacuated Mannheim on Wednesday.

Blizzards are raging in the Western States and snow drifts are stalling trains.

The Russian situation is again under consideration by the Conference at Paris.

The Peace Conference plans to reach agreements on the more important questions between March 8 and 15.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:18 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:23 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

***9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappear. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffing, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

Mrs. Philip McDonald of Tamworth died of heart failure just as her son and daughter came in from a party.

Gen. Pau and his colleagues of the French Mission were given a rousing reception by Parliament yesterday afternoon.

Premier Clemenceau resumed his usual work yesterday and appeared to be completely restored to health.

ATTEMPT AT SUCIDE

Returned Soldier to Face Trial on That Charge.

Brockville, Feb. 28.—James Vallance, aged thirty, a returned soldier, was committed for trial at the Police Court on a charge of attempted suicide. When Vallance returned from work Wednesday night he learned from his child that Mrs. Vallance, while at the residence of a sister, Mrs. John Rudd, next door, was approached by Rudd, who put his arm around her. Vallance made an attempt as if to slash his throat with a razor. Mrs. Vallnce ran out and called for the police. He did not cut himself. Vallance was a member of the 38th Battalion, and in court it was learned [illegible] suicide. He admitted in court he was jealous of his wife. He came here from Cornwall two weeks ago.

MRS. THORNELOE ILL

Archbishop of Algoma Has Cancelled His Engagement.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Feb. 28.—Because of the present feeble condition of Mrs. Thorneloe, his Grace Archbishop Thorneloe has cancelled all his official engagements in order to be in attendance on his wife. Mrs. (Rev. C. W.) Balfour of North Bay, the Archbishop's daughter, is also at Bishophurst because of her mother's illness.

At Regina Sask., Peter Hurgleheart, charged with the murder of his 17-year-old daughter at his home near Lafleche has been committed for trial.

Osteopaths of Quebec Province were refused legal status by the Legislature Public Bills Committee.

A three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cords, of Owen Sound, died as a result of severe scalding.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All Sizes in Stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Lackawana Coal

Means Economy

Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.

Trucking Orders Promptly Filled

Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
163 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-582

Formal Opening

OF THE NEW

Fireproof Duffus Garage

Corner Charlotte and Water Streets, PETERBOROUGH

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THE FORMAL PUBLIC OPENING OF A BIGGER, BETTER AND MORE COMPLETE GARAGE FOR PETERBOROUGH AND DISTRICT. THIS EVENT IS SET FOR ONE ENTIRE WEEK, BEGINNING

MONDAY, MARCH 3rd

AND CONTINUING EACH DAY AND EVENING UNTIL SATURDAY, MARCH 8TH, INCLUSIVE.
A SPECIAL PROGRAM HAS BEEN ARRANGED FOR EACH DAY, CONSISTING OF

A MOTOR SHOW DISPLAYING THE LATEST MODELS

Of Ford, Gray-Dort and Dodge Bros. Motor Cars. Closed as well as open Models. Also a FULL LINE OF HEAVY DUTY TRUCKS and The Fordson Farm Tractor

Each Evening from 7.30 to 10.30 a series of Motion Pictures

will be shown, illustrating the construction of Automobiles from the raw material to the finished product.

WHIPPET TWO-MANTANK

One of the most interesting features of the Moving Picture Exhibition will be the Wonderful Film of the "Whippet-Two-Man-Tank," which was made by the Ford Motor Co. for use at the front. This Film is the property of the United States Government, and will be shown at our opening for the first time in Canada. Everybody should avail themselves of this opportunity of seeing it.

A VARIED PROGRAM OF COMIC AND OTHER PICTURES WILL ALSO BE SHOWN EACH EVENING.

FORDSON FARM TRACTOR

We have also secured a film showing the construction and operation of the "FORDSON FARM TRACTOR" which will give a comprehensive idea of the practicability of this wonderful machine.

THE EAGLES BOATS

In addition, we have secured a film showing the construction and assembling of the EAGLE BOATS (submarine chasers) built by the Ford Motor Company for the American Government.

YOU ARE INVITED TO BE PRESENT TO SEE THE LATEST MODELS OF CARS, EXAMINE THE HANDSOME AND COMMODIOUS PREMISES, AND ENJOY THE INTERESTING AND ENTERTAINING PICTURES. OUR STAFF WILL BE GLAD TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION DESIRED.

DUFFUS GARAGE

PHONES—Repair Dept. and Stock Room, 1761 Office, 1760

Branches—NORWOOD and MILLBROOK

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

MAGGIE-I'D LIKE TO GO WITH YOU TO DINNER AT THE SMITH BUT MY HEAD IS BURSTIN
WELL OF COURSE I DON'T EXPECT YOU TO GO IF YOU ARE ILL.
BY GOLLY I'M GITTIN' GOOD WITH THEM EXCUSES LATELY-I HATE THEM SOCIETY DINNERS
OH' DEAR I'M SORRY YOU WERE TO ILL TO GO YOU WOULD HAVE ENJOYED IT
THEY HAD AN OLD FASHIONED DINNER OF CORNED BEEF AND CABBAGE-
LATER

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

BASEBALL PITCHERS WHO LIKE TO PLAY IN FIELD

Babe Ruth is One of These—Ty Cobb Always Hankered to Work on the Mound

Baseball fans of the Hub have been regaled with opinions of many prominent baseball men relatives to the proper place of playing Babe Ruth, heavy hitting pitcher of the Red Sox. Well known men in the game seemed divided on the interesting query. Ruth speaks right up for himself and admits he'd rather play in left field than pitch or do anything else around a ball club.

This was to be expected, yet this great slugger probably won't have his wish gratified, for his manager—Ed. Barrow—declares Ruth may pitch. He may bat in the pinches when he isn't laboring on the slab.

Ruth is not the only great pitcher who liked to cavort around in the garden. Nearly every great hurler who ever lived at some time in his career had the outfield bee buzzing in his cap. Some of the greatest outfielders in the game have been former pitchers, and Ty Cobb, probably the greatest of all, long has imagined he possessed hurling skill of high order. It is a common thing for one to see Cobb warming with the Tigers' pitchers just before a ball game.

Ed Welsh, former pitching idol of the south side fans in Chicago, long harbored a feeling he could make good as an outfielder, but the Big Moose never was given a chance. At least he imagined so.

The Red Sox have two other heavy slugging pitchers in Sim Caldwell and Jean Dubuc. Bullet Joe Bush is also above the average as a hitting hurler.

"If I were manager of the Red Sox I'd play myself in left field and let it go at that," replied Ruth to the question, "When do you think you ought to play?"

"I want to be in there every day and I want to be doing something all the time. You know I like the game a whole lot and don't think much of the plan of pitching once in four days and then sitting on the bench and only going in to pinch hit once in a while.

"It is my opinion I would hit much better if I played every day in a regular position. It stands to reason that a fellow ought to hit better when he is up there every day getting his eye across from any pitcher or any angle. used to the looks of the ball coming I'm sure I could hit better if I was playing regularly than as if I was pitching. Most pitchers fail to hit the ball. That is because they get few chances to see the ball and when they get in there it looks funny to them.

"It matters not a whit to me how deep the left fields are and it doesn't matter if left field is a sun field, as it is in Cleveland and New York. I played these sun fields all right and never lost a ball that ought to have been caught. I like to play left field and I like to play first base, but figure I'm a better left fielder than a first baseman and that there ought to be a good reason for playing me in left field on the Red Sox. There isn't any reason at all for playing me at first base when there's a gent around like Stuffy McInnis.

"Sure, I'm a good left hand pitcher, but I think I'll win more games playing left field day in and day out than pitching Ty Cobb and Tris Speaker play every day, don't they?"

Manager Barrow says he will probably use Ruth as a pitcher and if the Red Sox get Bobby Roth he never would think of sending this great southpaw to the garden.

HIGH PRICE FOR TROTTERS

MURPHY GIVES $12,500 FOR TWO WITH GOOD RECORDS.

Two notable additions to the training stable of Thomas W. Murphy are expected at Poughkeepsie this wek from Lincoln, Neb., and will surely attract much attention as noted drivers select candidates for leading Grand Circuit stakes of 1919. Both are young trotters and while neither fashionably bred yet have shown more than enough orm to command the $12,500, which Murphy is reported as paying for the pair.

As might well be expected both hail from half-mile tracks, like many past and present big list champions and winners. The purchase was made by Murphy on his way home from California. For Mariondale, a 5-year-old stallion he paid $5000 to owner and breeder, Schinstock Bros., West Point, Nev. This one is Baby Archdale out of Marion T., by Del Coronado, and while he gained a record of 2.10¼ at Sedalia, Mo., last August, is eligible for 2.16 classes by [illegible] He started in eleven races and gained five brackets.

The other is a 4-year-old colt, Dr. Nick, for which Murphy paid $7500 to D. J. McNally of Bellwood, Neb. He is by Dr. Igo and out of producing daughter of Expedition, like Mariondale, being also Nebraska-bred. Dr. Nick gained a record of 2.13½ at Lincoln, Neb., early last September, and won a four-heat race at Grand Island, trotting all his winning heats in 2.22¼, these being his only starts last year he is therefore eligible to all slow classes.

Bishop Hayes has been made Archbishop of New York.

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Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

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TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

BROCK STREET RINK

SKATING

This Afternoon and To-Night

Double Band

Best Ice of the Season

Be Sure You Go

Fearless.

A man who makes $15 a week has been advised by a writer that he can marry and get along, providing he has saved up a fund. That sounds reasonable. If man who can save a fund out of a $15-a-week salary has nothing to fear from marriage or anything else.—Kansas City Star.

Authors' Advantage.

The circumstance which gives authors an advantage above all great masters is this, that they can multiply their originals; or rather can make copies of their works to what number they please, which shall be as valuable as the originals themselves.—Addison.

Hospitality.

There is no unconcern, almost ostentatious, to equal that of the hostess who pours the clotted cream on the guest's peaches as if clotted cream were an everyday incident in that household. Blessed is hospitality.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Box With Grains.

A Pennsylvanian is the patentee of a combined mailbox and milk-bottle holder, which can be freely opened for the insertion of their intended contents, but are locked against theft when anything has been placed in them.

Another Feminine Industry.

"Girls wanted for men's neckwear," reads the advertisement of a department store. But we imagine that a man would be uncomfortable wearing a girl around his neck—New Orleans States.

Intelligent Dog.

The family doctor was making a professional call one afternoon, when Johnny, who happened to be the patient on this occasion, suddenly gave a chuckle just as the physician had completed his examination and remarked in a half confidential whisper: "Say, just look at my doggy! I guess he knows you're a doctor, all right. He's got his tongue out."

Fjord and Farewell.

The word "fjord" comes from the old Norse, survives in the modern words "firth" and "frith," is connected with the English "fare," meaning to travel, and used in the word "farewell," and meant, most probably, in the first instance, says the author of "Norwegian Pictures," water safe for navigation on account of its sheltered position.

Antique Furniture.

Those who possess pieces of antique furniture should devote personal attention to them and especially to any of old oak, which should be kept in condition by periodical rubbings with flannel dipped in a mixture of beeswax, oil and spirits of turpentine. White painted French furniture is best cleaned with paraffin.

BRITAIN SEEKS THE DAVIS CUP

INTERNATIONAL LAWN TENNIS TROPHY IS NOW HELD BY AUSTRALIANS.

London, March 1.—Great Britain has issued a challenge for the Davis lawn tennis cup.

The Davis international tennis challenge cup, donated by Dwight F. Davis, is now held by Australia, players from that country having won the trophy at New York in July, 1914. The United States team which was defeated by the Australians gained possession of the cup by a win over the English team at Wimbledon in June, 1913.

In the event that Great Britain's challenge is accepted, the match will be the first great international meet since the beginning of the world war.

U. S. Challenger in 1920.

New York, March 1.—Julian S. Myrick, a member of the executive committee of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, said that the Davis cup challenge extended Australia by Great Britain for 1919 probably would cause no change in the plans of the American organization, which at its annual meeting instructed the executive committee to prepare a challenge for 1920. As a challenge has to be offered before March 1, he said, there is little possibility of one being made by the United States this year.

The opinion at the annual meeting was that the American organization had no right to issue a challenge this year, as owing to the fact that the United States was the last to enter the war, it had an advantage over other countries.

It has been understood in tennis circles here that France previously had issued a challenge for the cup, to be played this year. Matches in Australia are played late in the year, generally in December.

KENNEDY AS BALL MAGNATE?

Hockeyist Mentioned in Montreal as Possible Hamilton Owner

Montreal, Feb. 28. — The report from New York to the effect that there is an application before the executive of the International Baseball League to obtain the Hamilton franchise for Montreal, has naturally created a great deal of interest.

The only person who could in any way be identified with such a plan is George Kennedy the owner of the Canadiens.

Kennedy has made his mark in wrestling and boxing and hockey and was at one time a lacrosse magnate, and it only needs an interest in baseball to round out his career as an all-round sport promoter.

SPORT RECORD

O. H. A.
Junior.

U. T. S. 4, Aura Lee 2.
U. T. S. win round by 3 goals.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Canadiens 5, Ottawa 3.
PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE
Vancouver 3, Seattle 1.
THUNDER BAY LEAGUE
Olympias 2, Pascos 2.
(Overtime).
NORTHERN LEAGUE
Junior.
Stratford 14, Galt 7.
BEACHES LEAGUE
Intermediate
St. Anthony's 2, Orients 2.
Exhibition
*Saskatoon 6, Calgary 3.
Wychwood 8, Victoria, B.C., 5.
*Played Wednesday.

GAMES TODAY.

O. H. A. Intermediate—Seaforth at Collingwood.
Pacific Coast League—Seattle at Victoria.

Weather indications—Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Strong east to southeast winds; milder, with occasional snow and rain.

Salaries Paid To Ball Players

Eddie Collins, yearly stipend is $15,000. Joe Jackson $5,500 and traveling expenses of his wife when she wishes to travel with Joe. Buck Weaver draws $4,000 and is a holdout for $2,000 more. Oh, fan, study 'em! What would you as manager do with this trio? How would you settle the vexing salary problem? Should Buck Weaver get what he asks or should he be satisfied with what he can get? Remember their travelling expenses are paid, they live at the best hotels on the road; they travel on the best trains between the big cities; they are called upon to play exhibition games in smaller cities for which they obtain no extra money, their yearly contract covering the salary for all baseball work.

To obtain their salaries they must be in top notch playing form and must be ready to deliver. A permanent injury may come at any time, but the percentage of such player-injuries that puts them out of the game is small. The club sometimes insures a star against injury on the ball field and obtains recompense should a disabling injury come to the star on the field of play. This is done when a small fortune is spent to obtain the star from some other club. Look at Jackson's keen eyes; which enable him to hit; at Collins' thoughtful face and Weaver's aggressive, live face. Does the popularity of these men in drawing power have any argument?

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Doors and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

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FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap Farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, $3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, tore, your life, or anything you have. t will pay you.

[illegible] Water Street, South of Munro House

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

387 George St. Next Turnbull's

MASS FOR SIR WILFRID.

Was Celebrated on Wednesday in Westminster.

London, Feb. 28.—A solemn pontifical mass for the repose of the soul of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier was celebrated on Wednesday in Westminster Roman Catholic Cathedral and was attended by representatives of practically all the imperial and Canadian departments in London. The French and Italian embassies also were represented. Bishop Butt, auxiliary to Archbishop Bourne, of Westminster, pontificated. Minister of Justice Doherty represented Sir Robert Borden and the Cabinet.

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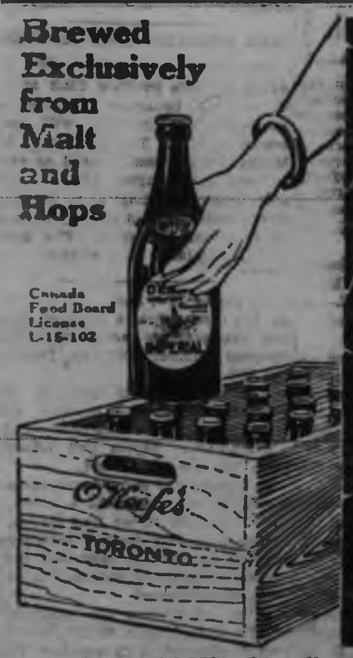

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YOU get the true taste of the hops in Imperial—that mellow tang that has made O'Keefe's famous for over 60 years.

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A brew for every taste—and every one O.K.

For sale at all Hotels and Restaurants. Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.

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POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK

Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches. We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.
"See Us and See Better."
W. H. LACEY
Optometrist 418 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

THE LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has removed from 140 Simcoe street to 337 Water street, four doors south of Bank of Commerce.

"AT HOME."

An "At-Home" will be held in St. Alphonsus Lyceum on Monday, 3rd March. Cards and dancing at 8.20 sharp. Good prizes and refreshments.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370½ George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately fitting dentures.

THE CANADIAN ACEDEMY AND TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LTD., AMALGAMATED

Examinations in piano, organ, violin, singing and theory, held in Peterborough in June, 1919. Scholarships and prizes annually awarded. Syllabus, year book and all information desired may be obtained from the Registrar, 12-14 Spadina Road, Toronto.

SHROVE TUESDAY SUPPER.

The Women's Guild of St. Luke's Church will hold their annual Shrove Tuesday Supper in the Sunday school room on Tuesday, March 4th, beginning at 5:30. Pancakes and Maple Syrup. Admission 25 cents.

VOCAL RECITAL

Mrs. Geo. H. King, soprano soloist, of Trinity Methodist Church, will give a vocal recital, assisted by Mr. Harold Jarvis, tenor soloist of Detroit, Thursday evening, March 6th. Tickets 25c.

"It's Confidence That Does It"

For Saturday Only

Butter 55c a lb.

SHREDDED WHEAT

4 packages for 54c
Kellog's Corn Flakes—4 pkgs for 54c

Soaps

Diagman's Naptha Soap—Special, 15 bars for $1.00
Comfort, Sunlight and Surprise — 6 bars for 45c

BITTER ORANGES

For Marmalade.

FANCY SUNKIST ORANGES.
Fine Stock, at ..... 50c a dozen.

FLORIDA GRAPE FRUIT
Priced—3 for 25c; 4 for 35c; 4 for 45c

CLOVER HONEY

Bright Clear Samples in Glass Jars and in Pails. Jars and Pails Re-filled, if loaned.

APPLES.

Bellflowers, Pewankees, Russets and Canada Reds.

Dry Potatoes

New Shipment at ..... $1.35 bag

LIBBY'S FINE GOODS

Libby's Asparagus Tips ..... 35c tin
Libby's Delicious Soup ..... 15c tin
Libby's Peaches ..... 40c tin
Libby's Pine Apples, sliced .. 35c tin
Libby's Catsup .... 25c bottle
Libby's Apricots ..... 50c tin

CHRISTIE'S ARROWROOT BISCUITS

And ten New Varieties to arrive. Deliciously Crisp and Fresh.
Our own Blends of Teas and Coffees —Fragrant and Par-Excellent.

Porter S. White Co.
334 George St. Phone 208

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Helen Berry returned to her home in Millbrook after a two weeks' visit with friends in the city.

Mrs. (Dr.), Scott returned to the city today after spending a week in Toronto, where she was attending the Baptist convention.

Dr. Scott, who has been attending the Baptist convention in Toronto, returned home today.

Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Webb returned to the city today from Toronto, where they attended the Baptist convention.

Mr. Gordon Matthews left today for Toronto, where he will spend the week-end.

Mrs. Vincent Eastwood entertained at tea last evening in honor of her cousin, Mrs. McPherson, Toronto, who is visiting here. There were about twenty-five present and all spent a very enjoyable time.

Mrs. Douglas Carlisle received for the first time since her wedding yesterday from 4 to 6 o'clock, at the home of her father, Mr. Alex. Gibson, 585 George street. Mrs. Carlisle received in her wedding gown of white ninon wearing a corsage of orchids. Mrs. Maurice Park assisted, while Mrs. W. H. Hill poured tea. There were a large number present.

Mrs. Johnston of Merrickville is making a two weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Harry Cressman.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., Thursday, March 6th, at the home of Mrs. Portsmith, 477 Roger street. Furniture, Carpets, etc. Sale commences 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

ST. JOHN'S TEA

St. John's Church Women's Association will hold a cup and saucer (plain) shower tea at the home of Mrs C. C. Abbott, corner Hunter and Stewart streets, on Monday, the 3rd of March, from 3.30 to 5.00. All will be cordially welcome.

PETERBOROUGH RED CROSS

The last packing will be on Wednesday, March 4th. All auxiliaries or individuals please take notice and send supplies to the Public Library on March 3rd.

FLORA H. DAVIDSON,
Convenor of Packing Com.

ONE MORE NIGHT

Mr. Innis, the gifted evangelist, who is holding meetings in Gospel Hall, has arranged to stay over Sunday. He will speak on Sunday night at 7 o'clock on the much-discussed subject, "Saved, Being Saved and Fully Saved." This will be the last meeting of this series and everyone should try to be present.

CANADIAN KITCHENER LEAGUE

A special meeting of the Canadian Kitchener League will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Knox, 481 Gilmour Street.

Where Visitors Will Preach

Visiting clergymen who are in the city to attend the Sunday School workers, which will be held in George Street Church, Monday, will occupy the following local pulpits tomorrow.

11 a.m.—St. Andrews Presbyterian Church—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A.; George St. Methodist Church—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A.; St. James' Methodist Church — Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A.

7 p.m.—Murray St. Baptist Church—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A.; Mark St. Methodist Church—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A.; Bethany Tabernacle—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A.

Contrary to the general custom of mankind to rest on the Sabbath these ministers will have a very strenuous day for, when the Ministerial Association got through allotting pulpits to them, the Sunday School workers got busy and arranged for the afternoon as follows:

3 p.m.—Murray St. Baptist—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M. A.; George St. Methodist—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B. A.; Trinity Methodist—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A.

3.45—St. Paul's Presbyterian—Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A.; St. Andrews Presbyterian—Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A.; Knox Presbyterian—Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A.

'TWAS A LUCKY DAY SAYS MRS. O'CONNOR

HER IMPROVEMENT, AFTER TAKING TANLAC, WAS SIMPLY WONDERFUL.

"It was certainly a lucky day for me when I got my first bottle of Tanlac," said Mrs. John O'Connor, of 238 East Oldham street, Knoxville, Tenn.

"For five or six years," she continued, "I had been in a dreadfully rundown and nervous condition, was awfully weak and suffered with spells of dizziness. I had terrible nervous headaches and my stomach was so weak I couldn't digest even the lightest kind of food. I could sleep very little and became so despondent that I was afraid nothing could help me regain my health.

"I wouldn't have believed it if anybody had told me any medicine would cause me to gain eight pounds in ten days, but that is exactly what Tanlac has done for me. Soon after I started taking it I began to eat better, sleep like a baby and feel just fine, and my steady improvement has simply been wonderful. I have thrown away all my other medicines and will stick to Tanlac, for I think it is the finest medicine on earth."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Sunday Services At George Street

Rev. T. A. Halpenny, B.A., general secretary of the Provincial Sunday School Association, will preach in George Street Methodist Church on Sunday morning. The pastor will speak in the evening on the subject, "The Darkest Word," and will deal with the most serious fact of human history. Inspiring music will be rendered by the soloists and large choir.

AT MURRAY ST. CHURCH

Rev. R. K. Dayford Will Preach Sunday Evening.

The parents and Sunday School workers of Peterborough will be given an opportunity to hear Rev. R. K. Dayfoot at Murray Street Baptist Church on Sunday evening. Mr. Dayfoot, who is an authority on the problems of childhood, comes to the city in connection with the Sunday School convention of Monday, but has consented to be heard at Murray St. Sunday evening. In the morning Rev. J. R. Webb will preach and conduct the communion service.

NEW IDEAS FOR THE HOME PIANO

For over fifty years the Gerhard-Heintzman Piano has held a premier place in the piano world—a position won and held on its merits. Its manufacture embodies new ideas which make for charming tone, beauty in design and money-saving durability. It is the prince of home pianos, and is in use and being sold all over Canada. Mr. F. Bruce Hutchinson is the Gerhard-Heintzman representative in Peterborough city and district, and reports an every growing recognition of this famous instrument's worth. His address is 334 Rubidge street. Phone 849w, and he will promptly respond to all business calls. Its worth while investigating this piano's unexcelled worth, as cheerfully recommended by thousands of happy owners.

LIFE PROBLEM CLUB MEETING.

Mr. Hughson Johnstone will address the Life Problem Club at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon. The meeting will commence at 4:15. The services of Mr. Mulligan have been secured as pianist and good singing and a bright and helpful meeting are assured. Every young man in the city is invited to attend tomorrow. The meeting is dismissed at 5 o'clock.

At Moose Jaw, Sask., fire destroyed the post office, a general store and the premises occupied by the Security Lumber Company. Damage $16,000.

Achille Robert, of Hull, a civil servant, was arrested, charged with surreptitiously obtaining civil service examination papers and offering them for sale to a friend.

In Ottawa 300 store clerks, including many women formed a union. They complain of too long hours.

Hamilton City Council instructed the tax collector to take any legal means necessary to enforce the payment of back taxes.

While celebrating his honeymoon in Winnipeg, Philip Weber was arrested charged with passing four forged cheques.

SOCIAL EVENING FOR THE CHOIR

MEMBERS OF GEORGE STREET WERE ENTERTAINED BY PEWHOLDERS

Sometimes between choirs and pew holders there seems to be "a great gulf fixed," but such is not the case in George St. Methodist Church. The warm welcome given the choir and a number of the church members Tuesday evening of this week by Mr. and Mrs. B. Shortly and Mr. and Mrs. G. Carruthers when its members were their guests, and the spirit with which all hands entered into it, making it something that will always be a pleasant memory, showed that choir and church members are one big family and a jolly one at that.

As the evening of this entertainment happened to fall on the wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Renwick, the choir took advantage of the opportunity to present them with a reading lamp. The presentation was made in a unique manner, being introduced among the games. Mr. C. C. Parsons, who was asked to explain the next game, in a few fitting remarks expressed the appreciation felt by the members of the choir in their associations with Mr. and Mrs. Renwick and the presentation was made by Miss Emma Worth. Needless to say Mr. and Mrs. Renwick were completely but pleasantly taken by surprise.

Much credit is due Miss Maysie Armstrong, who was in charge of the games for the evening, in making the occasion an informal and pleasant one for all concerned. The games chosen were those calculated to get the guests better acquainted and succeeded admirably in this. It goes without saying that the dainty refreshments served by the hostesses played an important part in the evening's entertainment, particularly with the male element.

At the close of the evening a vote of thanks was falsernaly proposed by one of the male members, who was somewhat flabbergasted by having such publicity thrust upon him while still ruminating on some of the good things that had been provided. But all doubt as to its heartiness was removed by the sincerity with which all responded. The evening's entertainment brought the choir closer in touch with the congregation. We only hope the entertainers had as good a time as the guests.

YOUNG MINSTREL AND A MAD KING

REV. F. E. MALOTT'S EVENING THEME AT TRINITY CHURCH

Services of unusual interest will be held in Trinity Methodist Church tomorrow. At the morning service the pastor's theme will be "Making the Most of Oneself." Reference will be made to the career of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The pastor's evening theme will be "A Young Minstrel and a Mad King." The choir will render a grand service of song. Among other numbers they will give two anthems, "A Song in the Night," by Woodman, and "Unfold Ye Portals Everlasting," from Gounod's Redemption. There will be a quartette, and Mrs. King will sing the solo, "Love Eternal," by Stephen Adams. All are welcome at these services.

IN MEMORIAM

LOCKINTON—Written in memory of Mrs. William Lockington, whose life has chimed to eventide at the ripe old age of more than four-score years.

Her heavenward journey is now finished, a journey though by no means fraught with ease or luxury, yet trod by her in love, gentleness and godly dignity. In the memory of her family and friends will never perish the knowledge of her worth, warmth of heart and her joy in living—the remembrance of it will stand out as a beacon in the Tempests of Life. And now she has reached the goal which after all is the object of mortal aim; her's is the heavenly peace, "with all God's servants departed this life in His faith and fear."

Peterboro, March 1, 1919.

IN MEMORIAM

HUNTER—In loving memory of Wm. L. Hunter, who died March 1st, 1918.

We loved him, yes no tongue can tell,
How much we loved him and how well.
God loved him too and thought it best
To take him to his home of rest.
The blow was bitter, the loss severe—
To part with one we loved so dear—
Our loss is great, we'll not complain,
But hope in heaven to meet again.

WIFE AND CHILDREN.

At the age of 21 a man starts out to reform the world, but at the age of 50 he is busy trying to keep the world from reforming him.

In Boston a rubber factory is called an inquisitive plant.

WOMAN'S RIGHT TO GOOD HEALTH

MOST TROUBLES AFFLICTING WOMEN ARE DUE TO WEAK, WATERY BLOOD.

To every woman belongs the right to enjoy a healthy, active, happy live yet nine out of every ten suffer years of agony, usually from some form of bloodlessness. That is why one sees on every side pale, thin cheeks, dull eye s and dropping figures—sure signs of headaches, weak backs, aching limbs and uncertain health. All weak suffering women should win the right to be well by refreshing their weary bodies with the new, rich, red blood that promptly transforms them into healthy attractive women. This new, rich, red blood is supplied in abundance by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which reaches every organ and every nerve in the body. Through the use of these pills thousands of women have found a prompt cure when suffering from anaemia, indigestion heart palpitation, rheumatism, general weakness, and those ailments from which women alone suffer. There is not part of this broad Dominion in which you will not find some former sufferer who has regained health and strength through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among the thousands of women who bear testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. W. Ferguson Plattesville, Ont., who says: "After the birth of my second baby I was left very weak, and was steadily growing thinner and more bloodless. As time went on I became so run down that my friends thought I was in a decline. I tried different medicines, but none helped me until I was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I began taking them and was not long in finding that they were helping me, and by the time I had taken a half a dozen boxes I felt like a new person. I had increased in weight, my color returned and I was again enjoying my old-time health. You may be sure when opportunity offers, I will gladly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

DIED

RISHOR—At 168 London Street, on Friday, Feb. 28, 1919 Mrs. Charles Rishor.

Funeral Monday, March 3rd, 1919 at 2 o'clock. Interment in Little Lake Cemetery.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to his customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company. Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged, will act as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well ventilated bakeries in which the Company will continue to carry on bread manufacturing.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER of the estate of Timothy Hurley, late of the City of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant of section 56, of the Trustee Act, R. S. O. 1914, Chap. 121, that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Timothy Hurley, who died on or about the twenty-second day of September, 1918, at the City of Peterborough, are required on or before the 8th day of March, 1919, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Capital Trust Corporation, Limited of Ottawa, Ontario, and Mary Ada McCarthy of Peterborough, Ont., the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars, in writing, of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute, the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

DATED at Peterborough, this 14th day of February, 1919.

O'CONNEL & CORKERY,
134½ Hunter street,
Peterborough, Ont.
Solicitors for the Executors.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT 8-15 TO-NIGHT
MATINEE 2:30 EVENING 8:15

The Glittering Musical Comedy

"VANITY FAIR OF 1919"

WITH
JACK TRAINOR, Comedian
And a Bevy of Stunning Show Girls
30 Musical Comedy Favorites 30
18 Song Hits 18
9 Big Bewildering Scenes 9

Bargain Matinee, 25c and 50c.
Evening, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

2 Days MONDAY. & TUESDAY
MARCH 3rd and 4th
DAILY MATINEE 2.15. EVENING 8.15
UNDER PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA
And HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA
THE ALL BRITISH FILM, IN 9 REELS

WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS

With Dr. H. D. GIRDWOOD, B.A. L.L.D. F.R.G.S. F.R.P.S.
Who will Personally Describe all the Important Events
VIGOROUS, ENTERTAINING, INSTRUCTIVE. POPULAR PRICES
MATINEE 25c ALL SEATS
NIGHTS 25c, 35c, and 50c
UNDER AUSPICES OF MAJOR BENNETT CHAPTER DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Wednesday, March 5th
Popular Price Matinee 2:30—25c and 50c

The Musical Event of the Season
Eugene Lockhart
PRESENTS THE FAMOUS ENGLISH
PIERROT PLAYERS
In a Refined Novelty Revue of the Brightest Scenes from the Greatest English Musical Comedy Successes

Picturesque Costumes, Original Stage Settings

20—DISTINCT MUSICAL HITS—20
DISTINGUISHED COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTS
—Assisted by—
Augmented Orchestra of Ladies

Evening Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c
Seat Sale Opens Monday

Six men in Winnipeg were convicted of auto stealing. Chief Justice Mathers gave them sentences which aggregated 27 years.

Sixteen new members were added to the Kitchener Board of Trade roll of 210.

CASH PAID for VICTORY - BONDS - and partly Paid Receipts

We have also some very desirable, well secured, Investments yeilding returns from
5% TO 7 1/2%
WRITE FOR LIST

Hughson Johnstone
Manager
Peterboro Security Co.
Suite 202 and 203 Barrie Building— Phone 958

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Educational Block, R. M. C., Kingston, Ont." will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Wednesday, March 12, 1919, for the construction of Educational Block, R.M.C., Kingston, Ont.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, the Overseer of Dominion Bldgs., Central Post Office, Montreal, Superintendent Dominion Bldgs., Postal station "F" Toronto, and of the Resident Architect, Kingston, Ont.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 p. c. of the amount of the tender. War Loan Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

Blue prints can be obtained at the office of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, by depositing an accepted bank cheque for the sum of $50, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the intending bidder submits a regular bid.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 26, 1919.

Agents Wanted.

who can sell or will specialize on either Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile or Plate Glass Insurance, Securities, Investments, etc. If you are a salesman, here is an opening. If not and you want to be, let us school you. It may be "Miss Opportunity" knocking at your door. We have the goods if you have the "pep." No dead ones needed. Apply
HUGHSON JOHNSTONE
Rooms 202-203 Barrie Building.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong westerly winds, fair and quite mild tonight and on Tuesday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 52 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

BAVARIA TO VOTE ON CONSTITUTION

SOLDIERS' AND WORKMEN'S CONGRESS HAS ISSUED ITS PROPAGANDA.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Munich, March 3.—The Soldiers' and Workmens' Congress has adopted by a large majority the following resolution:

"The assembly of soldiers' and workmen's council constitutes the provisional national council of the free state of Bavaria. The executive committee will be charged with direction of national business and will consist of thirty-three members, whose appointments are revokable by the national council. The committee will choose from its members a central committee of seven, which will be responsible to it."

The further constitution of the free state of Bavaria will be prepared by the provisional government and the executive committee acting together and will be submitted for decision to the people.

VETERANS ARRIVE FROM OVERSEAS

NAMES OF PETERBOROUGH SOLDIERS NOW ON THEIR WAY HOME.

The following men arrived at St. John, March 1st, per Steamer Scotian and were forwarded to Kingston same afternoon.

W. G. Armstrong.
E. F. Chanon.
A. E. Dryland.
A. Noakes.
A. E. Sams.
E. H. Curtis.
A. E. Barkley.
R. G. Dorrell.
M. Godfrey.
E. McIlvride.
T. H. Staneck.
J. C. Harriend.

Their arriving on Steamer Lapland, at Halifax, on March 1st and left by special train for Kingston, same day.

Pte. J. W. Crewe.
Sergt. J. Milne.
Sergt. W. Mitchell.
W. A. Bowman.
G. Hutchinson.
Cpl. W. J. Harris.
Pte. C. B. Hutchborn.
Gnr. A. J. Hargraves.
P. Eggleton.
R. S. M. Green.

By Steamer Metagama, at St. Johns, N.B., on March 2nd, and left for home by special train, same day.

A. Hocking.

By Steamer Belgic at Halifax, on March 2nd, and left for Clearing Station at Quebec, same evening.

J. F. Daley.
S. M. McKenzie.
Douglas Coons.
Joseph Halpin.
Corp. Henry Carter.
J. T. Edwards.
C. McMurray.
Jas. Bright.
Joseph Kane.
W. J. Bagley.
Maj. J. Dunn.
John T. Shadgett.

WILSON TO MEET IRISH.

President Will Receive a Deputation From Recent Convention.

Washington, March 3.—President Wilson promised to meet a delegation from the recent Irish race convention at Philadelphia, after his speech in New York, Tuesday night. The Irish spokesmen desire to present resolutions demanding self-determination for Ireland.

MR. PROUDFOOT REMAINS.

No Change Yet in the Opposition Leadership.

That there will be no change in the leadership of the Liberal wing in the Provincial Parliament during the present session at least has been tacitly agreed upon by members of the Left, a convention for the reorganization of the party and its platform being looked for during the summer months.

Out of 4,493 discharged soldiers in Manitoba, 1,557 have no jobs.

INCITE WORKERS TO GO ON STRIKE

SPARTACANS ARE SPREADING STRIKE LITERATURE BY TRAIN AND AUTO.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 3.—Spartacan leaders in the strike district of Central Germany are sending out propaganda by trains and automobiles into the districts not as yet affected by the strike. An unscheduled train, of which the Spartacans had obtained control, attempted to pass the station at Kothen, but was stopped by station guards who opened fire on it with rifles and machine guns. One woman was killed and eight civilian passengers were severely wounded. The Spartacan train crew, including the stationmaster at Halle, a youth of 19 years of age, were arrested.

The Spartacans had distributed incendiary literature from Halle to Kothen. At Edderitz the authorities halted an automobile occupied by Spartacans who were heading for the Anhalt mining region for the alleged purpose of inciting a strike there. The Spartacans were arrested.

HOME RULE NOT INDEPENDENCE

IS RECOMMENDED AS IRISH PROGRAM BY SIR HORACE PLUNKETT.

Chicago, March 3.—Ireland would always be dependent on Great Britain for prosperity, and Dominion home rule would be preferable to independence, Sir Horace Plunkett, who was Chairman of the Irish Convention, said before the Irish Fellowship Club on Sunday.

"We may live to see the end of wars, and see the world in such a state that no armament is needed," he said.

"We expect that just as we do the millenium. But until the time comes when that little problem of the League of Nations is settled at Paris, and not only settled, but has been tested, no country can deal with problems affecting itself without due regard to its strategic position.

"The questions, shall Ireland establish great military defenses, rule itself, or shall it depend to a great extent upon other countries for support? An Irish Republic at the present time is not practicable."

The speaker said 90 per cent. of Ireland's trade was with England.

Sir Horace Plunkett reached the United States some weeks ago to study public opinion on the Irish question. He comes, he said, as "a listener."

RIGHT TO SEARCH BAGGAGE

Locked Inspectors May Examine It, Checked or in Hand.

Brockville, March 3.—W. J. Nixon, G. T. R. train master here has issued the following bulletin to employees: "License Inspectors have the right to search baggage suspected of containing liquors, whether in possession of passengers or, under check in baggage cars. Trainmen are not justified in refusing to allow Inspectors to make an inpection. All concerned will be governed accordingly."

Allied Commission Is Again Attacked

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Warsaw, March 3.—For the second time a train bearing members of the Inter-Allied Mission to Poland has been fired upon by Ukrainians, according to an official telegram received by Premier Paderewski. The shooting occurred on the route between Lemberg and Przemyal.

MILITARY FUNERAL FOR LATE JACK McLEOD.

A military funeral under the auspices of the G. W. V. A. was accorded the late Jack McLeod this afternoon. There was a large attendance of his late comrades.

The number of men raised under the Military Service Act totalled 83,255.

$190,000,000,000 In Indemnities

Paris, March 3, (C.P.D.)—The Peace Committee on Reparation Has Estimated the Amount Which the Enemy Countries Should Pay the Allies at 190 Billions Dollars, to be Spread Over a Period of From 25 to 35 Years. Of This Amount France Demands Instant Payment of Five Billion Dollars in Gold.

ALWAYS KNEW HUNS WERE BOORS NOW BELIEVES THEY ARE BRUTES

John Kendrick Bangs Discusses American Problem and the Attitude of United States on Reconstruction Work at Social Gathering After His Lecture Friday Night.

John Kendrick Bangs as is to be expected of a great lecturer and humorist is a charming conversationalist and while being entertained by the Lyceum Committee of the Women's Council at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Neal on Friday night he discussed the political situation in the United States from the standpoint of its bearings upon the formation of a league of nations as well as points of interest in connection with the war itself.

He is a member of the reconstruction committee which has been entrusted by the American Government with the task of rebuilding 100 of the ruined towns and villages of Northern France, and as such spoke with authority upon the terrible desolation which has been left in the wake of the warring armies.

A New One in Barbarity

Being in the immediate vicinity of the firing line for a considerable time Mr. Bangs speaks as an eye witness of some of the devilish practices of the Germans which were so often described in the press and looked upon by the reading public with a certain amount of incredulity on account of the gross and wanton cruelty charged against the perpetrators.

One plan followed a great deal by the Huns to maim the children of Northern France was to drop from their flying machines the tinsel wrapped torpedoes so common as Christmas trees in our own land. These, when the string was pulled instead of giving a harmless snap like the toys they resembled exploded with such force as to blow off the fingers and hands of the innocent children who noticed them upon the ground and picked them up.

Mr. Bangs stated positively that he had been an eye witness of the results of this cruel deception upon many occasions and has held the little maimed children upon his knees and endeavored to comfort them after such accidents.

In speaking of President Wilson and the attitude he had adopted in regard to the formulation of peace terms Mr. Bangs did not strike one as being an ardent worshipper of the popular American leader although his criticisms of his actions were remarkable for their fairness.

He characterized the American president as a man who seemed almost always to start out wrong and in some way to get turned about and end up right.

(Continued on Page 8)

Peterborough's Golden Opportunity

Capt. J. M. Burnham has sent to Mayor Duncan the following letter, which will be considered at the meeting of the City Council tonight:

Mayor and Council of Peterborough:

Yesterday a deputation from Lakefield visited the Minister, accompanied by Mr. Dickson Davidson, asking the Minister to hurry up and build the new concrete dam at Lakefield.

It developed during the day, from conversation with the Minister, that this new concrete dam would add tremendously to the value of the present holdings of water privileges at the dam.

If Peterborough or Lakefield bestirs itself it can have Hydro appropriate at their present value these water privileges, which would mean that when the new dam is built, which will be soon, the public will have acquired for nothing probably a hundred thousand dollars' worth of improvements to the power privileges, which will go to private owners if the municipalities do not bestir themselves.

I wired you on Saturday, and wired the Hydro and also Lakefield to the same effect, in the hope that this splendid opportunity to acquire water privileges at a cheap rate, before their speculative value is immensely added to at the public expense, may be taken advantage of.

HAD TROUBLE, TOO ON THE SCOTIAN

RETURNED SOLDIERS COMPLAIN OF TREATMENT RECEIVED ON THAT TRANSPORT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John, N. B., March 3.—While some returning soldiers from the transport Scotian call it a "tempest in a teapot," others declare there were really serious troubles on that vessel. They complained bitterly of overcrowding and close confinement on the vessel, and when they made a rumpus and officers threatened to take drastic measures, the soldiers say they threatened to throw any officer overboard who took such action. A report has been forwarded to Ottawa.

MAKE HASTE WITH HOUSING BILL

BOTH SIDES IN LEGISLATURE AGREE OCCASION CALLS FOR SPEED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 3.—With few changes made in the committee stage, the Ontario Government's big housing scheme bill will probably be rushed through the Legislature this afternoon. Both parties realize the urgency of the bill. William Proudfoot, Opposition leader, and Sam Carter, member for Wellington, have some amendments before the House, and these will be discussed today. The bill creating a department of labor, with Dr. W. A. Riddel as deputy minister, will probably go through with little discussion.

HEAVY ESTIMATES FOR PUBLIC WORKS

MILLIONS TO BE EXPENDED ON NATIONAL RAILWAYS AND SHIPBUILDING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, March 3.—In view of statements from overseas it is believed here that Sir Robert Borden will be back in his place in Commons about the first week in April. Until that date, it is believed that serious discussion of fiscal policies will be postponed. It is expected that heavy estimates to be laid before the House will include the expenditure of seventy or eighty millions for national railways and thirty millions for shipbuilding as well as substantial votes for pensions, repatriation, etc. Many motions by private members are awaiting discussion such as, titles, a minimum wage board, Guelph's novitiate, and so on.

BRITISH TROOPS HAVE FIRST CALL

SECRETARY BAKER EXPLAINS DELAY IN GETTING AMERICAN SOLDIERS BACK.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 3.—One reason why the return of the United States troops has been slowed up, Secretary Baker explained, was that Great Britain had withdrew troopships to carry home Canadian, New Zealand and Australian soldiers, who had been in the service longer than the Americans, which, he said, was a perfectly proper procedure. He reiterated that by April three thousand American troops would be returning monthly.

Canada's Showing At French Fair

(Special Cable.)

Lyons, France, March 3.—The Canadian exhibits of the famous annual fairs here which was opened with due ceremony yesterday, included the showing from fifty-three firms, also Canadian national railways, Ontario mines, forestry, etc. The Paris edition of the New York Herald describes the Canadian exhibits as a striking feature of the fair, constituting a complete display of Canada's industrial and commercial products. Sir George Foster and various other Canadians will be here during the course of the exhibition. Enormous crowds are in attendance.

WILSON IN LAST TERM.

President Announced He Will Not Run Again.

Washington, March 3.—President Wilson told members of the Democratic National Committee that he would not be a candidate for re-election in 1920. After March 4, 1921, he informed the Democratic leaders in A talk after a luncheon at the White House, he will turn his attention to writing history. The statement, which was declared by members of the committee to be absolutely flat and unequivocal, was drawn out by their assumption that Mr. Wilson would accept another nomination.

EIGHT COMPANIES HAVE A MONOPOLY

AMERICAN SENATOR BEGINS WAR ON MEN WHO CONTROL COAL.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 3.—A bill validating and authorizing the adjustment of more than two and a half billion dollars of war contracts and thirty-three million dollar rivers and harbors appropriation bill were signed today by President Wilson.

Senator Vardaman of Mississippi, chairman of the Senate manufacturers' committee, today inserted in the Congressional Record a statement on the committee's investigation of the anthracite coal situation, charging that the production of anthracite coal in the United States is controlled by eight large transportation companies which, through an almost complete monopoly, were able to fix prices and determine the rate of production.

CASH BUSINESS TO BE BALANCED

ADVANCES MADE BETWEEN CANADA AND BRITAIN TO BE OFFSET.

London, March 3.—An Imperial treasury statement gives the total cash advances to the Canadian Government, besides advances for which Dominion bonds have been issued, as seventy-nine million pounds on March 31 of last year. Cash advances by the Dominion Government apart from certain accounts still under consideration at the same date were $484,349,927, making, with interest, $506,145,781. It has been agreed that sums due from the Dominion Government will be set off against corresponding amounts due from the Imperial Government.

Brought Liquor Into Pontypool

Cobourg, March. 3.—Liquor is still flowing freely into this district. On Thursday at Brighton upon a complaint issued by Geo. Goodrich, License Inspector, "Judy" Empey of Trenton came up before Police Magistrate Drewry and was fined $200 and costs. He was charged with bringing liquor in by motor.

At Pontypool on Monday Inspector Goodrich seized about $250 worth of alcohol, supposed to belong to some Russian Jews who had just moved to the locality. The liquor was packed in three large packages containing old rags, such as are picked up around the county.

At the C.P.R. station here during the week Inspector Goodrich seized 32 bottles of Burke's Irish, Imperial quarts. This was packed in paper boxes.

PREMIER BORDEN BACK APRIL 1ST

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS TO BE POSTPONED PENDING HIS ARRIVAL.

Ottawa, March 3.—The latest information is that Sir Robert Borden will be back by the end of March. This is the expectation of the Prime Minister, according to recent cables received by the ministers. His return is awaited with much interest, for several reasons:

First, the cabinet naturally would prefer to have the first Minister in his seat, when such contentious measures as the tariff, the franchise act, the prohibition are under consideration. It is not likely any of these questions will be dealt with until Sir Robert returns.

Second, Sir Robert will be able to give Parliament and the country first-hand information as to the developments of the Peace Conference and the proposals as they effect Canada.

Keystone of Union.

Third, there is a growing feeling for a consolidation of the union party and its formation on a permanent basis. As Sir Robert was its founder and the keystone nothing can be done until he returns, but it is anticipated that steps along these lines will be taken.

Sir Robert will likely remain in his seat until some time in May, when he will return for the close of the deliberations and to affix his signature to the peace treaty on behalf of Canada.

Germans Resume Attack on Poles

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Posen, March 3.—The Germans, after three days of comparative quiet, resumed their attack all along the line upon the Poles on Sunday, according to reports from the Polish-German frontier.

DRIVER NOKES EXPECTED HOME

ONE OF THE FEW SURVORS OF 24TH FIELD BATTERY.

Driver A. Nokes, one of the originals of the 24th Field Battery, who went overseas in 1914, is expected to return to Peterborough on the 5.30 C. T. R train this evening.

He is one of the three or four survivors of the original company. His wife and children reside at 526 Patterson street. Previous to enlisting Driver Nokes was employed in the polishing department of the Peterborough Lock Company.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS HOLD SESSIONS TO-DAY

Interesting Addresses Given by Locals and Visitors—Public Invited to Attend Meeting Tonight.

The delegates to the Sunday school convention convened in George Street Church this morning when the order of routine business as set forth in the program appearing in the press on Saturday was followed satisfactorily.

Reports of county department superintendents were received, arrangements for township conventions discussed and settled, new business considered and officers elected.

A banquet was held in the Empress Hotel at noon today which was largely attended by members of the boys' conference, and at 2 o'clock the convention got down to business again.

This afternoon's proceedings opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. A. J. Thomas. Reports were received from department officers and superintendents, and three excellent addresses given. The first was delivered by Rev. T. A. Haspeny, B.A., upon needle and thread teaching; the second by Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner, B.A., who dealt with lesson preparation and presentation. The address by Rev. C. A. Meyers, B.A., upon the place of the teacher, concluded the afternoon's program.

Evening Session.

The program for the evening session is as follows:

Devotional service—Rev. J. A. McKenzie, B.D.
Music—George Street Methodist choir.
Report of Nominating Committee.
Address— The Child in Our Midst, Rev. P. H. Dayfoot, M.A.
Solo—Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Offering.
Address — Laying Foundations: Rev. T. A. Haspeny, B.A.
God Save the King.
Mr. Joseph Wearing will occupy the chair.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3.00 per year by mail to any part of Canada or Great Britain; $4.00 per year delivered to any port of the city.

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Business Dept ... 187. Editorial ... 813.
Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 721

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, MARCH 3rd, 1919

BRANCH BANK AT INDIAN RIVER.

EVERY BRANCH BANK established throughout the country is another evidence of prosperity among the farmers. This being the case, it is gratifying to learn that the Union Bank, represented in this city by a model institution of its kind, is about to establish a branch at Indian River for the accommodation of the progressive and prosperous residents of that community. The world continues to move, and Canada flourishes in every line of endeavor, but in no branch of industry quite so rapidly as in agriculture. It is not so many years ago since banks were found only in the larger centres, and this for the best of all reasons—there was no field for them elsewhere.

THE U. S. AND THE LEAGUE.

IT IS EVIDENT from the address delivered by Senator Lodge in the American upper house of Congress on the League of Nations that the men who hold views in common with himself on this subject are not opposed to the primary principle of the new international treaty. It is to the terms of the constitution of that organisation, as published, to which they object, which terms are merely tentative, and which have been given to the world with an invitation to the powers interested to discuss freely with a view to eventual revision by the Supreme Council that drew up the constitution.

Senato. Lodge shows that the countries of Europe are chiefly interested in the objects which the League is supposed to attain. It is in Europe that trouble that will call for just such intervention is likely to arise. The United States is a nation of peace, by the record, and is content to remain by herself with the Monroe Doctrine as the exemplification of the country's foreign policy. But the senator, instead of rejecting the terms of the League outright, simply calls for further details as to its operations. What he wants to know is whether an international police force is to be maintained to preserve the peace or whether the leaders of the League are to have authority to call to arms any nation whose help is needed to crush an aggressive power. If the latter is the real idea of the League, then the United States, by becoming a party to the treaty, could be dragged into any future European war regardless of what the people of the American republic believed as to the justice of the issue involved. No nation should be forced into a war against its will, no nation should surrender its right to set its own standard of national honor.

Discussion by the United States Senate is likely to lead to amendments to the constitution of the League which will result finally in its acceptance by that republic. At all events, the membership of the United States is not essential to the success of the League. That organization with Japan, China, the British Empire and its dominions and the other Entente Powers of Europe as parties to it can achieve its purpose. In time of stress the support of the United States would not be lacking, and this support would be none the less effective because voluntarily rendered.

There is hope in the published statement of Senator Lodge that the time may come when the principle laid down by George Washington, which prohibits all entangling alliances with European powers, may have to be abandoned. The world has changed since the days when that principle was first promulgated. But Senator Lodge, while admitting this much, insists that all radical changes must be adopted slowly.

THE GERMAN WARSHIPS.

THE QUESTION as to what is to be done with the German war vessels has not yet been settled, but still exists as a contention among the delegates to the Peace Conference. With regard to the suggestion that they be broken up, it is now announced that this work would take three years, and that the scrap salvaged from the wreck would bring not more than $2,000,000. It is now believed that to sink them for breakwater purposes is impracticable. To send them to the bottom in mid-ocean for no other reason than to be rid of them and the problem of division that they have created, would be a sheer waste that the people would not stand for. Suppose a number of heirs to an estate disputed as to the possession of a house the final disposition of which was not clearly outlined in the will. If the heirs agreed among themselves to settle the controversy by burning the house, how long could they hope to be considered as in possession of their senses?

It is only natural, perhaps, for the British, ambitious as they are to maintain the supremacy of their own fleet, to favor the destruction of the German prizes. Every one of these war vessels added to the naval armament of a nation would bring the fleet of that power one degree nearer to naval equality with Great Britain. But the naval strength of the British was not seriously menaced by those German war vessels, even when they were held as a unit by Germany. Distributing them among three or four nations would not increase their prestige.

Canada and the other Dominions helped to make the capture of the German war vessels possible, and the money which Canada expended in the war will total over two billion dollars before all is over. Canada and its sister dominions are to increase their navies. Six years ago this country proposed to expend $35,000,000 in the construction of three dreadnoughts. This money was for the cost of building alone, the work to be done in England, where construction facilities already existed. If Canada undertakes that work now it will require at least $6,000,000 to establish a suitable place where the war vessels can be built, as constructing fighting craft is a vastly different proposition from building commercial vessels.

Why not give Canada one or more of the German naval prizes as part of her share of the fruits of victory and in part payment of her indemnity? Australia and New Zealand could be rewarded in the same way. Serbia and Poland will require a naval force. All the German war vessels now in possession of the Allies could be distributed among the weaker nations who stood together for the destruction of Prussianism. There should be no real difficulty in making an allotment. The vessels could be divided according to the relative amounts expended by the weaker Allies in the war. Great Britain, France, Italy and the United States could well afford to waive all claim to the prizes.

It has required a vast expenditure of blood and treasure to get possession of these vessels. Now that they have been secured, surely they can be applied to some practical purpose. The suggestion that they be destroyed seems nothing short of monstrous. There was sufficient property ruined during the war, in all conscience, destruction that was the natural corollary of such a conflict. To add wanton destruction to that which was unavoidable would go begging for an excuse.

DEALING WITH DEFAULTERS.

THE COUNTRY will never stand long for a law, universal in its scope so far as the Dominion is concerned, and operated by the same set of legal machinery, if it is not fairly administered in all parts of the country. There is something wrong in the enforcing of a law which in Ontario sends a military defaulter to prison for two years without the option of a fine, while a similar offender in Quebec escapes with a $5 fine or the nominal punishment of six hours in jail.

If the law is ambiguous it should be made clear in every detail. If a magistrate in Ontario is to impose the maximum, or the same penalty in every case that comes before him, regardless of any circumstances that may be urged in extenuation by the defendant's counsel, then the magistrate in Quebec should do likewise, provided, of course, that this is in compliance with the spirit of the law. If the Act that provides for the punishment of defaulters allows the magistrate no option but to send the guilty man to prison without a fine, if it provides one penalty only and gives the magistrate no authority to exercise his discretion and to consider circumstances, then it is about the only law on the statute books of Canada that does so, and for that reason would appear unnecessarily harsh.

Parliament would do well to take up this matter of dealing with defaulters who beyond all question deserve some punishment. But the nature of that punishment is a moot question. It is hard to see how sending a defaulter to jail for two years will accomplish anything in the interests of the State. As a warning to others, such a course cannot be justified, as the necessity for making examples is never likely to arise in Canada again. Two years in confinement will not make the defaulters any the more desirable as citizens, for the modern prisons are not yet noted as training places for the discharge of the higher duties to the State. The people will simply be saddled with an additional war debt in maintaining these defaulters in prison in comparative idleness. In the meantime their labor will be lost. No matter what worldly goods they may possess, they are not called upon to yield up any of their wealth for the benefit of the public, that is provided the law is administered everywhere as it is in Peterborough and men are sent to prison without the option of a fine.

The men failed in their duty in a crisis, and should not be allowed to escape. But there are other methods for punishing them which will be more severe upon the defaulters themselves and of vastly more benefit to the country that was menaced by their dereliction. Every defaulter should be required to make some monetary sacrifice. Further than that, he should be deprived of his citizenship for all time to come, or for twenty-five years at least, and the man who can't vote cannot hold public office. Once let him serve his jail sentence, and he is at liberty to go to the polls and vote, and the ballot he casts will have as much weight in deciding public issues as that of the soldier, even though the latter may hobble to the voting place on crutches or lacking both arms as a result of his service, will require help to exercise his right as a citizen.

There are said to be 50,000 defaulters in Canada. There is hardly jail room for all of them. But the franchise in the hands of such men is a greater public menace than even their failure to respond when called to arms.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE PRICE OF FOODSTUFFS seems to have backed up a little simply to gather headway for another charge upon the consumer.

• • • • •

IF THE BOLSHEVISTS aim at world domination, they should remember what happened to a kaiser obsessed with the same unholy ambition.

• • • • •

BUT IF PRESIDENT WILSON expressed approval of the Decalogue, that little "group of wilful men" in the Senate would at once begin to pick flaws in that venerable document.

• • • • •

PRINCESS PATRICIA, in her matrimonial venture, shows admirable judgment in not allying herself with some anaemic prince whose chances for ever becoming a king are all against him.

• • • • •

KERENSKY is writing his autobiography. If he tells a true story of his life, the book, falling into the hands of the police later, will furnish ample evidence upon which to hang the author.

• • • • •

ONE THING is certain—Capt. Burnham's interest in the welfare of the labor men as borne out by his record has not been aroused as a measure of safety by recent events in the wage-earners' world.

Sneering At a Mountain.

(Toronto Star.)

Hamilton will need a municipal aerodrome, and the Times wants to know how the top of the mountain would do. It would be just the thing if it could be raised a little and enlarged.

HOW DE VALERA ESCAPED

Paris, March 3.—While the newspapers of the United Kingdom are still speculating over the mysterious escape from Lincoln prison in England of Edward de Valera, the Sinn Fein leader, the manner in which he effected his break from captivity on February 3rd has become known here. It was related to the Associated Press by Sean O'Ceallgh, the Sinn Feiner who is here asking the Peace Conference to recognize the "Provisional Government of the Irish Republic," having crossed the Channel on a passport secured by a subterfuge.

"After the midnight arrest of Edward de Valera near his home in Greystone," Mr. O'Ceallgh began, "he, with twelve comrades, was sent to Lincoln prison, the other Sinn Feiners arrested being distributed inorder to avoid concentrating them at any one jail. Because of de Valera's importance, the strictest watch was maintained upon the prison. No friend or relative was allowed to see him or his comrades. They were permitted to write and receive only three letters each weekly. The most stringent censorship possible was maintained over their mail, and both outgoing and incoming letters had to pass through London for inspection. It may be seen, therefore, that it was most difficult to get word with de Valera concerning his escape.

M.P.'s In Prison.

"The feeling in Ireland is intense because these men, against whom no charges have been preferred, should be kept in prison. Included among the prisoners in the various jails were thirty-seven members of Parliament. After the general elections were over, the first meeting of the republican members of the Irish Parliament was held on January 7th, and another a week later, at which the matter of the prisoners was discussed. A committee was appointed to take charge of the question of the release of the incarcerated comrades and the first result of that committee's activity was the escape of de Valera.

"The committee selected a number of men for the job who had been tried by fire and who would not be too timid in case there was gun-play. The first task was to survey the prison and discover the possibilities of the forceful coup. The prison lay in an isolated part of the town. The rear looked out on a large open space. Just outside the back gate was a small patch of ground on which the prisoners were allowed to exercise under guard.

Militia on Guard.

"This place was surrounded by a series of barbed wire entanglements. Several armed wardens watched the prisoners while they were out, and at sunset a force of militia was thrown about the prison. Because of this military guard it was decided to be unwise to try to rush the place for fear of loss of life and the probable death of de Valera.

"The next move was to communicate with de Valera, which was very difficult. However, one Sinn Feiner started working on a garden plot, of which there were several near the prison. He abracted de Valera's attention one day by singing Sinn Fein songs in Gaelic, in which he told the leader that an attempt would be made to rescue him. The warder's suspicions were not aroused, because it was not uncommon for Irish workmen to be about the prison

Sang Instructions.

"This man appeared again several days later and again sang a ballad, in which he told de Valera that the rear exit of the prison was the most feasible for the attempt, and asking de Valera to secure an impression of the key to the gate.

"The impression of the key was secured. I am not quite sure of the method, but I presume it is the same one I myself employed at one time, which was making a paste of bread and soap and then distracting the warder's attention while the big Key was slapped into the paste for a second. This impression was wrapped in paper with a stone and thrown to the singer in the garden plot.

Doubled Guards.

"While this was going on four Sinn Feiners escaped from the Usk prison in Wales, and this caused the authorities to double the guards of all the jails and postponed the release of de Valera. In Lincoln prison the inmates were counted continually and the strictest watch was maintained.

"The sentries about the rear of the prison were a grave menace to the plans, and the committee tried to find girls in the neighborhood who could be employed to influence them. This attempt was given up, however, and finally a telegram was sent to Dublin for two handsome young women, both highly cultured university graduates, who arrayed themselves as shop girls and crossed the Channel.

Day Set For Escape.

"The girls deliberately set out to flirt with the soldiers and soon came to know most of the guards. De Valera was informed by code in a letter that February 3 was set for his escape and the procedure to be outlined as much as possible. This little code had been arranged for just such an emergency before de Valera was imprisoned.

"On the eve of February 3 four motor cars packed with Irishmen were sent wandering about the country near Lincoln to serve as decoys for the police. At four o'clock the prisoners were brought in from their period of exercise. They then had a three-hour period for wandering about the prison before they were locked up for the night.

Cut Barbed Wire.

"In the dusk, shortly after four o'clock, the girls appeared and enticed the guards from the rear of the prison as far as possible. Then two Sinn Feiners quickly cut a path through the barbed wire.

"At five o'clock de Valera, with McGarry and Millroy (the two Sinn Feiners who escaped with de Valera) sauntered to the back gate. Their friends outside crept up and opened the gate with the false key, while the sentries continuel their flirtation with the girls. An automobile was waiting and de Valera was whisked away to London, while the police chased the decoy motors.

"Where is de Valera now?" he cannot state, but he will be here on time when he is wanted."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Puds Simkins and Leroy Shooster was setting on my frunt steps not tawking about enything speshil on account of not being enything speshil to tawk about, and Sam Cross started to tawk fast as if he thawt he was in a hurry, saying, Aint you fellows going erround to see the perrade?

Erround ware? Wat perrade? sed me and Puds and Leroy Shooster, and Sam Cross sed, Wy, the big soldiers perrade on Broad street, it sed all about it in the paper this morning.

And he kep on wawking fast, and me and Puds and Leroy Shooster jumped up and went erround with him and there was a rope on Broad street stretched along the cerb to keep the crowd back, ony there wasent eny crowd, and us 4 fellows wawked up to the rope and started to stand there, Sam Cross saying, I would rather come erly and get a good place than come late and haw to look underneeth of peeples legs.

Wich me and Puds and Leroy Shooster sed we would too, and we kepp on waiting and nuthing went past but awtomobeels and things the same as they always do, and the more we waited the less nuthing happened, me saying, G, my feets getting tired, its the funniest perrade I ever saw, and Puds Simkins saying, You meen its the funniest one you never saw, and Leroy Shooster sed, I bet we bin heer more than a hour, if I saw a cop Id ask him about it.

Wich jest then about 6 of them went past in a patrol wagon, and Leroy Shooster called out, Wat times the perrade?

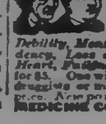
8 oclock tomorro morning, sed one of the cops, and another one sed, Dont let enybody shove you out of your place.

Aw heck, sed me and Puds and Leroy Shooster. And we grabbed ahold of Sam Cross and took him erround and made him wawk past my frunt steps about 10 times holding his handkerchiff up in the air, wile us 3 sat there yelling, Herray, perrade, herray, herray.

FEMININE LOGIC

We asked the young lady across the way whom her father considered the psychological candidate for 1920 and she said she guessed he was more interested in who was to be the democratic one.

The pen is mightier than the sword when it comes to making an obese bank balance look like 30 cents.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous *Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

TO-DAY'S STORY

"Oh, Robbie, isn't it just too good to be true that you are really home, safe and sound? I wake up in the night and think it is a dream."

Ethel Thacker partially freed herself, and, holding Capt. Robertson at arm's length, she studied the bronzed countenance as though to reassure herself that he was there in the flesh.

"And the next thing will be to get a job, won't it?"

"Yep."

"You must have lots of friends, Robbie, a popular chap like you. Can't you think of some one who could land you in a good position?"

"Nope."

"There is Mr. Pendleton, he has no end of people working for him. He must have a place for a man of your talent."

"Doesn't know me from Adam."

"I'll tell you how to manage; get some letters of introduction and see him."

"Easier to see a king. Talk about the hedged throne. He has a regular barbed wire entanglement."

"The reason I thought of Mr. Pendleton," continued Ethel, "is that mother used to go to school with Mrs. Pendleton's social secretary."

"Close connection."

"You needn't be scornful. I'm just trying to think of something practical."

"Me, too."

The next evening Capt. Robertson found Ethel on the doorstep literally a-tiptoe with exciting news.

"You could never guess what's happened, Robbie! We are invited to Mr. Pendleton's box; think of that!"

"What box?" queried the soldier.

"His box at the concert, silly; don't you know what a box is?"

"Dope it out."

"Well, that friend of mother's, you know, Mrs. Pendleton's secretary, called her up and said Mr. Pendleton had sent two tickets to her, and, as there was sickness in her family, wouldn't mother go in her place and take some one. Mother said you should go."

"Awfully good of her."

"I think it providential. The other seats are to be used by Mr. Pendleton's secretary, and now all you have to do is to make yourself agreeable to him, and that will open the way to meet Mr. Pendleton."

The night of the concert the two young people were ushered into the dimly lighted box, in which the others were already seated. Ethel nudged her companion repeatedly to make him open the conversation, but the conductor was already bowing and smiling before the diffident chap could find his tongue.

During the intermission Ethel and the other woman exchanged a few remarks, but the men continued silent. The failure of her plan was most depressing to the girl, and, though she joined listlessly in the general applause, the finale was the only number that roused her.

In her own living room once more, Ethel faced her sweetheart despairingly.

"Robert Robertson! How will you ever get on in the world if you continue to be a clam? Here you have a really good opportunity, and you never open your head. I give you up!"

"Don't, Ethel. I just could not begin. But you needn't feel so bad. He was not the secretary. I asked him. He said the secretary was detained and so he had the use of the tickets."

The next morning Robert arrived unexpectedly at Ethel's home.

"Look at this and holler!" He thrust a letter into her hand.

She read:

"My dear Captain Robertson: If, as I infer, you are open for a position, will you consider that of my secretary? The incumbent has been promoted, but has stayed on till a successor could be found. I need a man with a gift for silence, and judging from our evening together, you will fill the bill. Pray pardon my accidental incognito. Yours very truly,

"G. H. PENDLETON."

"Oh, Robbie, and I scolded you for not talking!"

"Well," he said, "when does the coaching come off?"

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Nine-tenths of a womans' intuition is suspicion.

And lots of people are too slow to make fast friends.

A man can coax a woman to do anything she wants to.

Love is blind — also deaf when it comes to listening to reason.

Even the close mouthed man has an open countenance at meal time.

A man must have a certain amount of wisdom in order to realize what a fool he is.

Sometimes a man with a bad reputation is envied by other men because of the way he got it.

GLASSES

made by us enable you to enjoy that keen, comfortable vision—that freedom from strain and headache which is so annoying to those who need glasses. You will appreciate the relief and joy of seeing better.

Have your eyes NOW,

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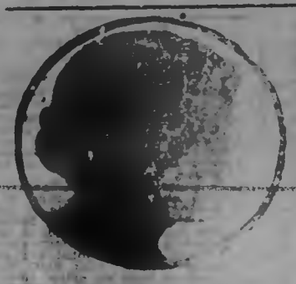
AND HER SON, in "THE WOMAN WHO GAVE," in 5 parts



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AFTERNOONS AND EVENINGS - - - - - 16c TO ALL

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

(By Dr. W. A. Brady.)

A podgy abdomen is perhaps the most frequent consequence of too much corset. Hence if there be any read of the credulous sex who is so afflicted, the exercises described in this article may have some interest.

1. Lie supine on the floor, with the feet under a heavy chair or other support. Place the hands on the hips. Slowly draw yourself up to the sitting posture, expire (breathe out) slowly, then slowly and inspire (breathe in) slowly and repeat. Do this twice, each night and morning, the first week; three times night and morning the second week, and so on until you can do it from five to twelve times at a seance without undue fatigue or soreness of the muscles afterward.

2. Stand erect with arms stretched high above the head. Slowly expire and at the same time swing the arms and body forward and downward until fingers touch the floor in front of your feet, whether you have to bend the knees or not. Now draw in a deep breath and at the same time swing upward to the first position and as far backward as you can. Repeat twice night and morning the first week, three times the second week, and so until until you can do it twenty times at a seance. The smoothness, regularity and depth of the breathing should be cultivated in harmony with the movements.

3. Stand erect with the hands resting on the hips. Expire forcibly through the open mouth and squat down on the heels at the same time. Immediately close the mouth and inspire deeply through the nose while you return to the first position. Repeat not over five times night and morning the first week, and increase gradually in the course of the first six weeks until you can do it twenty-five times at a seance.

4. Iron out the wrinkles and loosen the kinks and stir up the stagnant splanchnic pool in the abdomen (where about half the entire mass of blood may accumulate in persons with "poor circulation") by rolling half a dozen somersaults.

Do not expect any tangible results from these exercises until you have followed them faithfully and enthusiastically for six weeks. If you follow them that long no argument will be necessary to convince you that physical training is good medicine.

All-Around "Cold" Medicine.

Our four children are healthy, hearty bunch, sleep with windows open and all that. Yet even so they will have a cold occasionally or whatever you call it. They have never taken physics or cough medicine, but I gather from you talks that some such medicines are advisable and would appreciate it if you will print a formula for some good all-around cough medicine to give children for such colds, also a suitable physic.

MRS. J. H.

Sleeping with windows open does not immunize children against the respiratory infection; it merely gives them a fair chance to resist such infections. It is the normal thing, not a special advantage. Only the children of benighted parents call it respiratory infection, which it is; Mrs. Gamp et al. call it "cold," which it isn't. A tablespoonful of aromatic syrup of rhubarb is a good physic, pleasant to take. This is a good all-round medicine in which cough is a symptom:

Citrate of sodium .....1 ounce
Glycerin .....1 ounce
Oil of peppermint .....5 drops
Flaxseed tea .....1 pint
Juice of one lemon.

Add sugar for sweetening if desired.

Dose: Tablespoonful in wineglass of water every two hours

Janet's Beaming Countenance.

Why do I have such a shiny red face? I am 5 feet 6 inches tall, weigh 160 pounds and have a very hearty appetite. Can you suggest anything for it. JANET.

Yes, Janet, curb your appetite. You are on the road to C. V. D., where you will arrive, if your appetite keeps up the present pace, at about the time a woman ought to arrive at perfection. You are already twenty or more pounds over-weight. Kare'l and keep well.

Disliked Portraits.

Some people are abnormally sensitive about having their portraits made, either by photography or the brush. Not all of these are as successful in avoiding the artist as was Joseph Brumah, an English inventor of the last century. He never sat for an artist; but his portrait was included in a large engraving called "Eminent Men of the years 1807-1808." When this engraving is examined, however, according to a recent book on mechanical inventions, it is found that Brumah appears with his back to the beholder! The explanation is given that a relative supplied the engraver with a description of the inventor's figure and appearance.

Female Engineers.

While the Amalgamated Society of Engineers of Great Britain does not admit women to its membership, it has since the early days of the war had an informal alliance with the National Federation of Women Workers, in whose ranks it helped to organize the women who poured into the various branches of the engineering trade.

When the war began the Krupp gun works were the largest of the kind in the world, employing 96,000 persons.

A Pen Joke.

A boy who is a firm believer in the "raise-a-pig" plan has a porker which he has christened "Ink," because he says the pig runs so freely from the pen.

Pacific Deepest Ocean.

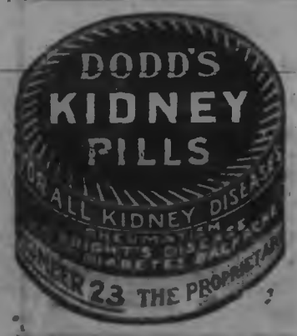
It is believed that the Pacific is fully a mile deeper than any other ocean.

Daily Thought.

Wise to resolve and patient to reform.—Homer

Speaking of Jawbreakers.

One is resulfided by the word whose death is celebrated by Democritus (and which, by the way, in a civilised language is called "lese majeste") of another sesquipedalian term which has gone out of style. Canonicus tells us that "terminological inexactitudinarian" is the longer and prettier phrase that has been supplanted by a shorter and uglier word.



HUNTER GODFREY IS HOME AGAIN

ARRIVES THIS MORNING UNEXPECTEDLY WITH SIX OTHER VETERANS.

Hunter Godfrey, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Godfrey 217 Mark street, Ashburnham, arrived home on the G. T. R. train this morning.

He enlisted in the 8th Canadian Mounted Rifles at Ottawa, was transferred to the 4th C. M. R. and was taken prisoner while on active service in France. He remained a captive of the Germans for almost three years and for the past few months has been in England awaiting an opportunity to cross to his own country.

This morning in company with six other returned men of this city he arrived unexpectedly. It was thought this his party would not reach Peterborough until the 5.30 train this evening consequently there was no one on hand to meet the veterans and extend a welcome.

Entertainment At Protestant Home

GIVEN BY LADIES' BIBLE CLASS OF ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

A very enjoyable social evening was spent at the Protestant Home on Wednesday, February 26th, when about 27 of the members of the Ladies' Adult Bible Class of St. Andrew's Church, of which Mr. F. E. Kerr is teacher, entertained the old people. Mrs. B. McNeely, president of the class presided, and spoke of the pleasure it gave the members to visit them once more.

The program opened by a piano solo by Mr. H. C. Treneer, who was quite generous throughout the evening, both with vocal and piano solos. Then followed:

Miss Chapman—Recitation.
Mrs. Wagstaff—Vocal solo.
Mr. F. E. Kerr—Reading.
Miss Jessie Stevens—Vocal solo.
Mr. John—Recitation.
Miss K. Spence—Vocal solo.
Mr. Treneer—Vocal solo.

At the close of the program adjournment was made to the dining room where dainty refreshments were served by the members of the social committee. A pleasant evening was brought to a close by all joining hands and singing Auld Lang Syne, and God Save the King.

PRINCESS SENDS THANKS.

Reply to Lady Borden's Message for Canada.

Ottawa, March 3.—The following cablegram was sent by Lady Borden to the Princess Patricia on the occasion of her marriage to Commander Ramsay:

"The people of Canada, by contributions through the wives of the lieutenant governors, have arranged for a wedding gift to Your Royal Highness of Victory loan bonds, which I shall forward enclosed in a silver box in the near future. In requesting acceptance of this gift as a token of the warm regard of the Canadian people toward Your Royal Highness I desire to convey the assurance of their deep interest in the happy occasion and to again extend our best wishes for your happiness and welfare."

The Princess replied: "Please convey to the people of Canada my heartiest appreciation of their good wishes. Deeply touched by your announcement of wedding gift which is being sent."

PUT FINAL STOP TO SUB WARFARE

MARSHAL FOCH SUBMITS MILITARY TERMS FOR INCLUSION IN TREATY.

Paris, March 3.—Marshal Foch has presented to the Council of the Great Powers the military terms to be incorporated in the peace treaty. These were considered today with the naval terms already submitted to the Council.

The military terms provide for the disarmament of Germany down to 20 division sof 10,000 men each, including 15 divisions of infantry and five of cavalry. Severe restrictions are placed on the manufacture of all classes of war material, and the military and commercial use of the airplane is limited to the minimum.

Beyond Marshal Foch's presentation of the terms they were not discussed.

End Submarine Warfare.

The naval terms now before the Council provide not only for the complete suppression of Germany's submarine equipment, but also for the termination of all submarine warfare by all nations throughout the world, thus ending the use of the submarine in naval warfare.

The provision for the dismantling of the fortifications of Heligoland and Kiel Canal has been made the subject of reservation by Admiral Benson, representing the United States, whereby this shall not be a precedent applicable to American canal and harbor defence, such as Hell Gate, Cape Cod Canal, and others.

The proposal for the destruction of the large German warships is approved in the report by the British and American naval authorities, but the French still make reservations against the destruction of these ships.

The Supreme Council is expected to pass on this and other naval and military subjects on Monday.

Since the Ontario Temperance Act went into effect about $15,000 has been collected in fines at Bridgeburg, largely from residents of the interior, arrested at the border for violations.

Mrs. Philip McDonald of Tamworth died of heart failure just as her son and daughter came in from a party.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

APPLES! APPLES!!

For Eating or Cooking

A large shipment just received, including.

Russets. Canada Reds

and several varieties especially good for cooking.

Porter S White Co.
334 GEORGE STREET
Phone 208

WINS RACES ON BABY HORSES.

Roscoe Troxler Tells Secret of Success With Two-Year-Olds.

Roscoe Troxler is regarded by horsemen as the best rider of two-year-olds on the American turf. Whenever Troxler has the mount on a baby racer in the spring of the year—particularly an untried youngster—that horse has a following and Troxler generally gets the horse home in front if it has any ability. Troxler has been riding for twenty years continuously and on September 19th at Havre de Grace he celebrated his twentieth anniversary as a rider by riding Master Karma to victory. His first winning race was on a mare named Infelice in 1899 at St. Louis track. Since then he has ridden hundreds of winning races and he still has several years of service before him. He explains his success as a two-year-old rider by saying that the young horses heed babying just as human infants, and he knows how to jolly them into behaving at the post and getting away from the barrier.

WOMEN SET TANK RECORDS.

New Stars Shine Out at Montreal Meet for Mermaids.

Helen Fitzsimmons lowered two Canadian swimming records held by women, and Mrs. Forrest made one at competitions and exhibitions given by the Montreal athletic association.

The performance of Miss Fitzsimmons, who is aged 17, was a remarkable one. She lowered the mark for the 50 yards made by Mrs. H. J. Haunton at Winnipeg in 1917 by 3 2-5 seconds, while she lowered the mark for the 100 yards by almost 3 seconds. Her times were: 50 yards, 32 2-5; 100 yards, 1.20 4-5.

The record made by Mrs. Forrest was another creditable performance. Mrs. Forrest swam the 200 yards in 4.14 2-5. This is a new distance for woman swimmers.

No Tony Disease for Him.

"So the doctor said you were as sound as a dollar."

"Yes. I had previously told him that was all I had."

A Determined Father.

"I am going to ask your father at once."

"But I thought you really wanted to marry me?"

Two young would-be bandits were arrested at Kitchener charged with attempting to hold up A. J. Lehman, city baggageman.

A Slight Alteration.

"And how are the twins?" a vicar asked, meeting their old sister.

"Getting on nicely, thank you, sir," stammered the shy girl.

"Have you decided on their names yet?" went on the vicar, smilingly.

"Y-yes, sir," answered Annie, tumbling out her words in confusion. "We're going to call them Steam and Kidney."

The vicar looked rather puzzled, but let it pass. The names he was asked to bestow upon the twins at the font a fortnight later were Kate and Sydney.

John Anderson of Wallaceburg, who was in a runaway accident ten days ago, is dead.

Transforming The Prairies,

SELDOM does a settler in a new country find things exactly as he would like to find them. Take trees, as an illustration. It is true there are large stretches of country in different parts of the world where trees seem to be ideally interspersed. Large areas in the central parts of the Prairie Provinces of Canada are like this. Open spaces of forty to a hundred acres or more are almost surrounded by trees, affording excellent shelter for stock, and making a varied landscape. But such conditions are exceptional, though they serve to emphasize the rule. Mostly the new settler finds too many trees or practically none at all. In the former case considerable labor is required in clearing before the settler can hope for any crop. In the latter case, the settler has the advantage of being able to break his land immediately and, if he proceeds in the right manner, soon has it in a condition for producing a remunerative crop. But if he has come from a home which was surrounded by trees, he certainly misses them for a time.

A large part of the Canadian prairies comes under the second category. Nearly all of the southern to the central parts of these provinces are open prairie, ready for the plow. Except near the rivers and creeks one could motor miles and miles without seeing a tree. But a wonderful transformation is slowly taking place. If nature has left these fertile prairies practically treeless, she has not left them devoid of the elements necessary to tree growth. Trees will grow there if properly planted and cared for, just as wheat and other grains, just as alfalfa and other fodders, just as potatoes and all manner of roots and vegetables, grow—wonderfully well. And they are being grown more and more extensively every year, beautifying many a farm home, and transforming the prairie landscape.

In this beautifying process, farmers are greatly encouraged by the Canadian Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway. Both are taking a keen interest in the planting of trees on the prairie farms, and encourage farmers to improve their home surroundings by furnishing trees free of cost to farmers. Each maintains large nurseries where trees are grown for this purpose under prairie conditions, the government at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, and the Canadian Pacific Railway at Wolseley, Saskatchewan. Up to a few years ago both nurseries were typically open prairie. Now trees are being raised from seed on the Government's farm at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, which comprises 480 acres, in sufficient quantities as to permit a distribution of between seven and eight million young plants annually. The Canadian Pacific Railway distributes its trees from its nurseries at Wolseley, Saskatchewan, and Indian Head, Saskatchewan, and Indian Head, Saskatchewan, and Indian Head

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widower without dependent children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. [illegible]
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors, administrators of estates and assignees.
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names of all directors officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations and syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.

Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Returns should be filed immediately.

Postage must be prepaid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 112, KINGSTON, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BELLEVILLE, Ont.

LESSONS FROM THE LIFE OF SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Rev. F. E. Malott in His Morning Sermon at Trinity Church Pays Graceful Tribute to Canada's Distinguished Statesman.

In Trinity Methodist Church, yesterday the Pastor, the Rev. F. E. Malott paid a tribute to the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the course of his morning sermon. The sermon, the theme of which was "Making the Most of Oneself," was based upon two well known passages of scripture, "To this end was I born and for this end came I into the world that I should bear witness unto the truth," found in John 18, 37; and "This one thing I do, I press toward the mark," found in Phil. 3, 14.

The sermon was a strong appeal to have a lofty purpose in life and to pursue it with energy and persistence. The speaker took the ground that we have all been born for a purpose and that it is our business to discover that purpose as soon as possible and set about the accomplishment of it.

It is the business of every one, he maintained to bring all his powers of mind and body to perfection and devote them to the best use. An old Hebrew prophet said to the people of his day, "Break up your fallow ground."

"There are whole tracts of unworked territory in our lives," said the speaker. "We need an all round development. We need it for the best enjoyment of life. We need it to glorify God and witness to the truth. We need it that we may do the most good in the world. And we need it because our country and our age calls for men and women of the highest type, who have developed their own resources of mind and soul, to do the big things that need doing today. The sermon was aptly illustrated from history and literature. But one of the best illustrations was that which was drawn from the life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier

The speaker said in substance: We do well to honor our great men. A week ago all Canada mourned the passing of a man who has been an outstanding figure in Canadian life for half a century. An independent journal speaking of him said recently, "In his case it is not necessary to invoke the rule that Plutarch ascribes to Solon: 'To say nothing but good of the dead.' Sir Wilfrid was not one of whom any reasonable man could speak evil, however he might differ with his political views.

The position which he achieved was the triumph of a great personality, but that personality was the product of both nature and nurture. He was born with talent, but no Canadian that I know anything about, better illustrates the meaning of "Making the most of oneself."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's education continued through a life time. He never ceased to be a student of books of men, and of affairs. Coming of scholarly stock, it was his good fortune to receive, not the inferior education of a French habitant, but the broad education of a great Scottish Canadian university.

If more French-Canadians would learn English and read as widely in English literature and history as Sir Wilfrid Laurier did and if more Anglo-Canadians would learn French and read French literature we might sooner see the day of national unity we long for. Sir Wilfrid's acquaintance with English literature and history was one of the secrets of his success.

Without attempting to trace his career in detail let me say this: He discovered early in life the sphere in which his great gifts could find their fullest exercise and he fitted himself for that career with the most assiduous attention to all that such a career demands of men. And both opponents and friends combine to give him credit for great ability, considerable achievements, integrity of life and well merited distinction. He was a fine example of a symmetrically developed man, physically, intellectually, culturally, socially, morally and religiously.

Although a man of splendid presence, he was not a man of rugged stature, but he has set a fine example to young men of making the most of his physical strength. By temperate habits and wise care of his health he was enabled to bear the tremendous strain of fifty years of public life.

His intellectual achievements were most marked. His native talents were of no mean order, but the world would not have heard of Wilfrid Laurier had he trusted merely to native wit. He never ceased to inform himself by reading and study. He is a fine example of what young men can do who will put away trifling things of life and give attention to reading.

Unlike many men who read much Sir Wilfrid was not a recluse. He cultivated the art of living with men. Those who knew him best speak of the charm of his magnetic personality. He possessed that courtesy culture, sympathy and sociability that wins men, but withal maintained a courtly dignity that kept at a distance those who might presume too much upon his good nature.

His personal life was above reproach. The search light that beats unmercifully upon all who hold high place found nothing that could bring reproach upon him.

"And he was a devout man. We, brought up in the Protestant faith and accustomed to our modes of worship cannot fully understand those of another communion, as they cannot understand us, but we can appreciate the man who is loyal to his church and to his religious views.

Of all men those who sit in legislative halls, as the people's representatives, should be devout men and should through worship seek divine guidance and wisdom.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier while a true son of the church, maintained perhaps, as real an independence of clerical dominance as can be expected of one of his race and creed.

The address, which was followed with the closest attention was brought to a close with the well-known lines of J. G. Holland. "God give us men."

SHE COULD NOT STAND OR WORK

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health and Stopped Her Pains.

Portland, Ind. "I had a displacement and suffered so badly from it that at times I could not be on my feet at all. I was all run down and so weak I could not do my housework, was nervous and could not lie down at night. I took treatments from a physician but they did not help me. My Aunt recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tried it and now I am strong and well again and do my own work and I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the credit." —Mrs. JOSEPHINE KIMBLE, 935 West Race St., Portland, Ind.

Thousands of American women give this famous root and herb remedy the credit for health restored as did Mrs. Kimble.

For helpful suggestions in regard to such ailments women are asked to write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

SENATOR KNOX ASSAILS LEAGUE

WOULD HAVE THE CONSTITUTION AS PROPOSED REVISED IN DETAIL.

Washington, March 3.—Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, former Secretary of State, speaking in the Senate, assailed the League of Nations as striking down American constitutional principles, and proposed a new world organization, which, he said, "would preserve the Monroe doctrine and save America from the results of European intrigue and aggression."

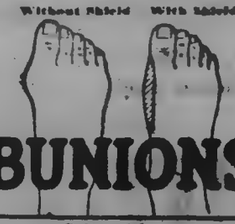
He said the constitution of such an international coalition should primarily declare war an international crime, and stipulate that any nation engaging in it, except in self-defence, be punished by the world as an international criminal. He also suggested that the constitution provide that international disputes be decided by an international court, according to an international code defining war; that no nation could summon another before the court unless the subject under discussion was of common concern to the contending nations, and that jurisdiction of the court do not extend to matters of Governmental policy.

Divide World in Two.

Among other suggestions for the constitution, Senator Knox said it should provide that the countries of the two hemispheres be called upon to enforce decrees of the international court only in their respective hemispheres.

"A league framed on these broad lines," he continued, "would carry with it a minimum loss of our sovereignty, would relieve us from participation in the broils of Europe, would preserve the Monroe doctrine, and would save America from the results of European intrigue and aggression."

Without Shield With Shield



BUNIONS

Relieved by Dr. Scholl's Bunion Reducer Shield

This appliance has a peculiar concave shape, purposely so formed to fit snugly over joint and eliminate friction and pressure from footwear, and at the same time also prevents the enlarged joint from forcing the shoe out of shape.

Is superior to old-fashioned leather and felt protectors, as it is made from antiseptic rubber, and being worn right on bunion inside hosiery, it excludes air, forms and retains a moisture pocket which keeps the joint soft and pliable, removes that hard skin or callous that so often accompanies and increases the irritability of the enlargement, also reduces inflamed condition.

Made in three sizes and for right and left foot. Price 35c each, $1.00 per pair.

Sold by RELIABLE SHOE DEALERS

Free booklet "Treatment and Care of the Feet," mailed to any address on request. There is a Dr. Scholl Appliance for every foot ailment.

The Scholl Mfg. Co., Ltd. 112 Adelaide St., East, Toronto. Also Chicago, New York, London, Eng.

SCHOLL Eases the Feet

COLLEGE PROFESSOR SCOFFS AT NEW LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Sir Andrew MacPhail Says Such a Combination of Powers Failed to Save Belgium From Outrage by Germans.

Halifax, March 3.—The guarantors who could not protect Belgium were not likely to be more effective in the future with Hottentots and Chinamen added to their ranks, said Sir Andrew MacPhail, professor of history at McGill University, in the course of a statement on the League of Nations scheme, given to newspapermen upon his arrival here on the Lapland.

Sir Andrew is returning after two years spent with the medical staff of the Second Canadian Division. He said that there was very little interest being taken in the Peace Conference in England, where the opinion prevailed that the League of Nations would keep the peace, so long as the nations were disposed to keep it and no longer. As for the contribution made by the United States, Sir Andrew said, nowhere was appreciation of the American effort so high as in the British army, which alone knew the magnitude of the services rendered and the extent of the difficulties overcome.

It is his opinion that the Germans are a shattered people and knew that their idols are fallen. He thought it probable that the "Rhine would be held indefinitely and that the Huns would be left to work out their own salvation."

Situation in England.

The unrest in England, said Sir Andrew, was merely the reaction that had come to the country after being bathed in blood for four years. The people were face to face with a new economic system. In times gone by the whole world worked for England, and dumped on her shores, food, raw material and more or less finished goods. That had been stopped, and now commodities were scarce and dear, and wages as they always did, were lagging behind.

The services of Canada were recognized in England to the fullest, and with Lord Milner and Col. C. S. Amery at the Colonial Office the political development of the Dominion was assured a safe and regular course, said the professor.

Discussing the Canadian medical service in England, Sir Andrew stated it was now running with all the smoothness of a university. The attacks upon the service, which were so common in the beginning, had long since ceased, and the care of Canadian sick and wounded from the front line back to Canada had been a model for all the forces.

Soldiers to Merge.

With reference to the returned soldier, Sir Andrew stated that he, the soldier, appreciated fully all that was being done in the matter of his return to civil life.

In Dr. MacPhail's opinion the returning soldiers would not form a separate class, but would merge themselves into the community. The few agitators and malcontents needed not be too seriously regarded. As for the attitude of the veterans towards war, they insisted they would not go to war again unless it was a big one. The men returning on the Lapland were contented and glad to be home, and greatly interested to see what changes had taken place during the past four years. Everything possible had been done for their comforts on the trip across.

Major MacPhail is accompanied by his son, Capt. J. B. MacPhail, who went over as a sapper with the First Division and left as a brigade major with the engineers. He spent forty months in France.

Stratford board of health has removed the ban on dancing, which was imposed because of the "flu."

Of the 117 ships holding storage cargoes of grain at Buffalo at the close of last season, 71 have been unloaded.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens So Naturally Nobody Can Tell

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called 'Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound.' It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive.

NEW UNIVERSITY COURSE.

Arrangements Made With Labor Department for New Line of Study.

A new course for the training of employment managers is to be started in Toronto University. Sir Robert Falconer, president of the University, is arranging with the Department of Labor at Ottawa and the Ontario Labor Branch to institute such a course.

Since all large business concerns have their different kind of managers, such as sales manager, produce manager, financial manager, etc., it is felt that a manager to look after the human factor in the business is something that would appeal to manufacturers and large employers of labor. This particular man would have charge of the wages, hours of work and the promotions of the different employes, as well as looking after their interests so far as working conditions are concerned.

Kitchener firemen celebrate the end of their "years of confinement" at the firehalls by a banquet on the inauguration of the two-platoon system.

Brantford Social Service League is now caring for sixty-three children of twenty-one families whose fathers were carried off in the recent influenza epidemic.

Dr. J. M. Harper of Quebec, the eminent educationist and author, is dead as the result of being struck by a street car.

At Sarnia the dead body of a recently born baby boy was discovered.

HICKORY AS AID TO EDUCATION

CHICAGO TEACHERS DISCUSS QUESTION OF WHIPPING IN SCHOOLS.

Dear old golden rule days:
Readin' an' writin' an' 'rithmetick
Taught to the tune of a hickory stick—".

Whether to use that hickory stick—that old, familiar, hickory stick—on the youth of America almost excited 2,000 sedato pedagogues, masculine and feminine, at the Auditorium theatre at Chicago.

"No, don't!" was the impassioned argument of Kate Deveraux Blake, principal of school No. 6, New York city. "Love them into respect for the rights of others. Let the older folks learn to respect the rights of the child. The adults need most the education."

"Yes, do it!" was the affirmation of the champion of the old style type of educating with the rod, Frank S. Fosdick, principal of the Masten Park high school, Buffalo, N.Y. "Young America is growing to be a young barbarian and a bolshevik in embryo. We've got the job of counteracting the influence of 70 per cent. of the American homes."

Applause for Both.

Both got applause and excited whisperings indicated that a hornets' nest had been stirred up. It was the sensation of the morning at the convention of the National Education association. It came as a part of the speechmaking preliminary to the election of officers.

Prof. Fosdick became so enthusiastic over his subject that he threw down his manuscript with the remark, "Oh, I'm tied down with this manuscript. I've got to cut loose." And "cut loose" he did.

Prof. Fosdick started the fireworks. It was at the conference on "Training Pupils for Citizenship" and he was speaking of teaching pupils respect for properly constituted authority. Here were some of his "ringers":

"A wave of disrespect for law is sweeping the country. If it affected the old people, it wouldn't be so bad, as time and some first class funerals would solve the problem."

"The daddies and mammas of America are fast becoming bossees. You know who is boss."

"Precious darlin' soon learns that a howl or a sulk at the right time sends the parental slaves higher than a German Fokker with a Yank underneath him."

"The Teacher's Job."

"It's the teacher's job to give the pupil an idea of a worth while life, and not turn boys into wildwest performers, or girls into theatre ushers."

"You can't be a successful teacher if you expect to be a little tin god on wheels, seeking only adulation."

"No great movement was ever born on a band wagon. Get a vision and get to work quietly. Then you will start something."

"Gen. Pershing asked for 2,000 volunteers for the most dangerous mission in France. Out of 4,000 war weary men asked, 4,000 responded. Two thousand were sent to Paris, turned loose there on the streets for half a day, after the Lafayette parade; and almost every man left the town clean as when he went into it. We want that kind of American manhood."

Five more divorces are to come before Parliament.

VETERANS ASKED TO INVESTIGATE

EACH BRANCH SHOULD TAKE UP QUESTION OF LOCAL PENSIONS.

Far from objecting to criticism or queries the Board of Pension Commissioners will welcome injuiries and statements from groups of returned men who are interested in any particular case.

All the Board requests is that such inquiries should be submitted in proper form and that they come from a qualified committee of investigation rather than from miscellaneous individuals.

The reason for this is that frequently as many as seven or eight people will write in with reference to one case. Obviously it is impossible for the time of officials of the Board to be taken up in replying individually to everyone relative to the same case.

A suggestion has been made, however, and in many instances it is already working with success, that members of the G.W.V.A. should form themselves in different localities into "Committees of Investigation" or "Pension Committees" so that any member or person having a grievance, misunderstanding or complaint with regard to pensions shall bring it up at such committee and the head thereof may submit such complaint or misunderstanding on a special form to Board of Pension Commissioners at Ottawa.

This done the Board will undertake to send back a complete description of the case as to how it stands and why the award was made and the disabilities discovered by medical investigation.

In cases where this has already been done members of such committees have expressed entire satisfaction with the findings of the Medical Board.

LADY LAURIER DECLINES AID

DOES NOT REQUIRE PENSION FROM PARLIAMENT, REPORT NOW SAYS.

Ottawa, March 3.—It is understood that the Government has tendered to Lady Laurier the offer of a pension and that she has declined it. It would appear that Sir Wilfrid's estate was of considerable value, due largely to the fact that some twenty years ago a number of Liberal friends arranged for him an annuity of some $5,000. Sir Wilfrid died in harness, and had been drawing his sessional indemnity, and his allowance as leader, which have been sufficient to meet the demands of his simple life. The annuity has therefore been practically untouched, and has been accumulating through careful investments. In addition his property on Laurier avenue, which originally cost in the neighborhood of $7,000, is now valued at probably $40,000.

Altogether Lady Laurier is in quite comfortable, if not opulent, circumstances, and is not in need of the nation's bounty.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 20 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario
Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.
R. MOORE, D. CAMERON, Inspectors. PHONE 14

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$10.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.60

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

Purity Flour is a high-grade flour because every care is used to make it so.

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos. Flour 15, 16, 17, 18; Cereal 2-009.

"Purity Oats Make Better Porridge"

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

TRADE UNIONS THE HOPE OF THE WORLD AGAINST BOLSHEVISM

Capt. J. H. Burnham in a Speech in Parliament Says Labor Organizations Today, Made Up as They Are of Sensible Men, Are so Many Guarantees of National Safety.

Speaking in Parliament on the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P., spoke as follows:

Mr. Speaker, I should like to join in the congratulations to the mover and the seconder of the address. It is a long time since I have listened to what I presume we may dignify by the name of a speech by an honorable member such as we have just heard, because it strikes me as being an adaptation of the writings of the Fenian press of the United States in their attack on President Wilson for attending the King's banquet. I may, however, be doing the hon. member for North Essex (Mr. Kennedy) an injustice, and that I should do him an injustice, in the budding moment of his distinguished career, I should like to ask him if he disapproves of Sir Robert Borden's accepting the invitation of the King of England and of the British Dominions overseas to that banquet to which he so caustically referred. Will the hon. gentleman answer me that question?

Mr. LANCOT : No.

Mr. BURNHAM : If he had, it would have been about the only original part of his speech. The rest I have read in the Gambyist Fenian press of the United States which has been forwarded to me at different times to show me what the Irish do along the border. I am inclined to think, to do justice to the present leader of the Opposition (Mr. Mackenzie), that he will administer some slight and significant rebuke for that display of politics. The light which has been held out by the Opposition is, I presume, "The Light That Failed." To me it is a very singular thing that the sum total of the brilliance of the Opposition, the attraction indeed for all those erring ones, should consist in an old candle stuck in the back door of the Opposition cabin. So that, to my mind, is not doing justice to the attractive power of the Opposition and it certainly does not look well to leaders abroad who will suppose that all that can be heralded out by way of an attraction is something stuck in the back door of an edifice of that description.

I wish, however, with your permission, Mr. Speaker, to turn to something more important. The chief question now before the county and indeed, before the world is reconstruction. I will, however, confine myself to one phase of that, namely, to the standard of living, to the living wage, to that wage which the lowest, simplest form of honest labor should receive in order that it may maintain the standard of life to which we all agree it is entitled. The wage earner has evolved from a long historic past. In the early days of England, he was a member of the family, when the work performed by the family was done in the family. By and by he became a member of the clan, when the work was done by the clan, by the blood relations. Afterwards this was extended to the guild, to those associations of men who united for the purpose of prosecuting industry. And so it advanced from time to time until the period of the plague in England in 1346-47, when nearly one-half of the people of England, died of the plague, and this so nearly upset the industrial conditions of England at that time that the laborer as he was known then, wandered in an unorganized and indefinite way over the country so much so that the Statute of Laborers was enacted which compelled him to root himself once more to one spot and to confine his exertions to that area and which also compelled him to accept a certain specific wage.

As time went on, however, the consideration of the people for each other changed. What was regarded as strictly an economic question dawned upon the people as an ethical question. It was not so much a question of life, and it has grown to be that more and more, so that we have to-day in England, in France, even in the United States, in Australia, and in New Zealand, legislation of a character that has gone very far in elevating the condition of what it known as the common people. Canada has unfortunately hitherto lagged far behind. The reason of that is no doubt that we are a young country with great natural resources and much prosperity due largely to our abundance. That has probably not yet caused a condition which would warrant the measures that have been made use of in the older countries; but if the seeds of poverty, if the seeds of disintegration are here, it only requires time to bring them into growth, and it is well for us to provide against such a contingency by learning from the experience of other people. The most singular thing is that in a country like England, of such Conservative tendencies, there should have been such haste to remedy the errors of the past.

The British people are, of course, a kindly, well-intentioned people, and so soon as it was brought home to them that it was necessary for them to improve the condition of the people, and to show some interest in them, they hastened to do so. We had first of all, the Notification of Births' Act in 1907, by which for the first time in England it was compulsory, in all cases of births, for notice to be sent to the district medical officer, in order that registration might duly occur and some notice be taken of the birth. This had the effect of enabling the medical official and through him the Government, to know exactly the condition in which those children were born, and to render the children and the mothers some assistance. This worked a miracle in England. Thousands and tens of thousands of children who would have died at this period through neglect and ignorance were for the first time taken care of by an intelligent government.

Then there was the Education Act, another far-reaching Act, under which the school children in the cities were provided for the first time with play grounds or breathing spaces. Then we had the system of national insurance, insuring people against unemployment, against sickness, and even against under-employment. I am citing these measures simply to show how very attentive the British people are at the present time to the elevation of the common people from the low standard of life at which they have lived for so long. It is recognized now for the first time that the common people—the unskilled laborer, the man who is compelled to take what he can get—are entitled to something better. The lowest form of honest labor, if it is to be recognized at all, and it surely must be recognized, ought to receive some consideration on the ethical basis of a proper standard of life.

I have here a report of the American Federation of Labor which represents the most intelligent ideas of labor in America, and very largely the ideas of labor the world over. Their ideas are summed up as follows:

> There is no such thing as good wages without the cost of living in decency and comfort equalize the wages received. There must be no reduction in wages; in many instances wages must be increased. The workers of the nation demand a living wage for all wage earners skilled or unskilled, a wage which will enable the worker and his family to live in health and comfort, provide a competence for illness and old age and afford to all the opportunity of cultivating the best that is in them.

It seems strange indeed that anybody should rise in the House and endeavor to call the attention of hon. members to the simple principle here enunciated. The simple principle, it is true, has been acknowledged in theory, has been made use of in discussions in the pulpit, but beyond that it has not been made use of at all. The principle of a living wage, of a decent standard of life for the lowest form of honest labor, has never yet been recognized in this country as necessary recompense of all forms of labor, but when that day comes it will mean something new for labor. It will mean hope. There is nothing unreasonable in the contention of labor, because once this zero mark has been ascertained, they are quite willing that labor above and beyond that mark shall be allowed to take care of itself. Above that mark wages will be paid according to the skill and competence of the laborer. That proposition seems to me entirely reasonable. Those who are below that mark are either weak or wicked, and have to be taken care of.

They come under the denomination of the unemployed, the under-employed, the criminal or the wastrel. What is to be done with them is another matter; that is a question of reform in connection with detention farms and kindred schemes for their improvement. But that is not the question I am considering tonight, since it involves the consideration of the weakness of the people and that does not come under a business arrangement. If it is once practically recognized by the people of this country that the lowest form of honest labor is entitled to such a wage as will maintain it in efficiency and in decency, then the point is gained and the greatest stroke of reconstruction that could be accomplished. Permit me to repeat that it is such a self-evident proposition that it seems singular anybody should wish to call attention to it, but, practically, the principle has not yet been admitted. But when that time comes, in that one simple fact as set out by the American Federation of Labor, and as set out by all the recent authorities on political economy which I have been able to consult, will be found the solution of the problem. Trades unionism up to a few years ago was a criminal offence; but that the people should have the right to combine for the consideration of their own affairs and for their own protection was [illegible] allowed. Then the time came when, to the wonderment of our people here there was introduced in the old country by no less a man than Lloyd George himself the revolutionary measure of imposing a tax upon the site value, the unearned increment of idle land being appropriated by a supertax to the use of the state, in order that the fundamental principle of the worthiness of work should be finally recognized.

One thing more is necessary. I have here a Bill passed by the Imperial Parliament prescribing a minimum rate of wages during a limited period and repealing certain provisions of the Act relating to workers on war munitions. A Bill of that description fixing a minimum wage would be considered in this country such a tremendous step in advance that it would cause a great deal of trepidation. The minimum wage however, has been discovered not to be the solution of the difficulty, for if a man receives ten dollars a day that is of no consequence if it does not provide him and his family of three children which is usually taken as the unit, with a proper standard of living. On the other hand, if he receives only one dollar a day and that provides him with the proper means of existence, it is enough; so that a minimum wage has really nothing to do with the case. The sole and only contention is that the lowest form of labor, since we must begin from some definite point, shall be considered entitled to a proper standard of living. That proposition is not only economically sound, but surely all decent and Christian people will agree to it; and when it has been incorporated in legislation, as it undoubtedly will be in course of time, labor will have achieved what it has been striving for. It is trades unionism that is the hope of this world against Bolshevism. The trades unions are fighting Bolshevism. The trades unions are an organization of sensible labor men doing their level best. It was the trades unions that furnished more than half the men who fought the battles of this war. The Bolshevik would upset all organized labor of any kind. Therefore it is time for the Government to pay due and proper attention to the contentions of the trades unions and endeavor to place them as nearly as possible upon a thoroughly sound and economic basis. But that basis must have in it the pre ethical spirit, for if it is going to have simply the principle of taking what you can get—the old system of plunder—it is simply the curse of modern and industrial conditions known as profit. It seems to be a very absurd thing that anybody should speak against profit as I have done many times in this House, but profit is the taking of that for which no equivalent is given, and the man who takes that for which he does not give an equivalent is a Bolshevik. We are asked to eliminate from the world these conditions and to do away with that spirit of plunder, and in our dealing to restore a fair equivalent in trade or exchange. The establishment of so simple a thing as a standard of decent living for all honest sensible men—for all these have to be fairly considered units of humanity, units in the industrial world—and the doing away with the desire to take what we can lay our hands on without regard to the justice of the case, means the making of a new world.

WEST WANTS RAILWAY.

Ottawa, March 3. — A resolution favoring the immediate completion of the Hudson Bay Railway was adopted for presentation to the Government by a special committee of Western members named at the Western Unionist caucus on Wednesday to take this matter up with the Government.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease

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Never judge a man's knowledge by what he SAYS. Wait till you see what he can DO. He may know how to do his work, but be unable to make good because his eyesight is too poor to make him fully efficient. Dr. Fowler would correct all that and make you a 100% man in short order. Let him examine your eyes and prove it.

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Rubbers That Duplicate all the Newest Styles in Footwear

ONE of the distinct advantages of having a great organization like the Dominion Rubber System specialize on rubbers is—that they are able and willing to provide styles and shapes for every shoe for men, women and children.

The shoe stores know that when their new spring styles in footwear are ready, the Dominion Rubber System has anticipated their needs and provided rubbers to perfectly fit every shoe.

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It means the ease and comfort which properly fitted rubbers give to the feet. It means true economy, because both shoes and rubbers wear better and last longer when the fit is trim and snug.

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DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

DOMINION DOMINION

MAYOR DUNCAN PLEDGES SUPPORT TO THE HYDRO

Seconds Resolution Which Promises Help to Carry Radial By-Laws in Western Ontario.

Toronto, March 3. —The immediate commencement of work in connection with the construction of a radial line from Toronto, westerly through Brampton, Guelph, Kitchener, Stratford, St. Mary's and on to London under the direction of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario was endorsed at an executive meeting of the Commission held at the Provincial Head Office of the Hydro System last week. The motion was presented by Mr. A. F. Wilson of Markham and seconded by Mr. G. P. Hamilton, of Guelph. It was pointed out that the municipalities affected by this line had passed by-laws to the extent of millions of dollars providing for the construction of the line and that the money for the work was available. The work would also provide employment for large numbers of returned men.

A resolution asking for the repeal of Clause 9A of the Hydro-Electric Railway Act which held up construction during the years of the war was passed and copies are to be sent to the various municipalities for their endorsment and to the Government.

A second resolution by Mr. W. B. Burgoyne, of St. Catharines, and Mayor George H. Duncan, of Peterborough, was adopted pledging the support of the Association in helping to carry radial railway by-laws in Hamilton, Saltfleet and Nelson.

Some Decreases In Cost

A resolution of far-reaching effect was passed which aims at making the Provincial Hydro-Electric Power Commission a body with more of a permanent character to it, such as the Board of Railway Commissioners of Canada. It was pointed out that large sums of money were invested in the work of the Commission and that it would be well to have it a body elected for a term of years.

The statistical report of the Niagara system of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario shows that, despite the war, the fiscal year ending October 31, 1918, was the best in the history of the Commission. Since 1914 there have been several decreases in the cost of power but not a single increase to any municipality. The maximum power used during the years when munitions were being manufactured was 149,000 h.p. There are now 134 municipalities using power from the transmission and the average h.p. used is 156,828.8. After all charges including sinking fund, have been met, the next surplus is $194,443.10

A further statement shows that the total reserve on this system, including surplus and sinking fund of $1,959,939.09, are divided as follows: Reserve for renewals, $1,046,692.70; contingencies, $59,168.17; sinking fund, $310,139.46; net surplus, $413,937.76.

BRITISH ARMY STRENGTH.

Two and a Half Millions Today, but Being Reduced.

London, March 3. — The British army at home and abroad, exclusive of the force in India, now numbers 2,500,000 men, and is being reduced to 952,000, according to a white paper issued by the Government.

The army on the Rhine, including troops in France and Belgium, will consist, after demobilization, of 23,600 officers and 350,000 men. The armies of the middle east will be as follows: Italy, 600 officers and 10,000 men; Bulgaria, Turkey and Caucasus, 4,850 officers and 75,000 men of the British army and 1,150 officers and 19,500 men of the Indian army; Egypt and Palestine, 3,750 officers and 56,500 men of the British army and 2,750 officers and 40,000 men of the Indian army; Mesopotamia and Northern Persia, 1,750 officers and 28,950 men from the British army and 4,600 officers and 59,000 men from the Indian army.

The home and colonial establishment, including troops in Russia, will consist of 15,000 officers and 225,000 men. At the present time 1,150,000 men of the British army are being demobilized and also 78,000 men of the Indian army, and 825,000 men from the Dominions.

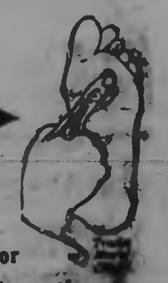
SUGGESTS PLACE FOR GEN. CURRIE

LONDON PAPER NAMES HIM FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP OF MALTA.

London, March 3.—The Evening News suggests that General Sir Arthur Currie should receive the governorship of Malta, shortly to be made vacant through the retirement of Lord Methuen.

"Up to the present," says The News "however great the services of the colonial general have been, he has been rigidly excluded from any military position outside of his own Dominion. The time has come to break down this state of things."

In the past month Sudbury board of trade has added more than 100 new members.



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has perfected a special appliance, known as the

Anterior Metatarsal Arch Support

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WANTED—At once, route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

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FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar Street. Apply 586 Rubidge St.

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TO RENT—Small house. Apply 266 Wescott street.

LOST.

LOST—Scotch collie, bitch, tan and white. Any one found harboring this dog will be prosecuted. Finder communicate with 35 Crescent street.

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Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 126 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. [illegible]

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THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 3.—Receipts were quite heavy; trade dull at the opening, but prices ruled fairly steady.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.50
Medium butcher cows	8.50	10.00
Ewes	10.00	10.50
Lambs	16.50	17.25
Hogs fed and watered	18.00	18.00
Hogs, f o b	17.25	17.25
Calves	16.75	17.25

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	4
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	4
Butter	58	5
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	31 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	23 00	23 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	19	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

A Difference.

"You used to call yourself a Socialist."

"Very true. But I was only a firecracker Socialist. I liked a few harmless conversational explosions, but I draw the line at dynamite."

Time is an aviator—it flies.

Time is a thief—it robs us of our joys.

Time is a top—the whirligig of time.

Time is a tattletale—it tells on one.

Time is impatient—it waits for no man.

Time is vindictive—"I wasted time," mourned King Richard II., "and now time doth waste me."

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line west.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

3:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

She Loved Two Countries

MISS BETHAM-EDWARDS, whose death at Hastings has been recently announced, merits a very honorable place in the annals of our time. She was a voluminous and popular writer on many subjects, but the greater part of her work as the best of it, was inspired by one strong motive, the bringing about of a better understanding between Frenchmen and Englishmen. More than a quarter of a century before anything had been heard of the Entente Cordiale she was working towards that end, and unconsciously through a long life she held firm to the same purpose. Only second to her strong interest in France—before it in point of time and just as durable—was her delight in English country life, which found happy expression in various novels with East Anglian backgrounds.

Matilda, Barbara Betham-Edwards was born at the old manor-house of Westfield Hall, near Ipswich, in 1836, the daughter of Edward Edwards, a gentleman farmer. The Betham of her name, which she derived from her mother, the daughter of Sir William Betham, she specially prized, though, characteristically, not as marking her connection with an old family of distinction, but because it had literary associations. Above all did she value her mother's early friendship with Mary Lamb. But the B initial was destined to cause great confusion between herself and her first cousin and lifelong friend, Amelia B. Edwards, the well-known romance writer and Egyptologist. Between the two the public persevering-ly, and often inconveniently, refused to distinguish. Educated at home, and mostly by herself, she began her literary life precociously with "The White House by the Sea" (1857), written when she was twenty, and accepted promptly by a London publisher, to whom it was sent through the medium of the local grocer.

That novel, which is still read, was followed quickly by several others published anonymously — "John and I" (1862), "Dr. Jacob" (1864), "Lisabee's Love Story" (1865), etc. Her genial humor, her first-hand knowledge of English and French rural life, along with a distinct gift of narrative, creditably account for her long popularity as a writer of fiction, sustained up to quite recent years.

Her acquaintance with country life was not that of a mere looker-on. After her father's death she was for some time a real, serious farmer. Relations, neighbors, or the headman showed her the samples of corn and bought the live stock, she tells us in her "Reminiscences" (1898), and so, unlike the famous Bathsheba, whom Miss Edwards never altogether believed in, she did not go to market. Otherwise, the Suffolk women farmers, numerous in those days, were very practical folks indeed. The life was congenial to her, yet it was during this period that her instinctive revolt against the autocratic powers that rule in an English country parish developed into conscious opinion.

On the death of her sister and partner the last tie to Suffolk was broken, and she made a deep plunge into the London literary world. She was eminently sociable, had a talent for friendship and a living interest in progressive movements. All the Liberal "salons" of the time were open to her—that of Madame Bodichon, pioneer of women's education, that of the Peter Taylors, the good friends of Italian refugees, while later she had an entree to the famous gatherings of George Henry Lewes and George Eliot. Of her hosts and hostesses, of the men and women of their circles, the Rev. W. E. Channing, Bradlaugh, Louis Blanc, Turgueneff, Bononi, and others she jotted down bright sketches in her "Reminiscences"; and her remembrances, save in the solitary case of Browning, were all touched by kindliness.

Miss Betham-Edwards was a woman of strong feelings, strong opinions, and strong prejudices. In her detestation of Romanism she was as hearty and as British as that other East Anglican, George Borrow. It was not Romanism as a religious faith she disapproved of — indeed, theology and all kindred matters had no interest at all for her intensely practical mind—but Romanism as expressed in a hierarchy, implying the confessional, interference in family affairs, the substitution in any degree of the priestly for the personal conscience. In short, it was British individuality far more than religious preference which inspired her strong Protestantism. This influenced her judgment of France; it did not warp it. Many Catholics she counted among her most valued friends; but one has only to read her "Home Life in France" to perceive that her most sympathetic observations were made in the very intelligent but circumscribed Protestant bourgeoise circles. Yet her record is not distorted thereby, inasmuch as her point of view is always stated with the utmost frankness.

For some years Miss Betham-Edwards had been in receipt of a civil list pension, and she always had numerous appreciation from her confreres in England and in France. On the attainment of her literary jubilee in 1907 she was presented with a testimonial from a wide circle of writers and friends. Until almost the end she remained sensitively in touch with the events of the day, and during the war had produced fresh literary work on France and the French, notably "Hearts of Alsace," published in 1915. — Manchester Guardian.

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THE REVIEW

Hunter Street

Mackensen Was Interned.

An Ignominious Ending To His Military Career

ONE of the best known of the German generals is Marshal Mackensen, the youngest of Germany's marshals, whose work was confined to the eastern area and who was usually called upon when sledge-hammer blows were necessary against Russia. Mackensen was in command when the Germans overwhelmed Roumania. He was never employed in the west, so far as the British and French were concerned. There is a curious story that his name comes from some Scottish ancestors, Mackenzie, and that he objected to fighting against those of his own flesh and blood. But the remarkable result is that he alone, though the most successful of Germany's commanders, is now suffering internment in Austria.

The arrest of Mackensen was accompanied by certain picturesque circumstances which apart from the particular trouble, would have been unusually impressive. He was in an elaborate special train with all his staff and a great retinue, dressed and decorated as in the days of their supreme success. As the train pulled up at Budapest station many German officers in mufti, who had been waiting on the platform, entered the saloon cars and informed the marshal and his officers of the trouble ahead. The station had been surrounded by Hungarian troops with one-half dozen machine guns. The engine was detached from the train, and a Hungarian major informed the marshal that he would be given ten minutes to decide whether he would proceed to the Hungarian Parliament to discuss particulars of his internment or be arrested forthwith.

Punctually at the expiration of the allotted time Mackensen decided to accompany the major to the Parliament, where he was received in state by Count Karolyi and informed that, according to the treaty concluded by Hungary with the Entente General d'Esperey, Hungary was obliged to intern him and his army. Mackensen made vigorous protests, urging that he had received instructions from the German Armistice Commission to the effect that the armistice concluded in the west was posterior to that concluded by Hungary with Gen. d'Esperey. According to this treaty, he urged, he had the right to be repatriated with his entire army fully armed. But his contentions were disregarded and he was forthwith interned.

GEN. VON MACKENSEN.

At a station near Vienna several hundred officers and men of Mackensen's army were awaiting orders. A British colonel who asked one of the men if he spoke French was greeted by a chorus of replies in that tongue from a company of troops from Alsace-Lorraine, who seemed perfectly delighted with the prospect of going home. They showed the colonel, to the intense annoyance and displeasure of their own officers standing by, how they had removed all German emblems from their uniforms. Their joy was destined to be short in view of the decision to intern Mackensen and his army, though at that time they were so uncertain as to what would happen that they desired to show themselves in the public gaze in Vienna, being in this respect so different from the thousands of Mackensen's troops who passed through the city in the dead of night in order to avoid contact with the public.

Whatever may be the present circumstances of Mackensen's army, the marshal himself can hardly regard his fate as unpleasant, as he is interned in a castle and park some 17 miles from Budapest on the beautiful estate of Count Karolyi.

An Unpleasant Name.

Born in Austria twenty-one years ago, Jacob Heil, a clerk in the New York postoffice, stood it as long as he could and then applied to have his name changed to Jacob Hill. Permission was granted. In his petition Heil recited that his name was "often mistaken for a term of profanity and caused your petitioner's character to be besmirched."

The Albatross.

The albatross spends its life, with the exception of a few weeks given each year to nesting, entirely at sea, and is on the wing practically all the time.

Women Drivers.

More than sixteen municipal tramway undertakings throughout the United Kingdom employ women drivers, Glasgow alone having 220 of them.

Don't Tease Child.

Teasing has ruined the disposition of many a child. The parents are not likely to be guilty of such conduct, but older children in the family, or some other relative, may make the child's life utterly miserable by constant teasing. A thoughtless adult, intending to be playful, will keep a child struggling for some object, almost allowing him to get it over and over again, only to thwart the child's purpose, and so causing a wearing irritation.

Spoke the Truth.

There is war fiction and war fiction, but the best of it is that which is never published, according to a second lieutenant of a labor regiment somewhere in the S.O.S., whose special duty it is to censor the letters of his organization. "As I lay there I could hear the Germans talking in low tones. They were so near that I could have put my hand out and touched them." This was the way a man in a labor regiment began a letter to his best girl back home. It was a letter which would have made the heart of anybody's best girl jump with pride. The censoring lieutenant had had some trouble with certain members of his command who persisted in writing glowing accounts of incidents which had never happened, so he determined to make an immediate example in this case. When the man stood before him he asked him what he meant by writing such a letter. "Everything I have written is true," was the reply. "I was merely telling about the German prisoners we have workin' in this camp."

A Coincidence.

The works of Arthur Hugh Clough, the centenary of whose birth you noticed the other day, writes a London correspondent, provide an interesting example of literary coincidence. In 1849, writing of the Italian bid for freedom in the previous year, he expressed himself thus:

What voice did on my spirit fall,
Peschiera, when thy bridge I crost?
'Tis better to have fought and lost,
Than never to have fought at all.

In 1850 Tennyson published "In Memoriam" with its famous lines:

'Tis better to have loved and lost,
Than never to have loved at all.

Nothing New Under the Sun.

Dr. Ralph H. McKee, professor of chemical engineering at Columbia University, claims honor for a new drying process by which meat may be kept unimpaired for food use almost indefinitely, freshness being restored by the mere application of water. American papers says that by this discovery more ancient meats may be eaten than ever before. Klondikers of '98 who reveled in mastodon steaks will be inclined to dispute the assertion.

Solved Milk Problem.

The milk problem appears in a way to be solved by an Englishman, who inserts this ad. in a paper: Wanted, youth to milk and wash motor car.

Doing Well.

Pat was digging at his field, which turned out a very rough piece of land. A policeman, looking over the gate, inquired whether he would get any potatoes off it this season. "Well," replied Pat, rather cheerfully, "I have 50 stones out up to the present."

Clocks That Speak.

Clocks without hands or faces are now common in Switzerland. The timepiece stands in the hall, and, when a button is pressed, by means of phonographic arrangements it calls out "Half-past five" or "Five minutes to nine," as the case may be.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

SAY-FRIEND-YOU ARE WASTIN' TIME THERE-
I KNOW THAT!
THERE ISN'T ANY FISH IN THAT LAKE-
AND I KNOW THAT!
BUT IT'S BETTER THAN BEIN' HOME CLEANIN' OUT THE FURNACE!

VETERANS IN BASEBALL MANAGED TO COME BACK

Cicotte and Quinn Two of These—Careful Conditioning Gave Them Edge Over the Youngsters.

(By George S. Robbins.)

Youth doesn't always triumph in baseball and veterans often come back, blazing a brilliant trail in fields where failure formerly marked their efforts. Two such "comebacks" have appeared on the Chicago White Sox in recent years—Eddie Cicotte and Jack Quinn. One was termed a failure on the Boston Red Sox but led in White Sox to the highest pinnacle in the American league in a notable victory over the very club that had turned him away. Keeping in condition aided both these players in their impressive comebacks.

The career of Quinn has been replete with disappointments, yet this brawny fellow fooled a lot of people by coming back brilliantly and impressively. Several years ago Quinn, a members of the New York Yankees, was termed a failure and relegated to oblivion, as some imagined. Today he is about the most discussed ball player in the game and a subject of bitter contention between two of the wealthiest club owners in baseball.

Slow in Showing Form.

It may be interesting to know that Cicotte failed to win his greatest measure of success in the early period of his career. He failed to show marks of a world champion flinger in several years' service at Boston.

Eddie was nearly thirty-three years old when he gained the reputation of being the pace setter in the American league His feat of hurling the White Sox to an American league championship enabled that team to enter the world's competition and capture a flag.

"Why did Boston let Cicotte get away from it?" was asked soon after this pitcher had been sold to the White sox.

"Couldn't Win for Red Sox."

"He couldn't win ball games for the Red Sox and that was all there was to it," replied one of the Hub writers who evidently was cognizant of the entire reason for Eddie's being cut off John I. Taylor's pay roll.

Cicotte was accused of slipping into renown via the so called "shine ball' route but it is now pretty well conceded by a majority of wise baseball men in the American league that this foxy pitcher deserved all the success that came his way in 1917. Whether he will have another such season is a problem the future must decide. Eddie long has been known as a pitcher who takes good care of himself.

Probably in all the annals of baseball no player has flashed in on the major league scene so suddenly after being counted a down and out minor leaguer as Jack Quinn.

How Old is Quinn?

"How old is Quinn?" was asked of a baseball authority and it was not surprisin gthat the latter was ponplused by the query.

Here is a player who was with the Yankees several seasons ago and had as eventless career and when old, as they come and go in the majors, was turned back to the minors. The New York club officials thought Quinn had gone for keeps. They imagined him too old to reappear as a championship entity in the big show. They had forgotten all about this player and it doesn't take Broadway long to forget him either.

At the ripe old baseball age of thirty-five Quinn has come back and actually has made Broadway take note of him once more. He's the most discussed player on Miller Huggins' roster of pitchers. Any hurler able to make Charles A. Comiskey threaten to go to court over his ownership must be some pumpkins in Ban Johnson's big garden, they thought Quinn has been awarded to the Yankees by the national commission.

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PROPOSE COURT FOR BASEBALL

NEW IDEA FOR GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL GAME IS ANNOUNCED

Baseball may be governed in the future by a court of baseball, which will be composed of three members, none of whom will have any affiliations with major or minor leagues. The plan is to obliterate the present form of national commission in favor of three unbiased judges. President league is the father of the idea and it is understood he is working tooth and nail to put it across. He admits the plans are in the making and that he has discussed the project with President John Heydler of the National league, who has expressed himself in favor of it.

The proposed court of baseball is to be granted more power than the national commission had. Its jurisdiction is to extend throughout the country. It is to have the right to rule on all cases of dispute that arise among club owners, major and minor; players and clubs, leagues, and is to be instituted with the power to decide all cases, such as the recent Hal Chase farce. In addition the question of gambling at the ball parks is to be placed in its hands and the members are to see personally that the betting on ball games in the different parks is eliminated.

One of the ideas of the new court of baseball is to banish all politics from the national game. The three men invested with the power to make decisions will be free from any connections with clubs or leagues. A case that is put before them will be weighed and decided the same as it were taken to the highest court in the land. With this sort of governing body magnates, players and leagues will be in no position to criticize.

Boy Wanted.

Office Boy—Your wife is at the telephone, sir.

Boss—Tell her I'm out for the afternoon.

Office Boy—He says to tell you he's ont for the afternoon.

The youth is not always served in baseball was proved by the case Quinn who came back and pushed rings around any of the youngsters in the closing chapters of the American league war drama last season. The secret of Jack's impressive comeback is simply this: While many youngsters were frittering away their time in fast living and self-indulgence this big fellow was taking care of himself—keeping in condition and simply biding his time to check in on his winning asset. That time came when the country was head overheels in the world war and today Jack Quinn is reaping the harvest of a long period of training to come back to the big show. He was the best pitcher in the league last August. He may rank among the topnotchers in 1919.

Ekos Champions Five Pin League

Is the recent five pin league at the Water Street Alleys, the Eko Club five came ont on the top of the mound, after fighting many hard matches during the contest. The High Rollers and Maple Leafs are tied for second place and will play off at a future date.

Individual prize winners were:

High average—R. Ross, 189.

High Single—A. Fielder, 300.

High three games,—J. Gillespie, 703.

Following are the averages and standing of the teams.

Eko Club	Games	Average
Solomon	27	178
Fielder	27	176
Langley	15	174
Jackson	26	166
Stansfield	27	154
Browett	6	159
Seaton	6	159
Maple Leafs		
Miller	26	170
Henderson	27	170
Flemming	6	168
Tocket	22	161
Cocks	21	158
Cummings	27	143
High Rollers		
Early	6	186
Hearlip	27	172
Gettas	18	172
Scheffel	12	165
Barrett	24	163
Thompson	23	152
Thomas	25	152
Grocers		
Ross	27	187
Weber	19	175
Gillespie	27	172
Holt	27	165
Fitzpatrick	21	131
Dawson		151

Kitcheners Lose To St. Patricks

Toronto, March 3.—Showing a marked reversal of form, a splendid defence, and a systematic attack that would not be denied, St. Patrick's on Saturday night defeated Kitchener 3 to 1 and qualified to meet Hamilton in the O.H.A. senior finals. The result, which for the most part was totally unexperted, came like a shot from the blue, but even the most partisan supporters of the dethroned Allan Cup holders admitted that the better team won. St. Patrick's will play Tigers in Hamilton Wednesday night, with the return game here on Saturday.

The game, which was described by many old-timers as among the best ever seen here, was lightning fast throughout, and the crowd of 7,000 fans fairly shook the rafters with their cheering. The beaten team went into the contest brimful of confidence and forced the play from the face-off, but they could make no impression on the Cain-Heffernan-Crook defence. Parkes and Hillier came in time and again, but only spent their strength in efforts that failed to gain results. The line-up:

St. Patrick's—Goal, Crook; defence, Cain and Heffernan; left wing, Patterson; right wing, Muston; centre, Dye. Substitutes: Breen and Etherington.

Kitchener — Goal, Heinaworth; defence, Trashinski and Merrick; left wing, Hillman; centre, Hiller; right wing, Parkes. Substitutes: LeRoux and Karges.

Referee—T. Edmunds. Judge of play—L. Whitehead.

Prize Winners At George St. Alleys

The prize winners at the George street alleys last week were N. Charos, first in ten pins, P. Gettas, first in five pins, Don Sharpe, first in "B" Class. Good prizes will be given this week on the different alleys.

This Week's Bill At Water St. Alleys

Following are the games scheduled for this week in the Business Men's Ten Pin League:

Monday—High Rollers v. Matthews-Blackwell.

Tuesday—Can. Gen. Elec v. Grocers.

Wednesday—Printers v. De Laval.

Last week's prize winners in five pins were:

W. Scheffel, 740.

T. Barrett 723.

High scores during the week were:

Over 700—Scheffel, 740; Barette, 723; Gillespie, 702.

Over 600—R. Ross, 684; Gillespie, 684; McDonnell, 681; Rishea, 679; Barrette, 678; Lafave, 661.

Canadiens Win Deciding Game

Montreal, March 3.—By defeating Ottawa in the third game of the playoff for the N. H. L. championship by 6 to 3 at the Jubilee Rink Saturday night, Canadiens practically won the title and earned the right to travel to Vancouver to play for the historic Stanley Cup. Canadiens have defeated the Senators decisively in three matches within a week, and on past form should win at the Capital today when the fourth game will be played.

Lalonde by himself beat Ottawa, scoring five of his teams' six tallies. His work in directing his team practically accounted for the victory, and so appreciated was his work that immediately after the game he was presented with a bouquet of flowers as he stepped on the ice. The other Canadien goal was scored by Pitre on one of his bullet shots.

Ottawa was again minus Frank Nighbor, who was expected back in time for the game, but who failed to put in an appearance. The teams:

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; points, Hall and Corbeau; centre, Lalonde; wings, Pitre and Berlinquette. Substitutes: Malone, O. Cleghorn, McDonald and Couture.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; points, Cameron and S. Cleghorn; centre, Darragh; wings, Broadbent and Gerard. Substitutes—Boucher and Cy. Dennenay.

Rferee—Harry Hyland. Judge of play—Jack Marshall. Umpires—W. Gathercole and Art Ross. Scorers—E. W. Ferguson and C. Hart. Timer—A. Laberge.

BATTLE CREEK IN NEW BALL LEAGUE

ORGANIZATION OF THE CANADIAN-MICHIGAN CREATION IS ABOUT COMPLETED.

Flint, March 3.—Representatives of the five Michigan cities that have been considered for franchises in the Michigan-Ontario Baseball League met here and cleared the decks for the organization meeting a week hence. At that time the four Ontario cities that already had qualified for membership will meet with them, and the league will be formally launched.

Saginaw, Bay City, Flint and Battle Creek will make up the Michigan end. The most important matter to be done was to decide between Battle Creek and Lansing, and the former won. Thomas C. Morgan, its representative, came as spokesman and showed an organization, the Merchants Dinner Club of the Board of Commerce, a guarantee fund and a ball park.

Lansing Out of Running.

H. W. Warner was the sole Lansing delegate. He said he represented himself alone, as his city has made no organized effort, though there is plenty of enthusiasm and baseball interest. Mr. Warner did not press its case, however, after the Battle Creek showing.

This will give a circuit of the four towns named, with Hamilton, London, Kitchener and Brantford in Ontario. All of these places are set and ready to go.

In nearly all of the cities the clubs will be backed by associations of businessmen, rather than by individuals. Flint has already sold $4,000 worth of season tickets. The other three cities have raised guarantee funds. They will sell tickets later.

Close Organization Sunday.

Most of the detail work was left for next Sunday, necessarily, as organization cannot be completed until the delegates from both ends of the circuit meet. The Michigan delegates pledged themselves to vote as a unit for Joe E. Jackson of Detroit for President.

The salary limit, of course, will be dependent on classification, which in turn is based on the population figures that the National Board accords the new circuit. All eight clubs stand ready to post after organization guarantees that will protect the league and the clubs for the entire season, which will be one of four months, with a mid-May start.

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Mother Knew.

Adult Son—Mother, does a girl mean to encourage or discourage a man when she—

Mother—My son, there is no need of going into details. When a girl starts out either to encourage or discourage a man, the man never has any doubt about what she means.

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WHITE ROBE CHOIR

White Robe choir will practice this evening at 6.30 at the Temple.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING

A regular meeting of the Board of Education will take place at the Secretary's Office, 437 George Street, on Tuesday next, at 7.45 o'clock, p.m.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKessock, dentist, 370 George street. Painless extracting and gas administered, for general anaesthetic. Special Attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

SHROVE TUESDAY SUPPER.

The Women's Guild of St. Luke's Church will hold their annual Shrove Tuesday Supper in the Sunday school room on Tuesday, March 4th, beginning at 5:30. Pancakes and Maple Syrup. Admission 25 cents.

SHIPS IN GOOD REPAIR

London, March 3.—The condition of the German merchant ships which ultimately will be used to transport American troops homeward, is surprisingly good, in the opinion of the United States Naval Commission recently sent to survey them.

CANON HARTLEY DIES

London, March 3.—Canon Rathbone Hartley, who devoted much of his private fortune to the development of church work in Western Canada is dead.

AT THE TEMPLE TONIGHT.

Special business meeting at the Temple, Simpso street, at 8 o'clock tonight. The public are invited. The service will be conducted by Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton. Subject, "Jesus in the House."

AT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Branch of Boy Scouts to be Organized by J. A. McKone.

A branch of the Boy Scouts is to be organized in connection with St. Andrew's Church by Mr. J. A. McKone, assistant superintendent of the Sunday School. The movement is growing steadily in the city and local branches report steadily increased membership.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES.

Monday—6:15, Mission Band 5:30-6:30, C. W. A. crock shower at the home of Mrs. Abbott. 7:30, Girls' Auxiliary.

Tuesday—2:30, W. A. sewing meeting.

Ash Wednesday—Services at 10.30 a.m. and 8 p.m.

Thursday—8:00, choir practice. Boys at 7:30.

Friday—2:00, C. W. A. sewing meeting.

Saturday—3 p.m., boys' choir practice. 6.30, Lenten evening service.

ST. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Young Peoples' Guild is holding a social this evening in the form of a basq supper at six o'clock and a skating party to Brock street rink later in the evening. Every young person is invited to attend.

The regular mid-week service will be held Wednesday evening at eight o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid Society will be held on Friday, March 7th, at 3.30 in the Guild room.

Communion will be held on March 16th, and those desiring to unite are invited to confer with the minister as soon as possible.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Alice Clements, of the Accountant's Department of the Spadina Avenue Soldiers' Hospital, Toronto, was the week-end guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Clements, 434 Park street.

Afternoon tea was served returned soldiers in the Sunday School of St. John's Church yesterday afternoon. There were quite a number of Vets. present and they spent a very pleasant hour.

Miss Sarah Dickson of Toronto is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stratton, Westcourt, Park street.

A surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Coulthird on Saturday night. Twenty-five or thirty guests were present and a very pleasant time was spent.

Mr. George Morrow, Miss Emma Morrow, Mrs. Duncan Walker and Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Matthews left today for Mr. Smith's visit to California.

Mr. Emmett Kendry was operated on for appendicitis at the Nicholls Hospital, yesterday. His condition today is reported as being as satisfactory as can be expected.

Mr. Gordon S. Matthews was in Toronto over the week end to say farewell to his mother who left today for California.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Dickson Hall are in New York.

Pte. Harrison Is Back From Europe

Pte. J. C. Harrison, whose home is at 733 George street, arrived home this morning via the C. P. R. after three years' service overseas. Pte. Harrison before enlisting was a letter carrier in the local post office here and for some time was employed in the post office in London, England, prior to going to France.

ROYAL

London, March 3.—The demobilization of the Canadian corps actually began on Monday when the Royal Canadian Regiment, the 42nd Battalion of the 3rd Division, left Liverpool on the Adriatic. These are the first battalions to leave England as units. They were given an official farewell by Colonel Ritchie, lord mayor of Liverpool, himself born at Chatham, N. B., and a demonstrative send-off by thousands of citizens, who were allowed on the landing stage for the first time since the war began.

The Liverpool police band played on deck while the troops were embarking. As the ship pulled out into the Mersey at 6.30 and disappeared into the thick grey mist overhanging the river the band played "O Canada," "The Maple Leaf Forever" and other patriotic and popular airs, while the people on the dock cheered and waved flags. The troops cheered in return and shouted "Good-bye Blighty."

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage

The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark plugs for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of car, and in case a plug should go wrong, it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one. It is exceptionally well insulated and its mechanical construction is perfect, so much so that it is warranted to fire under any and all conditions.

TWO CHIMNEY FIRES

Saturday morning the fire brigade were called to two chimney fires, the first at the home of Mr. W. Hodgins, 30 Lafayette street and the second at 12.22 p.m. at the home of Mr. E. Wise at 50 Ware street. No damage resulted in either case.

Fifty-two Indians have died of Spanish influenza in the Cumberland House district, according to D. A. Hall, M.P.P., for that constituency.

NEW MANAGEMENT AT OPERA HOUSE

"VANITY FAIR," SATURDAY'S ATTRACTION, FURNISHES AUSPICIOUS OPENING.

The new management of the Grand Opera House has started with an auspicious opening, a good play and a gratifying attendance, "Vanity Fair," the bill for Saturday, filled the house afternoon and evening. The play is a musical comedy with a plot sufficient to hold the thread of narrative together. Jack Trainor, as Henry Cattermole, the hero, is a nerve-wrecked old man whose physical ailments are intensified ten fold by a morbid imagination and who has a weakness for falling in love with members of the fair sex young enough to be his daughters. His adventures in the latter field and his nightmares as to his physical health furnish the comedy in the performance. J. C. Flippin, his colored valet, lending a hand occasionally by adding mirthful features. An ocean voyage taken by the party gives an opportunity for staging a number of striking scenes, including a view of Sweden and of an aviation field in France. Cattermole brings back to California with him Moorish maidens and other topics of that land and establishes a native villa of his own outside of San Diego.

The dancing and musical offerings of the play are above the average and the audience was well pleased with the performance.

Tonight the bill is "With the Empire's Fighters," a moving picture exhibition of some of the most stirring scenes of the late war. These pictures are historically correct, being taken from life, and the exhibition is approved by both British and Canadian authorities as a popular means of teaching the history of the part played by the British army for the past four years.

Held The First Of A Series of Dances

On Saturday night the first of a series of dances to be held by the Saturday Night Dancing Association which has been organized by Mr. Fred Goodfellow of this city was held in the Woodmen Hall.

There was a large number in attendance considering that the event was the first of the series. Music was furnished by Tuckers' orchestra and the prices were the same as those prevailing in Toronto at the Saturday night dances. At twelve o'clock the gathering broke up.

ALWAYS KNEW

(Continued from Page One.)

He stated that in analysing or clarifying a complicated question in order that it might the more readily be understood. President Wilson was most successful.

A League Already

Mr. Bangs was personally of the opinion that England, France and America already constituted a league of nations. France has come to understand the American view of the situation and there are no points of variance of outstanding importance in the attitude of these three countries as far as the maintenance of the future peace of the world is concerned.

Asked about the disposition shown by the American president to modify the original demands of France and England as regards indemnity, Mr. Bangs stated that those were aware of the extent of devastation of France were glad that Mr. Wilson had visited that war worn country and hoped that he would to so again in the near future so as to obtain some idea of the extent of the destruction wrought by the Hun, a realization of which, Mr. Bangs was sure could not but create sympathy with the demands of France for the payment of damages. Personally he would be delighted to see Germany pay the last possible cent towards rehabilitating the Allies.

President Wilson looked upon the situation in much the same way but did not favor making a demand so extravagant or impossible as to completely discourage Germany. It was better to get as much as possible than to obtain no compensation at all.

Mr. Bangs has travelled through Europe eleven times and he recounted many incidents of interest in connection with his visits. He stated that he had always looked upon the German as more or less of a boor but now considered him a brute into the bargain. His estimate of the continental women was not of the highest as was evidenced by several of his statements.

CIVIC FUEL YARD TO SELL STOCK

HIGHEST GRADE OF COAL ON HAND GOES FOR $11.00.

At a meeting of the Fire, Water and Light Committee held on Saturday afternoon Alderman Taylor read a report submitted by the Treasurer, Mr. Adams, of the coal operations in February and of the coal received from April 1st to Dec. 31st, 1918.

It was decided to sell the coal in the city fuel yard at the following prices and a resolution giving effect ot this decision was introduced by Alderman Garside and Mayor Duncan and carried: Buckwheat $9.0 per ton; pea and mine run at $10.00 per ton; pea and nut mixed at $11.00 per ton. The sale of this fuel will be advertised in compliance with the directions contained in the motion.

The chairman of the Fire Water and Light Committee and of the Finance Committee are given authority to take what action is necessary to collect the amount due the city by the Canadian Coal Supply upon motion of Alderman Garside and Mayor Duncan.

The Chairman and the Mayor were authorized to purchase uniforms and outfits needed for the four new firemen.

A proposal from the Northern Electric Co., to supply a motor generator set and storage batteries for the fire alarm system was considered.

57TH CHAPTER ELECT OFFICERS

MRS. J. MILLS, HONORARY REGENT—$25 TO GRENFELL MISSION.

At the Seventh Annual Meeting of the 57th Chapter I.O.D.E. held in the Green Room of the Y.W.C.A., the officers elected for the ensuing month were:

Hon. Regent—Mrs. J. Mills.
Regent—Mrs. J. C. Davidson.
1st Vice Regent—Mrs. Vincent Eastwood.
2nd Vice Regent—Mrs. F. Davidson.
Standard Bearer—Miss Charlotte Revel.
Corresponding Sec'—Mrs. C. R. Widdifield.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. S. Sharpe.
Treasurer—Mrs. Gordon Hall.
Echo Sec.—Mrs. Hounsell.

The Executive Committee consisting Mrs. Clegg, Mrs. Cottrell, Miss E. Rubidge, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Robert Neill, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Gemmell, Miss Rush, Mrs. Greer, Mrs. C. E. Jamieson, Convenor of the Visiting Committee, Mrs. Mills of the Flower Committee, Miss Mabel Collins, of the Hospital Committee, Mrs. T. A. S. Hay, and of the knitting Committee, Mrs. Cottrell.

Preventorium Hospital Cot

It was decided to support a cot at the Toronto Preventorium Hospital and the Secretary was instructed to ascertain whether a patient might be sent to the cot from the city. It was also decided to send $25 to the Grenfell Mission Fund.

Donations To The Protestant Home

The Protestant Home desires to acknowledge with gratitude the following donations during the month of February:

Knitting Machine — Mrs. T. F. Matthews and Miss Morrow.
Spindle of Yarn—St. Andrews Patriotic League.
15 pair socks— South end Red Cross Society.
Case of Oranges—Mr. H. B. Taylor.

OBITUARY

MRS. AGNES PLUNKETT

Mrs. Agnes Plunkett a long and respected resident of this city died in Nicholls Hospital on Sunday morning.

The deceased was born in Scotland nearly ninety two years ago.

Funeral will be held from the Protestant Home where she had been boarding for the past two years, at two o'clock on Tuesday. Rev. Robert Pogue will officiate.

The remains will be taken to Montreal for interment.

The Imperial Munitions Board completed the 27 boats at Victoria, B. C., from laying of the keels to the final trials in twenty months, a record never equalled on the continent.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
Rubber Sponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co. Limited
Phone 527w.

Special Service At S. A. Temple

HREE INTERESTING ADDRESSES WERE DELIVERED BY OFFICERS YESTERDAY.

The first of the series of special holiness services commenced yesterday morning when Mrs. (Adjutant) Bunton took as her subject "Stones." The speaker said that there are three things for which stones are noted: their beauty, value and durability. She then showed how the Christian's life may also have these qualities. In an opposite way, stones may be a great hindrance, as when the farmer has to remove them from his ground before he can cultivate it. So, in a Christian's life, there may be stones that are a hindrance.

In the afternoon Adjutant Bunton spoke on "Coal." In his talk also the adjutant brought out the qualities and uses of coal and likened them to different phases of the Christian career.

At night a very forcible address was given on "My Vision and the Outcome." The meetings altogether were useful in bringing to Christian and sinner alike their duty to God and their fellow man.

DUFFUS GARAGE OPENS TONIGHT

MAYOR DUNCAN WILL OFFICIATE — MOVING PICTURE SHOW A FEATURE.

The Duffus Garage will be formally opened by His Worship Mayor Duncan at 7.30 tonight.

This building on Water Street, is one of the finest devoted to the purposes of a garage in any of the smaller cities of the country. It covers a large area, is fitted up with every conceivable modern improvement and contrivance for handling the repair and care of automobiles and employs skilled machinists to look after the work.

An interesting program has been arranged for this evening and after the opening ceremony, moving pictures will be shown of interest to automobile enthusiasts. These reels will depict the manufacture of cars in the bigger factories of the country.

There will also be an exhibition of automobiles of the 1919 model and everyone in Peterborough interested in cars should be at the Duffus garage tonight.

DENIES DISCRIMINATION.

Sir Thomas White on Charges Against Britain.

Ottawa, March 3.—In the House Hon. Charles Murphy drew attention to a cable despatch in the Toronto Globe to the effect that Canadian imports in Great Britain were being discriminated against as compared with American and Scandinavian imports. Sir Thomas White said the Government had no official information, but he was satisfied that Great Britain had not discriminated and would not at any time discriminate against the interest of Canada.

"I despatched a cable last night asking for information," Sir Thomas said. "I have received no reply yet."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ATTRACTIONS

TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW

DAILY MATINEE 2.30. SCHOLARS MATINEE 4.15
EVENINGS 8.15
UNDER PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA
And HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA
THE ALL BRITISH FILM, IN 9 REELS

WITH THE EMPIRE'S FIGHTERS

With Dr. H. D. GIRDWOOD, B.A. L.L.D. F.R.G.S. F.R.P.S.
Who will Personally Describe all the Important Events
VIVIDLY, ENTERTAINING, INSTRUCTIVE, POPULAR SCENES
MATINEE 25c ALL SEATS
NIGHTS 25c, 35c, and 50c
UNDER AUSPICES OF MAJOR BENNETT CHAPTER DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Wednesday, March 5th
Popular Price Matinee 2:30—25c and 50c
The Musical Event of the Season
Eugene Lockhart
PRESENTS THE FAMOUS ENGLISH
PIERROT PLAYERS
In a Refined Novelty Revue of the Brightest Scenes from the Greatest English Musical Comedy Successes
Picturesque Costumes, Original Stage Settings
20—DISTINCT MUSICAL HITS—20
DISTINGUISHED COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTS
—Assisted by—
Augmented Orchestra of Ladies
Evening Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00. Gallery 25c
Seat Sale Opens Monday

THURSDAY — AND — FRIDAY
DAILY MATINEE 2.30. EVENINGS 7.30
Select Pictures Present
Alice Brady in "The Death Dance,"
Big Comedy Picture "HUBBY'S CHOICE"
VAUDEVILLE ZITA & Co.,
ELECTRICAL POSING NOVELTY
MATINEES 10c EVENINGS 10c

Auto Accident On The River Road

LOCAL CAR OWNER COLLIDED AND WRECKED A FARMER'S PHAETON.

Saturday two buggies owned by farmers met on the River Road, not far from the city, and just as they yielded the road to each other an auto driven by a prominent resident of the city attempted to pass them. The right of way was too narrow and the result was a collision with one of the buggies, which was completely wrecked, although both driver and horse escaped injury. The auto driver called at the home of the farmer and admitting that he was responsible for the accident agreed to pay the damage that he had caused.

BIRTHS

HUNTER—On February 28, 1919, at Victoria Private Hospital, Toronto, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Bruce Hunter, a son (Robert Francis).

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to his customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company. Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged with rank as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well ventilated bakeries in which the Company will continue to carry on bread manufacturing.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Educational Block, R.M.C., Kingston, Ont." will be received until 12 Noon, on Wednesday, March 26, 1919, for the construction of Educational Block, R.M.C., Kingston, Ont.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, the Overseer of Dominion Buildings, Custom House, Post Office, Montreal, Superintendent of Dominion Bldgs., Postal station "H" Toronto, and of the Resident Architect, Kingston, Ont.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 p. c. of the amount of the tender, or Dominion Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheque if required to make up an odd amount.

Blue prints can be obtained at the office of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, by depositing an accepted bank cheque for the sum of $20, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the intending bidder submit a regular bid.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 25, 1919.

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening. Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Bewdley, Ont.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong westerly winds, fair and quite mild tonight and on Tuesday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

46th YEAR No. 53 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

CAPT. BURNHAM OPPOSED TO THE TOTAL EXTINCTION OF ALCOHOL

Writer A. B. Cunningham of Trinity Methodist Church Social Service Department Giving His Views on Prohibition Issue—Says Alcohol is a Product of the Creator.

Some time ago it was announced that Mr. A. B. Cunningham, chairman of the social service department of Trinity Methodist Church, had, acting on instructions, written Capt. J. H. Burnham asking him to use his influence to have the order-in-council giving the country war time prohibition, made effective until the matter to be decided by the vote of the people to be taken after all the soldiers had reached home. This letter has been the occasion of the following correspondence between Capt. Burnham and Mr. Cunningham, a careful perusal of which will leave the reader in no doubt as to the sentiments of either correspondent.

Mr. A. B. Cunningham:—I received a letter from what I took to be the Lay Association of Trinity Church, through you, a week or so ago. It contained a resolution requiring bone dry prohibition until, as you say, after the vote is taken, or plebiscite.

I wrote in reply and asked if your total extinction resolution included alcohol produced by the Creator without the intervention of men; because, frankly, I do not know as much as the Creator, nor as many men, and I bow in absolute reverence to the Creator and His Works, even though they may not [illegible] which I would have done myself. In that case, my opinions and yours should both be subject to severe revision. We must be wrong, for God cannot be—therefore, the letter which I have received from you this morning may indicate your opinions, but they are not sufficiently explicit for me; nor am I to be cowed by any sneer on your part, believe me. I have had much to put up with this last year or two in the way of abuse and I am just about getting to the end of it. The letter to which I refer is as follows:

Mr. Cunningham's Reply

Mr. J. H. Burnham:—Your letter erroneously addressed to Trinity Laymen's Association has just reached me. You need not worry about such an evasive question as alcohol produced by nature alone. Please attend to our request, avoiding all freak side issues, that the order in Council be confirmed and continued by effective Parliamentary action until such time as a vote on the question is taken after demobilization is completed. By that time you may have learned the generally accepted meaning of bone dry prohibition.

Yours truly,
A. B. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary Social Service Department, Trinity Methodist

(Continued on page 6.)

BOLSHEVIKI ON OFFENSIVE

Archangel, March 4.—The Bolsheviki continue to push their offensive against American and Allied forces on a front of 180 miles south of Archangel.

U. S. CONGRESS ADOPTS APPEAL ON BEHALF OF THE IRISH PEOPLE

By a Vote of 216 to 41 Urges Peace Conference to Grant That Country the Right of Self Determination—All Night Session Precedes Adjournment.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 4.—The House early today by a vote of 216 to 41, adopted a resolution expressing the hope that the Peace Conference would favorably consider the claims of Ireland to the right of self-determination. The resolution now goes to the Senate, where it will be considered, although it is improbable that any action can be obtained before final adjournment.

All-Night Session.

With but a few hours of the final session of Congress remaining, Republicans in the Senate this morning were continuing the general filibuster which had lasted throughout the long night meeting. The general deficiency bill, including seven hundred and fifty millions for the railroad administration revolving fund, was the measure against which the minority filibuster was aimed, but the Republican leaders said it would be passed finally as their purpose simply was to prevent action on other legislation. Senators Sherman of Illinois and LaFollette of Wisconsin spoke for several hours, the former beginning at 1 a.m. today after Republican Leader Lodge had presented and failed to secure action on the resolution which he said was supported by 37 members of the Senate, opposing the acceptance of the constitution of the League of Nations as framed.

President Scored by Senator Sherman

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 4.—Newspaper accounts of the recent dinner given by President Wilson to members of Democratic National Committee, saying that President had bitterly assailed the Senators opposing the League of Nations campaign, were the subject of an address by Senator Sherman, of Illinois, Republican, early this morning in the Senate. The published reports read by the Senator had referred the Senators as having "pigmy minds" and that he had declared they should be hanged on gibbets as high as heaven, but pointing in the opposition direction.

Nothing has leaked out of Peace Conference at Paris, said Senator Sherman, more applicable to the war situation than these threats of the Chief Executive. Declaring that one account had quoted the President as saying that the heads of the Senators opposing the League were nothing, but knots to keep their bodies from unravelling, Illinois Senator said. "This language is classic. He added another matchless phrase to those with which he has enriched our American political literature."

Senator Sherman spoke at great length and his humorous comment and scathing sarcasm caused Senators and spectators alike to rock with laughter with only perfunctory attempts at restraint made by the presiding officer.

HOLD MILITARY FUNERALS ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Veterans Cannot Afford to Leave Employment to Turn Out on Other Days of Week---G. W. V. A. Members Uphold Army Surgeons

At a meeting held at the headquarters of the G. W. V. A. last night it was resolved that in the future no military funerals would be held on any days other than Saturday and Sunday, owing to the difficulties of getting a sufficient number of men to take part in the parade, and as these men are expected to lose [illegible] time, it was felt that owing to the present day conditions of the labor market it would be an injustice to ask the members of the association and its band to attend these parades without paying them for the time lost, and as the funds of the association will not permit of paying such a large number of men, it was decided that the only possible way to carry out these funerals from a military standpoint would be to hold them on a Saturday or Sunday. The veterans trust that the Ministerial Association and others who may be affected by these funerals will kindly co-operate in order that this may be carried out.

Uphold Military Surgeons.

Another resolution was passed, which reads as follows:

Whereas, there have been made public certain unjust and unfounded statements in one of the local papers and such statements are credited to a local practising physician and surgeon, Dr. A. Moir,

And whereas, such statements reflect grievously on the ability of the surgeons of the army and navy and suggest doubt as to their capabilities and their practices while acting as such,

And whereas, a supposed contradiction of these statements was later published in the same paper over the name of the aforementioned physician, but such contradiction only cast further doubt upon the abilites of the army and navy surgeons;

Therefore, be it resolved, that we, Peterborough Branch of the G. W. V. A., as representing the patients who have been and are still under the care of the army and navy surgeons, express our confidence in the ability and practice of such surgeons, and are forever grateful for their attentions and, their loyalty to us and our Empire in coming to the field of battle with us to share its dangers and hardships, and this without the opportunity and satisfaction afforded the rest of us of hitting back at the enemy;

And be it further resolved, that this resolution be forwarded to the local Medical Association and public press for publication.

Will Attend St. Paul's Church.

The secretary was also instructed to get in touch with the military authorities, asking them to provide a full set of equipment and rifles, also gun-carriage and harness complete for the purpose of holding military funerals and that this equipment, if so granted, to be under the control of the Peterborough branch of the Great War Veterans' Association.

A letter was also received from St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, extending an invitation to the members of the Association to be present in a body at the unveiling of a tablet to the memory of the fallen, to be held at St. Paul's Church on the 23rd of March, 1919. This invitation was accepted and the secretary directed to notify the Rev. R. Pogue to this effect.

The following claims were passed by the branch during the month of February:

Pensions, $540; Settlement of War Bonds, $350; Settlement of Separation Allowance and Assigned Pay, $540; Workmen's Compensation Act, $300; Clothing Allowance, $27; making a total in all of $1750.00.

All returned veterans are reminded that Dr. E. H. Woods has been appointed, under the Civil Re-establishment Board, as the medical officer for the city of Peterborough, and all returned soldiers are requested to note that, if they are suffering from a recurrence of their disability, they should make applications to this medical officer for treatment.

(Continued on Page Three.)

HOUSING BILL IN COMMITTEE

PREMIER HEARST EXPLAINS FURTHER DETAILS OF THE MEASURE.

Toronto, March 4.—Both finance and philanthropy hold slightly altered positions these days. The discussion in the committee of the Legislature yesterday of Premier Hearst's Housing Bill showed how the difference works out in practice. The Dominion Government loans about $8,500,000 to Ontario to spend upon the erection of small houses in municipalities that have a shortage of dwelling accommodation. The money is loaned at 5 per cent. The Province supplies architectural accounting and some supervisory service without cost but when the money passes to incorporated housing companies in the municipalities, they are allowed to provide for a return of 6 per cent. Premier Hearst said the persons associated with these housing companies will be actuated solely by philanthropy.

The point is this, that the Ontario housing bill is confronted by one danger, viz., that agreements of sale under it may call for excessive rentals, taking into account the size and character of the houses proposed to be erected. Therefore, unless it can be shown that there is need for providing a clear 1 per cent. over and above the 5 per cent. that must be returned to the Dominion Government the return to the housing companies should be cut down. The housing companies have no expense to face beyond the minimum estimate of office maintenance. Is not 1 per cent. more than enough? Is not ½ of 1 per cent. more than enough? The bill must pass the Legislature in the best light.

SPARTACANS CALL GENERAL STRIKE

TWELVE THOUSAND MEN QUIT IN BERLIN—OTHERS WILL RESPOND.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 4.—The National Spartacus League and greater Berlin communist organizations have issued an appeal for an immediate general strike and overthrow of the National Assembly and the present republic, non Socialists will declare a country strike. The organizations instruct their followers to assemble at factories to prevent work and direct them to avoid street demonstrations in order that the Government may have no opportunity to crush the movement by force. The workmen of the Schwartze plant, who are among the most radical in Berlin, have voted for a great strike, twelve thousand men being affected. This is the first response to Spartacan appeal. According to the Vorwaerts, a majority of the workmen in the metal trades and railway workers favor a general stoppage of work.

Object of the Strike

The aims of the proposed strike as called by the Berlin Spartacans include the introduction of Factory Councils in all plants to regulate factory affairs and ultimately the taking over of the factories, the dismissal of Government troops and the disarmament of all non socialists and the formation of a Red Guard under the control of the Soviets, the establishment of revolutionary tribunal to try the chief culprits of the war, the Hohenzollerns, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, Gen. Ludendorff, Admiral Tirpits and traitors to the revolution, President Ebert, Chancellor Schedelmann and Gustav Noske. Establishment of diplomatic relations with the Russian Soviet Republic is likewise demanded.

NO FINES NOW TO BE UNDER $250

NEW REGULATIONS ARE ISSUED FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF N DEFAULTERS.

Ottawa, March 4.—Fines which may be imposed on defaulters under the Military Service Act are not to be less than $250 and not more than $5,000. An order in Council, amending the military service regulations to this effect has received the approval of the Governor-General.

"If a fine be imposed," the order proceeds, "the sentence shall direct that in default of payment of the fine the person convicted shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, as the case may be, until the fine is paid; provided that such imprisonment shall not be for any term in excess of that which might have been imposed for the offense, and that the person convicted shall not be liable or compelled both to pay a fine and to suffer imprisonment." The new regulations are applicable to offenses heretofore committed and to pending as well as to future offenses.

Isn't it queer how many idle friends an industrious man has.

TAKES FINAL RAP AT THE SENATE

PRSIDENT WILSON STARTS ON RETURN TRIP TO PEACE CONFERENCE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 4. — The adjournment of Congress marks the passing of Democratic control at the Capitol. Big bills that failed included both the army and navy appropriation measures. The only two important measures that ran the gauntlet of the last forty-eight hours of filibustering were the victory liberty loan bill and the billion dollar wheat guarantee bill.

Upon the adjournment of Congress President Wilson issued a statement saying:

"I take it for granted that the men who have obstructed and have prevented the passage of necessary legislation have taken all of this into consideration and are willing to assume responsibility for the impaired efficiency of the Government and the embarrassed business of the country during the time of my enforced absence."

President Wilson leaves this afternoon for New York on his way back to France.

MOB RUNS RIOT IN HUN CAPITAL

BREAK INTO POLICE STATIONS IN BERLIN AND DISARM POLICEMEN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 4.—Crowds forced their way into the police stations in Berlin on Monday night, disarmed the policemen and plunged the city into riot and disorder.

The proposal of the Spartacan to declare a general strike was adopted by the Worker's Councils of Berlin, late Sunday after a stormy meeting by a bare majority says a despatch received here from the German capital. The Independent Socialists supported the Spartacans, while the majority Socialists and Democrats united in Opposition.

One Baker's Loaves Are Overweight

Sergeant Reid, the local Bread Inspector visited the stores of the city yesterday and weighed the bread of the different bakeries.

He found that all of them were complying with the law as regards the weight of their loaves and that those of the Peterborough Bread Company were in most cases, 2, 2 and 3½ ounces over weight.

HOTELMAN FINED $500

Had 100 Bottles of Whiskey on His Premises at Napanee.

Napanee, March 4.—J. F. Wheeler, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel [illegible]

OUTLINES UTOPIA FOR WORKINGMEN

LLOYD GEORGE UNFOLDS IDEAL PLAN ON BEHALF OF TOILERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 4.—Premier Lloyd George, in addressing the first meeting today of the joint committee of employers and employees constituted by the Industrial Parliament last week, said: "Civilization, unless we try to save it, may be precipitated and shattered to atoms. It can only be saved by the triumph of justice and fair play to all classes alike."

The Premier warned the committee that it was the duty of the welfare and safety of the whole nation. Unemployment must be banished, he said, and the workers must never again be put in dread of the horrors of distress and hunger.

"Let the workers understand," the Premier declared, "that where there is an increase of products they will get a fair share of it."

Lloyd George said that what was wanted was more confidence and understanding between employers and employes. The employers must never again say, "You are earning too much. Your wages must come down."

NO EXTRA SESSION IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 4.—Congress adjourned at noon today in the midst of the Republican filibuster in the Senate that killed a long list of important measures. Among the bills that failed was one appropriating seven hundred and fifty million dollars for railroad administration, without which some administration leaders say the railroads must be returned to their owners before the middle of April. Just before adjournment President Wilson authorized a final notice to Republicans that their efforts to force an immediate extra session had failed, that he was unshaken in his determination not to call new congress until his work at the Peace Conference was done.

NO TEMPORARY LOANS

But $6,510,000 Raised by Governor General's Warrants.

Ottawa, March 4—A return tabled in Parliament today shows that no temporary loans have been floated by the Government since the previous session. Unforeseen expenditures, however, made it necessary for the raising of $6,510,000 by Governor-General's warrant, of which six millions was required for the purchase of seed grain.

[illegible] was fined $500 and costs for having 100 bottles of whiskey on his premises. An outside license inspector seized 91 bottles about ten days ago; the local inspector made a further [illegible]

Polish Quarters In State of Seige

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 4.—The Prussian government has declared a state of seige in the Polish districts of Berlin, Spandau and other suburbs of Berlin, in order to protect the bulk of the working people from famine and the terror of the minority. Minister of War Noski has assumed executive power.

Wheat Price Is Assured at $2.26

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 4.—President Wilson today signed the wheat guarantee bill, carrying an appropriation of one billion dollars to maintain the guaranteed price of $2.26 a bushel.

USUAL PENALTY FOR DEFAULTERS

EWARD CRIGO AND JOHN BACON GIVEN TWO YEAR TERMS.

Upon pleading guilty to the charge of having been defaulters under the Military Service Act, in police court yesterday afternoon, Seward Crigo, and John Bacon of Kinmount were sentenced by Magistrate Dumble to imprisonment at the Guelph jail farm for a term of two years less one day.

Both these men were farmers and admitted receiving their orders to report for service. They were arrested by the Dominion Police on February 26th, appeared in police court here on the 27th and were remanded until yesterday afternoon.

Inspector H. F. Ward was the only witness called by the acting Crown Attorney, J. Fordyce Strickland. He produced the usual evidence from the Deputy Registrar at Kingston showing that the two men had failed to report for duty when ordered to do so. He also submitted the fiat from the department of the Attorney General.

J. F. Birnie defended the accused but plea in their behalf produced no effect upon the magistrate who stated that having been ordered to report for service these men instead of complying with the law had placed the summons from the registrar in an envelope and sent it back to him.

British Steamer Caught in Ice Pack

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. John's, Nfld., March 4.—The Furness Line steamer Appenine, bound from Liverpool for this port, was driven ashore at Witless Point by an ice pack early today. The entire east coast is blocked by an ice jam and nothing can be done to relieve the Appenine at present.

Gen. Foch Demands Merchant Fleet

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 4. — Marshal Foch has demanded the immediate delivery of the German mercantile fleet without regard to the question of food supply, says a despatch from Weimar.

BOATMEN RESUME NEW YORK STRIKE

ASK THIRTY PER CENT. INCREASE AND EIGHT HOUR DAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, March 4—The strike of sixteen thousand boatmen in New York harbor halted last January at the cabled request of President Wilson was resumed at six a.m. today. The strikers will not accept the award made by Evert Macy, umpire for the War Labor Board. They demand wage increases averaging 30 per cent and the eight hour day.

Bavarian Troops Fight Radicals

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 4.—Bavarian troops opposed to the Radical Government in Munich are marching on the city, according to a despatch from Zurich. Severe fighting is probable.

The mayor of Lyons has sent a message to Canada welcoming the Dominion's participation in the great Fair now being held in that city.

He imposed the usual term of years less one day upon each of the prisoners.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, MARCH 4th, 1919

THE CAUSE OF BOLSHEVISM.

CAPT. J. H. BURNHAM stated in his speech in Parliament the other day that the Labor unions of the country, composed as they are of sensible men, are the country's best safeguard against the menace of Bolshevism. It is no difficult matter to show that in this stand Capt. Burnham is in agreement with some of the leading thinkers in Europe, men who have an opportunity to study this problem at close range.

Some of the most conservative journals in London only last Saturday raised their voices in warning against a common danger. The masses in Germany, they said, were out of work and hungry. It was this idleness and poverty that was breeding discontent and unrest everywhere. Bolshevism was on the increase, and, like any physical epidemic, was sure to spread unless checked at the sources.

London newspapers called upon the Allies to take immediate action to relieve the distress in Germany. The food blockade, they claimed, should be lifted. The country would not be safe until the pre-war industrial conditions were restored as far as possible. The people would not be sane so long as they were hungry. The nursery of Bolshevism is in the slums of any city. Famine breeds trouble always.

It has been said that there is no room for Bolshevism in Canada. Be that as it may, it is certain that the new social evil finds little toleration here. That is simply because there is work and a decent living for all, at least there has been for the past four years. To perpetuate these conditions is the aim of the Labor unions from which Capt. Burnham expects so much. These organizations will keep Bolshevism out of Canada simply by preventing the causes which bring it about. The best element in Canadian unionism has since the signing of the armistice been engaged in a conflict with the foreigners who harbor designs against the peace of the community, and in every issue it is Canadian citizenship that has come out victorious.

THE DEMAND FOR HOME RULE.

THE UNITED STATES is surrounded on all sides by requests for home rule, three in all, one being a petition for moral assistance preferred by the Irish, the others coming from races over which the Americans have stood in a paternal relation for the past twenty years or ever since the Spanish-American war.

Ireland sends a deputation to the United States, and the visitors ask President Wilson to intervene with the Allies, who are just now concerning themselves with the fates of the smaller nations of the world, to intercede on behalf of Ireland, so that the people of that island may be given an opportunity to determine their own destiny. President Wilson has promised the deputation a hearing.

Representatives from the Philippine Islands are in Washington to urge the granting of autonomy to their people. The natives of Porto Rico, that has been a colony of the United States since the Spaniards were driven off the American continent, are looking for the same boon. The Philippine delegates and those from Porto Rico are to be officially recognized by the authorities at Washington, and their several claims are to be considered.

How vastly different is the case of Ireland from that of the two former possessions of Spain. The Irish for nearly a century and a quarter have been in close parliamentary association with England. In that time, and with such opportunities, an enlightened and naturally intelligent people should have learned sufficient of the art of government to be entrusted with at least a measure of autonomy.

The people of the Philippines and of Porto Rico have been under the tutorship of the American nation for only twenty years. They were found as semi-barbarians, the serfs of a tyrannical European power. Is it possible that in that time they have sufficiently progressed in the ways of civilization to be permitted to set up house for themselves? There is something significant in the very fact that their requests for home rule are to be taken seriously.

The Philippines and the Porto Rican people have been promised autonomy just as soon as they showed themselves worthy of such a high trust. Ireland has received more than that, there being on the statute books of England a Home Rule bill passed twice by the British Parliament, and which but for the war would have become effective at the beginning of the year 1915. The claim is now made that the Irish themselves are unable to unite upon a policy for their country. What, then, becomes of the principle that the majority shall rule?

Every man who has given the matter thought believes that if the future destiny of Canada, especially with reference to its relations with Britain, were to be determined by a vote of the people, complete unanimity would be lacking. One faction would decide upon one course, another upon something else. But the decision of the majority would prevail in this as in all other issues.

The powerful League of Nations has been organized to assure peace to the world and safety to the smaller nations. Races are to be rescued from slavery and taught the ways of peace and civilization. Poland, in bonds and divided for years, is to be reunited and liberated. Germany's former colonies are to be allowed to determine their own political future. And the League of Nations is to charge itself with the duty of seeing to it that all these autonomous states are to dwell together in peace. If the League assumes so stupendous a task as this, it should certainly be able to do as much within the confines of the British Isles and to protect any one race or religion from aggression.

TAXING CHURCH PROPERTY.

THE QUESTION of taxing church property has been brought squarely before the aldermen in the City Council by the members of the Orange Order, who last night sent in a memorial recommending that change in policy. Coming from such a source, from an organization which is claimed to be built on the Christian faith, there can be no suspicion that there is anything of antagonism to the places of worship in the movement. Probably those behind it have arrived at the conclusion that it is a simple business proposition which would apply equally to all parties in the community.

The agitation in favor of taxing church property is by no means new in Ontario. Toronto has carried on such a discussion for years. London submitted the question to a vote of the ratepayers, and the bylaw in favor of taxing church property was carried by a majority of over three to one. So far, however, the question has not been seriously considered by the Legislature, nor is it likely to be until a majority of the municipalities in Ontario have been heard from.

Members of the Board of Trade in this city have taken a long step in advance when they declare themselves as opposed to any business or tax exemptions for industries. They feel that the time has come to keep down the rate of taxation, and this is one means for attaining such an object. The next proposed reform to take into serious consideration is likely to be the one that was laid before the City Council last night by an influential organization.

But this is a question which can be decided only by a vote of the people, just as it was in London. There is hardly an alderman on the Board who would be willing to assume the responsibility of taking a definite stand on such a momentous question as this. All will be satisfied to pass the proposition on to the people for further action.

There is in the city, according to the figures of Assessor Henry, church property valued at $706,990 on which no taxes are paid. Had this been taxed last year at the rate then prevailing it would have yielded a civic revenue of something like $30,000. The exempted property is owned by the different denominations as follows:

Methodists	$168,400
Roman Catholic	156,170
Anglicans	90,700
Presbyterians	137,430
Baptists	50,900
Free Methodists	4,000
Salvation Army	11,320
Bethany Tabernacle	13,070
Y. M. C. A.	45,000
Y. W. C. A.	10,000

It is a difficult matter to fix the value of such property. In other classes of real estate, the price it would bring on the market is used as a basis for computation. Church property is something that would sell for below its actual cost if put up for sale. The most of the churches, in fact, would bring little more than the value of the land.

Any property held by a church but not used for religious purposes is taxed. For example, the old Baptist church on Murray stree was assessed for $4600 and pays taxes on that valuation.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE AUDIENCE is all set to listen and Mr. A. B. Cunningham has the floor.

• • • • •

WHAT ABOUT daylight saving as it affects the man who aspires to labor in moonshine chiefly?

• • • • •

IN GERMANY they must believe in the Sherman war definition as applicable not only during but after the conflict.

• • • • •

IF THE LEAGUE of Nations can put a stop to prize fighting, among other varieties of warfare, its existence will lack for nothing in the way of justification.

• • • • •

ON THIS CHURCH taxation problem suddenly thrust upon them the aldermen may be indifferently regarded as either penned into a corner or chased up a tree.

• • • • •

ONE READER puts his daylight ideas in a nutshell as follows: "Heaven help the man who has to invoke the aid of Parliament to get him out of bed in the morning."

• • • • •

THE MAN with a garden and with a chicken fancier for a neighbor may yet require the ministrations of some organization based on the general lines of the League of Nations.

• • • • •

SENATOR LODGE failed to secure a majority of the Senate to back him up in his denunciation of the League of Nations. But the Senate changes today, and in the next House Senator Lodge will be surrounded by his own political crowd.

• • • • •

President Wilson has declared that he will not be a candidate for a third term. Corroborate, this, of the President, to renounce something that has been denied every President of the United States since the days of Washington.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Just So.
(Charleston News and Courier.)

We mustn't be too hard on the Germans. We oughtn't to do anything worse to them than they planned to do to us.

Open To Criticism.
(Galt Reporter.)

The Union Government is not a Sacred Thing. And no self-respecting Canadian will speak of it only in terms of adulation.

The Germans.
(Buffalo News.)

But the Germans are a peculiar people. They see no offence in the old order. They do not consider that their armies did anything wrong. Their minds and souls have been disciplined out of them.

Medical Care Instead Of Prison

(By H. Addington Bruce.)

Every country has its vagrants, its "idle strollers, loafers, vagabonds and tramps." Every country has more vagrants than is commonly suspected. The United States has at least 500,000, according to an authoritative estimate.

Thus it is evident that the problem of vagrancy is one of the most serious confronting modern society. It also is evident that society has been attacking it in a lamentably inadequate way.

Society, in fact, has pretty generally acted on the assumption that the one sure cure for vagrancy is punishment. Accordingly it has spent vast sums to make certain that vagrants are duly punished. The only result is that it finds itself obliged to spend even more money on the business of punishing them.

Clearly, punishment is both as expensive and a futile procedure. What, then, should society do?

A New York physician, Dr. Amos T. Baker, writing in that excellent quarterly, Mental Hygiene, has recently offered an answer to this question. His answer is based on sundry unpleasant facts which society would do well to take into immediate consideration.

As psychiatrist at the Westchester county penitentiary one of Dr. Baker's duties is to give incoming prisoners a mental examination. While thus engaged it dawned on him that of the unfortunates locked up for vagrancy the great majority presented mental peculiarities.

Between Feb. 2 and May 25, 1918, he examined fifty vagrants, ranging in age from 19 to 70. More than half of these had already been given the punishment cure; some had had it administered repeatedly. One elderly vagrant said he had served three times in state prison and nineteen in penitentiaries.

Yet of the fifty only twelve, or less than 25 per cent. were mentally normal.

Some were feeble-minded. Fourteen were definitely insane or on the way to insanity. Eight were chronic alcoholics. Seven of the older men showed serious senile deterioration. Vagrants really needed was not punishment but medical care.

In other words, what these vagrants needed was not punishment but medical care.

And more than this, it was demonstrable that if many of them were now in a hopeless condition mentally, some even of these might have been saved for useful membership in society had their defects been recognized soon enough.

Dr. Baker consequently would have society completely abandon the punishment cure for vagrancy. He would have all vagrants examined as to their mentality. The feeble-minded and the positively insane he would send to appropriate institutions. The remainder he would commit to reconstruction colonies under medical supervision.

"Commitments of such a colony," he recommends, "should be for an indefinite period, and the parole of an inmate should be determined by his record for industry in the colony, and by his physical condition.

"After parole it should be the duty of an after care agency to follow the man closely, to give needed advice and encouragement, and to move for his return to the colony if habits develop which tend to impair his efficiency.

"The colony should embody features of the farm and workshop, and thus offer every advantage to the inmate to acquire contracts designed to enable him to cope successfully with conditions in the outer world."

Here is a specific program which certainly seems to promise more than the present system of dealing with vagrants. I believe that it ought to be given a fair trial.

FOLLOW PRESIDENT AND TAFT

(New York Commercial.)

President Wilson and former President Taft assure the American people that the League of Nations does not mean peace at the price of liberty. The sight of the President and his only living predecessor in office fighting side by side for the welfare of humanity in this fashion should inspire hope and confidence.

Mr. Taft is profoundly versed in the laws of nations and of the United States. While amiably optimistic, he is not given to intense enthusiasm. He scans everything with a judicial eye and weighs the possibilities that attend action. In contrast with the captiousness of many prominent leaders of his own party, he is trying to help the Chief Executive of his own country in the greatest effort made by any man in all history to establish a covenant among nations that will assure peace for ages to come.

Such co-operation will impress the whole world. It lifts the question of a League of Nations far above the level of partisan politics, and Americans who see Wilson and Taft standing side by side will pay little heed to the mouthings of opponents of the plans, whose utterances are inspired by personal prejudices or ambition to reach the White House. Mr. Taft has nothing to gain by going to the aid of his political opponent beyond the approval of his fellow men. We may take it for granted that he has come forward in this way to serve his country and all mankind by doing what he can to uphold President Wilson's hands. He does not say that the President's plan is perfect, but he does ask Congress and the American people to help him make it workable.

President Wilson's influence at the Peace Conference is undoubtedly affected by the backfire in Congress which makes foreigners believe that he has not the support of the American people. Pro-German propagandists in America have filled Europe with stories about his weakness at home, basing their attacks chiefly on the fact that he was a minority President in his first term and his second election was a close decision. Europe does not fully appreciate the manner in which the American people always stand behind their President and forget campaign issues as soon as the votes are counted.

Mr. Taft's noble effort to help Mr Wilson and the cause of peace will overcome this pro-German propaganda in Paris and throughout western Europe. These propagandists cannot explain away Mr. Taft, who speaks for American lovers of peace and the large majority of his fellow Republicans whom partyism does not blind. This League of Peace is the most momentous issue ever presented for the consideration of the world at large. The President's bitterest opponents dare not oppose the idea or the ideals it embodies, but they try to create the impression that somewhere in the plan lurks danger for the freedom of the United States and the stability of the Constitution.

A consistent critic tries to discredit the plan and the President by comparing the League of Nations with the Holy Alliance formed at the end of the Napoleonic wars. He couples England with the continental powers of a century ago, and creates the inference that England entered the Holy Alliance, which was a conspiracy against liberty under the guise of an alliance to secure peace. This is a specimen of the pro-German propaganda which has been disseminated during the last five years. The truth is that England backed the United States when the Monroe Doctrine was promulgated and prevented the Holy Alliance from helping Spain to reconquer her American colonies. That put an end to the Holy Alliance, and the facts destroy the comparison drawn between it and President Wilson's League of Nations. The Holy Alliance was a conspiracy of autocrats to subjugate free peoples not strong enough to defend themselves. The League of Nations is an alliance to protect such small peoples from aggression and to remove the ordinary causes of war. Mr. Taft's endorsement of it gives hope of its accomplishment.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she saw in the papers that there is a great demand for white mice in the government laboratories in Washington, and some people do have such queer taste in pets.

Superior Attraction.

Beautiful Ernestine was sobbing as though her heart would break.

"What is it, dear" asked the girl friend.

"W-why," she sobbed, "I t-told Jack, after he proposed, to go up and see papa."

"What of that?"

"Why, they started playing cards, and now he goes up to see papa every night."

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Newspamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Canada Wide.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

My cuzin Sue came erround to my house yestidday with a bag of pretzils, me saying, Hello, Sue, how you bin? Wich I would of sed, Hello, Sue, weather she had eny pretzils or not, ony I proberly wouldent of sed, How you bin? And pritty soon I sed, Ware did you get the pretzils? and she sed, Bawt them for 3 sents, they would of cost more if they was fresh.

Do you wunt me to eat one and tell you how fresh they are? I sed, and she sed, No, I wunt to play a game with them. I wunt to play Feeding the Starving Belgiums.

Wich we started to do, using a chair for the bote and putting the bag of pretzils on the seet and starting to push the bote erround the room, me making a noise like a steem bote and Sue saying, Heer we come, starving Belgiums, heer we come, dont starve yet.

Wich after we had did that for a wile, all of a sudden, I stopped pushing the bote and sat down on it, saying, Ding a ling a ling.

Wats that sed Sue, and I sed, Dinnir time for the sailers, sailers eat pretzils for dinnir, and Sue gave me one and we started to play agent, me still sounding like a steem bote and Sue saying, Starve slow, starving Belgiums, we're almost there.

Wich we hadent hardly started wen I sat down on the bote agen, saying Dong, a long a long, suppir.

No fair, I wont go to it, they jest had dinnir, sed Sue. Meening the sailers, and I sed, Sailers eat one meel rite after the other, thats wat makes them so strong, and they have sutch regular habits that they eat pretzils for every meel.

And Sue gave me another one, saying, I guess you dont care weather the Belgiums starve or not, do you?

I wouldent wunt to see them all starve, I sed. And we hadent hardly started to push the bote after the sailors had ate their suppir wen I sat on it agen, saying Dung a lung a lung, breskfist.

Like fun, sed Sue. And she took the bag and went down stairs, me thinking, O well, they was pritty stale. Wich they was.

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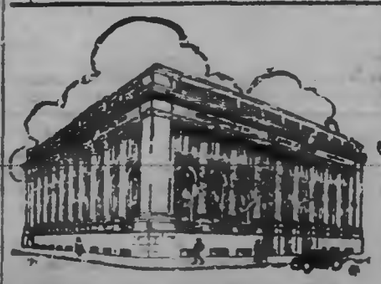

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SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY

COUNTY ORANGE LODGE ASK THAT CHURCHES BE TAXED

Communication Sent to Council Last Night Referred to Committee—Ald Edgar Proposes Change in System of Paying Taxes

Among the communications read at the meeting of the City Council last night was one from the County Loyal Orange Lodge of Peterborough West advocating that all churches and other property be taxed in the same manner as other property in the community. This question will be discussed in committee.

Ald Edgar submitted a motion providing for a change in the method of collecting the taxes. He advocated the three installment plan instead of the two installment system followed at present.

In arguing his point, Ald. Edgar referred to the overdraft of approximately $70,000 which existed in the revenues of the city on January 1, and upon which the municipality was paying interest. Thirty thousand dollars of this sum arose from unpaid taxes and the remainder from the carrying out of minor public works, such as the construction of sewers.

In advocating the change, the speaker said that those who had been opposed to such a move had stated that most of the saving which would be realized by the city as a result of the cutting down of the overdraft and a consequent lessening of the amount of interest charges which would have to be met by the city would return to the taxpayers in the form of discounts for pre-payment. If that is the only argument against the change, Ald. Edgar thought it was more, a-d better in its favor, as the money would return to the taxpayer and not to the bank which carried the city's overdraft.

Ald. Turner backed up Ald. Edgar's contention strongly and said he would even favor a quarterly collection. He could not see why the city should allow the taxpayer a six months' term of credit while it paid interest on a large overdraft made necessary as a result of the meagre returns to the municipal exchequer from the ratepayers.

A Plea for the Workingmen.

Ald. Carside thought that paying taxes three times a year instead of twice might be satisfactory if introduced in normal times, but at present with so many men out of employment he was sure it would be a hardship upon them to be called upon to make a paymen' to the city every four months.

Ald. Phelan did not think that such a motion should be submitted to the Council without a thorough consideration in committee.

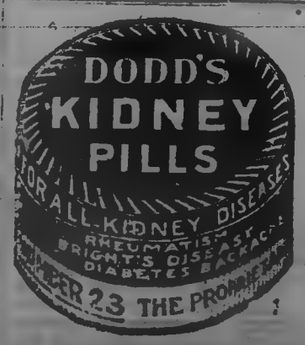
Ald. Edgar thought that if some of the workingmen who had been receiving big wages for the past few years had been less prodigal with their earnings Ald. Carside would not have to advance such a claim in their behalf when it was proposed to change the tax-paying system.

Ald. Morrison stated that in many cases the wages received during the past few years by the workingman had been devoted to paying for his home, which accounted for the fact that when he was thrown out of work he had nothing to fall back upon.

Ald. Edgar's motion was lost, and for the present at any rate the tax payment system in Peterborough will remain the same and the ratepayer will not be asked to come across three times in the year.

Earlier Papers From Toronto.

Speaking of the improved train service which had been promised by the Grand Trunk, Ald. Edgar advocated passing a motion instructing the clerk to write the Mail, Globe and World of Toronto asking that their papers for Peterborough be sent via the Grand Trunk train which is routed by Blackwater and Lindsay and reaches this city at 11:57. This would bring the morning papers here half an hour ahead of their present time of arrival on the noon C.P.R. train. This resolution was carried upon assurance being given that this train has been running on schedule all winter.



HOLD MILITARY

(Continued from Page One.)

Membership Grows Apace.

The following new members were admitted:

W. S. Hake, C. F. A.
M. H. Park, 59th Bn.
B. M. Shelton, C. A. M. C.
F. Oxley, 93rd Bn.
A. V. Gifford, 2nd Bn.
W. A. Speirs, 93rd Bn.
A. G. Cracknell, 80th Bn.
W. H. Brady, Sher. For.
M. J. Quigley, 2nd Sig. Corps.
R. F. McMahon, 247th Bn.
A. C. Veenman, 93rd Bn.
R. H. Hancock, Forr. Corps.
W. L. Evans, 93rd Bn.
H. W. Johnson, 1st Mach. Gun.
Wm. Porteous, 75th Bn.
L. N. Marchand, 21st Bn.
A. Kendall, 2nd Bn.
J. A. Rouselle, C. A. M. C.
F. Millard, 8th Siege Batt.
H. Wilson, C. F. A.
T. E. Barnes, 5th C. M. R.
M. A. McWilliams, Sig. Corps.
J. J. Meagher, 12th Batt.
L. Maund, Can. Rly. Troops.
A. McCall, 1st Bn.
H. Ryan, 25th Bn.
A. McBride, 4th Batt.
T. W. Brien, 1st Lab. Bn.
Sydney Martin, 93rd Bn.
Alfred Richards, 21st Bn.
J. Kurr, 93rd Bn.
W. H. Thompson, 247th Bn.
L. M. Roche, 93rd Bn.
Norman Saxby, 93rd Bn.
B. T. Watley, 93rd Bn.
E. Rencour, 4th Batt.
N. E. Crowe, 93rd Bn.
Wm. Lewington, 93rd Bn.
Wm. Willard, 59th Bn.
D. McFarlane, 93rd Bn.
J. Sadler, Mach. Gun Corps.
C. W. Jefferies, 2nd Bn.
A. A. Hefferman, 52nd Batt.
Fred Runnett, 3rd Batt.
C. J. Taylor, 18th Bn.
L. Gibson, 93rd Bn.
M. G. Graham, C.F.A.
C. W. Forsythe, 5th C. M. R.
P. A. Elston, R. C. R.
D. McKinnon, 5th C. M. R.
W. G. Nicholls, 21st Bn.
A. C. Sharpe, 2nd Bn.
P. Gperin, 2nd Pioneers.
N. B Cutlen, 1st Bn.
M. J. Hayes, 1st Bn.

TARIFF QUESTION SET FOR THURSDAY

ACTING PREMIER WHITE CALLS ANOTHER CAUCUS OF UNION MEMBERS.

Ottawa, March 4.—Another Government caucus has been called by Sir Thomas White, acting Premier, for Thursday. This caucus will discuss the tariff. At the last meeting the tariff only came up incidentally, but it is expected this caucus will devote a field day to the subject, in order that the Government may get the views of all its followers, east and west before coming to any decision or takin gany action.

Today or Wednesday the western Unionists Liberal and Conservative will have another gathering when they will decide on their requests, which they will either present to the caucus or to Sir Thomas White before the meeting.

There is a strong sentiment on both sides to come together and an effort will be made to reach a compromise which will be satisfactory. There is a general feeling that an all-round revision of the tariff under present circumstances would be unwise, but the western members would like some immediate concessions.

One proposal that the seven and a half per cent. duty be removed. It might possibly be allowed to remain on free goods other than raw material and on certain luxuries. It is also suggested that there be a reduction on threshers and certain other agricultural machinery.

If the Liberal and Conservative Unionists can get together on the tariff question it will pave the way for the formation of a permanent party, which both wings are now earnestly advocating and which it is believed will be consummated upon the return of Sir Robert Borden.

INDIGESTION, GAS UPSET STOMACH

Hurry! Just eat one tablet of Pape's Diapepsin for Instant Relief.

No waiting! When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel indigestion pain, lumps of distress in stomach, heartburn or headache. Here is instant relief.

Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin always make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost so little at drug stores.

FUNERAL OF BANDSMAN GRANGE

The funeral of Bandsman Preston Grange will take place fro mthe Armouries on Sunday next, March the 9th, at 3.30 o'clock. All members of the G.W.V.A. and other returned men requested to attend. It is hoped that every member will make a special effort to attend this funeral as the day has been set aside in order that every returned soldier may be able to attend.

P.S.—Please note all funerals in future which takes place under the auspices of the G.W.V.A. will be on a Saturday or Sunday, if it can be so arranged in order that we may have a representative gathering.

S. WHATLEY,
Secretary P.B.G.W.V.A.

TEMPLE BAND PRACTICE.

The Temple bandsmen are requested to meet for practice tonight at 7 o'clock sharp.

MURRAY STREET CHOIR.

A one hour practice at 8 o'clock sharp tonight, followed by refreshments.

North Bruce farmers will place a candidate in the field for the next provincial election.

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-tives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERNON, ONT.

"I suffered for a number of years with *Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back*, caused by strains and heavy lifting.

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended "Fruit-a-tives" to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your wonderful fruit medicine".

W. M. LAMPSON.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c.—or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Two More Alleged Defaulters in Court

Thomas James Collins, an alleged defaulter, arrested at Spence's farm, Omemee, on February 12th, by Dominion Police acting under instructions from Inspector H. F. Ward appeared before two justices of the peace, Messrs Adams and Rush, this afternoon and was remanded until Thursday evening, next, at 7 o'clock.

Leo Alfred Forbert another man charged with a similar offence will appear in police court on the afternoon of the same day.

Lots of Us Do.

"Cheer up, old man. Everything comes to him who waits, you know."

"Yes, I know. But it will be just my luck to be waiting at the wrong place."

Duffus Garage Formally Opened

There were 500 people at the formal opening of the Duffus garage last night. The show room of the splendid and spacious building was tastefully decorated for the occasion and all preparations had been made for the entertainment of the visitors.

Moving pictures showing automobile construction in the larger factories of the continent were shown and a very pleasant evening spent.

Mayor Duncan presided at the opening ceremony. He described the Duffus garage as being one of the best in Canada, a credit to the owner and to the city of Peterborough.

He spoke of Ex-Mayor Duffus as a man who meant business first, last and always and having been associated with him in the city council for many years could speak with authority of his many good qualities.

Mr. Duffus in replying to the kind remarks of Mayor Duncan thanked His Worship for consenting to perform the duties of officially opening the new building. He made a neat address referring to the building of the plant and paying a fine tribute to Mr. Hickey the contractor who had built the splendid structure.

A detailed account of the opening ceremony and of the history of the building since work upon it commenced will appear in tomorrow's paper.

SITUATION SATISFACTORY

Confidence Well Sustained in Canadian Business Ordeal.

Ottawa, March 4.—Sir Thomas White Acting Premier, stated last night that reports from all over Canada indicate that confidence is being well sustained, and that, as compared with other countries, the situation in Canada is exceedingly good. Mr. W. P. Gundy of the Canadian Trade Commission, reported to him last night that after studying the European situation, and afterwards visiting the United States, he found that Canada was in much the best situation of all countries at the present time. Asked when shipments would begin to go forward to England of hogs and cattle products, Sir Thomas said: "We shall have a free market by April 1st."

THE LATE PRESTON GRANGE

The remains of the late Preston Grange, son of Fire Chief Grange of this city, who died of influenza while in the army in England some time ago arrived in Peterborough this morning.

The funeral will be held under the auspices of the G.W.V.A. from the Armories on Sunday next, at 3.30 in the afternoon to Little Lake Cemetery.

SPOTTED FEVER IN BERLIN

Berlin, March 4.—The number of cases of spotted fever in Germany rose within the week from 144 to more than 500. Of these 18 cases were reported in Berlin, where there were three deaths from the disease. It is reported that the disease is brought to Germany by troops and civilians returning from Russia.

MR. A. MOWAT PRESIDENT SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS

Elected at Evening Session of Convention Last Night—Interesting Addresses by Visiting Delegates.

The evening session of the Sunday School convention opened in George Street Methodist Church last night with Mr. Joseph Wearing in the chair.

Rev. A. J. Thomas conducted the devotional services and the report of the nominating committee was received and adopted as presented. It named the following officers for the coming years:

President—A. Mowat.
1st Vice-Pres.—C. E. Parsons.
2nd Vice-Pres.—J. A. McKone.
Treasurer—A. T. Johnstone.
Secretary—J. J. Turner.
Supt. Primary Dept.—Mrs. E. D. Lewis.
Supt. Secondary Dept.—Hughson Johnstone.
Supt. Adult Dept.—C. E. Sisson.
Supt. Home Dept.—A. McNabb.
Supt. Teachers' Training Dept. —Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner.
Supt. Missionary Dept—Mrs. A. F. Lane.
Supt. Temperance Dept.—F. E. Kerr.

The executive is composed of the above mentioned officers and the superintendents of the different Sunday Schools of the city.

Mr. Mowatt then superseded Mr. Wearing in the chair and the program proceeded.

Room For Home Missions.

Rev. P. K. Dayfoot's address upon "The Child in Our Midst" was a masterpiece. He dealt with the subject from four standpoints, namely, the physical child, the mental child the social child and the spiritual child.

He stated that there are 21,000,000 children in North America under the age of 21 years. 15,000,000 of them are in need of medical attention; 75 per cent. of them were rejected for military service and out of the 21,000,000 there are 11,500,000 for whom no religious provision has been made.

He maintained that the church and the Sunoday School are not two separate bodies and that the churches should give more support financial and otherwise to the Sunday Schools which carry on such an immensely important branch of the work.

The Quick And The Dead.

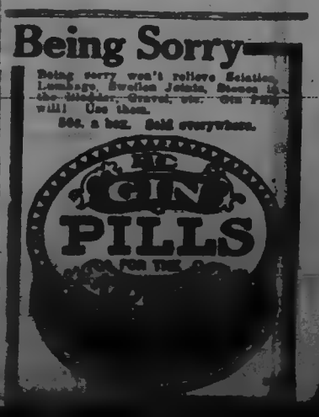
Rev. T. A. Halpenny gave an address upon "Laying Foundations." He pointed out that the inevitable law of life is that everything dies that something else may live. He illustrated his point from nature and showed its application to the subject under consideration.

George street choir provided splendid music under the capable direction of the organist, Prof. Renwick. During the program Mrs. Renwick and Mrs. Lynn contributed two solos.

Being Sorry—

Being sorry won't relieve Sciatica, Lumbago, Swollen Joints, Disease of the Bladder, Gravel, etc. Gin Pills will. Use them.

50c. a box. Sold everywhere.



Where the Army goes
NP SOAP
N.P. follows

WHILE WELCOMING LIVING REMEMBER THOSE WHO DIED

Fitting Memorial That Could Be Erected and Which Would Benefit the Dependents of Those Who Did Not Come Back.

In the midst of welcoming the living Canada has not forgotten the debt she owes to not the appeal of her silent army and the glorious army of the dead.

What form of perpetual memorial of their brave and gallant lives is the most befitting? This is a question that is just now attracting the attention of every town and city throughout the Dominion.

A consensus of opinion shows that the old form of memorial, which is merely a monument in stone, has somewhat lost in public favor and the present age seems to demand that for those whose lives were not wasted, but given for a righteous cause, the memorial also shall be well fitted to the living, be the best form of monument to perpetuate the memory of the dead.

Homes for soldiers, scholarships for the children of deceased heroes, public buildings, children's homes, highways and public improvements have been suggested as fitting memorials.

In Charlottetown a suggestion has been made by a returned soldier, Corp. Cotton, for a memorial highway, war road or victory highway, as the best form of commemoration. The benefits which would accrue from this suggestion are set down as follows:

(1) The means of securing a federal allowance of forty per cent. of the cost.

(2) It would furnish employment for a large number of men at good wages.

(3) Would result in improved rural conditions.

(4) Would increase the value of island farm property.

Another suggestion is also made that returned soldiers would be attracted to this district.

One public spirited firm has already promised the sum of $1000.00 towards such a memorial, and the idea would be to have tablets in suitable positions along the road which would commemorate the part taken by the boys of Prince Edward Island in the great war.

The second proposal of a memorial for Prince Edward Island suggests a soldiers' home. This, however, does not seem to have met with the same amount of enthusiasm as that of the highway.

In Edmonton a memorial hall has been suggested and so far the idea of public buildings, which could be used for meetings of all kinds and remain a public benefit for all classes and conditions, seems to be the most frequent and popular suggestion from all parts of Canada. But a further suggestion is made by one Westerner who points out that any form of memorial, however generously subscribed for in the first instance, will need to be kept in repair and might probably, at some future date, constitute a public expense rather than an asset, unless the greatest care is exercised in the choosing.

This correspondent suggests that a campaign should be undertaken to collect a sum of money to be known as a memorial fund. The money so collected to be expended in the form of pensions, which might cover a period of five years or longer, these to be distributed to the women and men who have served overseas and the dependents of those who have died; the money to be paid out by monthly or quarterly cheques and to be used for the rebuilding of homes and re-establishing of business, etc.

Memorial parks and playgrounds for children have also been freely suggested. Some correspondents there are, however, who strenuously object to the utilitarian idea being applied to a war memorial. These advocate the old form of grapite or marble monuments, the statuary or carved figures, as more reverend and befitting remembrances for the eye of visitors and friends alike.

There would be no difficulty, however, in suiting both those who desire something usefull and those who wish to see some form of monument, as almost in every instance the latter could be incorporated into the former.

Whatever form the memorial takes no fear will ever exist in the minds of true Canadians that the deeds of those who sleep in Flanders fields will ever be forgotten.

Canada has passed through the greatest period of her history and emerged triumphant and it is fitting that due consideration and time should be given to commemoration of such triumph and of those by whom it was so hardly won.

The fact that "faint heart ne'er won fair lady" must be a source of much satisfaction to old bachelors.

It's Always Best
—To Be Well on the Safe Side
When buying Tea, insist on getting
"SALADA"
The Tea with a Quarter of a Century of Unrivalled Public Service.
5520

WILL TAKE UP HOUSING PLAN IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

G. A. Gillespie, M. L. A., Meets City Council to Discuss Matter Now in the Legislature —Routine Business Before City Fathers

At the regular meeting of the city council last night some important matters came up for discussion amongst which was the proposition of Alderman Edgar to have the taxes paid in three installments annually. A great volume of routine business was disposed of, committee reports adopted and several by-laws providing for regular monetary grants, passed.

A. G. Roberts wrote the council in connection with the work of the Playgrounds Association and expressed the hope that interest would be shown in the program outlined and that provision would be made for financial assistance for the organization when striking the estimates for this year.

A communication from Gordon and O'Brien in compliance with the request of a client called the attention of the council to the fact that the Grand Opera House having been sold would no longer enjoy the taxation privileges which had been accorded it in the past.

Mr. A. E. Dixon in answer to the communication of the council looking towards the purchase of property of the estate off Charlotte street ked what the city would consider a fair purchasing price.

The tax collector furnished the following statement in regard to his work:

On roll . . . $496,576.24
Deposited . . . 465,834.92
Balance $30,741.32

A letter from Capt. Burnham, M. P., in regard to taking action to urge the hydro to expropriate the power rights at Lakefield before the Dominion government increases their value by the construction of a new dam was read before the council. This communication appeared in the papers yesterday and when submitted to the meeting last night Alderman McIntyre counseled immediate action as did Alderman Edgar.

It was decided, however to consider the question in committee of the whole.

A letter was read from the sales branch of the Department of Fisheries stating that as Peterborough had been one of the 200 municipalities which had taken advantage of the fish procured last year it would in all probability wish to continue to do so during the approaching season. If so they wished to name distributors or if willing that the same men as carried on the work last year be retained they were requested to notify the department to that effect. There were 33,800 pounds of fish from the northern lakes distributed in this city last year from this source.

G. A. Gillespie, M. L. A. was present to discuss with the council the new housing scheme of the Ontario Government. He stated that he did not know that it was the night of the regular meeting and felt that the matter would require more consideration than time would permit of its receiving last night. He therefore suggested referring it to a committee which could go into the matter very soon and inform him of their decision as the bill was now in the committee stages and would in all probability receive its third reading at the end of this week.

The question was referred to Committee of the Whole.

Gordon and O'Brien the solicitors for the claimant informed the Council by letter that their client Rosa O'Brien claimed $600 damages for injury to the brick house of the late Mrs. O'Brien, at the corner of Dowler and Simcoe Streets on account of the water, which had been dammed back by a crossing constructed by the city, undermining the wall.

Turner and Sons wrote the Council in connection with the recent offer made that firm in regard to the rent of the bill board situation on is proposed to advertise Peterboro for a term of three years, the Council in its resolution naming the sum of $50 as a reasonable amount for the firm to pay for the rent of the island.

Turner and Sons objected upon the grounds that such a charge was out of all proportion when the fact was considered that the property upon which the bill board stood was valueless. They thought $5 a year would be more reasonable.

It was decided to refer the matter back to the Property Committee for further consideration and to give one of the members of the firm an opportunity to state their side of the case.

All the communications read last night were referred to the proper committees of the Council for investigation and consideration.

PRICES OF WHEAT NOT GUARANTEED

THAT IS LIKELY TO BE POLICY ADOPTED BY HOUSE.

Ottawa, March 4.—Contracts for ten thousand tons of Canadian bacon have been let by the Imperial Government. This will take one-half to one-third of the bacon in the hands of the packers. In addition, it is likely, according to information received at Ottawa, that the British Food Ministry will raise all restrictions in regard to the sale of bacon after March 31. This it is believed will help the Canadian market. The English consumer prefers the Canadian to the American bacon and with restriction off it is expected that there will be an increased call for Canadian bacon overseas.

The beef situation is not yet cleared up. Mr. R. S. Arkell, Live Stock Commissioner, is in England and is working on the question of sales in England and Europe. It is understood that there is a possibility of contracts being made with France.

American Troubles.

The situation in regard to wheat is the one which is giving the Government the most anxiety. The United States Government, with its guaranteed price, is likely to have to pay out of the treasury from a billion to a billion and a half dollars. They are evidently endeavoring to prevent American farmers from sowing any larger crop than is necessary as they have placed an embargo on the importation of seed grain from Canada. Large quantities of Western Marquis wheat have been crossing the border for this purpose.

It is estimated that if Canada guaranteed the price of wheat it might run a loss to the treasury of a half billion dollars or more. It is felt by the Government that it is impossible to ask the rest of Canada to pay this sum to the farmers of the west. There is no likelihood of a guaranteed price.

Interviewed regarding the probable effect of the contract which the Imperial Government has given to Canadian packers for 10,000 tons of bacon local "packing-men" express the opinion that it will have little or no effect on either the price of bacon locally or the hog market. It is pointed out that during the war the policy of the Imperial Government was to keep the bacon stocks of this country cleaned up and that the present order is nothing more than the ordinary shipments which have been made during the war. By a representative of one of the leading local packing concerns, the statement is made that this is the last big shipment which is to be made to the Im-

SCHOOL PUPILS ATTEND THEATRE

SOME OF CHILDREN WITNESS OPENING EXHIBITION OF WAR PICTURES.

The all-British film, "With the Empire's Fighters," opened at the Grand Opera House yesterday afternoon with a special matinee for the school children of the city and the result was a crowd of the rising generation attended in a body under the escort of their teachers. The line that waited to secure tickets extended from the box office of the theatre back beyond Charlotte street. The exhibition was thoroughly enjoyed by the youngsters and the performance had a high educational value. The pictures are shown under the patronage of her majesty, the Queen Mother, and the Duke of Devonshire, and have the approval of the British and Canadian authorities alike. Dr. H. D. Girwood, who risked his life in taking these pictures in the midst of the actual battles personally explains every important scene as it is thrown upon the canvass.

The exhibition opens with interesting scenes from the Holy Land, including Jerusalem and other cities famous in Bible stories. In the war pictures proper special attention is paid to the part that the natives of India took in the late war, and the information on this score was no doubt a revelation to the majority of the audience. But the part played by any section of the British Empire is by no means overlooked.

The pictures are exhibited under the auspices of the Major Bennett Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire. This fact, in addition to the high merit of the show, should assure a liberal patronage at the closing exhibition tonight.

DOCTORS WANT HIGHER FEES

HAMILTON PRACTITIONEER SAYS THEY CANNOT LIVE AT PRESENT RATES.

Hamilton, March 4.— The H. C. L. all restrictions on buying and selling bacon will be removed.

For Piles
Send Today for FREE Trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment and Find Real Happiness.
If you suffer terribly you can't wait for the free trial but a 60 cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment at the
Try it FREE
PYRAMID
nearest drug store. Take no substitute. The quick relief has been a wonderful blessing to a host of people who had itching, bleeding and protruding piles, hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles. Don't delay.
FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
678 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.
Name.....
Street.....
City.....State.....

HOCKEN FAVORS THE OLD SYSTEM

TORONTO MEMBER ADVOCATES AN IMMEDIATE RETURN TO "PATRONAGE" PLAN.

Ottawa, March 4.—H. C. Hocken, M. P., Toronto, made a violent attack on the present system of recommendations and appointments, citing numerous instances and scandals, and advocating an immediate return to the old system called "Patronage" under which those complaining could at least find someone to lay the blame.

is likely to get another boost in a short time. The doctors of the city feel that their services are not adequately remunerated and at a recent meeting appointed a committee to bring in a report on the matter of increasing their fees. The present scale of fees charged by the medical men of this city was fixed in 113 and some of them seem to feel that if these are not increased they will be kept so busy standing at their doors warding off the attacks of the wolf they will not be in a position to relieve the sufferings of humanity.

Great Reduction Sale
OF
Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$10.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES
Several different makes at half price while they last.
As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.
Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

Chocolate the Ready Luncheon
WHEN business prohibits your leaving the office at lunch time, yet you are hungry and tired—eat chocolate! for chocolate is a sustaining food.
All through the war the value of chocolate has been demonstrated.
The Allied soldiers found that when fatigued, eating chocolate renewed their energy, and thousands will testify how bars of chocolate used as emergency rations supplied them with strength to "carry on" in many a tight pinch.
Chocolate has proven its vitality-restoring qualities to every Canadian soldier. Profit by this war lesson. Apply it to civil life.
Eat chocolate as a luncheon—it satisfies—and will help you through the business hours.
Chocolate is a food product which the human system craves and demands. It fills a real need.
Keep a few bars of chocolate in your desk drawer. Eat them when you feel fatigued—they will help relieve the strain of your work.
"Chocolate is a most nourishing fat food and a delightful stimulant, especially valuable in cases of extreme fatigue or exposure."—Canada Lancet.
It is a Splendid Food.

THE CONFECTIONERY AND CHOCOLATE INDUSTRIES OF CANADA

681st Bargain Annex Event

Bargain Annex
Registered

Wednesday, March 5th, 1919

Decidedly to Your Interest---Annex Values

48c DOUBLE FOLD WHITE DRESS VOILES, 29c Yard—Plain white Dress Voiles and fancy all-white Muslins. All double fold fabrics, from 36 to 38 inches wide. In our regular stock they sell at 48c a yard. Wednesday Annex Bargain, yard 29c

LEADER.
SPECIAL ANNEX SALE—LADIES' $1.25 CHAMOISETTE GLOVES 89c
A new spring shipment of best quality Chamoisette Gloves. Every pair guaranteed. An exceptional range of colors, including white, mastic, pearl grey, French grey, black and chamois. Your choice of plain points or contrast points. Complete range of sizes. A sensational Glove leader, very special for the Annex, Wednesday, at, pair 89c

36c FINE WHITE CAMBRIC COTTON, Yard 15½c—Three hundred yards only fine White Cotton, 35-36 inches wide. Special needle finish; ideal for ladies' and children's wear. The last of a two-year-old shipment, and it's splendid 25c value ..... Annex Bargain, yard 15½c

60c and 65c TABLE OILCLOTHS AND SANITAS, 49c Yard—A good selection of patterns and colorings, in shades of greys, oaks, reds, browns, white, blue, etc., and all are 1¼ yards wide. Worth coming early for this good value, at the Annex price ..... Yard 49c

LEADER.
LADIES' 35c BLACK CASHMERETTE HOSE 3 Pairs 65c
Full weight, good wearing stockings for ladies, in all sizes, 8½ to 10. Guaranteed fast color, black cashmerette hose; seamless, with triple heels and toes. This season's regular 25c value. A wonderful saving opportunity. Don't miss it on Wednesday. Annex Leader Price ..... 3 Pairs 65c

ANNEX OPENS AT 5:30 P.M.

7c Rolls Toilet Paper, good size ... 6 Rolls 39c
Comfort Laundry Soap, new large size bars .. .. 7 Bars 49c
"American Maid" Crochet Cotton, regular 13c balls ..... 2 Balls 15c
8c Packages Linen Finish Envelopes .. 4 pkgs. 25c
$1.25 Jute Floor Mats, size 26 x 66 ins. 67c
10c Rolls Swan Cotton BATTING 10c
Ladies' 50c Knit Ribbed Corset Covers 39c
Imperial Linen Writing Tablets, Empress style ..... 2 for 29c
$2.25 Feather Filled Bed Pillows, pair $1.50
50c Oilcloth Mats, size 19 x 33 ins. 35c

LEADER.
85c BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK 49c YARD
Full bleached, splendid quality Damask Tabling. Three different patterns for your selection; all 56 inches wide. The every day price is 85c a yard. If you buy it in the Annex on Wednesday at this low price you will get a worth-while bargain. Leader at, yard 49c

LEADER.
10c an 12½c EMBROIDERY EDGINGS 5c YARD
A most unusual embroidery sale. Over five hundred yards, and every piece is regular 10c and 12½c value. There's a selection of twenty pretty patterns in widths four and five inches. Note this price for an Annex leader, half price and some even less. Wednesday, yard 5c

CORDUROY VELVETS, At Less Than Manufacturer's Price, Yard 89c—Good quality Velvets, 27 inches wide. Colors include navy blue, Russian green, light and medium greys, Copenhagen and fawn. Every piece sells usually at 85c and $1.00. Wednesday Annex Bargain ..... Yard .....

BOYS' $1.50 COAT SWEATERS, 89c—Heavy ribbed, V shaped necks, in these Sweater Coats for boys. Colors: all grey or grey with navy, green, brown or Oxford trimmings. All sizes 24 to 32. Good wearing garments and good value at the Annex 89c

LADIES' ALL-WHITE VOILE BLOUSES, 79c—Sizes only 34 & 36 in this lot of fine Voile Blouses. Daintily embroidered and have Swiss organdie collars. The regular value is $1.45, but the line is sold down to two sizes and must be cleared Wednesday at 79c

25c WHITE DIMITY MUSLINS, Yard 17c—Fine qualities, all-white Dimity Muslins, in dainty check patterns. This low price is less than to-day's factory cost. About two hundred yards to sell on Wednesday, Annex Bargain at, yard 17c

LEADER.
GIRLS' SPECIAL $1.50 CHAMBRAY AND GINGHAM DRESSES 95c
Pretty little dresses of fine quality ginghams and chambrays. The styles are the latest New York models. They are made mostly with plain colored bodice, striped skirt and sport pockets. All sizes from 6 to 14 years. Every garment good $1.50 value. Wednesday Annex Leader 95c

40c YARD-WIDE ENGLISH NAINSOOK, 29c Yard—Soft needle finish English Nainsook, full 36 inches wide and an excellent quality for ladies' and children's fine under garments, night gowns, etc. Buy your Nainsook needs in the Annex at ..... Yard 29c

30c WHITE AND ECRU CURTAIN SCRIMS, 17c Yard—Yard-wide English Curtain Scrims. White and deep cream color, with fancy self borders or hemstitched edges. Now's the time for new curtains and here's a wonderful chance to save. In the Annex ..... Yard 17c

LEADER.
SECOND ANNEX SALE—75c 8/4 BLEACHED SHEETING 39c
Almost half price, and away less than to-day's mill cost, for this splendid quality full bleached 8/4 Canadian Sheeting (double bed width). If bought this season it would have to sell at 75c a yard. It will pay you to buy a year's supply at this very low leader price Wednesday in the Annex. Yard 39c

ANNEX CLOSES AT 6:30 P.M.

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the ... will be received ... Tender for ... Chief Architect, Department ... Ottawa, the ... Dominion Bldgs., Central ... Superintendent ... Postal station "F" ... Resident Architect, ... Ont. ... not be considered unless ... the forms supplied by the ... and in accordance with the ... hereto. ... be accompanied by ... cheque on a chartered bank ... Minister of ... equal to 10 p. c. of the ... Loan Bonds ... will also be accepted ... bonds and cheques ... to make up odd amount ... can be obtained at the ... Department ... depositing ... for the ... which will ... tender sub...

J. C. BOUCHERS, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, February 26, 1919.

NOTICE

Our large ... is still ... to note ... prices. ... and ... Men's ... Prices:
Fine ... Rubbers, reg. $6.00, only $3.15
Ladies Cloth Top Shoe and button, reg. $5.00, only $3.15
Ladies' High ... Boots, reg. $8.50, only $4.98
We have a large assortment of good Boots at $1.98
Boys' Boots $1.98
Men's Heavy Boots, only..$2.15
Children's Boots for $1.27
We have many more, but space will not permit us to quote all.
You can save money by calling on us.
C. T. GALL KEENE, ONT.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES
YOU NEVER CAN TELL
Never judge a man's knowledge by what he SAYS. Wait till you see what he can DO. He may know how to do his work, but be unable to make good because his eyesight is too poor to make him fully efficient. Dr. Fowler would correct all that and make you a 100% man in short order. Let him examine your eyes and prove it.
CONSULTATION FREE.
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.
RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

ENGINEER BARBER BUILT NEW TYPE OF BRIDGE OVER ROUGE

Expert Who Will Build Hunter Street Bridge Put Up a Structure of the Concrete Truss Variety Near Toronto

Freeman's bridge, spanning the Rouge river, between the townships of Scarboro and Markham, York County, is a fine example of the concrete truss type. It was built in the spring of 1911 and finished in the later part of December.

The work was carried out entirely by day-labor under the direct management of Frank Barber, engineer for York township, and the cost of the complete structure was in the neighborhood of $8,000, Replacing the old wooden bridge, which was one of the longest of the Howe truss type, and rather longer in span than most single span wooden bridges, Mr. Barber is not very certain how old the structure really was, but it was erected about after Howe invented this bridging truss in the year 1841, and incidentally Mr. Howe was cousin of the inventor of the sewing machine of the same name. It is worthy of note that most modern bridges with more than two floor or panel systems, are of the Howe truss pattern. The main measurements of the new bridge are 91 feet clear span, 16 feet above the water.

The superstructure consisting of the concrete arches with suspended floors, alone weighs 230 tons and has embedded in the mass 18 tons of steel, all in the form of three-quarter inch rods to take up the tension.

Concrete, it may be stated, can resist compression without the aid of members or those tending to be pulled apart require to have steel embedded as concrete cannot resist tension.

Massive Appearance

The great weight of the structure gives it a massive appearance and in contrast with the appearance of a steel bridge begets a public confidence. A load weighing ten tons can have but a slight impression on a bridge of such a large weight.

Consider the well-known French engineer, built the first concrete truss bridge in 1904 in France. The first to be built in America was the approach to the Sparkman street bridge at Nashville, Tenn., and the first in Canada was the Middle Road Bridge, built by Frank Barber in York and Peel, on the Middle Road over the Etibocoke river, in the year 1909. The reason that a truss was adopted on this bridge rather than an arch was, the truss utilized the old stone abutments and an arch design could not.

Second in Canada

Freeman's Bridge the subject of our article was the second to be erected in Canada. Canadian engineers were slow to adopt this form of bridge, however, and it is worthy of note that Mr. Barber had built nine of this type before any other Canadian engineer adopted the concrete truss. One was built by the engineer of Halton country at Eden Mills in 1913 and 1914 eleven more concrete truss bridges were built in various parts of Ontario, and from then onward an increasing confidence and popularity has grown in favor of the type until at the present time the large number of 56 have been erected in Canada. Five of which are in Manitoba built by the good roads commission, under the supervision of P. Burke Gaffney, bridge engineer and four of the largest bridges on the Toronto-Hamilton Highway at present under construction and nearing completion are also of this type.

Day labor had to be resorted to in the erection of Freeman's Bridge owing to its being a new type, and contractors were unable to submit suitable tenders for its erection.

It war largely owing to the foresight of the Hon. Geo. Henry, Minister of agriculture, who was then warden of York County, in the year 1909, that the concrete truss type of bridge was introduced and the engineer was allowed to make his attempt which has now proved so successful.

An interesting story is told by Mr. Barber, in connection with the erection of Freeman's Bridge.

The men employed were largely recruited from the farming folk of the immediate vicinity, and after the bridge was completely concreted and cased for over a month, and was resting on its wooden false supports the engineer went over to the district thinking he would again pick up a number of the same men to go under the bridge and remove the wooden support, or strike centres, as it is technically called, however, nobody in that neighborhood had any confidence in the ability to bear up their own great weight after the wooden supports were removed, and no one would volunteer for the job.

The next day, the engineer at the head of a gang of Italian laborers from Toronto, arrived on the scene. The Italians who apparently did not value their lives in the same degree as the local inhabitants calmly started in to remove the wooden supports.

The day was a "red letter day" in that section crowds of people from the whole country round lined the river banks to see what would happen when the centres were struck, but nothing happened, in the way in which the spectators figured and the bridge remained upright and more than that it carried the heaviest weight which could be placed upon it. The residents soon changed their views regarding the strength of concrete and several bridges of this type were afterwards built in the neighborhood.

Sixteen Truss Bridges

There are sixteen truss bridges in York County at the present time.

Although the ordinary concrete arch bridge cannot be adopted to every location the concrete truss bridge can be built in any position in which a steel truss can be built, so long as the span is not too great.

One of the later concrete truss bridges of a more advanced style is on Scarlet road, at the Lambton Golf Club. Although only 45 feet span it has all the latest improvements and is of attractive appearance.

It was built four years ago, and replaced an old wooden structure. Thomas Griffiths was reeve of York township when the bridge was opened to the public.

IF KIDNEYS ACT BAD TAKE SALTS

Says Backache is Sign you have Been Eating Too Much Meat

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overwor s the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and loggy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive

CHEMONG IS PUT ON ROUTE OF THE PROPOSED RADIAL

That Resort to be Made Easy of Access From Peterborough When New Line is Built.

Mr. G. N. Gordon addressed the Council last night in the interests of Yeates Bros. who, the Trades and Labor Council had recommended should be refused a renewal of their license upon the grounds that they had been fined twice for breaches of the law.

Mr. Gordon showed that upon neither of these occasions had the proprietors themselves been to blame in the true sense of the word, though held responsible for what took place upon their property in the eyes of the law. He reminded the Council that at some time in a man's life he is very apt to fall from grace and get into police court for some minor breach of the law and that a reference to the chief's report for the past year even lawyers had been convicted of exceeding the speed limit and had been fined.

The question for the Council to settle in the instance under consideration, according to Mr. Gordon, was whether or not these young men ran a respectable establishment and whether the criminal classes in the community used their pool room as a loafing place. This information could be obtained in the usual manner by having the police make out a report dealing with the matter.

Fer Fair Wages.

Chairman Phelan read the report of the Board of Works, in which they recommended that the engineer advertise for tenders for the construction of the Hunter street bridge. Alderman Gainey, before the report was adopted, submitted a motion providing that a fair wage clause be inserted in the specifications.

He explained that the fair wage would be defined and set by the prevailing wage in the community at the time the bridge was built. It really means the union wage for laborers as well as trades.

Chairman Phelan stated that in his opinion provision of that kind had already been made in the specifications.

Alderman Edgar reminded the Council of the clause in the specifications to the effect that all local skilled and unskilled labor must be taken up—all things being equal—before the contractor could go out of the city to employ men.

"All things being equal," Alderman Edgar declared, "meant that if the wage in Peterborough was much higher than in outside places the contractor would not be forced to pay a higher price than the general one prevailing."

Alderman Gainey replied that if a clause of this kind was not inserted farmers and their sons could come into the city in the fall after getting the crop off the land and would be willing to hire with the contractor at a much lower rate than would support the man living in the city.

Alderman McIntyre favored Alderman Gainey's contention and explained.

Chairman Phelan was in favor of referring the matter back to the Board of Works where it could be discussed in a more detailed manner.

Alderman Gainey's motion was seconded by Alderman Morrison and passed.

Radials For Peterborough.

Next Chairman Edgar submitted the report of the Railway Committee.

Alderman Turner thought that in the motion recommending that the Hydro be urged to build the Toronto Eastern line north-east from Whitby to Peterborough the Commission should be asked to run the line to Chemong as well as to McCracken's Landing on the Kawartha Lakes.

If this were done Chemong would become a suburb of Peterborough and the houses there which are vacant about 10 months in the year could be occupied and would materially aid in the solution of the city's housing problem. If Chemong were only 15 minutes' ride from the city Alderman Turner stated that he would just as soon live there as in Peterborough.

A Question of Terminus.

Alderman Hamilton asked Chairman Edgar why McCracken's Landing had been chosen as the terminus of the line when Young's Point was the logical and of such a railway.

Chairman Edgar stated that in asking the Hydro to build the line to McCracken's Landing the Committee had been looking forward to the time when the Commission might be induced to extend it eastward to Ottawa and thus from an electric interurban line which would link up London, Toronto, Peterborough and Ottawa. In answer to Alderman Hamilton's question Alderman Edgar stated that McCracken's Landing was a more central point upon the lakes than Young's Point.

After some discussion Alderman Turner's suggestion was adopted and the report amended to read Chemong as well as to McCracken's Landing on the Kawartha Lakes.

Alderman Turner, Chairman of the Legal Committee, submitted the report of that body, which was adopted without discussion as was that of the Fire, Water and Light Committee when submitted by Chairman Morrison.

Bylaws to make the following grants to the organizations mentioned were submitted upon motion of Aldermen Taylor and Phelan, received their several readings and were passed:—$1,000 to the Peterborough Health Association; $100 to the Peterborough Poultry Association; $600 to the Children's Aid Society, and one to fix the salary of W. C. Stimpson, sanitary inspector, at $1,200, he to pay all expenses connected with his work.

Last night the Council discussed the advisability of endorsing a resolution which had been passed by the City Council of Calgary requesting the Council to make some minor changes in regard to the discharge of soldiers. The motion of the West-

(Continued on Page 6.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widower, without dependent children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,500 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $3,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. By farmers and ranchers.
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors, administrators of estates and assignees.
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names of all officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations and syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.

Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Returns should be filed immediately.

Postage must be prepaid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT.

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 112, BROCKVILLE, Ont.
Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Victory Bonds bought for cash, Apply box 237, Review.

WANTED—At once, route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,

NUT, PEA

M. B. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 299

COAL

—AND—

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

262 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.

Phone 697

Nights and Holidays 396

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2050

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit—

Cheap

Best Vegetables.

Reasonable

Best Groceries

At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 930

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 360 George St. Phone 1044

Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

"Do you think the Government can operate all kinds of industry with success?" "It all depends," replied Senator Sorghum. "On what?" "On whether my political party is running the Government."

"Was papa the first man who ever proposed to you, mamma?" "Yes, but why do you ask?" "I was just thinking that you might have done better if you had shopped around a little more."

It is as easy for a fool to give advice as it is for a wise man to pass it up.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. S. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Office.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C., Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
K. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry.

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. R. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough,
Telephone 264.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children.
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 848.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

Piano Tuning

Phone 595

The GREENE MUSIC Co.

CHEMONG IS PUT

(Continued from page 5)

ern City's Council was couched in somewhat ambiguous terms and no action was taken in connection with it.

Alderman enquired of Mayor Duncan last night as to the policy the city intended to pursue in regard to men who had enlisted from the Fire Department. Had any promise been made these men?

His Worship replied that they had been assured at the time of their enlistment that should they return to Peterborough physically fit to re-enter the department their former positions would be open to them.

In connection with the discussion of fixing of salaries and grants Alderman Gainey felt that it was unfair that these matters should come before the Finance Committee for discussion as there only the chairmen of committees were present and when their reports were submitted the member who did not have a seat at that Board could not vote intelligently upon their recommendations as he did not have sufficient time to grasp their significance.

Upon motion of Alderman Gainey and Garside it was decided to leave the question of grants and fixing of salaries to a committee of the whole council.

Alderman Turner stated that he would like to have the question of extending the city limits in several directions discussed. He had prepared a map which would throw a great deal of light upon the matter but thought that the hour was too late to admit of its discussion last night.

This question was referred to the committee of the whole when Alderman Turner will explain the proposition with the aid of the map which he has had prepared.

Alderman Turner was responsible for a motion being introduced and carried requesting the city engineer to make an estimate of the general cost and the cost to each property owner of a continuation of the paving of the road from the corner of Charlotte and Water streets along the latter and up King to George. It was stated that the Turner and the Duffus firms would be quite satisfied to pay their share.

Mayor Duncan drew attention to the lack of light upon the street facing the new Duffus garage and asked that three lights be placed there. Other Aldermen at once requested lights to be placed in different parts of the city and trees to be cut down to accommodate property owners in cases where their shade was a nuisance.

Prospective Purchaser (looking over the abandoned farm)—I suppose this land might be reclaimed. Owner—Don't you worry about that, mister. If your lawyer finds a flaw in the title I'll buy you a new hat, b'gosh!

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:20 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

8:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:10 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Boston.

Good Candy A Human Benefactor

A recent issue of "The Canada Lancet" contains a leading article entitled, "Candy as a Food" which entirely dissipates the theory still prevalent in some quarters, that candy is an unwholesome luxury, which should be very charily indulged. The "Lancet" brings an abundance of scientific data to the support of the contention that sugar is necessary food. It is especially suitable for children who do not as a rule care for fat meat, but who take readily to sweets, which serve as a natural substitute for fats. Candy constitutes a food of the carbohydrate class and it is estimated that the average active and healthy adult requires daily for his effective sustenance aboue 6,000 grains of carbohydrates. The popular ingredient chocolate, is also a most nourishing fat food and stimulant; while it appears that the flavorings of good candy are an aid to digestion and elimination.

The notion that the eating of candy injures the teeth is dismissed by this scientific journal as a superstition. The lack of sugar is much more likely to injure the teeth, through poor nutrition, and is attendant with more serious consequences than ever those caused by the derangements of the digestive candy or any other food. On the whole, candy, when safeguarded against vicious adulterations, is a boon to the human race because it affords necessary heat-producing nourishment in a most palatable form. It migh. be added that it is an excellent aid to temperance; for it is an effective antidote to the craving for alcohol.

It would appear, therefore, that the widely prevailing human taste for candy, especially in growing children, is soundly based on Nature's needs. The man who takes home a box of candy to his wife; or the youth who finds it a way to the good-will of his sweetheart, is thereby doing a good deed. He is providing her fith beneficient carbohydrates, though for our part, we prefer the old-fashioned name of "sweets."

CAPT. BURNHAM

(Continued from Page 1.)

Capt. Burnham's Comments

With further reference to the above letter, I may say that I am in favor of the strictest possible regulation. No one can say for one minute that I have ever shown myself in the slightest degree sympathetic with the shady side of life, and I have suffered in popularity accordingly, which I am quite willing to do. I have had much to fight of a particularly vicious character in this respect; but, however, I am quite willing and able to do it—when I am not, I will quit.

In the meantime, let me say that the late epidemic and the pitiful condition of people who required the assistance of a tonic attracted by very intense attention. Scores of people that I met with were in absolute need of the assistance of an alcoholic tonic; and though I come of a doctor's family, I will not hand everybody over to the doctors for prescriptions and such tonics as they may see fit to give them in lieu of alcohol. An alcohol tonic is something that can be taken by all people at all times without danger, which is not so with medical tonics.

Ninety-five per cent of the population is and always was strong and respectable and it is time that we found out some way of treating the other five per cent, except at the expense of the ninety-five. If, in my opinion, prohibition, total and absolute, were a good thing for the people, I would vote for it tomorrow but I do not think, for the reasons I have given above, that we can fly to remedies, and get away with it, such as total extinction: in other words called "bone dry prohibition." The effect will be, I am afraid, to stay the immense advance which has been made in temperance, which I may observe is due to the improvement of public opinion, and the more public opinion is cultivated in this respect, the more it will be found necessary to remove the vicious of all sorts, like weeds from the garden, and by means of detention farms or otherwise to save them from themselves.

No doubt, by prohibition of evil, hell itself could have been dispensed with and the world made perfectly happy, but the way to salvation was through a crucifixion and this we must remember. I do not understand it, but I am quite willing to leave it with God, rather than with you, Mr. Cunningham, and I shall not attempt to reprove Him.

Yours truly,

(Sgd.) J. H. BURNHAM.

INCREASE YOUR PROFITS

Repairing and Renewing Broken Equipment in Time.

Handy Hints for Repairing Machinery, Harness, Gates and All Other Breakable Farm Equipment—If Work Is Done Before Spring Rush Many Valuable Hours Will Be Saved at a Time When Delay Spells Greatest Loss.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE time for a systematic overhauling of the farm equipment is at hand. Repairing at home means saving in two ways—a saving of expense and a saving of time.

Before attempting to take a machine apart it is well to thoroughly look over it to gain a clear idea of the general arrangement and location of the parts. Machines with few parts or parts whose relations are quite obvious, do not require to be marked, but machines whose parts are numerous and similar in size and in appearance should be given distinctive marks—similar marks being put on adjoining parts. These marks may be centre-pops arranged in devices so: .. .. ::, or letters stamped upon surface of the parts where there is no frictional contact.

In the stress of a busy season a broken tooth of a gear can be fixed up in a few minutes, and if properly done gears so repaired will often last an indefinite time—often many years. Chip and file the broken tooth down to the root. Draw centre line of tooth across width of rim. Drill the required number of holes, according to width of rim. A pin of wrought iron stock may be driven gently into the holes and filed to shape to match the other teeth. A better job may be made by tapping the plugs into the rim (Fig. 6).

To mend harness by sewing procure a couple of strong needles, a ball of high-grade flax shoe thread (No. 8), a ball of cobbler's wax, a straight and bent awl, and a clamp to hold the work. The clamp can be made from two oak barrel staves (Fig. 1). The thread should be made in length and strength according to the work to be done. For light work from 3 to five strands will suffice, for medium, like lines and girths, from 6 to 8 strands; and for heavy stitching, as tugs and breeching, it will require from 9 to 15 strands.

Break the thread by rubbing it down upon your knee, with your right hand, and give it a sudden jerk. It should break in a long ragged end. The ends should be placed together so as to form a long tapered point. Hold strands together in your left hand. With wax in right hand draw it over the ends a few times, enough to keep them together. Now throw strands over a nail, draw ends even, twine the end in left hand over forefinger, and rub the other end down on the right knee with the right hand. When well twisted rub on more wax. Thread a needle on each end, draw the thread through the eye for about two inches. Bend back the points of the thread and twist them well into the body of the thread (Fig. 1a).

Pierce a hole in the work with a straight awl and insert a needle into the hole drawing the thread halfway through (Fig. 1b). Pierce another hole and pass a needle through for two or three inches. Through the same hole draw the other needle. With a thread in each hand pull them both quite tight. Repeat. Keep stitches straight and uniform in length (Fig. 1c).

For joining two pliable surfaces together in emergency there is, perhaps, nothing so handy, so strong and so neat as a rivet. An assortment of rivets should be kept on hand, both of soft iron tinned and of solid copper (Figs. 2, 3, 4). The split end clincher rivets are suitable for leather or stout woven material, as saddle girths and head halters; iron or copper flat head washer rivets may be used for leather, cloth, thin metal and for even thin strips of wood (Fig. 5).

The wagon is an important factor in the daily routine work of the farm, and should be kept in good running order, but it requires special consideration and experience to profitably repair the wheels, for unless the proper taper and "gather" is given to the spindle, and the axle set the right way, it will result in a hard-running wagon, the wheel grinding on the collar or nut instead of playing easily between them. The farmer, however, can attend to loose spokes, tires and hub bands, checked hubs, etc. After renewing the broken parts and tightening up tires and loose skeins, clean the wagon thoroughly, fill the checks with some good filler and give the whole a coat of paint. This will preserve the wood and prevent shrinking. A broken shaft or tongue may be efficiently spliced with hoop iron as shown in Fig 7. The iron can easily be bent round close by fixing one end first and then pulling it over with one hand and tapping it with a hammer at the same time.

Assume a broken rail of a gate, hay or stock rack. The old bar or rail is sawn off about a foot from the down rail L as shown by dotted line in sketch 8a. A short piece of new stuff is then driven into the mortice in the head (B) and cut off the right length; the two are then nailed together as shown at 8b in part plan. If broken at A (Fig 8) the splicing may be made as shown in sketch by wrapping hoop iron round it, or by nailing on each side strong strips of hardwood as at D (Fig. 8).

One of the first places for a gate to get rotten is at the junction of brace and bar or back caused by wet lodging there. The only way to fix this is, as showp at C (Fig. 8) by nailing strip of hardwood firmly to brace as low down as bottom rail will allow.—Prof. John Evans, O. A. College, Guelph.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, March 4.—Live stock receipts were heavy, trade slow, prices generally firmer.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Choice butcher	10.50	12.75
Medium butcher cows	9.00	10.50
Ewes	10.00	11.25
Lambs	16.75	17.50
Hogs, f a w	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f o b	16.75	16.75
Calves	17.00	18.75

(Special to The Review.)

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	26
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	20
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	4
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	49	4
Butter	53	5
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 00
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 00
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	13	13
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

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PITTSTON COAL

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Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

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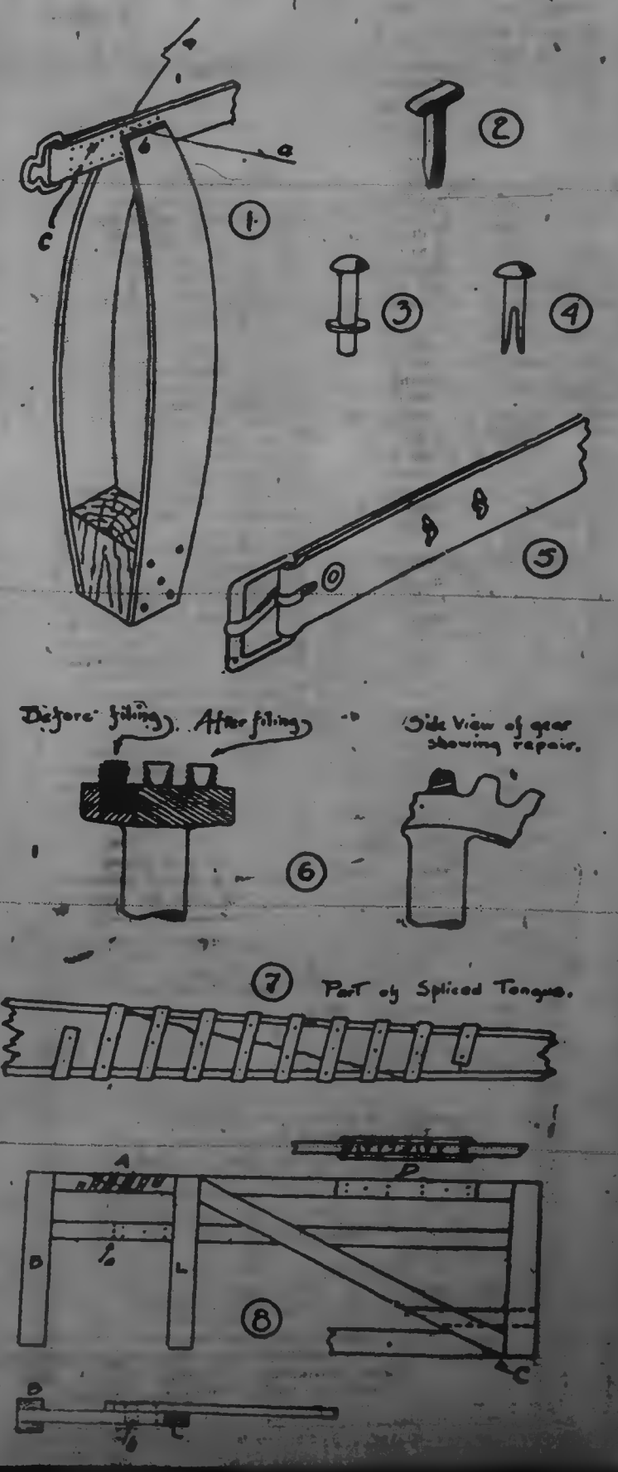
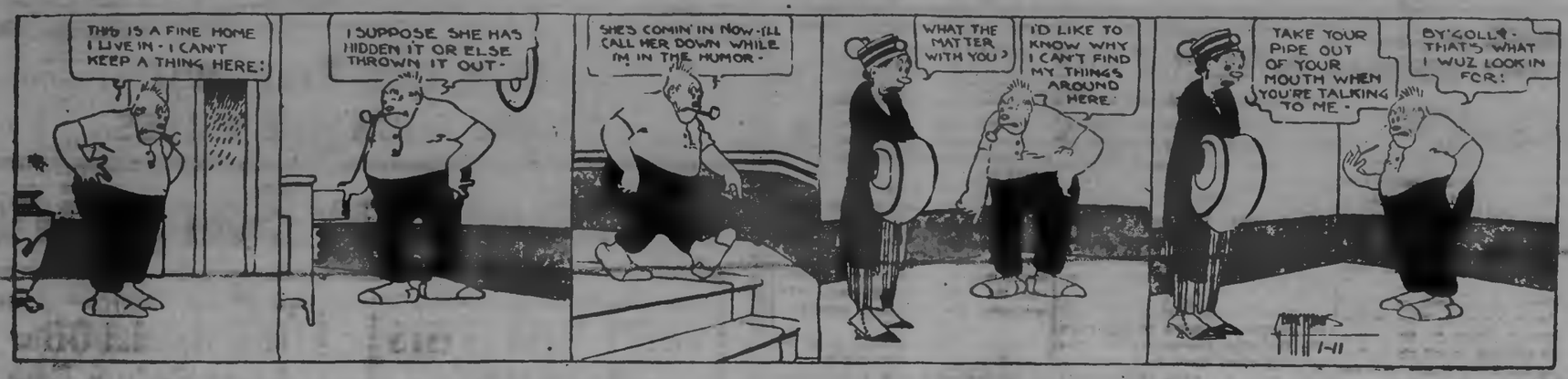
That Wonderful "Efficiency."

Chicago pork-packers now admit that their method of handling pigs has been wasteful. In Germany, as we gather from the appeals for modification of the armistice, even the squeal of the pig is utilized.



BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS


THIS IS A FINE HOME I LIVE IN - I CAN'T KEEP A THING HERE!
I SUPPOSE SHE HAS HIDDEN IT OR ELSE THROWN IT OUT -
SHE'S COMIN' IN NOW - I'LL CALL HER DOWN WHILE I'M IN THE HUMOR -
WHAT THE MATTER WITH YOU?
I'D LIKE TO KNOW WHY I CAN'T FIND MY THINGS AROUND HERE
TAKE YOUR PIPE OUT OF YOUR MOUTH WHEN YOU'RE TALKING TO ME -
BY GOLLY - THAT'S WHAT I WUZ LOOKIN FOR!
1-11

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

CHICK FRASER, MAN WHO FIRST USED THE SPIT BALL

President Fred Mitchell of the Chicago Cubs Tells True Story of That Marvel of Delivery.

(By Oscar C. Reichow)

There is still much argument as to who really invented the spitball. Discussion on the subject will not down, despite the fact that baseball players ,experts and fans have debated the question for years. To date the true inventor of the saliva delivery has not been established, although that particular curve has been in use for more than sixteen years. Some say Elmer Stricklett, formerly of Brooklyn, was the man to introduce it others say Frank Corridon discovered it, and others give Jack Chesbro credit for developing it.

Now along comes President Fred Mitchell of the Cubs with the word that Chick Fraser, formerly of the Phillies and Cubs was probably the first man to use the spitball effectively. They were on the same club —Philadelphia —in 1903, and it was then that Mitchell saw Fraser use the ball and also learned how to operate it on the rubber. It was about that time, or perhaps a year later that Stricklett came forth with the spitball and was given distinction of being the first man to include it in his assortment of benders, although Fraser counted it in 1903, as one of his assets in pitching.

Fraser First to Throw Ball

"Fraser was the first man I ever saw throw the spitball," said President Mitchell, who has been actively affiliated with baseball since 1901, when he was a member of the Boston American league club. "We were on the Philadelphia National League Club together and he taught me how to throw it. It was rather difficult to acquire, but I soon mastered it sufficiently to use in a ball game.

"Zimmer, who was manager and catcher of the Phillies elected me to pitch one day. While I was warming up before the game Fraser stood alongside of me and urged me to try a few spitballs. I did and they broke wonderfully. Fraser was enthused and told me to use it in the game when there were two out and nobody on the bases, but not to tell Zimmer anything about it. Being a kid, I thought it would be a good joke on Zimmer, who was a veteran and regarded as a great catcher at that time.

The game went along for a few innings and I had several chances to use it, but was afraid because Zimmer was manager. Fraser, who was always willing to pull off a trick or two sat next to me on the bench and urged me to go through with our little scheme. I told him I would. In the next inning the situation of two out and none on came up. The batter at the plate had two strikes and two balls called on him and Zimmer signed for a curve. I brought the ball up to my mouth and let go, not having any idea how the ball was going to act, as I had never used it in the game before. To my surprise it went straight over the plate and broke with unusual sharpness.

First Trial a Success

"I was not the only one who was surprised. There were two others, Zimmer and the batter. The man at the plate never saw the spitball before and missed it a mile. Zimmer never saw it before and missed it. The ball hit him on the shin and bounced to the grandstand. The shock of failing to catch the ball and getting hit by it stunned him for a moment. The batter jogged to first base, wondering what had happened.

"Zimmer retrieved the ball and, holding it in his right hand to keep the runner from advancing, motioned me to come to the plate.

"What was it you threw that time?" he asked.

"I was smiling and had all I could do to keep from breaking out in loud laughted. I glanced over at the bench and there saw Fraser nearly splitting his sides laughing. When Zimmer called me to the plate I expected to be reprimanded, but he asked what kind of a ball but he said: "Slow ball ——! We will have to get a signal for that before you use it again." We got a sign for it but Zimmer carried a lump on his shin for several days after."

Lady Curlers Receive Prizes

On Saturday Mrs. W. H. Hill, president of the Ladies' Curling Club, entertained the members at her home on Brock street. After an enjoyable social time had been spent, Mrs. Hill presented Miss Nina Davidson's rink with the trophy, which had been given the club by Mr. Alex. Gibson. The consolation, four silver pickle forks, presented by Mrs. Hill, was won by Mrs. V. Eastwood's rink. A very pleasing feature of the occasion was the presentation by Mrs. Coulthard, to the members of her rink of a cream jug, in appreciation of the splendid curling ability they had shown, and as an incentive to further effort next year.

HENLEY WILL HOLD REGATTA.

Challenge Cup Will Not Be Raced for on English Course.

London, England, March 4. — Although the usual Henley challenge cup will not be put up for competition this year, the Henley regatta committee has decided to hold for the Allied fours a regatta on July 4 and 5. The provisional program includes races by eight-oared and four-oared crews without coxswains.

New Zealand, Australia, Canada and Great Britain will be represented, and it is hoped the United States, Belgium and France will be able to send eights or fours.

This program also will include the Oxford and Cambridge trial eights, open senior eights, open fixed-seat eights, open senior fours without coxswains, open fixed-seat fours and pair oar races and sculling events open to amateurs from the Allied countries.

Canadian Golfers Play in the South

Pinehurst, N.C. March 4.—A world's record field of 316 contestants teed off for the first 18 holes of the 36-hole qualifying round in the annual spring tournament today at Pinehurst. Dwight L. Armstrong of the Oakmount Club led the great field home with a 5, and was followed by L. O. Pierce of Ekwanok at 77.

C. G. Grier of the Royal Montreal Club led the large Canadian contingent at 83. The Ontario golfers finished as follows:—J. L. Weller, St. Catharines, 99; E. W. Birkett, Rivermead, Ottawa, 101; John McCracken, Royal Ottawa, 103; T. M. Birkett, Rivermead, Ottawa, 104; J. H. Ingersoll, St. Catharines, 109.

Chatham police objected to the grant of a bonus by the police commission, wanting a straight raise in salary, so the bonus has been withdrawn and they are back on their old salary.

Senator Lodge has offered a resolution in the United States Senate to reject the League of Nations constitution as now drafted.

OTTAWAS DEFEAT THE CANADIENS

SENATORS SHOW IMPROVED FORM, AND DOUBLE SCORE ON FRENCHMEN.

Ottawa, March 4.—The championship play-off series between Canadiens and Ottawa for first honors in the N. H. L. and the right to play off against the Pacific Coast finalists for the Stanley Cup now stands 3 to 1 in favor of the Flying Frenchmen. In the fourth match Ottawa defeated Canadiens by 6 to 3 and thus got back into the fight again.

With Frank Nighbor back at centre and playing in brilliant form, Eddie Gerard and his Senators outskated and outplayed the crafty Habitants, scoring a decisive victory and stamping themselves as a team that is still far from being beaten. They had the edge over Lalonde and his team-mates throughout and would have maintained a much larger lead had it not been for the remarkable goalkeeping of Vezina.

It was another bitterly-fought match, in which feeling ran high, but it was capably handled by Pulford and Ross with the result that there was no trouble of any kind. It was also unusually good hockey when one took into consideration the fact that the ice was sticky and the weather mild.

Two splendidly conditioned teams fought it out in one of the most exing hockey struggles of the world and on the night's play Ottawa certainly deserved the honors. Play abounded in spectacular hockey, team and individual attacks, coupled with great defense work on both teams and sensational goal-keeping by both Vezina and Benedict, combining to make it a thriller.

After getting a lead in the second period the Ottawas threw the extra man back on the defense and put up hockey that proved supreme on that style of ice.

Ottawa—Goal, Benedict; defence, Cleghorn and Cameron; centre, Nighbor; right wing, Broadbent, left wing, Denenay. Substitutes, Gerard, Boucher and Darragh.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defence, Corbeau and Hall; centre, Lalonde; right wing, Pitre; left wing, Berlinguette. Substitutes, O. Cleghorn, Malone, Couture and McDonald.

Referee, Harvey Pulford; judge of play, Art. Ross.

WOODSTOCK IN JUNIOR FINALS

INDUSTRIAL CITY SEXTETTE EASILY DEFEAT SUDBURY ON ROUND.

Woodstock, March 4.—The local juniors are now qualified to enter the finals for the O.H.A. championship. Last night they defeated Sudbury, 9 to 5, and won the round by 18 to 9. Considering that the ice was partly covered with water, the game was a fairly good one, but the play was not of the calibre of the previous contests with Kitchener and Stratford. The Reds and White cavorted around in great form.

The Sudbury aggregation was strengthened for the occasion by Green and Rothschild, and these two played were about the best on the visitors' line-up. The locals showed up well. There was no hogging the puck or selfish work. It was all nifty team play that counted and resulted in goals. The visitors, with good coaching, could be developed into a formidable team.

Sudbury Forfeit Game.

The Sudbury boys came to town with the one determination to defeat the locals and with this object in view brought along Green of the Parkdale juniors and Rothschild of McGill University. They accordingly forfeited the game and went on the ice confident that they held the cards. However, the locals were not fully extended at any stage and could have notched a few more counters if they had been necessary. Green showed the local fans some real classy hockey and scored four of the five goals for Sudbury.

Sudbury—Goal, Ironstone; defense, Berthiaume and Rothschild; centre, Green; wings, Wright and Acquain. Subs., W. Wright and Kelly.

Woodstock—Goal, Dunlop; defense King and Shay; centre, Trump; wings, Carman and Carson. Subs., Johnston and Debrule.

Penalties—King, 2; Shay and Rothschild, 2.

Referee—Tackaberry.

High Rollers Win From The Pdckers

Last night at the Water Street Alleys in the Business Men's ten pin league, the High Rollers took three games from Matthews Blackwell, for the High Rollers Hayes hit the maple for 583, Solomon and Thompson had 580 and 544. For the losers McDonnel was high with 515. The scores:

High Rollers				
Thompson	200	103	181	—544
Hayes	212	159	212	—583
Rikley	118	...	...	—118
Thomas	...	136	140	—276
Mitzes	132	181	155	—468
Solomon	190	168	222	—580
	850	807	910	—2567

Matthews-Blackwell				
Craig	128	138	134	—400
McLean	172	121	117	—410
Everett	153	116	120	—389
Pratt	141	132	133	—406
McDonnell	155	200	160	—515
	749	709	764	—2220

Tonight Grocers vs. Can. Gen. Elec.

Frank L. Duggan, Stratford, sued H. Johnston for libel, claiming $10,000, and was awarded by Mr. Justice Clute $1.

The Canadian troops coming home as units on the Adriatic, expected to reach Halifax on Saturday, will be the first to be returned to their dispersal areas, according to the new plan.

NO PRIZE FIGHT IN NEW JERSEY

BOXING OFFICIALS IN THAT STATE BAR WILLARD-DEMPSEY BOUT.

New York, March 4.—New Jersey boxing officials have no intention of sanctioning the proposed heavyweight championship bout between Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey, which Tex Rickard will conduct somewhere in this country on July 4th. John S. Smith, Chairman of the New Jersey State Boxing Commission has declared emphatically that under no circumstances will the proposed contest be permitted in New Jersey. In this opinion Commissioner Cann coincides.

The remaining member of the commission, C. Rain ,is favorable to the bout being conducted in New Jersey, providing it is held in a suitable building which could accommodate the crowd expected to attend, the probability of the bout being held in New Jersey is negligible.

Commissioner Smith declared the contest was undesirable so far as New Jersey was concerned. The disparity of the ages of the principals forms the foundation for Commissioner Smith's hostility, and to this is added antipathy over the inactivity of Willard during the war. Commissioner Smith pointed to the fact that the heavy weight champion has consistently refused to give of his efforts for war charities purposes.

Commissioner Cann's opposition to conducting the bout in New Jersey is based on the physical differences between Willard and Dempsey. As a physical director, Commissioner Cann declares it is next to impossible for a man of Willard's age to retain physical perfection after inactivity extending over a period of four years.

Tex Rickard does not seem to be worrying over the location of the bout. He has not stated his plans but is expected to do so shortly. He is expected back in this city today.

Few men exhibit their bravery until after the danger is past.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD
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LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Coamings, Joist and Plank, Mouldings, Casings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's

897 George St. Next Turnbull's

Five Pin League Program For Week

The Five Pin League, "B" Class, starts this week at the Water street alleys as follows:

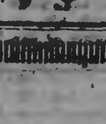
Wednesday — Bankers vs. Lawn Bowlers.

Thursday — Matthews-Blackwell vs. Turnbull's.

Friday—De Laval vs. Shamrocks.

The complete schedule will be published later.

All Saints' Episcopal Church Men's Club at Windsor is planning the erection of a large recreation building to meet the needs of the boys and girls as well as adults.



Cook's Cotton Root Compound. A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

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If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property to rent or sell

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IT PAYS

Important Annoucement

FURS at the price we are selling at, are about as shrewd an investment as you can make.

There is no question about prices for next year, they cannot help but be higher, raw skins are costing more than they ever did.

In order to give our customers sufficient warning of this advance in costs we will continue our present reduction sale of Furs until the end of this month of March, after which prices will be based on the new values for next year's selling.

Barrie's

Furriers—and—Ladies Ready-to-Wear Garments.

Barrie Bldg. George St.

POOR EYES MEANS POOR WORK

We give your eye needs personal attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY

Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

A meeting of the members and prospective members will take place at the Labor Hall, March 6th, at 8 p.m., Thursday. Election of permanent officers for the party. A debate will take place between two members of the organization on the 44 hour week and minimum wage, its economic and political effect on the community. Questions invited.

T. TOOMS, Sec.

AUCTION SALE

Friday at Hancock's Auction Room, of Furniture of all kinds. Parties wishing to put anything on sale may do so.

KING-JARVIS RECITAL.

Keep in mind Mrs. Geo. H. King's Recital in Trinity Church School House, corner Reid and Charlotte streets, Thursday evening, March 6. Mrs. King will be assisted by Mr. Harold Jarvis, Canada's famous tenor. Tickets 35c, now on sale at Greene's Music Store, Charlotte St.

Inspector Mowat Approves Show

At the conclusion of the matinee yesterday Inspector Mowat went on the stage to visit Dr. Girwood and to congratulate him upon his exhibition. Mr. Mowat also expressed his appreciation of the value of the picture from an educational standpoint.

Dr. Girwood is a native of Woodstock. When the war broke out he held an appointment under the British Government, being engaged in India preparing textbooks on history and geography for the use of the natives. He expects to resume this duty when the final terms of peace are arranged. In the meantime he is still teaching history, bringing current events right down to date. He

L. L. HOOKS SAYS HIS TROUBLES ARE OVER

TANLAC BUILT HIM UP SO HE IS NOW WORKING HARD EVERY DAY

"When I weighed the other day I found that I had gained thirty-five pounds, and that's only a part of what Tanlac has done for me," said L. L. Hooks, of North Roswell, Ga., in relating his experience with Tanlac.

"I suffered from such an awful case of stomach trouble," he continued, "that I could hardly eat a thing and nothing tasted right. The little I forced down didn't give me any strength and at times I would almost choke from the gas that formed in my stomach. I was so weak and miserable I just couldn't do any work at all and was just about all in.

"I commenced to take Tanlac because I saw the good it was doing others, and I could feel all the difference in the world right from the start; it simply made me feel like a new man. My troubles are now over, it built me up wonderfully and I am working hard, using a pick and shovel every day, and never have any more trouble with my stomach."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

LENT AT ST. LUKE'S

Program of Services Begins on Ash Wednesday

Ash Wednesday will be observed at St. Lukes' with services at 10.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. At the evening service will be given the first of a weekly series of illustrated lectures on "Mission Fields of the Canadian Church."

During Lent the weekly meetings for Bible study and prayer will be held on Fridays at 7.30 p.m.

On Sunday evenings the Rector will preach a series on "St. Peter, the man and the Christian."

On Sunday mornings the general topic will be "The Vital Things of Religion."

Secure Seats For Minstrel Show

The subscription lists for the Y. M. C. A. minstrels will close on Saturday of this week. There is a decided advantage in placing your name on the list as those who have done so will have the privilege of reserving seats on Monday, March 17th, while the plan opens to others on the following morning. Those who wish to secure the choice seats will at once realize this advantage and should lose no time in subscribing. If you are not canvassed, phone 246, Y.M.C.A., and your name will be placed on one of the lists. Remember, Saturday is the last day. Some of the canvassers have had splendid results, one having secured 44 names and another in the same neighborhood, all report the most cordial reception and say that when the object for which the event is being held, namely to place a suitable honor roll in the Y.M.C.A. rooms for members who have served in the war, there is no hesitation in subscribing.

The whole program is being put on by local talent under the direction of one of our able local musical directors, Mr. Asa Huycke. The program is of the highest class in every way.

Don't let the opportunity of securing the best seats for this big event slip by and suffer regrets when you find only the back rows available. Do it now.

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage

The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark plugs for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of car and in case a plug should go wrong, it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one.

It is exceptionally

NOTES ON THE CONVENTION

BY A BYSTANDER

The morning session showed a keen interest in Sunday School work on the part of the rural districts of this county.

• • •

Considering that most Sunday School workers are employed during the day the attendance at the afternoon session was remarkably large.

• • •

It seemed a pity that in this work the Anglicans refused to cooperate with the other denominations. The last four years have done much to break down the walls of imaginary differences between churches but further effort along this line is still required. All churches should undoubtedly join hands for the comman welfare of our children.

• • •

The special feature of the afternoon session was the address by Mrs. H. R. H. Kenner on "Lesson preparation and presentation." This was most comprehensive and instructive and with a strong spiritual tone. Mrs. Kenner was later elected Superintendent of the Teachers' Training Department.

• • •

The statement of an afternoon speaker that a soldier relative had spent over three years in France without cultivating the habit of smoking was received with applause.

• • •

The solos of Miss Lynn and Mrs. Renwick at the evening session were much appreciated and enjoyed.

• • •

The chairman in the evening, Mr. Joseph Wearing stated that the Sunday Schools were the keystone of the arch of all religious institutions and that without the work done in Sunday Schools the whole arch would fall.

• • •

The suspicion crept into the mind of an observer that the clergy of the city are not much interested in Sunday School work. The only city pastor present at the evening session was the Rev. Amos Thomas, who conducted the devotional service.

• • •

Two splendid addresses were delivered in the evening by Rev. P. K. Dayfoot and Rev. T. A. Halpenny. The address delivered by Mr. Dayfoot on "The Child in our Midst," was particularly strong and practical.

• • •

Emphasis was laid on the fact that the habit of cigarette smoking will become very prevalent and that srtong measures will be required to protect growing boys.

• • •

Mr. Halpenny stated that if we wait till we are dead sure of our time and ability before attempting anything worth while we will be dead sure before we get at it.

• • •

Special credit was given Mr. J. J. Turner for his efficient work as secretary. It was pointed out that as alderman and President of the Board of Trade he was a very busy man but apparently not too busy to be interested in the welfare of children.

• • •

Inspector Mowat on assuming the duties as President for the coming year said that to him it was the call of duty and privilege.

Annual "At Home" At Normal School

A very pleasing event was held last night when the pupils and their friends of the Normal School held their annual "at home" at the institution. A very delightful program was rendered, which was as follows:

Address by the president of the Literary Society.

National Tableau by the boys and girls of the school.

Violin selection by Dr. Park.

Reading by Miss Parker.

Instrumental duet by the Misses Jackson and Hill.

Camp-fire songs by the Normal boys.

Promenades and games were held, after which refreshments were served by Hooper's in the library. Mr Asa Huycke presided at the piano for the promenades.

Bean Supper At St. Paul's Church

About 60 members of St. Paul's Guild attended the second social of the year, held in the Sunday School Room under the supervision of the social committee of the guild. After a bean supper, which lasted from 6.15 to 7 p.m., and was served cafeteria style, Mr. Herbert Mason, vice-president of the society took the chair. Those present then listened to a piano solo which was well rendered by Miss Jean Elliott, after which Mr. F. J. A. Morris of the Collegiate staff read a delightful paper on "The Life History of a Hobby Horse." After the singing of the National Anthem the gathering broke up, about 7.45 p.m., some going to the Normal "At Home," others to the rink, and still other to the theatre.

Special Service At S. A. Temple

A goodly crowd gathered in the Sunday school hall of the Temple last night to attend the first week night service of the special series which is being held this week. Adjutant Buntin took for his subject, "Jesus in the House," and spoke on the healing of the palsied man in the home at Capernaum. Bright, lively singing and testimonies added to the interest of the meeting, and to anyone desiring to know more of the Christian life these services will be of great value.

Tonight the adjutant will speak on "Spiritual Decline in the Christian Church, Its Cause and How to Prevent it." The Girl Guards will be out in full force at 8 o'clock. There will also be a practice for them from 7 to 8.

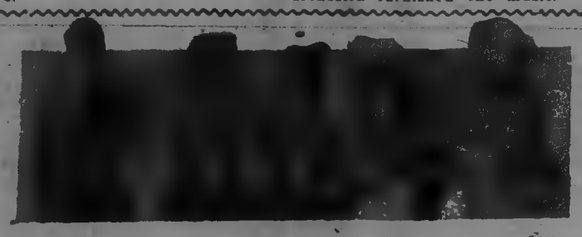
Everyone is welcome. Come, and you will not be disappointed.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Magistrate Dumble is confined to his home, suffering from the effects of a severe cold. He was unable to preside at the session of the Police Court this afternoon.

There was a good attendance at the dance held in the T. A. S. rooms last night. Good prizes were awarded those who were successful at the card tables. Moher's orchestra furnished the music.

There were about three hundred in attendance at the dance of the Bachelors and Benedicts in the Conservatory Hall last night. Linton's orchestra furnished the music.



MID-WEEK NOTICE CONCERNING FISKE O'HARA

In "Marry in Haste," the new play which Fiske O'Hara will present at the Grand Opera House Saturday matinee and evening, March 8.

The poular star appears as Lord Richard Leigh, a debonair young scion of a noble house, whose father urges him to marry in order to perpetuate the name. Piqued at his insistence, Dick vows to marry the first girl he meets. He rashly carries out his threat, only to bitterly regret his action when he meets the charming Lady Evelyn O'Connor, with whom he falls head over heels in love. The telling of the story involves a certain element of mystery which is sustained until the very end, and the play is filled with romance, humor songs this season, including "The Kind of a Girl I mean," "Peggy McVey," "I'm Falling in Love With You, Dear," and "There's a Charm of Dear Old Ireland in Your Eyes," and his fine tenor voice is heard to distinct advantage in their rendition. The supporting cast is made up of capable players, including Patricia Clary, Gertrude Ritchie, Mary Louise Malloy, Laurette Allen, Robert H. Russell, J. P. Sullivan, W. T. Sheehan, J. E. Miller and Dean Reed. Manager Piton has provided a handsome scenic and costume embellish-

- WHO CAN HELP BUT - ADMIRE SUCH FINE VALUES

Wednesday Bargains

DON'T MISS THIS BARGAIN

Semi-Bleached Linen Bedroom Towels

50c Towels for 37c

60c Towels for 47c

A special purchase of two hundred dozen Irish made semi-bleached linen Bedroom Towels, in two sizes. These splendid towels are rock bottom value at the regular prices, and are remarkable bargains at Wednesday's sale prices. Nicely hemmed all ready for use. See them in the Staple Department:

50c Bedroom Towels for 37c
60c Bedroom Towels for 47c

This Special Offer Lasts Only a Few More Days

55c Instead of $2.00

12 months' subscription to the Woman's Magazine. Regular price $1.50
The latest issue of New Idea quarterly. Regular price 20c
And any New Idea Pattern ..... Free
Total $2.00
Buy to-morrow at 55c, and save $1.45.
This offer is made by special arrangements with the publishers, and holds good for a few days only.
Mrs. Davey, the publishers' representative, is at our store now and will be for the next few days, and will be pleased to serve you.

Canadian Bleached Sheeting, Our Regular 85c Quality, Wednesday 58c

72-Inch Pure White Canadian Sheeting, plainweave; fine grade of cotton, the kind that will give the very best of satisfaction. It's our regular 85c can buy it for. See this sheeting to-morquality and to-morrow's price is away less than werow. Wednesday Bargain, yard 58c

ADVANCE SHOWING OF NEW SPRING SUITS & COATS

In our Ready-to-Wear department you will find the best of the season's earliest styles carefully selected by our expert buyers to suit the tastes of our customers from the smartest and most distinctive fashions in Women's and Misses' Suits and Coats.

Six Only

Silk padded Lounging Robes in colors of navy, maize and cardinal. Every robe regular $8.50. To clear, Wednesday Bargain $5.00

Odd Lines

In Boys' heavy warm Sweater Coats, in plain and combination colors. Regular $2.00 and $2.50. To clear Wednesday Bargain, each $1.50

Fine White Cambric

Suitable for the finest lingerie; 36 inches wide. Regular 35c. Wednesday Bargain 29c

Hemstitched Pillow Cases

Size 40 inch only; all ready for use. Regular 60c. Wednesday Bargain 48c

Very Special Sale Wednesday of Mill Ends of High Grade All-wool Broadcloths, Velours, Tweeds

And the finer weaves in dress goods, in a big range of colorings. Lengths range from ½ to 5 yards. Suitable for ladies' and children's suits, coats and skirts, as well as for boys' pants.

Each Mill End is marked at a Big Bargain Price for Wednesday Clearance.

Women's Underwear 50c

Odd lines of Women's Underwear; natural shade, vests in high neck, long sleeves and button front style; drawers in open, ankle length, and closed style, knee length ..... Wednesday Bargain, garment 50c

Women's White Cambric Nightgowns, $1.00

A very fine assortment of women's Night Gowns, and a very special sale value. Made from fine, soft cambric, in slip-over and high neck style; neatly trimmed with pretty lace around neck and armseye. Good full sizes ..... Wednesday Bargain $1.00

Semi-bleached Table Damask, yard 98c

Splendid wearing quality semi-bleached Table Damask, 60 inches wide. Nice floral patterns; will wash and bleach nicely. Regular $1.25. Wednesday Bargain, yard 98c

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

Free speech is no excuse for talking too much.

Try to be satisfied with the best you can get.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to his customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company, Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged, will act as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening. Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For

COLLECTOR - WANTED -

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until SATURDAY, MARCH THE 8TH, for the position of Tax Collector for the Township of Smith for the year 1919. Applicants to furnish bonds for $12,000 and to state salary required.

J. W. KELLY, Clerk.
Bridgenorth, Ont.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,600 up; good Market Gardens; good chicken farm for sale, 80 acres, with frame house, $3,000, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, household effects, your life, or anything you have, it will pay you.

Water Street, South of Simcoe

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh northerly winds, clearing and co[illegible] Thursday, northwest winds, fair and cold.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 54 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

GOVERNMENT TROOPS FIRE ON MOB IN BERLIN STREETS

Several Casualties Reported in Crowd That Attempted to Storm Police Headquarters—Authorities Now Seem to Have Situation Well in Hand.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 5.—Government troops at police headquarters fired on rioters in the neighborhood this morning and several casualties are reported to have resulted. The troops had been called to disperse crowds which were gathering in increased numbers around headquarters. Reports were current early in the day that the Spartacans' marine division had seized police headquarters but this turned out to be incorrect.

Strikers Seem at Sea.

Greater Berlin was quiet up till last night, Gustave Noske, Minister of War, apparently having the situation in hand. The proclamation of martial law by the Prussian Ministry had a salutory effect, quick recovery to strategic points in the city by the Reinhardt Brigade also serving to dampen the ardor of the Spartacides. Government soldiers are concentrating attention on the mob in the vicinity of police headquarters, the Chancellor and the Imperial Bank. The strike organization has thus far done nothing and the leaders are unable to tell the approximate number of men who are out on strike.

The Greater Berlin Workmens' Soviet met at 10 o'clock this afternoon, under the chairmanship of Richard Mueller, Independent Radical, for th purpose of receiving reports from the factory stewards. The strike committee and council executive boards have increased the membership to thirty-two, being equally divided between the Majority Socialists and Independent Socialists.

In view of its party make up and the fact that the Majority Socialists are fighting the strike and determined to prevent its spread, it is believed that he executive board, which is declaring the strike, will before long become dead locked or bring about a compromise. The strike organization has requisitioned the Independent Socialist organ, the Die Freiheit and is issuing it as an official gazette.

SPARTACANS STILL WAGING WAR

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 5.—Government troops occupied the city of Halle, between Berlin and Weimar, late on Monday, after sanguinary street fighting in which thirty civilians were killed, according to an aviator who has arrived here by airplane from Halle. The troops also suffered casualties.

The Spartacans have inaugurated a movement to seize Moeringsburg, East Prussia, and open a route to Memel, so that the Bolshevik armies can move to the assistance of the Spartacans. The Government, however, has sent forces to prevent it.

The occupation of Dusseldorf by government forces has been accomplished without opposition. The radicals are endeavoring to extend the general strike movement to southeastern Saxony. Telegrams carry alarming reports of the situation in Halle. They declare that troops have used machine guns and that a number of officers and strikers have been killed. Government troops in Berlin on Tuesday occupied the printing plant of the Red Flag, the Spartacan organ, without fighting. Dr. Hans Meyer, the editor of the paper, was arrested by troops.

LOCAL HEBREWS EYES ARE TURNED TOWARD PALESTINE

Mr. N. Sukloff Will Represent Peterborough at Convention in Montreal to Discuss Zionist Movement and Other Questions of Interest to Jews.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Hebrews of this city was held at the Woodmen of the World Hall on Monday for the purpose of electing delegates to represent Peterborough and vicinity at the Canadian Jewish Congress to be held in Montreal, on March 16, 17, 18.

The object of the Congress, which is composed of Jewish representatives from all parts of the Dominion, is to formulate plans for the amelioration of the conditions of Jews throughout the world. Among the matters which will be brought up at the Congress is the granting of equal political and economic rights to Jews in all countries, in which they reside, the establishment of a Jewish state in Palestine and questions dealing with immigration and colonization. It is altogether likely that representatives will be chosen by the Congress to present the views of the Canadian Jews at the Peace Conference.

Delegates Nominated.

Mr. B. Chesler, local president of the Jewish congregation, acted as chairman of the meeting and in his opening address emphasized the need of unity amongst the Jews, saying that only by presenting a solid front could much be accomplished in relieving the disabilities, under which many of their co-religionists are suffering in many of the countries in which they live.

Mr. N. Sukloff and Mr. M. Fine were nominated as delegates to the Congress, and after an interesting contest, Mr. Sukloff received the largest number of votes.

Among the speakers who addressed the meeting were Rev. Mr. Barenholz, Messrs. N. Sukloff, Mr. M. Fine, Mr. P. Black, Mr. H. J. Zacks, Mr. L. Erster and Louis Sukloff.

Before closing the meeting Mr. B. Chesler made a brief appeal for expenses of the local delegate to the Congress. The appeal was heartily endorsed and the result deposited with the treasurer, Mr. Harry Zacks. Mr. A. Botnick, secretary of the Peterborough Jewish Congregation, kept a record of the evening's proceedings which will remain an historic memorandum in the annals of the Jewish sect of this city.

The meeting was then closed by the singing of the National Anthem.

HYDRO PROMISES QUICK ACTION

CAPT. BURNHAM RECEIVES LETTER RE THE DAM AT LAKEFIELD.

Capt. J. H. Burnham wires from Ottawa to The Review as follows:

"Have received the following letter from Hydro re the Lakefield dam:

"Mr. J. H. Burnham, House of Commons, Ottawa, Ont.:

"Dear Sir,—Your telegram of 1st instant and your letter of the same date are to hand. This matter will be brought to the attention of the chairman directly as soon as he arrives in the city, which it is expected will be this evening or tomorrow morning, and the matter will be taken up with the Board.

"Yours truly,

"W. W. POPE, Secretary."

DR. EDWARD M'GRATH DIES AT ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL

One of the Oldest and Best Known Physicians in This District---a True Friend to the Suffering.

Dr. Edward McGrath, one of the most widely known physicians in this city and district, died this morning in St. Joseph's Hospital after a short illness.

Dr. McGrath's death came as a surprise and shock to the people of Peterborough, many of his friends being unaware of his serious illness until the announcement of his passing.

Born in Campbellford over fifty years ago, the late Dr. McGrath received his early education in that town and later attended queen's University, Kingston, where he studeid medicine and surgery, graduating with honors at the end of his course.

In 1888 he came to Peterborough and commenced practice in the town of that day. He had not been following his profession long before he was recognized throughout the entire district as an exceptionally clever and successful physician and skillful surgeon.

His practice grew with his reputation, and he was for a great many years one of the busiest medical men of the city.

In the days when Dr. McGrath began the practice of medicine in and around Peterborough the people of the rural district surrounding us depended entirely upon the physicians of the city in times of sickness. Dr. McGrath had a tremendous country practice, and, like the doctors of the old school to which he belonged, the weather was never so inclement, the night so dark or the hour so late as to prevent him from answering the summons of the sick.

He was a typical example of the big hearted doctor whose primary object in the practice of the healing art was not the accumulation of wealth, but who followed his profession because he believed in it and knew it to be the channel through which suffering humanity sought relief.

The late Dr. McGrath did not wait to enquire into the financial status of a patient before going to his relief, even though he was an exceptionally busy man, and the summons might call him for from home in stormy weather when much fatigued with the day's activity.

There was a warm place in the heart of the people of the city and district for the kind hearted physician who has just passed away and so these his death comes as a distinct loss.

He never took any part in public life, his entire time being engaged in taking care of his large practice, but like many another physician and surgeon of the old school he lived the strennous life which the profession demands ministering to the sick of the rich and the poor without discrimination and at a comparatively early age was called away from the scenes of his labor.

The late Dr. McGrath married Miss O'Sullivan ,only daughter of the late Dr. O'Sullivan of this city. He leaves in addition to his wife his aged parents at Campbellford and six brothers: John, Charles, Dr. George, Henry, James and Robert.

Col. Machin's Bombshell Startles The Lawmakers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 5.—The bomb shell exploded by Col. Machin in the Ontario House last night was virtually the only topic of conversation at Queen's Park this morning. Government officials declined to make any pronouncement on the subject. C. R. McKeown, Conservative Whip, stated this morning he did not consider that the colonel had definitely broken from the party in taking issue with the Government on the temperance question.

The debate on the speech from the Throne will be brought to a close in the Legislature this afternoon when Hartley Dewart and Alan Studholm are schedule to speak for the Opposition and V. A. Sinclair for the Government. Tomorrow Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, will present his budget and discussion on that topic will follow and will likely occupy the remainder of the week.

NO LIFE OFFICE FOR THE ELDERS

PRESBYTERIANS ALSO PROPOSE CHANGE IN SELECTION OF PASTORS.

Toronto, March 5.—Radical changes in Church government were proposed by the Presbytery of Toronto yesterday, when two overtures dealing with the term of office for elders and the settlement of pastors were adopted.

An overture will be submitted to the General Assembly by Rev. J. B. Paulin to amend the law governing the office tenure of elders, so as to provide that congregations may elect elders for an active term of five years, with option of re-election at the end of that time. The law, "once an elder always an elder," will continue, but a retired elder may not be eligible as a representative to the General Assembly, according to the overture.

Prof. Ballantyne submitted an overture, which was adopted, proposing the establishment of a General Assembly Permanent Committee on Vacancy and Supply, a local committee to be appointed by each Presbytery, composed of three members elected for a term of three years. Any church becoming vacant shall be under the care and direction of the local committee, which will consider the special needs of the vacant charge and select suitable candidates in conjunction with the General Assembly's committee.

The Presbyterial Committee will seek to avoid all "candidating" and competition for a vacant church. When a minister is appointed to visit and preach before the congregation he shall be regarded as the only man under definite consideration by the vacant church. He may fill the pulpit on additional Sundays before a decision is come to.

Ontario Liberal Party Looks For New Leader

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 5.—Influential Liberals among the members of the Legislature and discussing the probability of a general Provincial convention in the near future, to discuss a future program and the possibility of the appointment of a new leader for the party in Ontario. The present leader, Wm. Proudfoot, member for Centre Huron, was in the opinion of many of his following appointed as acting leader only during the party political truce necessitated by the war. Among the names prominently mentioned for leadership should a change be made, are those of Hartley Dewart, South Toronto; Major J. C. Tolmie, Windsor, and Francis Hay, North Perth.

WILSON RETURNS TO CONFERENCE

PRESIDENT BEGAN HIS RETURN TRIP TO PARIS THIS MORNING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, March 5.—President Wilson sailed today on his second voyage to France. The transport George Washington bearing the Presidential party left the Hoboken, N.J., pier at 8.15 a.m. The Chief Executive's departure was marked by simplicity, which contrasted with the noisy demonstration accorded him on his first journey to Paris last December. Today there was only a small crowd of persons assembled at the army transport pier. To these the President, hat in hand, and Mrs. Wilson, waved farewell greetings as the George Washington sauntered out into the lower Hudson River. As the transport turned her nose toward the statue of liberty in the almost strike paralized harbor, an escort of destroyers got under way ahead and a Presidential salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

DESERTED FROM 93RD BATTALION

WILLIAM ARTHUR RICHMOND CAPTURED AND TURNED OVER TO MILITARY.

DESERTED

William Arthur Richmond, a deserter from the 93rd Battalion, whose home is in this city and who was arrested yesterday by the Dominion Police at the farm where he was working near Peterborough, appeared this morning before Mr. H. Rush, J.P., the acting police magistrate, and was handed over to a military escort, which will take him to Kingston where he will be tried by court martial.

Richmond deserted from his unit in July of 1916 when it was quartered at Barriefield. He went to the States and did not return to this country until the end of the war when he felt that he could live here without danger of discovery.

Spent Four Years On Active Duty

LIEUT. WILFRED FITZGERALD ARRIVED IN THE CITY LAST EVENING.

Lieut. Wilfred Fitzgerald returned to Peterborough last evening, having arrived in Canada ten days ago after having been on active service in France for almost four yers.

He enlisted with the 19th Battalion, a unit of the second division forming at Sault Ste. Marie in the spring of 1915. Since that time he has been in the service continuously and was wounded slightly about ten days before the armistice was signed.

Lieut. Fitzgerald was a resident of Peterborough for some time before enlisting. He is at present the guest of his uncle, Mr. W. S. Merrell, of this city.

1,200 Soldiers Land at Halifax

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, March 5.—Transport Megantic, with twelve hundred soldiers and three hundred civilians aboard, docked here this morning. Many of the soldiers are for Ontario points.

Ingersoll Horticultural Society urges the Dominion Government to adopt daylight saving again this year noting its financial and healthful benefits.

Plowing has commenced in several parts of Kent county and robins have been seen in several places.

Daylight Saving In United States

MEASURE WILL BECOME EFFECTIVE AGAIN ON MARCH 30TH.

Washington, March 5.—The daylight saving will go into effect again on March 30. A provision had been tacked on to the Agricultural Bill calling for the recall of the daylight-saving law, but this bill was prevented from coming to a vote by the filibuster in the Senate.

There has been a warm fight over the fate of the daylight program, the manufacturers and organisations in most of the large communities working for its continuance, while thousands of farmers favored its abolishment. Had the Agricultural Bill been passed by the Senate, the law would have been repealed.

This means that the new system of working time will once more be adopted in Canada.

VETERAN'S CLOSE RACE WITH DEATH

RETURNED SOLDIER WAS ALMOST DROWNED BY FALLING INTO CANAL.

One day last week while working upon Dam Number 3, between this city and Lakefield a returned soldier who with others was employed in making repairs to the structure, was accidentally hit by a piece of timber and knocked from the deck of the dam into the water above it.

Efforts were made to rescue him but these failed. A pike pole was extended to him but though he grasped it for a minute the swirling water rushing along at this point drew him through the stop logs and shot him between them into the sluice-way, injuring his back as he went through.

In the sluice-way there is a tremendous volume of water, eddying like a miniature malestrom and rushing forward with tremendous speed. The victim was carried a distance of 200 feet through the foaming waters before the current slackened sufficiently to allow him to swim to the side where he was rescued by his comrades.

It is safe to say that though this man is a returned soldier his experience of last week on the Trent was a narrower escape than he ever experienced upon the battlefield. Only a strong swimmer with the determination to fight against death to the last could have passed through such an ordeal and escaped with his life.

FIRED TWO SHOTS AT PRESIDENT

RUSSIAN JEW ATTEMPTS LIFE OF HEART OF FRENCH NATION.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 5.—A man who later admitted his name was Kneller and that he was a Russian Jew, fired two shots from a revolver from the Palais Deleysee, residence of President Poincaire today. Kneller, who at first refused to divulge his nationality, declared that he desired to protest against the Allied intervention in Russia. The shooting occurred in the presence of guards and sentinels. The bullets fell harmlessly on the verandas of the court of honor.

Lloyd George Is Back in Paris

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 5.—Premier Lloyd George left London this morning for Paris to resume work with the Peace Conference delegates.

MR. JOHN ALLAN RESIGNS AS ORGANIST OF ST. PAUL'S

Has Held the Position With Distinction for Over Six Years—Last Appearance on March 23rd at Memorial Service.

Mr. John Allan has tendered his resignation, which the session has accepted, as organist of St. Paul's Church, a position which he has filled with distinction for over six years. Mr. Allan will officiate for the last time in St. Paul's Church at the memorial services for the fallen heroes of the congregation ,to be held on March 23rd. Beyond that his plans have not been announced.

Mr. Allan enjoys an enviable reputation as a musician and a teacher. He studied the art, in some of the leading schools of Europe and held prominent positions in Great Britain before coming to Canada. On many occasions he has by special invitation played before members of the Royal Family.

It was Dr. J. A. Macdonald, formerly editor of the Toronto Globe, who induced Mr. Allan to leave Scotland and come to Canada, Dr. MacDonald being a personal friend. The doctor at that time was pastor of Knox Church in St. Thomas, a position which he gave up to enter the newspaper profession in Toronto. Mr. Allan became organist of the St. Thomas Church and his reputation soon was established. He was offered and accepted a position in one of the leading churches in Montreal and a little over six years ago accepted an offer to come to St. Paul's.

Mr. Allan has ever maintained the efficiency of St. Paul's choir at a high standard and under his leadership it has always been recognized as one of the best musical organizations among all the very excellent ones in the city. He has, besides, put on some of the best musical entertainments ever staged in the city and has brought distinguished performers to appear before local audiences. He has been no less successfull as a teacher, and his pupils have always taken a high standing at the various departmental examinations. One of his greatest triumphs as an instructor was in the training of his own daughter, Mrs. Maurice Park, who is admittedly one of the most brilliant soprano singers in Canada, and who, previous to her marriage was the popular soloist in St. Paul's.

Mr. Allan will be missed in the musical and social life of the city, in which Mrs. Allan, too, took a prominent part. The latter is a skilled musician herself and was for a number of years one of the mainstays in the St. Paul's choir. She was also identified with all departments of war work, took an active part in recruiting, and sincere interest in all patriotic movements, especially in Red Cross work.

Mrs. Allan is at the head of the committee in St. Paul's Church that is preparing the services to be held March 23 in memory of the fallen heroes from the congregation. At the request of the congregation Mr. and Mrs. Allan have consented to officiate on that occasion.

Mr. Allan's successor has not yet been appointed.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5th, 1919

CAPT. BURNHAM AND PROHIBITION.

IS IT NOT BARELY POSSIBLE that Capt. Burnham and Mr. A. B. Cunningham, the latter the spokesman for Trinity Methodist Church, in the controversy that has arisen between them on the prohibition question, have failed to understand each other? Mr. Cunningham, in an official communication to the member for West Peterborough, asked Capt. Burnham to use his influence to have Canada made "bone dry" until the soldiers return and the question can be submitted to a popular vote.

Probably neither Mr. Cunningham nor the members of the society for which he spoke have any intention of abolishing alcohol entirely, as Capt. Burnham seems to conclude. Certainly they have no idea of interfering with the plans of the Creator or of improving upon Divine handiwork. There may be alcohol in almost everything that man eats or drinks, but it exists in such infinitesimal quantities as to be harmless. No man has yet been known to consume apples, grapes, or any other variety of food to such an excessive extent as to develop a case of delirium tremens or otherwise impair his reason. But man seeking to improve on Nature, squeezes the alcohol out of the fruit, submits it to a process, and imbibes it, often to his own undoing, feeding to the lower animals the residue which in its natural state possesses food value beyond all question.

The most ardent temperance advocate consents to the use of alcohol for sacramental or medicinal purposes. All he is given to guard against is the abuse of these provisions. It is not improbable that Mr. Cunningham is willing to concede this point. The trouble in this case, as in so many others, is that the writer of a letter is seldom explicit when he chooses to be sarcastic, or when he expresses a request in the same spirit as that in which he would issue a mandate.

But in the enforcement of prohibition there are likely to arise grave constitutional issues, more serious than those which now divide Capt. Burnham and the representative of Trinity Church. Canada is made up of a union of provinces, and under all federal forms of government such disputes and difficulties are sure to arise at intervals. The question as to whether the Dominion Parliament has the right to force prohibition on a province, the voters of which have not adopted it, has yet to be settled, and will not be decided without wearisome and expensive litigation, the British Privy Council having the final say. Another question will have to do with the right of Parliament to forbid interprovincial traffic when the provinces interested have not themselves declared against it. During the war this was done, but the enactments were accepted as war measures and tolerated as such.

There is one point in this issue conceded. Parliament alone has the right to stop the importation of liquor into the country or to forbid its manufacture. Here the contention is likely to arise that stopping the manufacture forces prohibition on all provinces, wet or dry, alike. If it is held that the control of each province over the liquor traffic within its own borders is absolute, no end of complications are likely to arise.

It is unfortunate that the B. N. A. Act is not as clear on this point as is the American Constitution. The latter provides that when three-fourths of the States in the Union declare for prohibition the entire country becomes "bone dry" automatically.

POST-WAR TAXES.

PARTISAN NEWSPAPERS, for purposes of their own, sometimes set up the claim that now that the war is over the special taxes that were levied to meet the tremendous expense while it was in progress should be abolished. Individuals there are who echo this sentiment.

The druggists and other retail dealers ask that the Stamp Act be abrogated, but they are under no delusion as to the necessity for raising public funds, even though peace has been declared. They objected to the tax from the beginning, not on principle, but as an inconvenience, as a measure that was clumsy and troublesome in operation and that gave rise to no end of misunderstanding between customer and dealer. There was always some doubt as to what articles required stamps, and even those charged with the enforcement of the law were at sea on this point. Besides, no business man likes to be under the constant espionage of special officers or spotters anxious to catch him in an infraction of a law which is ambiguous.

But there are others who object to a continuance of the war tax on principle. The extent to which they reason is that the war is over and that they fail to see why money is needed for that special purpose. Other special taxes, they say, taxes that yield a substantial revenue and are indirect in their operation, should be abolished.

It is just as well for the public to face the cold facts. The financial burdens imposed by the war will not be settled for years, and the heaviest part of the burden is yet to be borne. The system of taxation may be revised, but the people will continue for generations to pay the tremendous tolls incurred during four years of war, a blighting experience through which this nation never before passed.

NEW REGULATIONS FOR DEFAULTERS.

A NEW ORDER-IN-COUNCIL providing for the punishment of defaulters has been approved and issued. The magistrates who dispose of such cases have no longer any complaint as to a lack of clarity in the definition of their powers. They are allowed to use discretion in their findings. The minimum fine is $250 and the maximum $500. Any defaulter fined can be held in jail until he settles with the State. No man shall be sentenced to both fine and imprisonment.

There is a wide margin between the minimum and maximum penalties. There is likely still to be disparity between the sentences imposed, magistrates in one province imposing the lowest prescribed penalty while those of excessive judicial zeal in other provinces will continue to go the limit. At all events, no magistrate can complain that the law denies him the right to exercise discretionary powers or to take extenuating circumstances into consideration.

One thing will strike the average reader as peculiar. Parliament is in session, and yet his matter has not been referred to the House, but has been disposed of by order-in-Council. Is this new departure in the administration of Canadian affairs never to be abandoned, or is the Union Government under the delusion that they hold from the people a mandate that does violence to the long established and dearly bought principle of government by representation? Bringing the matter before Parliament would at least have placed on record the various members of the House.

* * * * *

THE LITERARY TEST.

IT IS ANNOUNCED that the new Franchise Bill will contain a clause making a literary standard one of the conditions of the franchise, and this certainly looks like a rational provision. The man who votes should at least be able to speak, even if he can neither read nor write, the English language. Otherwise his casting a ballot becomes a ghastly travesty upon our cherished institutions of freedom and safety.

There must be more restrictions imposed on the granting of the franchise unless the people are satisfied to have the political control of certain sections of the Dominion pass into the hands of aliens who proved themselves anything but reliable and peaceful citizens when this country was passing through the agony of war, when every national resource was strained to the breaking point. This is a subject sufficiently serious to the entire country to call for united action, and it should not be made a political issue.

A literary test should not be made unduly severe. No native-born Canadian should lose the right to vote because his early education has been neglected, provided there is nothing to be found against his loyalty and value as a citizen.

There should be no lugubrious conditions embodied in this proposed literary test such as has brought so many of the franchise laws of the Southern States into disrepute. Some of those states disfranchised the negro by refusing the vote to any man who could not intelligently render a passage selected at random by an election board of examiners, from the American constitution, a test sufficiently severe to floor even those of tolerable education. The United States has an august Supreme Court consisting of eight erudite and high-salaried judges, whose duty it is to interpret the constitution as occasion arises.

These judges are not always able to agree on the various issues raised. If, after years of training, they are puzzled by the intended meaning of the document, how is an unsophisticated negro laborer, less than two generations escaped from serfdom, to render an intelligent opinion?

Perhaps someone will insist that the B. N. A. Act figure in the proposed literary test. It would be too bad, however, to usurp the functions of the British Privy Council in rendering the inner sense of that compact.

The main object is to save the Canadian people from the domination of the alien, those of enemy origin especially. If the War-time Elections Act is irregular, a constitutional means for attaining the end in view is easily available.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE GOOD PROVINCE, like the good bush in the proverb, needs no wine.

* * * * *

ENEMY NATIONS may form a rival league, but they did that before to their everlasting grief.

* * * * *

NO OFFICE HOLDER is any the less a partisan if appointed from Ottawa rather than locally.

* * * * *

PATRONAGE is not abolished, merely shifted, and Mr. Hocken, M.P. for Toronto, has simply called the turn.

* * * * *

INVALIDED HOME, as it were, President Wilson, after a brief respite, undaunted reurns to renew the struggle overseas.

* * * * *

THE PROVERB with regard to the entry of March suggests the idea that the ex-kaiser came in like a lion and made his exit in disguise.

* * * * *

STILL, DEMOCRACY has not advanced sufficiently to induce even the local card enthusiast to change the name of the crowned male representative in the deck.

* * * * *

THE WORLD may be upside down, as so many say, but leave it to the League of Nations and the world will eventually be restored to its normal position.

* * * * *

HINDENBURG says he was forced into the war against his will, but what of the millions of his countrymen who entered the conflict on the same terms, wondering why and what it was all about?

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

To Err Is Human.

(Springfield Republican.)

Professor John Graham Brooks predicts that Labor in its attempts at achieving industrial democracy will "bungle horribly" and "make frightful mistakes." In which respect it will follow in the footsteps of the achievers of political democracy.

Sanity Will Prevail.

(New York Sun.)

We fully realize the atrocity of the Bolsheviki propaganda, which is really the doctrine of communism and anarchy. We realize the perilous ferment which endangers civilization. But in the countries which have held fast to moral standards during the war we believe the factors of safety of sanity are far stronger than those of chaos.

An Important Meeting Is Ignored

There ought to be much of public interest in the annual convention of the American Road Builders' Association, now holding here, with delegates present from all over the country. They are exchanging opinions and comparing plans for improving highways and facilitating transportation over them, and incidentally they are discussing the expenditure in the near future of many million dollars, all to come out of pockets sure to be subjected to many other drains. Nobody gets excited over what they are doing or saying, however, and it is to be feared that a good many people will not even take the trouble to read the published accounts of their proceedings.

This inattention to men and a matter certainly of great importance is not to be explained by a reference to the war, that has made so many other large things seem small and dull by comparison. There has always been much the same popular indifference to road-building in the United States. Appropriations for roads better than can be made out of dirt have been hard to get—next to impossible until the automobile came into common use. Yet everybody likes good roads better than bad ones, and almost everybody admits that good roads are worth what they cost. Indeed, whoever has given the subject any thought whatever admits that bad roads are even the very best.

That there is so much less of realization than of knowledge that this is true has several causes. First among these, probably, is immediate, direct, and in hard cash, while the losses resulting from bad roads are of the kind that do not get into account books, and therefore more easily can be ignored.

DISHONEST AMERICAN PROTEST

(Wall Street Journal)

Of all the shams and hypocrisies which have recently occupied the attention of Congress nothing has been more childishly parochial than the protest against the British embargo. The nature of the agitation will be seen when it is appreciated that nothing is said of the French or Italian embargoes, while the plain fact that such embargoes are not directed exclusively to this country, but to all countries importing certain articles which compete with the British domestic trade, is ignored.

It is correctly pointed out by the National City Bank that a mere fraction of one per cent. of our trade is affected in any instance. But what should be made clear is that Great Britain is exercising an unquestioned domestic right so long as she against this or any other nation shipping goods to her ports. In a measure, in fact, with the object of re-establishing her industries after the terrible depletion of more than four years' war, she is departing from her traditional free trade policy.

What have we to say about it have practiced high protection since the days of Andrew Johnson. Schedule "K" of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Law imposed prohibitive duties on articles of British manufacture containing the merest modicum of wool. This shut out automatically all the cheaper varieties of underclothing, and an immense number of other articles forming a substantial part of the British export trade. But the British did not talk about embargoes or reprisals. They realized that here was no question of morals in the matter of customs duties, whether for revenue or protection, and held to their traditional policy to the great advantage of the American manufacturer.

We cannot pretend to hold England to the doctrine of free trade if she chooses to depart from it when it suits her own industries. There may be questions as to the wisdom of a protectionist policy for England even as a temporary and limited character, but that is a matter in which we of all people are the least entitled to dictate, and one where she is not merely the best but the only judge.

There is more than a suspicion that the enemy has been once more sowing tares. Anything that can create ill-feeling between this country and Great Britain necessarily helps Germany, especially in the bewildering unsettled state of the peace negotiations. But the grievance established in this case is purely artificial and will not stand the test of honest analysis.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE PARK AVE. NEWS.

Weather. Middling.

Sports. Sid Hunt gave a birthday party at his house last Satidday nite in honor of his fox terrier Teddy being 2 years old, and one of the games was to see who could blow out a candle the furthest away from it, wich Puds Simkins was having the last 3 blows and he blew twice in vane and jest then he sneezed so hard, the candle went out, thus winning on a foul.

Siasiety. Miss Maud Johnson herd about the Chineez ladies making their feet little by bandidging them all up with bandiges, and last Sunday night she bandidged one of hers all up to see wat would happin and Munday morning it was bigger instead of smaller on account of the bandidges being so tite, Miss Johnson saying this country is good enuff for her and she dont care how the Chineez ladies act.

Pome by Skinny Martin.

The Ignorant Wind.

I had a little Sunday cap,
It was wite as innocent snow,
Some wind blew it into a puddil
And now I ware it every day or so.

Instristing Facks About Instristing People. Leroy Shooster took a bath last Satidday nite without enybody reminding him and the rest of the family is still tawking about it.

LEE PAPE.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she supposes there are some theological differences, but the Unitarians and the Controversialists seem about alike to an Episcopalian like herself.

Sherlock Holmes Outdone.

Western Paper—"His absence led to the discovery that he was missing."

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or 6 for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

WIT AND WISDOM

What He Put on the Horse.

"Can any boy tell me what harness is?" asked the teacher.

Not a single boy knew.

"Well," she continued, "is there any boy here whose father works among horses?"

One small boy stood up and answered, "Yes, teacher, mine does."

"Well," said the teacher, "what does your father put on the horse every morning."

"Please, teacher, every cent he has."

Don't Buy Them.

Dear John," wrote Mrs. Newlywed from London town, "I enclose the hotel bill."

"Dear Gladys, I enclose cheque," wrote John, in return, "but please don't buy any more hotels at the price—they are robbing you."

Sounded Queer.

A Quaker attended the wedding of a young lawyer of his acquaintance, and on being presented to the bride, whom he had never seen before, he surveyed the young woman critically and remarked: "William, I think thy bride has shown more judgment in her choice than thee has——"

That seemed rather a backhanded compliment for the bride until the old Quaker added, "Because it takes some penetration to discover thy good qualities but hers can be seen at a glance."

The Songs of Yesterday.

"Where are the songs of yesterday?" asked the temperamental person.

"Over at my friend Dubwaite's house," answered Mr. Glipping.

"Eh?"

"He hasn't bought a new phonograph record in five years."

Poor Illustration.

Tom—This saying that women always have the last word is nonsense. I told my girl last night I wasn't worthy of her and she remained silent.

Jack—My boy, if her silence in that case wasn't a mighty eloquent last word, I'll eat my hat.

Classes In Labor

It is true that labor produces all things, but there is labor of machinery and labor of brain, as well as labor of hand, and of the three, the labor of hand is the most highly paid and the most inefficient. The world may reach its millennium when there is no hand labor and all is labor of brain and machinery. Who then may claim title to nature's abundance? But such a millennium can be approached in this world only by brain and hand co-operating to produce a surplus which as surplus of labor becomes surplus capital, reconverts into machinery for production under the brain and hand of man. Owner ship of land and all the minerals under it, whether by Hottentot Indian or white man, is as nothing until hand, brain and machinery co-operate and bring underground wealth to the surface and put it to the uses of man. Then and then only it has value—when it serves. In the ground it has no real value, only prospective value, and ownership may give it care and taxes for its protection. Destroy the ownership and you destroy both the case and the taxes which protect it for future service.

SCHOOL REPORT

Report of Warsaw school for February:

Senior Room

Class V.—Birdie Greystock, 75 per cent.

Class Sr. IV.—Above 60 per cent—Stella Ellis, Margaret Clare, Elsie Tucker, Helen Bowen, Hector Munro. Below 60 per cent.—Fred Gunn.

Class Jr. IV.—Above 60 per cent—Maye McDonald, Laura Wilson. Below 75 per cent—Gordon Walls, Norman Crapp, John Morgan, Gordon Bowen.

Class Sr. III.—Above 60 per cent—Melville Gunn, Hiram Anderson, Evelyn Hawthorne, Viola McQuaig.

Class Jr. III.—Above 60 per cent—Florence Clare, Laura Bowen. Below 60 per cent—Gwendoline McQuaig, Lilly Lonsberry.

Junior Room

Class Sr. II.—Above 75 per cent.—Florence Tedford, George Wilson. 60 per cent — Leonard Hawthorn, Gordon Cuff, Donald Anderson, Roy Moore, Edith Rowe. 50 per cent—Kenneth Bell, Donald Davis (absent)

Class Sr. I—Above 75 per cent—Ida Clare, Dara Tedford. 60 per cent—Allen Moore, Jean Bowen, Delia Tucker, Leona Gunn.

Sr. Primer in order of merit—Geraldine Bell, Ivan Drain, Ruth Mason.

Junior Primer in order of merit—Arnold Bell, Harold Payne, Veleta Drain, Mary Rose, Tommy Davis, Elsie Moore, Johnny Miles.

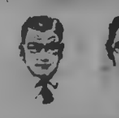
E. E. SANDY.

ENDORSE PROHIBITION

Alberta Farmers' Executive Seek Continuance.

Calgary, March 5. — At a joint meeting here of the directors of the United Farmers of Alberta and the United Farm Women of Alberta, a resolution urging that prohibition be continued under the present Order-in-Council until a plebiscite is taken, was passed. A resolution that mothers be given pensions and that wives get dower rights was also passed.

"Then the wedding was not altogether a success?" "No; the groom's mother cried louder than the bride's ner. Featherstone—What shall I talk form." about? "It won't be necessary."



You May Not Feel It

Eyestrain often causes no pain in the eye itself but if your glasses are crooked the chances are that you are suffering from eyestrain that may have serious consequences.

Better take a good look at your glasses and if they are crooked come in and let us straighten them.

M. J. ROCHE

Optom. Arts & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A man may easily mistake his prejudice for principle.

There is more or less deadwood in every family tree.

But women make fools only of men who supply the material.

The budding mustache of youth frequently gets twisted.

If riches didn't have wings there would be but few high flyers.

Ever notice that a lot of imitations are better than the originals?

Dare a man to do a thing, and if he's a fool he will attempt it.

No, Hazel, not all gushing letters are written with a fountain pen.

Man may be made of dust—but he always wants a little bit more.

It's awfully deceitful for a young widow not to want to remarry.

It isn't always safe to judge a woman by the kind of hero she worships.

A woman's idea of a man's respectability depends on how he is dressed.

Being in society is a good deal like being in jail—it isn't so bad after you get used to it.

Many a man's wife prevents him from losing a lot of money in speculating by not allowing him any to speculate with.

VETERAN'S BAD LUCK

Breaks Arm Shortly After Returning to Work.

Brampton, March. 5.—While driving his team at the Dale estate, Ernest Armstrong was thrown on the ground by the box on which he was sitting turning over. His arm was fractured at the elbow and he will be out of work for several weeks. Mr. Armstrong has only just returned from overseas and resumed his old work at the Dale estate. Last summer his two-year-old child was so badly burned that he died at the Sick Children's Hospital.

The Hostess—I am going to ask you to take Mrs. Salston down to dinner. Featherstone—What shall I talk about? "It won't be necessary."

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CABLYLE BLACKWELL and EVLEYN GREELEY in
"THE GOLDEN WALL"
A real love story adopted from a French Romance in 5 parts

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Broadway Comedy Two Parts

To-night's program is a variety of Dramas, Western, Comedy and Serials. Don't miss it. 16c to all

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

(By Dr. W. A. Brady)

The epidemic of the "flu" which has swept through the country destroying more lives than we lost in the war, is likely to recur here and there or everywhere one or more times within the next few months, the health authorities have warned us. That has been the history of previous influenza epidemics.

Already in many communities the health officers are making more vigorous efforts to control the disease in cities where the physicians merely reported cases in the first invasion the health boards are now requiring isolation of the reported cases for two weeks.

And here is where the situation becomes ticklish. There is no known way of determining positively whether a given illness is the "flu" or just the ordinary infection of the upper respiratory tract that prevails every year. It is up to the attending physician to make a good guess that it is or is not the "flu". But what is that exactly fair? Or is it even a safe plan. Will not a great many cases of ordinary so called "colds" and "grip" so seen every year and all the year be unjustly isolated? And will not many cases of influenza of mild degree escape isolation? And does it not place the health authorities in a ticklish situation to decide whether a given physician is reporting his cases or cancealing them?

It looks ticklish to me. I do not see how the health authorities are going to cope with the situation even reasonably well unless they rule right now that all acute respiratory infections must be reported and the patients isolated. That is the only fair way out of the predicament. You can't draw an arbitrary line between the very infectious respiratory infection and the less infectious respiratory infection. And the labor starts falls you if you attempt to do said there. The laboratory tells you whether a sore throat is diphtheria, but it will not tell you whether an allergic "heavy cold" is the influenza. So what are the health boards going to do. Are they going to straddle the issue or are they going to make all cases of acute respiratory infections reportable and isolate the patients? A bit inconvenient for the patients, perhaps, but it means greater safety for the public.

Old Dr. Quibble is Back

"Our old doctor, who went south for a year came back last week. He examined my lungs and told me there is a little catarrhal trouble in one apex, but nothing to worry about now. However, he joined me in a decoration of our climate and he prescribed compound syrup of hypophosphites, which, if I recollect, you consider worthless. What should I do for this catarrhal apex.

Mrs. W. W. R."

If I had a catarrhal apex when one like that I would look up some doctor who could decide whether 'tis or 'tisn't tuberculosis. Catarrhal apex is a grand old evasion, but a trifle obsolete now.

In two foregoing talks about neurasthenia (formerly known as nervous prostration) I tried to explain that the state is a bankruptcy of vital or dynamic energy brought about by unwise spending. Competition, trying to be or to do something which you are not or cannot, and anxiety, worry and fear, all combine to waste vital energy. For it is a physiological fact that these wicked emotions use up pep or vitality quite as fast as does an excessive physical effort, as in an overtrained athlete exhausting his endurance in a marathon or other severe physical test. The harmful emotions drive the ductless gland apparatus to the limit.

The place where we lay the foundation for neurasthenia is in the high school.

Parents ought to have something to say about the hours of study their children shall be required to put in. Too many parents seem to think that the more time a boy or girl spends with nose in book the better that child's education is going to be. There are other things than textbooks essential for a good education.

No night study ought to be the inflexible rule in every well regulated household. It is not necessary for ordinary, average high school students. That I know, for some of the most competent high school teachers have demonstrated the fact.

A high school student's out of school hours should be devoted to play, recreation, amusement, fun, change and rest from the books. Physical education must be obtained out of school hours as a general rule, since few teachers know anything about the subject. A boy or girl of high school age must be physically educated if a proper balance is to be maintained, a poise, a sound mind and a sound body.

For Chapped Hands.

"Please publish a recipe for some application for chapped hands and arms. M. L. T."

Powdered tragacanth, one dram; boric acid, three drams; glycerin, one ounce; water, one pint.

Boil all together, stirring constantly, till dissolved. Apply some to hands after washing and before hands are quite dry, two or three times a day.

The Weight of a Girl.

"Kindly tell me what a girl 17½ years old and 63 ½ inches tall should weigh, also what is the average height of a girl 17½ years old?

"HELEN G. C."

One hundred and twenty-one pounds; sixty-two to sixty-four inches.

Grandma Likes Sage Tea.

Grandmother is our guest for the present and she is a great lover of sage tea. Is it harmful in any way?

"Rev. A."

It contains some tannin and has an astringent action, tending to produce constipation. It also contains a volatile oil which acts as a mild diffusible stimulant. If grandma likes it, it will do her no harm.

Carrots And Fried Liver.

"We are very fond of fried liver. Is it harmful for us in any way to eat it frequently? Are raw carrots harmful to eat if one craves them?

"MRS. C. K. W."

Liver contains a large amount of nuclein and of organic phosphorus and lecithin, also animal starch (glycogen). It is rich and appetizing and wholesome to eat. Raw carrots are wholesome to eat.

ORDER FOR DILL PICKLE LUNCH JARS FOOD EXPERT

Cleveland Teacher Tells School Economists of Being Shocked by Sights in Cafeteria

Chicago, March 5.—It was during the noon lunch hour. The hungry crowds were jamming the restaurants and other eating places. Amid the throng that was rushing into a familiar "one armed" cafeteria was a well dressed handsome faced woman.

Nudged and jostled about by hurrying stenographers, office boys, ribbon counter clerks and young business men, she seemed strangely out of place. But her eyes and ears were open. She took a place near the lunch counter, just aside from the eddying stream of humanity rushing for its victuals. She listened.

"What's your order?" barked a waiter at a well set up youth.

"Salmon sandwich."

"Salmon sandwich!" shouted back the "grub" purveyor, over the ceaseless rattle of unbreakable dishes.

"What else?"

"A side order of dill pickles.

"Anything else?"

"Gimme a piece of lemon pie."

"That all?"

"An' a glass of milk."

She is Cleveland Schools' Expert.

In a twinkling the order was filled and the lad trudged with his salmon sandwich, dill pickels, lemon pie and milk to a chair, where he took bites of the first three in rotation, and then a drink of milk. It horrified the good woman. She told about it today at the session of the American Home Economics Association at the Auditorium hotel. It was Miss Carlotta Greer, household economics expert for the school of Cleveland.

"I tell you, it isn't right," she argued before 300 assembled home-making experts, most of them instructors in high schools, state supervisors and state university professors. "We must teach the boys home economics and food composition and food preparation. If we do, there will be a vastly different and more healthful selection of foods by them from the lunch counters during the noon hour. And better health will make them better natured, and better natures will make better homes."

Miss Greer was heartily applauded when she said it was man's duty as well as a woman's to make the home, and that the mere mechanics of housekeeping was not homemaking. Developing the atmosphere of congeniality and mutual co-operation was pronounced most important.

"Good Homemaker is a Genius."

"Man's idea of a homemaker is a cook," said Miss Mabel Wellman of Boomington, Ind., of the faculty of the state university of Indiana. "But he is mistaken, and he must be educated out of his error. The homemaker also is the welding force of a family, binding together with unbreakable ties the members of the family. It is not only a matter of a spick and span kitchen and good meals, but also affection and unselfishness and that scarce article in homes—politeness. The good homemaker is a genius, a diplomat and a scientist."

The practical side of homemaking was emphasized, as opposed to the mere theoretical, and every reference to actual demonstrations by teachers was applauded. The associations has been meeting contemporaneously with the sessions of the National Education association, which closed its formal meetings last night. Several departmental meetings were held today. Most of the delegates were leaving today for their homes.

NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils To Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, mucous discharge, headache, dryness—no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone.

Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been seeking. It's just splendid.

OMEMEE.

(Special to The Review.)

Omemee, March 5.—Rev. J. P. McInnis, pastor of the Presbyterian Church here, has resigned his charge and the matter will be considered at the next meeting of Presbytery. Failing eyesight compells Mr. McInnis to give up active work for a time. Mr. McInnis spent some time as a chaplain overseas.

The Spanish Government has assumed full control of important deposits of platinum discovered in that country.

At least 13 different processes and much intricate machinery are involved in the manufacture of a common match.

IF YOU APPRECIATE

Hearty Laughter
Irresistible Humor
Broad Grins
Sly Chuckles
Pleasant Faces
Bewitching Music
Glorious Harmonies
Tinky Tunes
Sparkling Dialogue
Delightful Repartee
Mirthful Pantomime
Picturesque Costumes
Subtle Stage Effects
Graceful Dancing
Original Ideas

Presented by Superb Artists of charming personality you will appreciate the PIERROT PLAYERS.

AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE TO-NIGHT 8.15

COL. MACHIN LAUNCHES WARM ATTACK ON TEMPERANCE ACT

Member For Kenora Bolts His Party on Prohibition Issue—Claims it is Invasion of Rights.

Toronto, March 5. — While the House listened with a sort of shocked silence Col. H. A. Machin, of Kenora, last night gave the Ontario Temperance Act and the temperance forces, or, more strictly speaking, the prohibitionist forces, such a raking fore and aft as they have not received anywhere in the province up to the present, and incidentally vigorously criticized the Government for allowing itself to be used by an organization of "ruthless fanatics." Col. Machin's "bolt" was made in a well-attended House during the debate on the speech from the Throne. Days ago he had made it known that he was preparing to rip up both the Government and the "narrow-minded, puritanical" organizations that had imposed upon the people of the province a measure that he believed absolutely disregarded their rights as British citizens, and though attempts had been made to dissuade him from taking the plunge, he had stoutly refused to forego his right to express his views fully and frankly.

Restricts Individual Liberty.

The Kenora member in an hour and a half address attacked the Ontario Temperance Act from two sides, first, because it had confiscated the business of the liquor people without compensation, and secondly because it was an infringement on the right of the individual. In the latter connection he uttered a warning against what he considered the growing tendency in the province to restrict individual liberty—the growth of Phariseeism of as selfish a type as that which Christ himself had condemned two thousands years ago. In every part of the province the "sin-hound" was on the trail of the man who wanted to live his life in his own way. Col. Machin declared that he was not in favor of a return to the old open bar, but he was equally convinced that some arrangement would have to be made by which the man who wanted to have liquor in his home might have it. How that could be accomplished without bringing back all the evils of the old system was a problem, but he believed that a solution could be found. He offered his own—a distinctly ingenious one. It was simply this: that every municipality should have the right to declare by a majority vote whether it desired the establishment of a Government liquor store in the municipality. If the voters so decided the store would be established. Then every bona fide resident and householder could go to the Government store, prove his identity and secure a license to buy liquor. With that license he could secure enough liquor for his legitimate needs, but he could not use it to purchase once he left his own municipality.

In commencing his attack the Kenora member explained that in 1916 when he was training his battalion for overseas he made a hurried trip to the Legislature, having heard that the Government proposed advanced temperance legislation. He had opposed it then in caucus, but since he had been called away to his military duties he had not had an opportunity of making his position clear in the House. The present opportunity was the first he had had since then. Continuing, he voiced the opinion that the Government in confiscating the business of the liquor people after having encouraged them in the belief that if they kept within the law they would be allowed to continue, should have been fair enough and British enough to have compensated them.

Coming to the passing of the Act, Col. Machin declared that the people of the province had been willing to submit to any legislation, no matter how arbitrary, in order to help in the winning of the war.

War Gratuity For Imperial Service

SECRETARY WHATLEY OF THE G. W. V. A. MAKES STATEMENT TO VETERANS.

For the information of all Imperial Service men who took part in the late war, and who served in an actual theatre of war. Army Order 17, of 1919, and instructions from War Office. A War Gratuity based on service and rank held on discharge, has been sanctioned by the Imperial Government.

To be eligible for a gratuity, a soldier must have had six (6) months Service Overseas, i.e., in some theatre of war, outside the United Kingdon.

The minimum gratuity payable to a soldier in respect of war service will be as follows:

Pte., L.C., Bombardier or equivalent rank— $25.00.

2nd Cpl., Bombardier, Cpl. or Lance. Sgt.—$30.00.

Cpl of Horse (Household Cavalry) or Sgt.—$40.00.

Squadron quartermaster Cpl. squadron, battery, troops or Company quartermaster Sgt., staff Sgt., or color Sgt.—$50.00.

Warrant officer, Class II.—$60.00.

Warrant Officer, Class I.—$75.00.

Soldiers who have completed more than twelve Calendar months war service will receive in addition the following sums in respect of each complete calendar month or portion of a calendar month for War Service beyond the twelve months, subject to a maximum addition of 48 such monthly increments, corresponding to a total gratuity covering 5 years war service.

(A) If with any war service overseas—$2.50.

(B) If with no service overseas—75c.

Soldiers residing in Canada, discharged previous to the 9th of December, 1918, are requested to apply by letter to their late regimental paymaster in England, by whom the gratuity will be paid.

Soldiers discharged after the 9th of December, 1918, will be paid without special application.

N.B.— I would advise all Imperial men who have served in the late campaign and are eligible for this bonus to immediately write to their regimental paymaster and submit their claims.

S. WHATLEY, P.B.G.W.V.A.

An honest man wants only what belongs to him—and what he can persuade others to let him have.

"BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

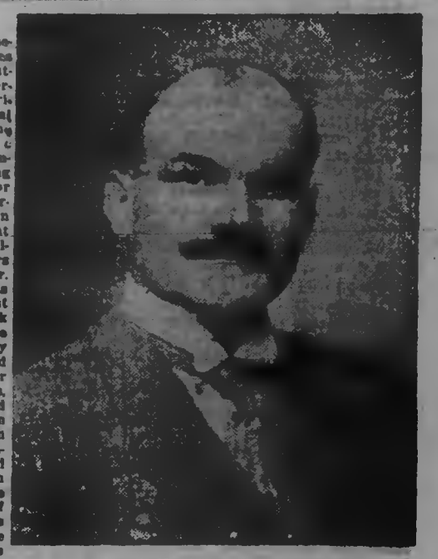
What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did For Ohio Woman.

Portsmouth, Ohio.—"I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for woman's ailments I ever saw."—Mrs. SARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.

Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did.

Women who are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.

New Head for C.P.R. Demonstration Farms



G. H. HUTTON.

In being able to secure the services of George H. Hutton, B.S.A., as Superintendent of its Agriculture and Animal Industry Branch, the Canadian Pacific Railway is to be congratulated in finding a worthy successor to Dr. J. G. Rutherford, who has been appointed to a seat on the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada. Dr. Rutherford, who has been a prominent figure in livestock circles all over the continent for many years, has been head of this branch for more than six years, during which period he earned the esteem of farmers, stockmen and others throughout the country, and many farmers in Western Canada owe a large measure of their success to the advice and assistance given by him. His successor, Mr. Hutton, has had considerable experience in Western Canada, and few men are better informed than he on the agricultural possibilities of Western Canada, and particularly of Alberta. Since 1906 he has been in charge of the Dominion Government's Experimental Station at Lacombe in Central Alberta, where his work, especially in connection with livestock, has been of the utmost value to farmers throughout the province and elsewhere in the Canadian West.

Mr. Hutton has been connected with farming so long that he does not remember when he first began. He is a thoroughly practical farmer. During his boyhood days he did those tasks which usually fall to the lot of a boy brought up on the farm. Later he went to college where he obtained his B.S.A. degree, in 1900. After operating a farm of his own in Eastern Canada for about six years, he went West to take charge of the Government's Experimental Station, which he is now leaving to take up his appointment with the Canadian Pacific. He is known throughout Western Canada as one of the foremost agriculturists in the country, and his activities in connection with the live stock industry may be gathered from the fact that he is president, vice-president or past president of six different breeders associations, besides holding numerous directorships.

Few men have done more than he in promoting mixed farming methods among the farmers of Central Alberta. This he has done by showing the immense possibilities of the country and by proving in the practical manner how favorable the conditions are for the raising of live stock and dairying. Sent to Lacombe to operate the Government Experimental Farm there with a view to ascertaining and demonstrating the varieties of grains, grasses, fruits, and vegetables most suitable to local conditions, and the best methods to employ to secure most economical results, he soon found that if there was a great and useful field in this work, there was also a very valuable one in the live stock industry in all its phases. He accordingly suggested to the Department of Agriculture that the work of the station should include experimentation with livestock in addition to grains and other crops, and succeeded in convincing the head of the department of the merits of this suggestion. From small beginnings, Mr. Hutton and his assistants have built up at Lacombe the largest flocks and herds of any experimental station in Canada, with the possible exception of the Central Farm at Ottawa.

The information gained as a result of the experiments conducted at Lacombe have been very valuable to farmers throughout Western Canada. Hog-raising, sheep-feeding, beef and milk production are all subjects that have had most careful attention. During the last three years more than three thousand hogs have been used on the farm in tests of various breeds to ascertain which were the most economical pork producers under local conditions. In a grading-up experiment with sheep now being conducted more than four hundred ewes are included. An excellent herd of Angus cattle has also been established, and the foundations laid for a first class herd of Holsteins. From the sale of live stock, the farm has a revenue running into many thousands of dollars annually.

Mr. Hutton's work with the Canadian Pacific will be along lines similar to those along which he has previously been engaged. His new duties will include the supervision of the system of demonstration farms operated by this company, at which settlers in Western Canada may receive advice, based on the experience of many years as to the best farming methods to employ, thus giving the new settler a chance to avoid many of the mistakes likely to be made by farmers coming from a country where different conditions prevail. Probably no other private company head—railway or any other kind—in any country has spent so large a sum of taken so great an interest in getting the farmer started right as has the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the appointment of a man of Mr. Hutton's ability and experience to be the head of its Agriculture and Animal Industry Branch indicates that no change in this policy is contemplated.

Bread made from Purity Flour is wholesome, is nourishing, and is good to eat

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-009 Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

PURITY OATS make good wholesome porridge

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
TORONTO, ONTARIO

TORONTO SHOWS NO SIGN OF MORAL IMPROVEMENT

Annual Report of Chief of Police Says There Is a Decrease in Vice Resorts But There Are Other Evils.

Toronto, March 5.—That crime in the city is prevalent is pointed out in the Chief Constable's annual report, which was presented at the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners yesterday afternoon. Robbery and pocket-picking were on the increase during the year, and the number of persons arrested or summoned were also larger than last year. The Chief also refers to the epidemic of automobile stealing especially among young boys, and incidentally he comments that the punishment inflicted apparently had little effect in curbing the practice. A feature of the report is the fact that the police recovered no less than 86 per cent. of all the property stolen.

"The number of persons apprehended, or summoned totalled 28,206, as compared with 25,714 in 1917, showing an increase of 2,492. Cases withdrawn or not proceeded with numbered 8,116. The property lost or stolen was valued at $1,303,241.00, an increase of $485,229.00. The police recovered $1,125,114.00,—or more than 86 per cent. of the loss. Motor cars accounted for $553,000 of the gross value stolen."

Three cases of murder occurred in the city. None of these were Canadians.

Commenting on crimes, the Chief states: "Robbery was more in evidence and loss greater. Pocket-picking was active, the thieves getting more booty. One hundred and thirty bicycles were stolen.

"The number of motor cars stolen for the year was 1,106, valued at $553,000. Thirty-four were not recovered.

"It would almost seem idle to offer any suggestions on the subject," states the Chief, "as owners of cars are increasingly indifferent as to what becomes of them, and the penalties imposed on the thieves had little effect in stopping the practice, which was confined chiefly to young men and boys.

"Two thousand four hundred and thirteen aliens were registered during the year, bringing the total up to 14,363.

"Eighteen thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars was collected by the Morality Department from the husbands that deserted their families and this money was distributed to dependents.

"The enforcement of the Ontario Temperance Act has been devolving to a great extent on this department, and has received closer attention.

"Informations were laid against 1,058 persons and fines to the extent of $183,400 were imposed by the court. With the fines levied for drunkenness, viz., $29,292, the total receipts reached $209,102, all of which went into the city treasury.

"Betting has been carried on in such a secret way that it has made it difficult for the police to deal with it.

"There is no reason to believe that the morals of the people are improving, because houses of ill-fame are less numerous as other places are found as substitutes. There are 73 prosecutions for selling and using drugs.

"Massage parlors have almost ceased to exist since the law requiring a license to be taken out has been in operation."

HAMILTON SAYS IT IS NOT TRUE

THAT MAN WHO MAKES MILLION DOLLARS IS DISHONEST.

Hamilton, March 5.—Rev. Mr. McIntosh in London last Sunday stated in the King street Presbyterian church that no man could make a million dollars honestly. "Any one who has a million dollars has someone else's money," he said.

A Herald reporter approached Sir John Gibson, one of Hamilton's leading financiers, and asked his opinion of the statement. It was not long in coming.

"The man's a fool, it's nonsense," said Sir John.

W. A. Wood, of Wood, Alexander and James, said: "The thing is really so ridiculous that I can't find time to pay any attention to a man like that."

Rev. Dr. Sedgewick, minister of the Central Presbyterian Church, said: "I think there would be considerable ground for argument if the minster had said 'earn' and not 'make.'"

Rev. Dr. Renison stated that he was not qualified to speak on the matter on financial lines. "I don't know; I never had a million dollars and so can't say," he laughed.

Rev. C. I. McIrvine stated that the subject of a million dollars was so remote from his vision that he had never given it a thought. "I am quite unprepared to say anything about it," he stated.

SOLDIERS COME FASTER.

Thirty Thousand Canadians Arrived Home Last Month.

Ottawa, March 5.—A total of 30,356 Canadian soldiers and dependents sailed for Canada during the month of February, according to figures issued through the Militia Department. A small percentage of the total number is still on the ocean. The February figures show that 27,428 soldiers sailed from England during the month and 2,928 soldiers' dependents.

Ever since the work of bringing home the men started, subsequent to the signing of the armistice, the monthly totals have been growing. The grand total of soldiers and dependents sailing from England up to the end of February is 76,799. For months it is made up as follows:

November	4,921
December	18,925
January	24,227
February	30,356

The smallness of the November total is accounted for by the fact that transport work did not begin until the latter part of the month.

KINGSTON TAX RATE UP

Kingston, March 5.—City council fixed the tax rate at 30½ mills, an increase of one mill over last year. This includes the provincial war tax of one mill.

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special Correspondence.)

Downeyville, March 5.—On Thursday night last a presentation to Mr. and Mrs. Robert White and family of a handsome China cabinet, a very large crowd attended so that there was only standing room. Mr. and Mrs. White thanked the people very much for their generosity. The guests spent the rest of the night by dancing and other amusements.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alger held a dance at their home on Friday night last. A large crowd attended. After supper was served the guests danced till the early hours of the morning.

A large crowd gathered at the home of Mr. William O'Brien and presented him and Mr. John Smith with beautiful gold watches. Mr. Thomas Lucas made the presentation, expressing, in a few well chosen words, the regret felt by all at Mr. O'Brien's departure, and asking that the gift be accepted, as evidence of the good will and friendship that had always existed between them. Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Smith sincerely thanked the people in an appropriate manner. Rev. Fathers McGuire and Guiry, of Peterboro, were present, also Father Galvin, all of whom made suitable remarks. Lunch was served and a pleasant evening spent in music and dancing. Mr. O'Brien leaves shortly for Vancouver, B.C., to visit his son, Rev. Father Fergus O'Brien. Mr. John Smith, who lives with Mr. O'Brien, is staying at the home of Mr. O'Brien's daughter, Mrs. Garvey, of Ennismore. Mr. Neil Brown, of Coboconk, has rented his farm.

Mrs. Alice Gosselin was visiting her mother and other relatives at Victoria Road during the past week.

The Emily Municipal Telephone system is getting a lot of new subscribers to the line, which has just been completed lately. Two new phones have been put in lately by their troublemen, Messrs. John Fox and Robert Winn, sr.

Mr. Alfred Dewan is getting along rapidly at sawing wood. He will be sawing at Downeyville in a few days.

SORENESS, PAIN, ACHING JOINTS

Don't Suffer! Relief Comes The Moment you Rub With Old "St. Jacob's Liniment."

Don't say sore, stiff and lame! Limber up! Rub soothing, penetrating "St Jacob's Liniment" right in your aching muscles, joints and painful nerves. It's the quickest, surest pain relief on earth. It is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

"St Jacob's Liniment" conquers pain. It instantly takes away any ache, soreness and stiffness in the head, neck, shoulders, back, legs, arms, fingers or any part of the body. Nothing like it. You simply pour a little in your hand and rub "where it hurts," and relief come instantly. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle now from any drug store. If never disappointed—six gold medal awards.

SOLDIERS CAN SEND NOTICES

TO FRIENDS AS TO TIME THEY WILL ARRIVE HOME.

In response to requests to the head office of the Soldiers' Aid Commission that early notice should be sent to the several branches of the arrival of men at ports of disembarkation, the following may be of interest to those who are awaiting arrival of members of families from abroad. The information supplied indicates how the names and destination of each man is secured.

"Cards are distributed during the voyage, on which men are supposed to tell their home addresses. Many of the men do not fill in these cards or fill them in and lose them.

"On arrival of the boat at the dock these cards are collected, and the wire messages prepared. With so many as 1,500 men, as was the case on the arrival of the Aquitania, there is no time to check over the cards to find any missing, and, if so, enquire of the soldier. Again, many men give Toronto as their destination, when, as a matter of fact, their homes are anywhere in Ontario. But they wish to go to Toronto, and start for home from that city. Again, many men do not wish anyone notified of their return.

"In a list of names submitted to the O. C. at Halifax depot, for explanation, it was found that the circumstances are exactly as he had stated them."

England and Wales are said to have a rat for every acre of land, causing an annual loss to farmers of $73,000,000.

HUNGARIAN PRIESTS ASK THAT CELIBACY BE ENDED

Assert That Clergymen Should Have the Right to Marry—History of the Institution in the Catholic Church.

In the Budapest papers there was recently quoted a petition from certain priests addressed to the Hungarian Church Council assailing the rule of celibacy as undemocratic, and demanding its abolition. The priests were quoted as saying that in the future they intended to marry. All clerics who had been ousted by the Church as apostates for having taken wives during the war must, they insisted, be at once readmitted to the priesthood.

This movement seems to be restricted to a limited area, according to the Rev. Father Mathias A. Tamasy of St. Elizabeth's Roman Catholic Church in this city, the leading organization of its communion among local Hungarians. He said that although he had had access to no official news on the subject, the Hungarian newspapers indicated that the question had been raised only in the diocese of Csanad, in the province of Temesvar, which lies southeast of Budapest. He estimates that the priests.

What was once the Empire of Austria-Hungary was almost as complex in its religious as in its racial life. Orthodox Church within its former boundaries have wives and children for they are permitted to marry when sub-deacons. This brings up the fact that the Roman Church even now recognizes the marriage of some of its priests. The state of celibacy, for the clergy was not at first an integral part of the discipline of the Christian Church, and its adoption by the See of Rome did not take place until eleven centuries has passed after the dawn of Christianity.

Although a Roman Catholic definition of celibacy is that it is the "renunciation of marriage made for the more perfect chastity by all those who receive the sacrament of orders in any of the higher grades," celibacy hinges not so much upon a moral law as upon expediency. It is considered by many of the leading ecclesiastics that it tends toward a freer government of the church and gives a greater influence of the priesthood.

Among those who hold such a view is the Rev. Father John J. Wynne, a noted writer on church history, and one of the editors of the Catholic Encyclopedia. He was asked his views on the subject which has come again to the fore through the reported developments in Hungary. Father Wynne expressed the opinion that unusual conditions arising from the war and possibly the influence of various sects in the same territory had much to do with the situation.

Married Priests in South Russia

"There are certain Catholic," said Father Wynne, "who have wives. They belong to that branch of the Church under the See of Rome which is known as the Greek Catholic Church. This must not be confused with the Greek Orthodox Church which is under the Jurisdiction of the Eastern Church.

"These aforesaid Greek Catholic priests live mostly in Southern Russia and in the neighborhood of Moscow. Of about 2,500 priests of this division, I should estimate that two-thirds are married. Their marriages were contracted while they were yet in minor orders. No Catholic priest is permitted to wed after he has taken orders.

Those who do marry in minor orders and are then ordained as priests bar their own way for advancement and promotion. They may take only inferior positions in the church, by which I mean that they may never become Bishops or prelates of high rank. None of these married priests would be eligible for instance, for the head of a monastery. As priests they, of course, are in good standing as far as the church is concerned and administer the sacraments and perform all sacerdotal functions.

"I have had the opportunity of knowing many of these married priests. In this country they are found in some of the important mining cities of Pennsylvania, such as Scranton and Wilkes-Barre. There are a few of them in Pittsburgh and several in Chicago. They minister largely to people of their own rite in those places. Some of these I know intimately and have talked with their wives and children.

"As to the question whether or not a priest should be married, it may be said that some of them have told me that if they had their lives to live over again they would not marry. By coming in contact with other priests they feel that they are different, and, as the years go by, these differences become accentuated. By being kept out of the higher offices of the Church, which some of them are thoroughly competent to fill, they feel that their usefulness is impaired. Socially, they become conscious of being under a handicap. In many communities the children of such priests attend the parish schools. The other pupils detect in them something different and for this reason their position is likely to be uncertain.

"The celibate priesthood in the Catholic Church represents the outgrowth of centuries of experience. In the early years of the Christian Church the conditions had not arisen which required an unmarried clergy. Some of the apostles were married, as the New Testament tells us, and a large number of the Church fathers had wives and children. The fact that priests are required not to marry cannot be construed into a reflection on the holy state of matrimony.

"The Catholic Church believes that the priests, through the confessional and other means, are in such relation with their flocks that confidences should be for them alone. There should not be any possibility of such matters being discussed in the family of the minister. All his time and attention should be given to his work. That work often requires risk and danger. The priest, like the soldier, is subject to sudden orders to go to new places. No one can serve two masters.

While, as a rule, the families of the ministers in the Protestant Churches usually help in such work it sometimes happens that they are a handicap on account of social and other misunderstandings.

"To the Catholic priest celibacy is so natural an observance that even if by any possibility the church were to permit priests generally to marry, very few would avail themselves of such permission."

History of Celibacy

The history of the celibacy of the Roman Catholic priesthood is set forth in the Catholic Encyclopedia by the Rev. Father Herbert Thurston, a Jesuit. He goes back to the early years of the Christian Church and shows that even during the lives of the founders there was an inclination having the presbyters unmarried. He quotes this from St. Paul: "He that is without a wife is solicitous for the things that belong to the church. But he that hath a wife is solicitous for the things of the world, that he may please his wife, and he is divided."

It was not until the end of the third century of the Christian era that the opposition toward a married priesthood began to take form. The Spanish Council at Elvira (295 A.D.) enjoined celibacy on priests and deacons. Here was the beginning of the divergence on this question between the East and the West. Then came the Council of Ancyra in 314 A.D. forbidding a priest to contract a new marriage, if he had become a widower, under pain of deposition.

The disputes between the Greek and Roman Sees began in the fifth century and culminated in "The Great Schism" in the ninth. The struggle to maintain a celibate priesthood was carried on by such determined prelates as Pope Leo IX. and Gregory VII., (Hildebrand.)

The first Council of the Lateran, held in 1123, adopted a decree, which although not as clear as it might have been, according to Father Thurston, was generally interpreted as denouncing invalid the marriages of sub-deacons or ecclesiastics of any of the higher orders. He holds that the Fourth Council of the Lateran (A.D. 1215) gave a firm and clean pronouncement in favor of celibacy, which was confirmed by the Council of Trent.

Although a celibate priesthood was this established in the thirteenth century, there still remain under the jurisdiction of Rome, and duly recognized by it, the Greek Catholics of Southern Russia, already mentioned and there are also various Oriental churches with priests who took unto themselves wives before their ordination. The right of the Oriental clergy to retain their wives was recognized by a decree of St. Benedict.

In the churches of Syria and of Armenit the tendency is, according to Father Thurston to adopt the mandates which govern the great majority of the priesthood under the jurisdiction of the See of Rome.

The action of certain of the Hungarian priests, as now reported, is regarded by Catholic scholars as being merely sporadic and a reflex of the influence of certain Oriental churches. It does, however, mean the recrudescence of an issue which many theologians thought had been put to rest forever.

Erzberger's Boast

Under the heading, "From Erzberger's Past," Die Freie Zeitung of Berne reprinted in its issue of Jan. 15, the following article from the Leipziger Volkszeitung, an organ of the Independent Socialist Party of Germany:

"On August, 12, 1914—that is, at the time when the sky was full of rainbows for the German war enthusiasts, and when it was announced in the bourgeois press that within a short time all the enemies would be defeated and peace would be dictated to them, the former Reichstag Deputy and present State Secretary Erzberger, now head of the German Armistice Commission, published in the Germania an article entitled: 'Why Only Half a Million?' In this article he noted that the English Minister of War had demanded half a million more soldiers, and that the Parliament had granted this demand. Erzberger accompanied this with a bravo! He opined that this would surely impress the Russians and the French and went on to say:

But in Germany we ask quite coolly:

"Why only half a million? It certainly would have been better to have demanded a whole million at once." Here every military minded child knows that this proposed law is one of the biggest swindles of the century, that it can only be charged to the ignorance of the Allies and that in Germany we are already rejoicing at the idea of this half a million trying to come at us. An old military man who can hardly ride any more, proposed that he be furnished with a squadron of semi-invalids so that he might capture them all and then hire them out to Barnum as a new wonder of the world. Everywhere in the empire the news of this new law is received with this untroubled gaiety—and properly so!

"Not the English did the swindling—for the first half a million became four or five millions—but it was Herr Erzgerger who humbugged his readers. And he was not satisfied with allowing the half a million Englishmen to be defeated in advance by a troop of German semi-invalids; half a year later he preached a campaign of gas and annihilation against all England."

OPPOSITION TO BE TAME.

Commons Concerned Over National Convention.

Ottawa, March 5.—The management committee of the Opposition, of which Mr. James Robb is chairman, has been holding frequent meetings this week and it is understood that the date of the proposed national convention will be announced soon. There is some difference of opinion as to whether it should be held immediately the House adjourns or in the autumn. Friends of Hon. Mackenzie King have been exceedingly active, and there is a strong section of the Opposition House party who are booming his selection as a permanent leader to succeed Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The committee has decided not to introduce an amendment on the address. In fact the Opposition is in such a disorganized condition that it wants to get through Parliament with a minimum of friction in order to reorganize and get on some better basis. As far as the Opposition is concerned, it will not be a long session.

Look and Feel Clean, Sweet and Fresh Every Day

Drink a glass of real hot water before breakfast to wash out poisons.

Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, sour stomach, can, instead feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestoone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity, and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, billious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatism; others who have salow skin, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store which will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

BAR ALIENS FOR 20 YEARS.

Vancouver M.P. in Resolution Calls for Drastic Action.

Ottawa, March 5.—H. R. Stevens, Vancouver, has given notice of the following resolution in the House of Commons:

"That in the opinion of the House the immigration laws of Canada shall be so amended as to absolutely prohibit for a period of twenty years entry into Canada of all persons of enemy origin who, during the period of the war: (a) have been interned in Canada; (b) have been interned in any country being one of the allies of Canada; (c) left Canada shortly before or after the outbreak of the war.

An illuminating gas said to be superior to coal gas is being made in some parts of India from castor oil beans.

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$12.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$10.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	$3.75	$3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

70,000,000
MATCHES A DAY

Twenty-five thousand feet of soft, smooth-fibred pine enter this factory every day. It is stored with scientific care long enough to make it burn freely and odorlessly. Then it is split into fragrant blocks and fed to automatic machines. 70,000,000 matches a day are required from this huge plant to keep Canada's home fires burning.

Eddy's Silent 5 Matches

When you buy matches see that Eddy's name is on the box

are made only from the choicest and best seasoned pine blocks. They are guaranteed to be absolutely sure-fire. No danger of accident. They are non-poisonous and will not explode when stepped on.

The E. B. EDDY CO.
Limited
HULL, CANADA
Also Makers of Indurated Fibreware and Paper Specialties

B1

APSLEY

(Special Correspondence)

Apsley, March 5.—Mrs. W. Lean, Miss Helen and Mrs. W. Hales are spending the winter among relatives at Swift Current, Sask.

Mr. James McIlvena has purchased a blacksmith shop at Warsaw. He and family leave shortly to take up residence in that village.

Privates W. Scott, R. Hales, James and A. Downing have returned from overseas during the last couple of months.

A meeting was held in the Methodist Church recently for the purpose of making arrangements for the erection of a monument on the Town Hall grounds as a memorial to the boys from this part of the county who sacrificed their lives in the war.

A reception in honor of Ptes. Jas. and Anthony Downing was held at Mr. John Buchanan's recently. The evening was spent in various amusements.

Mrs. William Gallon has moved to Clairvarde and taken up residence with her son-in-law, Mr. Gordon Reynolds.

Honor Roll for Apsley Public School.

IV—Gilbert Johnston, Teddy McIlvend, Herbert Lean.

III—Roy Spence, Phyllis, Spence Cecil Wilson, Teddy Knox and Malcolm Tucker.

II—Alma Jones, Cora Johnston.

I—Cicely Spence, Hazel Wilson, Stella Jones, Amy Lean.

Sr. Pr.—Ruth Johnston.

Jr. Pr.—Marjory Wilson.

FARMERS AS SOLDIERS

Calgary, March 5.—Information obtained from the Government by Secretary Hinchcliffe of the United Farmers of Alberta, recently shows that 125,576 farmers enlisted in the overseas forces. This is about one-third of the entire force. Exactly 70,155 volunteers and 55,321 draftees make up the total.

A SMALLER CENT PIECE PROMISED FOR CANADA

Ottawa, March 4.—The minister of finance gives notice of a resolution providing for the weight, fineness of the bronze cent. This is necessary in order to make provision for the coinage of a smaller cent piece, it being announced sometime ago that this would be done. The larger coins now in circulation will continue to be current and a legal tender.

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence)

Hastings, March 5.—A large gathering congregated in the town hall on Thursday evening last to tender a reception to five of our returned heroes: B. Plant, G. Kerr, W. Gould, Parker, and R. McQuade. Addresses were given by some of the resident clergy and prominent citizens. Some patriotic airs were sung and vocal and instrumental selections rendered by local talent. Addresses were then read to the guests of the evening and each one was presented with an engraved locket on behalf of the citizens. The gathering dispersed after singing God Save the King.

An "at home" was given in the town hall on Friday evening by the young people of the town and was much enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Winter Runnels of Peterborough have been guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Runnels.

The choir of the Methodist church were entertained Friday evening at the home of Mr. Albert Brooks when a very pleasant evening was spent.

Mrs. Prentice of Foxboro has been the guest of her son, Mr. E. Prentice, of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor German took a trip to Peterborough on Wednesday.

Mrs. Wm. Baker has been visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Whitting of Toronto was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. W. Knight took a trip to Lindsay on Friday.

Miss Helen Chapman of Peterborough spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Chapman.

Mr. C. German of Deseronto is visiting friends in town.

Miss Ella Tate spent Sunday with Peterborough friends.

Pte. Gilbert V. Herrington, who has spent the past three and a half years in overseas service, spent the past few days in town with his mother, Mrs. G. Lynch, prior to leaving for Owen Sound, where he will visit friends.

Citizens in general were sorry to learn of the death in Toronto on Monday of little Ruth, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Greenley, late of Hastings. To the sorrowing parents and family universal sympathy is extended in the loss of their bright little girl, the sunshine of the home. The remains were brought to town via the G.T.R. on Tuesday and interment was made in the Trent Valley Cemetery. The little girl was the granddaughter of Mrs. W. Greenley, town.

Mrs. Nelson Beavis has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Lakefield and Peterborough.

Mr. Leo Lynch and family of Asphodel are taking up residence in town.

Mrs. Charles Plant was called to Toronto on Sunday to the bedside of her niece, little Ruth Greenley, who passed away Monday morning.

Mr. White of Peterborough came to town on Monday and has secured employment in Dr. Hess' garage.

Pte. Jack Walsh has returned from overseas service and is holidaying with his parents.

The regular monthly meeting of the local chapter of the I. O. D. E. was held Monday afternoon, when the following officers were elected:

Regent—Mrs. J. Howard.
Vice-Regent—Mrs. W. Hill.
Second Vice—Mrs. (Rev.) McKim.
Secretary—Mrs. W. Fowlds.
Treasurer—Mrs. B. F. Doxsee.
Standard-bearer—Mrs. Hall.
E. Secretary—Miss Irene Lynch.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

YOU NEVER CAN TELL

Never judge a man's knowledge by what he SAYS. Wait till you see what he can DO. He may know how to do his work, but be unable to make good because his eyesight is too poor to make him fully efficient. Dr. Fowler would correct all that and make you a 100% man in short order. Let him examine your eyes and prove it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

NO COMPROMISE IN QUEBEC LAW

PROHIBITION ENACTMENT WILL MAKE THAT PROVINCE BONE DRY.

Montreal, March 5.—The Quebec prohibition bill will, after all, provide a bone dry province, until the Government changes its mind again which it has still time to do before May 1. A few days ago, owing to the strenuous opposition of the brewers, the Labor party and a very large percentage of citizens who signed petitions favoring the admission of beer and wine, the Government was understood to have decided not to press for bone dry prohibition. Now, to the amazement of many members, a draft of the new bill was printed with the most drastic dry legislation conceivable, and the Premier privately announced that it would be accepted even by those Liberal members who had favored the lighter beverages being tolerated. The attitude of the Church is the cause of the change.

MEGANTIC DUE TODAY.

Fifteen Hundred Soldiers Aboard for Halifax.

Halifax, March 5.—The Megantic with 1,500 troops and 200 civilians to land at Halifax was scheduled to be off the harbor at 4 o'clock this morning, and docked at 8 o'clock.

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM NOW

SAYS WE MUST KEEP FEET DRY, AVOID EXPOSURE AND EAT LESS MEAT.

Stay off the damp ground, avoid exposure, keep feet dry, eat less meat, drink lots of water and above all take a spoonful of salts occasionally to keep down uric acid.

Rheumatism is caused by poisonous toxin called uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine. The pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

Because of the many positions in which they must work tractor motors are tested at angles varying up to 45 degrees.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

NEW DUFFUS GARAGE A CREDIT TO LOCAL BUSINESS GENIUS

One of the Finest Institutions of Its Kind to be Found Anywhere in Canada.

JOSEPH J. DUFFUS.

In connection with the formal opening of the new Duffus garage on Monday night the address of Mayor Duncan and Mr. Joseph Duffus, the proprietor, are of especial interest to the citizens of the city, as they contain information in regard to the new building and its construction which is important concerning as it does a structure which is an asset to the city and one of the most complete garages in the country.

After paying a well turned compliment to the character of Mr. Duffus who is an ex-Mayor of the city and had served in the council with him for many years, Mayor Duncan stated that he was glad to know that the business had grown to such an extent as to demand larger premises.

A Satisfied Customer.

As a customer of the Duffus garage for the last five or six years he was pleased with the treatment meeted out to him not only by the proprietor but by his staff and he felt sure that this would be a feature of the business which would be perpetuated.

He well remembered that prior to Mr. Duffus' taking over this present site, it was an eye sore and a disgrace to the City of Peterboro and in view of the fact that it was going to be occupied by the present owner, he knew that it would be a decided advantage to the City, not only from a standpoint of revenue but also from the viewpoint of appearance. He wished Mr. Duffus every success in his large undertaking and appreciated the privilege of officially opening the building and concluded by declaring that the premises were now officially opened.

Mr. Duffus Replies

Mr. Duffus thanked His Worship the Mayor for the kind remarks he had made and stated that he was fully qualified to say that Mayor Duncan was an extremely busy man and that it was very kind of him to consent to perform the duties of officially opening the new building.

Mr. Duffus stated that the premises were built primarily for the purpose of doing business. However one of the main features was to give more efficient service to customers. He well knew that the business had outgrown the old quarters and that it was a great inconvenience to have to do work outside. He knew that the new premises would be appreciated by his numerous customers. He stated that the building was a good and substantial one and that one of the features in building it was to eliminate as far as possible all unnecessary expense yet at the same time have a building which would be suitable for the business and likewise a credit. He also referred to the fact that being located next to Peterborough's largest hotel he was endeavoring to give the tourist traffic first class service and to treat them in such a manner as would send them away from Peterborough feeling that they had not only been properly treated but that Peterboro had first class service as far as requirements were concerned. The tourist trade to Peterborough now that the war was finished would be greater than ever on account of the attraction of the lakes adjacent to the City.

In further describing the details of the building he stated that the location was admirably adapted for garage purposes. The particular lay of the land enables access and egress without the necessity of an elevator. It has been stated by those who are conversant with the garage business that it costs at least 75c apiece to have the cars taken from floor to floor by means of an elevator, taking into consideration the investment on the plant, power for operating same and the necessary help to operate it. However, as stated before, the particular lay of the ground eliminated this expense. The building is as thoroughly fireproof as it is possible to make it. He felt sure that it would be thoroughly appreciated by car owners and the public generally both as an improvement to the City of Peterborough and also from a standpoint of revenue. In the very near future he hoped that the equipment would be most complete with ample facilities to take care of all the requirements of motorists and car owners together with getting first class service on trucks and cars used for business purposes.

Praises Contractor Hickey

Mr. Duffus stated that as the contractor, Mr. Hickey, was not present he felt that it would be quite in order for him to make some statements in regard to him, had he been present owing to his being a very modest young man he might not have taken up this feature in connection with the building.

Although a young man of between 25 and 30 years of age he would consider that Mr. Hickey was capable of assuming and carrying out to a successful conclusion any contract no matter how large or important. He was not only a first class contractor, but was also a first class mechanic as could be verified by the quality of work seen around the plant. Although it was some ten months since the building was started Mr. Duffus stated that there had scarcely been an unpleasant word uttered on the premises. He was most painstaking and careful and notwithstanding the fact that there had been upwards of $10,000 paid out in wages, there had not been the slightest accident in connection with the erection, and as far as he was concerned he would carry with him the very highest recommendations as an official builder and an honest and amicable contractor to do business with.

In connection with the opening Mr. Duffus made it plain to the citizens present that the freedom of the building was heartily extended to them for the week. He stated that while all the details were not completed he hoped to have them entirely finished within a very few days and that they would be ready to hand out to the citizens of Peterboro honest and efficient service. He thanked those present for their attendance and hoped that before the end of the week many thousands would have visited the building and that the program of moving pictures would be thoroughly enjoyed.

An Up to Date Plant

The new Duffus garage is one of the finest in the Province of Ontario and is without a doubt the best appointed and most thoroughly equipped building of its kind in the smaller cities of the Dominion.

There is not a device in general use connected with the care and repair of automobiles which is not to be found in this most complete plant.

Its luxurious show room is the latest thing in fine and tasteful finishing, comfortable furnishings and complete offices. Upon entering it for the first time the visitor is impressed with the attention to detail which appears in the artistic touches which count for so much in a big apartment of this kind.

It has the general appearance of a huge and prosperous bank with its row of offices running along one side finished in dark oak with wickets, protected with metal caging, for the transaction of business. On the floor are automobiles on exhibition, the latest models of the makes handled by the concern.

A Historic Site

This new garage stands upon the bank of the Otonabee river at the point where Peter Robinson and his party of pioneers first landed.

It is centrally located on Water street directly across from the Empress Hotel which latter point is in its favor from the standpoint of the patronage of the tourist traffic. It is within a stone's throw of the C. P. R. tracks which makes it an easy matter to construct a siding for receiving and shipping goods.

The building itself is as nearly fireproof as human ingenuity can make it. It is constructed of concrete, steel, and brick side walls with steel sashes and fire glass wherever necessary. It is 210 feet in length and 61 feet in width.

Its floor area is approximately 25,000 square feet. It is steam heated throughout and provision has been made for the installation of an elevator if one is ever required though at the present time, as Mr. Duffus explained in his address there is no necessity for such a contrivance.

This garage has ample equipment for handling all manner of repairs on cars and doing first class work in every way. An air compressor is installed to furnish the motorist with free air; there is a re-charging plant for batteries, 6 overhead tracks and trolleys for lifting engines out of cars and replacing them and a first class washing station on each floor. The building may be termed a daylight saver in the truest sense of the term as its many windows keep the interior bright and cheerful.

The show room and offices are furnished in oak with ample provision made for salesmen, bookkeeper and stenographers. The proprietor's office is situated in the north east corner of the big apartment. The floors of the show room and offices are taraza, the walls are finished in stucco, the columns and ceilings are white and there is a marble base which runs along the partitions and columns.

There is a most complete parts department on the south side of the show room, both wholesale and retail where accessory parts for automobiles can always be had, with silent salesmen for showing the goods to the best advantage. Every provision has been made in this department for the comfort of the customer.

The electrical fixtures in the building are of the most modern, efficient and dust proof design.

Mr. H. T. Hickey was the contractor responsible for the construction of the new Duffus garage. Though a young man he has acquitted himself in a most creditable manner. He is a thorough mechanic as is evidenced b ythe splendid finish of the exterior and interior of the building.

Sub-contracts in connection with the erection of the building were all let upon a competitive basis and the lowest tenderer got the job in every case. There was enough excellent gravel obtained as a result of the excavation work to fill half the requirements of the new building. 70,000 feet of lumber was purchased at a most moderate price from the Quaker Oats Company and yet there is not a board in the building. The lumber was used to make forms for the cement, scaffolding, etc. and was then sold again. The steel was also obtained from the Quaker Oats and the sash from the Henry Hope Company just before they decided to go into the munition industry.

Mr. Duffus had been considering building the garage for two years before the work began and consequently contracted for cement and glass before the raise in prices went into effect. The brick was purchased from Curtis Bros with the exception of that surrounding the show room and offices which is of the tapestry variety and was imported from Toronto.

A Self Made Man

Joseph Duffus the proprietor of the new garage is a self made man in the truest sense of the term. He was born in the country in the vicinity of Peterborough and got his start in this city. He built up his business until it has reached its present gratifying proportions and served in the city council for six years and as Mayor for two terms. He was elected to this position in the first instance by a substantial majority and was returned for a second term by acclamation. Mr. Duffus was one of the most energetic popular and progressive mayors Peterborough ever had and his tenure of office was characterized by the exercise of the same excellent business principles which he has always shown in connection with private enterprises with which he has been connected and which explains the signal success which has crowned his business life.

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better

PRICE 25c and 50c

Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

TO BUILD MILITARY HOSPITAL

Kingston, March 4.—(Special)—Tenders are being called for by the Militia Department for the construction of hospital buildings on King street west. These will cost a quarter of a million dollars. Queen's University buildings, at present used as a hospital, must be vacated next autumn.

Friction of small steel balls polishes silverware in a new machine.

An English inventor has mounted a tiny electric lamp in the handle of a safety razor.

An inventor has patented a shield for horses' nose bags that is claimed to prevent any loss of grain by spilling.

The Cuban Government has established nine wireless stations on the Island of Cuba and one on the Isle of Pines.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widowers without dependant children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. By farmers and ranchers.
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors, administrators of estates [illegible]
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names [illegible] officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations or syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.

Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Returns should be filed immediately.

Postage must be prepaid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT.

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 113, KINGSTON, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BELLEVILLE, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Victory Bonds bought for cash, Apply box 237, Review.

WANTED—At once, route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

E. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
282 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 386

Canada Food Board License No. 8-9042
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables—
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
401 GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 226 George St. Phone 1044r
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to 8

With one foot in the grave it doesn't take a man long to get there with both feet.

A man may be ignorant of the law, but the ignorance of his lawyer is always inexcusable.

Reinforced concrete instead of steel is used in a new gas producer, being more resistant to wet ashes than metal.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C., Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 354.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 345

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

CONDITIONS ON ONTARIO FARMS

The following is a summary of reports made by agricultural representatives to the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

The mild winter has helped owners of live stock to bring their animals along with less drain than usual upon fodder stores. There is plenty of both grain and roughage on hand, although there are some complaints that corn ensilage is poorer in feeding quality than in most years. With the drop in the price of oats, farmers are feeding more of that grain to their live stock.

Cattle are reported to be in fair conditon, and are being marketed about at usual for the time of year. A live stock shipping club in Peterborough sent out three carloads of cattle and three of hogs in the last two weeks.

The milk flow is keeping up well, and good grade Holstein cows are bringing from $100 to $175.

Horses are selling in Peterborough at from $150 to $175, but there is no great demand.

Hogs are not going to market in large numbers, and there is a tendency to turn them off somewhat light or unfinished. Prices have improved slightly, and now range from $16.50 to $17.75 a cwt. Little pigs are selling at from $6 to $8 each, but at a recent auction sale in Brant some eight-week-old pigs brought $12 apiece.

The marketing of field crops is slow, notwithstanding the large quantity of grain reported to be on hand. Hay is scarce and is selling at from $18 to $25 a ton. Alfalfa is bringing $22 a ton in Norfolk. There is an abundance of shelled corn in the southwestern counties, and Kent reports that some kept for seed is now being fed to the hogs.

About thirty cars of seed oats have been sent from Brant to the West, and eight from Norfolk through the Seed Commission.

Notwithstanding that most of the fall wheat fields have had little or no protection for the last two months reports regarding the crop are still hopeful.

Several representatives look for an increased acreage of spring wheat. Prince Edward's opinion, however, is that there is a tendency to sow less of that and the other cereals and to go more into the growing of peas and other canning factory products.

Owing to the ramarkable open weather prevailing this winter, more outside work than usual has been done.

The Huron representative states that a large number of farms are changing hands at prices varying from $6000 to $12,000 a hundred acres, according to location and equipment.

Foundation of Brotherhood.

"The doctrine of the Brotherhood of Man is a beautiful dream, but it remains *forever* the baseless fabric of a dream, unless it is founded upon the deepest of all realities, the Fatherhood of God. To better our social conditions we need close thoughts, careful study, a diligent application of the best methods, but at last without faith in the eternal foundations there can be no final adjustment of social difficulties, and all earthly wisdom is but as sounding brass and clanging cymbals."—Dr. Sumner Smith.

Prepared.

A train, running on a line which had achieved an unenviable notoriety for slowness and unpunctuality, after losing considerable time in a short journey, suddenly stopped in the midst of fields. "Guard!" shouted a jovial passenger, "may I get out and pick some flowers?" "Afraid you won't find many about here," said the conductor, good-humoredly. "Oh, there'll be heaps of time," replied the jovial passenger—"I've brought a packet of seeds."

Snakes in the Ocean.

There may or may not be such a thing as a sea-serpent, but there certainly are snakes in the ocean. There are numerous varieties of small snakes that live in all oceans; then there are the eels, of course, which go from the salt water to the fresh. In the waters around southern Asia there lives the banded sea snake, which has stripes around its body and broad tail, and can swim with great speed.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

••8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

•11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

••7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

••9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.
(Special to The Review.)
(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 5.—Receipts very heavy, lead steers, prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Choice butcher	10.50	12.75
Medium butcher cows	9.00	10.50
Ewes	10.50	11.50
Lambs	17.00	17.00
Hogs, f a w	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f o b	16.75	16.75
Calves	17.50	19.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 28
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 75
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	2
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	4
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	4
Butter	58	5
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	15 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00	5 25
Tallow, country solids	28 00	28 60
in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do., green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

The Rose's Name.

The name "rose" varies only slightly among different nations. The Romans called it rosa—a form adhered to in Italian, Portuguese, Spanish and Russian. In Polish it is roza, in Dutch roos, in Swedish ros, and in French, German and Danish rose.

Deep Sea Stuff.

He looked her oar and asked her to sail the sea of matrimony with him. When she said O. K. (or words to that effect) they launched out with a little smack. A wave of color swept over her cheeks and her eyes swam in tears.

Active Volcano.

The most active volcano in the world is Mount Sangay. It is 17,190 feet high, situated on the eastern chain of the Andes, South America. It has been in constant eruption since 1728.

November the Holiday Month.

November is the popular holiday month, 26 of the 30 being held as holidays by some of the different countries. May comes next with 25 holiday days.

Daily Thought.

I will die in the last ditch.—William of Orange.

Optimistic Thought.

The empty vessel makes the greatest sound.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence.)

Keene, March 5.—Mr. and Mrs. B. Kindred and little daughter Dorothy were in Peterboro on Monday.

Messrs A. McIntyre, N. Roche, and the Misses Mary Connell, Belle McFarlane, Kate and Evelyn Shearer motored to Westwood on Friday evening to attend the patriotic dance.

Mr. Roy Kempt left on Monday for Midale, Sask., where he expects to spend the summer.

Division Court was held in Keene on Monday. Judge Huycke presided, one case being disposed of.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Manly left for their home in Midale, Sask., on Monday, after a pleasant three months visit with Mrs. Manly's mother, Mrs. George Brown.

Miss Isabell McCarthy of Peterboro spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McCarthy.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Burby entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening, with cards and dancing.

The W. M. S. of the Methodist Church will have a quilting and tea at the home of Mrs. (Dr.) Harrison on Thursday afternoon, March 13th.

Mr. Duncan McFarlane has moved into the property belonging to Miss Belle McIntyre.

Mr. R. E. Dickerson returned from Toronto where she spent the week end with friends.

Mrs. Richard Short and daughter Miss Jean were shopping at Peterboro on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Armstrong of Peterboro was home over the week end.

Rev. McEachern was in Peterboro on Monday on business.

Quite a number of young people from the Methodist Sunday School attended the Sunday School Session at Peterboro Monday evening.

Mr. James MacFarlane has been appointed issuer of marriage licenses.

A splendid time is reported by those attending the box social at Lang on Monday night.

Mr. Joseph Stewart, License Inspector, of Peterboro was in the village on Monday on business.

Lieutenant Cecil Nelson has returned to his home at Toronto after a pleasant week's visit at the home of Mr. L. Burleigh.

Miss Mabel Waters of Courtice is a guest at the home of her aunt, Mrs. George Brown.

Mrs. Duncan Mather entertained a few friends last Thursday evening in honor of her nephew, Lieut. Cecil Nelson, who has recently returned from France.

... School Report ...

The following is the report of the standing of the Lang Public School, for the month of February. Names are in order of merit.

Sr. IV.—Olive Shearer, Ray Elmhirst, Mary Nelson, Harold Shearer, Lila Moore.

Sr. II.—Walter Westbrook, Francis Shearer, Jean Eggleton, Fred Westbrook, John Davidson, Earl Edwards, Lila McKay, George Carey.

Sr. II.—Irvine McClure, Earl Kimball, Andrew Shearer, Hester Davis.

Jr. II.—Robbie Davidson, Lillian Bovie, Tim Walsh, equal; Bella Richardson, Amelia Richardson, Stuart Richardson, Margaret Dinsdale, Lillian Mortlock, Mary Edwards.

Sr. I.—Isabell Elmhirst, Anna Eggleston, Frank Walsh, Charlie Elliott Clifford Fife, Eldon Kimball.

Jr. I.—Victor Edwards, Willie Doughty.

Class A.—Kathleen Walsh, Arthur Shearer, Violet Miller, Victor Speirs, Jean Edwards.

Examinations not taken by Melville Edwards, Margaret Miller, and Eva Miller.

J. Cameron, Teacher.

Prussian Military System.

During the Franco-German war, 1870-71, the armies of the various German states, though they were not Prussian, while in the field were commanded by the Prussian king and his general staff. After that war there was no difficulty in making Prussian control permanent. One after another the various states resigned direction of their armies to the king of Prussia, and for all practical purposes the German army became one. Almost immediately after the close of the Franco-German war a movement was begun to extend the imperial army, and the Prussian military system was introduced throughout the empire.

Polish Up Your Buttons.

To restore fine pearl buttons to their former color and luster wash in warm water and soap suds, then dry and polish with a nail buffer and a cake of nail polish. Now that it is difficult to get the finer quality of buttons, this method is satisfactory—the buttons look like new.

On Loving.

"What I can't understand is that if people want to be loved—and everybody does—why in the name of goodness don't they do a little loving on their own account? You needn't expect to get what you don't give."—"Kitty Canary," by Kate L. Bosher.

LIQUOR SHIPPED AS FRESH EGGS

TWO ENTERPRISING VISITORS AT OMEMEE LOSE THEIR TOTAL INVESTMENT.

(Special to The Review.)

Omemee, March 5.—Omemee is again in the limelight, though not in the way in which the people would most like. Last week two Jews, not in any way connected with our esteemed citizen, Mr. Stark, arrived in the village off the early morning train and made the rounds of the different stores, buying fresh eggs, also procuring a number of egg cases. During the day a large express parcel was delivered to the strangers and the "eggs" were soon re-packed and sent to the Sturgeon street station to be expressed to Toronto. The operator, on roughly handling one of the cases, was severely "spoken to" and straightway his suspicions were aroused. A bribe was offered as a silencer, but all to no avail. The egg cases were put on the train, also the unsuspecting Jews, who journeyed to Toronto, thinking they still had their prize. In the meantime the cases were taken from the train at the junction and a message sent to License Inspector Thornbury at Lindsay, who soon arrived on the scene.

On opening the five cases of "strictly fresh eggs" they were found to be particularly juicy under the top layers. Thirteen tin receptacles containing thirteen gallons of alcohol were discovered and confiscated by Inspector Thornbury.

Mrs. Fred Nugent of Lindsay paid a short visit to Omemee friends last week.

A social evening of much enjoyment was spent in the English church basement a week ago when the Sunday school anniversary was held.

Miss Maud Laidley of Lindsay spent Saturday under the parental roof.

Miss Joy Cornell, who is attending university in Toronto, was a week-end visitor under the parental roof.

Flight Lieut. Ernest Cornell returned to his home near Reaboro a week ago, after spending many months in England.

Miss Jennie Smyth was the guest of Mrs. Scott last week.

Mr. Edward Elsom of Peterboro was in the village on Monday renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. Wesley Lowes, of Carberry, Man., an old Omemee boy, died of influenza after a short illness.

Rev. Mr. McCullough of Port Hope occupied the Presbyterian pulpit on Sunday.

Congratulations are in order for Rev. Mr. and Mrs. James, who on Monday celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Laidley attended the funeral of Miss Leicha Laidley in Lindsay on Wednesday.

Miss Edith Curry attended the Mendelssohn choir concert in Toronto last week.

Mrs. Stephenson was a visitor to Lindsay last week.

Misses Annie Clement and Gladys Fee attended "A Night in Honolulu" which was presented in Lindsay last week.

Mrs. L. Laidley was a visitor to the county town last week.

A package containing the following articles was sent to the Red Cross headquarters this week by the Soldiers' Aid Society: 174 pairs socks, 12 suits girls' pyjamas, 3 suits pyjamas, and a parcel of refugee garments. Mrs. McCrea donated ten pairs of socks and Miss Robinson one pair of mitts. The following letter was received by the secretary, Miss Neil:

Canadian Red Cross Society,
Toronto, February 3, 1919.

Miss A. Neil,
Omemee.

Dear Madam,—Enclosed herewith please find official receipt for a consignment of refugee clothing, etc., which has arrived here safely from your society. Please accept and convey to those interested our cordial thanks for these supplies, which are being forwarded with our first overseas shipment, where they will be used to the very best advantage by the society. Yours very truly,

B. S. MacInnis,
Hon. Recording Sec'y.

Knitters are asked to kindly finish knitting on hand, as the last bale will be packed and sent away March 28th.

Mrs. Sandy, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Larson, returned to their home in Buffalo on Saturday after spending the past week with the parents of the former, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Williamson.

Mr. James McCaffrey of Toronto was a visitor to Omemee last week.

Mr. Herb Shields of Peterborough paid a brief visit to Omemee on Tuesday.

Miss Marion Carey is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Irwin, at Sharbot Lake.

The reception to our returned heroes, which was to have taken place on January 15th and which has since been held off as a safeguard against the "flu," has now been arranged for Friday, March 14th, in Coronation Hall, when a right royal welcome will be given to those who have returned since the last reception.

Mrs. Mulligan returned last week from Peterborough, where she has been taking treatment at Nicholls Hospital.

Mrs. Murray of Peterborough was a visitor to Omemee last week.

Mr. Harold Cunningham returned from Peterborough on Friday after spending a week with his aunt, Mrs. Borland.

We are pleased to report Mr. Weaver's condition as much improved after a serious illness of two months.

A number of ladies of the Women's Institute gathered at the home of Mrs. Clement on Saturday evening and presented to Mrs. Stewart, one of their members, who leaves for the West next week, a beautiful brass fern pot. Mrs. Stewart, though taken by surprise, responded in a few well-chosen words. Dainty refreshments were then served and many good wishes for the departing member were expressed.

Pte. Burton Lewis of Toronto was the guest of his parents over Sunday.

A jolly sleighing party of Methodist Leaguers was held a week ago Monday night, a great many taking advantage of the fine night, and the added attraction of a sleigh ride. On the return of the party to the church a short program was given and a dainty lunch served and much enjoyed by all present.

Miss Dorothy Stinson was a visitor to Peterborough last week.

Miss Weaver, who has been visiting her brother for the past month, returned to her home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Mahood and little son Donald spent the week-end with friends in Lindsay.

Miss Millard was a visitor to Lindsay last week.

One Reason Girls Steal.

This bit of philosophy of a reformed girl thief was contained in an article in the People's Home Journal on the value of the probation law: "A girl can no more live without a few pleasures and pretty possessions than she can without food. Take it from me, girls don't want to steal. If they knew how to earn things for themselves, they wouldn't be bad. Some day there'll be a way found for girls to earn what they need before they get into trouble, not after. Then the whole world'll be different."

His Holiday.

News venders are not the only ones whose wits have been sharpened on the whetstone of war, remarks the London Chronicle. Traders of all kinds are making the holograph proclamations subserve the purpose of mild amusement. In the window of a vender of cat's meat in the vicinity of Westminster we caught sight of this stanza:

We are not dead,
Or fast asleep;
But gone to Brighton
For a week

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
183 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-262

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock, EGG, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
[COAL DEALERS]
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

DAD-HOW DO YOU LIKE MY COSTUME FOR THE MASQUE BALL?
I DONT WANT MOTHER TO SEE IT UNTIL WE GET TO THE BALL- I WANT TO SURPRISE HER
YOURE NOT GONNA WEAR THAT OUT OF THIS HOUSE-
DONT BE SO OLD FASHIONED DADDY-
GO PUT SOME CLOTHES ON-
BY GOLLY- IF SHE WONT MIND ME- SHE WILL HER MOTHER-
WELL- HOW DO YOU LIKE MY COSTUME?

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....18.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

McINTOSH PICKS DEMPSEY TO WIN IN BOUT WITH WILLARD

Former Manager of Tommy Burns Says Present Champion Will Lose Title if They Meet.

Detroit, Mich., March 5.—"If Jess Willard commits to step into the ring with Jack Dempsey, give me a ticket on Jack," commented "Billy" McIntosh, chairman of the Elks boxing committee, to a party of friends seated around him in the B. P. O. E. foyer recently.

"Billy," it will be recalled, was at one time manager of Tommy Burns, who lost the world's championship to Johnson, whom Willard vanquished at Havana.

If Tommy Burns had kept a promise he made to his Detroit manager before leaving for England, soon after defeating Bill Squires in San Francisco for the championship, Jack Johnson probably never would have been the monarch of the heavy weights and in turn Dempsey would not now be looking forward to a match for the title with Jess Willard.

Burns' Promise to McIntosh.

Burns gave his hands to McIntosh and Mrs. Burns in the Griswold hotel that he would not be ensnared into a match with Johnson under any circumstances.

When Burns arrived in London and after he knocked out Gunner Moir in the tenth round, Johnson, who had followed him abroad with Manager Fitzpatrick, started to make life miserable for the Detroiter.

Jack Palmer and Jem Roche, British scrappers, were soon put to sleep in short order by Burns, when the Johnson clamor for a championship fight became almost deafening to Tommy.

Then Burns moved to Paris and knocked out Jewey Smith in five rounds, while Bill Squires got his second quietus at Burns' hands in an eight round battle. Johnson was right on Burns' heels in the meantime, still shouting for that chance at the title.

Mr. and Mrs. Burns finally boarded a steamer for Australia and Jack Johnson and his retinue followed them into the antipodean port on the next vessel.

When Tommy Weakened.

Not until Burns had landed the knock-out punch on Bill Squires for the third time and had Bill Lang slumbering in dreamland after a six period battle did Johnson and his cohorts make an impression on Burns.

The $30,000 looked sweet to Tommy and there resulted a broken promise to his friend and manager, Billy McIntosh of Detroit.

The remainder of the story is familiar ring history.

Reverting to Willard and Dempsey, McIntosh says he doubts whether Willard will enter the ring with Jack.

"The champion is well fixed in this world's goods," he declared, "and is in the way of adding largely to what he already possesses.

"He is interested heavily in producing oil wells in Oklahoma and the money germ is deeply imbedded in his system. Then, again, he weighs closer to 300 pounds at present than 275 as he states. I know this from friends who have seen him recently.

"I doubt whether he could get down to fighting trim again if he tried, and it is a surety he couldn't reduce and retain his strength below 275. Dempsey, in the prime of his manhood, weighs about 190 and has a punch every bit as hard as the champion had in his prime.

Will Steer Shy of Jack.

"I was in New York when Willard met Frank Moran and although it is said Jess didn't exert himself, I know differently. Willard did his best every inch of the ten round route. I know Moran wanted to win by a knockout, which was necessary to attain the championship, but the best he could do was to keep Willard guessing to the end.

"Now, if Willard couldn't knock out Moran within ten rounds, what is he going to do against a clever slugger like Jack Dempsey? We all know what Dempsey could and would do to Moran in one round if they ever met.

"Therefore, I don't believe Willard will ever submit to the chance of being knocked cold by this ferocious Utah fighter."

BIG BASEBALL FIGHT OPENS

Battle for 154 Game Season Schedule Appears in "Offing."

President John Heydler of the National league has come out against the proposed switch of the major leagues back to the old schedule of 154 games. The time is now too short to make the change, he declares. President Johnson of the American league refused to discuss the proposed move of certain magnates. That a concerted battle to force in the old schedule may ensue is the opinion of baseball men in Chicago. President Comiskey of the White Sox is a strong advocate of the long schedule and deplored the switch to 140 games.

Agitation for the old schedule was started this week in New York by three magnates—Harry Frazee of the Red Sox, Charles Stoneham of the New York Giants and Col. T. L. Huston of the New York Yankees. Officials of the Chicago Cubs favor the long schedule. Inasmuch as the cubs and the Giants are the big money-makers of the National league, President Mitchell and Manager McGraw may be able to force and fight against the abbreviated schedule. Comiskey, Frazee and Huston seem to be outvoted in the American league.

Will Play Hockey Finals in Toronto

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 5.— Secretary W. A. Hewit of the O. H. A. today confirmed the report that the finals in the junior series, Woodstock vs. U. T. S. or Cornwall and in the intermediates, Kingston vs. Collingwood, would probably be played in Toronto Arena, owing to the uncertainty of ice in the smaller centres.

Grocers Won Two From The C. G. E.

Last night in the Business Men Ten Pin League at the Water street alleys the Grocers won two from C. G. E., and putting up a total of 2650 for the three games. For the Grocers, Weber hit the maple for 594. Dawson and Ross toped the 500 mark for the C. G. E. Fielder was high with 585. Cranfield passed the 500 mark. The scores:

C. G. E.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Fielder	180	192	213	—585
Cranfield	147	200	155	—502
Fair	133	151	142	—425
Villenerve	152	173	165	—490
Jackson	172	161	160	—493
Totals	784	877	835	—2496

Grocers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Dawson	185	173	208	—566
Gilleapie	145	179	173	—497
Ross	157	141	213	—511
Roulty	177	134	171	—482
Weber	233	181	190	—594
Totals	887	808	955	—2650

Tonight—De Laval vs. Printers.

Defaulter Given Six Months' Term

Sudbury, March 5.—For luring at the Dominion officer, Orvillo Deschene, a defaulter under the M.S.A., was given six months at Burwash Farm, and a further sentence of six months for having failed to report for military registration, both sentences to run concurrently. In giving up, Magistrate Brodie commented on the lack of uniformity in the administration of the M.S.A., and enumerated several cases in other courts where the tendency was to make the monetary penalty heavy and the jail term light, presumably to punish the parents to some extent, as they were in many cases to blame. Magistrate Brodie made it clear that while he would avoid throwing delinquents under the M.S.A. into prison with hardened criminals, his court would not implement any contempt for the act. Deschene is in poor health and since his capture has aided the Crown in several other cases. If his ill-health continues, Magistrate Brodie promised a recommendation for clemency on a doctor's certificate.

France Will Aid In Feeding Huns

Paris, March 5.—France has receded from her position with reference to food for Germany, and after an all-day session of the Supreme Economic Council a compromise has been reached whereby the French claims upon money Germany purposed to use for food payments will be satisfied in such a way as to enable her to withdraw her objections, which have been stated in these despatches.

Germany will pay for her supplies partly in cash and partly in notes and partly in materials. France's interests will be secured so that the reparation due to her will not be diverted to any other purpose. Details of the new plan are to be given to the Germans at the Spa meeting, which will be held Tuesday. The solution of the problem displays a serious difficulty, for all were agreed that grave danger lay in failure to permit the Bermans sufficient food to fight down famine and its commitant Bolshevism

MEMBER URGES PRICE FIXING

J. C. ELLIOTT SAYS GOVERNMENT SHOULD SET VALUE OF WHEAT.

Toronto, March 5.—Speaking on the debate in reply to the Speech from the Throne in the Legislature yesterday, Mr. J. C. Elliott, the Liberal member for West Middlesex, strongly urged upon the Government the necessity of using its influence to have the price fixed for the 1919 wheat crop. Mr. Elliott ably defended the course of the farmers in having asked for a fixed price for the wheat crop. He pointed out that when the price of $2.20 a bushel was fixed in 1917 it was 20 cents lower than the prevailing market price. During the next two years the price of agricultural implements increased 25 per cent. each year as the result of increased labor costs, but the price of wheat remained the same. Now that the war is over and the farmer did not benefit by a sufficiently high price of wheat during the last years of the conflict to meet the abnormal costs, Mr. Elliott urged that the price of $2.20 should be assured the agriculturists for the 1919 crop.

Exposure to ozone for five minutes increases the fermenting power of brewers' yeast.

The temperature of a new electric flat iron can be regulated to four different degrees.

A Japanese chemist has invented an incombustible celluloid that is made from soya bean cake.

Small pockets for valuables, intended to be fastened to linings of shoes, have been patented.

A clip has been invented for holding a spoon on the edge of a cooking utensil or medicine glass.

Italy is enforcing a series of regulations governing the width of wheel rims allowed on highways.

Electrical apparatus for sorting leaves of tobacco by length is the idea of a New York inventor.

An American egg preserving plant with a capacity of 300,000 eggs daily has been established in China.

Passions' Growth.

Let me not forget that the power and joy of sacrifice grow upon those who exercise it. Pure passions grow as well as dark ones.—W. L. Watkinson.

Queer.

Said the facetious feller: "A couple of dull kids will make any woman look smart—if they're on her feet."

Daily Thought.

Our high respect for a well-man is [illegible] of literature.—Emerson.

GENERAL SIR SAM HUGHES SCORES THE UNIONISTS

Canadian Troops, He Said, Were Needlessly Sacrificed at the Front---Scalps Sir Joseph Flavelle.

Ottawa, March 5.—If Mr Hocken of Toronto occupied the centre of the stage in the debate on the address, that place was certainly taken in the House of Commons yesterday by Major-General Sir Sam Hughes. If Mr. Hocken scourged the Union Government with whips, Sir Sam scourged them with scorpions. Mr. Hocken found nothing much wrong except the civil service commission, but General Hughes found pretty nearly everything wrong with the Union Government.

His most serious charge was that the Government had badly handled the conduct of the war, at least after the time he ceased to be Minister of Militia. Canadian soldiers, he claimed, had been recklessly and uselessly sacrificed in the taking of Cambrai, "a dirty, one horse town not worth the life of a single Canadian soldier, and filled with machine guns and booby traps." The assault upon Mons after the signing of the armistice and within four hours of the time fixed for the cessation of hostilities was roundly denounced. Sir Sam had no hesitation in saying that the commander of the Canadian Corps should have been court-martialed.

No Spoon Feeding.

Neither did Gen. Hughes believe that the Government addressed itself properly to the problem of demobilization. He did not think the stern, capable, splendid men coming back from service overseas wanted to be coddled, spoon-fed, or carried around to pink teas. They wanted a chance, he said, to build up homes, to fill many of the good positions now occupied by aliens, and to take their part in the government of the country. They were not seeking positions as village postmasters or elevator men.

The finance minister was fiercely assailed for his extravagant expenditure in flotation of the Victory loans. High interest had been paid, the bonds had been exempted from taxation, and yet it cost us nearly five dollars, and in some cases more than five dollars, for every one hundred dollars obtained, while the United States secretary of the treasury had borrowed many billions at an average cost of less than twenty cents for every hundred dollars raised.

The general had a good deal to say about Sir Joseph Flavelle, "the owner of the Government," his huge profits and his political intrigues. Sir Joseph was charged with the conspiracy to oust Sir Robert Borden from the premiership presumably to instal Sir Thomas White, and had gone so far as to open negotiations with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but, according to Sir Sam, "that wily old statesman" refused to negotiate. He was glad to see independence growing among members of Parliament and declared that the acting prime minister would find it difficult to "cajole, butter-down, pussy-foot or side-step his followers."

Navigation is to open at the western end of Lake Erie on Monday, 16 days earlier than last year.

August Wesselot, a prominent merchant for twenty years in Kitchener, poisoned himself in a fit of despondency over business worries.

Robt. J. Wilson has been appointed superintendent of buildings for Windsor schools, a position newly created, at a salary of $2000.

A recently patented dish pan sprays its contents with fountains of boiling water from its perforated rim.

The Government of Venezuela is planning to build a highway 683 miles long across that country.

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Rose and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

WRIST & BRACELET
Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

LEONARD TO BOX JIMMY DUFFY

Arranges Match for Buffalo When Bouts on Coast Are Scarce.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 5.—Benny Leonard, lightweight boxing champion, will meet Jimmy Duffy in Buffalo the last week in March, according to announcement last night by Billy Gibson, his manager. Gibson said he also had accepted an offer from Dave Mackey, New York promoter for Leonard, to meet Joe Welling or Lew Tendler in Newark, N.J., at an early date, selecting Welling.

No suitable boxer has been found here to meet Leonard, Gibson said, and the champion and his manager will leave Los Angeles Sunday or Monday for Salt Lake City.

A flirt and her conscience are soon divorced.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard an Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

EVERY man or woman who have ever used The Review Want ads. knows that they bring results.

If you want help, to sell or find anything, or have property torent or sell

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW
IT PAYS

POOR EYES MEANS POOR WORK

We give your eye needs personnel attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY

Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WANTED AT ONCE

Route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

DENTAL.

DR. J. J. CRAIG, dentist, is now associated with Dr. Wightman in practice.

FOR SALE.

A comfortable brick house on McGill Street. Electric light, pump in house. Will be sold on easy terms. Small payment down. For particulars apply to The Review Office.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WANTED AT ONCE

Boy for route in north end of city. Apply Review.

INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

A meeting of the members and prospective members will take place at the Labor Hall, March 6th, at 8 p.m., Thursday. Election of permanent officers for the party. A debate will take place between two members of the organization, on the 40 hour week and minimum wage, its economic and political effect on the community. Questions invited.

T. TOOMS, Sec.

AUCTION SALE

Friday at Hancock's Auction Room, of Furniture of all kinds. Parties wishing to put anything on sale may do so.

TAKING SCHOOL CENSUR

Quebec, March 5.—The Quebec Roman Catholic school commission has prepared statistics on school attendance for the sixty schools in the city under its jurisdiction. The number of children is 14,659 and the average attendance is 85 per cent.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, etc., Thursday, March 6th, at the home of Mrs. Portsmith, 477 Roger street. Furniture, Carpets, etc. Sale commences 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auctioneer.

NOTICE

I hereby notify all stores and the public generally that my wife having left my bed and board, I will pay no bills rue either in my name or hers. Ollie Kelly.

LENTEN SERVICES AT ALL SAINTS' CHURCH.

Tonight the rector will begin a series of illustrated addresses on "The Seven Words from the Cross." Service at 8 o'clock in the parish hall.

NO QUORUM.

There was no meeting of the Board of Education held last night owing to the fact that there was not a sufficient number of the members present to form a quorum.

FOR SALE.

A brick house on Reid street, near the C. G. E.; all modern conveniences, attic finished, making six bedrooms; 3-piece bathroom, good furnace. Will be sold on terms to suit purchaser. For particulars apply to The Review Office.

TRINITY CHURCH CHOIR

Trinity Church choir will meet for practice tonight at 7.30.

PRINCESS "PATS" SAIL

Ottawa, March 5.—The Military Department has received a cable stating that the Princess Pats Regiment is sailing for Canada today, with approximately 32 officers and 525 other ranks. The regiment will come to Ottawa for discharge.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Jack, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Allison, 593 Bethune St., who had the misfortune while playing to break his leg, is progressing as well as could be expected at Nicholls Hospital.

The 57th Regiment Chapter I.O.D.E. are holding a birthday tea on Tuesday afternoon, March 11th, from 3 to 6 at the home of Mrs. Vincent Eastwood, 610 George street, to celebrate the seventh anniversary of the founding of the Chapter. Musical programs and refreshments. Everyone most cordially invited.

Trinity Church Ladies' Aid held their regular monthly meeting Tuesday afternoon and in spite of the unfavorable weather conditions there were 70 ladies present. Miss Murray of the Y.W.C.A. contributed a solo which was much enjoyed by all present. The executive served refreshments and all spent a very enjoyable time.

SEAT SALE NOTICE CONCERNING FISKE O'HARA

Fiske O'Hara annual engagement in this city occurs at the Grand Opera House next Saturday, March 8, matinee and evening, when he will be seen in a new three act romantic farce by Anna Nichols, called "Marry in Haste." The sale of seats begins tomorrow morning. O'Hara plays the role of Dick Leigh, a dashing young man whose rashness leads him into a hasty marriage which he bitterly regrets when he meets the winsome Lady Evelyn O'Connor. The play is filled with romance, amusing situations, wholesome comedy, and a delightful element of mystery, which is sustained up to the very end. Four new songs, especially written for the star's use in the play, have been provided; they are "The Kind of a Girl I mean," "Peggy McVey," "I'm Falling in Love With You Dear" and "There's a Charm of Dear Old Ireland in Your Eyes." A splendid supporting company surrounds Mr. O'Hara, and the scenic and costume details have been well looked after by Manager Pitou.

AIDING VETERANS TO OBTAIN WORK

SOLDIERS' AID COMMISSION HAS INTRODUCED NEW SYSTEM OF OPERATION.

The Soldiers' Aid Commission is giving increased attention with the object of assisting in relieving the state of unemployment in this province, especially.

The Commission advises that they have inaugurated a system, which is now in operation, whereby the several branches in each locality will be notified each week of positions available for returned men throughout the province, and the Commission asks for earnest co-operation.

A complete list of employment opportunities will be mailed to the Peterborough branch every Tuesday morning, that the branch may be in touch with the employment situation insofar as returned soldiers are concerned throughout the province. It is hoped that by concerted effort and, diligence all returned men in this locality and out of work may be absorbed, providing, of course, that they are willing to leave their home town or city.

Returned men are asked to communicate at once with the local secretary of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, Mr. F. H. Dobbin, at the city building, when record will be made, and as soon as the list is received of places available, it will be placed at he disposal of the men who are applying.

Holiness Service At S. A. Temple

Dapite the inclement weather last night a splendid crowd gathered at the Temple and enjoyed the bright and helpful service conducted by Adjutant and Mrs. Buntin. The topic was "Spiritual Decline in the Church and Its Cause," and the lesson taken was from the story of David. The Adjutant clearly showed how the tolerance of sin in the individual heart started a gradual decline of holiness and at last led to spiritual death.

Tonight Mrs. Adjutant Buntin will speak, and her talk will be on "A Sound From Heaven." This promises to be of unusual interest, so come along and enjoy an hour of singing and the study of God's word.

Service commences sharp at eight o'clock.

Won Medal for Victory Loan Essays

The regular bi-monthly meeting of the Peterborough Collegiate Institute Literary Society, was held in the Assembly Hall, of the school; at 3.30 p.m. yesterday. In the absence of the president, Miss Isabel Baird, the vice president, Mr. John Carlisle, occupied the chair.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting by the secretary, Mr. Morgan Cottingham, the following program was rendered, by members of the school.

Instrumental—Piano Solo — Mr. Hatton Lancashire.

Reading Miss Muriel Harvey.

Instrumental—Violin solo — Mr. Baden Green. (Accompanied on piano by Miss Aileen Braund, A.T.C.M.)

Instrumental—Piano Solo —Miss Muriel Bridge.

Mr Kenner, the principal of the school, then came forward, and announced that six medals, awarded by the Department of Education of Ontario, for the best essays written last November on "Victory Bonds—why Canadians shoul buy them" had been received at the school this month.

For the purpose of awarding these medals the Department had divided each school into three parts, and six medals were awarded to each school The High Schools were divided thus (1) Upper School (2) Middle School. (3) Lower School.

At the local Collegiate, upper school is fifth form, and the two medals awarded went respectively to Mr. Earl Barrie, and Miss Vera Porteous. Middle school, which comprises forms 4a, 4b, 3a, saw the medals competed for by them go to two members of 4a, namely Miss Jean Elliott and Miss Muriel Bridge. The Lower School Medals went to Miss Laura Gardiner, 2b, and Miss Katharine Hartley 2a.

After the singing of the National Anthem the meeting broke up.

Pancake Social At St. Luke's Church

The annual pancake social was held in St Luke's Sunday School last night. In spite of the unfavourable weather conditions a large number of people attended. Tea was served from 5.30 to 9, after which the lantern was put into use and slides of soldiers of the parish were shown and other pictures. While waiting for the regular program to start some impromptu numbers were given as follows:

Vocal duet—K. Middleton and A. Knott.

Recitation—Clemina Long.

Recitation—Bryon Middleton.

Song—Mr. R. B. Rogers.

Recitation—Beatrice Castle.

Recitation—Catharine Whitehouse.

At 8.30 the regular program started, which was as follows:

Vocal solo—Mrs. R. G. Northcotte.

Reading—Mrs. A. Knott.

Vocal solo—Mr. Carter.

Vocal duet—Miss M. Green and Mr. W. A. Greenslade.

During the evening songs were sung by the pupils of the Sunday School ,accompanied by Miss K. Calcutt.

OBITUARY

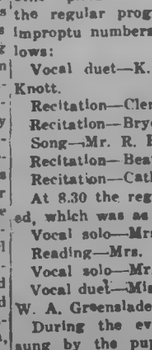
DESIRE BARRETTE

The death occurred last evening of Desire Barrette, Park and Edison streets, aged 63 years.

Mr. Barrette leaves a wife and two daughters, Armin, at home, and Mrs. Bishop, city. He also leaves two sons. Thomas, city, and Frederick, of San Francisco.

The funeral will be held on Friday morning to Sacred Heart Church and St. Peter's cemetery.

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage



The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark plugs for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of car, and in case a plug should go wrong, it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one. It is exceptionally well insulated and its mechanical construction is perfect, so much so that it is warranted to fire under any and all conditions.

NOTICE

The regular monthly meeting of the Peter Robinson Chapter I.O.D.E. will be held in the Public Library, Friday, March 7th, at 7.30 o'clock. Annual fees due.

GEORGE STREET CHOIR

Practice tomorrow (Thursday) at 7.45 p.m. sharp. Every member requested to be present promptly on time. Will the ladies and gentlemen who have kindly consented to assist the choir, meet at 9 o'clock sharp so that a regular night may be arranged for rehearsal of concert members.

BE GENEROUS WITH STOMACH

Give It Nourishing Food and Give It Generous Assistance With Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. For Gas, Heartburn or Distress After Eating.

You may read a library on what to eat and what to avoid. You may follow the rules laid down for dieting and still have indigestion, sour stomach and the heavy, drowsy feeling of over-eating. With most people the stomach simply needs the plain, common-sense help afforded by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Not only do they aid digestion, but you may eat sausage for breakfast, pie for lunch, lobster salad for dinner. No gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no billiousness, no headache, no dark brown taste in the morning. This is the result after learning that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets assist digestion, tone the stomach, bring it back to robust appetite. Eat anything you like. These tablets are sold in every drug store in the United States and Canada, which shows how they are esteemed by those who realize how necessary it is now and then to give the stomach a much needed assistance.

The properties in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, combined with that already in the stomach, act upon food and enable the stomach to contents. Try these tablets and get relief almost at once. You can obtain Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store at 50 cents a box.

WAR PICTURES AT THE GRAND

CLOSING EXHIBITION YESTERDAY EVENING — PIERROT PLAYERS TONIGHT.

Dr. H. D. Girdwood delivered his illustrated address, "The Empire's Fighters," before a good crowd, considering the weather conditions, for the third time in the Grand Opera House last night.

The first pictures shown were of Palestine, very interesting and typical. Next, several maps of India were flashed on the screen, showing the homes of the brave Sikhs, Gurkhas, Jats and other Indian fighters. The audience was then shown pictures of these brave Indian soldiers, both on their way to the front and while in trenches and billets. Although the greater part of the film is taken up with showin gour brave Indian allies, others parts of the Empire are by no means overlooked, one section of the film showing the charge of a famous English regiment. The difficulty of transporting men, guns and munitions across streams was ably depicted. The pictures of two tanks in motion were well worth the price of admission alone, with the pictures of the dirigible Zeppelins, in the minds of many, being their equal.

The concluding reel shows some of the British transports camouflaged and, by permission of the Canadian Government, the Aquitania docking at Halifax with a large number of our returned soldiers, and their disembarking and entraining for their homes.

The famous Pierrot Players will be at the Grand tonight.

MOVIES AT THE GARAGE.

Don't forget the moving pictures and auto exhibit at the Duffus Garage this evening. Boys not accompanied by parent or guardian will not be admitted. Those who have not seen the new building should take this opportunity of looking it over.

CHIMNEY FIRE

The Fire Brigade was called to chimney fire at 226, Murray street. No damage.

MRS. LEACH LOST TWO HUSBANDS

BOTH FELL IN WAR AND SHE IS GRANTED NEW PENSION.

Toronto, March 5.—An unique case and a precedent in the matter of awarding pensions has been unearthed in the case of Mrs. Florence Leach, 391 Shaw street. Mrs. Leach, for the second time, having been granted a pension as the widow of a deceased soldier. The pensions regulations state that immediately upon re-marriage the pension is cut off. This was the case with Mrs. Leach when as the widow of Pte. Harold Goodall, she married for the second time.

In marrying a disabled soldier she again forfeited the right to a second pension in case her husband died. But the Pensions Board decided that as she had shown good faith in forfeiting her first pension to marry a man from whom she could receive no pension in case of his death, she should be made an exception of and awarded a pension for the second time for herself and one child. There is no other case of a similar nature on record in the whole Dominion.

Mrs. Leach's first husband, Pte. Goodall, was a soldier in the famous 3rd Battalion, leaving Canada in October of 1914 and making the supreme sacrifice at St. Julien on April 23, 1915. Her second husband was formerly of the 23rd Battery and was returned to Canada and discharged as totally disabled as a result of having his leg broken by a shell and having contracted tubercular trouble. He died later as a result of his disabilities.

The matter of a second pension was taken up by the local G.W.V.A. last October and a pension of $600 has been secured for Mrs. Leach and her one child.

Veteran Spoke To Life Problem Club

The Junior Life Problem Club of the local Y. M. C. A. held their regular weekly meeting last night at 7:45 o'clock in the dining room of the building. The largest attendance of this year at a meeing of the club was recorded, when about fifty boys sat down to supper. Mr. Wallace Mulligan, the leader of the club, had arranged for a capable speaker for the evening in the person of Mr. Leo Copp, a veteran of the great war. After the transaction of the regular business of the club, Mr. R. Moore, grand chief mogul, called upon Mr Copp for the treat of the evening. Mr. Copp certainly held the attention of his listeners when he spoke on the "History of Canterbury." The address lasted about half an hour, and was voted by one and all as being one of the finest delivered before the club this winter.

AT THE CHILDREN'S SHELTER

A meeting will be held at the Children's Shelter at 2.30 p.m. Thursday, for the purpose of sewing. All ladies are welcome to attend this meeting.

Chile has national forests that cover about 7,000,000 acres of land.

ALL THIS WEEK

1 bag good Potatoes for 1.29
4 pecks good Potatoes $1.00
10 lbs. G Sugar (with $2 order) $1.00
10 lbs. 15c Rice (real cheap) for $1.00
10 lbs. Rolled Oats (fresh) for ..64c
10 lbs. Corn Meal (new good)...69c
10 lbs. Cream of Wheat (nice)..69c
5 lbs. Prunes worth $1.00 for 69c
5 lbs. Raisins (seeds in) 55c
5 lbs. 65c Tea, black or green at.44c
5 lbs. 70c Tea, black or green, at.54c
5 lbs. Pure Shortening for $1.47
5 Gold, Sun or Surprise Soap for.38c
5 bars Victoria Toilet Soap 25c
5 rolls Toilet Paper for 29c
10c can Bath Brick for 6c
5 doz. box Clothes Pins for 9c
10c Borax for 6c; 10c Spice for..6c
7c Cow Brand Soda 6c; 5c for 4c
Kovah Custard 15c for 11c
25c Salmon 19c
15c can Soup 10c
Sweet Seedless Oranges, doz. 39c, 49c
60c Creamery Butter for 55c
50 Margarine for 35c
$1.00 pails Jam 89c; 50c pails ..39c
4 lbs. White Beans for 25c
5 lbs. Bee-hive Syrup for 49c
25c Home-made Mince Meat, lb...19c
Bring your dish for Syrup and M. Meat
15c cans Beets, cooked and pealed 5c
25c tins Cherry Molasses 19c
20c cans Tomatoes, 3 for 50c
Chase & Sanbourns Coffee (ground or whole) 47c lb.. 3 lbs. for ..$1.33
Girls' Dress Prints Ginghams $1.15
Overall Aprons, nice print 89c
45c Dress Crepes, 4 yds for $1.00
Wall Paper 13c for, roll 9c
Border for same only, yd. 2c
Clarks' Cro Cotton, 3 for 25c
25 good sewing needles for 9c
100 Hair Pins for 9c
Dry Goods Bargains in Bushels
Leave Your Order at 187 Charlotte or Take Car to Our Park St. Store

R. C. BRAUND

Phone 348

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT — 8.15 — TO-NIGHT

The Musical Comedy Event of the Season
From the Brilliant English Musical Comedy
THE FAMOUS ENGLISH

Pierrot Players

In an Original Review of the Brightest Scenes
PRICES: Evening $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

THURSDAY and FRIDAY MATINEE DAILY 2.30 EVENING 7.30

Select Pictures Present

~~ALICE BRADY in "The Death Dance"~~

BIG COMEDY PICTURE **HUBBY'S HOLIDAY**

Special Vaudeville Act **ZITA & CO.** Electric Posing Novelty

MATINEE 10c. EVENING 15c.

ONE DAY SATURDAY MATINEE 2.30 EVENING 8.15

Augustus Pitou Presents
THE GREAT IRISH TENOR
FISKE O'HARA
In the New Romantic Farce
"MARRY IN HASTE"
HEAR O'HARA SING ALL NEW SONGS
PRICES Matinee 75c-50c-25c Evening $1.00-75c-50c
SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY

See Fordson Farm Tractor at Work

Th Duffus Garage is arranging to give a demonstration of the Fordson Farm Tractor grinding grain on the market square, Peterborough, Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock. Farmers and others are requested to see this demonstration, and also to visit the new Duffus Fireproof Garage.

Germany is threatened with an avalanche of anarchy.

Official plans have been made for airmen to fly over the entire continent of Africa.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
RubberSponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
~~Regular 50c for 29c~~

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

WE BUY
VICTORY - BONDS -
AND SELL ALL ISSUES GOVERNMENT BONDS

Loew's Theatre
Preferred 7% with 25% Bonus Common
Quebec Hydro
5% BONDS TO YIELD 8%
Province Ontario
4% BONDS TO YIELD 5¼%
Riordon Pulp and Paper
6% GOLD BONDS TO YIELD 6.40%

Hughson Johnstone
Peterborough Security Co.
Suite 202-203 Barrie Building

Magistrate Livingston in Brantford remanded a criminal for sentence later, not trusting himself to pass judgment after hearing the sordid details of the case.

The Allied nations adopt progressive labor principles.

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening. Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. H. W. STOCK announces to his customers that the baking business heretofore carried on as WM. STOCK & SONS, has been incorporated into a Joint Stock Company and Mr. Stock will be President of the Company, Mr. James Dutton will continue his position as Superintendent and Mr. Percy Stock who has been three years overseas, part of the time in the Royal Air Service, and who was wounded and discharged, will act as Assistant General Manager.

On account of the bread business of William Stock and Sons having increased to such large proportions it was found necessary to incorporate it into a Company, which will carry on the business with the same standard of service as given up to the present time. It is not the intention of the Company to carry on any other business except bread making, but to give every attention to increasing its output and the development of the business which has already had a most striking growth.

This Company is a purely Peterborough Company and Wm. Stock & Sons, have been known for the last quarter of a century as being at the front with up-to-date methods, sanitary appliances and large and well ventilated bakeries in which the Company will continue to carry on bread manufacturing.

COLLECTOR - WANTED -

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until

SATURDAY, MARCH THE 8TH

for the position of Tax Collector for the Township of Smith for the year 1919. Applicants to furnish bonds for $12,000 and to state salary required.

J. W. KELLY, Clerk.
Bridgenorth, Ont.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fine and moderately cold today. Friday, easterly winds, becoming milder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 55 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

BOTH FARMER MEMBERS REFUSE TO CAST VOTES

Bowman and Widdifield Do Not Record Stand on Address—Discussion Carried by Government Majority of 33.

Toronto, March 6 — The debate upon the Speech from the Throne wound up rather tamely yesterday afternoon with a division upon an amendment submitted at the "eleventh hour" by Hartley Dewart, K.C., calling for a return to the old election law of the province, the abandonment of the system of enumeration and the eight weeks' interval between nominations and elections. In none of the addresses that preceded that of the SouthWest Toronto member was there any complaint from the Liberals about the Election Act, but when it came to a vote they were all lined up in support of the amendment. The division—the first of the session, showed a majority of 33 for the Government, 58 yeas and 25 nays, with Allan Studholme, the labor member voting with the Opposition. Interest in the vote centred in the attitude of the two United Farmer representatives, Beniah Bowman, of Manitoulin, and J. W. Widdifield, of North Ontario. They were generally expected to vote with the Liberals. But they upset all calculations by sitting tight in their seats, voting neither one way nor the other—and incidentally smashing to smithereens a well-established rule that members in the House during a vote must declare their position. There are precedents for abstention from voting but always there were exceptional circumstances, such as those surrounding the voting in the House at the time Mr. Proudfoot, the present Liberal leader, made his famous charges against Hon. W. J. Hanna. At that time by arangement neither Mr. Proudfoot nor Sir James Whitney voted.

When questioned later the two U.F.O. members were a little diffident about explaining their refusal to vote, but from their remarks it was evident that if they had voted it would not have been with the Opposition, though Liberal members seemed to be taking it for granted that the two Farmers would have been with them but for their disinclination to be lined up with either party so early in the session.

No Chance To Get Lakefield Dam

(Special Correspondence.)

Toronto, March 6.—No decision has been reached or is one likely in the near future by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission regarding the application from Lakefield and Peterboro interest, arguing the Commission to take over Lakefield dam for power purposes. Secretary Pope today stated that the Commission has been besieged with requests from various interests and municipalities regarding the taking over of water utilities and explained that the Board is developing as fast as possible and must accept these undertakings only when they can be handled.

BIGGEST BUDGET YET SUBMITTED

PROVINCIAL TREASURER McGARRY WILL BRING DOWN FIGURES THIS AFTERNOON.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 6.—Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, will this afternoon present to the Legislature, his budget for the fiscal year. This is expected to be the largest in the history of the Province, owing to the fact that many large public works postponed during the war are included. It is said that some nine millions are provided for Hydro improvements and five millions for highways, also large amounts for public institutions. It is officially stated that the amusement tax will not be lifted at present.

Shell Fighting For Police Headquarters

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 6.—Considerable artillery fighting has taken place in the vicinity of police headquarters, which is held by government forces, since darkness last night.

Eighty men rejected for service in the Siberian expeditionary force arrived in Toronto from Victoria, B.C.

TRADES COUNCIL DECIDES TO INCREASE THE YEARLY DUES

Raises the Scale For Each Union From $6 to $8 a Year but System of Representation Remains Unchanged.

There will be no change in the representation to the Trades Council. That much was decided upon last night when the move to increase the number of delegates, giving each union representation according to the number of its members, the tax to be increased in the same proportion, was voted down. On motion of Delegate Hartley of the Bricklayers' Union, the yearly dues of each union were increased from $6 to $8 a year, and this will materially add to the annual revnue of the Council. Each affiliated union will be allowed to send five delegates as heretofore, regardless of the number of names it has on its own roll.

A request was received from the Trades Council in Brantford asking the local body to co-operate in a memorial to the Legislature asking for the removal of property qualifications for municipal office was concurred in. The city council here will be asked to use its influence to the same end.

The Price of Bread.

The question of the price of bread gave rise to an animated discussion. Some of the delegates were unable to see how it is possible for the local bakers to send bread to Campbellford and other points and sell it for less than they obtain from the Peterborough consumers. The aldermen will be asked to appoint a fair price board, as authorized by the recent order-in-council, to look into this and other questions affecting the people.

The Council also adopted and will forward to Ottawa a protest against the proposed increase of the sessional indemnity to $2500, or $1000 more than the present allowance.

The local bakers have always claimed that they are responsible for the price charged for the bread they ship to neighboring towns. Very often the dealers in those places begin a war and undersell each other. Anyway, the manufacturers claim it is cheaper to send bread to these places in bulk. The cost of house-to-house delivery, they save by so doing is more than the charge of the railways for carrying the bread.

FIELD MARSHAL HINDENBURG WARNS HUNS TO RALLY TO DEFENCE OF THEIR HOMES

Country is Threatened by Bolshevist Forces on Eastern Frontier—Strike in Berlin Likely to Collapse Owing to the Lack of Co-Operation Among Different Factions.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 6—The military situation on the Eastern front is painted in blackest colors by Field Marshal Von Hindenburg in an interview printed here. The Feld Marshal declares that unless the population generally rallies to the defence of their homes and families it will be impossible to ward off the attacks of the Bolshevik forces. The expectations of the Poles and the entente that the Poles will succeed to the German inheritance in the east will be blasted, he says.

I know the poles and the country in the east will belong either to us or to Bolsheviki," he adds.

Strike Reaches Climax

Newspapers here appear to be of the opinion that strike movement has reached a climax and that there are indications that the political issues involved will find an early adjustment through negotiations going on at Weimar.

The Independent Socialists seem to be backing away from the movement now and to be endeavoring to unload the responsibility for the outbreak on to the Spartacans, who are accused of having precipitated the strike before the organization plans had been perfected. The slogan "down with Scheidemann and Ebert," is no longer given prominence in the agitation.

At the preliminary session greater Berlin Socialists have rejected a Spartacus resolution aimed at the Majority Socialists and Government, and declared, instead that the strike has been aimed at the Government only because the demands made by the working men have not been met satisfactorily. The Vorwaerts, Socialist organ, states that it believes an understanding will be reached in the course of the day.

JAMES C. SHOOK DIED AT HIS HOME THIS MORNING

Had a Successful Career as Manager For the Dickson Company—One of the Leading Lumbermen of His Day.

The city of Peterborough lost one of its foremost citizens this morning in the death of James C. Shook, secretary and managing director of the Dickson Company, Limited.

For the past five months Mr. Shook had been in ill health and this morning at 5 o'clock he passed away in the sixty-sixth year of his life.

He had been identified with the business activities of Peterborough ever since he came here as manager of the Dickson Company in 1901. He understood the lumber industry in all its branches, having been connected with it from his youth upward, and as the efficient head of the corporation in this city was in great measure responsible for the success which attended its operations and which advanced it to the position of one of the premier lumbering firms in Central Ontario.

The late James C. Shook was born in Toronto township near the city of the same name, in the county of Peel. From the first he was interested in lumbering, being connected with it in Ontario for some years before going west to British Columbia, where the industry then being opened up flourishes to a degree that is attained in few places in the world. Here he added to his experience, and when, in 1901, he came east and assumed the position of secretary and managing director of the Dickson Lumber Company, it is safe to state that there was not a man in the Province of Ontario possessing a more intimate knowledge of the business in all its phases.

During his tenure of office the firm has had a period of unqualified success which was in a great measure due to the executive ability of its manager.

Mr. Shook took no active part in public life, though interested in church work and a member of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church as well as being president of the Y.M.C.A. in this city for many years. He was a member of Royal Arthur Chapter, A. F. & A. M.

He was married to Katharine Hagerman who, together with three sons, survives. The sons are: Driver S. Archie, in France with the 18th Battery; Kenneth H., in Vancouver, and J. Donald, of Toronto. Mr. David Shook, of Tings, Ontario, is a brother. Mrs. E. Snider, Mrs. Pollard, Mrs. W. J. Hendry and Miss D. Shook of Toronto are sisters of deceased.

The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon to St. Paul's Church thence to Little Lake Cemetery. Rev. Robt. Pogue will conduct the services.

UNION IS LIKELY WITH AUSTRIANS

ARRANGEMENTS TO DRAW UP TREATY FOR SUBMISSION TO ASSEMBLIES.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, March 6.—German newspapers received here contain a semi-official communication concerning negotiated between Dr. Otto Bauer, Foreign Minister of German-Austria and the German Government for a union between German-Austria and Germany. The union, says the communicant, will be promulgated as soon as questions of detail now being discussed by various commissions set up for that purpose are settled and a treaty, it is believed, which will be submitted to two national assemblies. After ratification by the assemblies imperial laws will be arranged for the union of Austria to the Empire. In the preparation of these Austrian representatives will be asked to collaborate.

TO DECIDE ISSUE AT THE CAUCUSES

FEDERAL PROHIBITION CONTINUES TO BE LIVE QUESTION IN HOUSE.

Ottawa, March 6.—The discussion of the outlook for Federal prohibition legislation was stimulated by the announcement of the policy of the Quebec Government. The Dominion Government has laid down its general policy on the subject through the announcement in the speech from the Throne that validation would be sought of orders-in-Council "prohibiting the importation and manufacture of intoxicating beverages and the transportation thereof into any community where their sale is contrary to law."

It has been considered likely that the Federal Government would provide for a referendum on the question and make provision for the manufacture in a province of beverages of such alcohol strength legally saleable therein. It is stated that details of the legislation to be presented to Parliament have not yet been settled and will, to a considerable extent, depend upon the views put forward at Government caucuses to be held between now and the introduction of the bill.

NEW PROBLEMS FOR CUSTOMS MEN

ARE AIRPLANES FLYING INTO COUNTRY SUBJECT TO TARIFF TAX?

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 6.—Customs authorities have encountered the first case of an airplane imported into the United States under its own motive power. An American bought a Canadian plane and it was flown across the border near Detroit. The question then arose as to whether it was dutiable, particularly since airplanes are not mentioned in the tariff acts. Customs officials finally decided that if it remains permanently in the United States it should be taxed as a manufactured article at the rate of twenty per cent. and if it flies out of the country again within six months it will be regarded as on tour and will not be taxed. In view of the prospects that international air touring may soon be common the ruling was regarded as important.

Both Sides Lost Heavily in Fight

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 6.—Both Spartacans and Government fences lost a large number of killed in the fighting Wednesday before police headquarters in the Alexander Platz, according to a Berlin despatch. Fighting finally ended by negotiating.

CURRIE WRITES ON CAPTURE OF MONS

SPECIAL PRIVILEGE TO TAKE THAT CITY BEFORE HOSTILITIES CEASED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Victoria, B.C. March 6th.—In view of Sir Sam Hughes' criticism in the Commons alleging "needless slaughter of Canadians in the capture of Mons on the day the armistice was signed, a private letter received here yesterday from Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, is an interesting coincidence. He said "we regard it as a special privilege that we were able to drive the Boche from the historic city of Mons before we knew the armistice was going into effect. I received the news of the taking of Mons before I received a wire from general headquarters telling me hostilities would cease at 11 o'clock."

Gen. Currie mentioned that most of the third division was in England February 11th routed for home and the first, second and fourth divisions would follow in the order named all Canadians to be back in Canada by the end of June.

Millions of Money Looted in Berlin

London, March 6.—Robberies amounting to many millions' worth of property in Berlin have been carried out in the last two days, according to a Reuter despatch from that city. Jewelers' stores were looted, and also drapers' establishments where goods were taken valued at hundreds of thousands of marks. In the northeast of the town, dairy, produce and meat shops have been plundered.

BOOTLEGGER RUNS RIOT ON STREETS OF TORONTO

Assaults Policeman and Escapes Then Shoots Man Who Tried to Stop His Flight.

(Special Correspondence.)

Toronto, March 6.—Police Constable Holmes has a badly battered face, William Meade, a street cleaner, is in the hospital with a bullet wound in his arm and Basil Belinski (Russian), an alleged "bootlegger" from Montreal, is under arrest on three charges, following an hour or so of wild west excitement on down town Toronto streets this morning. The policemen suspected Belinski when he got off the train at the Union station and was escorting him to the police station when the prisoner smashed him in the face and made a break for liberty. Meade, who was working on the roadway, tried to trip Belinski with his shovel, and the fugitive shot him through the arm. Holmes finally captured and handcuffed. Belinski, who was found to have several gallons of liquor on him in a life preserver, shaped arrangement around his chest.

Retail Dealers Protest Stamp Act

The Retail Merchants' Association has adopted the following resolution, a copy of which has been sent to Capt. J. H. Burnham, M.P.:

"Resolved, that we, the members of the Retail Merchants' Association of Peterborough request the Dominion Government to abrogate the Stamp Act as far as it affects dealers in patent medicines, proprietary medicines and toilet preparations. Owing to the number of technical features in the Act, it is impossible for the dealers to tell what articles should be stamped. On this account many unwillfully render themselves liable to a fine for violation of an Act subject to such varied interpretations. Furthermore, as the war is over, the public are protesting against the payment of the tax and it leads to unnecessary disputes and misunderstandings between dealer and customer.

"We also condemn the method of the Government in carrying out the Act in seeking convictions by employing detectives who are offered a premium to hound a body of retail merchants whose veracity and honor we believe to be much superior to the instrument used to obtain convictions."

The association approved of the policy of the Board of Trade, with which it is affiliated. The members went on record as favoring a grant by the City Council to the Fair Board. It was also decided to help in the thrift movement, and these stamps will be handled by the dealers in their business.

SIX HOURS A DAY WITHOUT STOPS

HENRY FORD PROPOSES NEW PLAN FOR BENEFIT OF EMPLOYES.

Detroit, March 6.—Henry Ford's latest utopian idea for improving conditions of his employes is a six-hour working day without any stopping for meals. The plan as outlined provides for a man to have his breakfast and then go to work, remaining on the job for six straight hours, and coming home ready for dinner at, say 1 p.m., with the knowledge that his day's labor is over.

The plan is said to be another of the multi-millionaire auto magnate's for prolonging the life of his employes, he believing he can get as much work out of them on a basis of a straight six hour shift as on an eight hour working day, and at the same time the employes would have more opportunity to enjoy home life. If the new plan is put into effect workmen getting $6 a day would be paid $1 an hour.

No statement of any kind is forthcoming from either Mr. Ford or his aids, the story being credited to employes who have been cautioned not to talk about the plan until it can be tried out.

BRITISH OBJECT TO ITALY'S POLICY

IN MAINTAINING FOOD BLOCKADE AGAINST NEW DEMOCRATIC STATES

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 6.—British and French delegates here have been bitterly outspoken in the Supreme war council and the supreme economic council in criticism of the food blockade which the Italian Government is maintaining against Dalmatia, Bosnia, Herzegovina, Croatia and Slovenia, the new democracies built out of the old Austrian empire are relied upon by the entente as a protection against the Bolshevik wave, and the food shortage in them is increasing the chaos, while Italo-Slav crossing the chaos. While American delegates are less outspoken that British and French regarding the Italian action, they are concerned over the situation which is stopping all American relief work.

LABOR PARTY NOMINEE.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 6. — Chas. F. Swayze, a prominent Labor leader of this city, has been nominated as candidate for the Independent Labor party for this riding at the coming election for the Legislature.

NO INDEMNITY THAT GERMANY CAN PAY WILL BE SUFFICIENT

Bonar Law Says the Allies Can Never Hope to Receive Back Money Spent in War —Urgent to Get Peace Quickly.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 6.—Replying to the debate in the House of Commons on foreign affairs, Bonar Law, Government Leader, said that few peoples now had any illusions with regard to Bolshevism. The Allies agreed that something must be done for Russia, but none would recommend despatching necessary forces to quell the anarchy there. The Government realized that country expected to get the best possible indemnities from Germany. He emphasized the point that it was Great Britain's business to get every penny it could, but it was useless to hold out the hope that the indemnities would wipe out the countries' immense war debt. He agreed that it was urgent to get peace quickly because there was real danger of Germany sinking into Bolshevism. Moreover there was the greatest necessity to get their own trade and industry restarted. Therefore, the sooner the blockade was ended with the knowledge that they could depend upon no other weapon, the better it would be for Britain and the world.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, MARCH 6th, 1919

A DOCTOR OF THE OLD SCHOOL.

FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS the late Dr. McGrath practised his profession in this city, and in all that time it is safe to say that he never made an enemy. There will be genuine grief at his passing. The poor and the suffering have lost a true, unselfish friend. With the late Dr. McGrath, Christian charity was a strong virtue and human sympathy was a religion. He worked and lived to relieve distress rather than to make money, and the commercial side of his profession possessed no interest for him. He was a doctor of the old school, the members of which, unfortunately for the human race, are slowly passing from earth.

THOSE SESSIONAL INDEMNITIES.

THE LOCAL Trades and Labor Council has gone on record as opposed to increasing the yearly indemnity of members of Parliament from $2500 to $3500 or by any lesser amount. Is Labor in taking this attitude true to its avowed principle that the laborer is worthy of his hire, and is it consistent with its policy of adequate compensation for service rendered?

The payment of public officials was originally brought about by the working classes in order to give themselves a chance to occupy these very positions. If members of Parliament were not paid or were allowed only a nominal compensation, none but the wealthy would be able to serve, and the result would be a plutocratic representation, as was the case in England for so many years. If aldermen were paid for their services, more workingmen could afford to act in that capacity.

If it is true, as some assert, that there are members of Parliament not worth the salary now paid them, that would be equally true if the compensation was less than what it is. Some men in any public position are worth considerably less than nothing. But the remedy for such cases is easy. Such men can be replaced by others.

Labor is aspiring to send men from its own ranks to Parliament, and Labor should not be opposed to granting them compensation sufficient to involve such representatives in no financial sacrifice.

PROHIBITION AND POLITICS.

THE TEMPERANCE question in its local application has often suffered at the hands of its professed friends, men who have been unable to separate it as a sheep from the goats that browse in the political field. The question as it is raised now wears the same earmarks. Prohibition is being used not as a means of promoting general social and moral improvement, but as a plan of bringing embarrassment to the party in power.

It has ever been thus. It was the same in the fall of 1912, when the question of submitting the local option issue was up before the temperance executive in Peterborough. The rank and file believed that the time was opportune for a vote. Members of the executive thought otherwise, and their every step to stay the movement were a political tinge.

The situation was peculiar. There was a provincial general election in the offing, and the temperance question was to be the issue. The hope, sole and final, of the "drys" was centred in N. W. Rowell, who at the legislative session of the previous winter had announced his "abolish-the-bar-but-leave-the-shops-open policy" — a sorry compromise if ever one had been foisted upon a long-suffering public.

If local option had been carried in Peterborough in 1912 the temperance question would have lost all direct interest for the people. They would have had all and more than all that the Rowell policy, if given effect, would have brought them. The issue would not have figured in the provincial election. The one hope of the Opposition to score success in this riding was through the open bars, just as soup kitchens and other evils are made the avenues to place and power on other occasions, and in wider fields.

Some of the members of the local executive of the temperance party, men whose political affiliations were no secret, and whose fidelity to party through good and bad report had never been challenged, developed cold feet. Several meetings were called, but the sentiment was against a vote. The argument used was that the time was not auspicious. Defeat would simply set back the cause, and all the progress made by years of effort would be lost.

One member of the executive who urged an election was Rev. James Rollins, and finally he prevailed. But the executive went half-heartedly into the fray. Among the members were many seasoned politicians, men who were skilled in every campaign artifice, and yet the organization was imperfect. Little effort was made to get out the women voters, whose support on such occasions was always counted upon by the temperance forces.

Lacking a two-thirds majority local option was defeated. Two years later the provincial election was held and there was no question as to the enthusiasm with which the former lukewarm members of the executive, decked out in their true political regalia, entered the fray. They espoused the Rowell compromise, even though they had their doubts before as to the efficacy of the full measure of prohibition, bars and shops closed alike, for which they now clamor.

It is unfortunate for the cause of temperance that so many active workers are prohibitionists first and temperance advocates incidentally. As much was apparent in every bye-election held in Ontario since the Temperance Act went into effect. As much was apparent, too, in Peterborough when the agitation for Federal interference in the temperance prerogatives of the Ontario Legislature was taken up here with unconstitutional enthusiasm. The men most active in that agitation were all practically tagged with the same mark, branded with the same iron.

And now local history seems to be repeating itself. So-called temperance workers are apparently intent not so much upon fighting the forces of evil as getting political opponents into a tight place. Otherwise there would be less personal animus pervading the discussions.

SIR SAM HUGHES ON THE WAR.

SOMETHING SENSATIONAL was expected of Sir Sam Hughes in his address in Parliament on the management of the war, but no one dreamed that he would go to the extreme to which he did when he declared that the lives of Canadian soldiers were needlessly sacrificed to make glory for the generals who directed their movements on the field. It is too much to expect of Sir Sam that he would approve of the management of which he had himself been relieved.

Canadian soldiers beyond all question sacrificed their own lives when they might have saved them. Sir Sam, however, view that operation from a distance. His ideas on the method of attack are open to debate. His terrible charges against the officers in the war sound too much like campaign claptrap to be received with anything like seriousness. If he were less personally interested in the issues he raises more importance would be attached to what he says.

FARCE AND TRAGEDY.

(Toronto Telegram.)

A HIERARCHY of political favorites appointed by the working of the spoils sytem was clothed with power to abolish the spoils system.

Civil service reform merely transferred the patronage of the party's friends to the Cabinet Ministers and their friends, and their wives' friends, to the Deputy Ministers and their wives' friends, and their friends and relatives to the third and fourth generation.

The speech of H. C. Hocken, M.P., exposed the alleged shams, fraud and favoritism in the working of civil service reform. The absurdity of the whole instrumentality is illustrated in the choice of the following specialists to aid in the search for the man best qualified to serve as Inspector of Penitentiaries:

Dr. C. K. Clarke, of Toronto.
Dr. Page, of Quebec.
F. H. Chrysler, K.C., of Ottawa.
C. A. Magrath, of Ottawa.
Surg.-Gen. J. T. Fotheringham.

The Civil Service Commission is absolutely condemned by its own choice of authorities invited to help select an Inspector of Penitentiaries. Mr. Hocken's speech is an attempt to lock the stable door after the horse is stolen. The time for H. C. Hocken, M.P., to speak out was last session, when Col. John A. Currie, M.P., stood up almost alone in his attempt to prevent the exodus of the equine from the stable of justice to the soldiers and fair play to everybody in the distribution of appointments to public office.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

IF A LEAGUE OF NATIONS then why not a league of churches?

• • • • •

BY THE ADDITION of a single letter "Machin" becomes "machine."

• • • • •

ONE WAY to acquire political fame and prestige is to bolt the party.

• • • • •

MAY PRESIDENT WILSON find in the Conference the peace that was denied him at home.

• • • • •

MR. R. R. HALL, too, on a memorable occasion, made an attack upon Gen. Sir Arthur Currie.

• • • • •

COL. MACHIN and Gen. Sir Sam Hughes may now be regarded as bosom enemies of the Conservative party.

• • • • •

THE ONTARIO SECTION of the Liberal party does not require a new leader half so badly as it stands in need of a few additional followers.

• • • • •

AN EXCHANGE hopes that he word "camouflage" will soon be scrapped. What term can be found in its place that will so aptly describe the temperance politician?

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Bright Easter Hopes.

(Kingston Whig.)

If the decline in eggs keeps up there is every prospect of every family having an egg to celebrate Eastertide.

The Green-Eyed Monster.

(Galt Reporter.)

"Is Hamilton Growing in Wealth?" asks one of the city dailies. Answered in the affirmative. But is she growing in grace?

The Only Autocracy.

(Ottawa Journal.)

President Wilson returns home to find that there has been no revolution in the United States to secure a democratic form of government.

Look at His Whiskers.

(Toronto Star.)

And surely Hartley Dewart, M.P.P., should be the last one to object to ornate personal decoration by either sex. Look at the highly ornamental whiskers with which he constantly bedecks himself.

Where They Are Well Known.

(London Free Press.)

A certain section of the German press has the following titles for Germany's imperial democratic Big Four: Ebert the fat! Schiedemann the creeping coward! Noske the stupid, obstinate bull! Landerberg the sly serpent! ..... What about those who have fallen in the struggle against the revolution? They died the hero's death for Ebert and Schiedemann. What a cause to die for! Ye happy band of Boches!

A SOLDIER WHO SAVED MONEY

(By F. H. Dobbin)

It is a cheerful thing in these times of unemployment and general claims that the cost of living and general living expense for the last two years has been so high that people cannot make ends meet to find that one comes across a case that stands out as an evidence of what economy and decent application can accomplish.

Talking with a plumber, he told the story. It seemed to him as worthy of attention. And as standing out against the general mass of complaint and with a situation that has come and which so many are unable to meet. He said that the other night a returned soldier walked into his shop, and after greetings, asked what it would cost to put plumbing into small house. A plain bath, basin and closet. No frills. Something durable and capable.

The plumber made some figures. All plumbers make figures, whether they make use of them or not. People generally think that the plumber guesses high enough. Anyway the figures come out away up in the costly region of taking a big slice off the estimates. He quoted a price for the work and fixtures.

The soldier considered and said that the price seemed not unreasonably. That the plumber could go ahead and put the fixtures in, and gave the street and number of the house. Now the plumber happened to know of the house, and asked if the soldier was going to put plumbing into a house for which he would be the tenant, and was told that the soldier was the owner, he and his wife having bought the house the day before.

And the soldier added the interesting particulars, and it would seem that there will be few able to duplicate the narrative, that from the amount saved by his wife from her allowances of pay, separation allowance and patriotic fund, and with what he had saved from his share of the pay while abroad, they were able to get together with a little money he had before he went away, $1400.00 and settle the house matter on the spot. The owner having other uses for money let the house go at a substantial reduction for cash.

And the soldier further added, which showed a decent sense of financing, that from his War Gratuity he hoped to save enough to straighten up the plumber's bill, build a shed, put down a cement walk and generally fix things up about the house. He had a job to go to the next week and would from his earnings keep the family going in fair shape. In the family were a wife and three children. And the soldier admitted, what might have turned out to be true, that if he had not gone to the war, and made a situation that did come up, had he stayed at home he and wife might never have lived up to the income and would not have been able to secure the house. Which brings up the reflection, and a true state of affairs, that the work of the war has developed that there are two outstanding classes, so far as home economics go, among the men who went. One class where the husband was careless and possibly selfish; so far as personal expenditures were concerned. He personally used for himself more than he should of the family income. The wife never had a chance to show what she could do. Left to herself, in the absence of the husband, and relieved of the expense of his maintenance from the general family income, she hustled to and saved.

Then the other situation. The husband was the balance wheel of the family machine, steadying the expenditure, holding down a disposition to buy not wisely and well. Retaining a desire and willingness to run into debt. Living within the family income as best they might. With his discriminating influence removed the wife became careless in money matters. Possibly, as has been the case in many instances, gave way to that feminine fondness and longing for nice things and to buy not matters of utility but expedients. Having a steady income, all in real money it seemed that things would go on in the same way forever. And then when the husband came home, if it pleased the fortunes of war to so permit, that he would earn quite as much as had been at the disposal of the wife and mother in the interval of his absence. Let us hope that it may be so, that work will come in a plenty and that for his danger and part in the war service he may be ensured work and a living in future.

WIT AND WISDOM

Just So!

"What is marriage?"
"Love parsonified."

New Disease.

Arkansas paper—Bay rum seems to be the favorite beverage now, with a green colored hair tonic running a close second. Several of our Beau Brummels seem to have a severe case of dandruff of the liver.

Pessimistic Superstition.

"Is your wife superstitious?"
"Very, but in a one-sided manner only."
"I don't get you?"
"The signs she believes in are all bad ones. There seems to be no good luck whatever in her superstition."

Was That the Reason?

"Some people believe that thirteen at table is unlucky."
"Wonder if that's why the maker of the multiplication table stopped at twelve."

Reversed.

"The world owes every man a living."
"I know, but on the other hand—"
"What?"
"Every man also owes it to the world to prove that he's entitled to a living."

It Was New to Him.

The car was crowded to the front entry. The motorman opened the door of the vestibule, put the stool provided for himself in the doorway, and invited an elderly woman to sit down.

When the car reached the woman's corner, she turned to the motorman and said pleasantly:

"I thank you for your courtesy."

The motorman gazed after her rather blankly.

"Well, that sure is the first time I ever heard a stool called by that name," he said, as he turned the crank.

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The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in all Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Free pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. Formerly Windsor, Ont.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

I was laying in bed this morning thinking about getting up and wishing I could jest keep on laying there and find myself all dressed of a suddin and wondering wy nobody dident invent a invention so you could close your window without getting up in your pidjammers, and jest then I herd ma out in the hall and I called out, Ma, will you plesse come in and close my window?

O yes indeed, and Ill hire a valley to dress you and serve your brekfist to you in bed, O yes indeed, sed ma. Meening she wouldent, and pritty soon pop banged on the door, saying, Benny, are you up?

Neerly, I was wondering if sumbody would come in and close my window, I sed.

Well you mite as well stop wondering, ware do you think you are, in the golden age of Rome? sed pop. Meening nobody would. And after a wile I herd my sister Gladdis starting to go down stairs and I called out, Gladdis, would you mind coming in and closing my window?

I sertenly would, you lazy good for nuthing, aren't you ashamed of yourself? sed Gladdis.

No, are you? I sed.

Well you awt to be, sed Gladdis.

So awt you, I sed.

And Gladdis kepp on going down stairs without saying anything eits. Proving I had beet her in the argewment, and I thawt, O well, wat do I care? Jest for that Ill get up and close it myself.

Wich I did.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the coal situation is so much improved this year that she hears very little talk about the importance of a coalition cabinet.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Idle wishes are apt to enfeeble the mind.

The faster a man's gait the sooner misfortune overtakes him.

People who have nothing to do but visit are the worst kind of bores.

It's an easy matter to fool any one—with the exception of yourself.

PREPARING FOR FARMERS' BANQUET

JOHN MAHARG, M. P. OF SASKATCHEWAN, HAS BEEN INVITED TO SPEAK.

The members of the Peterborough Farmers' Club have sent an invitation to Mr. John Maharg, M.P., from Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, to address their first annual banquet on March 27th. Mr. Maharg is a former president of the Canadian Council of Agriculture and is at present president of both the Saskatchewan Grain Growers Association and the Saskatchewan Co-Operative Elevator Company, two honors which he has held for a number of years. The Association has about 30,000 members and is the most powerful public organization in the province. The elevator company owns 314 local elevators as well as a big terminal elevator at Port Arthur, worth over $2,000,000. This company has made profits of as high as $675,000 a year.

In the event of Mr. Maharg being unable to accept the invitation it is probable that an invitation will be sent to Mr. R. C. Henders, M.P., of Cultross, Manitoba who has been president form any years of the Manitoba Grain Growers Association, and who was one of the pioneers in the farmer's movement in Western Canada. Mr. Henders came originally from Durham County, where a number of his relatives still live. Either of these men if secured should be a great drawing card for the banquet.

Change Location Of Open Air Rinks

At the meeting of the Board of Works last night Engineer Parsons made some interesting observations in connection with the open-air skating rinks of the city.

It is generally conceded that these have not been laid out with any consideration of convenience insofar as obtaining water is concerned. They are as far distant from the hydrants as it would be possible to put them, and it was with a view to remedying this condition that the engineer discussed the matter with the members last night.

He thought that it would be an easy matter to select favorable locations on city property in the summer time, level these up if necessary, and have them close to a hydrant, so that when the winter came they could be flooded with a minimum of trouble. In the summer it might be possible to use them for tennis courts.

Queen Marie of Roumania, accompanied by her daughters, has arrived in Paris.

The Jamaica Budget shows a deficit of $700,000. New taxation is to be imposed.

Bolshevik forces on the Vaga, in Archangel district, have again been repulsed by Allied troops.

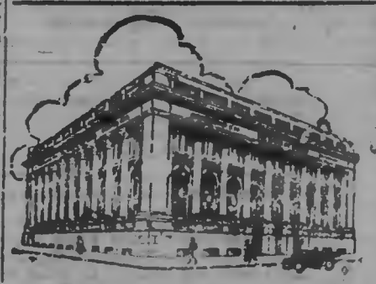
King Peter of Serbia will soon retire in favor of Prince Alexander, according to advices from Belgrade.

You May Not Feel It

Eyestrain often causes no pain in the eye itself but if your glasses are crooked the chances are that you are suffering from eyestrain that may have serious consequences.

Better take a good look at your glasses and if they are crooked come in and let us straighten them.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro



FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY
CARLYLE BLACKWELL and EVLEYN GREELEY in
"THE GOLDEN WALL"
A real love story adopted from a French Romance in 5 parts
KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in "THE EAGLE'S EYE"
Chap. 12—"The Welland Canal Conspiracy," 2 parts
"HIS STRENGTH OF MIND"—Comedy
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,
TO-DAY—AN EXTRA FINE PROGRAM
HARRY CAREY in "THE SCARLET DROP."
This Thrilling Feature will keep you on the edge of your Seat
15th Episode of the "BRASS BULLET" entitled
"IN THE SHADOWS"
Comedy Feature—WM. FRANCY in "The Tent Mover,"
An Eastern Phantasy
Afternoon—10c War Tax 1c extra Evening—15c

14 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

LAST CHANCE TO-NIGHT—SEE CHARLIE CHAPLIN

High-class Feature Drama presenting ALICE JOYCE in

"The Lion and the Mouse" Two parts

EPISODE No. 10

"THE IRON TEST" Two parts

Aides of the Nation First Episode

"The Boy Scouts to the Rescue" Two parts

ANTONIO MORENO

Big V Special Comedy

Two Parts

BRONCHO BILLY in

"Last Death"

Western Drama One Part

"The Wooing of Riley"

Broadway Comedy—Two Parts

In addition to this program we will show another Chaplin Picture "Shanghaied" 16c to all.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

Cataract is an opacity—a lack of transparency—of the crystalline lens. We all wear glasses. The crystalline lens is a powerful double convex lens placed just behind the pupil of the eye and its convexity is automatically altered (at least in the first half of life) for focusing the eye for varying distances. As we grow more dignified; that is, stiff, unbending, hard of heart and hard of artery, the crystalline lens partakes of the general hardening, and in some instances it overdoes the thing a bit, so that its substances undergoes a degeneration while hrenders it more or less opaque to light, and that constitutes catarract. Cataract is not, as many imagine, a new growth or membrane that forms on the eyeball. It is simply a blurring of the eyeglasses we all wear.

Although it usually occurs in persons along in years, sometimes infants and children have cataract produced by some hereditary condition or by injury to the eye.

In the early stage of cataract the casual observer can note no change in the appearance of the eye, and the patient merely notices an increasing difficulty in reading. Sometimes the patient notices that images are doubled, a light appearing as two lights, for example. Exposure to sunlight dazzles, and the patient finds that vision is best in a rather dull light. Many cataracts do not greatly impair vision and require no treatment, especially when they happen to be limited to the borders of the lens, leaving a fairly clear central portion. It is an unfortunate popular notion that cataract necessarily means approaching blindness. This is incorrect, for we know that cataract may cause only moderate impairment of sight and never beome complete.

Persons with diabetes, or Bright's disease, or disease of the arteries are more subject to catarract than normal individuals, the lens suffering in nutrition by reason of the constitutional disease. Men working about furnaces or exposed to electric light of great brilliancy, and persons who overuse the eyes for near work without frequent intervals of relaxation are especially subject to catarract.

The cure of catarract usually requires the removal of the lens, or its absorption as the result of an operation. Such operations are practically painless under cocaine. Of course, good vision requires that the patient shall wear suitable lenses to take the place of the crystalline lenses afterward, which enable the patient to read the finest type.

It is no longer considered advisable to await the "ripening" of a catarract.

List of Reducing Medicaments.

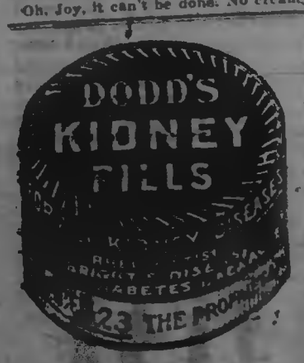
"Kindly publish in your column as many liquids, creams and prescriptions as possible, which, if persistently used, will do away with overfatness of any part of the body. JOY."

Oh, Joy, it can't be done. No cream, liquid or prescription applied to any part of the body will reduce overfatness or relieve overthinness.

Cold Air Versus Adenoids.

* * * Two small sons have adenoids and were so restless at night I was greatly worried until I wrote you about it. You urged the importance of fresh air. Finally we began to leave the bedroom windows open all night, and there is no question that the children have slept much better and improved in health this past winter. The doctor said they were too young to operate on for the adenoids. I myself feel satisfied now that overheated houses and schoolrooms have something to do with adenoids. F. W. A."

Right you are. The warm air schoolroom is the overheated bedroom's complementary causal factor of adenoids and various other respiratory troubles of children.



Kitchener Was Trapped In Cabin of Hampshire When Ship Struck Mine

LORD KITCHENER and his staff did not even reach the deck of the British cruiser Hampshire after she struck a mine off the coast of Scotland one stormy night in June, 1916, according to a warrant officer who has just told the story of the sinking to a correspondent of the Manchester Guardian.

Questions concerning the sinking of the Hampshire have been asked in Parliament because of the persistent rumor that the vessel had been sunk by a submarine and Lord Kitchener had been carried off a prisoner to Germany. No detailed statement, however, has ever been officially given out. The name of the officer who now tells the story has not been disclosed.

Four days after the Jutland battle, according to the officer, the Hampshire took Lord Kitchener aboard on June 5, and set out with about 500 persons aboard in "the foulest weather known in that region." She was escorted by two destroyers who were unable to face the storm and returned to port. Everything on board the Hampshire was lashed down, and only one hatchway was left open.

About eight o'clock in the evening the ship was shaken by a terrific explosion and the crew scrambled for the deck. Officers quickly took their posts, but their orders could not be heard because of the raging storm and the terrific sound of escaping steam. Immediately after the first explosion there was another and all lights went out, which added to the confusion.

The officer, with a companion, cut the lashings of a life-raft, it being impossible to launch the boats in the terrific sea, and the raft was slipped over the side. It turned upside down, but finally righted and he with others found themselves afloat. Almost immediately the ship went down, not more than five minutes after the first explosion. The officer did not see Lord Kitchener on deck, and it is his opinion that as only one hatchway was open, the only men who reached the deck were those who went that way. Although much confused, he recalls trying to open a number of other hatches while trying to reach the deck and found them all battened down.

The raft drifted with the gale for five hours, during which time many of the men were washed from the raft, while others died and rolled into the net in the centre. The raft was then tossed through an opening in a rocky roof and beached on an island.

The officer scouted at the suggestion that Lord Kitchener had been saved, and was quite sure the Hampshire had been mined and not torpedoed.

Hamilton Tigers Win From St. Pats

Hamilton, March 6.—The Hamilton Tigers were all over St. Patricks in the first game of the senior O H A. finals last night and ran up a 10-to-3 score on the Irishmen. This gives Hamilton a seven goal lead to take to the Queen City on Saturday night for the second game.

There was nothing to it but Hamilton. They simply ran all over the green-shirted Toronto outfit in the first and last periods and in the last twenty minutes it was just a matter of how many goals the Hamilton outfit would collect. The Irish brigade put in their best licks in the second period. They outscored Hamilton, two to one, and were very much in the fight. Hamilton had scored three in the opener and Toronto none. The Bengals ran in the first one in the second spasm and then the Irish came to life. They scored two before the period ended.

Back came Toronto hopes with a bounce in the last period, and they were only one goal down. It was a short-lived rally. They went all to pieces and the Tigers roamed in from all quarters, bulging the twine with heartbreaking regularity. It was the end for the Irish, the final of 10 to 3 making their chances hopeless to win the title.

The Toronto delegation were not hopeful before the game, when it was learned that Moose Heffernan was unable to make the trip. He had his throat lanced again in the morning at the Wellesley Hospital in Toronto and it is even doubtful if he will be able to appear in the Saturday night game. The line up:

Tigers—Goal, Reume; defence, Dolan and Matte; centre, Roahe; right wing, Green; left wing, Duncan; subs, McCarthy and Smith.

St. Patrick's—Goal, Crooks; defence, Hodden and Cain; centre, Dye; right wing, Muston; left wing, Patterson; subs., Breen and Eltherington.

Officials—Lawson, Whitehead and Sergt.-Major P. LeShueur.

Motion Pictures At Duffus Garage

A large number of citizens attended the openings of the new Duffus garage last night and thoroughly enjoyed the motion pictures exhibited, together with a splendid exhibit of cars, etc. Mr. Duffus is to be congratulated on the entertainment and comfort arranged for his guests at these opening evenings, which will be continued tonight, tomorrow and Saturday. The public are cordially invited, but children must be accompanied by either parents or guardians.

The Hornpipe.

The "hornpipe" is an old English dance peculiar to England. In fact one might almost say it was the chief dance of the British sailor, and is still. Modern "hornpipes" are in common time and of a more lively character than the ancient form. It is supposed to have received its name from the instrument which was played during its performance.

Goodness.

I think that most of my readers will agree with me that, notwithstanding the all-prevalent evil which in a thousand shapes haunts the footsteps of our race, good is still the mightiest power in the world, and, if its aimless strength could be concentrated and directed, would go far towards effecting a reformation of the world. Sir H. Rider Haggard.

TULLE HAT VOGUE

Headgear Classed as Newest and Most Up-to-Date.

Unexpected Creation Appears When Toques and Bonnets to Match Winter Togs Are Worn.

After all it is the unexpected and unusual little thing which seems to set the final seal of success on one's appearance. Smartly dressed women realize this and often gain their reputation for being smartly dressed by the addition of something original and pleasing—and perhaps also a bit more daring than the more conservative choose.

Nothing is more unexpected at this time, writes a fashion correspondent, than the vogue of the tulle hat, for instance. Just when most of us are reaching out after fur toques and bonnets to match our heavy winter togs the very newest, most up-to-date creation of millinery appears to be the tulle hat. It has taken on surprising shapes also, as for instance a curious, upstanding brown tulle bonnet with a crown like a Cossack's cap. Around the brim flares a band of tulle which ends in a flat, smart bow directly over the face.

As yet it is only the brown tulle hat which seems to be favored. This suggests coquetry, for long ago French women decreed that the very perfection of artistic effect was produced by a hat of so nearly the exact shade of the hair that one could hardly tell where hat left off and hair began, so clearly and softly did the two mingle. Of course the brown shades of tulle permit this perfect harmony, as brown hair is easily matched.

Along with the tulle hat come some new feather trimmings — feathers trained and curled into all sorts of designs, such as leaves, blossoms, tricorners, rosettes and cockades. A certain wide-brimmed hat of leaf brown tulle which has been much admired has its crown entirely covered with feather leaves laid on quite flat and overlapping so that nothing of the hat underneath is visible. The hem is wide and flaring and is made of several layers of tulle placed one above the other.

Another hat of the same sort, also of brown tulle, has the same wide and flaring brim of several thicknesses of the tulle, and at intervals narrow bands of the feathers appear. The only trimming is a very wide, flat butterfly bow tied just in front. This hat has

The Popular Tulle Hat.

the thinnest of crowns through which the hair shows prettily. Of course these frail and delicate chapeaux are intended only for the most elaborate and dressy occasions, such as matinees, afternoon teas and restaurant wear.

A variation of the tulle-draped toque of the summer has appeared in a smart model of moleskin and taupe-colored silk net. The fur and the net are cunningly draped together to form the close-fitting hat. From the back the net falls away into a long veil which ends in a deep band of the moleskin finished with a button and catch to fasten at the back, thus presenting the appearance of a fur collar.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

RICH STYLE OF OPERA CLOAK

This is a distinctly new and effective opera cloak of lustrous black satin, with bands of black velvet placed near the skirt edge and on the cuffs. The collar is a broad band of mink.

Stomach Trouble.

Edna, four, was going next door to her auntie. She was told by her mother not to eat anything while there as her stomach was upset. When she came in she said, "Auntie, mumma said I shouldn't eat anything because my stomach has tipped over."

Some Facts.

Lantz makes the amazing estimate that the progeny of a single couple (of rats), if undestroyed, would number 15,000,000 in three years, and this number is even below the theoretic figure.—Scientific American Supplement.

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-tives"

ST. MARTIN'S, N.B.

"For two years, I suffered tortures from *Severe Dyspepsia*. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth.

I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking '*Fruit-a-tives*', I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK.

50c, a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Versatile Nut Tree.

In addition to nuts used in confectionery the Indian lushew tree yields an insect-repelling gum, a juice that makes an indelible ink and three kinds of oil, one edible and the others used to tan fishing nets and preserve wood.

Golden Deed.

Phillips Brooks said: "He who helps a child helps humanity with a distinctness, an immediateness, which no other help given in any other stage of human life can possibly give."

Foundation of All.

All government, indeed every human benefit and enjoyment, every virtue, every prudent act, is founded on compromise and barter. Burke.

Makes Some Difference?

Corrections made recently in maps of Greenland have shown it to be about 130,000 square miles larger than formerly believed.

Daily Thought.

Human improvement is from within outward.—Froude.

DECOLLETE COAT AND DRESS

Vogue Among Fashionable Dressers is to Swathe Neck, Leaving Bare a Triangle of Throat.

A smart trick much in vogue among fashionable women is to swathe the neck, leaving bare a triangle of throat below the fur, writes a Paris correspondent.

This fashion will be much adopted. We shall see women, their necks and ears well muffled in furs, fortified thus against the elements, with throat left bare by the decollete of coat and dress. I have already seen several examples of this fashion, hiding the mouth and chin, but leaving uncovered a square of bare throat like a little window, opposing whiter by contrast with the darkness of the furs.

A no less piquant contrast will be the pallor of bare arms almost lost in coat of sleeves, the hands of which are warmly enshrouded in a fur collar.

Fashion's decree, then, is to hide the lower part or, rather, some part of the face, since some collars reach right up to the eyes. Those who do not fear influenza will willingly bear some minor discomforts to be a la mode. For the others there will be the smartness of fur collars completely hiding ears and neck, with a straight plastron, which will have the fascination of novelty.

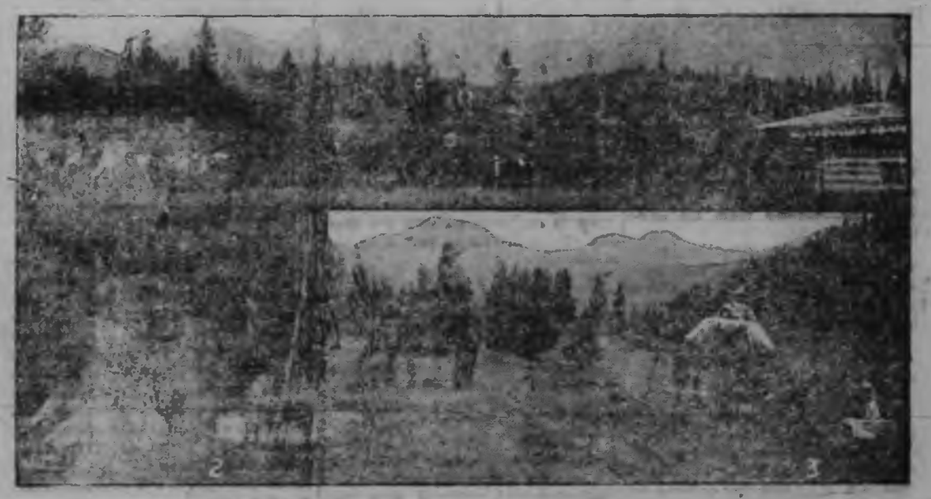
Edible Alarm Clock.

It was late in the afternoon when the Scotch minister arrived at the farmhouse. The housewife suggested that perhaps he would like a cup of tea before he began the "exercises." "Na, na," said he, "I aye tak my tea better when my work is done. You can put the pan on and leave the door ajar, an' I'll draw to a close in the prayer when I hear the bairn fizzin'."

Real "Handy Man."

A Tasmanian jack of all trades claims that he is a hairdresser, tobacconist, cycle repairer, electrical certificated engineer, certificated marine engineer for the Derwent, organist and choirmaster, stencil cutter, fretworker, billiard hall keeper, proprietor circulating library, and is manager of the local town hall.

A Trail Across the Rockies



(1) Homestead on the Kootenay River.
(2) Camp in the forest of the Kootenay Valley.
(3) Summit of the Simpson Pass—line of the Great Divide separating Alberta and British Columbia.

The first trip over the Simpson Pass through the Canadian Pacific Rockies was made by Sir George Simpson, Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, in 1841, and formed part of the first recorded overland tour round the world, that is to say across the North American Continent, and by way of Siberia and Russia, occupying about nine months, and the subject of considerable literature. Jim Brewster, the famous guide and outfitter at Banff, discovered the fallen tree on the summit of the Pass on which the travellers left their record.

Fired by the ambition to cross this pass, I set out one day this summer, with two guides, ten ponies and camping outfit and supplies for six or seven days. Jim Brewster sent these over from Banff to Invermere at the headwaters of the Columbia Valley, where I had promised to wait for them. Close to Invermere are the remains of Kootenai House, an outpost of the Nor' West Trading Company established by David Thompson in 1808. Now there is a comfortable little tourist hotel, much appreciated by motorists who use the excellent Government road through the Upper Columbia Valley.

On our first day's ride we stopped off for a swim at the hot radium-water springs of Sinclair Canyon, where St. John Harmsworth, brother of the famous Lord Northcliffe, and himself proprietor of the still more famous Perrier water, built a concrete bathing pool under the springs which pours its naturally warm water out of the rock. At night we found shelter in a homesteader's cabin, the owner of which was away at the war and hospitable enough to leave the latch loose. Next day we were in the forests of the Kootenay—a wonderful resort for big game judging by the tracks we saw and the animals we even met—two black bear and a deer on the trail with moose paths worn deep like small Devonshire lanes along the meadows beside the river.

The Kootenay River had a rather bad reputation, two parties were drowned in the attempt to make the crossing at the same time last year, and we ourselves had been warned to postpone our trip. However, we found a ford where we did not even have to swim our horses, and next day were on the banks of the Vermilion River. Into the Vermilion pours the raging torrent of the Simpson, which itself is fed from the melting glaciers of the snow-clad Rockies high above. At least one cyclone seemed to have swept down its valley, and the river itself had washed away several corners so that our trail had to be made, or found anew on many a mile.

Once while Ed. Dawson, the leading guide was hacking a trail through a deadfall, his saddle pony took it into its head to cross the torrent. The packponies followed suit, and before we could stop them our camp, and most of all our food supplies were on the wrong side of the most vicious loking water I ever care to see. There was nothing to do but follow, and evidently we got across—else how could this tale have ever been told? As we approached the Summit of the Pass, one grizzly left a visiting card such as grizzlies do leave—scented—upon the trail and again we saw deer.

The Summit, according to the guides, should be ten feet deep in snow, and the description given by Sir George Simpson gave the same anticipation:—"We were surrounded by peaks and crags on whose summits lay perpetual snow; and the only sounds which disturbed the solitude were the crackling of prostrate branches under the tread of our horses, and the roaring of the stream as it leaped down its rocky course."

"About seven hours of hard work brought us to the height of land, the hinge as it were between the eastern and western waters. We breakfasted, on the level isthmus, which did not exceed fourteen paces in width, filling our kettles for this one lonely meal at once from the crystal sources of the Columbia and the Saskatchewan, while these willing feeders of two opposite oceans, murmuring over their beds of mossy stones, as if to bid each other a long farewell, could hardly fail to attune our minds to the sublimity of the scene.

"But between these kindred fountains, the common progeny of the same snow wreaths, there was this remarkable difference of temperature that the source of the Columbia showed 40°, while that of the Saskatchewan raised the mercury to 52½°, the thermometer meanwhile striking as high as 71° in the shade.

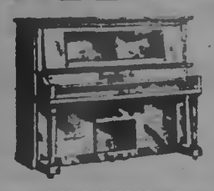
"From the vicinity of perpetual snow, we estimated the elevation of the height of land to be seven or eight thousand feet above the level of the sea, while the surrounding peaks appeared to rise nearly half that altitude above our heads."

We ourselves found the snow all gone and our horses found sweet and ample pasture on an Alpine meadow. As we looked back from the Great Divide upon the mountains of the Selkirks, we had as fine a panoramme as any artist could desire—rugged outlines capped and fringed with perpetual snow.

The Banff side of the Summit comes within the jurisdiction of the Dominion Government, and its Superintendent of Parks was good enough to provide us with a trail which really was a trail. To the right up Healy Creek we had a glimpse of Mount Assiniboine, the giant of these giant mountains—only a glimpse however, for in a minute his head was caught in a turban of clouds. Thence without adventure except for a plague of mosquitoes we reached the C.P.R. Hotel at Banff, alive with summer tourists, who found in our cavalcade a fitting subject for innumerable snapshots.

The fishing, I may say in passing, which one gets on such a trip, is of the very best. Every creek, every pool seems to be stocked with trout, all inquisitive about the nature of the fly. Brown Hackle and Gray Hackle are always deadly. The red flies such as Parmachene Belle do not seem to take so well in these waters. There were both Dolly Varden and Steelhead to our credit on the Simpson, averaging a little over a pound. In the Kootenay the trout ran up to two and three pounds and were very game, though shy in the middle of the day. J. M. G.

YE OLDE FIRME



EXACTING DEMANDS

Ever since the first player-piano was made there has been a constant effort to so perfect the playing mechanism as to satisfy the exacting artistic demands of master musicians. In the

Heintzman & Co.

ALUMINUM ACTION

Player-Piano

this ideal is fully realized. The wonderful expression capabilities of this greatest of Canadian instruments is a revelation to those who have always considered a player-piano as purely mechanical and without true musical expression.

HEINTZMAN HALL

George & Hunter Sts.

Peterboro Ont.

MRS. BROWN A WELL WOMAN ONCE MORE

WAS CONFINED TO HER BED AND CHAIR FOR OVER TWO YEARS BEFORE TAKING TANLAC

"Some strange things happen in the world and the change Tanlac has brought about in my wife's condition is one of them," said J. L. Brown, a resident of College Park, Ga.

"For over two years," he continued "my wife had so much trouble with her stomach that she could hardly take any nourishment at all but a milk diet, and she fell off until she was little more than a living skeleton. She got little rest or sleep at night, had no energy at all and was so weak and rundown that most of her time was spent in bed or in her chair. Her skin was sallow and unhealthy looking and she didn't seem to take interest in anything.

"In fact she was about as bad off as she could be to be alive when she started taking Tanlac, and just a few bottles of this wonderful medicine have made her a well woman once more. She now eats anything she wants, sleeps like a child, has gained twenty pounds and is able to do all her housework as well as she ever did."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

ENTER TRAIN BY MISTAKE.

Warsaw, March 6.—Two Polish officers were killed when the Ukrainians fired on the train bearing the Inter-Allied Commission to Poland after its departure from Lemberg on Sunday. The officers had boarded the train by mistake.

BOARD OF WORKS' ESTIMATES SHOW AN INCREASE OF $4,400

Total Amount to be Raised This Year is $39,400 as Against $35,000 Expended in 1918.

The following estimates for the current year have been passed by the Board of Works, the table showing the differences in the various amounts over the figures of last year:

	1918 Appropriation	1919 Proposed Expenditure
General street work	$3800 00	$4000 00
Gravel	4000 00	4500 00
Wooden walks repairs	200 00	200 00
Bridge repairs	1250 00	1700 00
Culvert repairs	150 00	150 00
Sewer maintenance	500 00	750 00
Catch, basin and manhole maintenance	75 00	125 00
Concrete walks maintenance	400 00	500 00
Pavement cleaning	3500 00	3750 00
Culverts, new	450 00	450 00
Weed and grass cutting	300 00	300 00
Trimming trees	200 00	500 00
Office supplies	150 00	150 00
Flagging railway crossings	675 00	1000 00
Sewage pumping station	150 00	325 00
Board of Works' horses	600 00	1200 00
Salaries	3800 00	3800 00
Board of Works' miscellaneous	2000 00	2000 00
Boundry roads	800 00	1000 00
Skating rinks	150 00	150 00
Surface drains, repairs	250 00	250 00
Surface drains, new		2000 00
Payment maintenance	50 00	100 00
Street oiling and watering	8300 00	7500 00
Snow cleaning	3000 00	3000 00
Ford car for use of Engineer		
	$35000 00	$39400 00

GOOD ROADS CAMPAIGN IS PLANNED FOR DISTRICT

Board of Works Receive and Concur in Resolution Adopted by the G. W. V. A.—Estimates For Year Are Accepted.

Mr. W. Davis, 573 Division street was heard last night before the Board of Works in regard to removing costructions from his sewer connection.

A motion was submitted by Aldermen Turner and Garside providing that Mr. Davis be charged $8.50 and that the balance of the cost of the work be remitted.

Aldermen Edgar and Taylor at once submitted an amendment that no action be taken, which was lost.

A letter was read, last night, from C. R. Widdifield, city solicitor regarding an account from F. Barber, engineer of the Hunter street bridge, amounting to $4,000.00.

The sum of $1,000 was ordered to be paid Engineer Barber upon account by virtue of a motion introduced by Alderman Turner and Garside.

Alderman Morrison had not been present at the meeting up to this time and upon taking his place at the Board the amendment which had been submitted by Aldermen Edgar and Taylor providing that no action be taken in regard to remitting half of the amount paid by Mr. Davis in connection with cleaning out the sewer connection on Division street was again before the meeting and was carried, the newly arived member supporting it.

C. R. Widdifield, city solicitor, notified the board that he had been served with notice of a motion to quash By-law No. 2125.

Upon motion of Aldermen Turner and McIntyre he was instructed to take all steps necessary to defend the by-law.

A letter was read from Mr. E. G. Patterson suggesting that the City and County Councils get together and discuss the good roads question. Chairman Phelan stated that he had been in conversation with the Warden of the county in regard to the matter.

A copy of a resolution passed by the City Council of Kitchener was received asking for endorsation. It requested the Legislature to amend the law regarding suburban roads. Action in connection with this resolution was deferred until the joint meeting of the city and county councils.

A communication was received from the G.W.V.A., local branch, urging a good roads campaign. The resolution was endorsed upon motion of Ald. Edgar and Garside and a copy ordered to be sent to the Minister of Highways, the Dominion Government and the Peterborough Branch of the G.W.V.A.

Upon motion of Aldermen Edgar and Turner the price of a Ford car for the use of the city engineer was added to the estimates of the Board Works and his old one ordered to be repaired.

The estimates as presented were then adopted upon motion of Aldermen Edgar and Turner.

Passing as a model citizen isn't an easy job.

A man isn't necessarily honest just because he is poor.

Wealthy relatives sometimes enable a man to deal in futures.

CITY FINANCES FOR JANUARY

Statement of the receipts and payments from 1st January to 28th February, 1919:

Current Accounts.

	Receipts.	Payments.
Arrears of taxes	$ 285 75	$
Administration of justice	50 34	180 79
Assessment and taxes		600 51
Board of Education		19000 00
City general rates	309 50	
Charity	42 00	444 85
County Registrar	209 35	
Elections and By-laws		427 29
Fire Department	198 10	3627 35
Garbage	221 00	1941 07
Health		461 79
Heating		24 00
Illuminated signs	6 00	
Interest		249 17
Law and legislation		269 62
Light		28 42
Licenses	460 00	
Manufacturers' Committee		39 15
Market tolls	133 32	
Miscellaneous		331 35
Municipal Government	33 32	1402 96
Police Court	743 60	
Police Department		2949 58
Printing, stationery and advertising		30 50
Property	9 00	4 95
Queen Mary Hospital	115 90	765 84
Rents received	3 00	
Special grants		10175 00
Streets and bridges	185 66	1216 77
Snow removed		928 34
Taxes, 1918	5568 91	
	$ 8564 76	$ 45099 30

Special Accounts.

Concrete walks, No. 32, 1918	$	$ 10 00
Hunter street high-level bridge		445 85
Sewer contract No. 38, 1918	10 96	4343 97
	$ 10 96	$ 4799 82
Payments in excess of receipts-current accounts	$ 36534 54	
Payments in excess of receipts-special accounts	4788 86	
		$ 41323 40
Add overdraft 1st January, 1919		57352 21
Overdraft 28th February, 1919		$ 98675 61

SENDS CHECQUE TO THE FIREMEN

MR. H. A. MORROW APPRECIATES WORK OF BRIGADE AT FIRE.

Yesterday Chief Grange received the following letter of acknowledgement from Mr. H. A. Morrow whose barn and outbuildings on Sherbrook street were destroyed by fire on Saturday last. In spite of the handicap arising from the lack of water, the property being situated outside of the city limits, the brigade was able to save the residence:

Peterborough,
March 5th, 1919.

Mr. George Grange,
Chief of Fire Department.

Dear Sir,—Will you please accept the enclosed cheque on behalf of some fund of your department, as slight token of appreciation for the excellent work done at the fire at our home on Saturday last?

Yours very truly,
H. A. MORROW.

Chief Grange's Reply.

Peterborough,
March 6th, 1919.

H. A. Morrow, Esq.,
Peterborough.

Dear Sir,—Your letter of the 5th inst., with enclosed cheque, received. The amount of the cheque has been turned over to the funds of the Firemen's Benevolent Association.

On behalf of myself and the members of the department, I wish to thank you heartily for your kind appreciation of our services. While regretting the loss involved, we are only too glad that we were able to render assistance that prevented the fire from spreading to the house. At one time this appeared a hopeless task.

Again thanking you, I am,
Your very truly,
GEO. GRANGE,
Chief of Fire Department.

Troops Desert To The Spartacans

(Special Correspondence.)

Berlin, March 6.—The marine division and portion of the republican militia which have been supporting the Government, have gone over to the Spartacans. An attempt by the Spartacans to storm police headquarters this afternoon was repulsed.

"If high rates of interest must still be paid on Canadian Government borrowings, ALL the people should have the opportunity to earn this interest".
—SIR THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.

Why They Are Buying WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

The housewife is economizing in comfortable ways and investing in War-Savings Stamps at $4.02 each this month. In 1924, when these stamps are redeemed at $5.00 each, every dollar will have greater purchasing power.

The business man is cutting off small and unnecessary expenditures and buying War-Savings Stamps. He knows his money is available any time he really needs it, with added interest. $5 for $4 in five years is an excellent return on money otherwise idle.

School children are buying Thrift Stamps at 25 cents each and are filling their Thrift Cards in order to acquire a War-Savings Stamp. They are helping their country and acquiring the habit of Thrift.

Men on the farms are buying W.S.S. because the Government uses the money to finance export orders for the food raised on Canadian farms. This makes their market sure.

Men, women and children of all ages and conditions of life, are investing in W.S.S. because it is a convenient way to "build a bond". The security is absolute and the interest is unusually high. Some day they will look back with great satisfaction to the day when they bought their first War-Savings Stamps.

Have You Bought Your Stamp Today?

De Laval Wins From Printers

In a business men's ten-pin league match last night at the Water street alleys, the De Laval five won two of the three games from the Printers. The games were closely contested, and were witnessed by many enthusiastics.

For the De Laval A. Fitzgerald had high count of 575 with 237 for a single. Henderson for the Printers had a 3 game total of 574.

The scores were as follows:

De Laval.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
W. Fitzgerald	171	194	124	—489
Byers	184	196	137	—507
Rulter	152	147	137	—436
A. Fitzgerald	237	159	179	—575
Carter	219	189	159	—567
Totals	963	885	736	—2585

Printers.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Miller	186	189	174	—549
Kirn	153	176	192	—521
Lacheur	161	126	128	—415
Cairns	161	191	158	—510
Henderson	198	191	185	—574
Totals	859	873	837	—2569

Hockey Champions

The following is the list of champions of the Ontario Hockey Association senior series:

1891—Ottawa-Queen's	4— 1
1892—Ottawa-Osgoode	10— 4
1893—Ottawa-Queen's	6— 4
1894—Osgoode-Queen's	3— 2
1895—Queen's-Trinity	17— 3
1896—Queen's-Stratford	12— 3
1897—Queen's-Varsity	12— 7
1898—Osgoode-Queen's	7— 3
1899—Queen's-Varsity	19—11
1900—Wellingtons-Queen's	6— 4
1901—Wellingtons-Queen's	7— 2
1902—Wellingtons-Cornwall	12— 6
1903—Wellingtons-Cornwall	6— 5
1904—Marlboros-Perth	28— 9
1905—Marlboros-Smith Falls	9— 3
1906—Berlin-Argonauts	5— 4
1907—Stratford-14th Regt.	8— 6
1908—14th Regt.-Stratford	13— 9
1909—St. Mich.-14th Regt.	23—17
1910—St. Mich.-Parkdale	6— 5
1911—Eatons-Argonauts	10— 7
1912—Eatons-Frontenacs	16—12
1913—Toronto-St. Mich's.	10— 8
1914—Toronto-St. Mich's	9— 7
1915—Victorias-St. Mich's	4— 2
1916—Riversides-Berlin	12— 4
1917—Dentals-Riversides	5— 2
1918—Kitchener-Dentals	7— 4
1919—Hamilton lead St. Pats	10— 2

SURGERY MAKES ADVANCE AS A RESULT OF THE WAR

Toronto Doctor Speaks of New Discoveries Made by the Physicians in Dealing With the Wounded.

Toronto, March 6.—That medical men who have been in arm service are most seriously affected professionally in returning to civil life is the opinion of Col. (Dr.) Herbert Bruce, who has returned home after four years' service with the Canadian and British forces. Dr. Bruce explained that in England it was found that many doctors who were demobilized were finding that those who had taken their practices were refusing now to surrender them. Canadian medical men would undoubtedly have a similar experience, and man would have to struggle anew to build up a livelihood. Dr. Bruce advanced the suggestion that the public seek to patronize doctors who had had war experience.

"There is bound to be a period of industrial unrest," said Dr. Bruce, in speaking of conditions in England, "an unrest due to the attitude of the bolshevist agitators, but when the Government steps in and deals firmly with that element and expels the bolshevists from England, the good common sense of the workingman will allow him to settle down."

Surgery's March Forward.

In his opinion, one of the most wonderful of many discoveries of the war is that of Professor Putti, of Bologna, Italy, who has succeeded in developing the muscles of an amputated arm to the extent that it is possible for them to work the fingers on an artificial limb. Prof. Putti is coming to America this year.

Dr. Bruce touched also upon the wonderful successes achieved in plastic surgery, but stated that inasmuch as plastic surgery had to be dealt with while wounds were fresh, it was practically over with so far as the war was concerned.

Influenza Vaccine.

Dr. Bruce stated that among the many notable advances made in surgery and in the care of the wounded the most recent was the discovery of the organism of influenza. The doctors in Britain are now making a vaccine which is protective and which can also be used (as diphtheria antitoxin) to mitigate the effects if the disease has developed. In experiments made no pneumonia has ever developed from influenza after the vaccine has been used.

All Home By July.

Just prior to leaving England Col. Bruce spoke to Gen. Currie, who told him that all the Canadians would be back in Canada by July.

Col. Bruce witnessed the demobilization of English troops at Whitehall and styled it a "very mild affair." They were being demobilised at the rate of 15,000 per day, but as a result of their protest demobilization now embraces 25,000 men daily.

"What was called a strike among the soldiers in London recently was not really a strike," said Col. Bruce. "It was just a minor protest against the delay in releasing the men from the army. At that time the rate of demobilizing was less than half of that today."

The Orange Grand Lodge of Western Ontario opened its annual convention in Woodstock.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario
Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.
D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors
PHONE 14

SEE CHARLIE CHAPLIN AT ROYAL TONIGHT IN "SHANGHAIED"

Good Rubbers Mean Foot Comfort, Shoe Economy and Health Protection

Why are they comfortable? Because in the Dominion Rubber System brands, you can get just the size and shape of rubbers to perfectly fit every pair of shoes.

That is one advantage of having a great organization like the Dominion Rubber System to study your needs. With factories and service branches all over Canada; and with experts in constant touch with the leading shoe manufacturers, the Dominion Rubber System is able to make and supply your dealer with every style of rubbers required.

How do Rubbers economize on shoes? They protect shoes against slush and rain—make shoes wear longer and hold their shape better—and enable you to wear old shoes in bad weather.

Is it necessary to speak of health protection? With the epidemic of "Flu" so vividly in mind, and the warning of physicians to keep the feet dry, surely no one will run the risk of going without rubbers on wet days!

When you choose rubbers, ask for one of these brands:

"Jacques Cartier" *"Merchants"* *"Maple Leaf"*
"Granby" *"Dominion"* *"Daisy"*

These trademarks guarantee quality; and behind these trademarks is the Dominion Rubber System, a power of protection to every pair of these guaranteed rubbers.

DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM
AN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

20

Havelock

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, March 6.— Mrs. Aleck Rose, who has been visiting friends in Toronto for the past three weeks, returned home Saturday.

Miss Kathlyn McNicholl of Toronto is the guest of Mrs. Mac Foley.

Mr. Wm. Bryans, of the Retail Grocery, Toronto, is nome for a few days.

Misses Kathlyn McNicholl, Alice Bennington, Olive Rose and Mrs. M. Foley were in Peterborough on Monday.

Mrs. H. F. McNichol was in Peterborough on Saturday.

Pte. Gilbert Herrington is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. M. Foley.

Miss Kathleen Kennedy of Toronto is visiting her cousin, Miss Olive Rose.

Miss Gladys Brewster was in Peterborough on Wednesday the guest of Miss Olga Johnston.

Miss Viola Telford of Ottawa spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Innis, Percy Innis and Miss Witherspoon of Toronto attended the Masonic "at-home" Thursday night last.

Mr. Stanley Holcombe is spending a few days in town with his parents.

Masters Billy and Jack Rose are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wright, at Port McNichol.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wright spent a few days in Tweed with their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Rose.

Miss Lillian McNichol of Toronto spent the week-end the guest of Mrs. M. Foley.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Moon entertained a number of young people at a progressive euchre party on Monday evening.

Messrs. Alick Darling and W. Tully of Peterborough spent the week-end in town.

Mrs. T. W. Quinn left on Monday for Ottawa, where she will reside for the future.

Miss E. Mabel Donnelly of Watertown, N. Y., is visiting at her home in town.

Mr. James Fowler of Peterborough attended the funeral of the late Alexander Primrose on Saturday last.

Mr. Clarence Holdcroft of Queen's University, Kingston, spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson spent Sunday at Cordova Mines, the guests of Mr. P. Kirkegard.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Cross and children of Smith's Falls are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Barlow.

Pte. Henry Scott, of the U. S. forces, arrived home on Saturday and is receiving the congratulations of his many friends on his safe return.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Riley, Barrie street, Kingston, announce the engagement of their only daughter, Gladys M., to Harry E. Thompson, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thompson, of Toronto, the marriage to take place shortly.

The entire community was greatly shocked on Friday morning when it became known that Alexander Primrose had passed away early that morning in Toronto after a short illness. Mr. Primrose was widely known having been a resident of Havelock for many years. Besides his widow he leaves a son and daughter, Lance of the Welland Tribune staff, and Miss Grace, who is attending the Toronto University. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon under the auspices of Norwood Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of which the deceased was a member.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

RESULTS PROVE THE BIG MAN

You are as big as the things you can do—no bigger. Is your eyesight "big" enough for you? If your eyes cannot do all you require of them, they are a handicap, and require attention. Dr. Fowler's expert service needs no endorsement, it is perfectly well known, and is available for all in need of it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** *DOCTOR OF OPTICS*

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co:

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

IF FEVERISH, BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, GIVE FRUIT LAXATIVE

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, can't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomachache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "fruit laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy. Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

The first division in the Legislature in two sessions resulted in a vote of 53 to 25.

MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence)

Millbrook, March 5.—Mr. J. H. Wilson, of Port Hope, was a visitor to town on Monday.

Mrs. G. W. Sayles was a guest of Peterboro friends on Saturday.

Miss Carrie Trenbeth, of Port Hope, is visiting her cousin, Miss E. F. Gillott.

Messrs. Ross Edmunds, Wilfred White and Percy Handley motored to Peterboro on Saturday.

Miss Hein McKim, of Peterboro, was a guest of her uncle, Mr. H. Richards, over Sunday.

Miss Ella Elson and Mr. George Elson were visitors to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. W. I. Collins was a guest of friends in Port Hope last week.

The Misses Gertrude and Cordie Richards were guests of Mrs. G. W. McKim at Peterboro last week.

Rev. Dr. W. D. Lee was a visitor to Peterboro on Monday.

Mrs. W. West was a guest of Peterboro friends on Saturday.

Messrs. G. W. Sayles and Cecil Larmer motored to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mrs. David Armstrong was a visitor to Peterboro on Saturday.

Miss Nellie Hamilton of Port Hope was in town last week.

Mrs. N. Janes was a visitor to Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tomms and babe, of Peterboro, were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lord, over Sunday.

School Report.

Report of Millbrook Public School senior room, month of February:

Sr. II—Honors—Alexandra Johnston, Thelma Spencer, Helen Adams, Muriel Lang, Foster Russell, Dorothy Higgs, Billie Byam. Pass—Gertrude Gray, Bonna Robinson, Pearl Lamb, Hilda Spencer, Sandford Gilmore, Charlie Lord.

IV—Honors—Allen Pitt, 78.4 per cent. Pass—Pearl Armstrong, 71.9; Alice Armstrong, 70.6; Thelma Ball, 68; David Fowler, 64; Kathleen Freelove, 60.

Subjects examined on literature, grammar, geography, composition, rithmetic, reading, writing, spelling.

M. M. VAN NEST, Teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Byam are visiting her sister, Miss T. Shea, at Cambray.

Warden A. J. Henderson and Deputy Reeve Baptie are attending the Good Roads Convention in Toronto.

Mr. Arthur Stinson, of Peterboro, called on his cousin, Mr. Percy Stinson, last week.

Mr. George Murney, of South Monaghan, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spence and daughtera have moved from Emily to the beautiful home purchased from Mr. J. R. Eakins, Main street. We are glad to join in welcoming such estimable citizens to Millbrook and hope their sojourn here will be a happy one.

Pte. Douglas Fitzgerald.

A large number of the friends of Pte. Douglas Fitzgerald met the afternoon train from Toronto on Saturday and gave him a hearty welcome home. Douglas went overseas in Sept., 1916. He was turned down as medically unfit for the trenches, but Douglas was anxious to get to the front and in April, 1918, he got a clerical job with the forward Canadian corps and was right up to the front lines many times. He returned on the Empress of Britain and reports a good trip. We are all glad to welcome him home.

Pte. William Pitt.

A large number of citizens were at the depot Monday evening to give a welcome to Pte. (Bill) Pitt. Pte. Pitt enlisted with the 136th Battalion in Jan., 1916, sailed for England in October of the same year and went to France in May, 1917. He was transferred to a forestry battalion, in which he stayed for two years. He tried twice to get to the trenches but was turned down. As it was he was in forward area most of the time and was seldom out of the danger zone. He returned on the Scotian. He met several Millbrook boys before going to France, among them Signallers Collins, Sutton and Shaw. He brought home a Fritzy rifle. We are glad to see him home again.

Grace Church Notes.

Sunday, March 9, 1919.

10.30—"Service."

7 p.m.—"The Fatherhood of God."

2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

St. Enoch's Garden Hill.

2.30—"Children in the Market Place."

1.30—Sunday School and Bible Class.

Died—In Millbrook, on Sunday, March 2, 1919, Septimus Lamb, aged 71 years. The funeral took place from the residence of his son, Mr. Norman Lamb, King street, on Wednesday, March 5th, at 2.30 p.m., and was largely attended. Interment at St. John's cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mitchell and son, Cecil, left on Tuesday for Biggar, Sask., to stay with their son, Walker White. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell's host of friends in Millbrook and Cavan will be sorry to learn that they have left this community. They will join in wishing them a safe trip and much happinea in their new home.

Pte. Cecil Fallis.

Although it was not generally known that Pte. Fallis was to arrive home on Friday night, quite a number were at the depot to welcome him. He went to England in Nov., 1917, and to France in Jan., 1918. He enlisted in the 5th Forestry Battalion and was transferred to 11th Railway Battalion. In April, 1918, his shoulder was slightly grazed with shrapnel, but not enough to put him in hospital. He returned on Empress of Britain and has no complaints to make about the accommodation thereon, but he says Canada never looked better to him.

Special Services.

The evangelistic services being held in the Sunday School rooms of the Millbrook Methodist Church are being well attended. The speakers have been Revs. Whattam, Thomas, Clarke Leigh, Griffiths and the pastor, and helpful discourses have been delivered. The song service each evening is ably assisted by the choir. The services will be continued each night this week except Saturday at 7.45. Rev. Mr. Thomas, of George Street Church, Peterboro, will speak Thursday evening and Rev. W. H. Clarke, of Cavan, on Friday. Everybody welcome.

LADIES! DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Use Grandma's Sage Tea and Sulphur Recipe and Nobody will Know

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get this famous old preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it, and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark and glossy.

SEND WORD TO COMMISSION

IF YOU KNOW OF ANY RETURNED SOLDIERS OUT OF WORK.

The Soldiers' Aid Commission is anxious to be advised of particulars of any or all in this district discharged and disabled soldiers who owing to their disabling conditon are unable to find suitable employment, or having been placed in employment are unable to retain their positions, and as a consequence are continually out of work. This feature has been found the case in other localities and may be the same in and about Peterborough.

It has developed that many men, although on their discharge to pension, their disabilities did not appear to be of such a nature as to prevent them from following their previous vocations or from securing employment. In order to prevent any injustice to these men it is intended that their cases be reviewed and the co-operation of the branches of the Soldiers' Aid has been asked in connection.

It is particularly asked that information be obtained of any who are unable to hold employment when such had been obtained, and also the class of work at which he had been employed, together with a list of those who find it difficult to obtain employment by reason of disability.

It will be helpful if any coming under the above provisions will report at the office of the branch in Peterborough, to Mr. F. H. Dobbin, who will forward particulars.

TO FRAME CONSTITUTION.

Paris, March 6.—Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, president of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, has been selected to assist in framing a constitution for the Polish government.

The four-year-old son of Harry Rowe Miller, of Orono, was drowned in his father's mill pond through a hole made in ice-cutting.

Marmalade

made with

Lantic Sugar

The "fine" granulation of LANTIC helps the color and texture of Marmalade because it dissolves at once when added to the hot fruit. 17

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES Ltd., MONTREAL.

The Ontario Government Public Employment Bureaux and Dominion Dept. of Soldiers and Civil Re-Establishment, 190 Charlotte St., Peterboro

Phone 571

The Ontario and Dominion Governments are co-operating in matters pertaining to the employment of both Men and Women, and have opened an office for this work at the above address. If in need of work or workers, communicate either with Mr. Hugh Robertson, Superintendent of the Employment Bureau, or Captain Morrison, Representative or the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. The Peterborough Bureaux is a link in the chain of offices which extend throughout the Dominion, and so can draw upon other sections of the country, both for opportunity of employment and for Workers.

FREE SERVICE

PETERBORO TO BE GIVEN FIRST CALL

NEW MANAGEMENT OF GRAND OPERA HOUSE ANNOUNCE SOME IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. A. J. Small of Toronto, the new proprietor of the Grand Opera House, was in Peterborough on Saturday and was favorably impressed with the city generally as well as from the standpoint of his business.

His deal with the Turners was closed and he announced his intention of making some improvements to the house in the near future. He felt that a city with the excellent district tributary to it which surrounds Peterborough should make it a first-class theatrical town.

From this time forward the Grand will be served with an improved picture service. The same reels as are shown in Mr. Smalls' theatre in Toronto will appear in Peterborough. He is enabled to give this city an extensive service of first run reels of this kind on account of the immense chain of theatres which he owns throughout the Dominion and which are included in the circuit which bears his name.

Manager Dahn announced today that the feature picture at the Grand tonight is one which has not yet opened in Toronto, and this is a most propitious commencement of the new service, which should assure performances of a very high order which the public will continue to see at a nominal price.

FARMERS BUY PAPER

Weekly Sun of Toronto Sold to New Company.

Toronto, March 6.—Subject to the ratification of the proposal by the shareholders of The Farmers' Publishing Company, Limited, the latter have purchased The Weekly Sun and will publish it as the official organ of the United Farmers of Ontario. If the shareholders ratify the proposal the paper will be published weekly as at present, but will be used to build the foundation for a daily paper.

Whether the present staff will continue to edit the paper has not been announced. Spoken last night, Mr. Gordon Waldron said that that matter was in the hands of the Directors of the Farmers' Publishing Company, and they were not yet prepared to make a statement. Mr. Waldron said that the present staff of The Weekly Sun was one of the best in Ontario, and that it was likely no changes would be made immediately.

WOULD TURN DREADNOUGHTS INTO REFRIGERATOR SHIPS

London, March 6.—A new plan for their disposal was suggested by representatives of Western Australia, who cabled a proposal that the dreadnoughts with superfluous fittings removed be equipped as refrigerator ships for the Australian mutton trade. They requested that this proposition be placed before the Imperial Government.

In addition to the movie portion of the program the Grand Opera House will have the largest of the road attractions touring the country in connection with the Small circuit.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widower without dependent children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. By farmers and ranchers.
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors administrators of estates and assignees.
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names of all directors, officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations and syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.

Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Returns should be filed immediately.

Postage must be pre-paid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 112, KINGSTON, Ont

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BELLEVILLE, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—Victory Bonds bought for cash. Apply box 237, Review.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE brick house on McGill street; electric light, pump in house. Will be sold on easy terms; small payment down. For particulars apply to The Review Office.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Fine, comfortable home; all modern conveniences. Large lot; very central. Apply 121 Dublin street. Phone 1134w.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE on Reid street, near the G. G. E.; all modern conveniences; attic finished, making six bedrooms; 3-piece bathroom; good furnace. Will be sold on terms to suit purchaser. For particulars apply to The Review Office.

TO RENT.

TO RENT — 2 large front bedrooms, newly furnished, with or without board. Apply 248 Charlotte St.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. R. TAYLOR & SON
100 AYLMER ST.
Phone 280

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 385 Bethune St
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 396

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2240
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables—
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

Trying to conduct a large business without capital is like trying to sharpen a lead pencil with a pair of scissors.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
K. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—482-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 6.—Receipts light trade active, prices firmer, prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.50
Choice butcher	10.50	12.75
Medium butcher cows	9.00	10.50
Ewes	10.50	12.00
Lambs	17.00	18.50
Hogs, f a w	17.50	17.50
Hogs, f o b	16.75	16.75
Calves	17.50	18.50

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 26	$ 28
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes	1 75	1 76
Beans	25	25
Beef	16	2
Geese	33	33
Turkeys	45	4
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	49	4
Butter	58	5
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	25 00	28 00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton (baled)	30 00	31 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00

Hides.

Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers		
Deacon and bob calf	2 00	2 25
stock	28 00	28 50
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	19	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

A lady advises girls never to marry a man who talks loud—that advice is certainly sound.

Take a day off occasionally, and your year will accumulate more slowly.

When a man is making money people expect him to pay for what he gets.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:18 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted)

**7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:05 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

Every year more than 1,000,000 youth in the United States reach the age of twenty-one.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

"Q" Boat Terror to Hun

THE "Q" ship Suffolk of the British navy is now in St Katerine's Dock, near the Tower of London, and her mysteries are being revealed to any of the public who care to pay 1s., or, if they are sailors, soldiers, silver-badge men, or children, 6d. The money forthcoming is to be devoted to naval charities.

To look at from the quayside, the Suffolk Coast is just like a boat which carries coals or "any blessed thing." She is gray and dinky as any of her (presumed) kind. You may see a gun on her decks, but that is only the weapon which the (presumed) kind has been armed with. A veritable gun, yet no more than part of the deception. When you go aboard she still seems the most innocent craft that ever said good-day to a seagull. As a matter of fact, the Suffolk Coast can out-gun a destroyer, though she has never sunk one. Her career was—unfortunately, I had almost said—cut short by the armistice, signed the day before she put out to sea. The collier from which she was concocted was taken over at the end of August last, and for rather more than two months her captain and others were busily employed in preparing the great transformation. The Suffolk Coast is a replica, except for a few added improvements, of the Stock Force, which was sunk by a torpedo on July 30th, having sunk the U-boat before she herself went under. Stock Force and Suffolk Coast were both alike designed and fitted out by Lieutenant Commander Harold Auten, V.C., D.S.C., R.N.R., under the supervision of Admiral Sir Lewis Bayly. The wizard's wand was waved over the Suffolk Coast in Hamilbowline Dockyard in County Cork. Lieutenant Commander Auten, who commands her, commanded also the Stock Force, with most of the same officers and very nearly the same crew.

For the daring game she was to play it was essential that the Suffolk Coast should be buoyant. Timber was packed into her; you can see it clearly along certain narrow ways in the ship's interior, and this timber was protected with cork against the bulkheads. You see much more clearly on the deck a wire hawser roll; a very ordinary smokestack, two funnels equally dingy and other erections which the mere landsman, be he never so ignorant, can be quite sure possess solid wood doors. But the hawser was left in the light, and standing beneath it, in case of emergency, the captain would be enabled to make a very adequate survey of his surroundings. The most unromantic smokestack conceals a periscope, and if it were shot away another periscope could do duty through one of those begrimed funnels which resemble each other so completely.

I retain the idea that this vessel possesses "two of everything." If one wireless apparatus had been put out of action, a second would have supplied its place, and the double system is divided by virtually the length of the ship, so that if one end (to put it lubberly) was torpedoed and the wireless ruined, the other end could carry on. To understand what deception may be in a steel rope, one must examine the cordage of the Suffolk Coast. But perhaps the lay mind will be most impressed by what it takes for stovepipes and things of that sort in the officers' quarters; they are really communication tubes. On this odd boat the captain can shout orders through the heating machinery, and, indeed, can make his orders heard, and get about himself, through channels where a man would be shocked to hear or find him.

Experienced pilots have been fooled by "Q" boats; harbor authorities have been puzzled to distraction by them; a workman in dock, told to fix something to a door, has reported that he could not carry out his order since the door was wooden. This door is in that unremarkable deckhouse. The workman was hardly to blame for supposing it wooden; anybody else would think the same. But the door is of a piece with the rest of the place, and the whole is made to fall flat on a touch or two from a hatchet. It is—or rather they are, for, as I said, the vessel has two of everything — the hiding-place of big guns. In the fore-hatch is mounted a twelve-pounder, a "disappearing" gun. Where the bunker hatch should be on a well-conducted ship is a four-inch gun of the newest pattern, while a monster of the same calibre is in what used to be the engineer's quarters. Given a fairly easy target, these guns can be made to "talk" in about five seconds.

Supposing the "rattler" heralds a U-boat: The men immediately go to stations. There are forty-eight men, by the way, on this boat, which in the days of her innocence possessed a crew of fifteen. They go to stations without disturbance, because the ship is connected fore and aft, from the forecastle to the engine room (and No. 3 gun) by a passage below the decks. The bridge also is accessible by means of a concealed passage, which gives the captain complete control. Very often, you are told, it has been necessary to wait for several hours before the torpedo has been fired from the U-boat, and in such circumstances the captain finds it convenient "to go round and see how everybody is getting on." The boat is in exactly the same condition as if she were at work, save that lights have been put in to show the guns. Visitors, as they make the marvelous tour, should summon a little imagination to put themselves in the places of the men on watch, in a "panic" party, and at the guns.

The Canadian St. Andrews.

(1) On the Golf Links at St. Andrew's, New Brunswick.
(2) Picture of a statue of St. Andrew erected on one of the local church walls. On the head is a robin's nest.
(3) Residence of Lord Shaughnessy at St. Andrew's.

NEARLY everybody knows that golf was first played by the Scotch. A veteran devotee of the game, once said that Scotland's greatest contribution towards the welfare of mankind was the royal and ancient game.

Saint Andrew's By the Sea, New Brunswick, called after the patron saint of Scotland, is the home of many families of Scotch descent, and it is appropriate that the spot thus named should be possessed of golf courses as fine as any in the world. It is not exactly known when golf was first played at St. Andrew's, but the Algonquin Club came into existence in 1890. A club was firmly established here in 1895, and now St. Andrew's has the reputation of being the "Mecca of Golf." Hundreds of visitors from Canada and the United States flock hither annually and enjoy the glorious sport.

Golf is an invigorating game anywhere, but it is most delightful when played along the sea. At St. Andrew's there are two courses, a nine hole course 2,500 yards long and an eighteen hole course 6,000 yards long. Both overlook the sea, and are clad in a firm sward of velvet green. While resting on the course you can enjoy the view of the sea beneath, dotted with sailing vessels and motor boats, and little row boats that glide serenely over the waves. From the golf links you may watch the fishermen catch millions of sardines in their weirs that are set a few hundred yards, or less, from the shore. And old men and old women may often be seen gathering shell fish on the beach. It is a delight to listen to the continuous panting of the waves that expire on the red-tipped land—for the coast line is made of rocks and sand of rich deep red; and looking on it one might fancy that here in prehistoric times some great sea monster was killed and dyed the place with his blood. When a game of golf is ended it is pleasant to sit on one of these red rocks, or gather bunches of the lovely New Brunswick wild roses from the hedges, or rich bouquets of blue lilies in the marshy meadows. In July the fields are laden with a wealth of wild strawberries that tempt many to go berry gathering.

The climate of St. Andrew's makes the place an excellent holiday resort. The skies are seldom clouded, and the heat of the sun is tempered by the cool breezes of Passamaquoddy Bay. The most pleasant golf is not all golf; a congenial atmosphere and environment are half the delights of the game, and the various other attractions at St. Andrew's are unique. The club house on the golf grounds is equipped with all modern conveniences; you may play tennis on the admirable grounds at the Algonquin Hotel. You may ride in a motor boat to Deer Island, you may hire a row boat, or bathe in the tranquil waters of Katie's Cove; and a game of bowling on the bowling green is a joyous pastime.

The late Sir William Van Horne, one of the presidents of the Canadian Pacific Railway, built a beautiful residence on an island in Passamaquoddy Bay, and his family still lives there in the summer season. Lord Shaughnessy, the Chairman of the C. P. R. Board of Directors, makes his summer home at Fort Tipperary, St. Andrew's, and takes a special interest in the progress of the place.

At St. Andrew's there is splendid sea fishing, and a lake near at hand furnishes some of the best bass fishing in Canada. And should the weather ever be rainy the Algonquin Hotel supplies bowling alleys, pool tables, English and French billiard tables, and a beautiful large casino for dancing. Those who make St. Andrew's by the Sea their holiday resort once will do so a second time, for when you go away from it there is an allurement about the place that brings you back again.

CLOCKS STRIKE AGAIN.

Another of the Wartime Bans Removed.

Perhaps in no instance was the great release brought about by the signing of the armistice, more immediately signalized in London than in the quick removal of the ban on the striking of the clocks in its many towers, steeples and public buildings, says the Christian Science Monitor. For four long years and more the bells had been silent, and although London needed nothing in armistice week, and, indeed has needed nothing since, to remind it that the fighting was over, yet it is to be imagined that, during the last few weeks, many thousands of citizens have hailed the sound of some well-known clock striking again with a special warmth and gratitude.

Not that, in these past years, London has ever been at a loss to know the time. Never, indeed, in the course of its long history has it been so well supplied in this respect as in these days of wrist watches; but London has an obstinate attachment for its institutions, and one of London's institutions is its bells. Its church clocks, picking up the hour from one another, now near and now far away, with, maybe, the boom of Big Ben as a kind of hum note in the distance. It is an attachment stretching a long way back into history, for, indeed, there was a time when London, like most other cities, was largely dependent upon its church bells to inform it as to the hour of the day or night. As far back as the days of Alfred the Great the two ideas of a bell and a clock were so closely connected that Alfred, in making a translation of a passage in which the Venerable Bede speaks of campana, renders the word clugan, or clock.

The clock, however, which recorded the hours by striking a bell was a comparatively late invention, dating, in England at any rate, from about the fourteenth century; whilst for centuries before that time the ringing of the church bells had recorded certain hours of the day. Wherever there was an abbey, for instance, the bell rang out every three hours, and in many towns and villages special bells were rung at certain times of the year or on certain days of the week. Thus there was the famous "Washerwomen's bell" at Nottingham, rung at four o'clock in the morning to rouse the washerwomen to work; the seeding bell, the harvest bell, the gleaning bell, and so on, rung in many different places. But the best-known bell in London, as elsewhere, was, of course, the curfew. The formal act of William the Conqueror was repealed by his son, Henry I.; but, for centuries, the curfew was rung, as a matter of course, in London as in other towns and villages, and is still rung in many places. The usual time was eight o'clock, but in London and other large towns it was often rung at nine. And Bow Church rang the curfew for the City, whilst St. Bride's and St. Giles' also were authorities as to the hour for closing in their districts.

Then, as time went on, the custom of having a certain bell rung in a certain district to mark the time for beginning or ending the day's work became a recognized practice. There was, for instance, a certain Mr. Doune, a wealthy mercer and citizen of London, who bequeathed two tenements in Bow Lane that their rents might pay for the daily ringing of "the tenor of Bow bells" as a signal of this kind to the apprentices of London. The bell was rung at six in the morning and eight in the evening, and the story goes, according to one authority, that the London 'prentices, having good cause to complain of the clerk's carelessness in the performance of his duty, sent to him the following warning:

Clerk of Bow bell,
With thy yellow locks,
For thy late ringing
Thy head shall have knocks.

To which the offending clerk hastened to reply in the words of the utmost conciliation:

Children of Cheap,
Hold you all still,
For you shall hear the Bow bell
Rung at your will.

As, however, public clocks became more common, the ringing of special bells fell more and more into disuse, and then, as "grandfather" clocks and watches became more plentiful, people, especially in the great cities, became less dependent on the public clocks. In London, however, as elsewhere, the striking of the clocks in tower and steeple was ever a welcome and convenient sound, and London to-day counts it amongst the greatest of her smaller blessings that they are striking again.

Bank-Note Engravers.

It is said that there are scarcely more than 100 men in the whole world who are trained to be expert bank-note engravers.

Unhappiness in Power.

Power is detested, and miserable is the life of him who wishes rather to be feared than to be loved.—Nepos.

Daily Thought.

We often do more good by our sympathy than by our labors.—Canon Farrar.

Children of Great Men.

Shakespeare had children from whom the world never heard. So it was with Dickens. None of his children came anywhere near his standard. Owen Meredith was a mediocre writer as compared with his father, Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton. Lytton, while a very voluminous writer, was also strong and fine at all times. Alexander Dumas fils could not at any time compare with Dumas the elder. Nathaniel Hawthorne was head and shoulders above his son, Julian, in the power to produce books worth while.

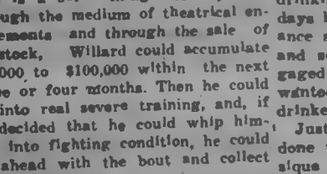
Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-562

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock. PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

BY COLLY-JIGGS-I HAVEN'T SEEN YOU SINCE THE DAYS YOU WUZ POOR-
YES AND I HAVEN'T HAD ANY FUN SINCE-
TELL ME-I'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO KNOW HOW YOU GOT SO RICH-
YOU REMEMBER-I WENT TO WORK FOR RYAN-THE RICHEST MAN IN TOWN
I KNOW-BUT HOW DID YOU GIT RICH? YOU DIDN'T WORK-
I COULDN'T HELP IT-
EVERY TIME HE MADE A MILLION DOLLARS-HE GAVE ME A DIME-
2-18

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS



TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . : Mgr

SOME SUSPICION EXISTS AS TO HEAVYWEIGHT BOUT

Willard Will Make Fortune Whether Match Goes Through or Not.

"Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey will clash in a titular bout in July," the news despatches say. Probably they will—but there is a possibility that they won't. The old saying about there are many slips between the 'mustache region and the foaming beverage holds good in pugilism as it does in everything else.

Some natives consider Willard a booh. He is—to a certain extent. But Willard is shrewd enough to recognize the splendid publicity acquired by agreeing to fight Dempsey. The articles doesn't mean that he has to go through with the fight. Just the same, while the match is "on," Jess can gather together many shekels through press agenting.

Already the fact that Willard has agreed to fight again has aroused the interest in his oil schemes. A clever bit of publicity work could be engineered—if Willard so willed—and some of the stock could be sold. Furthermore, Willard, having been pushed back into the spotlight, doesn't lack offers to go on the vaudeville stage. He could command headline prices.

It is a safe thing to say that through the medium of theatrical engagements and through the sale of oil stock, Willard could accumulate $75,000 to $100,000 within the next three or four months. Then he could go into real severe training, and, if he decided that he could whip himself into fighting condition, he could go ahead with the bout and collect Rickard's $100,000.

But when Willard learns about the first of June that he had skidded so far from his once-time wonderful physical shape that he couldn't put up a satisfactory bout, what is there to prevent his slipping out of the match? He probably would have to sacrifice a $10,000 forfeit—in case he actually did post it—and meanwhile he would still retain the money received through theatrical ventures and sale of oil securities.

Fair enough, isn't it—from Willard's viewpoint?

Can Willard Get in Shape?

"Can Willard come back to anything near to his Havana form?" is the moot question of pugilism.

He can't—that's the answer. Idleness, added years and loose living—as far as an athlete's standards go—have made an indelible impress upon the champion. He can shear away some of the surplus fat—but he cannot shake off the years that are his. Nor can he regain the vitality that belongs to youth—and which Willard has lost.

"Willard is so earnest about his plans to get into shape that he already has quit drinking," asserted Rickard, soon after signing up the champion.

"Quit drinking"—get it. There you have an admission from Rickard that the great temperance orator has been drinking. If Willard had been drinking only occasionally Rickard would not have considered it worth while to comment upon the quitting. But when Rickard decided it was a bit of news to say that "Willard has quit drinking," isn't it safe to assume that Jess has been drinking considerably?

Not long ago a famous fight promoter from the Pacific coast, discussing Willard, said:

"I saw Jess before I came east. He was in a saloon—and he was drinking quite earnestly. A few days before a fellow of my acquaintance said he had been out with Jess and some others, and that they engaged in a drinking bout. They wanted to see who was the champion drinker. Jess won."

Just how much harm has been done to the powerful Willard physique and the once-time amazing endurance by the drink habit of the past few years is something that Willard better can determine when he buries himself with conditioning work.

"How much does Willard weigh at the present time?" is another big question.

"Over 300," said Jimmy Coffroth. not so long ago. And Jimmy is good at guessing the weights in pugdom.

"Around 270—and he'll train off nearly 40 of that," is the statement attributed to Walter Monohan, former Willard trainer.

Willard's Weight.

Any intimation that Willard will go into the battle in July beaming less than 260 must be regarded in the light of an absurdity. The chances are that Willard will beam 265 or 270, no matter how hard he trains.

Willard was drawn as fine as a needle when he met Jack Johnson in Havana. His condition was superb. There wasn't an ounce of extra bulk on his whole frame. Yet when he stepped onto the scales that day his true and accurate weight was 247 pounds—and not 238, as Jack Curley announced.

Nearly a year later Jess took on Frank Moran in New York. Even though Jess had continued in light training through 1915 and worked hard to condition himself for two months before the Moran clash, he notched 259 when the gong sent him into action against the blonde Pittsburger.

And now some folks are attempting to make the hoi polloi believe that Willard will weigh only 230 or 240 for Dempsey. It sounds just as plausible as would a statement that Mike Gibbons will make the bantamweight limit for Pete Herman.

Meanwhile, it doesn't behoove anyone to get too excited about the billed Jess Willard-Jack Dempsey match. It may be "pulled off"—and it may not.

Bankers Win From The Lawn Bowler

In the opening game of the Five Pin League at the Water street alleys the Bankers won two games from the Lawn Bowlers. Some good scores were piled up. Walton and Elliott were high for the latter team with 623 and 591 for totals. For the Bankers, Cranfield and Hayes had 586 and 543 for totals. High singles were: Elliott, 273, Hayes 256. The scores were as follows:

Lawn Bowlers

Hair	106	202	149—	457
Pratt	171	120	162—	453
Walton	209	209	205—	623
Elliott	176	273	142—	591
Maynard	113	133	193—	459
	795	937	851—	2583

Bankers

Hayes	256	149	138	543
H. Cranfield	212	201	173	586
Ivey	165	92	198—	455
B. Cranfield	148	140	180—	468
Riley	124	153	173—	460
	905	735	862—	2502

Tonight Turnbulls play the Matthews-Blackwell.

Bowmanville Will Enter New League

Manager Solomon has received a letter informing him that a team from Bowmanville will be organized to enter the Midland Baseball League. This leaves only Oshawa and Cobourg to hear from. If these two towns enter teams, the league will be complete with Peterborough, Lindsay, Cobourg, Oshawa, Bowmanville and Port Hope as members.

Hon. Mr. Macdiarmid promised his support to the county good roads movement.

DOG SHOW AT WESTMINSTER

FRANK F. DOLE WRITES ENTERTAININGLY OF THE PETS HE SAW THEREON EXHIBITION.

(By Frank F. Dole.)

The first Westminster Kennel club show that I attended was in 1885, and I have only missed one show since that date. There are only a few of the old guard left; in fact, the only people that I remember seeing at the 1885 show and saw again last week at the 1919 show were W. T. Payne of Kingston, Pa., and the well known handler, B. S. Lewis of Lansdowne, Pa. These two old exhibitors are still showing dogs and are as active as they were in 1885.

The man who was most missed at the recent show and has been since his death three years ago is the late James Mortimer, who for thirty years was the superintendent of these exhibitions. The show has never been quite the same since Mr. Mortimer passed on, though the present superintendent, George W. Gall, was an understudy for Mr. Mortimer for twenty years

Mr. Mortimer was a man who judged dogs from coast to coast, and was known by ever dog lover and exhibitor. He had a magnetic personality, and to that I attribute a great deal of his success as a judge and superintendent of shows.

What impressed me most of the late show was the improvement in the American bred dog. Heretofore, several months before a New York show every champion dog in England of any breed was sought by American buyers. But this year, as England was quite out of dogs on account of the war, the American and Canadian breeders brought north their home bred stock, and it was a great tribute to their breeding to find such a wealth of prize winners and excellent dogs among the American and Canadian champions. I even think that the Canadians deserve more credit than the American breeders, for the reason that the war has hit them a great deal harder than it has us.

A great many of the breeds have improved since the old days and some of them have gone back. J. Wilby Mitchell, one of the judges at the late show, made this prediction:

"In ten years the show will be confined to twenty-five or thirty breeds of dogs and all other breeds will be thrown into what is known as the miscellaneous class." I hardly think that this will come to pass, but I believe the prophecy should be given serious consideration by the powers in the dog world.

The breed that has shown the most rapid improvement is the wire haired fox terrier. When I first attended the Westminster Kennel club show no wire haired fox terrier was ever seen. At that time they had just begun importing the smooth haired fox terrier from England and the competition was not strong. But it is no wonder that the wire haired fox terriers have come on so fast as up to this year every good fox terrier that has appeared in England has been purchased by the Yankee buyers.

Out of the wealth of this magnificant blood anad breeding with clever men like G. S. Thomas to knick the different dogs so that they would produce the best results, America now can go anywhere and win., The wonderful success of the wire haired fox terrier bitch Gallaich Gip, owned by Maj. Herbert Hughes of Detroit, illustrates the point. This youngster went from puppies to winners and was judged the best fox terrier in the show, defeating a lot of champions, smooth and wire.

Collies also were a splendid lot and the three first winning puppy bitches, which was the best puppy class ever seen at the New York show, were three litter sisters, 10 months old, owned by the Alstead kennels of Rahway, N. J.

The American dog, the Boston terrier, had the largest entry of any breed in the show. There were more of these dogs sold than of any other breed. If some of the prosperous purchasers of Boston terriers who write to kennels, asking for perfect marking, but do not want to pay over $25, could have seen some of the Boston terriers that sold at from $500 to $1,000 they would realize why their letters have not been answered.

This is the victory years and I want to predict that dogs are going better this year than ever before. My advice to my readers is to buy a thoroughbred dog of good breed, from a reliable kennel, bring him up like a child and do not expect him to thrive if he is tied up in the back yard without any attention. Treat the dog as you would like to be treated yourself. Remember the dog is man's most faithful friend and has been since he entered Noah's ark. I am for a good dog and for his advancement, no matter what breed, and I want to see a good dog in every American home

The special for the best dog in the show was won by the Airedale terrier, Briergate Bright Beauty, owned by Mrs. A. M. Davis, St. Louis, Mo. She is a high class animal, perfect in size and conformation, though on this occasion she did not show in her usual spirited manner. The bull terrier Haymarket Faultless, which was champion last year, was not in as good form as then, having thickened a bit in cheeks and shoulders. The dog in my estimation which should have won on the day was the Pekinese champion, Phantom of Ashcroft, a midget among giants, who outshowed every dog in the class.

Geo. W. Taylor, formerly editor of papers in Chatham, Hamilton, Wallaceburg and elsewhere, died in San Diego of shock from a motoring accident.

The Farmers' Publishing Company has acquired control of The Farmers' Sun.

Creamery Factory Wins The Shield

RESULT OF THE BOWLING CONTESTS IN THE DE LAVAL LEAGUE.

The Separator Factory and the Creamery Factory met in the final game of the De Laval Bowling League on Saturday, February 1st, at the Water Street Bowling Alleys. The result was a straight win of three games for the Creamery Factory. Scores were as follows:

Creamery Factory				
Rutter	185	179	171	—535
Byers	182	146	189	—517
MacDonald	140	126	140	—406
Downing	149	165	151	—465
Carter	139	189	153	—481
	795	805	804	—2404
Separator Factory				
Garrow	152	135	161	—448
Armstrong	86	162	112	—360
French	131	172	156	—459
Johnston	128	124	86	—338
Dummy	125			
Barrette		186		
Dummy			125	—436
	622	779	640	—2041

The final standing and averages of the teams and players is as follows:

Standing	Played	Won	Lost
Creamery Factory	12	10	2
Office	12	7	5
Separator factory	12	1	11

Games played		Average
Byers	12	174
W. Fitzgerald	12	168
Barrette	7	163
Rutter	9	160
A. Fitzgerald	12	159
Carter	12	158
Hill	12	157
Downing	12	148
Garrow	12	147
French	12	144
Armstrong	12	143
MacDonald	9	137
Duggan	6	135
Williamson	6	134
Robinson	12	133
Pitchford	3	129
Johnson	2	112
Finley	1	110
Webster	2	105

The Creamery Factory being the winners of the league were presented with the beautiful shield by Mr. Breyfogle.

The shield is one and a half feet in diameter consisting of a solid oak backing. The centre of the shield bears a smaller shield in bronze finish and in itself bears the design of a bowler in the act of playing the ball and over the design is engraved the "De Laval Bowling League." Grouped around the outside of this shield are name plates on which are to be engraved the names of the winners.

This shield is to be won three times in succession before the wining team permanently holds it.

The teams and the individual players are deeply indebted to Mr. Breyfogle for this shield and the interest and enthusiasm shown are the results of the above prize.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal.....10.00 per ton

Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD

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Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Mill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Boxe and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Plain and Mill Wyed.

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In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

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Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

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367 George St. Next Turnbull's

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TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard an Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
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Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

KNOX CHURCH CHOIR

A full rehearsal of Knox Church choir will be held tonight at 8 o'clock.

SAVE YOUR OLD PAPERS.

The Ladies' Aid of George Street Methodist Church intend collecting magazines and newspapers the last week in April.

WANTED AT ONCE

Route boy for route south to Reynolds street. Apply at once, Review.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WANTED AT ONCE

Boy for route in north end of city. Apply Review.

INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

A meeting of the members and prospective members will take place at the Labor Hall, March 6th, at 8 p.m., Thursday. Election of permanent officers for the party. A debate will take place between two members of the organization, on the 40 hour week and minimum wage, its economic and political effect on the community. Questions invited.

T. TOOMS, Sec.

KING-JARVIS RECITAL

Considerable interest is centred in the King-Jarvis Recital in the Trinity Church Sunday School, Charlotte street tonight at 8 o'clock. Such vocal combinations as that of Mrs. Geo. H. King, soprano, and Mr. Harold Jarvis, tenor, will offer a program which must be recognised as the music event of the season.

NOTICE

The regular monthly meeting of the Peter Robinson Chapter I.O.D.E. will be held in the Public Library, Friday, March 7th, at 7.30 o'clock. Annual fees due.

CHIMNEY FIRE.

This mornig at 9:25 o'clock the fire brigade was called to a chimney fire at the residence of Mrs. Ahraen, 223 Antrim street. No damage resulted.

DR. McGRATH'S FUNERAL

The funeral of the late Dr. McGrath will take place Friday morning at 8.30 to St. Peter's Church and Cemetery.

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

The Temple songsters are requested to meet this evening at 7 o'clock sharp.

4th ATTRACTION REDPATH LYCEUM COURSE

The fourth concert of the Redpath Lyceum series will be given in the Conservatory of Music Hall, on Monday evening next, March 10th. The attraction will be the Montague Light Opera Singers.

REVIVAL AT ST. JAMES CHURCH

Services Will be Held for Two Weeks Beginning Sunday

A two weeks evangelistic campaign will be held in St. James Methodist Church, commencing, Sunday, March 9th, the speakers during the weeknight services will be:

Monday, March 10th—Rev. A. J. Thomas.
Tuesday—Rev. W. T. Wickett
Wednesday—Rev. W. H. Higgs.
Thursday—Rev. F. E. Malott.
Friday—Rev. R. Pogue.
Monday, March 17th—Rev. W. H. Higgs.
Tuesday—Rev. A. J. Thomas.
Wednesday—P. H. Neville.
Thursday—F. E. Malott.
Friday—A. J. Thomas.

Song service at 7.45. Bright singing. Practical Preaching.

Warm welcome. Come and bring a friend. "We will do thee good for the Lord hath spoken good concerning Israel."

GREATRIX, Pastor

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss J. Horsfield has returned after attending millinery openings in Toronto.

Miss Vima Zealand is back with Miss Horsfield after spending a month in Toronto preparing for the coming season.

Miss Dolby has returned from Toronto and has accepted a position with Miss McGiverin for the coming season.

Mrs. Wm. Barton, 202 Perry Street returned from Burketon, Ont., where she has been attending the wedding of her niece, Miss E. Bradburn.

OBITUARY

J. N. MANN

J. N. Mann passed away yesterday evening between 5 and 6 o'clock quite suddenly as a result of heart failure, at his home, 217 Westcott street, aged 59 years and 7 months.

Deceased was born in the township of Smith and married Margaret Young, daughter of Mr. Thos. Young of Charlotte street, who at that time was a resident of Smith.

Thirteen years ago the late Mr. Mann moved to Peterborough and had been employed in the sash and door department of the McDonald Co. ever since. For the past few years he had not enjoyed the best of health, but his sudden death yesterday was most unexpected.

In addition to his wife he leaves an adopted daughter, Mrs. Geo. E. Dryland.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the late residence of the deceased, 217 Westcott street, to Little Lake Cemetery, Rev. Benj. Greatrix conducting the services.

PRESENTED WITH PARLOR CHAIRS

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE SHIELDS HONORED BY THEIR NEIGHBORS.

Franklin, March 6.—On Friday evening, February 28th, a large number of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. George Shield gathered at their home at Franklin to bid them farewell before leaving for their new residence near Peterborough. To show the high esteem in which they were held they were made the recipients of two beautiful parlor chairs, accompanied by the following address, which was read by Mr. Maxwell Sandy, the presentation being made by Mr. Howard Windrem:

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Shield:

It is with mingled feelings of regret and pleasure that we have assembled together this evening, regret that we are soon to lose you and Jim from our midst. We have come not only to spend a pleasant evening but to show as best we can our appreciation of the part you have taken in the life of this community during the years you have spent with us. Those of us who know you best have found you splendid neighbors, ever willing to lend a helping hand, and possessed of that spirit of kindness and thoughtfulness that has given you a permanent place in our high regard. Hence we take this opportunity to present you with these chairs, not for their intrinsic value, but as a token of our love and good wishes. We trust that, whatever ups and downs life's calendar may have marked out for you, this gift may serve as a link between the past and the future.

As the time draws near when the pleasant associations of the past must be severed, we assure you each and all that our sincere desire is that the future has many good things in store for you and that happiness and prosperity may follow your footsteps where'er you go.

Signed on behalf of your friends and neighbors,

MAXWELL SANDY,
HOWARD WINDREM.

Though taken completely by surprise, Mr. and Mrs. Shield both made very suitable replies, expressing their appreciation of the kindness shown them, after which a dainty lunch was served and a most enjoyable evening spent in cards and dancing.

NOTICE

Court Peterboro No. 29, Canadian Order of Foresters will hold their regular meeting Friday evening, March 7th, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present to discuss matters of importance.

PROTESTANT BISHOPS ASK POPE TO UNITE CHURCHES

Commission of Three Has Left for Rome to Urge League of Denominations of the World—Greeks and Russians Are to be Invited to Co-Operate.

New York, March 6.—As a climax to nine years of unremitting effort to bring the Christian churches together, Bishop Reginald Heber Weller yesterday announced the designation of a committee of three prelates of the Protestant Episcopal Church to wait upon Pope Benedict and solicit his co-operation. This will be the first time since the reign of Henry VIII that Anglican bishops will have supplicated the Holy See.

The announcement was made at the Church at St. Mary the Virgin, on Forty-Sixth Street. It was startling even to the communicants of that parish who have been taking an active part in the pan-Catholic movement.

Bishop Weller told of a plan to form a league of churches, whose organization will be patterned after the tentative covenant of the league of nations. The league is intended to embrace all the Catholics—Roman, Anglican, Russian and Greek and all Protestantism.

It is understood that Bishop Weller's proposal for a league of churches involves no surrender of autonomy on the part of any bodies represented. It is expected to result in many administrative readjustments and to effect economies in missionary effort.

Protestant Episcopalians even in the so-called Catholic party see nothing in the proposed visit to the Pope of an ultimate recognition of his authority as the vicar of Christ on earth or per se as the titular head of all Christian churches.

The personnel of the commission will be as follows:

Bishop Weller, of the Diocese of Fond du Lac, Wis., acknowledged leader of the high church party in the United States.

The Right Rev. Charles Anderson, Bishop of Chicago.

The Right Rev. Boyd Vincent Bishop of Southern Ohio.

Speak for Anglican Church

The three bishops will represent the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country. In addition, it was learned last night, they will present the views of ranking prelates of the Church of England with their express approval. Also they will speak informally for several Protestant denominations.

The commission sailed today on the Acquitania.

The movement for a league of churches antedates by several years the proposal for a league of nations. The visit to the Pope was projected long before the outbreak of the war, but the plans had to be abandoned.

Now it is purposed to have the commission visit the ranking clergy of the Greek and Russian churches and to enlist their co-operation. It is expected that Bishop Charles H. Brent of Western New York now acting as senior headquarters chaplain of the American Expeditionary Forces, will accompany the delegation to the Pope and to the Petriarch of the Greek Church as well as to the head of the Holy Russian Church. He will make clear the capacity of churches for working side by side of widely differing politics. His statements will be predicated on his experiences in the field.

The Real Object

A thorough reexamination of Christian belief is, according to Bishop Reginald Heber Weller, the immediate object sought by the Protestant Episcopal deputation which set out on the Acquitania today on the first stage of its mission to the Vatican and the Eastern church.

"The formation of a world league of Churches has been spoken of as our purpose," said Bishop Weller, who has been prominently identified with the movement for Christian unity since its inception in this country. "That, though, is not, strictly speaking, correct. Our immediate object is to call a conference of all the christian churches. Our hope is for an ultimate unity among them. But the form that such unity may take, the plan for its active initiation, rests with the conference to decide. Our duty is simply to see that the conference comes together that a basis for action is established."

The Final Obstacle

Alone among Christian sects, Bishop Weller said, the Roman Catholic Church and the Holy Eastern Church have thus far failed to accept invitations to a world conference. If the present mission can secure their co-operation, the last obstacle will have been removed.

"Already," said the Bishop, "in this country the Baptists, the Congregationalists, the Methodists, the Presbyterians, the Moravian Brethren, the Old Catholics of Europe, the Disciples of Christ, the Methodist Episcopalians, as well as other Protestant sects including Nonconformists throughout Great Britain and all English-speaking dominions of the British Empire are definitely committed to the world conference plan. It is true that certain factions among the Lutherans have so far held aloof, but I do not thing they will do so much longer. Certain other Lutheran bodies on the other hand, have agreed to join us.

"These sects already have appointed their commissions. These commissions are ready to attend a conference. Once we have secured the adhesion of the Catholic Churches, there remains only the task of appointing a time and place for the gathering and the work of sending out the announcements."

ST. JOHN'S CHORISTERS

St. John's choristers meet for practice in the Guild room tonight at 8 o'clock. Boys at 7.30.

SALE OF HOLSTEINS

Mr. M. G. Hutchinson of Cavan township, near Peterborough, who has one of the largest and best holstein herds in this section of the country has decided to change his line of farming, and will shortly have a big dispersion sale of his stock.

Is Charged With Killing His Son

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Kingston, March 6.—James Hartwick of Parham was today committed for trial on a charge of shooting and killing his own son while hunting in the bush. The son's wife today swore that her father-in-law had forced her to have improper relations with him and had told her that he had shot his son accidentally.

Local Readers Of Toronto Globe

Three Peterboro people are given an honored place in yesterday's 75th anniversary issue of the Toronto Globe. They are Mr. J. M. Costello, who himself or his parents, have read the Globe between 60 and 70 years Mrs. H. S. Rogers, 309 Park Street, whose family has subscribed to the Globe for at least Homewood Avenue who has the same record as Mrs. H. S. Rogers, fifty years, and Robert Hall, 507

City To Take Care Of Local Parks

At a meeting of the Railway Committee held last night specifications in connection with the contract to care for Victoria and Central Parks were considered and adopted. It was decided to advertise for tenders which were to close at 5 p.m. on the evening of March 15th.

Chairman Edgar was asked to arrange with Sir Adam Beck for an appointment when a delegation could discuss with him radial and street railway matters.

See Fordson Farm Tractor at Work

Th Duffus Garage is arranging to give a demonstration of the Fordson Farm Tractor grinding grain on the market square, Peterborough, Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock. Farmers and others are requested to see this demonstration, and also to visit the new Duffus Fireproof Garage.

Divisional Superintendent James Balkwell of the M. C. R. died suddenly on a train on his way to his home in St. Thomas.

BROTHERLY LOVE PROVED FAILURE

WHEN MEMBER OF FRATERNAL SOCIETY FELL BEHIND IN PAYMENT.

A masterly address was delivered last night in the Bethany Tablernacle by Mr. Armstrong, of Newark, N.J., one of the speakers who is taking part in the series of meetings being held in the church this week. Mr Armstrong took as his text the first five verses of the twelfth chapter of Romans, which he pointed out, make clear what are man's relationship to God, to himself, to the world and to the church. He showed that man having been saved by faith in Christ's antonement should give himself unreservedly to God. Not until this has been done will a believer know what the full power of God in his life will be able to accomplish for him.

Mr. Armstrong said that one of the reasons why Christian Endeavour Societies have monthly conservation meetings is because they do not consecrate themselves at all, as consecration is a giving of oneself up to God fully, once and for all God not only offers to save us from the guilt and penalty of sins that are past but to break the power over us of the daily sins that constantly beset us and over which we are powerless to obtain victory without God's aid. He said that on one occasion he belonged to a fraternal organization whose members called themselves brothers. One day one of the brothers fell ill. It was the duty of the organization to pay him some sick benefit dues but they found that he was thirteen weeks in arrears with his payments so their brotherly love ended there and they did not pay him anything. Later he died. His family was supposed to receive several hundred dollars in benefits, but their love for him was not quite sufficient to overcome the thirteen weeks in arrears on his payments, so they sent the family a wreath instead. Men libeled the brotherly love set forth in the Scriptures when they called themselves brothers and acted like that. True brotherly love is created by the indwelling Holy Spirit, and loves those in need no matter how unthankful and undeserving such people might be. This was the love that Christ showed when he died on the cross for a sinful world.

Tonight Mr. Garrison, a missionary on furlough from India, will give a missionary talk on "India."

REV. DR. DYDE TO LECTURE IN CITY

WILL ADDRESS MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION AT SPECIAL SESSION MARCH 17TH.

The Ministerial Association each year have one social evening when they invite their wives and a few friends to hear a speaker from some other city and to spend an hour in social intercourse.

This year the gathering will be held on March 17th. It is the turn of the Presbyterian body to supply the essayist and they have arranged to introduce Rev. Dr. Dyde, the principal of Queen's Theological College, Kingston, who will speak that evening on "The Philosophy of Forgiveness as seen in Shakespeare's Plays." The Ministers are to be congratulated on securing Dr. Dyde and on the subject which he has selected.

AT THE GRAND

The Pierrot Players put on an excellent entertainment at the Grand Opera House last night, the program being made up from the most successful musical productions before the public. The singing, in quartet, chorus or solo was all that the most exacting could ask for. A violinist and pianist on the stage furnished a steady offering of music during the play. One of the features of the performance was the work of Eugene Lockhart imitating the gestures of a politician in the throes of a speech.

There will be moving pictures and vaudeville at the Grand tonight and tomorrow, and Fiske O'Hara, the leading Irish comedian, will be here Saturday in a new play, "Marry in Haste."

FUNERAL OF INFANT

The funeral was held at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the residence of the parents, 238 Rubidge street, of Albert George Allport, the 4-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Allport. Rev. J. A. McKenzie conducted the services.

Navigation is opened at Brockville, the earliest on record.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY AND FRIDAY MATINEE DAILY 2.30 EVENING 7.30
Select Pictures Present
ALICE BRADY in 'The Death Dance'
BIG COMEDY HUBBY'S HOLIDAY
Special Vaudeville ZITA & CO.
Electric Posing Act
POPULAR 10c MATINEE EVENINGS 15c

ONE DAY ONLY SATURDAY MATINEE 2.15 EVENING 8.15
Augustus Piton Presents
THE GREAT IRISH TENOR
FISKE O'HARA
In the New Romantic Farce
"MARRY IN HASTE"
HEAR O'HARA SING ALL NEW SONGS
PRICES Matinee 75c 50c—25c Evening $1.00 75c 50c
SEATS ON SALE

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage

The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark pluge for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of car and in case a plug should go wrong, it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one. It is exceptionally well insolated and its mechanical construction is perfect, so much so that it is warranted to fire under any and all conditions.

TENDERS FOR Bridge Construction

Sealed Tenders Plainly Marked as to contents will be received by Alderman Harry Phelan, Chairman Board of Works, City Hall, Peterborough, Ontario, up to 5 O'CLOCK, P. M., of TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919, for the construction of a Reinforced Concrete Bridge of eleven arches with approaches, etc., over the Otonabee River at Hunter Street, Peterborough, Ontario.

Proposals will be considered either upon a lump sum basis or upon a cost plus a lump sum basis.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of R. H. Parrott, City Engineer, Peterborough, or at the office of the undersigned, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

FRANK BARBER,
Consulting Engineer.
Toronto, March 4, 1919.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemeng Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que

The greatest event of a hen's life is made up of an egg and a cackle.

TENDERS FOR CARE of PARKS

Sealed Tenders addressed "Ald. J. Edgar, Chairman Parks Committee," and endorsed "Tender for Parks," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m. on FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919, for the care of the Central, Victoria and other parks. Specifications may be procured at this office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening. Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, from $1,000 up; good Market Garden; good cheap farm for sale, 50 acres, with fruit, 3,600, close to city.

Let us insure your life, auto, house, tore, your life, or anything you have. t will pay you.

392 Water Street, South of Munro House

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$19.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage Peterborough ONTARIO

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fine and moderately cold today. Friday, easterly winds, becoming milder.

The Daily Review

5 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 56 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

Britain To Draft Troops For Service In Germany; Labor Opposes Measure

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—Captain F. E. Guest introduced a bill in the House of Commons yesterday which proposes compulsory service for the British army of occupation. This army, according to the bill, would be composed of 900,000 men and the enlistment period would expire on April 30, 1920. Alexander Shaw, Laborite, moved the rejection of the measure because the Labor party is opposed to a continuance of conscription.

Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill defending the bill, argued that the Government in providing for an army to insure peace pursuing a part toward universal voluntary service. The bill passed the second reading 304 to 71.

"There is not the slightest truth in the suggestion that this bill be designed to raise troops to be sent into Russia," said Churchill.

"No one would be so foolish as to suggest intervention in Russia with conscription troops. Our army along the Rhine and on the approaches leading up that river numbers about 430,000 men, which is no larger than the United States army there and much smaller than the forces France is maintaining in the occupied area."

Strong Company Buys Daily News

Toronto, March 7.—The Toronto Daily News has been purchased on behalf of a strong company, which will assume control immediately.

It is the intention to bring about a complete reorganization and publish a greatly improved paper.

Statements that have appeared in other newspapers to the effect that The News has been adquired by special interests are without foundation.

Mr. C. W. McDiarmid will be the General Manager of the new company.

Three Soldiers Arrive Tonight

Word was received by the city officials this morning that three returned soldiers for Peterborough left oMntreal on the 9.30 train and will, in all probability, arrive in this city tonight on the 5.30 G.T.R. train.

Germans Defeat The Bolsheviki

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—German troops on the Baltic coast have severely defeated the Bolsheviki and have recaptured Riga, according to a report received by telegraph.

Countess Elected To County Council

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—The Duchess of Marlborough was elected to the County Council yesterday from the north division of Southwark by a large majority over her opponent, a Labor candidate. She stood for election as a progressive.

Moderates Win In County Council

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—Complete returns from the elections to the London county council yesterday give the Moderates 68 seats, Progressives 40, Labor 15, and one independent.

Police Building Badly Damaged

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 7. — Police headquarters in Berlin, which has been besieged by Spartacans for two days, was cut off from all communication with the other government forces in the German capital late Thursday when the Spartacans cut the telephone wires. The police headquarters building has been damaged severely in heavy fighting, the Spartacans having used machine guns and artillery against it.

Major-General Guglielmotti, of Toronto pleaded the cause of Italy against the Jugo-Slavs.

Strike in Berlin May Be Ended Today

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—A German wireless despatch received here states that in addition to a volunteer marine division and a portion of the Republican Militia, parts of the Second Guards Regiment and the Guards Fusiliers Regiment went over to the Spartacans on Wednesday. Owing to a strike of printers and compositors, the Wolff Bureau is said to be unable to circulate its printed bulletins.

A Berlin despatch to The Mail sent from there Wednesday at midnight asserted that it was reported in Government circles that as a result of a compromise reached at Weimar, the strike might end today.

Ebert Refuses To Accept Resignation

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, March 7.—Chancellor Scheidemann has handed his resignation to President Ebert to enable the president to have a free hand to deal with the present Spartacans. Ebert declined to accept the resignation and requested Scheidemann and the Cabinet to remain in office.

Millions For The British Navy

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—The British naval estimates, issued last night, provide for a personnel of 280,000 and a total expenditure for the year of $746,000,000. This sum includes $40,000,000 for shipbuilding, repairs and maintenance.

DOWN ON BETTING.

Social Service Workers Will Appeal to Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 7. — A delegation from the Social Service Council of Canada is expected in Ottawa today to protest against the discontinuance of the restrictions on race track betting. By an order-in-Council passed under the War Measures Act, betting was prohibited during the war period. As the War Measures Act will itself expire on the conclusion of peace, however, the order-in-Council will cease to be valid, unless continued by further legislation.

Wider Tires For Farmers' Wagons

At the session of the Good Roads Convention in Toronto yesterday the advisability of enforcing legislation to compel drivers of vehicles to increase the width of their tires was considered, and a recommendation will in all probability be made to the Legislature.

This question was discussed at the last meeting of the Peterborough County Council and a resolution urging the Provincial Government to move in this connection was carried and a copy forwarded to the Department and to other councils for endorsation.

GERMANY REFUSES ALLIES' DEMAND

NEGOTIATIONS WITH REGARD TO MERCHANT FLEET ARE BROKEN OFF.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 7.—Negotiations at Spa relating to shipping questions have been temporarily broken off, according to a German wireless message received her today.

The Allies, the message says, demanded that all remaining German merchant ships be handed over unconditionally, without being willing to undertake the obligation of supplying Germany with foodstuffs. The German delegates, it is added, received instructions from the government that the questions of shipping, finance and food must be dealt with only as a whole.

GIVE UP THOSE GUILTY OF WAR

CLAUSE IN TREATY OF PEACE WILL PROVIDE FOR THIS.

Paris, March 7.—The report of the Commission on Responsibility for the War, now nearly finished, contains a mass of evidence of startling character, incriminating German generals and other high officials, both civil and military, on specific charges of atrocious cruelty and crimes of every description.

The conclusive nature of this evidence is felt to warrant the proposed inclusion in the preliminary peace demands for guarantees that the individuals incriminated shall be at the disposal of the Entente as already mentioned. It is understood that no names are mentioned, but it is intended to draft a comprehensive clause which will include all the alleged criminals within its purview.

It is proposed that these shall be made amenable to jurisdiction, but if for any reason they should escape trial, then the whole evidence affecting them will be published to the world.

The Committee on Responsibility for the War follows:

Robert Lansing, United States, chairman; Sir Gordon Howart, Great Britain; Capt. Andre Tardieu and Ferdinand Lernaude, France; Vittorio and Deputy Raimondo, Italy.

CASE IN PROGRESS.

L. Forbert, of Lindsay, whose case has been remanded upon two occasions, is before Acting Police Magistrate Rush this afternoon charged with having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act. Mr. Jos. Wearing is conducting the young man's defence.

EX-CONSTABLE IN JAIL.

Toronto Man Convicted of Stealing a Box of Cigars.

Toronto, March 7.—For stealing a box of cigars from Wm. Davenport, Gordon Ellis, formerly of the Toronto police force and prominent as an organizer of the Policemen's Union, was convicted and sentenced to five days in jail by Magistrate Kingsford in yesterday's police court. The magistrate said he had come to the conclusion that the evidence of Archie McPherson, who claimed to have seen him steal the box of cigars, was correct, as no amount of cross-examining had shaken his testimony.

Since the dismissal from the police force last August, Ellis has been employed by the Canadian Transfer Co. as a truck driver, and it was while carrying some trunks to the Union Station that he is alleged to have stolen the cigars from the seat of a truck where they had been left by Wm. Davenport.

NEXT YEAR AT ORILLIA.

Woodstock, March 7.—The annual convention of the Orange Grand Lodge, which has been in session here for the past two days, came to a close last night. Orillia will have the convention of the 1920 gathering of Orangemen. St. Catharines, Brantford and Owen Sound were also in the running.

SENATOR LODGE ON THE LEAGUE

ALL HE ASKS IS FREE DISCUSSION ON MOMENTOUS MEASURE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Boston, March 7.—The position of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge on the proposed League of Nations and its constitutions is outlined in a signed statement made public here today.

"My desires," Senator Lodge said, "is simply to have constitution for the League, proposed by a commission of the Peace Conference, thoroughly and carefully discussed and considered. If it will not bear discussion it is not fit for adoption. If it is what it ought to be, discussion will only strengthen it. There must be no haste and no rashness in determining the most momentous question ever presented to the people of the United States or to the world."

Money Rolls Into State Treasury

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, March 7.—Heavy revenues continue to roll into the Finance Department. For the eleven months concluding with the end of February current revenues totalled two hundred and seventy-two millions, being an increase over the previous year's corresponding months of forty-two millions. February's revenue was two and one-half millions over that of February 1918. The Dominion's budget estimate for the year, two hundred and seventy millions, has already been exceeded.

NO WORD OF DELAY.

Princess Pats Are Now Likely on the Way Home.

Ottawa, March 7.—The Militia Department has received no official confirmation of the press despatch from London stating that the return of the Princess Pats to Canada has been postponed for a week owing to a lack of transports. According to advice received at the department, the Pats should now be on their way across, having sailed on Wednesday. It is possible, however, that there has been a delay, and that the official advice is slow in coming. The militia authorities have cabled for information on the matter and will probaly know definitely today.

ANNUAL MEETING IS POSTPONED

NEW HOME FOR BOARD OF TRADE NOT YET READY.

President J. J. Turner announces that the annual meeting of the Board of Trade, usually held the second Tuesday in March, will be postponed until a later date owing to the new rooms not being ready for occupation at the present time. These rooms now being decorated and furnished, are to become the common meeting place of the several sections and of various conferences relating to the city's social and material welfare.

As soon as everything is in readiness, announcement will be made of the date of the annual meeting for the election of officers and such other business as is usually transacted.

MADE NUISANCE OF HIMSELF

Russian Annoyed Ladies on the Street Last Night

Stephen Ytazker, a Russian, appeared in police court this morning before Mr. H. Rush, the acting police magistrate, charged with making a nuisance of himself last night upon the streets.

He frightened several young ladies whom he followed some distance and who were bound for the theatre last evening and made himself conspicuous in other ways. He finally attracted the attention of the police with the result that he was relieved of $10 and 4.10 costs by order of the court this morning.

THREE ALLIES ARE UNABLE TO AGREE

BRITAIN, FRANCE AND UNITED STATES DIFFER ON MILITARY CONDITIONS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 7.—Premier Lloyd George, Premier Clemenceau, and Col. E. M. House conferred for an hour before the meeting of the Supreme Council today in an effort to try to iron out the difference of the three nations over the military, naval and economic questions connected with the preliminary peace terms. The army and navy experts of several countries, it is said, have been unable to agree on terms.

CHAPLAIN URGES CHURCH UNION

MEN WHO FOUGHT FOR ONE CAUSE SHOULD WORSHIP TOGETHER.

St. Thomas, March 7.—Capt. Rev. Lawrence Skey, pastor of St. Anne's Church, Toronto, made a strong appeal for one strong Canadian Protestant Church in Canada in concluding his address to the Waterloo County Canadian Club here. He stated that one of the lessons he learned overseas was that it was possible for men of all denominations to fight for the same cause and he saw no reasons why these denominations in Canada could not sink their theological differences and work for a common end in solving the problems confroniing the Canadian people. He maintained that to bring this about was the job of the business men when they attended their respective congresses, synods and conferences, and also admitted that there would have to be a good many first-class funerals before the Church forces would finally be brought together.

LIGHT IN WINDOW; LARDER IS EMPTY

RED MICHAEL TREATS AS JOKE LEADERS INVITATION TO RETURN.

Ottawa, March 7.—The floor and gallery of the House of Commons were filled yesterday with members and spectators eager to hear the speech of Dr. Michael Clark, Unionist member for Red Deer, in the debate on the address. Dr. Clark is in the foremost rank of parliamentary orators and there was much curiosity as to the position he would take; the former Liberal and the most outspoken free trade member from the West. The tariff issue is becoming every day more acute, and the Opposition hope by skilfully using this issue to drive a wedge between the eastern and the western supporters of the Union Government.

They received, however, but little satisfaction from the eloquent member for Red Deer. Dr. Clark treated jocosely the invitation from the new leader of the Opposition to the Liberal-Unionist to return to the party fold. He can see the light in the kitchen window, but only an empty larder within. The Liberal party, led by Judge McKenzie, had, in Dr. Clark's opinion, nothing to offer in the way of constructive principles. Their professions of free trade principles made no appeal to the member for Red Deer, who found that the Liberals in the past had preached free trade when out of office and had practised protection when in power.

Warns Regarding Tariff.

At the same time Dr. Clark warned the Government that the tariff issue must be dealt with and should be fully discussed on the floor of Parliament. Building houses and constructing highways were mere palliatives. The Government, in his opinion, must go deeper and deal with the fiscal policy of the country.

Reorganization of administration was discussed at the Board of Education meeting in Toronto.

Hydro-electric power generated at Seymour Falls was turned on yesterday afternoon at Picton.

High Salaried Positions For Returned Soldiers Capable Of Qualifying

Capt. Morrison in charge of the interests of the Dominion Governments repatriation work in connection with the local employment bureau has received a list of positions with salaries quoted from the department at Ottawa.

He states that he is quite aware that by no means every man could fill these positions, but in case there are those in the city who feel that they could qualify for one of them he has sent away for the special forms to be used in applying for them.

Both Mr. Hugh Robertson, the superintend of the local branch under the Provincial Government, and Capt. Morrison have been busy for the past week. The farmers are making application for help and on Saturday there will be a meeting staged at the office on Charlotte street between the farmers and the prospectives.

A list of the positions offered in the list received this morning by Capt. Morrison is as follows:

Motion picture editor, salary $2400 yearly.

Assistant account, salary $1800.

Assistant Editor for Department of Agriculture, salary $1800.

Editorial assistant, Bureau of Statistics, salary $1700.

Assistant chemist, salary $1600.

Indian agent, salary $1200.

Commissioner of Immigration, $2500.

Sub-trade Commissioner, $1200.

Engineering clerk, $90 per month.

Assistant Live Stock Commissioner, $3000 a year.

A timber scaler, $2000.

An observer for the Dominion Observatory, $1700.

Assistant to chief clerk of Files and Record Department, $1600.

Assistant to superintendent, Experimental Farm Station, $1200.

Superintendent of penitentiaries, $4000.

A heating engineer, Department of Public Works, salary $2200.

Statistical clerk, Department of Labor, $1800.

Hydrometiric engineer, $1500.

Machinery attendant, $1050.

Men are wanted for the following positions on the Welland Canal construction:—Assistant engineers, instrument men, levellers, rod men, draughtsmen, inspectors, accountants, time-keepers, store keepers, chauffeurs.

45 VACANT HOUSES IN CITY

At the meeting of the committee of the whole last night Mayor Duncan the chairman informed the members that having been aware that the Ontario Government's Housing Bill was to be discussed upon that occasion the precaution had been taken to obtain information in regard to the local housing situation.

After some thought it had been decided the most thorough way of accomplishing this end would be to enlist the aid of Postmaster Edgar and have him request his mail carriers to make a note of every vacant residence upon their beats. This was done and the report as compiled by the postmaster shows that there are 45 houses at present in Peterborough untenanted.

This information was not of a nature likely to simulate the Aldermen in considering the housing proposition very favorably at the present time.

LABOR IS DOWN ON AGITATAION

WILL CALL CONVENTION OF PARTY TO EXPLAIN THE PLATFORM.

Brantford, March 7.—Mayor MacBride, who has just returned from Ottawa, reports that the general executive of the Labor party is calling a conference of the several representatives in the different towns to make a clear and well-defined declaration of the principles of the party to the people. He said, "We are unalterably opposed to the revolutionary outbursts of certain individuals who represent themselves as Labor men. Every recognized spokesman for the several Labor organizations of Canada has gone on record emphatically for constitutional methods and the use of the ballot as a means of reform. At the same time we take strong exception to government by order-in-council, and particularly to the order curtailing free speech and supervision of literature. From the present outlook of things in Ottawa and Toronto there is no telling what may happen. Party affiliations seem to be very much disorganized and only the future can tell what the attitude of the Independent Labor party may be.

Fire Chief Smith of Guelph has made a successful test of a gas mask for the protection of firemen from smoke and fumes.

Dr. Geo. H. Berry, a practising physician of Westport, near Brockville, for 23 years, died of pneumonia following influenza.

Lieut.-Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, in a letter received in Victoria, B.C., says all the Canadian troops will be back in Canada before the end of June.

Lithuanians living in Eastern Prussia have asked separation from Germany.

The Army Committee of the French Chamber of Deputies has demanded by resolution the disarmament of Germany.

DR. M'GRATH IS LAID AT REST

SIX PHYSICIANS ACT AS PALL-BEARERS AT THE FUNERAL TODAY.

The funeral of the late Dr. Edward McGrath took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the family residence, 539 George St., to St. Peter's Cathedral and St. Peter's Cemetery. The celebrant of requiem mass was Rev. Fr. Sullivan of Victoria Road, and Rev. Fr. Phelan officiated at the grave. Both the Hibernians and the Knights of Columbus were represented at the funeral. The pallbearers were all members of the medical profession: Dr. F. P. McNulty, Dr. J. V. Gallivan, Dr. A. W. McPherson, Dr. M. McClelland, Dr. J. A. Morgan and Dr. D. C. King.

Coxey Will Lead Aaother Big Army

New York, March 7.—"General" Jacob Coxey declared here last night that he proposed to lead another "army" to Washington as a protest against National prohibition. He has decided, however, that he will not go on foot, but will travel in a touring car, and motor transportation will be provided, he said, for all his cohorts.

"General" Coxey, who is at the Waldorf Astoria, said he had discussed the project with many business men in this and other cities and that most of them have volunteered to enlist in his "army".

SOLDIER MAY LOSE LEG

Belleville, March 7.—Sergt. A. E. McGlashon, of this city, who is a cot patient at the military hospital Kingston, suffered a most unfortunate accident. He was severely wounded in the leg and was invalided home. He fell upon his injured leg, sustaining a compound fracture of such a nature that it is feared he will lose the limb.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3.00 per year by mail to any part of Canada or Great Britain; $4.00 per year delivered to any part of the city.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, MARCH 7th, 1919

THE LATE J. C. SHOOK.

EVEN HAD THE LATE James C. Shook been spared twenty years longer he would not really have grown older, for the spirit of such a man always remains young and his eyes are kept upon the future instead of dwelling upon the past, as is the vision of so many whose usefulness and interest in life have departed. No man had higher civic ideals, no man was a more beneficent source of inspiration to his associates, no man was readier with saner counsel, no man had a firmer faith in the future greatness of his city and nation, and none were more optimistic as to the final triumph of right, than the man whose passing is mourned by so many sincere friends.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

OUR ESTEEMED contemporary over on George Street should by this time be sufficiently blase not to give way to alarm on the slightest occasion, but should endeavor to preserve its professional soul in more complacency. Why rend the editorial shirt with a brave show of holy horror and righteous indignation? Times are hard and prices for garments, even for journalistic togas, still stick to the top rung of the ladder.

There is not a charge, however flimsy, made against any public man in Canada, but what is taken in all seriousness by our neighbor, who from the midst of its sackcloth and ashes at once sets up a clamorous din for a government investigation. Using its standing slug, it ventures that it "is sincerely to be hoped that the Government will probe these charges. Canada is waiting for action," laboring under a delusion similar to that which has made the name of the Toole street tailors a household word. Recent events in Parliament, an impassioned address dealing with military affairs, has set our contemporary clamoring and hoping again.

But why dignify an address, that would be regarded as slanderous if delivered outside the House, and is defamatory in any case, by appointing a committee to investigate the charges made? That would be simply helping on the schemes of the man who is seeking notoriety. The answer to those charges will be given by the men whose reputations have been so brutally attacked, backed up by their associates in the conduct of the war, and by the verdict of the gallant young fellows who served under them. Rumors will be quieted. If every flamboyant member of Parliament is to have his outbreaks taken seriously, then Parliament may as well abandon itself to the sleuth work of investigating charges.

Our timid contemporary should shelter itself behind the bulwark of selfrighteousness of which it is given to boast. The fabric of society, of representative government itself, is in no danger from the parliamentary incident that has aroused our neighbor's fears. Providence is still watching over the affairs of the world, and everything will come out right in the end. Truth and worth will triumph. Verbal flatuency will eventually exhaust itself. Anyway, the people have about lost faith in governmental investigations, resulting as they so often do in another boom in the kalsimine industry.

WHY NOT A LEAGUE OF CHURCHES?

IT IS NOT GIVEN to individuals, communities or nations to work out their several destinies alone. Co-operation is essential to progress. The farmer cannot prosper if he isolates himself or holds aloof from his neighbor. The capitalist and the laborer cannot maintain an individual prosperity. No city makes progress if the Board of Trade and the City Council, consumed by petty jealousies are constantly fighting or balking each other.

"Mon Dieu!" exclaimed a perplexed French visitor to the United States—and finding himself in Canada he could have said the same—"fifty religions and only one soup!" Perhaps the visitor was considerable of a materialist. Beyond question both of his deductions were out of the way of actual fact, but there was a germ of truth in what he said with regard to the denominations.

The present tendency of the times is in the direction of fuller co-operation. Labor and capital are combining for their mutual advantage and breaking industrial bread together. Workingmen and millionaires are being elected to the same law-making bodies. Royal crowns are being cast into the discard, and the people, pooling their interests, are assuming the management of their own affairs. Most significant and momentous of all, races and nations are entering into a league to preserve the peace for all time and to make the world a safer and better place in which to live.

And human effort is to assume a new task. There has been started in the United States a well-defined movement to bring the different denominations of the world into closer and more harmonious relations. Three dignitaries of one of the most powerful denominations on earth are now on the high seas, their mission being to visit the headquarters of one of the most influential churches to invite co-operation.

None of the countries that becomes a party to the League of Nations will surrender its national characteristics by so doing. Each will retain its language and its ideals as formerly. The object of the League is to promote harmony. There must, however, before this can be attained, be some recognition of the principle of give-and-take. It will be the same in the event of a league of churches. Such a union will mean harmony where there has been discord, understanding where there has, perhaps, been jealousy; co-operation where there has been strife, that weakens the best effort of either; a clear field for one where there has been overlapping by two, three, or more. All of us firmly believe that the various denominations are sincerely intent on bringing the light of the Gospel to the world, each after its own ideas. The nations in the past have been the victims of such a system of separate endeavor. With an agreed policy, a recognition of the rights of the powerful and the weak, the large and the small alike, the object aimed at in vain for centuries is likely to be attained.

The proposed league of churches would remove one obstacle to national advancement in Canada by uniting the several elements in the nation as they have never before known harmony or singleness of purpose. Union can be effected without a surrender of principles or ideas. The League of Nations does not imply one universal dominion under a single head, but a community of interests animated by a common ambition to attain still higher ideals.

NOT EVER THUS.

TIME WAS, and not so long ago, either, when a man who kicked himself out of the party traces and assailed those he was supposed to support, was hailed as a hero, a bold and independent spirit, by the Opposition papers, that crowded each other in their struggles to enfold the bolter to their individual bosoms.

But the world do move. Gen. Sir Sam Hughes' recent outbreak in the House brings him nothing but hard raps from such erstwhile stalwarts as the Toronto Star and Globe.

BLATHERSKITES IN PARLIAMENT.

THE MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, once he sets his figure head inside the sacred precincts of the House, is at once hedged about, if not with a divinity, at least with immunity from such vulgar processes as suits for slander. He is free to say anything he chooses without the risk of being held to legal account. This privilege, designed to foster the independence of Parliament, is grossly abused on occasion. The vindictive member can wreak a terrible verbal vengeance upon his enemies on the outside. He can give expression to his personal animosities and vent his jealousies upon men, infinitely superior in everything that goes to constitute manhood, who hold high place, the higher the position the greater the fame—or notoriety—for their ambushed assailant. No public or private citizen is safe from the poisoned shafts of such terrible examples of popular laxity in the selection of representatives to Parliament and of the evils of deifying some man whose outstanding qualifications are those of a demagogue. Even the law protects these assassins of private character and public reputation from the horsewhipping they so richly deserve and from other physical punishment which they would likely receive if they discharged their bombastic tirade at close range.

Such men bring Parliament into disrepute and the ideals of honor into contempt. They should not be afforded protection upon which they presume, or allowed privileges which they cannot appreciate. Such men are hardly safe to be allowed at large. They should at least be taken out of public life. They are a constant menace to the harmony so desirable in any community, and are a detriment to any political party with whom they are now or have been at an other time identified.

THE CAPTURE OF MONS.

THE CANADIAN TROOPS crowned their glorious career at the front by the capture of Mons, an important strategic point, four hours before the armistice was signed. Up to the last moment here was no assurance that hostilities would cease. The armistice came as a joyful surprise to the entire world no less than it must have been to the contending armies. From a military standpoint, the Allies, Canadians included, would have been no more justified in anticipating peace by resting on their arms on that memorable November day any more than they would have been wise in ceasing to fight with the same hope at any stage of the conflict. It was not such inactivity, such sanguine dreams, that won the war.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

WHAT IS TO BE DONE with the German fleet? And, by the way, what disposition is to be made of the uniforms of the honorary colonels?

* * * * *

IT MAY BE ALL RIGHT to give Germany a chance to organize before peace terms are insisted upon, but Germany gave the Allies no time to prepare for the war.

* * * * *

LENINE PROPOSES to appoint a commission to "investigate" the democratic nations. With Lenine, investigation appears to be as much of a fetish as with our local contemporary.

* * * * *

A DEVOUT EXCHANGE compares Hartley Dewart as a leader of men with Lloyd George. Mr. Dewart may wear his head and his feet in the same relative positions, but otherwise——

* * * * *

IF SIR SAM HUGHES is not laying wire for the leadership then the country has missed its guess. To lay wire is the right of every Canadian, but other than the barbed variety could be used.

* * * * *

SIR SAM HUGHES should be more charitable in his judgment of the work of others. It was impossible, as no one should know better than himself, to carry on Canada's home part in the war without occasional mistakes.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Sublime Cruelty.

(Rochester Democrat-Chronicle.)

One way to stop Bolshevist propaganda, it is suggested is to stop the importation of paper into Russia. Certainly such a move would be a cruel blow to the literary group in that country.

Exactly.

(Kingston Whig.)

There is no doubt, remarks a contemporary in discussing the recent provincial bye-elections, that the Government has done its duty to the very best of its ability. Exactly. But the country is not satisfied that its ability is worth bothering about.

BEST EXERCISE FOR WOMEN

(By Anna Louise Shaver.)

Let each individual ask herself, "What is the purpose of muscular exercise?" Having obtained an answer to that question let her compare the amount of muscle use which her daily duties permit, or demand, with the amount required for properly and economically running the machinery of life, and the deduction would give a working standard, which could be varied according to changing conditions.

First, to the muscles themselves—which you must remember constitute ordinarily more than one-half of the body's wieght—"exercise is the necessary condition of their best development. A muscle which is unused degenerates and is absorbed, little finally being left but the connective tissue of the organ and a few muscle fibers filled with oil drops." You cannot discriminate as to which muscle you will exercise—they must all be exercised every day.

The immediate and most marked effect of exercise of the muscle functions is on the circulation. The blood vessels within the working muscles dilate and the flow of blood is quickened. Resting muscles contain about one-third of the blood of the body. Thrown into activity they take two-thirds of the blood, and start this in the exchange journey through the highways and byways of the body. Without the aid of muscles this journey of the blood is slow; and combustion or transformation of the body's substances, known as metabolism, is retarded. 1. Because of poor circulation; and 2. without exercise (which includes respiratory exercise), there is a lack of atmospheric oxygen; and great quantities are needed so that combustion may take place at the different cells, and the life of the body be renewed.

Muscular exercise hastens the separation of the used up parts of the body and increases the functional activity of the organs of excretion—the kidneys, lungs, skin—so that waste is more promptly disposed of.

And unless the blood is made to circulate through the skin, as well as through the deeper organs, how is the underlying tissue to be kept normally fed and free from wrinkles? There is a normal metabolism of the skin tissue which no "skin food" will replace. It takes place where circulation is free.

Of course the muscles is carrying the increased supply of blood draw it from the deeper organs and glands so that there is less danger of congestion where the muscular habits are good.

You all know the signs of poor circulation—that tired feeling on rising in the morning, cold hands and feet, languid lack of interest; the nerves constantly complaining of lack of nourishment, asking for renewed life, or giving warning of congestion in some part of the body or the other through their language of pain. While perhaps all the time an oversupply of nourishment has simply been stored as fatty tissue.

The nerves as well as the muscles are strengthened by muscle use. And even the invalid or convalescent requires some muscular exercise (always under a doctor's instruction, of course) in promoting the normal functioning of the different organs.

Those whose work is sedentary should find great pleasure and certainly will find much profit in a system of rather stiff muscular exercises. Whether they are thin or whether they are fat, they need it just the same. Muscle use and metabolism cannot be separated. They work as a team for the body's upbuilding.

In no case must exercise be carried to the point of exhaustion. It is to be followed by relaxation.

Those whose work is rather active—housework, etc.—will find rhythmic exercises with deep breathing (taken after a rest) helpful and exhilarating to nerves and mind.

A helpful suggestion in solving the question, "What exercise shall I take?" would be: Begin by establishing good body balance, good standing position, poise based on the body oppositions, which has so frequently been explained in this department. This in itself constitutes a gentle and ever present activity of the muscles when in standing position. It will keep them from "becoming absorbed." Because when the body is held in proper oppositions there is always present slight resistance to the muscular contraction—due to the fact that the muscles are arranged in antagonistic groups, and this resistance gives more power to the muscle itself and also gives what is known as "co-ordination" in muscular movement. It therefore develops grace of carriage.

WIT AND WISDOM

Doesn't Always Work.

"When my wife starts talking on an embarrassing subject, I always change it."

"I've tried that with my wife, but 'twas a failure. She simply exhausted the new subject and then took up the old one where she'd left off."

Thoughtful Wife.

Husband—My dear, do you know it is the fashion now to have a big clock at the head of the stairs?

Wife—Yes, I know; but ours is not going there.

"Why not?"

"A clock at that point is not necessary. When you come home late, I shall always be at the head of the stairs to tell you what time it is."

Willie's Joke.

"Pa, what a funny word 'wholesome' is."

"What's funny about it?"

"Why, take away the whole of it and you have some left."

That Versatile Russian.

Cassopolis Times. — "Some very beautiful songs were rendered during the evening, among them beng Tolstoi's "Good-bye to Summer," sung by Mrs. Morkell."

Called His Bluff.

She—Before you go I must show you the new clock my aunt sent me for Christmas.

He (facetiously) — Some of my friends tell me I am homely enough to stop a clock.

She — Oh, that won't matter. It can be started again.

He Cured Her.

Mrs. Ghostwalk had the spiritualistic craze and got into the habit of receiving messages from the departed when she ought to have been cooking her husbands' dinner. Hubby protested, and then he acted. In a week she was cured, and her friends marveled.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

I was laying on the setting room floor reeding the newspaper, and pop was smoaking a segar with a injoyable ixpression and ma was nitting some nitting, and sed, G. pop, theers sumthing about a man making a speetch and saying if men stopped smoaking and saved the money instead, it would be better for the high cost of living.

All the fools aren't ded yet, sed pop. Meening the man that made the speetch, and ma sed, Wy, Willyum, jest because a mans views differ from yours duzent prove he's a fool.

Eny man that tries to do away with innosent tobacco is not ony a fool, he is an ignorant bonehed and a senseless imbicile and a blithering idiot sed pop.

Well listen to wat it says, pop, I sed, it says, The averidge man spends at least 20 cents a day on segars alone, by breaking himselm of the injurious tobacco habit he would not ony benefit his helth but save $1.40 a week, or $291.20 a year.

The ignorant ass jest wunts to prove he got as far as multiplication in skool sed pop.

Now, Willyum, everybody is intitled to their own opinion, sed ma, and pop sed. Everybody but a blithering bonehed.

Is a blithering bonehed the same as a blithering idiot, hee hee sed ma. Pop not saying weather it was or not, and I sed, And listen to wat he says about pipes and ciggerettes pop.

Say, have you finished your lessins? sed pop, and I sed, Yes, sir, and pop sed, Wat rivers empty into the Yello Sea?

I dont know it wasent in the lessin, I sed and pop sed, Well, sippos you tell me the names of the 4 wives of Alixander the grate.

That wasent in either, I sed, and pop sed, Im ashamed of you, your ignorants is so thick its a wonder it duzent interfeer with your circulation—now you either go out and play or elts do your lessins over agen.

With I went out and played.

"How did you do it?" they asked him.

"Oh," said he, smiling, "I got the craze, too, and every seance we went to I got a loving message from my first wife, see?"

No Bar So Big

NP SOAP

No Bar So Good

LADIES, PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

The next fancy dress ball in Peterborough should see some one disguised as a War Savings Stamp! !

The National War Savings Committee under the leadership of Mr. W. H. Bradburn reports great success in this district.

The chairman reports that out of fifty stores who have so far been asked to serve the country by becoming vendors of Thrift Stamps only two have refused, these with grievances fancied or real will be conspicuous by their absence of W. S. S. signs. A district organizer who was in town today tells us that Peterboro is far heads the list throughout Ontario as having the greatest percentage of stores to come forward and offer their services to further the savings stamps sales.

Savings Societies are to be a feature of the campaign, several of the larger retail organizations are forming these Societies, members of which pledge themselves to save so much per week or week or month as the case may be in some instances employes anxious that their staff shall avail themselves of the opportunity to save at a good rate of interest and become the backbone of the Dominions finances have presented each with a small thrift account.

Steadily increasing sales are reported from all the Banks, and the Post Office.

In two banks it is reported that the sales of Tuesday equalled the totalled soles of the previous two months.

To those who do not understand the Savings Plan the following information may be useful.

A Thrift Stamp can be purchased at almost any Patriotic Store in Peterborough, where you see the sign: "Will you take your change in Thrift Stamps." A stamp costs 25 cents, With every first stamp you may obtain a Thrift Card on which to attach to stamp, free of charge; the card has space for 16 stamps. Four dollars hayed. When this card is filled take it to a bank or Post Office and exchange it for a War Savings Stamp and Certificate. This stamp will be purchased from you January 1st, 1924 by the Dominion Government for the sum of $5.00, one dollar profit.

Several of our prominent citizens are now carrying around Thrift Cards it is interesting work ,actually seeing your money grow month by month.

A prominent member of the Board of Trade asked the Retailers Association at their meeting Monday night for a recipe for Prosperity, his answer is now in every store, spend wisely, save wisely. The War Saving started out as a war measure, it is now and will continue as a peace measure, gaining strength every day. Educating the young to save, helping the middle aged to save and making the older generation wish that it had been instituted fifty years ago.

Apologies are due to any stores who have not been asked to become vendors, and they are asked to get in touch with the chairman's office, Mr. Bradburn will have a representative call on them at once.

In conclusion we would suggest that the American Gentlemen who asked if War Savings Stamps were a dark secret in Canada had better come to Peterborough.

PRESIDENT'S GRANDFATHER

(From the British Weekly of London)

To the Editor: As the name of President Wilson is held in such repute at the present time I venture to send you part of a letter dated February 23, 1835, from the Rev. Thomas Woodrow the president's grandfather, to Robert Williamson (my grandfather), whose daughter Marion, he had married. Mr. Woodrow was born in Paisley in 1793 and, after graduating in Glasgow university, became the minister of a Congregational church in Carlisle. After a pastorate there of sixteen years he emigrated, with his wife and their family of eight children and a sister of Mrs. Woodrow to the United States, sailing from Liverpool on Nov. 10, 1835, and arriving in New York on Jan. 12, 1836.

The burden of the letter referred to is a sorrowful intimation of his wife's death on February 16 of that same year, while he was absent preaching.

After some pathetic details, he write of their arrival in New York "after a long and perilous voyage of sixty-two days. During the latter part of it we were out of many things and had been for nearly seven weeks on an allowance of water, part of the time two quarts a day and later on only one.

"During most of the voyage my dear partner was sick, and lay in bed. We often gave one another and our dear children to the Lord, expecting a watery grave. One dreadful night especially I shall never forget; a mighty sea broke over us, carried off our hatch, and poured down on us in torrents."

It may just be added that after his wife's death Mr. Woodrow served a short ministry in Brockville, Ontario, afterward removing to Chillicothe and subsequently to Columbus where he died on April 27, 1877. His daughter Jessie—her name was changed to Janet, the other being a more common male name in the states—married Joseph Ruggles Wilson, who became, in 1855, pastor to the Presbyterian church in Staunton, Va., Here their son, Thomas Woodrow, was born.

Yours faithfully, R. W. HENRY.

EMPIRE THEATRE — FRIDAY and SATURDAY

BILLIE RHODES in..... "Hoop-La" a comedy Drama of circus life

with sensational touches—5 acts.

EDDIE POLO in the stupendous serial,

The Lure of the Circus

Chapter 9, "The Flying Loop," 2 parts.

MISS ELINOR FIELD in "JUST HOME MAID," comedy.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

TO-DAY—AN EXTRA FINE PROGRAM

HARRY CAREY in "THE SCARLET DROP,"

This Thrilling Feature will keep you on the edge of your Seat

15th Episode of the "BRASS BULLET" entitled "IN THE SHADOWS"

Comedy Feature—WM. FRANCY in "The Test Mover," An Eastern Phantasy

Afternoon—10c War Tax 1c extra Evening—15c

15 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

CHANGE OF PROGRAM FOR TO-NIGHT

For To-Night we offer a very fine Selection of Pictures including an Extra Special War Picture, Entitled

"Italy's Flaming Front"

Fierce Land Fighting—A Big Battle Fleet in Attack A Real Air Fight to a Finish in 6 Reels

NORMA TALMAGE in a Triangle Drama, Entitled,

"The Children in the House"

5 Reels

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

Ninth Episode of

"The Lightning Raider"

Featuring PEARL WHITE

2 Reels

The Only CHARLIE CHAPLIN in a Great Picture

"SHANGHAIED"

2 Reels

You Will Find This an Excellent Program.

Special Saturday Morning Matinee 9.30 for School Children to see CHARLIE CHAPLIN and big program. 10 Cents to All.

In addition to this program we will show another Chaplin Picture "Shanghaied" 16c to all.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT -:- 7.30 -:- TO-NIGHT

Select Pictures Present

ALICE BRADY in 'The Death Dance'

BIG COMEDY HUBBY'S HOLIDAY

Special Vaudeville ZITA & CO.

Electric Posing Act

EVENING 15c all Seats

ONE DAY ONLY SATURDAY MATINEE 2.15 EVENING 8.15

Augustus Pitou Presents

THE GREAT IRISH TENOR

FISKE O'HARA

In the New Romantic Farce

"MARRY IN HASTE"

HEAR O'HARA SING ALL NEW SONGS

PRICES Matinee 75c-50c-25c Evening $1.00 75c 50c

SEATS ON SALE

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

Composite condensed abstract of an endless chain of letters from readers who are too dignified, too dependent on splints and other supports, to stiff, too genteel, too lady-like, too timid—in short, too old for their years:

"A somersault is too much for me. I don't know whether it is fear of breaking something or whether I simply don't know how. But I have cold feet(literally), poor complection constipation, a tendency to mental depression or gloomy spirits and everything that so many of your readers report cured by turning somersaults. I wish I might bring myself to try it, but at my age (43) it seems rather a desperate chance."

Poor old thing. Good gracious! At 43 a woman is in her physical acme she is if the atmosphere about her bright. High, narrow heels and corsets, and other appurtenances of the dignity of fashion or style cause a whole lot of unhappiness in the world.

I know of any number of men and women over 60 years of age who are turning six somersaults every night and morning and telling wonderful stories of the beneficial results. And sometimes I believe their stories. Seeing is believing.

In the case of one who has indulged for many years in the follies of custom and dignity I suppose it is difficult to muster sufficient courage to do a childish thing like turning a somersault.

All danger of breaking anything may be avoided by first spreading on the floor sufficient mattresses or bedding or pillows to protect the floor against vicious impacts.

When all is ready you kneel, and your husband or the hired man holds your hand and endeavors to cheer you. If you happen to be a man, send for the cook or somebody else. Now duck your head and place it inverted on a pillow of your palms, fingers front, on the floor side a bit behind the place where your head. Next rise off your knees, give a push with your feet, curl up tight and flop. Any contortions you may now discover are wholly imaginary; the stars are not there. Sit still and things will presently quiet down again. Then go right around and repeat the stunt. Keep at it until you can do it as well as a 4 year old child.

Do no confuse six somersaults each night and morning with exercise. It would be as sensible to call riding in an automobile or driving one "exercise."

Words Versus Thoughts

"I consulted a physician, who examined me and said I had an extreme irritation of the spine. I took twenty-four treatments without apparent benefit. What would you advise for such a case? C.D."

"Irritation of the spine" is a doctors' humor ,a way of excreting words from the mouth without secreting any thought in the brain. It is a safe diagnosis, for it would cover one disease about as well as another. I would advise you to give that particular doctor a prolonged rest and consult a real physician.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says her contributions to the magazines have all been returned so far, but even at that she feels considerably encouraged, for the editors always go to all the trouble of having their letters to her neatly printed instead of merely writing.

MOTOR SHOW APRIL 9, 10, 11

A Motor Show will be again held in Peterborough this Spring under the direction of the advisory board of the Red Cross Association. The dates arranged for are April 9, 10, and 11, and prospects are bright for a big and successful event.

The admission fee has been reduced from 25 cents to 15 cents, seven tickets for $1.00, and the proceeds will be devoted to the Peterborough Health Association.

Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

ONTARIO WAR TAX OF MILL ON DOLLAR IS ABOLISHED

Treasurer McGarry Makes Announcement in Budget Speech---Province Has Surplus of Nearly Two Millions.

Toronto, March 7.—In making his Budget Speech in the Legislature Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, announced the abolition of the municipal war tax of one mill on the dollar. This was the most important, as it will prove the most popular of all the statements made by the Minister in the course of a highly satisfactory financial pronouncement.

A surplus of $1,869,719.66 the largest in the history of the Province, was announced. No portion of this money was derived from the War Tax which has been sufficient during the past three years to carry all special war expenditures and leave a balance on hand exceeding $250,000.

The position of the Capital Account is considered most satisfactory and while the gross debt has grown the increase is equalled by a commensurate advance in the Provincial assets. The Minister mas in excellent form and spoke amid the hearty and enthusiastic applause of the Government supporters. No more satisfactory Budget has been expounded for many years.

The Hon. the Treasurer pointed out that October 31st last completed four years of administration by the Government presided over by Sir William Hearst. He thought it well to review the financial record of that period and in pursuance of that plan submitted the following table:

Ordinary Receipts.

For 1915	$12,975,732.19
For 1916	13,941,339.64
For 1917	18,269,597.23
For 1918	19,270,123.71
A Total of	64,356,792.77

Ordinary Expenditure.

For 1915	$12,704,382.16
For 1916	12,706,332.90
For 1917	16,518,222.64
For 1918	17,460,404.05
A Total of	59,389,321.75

Surplus.

For 1915	$ 271,370.03
For 1916	1,135,006.74
For 1917	1,751,375.59
For 1918	1,809,719.66
A Total of	4,967,471.02

Thus, the average annual surplus during the four-year period reached the handsome figure of $1,241,867.75.

The War Tax Abolished.

It is to be understood that the receipts from the War Tax do not appear in this statement. The Minister pointed out that the war expenditure of the province for the year ending in October, 1918, was $3,645,619.77. The proceeds of the War Tax for the same period were $2,054,212.78, leaving an amount of $1,591,406.99 which was paid out in excess of the amount received from this special source. That sum was carried into capital expenditures. and Mr. McGarry set forth the reason as follows:

In 1915 the Province received from War Tax $1,942,520 and paid out $1,346,478. The surplus was carried in Capital Receipts — an amount of $596,042.67. In like manner the figures for 1916 were: War Tax Receipts, $1,997,146.19; War expenditures, $749,218.22. Surplus carried to Capital Receipts, $1,247,927.97.

The total excess receipts for two years were $1,843,970.64. This year the excess expenditure on war account is set against that sum, still leaving available for war purposes in the Treasury $252,563.65. Mr McGarry reminded the House that this tax had been imposed only for the duration of the war. Therefore he was glad to say that the time had come to abolish it.

FISKE O'HARA

When Fiske O'Hara appears at the Grand Opera House tomorrow, matinee and evening, in his new play, "Marry In Haste," the special orchestra which he has carried for the past several seasons, and which adds so materially to the enjoyment of his performance, will again be heard in a selection of charming melodies. This season's play is a wide departure from the offerings of other years, and the role of Lord Richard Leigh, played by Mr. O'Hara, is said to be the best part the popular singing star has ever had. The play is a three-act romantic farce and is the work of Anna Nichols, who provided his offerings of the past several seasons. A splendid company appears in support of the star, and the scenes, which are laid in Ireland during the last century, are unusually picturesque. Mr. O'Hara will be heard in a number of new songs.

Interest Grows At the Temple

The interest which has been shown in the special meetings at the Temple still continues to hold, and the crowds nightly are getting larger.

Last night, owing to the absence in Toronto of Adjutant Buntin, Mrs. Buntin conducted the service, and it proved to be one of real inspiration and help. The service took the form of a fellowship gathering, and although there was no address, the short talks of different members were most interesting and helpful.

Tonight the adjutant will speak on "The Light That Went Out, and Why." If you have not yet attended a service, come along tonight for this will be one of the best.

The week-end services will be conducted by Envoy Alward of Toronto, and a treat is in store for those who hear him. Watch the papers tomorrow for further announcements.

OBITUARY

THE LATE PRESTON GRANGE.

The remains of the late Preston Grange, son of Fire Chief G. W. Grange, were removed this evening from Comstock's undertaking parlors to the family residence, 540 Charlotte street.

The funeral under the auspices of the G. W. V. A. will be held on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to the Little Lake Cemetery. Service will be conducted at the house half an hour earlier.

THE LATE J. C. SHOOK.

The funeral service of the late J. C. Shook will be held in St. Paul's Church tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock. From there the funeral will be held to Little Lake Cemetery. Rev. Robt. Pogue will officiate.

COST $217,000 TO ENFORCE DRY LAW

PRIVATE DETECTIVE AGENCY IN U. S. WAS PAID $807.

Toronto, March 7.—In the public accounts of the province presented to the legislature yesterday some light is thrown upon the cost of enforcing the Ontario Temperance Act, but the most interesting fact in connection with the board of license commissioners is Auditor Clancy's protest that there has been no audit by the audit officer, as provided for by section 117, sub-section 2, O.T.A. From such information as appears on the face of the public accounts, however, it would appear that the enforcement of the act ran away with $210,828.58 for salaries and travelling expenses alone, with $2176.24 for expenses not itemized in the districts of Huron, Manitoulin and Peel; $2995.56 for postage and stationery, in all $217,000. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the board of license commissioners, draws a salary of $6600. W. S. Dingman $6000, Geo. T. Smith $4000 and J. A. Ayearst $4000 for part of the time commissioner and part chief provincial inspector. All these gentlemen have liberal travelling expenses, J. A. Ayearst's amounting to more than 100.

A particular item reads: "W. J. Burns, services and expenses of operatives, $807." This apparently refers to the Burns Detective Agency of the United States.

SEARCH FIELDS FOR THE MISSING

FRENCH ARMY WILL UNDERTAKE A THOROUGH EXPLORATION OF TERRITORY.

Paris, March 7.—On the casualty lists of the French army the word "missing" is written in opposite the names of 314,000 men. Investigations which have been conducted have resulted in establishing the fact that of this nurber all hope for approximately 120,000 must be abandoned.

In these times of intensive warfare it is, of course, possible for a man to be literally "blown to atoms," but a minute examination of No Man's Land, it is hoped, may still yield indications by which it is possible to missing men.

trace the fate of at least some of the

An army of 12,000 searchers will subject all the trenches and dugouts along the whole battle line to a most careful scrutiny for any evidence that may lead to identification. That this is no light task is evident. Nearly 17,000 square miles of ground must be explored. In all cases approaching definite identification, a proper burial certificate will be issued to the families of the fallen.

There is talk of cemeteries being laid out on the battlefields, to be "Plains of Silence"; others prefer that the fields should be planted with trees to grow into mighty forests, as an everlasting monument to the dead of the great war.

The British Army of Occupation at Cologne will have a daily newspaper. All arrangements for editing and publishing it have been made.

Firemen were called on to fight fires in the Standard Stock Exchange building, and in the laundry room of the Harris Abattoir, Toronto.

By Actual Computation One Pound of

"SALADA"

will infuse 300 generous size cups of delicious Tea - - - But it must be "Salada" to insure the Quality of the infusion. B545

Black, Green or Mixed - - Sealed Packets Only.

NOTICE OF AUCTION SALE OF LAND

TAKE NOTICE that the trustees of the Murray Street Baptist Church in the City of Peterborough, in the Province of Ontario (formerly the Baptist Church in the Town of Peterborough) will sell by public auction at the old Baptist Church, Murray street, Peterborough, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on

SATURDAY, 29th DAY MARCH, 1919

the property occupied by the old Baptist Church, being all and singular those certain parcels or tracts of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Peterborough (formerly Town of Peterborough) in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, being composed firstly of Lot Number Six, South of Murray street and West of George street, and secondly of part of Lot Number Five, south of murray and west of George street described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the north-west angle of said Lot Number Five, thence easterly along the northern boundary of said Lot, four feet, thence southerly parallel to the western boundary of said Lot to the rear of said Lot, thence westerly along the rear of said Lot, four feet, thence northerly along the west side of said Lot to the place of beginning. Terms cash. MOORE & WEARING, 408 Water street, Peterborough, Solicitors for the said Trustees.

Lent is Here

Fresh Herrings, 10c per lb.

CLOVER LEAF SALMON

Extra Good Potatoes

FRESH EGGS And Choice Butter Always on hand.

INVALID STOUT WHITE LABEL ALE

James R. Bell's SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 455-W 197 Hunter S

Goods Delivered

CANADA FOOD BOARD License No. 8-5482

"His Confidence That Does It."

SATURDAY SPECIALS IN FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES LENTEN SUPP

On Saturday, we offer the following Bill-of-Fare for Shoppers:

Butter 55c

Very choice Creamery, sweet and well-flavored and daintily put up.

Pastry Flour, 24 lb. sack.....$1.49
Peerless Shortening, 1 lb pkg....27c
Shortening, 5 lb. pkg.....$1.45
Swift Pure Lard, 10 lb. pail $3.20
Choice Breakfast Bacon, per lb...56c
Crisco, 3 lb tin $1.00

FISH AND LENTEN SUPPLIES

Pink Salmon, ½ lb. tins....2 for 25c
Pink Salmon, 1 lb. tins....2 for 45c
Red Salmon, 1 lb. tins ....1 for 37c
Sockeye Salmon, 1 lb. tins..1 for 40c
.....2 pkg. 25c
Tuna, ½ lb. tins .....1 for 35c
Star Ammonia .....3 pkg. 25c
McLaren Invincible Jellies.2 pkg. 25c
Pure Gold Jellies .....2 pkg. 25c
Keen's Mustard, ¼ lb tin 30c
Stewing Figs, 1 lb. 22c
Individual Jams .....3 glasses 25c
Choice Marmalade, 15c pkg. for..10c
Macaroni and Spaghetti, choice .....2 pkg. 25c

Christies' Biscuits In forty different kinds. Always fresh and crisp.

Try our favorite brands of PURE TEAS and COFFEES.

Prompt service and speedy delivery to any part of the city.

Porter S. White

314 George St. Phone 208

A Sudden Clearance AT PETERBORO SHOE STORE

Having just returned from his extensive trip to the wholesale centres, Mr. Erster finds a lot of small balances of popular lines of Boots that must be cleared out quick to make room for the New Spring Goods

LOT 1.—A table of Ladies' and Misses' Boots, including Goodyear Welt, Patents with cloth tops, Misses' Dongola and Gun Metal laced or buttoned. These are lines that you will certainly want soon and we would have to pay double the price to buy them again. But out they go, and you get choice on this table for $1.98

LOT 2 — Men's Black Blutcher cut boots, Neolin soles, solid leather heels, made of good grade of calf. A boot that is a real general purpose style, fit for dress and built for wear. Regular price was $6.00. We clear them now at $3.98

LOT 3. — BOYS' BUTTONED BOOTS. A real gun metal calf, sewed soles, medium high toe. Sizes 1 to 5. If you could visit the market as we did you would find that this boot could not now be bought for less than $4.00 wholesale, but to give a genuine, away-below-value bargain, we will sell them for $2-50

LOT 4.—LADIES' FINE DRESS BOOTS, black kid, lace or button, medium or high heels short or long toes. In the lot you will almost certainly find your size, and the saving will be something worth while. In the coming season you will have to pay $6.00 for the same shoe. We clear them now at $3.98

SATURDAY SPECIAL—A Ladies' Toe Rubber to fit a medium or broad toe boot, mostly all sizes, worth 80c., Saturday only 10c

SPRING ARRIVALS—A full line of Oxfords and Pumps coming in every day, and ready for your inspection.

291 GEORGE ST. Opp. Opera House THE PETERBORO SHOE STORE

Exceptionally Handsome Spring Coats. Newest Colorings

$25.00

BUY W·S·S WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Heathettes Underskirts. Fine Quality. New Styles. Black Only

$2.19

A UNIQUE EVENT AT TURNBULL'S

The Week Beginning Monday, March 10

The Fifth-floor Given Over To A

"Better Bedding Exhibition"

One of the First of it's Kind in Canada

The Outstanding Event of Our merchandising program for March, will be a "BETTER BEDDING EXHIBITION" which will open on our Fifth-floor on MONDAY, MARCH 10th, at 2.30 p.m.

This is not exactly a selling event, but really what the name implies, an EXHIBITION OF BEDDING, to which the leading Canadian manufacturers contribute their best and most desirable lines.

The object of the Exhibition is to allow the people of Peterbirough and its surrounding country to become acquainted with modern Bedding in all of its phases. The manufacturers have forwarded large consignments of Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Pillows, etc., which will be arranged on the Fifth Floor for convenient and easy inspection.

Representatives from the factories will be on hand to explain the good points of their respective lines.

Each day there will be a prominent window display as well, but the best place to see the Bedding will undoubtedly be on the large, roomy Fifth Floor.

More and more the public are demanding definite assurance from the manufacturers that their Bedding is clean, pure and sanitary. One reason that manufacturers co-operate in this Exhibition is that they may demonstrate direct to the public the absolute purity and the cleanliness of heir product to-day.

We wish to emphasize the fact that it is an "Exhibition," not a selling campaign, and that you are cordially invited to visit it any day and every day of next week. There will be no solicitations on the part of the salesmen. You will find everybody willing to give you al lthe information you desire, but you will not be asked to make a purchase.

This Exhibition provides an opportunity that should not be missed to get an insight into the manufacture of modern Bedding, that cannot be had in any other way.

A visit to the Exhibition will be as good as a visit to the factory, and can be made without any expense and much less inconvenience. There will be Mattresses, Beds and Bedding in the various stages of manufacture, from the raw material to the finished article.

A NEW AND EXCLUSIVE BEDDING DEPARTMENT

With the "Better Bedding Exhibition" we will open what will be one of the largest exclusive Bedding Departments in Ontario, or in Canada, for that matter, in the roomy Fifth Floor of our big store. The entire floor, with the exception of the stock room, will be used for the display and sale of Bedding of all kinds. The Department is unique, for very few stores, even in the larger centres, carry a department confined to Bedding alone; as a rule it being combined with other lines.

In devoting this much floor space to the sale of Bedding, we are following the example of the larger American stores, which all the time are giving a more prominent place to Bedding in all its branches.

ENTERTAINMENT PROVIDED

We have provided for our entertainment while visiting the Exhibition, with a first-class orchestra of five pieces from the Local Federation of Musicians of Peterborough, which will render a select program eac hafternoon from 2:30 to 5 o'clock. This music in itself will make a visit to the Exhibition worth your while.

The program for each afternoon will be announced in the papers the preceding day.

FREE PRIZES

One prominent feature of the Exhibition is that a large number of prizes have been donated and are to be given away on the various days in which the Exhibition is in progress. These range from a Baby's Mattress up to a beautiful Brass Bed, which is donated by one of the leading manufacturers of Canada.

The method of awarding these prizes will be announced on Monday and at the Exhibition.

Soap Sale Saturday

Special Soap Sale at the Toilet Counter Saturday.

A GOOD TOILET SOAP
2 Cakes for 5c

Special Toilet Soap, thoroughly seasoned, excellent quality. Saturday ..... 2 Cakes for **5c**

MAPLE LEAF SOAP
2 Cakes for 15c

Large size cake Maple Leaf Toilet oSap, regular 10c. Saturday ..... 2 Cakes for **15c**

CASTILE SOAP 29c

Large bar genuine Castile Soap. Saturday **29c**

COLGATE'S ALL-ROUND SOAP
3 for 89c

This standard all-round Toilet Soap of superior quality. Reg. 15c everywhere. Saturday ..... 3 for **39c**

TURKISH BATH SOAP
3 for 69c

Large size cakes Turkish Bath Soap. Regular 20c. Saturday ..... 3 for **49c**

HAIR BRUSHES 29c

200 Hair Brushes, bristles firmly embedded in the back. Saturday ..... Each **29c**

EXTRA BARGAINS IN DENTAL POWDER

Colgate's Dental Powder, large size tube. Regular 39c. Saturday ..... Each **25c**

Colgate's Dental Powder. Regular 25c; medium size. Saturday Special, each **16c**

ALL-ROUND TRANSPARENT SOAP 25c

This splendid Toilet Soap, extra large cakes, rose and violet perfume. Saturday, each **25c**

Colgate's Shaving Soap, round cakes ..... 2 for **15c**

TALCUM

Here is a good Talcum Powder Special. Just to give you a chance to try two of the leading makes. We have laid aside 300 tins each of Mavis and Mennen's Talcums; almost any perfumes you may wish. You know the standard prices of these goods. Saturday, one tin Mavis and one tin Mennen's ..... The two for **37c**

OTHER TOILET COUNTER SPECIALS

Mavis Face Powder, per box 50c
Colgate's Perfumes, ¼ oz. bottles 50c
Colgate's Perfumes, 1 oz. bottles $1.00
Mavis Perfumes, per bottle $1.25 & $1.50
Colgate's Perfumes, put up in vials Each 25c
Colgate's Tooth Paste, regular 25c, and a No. 1 quality Tooth Brush, regular 25c. Saturday the two for 39c

MILLINERY PREPARERS WANTED

We have positions for several Apprentices and Repairers in the Millinery Department. Preference given to those who have had a little experience. Apply at once.

A SKIRT EXTRA

A natty little skirt, in two splendid styles, for Saturday selling. Special value in fine silk poplin skirts; shirred all round with deep yoke at back and front; either side of front having panels edged with silk fringe, and trimmed with three rows of fancy cording and buttons. In taupe and black only. At **$6.38**

A smart model in good quality silk poplin, has fancy pointed yoke; skirt fully shirred all round; trimmed with large pearl buttons; fancy pockets trimmed with wide silk fringe. In black only. At **$6.38**

Worthy Attractions at the Dress Goods Counter

Most desirable materials suitable for Springs Coats or Suits have arrived at the Dress Goods Counter the past few days. Some are parts of old contracts, which means that values are very much under those of today.

GUARANTEED SERGES IN NAVY AND BLACK

Pure wool serges of guaranteed quality, will not shrink; genuine English makes. The order for these was placed two years ago, but they only arrived the other day. At, per yard ..... **$3.00, $3.50, $4.00 & $4.50.**

Basement Soap Specials

Big Soap Specials from the Economy Basement for Saturday.

TURNBULL'S SPECIAL LAUNDRY SOAP, 6 Cakes for 29c

6 cakes of this famous Laundry Soap one of the best on the market. Saturday Special 6 for **29c**

LENNOX SOAP, 6 for 25c

Lennox Soap, the genuine article. New bar. Saturday ..... 6 Bars for **25c**

IVORY SOAP, 2 for 15c

Genuine Ivory Soap. The white soap that floats. Saturday ..... 2 for **15c**

PEARLINE, 3 Boxes for 16c

Pearline, the famous washing powder. Standard packages ..... 3 for **16c**

The Great Sale of Misses Dresses

The most remarkable values in Dresses that Peterborough has seen for many a long day are to be found at our Great Four Day Sale of New Dresses, which ends Saturday.

Direct from the manufacturer within the last week. Right up to the minute in quality and excellent as to designs are these Dresses, which are selling at fully one-third less than their actual value.

SATURDAY YOU CAN BUY

Serge Dresses, with panel front, tucked and embroidered in black, round neck and fancy coml girdle, at **$16.90**

Botany Serge Dresses, in brown, navy, Pekin blue, and taupe, trimmed with black silk braid, round neck; finished with accordian pleated frill, at... **$13.75**

Fine Serge Dresses, trimmed with fine silk braid; round collar finished at side with buttons; overskirt trimmed with braid, and narrow belt. Can be had in navy, brown, and black, at **$16.90**

An extra quality Serge Dress in chemise style, with deep embroidery of contrasting shades at edge; finished with double cord girdle; vest effect of white silk trimmed with black buttons. In navy, taupe and black at **$19.50**

Botany Serge Dress, in new coat style, with vest of silk, trimmed with braid and rows of buttons. Deep serge belt, front of coat finished with wide braid. In navy, taupe and black, at **$15.90**

Georgette and Taffeta Dresses, narrow panel effect, with double frill of taffeta and round collarm overskirt of georgette, also edged with frills of silk; new wide sleeve trimmed with silk frills to match. Can be had in rose, grey, navy, sand, and brown. At **$19.75**

A pretty Dress of Crepe de Chine is handsomely embroidered, panel overskirt front and back, with two deep tucks and embroidery; round satin collar in contrasting shades; new wide sleeves. In Copenhagen, sand, white, and black .. At **$19.50**

STYLISH COVERT COATINGS
$3.50 To $6.00

Covert Coatings promise to be very popular the coming season. We are fortunate in showing some particularly good qualities of this popular material at, per yard, **$3.50, $5.00 To $6.00.**

J. C. TURNBULL CO., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

At The Grand

A Peterborough audience enjoyed the distinction of witnessing at the Grand Opera House last night a program of moving pictures that was presented for the first time in Canada, an arrangement that is passible under the new management, which practically controls all the leading theatres in Ontario. The exhibition which will be repeated tonight opens with a vivid illustration of the lure of the moving pictures house for the straight-laced people in a small town. Another film records the history of a New York girl given to romantic dreams, "The Foolish Virgin," not an isolated example by any means, but simply one of a million or more who made a marriage in haste to become later acquainted with her husband's true character and record, to her bitter disillusionment.

One of the most novel features in the bill is an electric posing act, in which a number of attitudes and figures are represented as if by magic.

Fiske O'Hara will be here tomorrow with a new Irish play, "Marry in Haste," one of the very best, in which he has ever appeared, and with an entirely new list of Irish songs.

NATIONAL WAR SAVING SOCIETY

LOCAL BRANCH FORMED BY EMPLOYES OF R. FAIR & CO.

The employees of Robert Fair & Co., Ltd., remained at the close of business last evening and formed a society to be known as the "We're In It" War Savings Society. Officers were duly elected as follows:

President—Miss B. Thompson.
Secretary—Miss Alma Morrison.

Mr. Jones, of the National War Savings Committee and organizer for this district, addressed the staff outlining the objects. He stated this was the first of many individual societies that would be formed in Peterboro. The movement is national, but only in its infancy here. The staff of this company are to be commended for the initiative in taking up so enthusiastically this commendable, patriotic undertaking.

Meeting Tonight At Murray Street

A meeting of unusual interest will be held in Murray Street Baptist Church tonight when Rev. D. Brown and Rev. John Galt will assist the pastor in giving the people some facts and impressions from the unique conference held in Toronto covering two days last week. The most remarkable gathering held for many years was convened in Jarvis Street Church on Tuesday and Wednesday. Over five hundred out-of-town persons went up to the spiritual feast.

Three meetings were arranged for this week covering the three Baptist Churches of Peterboro and already the contageon of the spiritual atmosphere has been felt. All are welcome tonight.

FARMER MUST NOT "TAP" SILO

Bill Provides Prison Penalty for Thus Obtaining "Wet Goods"

Springfield, Ill., March 7.—Woe be unto the farmer who steals out behind the barn and taps the silo before sun up. He is going to be a marked man if he resorts to such method to get his alcohol after the "great drought."

The prairies of the state abound in silos wherein the fodder is fermented that cattle may have food. Illinois has farseeing statesmen in its halls of legislation and they are on the job. They know that after July 1 when the country goes "dry" because of the national food conservation act there will be a mad rush for anything that smacks of alcohol.

Representative William P. Holaday of Georgetown is fearful that the tapping of a silo may bring dire consequences in the farming communities and he put in a bill that is going to forestall any such catastrophe. The farmer caught tapping his silo may go to penitentiary and the Holaday bill stipulates not even civil service low would save him. Such are the stipulations of the big freak bill of the session.

AT MARK STREET CHURCH

The Epworth League service at Mark Street Methodist Church tonight will be of unusual interest, "A Mock Parliament." Everybody welcome.

Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, announced in his Budget speech that the special Provincial war tax would be discontinued.

Eat it on your Breakfast Porridge!

Lantic

Old Fashioned Brown Sugar

The delicious natural flavor of the sugar makes the morning porridge twice as good. Send 2c. stamp for "Grandmother's Recipes", gives a number of old time recipes and tells how to keep the sugar fresh and moist.

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES Ltd., MONTREAL

COL. PECK, V. C., TAKES ISSUE WITH GEN. SIR SAM HUGHES

Says Latter's Sensational Charges Are Unwarranted—Will Make Detailed Reply in the House.

Ottawa, March 7.—The sensational charges of Sir Sam Hughes of unnecessary losses among Canadian troops at Cambrai and Mons and the attack, which is regarded here as aimed at General Sir Arthur Currie, the Canadian Corps commander, will not go unchallenged by the soldier members of the House.

Lieut.-Col. "Cy" Peck, V.C., D.S.O., who has just returned from the front, where, as commander of the 16th Battalion, he was in the forefront of the fighting from August 8, when the big Allied advance began, will be among the early speakers who will refute these charges and point out how deplorable they are, especially at the present time.

Needs No Defence.

"General Currie needs no defence as to military ability or the care he took in all engagements to conserve the lives of the soldiers under him," said Col. Peck, "but such wild charges as Sir Sam Hughes must be answered. I was aghast when the former Minister of Militia made his statements. It is deplorable that such unconfirmed allegations should be made, when there are thousands of mothers and wives with sorrowing hearts still far from healed whose wounds will be opened again by the ill-considered words of Sir Sam Hughes. General Currie, in my opinion, and in the opinion of most of the soldiers I have come in contact with, is one of the finest leaders in the war, and the care and safety of his men always took first place in his mind.

"We Did Go 'Round'."

"As for Cambrai, sometimes perhaps it is better to 'go round the durned place,' and it was done here. The Canadians were two miles beyond Cambrai before the first Canadians entered the streets of the town. It was friendly rivalry between Imperial troops and the Canadians that caused the rush through the streets. There were more prisoners alone taken than casualties occurring to us in this fighting.

"As to 'booby traps' few, I believe, no, not one Canadian soldier was caught by these. The Canadian infantryman is far too wise a bird to be trapped, and any prisoners we had gathered in were quickly used to clean them up.

"The attack on Mons, I am sure, was at the direction of the higher command and was well carried out. Our casualties were light and had the Germans not carried out the armistice terms, we gained a fine strategic position by its capture.

Colonel Peck will probably be one of the speakers on the address this week. It is his intention to meet the 16th Battalion, which he commanded, and to accompany them to Winnipeg, where they will be demobilized. It is possible, if the First Division's return is delayed, he will return to England to join them.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts at First Sign of Bladder Irritation of Backache

The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or as you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having good kidney flushing at any time.

Great Reduction Sale OF Automobile Accessories

	Regular	Sale Price
Hassler Shock Absorbers (put on)	$21.50	$19.50
All Steel Shock Absorbers (put on)	$12.50	$19.50
Tubes 30 x 3½	3.75	3.00
Spark Plugs	.75	.60
Co-Cement Patches	.50	.35
Air-Tite Patches	.50	.40
King Brass & Metal Polish	3.00	1.00

NON-GLARE LENSES

Several different makes at half price while they last.

As the new Glare laws are positively going to be put into effect at this session of the Legislature, this affords an exceptional opportunity to secure this necessary equipment at an attractive price.

Duffus Garage

Peterborough ONTARIO

Our Wall Paper Department, Third Floor is aglow with new and artistic spring papers. We invite you to visit it.

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

Re-decorating Days are Here. On the Third Floor all the newest and best in Furniture, Carpets, Rugs and Papers.

Smart Springs To Wear Both "Under and Over"

Suits and Coats that are the newest of the new. A Charming Coterie of Dainty Blouses. Fine Underwear that is as Serviceable as it is Fascinating. New Modes in Millinery, and Lovely Fabrics for Suits, Coats and Skirts

Frocks Reflecting The Joy of Spring

AND BREATHING THE SPIRIT OF THE MODE IN EVERY LINE, FOLD AND FRILL. PROVING THAT, IN THE FIRST FLUSH OF VICTORY, FASHION HAS ACHIEVED GREATER FASCINATION THAN EVER.

The material may be what you will—either shimmering satins, soft and filmy georgettes, clinging tricolettes, jerseys or taffetas, so smart or so decisive of line. Inspired by the simplicity of the mediaeval is a wondrous creation of amethyst georgette over purple silk. The plain box pleated bodice runs down under a soft sash girdle to form a yoke on the skirt. Applied bands of colored beads finish the round neck and bottom of yoke. The skirt is paneled at the back and drawn in closely about the feet by graceful drapings at each side. The price **$59.50**

A charming example of what the handsome Astrachan embroidery can do for a gown is shown on a dress of Beige (deep sand) pussy willow. here it is used on both back and front of bodice and the sleeves. It has, too, a wide crushed girdle from which a one-sided and draped overskirt falls in soft folds, reaching on one side nerly to the hem of the tight underskirt. The price is **$59.00**

Modishness In These Georgetts Blouses

IN WHICH CHARM, INDIVIDUALITY AND QUALITY HAVE BEEN BLENDED

Fashion's fondness for the apron effect is exemplified in a blouse of American Beauty georgette with wide apron panels, both front and back, of navy blue georgette. The front panel is a beautifully embroidered with beads of green, American beauty shade and black jet. The panel at the back is finished with a tie sash. Priced at **$19.50**

For a more practical blouge there's a model of lovely quality crepe de chine, in a pale beach shade, and in a semi-tailored design. The trim consists of pin tucks running around and lengthwise to form small squares. The price **$11.50**

'Tis sign of the very smart nowadays to wear one's blouse buttoned high to the chin, and here we describe a model that will certainly win your approval It is fashioned or taupe georgette and there is a turn-over collar, turn back cuffs and narrow band down front of maize georgette. Trimmed with maize beads and taupe silk embroidery. Price **$13.00**

Of the new Pollus blue shade is another georgette model. Made with V shaped neck, finished with wide band of champagne georgette and similar bands on the square collar at the back. Side fastening and front embroidered with silk and beads. Priced at **$13.75**

Little Meccas of Daintness In The Lingerie World

If you love fine lingerie, the Whitewear Department will delight your heart. You'll find French lingerie with teeny-weeny embroidery stitches, cunning and practical "Dove" muslin undies, and in their soft fluffiness undergarments of crepe de chine, satin and Habutai silk. Frilly laces, little knots of color, demure tucks and frillings—all these go to make nighties, chemises, and camisoles, just the things women adore.

Dainty, delightful and altogether desirable—one may exhaust one's supply of adjectives, and then not convey the charms of this envelope chemise. Of lovely quality white crepe de chine with deep yoke of real bobin lace and narrow lace shoulder straps. Priced at ... **$10.00**

Practically indispensable in the modern woman's wardrobe are knickers in some form or other. And what more serviceable or dainty than these of Habutai silk? There are white ones, with a tiny lace edging, at $3.95, and flesh color ones with plain band at the knee, priced at $3.50.

White crepe de chine, with a plain band of filiet lace around the top and blue satin shoulder straps, makes such a pretty little chemise. Priced at **$3.95**

The Allure of the New Suits

THEIR COATS EITHER BLOUSED OR MADE WITH VESTS A LA DIRECTOIRE, OR CUT UPON THE LINES OF THE LOUIS SEIZE SURTOUT, WITH SOMETHING OF A REDINGOTE EFFECT.

Countless are the variations that Fashion plays upon these three themes, not forgetting the claims of the severely simple tailor-made, with notched collar, braid bound edges, and smart flare from the waist. The skirts are, for the most part, plain, though in some cases a cuff bottom strikes a remarkably new note. One and all, they retain the narrow lissome look to which we are growing accustomed.

Navy blue remains the color of first favor, then tan and brown shades, with an occasional midnight blue taupe, or pewter grey shade.

To describe just one of the many—It's fashioned of beautiful, fine quality Botany serge, in navy blue. Long, plain back in coat with a deep shaped yoke set on at the bottom, elegantly embroidered with black silk braid. Slit at the sides, showing short and rounded lines in front with corresponding braid embroidery. Collar and vest combined is of white corded silk ..... The price **$62.00**

In the Informal Display of Spring Suitings, Coatings and Skirtings

WE FEATURE VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS PARTICULARLY, BECAUSE THESE TWO FINE, SUPPLE MATERIALS ARE HELD BY "LA MODE" IN HIGHEST ESTEEM FOR MAINTAINING THE LISSOME YOUTHFUL SILHOUETTE OF SPRING.

The new 1919 silhouette calls for, in fact demands, long, clinging, soft and graceful lines, so care must be taken in the choosing of materials for the new suit, wrap or gown. We are now showing a special line of broadcloths, really elegant fabrics, also a lovely quality in velours. The broadcloths come in colors of bronze, nigger brown, taupe, navy, burgundy, amethyst and black, and are 54 inches wide. The price is **$6.95**

The velours come in the following shades: reindeer, Beige (deep sand), castor, taupe and Foch blue. The are all 54 inches wide, and priced at, yard **$6.75**

Very new are the Plaid Skirtings, 40 inches wide. Large and small check patterns, with grey, green and navy shades predominating. Priced at, yard ..... $2.25 and **$2.50**

Millinery a la Mode

YOUR SPRING BONNET AWAITS YOU, MADAM. AND NEVER, SURELY, IN ALL THE CHRONICLES OF FASHION WAS SUCH DIVERSITY IN MODISH SHAPES.

The brims turn up and down; scarcely a model is without some little unexpected line. There's the Directorie poke, the bicornes and tricorns, exact copies of those worn in the 1790's; the turban, the quaint little close-fitting Mid-Victorian hat, the big picture hat, frequently of transparent horsehair braid or lace, and ever so many other forms are to be seen.

Among the new straws, pineapple braid, and metallic braids may be noticed, while lisere, Milans, and Leghorns are well represented, and the first favorite in the fabric hat is georgette, with silks and satins being much to the fore.

As for colorings, they are many indeed, and the brightest we have seen for a long while. Perhaps the most favored are tete de nigre, the new blues, Victory red, navy, dust and apple greens.

Curled ostrich feathers nod from the fronts of the Directoire hats, or curve along the brims of the Victorian, while no fantasies can be too strange to adorn any kind of shape. Big flat flowers, little bunches of fruit, piquant bows and wings, all have a part to play in the modish scheme.

DIVORCE MILL BUSY

Ottawa, March 7.—The divorce committee of the Senate is meeting daily to consider the sixty applications for divorce. The increasing number of divorce applications has heightened the interest in the debate which will occur shortly in the Commons on the divorce question, on the resolution of Mr. Nickle, Kingston.

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

MINIMUM FINE IS IMPOSED UPON THOMAS COLLINS, DEFAULTER

First Case Disposed of Under New Order-in-Council---F. D. Kerr's Masterly Plea for Leniency Has Effect.

One of the first cases in the Province of Ontario in which the court in arriving at a decision considered the Order-in-council amending the military service regulations which received the approval of the Governor-General on Tuesday, ended at 9.30 last night in the police court here, when Justices of the Peace H. Rush and F. Adams after hearing argument in the case of Thomas James Collins of Omemee, who admitted being a defaulter under the Act, was ordered to pay the minimum fine of $250 and costs or go to the jail farm for a term of one year as an alternative.

Collins, a young farmer who works a rented farm near Omemee and is 22 years of age was arrested some time ago by the Dominion Police charged with being a defaulter. He appeared in police court once and was remanded upon the representations of the Crown until such time as the flat, acquiescing in his prosecution, should arrive.

The next hearing was before Magistrate Dumble and after considerable persuasion, the young man's counsel, Mr. F. D. Kerr, of the firm of Peck, Kerr and McElderry, succeeded in obtaining a further enlargement of the case until he could produce witnesses from the accused's native township.

Last night before two justices of the peace Messrs. Rush and Adams, the case was resumed and resulted as described above.

Witnesses called by Mr. Kerr for the defence included men who had known the young man from his childhood days. They stated that he had been a steady worker, a law abiding citizen and had continued to work his farm to the last without attempting to hide from the officers of the law whether he knew or realized the gravity of his offence in refusing to obey the summons of the Deputy Registrar at Kingston or otherwise.

James Callaghan, Dennis Scully and John Curtin gave character evidence which went to show that long after the time Collins received the order to report for service he continued to visit the town of Lindsay on market days and transacted his business as usual in Omemee.

In cross examining these witnesses Mr. Kerr brought out the lack of information which seemed characteristic of the farmers in the townships of Opps and Emily concerning the war and the application of the Military Service Act. All the witnesses agreed that the idea was prevalent in the district that the farmers would not be taken as long as they remained on their farms, and Mr. Kerr produced a circular which had been sent out at the time of the last election in which assurances were made, over the names of several prominent public men, that farmer's sons would not be conscripted so long as they were engaged upon the land and urged them to support Union Government.

These statements in the press and such circulars Mr. Kerr's witnesses showed had resulted in a general belief that farmers enjoyed an automatic exemption so long as they remained upon their farms and aided in production.

Mr. J. Fordyce Strickland, the acting Crown Attorney by a series of questions showed clearly from the answers that he obtained from the witnesses that most of the people of that locality were not interested in the war and had never noticed the March offensive and what it portended nor had they at any time felt anxious as to the success of the Allied cause.

Several of those who gave testimony admitted without any apparent embarrassment that they could not read nor write and were not in a position to acquire a knowledge of the events of the world as described in the papers.

Patrick Collins, the father of the prisoner stated in the witness box that he was a farmer of Opps township and had a family of ten children eight of whom were boys. The eldest worked with him upon the homestead, the second eldest had a rented farm nearby and the prisoner was on a rented farm near Omemee.

Next the prisoner testified. He stated that he could write his own name but could not read the papers. This statement was received with surprise as the young man was intelligent looking but it only corroborated the testimony of the father and other preceding witnesses who had admitted illiteracy of as deplorable degree themselves.

Collins stated as a result of Mr. Kerr's examination that he and his brother had batched it upon the farm for some time and that he had then determined to have a housekeeper and had accordingly married a young woman with whom he had been keeping company for several years, a degree themselves.

the certificate of exemption which was given him as a farmer would protect him against being called upon to serve in the army.

Upon receiving the order to report for service he had paid no attention to it assuming that if he was wanted very badly the officials would come after him. He stated that had he been refused exemption in the first place he would undoubtedly have enlisted but with his wife to take care of and the farm to work he felt averse to entering the army especially in view of the fact that his wife was not in good health, a child having been born soon afterwards.

Collins stated that he knew very little about the war, in answer to questions of Mr. Strickland. He had gone to school until he was thirteen in a desultory manner but could show nothing more for his time at the institution of learning than an ability to sign his name.

Mr. Kerr's Masterly Effort

Mr. F. D. Kerr's plea for leniency for his client was a masterly one. He did not seek to detract unduly from the gravity of Collins' offence but in an eloquent and convincing manner related the salient points of the case which were to be considered by the court. He made a touching reference to the condition of the young man from the standpoint of social disadvantage. He was an ignorant country boy who had in common with the other people residing in the district grasped the erroneous impression that as long as he remained upon the farm he was exempt from military service He had been denied the advantages of education, and knew nothing whatever of the history of his country or of the British Empire.

To begin with he submitted that the information and complaint charged had not been proved and especially maintained that there was no proof that the Governor in Council had directed orders to report for duty on the part of the class to which the accused belonged under the Military Service Act.

This was a fine point which has not been raised as far as is known in a case of this kind before and Mr. Strickland objected upon the grounds that it would be ridiculous for the Government to be put to the necessity of proving that every proclamation had been issued in such a manner as to be read by everyone. A proclamation is a matter of common knowledge. An argument involving technicalities of a complicated nature followed between the Acting Crown Attorney and Mr. Kerr in which the famous Lewis case of Alberta was referred to.

Mr. Kerr stated that he would not press this contention but submitted it for consideration of their Worships. He then commenced his plea for the prisoner.

At the outset he reminded their Worships that throughout the conduct of the case he had not aimed to have the prisoner acquitted of the charge so much as to bring out the extenuating circumstances which undoubtedly existed and which should be considered in deciding upon the punishment to be inflicted.

The Government had recently recognized the fact that cases were deserving of individual consideration by setting a maximum and minimum fine to be levied in accordance with the degree of the offence

The minimum set by the new Order-in-Council is $250 and the maximum $5000. Mr. Kerr stated that he could conceive of instances where the maximum levy should be made and he could just as readily understand that at other times the minimum would be none too light. He agreed that the two magistrates had a great responsibility resting upon them and one which he would not desire to share.

He drew attention to the fact that his client had carried on his work openly after he had been notified to join the army. He had made no attempt to hide and had believed as did his fellows in the district where he lived that so long as he was engaged in farming he was exempt from military service.

Believing this, he had married a girl with whom he had been keeping company for years previous to the outbreak of the war. He had undertaken to support her and soon after commencing married life had found himself in a terrible predicament. His exemption had been cancelled and he was ordered to leave his young wife who at that time had not given birth to her child and was in delicate health.

In refusing to comply with the order of the Registrar, Collins had been guilty of an offence, the gravity of which his counsel did not endeavor to minimize but he did state that in remaining inactive he had obeyed a natural impulse in one who had not enjoyed the advantages of education and enlightenment which are vouchsafed to the average individual

It was impossible for their Worships to view the matter from the standpoint of such a man, who was intensely ignorant and knew nothing whatever of history; could not read the papers and knew nothing of their contents except what little his wife read to him. In addition to that the quite naturally believed in the widespread idea that so long as he was producing he was performing a most creditable service for his country and that the exemption which he held entitled him to freedom from military service so long as he remained at agricultural work.

He did not dodge when he had refused to join the service but had remained with his wife and child endeavoring to care for them to the best of his ability.

Passing on from this phase of the case Mr. Kerr reminded the court that this young man was one of thousands who had failed to do their duty. While not in any way be-

(Continued on Page 6)

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

RESULTS PROVE THE BIG MAN

You are as big as the things you can do—no bigger. Is your eyesight "big" enough for you? If your eyes cannot do all you require of them, they are a handicap, and require attention. Dr. Fowler's expert service needs no endorsement, it is perfectly well known, and is available for all in need of it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co:

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease

SINCE 1870

SHILOH

30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widower without dependant children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. By farmers and ranchers.
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors, administrators of estates and assignees.
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names of all directors, officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations and syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.
Forms may be obtained from the Inspector's and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.
Returns should be filed immediately.
Postage must be prepaid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.
Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT.

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 112, KINGSTON, Ont

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BELLEVILLE, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—By War Publications Limited, 1 good County Agent or Representative in each County, also Local Agents to work under County Agent. This is not a get rich quick scheme, but a fine opportunity for hustlers to make good money. If a personal interview cannot be arranged, write to War Publications Limited, 193 Sparks street, Ottawa, and full particulars will be given. Prompt reply is required.

WANTED—Victory Bonds bought for cash. Apply box 237, Review.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 636 Rubidge street.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Fine, comfortable home; all modern conveniences. Large lot; very central. Apply 122 Dublin street. Phone 1124w.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT; PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—2 large front bedrooms, newly furnished, with or without board. Apply 248 Charlotte St.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

M. E. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

262 Hunter St. 285 Bethune St

Phone 697

Nights and Holidays 596

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
108 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, M.A.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank, Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery.
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 12½ Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 545

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street, Peterborough

Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards, interest, paid quarterly, accrued from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, on which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

WHAT ITALY DID IN WORLD'S WAR

FAMOUS GENERAL EXPLAINS WHAT HIS COUNTRY ACCOMPLISHED IN THE STRUGGLE.

Toronto, March 7.—Major-General Emilio Guglielmotti made an excellent impression at the Empire Club yesterday in his admirably moderate and lucid statement of Italy's part in the war, and her attitude towards the claims of the Jugo-Slav nation.

He made it clear that Italy had been an essential factor in the victory over Germany. The battle of the Marne could not have been won but for the release of French troops from the Franco-Italian frontier, and the subsequent tying up of Austrian troops on the Austro-Italian frontier when Italy declared war against the Huns, saved the situation.

Italy, he said, asked no more than France did when she required the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine. The provinces wrested from Italy by Austria in 1866 were on a similar basis.

The claims of Jugo-Slavia on the Adriatic were not denied by Italy, he stated, that had been recognized by her. Italy admitted the justice of the Jugo-Slav demand for an outlet to the sea, and was willing to let them have two-thirds of the Dalmatian coast and the best port on the Adriatic. Italy, moreover, was quite willing to leave the case to the allies, to whom Italy had been loyal, and he believed the allies would be loyal to Italy.

A large audience, including many prominent citizens of Italian birth, was present, and General Guglielmotti was frequently and heartily applauded.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A true actor never overacts his part.

A bulldog barks first and bites afterward.

An egotist is a man who enjoys talking to himself.

Analogy is merely a method of convincing without proof.

A man's shoes may get tight by imbibing water, but he doesn't.

The successful blacksmith can either shoe a horse or make a horse shoe.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*1:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

7:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted)

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County

FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL

Asst. Secretary and Inspector

Office, 588 George St. Phone 194

Office Hours: 12 to 2, and 6 to

MINIMUM FINE IS IMPOSED

(Continued From Page 5.)

Extolling his offence he maintained that his client had not been a leader amongst those who had become defaulters and has up to this time been a civil, hard working and law abiding citizen.

The Government said Mr. Kerr, recognizes as is shown by the recent Order-in-Council that to impose an excessive penalty upon these men is to create a circle of ten or twelve of his relatives or descendents who consider the law tyrannical and unjust and do not sympathize with it.

He felt that to impose too trivial fine would bring the law into contempt and to imprison the men for too long a period would have a tendency to go to the other extreme and bring contempt upon the law from the other standpoint, and cause this man's descendents who might grow up to be useful citizens with opportunity of education such as, unfortunately, he had not received, to be law haters and enemies of society.

Collins' counsel then referred to the splendid spirit of fair play which had always characterized the British Law. He illustrated his meaning by a reference to the treatment of the Boers after their defeat when instead of resorting to harsh measures the British Government had dealt generously with the rebels and had transformed them into loyal citizens. Grant had advised his beaten foes of the south to take their horses back home as they would need them on the plow; Lincoln said he would treat the Confederates as if they had never taken up arms against the union, and the same attitude should be adopted in Canada to a certain extent today. To send these thousands of men to the penitentiaries of the land, to take them away from the farms at this crisis would not be serving the best interests of this Dominion.

His client had not done his duty. He was an ignorant fellow from the backwood district but would his child be a better citizen of Canada for knowing that shortly after her birth her father was sent to prison? Was it right that this little one's first impressions of her father should be of such a nature? Mr. Kerr maintained that under the circumstances it would place a stigma upon the daughter which she would always carry and would mar her chances of becoming a good and useful citizen in her native land.

While not allowing a man such as Collins to escape punishment Mr. Kerr appealed to the magistrate for leniency in dealing with him. The penalty should suit the offence and should be measured according to his worldly possessions and standing.

He is a tenant farmer, continued the counsel for the defence, with a farm of 100 acres most of which is under cultivation to a limited degree. His father owns a farm which is not of great value and there are at least seven members of his family still dependent upon him for support. These things should enter into consideration when imposing a fine.

If it appeals to your judgment, continued Mr. Kerr, to impose a penalty in money that this man will have to work out with the sweat of his brow I trust that you will not make it so large as to be impossible of payment in which case it will do neither the prisoner nor the State the good it should accomplish.

In conclusion Mr. Kerr stated that he realized the responsibility which rested upon the court. They were called upon to use their discretion in a case where a law had been violated which exacted a penalty ranging from $250 to $5000 and various terms of imprisonment. He asked that they would not send the young man to prison but would impose as moderate a fine as their judgment permitted and in default a term in prison. He hoped that they would deal as lightly and mercifully with Collins as the unerring but merciful spirit behind the British law demands.

J. Fordyce Strickland, the Acting Crown Attorney presented the case tersely for the Crown when he asserted that his learned friend had expressed his own sentiments very eloquently and thoroughly and complimented him upon his attitude in not seeking to minimize the seriousness of the offence. The Government as Mr. Kerr had stated had given magistrates the option of imposing a fine or of sending a defaulter to prison. The man was guilty and he as prosecutor had no objection in pressing for a maximum fine but was quite content to leave it with their Worships whom he felt sure would mete out such punishment as they deemed sufficient.

Mr. Adams stated that the most lamentable feature of the case to his mind was the deplorable lack of education and enlightenment which existed in the district from which the young man came.

After conferring together for a [illegible] into and making some enquiries into the financial status of the prisoner and his family the magistrates decided to impose the minimum penalty of $250 and in default of payment a term at the prison farm of one year.

In announcing the sentence Mr. Rush stated that he and his colleague did not wish to send Collins to the prison farm without the option of a fine. He hoped that the young prisoner would remember that day as long as he lived and that it would serve as a lesson to him to obey the law. He was guilty of the charge preferred against him as he admitted himself and as his counsel admitted and in imposing the minimum penalty permissible His Worship felt that they were dealing with him very leniently and at the same time carrying out the spirit of the law as set forth in the most recent order-in-Council dealing with this difficult question.

CIVIC EMPLOYES GIVEN INCREASES IN SALARIES

Generosity of Council, However, Will Cost City Only $590 a Year---Move Toward Abolishing Property Qualification Defeated

Last night the city council in committee of the whole met and considered salary increases. The result of their deliberations is $590 increase in the civic pay roll which was apportioned in the following manner:

Increases made in the salaries of the city officials:

Official	Salary	Increase	New Stipend
Tax Collector Greene	$1400	$150	$1550
Judge Huycke of Police Commission	100	100	200
Chairman of the Court of Revision	50	50	100
James Finney of Court of Revision	50	25	75
H. Morrow of Court of Revision	50	25	75
Engineer's Office Miss Jackson	480	120	600
City Clerk's Office:—			
Miss Mabel Young	540	60	600
Miss Florence Johnston	480	60	540
Total	$3150	$590	$3740

Grant to Exhibition

Last year's grant of $500 to the Exhibition Board was doubled last night when a motion was introduced and passed recommending that $1000 be the amount of this year's grant.

Alderman Hamilton felt that this was not enough and was in favor of voting more. Alderman Gainey thought that $1000 was quite sufficient and as much as the city could afford this year.

Labor Day Grant

Alderman Gainey asked for a grant of $100 for the Trades and Labor Council to help meet labor day expenses. The Labor Council would in all probability have a deficit to deal with unless the city Council assisted them in this way.

Alderman Hamilton advised waiting until such time as the deficit was really found to exist before making such a grant.

A motion granting the $100 was introduced by Aldermen McIntyre and Phelan and was carried thus ending the discussion upon this question.

Equal Grants to Bands

The question of how to apportion the band grants was considered and settled last night. Last year $350 was granted to the 57th Regiment band and $150 to the Salvation Army band.

Last night it was decided to recommend an appropriation of $600 and a motion introduced by Aldermen Edgar and Morrison stipulated that each of the bands of the city which played 13 nights in parks as designated would receive a grant of $200.

Housing Bill Discussed

In accordance with the promise made Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A. at the last meeting of the Council the Provincial Government's Housing Bill was discussed fairly thoroughly in committee last night.

The most important clauses of the proposed legislation were read and considered and a resolution was passed requesting the clerk to write Mr. Gillespie thanking him for drawing the attention of the Council to the matter and informing him that if it was thought advisable in the future to enter into the agreement with the Government action would be taken.

What was wanted by the Legislature was a statement from the municipal councils of the province as to whether or not they would become parties to the project.

Property Qualifications

A copy of the resolution passed by the city council of Brantford urging the Government to abolish property qualifications in the cases of candidates for municipal office, and asking for an endorsement from the various councils of the country was read at the meeting of the committee last night.

Mayor Duncan, the chairman suggested that it might be received.

Alderman Gainey, however, did not want to see it shelved and was of the opinion that the Committee should make a recommendation to the Council that it be endorsed, and forwarded as directed.

He announced the usual arguments in its favor, maintaining that property qualification was unfair inasmuch as it prevented many good and able men from seeking election to the councils of the cities and towns of the country.

Alderman Hamilton took issue with him at once. He said that he was sorry to know that such a plan had been incorporated in the Labor platform for he felt that its adoption would not be in the best interests of municipal government. He did not favor endorsing such a resolution and said so quite plainly.

Mayor Duncan agreed with the stand taken by Alderman Hamilton. He thought it would be a mistake to give every man who resided in the city but had nothing at stake in it an opportunity to enter the Council and participate in the handling of money which did not come out of his pocket in the form of taxes.

Alderman Hamilton could not see why the local labor Aldermen favored such a proposition. They had four good representatives in the Council now and Alderman Gainey himself admitted that there were fifty more in the Trades and Labor Council just as able to represent the electors as the ones who had been successful and everyone of whom could qualify for the position.

A motion recommending the endorsation of the Brantford resolution was submitted by Aldermen Gainey and Garside and an amendment was proposed by Aldermen Phelan and Hamilton. The result of the division was four-four, the chairman voting for the amendment.

Division: Motion—Gainey, Garside, Morrison and McIntyre.

Amendment— Phelan, Hamilton, Edgar and Mayor Duncan.

Both were declared lost and the matter will be revived in the Council if the sponsors of the move see fit to act further.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! A SMALL BOTTLE STOPS DANDRUFF

EVERY BIT OF DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT

TRY THIS! YOUR HAIR APPEARS GLOSSY, ABUNDANT, WAVY AND BEAUTIFUL

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight— now — any time— will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

STRATFORD'S BIG LEAD.

Stratford, March 7. — Stratford Midgets gained a ten-goal lead in the first game of the finals for the Northern League championship, when they defeated Chesley at the Stratford rink by a score of 13-3.

THIS MOTHER AND DAUGHTER

Both Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Steele, Ala.—"During the Change of Life I had hot flashes, was nervous, run down, and had sick headaches for two or three days at a time. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am much stronger and better in every way than I was. My daughter's health broke down last June from teaching school without a rest, and she has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Blood Medicine with good results. She is much better and teaching now and I give your medicine the praise. You are welcome to use this letter for the benefit of other suffering women."—Mrs. F. A. GAINES, R.R. No. 1, Steele, Ala.

Women who suffer as Mrs. Gaines did should not hesitate to give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial, as the evidence that is constantly being published proves beyond question that this grand old remedy has relieved much suffering among women.

For confidential advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their forty years' experience is at your service.

60th WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Pilton, Ont., March 7.—Mr. and Mrs. John Huff, of this town celebrated their 60th wedding anniversary Wednesday. Mr. Huff is 88 years of age and Mrs. Huff 87. Both are enjoying excellent health.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Stanwville, Que.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-0880.

The PLACE to get VALUE

BITTER ORANGES

NOW IN SEASON

Navel Oranges, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c. Guaranteed sweet and juicy.

BANANAS—SPECIAL

Northern Spy Apples, and other varieties.

First-class Grapefruit, Celery and Lettuce.

Strictly Fresh Oysters.

FRESH FISH and SMOKED FISH
CISCOES FILLETS OF HADDIE

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Lackawana Coal Means Economy

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A Spring Message From BLACK

I take pleasure in informing the Ladies of Peterboro and the surrounding country that I have opened out a large and very attractive stock of the Latest Styles in

LADIES' WAISTS, DRESSES, SUITS AND HATS

Such Money-Saving Opportunities as I can offer are really worth coming after. Here are some of the argains that you appreciate.

LADIES' SUITS

We were fortunate in securing a lot of clearing samples of the very newest and most beautiful styles, in fine quality Serge and Gabardine Suits, in grey, taupe, fawn, and navy. Worth from $25.00 to $40.00. Will be sold from

$15.00 to $28.00

LADIES' WAISTS

A large assortment of Voile Waists, in stripes, blue and white voiles, colored voiles, with white collars and lace trimmed, also waists in round neck, fancy embroideries and lace, with pretty collar; also silk waists, in pink pull-over collar and frills around neck. Different styles. Worth from $1.50 to $4.00 ..... Sale price ..... **98c to $2.75**

LADIES' SKIRTS

A large assortment of skirts, in wearable qualities. In black and navy. Worth $5.00 ..... Sale price **$2.49**

Another lot, all wool serge. Worth $7.50 ... Sale price **$3.50**

Silk Poplin Skirts, in grey, taupe, navy and black, also fancy plaids. Worth from $6.00 to $12.00. Sale price

$3.50 to $7.50

Everything in the store is reduced for this week. Many Corsets are reduced. New York styles, in pink. Some corsets lace front. Guaranteed for one year or new one given. Other styles. Regular $1.50 to $3.00. Sale price ... **89c to $2.98**

LADIES' DRESSES

In silk poplin. We have a large stock of Dresses, in beautiful styles, some made with embroidery worked fronts and tucked panels and fringe, in all different colors. Many different make. Worth from $15.00 to $22.00. Sale prices

$9.50 to $12.98

P. BLACK - - Corner George and King Street, Opposite Peter Hamilton's

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

STORIES OF CHAS. VAN LOAN AS RELATED BY HIMSELF

Late Writer Was One of the Most Literary Figures That the Baseball Game Ever Knew.

(By George S. Robbins.)

Baseball lost one of its best boosters in the death of Charles Van Loan. This big hearted fellow had countless friends who will mourn his departure, but his writings will live on. Van Loan became one of the world's greatest short story writers and some of his articles on baseball and racing are classics of their kind. Former Trainer Buckner of the White Sox furnished the plot for many stories written by Van Loan when he labored for newspapers and after he entered the magazine field. Buck was the central figure around whom a series was woven. Van Loan was a great humorist, and told several corking good ones on himself. One of these had to do with Jeffries.

In Los Angles, Cal., Van Loan's home until recently, when he went east to work for the Saturday Evening Post, he became a close personal friend of Jim Jeffries, former heavyweight boxing champion of the world. The big ex-pugilist furnished a subject for many stories just as did other famous sporting characters Van Loan had met. Van frequently dodged into Jeff's place to kill a little time and pick up a few ideas for fresh hits.

Jim Jeffries' Great Dane.

It happened that Jeffries owned a Great Dane that was certainly huge in size and some eater. The dog wasn't good for anything much but to eat lie around and sleep.

"Boys—that dog's got my goat — I'm going to sell him or shoot him," said Big Jeff. "He's afraid of his shadow and is eating his head off."

Then Jim had a brilliant idea. He knew Van Loan liked dogs and that he certainly would fall for a big present like that. Van was "pie," he figured.

"Van you've been a friend of mine a long time," said Jeff, meeting Van Loan for a fanning bee soon afterward. "I've something else I could get you to show my appreciation of your many favors. I've got the biggest Great Dane at home the natives out here ever saw. He's a darb. Furthermore, he's yours, if you like dogs."

No time was lost by Van in assuring the ex-pugilist that he was very fond of dogs, especially of great Danes. Although he had never been fortunate enough to own one. He thanked Jim profusely.

"How About That Dog?"

"How about that dog?" phoned Van Loan the next day when the present hadn't arrived.

"Don't worry, old man; he'll be on his way soon," replied Jeffries.

It required a truck to deliver the present, but Jeffries didn't care if it took a whole flock of trucks. He was mighty glad to be rid of the big animal with his huge appetite and lazy disposition.

Van Loan was highly elated over the receipt of the big canine. He decided he would show his present to the boys at the next ball game in Los Angeles. Van decided to do the thing up brown. He decked himself out in a brown suit, a brown derby hat and dark tan shoes. His dog was fixed up with a bronze collar on which was inscribed: "Gift of James J. Jeffries to Charles Van Loan." A carefully chosen chain connected this collar with a bronze band ring around Van's left hand.

"Look Out for Spider-"

Decked in this regalia, and swinging a cane, Van Loan entered baseball park. He went to the clubhouse to warn Hap Hogan, manager that he had better keep Spider, his little fox terrier, in the clubhouse, as he was going to visit the boys on the bench, and didn't want his Great Dane to damage his little canine.

Van Loan was the talk of the stands and bleachers when he strode in, leading his big dog, looking like a million bucks. He waltzed up to the home bench and sat with Hogan and his ball tossers. Everything was all right except one thing. One of the ball players forgot to close the clubhouse door and Spider leaped out and sprinted down to see the game.

Spying the overgrown interloper seated down in the rathskeller where he ruled dogdom, Spider became exceedingly jealous. With a piercing bark he leaped toward the big Dane. The big dog saw the little one coming and started to leave. Spider sprang at Van's dog, snapped at his hind legs and showed no respect whatever for size or strength.

It Advertised Charlie.

Out of the rathskeller leaped the big Dane dragging Van Loan with him. The chain was strong and the big Dane was scared and Van was the victim. On sped the scared animals toward the gate dragging his new master along the ground until he was stopped by some obstacle near the exit. It was a sight the fans hadn't paid to see, but it advertised Charlie in a way he hadn't figured on.

It is safe to say Van Loan made no further experiments with his gift from Jeffries. He learned that size doesn't always count with dogs any more than with human beings. Another story is told about Van Loan when a baseball writer in New York. He had been especially critical one week in picking out faults of ball players on the Gotham teams. In a game between the staffs of two New York papers Van made the "boner" of trying to pilfer third with the bases loaded. The ball papers never forgot to mention it to him often.

Out in Los Angeles Van had kidded the cowboys frequently about their stunts in the movies. William S. Hart and other friends of the writer decided they would cure him of his ideas. So one day when Van was out watching some cowboy stunts one of the boys lassoed Van "by mistake." He was dragged along the ground several yards before being released. It was easy to see from the mirth of Hart and others than Van was the victim of a practical joke. After that he had more respect than formerly for the cowboys of the movies.

BROCK STREET RINK

To-night

Best Ice of the Season

BIG BAND To-morrow Night

Continuous Program - Of Choice Music -

Be Sure You Come

Averages Made In Ten Pin League

Standing and averages of the business men ten-pin league at the Water street alleys:

Team Standing.

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Printers	11	4	.733
C. G. E.	11	4	.733
Grocers	9	6	.600
De Laval	6	9	.400
High Rollers	6	9	.400
Mathews-Blackwell	2	13	.133

Following are the individual averages:

Printers.

	Games	Averages
Henderson	15	179
Cairns	13	170
Kirn	15	168
Miller	15	166
Lacheur	15	144

C. G. E.

	Games	Averages
Fielder	15	189
Jackson	12	170
Cranfield	15	164
Villineuve	15	157
Fair	15	132
Stansfield	3	129

Grocers.

	Games	Averages
Dawson	15	185
Weber	15	180
Ross	9	168

Turnbulls Won From the Packers

Last night in the 5-pin league at the Water street alleys Turnbull's took two games from Mathews-Blackwell, rolling a total of 2580. Mathews-Blackwell took the first game with a score of 958. For Turnbull's Schleffel was high man with 612, Perry, 576. For the Packers, Moncrief was high with 565, Stansfield 558. The scores:

Mathews-Blacgwell.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Stanton	189	120	110	—419
Stansfield	182	161	215	—558
McLean	141	105	103	—349
Moncrief	256	163	146	—565
Everett	190	127	135	—452
Totals	958	676	709	—2580

Turnbull's.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Schleffel	212	175	225	—612
Perry	197	210	169	—576
Moore	174	103	153	—430
Gettas	145	171	178	—474
Wood	146	211	131	—483
Totals	874	870	836	—2343

Tonight—De Laval vs. Shamrocks.

CANADIENS IN LEAD.

Will Play in World Series Against Western Team.

Montreal, March 7.—Leaving no doubt as to which is the better team to represent the National professional hockey league in the world's series against the winners of the Pacific Coast League, Canadiens won the fifth and decisive game of the playoff for the N. H. L. honors at the Jubilee Rink last night, defeating Ottawa by 4 to 2. Canadiens were always in the lead, outplaying their opponents at all stages of the play.

Gillespie	12	161
Routley	15	155
Heard	3	143
Noftall	6	139

De Laval.

	Games	Averages
A. Fitzgerald	15	172
Carter	12	172
Byers	15	169
W. Fitzgerald	6	164
Barrette	11	156
Hill	6	152
Ruiter	10	150

High Rollers.

	Games	Averages
Hayes	15	180
Solomon	15	178
Thompson	12	169
Thomas	11	153
Mitzes	12	151
Heaslip	5	139
Gettas	3	127
Rusley	1	281

Matthews-Blackwell.

	Games	Averages
McDonnell	15	163
Pratt	15	148
Everett	15	148
McLean	15	146
Matthews	6	131
Craig	9	130

High average—A. Fielder, 189.
High 3 games—A. Fielder, 622.

Final O. H. A. Game Is Postponde

Toronto, March 7.—With the consent of the Hamilton hockey club the senior O. H. A. final scheduled for tomorrow night at the Arena between Tigers and St. Patricks has been postponed until next Wednesday night. St. Patrick's came out of the Tiger game in pretty bad shape, as Jimmy Eltherington yesterday developed water on the knee, while Patterson was pretty badly mussed up. Then Hefternan would not have been able to play tomorrow night.

Arrangements were being made last night to have Tigers and Kitchener meet here tomorrow night in an exhibition game, and as both clubs appeared to be willing the final arrangements will likely be completed today.

The New Ford Car To Sell For $250

Detroit, March 7.—The new car mentioned in the despatch from Los Angeles yesterday which Henry Ford was said to have planned, will be a complete car and will sell for $250. A chain of factories across the country is also planned.

WOULD PLAY TORONTO.

New Liskeard, March 7.—By defeating Cobalt by a score of 12-7 New Liskeard senior hockey team became the undefeated champions of Temiskaming. The team has decisively won every game this season and is now anxious to arrange a game in Toronto with one of the senior teams of that city.

HOCKEY RECORDS

The following were the hockey results last night:

Junior O.H.A.

U. T. S., 11; Cornwall, 2.

Junior Northern.

Stratford, 13; Chesley, 3.

Allan Cup

Selkirks, 13; Columbus, 5.

N. H. L.

Canadiens, 4; Ottawa, 2.

Junior Beaches

Bellwoods 1, Excelsiors 1.

Juvenile Beaches

St. Michael's, 5; De La Salle, 4.
Parkviews, 5; Garnets, 1.

Pacific Coast.

xSeattle 3, Victoria 1.
xPlayed Wednesday.

Exhibition

Watford 4, Sarnia 2.

Some writers are so averse to mending that they won't even try to patch up quarrels.

The man who lives for himself alone is apt to be neglected by the world at large.

Yes, Elizabeth, it rains on the rich and poor alike if they are unable to swipe an umbrella.

EDITOR'S MAIL

CAPT. BURNHAM EXPLAINS

Editor Review: As you seem a little perplexed in your remarks upon my letter in reply to Mr. Cunningham, let me add this one word: "God established a national and a moral order and 'prohibits' nothing he furnishes. For us to seek to improve upon His plan is an attempt to cast reproach upon Him, and no matter how much we are pleased with our own superior schemes for the uplift of mankind they can only end in disaster. We are bidden to rely upon Him, not to substitute our own order for His order. Many are carried away with their own conceit but underlying it is atheism and nothing less. It is as tempting as any other toy of the devil and more dangerous."

—J. H. BURNHAM.

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage

The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark plugs for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of cars and in case a plug should go wrong it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one. It is exceptionally well insulated and its mechanical construction is perfect, so much so that it is warranted to fire under any and all conditions.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Haro Coal

Pea Coal .....16.50 per ton
Also Egg Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Quarter Round and all kinds of Finish, Floors and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

WRIST & BRACELET
Watches

in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
307 George St. Just Thrift

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

WHAT'S THE MATTER DON'T YOU LIKE THE WATER?
YOU KNOW I NEVER DID LIKE WATER!
WELL TRY TO KEEP UP APPEARANCES.
I'M TOO BUSY TRYIN' TO KEEP THINGS DOWN!
OH! DO COME OUT HERE AND SEE THIS LARGE SHIP PASSING.
DON'T BOTHER ME.
OH! LOOK HERE COMES ANOTHER SHIP.
DON'T CALL ME UNTIL YOU SEE SOME TREES!
2 19

Important Annoucement

FURS at the price we are selling at, are about as shrewd an investment as you can make.

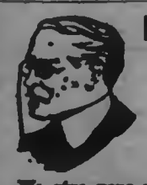
There is no question about prices for next year, they cannot help but be higher, raw skins are costing more then they ever did.

In order to give our customers sufficient warning of this advance in costs we will continue our present reduction sale of Furs until the end of this month of March, after which prices will be based on the new values for next year's selling.

Barrie's

Furriers—
and Ladies Ready-to-Wear
Garments.

Barrie Bld'gs George St.



POOR EYES MEANS POOR WORK

We give your eye needs personnel attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.

"See Us and See Better."

W. H. LACEY
Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

WANTED AT ONCE
Route boy for route south to Romaine street. Apply at once, Review.

DENTISTRY
Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

WANTED AT ONCE
Boy for route in north end of city. Apply Review.

4th ATTRACTION REDPATH LYCEUM COURSE
The fourth concert of the Redpath Lyceum series will be given in the Conservatory of Music Hall, on Monday evening next, March 10th. The attraction will be the Montague Light Opera Singers.

Masonic Brethern are summoned to attend an Emergent Meeting of Royal Arthur Lodge, A.F. & A.M., on Saturday afternoon, March 8th, at one o'clock, sharp, to attend the funeral of late Wor. Bro. J. C. Shook.

E. B. FOWLER, W.M.

NOTICE TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE G.W.V.A.

The funeral of Comrade Preston Grange will take place on Sunday afternoon, March 9th. Every member of the Veterans' Association is requested to parade at the Armouries at 2 p.m. sharp, march off at 2.15 p.m. prompt. An invitation is extended to all returned soldiers of the city to attend this funeral. The firing party will be required to parade one hour before the general parade.

The secretary will notify those who have been selected to act as a firing party and bearers by postcard tonight.

All members of the G.W.V.A. Band are pleased to be guided by this notice.

S. WHATLEY, P.B.G.W.V.A.

NOTICE.
The Ladies' Aid Society of Murray Street Baptist Church will hold a sale of home-made cooking on the market, Saturday morning, March 8.

FARMERS' CLUB MEETING
Peterboro Branch, No. 519, U.F.O., will meet on Monday, March 10th, in the S. O. E. Hall, Hunter street, at 2 p.m. All farmers in the surrounding district are asked to be present.

E. B. ROGERS, President.

THE KING-JARVIS RECITAL ATTRACTS HUGE AUDIENCE

Delightful Evening of Vocal Melody—Mrs. King Could Not Appear Owing to Illness—Miss Scott and Miss Parker Contributed to the Program.

A capacity house attended Mrs. George H. King's recital last evening when Mr. Harold Jarvis, of Detroit, a gifted tenor, exceedingly popular in both Canada and the United States, assisted in a select and refined program.

Unfortunately, however, Mrs. King suffered keen disappointment in not being able to be present owing to illness. But Mr. King took her place in a delightful duet, "When Thou Art Near," in which Mrs. King was to have accompanied Mr. Jarvis, and acquitted himself so admirably that the applause, which followed, was enthusiastic and persistent. Mr. King also earned, on this occasion, a full measure of commendation for his talent as accompanist to a program of high-class vocal numbers composed by world-famed authors.

As to Mr. Jarvis, he is no stranger to Peterborough, is ever welcomed by the elite, and last evening was in magnificent form, and generously responded with an encore to each of his numbers. He also, request, sang one of his old-time record songs, "The Beautiful Isle of Somewhere," a sweetly, pretty composition, which brought down the house, so to speak. "Crossing the Bar," together with that colorful and spirited English piece, "We Come Up From Somerset," which in Mr. Jarvis' hands so vividly portrays British loyalty to British sovereigns, were also his star offerings.

Mr. Jarvis is equally at home in sentiment and humor; he sings with feeling, and irresistibly communicates to his hearers the conception the authors of his songs wished conveyed. As sung by Mr. Jarvis his offerings are in truth musical pictures. His beautiful tenor voice, clear as the notes of a violin, with touches at times, where consistent, of baritone are an unfailing source of pleasure wherever heard.

Miss Scott and Miss Parker were acceptable additions to the program in the unavoidable absence of Mrs. King. The former was warmly received in several soprano numbers, delivered in commendable voice and expression, while the latter was heard to good advantage as an elocutionist. Miss Parker's recitation of that charming composition, "Little Baptiste," was a pretty story, in which she faithfully impersonated both sentiment and dialect of the French-Canadian habitante.

Both ladies were tendered bouquets by little Eleanor Malott, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. F. E. Malott.

The recital was enthusiastically appreciated by all present, and unqualified thanks are due the Misses Scott and Parker for kindly stepping into the breach caused by Mrs. King's illness.

The program was no easy one for an accompanist, and Mr. Geo. H. King, who filled that duty, is to be congratulated on the excellence of his work

ADDRESS AND ARMCHAIR PRESENTED TO M. N. CLARK

Popular Superintendent of Knox Church Sunday School Honored by Teachers, Officers and Friends.

On Tuesday evening last the teachers and friends of Knox Sunday School met in the Church parlors, to spend a social hour, but also to give a pleasant surprise to the superintendent, Mr. M. N. Clark. A short but excellent program was carried out under the direction of Mr. Thomas Carpenter, assistant superintendent, at the close of which Mr. Clark was presented with an appreciative address and a handsome armchair, the presentation being made by Mr. Andrew Mackenzie and Mrs. Hunter.

Mr. Clark replied in suitable terms disclaiming the credit which, in their kindness ,they were ascribing to him and thanking them for their handsome gift and for the kindly spirit of which it was an expression.

The pastor, Rev. J. A. McKenzie, and other gentlemen added their expressions of good will, and then after partaking of dainty refreshments served by the ladies, the gathering was closed with the benediction. The address is as follows:

Mr. [illegible]com Clark, superintendent of Knox Church Sunday School:

Dear Mr. Clark,—There are occasions in a man's life when acquaintances and even friends will essay to tell him candidly what they think of him. We have for some time been manoeuvring to get you in a corner, to run our finger through the button hole of your lapel and pointing at you with our other finger for emphasis, to tell you certain things that have been on our minds for some time.

You have acted as our superintendent for seven years. We cannot adorn the greatness of this service by any words of compliment and appreciation. We shall not attempt to. We beg leave, however, to tell you of a few of the many good qualities you have revealed in the conduct of our Sunday School work.

First in order, we place your faithfulness, Sunday after Sunday, you are at your post. Hot weather or cold, wet weather or dry, is all the same to you as far as your attendance is concerned. Our Lord in one of his parables teaches us that faithfulness is a quality singled out for special reward and honor. We wish you to know that your faithfulness to this task has won our unanimous admiration and in not a few cases our earnest emulation. We wish also to say that we esteem very highly your good judgment. You bring to the work of our school that judicial poise that inspires confidence in the justice of your administration, while your genial humor excludes the atmosphere of the law courts. We always feel that we can freely consult you about the various problems that crop up and be certain of sound advice and kindly justice. We are reminded of the old professor who told his class that they required grace, grit and gumption, and who went on to say that the Lord could give them grace, and they could develop grit but if they didn't have gumption there was no source where they could make that want good. We congratulate ourselves that you have gumption. We attribute your marked success in this work, however, to the fact that in all things you are a Christian gentleman. Your great desire is to link up our boys and girls and our grown folk too, with our Lord. For the diffusion of this spiritual atmosphere we feel deeply indebted to Our Father in Heaven.

Much more could be said by way of genuine appreciation, but we feel somewhat awed by your Scotch personality. We are not at all at ease in the presence of such a gift as you have given us, but our silence might be with others. But our silence is filled with thoughts that are golden. We ask you to accept this gift from your staff of teachers, officers and other friends, as a visible token of your services and personality. As one teacher happily expresses our purpose in presenting it, "It is not for retirement, but for rest." We picture you on your return from Sunday School sitting down in comfort to enjoy a quiet hour with your family.

May we ever be welcome guests of your memories in such hours, and may the happy and blessed associations between yourself and our school continue by God's grace through many years yet to be.

Signed on behalf of the Sunday School—

J. F. Morrison—Home Department.
A. McKenzie—Senior Department.
T. Carpenter—Intermediate Department.
Annie M. Crocker—Intermediate Department.
M. A. MacDonald—Primary Department.
Mrs. Watt—Cradle Roll.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
RubberSponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

A Great Seven Days Selling of New Spring Dress Fabrics

BEGINS ON SATURDAY

Out of the most note-worthy Offerings were made in the Price Goods Department. Hundreds of Yards of New Spring Goods with a most substantial Reduction on every yard

Special

$1.85 Silk Dress Poplins In Black and Colors Yard $1.19

This is a splendid chance to procure the material for a nice, new silk poplin suit, dress or skirt at the very low and big bargain price of $1.19 a yard. This high quality silk poplin has a rich, spot proof silk surface, is firmly woven, will not cut or slip, and will make up nicely; 36 inches wide; in colors of black, navy blue, nut brown, taupe and Belgian blue. It is a value well worth an early visit to the store. Regular $1.85. Seven Day Special Selling ... Yard $1.19

$2.50 French Chiffon Taffeta Silk—While it last, Yard $1.69

Here is a most remarkable bargain that we are offering during this special selling event. A real French taffeta with the correct chiffon finish; a quality taffeta with a reputation for hard and satisfactory wear; rich jet black; 36 inches wide. A positive $2.50 quality and a silk we cannot duplicate. While it lasts, yd. $1.69

Heavy Grade 75c Natural Shantung Silk. Yard 47c

A heavy grade natrual Shantung that washes and wears splendidly; soft, unfilled quality; 33 inches wide. A silk that is suitable for waists, dresses, men's shirt pyajmas, children's dresses, underwear, etc. Be on hand to-morrow and buy all you need for spring and summer use. Priced away below to-day's market value. Regular 75c. Seven Days Selling price, yard 47c

$3.25 New Roxana Cloth. In all the New Colors, Yard $2.69

This charming new material is one of the season's novelties in dress fabrics. It is a soft, pure wool cloth, with a rich silky finish. The width is 42 inches, while the colors consist of navy, taupe, rose, munition grey, Belgian blue, and serpent green. A material noteworthy for its beauty and great value. Regular $3.25 ..... Seven Days Selling, yard $2.69

$5.50 Pure Wool Cheviot Coatings, Yard $4.00

54-inch imported all pure wool Cheviot Coatings, the one scarce cloth and purchased over two and a half years ago. It's all pure wool, and not only is the value very remarkable, but the colors are up to adte and in a god range of shades: navy blue, rose, saxe, sand, Belgian blue, plum, and the enw Henna. This cloth is worth absolutely $5.50 a yard. Seven Days Selling ..... Yard $4.00

Special

54 inch Cheviot Suiting Regular $7 Yard for $4.39

If you plan to have your new Spring Suit made to order, or if you have in mind the purchase of material for a smart walking skirt, we suggest that you see this guaranteed pure wool Cheviot Suiting. It a 54 inches wide, and procurable in colors of dark and mid navy blue, golden brown and nigger brown; fast dye, and a material that will wear like iron. If we had to buy it to-day the price would be $7.00 a yard. Seven Days Selling .... Yard $4.39

OUR Spring Stock of Trimmings Linings, Buttons and Georgette Crepes is quite complete offering an extensive range in each line, at very reasonable prices

$2.50 Suiting Serge, Black and Colors, Yard $1.59

Just imagine, when serge is so scarce and prices so high, being able to obtain a splendid suiting serge at $1.59 a yard. In excellent Spring shades, too: navy, taupe, black and green; 52 inches wide; medium twill, fast colors. A value well worth seeing. Regular $2.50. Seven Days Selling, yard $1.59

Popular $1.50 Foulard Silks. On Sale for 98c Yard

Exceptionally smart Foulard Silks, in a range of popular designs and colorings. One of the new novelties for Spring; 36 inches wide; soft make; will make the prettiest kind of dresses. Our popular $1.50 line. Seven Days Selling, yard 98c

Colored Dress Goods

Various Weaves—Regular Up to 85c—On Sale Yard 59c

An extensive variety of enw material for children's school dresses and owmen's ewar; all new Spring fabrics, in such weaves as Bedford cords, plaids, poplins and shepherd checks; 36 to 40 inches wide. You save on every yard you buy. Regular up to 85c ..... Seven Days Selling, yard 50c

Silk Crepe De Chine $2.50 Quality for Yard $1.98

One yard wide Silk Crepe de Chine, in colors of black, navy, brown, Nile green, rose, taupe, pearl grey, petunia, pink and ivory. An extra heavy weight for waists and dresses. Regular $2.50. A most profitable buy during the Seven Days Selling, yard $1.98

$3.25 Colored Taffeta Silks Yard $2.50

Here is another silk special such as you'll seldom meet, so be sure and take advantage of it. Imported French taffeta silk, lovely soft chiffon finish; 36 inches wide. A preferred taffeta silg for early spring wear. Colors include navy blue, tan brown, saxe blue, plum, taupe and sand. Our regular $3.25 line. Seven Days Selling, yard $2.50

$4.00 Pure Wool Suiting Serge, Yard $3.19

Truly a most unusual value is represented in this fine all pure wool suiting serge. It is 54 inches wide and is procurable in three shades, navy blue, plum and nigger brown. As this is a pure wool serge it is something worth while notiag. Regular $4.00. Seven Days Selling ... Yard $3.19

DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT
Our Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring Deaprtment has special facilities for executing orders with promptness. Special attention given to mourning orders. Women who appreciate good style and workmanship can at all times rely on getting satisfaction.

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. W. I. Chisholm, Associate Provincial School Inspector, spent last night and a part of today in the city visiting friends.

The many friends of Mr T. E. Kenny 309 Maitlar Avenue will be pleased to learn that his condition this morning is regarded as favorable after a recent operation for appendicitis.

On Monday afternoon a delightful little tea was given by Mrs. Dillon and Mrs. T. Sabin at the home of the former, Stewart street, for the Women's Guild of All Saints Church. The Victrola was kindly loaned by Mr. Rattenberry of the Cressman Company.

Reduction in Coal Prices

The City Council has decided to reduce the price of Coal and for quick sale the prices are as follows:

Buckwheat ..... $ 9.00 per ton
Mine Run and Pea .... 10.00 per ton
Pea and Nut (mixed) . 11.00 per ton

Orders left at the City Treasurer's Office will be

PREPARATORY SERVICES

Preparatory Service will be held in Knox Church tonight, beginning at 8 o'clock. The address will be given by Rev. A. H. McConnachie, of Jentreville. New members will be received. A meeting of the session will be held at 7.30 sharp.

The Preparatory Service will also be held in St. Andrew's Church with Rev. J. Craw, of Springville, as preacher.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fine today. Sunday—Stationary or higher temperature.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 57 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

TROUBLE IS LOOKED FOR IN SIBERIA IN EARLY SUMMER

Omsk Government is Unpopular With Masses of People and Foreign Element Have Lost Prestige—Allied Help is Needed to Enable Russians to Reach Agreement.

(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent.)

Archangel, March 8.—A careful review of the situation in Siberia, now in possession of Canadian intelligence officers, predicts much trouble in the spring and early summer, due to the fact that the masses of the people are unsympathetic to the present Omsk government. The foreign elements supporting the Omsk government share in the unpopularity. The nations approving the proposed Princes Island conference have lost prestige among the Russians. It is suggested that the proper Allied attitude would be to assist various Russian parties to reach an agreement, leaving sufficient troops here meanwhile to maintain stability. The leading newspaper of Vladivostok was suppressed on February 24 for criticizing the Omsk regime.

British Naval Forces Now Control The Caspian Sea

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 8.—Naval forces under British command now dominate the situation in the Caspian Sea according to official information secured by Reuters' Limited. For some months past there have been British naval forces on this sea, the official account states. They were originaly sent to prevent the Bolsheviki from dominating the situation. This naval force seized certain armed steamers, which are now manned by Russian crews, which marched up by land from Mesopotamia with a British force as a nucleus. These steamers were commanded by British naval officers. The original Russian flotilla in the Caspian Sea, it is added, consisted of two gunboats, two dispatch vessels and three steamers. These have also just been taken over by the British-Russian naval forces.

VETERANS FAVOR PENSION RAISE

DRASTIC CHANGES ARE ADVOCATED BY EXECUTIVE OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Ottawa, March 8.—That the Government neither encourage nor subsidize immigration into Canada for the year 1919 and that drastic changes be made in the existing naturalization laws, was probably the most important reform advocated by the Dominion executive of the Great War Veterans' Association which has been in session in the city during the last week.

Many other notable issues were also dealt with, such as land settlement, pensions, education, the civil service commission, and the war service gratuity problems. All the foregoing questions were taken up by the executive with the repatriation committee of the Government and it is expected as a result of the executive endeavors that the difficulties and complexities attendant to these problems will be easier to solve both to the soldiers and to the Government.

A long memorandum was presented on the subject of pensions which advocated many drastic changes in the present system. The most important reforms contained in the memorandum are:

That the pensions paid under schedule "A" and "C" should be increased. That the increase should be fixed in accordance with the present cost of living, to arrive at the amount required to secure for the pensioner a generous living wage. That the increase should apply proportionately to the allowances for dependencies. That the discrepancy between the allowance for a totally disabled single man and the allowance for a widow or dependent without children should be removed.

That the pension granted to orphan children, as provided in section 17, is inadequate and should be increased. That equal provision should be made for children who become orphaned through the death of their mother, who was a widowed pensioner, and that the pension should be continued until they reach 21 years of age.

That the Board of Pension Commissioners should be empowered, subject to the authority of the Governor-in-Council, to revise the basic rate of pensions from time to time in conformity with the increased cost of living, ascertained by reliable and expert investigation.

That the pension continue to be paid to the pensioner while taking vocational training and that the present practice of discontinuing pensions to men taking such training is detrimental to the best interests of all concerned.

That the attention of the Government be again directed to the fact that constant agitation is being made by a large number of the members of the Great War Veterans' Association for equality of pensions for all ranks of the C. E. F.

FIRE IN GARAGE AT NOON TODAY

THREE CARS BURNED IN PLANT OPERATED BL EVANS AND APPLEBY.

At five minutes to twelve today fire broke out in the Service Garage on Charlotte street across from the White House as a result of a gasolene explosion. Three cars were burned and the building badly damaged although the fire brigade was on the scene in record time and soon had the fire under control. The business is run by Messrs Evans and Appleby.

Automobiles belonging to Messrs. Fred Hall, Charles Rishor and Dr. King, as well as several others, were badly damaged and the interior of the building thoroughly gutted. The explosion was caused by a lighted match thrown accidentally into a can of gasolene by one of the car owners who was waiting while his motor was repaired.

Driver O. H. Wilson Will Be Home Today

Driver O. H. Wilson, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Wilson, 279 Thomas street, who has been overseas for the past three years, is expected to arrive in the city this evening. Driver Wilson left St. John, N. B., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, according to word received by his father. He enlisted in the 52nd Battery three years ago on February 5th.

TWEED MAN MISSING

Kingston, March 8.—William Brennan, aged 65, of Tweed, left his home Tuesday morning and it is believed he has been drowned. For 30 years he was employed as a section hand with the Canadian Northern Railway.

SOLDIERS FROM CANADA ARE KILLED IN RIOT IN CAMP IN WALES OVER EMBARKATION

Long Service Men Claimed That Men Only Short Time in Army Were Given Preference in the Matter of Returning Home and Started the Trouble—From Eight to Twenty-Seven Are Reported Killed.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, arch 8.—From eight to twenty-seven persons are estimated to have been killed and from twenty-five to seventy-three wounded in rioting during the past three days at Kinmel, the military camp at Rhyl, Wales, according to Liverpool despatches received today. Great property damage was caused, the despatches add.

from Liverpool, the riot was started from Liverpool, the rio wat started by about two hundred malcontents. There were 25,000 Canadians in camp awaiting demobilization and embarkation. The men who caused the trouble were war casualties who had served for three years or more in France. They complained that their embarkation had been postponed while other men who had seen less service were being sent home.

After the destruction of stores of all kinds on Tuesday by the discontented men, the situation took a more serious turn on Wednesday when the cavalry was called out, but was forbidden to use its arms. Troops from Chester intercepted the rioters in their march upon Abergele, near Rhyl, and also prevented a threatened raid on the latter place. Five men were killed and forty injured in the course of this fighting, it is reported.

There was further promiscuous shooting early Thursday morning, but at no time was there organized fighting by any armed party. Most of the deaths were due to crushing, it is said. An unnamed major, holding the Victoria Cross and believed to be from New Brunswick, is reported to have been virtually trampled to death while attempting to defend the officers' quarters against great odds.

CANADIANS RESTORED ORDER.

The Daily Mail says that Canadian authorities restored order without the assistance of British troops, and declared that the matter is solely one for Canadian disciplinary action. The Canadian officials have informed the War Office that theyq do not desire any increase in shipping facilities as a consequence of the outbreak, as they do not intend to be coerced by the action of the rioters. It is stated that twenty or thirty of the ring leaders, mosly of foreign extraction, have been arrested by the Canadian authorities, co-operating with the civilian police. It is understood that these men will be brought to London and lodged in Bow street station.

Later on Thursday numbers of men paraded Rhyl. They made noisey demonstrations, but committed no damage. The outbreak began Tuesday night, with the signal cry, "Come on, Bolsheviki," uttered by a man said to belong to the Canadian force. A large number of men then wrecked the stores building and thousands of loaves of bread were trampled in the mud. The women's auxiliary quarters were then rushed and women's clothes carried off. The rioters seized stores of ammunition, fired on the officers' quarters, and then began a march in the direction of Abergele, but were held up. A staff officer flew from the War Office in London by airplane, and addressed the men, undertaking that their grievances regarding demobilization and pay, which caused the outbreak, should be immediately removed. He declared that ten thousand men would be away by the week after next and that four transports would be at the disposal of the colonials.

STATEMENT FROM HEADQUARTERS.

Canadian military headquarters in London today issued a statement with reference to the riots by soldiers at Kinmel Park. The statement says the disturbance was entirely due to delay in getting the men back to Canada. It was impossible to keep the promises given the men, the statement adds, owing to the shortage of vessels to carry them home. The authorities however, the statement continues, do not regard the rioting as justified, and the offenders, many of whom are already under arrest, will be vigorously dealt with. A number of civilians took part in the disturbance, and twelve of these have also been arrested and handed over to the civilian authorities. In the courre of the trouble three rioters and two sentries were killed and twenty-one persons were wounded, including two officers, according to the statement.

DISCUSSED IN PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Commons this afternoon William Tyson Wilson, M.P. for Lancashire, asked Lord Edmund Talbot, representing the Government, for a statement regarding the incident reported at Kinmel Camp, Rhyl, Wales. Lord Edmund replied that he had no further information. The gravest view was taken of the news when it reached Canadian headquarters in London. General Turner, chief of staff, went immediately to Kinmel Camp, where he addressed the men, returning to London today.

Good Progress At Pacific Ports

G. T. P. OFFICIAL MAKES TRIP OVER THAT LINE

Winnipeg, Man., March 8.—Mr. W. E. Duperow, general passenger agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, on his return here from the Pacific Coast, reports good development in the industrial and agricultural territory served by that railway and its steamship lines. On the North Pacific Coast Mr. Duperow states that there is unprecedented activity, many new industries having been established, particularly sawmills. At the big Granby copper property at Anyox, one hundred miles north of Prince Rupert, arrangements are being made to increase the output to three thousand four hundred tons of copper per day.

The Grand Trunk Pacific steamship "Prince John" has just left Stewart, B. C., on the Portland canal, with the first cargo of high grade gold and silver ore from the Bush Mine, the cargo consisting of about twelve hundred tons, valued at $250 per ton. Great shipments of canned salmon, halibut, whale meat and other fish products are being handled at Prince Rupert. It is estimated that the halibut industry at Prince Rupert will eventually support a population of fifteen hundred people.

Regarding the question of immigration into the farming areas of Central British Columbia, prospects were never brighter, Mr. Duperow said. In fact, last year more people than ever before took up land in this territory, most of them coming from the United States. The areas in the Bulkley and Nechako valleys in particular, which are especially suited to mixed farming, are rapidly filling up.

ROUMANIA CRIES OUT FOR BREAD

QUEEN SAYS FOOD IS NEEDED TO WARD OFF BOLSHEVISM.

Paris, March 8.—Queen Marie of Roumania declared that in spite of the plight of her country and the sufferings of the people in the war, there is no danger of Bolshevism there if supplies of food can be secured. Speaking of conditions in Roumania during the war, the Queen said:

"We suffered even worse than did Belgium. She had Great Britain and France by her side and behind them stood America, while we had only Russia to depend upon. When the Russians came to assist us, all they did was to eat our food. They were never of any real aid. German plotters saw to that, and when Russia broke we were absolutely isolated.

Engines Badly Needed.

"I have no fear of Bolshevism in Roumania if food is provided immediately. We are used to being shabby, and can go without clothes and shoes, but must have food, it is very difficult to distribute food in my country because of the wholesale destruction of railways and the theft of locomotives, cars and horses. We have no iron to rebuild ruined bridges, but are using wood to repair these structures. The imperative need is locomotives. Our oil fields are producing oil for engines and for export, but we have no means of moving it.

In Bower of Flowers.

"Hunger produces revolutions and Bolshevism. The Bolsheviki are cowards. They will not stand before an organized force. We do not fear them, and they have failed in their efforts to ruin Roumania. I have gone about in perfect safety in my war work."

Queen Marie expressed confidence that the Supreme Food Council will aid Roumania. The Queen, whose beauty enhances the charm of her forceful personality, received callers today in a room filled with gifts of flowers from representatives of the Entente nations.

Strike Called In Printing Bureau

Ottawa, March 8.—The pressmen at the Printing Bureau were out on strike at noon yesterday. One hundred and one men are affected and they left work as a result of a unanimous vote taken by the men at a meeting Wednesday afternoon.

Their demands are for a minimum wage of $20 a week or press feeders and $26 a week for pressmen. Formerly the scale was $18 for press feeders and $24 for pressmen. The men have issued a statement of their case, reviewing the events leading up to the strike, and are leaving their work regardless of the report concerning conditions at the Printing Bureau tabled at the House of Commons.

BRITISH MARKET FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA TIMBER

Ottawa, March 8.—Acting Prime Minister Sir Thomas White has received satisfactory advices as to the progress of negotiations with the British timber controller for the purchase of British Columbia timber.

QUEBEC GIVES $2549.

To the Canadian Wedding Gift Fund to Princess Pat.

Quebec, March 8.—Lady Fitzpatrick has forwarded to Lady Borden a cheque for $2549.85, the amount subscribed through the Province of Quebec towards the Princess Patricia wedding gift fund.

OTTAWA EXPLAINS CAUSE OF TROUBLE AMONG CANADIANS

Some Men With Long Service Records Were Overlooked Owing to Plan of Sending Battalions Home as Units—Five Killed and Twenty-One Wounded.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, March 8.—In an official statement today from the Ministry of the Canadian Overseas Military Forces, the riots of Canadian soldiers at Kinmel Park, Wales, are attributed to the shipping situation. The statement admits that owing to the system adopted of sending troops home by units, many men who have seen years of service and are concentrated at Kinmel Park and who were to go home in February had to step aside because ships were withdrawn and such as were available were needed for complete units.

The statement says "it is not attempted in the slightest degree to excuse the conduct of the men who took part in the disturbance. Many officers are under arrest and will be vigorously dealt with. It is hoped there will be no re-occurance of the delays which have hitherto taken place. Five were killed and twenty-one wounded, including two officers. There is no foundation for the report that a New Brunswick Major and V. C. was either killed or injured." Brigadier-Gen. McBrien is president of the court of enquiry.

Why Shipping is Scarce.

London, March 8.—An official statement issued by the Canadian Military Headquarters in regard to rioting at Kinmel Park say it is regretted that some accounts of the fighting, in which Canadian soldiers took part, exaggerate the seriousness of incident, but gives no details of what happened. It is explained the lack of shipping facilities to take the Canadian soldiers back home is due partly to the strikes and it is said that dissatisfaction of the soldiers over alleged preferential treatment in embarkations may be attributed to the fact that many have been divided into sections, according to the Canadian military districts, from which they come. By this means some shorter service men were sent home ahead of some who had been under arms for a longer period. A special court of inquiry has been ordered to conduct an investigation.

CONFERENCE DECIDES TO DESTROY GERMAN SUBS

Huns Will not Be Allowed Under the Final Treaty of Peace to Keep an Army of More Than 200,000 Men.

Paris, March 8.—The "big five" of the Peace Conference, took up the proposition of sending food into Bohemia and German Austria. Means of getting supplies into the districts which most urgently need them were to be discussed.

Naval terms which will be incorporated in the final peace treaty have been thoroughly gone over by the "big five" and, it was learned, the decision to destroy the German submarines stands. Decision was reserved, however, with regard to the proposal that the Kiel Canal be destroyed and the fortifications of Heligoland reduced. The fate of the German fleet is also still undecided.

Britain Yields Point.

Premier Lloyd George was disposed to have England take part of these ships, but he yielded this view when shown that it would involve an increased naval building program in the United States.

As a result of the British and American view in agreement, and as a means of harmonizing the French and Italian views, it is possible that some of these ships will be apportioned to France and Italy, instead of being destroyed.

Aside from the actual military and naval terms under consideration, an important question has arisen as to whether these terms will be temporary as incident to the close of the war, or permanent, holding Germany in subjection for an indefinite period. The actual terms as finally considered, though not yet made publil, are summarized as follows:

Disarmament down to 200,000 men, consisting of 15 divisions of infantry and five of cavalry, divided into five army corps.

Arms and ammunition are restricted to a force of 200,000 men, and the balance to be delivered or destroyed.

The naval terms provide similar disarmament by a reduction of the German fleet down to a limited basis sufficient for police defence, but it will not figure among the navies of the first or second class.

The aerial terms of disarmament are definite in period, as a limited number of hydroplanes with an aerial force of a thousand men are to gather mines until Odtober 1 next, when the entire establishment is to end.

Premier Lloyd George, finds his return to Paris, has added his weight to speeding up proceedings, not only toward the early signing of the peace treaty, but also toward quickly meeting the food situation in Central Europe

Wounded Canadians Reach Portland

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Portland, Me., March 8.—Wounded Canadian soldiers who arrived here on the hospital ship Essequido late yesterday, were on their way home to all points in Canada today. The Ontario contingent were the last to leave the ship, leaving for home at 10 o'clock this morning. The men were in much better condition physically than those on the first ship to arrive here two weeks ago. There were only four serious cases. Less than a score were confined to cots, and there were no deaths on the trip across.

GAS MASKS FOR FIREMEN.

Guelph, March 8.—The fire brigade is to be equipped with army gas masks to enable the men to defy smoke.

Berlin Workmen Are Protected

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, March 8.—German government troops have suppressed the armed revolt at Berlin, according to a despatch from that city, and are now assigned to the task of protecting the workmen who want to return to Berlin to their labors. The popular marine division and two detachments of republican guards have been disbanded, it is reported.

MAY BE SENT IN PEACE

Ottawa, March 8.—Upwards of ten thousand masses have been offered from all parts of the Dominion for the repose of the soul of the late Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, MARCH 8th, 1919

ILLITERACY AND PATRIOTISM.

ONTARIO BOASTS of its up-to-date educational system and prides itself on the fact that it has a compulsory plan under which every boy and girl is given a chance to read and write. It must be admitted, however, that more than occasionally some young Canadian evades the provisions of the Act and slips through the system unaffected by its operation.

This was shown at the recent police court hearing of a defaulter. That the young man's parents were illiterate is sufficiently deplorable. That the defendant himself could not read and was barely able to write his own name, is infinitely worse, seeing that it was really his illiteracy that got him into conflict with the law and subjected him to a fine of $250.

The young man could not read about the war. He had only a hazy idea of what it was all about. Some one told him, however, and truthfully so, that so long as he was engaged in farming he would not be called upon for military service. His agricultural lot was not an easy one, struggling as he was on a rented farm, the main portion of the income from which went to the owner as a yearly toll. But the Union Government changed its plan of action, and a promise made before the election was broken. All or practically all exemptions were cancelled.

Illiterate as he was, this young man could realize without the aid of book learning that there was a breach of faith somewhere. A pledge once given should be regarded as sacred, whether made between individuals or between the State and the people. Still, education would have helped that young man, and others in the same position, to realize that they were threatened by a common danger and that extraordinary conditions called for measures that would otherwise be inexcusable.

The young man is punished for evading the draft. The same careful attention paid to his national morals earlier in life would have been of infinitely more benefit to himself and the State. His parents, by not keeping him at school, broke the law with impunity, for all the records show. The young man defied the Educational Act to a certain extent off his own bat, and no authority laid hands upon him. He was permitted to grow up in ignorance, and the result was made painfully apparent later in his career. Called upon to render his country a service, he failed in his duty. He recognized no responsibility, it seems, beyond that of taking care of his wife and raising money for the rent.

Ontario always appears to have jail room for its offenders save for those who make light of the laws that have to do with education. Ignorance is not accepted as an excuse, but if this State paternalism were exerted earlier in the lives of the young there would be fewer derelictions in duty, the offenders failing simply because they were unable to realize what was required of them. Better a term in the public schools than this egregious blunder of making jails and penitentiaries so many universities for instructing citizens in the duties of citizenship, the graduates as a rule coming out tenfold worse than when they entered.

THE ALARMIST.

A TORONTO CORRESPONDENT in a recent issue of the New York Tribune sounds a note of alarm when he declares that Canada is seized with fear of the American peril, as he calls it, and that something must be done to keep the Union Jack above the Stars and Stripes, which is displayed so much in this country these days and which is always greeted with enthusiasm by the populace either in theatre or on the street. The correspondent also hints at an existent uneasiness that an increase of the naval strength of the United States may be but a preliminary step to the annexation of Canada.

There is always some pessimistic individual who is marring the gaiety of nations and taking the inherent joy out of life. Why imagine vain and foolish things? Why spread alarm among the masses or do anything to break the present amicable relations between the two countries? The fact that the Canadian people cheer when a picture of the American President or of the United States flag is flashed on the screen at the movies or that they applaud rapturously at the sight of marching American troops, is not to be accepted as evidence that the patriotic spirit of the Canadians, their devotion to their own land and to the Empire, is on the decline. Rather, such enthusiasm shows a broader spirit on the part of the Canadians, something that is altogether commendable. The man who has a smile and a pleasant word for the strange children whom he meets on the street is not necessarily on that account likely to be neglectful of his own offspring. The citizen who loves his own home is usually one who lives at peace with his neighbors. The cosmopolite can easily be as intense a patriot as the man who has seen nothing and who dreams of nothing beyond his own immediate neighborhood.

Many a nervous person has fretted himself into an early decline by imagining that his house is haunted, that the cellar of his abode is the home of a bogey man. There are Canadians who have been worried to the point of death by the unfounded fear that the sum total of the American national ambition is to acquire Canada by force of arms if annexation cannot be consummated by peaceful negotiations. All the Yankees, in the estimation of thes alarmists, are waiting for is the psychological moment to make a move. The Toronto correspondent referred to, if he does not share in this foolish fear, at least appears to know that it exists.

The United States and Canada have lived at peace for over one hundred years, and their relations today are more friendly than ever. The national creed of the Americans is against the acquisition of territory by conquest. Canada is safe from armed aggression from that quarter. Annexation could be effected only with the consent of a majority of the people on both sides of the border, and this puts it beyond the range of possibility. Even the American flag in Alaska is no menace. Canada can set its hand to its own household affairs undisturbed. The annexation bogey is simply the creature of a disordered brain. This country is comparatively secure, with at the north a Pole which even American enterprise has not been able to locate to popular satisfaction, a vast ocean on either side, and a friendly nation of one hundred million people to the south.

Of course, there are disturbing elements in either nation that will occasionally mar the international harmony. There are the alarmist newspaper correspondents and the brazen-throated and leather-lunged politicians whose alleged patriotism has degenerated into an acute case of jingoism.

THIS VAIN WARFARE.

"THE WAR has not been fought in vain" is becoming a hackneyed phrase in current literature, the writers citing as a reason such national events as would have occurred even if the world had not been drenched in blood for the past four years. Humanity is getting closer together, nations are acting more like individuals, Capital and Labor are in unity as never before, and so on. The idea which such writers seek to inculcate is that an all-wise Providence permitted the stupendous evil of war that good might follow.

The mole catcher in the famous story by Sir James Barrie had really a revered conception of the Creator, when, to the pious horror of his hearers, he declared that Providence did not need to devastate a whole community with a flood in order to drown one clergyman for contracting a matrimonial alliance with a gypsey.

Why attempt to fix the responsibility for mans' sins upon the All Power that has granted His creatures the freedom of their own wills? Why not own up that the late war was started by the insanity of a few men who mistook their mission, and was made possible by the people who, like sheep, were ready to do the will of the diplomats?

Good may come, and undoubtedly has come, out of the evil, but this good was possible of attainment without the travail of war, had man been true to the teachings of the Nazarene's teachings that have been dinned into human ears for over two thousand years, unfortunately to little practical purpose. The reforms that are coming to the world could have been brought about without the sacrifice of seven million human lives, without the creation of an army of cripples, a residue of the fighting forces of the world, without the vacant chairs and the badges of mourning on so many portals, without so many graves decked with wooden crosses and poppies in Flanders. War must always be regarded as a punishment for the sins and insanity of mankind. If man emerges chastened from the ordeal, he is not justified in blaming Providence for the cataclysm brought about by his own delinquency, any more than the punished child can with reason blame the stern parent for the offence that brought the penalty upon it.

The world may be better and likely to become still better since the war, but nothing of good is coming out of the tempest that could not have been attained long ago and without the sacrifice of a human life had the myriads of earth learned the lesson taught by the Judean missionary twenty centuries ago, a lesson which cited the Golden Rule as the highest earthly duty of man.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

UNLIKE THE FOOLISH MOTH, Red Michael refuses to be lured by the light in the window.

* * * * *

NO, READER, the Senator Sherman you read so much about is not the Sherman who defined war.

* * * * *

AN ECONOMIST advises people in the cities to keep goats, but why precipitate another conflict with the dairy trust?

* * * * *

WE CAN'T ALL BE aldermen, but most citizens can serve the public to equal purpose by becoming members of the Board of Trade.

* * * * *

THE MASSACHUSETTS senator who is so active in opposition to the League of Nations is a Lodge in a wilderness of skepticism.

* * * * *

BOLSHEVISTS and Anarchists continue to virtuously denounce each other, but the kettle is not quite so black, generally speaking, as the pot.

* * * * *

MAKING THE CANADIAN CENT smaller will not help much. What is really needed is an expansion of the purchasing power of that piece of money.

* * * * *

WHILE POINTING with pride to national achievements, the Canadian finger is kept away from the general direction of Sir Sam Hughes' recent oration.

* * * * *

THE TEARS of Sir Sam Hughes are nothing to the grief of the mothers and widows whose sons and husbands fell in the line of duty and not as so many vain sacrifices.

* * * * *

THIS COUNTRY bore the agony of war and the dangers of the "flu" epidemic as inevitable afflictions without a murmur. But from the parliamentary alarmist the nation looks now for relief.

* * * * *

AT THE CURRENT rate of wages and at the present price of farm produce, the laborer on the farm who defaulted and is fined $250 has the best of it as compared to the man who goes to prison for two years.

* * * * *

THE FACT THAT there are eighty or so divorce cases before the Senate demonstrates nothing quite so clearly as the fact that there are still eighty families of affluence in Canada. In the meantime the poor who are domestically unhappy continue to suffer without prospect of relief.

WELCOME TO SOLDIERS' BRIDES

Second only to the welcome given our returning men is the welcome accorded to their wives and families upon their arrival in Canada.

A special department of the Repatriation Committee has been created for this purpose. As a result, through a wonderful co-operation between different federal and provincial governmental departments, municipalities, voluntary organizations, local committees and private citizens, Canada is doing herself proud in the way in which she is receiving the soldiers' families as they arrive from England.

Women who have recently returned have repeatedly said that if their own friends had been there to meet them, they could not have had a more cordial or more pleasant welcome than that received from the womens' committees at Halifax and St. John.

Quite recently considerable extra hospital accommodation has been arranged for any of the passengers who are too ill to proceed on their journey. A number of cases of influenza developed on the last voyage over, and through the good offices of military headquarters staff at St. John a hospital of fifty beds was opened, to be maintained at the Government's expense, and the nursing staff is supplied partly by the Military and partly by the Red Cross.

On account of the shortage of rolling stock, the railways have only been able to supply colonist cars, but these have been fitted up by the immigration department with mattresses, blankets and pillows, borrowed from the Department of Militia and Defence. The returned soldiers are particularly pleased with this extra comfort for their wives and children.

On each train there is a Red Cross nurse, and when there are one hundred and fifty women and children on board an additional nurse is provided. Every assistance and courtesy is given by the conductors and trainmen and the two immigration officials who travel on each special train.

Arrangements have been made with the local caterer at St. John and with C. P. R. restaurants to provide attractive, wholesome lunches at moderate prices. For instance, supplies sufficient for two persons for two days can be purchased for $1.70 either at St. John or Montreal.

In each city or town there is a local reception committee composed of representatives of local organizations, such as the Canadian Patriotic Fund, Red Cross, Y.M.C.A., I.O.D.E. Wires are sent ahead to these committees by special immigration officers. In most cities one day's accommodation is provided free of charge.

TO-DAY'S STORY

"I" said a young lieutenant, "am going to be a smuggler. That will be a paying game."

"And I," said a captain, "shall be an aerial policeman. It will be very nice to catch you at it, and see you sent to gaol for a few years."

"I shall have plenty of time to make my fortune before you catch me" remarked the lieutenant with some asperity.

"I should fly on dark nights at ten thousand feet or so. I should carry no lights, my 'pals' would be waiting for me in a large field, where they would show a certain arrangement of lights.

"I glide down to two thousand feet and flash my signal lights. The people on the ground answer. My goods are arranged on something like bombracks under the machine, with parachute attachments so I fly low, pull a lever and off they drop and float down into the field, whence they are taken away with great rapidity. Then I buzz off and become a respectable citizen once more—until the next time.

"That's the scheme roughly. You'd have to be pretty sharp to see me doing things like that in the dark."

"There is one thing at least which you have overlooked," replied the captain. "It is certain that all machines flying at night will be required to carry plenty of lights and a large illuminated number. If you are heard flying about without lights you will soon have dozens of searchlights on you. You won't be 'Arched' — that would be dangerous to other machines and to people on the ground.

"But I, who would be in the air looking for bold buccaneers or anything else Hunnish, seeing you challenged, would proceed to investigate. Finding you without lights or a number, I should signal you a command to land on the nearest aerodrome, where you would be arrested and I should have the mortification of seeing my old comrade-in-arms sent to gaol."

"But suppose I don't obey your policemanship's command to land?"

"then I shall have much pleasure in proceeding to shoot you down. There won't be many opportunities of shooting anything down in the piping times of peace," said the captain, with a shade of regret in his voice.

Then he continued, "And if you tried it with your lights on—well, I don't think I'm too blind to notice a machine flying off the usual routes signalling to the ground, and generally behaving suspiciously. No, if there is a good aerial police force, I don't think there will be much smuggling."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says that out at her father's farm they're killing off the roosters and keeping only the laity.

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Lack of Energy, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, or two for $2. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or sent in plain package, receipt of price. Name paper. Pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

WIT AND WISDOM

Where Else?

"I hear strange sounds in my ears, doc."

"Well, where would you expect to hear them?"

Jack—And when I proposed at the dance she asked for time to think it over. Why do you suppose she did that?

Bess—Well, a girl naturally hates to think of disagreeable things while enjoying herself.

Bang!

First-class Scout—Hear about that explosion down at town the other day.

Tenderfoot—No.

First-class Scout—The wind blew up the river.

Benny—Father, I often read about poor but honest people. Why don't they sometimes say rich but honest?

Father—It would be useless, my son; nobody would believe it.

A Regular Friend.

"I want you to be on your best behavior tomorrow night. The Greens are coming to dinner."

"Say, when are you going to invite somebody here for whom I won't have to be on my best behavior?'"

What He Wanted To Know.

"Following the Peace Conference closely?"

"Very."

"Perhaps you can tell me, then, the date of opening day for the League of Nations."

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Alfred Tranchemontagne, St Michel des Saints, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine. They saved my baby's life and I can highly recommend them to all mothers." Mrs. Tranchemontagne's experience is that of thousands of other mothers who have tested the worth of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a sure and safe medicine for little ones and never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach thus relieving all the minor ills from which children suffer. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ARE YOU BLIND?

Of course not—or you could not read this. Loss of sight reduces efficiency to a minimum. Even impaired sight also reduces efficiency. A man or woman with impaired eyesight, uncorrected by proper glasses, cannot hope to compete with those with perfect eyesight—or those who are fitted with glasses to correct natural defects. Better let us fit you with glasses that are exactly what you need.

M. J. ROCHE
Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Should be in every kitchen. Its use assures complete satisfaction in baking cakes, biscuits and pastry.

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT.

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd.
TORONTO, CANADA.
Winnipeg Montreal

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Yestilday afternoon me and Puds Simkins was wawking along thinking about diffrent things and tawking about some of them, and all of a suddin Puds sed, G. gosh, and I sed, Gosh, G. Meening a lot of smoak coming out of a seller window, Puds saying, Wat do you say we tern in a alarm?

Wat do you say we ring the door bell and tell them ferst so theyll have time to get out? I sed.

Well, if a lady comes to the door lets brake it to her gently by degrees so she wont faint or enything, sed Puds.

Well, wat if she faints enyhow? I sed, and Puds sed, If we see shes going to faint we can stop telling her.

And the smoak kepp on coming out and we went up the frunt steps and Puds pushed the bell button once and I pushed it once, saying, I hope it aint a lady.

Wich it was, being a little skinnie lady with a fat expression, saying, Well, wat is it, boys?

Meening wat did we wunt, and I sed, Are those your seller windows?

Wy yes, certenly, sutch a question, sed the lady, and Puds sed, Both of them?

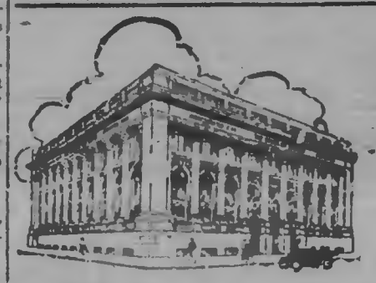
Wat on erth are you drivng at? sed the lady. Looking as if it wouldent take mutch more to make her start to faint. And aftir a little wile I sed, Have you saw them lately?

Have you saw wats coming out of them? sed Puds.

Its smoak, your house is on fire, do you feel like fainting? I sed.

I feel like boxing your ears for wasting my time wen Ive got two pies in the oven that need watching, thats my heeter, it allways smoaks wen I make a new fire, sed the lady. And she shuts the door and me and Puds looked in the seller window till the smoak made us cawff and then kepp on wawking, me saying, It wouldent of hert her to say Mutch obliged, would it, and Puds sed, Maybe she wasent.

Wich maybe she wasent.



FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO
PETERBOROUGH
Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | FRIDAY and SATURDAY

BILLIE RHODES in "Hoop-La" a comedy Drama of circus life with sensational touches 5 acts.

EDDIE POLO in the stupendous serial,
The Lure of the Circus
Chapter 9, "The Flying Loop," 2 parts.
MISS ELINOR FIELD in "JUST HOME MAID," comedy.

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

— TO-DAY —
HARRY CAREY in "THE SCARLET DROP,"
JUANITA HANSEN in "THE BRASS BULLET,"

— FOR MONDAY —
BESSIE BARRISCALE in "The Heart of Rachael,"
From the Novel of the same name

Afternoon—10c War Tax 1c extra Evening—15c

12 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

SPECIAL FOX PROGRAM—MONDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING

WILLIAM FOX Presents GEORGE WALSH in a MILE-A-MINUTE COMEDY DRAMA

"I'LL SAY SO," 5 PARTS

WILLIAM FOX Also presents GLADYS BROCKWELL in a Timely American Drama "FOR LIBERTY," 5 PARTS

FOX SUNSHINE COMEDY—2 Parts A Continuous Laugh from start to finish

Also MUTT and JEFF Comedy--1 Reel

Mondays Program has been personally selected by Mr. Pappas when in Toronto last week—It comes direct from tne Regent Theatre

ADMISSION Afternoon and Evening 16c TO ALL

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT -:- 8.15 -:- TO-NIGHT

Augustus Pitou Presents THE GREAT IRISH TENOR

FISKE O'HARA

In the New Romantic Farce

"MARRY IN HASTE,"

HEAR O'HARA SING ALL NEW SONGS

PRICES EVENING $1.00, 75c 50c—25c

MONDAY—TUESDAY—AND—WEDNESDAY

MATINEE DAILY, 2:30. EVENINGS, 7:30

MAY ALLISON, IN THE

"Testing of Mildred Vane,"

SPECIAL COMEDY FEATURE

PRICES: MAT. 10c—ANY SEAT IN THE HOUSE—15c EVENGS

COMING SOON

The British Films Ltd. Present

THE ALL-BRITISH PRODUCTION

"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"

BIGGER THAN "THE BETTER OLE"

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

(Dr. W. A. Brady.)

Cardio-vascular disease is the medical term for the heart, artery, brain and kidney manifestations of the degeneration or mortification that makes forty the saddest year in all your life. You are sad, that is to say, if you suspect you have it. For it is so, it is not, that one who detects incipient cardiovascular degeneration creeping upon him is a sadder but wiser—with emphasis on the wiser—man than the poor mortal who blithely ignores the early warning signals or trifles with the early symptoms by self-drugging?

If cardio-vascular degeneration only had a sudden and painful onset, like an attack of the "flu" or something, the disease would no doubt frequently recognized in its incipiency and coped with in the stage when coping is worth while. But there is nothing sudden about it. It develops as insidiously as flat feet or adenoids. It sneaks up on you like baldness. You know, a man never realizes he is bald until some kind friend suddenly calls his attention to the denudation. Just so the victim of apoplexy. Bright's disease, hardened arteries, high blood pressure, almost always fixes all the blame on his liver, his stomach, his work or his nerves, until some doctor or insurance agent suddenly breaks the bad news that cardio-vascular degeneration is an accomplished fact.

To most minds, until quite recently, it has always seemed silly to go to a doctor before actual illness made the visit obligatory. "Not sick enough to consult my physician" is a phrase only too familiar. The grand old idea seems to have been to give an illness a good running start, then call in the doctor to "break it up"—and the old-timer really liked to have folks think he could "break it up."

More and more people are learning the wisdom of visiting doctor and dentist at least once a year whether they think they need any treatment or not. It saves money for the wise ones who do this. The annual physical examination is growing constantly more popular with men of affairs, and their example is being followed by the little fellows. It pays to know how you stand with life. It is even worth the physician's fee to know positively that the kidneys, the heart, the blood pressure, and other organs or functions are all right, notwithstanding your own little doubts about them.

Handed a Lemon.

"I am 51 years old, 68 inches tall, and weigh 175 pounds stripped. I attend gymnasium regularly. I am rather fat around the middle. Am advised by friend to take the juice of half a lemon in water each morning to reduce girth. What effect will this have A. T. H."

No effect. Lemon juice is a wholesome beverage. The secret of girth control is less fodder and more exercise.

Making the Neck White.

"What can I do to get rid of dandruff? Would it do my hair any good to have it cut off? What do you advise to make the neck white?

"MISS L. D."

Send me a stamped, addressed envelope for suggestions about the care of the scalp and hair. A girl's hair should never be cut for any reason whatsoever. I find an occasional application of soap and water whitens the neck some. It's the best thing I know of.

Frequent Nosebleeds.

"I am 42 years old and have frequent nosebleeds. Please let me know the cause of this. E. R."

The most frequent cause of frequent nosebleeds is a minute ulcer on the septum near the forward entrance of the nose, and a physician with headlight and speculum to look in the nasal cavity can touch the bleeding spot with a caustic, heal the ulcer and so prevent the nosebleeds.

The Inland Revenue Department will emboss war tax stamps without extra charge beyond the price of the stamps on cheques, money orders, etc.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

ANOTHER DEFAULTER IS TAXED THE MINIMUM FINE

Leo Alfred Forbert of Lindsay Pays $250 and $26.50 Costs For Evading the Military Service Act.

Leo Alfred Forbert, of Lindsay, was fined $250 and ordered to pay $26.90 costs when he pleaded guilty in police court yesterday afternoon before Justices of the Peace H Rush and F. Adams to the charge of having been a defaulter under the Military Service Act.

Mr. Joseph Wearing defended the accused, and presented his case in such a favorable light as to lead to the imposition of the minimum penalty provided by law.

Several days ago the young man, who is a well-dressed, attractive-looking fellow, appeared in police court before Magistrate Dumble, and upon his counsel applying for an enlargement of the case, his Worship acceded to the request after some persuasion.

Yesterday afternoon at the trial, two doctors of Lindsay gave evidence which indicated that the family history showed insanity and that the prisoner was of such a nervous temperament as to make him scarcely responsible for his actions. The medical men claimed that he was of little use on account of his nervous disability.

The cross-examination of the acting crown attorney, J. Fordyce Strickland, showed that Forbert had originally held an "E" certificate; that he had been re-examined and placed in A2 category by a competent medical board sitting at Kingston, and upon receiving an order to report for duty on May 7, 1918, had taken refuge in the woods, where he had remained for some time.

On October 19 he had been arrested while employed in a restaurant at Scotia Junction. He escaped from the officers, however, but gave himself up a few days later in accordance with the advice of his brother-in-law. Immediately after, he was taken ill with influenza, and before anything further could be done in his case the armistice had been signed.

Mr. Wearing, in his plea for the prisoner, drew attention to the extenuating circumstances and expressed the opinion that it would be unreasonable to punish a man severely when Nature had left him in a state where he was scarcely responsible for his actions.

Forbert was fined $250 and ordered to pay $26.90 costs, most of which arose from the efforts made by the Dominion Police to capture the man.

STERN REMINDERS OF RHEUMATISM

COLD OR WET WEATHER MAY START THE PAINS, BUT THE TROUBLE IS IN THE BLOOD.

Every rheumatic sufferer should realize that rheumatism is rooted in the blood and can only be cured by a treatment that will cleanse the blood of the rheumatic poisons. The old time belief that rheumatism was caused by cold- damp weather, is now exploded. Such weather conditions may start the aches and pains, but is not the real cause. Liniments and outward applications may give temporary relief, but cannot cure the trouble, because they do not reach its source in the blood. The sufferer from rheumatism who experiments outward applications is only wasting valuable time and good money in depending upon such treatment, the trouble still remains, and it is all the time becoming more firmly rooted—harder to cure when the proper treatment is applied. Treat this disease through the blood and you will soon be rid of the pains and tortures. As a cure for rheumatism Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unequalled. They act directly on the impure, weak blood; they purify and strengthen it, and so root out the cause of rheumatism. Mr. D. Lewis, postmaster at Escuminac, N. B., says: "I was attacked with rheumatism, which settled in my elbow, shoulder and knee joints, and at times caused me great suffering. The trouble was particularly severe last spring and I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking the pills for some time the rheumatic pains and stiffness in the joints disappeared and I have not since had any return of the trouble."

If you are suffering from rheumatism, or any trouble due to poor blood and weak nerves, you will find a cure in a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can procure these pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Telephone Team To Play Gas Men

Those who drift into Brock street rink on Monday night between seven and eight o'clock will see one of the greatest hockey matches ever played when a pick-up team from the Bell Telephone Company and the Gas Works will clash.

Frostle, of the Bell Trouble Department, will not be allowed to play, the Gassers claiming that he is too fast a man and that they want real amateurs and not men whose fame extends from Port Hope to Lindsay and who would grab all the credit.

Upon hearing that Frostie was not going to take part in the battle, Dick Lush, of the 'Phone Brigade, at once secured his services in an advisory capacity for the team, and for the past week they have been practising upon a home-made rink in the yard of the American Hotel, under the supervision of the ex-Junior star.

The Bell lineup have talked themselves into a win several times since it was decided to play the game and the other fellows are gassing a good deal about what they will do when they get on the ice and the only way to settle which had the contest doped out the best will be to attend the game.

A STATION AGENT KILLED.

H. Coughey, of the G.T.R. at Utterson, Struck by Train.

Huntsville, March 8.—H. Coughey, G. T. R. agent at Utterson, eleven miles south of here, was killed by a train while crossing the tracks to deliver orders to another engine. He was 33 years of age, married, and had two children. He came here from Barrie.

Quebec Province offers 100 acres of land absolutely free, with no red tape or "strings" to the deed, to any returned and honorably discharged soldier or sailor of any of the allies.

Piping Over the Side.

When the Hun Admiral Meurer came aboard Admiral Beatty's flagship to arrange for handing over the German ships to be interned he was "piped over the side" by the Queen Elizabeth's boatswain.

This curious custom is a survival of the old days of sailing ships when officers holding flag rank, instead of having to clamber up the rickety rope ladder dependent from the vessel's side, were hoisted on board in a "bosun's chair."

In those primitive times the boatswain took up his position by the rail where he could see over the side, and by means of his "pipe" gave the signal to the sailors to haul away as soon as the great man was comfortably seated in his "chair."

Nowadays, of course, gangways are fitted to all men-of-war. Nevertheless the old custom is still kept up, the various whistle signals denoting "hoist away," "high enough," "lower away," and so forth, being played by the boatswain upon his pipe.

Dyeworkers' Wages.

At a recent conference held in Bradford, England, there was granted an increase in wages of employees in the dying and finishing trades from $5.58 to $7.14 in the case of time workers, from 65½ per cent. to 83¾ per cent. for piece workers and from 50 to 62⅝ per cent. for pressers.

Diseases Spread by Wars.

In the nineteenth century, during the Russo-Turkish wars, typhus spread from Turkey up through Wallachia into Austria. The French suffered from it during the Crimean conflict. In the Franco-Prussian war, the French, being poorly clothed and fed again suffered. The Balkan war seems to have been notable more for cholera, a summer disease, than typhus, which flourishes best in winter.

Paid for Listening.

For 123 years a sermon has been preached in Hendon (Eng.) parish church on the text, "Human life is a bubble." Richard Johnson, who died in 1795, left the masters and wardens of the Stationers' company trustees of his estate, and out of the interest the vicar of Hendon was to receive one guinea for preaching this sermon, and two wardens of the company a guinea each for listening to it.

Toad's Good Service.

The toad is useful because of its diet. No less than 83 specimens of insects, mostly injurious, have been proved to enter into its dietary. George W. Hunter says: A toad has been observed to snap up 128 flies in half an hour. Thus at a low estimate it could easily destroy 1,000 insects during a day and do an immense service to the garden during the summer. It has been estimated that a single toad may, on account of the cutworms which it kills, be worth $19.88 each season that it lives.

Aleppo an Ancient City.

In the center of the older section of Aleppo stands the ancient citadel, a deep moat encircling it. The great mosque is on the site of the tomb of Zacharias, the father of John the Baptist. If alleged Egyptian monuments can be accepted as an authority, the first settlement dates back close to 2,000 years B. C. The city at one time had a trade connection with Venice, as well as with Bagdad, and its name and importance became famed throughout Christendom.

Start Tomorrow and Keep It Up Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay agreeable. Let us live well eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, notvery easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of theinternal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quickly extracting a large volume of waste from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on thesubject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

SPECIALIST SAID HE MUST OPERATE

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead, And Is Now in Perfect Health.

MME. F. GAREAU

153 Papineau Ave., Montreal.

"For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an operation. This, I refused to permit.

I heard about 'Fruit-a-tives' and the wonderful results it was giving because this medicine is made from fruit juices, so decided to try it.

The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent — I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks".

MME. F. GAREAU.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Chatham Public Utilities revenue increased 36 per cent., having its most successful year.

most prominent citizens, died at New York of influenza and pneumonia, in his 55th year.

Members of the Toronto Kiwanis Club are at Halifax waiting to welcome and act as conducting party to the troops of the 3rd Division.

It is expected that the inter-allied mission sent to Galicia will propose extremely severe steps to compel the Ukrainians to cease hostilities against the Poles.

The French Government has opened nine barracks for the sale of foodstuffs direct from the Government to the consumer in order to combat the high cost of living.

Great Britain's biggest airship, which is 670 feet long, successfully made a trial flight yesterday.

To Ward Off Frosts.

Dr. C. G. Abbott of the Smithsonian institution, suggested that if it were possible to charge the lower air above citrus fruit orchards, with a heavy dose of ozone its absorption of outgoing nocturnal radiation might help ward off destructive frosts. While the amount of ozone in the lower layers of the earth's atmosphere is now known to be negligibly small, this substance is abundant in the upper atmosphere, where it plays an important role in regulating territorial temperatures by its absorption of radiation.

The Succulent Plepiant.

The plepiant has a recorded history of over four centuries. It was first cultivated in the white-walled gardens of Morocco and Algiers, amid fruits and flowers and fountains and was brought thence by the Moors to Spain. Not until 200 years later did rhubarb really become known to English gardens, whence in due time it was brought to those of America to be employed first as a tincture, then as a sauce and to attain a final apotheosis in pie.

Appealed to Novelists.

Fully a score of novels have been written round the case of Lesurques, who was wrongfully executed in France for the robbery of the Lyons mail and the murder of the courier; the real criminal was one named Dubosco, to whom Lesurques bore a striking resemblance. The crime also formed the subject of several stage dramas; in one of them Sir Henry Irving scored a success in the dual part of Lesurques-Dubosco.

Norwegian Wedding Festivities.

A Norwegian wedding is a delightful spectacle. The picturesque Norwegian national costume is worn, and the wedding party walks or drives in procession to the church. After the ceremony there is a dance on the village green, with a violin for accompaniment, till it is time for supper. The next day the festivities are resumed and possibly they may extend to the day after.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely.

No more dullness, headache; no hawking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling at for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, membrane, and relief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.

New Salary Schedule For The Teachers In Ottawa

Ottawa, March 8.—The new salary schedule for teachers in this city will be as follows:

Female teachers in grade classes school nurses and kindergarten teachers giving full day service shall be paid an initial salary of $800 increasing by annual increments of $100 to a maximum of $1,300.

Female teachers in charge of form 3 classes, and chief nurse supervisor shall advance to a mixumum of $10- above that fixed in clause 3.

Female teachers in charge of orm 4 classes, auxiliary classes and household science centres shall advance to a maximum $200 above that fixed in clause 3.

Male assistants, including those teaching manual training, shall receive an initial salary of $1300 increasing by annual increments of $100 to a maximum of $2,600 but management committee may at any time within two years of the teacher's engagement allow him not more than three annual increases for previous experience or for special qualifications.

Salaries of Principals

Principals shall have their initial salaries fixed by the management committee at the time of appointment and thereafter shall receive nual increases of $100 u top nual increases of $100 up to a maximum of $2,000 for a four or five room school; this maximum shall be increased by $100 for every regular class, including a kindergarten above five and up to thirteen classes.

Where the salary of the teacher adopted by the board November 7th ,1918, is less than the minimum provided by this schedule the teachers shall receive such minimum from September 1st, 1919.

All male teachers who have served since January 1916, supervisors, nurses, and teachers in the school for higher English and applied arts shall from September 1st, 1919, have $100 added to their salaries as fixed in the schedule of salaries for 1919 adopted by the board November 7th, 1918.

All other teachers and school nurses who have served since January, 1918, shall from September 1st, 1919, have $50 added to their salaries as fixed in the schedule of salaries for 1919 adopted by the board on November 7th, 1918.

The salaries of full-time teachers school nurses and supervisors for 1902 shall be determined by adding one salary increase to the salary being paid in December, 1919, except where the latter salary is the maximum of its class.

Teachers beginning service not later than the opening of the schools after the Easter holiday shall on the first day of January, following rank for salary as second year teachers. Teachers begining service later in the year will not be entitled to an increase until a year from the first of January following their appointment.

A teacher absent from duty from any cause whatever during five or more school months of any year shall not receive any salary increases for that year, and, if such increase has been granted before a teacher's absence no increase shall be granted for the succeeding year.

Kindergarten teachers now giving morning service may ask for permission to work the full school day. Such applications shall be considered on their merits and reported on to the board by the school management committee.

KILL INCURABLE CASES

Stockholm, March 8.—In certain Russian provinces the mortality from typhus is so great that the Bolsheviki have issued a secret order to kill the incurable cases, hoping thus to counteract the contagion which is almost impossible to stop by any other means. Hardly any medicine is available.

CLEAR as crystal, full of the tropic sunshine which ripened the oranges and the sugar cane. For perfect Marmalade remember these three things: *make it with LANTIC SUGAR; heat the sugar before adding to the fruit; do not cook too much at one time.* Use any good recipe for Marmalade. There are several very excellent ones in our little set of booklets "LANTIC SWEETS" which we will send you upon receipt of a 2c. stamp to cover cost of mailing.

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES, Limited
McGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL. 8

ONE-THIRD OF A PERSON'S LIFE IS SPENT IN BED

One-third of a person's life is spent in bed—or should be—and consequently it is of the utmost importance that during that portion of the average human's existence bed and bedding and surrounding conditions should be of such a nature as to assure the fullest measure of sanitation comfort and health conservation.

First of Its Kind.

Realizing this truth the J. C. Turnbull Co., Limited, are devoting their spacious fifth floor exclusively to bedding and will next weev inaugurate the opening of this new dept. with a "Better Bedding Exhibition," one of the first of its kind in Canada. At 2.30 p.m. Monday next the exhibit will be thrown open, and the general public welcomed to the largest Exclusive Bedding Department in Ontario, outside Toronto.

How And From What?

Now this event is to be a demonstration of how and from what mattresses, bed and bedding are made by those who manufacture for the J. C. Turnbull Co., and will be an interesting object lesson in exemplifying the high degree of care taken to comply with twentieth century demands that cleanliness and sanitary precautions shall have a place in all household accessories.

Leading manufacturers are heartily cooperating in the "Better Bedding Exhibition," where operatives will be on hand to show mattresses, beds and bedding in their several stages of manufacture from the raw material to the finished article.

Interesting Feature.

An interesting feature of this new department is a section set aside for children's beds, bedding and accessories, including baby carriages in all of the latest approved modern designs.

Five-piece Orchestra.

This is not a sales campaign, but an exhibit offering instruction and information, and none should miss the opportunity of gaining an insight into the modern construction of those beds in which men and women spend one-third of their lives. The exhibition will continue all week, and a five-piece orchestra will offer an entertaining program of select music each afternoon from 2.30 to 5 o'clock. This in itself should be "worth while."

A Unique Event.

Additional interest will be centred in this unique event by reason of one of Canada's leading manufacturers having donated many prizes, ranging from a baby's mattress to a valuable brassbed, to be awarded during the exhibition. Watch Monday's paper for the manner in which these prizes are to be distributed.

Very few stores in Canada have an exclusive department for bedding, and Mr. Hodgins, in devoting so much floor space to this all-important feature of home needs, has again demonstrated his modern business acumen, so very much in evidence since he assumed control of the J. C. Turnbull Co.

VETERAN SPEAKS TO HIS COMRADES

SERGT. BRERETON, V. C. GIVES SOUND ADVICE TO RETURNED MEN.

Sergt. Alex Brereton, V.C., who stormed single-handed a German machine gun nest, captured the gun and its crew of nine and thus saved the lives of many in his platoon, is conducting the "Veterans' Corner" of the Winnipeg Tribune.

In an editorial utterance in his column he says: "The Canadian troops made good overseas. We showed them over there the stuff we're in us and that we knew how to fight. Now let us veterans show the people back home here we still are real Canadians.

"Let's get into Civil Life with a vim and a vigor that will keep the name of Canada in the limelight at all times. We soldiers, better than anyone else, can give Canada the proper kind of advertising she deserves. The advertising that is necessary to make her the better and the more prosperous country she should be.

"Our boys proved it was a good country to fight for; now let us demonstrate it is a good place for other people to grow up in. Canada showed her spirit during the war; continue that spirit now in helping to bring greater returns in manufacturing, industry, farming and commerce."

This statement of Mr. Brereton epitomizes the spirit that actuates the returning men, and if the people of Canada will co-operate with this spirit repatriation will be comparatively easy and a complete success.

OBITUARY

MINNIE HOGAN

The death occurred this morning of Minnie Hogan, wife of Mr. Joseph Christie, at 1.30 at Lot 20, 3rd concession Asphodel. Besides her sorrowing husband she leaves one brother Mr. Edward Hogan and five sisters, Mrs. Hugh Kelly of Dummer, and Misses Lottie, Irene, Kathleen, and Geraldine at home.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Patrick Hogan at 8.30, to the Immaculate Conception Church and St. Peter's Cemetery.

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM NOW

SAYS WE MUST KEEP FEET DRY, AVOID EXPOSURE AND EAT LESS MEAT.

Stay off the damp ground, avoid exposure, keep feet dry, eat less meat, drink lots of water and above all take a spoonful of salts occasionally to keep down uric acid.

Rheumatism is caused by poisonous toxin called uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine. The pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

BIG INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS

Will Be Held in Alberta During June.

Calgary(Alta., March 8.—Alberta is to have an industrial congress on June 4th and 5th. to which all the leading manufacturers of the continent will be invited as well as leaders in many other industrial lines.

LT.-COL. ROOSEVELT RETURNS

New oYrk, March 8.—Lieut.-Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who went to France in the summer of 1917 as a major in the 26th Infantry and who subsequently commanded that regiment, returned as a casualty on the S. S. Mauretania.

The Ontario Government Public Employment Bureaux and Dominion Dept. of Soldiers and Civil Re-Establishment, 190 Charlotte St., Peterboro

Phone 571

The Ontario and Dominion Governments are co-operating in matters pertaining to the employment of both Men and Women, and have opened an office for this work at the above address. If in need of work or workers, communicate either with Mr. Hugh Robertson, Superintendent of the Employment Bureau, or Captain Morrison, Representative or the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. The Peterborough Bureaux is a link in the chain of offices which extend throughout the Dominion, and so can draw upon other sections of the country, both for opportunity of employment and for Workers.

FREE SERVICE

CARRY GOSPEL TO THE JAPANESE

THAT COURSE RECOMMENDED BY MOCK PARLIAMENT AT MARK STREET

A successful Mock Parliament was held last night in Mark Street Methodist Church at 8.15 p.m. The leader of the Government was Mr. C. G. McKillican, ably supported by Mr. Jno. Speers and Mrs. Speers. The Government side was also supported by the bible class and the boys of the Sunday School.

For the Opposition Mr. N. Gamble was leader, and the other speakers were Miss Whattam, Miss Harding and Miss Hiscot. These were well supported by the girls' classes of the Sunday School. The efficient speaker of the House was none other than Rev. R. A. Whattam. The following bill was brought forward:

"Resolved that our missionary societies should spend a greater proportion of their funds in China rather than Japan."

The Opposition brought forward the point of Japan's prominent position in world affairs, and that she, if Christianized, would eventually Christianize China.

The chief point of the Government was that national prominence was not a sure guarantee of a profitable mission field, and that the Chinese mind was more open to the gospel. The Government lost the motion.

At the close of this part of the program a resolution which has been before all churches, was read asking the Government at Ottawa for better prohibition laws. It was moved by Mr. C. G. McKillican and seconded by Mr. N. Gamble that the petition be forwarded to Ottawa.

MR. GUNDY DENIES

Hughes' Charges "Without Foundation," He Says.

Ottawa, March 8.—Mr. W. P. Gundy, of the War Purchasing Commission, made the following statement:

"I learned from the press that in his speech in the House on Tuesday, Sir Sam Hughes told of a meeting in Ottawa between Sir Joseph Flavelle, some other gentlemen from Toronto and myself, and of a subsequent interview which we had with the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

"I know of no such meetings as those described, and have had no part whatever in them. I had no consultation with Sir Joseph Flavelle, no interview with the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and no conference with the other gentlemen named. So far as I am concerned, the whole statement is without foundation."

SEEK TARIFF REVISION

Western Constituents Telegraph to Members.

Ottawa, March 8.—A more acute situation in respect of the tariff appears to be developing at Ottawa. Members of Parliament from western constituencies are being bombarded by telegrams from their constituents who are demanding that action be taken at once to bring before Parliament the farmers' platform as adopted by the Canadian Council of Agriculture at Winnipeg on November 29 last. Particular mention is made in the telegrams of the tariff, and it is insisted that western members unite in compelling a downward revision immediately. One Alberta member states that since yesterday he has received over forty telegrams.

It was promised by the Government to Western members at the caucus that a special caucus would be called to consider the tariff question.

MONTRAEL GIVES S.A. $187,000

Montreal, March 8.—The final returns of the Salvation Army drive total $187,927, nearly $38,000 in excess of Montreal's apportionment of $150,000 for the 300,000 national campaign.

Karl Seitz has been elected president of the National Assembly in Austria. Herr Hauser is vice-president. Both are Social Democrats.

EVERY MONTH MANY WOMEN

Take ZUTOO Tablets and are free of the Griping Pain and Sick Headaches.

Read what Mrs. Wright says: "I received your sample of Zutoo Tablets, and took them for severe pain (monthly) and headache. At the end of 30 minutes, I was entirely free of pain and experienced no more throughout the period. I suffer a great deal at these times and feel grateful that I have a remedy which affords quick relief. Every woman in the land should know about Zutoo Tablets and what they will do."

Mrs. ALLEN WRIGHT, Fulford, Que.

TAKE ZUTOO

RUB YOUR BACK! STOPS LUMBAGO

Don't Drug Kidneys! Rub the Pain Right out with Old "St. Jacobs Liniment"

Back hurt you? Can't straighten up without feeling sudden pains, sharp aches and twinges? Now, listen! That's lumbago, sciatica, or maybe from a strain and you'll get blessed relief the moment you rub your back with soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Liniment!" Nothing else takes out soreness, lameness and stiffness so quickly. You simply rub it on and out comes the pain. It is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Limber up! Don't suffer. Get a small trial bottle from any drug store, and after using it just once, you'll forget that you ever had backache, lumbago or sciatica, because your back will never hurt or cause any more misery. It never disappoints and has been recommended for 60 years. Stop drugging kidneys. They don't cause backache, because they have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain.

WONDERFUL FILM COMING

"The Better 'Ole," Producers Send It to Allen Theatre

Those people who have appealed for more British films will rejoice at the coming production of the initial offering at the Grand Opera House, soon, of the British Films, Limited. For the Welsh Pearson Films, Limited, London, which gave such a notable production of "The Better 'Ole" have outdone themselves in this new offering ;"The Kiddies Among the Ruins."

It is like a magic letter from the men overseas during their triumphal march through the devastated districts. It shows them in a moment of victory and the overwhelming joy of the families they have rescued. In it appears the "Alf" of "the Better 'Ole." An incident shown in the London production of that film has been developed into a charming story that mingles Briton and Frenchman in a blood brotherhood. What their heroism has meant to their children is there portrayed by a wonderful collection of French and English artists, including some children who have been models of the great Poilbot himself. Grown-ups will revel in this great picture but few films have been more fascinating to the kiddies. Every child in Peterboro should see it, but like "The Blue Bird" the adults will read in it a message that will fire them anew in hope and courage for the new era.

PICTON HAS HYDRO POWER

Picton, March 8. — Hydro-Electric power, supplied by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario from Seymour Falls, has been turned on here.

REV. B. F. ARMSTRONG OF NEW YORK AT THE TABERNACLE

Delivers Eloquent Sermon Last Night on the Second Coming of Christ.

"The Second Coming of the Lord Jesus Christ," was the theme of the splendid address given by Rev. B. F. Armstrong, of Nework, at Bethany Tabernacle last night.

The subject was based on Titus 2:13, and the audience was held in close interest as the speaker carefully and ably presented this all-absorbing truth. He emphasized the remarkable space given to this truth in the word of God, pointing out that the first prophet, Enoch, and the last prophet, Malachi, both spoke of the second coming of Christ.

In the New Testament it is mentioned clearly over 300 times or once in every 25 verses.

This event is the blessed hope of the trut church, and has in it a mighty transforming power as well as the grace "that bringeth salvation."

A Korean minister speaking at a Princton conference, said, "We people who are without an earthly king, look with a peculiar joy and expectation to the coming of the Lord Jesus as the King of Kings.

Gibbon, the infidel historian, testified that it was the power of this wonderful and glorious hope that steadied and held the mortyrs under the trying ordeal of death. Mr. Armstrong said we are coming to darker days when as Christian who love His appearing we will be put to greater tests than we have yet realized.

The prevalence and increase of crime was also spoken of as a sign of the imminent coming of Christ. One express company reported its losses by thefts, etc., to have increased from $50,000 to $3,000,000 in one year. Even in cafes and churches one must keep an eye on hat and coat or they will be stolen. The great host of non church-goers was said to be another evidence of the last days.

Only 16 per cent. of people of Chicago go to Church. The largest churches of New York Citi are only partly filled and then mostly with women. Referring to a Toronto minister who had been noted for his orthodoxy and upright living upon, returning from the front said, "The first thing a man has to do at the front is to learn to smoke so I learned that. Then you must cuss if you would be popular, so I learned to cuss." This is the spirit of the times in which we live, fall in line with the crowd and do as the rest do.

The speaker closed his stirring address with a dramatic rehearsal of the revelation of the Boy King hidden in the temple and the slaying of the Queen unsurper, and saying that as the true man of Israel had seen the young King's face and were filled with a new hope and courage to visit for the day of his coronation so we are waiting for the coming and crowning of our King the Lord Jesus Christ.

Mr. Armstrong will speak again in the Tabernacle at 11 a.m. on Sunday, and in the evening Mr. Garrison from India and Mr. Armstrong will both speak.

CHILD'S TONGUE BECOMES COATED IF CONSTIPATED

WHEN CROSS, FEVERISH AND SICK, GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Children love this "fruit laxative" and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is, they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system and you have a well, playful child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is harmless; children love it, and it never fails to set on the stomach, liver and bowels.

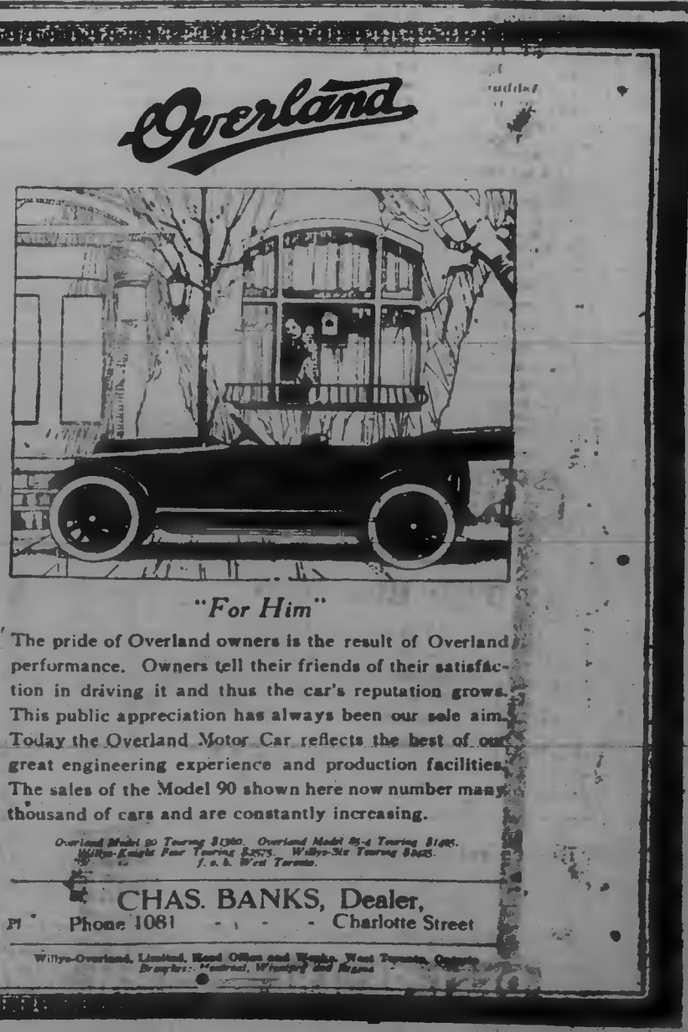
Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

It Wasn't the Cat.

"Vile creature!" roared Smith, the new boarder, as he gazed at the four ounces of butter, then at the cat, and then at the landlady, who, with the air of injured innocence, was holding out for his inspection the microscopic portion of the luxury referred to.

"Yes, sir," said the good woman, "that's all that's left of the pound o' butter as I left on the table this mornin' an' on comin' into the room I saw that thievin' animal a-sittin' comfortable on the mat a-lickin' his chops."

"Vile creature," cried Smith to the cat again, "to steal my butter. Yes," he went on, "and so ah to make me suspect poor Mrs. Snaggs you cut it with a knife!"



"For Him"

The pride of Overland owners is the result of Overland performance. Owners tell their friends of their satisfaction in driving it and thus the car's reputation grows. This public appreciation has always been our sole aim. Today the Overland Motor Car reflects the best of our great engineering experience and production facilities. The sales of the Model 90 shown here now number many thousand of cars and are constantly increasing.

Overland Model 90 Touring $1360. Overland Model 85-4 Touring $1095. Willys-Knight Four Touring $1875. Willys-Six Touring $1895. f. o. b. West Toronto.

CHAS. BANKS, Dealer,
Phone 1081 - - - Charlotte Street

Willys-Overland, Limited, Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario
Branches: Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

Canada now has good flour because Canada grows the best wheat. The choice of this good wheat is used for

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-0230; Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

Purity Oats are also milled from selected grain

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. LIMITED
TORONTO, ONTARIO

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
First Sunday in Lent
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Venite 16
Benedicite 24
Benedictus 40
Office Hymn 112—Christian! dost thou see them.
Before sermon 117—Sinful, sighing to be free.
Offertory—The ninety and nine—The choir, boys.
God save the king
Hymn 124—Beyond the holy city walls.
3.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—Mrs. Boucher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. E. Jamieson.
Mission Victory loan subscriptions received.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Psalm chant 103.
Magnificat 119.
Nunc Dimittis 55.
Office hymn 110—Forty days and forty nights.
Before sermon 421—Christian, seek not yet repose.
Offertory—Lord, for thy tender mercies sake—Farrant.
God save the king.
Hymn 405—O for a closer walk with God.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV. R. H. GROBB, M.A.
The rector will follow two series of subjects during Lent.
Morning—PRAYER.
Evening—SOCIAL CHRISTIANITY
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Holy Communion 8.30 a.m.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—Eastview
Rev. W. H. White, M.A. Rector
Rectory 344 Pogue Street
First Sunday in Lent
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning service and sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. W. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Matins and sermon.
2 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Thursday, 2.30—Ladies' Guild.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S ROWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening service and sermon.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts
Preacher—Mr. Stewart.

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will preach at both services.
The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the morning service.
In the evening the Pastor will speak on "David and Jonathan." The remaining topics in the David series are:
David and Bathshebo.
David and Absalom.
David the Poet.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Prelude—Largo —Handel.
Anthem—Forward Go—A. Warde.
Offertory—Humoresque—Dvorak.
Solo—Guide me to the light —Squires.
Miss Helen McLaren
Postlude—Ballad from Zampa.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Prelude—Reverie—Perry.
Solo (contralto)—O eyes that are weary— Brackett. Mrs. P. A. Ferguson.
Anthem—Behold O God, our hope and defender—Berridge.
Postlude—Andante—Mansfield
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—Stand up for Jesus.
Prelude—Spanish Chant—Smart.
Solo (soprano)—Take up thy cross—Grant. Miss Isobel Elcome
Anthem—Hail, gladdening light—Stainer.
Postlude—March—Hackett
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
Minister will preach.
11 a.m.—Morning service and communion.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.
Good music at all services.
Geo Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.
Seats Free. Strangers Welcome

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
10 a.m.—Junior League and Classes.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach
Also a short talk to boys and girls.
Prelude—Intermezzo—Grasset.
Anthem—The Heavenly Voice—Nevin. Solo part Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Contralto solo—But the Lord is mindful of his own—Mendelssohn. Mrs. Hare (Calgary.)
Postlude—Allegro—Gade.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—The little wicket gate.
Prelude—Andantino—Lott.
Anthem—O love that will not let me go—Shanks.
Solo part Miss Doris Rathbone.
Solo—The last chord—Sullivan. Mrs. J. H. Renwick.
Hymn Anthem—To Eternity—Austin.
Postlude—March in B flat—Silas.
J. H. Renwick, organist and caoirmaster.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme — Pleasing our neighbor
Anthem—The Lord is King—Simper.
Baritone solo—In the garden—A. Miles. Mr. R. F. Downey.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Meeting of Trinity Brotherhood.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Pastor's theme—How to live long and be happy.
Anthem—Evening hour—Parks
Soprano solo—The gentle shepherd, J. Adams.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King, organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Subject—First word from the Cross
Anthem—I was glad when they said unto me—Wilson.
Duet—Selected—The Misses Sargeant.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Special service for boys and young men
Anthem—Be joyful in the Lord—Wilson. Quartet part Mrs. Wand, Mrs. Whattam, Mr. Howson, Mr. Speer.
Duet—Drifting —Ackley. Mrs. Vand and Mrs. McGillican.
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
Sunday, February 2 1919
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—prayer meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Allegretto—Lemmens.
Duett—Soprano and contralto—Sometime We'll Understand. Misses Mary and Lillian Scott.
Offertory—Hymn Celeste—Grey.
Postlude—Andante —Silas.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
Prelude—Adagio—Stainer.
Anthem—Selected—Adams.
Soprano solo—Father of light—Miss Mayzie Armstrong.
Postlude—Prelude—West.
A Hayeke, choirmaster, Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, March 2nd, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Sommunion service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

RESULTS PROVE THE BIG MAN

You are as big as the things you can do—no bigger. Is your eyesight "big" enough for you? If your eyes cannot do all you require of them, they are a handicap, and require attention. Dr. Fowler's expert service needs no endorsement, it is perfectly well known, and is available for all in need of it.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

W. U. SUPERVISOR STATES THE FACTS

BROOKS SAYS TANLAC HAS OVERCOME HIS TROUBLES—FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"My wife obtained such satisfactory results from Tanlac that I tried it myself and I have gained ten pounds and feel like a new man," said J. W. Brooks, traffic superintendent for the Western Union Telegraph Co. at Dallas, Tex., and living at 1732 Hickory street, that city.

"When I began taking Tanlac," he continued, "I was suffering from a stubborn case of stomach trouble, the result of an attack of acute indigestion I had several years ago. I had an awful pain across my back, and was so nervous and worried about my kidneys that I could hardly sleep at all. I suffered from rheumatism in my legs, my feet would swell, and I was tired and languid all the time. I was badly run down, lost weight, strength and energy, and none of the medicines I took did me any good.

"After using Tanlac for a short time I began to pick up and kept improving till now my rheumatism is all gone, the pains have disappeared from my back, and my kidneys don't worry me like they did. I have a fine appetite and can eat anything I want without suffering at all from indigestion, my sleep is sound and restful, and I get up in the morning feeling fine."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

SHOW CANADIAN FILMS

Motion Picture Theatres Complying With Request.

Motion picture theatres throughout Ontario are complying fairly well with the request of Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, that they show at least fifty per cent. Canadian or British pictures among their news films. Some months ago, when Toronto and other cities throughout the Province were being deluged with American films, which gave the United States practically sole credit for winning the war, Mr. McGarry issued an edict that at least fifty per cent. of news reels must be of Canadian or British make.

Careless.

"He's just like his father."
"Clever!"
"No. Never picks up anything after him."

The municipal reformers have gained a large majority in the London Council elections.

The Corporation of Brussels will offer Egmont Palace as the seat of the League of Nations.

Swedish shoe manufacturers have decided to close their plants because of overproduction during the war. Seventy thousand workers will be thrown out of employment.

Thirty thousand Italian workmen are to be sent to France to work in the devastated regions.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w.
Envoy Allward of Toronto will be in charge of all meetings.
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—Charlotte St. and Boswell Ave.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
3 p.m.—Open Air—Aylmer and London Streets.
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
There will be no afternoon service at Bethany today but at 8 o'clock this evening a short business session open to all members of the congregation will be held followed by a special session of prayer.
On Sunday at 10 a.m.—Mr. Garrison of India will address to Sunday School.
At 11 a.m.—Mr. Armstrong of Newark will speak.
At 3 p.m.—Mr. Garrison will speak.
In the evening at 7, both Mr. Garrison and Mr. Armstrong will speak and in connection with both morning and evening services, pledges and contributions for the Annual Missionary Offering will be received.

Special Service At Mark St. Church

WILL BEGIN TOMORROW AND CONTINUE UNTIL MARCH 21st.

There will be a series of services for prayer and evangelism in Mark street church from March 9th to the 21st. On Sunday next, the pastor will speak on evangelistic themes taking as his text in the morning the first words from the Cross and in the evening conducting a special service for boys and young men in which the boy scouts will take part. The speakers have been invited as follows:

10th, Rev. H. M. Manning, Rev. William Higgs; 12th, the Rev. W. T. Wickett; 13th, Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D.; Rev. F. E. Malott., Rev. B. R. Claie; 18th, Rev. F. E. Malott; 19th, Rev. A. Doner; 20th, Rev. A. J. Thomas; 21st, Rev. R. Pogue.

A cordial welcome to every person interested in the saving of souls and the strengthening of the Kingdom of God. Special requests for prayer will be gladly received. Hearty singing will be a feature. The Mark street friends are looking forward to splendid services.

PROPOSED DANCE IN COLLEGIATE

BOARD OF EDUCATION TO BE ASKED FOR NECESSARY PERMISSION.

At a meeting of the Executive of the Boys' Athletic Association of the local Collegiate Institute, held yesterday, a committee of two was appointed to communicate with the Board of Education. This committee will ask the Board to allow the Executive of the B. A. A. to hold a dance in the Assembly Hall of the school during the Easter holidays.

In Belleville the scholars are allowed to hold one dance a year in the Collegiate Institute. Recently a dance was held in the Ottawa Collegiate Institute. But there the Board of Controllers of the High School prohibited the young men who attended from wearing dress suits and the young ladies, before they entered the hall, had their dresses inspected by a group of Ottawa women.

This dance will probably be by invitation, and will not be a money making scheme. It will have to end by 12 o'clock midnight, this necessitating its beginning at 8 o'clock.

The board of education therefore may expect to be interviewed by this committee of two, who will be "loaded for bear," at their next meeting.

30 MILLS FOR TORONTO

Although the smoke of the "Battle of the Estimates" has not yet cleared away and there is still considerable heavy work ahead for the Board of Control, it is practically certain that the tax rate for 1919, in Toronto will be somewhere between 30 and 30½ mills on the dollar. In other words, there will be very little change, if any from the rate for 1918.

ANTI-CANT CLUB HOLD BANQUET

MR. W. R. BREYFOGLE DELIVERED ADDRESS ON "BRICKS AND MORTAR."

The members of the Anti-Can't Club of George Street Methodist Church held their first annual class banquet last evening in the Empress Hotel. About thirty members bedecked in their class colors and making things lively with song and parody, partook of the usual good things that Empress service, printed on a neat card, supplies. A menuand toast list reflected credit on the ingenuity of the committee, who compiled it and gave dignity to the occasion. Mr. Jack Renwick and Clifton Carruthers rendered mandolin duets. Mr. Herman Hunter, chairman of the social committee, acted as toast master and did himself proud. The different toasts were proposed by Mr. Freemont Doan, president of the club; Mr. Earl Barrie, Mr. Fred. Rutherford and Mrs. Charles Elliott and were replied to by the pastor, Rev. A. J. Thomas, Mr. C. C. Parsons, superintendent of the Sunday School, Dr. J. E. Middleton, the class teacher, and Mr. W. R. Breyfogle, who had been asked to deliver the address of the evening. The young men will not soon forget this interesting and able address on "Bricks and Mortar," which was replete with advice so helpful to men in the character buildin gstage. All pronounced the evening a most profitable and interesting one.

A telegram was received from Mr. G. L. Galley, of Toronto, a former teacher and the organizer of the class, expressing his regrets at being unable to attend.

Stomach on Strike? Here's Relief!

No Indigestion, Gas or Sourness

Upset stomachs feel fine.

All indigestion, gases, sourness, heartburn, brash or acidity goes instantly. No waiting!

Quickest stomach relief known.

Just as soon as Pape's Diapepsin reaches your sick, unsettled stomach all stomach misery stops.

Costs little—All druggists.

Stomach suffering is needless.

UPSET? Pape's Diapepsin WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

THIS COLD WEATHER

Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain

PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

THE WOMEN'S AUXILIARY

The Women's Auxiliary of the G. W. V. A. will meet Monday night at 8 o'clock sharp in the Veteran's rooms.

S. A. TEMPLE NOTICE

The week-end services at the Temple will be conducted by Convoy Allward, of Toronto. The Envoy is known all over Canada for his definite and straight-forward teaching of holiness and a good time is in store for all who attend the services over Sunday.

The meeting tonight will be bright and cheery with a good selection of music. Come along and enjoy yourself for an hour or so. Service commences at eight o'clock sharp.

TRINITY CHURCH TOMORROW

A vital question will be answered by the Pastor of Trinity Methodist Church tomorrow night in his sermon on "How to Live Long and be Happy." The theme of the morning sermon will be "Pleasing our Neighbor." There will be good music at these services. Strangers and visitors are always welcome at Trinity Church.

RAW MATERIALS FREE

British Keep Restrictions on Other Imports.

London, March 8.—It is not possible to remove all restrictions on imports from foreign countries into the United Kingdom, but raw materials will be free from restrictions, W. C. Bridgeman, Under-Secretary for the Board of Trade, announced in the House.

Lithuanians living in Eastern Prussia have asked the assistance of the entente in protecting their material interests against the Germans.

The employees of the Government Printing Bureau went on strike.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASE

RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DOMINION INCOME WAR TAX ACT

TO WHOM APPLICABLE.

Every person who in 1918 resided or ordinarily resided in Canada or was employed in Canada or carried on business in Canada, including corporations and joint stock companies.

WHO SHOULD FILE RETURNS.

1. Every unmarried person or widow or widower without dependant children under twenty-one years of age, who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during calendar year 1918 received or earned $2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $3,000, during the fiscal year ended in 1918.

FORMS TO BE FILLED IN AND FILED.

FORM T1. By individuals, other than farmers and ranchers.
FORM T1A. By farmers and ranchers.
FORM T2. By corporations and joint stock companies.
FORM T3. By trustees, executors, administrators of estates and assignees.
FORM T4. By employers to make return of the names of all directors, officials, agents or other employees to whom was paid $1,000 or more in salaries, bonuses, commission or other remuneration during the calendar year 1918.
FORM T5. By corporations, joint stock companies, associations and syndicates to make return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1918.
Individuals comprising partnerships must file returns in their individual capacity.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All returns must be filed IN DUPLICATE.

Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Returns should be filed immediately.

Postage must be prepaid on letters and other documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Addresses of Inspectors of Taxation for this District:

KINGSTON DISTRICT.

Inspector of Taxation, Post Office Box 112, KINGSTON, Ont

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BROCKVILLE, Ont.

Assistant Inspector of Taxation, BELLEVILLE, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men, age 17 to 65. Experience unnecessary. Travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries; expenses. American Foreign Detective Agency, 744, St. Louis, Mo.

BE YOUR OWN BOSS—Start a cut-rate grocery business of your own. $25 to $50 invested should earn you $25 weekly. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ontario.

WANTED

WANTED—VICTORY BONDS bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

WANTED—By War Publications Limited, 1 good County Agent or Representative in each County, also Local Agents to work under County Agent. This is not a get rich quick scheme, but a fine opportunity for hustlers to make good money. If a personal interview cannot be arranged, write to War Publications Limited, 193 Sparks street, Ottawa, and full particulars will be given. Prompt reply is required.

FOUND.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVening, March 5, lady's gold watch and fob, initials E. F. Finder please leave at 192 Rubidge street.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Fine, comfortable home; all modern conveniences. Large lot; very central. Apply 123 Dublin street. Phone 1134w.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

TO RENT.

TO RENT — 2 large front bedrooms, newly furnished, with or without board. Apply 248 Charlotte St.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

[illegible]
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment.
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medallist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest paid quarterly, accrued from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

There was an extra large attendance at the market this morning on account of the fine weather. Prices have not varied much from those prevailing last week. Eggs remain at 40 cents a dozen and butter is back again to 60 cents. The offering of beef was light compared with other weeks, and the price was up a cent or two, selling from 18c to 21c. Pork, too, was going at a slight advance over last week, but there was not a great quantity on sale. The ruling prices were 28c and 29c.

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 30
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beets, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	27.00	28.00

Grain, Hay and Straw.

Wheat (spring)	$2 09 $2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17 2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15 1 15
Oats	67 70
Rye, per bush.	1 40 1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75 2 25
Barley	90 90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00 33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00 16 00
Loose straw, load	7.00 7.00

Hides.

Horsehides, country.	
take-off, No. 1	6 00 7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00 6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50 3 25
Horse hair, farmers	
Deacon and bob calf	2 00 2 25
stock	28 00 28 00
Tallow, country solids	
in barrels, No. 1	10 10
Cakes, No. 1	12 12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18 20
do. green	17 18
Frozen hides	15 16½

Why She Was Interested.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "are we going to have freedom of the seas?"

"Why are you so interested?"

"I haven't forgotten the way we were treated at the beach last summer. I don't believe anybody has a right to rope off the ocean and then charge you 50 cents for the privilege of bathing in it."

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*3:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:18 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted)

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Wadoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

Bolsheviki Are "Raskols"

It may not be generally understood that the Russian Bolsheviki are, for the most part, religious schismatics. Open the question with a priest of the Russian Greek church, and he will declare firmly that this is true. He seems to say "Yes, they are the rascals!" Concerning this there can be no question; but that which he really says is, "They are the raskols!" Raskols, or Ras-Kolniski, is the name that the national church of Russia gives to all the dissenters who have renounced her communion, and for that reason are considered capable of such acts as characterize the Bolsheviki.

By the few writers who have mentioned these schismatics, their origin has been ascribed to the alterations made in the church books by Patriarch Nikon in the seventeenth century; but according to Russian annals they were known within less than five centuries after Christianity entered Russia. The first Raskol is said to have been a Jew, named Horie, who, in the reign of Ioan Vasilovitch I, mixed the observances of Judaism with the doctrines of Christianity. Two priests, Denis and Alexie, were the first to embrace his opinions. Alexie changed his name to Abraham, and called his wife Sarah. He and Denis were over two churches in Moscow and lost no opportunity of spreading their doctrines. Among their converts was Zosimes, metropolitan of Moscow. His defection led to a persecution of the dissenters who had adopted the name of Strigolniki; but the more the severity of fire and sword, the more the heresy grew. Karp, a deacon, joined the sect, drew away more people that Denis, Alexie and Zosimes had done; and the national church rekindled the flames of persecution and did not rest until the remnant that was left had fled to Poland and Sweden.

The Raskolniks divided early in their history into Popoftskins, who admit priests from the Greek church, and Bezpopoftskins, who have no priests at all, or priests of their own ordination.

Like the national church the Raskols hold to the Nicene creed. But instead of the corrected church books, ceremonies, and pictures, they exploit the ancient manuscripts and pictures as the only genuine. The dissenters of the present day have laid aside many of the old absurd and ignorant opinions, and are usually better versed in the Scriptures than the orthodox neighbors. They declare that their morals are exemplary, but the authorities do not incline to agree in this. Their opposition to the church is held to be tantamount to opposition to civil authority; and although some of the most opulent merchants of Petrograd are Raskols, and above reproach, the stigma obtains.

The great body of Raskols are Popoftskins. At the lead are the two churches—at Staradubofsk and Vetka, which are said to comprise more than 100,000 members. They have been persecuted and exiled to Siberia in large numbers at different times, but in spite of this treatment are prosperous. After these come the Diaconoftskins, an offshoot of the Vetka church; the Peremaznoftskins; and the Cernabolts. These sects will not take an oath, refuse to shave their beards, decline to pray for the civil authorities, and declare that the end of the world is drawing near.

The Bezpopoftskins are also divided into several sects. The Duhobortsi, better known as Dukhobors, stand first. They throw aside all the orthodox rites and ceremonies, and reject baptism and the Lord's supper. They said that their name signifies "wrestlers with the spirit," and call themselves "Christians" and all other people "world men and women." They declare that they are descendants of Shadrach, Meshech and Abednego, the Jews who would not worship the golden image of Nebuchadnezzar. They are widely scattered in the provinces, and are also found in Germany and Canada. They never enter an orthodox church or bow before the pictures, protesting that the church is a den of thieves. They have worship, singing, praying, and reading the Bible, but without priests and external rites. They believe in the Trinity, and say that regeneration and baptism are all the same thing. They respect departed saints, but do not pray to them. Death is called "the change." Marriage is not a sacrament, but simply an agreement. After the Duhobortsi are the Pomoryans, who say that Antichrist has come and put an end in the church to all that is holy; the Theodosians, who say the church preaches up Antichrist under the name Jesus; the Philipoftskins, who are severe in fasting; the Netoftskins, who have the Pomoryan idea of Antichrist; the Pastushkiks, who declare fasting sinful; the Novajents, who say Antichrist is reigning in Russia, the Samokrestkis, Molokans, Ikonobortsi, and several other minor sects.

In the eyes of the orthodox believers the Raskols are capable of all the crimes in the calendar; but while their identification with the Bolsheviki is beyond question doubtless, the underlying reason is to be found in their age-long grievance against ecclesiastical and civil authority, which they consider as one.

Origin of Lace Making.

The origin of lace making is so far lost in the dark ages that it is impossible to know in which country the process began. It is certain, however, that the Italians were making most elaborate and beautiful laces soon after America was discovered.

An Obstacle.

For most people an obstacle is something in the way to stop going on, but for General Armstrong it merely meant something to climb over, and if he could not climb all the way over he would get up as high as possible and then stop!—General Marshal

Suffered Since Childhood

Kidneys at the Root of the Evil

Think of it! The joys of youth marred by agonizing pains, and all hopes of a bright future blotted out by thoughts of a life burdened with Backache and other sufferings.

Such was the case of Mr. A. Cail until a good friend advised him that there was a remedy for his trouble and he would find it if he used Gin Pills. Read what Mr. Cail says:

"I was troubled with my Kidneys since childhood and spent a large amount of money on doctors trying to get cured. Instead of getting better I kept getting worse until a friend of mine advised me to try Gin Pills. I did so, and after taking one box I was able to get out of bed and walk around. Two more boxes relieved me completely and since then I have had no return of the trouble."

This remarkable testimonial was written by a man whose statement cannot be doubted. Mr. Cail's reason for writing this history of his case was—gratitude for the relief that Gin Pills brought him. Wouldn't you do the same if your case was similar? If you suffer now—don't suffer any longer. Use Gin Pills and obtain relief from Kidney or Bladder Trouble, and the pain, suffering and inconvenience that they cause.

50c buys a box. Sold everywhere. Write for sample box.

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ontario. U. S. residents should address National Drug Co., Inc., 202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. 170

Perfect Engineering Feat.

At Omaha, Neb., a brick chimney 202 feet high and weighing 237 tons was made to fall exactly where the engineer who performed the feat wanted it to fall, between two buildings, without marring either one of them. The bricks on one side of the base of the chimney were removed and replaced with hardwood timbers, which were burned.

Born Before His Mother.

A celebrated actress invariably claimed to be eighteen years younger than she really was. She was called to the witness stand one day, and even there she did not break her rule. It happened that her son was called immediately afterward, and on being asked his age he replied: "Six months older than my mother."—Boston Transcript.

Fish Attacks Ship.

An attack made by a swordfish on a ship which arrived at a port in India resulted in considerable damage to the vessel. The ship was entirely stripped of her metal sheeting in the encounter. The creature made a hole on the port side penetrating through a mass of copper and ten inches into solid oak plank and timber.

Largest Volcano.

The largest volcano crater in the world is that of Haleakala in Hawaii. It is 20 miles across and in places, 2,000 feet deep. New York city could be dropped into the crater with all its skyscrapers intact, and it would be completely hidden from any person beyond the rim of the crater.—People's Home Journal.

THE LOST INVENTOR.

The Mysterious Case of Dr. Rudolf Diesel.

Shortly before the war broke out, writes Edwin E. Slosson in the Independent, but when a war was regarded as imminent if not inevitable, Germany's greatest inventor, the man who had inaugurated a revolution in the world's motive power likely to be as important as that achieved by Watt, left Germany for England. But he never arrived.

Dr. Rudolf Diesel took passage at Antwerp on the channel steamer Dresden the night of September 29, 1913. When the vessel arrived at Harwich next morning he was missing and the annual meeting of the Consolidated Diesel Engine Manufacturers at London, which he was to attend on the following day, was held without him. So much the world knows. Everything else is speculation.

Naturally speculation has been abundant. Diesel's disappearance has given rise to as many wild theories as Kitchener's. These theories, each of them as I have happened to hear of, may be classified in the following way.

Accidentally fell overboard and drowned.

Seized by heart disease and fell overboard.

Pushed overboard by German agents.

Alive and in the service of British Government.

Jumped overboard because of mental breakdown due to insomnia, financial worries, domestic troubles or lack of proper appreciation.

The reader may take his choice of these hypotheses, for there is no proof of any of them and there is evidence against all of them. One other point must be mentioned, though it adds to the mystery instead of clarifying it. That is, that his family at Munich received a telegram announcing his safe arrival in London—but the telegram was sent from Geneva, Switzerland.

Against the hypothesis of hypochondria is that when last seen he appeared cheerful. His family life is said to have been happy. He had broken down from overwork 13 years before, but had apparently recovered. He had suffered from heart failure, but seemed to be all right again. He had not made as much money out of his inventions as he hoped, but he had accumulated a comfortable competence of two and one-fourth million dollars. He had not received all the credit that he deserved, but the original Diesel engine was installed in the place of honor in the Munich Museum and he had just given to the museum all his drawings and models.

Against the rumor that he is still alive in England is the fact that it is the Germans and not the British who, during the war, as well as before, made greatest use of his inventions. As for the remaining hypothesis, that he was killed or kidnaped by order of the German Government, that rests upon no firmer foundation than our natural inclination to ascribe any devilry to the Germans and the fact that if Diesel's inventive genius had been transferred to the other side it would have been worth more than an army corps to the Allies.

Bank Holidays Are Many.

Because of holidays, civil and religious, throughout the different countries, there are only 84 days out of a year in which banks are open in every part of the world at once.—People's Home Journal.

Length of Night.

The length of the night at any time of the year may be found by multiplying by two the time of the sun's rising. Doubling the time of its setting will give the length of the day.

He Knows
All doctors know what a wonderful protector to the skin there is in the healing, soothing oils and disinfectant properties of
LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP
and how effective Lifebuoy is for washing blankets, bedding and all garments that touch the skin.
The carbolic odour in Lifebuoy is a sign of its protective qualities vanishing quickly after use.

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Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
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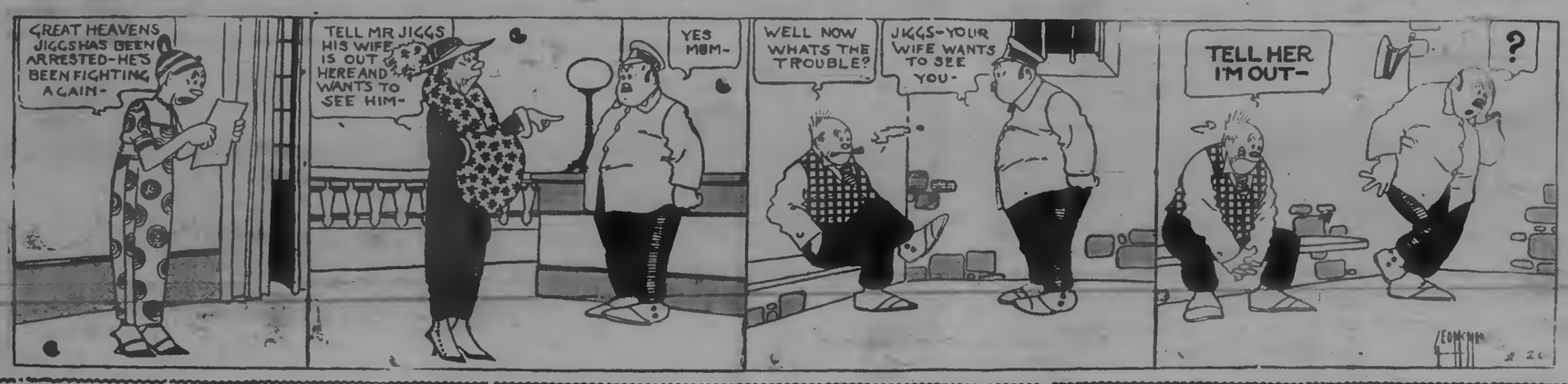
All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

NEW USE FOR AVIATION SHEDS

AFTER many years of waiting a covered skating rink has been secured for the Gentlemen Cadets at the Royal Military College at Kingston, and the acquisition of this building will give a great impulse to our national game — "hockey." Hitherto the Royal Military College hockey teams have had to get along the best they could, using the open ice on the lake and occasionally the city rink at Kingston. These limitations interfered materially with the quality of the game. On the demobilization of the Royal Air Force in Canada and the abandonment of the aviation camps at different points some suitable buildings, originally designed for and used as flight sheds (or aeroplane hangars) became available, and through the kindness of Sir Joseph Flavelle, Bart., Chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, under whose direction these aviation camps were originally established, two of the flight sheds, each 120 feet long by 68 feet wide, were secured to form the basis of the new covered skating rink. The many friends of the Royal Military College were not slow in taking advantage of this opportunity nor in coming forward to assist in carrying out the idea. The Canadian National Railways, through the courtesy of Mr. D. B. Hanna, its president, and the Grand Trunk Railway System, through the courtesy of its president, Mr. Howard G. Kelley, have undertaken to free-freight the material of the sheds from Camp Mohawk to the point nearest to the Royal Military College, to Kingston. Sir Herbert S. Holt, who is deeply in everything that makes for the welfare of the Royal Military College, has generously financed the undertaking, and a contract for the removal and reerection of the flight sheds above referred to, has been let to the Kingston Construction Company, who now have the work in hand. The Minister of Militia and Defence has approved of a site within the college grounds on which the covered rink will be erected. Mr. F. L. Wanklyn, General Executive Assistant of the Canadian Pacific, who is also deeply interested in the welfare of the college, has taken charge of all the work in connection with the carrying out of the scheme. The rink, when completed, will be substantially as shown in the above illustration. The main building will be 240 feet by 68 feet wide, and the height from the underside of the roof trusses to the ice level will be 18 feet. Commodious dressing and locker rooms, 26 feet square, will be provided at one end, over which a gallery for spectators, capable of seating 300 persons, will be provided. The main sheet of ice will be 215 feet by 68 feet wide and this will, in the opinion of well known hockey experts (Messrs. "Riley" Hern and Col. Walter Maughan) make a most satisfactory hockey rink. The building will be well lighted by windows all round and with electric lights for the evenings. The outside will be neatly finished in cement rough-cast and present a generally attractive appearance. The originators of this project have received many congratulations from a host of friends interested in the Royal Military College.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS


GREAT HEAVENS JIGGS HAS BEEN ARRESTED-HE'S BEEN FIGHTING AGAIN-
TELL MR JIGGS HIS WIFE IS OUT HERE AND WANTS TO SEE HIM-
YES MAM-
WELL NOW WHATS THE TROUBLE?
JIGGS-YOUR WIFE WANTS TO SEE YOU-
TELL HER I'M OUT-
?

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

CAN THE HORSES OF LAST YEAR MAKE GOOD IN 1919?

Interest is Centered in the Veteran Racers Roamer, Rosebud and Johren.

There are many interesting questions to be answered in racing this season. It has been many a long year since there have been so many noted horses about which there was a doubt as there is at the present time. There always is a great deal of curiosity to see how the track two-year-olds of the season before will perform. This season there also are an unusual number of older horses that will try to come back.

Andrew Miller's popular old gelding Roamer probably is the most prominent of the lot. Roamer did not actually break down last year after his remarkable feat of running a mile against time in 1.34 4-5, but he lost much of his form and became so mean tempered that he had to be retired for the season earlier than was intended. Racing followers are hoping that the old fellow—who is about to begin his sixth year of racing—will have regained all his remarkable speed and stamina. Reports from Gravesend, where he has wintered, are that Roamer is looking better than ever, and promises to round into form quickly.

Old Rosebud, that other famous gelding, will make an attempt to come back this season. Old Rosebud did not race last season, having broken down badly early in the spring. He was fired and turned out for the year, and now he is reported to be ready to resume training.

Omar Khayyam did not break down last year, but the winner of the 1917 Kentucky Derby and three-year-old champion was away off from all season. Just before he was retired for the year late in the fall Omar Khayyam began to do better and his trainer declared that he had located the trouble with his son of Marco, and that he would be as good as ever during the season of 1919.

Johren, last season's champion three-year-old, pulled up lame after each of his last three races, and when he again makes his appearance on the track he will be watched closely to see whether he has overcome the trouble with his legs. Johren will be a hard one to beat in the big handicaps if his legs stand up under the strain of carrying the weight that will be packed upon him.

BROCK STREET RINK

This Afternoon and To-Night

Best Ice of the Season

BIG BAND TO-NIGHT

Continuous Program - Of Choice Music -

Be Sure You Come

Dempsey Was Once A Light Weight

Comparatively few fans know that "Nonpariel" Jack Dempsey, famous as the middleweight champion of the world at one time held the lightweight title.

Jack won the lightweight championship of the United States 35 years ago when he defeated Billy Facey in nine rounds at Coney Island. Jack got $4000 for the bout. His claim to the American lightweight supremacy was soon disputed by George Fulljames of Toronto, then Canadian champion and the men fought on a beach near New York in the summer of 1884. The Canadian was a game and clever fighter but his seconds had to toss in the sponge in the twenty-second round to save their man from being mauled beyond repair. Two years later Jack entered the middleweight lists and fought his way to the top.

U. T. S. Settles Case Of The Cornwalls

Toronto, March 7.—By the score of 11 to 2 University Schools eliminated Cornwall from the junior O. H. A. race at the Arena last night, and qualified themselves to meet Woodstock in the finals next week. As U. T. S. beat Cornwall on the latter's ice by one goal, they won the round by ten goals.

The game, while devoid of any unusual excitement owing to the one-sided score, was nevertheless interesting enough. The locals excelled in team play and shooting, but if anything the visitors had the edge in stickhandling and individual efforts. Munro and Rowell were in fine fettle and easily broke up the one-man attacks of their opponents. Rowell rushed better than usual, and his marksmanship was accurate.

Joe Sullivan handled any and all shots with apparent ease, and his clearing could hardly be improved upon. Jeffrey was always in position to take a pass and he scored five of the counters. Aggett worked tirelessly, and by telling back-checking broke up many of the Cornwall attacks, while Greey and Gunn were also much to the fore.

Jim Belcher's First Appearance in Ring

Jem Belcher defeated Bob Britton in thirty-three minutes at Hanham, England, in 1898. This was the first ring battle of Jem Belcher, afterward champion and perhaps the greatest pugilist England ever had.

Jem was only 16 years old, while Britton was a veteran and a famous pugilist. Belcher had been engaged in an impromptu bout with a youngster of his own age, and had all the best of it, when Britton interfered, as the beaten lad was a brother of his sweetheart. Angered by Bob's action the youngster challenged Bob to meet him in the ring. Britton was at first amused, but Jem was so much in earnest that Bob agreed to the lad a "bellyful o' fightin'." Vastly to the surprise of everybody, Belcher showed himself more than a match for the old ring general, and gave him a thorough lacing. By his victory Jem became famous and graduated from butcher boy to professional pugilist.

If the donkey were the king of the brute creation some men might truthfully boast of their royal blood.

A blind girl in Ohio got married and recovered her sight a few days later. Marriage is certainly a great eye-opener.

For the first time in history the Vatican has taken advantage of the wireless.

PLAYING BASEBALL ON SUNDAY

(New York Commercial.)

Sunday baseball is the rule in most of the states in which the game receives sufficient support to keep good teams in the field. It takes the people out into the open air on the only day when those who work for a living have a chance to enjoy themselves. It does not interfere with attendance at church morning and evening, and it does not disturb those who wish to spend the day in quiet repose or study. Communities that frown upon it exclude it by refusal of patronage, and other places that desire such amusement should have it.

New York City is overwhelmingly in favor of Sunday baseball, and the only opposition to it in the state Legislature comes from small cities, towns and rural communities where the games receives little patronage. Local option should prevail and cities like New York and Buffalo should be permitted to choose for themselves. Baseball is the cleanest sport we have. When it is played on Sunday the people who attend the games on that day are superior in general character to those who patronize it on week days. The week day crowds contain a large proportion of idlers, whereas the Sunday patrons are chiefly engaged in gainful occupations and have no time for it in working hours. Such people have a right to enjoy their day of rest in any harmless way they choose and should not be deprived of liberty of action by those who live in rural seclusion.

Sunday baseball in communities that desire it should be legalized by the state Legislature. No ball ground or amusement park in Greater New York is located where Sunday sports can annoy or interfere with churches and Sunday schools or disturb the rest of those who prefer quiet. In this free country nobody should be forced to attend church or to stay at home on Sunday. Laws interdicting Sunday baseball represent the wishes and prejudices of a minority of persons who seem to take pleasure in depriving others of it, and they violate the spirit, if not the letter, of the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which forbids the establishment of religion. The only reason given for opposing Sunday baseball is a sectarian one. By forbidding everything that a particular religious body opposes it would become an established church in fact if not in name. It is time for the Empire States to slough off the relics of the blue laws of past centuries.

Next Week's Bill At Water St. Alleys

Monday, March 10.—Printers vs. Grocers.

Tuesday, March 11.—C. G. E. vs. High Rollers.

Wednesday, March 12. De Laval vs. Matthews-Blackwell.

Monday, March 17.—Printers vs. C. G. E.

Tuesday, March 18. De Laval vs. High Rollers.

Thursday, March 20.—Grocers vs. Matthews-Blackwell.

Monday, March 24 — Matthews-Blackwell vs. High Rollers.

Tuesday, March 26. De Laval vs. Printers.

Thursday, March 27.—Grocers vs. C. G. E.

Monday, March 31.—C. G. E. vs. De Laval.

Tuesday April 1.—Printers vs. Matthews-Blackwell.

Thursday, April 3.—High Rollers vs. Grocers.

Monday, April 7—De Laval vs. Grocers.

Tuesday, April 8.—C. G. E. vs. Matthews-Blackwell.

Thursday, April 10.—High Rollers vs. Printers.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A glass of bass ale must be a fish horn.

An ounce of reality is worth a pound of romance.

Fame is to notoriety what the real turtle is to the mock.

When a girl builds an air castle she always leaves out the kitchen.

When some men entertain an idea it is a fair idea of cheap hospitality.

Seven days make one week, but it often takes months to make one strong.

Daniel was the only man we ever heard of who wasn't spoiled by being lionized.

Shots from the pulpit usually pass over the heads of the sinners in the first row.

Some men are like telescopes. You draw them out, see through them, and then shut them up.

A twentieth century scientist claims that headache is a sort of colic caused by too many green thoughts.

Chance for Trade in Japan.

The native Japanese dust sides on a roll or track and is said to answer all purposes, but despite the fact that the scheme is perfectly satisfactory the importation of stone ring is increasing. The Japanese are very ready to adopt almost any of the methods or implements which come from the western world.

Removing Ink Stains.

To remove black ink stains, the article should be washed immediately in several waters and then in milk, letting it soak in the milk for several hours; the stain will disappear. Washing the article immediately in vinegar and water, then in soap and water, will remove all ordinary ink stains.

Passed Away.

Notice in a country store—"We regret to inform our honored customers that our good and generous friend, Mr. Credit, expired today. He was a noble soul, always willing and helpful, but has been failing for some time. May he rest in peace. Pay cash."—Boston Transcript.

Beginning of Pittsburgh.

November 25 is the anniversary of the raising of the English flag over the ruins of Fort Duquesne in 1754. The place was then named Pittsburgh, in honor of Britain's famous prime minister. It owes its great growth to its proximity to coal and iron fields of vast magnitude.

WILL CICOTTE BE UP TO RECORD?

WHITE SOX MANAGER IS ANXIOUS ABOUT FUTURE OF PITCHER.

Manager Gleason of the Chicago White Sox admits that he is in doubt as to the ability of his star pitcher, Eddie Cicotte, to maintain his effectiveness this year. Cicotte will celebrate his thirty-ninth birthday in June. When the White Sox won the American league pennant in 1917 this veteran was the mainstay with a record of twenty-eight victories and thirteen defeats. He took part in forty-nine games and still was as fresh as a daisy when he tackled the Giants in the world's series. Last years, with his team of champions shot to pieces, Cicotte disappointed Chicago fans. He won twelve games and lost nineteen, which was his poorest showing for several years. The White Sox will begin the coming race with the same team that defeated the Giants a year ago last fall. Perhaps, with heavy batting and smart fielding to help him, Cicotte may return to winning form.

What Will Eddie Collins Do?

Eddie Collins is another veteran whose playing will deeply interest Gleason. The $50,000 second baseman will be 32 years old in May and will take part in his fourteenth consecutive big league engagement. Collins took a slight header in his batting average last year, his record being .276 for ninety-seven ames, whereas in 1917 he batted .289 for 154. These comparative figures would seem to indicate that Collins is slowly but surely sliding down hill, and they are backed up by his record in 1916 when in 155 games he batted .308, while in 1915 he rolled up a percentage of .332 for the same number. Prior to 1915 Collins, according to the records, gradually decreased his hitting power, for in 1911 his average was .365, high water mark, while subsequently the figures were .348 in 1912, .345 in 1913 and .344 in 1914. If the famous Chicago star has another slump with the stick this year the pennant chances of the White Sox will not come up to expectations.

"The man who can meet emergencies, who can rise to the occasion, is the man who will succeed," declares Charles M. Schwab. "like the chap who was one evening suddenly confronted by a discontented wife. She said:

"'Before we were married you used to bring me flowers every day, but now you never think of getting me even a bunch of violets.'

"'But, my dear,' he protested, without a seconds' hesitation, 'the pretty flower girls don't attract me now as much as they used to.'

"And, of course, she told him that on second thought she really didn't care for flowers."

Some Talker.

Patience——Is he a fluent talker?

Patrice — Sure thing. He talks through his mouth, nose and hat.

Seven thousand five hundred miners have gone on strike in the Ruhr region, Germany.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton

Also Egg Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD

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WRIST & BRACELET Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.

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Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

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347 George St. Next Turnbull's

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Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

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Best Vegetables. Reasonable

Best Groceries At Right Prices

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

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Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)

Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

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Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

O'Keefe's IMPERIAL STOUT

Anyone who feels the need of a mild stimulant, or tonic, will find Imperial Stout excellent. All the health-giving qualities of the malt and hops are retained. A glass of Imperial Stout before retiring is a valuable habit to form.

Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer. For Sale at all Hotels and Restaurants.

The O'KEEFE BREWERY CO., Limited, Toronto

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LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better
PRICE 25c and 50c
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We give your eye needs personnel attention and render you a service that cannot fail to be appreciated.
"See Us and See Better."
W. H. LACEY
Optometrist 410 George St.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

4th ATTRACTION REDPATH LYCEUM COURSE

The fourth concert of the Redpath Lyceum series will be given in the Conservatory of Music Hall, on Monday evening next, March 10th. The attraction will be the Montague Light Opera Singers.

NOTICE TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE G.W.V.A.

The funeral of Comrade Preston Grange will take place on Sunday afternoon, March 9th. Every member of the Veterans' Association is requested to parade at the Armouries at 2 p.m. sharp, march off at 2.15 p.m. prompt. An invitation is extended to all returned soldiers of the city to attend this funeral. The firing party will be required to parade one hour before the general parade.

All members of the G.W.V.A. Band are pleased to be guided by this notice.

S. WHATLEY, P.B.G.W.V.A.

FINAL TAX NOTICE.

On all 1918 taxes not paid by the 15th inst., costs will be incurred.

W. J. GREEN,
Tax Collector.

SHAMROCK TAG DAY

St. Peter's Ladies' Aid intend holding their annual Tag Day in aid of St. Vincent's Orphanage, on Saturday, March 15th.

We hope those who so generously contributed in the past will still kindly remember the poor children. We all need the prayers of the little children and the orphans pray daily for their benefactors so help them please on Tag Day.

BIRTHDAY TEA

67th Regiment Chapter, I.O.D.E. are holding a birthday tea on Tuesday afternoon, March 11th from 3 to 6, at the home of Mrs. Vincent Eastwood, 610 George street, to celebrate the seventh birthday of the founding of the Chapter. Musical program and refreshments. Everyone most cordially invited. Admission 25c.

C. O. C. F. 422

Regular meeting at the Sons of England Hall on Thursday, March 13 at 8 o'clock.

A UNIVERSAL DESIRE

The desire for music is universal. Tastes may differ but every one likes music of one kind or another. The Victrola satisfies this desire absolutely. Every class of music is found on Victor Records from Grand Opera to a comic song. A full line of Victrolas will be found at Heintzman Hall, corner George and Hunter streets, and easy terms may be arranged to suit the purchasers convenience.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Mabel Patterson left on Friday for Toronto to take a position with a prominent Trust Co.

Mrs. R. H. Fortye who has been visiting her son, Alex. Fortye, Bank of Commerce, Niagara Falls, has gone to visit friends in Hamilton.

Mrs. Claude Rogers is visiting friends in Toronto.

Cadet Kenneth MacKenzie of Lakefield leaves on Monday for England where he will join the British navy.

Mr. Harry Thornton, son of Mr. J. F. Thornton has been appointed private secretary to Hon A. G. MacKay of the Alberta Government.

Miss K. S. Atwood is visiting friends in Toronto.

The engagement is announced of Miss Sarah J. Wood, daughter of the late Jmes and Mrs. Wood, of Baillieboro, and Dr. W. T. Holloway, of this city, formerly of Clinton, the marriage to take place this month.

Sergt. P. W. Hone, who arrived from overseas yesterday, is visiting his brother, Mr. A. D. Hone, Reid street.

Miss Sybil Brown, of Port Hope, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Perry, American House.

Mr. Wilfred Griffin, a returned soldier, has been engaged by Mr. Jas. Lewis at his barber shop on Hunter street. Mr. Griffin worked at the trade previous to going overseas and arrived back in Peterborough about the end of February. This places a third chair in commission in Mr. Lewis' shop.

NOTICE

A meeting of the Commercial Travellers of the city will be held at 364 Water street on Saturday, March 15th, at the hour of three o'clock, p.m, to discuss means of procuring better train service, also other important business... As these matters interest every Traveller in the city let each one of us be at this meeting.

STANLEY COUPER.
President.

ST. PATRICK'S CONCERT

In Trinity S. S. Hall on Monday, March 17th, concert and illustrated lecture will be given. Mrs. Maurice Park and others will sing. Keep the date.

NOTICE

The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the G. W. V. A., on Monday, 10th at 8 p.m.

SALE OF CATTLE

Remember the sale of Holstein cattle at "Beachwood Farm" near Auburn on Tuesday next, March 11th
R. B. ROGERS

AUCTION SALE.

Pure bred Holsteins and Grades, Horses, Pigs, and Farm Implements, at Christopher Howson's, Lot 12, Con. 10, Otonabee, on Wednesday, March 19, at 1 o'clock. Everything must be sold, as Mr. Howson has sold his farm and is retiring. You are invited to attend this sale.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Mann and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Dryland wish to thank their many friends for kindness and sympathy during their recent bereavement.

Lithuanians demand that the part of East Prussia inhabited by them be separated from Germany.

"SHAUN RHUE" TO BE GIVEN AT THE GRAND ON MARCH 17

St. Peter's Dramatic Club Will Offer for Their Yearly Attraction on St. Patrick's Day, Famous Old Irish Drama.

On Monday evening, March 17th, the members of St. Peter's Dramatic Club will present Joe Murphy's Famous Irish Comedy Drama—Shaun Rhue.

A clever cast has been rehearsing for this production during the past month and excellent results will be assured at the Grand Opera House. The play is undertaken by the following cast:

Morris Donavan—Mr. T. J. Dineen.
Patrick Kavanaugh — Mr. E. P. Kelly.
Gerald Kavanaugh—Mr. Wm. Collins.
Peter Callaghan—Mr. Jas. O'Brien
Bryan Callaghan — Mr. Cecil Wolffe.
Waddy—Lawyer—Mr. Earl Judd.
Tim—Mr. Dan White.
Wm. Sommerfield—Mr. James Sharpe.
Teddy Regan — Mr. Maxwell Murty.
Larry Donavan — Mr. George Lynch.
Kate Donavan—Miss Genevieve O'Hearn.
Dora Kavanaugh—Miss C. Shevlin.

The following are the executive staff.

Business manager — Mr. Egbert Kelly.
Stage Manager—Mr. Cecil Wolffe.
Property Master—Mr. Earl Judd.
Electrician—Mr. Jas. O'Brien.
Musical Directress—Miss Adaline Doris.
Director—Mr. Geo. F. Lynch.

The play consists of four acts, each having a clever culmination which amalgamate in making the grand final a rich and happy ending.

Throughout the entire play many situations occur which present true Irish wit.

The selection of music and songs have been ably chosen by the Musical Directress, and nothing has been left undone to make this undertaking a huge success.

The Play

To Morris Donovan, a poor farmer around whom the play circles, the opportunity is presented of giving either his daughter, Kathleen to Byran Callaghan in marriage or wait for the future to evolve means by which he can obtain sufficient money to preserve his lands from being devastated by water. The father has chosen the first way as his best plan but to this his son Larry objects and through his ingenuity he saves the situation giving his father the peace and happiness which he had long endeavored to attain.

Peter Callaghan, father of Byran, being aware that the Donovan's were soon to have possession of a relative's money, goes to Ireland from England, and prepares to offset the preparations for the executors of the money, Mr. Somerfield who is more than perturbed over the climatic conditions of Ireland on his arrival.

Callaghan has met with two great difficulties, he must have a man to impersonate Morris Donovan's son and must also put Gerald Kavanagh, the true lover of Kathleen, out of the way.

Unknown to all, after Larry's banishment from his parental roof, he assumes the role to impersonate Larry himself through the instrumentality of Tim, Lawyer Waddy's office boy. Through this means he obtains full information concerning his father's wealth and also discovers the plot formed by Bryan Callaghan against Gerald Kavanaugh.

Having made the attempts of the Callaghan futile he succeeds in winning his father's lasting friendship and the hand of the colleen, Dora Kavanaugh, whose brother's interest he protected.

RID THE FACE OF BEAUTY SPOILERS

Let Stuart's Calcium Wafers Be Your Beauty Treatment to Relieve the Face of Pimples, Blackheads, Etc.

Send for a Free Trial Package.

For those pesky pimples and blemishes that spoil the complexion be sure to use Stuart's Calcium Wafers. The influence of their calcium trains the skin to convert the impurites into a harmless substance for easy elimination instead of gathering into little red spots. Do not varnish your skin with grease. It is a vain hope. Beauty is impaired by a bad, pimply skin, and calcium is considered of great value for all forms of suppuration of the skin. Try these wafers. Thousands have done so with the most gratifying results. Stuart's Calcium Wafers are so widely known and used that you will find them on sale in almost any drug store in the United States or Canada at 50 cents a box. If you wish to try them first, send your name and address to F. A. Stuart Co., 861 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., and a free trial package, plain and sealed, will be sent you by return mail.

"THE LITTLE WICKET GATE"

Subject of Address at George Street Church Tomorrow Evening.

The pastor, the Rev. A. J. Thomas, will preach at both services. In the morning he will give a short talk to the boys and girls. Every parent should urge their children to hear Mr. Thomas in the morning. The theme for his evening service will be "The Little Wicket-Gate."

LAST NIGHT FOR FREE PICTURES

An immense crowd attended the entertainment in connection with the formal opening of the new fireproof Duffus' Garage last night, and left delighted with the program of motion pictures and exhibit of motor cars, trucks and accessories offered. Tonight will see the end of this event, and the general public are invited to take advantage of it.

The motion pictures are both instructive and entertaining and the whole unique show is absolutely free, and of a high order of merit, so be sure and be there.

MEN'S BIBLE CLASS

George Street Methodist Church special session tomorrow at 3 p.m., address by Dr. Morrison. All men heartily invited.

MR. CUNNINGHAM WRITES AGAIN

CAPT. BURNHAM RECEIVES FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS AS TO PROHIBITION BILL.

Mr. A. B. Cunningham, representing the social department of Trinity Methodist Church, has sent the following letter to Capt. Burnham:

Dear sir.—Your letter of the 3rd received. there was no occasion for you to be annoyed at the reply to your inquiry, as our resolution gave you specific information regarding the action we desired.

Your question was altogether too indicative of either a lawyer's quibble or a politician's evasion to be taken seriously. No one would accuse you of not knowing what the order in Council referred to meant.

The day for successful evasion of great questions by mere technical procedure is past, and issues must be met squarely. Your argument about interference with the Diety is merely a repetition in kind of the old pleas for the continuance of slavery.

Your peculiar theological theories are not a matter of public import. You are elected to represent in a legislative capacity a constituency that is overwhelmingly in favor of the prohibition of the liquor traffic and you are expected to represent their repeated verdict on this question.

Yours truly,
A. B. CUNNINGHAM.

Viking Spark Plugs At Duffus Garage

The Duffus Garage has just closed a wholesale and retail contract for the sale of 'VIKING' spark plugs for this District. This spark plug is covered by patents and is guaranteed to last indefinitely. It fits all makes of cars and in case a plug should go wrong, it will be cheerfully replaced by a new one. It is exceptionally well insulated and its mechanical construction is perfect, so much so that it is warranted to fire under any and all conditions.

WE were among the first to put up tea in sealed packages.

We were the first to use automatic electric weighing machines so as to insure accurate weights.

We were the first to make known the qualities of the now world-famous ASSAM teas.

And we are now the first to adopt a new package for the better protection of these fine quality teas.

The lead package has served its purpose well for generations, but it was easily broken or torn, allowing not only a loss of tea from the package but exposing the tea to the air, odors and dust that it was so necessary, to protect the tea against.

Our new package—the *waxed board* carton—is stronger; more secure and more completely air tight; altogether the best container for tea that has yet been devised.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

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GAVE ADDRESS ON TAXATION

CITY CLERK ARMSTRONG TALKS TO THE LIFE PROBLEM CLUB.

Mr. S. R. Armstrong, city clerk, an office which he has capably filled for over twenty-five years, addressed the Intermediate Life Problem Club of the Y.M.C.A. at their regular weekly meeting last night.

Mr. Armstrong had chosen as his subject, "Taxation." In his opening remarks he stated that all people grumbled when they received their tax bills, and the reason that he chose "Taxation" as his subject last night was that when his hearers got to that stage where they would receive tax bills, that they could grumble intelligently. Mr. Armstrong showed how taxes first had become necessary in Peterboro. When Adam Scott started his grist mill in Scott's Plains, at the foot of what is now King street, taxes were unnecessary. But as a village grew up, money was needed to build roads, then later sidewalks, and still later for lights, sewers, fire and police protection. There was some discussions as to what to tax to raise this money, but finally it was decided to tax the value of the land and buildings owned by the residents, who benefited by the orderly Government of the city. This tax still remains today, but there has been added a business tax and an income tax.

The business tax is levied on all buildings that have a business conducted therein. The assessor takes 30 per cent. of the value of the land and buildings, on or in which a business is conducted, and the business tax is levied on that.

The income tax is a tax levied on all voters who have an income of $600 a year or more, but only that amount above $600 is taxed.

Mr. Armstrong also stated that the taxes were levied in Peterborough the same way as levied in the rest of the Province, but that in the other Provinces, taxes were raised by other means also.

The speaker also explained in what way Peterborough revenue from taxes was expended. He also told what was meant by Courts of Revision, Assessor's Rolls frontage taxes, how the assessment is determined, etc.

At the conclusion of the address the speaker was plied with many questions such as "How do you tax a corner building, frontage tax," "How would you tax Le Brun's store, frontage tax," etc.

The address was certainly an interesting one, and judging by the questions asked the members of the club were thinking.

Mr. Armstrong stated after a vote of thanks had been tendered him, that he vote of thanks did not please him so much as the fact that, while he was speaking, he could see the interest in the address in the boys' faces.

LOEW'S

Comulation Preferred 7%
Par Value $10.50
PRICE. PAR WITH 25% Bonus Common

This is going very fast. Speak quickly

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WANTED
Some good Houses for rent.

FOR SALE
Good Houses and Lots, cheap.
Some Farms for sale, at a bargain.
Let us insure your Life, Auto, House, Plate Glass, or anything you have.
It will pay you.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; a splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

NEW FIRE-PROOF DUFFUS GARAGE

We extend to everybody a hearty welcome and a glad hand to our formal opening. Our staff will be on hand ready to give any assistance. If we can do anything for you, it will be a pleasure.

TENDERS FOR CARE of PARKS

Sealed Tenders addressed "Ald. J. Edgar, Chairman Parks Committee," and endorsed "Tender for Parks," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m. on FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919, for the care of the Central, Victoria and other parks. Specifications may be procured at this office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

Reduction in Coal Prices

The City Council has decided to reduce the price of Coal and for quick sale the prices are as follows:

Buckwheat .....$ 9.00 per ton
Mine Run and Pea .... 10.00 per ton
Pea and Nut (mixed) . 11.00 per ton

Orders left at the City Treasurer's Office wil be promptly attended to.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fine today. Tuesday, local snow flurries, but mostly fair. Not much change in temperature.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 58 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

AMERICAN SOLDIERS INJURED IN FIGHT WITH LONDON POLICE

Trouble Started Over Arrest of Two Sailors Who Were Charged With Shooting Craps —Injured Men in Hospital—Board to Investigate.

London, March 10.—Corp. C. R. began when Zimmerman and Wilson Zimmerman and Pte L. N. Wilson, demanded that the civil police turn American military policemen, who over to them two American sailors were injured during fighting today who had been arrested in the vicinity between London police and soldiers of Eagle Hut on a charge of playing and sailors, are resting quietly at a craps. It is expected that a joint arhospital tonight. It is not known how my and navy board will conduct an seriously they are hurt. The trouble investigation of the incident.

Premier Borden At Peace Conference

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, March 10. — The Herald this morning publishes the following special correspondence from Paris, dated February 8: Sir Robert Laird Borden, Premier of Canada, and one of the great leaders of the Peace Conference, it flatly opposed to secret treaties and just as strongly in favor of complete co-operation on the part of the United States and Canada in working out the problems and policies of pacificism.

The imperfection of both these statements can only be appreciated by those who grasp one outstanding fact that, period of its purposely bewildering bark, the Paris conference is a contest between secret schemers seeking special advantages at the expense of the world at large and men who have really learned the lessons of the war and are bent upon setting up a really safe and just "government of the world under law."

"Every grain of gossip that I have heard has been favorable to the Canadian delegation. Once or twice it was Sir Robert Borden who intervened to keep the consideration of far eastern matters along safe, smooth and satisfactory channels. He has a remarkably complete knowledge of many details that are not understood by all our own delegates. I am quite sure that he has the full confidence of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George."

IS SINN FEIN COUNTESS A POLE OR SUBJECT OF GREAT BRITAIN?

Interesting Question Will Arise When Irish Lady Elected at Last Election Attempts to Take Her Seat in Parliament—Irish Prisoners Released.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 10.—Sinn Feiners who have been interned in England have been released in batches during the past few days. A score returned to Dublin on Sunday. Among those recently released from Holloway prison, London, was Countess Georgina Markievics, who, according to the Daily Sketch, is likely to attend the meetings of the House of Commons today and claim the seat for the St. Patrick division of Dublin, to which she was elected at the recent general elections. It is pointed out that the question of her eligibility to the seat will arise, as her husband is the Polish count who was never naturalized. She, therefore, is said to be legally a Pole.

Ministers Favor Plain Funerals

At the regular meeting of the Ministerial Association this morning the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, that this association regrets a marked tendency to increasing and extravagant expenditure in connection with the burial of our dead.

"The showy, luxurious and massive caskets (too often considered necessary) would seem to savor of human pride, and are inconsistent with prudence, reason and Christian principles.

"If simplicity is a virtue to be cultivated in life, surely it is even more strongly called for in connection with death. One indication of this unhealthy development we notice is an expensive metallic outside case, suggestive of an effort to prevent the remains from disintegrating and mingling with their kindred elements, which would seem to be the Divine intention.

"We call upon the wealthy, as well as the poor—upon those whose business calls them to our assistance in times of bereavement, and upon all whose influence must mean so much to the community—to use that influence in the direction of a healthy and reasonable economy.

"We feel sure that the free showing of less expensive goods on the part of those in our country who serve us under these trying circumstances, would result in a saner deportment on the part of those who quite able to pay for whatever they order, and fewer depressing debts on the part of those who involve themselves in seeking to do as well for their beloved dead as do those of larger means.

"We would express ourselves as confident that we may depend upon our local undertakers to co-operate with us in this as they do so cheerfully in other matters in which we are associated with them."

BORDEN NOT BACK FOR TWO MONTHS

IMPRESSION PREVAILS HE WILL BE DETAINED AT PEACE CONFERENCE.

Ottawa, March 10.—Lack of definite information as to the return to Canada of Sir Robert Borden is strengthening the impression that the Prime Minister will not be able to come home as soon as was expected. The idea prevailed ten days ago that he would arrive in the Capital before the middle of April. It is now understood that it may be a month and perhaps six weeks later before he will be able to sail for Canada In other words, it may be the middle of May or even early in June before Sir Robert is back. Returning Canadians all agree that Sir Robert is extremely busy, and that his early departure from Paris would be a matter of extreme regret to all delegates to the Peace Conference.

GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER G.T.P.

COMPANY GIVES NOTICE THAT IT CANNOT CARRY ON LONGER.

Ottawa, March 10—Acting Premier has announced that the government by an order-in-council under the war measures act has taken over the possession control and operation of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and has placed Hon. J. D. Reid minister of railways and canals in charge. The system includes the trunk line between Winnipeg and Prince Rupert, together with some branch lines in Saskatchewan and Alberta, some steamships and hotels and the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Company. The official statement of the acting prime minister follows:

The official Statement

Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of railways has been appointed receiver of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway System. The appointment follows an official notification which Sir Thomas White received on Thursday from the vice-president of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, a notification that in view of the fact that the increased rates applicable to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway have not been sufficient to meet the increased operating expenses it would not be possible for the company, owing to lack of funds to continue its operations beyond March 10.

In view of this notification it became necessary that the government should, in the public interest, take immediate steps to ensure the continued operation of the system. Under existing legislation this could not be accomplished by an application to the courts for the appointment of a receiver. The war measures act, however, was found to provide adequate authority for action by the government and consequently an order-in-

(Continued on Page 5)

MUSICAL CLUB AT THE QUEEN MARY

PARENTS' CIRCLE MAKES A NEW DEPARTURE IN SCHOOL WORK.

On the afternoon of Thursday, Mar. 6th, several members of the Parents' Circle of Queen Mary School assisted a number of the pupils in organizing a musical society, to be composed of pupils of the school and to be known as "The Twilight Musical Club of Queen Mary School." The following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres.—Miss Buck.

Pres.—Jean Wilgar.

Sec.—Margaret McKeen.

Critics—Miss Caldwell and Miss Grieve.

Program Committee—Isobel Connelly, Harold Peace, Irene Breckenridge, Dorthy Clarke, Henerita Brown and Doris Donnelly.

The following musical numbers were then very capably rendered:

Piano—Gavatte-Handel, Isobel Connelly.

Piano solo—Spring Serenade—Fabraurose—Edna Berbridge.

Vocal solo—Doris Donnelly, accompanied by Gwen Donnelly.

Piano—Les Sylphides, Paul Wachs—Agnes Lowden.

Piano—Manuet, Paderewski—Jean Wilgar.

After deciding to meet again on Thursday, March 25th, the meeting closed by singing the National Anthem with all present standing strictly at attention. The society is very fortunate in having among their members such an efficient accompanist as Gwen Donnelly, a little girl of thirteen years of age.

MR. GREEN'S PAY IS $1,250 A YEAR

THAT IS ALL LEFT HIM WHEN HIS EXPENSES ARE PAID.

The list of salary increases of civic officials published in the papers recently made it appear that Tax Collector Green is now receiving $1550.00 a year. While correct the figures are somewhat misleading as the net salary of Mr. Green in a year will not amount to more than $1250 when his expenses, which must be paid out of this amount, are deducted.

Mr. Green is underpaid in comparison with men holding the same position in other cities of the same size as Peterborough. For instance in Brantford the collector is paid $2900 for collecting $643,743; in Kingston where $438,012, less than that of Peterborough, is the amount of the collection, the official's salary is $2400, and in Sherbrooke, Que., where $333,167.70 is the total tax collection, the collector gets $2800 per annum. The amount collected in a year by Mr. Green in this city is over half a million dollars and he receives only $1020, which with expenses, such as stamps, and the salary of a girl in the rush season deducted, amounts to $1250.00. In other cities these extra expenses are paid by the corporation.

TWO YOUNG MEN IN POLICE COURT

JOHN WATSON AND JOHN McKNIGHT CHARGED WITH BEING DEFAULTERS.

John Thomas Watson, of Haliburton, and John Albert McKnight, of Minden Township, appeared before Justices of the Peace H. Rush and V. Eastwood this morning and had their cases remanded until Friday next. Watson is charged with having failed to report for service at Kingston on May 14 and McKnight who was registered in Toronto, did not obey the summons on Aug. 7th. Capt. Widdifield appeared for McKnight and Mr. V. J. McElderry appeared on behalf of Watson.

In the case of Watson Inspector Ward, who was representing the Crown, asked that the case be proceeded with as he already had the fiat from the Department of the Attorney-General. Their Worships decided, however, that in fairness to Mr. McElderry, who had not sufficient evidence prepared, there should be an enlargement of the case.

McKnight is a small man and when arrested by two Dominion policemen was leading a cow from the barn to the trough at the well. He was dressed in a wolf skin coat and for a moment startled the officers who claim they mistook him for a bear. Watson is a big man of six feet or over and would have made a fine soldier.

CANADIANS AT CAMP KINMEL PLAY FOOTBALL AS USUAL

All Traces of Recent Riot Have Disappeared —England Still Cordial to the Canadian Troops—Enquiry in Progress.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

(By Thomas Champion C.A.P. Correspondent.)

London, March 10.—My visit to the Kimmel Camp Saturday showed that the holiday afternoon was being spent in the usual fashion there with football and baseball games proceeding. For seventy hours previously the camp had been normal, and a new comer would have difficulty in discovering that it had recently been otherwise.

There is no desire in any part of England to magnify last week's regrettable incidents at Kimmel beyond their true perspective. The utmost cordiality is still shown to Canadian troops everywhere. People generally are awaiting a report of the full enquiry with great interest and concern. It may be added that there have been demonstrations among English troops during the last few months that received just as much publicity in proportion as that given the present matter.

GERMANS PREPARE TO TALK PEACE

BUSINESS MEN OF BERLIN WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE AS EXPERTS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 10.—Preliminary peace negotiations may begin at Versailles about March 20, according to reports in circulation here today. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, foreign minister, is now arranging for a small party of prominent business men to accompany the German commissioners as experts. These men have been instructed to hold themselves in readiness for possible departure on March 17 or 19.

Parnell Waiting Official Returns

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 10.—The official returns from the St. Catharines bye-election had not been received by Clerk of the House Sydere at noon today, and F. R. Parnell, the member-elect, will therefore not be able to take his seat this afternoon, as had been anticipated.

HON. T. W. McGARRY MAY BE PREMIER

PROVINCIAL TREASURER MENTIONED AS SUCCESSOR TO SIR WILLIAM HEARST.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 10.—In connection with the rumors that Sir William Hearst will shortly retire from the Premiership of Ontario and the leadership of the Ontario Liberal-Conservative party, the name of Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, is today prominently mentioned in the corridors of the legislative buildings as a possible successor to Sir William.

Build Sanitarium In Peterborough

At the regular monthly meeting of the Peter Robinson Chapter, I.O.D.E., held on Friday evening, March 7th, 1919, it was decided that the Chapter devote their time towards raising funds for the Peterborough Health Association, with a view to the building of a sanitarium in this city.

Debs Must Serve Term in Prison

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 10.—The Supreme Court today sustained the conviction of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, found guilty of violating the Espionage Act through statements made in a speech at Canton, Ohio, last June and sentenced to ten years imprisonment.

Four Soldiers Arrive Tonight

The following soldiers are expected to arrive on the .45 train tonight:

Sergt. H. Young.
Sergt. H Withers.
Pte. R. Jolliffe.
Pte. Montgomery.

Naptha Explodes; One Man Killed

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Worcester, Mass., March 10.—One man was killed and four badly injured here today when a barrel of naptha exploded in a building attached to the plant of the Baldwin Chain Co. here. The explosion completely demolished the building and the flying fluid set fire to the four three-tenement houses that adjoined the shops. All the inmates were rescued.

Policeman Killed In Street Riot

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Havana, March 10.—One policeman was killed and several workmen were injured in a clash today at union headquarters where the workmen had gathered to protest against the settlement of the general strike reached by the leaders earlier in the day. The fight started when policemen attempted to disperse the workmen.

Postal Employe Released Today

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Prince Albert, Sask., March 10.—J. H. Lewis, the postal employe sentenced to three years in Prince Albert penitentiary for a breach of the censorship, was released this morning. This case was discussed in Parliament on Friday afternoon and much criticism was made regarding the sentence imposed on Lewis.

Spartacans Kill Sixty Soldiers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, March 10.—Spartacan forces Sunday occupied the Berlin suburb of Lichtenberg and murdered sixty officers and soldiers in the police station there, according to the Zitung Am Mittag. The Lichtenberg police station had withstood the Spartacans attacks since Tuesday.

Berlin Strike Is D[illegible]ared Off

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amsterdam, March 10.—The Berlin Workmens' Council has decided to issue an order officially calling off the general strike in the German capital, says a Berlin message presumably filed on Sunday night and which says the decision was taken "late today." The decision, says the message, followed a stormy session of the Council.

SUPERIOR WELL PLEASED

Assistant Chief A. H. Holden, assistant to the acting chief commissioner of the Dominion Police, visited the Peterborough detachment on Saturday. He was well pleased with the record made by Inspector Ward's men.

Berlin Strikers Go Back To Work

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 10. — Work was resumed today throughout the greater part of Berlin, following the calling off of the strike, messages from the German capital announced. President Ebert and Secretary Landsberg have arrived in Berlin from Weimar.

New Head For The Socialist Party

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 10.—Hugo Haase has been elected chairman of the Independent Socialist party at its conference here. He declined a previous election because Herr Daeumig, Communist, was elected vice-chairman. On a ballot, Haase was elected chairman, and Herr Crispien, South German leader of the Independent Socialists, was elected vice-chairman.

4 Russian Dukes Are Put To Death

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 10. — Four more Russian grand dukes have been executed at Petrograd by the Bolsheviki during the past fortnight on a charge of being involved in a monarchist plot.

Situation Quiet With Bavarians

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 10.—Advices from Munich indicate that the situation there is quieter and that the Majority Socialists in Bavaria are in the ascendancy. The Soviet congress has voted to release the hostages seized at the time that Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, was assassinated. The strike situation in Central Germany is reported to be improving.

Two big meetings in Hamilton were addressed by Sir Adam Beck in connection with the Hydro radial bylaw campaign.

CURLING SEASON FOR THIS CITY IS REGARDED AS OVER

Ice is About Gone and Temperature Offers no Hope—Skip Kay's Rink Wins in Schedule Games Saturday.

Skip Alex. Kay's rink won out in the schedule games of the season at the curling rink when he defeated Skip Hicks and his rink in the final contest on Saturday night by a score of 8 to 27

The rinks:

F. Bartlett	C. Hall
A. L. Killaly	B. McNeely
A. Moore	W. H. Taylor
R. Hicks, skip	A. C. Kay, skip

This practically ends the curling in Peterborough for this season as far as fixtures are concerned, although the Lindsay-Peterborough competition; the Orillia contest and the W. J. Dell-Capon Cup games with Toronto have not as yet been played.

In the Lindsay contest three rinks in that town played the Lindsay end of the game but as it is an eight rink contest the Peterborough men may have to return to the neighboring town and play over, although this inconvenience could be overcome if the Lindsay club would consent to send three rinks to this city to play the end here and balance the standing. Lindsay now leads in this event by 20 points.

It is not by any means probable that the Toronto games will be played and the Orillia contest is also very doubtful as the season is far advanced. A late spring with plenty of frost might of course see plenty of curling yet, but as the old standbys sat in the rink this afternoon gazing out onto the sticky ice they were not in a particularly hopeful frame of mind and bowling was the topic of discussion which would have been ruled out of order a few weeks ago had any member had the temerity to introduce it.

There were a few members of the club who were considering the possibility of constructing curling stones mounted upon castors or ball-bearings which might be used in the summer time but Archie Moore frowned upon the project and stated that he was sure such new fangled contrivances would not respond to the fancy twists like the real old-fashioned stones.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1870.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5.00 per year by mail to any part of Canada or Great Britain; $4.00 per year delivered to any part of the city.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1853, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

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TELEPHONES:

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1919

FARM LANDS FOR SOLDIERS.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE sets an example for all the other provinces in the Dominion in dealing with the returned soldiers. Every veteran who wants to go on the land is to be given a free farm and equipment and the province attaches no string to the arrangement. All that is asked of the soldier is that he remain at his agricultural post and demonstrate his ability to make good.

Some more liberal provisions should be made for the veteran who elects to farm than any the Federal Government has yet devised. The men have, many of them, spent four of the best years of their lives in the service of their country, at nominal wages. The members of Parliament and the civil service employes insist upon fair compensation for their work, which is carried on under shelter and in perfect personal security, unlike the duty of the soldier, which was performed only at the imminent risk of his life.

The opportunity to reward him presents itself. Something more than war gratuities is required. Special inducements have been offered civilians and aliens to settle on lands in Canada, every farmer being regarded as a national asset, and the soldier is entitled to something more generous than is granted others who have not the same claim upon the public.

Starting a man on a farm saddled with a debt of $5000, which he is required to pay back at the rate of $500 a year—$400 of principal and the balance in interest—is really not much of an inducement. Perhaps the returned soldier, even though inexperienced in agriculture, may be able to make a success of such a venture, but few farmers skilled in the vocation would care to assume such a burden, and no other business could be carried to success if launched under such a financial handicap.

LABOR AND MACHINERY.

"THERE IS SO MUCH machinery used today that the profits of the manufacturer are excessive. There is less work for the mechanic. For that reason Labor must agitate for shorter hours in order to make places for more men forced out of employment by the introduction of machinery, and insist upon higher wages, so that all the profits shall not go to the manufacturer."

The above, in brief, is the creed of a good many Labor agitators. A local disciple of this school of thought made a speech to his fellow workers last week in which he emphasized the points enumerated above. A machine in some departments of industrial plants may easily do the work of five men when operated by one mechanic. As a result, four men are turned into the streets and the non-employment thus created becomes a menace to the man who is kept on at the machine.

Conditions are not really as bad as that. Not all the men who are displaced by machinery are forced into the bread line nor are they likely to become patrons of the public soup kitchens. The loss of one job may mean a better class of employment for them. It requires mechanics of skill to manufacture the machinery that is taking the place of so many men.

When the farmer did all his work by hand before there were binders or even mowers and reapers thought of, he did for more than two months every year give employment to a comparatively large number of men. But once the harvest was over these men were turned adrift. There were no large industrial plants those days in the cities in which men the year round were engaged in the manufacture of farm machinery at good wages and under working conditions that protected them from the weather. Making binders and mowers is a vastly higher class of employment than using a scythe, swinging a cradle in a wheat field or binding by hand. Each of the machines referred to may do the work of five men, but the man who operates the machine and the men who build it are better off under modern conditions.

Ask any farmer of experience and he is likely to tell you that he cannot see how his profits are any higher in the age of machinery than in the days when he depended entirely upon hard labor. In the first place, the initial cost is higher. Modern machinery is expensive, but it cost nothing under the old regime to secure a force of workers. If one of the latter fell ill or met with an accident, he was dropped from the payroll. A machine requires constant expert attention and the annual bill for repairs is also considerable. In former days the harvest hand shifted for himself between seasons. The farmer was not required to put up a building to shelter him during the period of enforced idleness or to pay the premium on an insurance policy as he does in the case of his machinery. The life of a machine, too, is brief as compared with that of a member of the human race. The great trouble with the farmer is that he finds it difficult to find the fifth man to act as operator, the majority of the men preferring to crowd into the factories where the man-supplanting machines are made.

It is the same way in the big city factory. It costs more to equip a modern plant with machinery than it formerly did to hire a staff of human workers. The machine is a constant source of expense. If a factory worker falls a victim to an industrial disease or to an accident while on duty he is entitled to free medical treatment for thirty days and to receive fifty-five per cent. of his wages, the Government and not his employer paying the bill. If a careless workman drops a monkey wrench into the machinery the firm are out the cost of the repairs and loss of time. If a worker perishes in a fire in the factory, his wife and young children draw a pension from the State. If the machinery is lost through the same catastrophe, the only redress is the insurance policy, the premium on which the manufacturer pays.

The modern linotype machine does as much work as five old time hand compositors, requiring only one operator. It is true that this marvel of mechanical ingenuity has thrown a number of men out of work in the printing trade, but it has created employment for an army of men in other lines. In all classes of industry the same is true. The new employment begins with the miner who digs the raw metal out of the earth, and rises step by step until the final stage is reached, that of putting the machine together and installing it for service.

New inventions may disturb established conditions, but such disturbance is only temporary. Man is not likely to be forced into want by the spread of machine power. Such machines will always require manual and mental skill to fashion as well as to operate them.

FARMERS AND DAYLIGHT SAVING.

ONE OF THE LOCAL champions of Organized Labor and a devout advocate of shorter hours, stated in a public address the other night that the farmers were opposed to daylight saving because it meant shorter hours for their hired help.

The farmers have no such object in view. Daylight saving, they claim, is no injury to their business because it calls for starting work one hour earlier in the morning, and that such an hour is not suitable for farm duties, especially in the harvest season, when work is halted to a great extent until the dew is dried up by the sun. No matter when the hired man starts, he insists on quitting for the day at the same hour as the city worker. The farmer can thus very easily be deprived of one hour's work every day. The contention of the farmer is not without justification. Their claim is logical from their own standpoint. City employers would urge the same objection to daylight saving if it affected them as it does the residents of the rural sections.

THE COST OF ENFORCEMENT.

DURING THE YEAR 1918 the fines collected for violations of the Ontario Temperance Act amounted to $200,000. To collect this amount cost $217,000. As a business proposition this will not appeal to the public generally. There must be some methods for cutting down the expense of operation, and the pruning knife should be first used to lop away some of the top branches of the system. If at the coming plebiscite the Ontario Temperance Act is defeated by the people, it will not be because the majority of the electors of the Province have changed their views on prohibition, but will be due to the justifiable objection to having the temperance cause made a matter of political exploitation.

There are at present three members of the License Commission, the number having been reduced at the session of the Legislature a year ago. Chairman J. D. Flavelle draws a salary of $6500 a year, Vice-Chairman W. S. Dingman $6000, while Commissioner George T. Smith is paid $4000 a year for his services. J. A. Ayearst, who acts part of the time as commissioner and part as provincial inspector, draws $4000 a year. All of these officials are allowed liberal travelling expenses and other perquisites besides their salaries.

There seems no more reason why there should be three license commissioners in Ontario any more than that there should be three Ministers of Education, three Ministers of Agriculture, or three Attorney-Generals. Each of the departments of the Government have, of course, their clerical staffs, but the same is true of the license commissioners.

The electors have a right to insist that the same economy be exercised in the transaction of the public business as is shown in the conduct of private affairs. The administration of the Temperance Act should be in the hands of an elected representative of the people. The Government cannot hope to shift the responsibility for enforcement by placing the management in the hands of an independent commission. The educational affairs of the Province are as important as any reform legislation ever enacted, and a separate educational department has long since been abandoned.

Amendments to the prohibitory law are promised at the present session, and there is certainly room for them. One of the most popular would be a reduction in the cost of operation by placing the management of the measure in the hands of one responsible commissioner. All suspicion of patronage should be removed from the administration.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

LET EVERY MAN resolve himself into an employment agency in the interests of the returned soldiers.

• • • • •

HARTLEY DEWART'S ambition—to lead the Liberal party and restore the "dew" to the temperance question.

• • • • •

JUDGING FROM daily press reports the war has failed to establish safer relations between the man on foot and the individual in the auto.

• • • • •

GERMANY HINTS that it won't accept the proposed peace terms, but Germany should by this time realize something of the power of compulsion.

• • • • •

FROM CHINA comes the news that eggs are six cents a dozen in that country. Leader McKenzie will have to hang out some such bait as this to tempt the wanderers to return home.

• • • • •

"WHY SHOULD the spirit of mortal be proud?" asks the writer of a famous hymn. Why, indeed, while there are so many members of Parliament ready to take the glory out of every human achievement?

• • • • •

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS can now readily understand why printers have been so scarce for the past few years. So many of them have been kept in the Government Bureau at Ottawa for purely "sentimental reasons."

• • • • •

THE MAN WHO USES liquor or tobacco and who reads steadily a certain Toronto morning paper and nevertheless lives to a ripe old age is still held up to us almost as an example of the marvels to be found in the works of Nature.

GOVERNMENT EMERGENCY BRAKES

(New York Commercial.)

America's great industrial machine, speeded up to maximum capacity through the exigencies and hurry call of a great world war, now stands almost completely stalled. Mechanically termed, it is a case of "hot-box," aggravated somewhat by the too sudden application of the Governmental emergency brake. President Wilson has wisely stated that the most pressing question at this time is the economic problem, and industrial mechanics from all over the nation have been called into consultation for the purpose of again starting the wheels of this great industrial machine moving. Undoubtedly the first step should be the release of the brakes. If the Government would loosen or release the firm grip it now holds on this great industrial machine the wheels would doubtless begin to turn largely of their own power and momentum, and through the initiative, energy and force of American business men would soon redevelop the former smoothness, speed and power.

Indissolubly interwoven into the general business fabric as they are, the railway, telegraph and telephone lines must be unthrottled and permitted to function normally if this great, ponderous business machine of America is to speed ahead unhampered and unafraid.

Indiscriminate lassoing of American industries by the Federal Trade Commission and exhibition of the prizes in the public ring for the gratification of a certain gallery element and the personal aggrandizement of office seeking politicians must likewise be halted if disaster to innocent industries is to be avoided. Labor is here no less interested than capital. Not even the most radical will deny that whatever adversely affects industry must inevitably react unfavorably on labor.

Artificial, idealistic, theoretical and visionary means, which have been substituted with the usual disastrous results for the time and tried natural and practical forces of law and nature, must be immediately and forever abandoned if further disorganization is to be avoided.

War revenue tax measures, framed during a great war and in anticipation of its being long prolonged, must be revised to meet the new conditions. Certain provisions of these measures are diametrically opposed to the new situation and new needs, such as taxes on luxuries and semi-luxuries, originally purposed not as a revenue raising measure but to discourage production and consumption of certain commodities. And most important of all, Congress should rack its brain not for new and novel means of raising more revenue, but to curtail expenditures and get out of the habit of thoughtlessly and indiscriminately making reckless and needless appropriations.

Business today stands in a hesitant and uncertain position, hampered by Governmental restrictions, official attacks and restraints, artificial impositions of theory and a Congress completely out of tune with the business situation.

There is nothing radically wrong with America's great business machine. It is only necessary for the dreamers in power to come back to earth from their heavenly flights. Let only the Government take its hands off, turn the machine over to its old and tried engineers, leave them unhampered in the work of reconstruction and the great machine will soon throb with life and leap forward to new fields and accomplishments.

THE THREE R'S AS AN ASSET

(New York Tribune.)

Complacent Americans who have been wont to look upon their country as the best educated and most enlightened nation of the world have been sadly shaken by some of the revelations that have been made as a result of the war. One bit of information that has caused Americans to open their eyes was the announcement that 24.9 per cent. of our draft army was illiterate. Such revelations have given great impetus of such causes as the Americanization movement and should be a great aid to the most recently launched of remedial enterprises, the stay-in-school campaing of the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor and the Council of National Defence.

The purpose of this drive is to persuade to return to school many of those children who dropped out to engage in war work and to convince others to remain at their books as long as possible. The Children's Bureau declares that, as by experts, it is in a position to announce that the children of America are not getting the education that they should have and that is in reach of them. In the Central Northwestern states three of every four children between the ages of six and eighteen go to school, but that is the very best record attained in any part of the United States. It scales down from that till in the South Atlantic states only one child in three goes to school. Only one-fifth of the boys and girls of the country are still in school at the age of eighteen.

The dollars and cents argument is being stressed with both parents and children in the stay-in-school campaign. The United States Bureau of Education has prepared figures extending over a period of years and using two groups of children for purposes of illustration. The children of the first group quit school at the age of fourteen and went to work at $4 a week. These children were gradually increased in wages until at the age of twenty-five they received $12.75 a week each, these being pre-war figures.

The children of the other group remained in school until they were eighteen, when they went to work at $10 a week. At twenty-five they were receiving $31 a week each. This meant that from the time he went to work till he was twenty-five he had been paid $7,387.50 in wages. The child of the other group, although he had gone to work four years earlier, had received at twenty-five only $5,112.50 in wages.

The climax of the argument of the stay-in-school campaign is that the child who leaves school at fourteen must as a rule go through life on a day labor wage basis, while the child with a more complete education will continue to increase its wage earning power throughout its life.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and Puds Simkins and my cuzin Artie was standing erround the lam post, and Pudses sissy cuzzin Persey started to come up eating a apple with other ones making a bump in both of his coat pockits, him eating so meny apples you mite think thats al he ate, and us fellows had a ideer, and wen Persey came up I sed, Youre jest in time, Persey, do you wunt to get in it?

In wat? sed Persey, and Artie sed, In the Peece Conference, we're playing Peece Conference.

All rite, Ill be Frants, sed Persey, and Artie sed, You cant, Im Frants, and Persey sed, All rite then, Ill be the United States, and I sed, Well how can you, Im the United States, and Persey sed, O well, Ill be Ingland then.

You ony think you will, Im Ingland, sed Puds, and I sed, Persey will have to be Germinny, Germinny has to be in it.

Like fun, I wont play, sed Persey.

Gentlimen, the Peace Conference is now open, I sed, the question is, how mutch indemmerty shall we make Germinny pay?

Didnt I tell you I wasent playing? sed Persey.

Gentlimen, sed Ingland, I move we make Germiny pay a indemmerty of one apple and a core.

You fellows must be deff, sed Persey.

Gentlimen, sed the United States, I move we make Germiany pay a indemmerty of two apples and a core.

Hay, stop him stop him, yelled Frants. Mooning Germinny running down the street with all his mite like lightning. And me and Frants and Ingland chased him about a block and then thawt, Wats the use? and went back to the lam post.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she's glad to see that the classics are going to be restored to the school curriculum and personally she doesn't consider anyone educated that hasn't read Dickens and Thackeray.

Love laughs less at locksmiths than it does at papa when he pays the locksmith's bill.

No man should complain of being weighed on his own scales or being measured by his own yardstick.

EDITOR'S MAIL

PROPERTY QUALIFICATION

Editor Review: Alderman Hamilton(from The Review report on this matter) says he cannot see why local labor aldermen favored such a proposition as the abolition of the property qualification for the aldermanic office. This, Sir, is one of the planks in the labor platform, and that is why the labor members stood true to their cause, and, it is inserted in the labor platform, because democracy is our watchword. Government for the people, by the people. If the electors are restricted to a certain class, from which to select their candidates, then it is autocracy on the part of that particular class. If the candidate, by reason of not having property, is not suitable for that particular office the electors will certainly say so, at the polls on election day. That is democracy.

Mr. Mayor, there are other interests besides money interests that confer a city's welfare. Also I wish to states that the non-property owner does pay the property tax. They may not hand it to the tax collector, but they pay it all the same, and therefore have an interest at stake. I personally do say they should not pay it, perhaps, that the present form of municipal taxation may be unjust in many ways, to the non-property owner, by not having direct non-property owners representation on the Council.

Therefore, I suggest that the taxes for the city be paid by a municipal income tax, to be collected from all, whose income exceeds seven hundred dollars a year. I see no objection to this if the worker does not pay the taxes, and has no interest in the city's affairs.

Why were four labor aldermen elected? Because the worker has an interest in our city's affairs, and we do not want a cheap Hunter street bridge at the expense of the workers' wages, thanks to the fair wage clause.

THOMAS TOOMS.

Editor Review: Russia went dry in 1916 and completely crazy in 1917. Religious agitators made Ontario dry in 1916. Not contept with that triumph, the same forces are now demanding that the use of tobacco be made a crime, that smoking be placed on the same plane as the liquor traffic. From anarchy to national insanity is but a short step.

JUSTICE.

SESSIONAL INDEMNITIES.

Editor Review: Members of Parliament plead the high cost of living as a reason why their yearly allowances should be increased. They say that the hotelkeepers and boarding-house proprietors in Ottawa have formed a combination in restraint of cheap existence, and that it takes about all a member draws to pay his actual expenses while on duty at the Capital.

Why not form a combination to fight this trust? Members of Parliament should adopt the community system of living, go into the boarding house business on their own account, hire their own help, buy supplies at wholesale, and all live together. This plan would tend to foster a democratic and fraternal spirit among our lawmakers, besides saving them from the voracity of which they now complain. It would simply be a development of the bunk-house system that has been devised for the benefit of large forces of workingmen engaged in construction work.

ECONOMY.

A well known phrenologist claims he can tell what a barrel contains by examining its head.

"I ADVISE EVERY SICK WOMAN

To Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

"I advise every suffering woman to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for it has done me so much good. I had female weakness, inflammation, pains in my sides and painful periods. I suffered for six years and tried many remedies without benefit. The doctor said I must have an operation. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers, and since taking it I am cured and have a nice baby four months old. I feel like a new woman, and have recommended your medicine to my friends. I would be glad to have everybody know what your medicine did for me, and if any write to me I will answer all letters."—Mrs. MARY CALIGURE, 317 South Main St., Herkimer, N.Y.

Every woman at some period or other in her life may suffer from just such disturbances as Mrs. Caligure, and if there is no interested friend to advise, let this be a reminder that this famous root and herb remedy has been overcoming these ailments of women for more than 40 years.

If any complications exist, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years' experience is at your service.

IN MEMORIAM.

(By Mrs. A. F. Calder.)

Our beauteous little blossom bright
Was early nipped by Death's rude blight,
And lifeless lies,
Too fragile 'twas, and sweet and fair,
To bloom for long in the chill air
'Neath earthly skies.

[redacted]

So angels from the starry height,
Beneath soft, sheltering pinions white,
In tenderest love
Bore it to a serener clime
Beyond the bleak, frost winds of time,
In realms above.

Transplanted in that sunny land
And tended by a Father's hand,
No dire decay
Nor breath of sorrow shall it know,
But fairer, lovelier, will it grow,
Fadeless, for aye.

What though our hearts so sorely miss
Thy clinging baby hands, and kiss
Our precious one;
Submissive, still our hearts would say,
The dear Lord gave and took away:
His will be done.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

To the father of twins life seems but a span.

It is better to be level headed than flat footed.

Swallowing his pride does not satisfy a hungry man.

It is usually the forward boy who is backward at school.

One way to become rich and is to eat plenty of square meals.

Ability is the art of doing only what we are capable of doing.

But for adversity some men would never know how little they can borrow.

Any one man may be a hero to a girl if he has the price of a box at the opera.

EMPIRE THEATRE MONDAY and TUESDAY

THE SUPER-FEATURE. "The Unbeliever,"

featuring RAYMOND McKEE and MARGUERITE COURTOT

A picture which is creating a tremendous sensation throughout the country, based upon the book, THE THREE THINGS, by Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews.

LEAH BAIRD in the Stupendous German Spy Serial "Wolves of Kultur," Chap. 11 "Betwixt Heaven and Earth" 2 parts

"HOW SHE HATED MEN." Rainbow Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND,

BESSIE BARRISCALE in

"The Heart of Rachael"

From the well known novel by Kathleen Norris

Also MARIE WALCAMP in a thrilling chapter of the LION'S CLAWS, and BILLY RHODES comedy THE FLY COP.

Afternoon—10c War Tax 1c extra Evening—15c

12 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

SPECIAL FOX PROGRAM—FOR TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW

WILLIAM FOX Presents GEORGE WALSH in a MILE-A-MINUTE COMEDY DRAMA

"I'LL SAY SO," 5 PARTS

WILLIAM FOX Also presents GLADYS BROCKWELL in a Timely American Drama "FOR LIBERTY," 5 PARTS

FOX SUNSHINE COMEDY—2 Parts A Continuous Laugh from start to finish

Also MUTT and JEFF Comedy--1 Reel

Mondays Program has been personally selected by Mr. Pappas when in Toronto last week—It comes direct from the Regent Theatre DON'T MISS IT

ADMISSION Afternoon and Evening 16c TO ALL

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

Dr. Osler, bless his good, honest soul, mentions in his "bible" that certain slumbering or quiescent maladies, as tuberculosis or syphilis, may be lighted into activity by vaccination. In other words, the development of a comparatively trifling infectious disease (cowpox or vaccinia in this instance) in one who already has some other infectious disease. The same thing is sometimes observed in a young victim of tuberculosis who happens to contract measles or acute tonsillitis.

Low grade chronic infections of the nose or throat are well known to postpone or prevent the recovery of persons with tuberculosis, syphilis or other chronic infectious disease. Even chronic furunculosis (recurring crops of large pimples or boils) often proves obstinate until an infection of the tonsil or an infected tooth is eradicated.

Ah, the same old focal infection theory! Still determined that every invalid shall lose his teeth and tonsils!

No. No. This is something new. We doctors have to keep about one jump ahead of our more experienced patients. This here idea is the bi focal theory, if you please. And it is just grand.

Given one or two infected tonsils and a state of uncertainty whether to remove them or not, and also one or more infected teeth, and a similar state of doubt as to surgical relief. What is to be done?

Perhaps eradicating the infection from the mouth will bring about a marked improvement or complete recovery from the trouble in the tonsils. At any rate the diseased mouth requires proper dental treatment — the teeth are not necessarily doomed, for the dentist may be able to overcome the infection about the roots by conservative treatment. But remember this: A good dentist often cures diseased tonsils without realizing that he is doing it. Also a good doctor removing a bad tonsil or two, often enables the dentist to accomplish the happiest results, for the beauty of this bi-focal idea is that it works more than one way.

When a presumably guilty focus of infection anywhere in the body is attacked surgically, and soon afterward the dependent condition, whether joint trouble or gall-sac disease or what-not, grows temporarily worse, with evidences of increased inflammation, that is a most favorable sign which should cheer the victim considerably, for it indicates that the real cause has been found and that very definite improvement, at least, is likely to follow the temporary setback.

Treatment of Cancer.

"In an article on cancer you spoke of surgical treatment. Is radium treatment considered surgical treatment? Does not radium when properly applied blot out the disease more thoroughly and with less danger than the knife?

T. F. B."

No, radium is not surgical treatment. Radium may be helpful in preventing recurrence, after a radical operation has been done for cancer. It has its place in the alleviation of inoperable cancer—cancer which has progressed too far for operation to offer a reasonable hope of saving life. But it would be a tragical error to resort to either radium of X-ray treatment in a case of cancer which is still operable.

Blood Pressure.

"What are the symptoms of excessive blood pressure What causes it?

"MISS C. E. G."

Excessive blood pressure is itself merely a symptom of various conditions. Send a self-addressed 3 cent stamped envelope for monograph—but do not send stamps in any quantity in lieu of the aforesaid essential.

Experiments with the use of electricity to stimulate the growth of oats in Wales increased the yield of grain 35 per cent. and that of straw 17 per cent.

DRESS SUGGESTIONS

A red organdie underslip may be worn under a pale pink dress of the same material.

A blouse of cream-dotsed net is charming when trimmed with platinum gray ribbon.

A dress of brown silk jersey may be collared but not cuffed with pale rose organdie.

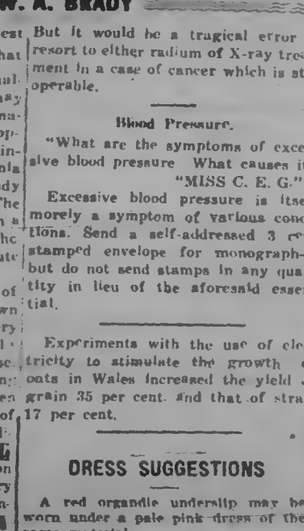
White silk braid and black jet beads make charming trimming for a simple crepe de chine.

Evening cloaks and elaborate evening gowns are made with the new dropped shoulder line.

In the evening one may wear a hat of white clipped beaver, banded with white grosgrain ribbon.

An afternoon dress of gray and rose brown marquisette, trimmed in red-brown satin and crisp white organdie, is tightly draped and pulled around the ankles to fulfill the effect of tapering.

CHIC SMOCK OF WHITE LINEN



This smock of white linen which is embroidered in attractive shades of blue, brown, yellow and red, is of the latest design and is a good-looking and comfortable early morning gown.

Presidential Succession.

The law of the presidential succession, passed in 1900, expressly states that in case of the death of both president and vice president the succession shall go to the members of the cabinet, beginning with the secretary of state, but only "such as are eligible to the office of president under the Constitution." If the secretary of state was foreign born, therefore the succession would pass over him and go to the secretary of the treasury.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Spies Were Hunted Down

By Sir Reginald Hall, Who Let Very Few Escape

"THE Hun could keep no secret from him," says the London Daily Mail. "The efficiency with which he organized and directed his staff has been one of the Silent Navy's triumphs. His emissaries were everywhere; the Germans at last became fearful even of themselves. Whatever they schemed was known in very short time to the little keen-eyed admiral in Whitehall, and duly countered."

Rarely does "the Voice of Northcliffe" unload itself of such eulogism, and then the object of its attentions must be something in the way of a genius. Though certainly claim may be laid to that much misused synonym with regard to Rear-Admiral Sir Reginald Hall, British navy.

As Director of Intelligence Division since June, 1914, he passed from a command in the British Grand Fleet to the Admiralty. A typical sailorman, the admiral is not unlike the popular figure of Punch; short, thickset, with remarkably sharp eyes, rosy cheeks and a directness of manner that is at times apt to be disconcerting. But never was there a British official more obliging, more frank and courteous in his manner; who went so far out of his way to oblige a bothersome newspaper man with some "unessential" detail. And now he has retired.

How the news would have heartened the German navy a year ago, for the D. I. D.—Director of the Intelligence Department — has been their bete-noir of the war. Did they send out their spies he appeared to gather them into his plainly furnished room in Admiralty Buildings. To mention but a few who had the "pleasure" of a personal interview with the admiral, there were von Rintelen, the spy paymaster, spending millions in America, who was captured at a British port trying to return to Germany in a neutral ship; Von der Goltz, the associate of von Papen and Boy-Ed, and Kuppferle, who committed suicide in Brixton jail. They left Admiral Hall as a witness leaves the box after being turned inside out.

Nothing can show his character better than the story of how he saved the Queen Mary in the Bight in the early days of the war. He had taken her into the thick of the fight, when his keen eye spied the wake of a torpedo coming broadside on. He seized the wheel and with a nicety of judgment swung the vessel around so that the torpedo ran side by side with the Queen Mary until spent.

That quickness of thought and action is typical of Admiral Hall's naval career; particularly of his work at the head of the Intelligence Department. During the war the German spies in England were both numerous and exceedingly crafty.

One day there arrived in London from Switzerland a man who produced American papers purporting him to be a representative of a large New York forage firm. He had bags filled with stationery and order books all properly printed with the name and address of the New York firm. But his papers were afterward found to have been forged and he was a German spy.

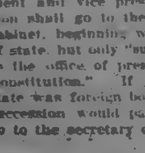
He escaped detection for some time, but owing to the number of orders which the man kept sending to America and the similarity of them, he was suspected and the D.I.D. began to get busy.

One evening he was dining with a woman in a Strand hotel, when the police walked in and quietly tapped him on the shoulder. He was subsequently shot in the Tower.

Another of Hall's "friends" was a man who came to London from Sweden. He said he wanted to buy port in large quantities. Owing to the delay and shortage, he said, he had been sent over to buy direct.

It was not long before he was suspected of being what he was—a German spy. ... pany of ... watch was ... was arre...

Early ... of the y... In a ... Piccadilly ...



smartly dressed women and two naval officers dining. In an unguarded moment — at least one of those apparently unguarded moments of the little admiral's conception—one of the officers happened to mention that on a certain day an extra lot of officers would be leaving a British port for France.

But the British secret service were already on their way. As they left the restaurant the arrest of these women was effected and the secret got no further than Piccadilly.

Another German agent has in his employ a remarkably pretty women who mixed in the best society in London.

She was introduced to all kinds of people—military and naval officers and even members of the Government.

For a time this fascinating woman succeeded in worming secrets out of her admirers. One day an officer whom she had met on several occasions accidentally saw the woman having lunch with an obvious German in a quiet little restaurant off the beaten track. The pair were deep in conversation and did not notice the officer's entrance.

He at once withdrew and met the woman by appointment (the same evening at a house in Mayfair. When she began to ply him with certain questions he gave replies purposely intended to mislead and trap her if she was as he now strongly believed, a German spy. She fell into the trap so neatly arranged for her, with the result that both her employer and herself were caught. The man will not trouble this country again, while the woman received a term of imprisonment.

One man who was employed in the British Secret Service was discovered after a lot of trouble to be also acting as a German agent, said the D.I.D. "We caught him first and saved the Germans from shooting him."

Yet another instance was that of an employe at a certain airdrome near London who was caught loosening the bolts in a new machine. The Intelligence Department got busy. When arrested he confessed he was in the employ of a German agent.

Perhaps the best of all incidents related of the little admiral and enemy spies is that of a German naval officer who was trying to get back to Germany through London and Holland.

It was at the Admiralty where the admiral interviewed the man, and the sudden ferocious manner in which he shouted in German to the spy, "How dare you stand like that when you are speaking to a superior officer!" startled the man into clicking his heels together. He did not raise his hand to the salute, but he had done enough to make his arrest advisable.

Growing Mistletoe.

Why not? Mistletoe commands good prices at Christmastide, and to cultivate it artificially is a by no means difficult job.

Choose a young bough with fresh, smooth bark, and rub fully-ripe mistletoe berries on the under side gently until most of the substance of each berry is rubbed away, leaving only sufficient to enable the seed to adhere to the bark.

The latter end of February or early March is the best time for this operation, and once performed the graft may be left to look after itself, no further care or attention being needful. In about 12 months the radicle will have taken a firm hold, and the green leaves will begin to show themselves.

As regards the choice of the tree, this matters little within certain limits. There are in England about 34 species of trees capable of producing mistletoe, including such common ones as the apple, pear, ash, lime, willow, almond, fir and oak. But care should be taken not to select for the experiment a too valuable tree. For the mistletoe is a parasite, and lives by sucking up the juices of the tree to which it is attached. The mistletoe plant, if left to its own devices, will not infrequently kill the tree which nourishes it, thereby itself committing suicide.—Tit-Bits.

Wealth of Africa.

The wealth of the resources of Africa is thought equal to any two of the other continents of the world. For instance, she has "800,000 square miles of coal fields, 95,000,000 acres of fertile farm lands, iron ore equal to five times the output of North America, 90 per cent of the world's diamonds, $10,000,000 worth of rubber yearly, and uncounted millions in ivory, nuts and oil, copper and gold."

TRETTURE OF CAFE AU LAIT

Cafe au lait forms this smart tretture that should appeal to many women. The surplice waist has a large collar of beaver and the bell sleeves are edged with the same fur. Tassels of brown silk add an effective touch.

TO DETECT IMPURE MATERIAL

Silk, Linen, Leather, Among the Various Articles That Are Being Cleverly Counterfeited.

The "beware of imitations" line so common in advertisements is really a piece of good advice, observes a correspondent. An almost limitless amount of ingenuity is devoted to producing cheap substitutes for popular articles. In appearance they must rival the genuine, so it is well to know how their real quality must be tested. Nothing, for instance, is more satisfying to eye and touch than pure linen and most woman shoppers believe it has a distinctive "feel."

It has, but mixed with the linen of the next tablecloth you examine may be mercerized cotton, treated with magnesia so that it counterfeits this "feel." An easy test is to hold the fabric up to the light. Along the threads of good linen tiny knots will show. Cotton threads are smooth. An infallible method is to soak a corner of the napkin in glycerin. If it becomes translucent it is pure linen; if it remains opaque it is cotton.

Short skirts make stockings a distinctly conspicuous feature of woman's dress, so the demand was greatly increased for silk substitutes. Some are made of wood pulp, others of artificial silk. Cotton, of course, is mixed with good silk, and a poor quality product is given weight by treating it with oxide of tin. Small particles of the metal are scattered through the fabric, which cut tiny holes or cause the garment to crack along a folded edge.

The sure test for silk is to burn a bit of it. If pure scarcely a trace will remain, but a poor quality will leave one-third to one-half its weight in ashes. Beware of silk that has a hard feeling, or if it has a transparent look when held to the light. This means it is a mesh, filled in and weighted with metal.

Wool will disappear if boiled in a solution of caustic soda. If the fabric be mixed with cotton the latter will remain undissolved. This is a valuable test, for it is hard to tell what goes into some articles guaranteed as "all wool." Blankets offer a good field for the imitator, sheep furnishing but little of the fiber in some of those labeled "half wool." Specimens of such have been found to contain but 10 per cent wool. These are made of a mesh cotton, filled in by means of an air blast with scraps of waste wool. The result is a soft, fluffy covering, but little of it will remain after a first or second washing.

Shoe soles are made of ground leather scrap mixed with paper pulp and rubber. Cowhide is split into half a dozen layers and the source of many an expensive alligator handbag or pigskin leggings once wore horns—perhaps was the pride of some dairy.

WRIGLEY'S

Is Sealed!

LOOK for the sealed package, but have an eye out also for the name

WRIGLEY'S

That name is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land —

THE BRITISH GUARDS.

Wonderful Discipline of Famous Storm Troops.

St. John Ervine contributes a brightly written article in a recent number of the London Daily Chronicle on that historic body of British troops, the Brigade of Guards. Amongst other things, he says:

The Brigade of Guards is a permanent body of storm-troops. Most battalions during the last two years of the war became storm-troops of a sort, but the Guards were always storm-troops. They were not always in the line, but when they did go in! These specialized men were held in reserve for desperate situations, and whenever trouble was particularly acute the Guards, somehow or other, got to it.

I have called them specialized men, and some may quarrel with the adjective. It may be said that regiments like the Highland regiments or the Irish regiments are specialized, too, because they are used in situations where reckless courage is needed—and that is certainly true; but I do not think that any soldier will seriously dispute my statement that the Guards are specialized in a very special manner. Their specialty is discipline. I was going to write that their specialty is imperturbability, but discipline is a better word. The whole of a Guardsman's training—and it is a very hard, almost heart-breaking training—is devoted to making him act in the field as quietly and unhurriedly as he acts on the barrack square; that he shall move as steadily through the mud of the Salient—there are many salients, but only one Salient—Ypres—as he moves on the asphalt at Wellington Barracks.

I was told once that the candidates for the Italian Arditti are subjected to a very severe test. A heavy stone will suddenly be flung straight at a man, and if he flinches he is turned down. "No good for the Arditti!" Its may be a fine soldier otherwise, but if he is not able to stand up to some sudden assault without flinching—he is "no good for the Arditti!" The story may be a legend, but it indicates the training and tradition of that great Italian regiment. The drill-sergeants at Caterham do not hurl stones at their recruits, but they "put 'em through it." The result is that when they come through it they can stand almost anything.

And the Guards have had to stand much in this war. They have fought not only up to, but far beyond, their tradition. From the days of the Retreat from Mons, when the line was composed of little isolated groups of men, two or three here and two or three there, until those great days of victory, the Guards have been in the thick of the fighting, suffering nearly, but also causing heavy suffering.

It was always a pleasure to "take over" trenches from the Guards. One felt that their stores would be in order and that a certificate of cleanliness might be signed quite safely, without the bother of going round the trenches to see that they were clean. There was a story in France that the Guards used to sweep their trenches with brooms, and their boast was that no rubbish was allowed to lie in the trenches, not even a burnt match. They had their reward in a singularly low sickness rate.

No Need to Be Alarmed.

James brought his pet bulldog to the store. As the dog looked vicious, I moved away from him. James looked up quickly, then said: "Never mind him; he ain't ferocious."—Exchange.

Right Road to Happiness.

The unselfish are the happiest—those who work to make others happy and forget themselves. The dissatisfied are those who are seeking happiness for themselves.

American Travellers Want Private Ownership

The Traffic Club of New York, with a membership of eleven hundred, of which the majority consists of users of the transportation systems of the country, has adopted the following resolution:

That Government ownership, management or operation of railroads is not conducive to economic efficiency, and that private initiative, enterprise and responsibility in the creation, extension, improvement and operation of the American railroads should as a matter of national policy be fostered and preserved.

That the extension of the present system of Federal control for a period of five years, or any extension beyond the limitation now prescribed by law of one year and nine months after the proclamation of peace, is earnestly opposed as prejudicial to the public interest.

That the recognized impracticability of continuing the Government operation of the railroads for twenty-one months after peace under the present law is a conclusive reason why the properties should be relinquished, and, that in view of the termination of hostilities, it should be the policy of the Railroad Administration to restore the integrity of individual properties and prepare for their return to the respective owners.

That the principle of reasonable, responsible and adequate Governmental regulation of transportation facilities is recognized and accepted, but that such regulation should provide for the encouragement, protection and development of the railroads.

That the Congress should promptly enact such revised legislation as will provide a uniform system of regulation in essential matters, safeguard the public interest, ensure adequate revenue to provide for equitable treatment of all questions affecting wages and working conditions of employees, and attract sufficient capital to maintain and develop transportation facilities which shall meet the necessities of the commercial manufacturing and agricultural interests of the country.

That energetic efforts should be exerted to accomplish the early return of the transportation systems of the country to the control and management of their owners, and the enactment of suitable legislation for the protection of the shipping and traveling public, the carriers and their employees, and

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW

ARE "IDEAL DAYS" AT TURNBULL'S

"Better Bedding Exhibition"

These are the days in which "Better Bedding" products of the Ideal Manufacturing Co. will be prominently featured at the "Better Bedding Exhibition," which opened this afternoon at 2:30.

A representative from the factory, who is thoroughly posted in the strong points of the "Ideal" line, is here to explain the advantages of their various makes of Sanitary Bedding, and we feel sure that a visit to this unique event on the Fifth Floor either to-day or to-morrow will prove most interesting.

This is an Exhibition

Again we want *to emphasize the* fact that this is an Exhibition. You are under no obligation whatever to buy one cent's worth, and there will be no solicitation whatever on the part of the salesmen.

The manufacturers are co-operating with us to demonstrate just what modern Sanitary Bedding actually is, and what it means in more sleep comfort and better health.

"IDEAL" PRIZES

There will be two prizes given away on Tuesday night. The names of the winners will appear in Wednesday's paper.

The First Prize is a handsome Brass Bed, donated by the Ideal Manufacturing Co.

The Second Prize for "Ideal Days" is a splendid Sanitary Felt Mattress.

These Prizes will be given away to the persons estimating nearest to the number of people who will visit the Exhibition Monday and Tuesday, "Ideal Days."

As you enter the Department you will be given a card on which to record your estimate, if you wish to compete for the prize. This you will drop in a box, which will not be opened until the store closes Tuesday night.

Prizes are Absolutely FREE, and you are not required to make any purchases in order to obtain a vote.

If you do not wish to compete for the prizes, it is not necessary to record a vote if you visit the Exhibition.

Two Prominent "Ideal Lines

Here are two of the "Ideal Manufacturing Co.'s" prominent lines which will be strongly featured at the Exhibition.

To see this Spring will tell you more than columns of reading matter the great advantage of this great Duplex Spring.

The strong point about it is the fact that it is absolutely impossible for it to sag in the middle. If you have had a sagging bed spring, you will appreciate this. Come and see it at the "Better Bedding Exhibition."

The Dixie No Tuff Mattress

This is another Ideal "Big Line." Here are some of its good points.

This Mattress will not spread. It has no tufts to weaken and give way. You are sure of a "Handsome Bed Insurance" when you use the DIXIE NO-TUFT COMPARTMENT MATTRESS.

Tufting takes up 25% of the elasticity of ordinary mattresses. The Dixie No-Tuft retians 100% resiliency because it has no tufts. ALWAYS comfortable.

Come in and investigate the Dixie No-Tuft Compartment Mattress. It offers the very features you have been looking for, and at the very price you want to pay.

The Famous "Ideal Duplex Springs"

See the DIXIE MATTRESS at the BETTER BEDDING EXHIBITION.

TUESDAY'S MUSICAL PROGRAM

The following is the program for Tuesday afternoon, which will be rendered by the Peterborough Federation of Musicians, under the leadership of Prof. Gliddon:

—PROGRAM—

March	"Duncan Cadets" ..... Sousa
Overture	"Lustpiel" ..... Kerebelier
Mo[illegible]	"Dreaming" ..... Kaplan
Concert Waltz	..... Friml
Selection	"Carman" ..... Bizet
Fox Trot	..... Selected
Selection	"The Shamrock" ..... Middleton
Overture	"Raymond" ..... Thomas

"GOD SAVE THE KING."

CALLS WILSON A DICTATOR

Idaho Legislature Accuses Him of Defiance Toward U.S.

Boise, Idaho, Mrch 10.—By a vote of 42 to 16 the Lower House of the Idaho Legislature adopted a memorial to Congress assailing President Wilson for his "defiant and dictorial attitude in which he has attempted to force his personal views and opinions on the people of the United States," and calling upon the United States Senate to reject any treaty of peace which includes the present [illegible] for a League of Nations.

CUBANS WILL ARBITRATE

Washington, March 10.—The Cuban [illegible] have asked President [illegible] to arbitrate, which he has [illegible] to on condition that the [illegible] return to their work. [illegible] the city is quiet and [illegible] fully maintained.

MUNITIONEERS GOT MOST

Over $2,900,000 Paid for Injuries in 1917, by Compensation Board.

Of $2,913,085 awarded by the Workmen's Compensation Board in 1917, $600,000 was in compensation for injuries received by munition workers, according to an estimate made by Hon. W. D. McPherson, in a return which he has made to the Ontario House. He estimates that the board dealt with 7,600 such cases in the year. The percentage of assessment under the Compensation Act has been higher on munition makers than on any other manufacturers on account of the increased risk attending such work, and a diminution of industrial risks is looked for in the future as a result of the experiences learned during the war.

Many men who got credit for keeping their tempers have none.

FARMERS OFFER $40 A MONTH

THIS INCLUDES BOARD — MANY MEN PLACED ON FARMS BY LABOR BUREAU.

Saturday was one of the busiest days in the history of the officials of the Peterborough branch of the Provincial Labor Bureau on Charlotte street. Farmers looking for men for the spring are filing applications in great numbers, and many of them were at the office on Saturday and succeeded in getting a man to suit them.

Work is being done for employers of labor out of the district which the branch here was formed to serve, and applications have been received from towns and villages and from farmers in other counties.

On Saturday a farmer from Mariposa filed an application for a man and also asked that help be obtained for two of his neighbors. Mr. Hugh Robertson, superintendent of the local bureau, states that the wages offered in these cases are as a rule $40 per month with board and other expenses thrown in. Under these circumstances he claims that a man who knows anything whatever about farm work has no excuse for walking about the city with his hands in his pockets.

Mr. Robertson says that one of the most satisfactory adjustments made by the bureau was in the case of a married man who was placed in a good house three miles from Omemee which had been untenanted for some time. It has in connection with it a barn, chicken coops, three-quarters of an acre of ground for garden purposes and a fine orchard. The place is owned by a butcher in Omemee and is let to the man at a nominal amount on condition that he looks after the cattle which are kept there. In addition to other concessions he is allowed a milk cow for his use, and can obtain employment in a mill in the immediate vicinity for several months in the year, and will not have trouble in obtaining work during the remainder of the time.

There are applications from Belleville for molders and one for a garage mechanic. A returned man with a third-class teaching certificate is wanted to relieve in a school quite close to Peterborough for a couple of months. The secretary-treasurer of the Cataraqui golf links at Kingston is after a returned man to keep the green in condition, and there are many other applications for men which are most encouraging.

Mr. Robertson is of the opinion that no trouble will be experienced in placing men who are willing to go onto farms or those who have regular trades

UNION PARTY MAY BE PERMANENCY

TALK AT OTTAWA OF CALLING A GENERAL CONVENTION SOON.

Ottawa, March 10.—An early announcement that it had been decided to form a Union Party

The formation of committees to commence organization.

The calling of a national convention of Conservative and Liberal Unionists in the autumn to draft a platform.

These three things are being advocated by those who desire to see a permanent party cemented.

It is understood that H. H. Stevens at the Government caucus advocated this plan and was well received. The first two proposals seem certain as soon as Sir Robert Borden returns from overseas, if not before. As for the convention, this would have to be settled later, and if organization was completed and a platform drafted it might not be necessary. H. M. Mowat, Parkdale; General Maclean, Sudbury; Queen's, and F. B. Stoacy, Westminster, spoke along the same lines.

Desired by Majority

One thing is certain, the Union sentiment is solidifying daily. There are certain ultra-Conservatives who are not enthusiastic and there are a few western Unionist grain growers who have doubts on the tariff, but the majority of the Government supporters ,east and west, show an almost intense desire to have union perpetuated.

The Government has so far given no indication of its tariff proposals and will not likely for some time. There will be a caucus in two weeks, when the tariff will be under consideration. The Government will simply listen to the views of the members and secure the opinions of the East and the West.

HON. "BOB" NOT INTERESTED

Not Connected With Purchase of News.

Winnipeg, March 10.—Hon. Robert Rogers denied the rumor from Toronto that he was interested in the purchase of the Toronto News by a syndicate.

"There is absolutely no truth in the report," said Hon. Rogers.

BURGLARS AT LINDSAY.

Lindsay, March 10.—Robson's grocery and confectionery stores and Wanamaker's grocery store were entered by burglars, who got small sums of money and took tobacco and candy.

M. W. G. PURSER DEAD.

Port Hope, March 10.—Mr. M. W. G. Purser, editor of the Port Hope Times, passed away at the residence of his mother, Mrs. John Purser, at Cobourg. He was a graduate of Victoria University.

Pessimistic About Egg Prices.

Arkansas paper.—"Society note in 1925: Mrs. Astorbilt wore at the opera last evening a diamond as large as an ordinary hen's egg, but not, of course, so valuable."

TAKE PLEBISCITE ON PROHIBITION

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT THAT QUESTION WILL BE SUBMITTED TO PEOPLE.

Toronto, March 10. — The announcement was made by Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer at a meeting of the Ward Three Conservative Association in St. George's Hall, that a referendum would be taken on prohibition early in the fall of this year. The exact date could not be determined until all the soldiers were home, he stated, but it would probably be in September or sooner.

"A wide open referendum on the prohibition question will be taken in Ontario," he said, "possibly in September next or possibly sooner, for the people want to determine what measure they want. I believe the people will be able to vote on the question in a very open fashion, and when the boys come home they will be able to decide the question for themselves. The reference will be wide open, as this is desired by both the temperance people and the liquor interests.

He said the Government had decided on the measure long before the Committee of One Hundred waited upon it, and he had publicly announced at the time that there would be a referendum on the subject, but the liquor interests had objected on the ground that it would be very unfair to take a vote when so many of the soldiers were overseas.

"Whatever the verdict of the people may be, it will be upheld by the Government," he said. "The people will be given every opportunity of expressing in the fullest possible manner their desires on this important question. Mr G. H Warburton and the Committee of One Hundred were not a factor so far as the Government was concerned in the passing of the Ontario Temperance Act, and they will not be a factor in determining the issue of permanent prohibition. We are not going to have Prussianism in Ontario, but the people are going to rule."

Two Questions

Implementing Provincial Treasurer McGarry's announcement last evening that the assured referendum on the repeal or continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act, would be taken about September next, when all of Ontario's soldiers, it is expected, will have returned from overseas, it was intimated at Queen's Park today that the form in which the referendum will be offered will afford clear opportunity for recording the desire of the majority of the electorate on this question.

It is proposed that the first question shall be as to whether the electors favor the repeal of the Act with its present machinery. A second question may be asked as to whether the elector favors the allowance of the sale and use of beer and light wines under certain restrictions. As an affirmative answer to the first question, if the second were not approved by a majority, would automatically bring into existence again the open bar and license system it is believed that only these two inquiries will be necessary.

RUBBERS Will Help Your OLD SHOES to Last Through the Bad Weather

A new pair of rubbers will make the old shoes waterproof—will give you new, springy rubber heels—and prevent you from slipping on the slushy or icy sidewalks.

Rubbers are an absolute necessity during the next two months, to keep feet dry and prevent you from taking cold.

There's a double reason for you to look for these Trademarks when buying Rubbers —

"Jacques Cartier" "Merchants" "Maple Leaf" "Granby" "Dominion" "Daisy"

are the Dominion Rubber System brands that enable you to get just the style and shape of rubbers to perfectly fit each pair of shoes you wear.

The Trademarks guarantee the quality. Look for them whenever you buy. 23

SUGGESTIONS TO LEGISLATORS

Resolutions adopted at the annual convention in February of the Rural Municipal Association of Ontario have just been presented to the Government by a deputation of officers of that organization headed by President C. H. Claus. The resolutions offered for Cabinet consideration and possible legislative action relate exclusively to municipal affairs under Provincial jurisdiction, and suggest among other things:

The holding of biennial instead of annual elections in rural municipalities after 1920.

Provision for the licensing of peddlers in unorganized districts.

Provision for the restoration for municipal taxation purposes of farming lands exempted as educational interests inclusive of Upper Canada College, which lands have not been in use as designated.

Provision for licensing tobacconists, liveries, garages, etc.

Question of Taxation

Requests that the Government adopt no precipitate action on the report and recommendations of the Natural Gas Advisory Board and proposed legislation changes, so that in final adjustments the contract rights of consumer may be fully protected.

Registered opposition to direct taxation either Federal or Provincial.

Legislation for the removal of conditions under which municipalities in which are children's homes, sanataria, etc., are saddled with hospital expenses of inmates who may be taken ill, regardless of the fact that these come from other sections of the country.

Provision of increased remuneration for township road superintendents.

Extension of authority to municipalities to pass by-laws prohibiting or regulating coasting or tobogganing or to prohibit spitting in public places.

Desirability of amendments to the municipal drainage act.

Desirability of non-action on certain requests of the Ontario Municipal Association providing for a Provincial contribution of 40 per cent of the cost of suburban road extensions within all countries, cities and towns alike, and to authorize suburban road commissions to spend such moneys only upon approval by city and country councils.

Strongly approving Federal grants for Provincial main roads.

SEEK TIES IN CANADA.

Greek Railways Are in the Market for Supplies.

Ottawa, March 10. — The Greek Government is in the market for 500,000 steel railway ties of 242 lbs. weight each, according to the official announcement made by the Canadian Trade Commission.

SWISS WOULD COME IN.

Geneva, March 10. — The Swiss Peace Society at a meeting here adopted a resolution in favor of the adhesion of Switzerland to the League of Nations.

TO EXTEND C. N. R.

Hamilton, March 10. — That the Canadian Northern, acquired by the Government, will be extended from Toronto to Hamilton and on to the Niagara frontier in the near future is indicated in a telegram received here by President Garden of the Board of Trade.

TIMES NOT SO HARD.

Unemployment Is Much Less Than Four Years Ago.

Ottawa, March 10. — The unemployment service of the Department of Labor reports that for the week ending February 22 employment returns were received from 1,561 firms in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. The most marked reductions in number of employes were in the vehicles division of the manufacturing industries, in building and construction.

Reports from trade unions for January 31, which have been received by the employment service, indicate that while there was a considerable volume of unemployment on that date—3.9 per cent.—the country is still far from the hard times of the winter of 1915, the percentage of union members reported unemployed on December 31, 1915, being 8.7.

May Close Ottawa Printing Bureau

Ottawa, March 10.—If the striking pressmen continue to tie up the government printing bureau, it is possible that the government will close down the institution. The government, apparently, has no intention of giving in to the demands of the pressmen. The cabinet ministers claim that in view of the drastic report just issued, which reveals scandalous inefficiency, and shows that the men are as well paid as in Montreal and Toronto, so-called for by the Act, it would be absurd for the government to capitulate to the men.

The report has only been in the hands of the cabinet for a few days and a sub-committee was appointed to deal with it two days ago. The government asked for delay until the sub-committee had time to take action, but the men issued an ultimatum and refused to delay.

On Friday night electrical mimeographs were installed in the House of Commons debates office and the historic Hansard is being thus printed. Sufficient copies are being run off for the members and officials. This system will be followed until the strike is over or until some other arrangements can be made.

RELAXES FOOD CONTROL.

British Prices of Tea and Margarine To Fall.

London, March 10.—Food Controller Roberts, speaking at Newcastle, discussed the question of removing certain commodities from the controlled list. He said:

"We are de-controlling margarine and are about to de-control tea, because, owing to the foresight of the ministry, the supplies of those articles are now so abundant that, on de-control taking place, we are as certain as we can be that prices will tend to fall."

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease

SHILOH

30 DROPS—NOT COUNTS—HALF TSP. FOR CHILDREN

All the skill and care used in making the original high quality PURITY FLOUR is maintained in milling

"More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry"

Canada Food Board License Nos., Cereal 2-089 Flour 13, 14, 17, 36

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Ltd. HEAD OFFICE Toronto, Ont.

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

REMEMBER THE NAME

Purity Oats are given the same exacting care

MAJOR GORDON SAYS WAR ENDED JUST THREE MONTHS TOO SOON

Toronto Officer Believes That Allies Should Have Penetrated German Territory—Nothing in the Charges Made by Sir Sam Hughes.

Toronto, March 10. —"I do not believe the war is over by any means, in fact, it would not surprise me to see trouble break out again within sixty days, but in any case hostilities stopped three months too soon as we should have invaded German territory for at least 100 miles, devastated the country and given them a taste of their own medicine. . . let them appreciate what 'Ypres' means to the allies," declared Major C[illegible] this week, today in an interview. The Major is a member of the original Fifth Battalion and famous as the recruiter and commander of the 124 lumbermen from the Northern Ontario mining and lumber camps who were organized into a forestry unit in 1917 when he was sent back to Canada for that special purpose.

War Ended Too Soon

When asked for his opinion on the charges made by Sir Sam Hughes former Minister of Militia and Defence, against the Canadian High Command at the Front, especially in the tactics pursued, in attacking Mons on the day the armistice was signed, when, it is alleged by the former Minister, the objective might have been taken four hours later without a struggle, Major Gordon meets the charge with a strong rebuttal. For one thing, he asserts, never has he heard of any complaint being made by the Canadian troops themselves, who as a matter of fact, were most irate, incensed that they were not permitted to go further.

"Every man," he declared, "felt that the fight was stopped at least three months too soon. What should have happened was to keep after the Huns once we had them on the run, as they have devastated entire countries while their own have suffered nothing that can remain a permanent object lesson to them and even now the German mind is showing itself in developments of the Peace Conference."

Germany's Attitude

"They do not yet believe that they are vanquished," he added, and their attitude of friendliness towards the Army of Occupation is, to my mind, most hypocritical. Another serious menace is the fact that they still have under arms more than one million men, whereas the allied nations are gradually demobilizing."

Major Gordon expresses the soldiers' views on the Peace Conference in a striking manner: "The entire deliberations are being blanketed in a maze of ponderous orations and no real action is being taken. Were the matter left to be dealt with by the military commanders instead of a body of politicians who are jeopardizing the success of the allied arms, a satisfactory conclusion could be reached in as many minutes as the conference will require in days. They ought to get down to business and do their work in a business-like manner"

AMERICAN VETERANS ORGANIZE

Washington March 10. — The World's War Veterans' Association of America, was organized here with two hundred charter members. The camp will be known as General Pershing Post, No. 1, which organizers hope will grow into a great national association.

EXTEND ARBITRATION TREATIES

Washington, March 10.—Acting Secretary of State Polk, with the Spanish ambassador, and the Minister of the Netherlands, renewed five-year extensions of the general arbitration treaties between the U. S. and Spain and Holland.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DO YOU APPRECIATE YOUR BEST GIFT

People seldom appreciate anything they can afford. You cannot afford to have poor vision, but you are laboring under a delusion if you think you cannot afford perfect vision.

Dr. Fowler's expert service and his "PEBLO" Glasses will restore your eyesight perfectly, and the cost is as moderate as such high-class work can be done.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

FISKE O'HARA AT THE GRAND

LARGE AUDIENCE CHARMED WITH FAMOUS IRISH COMEDIAN'S NEW PLAY "MARRY IN HASTE."

Fiske O'Hara, always assured of a hearty welcome on the occasion of his yearly visits to Peterborough, filled the Grand Opera House to capacity on Saturday when he appeared in his new play, "Marry in Haste," one of the best of the many he has ever produced. The great comedian, the best exponent of the Irish character, since the days of the immortal Scanlon, is losing none of his powers either as an actor or a singer, with the passing years.

The new play, "Marry in Haste," is a romantic farce in three acts. It sparkles with Irish wit, always as clean as it is bright, abounds with fascinating dialogue, touching Irish love scenes which are tender without being mushy. It gives Mr. O'Hara an opportunity to sing several characteristic Irish love songs, and singing has always been one of his greatest gifts.

In the play Fiske O'Hara is the rollicking, large hearted son of a stern old Irish lord who insists that he marry in order to perpetuate the family name. Nothing if not impetuous, the young fellow proposes to the first woman he meets and who happens to be a French maid. He hurries his bride before a clergyman and the deed is done. But the veiled bride is not the woman he intended to marry, and to establish the identity of this important personage gives the real zest to the story, the audience being kept

The play is admirably presented by a capable company, among whom there are many old favorites who have been with Mr. O'Hara for years. Coming before the curtain at the end of the second act, the famous comedian established still closer relations with his audience when, after returning thanks for their enthusiastic appreciation, he spoke of his support. There are three leading ladies in the company, Miss Louise Milloy, as Susette, Miss Gertrude Ritchie, as Lady Evelyn O'Connor, and Miss Patsie Cluty as Lady Peggy McVey, and, contrar to theatrical tradition, they all speak to each other in private life. J. P. Sullivan, the devoted valet of the young nobleman, has been with Mr. O'Hara for eleven seasons, J. E. Miller for nine, and W. T. Sheehan for eight, and the three veterans are pleased to call themselves "Fiske O'Hara kids."

"They are good kids, too," concluded the actor.

Mr. O'Hara sang one song which had no connection with the play but which possessed a peculiar sentimental interest. It was "My Little Irish Girl," written by the late Capt. Horne, himself an actor of note, who lost his life at the first battle of the Marne.

Special musical numbers were rendered during the performance by the augmented orchestra under the direction of Mr. Karl F. Kelsey, musical manager for Mr. O'Hara.

The next road company billed for the Grand will on Saturday next present that funniest of all farce comedies, "Some Baby," with Zella Cannington in the leading role.

WARSAW

Warsaw, March 10.—Mrs. Hall of Essex, is at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. Cooper.

Mr. W. Gray, who has been ill for about eight months, is again able to work.

Rev. D. H. Clair made a flying trip to Tweed.

Mr. H. Darling has rented Mr. S. Miles' farm about five miles from Warsaw.

A number of farms have changed hands in the past few weeks. Mr. B. Rae has purchased Mr. Wesley Bullock's farm. Mr. Bullock and family leave on Wednesday for Wilkie, Sask.

Mr. Allen Bell has moved to North Monaghan where he has bought a farm.

Mr. J. Clysdale has bought Mr. Allen Bell's farm.

Mr. E. McDonald, of Cottesle, has purchased Mr. Clysdale's farm.

Mr. P. Bell has purchased Mr. McDonald's place.

Mr. Earnest Carveth has bought a farm in Cavan.

Mr. W. Gallagher has bought Mr. Carveth's farm.

Mrs. P. H. Lloyd entertained a number of young people on Wednesday to a euchre party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Foster have returned to the village after spending the past few months at Rayborough the guest of Mrs. Foster's mother.

Mr. A. F. Choate has returned to the village after spending the past two weeks in Toronto and other points.

Mr. W. Middleton and Mr. Albert Helps and family leave on Wednesday for the West. Both families will be much missed, Mr. Helps being a blacksmith. His good work and sunny smiles will be missed by all.

The many friends of Mrs. Levi Payne will be sorry to known she is still ill.

Mrs. A. F. Choate is at present in Toronto.

Miss Evelyn Northey, of Lakefield, is at present the guest of the Misses Crowe.

Mrs R. Dunford, who has been visiting in Warsaw and vicinity, has returned home.

Mrs Melessa and Miss Rhoda Alford, of Lakefield, were the guests of their sister, Mrs. P. H. Lloyd, on Thursday.

Mr. E. Buttler has purchased the shop owned by Mrs. Henderson and is moving it to his home.

Mr. R. MacKay, of Toronto, was the guest of Mr. P. H. Lloyd this week.

Mr. W. Hampton spent Thursday in the village visiting friends.

Mrs. A. Bell is the guest of Mr. T. Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Bell are at present the guest of Mrs. Bell's father, Mr. H. Heard, Young's Point.

Pte. Neil Wilson has returned from overseas to his home in the village after spending two years at the front.

Miss M. Boudell was the guest of Mrs. Nathan Payne, for the week-end.

Mr. R. Duff and Mr. R. H. Alford, of Lakefield, were the guests of Mr. P. H. Lloyd on Friday.

Mr. G. Johnson, of Harvey, spent the week-end the guest of Mr. G. Crowe.

GOVERNMENT TO

(Continued on Page 1.)

council was passed, appointing the minister of railways receiver of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway System which includes the branch lines, telegraph, steamships, hotel and development and other companies. Mr. W. P. Hinton, general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway System, has agreed to conform to the requirements of the order and to facilitate the carrying out of the powers and duties required of the minister as received. The immediate object of the order, viz., to prevent interruption in the operations and management of the system has, therefore, been already attained.

An important feature of the order-in-council is that which preserves to the government any other and ultimate remedies which it possesses under the provisions of trust mortgages in securing issues which it has guaranteed or otherwise as creditors of the system. Similarly, the rights and remedies of other parties are not interfered with by the order.

The acting prime minister will, today, make a full statement to the house respecting the matter. He will lay upon the table a copy of the order-in-council and read the correspondence leading up to and connected with the action taken by the government. Legislation will be at once introduced for the purpose of obtaining the sanction of parliament to what has been done.

In February the government informed the officials of the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railway companies that it was not the intention of the government to ask parliament to provide a further vote for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway while the negotiations with the Grand Trunk Railway Company remain in their present unsatisfactory condition.

STUNNING FROCKS WORN BY METRO PLAYERS

The gowns worn by May Allison and the many beautiful girls who are seen in the great ballroom set of the forthcoming Metro play, "The Testing of Mildred Vane," which will be the attraction at the Grand theatre today for a three day engagement, will prove a source of delight to every girl and woman who sees this delightful play which is a unique combination of comedy and mystery.

Miss Allison is seen in a creation of cream and silver which sets off her perfect blend beauty while the many other charming and attractive girls to be viewed in this scene are all clad in exquisite frocks of the most approved "evening" shades—those colors which show up to the greatest advantage under soft or brilliant evening lights.

HOW "Y" OFFICER HANDLED BAD MAN

TOOK AN OFFENDER TO HIS HOME INSTEAD OF TO PRISON.

The crowd in front of the Y.M.C.A. Kiosk in Leicester Square drew hastily back when a big Maori private began throwing his six shooter about He tossed the gun up to the ceiling and caught it as it fell.

"I can plug a sixpence with this thing across the street. I'm the roughest of the rough!" he shouted, picking up the gun when he missed the "catch" and it fell clattering to the floor.

Empire relations should not be endangered by the statement that the man was a New Zealander, for the Y.M.C.A. officers of that Dominion have also done their bits in looking after "rough" Canadians and the positions might easily have been reversed in this case.

A few minutes before this the excitement began. When the Y.M.C.A. patrol officer attached to the Kiosk was making arrangements to send the pair of revellers where they wanted to go, he suddenly found himself looking into the muzzle of a six-shooter.

"My pal stays right here. Don't you dare to move him," order the big fellow.

But when the officer—he happened to be one of the Canadians on the Street Patrol Force—assured him that the more helpless pal wasn't being removed to the "klink" the man put up his gun.

"Just keep that thing out of sight," said the officer, when the Maori again began toying with the weapon, "and we'll look after you both."

A taxi-cab soon carried the three of them, patrol officer and his charge, to the address furnished by the soldier where he had reserved a room, and the men were left there to sober up and make a better attempt to spend their leave in the morning.

The patrol man now carries a souvenir of the incident in the form of a 45 calibre cartridge which slipped out of the cylinder during the excitement. He is glad that it entered his pocket as such, instead of by scorching its way through his garments as at one time seemed probable.

This same officer had a scarcely less exciting experience a few nights previously, though gun play was not part of it and a Canadian lad happened to be the principal. After taking the boy out of questionable company during which operation some thing like a small riot occurred, the officer, on the plea of following one of them who had disappeared down the street, had conducted his almost unmanageable man straight into the Beaver Hut of the Canadian Y.M.C.A.

When the soldier's money was taken from him and checked, and he was advised to drop off to sleep, like a good boy, he raised a storm of protest. But his tune changed the following day when he found what had happened him.

Then he sat down and wrote a letter to the patrol officer in terms like these:

"I can just remember you and that is all. But I know you're the man who took me in tow. I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart. I tell you I was mighty glad to see my money and watch again for they might easily have gone to somebody who wouldn't think twice about returning them. You sure did me a good turn and I hope I can repay you some day."

Have You
Pains,
Cramps,
Callouses or
a Burning Sensation
DR. SCHOLL
has perfected a specific appliance, known as the
Anterior Metatarsal Arch Support
which will positively relieve that particular foot ailment.
For Sale at all RELIABLE SHOE DEALERS.
Write for Dr. Scholl's Free Booklet, "Treatment and Care of the Feet."
The Scholl Mfg. Co., Limited
Dept. G I.
112 Adelaide St. East, Toronto
New Orleans, New York, and London, Eng.
SCHOLL Eases the feet

The Ontario Government Public Employment Bureaux and Dominion Dept. of Soldiers and Civil Re-Establishment, 190 Charlotte St., Peterboro

Phone 571

The Ontario and Dominion Governments are co-operating in matters pertaining to the employment of both Men and Women, and have opened an office for this work at the above address. If in need of work or workers, communicate either with Mr. Hugo Robertson, Superintendent of the Employment Bureau, or Captain Morrison, Representative or the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. The Peterborough Bureaux is a link in the chain of offices which extend throughout the Dominion, and so can draw upon other sections of the country, both for opportunity of employment and for Workers.

FREE SERVICE

SOLDIERS' AID OF EAST EMILY

SOCIETY FINISHED A TASK THAT WAS FAITHFULLY PERFORMED.

The concluding meeting of the East Emily Soldiers' Aid Society was held at the home of Mrs. H. Bray, Emily, on Monday, March 3, 1919.

This society was organized on May 8th, 1918, and received the loyal support of all the patroitic ladies in this district.

During the 10 months of the societies existence they raised $324.85 in money and manufactured the following articles: 167 pairs of socks, 41 suits of pyjamas, 15 dresses, 19 underskirts, 12 child's combinations, 7 princess slips, 5 night dresses, and four quilts. The financial statement is as follows:

Receipts

Monagram quilt	$ 52.55
Corn roast	48.52
Membership fees	48.06
St. James' Garden Party	45.00
Bethel Garden Party	42.70
St. James' Church Collection	17.72
Oyster Supper	14.35
Bethel Church Collection	9.00
Donations	7.45
Sale of wool and pyjamas	9.50
	$324.85

Expenses

Wool	$124.65
Flannelette	77.53
Overseas Boxes	26.42
Booth Expenses	21.09
Oyster Supper	14.05
Sundries	5.57
Sick Children's Hospital	$27.75
Armenian Relief Fund	27.75
	$324.85

TENA BOATE
Secretary

HASTINGS STAR SOLD

C. P. Doughty, of Guelph, is the New Proprietor.

Mr. C. P. Doughty, who for a number of years has filled the position of superintendent of the job department of the Guelph Herald, has purchased the Hastings Star and will take possession about April 1st. Mr. Doughty is one of the best known printers in Ontario and is at present president of the Ontario and Quebec Typographical Conference.

BOWMANVILLE CHURCH CALLS PASTOR

Bowmanville, March 10.—The Bowmanville Methodist Church has extended a unanimous invitation to Rev. Samuel C. Moore, pastor of the Methodist Tabernacle, Belleville, and president of the Bay of Quinte conference, to the pastorate of the church for next conference year.

TRINTY CHURCH NOTICES

Monday, 8 p.m.—Epworth League meeting in the S. S. Hall. In addition to the regular program, the Rev. F. E. Malott will give a 15-minute talk on "A Week on the Atlantic," illustrated by lantern views. At the close of the League meeting the Teacher Training Class will meet.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—A congregational meeting will be held in Reid Street Hall to receive the report of the Canvassing Committee. Good program. Social half hour and refreshments. It is expected that every family connected with Trinty Church will be well represented.

ITALY'S STAND IS JUSTIFIED

HAS RIGHT TO CLAIM TERRITORY THAT ONCE WAS HERS.

(The Milwaukee Sentinel.)

"We think of the victory on the Marne as the symbol of the preservation of democracy against the onrush of the Germans. None the less in importance, however, is that glorious victory of the Italians on the Piave, when Italy with her back to the wall and at the expense of 10,000 lives daily for ten days, drove back the flower of the Austro-German army, forever crushing the Austrian hope of Italian possessions and incidentally bagged 900,000 prisoners, the greatest capture of all time."

That is the story of a part of Italy's great work in the war as related to the City Club, Wednesday night by Prof. Charles Lipson Clark, American Academy in Rome.

"Italy has been accused of imperialism because of her desire to obtain territory to the east, especially since the majority of the inhabitants of that district are not Latin speaking. That accusation is entirely unjust," said Prof. Clark. "Italy is no more imperialistic in its endeavors to recover land which once was hers than is France in desiring to recover Alsace-Lorraine whose population is only one-tenth French speaking compared to nine-tenths German speaking.

"Furthermore, the reason for such a small number of Latin speaking people there can be placed at the doors of the former controllers of the territory, whose policy it has been to exterminate forever the Italian population.

"Italy's policy is not one of greed. A strip of seacoast sixty miles long is all she desires, while she leaves thirteen excellent harbors to the Jugo Slavs."

In discussing the problems facing the country in the future, Prof. Clark declared that the greatest source of worry would be Albanis.

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre To Hair

That beautiful even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Don't bother to prepare the mixture; you can get this famous old recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients at [illegible] cost all ready for use. It is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous.

MEMORIAL HALL AT [illegible]

Cobourg, March 10.—[illegible] is on foot here for the [illegible] community hall as a memorial to the soldiers who made the supreme sacrifice.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

WANTED—VICTORY BONDS bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

WANTED—By War Publications Limited, 1 good County Agent or Representative in each County, also Local Agents to work under County Agent. This is not a get rich quick scheme, but a fine opportunity for hustlers to make good money. If a personal interview cannot be arranged, write to War Publications Limited, 198 Sparks street, Ottawa, and full particulars will be given. Prompt reply is required.

FOUND.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVening, March 5, lady's gold watch and fob, initials E. F. Finder please leave at 192 Rubidge street.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT. PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

FOR SALE—House, 479 Cedar street. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Another Victim.

"That rotten show cost me $2," growled a man in the lobby.

"Cost me $30,000," said the stranger.

"Who are you?"

"The producer."

All Made Clear.

Henley (writing)—Would you say "It is possible for two to live on $16 a week" or "on $16 weekly"?

Wyse—Well, I'd say, "It is possible for two to live on $16 a week weekly."

...shers fall out, honest men ...their money.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
405 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough,
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. H. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 12½ Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded in deposits.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS		
Pork	$ 25	$ 29
Lamb	23	32
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 30
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beets, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	27.00	28.00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Loose straw, load	7.00	7.00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto, No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16½

CANADA AT LYONS SHOW

The Associations Asking Two Special Meetings Each Day.

Paris, March 10. — The interest which Canada is attracting at the Lyons Fair is shown by the action of the fair authorities, who have requested that Canada hold special gatherings for the exhibitors, in order to instruct and interest them in Canada generally. Two such gatherings are to be held daily.

CANADIAN FLEET PATROL SOLD

Halifax, March 10.—The Canadian Fleet patrol, commonly known as P. V.'s from one to seven, stationed at Halifax, has been sold. Messrs. Hayes and Anderson, of New York, engaged in business in fish oil, fish scrap, and fertilizer, are the purchasers.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

7:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:25 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:36 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

5:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 380 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

Flights Across the Ocean Are the Next Experiment That the English Will Try

IF New Yorkers almost at any time in the future suddenly see a colossal British airship sedately gliding in shore from the Atlantic they need not feel great surprise, for the Britons ardently covet the honor of the first flight between England and the United States. Moreover they have at this moment the craft necessary to make the flight. Further, their knowledge of the technique of flying is second to none if equalled by any. The war probably taught the British more aerial secrets than it taught any other nation. This was so because when these islanders all at once realised that their immemorial steamboat had lost its complete efficacy as an element of defence they began with all their might —the might of inventive genius and of constructive energy — to add to their warships the complement of an overwhelming array of fighting machines in the air. They built seaplanes, airplanes and airships.

They not only built such weapons but studied their effective operations with immense concentration. "If we are to survive," they reasoned, "we must have air supremacy as well as sea supremacy." Some persons fancied that the British experts held a low opinion of the Zeppelins. They did not. They refrained from shouting from the house tops their high opinion of the Zeppelins but they seized the earliest opportunity to inspect the Super-Zeppelins and then to build an airship excelling it. This airship was not only larger and faster than the largest and fastest Zepplin but mechanically equipped as no Zeppelin ever was. At no time did the British regard the gasbag as a satisfactory weapon of actual attack. They were not long in demonstrating by means of their own airplanes that the Zeppelin in such a role was worse than useless. But the British immediately grasped the importance of airships, big and little, for scouting purposes and rushed their construction. Long before the war was over British home waters everywhere were under the eyes of skilled observers in cars slung beneath airships and British craft of this type cruised with Admiral Beatty's men of war from end to end of the North Sea.

Then, too, the Briton who is a long-headed man never forgot that the apparently interminable war at last would terminate and he was always thinking of what the situation would be then. It was his view that progressive peoples as time passed would take more and more to the air. He pictured air liners and air freighters of hugh proportion not only going back and forth between the eastern and western hemispheres but swiftly and regularly circumnavigating the globe and in this wonderful drama of travel and commerce he gave first place not to the heavier than air but to the lighter than air pattern of flying machines. The airplane's lifting power is directly proportional to its dimensions. Double the size and you double the life. It does not follow however that the whole of this additional lift is available for engines, fuel, passengers and cargo for as the size increases the strength and weight of the necessary structure become greater.

Scotch Criticism.

Musical criticism in the far north is sometimes rather outspoken. At an annual concert of a certain northcountry friendly society, the members of which were for the most part pitmen, a piper had been engaged to discourse "sweet music." After his performance there were mingled feelings among the audience. The chairman, however, declared the piper had received an encore. "Aa's not gan to play ony mair," said the piper. "What for not?" asked the puzzled chairman. "Aa hord someone cari me a fule." "Nonsense, man," said the chairman. "Naebody said owt o' the sort." "Onyway, Aa's not gan to play onny mair," replied the obdurate piper. He held to his decision and the concert had to proceed without him. At the conclusion a pitman arose to move a hearty vote of thanks to the performers. "An include the piper," said he. "It wasn't me caried the piper a fule, and Aa divvent see why ony one should cari the piper a fule." He paused for effect. "What Aa want t' know is, who caried the fule a piper?"

Canadian Coins Issued.

According to a statement issued by the Royal Mint at Ottawa, Canadian coins to the value of $3,176,221 were issued during the year 1918. Coins to the value of $245,000 for Newfoundland, comprising 620,000 silver pieces, were also issued. The total number of Canadian pieces coined during 1918 was 30,904,468, and the total number of coins of all kinds was 32,187,429. During the year 4,435,200 shilling blanks were produced and shipped to the Royal Mint in London.

Bullets That Missed Him.

A soldier who had fought in the war with conspicuous valor obtained after his return home a situation in the service of a lady in the south of Ireland. One day his mistress was talking to him about his military career, and asked him: "In all your experience of the war, what struck you as the most wonderful of all?" "Well, ma'am," he said, "what struck me most was all the bullets that missed me."

British Workers.

Trade councils composed of representatives of employers' associations and of trade unions in a particular trade or section of an industry are suggested as the first court of appeal in the case of disputes which may arise among workers in England.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

DOGS AIDED WOUNDED

Many Soldiers Owed Lives to Trained Canines.

Britain's dog army rendered gallant service in the war. Many a soldier owes his life to some poor, uncared-for, stray dog. For nearly two years dogs were employed by the British as messengers, as sentries and as guards.

Early in 1917 a war dog school of instruction was established by the British War Office, and Lt.-Col. Richardson, who has devoted his life to training dogs for military and police purposes, was appointed commandant of the school. Gamekeepers, hunt servants and shepherds were called up from the army to assist in the work of instruction.

After a thorough training in England the dogs were sent to France, and on the battlefields their skill, courage and tenacity amazed the army. Often wounded in the performance of their duties, they never faltered while strength remained to carry on. The official record of their heroic work tells of successful message-carrying through darkness, mist, rain and shell-fire over the most difficult ground. In a few minutes' time dogs have brought messages over ground that would take a soldier runner hours to cross.

During the great German advance, last spring part of the British line in front of a famous French town was cut off by severe enemy barrage. A messenger dog was released with an urgent appeal for reinforcements. It ran two miles in ten minutes. The result was that a French colonial division was sent up and prevented a disaster. The messenger was a Highland sheep dog.

Another dog with a message ran nearly four miles in twenty minutes, and still another in the same time carried back from the front a map of an important captured position, when a man would have taken an hour and a half to bring it in.

The dogs which have been found most successful in war work are collies, sheep dogs, lurchers and Airedales, and crosses of these varieties, while in a number of cases Welsh and Irish terriers have given excellent results.

The work of sentry dogs has been valuable, especially in the Balkans. One gave warning of an enemy scout 300 yards away. On many occasions dogs have given warning of enemy patrols long before the soldier sentries were aware of their presence.

Large numbers of dogs have been used for guard duty, many on the Italian front.

Corduroy Kimonos.

Some new kimonos shown in some of the shops are a strange combination of style and fabric. They are Japanese kimonos made of corduroy. But when you come to think of it, wouldn't they be delightfully comfortable? Think of wrapping one of them around you some cold winter day when the necessary restrictions in coal make the thermometer lower than comfort calls for. That is probably what their makers thought of. And so although kimonos of blue and rose corduroy embroidered with silk chrysanthemums seem a bit of a strange combination and contrast still they are a delightful concession to the cold that is coming.

Eraser Hint.

When the eraser becomes well worn it is apt to smear the paper when it is used to erase a letter. To avoid this, simply rub a little chalk on the edge of the eraser and no smear will occur; and the erasure of the letter will be done much more quickly as well as more neatly.

Peers on Honor Roll.

Contrary to popular belief, only two British peerages have been extinguished by the war — through the deaths of the third Lord Kesteven and second Lord Llangattock. But these signify really the loss of one hereditary honor only, as Lord Kesteven, who held an ancient baronetcy dating from 1642, was succeeded in that by his kinsman, now Sir William Trollope, tenth baronet.

During 1918 no peer actually fell in battle, but the deaths of the Earl of Rosse from wounds received early in the war, of Earl Poulett, after long service in France, and of the Marquis Conyngham, extend the already long roll of honor of the peerage. These are the names:

The fifth Marquis Conynham, the sixth Earl of Annesley, the eighth Earl de la Warr, the second Earl of Faversham, Field Marshal the first Earl Kitchener, the fifth Earl of Longford, the seventh Earl Poulett, Field Marshal the first Earl Roberts, the fifth Earl of Rosse, the eleventh Earl of Seafield (thirtieth chief of the Clan Grant); the seventh Earl of Shannon (a minor, aged 19); the nineteenth Earl of Suffolk, the sixth Viscount Hawarden, the fifth Lord Ammger, the third Lord Brabourne, the fifth Lord Congleton (first peer who fell in the war, and the head of the family from which the late Irish leader, Charles Stewart Parnell, a descendant of the first Lord Congleton's only younger brother, derived); the fifth Lord de Freyne (three of whose brothers have fallen and of whose family Viscount French of Ypres is a cadet; the second Lord Gorell, the third and last Lord Kesteven, the second and last Lord Llangattock, the eighth Lord Lucas (Lord Dingwall in the peerage of Scotland, and a Cabinet Minister at the age of 38); the fourth Lord Newborough, the sixteenth Lord Petre and the eighth Lord Vernon.

Seven of the foregoing twenty-four peers—Lords Conyngham, Annesley, Langford, Rosse, Shannon, Hawarden and Newborough — were Irish peers; three others, Lords Roberts, Congleton and de Freyne, were Irishmen, and Lord Kitchener was born in Ireland.

Pershing Knighted.

The British "Who's Who," a copy of the 1919 issue of which has just been received, lists the commander-in-chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France as "Gen. Sir John Joseph Pershing, G.C.B." On July 17, 1918, King George awarded the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath to Gen. Pershing, and in August King George, while on a visit to France, personally gave the decoration to him. The award of the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath makes a knight of the recipient, and gives him the right to prefix "Sir" to his name. The decoration given Gen. Pershing, however, was an honorary one, and it was said at the time that he would not receive the title of "Sir," as he was not a British subject.

Timber in Burma.

Burma grows over a hundred varieties of every sort of timber. Yet up to last year she exported her rubber in packing cases made of wood imported from Japan. It has now been found that they can be made locally at about half the cost.

Accounting for It.

Young Fitznoodle (to dentist)—Isn't it rather strange, doctor, that at my age I haven't cut my wisdom teeth yet?" Dentist (calmly)—"Oh, I don't know. Perhaps there isn't enough wisdom back of them to push them through."

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BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

OH! OUR SOCIAL CAREER IS ENDED! WHY DID I EVER LET MY HUSBAND BRING HIS LOW BROW FRIEND TO DINNER?
MAGGIE-ARE YOU CRYIN' OR TRYIN' TO SING?
YOUR FRIEND HAS DISGRACED US AT THE DINNER TABLE-
WHATS THE MATTER? I TOOK HIS KNIFE AWAY FROM THE TABLE BEFORE THE DINNER STARTED-
YES-BUT DID YOU SEE WHAT HE DID WITH THE DESSERT?
?
HE TRIED TO BLOW THE FOAM OFF THE CHARLOTTE RUSSE
2-21

THE FIGHT IS ON FOR SUNDAY BASEBALL IN NEW YORK STATE

Bill in Legislature Will Be Opposed Chiefly by Country Members—Some Clergymen Favor Relaxation of Present Blue Laws

(By W. O. McGeehan)

The campaign for Sunday baseball for New York will open this week, when Colonel T. L. Huston, half owner of the New York American League Baseball Club, will head a delegation to the state Legislature. The delegation will ask for the repeal of the law which prohibits the playing of professional baseball on Sundays. Considerable encouragement has been held out to the advocates of Sunday games and those interested have become hopeful that they will carry their point.

This is the first concerted effort that has been made to secure Sunday baseball for this vicinity. The delegation has the approval of representative citizens, including high army officials, judges and clergymen. Labor leaders also have indorsed the application on the ground that working men and their families have only Sunday afternoons to see baseball games. These leaders resent the idea that Sunday games would lead to disorder of any sort.

As I predicted, most of the opposition to Sunday baseball will come from upstate legislators. I have received an anonymous letter from an upstate correspondent in which he denounces the advocates of Sunday baseball as conspirators to make of New York city a modern Babylon. This is one of the favorite hallucinations of a few of the more bucolic upstaters, that the godless inhabitant of New York City would slide straight to perdition if it were not for the beneficient legislation forced upon the metropolis by the upstater.

I'll back Colonel Huston against my anonymous correspondent, who, no doubt, remained safely at home plotting the super-salvation of New York City, while Colonel T. L. Huston spent a year and a half in the field of Flanders and the trenches of France. They fought on Sundays there and they played baseball on Sundays. But I don't think that the Colonel has any Babylonian ideas. Never knew that Babylon had a ball club on any circuit. Don't think that it did. A good ball club might have saved Babylon.

Will Hear Plea For Boxing

The suffering Solons are also slated to receive a visit from the advocates of boxing next week. Senator Gibbs, whose boxing bill probably will be substituted for the Malone bill wants to get an earful as to how to rehabilitate and conserve the sport that made Jim Corbet an actor and Jess Willard a gentleman framer.

The Senator is getting more advice than the league of nations, as it is, but a little more will not hurt. Even a body as sagacious as the New York Legislature cannot legislate boxing into respectability. There are no laws tight enough to keep the old game together if the element which once predominated in it is permitted to get hold again.

The boxing game seems to have come out of the world war considerably whitewashed and with some advocates who formerly opposed it violently. This is not because professional prizefighters saw the necessity of fighting but because the men who did the fighting took a liking to boxers and to boxing.

With its restoration, boxing will have all the chance in the world if the promoters will behave themselves. Public opinion will be the judge and jury in its case. If the same old fakes that were perpetuated under the Whitman commission are staged again, no laws and regulations can save boxing. The game will be cast into the discard forever. The personnel of the new boxing commission will be the main thing. Men are wanted who have the courage and the independence to keep out the crooks.

The Appointing of Judges

The provision for leaving the decision on bouts to two judges and the referee seems wise. It will depend upon the calibre of the judges. It is crtain that there will be betting on prizefights. There was betting even on the no-decision contests under the old law, the bettors leaving the decision to a newspaper or newspapers agreed upon before the fights.

With fights of any consequence the professional gamblers will try to put across some sure things. Unless the referees and judges licensed under the law are men beyond suspicion there will be decisions that will cause scandals. There are always scandals where the professional gamblers break in. Poolroom manipulators of prizefights caused the Legislature of the State of California to abolish boxing.

There should be plenty of men willing to act as judges of boxing matches without expense to the state. Boxing, prizefighting, or what ever you care to call it, has some celebrated patrons, and many of them are keen judges as to points in matches. Some of these should volunteer to act as judges, if they really are interested in the preservation of the sport. Boxing need friends in this come-back, for this is positively its last chance to be decent.

RACING AGAIN POSTPONED

Havana, Cuba, March 10.—The management were again compelled to postpone the races on account of the strike of the transportation lines. Indications are that the strike will be settled late and that racing will be resumed today.

This Week's Bill At Water St. Alleys

Business Men's Ten Pin League.

Monday—Grocers vs. Printers.

Tuesday—C. G. E. vs. High Rollers.

Wednesday—De Laval vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

Five Pin League (B Class).

Monday—De Laval vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

Thursday—Shamrocks vs. Bankers

Friday—Turnbull's vs. Lawn Bowlers.

Last week's high score rolled in 5 pins by Wm. Schleffel, 278, 279, 303, total, 860; by J. Maynard, 203, 264, 238, total, 707.

HOCKEY RECORD

Pacific Coast League

Vancouver 6, Victoria 6.
Overtime.

Beaches League

Senior

Beaches 4, Athenaeums 3.
Beaches win round by 3 goals.

Junior

West End Y., 5, Arpacs 4.

Exhibition

Selkirk 10, Columbus 3.
Hamilton 6, Kitchener 2.
Cleveland 2, Aura Lee 1.

Games Today

O. H. A. Junior Finals
University Schools at Woodstock.
Pacific Coast League
Victoria at Vancouver.

WOMEN OFFER TO BUILD A RINK

UXBRIDGE LADIES RECOGNIZE THE NECESSITY OF ATHLETIC GAMES.

Uxbridge, March 10.—The women of Uxbridge are impressed with the fact that sport is a necessity in this community as in any other. Husbands, sons, brothers and lovers must be provided with the means of clean amateur competition, and, so far as winter sports are concerned, they will have it.

The local chapter of the Daughters of the Empire, together with other women's organizations, were represented at the meeting of the Town Council by Mesdames Gould and Hepburn, who stated that the women of the town would undertake to build a suitable hockey and curling rink at a cost of $7,000. The rink will be built on the municipally-owned athletic grounds, the Council having agreed to remit the taxes and give free use of the building for concerts etc., It is proposed to have the place ready for use next winter.

HOCKEY ON THE PRAIRIES.

The Patricias, Saskatchewan's junior champions, and the Lutherans, junior champion team of Manitoba, contest the final game of the round in Winnipeg tomorrow night. The winners will come east to Toronto to meet the O. H. A. junior champions.

Sporting Gossip

University of Toronto lacrosse team will tour the Eastern States, playing the teams of the larger colleges.

Idaho Falls, Idaho, has offered the sum of $165,000 for the Willard-Dempsey bout. Pocatello, in the same state, offers $163,000.

Jack Johnson arrived in Havana from Spain, en route to Mexico City. He wants bouts with Willard and Dempsey.

Joe S. Jackson, of Detroit, was elected president of the Michigan-Ontario League at Flint, Mich. The league will have Class B rating.

Rome, Amsterdam, Antwerp and Berne have applied for the Olympic games of 1920. The matter will be decided at a meeting of the International Olympic Committee on April 5th.

Some persons think a ball player doesn't know a whole lot, but along about this time of year he shows quite a knowledge of mathematics.

If the ball players had their way it would cost about as much to run a club as it costs to widen a boulevard or build the Hunter street bridge.

Jim Corbett says the best time to take your exercise is immediately after rising in the morning. However it's such a physical strain on most of us to get out of bed these mornings that we haven't anything left when it comes to the exercises.

Lambert G. Sullivan, the great Celtic automobile editor, says many a man who would holler his head off about an "L" train not being properly heated will freeze his feet riding around town in his car these days and think nothing about it.

Matty may go back to the Giants. He evidently thinks about as well of the Cincinnati Reds as the rest of us think of the Petrograd Reds.

"A boxer's feet are of as great importance to him as his hands," says Pal Moore. Yep, yuh don't win if the other fellow is the first to get the sporting editor on the wire.

Major League players have whims. One of them is to retire from the game every fall. Art Fletcher of the New York Giants fell in line with the whimsical tribe last fall, but this spring he was the first of McGraw's clan to sign a contract.

Manager Wilbert Robinson of Brooklyn was asked to name the five best pitchers in baseball. He said that it was almost impossible to do that because there were so many good ones. In commenting on the twirlers he said Jim Vaughn would have to be chosen, as his speed makes him a great pitcher and no better could be found.

"John McGraw and his Giants are a menace to the National league," said an eastern fan. What he has achieved in the last five years does not prove it. He won the pennant only once in that time. The Braves won in 1914, the Phillies in 1915, Brooklyn in 1916 and the Cubs in 1918. McGraw's club won in 1917.

Managers always fall for the old time players when trying to build up a club. Pat Moran has grabbed Harry ("Slim") Sallee in an effort to reconstruct the Cincinnati Reds' pitching staff.

Brooklyn is still trying to lure Trainer Fed Hart from the Cubs. President Ebbets has offered him a big salary and a bonus to sign, but Hart has accepted terms with President Mitchell and is going to the coast to take care of the champions.

Tigers Defeat The Kitcheners

Leaving no doubt as to which was the better team the Tigers in an exhibition game in Toronto on Saturday night defeated Kitchener 6 to 2. The winners were without the services of Malte, their star defense man, but nevertheless they showed marked superiority over the 1918 champions and easily earned the verdict. Kitchener tried hard, but they were away below last season's form. The Hiller-Parkes combination was missing, and it was noticeable that the latter repeatedly tried to beat the defense alone when Hiller was waiting for a pass and was in a better position to score.

Although the game was only an exhibition affair, keen rivalry existed between the teams and each was eager to win. Nearly 5,000 spectators were on hand, and it was easily seen that their sympathies were with the fallen champions. Kitchener, by their splendid playing and good sportsmanship have secured a host of supporters in Toronto.

Veteran Players With Collingwood

BELCHER AND FRYER CAN QUALIFY FOR LONG SERVICE MEDAL.

Toronto, March 10.—Collingwood intermediates who play Kingston in the O.H.A. finals in Toronto this week have three players who qualify for the long service medal. Two of them Belcher and Fryer, are veterans of fourteen seasons, while Cook broke in in 1909. Despite the handicap of age, these are still capable performers and have been showing good form to date.

Tonight Kingston and the Shipbuilders will meet at the Arena in the first of the O. A. H. intermediate finals and an exciting game is expected. Both teams are confident of victory and will send their strongest lineup into action. Collingwood won the title last season and are out to repeat but they will encounter stiff opposition from the Limestone City aggregation.

McLeod and the Foulis brothers are the younger members of the Collingwood team, and all are fast and tricky. The first named is conceded to be the star of the team and is expected to prove a great factor in the series.

Kingston, led "Rube" Millan of Dental fame, are a team to be feared. They are coming here full of confidence and every fan in the Limestone City believes that they will win the title. The forward lines composed of the millan boys, Smith and Derry has been showing good form all season, while Brown, Elmer and Hagerman are a strong defense. Walsh in goal is away above the average, and the Collingwood sharpshooters will have to be on their best behaviour to beat them.

In an exhibition game played in Cleveland last night the Cleveland team defeated Aura Lee juniors of Toronto by 2 to 1.

Tennis championship games between Canada and the United States which have been dropped during the war will be resumed this season.

David McAndless of the Chicago Athletic Association won the national amateur balkline billiard championship in Chicago Saturday night by defeating Percy Collins of the Illinois Athletic Club 300 to 109 in 16 innings.

How efficiently a first baseman fields does not seem to make much difference to some pilots. Ed Konetchy led the National League first sackers 1 ast year, but George Stallings has supplanted him with Walter Holke, a less experienced player and inferior batter.

American Yacht In English Event

(Canadian Press Despatch)

San Diego, Cal., March 10.—Miss America, a Detroit-owned motor boat will be entered in the Royal Motor Yacht Club of England regatta in the race for the Harmsworth Trophy, according to announcement made here by Garfield Wood of Detroit.

The formal application to enter Miss America in the regatta which will be held in waters near the Isle of Wight, was recently sent to the club by Wood, but he withheld announcement of the entry until today.

Prize Winners At George St. Alleys

The prize winners at the George Street Alleys last week were W. Downer, first in ten pins; P. Gettas, first in five pins with Jack Downer getting first in (B) class. Good prizes will be given this week.

RECORD HIGH JUMP

New York, March 10.—A world's record height of 5 feet 4¼ inches for the standing high jump was made by Lieut. William H. Taylor of the Marietta, Ohio., Y.M.C.A., at the national senior indoor championships of the Amateur Athletic Union in Brooklyn. The previous record was 5 feet 4¼, held by Platt Adams of New York.

OSHAWA IS WILLING.

Jake Solomon has received a despatch from Oshawa stating that a meeting will be held in that town on Wednesday night to arrange for placing a team in the Midland Baseball League.

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 10.—Receipts heavy, trade easier, prices lower, prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16 00
Choice butcher	10.25	11.25
Medium butcher	8.75	11.50
Ewes	10.50	11.50
Lambs	17.75	18.50
Hogs, f.a.w.	17.50	18.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	16.75	17.00
Calves	17.75	19.60

An inventor has received a patent for electrical apparatus to raise theatre chairs several inches as buttons in their arms are pressed.

Experts have estimated that Ecuador could increase its present agricultural yield 150 per cent. by the application of scientific methods.

Over one end of a new business card is folded a flag of paper upon which a man can write the nature of his errand when introducing himself.

A scientist in Spain has invented a method for obtaining a potash fertilizer from sea water to which he has given the name of marine kainit.

Hospital cases from the Essequibo and men from the Cassandra arrived in Toronto.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
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WIT AND WISDOM

Submarine Travel.

An Irishman had just landed at Liverpool after a terrible voyage, on which, as someone had said, he first feared he was going to die, and then feared he wasn't.

As he crawled on to terra firma his lack-lustre eyes fell upon a diver coming out, glistening from the water.

"Och," he muttered, "if I'd known it was going to be so rough I'd have walked meself."

Willing To Learn.

"Do you think you could ever learn to love me?" he asked, as he gave her a squeeze.

"I don't know," replied the summer girl, "but go on with the course of instruction."

A Case in Point.

"What an aggravating habit Jones has of answering one question by asking another."

"I've noticed that. Last night I asked him if he'd lend me $50, and he replied by asking me if I took him for a darned fool."

Horrid Man!

She sighed. "I saw the loveliest lace curtains!" she murmured. "I did want them so badly!" She sighed again. "But I knew you wished to economize, my dear, so I didn't get them."

Then he spoke. "That's too bad, dear," he said, generously. "Anything that adds to your happiness and brings gladness to your eyes; anything that brightens your domestic cares and gilds the lowering clouds; anything that borders with flowers the thorny path of duty and appeals to your aesthetic nature, you are welcome to—if it doesn't cost more than a quarter."

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

FINAL TAX NOTICE.

On all 1918 taxes not paid by the 15th inst., costs will be incurred.

W. J. GREEN,
Tax Collector.

SOCIAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

The monthly meeting of the local Council of Women will be held on Monday evening, March 17th, at 8 o'clock, in the Green room of the Y. W. C. A. Mrs. W. E. Sanford, of Hamilton, president of the National Council of Women, will address the meeting.

BIRTHDAY TEA

57th Regiment Chapter, I.O.D.E. are holding a birthday tea on Tuesday afternoon, March 11th from 3 to 6, at the home of Mrs. Vincent Eastwood, 616 George street, to celebrate the seventh birthday of the founding of the Chapter. Musical program and refreshments. Everyone most cordially invited. Admission 25c.

AUCTION SALE.

Pure bred Holsteins and Grades, Horses, Pigs, and Farm Implements, at Christopher Howson's, Lot 13, Con. 10, Otonabee, on Wednesday, March 19, at 1 o'clock. Everything must be sold, as Mr. Howson has sold his farm and is retiring. You are invited to attend this sale.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

A special meeting of the Board of Education will take place at the Secretary's office, 437 George street, on Tuesday, at 7.45 o'clock p.m.

DON'T FORGET.

Mock Parliament, George Street Methodist School Room, Friday, 14th March, 8 p.m. Admission, 25c and 15c.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH NOTES

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Y. L. M. R. will hold their regular meeting on Tuesday evening, March 11th, at 8 o'clock. At the close of the meeting, 9 o'clock, the young men assisting with the banquet are asked to meet the Mission Band.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 4.15—Mission Band.
Monday, 7.30—Girls' Auxiliary annual meeting.
Tuesday, 3.00—W. A. annual meeting.
Tuesday, 5.15—Evening service.
Wednesday, 8.00—Evening service. Sermon by Rev. Mr. James.
Thursday, 8.00—Choir practice. Boys at 7.30.
Friday, 2.00—C.W.A. sewing meeting.
Saturday, 9.00—Boys' choir practice.
Saturday, 5.00—Evening service.

ROYAL THEATRE NOT SOLD

But a Very Important Announcement Will Be Made in a Few Days.

In connection with the item in Saturday's Examiner, in which it was stated that the Allens of Toronto had secured the Royal theatre, Mr. Pappas desires to make the statement that, while Messrs. J. and J. Allen were negotiating for the Royal, he did not close with them, but Mr. Pappas has completed an agreement with the Paramount Theatres, Limited, who will make an announcement tomorrow.

This company is one of the strongest moving picture corporations on the continent, and control the Regent and the Strand of Toronto and numbers of others in the Province.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

SPAFFORD—ARMSTRONG.

A quiet wedding took place at the George Street Methodist parsonage on Wednesday, March 5, when Clifford Wallace Spafford of Rockcroft and May Armstrong of Hall's Bridge were united in marriage by Rev. A. J. Thomas. The happy couple will reside in the township of Harvey.

Conservatory pupils attending the Redpath Lyceum concert tonight will use the Hunter street entrance.

The Montague light opera singers have arrived in the city and are registered at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. A. J. Grant and Miss Helen Grant leave today for a short stay at St. Catherines.

MILITARY HONORS TO DEPARTED HERO

PRESTON GRANGE BURIED YESTERDAY WITH IMPRESSIVE MARTIAL CEREMONIES.

The streets of this city were lined with people yesterday afternoon in spite of the inclement weather, as the funeral procession of the late Preston Grange passed on its way to Little Lake Cemetery, where the remains of the young man who had died while in his countrys' service in a military hospital in far-off England, were finally laid to rest.

Preston Grange was a son of Fire Chief Grange of this city, and had been in the army since the early days of the war. He was stricken down with influenza while in camp in England some months ago and passed away and was buried in the old land.

The father, naturally wishing that the body of his son should rest in his native land and in the family plot in the cemetery at Peterborough, made arrangements for the remains to be brought to Canada, which were carried out, and yesterday they were deposited in their last resting place.

A military funeral was arranged by the local branch of the Great War Veterans for their late comrade and one of the largest attendances of the members in the history of the association in this city was the result.

The street railway snow plow had, fortunately, cleared away the snow from the centre of Charlotte and George streets and made a passage for the long cortege, which formed at the family residence, with the G. W. V. A. and Salvation Army bands leading, and passed on to the cemetery.

Following the bands marched the firing squad and members of the G. W. V. A. in uniform. Then came the hearse with the six khaki-clad pallbearers walking three on either side, followed immediately by the mourners and a long procession of vehicles filled with friends of the family.

To the impressive strains of the "Dead March in Saul" the cortege passed on to the cemetery, where the firing squad's volley was fired over the grave and the solemn burial service carried out.

Captain McGillivray, who had been chaplin of the 3rd Reserve Battalion in England, and who was acquainted with the late Preston Grange and was present during his last illness, is now in Toronto and had intended coming to Peterborough to conduct the service at the grave, but as he was unable to get away, he asked the representative of the Salvation Army in this city, Adjt. Bustin, to officiate in his place. At the house the services was conducted by the Rev. Robt. Pogue.

At the funeral the members of the City Council were present, Mr. G. A. Gillespie, M.L.A., and the off-shift of the Fire Department.

Among the many beautiful floral tributes was one very fine one from the Fire Department, representative of a harp with a broken string.

Secretary Balfour To Resign Office

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 10.—Arthur J. Balfour, Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the Lloyd George Ministry, will retire at the close of the Peace Conference, the Standard says today. Secretary Balfour, adds the newspaper, will be succeeded by Earl Curzon, President of the Council and Government leader in the House of Lords.

REV. POGUE PAYS ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO LATE J. C. SHOOK

Sermon Preached in St. Paul's Church of Which the Deceased Had Been an Esteemed Member and Faithful Elder.

At the funeral of the late J. C. Shook on Saturday, the casket was taken into St. Paul's Church, of which the deceased had so long been a member and elder.

Rev. R. Pogue, the pastor delivered the following eloquent tribute to the departed, before a large gathering of friends and mourners:

"Mark the perfect man and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace."—Ps. 37 : 37.

Dear friends:—I have already held a brief service for the relations and more immediate friends of the deceased at his home. As he occupied a large place in the life of our city and in the church of which he was an honored elder and member, I have decided to avail myself of the opportunity afforded by this service of paying a tribute to his memory, his work and his worth, and of drawing such lessons from his life as may serve as an inspiration to the citizens who knew him and are gathered here to do him honor.

The words which I have taken for my text are singularly appropriate to the life and death of our departed brother. He was a perfect man, he was an upright man, and hence his end was peace. We can give no higher praise to a man than to say that he was perfect. Of course the word cannot be used in an absolute sense of any man. The only absolutely perfect Being who ever lived was the man Christ Jesus. The perfection, therefore, of a little child, or the perfection of a young Christian, or of an old saint, is a very different thing to the perfection of God.

A man may be perfect in his faith. We read, "Ye are complete in Him." In Christ Jesus ye are complete, filled full, perfect. It is only in Christ that any man's life can be complete. The soul was made for God, and it reaches perfection only as it is united to God. Separated from Him it is like building without a foundation. This is the meaning of the coming of God into the world and into life in the person of His Son. As one human life is the complement of another, as in the union of husband and wife, so the union of the Divine with the human completes and perfects the human.

J. C. Shook's life was perfect in Christ Jesus. In early manhood he prided himself on his morality, his integrity. He was not then a church member. He would frequently compare his life with those who were, and often, as he thought, to his own advantage. But the day came when he felt his need of Jesus Christ, and of His saving grace. His experience then was the experience of McCheyne when he wrote.

"When free grace awoke me, by light from on high,
Then legal fears shook me, I trembled to die;
No refuge, no safety in self could I see,
'Jehovah Tsidkenu,' my Saviour must be."

He saw himself then as without hope. All his morality and superior goodness seemed to count for nothing. He saw that in Jesus Christ and Him alone, was salvation to be found. He came to Jesus as he was, cast himself upon His mercy, and entered into the peace of His pardoning redeeming love. From that moment he was a new man. Never again did he put any confidence in the flesh. A favorite scripture of his was: "We glory in Christ Jesus, and have no confidence in the flesh."

He had a very clear grasp of the doctrines of grace. He was endowed with unusual mentality and strength of intellect. He brought these fine gifts to the study of his Bible—for he was pre-eminently a man of one book—and aided by the Spirit of God, who inspired the sacred scriptures, he arrived at a knowledge of the great doctrines of Redemption possessed by few. Especially precious to him was the doctrine of the Blessed Hope of our Lord's return for whose advent and revelation he was looking with a new ardour during the closing years of his life.

But a man may be perfect in his service as well as in his faith. A life is complete when it has accomplished its appointed time and its allotted task. Our Lord's life was complete at thirty-three. From the first He saw clearly the task which His Father and given Him. "I must be about my Father's business," He said as a boy of twelve. In that thought his life continued. "I must work the works of Him that sent me while it is day." In that thought He laid down his life. "I have finished the work thou gavest me to do." In the garden He said: "The hour is come." On the cross He said: "It is finished." Because His life was complete and His task done He could bow His head and yield up His spirit to God who gave it. He was immortal till His Work was done.

So may we think of the life that is just closed. He was not an old man, only sixty-six. Some men have done their greatest work after that age. But though he had not lived ten we must not think that his life the allotted span of three score and was a failure, or that his task was not complete. Death does not break God's plan for us, or snatch away a precious redeemed life before He has need of it in another and brighter world.

A life that is spent in doing the will of God is always complete. Few men sought to know and do that will as did J. C. Shook. I am sure there are those here today to whom he has spoken more than once about their personal interest in the saving work of Christ. Nothing seemed to please him more than when he heard of souls being won to Christ through the preaching of the Cross. He was a true friend of the minister. No minister ever had a truer one. He was a member of the committee that invited me to become minister of St. Paul's Church. He has been my constant friend and counsellor ever since.

Before his sickness he always spent a half hour with me in the vestry before each service in conversation about the work of the church and in prayer for the power of God on the message about to be preached. He was deeply interested in the work of evangelism, it mattered not by what church or preacher advocated. The Laymen's Missionary Movement had in him a warm friend and supporter. He was for years a director of the Y. M. C. A. It was just since his death that I was in a home where I was told that he paid the annual fees of the boys of the home who belonged to the Association.

I should like to have referred to the place that he occupied in civil life, to his interest in the future development of the city, to the strong force which he was for civic righteousness, and to the part which he took, as a member of the Committee of One Hundred that supported the Hearst Government in the splendid temperance legislation which prohibited the traffic in strong drink during the period of the war. Time forbids me to do more than mention these things. No finer tribute could be paid to him as a citizen than the brief article in the Review of yesterday written by his friend, Mr. McGregor, the editor, in which he says:—"Even had the late James C. Shook been spared twenty years longer he would not really have grown older, for the spirit of such a man always remains young and his eyes are kept upon the future instead of dwelling upon the past, as is the vision of so many whose usefulness and interest in life have departed. No man had higher civic ideals, no man was a more beneficient source of inspiration to his associates, no man was readier with saner counsel, no man had a firmer faith in the future greatness of his city and nation, and none was more optimistic as to the final triumph of right, than the man whose passing is mourned by so many sincere friends."

It is just because his life was lived in the will of God and devoted to the service of God that we can speak of it as perfect. Any life, whether young or old, whether lived in comparative obscurity or under the gaze of an empire or of a world, if lived in the will of God is a complete life, a perfect life whenever the call of death may come. It is this fact that enables us to comfort those who lost their splendid boys in the recent war just when their lives were ripening out into the joy and beauty of young manhood. There was an appointed service for them on earth an appointed time, just as there was for our friend whose loss we mourn today. They played their part; they performed the tasks assigned them; then, their life complete, God called them to Himself, just as He called the one of maturer years to himself. "Our times are in his hands.

"I know not where God's islands lift,
Their fronded palms in air;
I only know I cannot drift,
Beyond his love and care."

Tennyson puts the same thought in slightly different form:—

"For though from out the bourne of time and place
The flood may bear me far,
I hope to see my Pilot face to face,
When I have crossed the bar."

James C. Shook has already seen his Pilot face to face. The end of such a man as he, my text says, is peace. "Now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace," said the aged Simeon. That is the prayer of all the righteous. And it is thus all the righteous depart. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." I saw his last conscious moments. One of the last words he spoke to me was: "It is a solemn thing to live, and it is a solemn thing to die, but Jesus died for me." I quoted for him the hymn, "Just as I am," and he seemed to find special comfort in its message. That hymn embodied his whole creed in a nutshell. His hope and trust were in the shed blood of the lamb of God. Being justified by faith in Christ he had peace as a constant and permanent possession, and his end was peace, and he now knows the peace of God. And so we say:—

"Sleep on, beloved, sleep and take thy rest:
Lay down thy head upon thy Saviour's breast:
We love thee well, but Jesus loves thee best.
Good-night! good-night! good-night!

Calm is thy slumber as an infant's sleep,
But thou shalt wake no more to toil and weep;
Thine is a perfect rest, secure and deep.
Good-night!

Until the shadows from the earth are cast,
Until he gathers in his sheaves at last;
Until the twilight gloom be overpast—
Good-night!

Until the Easter glory lights the the skies,
Until the dead in Jesus shall arise;
And he shall come, but not in lowly guise,
Good-night!

Until made beautiful by love divine
Thou in the likeness of thy Lord shall shine.
And he shall bring that golden crown of thine—
Good-night!

Only "good-night" beloved, not farewell—
A little while and all his saints shall dwell
In hallowed union indivisible—
Good-night!

Until we meet again before his throne,
Clothed in the spotless robe he gives his own,
Until we know as we are known—
Good-night!

Mrs. Courtice To Deliver Address

MEMBER OF TORONTO SCHOOL BOARD SPEAKS HERE MARCH 18th.

On Thursday, March 18th, the Parents' Circle of Queen Mary School are bringing Mrs. Courtice, of Toronto, to address a public meeting in the Assembly Hall of the Collegiate Institute. It is to be hoped that a large number of parents and teachers will attend as Mrs. Courtice will speak on results that may be accomplished by parents and teachers cooperating in the interests of children and their school life. Mrs. Courtice is very able to explain this work, being president of the Council of Home and School Clubs of the city of Toronto as well as being a highly esteemed members of the Board of Education of Toronto for the last four years. The Circle of Queen Mary School in making this effort in the hope that these societies may be formed in the other schools.

GEORGE STREET CHURCH NOTES

Monday—7:15, Teacher Training Class at parsonage. 8 p.m. Epworth League, subject "Work in Japan."

Tuesday—3 p.m., W. M. S. church parlor. 8 p.m., Mission Circle, at the home of Mrs. Rutherford, 541 Aylmer street. 8 p.m., Meeting of the young men, at the parsonage.

Wednesday—8 p.m. Prayer and Bible study. 8 p.m., Trustee Board.

Thursday, 8 p.m., cottage prayer service at the home of Mr. H. P. Lindsay, 659 George street.

Friday—6 p.m., Boys' Own Society. 6 p.m., Girls' Secondary Division. 8 p.m., Mock Parliament.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY
MATINEE DAILY, 2:30. EVENINGS, 7.30

The World's Famous Beauty, MAY ALLISON, in the
"Testing of Mildred Vane,"
Special Comedy "The Purple Dress" Screen Magazine
Extra Comedy "NEARLY A CHAPERON"
PRICES—MATINEE—10c EVENINGS—15c

Thursday, Friday & Saturday Matinee Daily
The British Films Ltd. Present
THE ALL-BRITISH PRODUCTION
"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"
BIGGER THAN "THE BETTER OLE"

Revival Service Held at Thedford

EVANGELIST H. D. KENNEDY CONDUCTED A HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL CAMPAIGN.

During the month of February Evangelist H. D. Kennedy of Peterboro held a very successful revival at Thedford, Ont. Such manifestations of God's power, as are seldom seen these days were witnessed in the meetings. Many of the oldest citizens claimed they had never seen the community so stirred before. One night, the fourth week, the town was billed for a public dance, which was attended by very few of the town and the evangelist that night had his largest crowd and several white headed men were seen that night among the seekers.

On March 2nd Mr. Kennedy opened in Oshawa and the first Thursday and Friday nights, fifty persons sought the Lord and publicly confessed having found the Saviour. Mr. Kennedy expects to conduct a month or six weeks in Peterboro this summer, in a large tent.

Presentation By Lakefield Choir

TO MR. AND MRS. ALLEN, WHO ARE LEAVING FOR PETERBOROUGH.

Lakefield, March 10.—The members of the Lakefield Methodist choir congregated at the home of Mr. Bert Allen, to spend a social time prior to their departure for their new home in Peterborough.

After a few hours of social enjoyment, Mr. Elmer Milburn received and ably filled the position of chairman. A suitable program was then given consisting of duets, solos and readings after which Mr. Madill, choir leader, read an address to Mr. and Miss Allen who for some years have been members of the choir. Mr. Higgins and Miss Down made the presentation of gold initialed cuff links and a brass jardiniere. The address was as follows:

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Allen:

We, your friends of the Lakefield Methodist choir, have learned with regret that you are about to sever your connections with us. In our long association with you we have had splendid opportunity to appreciate your many good qualities. You have been very faithful and efficient members of our choir. We hope that your personal friendships gained during your years among us, will ever remain to you a pleasant memory.

Our fondest wish is that this friendly relationship may ever exist in the future.

We ask you to accept the accompanying gifts as concrete proof of our feelings toward you, and we trust that you will value them, not for their own worth but because they symbolize the pleasant relationship between you and ourselves and because they are accompanied by our heartiest good wishes.

Your friends of the choir

Mr. Allen replied with a few well chosen words, thanking his friends for their kindness.

Refreshments were then served and a happy evening was brought to close by singing "For he's a jolly good fellow."

CHICAGO'S POPULATION

Chicago, March 10.—Chicago has passed the 3,000,000 population mark, according to estimates made by the city directory.

KNOX CHURCH

A congregational meeting will be held in Knox Church tonight at 8 o'clock sharp.

Members and adherents are requested to be present.

ST. PAUL'S ANNOUNCEMENT

The Young People's Guild will meet tonight at eight o'clock.

The Fraser Auxiliary will meet on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers will be held on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Fraser Mission Band will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 4.15.

The W.M.S. will meet on Friday afternoon at three-thirty o'clock.

The preparatory service will be observed on Wednesday evening. A full attendance of the members is desired. An offering will be taken at this meeting for the poor fund of the Ladies' Aid Society.

LABOR BUREAU AT GUELPH

Guelph, March 10.—The local labor bureau will open this week with A. W. Taylor in charge for the Ontario Government Public Employment Bureau.

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
RubberSponges
Regular 26c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum
Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

Last Notice!

Parties having left clothing or material at Parker's Dye Works are requested to call and pay for same before the 20th of March, as after that date the goods will be sold for whatever they will bring.

R. M. BEACH
177 CHARLOTTE STREET

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to
A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Shawville, Que.

Reduction in Coal Prices

The City Council has decided to reduce the price of Coal and for quick sale the prices are as follows:

Buckwheat ..... $ 9.00 per ton
Mine Run and Pea .... 10.00 per ton
Pea and Nut (mixed) . 11.00 per ton

Orders left at the City Treasurer's Office will be promptly attended to.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh southwest winds, fair and comparatively mild today and most of Thursday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 60 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

RETURNED SOLDIERS THREATEN TO SINK THE TRANSPORT TOLOA

Military Authorities Refuse to Permit Troops to Land at Halifax

Halifax, N.S., March 12.—Conditions aboard the troopship Toloa are in a critical state today owing to the refusal of the military authorities at Ottawa to furnish transportation to their homes for three hundred British reservists who were proceeding to New York on the steamer when it was ordered back to Halifax to coal, owing to the strike in the former port. Captain Jackson came ashore this morning to receive the decision of the Canadian authorities after he had been informed by a delegation that the men would sink the ship unless they were allowed to come ashore and proceed to their destinations by rail.

Capt. Jackson states that he has no guns aboard and that the ship is at the mercy of the men. Among the 293 men aboard the Toloa are eighty-one American citizens, seventy of them claim to be American born. They all came to Canada during the early months of the war and enlisted in the British expeditionary forces. Captain Jackson contends that his orders from the British admiralty were to take the men to Halifax and disembark them there.

EX-KAISER WANTS TO LEAVE FOR EGYPT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Geneva, March 12.—It is reported from Basle that the former German emperor has complained against his residence in Holland. It is asserted that he has declared that the climate is disagreeable and that he desires to go to the Riviera or to Egypt on account of his health and that he has requested Mathias Erzberger, head of the German Armistice Commission, to make representations to the Allies to this effect.

Albania Objects To Its Delegates

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Salonika, March 12.—A vigorous protest is made in Albania circles against the designation of Turkhan Pasha, the Albanian Premier, and Mehmed Bey, representative of the Albanian Federation in Europe, to submit the claims of Albania to the Peace Conference. It is declared that they have maintained "suspicious relations" with the Turks and Germans.

ALLIES MUST FEED GERMANY IF ANARCHY IS TO BE SUPPRESSED

KIEL CANAL FREE TO ALL NATIONS

BUT WATERWAY WILL BE LEFT IN POSSESSION OF GERMANS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 12.—A recommendation that navigation of the Rhine be opened to all nations without discrimination was made in a report to the Peace Conference today by the commission on the international regime of waterways, railways and ports. It was suggested the Rhine be controlled by a commission similar to the Danube commission. The status of the Kiel Canal has been settled by the commission on the basis of freedom of the use for all nations for merchant vessels or for warships in the time of peace. The canal would continue under German ownership and operation.

THE SLAYER OF EDITH CAVELL

MAY ESCAPE FINAL PUNISHMENT ON A TECHNICALITY, REPORT SAYS.

Paris, March 12.—It will be the fate of former Emperor William to be branded for all time as an arch criminal by the solemn declaration of all the nations assembled at the Peace Conference, to which even his own country may be called upon to subscribe in the peace terms, according to the present plans of what is believed to be a majority of the commission on responsibility for the war.

The indications are that the members of the commission are harmonious on the main points. There are likely to be differences, however, regarding subordinate German officials, though at present a majority of the commission is understood to hold that they can be punished for orders given or acts permitted by them in violation of the national laws of Germany or the rules of war. Such a rule would apply to the officer who executed Capt. Fryatt, but not to the executioner of Edith Cavell, who it is pointed out, might have been technically guilty of espionage. No doubt is felt as to the liability to punishment of a German officer taken prisoner of war and found guilty of atrocities.

Secretary of State Lansing Makes Significant Address at Banquet in Paris.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 12.—"We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world," said United States Secretary of State, Robert Lansing, at a banquet last night. Lansing was emphatic in the statement that the Allies must feed Germany and give the Germans an opportunity to sell products in foreign markets if the danger of Bolshevism was to be avoided. He painted a vivid picture of conditions in the war zone of France and pointed out that it was not through pity for Germany, but to the Allies own advantage to see that anarchy was prevented in the former enemy country.

"You may demand reparation as much as you please, but unless the German people are furnished materials for their industries, and commercial opportunities to sell the products of their labor in foreign markets, and unless the laborers have food, Germany can never pay, even in part, for the evil she has done. Furthermore, if the present state of chaos continues and political power continues to grow weaker there will be no responsible German government with which to make peace; there will be no government strong enough to carry out the conditions of the treaty of peace.

"I say to you, men of the Allied powers, that there is no time to be lost if we are to save the world from the despotism of anarchy, even as we have saved it from the despotism of autocracy. We ought to make, we must make, peace without delay, and ships laden with food must enter the harbors of Germany. We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world We must meet it without passion and without permitting our judgment to be warped by a natural and unavoidable desire for vengeance on a nation which has committed such atrocities as those the Germans have committed."

SLOW STARVATION IN NORTH RUSSIA

FOOD ALLOWANCE BARELY SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN LIFE, DOCTORS SAY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Archangel, March 12.—The food situation in Northern Russia is causing some concern. Army surgeons have analyzed the civilian ration for the entire population in the north Russia district and found that it contains only 1,156 calories daily. A man doing no work needs 1,770 and soldiers receive at least 3,500 calories daily. The civilian ration, according to the surgeons, may be sufficient to sustain life through winter, but people will be drawing on their reserve strength, exposing themselves to danger from disease.

MR. C. N. BOWMAN'S ANNUAL STUNT

AGAIN TRIES TO SHOW THAT A SURPLUS IS A DEFICIT.

Toronto, March 12.—"When is a surplus not a surplus?" This sort of a conundrum may puzzle the Hon. T. W. McGarry, but it has no terrors for the Liberal Opposition in the Legislature. With a spirit and a unanimity that bespeaks practice they chorus joyfully, "When C. M. Bowman has finished turning it into a deficit." The annual performance of the chief Opposition critic in taking a perfectly good budget apart and putting it together again so that its proud parent cannot recognize it is invariably followed with close interest—on the government side with the fascinated attention of the man who watches the "wizard" on the stage pulling two score of rabbits out of an ordinary plug hat—seeing it done but knowing it isn't so. Mr. Bowman was faced with a task this session that taxed his ingenuity to the limit, since he had to dispose of a surplus of $1,800,000 before he could start piling up a deficit at all. But he was equal to it, and yesterday when he made the last deduction and the last addition, the Provincial Treasurer found a deficit of $1,544,499 staring him in the face—staring him hard but apparently not frightening him much.

GRAND DUKE OF RUSSIA URGES ALLIES TO SAVE HIS COUNTRY

ROWELL PRAISES GENERAL CURRIE

AND ALSO APPLAUDS PREMIER BORDEN'S PRESENCE AT PEACE CONFERENCE.

Ottawa, March 12.—Hon. N. W. Rowell was the first speaker when the debate on the Address was resumed in Parliament yesterday. For nearly two hours the President of the Privy Council traced the development of Canada, and showed that the Dominion had emerged from the war one of the really effective powers of the world. He outlined the construction of the Imperial War Cabinet, explaining the part the representatives of Canada play in its deliberations, and showing that the Dominion has reached the status of a nation not in name only, but in fact. He defended Premier Borden's presence at the Peace Conference, and justified his early departure for Europe on the ground that he had to be there to take up the question of overseas representation at the Congress. Canada, he said, now occupied a foremost place among the greatest nations of the world, and would be among the signatories of the peace treaty.

To Recognize Gen. Currie?

He concluded with a tribute to Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, and the impression among the members was that the Government proposes an appropriate monetary grant to the Commander of the Canadian Corps. He said: "It was my privilege last summer to visit our troops at the front and to see something of the courage and the achievements of those brave men. I would not be true to myself this afternoon if I did not, as a layman, pay my humble tribute to that great Canadian and gallant soldiers, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, under whose leadership the Canadian Corps won such imperishable glory and struck such great blows in the cause of liberty and freedom.

"I shall not discuss the events of the past summer, I shall not enter upon that subject, but this I want to say, and in this I am sure my colleagues who were with me will join, that when the Canadian boys, led by Gen. Currie, pierced the German line at Amiens, and the invioable German defense gave way, humanity was led to hope that this war might end this year and peace might come to this war-cured world."

Speedy Intervention Necessary to Save the Nation From Anarchy

(Special Correspondence.)

Paris, March 12.—Former Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, brother-in-law of the late Czar, who arrived in Paris recently from the Crimea, told the Associated Press today that unless armed Allied intervention in Russian began at once the situation in Russia would be come so hopelessly desperate that it would take years, perhaps a decade, to restore a assemblance of order and bring about peace in Eastern Europe.

Referring to the proposed conference on Prince's Islands, the Grand Duke said that the proposal was a mistake as it gave the Bolsheviki a strong weapon to wield in Russia over the cowering population. The Bolshevik are claiming, the Grand Duke added, that the Allied Governments have recognized them because they feared the Bolsheviki.

"It is my opinion that the Spartacan movement in Germany is kept alive only as a means of blackmail against the Allies. When the preliminary peace is signed, when Germany has used the Spartacans to the utmost to blackmail the Entente into sending food and granting merciful conditions of peace, when Spartacism has served its purpose, it will disappear."

Spartacans Take A Military Post

Basle, March 12.—General Anzieger reports a general strike in the mining district of Beuthen, Silesia, it being said that 20,000 workmen are idle there. Another report from Beuthen states that Spartacan bands attacked a military post and seized a number of rifles and that another similar attack was repulsed with hand grenades.

Hun Warships Taken By Allies

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Dunkirk, March 12.—Three German steamers captured by Allied warships for violation of the armistice terms, have arrived here for internment. The steamers are the Italia, the Mercur and the Pluto.

FRANCE'S LOSS HEAVIER

Three Hundred Thousand Colonists Were Slain.

Paris, March 12.—New figures on French war losses have been supplied to the correspondent by the French Foreign office. These bring the number of French dead to more than 1,600,000. The new compilation sows for the first time that more than 300,000 French colonials died in the fighting, the greater part of their losses having been borne by the Algerians.

CHURCHES REJECT UNION

Goderich, March 12.—For the last four or five months the question of the amalgamation of the two Methodist churches in town has been before the people, but on a vote the proposition was rejected.

LEGAL PROCEDURE REVERSED IN THE CASE OF DEFAULTERS

Defendant is Required to Prove His Innocence Instead of Having Guilt Established by Crown.

John McKnight of Minden township, Victoria County, appeared before Justices of the Peace H. Rush and V. Eastwood yesterday afternoon charged with having been a defaulter under the military service act.

McKnight pleaded not guilty to the charge and his counsel, Capt. C. R. Widdifield, called the accused and Mrs. Volsey as witnesses for the defence.

Their testimony went to show that while the registered letter ordering McKnight to report for service had been dated August 1st and set the seventh of that month as the time to report the prisoner did not receive it until December 13th when the war was over.

According to witnesses the postmaster at Blair Hampton, Morley Edwards was responsible through an oversight or carelessness in not passing the order on to McKnight.

It was claimed that the postmaster lost the letter and according to Mrs. Volsey, McKnight had expected such a letter any time after August 1st and had visited the post offices at Maple Leaf and Blair Hampton on an average of twice a week.

Legal Procedure Reversed

In his argument in behalf of his client Capt. Widdifield referred to the fact that unlike the usual procedure of British law in the trial of a military defaulter, the burden of proof rested with the accused instead of the Crown being called upon to prove the man guilty of an offence the accused was faced with the task of proving himself innocent. In nearly every case the prisoner is considered innocent until proven guilty but according to the law as applied in cases under the Military Service Act the man is presumed to be guilty until he proves that he is innocent.

Under these circumstances Capt. Widdifield maintained that very slight evidence is all that is required to overcome this onus. Evidence in a criminal case should always be absolute and beyond the shadow of a doubt.

In this case Capt. Widdifield claimed that his client had not refused to obey the law by neglecting to report for a medical examination when ordered to do so by the registrar under the Military Service Act. He had established as a result of most reliable testimony that McKnight did not receive the order to report which had been mailed him under date of August 1st, until December 13th and the armistice had been signed on November 11th.

With the war over and the cause which had made necessary the sending of the order, removed, McKnight's counsel, held that his client could not be expected to follow the instructions contained in such a

(Continued on page eight)

Liquor Thieves Given Two Years

(Canadian Press Despatch)

St. Catharines, March 12.—James Long and W. Pickering were each sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for burglary of Port Dalhousie buildings. The booty included much liquor, which was ordered returned to the owner.

Roumanian Queen To Visit America

Paris, March 12.—Queen Marie of Roumania may soon visit the United States. Whether the trip will be made before or after the conclusion of the Peace Conference has not been decided. The queen is leaving for London today.

FRANCE TO PAY OWN WAR DEBT

HAS ABANDONED HOPE OF HAVING IT SHARED BY THE ALLIES.

Paris, March 12.—France has, for the present at least, abandoned any hope of having her great war debt shared by the Allies. It is authoritatively asserted by one of the delegates attending the conference that what had been an embarrassing possibility has now been definitely eliminated from the deliberations, although it is possible that France might at some future time attempt to secure assistance.

The project has never been formally presented at the Conference, but conversations held at intervals since the Conference began have served as a medium for the presentation of the French point of view.

The British and American delegations have been quite frank in their disapproval and have openly said the people of their countries would be slow to endorse such a plan.

Guelph Police Are Given Increases

Guelph, March 12.—At a meeting of the Police Commissioners Detective Greeneway and Constables Morrison and Lark were given $25 increase in salary, bringing their salaries up to $1,125 and $1,025 per year. Sergeant Rae was granted an increase of 375 per year. The salary of Chief Randall was increased to the extent of $100 a year, bringing it up to $1,700, including $75 allowed for a new uniform. There are now eight men on the force, in addition to the chief. The estimates for the year call for $13,260.

TO REDUCE RATES AT KINGSTON

CHEAPER POWER IS NOW IN SIGHT IN LIMESTONE CITY.

Kingston, March 12.—The Utilities Commission has under consideration the question of a marked reduction of the power rates, but is unable to make announcement of the new rates until it receives the official report of the Hydro-Electric Commission auditor with regard to the financial standing of the Electrical Department. It is understood, however, that the electrical plant shows a splendid profit for 1918 and that with the continued operation of Hydro power the local commission will be able to materially reduce the rates this month. The commission will ask the Ontario Government to develop more power at the Trent.

UNCLE SAM HAS NEW GUN

It's Claimed To Be Most Powerful of Its Size.

Troy, N.Y., March 12.—The United States Government has placed an order with the Watervliet Arsenal for a new type of gun to supersede the famous 155 millimetre gun so popular in the late war. The new gun is larger, is easier made, shoots farther and does more damage. It is called a "one-ninety-four" and two guns were ordered as an experiment.

The first one will be completed before the end of the present month. The gun is eight inches in diameter, weighs twelve tons, has a range of ten miles, shoots a projectile weighing 175 pounds, and is 21 feet, six inches long. It is claimed to be the most powerful weapon of its size in existence.

War Veterans Plan Drive

A preliminary meeting of the executive of the G. W. V. A. and a number of the citizens was held last evening in the G. W. V. A. rooms for the purpose of organizing to raise $15,000 from the citizens by a drive during the week of May 19th to 24th inclusive. The following officers were elected:

Chairman, Mr. R. Deane.

Vice-Chairman—Capt. A. S. Morrison.

Secretary—Capt. R. E. Layfield.

Treasurer—Mr. W. H. Dansford.

The excutive or managing committee will consist of the above officers and Messrs. J. W. Fraser, T. H. Hooper, Thos. Barrie, R. H. Turner, A. L. Kilialy and V. J. McElderry from the citizens, and Capt. E. H. Wood, Capt. M. H. Park, Mr. Geo. Coleman and Messrs. S. Walter, F. Dainton and H. Yates from the G. W. V. A.

During the week in question the following program is suggested:

A thorough canvass of the city each day.

Monday night—Official opening of the new quarters.

Tuesday night—A dance.

Wednesday Night—Ladies' Auxiliary will be "at home."

Thursday night—Concert.

Friday night—Smoker.

Saturday afternoon—Grand demonstration, with sports, games and band concert at the Exhibition grounds.

Parade Is Planned By The Unemployed

Toronto, March 14.—March 18 has been set by a committee representative of Toronto trades unions as the date for the parade to Queen's Park of the unemployed. The parade was to have been held some time ago, but was deferred through the failure of the Trades Council to vote the money required to advertise the demonstration. The parade will be under the direction of President Arthur O'Leary and Secretary W. J. Hevey of the Trades Council, who will be assisted by Delegates Lewis, Birks and Watkinson.

Soldiers Return By Thousands

London, March 12.—It is officially announced that the White Star liner "Olympic," with 5,000 Canadians on board, sails for Halifax March 15th. An additional thirty thousand Canadian soldiers should sail before the end of March.

Held Fifty Police at Bay

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, March 12.—Two policemen and a civilian are in hospitals today with bullet wounds inflicted by a man barricaded in his own house while the latter is dead with part of his head blown off, having turned his rifle against himself. For three hours early today George Ondeck, a real estate dealer and expert marksman, held more than half a hundred policemen at bay, exchanging shot for shot and driving the besiegers to the cover of adjacent buildings. When Ondeck was reduced to his last cartridge he shot himself.

Half an hour after the firing ceased the police entered the house and found Ondeck dead in a front room. In a rear room were Mrs. Ondeck and her six children, lying on the floor to escape the bullets that crashed through the frame cottage walls. Ondeck is said to have been drinking and the police were hunting for him with a warrant, charging cruelty, sworn out by his wife.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1919

KINDERGARTEN POLITICS.

AS AN EXAMPLE of kindergarten politics, that editorial in the Examiner last night, "The Antis Active," must be voted the leather medal. Our contemporary weakly attempts to show that there is discord among the members of the Hearst Government. Hon. T. W. McGarry in a public address last week happened to say that the Ontario Temperance Act would be submitted to a vote of the people in September or earlier, or when all the soldiers are home. No date was specified. No one was surprised by the announcement, because the Government in taking this step is simply carrying out a pledge given when war-time prohibition was enacted, a pledge to which the members of the Opposition were parties, with a solitary exception.

Someone asked Premier Hearst when the matter was to be submitted to the people, and he stated that there was no date set yet, and that the details of the measure to be voted upon were not yet arranged. In this he simply confirmed everything that Mr. McGarry had said. Our contemporary, however, puts two and two together, and, in this incident reads between the lines disintegration and disunion in the Government.

An idle rumor says Premier Hearst is to retire and is to be succeeded by Mr. McGarry. There is no law to prevent irresponsible newspapermen from starting such reports, any more than there is to stop the Examiner from airing its views, even though they smack of the nursery.

Reading between the lines again, our argus-eyed neighbor sees evidence that a general provincial election is not far off. Wonderful discovery, indeed! What occasion is there for surprise, seeing that the Legislature is now running on borrowed time which was to extend for the duration of the war?

Yes, the Hearst Government, or any other government, that could give a reasonable excuse for being at large, will make prohibition permanent, or it will abrogate it, just as the mandate for one or the other courses is given by the people.

THE FATE OF THE DEFAULTER.

THE MILITARY DEFAULTER who has not yet been captured by the police has certainly occasion for uneasiness. If a man, after committing murder, is hiding from the officers of the law, he has at least the assurance that if he is taken he will most surely be hanged. There is nothing so wearing on the human mind or body as uncertainty.

The defaulter still at large, if he reads the papers, will be at no loss to define the fate the court has in store for him if he be haled before a magistrate. He may be given a prison sentence of from one to five years, without the option of a fine. He may be fined anywhere from $250 to $5000 and, if he settles, be allowed to depart. It seems that if there are any extenuating circumstances in these cases, the magistrates do not take them into consideration. They punish a man just as the particular case appears to appeal to them.

Two defaulters recently before the local Police Court were fined $250 each, the minimum penalty, and were allowed to go at that. Probably the eloquence of their respective attorneys had something to do with the light punishment. Yesterday a young man, who was charged with evading the Act, facing the same tribunal and with an attorney as eloquent and able as the best of them, was fined $1500 and sentenced besides to serve two years in jail. Crown Attorney Hatton was back on duty, refreshed by a vacation from his judicial labors, and he insisted upon the State exacting the last penny-worth of its pound of flesh.

Mr. Hatton is reported as declaring that such a man as the defendant should not only pay a fine, but should serve a prison term as well. It is fortunate for such offenders that in this regard Mr. Hatton cannot have his way, as the recent order-in-Council distinctly states that no defaulter shall be required to pay a fine and go to prison.

Why should there be such disparity in the sentences of these defaulters, the difference between a fine of $250 and one of exactly six times that figure? And why, again, The Review begs to ask, should defaulters in Ontario be fined so heavily and sent to jail in default for two years, or even six months, the alternative set in two other cases, while similar offenders in Quebec get off with six hours in the cells or a fine of $5? The Quebec magistrates insist upon ignoring the recent regulation providing for uniformity, their idea, perhaps, being that an order-in-Council lacks the force of an Act of Parliament, especially at a time when the House was in actual session.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

THE PUFF ADDER blows its poison into the atmosphere and, having vitiated its surroundings, consults its own safety in concealment.

If a man in private life accused a fellow mortal of murder or some other offence almost as heinous, the accuser would lose caste among his neighbors, if he made no move to substantiate his charges when his assertions were indignantly denied.

If a member of a club or of a fraternal society made charges against a fellow member or an outsider and then, like the puff adder, lay down as soon as his poison was in circulation, he would be expelled from club or society.

With a member of Parliament it is different. A representative accuses men holding prominent public positions with offences which, if proven, should land them in the penitentiary. They make denial, and the member expresses himself as having achieved his purpose by "giving them something to think about." He has gained the notoriety that was, perhaps, after all, his only objective. The accused are thinking, and so are the public, and what their estimate may be of such ethics is not difficult to imagine.

Another member makes charges, and, when they are denied, declares he has nothing more to say. Other members of Parliament continue to associate with these men who stand before the public branded as connection-mongers—or worse.

It must not be supposed, however, that the Dominion Parliament is altogether without a code of honor. There is an unwritten law that forbids one member from attacking another unless the latter is in his place in the House, and so in a position to reply. But there is nothing in the creed of parliamentarians to protect the man who is not a member of the body of lawmakers. He can be taken as a target, and has no recourse, even the courts denying him the protection that is his, save when a member of Parliament is the offender. The more conspicuous he is in the public eye, the greater his danger from attacks by the notoriety seeker, for the scandal-monger, like death, loves a shining mark.

In some legislative bodies, those belonging to it have the right to set the standard of its own members, the same right that is accorded a private club or fraternal society. The United States Congress is one of these. Public life in Canada will not reach a high plane until there is found a way for suppressing the man with the charges that are never substantiated, and until there is a steady insistence that the same code be observed in Parliament as in private society.

A CHANGE OF VENUE.

THE MORE the Military Service Act is studied, the more interesting does it appear as a piece of legislation which has really been complicated from time to time by the addition of amendments passed by order-in-Council, and the alleged purpose of which was to simplify the measure. Well posted lawyers in this city say that in their opinion the Act can be interpreted in such a way as to furnish legal justification for the course adopted by the Quebec magistrates, to sentence defaulters to a $5 fine or six hours in jail. Wide discretionary powers were given the men called upon to render these decisions.

Asked how he explained the fact that the Quebec magistrates—at least some of them—are still fining defaulters $5 or giving them a few hours in jail, even in the face of the latest order-in-Council, which provides a minimum fine of $250 or a maximum of $5000, a local attorney said that there was nothing in the new order that abrogated the former provisions. If the Quebec magistrates were justified in their previous interpretation, it is a question as to whether they are not equally justified now.

It will be noticed that in the recent cases disposed of in the Police Court in this city all the defaulters dealt with were residents of Victoria and Haliburton counties. They were dragged here for trial when, in the usual order of procedure, their cases would be heard by the magistrate at Lindsay.

The defendants pleaded this as an injustice. It adds to the trouble and cost of producing witnesses in their behalf. They are taken from their home surroundings where the circumstances of the case are available. They are strangers even to the attorneys whom they engage to defend them.

If a man commits theft or murder, he is tried by the court that has jurisdiction in the territory where the crime is committed. The Military Service Act, however, provides that a defaulter resident in Peterborough may be taken to Parry Sound or any other point for trial, where no one knows him and where he is likely to be denied anything like human sympathy, which is not withheld the thief or the murderer. There is, apparently, nothing in the Act to prevent the taking of a defaulter from Ontario to Hull, or some other place in Quebec, where he could be accorded the magisterial leniency which is extended similar offenders in that province.

Once the thief or the murderer is acquitted he is free and that settles the issue as between him and the law. If, however, a magistrate acquits a man brought before him on a charge of defaulting, he is bound to turn the defendant over to the military authorities to be dealt with by a martial tribunal.

Mr. Bumble, the inimitable philosopher created by Dickens, was too sweeping in his denunciations of the legal machinery of his native land. It is really unjust to declare generally that the law is an ass. It is only an occasional enactment that can be so listed.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE MAN WHO TALKS last in Parliament invariably seems to talk best.

* * * * *

AFTER ALL these swords are beaten into plowshares the next problem will be to secure men to run the plows.

* * * * *

A LOCAL CHICKEN fancier figures that it costs $2 a year to feed a hen. But at the present price of eggs it ought to be worth it.

* * * * *

IT WILL REQUIRE a powerful League of Nations to compel the crafty Hun to live up to the peace terms that are to be imposed on him.

* * * * *

THE POPULATION of Toronto consists of nearly half a million souls and the bunch who are eternally plugging for more grants from the public treasury.

* * * * *

NO MORE POISON GAS is to be manufactured in Germany, according to the treaty of peace. The Hun is indeed disarmed and rendered helpless to strike.

* * * * *

WHAT HAS BECOME of the old-fashioned citizen who recounts the mild winters of the long ago when children went barefooted to school in February?

* * * * *

AFTER ALL, it is no more unreasonable to fix the price of wheat than it is to set the charges of the railways for transporting either freight or passengers.

PLAIN PEOPLE WANT PEACE

(New York Commercial.)

President Wilson is safely on his way to France and the subject that now engages the attention of advocates and opponents of the League of Nations is the mandate of the American people to their delegates at the peace conference. Senators Borah, Reed and Thomas attended a banquet in New York City after the President departed, at which they told the world that America is opposed to the plan of a League of Nations which has been published, but they offered no substitute. Their purpose was to make the peace conference in Paris believe that the Senate will reject a treaty that embodies such a league, and they are supported in this attempt by several anti-Administration newspapers.

Counteracting this political demonstration against the President comes the result of the special Congressional election held in the Twenty-second Pennsylvania District, where John H. Wilson, Democratic candidate, ran on a platform containing only one plank, support of the President and the League of Nations. He refused to be side-tracked, and defeated his Republican opponent, who refused to pledge himself to do anything except what the leaders of his party endorsed. The Democratic candidate won by a majority of nearly 300 in a constituency that elected a Republican last November by an overwhelming majority of about 7,500 and which has been solidly Republican for sixty years, or ever since the Republican party was born. It is seldom that a Congressional election is fought on a single issue, and this gives significance to this by-election to fill a vacancy caused by death.

European statesmen sometimes admit ignorance of the game of politics as played in the Congress of the United States. They are confused by our lack of responsible government and the power of a minority in the Senate to defeat the ratification of a treaty approved by the Federal Administration. The backfire started by a small group of Senators will not impress them, except as a manifestation of what they regard as weakness in our governmental system. But they know all about popular elections, and the voice of the plain people of that Pennsylvania district will drown out the rhetoric of the three Senators and the Philadelphia lawyer who spoke to a hand-picked audience last Thursday evening. In London, Paris and Rome the Pennsylvania election will be regarded as the people's answer to those who deny that President Wilson is supported by the American people in his attempt to secure a League of Nations.

It is by no means certain that President Wilson will succeed in Paris, but he has the support of the plain people of America, who want lasting peace and care little about the Presidential ambitions of some of his opponents, not one of whom dares to condemn the principle while criticising the details of his plan. In the ranks of the Republican party, former President Taft's endorsement of Mr. Wilson's efforts will outweigh the casuistic opposition of recalcitrant Senators who signed a pledge to oppose the draft constitution which is worded with such careful prudence that the change of a single word in the draft will release them from their promises to vote again it.

WIT AND WISDOM

Not a Lawyer

The lawyer was cross-examining a witness to a robbery:

"When did the robbery take place?" he asked.

"I think—" began the witness.

"We don't care what you think, sir. We want to know what you know."

"Then if you don't want to know what I think, I may as well leave the stand. I can't talk without thinking. I'm not a lawyer."

Not Much of a Union

Hewitt—I am wedded to my art.

Jewett—Mrs. Hewitt has no cause to be jealous.

" 'Perfect 36' Hit by Noted Artist."—Headline.

But be calm—he didn't strike a perfect lady. Merely said that there are other perfects in the feminine world. Of course, this is no news when one considers the large number of marriage licenses issued daily.

Tit for Tat

Thompson was a very enthusiastic golfer and one day he was complaining bitterly to his friend Brown about the bad manners of some of the club members.

"Look at Jones for instance!" he said. "The ass actually crossed my tee just as I was going to drive. What would you have done if you had been in my place?"

"Well," said Brown, "seeing that he crossed your tee, I should have dotted his eye."

After the Marriage

Bride—And just remember that I threw over a millionaire's son to marry you.

Groom—Yes, but that guy was not only born rich but lucky as well.

Worse and Worse

Boss—That office boy of mine is a nuisance.

Clerk—What's the trouble with him now

Boss— Instead of going around whistling like other boys he goes around playing a ukulele.

Why Joe Left Home

"Dear Joe—Come home. Forgive and forget. I have destroyed the book of war recipes.—Violet."

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says the leader of German thought are more responsible than anybody else and she does hope old Nietzsche won't be allowed to go Scot free

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

TO-DAY'S STORY

(By Marion Weinstein.)

Gen. Sir Edmund H. H. Allenby, commander in chief of occupied Palestine and Syria, received me at his headquarters today. He had just come from Cilicia, which military necessity is adding to the enemy territory now under his administration, from the frontiers of Egypt to the village of Adana.

Gen. Allenby is continually covering "Oeta," as his occupied enemy territory administration is abbreviated here, in tireless trips from his headquarters at Haifa. Everywhere he is hailed with enthusiasm, for his powerful figure commands attention. The Moslems insist that his name spelled backward means "The Son of Allah." Jews and Christians speak of him with the deepest feeling. Haifa and Jaffa and other settlements have renamed streets in his honor.

Because of his intimate knowledge of the country I asked Gen. Allenby his impressions of Palestine.

"It is a country with a future," he replied. "The terraced hills show that even they were once cultivated. Our Australian troops have been so impressed with it that many of them are interested in obtaining land here."

"And what of the Jewish colonies?" I asked.

"The Jewish colonies are prosperous," he told me, "but those who would develop the country must prepare to spend a great deal of money with little return for some time, just as America did in Panama. The greatest difficulty is fever."

Rumors are afloat here that may reach the United States that the Jewish battalions in Palestine never saw action. These Gen. Allenby denies. The 38th and 39th Battalions did good service in the Jordan valley, he said, although comparatively untrained troops.

The man in the street, too, sees a political significance in the scheme of "Oeta." There is "Oeta South," Palestine, under a British administrator, with headquarters in Jerusalem; "Oeta East," centreing about Damascus, has local Arab rule; while "Oeta North," extending to Adana, is administered by the French from Beirut. With the addition of Cilicia, under Turkish officials, Syria will be known as "Oeta West," while the new district will become "Oeta North."

These divisions, according to their commander in chief, are purely military. Political settlements are to be left entirely to the Peace Conference. The arrangement is simply a matter of control to maintain order.

The commander in chief is fond of twitting Americans about their country's relations with Turkey. "Let me see," he will jest, "you are not at war with Turkey yet, are you?" I asked him during one of these passes if he was a Zionist.

"I have no politics," he smiled. "I am just a military man."

Perhaps it is because he knows all there is to be known about war that Gen. Allenby favors a league of nations to secure permanent peace.

"The engines of war are geting rather too much for us," he said. "Man will soon have reason to fear his own deadly inventions and destroy all machines of destruction."

"Yes, indeed. I should like to send a message to America," he responded readily to my request. "I should like to thank America for the invaluable work of the Red Cross. It helped me in every possible way. I never met an American in this country who was not out to do all he could to aid us. I am very grateful for it."

HASTINGS

(Special Correspondence.)

Hastings, March 12.—The heaviest snow storm of the season took place on Saturday night and Sunday and few pedestrians ventured out to church on Sunday morning. It reminded one that March is still tarrying with us.

The "Win-Some-One" organized class of the Methodist Sunday School met on Wednesday evening at the elected officers for the ensuing year.

The result of the election was as follows:—President, Miss Laura Smith; Vice-President, Miss Louie Wilcox; Secretary Miss Mae Simpson; Treasurer, Miss Eva Ellis; Teacher, Mrs. Lloyd W. Hess. The class has just completed a successful year and have deposited their funds in the bank until some object appears to them which they consider worthy of their support.

A boys' class has also been organized in connection with the Sunday School with Mr. Prentice as teacher in charge.

The boys were entertained on Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. D. Scriver where a pleasant evening was spent together. It is the purpose of the class to hold these social gatherings every two weeks at the homes of the different members.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Doxsee entertained a few friends at their home on Friday evening. Those present report a very enjoyable time

Mr. Thos O. Neill is confined to his home through illness. His position at the G. T. Station is being filled by Mr. W. Tate jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Preston took a trip to Peterboro on Saturday.

Miss Daisy Brooks has accepted a position in Mr. V. German's grocery store.

Mr. Prentice was called to Foxboro on Friday to attend the funeral of his grandmother. He in company with Mrs. Prentice spent the week end with friends there.

Mrs. Geo. Buchanan is visiting friends in Otonabee.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church have completed arrangements for a St. Patrick's Social to be held in the basement of the church on Monday evening, March 17th. Supper will be served from 6.30 to 7.30, after which a good miscellaneous program will be rendered. A delightful evening is anticipated.

Mr. Doughty of Guelph has arrived in town and is taking charge of the Hastings Star office. We wish him every success.

Miss Mildred Howson of Norwood called on Hastings friends on Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Wade of Roseneath, were in town on Tuesday.

Shutters that feature an Indiana inventor's automobile radiator cooling device are automatically operated by a piston controlled by a fluid in a tank that quickly expands when heated.

HER DAUGHTER WAS SAVED FROM OPERATION

Mrs. Wells of Petersburg Tells How.

Petersburg, Va.—"For two years my daughter suffered from a weakness and pains in her right side; at times she was so bad she could not do any work. For two years she was attended by the best physicians here, and both agreed that she would have to be operated on. I suggested Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and at first she refused to take it, but finally consented. From the very beginning it helped her, and now she is entirely well, and tells everybody how much good it has done her."—Mrs. W. D. WELLS, 526 North Adams Street, Petersburg, Va.

If every girl who suffers as Miss Wells did, or from irregularities, painful periods, backache, sideache, dragging down pains, inflammation or ulceration would only give this famous root and herb remedy a trial they would soon find relief from such suffering.

For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

My cuzzin Artie slepp at my house last nite and me and him was laying there going to sleep and Artie sed, Do you tawk in your sleep?

I dont know, I never lissened, do you? I sed and Artie sed, I mite, for all I know

If you tawked to a persin wile they was asleep I wonder whether they would anser you, I sed, and Artie sed, Well, Ill tell you lets wat, lets whichever one stays awake the longest start to ask the other one questions and see if he ansers them.

O all rite I sed. And I kepp on going to sleep and pritty soon I almost was and jest then I herd sumbody tawking, being Artie saying, Hay, Benny, are you asleep? Me thinking, G, has going to ask me questions. And I started to breeth slow as if I thawt I was asleep, and Artie sed, How old are you? Wich I dident say enything and Artie sed How old are you How old are you? How old are you?

20 minuits after 4, I sed. Tawking like sumbody in their sleep, and Artie sed, Who discovered America?

Me, I sed.

Youre a darn liar, sed Artie and I sed Youre another and you cant back it up or down. And I quick turned over and went to sleep on by stummick and this morning I sed, Did you aske me eny questions last nite, Artie.

You know darn well I did, sed Artie, and I sed, O, did you, G, wat did you ask me?

O, shut up, sed Artie.

Being the end of the subjeck.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A thoroughgoing egotist is usually devoid of the sense of humor.

Ignorance is more powerful in the hands of some people than knowledge.

"Good but rather too pointed," as the fish said when it swallowed the baited hook.

The girl who used mucilage to keep her hair in curl has been much stuck up ever since.

EMPIRE THEATRE WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

KITTY GORDON in **"Merely Players"** A Society Drama

See Kitty Gordon and her gowns

KING BAGGOT and MARGURITE SNOW in "THE EAGLE'S EYE," Chapter 13

"The Reign of Terror," 2 parts

ALSO A GOOD COMEDY

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND, To-day

A CHARLIE CHAPLIN sketch featuring BILLY WEST,

Entitled "THE FLY COP"

BESSIE BARRISCALE in a very interesting Drama

"The Heart of Rachael"

And MARIE WALCAMP in the 8th episode of

THE LION'S CLAWS

Afternoon—10c War Tax 1c extra Evening—15c

PARAMOUNT THEATRES LIMITED

ANNOUNCE THEY HAVE ACQUIRED THE LEASE OF THE

Royal Theatre

MR. PAPPAS REMAINS MANAGER

THIS THEATRE IS NOW CONTROLLED BY THE SAME COMPANY WHICH OPERATES THE REGENT & STRAND OF TORONTO AND OTHER FOREMOST THEATRES

PATRONS ARE ASSURED THE LATEST AND BEST IN MOTION PICTURE ATTRACTIONS

12 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

ANTONIO MORENO

ENTIRE CHANGE TO-NIGHT

High-Class Feature Drama Presenting

Harry T. Morey in "Silent Strength" Six part

Episode 11 of the Million Dollar Serial

The Iron Test in "The Masked Prey," Two Parts

Second Episode "On The Trail" Serial

Drama of Thrilling Exploits, Boy Scouts Two Parts

SPECIAL BIG "V" COMEDY

Earl Montgomery and Joe Rock

TWO PARTS

To-Night's Program, Great Variety Dramas, Westerns, Serials, Comedy and the Boy Scouts. Don't Miss It.

VETERANS WOULD RAISE PENSIONS

SECRETARY MacNEILL OF G. W. V. A. HAS CONFERENCE WITH COMMITTEE.

Ottawa, March 12.—C. G. MacNeill, Secretary of the Great War Veterans' Association, appeared at the first meeting of the Parliamentary Committee on Soldiers' Pensions and made a preliminary statement regarding the views of the veterans. Hon. N. W. Rowell presided.

Mr. MacNeill said the attitude of the veterans was one of co-operation, which was more essential than criticism. He hoped to offer information which might be helpful. In general, it was the view of the Veterans that pensions should be based on the cost of living. They considered the present scale inadequate particularly with regard to widows, and totally disabled, and thought it should be generous.

By Cost in Different Sections

In reply to Col. Hugh Clark, Mr. MacNeill said their view was that the scale should be based upon the cost of living in various parts of the country; therefore, it should be uniform throughout Canada. He thought this would be quite practicable although not established in any other country.

The present rate for widows and totally disabled men, it was pointed out, is $38 per month and Mr. MacNeill gave it as his personal view that a totally disabled man with a family of five should receive $1400 of $1500 a year.

Allowances to Children

With regard to orphan children Mr. MacNeill expressed the view that they should be given equal educational advantages with those children whose parents are alive. They should, therefore receive pensions up to twenty-one years of age.

Mr. Rowell asked if it would be a good thing to give pensions up to thta age, and Major Andrews said the children of disabled fatherss and of soldiers who had died should be given the same educational advantages as the children of the rich. There was a short discussion upon the point, but Mr. Rowell pointed out that they would deal with the matter later; meanwhile, they were simply hearing the views of the Secretary of the Great War Veterans.

It is said that there is land in Virginia so poor that the negroes can't even raise a disturbance on it.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

It does seem as though most of these health preachers have the habit of passing when they reach three score and ten, just like less learned folks. Metchnikoff, of the Bulgarian bacillus, succumbed to what he rather unscientifically called inherited heart disease of about that age; and recently Horace Fletcher died in Copenhagen just one year shy of the allotted span. Of course, neither of these great and wise teachers was cut off through any fault of his theory. The trouble with both of them was that they did not begin living right early enough to get the best results.

Horace Fletcher was so old and so unhealthy at 40 that he couldn't pass a life insurance examination. He weighed 217 pounds, had "dyspepsia" and was a regular victim of that tired feeling.

No man gets much sense until he reaches 30; most men acquire judgment and stability somewhat later. At 40 the average man is at his best—and at 40 the average man begins to mortify. Death is no sudden event, not even in heart failure; death is sudden only in the sense that an accident is sudden if you close your eyes, cover your ears and stroll through a busy avenue in the rush hour. Death comes suddenly only to people who refuse to see, hear or feel the signals that never fail to give warning that something is wrong with health.

Horace Fletcher began at 40 to come back. He came back. Twenty years later he weighed 170 pounds, was perfectly well and strong, and had the physical endurance of the best young athletes in any gymnasium and then some. Fletcher's teaching gives perfectly with Metchnikoff's theory of longevity. Fletcher proved that overeating ruins health; Metchnikoff's theory has not been proved, but, nevertheless, merits the consideration due all the works of that gifted savant.

Probably Fletcherism is extreme. Probably all our health fads go to extremes. Yet a leader must stand out forward in order to command a following. If Fletcherism, as expounded in Horace Fletcher's best works, "The New Glutton or Epicure," and "The A. B. Z. of Nutrition," accomplished so much for a health-ignorant man of 40, what miracles it might work in youngsters of 30! Still, I would not follow Fletcherism so far as Fletcher did—it was too late. The alimentary tube of civilized man still demands buky, indigestible pabulum, unavailable roughage, which it does not get if you strictly Fletcherize. Read what Fletcher has to say and follow him at a safe and sane distance. Read what every scientifically corrected health teacher has to say, and follow at a reasonable pace. But beware of the self-constituted "authority" whose only aim is to market pseudo scientific plausibility. The woods are full of them, and they have taking ways.

Can Whooping Hurt Baby?

"I am trying to teach my baby to go to bed and sleep at a reasonable hour in the evening without any ceremony. He does not like it, and he cries loud and hard each evening. A neighbor warns me not to try it any more for the baby will rupture himself crying. I do not know—this is my first baby. Please advise me.

"Mrs. C. D."

Never mind Sairey. Keep right on, and in a few days your baby will realize that you are going to have your way about it. The crying will do him good, and there is no reason to fear rupture—except of neighborly feelings. I congratulate you on your endeavor. A mother who fusses to persuade a little tyrant to take his rest is a very foolish mother indeed. At bedtime feed and undress and bathe the baby. Put on his nighty. Put him in bed. Darken the room. Open the windows. Then let him holler or sleep, as he prefers. If he finds hollering gets him nothing, he will soon learn to sleep.

Tonsils.

"Is it wise to have my tonsils removed although they are not diseased?

ANNA F."

No.

STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once

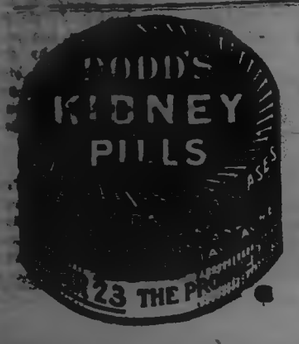
If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balms at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passago of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, o more hawking, snuffing, blowing; o more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head

Object to Raise In Railway Rates

Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners, has signified his intention, in response to a protest by the Toronto Board of Trade against his increase, to ask railways to justify their action in increasing passenger rates in February. Formerly the system was to compute the rates on return tickets at double the single fare and then deduct one-sixth. Since February 1 the deduction has been only one-tenth. The total advance on revenue received for the present year is claimed to be seven per cent. on gross earnings from passenger services.

A bulldog barks first and bites afterward.



SCHOOL BOARD COMMITTEE FAVORS AID TO PLAYGROUNDS

At the meeting of the Board of Education last night the Special Committee appointed some time ago, of which Trustee Cameron was chairman, submitted the following recommendation which was concurred in:

Your Special Committee appointed to consider the matter of supervised Playgrounds, beg to report and recommend that the Board of Education assist the Playgrounds Association for the year 1919, in the purchase of equipment for two playgrounds on school property, the cost of the same not to exceed $750.00, and such equipment to become the property of the Board. Your Committee also recommend that the disbursements in this connection be under the supervision of the Property Committee.

Changes Recommended.

The Advisory Commercial Committee reported as follows:

1st. That the Board of Education submit to the Minister for his approval the following modification of the present time-table of the Commercial Department:

That reading and literature of the first year be taught together, allowing 4 periods per week for that purpose.

That 8 periods per week be set aside in the first year for writing, business papers and typewriting. This would permit three shifts in typewriting, so that each pupil may typewrite 3 periods per week, and have 5 periods for writing and business papers.

That 14 periods be set aside in the second year for writing, business papers, typewriting, so that each pupil may have one hour per day for typewriting and 4 periods per week for writing and business papers.

That as it is deemed inexpedient at present to lengthen the present course of two years, and in order to secure sufficient time for commercial subject, the Minister be requested to permit the discontinuance of a group IV (Algebra) the second year.

2nd. That additional typewriting machines be purchased for the Commercial Department, as, in the opinion of your Committee, the present equipment is entirely inadequate for the needs of 80 pupils.

3rd. That, as soon as may be deemed expedient by the Board of Education a supervisor of typewriting be appointed.

G. O. CAMERON.

First Aid Kits.

The report of the Supervision Committee was as follows:

Your Supervision Committee beg to recommend that five "first aid kits," similar to the one at the Collegiate Institute, be purchased, and that one be placed in each of the public schools, in which there is not already one provided.

DR. F. NEAL.

RHODES EXAMS TO BE RESUMED

ELECTION OF SCHOLARS WAS POSTPONED ON ACCOUNT OF WAR.

The election of Rhodes scholars postponed on account of the war, will be resumed throughout Canada during the present year. As the Oxford colleges cannot receive more than a given time, it has been necessary to make special arrangements for filling the postponed scholarships.

Toronto University nominates the scholar for 1917; Queen's University the scholar for 1918. The date of election, which must not be later than October 1, 1919, will be fixed by the committees of selection in these universities. The scholars elected will be expected to come into residence at Oxford not later than January, 1920.

The scholarships for 1919, and following years, will be open to candidates, otherwise eligible, from any university in the province.

Notice of date for the election of the scholar for 1919 will be given before the end of the present year. The scholar elected for 1919 will enter Oxford in October, 1920.

The scholar sfor 1920 and 1921 will be elected in October, 1920, after which the elections will resume their normal course.

The conditions of eligibility remain as in past years, except that extension of the age limit may be granted to candidates for 1917, 1918, and 1919, who have been engaged in war service.

It takes a wasp to make a lazy man get a move on himself. All it has to do is buck up against him and push.

DRESS WARM AND KEEP FEET DRY

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO TAKE SALT AND GET RID OF URIC ACID.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions it is one of the most painful. Those subject to rheumatism should eat less meat, dress a warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure and, above all, drink a lot of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settin in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain allied rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning or a week. This is said to eliminate ric acid by stimulating the kidneys o normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which, overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

Analogy is merely a method of convincing without proof.

ALIENS HATCH A REVOLUTION

EVIDENCE BY U. S. OFFICIALS REVEALS THE ACTIVITY OF BOLSHEVIKI.

Washington, March 12. — Evidence gathered by the Post-Office Department and the Department of Justice, showing a country-wide radical propaganda urging overthrow of the United States Government by violence and the setting up of Bolshevism, was put into the Senate propaganda investigating committee's record by Major E. Lowry Humes, counsel for the committee. The documents include a memorandum submitted yesterday by Solicitor Lamar of the Post-Office Department, asserting that the I.W.W., Socialists and other radicals in this country had found a common cause for the first time in Bolshevism. With the memorandum were excerpts from radical publications, which Mr. Lamar said demonstrated a bloody revolution and a reign of terror were contemplated.

One of the Department of Justice exhibits was an anarchistic poster, which made its appearance recently throughout New England. It was described as a typical piece of "Red" propaganda. It denounced the proposed radical alien deportation law, and said, among other things:

"Deportation will not stop the storm from reaching these shores. The storm is within, and very soon will leap and crash and annihilate you in blood and fire."

Another piece of propaganda declared: "Every strike is a small revolution and a dress rehearsal for the big one."

Such publications as the Liberator, the International Socialist Review, the Red Dawn and the Class Struggle were quoted from at some length by Major Humes in completing the record. Hand-bills, said to have been distributed by the I.W.W. during the recent strike in Seattle, were among the exhibits, as recent pamphlets written by various agitators whose names have been associated with various disturbances in the United States during the past few years.

Upton Sinclair, Elizabeth Flynn and a dozen others were quoted from. Among editorials put into the record was one by Arthur Brisbane in the Washington Times, discussing photographs of Russian Bolshevists published by the New York Times.

Efficiency and economy are the aims of a new automatic device for mixing gas and air for industrial gas appliances so that a constant flame of even temperature is maintained.

An egotist is a man who enjoys talking to himself.

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THE 1919 OPENING —DISPLAY IN THE— MILLINERY SECTION

ON FRIDAY

The Millinery Department makes its formal Opening Display in Millinery Modes for the Spring of 1919 on Friday and Saturday, March 14th and 15th, and we cordially invite you to visit the show room on Opening Days. The importance of the new Hat in the Spring scheme of things has been realized, and the department has prepared a display of pattern models and reproductions of New York creations which show the correct millinery styles for the coming season. Come whenever and as often as convenient.

The "Better Bedding Exhibition"

Thursday is the second "Alaska Day" of the "Better Bedding" Exhibition. The Alaska Company's expert is here ready to explain just how the famous and world renowned Ostermoor Mattresses are made. One particular feature of interest is an Ostermoor Mattress which has been in use for 50 years. From this you can get some idea of the splendid wearing qualities of these famous Mattresses.

THE OSTERMOOR STANDS THE TEST OF YEARS.

Ask for the "Alaska" Electric Welded Steel Beds. They are solidly made and Built to last a life time

"ALASKA" PRIZES

These are the prizes for "Alaska Days," given to those who come nearest to guessing the number of people who will attend the "Better Bedding" Exhibition on Wednesday and Thursday, "Alaska Days":

1st Prize: Newport olding Bed.

2nd Prize: Chintz Covered Bedroom Box.

3rd Prize: Camp Bed and Mattress complete.

You will be given a ticket on entering the Exhibition, on which you write your estimate of the number of people who will attend the Exhibition on "Alaska Days." Deposit this in a box, which will not be opened until closing time Thursday night. The names of the winners will be published in riday's paper.

Musical program to be rendered by an orchestra from the Local Federation of Musicians.

—PROGRAM—

March—"High School Cadets' ..... Sousa
Overture—"Robin Hood" ..... DeKoven
Selection—"You're in Love" ..... Friml
Fox Trot ..... Selected
Selection—"Chocolate Soldier" ..... Strauss
Overture—"Lustpiel" ..... Kerebella
Clarinette Solo—"Air Varie" ..... Kochilin
Otto Gliddon.
March—"Bohemia" ..... Murchison

"GOD SAVE THE KING."

Prize Winners on "Ideal Days"

The winners of the prizes on Monday and Tuesday, "Ideal Days," were:

Miss Carrie Shaughnessy, R. R. 6, Peterborough, who was successful in winning the Brass Bed.

The next nearest estimate was:

Miss Dorothy K. Dobbin, 622 George street, who was successful in winning the Felt Mattress.

The J. C. TUNBULL Co., Ltd
PETERBORO'S GREATEST STORE

INSPECTOR MOWAT'S REPORT SUBMITTED TO SCHOOL BOARD

Attendance Last Year at Public Scoools not up to Average on Account of Flu Epidemic but General Progress Was Satisfactory —Recommends Manual Training.

Inspector Wowat, at the meeting of the Board of Education last night submitted his annual report covering the year 1918, as follows:

School Population

The total number of Public school pupils enrolled in the year 1918 was 3343, which was an increase of 165 over the enrolment in 1917. Of these 1685 were boys and 1658 were girls.

The number enrolled in each school was as follows:

King Edward	694
Central	659
Queen Mary	592
South Central	545
Queen Alexander	447
King George	406

The average attendance for the year showed a decline. This was due to the influenza epidemic which necessitated the closing of the schools for 21 teaching days and lessened the regular attendance for several weeks.

School Accommodation

The South Central School, which is a ten-roomed building and the King Edward, which is a twelve-roomed one, did not afford adequate accommodation for the pupils of these school districts. To avoid overcrowding in the King Edward a class room was secured in the St. James' Sunday School building. The South Central was relieved by transferring the Junior Third Form pupils of this school to the Queen Mary and Central Schools. This caused some hardships but no other course was possible.

Should the growth of Public School population continue normal the accommodation for these two districts will be quite inadequate by September 1920.

In order to relieve the King Edward and at the same time provide accommodation for the pupils of the South Central District, fourteen rooms would then be required instead of ten at the South Central. In addition to this, provision will have to be made for Manual Training and Household Science, and also some extra rooms for future growth. This is the most pressing and important problem before the Board.

Classroom Proficiency

During the first half year the progress of the pupils was satisfactory on the whole, but during the last half the school work was seriously interfered with by the illness of many pupils and teachers, and by the closing of the schools for over four weeks.

I find by comparison with other places that a good percentage of our pupils pass into and attend the Collegiate Institute. Fully thirty per cent complete the eighth grade and reach the Collegiate and not five or six per cent as is so commonly reported.

At the entrance examination of 1918 there were 148 public school candidates and of these 132 secured certificates. Of the 16 who failed only 6 were recommended by their teachers.

Of the 132 who passed 83 were admitted on the recommendation of their teachers and 49 passed the written examination.

The classroom work throughout the grades showed careful preparation on the part of the teachers. The desire to strictly conform to the regulation and to adhere closely to the manuals has, possibly, been the cause of too great uniformity in the methods of teaching. The best teachers show originality and resource in methods and study the characteristics of each child under their care.

Manual Training

The most pressing need of our schools, at the present time, is the extension of Manual Training and Household Science throughout the senior grades of all the schools together with introductory construction work and sewing in the junior grades. This can only be accomplished when accommodation is provised in the King Edward and South Central Schools.

Professor Sandiford, in speaking on Motor Education says:—"An education divorced from crafts is only half an education. It is now realized that a motor education is absolutely necessary to the fullest mental development. Without motor education even speech and language itself are denied us."

The physical education of the pupils received a fair degree of attention throughout the year. There are now four cadet corps in connection with the public schools.

The Teaching Staff

The Public School Staff now consists of 74 teachers and supervisors. Of these 61 are lady teachers and 13 are male teachers. Four members of the staff are graduates of University, 15 hold first class certificates, 49 hold second class certificates and 6 hold kindergarten—Primary certificates.

The number of regular teachers on each staff is as follows:

Central	13
King Edward	13
Queen Mary	13
Queen Alexandra	10
South Central	10
King George	9

There was a considerable number of changes on the staff during the year. Six teachers left the profesion and several others resigned to continue the work in other places.

The School Buildings

The School Building are in good state of repair. The newly constructed sewer at the King Edward has removed all danger of insanitary conditions there. The buildings are all well kept and everything possible is being done for the physical comfort of the children.

Medical Inspection

The work of the school nurse has been beneficial in a variety of ways. If she had the assistance of a doctor even for a few hours each week, much could be done for those pupils whose parents are either indifferent or are unable to act upon her recommendations. It is to be hoped that in the near future progress may be made along this line together with dental inspection as well.

Industrial and Technical Training

Possibly seventy per cent of our children do not receive any school training other than that afforded by the Public School. Many of these pupils do not complete the work of the eight grades but drop out of school on reaching the age of fourteen. This is altogether too early for boys and gorls to begin their life work.

The Government must provide some form of training for these young people. The education provided should be more than a narrow trade education. It must do more than give greater technical efficiency. It must be, in a sense, a liberal education that will develop character and intelligence as well as technical skill. It must be an education as will make men and women.

Schools for this purpose will be expensive both in contruction and in maintenance. Both the Federal and Provincial Governments will have to give liberal assistance to those centres where such schools are provided. Even then their success in the smaller cities will depend upon the compulsory attendance age being raised to 16 years for part time attendance at least.

The attendance of pupils at Day Industrial classes in the smaller cities where such classes have been organized is disappointingly small.

The Government will have to take the lead in developing this type of school.

Health Board For The Dominion

Ottawa, March 12.—The bill to create a Public Health Department is being drafted and will be introduced shortly after the debate on the address closes. The bill will be handled by Hon. N. W. Rowell, who has taken a particular interest in the subject. It is possibe that Hon. Mr. Rowell will be made the Minister in charge of the new department. It is understood that the bill proposes three main things to be undertaken by the new department:

(1) Medical inspection of immigrants coming into Canada.

(2) Medical research along the line of the pasteur and Rockefeller institutes.

(3- Propeganda in the way of literature and bulletins in regard to health.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

BIG CHANCE FOR CANADIAN TRADE

MISSION IN LONDON WARNS AGAINST RESHIPPING FOREIGN GOODS.

Ottawa, March 12.—A cablegram to the Canadian Trade Commission in Ottawa confirms and supplements the information published that the British Board of Trade has announced the definite removal of all restrictions on imports into Great Britain which come from within the British Empire.

The Canadian Mission in London further states that the all-important fact that the Board of Trade regulations will insist that only goods of British Empire origin shall be exempted from the rigid general restrictions which were imposed in confrmation of the war-time trade regulations.

"Canadian manufacturers and producers," the message adds "should comprehend the importance of the fact that foreign goods cannot, therefore, reach England by way of Canada."

"Up To" Business Men.

"The market here is now being opened," the cable continues, and Canadian manufacturers have a big opportunity, as stock in everything are very low. As this is business which does not involve Government credit, it is up to Canadian businessmen to make the necessary effort to get orders. Our business is to find the markets."

The shipping situation is also easier, so that prompt and good business may be looked for. A previous communication to the Canadian Trade Commission from London states that there are now over 200 representatives of Canadian exporters in Great Britain, a fact which in itself proves the eagerness and modern business spirit of Canadian firms.

BEGIN HOT WATER DRINKING IF YOU DON'T FEEL RIGHT

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

If you wake up with a bad taste bad breath and tongue is coated; if your head is dull or aching; if what you eat sours and forms gas and acid in stomach, or you are billious, constipated, nervous, sallow and can't get feeling just right, begin inside bathing. Drink before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will flush the poisons and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels and cleanse, sweeten and purifying the entire alimentary tract. Do your inside bathing immediately upon arising in the morning to wash out of the system all the previous day's poisonous waste, gases and sour bile before putting more food into the stomach.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became loaded with body impurities, get from your pharmacist a quarter pound of limestone phosphate which is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

Just as soap and water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and freshening, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Men and women who are usually constipated, billious, headachy or have any stomach disorder should begin this inside bathing before breakfast. They are assured they will become real cranks on the subject shortly.

AMELIA E. BARR DIES

Wrote Her First Novel When Fifty Years Old.

New York, March 12.—Amelia E. Barr, the authoress, died at her home in Richmond Hill, this city. She was born in England in 1831, with the name of Amelia Huddleston. At the age of 19, she married Robert Barr, a young Scotch millowner, and they came to America in 1858. Mrs. Barr was 50 years old before she ventured upon her first novel and during the following 33 years she produced her books at the rate of about two a year until she had sixtythree to her credit.

AUTO FOR WINDSOR POLICE

Windsor, March 12.—Hereafter the detective sergeants of Windsor's Police Department will ride in an automobile the same as a majority of the other City Hall employes are doing, at the city's expense. An appropriation of $1,500 for the purchase of a car for the officers was allowed by the Police Commission.

When a man tells a widow that he is not worthy of her, she mildly denies it—but doesn't argue the point.

FOR YOUR
Bread, Cakes and Pies
you will find

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)
thoroughly dependable

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

Canada Food Board Licence Nos.
Cereal 2-009—Flour 15, 16, 17, 18

"Purity Oats makes Better Porridge"

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis
People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better
PRICE 25c and 50c
Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

DOWNEYVILLE

Downeyville, March 12.—A very large crowd were present at the skating rink here on Friday night last both gentlemen and ladies. The men that were present were Messrs. Joseph and Bert Morrisey, William and Peter Murray, Charles, Joseph and James Lucas, Albert Meehan, Walter Carroll and Wilfrid Gosselin. The ladies in attendance were Misses Lily Lucas, Pearl Herlihy, Ethel Goodwin, Geraldine Murray and Madeline Guiry, the latter of both groups being the leading skaters. At the close of the entertainment, Mr. Walter Carroll was entertaining the crowd on a pair of skates called rockers. After this was over the crowd went to the home of Mrs. James Guiry where a very dainty supper was served.

The Branch of the Farmers' Club here held their monthly meeting on Friday night last. There was a large crowd in attendance and important business was transacted.

A presentation to the returned soldiers of this township will be held in Omemee on Friday night next. A large crowd are invited to attend. It was to come off some time ago, but the health officer, Dr. Earle, postponed it on account of the flu.

Miss Geraldine Murray is visiting her relatives in Lindsay this week.

Miss Madeline Guiry, who is attending school in St. Joseph's Academy, Lindsay, visited her home here on Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Percy Lucas, who had been ill for some time, is able to be out again.

Mrs. O'Connell and her daughter, Gertrude, of Ops, spent the past two weeks, with the former's daughter, Mrs. D. C. Fitzpatrick.

The bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Guiry, who had been in Toronto on their wedding trip, have returned to their home here.

ENDS AMUSEMENT TAX

Manitoba Also to Secure Land for Veterans.

Winnipeg, March 12.—Fourteen bills were passed and fourteen given second reading at the sitting of the Legislature, among the latter being a bill to sanction the borrowing of capital expenditures amounting to $12,672,000, and a bill to amend the amusement taxation act, which lifts the theatre seat tax and so deprives the province of from $12,000 to $15,000 annually.

The Act respecting the soldiers' land settlement board given second reading on the motion of Premier Norris, gives the board power to purchase or expropriate land within the jurisdiction of the Legislature of Manitoba.

Before the House adjourned F. J. Dixon, Independent Member for Winnipeg Centre, moved his resolution asking the Legislature to declare itself in favor of public ownership of all natural resources.

A true actor never overacts his part.

LAKEFIELD

Lakefield, March 12.—Nurse M. Ogilvie has returned to Toronto after spending the past week at her home in the village.

Miss Caroline Clementi of Peterboro was the guest of Miss Dorothy Hilliard for the week end.

Miss K. Atwood left on Friday for Toronto on a business trip.

Mr. Norman Crowe of Warsaw spent Tuesday in the village.

Mr. Elino Bogue of Toronto spent a couple of days in the village, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford.

Mrs. M. Osborne spent Friday in Peterboro.

Miss L. Robinson of Peterboro spent the week end in the village the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Riddle.

Mr. Roy Greene of Peterboro spent the week end at his home in the village.

Miss Mabel Gray of Peterboro is spending a few days at her home in the village.

Miss Duck of the public school staff at Young's Point was in the village on Saturday.

Mr. Oswald Brooks of Young's Point was in the village on Tuesday.

Mr. Wm. Sage of Shell Lake is at present visiting relatives in the village.

Mr. Judson Hull has returned to the village after spending a couple of weeks in Cobourg.

Mrs. Elmo Bogue and Miss Myla of Lindsay, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford left on Saturday for Peterboro.

Girl's Auxiliary

On Monday afternoon the Girls' Auxiliary of St. John's church was held at the home of Mrs. Darling.

After the reports from the secretary and treasurer were read the officers for the ensuing year were appointed and are as follows:

Hon. President—Mrs. H. A. Ben Oliel.
President—Mrs. Marling.
Vice President—Mrs. A. Watson.
Secretary—Miss Ogilvie.
Treasurer—Miss Smith.
Dorcas Secretary—Miss A. Watson.

The members of the Auxiliary were pleased to enroll a new member, Miss D. Hilliard.

After the business of the meeting was finished refreshments were served by the president.

Church Council

A first class concert and entertainment will be given in the Presbyterian Church on Monday evening, March 17, by Miss Pearl Newton, elocutionist of Toronto. Being a professional graduate of Owen A. Smily studio, the residents of the village should not miss this splendid opportunity of hearing Miss Newton.

Mr. Whitehouse of Peterboro will also assist with the program.

The Toronto Globe says:—A delightful time was spent in Jarvis St. Baptist church last evening, the program consisted of a recital by the young artist, Miss Pearl Newton. Her audience last night was most enthusiastic and showed their appreciation by their demands for numerous encores.

In the Queen Street Theatre Friday and Saturday evenings, March 14 and 15. Also matinee Saturday afternoon the great film war review, "Crashing through to Berlin," will be shown in entirety.

SCHOOL FEVER HITS GUELPH

Teachers' Salaries Boosted and New Building is Coming

Guelph, March 13.—At the meeting of the Board of Education bonuses of $100 were given to all the Public school teachers. The male teachers of the Collegiate Institute were granted an increase of $100 each to their salary, and the lady members of the staff received $50 each. Total estimates of the board call for $92,350. Instructions were given to advertise for tenders for a new eight room school to be built this year at an estimated cost of $50,000.

BOLSHEVIKI DRIVEN BACK TWENTY MILES IN SIBERIA.

Vladivostok, March 12.—Information received here is to the effect that the Bolsheviki have been driven back from the Pero Mungar railway to Osa, which is stubbornly defended. East of Ufa the Siberians advanced twenty miles. In the Orenburg region the Bolsheviki captured Kazonikoiska and threatened to cut off Gen. Dutovo's army. The Japanese report the presence of 5,000 of the enemy in the Amur region.

Loviness Comes Into It's Own Again, In This, OUR Spring Festival of New Apparel

"The Feast of Flora" in the old Greek days was a Spring Festival of rejoicing It heralded the rejuvenation of the Earth. All nature awakened to the new season and it was an occassion of great happiness. For the past four, long, dark years the World as been plunged into the depths of mourning. Now comes Springtime. Nature prompts us to throw off sackcloth and ashes. "The Feast of Flora" is here again, and the World wants to be gay. Women will dress to express joy and loviness. Fashion as gone through the scorching crucible of war and now emerges chastened and more beautiful than ever.

This Spring Exhibition exemplifies this organization's constructive work in merchandising. Glorious new modes are displayed through-out the store, each expressing Fashion's most favoured effects.

You are specially invited on Thursday, Friday add Saturday to inspect the interesting features of the new season.

New Suits

The Supple Beauty of Their Fabrics and Their Smart, Alluring, Graceful Lines Prove Quite Irresistible

Just to see the new Suits is to feel a thrill of pleasure. And, of course, Springtime would scarcely be Springtime without a prominent place being given to SUITS in Milady's modish wardrobe. One may choose the quaint little box-style jacket or longer models a la Directoire, many boasting of gay little waistcoats and vestees. The skirts are strikingly plain or with tunic effects, or bepaneled. The colors are, for the most part, dust and navy blue and kindred shades, but such bright color notes are given by rose, blue, white, or fancy collars and vests, and the touches of ornamentation are so many and so lovely that the result is anything but sombre.

New Hats

Gone is the Ostentacious Quietness Which Has Prevailed For The Last Four Years in Head-Gear. The Spring Hats Step Forth in Gala Array

It would be difficut to overestimate the importance of the Spring Hat in the scheme of new clothes. It is literally and figuratively the crowning touch. And now in our show rooms, awaiting to give you real joy, the loveliest creations of the new season may be found in both street and dress hats. Variety is almost unlimited. Never in history, it would seem, could greater selections have been possible. There are tricornes and bicornes of the Directoire days; large drooping models of strictly-modern design; jaunty little turban-a-plain sailors. The brightest of color radiate the freshness of Spring in most of the trimmings, whether they be in flowers, feathers, ribbons or fancy ornaments.

New Wraps

Featuring The Vogue of The Cape and Showing That The New Coats Are Often-times Cut With Loose Backs, Falling From the Shoulders or Belted

The new Wraps are so lovely, words are scarcely adequate to do them justice. The beautiful new shades brought forth this Spring are as delectable as the styles are different and smart. Many novel and charming ideas will be noticed in this first presentation. Every type of cloak is included in Fashion's showing; the Dolman-like wrap, the loose, swagger coat, the circular cape, and the cape with sleeves. Truly, the reign of the cloak is well established in all the glory of its graceful draperies For street wear it can be the simplest garment of cloth, just the classic draperies which are drawn into the sleeve and big collar, to give it distinction, expressed in such modish materials as tricotine, gabardine, Poiret twill serge. The more elaborate models are fashioned of duvet delaine or satin charmeuse.

The GRESSMAN Company Limited

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

DO YOU APPRECIATE YOUR BEST GIFT

People seldom appreciate anything they can afford. You cannot afford to have poor vision, but you are laboring under a delusion if you think you cannot afford perfect vision.

Dr. Fowler's expert service and his "PEBLO" Glasses will restore your eyesight perfectly, and the cost is as moderate as such high-class work can be done.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Pharm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

NORTH MONAGHAN COUNCIL MEETS

WILL CONFER W. I. CITY BOARD OF HEALTH APRIL 15

North Monaghan Council met in Peterborough on Saturday, March 8. All the members were present with Reeve John McIntosh in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. Joseph Drummond was present and complained that he had been notified by the assessor that there were arrears of taxes against his property.

Moved by Mr. Bell, seconded by Mr. Forster, that the error made by the assessor in making his returns to the county treasurer re verification of the description of property on Plan 49, be corrected, and that instead of the arrears being placed against lots 33 and 40, Plan 49, the arrears of taxes should be charged against lot 31, Plan 49.—Carried.

Mr. John Stewart was present and asked permission to cut five trees on Woodland avenue. Mr. Stewart's request was granted.

Mr. Whitesde wrote, and was also present, and stated that he was over taxed on dogs. No action was taken in the matter.

Mr. H. G. Webber was present and presented his report as township auditor. Moved by Mr. Forster and seconded by Mr Henry that the auditor's report be accepted and that the same be published.

W. E. Bell reported that Mr. Jay, the church warden of St. George's Church, had made a request that a cinder path be laid on Anson street from Braidwood avenue. Moved by Mr. Forster, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that Anson street be graveled.

Mr. George Lockey wrote, stating that he had paid $2 dog tax and had no dog at all. Moved by Mr. Bell, seconded by Mr. Forster, that George Lockey be refunded the $2 dog tax upon making the necessary declaration.

KEENE

(Special Correspondence.)

Keene, March 12.—The Oe Alva Concert Company of Toronto are showing at the Town Hall this week.

Mr. James Stewart was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mrs. Benjamine Kindred and little Miss Dorothey visited a few days the past week at Frazerville.

As the trapping season has opened the trappers of the village are busy getting out their traps for the season's catch.

Mr. Michael Kennically had a narrow escape from injury on Thursday evening of last week while driving from the station. Mr. Harold Roche was driving north with his speeder, whom he ran into Mr. Kennesily, frightening his horse which took fright and ran away. Excepting a pair of broken shafts, no serious damage was done.

Mrs. Clarence Byers and Mrs. Gilbert Honson motored to Peterborough last Thursday.

Mr. Harold Roche was in Peterboro over the week-end.

Mrs. George Honson has returned from Frazerville where she was visiting friends.

The trappers of the village and vicinity are busy putting out their traps getting ready for the season's work.

Mrs. William Kempt is recovering from her recent illness.

Mr. William Kennesily, of Peterboro, is visiting friends at the Victoria House.

Mrs. Harry Andrews has returned to Niagara after a pleasant three months' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Roche.

Miss Pearl McCann was in Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. T. B. Sharpe, of Ottawa, was a guest the past week at the home of Dr. W. T. Harrison.

Mr. Louis Roche was in Peterboro last Friday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Robertson have taken up their residence for a time in the village.

Chairman Phelan Buys Black Team

In accordance with the resolution passed at the Board of Works at its last meeting, Chairman Harry Phelan yesterday purchased a fine team of horses for that department from Mr. Darling at Fowlers' Corners. They are blacks and will weigh in the neighborhood of 3,000 pounds.

COMING FROM KINMEL

Four Thousand Canadians Aboard "Olympic."

Halifax, N.S., March 12.—It is reported unofficially here that the Olympic will sail this week from England with upwards of 4,000 Canadians, at present encamped at Rhyl, where rioting took place last week. The information comes from authoritative sources, although the agents of the White Star Line here say they know nothing of the arrangement.

Mr. S. R. Armstrong, secretary of the city board of health, wrote asking that the township send representatives to the board of health meeting to be held on the evening of April 15th in the city buildings. It was moved by Mr. Forster, seconded by Mr. Bell, that a committee of the whole council meet the city board of health on the evening of April 15th next.

Moved by Mr. Henry, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that Archie Patterson's tender for the township dump ground at $50 per annum be accepted.

The Peterborough Utilities Commission wrote re lights on King George street. They also asked if the township would pay $9 each per annum for street lamps. The township council did not feel inclined to go into street lighting at the present time.

Bylaw No. 762 was regularly read and finally passed, appointing pound-keepers and fenceviewers.

The following bills were passed and ordered to be paid:

James Morrow, supplies for charity, $3.92.

Bruce Johnston, re births, deaths and marriages, $16.80.

William Veluiff, cleaning ditches, $5.60.

Trebilcock Bros., supplies for auditor, $1.48.

A. E. Saunders, groceries for charity, $6.12.

H. G. Webber, auditor's salary, $40.00.

J. D. Manley, groceries for charity $5.51.

The meeting then adjourned and the date for the next meeting is Saturday, April 12, at 2 p.m., at the Court House.

Contented Workers Give Better Service

IT HAS been proved over and over again that comfortable surroundings lead to more and better work. Employers of labor have learned that even the lowest employees in factory or store often appreciate the little conveniences, and better service results.

EDDY'S Sanitary Paper Towels

afford the opportunity to provide your employees with a comfort and convenience at very slight expense. Install the Eddy system in your wash room, and watch the smiles. A fresh and spotless towel for every user. Every towel used only once, by one person. You would appreciate this improved service yourself. *Compare the cost of the Eddy system with your linen towel service. You will be favorably surprised.*

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada

Also makers of the Famous Eddy Matches and Indurated Fibreware.

B-6

The Ontario Government Public Employment Bureaux and Dominion Dept. of Soldiers and Civil Re-Establishment, 190 Charlotte St., Peterboro

Phone 571

The Ontario and Dominion Governments are co-operating in matters pertaining to the employment of both Men and Women, and have opened an office for this work at the above address. If in need of work or workers, communicate either with Mr. Hugh Robertson, Superintendent of the Employment Bureau, or Captain Morrison, Representative or the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. The Peterborough Bureaux is a link in the chain of offices which extend throughout the Dominion, and so can draw upon other sections of the country, both for opportunity of employment and for Workers.

FREE SERVICE

SCHOOL BOARD ROUTINE

At the meeting of the Board of Education last night the following financial reports were adopted:

Monies Received.

City treasurer, municipal grant	$11000 00
Rent Cedar street house	5 00
Government grant re Normal School	225 00
Fees, text books and supplies	356 35
	$11586 35

Finance Committee.

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Education:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg to report and recommend the payment of the following accounts:

Hydro Electric Power Commission, gas	$ 10 50
Peterboro Lock Company, for key	15
T. A. Bedner, master key	75
Alex Gibson, clock and repairs	14 50
Peter Utilities Commission, water rate to 1st Jan., 1919	78 53
Kingen Hardware Co., hardware	41 32
Peterboro Utilities Commission, light and power account	60 93
Corporation of the City of Peterboro, sewer connection King Edward	1246 68
W. R. Turner, repairs	29 47
J. Morden, repairs to drum head	1 00
T. J. Parsons, stamp	1 05
United Typewriter Co., stationery	3 95
Bell Telephone Co., long distance account	40
R. J. Soden, stationery	2 75
The Roy Studio, photos ex-students	24 00
Trebilcock Bros., stationery	1 00
W. H. Hamilton, supplies Domestic Science	3 56
Nelson Typewriter Co., typing art and music work	4 50
Peterboro Hardware Co., hardware	1 05
E. L. Payne, goods for Science Department, Collegiate Institute	66 47
Ed. Reid, account Industrial Classes	2 50
Grant, Thorpe & Cowan, Industrial Classes	1 05
W. H. Taylor, insurance	80 00

Respectfully submitted,

E. G. PATTERSON, Chairman.

Accounts Confirmed.

Moved by E. G. Patterson, seconded by Dr. Neal, that the payment of the following accounts be confirmed:

Canadian General Electric Co. account for motor	$ 141 55
R. J. Soden, account per order	98 84
Division Court clerk, amount of J. A. Ash account garnisheed	43 00
Expenses Building Committee of Toronto	74 40
M. Flaherty, account per order	8 25
R. J. Soden, account per order	235 87
Y.M.C.A., for Feb.	120 00

OUCH! RUB OUT RHEUMATIC PAIN

Rub Pain, Soreness, Stiffness, Sciatica Right Out With "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Count fifty! Pain gone.

Rheumatism is "pain only." Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub the painful part AWAY! Apply soothing penetrating, "St. Jacob's Liniment" directly upon the "tender spot," and relief com instantly. "St. Jacob's Liniment is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and can not burn or discolor the skin.

Limber up! Stop complaining! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Liniment" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacob's Liniment" has relieved millions of rheumatism sufferers in the last half century, and is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains and swellings.

S. S. McDermand, Liberal candidate for the Legislature in East Elgin, has resigned, thinking the women, who now have votes, should have a voice in the selection of the candidate.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over one inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 227, Review.

WANTED—By War Publications Limited, 1 good County Agent or Representative in each County, also Local Agents to work under County Agent. This is not a get rich quick scheme, but a fine opportunity for hustlers to make good money. If a personal interview cannot be arranged, write to War Publications Limited, 198 Sparks street, Ottawa, and full particulars will be given. Prompt reply is required.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

LOST.

TUESDAY ATERNOON ON C. G. E. car, a whip. Finder please leave at Review.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA
H. R. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
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COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
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LIMITED

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Canada Food Board License No. 8-2307
D. M. MINICOLA
—Fruit—
Cheap
Best Vegetables
Reasonable
Best Groceries
At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

JAMES FORDYCE STRICKLAND
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
MONEY TO LOAN
305 Water Street Peterborough
Phone 151

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. MATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 297½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
W. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ADA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 849. Res. 845.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—456-457 George Street Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 12.—Receipts fair, trade slower, prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.25	12.25
Medium butcher cattle	9.00	9.50
Ewes	11.00	12.00
Lambs	18.00	18.75
Hogs, f.a.w.	18.75	19.00
Hogs, f.o.b.	18.00	18.25
Calves	17.75	19.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 30
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beets, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Hay (timothy)	27.00	28.00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$2 09	$2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 15	1 15
Oats	67	70
Rye, per bush.	1 40	1 64
Peas, per bush.	1 75	2 25
Barley	90	90
Hay, per ton, (baled)	30 00	33 00
Straw (baled)	15 00	16 00
Loose straw, load	7.00	7.00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	6 00	7 00
Ditto. No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 25
Horse hair, farmers'		
Deacon and bob calf stock	2 00	2 25
	28 00	28 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	10	10
Cakes, No. 1	12	12
Beef hides, flat, cured	18	20
do. green	17	18
Frozen hides	15	16

Nova Scotia G. W. V. A. advocates a Government Commission, Federal or Provincial, to handle all housing funds, in stead of municipal or private companies' control.

Preliminary peace negotiations may begin at Versailles about March 20.

By the time the average man gets old enough to have common-sense he is too old to use it to any advantage.

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

*8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

*7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

*9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate point.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

5:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

5:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:55 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

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CONDITIONING HORSES

Must Start Four to Six Weeks Before Spring Work Begins.

Time Now to Build Hotbeds—How to Construct It, Ventilation and Watering Most Difficult Problems, Injure Early Vegetables.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE experienced farmer knows the importance of having his horses in the best possible condition to stand the strenuous work of spring. Upon his horse power depends, in no small degree, his success in getting his seed sown early in a well-prepared seed bed in the proper tilth to bring best possible returns, for early seeding and a deep, fine seed-bed mean more bushels in the granary in the fall.

The actual practice of conditioning for spring work should commence from four to six weeks before the land is likely to be ready for the plough or cultivator. All changes in feeding should be made gradually. Straw in the roughage ration should gradually be replaced by hay until finally nothing but good quality hay is being fed. Careful feeders generally save their best hay for the spring work. The horse that has been getting little or no grain must not be immediately put on a full ration. Commence with a small feed, say half a gallon of rolled oats or, at most, twice per day and gradually increase this as spring draws near until the horse is approaching full feed. While the horse is still idle the percentage of roughage fed to the whole ration may be continued large. That is, a full feed of concentrates is not necessary until work begins but something approaching a full feed should be reached just before seeding opens. Once hard work has begun the grain or concentrate ration must be gradually increased and the roughage proportionately decreased. The more severe the labor the smaller the proportion of roughage and the larger the proportion of concentrates should be fed. From eight to fourteen pounds of oats per day, according to weight of animal, should be enough for the average farm horse just before seeding starts and something in the neighborhood of one pound to one and one-half pounds of roughage per 100 pounds of the animal's weight should be fair feeding. Regular cleaning is important as it aids shedding and improves the coat of the animal. As the feed is increased so should the exercise increase.

Farm teams should be hitched daily during the "conditioning" period that their muscles become hardened and that their shoulders gain the power of resistance to prevent galls and sore later on. Preparation for the spring work should be a fleshing and hardening process, and it cannot be accomplished without good feeding, grooming and regular light work in harness. When heavy work begins, gradually increase the grain feed up to from ten to eighteen pounds daily according to the weight of the horse, and the hay to such an extent that the animal is getting a total ration of grain and roughage of from two to three pounds per hundred pounds of horse, this depending on condition and amount of work done. Always give plenty of pure water, mostly before feeding grain if possible.—Prof. Wade Toole, O. A. College, Guelph, Ont.

Starting Early Plants.

Growers desire to have vegetables as early as possible, and for this reason it is necessary to start plants like cabbage, cauliflower and beets in hotbeds. Others like tomatoes and peppers have too long a season of growth to ripen a sufficient amount of the crop to make it pay. This method gives us from four to six weeks start.

Hot beds should be on the south side of a fence or building. Obtain good fresh manure, turn twice to get fermentation well started. Put it in a pile about eighteen inches to two feet in height, and a foot larger each way than the frame, being careful to tramp it thoroughly. To do this put it up in layers of six inches. Then put on the frame, which should be eighteen inches at the back and twelve inches at the front, facing south. Put in four to six inches of soil and put on the glass. Air every days, for the first four days to get rid of the gases generated by the fermentation. The soil is then raked and made ready for seed sowing.

The seed is generally sown in rows three inches apart, about 10 seeds to the inch. When the seedlings are showing the first true leaf they are transplanted to other beds, the plants being set two inches apart each way. With cabbage, cauliflower, beets and lettuce, this one transplanting is all that is necessary. Tomatoes, egg plants, pepper and such plants require two transplantings, the last one four inches apart each way, or into four inch clay pots or quart berry baskets.

Ventilation and watering are the two most difficult problems in hotbed management. Ventilation should be given whenever possible. Even on stormy days the sash should be lifted even if it is only the thickness of a lath that is placed under it. Many growers use a piece of lath three inches long. This gives them three different distances of ventilation, and it may be laid on the glass when not in use, and will be always ready. Always have the opening away from the wind. You should also ventilate after watering to prevent scalding.

Water carefully, only give what the plant requires, especially in the early season, and only in bright days, in the morning. The plants must be dried off by night. As the plants grow the watering will, of necessity, be oftener, but care and thought should be used at all time: —A. H. MacLennan, Vegetable Specialist.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

PUNNY NAVY TALK.

Slang Phrases That Are Used by the Sailors.

If "niggers in a snowstorm" faced you on a menu, what quaint sort of cookery would you expect it to be? Well, it is nothing very cannibalistic after all, being merely the bluejackets' name for the concoction which figures as "stewed plums and rice" on the bill of fare of your favorite lunching place.

But then "Jack" gives such queer names to familiar things. To him tapioca pudding is "squeaker" and blanc mange just "Chicken food." Plum pudding he calls "figgy duff," and for bloaters he has a variety of strange appellations. "A spithead pheasant," "a dead marine," and "a two-eyed steak" are the most generally used of all. By a "half-timer" he means a kipper, and "bounty's meat" is his name for a salad. The war has added new terms to lower-deck vocabulary, and the origin of some is inscrutable. For example, "Jack" designates as "Harry Frees" the fruit and vegetables which are sent as gifts to the Grand Fleet. Men who have joined the navy "for duration" are termed "hostilities," not because there is anything specially hostile about them or toward them, but for the reason that they have enlisted "for the period of hostilities" only and will go "on the beach" (return to shore employments) when the war has ended. In sailor language an officer who has been superseded is "put on the beach," and "Jack" never uses this expression as he terms an army man.

"The Harry Tate Navy"—meaning the Motor Launch Patrol—is another war addition to lower-deck language, which is always being enriched by new additions and is ever vastly bewildering to those unfamiliar with it. For the most part, however, it consists of time-honored expressions. Of such are "bad hat" and "King's hard bargain," both of which mean bad characters, while the man who has imbibed too well is described as being "tin hats" or "three-parts seven-eighths."

A sailor who overstays his leave "gets adrift," when he is hauled up and receives punishment he "goes to leeward," and this latter may be generally interpreted as the sailor's equivalent for the longshoreman's "going wrong." The bluejacket who fails to seize an opportunity or is behindhand in anything "misses the boat." Sailors are never called to account for any dereliction of duty; they are "brought up with a round turn." In the navy "a square number" means a cushy job, usually in a shore establishment, and in speaking of anyone who holds a position similar to his own in a ship Jack will describe him as "my opposite number."

Boots are "pusser's crabs," "the pusser" being the paymaster, the lineal descendant of the old-time purser who used to sell "slops" (clothing) to the crew. Certain articles are still obtainable from the paymaster. In his own way of putting it, a sailor does not buy these, he "takes them up" from "the pusser." Between "taking up" an article and being "put down" for it lies this big distinction, that the former means a voluntary purchase, the latter a forced one. Leading seamen are referred to as "killicks," because they wear an anchor as a badge of rating, and "killick" once meant anchor. From all time the master-at-arms has been "the jaunty," and ships' corporals "the crushers." Likewise, the cooper retains his ancient name of "Jimmy Bungs," while marines are "leathernecks" generically, or "bullocks" (artillerymen), or "turkeys" (light infantrymen) specifically.

But the oddest term of all to shore-going ears was that of "idlers," once, though not now, officially used when speaking of artisans and non-military ratings who were certainly among the hardest worked men in a ship. Officially these have now become "daymen," though colloquially the older term sticks." "Dry idlers" are those who were supposed to work in positions where they did not get wet by the sea. Mostly this was supposition. Until recent years, when a ship prepared for action the "idlers" used to be armed with pikes and stationed to repel boarders. Now they are sent to the magazines and such-like places. Idlers they never were in the lexicon sense.

Her Broken Heart.

She was an incorrigible flirt, and she was married. Therefore she deemed it quite safe to say pretty things to the handsome captain by her side.

"I suppose," she remarked, "you've broken many a woman's heart?"

"Only one," replied her. "And that was many, many years ago."

She scented Romance.

"Do tell me about it!" she persisted.

"Well, several years ago I had occasion to journey up north. My only companion in the railway compartment was a very pretty girl. We rode on for many hours together, and no one else entered the carriage—"

"Yes, yes?" she interrupted eagerly.

"I never said a word to her, or gave her the slightest opportunity to say anything to me."—Answers.

He Was a Horse.

Sir John Foster Frazer was talking about the Mesopotamian heat. "An officer at the Savoy," said Sir John, "declared one day: 'When I was in Mesopotamia, sir, I sweated two gallons a day.' But another officer said coldly: 'Men perspire. Only horses sweat.' 'Then, by gad,' said the Mesopotamian officer, 'I'm a horse.'"

A Mine-sweeper.

Dear Old Lady—So you're on a mine-sweeper, are you? And where do you sweep mines?

Cautious Tar—Oh, just round the tops of 'em, lady, where the dust settles.

Greater London's food bill amounts to more than $30,000,000 a week.

Only a woman's temper can equal the warmth of her love.

HUGE POTATO YIELDS

Seed From Northern Ontario Outyields All Others.

How to Lower Mortality of Young Lambs—Best Methods of Caring For Both Ewe and Lamb Explained.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

PLANS are being carefully evolved by the Department of Agriculture to continue experiments, begun last year, which it is expected will have far-reaching results for the potato industry in Ontario. The investigations which officials of the Department are making are thorough and extensive, and consequently somewhat slow. But it is confidently believed that within a few years potato seed grown in Ontario will be in great demand not only by other parts of the Dominion, but by many districts of the United States. This, it is anticipated, will be a distinct boon to the farmers of the province.

The two-fold program which was inaugurated last year of certifying a high standard of potato seed and making a survey to detect diseases is to be carried on on a much wider scale this coming season. Reports from the various inspectors have now been compiled by the Department, and the statistics are of considerable interest to the progressive and up-to-date agriculturist. The two foundation varieties which the Department is showing—Irish Cobbler, the early seed, and the Green Mountain—have been the subject of widespread discussion. There has been much difference of opinion as to which is the better for general table use. The reports for last year clearly prove that the Green Mountain is the best variety for the general farmer. Seed of these two varieties from three different sources—Northern Ontario, New Brunswick and Old Ontario—has been experimented with and planted in clay and sand in nearby districts in different parts of the province. These show the following average yields per acre:

Irish Cobbler—Northern Ontario, 153.4; New Brunswick, 148; Old Ontario, 127.

Green Mountain—Northern Ontario, 177.6; New Brunswick, 137.3; Old Ontario, 167.8.

The general average per acre on the different plots was:

Irish Cobbler planted in sand, 151.5, and on clay, 126.1, which shows a yield of 25.4 bushels more to the acre from seed planted on sand.

Green Mountain planted on sand, 169.3, and 153.2 bushels planted on clay, a yield of 16.1 more bushels per acre from seed planted on sand.

The results when the yields from all sources for Irish Cobbler are combined show the average number of bushels per acre was 142.1, and Green Mountain, 161.4 bushels. Thus it will be seen that the Green Mountain gave the larger yield, being 19.3 bushels per acre ahead of the Irish Cobbler variety.

Printing in China.

The Chinese follow the primitive way of printing from engraved wooden blocks. The matter to be printed is first written by means of ink, upon paper which is pasted face downward upon a block of a pear or plum tree. After the paper becomes dry it is rubbed until an inverted impression of the characters is left. Then the blank spaces are cut away and the block is turned over to the printer, who works by hand. He takes care to ink the characters equally and to avoid tearing the impression.

"President Maker."

Thurlow Weed, an old-time political leader of New York, was called "the president maker." He was prominent in procuring the nomination of General W. H. Harrison in 1840, of General Taylor in 1848 and of General Scott in 1852, though the last named was not elected. In 1860 he supported Lincoln, though he had favored the nomination of William H. Seward of New York. He never held any public office.

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Aleppo Once of Importance.

In ancient days Aleppo was a depot on the great trade trail between India, the regions along the Tigris and Euphrates, and the Mediterranean. Although it has lost much of its commercial importance, it still sends to Alexandria the products of Mossoul and Bagdad.

Searchlight Rifle.

To enable hunters to accurately aim at game at night, an Englishman has invented a searchlight to be mounted beneath the muzzle of a rifle, supplied with current from a storage battery in the stock of the weapon.

Maybe It's Both.

Said the near cynic, "Ninety-nine persons out of a hundred attribute the poet's long hair to eccentricity. But the hundredth surmises that the poor fellow hasn't the financial means to get his hair cut."

Never Was True Friend.

He who betrays another's secret because he has quarreled with him was never worthy of the name of friend. A breach of kindness on one side will not justify a breach of trust on the other.—Emerson.

Quality Not Always on Surface.

Those with whom we can apparently become well acquainted in a few moments are generally the most difficult rightly to know and to understand.—Hawthorne.

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BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

HOW ARE THE GOLD-FISH YOU ARE TAKING CARE OF FOR ME-GETTIN' ALONG?
BEAUTIFULLY-MY HUSBAND IS GUARDING THEM NOW-I'LL GET THEM-
JIGGS-DEAR-WILL YOU BRING DOWN THE GOLD FISH?
HERE YOU ARE-MAGGIE!
FOOL-I SAID GOLD-FISH!
WELL-THE GOLD-FISH ARE IN HERE-
ME-OW!

JIMMY WILDE PLANS TRIP TO AMERICA THIS YEAR

Flyweight Champion of England Sees Chance to Make Fortune in Prize Ring.

There is a strong possibility of Jimmy Wilde, flyweight champion of England, coming to the United States next Fall, even should Pal Moore go across and engage him in a 20-round contest at the National Sporting Club before that time. Wilde has been thinking seriously, or rather his manager has, about making a tour of the States and then going over to Australia for a few battles, returning home by way of India.

Jack Munro, the new manager of the Stadium in Sydney, has cabled an offer of $10,000 and expenses for one fight in Australia, which means that he would give him at least three contests, netting the little champion about $35,000. He could also pick up another $10,000 in theatre work.

The Cream City Athletic Club of Milwaukee also has made an offer of $5000 to Wilde for a ten-round bout, and there are half a dozen others he could get in the States which would net him over $20,000 easily, so that his entire trip could be made a certainty for $75,000 or better—not bad for a flyweight title holder.

Big Money in Sight.

Jimmy is in the army and will have to get permission to make a tour of that kind, but the chances are that he will be mustered out before Fall. He also has some big matches in sight in London, with Charley Ledoux and Criqui, two French stars, and the Pal Moore match, which will bring him in over $15,000. With good health and a fair break in the fortunes of the ring the little champion should clean up $100,000 during the next year, which is surely going some for a 112-pounder.

It is seldom that the little fellows have had a chance such as Wilde faces for picking up big money. George Dixon and Terry McGovern made big money when they were champions, but they were in the featherweight class when they got into the really big coin.

McGoorty Busy Abroad.

Eddie McGoorty, the Wisconsin middleweight, who has been with Uncle Sam's forces in Europe for some time, is being kept busy of late with boxing matches, both in France and England. It is evident that the training Eddie received in the army did him a world of good, for he has been fighting much better than for some time past. He was in such poor shape after being beaten by the late Les Darcey in Australia that he announced his retirement from the ring. A lay-off of several months made Eddie [illegible] and he decided [illegible] did after co[illegible]. He did [illegible] the Eddie

His cleverness was enough to enable him to beat most of the middles and later, when the army order came, he joined, and that is where he has gained in condition. His work against some of the heavyweights in the inter-allied tourney in London showed that he was ready for ring work once more. Now he is matched with Seaman Art Townley of England for a 20-round fight on March 13 in London. If he wins, he will meet the winner of the Augie Ratner-Boy McCormick fight on March 27, and also endeavor to get a match with Georges Carpentier.

Snowy Baker Retires.

Word comes from Australia that Snowy Baker, who succeeded Hugh D. McIntosh as head of the big stadium in Sydney, has given up the boxing game for the time being and probably for all time, having turned the place over to Jack Munro, a well known Australian sporting authority, who will manage affairs in the future. He will also have the assistance of Mr. Jamison, who was secretary of the stadium under Mr. McIntosh and also Mr. Baker.

Carter Winner Of The Dummy Prize

On Saturday evening, March 8th, about 35 members of the De Laval Bowling League bowled for the dummy score prize. While it looks very easy for the average bowler to roll the exact score of 125, yet, many of the veteran De Laval rollers found it difficult even to get within shooting distance of this total. Out of the 35 members who rolled six of the bowlers tied for the prize in the first draw, as follows:

Barrette	126
T. Cullen	126
Byers	126
Carter	126
Downing	124
J. Cullen	126

In the second draw Barrette and Carter tied for the prize, Barrette rolling 122 and Carter rolling 128.

In the finals Barette had a good chance of rolling the exact score but could not resist the temptation of getting into the flock when he required only a pin or two. Carter, as a climax to these games rolled the exact score of 127 capturing the prize.

A Frenchman has invented a process for applying colors to glass by heat so that stained glass windows can be made without fastening many pieces of glass of different hues together.

WHEN MITCHELL MET SULLIVAN

FAMOUS DRAW WAS FOUGHT IN FRANCE 31 YEARS AGO

Thirty one years ago on March 19, 1888, the eyes of the sporting world were fixed on the little city of Chantilly, France, for it was on that date that Charlie Mitchell, the English boxer fought his immortal battle with the Old Roman of the prize ring—John L. Sullivan. Chantilly may have other claims to fame, but in the minds of the fight fans it is forever associated with Mitchell and John L. Mutchell and Cullivan first met in the ring over 35 years ago, and John L. won in three rounds. During the next five years the Englishman vastly improved in ring generalship and he had many admirers on both sides of the sea who believed that he could hold his own with the big champion. Their faith was partially justified for after thirty-nine rounds of fighting, lasting three hours and eleven minutes, the bout ended in a draw. Considering the great difference in weight Mitchell made far the better showing. It was his fast foot work that puzzled John L. and made the veteran appears at times like a novice.

If Charlie Mitchell had had a little more meat on his bones he might have become the world's champion. Mitchell came of a good family. His father had charge of a medical college in Birmingham, England, and in his youth Mitchell was his assistant. Naturally he picked up a lot of information on medical topics and had quite a knowledge of surgery. This led to the report that he was a medical student, which was untrue. For many years Charlie had a wealthy angel in Squire Abingdon Baird, an Englishman of old family, who was a famous patron of pugilism, racing and other sports, and who always backed Mitchell with big sums. Mitchell took his pitcher to the well once too often when he challenged Jim Corbett who was much bigger than Mitchell and fully as clever. The Englisher was knocked out in the third round of the bout, which was pulled off at Jacksonville, Fla.

"SENATORS" GO WEST

Four Exhibition Hockey Games Pacific Coast.

Ottawa, March 12. — Terms for a series of four exhibition games at the Pacific Coast having been accepted the Ottawa Hockey Club will leave Ottawa for the West Friday morning. The Senators will play two games at Victoria and two matches at either Vancouver or Seattle. The Ottawa team will go intact, with the exception that Jack Darragh will not make the trip.

A Brazilian living in New York has invented a machine to cast piston rings at the rate of 18,000 to 20,000 a day by whirling molten metal into shape by centrifugal force.

THE ALLAN CUP

Hockey fans may not all be familiar with the detailed record of the Allan Cup, emblematic of Canada, and the following history will be of interest to all sport enthusiasts.

The Allan cup was presented by Sr. Montague Allan and stands for the amateur hockey championship of the world. This trophy was first won by Queen's University in 1909, from Cliffsides, of Ottawa, to whom the cup was presented. The next year Queen's defended the trophy against Cliffside, but lost it to St. Michael's college, Toronto.

Cup Moves West

In 1911 St. Michael's backed up by the O.H.A. declined to meet Victorias of Winnipeg before the regular O.H.A. season was completed, and the cup went to Victoria by default. The Vics successfully defended it against Kenora.

In 1912 the Winnipeg Vics won their league and the cup and defeated Calgary 11-0 and 3-6; Eaton's 8-4 and 16-1. Regina was also defeated in the playoff.

In 1913 Winnipegs won the right to defend the cup and beat Moose Jaw and Edmonton.

In 1914 the Monarchs won the right to defend the mug but lost in a sudden death game with Regina, 5 to 4. The Vics, however, successfully defended the trophy against Grand Mere, champions of uebec interprovincial league. The Vics won both games, the first 5-3 and the second 4-1, making it 9-4 for the series.

In 1915 Melville won the Saskatchewan championship and qualified for the Allan cup playoff. Toronto Vics got the bye and went through to Melville but lost, and at the same time got suspended by the O.H.A. as the O.H.A. held that the Melville team had ineligible players. Monarchs of Winnipeg won their league, beat Falcons for the Manitoba title, and eliminated Fort Williams in the home and home games. After that the Monarchs journeyed to Regina and Moose Jaw, where they beat the Edmonton Eskimos. Then the Monarchs went to Melville losing the first of the series but winning the second with margin enough to annex the championship.

In 1916 there was only three teams for the playoff, as the O.H.A. champions would not go west. Fort William won out in Thunder Bay and the Regina Vics in Saskatchewan. The Monarchs of Winnipeg were defeated by the 61st battalion. The 61st team beat Fort William, 8-6, and downed the Vics 13-3.

Come East Again

In 1917 the Winnipeg Victorias won the Manitoba title. Saskatoon won in Saskatchewan, but lost to the Dentals of Toronto in the semi-finals, and they, in turn eliminated the Vics from the race, bringing the cup back east.

In 1918 Saskatoon won in Saskatchewan, but were eliminated from the running by the Ypres team of Winnipeg. The Ypres outfit travelling to Toronto to meet the Kitchener aggregation, champions of the O.H.A. and conquerers of the Dentals, who held the cup. The Ypres boys won the first game 3-2 but lost the second 4-1.

HOCKEY RESULTS

The following were the hockey results last night:

Intermediate O.H.A.

Collingwood	6	Kingston	4

Junior Interscholastic

Woodstock College	4	Woodstock Collegiate	2

Intermediate Manitoba.

Tuxedo M.H.	7	Port la Prairie	0

Junior Northern.

xStratford	8	Chesley	0

Pacific Coast.

xVancouver	11	Victoria	8

Abbott Cup.

xRegina	3	Win. Lutherans	1

xPlayed Monday.

Collingwood Has A Two Goal Lead

Toronto, March 12.—Collingwood last year's champions, secured a two-goal lead last night at the Arena in the first of the two games for the intermediate O.H.A. championship, when they defeated Kingston by the score of 6 to 4. The winners led 2 to 0 at the end of the first period and 3 to 1 at the end of the second. The second game will be played tomorrow night at the Arena.

It was another case of the favorites being beaten, for the Kingston supporters soon made the Blue and White from the Limestone City the odds-on favorites. However, they may again be made favorites tomorrow night, as the losers showed just as much hockey ability as the winners, but were unlucky when close in, and R. Milan alone missed enough opportunities to put his team in front on the night's play.

Collingwood were much the heavier team and appeared a better balanced one, but Kingston had a trifle on the Northerners for speed. Where the game was won and lost, though, was the difference between the two defences. Collingwood were steady, while their opponents were inclined to roam. They showed very poor judgment on the second goal of the game, when during a face-off out in front of the Kingston net they allowed G. Foulis, who faced off, to walk right in with the puck.

Collingwood—Goal, Cook; defence, Belcher and McLeod; centre, J. Foulis; right wing, Fryer; left wing, Sanderson. Subs.—Herberts and Burns.

Kingston—Goal, Walsh; defence, Hagerman and Brown; centre, R. Millan; left wing, Smith; right wing, Kerry Millan. Subs.—Elmer and Derry.

Referee—Lawson Whitehead.

High Rollers Win Two From C. G. E.

Last night in a Ten Pin League match the High Rollers won two of three games from the C.G.E. team. The C. G. E. fought hard all the way and came through with a victory by winning the last game by a one-pin margin. For the High Rollers Solomon, Hayes and Thompson topped the 500 mark. For the C. G. E., Fielder had 532 for a total. The scores:

High Rollers

Thompson	216	178	149—	543
Hayes	140	105	175—	520
Mitzer	171	121	153—	445
Thomas	124	138	170—	432
Solomon	176	194	189—	559
	827	836	836—2499	

Can. Gen. Electric

Fielder	156	193	183—	532
Cranfield	174	146	170—	490
Villeneuve	161	155	167—	483
Fair	113	177	147—	437
Jackson	184	145	170—	449
	738	816	837—2391	

Ferocious Rhino.

The rhinoceros would be just as formidable as the buffalo were his sight as good. But he has to go a bit slowly because of dependence on the sense of smell. Once within a few yards of his object, where his weak eyes can distinguish it—then look out! His charge is something terrible, and the only safe place is a tree. When African natives are asked what animal they most fear, nearly all of them do not hesitate to say the rhino.

Naval Names Perpetuated.

Few of the famous British regiments still bear the names under which their early battle honors were won, but the navy—whose record of fame dates from a much earlier period than the army—has consistently followed the policy of perpetuating her famous names. The name of a famous battleship is handed down to a capital ship, while a famous frigate or sloop is perpetuated in a modern gunboat or fight cruiser.

Canadian Cities Want Prize Fight

New York, March 11.—Tex Rickard, promoter of the Willard-Dempsey heavyweight fight, returned to this city after a tour of the West without any definite idea of where the ring battle will be staged. He found waiting him here as many telegrams offering sites for the contest as he had received on his trip.

He stated that he had not decided upon any particular place as yet, and did not expect to make any announcement for several weeks at least. He has fully decided to hold the bout on July 4th, and under the contract is not obliged officially to fix the location before May 4. He intimated, however, he would prefer staging the contest in the East.

His offers included one of $160,000 from Pocatello, Idaho, and another of $165,000 from Idaho Falls, Idaho. Other sections or states which offered sites included Halifax, Quebec, Globe, Ariz.; Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Nevada, Ohio, Louisiana and Texas.

Rickard said that under no circumstances would he sell the rights to the fight, for he expected to stage the contest himself. Insurance policies for $50,000 upon each of the principals and one of twice that amount upon Rickard will be signed tomorrow. They cover illness, accident or death up to the time the bout actually begins.

Willard is Reducing

According to Rickard, Willard has already begun training and reports a reduction in weight of 11 pounds at the end of the first week. The champion's training includes a complete change of dieting. It will be some time before he begins active ring work against sparring partners who will be selected within the next two weeks.

LACKING QUORUM HOUSE ADJOURNS

Ottawa, March 12.—Even Ottawa is tired of talking. For several days Parliament has tamefully endured its annual talkfest on the motion in reply to the Speech from the Throne. But as the debate slows up and the form sheet indicates an almost endless procession of "also rans" still to perform, the Commoners seek other centres of entertainment.

For the second time in the history of the Canadian Parliament the debate on the Address terminated abruptly shortly after 10 o'clock tonight for want of a quorum. The member for East York, Mr. Tom Foster, was speaking at the time, but that was not the immediate reason for the incident which caused a sensation in the corridors. Mr. F. T. Pelletier of Malane, who preceded Mr. Foster, opened his address in French, and no sooner had he uttered the words "Monsieur l'Orateur" than the Unionist members made a bolt for the door, a very unfortunate habit they have fallen into when a French member is speaking. Of 150 Government supporters only Mr. Carvell, Mr. Elkin and Mr. Tom Foster remained in the Chamber, while there were seven or eight members of the Opposition present. Mr. Pelletier suddenly concluded and Mr. Foster took the floor. He had only got nicely started when Mr. Demers drew the attention of the Deputy Speaker to the fact that nearly all the members were absent. The House was immediately declared adjourned for lack of a quorum.

Rubber boots have been invented with hollows between their outer surfaces and linings which can be filled with hot water to keep wearers' feet warm.

Great fuel economy is claimed for a new hotel gas range in which much of the heat from the upper burners is added to that from the lower before it passes out through flues.

To enable a man with one leg mount a bicycle or rest while ri[illegible] a European inventor has patented small wheel to be attached [illegible] one side of the frame of a ma[illegible]

For the use of retailers a [illegible] china has been designed that [illegible] ses in small quantities without [illegible] lard taken from a 50 pound p[illegible] verted up top of the device.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches Toronto to Vancouver.
Travel via the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of route at no extra charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Hotel Vancouver," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Tourists should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Apply Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
Hard Wood $12 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

LUMBER
Builders' supplies of all kinds. Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Sash and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Slabs and Mill Wood.
Alf. McDonald Estate

Reduction in Coal Prices

The City Council has decided to reduce the price of Coal and for quick sale the prices are as follows:

Buckwheat	$ 9.00 per ton
Mine Run and Pea	10.00 per ton
Pea and Nut (mixed)	11.00 per ton

Orders left at the Treasurer's Office will be promptly attended to.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches
In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.
CLOCKS, JEWELRY
Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.
Schneider's
207 George St. Next Turnbull's

Sues For Damages Because of Charge

OFFICER OF FRATERNAL LODGE BRINGS ACTION AGAINST GRAND SECRETARY.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 12.—Suit for damages in an action of particular interest to members of fraternal societies is to be entered by Richard Neveau of this city. Neveau, an officer of the Niagara Falls Lodge of the Canadian Order of Foresters, was accused by Grand Secretary Martin of Toronto with being short $31 in his returns, and Martin wrote Neveau that unless the amount was paid immediately he would take criminal proceedings. To avoid trouble Neveau sent the money and then brought suit in Division Court here against Martin and the High Court to get it back. Judge Livingstone, who tried the case, has given Neveau the amount, with costs, and the judge called Martin's threat to institute criminal proceedings high-handed action.

Neveau has instructed his counsel, F. W. Griffiths, of this city, to bring suit for damages against Martin and the High Court because he was accused of a criminal offence.

TO COMPLETE H. B. RAILWAY

Western Members Want To See It Finished This Year.

Ottawa, March 12.—Members from the prairie provinces are continuing to press the Government for a definite announcement that the Hudson Bay Railway will be completed this year. Frequent conferences are being held with the ministers, and it is stated that the outlook for government action is improving, and that at least a portion of the ninety miles of track required to complete the road may be laid during the coming summer.

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Yours Eyes Will Tell You

If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKinty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge work and accurately-fitting dentures.

AUCTION SALE.

Pure bred Holsteins and Grades, Horses, Pigs, and Farm Implements, at Christopher Howson's, Lot 12, Con. 10, Otonabee, on Wednesday, March 19, at 1 o'clock. Everything must be sold, as I Mr. Howson has sold his farm and is retiring. You are invited to attend this sale.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

On and after April 1st, the scale of wages of the Hoisting Engineers of Local No. 630, of the International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers of this city will be 65c per hour.

THOS. DARRAH, Pres.
JAMES PASSMETT, Sec. Treas.

SHAMROCK TAG DAY

St. Peter's Ladies' Aid is tending holding their annual Tag Day in aid of St. Vincent's Orphanage, on Saturday, March 15th.

We hope those who so generously contributed in the past will still kindly remember the poor children. We all need the prayers of the little children and the orphans pray daily for their benefactors so help them please on Tag Day.

"SHAUN RUE"

Don't fail to see Irish Romantic Comedy Drama, March 17, Plan opens Friday, 10 a.m.
GEO. F. LYNCH.

AT ST. LUKE'S CHURCH

The subject of the illustrated lecture at the mid-week lantern service at St. Luke's service tonight at 7.30 will be "The Mission Field in South America."

LENTEN SERVICE AT ALL SAINTS'

Tonight the Rector will continue his series of illustrated address on "The seven words from the cross." service at 7.30 in the parish hall.

PEDIGREED BULLS.

The Holstein Bulls Numbers 7 and 8 in the advertisement of Mr. Christopher Howson's sale in Otonabee on March 19th, are from the herd of Mr. W. A. Anderson. They are from good officially tested cows sired by Rauwerd May Echo Champion, son of the great Canadian 29,000 pound cow and the only full brother of May Echo Sylvia, holding all world's milk records from one to one hundred days, and dam of the $106,000 bull sold to the Carnation Farms last year.

PREPARATORY SERVICE TONIGHT

Preparatory service will be held in St. Paul's Church at 8 o'clock tonight The session will meet at 7.30 for the reception of new members.

MURRAY STREET CHURCH NOTES

Tonight—Wednesday, 8 o'clock, midweek service.

Wednesday—3 o'clock meeting of pew committee.

Thursday—Deacon's Meeting at the home of J. G. Gillespie, 110 Lock Street.

Thursday—Choir rehearsal.

Friday—3 o'clock—Miss Marjory Grattan of Toronto will be the guest of the older classes of girls and will address them.

CONSERVATORY ORCHESTRA

The Conservatory orchestra practice tonight. A full attendance is requested.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. F. W. Reynolds and son Charles of Bethany are visiting friends in the city.

Returned Soldier At the "Y" Alleys

L. W. Copp who has recently returned from overseas, has taken charge of the Bowling Alleys of the Y. M. C. A. The Alleys have been put in excellent shape and good live wires are on the job as pin boys. The alleys will be open every evening from 7 to 10 p.m.

Come and see what you can do towards establishing a record, single and three game scores. The new league of ten three men teams is being organized.

Hustlers' Class At Murray Street

March 11, marked the third birthday of the Murray Street Hustler's Club. The Mothers and Sisters of fellows gathered and prepared an excellent repast.

When all appetites were appeased the business of the evening began.

Mr. Roy B. White moved a vote of thanks to the ladies, to which Mrs. David Eastwood replied.

Mr. Arthur S. Zavitz teacher of the class, brought a New Year's Message which was followed by the routine reports. The election of officers then took place as follows:

Honorary Pres.—Mr. Jos. Wearing.
President—Mr. R. Allen Lewis, (re-elected).
Vice-President—Mr. Louis Smith.
Secretary—Mr. Jack L. Browne.
Treasurer—Mr. W. Harvey Webber.

The committees are: Membership: Mr. E. R. Armstrong (convenor); Messrs Morgan Cottingham, Wilmot, Brewett and Roy B. White.

Social—Mr. Jim Hum (convenor); Messrs Percy Johnson. Allen Doughty and Grahame Eastwood.

Athletic—Mr. Morgan Cottingham, (convenor, re-elected); Messrs Allen Doughty, Roy White and Clifton Prophet.

Mr. Joseph Wearing, the honorary president, spoke on "Choosing the right path," in which he pointed out the imperative need of Christ as the young man's example.

Rev. J. R. Webb then spoke and in conclusion called upon the boys to show Mr. Zavitz their love for him by their applause. They did.

The meeting adjourned after the singing of the National Anthem.

Womens Auxiliary Of All Saints

In the Parish Hall yesterday afternoon the Women's Auxiliary of All Saints' Church held their annual meeting, received reports covering the business of the year and elected officers for 1919.

At the conclusion of the business, refreshments were served and a pleasant social time spent. The period just concluded has been most successful from the standpoint of the Auxiliary and its work and the members were well satisfied with the results attained. Officers for the ensuing year are:

Hon. Pres.—Miss Chamberlain.
Pres.—Mrs. Harris.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Davidson.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Gilbert.
Secretary—Mrs. Brown.
Treasurer—Mrs. Beatty.
Dorcas Committee—Mrs. Davidson Mrs. Crowe and Mrs. Seaman.
Leaflet Secretary—Mrs. Connolly.
Junior Superintendent—Mrs. Alexander.
Superintendents of Babys' Branch—Mrs. T. W. Davidson and Mrs. Smeaton.
Literature Secretary—Mrs. Davidson.
Delegates to Toronto—Mrs. Connolly, Mrs. Davidson and Mrs. Bloice.

Spring 1919

Special Display of Millinery
Thursday, March 13 and following days

Phone 1021-w Miss J. Horsfield 436 George St.
Over T. S. and Loan

AVOID INDIGESTION BY SIMPLE RULE

If You Eat Fried Food, You Follow With a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet Then You Won't Have Indigestion. Be Sure To Do This.

You get ravenous when you smell something frying. But you won't eat it because it hurts your stomach. But after it take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. There will be no gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning. And whenever you are troubled, eat a tablet as soon as possible and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct the faults of a weak or overworked stomach; they do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for banqueters and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food apt to cause stomach derangement from the food. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents, in any drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

Life Membership For Mrs. Conway

GIRLS' AUXILIARY OF ST. JOHN'S HOLD THEIR ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Girl's Auxiliary was held in the Guild Room last night, and in spite of weather conditions, there was a good attendance.

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer which were read and adopted, showed a very successful year for the society.

In addition to their usual Mission Work, the girls packed a large bale of clothing and comforts for the Blackfoot Home.

Financial Statement

Receipts $172.15
Expenditure 115.38
Balance $56.77

Officers elected for the ensuing year were:

Hon. Pres.—Mrs. W. E. Conway.
President—Miss R. Quartermaine.
Vice Pres.—Miss D. Fenwick.
Treasurer—Miss F. Corcoran.
Dorcas Sec.—Miss V. Bell.
E.C.D.—Miss Parks.
Thankoffering—Miss G. Crowe.
Literary Sec—Miss E. Wood.

After the business meeting a social hour was spent. A presentation of "Life Membership" in the society was made to Mrs. W. E. Conway, the retiring president. The following address which was handsomely penned by Mr. T. Q. Quartermaine, was read by Miss E. Wood.

Dear Mrs. Conway:—

It is our greatest regret that we shall no longer have you for President and Leader of our Girls' Auxiliary.

We could not let this occasion pass without trying to show, in some slight way, our deep appreciation of your very valuable and faithful services, and we ask you to accept this "Certificate" and "Badge of Life Membership" of our Society.

These bind you to us, and we trust will keep you closely in personal touch with us all.

In conclusion we most sincerely hope that you will soon be fully restored to robust health.

Signed on behalf of the members of St. John's Girls' Auxiliary.

RUBY QUARTERMAINE, Sec'y.
ESSIE V. WOOD, Acting Pres.

Mrs. W. M. Laing presented the Life Membership Pin.

Mrs. Conway expressed her thanks to the girls, and Canon Davidson, on her behalf, made a suitable reply.

Light refreshments were served and the meeting closed with prayer.

Special Services At Mark Street

The special services at Mark Street Methodist Church are marked by increased attendance and deepening interest. On Monday Rev. M. Manning, of Peterborough, preached a most helpful sermon on the "Consequence of Good and evil in Human Life." Last evening Rev. W. H. Higgs, chairman of Peterborough District, spoke on "the Knowledge of God and spiritual life." The services were much enjoyed. Tonight Mr. W. T. Wickett of Bethany will be the speaker. A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in this work.

For hiding heating radiators metal covers painted to imitate wood have been invented, coutpped with shutters which are automatically closed by a thermostat when a desired temperature is reached.

It is easy to convert the average man to any theory than promises to benefit him financially.

WILL ADVERTSE FOR PLANS FOR NEW SCHOOL BUILDING

Action Decided Upon at Meetnig of Board of Education Last Night—Proposed Memorial at Collegiate Institute

A communication from the Board of Works of the city was read at the meeting of the Board of Education last night in which Alderman Phelan, the chairman of the former, suggested that an arrangement might be made whereby the grounds of the King George school could be levelled by removing earth from it to use for the fill in the new Hunter street bridge.

It was decided to leave this matter until such time as the snow was off the ground when a committee from the Board of Education could go to the school grounds with some of the members of the Board of Works and talk the matter over at the scene of the proposed action.

A resolution of condolence with Mrs. Denham in the death of her husband, Mr. W. H. Denham was introduced by Mr. E. G. Patterson, seconded by G. O. Cameron—passed. Mr. Denham had been a member of the Advisory Committee of the Board.

At last night's meeting a letter was read from the president of the Y. M. C. A. claiming that the rate being paid by the Collegiate Institute at present for the use of the gymnasium and the time of the trainer was not sufficient and asking that the present scale of $120 a month be increased to $200. This matter was referred to the Supervision Committee.

Building a New School.

Mr. E. G. Patterson, who is chairman of the committee which has been asked to look into the matter of building the new school, stated last night that although the committee had been spending a great deal of time upon the question, he could only report progress.

In view of the fact that this was the second time Mr. Patterson has made A report of this kind Mr. Cameron felt that the committee must be hampered in some way and proposed extending its powers.

Mr. Gordon thought that it was already invested with all the powers which should be entrusted to a committee. He did not believe in allowing it such scope as would make it possible for part of the Board to commit the remaining members to a policy with which they might not be in sympathy and in the adoption of which they had not been consulted.

Upon motion of Trustee Gordon and Trustee Worth, the chairman of the Board and the secretary, were to advertise in the Mail and Empire and both local papers that the Building Committee are now ready to receive plans for the construction of the new school but that these would be paid for only in the event of their acceptance. A copy of this resolution is to be forwarded to each of the local architects who it is understood will receive preferential consideration as far as is compatiable with good business.

Memorial at Collegiate.

Mr. Gordon thought that there should be a fountain, suitably inscribed, or some other form of memorial erected at the Collegiate for the students and former students of the institution which have fallen in the war. He proposed that the Building Committee look into this matter also but Mr. Greene and Mr. Patterson objected upon the grounds that they were already overloaded with work and they introduced an amendment which was carried, appointing Messrs. Gordon, Cameron, Worth and McKone the members who are not upon the Building Committee to take charge of this proposition.

HON. BOB ROGERS TO DIE IN PARTY

BELIEVES THAT TERM OF LIFE OF UNIONISM ABOUT UP.

Hon. Robert Rogers told the Central and South Toronto Conservatives in Victoria Hall last night that he intends to die in the Conservative party faith. They took it to mean that he is coming back into party politics in a restored Conservative party, and cheered the announcement loudly. Mr. Rogers gave his reasons under three heads: (1) The Union government at Ottawa is a war government, and its time is about up; (2) the present unrest all over the Dominion demands that the Conservative party, should take command, because it is the only party that knows how to command in a crisis; (3) the representatives of Union government did not vote, when in London, for a resolution against enemy aliens proposed by Premier Massey of New Zealand, seconded by Premier Hughes of Australia, and supported by the governments of the other portions of the British Empire.

AT THE ROYAL

Motion picture fans in Peterboro and surrounding country will be interested to know that the lease of the Royal Theatre has been taken over by the Paramount Theatres Limited. It is this Company which operates the Regent and Strand Theatres in Toronto, the St. Denis, in Montreal, the Strand in Ottawa, as well as a chain of large theatres that extends almost across the Dominion. Thus there is every reason to believe that from a motion picture point of view, Peterboro has been put on the map in a way which she has not enjoyed in the past.

Under the new arrangement Mr. Pappas will remain the resident manager. The assurance has been given by the new controlling interests that the greatest pictures produced will be presented at the Royal from time to time, and that the standard of the general run of pictures presented will be greatly enhanced in Peterboro because of this purchase.

Not only will the greatest Motion Picture Stars in the world be seen here, but special attention will be given to the general pictures presented as well as the manner in which they are shown, the comfort of patrons and all else which goes to make a theatre up-to-date and a general asset to the community.

Annual Meeting Women's Auxiliary

The annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary (St. John's Branch) took place yesterday afternoon when the President presided over a very large attendance. The reports showed that greater interest was taken in the work, all obligations having been met. The following are the officers elected for the year:—

President—Mrs. C. Abbott.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. A. L. Amys.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Miss Peck.
Secretary—Mrs. J. Devey.
Treasurer—Mrs. A. W. Turner.
Literary Secretary—Mrs. J. C. Davidson.
Leaflet Secretary—Mrs. Cooper.
Dorcas Secretary—Mrs. A. G. Roberts.
Dorcas Treasurer—Mrs. Evans.
Babies Branch Sec.—Mrs. E. Turner.
Visiting Convener—Mrs. Cuffe.
Superintendent of Juniors—Mrs. Fessenden.
United Thankoffering—Mrs. Mul-Holland.
Extra-Cent-a-Day—Mrs. Fessenden.
Organist—Mrs. Fessenden.

The ex-officio members appointed by the Rector to the executive committee are Mrs. Aylmer and Mrs. W. H. Roberts.

Trinity Church Meeting Tonight

The congregation of Trinity Church will meet tonight in the S. S. Hall on Reid street to hear the report of the Canvassing Committee. A short program will be given to be followed by a social half hour and refreshments. Every family is asked to send representatives.

MINISTERS ARE SCARCE.

A serious shortage of trained preachers is threatened in the next few years in the Canadian churches. The scarcity of students for supplying the home mission fields is a problem that is becoming more difficult from year to year. This year, notwithstanding the release of thousands of men from the fields of battle, recruits for the ministry have not yet been forthcoming.

When a man is out of money he doesn't show any; but when a man is out of temper he shows a lot of it.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TO-DAY — LAST TIME — TO-DAY
EVENINGS, 7.30
The World's Famous Beauty, MAY ALLISON, in the
"Testing of Mildred Vane,"
Special Comedy "The Purple Dress" Screen Magazine
Extra Comedy "NEARLY A CHAPERON"
PRICES—EVENINGS—15c

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY
FIRST FORMAL OPENING UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT
THE ALL-BRITISH PRODUCTION
"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"
BIGGER THAN "THE BETTER OLE"
ALICE HOWELL in "HOOT TOOT"
"The BORDER TERROR" And a Big Comedy Drama
Special All-Star Comedy SCREEN MAGAZINE
SPECIAL VAUDEVILLE ACT
DON'T MISS THIS BIG PROGRAM
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES Matinee 10c Evenings 15c

LEGAL PROCEDURE

(Continued from page one)

letter. Had he done so he would have found, in all probability, upon arriving in Toronto that the medical board had long since ceased to sit and would have had to return to his home again suffering useless expense.

Capt. Widdifield pressed for an acquittal upon the grounds that a conviction militated against the good character of a man in the future. McKnight was a law abiding citizen with a good record in the past and it was a most serious action to place a black mark against a man's name except in cases where the evidence was of such a conclusive character as to warrant a conviction.

If This is Justice

The principles of fair play, which characterize the British Law demand that a man be considered innocent of any charge preferred against him until he is proven guilty. As this procedure is reversed in the Military Service Act, in dealing with such cases as the one before the court very slight proof should be sufficient to obtain an acquittal. If this were not so the law would be so tyrannical that Capt. Widdifield declared in conclusion that he would regret having ever gone overseas and been wounded in defense of it.

Renewal Granted

Their Worships after hearing the case for the Crown, as presented by Mr Hatton, the Crown Attorney, decided to accede to the request of Capt. Widdifield for an adjournment until Friday afternoon when Morley Edwards, the post master, at Blair Hampton can be produced as a witness.

Capt. Widdifield, assuming that their worships suspected collusion between his client and the postmaster whose carelessness had been responsible for the delay in delivering McKnight's order to report for a medical examination took steps at once to have him subpoenaed as a witness. He will testify when the case is resumed on Friday.

DON'T MISS IT

After one week of preparation the Grand Opera House will open on Thursday under the management of A. J. Small with an all-star program of pictures and vaudeville, positively the biggest program ever seen in Peterborough, and the theatre goers of the city who relish good clean pictures and vaudeville are assured of a special treat. Commencing Thursday matinee the all-star program, headed by the Great British film, "Kiddies in the Ruins," and a special feature, Alice Howell in "Hoot Toot," with vaudeville intermingled and 10 other reals of high-class comedies, will make the bill one the greatest entertainments ever seen here. Don't miss it

Patents have been granted to a Japanese for apparatus for treating diseases by applications of heat gradually increasing in degree until a patient becomes able to withstand the maximum.

Last Notice!

Parties having left clothing or material at Parker's Dye Works are requested to call and pay for same before the 20th of March, as after that date the goods will be sold for whatever they will bring.

R. M. BEACH
177 CHARLOTTE STREET

Three Extra Specials

No. 1
Mennen's Talcum Powder
Regular 25c for 15c

No. 2
RubberSponges
Regular 25c for 14c

No. 3 SOLID BACK
Hair Brushes
GOOD QUALITY
Regular 50c for 29c

— FREE —
Trial size Mentholatum
Warne Drug Co.
Limited
Phone 527w.

LOEW'S

Cumulative Preferred 7%
Par Value $10.00

PRICE. PAR WITH 25% Bonus Common

This is going very fast. Speak quickly

TERMS CAN BE ARRANGED
H... ...hnstone
...Co.
...ding

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Fresh northeast winds, fair and colder. Friday, northeast winds and cold with light local snow.

The Daily Review

5 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 61 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

HARVESTERS' MEN ACCEPT OFFER

EMPLOYES WILL ELECT MEMBERS ON WORK COUNCIL AS REQUESTED.

Chicago, March 13.—Workers at 14 of the International Harvester Company's American plants and at all three Canadian plants decided by a majority vote to adopt the "Harvester Industrial Council" plan of employe representation submitted to them by the company on March 10. The proposition failed of approval at three plants located in Chicago

Under the new plan, the employes will within a few days elect by popular vote their representatives on each "works council." The employer and employes will have equal voting power in the unit body where will originate suggestions, requests or complaints relative to all matters of mutual interest, including wages, hours, working conditions and all welfare proposals

Disagreements will be appealed to the company's president, thence to a general council of all works affected if need be. But arbitration by mutual consent will be the final resort.

KAISER PLANNED HOME IN SWEDEN

BUT SWEDISH GOVERNMENT REFUSED HIM REFUGE IN THAT COUNTRY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 13.—William Hohenzollern, two months before the armistice was signed, planned an armistice in Sweden, but was prevented from going to that country by the Swedish government, diplomatic advices made public today disclosed. The former Kaiser's plans had reached the point, where a deal was virtually closed for him to rent the castle Store Sundby, situated on one of the largest lakes in the center of Sweden about four hours run from Stockholm.

GALT TO TAKE UP HOUSING PLAN

WILL NEED AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED HOUSES THIS YEAR.

Galt, March 13.—The Provincial Government's Housing Act will be relied on in Galt to provide the means of overcoming the scarcity of houses. The question has been considered by a joint committee of the city council and the board of trade, and it has been decided to recommend the city council to apply for a loan of $250,000, the necessary sums to be named from time to time, under the bylaw for the conditions named in the Act It is authoritatively stated that Galt will need at least a hundred houses this year in order to cope with the demand. At present many workers in Galt find it necessary to have their homes in surrounding towns and villages.

PUNISHING PROFITEERS

Seven Penalties Proposed in New French Measure.

Danger to social order and national defence, due to the rise in the price of foodstuffs in France, are given by M. Null, the Minister of Justice, as justification of the Government measure for the vigorous punishment of profiteers which he has just introduced in the Chamber.

The measure deals with various offences, such as attempts to corner commodities and restricting the sale or inflating the price fo goods. Especially high penalties are reserved for those trafficking illegally or inflating the price of grain, flour and other farinaceous foods.

Following are the severe penalties included in the bill:

(1) One year to five years' imprisonment, and £400 fine.

(2) Offenders under the bill to come under the jurisdiction of the courts martial.

(3) Requisition of the goods giving rise to the proceedings.

(4) Posting up an announcement of the judgment given by the court on the front door of the offender.

FARMERS REQUIRED TO FILL OUT FORMS FOR INCOME TAX

Blanks Are Being Circulated and Detailed Information is Called For—Penalty is $100 a Day for Those Neglecting to Report—Order Is Being Ignored.

Mr. G. N. Gordon furnishes this paper with a copy of the Dominion of Canada Income Tax return forms for farmers to make out and send to the Inspector of Taxation at Kingston. As he emphasizes in the communication which accompanies the enclosure the farmer who fails to do this is liable for $100 a day for every day since the 18th of February, 1919.

Mr. Gordon states that it would appear from what he has been able to learn that this matter has been overlooked in a good many quarters. The statement as made out by the farmer does not repuire to be verified under oath or to be sworn before a lawyer or Justice of the Peace.

In drawing attention to this matter, which if neglected may result in serious consequences to the rural residents of the Dominion, Mr. Gordon has acted in the interest of the people. Forms somewhat similar to these have been forwarded to the citizens of the Dominion who are not engaged in agricultural work and the same penalties for non-compliance were attached.

The papers being sent to farmers to fill out and return to the inspector of taxation at Kingston are in the form of a questionare. They ask him to furnish information as to the total acreage of his farm, the number of acres under cultivation, the number and ages of dependent children in his family, and a long list of questions regarding stock on hand, stock sold in the year, farm machinery, all sources of income and channels of necessary expenditure In short he is asked to furnish a complete inventory of his entire worldly possessions with a view to arriving at the amount of his income and the proper tax to be collected therefrom.

Questions are listed in natural order and their detailed character makes the construction to be placed upon them quite simple.

Canada's income taxation system assures fair and indiscriminate application and men of all occupations in the country are required to fill out forms giving information regarding their income similar to that demanded of the farmers in the special forms adopted for use.

Woman Inspector For Toronto

MISS A. MARTY'S NOMINATION BY MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE FOR ENDORSATION.

Toronto, March 13.—Toronto will have a woman school inspector if the action of the school trustees of the management committee is approved by the board of education.

The name of Miss A. Marty of Ottawa was sent to the board for endorsation yesterday.

Miss Marty is head of the department of modern languages in the Ottawa Collegiate Institute. She holds the master of arts degree, Queen's University.

In the event of the board endorsing the appointment of a woman school inspector Miss Marty would not commence her duties in Toronto until September, as before the allottment of additional inspectors a rearrangement of the public school districts of the city will be necessary by the board.

Germany Appoints Peace Delegates

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, March 13.—German delegates to the Peace Conference will be Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, foreign Minister; Dr. Eduard David, Majority Socialist and first president of the National Assembly; Dr. Adolph Warburg, Dr. Adolph Mueller, Minister to Switzerland; Prof. Walther M. A. Schuecking of Marburg University, and Herr Geisberg, Minister of Posts and Telegraph in the Prussian Ministry.

3 Transports On Way Home

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, March 13.—Three steamers with Canadian returning soldiers are due to dock at North American ports about March 19th as follows: Araguaya, at Portland; Corsican, at St. John ;and Celtic at Halifax. There are in all about thirty five hundred men on these steamers, about half of whom are for Ontario points.

Wesley Dale, a farmer, thirty years of age of Mersea township was instantly killed when a circular saw he was serving broke.

An Industrial League of Germany has been organized with a fund of 50,000,000 marks to fight Bolshevism.

SIR SAM HUGHES ASKS QUESTIONS

WOULD HAVE HOUSE INVESTIGATE RHYL RIOTS AND CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

Ottawa, March 13.—Sir Sam Hughes has given notice of resolutions calling for an inquiry by special committees of the house into Canadian losses during the fighting in France the recent riots at Rhyl Camp, and the withdrawal of the Ross rifle from the Canadian troops. His resolutions are as follows: "That, in the opinion of this house, a special committee of this house should be appointed to consist of five members to inquire into the casualties suffered by the Canadian troops at the battles of Passchendaele and Cambrai, whether the Canadian troops were ordered to make frontal attacks, and what attacks and movements the Canadian troops were ordered to make at these battles."

"That, in the opinion of this house a special committee of this house should be appointed, to consist of five members, to inquire into the causes that led to the recent disturbances and riots in the camps occupied by Canadian troops overseas, and all the circumstances connected with such disturbances and riots, the repression thereof and the steps taken to avoid their recurrence."

"That in the opinion of this house a special committee of the house shall be appointed to consist of five members to enquire into and report on the causes and circumstances which resulted in the withdrawal of the Ross rifle from the Canadian troops who were sent overseas during the present war."

Sir Sam is also moving for a return showing: (a) The Canadian casualties by battalions, brigades, and divisions in each of the battle, Paschendaele and Cambrai: (b) the strength of each said battalion of unit immediately before entering action at the said battles, respectively: (c) the respective number of reinforcements, added to each said battalion and unit during the fighting at each of the sat battles; (d) the respective strength of each said battalion and unit on coming out of the fight at each of the said battles.

Transport Tolos Sails For New York

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, March 13.—The transport Tolos, with British reservists, sailed this morning for New York. No further trouble among the men on board who yesterday were said to have threatened to sink the vessel was reported.

NO BATTLE SHIPS ARE BEING BUILT

GREAT BRITAIN ABONDONED THAT WORK AT CLOSE WAR.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 13.—Replying to a question in the Commons last night, Thomas J. Macnamara, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, said that no dreadnought battleships were under construction on December 31, last. Dreadnought battle cruisers under construction had been abandoned the shipyards freed for merchant construction. On the same date, he said, Great Britain had 33 dreadnought battleships and nine dreadnought battle cruisers, all of which were in commission except two. So far as he knew, no capital ships will be laid down this year.

Strike Settlement Now in Prospect

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 13.—Early settlement of the New York harbor strike was predicted today by the department of labor officials when they were advised that some of the private boat owners were willing to accept the proposals of their employes. How many owners had arrived at this decision was not stated.

DROPPED DEAD IN CITY STORE

WILLIAM ELPHICK, AN AGED RESIDENT, VICTIM OF HEART FAILURE.

William Elphick, an aged resident of Peterborough, was stricken down with heart failure while making a purchase in one of the stores of the city this morning and died instantly.

Deceased was a man of 84 years, and while he had suffered somewhat from hardening of the arteries, a disease comparatively common with those who have reached an advanced age, he seemed in his usual health this morning when he left his home at 624 Rubidge street to go down town.

About a quarter to nine, Mr. Elphick entered the store to which he was bound and it was while there that he suddenly succumbed to an attack of heart trouble.

Dr. Carmichael was summoned at once, but found upon his arrival that life was extinct. The remains were removed to Comstocks' undertaking parlors after the coroner, Dr. Greer, had been communicated with.

Born in England in the town of Brighton, the late Mr. Elphick came to this country many years ago and for some time resided in Cobourg and in other towns of Eastern Ontario. He married Miss Hill, of Hastings, and 13 years ago came to Peterborough where he has resided ever since, having been employed in the Quaker Oats plant.

He leaves his wife and two nephews, H. E. Elphick, city, and R. H. Elphick, of St. Catharines.

All funeral arrangements have not been completed, but it has been decided that interment will be made in Hastings on Saturday afternoon.

TEN WOMEN ARE MADE PRISONERS

WERE CAPTURED WITH SPARTACAN FORCES AT FIGHT IN LICHTENBERG.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 13.—Government troops entered Lichtenberg after bombarding heavily the main Spartacan nests . The Spartacans fled, leaving behind them their weapons and ammunition. The suburb is surrounded by government troops and the only chance the Spartacans have of escape is by discarding their weapons and concealing their identity by mingling with the peaceable inhabitants. One group of thirty prisoners captured included ten women. With their hands handcuffed behind them, men and women were taken through Unter den Linden to the Moabit prison.

Mrs. Gillett, of Aylmer, died suddenly while visiting a friend.

BRITISH FREE TRADE PAPERS REMAIN TRUE TO THE FAITH

Sharply Criticize Special License Policy as Announced by Government as an Attempt to Introduce Protection Without Mandate From the People.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 13—Free trade newspapers are sharply criticizing the government's policy regarding importations, as disclosed by Sir Auckland E. Geddes, Minister for National Service and Reconstruction, in the House on Monday. He said that all importations of manufactured and semi-manufactured commodities which are permitted to enter Great Britain will be controlled by a system of special licenses until September 1, when the question will be reviewed.

The newspapers denounce this proposal as an attempt to introduce protection without any mandate from the voters, insist that the great majority of the voters are opposed to the protective system and declare that England is still a free trade country at heart. They say that "Great Britain gained her commercial and financial supremacy through free trade and can hold it only by free trade.

COUNT TISZA HATCHED PLOT

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berne, March 13.—Charges that the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, at Sarajevo, on June 28, 1914 was the result of a deliberate plot led by the late Count Tisza, former Hungarian premier, are made in a pamphlet written by a priest who was the spiritual adviser of the Duchess of Hohenberg, according to a Vienna despatch. Count Stephen Tisza, who was himself assassinated at Budapest on November 1, 1918, was for many years one of the leading figures in the Austro-Hungarian political life.

RENFREW MEMBER SEEKING LIGHT

BELIEVES TOO MANY NEWSPAPERMEN GET GOVERNMENT JOBS.

Ottawa, March 13.—Mr. I. E. Pedlow, South Renfrew, has given notice of inquiry relating to the Censor's department and the office of the cable censor. He wants to know how many employes of these offices are former newspapermen and how much a censor's office costs a year.

Mr. Pedlow is likewise inquisitive as to the number of propaganda publications issued by the government and the annual cost of each. He desires to be informed as to how many of these publications concern the Canadian soldiers; what is the remuneration of their editors, and how many of them are former journalists; also how many newspapermen are now employed by the government in the various departments arising ont of the war, with particular reference to the publicity department of the Repatriation Committee and Employment Committee.

Predicts Flight 300 Miles an Hour

THREE DIFFICULTIES IN WAY OF FLYING AT A HIGH ALTITUDE.

New York, March 13.—Only three difficulties now stand in the way of flying at a rate of 200 miles an hour Major R. W. Schroeder, army aviator and holder of the world's altitude record, declared at a meeting of the Aeronautical Society of America here The problems to be solved include a change in the pitch of airplane propellers; control of increased air pressure in carburetors and overcoming the aviator's almost overwhelming sense of hunger at high altitudes.

"As soon as exact data on trade winds at high altitudes is obtained, so that fliers can use them in long flights," he said, "distance flying will be one of the least troubles a flyer has to contend with. Three hundred miles an hour in an easterly direction —that is in the direction the earth travels—will be easy to make. That means Ireland, for instance, will be ten hour from New York."

John Hogan, of Belleville, a freight conductor was fatally injured by falling from the top of his train near Newtonville.

A Congress of Chambers of Commerce in session at Chalonsur-Saone approved a project to join the River Rhone with the Rhine by coupling up the Rhone and the Seone.

BERLIN LEADERS OUTLINE POLICY

ADMIT ALL POWERS TO LEAGUE AND LIFT THE BLOCKADE.

Berlin, March 13.—The international conference of League of Nations Societies in session here, drew up two new resolutions to be addressed to the Peace Conference at Paris. One favored the participation of all self-governing nations in the league and the other was in favor of free trade.

The question of participation by the Vatican aroused much discussion, Prof. Forel, a Swiss delegate, opposing it on the ground that if the Holy See became a member Buddhism and other religious systems would have to be admitted. The conference finally decided by a vote of 13 to 8 to grant the Holy See some voice at least, in the councils of the league

During the discussion relative to free trade the existing blockade was strongly criticized as an "insult to international rights."

SPARTACANS ARE DRIVEN BACK

[redacted] HAVE BEEN GUILTY OF BESTIAL ACTS OF CRUELTY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 13.—German government forces, after lively fighting, have succeeded in driving the Spartacans out of the east and section of Berlin, including Liechtenberg, according to a Berlin despatch. The occupation of the district, the message states, was systematically carried out by the government troops. Considerable quantities of arms wer captured. Losses on the government side are declared not to have been heavy. "The bestial acts of cruelty by the Spartacans have been fully confirmed," the message adds.

The Spartacan forces were abandoning positions in Lichtenburg yesterday. Government forces took a large number of prisoners, many of whom were executed summarily.

STOLE EXAM PAPERS

Ottawa Postal Employe is Fined One Hundred Dollars

Ottawa, March 13.—Achille Robert employed in the Postoffice Department, pleaded guilty in Police Court this morning to a charge of having wrongfully obtained possession of a set of Civil Service examination papers on or about February 18th.

TEMPERANCE ACT BEFORE CAUCUS

PREMIER HEARST EXPECTED TO MAKE DEFINITE STATEMENT OF POLICY.

Toronto, March 13.—Although nothing official was forthcoming, it is understood that the Ontario Temperance Act was again the chief topic of discussion at the Conservative caucus which lasted from 11 o'clock till shortly before the House convened yesterday afternoon. Premier and Ministers were mute, but several members intimated that the ball which Col. H. A. C. Machin started rolling in the House a week ago was the subject of contention when the Government forces gathered yesterday.

It is understood on the best of authority that Premier Hearst will, if not immediately, in the near future outline in general terms that the Government has come to a decision as to its policy in connection with the prohibition question. The Premier could not say, it is said, what exact form the referendum will take, but it is the intention of the Government to make it such that all branches of opinion will be afforded an ample opportunity of expression.

This, of course, means that there will be an opportunity for the people to vote on the question of the restricted sales of beers and light wines.

WILSON REACHES PARIS TOMORROW

SENDS WORD AHEAD HE WILL BE READY FOR BUSINESS.

On Board the U.S.S. George Washington, March 13.—(By Wireless).—President Wilson expects to arrive at Brest at about 2.30 o'clock Thursday evening. He will board his special train immediately and will probably arrive in Paris at about 9 o'clock Friday morning. Mr. Wilson sent wireless messages to the Secretary of State Lansing and Colonel House and arranged to begin work in Paris without loss of time.

PLEADS GUILTY TO THE CHARGE

EMPLOYE AT CORDOVA MINES STOLE PROPERTY FROM THE COMPANY.

A man who has been in the employ of the Cordova Mines Company for the past eighteen years was before County Police Magistrate Langley this morning charged with having stolen a case of tools, the property of the concern.

He pleaded guilty to the accusation and County Constable Archie Moore asked for a remand of one week to obtain further evidence for the Crown. This was granted by His Worship, who will consult with the Crown Attorney as to the possibility of granting bail in the case until the prisoner comes up for sentence on Thursday next, at ten o'clock in the morning.

It appears that considerable property belonging to the Company and stored at their mine in Belmont Township has been disappearing of late, including a large quantity of oats and hay. The prisoner was a trusted employee of the concern and as such was given considerable latitude in dealing with the company's property.

On Monday the County Constable was called to the mines by the officials to trace a case of tools which had disappeared from the premises and part of which were the property of P. Kirkgaard, the manager. This he found in the express office at Havelock consigned to a man in Port Hope who is a friend of the prisoner and who is about to be married. The tools were being presented to him as a wedding present, according to the statement of Constable Moore.

On Tuesday morning the guilty party was taken into custody and this morning pleaded guilty to the accusation.

which he disposed of to one Joseph B. Petitclerc.

The accused was fined $100 by Magistrate Ashwith, with the alternative of three months in jail. It is understood the fine will be paid.

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1919

A SANITARIUM FOR PETERBOROUGH.

THE EXCELLENT WORK that the members of the Peterborough Health Association have been carrying on for years has been handicapped by the lack of a sanitarium in which to care for the victims of the white plague. Four years ago there was a well-defined movement on foot to secure such an institution for Peterborough, but when the war broke out the project had to be abandoned. The matter is now being revived, with every prospect of success.

The members of the Peter Robinson Chapter of the I. O. D. E. have already announced their intention of raising funds by private contributions and otherwise for the erection of a sanitarium. Societies that were engaged in war work for the past four years have been asked to continue in existence, instead of disbanding, in order to help on with the local enterprise. A number of them have agreed to do so, and there is every assurance that co-operative and comprehensive action will not be lacking. The question in all its bearings has been discussed in a number of these organizations.

It is estimated that it will require $35,000 to establish such an institution. Of this, $20,000 could be secured by private contributions, the balance to be made up by a civic grant and by a grant from the Ontario Government. There is a law on the statute books of the Province which clearly provides regulations for the erection of such a building. Two or more municipalities are given authority to combine for the purpose. Municipal councils' authority in such cases is defined. The Ontario Government will augment the amount raised by any council by one-fifth, but will not give more than $4000 to any one municipality. For example, if Peterborough raised $20,000 for the purpose, by bylaw or otherwise, the Government would add $4000 to the amount, but no more than that, no matter what sum was given by the city. When the sanitarium is in operation the Government will contribue $3 a week for the maintenance of every patient who was a resident of Ontario before being admitted to the institution.

All such sanitariums are to be managed by a board of five, the members of which shall be appointed by the municipal council, which is also given the right to expropriate land either for an original location or to increase the site if the occasion for extension arises later.

The necessity for such an institution in Peterborough has long been recognized. The Health Association cannot fight effectively the dreaded disease without proper quarters in which to care for the afflicted. Tuberculosis can be cured, the malady finally eradicated in a community, if taken in time and treated in a sanitarium in which modern conveniences are available. It is almost impossible to get a Peterborough consumptive admitted to the institution at Gravenhurst. Peterborough must provide for its own sufferers.

There are contiguous to the city excellent sites for such an institution, one of the first essentials being an elevated location.

PRESIDENT WILSON admits that the British ideas prevail at the Peace Conference. Just as usual, the nation or individual that asks for the least gets the best that is going.

MARRIAGE IS COSTLY.

A CORRESPONDENT to a Toronto paper, signing himself "A Returned Soldier," complains of the difficulty met with these days in contracting matrimonial alliances. He says that nowadays a girl is not content to begin life where her parents started, or even where they left off. She wants to start life on a scale that is simply ruinous to any young man, except those earning enormous salaries, and there are not many of these hereabouts. Girls nowadays are demanding to be taken to the best shows. They want diamond engagement rings, and anything less than a $10 or $15 Christmas present is [illegible] boxes of chocolates. And when it comes to marriage, a house furnished on a costly scale, and so on, until it is no wonder the Canadian youths fight shy of marriage or keep postponing it. Girls want too much and they are rendering marriage impossible.

What "Returned Soldier" says is to a great extent true, and it is a matter of felicitation that it is so. The average modern girl is able to take care of herself, and has no inclination to surrender the freedom of an industrial life to a career of poverty, to resign herself to a world bounded by the four walls of a cottage, denied all the luxuries that every well-poised girl craves, and stinted even in the necessities which are or should be hers by right.

Fortunate indeed is it for the world that the modern girl looks for something better than the condition of servitude that was the lot of so many of the mothers of the former days. Her laudable ambitions should be a spur to the bachelors who have matrimonial aspirations to exert themselves so as to attain the position to which the girls of his acquaintance aspire, girls who are made the subjects of his protestations of devotion.

Marriage under the most auspicious circumstances has a stock of disappointments in store for every bride. More intimate acquaintance with the man of her choice will reveal imperfections, faults and failings that she has never dreamed of. Too many domestic idols turn out to be so much gilded clay, but the contract is for better or worse, and there is nothing for it but endurance to the end. We used to speak of them as the "coming women." That term is no longer appropriate, as they have already arrived. It is just as well for the man who hankers for a home of his own to recognise this fact and make his calculations accordingly.

BUT AFTER ALL, there is no country on earth like Canada, even with its uncertain spring weather.

THE EX-KAISER'S PUNISHMENT.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE, it seems, is to officially brand the ex-kaiser as the greatest CRIMINAL in the world. Further than that the delegates do not propose to proceed, lacking a precedent in international law. There is no tribunal before which the ex-emperor can be legally held to account. Aside from the brand, he is to escape the consequences of his deeds.

Little the ex-kaiser will reck if the Allies leave him undisturbed in his exile with nothing more severe in the way of a penalty than the publication broadcast of a fact with which the world is already familiar. The ex-kaiser has been acknowledged and detested as the greatest criminal on earth for the past four years, ever since the first Belgian woman was outraged, the first Belgian child slain in cold blood or mutilated by a German bayonet, and the first passenger liner was sent to the bottom of the ocean by a German torpedo. And the ex-kaiser all these years has gloried, rather than otherwise, in his notoriety. He deluded himself with the belief that he was the chosen instrument to visit the Divine wrath upon all but the disciples of Teutonic kultur. If he could be made to realise his mistake, if the brand of the Allies could arouse his slumbering conscience, he might be made to suffer, but that is a matter beyond human power. If he grieves now in the solitude of his exile, his sentiment is probably one of remorse rather than than sorrow for the evil he brought to the world.

But why this stickling for precedent? Anything of the kind was frankly ignored during the war by the personine master of cruelty. The aged and the young were not spared, and even the allied powers themselves did not hesitate to make new departures that brought hardship to their own people.

Is the man who set the world on fire to escape even a prison cell while the victims of his insane lust for power are crying for retribution? There was no precedent for sending Napoleon as an exile to Elba, or later to St. Helena, as he was not an actual prisoner of war any more than the ex-kaiser is. At Elba, Napoleon was separated from the scenes of his former triumphs by a comparatively wide stretch of sea. Yet he plotted in secret, and, effecting his escape, resumed his work of bloodshed.

The ex-kaiser is within sight of his own land. He has frequent consultation with those leaders who remain faithful to him. So long as he is situated as he is, even with the brand of Cain officially set upon him, the world can never slumber in perfect peace.

THE STATESMAN of the future will be the man who recognises that the consumer and the producer have something like equal rights.

FEEDING THE GERMANS.

DURING THE WAR the Allies, by establishing a blockade, endeavored to reduce Germany to the verge of starvation, as a matter of military necessity, a plan approved of by the rules of modern warfare. Now that object has been accomplished there is no reason on earth, no warrant in the laws of God or humanity, for continuing the policy of keeping the conquered people on short rations. It is in famine that revolution and vice are engendered. Starving the Germans will beyond question result in cultivating a menace to the safety of humanity.

The tactics followed by the Allies when the conflict was in progress have been styled Christian warfare, correctly so, according to the code. The same spirit of Christianity that saved unfortified towns form bombardment, that protected the non-combatant enemies from physical violence, that guaranteed the prisoners of war humane treatment, should be extended now by engaging in works of beneficence that are not marred by the shedding of blood. The Germans have, by their atrocities, forfeited the respect of all civilization, but this does not imply that it is the duty of civilization to continue the reprisal by keeping the people of that country in a state of semi-starvation.

The late war has been held up as a reproach to Christianity by the skeptical. All occasion for further cavil should be removed. Christianity has now an opportunity to assert itself, to demonstrate to the world that the tragedy on Calvary has not been in vain.

There is another and more practical aspect to this matter. To give the Germans a chance to pull themselves together, to establish a stable government, and to revive their industrial activities, is a good business proposition. Germany owes her former Allies a tremendous debt in the form of war indemnities. Germany will never be able to discharge her finacial obligations so long as her people are weakened by the lack of adequate food or while the population is held in a condition little better than the slavery of olden days.

The war debt burdens of Germany will cripple her for years. No business man would hold a creditor in the [illegible] position, if he ever dreamed of realising on his claim.

Germany's punishment has been terrible. That nation's dream of world conquest has been shattered. At present, the former empire, disintegrated and torn by civil strife, is bankrupt. The throne has been demolished, the former kaiser and his heir-apparent are in exile, with no spot on earth they can call their own. The military machine is in ruins, and everything worth while in the navy has gone to the Allies as prizes. Even the merchant fleet has been forfeited. Germany has been stripped of her colonies, and the last bitter portion to be added to the cup is the terms of peace to which the Germans will be forced to submit, terms that cannot fail to humiliate the once proud and boastful race to the last degree.

Hunger drove the French populace into the madness and brutality of revolution. The present day bolshevist is the product of the same school of physical suffering as that from which the peasants of France graduated over a century ago.

WHEN the rattlesnake's fangs are drawn it is as full of sight as ever, but it is harmless to work mischief. So with Germany deoiled of her poison gas.

HOW TO LIVE ONE HUNDRED YEARS

"The man who dies young, say before he is one hundred dies by his own hand in nine cases out of ten, or more properly, by his own knife and fork.

"In nature's scheme of things there is nothing extraordinary about a man or woman living to be one hundred years old. Nature allotted man a span of fivescore years. It is not I, but the man who dies before he is ninety, who is a 'departure from the normal' as we physicians say."

This is the dictum of Dr. Stephen Smith, who is 96 now, having celebrated his most recent birthday on February 19, one year after he had resigned the chairmanship of the New York State Board of Charities after thirty-seven years of unremitting service.

"They say age is arterial, cellular, psychological, or that one is as old as one feels and so on. I have studied the problem perhaps longer than most men, and certainly with a profound personal interest in it, and I say that a man is as old as what he eats.

When Man Renews Himself.

"It has been figured out for the whole animal kingdom that animal bones and tissues are renewed five times in the normal span of animal life and that every animal's destiny contemplates that the animal barring accident or abuse, shall endure through the whole five renewals.

"Various animals renew themselves in various periods of years. Science and not my word for it, is authority for the fact that man renews himself every twenty years. He should be at his prime then at 50 instead of 40, as is generally held, and should not begin to show the wear and tear of time until he is past 80 or on the homestretch of his course.

"So I have every expectation of living until I am 100 or more. If I die before then I shall have cheated destiny and have outraged nature.

Man as Old as He Eats.

"How then does it come that a man is as old as what he eats? And what is my authority for the pronouncement that most of us destroy ourselves with our knives and forks?

"It is established beyond any necessity for my quoting the authorities or pretending to be one of them myself that we live upon the protein, the fats and the carbohydrates in food. These are found more or less in all food products, and the lower nature, seek their nutriment in food which is suitable to them and their assimilative machinery. You do not see a dog, for instance munching hay or a horse gnawing a bone.

"But man with his ingenuity in the cooking and preparation of food has allowed himself to become artificial during the centuries he has sat at tables and has let himself be misled by his palate and his cook's skill—a doubtous skill—in seasoning his food. He eats everything and drinks everything, a large proportion of his food and drink being no more than rank poison. Not that it is so much poison as it appears upon his plate, but a great deal of it disintegrates into poison when he places upon his digestive apparatus the burden of taking the nutriment out of it.

Must Not Eat Too Much.

"Quantity, next to kind of food, merits the closest study by every one who wants to live long and be healthy. If each person will set himself firmly against gluttonous habits and discover by experiment, and particularly by the practice of a little self-denial, how much he ought to eat and how often he will be adding to the sum of his years and to the happiness of the years.

"Give any man a knife and fork and tell him to take his own life with them. He will laugh at you. Even if he is bent on suicide at the moment it is likely that he will choose some more romantic weapon with which to cut the thread of life. Yet thousands of people all around us are killing themselves every day with the ordinary implements of the table. I have never done so, and I have completed ninety-six of the more than hundred years I expect to be upon God's earth."

TO-DAY'S STORY

The prize for optimism is awarded to a resident of one of the rural district of Wales. As the story goes, an old man was sitting on the roof of his house during a flood, watching the waters flow past, when a neighbor, who possessed a boat, rowed across to him.

"Halloa, Ted," he said.

"Halloa, Dave," replied the other. "All your fowls washed away this morning, Ted?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim."

"Apple trees and all that gone, too, eh?"

"Well, they said the crops would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the water has reached above your windows now."

"That's all right, Dave. Them windows needed washin' badly."

FEMININE LOGIC

We remarked to the young lady across the way that we didn't believe she had a very categorical mind and she said she'd always liked dogs better.

Daylight Saving May Be Dropped

Ottawa, March 13.—It is beginning to look as if the daylight saving bill will fall by the wayside. The rural members are strongly opposed to the measure, and are urging the Government to drop the bill. It is understood that Hon. T. A. Crerar shares their views. In the United States the daylight saving will come into effect again.

Quite Mad.

Policeman—He's crazy, yer honor. I found him standing on a corner gassing his wife.

Magistrate—That doesn't prove him crazy.

Policeman—His wife wasn't there, yer honor.

When a man goes to market and gets stuck with a tough fowl, he is very apt to lose his respect for old age.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

WIT AND WISDOM

Oh, Moses!

Teacher—Now, children, what are the national flowers of England?

Class—Roses.

Teacher—And France?

Class—Lillies.

Teacher—And Spain?

Silence for a minute in the class. Then a small boy at the back of the schoolroom said:

"Bulrushes, ma'am."

True.

"Has he a lot of money?"

"No, but he has the next best thing."

"What is that?"

"The ability to make people think he's rich."

Useful Friends.

"I hope you are selecting playmates at your new school whose companionship will be of value to you," said Jimmy's mother.

"Oh, sure," replied Jimmy. "Skinny Davies is teaching me how to smoke fags and worv the smoke down my nose, and Dodger Higgins says if I'll give him my roller skates he'll teach me the punch that knocked out Bombardier Wells."

Beauty With a Blemish.

"Mrs. Brown is a beauty, isn't she?"

"I don't like her nose."

"Why? I think it's quite pretty."

"Oh, the shape's all right; but it's into everything."

Biblical Mixup.

Church—You quarrel with your wife I suppose, sometimes?

Gotham—Oh, yes.

"And you make up eventually, I suppose?"

"Ah, sur; I turn to her my right cheek, and then I turn to her the left cheek also."

"Then it's all over, I suppose?"

"No; not until she gets a dollar for each kiss."

Hard to Get.

"Pa, what is surplus cash?"

"That, my boy, is money that I'm always hoping to have, but never do."

Turned Down.

First artist—Old Roxley wouldn't buy my pictures—wouldn't even look at them.

Second ditto—Well, he was more considerate of your feelings than of mine; he refused to buy my pictures even after he had looked at them.

The average man doesn't tell his wife everything that happens. He evens it up by telling her a lot of things that didn't happen.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

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LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lea Pane.)

Ma sent me erround to Smits meet store this aftirnoon for 2 pounds of calves liver and be sure it was tender, and Mr. Smit put it on the scales and started to way it, me saying, Is it tender?

Sure, see how easy my fingers goes in? sed Mr. Smit. And he stuck his finger in the middle of it and then rapped it up(saying, O, by the way, do you wunt to make a nickel?

I dont care, I sed. Meening I wunted to, and Mr. Smit sed, Then take this beefsteak to Mrs. Skotts—the brown stone house with the big frunt yard neer the churtch. Collect a dollar and 20 cents and bring it back and Ill give you the nickel. And whatever you do don't ring the door bell.

And I took our liver home and went to the brown stone house with the rapped up beefsteak, and jest as I started to open the iron gate to go thru the yard a big bull dog with a awfill ixpression ran erround frum the back of the house barking like enything and I quick banged the gate shut agen and stood outside looking in at him and he stood inside looking out at me, me thinking, O well, maybe he aint so fearse, maybe its his ixpression more than wat it is him.

And I started to reason with him, saying, Hello, dog, you cant help your ixpression, can you, dog? Wich the bull dog jest kepp on looking at me and making a noise away down inside of him, and I sed, Well, I think Ill come in now, dog, I got to deliver this meet. And I put my hand on the iron gate agen and the bull dog started to jump up and bark as if that wasent enything to wat he would do if I came in, me thinking, G, Im going to ring the door bell, I dont care wether they like it or not.

Wich I did, and a lady looked out the 2d story window, saying, Take it in thru the side yard. And she shut the window agen and I looked at the bull dog once more to see if his ixpression had changed, wich it hadent, and then I took the meet back to Smits meet store, saying, Nobody waent home.

Smit and Mr. Smit sed, Then take this beefsteak to Mrs. Skotts—the brown stone house with the big frunt yard neer the churtch. Collect a dollar and 20 cents and bring it back and Ill give you the nickel. And whatever you do don't ring the door bell.

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POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A friend in need is almost a twentieth century rarity.

A well read man isn't always the pink of perfection.

The singer is seldom worried until the understudy tackles it.

Habit is a sort of chattel mortgage of a man's individuality.

His satanic majesty smiles every time he sees a stingy man.

A receipted bill is always considered a good certificate of honesty.

The moment a girl finds her ideal she begins a search for a substitute.

ARE YOU BLIND?

Of course not—or you could not read this. Loss of sight reduces efficiency to a minimum. Even impaired sight also reduces efficiency. A man or woman with impaired eyesight, uncorrected by proper glasses, cannot hope to compete with those with perfect eyesight—or those who are fitted with glasses to correct natural defects. Better let us fit youwith glasses that are exactly what you need.

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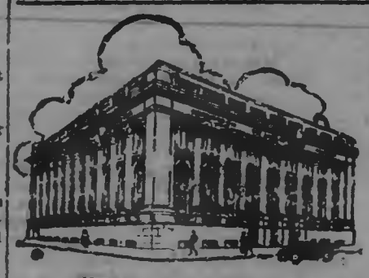
Optometrist & Mfg. Opticians
138 Charlotte St. - Peterboro



FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

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KITTY GORDON in "Merely Players" A Society Drama
See Kitty Gordon and her gowns
KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in
"THE EAGLE'S EYE," Chapter 13
"The Reign of Terror," 2 parts
ALSO A GOOD COMEDY
PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

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"HIGH SPEED"
A rapid moving Butterfly Feature presenting
JACK MULHALL
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High-Class Feature Drama Presenting

Harry T. Morey in "Silent Strength" Six part

Episode 11 of the Million Dollar Serial

The Iron Test in "The Masked Prey," Two Parts

Second Episode "On The Trail" Serial

Drama of Thrilling Exploits, Boy Scouts Two Parts

SPECIAL BIG "V" COMEDY

Earl Montgomery and Joe Rock

TWO PARTS

To-Night's Program, Great Variety Dramas, Westerns, Serials, Comedy and the Boy Scouts. Don't Miss It.

ONE YEAR OFF FOR SOLDIERS

VETERANS CAN NOW COMPLETE MEDICAL COURSE IN FIVE YEARS.

Returned soldiers who enter the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Toronto next fall will not be required to take the six-year course A special five year course will be continued for them and they will start in with the members of the present first year who are "plucked" at the coming exams.

Several years ago it was announced that the six-year course would start in 1919, and all civilians who intended entering medicine were able to enter for the last year of the five year course. Men who were in the army were unable to do this, and it is to give them a "square deal" that the special course is being put on.

Any soldier, regardless of whether he has been overseas or not, will be allowed to take advantage of this offer. He must of course have full junior matriculation requirements. Late registration has not been allowed to the same extent in medicine as in the other faculties, and a number of men who returned too late to enter medicine this year have expressed their intention of doing so in the fall.

WOMAN BECOMES MEMBER OF THE HARVARD FACULTY.

Cambridge, Mass., March 13.—Dr. Alice Hamilton of Chicago is to be the first woman accepted on any faculty at Harvard University. Her appointment as assistant professor of industrial medicine was announced following a meeting of the university's board of overseers. She will become a member of the staff of the Harvard Medical School. Dr. Hamilton, up to 1910, was better known as a bacteriologist, but since that time she has become an authority on occupational diseases, at the present time being in government service in ha sor of work.

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LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

It is not right, as I explained in a preceding talk, to feel that mortification is due to set in as soon as you have attained middle age. Instead of a man or a woman looking forward toward a change of life after 40—and women should not imagine that they have any corner on this change of life foolianness, for men break down and suffer even more troubles at middle age than do women — it would be far better to plan for another forty years of activity. It takes forty years to attain maturity. It is but fair to allow another forty years for the fullest activity of life. And then take forty more to die, quietly and by degrees like an old tree. This habit of breaking down at 45 or 50 and succumbing, not to "overwork" or "nervous exhaustion" or anything like that, but to apoplexy, Bright's disease or heart muscle failure—the expressions of cardiovascular degeneration or the mortification of middle age—is growing, according to mortality statistics of the United States census bureau for the last sixteen or eighteen years. And it is a bad habit, arising from a wrong state of mind. It is chiefly a matter of dignity.

Dignity is age, and age is dignity. The baby has none, and grandma or grandpa is bowed down with it. Corsets change a girl from a carefree child to a dignified woman. Long pants spell dignity to the growing boy. Grave tail coats, tall starched collars, insipid, narrow toed, high heeled shoes, hats worn to appease a fool custom—each and every one of them restricts natural freedom of action more or less. That is how they each and all predispose to premature old age.

Youth is a bundle of elastic tissue. Youth has flexibility; old age has fragility. Youth bends and springs back again; old age breaks.

Have you lost your elastic tissue yet? Don't you know Would you like to find out? How old are you? Have you any idea? Years do not matter. Anatomical, functional age is what we are taking about. How old are you? Are you still young? It all depends on the amount of elastic you have about your person. Easy enough to find out about that. Get down and turn half a dozen somersaults on the floor each morning and each night. As long as you can do that you must be a fairly elastic creature. If you can't do it, for goodness' sake do something right away. The best thing to do in such a predicament is to have a careful physical examination made by your doctor, for there surely must be something the matter with you.

Dandruff in Eyebrows.

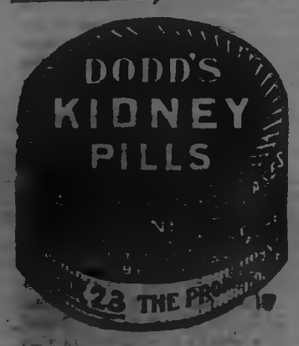
"Please recommend something to relieve a condition like dandruff in the eyebrows. E. W. B."

Rub in once a day a few drops of a solution of ten grains of salicylic acid in an ounce of any toilet water.

Influenza Diagnosis.

"How is a mild case of influenza recognized? Do not some physicians diagnose influenza when it is not warranted? Can one have influenza without having any fever at any time is there not an age limit. F. E. M."

There is no absolutely infallible test by which a physician can determine that this mild respiratory infection is and this other mild respiratory infection is not, influenza. It is wholly a matter of judgment, and, of course, we all diagnose influenza when the illness proves trivial, at times. However, no apology is called for; as a matter of fairness every respiratory infection, of whatever character or degree, should be isolated and quarantined. Influenza may occur without any fever. The disease has no age limit. It seems to be most prevalent among vigorous young adults from 20 to 40, but this is probably because persons of this age travel about and commingle more, and hence are more likely to be infected by their friends and associates.



WOMEN'S COUNCIL IS IN SESSION

DISCUSSION AT OTTAWA MEETING ON PROPOSED CHANGES IN CONSTITUTION.

Ottawa, March 13.—The National Council of Women, who are meeting in executive committee at Ottawa, opened their first session in the parlor of the Y. W. C. A. with the president, Mrs. W. E. Sanford of Hamilton, in the chair. The morning session was taken up with reports of the last executive and correspondence. The first business considered was the report of the committee on the revision of the constitution which must be presented to the executive three months before the anual meeting, which will be held this year in the city of Regina, Sask., beginning June 17th. Mrs. R. S. McWilliams, Winnipeg, the chairman of the committee of the revised constitution, presented her report. There was an animated discussion over the matter of provincial councils being mentioned in the articles on membership.

Monday evening the representatives from the local councils in Ontario met and formed a provincial executive committee and elected the vice-president of Ontario, Mrs. J. J. Carrick of Port Arthur, to the chair, and Mrs. Rhoda Fairbairn, Toronto, as secretary-treasurer. The National Council executive held their evening session in St. George's Hall, and the discussion on the new constitution was finally completed to be sent out to the local councils, and will be adopted at the annual meeting.

The agenda of this executive presents a great deal of work which will keep the National Council executive in session until this evening. All the sessions of the executive are for members only.

HOW TO BECOME A BOY SCOUT

When a boy goes to a church or any other organization where there is a troop of scouts he must attend twice before he is considered as a recruit.

Before a recruit can be sworn in he must know how to tie the following knots: bowline, sheep shank, sheet bend, reef knot, fisherman's knot, clove hitch. Then he has to learn the scout laws, which are as follows:

A scout's honor is to be trusted.

A scout is loyal to the king, to his country and his officers, employers and parents.

A scout is courteous.

A scout is a friend to animals.

When a scout gets an order from his parents, patrol leader, or scoutmaster, he obeys it without question.

A scout smiles and whistles under all circumstances.

A scout is a friend and a brother to every other scout no matter to what social class the other belong.

A scout is thrifty.

A scout is pure in thought, word and deed.

He must learn the right way to fly the Union Jack.

The Union Jack is correctly flown only when the broad white part of St. Andrew's flag is nearest the top of the pole. To have the narrowest part near the top is a signal of distress.

The motto of the scouts is "Be prepared."

The aim of the boy scouts is to make good straight honest upright men out of crooked boys.

Any boy wishing to join the boy scouts should report at St. James' Church at seven o'clock Friday night No boy under twelve is allowed to join. Any boy scout should not miss the great serial picture entitled "The boy scout to the rescue."

WOULD CALL CONVENTION OF ALL CANADIAN WORKERS

Methodists Would Have Such Gathering Decide on a Policy of Reconstruction in Industrial and Religious Spheres.

Toronto, March 13.- That a great assembly of industrial, religious and educational workers should be called in Canada to outline of progressive platform looking to the reorganization of the industrial and economic life of the country, is the opinion of the Army and Navy Board of the Methodist Church, and a request for such an assembly will be forwarded to Ottawa by the board. This was decided upon at a meeting of the Army and Navy Board yesterday.

The resolution adopted "respectfully memorializes" the Federal Government to convene as assembly representing various elements of industry, together with representatives of the great religious and educational forces of the country to present to the Government some policy relative to the reorganization of industrial and economic life of Canada in the light of new experiences and new aspiration awakened by the war. The resolution also calls upon the Executive of the board to take steps to convene a gathering of representatives of the religious denominations to discuss the matters with which the national assembly must deal.

Take Care of Orphans.

The board also decided to urge upon the national Government of Canada that those members of the C.E.F. who were preparing themselves by study, may complete their university and professional studies, their pay being continued if necessary, and that orphan children of members of the C.E.F. be assured of the means of secondary and higher education.

The board recommended that the Board of Education of the Methodist Church make plans for summer courses during the coming summer in at least three theological colleges, and that no entrance examination for ministers and probationers be required to attend these courses, and that any credential given in these courses be recognized, and that post-ordination courses for ministers ,those on military service and others, be arranged, and colleges and conference authorities be urged to co-operate in these plans .

Study for Overseas Men.

It was also recommended that ministers and probationers who have been on military service pursue some course of study, the board to maintain them to the extent of at least 50 per cent. if necessary during the college course.

The report of the Overseas Commission was presented and approved of. A cordial appreciation was expressed of the Federal War Service Commission of Churches in Canada, and Messrs. Dr. Chown, Dr. Moore and Oliver Hezzelwood were appointed members of this Commission.

A new radio compass, now used in the United States navy, is the invention of William Korens, a Niagara Falls, Ont., Jeweler.

C. Beattie at Chatham was sentenced in Police Court to serve three months in the Ontario Reformatory for forging his father's name to a check for $120.

The London & Port Stanley Electric Railway will give its employes an eight hour day and also an increase in wages.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

BISHOP PRAISES TROOPS AT CAMP KINMEL, WALES

Residents Were Proud to Have Heroic Canadian Soldiers With Them—Cause of Recent Riot.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 13.—The Bishop of St. Asaph ,in the neighborhood of of Kinmel Camp, writing to the Times, pays the highest tribute to the Canadians there in regard to their treatment of the inhabitants of that part of Wales, who, he declares were proud to have these fighting Canadians in their midst.

Respecting the recent riots, he points out that discomforts and continual delay in sending these men to their homes, after being led to believe that they were going immediately, is a grievous trial on the patience of any men, especially when they read in the Canadian papers of "conscripts" arriving home after doing no fighting and being acclaimed with the rest as Canada's heroes. This smouldering quickly burst into flames.

NEW ORDER IN FORCE

No More Light Fines for Evaders in Quebec Court.

Quebec, March 13.—Judge Charles Langlier, announced that all draft evaders that came up before him for hearing hereafter would be dealt with according to the recent Order in Council that has been passed at Ottawa. He said that the only fines he was at liberty to impose on absentees ranged between $250 and $5,000. He says that last week the cases where he fined evaders between $5 and $50 were cases he had heard previous to the recent order in Council.

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MILLBROOK

(Special Correspondence)

Millbrook, March 13.—Mr. William Mullen was a guest of Mr. W. Kemp at Peterboro, on Saturday.

Miss Emma Francey of Perrytown, was home over the week end.

Miss Lizzie Jackson of Peterboro, was a visitor to town on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Richards, and babe, were guests of Mrs. G. W. McKim, at Peterboro, this week.

Mrs. Trumbeth and Miss Rosebury of Port Hope were guests of Miss E. F. Gillett last week.

Mrs. T. Medd was a guest of Peterborough friends over Sunday

Mr. W. S. Graham and Mrs. R. Graham of Mount Pleasant were guests of Mrs J .H. Graham on Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred W. Brown of Kemptville was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Brown on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. W. Walsh is visiting friends in town.

Died—In Millbrook on Friday, March 7, 1919, John R. Fitzgerald, aged 65 years.

Grace Church Notes

Sunday, March 16, 1919

10.30—Satisfaction.

7 p.m.—Service.

2.30 p.m.— Sunday School and Bible Classes.

St. Enoch's, Garden Hill

2.30 p.m.—Children in the market place.

1.30—Sunday School and Bible Class.

Presentation and Address

On Thursday evening, March 6 the members of L. O. L. No. 421 of which Gunner Thorne is a member, held their regular meeting, after which a Royal Arch degree meeting was held Immediately after the degrees were conferred Bro. Arthur Thorne was called to the platform, when a copy of the following address was read by Bro. William Earle and the presentation of a Royal Arch ring was made by Bro. James Fair.

Dear Brother:

We, the members of L. O. L. No 421, Carmel (of which you are a member) have assembled here to night with the greatest pleasure, to greet you on this occasion, and to tender to you our heartfelt congratulations upon your safe return to your home and friends and to our midst again. Young, stalwart, and with the love of adventure, when the call came for men, unhesitatingly you nobly responded and gave your service for your King and country

Your faithful attention to the affairs and duties of a soldier, has after three years of active service overseas, rewarded you the high esteem of your fellow brethren No doubt your ambitions as a soldier were never realized or brought to fulfilment, nevertheless, you bear the marks of having faithfully done your duty.

That you may have every measure of health and continued usefu ness in whatsoever sphere of activity you undertake is our greatest wish, and along with that we present to you this ring, as a further token of our esteem and joy upon this occasion, which we pray you to accept. And may the God of Heaven, who has blessed you and all of us in years gone by, abide, with you and all assembled here, is our earnest prayer.

Signed on behalf of the members of the Lodge.

LAMBERT GIBSON, W. M.
WILBERT THORN.
JAMES FAIR.

Bro. Thorne although taken by surprise, made a suitable reply, thanking the Brethren for their kind thoughts expressed in the address and also for their beautiful gift. He was glad to be back home again and meet with the brethren of L. O. L. 421.

Dainty refreshments were served after which addresses were delivered by visiting and local brethren. All were pleased to welcome their Bro., Gunner Thorne, home and hoped that he would enjoy many years of happiness and prosperity. He was deserving of all the good things said of him.

The National Anthem was heartily sung and the brethren dispersed to their several homes, having had a most pleasant and profitable evening

Military Medal

Mr. George Murney, father of the late Sergt. Murney, is in receipt of the military medal awarded to his son. It is inscribed with the words, "For Bravery in the Field," on one side, and a miniature engraving of King George on the opposite side and Sergt. Murney's name and number on the edge. Mr. Murney has received the following official communication re the medal and the services for which it was awarded A military cross has also been awarded but Mr. Murney has not received it as yet. We congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Murney on having had such a brave son, but also sympathize with them in their great loss. They have the consolation that he died in a noble and righteous cause

Kingston, Feb. 20, 1919

To Mr. George Murney,
R.R. No. 1, S. Monaghan,
Military Medal.

No. 59690 ,Sgt. Murney, Wm. H., 21st Bn.

Dear sir:—I am this date in receipt of your letter, and as requested, the military medal awarded to the marginally noted soldier is enclosed herewith, under registered cover.

In forwarding this decoration the general officer commanding the district desires me to express the greatest appreciation for the services of this gallant soldier and I am also directed by the Honorable the Minister to express his most sincere personal appreciation for the services of so brave a man.

On my behalf please accept my sincerest compliments that you are a relative of so brave a man. Details of action which which this award was mon, herewith attached.

Very sincerely yours.
LIEUT-COLONEL,
A.A.G. Military Dist. No 3

Deed

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. In connection with a raid on a large scale when the trenches under cover of an intense artillery barrage and the use of liquid fire this N.C.O. with absolute disregard for personal safety rallied men around him while exposed to the enemy's heavy barrage and rifle fire, and when the counter attack was launched led his men forward with great courage. After the line was re-established he worked incessantly under the enemy's barrage, re-organizing.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. D. Armstrong and son Jack of Peterborough were guests of his father, Mr. Arthur Armstrong over Sunday.

Messrs V. Wetherup of Peterboro, and William Johnston of Bethany were in town on Wednesday.

Messrs Joseph B. McConnell and C. R. Peacock were in town on Monday.

Mrs. William McBrien of Peterborough is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Alex Wilson.

RICH STRIKE REPORTED

On the Davidson Gold Mines Property, Porcupine

Timmins, March 13.—One of the richest discoveries made in the Porcupine Camp occurred late last night in the Davidson Gold Mines at the 500-foot level. This is the ore donated by diamond drills last fall. The ore is very high in grade, showing considerable free gold and is said to be nearly 40 feet wide. General assays show $100 to the ton.

HAVELOCK

(Special Correspondence.)

Havelock, March 13.—Mr. Roy Burgess, of Toronto, spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. Jas. Bachus spent the week-end with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. M. Foley was in Peterboro on Wednesday.

Mrs. B. Haig was in Toronto for a few days last week.

Mrs. W. L. Neles, of Cordina Mines, spent the week-end in town.

Miss Effie Fowler, of Peterboro, spent the week-end in town the guest of Miss Jennie Barlow.

Mrs. Harry Brund and children, of Peterboro, are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Armstrong.

Mr. Harry Longmuir left on Monday for Sault Ste. Marie where he has secured an excellent position.

Mr. Wm. Bujaus, of Toronto, spent the week-end in town.

Public School Report.

Sr. IV—E. Robert, J. Thompson, I. Femell, I. Haig, E. Brennan and M. Cuthbertson, D. Watson, E. Gampney, D. Anderson, G. Hegley, W. Barton, N. Hilton, O. O'Brien, M. Campney, V. Kennedy.

Jr. IV—D. Curtis, R. Telford, I. Mathison and E. Williams, I. Barlow A. Coon, F. Hooper, W. Barlow, D Carty, E. Martin, G. Wilde.

M. F. CROWE, Teacher.

Sr. III—J. Kelly, H. Lang, F. Keeler, J. Davidson, D. Laing, J. Jack, M. Clark, H. Hooper.

Jr. III—E. Bullied, H. Thompson, W. Denike, M. Clark, E. O'Brien, F. Adams, V. Rorke, B. Wood and N. Kennedy, R. Weymark, E. Haig, C. Spencer, A. Laing, M. Wilde.

J. R. PAGET, Teacher.

Sr. II—R. Buchanan, R Wright and J. Joyner, L. Bachus, G. Thompson, B. Watson, C. Picard.

Jr. II—J. Armstrong G. Coon, B. Roberts, E. Bunkman, F. Barnett, F Voyer.

J. WYLIE, Teacher.

Sr. I—E Higley, W. Bush, P. Voyer, honors—M. Baker and F. Parsons. G. Wilde, B. Haig, E Parcells, D. Davidson, M. Weymark, H. Dafoe, G. Rutherford, R. Woode, G Denett, R Post, W. Barman, E. Woodbeck, W. Sexsmith, E. Baxter, W. Laing, D. Watson, L Plunkett, K. McGregor; absent—J. Clark, E. Stillman, W. Livingstone.

Jr. I—M Picard, R. Wilson, A. Denney; honors—V. Lewis, A. Prund M. McMullen, L. Sanderson, N. Monroe and D. Mathison, W. Hubble, E. Emory.

A. THOMPSON, Teacher.

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM TENDER STOMACH OR BOWELS.

A laxative tonay saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold, or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Stratford Police To Form Union

Stratford, March 13.—Increases of $50 a year to members of the police force have been granted by the commission, making the new scale as follows:

Sergeants and detective, $1,400; constables, first class, $1,200; second class, $1,140; third class, $1,080; fourth class, $1,020.

Members of the force are far from satisfied with the increase which they point out amounts to only 95c a week Some of the men today were quite hostile and declared that the question of forming a local union to bring about a show-down might be the result.

The Salvation Army opened a maternity hospital in London named "Bethesda".

Help Him to Help Himself

We owe the returned soldier every effort we can make towards securing steady employment for him.

Do not try to throw the burden entirely on employers. They have a grave responsibility, but only insofar as every man, woman and child gives willing help can Canada ensure a fair day's pay for a good day's work for all her men.

How can YOU help? By investing in War-Savings Stamps.

How will THAT help? Canada must secure foreign purchasers for the products of her forests, farms, and factories. Many nations are anxious to buy our goods, but can only do so if Canada grants credit to them.

Lend your money to Canada, so that Canada may re-lend to those who must buy on credit. The money is being raised by the sale of War-Savings Stamps, so that when you invest in a War-Savings Stamp you provide a day's pay for some returned soldier.

A War-Savings Certificate with 10 W.S.S. affixed will be redeemed by the Dominion of Canada on January 1st, 1924, for $50.00, for at that date the W.S.S. are worth $5.00 each.

War-Savings Stamps cost $4.02 in March; $4.03 in April; $4.04 in May, and they may be purchased at any place displaying the Beaver-Triangle sign.

W-S-S

as

TWO MILLION WOMEN WHO CANNOT GET HUSBANDS

War Leaves British Girls Tremendously Short of Prospective Helpmates, So They Must Choose Business Careers.

(By K. Ehnis)

The end of the war found England with over six million women in industry. Of this number, one quarter were replacing men, over a million were in munitions work, 220,000 were serving in the different women's armies, whilst many thousands more were employed as temporary clerks, whose engagements terminated with the war. Making the most optimistic allowances for the commercial boom which should follow peace, there remains a prospect of fierce competition in the labor market, and the holder of a permanent position, gazing out on the quicksands of unemployment is now, if ever, disposed to appreciate the security of her position.

The majority of permanent government clerks are in the employ of the postmaster general whose staffs at the savings bank department, telephone and money order and Scotch and Irish branches, total in all 3,427. In pre-war days these clerkships, carrying with them a salary of from $325 to $550 a year, were eagerly competed for. Even in those times, however, the woman clerk was resentful of the sex disqualification which limited her maximum salary to $550 and her energies to work of an entirely monotonous nature. With her enfranchisement has come a greater impatience of the double standard of pay, whereby, as a woman, she receives about one-third less than a man for the same work, while any appointment in the higher civil service is denied her. Moreover, while appreciating her immunity from unemployment, she is far from content with her lot, even as compared with that of women in outside offices.

One of the most striking effects of the war has been a transformation in the efficiency of the ordinary business girl. She has, in many cases, been called upon to do work of a more responsible and ambitious kind, than was offered her in pre-war days, and, with the performance of it, has come enterprise and self-reliance. In the case of the majority of women clerks, however, the only change has been in the quantity of work demanded. The quality has remained monotonous and stultifying. Especially is this the case in the savings bank department which employs a staff of 1,631.

Since the appearance of the first war loan in 1915 the routine work involved increasing with each succeeding loan, has been so overwhelming that it almost seemed to have left those concerned in it dispossessed of every faculty save that of writing dockets and computing dividends. In this way the last three and a half years have badly handicapped the savings bank clerks. Looking out from her safe ,but dreary post at a tantalizing vista of new opportunities she bitterly feels herself lacking the qualities essential in the competition for these openings. In this sense the very word "permanent" comes to suggest a life sentence. Nor is the prospect of reprieve by marriage anything but remote.

Already, before the war, the woman of this country had to face a shortage of 1,200,000 men. The casualties of the past 4 1-2 years have raised this close to 2,000,000. This shortage accounts, in part, for the fact that between 96 and 97 per cent. of the government girl clerks remain unmarried.

The staff of the savings bank are inclined, further, to attribute their spinsterhood to the conventual seclusion in which, till very recently, they were immured during office hours. So rigidly was the male element excluded that when some years ago, the women as cheap labor, were encroaching on the premises of the men, they were preceded in their advance by a six-foot wooden screen which, with much carpentry, was moved as they covered section by section of the ground. The extreme precaution was moreover taken of transferring the one male clerk who might have used an advantage of six feet in height for unauthorized glimpses.

A minor sensation of the war occurred when the advent of the temporary staff and the decrease in the male staff led to the intermingling of the sexes, followed by several matrimonial engagements. The real advantage however, was that, in discontinuing the segregation, the government will be forced to abandon its excuse for a dual system of pay on the grounds of unequal work.

Jerusalem has been rid of mosquitoes, the cause of epidemics for many generations, by an America sanitarian who obtained his experience in the Canal Zone.

An eccentric centrifugal pump driven by the fan belt has been invented to aid the cooling system of light automobiles when converted into trucks or tractors.

When flood waters interfered with its power plant a factory in a Michigan city belted the chassis of a 40-horsepower motor truck to its main driving belt.

17-YEAR LOCUSTS ARE LOOKED FOR

EXPERTS SAY PEST WILL NOT INVADE ONTARIO THIS YEAR.

That the plague of "seventeen-year" locusts which is expected to sweep over the United States in the latter part of May and the early part of June will not touch Ontario is the assurance which comes on the subject form the Department of Agriculture.

Discussing the situation W. B. Roadhouse, Deputy Minister of Agriculture read an extract from a letter he received from Prof. Caesar, Provincial Entomologist at Queiph, with whom he had been conferring on the probable local effect. The communication draws attention to the fact that they are *not* grasshoppers and it is very improbable that they will reach Ontario at all, judging from the past history of the pest, only a few wandering stragglers would reach the border. The letter states that the pest is indeed a dangerous one to young trees but confidence is expressed that no alarm need be felt in Ontario over their approach.

Fruit Dealers Not Alarmed

That no notice of impending scarcity of fruit due to the inroads of these pests have been received by fruit-dealers seems to be significant of the lack of alarm felt at their supply bases. The fruit shipper into Toronto is largely from the Niagara Peninsula in the summer, but at the present season, is almost entirely from the United States, so that it is thought by the local dealers that if any serious scarcity in this direction were anticipated they would receive notification.

According to reports from the United States Department of Agriculture, the pest is expected to be one of the worst on record and plans for combating its inroads are being formed by leading scientists, who, however, claim to see nothing alarming in the prospect if the proper methods of fighting are used.

Some interesting superstitions are abroad concerning the seventeen-year locust, due largely to a popular belief that the pest appears only before great disasters. Some persons see portentous significance in the fact that the filmy bars on the wings of the insect form a fairly well shaped W., meaning war. Others recall the work done among the Egyptians by the plague in Biblical days, when they hear the sound of the locusts' cry, which is said to resemble the pronunciation of "Pharaoh."

To Ward Off Invasion

The injuries caused by the insect consist almost wholly in chiseling grooves in the branches of trees for a place in which to deposit eggs. Although the young fruit trees are often killed by the process, entomologists state that the insect is not so harmful as is generally imagined. As precautionary measures in exposed regions it is suggested that budding and pruning operations be postponed this year and that, young trees be not set out. As soon as the insects begin to appear on the trees they should be either handpicked or sprayed fith kerosine emulsions or other destructive chemicals. Another plan of combatting them is to whitewash the trees just as soon as the insects begin to lay the eggs.

Belief that the 1919 brood will be exceptionally large is based on the fact that the 17-year-brood coming out this year is brood 10, perhaps the largest of the 17-year brood, and that brood 18 of the 17-year family comes out at the same time. The year 1868 was the greatest locust year in history, when brood 19, the largest of the 17-year family, appeared, in conjunction with brood 10 of the 17-year family.

SOME VIEWS ON PEACE LEAGUE

Summing up the diverse criticism of the League of Nations scheme a correspondent writes as follows in F. P. A.'s "Conning Tower" in the New York Tribune.

Sir:—Careful inquiry concerning the opposition to the league of nations reveals that the objections to it are few, viz.:

1. It will force the United States into war against the will of Congress.
2. It will prevent the United States from going to war, as for example against Mexico or Santo Domingo.
3. It will make the British Empire the dominant power of the world.
4. It will dismantle the British fleet and place the world at the mercy of Germany.
5. By admitting Germany it will hand back at the peace table what has been won on the field of battle.
6. By excluding Germany it will make certain the formation of a Teutonic alliance against the league.
7. It will mean the end of the Monroe Doctrine.
8. It will extend the Monroe Doctrine to the whole world.
9. It will prevent the United States from taking its place in world affairs.
10. It will force the United States to take part in all the international affairs of the world.

"A few slight changes in the language of the pact to meet these objections are all that seem to be needed."

The milk of human kindness would be a good deal richer if it weren't skimmed so often.

Daniel J. Donahue, of Chicago, has been appointed superintendent of the Canadian southern division of the M. C. R., with headquarters at St. Thomas.

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 60 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2660 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fate that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crown Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. R. MOORE } PHONE 14
J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors

WORLD'S CHURCH LEAGUE TO BE ONE RESULT OF WAR

Speaker at Religion Conference in Chicago Says Half the Churches in America Should Be Burned Down.

A world league of churches is to be the result of the war, in the opinion of Dr. S. Earl Taylor, general secretary of the Methodist Centenary Movement, who arrived in Chicago to attend the conference of the Inter-Church World Movement which began its formal sessions at the Hotel La Salle. He will speak at the banquet to be given to the delegates from eight states—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri Ohio and Wisconsin.

The day is at hand for a tremendous new movement," he explained "and nothing can stop it. Efficiency in matter of moral and spiritual welfare as well as in commerce and industry is the note being sounded. And it is that call that the leaders of all the great denominations are answering and answering eagerly. The time has been when the mass of the people were divided. Now the spirit of co-operation is abroad in the air, and sectarianism and the accompanying bigotry which it engenders will not be tolerated.

People Turn to Religion

"In addition to this spirit of unity there is the call for definite teaching on the spiritual realities. In other words, materialism has run its course and people are returning again to thought of religion. The war has shaken them out of self-indulgence, and ease and mere love of pleasure. The time is ripe for the greatest religious movement in the history of four centuries. And either the church will take advantage of its opportunities and make a tremendous advance or it will fall back and lose its place at the head of civilization."

Several hundred ministers and laymen assembled for the first session and it was expected that the registration would reach 1,000 before the close of the conference. Fred B. Smith of New York, formerly an international secretary of Y.M.C.A., now a New York business man was the principal speaker.

"One of the best things that could happen to America would be to have several thousand of its churches burn down," was his startling assertion. "We make surveys showing the number of new churches needed but we give no place to the number that ought to be burned down, torn down or blown down. If some of the half dead organizations could lose their buildings there might be a chance to unite them with other churches nearby and in a given place have one live church instead of two expiring ones.

Systematic Union Needed

"The work of world union must be carried out systematically. There must be the local unit in the city or county, where church work together, giving expression on questions of civic reform; law enforcement, local moral questions, and the like. State organization must then follow. We already have a national organization in the Federated Council of Churches. The big step then is for an international organization, lifting up its voice in questions of international morality and insisting on world peace."

The steps in realization of the world league will be through local federation movements; a survey of world conditions, causing elimination of competition in local church fields and in foreign missionary activities and outlining all needs; a campaign of education and the financial canvass in 1920 for probably $750,000,000 to realize the cause of world wide Christianity.

BIG CHURCH UNION SCHEME

(New York Life.)

These two great branches of the Christian Church (Protestant and Roman Catholic) might get together. It may seem a large order, but what is a large order any more? Would it be more remarkable for the amalgamated Protestants and the Roman Catholics to find again a basis for fellowship, than it was so lately for the great nations of the earth to agree on a league for peace? Is anything outside of expectation and calculation in a country that passed a dry amendment last month, and in a world that has adopted a league of nations?

No, anything can happen, and it is not really so big a job for the churches of Christendom to get together as for the nations to do it. The Methodists are as good as anybody to do the pioneer work in such an undertaking. They are driving people, and good with machinery. The Catholics, with their profound understanding of human life and their large tolerance of human infirmity, would do the Methodists lots of good, and the Methodists, who are the very seed of democracy, would doubtless rub off more or less democratic irregency on the Catholics. Moreover, both these sects in this country, and the Baptists, too, find their chief errand among the masses of the people. If the Methodists have a plan about wages, that should interest the Catholics, too, a large proportion of whom work for wages. The Catholics, never would have passed the prohibition amendment, but are not less interested than others in abating the mischiefs of rum, nor would necessarily repine at having "the organized liquor traffic" abolished.

Before the war it would have required some hardihood to say that there are no fundamental differences of faith between Catholics and Methodists, but the war has made it easier both to say that and to see it. The differences mainly concern methods of procedure—business methods, one might call them. The celibacy of the clergy has nothing to do with belief. It is a rule adopted because it seemed expedient. The papers of this day of writing report that the Catholic clergy of southern Hungary have addressed a petition to the Hungarian church council, in which they condemn this rule "as an endemocratic institution, and demand its abolition."

Catholics and Protestants have been separated less than four centuries. They quit killing one another a good while since. In separation they have developed differently, perhaps to the advantage of mankind: but for years they have been getting together, and that process has been wonderfully promoted by the war That they should find a basis of fellowship, and that the missionary venture which the Methodists are pushing should wind up in a church league which would really amount to church unity, is no more incredible than anything else. A world with enough Methodist in its Catholics to abate the fear of them, and with enough Catholic in its Methodists to civilize them, might be much improved and very pleasant.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

BROKEN GLASSES MEANS LOSS

Lost time, lost labor, lost comfort, lost temper, and perhaps more. You can make the loss trifling by bringing the glasses to Dr. Fowler's quick, modern repair department and have them made good as new in almost no time. Done while you wait, if necessary.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief

Buckingham, Que., May 3rd, 1915. "For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe *Headaches and Indigestion*. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. *Finally, a friend advised* "Fruit-a-tives". I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has miserable health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take "Fruit-a-tives", and you will get well".

ALBERT VARNER.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

MOCK PARLIAMENT AT GEORGE STREET

NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT IN THE SUNDAY SCHOOL ROOM TOMORROW EVENING.

The Epworth League of the George Street Methodist Church will present with the assistance of friends who are implicated in the presentation, an entertainment in the form of a Mock Parliament, in the Sunday school room on the evening of Friday next, 14th inst. The evening will be both unique and interesting.

The house will be formed on strict parliamentary lines and procedure, with, for the first time in Canada, ladies among the members returned from constituencies. It is expected that, with feminine ability, these will add to the velocity and interest of debate.

Age and youth will combine efforts to present ideas, suggestions and eloquence. Measures of large moment and of weighty consequence will be brought before the house for disposal.

The honorable the lieutenant-governor will open the house with a speech from the throne that will be a masterpiece. It will contain promises never intended to be kept, will stand off other promises hopelessly fractured and broken, outline propositions making for the general happiness of mankind, and forecast doings of portentous significance to the country at large. This address must be heard to be appreciated.

Measures that will, if passed, affect the district and neighborhood, will be submitted in the shape of certain private bills, while in other equally elegant bills the public will be well looked after.

There are assurances that the lieutenant-governor will represent what he represents with dignity and courtesy. The Speaker will be as austere as he knows how to be, the clerk of the house grave and dignified, the sergeant-at-arms a man of large importance and marked efficiency. The premier will, as all premiers do, stand off criticism and inveigle the leader of the opposition to wield a critical axe with consideration and discretion. The members as a body will look pleasant.

AN OLD RECIPE TO DARKEN HAIR

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns Gray, Faded Hair Dark and Glossy

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients at very little cost. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger.

GRAND TRUNK'S BONDS FALL DUE

QUESTION IS WILL ROAD BE ROAD BE ABLE TO MEET INDERTEDNESS.

Ottawa, March 13.—The railway situation as far as the Grand Trunk Railway is concerned, may reach a crisis early in April. At the beginning of next month the interest on bonds of the Lake Superior section of the Grand Trunk Pacific which runs from Fort William to Graham on the National Transcontinental Railway, fall due.

These bonds are guaranteed by the Grand Trunk. The line for the past two years has been operated by the Government on a rental basis but this does not relieve the Grand Trunk of its financial obligations. The Government has served notice it will advance no more loans.

There is much interest in Parliamentary cirlces as to whether the Grand Trunk will meet this obligation. There is a general belief that before that date the Grand Trunk directors will be prepared to talk business. The Government is prepared to repeat its offer of a year ago, which is the proposal of the Drayton-Ackworth report and which is regarded as not only fair but generous under the circumstances.

Not by the Department

The Grand Trunk Pacific operation under the receivership of Hon. J. D. Reid is running along smoothly. There has been an impression that the road is under the direction of the Department of Railways and Canals, as was the Intercolonial This is incorrect. Hon. J. D. Reid is the receiver, just as if any outside individual or firm were named, and the department has no connection with the receivership.

Orders have been given to the banks to make payments so that the receivership will not mean any delay as far as firms doing business with the Grand Trunk Pacific are concerned.

Final Decision Later

As soon as the whole question of the Grand Trunk is settled, the future method of handling the system will be decided. In the meantime the G. T. P. will have no connection with the Canadian National Railways.

COST OF LIVING IN EDMONTON

TAKES $1,751 TO KEEP WIDOW AND THREE CHILDREN ONE YEAR.

Ottawa, March 13.—The cost of living in Edmonton for a widow and three children is $1,751 per annum, according to Mayor Joseph A. Clarke. A petition for an increase in pensions for war widows and their families in the Edmonton district was laid before the Pensions Committee of Parliament and the cost of living for such a family was placed at the figure mentioned. The Mayor endorsed this figure in a letter which was read, and described it as "very moderate." It does not include any allowance for pleasure or recreation. The scale was referred to the Labor Department to report.

Mr. Kenneth Archibald of the Pensions Board, gave evidence before the committee. In reply to Hon. N. W. Rowell who presided he said that since the last meeting of the committee there had been no large changes in the pensions system of the Allied countries except France. In France the scope had been enlarged, but the pensions themselves were not increased very much.

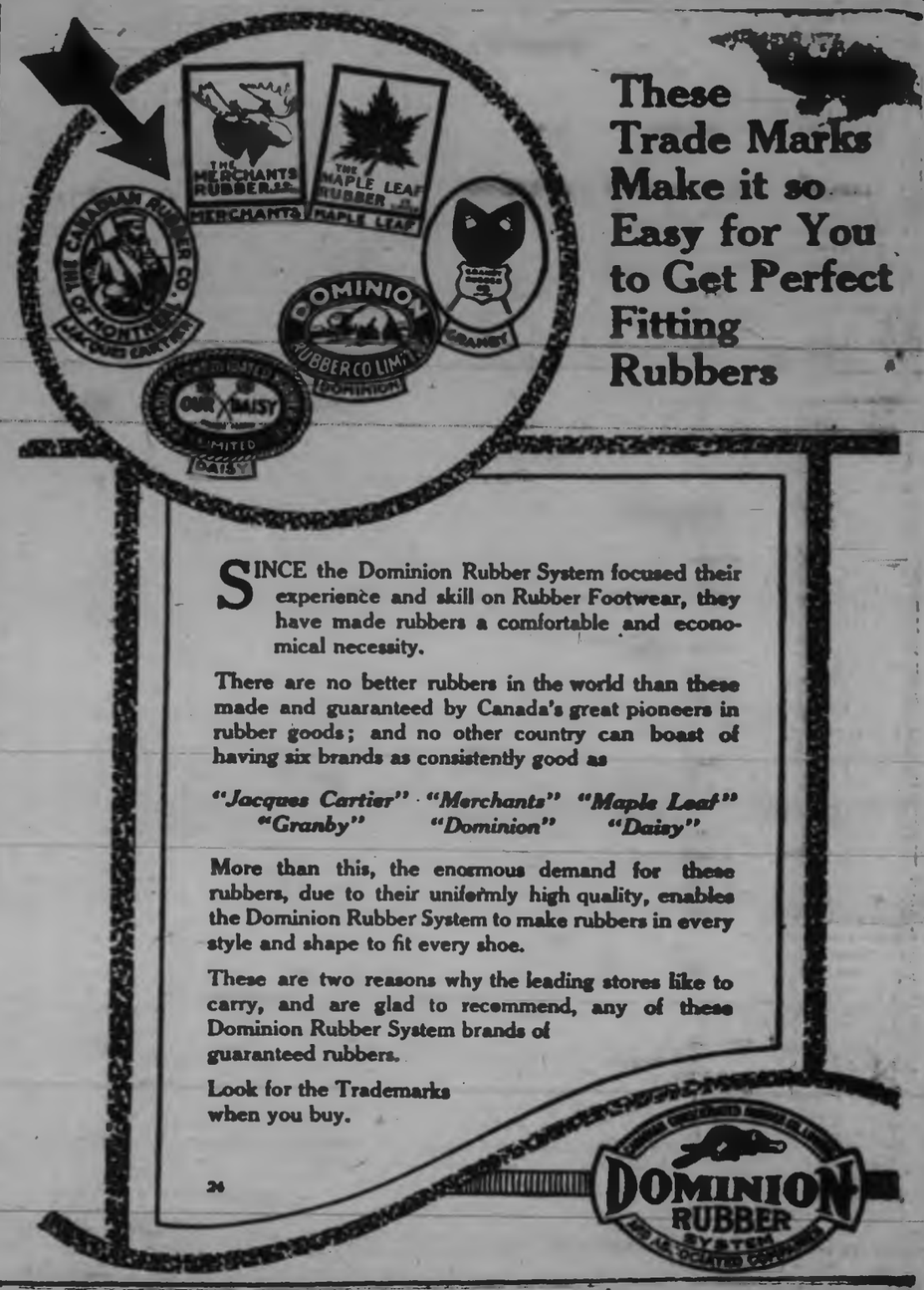
ALBERTA'S FIRST DIVORCE.

Geo. C. Clark Says Wife Admits She Loves Another.

Edmonton, Alta., March 13.—Prominent figures in financial an dpolitical circles are intimately concerned in the first divorce case to be heard in the Supreme Court of Alberta, according to hints given in evidence taken before Mr. Justice Walsh yesterday morning. The application for dissolution of marriage is brought by George Cyrus Clark, who is represented by H. H. Robertson, KC., and A. C. McDonald. No one appeared for the defendant, Mrs. Grace Clark, and it is not expected that any defence will be offered.

The plaintiff stated that he had no children. He said that his wife admitted that she was in love with another man. Upon various occasions she had left him.

When a baby for which it has been purchased outgrows a new combined bed and cart the upper portion can be used as a basket and the lower as a tea wagon.



These Trade Marks Make it so Easy for You to Get Perfect Fitting Rubbers

SINCE the Dominion Rubber System focused their experience and skill on Rubber Footwear, they have made rubbers a comfortable and economical necessity.

There are no better rubbers in the world than these made and guaranteed by Canada's great pioneers in rubber goods; and no other country can boast of having six brands as consistently good as

"Jacques Cartier" "Merchants" "Maple Leaf" "Granby" "Dominion" "Daisy"

More than this, the enormous demand for these rubbers, due to their uniformly high quality, enables the Dominion Rubber System to make rubbers in every style and shape to fit every shoe.

These are two reasons why the leading stores like to carry, and are glad to recommend, any of these Dominion Rubber System brands of guaranteed rubbers.

Look for the Trademarks when you buy.

26

DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM

ONTARIO HOUSING BILL BECOMES LAW THIS WEEK

Houses to be Erected Will Be Equipped With All Modern Conveniences.

Toronto, March 13.—Having passed through the committee stage of the legislature with few changes the government bill to provide for the erection of dwelling houses will be given third reading this week. It will receive the assent of the lieutenant-governor at once, so that municipalities can immediately avail themselves of its provisions. The government hopes that in this manner much work will be furnished to laborers and that an early start will be made on the building of houses, of which there is great scarcity all over the province.

Under the bill, which will become law within a few days, any municipality can come within the provisions of the act by the council passing a bylaw, the assent of the electors not being necessary. Having signified its intention of availing itself of the act, the council must next pass a bylaw appointing a housing commission, which shall be composed of the head of the municipality, and two or four persons residents in the city or town, who are not members of the council. The members of the commission, other than the head of the council, shall hold office for two years, except that at the outset one of the two members, or two of the four members, as the case may be, shall be designated to hold office for one year. Thus continuity of service will be established.

Special provision is made for cities having a population of not less than 100,000. In such places, the commission may be composed of five persons resident in the municipality who are not members of the council, and who shall be appointed for five years, except that in the first instance, certain members shall be so designated that one will retire each year.

In addition to the money which the Dominion government is prepared to loan to the provinces, of which Ontario's share is $8,500,000, the Ontario government will itself provide an additional $2,500,000 if required. The money may be advanced to a municipal corporation to the full cost of the land acquired and the house erected by its commission. As collateral security for the payment of the loan, the corporation shall issue and deposit with the provincial treasurer its debentures for the amount of the loan, payable within a period not exceeding 20 years, and bearing interest at the rate of five per cent., and in case of default the treasurer may dispose of so much of the debentures as may be necessary to pay the instalment.

The cost of any house shall not exceed $2,500 and the cost of the house and land on which it is erected shall not exceed $3,000. In particular cases, or in any particular municipality, with the approval of the director of the bureau, Mr. J. A. Ellis, of Ottawa, the cost of a house may exceed $2,500, but shall not exceed $3,000, and the cost of a house and the land on which it is erected may exceed $3,000 but shall not exceed $3,600.

Essential Features.

The Ontario Housing Committee summarizes as follows what it considers essential features:

1. Sufficient land to give each family privacy and plenty of air.
2. Water tight floors, walls and roof.
3. One or more rooms for cooking and eating and general day use.
4. Bedroom for parents' use.
5. Bedroom for male children.
6. Bedroom for female children.
7. Provision for toilet with sanitary water closet and sewer connection.
8. Running water supply fit for drinking.
9. Kitchen sink, with waste connection to sewer.
10. Uninterrupted daylight and ventilation through windows in every room.

Additional features which are so important as to be almost essential:

1. Bath tub and lavatory with hot and cold water supply.
2. Laundry tub with hot and cold water supply.
3. Direct sunlight in all principal rooms.
4. A second room in addition to that used for cooking.
5. Clothes closets.
6. Verandahs and verandahs.

Desirable Features.

Further additions of desirable features would include:

1. Electric light.
2. A separate dining room.
3. A cellar.
4. Furnace for heating.

There are thousands of working class people in Ottawa who have not all these essential and necessary features. Model houses are needed and the best way to secure them is to take advantage at once of the Ontario Housing Act.

DAVID HARUM IN CITY COUNCIL

ALD. PHELAN'S KNOWLEDGE OF HORSEFLESH ENTITLES HIM TO HONOR.

Ald. Harry Phelan, chairman of the Board of Works, was at the firehall this morning to be present at the arrival of the new team of horses which he purchased for his department from Mr. Darling, a farmer residing near Fowler's Corners.

Ald. Phelan was as proud of his purchase as if it had been for himself. The horses, when they arrived, reflected credit upon the judgment of their buyer. They are a fine pair of well-matched blacks, and will tip the scales at 3,000 pounds. They are at the right age, one coming five and the other six years, and were bought with a view to improving their conditon under the excellent care of their groom, Tom Bacon.

In addition to having procured a satisfactory pair of horses for the purposes of the Board of Works, the chairman bought them at the right price, and his colleagues on the City Council will in future look upon him in the light of a modern David Harum.

A German scientist believes that the artificial lakes that have been built in his country decrease the temperature and increase the number of foggy days.

A Japanese naval officer's chemical process waterproofs a tough native paper so it can be used for many purposes usually requiring textile fabrics or leather.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

WANTED

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 287, Review.

WANTED—By War Publications Limited, 1 good County Agent or Representative in each County, also Local Agents to work under County Agent. This is not a get rich quick scheme, but a fine opportunity for hustlers to make good money. If a personal interview cannot be arranged, write to War Publications Limited, 193 Sparks street, Ottawa, and full particulars will be given. Prompt reply is required.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

LOST.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON ON C. G. E. car, a whip. Finder please leave at Review.

FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILES and TRUCKS FOR SALE.

Several nearly new Ford Touring and Roadster Cars and older model at right prices. Also Ford One-Ton Truck, nearly new. All guaranteed good running order. DUFF'S GARAGE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 2-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE, NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 289

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Th action for damages of the owners of the mont Blanc which was struck by the Imo in Halifax Harbor, causing the great disaster, was heard yesterday in the Supreme Court at Ottawa.

Frank K. Knapp, a G.T.R. brakeman at Barrie, lost his arm in an accident.

The worst man is sometimes capable of giving advice.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. S. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

JAMES FORDYCE STRICKLAND
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
MONEY TO LOAN
396 Water Street Peterborough
Phone 151

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough, Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 12c Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 645.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—423-427 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital: $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 13.—Receipts of live stock were light; trade steady. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$16.00
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.50
Medium butcher cattle	9.00	9.50
Ewes	11.00	13.00
Hogs, f a w	19.00	19.00
Hogs, f o b	18.25	18.25
Calves	17.75	19.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	25	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 50
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beef, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$ 2 09	$ 2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 00	1 00
Oats	55	55
Rye, per bush.	65	65
Peas, per bush.	1 50	1 50
Barley	80	80
Hay (timothy)	27 00	28 00
Loose straw, load	7 00	7 00
Alsace Clover Seed	11 00	12 00
Red Clover Seed (good)	25 00	27 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$ 6 00	$ 7 00
do., No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 00
Horse hair, farmers'	25	25
Deacon and bob calf	1 50	2 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	7	7
Cakes, No. 1	8	8
Beef hides, flat, cured	17	18
do., green	15	16
Frozen hides	15	16

J. Spooner and T. Nole were sentenced to a two-year term at Galt for breaking into a residence and stealing three dozen eggs. A third youth was turned over to the Children's Aid Society.

Mrs. Lillian Lynch, of Niagara Falls, whose husband was killed overseas, died as the result of injuries received in an automobile accident.

Children's Aid Society

of Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 344½ George St. Phone 104
Office Hours, 12 to 2 and 6 to

Railway Time Tables

G. T. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

*8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:25 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

*7:25 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

*9:15 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:30 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

*12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:45 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

POTATO CROP DISEASES

Most Serious of Them Widely Established in Old Ontario.

Varieties of Grains Which Give Heaviest Yields—O. A. C. No. 21 Best Barley of All—Get Everything in Readiness for Spring Spraying Now.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

OFFICIALS of the Ontario Department of Agriculture inspected 313 seed potato fields in Northern Ontario last year of 278 acres, and 119 fields qualified for certified seed. It is estimated that there were 16,000 bushels of certified seed secured from Northern Ontario. All of this is being shipped to Old Ontario to be planted this year.

The survey which was made last year by inspectors to detect diseases in the potatoes was spread over 32 counties, although the reports from four of that number are not included in the statistics because of irregularities in the work. The territory covered was from Northumberland and Peterborough counties west to Essex, not including Simcoe and Victoria. It was found in this survey that an average of 15 per cent. of the potatoes had the most serious disease of Leaf Roll, and that 7 per cent. were affected with Mosaic, a total of 22 per cent. affected by disease. An interesting fact revealed by the survey is that the diseases are most common along the shores of Lake Ontario, through Dufferin and Wellington counties, and along the shore of Lake Erie through to Essex county. Farther north the percentage of disease is much smaller. While the average for the two diseases is 22 per cent., some of the counties showed a much higher rate, as Haldimand 39, Welland 61.7, Lincoln 33.5, Wentworth 26.6, Brant 44.8, Halton 32.1, Peel 51.9 and York 25.4. The standard in this province permits of two per cent. Leaf Roll in No. 1 seed and 5 per cent. in No. 2. In severe Mosaic the percentage is the same, although in slight Mosaic the figures are doubled.

The cause of these diseases is not known. Whether there is some organism, or whether the climate has something to do with them, is a matter of doubt. Prof. P. A. Murphy, of Charlottetown, who is the Chief Pathologist for potatoes for the Dominion, and who is attached to the Central Experimental Farm, is at work on this problem, and it is hoped that before many months the cause will be known. At any rate, it is known that the diseases are more common in potatoes in the Southern States. That is why it is expected Ontario seed potatoes will be in demand there in a few years.

Leading Varieties of Spring Grain.

The old Six-rowed barley gave way to the Mandscheuri, and that in turn has given place to the O.A.C. No. 21, which is now grown throughout Ontario to the exclusion of practically all other varieties. The Egyptian and the Black Tartarian varieties of oats which were popular at one time have been largely displaced by the Banner and more recently by the O.A.C. No. 72 and the O.A.C. No. 3 varieties. The O.A.C. No. 72 variety has a comparatively strong vigorous straw, spreading head, and white grain of good quality, the hull being quite thin. In experiments at the Ontario Agricultural College it has surpassed the Banner in yield per acre in each of nine out of ten years. It has made a phenomenal record in connection with the Ontario Standing Field Crop Competitions, taking more first prizes than all other varieties of oats combined. The O.A.C. No. 3 variety is ten days earlier than the Banner or the O.A.C. No. 72, and is an excellent variety for mixing with barley when it is desirable to grow the two in combination. Of the spring wheats the Red Fife, the Marquis and the Wild Goose are the principal varieties. At the present time, however, when the demand for wheat for bread production is so urgent the Marquis and the Red Fife, and especially the former, should be grown as extensively as possible in Ontario. Spring rye does not yield equal to Winter rye but its cultivation will perhaps be increased somewhat during the present year. The O.A.C. No. 61 variety has given the best results, surpassing all other kinds in yield of grain per acre.—Dr. C. A. Zavitz, O. A. College, Guelph.

Prepare for Spring Spraying.

Efficient and economic spraying is hard to attain with the use of poor machinery. The power sprayer is an expensive piece of machinery, but it is effective when properly handled. Its usefulness can be greatly impaired by improper care. To secure the highest degree of efficiency in spraying the maintenance of high pressure is necessary. Probably high pressure is not needed in all cases; it is, however, true that by means of it more thorough and, consequently, more effective work can be done in a much shorter time and with much less effort.

The agitation of the liquid in the tank is another important matter. In the case of most sprays, the individual particles that make up the insecticide are suspended in the water. Unless the sprayer is equipped with a good agitator, these particles will settle to the bottom, rendering the mixture in the top of the tank weaker than it should be, and that in the bottom stronger, and possibly in some cases too strong for safe application.

It is needless to say that the care of spraying machinery should never be neglected. Indeed, the spraying outfit should never be put away after using until the mixture is thoroughly cleared out from all parts of the pump, rod, piping, hose and nozzles by running clear water through them. The water should be drained from the engine, and all parts cleaned and oiled.—Prof. Jno. Evans, O. A. College, Guelph.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Seven Spies Were Shot By British Authorities During Four Years of War

IN the possession of a sergeant-major of the British Military Foot Police is a peculiarly made leather strap—or, rather, a series of straps—for which Madame Tussaud's doubtless would pay a large sum of money.

It is the strap with which German spies caught in this country and condemned to death were fastened in a special chair at the Tower of London prior to being shot. Like a wise man, the sergeant-major had the strap made to his own design and paid for it with his own money. It is to him a priceless relic of the great war.

Germany's vaunted spy system, like the overboomed German navy hardly realized expectations. There were, it is true, a great many spies in England, both before and after the war acting on behalf of the Kaiser. Most of them were neutrals, and came originally from South American states.

The British secret service resembled its magnificent navy. It did its work as silently and effectively, and the necessary reticence observed as to its doings contributed very materially to the discomfiture felt by the German Government owing to the misleading information which "fed" into German hands.

As a matter of fact, the Naval Intelligence Department, under Rear Admiral Hall, acting in conjunction with the censor's department, provided false information to the Germans, an instance being the mythical Strait of Dover submarine barrage revealed by Sir Roger Keyes.

Nearly all Germany's spies in Britain attempted to forward their information by post. But thanks to the astuteness of the censor's staff it was rarely these letters, even although written in invisible ink, went undetected.

All spies were not arrested immediately they were detected. The British secret service, ever considerate, allowed them to send and receive letters and collect information, but it reserved the privilege of opening the correspondence both ways and making alterations likely to be of more use to the Allies than to Germany.

It is difficult to estimate the value of the information obtained by this method. The Hun, with his profound disrespect for British finesse, probably never will believe that Britain could be guilty of such astuteness.

It is certain that Germany obtained very little that was useful from her spies in England. From the outbreak of war the ports were too carefully watched to permit of much leakage. The wild stories of wireless telegraphy and signaling to sea had little or no substances in fact; the risks of detection were too great.

Up and down the east and southwest coast of England were, however, many "hydros," palatial hotels, built right on the sea, with large copper domes twinkling brightly for many miles out at sea. And the manager was often a German.

Eight German spies were executed in England, while many more are undergoing long terms of penal servitude. For obvious reasons the names of many never were revealed. The Imperial Government continued to communicate with them, blissfully unaware that their agents had gone to a bourne from which not even a German spy returns. The British secret service kindly acted as the spy's deputy.

The execution of these spies is naturally an unpleasant subject, but none the less interesting. After the secret trial and condemnation to death the spy was taken to the Tower, there to await the dread summons in the early hours of the morning. Taken from his cell by a party of military police, the spy was strapped to a chair in a quadrangle of the Tower. There, facing him, about ten paces distant was a firing party, usually eight men, from the battalion of guards on duty at the time.

The preliminaries were soon arranged. The spy was placed in the chair and his body and limbs were tightly strapped to it. Then his chest was bared to receive the bullets of the Englishmen whose country he had wronged.

That was his last look at the world. A handkerchief was tightly bound around his eyes by the sergeant-major of the military police. The firing party, leaning on their rifles, stood up and brought them up to the aim as the sergeant-major stood clear. A low instruction from the officer in command to aim at the heart, a sharp order, "Fire!" a burst of flame, and the crack of eight rifles had ended the career of another of Germany's tools.

Some of the spies stood their execution stoically; others again made a last despairing fight and went to their death shrieking and cursing their Maker.

Gas as Fuel.

Experiments in England with ordinary producer gas as a fuel for internal combustion engines has shown that as the size and power of the engine increase the loss on producer gas diminishes. The fact that coal gas, although of lower caloric value than gasoline, gives better results, is accounted for by the pressure of the gas in the bag, which delivers this fuel to the engine with little or no "back pull."

"Babu" English.

Punch is fond of quoting the odd English of the "babu" of India. A certain babu hospital assistant was told to make a chart of a patient's condition. He made it as follows: 8 a.m., the patient's life in tow degree. 10 a.m., life in sink. 11 a.m., flit. 1 p.m., flat.

The new Salvation Army hostel at Chatham has been opened.

TOMMY LEARNS TO DANCE.

Many Pastimes Introduced to Keep Soldiers Fit.

There are more ways than one of making a man fit. The obvious method is not always the best. It is, for instance, the principle of disguising the pill in a spoonful of jam which you see applied in the army in connection with that important phase of training, "Physical Jerks," as Tommy calls it.

In the convalescent camp "somewhere in "rance" from which I write, "P. T." is an important factor. Each morning, after the colonel's inspection, to the accompaniment of a lively march played by the drum and fife or military band (we have both, and a "ripping" orchestra as well, composed of convalescent Tommies) we proceed to a well-chosen spot and, under capable instructors, indulge in all kinds of "sporty" pastimes.

Boxing is one. Those men who desire to be taught the gentle art of fisticuffs fall out, and, stripped to the waist, are soon making music with the gloves. The rest split up into suitable parties, play basket-ball and various other games which tend to strengthen the muscles and sharpen one's ideas.

The latest innovation here is teaching Tommy to dance. It may sound silly, perhaps, but it is really very sensible. You should have heard the exclamations on the first morning when men who a few days previous had been fighting Germans were lined up in pairs and informed by the instructor that he was about to teach them the "St. Paul two-step!"

Then the fun began! "One, two! One, two, three!" while Tommy struggled to master the movements.

"If 'Jerry' came over now he would say that we had gone stark, staring mad," remarked one man.

"Pavlowa isn't in it!" exclaimed another.

Tommy's sense of humor was tickled by his own capers just as much as by those of his pals.

Now he is becoming an expert dancer, and, without feeling that his dignity is in any way compromised, takes his partner for the two-step and dances to the accompaniment of the band. He is now asking for "a few 'Waacs'."—London Mail.

Gen. Allenby.

I suppose that a German general impresses one first of all as a soldier, but—and it may be due in part to the semi-civilian British uniform—the British officer impresses one first of all as a man. When I saw Gen. Allenby I did not think of this man of powerful shoulders, of high forehead, of the kindliest of eyes, of blunt, staccato speech, and of most genial manner, as a soldier. I was in the presence of a great human being. And it was so when I met Marshal Foch, in the days before he was a marshal.

It was at General Headquarters that I first saw Gen. Allenby. I had driven over from Jerusalem with one of my Red Cross associates to spend the night with the "C-in-C," or the "Chief," as he is called by the officers and men. And I may at this distance confess that I went with some timidity. In the first place, I was not yet inured to my military title (and that was the only one by which I was known out there). In the next place, I had never had an acquaintance with the British beyond that of meeting a few of them visiting in America, and I was anticipating a frigid formality even in that semi-tropical and remote country.

But I soon forgot, in the warmth of the reception, that my host was a general and that I was not a civilian, that he was an overcritical Britisher and I a provincial American. We soon found ourselves fellow inhabitants of ancient Palestine—of the Old Testament land. And when we left the dinner table it was to pore over George Adam Smith's "Geography of the Holy Land"—a classic which is more than a geography, a veritable epic poem in prose form—and then to turn to certain passages in the Old Testament.

It is not the part of a guest to speak of what he has seen and heard at headquarters, and certainly what was said that night was not intended for hearing beyond the walls of the old farmhouse, temporarily used as headquarters, but I am sure that the commander-in-chief will let me share my memory of it with others, especially as it can give no comfort to the enemy.—From "Gen. Allenby," by J. H. Finley, Red Cross Commissioner to Palestine, in Scribner.

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-582

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
[COAL DEALERS]
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 365 Bethune St.
Phone 607
Nights and Holidays 396

A File Fish.

The file fish captured off Land's End, England, is a very rare visitor to the English coast, the only previous specimens recorded having been caught so long ago as 1827. It belongs to a numerous and important family of the tropical seas, which are so-called because the first dorsal fin is studded up the front with small projections that suggest some resemblance to a file. Another peculiarity of these comic-looking fish is the gunlock spine, the principle of which was adopted for the earliest safety rifle locks.—London Chronicle.

A Long Word.

It was recently stated that the longest word in the English language sdhorificabilitudinity, for which I fancy Dr. Samuel Johnson was responsible. I offer antidisestablishmentarianism, which was used, I believe, by the late Archbishop Benson. By changing it into an adjective (ism to istic), you get two more letters, making twenty-nine in all. I have not looked it up in the dictionary. If it is not there, it ought to be. It is a word which the late Provost Salmon, of Dublin University, would have called "portentous."

Has 8,000 Islands.

Lake Huron holds the curious record of having more islands than any other lake. It has at least eight thousand.

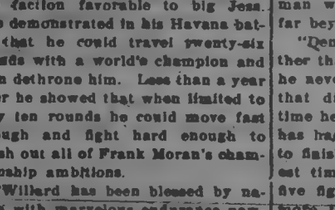
Porto Rico last year increased its area devoted to food crops by 43 per cent.

Quality and Service
If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices—executed by men who are craftsmen—try the
REVIEW PRINTING Co.
HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

MAGGIE-KIN I HAVE A DOLLAR?
NO-I HARDLY SIT IN THE HOUSE BE-FOR YOU START BOTHERIN' ME!
BY GOLLY-SHE LEFT HER MUFF HERE-HER POCKET-BOOK MUST BE IN THERE-
O—W!!
?
WOOF!!

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS



TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

HOW JIM CORBETT ANALYZES WILLARD-DEMPSEY OUTLOOK

Distance, Which Heavyweight Fighters Will Be Asked to Go, May Be Big Factor—Champion Might Wear Dempsey Down.

(By James J. Corbett.)

The distance which Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey will be asked to travel will have a most important bearing on the outcome of the titular clash.

The length of the bout is something still unsettled. Both fighters have agreed to battle over any route that Tex Rickard may decide. Rickard's choice depends altogether upon where he decides to stage the contest. He may put it on in New Jersey, an eight-round state, or in a ten or twelve-round commonwealth. Or he may determine upon some western spot where he can send the boys along for twenty or twenty-five rounds or perhaps to a finish.

The contest brings together a giant of powerful physique, but old as athletics are reckoned, and a ripping, tearing youth who never has known the word "weary" as applied to ring endeavors.

Which would be favored by a short fight and which by a long one? Ring experts have puzzled over the question, and there is about fifty-fifty opinion at this time.

"Willard is good at ten rounds and good over a long distance," asserts one faction favorable to big Jess. "He demonstrated in his Havana battle that he could travel twenty-six rounds with a world's champion and then dethrone him. Less than a year later he showed that when limited to only ten rounds he could move fast enough and fight hard enough to crush out all of Frank Moran's championship ambitions.

"Willard has been blessed by nature with marvelous endurance powers. His fight with Johnson showed that the longer the distance the better he appeared. For the first twenty rounds of that contest Willard never opened up with a real attack. He lay back for sixty minutes waiting for Johnson to become punch weary. Jess figured that he was hurt-proof and he demonstrated it. For twenty rounds Johnson thundered the head and body of Jess, but they never made him wince.

"Against Dempsey it is quite likely Willard will pursue the same plan as he did against Johnson if the fight is to be a long one. Jess would have it on Jack by sixty pounds or more, and by frequent leaning tactics he could tire Dempsey without much trouble. But if it were a short fight Jess undoubtedly would go out and slug with Dempsey as he did with Moran, confident that Jack would get the worst of it in a toe-to-toe battle.

"Whether the contest is short or long, Willard has the advantage largely because of his greater size and greater natural endurance."

In rebuttal, the Dempsey folks assert:

"If it's a short fight Dempsey will outpoint Willard by a mile, if he doesn't knock him out. Jack is so fast that Jess won't be able to see him for ten rounds. And meanwhile Jack will be sending home some ripping lefts and rights.

"If it's a long fight Dempsey will be a cinch. Jack has the aggressiveness and the endurance powers that are associated only with youth. The whole history of athletics shows that a man of Dempseys' age can endure hardship and struggling for a longer time and appear fresher than can a man who, like Willard, has passed far beyond the 30-year mark.

"Dempsey never has traveled further than ten rounds largely because he never has let the fight go beyond that distance. Dempsey, since the time he became a real pugilistic star, has had but one thought in mind—to finish his opponents in the quickest time possible. His last twenty-five fights have not averaged much more than three rounds. Prior to that time Dempsey mingled in a number of ten-rounders, and in each and every one he finished looking as fresh and strong and as full of fight as when he started.

"Those who insist that Willard is a distance fighter are in error. In all his career Willard has fought but three so-called distance fights, and he lost two of them. Gunboat Smith whipped him thoroughly in twenty rounds at San Francisco. At the finish Smith was in fine condition, and Willard was battered to a sorry-looking spectacle. Willard went twelve rounds with Tom McMahon, and the third-rater won the decision from Willard even though Jess outweighed him forty pounds and had it on him by a half foot in height and reach.

"Willard's fight with Johnson went twenty-six rounds. But that doesn't reflect glory on Willard. Rather it is surprising that he didn't finish his aged and dissipated opponent in less than half that time. Willard didn't beat Johnson. It was age and lack of condition that whipped the dusky champion. For twenty rounds Johnson hit Willard when and where he wished. For the first twenty rounds Jess looked like the worst joke that ever stepped into the ring.

"It is true that Willard took everything that Johnson had during the first hour of fighting. But the only thing that Johnson had was a lot of punches that wouldn't have done much more than flatten a cream puff. The negro went into that contest far over weight and a thousand kilometers removed from his Reno condition. He would have been an easy proposition for almost any fighter to stow away.

"Willard faces a foe entirely different in Jack Dempsey. He's a bruising, mauling battler with tremendous power in either hand and the man who, by knocking out Fulton, Morris, Pelkey, Smith and nearly two score others, has demonstrated that he has no equal in the 'kill 'em dead' ranks. In a long fight or a short one, the youthful Jack Dempsey will put it all over the venerable Mr. Willard."

There you have both sides of the controversy.

What's your verdict?

ROME WANTS OLYMPIC GAMES

Government is Asked to Appropriate Funds to Defray Expense.

Rome, March 13.—A dozen deputies presented an interpellation in the chamber, asking the government to appropriate funds to defray the expenses incident to holding the Olympian games at Rome in 1920, which will be the fiftieth anniversary of the unification of the Italian nation.

CANADA SENDS PIN CHAMPIONS

Toronto Stars Will Contend in Bowling at Toledo.

Toronto, March 13.—Five team- Toronto bowlers will leave ! Toledo, O., to roll in the American bowling congress tournament. The party will be headed by the Canadian champion, Saunders five, McCullum cup holders for two years, and with the Schliman, former national champion.

SYRACUSE-NEWARK IN LEAGUE

President of Toronto Club of International Makes Announcement.

Toronto, March 13.—President McCaffery of the Toronto club of the International league announced that Syracuse and Newark would again be in the league, but under new management.

Sporting Gossip

President Fred Mitchell of the Cubs believes in quick action. He convinced Dode Paskert and Less Mann of that within the last few days. They came here balking over terms, but in less than five minutes after meeting the boss they signed their contracts.

Buster Caton, the Pirate shortshop, is the smallest infielder in the National league, but he is a bear for speed. He was discharged from the army at Camp Sherman Friday, and on Saturday reported to Barney Dreyfuss ready for the training trip.

The ragman will not be welcomed by baseball clubs this spring. There will be few new uniforms with the war tax and the high price of cloth. Last year uniforms cost $14.50, and this season they are worth $27.50.

Bill Doak is to be pitied. He says he does not want to play with the St. Louis Cardinals any longer, because he does not like the climate, but the management refuses to let him go. They plan to make him like it.

In New York the critics are talking about a three-cornered deal in which the Cubs, St. Louis Cardinals and Giants are involved. They report that Roger Horsby is to go to McGraw, but say nothing about what the Cubs and Cardinals are to get.

Wilbert Robinson, although he lost Jack Coombs, says the Dodgers will be in the fight for the pennant with Grimes, Cheney, Marguard, Sherrod Smith, Cadore, Mitchell and Pfeffer on his pitching staff. That looks like a formidable squad.

Kitchener Juniors again beat Stratford juniors in the Rounds Cup. O. H. A. consolation series, by 8 to 0 making the score on the round 13 to 4.

The tentative schedule of the Michigan-Ontario League has been submitted to the clubs. The schedule meeting will be held in Hamilton or London a week from Sunday.

Owing to difficulties in connection with the Newark and Syracuse franchises the International League made no progress at its meeting in New York yesterday. A six-club league may be organized.

BOWLING

Last night the captains of the bowling teams met and started the bowling league. The captains were decided upon as follows:—H. Lacheur, A. C. Stansfield, W. Richardson, W. Jackson, W. Browett, J. W. Maynard, G. A. Ivey, C. C. Parsons.

The first game will be played tonight.

McGRAW SIGNS GIANTS

Doyle Last in Fold—Herman Schaefer is Chosen as Scout.

New York, March 13.—All the New York Giant regulars have been signed for the coming season, club officials announced after having received a signed contract from Second Baseman Larry Doyle.

Herman Schaefer, former infielder of the Detroit and Washington Americans, was engaged by the New York Nationals as a scout for the 1919 season.

MOORE WINS BY CLOSE MARGIN

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 13.—Pal Moore of Memphis was a close winner over Patsy Scanlon of Pittsburgh in their ten round bout here. Moore scored heavy on points, but Scanlon delivered the harder blows.

BOWLING AT THE "Y"

Captains have been chosen to lead new league.

JOHNSON SAYS BOUT WAS "FIXED"

WILLARD WON TITLE AT HAVANA BY ARRANGEMENT BEFORE MEETING.

Havana, March 13.—Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion, in a signed statement, declared that his fight with Jess Willard in this city four years ago was a prearranged affair and that he allowed Willard to win. The former champion declares that unless Willard agrees to fight him within a reasonable time he will claim the word's title.

Willard Denies It.

Lawrence, Kansas, March 13.—"Jack Johnson simply needs money and is trying to put over another match," was the comment of Jess Willard, when shown the statement received from Havana today, in which Jack Johnson claimed the championship bout with Willard four years ago was a pre-arranged affair.

"There is absolutely nothing to it," Willard continued. "I refuse to dignify the statement with a denial for as far as I am concerned it is simply a crude joke."

HAMILTON WINS SENIOR TITLE

ALTHOUGH BEATEN BY ST. PATRICKS IN TORONTO LAST NIGHT.

Toronto, March 13.—Playing in sensational style from start to finish St. Patrick's last night defeated Hamilton Tigers by 5 to 1 in the O. H. A. senior final fixture at the Arena. The visitors came here with a seven-goal lead, and, therefore, won the championship and the Allan Cup by three goals on the round. The Green Shirts, with Frank Heffernan back on the defense, made the far-famed Tigers look ordinary, and it was the consensus of opinion of the spectators that the best team did not win the title.

Over five thousand attended, and they saw one of the most thrilling, uphill struggles ever staged in this city. They were kept in a frenzy of excitement throughout, and as the Irish gradualy reduced the lead the din and noise was terrific. Frank Heffernan was given a great hand by the crowd when he skated out, and he fully justified his reception. As a defense player he stands alone, and all the trickiness of Roach, Green and Matte availed them nothing when attacking the Irish citadel. Had Heffernan not been taken ill when his team so badly needed him the Irish would undoubtedly have won the O. H. A. championship.

St. Patrick's forced the play from the face-off, and, although they were easily the better, they failed to score in the initial period. In the second they notched two to Tiger's one, and in the third added three more. The line-up:

St. Patrick's—Goal, Crook; defense, Heffernan and Cain; centre, Breen; right wing, Muston; left wing, Aird. Substitutes, Patterson and Dye.

Hamilton—Goal, Reaume; defense, Reise and Matte; centre, Roach; left wing, Duncan; right wing, Green. Substitutes, McCarthy and Smith.

Referees, Lawson Whitehead and Dr. W. J. Laflamme, Toronto.

PENSIONS PAID BY THE FRENCH

WIDOWS ARE ALLOWED $40 A MONTH — CHILDREN CARED FOR.

Ottawa, March 13.—At the meeting of the Pension Committee yesterday, the question was asked as to the principle adopted in France with regard to orphans. Mr. Archibald, one of the witnesses, said a widow received $40 per month, the first orphan child $12, the second $10, and the third $8. In the case of children who had lost their mother, the first orphan child received $40, the second $12, the third $16, and the fourth $8. Thus four orphans received the same as a widow and three children. By an order-in-Council passed in January the first orphan had been increased from $16 to $24, and the second orphan from $16 to $20. The board, he said, had received many complaints regarding the pensions for one, two or three children. Sixteen dollars was not enough, and it was still said that $24 was not enough for one orphan. The reason given was that, although this sum paid for food and clothing, the guardian had to give up something to look after the child, and so was not compensated.

TWO CANADIAN CITIES TO ENTER

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA MAY HAVE JOINT TEAM IN LEAGUE.

Montreal, March 13.—If Montreal is in the International baseball League this coming season this city will divide a franchise with the Ottawa Club, according to plans at present under consideration by a syndicate of business men in this city and in Ottawa. The proposal, if it goes through, will create an unique precedent in baseball.

Frank Shaughnessy, pilot of many Ottawa champions in the Canadian League, has the plans in hand, and yesterday met a number of Montreal business men who are interested in baseball and laid his plan before them. His proposition is, that Ottawa and Montreal will divide a franchise between them. Games scheduled at home for the combination club will be played in Ottawa on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, Montreal will have games only on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays, the metropolis being a strong supporter of week-end sport.

Shaughnessy would manage the popularity he already has in both cities and the strong backing which he would receive in Monteral it is believed he could swing the club successfully under the plans proposed. Shaughnessy left last night for New York to attend the adjourned meeting of the International League when he will lay his plans before that body.

What About Grounds?

Grounds will furnish an obstacle in Montreal. The best grounds available for week-day games are at Water Park, and these are controlled by Sam Lichtenhein former head of the Royals who is understood to demand a prohibitive price for the use of his stands. The National grounds have been leased for Sundays for the season by the Independent League while the Shamrock grounds the only other locality where Sunday baseball could be played, are under the control of the City League. There will be several problems for the owners to unravel before International League ball can be played in Montreal.

CURLEY BRANDS STORY AS FALSE

SAYS JOHNSON WAS FAIRLY DEFEATED BY BIG JESS WILLARD.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Chicago, March 13.—Jack Curley, promoter of the Johnson-Willard heavyweight championship battle, and one of Willard's managers, today branded Johnson's confession as a "pathetic, child-like whine coming from an ignorant mind, from one who realizes he has gone to the end of his rope." The world knows my feeling toward Jess Willard, but I cannot lie strong enough even to injure that ingrate and give any color of truth to Johnson's story," said Curley. "Willard defeated Johnson in Havana in as square and as honestly fought a contest as was ever pulled off."

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)

THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. R. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
Hard Wood $12 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....16.00 per ton
Also Egg Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Flg, Studs, Mouldings, Casings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Floors and Box Shooks. Pine and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Reduction in Coal Prices

The City Council has decided to reduce the price of Coal and for quick sale the prices are as follows:
Buckwheat .....$ 9.00 per ton
Mine Run and Pea .... 10.00 per ton
Pea and Nut (mixed) . 11.00 per ton
Orders left at the City Treasurer's Office wil be promptly attended to.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little to repairs.

CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.

Schneider's
367 George St. Next Tunbull's

MAKE CHANGE IN FIRE ENACTMENT

FIRE MARSHAL IS GIVEN INCREASED POWERS IN FIRE INQUESTS.

Toronto, March 13.—Strong opposition to certain provisions of the government bill to amend the Fire Marshals Act developed in the Legislature yesterday when the bill was given second reading. The same objection was raised by the Liberals when the bill was considered in committee of the House. Mr. William Proudfoot, Opposition leader, urged that the crown attorneys of the province be the officials to take the evidence where an investigation was being made by the Fire Marshal, instead of the latter. He contended that the change was in the interests of fair play, experience having convinced him that witnesses before the Fire Marshal or his assistants did not always get a proper hearing. Hon. I. B. Lucas, the attorney-general, would not, however, accept the change proposed by the Opposition, and Sir William Hearst declared that the Fire Marshal was better qualified to get out all the facts about a fire than a crown attorney.

Previous Duties of Fire Marshal.

In discussing the bill, Hon. Mr. Lucas said that up to the present the chief duties of the Fire Marshal had been to collect statistics concerning fires and to make investigations when necessary. Although there had been few cases where criminal action had been taken, the investigations had had a good effect.

The number of incendiary fires was not as large as the public believed. The fire loss in Ontario last year was $14,856,000, which was higher than than that of 1917, but substantially lower than that of 1916. The Act contemplates the Fire Marshal entering more actively into the duty of fire protection work, the general idea being to co-operate with the municipalities. It will permit the Fire Marshal to go into a municipality and in the general interest order the removal of a building. The department hopes to have the assistance of the Fire Prevention League.

The Luxemberg Commission on Economic Problems has decided on an economic alliance with Belgium and France. The alliance would control the output of steel in Europe.

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

Yours Eyes Will Tell You

If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY.

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

"SHAUN RHUE"

One of the best Irish plays presented to local public this season. Plan opens tomorrow morning at 10 a.m.

GEO. F. LYNCH. Dir.

"ST. PATRICK'S TEA"

A St. Patrick's Tea will be held at the residence of Mrs. T. H. G. Deane 361 Park street, under the auspices of the Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E., on Monday, 17th March, from 3.30 to 6 p.m. The following artists have kindly consented to assist in the program, Mrs. Maurice Park, Miss Lora Logan, Miss Parker, Miss Littlefield, Miss Murray, Miss Sanderson, Miss Tamblyn. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

TEMPLE SONGSTERS

The Temple songsters are requested to be at practice this evening at 7.15.

A DESIRE EASILY SATISFIED

There are few people who do not desire a Victrola—unless they already have one. Some of those people are yet without one because they do not feel that they can afford the amount required. These people should call at Heintzman Hall, George and Hunter streets and learn of the easy payment plan in vogue there. This plan makes it a very simple matter to own a Victrola.

AUCTION SALE.

Pure bred Holsteins and Grades, Horses, Pigs, and Farm Implements, at Christopher Howson's, Lot 12, Con. 10, Otonabee, on Wednesday, March 19, at 1 o'clock. Everything must be sold, as Mr. Howson has sold his farm and is retiring. You are invited to attend this sale.

PEDIGREED BULLS.

The Holstein Bulls Numbers 7 and 8 in the advertisement of Mr. Christopher Howson's sale in Otonabee on March 19th, are from the herd of Mr. W. A. Anderson. They are from good officially tested cows sired by Ranwerd May Echo Champion, son of the great Canadian 29,000 pound cow and the only full brother of May Echo Sylvia, holding all world's milk records from one to one hundred days, and dam of the $106,000 bull sold to the Carnation Farms last year.

IRISH ENTERTAINMENT

The Volunteer Bible Class of Knox Church will hold an "Irish Entertainment" in the Lecture Hall of the church, on Tuesday, March 18th. Good program. Refreshments. Admission 25c.

SLEIGHING PARTY.

The Boys' Club of St. Luke's Church held a sleigh drive last evening to Lakefield. In spite of the bad roads, all spent a very enjoyable time.

ST. JOHN'S CHOIR

Choir practice for all the members of St. John's choir will be held in the Guild Room tonight at 8 p.m. Boys at 7.30.

DON'T MISS

The "Work Parliament" at George St. Methodist Church, Friday evening. Come! Have a laugh and learn Parliamentary Procedure. Adults 25c Children 15c.

The Durham county team won the Provincial inter-county competition in live stock judging at Guelph.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

REID—LOCKINGTON

Quietly at St. Andrew's church, on Wednesday, March 12th, 1919, at 3 p.m., Harriett (Hattie) Reid, daughter of Mr. Alex. Reid 715 George street, and Mr. Frank Lockington, son of Mrs. and the late Wm Lockington, of Nassau, were united in marriage by Rev. W. S. H. Rowand

Mr. and Mrs. Lockington will reside at Nassau on their return from a wedding trip.

Mr. Oscar Matchett was in Toronto yesterday on business.

Mr. E. J. Searight, of the Quaker Oats Co., was called to Montreal yesterday, owing to the death of his brother.

Miss Winnie Wiltshire, nurse in training in Toronto Free Hospital is the guest of Miss Gladys Crowe, Brock street.

Mr. Allan Whyte of this city is in Montreal attending the funeral of his grandmother.

Mr. Basil Sheridan of Perth left for Lindsay this afternoon after having been in Peterborough for a day and a half in the interests of a fund being raised by three of the societies of that town for a memorial hall.

TO CONSOLIDATE RURAL SCHOOLS

LEGISLATION DEALING WITH THE MATTER, TO BE BROUGHT DOWN.

Legislation to provide for consolidated schools will be introduced in the Legislature at an early date, the Government having practically decided on its policy in connection with this important matter. The chief feature of the policy is that the right of withdrawal will not be permitted to School Boards, so that once they agree to a consolidated school in the districts, they will have to continue to support it.

The problem of entering upon a consolidated school system for the rural districts is a many-sided one, and many difficulties have had to be overcome by the Minister of Education, Hon. Dr. Cody, in framing the policy. Many of the country schools today are in a good state of repair, and local boards will be adverse to entering upon any heavy expenditures which would necessitate discontinuing the use of the present buildings. To overcome this difficulty the Government will give financial assistance to pay a portion of the cost of the construction of central buildings. Grants will be made, probably based upon the assessed values of a section, which would be regarded as the equivalent for the abandoned buildings. Local School Boards, however, would be expected to meet the remainder of the cost of the new building not covered by the Government grants.

While many of the buildings are now in good shape, there are also a large number of schools which will have to be substituted by new ones. In some instances the present buildings are not large enough to meet the needs of the districts in which they are situated. The entering upon a consolidated school policy would not be the same hardship to such districts.

Under the proposed legislation from three to five schools will be consolidated. It is estimated that such a school will have about 75 or more pupils in attendance. To endeavor to cover a larger area by one school, it is felt would be impossible, as the children would have to come from too great a distance. It is the hope of the Department that these schools will ultimately develop into continuation schools.

By providing that once having agreed to support a consolidated school a local board cannot withdraw, the Department hopes to overcome a difficulty which has handicapped the system elsewhere in the Dominion. The act will either provide that it will not be permissible to withdraw, or else the withdrawal will be surrounded with safeguards to protect the system, which is now to be introduced. Local Inspectors and boards will be allowed a free hand in organizing the various sections. If the school sections agree among themselves to have a consolidated school, the Inspector will investigate and submit a plan to the Department of Education. It is not the intention of the Government to force consolidated schools upon local sections, but those that come in will be assisted in every possible way.

The amalgamating of the schools is not expected by the department to cause any surplus of teachers. The development of many of the schools into continuation schools will take up some of the teachers who will be thrown out of work. Then, too, there are a number of schools in outlying parts not supplied with well-qualified teachers, [illegible]

Spring 1919

Special Display of Millinery

Thursday, March 13 and following days

Phone 1021-w **Miss J. Horsfield** *436 George St.*

Over T. S. and Loan

Birthday Tea Of 57th Chapter

The 57th Regiment Chapter, I.O.D.E., held a birthday tea Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Major and Mrs. V. Eastwood, George street, to commemorate the seventh anniversary of the founding of the Chapter.

Mrs. V. Eastwood, 1st vice Regent, and Mrs. H. S. Macdonald, convenor, of the tea room committee, received the guests in the spacious drawing room which looked very cheerful with its coal grate fire and beautiful flowers. They were assisted by Mrs. B. Rush, and Mrs. (Dr.) Greer.

After being received the guests were escorted to the dining hal which was daintily arranged in Emerald green decorations, especially the tea table, which was very artistic and spoke well for the decorator. The tea table was presided over by Mrs. E. B. Clegg, assisted by Mrs. Widdifield, Mrs. Fisk, Mrs. Gillespie, Mrs. Crowe, Mrs. Sharp and Miss Robinson. The tea proved a great success both financially and in attendance, which goes to show the great interest the citizens take in I.O.D.E. teas.

Mrs. Gordon Hall very kindly acted as treasurer during the afternoon. Those who assisted in the musical part were:

Violin and piano—Miss Rannie and Miss Caldwell.

Instrumental—Miss Rannie.

Solo—Miss Penrose.

Solo—Miss Murray.

Piano solo—Miss Agnes Logan.

Much credit is due all members of the Chapter who contributed and helped to make the tea such a success.

SUDDEN DEATH IN CAMPBELLFORD

LATE W. H. HAYNES WAS BROTHER OF MRS. (REV.) F. E. MALOTT.

Mrs. (Rev.) F. E. Malott was called to Campbellford yesterday as a result of the sudden death in that town of her brother, Mr. W. H. Haynes, who, for many years has been in business there. In connection with his death the Campbellford Herald says: "He was apparently about to go home and was evidently seized with an attack of heart failure. His body was found in a sitting posture in the doorway of the express office early yesterday morning.

"The late William Haynes was born in St. Mary's 62 years ago and about twenty-five years ago came here and has been in business ever since. Mr. Haynes was a man for whom everyone had the highest respect. His generous whole-souled nature won for him the kindest feelings of all and universal sorrow is felt at his sudden and unexpected demise.

"Four sisters, Mrs. W. E. Carnahan, of town; Mrs. Bailey, of Saskatchewan; Mrs. Armstrong, of Hanover, and Mrs. (Rev.) F. E. Malott, of Peterboro, survive.

Service was held at the home of Mr. Carnahan yesterday afternoon, the remains being taken to St. Mary's for interment."

Rev. F. E. Malott is attending the funeral of the late Mr. Haynes in St. Mary's. This evening he was to have conducted the service in St. James' Methodist church here, but was unable to fulfill the engagement, owing to the sudden death of his brother-in-law.

ST. PATRICK'S CONCERT
TRINITY S. S. HALL

An Irish Concert and illustrated lecture on St. Patrick, will be given in Trinity S. S. Hall, Monday, March 17th, at 8 p.m. Mrs. Geo. H. King, Mrs. Maurice Park, Miss Young and Mr. Hartshorn will sing. Irish refreshments will be served. Tickets 25c. Refreshments 10c extra.

TROUBLES COST HIM A FORTUNE

TEXAS FARMER SUFFERED FOR TWENTY YEARS—IS RELIEVED BY TANLAC

"A few bottles of Tanlac have done me more good than other medicines and treatments that cost me a small fortune," said C. C. Fisher, a prosperous farmer living at Irving, Route 1, a few miles from Dallas, Tex.

"For fifteen years," he continued, "I suffered so terribly from stomach trouble that I thought I could never get well. Everything I would eat went back on me and I would belch up my food so sour that it would nearly strangle me, the gas on my stomach would press on by heart so as to cause it to flutter and I would have a hard time getting my breath. I was really in such awful condition that I felt like I had about got to the end of my row.

"But I feel now like I am good for many years yet, for Tanlac has fixed me up so I can eat everything without any bad after effects and since gas has stopped forming in my stomach I am not troubled with palpitations or shortness of breath. I have gained six pounds already and am working hard on my farm every day now and am glad to recommend Tanlac for the wonderful way it has helped me."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

GOOD MEETINGS AT ST. JAMES

SPECIAL SERVICES ARE BEING WELL ATTENDED—MUCH INTEREST SHOWN.

The special services at St. James' Church are growing in interest and spiritual power. The messages brought by the ministers to the people attending have been of vital interest to the individual and the home community to get in right relation with God and be sensed by a worthfulness of our being. This prepares the way for a life of usefulness that is beneficial to all. An invitation is extended to all. Rev. A. J. Thomas, Rev. W. T. Wickett and Rev. W. H. Higgs are assisting in the services.

Rev. R. Pogue will be the speaker tomorrow night.

DR. A. MASSEY DECORATED.

And Given Rank of Major in the Belgian Congo.

Belleville, March 13.—Dr. Alfred Massey, son of Mrs. Massey, formerly of Belleville, has won distinction in the Belgian Congo, where, in appreciation of his services as medical officer over a battalion of native troops, he has been awarded the rank of major and decorated with the Croix de Chevalier de Corde Roya' de Lion. Dr. Massey went to Africa about twenty years ago as a medical missionary.

PEOPLE'S CHIMES SOUND REQUIEM

PLAYED TO DAY IN MEMORY OF LATE W. H. DENHAM.

Flags on the public buildings of the city are at half mast and the Quaker Oats plant closed down today as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late W. H. Denham. This afternoon at three o'clock, the same hour as that at which the funeral was held in Okron, Ohio, the People's chimes played "Days and Moments," "Nearer My God to Thee," and "Lead Kindly Light."

Mr. Denham had been identified with St. John's Church while in Peterborough and was a member of the Advisory Board. His son, the late Donald Denham, was a former secretary of the Sunday School of that church.

Messrs. George Edwards, G. A. MacDonald, Mark Kirn, George Carruthers and Alex. Elliott, of the branch of the Quaker Oats Company in this city, attended the funeral of their late manager today. Mayor Duncan represented the city of Peterborough.

EIGHT HOUR DAY

And Increased Wages for Radial Employes

London, Ont., March 13.—It was announced by officials of the London & Port Stanley Railway, the municipally owned and operated electric road, that, commencing May 1st, all employes of the railway will be given an eight hour day, and wages will be increased to a number of men, including conductors and motormen. It is the first radial in Canada to grant an eight-hour day.

OBITUARY

FRANCIS GORDON HAULTAIN

The death occurred in Regina, Saskatchewan, on the 4th inst., of Francis Gordon Haultain, eldest son of the late Lieut.-Col. F. W. Haultain, R.A., at one time member of the Parliament of Canada for the West Riding of the County of Peterborough and afterwards Registrar of deeds of the County.

The late Francis Gordon Haultain was born in Kingston in the year 1851 when his father was stationed there as an officer in the Royal artillery. In 1883 he married Miss Mary Gilmour, daughter of the late John W. Gilmour, of Peterborough, who died in the year 1887. He is survived by his son, Captain A. G. Haultain, C.E. and his daughter, Miss Helen Haultain, of Montreal, and his brothers Sir Frederick Haultain, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Saskatchewan; Wilmot G. Haultain, of Regina, and Terrick Haultain of Sherbrooke, Que., and by his sisters, Mrs. J. G. Macklin, of London, Eng., and the Misses Haultain, of 725 Pine avenue W., Montreal. The late Mr. Haultain received his early education in Peterborough and was at the time of his decease a Government school inspector.

ERNIE MARKS STOCK COMPANY
Supporting
MISS KITTIE MARKS

Mr. Ernie Marks has chosen "The Final Settlement" for his initial appearance in this city on Tuesday March 18th. The story of "The Final Settlement" though easy of synoptical presentation, is deep and complex in its rendering, demanding intricate development of characters and environments to build a suitable foundation for the play, which leaves a lasting impression.

"The Final Settlement" is a play and a story that sounds the depths of human emotions, and intense anger, hate, tenderness, compassion pathos, and sympathy are all interwoven, one scene following another in such thrilling panorama that the audience is held spellbound from start to finish.

Mr. Ernie Marks' former appearances will be remembered for his originality, grace and ease, as well as his entirely different conception of the many roles he has portrayed. He has never been known to play any part twice alike, and easily proves himself an actor that is at home either in comedy, drama or romance.

The wrecked Furness boat Appenine which was driven ashore by ice near St. John's, Nfld., has been abandoned by the crew.

It's Confidence That Does It.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY SPECIALS at PORTER S. WHITE Co's

SUGAR

Lantic Granulated—	
15-lb. package	50c
25-lb. package	$1.15
Yellow Sugar, 4 lbs.	45c
Victor Rolled Oats, put up by the Quaker Co., fresh stock ... 10 lbs.	65c
Krinkle Corn Flakes, 4 pkgs.	47c
Shredded Wheat, 4 pkgs.	54c
Puffed Rice, pkg.	15c
Cream of Barley, pkg.	30c
Krumbles, 2 pkgs.	22c
Marrowfat Peas, 2 pkgs.	25c
Crisco, 1b. tin	30c
Crisco, 3 lb. tin	85c
Stewing Figs, lb.	23c
Griffin's Seedless Raisins, pkg.	14c
McLaren's Invincible Jelly, 2 pkgs.	25c
Pure Gold Jelly, 2 pkgs.	25c
Pure Chocolate Pudding, 2 pkgs.	25c
Pure Quick Tapioca, 2 pkgs.	25c
Lipton Jelly, 2 pkgs.	21c
Japan Rice, 2 pkgs.	25c
XX Special Rice, 2 pkgs.	23c
Reindeer Coffee and Cocoa, reg. 30c tin, for	25c
Peaches, large tin	25c
Pears, large tin	25c

PLUMS.
Lombards, Green Gages and Damson's.

Glassco Pure Apricots, 1 lb. jar	22c
Glassco Pure Grape Jelly, lb. jar	20c
Florida Grape Fruit	5 for 25c
Florida Grape Fruit	4 for 25c

Potatoes—Per Bag $1.35

Potatoes purchased Saturday will be delivered Monday.

Try our own Blends, Tea and Coffee.

Christie's Biscuits. Large variety received. Fresh every week.

Porter S White Co.
334 GEORGE STREET
Phone 286

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

To-day, Friday and Saturday Matinee Daily

FIRST FORMAL OPENING UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT

THE ALL-BRITISH PRODUCTION

"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"

BIGGER THAN "THE BETTER OLE"

ALICE HOWELL in "HOOT TOOT"

"The BORDER TERROR" And a Big Comedy Drama | Special All-Star Comedy SCREEN MAGAZINE

SPECIAL VAUDEVILLE ACT

DON'T MISS THIS BIG PROGRAM

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES Matinee 10c Evenings 15c

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY MATINEE WEDNESDAY

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

Opening Play—THE FINAL SETTLEMENT

PRICES—15c—25c—35c Seats on Sale Saturday

AT MARK STREET CHURCH.

Rev. W. T. Wickett Was the Speaker Last Night.

The service in Mark Street Methodist Church last evening was well attended. Rev. W. T. Wickett of Bethany gave an interesting and impressing discourse on "The Life Abundant." Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., of George Street Church, will be the speaker at the service this evening. Everybody welcome.

Tenders FOR MARKET TOLLS

SEALED TENDERS addressed to "Ald. J. Hamilton, Chairman Property Committee," and endorsed, "Tenders for Market Tolls," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m. on

MONDAY, MARCH 24th, 1919.

for the market tolls and charges of the City of Peterborough for the year beginning April 1st, 1919. Particulars may be obtained at this office. Tenders must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for $200.00 which will be forfeited if the person to whom the tolls are sold does not sign the contract and furnish acceptable security and will otherwise be applied on the payment of the purchase. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Stewville, Ont.

A patent has been granted the inventor of a collapsible pole for wireless telegraphy, made in the form of a bag that is raised either by gas or compressed air.

An Australian railroad has 330 miles of track without a curve, the longest straight stretch in the world, and for 1032 miles there is not a tunnel and very few cuts.

TENDERS FOR Bridge Construction

Sealed Tenders Plainly Marked as to contents will be received by Alderman Harry Phelan, Chairman Board of Works, City Hall, Peterborough, Ontario, up to 5 O'CLOCK, P. M., of TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919, for the construction of a Reinforced Concrete Bridge of eleven arches with approaches, etc., over the Otonabee River at Hunter Street, Peterborough, Ontario.

Proposals will be considered either upon a lump sum basis or upon a cost plus a lump sum basis.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of R. H. Pardoe, City Engineer, Peterborough, or at the office of the undersigned, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

FRANK BARBER,
Consulting Engineer.
Toronto, March 4, 1919.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

WANTED

Some good Houses for rent.

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, cheap.
Some Farms for sale, at a bargain.
Let us insure your Life, Auto, House, Plate Glass, or anything you have.

It will pay you.

Farmers and Dairymen Of Peterboro District

When I began breeding Holstein Cattle six years ago I had no inclination whatever of going into the business as a fad. What I wanted was a Utility Herd, a herd of cows that would produce 20,000 pounds of milk or over in a year, and do it at a profit. I chose my foundation cows with this end in view.

As proof of the wisdom of this choice I developed the first 4 year old cow to milk 20,000 lbs. in one year, also her nearest rival with 19,753 lbs. in one year. Later we developed Tochita of Riverside, 24,094 lbs. milk, 1,057 lbs butter, in one year, making her champion mature cow of the Dominion of Canada, a title she held for three years.

"Calamity Johanna Nig" came next with 25,443 lbs. milk, 1,007 lbs. butter, in one year, 108 lbs. in one day. At the time that this record was made, her milk record stood first in Canada.

"Rooker Netherland Belle," another member of the herd, gave over 16,000 lbs. in eight months. At this time, owing to the scarcity of help, brought on by the war, I was forced to turn to the short time test, known as the 7 and 30 day test. So far we have been successful in developing the second highest record Jr. 3 yr. old in Canada for 1918,, with 29.68 lbs. butter, 564 lbs. milk, in 7 days; 2-23 lb. cows, a 2,572 lbs. cow, an 18 lb. 2 yr. old, and have just finished testing 2 four year old cows, both making over 30 lbs. butter in 7 days.

The farm being sold, rather unexpected, and not being able to find accommodation suitable to handle a large herd, I am offering the entire herd at auction at the Exhibition Grounds, Toronto, on APRIL 10-11. Plan now to attend this sale. There are a large number of females going into this sale that are yet to be developed. They will do as well for you as they have for me. If you keep cows, why not those that will give you a double profit? That's what you get from long distance Holsteins—an income from cream and milk and an income from stock sales.

COME TO THE SALE OF

HORSES AND FARM MACHINERY

TO BE HELD AT THE FARM, DOURO,

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 18

at 1 o'clock, where you will have an excellent opportunity to look over the herd and have the breeding and records of each animal explained to you. It will be a pleasure for us to do so.

There will be sold at the farm on the above date an excellent outfit of Farm Machinery, all practically new, and everything required to work a 200-acre farm, including an Empire Mechanical Milker, guaranteed to be in first-class condition, 3½ h.p. gas engine, a power attachment for Ford car, 7 fine Horses, 600 Bushels of clean Seed Oats, No. 72, and Hay. See posters.

Take an afternoon off and be with us.

JOSEPH O'REILLY,
PETERBORO, ONT.
Lot 7, Con. 8, Douro, 3 miles east of Nassau.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Cold with light local snow. Saturday, strong easterly winds, higher temperature with snow or rain.

The Daily Review

5 PAGES

49th YEAR No. 62 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

TROUBLE IN BERLIN IS OVER, MINISTER OF DEFENCE SAYS

Blames Mewspapers For Inciting the Masses to Make War on the Government.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, March 14.—The Berlin insurrection may be considered as suppressed, Gustav Noske, Minister of Defence, announced in the assembly at Weimar yesterday, German despatche s reported. Only one suburb remained to be cleared of Spartacans, the Minister stated. Disarmament of the population must be hastened, Herr Noske added.

"It is especially the fault of certain newspapers, notable the Frei Helt, and Redflag," continued the Minister, "that acts of pillage, brigandage and murder have been committed in Berlin as they have been inciting the people for months past. Independent Socialist did all they could to support these disgraceful, shameless actions. The great mass of the workmen of Berlin are honest men but, as in all great movements, impure elements seem to have crept in among loyal, thoughtful worbers. The hyenas of the revolution began to intrigue before martial law was proclaimed and before troops had been ordered to advance upon Berlin."

EMPIRE TOGETHER IN PEACE WORK

SIR GEORGE FOSTER GIVES THANKS FOR REMOVAL OF TRADE BARRIERS.

London, March 14.—Sir George Foster, in the course of an interview published in the Times, expresses the extreme satisfaction of the overseas Dominions at the British Government's removal of the import restrictions which, he says was most opportune and re-assuring.

"It has set the seal on what has been known for some time to be the policy of the present Government," says the Canadian Minister of Commerce "That it has been delayed in getting from the stage of resolution to actual embodiment has caused much heart-searching and disappointment, which now, happily, and let us hope, for ever dispelled. The Empire which has fought together in such close beneficial co-operation to maintain its existence may well extend the experience gained therein to the comparative and sympathetic development of its vast resources."

The Quebec Legislature abolished Courts of Review.

Ald. Thos. H. Manley of Sarnia died of pneumonia following influenza.

American Marines Rioting in China

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Peping, March 14.—American marines have raided the Japanese concession at Tien Tain, forcing their way into the Japanese consulate and assaulting the consul, according to despatches received here.

MORE LATITUDE FOR MEMBERS

W. L. RICHARDSON WOULD ADOPT FRENCH SYSTEM IN PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, March 14.—Mr. R. L. Richardson in his speech on the address made suggeston that Canada adopt the French system in regard to Government measures. Mr. Richardson complained that under the present system the folowers of the Government are bound to support every act of the administration or else endanger its existence at a time when they would not care to embarrass it. He gave as an example the Daylight Savings Bill. If this measure was introduced as a Government bill there would be many members to the right of the speaker who were opposed to it, who would be put in an awkward position as they would not care to risk upsetting the administration on such a minor question. Mr. Richardson favored the French plan. In the French chamber when a bill is introduced the members vote for it according to their best judgment. A defeat of a government bill does not mean a defeat for the government. The existence of the government hinges only upon a stated vote of confidence or a vote of want of confidence. Mr. Richardson saw no reason why this system could not be adopted without interfering with the British system of responsible government. He appealed to Sir Thomas White as acting premier to give it consideration.

LIQUOR BEFORE LABOR

Big Issues Before Western Canada Conference.

Calgary, March 14. — The Labor Congress, the most important of its kind ever held in Western Canada, convened in the city with delegates in attendance from all over the four Western Provinces. David Rees, international representative, will preside. One of the biggest questions to come up is the six-hour day. The industrial unionism principle will be prominent and it is almost certain that the liquor question will be aired.

What Board of Trade Does and Why

Very oddly the average citizen has not had a distinct idea of the functions. The name sounds familiar, but as working units a local progress, they have not been analyzed.

A board of Trade is no stronger than the support it receives at home.

The people must stand squarely back of it, encouraging its ambitions and recommendations. A Board of Trade in a small city simply can't live without broad local support. It is a highly perishable plant, and now in this new era of things ,no town will be permitted to snooze comfortably in the old drowsy way. It must consider itself a part of the nation. There must be no rusty links. The time is gone when people can sit back and blandly admit that the activities of the Board of Trade are a "good idea." It takes more than a nod of approval to see the things through to fruitful success.

When all pull together, it is amazing what can be accomplished. That's the way mountains are moved. But there is more in it than mere physical power—it's the spirit that is aroused by unity. You can't hold a town back when it's people decide to do a thing—and then do it.

The Board of Trade is the very starting point of such movements—the cement, as it were, that binds men and methods together.

It's very difficult for a few to hold back when the majority are smiling and saying, "Come on, we're invincible."

Towns, like people, are apt to get in a "rut."

What does "getting in a rut" mean?

It means letting fairly good enough alone—being content with what has gone before—complacently and snugly settling back into precedence and inaction. It means struggling along with the same schools and factories and roads and city policies regardless of whether they are progressive or not.

But that won't do.

These are spirited times. If a town or a community begins to retrograde, the downhill plunge is swift and sure. Both worth-while men and worthwhile business moves elsewhere.

Grab the rope. Yank a bit with your strenbth and your initiative and pride. It doesn't take very long for a Board of Trade to work miracles in a town.

AMERICAN BUSINESS MEN TO TOUR CANADIAN CITIES

Peterboro is on the List and American Flag and Colors of Visiting Organization Will Be Presented to City—to Cement Friendship and Encourage Business Relations Between Two Nations

(Special to The Review.)

Manchester, N. H ,March 14. — Choosing this city as the most convenient and central point for their first get-together meeting, at which time the proposed new charter will be accepted, officers will be elected and final arrangements for the Canadian tour made. Members of the New England-Canadian Advancement Association ,composed of the chamber of commerce officials from nearly all New England cities, with a few additional interested business men, have been arriving here throughout yesterday and last night. Following the acceptance of the charter and the election of officials this morning, balloting for the delegation which is to tour every city in the Dominion of Canada was commenced.

Plans for the trip, which is to be made by eleven delegates, call for the initial visit to Sydney, N. S., continuing west through each province to British Columbia, and touching only the largest cities west of Winnipeg.

Every New England State with the exception of Rhode Island, is fully represented in the organization, and the two delegates from each state are to deliver addresses at each Canadian stop, featuring their home state and its offerings as well, listing that of the Canadian points .with existing conditions there.

Canada's imports during the past four years were three billion and a half, of which well over two-thirds came from the United States, while her exports for the same period amounted to nearly five billion, two billion going to that country. This organization warrants a get-together program with a view to increasing in detail and practically advancing the after-the-war friendly feeling.

At each stop the presentation of the American and the organization colors is to be made. Ontario is listed with twenty-four stops. Special interest prevails in Peterborough on account of its grain and lumber exports.

UNIONIST PARTY AGAIN IN CAUCUS

DAYLIGHT SAVING MAIN TOPIC OF DISCUSSION AT YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

Ottawa, March 14.—Government supporters were in caucus yesterday for the third time this session considering the general situation as it affects the Unionists ,and more particularly legislation to be brought down in the House shortly. It is probable that the Unionists will meet every Thursday throughout the session in order to keep matters running smoothly.

The tariff was not taken up at the meeting as it will be the exclusive topic of discussio non at a gathering to be held later. Daylight saving came in for a great deal of criticism, it is understood, more particularly from the representatives of rural constituencies. Members from west of the Great Lakes were particularly strong in their opposition to the introduction of a daylight saving bill this year. They met the objection that there will be much confusion at the border if the United States and Canada have different time, with the argument that railway time could be changed. So far as can be learned there was no definite announcement by the Government on the matter.

The Civil Service Commission and the civil service generally were also topics of discussion in the caucus. It is understood. There was considerable objection on the part of members to the procedure followed by the commission in connection with the making of appointments.

There were expressions of opinion by members as to what steps the Government should take in regard to Act, and some discussion as to the military situation generally.

TEN DIVISIONS WOULD SUFFICE

TO RESTORE ORDER IN RUSSIA, FRENCH OFFICER SAYS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Honolulu, March 14.—Gen. Robert Paris of the French army, returning from Siberia, where he was associated with the Czecho-Slavok command said today through his aide that unless the Allies intervened immediately with sufficient forces the Bolshevihi would overwhelm Siberia and the Germans would gain an unshakable grip on Russia . He said that the Czecho, having lost half their strength and being worn out without support ,were withdrawing, leaving Siberia helpless. Conditions are growing worse steadily. Ten divisions, he said, could reach Moscow through Siberia and establish order in Russia.

W. G. Charlton of Admer was chosen Liberal candidate for East Elgin for the Federal House and W. H. Mills of Yarmouth for the Provincial Legislature by the East Elgin Liberals. The first woman to be nominated to the Legislature declined the honor.

LOUIS YEOTES AS PEACE OFFICER

GIVES POLICE BENEFIT OF HIS AID IN PRESERVING MORALITY

Mr. Louis Yeotes may have had in the past little differences with the authorities as regards the integrity of certain bylaws and statutes, but it's the straight way for him from this time forward. Mr. Yeotes has already extended to the police the benefit of his assistance in safeguarding the morality of the youth of the city.

Meeting on the street a young boy who was carrying a carefully sealed paper package, Mr. Yeotes' curiosity was excited, and by a few questions he ascertained that the package contained a plug of chewing tobacco that the lad had purchased from Mr W. Flannery, who is employed in a barber shop near Mr. Yeotes' own place of business. The boy informed him that the tobacco had been sold him on the authority of a written order signed by his father.

The volunteer morality officer took the boy by the hand and led him to the police station, where his story was repeated. The upshot was that a summons was issued for Mr. Flannery and he found himself facing Acting Magistrate Rush.

The defendant was let go with a warning. Mr. Yeotes lost his first case as an officer. There seems to be some doubt as to the meaning of the law against the sale of tobacco to minors, whether a written order from a parent is sufficient authority. If it is not, then it is certain that a good many dealers in the city are breaking the law every day.

Order or no order, the sale or delivery of cigarettes to minors—under 16 — is absolutely prohibited. The part of the Act dealing with tobacco provides that no dealer shall sell tobacco to boys under 16 unless convinced that the weed is not intended for the customer's personal use. How this can be established to the satisfaction of the dealer is not made clear. The law does not state that the solemn word of the boy is sufficient or that a written admission by the parent of the tobacco habit is legal authority for the sale.

President Wilson Is Back in Paris

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 14.—President Wilson, returning to the Peace Conference after his trip to the United States, arrived in Paris shortly after noon today.

AERIAL DUEL FORBIDDEN

Paris, March 14.—The Paris police have taken a hand in the proposed aerial duel between Leon Vaudetrane and Robert Schreeber, former army aviators The police give two reasons why the duel should not be held, namely , that duelling is forbidden and that people below would be endangered.

HUN DELEGATES TO CONFERENCE

THEY WILL HAVE NO AUTHORITY TO MAKE FINAL DECISIONS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Weimar, March 14.—All German delegates to the Peace Conference will be on an equal footing, although Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister, will be their leader. The party will not have power to make final decisions, that being vested in the Cabinet. It will be accompanied to the conference by a large, although as yet undetermined group of experts, clerks and secretaries.

The selection of the Peace Conference delegates was reached after a long cabinet meeting, which began on Wednesday and lasted far into the evening.

WILL MEET WITH G. T. OFFICIALS

RAILWAY COMMITTEE WILL HAVE IMPORTANT SESSION TOMORROW FORENOON.

Superintendent McMillan and District Passenger Agent Horning of the Grand Trunk railroad will meet the Railway Committee of the City Council tomorrow morning at 10.30 for the purpose of discussing the prospects of a better train service fo this city.

Anyone interested in this question which has received considerable attention of late and was discussed at a recent meeting of the Commercial Traveller's Association, here, are invited to attend the meeting tomorrow morning in the Council Chamber.

Some time ago the Railway Committees had a conference with the officials of the C.P.R. and as a result a much more efficient service over that line was promised.

MORNING PAPERS HERE AT NOON

ACTION TAKEN BY CITY COUNCIL HAS THE DESIRED RESULT.

In accordance with the motion passed by the City Council upon the recommendation of Alderman Edgar Chairman of the Railway Committee the Toronto morning papers are now coming to Peterborough via the Grand Trunk 11.55 train instead of by the C.P.R. 12.35 as formerly.

A week ago today the Mail and Empire and the World made the change while a few days later the circulation department of the Globe followed suit.

This means that the business man can call for his paper at twelve o'clock and take it to dinner with him instead of having to bolt his middey meal and rush off to the news stands to get the paper in time to obtain the latest news before the short noon hour has passed and work commenced again.

FOOD NEEDED TO HEAD OFF BOLSHEVISTS IN GERMANY

Nobody at London Is in Command

OXFORD MEMBER COMPLAINS OF LACK OF MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ottawa, March 14. — Edward W. Nesbitt, M.P. for North Oxford, and one of the members of the parliamentary committee investigating the soldiers' pensions, this morning remarked, during the course of the inquiry, "In London there is nobody in command. They just do as they please."

"There is a district officer commanding for London district," said Col. O'Brien. "Oh, yes," persisted Mr. Nesbitt. "But they just go as they please."

Will Tender For Bridge Building

Mr. E. R. Clarke of the Sherwood Construction Company Ltd., Toronto, is in the city in connection with the construction of the Hunter Street bridge. Mr. Clarke's company will submit a tender for the work, in accordance with the call for bids which will be opened by the special bridge committee of the City Council, April 1st.

Mr. Clarke's business reputation is already established in Peterborough and district.

Some years ago he was senior member of the firm of Clarke and Moore, the company that constructed the dam at Auburn and the one at Campbellford, both of which structures are regarded as models in their line. When the war broke out Mr. Moore went overseas and Mr. Clarke accepted the position which he now holds.

NOVA SCOTIA TOWN ALMOST WIPED OUT

FIRE RAGED FOR TWELVE HOURS AND DAMAGE IS $150,000.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Amherst, N. S., March 14.—A disastrous fire broke out this morning in the prosperous town of Petit Codiac, 23 miles from Moncton. It is thought to have originated in a blacksmith shop. It spread rapidly in all directions. Among the buildings destroyed were the Bank of Nova Scotia, the post office, railway stations and many retail stores. The fire is still raging with unabated fury and is threatening the eastern end of the town. The Moncton fire department is on the way to Petit Codiac, but it is doubtful whether it will arrive in in time to be of much service.

Later Despatch.

After it had destroyed the business section of the town and done damage to the extent of $150,000, the fire was put under control at noon today. There was no loss of life.

American General Arrives in Paris From Berlin With Report of Conditions There.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 14.—Brigadier General George H. Harries, head of the American military forces at Berlin, has been here for several days to appear before the Supreme War Council to render a report on the military and economic situation at the German capital and throughout Germany. When General Harries' party left Berlin, the Government forces under Gustave Noske, the German War Minister, had the upper hand and in the general's opinion the Government, will control the situation, particularly if food is sent to aid in holding back the Bolshevik menace from the eastern border.

The public of Berlin, according to General Harries, shows little evidence of panic. Streets have been crowded with people, including women and children, but the military forces have kept the crowds constantly moving. The battle of rifles and machine guns across throughout the city, both day and night, but the Spartacan bands have been gradually driven back and have lost control of the strategic centers.

Thousands of Russian prisoners at various camps in Germany, General Harries says, are clamoring to return home, but this would present a serious problem ,as it would mean the sending of six hundred thousand Russians into the hands of Bolsheviki. It is believed that a strong military zone in Poland, between Russia and Germany, together with food relief, offers the surest means of holding back the Bolsheviki advance.

MUST NOT GIVE UP MARITIME RIGHTS

SIR EDGAR BOWRING SPEAKS FOR NAVAL SUPREMACY OF BRITAIN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 14.—(Reuters)—Hope that Great Britain would never hand over her maritime rights to any League of Nations was expressed by Sir Edward Bowring, Newfoundland, high commissioner, at a luncheon tendered him by the British Empire league. The Commissioner dwelt on Britain's invaluable services in the war and referred to work done by men of the Newfoundland contingent, men whose quality was unexcelled. He stated that the Newfoundland government was arranging to settle the returned soldiers on the land, and emphasized the importance of an improved Atlantic service and cheaper rates. He said that the development of Newfoundland was proceeding rapidly, especially in waterpower electricity.

A branch of the United Farmers of Ontario was organized at a meeting of Hamilton and Haldimand township farmers.

Farmers Oppose Daylight Saving

The following resolution was passed unanimously by the Keene Live Stock Shipping Board of the United Farmers of Ontario, March 12, 1919:

Moved by P. Donaldson, seconded by S. Braden:—That this Board representing a large section of the farming community of the Township of Otonabee, after one season's experience of the operation of the Daylight Saving Act, find it to be a great inconvenience and annoyance.

While we can see that the Act is of benefit to a section of the city dwellers, we submit that it is contrary to all principles of democratic government, to impose an annoyance on the majority for the benefit of the minority.

Further, with regard to the stand very largely taken by the daily press of Canada, viz., that Daylight Saving having been adopted by the United States for this year, Canada must of necessity follow:

We desire to place on record our most vigorous protest against the truckling attitude by a part of our people as being beneath the dignity of a strong and free nation and we hereby request our secretary to [illegible] copy of this resolution to our Dominion member, Mr. J. A. [illegible] to request him to see that everything possible is done to [illegible] desires in this matter.

S. H. COWEN, Sec.

THE DAILY REVIEW

Established 1879.

Member of the Canadian Press, Limited.

THE DAILY REVIEW is published every afternoon at 4 o'clock (Holidays and Sundays excepted) by The Peterborough Review Company, Limited, 160-166 Hunter Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3.00 per year by mail to any part of Canada or Great Britain; $4.00 per year delivered to any part of the city.

THE WEEKLY REVIEW, established 1855, is published every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Subscription price, $1.50 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain, or $2.00 a year to the United States.

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Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 231

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919

THE LATE W. H. DENHAM.

FLAGS IN THE CITY waved at half-mast yesterday and the people's chimes pealed a dirge as a tribute to the memory of the late W. H. Denham, who for nearly sixteen years was prominent in the business and social life of Peterborough and who was laid to his final rest yesterday in his native city, Akron, Ohio. The city was officially represented among the mourners by Mayor Duncan. Everything possible was done to give expression to the popular grief at the loss of so valuable a citizen as Mr. Denham had proved himself to be.

His end means more to Peterborough than the passing of a man who had enjoyed the esteem of all those who met him in social circles. The industrial world has for all time been deprived of the services of one who was a master organizer and who had a peculiar talent for handling men. There would be fewer disputes and labor troubles in the country if there were more employers of the stamp of the late W. H. Denham, a man who recognized efficiency and rewarded fidelity. Such a man never fails to surround himself with a corps of loyal associates, and the industry so equipped always makes progress. Just at this particular time, when the world is attempting to readjust itself after four years of war, when there is unrest and doubt everywhere, the nation needs optimists who have no qualms as to the economic future. Such a man was the late Mr. Denham, and his untimely end is to be doubly regretted.

THE MEN TO BE REWARDED.

DURING THE WAR some military honors were easy. Men were called upon to make no more serious sacrifice than to wear the uniform of the King and to accept remuneration for this light and honorary service.

"It was the privates who won the war." That is a phrase which is used at every military gathering these days by the officers who actually shared the dangers of battle with the men in the ranks. Then, that being the case, it is the privates who should be rewarded for their service to the Empire. They made a financial sacrifice, something not all their superiors were called upon to undergo. The nation owes the soldiers of the rank and file something more substantial than a debt of gratitude, and it is a debt which the country is well able to pay, even if it means new financial burdens.

Let us all earnestly hope that there will be no indiscriminate showering of titles upon the active officers who won distinction in the war. The people of Canada have set their faces as a flint against the gaudy and vapid trappings that are so often merely the insignia of a new order of exclusive snobbishness. The war was not fought to establish social ranks, but rather to level anything of the kind. Now that the conflict is over the officer and the private, each with an honorable military record to his credit, are on the same plane again. A hero-worshipping Parliament, obsessed with idolatry for the ribbons and buttons of the nobility, should not be permitted to defeat one of the very objects for the attainment of which the world shed its best blood for the past four years.

DR. CODY'S SCHOOL LEGISLATION.

HON. DR. CODY, Minister of Education, is to redeem his pledge to do something on behalf of the rural schools of Ontario, and an outline of the legislation which he proposes to introduce in a few days was published yesterday. It is not likely that the bill will pass in its present form, but that it will be amended in committee. It is, at least, however, a step in the right direction, or a first move toward reform.

The matter of consolidating the schools of any township is to be left to the option of the municipality. This being the case, any changes are likely to be slow. After the lapse of years, it may be found that one county has stuck to the old system, just as Peterborough County stands alone in refusing to adopt the provincial highways system, to the lasting detriment of the community.

The Government has promised to help defray the cost of building the consolidated schools. Upon the amount of this grant will depend to a great extent the readiness with which the new plan will be adopted. School sections with good buildings, grounds and equipment will not be ready to see this property scrapped.

It will be found that one of the most serious objections to the new regulations is the clause that provides that any school section that becomes a party to consolidation cannot withdraw if the ratepayers decide to do so after testing the new plan. This will create a further reason for hesitation. Some sections would be willing to make the experiment if there was an assurance that they could revert to the old system if the new one proved unsatisfactory. The very reverse of this provision has been inserted in consolidated school regulations in other places. In Indiana, for instance, where consolidated schools are the rule rather than the exception, every school section that enters such an amalgamation is required to keep its old building, grounds and equipment in repair for two years, to be in readiness for use again if consolidation proves unworkable in any particular.

The plan proposed by Dr. Cody should be allowed to stand on its merits, and there should be no compulsion as to remaining a part of the system if there is to be none with regard to becoming a part of it. The ratepayers will become skeptical of an arrangement the permanency of which is to be made a question of obligation.

PUGILISTIC PERFIDY.

IT IS UNFORTUNATE for Mr. Tex Rickard, Mr. Jack Curley and other promoters of the Willard-Dempsey battle in the ring, that in the midst of their preparations the ex-champion, Jack Johnson, should make a disclosure that is likely to bring the pugilistic game into disrepute. Johnson has suddenly returned from Spain, where he is reported to have wasted in riotous living the residue of his substance. He is anxious to accumulate more money and notoriety—money chiefly. He declares that his fight with Willard four years ago was "fixed" and that he was given a consideration to "throw the fight," as they have it in the language of the ring.

Of course, the promoters of the present enterprise, including Mr. Willard himself, indignantly deny the ex-champion's assertion. But the seeds of suspicion have been sown, and the harvest of doubts is sure to follow.

There are thousands of people who will believe that Johnson has simply told the truth. The circumstantial evidence is all in his favor. It was felt that it was a standing disgrace upon the Caucasian to have the pugilistic championship in the possession of a negro. Those sticklers for racial honor who infest prize ring functions never held their heads up or were able to look the world in the face until this stain was removed from the reputation of the whites. The fact that the negroes are the physical superiors of their former owners by general consent, supported by physiological testimony, mattered little. Jeffries failed to win back the title, and, fearing to risk another defeat, the cupidity of Johnson was played upon, and he made a present of the championship to Willard, who has commercialised the honor ever since.

Johnson's confession simply confirms a suspicion that existed at the time of his defeat. When he went down for the count he lay as still as a dead man until the fateful "ten" was pronounced, whereupon he immediately revived, and springing to his feet walked jauntily out of the ring and back to his quarters.

Professional pugilism has for a long time been falling into disrepute. Johnson has given it its death blow. It is no longer a reputable pastime, since no place in all the United States can be found to stage the Willard-Dempsey affair. The various states will now be less disposed than ever to permit a "sport" that has been branded as shady by one of its most distinguished devotees and beneficiaries.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE WOMAN murderer in New York and the male devotee of the same craft in Hamilton are equally successful in that both escape all penalties for their crimes.

IT IS NOW ANNOUNCED that Premier Borden will be one of the signers of the peace treaty. And why not, considering all that Canada did to make peace possible?

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THAT ANCIENT Jacksonian principle, "To the victors belong the spoils," still survives in Canada, the only difference over the old system being due to the fact that in a union government there are two victors.

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THERE IS ALWAYS something to take the joy out of life. The war is hardly over before the ebony bruiser, Jack Johnson, casts his shadow once more across the American continent.

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ANOTHER anti-Christian race is to be put in possession of Palestine after one has been driven out, but that country should be an excellent place in which to accomplish the former's conversion, every prophecy having been fulfilled.

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If advice could be cashed at the bank the average editor would be the richest man in the world.—Fayette Advertiser.

SAVE AND EXCEPT the victim of some varieties of editorial counsel.

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MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT have been sparring for points for the past three weeks—in other words, debating the address—and have arrived nowhere in particular. In the meantime someone suggests higher sessional indemnities.

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THE CITY that attempts to expand without a proper amount of publicity is like the merchant who does not advertise or the man who attempts to carry on an eye flirtation while wearing a pair of automobile goggles. He may himself know what he has in mind, but no one else does.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Did What Was Needed.

(Toronto Star.)

Nearly fifty thousand draftees went overseas, so that conscription gave quite a haul in the war notwithstanding all that its opponents have had to say about it.

Tourists' Paradise.

(Ottawa Journal.)

If Quebec gets a beer and wine license and all the United States and the rest of Canada goes dry, Quebec won't need any publicity department to point out its advantages as a tourist centre.

Canada's Need.

(Montreal Sentinel-Review.)

There is certainly more need in Canada today for the spirit of union and for patriotic co-operation than there is for any benefits that might be expected to result from the encouragement of party dissension.

Housewives' Hours.

(London Free Press.)

A shorter day is the outlook for Canada's workers. What about the worker whose day is measured from sun to sun?

The Goat.

(Los Angeles Times.)

Between the strike and the lockout; between the producer and the speculator, it is the simple mission of the great public to make a noise like a goat.

Oblivion.

(Kingston Whig.)

W. F. Nickle has been suggested as the future leader of the Conservative party in the Ontario Legislature. What a fate for Kingston's brilliant independent member!

PLENTY OF CHANCES TO FARM

Business at the Labor Bureau has been slightly quieter this week than last. Applications for the civil service positions offered through the Dominion Government have been received from local men by Capt. Morrison and forwarded to Ottawa.

While the representative of the Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment Commission here admits that many of these positions require technical skill and professional knowledge, he calls attention to the agitation being carried on by the Great War Veterans' Association in Canada at the present time to have some of the qualifications demanded of candidates for certain branches of civil service work modified, and states that not a few of the openings offered in the list which he received last week could be filled satisfactorily, were it not for the excessive term of experience required.

Mr. Hugh Robertson, the superintendent of the local branch, states that there are plenty of openings for men who are satisfied to study agriculture in the school of practical application, but as far as trades are concerned, the demand seems to have been a trifle dull for the past few days.

BRITISH ARE NEVER BEATEN

(W. H. Mooré in New York Times.)

Paris, March 14.—"I wish English people, is it not so? What a race! With them one never knows what is to be next. They are never beaten.

"You may think that the victory is in your hands. Just because they have not seemed to exert themselves you harbor the thought that things are being done in your way. And then, when all is finished you find that it is their way you have adopted, and you cannot tell why."

It was a French journalist who spoke, and, I might add, he believed he was talking to an American. It is to be confessed also that I did not undeceive him. His view was interesting.

He then pointed out that the draft was the work of General Smuts, that covenant of the League of Nations the memorandum which had been taken for the settlement of the Labor problems was that of Mr. Burns, that the memorandum which was the basis of the work of the Commission on Waterways, Ports and Railways was the British; that the British scheme for international control of the air was being adopted, that, in fact, the British were very nearly providing the brains of the Conference.

He went on to say that if one read the papers and especially the British papers one would think that President Wilson was the big figure in the conference, with Premier Clemenceau a close second. Then, bitterly, he continued that it was the British way. Clemenceau is put in the chair and Wilson opens the discussions and reads the first draft of the covenant. They get the glory, but the British sit back and tell them what to do and what to say.

Remember, this is the view of a little, broad-browed, widely-known French journalist, a man who has given thought and time to all great modern problems, a man who writes articles that are read by many thousand people. He had more to say.

He asked me if I had by any chance ever heard any representative British statesman even hint at any territorial acquisitions for the Empire as a result of the war. He excepted Mr. Hughes, of Australia, whom he did not consider in the least a representative British statesman. Hughes is nearly finished in Australia, he opined, and his complete annexation of the South Pacific Islands is merely a vote-grabbing stage-play.

They Come Out Well.

"They never want anything," he said, "and yet they come out with more than anyone. In reality, if not in fact, Britain will have the Pacific Islands, the big African colonies, Mesopotamia and probably most of Syria."

In that last word lay the source of this out pouring. For France, as is well-known has claims and ambitions in connection with Syria. France wishes to be the mandatory power, and Great Britain is willing that she should be. But the people of that country, the Arabs, are not. They are very much averse to France coming in at all. They turn their eyes to Britain.

Britain has Egypt, and France has her colonies on the southern shore of the Mediterranean. From these colonies on the southern shore of the Mediterranean. From these colonies and from Egypt the pilgrims flock by their thousands yearly to Mecca and Medina, and from all parts of Syria and interior Arabia come the pilgrims also. They meet and they gossip. Here is one of their proverbs. "In the French Colonies if one does not speak French it is impossible to buy a railway ticket. In Egypt, he who speaks English only cannot buy a railway ticket." Exaggerated, perhaps. But it serves to illustrate the difference in administration between the two countries. Britain runs Egypt with fifty men. A native has no chance for the smallest Government berth under the French.

The French journalist did not explain this. He could not understand why the Syrians objected to France as a mandatory for their territory. But his half-angry, half-admiring outburst on the British as a race was recalled by me very forcibly that same evening through my meeting with another man.

Truly they are a marvellous people. Look back through the years since this Empire began to spread. Always when some difficulty arose, when there was trouble in some far corner of the world, there arose, often from misty obscurity, the one man to handle that one particular difficulty. There are those who say that these men are planted about the dorld with a purpose. That being the case, a certain far-sightedness is shown that is remarkable.

Take this same situation in the Near East. For years Great Britain nursed Turkey through fatal illnesses, protected her and propped her up, mostly because she served as a very tolerable buffer between the powerful states of Europe and the riches of India. Germany burst forth with her Mittel-Europa scheme, the Kaiser visited Jerusalem in moving picture magnificence, almost proclaimed himself a Mohammedan, flattered the Turks and began the construction of the Bagdad railway. Also about this time a slim, fair-haired, mild-voiced young man of pleasing manner, after taking nearly all the honors Oxford can give and becoming a don of a certain college, was sent down to Arabia by this college to excavate for Hittite inscriptions.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Free pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

As a failure many a man is a success.

Only the fool depends on what may possibly happen.

One way for a lawyer to rise at the bar is to stand on a chair.

Some girls never discover they have hearts until after they are lost.

If a man doesn't know enough to go in when it rains he is easily taken in.

It isn't necssary for a girl to be pretty if she has a promising bank account.

The speechless lady on a $20 gold piece is proof positive that silence is golden.

A man who neglects his own business can't be troubled to look after other people's affairs.

When a married man has no mind of his own his wife is apt to give him a piece of hers.

Perhaps some persons talk to themselves because they find it impossible to interest anyone else.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she supposes it will be some months yet before the peace terms are fully agreed upon and the final protocol is actually signed.

The Civil Service as it stood on the 1st April 1918, had a strength of 4,147 permanent and 6,324 temporary inside employes and 18,593 permanent and 12,555 temporay outside, a total of 41,619.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Me and pop ate suppir down town in a big resterant last nite, and the waiter handed us each a grate big card with everything to eat printed on it, being a big akihole waiter with polite manners, and I started to read the card beginning at the top, saying, G, hows anybody going to eat all this?

Dont let it worry you, Ill order for you, sed ma, and pop sed, No, let him order for himself. I bleeve a boy should be tawt how to conduckt himself in a place of this kind, so that in later life he wont look like a gawk.

And he ordered wat he wanted and ma ordered wat she wanted, and the waiter put it down acting more polite the more they ordered, and then he sed, And wat will the young gentilman have? Meening me, and I started to reed diffrent things off the big card, saying, Erster cocktale, half a duzzin blue points on the half shell, consommay, mock turtle soop sea trout, fried halibut, roast chicken, sweet potatoes, mash potatoes, Frentch pees, corn fritters, brussel sprouts, apple pie, apple dumpling, and chocklit ice creem.

Willyum, you wouldent actually allow him to have eny autch mess, sed ma, and pop sed, Nollege is power, let him see wat he has wished on himself, waiter, bring it on.

Wich the waiter went away and did, putting so meny diffrent kind of things in frunt of me that there wasent hardly eny room left for pop and ma, me saying, G whizz, pop, G whizz, ma, I got 2 kinds of ersters and 2 kinds of soop and 2 kinds of fish.

As ye order so shall ye reep, sed pop. And I started to eat, and before I got throo there wasent eny thing left, taking me a pritty long wile but not being very hard, and then I happened to feel in my coat pockits and wat was in there but about 7 peenuts that I dident know was there, and I took them ont and ate them, ma saying, Well can you beet that, and pop saying, Id hate to try.

And wile we was going home pop sed, Well Benny, I trust the ixperiment basent been in vane, wat part of your dinner gave you the most plezzure?

The peenuts, I sed.

Yee gods, and his order alone cost me 3 dollers and 20 cents, the peenuts, sed pop.

Hee, hee, I think you paid for your own education, Willyum, sed ma.

Bill to Exclude German Language

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE PLANS TO FORBID ITS USE IN SCHOOLS.

Lansing, Mich., March 13.—Franklin Moore representative from St. Clair, re-elected to the Michigan legislature, will introduce a bill soon, aiming to forbid the use of a foreign language as a medium of instruction in parochial, or other schools in Michigan. The German language is aimed at.

In primary and grammar schools of the public school systems, all instruction must be in English, although high school students may study foreign languages, according to the terms of the bill. The same provision is aimed at for parochial schools.

This bill will not aim to abolish the parochial schools or to interfere with religious instruction therein, although the Wayne County Civic Association is trying to initiate legislation toward that end.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves the Ailments of Change of Life.

"During Change of Life I had hot flashes, dizzy spells and every month I was wild with misery I had a constant dull pain, and would always feel tired. I suffered in this way for five or six years and was treated by a physician and took different remedies without benefit. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me and I took it, and I believe I would never have been well if it had not been for the Vegetable Compound and Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I am recommending your medicine to all women ailing as I was, for I think it will carry them safely through the Change of Life, and relieve the ailments that come at that period."—Mrs. ALBERT C. NARGLE, Galatia, Ill.

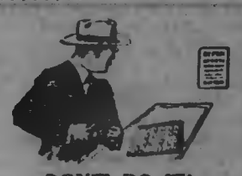
Women who suffer from nervousness, "heat flashes," backache, headaches, and "the blues," should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and if complications exist write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years' experience is such cases is at your service.

EIGHT HOUR DAY FOR TORONTO

COMMITTEE REPORTS IN FAVOR OF REDUCTION IN WORKING HOURS.

Toronto, March 13.—In a report submitted to the Board of Control the Commissioners of the Works, Property, Parks and Street Cleaning departments expressed themselves as favorable to the institution of an eight-hour day for civic employes. Although the change would involve an additional expenditure of $247,000 in these four departments, the Commissioners state that, with the co-operation of their employes, it would pay for itself in increased efficiency and be highly desirable.

The only exception mentioned was the case of waterwen, for whom the shorter day would hardly be practicable. As regards the civic railway, the eight-hour day would cost approximately $36,775 and owing to the fact that the men work under a schedule, could not increase the value of their services. None the less the application of the change to this department is not opposed in the report.



DON'T DO IT!

Unless you are *individually* fitted with glasses that scientifically meet your needs, you will pay the penalty for your neglect. Let us supply your glasses NOW. The time to attend to this is before your eyesight is fatally impaired.

You can safely neglect almost anything in this world—except your eyes

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician
188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

EMPIRE THEATRE FRIDAY and SATURDAY

WILLIAM DESMOND in..... Life's a Funny Proposition

a happy, funny and refreshing comedy-drama

EDDIE POLO in the greatest Serial Sensation

"THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS"

Chapter 10. "A SHOT FOR LIFE." 2 Parts.

Roscoe Arbuckle in FATTY THE FOURFLUSHER

Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

STRAND Announcement

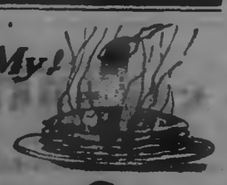
This ad and 10c and 1c for war tax good for

One Admission

Wednesday next, March 19th, when the celebrated Screen Star RUTH ROLAND, will be shown in the opening chapter of her new Western Serial entitled **"HANDS UP"**

Splendid Bluebird Pregram on to-day.

On Pancakes—Oh My!



Lantic
Old Fashioned Brown Sugar

They just melt in your mouth when you butter them generously and sprinkle freely with Lantic Brown. Ask your grocer for Lantic Brown today. 12

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES Ltd., McGill Building, - MONTREAL.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

Killed cultures of Tuberculosis germs injected under the skin of a healthy person or rubbed into the skin or applied as vaccine virus is usually applied produce no noticeable effect. But if the person happens to have anywhere in the body either active or latent (that is, smouldering) tubercul-osis, then there is a characteristic effect produced by the injection or inoculation, an effect which may prove harmful or even fatal to the individual. First, there is pain, swelling and redness of the site of inoculation This is the local reaction—a positive tuberculin test, though not proof that the patient's illness is caused by the tuberculosis which he happens to have somewhere in the body.

A second characteristic effect of the injection of killed tubercle bacilli or of material obtained from killed cultures is rise of body temperature, increased pulse rate and general malaise similar to that which occurs in most acute infections though of course, the tuberculin injection is not an infection. This is the general tuberculin reaction, equally positive in significance.

And finally, a third characteristic effect of such inoculation is the development of inflammation or a noticeable increase in pre-existing inflammatory symptoms in or about the site of the tuberculous lesion, be it in the lungs, in a joint or elsewhere. This is called the focal reaction.

The second reaction, the general tuberculin reaction, is obvious if not a favorable one in every case, for it may be excessive and do serious harm. Yet such a reaction is automatically induced by even mild exercise such as walking about, when the patient has an active tuberculous lesion in the lungs or elsewhere. This is the reason why physicians who are skilled in the treatment of tuberculosis insist on rest in bed or in a chair when the patient, and perhaps the patient's incompetent advisers, would assume that some exercise is necessary to "increase strength." It also explains why it is dangerous without medical advice to submit diseased joints to manipulations; since in that way the system may be flooded with tuberculin, or in other infections with the specific poisons of the germs present, and a general feverish reaction thereby produced.

Fellers, Let's Try This.

"Please inform me whether your hair tonic will promote the growth of hair. I've been using it for several weeks, and it makes my hair fluffy and soft, for which I am thankful. Now I am anxious to know whether it will stimulate the growth of hair. You will remember, it was ten grains of salicylic acid and ten grains of resorcin dissolved in an ounce of toilet water and a little rubbed into the scalp night and morning.

"MISS M. P. E."

It is not a hair tonic, but merely a formula suggested for dandruff in cases in which an ointment seemed objectionable to use. If it would promote the growth of hair, I'd as soon try a little myself, but there is no reason to believe it will.

What All Should Know.

"Please give your opinion of the — specialists. They wanted me to pay $150 down and they guardanteed to cure me in a short time. e G. E."

My opinion of any institution or healer that makes such a "guaranty" is scarcely fit to print. What you need is a little simple knowledge which will perhaps save you from becoming the prey of the meanest species of human vultures. The United States government wants you to have this knowledge. Therefore the United States public health service offers to send to anybody who will request it any of the following instructive pamphlets: Set A—"For Young Men." Set B—"For the General Public." Set C—"For Boys." Set D—"For Parents of Children." Set E—"For Girls and Young Women." Set F—"For Educators' Address your request to the Public Health Service, Washington, D.C. The pamphlets are free.

Local Women Send In a Suggestion

At the Executive Committee of the National Council of Women, meeting in Ottawa this week a resolution from the Peterborough Local Council was read. It deals with providing of land for the returned soldier, and urges the women of Canada to petition the Government to see that the land given to the returned soldiers be operated upon the community group system in sections of not more than ten miles square, or six thousand four hundred acres; this land to be distributed throughout the Province, the plan of distribution to be worked out between the Federal Government and the Provinces on a fifty-fifty basis of cost.

Mrs. R. S. McWilliams, of Winnipeg Local Council presented the resolution to petition the Govt. that the present order-in-Council in regard to the prohibition measure be kept in force until the soldiers all return home and a referendum vote can be taken on the question of making Dominion-wide prohibition. This resolution was carried.

It's the underdog who is anxious for the peasemaker to get busy.

Peterborough Shoe Store

IS GETTING

Ready for Spring

Unpacking and shelving our new Spring Boots, is the biggest job at present, and one of the consequences is that we find small lots of our best sellers that are taking up the room that is needed for the new goods. These are being taken down and put on our Bargain Tables, and there is a splendid opportunity to pick up just the boots you need. There is a lady's brown kid boot, low heels, that would cost wholesale $4.50, that we are selling at $2.98. Also a line of ladies' black kids, at $3.98, and a host of others that offer a wide choice at bargain prices, including a table of good boots at only $1.98 for your choice. A visit here on Saturday will be a profitable one for our customers. We are willing to lose a third of their value to clear these out at once.

Peterborough Shoe Store

291 George Street Opposite Opera House

OBITUARY

MRS. WILLIAM PILLING

The death occurred at the Nicholl's Hospital on Thursday, March 13th, at 2.30 p.m., of Sarah M. Stewart, beloved wife of Wm. Pilling, 462 Bolivar street, at the age of 49 years.

The late Mrs. Pilling was a Baptist in religion and a member of the Murray Street Baptist Church.

Besides her sorrowing husband, she leaves to mourn her loss four daughters, Mrs. John Rome, Mrs. George Benton, Mrs. Dan Gerow and Mrs. Robert Briggs, all of this city, and one son, William, at Souris, Man.; also three sisters, Mrs. Thomas Howson and Mrs. A. Johnson, of Keene; Miss E. J. Stewart, of this city, and two brothers, Mr. J. Stewart, of Keene, and Mr. W. J. Stewart, Port Huron, Mich.

The funeral will take place Saturday from the family residence at 2.30 to the Little Lake cemetery. Service at the house at 2 o'clock.

LATE WILLIAM ELPHICK

The remains of the late William Elphick will be taken to Hastings on Saturday per G. T. R. train at 2 p.m. A short service will be held at his late residence, 624 Rubidge Street, at 7.30 p.m. tonight.

GIRLS! ACT NOW! HAIR COMING OUT MEANS DANDRUFF

"DANDERINE" WILL SAVE YOUR HAIR AND DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY AT ONCE.

TRY THIS!. YOUR HAIR GETS SOFT, WAVY, ABUNDANT AND GLOSSY AT ONCE.

Save your hair! Beautify it! It is only a matter of using a little Danderine occasionally to have a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, wavy and free from dandruff. It is easy and inexpensive to have pretty, charming hair and lots of it. Just spend a few cents for a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will, you can not find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

Poultry Men Meet

The regular meeting of the Peterborough Poultry Association brought out a fair attendance of members and they apparently spent an enjoyable as well as an instructive evening. It should be remembered, however, by the general public that they are cordially invited to these meetings, and as the poultrymen have no trade secrets and are always willing to give to others the benefit of their experience, this service should be taken advantage of more than it is. At this season of the year there must be many who are having poor hatches, etc. Why not try to find out the reason and eliminate the losses.

Specimens of the Barred Rocks, White and Golden Wyandottes, Black Langshan and Black Cochin Bants were on exhibition, and Mr. Harry Lush was asked to judge them. After placing the awards he pointed out the strong and weak points of the birds.

The winners were as follows:

Barred Rocks—Jos. Kelly.

White Wyandottes—W. Sindon.

Black Langshans and Golden Wyandottes—H. Lush.

Black Cochin Bantams — Wm. Nesbitt.

At the next meeting on the second Wednesday of April, Mediterranean classes are expected to be out in force, and Mr. Brault, who will judge them, has donated a sweepstake badge for the best bird in the show. A special prize also will be awarded to the best bird shown by anyone who was not in an exhibition at the 1919 show.

The Mediterranean classes include Leghorns, Minorcas, Andalusians, Ancona and Spanish, but all varieties will be welcome.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below Do it to-day.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 1243T, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N.Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

Name ....

....

....

TARIFF NEXT WEEK

Defaulters and Daylight Saving in Caucus

Ottawa, March 14.—At the third Government caucus members from west of the Great Lakes were particularly strong in their opposition to the introduction of a daylight savings bill this year. They met the objection that there will be much confusion at the border of the United States and Canada having different time with the argument that railway time could be changed.

There were expressions of opinion by members as to what steps the Government should take in regard to defaulters under the Military Service Act.

Mr. W. S. Middleboro chief government whip stated later that no mention had been made of the tariff situation but that it might be taken up next Thursday.

Maple Leaf Milling made further advances on the Toronto Stock Exchange yesterday.

POSSIBILITIES OF USING PEAT AS THE FUEL OF THE FUTURE

Mr. E. V. Moore Delivers an Interesting Address on the Subject Before Engineers' Club.

The Engineering Club of the city held their regular banquet and meeting in the Empress Hotel last night and listened to a most interesting lecture by Mr. E. V. Moore, a former Peterborough boy, son of David H. Moore, and who is a graduate of the university of McGill and has interested himself in peat and its manufacture ever since he began the practice of his profession. He is now consulting engineer of the Peat Fuel Committee of the Dominion and Provincial Governments and is considered the foremost authority upon this question in the country.

In commencing his address Mr. Moore described peat in its natural state as a light brown to black spongy or pasty mass of decayed vegetable matter which occurs in deposits of from an acre or two to many square miles in area and varying in depth from a few feet to as much as 60 feet. It is found in deposits pretty much all over Eastern Canada and particularly in Ontario and Quebec where there is a marked scarcity of any other variety of fuel.

In appearance a peat bog is a particularly level tract of country usually covered over with a short thick growth of shrubbery. Even under the most favorable conditions resulting from drainage the raw peat contains about 85 to 90 per cent water and it is the difficulty of eliminating this constituent from the substance which has puzzled the engineers for so long.

Mr. Moore told of conditions at the Alfred bog where he had carried on most of his work. He described the peat in its raw state and quoted figures showing its constituents as revealed by an analysis.

There are 37,000 square miles of peat bog known to exist in the Dominion of Canada. There are seven bogs situated conveniently to Toronto which are capable of supplying that City with twenty-six million tons of the fuel and an equal number of bogs near Montreal can supply the Quebec metropolis with twenty-three million tons.

In dealing with the composition of the raw peat, Mr. Moore declared that recent investigations had shown that it possessed many properties of a true colloid. It is capable of increasing its volume through the absorption of water and it is these two conditions which are responsible for the statement made by the lecturer that water cannot be pressed from raw peat by any known commercial device.

Drying in the atmosphere is the only satisfactory method of driving the water out of the raw material for the reason that if an attempt were made to accomplish this result through mechanical means such as a boiler in which the water would be evaporated or a revolving cylinder in which heated air was passed through the mass it would require as much heat applied to accomplish this result as would be obtained from the fuel when it was manufactured so that useless expenditure would be the result.

Mr. Moore then passed on from the consideration of the raw material to the relation of interesting facts in connection with the fuel itself. In marketable form the peat is pressed into bricks after having been thoroughly ground up. It is then allowed to dry in the weather until about 25 per cent water is present in the substance. This makes the most satisfactory arrangement as it lends the substance toughness to resist the wear and tear of transportation and if the percentage of water were reduced below this standard the fuel would burn too rapidly.

Peat in Canada has been used only for domestic purposes up to the present time, Mr. Moore stated that it had been found most satisfactory for furnace use in the fall and winter when a continuous fire was undesirable. In open grates peat is quite as good as cannel coal and it has been found most useful in cooking ranges.

In concluding his address the lecturer dealt in a general way with the uses of peat in an industrial capacity. He quoted figures to show the cost of production and the outlook for the success of the fuel who as a result of the experiments being carried on by the government it would be found possible to eliminate some of the factors which at present militate against its manufacture in large quantities and its successful marketing.

Mr. Moore then showed a collection of stereoptican slides depicting some of the methods which had been adopted in this country in connection with the manufacture of peat.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. Canada Cotton.

Rev. H. M. Manning The Speaker Tonight

Last evening at Mark Street Methodist Church an interested audience heard with pleasure a very helpful discourse by Rev. A. J. Thomas, of George Street Church. Tonight Rev. H. M. Manning, of Peterborough, will preach. Come and bring your friends.

RUMMAGE SALE

Knox church Ladies Aid are holding a rummage sale on Thursday and Friday, April 10th and 11th in the Lecture Hall of the church.

There will be new and second hand articles sold and also home made cooking. Any person having donations for this sale kindly phone 1114J, 215 or 2066w and they will be called for.

Strikes Are Chief Cause of Delay

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 14.—(Reuter's.)—Announcement is made by Reuter's Limited that one of the chief causes of delay in repatriating the overseas troops has been the dock strikes in London, Glasgow and Liverpool. A large number of ships which were due to sail in February are still in the harbors. It is hoped that the situation is now easing.

ANOTHER CHIMNEY FIRE

A chimney fire at the home of Mr. Norman Harper, 665 Gilmour street caused the fire brigade a run today. There was no damage as a result of it.

NP SOAP

The Soap with a Record

Friday Saturday BARGAINS

100 PAIR NEWEST D. & A. CORSETS AT $1.49 PAIR

graceful hips; tearproof reinforcements in front, four strong hose supporters. Friday and Saturday $1.19
Pair .....
Specially designed for average figures, medium low bust; long.

WOMEN'S BAUZEAU BRASSIERES

Made of fine crepe, elastic insert at the back, tape shoulder straps. Sizes 36 to 40. Friday and Saturday 49c

WOMEN'S $2.50 NIGHT GOWNS

Several pretty slip-over styles, round, square or V shaped neck, yokes of euros embroidery and lace, made of soft white cotton. Friday and Saturday $1.69

PETTICOATS

Made of rich, lustrous cotton taffeta, with handsome flounced flounce pin tucked. Also new assorted striped Petticoats, being manufacturers' samples. They will be cleared at half price Friday and Saturday ..... $2.49 & $1.98

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' BLOOMERS

Made of fine balbriggan knit cotton with elastic at waist and knee; in pink, white and black. Friday and Saturday, Clearing ..... $1.19 & 95c

WOMEN'S GLOVES

In chamoisette we have brown, black and white, and natural washable, and with fine suede finish. Regular $.125 .. 89c
Per pair .....

WOMEN'S SILK GLOVES

They are good fitting, good weight and double tipped fingers, in new spring shades, as white, black, grey, brown and palm beach. Regular value $1.25 and $1.75 .....
Friday and Saturday ..... $1.25 & 98c

Don't forget to see our new Spring Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts and Blouses. They are exclusive quality garments, low priced.

H. KLINES, 430 GEORGE STREET

Collingwood Wins The Championship

Toronto, March 14.—For real excitement last night's O.H.A. intermediate final, in which Collingwood defeated Kingston 3 to 2, and won the round and championship by three goals, was in a class by itself. Although the hockey was below par the thrills were many and were not confined to the contestants. The rival supporters took a hand in proceedings, and when peaceful arguments failed, endeavored to win their point by fistic ability.

CONCERT IN GEORGE ST. CHURCH

On April 8th a Concert will be given in the George Street Methodist Church by the church choir, assisted by Miss Winnifred Parker and Mrs. F. L. Jenne. Full particulars will be announced later.

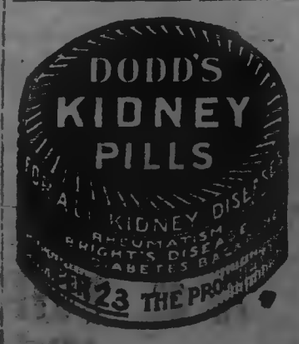
ALL HOME BY APRIL

Giant Liners Bring Thousands From Kinmel.

Halifax, March 14. — As a result of the riot among Canadian troops in Kinmel Camp, Wales, arrangements have been made to use again the big troopships in the Canadian service to carry soldiers back to Canada. The steamer Baltic has left Liverpool with more than 3,000 men, and the Carmania is on the way with nearly 3,000. The White Star Liner Olympic, is scheduled to sail from Liverpool on Saturday with 5,000 Canadian troops. All three ships are coming to this port. It is expected that all the men in Kinmel Camp will be back in Canada by the end of the month.

"Let me take your check," is the When some people talk it is a waste of time to yawn.

Wise is the man who speaks neither too soon nor too late.



So much opposition was expressed in the Goverment caucus by members from rural constituencies to daylight saving that the Commons may not re-enact the measure this year.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2000

D. M. MINICOLA

Best Fruit— Cheap

Best Vegetables— Reasonable

Best Groceries At Right Prices

410½ GEORGE STREET

Bell Phone 93b

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY

262 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.

Phone 687

Nights and Holidays 594

NOTICE OF AUCTION SALE OF LAND

TAKE NOTICE that the trustees of the Murray Street Baptist Church in the City of Peterborough, in the Province of Ontario (formerly the Baptist Church in the Town of Peterborough) will sell by public auction at the old Baptist Church, Murray street, Peterborough, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on

SATURDAY, 29th DAY MARCH, 1919

the property occupied by the old Baptist Church, being all and singular those certain parcels or tracts of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Peterborough (formerly Town of Peterborough) in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, being composed firstly of Lot Number Six, South of Murray street and West of George street, and secondly of part of Lot Number Five, south of Murray and west of George street described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the north-west angle of said Lot Number Five, thence easterly along the northern boundary of said Lot, four feet, thence southerly parallel to the western boundary of said Lot to the rear of said Lot, thence westerly along the rear of said Lot four feet, thence northerly along the west side of said Lot to the place of beginning. Terms cash.

MOORE & WEARING, 408 Water street, Peterborough, Solicitors for the said Trustees.

HOT WATER BOTTLES 98c

Large size Hot Water Bottles, fully guaranteed. Worth the price twice over. Saturday Special 98c
(At the Toilet Goods Counter.)

BUY W-S-S WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES 98c

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES 98c
Best quality rubber, large size, complete. Worth the price twice over. Saturday, each 98c
(At the Toilet Goods Counter.)

The 'Better Bedding Exhibition' Will Close ON SATURDAY With —"BETTER BEDDING"—

For the Kiddies prominently Featured

The "Better Bedding" Exhibition has been an unqualified success. Thousands have visited our bright new Bedding Department and inspected the magnificent display of Beds and Bedding on exhibition. The representatives of the manufacturers express themselves as delighted with the reception they have met with in Peterborough. Whether you have been here or not, come Saturday afternoon or evening before the Exhibition closes.

Special music at 2:30 and 7:30 by an orchestra from the Peterborough Federation of Musicians, led by Prof. Gliddon.

4 PRIZES FOR SATURDAY

1st Prize—Child's Sulky.
2nd Prize—Child's Crib and Springs.
3rd Prize—White Enamel Table and Chairs.
4th Prize—Child's Mattress.

SPECIAL NO. 2, $1.59

Hand Bags of higher quality, strong nickel frame, silk lined, complete with coin purse and mirror. Regular $2.00 ... Saturday, each $1.59

CORSET DEPARTMENT NOW ON THIRD FLOOR.

Our Corset Dpartment has been moved to the Third Floor, located just to the right of the elvator. We have made this move because we believe it will enable us to give our customers better service. The department is in charge of an experienced corsetiere who can give you expert advice as to the style of corset best adapted to your figure. Comfortable fitting-rooms have been arranged, and you may have your corsets fitted if desired.

All our well known lines now in stock in every size, and several new styles have been added, which make it more than ever a complete Corset Department.

When you need Corsets, consult our expert corsetiere.

PROGRAM

March—"Flirtation" ..... Sousa
Selection—"Daughter of the Regiment" ... . Donizette
"Fox Trot" ..... Selected
Selection—"Pirates of Penzance"..Sullivan
Waltz—"Sylvia" ..... Debbes
March—"Carnival" ..... Purner

"GOD SAVE THE KING"

AN UNDERSKIRT EXTRA!

Ladies' Underskirts, made of best quality silkine. Cut in just the right style for this season's garments, light weight, yet strong and durable. Wide frill. Special, Each $2.19

Coats and Suits of Style and Elegance

Featured Saturday In The Ready-To-Wear Department

Extra attractions for Saturday in our bright Ready-to-Wear Department. New and charming styles in Coats and Suits; many of them but one garment to a design. These styles will appeal to you, and the values are particularly good.

A charming coat of fine broadcloth is exceptionally dressy. The back has yoke with pin tucks forming centre panel, each finished with silk arrow-heads, belted at sides with fancy buttons. Pleated side panels; large, graceful roll collar trimmed with two rows of self buttons; lined to waist with silk; new flare cuff. In taupe and new $47.00 shade of green, at .....

A smart, practical suit of men's wear serge, lined with fancy Paisley silk. The coat is tucked and button trimmed at back, with all round belt finished with novelty buckle in front; convertible collar of black faille silk. Comes in navy or black ..... At $32.50

A suit of fine wool tricotine combines the features of a strictly tailored with those of a stylish garment. The coat has five rows of pin tucks above the waist line and is pleated below in back with side panels tucked and button trimmed at bottom. The collar is also tucked, with long revers; lined throughout with silk; new shirred skirt with slit pockets. Comes in sand only, at $47.50

A tailored Spring serge model, showing a deep shawl collar bound with fine silk braid; the back is pleated with round buttoned belt; lined throughout with satin; trimmed with fancy bone buttons. In navy, taupe and black, at $28.50

Exceptional value is shown in an all wool spring weight velour coat; large round convertible collar trimmed with fancy buttons; all round belt tucked at back and finished with two large buttons; novelty turned back cuffs, also button trimmed; lined to the waist with fancy Paisley. Can be had in buff tan and henna, at $25.00

An attractive suit, made of fine quality all wool serge, lined throughout with fancy Paisley lining. Deep roll shawl collar with detachable faille over collar; beautifully trimmed with silk braid and fancy buttons. Can be had in navy, black or grey, at $28.50

A fashionable suit made of the new all wool English tweed. Coat is semi-fitting with all round belt. Strictly tailored collar and revers; lined throughout with Habutai silk; new pleated insert pocket with buttons and buttonholes $40.00

Serges of Undoubted Value and Guaranteed Dye

The other day we received a shipment of Navy and Black Serges that have been on order for nearly two years. They are imported fines made from fine Australian wools and the dyes are absolutely fast. There are weights suitable for separate skirts, tailored suits, and some particularly fine weaves that are specially adapted for dresses. They can be had in a variety of widths of from 42 to 54 inches. We based our prices on what they cost us, not what they are worth, for today's manufacturer's figures would be much higher than these retail prices for Saturday and next week. The prices we are selling these serges at, per yard, are

$3.50, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00

TWEEDS FOR SEPARATE COATS OR SUITS

Most attractive Tweeds in heather mixtures and neat invisible plaids; 54 inches wide; made from clean, pure yarns. They come in the new sand shades and heather mixtures which are in vogue for the coming season's wear. Priced, per yard $5.00 and $5.50

Three Specials at the Silk Counter

SATIN DUCHESSE, $2.00 Per Yard

Satin Duchesse, 36 inches wide. A silk of beautiful quality and finish. One that will stand up under hard wear. Comes in the season's best colorings. At .. Per yard $2.00

A BEAUTIFUL TAFFETA SILK, $3.00

This is a beautiful quality taffeta silk, one whose wearing qualities can be depended on. Full 36 inches wide. Comes in all the desirable shades for the spring of 1919. At, per yard $3.00

EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS IN FANCY SILKS

Handsome and attractive plaid and striped Silks, 36 inches wide; newest New York designs. Quite the correct thing for skirts, and selling at, per yard $3.25, $4.00 & $5.50

MEDIUM WEIGHT UNDERWEAR 89c

Ladies' Underwear, medium weight white cotton, with either long or short sleeves; or you can have them with round neck and elbow sleeves. Splendid weight for spring wear. Each ... 59c

ODD GARMENTS 15c

Ladies' and Children's Summer Vests, all samples and slightly soiled from handling. Saturday, each 15c

LADIES' UNDERWEAR 21c

Odd lines Summer Vests, all travellers' samples and counter soiled. Clearing Saturday, each 21c

LADIES' SUMMER COMBINATIONS 69c

These combinations come with short sleeves and have either round or V neck. They are travellers' samples and worth at least $1.25. Saturday, per garment ... 69c

KAYSER GLOVES, 85c

Kayser Silk Gloves, black and white combined, fine quality. Saturday Special Per pair 85c

Three Extras from the Linen Counter

PURE LINEN BATH TOWELS 95c

A traveller said the other day that "his price for these towels was practically twice what we are asking for them on Saturday." Pure linen, natural color, size 22 x 45 inches, close nap. Almost impossible to buy to-day, and none will be on the market again for a long time to come. Saturday Special Each 95c

LINEN DAMASK $1.25

Pure linen satin Damask, 64 inches wide. A cloth of heavy weight and beautiful finish. Saturday Special, per yard ... $1.25

HUCK TOWELLING

Fancy linen Huckaback Towelling, 22 inches wide. Three distinct qualities and half a dozen or more exceptionally good patterns. Goods that are almost off the market to-day. Very much under price at, per yard 85c, 90c & $1.00

Visit the Wash Goods Counter

VISIT THE WASH GOODS COUNTER and see our showing of early styles in Voiles, Muslins, Foulards, Ginghams, and Cotton Suitings. It is one of the most complete and comprehensive we have ever shown.

Come to the Staple Counter On Saturday for these

A SHEETING OF QUALITY, 75c

9/4 Bleached Sheeting, twilled or plain; heavy weight; round, even thread. Splendid value at, per yard 75c

PILLOW COTTON 50c

This is a Circular Pillow Cotton, 42 inches wide; made from clear bleached cotton and free from dressing. At, per yard.. 50c

CAMBRIC 20c

Lansdowne Cambric, 36 inches wide. Free from dressing. Just he right weight and finish for fine undergarments 20c
Saturday price, per yard .....

AN AMERICAN FLANNELETTE 45c

This Flannelette is American make: soft, fluffy finish; 36 inches wide, and will give excellent wear. Can be had in a variety of neat color combinations. A quality that we cannot buy to-day. The price is a little higher than some other lines, but the difference in price is in the width 45c
Per yard .....

ENGLISH LONGCLOTH 45c

Genuine English Longcloth, pure cotton, soft linen finish, 36 inches wide. A cloth that will not disappoint you in the wear. At, per yard 45c

Basement Specials

Come to the Economy Basement on Saturday for these Specials.

4 BARS LENNOX SOAP 17c

Genuine Lennox Soap, "Procter & Gamble" make; the new bar. Soap Department, Basement, Saturday ..... 4 Bars for 17c

6 ROLLS TOILET PAPER 28c

6 Large Rolls Crepe Toilet Paper, our standard quality. Basement Special for Saturday ..... 6 Rolls for 28c

DOUBLE ELECTRIC LIGHT SOCKETS 79c

Electric Light Sockets, vulcanized rubber. The handiest thing imaginable when you use an electric iron or toaster. You do not need to remove your light when you use either article. Saturday, each ... 79c

LARGE SHIPMENT OF FOOD CHOPPERS JUST TO HAND

A large shipment of Food Choppers just received from the American factory. The famous "Chopper De Luxe" and the "New Standard" makes. Five knives, splendid for meats, fruits, nuts, etc. Each $1.95 and $2.50

NAIL BRUSHES 3 for 10c

Splendid quality Nail or Hand Scrub Brushes ..... 3 for 10c

CUSTARD CUPS 10c

Custard Cups, good quality Brown Betty, fire-proof cooking wear. Two sizes. Each 10c

BASEMENT TOY DEPARTMENT

Just opened up, new Wicker Dolls' Carts, Cradles, Sulkies, Go-Carts, etc. Just the thing for the little folk.

Carriages ..... $1.75, $2.10 & $2.50
Cradles ..... $1.25, $1.45 & $1.75
Sulkies with rubber tires $2.95
Go-Carts, each $1.25

SPLENDID HOSE 59c

Ladies' Cashmerette Hose, seamless feet, fine soft finish; a stocking that will give satisfaction. In black or cream, at ... 59c
Per pair .....

MEN'S SOCKS 75c

Men's pure wool Socks, black or khaki shade. Seamless feet. Saturday 75c
Per pair .....

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES OF QUALITY $1.25

Chamoisette Gloves of high quality, in plain and fancy backs; black and white, and the season's best colorings $1.25
Per pair .....

"ALASKA" PRIZE WINNERS FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

The following estimated nearest to the correct number of visitors to the Exhibition on Wednesday and Thursday, "Alaska" Days:

1st Prize—Newport Folding Bed — Winner:
J. M. Lancaster, 621 Water Street.
2nd Prize—Chintz Covered Bedroom Box—Winner:
Mrs. George Biggs, 25 Cricket Place.
3rd Prize—Camp Bed and Mattress. — Winner:
Mrs. E. Bullied, 352 Water Street.

Turkish Bath Soap, large round cake. Saturday 3 Cakes for 50c
(Toilet Goods Counter.)

J. C. TURNBULL CO., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

FOUR CHANCES AT THE REFERENDUM

FULL OPPORTUNITY AFFORDED FOR EXPRESSION OF OPINION BY ELECTORS.

1. Are you in favor of the continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act?
2. Are you in favor of a return to the License Act?
3. Are you in favor of licensed sale of light wines and beers
4. Are you in favor of the sale of liquor under Government control?

These are the questions that will in all probability be placed before the people of Ontario when the Government referendum on the liquor question is submitted in late Septmeber as now contemplated.

Premier Hearst has no statement to make in regard to any policy on the part of the Government, but does not deny that the recent prolonged session in caucus was devoted mainly to a discussion of the whole situation.

Officials closely in touch with the situation declare that the above questions will be identical with those placed before the people by the Government, but qualify the statement with the opinion that a further clause reading something like "Are you in favor of the Ontario License Act?" will be inserted in the referendum.

This, it is explained, will allow a definite expression for those who are not in favor of a return of the old Act, and yet have some fault to find with certain machinery of the O.T.A. Answering the first question in the negative would mean favoring the old License Act. It is felt that these questions, if placed in the referendum, would allow for definite expressions and preclude any possibility of doubtful intentions.

J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the Ontario License Board, declined to offer any opinion as to the form which he considered the referendum on the prohibition question should take. "Whatever system is ratified by the public and adopted by the Government we shall endeavor to administer to the best of our ability," he stated.

EDITOR'S MAIL

A STATEMENT WORTH READING

Editor Review:—Writers in the press seem given to exaggerated tatements concerning the increased leath-rate during the epidemic of Spanish Influenza because whiskey could not be obtained more easily and used more freely.

The following manifesto on the subject of drugs and alcohol in India was recently issued by a large number of medical men, including Surgeon-General G. J. H. Evatt, Alfred Pearce Gould (Vice-Chancellor of the University of London), C. W. Saleeby, M.D., F.R.S., Frederick Treves (surgeon-in-ordinary to the King) and G. Sims Woodhead, M.D., LL.D., F.R.S., (Professor of Pathology in Cambridge University.) It ought to have weight with reasonable and thoughtful people.

1. Alcohol, cocaine, opium and intoxicating drugs (such as bhang, ganga and charas) are poisons. (2) Even a moderate use of them is harmful, especially in tropical countries like India. They are of no avail permanently to relieve physical and menta lstrain; (3) Those who confine themselves to non-alcoholic drinks, and who avoid the use of intoxicating drugs are capable of more endurance and the beter able to resist infection and disease; (4) alcohol is in many cases injurious to the next generation, especially through its favoring influence upon venereal disease; (5) alcohol aggravates the evils of famine; (6) alcohol is useless as a preventive of plague: (7) alcohol lowers the resisting power of the body against the parasites of malaria and the microbes of tuberculosis; (8) all that has been said applies with equal force to opium and intoxicating drugs: (9) we, therefore appeal to the people of India to maintain and extend the practice of total abstinence as enjoined upon them by their religions and social obligations."

These men apparently know what they are talking about as they occupy the very highest places in the medical world today, and can scarcely be called fanatics.

What is true with regard to India is equally true with reference to this country.

J. H. HAZLEWOOD,
Department of Social Service
Toronto.

The fewer scruples a man has the more drams he takes.

"SALADA" TEA

Its Richness in Quality gives Tea-Pot results equalled by no other Teas on sale anywhere

"SALADA"

Black - Green or Mixed in Sealed Packets Only.

WILL RETURN BODIES

Minister of Militia Says No Such Action is Contemplated

Ottawa, March 14—The Government has now in contemplation the bringing back from overseas of the bodies of the Canadian soldiers who have fallen in battle. Questioned as to whether either now or in the future it was intended that such should be done, General Mewburn answered 'No."

Sir Sam Hughes said to General Mewburn: "I wish to draw the attention of the Minister to the report that the United States authorities are bringing back the bodies of the United States soldiers who fell in France. I would ask him to give this matter consideration in regard to the bodies of Canadians who fell I know that it would be a heavy job but the United States authorities are urging that it be done."

To this, General Mewburn vouchsafed no answer.

W. HASTINGS BYE-ELECTION

No Campaign Until After the Present Session

The bye-election in West Hastings to fill the seat of the late J. W. Johnston in the Ontario House, will not be held until the close of the present session, according to announcement on reliable authority. This is according to the custom that the work of the session should not be interrupted by an election campaign.

Bankers Win From The Shamrocks

The Bankers and Shamrocks were the opposing teams in a five-pin league for the first time at the Water street alleys last night. The Bankers won two of the three games.

For the Bankers H. Cranfield and Ivey hit the rubber bands for 541 and 516 for lot also. Sullivan was high for the Shamrocks with 426 and with a high single of 235. The scores follow:

Shamrocks.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Sullivan	235	109	182	—526
Morrison	196	105	152	—453
Gorham	186	162	148	—496
Rikley	159	117	186	—460
Craig	90	182	163	—435
Totals	864	675	831	—2370

Bankers.	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Hayes	176	170	116	—482
Cranfield	213	158	170	—541
Burtiss	121	157	175	—453
A. Cranfield	116	167	175	—454
Ivey	160	144	212	—516
Totals	806	801	848	—2455

Next Week's Bill At Water St. Alleys

League games for next week at Water street alleys in the Business' Men's Ten Pin League:

Tuesday—De Laval vs. High Rollers.

Thursday—Grocers vs. Mathews-Blackwell.

Friday—Printers vs. C. G. E.

In the Five Pin B League:

Monday—Mathews-Blackwell vs Lawn Bowlers.

Wednesday—Bankers vs. De Laval

Friday—Shamrocks vs. Turnbulls.

HORSE DIES OF "FLU"

Influenza is a disease which has by no means confined itself to attacks upon the human race as has been demonstrated upon several occasions in this district when horses have succumbed to the malady. Only a few days ago Mr. Vincent Fee, of Emily, lost a valuable driver as a result of the trouble.

Art treasures stolen from occupied France by the Germans are gradually being restored to their original owners.

Restriction of Jewish immigration into Palestine to 50,000 a year has been decided on by the Inter-Allied Zionist Conference in London.

LIMIT RETURN OF JEWS

Only Fifty Thousand to Palestine Each Year

New York, March 14.—Restriction of immigration into Palestine to 50,000 a year during the first period of development of the new Jewish commonwealth set up under British trusteeship, has been decided upon by the inter-allied Zionist conference in London, according to cable advices to the Zionist organization of America, made public here today. Clearing houses for this immigration, it was stated, would be established in London and a neutral country.

SCHOOL BOARD ATTACKED

Returned Soldier Was Overlooked at the Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., March 14.—A strongly-worded protest signed by upward of one thousand public school supporters was presented to the Public School Board at the meeting last night by a delegation headed by ex-Mayor W. J. Thompson, following the appointment recently made to the position of supervising janitor, or handy man, around the schools, of a relative of one of the trustees, in preference to a returned soldier who applied, and whose application was endorsed by the Great War Veterans' Association and by a number of prominent citizens.

FILL JOBS WITH VETERANS

58 Out of 189 Employes Have Overseas Service.

Lt.-Col. J. R. Forbes, in command of the district pay office at Toronto, has handed out a statement that there are 189 employees in the pay offices of the district.

Of these 58 have seen service overseas. There are 27 officers on the pay staff, 15 of whom are overseas men. Of the 104 N.C.O.'s and men, 21 have overseas service, while 30 are stenographers.

Colonel Forbes says: "The draftees and volunteers who did not see service outside of Canada will be allowed to go as soon as we can fill their places with returned men. With regard to civil employes, male and female, it has been impressed upon them from the start that their positions are temporary. As soon as their places can be filled by competent returned men their services will be dispensed with."

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys If Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat form uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts fro many pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

Be sure you are right—but don't be too sure that everybody else is wrong.

A man with big ideas in these times worse than a man with [illegible] at all.

DAILY CALENDER

"Have a heart that never hardens, and a temper that never tires, and a touch that never hurts."—Dickens.

The GRESSMAN Company Limited

APRIL DELINEATOR

The new April Delineator is a special Easter Fashion Number, containing as well excellent reading material.— Now on sale at the Pattern Counter. A copy 20c

SPRING IS THE INSPRIATION IN THIS NEW WEARING APPAREL

March is the month of New Fashions, it is also the first month of Spring, and this March brings us a Victorous Spring, the joy of which you will find reflected in all the modes that Dame Fashion has decreed that Milady shall now wear. Every Department in this store has caught the gladsome spirit and we invite you to come and inspect our most interesting, comprehensive and modish displays

Hats You Will Love to Wear

Early and Often

There's a riot of coloring in the Millinery Department that is well worth making a special trip just to see. Among the most favored shades will be noticed: henna, dust, nigger brown, taupe brown, apple green, victory red flag blue, Foch blue, Pollus blue, jade green, rose, and not forgetting the always popular navy and black and white.

And the trimmings. There are flowers and more flowers of every kind and color, till one would think that the gardens of the world had been robbed at Fashion's command. Ostrich feathers in all shapes and forms are very prominent, also large ribbon bows and long, spiky ornaments.

One charming little model is made of black lisere straw with narrow brim of Pollus blue corded silk ribbon. The trimming lends an enchanting color effect, and is made up of flowers and fruit. Moderately priced at $7.50

You'll be most enthusiastic about a chic little turned-up brim turban, in Foch blue shade. Right on the very top of the crown is a fussy pompom of the same shade, and then fastened in the crown of the hat is a small veil that fits closely over the hat and fastens with a blue satin band around the neck, with a bow in the back. The price is $16.00

Frills of Fashion introducing New Colorings

You simply must have a frill on something—dress, coat or blouse—to be in Fashion's favor these days. And how delightful it is when the styles which are in vogue are those which are almost universally becoming. Thus it is with the soft and graceful frills which form so many of the neck finishings now, and that can soften even the hardest neckline. Soft georgettes and fine nets and muslins are the charming fabrics chosen mostly for these frills of Fashion. They come, too, in various colors and color combinations, and in different styles and widths. You will be delighted to see how one of these frills can make the fashionable costume quaint, demure, and colorful. Priced from ..... $1.00 to $3.00 a yard

SUITS AND DRESSES

Well adapted to make their Progress Along The Highway to Fashion

Grace is the keynote in both new Suits and Dresses. And the materials are supple and pliant, so that they will fall in beautiful folds when draped. All the artistry of the wizards who rule the world of Fashion seems to have been directed this season to achieving sheer beauty of line and color. Navy blue and dust color in a thousand variations are emphatically the main theme in the color harmony, but soft tans, greys, olive green, and lovely off shades of blue are also good.

The tendency in women's dresses is for simplicity of line, or else Fashion ceases to be demure and indulges in extravagancies of adornment. So varied are the styles that Milady has a wonderful array from which to choose this season. We mention here two strikingly stylish examples: A becoming stree dress comes in dust color tricotine, of lovely soft quality. Plain tailored bodice, with crossover side fastening in front. Tight sleeves, slit at the cuff and button trimmed. Deep, crushed girdle of Foch blue satin gives a delightful touch of color. Three shaped frills fall below the girdle and are piped with blue. Price .. $65.00

For an afternoon gown there's an elegant model of foulard georgette, in black and white coloring. It has a round, collarless, satin bound neck, a deep girdle of black satin, and underskirt of the same material over which the georgette is gracefully draped. Priced at $85.00

The new suits this season truly reflect the joy of Springtime, for every line is so crisp, the colors so fresh, and the gay little waistcoats and vestees so youthful looking. Just to see them is to want one. Fitting examples of their charming sprightliness are described here:

About one model, we say it is graceful, dignified, extremely modish and altogether distinctive. Fashioned of elegant quality serge, in navy blue. The skirt is plain, but for narrow side panels edged with black silk braid. The coat is plain and narrow to the waistline, and then falls in graceful roll pleats. A long shawl collar runs to the bottom of coat. Smart vest and collar of grey khaki-kool. Price $79.00

An entirely different style is called the "Chick-en Suit," also in navy blue serge, and it is the essence of chicness. A plain tailored skirt is topped with a short box-style coat, which has a wide band of black silk braid around the bottom. Collar of black charmeuse lined with victory rose silk. Priced at $49.00

Footwear Individuality in Ou

Spring Shoes

For street wear the Oxford carries all before it and holds the very first place in the footwear world, with high shoes of light colors following next in line. Our shoe assortments are now featuring the very latest ideas—both practical and novel. The newest styles are here, quite moderately priced, and splendid values.

There are plain soft kid Oxfords with long, narrow vamps and Louis, steel plated heels, extremely good looking in appearance and priced at $5.50. A similar model comes in soft, fine quality patent leather and is priced at $6.00. Also a nigger brown kid model Oxford at $4.95.

A smart high shoe comes in light grey shade of fine quality kid. It has a long, plain and pointed vamp and aluminum plated Louis heels. The price, $10.00. In a dark grey color, is another high shoe with toe cap and close sole. Priced at $9.00.

So much that is Attractive in Blouses

Fresh and new as the season are our Spring Blouses. For the most part they have georgette for their fashioning; beading and embroidery for their adornment, and there are more alluring designs than ever before. When you see them you'll agree with us and vote them things of beauty and joy to every woman who possesses one.

A perfectly stunning model is of smoke grey georgette. It has a round, collarless neck bound with grey satin. There are two rows of tiny satin buttons down the front and all the way down the sleeves. Both front and back are exquisitely embriodered with braid and silk. Price $18.00

Victory rose is the shade of another beautiful georgette blouse. It is collarless and is elegantly braided both back and front with victory rose silk braid. Price $17.50

CATHOLIC HUT GRANT FAILS

THE $15,000 VOTED BY TORONTO WILL NOT BE PAID OVER.

Toronto, March 13.—Members of the Board of Control and city official sheld a conference with the Toronto representatives in the Legislature at the Parliament Buildings yesterday afternoon to discuss the legislation affecting Toronto which is to be introduced at this session. As a result of the meeting, the legislation requested has been somewhat changed, while one or two clauses stand over for further consideration, and to be re-drafted.

There was a prolonged discussion on the request for an act ratifying the $15,000 grant for the Catholic Army Huts. Neither the members of the Board of Control nor the Toronto members in the Legislature were unanimous on the matter, and it was decided that the request for ratification should be withdrawn. Thus the money will not be paid. Controller Robbins opposed the request for ratification, and Messrs. J. Russell, M.P.P. for Riverdale, and Thomas Hook, M.P. for Southeast Toronto, supported him. Controllers McBride and Maguire urged that the money was not for sectarian purposes and should be paid. W. H. Price, M.P. for Parkdale, said he thought too much money was being spent unwarrantedly. Mr. Mark Irish regretted that the discordant note had been sounded in municipal affairs, but he was against the grant being paid.

CHANGES LIKELY IN THE CABINET

GOVERNMENT TO BE REORGANIZED WHEN PREMIER RETURNS FROM EUROPE.

Ottawa, March 14.—The Government is looking for the return of Sir Robert Borden in April. The present outlook is that the Peace Conference will have its main proceedings completed by the end of March, and that Sir Robert will leave for Canada immediately afterwards.

Important political developments are expected to follow his return to the Capital. First and most important is the question of the formation of a permanent Union party. Most of the Liberal and Conservative Unionists are strongly in favor of this move and have so expressed themselves, either in the House or in caucus. However, while the preliminary spade work has been done the question of any permanent organization has been left until the founder of Union has returned.

A Cabinet re-organization is also looked for, following the return of Sir Robert. The Prime Minister was working on such a re-organization last autumn when he was suddenly called away to England by the signing of the armistice. At the time the only change he made was in the Labor Department, Hon Gideon Robertson succeeding Hon. T. W. Crothers. Cabinet re-organization will undoubtedly partially depend at least upon what decision is reached as to the formation of a new party.

Crerar is Free Trader

It is believed that Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture, would like to retire, although he is not talking for publication. It is no secret that last autumn he asked Sir Robert to relieve him of his duties. The Prime Minister asked him to carry on until his return from overseas and this Mr. Crerar agreed to do. Now it is expected he will renew his request. Mr. Crerar's chief reason for retiring is the fact that he is still president of the Grain Growers' Grain Company, and the position is being held open for him. He does not like politics nor Ottawa, and would like to return to his job.

In addition he is an uncompromising free trader in his views and it is doubtful if any concessions which would be made by the Government would be agreeable to him.

For Coast Province

There is a strong boom on for Dr. S. F. Tolmie, Member for Victoria, to succeed Mr. Crerar, if he resigns. Dr. Tolmie is one of the best known stock breeders on the continent. He was formerly live stock commissioner for British Columbia. He is President of the Dominion Holstein Breeders Association and was recently elected President of the Western Canada Breeder's Association at Brandon.

Dr. Tolmie would enter the Cabinet as the representative of British Columbia. Hon Martin Burrell retiring. It is thought likely there will be a change in the Trade and Commerce Department Sir George Foster either retiring or taking an other portfolio.

Decision on some of the important legislation of the session may also be held over until Sir Robert returns, including that ticklish question, the tariff, upon which the union of the two elements forming the Government largely depends. Sir Robert will also have important announcements to make in regard to the Peace Conference, and Parliament will be asked to ratify the peace terms as they effect Canada.

CARPENTERS DEMAND 75c

Halifax, N. S., March 14. — The Carpenters' Union of Halifax has sent a notice to the employers that beginning May 1 the wages shall be 75 cents an hour.

FIFTEEN YEARS AT HOUSE WORK

AND GIRL SAYS SHE NEVER YET FOUND HUMANE MISTRESS.

House workers in large numbers attended the meeting held at the Labor Temple with a view to organizing domestic help of all kinds.

Mrs. L. Macgregor, president of the W.L.L. presided. The housework ers adhered to their plan for forty dollars a month for an eight-hour day to workers who lived at their employer's home, and fifteen dollars a week (six days) to efficient workers for an eight-hour day, providing their own rooms and meals. A few of the girls who were attending the domestic classes for houseworkers at the Central Technical School were present at the meeting. The general feeling was that it was necessary that some degree of efficiency should be set for workers. Those attending them spoke highly of the classes formed for houseworkers.

No mention was made at last night's meeting of a uniform for workers. It was pointed out by Mrs. MacGregor this morning that the Labor League could merely help them in getting mimimum wage and regulated hours.

It was claimed by one worker, and the idea unanimously endorsed by all, that the time had come when they must organize. If the girls did not carry through the formation of a union now it was felt that wages would be reduced and conditions would be worse than before.

One woman who had been in domestic work for fifteen years said that in all that time she had not met a mistress who was humane. Others expressed the opinion that houseworkers had not been treated fairly in the past.

Miss Dempsey, who is from the States, organizing a waitresses' union, said that already 250 waitresses in Toronto had joined, and that a minimum wage of twelve dollars a week for an eight-hour shift had been agreed upon. Miss Dempsey said she was willing to help the domestic workers organize. Mr. F. Watkins also spoke on organization.

Mr. J. A. Miller, of the Ontario Employment Bureau, in speaking of the domestic situation this morning said that he was in favor of girls getting good wages, good hours and comfortable quarters. He was, however, a little apprehensive of the formation of a union. Demand for too high wages, thought Mr. Miller would not lead along the right lines. If the workers had continued to thrash out the matter between the employers and employes, he thought it would have resulted in a benefit to both.

PROSECUTE THOUSANDS

Quebec's Many M. S. A. Offenders Totaled.

Quebec, March 14.—Official figures given out by the military authorities show that in Quebec district out of 45,000 young men of military age more than 30,000 were exempted from the service by the tribunals, 9,700 reported for service, and 6,011 who had been called by the Registrar had not shown up, and are considered as deserters. Regarding the 6,011 absentees, the military authorities have been instructed by Ottawa to prosecute in every case.

Guelphites Protest Over Police Plan

Guelph, March 13.—The Guelph trades and labor council is making a strong protest to the attorney-general at Toronto regarding the methods being employed by the Dominion Police in Military District No. 1. This city is the headquarters of the police for both Wellington and Waterloo counties, and all the deserters arrested are brought here for trial and incarceration. The Labor men want to know who is going to pay the expenses of the men being brought in from Waterloo county, where the majority of them come from. They object to the expense being saddled on the city and are strongly of the opinion that Waterloo county should be compelled to look after its own. This matter has created considerable discussion because of the raid by the police at New Germany last Sunday, as the impression has gone abroad that these deserters come from Wellington county, whose record in the war can hardly be excelled anywhere.

SPARTACANS SMOKED OUT

Government Troops Use Sulphur Fumes To Fight Enemies.

Berlin, March 14. — Government troops used sulphur fumes to smoke the Spartacans out of the Lichtenberg Lunatic Asylum, where they had taken refuge, according to a despatch received from Berlin today. The suburb is said to have been ruined by artillery fire.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

BROKEN GLASSES MEANS LOSS

Lost time, lost labor, lost comfort, lost temper, and perhaps more. You can make the loss trifling by bringing the glasses to Dr. Fowler's quick, modern repair department and have them made good as new in almost no time. Done while you wait, if necessary.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughs, Sore Throat, Disease, Grippe, Influenza

SHILOH

30 DROPS—STOP COUGHS

HELP THIS FOR CHILDREN

The STORE with the TARTAN FRONT

THE LAST WORD IN

Spring Fashions FOR MEN

NOW SHOWING AT

FRANK N. HOURIGAN'S

Our new Spring Suitings and O'Coatings embody all the correct styles, in Serges, Tweeds, Woolens, etc., of the latest approved patterns.

When we say that our Suits and O'Coats are HAND-MADE you'll realize that we lead in "QUALITY" Tailoring for Men, and

AT LIVING PRICES

An inspection of our cloths and models will convince you that we can please the most fastidious taste and the moderate purse.

Our Hand-made tailoring, dependable material and Perfect fit go to make the well-dressed man. Be one of our satisfied Patrons.

10% DISCOUNT

Allowed all Soldiers from overseas returning to civilian life.

FRANK N. HOURIGAN

The House of Dependability - 161 HUNTER STREET

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED general maid for small family. Apply evenings between 6 and 8, to Miss Fair, 505 Dickson street.

WANTED

WANTED — EXPERIENCED stenographer; used to dictation. Permanent position; highest salary. Apply in writing, stating experience, to Box 239.

VICTORY BONDS WANTED.
All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

LOST.

TUESDAY ATERNOON ON C. G. E. car, a whip. Finder please leave at Review.

FOR SALE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; ONE PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
109 AYLMER ST.
Phone 200

COAL
...AND...
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Jack Coombs has added a veteran catcher to his staff in Forrest Cady to assist Eddie Burns and Jack Adams. Adams is the first string backstop and Cady and Burns will battle on the training trip for second place.

The successful blacksmith can either shoe a horse or make a horse shoe.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

JAMES FORDYCE STRICKLAND
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
MONEY TO LOAN
395 Water Street Peterborough
Phone 151

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment. 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 22
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water Ct., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 3-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 642. Res. 845

Toronto Savings and Loan Company
Head Office—438-437 George Street, Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	28	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 30
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beef, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$ 2 00	$ 2 00
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 00	1 00
Oats	55	55
Rye, per bush.	65	65
Peas, per bush.	1 50	1 50
Barley	80	80
Hay (timothy)	27 00	28 00
Loose straw, load	7 00	7 00
Alsace Clover Seed	11 00	12 00
Red Clover Seed (good)	25 00	27 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$ 6 00	$ 7 00
do., No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 00
Horse hair, farmers'	25	25
Deacon and bob calf	1 50	2 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	7	7
Cakes, No. 1	8	8
Beef hides, flat, cured	17	18
do., green	15	16
Frozen hides	15	16

...void Becoming Nagger.

If you find yourself inclined to become a nagger you had better apply for a little vacation and a change of scene. Absence from home and business is often the best cure for a blue goggled vision. A little contact with the world and the struggles of others often helps make home folks more reasonable—at least for a time. Forestall the malady by learning to see the better side of life. Practice kindly speech even if it hurts you.

Folly of Monarchial Government.

As the exercise of government requires talents and abilities, and as talents and abilities cannot have hereditary descent, it is evident that hereditary succession requires a belief from man to which his reason cannot subscribe and which can only be established upon ignorance; and the more ignorant any country is, the better it is fitted for the monarchial species of government.—Thomas Paine.

Children's Aid Society
of
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, East George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**6:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:20 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:30 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:35 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:03 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:00 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

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New York's Sensation — Dolly Sisters, in the Million Dollar Dollies—5 parts

Triangle Feature with Norma Talmadge starring in "The Missing Links"—5 parts

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Special Program for School Children Saturday Morning at 9:30. 16 to All

STAR WITNESS MISSES TRAIN

Everything was in readiness for the resumption of the trial of John McKnight, an alleged defaulter under the M. S. A., whose case had been adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when a telegram from Morley Edwards, postmaster at Blairhampton was received by Acting Magistrate H. Rush announcing that he had missed his train.

Witnesses for the defence maintained at the last hearing before Justices of the Peace Rush and Eastwood that McKnight had not received the order to report for a medical examination at Toronto for more than two months after it had been sent out, as a result of the carelessness of the postmaster of the village who mislaid the registered letter in some way.

It was decided that Postmaster Edwards should be given an opportunity to give testimony in connection with this matter and he was notified to appear here today but failed to do so for the reason stated above.

A continuance of the trial depended upon the presence of Edwards, who is regarded as the star witness, so it was decided to further postpone the hearing until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock when McKnight and the village postmaster being both on hand the proceedings will be resumed.

Morale—a New Word.

Napoleon once remarked that morale is to other factors in war as three to one. Morale is a new word to our speech, and I do not know that anyone has yet fully defined it, but there are certain factors which must enter into its composition. And one of these factors is the turning of men's minds away from the trenches to other thoughts and occupations. Without a change of mental atmosphere morbidness comes and homesickness and the feeling of being "fed up" on the war dulls the fine edge of enthusiasm.—Bruce Barton in Red Cross Magazine.

Beauties of Constantinople.

The city of Constantinople is full of beautiful and interesting things, but in the way of buildings, after Santa Sophia the mosque of Yeni Valideh Sultan, the wife of Ahmed I, is the most wonderful. The effect of these tile-lined walls, as seen from Galata bridge, with their elaborate interlacing patterns and borders, is extremely striking and there seems to be nothing quite comparable to it. The tiles in this old mosque are considered to be among the finest in all Constantinople.

Concerning Snakes.

Poisonous snakes have diamond-shaped heads about four times larger at the jawbone than at the neck, according to World Wide Magazine. They also have blunt tails. Non-poisonous snakes have sharp heads, which are nearly the same size as the neck, and sharp tails. All snakes, however, are poisonous during the "shedding" period of seven days. They go blind two days before "shedding."

Fogs Have "Silence Zones."

Fog bells and buoys are frequently ineffective, because of the "zones of silence" prevalent in fog banks. Frequently these zones not only retard a sound but stop it entirely. In the same bank of fog there will be a long lane through which sound will carry clearly. The result is that one ship may hear another that is far off and have no hint of a third that is close at hand.—People's Home Journal.

ORENBURG.

Once Peaceful City Becomes a Battleground.

The city of Orenburg, in which, according to a recent despatch from Omsk, contingents of French and British troops are being rushed to aid Gen. Dutoff in holding it against the attacks of Bolshevik forces, is an important community.

At the time of the outbreak of the world war Orenburg, capital of the Orenburg Cossack country, on the Asiatic border, ranked fourteenth in size among the cities of European Russia.

Established less than 200 years ago as a frontier fort, Orenburg was moved three times in less than ten years, its present site being nearly 150 miles northwest of its original location. It soon became an important trading port as well as a strong link in the fortified chain known as the Orenburg Cossack line.

At the time of the outbreak of the world war, the town was one of the most prosperous in the Czar's dominions, as it was an entrepot for the trade of Tashkent, Khiva, Bokhara, Knokand and European Russia. Great caravans brought the silks, wool, rugs, dried fruits, cotton and lambskins from these Asiatic dependencies of Russia to exchange them at the border city for the sugar, metal ware and textiles of Europe.

The traffic in live stock was also great. Formerly the sheep and cattle were merely driven through Orenburg, but in recent years the slaughtering industry has become important, thanks to the introduction of cold-storage cars which conveyed the meats to Samara, which lies 360 miles to the west by rail. Tons of tallow, butter, cheese, hams and sausages were shipped from Orenburg annually.

Thirteen years ago the railway line was extended from Orenburg to Tashkent, a distance of more than 1,100 miles. While this twentieth century achievement served to stimulate trade, it has robbed the city on the north bank of the Ural of many of its picturesque camel-caravan visitors.

Orenburg in peace times was not without its cultural advantages. It had two cadet colleges, nearly 40 churches besides 14 mosques, (85 per cent. of the inhabitants being Tartars and Bashkirs) and a branch of the Russian Geographical Society. Its climate is dry and subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature, for although the average for the year is only five degrees above freezing) the thermometer not infrequently rises to 95 in mid-summer, while 33 degrees below zero in winter is not uncommon.

The Ural river, which forms a part of the boundary line between European and Asiatic Russia, is not a navigable stream, otherwise Orenburg would be an even more important commercial centre.

"The city is the capital of the Russian Government or Province of Orenburg, which has an area somewhat less than that of South Dakota, but three times the population.

Before the war there were numerous settlements of German colonists in the neighborhood of the capital.

Orenburg for many years has been noted among womankind for its beautiful white and gray shawls, so finely knitted of pure goats' wool that many of them can be drawn through a finger ring. These products of skilful industry formerly sold for from $12 to $35 a square yard.

Differences in Fashion.

In Japan the professional beauty loves to appear with golden teeth; in India she prefers them stained red, but in certain parts of Sumatra no lady who respects herself would condescend to have any front teeth at all.

Insect Intelligence.

Wasps rank next to the higher classes of ants in point of insect intelligence.

Be Unblamable Yourself.

Whereof you reprove another be unblamable yourself.—Washington.

...Whatever connoisseurs of antiques may say, no glassware has ever been produced in the world that is at all comparable in beauty to the stuff of shimmering metallic colors that nowadays fetches such extraordinary prices.

The profit is enormous, for the method of its manufacture (once the secret is known) is surprisingly simple.

The article of glass—be it vase, wine glass or what not—is at the start in no way different from any similar things of first-class workmanship. So far it is simply a matter of days for a skilled hand.

But in the final and finishing process a dry spray of one or more metallic oxides is distributed over the surface of the vase or other article. It may be (though rarely) pure gold dust; it may be gold dust mixed with copper oxide. It may be oxide of manganese, or nickel oxide, or cobalt oxide, or some other metallic salt.

Whatever the nature of the metal dust, the latter is literally incorporated with the material of the hot surface of the glass. The latter, during the process, is at red-hot temperature and therefore expanding. It absorbs the metal particles, which become part of its substance.

Hence the beautiful hues of this shimmering glass. They are metallic colors. Not only the familiar metals, but various kinds of rare earths of metalliferous kinds (such as yttria) are being utilized for the purpose, so that there is no end to the variety of hues obtainable.

A Use for Golf.

The crowd around the ticker was discussing the operations of a youthful speculator, who shall be nameless. Said one:

"I hear he was hit on the head with a golf ball two years ago and has been rather stupid ever since."

"Maybe so," said the floor manager, "but he has cleaned up a million or more in the same time."

"Gee!" said the first. Then after a pause, "Say, how do you go about learning to play golf?"

Factories on the Aisne.

Of the 45,000 horse-power utilized in the Department of the Aisne, France, four-fifths are estimated to have been employed in factories in that portion which was in German occupation. The sugar refineries, of which there are over 80, employing nearly 15,000 people, have been severely damaged and their restoration will be a serious problem.

Author of Immortal Song.

"Home, Sweet Home," was written in 1823 by John Howard Payne. In but a very few of the sixty years of his life Payne was sufficiently long at any one place to call it his home. He died in Tunis, Africa, April 1, 1852, and it was thirty-one years afterwards before his body was brought to his native country, the place he no doubt had in mind when he penned these appealing words.

Columbus' Three Vessels.

The Santa Maria was one of the three vessels with which Columbus set sail for America from Palos, Spain, August 3, 1492. She was a good-sized boat, ninety feet long, carrying sixty-six seamen. She was decked all over, and had four masts—two with square sails and two with lateen sails. The other vessels were smaller, and without decks, and they were all provisioned for a year.

Nothing Gained by Brooding.

Give up brooding over failures—take each day as a fresh start. Give up enmities, grudges, envies—all conditions of mind that drag down the spirit. Be constructive. See the good in people. Keep abreast with the news of what our men "over there" are doing each day and perform your duty (even be it dish washing) in the fervor that fills them as they obey their bugle calls.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

Leslie Mann will join the Cubs at Omaha en route to Pasadena, despite the reports that he is undecided about returning to the game. President Mitchell knows he will be on hand and says all his fielders are under contract.

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FRESH EGGS
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CHESLER'S BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY

Here is a List of Genuine Bargains that cannot be repeated again. It will be worth your while coming to look them over:--

LADIES' AND MISSES' FALL COATS
At less than cost of material. A clearing of travellers' samples in Coats that were sold regularly from $20.00 to $35.00.... **$12.50**
On sale Saturday at .....
They are made of several good cloths such as velours, whitneys and zibelines, in all leading shades and styles; lined throughout with fancy linings. Sizes from 16 to 42.

SALTS PLUSH COATS AT $25.00
SALTS PLUSH COATS At $25.00—Six only, guaranteed pure silk Salts Plush Coats. Being travellers' samples they are exclusive in design. No two alike. Their regular price is $35.00 and $40.00. Early buyers get them Choice for only **$25.00**

MISSES' AND WOMEN'S WOOL SERGE DRESSES AT $7.50
Made up in two beautiful styles to please neat dressers, in such shades as navy, black, brown, green, taupe and burgundy. Sizes 16 to 38. Regular $15.00. While they last To clear at **$7.50**

A BEAUTIFUL SELECTION OF FANCY DRESSES AT HALF PRICE
We just received a large shipment of sample Dresses, in crepe de chine, georgette crepe, taffeta, satin and serge, in all shades and styles. If you want a real pretty dress at a small price come and see them. Regular $25.00, $35.00 and $50.00. To clear at
$12.50 $17.50 & $25.00

SKIRTS AT $2.98
A collection of odd lines in skirts, made up in silk faced poplin, serge and plaids, in all sizes and best styles. Some with elastic waist bands. All gathered backs and trimmed with fancy pockets and belts. Regular $5.00 to $6.50. Special for Saturday only, while they last, at **$2.98**

SILK POPLIN SKIRTS TO CLEAR $4.98
If it is a Silk Poplin Skirt you want, come Saturday as early as you can for these extraordinary snaps. We have only a limited quantity of these Skirts and they will be picked up quickly. Several good styles to choose from and in every leading shade **$4.98**
Saturday Special at .....

WAISTS IN CREPE DE CHINE AT $2.98
A large selection of fancy Crepe de Chine Waists; all shades and styles to choose from on Saturday only for **$2.98**

SILK WAISTS AT $1.98
Several styles to choose from, made of Habutai silk, in white, black, flesh, maize. Regular up to $3.75. Special Saturday .. **$1.98**
Clearing at .....
VOILE WAISTS—In white and maize. All sizes. Regular $2.00 ..... **$1.29**
At .....

VOILE WAISTS — Assorted samples. Regular up to $2.00, at **75c**

GIRLS' SERGE DRESSES AT $3.98
12 only Girls' Serge Dresses, made up in a sailor style and trimmed with red silk braid and ribbon bow. Sizes 6, 8 and 10 years. Navy only. Regular $6.00, to clear at **$3.98**

PURE WOOL PULL-OVER SWEATERS $2.98
A fine selection of Pullovers, in all shades, long sleeves and middy as well as other styles. All wool; sizes 36 to 42. Worth regularly up to $7. Your choice on Saturday for ... **$3.98**

CORSET COVERS—Fancy trimming front and back. Regular price $1.00 ..... **49c**
At .....
WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR—In winter weight. Regular $1.00, at **49c**

CORSETS—In all sizes. Regular up to $2.00. To clear at **98c**
LADIES' BLACK OR WHITE COTTON HOSE—Regular 39c, at, pair **25c**
LADIES' BLACK CASHMERETTE HOSE — With natural feet. Regular 50c **29c**
At, pair .....
LADIES' CASHMERE HOSE — Just a few to clear at, pair **39c**
LADIES' HEAVY WEIGHT CASHMERE HOSE Regular price 75c pair **49c**
Special .....
LADIES' SILK LISLE HOSE — In black or white. Regular price $1.00 ..... **49c**
To clear at, pair .....
BOYS' 2/1 RIBBED HOSE—Sizes up to 7½, at, pair **29c**
BOYS' 2/1 RIBBED HOSE—Sizes up to 10, at, pair **35c**

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AUSTRALIANS HAVE BEST BOXING RULES ON EARTH

Contestants in the Ring Sign Against Faking and Weigh in Before Spectators.

New York, March 13.—E. T. O'Sullivan, the man who brought Les Darcy to this country, has written a letter to Senator Leonard W. Gibbs outlining the method of conducting boxing in Australia. Some of the suggestions may be of help to those who are endeavering to frame a bill that will give general satisfaction, while others may be useful when it comes time to draw up a set of commission rules.

Faking is rare in Australia, because before each boxer enter the ring he is required to sign a written agreement whereby he forfeits all claim to his share of the pure in the event that the commission decides that he has not boxed on his merits.

That is an idea that might be adopted with profit by the next boxing commission in this state. During the days of the Frawley law there were several occasions when the boxers were ordered out of the ring, but they always were paid in full, in order to avoid litigation in the courts.

In the antipodes boxers are required to weigh in at the ringside in full view of the spectators, so that there can be no mistake as to which class the countestants rightfully belong. This was tried in New York at one time. For one or two big bouts at the Garden a small bath scale was placed in the centre of the ring, and the boxers were weighed just before donning the gloves. However, the scale was more or less of a joke affair, and it was generally broken down, for some reason or other best known to those interested. The idea was a good one, but, like so many other rules of the old commission, it was not enforced.

The Australian rules require a champion to defend his title once every six months, as is done in England. There has long been a demand in this country for a similar rule, but the various boxing commissions have failed to get together on the question. Naturally, all must be in accord, as such a rule would have little weight if only one or two states.

All timing is done by an automatic clock in Australia. This machine has four faces and hangs above the ring, where it can be seen from all parts of the arena. When the bout starts a button is touched, setting the clock into action, and from then on every three minutes it strikes a big bell. After an interval of a minute it rings for the beginning of the next round.

When a knockdown occurs, another button is touched, and a globe flashes red every second until the fallen boxer gets up or is counted out. There can be no long or short counts, and every round goes the full three minutes—no more, no less.

Sporting Gossip

Shortening the season does not mean less money for Zack Wheat, Brooklyn's star outfielder. He was given his 1918 terms. In addition he was appointed captain of the club, which earns him a bonus of $500.

President Ebbets has signed twenty-one of his players This is the league limit Among the twenty-one are three candidates for Jake Dubett's job at first base They are Johnston, Mitchell and Adams

Six months in the army certainly made Benny Kauff of the New York Giants appreciate baseball Since he received his release he has visited McGraw's office every day, declaring he was getting nervous waiting for the choo choo to start for the

Umpire Hank O'Day still sticks to his determination to improve base running by having the balk rule more rigidly enforced. He has suggested to President John Heydler that the base umpire have equal jurisdiction with the man behind the plate in calling balks.

Pat Moran is grabbing everything in sight in the way of infield material for the Reds. He claimed Claude Johnson on waivers and obtained him from the Athletics. Johnson played fifteen games for Connie Mack and is said to be a comer.

HARRY GILMORE IS YOUNG AFTER BOXING 61 YEARS

Famous Athlete Attributes His Splendid Physical Condition to Steady Habits and Temperance.

(By Oscar C. Reichow.)

Take the case of Harry Gilmore, Sr. He was 65 years old March 9. Does he appear to be 65 years old to one looking at him? He does not, and he steps about with the spring of a man of 40. That is not all he can do. He is proud of the fact that he can still box four or six fast rounds and make many a boxer half his age go some to outpoint him. His health is excellent, and he declares he expects to go on living indefinitely. He gives boxing credit for the spirit he possesses.

Gilmore has never been without a pair of boxing gloves since he was 6 years old. It was at that age that his father, who was also clever with the mitts, taught him the art of self-defense. It was his dad who was responsible for his going into the fight game as strongly as he did, and Gilmore does not regret it, as he has made a comfortable living out of it, and has reared and educated five boys and two girls.

Where Boxing Career Began.

He was born in Toronto, Can., and it was there that he started his boxing career, when he was 9 years old. Gilmore worked on the racetrack in Toronto, and was challenged by one of the stable boys to a bout. He was backed for $100 by the man for whom he worked. Having been taught the art of boring by his father, he won the fight in short order. That really was the beginning of his professional career, as he was given $50 for winning the fight; but he did not enter the ring proper until he was 18 years old.

Gilmore advanced rapidly in his profession, and soon was regarded as one of the greatest boxers of the time. He fought champions with bare knuckles, and men who outweighed him by twenty and more pounds. Size made no difference to him. He always took excellent care of his condition, and was always in shape to take on fighters his own weight and those weighing more. His greatest fight was with Jack McAuliffe, which he lost when his second threw the sponge into the center of the ring.

Second Stops the Bout.

Gilmore's nose is slightly crooked, and it was done in that fight with McAuliffe The break occurred late in the fight and Gilmore, bleeding internally, was hardly able to continue the contest Yet he was game and fought as furiously as he did in the first round But he was so choked from bleeding internally that his second insisted on stopping the bout.

Gilmore attributes his fine health and youthful spirit to the fact that he was always moderate in his habits. He never smoked cigarettes and spent little money for cigars. While training for a fight he eliminated the weed entirely. Alcoholic stimulants were entirey tabooed while preparing for a fight, and were taken only moderately while not in action.

Sees Evil in All Excess.

"I drank very little in my younger days," said Gilmore. "I was not a total abstainer, because I believed a little drop now and then would do no one a bit of harm. Of course, taking it to excess is out of the question. That applies to anything else. I never smoked or trained excessively. In the mornings when I went on the road I never started out on an empty stomach, always taking a little fruit. I was a great meat eater while training, but ate little of it when not exercising.

"Long walks in the morning and at night helped me to keep my health. I have never known a sick day. (Knock on wood.) Boxing and gymnasium exercise kept me well, and I do not know of a better sport to develop the body, eye and mind.

Hopes for Boxing Revival.

"I have never been without boxing gloves since I can remember and have raised my boys the same. They are all healthy and strong. What more can a man wish for? I am satisfied and I hope they revive boxing in Chicago."

If the game is resumed in Chicago Gilmore may reopen his boxing school. He now teaches a class of boys ranging from 6 to 14 years at Highland Park on Saturdays and also has many private pupils to whose homes he goes. Gilmore has brought out more champions than any other instructor in the country and expects to have a few more before he discards the gloves.

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UNCHALLENGED

Even at range of 3,500 to 3,000 miles—between the Marne and the Rhine—belated queries used to drop in as to whether or not "Walter Johnson isn't a greater pitcher than Mathewson"—or as to whether or not "Hal Chase isn't the greatest first baseman of the mall."

The fanatic, war or no war, must have his little argument. But it is interesting to note that of all positions on the diamond, only a few remain unchallenged where the height is conceded to one man.

In the box you find the argument revolving around Mathewson, Radbourne, Cy Young, Walter Johnson, Waddel and others.

There is always the old debate as to whether Hal Chase, Fred Tenney or some other star led at first.

Those who pick Pajole as the king of second basemen are challenged by those supporting Eddie Collins.

Those who pick Jimmy Collins at third are barked at loudly by those supporting Bill Bradley, Art Devlin or Frank Baker for all around worth.

After all, there is one place alone in the infield that remains unchallenged.

We have yet to hear any one challenge the supremacy of Hans Wagner at short, when it comes to a matter of all around worth.

The ancient Pirate is one of the few unchalenged stars.

He was as great a fielding shortstop as baseball has ever known. He could cover as much ground as the pick of the flock. And, added to this, he could outhit any shortstop rival by a good 40 points, taking the average over the long route.

Wagner was one of the few who had no rival.

When great shortstops are mentioned you begin with [illegible] and end with Wagner and then [illegible] settle around second [illegible]

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MARY · I WANT YOU TO HAVE AN EXCEPTIONALLY NICE DINNER · IT'S TO BE A SURPRISE · JUST SET IT FOR ONE ·
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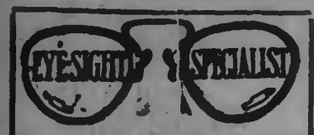

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If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

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Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

IRISH ENTERTAINMENT

The Volunteer Bible Class of Knox Church will hold an "Irish Entertainment" in the Lecture Hall of the church, on Tuesday, March 18th. Good program. Refreshments. Admission 25c.

AUCTION SALE.

Pure bred Holsteins and Grades, Horses, Pigs, and Farm Implements, at Christopher Howson's, Lot 12, Con. 10, Otonabee, on Wednesday, March 19, at 1 o'clock. Everything must be sold, as Mr. Howson has sold his farm and is retiring. You are invited to attend this sale.

SHAMROCK TAG DAY

St. Peter's Ladies' Aid intend holding their annual Tag Day in aid of St. Vincent's Orphanage, on Saturday, March 15th.

We hope those who so generously contributed in the past will still kindly remember the poor children. We all need the prayers of the little children and the orphans pray daily for their benefactors so help them please on Tag Day.

DANCE MONDAY

Skater's dance, March 17th, in Keene Hall, Everybody welcome.

G. McINTYRE, Mgr.

Deported Germans and Austrians left Shanghai yesterday on three vessels bound for Rotterdam.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

KERR—SMITH

Ella C. Smith of Toronto was united in marriage yesterday afternoon at George Street Methodist parsonage to Hugh Roland Kerr of Toledo, Ohio Rev. A. J. Thomas performing the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Kerr will reside in Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cressman and Mrs. Johnston are spending the day in Toronto.

Mrs. Robert Morrison, 37 Dennistoun avenue, is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. T. Morrison, of Lindsay.

The many friends of Lieut. Burnie will be pleased to hear that he is sufficiently recovered to be removed from the hospital to his home.

In the report of the birthday tea of the 57th Regiment Chapter, I.O.D.E., given in last night's Review, Miss Maud Rush's name was inadvertently omitted in connection with those ladies assisting in the tea team.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker of Biggar Sask., are the guests of Chief and Mrs. Thompson. They are on their way to London, Ont., but will spend a few days in Peterborough before continuing their journey. Mrs. Ecker is a sister of Chief Thompson.

The Review Office will be open Saturday evening for receiving accounts and subscriptions. If you are behind in your subscription we will appreciate your calling on Saturday evening and paying amount due. Any subscribers not receiving The Review regularly each evening will confer a favor by letting us know. Telephone Review 189.

"SHAUN RHUE"

Secure tickets for "Shaun Rhue", Grand Opera House, Monday evening, March 17. Plan now open.

GEO. F. LYNCH, Director.

Preparing For Spring Bicycle Business

C. R. Banks is receiving daily shipments of bicycles and accessories and is preparing to give the public better service than ever during the coming season.

"ST. PATRICK'S TEA"

A St. Patrick's Tea will be held at the residence of Mrs. T. H. G. Dunne 361 Park street, under the auspices of the Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E., on Monday, 17th March, from 3.30 to 6 p.m. The following artists have kindly consented to assist in the program, Mrs. Maurice Park, Miss Lora Logan, Miss Parker, Miss Littlefield, Miss Murray, Miss Sanderson, Miss Tamblyn, the Misses Harrington. Admission 25c. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

FREE TUITION

Returned soldiers and pupils whose fathers have served overseas will be allowed to attend High Schools in Toronto without the payment of fees until the end of the present term. This was the recommendation of the Management Committee at the Board of Education.

NOTICE

A meeting of the Commercial Travellers of the city will be held at 364 Water street on Saturday, March 15th, at the hour of three o'clock., p.m., to discuss means of procuring better train service, also other important business. As these matters interest every Traveller in the city let each one to be at this meeting.

STANLEY COUPER,
President.

SAYS TEMPERANCE ACT WILL SURVIVE

LIBERAL MEMBER BELIEVES THAT PROHIBITIONISTS WILL WIN IN PLEBISCITE.

Toronto, March 14.—Five separate bills to amend the Municipal Act as well as one to improve the Public Health Act, were introduced in the Legislature, the former quartet going into one course to the Municipal Committee, as well as one already in the hands of that body all to be considered, and if approved, consolidated.

The budget debate was resumed by Mr. Regan, the member for South Wentworth closing his contribution to the debate by pleading for united effort to bridge the existing differences between agriculture, labor and capital so that these elements may become first contributors to provincial prosperity.

Sir Sam Carter followed with a characteristic speech the earlier portion being devoted to assurance to the province that it need not get so "jumpy" on the prohibition question, counselling the Premier that Labor, the farmers and the women vote would be found behind him if he stood firm for strict prohibition.

WAS FORMERLY OF PETERBORO

ENVOY ALWARD IN CHARGE OF S. A. TEMPLE 24 YEARS AGO

Envoy F. C. Alward, who is connected with the Salvation Army work in Toronto, where he is city manager of the Continental Insurance Company, was in the city today. Twenty-four years ago Envoy Alward, at that time an adjutant, was in charge of the branch of the Army in this city. He notices a good many improvements in the city since he resided here.

Envoy Alward lives next door to Capt. and Mrs. McElhiney in Toronto, both of whom are old friends. Mrs. McElhiney was converted by the preaching of Envoy Alward in Newfoundland twenty-seven years ago. She afterwards became an officer, and while stationed at Windsor, N. S., met and led to the light the man who has now the honor of being her husband.

The Envoy has lost a son in the war, Pte. Wilfred Alward, who was only nineteen years old when he made the supreme sacrifice at Cambrai. He enlisted with the 203rd Battalion of Manitoba and was later transferred to the Fort William battalion, which unit he was with at the time of his death.

Entertained Knox Church Choir

The choir of Knox Church were entertained by Miss Mabel Penrose at her home, 546 Sherbrooke street, last evening when a very enjoyable time was spent in games and music, after which a dainty luncheon was served. A hearty vote of thanks was then tendered Mr. and Mrs. Penrose and family for their kindness in extending the hospitality of their home. The evening then closed by everyone joining hands and singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Mrs. A. Courtice's Lecture Tuesday

Mrs. A. Courtice, member of the Board of Education in Toronto, will deliver a lecture Tuesday evening in the Collegiate Assembly Hall, dealing with school work especially that branch which is carried on by the Parent's Circle. The lecture is given under the auspices of the Parent's Circle of Queen Mary School and is sure to be full of information for all those who have children of school age as well as for those who are interested in the educational system of the city. A cordial invitation is extended to all parents to attend the lecture.

An excellent musical program will be provided. Capt. and Mrs. Maurice Park will render duets and there will be numbers by other local musicians to be announced later.

The aggregate of bank clearances from Canadian cities reporting yesterday showed an increase over the same period in 1918.

CHANGING METHODS FOR CHANGING TIMES

"It is up to us to give heed to the changing methods of these changing times. It is our duty to see that we adopt the right method, and such addresses as we received today will go a very long way indeed towards helping us to achieve that end."

These words of Senator Frederick Nicholls, of the Canadian General Electric Co., in moving a vote of thanks to the speaker at the close of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King's remarkable address on "The Four Parties of Industry," at the Empire Club luncheon in Toronto, are merely a reflex of the spirit in which the speech was received and an indication of the impression it left on the minds of his hearers.

Sixty-six American army medical officers and men have been decorated by the British Government.

COLORITE

The Wonderful Liquid Magician instantly changes to any color and gives a beautiful glossy finish to

Straw Hats and Straw Goods

of all kinds, also colors.
LEATHER, RATTAN,
WICKER, WOOD,
METAL and GLASS
or any similar material

Dries Hard

Anyone can use it.

Price 25c Per Bottle

AT

Warne Drug Co. Limited

351 George Street.

Phone 527w.

It's Confidence That Does It.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY SPECIALS at PORTER S. WHITE Co's

SUGAR

Lantic Granulated—
1 5 lb. package 59c
2 5lb. package $1.15
Yellow Sugar, 4 lbs. 45c
Butter, choice Creamery, lb. 58c
Victor Rolled Oats, put up by the Quaker Co., fresh stock ... 10 lbs. 65c
Krinkle Corn Flakes, 4 pkgs. .. 47c
Shredded Wheat, 4 pkgs. 54c
Puffed Rice, pkg. 15c
Cream of Barley, pkg. 30c
Krumbles, 2 pkgs. 23c
Marrowfat Peas, 2 pkgs. 25c
Crisco, lb. tin 53c
Crisco, 3 lb. tin 95c
Stewing Figs, lb. 22c
Griffin's Seedless Raisins, pkg. 14c
McLaren's Invincible Jelly, ... 2 pkgs. 25c
Pure Gold Jelly, 2 pkgs. 25c
Pure Chocolate Pudding, 2 pkgs. 25c
Pure Quick Tapioca, 2 pkgs. .. 25c
Lipton Jelly, 2 pkgs. 21c
Japan Rice, 2 pkgs. 25c
XX Special Rice, 2 pkgs. 23c
Reindeer Coffee and Cocoa, reg. 30c tin, for 28c
Peaches, large tin 25c
Pears, large tin 25c

PLUMS.
Lombards, Green Gages and Damson's.
Glassco Pure Apricots, 1 lb. jar 22c
Glassco Pure Grape Jelly, lb. jar 20c
Florida Grape Fruit ..... 3 for 25c
Florida Grape Fruit ..... 4 for 35c

Potatoes—Per Bag $1.35

Potatoes purchased Saturday will be delivered Monday.

Try our own Blends, Tea and Coffee.

Christie's Biscuits. Large variety received. Fresh every week.

Porter S White Co.
334 GEORGE STREET
'Phone 268

LARGE FRESH SPRING STOCKS GENEROUS IN SCOPE AND VARIETY

SPLENDID VALUES IN BLOUSES

We believe every woman who sees our Spring display of new Blouses will count them the best values obtainable. The very finest quality crepe de chine, in all the newest spring styles, and every wanted shade. All sizes ..... $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 and up to $20.00

A Handsome Variety of Spring Coats--Dolmans and Capes

Many imported models; others are adaptations of high-class styles in the newest materials and colorings. Prices range from

$20.00 to $50.00

Misses' and Women's Spring Suits

Will be shown in a great variety of becoming styles for the first time Saturday. Here are suits made of the finest quality pure wool fabrics, in navy, black, and all the new shades. All showing the latest features in collars, vests and pockets. Prices range from

$29.75 to $75.00

SMART NEW SPRING DRESSES—DIRECT FROM NEW YORK $18.50

A group of newly arrived, high quality Dresses, representing a particularly fortunate purchase which permits us to offer these New York Dresses at a figure considerably less than they would ordinarily sell for. They are all made with new style features, and are of good, fine all wool botany serge. All the highest class of tailoring. Navy, black, green and brown ..... A very special offering at $18.50

SATURDAY - STAPLE - BARGAINS

60c Pillow Cases, hemstitched. Each ... 48c
35c White Cambric, yard ... 29c
50c Horrockses White Cotton, yard ... 43c
50c Fine Madapolam, yard ... 48c
$1.25 Good, very good English Sheeting, yard ... 98c
50c Bedroom Towels, each ... 37c

See our Display of NEW DRESS GINGHAMS At, per yard 35c, 50c & 60c

SPECIAL

BLACK SILK POPLIN—At 98c Yard

Regular $1.85 Quality

Excellent quality Silk Dress Poplin; rich, spotproof silk surface; firmly woven; will not cut or slip, and will make up nicely; 36 inches wide; black only. Regular $1.85. Offered as a Special Sale Leader for Saturday, yard 98c

TAPESTRY SILK AND CHINTZ 50 Inches wide

Regular $2.50, $3.50 and $4.50 Yards

SATURDAY, YARD $1.98

Short ends of Tapestry, Silk and Chints, in lengths up to 10 yards to a pattern. Regular $2.50 to $4.50 a yard. Saturday Bargain, yard $1.98

SATURDAY—A GLOVE SALE—WHICH SHOULD NOT ON ANY ACCOUNT BE OVERLOOKED

Two Lines at 98c and $1.29

Chamoisette Gloves, Pair 98c

Superior, high-grade, washalbe Chamoisette Gloves; perfectly made, kid glove cut; two domes, self points; good range of spring shades. Saturday Glove Sale, pair .. 98c

Double Silk Gloves, Pair $1.29

Very fine quality double silk Gloves; spring weight, perfect fitting, good cut, two domes. Colors: navy blue, black, white, and grey. Saturday Glove Sale ..... Pair $1.29

Any Piece You Like
We have it, or we can get it for you, at the Music Counter.

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

The annual statement of the F. N. Burt Co. shows a large increase in net earnings.

Quebec Province will accept its share of the Federal loan for housing.

BUSINESS MEN'S BOWLING

In the first bowling match between the business men, last night, H. Lacheur's team won 2 out of 3 games from that of J. W. Maynoord. The switch-board engineers will play the switch-board draughtsmen tonight.

MET FATAL INJURY

Port Hope, March 14.—John Hogan, of Belleville, conductor on the way freight from Toronto to Belleville, met with a fatal accident a few miles west of here.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. H. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Peterboro, Ont.

Spiritualist Church

SERVICE WILL BE HELD
SUNDAY, MARCH 16
AT 7 p.m. IN THE
W.O.W. HALL
George Street
SHORT ADDRESS AND WRITTEN QUESTIONS ANSWERED

Everybody Welcome

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TREMENDOUS HIT! YESTERDAY AUDIENCE DELIGHTED

TO-DAY AND SATURDAY

"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"

BIGGER THAN "THE BETTER OLE"

ALICE HOWELL in "HOOT TOOT"

"The BORDER TERROR" And a Big Comedy Drama

Special All-Star Comedy SCREEN MAGAZINE

SPECIAL VAUDEVILLE ACT

DON'T MISS THIS BIG PROGRAM

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES Matinee 10c Evenings 15c

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY MATINEE WEDNESDAY

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

Opening Play—THE FINAL SETTLEMENT

PRICES—15c—25c—35c Seats on Sale Saturday

Spring 1919

Special Display of Millinery

Thursday, March 13 and following days

Phone 1021-w Miss J. Horsfield *436 George St.*

Over T. S. and Loan

MOCK PARLIAMENT

This Evening — FRIDAY — Eight O'clock

The George Street Church School Room

The Proceedings of the House will be Interesting and Entertaining

ADMISSION 25c OLDER CHILDREN, 15c

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Strong east to southeast winds becoming milder. Occasional rain tonight and on Sunday.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 63 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

PEACE CONFERENCE TO MAKE BUFFER STATE OF POLAND

Will Be Allowed Strategic Points Now Held by Germany to Save Western Europe From Bolshevism—Further Details of Peace Treaty

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 15.—The British program at the Peace Conference is understood to contemplate the signing of separate preliminary treaties with the central allies as soon as possible after Germany is disposed of. Next would come the consideration of any amendments to the present constitution of the League of Nations and then the league would be whipped into permanent shape. The final peace treaty would follow and would include the League of Nations' plan.

The leading thought among the British at the present moment seems to be to whip the preliminary peace terms of all unnecessary incumbrances and secure the signature of that document so that the world can begin to settle back to normal. One of the first questions to be considered by the Council of the Big Ten will be the boundary between Poland and Germany. The Polish boundary commission, as well as the general territorial commission has virtually agreed unanimously on this boundary.

While no official announcement has been made it is known that Danzig is included in Poland and that the commissions have agreed upon a boundary which would give Poland strategic points which should make her an effective barrier between Bolshevism and Western Europe and secure the signature of that

GRAVE PROBLEMS DEBATED BY THE MOCK PARLIAMENT

Novel Entertainment at the George Street Church Last Night Gives Scope for Variety of Forensic and Statesmanlike Talent

The Sunday School Hall of George Street Methodist Church was filled to the doors last night by interested spectators of the first session of parliament every held in that room. Eloquence ran riot, quips were numerous, and that portion of the public ers was frequently thrown into convulsions of laughter.

About 7.40 p.m. the members of the House of Commons reached their seats. Sharp at 8 o'clock the speaker and leader of the House, and the Clerk withdrew, accompanied by the Sergeant at Arms, to escort the Lieutenant-Governor to the Throne. From this place of honor, the Lieutenant-Governor read a masterly speech, at the conclusion of which, he to use his own words, "He gladly withdrew." He was escorted, gala attire and all, out of the House by the speaker, Leader of the House Clerk and Sergeant at Arms.

The Speaker, on returning, acknowledged the Speech from the Throne, and then announced that the House would proceed to business. The Clerk was instructed to call the roll, which ran as follows:

The Speaker then rose, and after a few choice remarks, among which was the one, "Some of the sitting members are wiser than they look, while others are not so wise, yet they try their best to make laws that will be a benefit to the Province," called the meeting to order. Premier F. H. Dobbin then rose to speak on a question of privilege. He stated, that he was glad to welcome women members into Parliament, and thought that they would be a great help, if the reports of their facility in debate were true. Many members of Parliament he knew, wished to get back to their spring work on the farms, while the manufacturing members wished to get home, in order to work out a system of shorter hours and more pay for their men. He then wished the speaker to ask the Honorable Leader of the Opposition to consent to the House going into Committe of Supply.

The Opposition leader candidly stated that he would consent to anything that would hasten the end of this regime of corruption and scandal.

The Premier then made a motion for supply. This was seconded and the House approved. The Clerk then announced that the House was in Committee of Supply.

To Limit Immigration.

The first bill brought in was one to limit immigration into the Provinces. This came from the Government side and was introduced by Mr. McCutcheon, from Lovesick, seconded by Miss Dix, Sleepy Hollow. The Opposition speaker was Mr. C. C. Parsons, Hurleyville. Mr. McCutcheon was interrupted during his address several times and in reply to the question what was meant by "lower classes," replied that this meant all people between 3 ft. 4in. and 4 ft. 11 in. in height.

The seconder of this motion in her brilliant speech, gave one the idea that she had eaten a Logarithmic tables book for supper. Her most startling point was not only to limit immigration, but the immigrants of the female sex. Either enough men had to be brought in so there would be one for each lady, or the surplus ladies must be exported to Europe where the matrimonial bug was prevalent.

Mr. Parsons stated that if the Indians had restricted immigration, Columbus would never have landed, and where would we be? Also if we restrict immigration we should restrict foreign capital. It was a senseless question he stated. All picture Mr. Oke ironing his shirt when there are no Chinamen here, or the speaker digging drains! This bill was then laid on the table.

Fuel Economy.

The second bill was to make economy compulsory in the use of fuel. This bill came from the Opposition and was introduced by Mr. Woolwich, seconded by Miss Bennett and replied to by Mr. Chas. Armstrong.

Mr. Woolwich showed that teachers could help in this by not giving any homework. At present school pupils require heated rooms, in which to study, from 6.30 p.m. to 11.20 p.m. Without homework they could be in bed.

Another way to save fuel is to get in a discussion and get "het up." Also, a young husband could stop buying coal, come home and heat up the house by a heated discussion with his wife.

Miss Bennett showed that the men would not have to shovel coal, carry out ashes, etc., if this bill went through. Men were always happy when they had nothing to do, and this bill would then be good for the world.

As for burning wood, it was a wasteful extravagence. When it was burnt it was gone for good, but use it to build with and you had it forever. Reforestration, Miss Bennett, here stated in reply to a question, was the bringing home again of the Canadian Forestry Battalion at present in England. You all know that the winters have been getting warmer each year. Soon it will be warm in Eskimo land, and they will want wood to burn instead of coal. They have never asked for wood before so they should get it. Therefore, save wood now to give Eskimos later.

You all know that, you are more comfortable this year than last. But this year you saved more fuel Therefore, the more fuel you save the more comfortable you are. Men could, in the future, warm themselves by wearing fur lined collar-buttons heavier shoe laces and red ties. One could also decorate their premises with red. The colors would be irratable and make ones' blood boil.

The Government speaker simply showed the great expense the Government would be at in enforcing such a law.

Compulsory Voting.

The third bill was to make compulsory the exercise of the franchise, in Provincial and Municipal elections. This came from the Government side. Miss Parker, who introduced this bill, reminded one of Launcelot Gobbo in the Merchant of Venice, always confusing her words. While seconding the motion, Mr. Barrie explained that franchise was not what the wise men brought from the East. At this point a scrap among the M.P.P.'s arose, which was subdued by pouring "troubled waters" on the "pacific o." Miss V. Marshall, who spoke for the Opposition, effectually silenced a opposition, and put out a fire against her will.

To Prevent House Cleaning.

The next bill was to prevent house cleaning, brought in by the Opposition. Dr. Harris, leader of the Opposition, spoke first and called the speaker's attention to the fact that the speaker had once referred to the "speaches" of the Opposition. He thought this a mistake, as they were poisong us. Miss Buck, the seconder, showed how diverces arose during house cleaning time, and how a man lost his income, while gambling at the club, the only place where at such a time he could find rest. Miss E. Outram, in a fiery, clear, and excellent speech, opposed the measure.

The Church Pump.

The fifth bill was to suppress the reckless and indiscriminate use of the George Street Church pump. It was brought in by the leader of the

(Continued on Page 6.)

Germans Accept Terms of Allies

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Brussels, March 15. — German delegates to the peace conference here regarding the taking over by the Allies of the German mercantile fleet and the provisioning of Germany, definitely accepted today the conditions imposed by the Allies.

TWO FIREMEN IN HOSPITAL

INJURED TODAY AT FIRE THAT THREATENED QUEBEC WITH DISASTER.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Quebec, March 15.—With the thermometer five degrees below zero the fire brigade early this morning fought and extinguished two bad fires in the business district, which caused approximately $200,000 damage, and threatened for a while to be a veritable catastrophe. One bed ridden woman was saved by the bravery of the police. Two firemen were seriously injured and are in the hospital.

AMERICAN SHIP STRIKES MINE

NINE SAILORS REPORTED LOST AND THIRTY-FIVE ARE RESCUED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 15.—Nine sailors are reported drowned in the sinking of the American transport Yselhaven which struck a mine at 1.35 o'clock Friday morning, according to a report to Lloyd. The Yselhaven was bound from Baltimore to Copenhagen. Thirty five survivors have been landed at Hartlepool by a British steamer.

Have No Faith In Russian Rouble

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Berlin, March 15.—The Ministry of Finance will recommend to the German National Assembly the immediate enactment of a law barring the Russian Ruble from circulation in Germany and prohibiting any traffic in it.

Final Results Of Red Shield Drive

Cash subscriptions	$5819.48
Pledges 6	2421.60
County Contribution	4000.00
City contribution	1500.00
	$13741.08
Less expenses	86.45
Total	$13654.63

W. H. DUNFORD, Treas.

TROUBLE LIKELY IN WESTPHALIA

BRITISH ARMY OF OCCUPATION FORCED TO CHANGE ITS PLANS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 15.—"Acute unrest prevails in the whole Westphalian industrial region and it will probably be necessary to enlarge the bridgehead in that direction," says a despatch to the Mail from its correspondent with the British army.

The German province of Westphalia is one of the most important industrial districts in Europe. It has one of the richest coal fields in the world and the iron industry there has been developed in a vast scale. The British bridgehead east of the Rhine is semi-circular in shape, centering about Cologne the radius of the circle being approximately eighteen miles. It does not reach the line between the Rhine provinces and Westphalia at present.

New Premier For The Bavarians

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, March 15.—The Bavarian Diet will convene on Monday, March 17, and will be asked to elect a new premier to take the place of Kurt Kisner, assassinated last month. The Bavarian Central Council has issued a statement declaring its desire for complete socialization.

EXHIBITION AT LIBRARY STUDIO

FAMOUS ETCHINGS WILL BE SHOWN THERE ALL NEXT WEEK.

During the week beginning March 17th there will be an exhibition of pictures in the Studio of the Public Library Building, under the auspices of the Peterborough Branch of the Women's Art Association of Canada.

Etchings by Canadian Artists, some of whom enjoy international reputations, will be shown. Many of the pictures have been hung at the Exhibition of the Royal Canadian Academy, the Ontario Society of Artists and the Chicago Society of Etchers.

The studio will be open every afternoon from 3 until six o'clock and all who are interested in art are invited to view the pictures.

There will be no charge for admission.

PRINCESS PATS ARRIVE SUNDAY

OTHER UNITS OF THIRD DIVISION WILL BE ON SAME BOAT.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, March 15.—It was announced at the Robert Reford Agency here today that the steamer Carmania which is expected to dock at 7 o'clock tomorrow evening, will not proceed to New York after landing the Princess Patricias, 48 battalion, and other units of the third division, but will take on freight and passengers here, sailing it is anticipated on the 24th for England.

Hello Girls Lead Strike Parade

Buenos Aires, March 15— Nearly one thousand telephone girls participated in a demonstration here yesterday, leading a parade of striking telephone employes. The girls are asking that their wages be doubled.

OFFICIALS OF GRAND TRUNK PROMISE BETTER SERVICE

Trains That Were Taken Off Last Fall Are to be Restored When the Spring Time Table is Drawn Up Next May—Conference To-day

C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent of the G. T. R., J. D. McMillan,, divisional superintendent, and Roadmaster Orr met the Railway Committee and a representative gathering of the citizens of the city and of the executive of the Commercial Travellers' Association this morning and discussed with them the outlook for an improved train service for this city over the Grand Trunk.

There were present representatives from Campbellford to present the case for their town, and after hearing from the different speakers the railway officials practically promised a resumption of the service maintained over the G. T. R. last summer, to go into effect May 4 when the spring timetable is adopted.

Chairman Edgar, after a few introductory remarks, called upon Ald. Turner, who urged the putting into commission once more of the popular 8:10 morning train to Port Hope which had been taken off by the Grand Trunk last fall.

This train, leaving at 8:10 in the morning and returning at 12 noon, was a most useful one, making possible connections east and west on the main line.

Ald. Turner, while dealing with the advantages of an improved service over the G. T. R. from the standpoint of the people of the city, referred to the fact that it would also be in the interest of the company.

Mayor Duncan urged a resumption of the former train service to Lakefield, and asked that the Belleville train arriving here at 8:26 in the evening be continued to Lindsay as formerly. He dwelt upon the mutual advantage to be attained if this were done, and felt confident that the people of Peterborough could leave the matter in the hands of Mr. Horning and Mr. McMillan with every assurance of fair treatment.

Dr. Geo. Hay of Campbellford and Deputy Reeve Davidson were in accord with Ald. Turner's contention that the morning train for Port Hope should be put back on its run. They also urged the officials to provide Campbellford with a night train to Belleville, even if it were only a coach on the rear end of a freight.

Mr. Stacey Couper, president of the Commercial Travellers' Association, presented the claims of that organization for an improved service. He agreed that the morning train to Port Hope was a most important one and contended that when it was put into commission once more the local train leaving Belleville for Toronto should have its time changed so as to make a close connection at Port Hope. He intimated that the Two-Spot, a local train which used to run from Belleville to Brockville, should be put into service again, and gave reasons for his contention.

Mr. Couper was followed by Mr. Rosenburg, who dealt more particularly with the service along the front as it affected commercial travellers who reside in Peterborough. Touching upon the Lakefield situation, he reminded the railway men that at present trains running to this village were not timed with a view to satisfactory connections, and that it was necessary for a traveller to drive at least one way.

Superintendent McMillan, in replying to the representations of the speakers, reminded them that while the war is over the men have not yet returned to this country and for that reason any change in the service involving an increase in passenger equipment had to be very carefully considered from the standpoint of justification.

He felt that no unreasonable demands had been made, but that the company had to consider matters of this kind from the financial standpoint while willing to do everything in reason to give their patrons a satisfactory service. He asked what the C. P. R. officials had promised at the conference recently held with the city representatives.

C. E. Horning asserted that the curtailment of service which was complained of had been made obligatory by the exigencies of the military situation, and before the traffic conditions of the road could be considered as back to normal once more the soldiers would have to be home.

He assured the meeting that if the Grand Trunk could see its way clear to make money by running a train over any line they would do so at once, but as business men they had to consider the financial side of the question. Two trains each way per day was the rule on all branch lines, and the Peterborough-Bellerille line already had such a service. He could not see where a night train would pay, and, while desirous of seeing Campbellford well treated, as it was an excellent patron of the G. T. R., he was sure that a passenger coach on the back of a freight train would be most unsatisfactory and would cause all kinds of trouble as it would not be dependable. He practically assured the meeting that the service that was maintained over the Grand Trunk last summer would be resumed. If the morning train to Port Hope was run once more the local from Belleville to Toronto would be timed for good connections, and Mr. McMillan assured Mr. Couper that the question of again putting the "Two Spot" on the run to Brockville is being considered at the present time, although he was somewhat dubious as to the discretion of resuming it, from the standpoint of the company, as it cannot be said that it was operated upon a paying basis before.

Mr. A. McNeil, the company's local agent, stated that he would be pleased to see the proposed return of the summer service which the officials had practically promised to put into effect May 4.

Mr. G. O. Cameron, a member of the executive council of the Board of Trade, made a short address in which he stated that in his opinion the people of this district could depend upon "Dan" McMillan to do his best to safeguard their interests. He spoke of the improvements in the Grand Trunk system as regards the Midland division which the last few years have witnessed. Heavier steel has been laid and the mogul has superseded the teapots which used to pant laboriously through the city. It was pleasing to Peterborough to know that they were on a main line of the Grand Trunk even if the C. P. R. had considered them of so little importance as to be reserved with a side line. The G.T.R., according to Mr. Cameron had hauled more grain in the past year than had the mighty C.P.R. even with the aid of its much-talked of one per cent. grade lake shore line.

Chairman Turner of the Reception Committee had invited the visiting railway officials to have lunch with them at the Empress, but Mr. Horning expressed a desire to return on the noon train to Toronto as this was Saturday and he wished to get to his home as early as possible.

Officials for the Michigan Central in Canada say that stealing from cars is rampant along that line.

Kingston has just had a new chlorination plant installed at the water-works to improve its drinking water supply.

OTONABEE REEVE FAVORS PROVINCIAL ROAD PLAN

W. A. Anderson Says the County is Entitled to a Share of the Auto License Fund.

To the Editor—Of the nearly 200 miles of roads in the Township of Otonabee, about 45 or 50 miles are used to such an extent that they would be designated as County Roads and accepted by the Highway Department of Ontario as such.

There would be three or four main or county roads into Peterboro that would serve nearly all those who make frequent trips to the city with milk, cream, vegetables, etc. On a certain mileage near the city the city as well as the province would pay part of the cost of the roads, whereas at present the people of the Township pay all the cost.

There would be a county road past Keene Station and another past Indian River Station, the province paying at least 20 or 40 per cent of the cost and perhaps 60 per cent on some of it—at present the farmer is paying it all.

Factories Benefit

All of the five factories handling milk or cream are located where there would be a very considerable part of the milk they receive hauled over some portion of these main roads, and the cheese and butter would go from the factories to the above mentioned stations or to Peterboro on county roads (most of the way) now used by the farmers and kept up by themselves.

So far as Otonabee is concerned it cannot be successfully argued that any considerable number of farmers do not use these main roads a great deal. They only have claim to the name "main roads" because they carry more than an ordinary amount of traffic.

For many years every property in the township has paid about 1½ mills annually for these main roads in statute labor or in cash, whether it is located on the main road or not, whether the tax-payer uses the road or not, whether the road is destroyed by frost, by storms by farmers' wagons and horses, farmers' automobiles or by motor cars or trucks from Peterboro or from cities more distant.

With all the statute labor and considerable money that has gone on these roads since the inception of the first Provincial County Road scheme in 1901 (17 years' work) would the township now have more or less to show for the expenditure that has been made if these roads had been added to their own outlay, the provincial money and supervision.

What I have found in some counties that years ago started a system of County Roads is straighter and wider grades, better small bridges and culverts and usually a better system of gravel or crushed stone than we have.

Main Roads

How long can the rate-payers of Otonabee afford to do without the present available assistance to help them build and maintain their main roads? They cannot any longer keep these roads as they have been with so small an outlay.

If instead of 1½ mills, three mills were levied; about $3000 per year, would be received from the province and City of Peterboro making in all nearly $10,000 annually to improve these roads.

The Reeves of the townships in the County system each year decide on the amount required to do the work needed that year and the superintendent carries out the directions of the Reeves. Of course there is also inspection by the department that is necessary and is or should be worth something to the system.

In addition to paying all the cost of the roads at present there are many automobiles in the township paying a license to the Government, which will not be accepted by Peterboro County go to other County Roads.

The war is over and men are out of work, is it not time to undertake some work so badly needed on our roads?

As for frontage tax, the improvement of the main roads are of so much importance to all, and the cost say 3 times so small, that there is not the slightest need for worrying about a frontage tax for ordinary County Roads in Otonabee.

Respectfully Yours,

W. A. Anderson.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1919

THE FARMER'S INCOME TAX.

THE OTHER DAY The Review published with first page prominence an article dealing with the farmers and the Federal income tax. Readers of that article would arrive at the conclusion that every farmer in the county would be well advised to fill out the special blank forms supplied for the purpose by the Government and leave it to the authorities to decide whether or not he was liable for this tax. That was the way the matter appeared to The Review, and was exactly the idea which we sought to convey.

But a difference of opinion has arisen among the local legal fraternity as to the meaning of the Act. Competent opinion on one side says this is the correct view to take, while other equally prominent attorneys say that the farmers in this regard are in the same class as the salary earners and that only those who have reason to believe that they are liable for the tax are required to make a return.

It is unfortunate that there should be any doubt about this matter, which is of so much moment to the farmers of the district, many of whom may easily get into trouble through failure to understand the regulations. They can hardly be expected to interpret the Act correctly, or be blamed and penalized for failing to do so, if expert lawyers find themselves at variance on the same points.

It is an easy problem for the salaried man in the city, or the man with an income derived from any other source, to settle the question of his liability in this matter. If he is single or a widower without children, he must pay a tax on his income in excess of $1000. If he is a married man, the amount of his exemption is $2000, with $200 additional exemption for every child under the age of sixteen. Thus, a man married and with two young children must have an income of $2400 a year before he can be taxed.

Men in the two classes mentioned earning severally less than the specified amounts ar not required to make a return to the Government. The latter, however, if there is any reason to suspect irregularity, may call for such a return by sending a registered letter to the person who is suspected of a yearly income greater than he is willing to admit.

Settling the amount of a farmer's income is an entirely different matter, and in a good many cases would require the services of an actuarial expert. Every bushel of grain or vegetables that a farmer raises constitutes part of his income, whether he sells his produce at current prices or consumes them at home. It is not the amount of ready money that he has on hand after his affairs for the year are wound up that decides his liability for income tax. The returns the farmers are called upon to fill give a vast amount of detailed information as to his business affairs. A footnote at the bottom says: "Payment should not accompany this return. After it has been examined and audited by the officers of the taxation branch, the taxpayer will receive a notice of the amount due, if any."

That added instruction would make it appear that every farmer is required to fill out the form and return it to the Government. However, there are farmers whose financial standing is so well known that it would appear like so much time wasted to send in a return unless the Government, by calling for statistics, has a double purpose in mind, levying the special tax and taking a census of the agricultural wealth of the country. A farmer living on rented premises, less than one lap, very often, in advance of the sheriff, is in about the same position as the wage-earner in the city with small monetary returns and a large family. Even the most skeptical is not likely to suspect either of failing in his duty as a citizen by dodging the income tax.

It is unfortunate that there should be any doubt on this question, and steps will be taken by The Review at once to get an official ruling on the issues in dispute.

THEIR LOGICAL REFUGE.

PRESSED TO THE POINT of rout by the Government troops at Lichtenburg, the Spartacan armed rabble, for it can scarcely be called an army, sought refuge in the insane asylum, a move that suggests the principle of reversion to type. Such an institution would seem to be the logical haven of such a mob. To those at a distance it would appear the part of wisdom for the orthodox army to have turned the key on the refugees and held them prisoners until they gave some signs of restored reason instead of smoking them out like so many rats with the use of mustard gas, as they did.

WIDE OPEN PETITIONS—AND REFERENDUMS.

THE FACT THAT the Ontario Legislature appears likely to submit the temperance issue to a "wide open referendum" is no indication that there is any serious discord in the Government over this question. Among the elected members of the party there is just as much likelihood of a difference of opinion as there is to be found among the electors themselves. If the referendum is to be "wide open," it must be remembered that the petitions asking for prohibition were of the same nature and represented the same variety of opinion as prevails among the people today.

About eighty per cent. of the people of Ontario signed the petitions, which the Legislature accepted as a mandate to give effect to provincial prohibition for the duration of the war. Not all of these signers were practical prohibitionists by any means. All they asked for was a restriction of the liquor traffic until the return of peace. Others who signed the petition were in favor of restriction in the use and sale of spirituous liquors only while still favoring the moderate use of light beers and wines. Some of the petitioners signed only on the understanding that the whole matter was to be submitted to the people in the form of a referendum before final administrative action was taken. Others insisted upon the Government acting at once without throwing the province into the turmoil of an election.

All sorts and conditions of men and women were represented in the dray loads of petitions that were carried to the legislative chambers in Toronto with an imposing array of the temperance forces. The Government, in deciding its policy on this matter, went to the limit of its powers, and prohibition was given effect, only one member of the House dissenting.

That was the situation in 1915, when the measure was adopted. No vote was taken, but it was agreed that there was to be a plebiscite after the Act had been in operation for three years. That time expires on September 1 next, and the pledge of the Government must be carried out. In implementing their promise to the people the Government is in honor bound to give every class in the community an opportunity to express their views, at least every class whose sentiments were reflected in the petitions which the Government accepted as authority for their drastic action.

On the question of the restriction of the open bars there is little doubt as to what the verdict of the majority would be. There are other points, however, to be settled, and it is for the people to decide. Such an enactment as air-tight prohibition cannot be enforced without an influential majority behind it. The Ontario Temperance Act was the creation of a popular movement that was entirely non-partisan, both inside and outside the Legislature. The question of its abrogation or continuance should be preserved from the same political side issues.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AND PLAYGROUNDS.

THE PLAYGROUNDS ASSOCIATION of the city has for the past five or six years been maintained almost entirely by the public spirited enterprise of ladies of the city who have shown a high stamp of executive ability in carrying on this work with little outside aid year after year.

It is gratifying to note that the members of the Board of Education have at last realized their responsibility in this matter. Trustee J. W. Worth has been an earnest supporter of the playgrounds movement ever since its inception. Going to the fountain head for information, he learned from the Minister of Education that the School Boards of the Province have just as much authority to maintain supervised playgrounds during the vacation every summer as they have to keep up such places during the months of the year when the various schools are in session. The teachers act as supervisors during the latter season. Substitutes can be secured in that capacity in vacation time.

The School Board accordingly has decided to expend $750 this year in the purchase of equipment, this to remain the property of the Board, a motion to that effect having been brought in by Trustee Cameron, another supporter of the movement. Some of the members would have favored an expenditure of $3000, but it was finally decided to begin on a small scale, which will be increased in succeeding years when the value of the investment becomes apparent. Any aid that the Board has given this movement in the past has been inconsequential, and even that was granted with indifferent grace.

There is little left to be said in favor of this branch of educational work. It is just as essential for the welfare of the children as any other department for which the city's money is spent. Eighty per cent. of the school children of the city are unable to leave for a holiday in the country during the summer vacation. Leave them to run at large in the streets and they are in constant danger. The Playgrounds Association has solved the problem. The children are safe while they are in such places, and the parents are relieved from all anxiety. Supervised play is just as essential to the proper development of the child as supervised study. permit the children to pursue their own mdestres in either and they will run wild.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

CAN IT BE POSSIBLE that an esteemed contemporary is clamoring for greater bathing facilities on behalf of the editorial fines?

• • • • •

"SKIRTS are decidedly shorter. Another victory for the uplifter," remarks the London Advertiser. Nonsense. One department of that work is thereby abolished.

• • • • •

THE FLU ORIGINATED in Europe and devastated the world. Bolshevism was born in the same quarter, but it may be circumscribed by the judicious distribution of bread.

• • • • •

"SKIRTS ARE TO BE shorter and tighter this season than ever," says a fashion note. There must be something in the contention of the pessimist that nothing is ever so bad but what it is possible for it to become still worse.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Very Unreasonable.

(Brantford Expositor.)

After the world is made safe for democracy some folks will be so unreasonable that they will want the street crossings made safe for pedestrians.

Drastic.

(Dallas News.)

Furthermore, if we ever go to the Legislature we shall introduce a bill making it unlawful for any bachelor

Prime Necessity of Our Age.

(Indianapolis News.)

Girls and boys of school age can best serve their country and themselves at this time by attending school under 35 to look at a show window containing lingerie. As the children's bureau points out, the final victory in the present war may come twenty years later, and it will come to the nation with the strongest and best trained men and women. Keeping children in school is not an economic loss. Education not only makes for finer civilization and a fuller individual life, but it makes for higher wages and greater productiveness.

THE GERMANS IN JERUSALEM

The extent to which Germany had secured a hold on the sacred land of Palestine is evidenced by the number of palatial buildings she erected not only in and around Jerusalem, but in other parts of the country as well. In pre-war days, travellers ascending the historic Mount of Olives to view the landscape, were struck with the fact that a great many spires of German edifices obstructed the view.

On the Mount of Olives only a short time before the war the Germans completed their great hospice, the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria Stiftung, on the summit of the Mount.

Ostensibly it was a hospice and sanatorium, though in design and strength the building was nothing less than a fortress. The walls are very massive, several feet thick in places, while the various buildings contain over eighty large rooms The site dominates the Holy City itself and the Jordon beyond.

At the time when these buildings were erected it looked as if Germans, under the cloak of philanthropy, had deliberately intended on some future occasion, then the partition of Turkey might be on the topic to make use of them for the purpose of effectually pegging out German "claims."

But before that time came the Germans had metaphorically speaking, to take Turkey to their bosom and as happened having erected at the hospice a powerful wireless installation, they made the place during the war their headquarters.

British airmen bombed the hospice several times, but examination has shown that as the result of these attacks comparatively little damage has been done to the actual buildings.

When Jerusalem was taken the hospice became the headquarters of General Allenby and his staff, and Tommy nicknamed the edifice the Kaiser's Palace, by which name it is now known throughout Palestine.

The buildings certainly bear the German mark. At the entrance there are great stone eagles, while on the exterior falls of the church are statues of the ex-kaiser and the Empress.

Then in the ceiling of the church there is a remarkable painting in imitation of tapestry, depicting the ex-Kaiser as a Crusader king with the Kaiserin as his Queen. The famous Crusaders of history are shown, but, such is the colossal vanity of the man, the Kaiser has the place of honor in the centre. He and the Empress are shown holding a model of the hospice and dominating the whole picture.

Adjoining the church is a high tower, where British tommies joyfully rang the great bells on armistice day. What would the feelings of the man in buckram who some years ago posed as a Crusader have been had he witnessed the sight!

There is much talk in Jerusalem as to what should be done with the building. The Germans are said to have spent $1,050,000 upon it, a ridiculous sum if the building were purely intended to serve as a hospice and sanatorium.

It will be recalled that the edifice was dedicated by Prince Eitel Friedrich, second son of the Kaiser with great pomp and ceremony a few years ago.

It is the opinion of many people in the Holy City that the structure should be converted into a museum housing the sacred relics and curios of the Holy Land, for which purpose it is admirably suited.

TO-DAY'S STORY

It is a good thing for the Germans that they surrendered when they did. If they had waited until the present spring whole cities in Germany and perhaps entire armies would have been wiped out. Over 2,500 tons of deadly mustard gas waiting to be transported from the new gas arsenal at Edgwood, N.J., and shiploads would have been ready for use in April, but the signing of the armistice averted a phase of the war almost too staggering to contemplate.

Mustard gas has been found to be the most effective gas for war purposes, as it diffuses with the air and advances more satisfactorily than any other, and, is at the same time the most destructive. It was put in containers of one ton each, and it was intended that these containers should be dropped from airplanes, and by means of a time fuse exploded at a proper distance over fortified cities, camps of reserves or front line forces. Each ton would diffuse with the air and fall slowly over about one acre of ground, killing every living thing in the area covered.

A single squadron of airplanes could in a single flight completely destroy whole populations in cities like Coblenz or an army of 200,000 men. It is hinted that the German high command had knowledge of what was coming and hurried forward the peace proposals. This terrible implement of destruction would have been used in September but the Allied Governments hesitatd to permit it for fear of reprisals, the French especially were afraid that the Germans would go one better, if possible and still further decimate the cities in Northern France. But as the Allies were getting the mastery of the air, and driving the enemy further back, it was decided to commence this most terrible harvest of death in April of this year. As usual the Germans would have protested to heaven against such inhuman warfare in spite of the fact that they had planted the seed themselves.

TEETHING TROUBLES

Baby's teething time is a time of worry for most mothers. Baby's little gums become swollen and tender; his bowels get out of order and constipation, colic or even diarrhoea sets in. To make the teething period easy Baby's Own Tablets should be given the little one. They sweeten the stomach; regulate the bowels and keep baby good natured. Concerning them Mrs. Marcel D. LeBlanc, Memramcook, West, N.B., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past six years and have found them indispensable. To my mind nothing can equal them in allaying the fever accompanying teething. I would not be without them and can strongly recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WIT AND WISDOM

Invaluable Assistance

Neighbor—It's a large family ye have to support, Mr. O'Brien.

O'Brien—It is indade, ma'am, an' if they didn't all earn their own living shure Oi couldn't do it at all, at all.

Pat's Wives

"Can I have leave to visit the wife sir?" asked Pat of his ship's officer as they dropped anchor in Dublin Bay.

"To visit your wife?" thundered the officer. "What the devil are you up to now? Were you not granted leave ten or eleven days ago to bury your wife?"

"Yes, sir, and I did bury her," replied our hero, "but that was the wan belongin' to the last port we wor in sor,"

Bovine Freak Wanted

Connecticut adv.—"Will exchange potatoes for a calf that will eat hay or pigs or laying hens.

Food For Hun Thought

Every German family should be furnished with an appetizing list of food cargoes sent to the bottom of the sea by U-boats.

In Her Glory

Myles—"So your wife has had a trip in an airplane"

Styles—"Yes, she was up today."

"How'd she like it?"

"Tickled to death. You see, when she looked down on the crowd she could see nothing but hats!"

When a woman desires to impress you with the fact that her child is healthy, lively and regularly extraordinary she tells you that "this is the third clean dress I have put on her since noon"

DON'T DO IT!

Unless you are *individually* fitted with glasses that scientifically meet your needs, you will pay the penalty for your neglect. Let us supply your glasses NOW. The time to attend to this is before your eyesight is fatally impaired.

You can safely neglect almost anything in this world—except your eyes.

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician

186 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

Because of the purity and high quality of the ingredients of Magic Baking Powder, its leavening qualities are perfect, and it is therefore economical.
MADE IN CANADA
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM
MAGIC
BAKING
POWDER

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape.)

Pop was up in the setting room smoaking a segar with a band on it smelling as if the band was jest put on to detrack your attention away from the smell, and ma was darning holes in stockings and I was laying on the floor looking up at the ceiling and wundering if it would be too mutch work to be a grate man wen I grew up, and I sed, Pop!

All present or accounted for, sed pop. Being what they say in the army, and I sed, Do you think if I studied awfill hard I could get all the way thru college by the time I was about 17?

Wy not, wy not? sed pop; they say Rudyard Kippling spoke 4 langwidges wen he was 3 munths old and cried because they wouldent let him lern another.

And I looked up at the ceeling a wile longer and then I sed, Well, do you think if I tried hard enough I could be elected premier of this country wen I was about 19?

Nothing is impossible. They say Kaiser Wilhelm of Germinny was air to the throne at the age of 1 day, sed pop.

Willyum, how can you put sutch ideers in the boys hed? sed ma.

Im not, my deer; hes putting them in mine, sed pop; however, a parents place is in the home, and a boys place is out in the street with the other boys—Benny, is a werd to the future president sufficient?

Yes sir, I sed.

And I went out to see who was out, wich Puds Simkins and Leroy Shoostter and Ed Wernick was, saying they was jest going to ring the bell for me, being a coincidents.

In Kingston complaints are made about the quality of the milk—supply.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Impotency, Loss of Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. THE WOOD

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

PETERBOROUGH

Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE | SATURDAY

WILLIAM DESMOND in..... Life's a Funny Proposition

A comedy-drama in 5 Acts

EDDIE POLO in the greatest Serial of all time "The Law of the Circus" Chapter 10, "A SHOT FOR LIFE." 2 Parts.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "The Vagabond" Comedy in 2 Parts

Roscoe Arbuckle in "Fatty The Fourflusher" Comedy

ELINOR FIELD in "Are Brunettes False" Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

STRAND Announcement

This ad and 10c and 1c for war tax good for

One Admission

Wednesday next, March 19th, when the celebrated Screen Star RUTH ROLAND, will be shown in the opening chapter of her new Western Serial entitled "HANDS UP"

Splendid Bluebird Program on to-day.

Irrigation as a source of wealth

FEW agricultural districts have grown to prosperity more quickly and founded it more substantially than the country tributary to Lethbridge in Southern Alberta. Driving, through this territory towards the end of last summer, a prominent official of the Dominion Government at Ottawa, who had been making an extensive tour of Western Canada, remarked that here were the most prosperous, agricultural communities he had seen during the whole of his trip. Now this remark is significative. All over Western Canada there are very prosperous districts, where modern homes, spacious barns, well filled granaries, good stock herds of live-stock and many other signs reflect the welfare of their owners. Irrigation may be given as one word—irrigation.

Driving into one of these districts from the east, one cannot help but be immediately impressed. The more compact settlement, the deep green fields of settlement, the deep green fields of alfalfa, in which hogs, sheep or cattle are pasturing, the substantial farm buildings, mostly surrounded by trees, the well fenced farms, all these are evidence of a prosperity which is being built up on sound lines. A measure of the fast development of the whole of the territory east of Lethbridge is the village of Coaldale, for this village has grown with the district. But a very short time ago a railway siding only, Coaldale is now an active business centre, with a lumber yard, hardware business, general stores, hay market, elevator facilities, bank and other businesses. The community is also served by one of the best and most up-to-date consolidated schools in the West.

Probably no other community in Canada has received more settlers who have purchased lands at the high average price which has been paid by those who have settled among the Coaldale community during the last two years. Many of these settlers have come from the irrigated districts of the States, particularly from Washington, Idaho and California. An illustration will serve to show the value placed by them on the land in this territory. A settler who purchased a farm four miles west of Coaldale at $165 an acre, recently bought the quarter section adjoining him for $160 an acre. This was without any improvements except a timothy meadow. But the property could not be bought from its purchaser now for less than $150 an acre, and he has been heard to remark he would not care to sell at that price.

The number of tenant farmers throughout the Lethbridge district who are purchasing irrigated land at similar prices is a good illustration of its productive value. Men who have farmed land here for a year or two on a rental basis are purchasing it now at ninety and a hundred dollars an acre. Instances of such purchases during the last year or two are becoming numerous and the interesting is that the buyers have made sufficient money out of their crops to be able to purchase the land on which they were grown. This is probably one of the most striking facts in connection with the development of the district, for the men who have become these lands know what they were capable of producing.

As for renting the demand for rental by tenants is unprecedented, notwithstanding the fact that rents have doubled in many cases during the last three years. Whereas at that time irrigated land was being rented at $5 and $6 an acre, as much as $10 and $12 an acre was paid in 1918, while owners who rented their land on the crop plan received much more than this in many instances.

The district has been favored by the arrival and settlement there of a large number of settlers of high average intelligence. Most of them have had experience with irrigation elsewhere and are able to make comparisons with other districts. The consensus of opinion of these men is that the facilities for irrigation in Southern Alberta equal or are superior to those to which they have been accustomed. A farmer who came from one of the irrigated districts in Idaho early this season was at first somewhat discouraged with conditions in Alberta. But business matters requiring his return to Idaho later in the season he had an opportunity to compare conditions and crops in his old community with those in the Lethbridge district, and he came back highly elated. "Conditions in Alberta are ever so much better," he said.

These facts about the Lethbridge district are interesting because they reflect the enormous possibilities of the other irrigable areas of Southern Alberta. From like conditions like results may be expected. And what is being accomplished at Lethbridge can be accomplished in other parts of Southern Alberta where similar conditions occur. It is only during the last few years that people have begun to appreciate at their proper value the irrigable lands near Lethbridge, but since they have begun to realise their worth development of the country has gone on apace. The effect of this development has been an awakening of interest in other irrigable areas in the province and a more rapid settlement of them. All these areas are considerably larger than the Lethbridge district and the effect of their development on the prosperity of the province is incalculable.

LESSONS IN RIGHT LIVING

By Dr. W. A. BRADY

"I would also (a great many correspondents mention it in a sort of postscript) be grateful for any information about bronchial trouble."

Branchial trouble is the almanac or drug store version of something wrong somewhere between the teeth and the liver.

This trouble prevails extensively in those communities where the people have the greatest horror of fresh air, particularly fresh air that moves and very particularly fresh air that moves after dark.

About three out of four cases of bronchial trouble present no discoverable trouble in the bronchial tubes, but since the confirmed almanac reader deems cough, chest soreness and weather a trial of pathognomonic symptoms, as a doctor might say when endeavoring to air his knowledge and conceal his ignorance, the treatment selected by the willing victim is naturally a little less than worthless as a general rule.

Chronic inflammation of the rear room of the nose chamber is the cause of the cough, and of the chest soreness in a large number of cases of bronchial trouble. But chronic inflammation is the lining of the nose is so common (a majority of people show more or less chronic rhinitis, if examined) that the almanac reader overlooks it and submits himself to further experimentation at the hands of the druggist. A thoroughly well trained druggist, a pharmacist educated and skilled in the art of compounding medicines, knows nothing about the art of diagnosis and less about the art of prescribing for disease. He sells medicines and his expert services. That does not qualify him to prescribe medicines.

A septic tonsil, which perhaps looks harmless and feels harmless in the throat is often the sole cause of bronchial trouble. It requires considerable skill and experience for a physician to determine with any degree of probability, whether a patient should have apparently innocent, submerged or nearly invisible tonsil removed.

Cough is no evidence whatever that there is anything wrong in the chest but your health is worth the expense alarming way, especially after retiring at night, when there is nothing the matter but inflammation of the adenoid body on the roof of the back room of the nose chamber.

Have You Friends Who Suffer?

You have friends who are discouraged, who seem to have lost all interest in life, and whose sufferings are acute—because they are afflicted with Kidney or Bladder trouble?

Here is your golden opportunity to be a real friend to your friends. Tell them about Gin Pills, what they have done for others, and about the thousands who have found relief by taking this remedy.

Persuade your friends to try them, if only a sample box. Mrs. James Harris of Port Rowan took the advice of a friend and wrote us for a free sample. Hear in her own words the result:

"My husband had suffered for some time with lame back and Kidney Troubles. He became so bad, work was almost impossible. So many remedies were tried without effect that he became discouraged. A friend advised him to give Gin Pills a trial, which he did, and to-day he is almost entirely cured."

The case of W. T. Baldwin, of Smithville, Ont., is similar in many respects. Mr. Baldwin suffered from a pain in the back for over three years. Finally on advice from friends he tried Gin Pills, with the result that he obtained relief from his pain after taking the first box.

There is no need for anyone to invest a cent in Gin Pills until they have received a sample free and tried them, as Mr. Harris did. Write to-day, telling us to send a sample box free to your friend's address.

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ontario. U. S. residents should address Na-Dru-Co., Inc., 200 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. 177

Ancient Time Recorders.

Perhaps the first reference to attempts to reckon time by mechanical means is found in Isaiah 38-8, written supposedly about 713 B. C., "the sun dial of Ahaz." Pliny says that Anaximander invented a sun dial about 550 B. C. The first sun dial at Rome was placed in the Temple of Quirinus, about 298 B. C., when time was divided into hours. The clepsydra, or water clock, was the next time recorder invented.

To Keep Cider Sweet.

To keep cider sweet place in each barrel immediately on making, mustard, four ounces; salt, one ounce; and ground cloves one ounce. Shake well. Or, cider may be preserved sweet by sealing in airtight cans after the manner of preserving fruit. The liquid should be first settled and racked off from the dregs, but fermentation must not be allowed to commence before sealing or it will not keep.

A Good Fight.

A good fight is never for its day alone. It is for many days. And it is not alone for him who bears its truest stress. No man can live his own life bravely and not be an energy of social good, virtue proceeding forth even him to heal some brother's wounded heart. There is a riddle here or its to guess.—John White Chadwick.

In Defense of Poetry.

Springtime wouldn't be springtime without its violets—autumn wouldn't be autumn without its vivid foliage. And the book of life wouldn't be complete without its poetry.—Christia. Herald.

Daily Thought.

There is a great deal of unmapped country within us which would have to be taken into account in an explanation of our gusts and storms.—George Eliot.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied In Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous mebrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A wise man can point out thousands of things he doesn't want.

Some men are in advance of their age, but women are always behind it.

The man who knows nothing and wants nothing ought to be comparatively happy.

The failure of a bank may not upset the depositor, but he is apt to lose his balance.

You have to give some men a sound thrashing before you can command their respect.

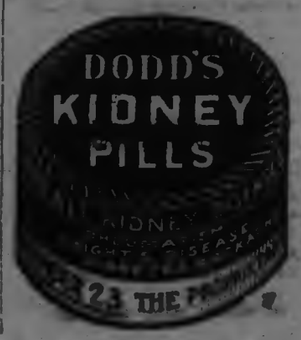
A clock keeps right on working when it goes on a strike; that's where it gets the bulge on a man.

In order to retain her youth and popularity, all a girl has to do is acquire a fortune and remain single.

According to an ancient proverb, a man is either a fool or a physician at 40. It has since been demonstrated.

FEMININE LOGIC

The young lady across the way says she should think every decent duchess in Europe would take some other title now for fear people might think she was under German influence.



Moss

"Some time ago you gave me a very interesting description of an Irish moss which contains natural iodine and is useful for persons with simple goiter. Druggists seem to have no knowledge of this moss. Where can I obtain some

B.E."

Irish moss is officinal in the United States pharmacopoeia (leading standard for all drug stores in the United States) under the title of Chondrus. Any druggist can supply carrageen under the officinal title.

Symptoms May Mean Anything

"I have every confidence in your teachings. One doctor told me my trouble is nervous indigestion. Another said it is toxic condition. I feel nauseated after eating, bloated, constipated; I sleep very little, have lost twenty pounds, get out of breath on going upstairs, have dizzy spells and sometimes pain in the stomach. Please give me your opinion.

C. H. S.

The loss of weight and the shortness of breath on exertion are scarcely to be explained away as "nervous indigestion" or "toxic condition." Without an examination a doctor can arrive at no real opinion as to the nature of your trouble. It may be very serious, and it may not be serious. If you would follow my advice, it is to consult a physician who will make a thorough examination and not dismiss you with meaningless phrases. Such an examination will naturally take some time and perhaps include some laboratory tests but you health is worth the expense entailed.

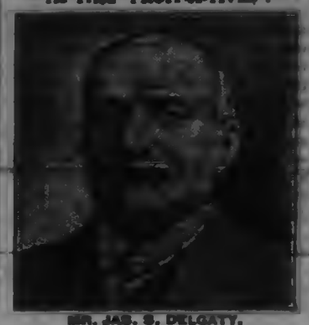
Rebuked

She—I think our flat is a lot nicer than the Robinsons' don't you?

Her Friend—My dear, it's bad form to match quarters.

ACUTE NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

All Treatments Proved Useless Until He Tried "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. JAS. S. DELGATY.

R.R. No. 4, Gilbert Plains, Man. "In the year 1910, I had *Nervous Prostration* in its worst form; was reduced in weight from 170 pounds to 115 pounds.

The doctors had no hope of my recovery, and every medicine I tried proved useless until *a friend induced me to take "Fruit-a-tives"*.

I began to mend almost at once; and after using this fruit medicine for 3 or 4 months, I was back to my normal state of health.

I never had such good health for twenty years as I have enjoyed the past six years. We are never without a box of 'Fruit-a-tives' in the house".

JAS. S. DELGATY.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Just Missed Perfection.

When Mrs. Langtry was at the summit of her beauty and fame she met at a dinner an African king who was visiting London. She did her best to please the dusky monarch and evidently succeeded, for he said to her as they parted: "Ah, madam, if heaven had only made you black and fat you would be irresistible."

Dire Day in Russian History.

November 30 is the anniversary of the defeat of Peter the Great in 1700 by Charles XII of Sweden. The Russian monarch had 40,000 troops against the 8,000 of his opponent, but the superior generalship of the Swede more than balanced the numerical superiority of the czar.

Wilhelm's Abdications.

When Wilhelm II became King of Prussia he inherited an elaborately carved chair, overhung by silken curtains, which was the ancestral throne of the Hohenzollern dynasty.

This chair, however, was a modest and unpretentious affair compared with the throne of the German Emperor, which is said to have cost more than $100,000. It is described as built of native woods in their natural tints, with the ormerial bearings of the Hohenzollerns above the lofty back and covered with carven designs emblematic of the states composing the Teutonic federation.

The back, supported by two columns of wood, is of leather and ivory and the seat is overhung by a canopy of velvet. The tips of the arms are solid gold, with a setting of emeralds. There is also a cloth of gold to lend additional gorgeousness.

Upon this wonderful chair, on state occasions, the All Highest sat in awful majesty, dressed in a military uniform of white and gold, in posture quit upright and with his right hand clasping an arm of the throne, while one foot rested upon a velvet-covered hassock.

But Herr Hohenzollern will never again occupy either of these thrones. He is out of a job and is, perforce, content to sit on an ordinary chair, writing, writing at a window in Holland, while wondering what sort of just punishment is to be meted out to him.

Would not an electric chair just suit his requirements?

Gave Value to Rubber.

Vulcanized rubber—and all rubber articles are now vulcanized—was first made at Woburn, Mass., by Charles Goodyear about 1844. He obtained his first patent in that year, after he had spent years in experimenting and had reduced his family to extreme poverty. Before 1844 rubber had been used for various purposes as a soft, sticky gum, but was of comparatively little value.

Spanish-American War.

Spain declared war against the United States April 24, 1898. The first American army of invasion of Cuba, under General Shafter, sailed from Tampa, Fla., June 14, and landed at Santiago, Cuba, June 23. The battle between the "Rough Riders" and the Spanish forces occurred on June 24, the battle of El Caney on July 1 and the surrender of Santiago on July 16.

Cleaning With Gasoline.

Unless the whole garment is placed in gasoline, the small places will show rings when cleaned. This is caused by using too much gasoline on the grease spot. Brush lightly with a cloth dampened with the gasoline, brush when dry. If the rings are then noticeable hold the soiled part over the steam of a teakettle, and this will

COUNT FIFTY! NO NEURALGIA PAIN

Don't Suffer! Instant Relief Follows a Rubbing With Old "St. Jacob's Liniment"

Conquers pain—never fails.

Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Liniment" right on the ache or pain, and out comes the neuralgia misery.

Here's a joyful experiment! Try it! Get a small trial bottle from your druggist; pour a little in your hand and rub it smartly on the sore, nerves, and before you realize it—just a moment—all pain and neuralgia disappear. It's almost magical, but the joy is, that the misery doesn't come back. No! The nerves are soothed and congestion is relieved and your neuralgia is overcome.

Stop, suffering! It's needless—neuralgia and pain of all kinds, either in the face, head, limbs or any part of the body is instantly banished. "St. Jacob's Liniment" is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin. Use for half a century.

Forests of the Caucasus.

The forests of the Caucasus in Russia are estimated at 12,000,000 acres, chiefly in the Black Sea territory, which is at the rate of nearly 20 acres to each inhabitant. The forests of western Siberia have been scarcely explored, but they are stated to be 200,000,000 acres in extent, more than half being in an absolute state of nature.

Likes Hot Stuff.

The common green frog has been discovered to possess an insatiate greed for wasps. This extraordinary appetite does not seem to be in the least checked by an occasional sting. The protecting color of the frog, which also motionless upon leaves, no doubt, deludes the most wary of insects into a sense of security.

Getting Rid of It.

Mary Elizabeth had been sitting by her mother for a full hour trying with all her might to make a dress for her dollie. Suddenly she heaved a deep sigh, and when her mother asked her why she did so she replied, "Oh, I dess just to let the tired get out."

Live in Today.

Do today's duty, fight today's temptations, and do not weaken and distract yourself by looking forward to things which you cannot see, and could not understand if you saw them.—Charles Kingsley.

Change Your VICTORY LOAN INTEREST COUPONS into War-Savings Stamps

When you take your Victory Loan and other interest coupons to the bank, ask the teller for the equivalent in War-Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps.

MAKE THE INTEREST EARN INTEREST.

At the rate of interest paid on War-Savings Stamps your money doubles itself in less than 16 years.

Thrift Stamps cost 25 cents each. A Thrift Card is provided free of charge, and when 16 Thrift Stamps are affixed to it, it represents $4.00 on the purchase of a War-Savings Stamp.

With your first War-Savings Stamp, a Certificate is provided with spaces for 10 W.S.S. When filled, this Certificate is a Dominion of Canada "Bond", worth $50.00 on Jan. 1st, 1924.

Buy War-Savings Stamps at any Money-Order Post Office, Bank, or other place displaying the Beaver-Triangle sign.

Price in March, 1919	$4.02
" " April, 1919	4.03
" " May, 1919	4.04
Redeemed on Jan. 1st, 1924	$5.00

"War-Savings Stamps will provide financial assistance to the Government; an excellent investment for small savings; and a strong incentive to every-day economy".

—SIR THOMAS WHITE, *Minister of Finance.*

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HALF THE JEWS IN PETERBORO WILL LEAVE FOR PALESTINE

Local Members of That Race Are Interested in Zionist Movement—Mr. H. J. Zack Explains Plans of his People.

If the views of some of the leaders among the Jewish people of Peterboro are well founded, there is likely to be a big decrease in the Jewish population of this city soon after Palestine is ceded back to the Jews by the British Government and Allied nations. Last week Mr. Schriff, whose home is in Jappa, Palestine, while in Peterborough, sold fifty acres of land in Palestine to members of the Jewish colony in Peterborough. Mr. Schriff has sold considerable areas of land to Jews in other centres. He has found it possible to do this because Jews all over the world are profoundly stirred over the promise of Great Britain to restore the promised land to their race. They realize that once more they will then have a national identity and a national home and that no longer will they be looked upon as wanderers on the face of the earth.

Mr. Zack Explains.

In order that the views of the local Jews on this question might be obtained The Review secured an interview with Mr. H. J. Zacks, of 422 Hunter street, who was found to be well posted on the subject. Not all Jews look on this question in the same way. The Zionistic movement, which has for its object the restoration of Palestine to the Jews, has been a development almost entirely of the last twenty-five years. For many years it made very slow progress. Many Jews claimed that they did not want to go back to Palestine and that they were contented with their citizenship in the countries in which they lived. They claimed that the idea of going back to Palestine would lead to their being looked upon, more than ever, as aliens in the countries in which they lived. Since the outbreak of the great war, however, with the final overthrow of the Turkish nation and the opening up of the way for the Jews to get back to Palestine, Zionism has gone forward by leaps and bounds.

Within the past three years, for the first time in history, national conventions of the Jews have been held in Canada, the United States and other countries for the express purpose of raising funds and preparing the way for the return of the Jews to their native land.

When asked if he and the Jews of Peterborough believed in the Zionistic movement, Mr. Zacks replied that every Jew now, except a very few, is favorable to this movement. As soon as the commissions that are now at work in Palestine, where the new national college is already being built, have had time to make a number of the great national improvements that are being planned for the land, Mr. Zacks believes that fully half of the Jews of Peterborough will return to Palestine.

Independence Their Objective.

As there has been a good deal of discussion over whether or not the Jews should be established in Palestine as an independent nation or merely be permitted to occupy the land under Great Britain's protection, The Review asked Mr. Zacks which proposal he preferred, and whether or not he though the Jews would prefer to be under the protection of Great Britain or the proposed League of Nations.

"It is the ideal of every Jew," replied Mr. Zacks, "that we shall become an independent nation. Only then will we fully regain our national identity. However, we desire to have the support of Great Britain, and would prefer to be under her protection than under that of the League of the Nations. This is because we know how well Great Britain has always treated her colonies and because she has always been good to the Jews. We do not know what the League of Nations may be, and until we do don't want to commit ourselves to the protection of the League. For the present, at least, therefore, we prefer to have, and will be perfectly satisfied with the protection of Great Britain, especially if she has the support of the United States and France, which has already been promised."

Religious Conditions.

There is quite a difference of opinion among the Jews on religious matters. A few Jews try still to maintain the feasts and laws laid down in the religious worship described in the Old Testament. Many other Jews have given up a good many of these old forms, still other Jews are atheists. When asked if he thought it likely that the Jews on returning to Jerusalem would try and rebuild the Jewish temple which was destroyed by the Romans under Titus, and renew the old ceremonial laws and practices, Mr. Zacks replied that he did not think that they would. He said that Jews have become tolerant in their views on religious matters and that they would leave their people freedom of action in their methods of religious worship.

Extent of Land.

Since so much has been said in the public press about the return of the Jews to Palestine, a good many people have pointed out that Palestine is only a small country. It has been claimed that if any large proportion of the 14,000,000 Jews in the world were to go back to Palestine, the country would not be large enough to hold them. In this connection it is interesting to note that when God promised the Holy Land to the Jewis, He made it clear that it was to include not only Palestine, but Mesopotamia as well. This is made clear in Genesis 15-18: "In the same day the Lord made a covenant with Abram, saying, unto thy seed have I given this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the River Euphrates." Elsewhere, however there are proprecies which foretold that because of sin the children of Israel would be driven out of the land three times, and regathered three times, and that the final regathering would be permanent. They have sinned three times as foretold. They have been dispossessed of the land three times, according to prophecy and twice were they regathered and now, it is believed that they are being restored and that their restoration will be permanent. When asked what portion of the country the Jews expect to regain, Mr. Zacks replied that all they anticipate being given at present is Palestine, but they realize that Palestine will not be large enough and that they will probably need in time the most, if not all, of Mesopotamia as well.

The Priestly Offices.

In the Old Testament God set aside the tribe of Levi to fill the priestly offices. Since the dispersion of the Jews, nearly two thousand years ago, the identity of the different tribes has been lost. When asked what Jews fill the priestly office now, Mr. Zacks said that the rabbis today do not attempt to fill all the offices that the priests used to fill in olden days. "However," said Mr. Zacks, "we try to pick out men, whom we believe are the descendants of the tribe of Levi, and we appoint them to variods offices among us and give them different positions of honor."

Prophely Fulfilled.

In Deuteronomy 30-1 to 9, th'ere is a prophecy by Moses, which says that after the Jews have been punished for their sins and scattered abroad among the nations, it will come to pass that God will have compassion upon them, that he will gather them from the nations all over the world, restore them to their land, and pour great blessings upon them.

Mr. Zacks was asked if he thought that the return of the Jews to Palestine will be in fulfilment of this prophecy. His reply was yes. He was shown a Bible and read the prophecy carefully before he gave his answer.

Another great prophecy about the blessings that will come to the Jews after their return to Palestine is contained in the 11th chapter of Isaiah and also in the 65th chapter from the 17th to the 25th verses. In the prophecies it is said in effect that the Jews will all become wealthy, that the deserts will blossom as the rose and that wars shall cease. Mr. Zacks' interpretation of these prophecies is that after the Jews get back to Palestine, they will so wonderfully improve the country by means of irrigation and proper cultivation that it will become very productive, and in that way many of the things foretold in these prophecies will be fulfilled. He said that the Jews are still looking for the coming of the Messiah. They do not believe that Christ was the Messiah. When the Messiah comes he will be accepted as their ruler and Jerusalem will become one of the great cities of the world and Palestine one of the leading countries. In this connection, it is interesting to note that many students of world conditions agree with this view. These men point out that Palestine is the natural commercial centre of the world. This is because it is the junction point for three great continents of Africa, Europe and Asia. Of recent years the completion of the great railway lines, such as the Cape to Cairo railroad, running the full length of Africa, the line projected by ex-Emperor William from Berlin to India and others of the same character, are destined to make Palestine and Mesopotamia a wonderful centre of trade, through which tre wealth of all these continents will pour. When the Jews get back to Palestine with their great wealth, their wonderfully developed commercial instincts, and their knowledge of the trading customs of all nations and countries, it is thought by many, that they will soon make their country a rival of Great Britain in the conduct of trade of the world.

In the light of such prospects as these, it is scarcely to be wondered at that the Jews of Peterborough are so deeply interested in the possibility that they will soon be able to return to their native land, and once more resume their national identity and take a foremost place among the nations of the world.

Convention at Montreal.

Next Sunday, Monday and Tuesday representatives of all the Jews in Canada are to meet in Montreal, at which Peterborough Jews will be represented by one of their number.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds. How soon they allay the fever.

Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken [illegible] there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

CROSS, FEVER ISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

LOOK, MOTHER! IF TONGUE IS COATED GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

Farmers' Banquet At Empress Hotel

ON MARCH 27th WITH JOHN MAHARG, M.P., AS CHIEF SPEAKER.

Arrangements have been completed by members of the United Farmers living around the city of Peterborough for a visit to the city on March 27 of Mr. John Maharg, M.P. for Moosejaw, Sask., one of the most noted leaders in the farmers' movement in Canada. A banquet is to be held in the evening, which will be addressed by Mr. Maharg. It is understood that some representative city men will be invited to the meeting.

Mr. Maharg is president of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, which represents about 30,000 organized farmers, and is the president also of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co., Limited, one of the largest grain handling companies in the world. This company controls 309 local elevators in Saskatchewan and a big terminal elevator at Port Arthur, which cost between two and three million dollars. The profits of this company have ranged as high as $675,000 in a year. For several years Mr. Maharg was the president of the Canadian Council of Agriculture. He is one of the western farmers who is playing an important part in political matters at present at Ottawa, he being a member of the Union Government. Naturally great interest is being taken in his approaching visit. It is expected that there will be a large turnout of farmers from not only the vicinity of Peterborough to hear him, but from other points in the county as well.

RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

PIMPLES ARE INPURITIES SEEKING AN OUTLET THROUGH SKIN PORES.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

OMEMEE

(Special Correspondence.)

Omemee, March 15.—Mrs. Fred. Nugent of Lakefield was the guest of Mrs. L. A. Mahood on Wednesday.

Mrs. (Dr.) Earl entertained a number of her friends on Wednesday evening.

Pte. Frank Smith returned from overseas last week and was the guest of Mrs. Wm. Best for a time before returning to Kingston.

Mrs. L. A. Southworth was the hostess of an afternoon tea last week.

A number of young people from the village attended the basket social at Bethel on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Gordon of Lindsay was a visitor to Omemee on Wednesday.

Mr. J. M. McCrea visited Cobourg friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. MacPherson were business visitors to Peterboro' last week.

Mrs. Ira Rehill was among the many who visited Peterborough on Saturday.

Pte. Cassidy, who has been a prisoner of war for thirteen months, returned to Omemee very quietly on Saturday and is at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Lowe.

Miss Pearl Rehill of Peterborough is the guest of the Misses Amy and Ella Parsons.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jones, Peterborough, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs A. Jones last week.

Mr. Lowery Brooks returned on Saturday after a pleasant visit with friends in Peterborough.

Mr. Alfred Lloyd has joined the ranks of the benedicts, his marriage to Mrs. Crafton having taken place on Wednesday last in Lindsay. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd have taken up residence in the village. The good wishes for their many friends for a life of happiness and prosperity are being expressed.

Pte. Albert Kinmore, who left the village with the 109th Battalion and who for some time was believed to have fallen in action, returned to Omemee last week. Pte. Kinmore was for eight months a prisoner of war, and he has many thrilling tales to tell. He is at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fee.

Pte. Will Balfour returned from Kingston last week, having received his discharge, and will spend a few weeks in and around Omemee before returning to Edmonton.

Mrs. Mark of Lindsay visited her aunt, Miss Mary Davidson, who has been seriously ill for some time.

Flight Commander Leslie Stephens who returned to his home in Peterborough a week ago, was in Omemee last week renewing old acquaintances.

Miss Clara Cornwall has returned home after a pleasant visit with her brother in Hamilton.

Mr. Brown of Peterborough was a business visitor to Omemee on Wednesday.

Mrs. Bushnell was the guest of her sister, Mrs. I. Lalley, in Lindsay last week.

Mr. Finney of Toronto was a visitor to Omemee last week.

Congratulations are in order to Mrs. Curry, who on March 12 celebrated her ninety-sixth birthday. Mrs. Curry is still very bright, and a family reunion was held in honor of the occasion. Among those from a distance were: Mr. F. C. Curry and daughter, Brockville; Miss Carrie Kimpton, Toronto; Misses Hilda and Susan Clarke, Lindsay; Mrs. William Shepherd and little daughter, Coldwater.

Messrs. Borland and Martin, of Peterborough, attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Cunningham on Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Irwin of Norwood preached in the interests of the educational fund in the Methodist church on Sunday, Rev Mr. Lewis taking Mr. Irwin's work at Norwood.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church purpose holding their annual Irish social on March 17.

Penn's Desk and Long's Sword.

A desk originally owned by William Penn and a sword carried by Major Long, United States engineers, while he was a member of the first official government survey of the Rocky Mountains were among the articles bequeathed in the will of the late William Foulke Johnes of New York. Mr Johnes left the old desk to his widow, with the provision that on her death it is to go to Independence hall, Philadelphia. The sword was given to the Smithsonian institution.

Taking Our Share.

In life it is as it is in armies; there is a share of hardness for each one. "Each man shall bear his own burden." This is part of the discipline of life and it only makes confusion when any refuse to take their share. It is the wide distribution of the burden of society upon many different shoulders that makes the world's work go forward even as smoothly as it does. One man who will not take his share of hardness is an enemy of all willing workers.

The unexcelled facilities of our big mills are devoted to making

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

THE BEST FLOUR POSSIBLE TODAY
"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE- TORONTO

PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE

Canada Food Board Licenses Nos. Flour 16, 18, 17, 18, and 2-009

MONUMENT TO LAURIER

Suggestion That One Be Raised by Public Subscription.

Ottawa, March 15.—A movement is on foot to erect in Notre Dame Cemetery, Ottawa, an immense tomb and monument for Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The proposal is that the money be raised by public subscription from friends and admirers of the dead leader throughout Canada.

"The negotiations are not closed, and we hope before the end of the present session of Parliament at Ottawa they will take up again the natural resources to the provinces in the west," said Premier Norris, of Manitoba.

Inside of three weeks there were 115 deaths at Norway House and 70 at Cross Lake, according to a letter received by John Morrison, member for Ruperts Land in the Manitoba Legislature.

Maxwell

More miles per gallon
More miles on tires

You're getting a June Style in a March Maxwell

THE MAXWELL car of today is so vastly improved in appearance that many persons believe we have produced a new model.

That is not the case.

It is the same chassis, scarcely with a change, on which 300,000 Maxwells have been built.

But it is a better looking car. It is finer in finish; angular lines have been straightened out; fenders improved; bonnet simplified; cowl made flush with the top line of the body; seats thickened by three inches; circassian dash installed; gas tank slung in the rear, etc.

There are twenty-four things done to make it more beautiful.

We made the Maxwell simple to start with five years ago. Then we kept on making and making these cars all alike. We have now completed 300,000 of them.

There is logic in doing one thing and doing it well. We have followed that logic. And results tell today.

Maxwells have always been noted for their reliability. Now they will become noted for their beauty.

And today we are in a position to give you a June style in a March Maxwell, which a year ago seemed quite out of the question on account of the war.

Come and see the latest Maxwell.

MAXWELL MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited
WINDSOR, ONT.

G. A. GILLESPIE
PETERBORO ONTARIO

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis

People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better

PRICE 25c and 50c

Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

SERVICES IN THE LOCAL CHURCHES TO-MORROW

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Major the Rev. Canon Davidson, Rector
Second Sunday in Lent
8.30—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Venite 16.
Benedictus 45.
Benedicite 34.
Office Hymn 110—Forty days and forty nights.
Before sermon 125 (259) — O Lamb of God! still keep me.
Offertory—Lord we pray thee—Roberts.
God save the king
Hymn 623—Take up thy cross the Saviour said.
2.45 —Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Girls' Bible Class Teacher—Mrs. Rusher.
Boys' Bible Class Teacher—Mr. C. Jamieson.
All Memorial Mission Victory subscriptions should be brought in at this session.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Psalm chants 133, 137.
Magnificat 110.
Nunc Dimittis 114.
Office hymn 634—Lord, as to Thy dear cross we flee.
Before sermon 436—Come unto me ye weary.
Offertory— Lord for thy tender mercies sake. —Farrant.
God save the king.
Hymn 25—Saviour breathe an evening blessing.
Richard J. Devey, Organist and Choirmaster.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH
Rubidge and Sherbrooke
RECTOR:—REV. R. B. GROSS, M.A.
11 a.m.—The second sermon in a series on PRAYER
7 p.m.—The second sermon in a series on SOCIAL CHRISTIANITY
Holy communion after evening service.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
Rogers Street
Ashburnham—East City
Rev. W. H. White, M.A., Rector
Rectory 344 Rogers Street
Second Sunday in Lent
The Rector will continue his special courses of sermons—in the morning on Vital things; in the evening on Peter.
11 a.m.—Holy Communion and sermon.
7 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wednesday 7.30 p.m.—A lecture on Japan (illustrated)
Friday 7.30 p.m.—Bible Study and prayer.
Organist and Choirleader—Mrs. A. Greenslade.
All seats free.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
Rev. Jas. Price, Rector
11 a.m.—Matins and sermon.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday school.
7 p.m.—Evensong and sermon.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Friday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts.
Organist—Miss Beatrice Blake.

ST. ALBAN'S BOWNTON
Brownton
(Adjoining Mays' School House)
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening service and sermon.
Preacher—Mr. Stewart.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Boy Scouts
Organist—Miss Toone.

ST. PETER'S ROMAN CATHOLIC
Low Mass, 8 a.m.
High Mass, 10.30 a.m.
Vespers, 7 p.m., with sermon.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner of Rubidge and Brock Streets
Capt. James Rollins, Pastor
Rev. W. L. H. Rowand, Minister in Charge
Manse, 439 Rubidge Street
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
In the evening the topic will be David and Bethsheba.
The remaining subjects in the Davsonies will be :
David and Absalom.
David the Poet.
Prelude — Consolation — Mendelssohn.
Anthem—Christ is risen—Stair.
Offertory—Chan Du Paysan—Randando.
Solo—The voice of the shepherd—Glynne. Miss Helen McLaren.
Postlude—Tocata—Dubois.
Herbert C. Treneer, organist and choirmaster.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. Robert Pogue, Minister
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The Pastor will preach
Prelude—He was despised—Handel.
The sacrament of the Lord's supper.
Postlude—And with His stripes—Handel.
3 p.m.—Sabbath School.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject— All hail the power of Jesus' name.
Prelude—Berceuse—Arnesky.
Solo, contralto—Flee as a bird—Dana.
Mrs. P. A. Ferguson
Anthem—Behold God out hope and defender—Berridge.
Postlude—March on a theme of Handel—Guilmant.
Organist and choirmaster — Mr. John Allan.
A hearty welcome is extended to all.

KNOX CHURCH, PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. J. A. MacKenzie, B.D., Minister
Minister will preach.
11 a.m.—Morning service and communion.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
8 p.m., Wednesday—Prayer meeting.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

BROKEN GLASSES MEANS LOSS

Lost time, lost labor, lost comfort, lost temper, and perhaps more. You can make the loss trifling by bringing the glasses to Dr. Fowler's quick, modern repair department and have them made good as new in almost no time. Done while you wait, if necessary.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

THE HAPPINESS OF PRETTY COMPLEXIONS

The Refining Influence of Stuart's Calcium Wafers, and Why Pimples, Blackheads, etc. Disappear.

Send for Free Trial Package.

The influence of Stuart's Calcium Wafers is in the tissues of cartilages for the greater activity in the skin. This is because calcium exerts a peculiar stimulus to skin repair. Pimples, blackheads and other such evidence of localized skin sluggishness are replaced with new material and soon the skin assumes itself with firmer, healthier tissue. This makes the beautiful complexion so much admired. No use to hide pimples with cold cream and lotions. They come from within and keep coming until such an influence as calcium is employed.

You can try these wonderful wafers free by sending the coupon below. Stuart's Calcium Wafers are sold everywhere at 50 cents a box. Be sure to try them for a beautiful complexion.

Free Trial Coupon.
F. A. STUART CO., 862 STUART BLDG., MARSHALL, MICH. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.
Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

Good music at all services.
Geo. Kenyon, "L. Mus." Organist and Choirmaster.
Seats Free. Strangers Welcome

GEORGE STREET METHODIST
Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D., Pastor
11 a.m.—Morning service.
The pastor will preach
Subject—A searching question.
The morning music will be a solo Wandering child—by Hilght, sung by Mrs. Renwick; and the anthem—Jesus will bear all burdens—Austin.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject—A diamond among jewels
The music at the evening service as follows: Anthem — Handel's, Father of mercies, Contralto solo—O rest in the Lord—Mendelssohn, by Miss Doris Rathbone; Duet—Sun of my soul—Jerome, by Misses Mary and Mabel Gardiner.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. F. E. Malott, Pastor
Parsonage 302 Reid St.
Phone 705
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Pastor's theme—The certainties of the soul.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Meeting of Trinity Brotherhood.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
7 p.m.—Pastor's theme—Cutting down fruit trees.
Strangers and visitors welcome at all these services.
Geo. H. King ,organist and choirmaster.

MARK STREET METHODIST
Rev. R. A. Whattam, Pastor
10 a.m.—Class Meeting and Junior League.
11 a.m.—Morning service.
Subject— The second word from the cross.
2.45 Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Subject — Am I my brother's keeper?
Organist and Directress, Miss E. Kemp.

ST. JAMES' METHODIST
Corner Romaine and Aylmer Streets.
Rev. Benj. Greatrix, Pastor
11 a.m.—Morning service.
2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.
Monday—Young People's Meeting.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—prayer meeting.
Thursday—Choir practice.
Friday—Boy Scouts.
A. Nicholls, organist and choirmaster.
Cordial invitation is extended to all.

MURRAY ST. BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Webb, Pastor
Residence—544 Aylmer Street
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The pastor will preach.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach.
A Huycke, choirmaster. Ida G. Sanderson, organist.
Strangers welcomed.

PARK STREET BAPTIST
Rev. Dougald Brown, Pastor
255 Reid Street
Sunday, March 2nd, 1919
The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Communion service.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Supt.—Mr. F. A. D. Fry
Men's Bible Class teacher—Mr. A. Fallis.
Ladies' Bible Class teacher—Mrs. A. Nicholls.
7 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.
President—Mr. Neill Porter.
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Choir practice.
Seats free. Everybody welcome.
Come and hear the Gospel message.
Organist and choirleader—Miss Norma Moore.

WILL PAY $860 FOR CARE OF CITY PARKS THIS YEAR

Joseph Grierson's Tender for Work Accepted by Council Committee—Will Buy Tools from Horticultural Society.

At a short session of the Parks and Railway Committee last night the tenders for the care of the city parks were opened, and the lowest one, that of Mr. Joseph Grierson, 96 Douro street, at $860, was recommended for acceptance.

There were six tenders received:
Joseph Grierson $360
John McFarlane 865
Frank Wise 875
H. E. Holly 900
William Pierson 1000
Peterboro Floral Co. ...1100

All the tenderers stated that they had read the specifications and were ready to comply with them if their offers were accepted.

Mr. Grierson in his letter drew attention to the omission in the specifications of four small flower beds at the north end of Victoria Park and the flowers which have in the past been planted about the base of the fountain. He stated that in arriving at the amount of his tender, he had not figured upon these, but if the city would care to have them added to the list he would include them in the contract for an additional $10.

Upon motion of Ald. Turner and Taylor, Mr. Grierson's tender at $860 was recommended for acceptance, and an additional sum of $10 will be added to provide for the omissions to which he had referred, provided it is found upon looking over the specifications that they exist.

Will Buy Tools.

A communication from the Horticultural Society stated that they would loan the tools, which they have been using in the past to care for the parks, to the city, upon condition that the corporation would assume responsibility for injury and reserving the right to sell them at any time though promising that should such a contingency arise the city would be given first chance to buy them.

A list of the tools was furnished and showed some of them to be in a very fair state of repair while others were not so good.

Ald. Turner favored making them an offer for the outfit, as he felt it would be more satisfactory for the corporation to own them.

Chairman Edgar questioned the advisability of buying tools which had been purchased with funds granted by the city.

Ald. Turner suggested that the society might have purchased the tools with funds which were derived from some other source, but the chairman assured him that such was not the case, as the money which had been received from other channels had been devoted to providing premiums and in meeting other expenses.

Ald. Turner thought that if the society would se a reasonable price upon the outfit the city should purchase, as there would be no further responsibility attaching to the agreement from that time on.

Ald. McIntyre, Taylor and Morrison favored this idea, and as Chairman Edgar was quite satisfied the motion submitted by Ald. McIntyre and seconded by Ald. Morrison was carried without further discussion.

Long Mountain Range.

Sumatra is of volcanic origin, and, together with the other members of the Malay group, formed in an early period of the world a part of the Asiatic continent. The Barisons, or Sumatra Alps, form a broken chain of mountains, running lengthwise of the island. Some of the highest points of the chain are 10,000 and 12,000 feet above the level of the sea.

Well, Knowledge is Power.

Jimmie had been to the dentist to get a tooth pulled. A few days later a friend of the family, a man whose head presented an extremely barefooted appearance, called at Jimmie's house. Jimmie squirmed around awhile and finally asked: "Mister Brown, did it hurt much when ya gotcher hair pulled?"

Pig Iron From Iron Sands.

Experiments in New Zealand have demonstrated the practicability of producing pig iron from iron sands. The development of the industry has reached the stage where iron is actually produced at the rate of 15 tons per day. Plans are now being made for greatly enlarging the plant.

Difficult Men to Handle.

There is no class of men so difficult to be managed in a state as those whose intentions are honest, but whose consciences are bewitched.—Napoleon.

Interest.

Interest speaks all sorts of tongues and plays all sorts of parts, even the part of the disinterested.—La Rochefoucauld.

SALVATION ARMY TEMPLE
Simcoe Street
Adjutant and Mrs. Bunton in charge
515 King St. Phone 440w.
7 a.m.—Knee drill.
10 a.m.—Open air—McDonnel and Water streets.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
2 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
Those who do not attend any other Sunday School are cordially invited.
3 p.m.—Open air—Downie and McDonnel streets.
3.15 p.m.—Musical Festival in the Temple.
6 p.m.—Open air, Hunter and George streets.
7 p.m.—Salvation meeting.

GOSPEL HALL
Corner George and Brock Streets
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.
A hearty welcome to all.

ASSEMBLY HALL
First Floor Old Opera House Building, George Street
Meetings on Lord's Day:—
11 a.m.—Breaking of Bread
A hearty welcome to all.
"Christ died for the ungodly."

BETHANY TABERNACLE
459 George Street
Pastor, Rev. A. J. Doner, 535 Aylmer Street
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
Pastor Doner, Supt.
11 a.m.—Preaching
Thursday 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

NORWOOD

Norwood, March 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Cutcliffe and Mrs. Lee were in Peterborough on Saturday.

Another of the boys from overseas, Pte. Lorne Woodcock, arrived home on Saturday morning.

William Brennan, aged 65, of Tweed left his home Tuesday morning and it is believed he has been drowned.

Mrs. J. R. McKelvie and Mrs. William Buchanan were visiting at the home of Mr. Charles McKelvie in Toronto last week.

Mrs. John McCabe and son of Peterboro have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McDonnell, during the past few days.

Miss Maye Parker, of Roseneath, is spending a week in Peterboro, visiting her sister, Miss Pearl Parker, who is attending Business College there.

Rev. E. J. Wolland and Mr. John Starg attended the regular quarterly meeting of the Presbytery of Peterboro in St. Paul's Church in that city on Tuesday.

The regular monthly social in connection with the Guild was held on Monday evening the Presbyterian church. Those present report an enjoyable evening. Mr. Robert Rathwell was in charge.

Mr. J. L. Squire, clerk of the local Division Court, has received Judge Huycke's decision in the Simpson-Richardson case, which gives jugement for the plaintiff of $72.50 and costs. The plaintiff's suit was for $80.00.

Money For An Auto.

Rev. M. F. Cree, B.A., of Alliston, and a former pastor of Norwood Presbyterian church, was recently presented by his congregation with an address of appreciation and a cheeque for $830.00 for the purhase of a motor car. The presentation took place at a large congregational meeting. Rev. Mr. Cree has been five years at Alliston.

Former Teacher Dead.

Mr. John H. Thom, whom some of the older residents will remember when he occupied the position of principal of Norwood High School some fifty years ago, died on Saturday last week in his 82nd year. Mr. Thom gave up the teaching profession for the study of law and after being called to the bar became a partner with the firm or Bethune, Osler & Moss of Toronto. Soon after this he was appointed to the office of Chief Taxing Master at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, whier office he filled for forty years, or right up to within a few months of his death, when an Acting Taxing Master was appointed and his title was changed to Consulting Taxing Master.

The average man's conscience is more or less elastic.

SAYS HOT WATER WASHES POISONS FROM THE LIVER

Everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it, before breakfast.

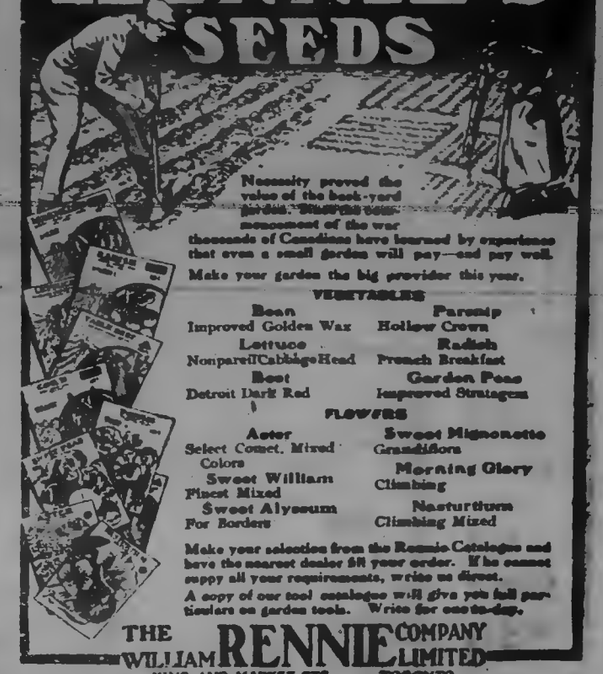
To feel as fine as the proverbial fiddle, we must keep the liver washed clean, almost every morning, to prevent its sponge-like pores from clogging with indigestible material, sour bile and poisonous toxins, says a noted physician.

If you get headaches, it's your liver. If you catch cold easily it's your liver. If you wake up with a bad taste, furred tongue, nasty breath or stomach becomes rancid, it's your liver. Sallow skin, muddy complexion, watery eyes all denote liver uncleanliness. Your liver is the most important, also the most abused and neglected organ of the body. Few know its function or how to release the dammed-up body waste bile and toxins. Most folks resort to violent calomel, which is a dangerous salivating chemical which can only be used occasionally because it accumulates in the tissues, also attacks the bones.

Every man and woman, sick or well, should drink each morning before breakfast, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, to wash from the liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible material, the poisons, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Limestone phosphate does not restrict the diet like calomel, because it can not salivate, for it is harmless and you can eat anything afterwards. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, and any pharmacist will sell you a quarter pound, which is sufficient for a demonstration of how hot water and limestone phosphate cleans, stimulates and freshens the liver, keeping you feeling fit day in and day out.

A VICTORY GARDEN assured with RENNIE'S SEEDS



Necessity proved the value of the back-yard garden. Since the commencement of the war thousands of Canadians have learned by experience that even a small garden will pay—and pay well.

Make your garden the big provider this year.

VEGETABLES

Bean	Parsnip
Improved Golden Wax	Hollow Crown
Lettuce	Radish
Nonpareil Cabbage Head	French Breakfast
Beet	Garden Peas
Detroit Dark Red	Improved Stratagem

FLOWERS

Aster	Sweet Mignonette
Select Comet, Mixed Colors	Grandiflora
Sweet William	Morning Glory
Finest Mixed	Climbing
Sweet Alyssum	Nasturtium
For Borders	Climbing Mixed

Make your selection from the Rennie Catalogue and have the nearest dealer fill your order. If he cannot supply all your requirements, write us direct.

A copy of our seed catalogue will give you full particulars on garden tools. Write for one to-day.

THE WILLIAM RENNIE COMPANY LIMITED
KING AND MARKET STS TORONTO
ALSO AT MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

THIS COLD WEATHER

Let Us Take Care of Your Car Battery

We are completely equipped to remedy any kind of trouble that may arise. Our skilled mechanics are thoroughly conversant with storage battery construction. We are agents for Willard Storage Batteries.

GET THE WILLARD HABIT AND AVOID WORRY AND EXPENSE.

Grant, Thorpe & Cowain

PHONE 798. 418 GEORGE STREET.

The Ontario Government Public Employment Bureaux and Dominion Dept. of Soldiers and Civil Re-Establishment, 190 Charlotte St., Peterboro

Phone 571

The Ontario and Dominion Governments are co-operating in matters pertaining to the employment of both Men and Women, and have opened an office for this work at the above address. If in need of work or workers, communicate either with Mr. Hugh Robertson, Superintendent of the Employment Bureau, or Captain Morrison, Representative or the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment. The Peterborough Bureaux is a link in the chain of offices which extend throughout the Dominion, and so can draw upon other sections of the country, both for opportunity of employment and for Workers.

FREE SERVICE

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED general maid for small family. Apply evenings between 6 and 8, to Miss Fair, 505 Dickson street.

KITCHEN MAID TO ASSIST cook, and other duties, for a large apartment house; wages $30 per month; board and lodging. Fare to Toronto paid. Apply Review Office.

CHAMBER MAID FOR LARGE apartment house; wages $30 per month with board, and transportation to Toronto. Apply Review Office.

HELP WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR A large apartment house. Wages $50 per month with board and lodging. Apply Review Office.

BE YOUR OWN BOSS—START a cut-rate grocery business of your own; $25 to $50 invested should earn you $25 weekly. H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont.

MEN, AGE 17 TO 55. EXPERIence unnecessary; travel; make secret investigations, reports. Salaries, expenses. Foreign Detective Agency, 744 St. Louis Mo.

WANTED

WANTED — EXPERIENCED stenographer; used to dictation. Permanent position; highest salary. Apply in writing, stating experience, to Box 239.

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILES and TRUCKS FOR SALE.

Several nearly new Ford Touring and Roadster Cars and older model at right prices. Also Ford One-Ton Truck, nearly new. All guaranteed good running order. DUFFUS GARAGE.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

COAL
—AND—
Builders' Supplies
Hardwood Flooring
Robt. Hicks & Co.
LIMITED

Perhaps some persons talk to themselves because they find it impossible to interest anyone else.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 412.
G. N. GORDON. S. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

JAMES FORDYCE STRICKLAND
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
MONEY TO LOAN
396 Water Street Peterborough
Phone 151

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
403 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRR
MONEY TO LOAN
Mortgage loans on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Peck, Kerr & McElderry, 415 Water St., Peterborough.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 297½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 28
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 275 Water St., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 364.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
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Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest, paid quarterly, accrues from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

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Managing Director

THE MARKETS

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 30
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beef, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beech)	12 00	12 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$ 2 09	$ 2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 00	1 00
Oats	55	55
Rye, per bush.	65	65
Peas, per bush.	1 50	1 50
Barley	80	80
Hay (timothy)	27 00	28 00
Loose straw, load	7 00	7 00
Alsace Clover Seed	11 00	12 00
Red Clover Seed (good)	25 00	27 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$ 6 00	$ 7 00
do., No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 00
Horse hair, farmers'	25	25
Deacon and bob calf	1 50	2 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	7	7
Cakes, No. 1	8	8
Beef hides, flat, cured	17	18
do., green	15	16
Frozen hides	15	16

Artificial Pearls.

Essence d'Orient, from which artificial pearls are made, is produced from the brilliant scales of the ablet, or bley, a small fish with a green back and a white belly. About four thousand are required to produce a pound of scales, which gives a quarter of a pound of the essence.

Bracelets for Lunatics.

Bracelets have been worn from time immemorial, but few wearers of the golden bands of the present day know that they were once used to distinguish the insane. Before lunatics were confined to asylums they were singled out for distinction.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable monthly medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Current Name.)

Children's Aid Society
—of—
Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 380 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

5:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted)

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:25 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto.

9:10 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

14 First Run ... Reels ... ROYAL 16c ..TO.. ALL
TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME EXTRA ATTRACTIVE. DON'T MISS IT
Special for Monday Afternoon and Evening
Great Western Drama with
WILLIAM FARNUM in 6 Parts
"THE HEART OF A LION"
JEWEL CARMEN in a Great Love Drama entitled
"CONFESSION"
Eventful story of an Interrupted Honeymoon
5 PARTS
W. FOX'S Special Sunshine Comedy
"Who's Your Father?" 2 PARTS
Concluding with a side-splitting Farce of
"MUTT and JEFF"
Monday's Program should fill the House to Overflowing

Peace Conference

(Continued from Page 1.)

Government, Mr. Dobbin, who was asked by the speaker, after he had been speaking two minutes, to use terms that the Opposition could understand. He was seconded by Miss Dorman, and they were opposed by Mr. Foote.

Notices of Motions.

Notices of motions were then called for. Mr. Ivey stated that he would ask the high heels be reduced at least two inches. Mr. Powell seconded this, stating that the women were too uppish already.

Practical Religion.

Miss Marshall, Opposition, gave notice of motion that all churches provide meals on Sundays, because so many people are at church all day Sunday. She was seconded by Mr. N. Bertrand.

Mrs. Thomas will move that kids be no longer used for curling hair but be sent to school. She was seconded by Mr. C. Leggett.

Mr. Green wants a home for destitute curlers and is supported by Miss Bennett.

Miss Outram wishes to regulate the ransom for whiskers. She is supported by Mr. Same Oke.

Mr. C. C. Parsons would prohibit the practice of jaywalking and is seconded by Miss Brownscombe.

Mr. C. E. Smith desires to put a cupola on the towner of the church, on the tower a flagstaff, on the flag the motto, "Excelsior." He was supported by Mr. McCutcheon.

Last bill, No. 6, was to promote daylight saving, introduced by the Government. Various amendments were added by Dr. Harvey and Mr. E. Elliott, and Mr. Dobbin's and L Copp's motion, plus amendment, was voted on. The clerk counted the votes and informed the speaker that amendment had won. Speaker then dissolved House, and sent for leader of Opposition to form a new Government.

The House then adjourned, after interviewing the remains of deceased, etc.

The Orficials.

His Honour the Lieut.-Governor—Mr. D. G. Walker.

Speaker—Rev. A. J. Thomas.

Premier and Member for Norwood—Mr. Dobbin, C.O.P., S.O.S.

Leader of Opposition on Honorable Member for Bobcaygeon—Dr. Harvey P.D.A.

Clerk of the House—Mr. Staples.

Sergeant at Arms — Mr. Robert McKee.

Government Members.

Lovesick—Mr. McCutcheon.
Sleepy Hollow—Miss Ethel Dix.
Springville—Mr. Armstrong.
Chandos—Miss W. Parker, Y. W. C. A.
Harvey—Mr. Barrie.
Hiawath—Mr. Ivey.
Lily Lake—Mr. Powell.
Coboconk—Mr. Thomas.
Indian River—Mr. Leggett.
Slabtown—Miss Outram.
Fraserville—Mr. Oke.
Rosedale—Mr. C. E. Smith.
Bewdley—Miss Dorman.

Opposition Members.

Hurleyville—Mr. Parsons.
Douro—Mr. Woolridge.
Buckhorn—Miss Bennett.
Selwyn—Miss Buck.
Belleigh—Miss Marshall.
Byersville—Mr. Bertrand.
Apsley—Miss Brownscombe.
Keene—Mr. Elliott.
Gadenhill—Mr. Foote.
Grasshill—Mr. Greene.

Manitoba Grand Orange Lodge unanimously adopted a resolution favoring a Dominion-wide refer-

REFORMS IN INDIA.

Some of the Difficulties That Are Now Faced.

Those who recognize the great importance of all parties in India uniting to secure, to the full, that measure of reform which is already designed for the country under the terms of the Montagu-Chelmsford report, cannot fail to regret the way in which important bodies of Indians, as well as individuals, ignore the simple but fundamental demand which underlies these reforms. Not once, but many times, it has been made clear, by those who are responsible for the report and those who are qualified to explain its terms, that the reforms offered, though far from being the last word for all time, are the last word for the present; that those who drew up the report did not do so in the spirit of the huckster, advocating a meagre minimum so as to afford themselves leeway to make concessions; but that they fully and frankly advocated the very utmost in the way of reform that could be offered, at the present time, in justice to all concerned. The very essence of the report, as has been pointed out already, many times, lies in that paragraph which declares that "the hope of avoiding mischief in such transitorial schemes lies in facing the fact that they are temporary expedients, for training purposes, provided the goal is not merely kept in sight, but made attainable, not by agitation, but by the operation of the machinery inherent in the scheme itself." The report makes it abundantly clear that the progress toward self-government must be by successive steps, and that it is for the Imperial Government to decide as to the time and measure of each successive advance.

It is just this fundamental fact that is ignored in the majority report of the committee of non-official members of the Legislature appointed, some time ago, to consider the Montagu-Chelmsford reform scheme. Instead of agreeing to accept the scheme for what it is, a great advance in the right direction, involving steps which, in any event, must be taken, and discussing the best way of taking these steps, the majority quite frankly goes outside the terms of reference, and proposes a long list of reforms, which, if the terms of reference shall be accepted, are really irrelevant. Discussing the matter, some weeks ago, Lord Chelmsford declared, with the utmost emphasis, that no modification of the scheme had any prospect of acceptance by the Imperial Government which did not fit in with the famous declaration of Aug. 20, 1917, in which the position of the Imperial Government as the final arbiter as to the time and measure of each successive advance was expressly laid down.

Well-informed Indians, like the non-official members of the Legislative Council, have an unequaled opportunity, at the present time, of coming to the aid of the Imperial Government, and placing at its disposal all their knowledge of Indian affairs, to the end that the Montagu-Chelmsford scheme may be developed to the best possible advantage, and that thus the hour may be hastened when the next step may be taken. They would do well to take this opportunity, and not, as a well-known Indian paper has remarked, justly enough, run the risk, in their eagerness to grasp the shadow, of losing the substance. — Christian Science Monitor.

Rare Visitors Recorded.

The appearance of snowy owls, a rare occurrence, is reported. These remarkably beautiful birds come from the Arctic regions. Only four previous visitations have been recorded in the ornithological history of the country.

Several Guesses Allowed.

"Copper to Remain Fixed."—Puzzle headline for gentle readers to solve. Guess whether it refers to the copper's post, or something else again.—Buffalo Express.

WEAK, WORRIED WOMEN
Can Find New Health and Strength Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

It is useless to tell a hard working woman to take life easily and not to worry. To do so is to ask the almost impossible. But, at the same time, it is the duty of every woman to save her strength as much as possible; to take her cares as lightly as may be, and to build up her strength to meet any unusual demands. It is a duty she owes herself and family for her future health may depend upon it.

To guard against a complete breakdown in health the blood must be kept rich, red and pure. No other medicine does this so well as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This medicine actually makes new, red blood, strengthens the nerves, restores the appetite and keeps every organ healthily toned up. Women cannot always rest when they should, but they can keep their strength and keep disease away by the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which have done more to lighten the cares of weak women than any other medicine. Among the many women who have reason to be thankful for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. Milan Bailey, Utterson, Ont., who says: "Two years ago I got weak and badly run down, and could scarcely do my housework. I grew so thin that my friends used to comment upon it. At that time my baby was six months old and the care of it and my housework was almost too much for me. It was at this stage that my husband got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before I had been taking them long we could see an improvement in my condition. For months I had not been sleeping well and my natural sleep returned and I wasn't so nervous. Then my friends began to comment upon my improved condition and tell me how much better I was looking. By the time I had taken six boxes I felt completely cured and have since enjoyed the best of health. Now I never fail to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when any of my friends are ailing."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Winnipeg police say that 500 residents of that city are implicated in the theft of $15,000 worth of liquor.

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
163 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-362

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and
PITTSTON COAL
IS THE BEST
All sizes in stock. PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.
Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL
WEIR & McCARTHY
COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Alterations and Additions, Power House, etc., Military Hospital, Kingston, Sydenham, Ont.", will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Friday, March 21, 1919, for the alterations and additions to existing stone building, for conversion of same into power house, etc., Ont. Military Hospital, Kingston, Sydenham.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, the Overseer of Dominion Buildings, Central Post Office, Montreal; J. C. Newlands, Architect, Kingston, and of the Superintendent of Dominion Buildings, Postal Station "F", Toronto.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 p.c. of the amount of the tender. War Loan Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, March 4, 1919.

HARD COAL
EGG, STOVE,
NUT, PEA
H. B. TAYLOR & SON
160 AYLMER ST.
Phone 209

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Best Fruit— Cheap
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Watches
in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.
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Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.
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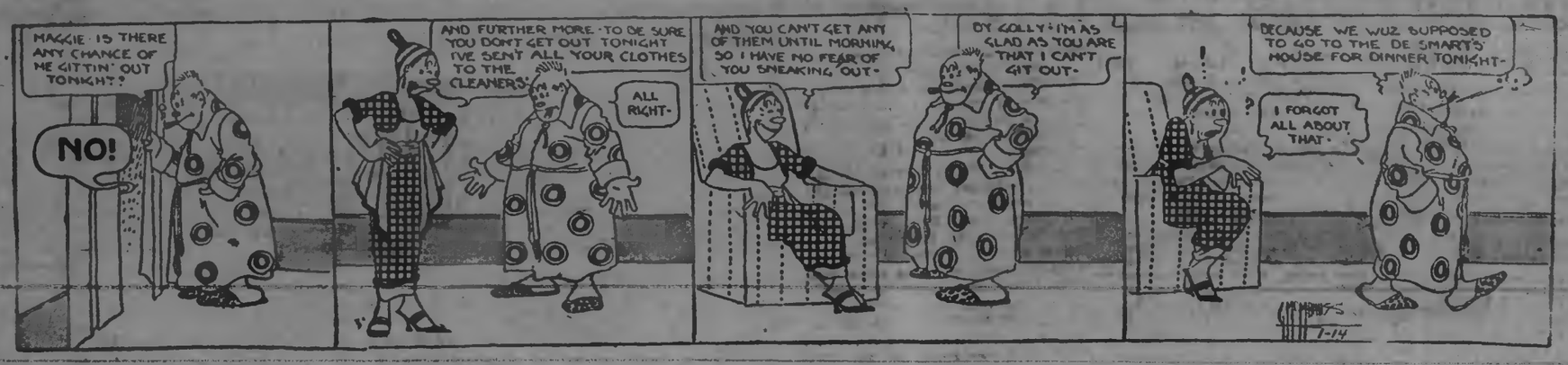
367 George St. Next Turnbull's

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS


MAGGIE IS THERE ANY CHANCE OF ME GITTIN' OUT TONIGHT?
NO!
AND FURTHER MORE - TO BE SURE YOU DON'T GET OUT TONIGHT I'VE SENT ALL YOUR CLOTHES TO THE CLEANERS.
ALL RIGHT-
AND YOU CAN'T GET ANY OF THEM UNTIL MORNING, SO I HAVE NO FEAR OF YOU SNEAKING OUT-
BY GOLLY! I'M AS GLAD AS YOU ARE THAT I CAN'T GIT OUT-
BECAUSE WE WUZ SUPPOSED TO GO TO THE DE SMART'S HOUSE FOR DINNER TONIGHT-
I FORGOT ALL ABOUT THAT-
1-14

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

HINTS TO YOUNG BATSMEN

(By Fred Mitchell)

(As dictated by the Club President)

Timing the ball is the secret of successful batting, but it is not wise to fill a youngster's brain with that until he masters the other arts of hitting. I might dwell on it for a moment and say that timing a ball means to learn to hit a foot or a little more in front of the batter on straightaway hitting. One acquires this, of course, only with steady practice.

My experience in coaching baseball at Harvard for several seasons taught me that the erroneous tendency among young players on learning to hit was to use too light a bat. I observed the same mistake among semi-pro players minor leaguers and also among many major leaguers. That was a fault Walter ("Rabbitt.") Maranville of the Braves and Max Flack of my club had. When they were switched to a slightly heavier stick they immediately showed an improvement in their batting.

A light bat causes batters to swing too vigorously at a ball. They think that because it is light they can get more power into their swing and drive a ball a greater distance. That is the wrong opinion. It is best to use a heavier bat and choke up a little so as to be able to balance the stick well. Be careful and do not get too much weight in the bat, but just enough to bring it around fast and with sort of a chop at the ball. Try a lot of bats in practice before deciding which one to use.

How to Choke the Bat.

To choke the bat means to let the hands slide up away from the extreme end of the handle. This method enables one to meet the ball squarely, which is all one needs to do to drive the ball with force. Great hitters who grip the bat at the end are few. One has to be a natural swinger to handle a stick this way with success, and youngsters ought to practice choking a bat from the start.

After finding a bat of suitable heft practice the step. I advocate the short step. Eliminate the long step because it throws one out of position to follow the ball. The shorter stride affords one a better opportunity to time the ball. If the pitcher hooks up a slow curve and the batted is deceived by it he still has a chance to advance the front foot again and crash into the ball whereas if he has taken a long stride he has been thrown out of position and is unable to do that. By a short step I mean a stride of about a foot or a foot and a half in the direction of the ball.

The front foot, the one with which a batter steps out, plays an important part in batting. It should always follow the ball, according to what is pitched. If the ball is thrown on the inside the batter necessarily will have to step out and away from the plate: If the ball is thrown to break on the outside corner, of the plate the batter must, of course, step in that direction. On a fast ball or one thrown to cut the heart of the plate the step must be straight.

Stepping Out to Meet Ball

In stepping out to meet the ball do not keep the front leg stiff. Bend it a little. This enables the batter to duck under a wild pitch faster and naturally puts all the weight of the body into the swing. Stiff legged hitters lose all power of the body in driving at the ball and are compelled to depend on their arm strength. And by bending the knee one can follow the ball better and can lower the body quicker and easier in the event a low ball is thrown.

The weight of the body should always be kept on the ball of the foot never on the toe or heel. By following this rule the hitter is in a position for a spring toward first and to get more punch into his swing. In standing in position at the plate the feet should be flat on the ground. As soon as the twirler begins his wind up raise up on the balls of the feet. The weight is on the back foot when the strike is taken but it wants to shift from the back to the front foot about the time the bat connects with the ball. This brings the weight of the body forward and augments the power of the swing.

BROCK STREET RINK

Best of Skating This Afternoon and To-Night

BIG BAND

of First - Class Musicians in Attendance

CHICAGO FIGHT FANS SAY JOHNSON TELLS TRUTH

When He Asserts That He Was Paid to Lose His Battle With Willard Four Years Ago.

Chicago, March 15.—Jack Johnson's attempted expose of his battle with Jess Willard at Havana did not take Chicago's fight followers completely by surprise, as ever since the contest took place they have harbored a bit of suspicion about the battle. Even before the men went into the ring they were skeptical, in fact, so much so that little betting was done here. Willard, while regarded as the only logical heavyweight to take on the champion's class and it was thought he did not have a chance against the title holder. In addition, there were other features of the fight that did not please the local fans.

Suspicions of the Fight..

"The general impression here and I believe around the country was that the fight was to be a frameup, "said Charlie Essig, one of the best posted fight men in Chicago. "No one can make me believe that it was not. Johnson, I know, was willing to peddle his assets long before Jack Curley became interested. People who were on the inside and knew of what Jack was willing to do were thoroughly convinced that the battle was not on the level.

"There was little or no betting in Chicago. Before the fight took place it was rumored here that Willard was to win. No protest was raised at the time because the people interested in the sport knew Willard was the local heavyweight to meet Johnson. They were willing to let the thing go on, hoping it would be on the square and that Willard would knock Johnson out and get the title. Yet there were few who figured Jess had a chance against him. Johnson was the greatest defensive fighter this country ever produced, and if he had been in the best of condition and had fought to win Willard would never have punched him as he did.

How It May Have Been Fixed.

"I do not mean to take a slap at Willard He was probably innocent of the whole affair and fought thinking he was the better man all the time. He should be given the benefit of the doubt. The men who promoted the fight may have been shrewd enough to fix it with Johnson alone and not let Willard know anything about it.

"The queer thing about the battle was Johnson's position on the mat after Willard had knocked him down in the twenty-sixth round. The pictures show that he had one knee in the air and also one arm shading his eyes from the sun. Doctors say that when a man is knocked out his muscles are lax and that it is impossible for him to hold his leg and arm in that position while in a state of coma.

Andrews' Account of Battle.

Tom S. Andrews of Millwaukee, who reported the fight, did not express astonishment when told over the long distance telephone that Johnson declared his fight with Willard was a fake. Andrews, in discussing the affair, started out in the following tone:

"I was out in the ground several days before the fight took place and saw both men in action. John, I must admit, was not in the best of condition to put up a good fight. Two days before the men entered the ring Jack boxed Sam McVey, his trainer, ten rounds and Sam beat him all the way.

"Willard was in wonderful shape. In the first eight rounds of the contest he did not appear to have a chance. His first good blow was landed on Johnson in the eighth round. It was a straight right under the heart. That hurt Jack, because I sat close to his corner and saw that he was in pain. He weathered the storm nicely, however, through his generalship, and in the fourteenth round seemed to be himself again. It on Willard and pounded him unmercifully in that round that he cut loose fully, but in doing that shot his bolt.

Were Johnson Down.

"Willard remainded strong and wore Johnson down. In the twenty-sixth round he started after him and with a left to the stomach and a right cross to the jaw dropped him.

"There was only one bad feature of the fight. That was John's position on the floor after he had gone down. His one knee was up and his arm was raised as if he were protecting his eyes from the strong sunlight.

"There was very little betting on the fight anywhere. Even in Cuba the people declined to wager heavily. A few small wagers were made, but not enough to think about."

BOWLING AT THE "Y"

W. Browetts' team won 2 out of 3 games from G. R. Langley's team in last night's match at the "Y" alleys

Holmes Caught Napping

Referring to our recent note about the English reporter giving the baseball score as "Two-love," a correspondent reminds us that no less a writer than Conan Doyle once made a curious blunder in describing our national game. "The catching," he wrote, "seemed to me extraordinarily good, especially the long catches by the bleachers."—Boston Transcript.

Lightning Calculation.

An eminent electrician has figured out the horsepower of a lightning flash. The amount of light given by a single lightning flash is sufficient to illuminate an area two miles square with an average illumination of one candle. To produce such an illumination he estimates the expenditure of 13,000 horse power for one second would be required.

To Be Friends Again.

One of the best ways of healing a quarrel is to ask a favor. If we attempt to do a kindness to a friend who is alienated, she will probably suspect our motive and reject it. But if we ask a service of her the barrier of misunderstanding will melt like snowflakes in the sun, and the way will be opened for us to be friends again.

The Milky Way.

The arch of the Milky Way stretches across the evening sky from east to west, rising between Orion and Gemini, where Jupiter seems a gorgeous diamond depending from its laces; passing through the golden chain of Cassiopeia in the zenith, and descending to the western horizon between Vega, the dazzling gem in Apollo's lyre.

Odd Foods.

Sea urchins' eggs are used in Ceylon as we eat raw oysters here. The Mexicans use a variety of scorpion, after removing the sting, in a special sort of omelet, to which they add a peculiar sort of peppery flavor. A large variety of locusts and grasshoppers are dried, then cooked, by people in portions of India, Arabia and Syria

Artistic Shop Signs.

Between Cusco and Machu Piechu, in Peru, are quaint signs indicating what is sold in the Indian huts. A small bunch of wheat on the end of a pole indicates chicha—a native corn beer—for sale within. A green wreath means bread for sale, while a piece of white cloth indicates aguardiente, a powerful white rum.

Wind That Scorches.

The name "harmattan" has been given to a dry hot wind which blows from the interior of Africa toward the Atlantic during December, January and February. Every plant, every bit of grass and leaf in its course is withered as though it had been seared by heat from a furnace.

Point of Natural History.

Two small boys were awaiting their teacher on the sidewalk. One began to crawl on hands and knees, unmindful of clean white stockings, and was corrected by the other lad, but would not arise, as he said he was a lion. "Lions don't walk that way," said the second little fellow, "they walk on their foots."

The Guitar.

The guitar is an instrument of six strings, viz. E, A, D, G, B, E. The strings, if sounded together, would not make a chord according to the rules of modern harmony. It is not a difficult instrument to learn and its chief use is in accompanying another instrument or the voice in singing.

Old University.

Cracow has the oldest university, barring that of Prague, in central Europe. It once numbered among its students Copernicus, who originated and proved the remarkable theory that the earth revolved about the sun, and not contrariwise.

Too Cannibalistic, Perhaps.

"A Russian announces that chickens are 'good to eat,'" remarks the Carthage Free Press. "When it gets to that point, we know of one person who is going to sign up to observe 'meatless days.'"—Kansas City Times.

Suffering Transmuted.

Unhappiness is the hunger to get; happiness is the hunger to give. True happiness must ever have the tinge of sorrow outlived, the sense of pain softened by the mellowing years; the chastening of loss that in the wondrous mystery of time transmutes our suffering into love and sympathy with others.—William George Jordan.

Spikenard.

Spikenard, or nard, mentioned by St. John 12, 9, and St. Mark 14, 3, was a highly aromatic plant growing largely in the Indies. From this plant was made the valuable extract or unguent or favorite perfume used at ancient baths and feasts.

Stinging Criticism.

Said the facetious feller, "These old time school teachers may have had some funny ideas about teachin', but you gotta give 'em credit for knowin' that a good substantial ruler, when rightly applied to a stupid student would make him smart."

Beautiful Ferns.

When the new shoots of potted ferns appear turn them to the light until they are well up and the shoot started in the right direction. When the fern is full grown the result will be a beautiful sound plant.

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut.
Now in Stock.

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Phone 111

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Store and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 285 Bethune St.
Phone 687
Nights and Holidays 396

LUMBER

Builders' materials of all kinds—Shingles, Sheathings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks. Flake and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

New buildings to be erected at the O.A.C., Guelph, this year, may cost $250,000.

Policemen at St. Thomas have been given an increase of $15 per month in their wages.

The first Mons Star to reach Hamilton has been received by Jas. Finlayson, of that city.

The New Ford One-Ton Truck

"WORM DRIVE"

SOLVES YOUR HAULING PROBLEMS

It is absolutely a necessity to any progressive twentieth century business house and farmers.

One truck does the work of several horse-drawn vehicles; is economical and easy in operation and maintenance.

Why buy a two-ton truck when you can have two one-ton trucks for the same money, and thus cover more mileage and give better service?

It has a heavy worm drive rear axle and heavy steel frame. The worm drive is the most efficient motion known and is recognized as such by all leading truck makers.

INSPECTION INVITED..... **Duffus Garage**

PHONES—Repair Department and Stock Room 1761 - Office 1760
CHARLOTTE AND WATER STREETS

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 7 p.m.

Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Canada Food Board License 8-18-102

O'Keefe's

IMPERIAL

ALE • LAGER • STOUT

These pure hop and malt brews are really delightful—the triumph of 60 years' experience. One trial will convince you.

For Sale at All Hotels and Restaurants. Order by the case from your Grocer or Dealer.

THE O'KEEFE BREWERY CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

713

J. M. BROOKS, Distributor, 195½ Charlotte St., Peterborough, Ont.

EYESIGHT SPECIALS

Yours Eyes Will Tell You

If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

IRISH ENTERTAINMENT

The Volunteer Bible Class of Knox Church will hold an "Irish Entertainment" in the Lecture Hall of the church, on Tuesday, March 18th. Good program. Refreshments. Admission 25c.

DANCE MONDAY

Skater's dance, March 17th, in Keene Hall, Everybody welcome.
G. McINTYRE, Mgr.

"ST. PATRICK'S TEA"

A St. Patrick's Tea will be held at the residence of Mrs. T. H. G. Deane 361 Park street, under the auspices of the Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E., on Monday, 17th March, from 3.30 to 6 p.m. The following artists have kindly consented to assist in the program, Mrs. Maurice Park, Miss Lora Logan, Miss Parker, Miss Littlefield, Miss Murray, Miss Sanderson, Miss Tamblyn, the Misses Harrington. Admission 35c. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

ST. PATRICK'S NIGHT

Come to our Irish Concert being held in Reid Street Sunday School Hall, Monday, March 17th, at 8 p.m. Excellent program, including a lecture on St. Patrick. The early history of Ireland, illustrated by limelight views. Music and refreshments. Tickets 25c. Come and have a good time.

MR. JOHNSTONE TO SPEAK

Mr. Hughson Johnstone will address the Senior Life Problem Club at the Y.M.C.A. at 4.15. Mr. Mulligan will lead the singing. Every older boy and man invited.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. J. D. McMillan, district superintendent, and Mr. C. E. Horning, district passenger agent, are in the city today in connection with a better train service for this district.

OBITUARY

MRS. JOSEPH SEENS

Annetta Tippet, wife of Mr. Joseph Seens of Ballieboro, died last night in the Nichols hospital after a short illness, aged 34 years.

Deceased was born in the township of Hope and has resided in Ballieboro for the past few years. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tippet of Quay's Cross ing, who survive. She leaves the husband and four children the eldest of whom is twelve years of age.

One brother, Mr. F. Tippet, and a sister, Mrs. J. Heaslip reside in Hope township. Mrs. Laura McGibbon of Port Hope is another sister of the deceased.

The funeral will be held from the family residence Ballieboro tomorrow afternoon at 2.30, Rev. Mr. Lee of Fraserville conducting the services.

JOHN CROWLEY

The death occurred this morning in St. Joseph's Hospital of Mr. John Crowley, after a short illness. He leaves one sister, Miss Ellen Crowley, Cedar Street.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his sister Miss Ellen Crowley, 521 Cedar street, at 9 o'clock on Monday morning to St. Peter's church and cemetery.

RIVERDALE GARAGE TIRES AT TORONTO PRICES

The Bank's Garage is selling Riverdale Garage Tires at Toronto prices. Buy locally and save express and C. O. D. charges.

TWO NEW SONGS.

Two new songs have just been issued on Victor Record 216052 and they are well worth hearing. The first is, "That's What God Made Mothers for," sung by Henry Burr, and the other is "In Berry Pickin' Time," sung by Campbell and Burr. This new and already popular record is now on sale at Heintzman Hall, Hunter and George streets.

As a failure many a man is a success.

DID HER A WORLD OF GOOD, SHE SAYS

MRS. MOORE WAS SO WEAK SHE COULD HARDLY GET UP —HEALTH RESTORED BY TANLAC.

"I feel so well now that I can hardly realize the awful condition I was in before I took Tanlac," said Mrs. N. L. Moore, of 765 S. Wellington street, Memphis, Tenn.

"I had been in a rundown condition for two years," she continued, "and was so weak I could hardly keep going. I had to force myself to eat, but nothing agreed with me, and I got so lifeless that I could hardly get up when I was sitting or lying down, or even do my housework; I suffered with splitting headaches that would almost drive me distracted.

"My appetite picked up on my first bottle of Tanlac and I am now eating three hearty meals a day, those awful headaches are gone and I am all feeling just fine. I have gained ten pounds, and am strong enough to do all my housework with ease. Tanlac did me a world of good—more than all the other medicines I have taken put together."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Omemee Resident Is Laid at Rest

FUNERAL OF MRS. JAMES CUNNINGHAM YESTERDAY WAS LARGELY ATTENDED.

(Special to The Review.)

Omemee, March 15.—The funeral of the late Mrs. James Cunningham, which was held Thursday afternoon, was largely attended. The deceased lady had been in failing health for many months, and since September last had been confined to her room. Her husband predeceased her about ten years. Left to mourn the loss of a fond and loving mother are two hero sons, Sergt. Harold, who returned from overseas about Christmas, and Pte. Hillier, who is daily expected home; also three sisters, Mrs. Borland and Mrs. Martin, Peterborough and Mrs. Darling, Port Hope, and two brothers, Messrs. Robert Rabey of Buffalo, and Charles, of Toronto. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Lewis. The floral tributes were numerous and very beautiful, among them being a wreath from the sisters, a spray from the Ladies' Aid, spray from the Women's Institute, spray from Miss Irene Clement, wreath from the employes of the tannery. To the sorrowing sons and relatives is extended the sincere sympathy of the whole community.

Rev. J. G. Potter To Speak Here Tuesday

Rev. J. G. Potter, of Montreal, formerly pastor of St. Andrew's Church here, will speak at a banquet to be given in the Sunday School rooms of the latter edifice on Tuesday evening under the auspices of the young ladies of the congregation. While in the city Mr. Patter will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. Lees, Gilmore street.

THE MINISTER'S REWARD

Subject of Morning Sermon by Rev. W. L. H. Rowand.

In St. Andrew's Church tomorrow morning the Rev. W. L. H. Rowand will speak on "The Rewards of the Christian Ministry," and the pressing need today for enlistment to fight the battles of peace.

In the evening the topic will be "David and Bethsheba," in which the speaker will deal with the great sin of David's life, its discovery, its penalty and it forgiveness.

All pews in the church are free, and strangers will be heartily welcomed.

ALL NEXT WEEK

Special Services at Mark Street to Be Continued.

The series of evangelistic services in Mark Street Methodist Church will continue during the coming week. The following list of speakers will assist:

Monday—Rev. D. R. Clare, B.A., B.D.

Tuesday—Rev. F. E. Malott, B.A., B.D.

Wednesday—Rev. A. Doner.

Thursday—Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., B.D.

Friday—Rev. R. Pogue.

It is hoped the community will take full advantage of these meetings.

Service of prayer and praise at 7.30 p.m. each evening.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence.)

Lakefield, March 15.—A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. G. Rosborough on Tues., Mar. 11th, by a number of young people of the village.

On Friday, March 7th, Corp. Stanley Hill, returned from overseas after an absence of about two and a half years. Corp. Hill joined the 93rd Battalion in September, 1915. He was transferred into the 20th Battalion in France where he served two years, being wounded last summer.

The funeral of the late Wm. J. Northey, of Buckhorn, was held at his home on Wednesday. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Taylor, of Lakefield, at the residence. Interment took place at the Lakehurst cemetery.

Miss Wilson, of the Peterboro Business College staff, spent the weekend the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frost.

Mrs. Wm. Gillman, who has been spending the winter in Peterboro, is at present spending a few days in the village with her brother, Mr. Charles Gordon.

Miss Alice Johnson, of the local Royal Bank staff, has been transferred to Peterborough branch.

Mr. J. Knox of Peterborough is spending a few days in the village the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. Lennox.

Mr. Jack Mahood, of Peterboro, spent the week-end at his home in the village.

Miss Corkery, of the public school staff, spent the week-end at her home in Peterboro.

Mrs. Stuart spent Saturday in Peterboro.

Miss Mabel Bickell, who has been spending the past few weeks at her home, returned to Toronto on Tuesday.

Mrs. Morling was a visitor to Peterboro on Saturday.

Miss K. Atwood has returned from Toronto after spending a few days in that city.

Mrs. S. Dunk passed through the village from Peterboro enroute to her home at Young's Point.

Mrs. McIlmoyle and Miss Freda were in Peterboro on Saturday.

Mr. J. M. Simpson was in Peterboro Saturday.

Mr. N. Hampton spent Tuesday in Peterboro on business.

Mr. Robert Mackay, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alford, returned to Toronto on Monday.

Mr. Judson Hull was in Peterboro on Saturday.

Church Entertainment.

The following program will be given in the Presbyterian Church on Monday, March 17th:

Piano solo—"Pollaca Brilliante," C. Bohan—Miss Hunter.

Violin selection—Mr. F. Whitehouse.

Reading—"When the Canucks Came Through"—Miss P. Newton.

Vocal solo—"There's a Wee Bit of Land", J. C. Gricoe—Miss Cullen.

Reading—"Our Leap Year Privelege"—Miss P. Newton.

Piano solo—"Silversterne," C Bohan—Miss Burgess.

Violin selection—Mr. F. Whitehouse.

Reading—"Cheering the Invalid"—Miss P. Newton.

Vocal solo—"Dear Old Pal of Mine", Lieut. Gets Rice—Dr. Smith.

Reading—"The Son of Jupiter"—Miss P. Newton.

Violin selection—Mr. F. Whitehouse.

God Save the King.

Lakefield, March 15.—A meeting of the Local Council was held in the fire hall on Monday evening. The members present were: councillors Porteo, MacDonald, Smith and Young.

The following acounts were submitted by the Finance Committee and instructions were given that they should be paid

W. W. Leonard, wagon	$60.00
W. W. Leonard, act. rec. etc.	24.29
Chas. Thompson, table	5.00
Bell Telephone Co. 3 months	5.00
J. C. Sherin, expenses to Ottawa	67.20
R. S. Bickell, cement for engine	48.00
A. J. Kidd, account etc.	4.25
W. Sherin, insurance	56.25
Crawford Bros, act J. Long	3.75
W. Sherin, fit and express	12.00
Lakefield Electric Light Co. 1 months lighting	60.21
J. J. McDonald, pole for wagon	1.00
Thos. Spencer, gravel	15.00
Ira Lennox, 160 hrs. work at 20 cents	32.00
Joseph Watson, postage	2.00
W. J. Charlton, 1-2 ton coal	6.50
R. Graham & Son, cotton	.44
W. Batten, casting for mower	2.50
J. A. Porter, act and soda	11.59
J. A. Porter, act James Long	11.34
A. J. Young, expenses to Ottawa	23.25
Spence & Son, soda	1.40
Dr. Smith, expense re deputation	12.20
Geo. Charlton, loss tools, etc.	50.00
	$525.27

Moved by Councillor Young, seconded by Councillor MacDonald that the matter of the dealing with the Hydro Electric Co. be left in the hands of Councillors Porter and Smith. The council then adjourned.

W.S.S.

THE British are noted as great tea drinkers and are naturally good judges of tea.

So when we learn that over 70% of the tea used in Great Britain is Indian tea we can be sure that Indian tea is of the very best quality.

In Canada the preference for Indian tea has become just as strong, as evidenced by the success of Red Rose Tea which consists chiefly of ASSAMS—the richest and strongest of Indian teas.

Red Rose is always sold in sealed packages.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

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Special Service At St. James Church

At the special services last evening in St. James' Church Rev. R. Pogue delivered a splendid address on the hymn "Just as I Am."

Special services will be conducted tomorrow and all next week. Sunday services at 10 a.m. for prayer and praise by Rev. H. W. Manning.

The services will all be of a evangelistic character. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Bird—"Oh, I say, old bean, what ripping flowers, and so fresh; there is still some dew on them."

The Bird Man—"I know there is, but I'll settle up on the first of next month."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TO-DAY — LAST TIME — TO-DAY

"KIDDIES IN THE RUINS,"

"The BORDER TERROR" And a Big Comedy Drama | ALL-STAR COMEDY SCREEN MAGAZINE

ALICE HOWELL in "HOOT TOOT"

No Change in Price VAUDEVILLE DON'T MISS THIS BIG PROGRAM

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY SPECIAL MATINEE WEDNESDAY

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

Monday Night—THE FINAL SETTLEMENT

PRICES—Eve.—15c—25c—35c Matinee—15c—25c

Ye Olde Firme.

The Royal Piano

It makes no difference whether it is a high social function, an educational affair, or a great artistic event, in this country the piano made by Ye Olde Firme is used in nine cases out of ten. We refer to the

Heintzman & Company Art Pianos

at the Royal Piano, because it was specially selected for the use of Queen Mary when in this country as Princess of Wales. This great Canadian instrument has stood the test for 65 years. In tone, in action, in durability, it is recognized as supreme among pianos, and deservedly bears the title:

"World's Best Piano."

Heintzman Hall

George & Hunter Sts. Peterborough

FULL FACE VALUE PAID FOR Victory -Bonds-

WE WANT $45.000.00

Hughson Johnstone

Suite 202-203, Barrie Building

Phone 958

WE WILL CALL FOR THEM

Spiritualist Church

SERVICE WILL BE HELD SUNDAY, MARCH 16 AT 7 p.m. IN THE W.O.W. HALL George Street

SHORT ADDRESS AND WRITTEN QUESTIONS ANSWERED

Everybody Welcome

"Marsral Haig," a Shorthorn bull, bred and owned by the Saskatchewan College of Agriculture, was sold at the annual sale of pure-bred cattle to Mr. Nelson, of Midvale, for $1,500.

Only the fool depends on what may possibly happen.

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance

Automobile Licenses

District Agents for Security Life

WANTED

Some good Houses for rent.

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, cheap.

Some Farms for sale, at a bargain.

Let us insure your Life, Auto, House, Plate Glass, or anything you have.

It will pay you.

TENDERS FOR Bridge Construction

Sealed Tenders Plainly Marked as to contents will be received by Alderman Harry Phelan, Chairman Board of Works, City Hall, Peterborough, Ontario, up to 5 O'CLOCK, P. M., of TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919, for the construction of a Reinforced Concrete Bridge of eleven arches with approaches, etc., over the Otonabee River at Hunter Street, Peterborough, Ontario.

Proposals will be considered either upon a lump sum basis or upon a cost plus a lump sum basis.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of R. H. Parsons, City Engineer, Peterborough, or at the office of the undersigned, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

FRANK BARBER,
Consulting Engineer.

Toronto, March 4, 1919.

Rural municipality of Prince Albert, Sask., has asked that the mounted police be again placed in charge of provincial police duties.

Twelve Cobourg young men who thought it a joke to smash 50 dozens of eggs at the Port Hope station paid $48 in Police Court for their fun.

Hamilton may pass a bylaw providing for the prosecution of "joy walkers," i.e., pedestrians who cut corners and cross streets at other places than proper crossings.

Tenders FOR MARKET TOLLS

SEALED TENDERS addressed to Ald. J. Hamilton, Chairman Property Committee," and endorsed, "Tender for Market Tolls," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to five o'clock p.m. on

MONDAY, MARCH 24th, 1919.

for the market tolls and charges of the City of Peterborough for the year beginning April 1st, 1919. Particulars may be obtained at this office. Tenders must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for $200.00 which will be forfeited if the person to whom the tolls are sold does not sign the contract and furnish acceptable security and will otherwise be applied on the payment of the purchase. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
City Clerk.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. For particulars apply to

A. E. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Stewville, Que.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Occasional rain today. Tuesday northwest winds, fair and turning a little colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 64 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MARCH 17, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

VON ARNIM, GERMAN GEN'L, BEATEN TO DEATH BY MOB

The Victim Shot at Peasants Gathering Firewood on His Property—Chateau Invaded and Pillaged—Riots in Cairo by Students and Populace—Peace Questions For Foe.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 17.—Gen. Von Arnim, commander of the German army in Flanders during a large part of the war, has been beaten to death by peasants at Asch, Bohemia, according to Paris Despatches.

It is said that Gen. Von Arnim shot at peasants gathering firewood in his property, and a mob invaded and pillaged his Chauteau, after killing him.

Students Riot

London, March 17.—A Reuter's despatch from Cairo reports extensive riots and demonstrations by students and populace, with considerable destruction of property necessitating the employment of military forces.

"WHAT IS GERMAN WILL STAY GERMAN" THE CRY

If Allies Load Peace Terms Beyond Wilson's Fourteen Points Germans Will Refuse Assent to Treaty, Says Erzberger.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Copenhagen, March 17.—If the allies have loaded the peace treaty with conditions going beyond President Wilson's fourteen points the German National Assembly would have to refuse its assent to treaty. Mathias Erzberger, head of the German armistice commission declared in an address to a Berlin meeting favoring the forging of an "areal league of nations," according to a despatch from Berlin today.

The matter then would be left to a referendum of the German nation he said. The speaker declared that the only means of calling a halt on Bolshevism was abandonment of the "mailed fist policy of the Allies."

Showing Teeth

Herr Erzberger asserted that Germany was prepared to accept the vote of Alsace-Lorraine as to its future, but he referred to the reported aspirations of France respecting the Rhineland and to Poland's claims to Danzig as "crimes," adding what is German will remain German."

BIG MAJORITY VOTE FOR PUBLIC OWNED RADIALS

Result of Contest is a People's Victory—Majority in Favor of Measure 2757, Total Vote 9607.

Hamilton, March 16.—The whirlwind campaign conducted by Sir Adam Beck and those associated with him in connection with the hydro-radial bylaw brought wonderful results on Saturday. There were few who were familiar with the situation who had any doubt of the result, but even the most sanguine were astonished when it was announced that the majority in favor of the bylaw was 2,737. The total vote polled was 9,607, about half of the number of persons entitled to vote on the bylaw.

Workingmen Won.

An analysis of the vote shows that it was a workingmans' victory. Ward 3, where the bylaw had its greatest majority, is the ward from which come a great majority of the city's laboring class and which during the war furnished so many of the men who were among the first to respond to the call to arms. The workingmen have been among the city's stoutest and most consistent advocates of public ownership, and Sir Adam's addresses, in which he emphasized that this radial line was "the people's railway," appealed to popular sentiment.

The Campaign.

The success of the hydro-electric scheme in Hamilton and, elsewhere along the system under the direction of Sir Adam Beck, was also a big factor in favor of the bylaw. Nor must Sir Adam himself be overlooked. From the time he first came to this city to advocate the policy of public ownership in connection with the hydro scheme he impressed his wonderful personality upon the people of this city. During the week and a half in which he addressed meetings each night he more firmly impressed himself upon the people, and that he was winning their entire confidence was manifested to all who heard him, even were the figures of Saturday's voting not available as proof of this confidence and faith in what he had to say regarding the project he advocated with such force.

Absord Local Company.

The action of the Hamilton Radial Railway Co. in shutting off the service between this city and Oakville for nearly two months undoubtedly had much to do with the result of the voting. The fear that a close-down of this service might come again at any time, with the resultant discomfort and inconvenience that were felt by both Hamilton and Burlington, caused many to feel that they should take what action they could to secure a means of transport that would not be subject to such arbitrary regulation. Many are of the opinion that it will not be long before the Hydro will absorb the Dominion Power & Transmission Company's electric lines and make them part of the hydro-radial scheme.

GOVTS. AMAZED AT LAKEFIELD

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, March 17. — "In a last desperate attempt to get Lakefield to apply to the Hydro for any power at all, so as to give Hydro the power under the Act to expropriate Lakefield dam, I have come to Toronto, and have made an appointment with Sir Adam Beck for Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock at Hydro headquarters. Notwithstanding that nothing stands in the way, Lakefield, which must apply as a municipality, to give the Hydro jurisdiction, will not do so. I have consulted both governments, which stand amazed that Lakefield will not apply, so as to save one hundred thousand to the public in added value of private privileges under new dam.

J. H. BURNHAM."

GETS HONORS

New York, March 17.—Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, and former chaplain of the 302nd Engineers, was today made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor by the French Government. Admiral Groult commanding the French fleet in the North Atlantic, conferred the decoration.

WILHELM SAWS A THOUSAND TREES

A FEW LOGS CONVERTED INTO SOUVENIRS AND PRESENTED TO HIS ASSISTANTS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Ameronger, Holland, March 17.—Former Emperor William today completed sawing into logs his thousandth tree since he took refuge at Count von Rentict's castle here last fall. From the thousandth tree a few logs were converted into souvenirs of his achievement and marked in red ink with the inscription "W-2." These were presented to members of the Bentinck family and to those who have assisted the Ex-emperor in his work during the past ten weeks. As he was completing his task the young Countess took a snapshot of Herr Hohenzollern and his assistants, Dr Foester and Capt. Eisemann also of the young gardener who prepared the logs for the ex-emperor to saw.

GETS OFF WITH 25 DOLLAR FINE

C. K. WIDDIFIELD'S ABLE DEFENCE PRAISED BY MAGISTRATE RUSH.

John A. McKnight, of Minden Township, charged with failing to report for medical examination in accordance with the provisions of the Military Service Act, was fined $25 and costs by Justices of the Peace H. Rush and V. Eastwood in Police Court on Saturday afternoon.

Crown Attorney Hatton produced an order-in-Council dated the 4th day of October, 1918, whereby it is conclusively presumed that the person in question received a registered letter and no evidence can be given in rebuttal.

McKnight's counsel, C. R. Widdifield contended that if McKnight was charged with failing to report on the 7th day of August, 1918, and the order-in-Council was passed on the 4th day of October, 1918, and not retroactive, it had no bearing upon the case before the court.

The magistrates, however, came to the conclusion that the order-in-Council effected this case and gave their verdict accordingly.

In view of the fact that it was so clearly shown to the court that McKnight was not wilfully to blame in the matter this small fine was imposed.

At the conclusion of the hearing Magistrate Rush complimented Mr. Widdified on his able argument and defence of McKnight.

Magistrate Dumble Resumes His Duties

Police Magistrate Dumble was upon the bench this morning again after an illness, which has confined him to his home for the past two weeks.

His Worship looks as hale and hearty as ever and was in the best of humor as a result of being back in his office once more and able to resume his practice.

During the absence of Mr. Dumble Justices of the Peace H. Rush, Frank Adams and V. Eastwood have had charge of the administration of justice in the local Police Court.

EITEL FRIEDRICH SUES FOR DIVORCE

SECOND SON OF EX-KAISER CHARGES WIFE WITH INFIDELITY.

Amsterdam, March 17.—Eitel Friedrich, second son of the former German Emperor, The Kleine Journal of Berlin says, has commenced divorce proceedings against his wife charging infidelity before the war. The paper adds that when the former Prince attempted to begin proceedings before the war his father vetoed the plan.

Eitel Friedrich was married in 1906 to Grand Duchess Sophie Charlotte of Oldenburg.

CRITICAL WEEK FOR GT. BRITAIN

RAILWAY MEN AND TRIPPLE ALLIANCE TO MEET ON STRIKE POLICY.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 17—Premier Lloyd George is expected to return to be present this week which is looked upon as critical in labor affairs of the country. On Thursday the coal commission will make its interim report which is expected to decide whether miners will proceed with their threatened strike. There will be conferences on Friday between railway men and the "triple alliance of labor," to decide on their strike policy.

Blockade in Force Till Peace Signed

BLOCKADE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR KEEPING FOOD OUT OF GERMANY.

London, March 17.—Reuter's has received from an authoritative source the following statement regarding the working of the blockade and the question of feeding enemy and other countries:

There are certain misconceptions to the effect that the blockade is responsible for keeping food out of enemy countries. This is not the case. The blockade was the most important factor in bringing about the collapse of the enemy, and the retention of its machinery until the conclusion of peace is regarded by the highest naval and military opinion as absolutely indispensable. But it is not the desire of the allies to use it for the purpose of preventing food from reaching starving populations.

As to the machinery of relief, the Supreme Economic Council in Paris is charged with this work in enemy and other countries, and on this Council the Blockade Ministers of the great powers are represented. It is for this Supreme Council to decide what measures of relief shall be adopted, and there has been no obstruction on the part of Blockade Ministers to any proposals for the provision of food that have been made by the Council. The difficulties, are, however, formidable, and form some of the greatest problems that any statesmen have had to deal with. In the case of Germany the main difficulty has been the refusal of that country to give up her merchant ships, which would be used largely in the relief of Germany herself and other countries.

Sailor Looks For Lost Bank Roll

Seaman David Wood of H. M. cable ship Lord Kelvin, who is spending a few days in Peterborough, met with a serious loss yesterday when he dropped a roll of bills amounting to $18. There were in the roll one ten-dollar bill, a five, a two and a one, so that the finder will have no trouble in coming to the conclusion that the money belongs to the sailor.

Seaman Wood belongs to the Imperial navy, and it can be readily realized that the wages paid in this force, in common with other branches of the Imperial service, are not of such a munificent character as to make a loss such as was suffered by the young visitor of little importance.

Seaman Wood is staying at the Y. M. C. A., and the finder of the money is asked to communicate with him there or with The Review office. Money is well earned in the naval service, and anyone picking up the sailor's roll of bills should return it to him at once.

FIND WORK FOR 80,000 SOLDIERS

Sydney, Australia, March 16. — Premier Holman in a speech yesterday said that the government intended to find employment for 80,000 soldiers in New South Wales, firstly, by legislation compelling employers to reinstate returned soldiers; secondly, by settling 8,000 soldiers on the land; thirdly, by employing the remainder on public works.

MILITARY CASTE ARE REAL GOVERNORS OF GERMANY

President Ebert, Chancellor Scheidemann and Minister of War Hoske Merely Puppets in Hands of Monarchists—Spartacan Revolt Will Recur Unless Miracle Happens.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 17.—Special despatches from Berlin, in a report on the suppression of the recent Spartacan outbreak there, has shown that Militaryand Monarchist reaction is growing and over-shadowing the new Government. The Berlin correspondent of the Mail, who on February 27th, sent a despatch outlining plans for Monarchist uprising in Germany, has arrived in London, having left Berlin on March 14th after a residence there of three months. He reiterates statements made in his despatch saying that President Ebert, chancellor Scheidemann and Minister of War Noske are merely puppets. He declares that for the purpose of retaining power they have allowed members of the military casts to appear as organizers of new Republican armies.

The Real Governors

"These men are real governors of Germany," he says. "They make edicts and Chancellor Scheidemann and his colleagues willingly sign them."

Revolt Will Reoccur

According to a despatch to the mail, the Spartacan revolt will certainly recur in an increasing force, unless a miracle happens. It adds that Herr Noske's forces have been recruited by bribes and the promise of big rations, and that to this may be attributed some of the food shortage in Berlin.

BIG TRANSPORT REACHES HALIFAX

BROUGHT PRINCESS PATS AND OTHER TROOPS—DOCKED THIS MORNING.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, N.S., March 17. — The transport Carmania, from England with the Princess Pats, forty-ninth battalion and fourth, fifth C.M.R. of the Canadian Expeditionary force on board, arrived in port this morning shortly before eight o'clock, and will dock at pier two at nine o'clock.

THE PEACE TEST

Germany is Threatening to Break Off the Negotiations

London, March 17. — The test question for German delegates at the Peace Conference will be the west bank of the Rhine, says a Berlin despatch. Delegates will be authorized to break negotiations if this matter is forced upon them, and in this case the Cabinet will support the delegation, and will resign if the National Assembly takes a different attitude.

TEN DOLLAR FINE FOR PEACEMAKER

INTERFERED WITH BAILIFF WHEN SERVING A SUBPOENA SATURDAY.

A local man bumped up against the majesty of the law on Saturday morning when he interfered quite innocently as it turned out later with the bailiff, who was engaged in serving a subpoena upon a man at the corner of Simcoe and George streets.

In the afternoon he appeared in police court, charged with interfering with the carrying out of the law and being instrumental in letting the man who was to be served with the notice to appear in court slip away from the officer who was trying to serve the papers.

The accused stated that he noticed the crowd at the intersection of the streets and upon arriving at the scene concluded quite erroneously that the bailiff, whom he did not recognize as an officer of the law, was engaged in a brawl with the man upon whom he was endeavoring to serve the summons.

Actuated with a desire to see the peace preserved the accused grasped the irate officer and dragged him away from the other party who took advantage of the momentary diversion to seek safety in flight.

Upon the bailiff showing the peacemaker his authority the latter realized his mistake and went to the police station with im and pleaded guilty to the charge of interfering with the law, although maintaining that he had done so quite innocently and with a desire to end what he assumed to be a street brawl.

Justices of the Peace Rush and Eastwood looked upon the incident as most unfortunate and Crown Attorney Hatton stated that it was quite evident the prisoner had acted in good faith and without knowledge that he was impeding the carrying out of the law.

A light fine of ten dollars with costs amounting to nine dollars and ten cents was imposed. The accused thanked Their Worships for their leniency, stating that he realized that the offence was a serious one, but that he had acted with the best of motives and had erred as a result of lack of knowledge in connection with the matter.

EVANGELIST DEAD.

Co-Worker with Rev. H. T. Crossley Dies After Long Illness.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 17.—Rev. John R. Hunter, Methodist, who worked with Rev. H. T. Crossley in three hundred evangelistic campaigns in all parts of Canada and the United States, died this morning after a long illness.

The King of Italy thinks he might be elected president of an Italian republic but manifests no violent haste to put his theory to the test.

CABLE FLASHES

(Canadian Press Despatch)

To Lift Blockade

Paris, March 17.—Blockade against Germany will be partly lifted this week. She will be permitted to buy food to the amount of three hundred and seventy thousand tons per month from enemy and neutral countries.

German Tonnage

London, March 17.—Three million five hundred thousand German tonnage will be turned over to the Allies at once. France gets one hundred thousand, Great Britain and the United States the balance.

Lenine Attacked

Copenhagen, March 17.—Another attempt to assassinate Bolshevikl Premier Lenine failed. His chauffeur was wounded.

U-Boat Sunk

Paris, March 17.—The German U-boat 48 in an attempt to escape from Ferrol, Spain, Friday night was pursued and sank by a destroyer.

Montreal to Greece

Ottawa, March 17.—Greek shipping will be secured for direct line between Montreal and Greece.

First Can. Division

London, March 17.—The first Canadian Division will begin to arrive from France next week. First battalions from this division will leave for Canada early in April.

INVESTIGATING BREEN'S CHARGES

CLAIMS THAT SKATES AND FEETS OF PLAYERS WERE TAMPERED WITH.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 17.—An investigation has been instituted into the charges made by Manager Breen of the defeated O. H. A. junior finalists from Woodstock that the effects and skates of his players were tampered with before Saturday's game with U. T. S.

The police have no clues so far as to the parties guilty of the alleged offence.

NO TRADE WITH SIBERIA.

Canadian Economic Commission Returning at Once.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Toronto, March 17. — A special cable from W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press correspondent in Siberia, says the Canadian Economic Commission has for the present given up the idea of Canada trading with Siberia, and Canada's economic commission is returning at once.

N. Y. BREWER SUES TO TEST THE PROHIBITION LAW

Claims It is Invalid as Wartime Measure—Elihu Root Declares in Petition War is Over.

New York, March 15.—Preliminary action toward testing the constitutionality of the wartime prohibition act was taken in the filing here today of a stockholder's suit in the federal court against the James Everard's breweries.

The complainant, Joseph E. Everard, asked the court for an order restraining the defendant from suspending its manufacturing activities by May 1, as is said they will be required by the federal statute.

Measure Called Unconstitutional

The complaint alleged that the emergency prohibition clause of the agricultural bill adopted November 21, 1918, is unconstitutional as a measure intended to safeguard the national security and defence, the armistice having been signed, hostilities ceased and orders given preliminary to reduction of the military forces before that date.

Denies Emergency Existed

The complaint, drawn with Elihu Root as chief counsel, alleged that when President Wilson proclaimed the armistice declaring "this war thus comes to an end," directed cessation of inductions into the army under the selective service act and announced plans for restoration of normal peace conditions there was no emergency, military or otherwise, calling for prohibition of the use of grains, cereals, fruits or other food products in the manufacture of beer or wines, or for forbidding the sale of such products in order to conserve the nation's man power and carry on the war.

The prohibitions, it is charged, were unnecessary and arbitrary and wholly without any power conferred on congress by the constitution.

Near Beer Ruling Attacked

The suit also attacks the regulations of the internal revenue department restricting the manufacture of "near beer," prior to May 1, to products not exceeding 2½ per cent in alcoholic content, with a reduction to one-half of 1 per cent when the commodity is offered for sale and consumption; and limiting the alcoholic content of all brewed beverages after May 1 to ½ per cent. It is claimed that beer containing 2½ per cent alcohol is not intoxicating, and that congress gave no authority for the ½ per cent limitation.

The complainant, who resides in Plainfield, N.J., is a minority stockholder of the Everard breweries located in this city. He alleges that the directors of the company have made plans to comply with the war time prohibition act, thus destroying the corporation's profit making ability.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH"

MONDAY, MARCH 17, 1919

BACK TO THE LAND.

A LARGE NUMBER of soldiers, who have been living an open-air life, will not on their coming home take kindly to returning to the confines of a workshop or factory, and to them the back to the land scheme should offer acceptable opportunity. But they should be trained for the purpose, as it would be absurd to take a man accustomed to a shop, put him on a small holding, and expect him to run it himself. For such men training must be provided, and under such conditions as will be acceptable to them.

The great Emperor Augustus settled his soldiers on the land, and it was only then that peace and prosperity fell upon the Roman Empire. There is plenty of land in Canada for her returned soldiers—abundance of it for those who will accept it; and unquestionably the more land cultivated the greater will be Canada's prosperity. Then, if we bring a population back to the land it relieves pressure on the labor market and it sustains the labor market.

TESTING DAYS.

THE SEARCHING and testing time of Canada is upon us, and both the nation and governments are called upon to abide the shock of reaction and rise to the occasion. We are in the midst of industrial stagnation, following the cessation of hostilities, and aggravated by the prolongation of an armistice into months of tense waiting for that real and abiding peace for which thousands of loyal Canadians have laid down their lives. The home fires of many, kept so brightly burning throughout the long and bitter war, are dying out for lack of industrial movement, and unrest and pessimism permeate the working classes. The transition to peace conditions is bringing with it unemployment for many and reduced wages for some, but the cost of living still remains sky high with no immediate prospect of a drop. And what are we going to do about it?

In England the Government is helping the situation there partly by a donation to the unemployed, and our Canadian governments might consistently find some such means for relieving the distress in Canada following in the wake of four years of unprecedented strife and sacrifice in protection of Canada and all that Canadians hold dear. The good roads scheme—and, goodness knows good roads in Canada are a crying need—should be put into active operation at the earliest possible date, and that will offer employment for many. Then much hardship will be alleviated where the inhabitants of each district, individually and through their public authorities, use every effort to put in hand housing and other necessary local work. Employers can help out during a critical period by developing new lines of industry with their existing or adapted machinery, and capitalists should rise to Canada's need by placing capital in the hands of men competent to take advantage of the new industrial opportunities which will undoubtedly follow the actual signing of peace. But apart from this, much depends on the sympathy of the public at large. It is not generally understood that the larger proportion of the workers have not been earning extravagant wages, and that with reduced income and present prices life will be hard for many families. Much will depend on the price and supply of food, clothing and fuel in the coming years, but much also on a diffused atmosphere of good will and a sense of responsibility on the part of the nation for the welfare of its workers at home who, by their cheerful carrying on and ready response to patriotic calls, have enabled our armies to help smash the wild boar of Europe, and, we hope, to establish once more peace on earth and good will to all men.

The whole future of Canada's industries depends on applied intelligence and the co-operation of employers and employed, and these, again, on an assured conviction in the public mind that knowledge is worth while and that living conditions must be made tolerable for each and every class of the community.

A REVELATION.

AS A RESULT OF THE WAR Great Britain awakened to the fact that she could grow a huge proportion of the food for which she had been dependent on foreign imports.

During the past two years the British, by a special effort at increased cultivation, arrived at the conclusion that the submarines could not starve them. They undertook a great agricultural policy, and in spite of reduced labor, increased the area of cultivation in Great Britain and Ireland by four million acres. How was that done? By a great combined effort. They brought the landlords in, and the farmers in, and the laborers in, and everybody who was concerned with the cultivation of the land. They got them all to work together for that purpose, and in two years, with reduced labor, brought back the cultivation of England to where it was forty or fifty years ago.

All of which goes to show what tremendous agricultural possibilities there must be in Canada, with its vast areas of yet virgin soil, were but both the government and people to unite in bringing it to the plow.

CASE AGAINST PARTITION.

SOUTHERN UNIONISTS in Ireland are as much opposed to partition as Nationalists, which means that the only people who want partition are the Carsonite extremists. There are, in the six counties, according to the latest census, 820,270 Protestants, but at least 200,000 of these, if not Home Rulers, are bitterly opposed to cutting up the country. In the six counties there are 430,161 Catholics, who with a few exceptions are Home Rulers, and if we add to that number the 200,000 mentioned we get a total of 630,161 opposed to partition.

KEEPING SQUARE PEGS OUT OF ROUND HOLES.

WE ARE TOLD that in the early stages of the war the men in charge of things found that skilled mechanics and engineers were filling clerical positions while expert bookkeepers and actuaries were doing their best to understand railway construction and machinery. Then an effort was made to re-group the men in the service. Efficiency demanded that a man's previous experience should be made to count for the most possible in the war.

Could not something of this re-cataloguing be adopted in the musical world? A young man with a mouth made by nature for playing the clarinet, say, but who has unfortunately, webbed hands, sometimes comes to a piano teacher for a course of study. Another, perhaps, with a voice that would be a passport into grand opera rioes starts trombone lessons and his arm is too short to handle the most extended position. Or, again, a person with a hair lip may waste time in planning how he can become a renowned cornetist while as a 'cellist he might bring the whole world to his feet.

Many a misguided girl has literally squandered a small fortune on what she thought was destined to become a mezzo-soprano voice of the first water, when as a violinist she might have won fame at home and abroad. If teachers and parents co-operate in looking out for misfits, catching them before the damage is done, and helping them into the right paths, efficiency will have done something for music, too.

TIDINESS IN MUSIC.

IT IS A PECULIAR THING that in homes that are otherwise tidily kept the room that is set apart for music is often a sorry spectacle of neglect, carelessness and disorder. Just why some folks who always return a book to the case when through reading, who keep their letters received in a holder for the purpose, who put their clothes away religiously and practice neatness generally—just why some of these persons go off leaving their sheet music on one of the parlor chairs, or phonograph records one on top of the other on the centre table to get scratched, or player rolls piled up on top of the piano in the boxes with lids missing, is more than the average mind can fathom. The psychology of such a person's mind requires deep study.

It is no extra trouble to keep the music room tidy, too. There are music cabinets; there are benches with a box under the seat for sheet music and folios. There are cabinets and albums for records; there are special cabinets for player rolls. There being no need, therefore, for a topsy-turvy music room, it is wise to train these little folks who are just beginning to take music lessons or who are using the instruments that play automatically, into habits of tidiness by seeing that they put their music away in the proper place as soon as they are finished with it.

Certain of the great musicians and composers were noted for their slovenliness and carelessness about their personal appearance and about their studios. But we do not need to copy them in that. They would have been just as great musicians if they had been tidy and neat.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE FACT THAT St. Patrick's Day is to be celebrated by various denominations is an encouraging sign of the growth of the spirit of toleration.

* * * * *

LIKE THE FRAMERS of the Military Service Act, Sir Sam Hughes seems to insist that the burden of proof shall fall upon the accused.

* * * * *

"A PERMANENT Union Government would mean a Tory Government," says the Hamilton Times. Well, even at that, things could easily be worse.

* * * * *

"COMING EVENTS cast their shadows before," And just at present some of these shadows are falling where, in the words of another bard, "sunshine used to play."

* * * * *

EVERY PARENT, every friend of education in the city, should make it a point to hear Mrs. Ada Courtice, of Toronto, in the Collegiate Assembly Hall Tuesday night.

* * * * *

REGARDED AS HE IS as a resident of Toronto, Sir Adam Beck could expect nothing better than the chilly reception he is receiving in Hamilton these days. That interurban jealousy will not down.

* * * * *

"TORONTO HAS forty-eight coroners. If Hamilton had half that number once in a while a murderer might be brought to justice," says the Orillia Packet. However, it is not coroners but detective skill that Hamilton requires.

* * * * *

THE PEMBROKE STANDARD remarks that Sir Sam Hughes was not so solicitous for the boys over there when he told the British authorities that the Canadian soldiers could digest mails. "But," adds the Standard in logical explanation, "he was Minister of Militia then."

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

Comrades.

(Detroit News.)

A Turk never touches intoxicating liquor. That ought to have the effect almost of making a prohibition orator dry up.

"Now Is the Accepted Time."

(Toronto Star.)

The best time for taking over the entire Grand Trunk system is at the time when the G. T. P. has to be taken over.

Humble but Useful.

(Baltimore American.)

In the general distribution of war medals, why should not there be one for the tired consumer who stayed at home and paid the bills?

REMINISCENCES OF THE AIR

So Henry came to the war, fresh from Canada, newly commissioned and newly outfitted. He was surprised to find a group of cheery people playing cards and shooting choruses in a pleasantly furnished ex-drawing room the Huns had left practically undamaged. He had an excellent dinner, complete with hors d'oeuvres and savoury, and in place of a wet field to sleep in, a pleasant bedroom with a chest of drawers in which to put his clothes, and an elegant, if cracked, wash stand.

We took him around to see the country and the lines—down the Lys to Hallum and Menin, round very low to Komuel, over that land of incredible desolation, the brown lifeless earth, the dull red patch that marked a building, and the point spike of trees. Then up to the ruined monastry of Mont des Cats, and back east over Ypres, or rather what is left of it. On again eastwards into the fertile and prosperous country, leaving Lille, a well planned and well cared for city, on the right, over the roofs and chimneys of Roubaix, on towards Tournai and the glimmering Scheldt and the floods. A string of big, creamy "sausages" marked our side of the line. Beyond stretched the open country, and down on the right lay Tournai, with its red roofs and bridges still intact.

So we coasted along between our balloon lines and the Scheldt. All semed strange and not quite real to Henry. Of course, like all newcomers, he was greatly occupied in keeping his place in the formation and watching his leader, and he had not too much time to spare to view the surroundings. What first attracted him was a line of black balloons in the east—not "sausages," but balloons of the old type that we used to see before the days of aeroplanes. Very still they hung. Then one began slowly to dissolve, and then another; then nearer more balloons appeared; and then he realized what they were—Archie bursts marking the disappointments of the Hun gunners. Next he saw three Camels flash in formation and again later a flight of what looked to be D. H. G.'s. Then to the east he saw two machines spinning one above the other and for the moment he wondered at the cleverness with which the top one kept his distance. The bottom one flattened out and the top one followed suit, and all of a sudden the bottom one burst into flames. Again how stupid of him not to realize they were enemies; the whole effect was so curious and scenic that he had to pinch himself and tell himself it was real war, thewar that he at last had actually come to and was to take an actual share in. "Yet not today," he thought; "today I am only a spectator to see the lines." At that moment—wuff! A sharp bark at his right wing and a lurch of his machine made him look hastily round, and there was one of his black balloons at side. The leader immediately did a couple of sharp turns and then they were diving away westwards and to home. Down on the ground, two great fires were raging on the bank of the gleaming Scheldt; in the west the sun was setting in an angry red haze; a Camel patrol in the distance showed as little black specks. The day's war was over for aviators, and they were going home to tea.

A Beginner's Luck.

A glorious cloudless day succeeded a rainy interval. As Henry woke and the sun's rays fell upon him his nerves tingled. It was his day at last. For three days he had been pronounced fit for offensive patrol, and each day the rain had intervened. Today it would come off, and the Huns would be up in strength. His batman came in with hot water and a busy air. "Squadron show at nine o'clock, sir," he said. "Eight o'clock now, sir." Henry jumped up and looked out on the clear sky and bright aerodrome back by the wood with its leaves just turning. The machines were being brought out and dressed by the right; and the gunnery men were already getting busy with the guns.

The squadron took off by flights in formation. They did not well, and it was a pretty sight to see each flight taxi out and arrange themselves in a V behind the leader. He would look round, and, seeing them all ready, would open out. A burst of blue smoke from his exhaust pipes gave the signal to the rest, and they dashed across the grass and rose in pairs behind him. Soon the squadron disappeared eastward in three flocks.

Over Lille they met a few Camels, and by Tournai they saw a patrol of Bristol Fighters; otherwise they seemed to have the sky to themselves. But the Huns were not going to leave them undisturbed. Soon came the unpleasantly familiar little bark and the hanging cloud of black smoke, first at some distance, then annoyingly close. The game started, the short dives followed by climbing turns, the zigzagging and zooming known on the ground as "dodging Archie," and in the air at whatever comes readiest to the tongue. This, of course, was more worrying to Henry than to the others who had been out long enough to have gained an implicit faith in their machines, and it was more trying as he found it hard to keep in a fortuous formation. However, that battery was soon passed and they proceeded on their beat, north and south ,up and down the lines. The time slipped along, and it was wonderfully warm for twelve thousand feet, it seemed so peaceful that Henry almost caught himself napping ;he was even starting to forget to search the sky behind his tail. All of a sudden over went the leader on his right wing, then down went the nose, and he was going headlong for earth. The next man followed. Henry hesitated a moment, then threw his 'bus over and followed suit. "What is it? What 's it?" he was shouting in his excitement. "It must be Huns. Where are they? What are they doing? Now I'm going to keep my head. Steady now." His engine roared and his wires sang. Below he saw machines circling round and dashing this way and that. He saw British machines, umpteen British machines—red, white, and blue circles everywhere. "It must be a false alarm," he thought. Nowhere could he see a black cross, as he pulled out level with the melee. What a fiasco! They formed up and drew away westwards.

He changed his flying kit, and repaired to orderly room. There he found everybody talking at once. "What time did it happen?" "Ten-ten, S.W. of Audenarde." "I saw six, red-tailed blighters. They came in on 'B' flight from the south-east; one got on my tail, and I half rolled and —" "Here, lend me a pen, for the love of God, somebody. Let me see, how does this run? Place—Audenarde, time—10.10, type of E.A.—Fokker biplane. Pilot's Report: I saw one E.A. dive away east. I followed and fired a long burst; he burst into flames. Confirmed by—here, George old man, come and confirm my Hun."

So, gathering scraps from the confusion, it appeared that there had, indeed, been a fight. All that Henry could surmise was that he had been too late for the fun. The Major called him and asked him what he had seen. "I didn't see anything, sir," he replied. "Didn't see anything!" came a chorus. "No; I saw a lot of our machines dashing round, but I couldn't see any Huns. I think I must have been too late." "Not see any Huns!" said George. "My good boy, weren't you flying 'M'?" "Yes." "Well, perhaps you're not aware then that I shot one of the blighters off your tail."

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

Weather. Wats fair for one is fair for all.

Sports. Sam Cross is practising up to join a circus and last Sattie morning he was exercising with dambells in his winter underware with a red handkerchief erround his waist looking like tights, and he saw 2 gerls standing in a window across the street looking over and laffing and Sam Cross quick pulled down the shades thinking maybe they was laffing at him.

Exter! During Robbery! Leroy Shooster discovered a black lady cat in a empty yard with 6 diffrent colored kittins proberly all hers, and he took a yello one home to watch it grow up into a yello cat, and last Thersday the black lady cat came over his back fents and stole the kittin back and then took the hole 6 of them sumwares eits, their wareabouts still being a mystery.

Sissiety. Miss Maud Jonson was obzerved last Sundey on Broad street wearing a new tommy shanter hat coming down over one eye because that's the way its sipposed to come and not because it don't fit rite.

Pome by Skinny Martin:

JEST WAT YOUD IXPECT
Ive got a egg shape football,
It bounces wen its round.
But when I leave the air out
It merely hits the ground.

Intristing Facks About Intristing People. Sid Hunt once drank a half teespoonful of ink for scientifick perposes to see how it taisted, wich he says if you never tried it you dident miss mutch. LEE PAPE

Harry—I wonder if Kate is really fond of me.

Dick—I know she is; heard her say so.

Harry—You don't mean it.

Dick — I do, though. Well, she didn't say so in so many words, but she intimated a smuch. She said that she loved even the meanest of God's creatures. Old boy ,let me congratulate you."

WIT AND WISDOM

Charley was considered the dandy of the town, and when he came home from a visit to the city he was supposed to set forth the latest fashions in performance as well as in attire.

Upon the occasion of one such visit he went into a shop to look at gloves. He was shown several pairs, but astonished the shopkeeper by saying:

"But I want three."

"Dear me! Three pairs."

"Oh, no, three gloves."

"Nobody can wear more than two."

"I know that; most on 'em only wears one and wabbles the other, but I want three——two to wear and one to wabble."

Pat had got possession of a badly spoilt pointer dog, and meeting a likely purchaser the following conversation took place:

"That's a good looking dog, my man," said Pat, carelessly, "but not half as good as he looks."

Being asked the reason, he replied: "When I take him for a hunt, instead of catching the rabbit or hare, he stands like a fool in the middle of the field and points his paw at it."

She laid the still white form beside those that had gone before. No groan, no sigh, burst from her. Suddenly she let forth a cry that pierced the still night air, making it vibrate into a thousand echoes. It seemed as if it came from her very soul. Twice the cry was repeated, and then all was quite quiet again. She would lay another egg tomorrow.

The best story about President Wilson so far concerns an occasion when he was announced to speak at a meeting in a small western town. On account of a cloudburst, however, there was a washout on the railroad. So he telegraphed to the committee: "Cannot reach you in time. Washout on the line."

Back came the reply:

"Never mind your wash. Buy another shirt at our expense and come anyway."

Henpeck was having his picture "took."

"Will you take something to drink?" asked the photographer.

"With pleasure," the sitter replied.

The photograph was taken and the sitter said:

"But what about the little invitation?"

"Oh," said the camera man, "that's just a professional ruse of mine to give a natural, interested expression to the face."

The head of the family glanced up from his paper and remarked:

"I see there's a new hippopotamus at the zoo." Glancing at his son a moment later, he said: "What are you laughing at, Harry?"

"I was jus' laughin' to think of a stork carryin' a hipperpotamus!" returned Harry.

The famous humorist had partaken too heartily of Yuletide fare. Acute indigestion had laid him low.

As his friends gathered about him he smiled feebly.

"At any rate," murmured he, between spasms of pain, "I am able to keep up my reputation as a humorist."

But his friends wer puzzled.

"Di-gesting!" the patient gasped.

The would-be actor who considers himself a budding genius is apt to strike a frost the first time he appears in public.

...VOUS PROSTRATION

...be Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—This Letter Proves It.

West Philadelphia, Pa.—"During the thirty years I have been married, I have been in bad health and had several attacks of nervous prostration until it seemed as if the organs in my whole body were worn out. I was finally persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made a well woman of me. I can now do all my housework and advise all ailing women to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I will guarantee they will derive great benefit from it."—Mrs. FRANK FITZGERALD, 25 N. 41st Street, West Philadelphia, Pa.

There are thousands of women everywhere in Mrs. Fitzgerald's condition, suffering from nervousness, backache, headaches, and other symptoms of a functional derangement. It was a grateful spirit for health restored which led her to write this letter so that other women may benefit from her experience and find health as she has done.

For suggestions in regard to your condition write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

HARD LINES

The day is damp, the winds are bleak, my heart is sad, my hinges creak ,rheumatic pains are sharp; alas, I find it pretty hard to be a cheerup sunshine bard, and twang a joyous harp. I'd like to sing in wailing tones of winding sheets and dead men's bones. I fain would chant a dirge; to tap a reservoir of tears and sing of vain and aching years I feel a mighty urge. But if I wrote that kind of whine, some day when I am feeling fine I'd run across the pome, and then I'd cry, "My aunt! My hat! Did I produce such slush as that? What bugs were in my dome?" And I would blush to beat the band; for healthy men can't understand the drooling of the sick; and when one reads a tear wet ode he feels like mopping up the road with some fat rhyming hick. I'd hate to read my deathless lines and find them full of maudlin whines and sobs and sighs and moans; to spring a joyous spiel, or break some collar bones. The day is dark, the winds are bleak, but there'll be brighter days next week, the world will smile again; the sun will push the clouds away and put up forty kinds of hay and cheer the souls of men.

WALT MASON

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some society ladies are works of art.

The scale of justice must be a sort of trial balance.

It's a poor phonograph that is unable to speak for itself.

It takes a good artist or a good actor to draw a good house.

The man who owes his shoemaker cannot call his soul his own.

Perhaps a woman is unreasonable in her reasoning, because——.

Weak Pimply Skin. The Great Englis... Tonic and Invigorator... Stability, Mental Lucidity, Nervous Energy, Loss of Appetite, Impoverished Blood, Pallid Complexion, Palpitation of the Heart, Pulling Weakness. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Thomas Wood...)

EMPIRE THEATRE | MONDAY and TUESDAY

Doris Kenyon in The Inn of the Blue Moon

by Louis Joseph Vance, in 6 acts

LEAH BAIRD in the Greatest German Spy Serial 2 parts
"Wolves of Kultur" Chap. 12 "THE TOWER OF TERRS".

JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG in Girls You Know with DOROTHY WALLACE Comedy

Neal Burns and Gertrude Selby in TOO MUCH ELEPHANT Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND, To-day

The celebrated Screen Star HENRY B. WALTHALL in

"WITH HOOPS OF STEEL"

Motto: As gold is tried in fire so friendship is tried in adversity

This ad and 10c and 1c for war tax good for One Admission Wednesday next to see RUTH ROLAND — in — "HANDS UP"

14 First Run ... Reels ...

ROYAL

16c ..TO.. ALL

ENTIRE CHANGE TO-NIGHT DON'T MISS IT

High-class Fox Program For TO-NIGHT

WILLIAM FARNUM in 6 Parts

"THE HEART OF A LION"

JEWEL CARMEN in a Great Love Drama entitled

"CONFESSION"

Eventful story of an Interrupted Honeymoon

5 PARTS

W. FOX'S Special Sunshine Comedy

"Who's Your Father?" 2 PARTS

Concluding with a side-splitting Farce of

"MUTT and JEFF"

DON'T MISS WM. FARNUM ONE OF THE BEST FOX STARS---TO-NIGHT

Capt. A. F. B. Carpenter, V.C., Who Took the Vindictive Through Zeebrugge Fight

MEET to be remembered with the Revenge and the Victory is H. M. S. Vindictive, one of whose gallant commanders—Capt. A. F. B. Carpenter, R.N., V.C.—recently visited Canada.

Zeebrugge and Ostend, the centre of the German submarine peril, might have been made another Gallipoli, with even greater sacrifices and even less results. But instead of squandering battleships, bluejackets and soldiers in securing possession of these points, the British Navy utterly destroyed their usefulness, while leaving the Germans in absolute geographical occupation until the very end of the war. The Vindictive was one of the ships, and Capt. Carpenter was one of the men who "did it."

You would think, to hear this rather pale-faced, blue-eyed, spare-figured man talk of it, that it was a small thing—though interesting—this smashing of the Uyers' nests.

"None of us expected to come back," he said, "but, my word, we did enjoy it! The men were all picked from volunteers and tried out under intensive training. And didn't they behave splendidly. Every man! Every single man! By jove, one can't say too much about the way those fellows did their jobs!"

Six old cruisers, an ancient submarine, two ferryboats that once gathered fares at Liverpool, a few destroyers and a swarm of motor launches, coast patrol boats and smoke-makers started for the Belgian coast in broad daylight on April 22, 1918, steaming slowly, at the speed of the "limpiest duck of them all."

CAPTAIN CARPENTER, V.C.

At midnight they rolled down on Zeebrugge, their smoke screen borne ahead of them on the northeast wind. When almost at their goal the wind shifted, blew their smoke back on them, and laid every outline bare to the questing searchlights. The whole harbor burst into a blaze of star shells, gunflashes, searchlight beams and swarms of the "green onions" [illegible] air raiders.

The ships were exposed to machine gun and point blank shots of the Mole, and heavy batteries ashore bombarded them.

Clad in oilskins and wearing a cork jacket, Capt. Carpenter "commanded" the Vindictive from the open bridge till the Daffodil had passed her into position. Her oilskins were ripped with bullets and shrapnel.

"It's a rather alarming old thing," he said afterwards, "when the engine-room telegraph, and the ships meant to block the entrance were sunk before they got into proper position.

The brave old Vindictive, battered as she was, crawled out again on the 9th of May—two weeks after her Zeebrugge escapade — and finished the Ostend job. Commander Godsal had charge of her this time; he had commanded one of the ships which was sunk in the preceding raid. He laid her athwart the entrance piers, in a storm of German shellfire which equalled the Zeebrugge show. A shell which demolished her conning tower ere she sank killed him and many of his officers, but their work, and the old ship's work, was done, and well done. Ostend, like Zeebrugge, was blocked. "Closed for the war" might have been the sign over each. With the blocking of the entrances the submarines became mere laboratory specimens of the genus sea-snake, interesting but harmless; Ostend and Zeebrugge were the bottles which contained them.

A Curious Mammal.

A very rare and curious mammal, known to science as the *Solenodon paradoxus*, is a back-number, zoologically speaking. It is a native of Haiti and looks as if it properly belonged to "Alice in Wonderland." One is reminded of the "slithy toves."

It is manifestly an ancient type of animal, destined before long to vanish finally from the earth. With the fur, ears and tail of an opossum, the teeth of a shrew, a long proboscis and curved claws with which to scratch up the insects on which it feeds, it bears no total resemblance to any other existing creature.

Another queer mammal (very ancient likewise, say the naturalists) is the tenrec of Madagascar, which is nearly extinct. It is likewise a feeder on insects and looks somewhat like a badger in miniature, but with a long snout.

Not more than 100,000 years ago there were on this continent giant sloths, as big as fair-sized elephants. The skeletons of specimens are preserved to-day in museums, one of the largest species being called the megatherium. At the present time their race is represented in tropical America by a small and degenerate breed.

These modern sloths live in trees, hanging from branches for hours without moving. Thus it is not easy to discover their presence, and, as a special and peculiar disguise, a grayish-green lichen grows on their fur.

The pangolin, native to southern Asia, is another ancient type of mammal. It is an insect-eater, very sluggish, and, being provided with no effective weapons for defence, is armored, being completely clad in scales. When attacked, it rolls itself into a ball and presents an impervious exterior to the enemy.

Scientific Plant Marriage.

Plants very commonly depend for their cross-fertilization upon insects, which carry pollen from flower to flower. But, of course, the matings thus accomplished are purely haphazard.

The plant-breeder to get worthwhile results must select the destined parents and control the character of the offspring by making sure that a particular flower receives only a certain pollen, the latter being the male element.

He accomplishes this by artificial impregnation—a matter easy enough, especially in a greenhouse. The pollen may be carried in a watchglass and applied with the tip of a little brush. There are, however, other methods.

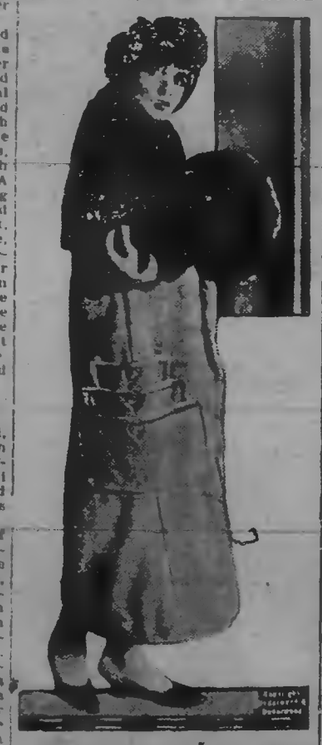
To make the flower safe against other and accidental pollens, it is inclosed in a tiny bag of cheesecloth. Then the breeder is sure of his parents, and it remains only to be seen how the offspring will turn out. It may prove a valuable new variety.

Suppose that a fruit is concerned. The latter, to prevent injury by insects or birds, may be further protected by a cheesecloth bag big enough to allow for its full development. Thus it grows to ripe perfection and, when it is ready to be picked, judgment can be given as to its value.

Only American Flag.

There are flags made of red, white and blue stripes, but the American flag has not only the stripes made in certain proportions, and number, but the stars as well arranged upon a blue field in certain proportions in a certain order. No one should mistake such hunting for the American flag.

DUVETYN COAT FOR SERVICE



This effective and serviceable duvetyn coat will appeal strongly to many. Who can resist the immense beaver collar and the "triple" pockets?

First Attempt to Explore Africa.

The first organized attempt to explore the interior of Africa was made by Mungo Park, who set sail on his initial voyage to the Dark Continent 123 years ago. He returned two years and seven months later after having explored a considerable section of Africa never before visited by a white man, although he failed in his main purpose, which was to trace the source of the River Niger.

When a Nut Isn't.

The peanut isn't a nut at all, but a member of the pea, bean and clover family. It is a legume and gathers nitrogen from the air. Peanuts do not grow from roots, but on shoots which grow out from the plant above ground, bear a little sterile yellow blossom and then shoot directly into the ground, where they peg—that is, where peanuts begin to grow on them.—St. Nicholas.

Not Really Sardines.

A large proportion of the so-called sardines taken along the Atlantic coast of this country and Canada are not true sardines but are the young of the herring and menhadden. They are prepared in about the same way as true European sardines, however, and it would puzzle some of the most experienced epicures to distinguish the spurious from the genuine.

Rich Rhine Country.

Strange to say, the fine grapes are grown on the eastern slopes of the Rhine and the choicest varieties, as Johannisberger and Steinberger, are produced higher up the river, south of the Rhine province. It is, nevertheless, the land of the vine, especially the Moselle valley. The substantial claim of the province is its mineral [illegible]

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

Catching a Wireless Leak

"B-z-z-z-z-z-z-z-z-z-z!"

Buzzing and sputtering, the spark was acting up. The French Intelligence Department, with receivers all tuned up for Nauen and Madrid, could make nothing out of the supposed message. (It is E. T. Bronsdon, recounting the incident, in Popular Mechanics.

"Nothing there!" was the verdict of the wireless expert.

Headquarters thought differently. The Germans had known far too much concerning Allied troop disposal in the Somme advance. News was getting across constantly; some of it was acted upon by the Boches before ever Allied troops in advanced positions could know of the changes made. Careful sifting had made a practical certainty of the theory that a neutral country was sending the news by powerful wireless. Further investigation had disclosed that in Madrid, Spain, an instrument was using the same wave length used habitually by Nauen, the great official station of the German empire. A little observation showed further that, at irregular times, both of these stations sent out these queer buzzings. It looked suspicious, to say the least.

For weeks afterwards the Allies kept experts busy on the strange problem. Every sort of instrument was tried, the theory being that perhaps some special receiving apparatus had been invented which made the buzzing jumble intelligent. The British who were called in to wrestle with the problem were unanimous in the opinion that the noise, which never lasted more than a fraction of a minute, was due purely to some imperfections in the sending stations. No message of any kind, except possibly some code word agreed upon before the war, could be sent in this manner—surely no data concerning the movements of divisions or army corps, for the names of these alone would take more spark than was wasted on the whole of each of these "mystery messages." The French were polite, but unconvinced.

Still the buzzing continued from Nauen and from Madrid, though more often from the latter. The leak, also, was growing worse. It had become so bad that the French organized a phantom attack under Gen. Debeneau. With only that general and Headquarters' Staff in "on the know," three divisions were scheduled to hammer the German front on a certain August morning. Two days previous to the imaginary attack the Germans on this front abandoned three moderately dangerous positions which they had held stubbornly to that time! Patrols sent out to reconnoitre reported a huge force of stosstruppen grimly waiting to annihilate the three divisions, which naturally never went over the top.

Positive orders went out to "tune up" on Madrid. Obeying this mandate, the Intelligence Department finally discovered the trick. A certain investigator, at his wit's end, attached a phonograph with a blank record to the receiving station which was investigating Madrid. When the buzzing came it was inscribed on the soft wax of a record. This first attempt yielded no specific result, but it furnished a hint. Running the record at two or three revolutions a minute, several experts thought they detected certain letters.

Immediately another trial was made. This time the blank record was run 300 revolutions to the minute.

The buzzing was caught. When the record was rerun at lower speed the code message was obtained! Then, of course, the problem was simplicity itself; no German ever yet has been able to evolve a code which the Federal Intelligence Department could not decipher in its sleep. The message, as expected, gave a wealth of details that no German was supposed to know. Soon after Nauen came through with questions which Madrid would answer as soon as possible.

The scheme really was simple. In each of these stations reels for holding a perforated tape message had been attached to the wireless sending apparatus. A mechanism essentially like that which reproduces from music rolls on a player piano took the message from the perforated roll and sent it out in ether waves at from 300 to 400 words a minute! At either end a phonograph picked up the seemingly meaningless jumble and ordinary steel needles reproduced it.

It is doubtful if the Germans ever found out that the French were on to their scheme, for on occasion, until nearly the end of the war, the device was used. Needless to say there always was a third party "on the line"—and it is certain that none of the information that subsequently went through ever bothered the Allied armies. Through various ruses, and through the leading questions asked by Nauen, the French were able to pick up many spies that they never would have suspected under ordinary circumstances, thus closing up most of Fritz's reliable sources of information.

National Debts.

National debts of the world have increased from $44,000,000,000 to $204,000,000,000 during the war period, and the interest payments thereon from less than $2,000,000,000 a year to more than $10,000,000,000, according to a statement made by O. P. Austin, statistician of the National City Bank of New York. The United States, he said, would enter the new conditions of world trade resulting from the war with a less handicap than that of many of the sister nations. The nation now holds fully one-third of the gold of the world.

TRY A REVIEW WANT AD.

Be Sure to Get

WRIGLEY'S

THE wax-wrapped sealed package with WRIGLEY'S upon it is a guarantee of quality.

The largest chewing-gum factories in the world—the largest selling gum in the world: that is what WRIGLEY'S means.

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT!

Made in Canada

67

The Flavour Lasts!

Eyes Had to Be Blue.

Blue-eyed babies always claim a preponderance of admirers. The fact has just again been emphasized—this time at Hampstead, England. It was announced in the press that the town officials had a "bonny blue-eyed baby" for adoption, and straightway 350 would-be adopters wrote to secure it. Unfortunately it was found that the infant's eyes had been wrongly described. The eyes were not blue, after all, and when they heard of this some of the ladies withdrew their offers.

The Fragrant Weed.

The use of tobacco was first discovered in America when Columbus, in 1492, sent his first party to explore the island of Cuba. It was first observed that these herbs were burned and carried by the natives to perfume themselves. It was later discovered that these herbs were also used for chewing, and later as America was opened up and explored, it was observed that they were smoked in large quantities.

Balsam Gum.

The gum of the balsam fir, Abies balsamea, is known commercially as Canada balsam, and is largely used in the manufacture of optical instruments and in various other ways about scientific laboratories. There is a constant market for it, the price varying with the quality and the supply. Some time ago a fair quality was worth 20 cents per pound.

Oldest Timber.

What is described as the oldest timber in the world which has been used by man is found in an ancient temple of Egypt. This timber is used in connection with stone work, which is known to be more than 4,600 years old. This wood—and the only wood employed in the construction of the temple—is in the form of ties which hold the end of one stone to another. The ties appear to be tamarisk, of which the ark was constructed.

Looking Ahead.

A baby boy arrived one morning. Hunter, three years old, had been given two billy goats for his last birthday. That morning his father said: "Now Hunter, you don't need two goats, suppose you give your little brother one. What do you say?" Hunter didn't say anything for a minute, then he said: "Father, I've been thinking it over, and I've decided maybe I'd better save that goat for my own little boy."

Smallest National Park.

The smallest of our national parks contains just thirty-eight acres and is on Prince of Wales Island, Southeastern Alaska. It was created but a year or so ago by presidential proclamation. The park is an abandoned Indian village, chiefly interesting for its totem poles. There are, also, some buildings, which are the best known examples of Haida Indian architecture.

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Have You Pains, Cramps, Callouses or a Burning Sensation at or near where the finger joints? If so,

DR. SCHOLL has perfected a special appliance, known as the

Anterior Metatarsal Arch Support

which will positively relieve that particular foot ailment.

For Sale at all RELIABLE SHOE DEALERS.

Write for Dr. Scholl's Free Booklet, "Treatment and Care of the Feet."

The Scholl Mfg. Co., Limited Dept. G 1. 112 Adelaide St. East, Toronto

Also Chicago, New York, and London, Eng.

SCHOLL Eases the Feet

MORMON BISHOP A VILLA CAPTIVE

ALSO FOUR MISSIONARIES REPORTED DETAINED BY MEXICAN BANDITS

Juarez, Mexico, March 17.—An unofficial report was received here today that Bishop Joseph C. Bentley, president of the Morman stake of Colonia Juarez, together with Joseph Spencer, Joseph Williams and two other Mormon Missionaries, were being held by Francisco Villa and Filipe Angeles somewhere south of Ft. Mabie, Chihuahua.

Under Act One Man May Be A Family

IMPORTANT RULING BY MR. JUSTICE CLUTE—QUASHES $500 FINE

For the purpose of the Ontario Temperance Act, Mr. Justice Clute holds in a judgment given at Osgoode Hall, an unmarried man living in his own apartments where he takes his meals may be considered a "family." The case came before him yesterday on appeal from Magistrate Jelfs of Hamilton, who fined Arthur Baird $500 for having liquor in his suite in the Commercial Apartments, 41 Park road, north, Hamilton. Justice Clute quashes the conviction, protects the magistrate and officers, and directs that any property removed, if any, be returned.

Under the act it is provided that intoxicating liquor may be lawfully kept in an apartment where "there are facilities for cooking and a family actually residing, cooking, sleeping, and taking their meals."

Mr. Baird is a clerk in a hotel. He sleeps and takes his dinner and supper in the apartments, where a quantity of liquor was found. A woman comes in to prepare his meals.

"With Some Hesitation."

"Giving the words their natural meaning," says the judgment, "a 'family residing, cooking, sleeping and taking their meals' seems to imply that more than one person was intended. Suppose a man and his wife occupy premises of this kind, and take their meals there. There would be no question that this would fall within the statute as constituting a family. If, then, the wife died and the husband remained, a woman coming in, cooking his meals and taking care of the house, but not sleeping there, I think it could scarcely be doubted that that would still constitute a 'family' within the meaning of the act. With some hesitation I am of opinion that it does come within the act, and that the premises constitute a 'private dwelling house' within the act."

Yes, I Intend To But Not Now

Have YOU any idea what that decision is costing you—even if you live? Of course, if you die the cost is much GREATER.

Read the following facts and then decide for yourself:

The premium you would pay for $1000 of insurance at age 40 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $4000 of insurance at age 21

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 50 WOULD BUY YOU nearly $2500 at age 21.

The premium you pay for $1000 of insurance at age 35 WOULD BUY YOU $1440 at age 21.

Besides, while you may be insurable at age 21 you may not be insurable AT ANY PRICE at the other ages mentioned.

The one great fact that touches our lives is the verdict of NOW.

See the Sun Life agent about this.

W. H. HILL, Manager, Central Ontario

Crowe Chambers Building, Peterboro, Ont.

D. H. MOORE, J. D. CAMERON } Inspectors PHONE 14

EDITOR'S MAIL

March 15th, 1919.

To the Editor of The Review:

Dear Sir,—We wish to draw your attention to an error in the article entitled "Half the Jews in Peterboro Will Leave for Palestine," which appeared in the March 15th issue of your paper.

Here is stated that a few Jews try still to maintain the ancient feasts and laws laid down in the Old Testament, while many others have given up a good many of these old forms and still other Jews are atheists.

Now, in correction of this statement beg to say that the majority of the Jews are Orthodox, that is that they believe and practice the old rites and feasts laid down in the Old Testament and when they regain Palestine will pratice them to an even greater extent. There are no atheists among the Jews, for one who is an atheist does not believe in God and every Jew believes in and prays to one and only one God.

There are a few Jews who do not practice the religion according to Orthodox principles. These so called Reformers are mostly Germans and are looked down upon and despised by both true Jews and true Christians.

Furthermore, this article states that the Jews will not attempt to rebuild the temple destroyed by Titus, the Roman. This is a matter which can hardly be prophesied, but it is more likely than not that it will be rebuilt.

The Kahens are the High Priests of Judea and the descendents of the tribe of Levi are assistants to the High Priests. The Jews are proud of the fact that throughout the thousands of years of their wandering and persecution the identity of the Kahens and Levis has not been lost as stated in your article. The Jews do not guess as to who these men are; it is an heirloom handed down from father to son and each one knows to which of the three main tribes he belongs.

Thanking you for this space, we remain,

TRUE ORTHODOX JEWS.

Canadian Workers To Stand Alone

Calgary, March 17.—A resolution supporting the policy of industrial unionism and separation from the international organization was passed amid the greatest enthusiasm at the Western Canada Labor Conference and every delegate supported it earnestly on behalf of the several branches of labor represented.

FOR IMMEDIATE PRODUCTION

Alberta Farmers Seek Aid of Government

Lethbridge, March 17.— Five hundred farmers from all sections of Southern Alberta are in session here to organize an association to bring about irrigation of 500,000 acres and to prepare a program for consideration by the Dominion and Provincial Governments, who are being asked to aid in the scheme which will involve an expenditure of $15,000,000.

MARINERS NOT INVOLVED

Washington, March 17.— Col. Theodore P. Kane, commanding the American Legation Marine Guard at Pekin, reported today that marines were not involved in the disturbance at Tientsin, which the American Minister is investigating.

BOLSHEVIKI CAMPAIGN

Will Use Air—Craft to Distribute Propaganda Literature.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Washington, March 17.—The Russian Bolsheviki Government is planning to use air-craft in a propaganda campaign in England France, according to Swedish press reports made public today by the state department.

Aviators for this work are said to be in training at moscow. The scheme is to drop papers containing Bolshevik propaganda written in invisible ink.

WILL INTERVIEW COMMISSION

Deputation From Peterborough Will Meet Sir Adam Beck, Tomorrow

Chairman Edgar and the members of the Railway Committee, Mayor Duncan and City Clerk Armstrong will tomorrow wait upon Sir Adam Beck in Toronto in connection with matters pertaining to the local street railway and other questions concerning the Hydro in which the city is interested.

TP. OF SMITH PROHIBITS SPEEDING ON HIGHWAY

Monthly Meeting of Council—Collector Is Appointed—Also Road Masters.

The members of the Municipal Council of the township of Smith, met in the County Council Chamber, Peterboro, on Monday, March the 10th, at eleven o'clock.

All the members were present with Reeve Nichols in the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The Clerk was instructed to confer with the Township Solicitor re preparing a by-law to be passed at the next meeting of the Council to prohibit speeding, by automobiles or motor cycles, on the township highways, at a greater rate than 25 miles per hour.

Collector Appointed

The clerk reported that he had received four tenders for the position of collector as follows:

James Middleton $125 and postage
Fred McKee, $125 and postage.
Clare Chittick, 120 and postage.
C. O. Northey, $150 and postage.

Mr. Middleton was given the position at a salary of $125 and postage extra.

To Pay Accounts

The Treasurer was instructed to pay the following accounts:

E. J. McEwen, work on road $1.20
W. J. Kirk, goods to Glover $10.04
Nicholls Hospital per Mrs. Glover $13.75

Road Masters

The following road masters were verbally appointed for the year, 1919

Thos. Armstrong, Peter Nichols, Roy Northey, Richard Fairbairn, John Armstrong, Gordon Fitzgerald, James Cassidy, Wilbert McNaughton, Peter Bullock, Jr., Norman Bullock, Robt. Northey, Vernon Harvey, T. Z. Webster, Robt. Knox, Harry Pearson, Albert McIlmoyl, Henry Coons, Archie Young, W. A. Bell, Stanley Roseboro, Herbert Roseboro, Geo. Cockburn, Norman Edmison, Roland Stabler, Ed Preston, Thos. Davis, Jonathan Sweeting, Herbert McConkey, J. C. McConkey, A. B. Mann, Thos. Westlake, Howard Tighe, Geo. Simpson, R. G. Tully, Wm. Paul, Percy Edmison, Isaac Archer, Ed Maybood, Jr., Jos. Tully, Albert Mills, Wm. Steinkrauss, Clifford Handwick, Jas. Crapp, Wm. Elliott, Jos. Roseboro, Alex. Elliott, Wm. E. McIlmoyl, Solomon Northcott.

R. C. Crawford, J. Gordon Mann, W. A. Roseborough, Victor Fife, Thos. Tindle, Stewart Sanderson, Thos. McColl, Francis E. Pearson, John Hynes, Albert Armstrong, Absolom Northey, John Pearson, Geo. Cummings, John Stabler, Jos. D. Fowler, David McMillan, Bruce Kidd, Samuel Prophet, Wm. Scott, Geo. Deyell, Geo. McKee, A. E. Kennedy, Harry Fowler, Walter Young, Fred Heard, Thos. Tires, Frank Ayotte, W. A. Payne, R. A. Garbutt, Wilbert Bell, Fred Boyce, John Millage.

Commissioners:— Thos. Edgar, Robt. Telford, J. J. Sickell.

Pound Keepers:— 1—B. L. Tully; 2—John Archer; 3— R. J. Edmison; 4—J. D. Fowler; 5—G. D. Mann; 6—Harry Kidd; 7—Walter Young; 8—J. E. Kearney; 9— Jonathan Sweeting; 10—Wesley Northey; 11—T. T. Milburn; 12—Peter Bullock, jr.

Fence Viewers and Sheep Valuators—Walter Young, J. N. Telford.

The council then adjourned to meet again on Monday, April 7th, at eleven o'clock.

COUNT LAVOULAX INDICTED IN U. S.

KIN (?) OF AUSTRIAN PREMIER CHARGED WITH THEFT OF $1,000 WORTH OF BONDS.

Chicago, March 15.—"Count Egon Kurt Ranier Lavaulax," who claims to be a brother in law of the "premier of Austria," was indicted by the grand jury today on a charge of larceny, in connection with the alleged theft of a $1,000 Liberty bond from the Bates Valve Bag Company, 7310 South Chicago avenue.

The "count" was arrested yesterday by operatives of the Soule secret service agency. He also is said to have posed as a brother of Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, and to have purchased jewelry for young woman acquaintances by negotiating the bond in Detroit.

The "count" was employed by the Bates Company as an accountant. He was know there as Egon Kürt Ranier and formerly resided at 5328 Woodlawn avenue. In his official capacity he is said to have come into possession of the bond which was a dividend to be paid A. M. Bates by the company.

In addition to his brother-in-law "the premier of Austria," Ranier, or Lavaulax, said he had another relative in the Austrian diplomatic corps and titled relatives in Prato, Italy and Palm Beach, Fla. He was arrested in the lobby of the Morrison Hotel.

AIR EXPLOITS FIGURE IN TRIAL

COURT MARTIAL TO ASCERTAIN OF RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DECORATIONS ARE FORGERIES.

London, England, March 15.—The investigation of the stories of the remarkable air exploits of Capt Edmund G. Chamberlain of San Antonio, Tex., an officer of the United States marine corps, which has been in progress for several weeks, has developed to an extent that the American naval authorities consider a court martial necessary. The court has been called to sit in London, Mar. 24.

The court martial, it is announced will investigate chiefly whether Capt. Edmund Chamberlain's recommendations for decorations were all forgeries and whether there was any truth whatever in his story of destroying an extraordinary number of machines in a short time.

(Chamberlain was recommended for the Victoria Cross and the Congressional Medal of Honor, the highest awards for bravery of Great Britain and the United States, Aug. 31 last year, for an exploit on the preceeding July 20 over the British front in a battle with twelve German machines. It was reported that he destroyed five enemy planes and damaged two others. His plane also was damaged, but he landed successfully whereupon he captured a German prisoner. Then keeping his captive Chamberlain was reported to have found a wounded French officer and to have carried him back to safety into the British lines under a heavy German fire.)

SAYS TROTZKY'S FOES ARE EATEN

SENSATIONAL STATEMENT AS TO EXTREMES OF BOLSHEVIK TERRORISM.

London, Eng., March 15.—Sensational statements as to the extremes of the Bolshevik terrorism in Russia were made in London by Gen. Trepoff, Russian Premier in 1916, who passed through England on his way to Paris to join Iswolski, Sazonoff and other Russian public men in an endeavor to obtain aid for Russia before it is too late.

Gen. Trepoff says that Chinese brigands and Caucasion gypsies, comprising the "murder battalion" of Trotzky's guards, are empowered to kill persons obnoxious to the Bolshevik regime. They are paid 50 rubles ($25) apiece for carrying out those commissions, and as an additional reward the murderers are permitted to slice up the bodies of the victims into "meat," which they may then sell for human consumption. This meat, he declares, is sold in Petrograd, Moscow and other centres of Bolshevik terrorism as "veal" and is eagerly purchased by starving mothers, who feed it to their famished children.

Gen. Trepoff made these statements to a group of prominent Britishers and Russians in London working together to relieve the people of Russia. Gen. Trepoff saw the American ambassador, Ira Nelson Morris, in Stockholm and was asked by him how many people the Bolsheviki were killing daily. The general replied that it was about 1,000.

VISCOUNT GREY HAS GONE BLIND

Lost Sight in the Service of His Country.

IS A GREAT STATESMAN

Even the German Ambassador to London at the Outbreak of the War Admits That Lord Grey Did Everything Possible to Preserve Peace by Establishing Network of Agreements Between the Nations.

AFTER being afflicted for many years with eye trouble, Viscount Grey, former British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has become totally blind. It is stated that he is already earnestly at work learning the Braille system of raised letters.

Viscount Grey, or, as he then was, Sir Edward Grey, played a highly important part in 1914 when the war started. It is generally felt that he made all possible efforts to avert strife between Britain and Germany and to bring about an amicable arrangement. Prince Lichnowsky, who was German Ambassador at London when the war began, confirms this in the famous memorandum which he wrote in 1916 in an effort to justify his position, which had been assailed. This memorandum, primarily intended for the private consumption of friends only, ultimately became public property and proved a most enlightening document. In it he described how the aims of the then Sir

VISCOUNT GREY.

Edward Grey were not to isolate Germany but to induce Germany to take part in the already established concert by removing the causes of friction between Great Britain and Germany and securing the peace of the world by a network of agreements. Viscount Grey is an enthusiastic advocate of the league of nations and favors including Germany in it.

The New York Evening Post interestingly writes:

"Viscount Grey is not the first representative of Britain in foreign affairs to lose his eyesight; the other instance is of the Latin Secretary to the Council of State under the Commonwealth. Grey, like Milton, may claim to have lost his eyesight in the service of his country. There is no reason why blindness should cause the retirement from public affairs of a man esteemed one of the ablest friends of international peace. Senator Gore attributed his position in spite of totally losing his sight at the age of eleven. A young Englishman who lost his sight while studying law in London became not only a noted professor and writer on economics, but a prominent statesman—Henry Fawcett. Leslie Stephen has told how when his opponents for Parliament urged his blindness as a disqualification he obtained a hearing and told his own story with a simple eloquence that fascinated all hearers." He carried reforms at Cambridge; agitated so persistently for Indian betterment that he was called 'member for India,' and under Gladstone was one of Britain's best Postmasters-General. Sir Arthur Pearson would doubtless maintain that blindness is only a minor misfortune."

TO STRIKE THE ESTIMATES

The Council meets tonight in committee of the whole to discuss and prepare a final recommendation to be presented to the Council at its next meeting in regard to the striking of the estimates for the current year.

The First Canadian Division will begin to arrive in London from France next week. The first battalions from this division will leave for Canada early in April.

Mr. Justice Clute at Osgoode Hall on Saturday interpreted the clause in the Ontario Temperance Act relating to "family" to include an unmarried man living in his own apartments where he takes his meales.

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DANGERS AHEAD.

What Are Possibilities That the Tiger Sees.

"There is a lull in the storm," said Premier Clemenceau. "It is as well to face squarely all possibilities."

What are the possibilities the Old Tiger sees? Foremost in his mind is a recrudescence of German militarism. And Marshal Foch has told him and told the world that while the Peace Conference debates on the approach of the millennium Germany is gathering stores to put an army of 3,000,000 men suddenly in face of the world. At the same time news despatches from Berlin say Germany is preparing to conscript various classes up to thirty-five years of age and "it is understood the Minister of National Defence will proceed forthwith to adopt the measures needed to re-establish the army and put it on an effective footing."

Meanwhile Friedrich Ebert, the new President of Germany, in his speech accepting the presidency, said: "We shall combat domination by force from whatever direction it may come." And in his speech opening the German National Assembly at Weimar Ebert said: "We warn our opponents not to drive us to the utermost. Hunger is preferable to disgrace, and deep deprivation is to be preferred to dishonor."

Prof. Hans Delbruck said in an interview at the same time that if the Allied demands were considered too severe in Germany "Germany would rise at an opportune moment and again plunge the world into war."

Looking beyond Germany, the papers inform in flaming head lines that Trotzky, in Russia, is "preparing an army of 2,000,000 crusaders" to go out against the world. What is the real strength of the Bolshevik army? Nobody knows. Estimates range all the way from 300,000 to Trotzky's 2,000,000. But what seems certain is that, however large that army may be, Trotzky is somehow contriving to pay it extravagantly and feed it gorgeously, while the rest of Russia starves, in order to make it loyal to Bolshevism. And Lenine accepts the invitation to the Prinkipo Islands conference with the proviso that any decision will depend on the military position "which is constantly growing more favorable for Russia."

With the exception of that section of the Socialist party led by Jean Longuet and Pierre Renaudel, which has inherited Caillaux's "defeatism," the French press sees eye to eye with Clemenceau. The Echo de Paris, after insisting upon the unrepenting warlike spirit of Germany, says: "We must without further delay act as though once more it were our task to crush the enemy. The more resolute we are the quicker the enemy will yield. All the rest is nothing but astronomer's literature." Le Pays says Clemenceau wants America, "which is inundated by enemy propaganda, to know in a direct manner in what state this war of destruction has left victorious France." The "Petite Republique" considers that "this question not only concerns relations between victor and vanquished, but between France and her Allies."

Noted Colored Woman.

Sojourner Truth was a colored woman born in New York state, probably about the middle of the eighteenth century, as she was middle aged at the time of Washington's death, in 1799. That was not her real name, but she assumed it for reasons of her own. She was a slave all her life until set free by an act of the New York legislature in 1827, abolishing slavery in that state, July 4, 1827. Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe wrote a life of her.

Antiquity of Disease.

The antiquity of disease is shown by the recent discovery of Prof. Charles D. Walcott, secretary of the Smithsonian institution, Washington. He found fossilized toxic, or poisonous bacteria, at the base of and far below the Cambrian rocks. These rocks had originally lain 30 miles below the earth's surface, but had been upheaved by some tremendous convulsion. Theirs is an age of 30,000,000 years ago.

Napoleon Who Never Reigned.

Napoleon II never reigned. When Napoleon I abdicated he also renounced the right of succession for his son, known as the king of Rome. When Napoleon III created himself emperor of the French he took the style and title of Napoleon III, in order to establish the connection between himself and his uncle, the first Napoleon.

Animals In War.

Some interesting notes have been made in regard to the behaviour of various animals under the terrific conditions of noise, vibration, explosion and other disturbances at the front. Thus it seems clear that some kinds of birds, under the dominance of instincts of feeding, mating or brooding, behave as if they were indifferent to all the turmoil. Living creatures of many kinds are not in the least impressed by sounds which have no interest for them. To terrific disturbances which have neither inherited nor acquired "meaning," an acutely sensitive organism may remain quite indifferent.

But another point is raised, says Nature, by some observations which refer to the diverse ways in which sheep and cows react to dummy bombs released from an aeroplane. The cows seem entirely indifferent to the "swish" of the falling bomb, but the sheep "invariably scatter in panic." Have the cows a different—more placid—temperament? But how excited they get at times by the buzzing of flies that cannot hurt them. The excitement is probably due to fallacious association with the buzzing of blood-sucking flies which can hurt them; and the suggestion is that sheep are panic-stricken because the swish of a falling bomb is probably not unlike the sound of a bird of prey, say a golden eagle, swooping upon the lambs.

By-Products.

The by-products obtained in the packing-house industry may be divided into two classes — the edible and the inedible. The inedible constitute the external covering (hair, horns, hoofs and hides), some of the offal and the bones. From these are prepared on a great variety of substances, some of which have developed into enormous industries in themselves, such as leather, soap, glue and fertilizer. The last mentioned represents the ultimate utilization of packing-house waste. For example, in the manufacture of buttons, combs, knife handles and specialties from the horns and hoofs of cattle and sheep and the hoofs of hogs, the waste resulting from the preparation of these articles was at one time thrown away, but it has been found that by treating such material with sulphuric acid the nitrogen which it contains becomes available as a fertilizer.

Schools for Chinese.

Manila's Anglo-Chinese School, established by the Philippine Chinese Educational Association in April, 1917, for the benefit of Chinese youth in Manila, is in flourishing condition. Recently there were 355 students enrolled in the day school and 325 in the night school.

Sometimes Fired.

Because the cook is liable to go off at any moment, one can hardly class her as an explosive.

Uncle Sam's Islands.

The island of Tutuila and other small Samoan islands came into the possession of the United States in January, 1900. This island has an area of about fifty-four square miles, with a population of 8,000. Manua and the other islets have a united area of about twenty-five square miles, with about 2,000 inhabitants. Pago Pago is the only good harbor.

Enough Said.

Brother and sister were parted for the first time, he going on a month's trip with their mother and father and she to spend the month with their grandparents. The leave taking was rather strained, as neither one of them quite knew what to say. Finally the brother walked up and putting his arms around his sister said: "Margaret, I'm your brother an' you're my sister."

Valuable Tree.

A wonderful tree, known as the [illegible] is beginning to attract commercial attention in western Africa. It supplies the native not only with nuts, which they highly prize, but with a butter that may become an article of commercial importance. It is already exported to Europe, where makers of artificial butter find use for it.

Paint on Window Glass.

To remove paint or varnish from window glass. Keep the spots moistened till soft, with turpentine and ammonia; then rub with coarse cloth dipped in coarse salt. Or moisten spots with baking soda dissolved in hot water.

FEW FOLKS HAVE GRAY HAIR NOW

Druggist Says Ladies are Using Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women who value this rich color that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old-time recipe.

Nowadays we get this famous mixture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the glossy, lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance.

CANADIAN WHEAT BARRED FROM U. S.

PROHIBITION OF SHIPMENTS ACROSS LINE RESULT OF FINCH GUARANTEE

Washington, March 17.—The agricultural bill recently passed by Congress does not prohibit the importation of wheat into the United States, but authorizes its prohibition by executive order. In case the President sees fit to issue it.

The Grain Corporation, located in New York, a subsidiary of the United States Food Administration, acting under authority of a former executive order, is refusing to consider applications for permission to import wheat into the United States for milling purposes. Although in most cases wheat for feed is admitted, there is one exception to this situation. The permits are granted to farmers living close to the border, where the local mill is across the international line, to bring in small shipments of wheat for grinding for domestic use.

As the United States Government has guaranteed a price for this year's wheat crop in excess of the present market price, it is not likely that any restrictions on the importation of wheat will be removed until the market price reaches the price the United States has agreed to pay.

Shipping Is Held

Ottawa, March 17.—Notwithstanding increased facilities both in the west and at the head of the lakes there has never been a year when any more than half of the Canadian wheat crop was carried by all-Canadian channels. Usually at least half the crop goes via Buffalo and the ports of New York and Baltimore. It is feared that not only will the import restrictions be continued but that the privilege of shipping in bond by the United States may be refused. In that case all the wheat will have to go by Canadian ports and Canadian ports are not equipped to handle all the wheat of the west in a year of a big crop.

NEW SINN FEIN MOVE

"Safe Conducts" to Paris Are Latest Request

Dublin, March 17.—The Sinn Fein executive has, "in accordance with international custom," asking the British Government for safe conducts for their delegates to the Peace Conference, but is it said they will not ask for passports.

Workman's Wages And Savings Stamps

"Supposing I do buy a War Savings Stamp, paying $4 for it how will that help either the country or the Government?". It is quite possible that quite a few people have asked themselves this question. The answer is—$4 will pay the wages of a skilled workman for one day and it will also give the Government for five years this money for much needed work.

"But," it may be asked, "how may the paying of $4 for a War Savings Stamp make possible the payment of a workman's wages?" Well, in this way. If the Canadian public through the purchase of War Savings Stamps or other forms of government securities, places enough money in the hands of the Government to enable it to grant credits to France, Belgium and other war-devastated countries for Canadian supplies, Canada will get large orders for both manufactured articles and for agricultural products. If this is not done, then only a small proportion of these orders will come to Canada. The greater portion of them will go to the United States, which is prepared to grant such credits.

Only through the continuance of the huge export trade built up by Canada during the war can Canadians hope to experience anything like a continuance of that industrial activity that has been a feature of the last few years. But if this trade is maintained it will be largely through credits which the people make possible through lending their money to the Government.

So it works out that the more money subscribed through the sale of War Savings Stamps, the more there will be placed at the disposal of the Government for credits. The more credits the more foreign orders, and consequently the more Canadian Workmen employed. This is how the paying of $4 for a War Savings Stamp means a day's wages for a workman.

Must Have License Before You Fly

ALL MEN MUST ALSO BE QUALIFIED BY THE AERO CLUB.

In future any would-be aviator who takes an aeroplane up into the sky in Canada without first obtaining the permit, certificate and license of the Aero Club of Canada is breaking order-in-Council P. C. 2389.

"The public and the real flying man had to be protected," Capt Jas. P. Beaty, president of the Aero Club of Canada, explains, "so we made representations to the Department of Militia and Defence for these necessary modifications. Today we received the following letter from Major-Gen. Eugene Fiset, Deputy Minister of Militia:

"'For transportation purposes within the territorial limits of the Dominion the Minister of Militia exempts from the orders made by order-in-council, P.C. 2389, dated September, 1914, persons utilizing aircraft navigated by pilots licensed by the Aero Club of Canada.' "

So, in future if any young adventurer not possessed of the Aero Club's licenses and certificates takes it upon himself to "take the air" he may be arrested on landing by Government authorities. This modification also prevents passengers from riding in aeroplanes piloted by aviators who have not passed the Aero Club's tests.

Bolshevist Russia, entirely surrounded by food and well paid labor would soon be cured of its economic lunacy.

Soldiers Should Be Usefully Occupied

ITALIAN VIEW OF AFTER-THE-WAR REACTION — SCATTER RETURNED MEN.

Rome, March 17.—Some of the villages and cities are still packed with soldiers, who occupy all the few inhabitable houses with officers and headquarters. This a mistake. The soldiers should be scattered where their kindness and skill could do most to restore the pre-war conditions. In the cities they are idle watching the almanac for the day of their possible discharge, thus vacating a house now and then for the inhabitants.

According to a census of the refugees made through the efforts of the commissariat, it would appear that almost 420,000 inhabitants out of 1,724,000 fled from the invaded provinces, including Udine and Belluno, and parts of Treviso, Venetia and Vicenza, and from territory where the proximity of war made life hazardous. One may from this compute the total amount of energy held so far from the strenuous and urgent labor of reconstruction with the illusion that at the first signs of renascence it should think of its duty.

Are means of transportation wanting? Trains are running to Feltre and to Udine already. Would it not be possible to suspend the recovery of war material abandoned by the enemy for twenty days and use the auto trucks to return the refugees? Why be afraid? I cannot think the robbers of shells and big guns are numerous. I would dismiss all the employes of the government who are not back at their posts within ten days. We are living under an armistice, not under peace and we have a right to treat as deserters all the men who forsake their posts of duty, whether they be soldiers or in civil life.

Gas and Phonemen Call Off Contest

Tonight the telephone men were to have given the boys from the gas works another tussel in Brock street rink but the mild weather has turned the ice into a pond so deep and so still that even these intrepid players feared to venture out upon it so the game was called off.

This is considered most unfortunate by those who had the good luck to see looking forward to another treat such as they witnessed last week. However, it cannot be expected that the gassers or the electrifyers would venture out in boats so Unless the weather becomes colder the second contest is all off.

Velocity of Light.

The velocity of light was obtained by the Danish astronomer Roemer in 1676, by observing the eclipses of Jupiter's moons. When the earth was nearest to Jupiter, the eclipse appeared about eight and one-half minutes too soon for the calculations, and when the earth was most remote from Jupiter, they were about eight and one-half minutes too late. Roemer concluded the reason to be that it required 17 minutes for light from the planet to traverse the diameter of the earth's orbit, which measured the difference of the distances of the earth from Jupiter. This calculation has since been verified, and proves that light travels about 186,000 miles a second.

Canadian Money Orders.

Canadian money orders are issued on blanks of various denominations, each with the amount of money for which the order is issued printed on it. A lady living in Ontario, sending a bunch of 30-cent money orders to take up a remittance to a Boston firm, apologizes thus: "I apologize for all these post office orders. It seems that the local postmaster got in a stock six years ago, and the 30-cent orders were the slowest to sell. He has no others on hand now."

"The Psalm of Life."

Many years ago, when Professor Kneeland was leaving Iceland, the people said to him: "Tell Longfellow that we love him; tell him we read and rejoice in his poems; tell him that Iceland knows him by heart." And, at about this same time, they were using in China a fan, which was most popular there, on account of the "Psalm of Life" being printed on it in Chinese.

Household Work Savers.

Use plenty of newspapers about the kitchen spreading them on the floor when anything is likely to spatter. It is easier to gather them up than to clean up. If there is a kitchen range not in use in the summer time it is well to prevent dampness and rust. If the kitchen has but a gas range, then a good-sized waste basket should be kept and the papers disposed of in whatever way is best.

DISHONORED THE DEAD.

Bolsheviki Maltreated Body of Great General.

After the tragic account of the death of the former Czar of Russia and his family at the hands of the Bolsheviki, comes the description of Gen. Korniloff's vain attempts to restore order in Russia, his fights against the Bolsheviki and Germans and his death.

After his escape from Petrograd when the Bolsheviki took over the power of the Government, Gen. Korniloff left for South Russia where, with Generals Alexieff, Markoff and Denikino, he organized an army to fight Bolshevik Germanism. Many times during the sanguinary encounters between his troops and those of the Bolsheviki, Gen. Korniloff shouldered a rifle himself and fought as a simple soldier. He was killed while directing an attack near Ekaterinodar by a bursting grenade thrown by a Bolshvik in the hut where the famous general was working.

His soldiers before retiring, decided to bury the body temporarily, with the intention of coming back later and give their leader a grandiose funeral. In the meantime the Bolsheviki heard of Gen. Korniloff's death. They sent a special mission to find the body. Having discovered it, the Bolsheviki in the mad joy at having got rid of one of their bitterest opponents, fought for the body, which was finally hung on a tree. It did not remain there long, however, for a furious mob of anarchists tore it down, cut it into pieces, and for more than a quarter of an hour played football with the general's head in the presence of the great leader's friends, who had to stand by, vainly trying to persuade the Bolsheviki to have more respect for the dead body.

Parts of the general's clothing were regained, and each friend was given a piece. Basile Trachtemberg, who tells the above story, had his piece of the general's clothing with him when he was seen in Paris recently.

Red-headed Heroes.

"Ginger for pluck" is an old saying which would seem to be confirmed in the bestowal of military decorations for bravery, according to London Answers. "It was in the ruined square of demolished Ypres last Christmas Eve," writes a British officer, "that I was first impressed by the large number of red-haired men who were receiving the military medal.

"Since that afternoon I have noted the complexion of every officer and man wearing a military decoration, and the impression made at Ypres has been strengthened in consequence. There must be something in the old saying, for wherever soldiers are gathered together there is a red-haired, freckled man in the midst of them.

"Take our most famous fighting division— the invincible Fifty-first. This is composed almost entirely of Highland troops, and the Highlanders are nearly all full-blooded blondes. Of course, there are dark-haired heroes in plenty, but nevertheless red hair and pluck would seem to be synonymous. Red hair is common among our most daring airmen, and although I cannot say how many holders of the Victoria Cross sport ruddy locks, I am prepared to wager that they form a large percentage.

"Scientists say that red hair is caused by a large proportion of iron in the system, and certainly 'carrots and freckles' have been worn by men of iron while doing the work of men in the devil's own war."

New York.

New York was made by and for New Yorkers, and those that love it deserve no better fate than to live in it.

That babel of self-assured greatness is a terrible place to me. Carlyle called London a wen on nature's face; but what would he have said of New York, with its fervent money worship, its "society" folk with their inane and perpetual discussion of stocks, its thousands of other idle gamblers in drawing-room and den, its thousands of lackeys in and out of livery, its other thousands of make believes who would have you think they were somebody, and while buying $10 dinners, are letting their washerwomen go unpaid; its blinded slaves of trade in their whirling strife, so complex, multifaced, confused!

And then its "dandiacal body" in their exclusive clothes, exclusive hats, ties and shoes who belong to exclusive sets, wholly exclusive of brains! And then its millions of half-clothed, half-starved "people of the abyss," living in dark, effluviated hells instead of homes, suffering the cold, un-Christian contempt of their "betters!"—Bailey Millard.

Fighting Yellow Fever.

A celebrated Japanese physican and scientists now pursuing his studies in Ecuador is said to have isolated the bacillus which causes yellow fever, and has prepared an antitoxin conferring immunity on those exposed to the disease. The discovery is being tested on Ecuadoran troops in the fever-ridden interior. The conquest of yellow fever is one of the important achievements. In the canal zone the first steps were taken; the fever was banished by sanitation. But proper sanitation is an extensive process, and is impracticable in sparsely settled regions, so the new discovery will in all probability wipe out the dread disease entirely.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!
Coughing Spreads Disease
SHILOH
30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

GEN. FUKUSHIMA.

Famous Japanese Military Leader Is Dead.

Gen. Baron Yasumasa Fukushima died in Tokio on Feb. 19th, as the result of an attack of apoplexy.

Gen. Fukushima, who was regarded as one of the ablest [illegible] men who had ever been at the head of the military affairs of Japan, was born at Matsumoto in 1853, in the Shinano Province, his family being very poor Samurai. He began life for himself as a drummer boy in a regiment of his prince's clan, having learned to drum in a modernized military school established by the Shogun. To qualify himself for a post in the newly organized Judicial Department of the re-established Central Government of the Emperor, young Fukushima studied modern languages assiduously. He was employed in that department only one year, 1874, as the next year he was transferred to the General Staff office. While a clerk there he added a special proficiency in geography to his other attainments. In 1876 he was despatched to the United States for inspection of military affairs, and in 1887 became Military Attache to the Japanese Legation in Berlin.

In the Chino-Japanese war Fukushima was chief of staff of the 5th Divison, and then of the First Army under Gen. Yamagata. During the Boxer trouble in 1900 he gained international fame as commander of the Japanese contingent and staff officer of the allied troops in Pekin. In the Russo-Japanese war Fukushima was on the staff of the Manchurian army under Marshal Prince Oyama. At the conclusion of this war he was made a vice chief of the General Staff, occupying this post until 1912, when he was appointed Governor-General of Kwangtung. He was promoted to a full generalship in 1914, and later was placed on the reserve list. Gen. Fukushima was created a baron in 1906, in recognition of his meritorious service to the state during the Russo-Japanese war.

Gen. Fukushima in 1892-93 made a perilous ride across Siberia. Accompanied only by an orderly, he made a trip on horseback across Siberia from Moscow to Vladivostok, traversing the almost untrodden wilderness when very little was then known about the region. During the trip the then Major Fukushima succeeded in climbing the highest peak of the Altain Mountains, in Mongolia. Arriving at the summit, he addressed the mountain as follows:

"I, Yasumasa Fukushima, major of the Imperial Japanese army, now stand on your summit. Lo and behold, I have now conquered you, and stand even higher than you."

It was as a result of this trip that Fukushima, then virtually unknown, became famous. Songs eulogising his exploit were composed by Japanese musicians, and were long used in barracks and schools. The Emperor promoted him to the rank of colonel before he reached home. Gen. Fukushima spoke English, French, German, Russian, and Chinese with equal facility.

My Lady Nicotine.

It is becoming more usual nowadays to see women smoke in public places. They will push back their chairs, take a jeweled case from their vanity bags, light up and puff away with rather a I'm-a-little-devil air. They grasp their cigarettes somewhat timidly with four fingers and blow the smoke out quickly lest it choke them. They are pioneers in a way. It is the old mountaineer women with their pipes who are continuing a custom, as this story from the "Memoirs of Louis XVI" by the Due de Saint Simon shows:

"One evening, after the king had gone to bed, and while Monseigneur was playing in the salon, the Duchess de Chartres and Madame la Duchess (who were bound together by their mutual aversion to the Princess Conti), sat down to a supper in the chamber of the first named. Monseigneur, upon retiring late to his own room, found them smoking with pipes, which they had sent for from the Swiss Guards! Knowing what would happen if the smell were discovered, he made them leave off, but the smoke had betrayed them. The king next day severely scolded them, at which the Princess de Corti triumphed."

To-day, the frown of royalty, has terrors for few, but fortunately public opinion, though it tolerates, does not encourage the woman smoker.

Restore the Oldest Canal.

The oldest canal in the world, dating back nearly 2,500 years, and also the longest canal, measuring in the main section nearly one thousand miles, is that extending from Hanchow, south of Shanghai, China, to Peking. Most of this canal has been filled with mud by overflows of the Yellow River, but the southern portion of it still constitutes a very busy waterway.

The canal is now to be rebuilt and improved. The project is too vast to be done at a single operation, and the funds are not at hand. At present, about $6,000,000 are available and this sum will be used for the improvement of a section about a hundred miles in length, leaving to a later date, when funds can be accumulated, the reconstruction of other sections. The work is to be [illegible] by American engineers.

Ink Stains.

To remove black ink stains, the article should be washed immediately in several waters and then in milk, letting it soak in the milk for several hours; the stain will disappear. Washing the article immediately in vinegar and water, and then in soap and water, will remove all ordinary ink stains.

Biblical "Prophets."

The numerous "prophets" of the Bible were not persons who foretold the future, but in the original the word means story writer. It will be found by a short examination that this is true.

War Fallacies Exploded

SOME of the accepted stories of the happenings of the momentous days just prior to the war are shattered in a book based on official documents and personal notes of diplomats and officials recently issued.

The book characterizes as a fallacy the belief that the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Serajevo was a "stage managed affair," but it is asserted from knowledge gained from official documents that if the assassination had not occurred the war certainly would have been started very soon.

The famous Potsdam conference of July 5, 1914, according to the book, was not what has been generally accepted. The meeting took place, but it was not a formal conference as has been declared repeatedly. It is asserted that many persons who were supposed to have been there were not present. Emperor William and members of the German imperial staff were present, however, and at this conference Germany definitely decided for war.

The book was written by Prof. Charles W. C. Oman, president of the Royal Historical Society and a professor of history at Oxford University. A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and Earl Curzon, Government leader in the House of Lords, are understood to have taken an active interest in its compilation.

One of the "damning revelations," as Prof. Oman calls them, is his statement that from a close study of Munich newspapers he has established that the ultimatum from the Vienna Government to the Serbian Government was deliberately timed when President Poincare and Premier Viviani of France were at sea after their departure from Petrograd, in order to make it difficulty for the Entente to reach an understanding. Prof. Oman gives what he calls a complete analysis of these revelations.

A series of hitherto unpublished communications between Sir Edward Grey, British Foreign Secretary in 1914, and Prince Lichnowsky, German Ambassador in London at the outbreak of the war, goes to prove, Prof. Oman says, that the British Foreign Office believed that Lichnowsky was absolutely honest. The book says:

"They emphasize the personal anxiety of Lichnowsky and show that he was actually and literally betrayed by his Government—in other words that he was the unwilling tool of the Kaiser."

On July 29, 1914, Prince Lichnowsky wrote privately as follows to Sir Edward Grey:

"I begin to hope that it once more has been possible owing to Anglo-German collaboration to save the peace of Europe."

On July 30, Sir W. E. Goschen, British Ambassador in Berlin, wrote to Sir Edward Grey, saying:

"The Chancellor told me last night that he was pressing the button with a view to forming a moderating influence on Vienna."

Information contained in the book showed that the opposite was taking place and that Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg was using everything possible to get the German war machine going.

The book refers to a journalistic mystery—the publication by the Westminster Gazette on August 1, 1914, of a despatch dated in Berlin, giving the text of a purported telegram addressed on July 25 by Von Bethmann-Hollweg to the German Ambassador in Vienna, saying:

"We must refuse to be drawn into a world conflagration through Austria-Hungary not respecting our advice."

Prof. Oman says that the newspaper never revealed the source of the despatch and it was never included in the German White Book or in any official publication, yet the document was dragged out two and one-half years later by Chancellor Michaelis and cited as proof that Germany was holding back until Russia mobilised, which mobilization Germany gives as the cause of the war.

Regarding the so-called Russian mobilization, Sir George Buchanan, the British Ambassador in Petrograd, in a secret document, says:

"The military authorities without the knowledge of the Czar did make secret preparations for a general mobilization, though, on being questioned by the Emperor, Gen. Soukhomlinoff, the Russian Minister of War, denied this."

It is shown, however, that this did not alter the general situation. It is also shown that when the Russian military chiefs ignored the midnight wavering of the Emperor and his order to suspend the mobilization they were justified, because a few hours later it became clear that Germany was bent on war.

It is shown that Baron von Schoen, German Ambassador to France, had in his possession a demand which would make it impossible for France to remain neutral—a demand for the surrender of the fortresses of Toul and Verdun. It is stated that Baron von Schoen actually had a German official demand to this effect in his pocket on one visit to the French Foreign Office.

One chapter of the book is devoted to an illustration of former Emperor William's personal treachery and his elastic memory, enabling him conveniently to forget unpleasant things. Other chapters point out the clumsy German attempt to lay the blame for the war on France.

The British Foreign Office sanctions the publication of the book at this time, hoping to clear up some obscure points and aiming to influence public opinion favorably during the Peace Conference.

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Is superior to old-fashioned leather and felt protectors, as it is made from antiseptic rubber, and being worn right on bunion inside hosiery, it excludes air, forms and retains a moisture pocket which keeps the joint soft and pliable, removes that hard skin or callous that so often accompanies and increases the irritability of the enlargement, also reduces inflamed condition.
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SCHOLL

Where the Red Is Flags.

The actual defenders of the red flag do not know or have forgotten that red was formerly the color of the church militant, and also of royalty until the epoch when Henry VI, king of England, took the title of king of France. Then red came to be considered as an inimical color in France and was replaced by white, which in its turn was given up by the English. The red flag was displayed by the Catholic troops of Charles IX and Henry III while the flags of the Protestants were white.

Appreciated Cats.

When Mulai Hafid, sultan of Morocco, succeeded to the sultanate he found the sacred city of Fez infested by rats. Without any loss of time he at once nationalized all the cats of Morocco and issued a command that many thousands of them should be brought into Fez for service. For some time a law has existed in Hongkong making it compulsory to keep cats in every house, the number varying according to the size of the house.

Religions of the World.

According to the latest available figures, the religions of the world are divided as follows: Christians, 564,510,000; Confucianists and Taoists, 303,630,000; Mohammedans, 221,235,000; Hindus, 210,540,000; Animists, 185,270,000; Buddhists, 138,031,000; Shintoists, 25,000,000; Jews, 12,205,000; unclassified, 15,280,000.—People's Home Journal.

Western Samoa.

German Samoa or Western Samoa, as it is called since September, 1914, when British occupation took place, comprises the islands of Savaii and Opolu with the town of Apia as the head of the political and commercial life. The islands are the remains of a semisubmerged volcanic range, heavily clothed with tropical verdure which to a great extent prohibits agriculture or farming; hence the principal industries are the planting of cocoanuts, cacao and rubber.

Editor's Joke.

A budding author sent a humorous paragraph to the editor of a daily paper. Not finding it printed within a reasonable time or hearing from the editorial department, he wrote to inquire about it. "I sent you a joke about ten days ago. I have heard nothing respecting its safe receipt and should be glad to hear whether you have seen it." The editor's reply was as follows: "Your joke arrived safely, but up to the present we have not seen it."

The Lightest Wood.

The lightest wood is the wood of ambach, a leguminous plant that grows near Lake Chad and on the tributaries of the upper Nile. The tree, which is sometimes called the pith tree, often attains a diameter of six inches in the two or three years of its life. At that age it dies and another shoot starts from its roots. When cut the wood is almost white and is soft and brittle, like the pith of elder.

French Academy.

The French Academy is the senate of five academies constituting the Institute of France, having been founded in 1635. It is composed of forty members elected for life, and known as the "Forty Immortals." They rank as the leading Frenchmen of their time in literature. Their judgment and decisions in all disputed literary matters are final.

Value of Poverty.

"You started in life as a poor man." "Yes," replied Cash Down Stax. And there was some advantage in the fact. I didn't have to take time away from my regular business to figure on my taxes."

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES
OPTICAL ACCURACY GUARANTEED
Absolute accuracy is our watchword, and the keynote to our constantly increasing patronage. Accuracy in examination, in prescription, in adjusting. Dr. Fowler gives an iron-clad guarantee with all his work.
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EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
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WANTED—A GIRL, 18 TO 20, with High school education. For particulars Apply Review Office.

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KITCHEN MAID TO ASSIST cook, and other kitchen duties, for a large apartment house; wages $30 per month; board and lodging; fare to Toronto paid. Apply Review Office.

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FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR A large apartment house. Wages $50 per month with board and lodging. Apply Review Office.

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WANTED — ONE OR TWO furnished rooms with board, by young couple. Apply this office.

WANTED

WANTED—90 GAL. COPPER or galvanized iron boiler with or without gas heater. State how long in use. Apply Box 439 Review Office.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED stenographer; used to dictation. Permanent position; highest salary. Apply in writing, stating experience, to Box 239.

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

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A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT—At 479 Cedar street; house in first-class conditon. Price reasonable. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

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County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 23
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Managing Director

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)

Toronto, March 17. — Livestock receipts were heavy; trade active.

Choice export cattle	$15.00	$15.50
Choice butcher cattle	10.50	12.50
Medium butcher cows	9.00	10.50
Ewes	10.50	13.00
Lambs	18.00	19.00
Ewes	11.00	13.00
Hogs, f a w	19.00	19.00
Calves	17.75	19.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28	$ 29
Lamb	23	30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	1 50
Beans, per qt.	18	18
Beef	18	21
Turkeys	45	45
Chickens	35	35
Eggs	40	40
Butter	60	60
Beef, peck	25	25
Parsnips	25	25
Carrots	25	25
Turnips	20	20
Wood (poplar)	7 00	7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00	12 00
Grain, Hay and Straw.		
Wheat (spring)	$ 2 09	$ 2 09
Wheat (marcus)	2 17	2 17
Buckwheat, per bush.	1 00	1 00
Oats	55	55
Rye, per bush.	65	65
Peas, per bush.	1 50	1 50
Barley	80	80
Hay (timothy)	27 00	28 00
Loose straw, load	7 00	7 00
Alsace Clover Seed	11 00	12 00
Red Clover Seed (good)	25 00	27 00
Hides.		
Horsehides, country, take-off, No. 1	$ 6 00	$ 7 00
do., No. 2	5 00	6 00
No. 1 sheep skins	2 50	3 00
Horse hair, farmers'	25	25
Deacon and bob calf	1 50	2 00
Tallow, country solids in barrels, No. 1	7	7
Cakes, No. 1	8	8
Beef hides, flat, cured	17	18
do., green	15	16
Frozen hides	15	16

Old Bumpus was puzzled. Women were queer, there was no doubt of it.

"Oh, dear, I wish we had a big, lovely house!"

"What for?" said old Bumpus, just to humor her.

"I'd like to give a party," she answered.

"Have you such a crowd of friends it would give you pleasure to invite?"

"Y-yes. But such a lot it would be heavenly not to invite!" said his wife.

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN

G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 188 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to .

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 6, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:28 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:13 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound, Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

2:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:30 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

3:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:44 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

Clemenceau Seeks Rest From Affairs of State On Stormy Ocean's Shore

HOW does Premier Clemenceau spend his spare moments? How does he gain rest and relaxation from work? The question is answered in characteristic fashion in a recent number of L'Illustration, from which the following is taken:

To rest upon one's laurels is an essentially conventional expression. Yet fame and rest never have effected a lasting combination. The more famous a man becomes the poorer his chance of enjoying even a moment's relief.

The Premier has just passed through such an experience. He could impose an armistice upon Germany, but he could not sign it without having the reporters and photographers turned loose upon him. Thinking that after so mighty an effort and so exciting a game he had earned a few days' vacation for solitude and recuperation, the conquering "Tiger," at one bound, put 500 kilometres between the sympathetic inquisitiveness of Paris and his quiet retreat. Foolish precaution! His trail was at once picked up, and as soon as he reached the quiet home of his friend, M. Michel Philipon, at Tranche-sur-Mer, he was promptly surrounded by a crowd of bold companions armed with fountain pens, camera plates, and flashlights, who forced him, for the first time in his life, to cry "kamerad" and beg for mercy.

Such is the price of fame. History must be served. It will not permit a famous man to conceal the slightest

PREMIER CLEMENCEAU.

detail of his life. It is interested in the recreation of M. Clemenceau quite as much as in his work. How does the man who made war contrive to have "peace in his own home"? How does he occupy his leisure time? Does he play golf, like Mr. Balfour? Does he get his fun out of setting traps for the wily inhabitants of the deep, like M. Aristide Briand? Tell me how you spend your free moments. The psychologists have never been very successful in drawing wise conclusions from that.

But in the case of M. Clemenceau they would not be wasting their time. Our ferocious fighter maintains, even in his moments of relaxation, a perfectly consistent attitude. The peace-loving statesman soothes his nerves by hitting the golf ball with the little iron-headed "club"; M. Briand, when weary with oratorical victories, seeks in his favorite sport the joys of a silent strategy. Both find rest in laying aside their natural habits of intellectual activity.

Georges Clemenceau, on the contrary, seeks in his leisure the very thing that lures him to work — the strife, the struggle, the victory over opposition. It is his great delight to walk upon the beach at Vendee exposed to the stinging lash of wind and surf. Having no more men to conquer, it amuses him to rise triumphant over the elements. The sight of the tossing waves, the waves that beat and break, that curl and crash—does it not remind him of the great waves of men which hurled themselves in vain upon our land? That mighty beating comes from the everlasting war which the floods wage upon crag and cliff. That never-ceasing roar—it is the roar of the multitude which the great popular leader has so often dominated by the authority of a mere word or by some distinguished achievement. Thus in bending his body to the gale and the spray he supplies us with the symbol of his career, of his whole life.

A grateful nation has taken this venerable image and set it up as the very figurehead of the great French ship of state. It was that strong face, eyes aflame and brows bristling, that breasted the waves whenever our ship was buffeted by contrary winds, upon a sea of blood. It is that figure which fixes itself in our thoughts as we gaze upon the aged man braving the blasts with a strength that knows no breaking.

Is there not in this silent pastime of the old fighter a most powerful and eloquent appeal?

Honduras.

With a population estimated at 600,000 and an area approximately equal to that of Pennsylvania, Honduras has abundant room for development. It has a tropical climate with few of the usual disadvantages. The interior is mountainous and salubrious, with considerable rich land suitable for diversified farming and fruit growing, while all of the remainder, even the deep mountain slopes, is used for pasturage.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

OFFICIAL HUN VIEW OF PEACE

Von Bernstorff Speaks for the German People.

ARE NOT WILLING TO PAY

Statement Is Quite Evidently an Attempt to Curry Favor With the Representatives of the United States — "Fourteen Points" Are Interpreted to Suit the Ambitions and Aims of the Teutons.

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF has given the Associated Press a statement written by him after a consultation with Foreign Minister Brockdorff-Rantzen and other high officials of the German Foreign Office. In view of the fact that Count von Bernstorff is one of the men entrusted with the working out of the details for Germany's participation in the Peace Conference, the statement may be regarded as official. It was written in English as follows:

"The question what would Germany consider a peace of right and justice may briefly be answered in this way:

"That we would regard as such a settlement by which the terms of peace laid down in President Wilson's address to Congress, Jan. 8, 1918, and the principles of settlement in his subsequent addresses, are carried out in true accordance with the high-minded and far-seeing spirit in which they were conceived.

"Among the fourteen points the dominating note, in our opinion, is to be attributed to point No. 14, providing for the constitution of a League of Nations which, as Mr. Wilson said on Sept. 27, 'must be a part, and in a sense the most essential part, of the peace settlement itself.'

"Because of the great success of the recently founded German League of Nations Society, German leading men clearly recognize that nothing but an international league of free

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF.

and equal peoples can do away with imperialism and bring forth a new world of order. The German people feel that, given such a league and compulsory arbitration, peace negotiations would offer no particular difficulties, while without its constitution in the peace settlement, justice will be well nigh impossible.

"With regard to the first, second and third points in Mr. Wilson's program we are in perfect accord with him. In connection with point No. 4, it may be mentioned that Germany is about to abolish obligatory military service, which thus far has been considered the corner-stone of her exposed position in Europe. As for point No. 5, we welcome: 'Free open-minded and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims,' proposed by Mr. Wilson and accepted by the Entente Governments and we are looking forward to a discussion of these claims in the Peace Conference, in the spirit outlined by the American President.

"Regarding point No. 6, we are completely disinterested concerning all questions relative to Russia except insofar as they concern our own frontier. Naturally, however, we do not desire a spread of Bolshevism over Germany and other countries.

"As for point No. 7, we are prepared to pay for all damage done to the Belgian civil population and their property as far as will be proven to have been perpetrated by 'German aggression.' The same applies to point No. 8, relative to damage done civilians and their property in Northern France. As for Alsace-Lorraine, we could not consider it 'righting a wrong' if through the peace settlement a new wrong should be permitted. That, however, would be the case if Germans were compelled to become French against their will. Likewise it must be emphasized in connection with point No. 9 that justice would forbid forcing Germans to become Italian subjects without their free consent.

"Point No. 10, treating on the question subsequently enlarged by the American Government, in the sense that the Slav nationalities of the former dual monarchy must be granted, not only autonomy, but absolute self-determination. Justice will demand that the same privilege be accorded to Austria-Germans. In the same manner, we consider points 11 and 12 merely the demand of justice that various peoples of the Balkan peninsula and the Ottoman empire should be given their rights without distinction and the freest opportunity for self-determination.

"As regards point 13, justice compels us to consent that present German territories 'inhabited by indisputably Polish populations' should form a part of new Poland, but justice likewise compels us not to tolerate that territories be placed under foreign sovereignty which are inhabited by indisputably German population. Moreover, we would consider it a wrong of the gravest character, if, to satisfy Polish ambitions, East Prussia should be cut off from the rest of the empire.

"Concerning all territorial changes to be considered by the Peace Conference we rely on point 2 of Mr. Wilson's address at Mount Vernon in which he emphasized the fact that settlement of all such questions must be made upon a basis of free acceptance of settlement by the peoples immediately concerned. Indeed a peace of right and justice presupposes that, under guarantee of the League of Nations, the principle of national self-determination will be made superior to all territorial questions.

"As to the question of guilt for the war, the German Government has proposed that this question should be submitted to a neutral commission. This seems to be the only solution. The German people, in the vast majority, do not feel guilty, although, they do not deny that mistakes were made."

Why Delay?

"Take this medicine," said the young doctor. "If it doesn't cure you, come back in a few days and I shall give you something that will." The patient pocketed the dope reluctantly. In a few moments he returned. "If you don't mind, doc, I'll take some of that that will cure me right away."

Retribution.

When the man who invented the slide trombone grew old and crippled and could not get away, retribution hounded him in the form of a neighbor who practiced on one of the blamed things every night. An evil deed is always repaid with an evil deed.

Baker's Dozen.

Years ago when a heavy penalty was inflicted for short weight, it was customary for bakers to give a surplus number of loaves, called "inbread," to avoid risk of fine. The thirteenth was known as the "vantage loaf," it is said.

Drawing the Line.

"The fresh young man who always wants to 'start something,'" remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "draws the line when it comes to the morning fire in the stove."—Yonkers Statesman.

To Keep Pens From Corroding.

Steel pens are destroyed by corrosion from acid in the ink. Put in the ink some nails or old steel pens, and the acid will exhaust itself on them, and the pen in use will not corrode.

THAT ALASKA RAILROAD

Alaska is not to have a government railroad after all; at least not for many years. The railroad contractors who it was persistently rumored were to be given the job of building the proposed government line from Seward to Fairbanks announce officially that they are not to undertake the work.

A few weeks ago every resident Alaskan from Seward to the Yukon river was thrilled with delight at the published report that the government's patience was exhausted by four years of futile effort of the Alaskan engineering commission and that at last competent and experienced railroad builders would supplant the commission.

Anchorage is 120 miles from Seward. A railroad has been built over seventy-one miles of this distance by the Alaska Northern Railway company. This was turned over to the government's Alaskan engineering commission in the spring of 1915.

This piece of road was in bad condition then, but it is now in worse physical condition at many places, and altogether impassable beyond forty-five miles from Seward. Until four or five weeks ago the commission endeavored to operate a train once a week to Mile 45, where dog sleds pick up the mail and way freight. Passengers walk. The trip was accomplished in from fifteen to forty-eight hours; the delays being caused by constant derailments due to the wretched condition of the track. Only two trains have managed to get over the line in the last four weeks.

The Alaskan engineering commission and its youthful corps of engineers, although of impeccable social and political connections at home, have but little esteem for the rude people of Alaska. The latter, unfamiliar with polite terms, call the work of the Alaskan engineering commission a farce and a fizzle.

Disinterested engineers attribute the frequent derailments to faulty construction of the roadbed, irregular alignment of rails, the use of slippery glacier silt for ballast and improper construction of curves. One instance at least is shown where a youthful engineer elevated the inside rail on a sharp curve fourteen inches above the outer rail. Fortunately it was only a work train that was derailed and nobody was killed.

THOMAS B. DRAYT
Seward, Alaska, February 20.

WRIST & BRACELET Watches

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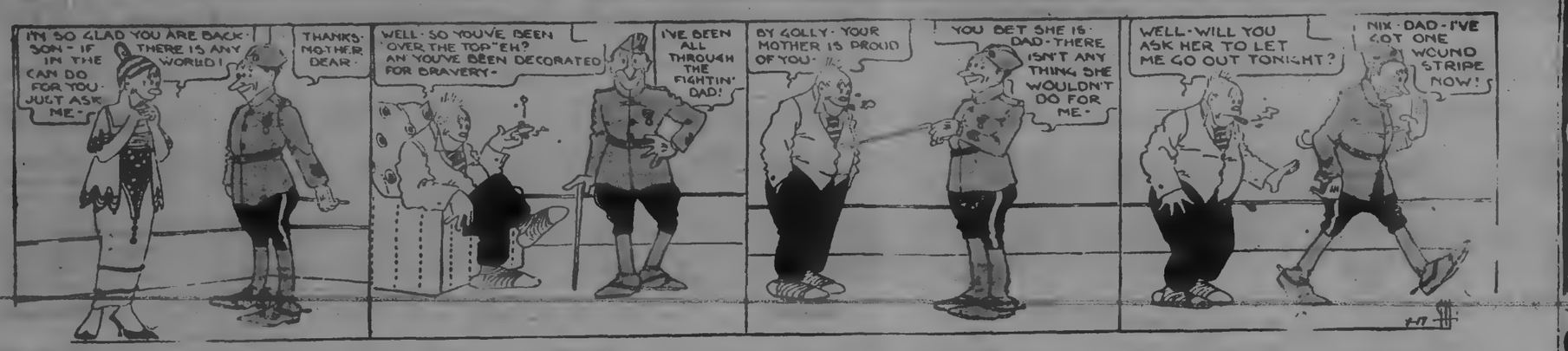
Alf. McDonald Estate

Make the best of your surroundings. The duck pond is an ocean to the tadpole.

A credulous woman is one who believes a dentist when he promises not to hurt her.

It matters little if you are ignorant, for you will meet people daily who know it all.

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS


I'M SO GLAD YOU ARE BACK SON - IF THERE IS ANY THING I CAN DO FOR YOU JUST ASK ME -
THERE IS ANY WORLD!
THANKS MOTHER DEAR -
WELL - SO YOU'VE BEEN OVER THE TOP "EH? AN' YOU'VE BEEN DECORATED FOR BRAVERY -
I'VE BEEN ALL THROUGH THE FIGHTIN' DAD!
BY GOLLY - YOUR MOTHER IS PROUD OF YOU -
YOU BET SHE IS - DAD - THERE ISN'T ANY THING SHE WOULDN'T DO FOR ME -
WELL - WILL YOU ASK HER TO LET ME GO OUT TONIGHT?
NIX - DAD - I'VE GOT ONE - WOUND STRIPE NOW!

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord

Hard Wood $12 per cord

Cutting and Splitting Extra

Hard Coal

Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.

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Hockey Next Week

Following is this week's hockey card, a program of hockey unsurpassed in the history of the game in Canada:

Monday, March 17.—O. H. A. junior champions (Woodstock or University of Toronto cShools) v. Melville team, junior champions of Quebec, sudden-death game for new O. H. A. trophy.

Tuesday, March 18.—Hamilton O. H. A. senior champions, v. Selkirk, champions of Manitoba and the west. Allan cup.

Wednesday, March 19.—Winner Monday night's junior game v. Patricias of Regina, champions of the west and winners of the Abbott memorial cup. For new O. H. A. trophy.

Thursday, March 20.—Hamilton, O. H. A. senior champions, v. Selkirk, champions of Manitoba and the West. Allan cup.

Saturday, March 22.—Winners Monday night's junior game v. Patricias of Regina, champions of the west and winners of the Abbott memorial cup. For new O. H. A. trophy.

Football in U. S.

Soccer football, the great British sport, which was introduced into America by English and Scotch immigrants to Canada, is now rapidly gaining in popularity in Uncle Sam's country. Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Pennsylvania and other colleges have taken to it enthusiastically.

Soon after soccer attained some popularity in Canada it spread to the United States by way of Detroit, which was the first city on the southern side of the international boundary to have a soccer team. Buffalo took up the game a little later, and soccer teams soon made their appearance in various cities of New York, New England, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. About 30 years ago the Pennsylvania League, the first international soccer circuit, was organized, and Detroit annexed the championship in 1893. In the meantime soccer had made its way southward from British Columbia to the Pacific states, and about twenty years ago it reached the middle west, with clubs and leagues in Chicago and St. Louis. In 1905 American interest in the game was further enhanced by the visit of two crack British aggregators, the Pilgrims and Corinthians, who toured Canada and the States. The visitors found the American soccer clubs comparatively easy, but the Pilgrims came over again, a couple of years later, they were beaten by the Fall River, Mass., team, and had to play their hardest to win in other cities. Soccer is now played all over the United States, and many adherents of the pastime believe that it will eventually supplant the more brutal and less speedy American intercollegiate style of football.

8TH LINE BOYS DEFEAT 7TH LINE

On Saturday night at the Water Street Alleys, a six-man team from 8th line Otonabee, defeated the 7th line Otonabee six in a five pin match. The former team won by 198 pins; the totals being: 8th line 2094 against 1896 for the 7th line.

The games were interesting for both players and onlookers and with a little more practice Otonabee will turn out some excellent bowlers.

J. Fitzgerald was high man for the 8th line with 408 for a 3 game total, while J. Porter had 399. For the 7th line, Chapman and Miller had 375 and 350 for totals.

The 8th line Otonabee six now challenge the 6th line Otonabees. The game will be played in the near future. The scores were as follows:

7th Line Otonabee

Weiss	106	118	62	—292
Brealey	70	168	78	—316
Henderson J.	76	118	89	—283
Henderson W.	61	127	92	—280
Miller	124	170	56	—350
Chapman ..	134	109	132	—375
	571	810	515	—1896

8th Line Otonabee

Fitzgerald J..	89	170	149	—408
Johnson	113	118	121	—352
Porter, R. ..	120	110	118	—344
Porter, J. ...	128	139	132	—399
Fitzgerald W.	89	87	147	—323
Doherty	88	167	103	—358
	627	797	670	—2094

TURNBULLS WIN FROM BOWLERS

Last Friday night at the Water street alleys in the 5 pin league Turnbull's took two out of three games from the Lawn Bowlers. For Turnbulls Schleffel hit the rubber bands for 602. For the Lawn Bowlers Robinson was high with 561. The scores:

Lawn Bowlers.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Robinson	263	131	167	—561
Pratt	117	121	171	—409
Walton	132	191	154	—477
Elliotte	119	178	-24	—417
Maynard	162	138	118	—418
Totals	789	759	734	—2282

Turnbulls.

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Schleffel	141	238	223	—602
Perry	109	190	153	—462
J. Gettas	208	170	151	—529
Wood	152	159	1b4	—455
Moore	123	154	140	—417
Totals	733	911	811	—2455

GYMN CLASS SCEDULE

Monday, 4.30—Senior school girls
Monday, 8.00—Business girls' beginners and intermediates.
Tuesday, 4.30—Junior school girls
Tuesday, 6.00—Athena Club.
Tuesday, 8.00—Silver Link Club.
Wednesday, 4.30—Junior school girls.
Wednesday, 8.00—Special class.

Sporting Gossip

Gene Paulette, one of the most promising young first basemen in the National league has signed his contract with the St. Louis Cardinals and apparently is delighted with the deposition of Jack Hendricks, as he says: "Well, I am glad to hear we have a regular manager for the season of 1919—watch me go."

C. Ray Morgan is not related to J. Pierpoint Morgan, but he had the money getting habit. Ray was bought by the Phillies for the waiver price from Washington and was sent two contracts, each of which he sent back with a note demanding a higher salary.

Arthur Nehf has concluded that playing baseball for the Braves will be pleasanted than toiling in a factory at Dayton, O. He retired a month or so ago, but when satisfactory terms were sent to him he whistled another tune.

Predictions are being made in New York now that Christy Mathewson will succeed John McGraw as manager of the Giants in another year or two. Matty and Hal Chase will have to patch up their differences before this takes places or there will be an explosion on the club.

Waivers have been asked on Ed Konetchy, the Braves' first baseman. As all clubs are said to have waived he is destined to go back to the minors.

COULON TO BOX IN LONDON

L'ttle Rock, Ark., March 17.—Eddie Coulon New Orleans bantamweight who is training at Hot Springs, announced today that he had accepted an offer to go to London within the next two months and box Jimmy Wilde.

This Week's Y. Bowling Schedule

The following schedule has been drawn for the week's games on the "Y" alleys:

Wednesday, March 19., 7.30 p.m.—Sisson vs. Dobbin.

Wednesday, March 19, 8.45 p.m.—Ivey vs. Stansfield.

Saturday March 22, 7.30 p.m.—Hamilton vs. Richardson.

Saturday, March 22, 8.45 p.m.—Jackson vs. Everett.

A full schedule for the twelve teams will be published on Wednesday.

Wednesday, 9.00—Special practice senior school girls.
Friday, 4.30—Senior school girls and juniors.
Saturday, 9.30—Juniors.
Saturday, 10.30—Babies' class.
Saturday, 2.00—Junior Club classes
Saturday, 3.00—Ladies' class.

U. T. S. ARE JUNIOR O.H.A. CHAMPIONS

TORONTO TEAM OVERCOMES FOUR-GOAL LEAD AND WINS ROUND.

Toronto, March 17.—Showing a brand of hockey that few teams are capable of, University of Toronto Schools won the junior O.H.A. championship Saturday before a packed house at the Arena, when they tied Woodstock's four-goal margin in the second period and then scored the only goal of the final twenty minutes in O.H.A. hockey this season. This gave them a 7 to 2 win, or an 8 to 7 victory on the round. This remarkable win over a team that had been heralded as "sure champions," had the fans bubling over with enthusiasm, and the consensus of opinion was that the contest was the most Titanic struggle seen at the Arena this winter.

Woodstock, with a lead of four goals from the first game, was extremely confident. In fact it might be said that they were over confident. However, the championship was lost to Woodstock in the first period, when U.T.S. swept them off their feet and scored the only three goals of the period. Woodstock were plainly demoralized in this period and at times acted as if in a trance and on the play they were lucky that the locals did not score as many more as they did. The second session was more evenly contested, with U.T.S. getting three and the visitors two. This odd goal enabled the Bloor Street boys to tie it up on the round, and it was a case of tweny minutes from the championship for both teams entering the last period. This session was the most stubbornly contested one of the game, with the hopes of the supporters being raised once on scores only to have the whistle blow for offsides or kicks. Finally, with the minutes to play, Aggett beat Dunlop with a clean shot from outside the defence, thus giving the locals the goal needed to win the championship. The visitors tried hard to pull out the game, and three times failed in scrimmages to but the disc into the net.

Line-up:

U.T.S.—Goal, Sullivan; defence, Munro and Rowell; centre, Aggett; right wing, Jeffrey; left wing, Greey Subs.—Gunn and Kearns.

Woodstock—Goal, Dunlop; defence King and Shay; centre, Johnston; right wing, F. Carson; left wing, W. Carson. Subs.—Trump and Debrule Officials—R. Hewitson and W Tackaberry, Toronto.

The Summary.

First period—

1—U.T.S., Greey	8.00
2—U. T. S., Aggett	2.00
3—U.T.S., Rowell	8.00
Second period—	
4—U.T.S., Aggett	2.00
5—Woodstock, W. Carson	3.00
6—Woodstock, Trump	2.00
7—U.T.S., Munro	1.00
8—U.T.S., Jeffrey	6.00
Third period—	
9—U.T.S., Aggett	10.00

HOCKEY RESULTS

Junior O. H. A.
U. T. S. 7, Woodstock 2.
Pacific Coast.
Vancouver 4, Seattle 1.
Played Friday.
Senior Beaches.
Goodyears 1, St. Francis' 0.
Intermediate Beaches.
St. Anthony's 2, Orienta 2.
20 minutes overtime.
Junior Beaches (Semi-final.)
Bellwoods 2, Beaches 1.
St. Vincent's 2, Melvir 1.
Junior Beaches (Group)
Maitlands 4, West End 0.
Juvenile Beaches (Semi-final)
Melvir 9, Super-Six 0.
Juvenile Beaches (Group)
Victorias 1, Garnets 0.
Midget Beaches (semi-final)
Parkviews 3, Maitlands 0.
Exhibition.
Dentals 3, Cleveland 2.

Woodstock Players Victims of Sharks

The hockey gamblers were responsible for one of the most contemptible tricks ever pulled off anywhere when on Saturday afternoon between 4.30 and 7.30 they got into the Woodstock dressing room at the Arena and covered a small and separate part of the players' uniforms with cow itch and cayenne pepper. Happily Coach Breen of the Woodstock team discovered the outrage just before the game and secured new ones for his players, but the mean act unnerved the Woodstock players and they went on the ice the first period badly demoralized and not knowing where trouble might break out afresh.

Knowing that somebody had been in the dressing-room the edges of the skates were gone over carefully to see if they had been tampered with, but they were found to be O. K. until Bill Carson was forced to retire in the first period with a broken skate. During the intermission another look was taken and it was found that the skates of King and the two Carson boys had been loosened where they are soldered together. The skates of the other two though failed to become dislodged, but Bill Carson was forced to play the last two periods with another pair which Coach Breen used.

When the ex-kaiser gets tired of being referred to as the ex-kaiser he can have them call him the former Kaiser.

Germany manifests no great degree of repentence for its sins but arrogantly demands forgiveness.

A grand duke in Moscow is a poor insurance risk.

New Liskeard 6, Sudbury 4.
xCalgary 9, Edmonton 6.
xCanadiens 12, Calgary All-Stars 1
xPlayed Friday.

Made Early Use of Coal.

Though wood and turf formed the fuel of our early ancestors, investigations have proved that the Britons, even prior to the Roman occupation, made use of coal. But as it was possible to utilize only such coal as lay at or near the surface, the practice did not make headway for many centuries.

Probably of Some Age.

Clarence was always doing things that brought exclamations of surprise from his mother. This seemed to puzzle the little fellow. One day he asked: "How old will I have to be, mother, before I quit doing things that your are surprised at?"

Really "Quake Doctors."

A quack doctor is not a goose, but was originally a "quake doctor." The ague was called the quake and the uneducated persons who served as doctors in certain parts of England used to charm the ague away; hence arose the expression.

Oldtime Fire Alarms.

Fire alarms came into use in medieval times. It was the custom in many of the towns to have a watchman stationed on a high building whose duty it was to look for fires. As soon as he saw one he gave warning by blowing a horn, firing a gun or ringing a bell.

Initial Step to Victory.

There is a courage which is only another name for faith. Many a battle is lost before the soldier leaves his tent. The first step to victory is to believe that the battle need not be lost at all.—Rev. Hugh Black, M. A.

Advantage Found at Last.

The Columbus Citizen has made a real discovery. "A short man looking up," it remarks, "sees farther than a tall man looking down."—Boston Transcript.

Nothin's Never Perfect.

The one big shortcoming of having Willie wash the dishes is that it doesn't get his necken ears clean, too.

Daily Thought.

Religion has nothing more to fear than not being sufficiently understood. —Stanislaus, King of Poland.

Orders for Coal

taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

Stove and Apartment to rent.

LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. 265 Bolsano St.
Phone 697
Nights and Holidays 306

TO-DAY'S STORY

The story is told of some pickaninnies who went to pick blackberries, and a great bear rose up in the bushes. They ran home and told Uncle Ephraim. He didn't believe their story, but just to show them that he wasn't "skeered of any beast," he got his gun and shuffled along on his rheumatic legs after them. Sure enough, when they approached the bushes again a huge bear rose on its haunches with a ferocious growl. The children fled, forgetting Uncle Ephraim and everything else but "safety first." When they got home they told their mammie the story, and then suddenly remembered Uncle Ephraim.

"Oh, mammie!" they cried in horror, "de bear sure cotch Uncle Ephraim 'cause he got rheumathum an' cant' run. Get the men to go find the pieces."

"You chillun go 'long; dey ain't no pieces o' Uncle Ephraim; he done come 'rastlin' home fifteen minutes ago."

Silence may be golden, but it won't pay the expense of the drummer.

Some persons' idea of fooling away their time is to attempt to write poetry.

It is said that a "kitchen distillery" can be set up for $10. That, of course, does not include fines and costs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

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GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

G. W. V. A. MEETING.

The War Veterans will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKeaty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

ST. PATRICK'S NIGHT

Come to our 11th Concert being held in Reid Street Sunday School Hall, Monday, March 17th, at 8 p.m. Excellent program, including a lecture on St. Patrick. The early history of Ireland, illustrated by Limelight views. Music and refreshments. Tickets 25c. Come and have a good time.

TRINITY W. M. S. MEETING

The regular meeting of Trinity W. M. S. will be held Tuesday, March 18th, at 3.30, in the Sunday School Hall, on Reid street. Mrs. Mowatt of St. Paul's Church will give an address. A good attendance is requested.

NATIONAL COUNCIL PRESIDENT GIVES ADDRESS TONIGHT

The monthly meeting of the local Council of Women will be held this evening at 8.00 o'clock in the Y.W.C.A. Mrs. W. E. Sanford, president of the National Council of Women, will be present and address the meeting.

All women are invited to attend. Presidents and representatives of affiliated societies are especially urged to be present.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. Pilling and family desire to thank their many friends for their kindness, and expressions of sympathy in their recent bereavement.

JUNIOR LEAGUE CONCERT

The junior League of George St., church will give a concert tonight in the Sunday School Room of the George Street Church at 8 p.m. An amateur play entitled "The Pied Piper," and a splendid program will be given. Admission 25c. Children 15c.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTICES

Monday, 8 p.m.—St. Patrick's concert and lecture in Reid Street Hall. Mrs. King, Mrs. Maurice Park and others will take part.

Tuesday, 3.30—Trinity W.M.S. in Reid Street Hall. Mrs. Mowat of St. Paul's Church will give an address. Special music. Those having mite boxes are requested to bring them in.

Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—Mid-week service to be followed at 8.30 p.m. by the Teachers' Training Class.

Friday, 4.15—Olive Mission Band in S.S. Hall.

PROGRAM FOR COURTICE LECTURE TOMORROW NIGHT.

The following program will be rendered in the Collegiate Institute assembly hall tomorrow evening previous to the lecture by Mrs. Courtice on "The Work of the Home and School Clubs":

Instrumental Duet—Misses Caldwell and Greene.

Violin Solo — Master Baden Greene.

Vocal Duet—Capt. and Mrs. Park.

Violin Solo—Miss Harrington.

GEORGE ST. SUNSHINE CHOIR

Rehearsal for concert Tuesday night in the school room.

Ladies at 8 o'clock. Men at 8.30. Please be prompt.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

CATHCART—ARMSTRONG.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at Fraserville Methodist Church Saturday, March 15th, when Bertha Mabel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Armstrong, was united in marriage to Harold E. Cathcart, son of Mr. J. A. Cathcart, both of Springville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Lee of Fraserville. The attendants were Mr. Walter Bowles and Miss Annie Brown.

The bride was becomingly attired in a brown serge suit with hat to match.

Mr. and Mrs. Cathcart left on the 3:40 train for Toronto, and on their return will reside in Cavan. They will be at home to their friends after April 20th.

A tea was held at the home of Mrs T. H. G. Denne this afternoon in aid of the Otonabee Chapter of the I. O. D. E.

Mr. Croyland Yokum, who has been in the Siberian forces in Vancouver, has received his discharge and will be home next week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Routley are guests at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto.

Capt. and Mrs. Dowding, Toronto, Rev. Mr. Minds, rector of Christ Church, Bobcaygeon, Messrs. Albert Bottom, Richard Nichols, James Butterfield and W. C. Moore, of Bobcaygeon, are in the city to attend the funeral tomorrow of the late W. T. C. Boyd.

Dr. and Mrs. Middleton will be out of the city until April 1.

E. A. Fairchild spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mr. Percy Young of Toronto was in Peterborough Saturday and Sunday. He is engaged in the job department of the Toronto Saturday Night.

R. W. Joyce of Peterborough spent the week-end visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Allan Whyte returned to the city this morning after attending the funeral of his grandmother in Montreal.

Memorial Tablets Will Be Unveiled

The Young People's Guild will meet this evening at eight o'clock. Subject, "Building of Character."

The mid-week service will be held on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock.

A unique service will be held next Lord's day morning when the two memorial tablets, presented to the congregation by the choir, will be unveiled. The Great War Veterans will attend in a body. Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Park will sing. The presentation on behalf of the choir will be made by Mr. H. R. H. Kenner. The pastor will preach a memorial sermon from the words, "They loved not their lives unto the death." Mr. and Mrs. Park will also sing at the evening service. The minister will continue his series of sermons on the great hymns of the church, and will preach on, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name."

The following Monday night, March 24th, a recital will be given by Mrs. Maurice Park, soprano, Mr. Maurice Park, tenor, and Mr. Jno. Allan, organist and accompanist.

WILL NOT PRACTICE.

There will be no practice this week for the White Robed Choir at the Salvation Army Temple.

FIRST CRAFT OF THE SEASON

Port Colborne, March 17.—The tug Tolia from Buffalo, arrived here yesterday and is the first arrival of the season. The Captain reports seeing no ice and having a fine run here. It is expected that the steamer John W. Durstan will discharge her winter cargo of wheat this week.

OBITUARY

MRS. THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

The death occurred in London, Ontario, on Saturday, March 15th, of Mrs. Thomas Hutchinson. The remains will be brought to Peterborough for interment.

Deceased's husband, the late Thomas Hutchinson, predeceased her some years. She leaves two daughters and one son: Mrs. J. C. Sloan, of London, Mrs. F. Fosnir, of Chatham, and George Hutchinson, Peterborough.

The funeral on Tuesday will leave her son's residence, 424 Sheridan St., city, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon; service at 2:30. Please omit flowers.

SYMPATHY EXTENDED

The Rev. Canon Davidson made sympathetic reference to the death of Mr. W. T. C. Boyd, at yesterday's services. Mr. Boyd had been a tower of strength in the work of the church over a wide district for many years and would be greatly missed. The earnest sympathy to the sorrowing relatives was extended by St. John's congregation to many of whom the family is well known.

ALEXANDER BASSET

Alexander Basset died in Stillwater, Minnesota, on Friday. He is an uncle of Mr. John Guerin of this city.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the residence of the nephew, Mr. John Guerin, 205 Romaine street to the Sacred Heart Church and thence to St. Peter's cemetery.

ST. JOHN'S NOTICES

Monday, 7.30—Girls' Auxiliary.

Tuesday, 2.30—W. A. Sewing meeting.

5 p.m.—Evening service.

Wednesday, 8 —Lenten service. Address by Rev. F. J. Sawers, Cobourg.

Thursday 8 p.m.—Choir practice, Boys at 7.30.

Friday, 2 p.m.—C. W. A. Sewing Meeting.

Saturday 9 a.m.— Boys' Choir Practice.

5 p.m.—Evening service.

A committee has been formed to consider the memorial to the fallen members of St. John's who gave their lives in the great war.

PRINCIPAL DYDE HERE

Will Be Guest of the Ministerial Association and Friends Tonight.

Principal S. W. Dyde, of Queen's College, Kingston, has arrived in the city and will be the guest of the Ministerial Association and their friends tonight where he will speak on "The Philosophy of Forgiveness as Found in Shakespeare's Plays." The reception will be held in the schoolroom of Murray Street Baptist Church. A social hour will be spent after the lecture. The ministers' wives will entertain.

ST JAMES CHURCH

Yesterday's Services Well Attended —Evangelistic Services to Be Continued.

Services of St. James yesterday were of special interest and well attended in spite of unfavorable weather. Rev. H. M. Manning preached a deeply spiritual sermon in the morning, which was greatly appreciated by those present. The evening service was evangelistic in character.

The services will be continued during this week. The following ministers will speak:

Rev. W. H. Higgs, A. J. Thomas, T. H. Neville, F. E. Mallott.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

MOB BURNS NEGRO

Alleged that he Confessed to Attacking White Woman

Pensacola, Fla., March 17.—Judge Johnson, a negro, was taken from county officers near Castleberry early today and burned to death by a mob. Johnson had confessed the officers said to attacking a white woman.

TUITION IS FREE FOR BLIND HEROES

EXPLANATION BY DR. CREELMAN—NOTHING PAID FOR THEIR BOARD.

Guelph, March 17.—Asked regarding the charges made to the G.W.V.A. in Toronto that blind soldiers at the Ontario Agricultural College were forced to pay $1 a day for board and quarters, while civilians students were only required to pay $4 a week, and also that seven blind soldiers were quartered in one room, while civilian students slept two to a room. Dr. G. C. Creelman, president of the Ontario Agricultural College, made the following statement:

"Misrepresentation has apparently been made to the Great War Veterans of Toronto regarding the treatment of blind soldiers at the agricultural college. I have merely this to say: They have been charged exactly the same amount for board and lodging as have other short-course students. Our four-year men pay a smaller rate and supply their own bedding, towels, pillows, soap, and so forth. When the blind soldiers entered we bought new beds, new bedding and new furnishings throughout. They preferred rooming together, so we selected one of our large class-rooms and placed them all together in single beds. We further gave these boys a special janitor to look after them.

"We understood they were getting $85 each from the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment, their full pensions, and $25 towards their board from Pearson Hall, Toronto. So far they have not paid one cent of board, although they have been here since January 1st, and it has been arranged that the $25 board in Pearson Hall should now be sent direct to the bursar, and the men should pay the difference, namely from $3 to $5 a month for room and board. These men are not charged any tuition, notwithstanding the fact that some of our staff have to devote nearly all of their time towards helping them to prepare themselves for their life work. This has all been done cheerfully and we know that the men appreciate it.

"If it were coming directly out of these soldiers' pockets, I would advise that they get their board, tuition, lodging and assistance for nothing. As special arrangements were made in Toronto for the payment of their board, practically without any expense to the soldiers themselves, I see no reason why this institution should be asked to make any further concession."

CONDITIONS IN NEW GERMANY

REGENERATION RETAINS BROTHELS AND ABOLISHES RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

Weimar, March 17.—Some of the delegates of the Right and Centre in the course of the National Assembly debate on the interpellation regarding the attempt by various States to prevent religious instruction in schools, sharply criticized this and demanded Government action to prevent a recurrence.

The Clerical delegate Mumm, said: "The Revolutionary Government at Hamburg has retained the brothels and abolished religious instruction. . . . In Brunswick the People's Commissioners assembled 1,500 school children in the Cathedral for anti-Christian exercises."

Heilmann, Majority Socialist explaining his party's attitude, said: "The Church like all social institutions, is subject to steady changes and will eventually disappear."

Herr Bell, Colonial Minister, answering the interpellation for the Government, said that the Government was not yet able to interfere in such matters as against the various States. The subject, he added, would finally be adjusted in the constitution.

TO DISCUSS NEW BRIDGE

Officials of the Quaker Oats Co will be in Peterborough on Wednesday to discuss with the city officials matters connected with the proposed new Hunter street bridge.

MR. W. T. C. BOYD PASSES AWAY

HIGHLY RESPECTED AND ESTEEMED CITIZEN—REEVE OF BOBCAYGEON FOR YEARS

William Thornton Cust Boyd passed away at five o'clock Saturday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mr. Alfred J. Blecher, 504 Downie street, aged 59 years, after a protracted illness.

The late Mr. Boyd was the last surviving son of the late Mossom Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, the founder of the Mossom Boyd Lumber Company of that place, and a brother of the late Mossom M. Boyd. He was born in Bobcaygeon and was connected with the business there for years. Five years ago his health began to fail, and about a year ago he came to Peterborough to be under the care of a physician in this city.

Deceased was educated at Trinity College School, Port Hope, and Upper Canada College, Toronto. Aside from holding the position of Reeve of Bobcaygeon for some years, the late Mr Boyd took practically no part in public affairs.

He was a prominent curler and a member of the Bobcaygeon team that won the Ontario tankard some years ago.

He is survived by his wife, who was previous to her marriage Miss Meta Bridgeman, daughter of the late Dr. Bridgeman, of Toronto, and by three daughters, Mrs. C. E. Dowling Toronto; Miss Gladys, city, and Miss Aileen, of St. Hilda's College, Toronto.

Three sons of the late Mr. Boyd predeceased him, Pte. Thornton Boyd of the Princess Pats, who was killed in action in France in June of 1916; Lieut. Herbert Boyd, of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, who passed away in Peterborough in February of 1918, as a result of gas and shell shock received while on active service at the front, and Eric, who was drowned at Pigeon Lake in October, 1917.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock to St. John's Church, where service will be conducted by Rev. Canon Davidson and Rev. Mr. Mind, of Bobcaygeon, thence to Little Lake Cemetery.

FAKED SUICIDE AND ALMOST DIED

TIED TO SCARE HER HUSBAND—WOMAN FOUND UNCONSCIOUS.

Chicago, March 17.—Mrs. Mabel Mills, South Millard avenue, thought she would "throw a scare" into her husband, Wm. A. Mills, owner of the California theatre, at West 26th St and South Trumbull avenue, according to the police, by "faking" a suicide. If it hadn't been for a passing telephone collector it probably would have been a tragedy.

Robert Carahera, 153 North Lamor avenue, the collector, went to the house to make a collection. Entering, he smelled gas. Florence, the twelve year old daughter, told him they had none except in the kitchen. He left, but she called him back. He notified the police, and three officers responded. They found Mrs. Mills unconscious. Near by was an unsigned note which read:

"Will—Destroy this and make it appear as an accident for the childrens' and my mother's sake. May God forgive you."

GEORGE STREET CHURCH NOTES

Monday, 8 p.m., concert by Junior League.

Wednesday—7:30 p.m., church reception committee; 8, prayer and Bible study; 9, Quarterly Official Board.

Thursday, 8 p.m., cottage prayer service at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Powell, 538 George street.

Friday, 2 p.m., Women's prayer service in the church parlor.

ST. ANDREW'S NOTES

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Ladies' Aid will hold a Sewing Meeting on Thursday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY SPECIAL MATINEE WEDNESDAY

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

Tuesday Evening—THE FINAL SETTLEMENT

Wednesday Matinee—THE GRAFTER

Wednesday Evening—THE LITTLE LOST SISTER

POPULAR PRICES Eve.—15c—25c—35c Matinee—15c—25c

THURSDAY — AND — FRIDAY

Y.M.C.A. Minstrels

PRESENTING AN UP-TO-DATE PROGRAM OF MODERN MINSTRELCY

Special Electrical Effects—Augmented Orchestra

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. SEATS ON SALE TUESDAY

THE SHAMROCK.

(Mrs. A. P. Calder.)

Once, so the ancient legend rung,
When this old world was fair and young,
In the first dawn of time,
Ere yet the Serpent ventured in,
Or withering taint of deadly sin
Dimmed Eden's sunny clime,

There flourished in those beauteous bowers,
Fed by soft dews and balmy showers,
Entwined fair flowers, between,
Emblem of the blest Trinity
Of truth and spotless purity,
The three-leafed Shamrock green.

Tended with care and tenderest love
By angels from the realms above,
In a sequestered dell,
Until, by subtle hate betrayed,
Weak man the Tempter's voice obeyed,
And ruin on him fell.

Thither swift angels winged their flight,
Plucked the loved Shamrock from the blight,
And sped to Erin's Isle;
Setting it in that sacred sod,
Where foot unhallowed ne'er had trod
'Neath skies that cloudless smile.

No evil influence might share
With it the pure, pellucid air,
Nor venomed reptile come,
For Ireland's circling shores around
Honor and piety abound,
And virtue makes her home.

Where'er the three-leafed Shamrock springs,
In toiler's lot or courts of kings,
A mystic charm is there,
A solace sweet for cares and fears,
For sadness, sickness, sorrow and tears,
Which prince and peasant share.

So on St. Patrick's natal day
We wear a modest little spray
of Shamrock to unfold
That fancy still fond mystery weaves
Around the fragile emerald leaves,
As in the days of old.

DAMAGE FROM AIR RAIDS

Basel, March 17.—According to official Berlin statistics, the damage done in Germany by air raids during the war period amounted to 23,500,000 marks.

BORN.

PETTERSONE—On Saturday, Mar. 14, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Pettersone, 554 Roger street, a son (Guy Garthorne.)

DIED

BOYD—On Saturday, 15th March, 1919, at 559 Downie Street Peterborough, William Thornton Cust Boyd, of "Edgewood," Bobcaygeon, youngest and last surviving son of the late Mossom Boyd, in his 60th year.

Funeral from St. John's Church, Peterborough, on Tuesday, 18th March, at 2.30 p.m.

FOR SALE

"Prospect Cottage," Chemong Park

Furnished; splendid location—directly above Government wharf. Particulars apply to

A. M. MULHERN
Bank of Ottawa Omemee, Ont.

COLORITE

The Wonderful Liquid Magician instantly changes to any color and gives a beautiful glossy finish to

Straw Hats and Straw Goods

of all kinds, also colors. LEATHER, RATTAN, WICKER, WOOD, METAL and GLASS or any similar material

Dries Hard

Anyone can use it.

Price 25c Per Bottle AT

Warne Drug Co. Limited

351 George Street. Phone 527w.

TENDERS FOR Bridge Construction

Sealed Tenders Plainly Marked as to contents will be received by Aldermar. Harry Phelan, Chairman Board of Works, City Hall, Peterborough, Ontario, up to 3 O'CLOCK, P. M., of TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919, for the construction of a Reinforced Concrete Bridge of eleven arches with approaches, etc., over the Otonabee River at Hunter Street, Peterborough, Ontario.

Proposals will be considered either upon a lump sum basis or upon a cost plus a lump sum basis.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of R. H. Parsons, City Engineer, Peterborough, or at the office of the undersigned, 40 Jarvis street, Toronto.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

FRANK BARBER,
Consulting Engineer.
Toronto, March 4, 1919.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Alterations and Additions, Power House, etc., Military Hospital, Kingston, Sydenham, Ont.", will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Friday, March 21, 1919, for the alterations and additions to existing stone building, for conversion of same into power house, etc., Ont.

Military Hospital, Kingston, Sydenham, Ont.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, the Overseer of Dominion Buildings, Central Post Office, Montreal; J. C. Newlands, Architect, Kingston, and of the Superintendent of Dominion Buildings, Postal Station "P," Toronto.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works equal to 10 p.c. of the amount of the tender. War Loan Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, March 4, 1919.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Occasional rain today. Wednesday northwest winds, fair and turning a little colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 65 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1919 Price Two Cents Per Copy

TAX RATE STILL 31 MILLS ON $, SAME AS LAST YEAR

City Fathers Meet in Committee of the Whole—$200 Inserted in Estimates to Cover Fire Chief's Expenses in Connection With Attending Convention at Calgary.

At a meeting of the City Council in committee of the whole last night the estimates for 1919 to be presented to the council were thoroughly considered and finally drafted. The rate remains at 31 mills, the same as last year.

A communication from Mr. A. E Dixon in regard to the property upon Charlotte street which the Council are seeking to purchase was read and referred to the Legal Committee for consideration.

Will Go to Calgary.

Chairman Morrison of the Fire, Water and Light Committee enquired as to whether the chief of police was going to attend the police chiefs' convention in Calgary.

Mayor Duncan replied in the affirmative whereupon Alderman Morrison claimed that it was an opportune time to re-open the question of Fire Chief Grange's trip to Calgary to attend the convention of fire chiefs He reminded the members of the committee that this matter had been left in abeyance upon the understanding that should Chief Thompson go to the convention, it would be considered.

Alderman Taylor thought that an increase of $7,000 in the estimates for 1919 for the Fire Department was quite sufficient without adding anything more to it.

One member of the committee expressed the opinion that if the chief of police came under the jurisdiction of that Board, he would not be taking his annual trip this year.

Alderman Edgar favored the proposed visit of Chief Grange to the Calgary convention upon the grounds that he was a comparatively young man and that as time went on and the city kept growing, the fire protection system in Peterborough would have to be increased substantially [illegible] established and it was in the interests of the citizens that the fire chief should obtain all information and experience possible in order that he would be able to measure up to the increasing demands of his position.

Alderman Morrison submitted a motion providing for the insertion in the estimates of $200 to cover the fire chief's expenses in connection with the trip. Alderman Edgar was the seconder and the motion carried upon a sharp division, in which the vote of the chairman, Mayor Duncan was required.

Would Raise Salary.

When the salary of the assistant assessor was discussed Alderman Gainey declared that $750 per year was not enough for a returned soldier with a wife and children to support. He thought it should be at least $900 and submitted a motion to increase it to that figure.

Alderman Turner was not in favor of this move and referred to the fact that the man himself was quite satisfied with the remuneration offered and that if it did not suit him he was at liberty to take a position which promised higher pay. There were plenty of them to be had.

Alderman Phelan thought the assessor's department was costing too much as it was and would not hear of adding to the expence of it this year.

Alderman Edgar reminded Alderman Gainey that the salary increased automatically each year. A seconder for the motion was not forthcoming so it was dropped.

Tax Collection Changed.

A change was made in the method of collecting the taxes by which a saving of $1,800 will be realized. Alderman Edgar proposed that the discount of 2 per cent. which has been allowed on the last installment to those who paid all of their taxes upon August 1st be discontinued and that they be paid in two installments from this time forward the date of the first payment remaining as August 1st, but that for the second being changed to Nov. 1st. Aldermen Edgar and Taylor submitted a resolution giving effect to this change which was carried.

Raise For Treasurer.

Alderman Turner suggested that the salary of City Treasurer Adams which was $1550.00, be increased by $150. He thought that at a time when so many of the civic employes had been given increases the efficient treasurer should not be forgotten. Alderman Edgar seconded the motion which was carried.

Double the Grant.

A letter had been received from the executive of the Peterborough Agricultural Exhibition urging the Council to refer back the proposal of a grant to this organization to the committee for further consideration as it was felt that $1,000 was not sufficient when the importance of the work carried on by the Association, from the standpoint of the city was taken into consideration.

Alderman Turner spoke in favor of increasing this grant to $2,000 Peterborough obtained invaluable advertising as a result of the activities of the Agricultural Association and he felt that the money spent would bring results.

Upon a motion being tabled by Alderman Turner providing for an increase of $1,000 for the grant to the Agricultural Exhibition, Alderman Taylor acted as seconder and it was carried.

FORTS ON HELIGOLAND ISLAND WILL BE ORDERED DISMANTLED

And the Kiel Canal Internationalized—Such is the Decision Reached by Allied War Council Today—Germany to Surrender Title to Ships.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Paris, March 18.—The fortifications on the island of Heligoland, Germany's formidable base in the North Seas, must be dismantled. This decision was reached today by the Supreme Allied War Council. It was decided also that the Kiel Canal should be internationalized and made available to ships of all nations on even terms. Disposition of German warships is not likely to be concluded in the treaty of peace.

Germany however, will be required to surrender title to ships. Ultimate ownership will be determined later.

CELTIC DOCKS TONIGHT.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Halifax, March 18.—The transport Celtic, with a large contingent of troops from Rhyl Camp, including many Ontario men, is expected to dock tonight. Sir Edward Kemp, overseas minister of militia, and many prominent officials are here to meet the returning men.

HOFFMANN PREMIER.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Basle, March 18.—Herr Hoffmann, Socialist minister of worship in the Eisner government, has been elected premier of Bavaria by the diet. At the beginning of the sitting party leaders declared their adhesion to the state constitution which was framed by the late premier.

DISCUSS THE PRESENTATION OF PEACE TREATY TO HUNS

Important Gathering of Premiers Today—Will Aim to Reach Accord Between Great Powers on All Phases of the Peace Treaty—Also the Inclusion of League of Nations.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 18.—An important conference with Premiers Lloyd George, Orlando and Clemenceau will be held at President Wilson's residence today. This gathering of Premiers, representing the supreme directing force of the Peace Conference, takes the place of a session of the Supreme Council, which has been postponed until tomorrow to permit of this meeting.

The question to be discussed is the large one of securing accord between the Great Powers on all phases of the peace treaty, and its early presentation to Germany.

It is expected an agreement will be reached as to the inclusion of League of Nations as an integral part of the peace treaty, in accordance with the resolution which has already been adopted by the peace conference.

Foodstuffs for Germany

The British Government has indicated that immediately upon transfer of German merchant shipping to the allies it will be able to deliver 174 thousand tons of foodstuffs to Germany.

GOVERNMENT TO DECLARE POLICY

IN REGARD TO GRAND TRUNK AND GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Ottawa, March 18.—An early declaration of policy by the Government in regard dto the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways, was promised at the first meeting of the Railway Committee of Commons today, by Hon J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways. The matter came up when consideration of the bill for further issue of Grand Trunk debenture stock was called for by Mr. Morphy, member for north Perth. Dr. Reid said he had no objection to committee passing a bill, but it would not reach the Commons till after the government had stated its general policy.

After House discussion it was decided that as the Grand Trunk might shortly be taken over by the Government it was useless to pass a bill to permit the company to do its own financing.

Canadians In The Far East Blamed

STORM OF PROTEST OVER ARREST OF VLADIVOSTOCK OFFICIALS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Vladivostok, March 18.—(By W. E Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent).—There has been a storm of protest in local papers over the arrest of some Vladivostok officials at the request of the Omsk Government, following the reported holding of Bolsheviki conventions in Khabarovsk and here.

The Canadians are wrongfully blamed by several journals for policing the town at night of arrest. As a matter of fact the Canadians were only preforming their usual guard duty and the feeling of antagonism reacting against the British here is unjustified. The Canadian Red Cross is sendin another train load of supplies and disinfectants to the Omsk district for Russian refugees.

Colonel Morrissy, who is returning to Vladivostok with the Canadian vanguard, has been in Omsk since December.

Fighting Against The Bolsheviki

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Copenhagen, March 18.—Esthonian forces are again masters of the situation on the Pskov front.

Struggle Resumed.

Stockholm, March 18. — Fighting has been resumed against he Bolsheviki along the entire Lithuanian front, according to an official statement issued at he Lithuanian headquarters at Kovno.

GERMAN DEPOSIT.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Brussels, Belgium, March 18. — The German government has contracted to deposit 45,000,000 francs in gold in the banks here, to guarantee payment on foodstuffs to be supplied Germany by the Allies.

CHEAP POWER FOR LAKEFIELD

VILLAGE COUNCIL MET HYDRO THIS MORNING—INTERVIEW MOST SATISFACTORY.

(Special to The Review)

Toronto, March 18. — Notwithstanding the request of the reeve of Lakefield for further postponement, the Lakefield council accepted Mr. Burnham's invitation and joined him in an appointment to meet the Hydro Commission this morning. The interview was most satisfactory. The chief engineer stated that the prompt application from Lakefield for power would mean cheap power for Lakefield instead of dear.

The village council will be called in special session Wednesda morning and the formal resolution passed and forwarded to the Hydro enabling Hydro to expropriate immediately.

The deputation will be joined by Mr. Gillespie this afternoon in an interview with Sir Adam Beck re radials.

J. H. BURNHAM.

Campaign By The Sinn Fein Party

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, March 18. — The more aggressive section of the Sinn Fein party in Ireland, contemplates a campaign similar to that adopted by the militant suffragettes. At the moment there is prospect of the Peace Conference intervening in behalf of Ireland. This will be for the purpose of focussing public attention on the demands of the party.

Textile Strikers Fire on the Police

MOST VIOLENT DISTURBANCES SINCE STRIKE BEGAN 6 WEEKS AGO

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Lawrence, Mass., March 18. — While policemen wer trying to break up a parade of textile workers today shots were fired from tenement houses, officers were stoned and persons in the crowd clubbed. Many arrests were made. It was the most violent disturbance that had occurred since the strike began six weeks ago.

Seventeen Dead In Riots in Egypt

TROUPLE DUE TO A NATIONAL AGITATION—ORDER HAS BEEN RESTORED

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, March 18—In recent rioting at Cairo, Eygpt, believed to be due to a Nationalist agitation six persons were killed and thirty others wounded. At Tanta on the Nile, 75 miles above Alexandria, where rioting also occurred, casualties were eleven killed and fifty one wounded.

The message, which was filed on March 13, stated that order had been restored and that troops were able to cope with the situation.

CREEK OVERFLOWS FLOODS WEST END

PEOPLE HAD TO BE CARRIED TO THEIR HOMES BY FIREMEN LAST NIGHT

Peterboro [illegible] experienced what was in all probability the worst flood in a decade last night when the Little Lake Creek and the big grain crossing Mc[illegible] at the intersection of Downie became swollen as a result of the recent heavy rains and the melting snow and backed the water up flooding practically the whole district lying north of Hunter and west of Aylmer streets.

Mayor Duncan, Chairman Phelan of the Board of Works and City Engineer Parsons and members of the City Council were keeping an anxious eye upon the behaviour of the creek all day yesterday. It was not until night, however, that the water began to rise to an alarming extent and to turn the entire district into one huge pond.

Calls for aid came in to the Mayor at the meeting of the Committee last night and he requested the Fire Chief to get as many of his men as possible to the scene of the trouble and do all in their power to help the people who were suffering as a result of the flood. He also asked the police to go to the submerged district and render what assistance they could.

Hamilton's foundry and machine shops presented the appearance of a mill pond about ten o'clock last night. The cellars of the people residing in the vicinity were full of water to the floors and the firemen wading about with their long rubber boots were forced to rescue one family residing on Rubidge street who were found in their home with the water flowing over the floors to a depth of two feet. They carried the father, mother and two children to safety on McDonnel street.

In many instances the fire fighters under the direction of Chief Grange who did splendid work all through the night and were hard at work until three o'clock this morning when the water began to recede, were forced to carry the occupants of houses on McDonnel street, who had been spending the evening down town, into their homes as the water was rushing over the roadway between Donegal and Downie streets to a depth of two feet.

In the home of Mrs. Batton, 351 McDonnel street, which is situated close to the drain which had overflowed, the water completely filled the cellar and rose through the floor of the house. Sand bags and boards were placed in the door way to keep it from rushing into the front part of the building.

At ten o'clock the water was rushing over the Grand Trunk railway bridge opposite the William Hamilton Company's plant and was piling big blocks of ice over the rails. The entire district was submerged and it was not until three o'clock that the water began to recede as a result of the efforts of the men who had been dynamiting the ice which had been piling up and blocking the passage of the water.

Chief Thompson was one of the first at the scene of the trouble and about nine o'clock he telephoned the Mayor who was at a meeting of the committee of the council and informed him of the dangerous state of affairs which had developed in the past hour.

Floods occurred in the vicinity of C. G. E. last night as a result of the Edison drain being unable to carry off the great volume of water which had collected. Cellars were flooded near the corner of King and William streets and even the community of Mount St. Joseph situated upon high ground suffered as a result of the freshet.

This has been a most unusual season owing to the heavy rains which have accompanied the breaking up of the ice and the melting of snow and for this reason it is somewhat difficult to fix the blame for last night's occurrence or to suggest a remedy. It is stated, however, that the drain has been blocked at a point north of McDonnell street where a barn is built across it which acts as a dam against which the ice piles up in the spring until a tremendous pressure of water is backed up and then the obstructing ice is forced aside and the flood descends all at once and is beyond the capacity of the drain and as a result the district surrounding the point at which it empties into the creek is submerged.

This morning except in the low places there is little evidence of last night's trouble. Along the Lakefield railroad line the water is lying in the ditches and has flooded the cellars in the vicinity of Edinburgh street crossing; cellars on McDonnel treet are still full of water and the roadway shows signs of the effects of the flood which rushed across it through the night. There remains two feet of water in the foundry of the William Hamilton Company but be machine shops have been emptied.

It is expected that now the climax has been passed there will be no repitition of last night's catastrophe although the creek and the drain are still taxed to capacity to carry off the great volume of water from the territory which they drain.

The need for a proper storm drainage system in this neighborhood is a crying one, as surface water from the Monaghan Road during a heavy rain or freshet can find no ready means of escape other than into the citizen's premises.

ANNUAL GRANT TO MAYOR NOW INCREASED TO $1000

City Council a Unit in Voting the Raise—Will not Materially Affect the Estimates—His Worship Makes a Graceful Acknowledgment to the Aldermen.

As a result of action taken at the meeting of the City Council in committee of the whole last night the annual grant to the mayor was increased from $600 to $1,000, in the estimates which will be presented to the Council at its next meeting with a recommendation for their adoption.

Alderman Phelan made the suggestion when the item as appearing in the estimates was considered. He stated that in view of the fact that the chief of police was going on a long trip to the chiefs' convention and that the fire chief was to go to Calgary and that the city treasurer and several other of the civic officials had received increases in their salaries surely the chief magistrate of Peterborough deserved a large grant.

A the members present were in accord with the proposal and at first it was decided that the increase should be $200 but Alderman Gainey thought that it should be $400 so that the mayor would receive $1,000 per annum, which he felt was none too much in view of the fact that he served the city faithfully at the sacrifice of his time.

Alderman Turner thought that His Worship would not be overpaid if the grant called for $1,000.

Alderman Garside expressed himself as favorable to the proposed increase.

Alderman Taylor thought that the change could be made without affecting the estimates materially and as Alderman Phelan and Alderman Morrison were quite agreeable the motion which they had submitted was changed to read: that the grant to the mayor of the city be increased to $1,000 per year, dating from January 1st, and that a bylaw giving effect to this change be prepared and submitted to the Council.

Mayor Duncan had retired during the discussion upon this question and Alderman Taylor occupied the chair in his absence. Upon his return to the committee room His Worship was acquainted with the result of the action taken by the committee.

In thanking the members, Mayor Duncan stated that he would continue to do his utmost to discharge the duties of his position with a view to the best interests of the city. The action taken showed an appreciation of his services which was very welcomed and encouraging.

(Continued on Page 5.)

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL, WINNEPEG IS PARTLY DESTROYED BY FIRE

ALD. MORRISON RAISES QUESTION

WILL EAST CITY FIRE PROTECTION BE MENACED WHILE NEW BRIDGE BUILDING?

Alderman Morrison, chairman of the Fire, Water and Light Committee, raised an interesting point in connection with his department last night at the meeting of the City Council in committee when he suggested that the building of the new bridge at Hunter street might prove a slight temporary menace to the fire protection enjoyed in Ashburnham. While the bridge was being constructed it would be impossible to take the apparatus across the river at Hunter street which was the most central point of entrance.

Other members thought that the big motor could get across at Smith street in short order and that when the time came if deemed advisable the arrangements could be made to meet such a contingency.

North End of Edifice and Entire Vestry Are Wiped Ont

(Canadian Press Despatch, Winnipeg, March 18.—St. Mary's Cathedral, palace of Archbishop of Winnipeg, is burning and it is feared cannot be saved.

Fire started at an early hour this morning in the vestry and soon spread to the main structure.

Fire Extinguished

Fire in Cathedral was extinguished after the north end of the edifice and the entire vestry had been destroyed

Soldiers Arriving For Peterborough

So far the number of men notified as arriving on the boats to dock within the last two days at Halifax and St. John and destined for Peterborough are few. By the Carmania the following arrived at Halifax, on the morning of the 17th.

Pte. R. Sweeney, 807 Union street

Pte. A. B. Telford, 546 Waterford street.

Pte. A. Bell, R. R. No. 1, Peterborough.

Pte. E. Quinlan, 339 Oxford Street.

By the steamer Minnendosa, at St. John's, also on the 17th, the following arrived.

Pte. E. Hoskings, Peterborough.

The following arrived on the Carmania, morning of the 17th.

Major B. E. Kelly.
Pte. D. P. Ryan.
Pte. H. C. Dunnett.
Pte. H. C. Evans.
Pte. J. Hall.
Pte. C. Veenman.
Pte. J. W. Gadeau.
Pte. W. H. Woodgate.
Pte. H. Clare.
Pte. A. C. Sims.
Pte. T. C. Arguelli,
Pte. A. G. Mollin.
G. Eggleton.

AVIATOR STRICKEN.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Roanoke, Va., March 18.—Col. W. A. Bishop, V.C., famous Canadian aviator, was operated upon for appendicitis here last night. He was stricken as he was preparing to deliver an address. Early today his condition was satisfactory.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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Business Dept ... 166. Editorial ... 494.

Mr. Stratton's Residence ... 231

"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1919

DANGER IN PEACE

IT SEEMS TO BE generally conceded that the German Ebert Government must accept the terms imposed by the Allies, but what is uncertain is can that government bind those terms on anyone in Germany or enforce compliance with them.

While Germany may richly deserve the internal punishment in the way of retribution and revolt she has suffered and is experiencing, still it is not in the interests of the Allies that she should fall into the condition of Russia. As in Russia, says the Westminster Gazette, so in Germany, supplying food is their sole way of influencing the internal situation. But every day's delay makes the problem more difficult. There is food enough for immediate necessities and ships enough to carry it to the porth, but internal transport grows more difficult with the spread of strikes and disorder. In such a situation it is useless to make nice calculations and fix dates ahead as the time when exhaustion will have reached the point when it must be relieved. It is necessary to act at once, to get all food possible to the ports, lest, when it gets there, the means of distributing it may be cut off. We do not suppose that the mere supply of food will end the political conflicts in Germany, but it will prevent them from passing into the Russian savagery, and it will save millions of people from unspeakable misery.

The case against war, the case for the League of Nations, has hitherto been argued mainly in military terms. We have seen the horrors of war and the unlimited possibilities of destruction in modern weapons. But this is only the first part of the lesson, and we are now to see the horrors of the peace that follows a great modern war. War, as the Germans defined it, was merely a continuation of policy, a means by which one Government enforced and carried out a design to which another Government was opposed. The definition requires that a war shall be wound up by an agreement between the fighting Governments, in which one accepts the demands of the other and undertakes to carry them out in peace. But if not only the opposing Government disappears, but the whole nation is smashed and thrown into chaos, there is no guarantee for the continuation of policy but only a vast disorder, which may infect all the world. We were obliged to engage in the struggle with Germany and to come out of it victorious on pain of suffering ourselves what she and her allies are suffering. But there is no "continuation of policy" between the past and the present; there is only a seething world in which all the old landmarks are gone and a legacy of new and immense responsibilities for the victorious nations. Nothing cut cool and humane statesmanship, which puts passion and animosity behind it, and considers the whole problem one of reorganising the broken world, will bring us out of this chaos.

LET THE ANARCHISTS RAVE

BUFFALO SEEMS TO HAVE a Soviet, which is nothing more nor less than Anarchy, pure and simple, arrayed in a new dress. Its leaders are quite modest in their demands, only asking a big full day's pay for four hours' labor, free rent, and other things.

Canada also has a smattering of these Anarchist gentry, whose birthland is overseas, and once in a while their voices are raised in protest that our laws will not permit them to appropriate other men's goods, without compensation and play the dickens generally with law and order throughout this fair land of ours. It is not necessary to deny free speech, a free press, or even liberty of public assemblage to hold these "undesirable" aliens within bounds. Let them trumpet their propaganda all they like, but let the authorities watch for and fittingly punish all those who over-step the mark of what we conceive to be desirable and just social conditions. If allowed to talk these agitators can be watched and hands laid on them at the first sign of an anarchial plot against the peace of any community. If driven into seclusion, and deprived of publicity in any shape or form, plots and revolts may unexpectedly break out and the identity of the leaders remain unknown, thus handicapping all attempts at suppression. Give them enough rope and they will hang themselves, as the old saying goes.

These anarchists, what are they? They are aliens from, to them, uncongenial conditions, who while appreciating the social laws of Canada and the United States, imagine they see in the freedom enjoyed here and heretofore denied them, opportunity of living without labor, of robbing the other man of that which he has earned, of defying the state and all constitutional authority, underlying all of which is the hope that they may seize the balance of power themselves and establish a regime under which the present experience of Russia will be repeated on this side of the Atlantic.

Let Canadians understand exactly what anarchy means and unite to disillusion those scum of Europe who by their Bolshevikt oratory expect to demoralize those democratic laws which have made Canada a great and glorious nation.

VICTORY WITHOUT PEACE

MR FRANK A. VANDERLIP of the United States says the world has been overtaken by a cataclysm having devastating economic as well as social results. And that the Entente have only achieved a victory without peace. This is very true and is due to the mistaken policy of giving the League of Nations project precedence to the peace treaty with Germany. It seems to us that in the Entente itself there existed a strong enough League of Nations to enforce righteous terms on Germany, and that neutrals could have been invited to participate in the international combination for enforcement of a permanent world peace, and consideration of neutrals' claims for international readjustments, after peace was signed and the machinery of world business once more set in motion. Weeks of valuable time have been lost by side-tracking peace issues for the League of Nations scheme; weeks during which Germany has been drifting toward chaotic conditions inviting Bolshevism, and the industrial activities of the world in general paralyzed by uncertainty.

If world-disaster is to be avoided business conditions must be restored, by peace, as quickly as possible, and intercourse with Germany resumed, under proper restrictions, so as to block the march of Russian anarchy into a portion of Europe too dangerously near France and England for us to ignore the peril of a serious spread of Bolshevism into Entente territory.

Let us hope that now President Wilson has returned to Paris the signing of peace will be accelerated, and no fresh delays crop up to endanger the position not only of Germany but of those nations also who have succeeded in crushing her militarism.

LAND SETTLEMENT SCHEME

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE strongly commends the soldiers' land settlement proposals and thinks if wisely administered they should succeed in placing a large number of returned soldiers upon the land under the most favorable circumstances. The Guide adds:

"Soldiers desiring to locate in each province will be examined by a qualification board as to their fitness for farming. A returned soldier who has previously had good farming experience will have one of the best opportunities ever afforded to a settler going upon the land. This settlement scheme is very generous, and in that very generosity there is a great danger that the soldier may not plan as wisely as farmers have to do in order to make a success of their industry. The farming industry only permits of success, generally through the greatest industry and frugality, and the future will find it harder than ever for the farmer to strike a proper balance at the end of the year. In addition to this generous financial treatment the soldier settlers should be given every assistance in the way of practical advice and information. This is where their farmer neighbors and local grain growers' associations can render the greatest aid to their new neighbors. It is at once a privilege and an obligation to render service to those men who have rendered service to us greater to us than can ever be repaid."

WORKMEN LOSE BY DEAL

IT IS QUESTIONABLE if the men who are walking the streets out of work will commend Sir Adam Beck's policy in importing machinery for the Hydro-Electric Commission from Sweden to save money for the Commission. What a large number of Canadians are looking for these days is employment, and the manufacture of that machinery in Canada would have meant work for some. These days of depression consequent upon uncertainty until peace is actually an accomplished fact, the less contracts awarded to out of Canada firms the better for the nation as a whole. In the case in question the average working man will be unable to look at the deal through Sir Adam's glasses. Of course there's argument for and against any policy; it's the way it appeals to or affects one. Take free trade, for instance, in England. Under it Germany by exporting there cheaper furniture than could be produced in Britain, ruined the cabinet making trade in the Old Land. Idle men saw goods coming into their country, which but for free trade they would be making themselves, and could not see the benefit of a policy which assured cheaper bread and denied them the privilege of earning at their trade the wages with which to purchase that bread. As to the machinery of the Hydro-Electric Commission, there are very few, we think, who would not have preferred it to have been made in Canada at an increased price and given work to a number of men, rather than imported at the saving effected in Sweden at the loss of employment to Canadians at home.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

THE BROCKVILLE RECORDER wants to know how many of the unemployed will want employment during the plowing and planting season soon to open. We'll pass, Recorder.

* * * * *

THE MURDERS in Russia under Bolshevism have exceeded the total slaughter during the French revolution and the appalling nature of the tortures accompanying those murders are almost impossible of credit in a world professing to call itself civilized.

* * * * *

DR. WILSON claims that Americans at the front smoked cigarettes so full of drugs thta they all became drug addicts. He says the Tobacco Trust took advantage of war times and the people's patriotism to force these drugged cigarettes upon the soldiers so that they could not stop using them. Never mind, doctor, tobacco will be prohibitied in the far away future.

* * * * *

AFTER CENTURIES of enmity the French and British propose to "sink" all past and future differences at the bottom of the English channel, in a tunnel connecting the two countries. This tunnel has been frequently discussed during the past decade, but the possibility of war between the two races always doused the scheme with cold water. Thanks to Germany, who forced the unity of two old-time enemies and the establishment of a League of Nations to assure permanent peace, there no longer exists any serious reason why the English channel should not be now tunnelled, and Europe connected by rail with old England.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

WHAT'S THE USE OF A LEAGUE

(Washington Post)

The loving manner in which each European nation is willing to relieve its neighbors of burdensome territory is proof that no League of Nations is needed.

BUYING AEROPLANES NOW

(Calgary Daily Herald)

A Saskatchewan farmer has bought an aeroplane. Now listen for the chorus of eastern knockers who will take this as proof that western farmers are all near-millionaires.

CHIEF ENGINEER ALMOST GIVES UP

THIUGHT HE WOULD HAVE TO STOP WORKING — TANLAC MAKES HIM WELL AGAIN.

"To my mind Tanlac is the greatest medicine in the world," said O. H. Mahaffey, chief engineer of the Life & Casualty building, Nashville, Tenn.

"For two years," he continued, "I suffered awfully with the worst kind of stomach trouble and went down until I lost forty-eight pounds. My back ached terribly and I suffered so much misery from indigestion that I thought I had an ulcerated stomach and was actually afraid to eat anything but a little oatmeal and sweet milk. I got weaker everh day till finally, as nothing I took did me any good, I thought I would just have to throw up my job.

"My wife read in the papers where a man who had suffered like I was had been helped by taking Tanlac, and she begged me to try it. After I had taken Tanlac a few days I began to get hungry and started in eating like I was starved, and nothing hurt me a bit. Soon those awful pains in my stomach and back were one, I sleep fine at night now and get up in the morning full of life and energy and ready for my work."

Tanlac is sold in Peterboro by W. B. Warne Drug Co., Ltd.; in Havelock by A. C. Denike; in Lakefield, by Tanner Drug Co., Ltd.; in Fowler's Corners, by W. A. Hunter; in Gelert by A. J. Scott; in Westwood by G. Pringle & Son.

Liberty for the Jews

The battle for world freedom has been begun by the Jews. Contemporary with the Zionist movement, which seeks to realize the age old dream of the restoration of the nation of Israel, has sprung up the greater vision of securing full recognition of Jewish civil and national rights in all the world, and particularly in the countries of middle Europe.

America's part of the struggle for Jewish liberty heads up in Chicago where the national committee has its headquarters, and where it has secured the aid of some of the city's most prominent social leaders. Among those who have interested themselves in the cause and are leading it their help are Prof. Graham Taylor of Chicago Commons; Dr. Addison W. Moore, professor of philosophy at the University of Chicago; Miss Mary McDowell of the University of Chicago Settlement; Rabbi Joseph Stolz; Dr. Samuel Cohen of Zion temple, and James Mullenbach, arbitrator for Hart, Schaffner & Marx. The secretary is M. Backall, with offices at 735 West 12th street.

An interesting story lies in the latest turn to the upward fight of the Jews. It is their effort for what they choose to call "culture autonomy," or, in other words, freedom and national culture in addition to civil and political rights. Specifically, they seek to have a guaranty in the future that no national majority in any country shall have the right to suppress their language and their cultural aspirations, as was formerly the practice in many European states, and as is still the practice in many of the provinces soon to become independent.

The new movement is centering its attention upon the middle and eastern countries of Europe, because there the bulk of the Jewish people of the world live. In all the territories of the former Russian empire and of Roumania and Poland there are no fewer than from 7,000,000 to 8,000,000 Jews. But in none of them do the Jews form more than a small majority of the population. They are intensely loyal, however, to the countries of their birth, and share in the struggles for them. They are willing and eager to continue their sacrifices, but in return they demand the abolition of all restrictions imposed on them by the forces of the old world, with which the new world is only too familiar.

In Russia and in the Ukraine, in Lithuania and Esthonia, in Poland and Galicia, the Jews have already established numerous schools where the instruction is conducted in their mother tongue, Yiddish, and there they have founded higher institutions for learning, developed a thriving national literature and national art, created a national theater and given rise to an extensive public press.

The method by which the Jews are seeking the guaranty of their "cultural autonomy" is through the league of nations. And the principle on which they are seeking the incorporation into the articles of the covenant of the nations of their demands is the now familiar "self-determination of all nations."

"The covenant of peace among nations," they argue, "must provide for adequate means to insure peace within the nation-states, among the national groups composing the respective states."

With this end in view, mass meetings are now being held in every large American city with a considerable Jewish population, for agitation to include in the constitution of the league of nations an article "to guarantee internationally the political, civil, national and cultural rights of the minority." Supporting the program are 600,000 organized men and women in the United States, both Jews and Gentiles, and multitudes of others who lend their sympathy and approval. W. F. McDERMOTT.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Pain in the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. Any pamphlet free. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

THE KING AND HIS DOCTERS.

A Play.

Scene, King sick in his gold bed.

King. Im tired of being sick, darn it. I bin laying heer sick for about 3 weeks, and all I do is lay neer and get sicker. Wats the use of being a King if you cant get better wen you get sick.

Lord High Chamberlin. Wy dont you have a little patience, your majesty?

King. Wy dont you fall out the window ware you belong?

Lord High Chamberlin. Well suppose I offer a reward of a million dollars for the docter that can put you up out of bed.

King. G, thats a good ideer, if I do say so myself.

II.

Scene 2. The same.

Ferst docter. Try this pill, your majesty If this wont make you get up, nuthing wont.

King (taking it and making a fearse face) G, wat a taist!

Ferst Docter. How do you feel now?

King. Werse.

2d docter. Take a drink of this your majesty. I garantee it because I rote the prescription and then mixed it myself.

King (drinking it and making even fearser face)—Holey smoake.

2d docter. Do you feel as if you could get up now?

King. I feel as if I need 2 beds insted of one.

3rd docter. Get the heck up out of that, you big nock need stiff.

King. Who, me?

3rd docter. Yes, you, you funny looking gizzabo.

King (jumping out of bed and starting to chase him) Come back heer.

3rd docter (keeping on running) Youre up—I get the million dollars.

King. You come back heer and Ill show you wat you get- (Wich the 3rd docter dont).

The End.

LEE PAPE.

Mr. Lake Hetherson, Sr., for over half a century a resident of Percy Township, near Cobourg, died on Saturday. He was born in Scotland in 1837. He was usually well up to the evening before his death.

Another attempt has been made against the life of Nikolai Lenine the Russian Bolshevik Premier, at Moscow.

PENSION PAYMENT CHANGES

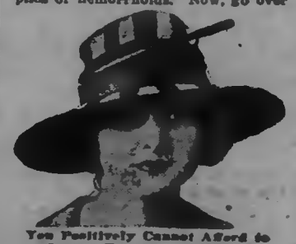
Changes have been made in the method, or procedure, in the payment of pensions to widows of men who were in the Imperial service, either as volunteers or as reservists.

If there be women, widows of Imperial service men, in the city, and such will call at the Patriotic Fund office, Simcoe street, their status will be looked into and if the circumstances warrant, the cases taken up for change or adjustment.

Painful Piles

A Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treat ment is One of the Greatest Events You Ever Experienced.

You are suffering dreadfully with itching, bleeding, protruding piles or hemorrhoids. Now, go over



You Positively Cannot Afford to Ignore These Remarkable Pyramids.

to any drug store and get a 50-cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment. Relief should come so quickly you will jump for joy. If you are in doubt, send for a free trial package by mail. You will then be convinced. Don't delay. Take no substitute.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
176 Pyramid Building,
Marshall, Mich.

Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name .....

Street .....

City ..... State .....

DON'T DO IT!

Unless you are *individually* fitted with glasses that scientifically meet your needs, you will pay the penalty for your neglect. Let us supply your glasses NOW. The time to attend to this is before your eyesight is fatally impaired.

You can safely neglect almost anything in this world—except your eyes.

M. J. ROCHE

Optometrist & Mfg. Optician

188 Charlotte St. - Peterboro

The New Ford One-Ton Truck

"WORM DRIVE"

SOLVES YOUR HAULING PROBLEMS

It is absolutely a necessity to any progressive twentieth century business house and farmers.

One truck does the work of several horse-drawn vehicles; is economical and easy in operation and maintenance.

Why buy a two-ton truck when you can have two one-ton trucks for the same money, and thus cover more mileage and give better service?

It has a heavy worm drive rear axle and heavy steel frame. The worm drive is the most efficient motion known and is recognized as such by all leading truck makers.

INSPECTION INVITED.....

Duffus Garage

PHONES—Repair Department and Stock Room 1761 - Office 1760

CHARLOTTE AND WATER STREETS

FARMERS

Markets at present are dull. Borrow if necessary from The Bank of Toronto, pending the sale of your grain, cattle or hogs.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

PETERBOROUGH

Millbrook, Keene, Hastings, Havelock.

EMPIRE THEATRE

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Doris Kenyon in The Inn of the Blue Moon

by Louis Josepn Vance, in 6 acts

LEAH BAIRD in the Greatest German Spy Serial 2 parts

"Wolves of Kultur" Chap. 12 "THE TOWER OF TEARS"

JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG in Girls You Know

with DOROTHY WALLACE Comedy

Neal Burns and Gertrude Selby in TOO MUCH ELEPHANT Comedy

PRICES: MATINEE 11 CENTS. EVENING 16 CENTS

THE STRAND, To-day

The celebrated Screen Star HENRY B. WALTHALL in

in a Splendid Western Drama

"WITH HOOPS OF STEEL"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN sketch by WEST and "LION'S CLAWS" Serial

This ad and 10c and 1c for war tax good for One Admission Wednesday next to See RUTH ROLAND — in — "HANDS UP"

GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS

A FREE SAMPLE BOX

A free sample box will convince you that Gin Pills are the most trustworthy remedy for all derangements of the kidneys and bladder.

Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Can. U.S. address: Na-Dru-Co, Inc., 202 Main St., Buffalo N.Y.

A probability is something that may possibly happen.

DR. M'NULTY, MEDICAL OFFICER FOR ENNISMORE

Township Council in its Regular Monthly Session---Municipal Telephone Service Under Way.

Council met on March 10th, with all the members present.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

Bylaw No. 386, for the purpose of appointing road masters, pound keepers, fence viewers and sheep valuators received its three readings.

Robert Boath, a member of the Municipal Telephone System of the Township of Emily, was present, and asked the Council to give him the right to extend their system into Ennismore on the first concession road, and the first lots on the western boundary of Ennismore, if the parties thereon are willing to sign for the 'phone.

The request was granted, and bylaw No. 387 for that purpose passed.

A Municipal Telephone System is well under way in the Township of Ennismore. A large number of the ratepayers of the township have signed for the 'phone.

Much Gravel.

There is quite an amount of gravel drawn and piled on the sides of the roads this winter. Up to the present, very few gravel accounts have been presented.

No snow shooting has been heard of yet, which will be quite a boom to the statute labor work.

The road masters may be advertised later.

Resolutions.

Moved by Messrs. Sullivan and Harrington, that Henry Redmond be paid the sum of $14.80 for drawing gravel to Edward Corkery's road division. Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Telford and Cavanagh, that D. F. Drummond be paid the sum of $5.00 for one road scraper. Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Cavanagh and Telford, that William Robinson of Bridge Northe be paid the sum of $2.25 for gravel. Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Telford and Cavanagh, that David Scollard be paid the sum of $66.60 for drawing 74 yards of gravel. Carried.

M. H. O. Appointed.

On motion of Messrs. Harrington and Sullivan Dr. McNulty was appointed Medical Health Officer for the Township of Ennismore, to take the place of the late Dr. McGrath. Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Telford and Sullivan that this meeting adjourn until the call of the reeve. Carried.

Twin babies are true companions-in-arms.

U. S. Troops Reported In Raid on the Japs

MINISTER REINSCH AT PEKIN CABLES A MEAGRE REPORT OF INCIDENT.

Washington, March 17—Anti-Japanese demonstrations occurring in Tientsin, China, and Seoul, Korea, were reported to the State Department today. American soldiers are said to have participated in the outbreak in Tientsin, their opponents being Japanese policemen and civilians.

Minister Reinsch at Pekin cabled a meagre report of the Tientsin affair. He had advised the State Department that First Secretary Spencer has been sent from Pekin to make an investigation. Acting Secretary Polk declined to discuss the matter in the absence of a full report.

A press report to the effect that American marines were engaged in the trouble was discredited at the Navy Department for the reason that there are no marines stationed at Tientsin. There is a force of several hundred at Pekin, which is several hours' distant from Tientsin. Navy officials said that it was possible a vessel or vessels might have arrived at Tientsin which have not yet been officially reported and that the marines may have gone ashore from these ships. Unless this be true, the Navy Department believes that if troops took part in the rioting they were soldiers of the 15th Regular Infantry, now stationed at Tientsin. The War Department made no comment on the matter.

Secretary Polk said he was not in a position to deny or affirm the report that Americans in uniform had raided the Japanese Consulate in Tientsin and wounded the Japanese Consul. If this has been done, it was pointed out, it will compel an apology from the United States for violation of the consulate of a friendly power and punishment of those guilty.

The demonstration in Seoul against the Japanese was a protest by Koreans against restrictions on the freedom of speech, the right of petition and the use of the Korean language in the schools. Large numbers of the rioters were arrested.

The trouble originated with the circulation of a document signed by 32 Koreans containing attacks upon the Japanese Government and declaring the independence of Korea. The advices to the State Department say that order has been restored in Seoul. Further advices state that there have been disorders in Northern Korea, where a small loss of life was reported.

VII...

Shave comfortably with an AutoStrop Razor in 3 minutes; no precious time lost fumbling with parts. Stropping—shaving—cleaning all done without removing blade from razor.

Reads — strops — 12 blades — $5

In neat compact case.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

GOOD OLD GEORGE

'Tother day old England's king in a public park appeared, and his subjects, in a ring, gazed upon his royal beard; "Good old George-" the people yelled, when their monarch they beheld. And his eyes were misty then, and emotion shook his frame, as he heard the war worn men call him by that loving name; "Good old George!" his people cried, and his bosom swelled with pride. That was finer far than praise by the stately heralds sprung, than the eulogies of jays drilled of gesture and of tongue; finer than the poet's song; "Good old George!" they whooped it strong. Since the long drawn war began, and the world was trampled f
first of all a man, and a man sized one at that; so, when he goes kinging by, "Good old George!" his people cry. In the day of stress and dread never shirked he toil or cares; when the people mourned their dead, George's sad heart ached with theirs; now that dreary time's gone by; "Good old George!" the people cry. Could the German kaiser now to his native land return, is there, think you, man or frau, who would not his noblets spurn? Is there one, already, stUl, who would cry out, "Good old Bill?" WALT MASON.

An astronomer reports that his business is looking up.

Piano Tuning
Phone 595
The GREENE MUSIC Co.

Canada Food Board License No. 8-2303
D. M. MINICOLA
Best Fruit— Cheap
Best Vegetables— Reasonable
Best Groceries At Right Prices
410½ GEORGE STREET
Bell Phone 930

WHERE WILL THE REVENUE COME FROM?

To meet the regular expenses of administration, to pay war service gratuities to demobilized soldiers, to provide pensions for disabled soldiers and for the dependents of those who have lost their lives, as well as to carry out the program of public works which is being undertaken to relieve unemployment, it is estimated that the Dominion Government will require to raise this year a revenue of about

400 MILLION DOLLARS

Last year the Dominion Government revenue was 260 million dollars and was derived from the following sources:

Canadian Customs Tariff	116 millions
Special War Tariff	45 millions
Excise Tax	26 millions
Business Profits Tax	21 millions
Income Tax and other Sources	52 millions
Total	260 millions

How is the shortage of 140 millions to be made up?

At the very moment when Canada is struggling with this problem the Western Grain Growers come forward with insistent demands for:

(1) "An immediate and substantial all-round reduction of the customs tariff."
(2) Free trade with Great Britain inside of five years.
(3) Reciprocity now, and free trade later, with the United States.

These demands are apparently made in the hope and belief that, if they are granted, those making them will be relieved of a large part of what they call the "Burden of Taxation" which the tariff imposes upon them. That expectation can only be realized if the revenue raised by means of the tariff is substantially reduced. They may argue that under a lower tariff the volume of goods imported will increase, and consequently there will be no decrease in the revenue. But mark this—they want the duty removed entirely from implements, lumber, cement, oil and other articles of which they are large consumers. If the revenue is to be maintained under such a rearrangement of the tariff schedules, other classes of the people must pay what the Grain Growers will escape.

Passing to the next point, how would the Grain Growers provide for the probable shortage of 140 million dollars this year? They ask the Dominion Government to impose the following taxes:—A direct tax on unimproved lands, increased taxation on personal incomes, increased inheritance taxes and increased taxation on corporations.

Vacant land now pays taxes to the Municipalities and, in some Provinces, additional taxes to the Provincial Government. Income taxes are now paid by individuals to the Municipalities and also to the Dominion Government. Inheritance taxes are now imposed by all the Provinces, ranging in Ontario, for example, from one to twenty per cent. Corporations are now taxed as persons by Municipal Governments, Provincial Governments and the Dominion Government, and also pay special taxes to every Province for the privilege of being corporations.

Last year the tariff collected sixty-one per cent. of the total Dominion Government Revenue. Does anyone believe that the forms of taxation advocated by the Grain Growers can be increased sufficiently this year to obtain the revenue which would be lost by tariff reduction, and also the additional 140 million dollars required, without crippling industry, stifling business and throwing thousands of workers out of employment?

The United States has all the forms of taxation advocated by the Grain Growers, but still finds it necessary to maintain its customs tariff.

If the Grain Growers are to escape almost all taxation, including the great increase caused by the war, what will happen to the people who will be driven out of business thereby having to pay not only their own taxes but also those of the Grain Growers? Will they try to grow grain? It is more likely that they will go to the United States to get work, as other Canadians went fifty years ago, and leave a population, chiefly farmers, ever growing smaller, to bear all the taxes, ever growing greater.

Again we ask where is the extra revenue coming from?

Issued by

The Canadian Manufacturers Association

No. 2

A 25c Basement Special

2 Bars Lennox Soap and 2 Bars Genuine Ivory Soap. Basement, Wednesday, all for 25c

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

A Spring Millinery Display

Opening Display of Spring Millinery continued all this week in the Millinery Department, Third Floor.

The "Better Bedding Exhibition" is now Over

And we follow it Wednesday with a great Four Day Clearance Selling of the Manufacturers Sample Beds and Bedding that were at the Exhibition

The Better Bedding Exhibition comes to an end Saturday night. It attracted thousands and was an unqualified success from every standpoint. The representatives of the manufacturers who were in attendance, as well as ourselves, were more than gratified at the splendid attendance the Exhibition enjoyed.

Before leaving, the representatives of the manufacturers said: "You had better put on a sale of these samples next week and clear them out." We are taking them at their word, and Wednesday morning start what should be the biggest Bedding selling Peterborough has seen. There are samples of Brass Beds, samples of Iron Beds, samples of Mattresses, Springs and Pillows, shipped to us specially for this Bedding Exhibition. You saw them on the floor. To all intents and purposes, they are in as good condition as when they left the factory for this Exhibition. Every Bed and piece of Bedding, with the exception of Ostermoor and Dixie Mattresses, on which the manufacturers maintain a fixed price, will be cleared at prices that will be decidedly saving and must appeal to every one who requires Beds and Bedding this Spring. Here is the list—read it over. It is a money saver, and make your choice as early as possible.

Remember, these prices apply to the goods sent us by the manufacturers for this Exhibition only, and once the Exhibition goods are sold the prices cannot be duplicated.

BEDS

One heavy Brass Bed, two inch continuous rails, with five 1¼ inch upright pillars, in all satin polette finish. Size 4ft. 6in wide. Regular $55.00. Bedding Sale **$46.50**

One extra heavy Brass Bed, two inch continuous posts, with two inch pillars and cross-piece. A beautifully finished bed in satin ribbon effect. Size 4ft. 6in. wide. Regular $50. Bedding Sale price **$42.50**

One heavy Brass Bed, two inch continuous rail with one inch pillars and rosette tops; in polette ribbon design. Regular $45.00. Bedding Sale Price **$37.50**

Two fine Brass Beds with two inch continuous rails, five one inch upright pillars, top with brass mounts; in polette and polished finish. Both 4½ feet wide. Regular $37.50. Bedding Sale, each .. **$31.50**

Two beautiful Brass Beds, with square posts, ball corners, with one inch upright pillars, in satin ribbon finish. Size 4½ feet wide. Regular $36.00 ..... Bedding Sale, each **$29.50**

Three square rail Brass Beds, rosette knobs on corners, with plain rails or scroll pattern in head and foot. Size 4½ feet wide. Regular $29.50. Bedding Sale.. **$24.50**

Two only Brass Beds, square rails with ½-in. pillars, Fleur-de-lis design head and foot. Size 4½ feet wide. Regular $25.00. Bedding Sale **$21.50**

Two heavy White Enamel Beds, in two inch continuous posts, finished with two inch and 1¼ inch white rails and brass mountings. Size 4ft. 6in. wide. Regular $30.00. Bedding Sale Price, each **$23.50**

Three all-white Enamel Electro-Weld Beds; two inch posts and uprights with continuous or square corners. Size 4ft. 6in. wide. Regular $25.00. Bedding Sale ..... Each **$21.50**

Four White Enamel Beds, with one inch continuous posts; some with half inch uprights, others with fancy designs in brass mountings. All 4½ ft. wide. Regular $15. Bedding Sale, each **$11.95**

18 different designs in White Enamel Beds, in various scroll and plain designs, in various sizes 2½ to 4½ ft. wide. A splendid lot to choose from. Regular $7.50 to $13.50. Bedding Sale **$5.50 to $10.50**

Oak Divenettes

Two only fumed oak heavy framed Divanettes, with the patent triangular movement; covered with brown Spanish grain leather. Complete with mattress. Regular $67.50. Bedding Sale **$59.00**

Box Springs

Three only Box Springs, splendidly made; covered with fine quality art ticking; full size and very resilient. Two special prices. Regular $25.00 and $36.00. Bedding Sale prices **$22.75 & $32.00**

Baby Cribs

Six Babies' Cribs, in various designs; with link spring mattress. Size 2 ft. 3 ins. x 4 ft. 6 ins. Regular $10.00 to $16.00. Bedding Sale **$9.00 to $14.00**

Enamel Cribs

Two only White Enamel Cribs, in square frame with double twisted wire mattress. Size 1 ft. 8 in. x 3 ft. Regular $6.50 ..... Bedding Sale **$5.49**

Baby Swings

Six heavy cotton Baby Swings, with leg loops to prevent falling out. Can be hung in any part of the house. Two specials, regular $1.50 and $2.50. Bedding Sale **$1.35 & $1.95**

MATRESSES

One only pure Kapok Mattress, well filled and tufted, covered with extra fine blue fancy art ticking. Size 4½ ft. wide. Regular $30.00. Bedding Sale .. **$27.00**

One only Japara layer Felt Mattress, beautifully soft and flexible, encased in fine art ticking. Size 4 ft. 6 ins. Regular $26.00. Bedding Sale **$22.75**

Four splendid layer Felt Mattresses, well built up in layers; will not sag or flatten; strongly tufted and bound together. Size 4½ ft. wide. Regular $20.50 ..... Bedding Sale **$17.50**

Two only Agava Hair Mattresses; very resilient and neatly made; close tufted. A most comfortable mattress, encased with good quality art ticking. Size 4 ft. 6 in. wide. Regular $20.00. Bedding Sale **$17.50**

Three all-white Cotton Felt Mattresses, in various colored art tickings. Real good values. Well made; full sizes. Regular $15.50. Bedding Sale **$13.50**

Six wool and cotton felt mixed Mattresses. A most economical mattress for anyone to buy. Strongly made and durable. Regular $14.50. Bedding Sale .. **$12.00**

Three all-wool Mattresses, well filled and tufted, encased in fancy art tickings. Size 4½ ft. wide. Regular $13.50 ..... Bedding Sale, each **$10.75**

Five only fine fibre and jute filled Mattresses encased in heavy grade art ticking, strongly tufted, 4 and 4½ ft. sizes. Regular $9.00. Bedding Sale, each .. **$7.35**

Six seagrass and jute filled Mattresses, covered with fancy art tickings; well made; come in all sizes, 3 to 4½ feet wide. Regular $6.50. Bedding Sale, each .. **$5.69**

15 assorted makes of wire spring mattresses, including the famous Good-night, Duplex, Coil, Banner; mostly all iron frames; a few cheap ones with maple frames, all strongly bolted together. Regular $5.00 to $17.00. Bedding Sale **$4.00 to $14.00**

50 Pairs Feather and Kapok Pillows, in assorted fillings, including Kapok, Goosedown, Goose and Duck; all duck and hen and chicken feathers; all encased with feather-proof art ticking; guaranteed free from odor. Regular $2.25 to $9.00 pair. Bedding Sale **$1.50 to $7.00**

COMPLETE LIST OF PRIZE WINNERS

The following is a complete list of prizes won during the Exhibition:

Monday and Tuesday, "Ideal Days"

1st—Brass Bed—Miss Carrie Shaughnessy, R. R. No. 6, Peterborough.

2nd—Felt Mattress—Miss Dorothy Dobbin, 632 George street.

Wednesday and Thursday, "Alaska Days"

1st—Newport Folding Bed—Miss J. M. Lancaster, 621 Water street.

2nd—Chintz-covered Bedroom Box — Mrs. Geo. Biggs, 25 Crickett Place.

3rd—Camp Bed and Mattress—Mrs. E. Bullied, 352 Water street.

Friday, "Sanitary Bedding Day"

1st—Felt Mattress—Mrs. Copperthwaite, 37 Aylmer street.

2nd—Real Down Comforter—Mrs. S. Kemp 655 George street.

3rd—Pair high-grade Pillows—Mr. R. Wilson, 512 Louis street.

Saturday, "Babies' Day"

1st—Baby's Buggy—Mrs. J. T. Donoghue, 27 Rubidge street.

YOU MAY HAVE ANY ARTICLE HELD BY PAYING A SMALL DEPOSIT.

We quite realize the fact that it may not be convenient for some people, or some may not wish to take in any beds or bedding until housecleaning time arrives. In order that you may be able to take advantage of this unusual opportunity, we have arranged that any article will be laid aside and kept for 60 days on payment of 10% of the purchase price.

2nd—Crib and Springs—Miss Edna S. Buckham, 302 Elias avenue.

3rd—White Enamel Table and Chairs—This was a tie between A. B. Hood, 525 George St. and Mr. Jackson, 331 Reid St.

4th—Child's Mattress—Nellie Kerr, 251 Lake street.

LINEN DAMASK

Pure Linen Table Damask, 64 inches wide. A cloth of heavy weight and beautiful finish. Special, per yard **$1.25**

TOWELLING 21c

Natural color Roller Towelling, 18 inches wide. A splendid drying cloth. Wednesday Special, per yard **21c**

UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK 79c

150 yards Unbleached Table Damask. A magnificent cloth for every day use, as it will stand no end of hard wear and bleach readily. Those acquainted with conditions tell us there can be no reduction in linen prices for at least two years. This cloth is worth to-day $1.00 per yard or more. Wednesday Special Per yard **79c**

CORSET DEPARTMENT Now Located on the THIRD FLOOR

For better Corset service, visit our new modern, bright Corset Department on the Third Floor. Every convenience for the proper selection of this important article of dress.

J. C. TURNBULL CO., Limited

PETERBOROUGH'S GREATEST STORE

WAR WON TO FREE SOULS OF THE RACE

The monthly executive meeting of the local Council of Women was held at the Y.W.C.A. on Monday evening March 17th. Mrs. Mowat presided in the absence of the president, Mrs. Harstone. It was a great pleasure to the local Council to have with them Mrs. Sanford, the president of the National Council of Women, who is just returning from the national executive meeting, which was held in Ottawa last week.

After the usual routine business was disposed of Miss Parker, of the Y. W. C. A., gave a most interesting paper on "Foreign Immigration." The difficulties of educating these foreigners so that they may become good citizens of the Empire where dwelt upon. The discouragement, foreign colonies, compulsory education, the teaching of English only and the publishment of newspapers in their own language have done much toward this seed. The Labor unions too by teaching them to think and to realize that they have a stake in the country. All these influences make them less easily led by the "political" interpreter.

It would be impossible to give, in a short report, an adequate idea of the most inspiring address which it was the privilege of those present to hear from Mrs. Sanford. She referred to the two former occasions on which she had visited Peterborough, the recollection of which filled her with a desire to come in touch with the members of the local Council.

She came to bring a message, a message which she gave in all humility as coming through her from one who is the source of all our strength, and to whom we must go if we would solve the great problems that are before the world today. "Only the peace of God can quiet the unrest of the world."

"This war has not been won only to free the nations but to free our souls," to free them from all sordidness and littleness so that we may be more worthy to welcome back and care for the men who were willing to lay down their lives for us.

Mrs. Lanford also spoke of the isolation, re the establishment of the returned soldiers on the community, towns in Ontario which evacuated from the Peterborough local Council and which was adopted by the National Council. The adoption of this most valuable resolution was largely due to the simple earnestness and heart-felt sympathy for the returned men displayed by the Peterborough delegate, Mrs. Kendry, who spoke to the resolution. A notice was given out reminding the members of the lecture to be given tonight in the Assembly Hall of the Collegiate Institute by Mrs Courtice of Toronto, who will speak on Mother's Clubs or Home Circle in the schools.

A Tea of Any Kind that does not live up to its Advertised Merits deserves to fail and usually does.

True economy is not so much a matter of what you pay for an article, as what value you get in return—

"SALADA"

has served the public with unchallenged value for 25 years and never wavered a particle from the standard of Quality which has made it famous.

No Doubts
No Fears
} **"Always Good Alike"**

IF BACK HURTS BEGIN ON SALTS

Flush Your Kidneys Occasionally If You Eat Meat Regularly

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood, then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

THE IRISH DRAMA BY ST. PETER'S DRAMATIC CLUB HUGE SUCCESS

Delighted Audience Witnesses Demonstration of Local Histrionic Talent—Musical Specialties Admirably Rendered.

St. Peter's Dramatic Club presented their yearly attraction, annually given on St. Patrick's Day, in the Grand Opera House last night.

This year the attraction was Joe Murphy's famous Irish comedy drama, "Shaun Rhue," an event which brought out one of the largest crowds gathered this season in the local playhouse.

Promptly at 8.15 p.m. the curtain rose, presenting to view a room in the Irish farm home of the Donavans, with Morris Donavan (Mr. T. J. Dineen) pacing slowly to and fro, lost in deep meditation.

Mr. Donavan's farm is entirely free of debt, but part of his estate is a bog, water from which is undermining the rest of his land. He needs 300 pounds to underdrain the land and save it from becoming a bog such as a small part of the farm is already.

Mr. Donavan's first recourse is to try and borrow from his friend, Patrick Gavanagh (Mr. E. P. Kelly) the necessary sum, although they are great friends, Mr. Kavanagh turns Donavan down.

The two Callaghans, Peter the father, and Bryan, the son, Irishmen who had gone to London, and there through speculation lost everything, know that when Mr. Morris Donavan's brother died, he left an immense sum of money to Morris' two children, Kathleen (Miss Genevieve O'Horn) and Larry (Mr. Geo. F. Lynch). Mr. Peter Callaghan (Mr. James O'Brien) wishes to have his son, Bryan (Mr. Cecil Wolffe), marry Kate, and in this way retrieve their fallen fortunes.

He goes to Mr. Donavan and offers to loan him the necessary 300 pounds if Mr. Donavan will give his daughter, Kate, in marriage to his (Peter's) son, Bryan. The father is willing, but his son, Larry Donavan (Geo. F. Lynch), strongly objects, whereupon his father orders him to leave home. He goes first to his mother's grave to bid her good-bye and "get a handful of earth." While there Tim (Mr. Sharpe. Dan White), finds him and tells him of some remarks which he had overheard in the law office, in which he works. The effect of Tim's report is to make Larry decide to stay in Ireland. The law business is conducted by Mr. Waddy (Mr. Earl Judge).

Kate is in love with Gerald Kavanagh (Mr. Wm. Collins) a young Irish farmer, and they are to be married as soon as he gets his lease.

The Callaghans know about this lease which Gerald is awaiting, so they pay Mr. Waddy 20 pounds to hold the lease for two weeks. Mr. Waddy lays aside the lease and Shaun Rhue, who is Larry Donavan disguised, discovers it while in the office. Shaun had come into the office to meet Mr. Calaghan who wanted a man without any conscience to work for him. He becomes junior partner with Waddy. Later Gerald Kavanagh comes in to get his lease Mr. Waddy withholds it, while Shaun Rhue hands it to him, having taken it from its place of concealment. For a short while there is an exciting scene in Waddy's office, but Shaun prevails.

Bryan knows that Kate does not wish to marry him so he decides to injure Gerald's reputation in some illicit still on Gerald's farm and inform on him. Shaun obtains full information of his own and his sister Kate's wealth, facts unknown before.

He also discovers the plot formed by Bryan Callaghan against Gerald Kavanagh.

Having made the attempts of the Callaghans futile, he succeeds in winning his father's lasting friendship and the hand of the colleen, Dora Kavanagh (Miss Cecil Sherlin) whose brothers' interests he protected.

A Typical Irishman.

Mr. Geo. F. Lynch, as Larry Donavan, afterwards Shaun Rhue, was a typical Irish wit and is a past master of the histronic art. Mr. Lynch left nothing to be desired, and was easily the star of the cast. The unlimited success of this play was largely due to Mr. Lynch, who besides acting on the stage, was the director of the play.

Mr. T. J. Dineen, as Morris Donavan, the poor Irish farmer, was as good a representation as could be found in the amateur ranks.

Miss Genevieve O'Horn, as Kate Donavan, and Miss Cecile Sherlin, as Dora Kavanagh, could not well have been improved upon.

Miss Shevlin did well, but would have been better appreciated if she had spoken a little louder. Miss Shevlin's solos were much appreciated as was shown by the applause she received. During the evening Miss G. O'Hern was presented with a lovely bouquet of flowers and Miss Sherlin with two bouquets.

Each remaining member of the cast was good. Mr. Dan White, as Tim, being deserving of special mention.

The Cast.

Morris Donavan — Mr. T. J. Dineen
Patrick Kavanagh — Mr. E. P. Kelly.
Gerald Kavanagh—Mr. Wm. Collins.
Peter Callaghan—Mr. Jas. O'Brien
Bryan Callaghan — Mr. Cecil Wolffe.
Waddy—Lawyer—Mr. Earl Judge.
Tim—Mr. Dan White.
Wm. Sommerfield — Mr. James Sharpe.
Teddy Regan—Mr. Maxwell Murty
Larry Donavan — Mr. George Lynch.
Kate Donavan — Miss Genevieve O'Hearn.
Dora Kavanagh—Miss C. Shevlin

Executive Staff.

Business manager — Mr. Egbert Kelly.
Stage Manager—Mr. Cecil Wolffe
Property Master—Mr. Earl Judge.
Electrician—Mr. Jas. O'Brien.
Musical Directress—Miss Adaline Doris.
Director—Mr. Geo. F. Lynch.

Clever Calculations.

The play consisted of four acts, each having a clever culmination, which assisted in making the grand final a rich and happy ending.

Musical Specialties.

The selection of music and songs was ably chosen by the musical directress. During the play specialties were given by Miss Cecile Sherlin, Mr. Wm. Collins, Mr. Geo. Lynch, Mr. Max Murty, besides many renditions of Irish airs by the Opera House Orchestra. Nothing was left undone to make this undertaking a success, and the executive staff must be congratulated on having given one of the finest entertainments provided by any local society this year.

The Six Nations Indians are claiming autonomy under their old treaty rights.

The German military and civil authorities in upper Silesia are making preparations to resist the Polish and Czech claims to that part of Silesia.

GARDEN ANNUALS

EXPERIMENTAL FARM NOTES

Annual flowers succeed exceptionally well in nearly all parts of Canada. For the "Home Garden," whether it be in the city or the country, the best annuals are the old favorites which have become so popular because they have fitted in with the needs of a large class of flower lovers. The reason for the popularity of the "annual" is that it can be raised from seed easily and grown with but very little expense or labor. A few packages of seed costing five or ten cents each, a garden patch and someone interested in flowers form a combination which in the space of four or five short months may produce the most delightful results.

The old favorite annuals are the best because they have stood the test of time. In addition, they have been improved and increased in size, form and color by the plant hybridist and by the seedsman so that today they have almost reached perfection. In fore one hundred years or less they have made as much advance as most other forms of life have made in several thousand. The "poor man's orchid" is the descriptive term for the modern sweet pea and the term is legitimate because the sweet pea of today is wonderful. It is a new creation as compared with the sweet pea of a century ago. The same is true of many other annuals.

The favorite annuals are those which can be depended upon to give results. The final results will depend upon: 1, Seed; 2, Culture.

1. Seed. Some annuals are difficult to raise from seed and, therefore, the best for the home garden are those which produce seed that will germinate well. The seed of such annuals can be dealt with in two ways: (a) It may be sown in pots or flats in the house and the seedlings transplanted to the garden or (b) it may be sown direct into the garden. Latitude and climate must settle which method is better for the greatest success, although with many annuals either method might give good results.

2. Culture. The culture of an annual flower is not a laborious task or trial of skill. The cultural directions are generally printed on the seed packages. Soil, cultivation and rainfall are three factors of importance. Soil should be of garden loaf quality, and neither too sandy nor too heavy. Barnyard manure will stimulate good growth. Cultivation will keep the growth vigorous and healthy. Rain or artificial watering not less than once a week in the early stages of growth is almost essential.

Annuals are splendid for purposes of cut bloom. Some of the best for this purpose as well as for garden display are as follows: China asters, sweet peas, nasturtiums, sweet sultan, sweet scabious, snapdragons, everlastings, zinnias, pot marigold or calendula.

Other good annuals are:

Low Growing—Pansies, California poppy, mignonette, petunias, portulaca, pinks, drummond phlox, verbenas.

Medium Height—Everlastings, balsams, cosmopsis, larkspurs, gaillardia, clarkia, asiatic stocks, poppies.

Tall Growing—Cosmos, helichrysum, tall nasturtiums, nicotiana, salpiglossis, sunflowers.

693rd Bargain Annex Event

Bargain Annex
Registered

Wednesday, March 19th, 1919

DAILY CALENDAR.

The block of granite which was an obstacle in the pathway of the weak becomes a stepping-stone in the pathway of the strong.
—Thomas Carlyle.

SECOND ANNEX LEADER.
NEW SPRING SHIPMENT 85c CREPE DE CHINES YARD 59c

Our new Spring shipment is here of 36-inch Crepe de Chines. Ideal for dainty afternoon or evening dresses and novelty blouses. A choice of beautiful colors includes: white, shell pink, rose, sky, [illegible] copenhagen, navy and black. Annex Leader price Wednesday. Yard 59c

Large Rolls, Dollar Value Comforter Batting, 69c — "Eagle" brand bleached Cotton Batting. Large comforter size rolls that weigh about two lbs. Our regular dollar value. Buy it in the Annex at the saving price Wednesday 69c

$3.50 Flannelette Blankets, Pair $2.49 — Sixty pairs only white and grey Flannelette Blankets. Double bed size; good quality that are worth $3.50 a pair. Owing to limited quantity we cannot sell more than two pairs to one buyer. Annex Bargain, pair $2.49

20c English Longcloth Yard 22½c — Six hundred yards for sale on Wednesday. A soft needle finish, full bleached Longcloth, 36 inches wide. Regularly sold at 30c. yard. Save money by buying it in the Annex Wednesday, at, yard 22½c

$1.39 Large Size White Bath Towels, Pair 98c — A limited quantity only of these fine quality extra heavy white ribbed Terry Bath Towels. Nicely hemmed ends, all ready to use. Size 22 x 40 inches. Regularly $1.39. In the Annex ..... Pair 98c

40c Flannelettes, Yd. 25c — Best Canadian Flannelettes; heavy qualities in stripe patterns of assorted colorings; also in pure white combed finish Saxonys. Excellent flannelette value, in the Annex Wednesday Yard 25c

LEADER.
HALF PRICE SALE, 50 INCHES WIDE, $1.25 BLACK AND WHITE SHEPHERD CHECK SUITING YARD 62½c

Exactly half price for this splendid quality suiting material. Two different sizes in the check patterns, both in black and white and both full 50 inches wide. Our regular stock $1.25 value, for a Half Price Leader in the Annex on Wednesday at ..... Yard 62½c

25c to 50c Colored Frillings, Yard 10c—An exceptional reduction to clear this lot of dainty Colored Frillings. Splendid selection for early buyers, and all are our regular stock 25c to 50c values. Worth coming for early. Annex Bargain, yard 10c

One Thousand Yards, Regular -30c and 35c- Print Mill Ends 19c YARD

A mill shipment of "short lengths" of the best qualities Canadian Prints. All are regular 30c and 35c values, and the lengths are 2 to 10 yards. Colors include: reds, pinks, navys, lilacs, greys, light blues, black and white grounds. To-day's actual wholesale price is considerably more than we will sell them for in the Annex on Wednesday. They are all remarkable values and well worth coming for sharp at 8:30 in the morning. Special Annex Leader at, yard 19c

Half Price Sale, 30c White and Ecru Curtain Scrims, Yard 15c—English Curtain Scrims, white and deep cream in color, and a yard wide. Fancy self borders or hemstitched edges. Now's the time for new curtains; buy them in the Annex at half price. Yard 15c

IN CRESSMAN'S SHOP FOR MEN.

A DISCOUNT OF 10% will be given to every soldier on his first civilian outfit. And we know how to dress you up properly. Come in and see us.

SECOND ANNEX LEADER.
$1.45 DUPLEX FOLDING CURTAIN STRETCHERS 98c

For Spring housecleaning curtain stretchers are absolutely essential. Here's a splendid saving chance, so get prepared. This regular stock $1.45 curtain stretcher is particularly convenient in every way. Quickly adjustable for any size curtain, and when not in use folds into one length of 72 inches. An opportune and good value leader, Wednesday 98c

ECONOMY ANNEX VALUES OF PARTICLAR INTEREST

15c Packages Matchless Ammonia Powder ..... 2 for 19c
Pan-blue, excellent Dirt Cleaner, large cans ..... 2 for 17c
Toilet Paper, best quality, large rolls ..... 11 for 49c
3c Packages Linen Finish Envelopes 3 for 17c
Largest Size Linen Finish Letter Pads ..... 2 for 29c
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, seamless ..... 2 Pairs 45c
75c Bleached Sheeting, 3/4 width, yard 59c
$2.25 Feather Filled Bed Pillows, pair $1.59
Ladies' Dollar Value White Chamoisette Gloves, pair 79c
$1.25 "Jute" Floor Mats, 26 x 66 inches 59c

LEADER.
HALF PRICE SALE, $4.95 BLEACHED DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS $2.45

Fifty only of these large size bleached Damask Cloths.. Excellent heavy quality, with borders all around. Choice of four different patterns. Lengths 2½ and 2¾ yards. Our every day street floor price is $4.95. Don't miss this saving chance in the Annex. Exactly half price for a leader, Wednesday $2.45

Ladies' Dollar Value Cambric Night Gowns 79c — Fine cambric Night Gowns, made slip-over style, with dainty lace edging at neck and sleeves. Lengths 54, 56 and 58 inches. The Annex price is less than the cost of the material alone. Wednesday Bargain ..... At 79c

LEADER.
75c DRESSER SCARFS AND RUNNERS 49c

Two lines of Runners and Dresser Scarfs, made of fine white cable scrim. The scarfs are size 17 x 50 inches and the runners 18 x 53 inches. They have openwork borders and are trimmed with pretty embroidery and drawn work. Both lines are good 75c values. As a leader for the Annex, Wednesday, at 49c

You are cordially Invited to inspect Our Spring Opening Display of Millinery

We are now Showing comprehensive arrays of New Spring Ready-to Wears

LEADER.
$1.95 HOUSE DRESSES $1.19

You will realize what an exceptional value this is when we tell you that these dresses cost $18.00 a dozen at the factory to-day. A new Annex line, bought late in 1917. Splendid quality Canadian percales, light and medium stripe patterns. Sizes up to 42. Wednesday Annex Leader at $1.19

ANNEX OPENS AT 8:30 A.M.

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

ANNEX CLOSES AT 5:30 P.M.

SIX THOUSAND BOLSHEVIK ARE DISCOVERED IN NEW YORK CITY

Contents of Little Red Book Lead to Revelation of Plot to Overthrow Government—Prisoners Will Be Deported.

As a result of a raid by the police on headquarters of Bolsheviki in East Fifteenth street, New York, many anarchists in this and other cities of the country probably will be deported. Literature found in the place, has been examined by the authorities and additional evidence revealed of a widespread plot to attempt the overthrow of the government. Statements made on Thursday by three of the prisoners are in possession of the immigration authorities.

Pending decision of the government to determine if the prisoners should be deported, Peter Blanky, Marcus Orodovsky and Arthur Ketres will remain in the tombs. Mollie Stolmer, who has several aliases, is imprisoned on Ellis Island under a warrant charging teaching and advocating criminal anarchy. The warrant was issued last November.

The police yesterday began an investigation of the 6,000 names of persons believed to be dangerous anarchists. The names were found in books taken in the raid. At least six hundred are said to live in the city. "The Little Red Book" of the Soviets in the United States, one of the publications seized is considered by the police to be more important than the prisoners taken. Information of a startling nature is contained in the volume the police say. Many cities already have been notified of some of the contents of the book.

The police say that section 163 of the Penal law, which imposes a penalty of two years in jail, a fine of $2,000, or both, for leasing meeting places knowingly for illegal purposes will be invoked against offending property owners or their agents.

"We look for many deportations on the strength of the literature we obtained in the raid on Wednesday night," Alexander I. Rorke, Assistant District Attorney, said. "The membership lists and other documents found there also have led to activities elsewhere for the arrest of radicals. I was informed that seven arrests were made today outside of New York on information gleaned from the raid.

"Peter Blanky seems to be a leader of the anarchists. In his statement he says he does not believe in organized government. We have been coddling this bunch, patting them on the back. It is time for action. District Attorney Swann insists upon the suppression of advocates of force and violence. Blanky contrasts living conditions on the east side with Riverside Drive and says that there must come a time when the people of the east side will go to that section if the wealthy destroy it."

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

OPTICAL ACCURACY GUARANTEED

Absolute accuracy is our watchword, and the keynote to our constantly increasing patronage. Accuracy in examination, in prescription, in adjusting. Dr. Fowler gives an iron-clad guarantee with all his work.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST **A. A. FOWLER** DOCTOR OF OPTICS

Phm. B. Toronto University.

HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES

Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Sale of Mill'g Plant Of the Renfrew Co.

Attention is drawn to the sale of desirable plant, machinery and supplies of the Renfrew Manufacturing Co., this city, advertised in another column. The whole property, consisting of land, buildings, machines, etc., is to be disposed of, singly or in bulk, and the occasion offers opportunity to manufacturers which should be readily embraced. Mr. Vickers, the company's representative, will be at the office all week. The 'phone number is 27; the property, the former site of the Cordage Company.

WILL MEET COMMISSION.

A deputation composed of Mayor Duncan, Chairman Edgar of the Railway Committee, Aldermen Taylor, Morrison, Garside and City Clerk Armstrong went to Toronto this morning to interview Sir Adam Beck in regard to matters connected with the street railway improvements here and other questions relating to the welfare of Peterborough as it is affected by the Hydro-Electric Commission.

STOMACH ACIDITY, INDIGESTION, GAS

Quick! Eat Just One Tablet of Pape'sDiapepsin for Instant Relief

When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel lumps of distress in stomach, pain, flatulence, heartburn or headache. Here is instant relief —No waiting!

Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost so little at drug stores.

Partnership Of Labor and Capital

SCHEME FOR PERMANENT SETTLEMENT OF INDUSTRIAL TROUBLES OUTLINED.

In Boston, a programme for cooperation between capital and labor to bring about "a just settlement of industrial strife," was outlined today by Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University at a legislative hearing on a bill for the appointment of a special commission to study the hours of labor in Massachusetts industries. He opposed the bill, chiefly, he said, "because I believe it to be inexpedient, not to say absurd, to attempt to fix by law the same number of hours for all industries without regard to their infinite diversities, or for all establishments in the same industry."

As a final basis for his programme Dr. Eliot proposed:—

"General adoption of a genuine partnership system between the capital and the labor engaged in any given works or plant whereby the returns to capital and labor alike, after the wages are paid, shall vary with the profits of the establishment, the percentage of the profit going to payroll being always much larger than that going to shareholders or owners, and payroll never being called on to make good losses. As a means of securing to employes full knowledge of the partnership in accounts they should always be represented in the directorate.

"The war between capital and labor," said Dr. Eliot, "is getting to a stage which seriously endangers the existing industries and social structures in those nations which have had no experience in the practice of liberty. After the firm establishment of a limited League of Nations with plenty of force at commend, the thing to be desired by the free peoples and by those who are hoping to become free is a just settlement of the industrial strife."

He advocated universal adoption of cooperative management and discipline, increased welfare provisions for employes, abandonment of "the conception that capital is the natural enemy of labor and that unorganized laborers are traitors to their class," and of "the idea that it is desirable for workers of any sort to work as few hours in a day as possible," and "absolute rejection of the notion that leisure rather than steady work should be the main object in life."

A drafting committee to prepare the final report of the commission on responsibility for the war has been appointed.

ANNUAL GRANT

(Continued from Page One.)

Upon suggestion of Alderman Edgar $25 was placed in the estimates as a grant to the Sick Children's Hospital, Toronto.

For Bathing Ponds.

Five hundred dollars was not enough for bathing places Alderman Turner assured the committee when this item came up for discussion. He thought it was too bad that the amount could not be held until next year when together with another more liberal grant, it would represent a more respectable sum and could be used with some effect.

Alderman Turner was informed that $500 was the best that could be done in this connection without raising the rate and that it would be impossible to adopt his suggestion and hold the 1919 grant until next year as a basis for a more extensive contribution.

Another Increase.

Fifty dollars was added to the one hundred dollar grant to the Trades and Labor Council in connection with the Labor day celebration, as a result of the representations of Alderman Gainey, who stated that had it not been for the municipal assistance last year there would have been a deficit in the funds of the organization as a result of the big day.

Alderman Edgar suggested that they let the $100 grant stand and should the Trades and Labor Council find that the gate receipts upon Labor day were not sufficient to cover their expenses, they could then apply to the City Council for financial assistance. Alderman Gainey did not view the proposal with favor and as the members were all quite satisfied that the grant should be increased, the motion passed without a dissenting vote.

When the changes decided upon had been incorporated in the estimates Chairman Taylor of the Finance Committee and Alderman Phelan moved that they be recommended to the Council for adoption and that the rate stand at 31 mills. The motion was carried, after which the meeting adjourned, and most of the members went to the scene of the flood on McDonnel street, which had resulted in numerous complaints being made over the telephone while the committee was in session.

ROYAL THEATRE

Last chance to see Wm. Farnum in "The Heart of a Lion," a great western drama. The balance of the program is exellent and drew one of the bigrest browds last night the Royal has held.

See it tonight—your last opportunity.

DOWN FOR SIX MONTHS.

Edward Wainwright was sentenced to serve a term of six months at the Guelph Prison Farm this morning when he appeared in police court charged with vagrancy.

He had just been released from jail after having served three months on the same charge, and was arrested around the yards.

TEMPLE BAND PRACTICE.

The Temple Band will meet to-night at 8 o'clock sharp for practice. It is important that every member should make an effort to be present.

He had just been released from jail yesterday by C. P. R. Constable Sandbach of Havelock while loitering around the yards.

NP SOAP Sold in Canada since 1879

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TO-DAY & WEDNESDAY — SPECIAL MATINEE WEDNESDAY

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

Tuesday Evening—THE FINAL SETTLEMENT
Wednesday Evening—THE GRAFTER
Wednesday Matinee—THE LITTLE LOST SISTER

POPULAR PRICES Eve.—15c - 25c - 35c Matinee—15c-25c

THURSDAY — AND — FRIDAY

Y.M.C.A. Minstrels

PROCEEDS FOR Y. M. C. A. HONOR ROLL.
PRESENTING AN UP-TO-DATE PROGRAM OF MODERN MINSTRELCY
Special Electrical Effects—Augmented Orchestra
PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. SEATS ON SALE

Fri. & Sat. Matinee and Eve.

"Pretty Baby"

You remember her don't you? The 1919 edition. Everything New But The Name, including the Happiest, Snappiest Chorus of Pretty Girls from Broadway.

PRICES:— NIGHT 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. MATINEE 25c, 35c, 50c.
Seats on sale Thursday at 10 a.m.

ADVERTISING RATES

The rate for Classified Advertisements is one cent a word per first insertion; subsequent insertions half a cent the word. Minimum number of words ten. Special terms for 5000 words or over.

Advertisements marked "till forbidden" are accepted on the understanding that they will be published until a written or verbal notice to stop them is received.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE, DEATH, MEMORIAL NOTICES AND CARDS OF THANKS, 50c per insertion in Daily and Weekly, not exceeding one inch space. All words over the inch one cent each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS—Special rates on application at the business office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL 18 TO 20, with High school education. For particulars Apply Review Office.

KITCHEN MAID TO ASSIST cook, and other kitchen duties, for a large apartment house; wages $30 per month; board and lodging; fare to Toronto paid. Apply Review Office.

CHAMBER MAID FOR LARGE apartment house; wages $30 per month with board, and transportation to Toronto. Apply Review Office.

HELP WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR A large apartment house. Wages $50 per month with board and lodging. Apply Review Office.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO furnished rooms with board, by young couple. Apply this office.

WANTED

WANTED—30 GAL. COPPER or galvanized iron boiler with or without gas heater. State how long in use. Apply Box 439 Review Office.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED stenographer; used to dictation. Permanent position; highest salary. Apply in writing, stating experience, to Box 239.

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

FOUND.

FOUND—Returned soldiers' badge in southern part of city. Same may be secured at this office by proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT—At 479 Cedar street; house in first-class conditon. Price reasonable. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATHROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

COAL

...AND...

Builders' Supplies

Hardwood Flooring

Robt. Hicks & Co.

LIMITED

If a young man in doubt about the propriety of kissing a pretty girl he should give her the benefit of the doubt.

When a load of coal is purchased, instead of going to the buyer it usually goes to the cellar.

LEGAL CARDS.

GORDON & O'BRIEN.
Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
Telephone 219.
G. N. GORDON. J. A. O'BRIEN.

C. R. WIDDIFIELD, B.A.
Barrister, Etc.
and Solicitor for the City of Peterborough. Bank of Commerce Building. Phone 550.

JAMES FORDYCE STRICKLAND
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
MONEY TO LOAN
295 Water Street Peterborough
Phone 151

MOORE & WEARING
Barristers, Solicitors.
408 Water St., two doors north of the Sun Life Insurance Offices.
Crown Chambers
Money to loan at lowest rates.
W. H. Moore, K.C.,
Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
County Crown Attorney
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Trust Funds to Loan on easy terms of payment, 397½ George Street, corner Hunter, Peterborough.

S. T. MEDD
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Office over Dominion Bank
Cor. Simcoe & George Sts.
Telephone No. 29
Private funds to loan at current rates upon easy terms.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, 419 Water street, Peterborough. Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest. Easy terms of repayment.
E. A. Peck. F. D. Kerr.
V. J. McElderry

J. EDMUND L. GOODWILL
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office 375 Water St., Phone 191. Successor to Roger, Bennet & Goodwill.
MONEY TO LOAN at current rates upon easy terms.

A. E. DIXON
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Offices corner Hunter & George Sts. Entrance next Madill's Drug Store.

O'CONNELL & CORKERY
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Money to Loan on Easy Terms of Payment
D. O'Connell, J. R. Corkery,
134½ Hunter St. Peterborough.
Telephone 344.

R. R. HALL
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Peterborough, Ont., office corner Hunter and Water Sts., over Canadian Bank of Commerce. Trust funds to loan on easy terms of payment.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. E. E. HARVEY
Silver Medalist, University of Toronto
Special attention to diseases of Women and Children
Office: 212 Brock Street
Hours: 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 222.

DR. BUCHANAN
F.R.S.C., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Hours: 9-11 a.m., 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Phone 519. Office corner Water and Murray streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. ASA WALMSLEY
Osteopath Physician
Office over Crown Building, Hunter and Water streets. Entrance 124 Hunter Street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Office Phone 649. Res. 845.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

Head Office—485-487 George Street
Peterborough
Paid-Up Capital.. $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of one dollar and upwards. Interest paid quarterly, accrued from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of 1 to 5 years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

Executors and trustees are authorized by law to invest in the Debentures of this institution.

Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW,
Managing Director

A fascinator is a head covering for women, but why it is so called no man knoweth.

STILL NEED FOR WAR SAVINGS

The Canadian Army that went overseas to fight Germany and her Allies is being rapidly demobilized, but the Canadian War Savings Army is not. On the contrary it is being recruited up to the maximum strength. A force of 2,000,000 systematic savers is aimed at. Nothing less will satisfy.

This army must be raised. In providing the money for the work of Repatriation and Reconstruction the people of Canada must do quite as well as did the Canadians overseas, who never failed to reach an objective, or to hold ground once won. Much more money will be required than it is possible to raise readily by taxation. This must be borrowed not from abroad, but from Canadians.

The Canadian War Savings plan with its war savings and thrift stamps is a convenient means for the placing of this money in the hands of the Government, for which it pays 4½ per cent., compounded half-yearly. Those who thus lend help themselves and help Canada.

Join the War Savings army today.

LT. SHIELD HOME

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Shield, Benson Ave., have received word that their son, Flight Lieut. T. H. Shields arrived at St. John's, New Brunswick, yesterday.

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

WEIR & McCARTHY

COAL DEALERS

111 Hunter Street, East City

Phone 96 TERMS CASH

LUMBER

Builders' Materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks; Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

HARD COAL

EGG, STOVE,

NUT, PEA

H. B. TAYLOR & SON

160 AYLMER ST.

Phone 209

Children's Aid Society

—of—

Peterborough City and County
FOR THE CARE OF NEGLECTED AND ILL-TREATED CHILDREN
G. W. POWELL
Asst. Secretary and Inspector
Office, 586 George St. Phone 104
Office Hours: 12 to 2 and 6 to

H. P. Lindsay Agency Co.

Real Estate and Insurance
Automobile Licenses
District Agents for Security Life

WANTED

Some good Houses for rent.

FOR SALE

Good Houses and Lots, cheap.
Some Farms for sale, at a bargain.
Let us insure your Life, Auto, House, Plate Glass, or anything you have.

It will pay you.

14 First Run ... Reels ... **ROYAL** **16 c. TO. ALL**

ENTIRE CHANGE TO-NIGHT — DON'T MISS IT

High-class Fox Program For TO-NIGHT

WILLIAM FARNUM in 6 Parts

"THE HEART OF A LION"

JEWEL CARMEN in a Great Love Drama entitled

"CONFESSION"

Eventful story of an Interrupted Honeymoon
5 PARTS

W. FOX'S Special Sunshine Comedy

"Who's Your Father?" 2 PARTS

Concluding with a side-splitting Farce of

"MUTT and JEFF"

DON'T MISS WM. FARNUM ONE OF THE BEST FOX STARS---TO-NIGHT

WATER ST. BOWLING ALLEYS

TRY BOWLING For WHAT AILS YOU

5 Perfectly Level Alleys on Ground Floor

JAKE SOLOMON . . Mgr

POISON GAS TURNED ON PEOPLE IN BIG CHURCH

Another Atrocity by Kultured Soldiers is Reported----All Vienna Discussing the Latest Outrage

Vienna, March 18.—All Vienna is discussing an outrage committed against the Nuncio Apostolic Monsignor Valfre di Bonzo. The news made a deep impression on the people. As soon as it became known that no serious consequences had followed, there was a stream of persons to the palace of the Nunciate to congratulate the venerable Italian bishop on his fortunate escape.

Monsignor Valfre di Bonzo himself described what had happened. He smiled good naturedly over the danger he had faced with his secretary, a young Italian priest, who accompanied him, in the large church of the Jubilee on the bank of the Danube special services were held Sunday for the feast of San Giovanni de Matha, founder of the order of the Trinitarians. It had been announced that in the morning Cardinal Archbishop Piffl would attend while in the evening the Nuncio Apostolic would pronounce the pontifical benediction.

The morning ceremony was without incident. In the evening at 6 o'clock just before Monsignor Valfre entered the church, the crowd, which was listening to the sermon of the provinvial father of the Trinitarians suddenly noticed a sharp odor, and felt a most painful irritation of the throat and eyes. The preacher was obliged to stop and a large part of the audience rushed for the doors, since the alarm was given that poison gas was entering the church. In fact yellowish spots were discovered on the pavement.

A few minutes later an automobile brought the Nuncio and his secretary. He was informed of what had happened by the priests coming forth to receive him at the door, and by the faithful but the proud old Italian bishop would not be dissuaded from going ahead with his part in the service, although the noxious odors were still pouring out of the church.

His demeanor rallied the faithful. About 200 went back with him. The Nuncio ascended the altar donned the vestments took part in chanting the litany and pronounced the benediction. The ceremony was hurried but it lasted fully twenty minutes. During that time the gas fumes produced a painful irritation in the throats of those present and brought tears to every eye. The Nuncio suffered pains in the eyes, which did not disappear for two days, although they did not produce any serious consequences. At the door of the church he was enthusiastically applauded by the congregation.

It developed that the gas was tear gas of the kind used by the Austrian army at the front. Some persons think it was released by a soldier in the congregation and are inclined to think he had a political purpose. The republican government sent one of its agents to the Nuncio to express its regrets.

FOR SALE

Plant, Machinery & Supplies

Having decided to dispose of the property of the Renfrew Manufacturing Co., in Peterborough, consisting of the land and buildings, Machinery and Supplies, I wish to notify the manufacturers of this City that all will be sold at bargain prices. There is a large quantity of lathes, turret machines, drill presses, motors, (10 to 100 horse-power) power presses, single purpose machines, oil furnaces, trucks, belting, tools and other supplies, nearly new.

All with be sold singly or in bulk, the buildings are in good repair, all sprinkler equipped. The total floor area approximately 70,000 square feet. My representative, Mr. Vickers, will be at the office all this week.

Signed,

THOMAS A. LOW

Phone No. 27. President.
Formerly Site of The Cordage Co.

Smartness enables a man to catch on and wisdom enables him to let go.

A pastmaster in politics often turns out to be the future village postmaster.

Empty compliments and senseless abuse are on equal footing.

A man's ability should be rated by what he finishes and not by what he attempts.

Canadian Candy is wholesome

It produces real energy

ALL through the war the highest medical and food authorities were insistent in their recommendations to give the soldiers candy.

In Military Hospitals and Convalescent Homes candy was allowed to seriously wounded patients whose condition called for constant nourishment in a light, nutritious, easily-digested form.

As the war progressed, the demand for candy grew to enormous proportions. Soldiers and sailors alike found by experience that candy produced real energy, while stimulants gave only deceptive temporary strength.

This war experience is supported by scientific opinion, and some misconceptions are set right in the following extract from the *Canada Lancet*:—

"Candy and Chocolate are nutritious, stimulating foods. There is not the least scientific foundation for the opinion that eating candy is injurious to the teeth. The lack of sugar is much more likely to injure the teeth through impaired nutrition than even its excessive use is liable to do by any digestive troubles which might result from overuse.

"In like manner there is little foundation for the common opinion that the consumption of candy causes digestive troubles."

Candy brings sunshine into the lives of children. Children are fond of candy because their bodies require fuel which candy best produces. Not only eat it yourself, but encourage your children to eat candy in rational quantities. It is good for them.

Candy is a Splendid Food.

THE CONFECTIONERY AND CHOCOLATE INDUSTRIES OF CANADA

FARMERS AND INCOME TAX

INSPECTOR OF TAXATION WRITES THAT EVERY FARMER MUST MAKE A RETURN.

A few days ago an article appeared in this paper in regard to the income tax as it affected farmers which caused a difference of opinion amongst members of the local legal fraternity in regard to the necessity of all farmers filling out the blank forms which are being sent out to them.

To clear up this important question the Review wired the Inspector of Taxation at Kingston stating the case and asking for information concerning it.

Last night the following reply was received from that official which we publish in full below, believing that it will be of interest to the farmers of the district and to others who read the recent article in this paper and the editorial comment dealing with it. The communication which is an absolutely clear estatement seems to settle the doubtful point by intimating that a return is expected of every farmer whether his income is taxable or otherwise:

Official Statement

"The Review, Peterboro, Ont.

"Dear sir—In reply to your telegram of this date I find that it is necessary to have every farmer satisfy me as Inspector for the District as to whether he is liable under the Act or not. therefore, we expect a return from every farmer. For the year 1918 an unmarried man is exempt up to $1000 and a married man is exempt up to $2000, any excess over these amounts is taxable. I do not insist upon a man making out three papers if he does not come under the above amounts but I want one paper made out and filed with me as a reference. This saves the farmer or any other man being sent notices from this office as to his returns. At the conference held recently in Ottawa the opinion among the Inspectors was that every person should make a return.

"Yours faithfully,
"G. A. MacDONALD,
"Inspector of Taxation."

INTESTINAL PARALYSIS

"Fruit-a-tives" Quickly Relieved This Chronic Trouble

559 Cassrain Bernier, Montreal.

"In my opinion, no other medicine is so curative for Constipation and Indigestion as 'Fruit-a-tives'.

I was a sufferer from these complaints for five years, and my sedentary occupation, Music, brought about a kind of Intestinal Paralysis; with many Headaches, bilious fits, drowsiness after eating, and pain in the back.

I was induced to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and now for six months I have been entirely well". A. ROSENBURG.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

GEO. RUTHERFORD'S BODY RECOVERED

FOUND LAST NIGHT FLOATING IN RIVER NEAR HARE'S BRIDGE

The body of George A. Rutherford who was drowned in the Otonabee river on December 20th was discovered floating in the water last night near Hale's Bridge by Sylvester Dwyer, who with the assistance of his brother at once drew the remains to shore and notified the police department here.

Upon going to Hale's Bridge, Plainclothesman Meagher and Mr. John Comstock removed the body from Hale's Bridge to Comstock's undertaking parlors in this city where it was identified as that of the late George Rutherford, who was drowned near the Locks Bridge while on his way to Peterborough from Downer's Corners, Efforts to recover the body at the time proved useless and it was not until last night that any trace of the body was found. It had evidently floated nine miles since the 20th of December.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the funeral is being held to Little Lake Cemetery from the family residence, 525 Bolivar street.

The Grand River is in flood, but the ice has gone out without doing any particular damage.

Very Rev. Dean Davis of London is dead after 43 years' service as rector of St. James' Church.

Changes in the City Assessment

The following is a list of changes made in the city's estimates which were prepared last night in committee of the whole and recommended to the Council for adoption. These estimates will be published tomorrow in a more detailed form:

	Original	Change
Interest	$ 1500	$ 2175
Loss in taxes	5500	3000
Municipal Govt	8400	8550
Parks	120	1120
Special grants	18000	18475

Summary.

1918—	
Estimate	$158020 00
Less estimated receipts	13625 20
	$144394 80
1918—	
Payments	$165145 65
Less estimated receipts	14562 99
	$150582 66
1919—	
Estimate	$190649 35
Less estimated receipts	11858 24
	$178796 11

THE WOUNDED BUSHMAN

. . . So I must walk on crutches all my days,
A crippled thing, the lifelong pity of men!
In vain these ribbons on my breast that blaze
If, through the Bush I never ride again.

The trodden camps come mocking me in dreams,
The circling cattle with their clashing horns,
The jangling bells upon the feeding teams,
The magpies singing to the blood-red morns.

These things I loved, My saddle and my spurs,
The bucking colt that none but I could ride:
These were Australia's own; and I am hers,
Broken for her, my far-off golden bride.

Yet, even had I known in those dim years
The bitter price that I was doomed to pay,
I like to think I should have crushed my fears
And gone hot-foot along the Adventurous Way.

—Will H. Ogilvie.

LAWN BOWLERS WON LAST NIGHT

Good scores were put up last week in five pins at the Water Street Alleys J. Gillespie won the prize with 763.

W. Scheffel	671
T. Barrett	655
J. Jory	633

Last night in the five pin league at the Water Street Alleys, the Lawn Bowlers took two from Matthews-Blackwell. For the Lawn Bowlers Walton was high with 526, Pratt and Craig also passed the 500 mark. For Matthews-Blackwell Gordon Matthews was high man with 568 and high single of 247. Stanton also topped the 500 mark.

The Scores

Matthews-Blackwell

Stanton	148	176	178	—502
Matthews	169	247	152	—568
McLean	89		93	—182
Stanfield		225		—225
Moncrieff	105	130	88	—323
Everett	133	205	153	—491
	644	883	664	—2191

Lawn Bowlers

Craig	154	149	202	—505
Pratt	147	179	191	—517
Walton	146	175	205	—526
Elliott	136	184	124	—444
Maynard	100	136	182	—418
	683	823	904	—2410

G. H. Giroux New Pres. Curling Club

At 8 o'clock in the club room of the rink last night the annual business meeting of the Curling Club was held. The financial report was received for the year just closed, and prizes were awarded to the winners in the inter-rink contests and the vice skips' bonspiel. The presentations were made by essrs. Robt. Neill, J. E. A. Fitzgerald and Alex. C. Kay.

President McDermid, on behalf of the members, presented Mr. Harry Foote with a handsome meerschaum pipe as a recognition of his services as secretary of the big open bonspiel held here recently.

Mr. George H. Giroux was elected president of the local club for the year 1919; Dr. Wightman, vice-president; Felix Brownscombe, secretary-treasurer, and Messrs. Alex. Kay, W. J. Oke, P. D. Fitzgerald and G. A. Mc.Donald of the Quaker Oats were appointed to the board of managers.

R. M. Waddell was chosen as the representative to the Ontario Curling Association, and Mr. W. G. Morrow as a substitute in case Mr. Waddell was unable to attend.

200 Members Join Peterboro G.W.V.A.

At the regular meeting of the Great War Veterans' Association, last evening the following were re-elected to membership in the organization:

A. R. Church, 93 Bn; S. M. Thebeau, 39th Bn; B. McCue, 93rd Bn; F. Kiff, 21st Bn; F. W. Eggleton, 33rd Bn; F. Dunkley, 59th Bn; R G. Darrell, 93rd Bn; F. R. Eggleton, 39th Bn; H. Godfrey, 8th C.M.R.; H. Giroux, 39th Bn; C. Wilson, 93rd Bn; G. T. Lockie, 93rd Bn; N. Jones, 93rd Bn; F. Hill, 93rd Bn; F. Anderson, 59th n; B. Palin, 89th Bn; N. B. Peters, 4th C.M.R.; W. J. Johnston, 43rd Bn; N. Stewart, 93rd Bn; A. V. Cutts, 39th Bn; H. Doleman, 93rd Bn; H. J. Coleman, 8th C.M.R.; G. J. Willshaw, 59th n; W. Field, 8th C.M.R.; W. Jones, 247th Bn; W. Primeau, 247th Bn; J. Jordan, 80th Bn.

This totals 200 members since the beginning of the present year.

Committees Named

S. Whatley and J. Strickland were named a deputation to visit the Hydro-Electric Commission re placing of contracts for the Commission's machinery in Switzerland.

The following were appointed a Government Housing Plan Committee:

Comrades Lancaster, J. R. Coleman, H. Graham, H. Staunton.

The Housing Committee for rooms is composed of Comrades Dainton, Muir, Long, Yates, and Stanley.

The Committee for Tag Day on Saturday, April 19th is Comrades Foster, Cole, Wood, Field, Jefferies, Stanley.

Gift of Painting

A hearty vote of thanks was extended Miss J. Horsefield for the gift of a large painting.

Five Thousand On The Liner Olympic

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, March 18.—The White Star Liner Olympic resumed work as a Canadian transport today, when she left Southampton with five thousand troops of the third Canadian division and various details. Ontario soldiers, include ammunition columns and infantry, artillery and engineer details for Toronto, Kingston and London districts. Also the 52nd battalion, Port Arthur and 16th battalion, Toronto.

Southampton gave the Canadians a great send off and the men are in the highest spirits.

H. W. KENT IS DEAD

Fomer Manager of Bell Telephone Co Here Dies in Vancouver.

Word was received in Peterborough late Saturday night of the death in Vancouver of H. W. Kent, former manager of the Belle Telephone Company in this city.

Interment will be made in Peterborough. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

RETURNED SOLDIER KILLED.

Ottawa, March 17.—Charles F. Snow, returned soldier, was instantly killed last evening about 8:35 o'clock when he was struck by a Preston-Rockliffe car about 100 feet from the Ottawa New Edinburgh Canoe Club stop at Rockliffe. Both his hands wer cut off and the body was badly mangled.

The Carmania arrived at Halifax and debarked the Princess Patricias, the 49th (Edmonton) Battalion, the 4th and 5th C. M. R., and the 9th Field Ambulance.

Cairo has been placed under martial law as the result of the extension of rioting by Egyptian Nationalists.

Some society ladies are works of art.

The scale of justice must be a sort of trial balance.

It's a poor phonograph that is unable to speak for itself.

It takes a good artist or a good actor to draw a good house.

The man who owes his shoemaker cannot call his soul his own.

Perhaps a woman is unreasonable in her reasoning, because——.

According to an ancient proverb, a man is either a fool or a physician at 40. It has since been demonstrated.

When you tell your family that the Marmalade in the jar was made with

Lantic Sugar

they know they are going to have a treat.

The Lantic Library is three little booklets telling how to make preserves, desserts and other good things with Lantic Sugar. We send it free, but please enclose a 2c. stamp to pay postage.

Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Ltd.
McGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL.

ANDREW DEVLIN ARRESTED.

Andrew Devlin was arrested in Toronto last evening by P. C. Pennock on a charge of doing malicious injury to property.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is of Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
162 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-343

WRIST & BRACELET Watches
in varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.
CLOCKS, JEWELRY
Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.
Schneider's
947 George St. Next Turnbull's

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
Hard Wood $12 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

Orders for Coal
taken now. Prompt delivery. Mixed Cord Wood for sale, also bundles of Kindling Wood. Second-hand Leather Belting and Scrap Leather for sale.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.
Store and Apartment to rent.
LOW & COMPANY
262 Simcoe St. Phone 607
Nights and Holidays 980

$5.00 for $4.02
And Each Dollar Worth More
How Money Grows

AT the rate of interest you receive on War-Savings Stamps, approximately 4½ per cent compound interest, $4.00 grows to $5.00 in the five-year term; $4.00 grows to $9.76 in 20 years; to $37.24 in 50 years; to $346.88 in 100 years!

CONVERT YOUR FILLED THRIFT CARDS INTO W-S.S.

BUY WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT

Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.

A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.

Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES BACKACHE
NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

ATTENTION!!

Carpenters, Cabinet Makers, Bench Hands and all men running wood working machinery

Are you doing all you can to make the City of Peterborough a better place for your wife and children; and your mother to live in. If you are not you are not doing your bit during this reconstruction period.

HIT THE SAWDUST TRAIL to the Labor Hall, George Street, Peterboro,

THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1919 At 8 p.m.

J. F. MARCH, General Organizer

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, will address the meeting on "Trade Unionism and Reconstruction."

COME

BRINGING UP FATHER — BY GEORGE McMANUS

BY GOLLY- I PROMISED TO MEET MAGGIE AN HALF AN HOUR AGO- I'M TEN MINUTES LATE NOW-
DINTY MOORE
I'LL TELL HER I WUZ DETAIN AT THE OFFICE-
I'M SORRY DEAR- BUT I COULDN'T GIT AWAY FROM THE OFFICE ANY SOONER-
WELL- AS LONG AS I KNOW YOUVE BEEN WORKING IT'S ALL RIGHT-
OH! LOOK- MR. JIGGS- DINTY MOORE'S DOG HAS BEEN FOLLOWING YOU-
SO!!!
1-15

Barrie's

PETERBOROUGH

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

The House with Exclusive Styles

The Formal Presentation of

Spring

SUITS
COATS
DRESSES and
BLOUSES

Will continue

TO-MORROW

The Barrie Building
Phone 340w

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Yours Eyes Will Tell You

If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to pyorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

IMPROMPTU DANCE

How often when some young friends have dropped in for the evening have we wished for a little impromptu dance only to find that nobody in the company could play good dance music. There would never be this annoyance if there was a Victrola in the home. Why not drop in at Heintzman Hall, George and Hunter Streets and see some of these famous instruments and hear about the easy payment plan the firm have adopted.

PLAYGROUND ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Peterborough Playgrounds Association will be held on Wednesday, March 19th, at 8 p.m., in the Public Library. All members are urged to be present as matters of importance will have to be decided at this meeting.

TEMPLE GIRL GUARDS.

There will be Girl Guard practice at the Temple tonight at 7:30 sharp.

K. OF C. NOTICE

Regular meeting this evening at 8.15 sharp. Lecture by Mr. V. J. McElderry.

AUTOMOBILES AND TRUCKS, ETC

For sale two 1918, on 1917, some older models, Ford Touring Cars. Two 1918 Ford Roadsters. All in good running order. These look like new Ford Delivery Car with wire screen body, in good order. A good buy. Don't miss this.

Two-ton Form A Truck, complete with continental, motor. Lots of

For sale two 1918, one 1917, some

DUFFUS GARAGE.

LANTERN SERVICE AT ALL SAINTS

Wednesday evening the rector will continue his series of illustrated addresses on "The Seven Words From the Cross."

Subject—"My God, My God, Why Hast Thou Forsaken Me?"

Service at 7.30 sharp.

D. OF E. SOCIAL

The Daughters of England are holding a concert and social in the S. O. E. Hall on Hunter street on Thursday evening, 20th inst., at 8 p.m. A splendid program has been arranged including Frank Oldfield singing his song in the celebrated Pathephone. Refreshments will be served.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Lieut. T. H. Shields is expected home on the 3:35 C. P. R. train tomorrow.

The I. O. D. E. Hold A St. Patrick's Tea

The Otonabee Chapter, I.O.D.E. held a most delightful tea yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. T. H G. Denne, Park street.

The door was opened by Miss Regatta Lewis, dressed as a little Irish boy, and each person received the smile and thanks of a little Irish maid, Miss Bryl Bates, as they dropped a contribution in her big green hat.

On entering the drawing room the guests were received by the hostess Mrs. Denne, and the regent, Mrs. Allen, and made welcome to "a little bit of auld Ireland." The rooms being decorated profusely with everything green and every where were emblems made famous by song and story of the Emerald Isle.

The excellent entertainment provided by Mrs. Buchanan was greatly appreciated, being quite in harmony with the day. The program consisted of songs by Mrs. M. Parks, Miss Tanghe and Miss Murray; violin solos by Miss Harrington and Miss Logan, a recitation by Miss Parks and an Irish jig given by the Misses Lewis and Bates, which proved quite the hit of the afternoon.

The dining room was under the charge of Mrs. H. Stenson, assisted by Mrs. Coulthard, pouring coffee, while Mrs. F. L. Robinson, Mrs. H Arthur Robinson, Mrs. Adam Hall Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Whitehouse, Mrs Meredith, Mrs. Stapleton and Mrs Widdens, each looking quite gay in their green and white uniforms, served the guests.

Others helping to make the affair the success it surely was were Mrs R. R. Hall, Mrs. Deare, Mrs King Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Mann, Mrs Seels Miss English and Miss Nan Hall.

OBITUARY

MRS. MARY McMANUS

Mrs. Mary McManus of Douro passed away last night aged 79 years. Deceased's husband the late John McManus predeceased her fifteen years ago. She leaves to mourn her six sons and one daughter, namely, M.J., W.J., Martin and David all of Douro and Francis P. and Joseph of Medicine Hat. The sister is Miss Bridget of this city.

The funeral will be held from Lot 12, con. 3, Douro, Thursday morning at 8.30 to St. Joseph's Church and Cemetery.

AUCTION SALE

Friday afternoon at Hancock's Auction Rooms, of household furniture and effects. Parties having pieces of furniture to dispose of may put same in this sale and secure the highest bid.

AUCTION SALE

Of household furniture, etc., at the home of Mr Jno. Lacheur, 211 Rubidge street, on Monday March 24, including piano, chesterfield fumed oak dining suit, 2 wilton rugs, etc., 2 brass beds, bear and wolf rugs, mounted, etc. Set Lamoise china. Parties wishing to inspect same may do so Saturday evenings.

W. J. HANCOCK, Auct.

ALL THIS WEEK

10 lb. G. Sugar $1.00, with $2 order
10 lb. Fresh Rolled Oats for 68c
10 lb. Fresh Corn Meal, for 68c
10 lb. Fresh White Cr. of Wheat 69c
10 lb. 15c Rice, bargain for 99c
5 lbs. Raisins, wholesale ...14c lb.
5 lb. pail Best Shortening $1.47
5 lb. pail Rose brand Lard ..$1.65
5 lbs Tea ...70c at 54c, 60c at 44c
Chase & Sanborn Coffee, 60c for 42c
Old Dutch 9c. Good as Dutch 5c can
Canned Tomatoes, 3 for 30c
Pumpkin 10c
Can Beets 15c, for only .....5c can
40c Tungsten Lamps, only 31c
50c pail Jam 39c, $1.00 pail for 80c
5 Gold, Sunlight, Surprise Soap 38c
Fresh Salmon Steak 20c
White Fish, Finnan Haddie, Choice Beef and Pork Sausage.
Salmon in tins for Lent, 25c for 19c
30c for 26c. 40c for 34c.
Lots of Dry Goods Bargains, lots of Grocery Bargains.
Boots, Shoes and Rubber Bargains.
Phone or come to our store.

R. C. BRAUND

Phone 348

Don't Forget our Bargain Arcade.

Announcing the Formal Presentation of

SPRING TIME FASHIONS

ON WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY we will present the successful models and creations of New York and Paris in SILKS, DRESS GOODS, MILLINERY, SUITS, COATS, DRESSES and SKIRTS for MISSES, WOMEN and CHILDREN. If you like pretty clothes you will want to visit our Spring Time Display of Fashions To-morrow and Days following—You will find the cleverest ideas of La Model embodied there. You may look to Wednsday as a pleasurable holiday when you see the best of Fashions Showing

In addition to the Display of New Fashions throughout the Store--We are featuring in Every Department a rousing list of special values in New Spring Goods that no woman with an eye to economy should miss

Hall's Fashionable Spring Millinery

Displayed for Your Approval--To-morrow

Featuring new stylish Millinery from New York, which is the last word for Spring. Hundreds of new and pretty styles for you to view.

An Opening Sale Special

Smart Ready-to-wear Hats from New York that we are going to sell at $5.00. They are especially made for "Halls" and are copies of the latest New York Ideas. No two hats alike and forty styles to choose from. Be sure you see these Hats. The value is remarkable. Opening Special **$5.00**

SPECIAL OFFERING OF HIGH GRADE Women's New Spring Tailored Suits at $29.75 $39.75 and $42.00

Suits for ver occasion in good wearing fabrics and tailored to a nicety. Suits that are equal to those expected at higher prices, but seldom seen at these popular figures.

AT $29.75

Smart new Spring models, well tailored from all-wool serge, in navy blue and black. These new suits show all the novelty style features and are particularly good value.

AT $39.75

Dressy Suits, exclusive models in the most alluring styles. Only one of a kind. Handsomely designed and finely tailored from all-wool mannish serges and finished the way you like.

AT $42.00

We are showing some very clever Spring Suits. One in particular is a sand shade, unfinished serge. Coat nicely tailored, and designed with pin tuck back; belt extending from side seam across front; button trimmed; brocaded silk lining. Skirt plain tailored, with two pockets.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Women's Spring weight White Cotton Vests, each 40c
2 for 75c

EXTRA SPECIAL

Spring Fabric Gloves. Regular $1.25, for, pair 98c

Spring Opening Specials

85c Bleached Sheeting, yard ... 58c
30c White Flannelette, yard 22c
$6.50 Damask Table Cloths, each $4.98
$4.50 Damask Table Napkins, dozen $3.98
25c Roller Towelling, yard 20c
35c Bedroom Towels, each 27c
$4.00 Pure Wool Serge, yard ... $2.97
35c New Dress Ginghams, yard .. 29c
$1.00 White Gabardine, yard 89c
75c White Pique, yard 49c
$2.25 Rajah Silks, yard $1.89
$2.50 Silk Crepe de Chine, yard $1.98
$2.50 Brown Drapery Poplin, yd. $1.69

NEW RUGS---Sell on Sight---All sizes in Axminster, Wilton and Brussels

ODD LINES—ONLY ONE OR TWO OF A KIND
ALL OF THEM GREATLY REDUCED, AND EACH RUG A SPECIAL BARGAIN AT THE SALE PRICE

For these Rugs, on sale to-morrow, we invite your careful inspection. They are all new and bought from one of the leading Canadian manufacturers at quite a big saving from the regular prices, and we are going to hand this saving on to you for the four Opening Days—Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. There are some beautiful designs and colorings in the lot, and in qualities suited to every room in the home. If you want new Rugs you cannot afford to overlook this big *Four Day Rug Bargain*. Note the sizes and prices:

BRUSSEL RUGS

Size 9 x 12 ft. Regular $54.00. Opening Sale price **$42.50**
Size 6 ft. 9 in. x 7 ft. 6in. Regular $30.00. Opening Sale price **$22.75**
Size 6ft. 9in. x 10ft. 6 in Regular $37.50. Opening Sale price **$31.50**

WILTON RUGS

Size 12 x 9 feet. Regular $125.00. Opening Sale price **$109.00**
Size 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. Regular $85.00. Opening Sale price **$65.00**

Axminster Rugs

Size 12 ft. x 9 ft. Regular $72.00 Opening Sale price ..... **$59..00**
Size 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in Regular $63.00. Opening Sale price **$52.00**
Size 6 ft. x 9 ft. Regular $40.00. Opening Sale price **$34.50**

New Spring Model Corsets, Priced at $1.25 pair

New faultless fitting spring model Corsets of firm, white coutil; medium high bust, well boned, four strong hose supporters; lace trimmed. All sizes. Marvelous value. Opening Week Special, pair **$1.25**

At $8.00

We are showing some real pretty Crepe de Chine Blouses, all in the very latest New York novelty stripes. Be sure and see them.

Another Lot of Those Lovely New York Serge Dresses To Sell at $18.50

ABOUT TWENTY DIFFERENT STYLES TO CHOOSE FROM.

The styles are new and entirely youthful, and every one made of good quality all-wool Botany Serge. Rarely have we had an offering of Dresses to equal this one. An excellent opportunity in New York, of which we immediately took advantage, allowed us to secure these dresses at an unusually low price. Styles are in every case the newest, and the values are the kind you seldom see. Opening Week Special **$18.50**

100 Yards---$2.50 Black Chiffon Taffeta Silk. 36 inches wide. A big bargain while it lasts. Yard $1.69

RICHARD HALL & SON LIMITED

LECTURE ON "ST. PATRICK"

AND MUSICAL PROGRAM AT TRINITY SCHOOL HALL—A TREAT.

In spite of the heavy downpour of rain, Trinity school hall was well filled with a most appreciative audience, who enjoyed to the full the excellent program of Irish songs and the illustrated lecture on St. Patrick.

Mr. Hartshorn gave as the opening number "My Irish Eyes," and responded to a hearty encore with "Mother McCree." Miss Ruby Young sang very pleasingly an Irish lullaby, "Husheen." Mrs. King captured the audience with two popular Irish melodies, "Norah" and "A Little Bit of Heaven." The closing numbers of the musical part of the program were given by Mrs. Maurice Park, who gave a beautiful rendering of Tom Moore's well known poem, "The Last Rose of Summer," and responded to an encore with "The Minstrel Boy," both of which were highly appreciated. The hearty encores given to each of the musical numbers were evidence of the popularity of the vocalists who so kindly assisted with the program.

Lecture on St. Patrick.

The lecture on "St. Patrick and the Early History of Ireland" was given by Rev. F. E. Malott, who has made a careful study of all available material on this subject. He opened his address with "An Irishman's Toast," by Jean Blewett. The present condition of Ireland and Irish affairs called forth a few words of comment. "Ireland," he said, "has given to the world some things without which the world would be poorer. Irish music, Irish wit and great men who have achieved renown in every walk of life." A few samples of typical Irish humor were given. Mr. Malott said his purpose was not to speak of the men who Ireland had given to the world, but of a man who had given Ireland to the world. This man was St. Patrick. He then gave an account of this truly great man, who in the first half of the fifth century did such a work in Ireland that he deserves to be numbered among the apostolic men of the early Christian centuries. The lecturer traced his career from his birth at Bannaventa, in Britain, in 389 A.D., to his death at Saul, near Down Patrick, on the 17th of March, 491 A.D. The story of his capture by Irish pirates at the age of 16, his six years of servitude at Fochlad, in Connaught, his escape and voyage to Gaul in a trading vessel reads like a romance. His visit to and stay at the Monastery of St. Lerin's, his return to his home in Britain, his missionary call, his preparation for his life work in the Monastery at Auxerre, in Gaul, were all graphically described. At 44 years of age Patrick was finally prepared for his great undertaking. In 433 he landed near Wicklow, in Ireland, with a number of fellow workers and all the necessary equipment for missionary work. For 28 years he labored to establish Christianity in Ireland. His work lay chiefly in the northern half of the island, but he seems to have visited the other kingdoms as well. Knowing the peculiar tribal system of Ireland, he sought to win the favor of the kings and nobles, and in time succeeded. The work he did for Ireland was three fold. He did not introduce Christianity into Ireland, but he established and organized the Christian Church there. He carried Christianity into those parts that were still pagan. He gave Ireland to the world by bringing it into recognition and making it formally a part of Christendom. Two writings of St. Patrick remain. His letter to Croticus, a British chieftain, and his "Confessions," to which we are indebted for much information concerning his life.

The lecture was illustrated with lantern slides.

Mr. R. F. Downey ably performed the duties of chairman. Refreshments were served at the close of the program.

IN GERMAN WATERS.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Coblenz, March 18.—Lieut. W. Laidlaw, commander of five British gunboats on their way to Cologne, called upon Gen. Dickman here today. The squadron came across France by way of the Seine and Marne rivers and a series of canals to the Rhine, and is on its way down river to the base of the British army of occupation.

PLANS INVITED

The Peterborough Board of Education is prepared to consider tentative plans for a new 12 to 20 room public school building. Of the plans submitted only that plan which may be accepted by the Board will be paid for. For information as to requirements, particulars may be obtained from Mr. E. G. Patterson, Chairman of Building Committee or the Public School Inspector, Peterborough.

G. H. THOMPSON,
Secretary Board of Education.

WEATHER FORECASTS.
Occasional rain today. Wednesday northwest winds, fair and turning a little colder.

The Daily Review

8 PAGES

40th YEAR No. 66 Peterborough's Oldest Newspaper PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1919. Price Two Cents Per Copy

BRITISH PLANS FOR AN AIR CODE, IN MAIN, ARE ACCEPTED

International Air Council Will Be Formed as Section of the League of Nations—No Discrimination Against Any Nation by Another—Remove Forts.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 19.—In a report submitted today the commission appointed to consider plans for an international air code announced that the British proposals have been, in the main, accepted.

An international council will be formed as a section of the League of Nations to handle all matters relative to aerial navigation. It has been decided that each nation is entitled to sovereignty over the air above it, subject to the granting of permission for passage of foreign aviators.

There is to be no discrimination against any nation by another, air pilots will be licensed on an international basis, and there will be international rules governing the right of way for airplanes and airships.

WAR DEATHS TOTAL 9,000,000

San Francisco, Cal., March 19. — "The cost of the war in money alone was $197,000,000,000, or $11,000,000,000 more than the total property value of all of North America," Secretary of War Newton D. Baker told a gathering at the Commercial Club here.

"The deaths from wounds in battle numbered 7,300,800, and the total deaths in all the armies reached 9,000,000," he said.

Referring to the proposed League of Nations, Secretary Baker said:—"Unless such an organization was formed under some name and under some constitution, anarchy bred by disease, hunger and despair would overwhelm the earth.

"No child born in a civilized nation in the next hundred years will escape paying a considerable portion of the debt this war has brought about."

WASHOUT ON HALIBURTON

LINE DELAYS THE TRAINS

As a result of the heavy rainfall on Sunday and Monday a washout has occurred on the Haliburton line, near Kinmount and as a result the Haliburton train was unable to reach Lindsay yesterday morning. The seven o'clock train went north and transferred the passengers and express. It is understood that the track was washed away for some distance.

TROUBLE DUE TO BUNGLERS

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Halifax, N.S., March 19.—Lieut.-Col. A. C. Pratt, M.P., for Norfolk County, Ontario, arrived here on the transport Celtic, declared that the recent rioting at Rhyl Camp, in which five men were killed and several wounded was directly attributable to incompetency of Canadian Military authorities in Ottawa, and all Canadian military headquarters in Argyle House, London.

Colonel Pratt places on these authorities the entire blame for the tragedy, and said that Sir Edward Kemp's statement on the matter was a series of excuses for things which should not have been excused.

General Sir Richard Turner, Canadian Commander in England, said Col. Pratt, was a kind, courteous affable man, but he surrounded himself with incompetent bunglers.

REMOVE FORTIFICATIONS.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 19.—The Chamber of Deputies has authorized the removal of special fortifications about Paris that were erected shortly after the war began.

SIBERIAN MAIL.

Mail for the Siberian forces closes at the post office on March 26. It will leave Vancouver per steamer Africa Maru on March 31st.

WORKERS NOT RIPE FOR COMMUNISM

GERMAN ELECTIONS FAVORABLE TO PRESENT GOVT.—WARNING ISSUED.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, March 19.—The elections to soldiers' councils in Madgeburg, Thuringen and Buhr districts have resulted favorably to the present government, according to the Frankfort Gazette.

The soldiers' and workmen's council for Minden and Bielfeld districts, the newspaper also reports, has declared against the system of councils as a factor in the permanent political system, and has issued a warning against communism, for which it declares the workers are not ripe.

LINK RAILWAYS WITH WATERWAYS

IS WHAT PHILADELPHIA BONISE IS DEMANDING U.S. CONGRESS TO ACT ON.

Philadelphia, March 19.—Declaring that existing transportation facilities are not adequate to meet the nations' traffic needs, the Philadelphia Bourse yesterday inaugurated a campaign to have the next Congress authorize a system of waterway improvements that would permit their co-ordination with the railroads.

The movement launched by the Bourse is one to which much study has been given as a result of conditions brought about by the war. It will be brought to the attention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States for consideration at its annual meeting, to be held in April. "We advocate the improvement only of such waterways as will be utilized," declares a statement issued by the Bourse yesterday. "Appropriations of the public revenues can only be justified upon evidence affording a reasonable assurance that channels so improved will be used for water transportation. We recommend that the Federal Congress enact legislation creating a separate department of transportation, which shall have jurisdiction to supervise and regulate water transportation."

The resolutions that have been adopted by the Bourse for submission to the Chamber of Commerce, to which the above statement will be attached, are as follows:

"Whereas, the utilization of natural resources, the development of industry and the extension of commerce depend upon the availability of adequate transportation and as it is beyond dispute that existing facilities are not adequate to fully meet the traffic needs of the nation; and

"Whereas, the Federal Government has jurisdiction of all navigable waterways in the United States, and it is the duty of the Congress of the United States to provide for the improvement of all navigable waterways upon which commerce may be established;

"Therefore, Resolved, that we recommend and urge upon the Congress of the United States that such a comprehensive system of waterway improvement and water transportation be devised and authorized as will most effectually serve the largest areas of the country."

LINDSAY MAN FINED

Sells Government Aviation Supplies Contrary to Traders' By-Law

An interesting case was heard before Police Magistrate Bradford on St. Patrick's Day, when a Lindsay citizen was found guilty of an infraction of the Transient Trader's By-Law and fined $10 and costs.

The defendant has been conducting a sale of Government aviation supplies and was represented by Barrister Knight, while Town Solicitor Furton appeared for the prosecution.

Owing to the high cost of American flour, the supplies sent by the allies to Berlin will not enable the Government to increase the bread ration.

WIFE OF BANK PRESIDENT IS KILLED BY BOMB

HUSBAND THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION OF HIS HOME IN OAKLAND.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Oakland, Calif., March 19. — Mrs George Greenwood, wife of vice-president of the Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, of San Francisco was killed by a bomb explosion last night in the garden of the family home.

According to the police, a letter demanding $5,000 and threatening to destroy his home with dynamite unless the amount was paid, was sent to Greenwood in January.

Most Complete Victory in History

TEXT OF SPEECH MADE BY MAJ.-GEN. LIPSETT TO 3rd DIVISION C. E. F.

Vimy Ridge is one of the glorious battle names in the history of the 4th C.M.R. now coming home. The following is the text of the speech of thanks which Major-General L. J. Lipsett, commanding the 3rd Division C.E.F., made to the battalion on April 13, 1917, at Dumbell Camp.:

Col. Gordon officers, N.C.O.'s and men of the 4th C.M.R. Battalion: General Elmsley gave me kind permission to come and tell you how pleased I am to thank you all for what you have done in the late engagement and which is still going on. It was the most complete victory in the history of the British army. So far, we have taken approximately 12,000 German prisoners 140 guns and several of the enemy's most important positions. The corps and army commanders both came and expressed their great appreciation of the division's work of which the 8th Brigade were very prominent.

In this battle, there must have been nearly a quarter of a million troops engaged.

The history of Vimy Ridge is well known now; it was in 1914, the French made a big attack here and twice in 1915; but only achieved partial success at very heavy cost, therefore the Canadians should feel free, that, their efforts met with such marked success.

These wars are very trying, but it is for us to continue and it is the men who can come on and fight that will win the war. This is what the British and Canadians have shown by the recent battle.

The artillery preparation was splendid, and we expected few casualties. I am sorry to say they were rather heavy but these lives were not wasted, they did not die in vain.

The credit devolves on yourselves, your officers, N.C.O.'s and men alike. The hardships and discomforts of holding the line the monotonous details of preparation.

I appreciate, but it is one satisfaction to know, that we have one of the finest divisions in France and of which the 4th C.M.R. forms no inconsiderable part.

The engagement is still proceeding and there will be more Bosche to handle but I have no doubt as to the way in which you will handle them.

I cannot fully express my thanks to you all for the way in which you carried out the work you had to do, but it makes me feel very proud to be in command of this division.

I thank you all very much.

JAPANESE IS ADMITTED AS CITIZEN OF THE U. S.

Los Angeles, March 19.—Yinkichi Miyamato, a Japanese, was admitted to citizenship yesterday by Judge B. G. Bledsoe, of the United States District Court. Although the law provides that no Asiatic can be naturalized, Judge Bledsoe said: "It also is provided that all who served in the United States military forces during the world war should be given citizenship. Miyamato served. For that reason he is admitted to citizenship."

A man who neglects his own business can't be troubled to look after other people's affairs.

H. S. ASQUITH MAY BE FIRST PRES. LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Hopes Signing of Peace Treaty Will Be Accomplished in Two Weeks—Inclusion of League of Nations' Covenant Will Not Delay Proceedings—Lord Robert Cecil's Opinion.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Paris, March 19.—The inclusion of the League of Nations covenant in the preliminary peace treaty will not delay the signing of the document, which it is hoped will be accomplished within two weeks, said Lord Robert Cecil of Great Britain, talking to British and American newspaper correspondents last night.

He said that three amendments to the covenant had been submitted, but added that he was "sure there will be no difficulty in meeting all legitimate objections."

Asquith First President.

London, March 19.—There is a strong feeling in political and diplomatic circles in Paris in favor of inviting Herbert H. Asquith, former British Premier, to become the first president of the League of Nations, according to the Daily Mirror.

Fire Destroys House At Young's Point

(Special to The Review.)

Young's Point, March 18. — The house of Robert Dever, of this village, was completely destroyed by fire today.

There was no house at the end of the building where the fire started and as the owner was absent at the time the cause of the blaze is unknown.

Five hundred dollars is the amount of insurance carried on the building

13 Peterboro Men On Str. Carmania

Mayor Duncan this morning received the following notification from the Troop Train Information Bureau at Kingston.

Returning on the S. S. Carmania there were thirteen all ranks for your town. They proceed with their units to either Ottawa, Toronto, or Montreal, where they will receive their discharge from the army, and then proceed to their homes.

Therefore it will be impossible for this office to keep you posted about the time of their arrival. Of such men of your town as receive their discharge here, word of their return will be sent you.

(Sgd. R) H. PEARSE,
Lieut.

INVESTIGATE PROFITEERING

Toronto, March 19.—An outspoken attack on war-time profiteering in Canada featured yesterday's debate on the budget in the Legislature, and the fact that the attack was made by a Government member and a returned soldier, Lieut.-Col. W. H Price, made it doubly interesting The contribution of the member for Parkdale was a decidedly frank one throughout. He started off by scoring the authorities at Argyll House, Canadian Headquarters in England, for their responsibility for the Kinmel Park riots and for the apparent attempt made through cable despatches to make the people at home believe that Russian Bolshevists and their propaganda had provoked the riot. Then in discussing the problem of the returned soldier, he sharply condemned the men who had lined their pockets during the war, singling out Sir Joseph Flavelle for special mention.

"If we had started this war with profiteering eliminated," he said "we would have all the money we need to look after returned men.

"It is my intention to move in this House a resolution asking the Dominion Government to find out just where these moneys have gone," he said in referring to the tremendous amounts spent in Canada on war contracts.

Two other members were heard during the afternoon, Dr. A. F. Rykert, of North Wentworth, and Wellington Hay, of North Perth.

At the evening session four speakers were heard: Major Tolmie of Windsor; Tom Hook, of Southwest Toronto; J. W. Widdifield, the U. F. O. member for North Ontario; Alex Ferguson, of South Simcoe; Z. Mageau, of Sturgeon Falls, and H. Morel, of Nippissing.

Praises Orpington Hospital.

Dr. Rykert devoted himself largely to the Government's war record. He laid emphasis upon the splendid work done on behalf of the soldiers in England and France, paying a striking tribute in the Orpington Hospital in Kent. He commended the Principal Secretary for the work of the Soldiers' Aid Commission. Then men had been helped in a practical way that was much appreciated.

Dr. Rykert, in discussing the temperance question, stated that when the Ontario Temperance Act had been put on the statute books there had been a demand for restriction of some kind in order to conserve the resources of the country. Personally he was not in favor of radical restriction, and he could not see any reason why a man who wanted to have a drink of beer should not have it. The whole matter, however, would be placed before the people, and it was for them to decide.

LAST OF THIRD DIVISION HAS NOW EMBARKED FOR CANADA

Italy Renounces Dalmatian Claim

Paris, March 19. — Italy's alleged threat to withdraw from the Peace Conference unless she is given Fiume is believed to have been averted by a compromise. Through this compromise Italy will receive Fiume, but will relinquish all her claims to Dalmatia. The cities of Zara and Sebenico will become free ports, but the remainder of Dalmatia will be allotted to Jugo-Slavia.

WIRELESS TELEPHONE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 19.—The establishment of wireless telephone communication between Ireland and Canada was announced today by the Marconi Company.

STEAMER ON LEDGE.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Eastport, Me., March 19.—The British steamer Croja struck on old Proprietor Ledge, southeast of Grand Manan, N. B., in a fog last night, word was received here today. The crew landed at Grand Manan.

PLOT TO STEAL GOODS.

Munich, March 19. — The police have discovered a plot to steal army goods valued at ten million marks. Twenty-four persons were arrested.

ARMY OF OCCUPATION.

Paris, March 19. The Petit Parisien announces that an agreement has been reached between the Allies concerning teh strength of the army of occupation.

Left England Today--- Second Brigade of First Division Now Ready to Leave.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 19.—The last few details of the Third Division embarked for Canada today.

The second brigade of the First Division, now encamped at Bramshott, is ready for sailing. They include the 75th, 13th, 10th and 14th Battalions and hospitals 1, 7 and 8.

First Toronto Unit.

Toronto, March 19.—The 4th C. M. R., being the first Toronto troops returning as a unit, will reach here about 7:45 tonight. Many Western Ontario men are in this battalion. There will be a torchlight procession and other demonstrations on the arrival of the unit tonight.

GERMAN STEAMERS SAIL FOR FOOD

SAILORS DEMAND THEY SHALL NOT BE REMOVED FROM BOAT DURING TRIP.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 19.—Eight German steamers, including the Kaiserin, Auguste Victoria, Cleveland, Graf Waldersee and Pretoria, sailed from the port of Hamburg this week for foodstuffs. According to advices from Berlin, it is said the crews of the ships made a formal demand that they should not be removed from the vessels during the trip.

BOAT OWNERS REFUSE 8-HOUR DEMAND OF MEN

Refuse All Further Conference Until That Point is Abandoned by Striking Marine Workers---Union Declares it is the Paramount Question.

New York, March 19.—The eight-hour day demand of the striking marine workers is the stumbling block to termination of the harbor strike, it was declared last night, when Joseph P. Moran, chairman of the New York Boat Exchange, said:

"Until the demand for an eight-hour day by the marine workers is definitely and publicly abandoned, there will be no further conferences with the union."

"The eight hour day is the paramount question, and the men demand it," said Thomas L. Delahaunty, president of the marine workers' affiliation.

Efforts made yesterday by James A. Hughs, Federal Councilliator, to bring the employers and strikers together failed entirely.

The harbor strike enters its third week today and the deadlock between the owners and workers appears to be as complete as at any time since the strike was called.

The union began payment of strike benefits yesterday to the members who are out.

The boatowners, it was learned yesterday, are planning to bring strikebreakers to New York to replace the men who quit their jobs. Details have not been made public, but it is said that 400 men are now on their way to New York from the Great Lakes.

The White Star liner Adriatic, because of the refusal of longshoremen to refill her coal bunkers, will sail from New York for Halifax on Thursday instead of Wednesday and replenish her fuel supply there. From Halifax will proceed to Liverpool.

The longshoremen's refusal to coal the Adriatic arose from the fact that the scows were loaded by non-union men. The longshoremen say that to handle coal brought by non-union men would be a violation of their union rules.

Thomas L. Delahaunty, president of the Marine Workers' Affiliation, led a group of fifty strikers to the headquarters of the Boat Owners Association in the Maritime Exchange Building, where the owners were conferring with captains and pilots. Unbidden, Delhaunty and his followers walked into the meeting and shouted: "I want to serve an ultimatum on you gentlemen. This is an unfair way to deal. If you attempt individual bargaining with the men, we will call at the International Longshoremen's Union."

"We invited our captains here to deal with them, and we want nothing to do with you leaders."

The boat owners, after a short session, moved over to the headquarters of the New York Towboat Exchange where they remained in conference several hours.

REPORTED IN LONDON ALLIES ARE NOW EVACUATING ODESSA

WHAT HUNS MUST PAY.

Statement on This Question Made by Bonar Law.

London, March 19.—Replying to a question asked in the Commons by Claude Lowther, Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader, stated that the committee of inquiry into the financial wealth of Germany, of which William Hughes, Australian premier, was president, was appointed to advise the cabinet. Its report, therefore, was confidential, and publication of it was not proposed.

Mr. Lowther asked for an assurance that a full bill would be presented Germany at the Peace Conference, and if only a small amount could be exacted it would be regarded as payment on account.

Mr. Bonar Law replied that he could give no such assurance. It had never been and was not now the Government's policy to demand more than it believed it could get out of Germany.

Situation in Black Sea Exceedingly Critical ---While Despatches Are Official no Confirmation is Available

(Canadian Press Despatch)

London, March 19.—Official reports received in London are to the effect that a critical state of affairs exists in Odessa, the chief Russian port on the Black Sea.

No information could be obtained in London early this afternoon as to the rumors that Odessa was being evacuated by the Allied forces, but the report is not denied.

Lloyd George in Paris.

Paris, March 19.—Premier Lloyd George, who was asked by President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau and Premier Orlando, to postpone his return to London, has decided to remain in Paris until the draft of the treaty of peace is concluded. This announcement was made officially today.

THE DAILY REVIEW

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"FOR A GREATER PETERBOROUGH."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1919

THE HOUSING BILL.

THE HOUSING BILL, passed by the Legislature, in one clause provides for loaning a returned soldier, or the widow or widowed mother of a returned man, the money with which to build a house. But one unfortunate drawback to a good measure is that so many returned soldiers will not have the $200 or more necessary to purchase a lot on which to build his house. The pay of the average soldier certainly does not permit of much saving, if any, and it is to be hoped that the Legislature will be able to adopt some measure of relief for the landless or penniless soldier by which he can qualify to take advantage of the Act now in force.

"MADE IN CANADA" GOODS.

CANADIAN GOODS for Canadians should be the future policy of all men and women within our borders. While there may be some commodities not procurable here, which must be obtained from abroad, still in the past too much foreign product has found a preferential favor with many buyers for the saving of a few cents here and there. And now, with the need for expansion in trade after the enormous expenditures incurred by the war, it is incumbent upon us all—men and women alike—to foster Canadian trade by giving preference to Canadian made commodities, and thus encouraging the development and expansion of our own manufactures.

In this connection the Canadian Trade Commission makes the following timely and patriotic appeal to women:

"The women of Canada, singly and through their organizations, have shown, by whole-hearted support given to national effort in food, how great their collective influence may be in other directions. In every national undertaking during the war, the sympathy, understanding and active co-operation of women were proved to be essential. For the present and the immediate future, there is on women especially the obligation to see that purchases for the homes are made in such a way that the effect will be to stabilize Canadian trade. Wherever possible they should buy only Canadian produce and Canadian products, because this will give employment in additional lines of production to returned soldiers and to those, many thousands in number, who were formerly occupied in war work. In this way they will not only insure employment for our workers, but they will help to lessen the financial pressure which is likely to be increasingly felt."

All should realise that every dollar sent out of the country for commodities which are produced at home must affect adversely Canada's financial situation; and it is computed that for every million dollars retained in Canada by a refusal to buy other than Canadian products, a year's continuous employment can be found for at least one thousand people.

The Canadian Trade Commission is endeavoring to encourage and develop our domestic manufactures, to utilize every resource in the Dominion, and to induce Canadians to, as far as practicable, make at home those things needed for the home. See to it that their efforts are substantially supported by a growing and insistent demand for "Made in Canada" goods.

A SENSIBLE VIEW.

NOW THAT THE ALLIES have abandoned the idea of meeting Russian representatives at Princess Islands, the Council at Paris is yet to be heard from as to any other plan. But for all that, the Russian problem is one that must be dealt with sooner or later, and until it is definitely settled, peace in Europe will be of an uncertain quantity. Besides, says the Chicago Daily News, what of the American and Allied forces now in Russian territory? They cannot be kept there indefinitely, yet it is impossible to withdraw them without assuring the safety of the native population that has been supporting the Allied or American troops.

From every point of view, then, the present lack of interest in the Russian situation strikes one as strange. Mr. Mowrer reports that the Americans in Paris still adhere to the idea of sending an Allied commission into Russia to make a thorough inquiry into the economic and political situation, confer freely with peasants and workmen, as well as with the "intellectuals" or business men who have managed to survive, and submit a report to the Peace Conference.

Certainly the idea is sound and practical. It is, by the way, the only tangible and definite suggestion that emerged from the testimony of Raymond Robins at the hearing before the Overman committee. Mr. Robins was charged with favoring recognition of the bolsheviki, but he stoutly denied this and said emphatically that all he had advised recently was an investigation by a competent commission. Certain controversies regarding Russia are of historical interest only, but the investigation suggestion has reference to the present and the near future. As Mr. Mowrer points out, commissions have been sent to Poland and other "danger spots." Why not a commission to study Russian facts and conditions and recommend a positive policy in lieu of drift and objectless waiting?

THE RATE.

WHILE THE TAX RATE this year is fixed at 31 mills on the dollar, it must not be taken that this represents a saving on the levy for actual municipal expenditure. Last year the ordinary rate was only 31 mills, the same as this year, but to that was added provision for the Patriotic Fund, a war tax, and, as now, garbage collection within a certain area. With a 31-mill rate for the current year, we are only experiencing relief from the war tax and the Patriotic Fund in consequence of the cessation of hostilities in Europe.

GERMAN SITUATION.

ACCORDING TO a correspondent, the German people are absolutely stunned by the climax to all their hopes for world domination. Will-lost dull they found, without grumbling their partially starved and anaemic condition by reason of a firm belief in a coming glorious victory which would make them rulers of Europe, if not of the world, which would compensate them for all their sufferings.

With the coming of the debacle, however, they at once realized that they had been misled by their military chiefs, and that it was up to them to make enormous sacrifices to satisfy the just claims of those whom they had attacked and who had in the end emerged from the war victorious.

The natural consequence of this revelation was that the mass of the people felt that the bottom had dropped out of everything. The "will to win" had been obediently exerted in vain. The object for which they had striven had long since ceased to be a practical possibility. This knowledge produced an intense reaction throughout the nation, which only then awoke to the completeness of its exhaustion. All desire for exertion vanished, work slackened, and a general indifference to fate took its place.

Soon to this was added a dull apprehension as to the terms which the Allies would impose.

The Majority Socialists, with the help of the Independent Socialists, formed a provisional government, which took over the bureaucratic machine and began to arrange elections for the National Assembly. Soldiers' and workmen's councils sprang up everywhere and assumed control of public affairs. The old army officers, having been summarily dismissed by these councils, went into hiding, and sullenly watched the progress of events.

Meanwhile the Spartacists, perceiving the feebleness of the government, saw their opportunity. Calling in the aid of Radek, the Russian Bolshevist leader, who controlled large funds lodged in Berlin by Lenine and Trotsky, nominally for feeding Russian prisoners of war, they instituted an active propaganda on pure Bolshevist lines. The usual specious arguments were used, that the upper and middle classes were mere parasites, that the present law and social conditions had been built up by the capitalists to exploit and oppress the working classes, who alone were the creators of wealth. Therefore, the existing order should be swept away, and a millennium constructed under the auspices of the workmen's and soldiers' councils. This propaganda rapidly spread and gained many adherents, especially among soldiers returning disillusioned from the front, disgusted with the campaign.

Following the example of the Russian Bolshevists, the Spartacists determined to prevent the formation of a National Assembly, and accordingly made a determined effort to oust the government and seize power by armed force. The Marine Division, hitherto believed loyal, was persuaded to transfer its allegiance and to defy the government, which hardly knew what troops it could depend on. On January 6th the Spartacist forces opened a determined attack on the government, making full use of the arms which Eichhorn (the police president) had treacherously made over to them. The officer class, realising that a Spartacist victory would seal their fate forever, decided to assist the Socialist government. They with the aid of some thirteen thousand reliable government troops, have been able to save the government, which, however, seems today to be dominated by that military class against which the people revolted. But uprisings, strikes, bolshevism and riots are still a common occurrence, and should an assured peace be not quickly forthcoming, the whole country may fall into chaotic conditions calling for the occupation of the empire by the Allies.

A strong leader is needed in Germany, under whom, with a reasonable supply of food, a stable government would be forthcoming, and bolshevism, junkerism and other disturbing elements would lose their power for mischief.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

WHILE the unfortunate trouble in the Canadian camp at Rhyll is to be deplored, there have been incidents in other British military camps also regrettable, but we did not happen to hear of them.

* * * * *

THERE SEEMS considerable lack of accord among the Allies as to just what shall be done with the German warships. Why not dismantle and use them as troopships in which to bring Canadians home, for the time being?

* * * * *

IT IS NOW SUGGESTED that German cables be taken by the Allies as spoils of war. What with losing her colonies, Alsace-Lorraine, her navy, a huge amount of railway rolling stock and other things, there is already not much left of the wild boar of Europe but the squeal.

* * * * *

NOW THAT the war tax and the Patriotic Fund are removed from our burden of taxation, would it not be well if some attention were paid to furnishing storm drainage in the west end? Better even another mill on the dollar than an exaggerated mill stream periodically invading citizens' premises.

* * * * *

WE ARE CONSTRAINED to wonder if the Allies were just fighting the Germans alone during the past four years, so little is heard of our other foes. It would be interesting, for a change, to have a little more prominence once in a while given to the conditions to be imposed on Germany's comrades in the great crime against humanity.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

The Better Way.

(Chattanooga News).

The longest boundary between two nations in the world separates the United States and Canada. Not a single fort, gun or soldier defends it. It furnishes a very good object lesson to those who insist that arming to the teeth is the only way to preserve the peace.

The Budget Debate

Toronto, March 18.—The continued budget debate in the Legislature last week witnessed the annual effort by Chas. M. Bowman, chief opposition critic, to puncture Mr. McCarry's surplus. The method of bookkeeping adopted was complete reversal of the policy maintained by the present Government to keep entirely separate ordinary income and expenditure, as distinguished from capital, income and expenditure. It was therefore with some difficulty that Mr. Bowman tried to convince the House that $1,500,000 of war expenditure, offsetting a still larger item of receipts from the war tax, should be transferred to the ordinary account and deducted from the surplus. It must be remembered that from the beginning the Government has consistently held to its proposal to apply all revenue from the war tax to war purposes, which leads to this method of distribution in the financial statement.

The Surplus

However, by this process, Mr Bowman reduced the $1,800,000 surplus to his own satisfaction to $300,000 and then proceeded to further reduce it by tacking on current expenditure $474,146, representing additions to public buildings. This according to his calculations naturally created a deficit and he began to pile that deficit up by treating as current instead of capital expenditure the money spent on Northern Ontario development, amounting to $645,446 and $642,208 on highway improvement.

While briefer in his remarks than usual, Mr. Bowman was unable at any time to get through Mr. McGarry's guard. The Provincial Treasurer was not on the defensive for a moment, but was constantly parrying Mr. Bowman's arguments with the question, "How would you do it," and before long the opposition critic sought refuge behind the discredited method of accounting employed by the old government. The following dialogue is characteristic of the whole discussion. Mr. Bowman directed attention to an expenditure of $3,600,000 for war purposes for the past year. The treasurer had received over $2,000,000 from the war tax, which left a difference of $1,591,406, which had been placed in capital expenditure.

"I contend," said the Liberal critic, "it is not a proper treatment of this amount to transfer it from ordinary expenditure to capital expenditure as has been done in the statement presented to the House, since in former years all this expenditure was dealt with in current account.

"How were the receipts dealt with in 1915 from the war fund?" broke in Mr. McGarry.

"If my memory serves me right they were dealt with as current receipts," replied Mr. Bowman.

"Well, there you are wrong. I carried down capital receipts of $1,800,000 in that year, and therfore this year I carried down capital expenditure of $1,500,000 odd against it," said the Provincial Treasurer.

Once the bookkeeping aspect of the debate was passed over the Liberal members had a field day and discussed their favorite subjects. Mr. Sam Carter (S. Wellington) took another fling at the nickel industry and criticised the Government for not taking more money in taxes from those companies.

Development Policies

Mr. Chas McCrae (Sudbury) who followed made a strong plea for common sense being applied to development policies in Northern Ontario For one thousand dollars made in mining one hundred thousand dollars was lost. It was a hazardous enterprise. For years the nickel companies had struggled against difficulties to refine their product and then had to make their own market. Last year the nickel industry distributed over $20,000,000 in Ontario for wages, supplies, etc., exclusive entirely of taxation. There would be no further investment of capital in Northern Ontario if the Government at every hand went to the mine owner and exacted the last dollar of profit from his operations.

The war of killing was over and this war of commerce had begun. In the latter Canada would have to stand on her own feet. The policy for the Province to pursue was to make it attractive for capital to be invested. To open up great industries to provide employment to secure social and industrial contentment by work at good wages under proper conditions.

He deplored the fact that the great deposits of iron ore in Northern Ontario were lacking development because of the competition with American ores. The Canadian ores were difficult to smelt on account of their peculiar chemical content. It would be worth while for the Dominion or Provincial Government to depart from its usual practice and offer a bounty of 50 cents a ton on all ore mined and smelted in Canada. It would establish the nucleus of a great iron and steel industry that would be an immense asset to the wealth of the country.

The Farmer's Movement

Mr. J. H.T. Regan (S. Wentworth) referred to the recently revived farmers' movement. He ventured the opinion that the farmers would get more out of their organizations by keeping out of politics. Capital and labor and agriculture had to be brought closer together. A gulf separated them now. That was the problem of the future and he advised the Government to invite farmers to accept the more lucrative posts on various commissions that were appointed, and in this way secure the benefit of the best agricultural brains in the country. The Workmen's Compensation Act was a big step in this direction and its benefits were appreciated by the industrial classes.

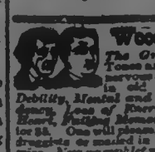
Fire Losses

The Government is going further in its efforts to reduce the annual fire loss in Ontario. Amendments were suggested to the Fire Marshal's Act by the Attorney General to enable this department to work in closer co-operation with the municipalities. In order to secure the elimination of building and local conditions that increased the fire risk. There was some criticism against the Fire Marshal conducting his own examination of witnesses. Mr. Proudfoot thought this could be better done by the Crown Attorney, but Mr. Lucas argued that the Fire Marshal's knowledge enabled him to get more satisfactory testimony from witnesses.

Consolidated Schools

Legislation is to be introduced facilitating the organization in the rural districts of consolidated schools. These schools will be made up of a group of school sections and will be assisted with ample grants to offset the displacement of the present school premises. More effective work it is claimed can be done where the attendance is large enough to warrant the employment of more highly trained teachers, by this system of linking up smaller schools. The choice of having a consolidated school will be left with the municipalities.

Another piece of legislation that will be welcomed is the bill now before the House to provide for the appointment of a public Trustee. Mr. V. A. Sinclair (S. Oxford.) has urged this matter upon the attention of the government for some years. Such an official will have charge of escheated estates and simply administration as well as lessening law costs.



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THINGS ARE CHANGED.

(By Walt Mason.)

Where late the frensied fighters through fields of carnage burst, now able-bodied writers are doing of their words; the gifted lads are pouring out language weird and soaring, where lately guns were roaring and muddy soldiers cursed. Where are the Teutons gory? Where are the dauntless Serbs? They've left the fields of glory to raise string beans and herbs, and writers throng the places where warfare left its traces; and they get down to cases and shoot forth nouns and verbs. No more Bill's mighty legions along the landscape reach; no more in sunny regions the shell and shrapnel screech; the peasant is not yelling while foemen burn his dwelling, but writers bold are shelling the world with parts of speech. No more the Prussians clamor to Gott in their despair, but musty chunks of grammar are whizzing through the air, where Ludy used to hurry, where Hinden used to worry, the shade of Lindley Murray now walks, denied a chair. Oh, hoch and donnerwetter, relieved we all must feel; a war of words is better than is a war of steel; so let the scribes be swarming in ranks for further storming, their bloodless deeds performing where armies used to reel.

ROSES OF FRANCE.

Over the last long sleep of them
Whose wrath was all in vain,
Roses red and white shall blossom
In hollows of the plain.
And little children lovingly,
Children of them that endured unnamable things,
Shall gather with song and glee
Roses of France, above the fallen foe,
And bear them home to them that still remember,
To ease awhile their woe,
No flower but shines, through agony untold,
From out the Eternal Joy.

Even hard cash will melt sooner or later.

MONCUR'S
double-strength
LUNG SYRUP
is a
REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR
Obstinate and Racking Coughs
Colds
Congested Lungs
Bronchitis
People who have used this Remedy, do not Believe there is a Better
PRICE 25c and 50c
Moncur Drug Store 407 George Street

Belgian Relief Fund
ONTARIO BRANCH: 95 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.
CLOSING MAR. 31
The work hitherto performed by Relief Organizations will be undertaken by the Belgian Government after March 31st.
Contributions of money and clothing will be received at 95 King Street West, Toronto, until that date.
FUND FOR BELGIAN ORPHANS of the WAR
will, however, remain open, but contributions for this fund must be sent to N. Gour, Consul-General for Belgium, Ottawa, Ontario.
Monsieur E. Pollet, Consul-General for Belgium, London, England, makes the following appeal:
"The LIBERATION OF BELGIUM does not solve the problem of the future of the war orphans.
"Some idea can now be formed of the number for whom we shall have to provide. It can be stated that the orphans whose parents were deported and who died in Germany number more than those whose fathers have fallen on the battlefield."
MRS. ARTHUR PEPLER, Chairman.

LITTLE BENNY'S NOTEBOOK

(By Lee Pape)

Yestidday I met pop down town so he could buy me a new soot. Wich he did, being a kind of a brown soot, and I went home alone in it, thinking, G, Ill go erround and serprize Mary Watkins.

And I went erround, and Mary Watkins was skating up and down in frunt of her house, being pritty good of a skater for a geri, and she stopped skating and stood still on her skates saying, My goodniss its cold today isent it Benny?

I thawt it was warm, I was jest going to take off my overcoat, I sed. Wich I was so she cood see my new soot and she sed, Warm, my goodniss, wy you can see your breth plane as ehything. Wich you cood and I kepp my overcoat on for a wile and then I sed, Well Im warm weather it is or not.

And I took off my overcoat and stood there in my new brown soot and Mary Watkins dident say enything and I sed, I was down tow today.

Was you? sed Mary Watkins. A she kepp on standing there on h skates saying. It serteny is cold today, my goodniss Im glad I got this coat.

I dont feel cold, this brown so is pretty warm.

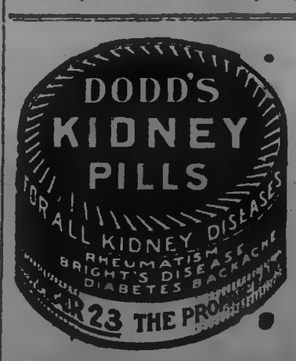
Is it sed Mary Watkins witho looking at it, and I sed, Yes, y wouldn't think so to look at would you?

Wouldnt you? sed Mary Watki not looking at it. And she sto there a wile longer on her skat and I started to begin to shiver account of not having eny overc on, thinking G, if she's going to tice it she awt to of noticed it by t time.

With jest then Mary Watkins s Benny Potts I bin standing heer this time and you never even notic my new spring coat. I think you horrid, so there.

And wat did she do but skate the street fast and tern erround t corner and stay erround and I p my overcoat on again and went ho thinking, G, wat do you think that?

Proving the more you think abo yourself the less room you have think about sumbody elts.



POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A stitch in time may save a ho in the hosiery.

Wise men and fools may wear ha of the same size.

The rareness of a June day does worry the average man half so mu as the rarenoss of his pay days.

EMPIRE THEATRE WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY
Lucille Lee Stewart in..... **The Eleventh Commandment**
A Sensational, Sensational Drama in 6 Acts
KING BAGGOT and MARGUERITE SNOW in America's Serial Supreme
"The Eagle's Eye" Chapt. 14
"The Infantile Paralysis Epidemic" 2 Parts
Miss Elinor Field in "DAN CUPID, M. D." Comedy
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Ruth Roland In Her New Western Serial **HANDS UP**
Also Amusing Charlie Chaplin SKETCH BY Billy West
The Candy Kid
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10

HAT, COLLARETTE AND MUFF

Three-Piece Sets of Fur or Fur and Silk or Velvet Combined Comprise Attractive Outfit.

What could be more fascinating than some one of the three-piece sets—hat, collarette and muff—made of fur or fur and silk or velvet combined? They are of varied shapes and in various color combinations, these jaunty little sets.

One set consists of turban, with just the top of the crown of kolinsky, while the lower part of the turban is swathed with velvet in a charming old blue tone, the velvet terminating in a large loop at the left side toward the back. A large crushed band of the velvet edged at the top with a narrow band of the kolinsky forms the collarette, which also terminates in a large bow at the left side towards the back. The muff is made of the blue velvet and kolinsky. A wide band of the fur forms the center, while the fabric forms the sides, one end of which is drawn through a band of the fur.

Another set consists of a wrap which after being snugly draped about the shoulders crosses in front and is tied in the back with a velvet ribbon. The muff would be simple and round, were it not for the velvet bow that runs through it, with loops of coquettish twist. The hat is oddly shaped and fits the head closely; at the top are loops of the velvet ribbon.

Fashion Notes.

Georgette continues to predominate as the blouse fabric, but as early spring fashions crowd out the new prevailing modes, look for blouses of voile, dimity and net. Blouses in such striking colors as Peking blue and henna are a midseason novelty. Beslakin browns and navy are two other good blouse colors of the moment, the material in all instances being georgette.

Restoring Gilt Frames.

To restore gilt frames take a soft brush and carefully free the frames of every particle of dust, then cover with the following mixture: The white of one egg and one-half ounce of chloride of potassa. Apply with a soft brush. Scientific American says if you desire to cleanse gilft frames without tarnishing them, wash them in beer.

Getting Into a "Scrape."

When a boy or young man gets into a "scrape" he is supposed to have gotten into some kind of devilitry, but the old meaning is somewhat different. A "scrape" is a hole which deer dig in the ground at certain seasons of the year, and the man who fell into one of these holes was usually lucky to get out with a broken bone.

The "Seven Seas."

The phrase "seven seas" is just a general reference to the ocean. A man said to have traveled the "seven seas" is one who has been much on the waters of the globe.

Wolves!

Tempering the wind to the shorn wolf is not scriptural, not even proverbial doctrine. Let any reader make the application for himself.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Extra Sympathy.

"Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "kin get up an' do fus' thing you knows dey begins to get a little sympathy foh bein' so mean an' unpopular."

Daily Thought.

Thought is the wind, knowledge the sail that lifts the vessel.—J. G.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free—Pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

ATTRACTIVE EVENING GOWN

Here is shown a winsome evening gown in two shades of blue chiffon velvet. An especially attractive feature of this garment is the unique sleeves of jet beads.

SASH IS IN THE LIMELIGHT

Accessory Is More Sophisticated and Alluring Than Was Its Predecessor of a Decade Ago.

The sash of 1919 is a more sophisticated and alluring accessory than its predecessor of a decade ago, and it is adjusted to suit the fancy of the wearer or the artistic conception of the designer. Sometimes the bow is directly in the back, big and broad, like the obi of the maid of old Japan. Again the loops will be placed at the right or the left side, a perky, jaunty arrangement of silk or satin, sometimes with one instead of two long ends and fringe edged. Then there is the broad girdle, usually of the material, deftly maneuvered with ends terminating in tassels.

However it is introduced the sash is a distinctive feature of frocks. Even the tailored serge, fashioned severely, with high collar and long, tight sleeves, boasts a sash these days, at least one chic model does, the sash being of the material and terminating in a wide bow at the normal waistline in the back. Another use for the material sash is on the velvet frock, one example being an old rose velvet gown worn by a young girl in one of the new plays. It is a delightfully simple gown, one-piece, medium width skirt and wide girdle and broad bow of the velvet. A narrow band of kolinsky outlines the round neck and edges the modified kimono sleeves.

The sash, on the order of the sweater accessory, of medium width and finished with bells and tassels of silk, is still in vogue and it is particularly adapted to the trim little gown of tricolette or the equally supple wool serim.

Deep Water.

Ordinarily ground water at a depth of from forty to sixty feet is about 50 degrees and is nearly uniform throughout the year. At lesser depths the temperature is likely to be affected by atmospherical and seasonal changes which take place. Deep ground waters are generally progressively warmer, the deeper obtained, the increase being generally one degree for every fifty or sixty feet of depth.

Pill-making Crabs.

These tiny creatures, most of which are about the size of a pea, are in abundance on the shores of the Malay Peninsula. They are usually first noticed on the beaches after the going out of the tide, when they make the beach look covered with loose, powdery sand and holes of various sizes. Upon looking more closely it is seen that little paths converge in the sand to each hole and that the sand itself is in minute balls.

At the approach of an observer there immediately becomes apparent a peculiar twinkle—the simultaneous and rapid retreat of a myriad of the tiny crabs into their holes.

Should the watcher take up his position by one of the holes and remain perfectly motionless, they will in time come out, when he can see them at work.

Coming cautiously to the mouth of the hole the crab will reconnoitre. Satisfied that no enemy is near, it will venture about its own length from its lurking place. Then, rapidly taking up particles of sand in its claws, it deposits them in a groove beneath its thorax.

As it does so a little ball of sand is rapidly projected through its mouth. This one put aside, the process being repeated until the smooth beach is covered with little pellets or pills. This is evidently the crab's method of extracting particles of food from the sand.

Ancient Botany.

The oldest botanical work in the world is sculptured on the walls of a room in the great temple of Karnak at Thebes, in Egypt. It represents foreign plants brought home by an Egyptian sovereign, Thotmes III. on his return from a campaign in Arabia. The sculptures show not only the plant or tree, but the leaves, fruit and seed pods separately, after the fashion of modern botanical

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.

Celtic Isle.

The smallest dependency of France is the Ile d'Hoedic, situated at the east of Belle Isle. Its population is 600. The people do not speak French, but Celtic. Fishing is the principal industry, and all the inhabitants are provided with food at an inn managed by the women. The town has no streets. The houses are mostly of mud.

Boring Rubber Corks.

To bore a hole in a rubber cork is a problem to anyone who does not know the trick, but simple enough when that is known. It is to moisten the borer with a little of a fairly strong (say 10 per cent) solution of caustic soda or potash. It will then cut the rubber with little more difficulty than it will cut cork.

Artificial Rubber.

Artificial rubber has been made in an experimental way for many years, but it is now reported that it has become a practical success, and that the great dye and color works at Elberfeld, Germany, are erecting a large factory for the production of synthetic rubber on a large scale, principally intended to supply Germany with this product in future years, when great difficulties are anticipated in obtaining natural rubber, like other raw materials, from the tropics.

LAKEFIELD

(Special Correspondence)

Lakefield, March 18.—At a special meeting of the Village Council the following resolution was unanimously passed and ordered to be forwarded to the Hydro-Electric Commission of Ontario:

Whereas the rights to the Water Power at Lakefield are claimed by the Dickson Company Limited of Peterborough, under an old lease, alleged renewable every twenty one years in perpetuity.

And whereas, the Department of Railways and Canals of the Federal Government are contemplating the building of a new concrete dam at Lakefield in the very near future to replace the old wooden dam, which has been condemned by their own engineer as bein unsafe and inadequate.

And whereas, by reason of the leakage and other waste of water from the old dam only about 150 horse power are developed at present and the new concrete dam will make possible the development of over 2000 horse power, thereby increasing the value of the water rights at this oint.

And whereas, we believe it to be detrimental to the interest of the the village of Lakefield and vicinity to have this power pass into the bands of the private corporation above named to hold for sale at a greatly enhanced figure, thereby shutting out many industries which otherwise might locate here and use the power.

Therefore, the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Lakefield, by Council thereof, not only strongly recommend, but urge that the Hydro-Electric Commission of Ontario take immediate steps to expropriate this water power as the cost of development of this power will be very much less if made in conjunction with the building of the new dam.

The following answer from the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario has been received by W. Sherin, village clerk.

"Toronto, March 8, 1919

"Dear Sir—Your of the 4th inst enclosing resolution of your council requesting the Commission to take steps to expropriate the Dickson Company's property at Lakefield, came duly to hand.

"I note what you say respecting the advisability of the property being secured for the municipality rather than for a private company and you ask that the Commission take steps to expropriate.

"Under the Power Commission Act before any proceedings of this kind can be entered into, it is necessary that the Commission should first have contracts for the power to be supplied, to make sure that the money invested will be revenue producing, and the Commission's right to expropriate water powers and sites has only been exercised where there are a group of municipalities or customers to contract for and receive the energy.

"Yours truly,

"A. BECK,
"Chairman."

Mrs. Dunford spent a few days in Peterborough this week visiting friends.

Mr. G. Kearns of Peterborough is spending a few days in the village renewing old acquaintances.

A busload of young people of Lakefield attended the dance which was held in the Town Hall Warsaw on Monday March 17th.

Pte. Oscar Stephen who went overseas with the 126th battalion is at present visiting friends in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Steer of Peterborough spent Saturday in the village, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burgess.

Miss Bromley and Master P. Lawless spent a few days in Peterborough visiting relatives.

The Anglican Young People's Association held their regular meeting in the Sunday School room on Monday evening, March 17th. The subject of the evening was "The journey of the children of Israel."

Mr. Ed Elliott, county clerk, of Peterborough was in the village Friday on business.

Mr. Charles Gray of Lindsay is at present visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Gray in the village.

Mrs. T. Wood of Havelock returned to her home on Friday after spending a few days visiting her daughter Mrs. Russell Ball.

Mrs. O. A. Sawyer of Havelock spent a few days in the village the guest of Mrs. J. M. Bygott.

Miss Edith Bullock has returned to Toronto after spending a few days visiting her parents in the village.

Mr. A. L. Dumford returned to the village after spending a few days in Toronto.

Lecture on War

A lecture will be given on the humorous side of the war, by Capt. J. A. Dewitt, in the Methodist church, Warsaw on Monday, March 24, under the auspices of the Women's Missionary Society. A program of unusual interest will be given, consisting of solos, quartetts, choruses and duets. Refreshments will be served in the basement of the church at the close of the lecture.

Agricultural Society

A business meeting of the directors of the Lakefield Agricultural Society was held in the Council Chamber on Monday evening. The date for the local exhibition has been decided for September 23rd and 24th, a week later than previous years. A number of new sections have been added to the prize list.

The Late Wm. J. Bullock

The funeral of the late Wm. J. Bullock whose death occurred at his home at Young's Point on Tuesday took place on Thursday afternoon at one thirty o'clock and was well attended by a large cortege of relatives and friends. Services were held at the residence by Rev. (Major) Frost, followingwhich interment took place in the Lakefield cemetery.

The late Mr. Bullock passed away in a severe attack of pneumonia. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife and six children.

The deceased was by faith a member of the Methodist church.

Presbyterian Concert

Despite the unfavorable weather the concert which was given in the Sunday School room of the Presbyterian church under the auspices of the Women's Missionary Society was well attended.

The hall full of people listened with great interest to each number on the program.

Out of town talent, namely, Prof. Waldron and Mr. Whitehouse of Peterboro and Miss Pearl Newton of Toronto were exceptionally good.

About twenty five dollars were realised.

Instinct of Brotherhood.

The moment we can use our possessions to any good purpose ourselves, the instinct of communicating that use to others rises side by side with our power.—Ruskin.

Ever Tried It?

Half the excitement of being in love is trying to make the other person confess it while you assume a careless indifference.—Record.

World's Lightest Wood.

The balsa tree, which is now being cultivated in Costa Rica, produces the lightest-known wood in the world. It is in great demand for all purposes where lightness of construction is of importance. It is very porous and a good insulator and is much used in airplane building, as it offers the minimum amount of air resistance.

Teutons Accept Defeat Without Much Dignity

Future Looks Very Dark

"THE moral backbone of the German people is broken," said a correspondent of the London Times who left Berlin at the end of January. "There is no dignity in the way they carry their defeat." Comparing the way in which the Germans take their loss of the war with the way the French acted after 1871, the correspondent continued:

"The Germans seem to have lost all spirit of enterprise. Only the most necessary work is done, and even that is badly done. Nobody seems to care. Nothing is done to transform the factories which had served the purposes of war into factories for peace production. In some of them the workmen are kept and paid, though the works stand still. The workmen pass the day playing cards. But do not think they are satisfied. In one factory where not a stroke of work had been done for months the workmen, or card players, even asked for an increase of pay and a six-hour day. When this was refused they threatened to strike.

"Capitalists do not dare to invest their money in industry, mines or commerce, but try to smuggle it out of the country out of reach of socialization and taxes. Several people whom I did not even know came and offered me large sums if I would smuggle their money and securities into a neutral country.

"When Germans discuss defeat, as they often do even with strangers, they never admit that they were beaten in a military sense. One often hears the expression 'our invincible field grays.' They admit two causes of defeat, the British blockade and British propaganda; these together shook the morale of the people and prepared the revolution. That even a decisive battle was fought between Cambrai and St. Quentin they ignore, as well as the fact that the final blow of Marshal Foch's offensive was to be delivered by Gen. Castelnau in the south about Nov. 15, which, of course, was known by the German negotiators and prompted their decision to accept unconditional surrender.

"It seems to me that only the Socialists in Germany understand that the basis of the armistice was an unconditional capitulation; the others seem to imagine that the armistice was a kind of preliminary peace in which Germany obtained certain guarantees on the basis of Mr. Wilson's fourteen points. Only the Socialists admit that the situation is such that the German Government will have to accept the Allies' peace conditions, however hard they are. But the Democrats still make an attempt to show some national pride, or perhaps keep up the national bluff dear to the old government. They often say that if the peace conditions go one single inch further than Mr. Wilson's points the Germans will have been cheated, and the Government may refuse to sign them.

"The Socialists hate war too sincerely to think of revenge, even if they also would resent a diminuation of German territory and heavy indemnities. But the Conservatives are chauvinists, and preach revenge whatever may happen."

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A match is a comfort and convenience which is so commonplace that we do not appreciate it—until we are deprived of it for a while. For sixty-seven years the House of Eddy has been making matches for the Canadian public—more than 70,000,000 matches a day at the present time. And we are proud of the fact that Canadian soldiers overseas still request Eddy's Matches.

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SUMMARY OF 1919 ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES FOR PETERBORO

CITY GENERAL RATES

	1917 Estimate	1918 Payments	1919 Estimate
Assessments	$ 4700 00	$ 4405 73	$ 5000 00
Administration of Justice	7400 00	7243 60	7460 00
Charity	5700 00	4168 00	5300 00
Dog tax	20 00	22 82	25 00
Elections and bylaws	600 00	446 12	600 00
Fire Department	25000 00	27504 46	32000 00
Health	2950 00	2763 57	3342 50
Heating	500 00	1092 33	1000 00
Interest	500 00	1238 27	1500 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Light	14800 00	14413 71	14800 00
Loss on taxes	5000 00	5234 77	3000 00
Manufacturers' Committee	1500 00	606 35	1500 00
Miscellaneous	1500 00	3064 19	7500 00
Market	100 00	28 88	100 00
Municipal Government	7800 00	7880 75	8500 50
Emergency Hospital	.....	1738 60	.....
Parks	50 00	115 90	120 00
Property	1200 00	760 57	812 85
Police Department	16000 00	15723 59	18416 50
Printing, stationery and advertising	800 00	831 33	900 00
Public Library	4900 00	4900 00	4900 00
Queen Mary Hospital	4000 00	4127 17	4500 00
Streets and bridges	23700 00	27123 85	29760 00
Street watering and oiling	8300 00	7705 32	7500 00
Snow removal	3000 00	4487 66	3000 00
Special grants	6300 00	6175 00	19475 00
Voters' Lists	500 00	952 61	600 00
Water Commissioners	9000 00	8685 52	9000 00
	$158020 00	$165145 65	$190649 85
Less estimated receipts	13625 20	14562 99	11853 24
	$144394 80	$150582 66	$178796 11

SPECIAL RATES

Collegiate Institute	$ 29500 00	
Public Schools	95066 00	
R. C. Separate Schools	14157 00	
Protestant Home	2589 00	
Nicholl's Hospital	2400 00	
House of Providence	503 13	
		$144149 92

City Trust :—

Collegiate Institute debenture	$ 5365 33	
Public School debenture	15889 70	
City general debenture	43555 73	
Local Improvement, City share debenture	34638 52	
Protestant Home debenture	622 30	
Patriotic debenture	8454 94	
		$108566 52
Grand Total		$431512 55
Local Improvement debenture, frontage portion		35491 86
(This amount will be placed on the Roll for 1919 as I also amount to provide for 1918 Local Improvement expenditures.)		40426 64
Water Works, interest and sinking fund		14972 63
Hydro-Electric, interest and sinking fund (These amounts will be paid by the Utilities Commission.)		11370 06
Garbage collection and expenses (In connection with the Incinerator will be placed on the Roll for 1919.)		

ASSESSMENTS AND RATES, 1919

Account	Assessment	P.S. Sup. Rate Mills	S.S. Sup. Rate Mills	Amount Required	Amount Raised
City general rates	12994906	13.76	13.76	$178796 11	$178809 90
Patriotic purposes	15868506	.....	.....	.....	.....
Collegiate Institute	15743506	1.88	1.88	29500 00	29597 79
Public Schools	14008586	6.80	.....	95066 00	95258 38
Protestant Home	11259986	.23	.....	2589 79	2589 79
Nicholls' Hospital	11259986	.22	.....	2400 00	2477 19
R. C. Separate Schools	1734920	.....	8.16	14157 00	14156 94
House of Providence	1734920	.....	.29	503 13	503 13
City Trust Demand :—					
Collegiate Institute deb.	15743506	.34	.34	5365 33	4352 79
Public School deb.	14008586	1.14	.....	15889 70	15969.79
City general deb.	12994906	3.36	3.36	43555 73	43662 88
Patriotic purposes	15868506	.54	.54	8454 94	8568 99
Local Imp., city share	12994906	2.67	2.67	34638 52	34696 40
Protestant Home deb.	11259986	.06	.....	662 30	675 60
		31.00	31.00	$431512 55	$432319 57
Garbage area	12633400	.90	.....	.....	11370 06

PARTICULARS OF PETERBOROUGH

Year	Population	Assessment	Debenture Debt	
1905	14391	5874264	$ 735465 74	31st December, 1905
1906	14962	6658410	820892 95	31st December, 1906
1907	16000	7067231	916787 51	31st December, 1907
1908	16491	8852105	1063520 32	31st December, 1908
1909	16907	8591118	1273302 58	31st December, 1909
1910	16923	8813273	1361108 31	31st December, 1910
1911	19300	9707955	1424303 78	31st December, 1911
1912	19759	10055010	1562969 34	31st December, 1912
1913	20150	10535622	1752643 54	31st December, 1913
1914	22500	11372394	1796890 06	31st December, 1914
1915	20426	12853685	1949604 75	31st December, 1915
1916	19861	13161405	2341385 20	31st December, 1916
1917	20598	12970040	2516924 47	31st December, 1917
1918	20904	12273665	2537862 03	31st December, 1918
1919	.....	12944906	.....	31st December, 1919

DETAILS OF DEBENTURE DEBT, 31st DECEMBER, 1918

City general purposes		$ 519100 00
Patriotic purposes		65000 00
Public Schools	$ 253650 00	
Collegiate Institute	70758 62	
		324408 62
Local Improvement Debentures :—		
General tax	$ 351021 08	
Frontage tax	419132 33	
		770153 41
		623200 00
Water Works' debentures		220000 00
Hydro-Electric debentures		10000 00
Protestant Home debentures		
Total		$2577862 03
Amount of debenture debt 31st December, 1917		2516924 47
Increase in 1918		$ 20937 56
Debentures issued in 1918	$ 51200 00	
Less paid 31st December, 1918, bylaw 1077 and 1353 (Collegiate Institute)	1262 44	
Consolidated	29000 00	
		30262 44
Net increase in 1918		$ 20937 56

The same care and skill is used in milling PURITY OATS as in our more famous product

PURITY OATS MAKES A Better Porridge

Canada Food Board License Nos. Cereal 2-009 Flour 18, 36, 37, 38

PURITY FLOUR

Government Standard

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

RATEPAYER ASKS A PAUSE AS TO HUNTER ST. BRIDGE

Rate of Taxation is Fast Becoming Intolerable and if More Burdens Are Added this City Will Soon Become Good Place to Leave

To the Editor Daily Review:

Dear Sir,—After a thorough study of the Hunter street bridge question and a careful examination of the plans and specifications of the work as designed by Mr. Barber, your humble servant—as a considerable ratepayer—would respectfully ask our worthy Mayor and alderman to pause long and well before committing this city to the huge expenditure which even the lowest tender for the work must indicate.

I respectfully submit to our worthy Mayor and alderman that the rate of taxation in Peterborough is fast becoming, intolerable and if more burdens such as the cost of this bridge, as now designed, are heaped upon the people they will soon find the city a very good place, to get out of.

I have no pretensions to pose as an authority of bridge design or reinforced concrete construction," but humbly submit that I am not ignorant of the fundamental principles which underlie them. I do not question Mr. Barber's ability or qualifications for this work as I know nothing whatever of them. This class of work requires special training and cannot be done by everybody as a well-known authority or reinforced concrete construction says.

"A multitude of simple rules formulae and tables for designing reinforced concrete work have been proposed, some of which are sufficiently accurate and applicable under certain conditions, but the effect of these various conditions should be thoroughly understood Reinforced concrete should not be designed by 'rule of thumb engineers.' It is hardly too strong a statement to say that a man is criminally careless and negligent when he attempts to design a structure on which the safety of the lives of the people will depend without thoroughly understanding the theory on which any formulae he may use is based.

"The applicability of all formulae is so dependent on the quality of the steel and of the concrete and on many of the details of the design, that a blind application of any formulae is very unsafe." I am fully convinced that a bridge—fully as substantial—or more so, which will serve the city of Peterborough for the present century, can be built for a little more than half what the proposed design will cost.

Without going into detail, the approaches to this bridge can be built a great deal cheaper and just as substantially by using the design, if I can call it such to be seen on hundreds of high level railway crossings through out the country. These approaches would consist of two well battered thoroughly drained, reinforced concrete retaining walls. The space between the walls can be filled in with stone, gravel or clay, which can be had almost on the spot and after this material has well settled can be capped over with concrete and asphalt. The walls can be built so as to leave a roadway twelve or fourteen feet wide between them and the street lines which, after allowing for a safe batter to the walls, would give a clear roadway of from thirty-two to thirty-six feet on the approaches, this, I am quite satisfied will be found amply sufficient to take care of the traffic over this bridge for this century.

As for the bridge proper this can be built a good deal cheaper and more substantial by having two spans instead of one, thus relieving the abutments of some of the immense strain which one span would subject them to. By reducing the number of arches on each side of the river, an immense amount of wholly unnecessary and very expensive frills and ornaments will be eliminated. For instance, under section ninety-eight, page seventeen, oft he specification we find the following: "Surface finish: The vertical surfaces of the long arch over the river and certain vertical surfaces of the handrail and other portions generally shown on the plans as requiring the 'ground' finish shall comply with the following. All surfaces requiring the ground finish shall have at least two inches of approved gray granite chips and grit placed next the forms simultaneously with the concrete backing.

"Immediately after the forms are emoved all uneveness, such as board marks, may be rubbed out, two weeks or more after setting the surface shall be rubbed with tools until smooth and even and in any event for a depth of at least one-eighth of an inch, so that the small stones of the concrete shall be split and polished."

One would imagine after reading the above that this bridge was over the Hudson and that the banks were studded with the mansions of multi-millionaires from the Red Mills to Hospital point. Being fully convinced that a bridge and approaches twenty feet narrower than that proposed free of frills, etc., and costing perhaps a little over half, will take care of the traffic at this point for the present century, I again respectfully ask our worthy Mayor and alderman to "stop, look and listen" before they take the plunge.

Yours truly,
J. W. FITZGERALD.

COMPARISON OF RATES, 1918 AND 1919

	Public Schools				Separate Schools	
	1918 Mills	1919 Mills	Increase Mills	Decrease Mills	Increase Mills	Decrease Mills
City general rates	12.10	13.76	1.66	....	1.66	....
Patriotic purposes	4.82	.....	....	4.82	....	4.82
Collegiate Institute	2.27	1.88	....	.39	....	.39
Public Schools	7.00	6.80	....	.20	....	....
Nicroll's Hospital	.....	.22	.22	....	....	....
Protestant Home	.20	.23	.03	....	....	....
Separate Schools	8.40	8.16	....	....	....	.24
House of Providence	.26	.29	....	....	.03	....
City Trust :—						
Collegiate In. deb.	.39	.34	....	.05	....	.05
Public Schools deb.	1.40	1.14	....	.26	....	....
General deb.	2.52	3.36	.84	....	.84	....
L. I., city share deb.	3.00	2.67	....	.33	....	.33
Protestant Home deb.	.06	.06	....	....	....	....
Patriotic deb.	.64	.54	....	.10	....	.10
	34.40	31.00	2.75	6.15	2.53	5.98

Net decrease—3.40 mills.

CHIOGGIA THE CENTRE OF RED CROSS OPERATIONS IN ITALY

Interesting Description of Work of Two Red Cross Members in Pretty Italian Village

Chioggia, one of the centers of Red Cross work in northern Italy is not known in this country, but this country is well represented there by two ardent Red Cross workers who are distributing mercy and sympathy with one hand and bread and soup with the other to the war stricken inhabitants and the refugees.

A very interesting description of what they are doing there as well as a detailed account of the village is given in a recent issue of the Chicago Chapter Bulletin of the American Red Cross.

"Three hours by boat from Venice lies the lagoon's ilea Chioggia, Venice's ugly little sister. Sprawling, unsanitary, crowded, this neglected annex of peerless Venice has somehow taken on importance during the eight long months while the Austrian guns have been booming steadily almost within sight across the water. True, the fishing industry by which most Chioggians lived before the war has all but vanished. Most of the lace workers who wound their long threads daily in the shaded loggia are missing. Yet because of one chance addition or another the town's population has remained stationary, until today it rivals that of shrunken Venice, which is nearer by several miles to the front.

All of which gives two American Red Cross workers enough to do. In that isolated place, out of sight of other Americans and of the sound of their native tongue for weeks at a time and always within reach of the enemy airplanes that menace the lagoon towns, a single American Red Cross lieutenant and one district nurse have carried on alone for many months the battle against war-time poverty and disease.

When the little unit of two arrived six months ago a committee of Chioggia citizens was already feeding several thousand people weekly in the communal soup kitchen. Even then many dependents for whom there was no room and insufficient food went half-nourished, while the chill wind that blows in winter across the flat Chioggia sands found numbers thinly clad. Today an American Red Cross Soup Kitchen serves 860 portions weekly of a soup that is a nourishing meal in itself. Into the mixture go such items as these shipped recently from the American Red Cross warehouse in Venice; 1,760 tins of condensed milk, 680 pounds of Texas beef. Group by group, too, children in tatters and their needy elders are being clothed All needy dependents ar entitled to apply for American aid. Under Lieutenant A. R. Chandler's direction a sewing room turns out week by week enough garments, ranging from layettes to black gaberdine more than a score of impecunious soldiers' wives employed and the ragged fringe of the population clad.

Even more vital than the food and clothing, records are the statistics turned over to the Italian medical authorities by the American Red Cross nurse who investigates every street of Chioggia. All the alleys and the crowded disease breeding courts know her, disinfectants in hand with her penchant for soap and water and other simple preventives of calamity. During the melee of war, Chioggians have had no time for hygienic precautions and the death rate tells the story. Cleanliness is Miss Rose Gandolf's austere gospel and it is true that no one but an Italian could preach and practice it so vigorously as she does and keep the unmitigated affection of the Chioggia humtitude, no mater how often she stood between life and death in humble homes. Miss Gandolf satisfies all requirements, for she was born in Genoa. Through many years' residence in American training schools and hospitals she has kept her knowledge of the Italian language and some of its dialects.

ATTENTION!!

Carpenters, Cabinet Makers, Bench Hands and all men running wood working machinery

Are you doing all you can to make the City of Peterborough a better place for your wife and children; and your mother to live in. If you are not you are not doing your bit during this reconstruction period.

HIT THE SAWDUST TRAIL to the Labor Hall, George Street, Peterboro,

THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1919 At 8 p.m.

J. F. MARCH, General Organizer

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, will address the meeting on

"Trade Unionism and Reconstruction."

COME

Regular Meeting Of Otonabee Council

Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary, seconded by Mr. Eason, that the minutes of the last meeting as read be confirmed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sargent, seconded by Mr. Eason, that the balance of Dr. Ross' account of $15.00 be paid —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lawrie, seconded by Mr. Sargent, that the account rendered by Peck, Kerr & McElderry, re Steinburgh vs. The Township of Otonabee, be paid, $100 for Steinburgh and $40 fees and disbursements.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. Lawrie, that the Reeve be empowered to see Mr. Gil Thompson in regard to price of gravel.

Moved by Mr. Eason, seconded by Mr. O'Leary, that the auditors' report be received and adopted, and 100 copies be printed for distribution.

Moved by Mr. O'Leary, seconded by Mr. Eason that the printing account for 1919 be given to the Examiner Publishing Co.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lawrie, second by Mr. O'Leary, that the following accounts be passed. F. A. Eason, 3 cords wood at $10, $30.00; Walter McFarlane, 2 cords at $10, $20.00; R. Craft, gravel $2.00; Pat Cavanagh $2.00 refund dog tax

Council adjourned till 7th April.

Hot Water for Sick Headaches

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before breakfast.

Headache of any kind, is caused by auto intoxication—which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excites the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drank before breakfast for a while, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal.

Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

It you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds indigestion, biliousness, constipation, or sour acid stomach, begin the phosphateed hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons.

Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.

Ask to see the KEYSTONE VACUUM CLEANER demonstrated. Easy running hand power and fully guaranteed. Special price $9.95

The CRESSMAN Company Limited

We will TAKE ORDERS and give prompt and excellent satisfaction for re-upholstering and re-finishing old furniture.

This Spring A New, Delightful Peacefulness Encourages

A REJUVENATION of WINTER---WEARY HOMES

When Spring comes to the ice-bound countries of the far, frigid North and the thawing of the frozen water-ways permits the coming again of the traders to the ports and villages, the primeval Eskimo takes bright beads and gaudy blankets in exchange for his rich furs and useful oils Thereby, he satisfies his COLOR-HUNGER, which is as natural with him and every other human being, as the hunger for the air or food or water or loving kindness. And it's in the Spring, when the sunbeams are brightest and the skies are bluest and the eyes are keenest to see the drab oppressive sameness of long unvaried sights, that we long to freshen up our surroundings by some change of furniture or appointments, that is, we long to satisfy our ARTISTIC and COLOR-HUNGER. Because of the forethought of the Cressman Store along this line, you will find complete and comprehensive stocks of FURNITURE, RUGS and CARPETS, DRAPERIES and WALL PAPER now awaiting your inspection, on the Third and Fourth Floors

Spring Showing of Rugs

We are showing the largest, most varied and complete stock of Rugs in the country, including Wilton, Axminster, Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrain, Fibre, Grastex and Japanese Matting Squares. Floor coverings suitable for all kinds of rooms, and at prices to suit all sizes of pocket-books. Let us help you to satisfy your Rug wishes.

WILTON SQUARES — A splendid range of designs, in floral, conventional and oriental effects. Color combinations to blend with most any kind of decorations. Sizes and prices:
9 x 12 feet, at ..... $57.00 to $94.50
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 ins., at ..... $65.00 to $96.50
9 x 9 feet, at ..... $58.50 to $72.75
6 ft. 9 ins. x 9 ft., at ..... $28.00 to $54.00
6 ft. 9 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., at ..... $33.00 to $40.00
4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., at ..... $20.00 to $34.00

AXMINSTER SQUARES — In conventional and oriental designs. Shades of tans and browns, rose and tan, and mixed Persian pinks and browns. Especially suitable for living-rooms and dining-rooms. Sizes and prices:
9 ft. x 12 ft. at $53.25
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. at $47.75
9 ft. x 9 ft. at $42.50
6 ft. x 9 ft. 9 ins. at $32.50

BRUSSELS SQUARES—The designs in this line are mostly small conventional effects, in serviceable and practical combinations or colors. Sizes and prices:
9 ft. x 12 ft., at $42.00
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. at $35.00 to $42.00
9 ft. x 9 ft., at ..... $31.75 to $34.00
6 ft. x 9 ft. 9 ins., at .. $25.00 to $28.00
6 ft. 9 in. x 7 ft. 6 in. at $18.00 to $21.50
4ft. 6in. x 7ft. 6in., at $13.00 to $17.00

TAPESTRY SQUARES—With wearing qualities that will stand long and hard usage. Complete rangs of designs and colorings, in the following sizes and prices:
12 ft. x 12 ft. 6 in. at $35.00
10 ft. 6 in. x 12 ft. at $30.50
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. at $18.75 to $22.50
9 ft. x 9 ft. at ..... $11.50 to $31.25
7 ft. 6 in. x 9 ft. at .. $9.00 to $23.00
6 ft. x 9 ft. 9 in. at $13.50 to $24.00

Stair Oilcloths—In black and floral designs, from ..... 35c to 46c

UNION SQUARES—And all wool filled rugs, reversible designs. Ideal for bedroom use. Priced from ..... $4.75 to $12.00

FIBRE RUGS—Seamless, in pretty reversible designs. For bedroom and dining-room use. Priced from ..... $10.50 to $17.00

JAPANESE MATTING SQUARES—Floral, medallion and conventional designs. Natural color on one side and figured on the other. Priced from $3.40 to $6.85

STAIR CARPETS—Several reversible designs, 22½ inches wide. Priced at, Yard ..... 60c, 65c & 90c

"Brighten Up" With New Drapes

You'll find ample scope to fulfill your most refined and artistic decorating tastes in our Drapery Department. There are hangings and curtains to correspond with any color scheme; also all the newest and most necessary house-furnishing requirements.

CURTAIN SCRIMS—With fancy drawn work and hemstitched borders, in white, ecru and cream. All 36 inches wide. Price, per yard ..... 25c, 30c & 35c

MARQUISETTE—Mercerized, good strong weave with taped edges. Colors are white, cream and ecru. Widths 36 to 38 inches. Price, per yard 40c, 45c, 50c, 65c Also Marquisettes with hemstitched and fancy edges, at, yard .... 45c & 55c

VOILES AND MARQUISETTES — With insertion and lace insertion trims. White, ecru and ivory. The width is 36 inches. Price, yard ..... 35c to 85c

NETS—Nottingham, Filet and Bungalow Nets, in a great variety of designs, conventional, stripe and figured effects. Colors white, ivory, cream and ecru. Also two-tone combinations; in widths 40, 45 and 50 inches. Prices, yard .. 27c to $2.50

READY-MADE CURTAINS —The largest range of designs we have ever shown, including scrim, voile, marquisette, Nottingham, Filet, and Brussels Nets. Colors, white, ecru and ivory. The widths are 36 to 52 inches. Lengths, 2½, 3 and 3½ yards. Price, per pair ..... $1.75 to $11.50

SILK COVERINGS — For furniture, both English and French makes; all pre-war stock; conventional and scroll designs. Width 50 inches. Price, yard ..... $4.95 to $8.25

WINDOW SHADES—We carry a complete range of the best hand made, oil finished, opaque shades, in plain white, cream and green. Also combinations in green and white, and green and cream. With and without insertion. Mounted on guaranteed rollers. Measurements taken and estimates cheerfully given. Let us serve you.

ENGLISH SHADOW CLOTH — Suitable for draperies and upholstering purposes. In floral, bird and tapestry designs; light, medium and dark colorings. Price, yard ..... $1.50 to $3.00

ENGLISH CHINTZ & CRETONNE — Showing the latest designs and color schemes; print, shadow, linen and taffeta. Scenic, bird, and floral effects predominate. Suitable for any room. Widths, 36 to 50 inches. Prices, yard .. 50c to $2.50

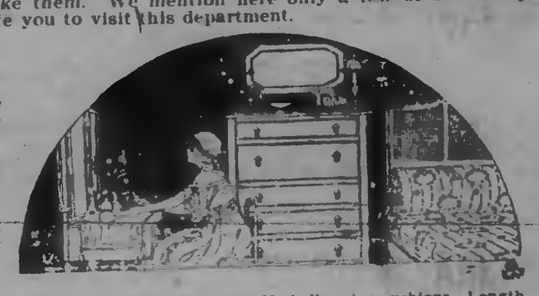
VELOURS — In rich, soft shades of brown, rose, green, salmon and blue. Silk finish, in two qualities. Width 50 inches. Priced at, yard, ... $3.00 & $4.25

COLORED MADRAS—Rich, mercerized finish, all over tapestry effects and conventional designs. Combination shades of blue and brown, grey, black and rose, also two-tone shades in brown, rose, green, blue and tan. Widths, 36 to 50 inches. Price per yard ..... $1.25 to $2.50

Furniture for all Parts of the Home

In our FURNITURE DEPARTMENT we are showing a larger and better assorted stock than ever before. Furniture for the drawing-room, dining-room, library, den, bedroom, kitchen and verandah. In every case the quality is excellent and the prices just as moderate as we can reasonably make them. We mention here only a few of our many lines, and invite you to visit this department.

CHESTERFIELD—Covered with elegant quality tapestry, in rich shades of blue and rose. Spring edges and Marshall spring cushions. Length 84 inches. Priced at $175.00
Arm chair and rocker to match, each ... $82.50



CHESTERFIELD—Covered with attractive and fine quality tapestry. Spring edges and aMrshall spring cushions. Length 80 inches. Priced at $100.00

LARGE CHAIRS—Arm chairs and rockers, upholstered all over with tapestry; spring seats. Specially priced at, each $26.50

CHAIRS—Fumed oak arm chairs and rockers, with seats upholstered in imitation Spanish leather. Price, each $7.50

PARLOR SUITES—Three pieces: divan, arm chair and rocker; mahogany frames, upholstered in French silk, in two-tone green shades. Priced at $42.50 & $56.00

LIBRARY TABLES—A complete range, in fumed and golden oak, with magazine shelves at ends. Lengths from 24 to 48 inches. Price, each, from $12.00 to $40.00

REED SUITES—Also odd Reed Chairs in great variety. Seats and backs upholstered in tapestry. Divans priced at $25.00 and $30.00. Chairs at $15 and $18.75

BEDROOM DRESSERS—A comprehensive range in golden and fumed oak, mahogany, black walnut, white enamel, and all are fitted with British plate mirrors. Priced from ..... $16.00 to $125.00

DRESSING TABLES—To match above dressers, at $28.00 to $40.75. Chiffoniers to match at $17.50 to $50.00. Also beds to match at ..... $10.00 to $33.00

BUFFETS—Splendid assortment of Colonial, Queen Anne, William and Mary, and Jacobean designs. In fumed and golden oak, and black walnut. Prices from $27.00 to $60.00. Extension Tables to match above buffets, $19.25 to $51.50

CHAIRS and CHINA CABINETS—To match above buffets. Chairs in sets of one arm chair and five small ones, at $27.00 to $58.00. Priced at $25.00 to $47.50

BEDS—White enamel Iron Beds, with or without brass trimmings. Widths, 3 ft., 3 ft. 6 ins., 4 ft., and 4 ft. 6 ins. Prices ..... $5.00 to $30.00
Brass Beds, in various designs, from ..... $25.00 to $85.00

VERY PLEASANT AND UNIQUE WAS YOUNG LADIES' BANQUET

In Sunday School of St. Andrew's Church—Capacity Attendance

The banquet and entertainment given in the Sunday school room of St. Andrew's Church last night under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Mission Band, which was addressed by Rev. J. G. Potter, of Montreal, a former pastor of St. Andrew's, was one of the pleasantest and most unique functions of its kind which have been held this season in Peterborough.

Table accommodation was taxed to capacity by the large attendance. The banquet, which commenced at 7.30, was remarkable for the great quantity of good things which were set before the guests.

The Program.

An excellent program was provided for the evening consisting of toasts, able responses, musical numbers and addresses. A number of popular choruses were sung by the assembly which added to the free and easy spirit which pervaded the gathering. The program:

Toast List.

Chairman—W. S. Campbell.
Vice-chairman—E. B. Fowler.
1.—The King—The National Anthem—Solo by Mr. Farr.
2.—Introduction of Rev. Mr. Potter by Rev. Mr. Rowaid—Solo by Miss Richardson.
3.—Rev. J. G. Potter—Rejuvenation —Solo by Miss McLaren.
4.—The Sunday School—Mr. W. A. Richardson; response, Mr. McKone—Solo by Mr. Clark.
5.—Our Church Organization—Past Present and Future—Mr. A. McFarlane; response, Mr. Fraser, managing board; Mr. C. A. Macdonald, Young Men's Guild; Mr. R. M. Glover, Young Ladies' Mission Band; Mr. R. Lees Session.

Choruses.

1.—"Annie Laurie"
2.—"Rule Britannia."
3.—"For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."
4.—"Tipperary."
5.—"The Maple Leaf Forever."
6.—"Pack Up Your Troubles in Your Old Kit Bag."
7.—"Bonnie Bonnie Bank O Loch Lomond."
8.—"Somebody Else is Getting It."
9.—"What's the Matter With Father."

Mr. Potter's Address.

The address of the evening was given by Rev. J. G. Potter, a former pastor of St. Andrew's Church. His topic was "Rejuvenation," but before beginning his lecture, proper, he referred to the very pleasant days he had spent in Peterborough in the past and regretted the fact that Mrs Potter was unable to accompany him upon this occasion.

He spoke of several incidents of interest in connection with the church in the days of his ministry here and dealt particularly with the formation of the Daughters of Erin which took place during that time, and the organization of the Young's Men's Guild.

The Emerald Isle.

Mr. Potter referred to Ireland's fine record of the past in noting the passing of St. Patrick's day for another year. He expressed the hope that the wisest counsels would prevail in dealing with her at the present time and that she would enter upon a period of prosperity such as she had never known in the past.

Now that the war had been brought to a victorious conclusion, Mr. Potter thought that in entering upon the period of reconstruction what we need most is to be rejuvenated in such a manner as to make it possible for us to get in line with events as they are and in many cases were in pre war times.

In speaking of the recent war in which the righteous cause triumphed signally, Mr. Potter described it was a victory of right over wrong and of the weak over the mighty. He referred to the noble young men of that congregation who had gone forth to do their part in the great struggle and sacrificed themselves for their country and loved ones.

Value of Purpose.

In this life we should see at an early age what God wants us to see and should accept it as the great purpose of our career and keep working steadily for its final achievement.

Soldiers are not made on the parade ground, but in the trenches. The material is there, but awaits development in the same way as Michael Angelo saw in the rough block of granite the vision of the angel which he intended to create with the application of his genius and the sculptor's chisel. So is it in human life. Visions will produce nothing they must be followed up with action and that in turn must be directed towards a set purpose in order that the fullest measure of success is to be achieved.

New Sunday School.

In proposing and responding to the toast of the Sunday School the speakers referred to the proposed new hall which is to be built in connection with St. Andrew's Church. Mr. McKone made the statement that the matter was at present being considered by a committee and in view of the importance of Sunday School work which he felt bore the same relation to the church that the public school does to the Collegiate, he hoped that when the plans had been finally approved and everything prepared, the church would deal liberally with the officials who will have charge of the construction of the new school rooms.

It was after eleven o'clock before the entertainment was concluded last night but as everyone enjoyed the event immensely the hand of the clock sped unheaded.

Mr. J. I. Allan was the last speaker upon the program and he moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Potter and all there who had been instrumental in making the event such a success. The motion was carried most unanimously. In referring to the banquet and program following it, both he and Mr. R. M. Glover complimented the young ladies of the Mission Band upon the success of their efforts.

There was a great deal of work connected with arranging for and carrying out successfully an entertainment such as that of last night and upon such a large scale. The Sunday School hall was tastefully decorated in green with the Irish flag in evidence and the long tables loaded down with dainties of every description and with their rows of burning candles combined to give the big apartment a most enticing aspect.

FOWLER'S PEBLO GLASSES

OPTICAL
ACCURACY
GUARANTEED

Absolute accuracy is our watchword, and the keynote to our constantly increasing patronage. Accuracy in examination, in prescription, in adjusting. Dr. Fowler gives an iron-clad guarantee with all his work.

CONSULTATION FREE.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST A. A. FOWLER DOCTOR OF OPTICS
Phm. B. Toronto University.
HAS FITTED 30,000 SATISFIED WEARERS OF PEBLO GLASSES
Most Up-to-date Sanitary Optical Parlors. With Nugent Drug Co.

RESTORE THE NATURAL SIGHT

Davidson Ketchum Expected at Halifax

SON OF LATE JUDGE KELCHUM AND CIVILIAN PRISON OF WAR IN GERMANY.

Mr. Davidson Ketchum, who has been a civilian prisoner of war, is expected to arrive in Halifax today per steamer Corsican.

Mr. Ketchum was studying music in Germany at the time the war broke out, and was interned in Ruhleben, Germany, where he had been confined until his release about two months ago.

Mr. Ketchum is the son of the late Judge Ketchum, of Cobourg. On his return he will take a temporary position as a master at the Trinity College school, Port Hope.

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS-STOPS COUGHS
HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

DOWNEYVILLE

(Special Correspondence.)

Downeyvill., March 18.—The farewell presentation and address to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Devine took place on Monday last. They expect to leave for Lindsay soon.

Sergt. Daniel O'Brien, who went overseas with the first contingent, is home for a few weeks visit, after which he will return to Toronto to receive his discharge.

Pte. Joseph Houlihan of the American Expeditionary Force is visiting at his home here.

We are very pleased to hear that Pte. William and Lawrence Carroll have landed safely in the United States. Both of these boys went overseas with the first American Expeditionary Forces.

A very large crowd from here attended the presentation to the returned soldiers at Omemee on Friday night last.

Mr. William and Mrs. Geraldine Murray spent Sunday as the guests of Mr and Mrs Isaac White of Fenelon.

Mr. Herbert Maloney of Ennismore was a week-end visitor of Mr. and Mrs James Gurry.

Mr. and Mrs Percy Lucas are visiting relatives in Peterboro.

Misses Lanrie Galvin and Hattie A. Perdue are in Peterboro to attend the Irish play Shaun Rhue.

Miss Lila Lucas is visiting her freinds and relatives in Peterboro.

A large crowd attended the farm stock sale of Mr. Sam Sanderson on Monday even though a miserable day, everything sold at good prices.

BROKE UP MEETING.

Kitchener, March 19.— Militant Socialists broke up a labor meeting here last night, at which an attempt was made to organize a trunkmakers' union. A few blows wer struck before the police took charge of the situation and restored quiet.

A mean man seems to think that the end justifies the means.

BIG ORDER FOR TIMBER.

Vancouver, March 19.—An order for seventy million feet of lumber has been placed with B. C. mills by the British timber controller, according to an announcement to the Provincial Minister of Lands.

All the world's a stage—and the pawn broker is the advance agent.

KEEP URIC ACID OUT OF JOINTS

TELLS RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS TO EAT LESS MEAT AND TAKE SALTS.

Rheumatism is easier to avoid than to cure, states a well-known authority. We are advised to dress warmly; keep the feet dry; avoid exposure; eat less meat, but drink plenty of good water.

Rheumatism is a direct result of eating too much meat and other rich foods that produce uric acid which is absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urin! the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate the uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which helps overcome uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

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Double Show For Single Price 16c..TO.. ALL

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CORINNE GRIFFITH IN THE GREAT VITAGRAPH DRAMA IN 5 PARTS

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Third Episode of the great serial drama of Thrilling Exploits played by the Boy Scouts of England, in 2 parts

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Highly amusing appearance of

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN THE FUNNIEST OF FUN STUNTS

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WANTED—A GIRL, 18 TO 20, with High school education. For particulars Apply Review Office.

KITCHEN MAID TO ASSIST cook, and other kitchen duties, for a large apartment house; wages $30 per month; board and lodging; fare to Toronto paid. Apply Review Office.

CHAMBER MAID FOR LARGE apartment house; wages $30 per month with board, and transportation to Toronto. Apply Review Office.

HELP WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR A large apartment house. Wages $50 per month with board and lodging. Apply Review Office.

WANTED

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, A good refrigerator. Give full particulars and price. Box 440 Review.

WANTED—30 GAL. COPPER or galvanized iron boiler with or without gas heater. State how long in use. Apply Box 439 Review Office.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED stenographer; used to dictation. Permanent position; highest salary. Apply in writing, stating experience, to Box 239.

VICTORY BONDS WANTED. All issues bought for cash. Apply Box 237, Review.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT—At 479 Cedar street; house in first-class conditon. Price reasonable. Apply 586 Rubidge street.

A BRICK HOUSE ON REID STREET, NEAR THE C. G. E.; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; ATTIC FINISHED, MAKING SIX BEDROOMS; 3-PIECE BATH ROOM; GOOD FURNACE. WILL BE SOLD ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE ON McGILL STREET; ELECTRIC LIGHT, PUMP IN HOUSE. WILL BE SOLD ON EASY TERMS; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

An agreement has been reached among the allies concerning the strength of the army of occupation.

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Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
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Phone 151

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Joseph Wearing, M.A.

G. W. HATTON
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TORONTO MARKETS.

(Special to The Review.)—

Toronto, March 19.—Live stock receipts were heavy; trade was very active. Prices:

Choice export cattle	$15.00 $16.00
Choice butcher	10.50 13.00
Medium butcher cattle	9.50 10.50
Ewes	11.00 13.75
Lambs	18.25 19.25
Hogs fed and watered	19.50 19.50
Hogs, f.o.b.	18.50 18.50
Calves	15.00 17.00

PETERBOROUGH MARKETS

Pork	$ 28 $ 29
Lamb	23 30
Potatoes, per bag	1 30 1 30
Beans, per qt.	18 18
Beef	18 21
Turkeys	45 45
Chickens	35 35
Eggs	40 40
Butter	60 60
Beef, peck	25 25
Parsnips	25 25
Carrots	25 25
Turnips	20 20
Wood (poplar)	7 00 7 00
Wood (beach)	12 00 12 00

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Head Office: 485-487 George Street Peterborough

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Reserve Fund $1,100,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT — Deposits received of One Dollar and upwards. Interest paid quarterly, accrued from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.

Every facility and convenience is afforded to depositors.

INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT — Debentures issued for sums of $100 & upwards for periods of one to five years, upon which special rates of interest are paid, depending upon the term of investment.

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Money to loan at lowest current rates of interest.

W. G. MORROW, Managing Director.

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Highest prices paid for all kinds of Junk.

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Some good Houses for rent.

FOR SALE
Good Houses and Lots, cheap.
Some Farms for sale, at a bargain.
Let us insure your Life, Auto, House, Plate Glass, or anything you have.
It will pay you.

How Christian De Wet Lost Admiration by Acts That Displayed Treachery

THE recent refusal of the Cape Town Government to issue passports to Gen. Christiaan De Wet and Pieter Grobler, a grandson of President Kruger, who desired to proceed to Paris in order to submit proposals for an independent South Africa to the Peace Conference, recalls the futile effort of these irreconcilables and their confederates, Beyers, Maritz, and Kemp, to break up the Union and establish a republic in the early months of the great war. De Wet, captured in the field and tried for treason, was sentenced to six years' imprisonment, but, with Pieter Grobler, upon whom a sentence of two years was imposed, was soon pardoned for political reasons. It was no time to enforce the rigors of the law against a famous veteran who was still a hero in Boer households, or to make an example of a descendant of Paul Kruger.

No doubt the influence of Gen. Botha and Jan Smuts, who had accepted British rule in the belief that it would be for the welfare of South Africa, was exerted in favor of their old comrade in arms. The truth, of course, was that martyrdom for De Wet would have fomented the rebellious spirit still latent in the Transvaal and Orange Free State. The Transvaal, with a population of nearly 2,000,000, is the richest province of the Union, and it was wise to try

CHRISTIAN DE WET.

conciliation with those Boers whose loyalty was still under suspicion. They were chiefly the older men who had fought in the war of 1899-1902. A good many of the veterans were stanch supporters of Botha and Smuts, but there was an element that gave sullen allegiance to the Empire. It is active enough at the present time to agitate for independence and ask to be represented at Paris. The influence of the two veterans who have been honored by the British Government with high place and who have driven the Germans from Africa is so strong, however, that "self-determination" would doubtless show the Boer people of the Union to be satisfied with the British administration, which is liberal, progressive, and forgiving. The younger Boers understand its advantages, and are proud to be represented by such soldier-statesmen as Louis Botha and Jan Smuts.

Looking back, the rising which brought out De Wet from his retirement is seen to have been an irrational and dishonest enterprise doomed to failure. Maritz, who beguiled De Wet to his undoing, was an unscrupulous and graceless figure. The propaganda of the revolt was a tissue of lies to delude the Boer farmers who were out of touch with true conditions at Cape Town. At first they were allured by the promise that it should be a bloodless revolution. Then they were told that Botha had inspired and would lead the movement. Soon after Christiaan Beyers joined it he was reported to be bombarding Pretoria with German artillery. Maritz was said to be on the Vaal with 30,000 men and 100 guns. But when Gen. Botha took the field the rebellion crumbled like a fungus.

De Wet had had his choice to serve with the Imperial forces in the great war. He might have gone to France, so it was said, with a corps of British and Dutch Africander scouts, but he elected to attack the Government of the Union from ambush. There is no doubt that he could have had a command under Botha or Smuts in South Africa. For his fame it would have been better if the ablest guerrila leader that the world has probably ever known had at least remained in retirement during the struggle. He had been a most romantic figure and was greatly admired by a generous enemy. After the Boer war he was treated with consideration by the victors, and accepted office from them. In the rising of October, 1914, he lost his prestige as a soldier, and in a cause that had little to recommend it from any point of view he cut rather a pitiful figure.

Heat and Sound.

When the temperature is 23 degrees, sound travels 1,090 feet a second and one additional foot a second for each additional degree of temperature. Electricity over a wire where there is no resistance travels 192,924 miles a second.

Copied From Nature.

Ideas for the colors in the best Scotch tweeds are found in the bed of the river Garry, in the Pass of Killiecrankie. Granite, porphyry and jasper are found there in rich reds, grays and greens, beautifully mottled and mixed in finely contrasted colors. The first order of tweeds sent to London in bulk was six pieces of black and white check made in Peebles.

No Return.

We cannot go back. The old places are not the same if we revisit them, the old pleasures have lost something if we try to repeat them, the old groups can never be regathered in completeness of presence and spirit. Life is a kaleidoscope. It holds many beautiful combinations, but when we have turned one out of sight, no effort will bring it back again.

Good and Bad.

A good story concerning De Valera, the Sinn Fein leader, is going the rounds of London.

It appears that recently a certain London newspaper sent a reporter over to Ireland to take shorthand notes of one of his speeches. The audience objected, but De Valera was all smiles and urbanity.

"Let the gentleman remain," he said. "So far as I am concerned, he is at liberty to report my speech verbatim, if it pleases him."

De Valera advanced to the front of the platform. Eyes glistened, ears were all attention, and the reporter's pencil was poised in the air. De Valera bestowed one more benignant smile on the newspaper man, winked wickedly at his audience, and began his speech — in the Gaelic language.—Pearson's Weekly.

Army Coal for Civilians.

To meet the scarcity of coal in England, which is acute in certain localities, an arrangement has been come to between the War Office and the Coal Control Department by which public needs may be met temporarily by drawing on army stocks.

The arrangement provides that where stocks of coal or gas coke exists in army camps above immediate requirements, assistance in fuel supplies may be given to the public from such stocks by mutual arrangement between local Fuel Overseers and the officer in charge of War Office supplies.

Chinese Amazons.

China had women soldier long before they were known in Russia. During the Tae Ping rebellion 1,850 women as well as men served in the ranks. In Nanking in 1853 an army of 500,000 women was recruited. They were divided into brigades of 13,000 each and were commanded by women officers.

Some girls never discover they have hearts until after they are lost.

MAKE HIM TASTE WAR.

French Poilus Suggest Punishment for ex-Kaiser.

A little French weekly, the Cri de Paris, lately received from a group of French soldiers the following letter on the subject of the ex-Kaiser's punishment:

This is how we think the Kaiser ought to be punished:

William II shall wage war until death ensues.

Every day he shall march 15 miles with full pack and equipment, carrying a quick-firing rifle and a load of hand-grenades. He shall wear a trench helmet and never be allowed to take it off.

At the end of his 15-mile march he shall be made to cross marshy ground with water up to his waist.

He shall be made to walk down sodden communication trenches in which telephone wires shall have been artfully arranged so as to entangle him.

He shall spend every night in a narrow trench, in which a few dozen rats shall be kept, and near which there will lie some decaying carcases.

As soon as he begins to doze off a few hand-grenades shall be exploded, as well as a mine, which should throw him bodily some ten yards away.

Every night he shall be made to walk for two hours in the dark across broken ground, and to cross several wire entanglements while carrying cases of hand-grenades.

As for hygiene and comfort, he shall change his underclothes only on the first of each month, so as to become a prey to vermin; he shall be allowed to wash on that day only.

For rations, he shall be entitled to one tin of bully-beef per days, with a quarter of a loaf of bread, and, as an appetiser, some sardines in oil; he shall drink either water or sour wine, half a pint for each meal.

This shall last for 365 days in the year. During the meal hours one might improve his mind by reading aloud to him selected passages from Boche philosophers, in lieu of the customary reading of the communique.

Thus perhaps he might be made to realize the sufferings endured by millions of men who, through his fault, were sent to the slaughter.

No Hindu Cousins.

All able-bodied members of the Hindu family must contribute their labor and earnings, whether of personal skill or agriculture and trade, to the common stock; weaker members, widows, orphans and destitute relations, all must be maintained and supported; sons, nephews, brothers, cousins, all must be treated equally, for any undue preference is apt to break up the family.

We have no word for cousins—they are either brothers or sisters—and we do not know what are cousins two degrees removed. The children of a first cousin are young nephews and nieces just the same as the children of your brothers or sisters. The family affections, the family ties, are always very strong, and therefore the maintenance of an equal standard among so many members is not so difficult as it may appear at first sight.

Moreover, life is very simple. Until recently shoes were not in general use at home, but sandals without any leather fastenings. I have known of a well-to-do middle class family of several brothers and cousins who had two or three pairs of leather shoes between them, these shoes being only used when they had occasion to go out, and the same practice is still followed in the case of the more expensive garments, like shawls, which last for generations, and with their age are treated with loving care, as having been used by ancestors of revered memory.

The joint family remains together sometimes for several generations until it becomes too unwieldly, when it breaks up into smaller families, and you thus see whole villages peopled by members of the same clan. —Bhupendranath Basu in Journal of the Royal Society of Arts.

Want of Perception.

The devil has no stancher ally than want of perception.—Philip H. Wickstead.

Daily Thought.

Be wise worldly, but not worldly wise.—Quarles.

The Quebec referendum will likely be taken on the 10th of April.

The Orange Grand Lodge of Eastern Ontario is meeting at Cornwall.

Thos. C. Deavitt, ex-Warden of Simcoe County and three years Alderman of Meaford is dead.

LUMBER

Builders' Materials of all kinds—Shingles, Scantlings, Joist and Bill Stuff, Mouldings, Castings, Base and all kinds of Finish, Boxes and Box Shooks; Slabs and Mill Wood.

Alf. McDonald Estate

Good Coal Makes Warm Friends, and

PITTSTON COAL

IS THE BEST

All sizes in stock, PEA, NUT, STOVE and EGG.

Best Lines of HARD and SOFT COAL

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COAL DEALERS
111 Hunter Street, East City
Phone 96 TERMS CASH

Railway Time Tables

C. P. R. TIMETABLE.

GOING EAST.

Effective December 8, 1918.

**8:50 p.m.—Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.

*11:52 p.m. — Kingston, Smith Falls, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N. B., Boston and New York (Saturday night excepted).

1:15 a.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa.

12:20 p.m. — Norwood, Havelock, Tweed, Perth, Smith Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points.

GOING WEST.

6:12 a.m.—Toronto, Owen Sound Guelph, Goderich, Hamilton, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Woodstock, St. Thomas, London, Chatham, Detroit and Chicago.

6:21 a.m.—Myrtle and North Toronto (Sunday morning excepted).

**7:35 a.m.—Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Rochester, New York and intermediate points between Peterborough and Toronto.

**9:35 a.m. — Lindsay, Orillia, Port McNicoll and intermediate points.

3:35 p.m. — Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Buffalo, New York, Galt, Guelph, Woodstock, London, Windsor, Detroit, Chicago.

7:15 p.m.—North Toronto, Lindsay and intermediate points.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM TIMETABLE

8:20 a.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Niagara Falls.

8:25 a.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc, Belleville, and all points on the main line east.

7:00 a.m.—For Lakefield.

12:02 p.m.—For Millbrook, Lindsay, Port Hope, making connections with the International Limited for Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.

12:05 p.m.—For Lakefield.

2:00 p.m.—For Hastings, Campbellford, Stirling, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville.

5:40 p.m.—For Lindsay, Orillia, Midland, North Bay and Toronto

9:19 p.m.—For Millbrook, Port Hope, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville Montreal and Boston.

REVIEW WANT ADS. PAY.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY GEORGE McMANUS

MANITOBA CHAMPIONS DEFEATED BY TIGERS

Hamilton Piled Up a Five Goal Lead Last Night in the Arena.

Playing under O. H. A. rules, the Hamilton Tigers, champions of the O. H. A. decisively defeated Selkirks the Manitoba champions last night in the first game of the Allan Cup, and will carry a lead of five goals into the second game on Thursday night, which will be played under Manitoba rules. The score was 6 to 1, the Westerners scoring their only goal before the Tigers had penetrated the Selkirk nets. Tigers equalised before the first period was up, and in the second made the count 5 to 1.

Tigers, while winning the game, lost many friends by their crude methods in the final ten minutes when with the score 6 to 1 they started to play dirty. There was no reason for such methods as the Tigers had the game under wraps and their sudden outburst was a surprise inasmuch as they were the aggregation that yelped when St. Patrick's mixed it up with them. They acted like a big bully over a school kid, with Duncan, who as one rooter termed him was a sub and always would be a sub.' Simply going crazy and after being warned once during a mixup in which Green and Duncan both tried to intimidate Jerry Lalamme by bumping into the official, Duncan was banished for the balance of the game. He had been off several times before, and on the last occasion showed hesitation about retiring. The final ten minutes left a sour taste in the mouths of the jammed Arena.

Cup Will Remain

That the Allan Cup will remain in the east is a foregone conclusion after watching last night's game. The Selkirks, outside the first ten minutes when they took the Tigers by storm were never really dangerous and before the first 20 minutes were up it was seen that they were commencing to fare badly. They had very little team play, outside of Simpson and Hughes had no players with any shooting ability. This was their weakest point, as often during the game they were in a position to let go a drive and when they did it lacked steam.

The westerners are probably the youngest team that ever played for the Allan cup, for with the exception of Morrison, Sompson and Hughes all the players are eligible to play junior. Thay all have a fair amount of speed, with Mike Goodman, the speed skater, being their fastest man, but he has not yet learned to utilize his speed to the best advantage in a hockey game. In Simpson they have a grand rusher and a player that possesses a wicked shot, but he is a very weak defence man. Like the rest of the team, he relies chiefly on the poke check to break up a rush, and when it comes to using the body he is lost. The Selkirk defence looked very bad at times the worst being when they allowed Reise to skate right around them and in on top of Morrison for a goal.

Selkirks may have been rated a stronger team than that which represented Winnipeg last year, but they failed to dish up the same clever brand of hockey as furnished by Ypres, and for the first time in years an O.H.A. team were able to win an Allan Cup playing under their own rules. The Westerners failed to spread out in their own player's way. They were extremely weak in checking back and shooting, but were strong for going in for rebounds for shots. Morrison in goal was weak while outside of Simpson and Hughes the rest were mediocre.

The line-up:

Hamilton—Goal, Reaume; defence, Reise, Matte; centre, Roach; right, McCarthy; left, Green; subs, Duncan and Smith.

Selkirks—Goal, Morrison; defence, Gilbert, Simpson; centre, Oliver; right, Anderson; left, Goodman; subs Hughes and Brandow.

Officials—Jerry Laflamme and Robt. Hewitson.

The summary:—

First Period

1—Selkirks....Brandow 6.00
2—Hamilton....Matte 9.00

Second Period

3—Hamilton....Green 4.00
4—Hamilton....Green 7.00
5—Hamilton....Roach 4.00
6—Hamilton....Mattee 5.00

Third Period

7—Hamilton....Reise 4.00

Dog Teams Away On Hudson Bay Contest

The Pas, Man., March 19.—Seven dog teams got away at 8.45 last night for the Hudson Bay dog purse. The sky was overcast and a strong wind was driving the light snow into drifts.

The start was made on the Saskatchewan River, each team having a snowshoe track to start from. His Lordship Bishop Charlebois officially opened the race in the presence of 2,000 people. McKay drew No. 1 position, Campbell No 2, Dysart No 3 Hayes No. 4, Grayson No. 5, Hartridge No. 6 and Stoddard No. 7.

The last seen here of the racers as they disappeared in the darkness showed Stoddard leading, with Hayes, McKay, Grayson, Hartridge, Campbell and Dysart in the order named. McKay rules the favorite.

WOODSTOCK WILL PROTEST RESULT OF LAST U.T.S. GAME

Broken Skate and Cow-Itch Charges Will Be Investigated.

Woodstock, March 18. — Billy Breen, coach of the Woodstock hockey team, arrived home today, and this afternoon President Brophy of the junior team, called a meeting of the executive, at which Breen was present. The circumstances surrounding the happenings at Toronto Arena Saturday night were thoroughly discussed, and after hearing the "cow-itch" broken skate affair first hand from Coach Breen a committee was appointed to confer at once with a lawyer and have a case prepared to be submitted to the O.H.A. executive This statement should be in the hands of the O.H.A. secretary by Thursday morning.

The hockey club officials do not for one minute intend that the dastardly work perpetuated at Toronto Arena to hurt the chances of the Red and White winning the championship to go by default. The fans who have supported the local team will be protected at all costs. Local hockey enthusiasts are not alone in this fight to see justice meted out. Towns in all directions are behind Woodstock in an effort to put down such dastardly attacks. Not only have the executive but prominent citizens of the city been deluged with letters from sportsmen and hockeyists from all parts of the province denouncing the practice perpetrated on Woodstock team at Toronto, stating that if the O.H.A. permit such usage of junior teams to go unnoticed it truly spells the doom of the O.H.A. an association which has been looked upon as one of the fairest sporting bodies in the world.

Reception to the Players

Arrangements have been completed for a public reception and presentation to the members of the junior hockey club, who made such an enviable record during the past season in the junior O.H.A. race. The boys did not win the championship, but the fans nevertheless are still of belief that Woodstock had the best junior team in the O.H.A. this year.

The reception will take place tomorrow night in the City Hall, and will be under the auspices of the City Council and the Board of Trade A parade with the 22nd battalion band leading will precede the City Hall affair. The boys will be presented with wrist watches.

You have to give some men a sound thrashing before you can command their respect.

A clock keeps right on working when it goes on a strike; that's where it gets the bulge on a man.

In order to retain her youth and popularity, all a girl has to do is acquire a fortune and remain single.

The High Rollers Win From De Laval

Last night in the Business Men's ten pin league at the Water street alleys the High Rollers took two out of three from the De Laval, winning the first game by one pin, and having to roll the 900 mark to win the second. De Laval came back strong in the last game and rolled 920, defeating the High Rollers by 66 pins. For De Laval, Ruiter put up a record single score of 259, which is a record in the Business Men's league. Ruiter, Carter, Fitzgerald and Byers all passed the 500 mark. For High Rollers Solomon hit the maple for 621, and Hayes and Mitzes rolled past the 500 mark. Both teams rolled over 2,800. Scores:

High Rollers.

Thompson	160	183	149—	492
Hayes	185	193	147—	527
Thomas	122	177	142—	441
Mitzes	181	159	185—	525
Solomon	170	222	229—	621
	818	934	854—	2606

De Laval.

W. Fitzgerald	159	191	172—	522
Byers	162	201	142—	506
Barrett	126	161	183—	470
Ruiter	195	136	259—	590
Carter	175	197	163—	535
	817	886	920—	2623

LINDSAY'S BALL TEAM

Has Been Organized in Neighboring Town Yesterday.

Lindsay, Ont., March 19.—At an enthusiastic meeting held today Lindsay has a ball club organized for the ensuing year and decided to play a team in the Midland League with Peterborough, Port Hope, Oshawa, Cobourg and Bowmanville.

The following officers were elected: President, C. M. Squirer; Vice-president, L. R. Knight; Treasurer, M. J. Dedman; Secretary, Ford W. ... Management Committee, R. ... chairman; F. A. Martin, Ed C. Armstrong, C. Carew, L. R. Richman, George Baldwin.

Canadiens Win From Coast Millionaires

Vancouver, March 19.—The Flying Frenchmen of Montreal on Monday night showed Vancouver hockey fans some reasons why they won the National Hockey League championship in the East against such a brilliant team as Ottawa, and left last year's world's champions, Toronto, in third place, when they trimmed the Millionaires in an exhibition game 4-3. It might well have been 10-3, only Hugh Lehman pulled some stops perhaps more sensational than any seen this season. But then, the Millionaires missed some fine looking chances, and Vezina, net tender for the Canadiens, beat them out of several goals in a miraculous manner. The game was an open one, with lots of rushes from end to end, and it was the work of both goalers that kept the score down.

The teams:

Vancouver — Goal, Lehman; defence, Duncan, Griffis; rover, Cook; centre, Taylor; right wing, Stanley; left wing, Harris. Subs—Irvine and Ukalis.

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defence, Hall, Corbeau; rover, Lalonde; centre, Cleghorn; right wing, Pitre; left wing, Berlinquete. Subs—MacDonald and Courture.

The summary:

First Period.

Vancouver—Taylor—2.00.
Canadiens—Lalonde—4.42.
Canadiens—Berlinquette—8.52.
Vancouver—Harris .40.

Second Period.

Canadiens—Pitre—8.00.
Canadiens—Cleghorn—2.00.
Vancouver—Cook—8.00.

Third Period.

No score.

RESULTS OF THE FIRST ROUND OF THE SCHEDULE

The Business Men's League on the "Y" Alleys is away to a good start. Three games have already been played.

The following is the First Round of schedule.

Mar. 13—Maynard-Lacheur —Played.
Mar. 14—Langley-Browett—Played.
Mar. 18—Jackson-Stansfield—Played

7.30 p.m.	8.45 p.m.
Mar. 19—Dobbin-Sisson	Langley-Maynard
Mar. 22—Hamilton-Richardson	Everett-Ivey
Mar. 24—Jackson-Everett	
Mar. 26—Ivey-Richardson	Browett-Dobbin
Mar. 29—Stansfield-Hamilton	Lacheur-Sisson
Mar. 31—Maynard-Browett	Jackson-Ivey
Apr. 2—Lacheur-Dobbin	Everett-Hamilton
Apr. 5—Langley-Sisson	Stansfield-Richardson
Apr. 7—Maynard-Sisson	Jackson-Hamilton
Apr. 9—Langley-Dobbin	Ivey-Stansfield
Apr. 12—Everett-Richardson	Lacheur-Browett
Apr. 14—Lacheur-Langley	Everett-Stansfield
Apr. 16—Browett-Sisson	Ivey-Hamilton
Apr. 19—Maynard-Dobbin	Jackson-Richardson

The teams are divided into two sections of six teams each. The winners of each section will play off for the best two out of three games.

Pats and U.T.S. Play For Memorial Cup

The initial game in the O.H.9. Memorial Cup series between the Patricias of Regina and the University Schools' team, O.H.A. champions, will be played tonight. In the loss for choice last night the Pats won, but contrary to expectations, elected to play the first game under O.H.A. rules which means that the return contest on Saturday night will find the Saskatchewan code in vogue. In the west they do not permit of skating onside while there is no limit as to the number of subs. that can be used. The Pats will probably take the ice favorites tonight, despite the good record achieved this season by U. T. S. The visitors have shown remarkable form at practice, and are rated as the fastest team that ever came out of the West. U.T.S.a may surprise 'em as they have done many another team this year.

Will Investigate City Housing Needs

The Housing Proposal

The G.W.V.A. is using the following propaganda circular in connection with the Government Housing Proposal:

If you are interested in the housing proposal on the other side of this circular kindly answer "yes" or "no" to the following questions and return in the enclosed envelope to the secretary, Peterborough branch, G. W. V.A., 405½ George street, Peterborough:

1.—Is your present home satisfactory?

2.—Have you tried unsuccessfully to find a more suitable house?

3.—Are you renting your present home?

4.—Are you boarding?

5.—Are you living with another family?

6.—If renting, what rent are you paying?

7.—Where are you employed?

8.—Do you own a building lot in the city of Peterborough on which you would like to build a home?

9.—If not, would you be able to pay ten per cent. of the purchase price (or from $200 to $300) in cash as required by the Government plan?

10.—Have you a relative in the army and navy who will shortly return to Peterborough and will, to the best of your knowledge and belief, require a home in Peterborough such as can be secured under the Government plan?

11.—Give relative's name, regimental number and unit.

12.—Where was he employed before enlistment?

Name of party requiring house.

Address.

What It Means.

The Government of Canada has agreed to lend money through the Provincial Government to assist in the erection of houses for returned soldiers and others of small means and a committee of the Peterborough branch of the G.W.V.A. has been instructed to ascertain as far as possible what Peterborough's needs are at the present time in this respect.

The plan includes the erection of houses on lots owned by citizens on lands secured for the purpose by the city or by companies incorporated under the Ontario Housing Accomodation Act, and payment is made by equal monthly instalments like rent including principal and interest.

The minimum cost of each house together with the lot, and interest during construction is not to exceed $3,000. Loans will be for a period not exceeding twenty years at 5 per cent. monthly payments would, therefore, be approximately as follows; repayment in twenty years on $3,000 house, about $20.00 a month; $2,500 house $16.75 a month; $2,000 house, $13.50 a month. Repayment in fifteen years on a $3,000 would be about $24.00 a month; on a $2,500 house, $20.00 a month, and on a $2,000 house $16.50 a month.

The citizen for whom the house is built pays for the lot, or 10 per cent. of the total value of the house down in each and would have possession and could live in the house as soon as it is built. The owner must keep the house in repair and pay taxes and fire insurance. The balance of the loan—whole or part—can be paid off at any time and the owner may sell his interest in the property if for any reasons monthly payments cannot be met.

If interested kindly answer the questions asked on the other side of this circular and return to the secretary, Peterborough branch G.W.V.A. in an enclosed envelope.

No obligation is incurred by supplying the information, but the questions should be answered to the best of your knowledge and belief at the present time.

Peterborough branch of the Great War Veterans' Association Housing Committee.

S. WHATLEY, Secretary,
P.B.G.W.V.A.

The failure of a bank may not upset the depositor, but he is apt to lose his balance.

Lackawana Coal
Means Economy
Burns freely and is a Best Anthracite.
Trucking Orders Promptly Filled
Peterboro Fuel & Transfer Co.
163 CHARLOTTE ST.
PHONES 270-262

WRIST & BRACELET
Watches
In varied designs. Accurate time-keepers. Will cost you but little in repairs.
CLOCKS, JEWELRY
Nothing but dependable goods, and at prices that will bear comparison.
Schneider's
287 George St. Next Turnbull's

Mixed Wood $9.00 per cord
Hard Wood $12 per cord
Cutting and Splitting Extra
Hard Coal
Pea Coal .....10.50 per ton
Also Egg, Stove and Nut. Now in Stock.
E. A. FITZGERALD
Phone 111

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
TORONTO-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 7 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 12.10 p.m. - (Second Day)
Arrive Vancouver 10.05 p.m. (Fourth Day)
THROUGH EQUIPMENT
Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonist Cars, Toronto to Vancouver.
A round-trip ticket to the Pacific Coast via the "Canadian Pacific" permits a wide diversity of routes without additional charge.
CANADIAN PACIFIC HOTELS IN WESTERN CANADA
OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND
"Royal Alexandra," Winnipeg; "Palliser Hotel," Calgary.
"Vancouver Hotel," Vancouver; "Empress Hotel," Victoria.
Passengers for California should arrange their trip to include the Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. H. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

Quality and Service
If you enjoy dealing with a house that is dependable, and will fill your orders when and as wanted---give you QUALITY PRINTING at fair prices—executed by men who are craftsmen—try the
REVIEW PRINTING CO
HUNTER STREET, PETERBOROUGH

Robt. Fair & Co., Ltd.

Our Formal Grand Spring Opening of

Fashionable New Spring Millinery and Ladies' and Misses Wearing Apparel

Will take place on

Thursday, Friday, Saturday — March 20th, 21st, & 22nd

Your Inspection on any of These Days is Cordially Invited

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Yours Eyes Will Tell You

If your eyes are laboring under an undue strain you must be conscious of something wrong. For your own good, allow us to make a careful examination of your eyes. See W. H. LACEY, Exclusive Optometrist, 410 George Street.

GENERAL AND LOCAL NEWS

DENTISTRY

Dr. McKenty, Dentist, 370 George street. Nitrous oxide and oxygen administered for general anaesthesia. Special attention to gonorrhoea, removable bridge-work and accurately-fitting dentures.

PLAYGROUND ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Peterborough Playgrounds Association will be held on Wednesday, March 19th, at 8 p.m., in the Public Library. All members are urged to be present as matters of importance will have to be decided at this meeting.

AUCTION SALE

Friday afternoon at Hancock's Auction Rooms, of household furniture and effects. Parties having pieces of furniture to dispose of may put same in this sale and secure the highest bid.

NOTICE TO MOTORISTS

The Annual Meeting of the Peterborough Automobile Association will be held in the Bank of Montreal Chambers, on Friday evening, March 21st, at 8 p.m. Every motorist in the County is invited to be present for matter of importance will be discussed, among which are Impending Legislation, Ontario Good Roads Scheme as means of employment, the coming Motor Show and also Election of Officers for the year 1919, will be held.

H. O. FISK,
Sec'y-Treas.

AUCTION SALE

Household furniture, etc., at the home of the late A. J. Gaddye, 717 George Street on Thursday, March 27th, sale to commence 1.30 p.m.

W. J. HANCOCK,
Auctioneer.

JAPAN AND THE JAPANESE.

The subject of the lecture at St. Luke's Church tonight will be "Japan and the Japanese," illustrated by an unusually fine set of colored slides.

"PRETTY BABY"

If you don't want to go to work "the morning after" whistling the tuneful numbers in Jimmie Hodges' new show, don't go see "Pretty Baby" at the Grand Opera House Saturday, matinee and evening.

Nobody who has seen the latest creation of his latest musical show has escaped the magic of the haunting melodies used in his new production. After the show has hit town you will hear the girl back of the ribbon counter humming. You will go to your office and will find the bookkeeper softly and unconsciously whistling it to himself as he goes over the items. You will hear the phonographs and the player pianos grinding it out as you pass the music stores. The street car conductors will whistle a snatch of some number as he collects your fare or your chauffeur will crank your car to the tune of some number used in the big review. After a while you will begin to get aggravated, then, you will become decidedly exasperated, until, in an unguarded moment, yourself doing it. Then you will get in good humor again and join the gayety of the city of the nation. Howard Myers, Bernice La Barr, Edna Jacques, George Twyman, Joe McAnallan and Norman Coudy will all render numbers in "Pretty Baby," assisted by the famous Jimmie Hodges' "Dixie Chorus" which will have you humming and whistling many days after their engagement here.

FUNERAL OF W. T. C. BOYD

The funeral of the late W. T. C. Boyd was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of his sister, Mrs A. J. Bletcher, 559 Downie street to St. John's Church.

Four members of the clergy took part in the service, namely Rev. Canon Davidson, Rev. R. B. Grobb, Rev. Mind of Bobcaygeon, and Rev. F. Barber of Picton and formerly rector at Bobcaygeon.

The musical portion of the service was in charge of R. J. Devey, St. John's organist.

Pall bearers were: G. A. Smith, Robt. Fair, R. B. Rogers, A. E. Bottom, G. S. Stewart and W. C. Moore.

SPECIAL MEETING.

There will be a very special soldiers', converts' and recruits' meeting at the Salvation Army Temple this evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

PETERBORO MILK PRODUCERS ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the above association will be held at the Royal Bank on Saturday, March 22, at half past two.

T. N. KELLY, Sec.

DYSPEPTIC MAKES GREAT DISCOVERY

Finds That Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Enable Him to Eat Anything Without Distress, No Sourness, Gas Heaviness or Such Stomach Trouble

There's a round faced live wire in almost every community that owes his good nature to Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. From a sour-visaged dyspeptic he has graduated to a war-time dynamo of digestive strength. Indigestion may lurk in almost any kind of food, depending upon the condition of the stomach, but a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet aids digestion, relieves sourness, gas, heaviness and such stomach troubles.

And best of all you can eat everything worth eating, conscious of the fact that come what may, you are always fortified against such sort of indigestion or dyspepsia, drowsiness after eating, water brash, fullness, gagging and so on.

The mere fact that they are sold in every drug store in the United States shows to what extent thoughtful people rely upon Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to relieve such stomach disorders.

Get a 50-cent box today and learn what it means to have absolutely no fears of anything you eat.

ATTEND THE ART EXHIBIT

Lovers of art are reminded of the collection of etchings now on view in the studio of the Women's Art Association in the Public Library Building.

These pictures have been shown in Quebec, St. John's, N.B., Toronto, and many of the smaller cities of Ontario, and have been much admired.

In this exhibition are pictures by Eugenie Beaupre, Charles W. Jefferys, Fred S. Haines, Andre Lapine, Arthur Lismer, C. L. Laur, W. J. Thomson, Walter J. Phillips, Dorothy Stevens and George Fawcett.

The studio will be open every afternoon during this week, and there will be no charge for admission.

Responsibilities Of Young Ladies

MEETING IN MURRAY STREET BAPTIST CHURCH UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS.

The gathering of young ladies on Friday evening last in the Murray Street Baptist Church was an unqualified success.

Miss Marjorie Trotter of Toronto, a specialist in work among young ladies, addressed about seventy between the ages of 15 and 22. Arrangements had been made that they should have supper together at 6:30 o'clock.

The organized classes of Mrs. Stenton, Mrs. W. D. Scott, Mrs. James Wood and Miss Hardill made up the above number.

Miss Trotter spoke for about forty minutes, outlining the responsibilities and possibilities of young girls at this age.

The result of the gathering was an organization of a branch of the Canadian girls in training, with the following officers:

President — Miss Olive Yelland.

Vice-Pres. — Miss Elizabeth Webber.

Secretary-Treas. — Miss Robena Montgomery.

NEWSPAPER MAN PASSES

Mr. E. D. Hand, the veteran newspaper man, and former editor of the Fenelon Falls Gazette, died at Fenelon Falls Monday night night.

He was 87 years of age.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

Melbourne, March 19.—The Australian cabinet has approved a plan for the expenditure of $6,500,000 in the extension of vocational training to returning soldiers who were under 20 years of age at the time of enlistment. An earlier scheme for vocational training applied only to those who had no trade before the war, but the new plan takes in all who are eligible under its terms.

If a man doesn't know enough to go in when it rains he is easily taken in.

It isn't necessary for a girl to be pretty if she has a promising bank account.

The speechless lady on a $20 gold piece is proof positive that silence is golden.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

HOLLOWAY — WOOD

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in St. John's Church yesterday morning at 11.15 o'clock by Rev. Canon Davidson, when Sarah J., daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Wood, Bailieboro, was united in marriage to Dr. W. T. Holloway of this city.

The bride was becomingly attired in a sand colored suit, embroidered in royal blue, with small hat to match, and carried a boquet of [illegible]

Dr. and Mrs Holloway left on the 12.02 Grand Trunk train for New York, and on their return will reside in this city.

Mrs. Birks and Miss Ruth Robertson are spending the day in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Hall left this morning to spend a few days in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickson Hall have returned from New York where Mr. Hall has been making extensive purchases for the spring drive.

Mr. A. F. Field, formerly accountant of the local branch of the bank of Montreal is spending a few days in the city. Mr. Field was a prisoner of war in Germany for several years.

Floral Company Secures Contract

The Horticultural Society have accepted the tender of the Peterboro' Floral Company to provide the options for this year.

The membership campaign will be inaugurated as soon as the lists are printed. It is hoped that more interest in the work of the society will be shown than has been the case in the past.

"Final Settlement" At Grand Opera

"The best show Ernie Marks ever had," seems to be the verdict of the theatre going public of Peterborough after seeing "The Final Settlement" staged in the Grand Opera House last night by the Ernie Marks Stock Company.

The vaudeville was especially good and the play was very interesting. Mr. Ernie Marks and Miss Kitty Marks played the leading roles and acquitted themselves with credit. The most convincing evidence of the fact that last night's show pleased the people is that the floor was fairly well taken for tonight's performance at an early hour this afternoon.

Address on "Home And School Clubs"

Mrs. Ada Courtice, who has been identified with social and educational work in Toronto for some time and is a member of the board of education of that city, gave an address in the assembly hall of the Collegiate Institute last night upon "The Work of the Home and School Clubs."

Mrs. Courtice came to Peterborough under the auspices of the Parents' Circle of the Queen Mary School and her address took the form of a most lucid explanation of the system adopted for obtaining that measure of co-operation between teacher and parents which is productive of increased efficiency in educational development.

Mrs. Courtice explained the work as carried on in Toronto, where the movement, which corresponds to that inaugurated by the Parents' Circle of the Queen Mary School here, is undertaken by the Home and School Club.

The movement here is yet in the embryonic state and a great deal of useful information was conveyed in the address of the speaker last night which will be invaluable in the development of the work in Peterborough.

After the lecture, the following musical program was rendered:

Instrumental Duet—Misses Caldwell and Grieve.

Violin Solo — Master Baden Greene.

Vocal Duet—Capt. and Mrs. Park.

Violin Solo—Miss Harrington

BAD SPRAINS OR MUSCLE STRAIN

RUB PAIN, ACHE, SORENESS AND SWELLING RIGHT OUT WITH "ST. JACOBS LINIMENT."

Rub it on a sprained ankle, wrist, shoulder, back or a sprain or strain anywhere, that's when you realize the magic in old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" because the moment it is applied out comes the pain, ache, soreness and swelling. It penetrates right into the injured muscles, nerves, ligaments, tendons and bones, and relief comes instantly. It not merely kills pain, but soothes and heals the injury so a quick recovery is effected.

"Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Liniment" right now at any drug store and stop suffering. Nothing else sets things straight so quickly—so thoroughly. It is the only application to rub on bad sprain, strain, bruise or swelling.

Premier Lloyd George has been urged by the representatives of France, Italy and the United States to remain at Paris for another fortnight before returning to Britain.

Charles Caruana of Buffalo is the high individual bowler at the American Bowling Congress tourney at Toledo.

"Babe" Ruth did not accompany the Red Sox to their training camp yesterday. He is a holdout.

When a married man has an idea of his own his wife is apt to give him a piece of hers.

Some men are in advance of their age, but women are always behind it.

The man who knows nothing and wants nothing ought to be comparatively happy.

COLORITE

The Wonderful Liquid Magician instantly changes to any color and gives a beautiful glossy finish to

Straw Hats and Straw Goods

of all kinds, also colors. LEATHER, RATTAN, WICKER, WOOD, METAL and GLASS or any similar material

Dries Hard

Anyone can use it.

Price 25c Per Bottle AT

Warne Drug Co.
Limited
351 George Street.
Phone 527w.

FULL FACE VALUE PAID FOR Victory -Bonds-

WE WANT $45.000.00

Hughson Johnstone
Suite 202-203, Barrie Building
Phone 958
WE WILL CALL FOR THEM
OPEN WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A. J. SMALL, SOLE OWNER

TO-NIGHT : LAST TIME : TO-NIGHT

ERNIE MARKS STOCK Co.

TO-NIGHT THE GRAFTER

Refined Vaudeville Between Acts

POPULAR PRICES 15c--25c--50c

THURSDAY — AND — FRIDAY

Y.M.C.A. Minstrels

PROCEEDS FOR Y. M. C. A. HONOR ROLL.
PRESENTING AN UP TO-DATE PROGRAM OF MODERN MINSTRELCY

[illegible] Augmented Orchestra

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. SEATS ON SALE

Saturday Matinee and Eve.

REVIEWS ! FOLLIES ! FROLICS ! ALL ROLLED INTO ONE GIGANTIC TORNADO OF FUN

Jimmie Hodges Offers

THE SUPREME MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS

1919 EDITION ALL NEW

MOST ENTRANCING MUSIC YOU EVER HEARD

PRETTY BABY with COMPANY OF 35

GORGEOUS CREATIONS IN GOWNS AND SNAPPY COSTUMES

SINGERS, DANCERS AND COMEDIANS WHO BRING SUNSHINE INTO THE LIVES OF ALL WHO SEE IT

LARGE CHORUS of EXQUISITE YOUTH AND BEAUTY YOUTH AND CHARM ARM IN ARM

The "PRETTY BABY"

THE COMBINED CHARM OF ITS JOYOUS MELODIES AND REFRESHING GAIETY MAKES IT SIMPLY INCOMPARABLE

POSITIVELY THE LIVELIEST HAPPY-GO-LUCKY SHOW OF THE SEASON

PRICES: EVENING, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

MATINEE, 25c, 50. SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY.

FOR SALE

Plant, Machinery & Supplies

Having decided to dispose of the property of the Renfrew Manufacturing Co., in Peterborough, consisting of the land and buildings, Machinery and Supplies, I wish to notify the manufacturers of this City that all will be sold at bargain prices. There is a large quantity of lathes, turret machines, drill presses, motors, (10 to 100 horse-power) power presses, single purpose machines, oil furnaces, trucks, belting, tools and other supplies, nearly new.

All will be sold singly or in bulk, the buildings are in good repair, all sprinkler equipped. The total floor area approximately 70,000 square feet. My representative, Mr. Vickers, will be at the office all this week.

Signed,

THOMAS A. LOW
President.

Phone No. 27.
Formerly Site of The Corlage Co

TENDERS FOR Bridge Construction

Sealed Tenders Plainly Marked as to what will be received by Aldermar, [illegible] Chairman Board of Works, City Hall, Peterborough, Ontario, up to 5 O'CLOCK, P. M., of TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919, for the construction of a Reinforced Concrete [illegible] of eleven arches with approaches over the Otonabee River at Water Street, Peterborough, Ontario. Proposals will be considered either upon a lump sum basis or upon a cost plus a lump sum basis.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of R. H. Parkins City Engineer, Peterborough, or at the office of the undersigned, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

FRANK BARBER.
Consulting Engineer.
Toronto, March 4, 1919.

[illegible] Willard has commenced training [illegible] is down to 268 pounds. His [illegible] routine from the start with [illegible] will be at least $200,000.

Don't try to judge a woman's sense of humor by her laughs at her husband's jokes.

Success is sometimes the result of beating the other fellow to it.

SLEEPING SICKNESS.

New York, March 19.—Another death from epidemic coma, or sleeping sickness, making the fourth to date, was reported to the health department. The victim was a nine-year-old girl.

Women will never make good on juries until they get to be as ignorant as men.

The average girl finds it difficult to explain why she loves one man more than another.

PLANS INVITED

The Peterborough Board of Education is prepared to consider tentative plans for a new 18 to 20 room public school building. Of the plans submitted only that plan which may be accepted by the Board will be paid for. For information as to requirements, particulars may be obtained from Mr. E. G. Patterson, Chairman of Building Committee or the Public School Inspector, Peterborough.

G. H. THOMPSON,
Secretary Board of Education.

Y.M.C.A. MINSTRELS

Under Direction of Mr. Asa Huycke THURSDAY and FRIDAY. GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 90 PEOPLE 90

FOR Y.M.C.A. WAR-HEROES' MEMORIAL